#### DOCUMENT RESUME

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Tech Prep

#### **ABSTRACT**

A project conducted to establish tech prep articulation training agreements between City Colleges of Chicago and several public secondary schools is described in this report. Project activities were as follows: (1) developed a handbook to define the tech prep experience and guide committee members on how tech prep can be a valuable asset to students and hospitality employers; (2) secured planning stage agreements with three high schools; (3) established an advisory board; (4) established ties with community outreach organizations; (5) developed and conducted a survey that rated competencies for entry-level hospitality positions; and (6) initiated contact with two high schools to start the planning stage for the travel and tourism component. Extensive appendixes include the following: survey results, newspaper article highlighting program success, brochure on Illinois Tech Prep, mission statement of the Hospitality Tech Prep Team, outline of advantages to and expectations of area employers, advisory board implementation topics, hotel-motel/food service position descriptions, first draft of skills for hotel-motel management/food service administration, and model tech prep education/private sector partnership agreement. The final two appendixes contain syllabus outlines for food service administration and hotel-motel management. This information is provided for each course: catalog description, prerequisite, credit/contact hours, schedule, clientele served, textbooks, objectives, and units of instruction/content outline. (YLB)

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#### FINAL REPORT

Offical Project Title: Planning a Tech Prep Program in Hospitality

Agreement Number: #1-907-053

Funded Agency: City Colleges of Chicago (Chicago City-Wide College)

Location of Funded Agency: Chicago, Illinois

Time Period Covered: September 1, 1992 to August 31, 1992

Goal(s) of the Project and its Relevancy to Vocational Education:

- 1. To establish Tech Prep articulation training agreements with several public secondary schools.
- 2. To develop a curriculum attractive to the student and responsive to the training needs identified by prospective hospitality employers.
- 3. To create a new scource of skilled manpower for the Hospitality Industry.
- 4. To develop an effective strategy for marketing the Tech Prep Program and to attract, in substantial numbers, Tech Prep students.
- 5. To create a procedure for a smooth transition for each Tech Prep transfer into a postsecondary training opportunity.

  Major Accomplishments of the Project:
- 1. Development and production of Tech Prep Handbook. The purpose of the Handbook is to define the Tech Prep experience and guide committee members on how Tech Prep can be a valuable asset to our students and hospitality employers. (Handbook attached)

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2. Secured planning stage agreements with the following high

schools: Roberto Clemente, 1147 N. Western Ave. Chicago, Illinois contact person: Lou Geraldi, Principal contact person: Bernadette Bergren, Instructor Current In-house Program: Foodservice Management

> Jones Commercial, 606 S. State St., Chicago, Illinois contact person: Cozette Buckney, Principal contact person: Marlene Anderson, Instructor Current In-house Program: Hotel-Motel Management

> Near North Magnet, 1450 N. Larabee, Chicago, Illinois contact person: Dr. Bruce E. Troutman, Principal contact person: Allan Pulaski, Instructor Current In-house Program: Foodservice Management

(Goal 1)

3. Established Tech Prep Hospitality Industry Advisory Board,

members include: Ken Maier Human Resource Director The Palmer House Hotel

> Stacy Munroe Human Resource Director McCormick Center Hotel

Carla F. Thomas Regional Director

Human Resources

Hyatt Regency Chicago

Larry Stone Human Resource Manager

Hyatt Regency Chicago

Mary Sue Gallagher Employment Manager'

Hyatt Regency Chicago

Andrew Paullin Human Resource Manager

Hyatt Regency Chicago

(Goal 3)

4. Established ties with community outreach organizations that serve the Chicago Board of Education, these include:

Youth Guidance - Roberto Clemente Community Academy 53 W. Jackson Blvd., Chicago, Illinois contact person: Jamie Diego Rivera, Assistant Director - Youth Guidance serves Roberto Clemente High School



New City YMCA - Local Economic & Employment Development Council (LEED)

1333 N. Kingsbury, Chicago, Illinois contact person: Dennis Rhodes, Industrial Representative - LEED serves Near North Magnet High School

- 5. Developed and conducted a survey which rated competencies for entry level hospitality positions. The survey was given to our Tech Prep Hospitality Industry Advisory Board. (see attached survey with results) (Goal 2)
- 6. Conducted Competency Survey Results Meeting to review and discuss the survey results so that the curriculum or course content of the Program is on target with the expectations of the Hospitality Industry thereby better serving our students and local hospitality employers. (see attached agenda)

attendees: Industry Advisory Board, targeted high school instructors, indentified outreach organizations, CCWC staff

(Goal 2)

7. Initiated contact with two high schools to start the planning stage for the Travel and Tourism component of the Tech Prep Hospitality Program. This will be in conjunction with with the Academy of Travel & Tourism through the National Academy Foundation. Those high schools are:

Tilden, 4747 S. Union, Chicago, Illinois contact person: Dr. Hazel Stewart, Principal

Bowen, 2710 E. 89th Street, Chicago, Illinois contact person: Gloria Walker, Principal

(Goal 1)



8. Retained a consultant to develop and create our Tech Prep Hospitality Program Brochure. Input as to the design and layout of the brochure will come from the Advisory Board, High School Instructors and Counselors, Outreach Organizations and CCWC staff. (Goals 4&5)

Major Accomplishments and Significant Findings of the Project: (see Final Report Abstract)

## Evaluation and Impact:

Developed and conducted a survey which rated competencies for Hotel-Motel Management and Foodservice Administration skills and knowledge for entry, retention and advancement. Hospitality Human Resource Professionals were used as participants in the survey to assure which skills are relevant and whether instruction would take place in an academic setting and/or at the workplace.

The results of the survey will then be used to substanciate our current curricula or make changes so that curricula is in line with industry standards and expectations.

(see attached survey)

Attached is a recent article from the Chicago Tribune that highlites how successful the Hotel-Motel Management Program at Jones Commerical High School in conjunction with The Palmer House Hotel is performing. The Jones Commerical High School Program is under the direction of Marlene Anderson, a member of our Tech Prep Team. Ken Maier, Human Resource Director at The Palmer House Hotel, is also a member of our Tech Prep Team.



#### Resource Listing:

Material Resources:

none purchased at this point in time.

Human Resources - Paid Particpants:

Bonnie Dohogne Instructor, Hospitality Programs Chicago City-Wide College contribution: provides professional and technical services

Salvador Diaz
Case Manager
Department of Children and Family Services
contribution: provides professional, technical, guidance and
counseling services

Human Resources - Unpaid Participants:

Ken Maier
Director of Human Resources - The Palmer House Hotel
contribution: Advisory Board member

Stacy Munroe
Director of Human Resources - McCormick Center Hotel
contribution: Advisory Board member

Carla F. Thomas
Regional Director/Human Resources - Hyatt Regency Chicago
contribution: Advisory Board member

Larry Stone
Human Resource Manager - Hyatt Regency Chicago
contribution: Advisory Board member

Mary Sue Gallagher Employment Manager - Hyatt Regency Chicago contribution: Advisory Board member

Andrew Paullin Human Resource Manager - Hyatt Resource Manager contribution: Advisory Board member

Jamie Diego Rivera
Assistant Director - Youth Guidance
contribution: outreach contributor

Dennis Rhodes
Industrial Representative - New City YMCA contribution: outreach contributor



#### Problems:

Only significant problem encountered was the initial starting date of January 13, 1992. However, we have made sufficient progress in spite of the lost time and are confident we can achieve all of our FY-1992 Planning Objectives by September 1, 1992.

#### Conclusions and Recommendations:

#### Recommendations:

- When creating a compentency survey, use the resources of the Illinois Vocational Curriculum Center. They are an excellent resource on current published vocational competencies.
- 2. If at all possible, locate any professional organization that deals directly with your targeted vocation. I found the Chicago Women's Chapter of Hospitality Human Resource Professionals to be an unlimited and inspiring resource.
- 3. Locate and secure the cooperation of local community/civic organizations that support training for individual teenagers to become productive and contributing adults with a family support component.
- 4. As mentioned at several ISBE Tech Prep Workshops, do not waste the time of any of your industry volunteers. Before any meeting, mail out a well thoughtout agenda. Try to keep your meetings in line with your agenda and conclude at a preset time. This strategy will tend to ensure their future involvement.



5. Prepare and mail a periodic newsletter or simple letter to all involved so that you keep them active and interested.

Publicity:

(see Evaluation and Impact)



Survey results from rated competencies for hospitality entry level positions.

#### Participants:

Ken Maier,	Human Resource Director The Palmer House Hotel
Stacy Munroe,	Human Resource Director McCormick Center Hotel
Carla F. Thomas,	Regional Director/Human Resources Hyatt Regency Chicago
Larry Stone,	Human Resource Manager Hyatt Regency Chicago
Mary Sue Gallagher,	Employment Manager Hyatt Regency Chicago
Andrew Paullin,	Human Resource Manager Hyatt Regency Chicago

#### Survey Breakdown:

Six Human Resource Professionals participated in the survey. The rating breakdown is as follows: 100% = 6/6; 84% = 5/6; 67% = 4/6; 33% = 2/6; 17% = 1/6; n/a = not applicable.

# Duty A: Job Seeking/Career Development Skills

Those skills obtained from an academic experience - at a knowledge level:

1.	Identify requirements for job	100%
2.	Investigate educational opportunities	100%
3.	Investigate occupational opportunities	100%
4.	Locate resources for finding employment	100%
5.	Conter with prospective employers	84%
6.	Identify job trends	84%
7.	Internships	67%
8.	Identify career ladders to increase salary opportunities	67%
9.	Indentify the broad range of jobs available to the industry	84%
10.	Identify drawbacks of the industry	84%

# Duty B: Applying Employement Seeking Skills

Those skills obtained from an academic experience - at a mastery level:

1.	Locate job openings	84%
2.	Document skills and abilities (resume)	84%
3.	Prepare for interview	67%
4.	Participate in interview	67%
5.	Complete required tests	67%
6.	Complete required forms	67%
7.	Write an application letter	67%
8.	Write a follow-up letter	67%
9.	write an acceptance letter	67%
10.	Evaluate job offer	67%
11.	Evaluate job rejection	67%
12.	Awareness of the need for multi-language skills	84%
13.	Ability to listen	84%
14.	Ability to sell yourself	84%
15.	Ability to promote self-confidence	84%



Duty C: Interpreting Employment Capabilities

Those skills obtained from an academic experience - at a knowledge level:

1.	Match interest to job area	84%
2.	Match aptitude to job area	100%
3.	Verify abilities	(workplace - 84%)
4.	Identify immediate work goal	100%
5.	Develop career plan	84%
6.	Recognize physical requirements of the job	84%
7.	Recognize potential to overcome deficiencies	100%
8.	Presentation skills -	

# Duty D: Demostrating Appropriate Work Behavior

# Those skills obtained from:

speech/marketing

		Academic - mastery	Workplace
1.	Exhibit dependability	100%	100%
2.	Demonstrate punctulaity	100%	100%
3.	Follow rules and regulations	100%	100%
4.	Recognize the consequences of dishonesty	f 100%	100%
5.	Complete assignments in accurate and timely manner	100%	67%
6.	Control emotions	100%	67%
7.	Assume responsibility for own decisions and actions	100%	67%
8.	Exhibit pride and loylaty	100%	

mastery - 67%



		Academic - mastery	Workplace
9	Exhibit ability to handle pressure and tension		67%
10.	Demonstrate ability to set priorities		67%
11.	Demonstrate problem-solving skills	67%	67%
12.	Civic and community involvmen	t 67%	67%

Duty E: Maintaining Safe and Healthy Environment

# Those skills obtained from:

		Academic - mastery	Workplace
1.	Comply with safety and healt rules	h 17%	84%
2.	Select correct tools and equipment	17%	84%
3.	Utilize equipment correctly type:	n/a	n/a
4.	Demonstrate work safety	100%	100%
,5.	Use appropriate action during emergencies	67%	100%
6.	Maintain clean and orderly work area	100%	100%
7.	Demonstrate personal hygiene and grooming skills	100%	67%
8.	Apply first aid	(knowledge - 100%)	67%
9.	Apply CPR	(knowledge - 84%)	
10.	Apply abdominal thrust metho	d (knowledge - 84%)	67%



Duty F: Maintaining Business-Like Image

Those skills obtained from:

	Academic - mastery	Workplace
<ol> <li>Participate in company orientation</li> </ol>		100%
<ol><li>Demonstrate knowledge of company products and services</li></ol>		100%
3. Exhibit positive behavior	84%	
<ol><li>Read current job-related publications</li></ol>	67%	
<ol><li>Support and promote employer's company impage and purpose</li></ol>	S	100%
<ol> <li>Maintain appearance to comply with company standards</li> </ol>		100%
<ol> <li>Maintain/begin relationship with trade, civic and professional organizations</li> </ol>	(knowledge - 100%)	67%
8. Dress for success	(knowledge - 84%)	67%
9. Maintain a positive attitude	84%	

# Duty H: Communicating on the Job

Those skills obtained from:

		Academic	- mastery	Workplace
1.	Read and comprehend written communications and informati	on	84%	
2.	Use correct grammar		84%	
3.	Speak effectively with other	:s	84%	
4.	Use job-related terminology		84%	67%
5.	Listen attentively		84%	
6.	Write legibly		84%	
7.	Use telephone etiquette		84%	67%
8.	Follow written and oral directions		84%	
9.	Ask questions	13	84%	



		Academic - knowledge	Workplace
10.	Locate information in order to accomplish task	84%	
11.	Prepare written communication	n 84%	
12.	Utilize keyboard skills	84%	
13.	Utilize computer skills software: Lotus 123; WP 5.1; Microsoft Word	84%	•
14.	Awareness of computer applic	ation 100%	
15.	Demonstrate the hospitality mentality	67%	
16.	Suggestive selling	84%	
17.	The adoption of basic conversational skills	(mastery 84%)	
Duty	I: Adapting to Change		
Tho	se skills obtained from:		
	be prilip opedimed from.		
20	ge ballib obtained 110m.	Academic - knowledge	Workplace
	Recognize need to change	Academic - knowledge	Workplace
1.		_	Workplace
1.	Recognize need to change Demonstrate willingness	84%	Workplace
1. 2. 3.	Recognize need to change  Demonstrate willingness to learn	84% (mastery - 84%)	Workplace
1. 2. 3.	Recognize need to change  Demonstrate willingness to learn  Demonstrate flexibility  Participate in continuing	84% (mastery - 84%) (mastery - 84%)	Workplace
1. 2. 3. 4.	Recognize need to change  Demonstrate willingness to learn  Demonstrate flexibility  Participate in continuing education	84% (mastery - 84%) (mastery - 84%)	
1. 2. 3. 4.	Recognize need to change  Demonstrate willingness to learn  Demonstrate flexibility  Participate in continuing education  Seek work challenges  Adjust career goals/plan	84% (mastery - 84%) (mastery - 84%) 84%	84%
1. 2. 3. 4. 5.	Recognize need to change  Demonstrate willingness to learn  Demonstrate flexibility  Participate in continuing education  Seek work challenges  Adjust career goals/plan as needed  Demonstrate ability to crea	84%  (mastery - 84%)  (mastery - 84%)  84%	84%



84%

10. Willingness to take risks

# Duty J: Understanding How a Business Works

# Academic skills:

		Knowledge	Mastery
1.	Recognize the role of business in the enterprise system		84%
2.	Identify general respondsibilities of employees	84%	
3.	Identify general responsibilities of management/employers	84%	
4.	Investigate opportunities and options for business ownership	o n/a	n/a
5.	Identify planning processess needed to open a business	n/a	n/a
6.	Knowledge of liability issues e.g., liquor, labor laws		67%
7.	Knowledge of equal opportunity, affirmative action and related personnel issues		67%
8.	Legal issues and responsibilities	84%	
9.	Participation at meetings	84% (wor	kplace - 84%)
10.	Understanding governmental /regulatory programs effecting and serving business	84%	
11.	Realize ability to effect legislative process	84%	
12.	Awareness of ability to affect business policies	84%	



# Duty K: Performing Mathematical Skills

# Academic skills:

		Knowledge	Mastery
1.	Apply mathematics for problem-solving	. 84%	
2.	Add and subtract whole numbers, decimals and fractions		. 84%
3.	Multiply and divide whole numbers, decimals and fractions		84%
4.	Convert numbers between forms expressed as fractions, decimals and percents	67%	
5.	Convert between standard American units of measure	84%	
6.	Convert between standard American units and metric units	84%	
7.	Ability to do simple computations without a calculator	84%	
8.	Bookkeeping	84%	
9.	Make reasonalble estimates	84%	
10.	Use values from graphs, maps and tables	84%	
11.	Compare numerical values	84%	
12.	Apply geometric values	84%	
13.	Use formulas correctly		84%
14.	Construct diagrams, tables and records		84%
15.	Use elementary statistics		84%
16.	Use instruments to solve problems: gauges, meters and scales calculators computers		84%
	COMPACETA	•	0.40



# Duty L: Leadership Skills (supervisory)

# Skills obtained from:

	Ac	ademic - mastery	Workplace
1.	Discuss with subordinates their needs and goals and the ways their jobs can be structured to achieve them	67%	
2.	Make clear what the job expectations are and the criteri by which they will be evaluated	a	84%
3.	Give subordinates a sense of worth to the organization and enough freedom with responsibility to execute duties	<b>.</b>	84%
4.	Provide constant feedback on the quality and quantity of work work performance (employer)	knowledge - 84%)	84%
5.	Provide subordinates proportionately greater responsibility		84%

# Additional Comments:

Business Ethics - appropriate business behavior

Personal Health - how it impacts on your career

Self-Confidence - making your own decisions

Cultural Awareness



COMPETENCY SURVEY RESULTS - IMPLEMENTATION MEETING TECH PREP HOSPITALITY PROGRAM CLEMENTE HIGH SCHOOL, JONES COMMERCIAL HIGH SCHOOL AND CHICAGO CITY-WIDE COLLEGE

Wednesday, July 1, 1992, 9:30 am 226 W. Jackson Blvd. (Jackson at Franklin) Room 843

#### MEETING OBJECTIVE:

To review and discuss the survey results so that the curriculum or course content of the Program is on target with the expectations of the Hospitality Industry thereby better serving our students and local hospitality employers.

