DOCUMENT RESUME

ED 359 099 S0 022 813

AUTHOR Willauer, David O.

TITLE [KIDS Consortium and Related Materials.]

INSTITUTION Kids Consortium, Augusta, ME.

PUB DATE [92] NOTE 30p.

PUB TYPE Guides - Non-Classroom Use (055)

EDRS PRICE MF01/PC02 Plus Postage.

DESCRIPTORS *Citizen Participation; Community Development;

*Community Planning; Elementary Secondary Education;

Public Policy; *Student Volunteers; Youth

Opportunities; *Youth Programs

IDENTIFIERS *KIDS Consortium ME; *Maine

ABSTRACT

The KIDS Consortium is a private, non-profit organization that seeks to promote, facilitate, and institutionalize the involvement of children and youth in their communities in Maine. Kids as Planners, the central program of the KIDS Consortium, gives students the opportunity to become apprentice citizens by working with adult citizens in hands-on activities. These materials include newsletters, and journal and newspaper articles that describe the involvement of Maine youth in community planning through the Kids as Planners program and other programs. (DB)



U.S. DEPARTMENT OF EDUCATION
Office of Educational Research and Improvement EDUCATIONAL RESOURCES INFORMATION CENTER (ERIC)

This document has been reproduced as received from the person or organization originating it.

Minor changes have been made to improve reproduction quality

Points of view or opinions stated in this docu-ment do not necessarily represent official OERI position or policy

"PERMISSION TO REPRODUCE THIS MATERIAL HAS BEEN GRANTED BY

TO THE EDUCATIONAL RESOURCES INFORMATION CENTER (ERIC)."

E78 < CO 05 ERIC



KIDS Consortium - abstract by David O. Willauer, Project Coordinator

The KIDS (Kids Involved Doing Service) Consortium is a private, non-profit organization that seeks to promote, facilitate and institutionalize the involvement of children and youth in their communities. In pursuit of this goal the Consortium (1) provides technical assistance and educational materials to schools and communities, (2) publishes a quarterly newsletter, (3) conducts regular workshops for schools and communities, (4) conducts research into youth empowerment and provides program evaluations.

Kids as Planners, the central program of the KIDS Consortium, gives students an opportunity to become apprentice citizens using the town as the text. The apprenticeship model brings children together to work with citizens in hands on activities. Research into experiential learning has supported the fact that children learn best by doing.

The KIDS Consortium currently manages a pilot program in Bath, Maine, where 7 classes cf students from grades 3-12 are participating in sections of the city comprehensive planning process. There are 12 other Kids as Planners initiatives in Maine.

A powerful prevention model, Kids as Planners treats at-risk children without segregating or labeling them. Children who learn the skills needed to make a difference will develop attitudes and engage in behaviors which are empowering and constructive. An increased sense of capability, responsibility and respectability results in decreased rates of substance abuse and other problems such as dropping out and vandalism. The program increases the self-esteem of children, creates positive peer groups and encourages team activities within the community. Articles on the Kids as Planners program have been published in Insights (The Prevention Center, Boulder, Colorado), SADAMS (The Health Policy Report, Washington, D.C.) and the Generator (The National Service Leadership Center, Roseville, Minnesota).

Kids as Planners connects students with real community issues. Town planners and municipal officials can enhance their citizen participation by involving youth in the community comprehensive planning process. Planners bring relevance to the everyday classroom activities by including students in the process of evaluating issues such as future land use planning, developing maps and working with citizen committees and taking part in community service projects. Articles from planning publications include Kid Planners The American Planning Association Magazine, Chicago, Illinois), Kids as Planners (The Yankee Planner, New England Chapter of the APA), and Kids as Planners (MAP News, Maine Association of Planners).

Environmental educators support the Kids as Planners model as a means to raise community awareness of environmental issues and promote global stewardship. The Environmental Protection Agency has provided funding and support for the Kids as Planners program to develop pilot programs in two Casco Bay Estuary communities.