#### AGENDA:

Introductions - Appreciation

Discuss hospitality employer's needs and desires - Survey

Discuss and further defining education's role

New business



# . Palmer House finds room to train students for careers

By Maudlyne Ihejirika Staff Writer

"Housekeeping. This is Aaron. How may I be of service?"

Without taking a second glance, you may not notice that the smooth, professional voice behind the large oak deak in the Palmer House Hilton belongs to a junior executive overseeing housekeeping details.

Guests at the Loop hotel frequently do double-takes after encountering these polished teens, who masquerade as administrators for \$6 an hour.

Aaron Thomas and other teenagers are part of a public schools program that is the pet project of Palmer House Managing Director Joseph Frederick Jr. Sixteen of the youths are employed at the Palmer House and the Chicago Hilton and Towers.

Frederick conceived the program in New Orleans in 1980, when, as president of the newly built Hilton there, he interviewed 10,000 people to hire his first 500 employees.

"Not one of those 500 lasted six months," he said. "The quality of the work force was poor. The younger people we hired didn't even come to work on time. It became apparent that unless something happened to change that, I would have to look outside the city to hire peo-

That's a complaint frequently made by companies that hire workers produced by Chicago

public schools.

But Frederick went a step beyond complaining. He met with New Orleans school officials to design a work-study program, build a classroom and train a teacher to educate students in hotel management.

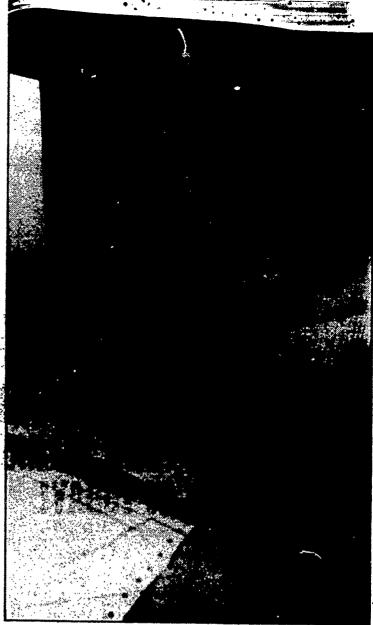
By the time he left New Orleans for Chicago in 1988, about 90 percent of the program's students were going on to college, compared with 28 percent of the

seniors in the New Orleans school system.

n he brought his program







High school students Aaron Thomas (left) and Melissa Hernandez work at computers at the Pa er House Hilton. The Loop hotel's managing director, Joseph Frederick Jr. (right photo). developed the job program.

to the Chicago Board of Educa-

Students at Jones Metropolitan High School take the course in their senior year, getting credit for their part-time hotel johs. In the summer, they stay on, working full time to earn college

Marlene Anderson, a teacher at Jones, has witnessed the pow-

er of the program.

"You start out with this timid student that really has no idea of what the working world is like or how to interact with adults, and you just see changes," she said. 'Creativity comes out, resourcefulness and self-esteem.

"Every student that comes out of the program either goes on to college, continues in this field or goes on to other fields. But they have a sense of who they are and

what they want to do. The program helps bring about a sense of maturity I just don't see in other students."

The students attribute their development to the responsibility they are entrusted with. They say they also owe their achievements to the opportunity to broaden their horizons by mixing with people of all races and classes within the confines of the city's oldest hotel.

"This is my first job," said Melissa Hernandez, 18, a Jones senior working in the hotel's food and beverage department. "I was scared to death at first, because a lot is expected of us. A big, pretty place like this was a

little intimidating.
"My personality's changed a lot. Like, I always wore jeans, now I wear heels a lot. I've really learned how to communicate and how to adjust to different situe-

That's what the program is about, Frederick said.
"If all businesses in this town

were to affiliate with the school system, I think we could accelerate the development of these kids and enhance their competitiveness almost instantaneously," he said. "We have to quit bitching about the problem in the public achools and just jump in and help out."

Suburban schools have heard

about the program and clamored for their students to be let in. But, "It's kids from city schools who need this heart," said Frederick, who lives in Berrington Hills. "I know what I pay in suburban taxes. Those kids are taken care of."

# ILLINOIS TECH PREP PREPARING STUDENTS FOR THE TWENTY-FIRST CENTURY

Advancements in technology have brought broad, sweeping changes to the workplace. Concepts like computer-integrated manufacturing, work cells, statistical process control, just-in-time inventory control, participatory management, ergonomics, employee involvement and customer service, to name a few, have become commonplace in today's corporate settings. Couple these changes with a dramatic shift in demographics, and Illinois could be facing a serious deficit in qualified labor in the near future. The private sector and education must combine forces to ensure that Illinois has the human resources necessary to maintain a competitive edge in the twenty-first century.

One only has to look at the skills demanded by modern business and industry to realize the extent of the educational challenge. The workplace demands a labor force that possesses not only advanced technical skills, but strong academic skills and interpersonal skills and a willingness to continue to learn. A task this formidable cannot be accomplished by vocational-technical educators or academic educators working in isolation from each other and from business.

Illinois educators, both technical and academic, are responding to this challenge with the development of a bold reform concept called Tech Prep.\* Illinois Tech Prep represents an educational path that integrates college preparatory coursework with a rigorous technical education concentration. It is a planned sequence of courses, both academic and technical, that begins at 9th grade and is articulated with a post-secondary experience leading to an associate degree. Because Tech Prep prepares students for a lifetime of learning, it also provides preparation for advanced education such as a four-year baccalaureate degree. Tech Prep prepares students with the skills and competencies necessary to meet employers' performance standards not only for entry-level jobs, but also for career advancement.

#### **TECH PREP STUDENTS**

Tech Prep is aimed at attracting a wide range of students, and all interested students should be provided the opportunity to participate. Typically, the students most likely to be attracted to Tech Prep are students who:

- Fall between the 25th and 75th percentile of secondary students;
- Enjoy using complex math and science concepts to solve problems;
- Have an aptitude toward technical/scientific content:
- Intend to pursue post-secondary education;
- Enjoy learning through the application of academic knowledge and skills;
- Desire a challenging, good-paying career and are willing to work toward achieving this goal.

Tech Prep has entrance standards. When students lack the necessary competencies they will be provided the opportunity to get academic assistance to possibly to qualify for and participation in Tech Prep at a later time.

#### TECH PREP PARTNERSHIPS

The success of Tech Prep is dependent upon the development of 50/50 partnerships. These partnerships are between:

- 1. Academic and technical educators.
- 2. Secondary and post-secondary educators.
- 3. Educators and representatives of the private sector.



20

## 1. The Academic/Technical Partnership

To be prepared to succeed in the workplace of the twenty-first century, students will need a strong academic foundation and the ability to apply it. Tech Prep brings academic and technical educators together in a true partnership. These Tech Prep educators eliminate barriers which stand in the way of interdisciplinary cooperation. They are receptive to new teaching methods and design Tech Prep sequences together.

Tech Prep Educators also jointly design instructional strategies to strengthen the relationship between academic content and application.

# 2. The Secondary/Post-Secondary Partnership

Tech Prep provides students with opportunities that maximize experiences at both secondary and post-secondary levels. Tech Prep represents a strong linkage between secondary and post-secondary institutions to provide a smooth transition from one level to the next without duplication of effort. The secondary experience is well articulated to the post-secondary program to provide a solid foundation for advanced technical studies at a post-secondary institution. Articulation also ensures that students can continue when appropriate in a four-year baccalaureate program with minimal loss of credit. Ultimately, Tech Prep prepares students to benefit from a lifetime of learning opportunities.

Apprenticeship is a natural progression for Tech Prep students. No only does apprenticeship provide for a smooth transition from school to the workplace but apprenticeship insures that students receive work based learning and that their education will culminate in full-time employment. Apprenticeship can also expediate the third important partnership in a Tech Prep program.

## 3. The Education/Private-Sector Partnership

A well-prepared future labor force is dependent upon equal commitment from both education and the private sector. Employers working with Tech Prep clearly identify and communicate their performance standards. These standards will include not only technical skills, but also expectations in reading, math, science, and communications. Tech Prep educators design learning experiences to ensure students meet these expectations and certify that completers are ready to enter the workforce.

Employers must not only identify and communicate performance standards, but be willing to provide incentives to make Tech Prep attractive to students. These incentives may include:

- · a. Priority hiring considerations.
  - b. Wage and/or advancement incentives.
  - c. Support for continued work-related training and education,
  - d. Paid internships or employment for students during the school year or summer while enrolled in a program.
  - e. Scholarships to post-secondary institutions.

In addition, employers inform the public of Tech Prep opportunities and encourage enrollment in the program. Further, they provide training slots and work with educators to ensure appropriate learning experiences.



Tech Prep represents new opportunities. Opportunities for educators to restructure curricula to reflect the needs of tomorrow, opportunities for employers to remain competitive in an ever changing economy, and opportunities for students to prepare for challenging careers in the twenty-first century. Tech Prep completers will be motivated self-starters capable of setting career goals and being an asset to their employer. They will be team players able to communicate and solve complex problems in the workplace of tomorrow. Technical Preparation/Associate Degree completers will ensure that Illinois continues to be a state where industry can locate, grow and prosper.





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#### MISSION STATEMENT

The mission of the Hospitality Tech Prep Team, which is comprised of hospitlaity business leaders, high school faculty and staff, and CCWC staff, through its courses and servies will provide students who are successful completers of the Tech Prep Program with:

- career opportunites in Hotel-Motel Management and Foodservice Administration that provide growth and upward mobility in the Hospitality Industry
- an Associate Degree in Applied Science or Certficate Program comprised of a sequence of academic and vocational technical courses which are integrated and complementary in nature
- flexibility to continue their education at a 4-year university
- demonstrated skills and abilities which make them preferred employees to potential employers

The concept to Tech Prep will be clearly communicated to students, employers, and the public to ensure participation in and an understanding of the Tech Prep experience.

one of the city colleges of chicago

#### BOTTOM LINE: What's in it for me as an employer?

#### Advantages:

- Be a "Partner" in designing work-based learning
- Integrating the "working world" in high school and and college curriculum
- Creating a "first choice" recruitment scource
- Lower Company training/re-training costs
  - successful completers of Tech Prep will possess greater skills for entry-level positions
  - re-training in basic skills and advanced technology skills with current employees can be accomplished by the new "Partnership" with your organization and Chicago City-Wide College
- Skills that are spotlighted:
  - academic
  - world-of-work job readiness
  - problem solving and communications
  - interpersonal and negotiations
  - organizational perspective
  - career development

What are the expectations Chicago City-Wide College is looking for from you as an employer?

- Identify the types of positions you require
- Identify the competencies/qualifications needed for those positions
- Acceptance standards for Tech Prep completers
- Written agreement containing:
  - priority hiring considerations
  - guaranteed placement for successful completers
  - wage and/or advancement incentives



- paid internships
- scholarships
- Mentoring program participation
- Job Shadowing for high school and college staff
- Tours of your facility for parents and educators
- Becoming an active member of the Implementation Team

#### THE COMMITMENT OF CHICAGO CITY-WIDE COLLEGE

In response to the needs of students, employers and the local economy, Chicago City-Wide College and Chicago Public Schools are committed to the long term mission of workforce development. Chicago City-Wide College has extended to Chicago's Hospitality Industries a promise to marshall the necessary public and private resources to train new workers and upgrade the skills of existing workers.

The Tech Prep Program is a collaborative effort among City Colleges of Chicago, Chicago Public Schools, Chicago Department of Economic Development and the Chicago Economic Development Commission, all of which are committed to deliver this program.



#### ADVISORY BOARD IMPLEMENTATION TOPICS

- I Types of Positions
- II Identifying Knowledege and Skills Needed Competencies
- III Internships/Job Placements
  - written agreement
  - wage/pay agreement
  - upward mobility
  - placement commitment
  - entry level
  - career exploration
    - exposure to business culture
    - work experience
    - flexibility
- IV Internship Model
  - commitment for 2 summers
    - 75% work 25% training
    - feedback for everyone
    - rotation?
    - entry level positions
    - written agreements of rights and responsibilities
    - students know the importance and the results of non-attainment
- V Tour for Teachers, Students and Parents
  - career days
- VI Job Shadowing for High School and College Staff
  - know the need for basic communication skills
  - integration of math, science and communications



#### HOTEL-MOTEL/FOODSERVICE POSITION DESCRIPTIONS

HOUSEKEEPER reports to the Division Housekeeper or Executive Housekeeper and is reoponsible for the cleaning of guest rooms. The Housekeeper maintains housekeeping reports, and completes damage and theft reports. The Housekeeper loads his/her cart, strips and makes beds, dusts and vacuums guest rooms, cleans guest bathrooms, and restocks guest supplies. The Housekeeper maintains floors, handles guests belongings and follows correct entry/departure procedures to and from a guest room.

BELLHOP works under the Head Bellhop or the Front Desk Manager. The Bellhop guides guests to the front desk for registration. The Bellhop explains room amenities and delivers items to guest rooms. The Bellhop pages guests and maintains guest service logs. The Bellhop may also have light housekeeping duties in the main lobby/doorway area.

CONFERENCE SERVICE ATTENDANT prepares meeting and banquet rooms for conferences and group meals. The Conference Service Attendant interprets event orders under the supervision of the Front Desk Manager or the Catering Manager. The Conference Service Attendant arranges meeting and banquet rooms according to the event order and sets up the necessary audio/visual equipment. The Conference Service Attendant handles customer concerns and requests as they arise, and maintians service corridors and banquet lobby areas.

BAKER'S HELPER assists the Baker or Pastry Chef in a combination of duties including: bread making, pastry or dessert area such as gathering supplies, equipment, and ingredients; preparing ovens, pans and baking tins; shaping, scaling and forming breads; placing products in the ovens to bake and removing baked products; portioning and packaging products for service or sale. The Baker's Helper also may perform sanitation duties; wash pots, pans and equipment; and maintain the baking area.

SALAD BAR ATTENDANT performs tasks in the dining room and kitchen that are necessary to set up, maintain and clean up a salad bar area. Kitchen operations include maintaining an adequate supply of food items to keep up with customer usage. Dining room tasks include maintaining an adequate supply of food itmes to keep up with customer usage. Dining room tasks include refilling crocks/bowls, restocking dishes, wiping up and maintaining a clean salad bar area. The Salad Bar Attendant is supervised by the Dining Room Manager.



#### ADDITIONAL LISTINGS:

Hotel/Motel: Cashier

Maintenance Night Manager Catering Manager

Security

Sales/Marketing

Accounting

Reservations Clerk

Laundry

Executive Housekeeper Front Desk Manager

Food/Beverage: Pantry Worker

Sales Clerk Cashier

Baker

Short Order Cook

Cafeteria Counter Attendant

Fast Food Worker

Manager

Restaurant Cook

Dining Room Attendant

Host/Hostess Kitchen Helper

Bartender Wait Person



#### FIRST DRAFT

Hotel-Motel Management/Foodservice Administration skills and knowledges required for entry, retention, and advancement.