WHAT IS THE KIDS CONSORTIUM?

The KIDS (Kids Involved Doing Service) Consortium is a non-profit organization started in 1989 to develop and promote innovative programs that involve youth in activities such as the community planning process.

WHAT IS ITS MISSION?

The Kids Consortium seeks to involve students from K-12 in their communities. Studies show and research substantiates that children who learn the skills needed to make a difference in their town will develop attitudes and engage in behaviors which are empowering and constructive. Children are our most valuble resource: it is time we started treated them as such.

WHAT IS THE CENTRAL PROGRAM?

The central program, Kids as Planners, gives students opportunities to participate in community planning activities as apprentice citizens where the classroom is expanded to include the town. Working with members of their community, students work in teams on sections of their town plan and present their findings to the planning board and/or comprehensive plan conductee.

WHAT SERVICES DOES THE CONSORTIUM PROVIDE TO THE PUBLIC?

- 1) technical assistance to teachers, planners and interested citizens regarding the Kids as Planners program. We visit schools and communities interested in learning more about the program.
- 2) workshops to teachers and planners and interested citizens on a regional basis to train participants in methods of adapting the Kids as Planners process to existing school curricula.
- 3) a quarterly newsletter "pdating people on the status of pilot projects, recent press releases and new initiatives in other communities.

WHO CAN I CONTACT FOR MORE INFORMATION?

For more information on the KIDS Consortium and/or specific Kids as Planners initiatives, contact:

Marvin Rosenblum, Executive Director at 633-3152 or

David O. Willauer, Project Coordinator, at 289-6812

KIDS Consortium State House Station 130 Augusta, ME 207-624-6800 (office) 207-289-6810 (fax)



KIDS Consortium	PUBLICATIONS	1991-92
Publication	Date	Organization
Nexus	Winter 91	Office of Comprehensive Planning (ME)
Generator	Winter 91-2	National Service Leadership (MN)
Insights	Fall/Wtr 91	Prevention Center (CO)
Yankee Planner	Winter 92	NE American Planning Assoc. (VT)
Sabattus	1/27/92	Auburn local paper (ME)
SADAMS	March 92	Health Policy Report (Wash, D.C.)
Kids as Plannners	March 92	Maine Progressive, Brunswick (ME)
Kids as Planners	Mar/Apr 92	ME PTA Connection newsletter (ME)
Kids as Plannerss	April 92	ME Assoc. Planners newsletter (ME)
Bath Youngsters	4/30/92	Portland Press Herald (ME)
Kid Planners	May 92	APA Magazine (IL)
Bates hosts KIDS	5/11/92	Lewiston Sun-Journal (ME)
Kids as Planners	May 92	MCRPC Newsletter (ME)
Connections	Spring 92	ME Environmental Education Assoc (ME)



KIDS has been featured in numerous publications including:

•Insights The National Prevention Center • Generator National Youth Leadership Council

•Planning The American Planning Association Magazine

• SADAMS State Alcoholism and Drug Abuse & Mental Health Reports

Boulder, CO Roseville, MN Chicago, IL Washington, DC

"Kids as Planners is a tremendous opportunity for schools to empower their youth by engaging them in meaningful activities in their own communities."

> Frank Antonucci Consultant, Dropout Prevention Maine Dept. of Education

"An increased sense of capability, responsibility and respectability results in decreased rates of substance abuse and other problems such as dropping out and vandalism."

> Mel Tremper Supervisor Prevention Programs Maine Office of Substance Abuse

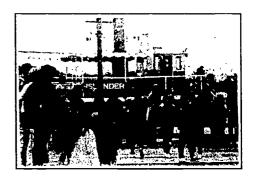
"The golden fleece for prevention workers has been a new role for young people as integral members of communities fundamentally transformed by economics and technology. Kids as Planners offers the first comprehensive and potentially self-sustaining approach I know about to this elusive goal."