#### Employability Skills

#### Duty A: Job Seeking/Career Development Skills

#### Skills:

- 1. Identify requirements for job
- 2. Investigate educational opportunities
- 3. Investigate occupational opportunities
- 4. Locate resources for finding employment
- 5. Confer with prospective employers
- 6. Identify job trends
- 7. Internship
- 8. Identify career ladders to increase salary opportunities
- 9. Identify the broad range of jobs available in the industry
- 10. Identify drawbacks of the industry

#### Duty B: Applying Employment Seeking Skills

- 1. Locate job openings
- 2. Document skills and abilities (resume)
- 3. Prepare for interview
- 4. Participate in interview
- 5. Complete required tests
- 6. Complete required forms



- 7. Write an application letter
- 8. Write a follow-up letter
- 9. Write an acceptance letter
- 10. Evaluate job offer
- 11. Evaluate job rejection
- 12. Awareness of the need for multi-language skills
- 13. Ability to listen
- 14. Ability to sell yourself
- 15. Ability to promote self-confidence

## Duty C: Interpreting Employment Capabilities

#### Skills:

- 1. Match interest to job area
- 2. Match aptitude to job area
- 3. Verify abilities
- 4. Identify immediate work goal
- 5. Develop career plan
- 6. Recognize physical requirement of job
- 7. Recognize potential to overcome deficiencies
- 8. Presentation skills speech/marketing

## Duty D: Demonstrating Appropriate Work Behavior

- 1. Exhibit dependability
- 2. Demonstrate punctuality
- 3. Follow rules and regulations

- 4. Recognize the consequences of dishonesty
- 5. Complete assignments in accurate and timely manner
- 6. Control emotions
- 7. Assume responsibility for own decisions and actions
- 8. Exhibit pride and loyalty
- 9. Exhibit ability to handle pressure and tension
- 10. Demonstrate ability to set priorities
- 11. Demonstrate problem-solving skills
- 12. Civic and community involvement

# Duty E: Maintaining Safe and Healthy Environment

- 1. Comply with safety and health rules
- 2. Select correct tools and equipment
- 3. Utililize equipment correctly
- 4. Demonstrate work safety
- 5. Use appropriate action during emergencies
- 6. Maintain clean and orderly work area
- 7. Demonstrate personal hygiene and grooming skills
- 8. Apply first aid
- 9. Apply CPR
- 10. Apply abdonminal thrust method
- 11. Recognize your role and the benefit of maintaining a safe and healthy working environment



## Duty F: Maintaining Business-Like Image

#### Skills:

- 1. Participate in company or agency orientation
- 2. Demonstrate knowledge of company or agency products and services
- 3. Exhibit positive behavior
- 4. Read current job-related publications
- 5. Support and promote employer's company image and purpose
- 6. Maintain appearance to comply with company standards
- 7. Maintain/begin relationship with trade, civic, and professional organizations
- 8. Dress for success

#### Duty: G Maintaining Working Relations with Others

#### Skills:

- 1. Work productively with others
- 2. Show empathy, respect, and support for others
- 3. Demonstrate procedures and assist others when necessary
- 4. Recognize, analyze, and solve or refer problems
- 5. Minimize occurence of problems
- 6. Channel emotional reaction constructively
- 7. Recognize job stress and develop a positive work environment
- 8. Share job knowledge with others
- 9. Maintain a positive attitude

#### Duty H: Communicating of the Job

#### Skills:

1. Read and comprehend written communications and information

- 2. Use correct grammar
- 3. Speak effectively with others
- 4. Use job-related terminology
- 5. Listen attentively
- 6. Write legibly
- 7. Use telephone etiquette
- 8. Follow written and oral directions
- 9. Ask questions
- 10. Locate information in order to accomplish task
- 11. Prepare written communication
- 12. Utilize keyboarding skills
- 13. Utilize computer skills
- 14. Awareness of computer application
- 15. Demonstrate the hospitality mentality
- 16. Suggestive selling
- 17. The adoption of basic conversational skills

#### Duty I: Adapting to Change

- 1. Recognize need to change
- 2. Demonstrate willingness to learn
- 3. Demonstrate flexability
- 4. Participate in continuing education
- 5. Seek work challenges
- 6. Adjust career goals/plan as needed
- 7. Demonstrate ability to create and innovate on the job
- 8. Seek positive approach before weighing negative impacts

- 9. Accept constructive criticism
- 10. Willingness to take risk

## Duty J: Understanding How a Businest Works

#### Skills:

- 1. Recognize the role of business in the enterprise system
- 2. Identify general responsibilities of employees
- 3. Identify general responsibilities of management/employers
- 4. Investigae opportunities and options for business ownership
- 5. Identify planning processes needed to open a business
- 6. Knowledge of liability issues; i.e., liquor, labor laws
- 7. Knowledge of equal opportunity, affirmative action, and related personnel issues
- 8. Legal issues and responsibilities
- 9. Participation at meetings
- 10. Understanding governmental/regulatory programs affecting and serving business
- 11. Realize ability to affect legislative process
- 12. Awareness of ability to affect business policies

#### Duty K: Performing Mathematical Skills

- 1. Apply mathematics for problem-solving
- 2. Add and subtract whole numbers, decimals, and fractions
- 3. Multiply and divide whole numbers, decimals, and fractions
- 4. Convert numbers between forms expressed as fractions, decimals, and percents
- 5. Convert between standard American units of measure
- 6. Convert between standard American units and metric units

- 7. Ability to do simple computations without a calculator
- 8. Bookkeeping
- 9. Make resonalble estimates
- 10. Use values from graphs, maps, and tables
- 11. Compare numerical values
- 12. Apply geometric values
- 13. Use formulas correctly
- 14. Construct diagrams, tables, and records
- 15. Use elementary statistics
- 16. Use instruments to solve problems: Guages, Meters, and Scales Calculators Computers

Duty L: Leadership Skills (Supervisory)

- Discuss with subordinates their needs and goals and the ways their jobs can be structured to achieve them
- 2. Make clear what the job expectations are and the criteria by which they will be evaluated
- 3. Give subordinates a sense of worth to the organization and enough freedom with responsibility to execute duties
- 4. Provide constant feedback on the quality and quantity of work performance (employer)
- 5. Provide subordinates proportionately greater responsibility

# CHICAGO CITY-WIDE COLLEGE CITY COLLEGES OF CHICAGO TECH PREP EDUCATION/PRIVATE-SECTOR PARTNERSHIP AGREEMENT

Chicago City-Wide College has been awarded a grant to develop a written 2+2+2 Tech Prep model for students interested in Hotel-Motel Management and Foodservice Administration careers. This model will include sequenced pathways for study incorporating articulated applied academic courses and vocational-technical courses. Multiple entry/exit points will be indentified in order to prepare students for hospitality employment in selected program areas.

It is agreed that academic concepts in mathematics, science, and communications will be identified and an attempt will be made to integrate these concepts into post-secondary levels.

A well prepared future labor force is dependent upon equal commitment from both education and the private sector. Employers working with Tech Prep must clearly identify and communicate their performance standards. These standards will include not only technical skills, but also expectations in reading, science, math, and communications. Tech Prep educators will design learning experiences to ensure students meet these expectations and certify that completers are ready to enter the workforce.

Employers must not only identify and communicate performance standards, but be willing to provide incentives to make Tech Prepattractive to students. These incentives may include:

- a. Priority considerations for employment.
- b. Wage and/or advancement incentives.
- c. Support for continued work-related training and education.
- d. Paid internships or employment for students during the school year or summer while enrolled in a program.
- e. Scholarships to post-secondary schools.

In addition, employers inform the public of Tech Prep opportunities and encourage enrollment in the program. Further, they provide training slots and work with educators to ensure appropriate learning experiences.

We have read the above and agree to offer the following incentives to Chicago City-Wide College Tech Prep Graduates: (Please circle the leters from the above incentives.)

Signature	Date	
Typed Name		
Name of Organization		····
Address		
Telephone		





	SEMESTER 1	SEMESTER 2
Appled Science Appled Science Appled Science (65 credit hours)	*## 104—Introduction to the Hospitality Industries (3 hours) *FSA 106—Quantity Food Preparation I (3 hours) *FS\$ 222—Foodservice Sanitation (2 hours) *BUS 101—Fundamentals of Accounting (3 hours) **EM\$ 101—Composition (3 hours) General Education Elective (3 hours)	*M 131—Hospitality Industry Accounting (3 hours)  *FSA 206—Quantity Food Preparation II (3 hours)  CWE 101—Cooperative Education Exploration (3 hours)  PP 109—Microcomputer Applications for Business (3 hours) General Education Elective (3 hours)
Advanced Cortificato— Footservice Administration (32 credit hours)	M 104—Introduction to the Hospitality Industries (3 hours) FSS 222—Foodservice Sanitation (2 hours) FSA 106—Quantity Food Preparation I (3 hours)	ENG 101—Composition (3 hours) FSA 206—Quantity Food Preparation II (3 hours) CWE 101—Cooperative Education Exploration (3 hours)
Basic Certificate—Feed Preparation (17 credit hours)	HI 104—Introduction to the Hospitality Industries (3 hours) FSS 2Z2—Foodservice Sanitation (2 hours) FSA 106—Quantity Food Preparation (3 hours)	ENG 101—Composition (3 hours) FSA 206—Quantity Food Preparation II (3 hours) CWE 101—Cooperative Education Exploration (3 hours)

\*Requirement for Diploma Program

The above is a suggested course sequence.

# FOODSERVICE SKILLS TRAINING

In addition to the above Foodservice Administration credit courses, hospitality career studies offers a series of ten-week programs to equip students with basic skills, knowledge and hands-on experience needed for entry-level jobs in Chicago's foodservice industry. Programs currently offered include Pantry Worker, Short-Order Cook and Waiter-Waitress.

# ... Course Requirements

SEMESTER 3	SEMESTER 4	
*## 205—Hospitality Industry Purchasing (3 hours) ## 259—Principles of Management in the Hospitality Industries (3 hours) *## 271—Hospitality Industry Personnel Management and Training (3 hours) F\$A 120—Foodservice Merchandising (3 hours) General Education Elective (3 hours)	*# 211—Hospitality Industry Law (3 hours) -## 231—Marketing for the Hospitality Industries (3 hours) F\$A 280—Managing a Foodservice Operation (3 hours) CWE 105—Business Technologies (6 hours) General Education Elective (3 hours)	Associate in Applied Science Begree (65 credit hours)

HI 205—Hospitality Industry	CWE 105—Business Technologies (6 hours)	2
M 269 Principles of	General Education Elective	; <b>-</b>
Management in the	(3 hours)	Ada
Hospitality Industries		3 (S)
(3 hours)		20)
ECA 190 Londonnion		

. ₺		Merchandising (3 hours)	
(32 credit hours)		Hospitality Industries (3 hours) FSA 120—Foodservice	
Foodservice Administration	General Education Elective (3 hours)	Management in the	
Advanced Certificate—	CWE 105—Business Technologies (6 hours)	H ZUS Hospitality Industry Purchasing (3 hours)	
Advanced	<b>CWE 105</b> —Business	H 205 Hospitality Industry	

Food Preparation (17 credit hours)

Basic Certificate

Consult program coordinator for individual course sequence approval.

# FOODSERVICE SKILLS TRAINING

know, would be interested in learning more about these employment skill programs, call (312) 451-2000. Or write Dawson Technical Institute, 3901 South State Street, Chicago, Illinois 60609. New entry-level jobs are created daily as the industry expands. If you, or someone you

(J)

**BEST COPY AVAILABL** 

4

### CHICAGO HOSPITALITY INSTITUTE

### SYLLABUS OUTLINE

Course Title:

HI 104 - Introduction to the Rospitality Industries

Catalog Description:

Examination of the multi-disciplinary fields which comprise the hospitality industries: Hotel-Motel, Foodservice, Travel-Tourism; history and organization of the hospitality industries, with emphasis on career opportunities, economic projections and industry trends.

Prerequisite:

Eligibility for English 101 - Composition or Consent of

Program Coordinator.

Credit/Contact Hours:

Three (3) credit hours; three (3) contact hours

Schedule:

Class duration - one semester

Clientele Served:

Students preparing for or considering a career in the Hospitality Industries; current Hospitality Industry employees seeking to broaden their knowledge and qualifications; students in AAS and Certificate programs in Hotel-Motel Management, Foodservice Administration, Travel-Tourism.

Textbooks:

Introduction to Management in the Hospitality Industry, Third Edition, Thomas F Powers, John Wiley & Sons, 1988

Objectives:

At the conclusion of this course, students should be able to:

- Define hospitality as it pertains to the three component industries and the advantages of a "hospitality approach" to guests and to industry employees.
- Trace the history and development of each hospitality industry from its beginning to the present, with emphasis on key events in industry development.
- 3. Describe the internal organization and services provided by each hospitality industry, and in units of each industry, as well as principal interrelationships among the industries.
- 4. Identify major career ladders within the hospitality industries and describe their principal duties, responsibilities, training and experience requirements.
- 5. Describe current and projected industry and economic trends and their effect on career opportunities in each industry.
- 6. Identify specific industry careers.



### Units of Instruction: 1. Introduction (1 session) Chapter 1

- A. Introduction to the Chicago Hospitality Institute-Purpose, divisions, procedures (grading, withdrawal etc.) Personnel Presentation of course objections and introductions to hospitality and its historical and current role
- B. Introduction to the hospitality industry
  Define and past history
  Why we study hospitality
  Divisions in hospitality-foodservice, lodging,
  travel & tourism.
  Growth of the hospitality industry and factors
  affecting growth
- Career paths and opportunities. Growth patterns and projections in the hospitality industries employment projections and opportunities, jobs and careers
- 2. Studying and Time Management (1 session)
  - A. Time Management
    Why we need to control time
    Getting control
    Organizing
    Fitting everything in
  - B. Study Skills and test taking
    Attitude
    Hearing us listening
    Taking notes
    How to study
    Taking tests
- 3. Hotel-Motel Industry Chapters 6,7,8,9
  - A. History, size, scope, importance; introduction to hotel-motel operations
    History of innkeeping
    Business philosophy, psychology
    Human relations.
    House division and organization
    Role of the General Manager and Resident
    Manager
    Front Office organization, procedures,
    staff
    Special areas bell stand, switchboard,
    security
  - B. The Hotel as a Business
  - C. Hotel Organization
    Functions of job divisions
    Credit policies cashiers, billing and guest
    transactions

Sales - organization, duties of sales department, including duties and procedures, types of sales, marketing. advertising and public relations Food and beverage organization - functions of kitchen, dining room, catering, room service

Staffing Menu planning Purchasing Receiving Equipment and service Housekeeping and engineering - organization, functions and duties

D. Executive Housekeeper Chief engineer Linen room Laundry Supplies Maintenance and engineering functions and

E. Accounting Functions and duties Staffing and operation Controller, bookkeeper, night auditor, reports

Special topics Summer and ski resorts Marinas Casinos Cruise ships Health spas Employment outlook

service

## 4. Foodservice Industry-Chapters 2,3,4,5

A. History, size, scope, projections. Definition of fast food industry, coffee shops, family restaurants. Atmosphere specialty operations. History of "food away from home" and organization of the industry with commercial and institutional focus. Projections, industry trends and opportunities for employment

B. Foodservice as business

C. Organizations, divisions of jobs, contact feeding and vending - business and industry, school and college, health-care, recreation foodservice, catering

D. Industry trends, projections, and growth opportunities for employment. Organization of chains and individual operations. The front and back of the house, departmental organization, functions, staffing

E. Beverage Management- DUI legislation, spirits, wines, service and control

5. Travel-Tourism-Chapters 10,11,12 A. Modes of transportation - brief history and definition, economic impact of tourism, especially in Chicago and Illinois Careers in travel

Economic expectations
Duty expectations
Diversity of careeer directions
Ethics and professionalism
Skills needed for success
Specifics of instructor's career
Distribute syllabus including city and carrier

B. Specific career directions

Food and catering
Travel agency employment
Car rental industry
Cruise line employment
Support industries
Trains and bus lines
Sales and Marketing careers

Assign written project - should include an opinion section as well as research and creativity Begin learning project, instructor's selection within these guidelines:

Achieveable skill for all students
Low cost - not requiring investment in a
textbook

Suitable for classroom study Suitable for inclusion in final examination

C. Resources and tools used in travel-tourism Tourist offices Maps, atlas

> Official Airline Guides Newspapers

Brochures, advertising Wholesalers

Computer reservations systems

D. How travel agencies operate

Legalities

Ethics

Generating business and retaining accounts Specialization within the agency

Accounting functions

Interaction with co-workers and suppliers A typical day in an agency - walk-through

E. Review, discuss and answer questions about project

Method of Instruction:

Classroom lectures by a team of three industry-experienced professionals, supplemented by group discussions, field trips and special presentations by guest industry leaders.

Method of Evaluation:

 Hotel-Motel Section
 33.3%

 Foodservice Section
 33.3

 Travel-Tourism Section
 33.3

 Total
 100.0%

Each section instructor has the option to design the method of evaluation; grade determination must include attendance, homework and/or projects and quizzes as components of the grading structure.

### CHICAGO HOSPITALITY INSTITUTE

### SYLLABUS OUTLINE

Course Title:

FSA 106 - Quantity Food Preparation I

Catalog Description:

Study of principles, methods and techniques involved in quantity preparation of appetizers, sandwiches, salads, soups, stocks and sauces, meats, seafood, poultry, eggs, milk and cheese, bakery products, desserts and beverages; practical experience in proper and safe use of tools,

materials and quantity foodservice equipment.

Prerequisite:

Hospitality Industry 104 - Introduction to the Hospitality Industries, Foodservice 222 - Foodservice Sanitation or concurrent enrollment in HI 104, FS 222 or Consent of Program

Coordinator.

Credit/Contact Hours:

Three (3) credit hours; four (4) contact hours

Schedule:

Class duration - one semester

Clientele Served:

Students preparing for or considering careers in the Foodservice industry; current Foodservice industry employees seeking to broaden their knowledge and qualifications; students in AAS and Certificate programs in Foodservice

Administration.

Textbook:

Quantity Food Production, Planning and Management, John B. Knight and Lendal H. Kotschevar, CBI Publishing, Inc., 1979

Objectives:

At the conclusion of this course, students should be able to:

1. Properly and safely handle, use and maintain kitchen equipment.

2. Properly and safely handle, use and maintain kitchen

3. Identify food products used in commercial foodservice.

4. Properly determine the proper cooking methods for various foods. 5. Properly handle and store various types of foodstuffs.

Units of Instruction:

1. Presentation of facilities (1 session)

A. Tour of facility

B. Discussion of floor lay-out and placement of equipment

C. Levels of organization within a kitchen and responsibilities



- 2. Nutrients, sanitation and safety, menu planning (1 session)
  - A. Major nutrient groups in regards to food preparation, diets
  - B. Sanitation, foodborne illness, food protection and storage, personal hygiene
  - C. Safety, responsibilities and legal views
  - D. Proper labeling and truth-in-menu
  - E. Menu planning, design and production
  - F. Proper equipment cleaning Chapters 1, 2, 3
- 3. Producing a menu, food cost (1 session)
  - A. Costing out menu prices to include a profit
  - B. Maxiumum use of equipment and personnel
  - C. Standardization of recipes and portions
  - D. Yield and quality tests
  - E. Necessary equipment Chapters 4 & 5
- Purchasing, receiving, storing and issuing food (1 session)
  - A. Classification of markets
  - B. Buying methods
  - C. Determination of purchasing needs
  - D. Establishment of specifications, use and value
  - E. Receiving practices
  - F. Storage of food-refrigerated, frozen, dry
  - G. Issuing controls
    Chapters 6 & 7
- 5. Cooking principles (1 session)
  - A. Heat transfer, conduction, convection and radiation
  - B. Moist methods (with liquid)
  - C. Dry methods (without liquid)
  - D. Energy management Chapter 8
- 6. Service and merchandising food (1 session)
  - A. Seated foodservice
  - B. Self service system
  - C. Merchandising special day celebrations, holidays
  - D. Special menu item promotions
  - E. Creating atmosphere and promotional materials.