> Tom Godfrey Juvenille Justice Specialist Maine Juvenille Justice Advisory Group

The KIDS Consortium

The KIDS Consortium is a non-profit organization dedicated to improving children's lives by providing them with opportunities to learn the skills and attitudes essential to building a reasonable, viable future. KIDS develops, implements, promotes, and researches experiential programs through which children learn that they matter. Children are our most important resource. It is time to start treating them as such.

To learn more about the KIDS Consortium, contact David O. Willauer or Marvin Rosenblum.



KIDS Consortium State House Station 130 Augusta, ME 04333 207-624-6800

What do Prevention. Education, Public Service and Community Planning have in common?



KIDS AS PLANNERS AN INNOVATIVE APPROACH TO PRIMARY PREVENTION

KIDS as Planners, a model program created by the KIDS (Kids Involved Doing Service) Consortium, involves children of all ages in helping to shape the future of their communities. The program brings schools, municipal officials, and communities together in a process which engages children in meaningful activities that enhance their educational experiences, increase their self-esteem, and provide the community with valuable information and service. As a result of this process, KIDS as Planners becomes integrated into the academic curriculum and the ongoing planning efforts of the community, helping each generation of children become empowered participants in their schools and communities.

KIDS as Planners is an effective primary prevention program for several reasons:

- the program treats at-risk children without segregating and labeling them
- · it improves the self-esteem of children, thereby reducing their level of risk
- it involves children with their schools and communities in ways that ordinary education and service programs do not
- it creates positive peer groups based on meaningful activities
- once established, the program becomes an integral part of schools and communities, requiring no special funding or supervision

SOME FACTS ABOUT PRIMARY PREVENTION THROUGH YOUTH INVOLVEMENT

Kurth-Schai's research has established that the lack of positive social participation among youth is associated with self-destructive and anti-social behaviors, including drug abuse, depression, premature parenthood, suicide and delinquency.

Tobler's meta analysis of studies of 143 drug prevention programs for adolescents published in the <u>Journal of Drug Issues</u> concluded that peer programs were the most effective on all outcome measures and stood out most on the criterion of reducing actual drug use.

Hawkins' work on resiliency factors demonstrates that when we give young people a sense of place and responsibility, when we provide for them "purpose and community" and the life skills for effective decision-making, we also make a substantial and beneficial impact in the area of substance are prevention.

ERIC
Full Text Provided by ERIC



The newsletter for people involved in getting children involved.

SPRING

1992

Vol. 14ssue 1

Kids as Planners in Bath

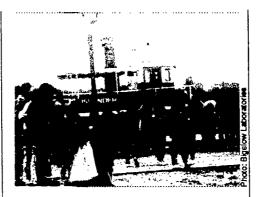
by Mathew Eddy

he City of Bath, with assistance from the KIDS Consortium, has embarked on a revolutionary initiative to include kids in the City planning process. The kids, along with teachers, city officials, and administrators are becoming involved with their community in a very direct and meaningful way. They are learning about their city by studying its history, its natural and cultural resources, and its people in the context of the Bath Comprehensive Plan.

Bringing kids into the planning process is revolutionary because we are not merely giving lip service to children about how important it is to be involved. We are not advocating simulations and presentations about the planning process. Instead we are facilitating the involvement of kids, their teachers, their parents and school administrators in all aspects of the City's Comprehensive Plan. This plan will guide Bath into the next century. We want kids to help plan for their future. As members of the planning team, kids will participate in discussions that will lead to important decisions about the future of their City.

Our goal is to develop a sense of community responsibility in children that is presently absent in many of today's graduating youth. Studies have shown that an increase in the level of community involvement increases students' self esteem, self-confidence and sense of worth. At the same time.

idents can apply the lessons learned in



science, social studies, math and English to real situations and examples in their own community.

The Kids as Planners program, now in its first full year, has generated a great deal of excitement among students. Over 250 students and teachers from five different schools are currently involved. The following is a list of some of the activities taking place in the Bath Schools:

Significant Place Survey

David Teiman's history class is conducting a Significant Place Survey aimed at establishing a sense of place for

Continued on page ...3

Maine's Growth Management Program

by John Delveccio

7 ell, if you haven't heard by now, Maine's Growth Management Program suffered a devastating setback as a result of the budget cuts enacted by the Legislature this past December. The Office of Comprehensive Planning in the Department of Economic and Community Development was eliminated. Those programs unaffected by the budget cuts are now in the Office of Community Development. Those Programs are:

- Coastal Program Local Assistance
- Code Enforcement Officer Training and Certification
- Floodplain Management
- Community Parks and Recreation
- Natural Heritage Program

Continued on page ...4

KIDS INVOLVED DOING SERVICE

The KIDS Consortium is dedicated to improving children's lives by providing them with opportunities to learn the skills and attitudes essential to building a reasonable, viable future. KIDS develops, implements, promotes, and researches experiential programs through which children learn that they matter.

We believe, and research substantiates, that children who learn the skills needed to make a difference will develop attitudes and engage in behaviors which are empowering and constructive. Children truly are our most important and vital resource. It is time we started treating them as such.





An Interview With The Executive Director

arvin Rosenblum has over forty years of experience working in the field of education and training. He has taught at levels from kindergarten to graduate schools at such institutions as U.C.L.A.'s laboratory Elementary School and Stanford's Graduate School of Education. More recently, he has worked to develop education and training programs for the Department of Labor and the Department of Economic and Community Development.

What is KIDS all about and how did it get started?

Basically what KIDS is about is an attempt to start getting people involved in their community at a younger age. And it came about because I discovered that a lot of adults no longer believe that getting involved can make a difference. When I was given responsibility at the Maine Office of Comprehensive Planning for implementing broad-based public participation, I found out almost immediately that what sounded good and looked easy enough was very difficult. Many people felt that what was wanted was not participation, but validation of what the power structure

had already constructed. It seemed that the longer I worked with adults, the more discouraged I found they were and it was, very labor intensive to get them to believe they ought to be involved. So during this time it began to occur to me increasingly, that maybe if I started sooner people who learned to feel

that they matter from an early age would continue to do things that matter.

"to matter is...ta

believe that

you can make

a difference"

What do you mean by "matter"?

To matter is to believe that you have power. To believe that you can make a difference. I suppose the thing that keeps most of us from really being involved in our community is that we're not sure that we can make a difference. I suspect that has something to do with: number one, how we feel about ourselves, and number vo, whether we feel potent enough to change or modify what has always been status quo. The objective of KIDS is, first and foremost, to strengthen the self-concept of young people — to show them that they matter. Mattering is basically a learned response. You're not born with a high selfconcept. It is developed as a function of experiencing success.

We need to somehow provide for kids meaningful involvement in both their education and their community. Because there is no way that people can get deeply involved and not realize that they do matter and that they can make a difference. It so

happens that the way you matter best is by doing-not by talking about doing. That is also the way that you learn best and also the way that you own the process.

In a nutshell, what does KIDS

What we try to do is promote a kind of apprentice citizenship. We also strongly advocate using the town as the text because there really are very few subjects that could not be appropriately learned in the community itself. History, geography, the social studies, architecture, the arts, the sciences are all part of a look at a complete community. The secret is to adopt the "town as text" approach to whatever level the kids are at in such a way that it helps teachers fulfill their responsibility. The "town as text" approach is a process more than it is a product. It seems to me that this process of involving kids and schools in their community can work on almost any level.

> How does this work for the schools? Aren't they in enough trouble without adding a whole new thing like this?

> I worry a bit about people misunderstanding what's going on with the American educational system. The American educa-

tional system has increasingly competent and, as a matter of fact, increasingly hard working teachers. The basic problem is that, through the years, more and more has been demanded of them. Even if it hadn't been demanded you still have a whole package that comes to school. The kid brings with him, as if he were some huge incredibly absorbant sponge all the sum total of his experience; not just those experiences relevant to the learning of fourth grade arithmetic but all kinds of other things that influence how he feels

about numbers and math and almost every other subject.