    Chapter 9
- 7. Appetizers and sandwiches (1/2 session)
  - A. Appetizers, canapes, dips, hors d'oeuvres
  - B. Sandwiches, equipment and tools needed
  - C. Different breads, spreads, fillings and garnishes
  - D. Storages and advanced preparation of appetizers and sandwiches

Chapter 10



### 8. Soups, stocks and sauces (1 1/2 sessions)

A. Stocks - preparation methods: Brown stock White stock Chicken stock Fish stock Chapter 11

B. Storage and care after preparation of stocks

C. Preparation of soups, consistency, seasoning and garnish

D. Preparation of soups, consistency, seasoning and

E. Soup service including care of soups and portion control

F. Stocks-thickening agents, roux, eggs, beurre manie', starches

G. Sauces-brown, bechamel, veloute, tomato, hollandaise

### 9. Salads and salad dressing (1/2 session)

A. Salad as appetizers, main dish or dessert

B. Salad ingredients-salad greens, fruits and vegetables, starches, gelatin

C. Salad dressings, french, mayonnaise, cooked and/or boiled

### 10. Fruits and vegetables (1 session)

A. Classification, types(canned, dried, fresh, frozen), availability

B. Purchasing-grades, sizes

C. Storage, temperature, humidity and ventilation

D. Cooking methods Chapter 13

### 11. Seafood

A. Fish and shellfish on menu

45

B. Purchasing-inspection and grade marks-fresh, frozen, canned

C. Handling and storage

D. Cooking methods-baking, boiling, broiling, deep fat frying, pan frying, sauteing, poaching, steaming

E. Serving seafood

## 17. Beverages (1/2 session)

- A. Coffee preparation and quality
- B. Tea preparation and quality
- C. Cocoa
- D. Punches tea and fruit based
- E. Serving and merchandising Chapter 20

### 18. Table service (1/2 session)

- A. Types of service
- B. Table settings

Method of Instruction: Classroom lectures and demonstrations, plus laboratory sessions which provide opportunities for hands-on application

of subject matter presented in lectures, textbook and demonstration, and which utilize quantity food preparation

equipment, methods and techniques.

Method of Evaluation:

201 Mid-term Examination Class performance, attendance 30 Homework assignnments/quizzes 15

35 Final Examination

100% Total

Class 1 2 3 4 5 6 7	Session 1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 8 9	Presentation of facilities Nutrients, Sanitation and Safety, Menu Planning Producing a Menu, Food Costs Purchasing, Receiving, Storing and Issuing Cooking Principles Service and Merchandising Food Appetizers and Sandwiches Soups, Stocks and Sauces Soups, Stocks and Sauces (continued) Salads and Salad Dressings
		Mid-term Examination
10 11	10 11 12 12	Fruits and Vegetables Seafood Meats Meats
12 13 14	13 14 15	Poultry Eggs, milk and cheese Bakery Products Desserts
15 16	16 17 18	Beverages Table service
17		Final Examination

May 14, 1987 sew

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### CHICAGO HOSPITALITY INSTITUTE

### SYLLABUS OUTLINE

Course Title:

FSS 222 - Foodservice Sanitation

Catalog Description:

Sanitation in preparation and service of food; sanitation chemicals, equipment and materials; ordinances and inspection procedures to ensure sanitary dispensing of food.

Prerequisite:

Eligibility for English 101 - Composition or Consent of

Program Coodinator.

Credit/Contact Hours:

Two (2) credit hours; two (2) contact hours

Schedule:

Class duration - ten weeks

Clientele Served:

Students preparing for or considering a career in the Hospitality industries; current hospitality industry employees seeking to broaden their knowledge and

qualifications; students in AAS and certificate programs in Foodservice Administration and Hotel-Hotel Management.

Objectives:

At the conclusion of this course, students should be able to:

1. Define sanitation and sanitary conditions.

2. Identify the sanitation hazards present in foodservice

establishments.
3. Outline control measures essential for sanitation and

sanitary conditions.

4. Formulate preventative measures, ensuring a sanitary

foodservice establishment.

5. Demonstrate this knowledge by receiving a score of 75% or above on the NIFI Sanitation Examination and successfully passing the classroom assignments and examinations.

Method of Instruction:

Lecture

80Z

Audio Visual

207

100%

December 15,1989 sml

### BUSINESS DEPARTMENT 1989 FALL SEMESTER SYLLABI

CHICAGO CITY-WIDE COLLEGE 226 W. Jackson Boulevard Chicago, IL 60606-6997

### DEPARTMENT - 30

### BUSINESS 101 - FUNDAMENTALS OF ACCOUNTING

Credit Hours:

Three

Contact Hours:

Three

Course Length:

One Semester - 18 Weeks

Prerequisites:

Business 141 or Mathematics 111 or 140 or concurrent registration in one of those courses or satisfactory score on placement test or consent of department chairperson.

Catalog Description:

Introduction to general accounting. Includes journalizing, posting, trial balances, classification of accounts, columnar records, negotiable instruments, control accounts, adjustments, work sheets, financial statements and closing the books.

### Course Objectives:

- To examine accounting concepts and generally accepted accounting principles.
- 2. To explain accounting terminology.
- To examine the <u>sole proprietorship</u> and <u>corporate</u> forms of business and illustrate how accounting records and reports are prepared for these types of businesses.
- 4. To explain how accounting records and financial reports are prepared for <u>service</u> and merchandising type businesses.
- To apply accounting principles to actual business situation by solving accounting problems in the textbook.



### BUSINESS DEPARTMENT 1989 FALL SEMESTER SYLLABI

# (Business 101 - continued) Course Outline:

- General discussion of the scope of accounting and the specialized areas within accounting, such as taxes, auditing, cost accounting, financial accounting.
- 2. Balance Sheet equation.
- 3. Business Entity Concept and Cost Principle.
- 4. Preparation of Income Statement, Capital Statement and Balance Sheet.
- Preparation of journal entries for service and merchandising companies.
- Adjusting journal entries for service and merchandising companies.
- Closing journal entries for service and merchandising companies.
- 8. Preparation of worksheets. The use of worksheets to prepare financial statements and closing entries.
- Business transactions which are unique to a merchandising type business. Ledger accounts used to record these transactions.
- 10. Cash discounts and trade discounts.
- 11. Special journals.
- 12. Control accounts and subsidiary ledgers.
- Accounts receivable and estimating uncollectible accounts expense.
- 14. Interest-bearing and noninterest-bearing notes. How debtor and creditor record these types of notes on their records.
- 15. Use of Voucher System to improve control over cash payments within a business.
- 16. Bank reconciliation.
- 17. Operation of a petty cash fund.
- 18. Payroll taxes. Journal entries to record payroll taxes on the books of the company.



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# BUSINESS DEPARTMENT 1989 FALL SEMESTER SYLLABI

(Business 101 - continued)

### Clientele for Course:

- Students majoring in accounting (Associate in Applied Science Degree in Accounting) or students seeking the Basic or Advanced Certificate in Accounting.
- 2. Other business majors or data processing majors.
- Individuals employed in business who wish to improve their accounting knowledge.
- 4. Other persons wishing to acquire additional information about accounting and how it relates to their job and career.

# Methods of Evaluating Student Performance:

- 1. Three 50 minute exams covering the following chapters:
  - a. Test #1 Chapters 1-3
  - b. Test #2 Chapter 4, 5, 6
  - c. Test #3 Chapters 7, 8, 9, 12
- Final exam on all ten chapters covered in the course.

# Type of Instruction Used:

- 1. Lecture
- Class discussion of accounting problems assigned for homework.
- Use of overhead projector to show author's solution to the accounting problems in the text.

### Textbooks:

Accounting Principles, 15th edition, 1987, by Fess/Warren, South-Western Publishing Company

Working Papers for Chapter 1-14

Practice Set I - Blanks and Business Papers - Top Ten Sporting Goods Company.



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# CHICAGO CITY-WIDE COLLEGE CITY COLLEGES OF CHICAGO

### Syllabus

### ENGLISH 101 COMPOSITION

Course Description: This course is design

This course is designed to develop skills in the reading and writing of expository essays, with emphasis on

description, narrative, cause and effect, and argument.

Text:

The Little, Brown Handbook

Patterns of Exposition

Webster's New World Dictionary or other recent

dictionary

Roget's College Thesaurus (optional)

Objectives:

Students will improve their abilities to analyze works of prose, with special attention purpose, meaning, style, structure, and methods of imagery and argument. Students will develop their own topics into thesis statements and be able to produce a finished essay.

Units of Instruction:

Week 1 Importance of written communication, titles, manuscript

form, basic format, impromptu writing. LBH 108-115

LBH 266-270

Week 2 Basic sentence, recognition of subject and verb, end punctuation, topic sentence development, subject verb

agreement LBH 163-170, writing process, LBH 46-49, POE

273-279

Week 3 Paragraph development and organization with emphasis on

transitions LBH 62-64, sentence fragment LBH 184-189, sentence combining and coordination conjunctions LBH 134-136 punctuation in compound sentence and series LBH

271-273 279-281, POE 289-294

Week 4 Narrative paragraph, revision activities, run-on

sentence, comma splice, verb phrase, semicolon LBH 289-

295, POE 249-257

Week 5 Descriptive paragraph, sentence combining-subordination

LBH 121-134 punctuation of restrictive and

non-restrictive clauses LBH 275-277, POE 176-181

Week 6 Process analysis paragraph, verb phrase, pronoun agree-

ment LBH 170-173, POE 168-176

Week 7 Midterm Exam, basic essay structure and introductory

paragraph LBH 19-27, noun clause, tense LBH 155-159, POE

107-112

Week 8 Comparison and Contrast LBH 72-23, adjective and

adverb, apostrophe LBH 297-301, noun plural, POE 90-98



Week	9	Dangling modifier LBH 215-217, parallelism LBH 240-246, essay beginnings, POE 74-83.
Week	10	Classification paragraph LBH 70-71. POE 48-51.
Week	11	Essay endings, capitalization LBH 320-326, quotations LBH 301-309, POE 20-29.
Week	12	Business formats letters and memos LBH 476-479, POE 297-303.
Week	13	Methods of developmentinduction and deduction LBH 100-102, POE 311-316.
Week	14	Methods of developmentSpecial effects.
Week	15	Methods of development part 2
Week	16	Review of development strategies

### CHICAGO HOSPITALITY INSTITUTE

### SYLLABUS OUTLINE

Course Title:

HI 131-Hospitality Industry Accounting

Catalog Description:

Study of specific applications of basic accounting principles

for the hospitality industry. Includes analysis and

interpretation of financial statements, food, beverage and

labor cost control, ratio analysis.

Prerequisite:

HI 104 - Introduction to the Hospitality Industries and

Business 101 - Fundamentals of Accounting or Consent of

Program Coordinator.

Credit/Contact Hours:

Three (3) credit hours; three (3) contact hours

Schedule:

Class duration - one semester

Clientele Served:

Students preparing for or considering a career in the Hospitality Industries; current Hospitality Industry employees seeking to broaden their knowledge and

qualifications; students in AAS and Certificate programs in

Hotel-Motel Management, Meeting and Convention Planning

odservice Administration, or Travel-Tourism.

Textbook:

Hospitality Management Accounting, Third Edition, Micheal M.

Coltman, CBI Publishing Company, Inc., 1987

Objectives:

At the conclusion of this course, students should be able to:

- 1. Accurately interpret a financial Statement.
- 2. Accurately price room, food, beverage and labor costs.
- 3. Make sound financial judgments based on an understanding of cash and cost management.
- 4. Understand and utilize benefits of good internal

controls.

Units of Instruction

- 1. Accounting Review (2 sessions)
  - A. Review of basic accounting principals, business entity concept, the going concern concept, the money concept
  - B. Calculate depreciation
    Straight-line method
    Declining balance method
    Sum-of-the-year digits method
    Units of production method
  - C. Balance sheet
  - D. T-accounts, trial balance, and adjusting entries



### 2. Understanding Financial Statements (1 session)

- A. The main purpose of financial statements and the value of a uniform system of accounts
- B. Definition and application of direct and indirect expenses
- C. Define and calculate retained earnings

# Analysis and Interpretation of Financial Statements (I session)

- A. Balance sheet and income statement analysis comparative
- B. Average check, average cost and average income per guest
- C. Trend results

### 4. Ratio Analysis (1 session)

- A. Introduction of ratios value and usage
- B. Current liquidity ratios long term ratios

### 5. Internal Control (2 sessions)

- A. Definition and purpose of internal control
- B. Basic requirements and principles
- C. Definition and purpose of accounting documents used in internal control
- D. Petty cash
- E. Bank reconciliation

### 6. "Bottom Up" Pricing (1 session)

- A. Concept of net income as a form of cost
- B. Information necessary and calculation of average check, menu pricing, menu mix, turnover
- C. Information necessary and calculation of room rates, average room rate, occupancy level

### 7. Food, Beverage and Labor Cost Control (1 session)

- A. Inventory and requisition cards
- B. Standard recipes, standard portions, calculation of menu prices
- C. Jobs description, jobs evaluations and relation to labor cost control

### 8. Cost Management (1 session)

- A. Define major types of cost direct, indirect and discretionary costs
- B. Prorate indirect costs to operating departments
- C. Decisions based on knowledge of fixed and variable costs

### 9. CVP Approach (1 session or less)

- A. Definition of CVP Cost-Volume-Prcfit Analysis
- B. CVP equation applications in sales levels



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### 10. Budgeting (1 session)

- A. Definition, advantages and disadvantages of budgeting
- B. Budget cycle theory and practical applications
- C. Comparison of budgeted and actual income, costs and profit

### 11. Working Capital (1 session)

- A. Definition of working capital
- B. Sources and uses or working capital
- C. Statement of changes in working capital

### 12. Cash Management (1 session)

- A. Concept of cash flow and differences from net income
- B. Cash disbursements, cash receipts, negative cash flow
- C. Long and short term cash flow
- D. Long and short term asset management
- E. Discounted cash flow

Method of Instruction: Classroom lectures augmented by examples of actual financial documents. Presentation by industry professionals when applicable.

method of Evaluation:

Mid-term Examination	25%
Classroom Quizzes	25
Homework	10
Attendance	10
Final Examination	30
Total	100%

Percent grades will be converted to letter grades:

90	~	100	A
80	-	89	В
70	_	79	C
60	-	69	D
59	-	Below	F



### Chapter Assignments 1. One - Accounting Review One - Accounting Review 2. Two - Understanding Financial Statements 3. 4. Three - Analysis & Interpretation of Financial Statements 5. Four - Ratio Analysis 6. Five - Internal Control Five - Internal Control 7. 8. Mid-term Examination 9. Six - Bottom Up Approach to Pricing 10. Seven - Introduction to Food, Beverage & Labor Cost Control Eight - Cost Management 11. Nine - CVP Approach to Decisions 12. 13. Ten - Budgeting 14. Eleven - Working Capital 15. Twelve - Cash Management 15. Thirteen - Investment Decision Final Examination 16.

November 8, 1989 sml

### CHICAGO HOSPITALITY INSTITUTE

### SYLLABUS OUTLINE

Course Title:

FSA 206 - Quantity Food Preparation II

Catalog Description:

Application of principles of quantity food preparation in foodservice operations, including their relationship to marketing, menu planning, purchasing and service of foods. Emphasis on food presentation, time and money management, sanitation, nutrition and safety. Taught by a certified

chef.

Prerequisite:

HI 104 - Introduction to the Hospitality Industries, FSS 222 - Foodservice Sanitation and FSA 106 - Quantity Food Preparation I or Consent of Program Coordinator.

Credit/Contact Hours:

Three (3) credit hours; four (4) contact hours

Schedule:

Class duration - one semester

Clientele Served:

Students preparing for or considering careers in the Foodservice industry; current Foodservice employees seeking to broaden their knowledge and qualifications; students in AAS and Certificate programs in Foodservice Administration.

Textbooks:

Quantity Food Production Planning and Management, John B. Knight and Lendal H. Kotschevar, CBI Publishing, Inc., 1979

Objectives:

At the conclusion of this course, students should be able to:

- Identify the importance of nutrition, sanitation and safety within a foodservice facility.
- 2. Properly plan and produce a menu.
- 3. Properly purchase, receive, store and issue food.
- 4. Apply proper cooking principles and methods.
- Prepare meats, soups and sauces, vegetables, appetizers, hors d'oeuvres, sandwiches.

Units of Instruction:

- 1. Overview of Nutrition, Sanitation and Safety (1 session)
  - A. Major nutrient groups in relation to balanced diets
  - B. Food protection and storage, personal hygiene
  - C. Safety
- 2. Planning and Producing a Menu (1 session)
  - A. Raw materials
  - B. Directing food selections
  - C. Production Sheet

- 3. Purchasing, Receiving, Storing and Issuing Food (1 session)
  - A. Buying methods
  - B. Selecting purveyors
  - C. Quantity and quality
  - D. Staple needs
  - E. Standards for quality
- 4. Cooking Principles and Methods (1 session)
  - A. Cooking with liquids (baking, blanching, braising, poaching, simmering, steaming, and stewing)
  - B. Cooking without liquids (baking, barbequing, broiling, grilling, roasting, frying, deep frying, and sauteing)
- 5. Serving and Merchandising Food (1 session)
  - A. Seated foodservice (American, French, Russian, Banquet Service, Counter Service, Tray Service)
  - B. Centralized and Decentralized Service
  - C. Self-service
  - D. Merchandising food (Training for employees)
- 6. Meats Yield and Quality Tests (3 sessions)
- 7. Mid-term Examination (1 session)
- 8. Soups and Sauces (2 sessions)
- 9. Vegetables (1 session)
- 10. Appetizers, Hors d'oeuvres, Sandwiches (2 sessions)
- 11. Student Application of Course Contents (1 session)
- 12. Final Examination (1 session)

Method of Instruction: Classroom lectures and demonstrations, plus laboratory sessions which provide opportunities for hands-on application of subject matter presented in lectures, textbook and demonstration, and which utilize quantity food preparation equipment, methods and techniques.

Method of Evaluation:

Mid-term Examination	15%
Class performance, attendance	50
Homework assignments	10
Final Examination	25
Total	100%

May 15, 1987 sew



### CHICAGO HOSPITALITY INSTITUTE

### SYLLABUS OUTLINE

Course Title:

CWE 101 - Cooperative Education Exploration

Catalog Description:

Career planning, job entry skills, guidance to assist students in exploring and assessing their interests. aptitudes and abilities for consideration of career goals; development of skills necessary for job search

success and job entry preparation.

Prerequisite:

HI 104 - Introduction to the Hospitality Industries and six (6) credit hours in the fields of Hotel-Motel Management, Meeting and Convention Planning Foodservice Administration or Travel-Tourism or Consent of Program Coordinator.

Credit/Contact Hours:

Three (3) credit hours; three (3) contact hours

Schedule:

Class duration - one semester

Clientele Served:

Students preparing for or considering careers in the Hospitality industries; current Hospitality industry employees seeking to broaden their knowledge and qualifications; students in AAS and Certificate programs in Hotel-Motel Management, Foodservice Administration, Meeting and Convention Planning and Travel-Tourism.

Objectives:

At the conclusion of the course students should be able to:

1. Develop an understanding and appreciation of self as this understanding pertains to present and future career goals.

2. Attain familiarity with hospitality industry career paths and entry level positions available; commensurate salary levels; potential for advancement.

3. Understand pre-employment skills needed to insure job

search success and job entry preparation.

4. Demonstrate working knowledge of potential employment avenues through observation in specialized career settings.

50% Method of Instruction: Lecture/Discussions 107 Industry Speakers 407 Student Research 1002

December 15, 1989 sml

Course Title:

Data Processing 109

Microcomputer Applications

Catalog Description:

This course will provide the student with Business Applications Examples in the areas of Wordprocessing, Spreadsheets, & Database. Laboratory experience includes current

software packages in these areas.

Credit hours:

Three Credit Hours

Clinetal:

Students pursuing Basic or Advanced Certificates or Associate Degree. Students desiring specific experience in Wordprocessing, Spreadsheets and

Database Applications.

Text:

Learning to Use Wordperfect, Lotus 1-2-3, and dBase III plus by Shelley and Cashman c 1989 Boyd and Fraser Publishing Co.

Course Objectives:

To provide background and experience in main functional areas of Business Microcomputing. Applications include Wordprocessing, Spreadsheets & Database. To give students experience with projects involving specific Business Applications.

### CHICAGO HOSPITALITY INSTITUTE

### SYLLABUS OUTLINE

Course Title:

HI 205 - Hospitality Industry Purchasing

Catalog Description:

Study of the organization and administration of quantity purchasing policies and procedures; specifications, inventory, buying, receiving and issuing of items used in

hospitality operations.

Prerequisite:

HI 104 - Introduction to the Hospitality Industries and six (6) credit hours in the fields of Hotel-Motel Management, Foodservice Administration, Meeting and Convention Planning or Travel-Tourism or Consent of Program Coordinator.

Credit/Contact Hours:

Three (3) credit hours; three (3) contact hours

Schedule:

Class duration - one semester

Clientele Served:

Students preparing for or considering careers in the Hospitality industries; current Hospitality industry employees seeking to broaden their knowledge and qualifications; students in AAS and certificate programs in

Hotel-Motel Management, Meeting and Convention Planning or

Foodservice Administration.

Textbooks:

Purchasing: Selection and Procurement for the Hospitality Industry, Second Edition, John M. Stefanelli, John Wiley & Sons 1985

Objectives:

At the conclusion of this course, students should be able to:

- 1. Identify the purchasing function from the viewpoint of management.
- 2. Be aware of channels of distribution, ethics, buying techniques, specification writing and purchasing.

Units of Instruction:

- 1. History of Purchasing (1 session)
  - A. Differences among hospitality operations
  - B. Purchasing, selection, procurement
- 2. Sources of Products and Services (1 session)
  - A. Buyer's position in channels of distribution
  - B. Determining optional values and supplier services
  - C. Forces affecting the distribution system



- 3. Purchasing Function Objectives and Problems (1 session)
  - A. Organization and administration of purchasing
  - B. Buyer's job specification and job description
  - C. Interaction with hospitality unit's personnel Review Assignment 1
- 4. Specifications (1 session)
  - A. Who, what, why determines specification
  - B. Benefits and pitfalls of specification purchasing
  - C. Optional inventory level
- 5. Purchase Price Influence on Buyers (1 session)
  - A. How to reduce price
  - B. Optional payment policy
  - C. Effects of too soon or too late
- Locating Optional Suppliers for Ordering Procedures (1 session)
  - A. Buying plan relationships of supplier buyer, salesperson buyer ordering procedures
  - B. Purchase orders change orders
- 7. Receiving Procedures (1 session)
  - A. Essentials invoices through satisfactory records to keep receiving costs low
  - B. Good storage management
  - C. Security problems
  - D. Planned placement for rotation (FIFO)
- 8. Mid-term Examination and Project Presentation (1 session)
- 9. Produce, fresh, convenience items processed and other grocery items (1 session)
- 10. Dairy, Eggs, Poultry (1 session)
- 11. Meat and Fish (1 session)
- 12. Alcoholic/Non-Alcoholic Beverages (1 session)
- 13. Non-food Expense Items (1 session)
  - A. Selection factors of items used in food preparation
  - B. Cleaning supplies, china service, paper products and linen

### 14. Services (1 session)

Garbage disposal, Landscape, Snow Removal, Pest Control, Legal Bonding, Insurance, Advertising, Lonsulting

- 15. House items (1 session)
  - A. Trade periodicals and trade shows
  - B. Furniture/furnishing
  - C. Fabric items including carpeting, flooring

100%

- 16. Project Due and Term Review (1 session)
- 17. Final Examination (1 session)

Method of Instruction: Primarily classroom lectures augmented by films, tours and trade shows.

Method of Evaluation:	Mid-term Examination	20%
	Final Examination	30
	Quizzes and special	
	assignments	30
	Attendance	_20

Total

November 8, 1989 sml

### CHICAGO HOSPITALITY INSTITUTE

### SYLLABUS OUTLINE

Course Title:

HI 269 - Principles of Management in the Hospitality Industries

Course Description:

Application of basic management principles of human resource selection, motivation, training, direction and control in the hospitality industries. Consideration of the range of diverse employee talents which must efficiently blend if an industry operation is to compete and succeed financially. Specific treatment given to unique situations which challenge managers on a daily basis.

Prerequisite:

HI 104 - Introduction to the Hospitality Industries and six (6) credit hours in the fields of Hotel-Motel Management, Foodservice Administration, Meeting and Convention Planning or Travel-Tourism or Consent of Program Coordinator.

Credit/Contact Hours:

Three (3) credit hours; three (3) contact hours

Schedule:

Class duration - one semester

Clientele Served:

Students preparing for or considering careers in the Hospitality industries; current Hospitality industry employees seeking to broaden their knowledge and qualifications; students in AAS and Certificate programs in Hotel-Motel Management, Foodservice Administration, Meeting and Convention Planning or Travel-Tourism.

Objectives:

At the conclusion of this course, students should be able to:

- Understand the basic functions and terminology of management as related to the challenges of the hospitality industry.
- 2. Acquire a knowledge of human wants and needs as a basis for the motivation of employees.
- 3. Appreciate the management tools that can be used to develop a cohesive work force with emphasis in the areas of employee recruitment, selection, training and development.
- 4. Recognize the need for handling disciplinary problems and employee grievances.
- 5. Develop an awareness of the boundaries imposed on management by employee unions and governmental regulations.

Students should have a basic grasp of the terminology and practical working concepts particular to the hospitality industry. Such knowledge will facilitate the understanding of examples used in the classroom.

Method of Instruction: Lectures 80% Group Discussion 10% Industry Presentations Total 100%

December 15, 1989 sml

### CHICAGO HOSPITALITY INSTITUTE

### SYLLABUS OUTLINE

Course Title:

HI 271 - Hospitality Industry Personnel Management and

Training

Catalog Description:

Study of personnel management principles from the viewpoint

of a hospitality industry supervisor. Included is

consideration of effective recruitment, selection, training, placement, appraisal, discipline, and career development programs and techniques in actual hospitality operations.

Prerequisite:

HI 104 - Introduction to the Hospitality Industries and six (6) credit hours in the fields of Hotel-Motel Management, Foodservice Administration Meeting and Convention Planning

or Travel-Tourism or Consent of Program Coordinator.

Credit/Contact Hours:

Three (3) credit hours; three (3) contact hours

Schedule:

Class duration - one semester

Clientele Served:

Students preparing for or considering careers in the Hospitality industries; current Hospitality industry employees seeking to broaden their knowledge and qualifications; students in AAS and Certificate programs in Hotel-Motel Management, Foodservice Administration, Meeting and Convention Planning and

Travel-Tourism.

Objectives:

At the conclusion of the term the students will be able to:

- 1. Understand the role of a supervisor.
- 2. Set goals and objectives for themselves and their staff.
- 3. Know how to recruit, interview, select, and train employees.
- 4. Apply various methods of performance evaluation.
- 5. Understand the techniques of management.
- 6. Understand the current labor laws and their impact on the Hospitality industry.
- 7. Utilize progressive and constructive forms of discipline.

ethod of Instruction: Primarily classroom lectures augmented by group case discussions. Presentations by industry professionals

when applicable.

Method of Evaluation:

80% Lectures

Group Discussion

10%

Presentations

10%

100%

December 13, 1989 sml

### CHICAGO HOSPITALITY INSTITUTE

### SYLLABUS OUTLINE

Course Title:

FSA 120 - Foodservice Merchandising

Catalog Description:

Overview of foodservice merchandising, including menu planning and design, food presentation and decor, sales promotion and advertising, and employee sales training within various styles of foodservice operations.

Prerequisite:

HI 104 - Introduction to the Hospitalicy Industries, concurrent enrollment in HI 104 or Consent of Program Coordinator.

Credit/Contact Hours:

Three (3) credit hours, three (3) contact hours

Schedule:

Class duration - one semester

Clientele Served:

Students preparing for or considering career in the Foodservice industries; current Foodservice industry employees seeking to broaden their knowledge and qualifications; students in AAS and Certificate programs in Foodservice Administration.

Objectives:

At the conclusion of this course, students should be able to: .

- 1. Understand the relationship of foodservice merchandising to customer satisfaction and utilize the factors involved in menu planning.
- 2. Become knowledgeable of presenting food in an appetizing and appealing manner.
- 3. Develop an awareness of various advertising techniques.
- 4. Understand the importance of employee sales training in order to increase customer satisfaction.
- Prepare a special foodservice promotional event, which includes menu selection, food presentation, and advertising.



Student Foodservice Merchandising Projects:

Students will be required to present to the class one of the following projects, or a similar project approved by the

1. Design a Specialty Foodservice operation promotion, including a description of the following: Serving area set up Steam line set-up including garnishing Plate presentation and garnishing Menu selection

OR

2. Create a Special Promotion for a holiday or other celebration day, including the following: Menu selection Advertising Plate presentation Serving area presentation Description of employee costumes, music, creative props

Student will be required to choose one of the following "Personal Projects":

- Maintain an ongoing journal containing examples of food ı. service merchandising (collect nemu's ads from magazine/newpapers, surveys).
- Submit an article to your companies headquarters for 2. publication in their monthly newsletter.
- 3. Design and implement a series of plate presentations from your operation. Track the number of items sold prior to your design and afterwards. Record the impact
- Plan and execute an employee sales training session at your foodservice operation or to the class.

Method of Instruction: Lecture/slides/handouts & group discussion

65%

Merchandising Project

35% 1007

December 18, 1989 sml

### CHICAGO HOSPITALITY INSTITUTE

### SYLLABUS OUTLINE

Course Title:

HI 211 - Hospitality Industry Law

Catalog Description:

Study of the legal aspects of management in the hospitality industries. Emphasis on practical applications of law in industry operation including those involved in employee relations, food and liquor liability, patron civil rights, security and federal, state and local regulations.

Credit/Contact Hours:

Three (3) credit hours, three (3) contact hours

Schedule:

Class duration - one semester

Clientele Served:

Students preparing for or considering a career in the Hospitality industries; current Hospitality industry employees seeking to broaden their knowledge and qualifications; students in AAS and Certificate programs in Hotel-Motel Management or Foodservice Administration.

Textbook:

Legal Aspects of Foodservice Management, John E. H. Sherry, First Edition, William C. Brown Publishing Co., 1984

Objectives:

At the conclusion of this course, students should be able to:

1. Define hospitality related laws.

2. Identify the types of hospitality establishments the law governs.

3. Outline the rights and responsibilities which the law creates to protect both hospitality operators and

4. Formulate preventative measures, avoiding legal entanglements.

Units of Instruction:

1. Introduction - History of Hospitality Law (1 session)
Overview
How law affects hospitality operators
Chapter 1

- 2. Federal, State and Local Agencies (1 session)
  Areas where hospitality operators may be affected
  Chapter 2
- 3. Rights of Hospitality Operators (1 session)
  Admit or refuse patrons, responsibilities to avoid patron discrimination
  Development of reasonable, consistent house rules to insure reasonable enforcement, eliminating the possibility of civil rights discrimination Chapter 3
- 4. Liability Created by the Sale of Food, Beverage and Lodging Accommodations (1 session)



# Management action to avoid liability claims Chapter 4

5. Reasonable Care: Relation to Potential Operator
Liability (1 session)
Explanation of defenses for liability claims
for injuries to patrons or their property
Chapter 5

6. Federal, State and Local Regulations Affecting Employee Selection and Supervision (1 session)

Employer rights and restrictions in handling employee encounters

Chapter 6

7. Federal, State and Local Regulations Affecting Employees (1 session)
Insurance

Occupational health Safety

Income tax

Employer rights in dealing with employee benefits Chapter 7

- 8. Mid-Term Examination and Project Presentation (1 session)
- 9. Crimes Against Hospitality Operators (1 session)
  Committed by customers, trespassers and employees
  Measures for maintaining security
  Chapter 8
- 10. Contracts Commonly Found in the Hospitality Industry (1 session)

  Tests for legality, validity and enforceability of contracts
  Chapter 9
- 11. Property Ownership and Franchising (1 session)
  Acquisition
  Legal rights
  Responsibilities
  Restrictions
  Chapter 10
  Franchising
  Advantages, disadvantages
  Rights and obligations
  Anti-trust laws
  Chapter 11
- 12. Advantages and Disadvantages of Sole Proprietorships,
  Partnerships, Corporations, Non-profit and Not-for-profit
  Organizations (1 session)
  Chapter 12
- 13. Bankruptcy (1 session)
  Purpose, forms
  Rights and restrictions
  Reorganization
  Corporate reorganization uner Chapter 11
  Debt adjustment under Chapter 13



### Chapter 13

14. Federal and State Court Systems (1 session)
Structure
Jurisdiction
Out-of-court settlements
Compromise, arbitration, mediation
Chapter 14. 15

15. Lawyer Selection (1 session)
Types of lawyers
Fee payment
Obligations and benefits
Chapter 16

16. Final Examination (1 session)

Method of Instruction: Primarily classroom lectures augmented by guest presentations, films and tours.

Method of Evaluation:	Mid-term Examination Quizzes, special assignments Attendance, participation	20% 30 20
	Final Examination	30
	Total	100\$

May 20, 1987 pvd

### CHICAGO HOSPITALITY INSTITUTE

### SYLLABUS OUTLINE

Course Title:

HI 231 - Marketing for the Hospitality Industries

Catalog Description:

Study of marketing of hospitality products and services to meet consumer needs. Concentration on available marketing tools - pricing, advertising, personnel selling, sales promotion, public relations, channels of distribution. Emphasis on role of market research in identifying needs and tailoring product offerings to enhance consumer satisfaction and profit.

Prerequisite:

HI 104 - Introduction to the Hospitality Industries, HM 102 - Hotel-Motel Sales Promotion or FSA 120 -Foodservice Merchandising and six (6) credit hours in the fields of Hotel-Motel Management, Meeting and Convention Planning, Foodservice Administration or Travel-Tourism or Consent of Program Coordinator.

Credit/Contact Hours:

Three (3) credit hours; three (3) contact hours

Schedule:

Class duration - one semester

Clientele Served:

Students preparing for or considering careers in the Hospitality industries; current Hospitality industry employees seeking to broaden their knowledge and qualifications; students in AAS and Certificate programs in Hotel-Motel Management, Foodservice Administration, Meeting and Convention Planning or Travel-Tourism.

Objectives:

At the conclusion of this course students should be able to:

- 1. Identify the key aspects of the hospitality industry
- Focus upon and delineate the various "publics" or types of customers which the industry attempts to serve profitably.
- Understand the various wants and needs of these individual market segments.
- 4. Appreciate the various marketing tools available.
- Understand the vital role that planning based on market research plays in the successful direction of firms in the hospitality industry.



Method of Instruction: Primarily classroom lectures augmented by group case discussions. Presentations by industry professionals when

applicable.