So I see anytime we get kids involved in a process that takes them out of the context of a vertical hierarchy which says "you do this 'cause I tell you to" and puts them into a hierarchy which says "will you help me gather this kind of information" we are changing the relationship of the student to the subject. Students make the connection between their actions, the subject, and the real world, which in the process helps them learn arithmetic. They are delighted about the fact learning can be

fun and for some children that's a revelation. And then, if they've gathered some information that also is valuable to the community and are praised, then I see them feeling pretty good about themselves.; as a matter of fact, feelingsort of potent.

"What we try to do is promote a kind of apprentice citizenship"

> Now if I'm a teacher I have to like that because I have motivated these kids and I'm not the enemy — I'm a collaborator in their learning. Obviously, the parents appreciate the positive feedback. And everyone sees, perhaps for the first time, a direct relationship between their schools, their education tax dollars, and their community.

> The community also benefits because it now has an active citizenry that takes an abiding interest in what is happening rather than an adversarial interest. It's one of those rare situations where everyone wins.

> What do you see as the long term impact of KIDS?

> Our programs will enhance education, foster self-esteem in our youth, and promote community involvement. But I suppose they are all, in one way or another, about apprentice citizenship. If I understand citizenship correctly, it is not just exercising your right to vote. It's doing what civics says ought to be done except nobody ever does it. It's doing service for the community. It's doing government. It's doing things that matter.

> Eventually, it would seem to me, we will reach a critical mass. Enough people will be practicing real three dimensional citizenship so that our future will be assured. Because our future really does belong to these !ids and these kids will begin participating in what happens rather than either fighting it or capitulating to it. They will own it and therefore it's going to be better for them. Isn't that what we want for our children?

Kids as Planners in Bath...from page 7

Bath. This survey will be conducted and analyzed by the students and then presented to the Bath Comprehensive Plan Committee.

Land Use Project

Wayne Robbins has worked with the Planning Department to develop a project that will permit his science classes to study a larg plot of City-owned land adjacent to Merrymeeting Bay The class will develop maps of the area and be involved in the planning process for the futu of this unique piece of land.

Satellite Mapping

The Bath School System has purchased the equipment to allow students to study satellite imagery. This type of new technology will enhance the mapping part of the comprehensive planning process. The Schools are currently working to develop a training program that will help to integrate this activity into all levels of the environmental studies curriculum.

Water Quality Testing

Working with the Bigelow Laboratories in Boothbay, the seventh grade junior high class will be conducting water quality tests on the Kennebec River. Grant assistance for this project has come through the Maine Community Foundation.

Student Council Liaison Committee

The Student Council Liaison
Committee (SCLC) provides the "connective tissue" between student government, the student body and the Comprehensive Plan Committee. Two members of the SCLC are also on the Comprehensive Plan Core Committee to provide continuity between the Comprehensive Plan Committee and the student body.

Theatre for Bath

The seventh grade at the junior high school is investigating the possibility of bringing a movie theatre to Bath. The project includes data analysis, inventory of properties, market assessments and

operator identification.

Model Cities

The planning department has been working with the elementary schools using model cities as a theme for



exploring the future of the City of Bath. Presentations have included discussions of growth patterns and how they reflect the City's rich and varied history.

Existing Land Use Map

Using a combination of aerial photos and tax maps, the ninth grade science classes are developing a land use map for the City. Students learn to understand tax maps, to compare different scales, and to interpret the

different types of vegetation visible on aerial photographs.

Communities interested in involving some or many of their students in this unique approach to community planning can learn from the Kids as Planners program in Bath. Clearly, the community has benefited from this participatory educational experience. These are only a few of the many possibilities open to schools in this process. The model is flexible and can be adapted to any community.

For more information on the Bath pilot projects, please call Mathew Eddy at 443-8363.

If You Think KIDS is just for kids, Think Again

by Susan F. Kingsland, Ph.D.

Research is giving us a fairly clear picture about some thing most of us feel intuitively: "mattering matters." That is, if people feel they can genuinely contribute in their work and personal lives, they tend to develop nigher self-esteem, express less chronic depression, complain less of aches and pains, among other things. Children are no exception. KIDS is grounded in the basic assumption that when children feel they can make a difference, that is, they feel that they matter, positive things can and will happen.

But KIDS also offers adult professionals a significant boon, as well.
Consider what we can offer to teachers.
Educators know that being given the respect and regard of those we teach is something like receiving the People's Choice Award. It is a grass roots confirmation of our professional merit.

Being accepted by those we teach is no small matter, particularly given the battery of information we have to pass on to students from year to year. Further, teachers often feel restricted by the school-year curriculum, one which binds time and options in the form and delivery which the curriculum can take. KIDS recognizes this reality and works with teachers to combine experiential education with curricular needs. In doing so we help teachers to translate lesson plans into experiential education. We help teachers to explore the possibilities when the school room becomes the entire town.

These forms of education motivate educators and students. The curriculum is engaged in ways which stimulate students and which solve problems of real life. So, along with a school year that children will remember long after June, teachers' lives are made a little easier, too. Turned on kids are more

Continued on page ...4

just for kids...irem page 3

ready, more willing and more able to learn. Further, they have first-hand knowledge of how science or social studies, language or mathematics are useful to their worlds. They know so be cause they have done so. They have used science, social studies, writing, and math out in the community tackling problems for their town.

KIDS also provides teachers with a variety of C.E.U. training programs. Teachers have the chance to rethink their curricular year and receive continuing education credits for doing so.Not only are we helping educators tackle boredom in the classroom, we're helping them to progress in their professional careers, as well.

But teachers aren't the only beneficiaries. Planning professionals have realized KIDS has something for them. An ill-informed, apathetic public is a formidable obstacle for planners. Kids as Planners and other service-related activities of KIDS teaches young people, from grades K-12, the importance of planning for their futures. We do this by actually involving children in the planning process. They learn what, how, when and why they should contribute to the planning process of their towns and regions.

KIDS is also involved in bonding-related research aimed at substance abuse prevention strategies. Kids who feel that they matter, and are given the tools with which they can make a difference in their own and others' lives, are less likely to engage in substance abuse. Further, the chronicles and research which are presently being formulated by the Consortium will serve in the future as valuable resources for

professional training programs. KIDS is presently engaged with mentoring programs which link the university with community and grant research. We are offering training programs to professionals such as teachers, administrators, substance abuse specialists, environmentalists, planners and private sector employers,

K.I.D.S takes kids seriously. We help provide children with the tools which will empower them and will allow them to inherit their world with resolve and dignity. We invite you to get involved!

Maine's Growth Management Program...from page 1

While no new ramining grants are being offered to support local growth management efforts, over 180 communities are able to continue the work already begun in developing or implementing their local plans with state funds awarded before last December.

The Office of Community Development is hopeful that it can continue to provide some kind of financial and technical assistance to towns that want to plan through federal dollars. The Office will also continue supporting and directing "Kids as Planners" initiative begun by the Office of Comprehensive Planning. The Program is a vital key to assuring a prosperous and healthy future for Maine.

"Kids as Planners is a tremendous opportunity for schools to empower their youth by engaging them in meaningful activities in the their own community."

Frank Antonucci
Consultant, Dropout Prevention Program
Maine Department of Education

"Planning I. fundamentally about making possible futures seem real. Kids are experts on futures of all kinds because it hasn't been trained out of them yet."

Rick Adams City Planner, Mid Coast Regional Planning Commission

"The time for members of the public and private sector to expose our youngsters to relevant subjects couldn't be more appropriate than now."