Method of Evaluation:

Lectures/Group Case

Discussion

95%

57 1007

25

December 13, 1989 sml

## CHICAGO HOSPITALITY INSTITUTE

## SYLLABUS OUTLINE

Course Title:

FSA 289 - Managing a Foodservice Operation

Catalog Description:

Study of the practical application of management principles in the day-to-day operation of a foodservice establishment. The course uses a case study approach to explore various available means to control expense: food and labor cost, operating expense, with focus on financial statements as a management tool. Particular attention is given to personnel management, including establishment of standards of

productivity and employee discipline.

Prerequisite:

HI 104 - Introduction to the Hospitality Industries, HI 269 -Principles of Management in the Hospitality Industries and six (6) credit hours in the field of Foodservice Administration or

Consent of Program Coordinator.

Credit/Contact Hours:

Three (3) credit hours; three (3) contact hours

Schedule:

Class duration - one semester

lientele Served:

Students preparing for a management career in the foodservice industry who are familiar with principles of management and accounting concepts, and who have an overview of the challenges specific to the environment of the foodservice operation.

Objectives:

At the conclusion of this course, the student should be able to:

- 1. Understand fully the multiple responsibilities and challenges of foodservice management.
- 2. Apply principles of personnel management to the day-to-day handling of employees.
- 3. Become proficient in the handling of financial statements for analysis and decision-making purposes.
- 4. Develop a methodology through case studies whereby challenges and problems in the workplace are anticipated rather than reacted upon.

Method of Instruction: Lectures and class discussions based on case studies.

1007

December 18, 1989 sml



## CHICAGO HOSPITALITY INSTITUTE

## SYLLABUS OUTLINE

Course Title:

CWE 105 - Business Technologies

Catalog Description:

The concept of cooperative education, which combines classroom theory and practical on-the-job experience. This course has been designed to provide Chicago Hospitality Institute students with employment skills as a concurrent and integral part of their individually chosen educational

programs.

Prerequisite:

HI 104 - Introduction to the Hospitality Industries and twelve (12) credit hours in the fields of Hotel-Motel

Management, Foodservice Administration Meeting and Convention

Planning or Travel-Tourism or Consent of Program

Coordinator.

Credit/Contact Hours:

Six (6) credit hours; two (2) credit hours, classroom seminars and four (4) credit hours for work component

Schedule:

Class duration - one semester

Clientele Served:

Students preparing for or considering careers in the Hospitality industries; current hospitality industry employees seeking to broaden their knowledge and qualifications; students in AAS and certificate programs in Hotel-Motel Management, Foodservice Administration, Meeting and Convention Planning and Travel-Tourism.

Objectives:

At the conclusion of this course, students should able to:

1. Develop, organize and prepare a professional resume and accompanying letter of introduction.

2. Apply the concepts of successful interviewing

practices.

3. Analyze a prospective job objectively and with particular attention and concern for those details that may be decisive factors in determining subsequent on-the-job satisfaction for both the employee and employer.

4. List the elements of job success and the criteria for self-assessment, from pre-established performance-based objectives, of one's own on-the-job

performance.

5. Identify sources of employment as they relate to

individual job search efforts.



Method of Instruction: Classroom lectures and discussions, job interview simulations and role play, preparation of a co-op workbook, independent research assignments, student counsiling sessions with employment manager, student conferences.

25% Lecture/Discussion Method of Evaluation:

Job interview/Role playing/ Research/Student Conferences/

Counseling/Work book 75% 100%

December 13, 1989 sml



# Kanagement ...

	SEMESTER 1	SEMESTER 2
Assectate in Applied Science Bogree (65 credit hours)	M 104—Introduction to the Hospitality Industries (3 hours)  MM 102—Hotel-Motel Sales Promotion (3 hours)  FSS 222—Foodservice Sanitation (2 hours)  BUS 101—Fundamentals of Accounting (3 hours)  EMG 101—Composition (3 hours)  General Education Elective (3 hours)	HI 131—Hospitality Industry Accounting (3 hours) HM 102—Food and Beverage Supervision (3 hours) HM 201—Front Office Management (3 hours) CWE 101—Cooperative Education Exploration (3 hours) DP 109—Microcomputer Applications for Business (3 hours)
Advanced Certificate— Front Office Management (30 credit hours)	HI 104—Introduction to the Hospitality Industries (3 hours) ENG 101—Composition (3 hours) SP 101—Fundamentals of Speech Communication (3 hours)	HI 131—Hospitality Industry Accounting (3 hours) HIM 201—Front Office Management (3 hours)
Basic Certificate— Frent Office Operations (15 credit hours)	HI 104—Introduction to the Hospitality Industries (3 hours) SP 101—Fundamentals of Speech Communication (3 hours)	Nanagement (3 hours)
Basic Certifi, ate— Housekeeping and Reems Bivision Management (15 credit hours)	## 104—Introduction to the Hospitality Industries (3 hours) SP 101—Fundamentals of Speech Communication (3 hours)	HM 201—Front Office Management (3 hours)
Basic Certificate— Sales/Marketing (15 credit hours)	HI 104—Introduction to the Hospitality Industries (3 hours) SP 101—Fundamentals of Speech Communication (3 hours)	CWE 101—Cooperative Education Exploration (3 hours)

SEMESTER 3	SEMESTER 4	
H 205—Hospitality Industry Purchasing (3 hours) H 269—Principles of Management in the Hospital- ity Incustries (3 hours) H 271—Hospitality Industry Personnel Management and Training (3 hours) HM 203—Rooms Division Management (3 hours) MCM 107—Introduction to Meeting and Convention Management (3 hours)	H 211—Hospitality Industry Law (3 hours) H 231—Marketing for the Hospitality Industries (3 hours) CWE 105—Business Technologies (6 hours) General Education Electives (Two courses, 3 hours each)	Associate in Applied Science Begree (65 credit hours)
M 269—Principles of Management in the Hospitality Industries (3 hours) MM 203—Rooms Division Management (3 hours)	HI 211—Hospitality Industry Law (3 hours) CWE 105—Business Technologies (6 hours)	Advanced Certificate— Frent Office Management (30 credit hours)
<b>CWE 101</b> —Cooperative Education Exploration (3 hours)	HI 211—Hospitality Industry Law (3 hours)	Basic Certificate— Frent Office Operations (15 credit hours)
HM 203—Rooms Division Management (3 hours) CWE 101—Cooperative Education Exploration (3 hours)		Basic Certificate— Housekeeping and Reems Bivisien Management (15 credit hours)
HM 102—Hotel-Motel Sales Promotion (3 hours)	HI 231—Marketing for the Hospitality Industries (3 hours)	Basic Certificate—Sales/Marketing (15 credit hours)

Consult program coordinator for individual course sequence approval.





The above is a suggested course sequence.

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#### CHICAGO HOSPITALITY INSTITUTE

## SYLLABUS OUTLINE

Course Title:

HI 104 - Introduction to the Hospitality Industries

Catalog Description:

Examination of the multi-disciplinary fields which comprise the hospitality industries: Hotel-Motel, Foodservice, Travel-Tourism; history and organization of the hospitality industries, with emphasis on career opportunities, economic projections and industry trends.

Prerequisite:

Eligibility for English 101 - Composition or Consent of Program Coordinator.

Credit/Contact Hours:

Three (3) credit hours; three (3) contact hours

Schedule:

Class duration - one semester

Clientele Served:

Students preparing for or considering a career in the Hospitality Industries; current Hospitality Industry employees seeking to broaden their knowledge and qualifications; students in AAS and Certificate programs in Hotel-Motel Management, Foodservice Administration, Travel-Tourism.

Textbooks:

Introduction to Management in the Hospitality Industry, Third Edition, Thomas F Powers, John Wiley & Sons, 1988

Objectives:

At the conclusion of this course, students should be able to:

- Define hospitality as it pertains to the three component industries and the advantages of a "hospitality approach" to guests and to industry employees.
- 2. Trace the history and development of each hospitality industry from its beginning to the present, with emphasis on key events in industry development.
- 3. Describe the internal organization and services provided by each hospitality industry, and in units of each industry, as well as principal interrelationships among the industries.
- 4. Identify major career ladders within the hospitality industries and describe their principal duties, responsibilities, training and experience requirements.
- 5. Describe current and projected industry and economic trends and their effect on career opportunities in each industry.
- 6. Identify specific industry careers.



## Units of Instruction: 1. Introduction (1 session) Chapter 1

- A. Introduction to the Chicago Hospitality Institute-Purpose, divisions, procedures (grading, withdrawal etc.) Personnel Presentation of course objections and introductions to hospitality and its historical and current role
- B. Introduction to the hospitality industry
   Define and past history
   Why we study hospitality
   Divisions in hospitality-foodservice, lodging,
   travel & tourism.
   Growth of the hospitality industry and factors
   affecting growth
- Career paths and opportunites. Growth patterns and projections in the hospitality industries employment projections and opportunities, jobs and careers
- 2. Studying and Time Management (1 session)
  - A. Time Management
    Why we need to control time
    Getting control
    Organizing
    Fitting everything in
  - B. Study Skills and test taking
    Attitude
    Hearing us listening
    Taking notes
    How to study
    Taking tests
- 3. Hotel-Motel Industry Chapters 6,7,8,9
  - A. History, size, scope, importance; introduction to hotel-motel operations

    History of innkeeping

    Business philosophy, psychology

    Human relations

    House division and organization

    Role of the General Manager and Resident

    Manager

    Front Office organization, procedures,

    staff

    Special areas bell stand, switchboard,

    security
  - B. The Hotel as a Business
  - C. Hotel Organization
    Functions of job divisions
    Credit policies cashiers, billing and guest
    transactions

Sales - organization, duties of sales
department, including duties and
procedures, types of sales, marketing,
advertising and public relations
Food and beverage organization - functions of
kitchen, dining room, catering, room

Staffing
Menu planning
Purchasing
Receiving
Equipment and service
Housekeeping and engineering - organization,
functions and duties

D. Executive Housekeeper
Chief engineer
Linen room
Laundry
Supplies
Maintenance and engineering functions and
service

E. Accounting

Functions and duties Staffing and operation Controller, bookkeeper, night auditor, reports

Special topics
Summer and ski resorts
Marinas
Casinos
Cruise ships
Health spas
Employment outlook

## 4. Foodservice Industry-Chapters 2,3,4,5

- A. History, size, scope, projections. Definition of fast food industry, coffee shops, family restaurants. Atmosphere specialty operations. History of "food away from home" and organization of the industry with commercial and institutional focus. Projections, industry trends and opportunities for employment
- B. Foodservice as business
   C. Organizations, divisions of jobs, contact feeding and vending business and industry, school and college, health-care, recreation foodservice, catering
- D. Industry trends, projections, and growth opportunities for employment. Organization of chains and individual operations. The front and back of the house, departmental organization, functions, staffing
- E. Beverage Management- DUI legislation, spirits, wines, service and control
- 5. Travel-Tourism-Chapters 10,11,12
  A. Modes of transportation bri
  - A. Modes of transportation brief history and definition, economic impact of tourism, especially in Chicago and Illinois Careers in travel

Economic expectations Duty expectations Diversity of careeer directions Ethics and professionalism Skills needed for success Specifics of instructor's career Distribute syllabus including city and carrier codes to memorize

B. Specific career directions Food and catering Travel agency employment Car rental industry Cruise line employment Support industries Trains and bus lines Sales and Marketing careers

Assign written project - should include an opinion section as well as research and creativity Begin learning project, instructor's selection within these guidelines:

> Achieveable skill for all students Low cost - not requiring investment in a textbook

Suitable for classroom study Suitable for inclusion in final examination

C. Resources and tools used in travel-tourism Tourist offices Maps, atlas Official Airline Guides Newspapers Brochures, Edvertising

Wholesalers

Computer reservations systems

D. How travel agencies operate

Legalities

Ethics

Generating business and retaining accounts Specialization within the agency Accounting functions

Interaction with co-workers and suppliers A typical day in an agency - walk-through

E. Review, discuss and answer questions about project

Method of Instruction: Classroom lectures by a team of three industry-experienced professionals, supplemented by group discussions, field trips and special presentations by guest industry leaders.

Method of Evaluation:

Hotel-Motel Section 33.37 Poodservice Section 33.3 Travel-Tourism Section 33.3 Total 100.07

Each section instructor has the option to design the method of evaluation; grade determination must include attendance, homework and/or projects and quizzes as components of the grading structure.

#### CHICAGO HOSPITALITY INSTITUTE

## SYLLABUS OUTLINE

Course Title:

HM 102 - Hotel Motel Sales Promotion

Catalog Description:

Introduction to marketing and professional selling;

evaluating selling techniques; organization and functions of

hotel sales departments.

Prerequisite:

HI 104 - Introduction to the Hospitality Industries or

concurrent enrollment in HI 104 or Consent of

Program Coordinator.

Credit/Contact Hours:

Three (3) credit hours; three (3) contact hours

Schedule:

Class duration - one semester

Clientele Served:

Students preparing for or considering careers in the Hotel-Motel industry; current Hotel-Motel industry employees seeking to broaden their knowledge and qualifications;

students in AAS and Certificate programs in Hotel-Motel

Management.

tbook:

Hospitality Sales and Advertising, James R. Abbey, The Educational Institute of the American Hotel & Motel

Association, 1989.

Objectives:

At the conclusion of this course, students should be able to:

Understand selling and sales techniques.

2. Understand the sales person's role in the marketing process, including planning and setting goals in line with the hotel's revenue needs.

Develop and practice effective sales techniques and acquire knowledge of the product, the market and the

competition.

4. Utilize advertising, promotion, public relations, outside resources and consultants as part of the sales effort.

Units of Instruction:

1. General Background, Hotel Industry (1 session)

Terminology - Hotel, Sales

Discussion of the interrelation of hotel departments-

General Manager

Front Office and Reservations

Back of the House Food and Beverage

Div. I, Chapter 1, 21



## 2. Marketing Overview and Plan (3 sessions)

Who is the market
Analyze the product
Know the competition
Writing a basic sales plan
Presenting plan to class
Assignment of sales tasks in department
Producing the final plan
Keeping the plan current
Chapters 3, 18, 19, 23

## 3. Consumer Approach to Selling (1 session)

Examining the customer and his needs Business travelers
Leisure business
Groups and tours
Government and education employees
Conventions and meetings

Selling other services
Banquets and parties
Chapters 3, 19, 20, 21, 22

## 4. Sales Techniques (2 sessions)

Personal selling Planning Customer call Meeting new business Follow-up

Handling disadvantages Plitzing Direct mail programs

Prepare letter
Telephone work
In-class demonstrations and mock presentations
Div. II, Chapters 7, 23

## 5. Understanding Hotel Finances (1 session)

Fixed costs and obligations
Budget analysis
Budget planning, Sales Department
Revenue and profit goals
Productivity emphasis
Div. I, Chapters 2, 5

6. Advertising, Promotions and Public Relations (2 sessions)

Advertising plan
Media selection
Television, print, radio
Work with agencies
Sales input into program

Promotions
Special events in and outside hotel

Public Relations Getting the story out Problem solving

Using these tools for selling Chapters 7, 8, 12, 16

7. Travel Agents (1 session)

Selling to them Chapter 14

8. Field Survey of the Competition (2 sessions)

Rates
Services
Quality of product
Review and discuss in class
In-class presentation of student's sales plans
Chapters 3, 7, 22

9. Food and Beverage Analysis (2 sessions)

Banquets
Bar and lounge promotions
Chapters 3, 4, 23, Div. V

10. Other Aids to Selling (1 session)

Contract agencies
Tourism and Convention Bureaus
Memberships
Consultants
Chapters 13, 15, 17, 24, 25

wethod of Instruction: Text and outside reading, lecture, discussion, student presentations, field visits and guest lectures.

Method of Evaluation:	Quizzes, written assignments,	
•	outside readings	15%
	Mid-term Examination	10
	Projects	35
	Class participation and attendance	20
	Final Examination	20
	Total	100%

August 14, 1989 sml

## CHICAGO HOSPITALITY INSTITUTE

## SYLLABUS OUTLINE

Course Title:

FSS 222 - Foodservice Sanitation

Catalog Description:

Sanitation in preparation and service of food; sanitation chemicals, equipment and materials; ordinances and inspection

procedures to ensure sanitary dispensing of food.

Prerequisite:

Eligibility for English 101 - Composition or Consent of

Program Coodinator.

Credit/Contact Hours:

Two (2) credit hours; two (2) contact hours

Schedule:

Class duration - ten weeks

Clientele Served:

Students preparing for or considering a career in the Hospitality industries; current hospitality industry employees seeking to broaden their knowledge and

qualifications; students in AAS and certificate programs in

Foodservice Administration and Hotel-Motel Management.

Objectives:

At the conclusion of this course, students should be able to:

1. Define sanitation and sanitary conditions.

2. Identify the sanitation hazards present in foodservice establishments.

3. Outline control measures essential for sanitation and sanitary conditions.

4. Formulate preventative measures, ensuring a sanitary foodservice establishment.

5. Demonstrate this knowledge by receiving a score of 75% or above on the NIFI Sanitation Examination and successfully passing the classroom assignments and examinations.

Method of Instruction:

Lecture

80%

Audio Visual

20%

1007

December 15,1989 sml

## BUSINESS DEPARTMENT 1989 FALL SEMESTER SYLLABI

Chicago CITY-WIDE COLLEGE 226 W. Jackson Boulevard Chicago, IL 60606-6997

DEPARTMENT - 30

# BUSINESS 101 - FUNDAMENTALS OF ACCOUNTING

Credit Hours:

Three

Contact Hours:

Three

Course Length:

One Semester - 18 Weeks

Prerequisites:

Business 141 or Mathematics 111 or 140 or concurrent registration in one of those courses or satisfactory score on placement test or consent of department chairperson.