Dan Thompson Chairman, Wiscasset Comprehensive Plan Committee Vice Chairman, Lincoln County Planning Board

"An increased sense of capability, responsibility, and respectability results in decreased rates of substance abuse and other problems such as dropping out and vandalism."

Mel Tremper Supervisor, Division of Prevention and Program Development Maine Office of Substance Abuse

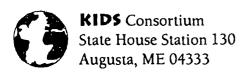
"The youth can and should be involved in community planning decisions."

Jim Lysen President, Maine Association of Planners City Planner, Lewiston

KIDS is produced quarterly by the KIDS Consortium, and is made possible by Maine Association of Planners.

Editor: David O.Willauer Layout & Design: Mary T. Sargent

For more information call: David O.Willauer 624-6800



BULK RATE
U.S. Postage
PAID
AUGUSTA
ME 04330
Permit NO. 8



「Jenerat%r The

National Journal of Service-Leadership

Volume 11, Number 3, Winter 1991

Advanced Service-Learning: Which Way Forward?

A discussion with:

fin Toole and Pam Toole, NYLC Training Kate McPherson, Director, Project Service Leadership, Washington State

by Rich Willits Caim, NYLC Publications Director

August 12-16, 1991, the Teacher resource people from seven states Washington, convened veteran Service-Learning Leadership districts on in depth change. aregare to work with school to share experiences and to teachers and community Training in Bellingham,

What's New with

The Generator? Rich Willits Caim, Editor

becomes a natural part of the tional structures? To do that weave service into organizaservice becomes an Integral we must address policies, strategies and assessment. ourselves: How can we curriculum, instruction of those tluings, then it

featuring an expanded "Events and Training

Calendar" and timely information on new

publication, NYLC NEWS, three times/year

In April, 1992, we will launch the new

We have strengthened coverage of practical "Review's" and "e.g.," local success stories.

In this issue we begin new features: "Profiles" of youth service leaders, materials program ideas and in-depth exploration of

Issues facing the field

friendly two times/year Generator covering the inspirational core and the nuts-and-bolts

learning and youth leadership. As always, we welcome your input on these changes.

ideas and issues in the forefront of service-

developments; and state and national policy

We will also unveil a more lively, user

funding and curriculum, major progran

improve those structures and On a second level, we asked: If we succeed in integrating service-learning into school develop a new relationship between the school and the structures, how do we

KM: On one level, we asked

about how schools might change. No doubt, we will all learn a lot in the next five years.

RWC: How do we ally with others in education working on those second-level issues?

a business round table initiative to help restructure KM: A lot of school communities are realizing that going on. In Washington, the Schools of the 21st Century and the Institute for Educational Renewal business as usual isn't working. Many initiatives change. Service-learning has a genuine vitality to learning can participate in those discussions, the schools are rethinking the relationship between more it becomes a vehicle to address significan schools and communities. The more service offer, not just an interesting program.

that have already committed, philosophically and effort to her list of possible partners in the change in resources, to restructuring. We would add the Education Commission of the States ReLearning opportunity for success lies in reaching schools IT/PT: Kate's right. Our most immediate

RWC: And Outcome Based Education in Minnelarger issue of how we move to a second level of sota. Could you identify sub themes under

Continued on page 4 How can one not just do workshops but actually KM: Staff development and training, and the notion of school change and personal change

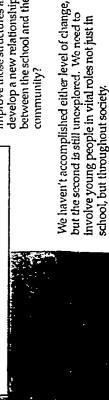
Generating Change: A Call for Leadership by Jim Kielsmeier, President, NYLC