Catalog Description:

Introduction to general accounting. Includes journalizing, posting, trial balances, classification of accounts, columnar records, negotiable instruments, control accounts, adjustments, work sheets, financial statements and closing the books.

## Course Objectives:

- To examine accounting concepts and generally accepted accounting principles.
- 2. To explain accounting terminology.
- To examine the <u>sole proprietorship</u> and <u>corporate</u> forms of business and illustrate how accounting records and reports are prepared for these types of businesses.
- To explain how accounting records and financial reports are prepared for <u>service</u> and <u>merchandising</u> type businesses.
- To apply accounting principles to actual business situation by solving accounting problems in the textbook.



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## BUSINESS DEPARTMENT 1989 FALL SEMESTER SYLLABI

(Business 101 - continued)
Course Outline:

- General discussion of the scope of accounting and the specialized areas within accounting, such as taxes, auditing, cost accounting, financial accounting.
- 2. Balance Sheet equation.
- 3. Business Entity Concept and Cost Principle.
- Preparation of Income Statement, Capital Statement and Balance Sheet.
- Preparation of journal entries for service and merchandising companies.
- Adjusting journal entries for service and merchandising companies.
- Closing journal entries for service and merchandising companies.
- Preparation of worksheets. The use of worksheets to prepare financial statements and closing entries.
- Business transactions which are unique to a merchandising type business. Ledger accounts used to record these transactions.
- 10. Cash discounts and trade discounts.
- 11. Special journals.
- 12. Control accounts and subsidiary ledgers.
- Accounts receivable and estimating uncollectible accounts expense.
- 14. Interest-bearing and noninterest-bearing notes. How debtor and creditor record these types of notes on their records.
- 15. Use of Voucher System to improve control over cash payments within a business.
- 16. Bank reconciliation.
- 17. Operation of a petty cash fund.
- 18. Payroll taxes. Journal entries to record payroll taxes on the books of the company.



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## BUSINESS DEPARTMENT 1989 FALL SEMESTER SYLLABI

# (Business 101 - continued)

## Clientele for Course:

- Students majoring in accounting (Associate in Applied Science Degree in Accounting) or students seeking the Basic or Advanced Certificate in Accounting.
- Other business majors or data processing majors.
- Individuals employed in business who wish to improve their accounting knowledge.
- Other persons wishing to acquire additional information about accounting and how it relates to their job and career.

# Methods of Evaluating Student Performance:

- 1. Three 50 minute exams covering the following chapters:
  - a. Test #1 Chapters 1-3
  - b. Test #2 Chapter 4, 5, 6
  - c. Test #3 Chapters 7, 8, 9, 12
- Final exam on all ten chapters covered in the course.

# Type of Instruction Used:

- 1. Lecture
- Class discussion of accounting problems assigned for homework.
- Use of overhead projector to show author's solution to the accounting problems in the text.

#### Textbooks:

Accounting Principles, 15th edition, 1987, by Fess/Warren, South-Western Publishing Company

Working Papers for Chapter 1-14

Practice Set I - Blanks and Business Papers - Top Ten Sporting Goods Company.



# CHICAGO CITY-WIDE COLLEGE CITY COLLEGES OF CHICAGO

## Syllabus

#### ENGLISH 101 COMPOSITION

Course Description:

This course is designed to develop skills in the reading and writing of expository essays, with emphasis on description, narrative, cause and effect, and argument.

Text:

The Little, Brown Handbook Patterns of Exposition

Webster's New World Dictionary or other recent

dictionary

Roget's College Thesaurus (optional)

Objectives:

Students will improve their abilities to analyze works of prose, with special attention purpose, meaning, style, structure, and methods of imagery and argument. Students will develop their own topics into thesis statements and be able to produce a finished essay.

## Units of Instruction:

Week 1

Importance of written communication, titles, manuscript form, basic format, impromptu writing. LBH 108-115 LBH 266-270

Week 2

Basic sentence, recognition of subject and verb, end punctuation, topic sentence development, subject verb agreement LBH 163-170, writing process, LBH 46-49, POE 273-279

Week 3

Paragraph development and organization with emphasis on transitions LBH 62-64, sentence fragment LBH 184-189, sentence combining and coordination conjunctions LBH 134-136 punctuation in compound sentence and series LBH 271-273 279-281, POE 289-294

Week 4

Narrative paragraph, revision activities, run-on sentence, comma splice, verb phrase, semicolon LBH 289-295, POE 249-257

Week 5

Descriptive paragraph, sentence combining-subordination LBH 121-134 punctuation of restrictive and non-restrictive clauses LBH 275-277, POE 176-181

Week 6

Process analysis paragraph, verb phrase, pronoun agreement LBH 170-173, POE 168-176

Week 7

Midterm Exam, basic essay structure and introductory paragraph LBH 19-27, noun clause, tense LBH 155-159, POE 107-112

Week 8

Comparison and Contrast LBH 72-23, adjective and adverb, apostrophe LBH 297-301, noun plural, POE 90-98



Week	9	Dangling modifier LBH 215-217, parallelism LBH 240-246, essay beginnings, POE 74-83.
Week	10	Classification paragraph LBH 70-71. POE 48-51.
Week	11	Essay endings, capitalization LBH 320-326, quotations LBH 301-309, POE 20-29.
Week	12	Business formats letters and memos LBH 476-479, POE 297-303.
Week	13	Methods of developmentinduction and deduction LBH 100-102, POE 311-316.
Week	14	Methods of developmentSpecial effects.
Week	15	Methods of development part 2
Week.	16	Review of development strategies

# CHICAGO HOSPITALITY INSTITUTE

## SYLLABUS OUTLINE

Course Title:

HI 131-Hospitality Industry Accounting

Catalog Description:

Study of specific applications of basic accounting principles for the hospitality industry. Includes analysis and interpretation of financial statements, food, beverage and

labor cost control, ratio analysis.

Prerequisite:

HI 104 - Introduction to the Hospitality Industries and Business 101 - Fundamentals of Accounting or Consent of Program Coordinator.

Credit/Contact Hours:

Three (3) credit hours; three (3) contact hours

Schedule:

Class duration - one semester

Clientele Served:

Students preparing for or considering a career in the Hospitality Industries; current Hospitality Industry employees seeking to broaden their knowledge and

qualifications; students in AAS and Certificate programs in

Hotel-Motel Management, Foodservice Administration,

or Travel-Tourism.

Textbook:

Hospitality Management Accounting, Second Edition, Micheal M. Coltman, CBI Publishing Company, Inc., 1982

Objectives:

At the conclusion of this course, students should be able to:

1. Accurately interpret a financial Statement.

2. Accurately price room, food, beverage and labor costs.

3. Make sound financial judgments based on an understanding of cash and cost management.

4. Understand and utilize benefits of good internal

controls.

Units of Instruction

1. Accounting Review (2 sessions)

A. Review of basic accounting principals, business entity concept, the going concern concept, the money

B. Explanation of calculating depreciation

Straight-line method
Declining balance method
Sum-of-the-year digits method.

Units of production method.

C. Explanation of the balance sheet

D. T-accounts, trial balance, and adjusting entries

# 2. Understanding Financial Statements (1 session)

- A. The main purpose of financial statements and the value of a uniform system of accounts
- B. Definition and application of direct and indirect expenses
- C. Define and calculate retained earnings

# 3. Analysis and Interpretation of Financial Statements (1 session)

- A. Balance sheet and income statement analysis comparative
- B. Average check, average cost and average income per quest
- C. Trend results

# 4. Ratio Analysis (1 session)

- A. Introduction of ratios value and usage
- B. Current liquidity ratios long term ratios

# 5. Internal Control (2 sessions)

- A. Definition and purpose of internal control
- B. Basic requirements and principles
- C. Definition and purpose of accounting documents used in internal control
- D. Petty cash
- E. Bank reconciliation

# 6. "Bottom Up" Pricing (1 session)

- A. Concept of net income as a form of cost
- B. Information necessary and calculation of average check, menu pricing, menu mix, turnover
- C. Information necessary and calculation of room rates, average room rate, occupancy level

# 7. Food, Beverage and Labor Cost Control (1 session)

- A. Inventory and requisition cards
- B. Standard recipes, standard portions, calculation of menu prices
- C. Jobs description, jobs evaluations and relation to labor cost control

# 8. Cost Management (1 session)

- A. Define major types of cost direct, indirect and discretionary costs
- B. Prorate indirect costs to operating departments
- C. Decisions based on knowledge of fixed and variable costs

# 9. CVP Approach (1 session or less)

- A. Definition of CVP Cost-Volume-Profit Analysis
- B. CVP equation applications in sales levels



## 10. Budgeting (1 session)

A. Definition, advantages and disadvantages of budgeting

B. Budget cycle theory and practical applications

C. Comparison of budgeted and actual income, costs and profit

## 11. Working Capital (1 session)

A. Definition of working capital

B. Sources and uses or working capital

C. Statement of changes in working capital

## 12. Cash Management (1 session)

A. Concept of cash flow and differences from net income

B. Cash disbursements, cash receipts, negative cash

C. Long and short term cash flow

D. Long and short term asset management

E. Discounted cash flow

Method of Instruction: Classroom lectures augmented by examples of actual financial documents. Presentation by industry professionals when applicable.

Method of Evaluation:

15% Mid-term Examination 25 Classroom Quizzes Homework, Special Assignments 25 10 Attendance 25 Final Examination 100% Total

Chapter Assignments

	Chapter Assignments
1.	One - Accounting Review
2.	One - Accounting Review
2. 3.	Two - Understanding Financial Statements
4.	Three - Analysis & Interpretation of Financial Statements
5.	Four - Ratio Analysis
6	Five - Internal Control
5. 6. 7. 8. 9.	Five - Internal Control
Ŕ	Mid-term Examination
<b>0.</b>	Six - Bottom Up Approach to Pricing
10.	Seven - Introduction to Food, Beverage & Labor Cost Control
11.	Eight - Cost Management
12.	Nine - CVP Approach to Decisions
13.	Ten - Budgeting
14.	Eleven - Working Capital
15.	Twelve - Cash Management
15.	Thirteen - Investment Decision
	Final Examination
16.	LIMI EXOMINACION

## CHICAGO HOSPITALITY INSTITUTE

## SYLLABUS OUTLINE

Course Title:

HM 103 - Food and Beverage Supervision

Catalog Description:

Overview of the food and beverage field within the context of of the hotel industry: examination of individual departments within the food and beverage operation of a hotel, their purpose, structure and food and beverage operation of a hotel; structure and interrelationships; special attention given to

current industry trends.

Prerequisite:

HI 104 - Introduction to the Hospitality Industries, concurrent

enrollment in HI 104 or Consent of Program Coordinator.

Credit/Contact Hours:

Three (3) credit hours; three (3) contact hours

Schedule:

Class duration - one semester

Clientele Served:

Students preparing for or considering a career in the Hotel-Motel or Meeting and Convention Planning industries; current Hotel-Motel and Meeting and Convention Planning industry employees seeking to broaden their knowledge and qualifications; students in AAS and Certificate programs.

Objectives:

At the conclusion of this course, students should be able to:

- 1. Provide students with a knowledge of the food and beverage industry.
- 2. Relate this knowledge to the operation of the food and beverage operation within a hotel context.
- 3. Study the history and current status of the industry.
- 4. Learn preparation techniques and equipment in relation to menu development, sanitation and safety, preparation and service of food.
- 5. Design and facilitate beverage control.

Method of Instruction: Classroom lectures, augmented by text and outside reading,

discussions, student presentations, field visits and guest

lecturers.

Method of Evaluation: Classroom lectures

70%

Text and outside reading,

student presentation, field visits and guest

lectures.

30% 100%

December 12, 1989 sml

#### CHICAGO HOSPITALITY INSTITUTE

## SYLLABUS OUTLINE

Course Title:

HM 201 - Front Office Management

Catalog Description:

Overview of the front office operation within the context of the hotel industry; understanding of the special problems of rooms division management of a hotel; labor costs, shortage

of qualified personnel, fluctuating occupancy, rate

resistance, handling of the hotel guest.

Prerequisite:

HI 104 - Introduction to the Hospitality Industries, concurrent enrollment in HI 104 or Consent of Program

Coordinator.

Credit/Contact Hours:

Three (3) credit hours; three (3) contact hours

Schedule:

Class duration - one semester

Clientele Served:

Students preparing for or considering careers in the Hotel-Motel industry; current Hotel-Motel industry employees seeking to broaden their knowledge and qualifications; students in AAS and Certificate programs in Hotel-Motel

Management.

Objectives:

At the conclusion of this course, students should be able to:

- 1. Understand front office duties, procedures and terms; utilize these as important links between staff, guests and adminstration.
- 2. Utilize projection techniques in rate, occupancy and staffing for productivity and cost control.
- 3. Establish and implement an effective guest service system.
- 4. Be familiar with office machinery and equipment in the department.

Method of Instruction: Classroom lectures, augmented by text and outside reading, on-site visits, class projects and discussion.

Method of Evaluation:

60% Lecture

Text and outside

20% reading

On site visits class projects

20% discussions 100Z Total

December 12, 1989 sml

## CHICAGO HOSPITALITY INSTITUTE

## SYLLABUS OUTLINE

Course Title:

CWE 101 - Cooperative Education Exploration

Catalog Description:

Career planning, job entry skills, guidance to assist students in exploring and assessing their interests. aptitudes and abilities for consideration of career goals; development of skills necessary for job search

success and job entry preparation.

Prerequisite:

HI 104 - Introduction to the Hospitality Industries and six (6) credit hours in the fields of Hotel-Motel Management, Meeting and Convention Planning Foodservice Administration or

Travel-Tourism or Consent of Program Coordinator.

Credit/Contact Hours:

Three (3) credit hours; three (3) contact hours

Schedule:

Class duration - one semester

Clientele Served:

Students preparing for or considering careers in the Hospitality industries; current Hospitality industry employees seeking to broaden their knowledge and qualifications; students in AAS and Certificate programs in Hotel-Motel Management, Foodservice Administration, Meeting and Convention Planning and

Travel-Tourism.

Objectives:

At the conclusion of the course students should be able to:

- 1. Develop an understanding and appreciation of self as this understanding pertains to present and future career goals.
- 2. Attain familiarity with hospitality industry career paths and entry level positions available; commensurate salary levels; potential for advancement.
- 3. Understand pre-employment skills needed to insure job search success and job entry preparation.
- 4. Demonstrate working knowledge of potential employment avenues through observation in specialized career settings.

Method of Instruction: Lecture/Discussions 50% 102 Industry Speakers 40% Student Research 100%

December 15, 1989 sml

Course Title:

Data Processing 109

Microcomputer Applications

Catalog

Description:

This course will provide the student with Business Applications Examples in the areas of Wordprocessing, Spreadsheets, & Database. Laboratory experience includes

software packages in these areas.

Credit hours:

Three Credit Hours

Clinetal:

Basic or Advanced Students pursuing Associate Certificates or Students desiring specific experience in Spreadsheets Wordprocessing,

Database Applications.

Learning to Use Wordperfect, Lotus 1-2-3, and dBase III plus by Shelley and Cashman c 1989 Boyd and Fraser Publishing Co.

Course Objectives:

To provide background and experience in functional areas of Business main Applications include Microcomputing. Wordprocessing, Spreadsheets & Database. give students experience specific Business projects involving Applications.

#### CHICAGO HOSPITALITY INSTITUTE

## SYLLABUS OUTLINE

Course Title:

HI 205 - Hospitality Industry Purchasing

Catalog Description:

Study of the organization and administration of quantity purchasing policies and procedures; specifications, inventory, buying, receiving and issuing of items used in

hospitality operations.

Prerequisite:

HI 104 - Introduction to the Hospitality Industries and six (6) credit hours in the fields of Hotel-Motel Management, Foodservice Administration, Meeting and Convention Planning or Travel-Tourism or Consent of Program Coordinator.

Credit/Contact Hours:

Three (3) credit hours; three (3) contact hours

Schedule:

Class duration - one semester

Clientele Served:

Students preparing for or considering careers in the Hospitality industries; current Hospitality industry employees seeking to broaden their knowledge and qualifications; students in AAS and certificate programs in Hotel-Motel Management, Meeting and Convention Planning or Foodservice Administration.

extbooks:

Purchasing: Selection and Procurement for the Hospitality Industry, Second Edition, John M. Stefanelli, John Wiley & Sons 1985

Objectives:

At the conclusion of this course, students should be able to:

- 1. Identify the purchasing function from the viewpoint of management.
- 2. Be aware of channels of distribution, ethics, buying techniques, specification writing and purchasing.

Units of Instruction:

- 1. History of Purchasing (1 session)
  - A. Differences among hospitality operations
  - B. Purchasing, selection, procurement
- 2. Sources of Products and Services (1 session)
  - A. Buyer's position in channels of distribution
  - B. Determining optional values and supplier services
  - C. Forces affecting the distribution system



- 3. Purchasing Function Objectives and Problems (1 session)
  - A. Organization and administration of purchasing
  - B. Buyer's job specification and job description
  - C. Interaction with hospitality unit's personnel Review Assignment 1
- 4. Specifications (1 session)
  - A. Who, what, why determines specification
  - B. Benefits and pitfalls of specification purchasing
  - C. Optional inventory level
- 5. Purchase Price Influence on Buyers (1 session)
  - A. How to reduce price
  - B. Optional payment policy
  - C. Effects of too soon or too late
- 6. Locating Optional Suppliers for Ordering Procedures (1 session)
  - A. Buying plan relationships of supplier buyer, salesperson buyer ordering procedures
  - B. Purchase orders change orders
- 7. Receiving Procedures (1 session)
  - A. Essentials invoices through satisfactory records to keep receiving costs low
  - B. Good storage management
  - C. Security problems
  - D. Planned placement for rotation (FIFO)
- 8. Mid-term Examination and Project Presentation (1 session)
- Produce, fresh, convenience items processed and other grocery items (1 session)
- 10. Dairy, Eggs, Poultry (1 session)
- 11. Meat and Fish (1 session)
- 12. Alcoholic/Non-Alcoholic Beverages (1 session)
- 13. Non-food Expense Items (1 session)
  - A. Selection factors of items used in food preparation
  - B. Cleaning supplies, china service, paper products and linen

14. Services (1 session)

Garbage disposal, Landscape, Snow Removal, Pest Control, Legal Bonding, Insurance, Advertising, Consulting

- 15. House items (1 session)
  - A. Trade periodicals and trade shows
  - B. Furniture/furnishing
  - C. Fabric items including carpeting, flooring

100%

- 16. Project Due and Term Review (1 session)
- 17. Final Examination (1 session)

Method of Instruction: Primarily classroom lectures augmented by films, tours and trade shows.

Method of Evaluation:	Mid-term Examination Final Examination Quizzes and special	20% 30
*	assignments	30
	Attendance	20

Total

vember 8, 1989 sml

## CHICAGO HOSPITALITY INSTITUTE

## SYLLABUS OUTLINE

Course Title:

HI 269 - Principles of Management in the Hospitality Industries

Course Description:

Application of basic management principles of human resource selection, motivation, training, direction and control in the hospitality industries. Consideration of the range of diverse employee talents which must efficiently blend if an industry operation is to compete and succeed financially. Specific treatment given to unique situations which challenge managers on a daily basis.

Prerequisite:

HI 104 - Introduction to the Hospitality Industries and six

(6) credit hours in the fields of Hotel-Motel

Management, Foodservice Administration, Meeting and

Convention Planning or Travel-Tourism or Consent of Program

Coordinator.

Credit/Contact Hours:

Three (3) credit hours; three (3) contact hours

Schedule:

Class duration - one semester

Clientele Served:

Students preparing for or considering careers in the Hospitality industries; current Hospitality industry employees seeking to broaden their knowledge and qualifications; students in AAS and Certificate programs in Hotel-Motel Management, Foodservice Administration, Meeting and Convention Planning or Travel-Tourism.

Objectives:

At the conclusion of this course, students should be able to:

- Understand the basic functions and terminology of management as related to the challenges of the hospitality industry.
- Acquire a knowledge of human wants and needs as a basis for the motivation of employees.
- 3. Appreciate the management tools that can be used to develop a cohesive work force with emphasis in the areas of employee recruitment, selection, training and development.
- 4. Recognize the need for handling disciplinary problems and employee grievances.
- 5. Develop an awareness of the boundaries imposed on management by employee unions and governmental regulations.

Students should have a basic grasp of the terminology and practical working concepts particular to the hospitality industry. Such knowledge will facilitate the understanding of examples used in the classroom.

Method of Instruction: Lectures

Group Discussion 107
Industry Presentations 107
Total 1007

December 15, 1989 sml

#### CHICAGO HOSPITALITY INSTITUTE

## SYLLABUS OUTLINE

Course Title:

HI 271 - Hospitality Industry Personnel Management and

Training

Catalog Description:

Study of personnel management principles from the viewpoint

of a hospitality industry supervisor. Included is

consideration of effective recruitment, selection, training, placement, appraisal, discipline, and career development programs and techniques in actual hospitality operations.

Prerequisite:

HI 104 - Introduction to the Hospitality Industries and six (6) credit hours in the fields of Hotel-Motel Management, Foodservice Administration Meeting and Convention Planning

or Travel-Tourism or Consent of Program Coordinator.

Credit/Contact Hours:

Three (3) credit hours; three (3) contact hours

Schedule:

Class duration - one semester

Clientele Served:

Students preparing for or considering careers in the Hospitality industries; current Hospitality industry employees seeking to broaden their knowledge and qualifications; students in AAS and Certificate programs in Hotel-Motel Management, Foodservice Administration, Meeting and Convention Planning and

Travel-Tourism.

Objectives:

At the conclusion of the term the students will be able to:

- 1. Understand the role of a supervisor.
- 2. Set goals and objectives for themselves and their staff.
- 3. Know how to recruit, interview, select, and train employees.
- 4. Apply various methods of performance evaluation.
- 5. Understand the techniques of management.
- 6. Understand the current labor laws and their impact on the Hospitality industry.
- 7. Utilize progressive and constructive forms of discipline.

ethod of Instruction: Primarily classroom lectures augmented by group case

discussions. Presentations by industry professionals

when applicable.

Lectures Method of Evaluation:

10% Group Discussion

107 1007 Presentations

80%

December 13, 1989 sml

# CHICAGO HOSPITALITY INSTITUTE

## SYLLABUS OUTLINE

Course Title:

HM 203 - Rooms Division Management

Catalog Description:

Overview of Rooms Division Management, including hotel housekeeping, security and "back of the house" maintenance within the context of the hotel industry; Coordination of institutional housekeeping responsibilities; inclusive of scheduling and planning, budgeting, employee training

techniques.

Prerequisite:

HI 104 - Introduction to the Hospitality Industries or concurrent enrollment in HI 104 or Consent of Program

Coordinator.

Credit/Contact Hours:

Three (3) credit hours; three (3) contact hours

Schedule:

Class duration - one semester

Clientele Served:

Students preparing for or considering careers in the Hotel-Motel industry; current Hotel-Motel industry employees seeking to broaden their knowledge and qualifications; students in AAS and Certificate programs in Hotel-Motel Management.

Objectives:

At the conclusion of this course, students should be able to:

- 1. Understand the relationship of "back of the house" operations to other hotel departments, especially security, safety, front office and accounting.
- 2. Understand and utilize effective interviewing, hiring, and training procedures, and include them in a complete staff development plan.
- 3. Reduce records and paper work to a manageable level and use this information as a management tool.
- 4. Establish and maintain a departmental budget which is directly related to the overall cost control and profit goals of the hotel.
- 5. Select effective cleaning and maintenance supplies and equipment which best fit the tasks demanded.

Method of Instruction: Lecture

80Z

On-site facility

visits 107

Group Presentations 10%

Total 100%

Prember 18, 1989 sml

CITY COLLEGES OF CHICAGO

CHICAGO CITY-WIDE COLLEGE

CHICAGO HOSPITALITY INSTITUTE

## SYLLABUS OUTLINE

Course Title:

MCM 107 - Introduction to Meeting and Convention Management

Catalog description:

Effective meetings, conventions and exhibitions do not just happen: they are planned and managed. Study of the Meeting and Convention industry: the role and responsibilities of planners employed by associations, business and other segments of the industry: industry terminology; types of meetings and conventions and their objectives; career paths,

training programs and professional development.

Prerequisite:

HI 104 - Introduction to the Hospitality Industries or concurrent enrollment in HI 104 or Consent of Program

Coordinator.

Credit/Contact Hours: Three (3) credit hours: three (3) contact hours

Schedule:

Class duration - one semester

Clientele Served:

Students preparing for or considering careers in the Meeting and Convention industry; current industry employees desiring to broaden their knowledge and qualifications: students in AAS and Certificate programs.

Textbook:

How to Get Control of Your Time and Your Life Alan Lakein, Signet Publishing Company Selected readings, articles and other industry-published materials.

Objectives:

At the conclusion of this course, students should be able to:

- 1. Trace the history and development of the meeting and convention industry.
- 2. Identify the types of meeting and conventions and their objectives.
- 3. Identify the social and economic benefits derived from the meeting and convention industry.
- 4. Describe trends of the meeting and convention industry and the impact of other industries on meetings and conventions.
- 5. Define basic terminology of the industry.



- 6. Describe the role and responsibilities of meeting and convention planners within various organizations employed by associations, businesses and other segments of the industry.
- 7. Identify types of career paths in the industry.
- 8. Identify available resources, references and tools of the meeting planner.

- Units of Instruction: 1. History and development of the meeting and convention industry (1 session)
  - 2. Types of meetings and conventions: their related objectives (3 sessions)
    - A. Professional and trade associations
    - B. Fraternal/service associations
    - C. Medical/scientific associations
    - D. Educational organizations
    - E. Ethnic/religious organizations
    - F. Corporations
    - G. Labor unions
    - H. Continuing educations programs
    - I. Organizational/business meetings
    - J. Tradeshows
    - K. Training and development meetings
    - L. Sales/marketing meetings
    - M. Executive development
    - Management meetings N.
    - 0. Incentive programs
    - P. Social
    - Q. Stockholders' meetings
    - R. Division/distributor/dealer meetings
    - S. New product introductions
    - T. Incentive meetings
  - 3. Basic industry concepts (3 sessions)
    - A. Meeting profile/configuration
    - B. Geographic consideration
    - C. Time factors
    - D. Needs analysis
    - E. Preferred level of facility quality
    - F. Type of facility
    - G. Accessibility
    - H. Space requirements
    - I. Size of attendance
    - J. Meeting duration
    - K. Type and demographics of attendee
    - L. Labor conditions
  - 4. Meeting and convention terminology (2/3 session)
    - A. CLC glossary usage for standardization
    - B. Proper usage and abuses



- 5. Resources such as professional organizations (2/3 session)
- 6. References and tools 2/3 session)
  - A. Professional publications and periodicals
  - B. Personal management methods
- 7. Meeting planner's role within various organizations (1 session)
  - A. Association vs corporation
  - B. Profit center vs expense
  - C. Centralization vs decentralization
  - D. In-house vs external consultant
- 8. Social and economic benefits derived from the meeting and convention industry (1 session)
  - A. Related spinoff industries created
  - B. Reported revenues generated to various facilities and as well as related support services
- 9. Industry trends and influences (1 session)
- 10. Career paths available (1 session)
  - A. Entry level
  - B. Training and development
  - C. Desirable skills and personality traits
  - D. Helpful transferable skills
  - E. Hierarchy of positions within various organizations
  - F. Flexibility within the industry
- 11. The professional approach/attitude towards meetings and convention planning and servicing (1 session)
  - A. Personality traits
  - B. Determining and accommodating needs
  - C. Continued development

Method of Instruction: Primarily classroom lectures augmented by guest presentations, films, tours and visits to meetings, to conventions, exhibits.

Method of Evaluation

Class participation, Attendance	20%
Quizzes, Special Assignments	30
Mid-term Examination	20
Final Examination	30
	100%

Tebruary 3, 1989 sml

## CHICAGO HOSPITALITY INSTITUTE

## SYLLABUS OUTLINE

Course Title:

HI 211 - Hospitality Industry Law

Catalog Description:

Study of the legal aspects of management in the hospitality industries. Emphasis on practical applications of law in industry operation including those involved in employee relations, food and liquor liability, patron civil rights, security and federal, state and local regulations.

Credit/Contact Hours:

Three (3) credit hours, three (3) contact hours

Schedule:

Class duration - one semester

Clientele Served:

Students preparing for or considering a career in the Hospitality industries; current Hospitality industry employees seeking to broaden their knowledge and qualifications; students in AAS and Certificate programs in Hotel-Motel Management or Foodservice Administration.

Textbook:

Legal Aspects of Foodservice Management, John E. H. Sherry, First Edition, William C. Brown Publishing Co., 1984

Objectives:

At the conclusion of this course, students should be able to:

1. Define hospitality related laws.

2. Identify the types of hospitality establishments the law governs.

3. Outline the rights and responsibilities which the law creates to protect both hospitality operators and

4. Formulate preventative measures, avoiding legal entanglements.

Units of Instruction:

1. Introduction - History of Hospitality Law (1 session)
Overview
How law affects hospitality operators
Chapter 1

- Federal, State and Local Agencies (1 session)
   Areas where hospitality operators may be affected
   Chapter 2
- 3. Rights of Hospitality Operators (1 session)
  Admit or refuse patrons, responsibilities to avoid
  patron discrimination
  Development of reasonable, consistent house rules
  to insure reasonable enforcement, eliminating
  the possibility of civil rights discrimination
  Chapter 3
- Liability Created by the Sale of Food, Beverage and Lodging Accommodations (1 session)



# Management action to avoid liability claims Chapter 4

5. Reasonable Care: Relation to Potential Operator
Liability (1 session)
Explanation of defenses for liability claims
for injuries to patrons or their property
Chapter 5

6. Federal, State and Local Regulations Affecting Employee Selection and Supervision (1 session)
Employer rights and restrictions in handling employee encounters
Chapter 6

7. Federal, State and Local Regulations Affecting Employees (1 session)
Insurance

Occupational health
Safety
Income tax

Employer rights in dealing with caployee benefits Chapter 7

- 8. Mid-Term Examination and Project Presentation (1 session)
- 9. Crimes Against Hospitality Operators (1 session)
  Committed by customers, trespassers and employees
  Measures for maintaining security
  (hapter 8
- 10. Contracts Commonly Found in the Hospitality Industry (1 session)

  Tests for legality, validity and enforceability of contracts
  Chapter 9

11. Property Ownership and Franchising (1 session)
Acquisition
Legal rights
Responsibilities
Restrictions
Chapter 10
Franchising
Advantages, disadvantages
Rights and obligations
Anti-trust laws
Chapter 11

- 12. Advantages and Disadvantages of Sole Proprietorships,
  Partnerships, Corporations, Non-profit and Not-for-profit
  Organizations (1 session)
  Chapter 12
- 13. Bankruptcy (1 session)
  Purpose, forms
  Rights and restrictions
  Reorganization
  Corporate reorganization uner Chapter 11
  Debt adjustment under Chapter 13



# Chapter 13

14. Federal and State Court Systems (1 session)
Structure
Jurisdiction
Out-of-court settlements
Compromise, arbitration, mediation
Chapter 14. 15

15. Lawyer Selection (1 session)
Types of lawyers
Fee payment
Obligations and benefits
Chapter 16

16. Final Examination (1 session)

Method of Instruction: Primarily classroom lectures augmented by guest presentations, films and tours.

Method of Evaluation:	Mid-term Examination Quizzes, special assignments Attendance, participation Final Examination Total	20% 30 20 30 100%
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May 20, 1987 pvd

## CHICAGO HOSPITALITY INSTITUTE

## SYLLABUS OUTLINE

Course Title:

HI 231 - Marketing for the Hospitality Industries

Catalog Description:

Study of marketing of hospitality products and services to meet consumer needs. Concentration on available marketing tools - pricing, advertising, personnel selling, sales promotion, public relations, channels of distribution. Emphasis on role of market research in identifying needs and tailoring product offerings to enhance consumer satisfaction and profit.

Prerequisite:

HI 104 - Introduction to the Hospitality Industries, HM 102 - Hotel-Motel Sales Promotion or FSA 120 -Foodservice Merchandising and six (6) credit hours in the fields of Hotel-Motel Management, Meeting and Convention Planning, Foodservice Administration or Travel-Tourism or Consent of Program Coordinator.

redit/Contact Hours:

Three (3) credit hours; three (3) contact hours

Schedule:

Class duration - one semester

Clientele Served:

Students preparing for or considering careers in the Hospitality industries; current Hospitality industry employees seeking to broaden their knowledge and qualifications; students in AAS and Certificate programs in Hotel-Motel Management, Foodservice Administration, Meeting and Convention Planning or Travel-Tourism.

Objectives:

At the conclusion of this course students should be able to:

- 1. Identify the key aspects of the hospitality industry
- Focus upon and delineate the various "publics" or types of customers which the industry attempts to serve profitably.
- Understand the various wants and needs of these individual market segments.
- 4. Appreciate the various marketing tools available.
- 5. Understand the vital role that planning based on market research plays in the successful direction of firms in the hospitality industry.

Method of Instruction: Primarily classroom lectures augmented by group case discussions. Presentations by industry professionals when

applicable.

Method of Evaluation:

Lectures/Group Case

Discussion

95%

5% 100%

25

December 13, 1989 sml



## CHICAGO HOSPITALITY INSTITUTE

## SYLLABUS OUTLINE

Course Title:

CWE 105 - Business Technologies

Catalog Description:

The concept of cooperative education, which combines classroom theory and practical on-the-job experience. This course has been designed to provide Chicago Hospitality Institute students with employment skills as a concurrent and integral part of their individually chosen educational

programs.

Prerequisite:

HI 104 - Introduction to the Hospitality Industries and twelve (12) credit hours in the fields of Hotel-Motel

Management, Foodservice Administration Meeting and Convention

Planning or Travel-Tourism or Consent of Program

Coordinator.

Credit/Contact Hours:

Six (6) credit hours; two (2) credit hours, classroom seminars and four (4) credit hours for work component

Schedule:

Class duration - one semester

Clientele Served:

Students preparing for or considering careers in the Hospitality industries; current hospitality industry employees seeking to broaden their knowledge and qualifications; students in AAS and certificate programs in Hotel-Motel Management, Foodservice Administration, Meeting and Convention Planning and Travel-Tourism.

Objectives:

At the conclusion of this course, students should able to:

- 1. Develop, organize and prepare a professional resume and accompanying letter of introduction.
- 2. Apply the concepts of successful interviewing practices.
- 3. Analyze a prospective job objectively and with particular attention and concern for those details that may be decisive factors in determining subsequent on-the-job satisfaction for both the employee and employer.
- 4. List the elements of job success and the criteria for self-assessment, from pre-established performance-based objectives, of one's own on-the-job performance.
- 5. Identify sources of employment as they relate to individual job search efforts.



Method of Instruction: Classroom lectures and discussions, job interview simulations and role play, preparation of a co-op workbook, independent research assignments, student counsiling sessions with employment manager, student conferences.

Method of Evaluation: Lecture/Discussion 25%
Job interview/Role playing/
Research/Student Conferences/
Counseling/Work book 75%

December 13, 1989 sml