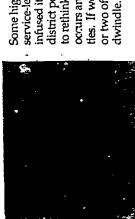
as the Soviets need new ways of farming. Like the Americans need new ways of educating as much little or no preparation for gainful employment or bungled efforts to increase Russian farm producschooling experience that is personally meaningachievement levels anywhere in the world while ess, damaging to their sense of worth and offers reaches a limited market. We've got a group of tion, American education reform has focused resources on product development that only an unengaged "forgotten half" wallows in a gifted students whose performance rivals productive citizenship Contemporary reform efforts have largely lifted up the best attributes of existing schools as models for Nation there is little consensus on what of the past the future. However, as communities and a

democracy? Our best guess is that people, near the democracy? to retain. This makes reform based solely on old wrongheaded. Where do we get new ideas, and more importantly, the new educational practices that will educate all students and renew the ideas and existing educational practice the issue are the best source

project is a partnership that will eventually involve between teachers and via a computer link between over 30 school "Jaboratories" across the country. GENERATOR School Project (See page 5.). The amplified through a shared curriculum project This premise guides the development of the with other schools, regular national meetings Results from GENERATOR Schools will be

Continued on Page 4





to rethink the 55 minute class period, how learning infused it throughout the curriculum and adapted district policies. Those changes are forcing schools or two of extraordinary effort, service-learning will occurs and how schools interact with communities. If we don't address those issues, after a year service-learning in significant ways. They've Some high schools have begun to implement

NYLC Membership: Ioin Us!!

Daar Generator Subscriber,

benefits/commitments and how to enroll. Many individuals and organizations have already joined us in our commitment to improve the quality of young peoples' lives and the quality In the Fall, 1991; Generator, we announced a new Membership Program. In November, you received a special mailing including information on membership of our schools and communities

and other services from the NYLC. When you join by this December 31, 1991, to continue receiving The Generator For those who have not yet joined, you must send your receive a discount on your first year of membership. Consult the Fall, 1991, Generato. or November Membership mailing for benefit/cost details and enrollment information, or call toll free (800) 366-6952 for a Membership packet. (Note: If your Generator was delayed in the holiday mail, simply note it on date you also become a Charter Member of the NYLC and enrollment form and membership contribution by an enrollment form by January 31, 1992 to receive the "squesquais") Thanks to all of you rolto have joined as NYLC Members. We low become to hearing from mann more by December 311 look forward to hearing from many more by December 311

Võlume 11, No. 3 Wjutet, 1991

any area humbles development and results of research nistory of school change efforts in not as difficult to on effective staff confidence. It is efforts that can brought in the school change zive us more

service-learning program in a outstanding school if that create an

into the ethos and ntegrate service school, then you oroblems school orogram stands activities. Yet if eformers have oractice of that regular school ace the same as a separate on want to island from

clarity and direction than we have ever had before researchers such as Bruce Joyce and Michael Fullan give more

Five States Plan to Integrate Service-Learning Into Education

by Barbara Gomez, Service-Learning Project Director, Council of Chief State School Officers

supported by the DeWitt-Wallace Reader's Diges State teams from Colorado, Indiana, Mississippi, strategic plans to integrate service-learning into state education policy, teacher preparation and Pennsylvania and Washington are developing plans and formed a national network to share school practice. At a workshop October 4-6 Fund, teams developed state strategic action deas and resources

earning in facilitating the simultaneous reform of The workshop focused on the role of service K-12 education and

service-learning will not be viewed 🖙 a "burden" on teachers or as a "new service-learning to their vision of what students students in their states, school district policies improved method to teams sought to link efforts to achieve the own state education Vational Education program" but as an and goals to reform including state and teacher preparation practice. To extend opportunities to all Goals. In this way, achieve the overall reform agendas, service-learning

active discussions with Teams participated in

Continued on page 3. Academic Service in the Pennsylvania Department of the Springfield Public Schools in Massachusetts. Associate Director with the Center for Educational of Education; and Peter Negroni, Superintendent Senior Fellow with The Camegie Foundation for Clark, Director of the Bureau of Curriculum and Renewal at the University of Washington; Don Harvard Graduate School of Education and a Perrone, Director of Teacher Education at the the Advancement of Teaching; Roger Soder, leading education reformers, including Vito



At the October Wingspread Conference, (See article.) Teacher Darlene unior high students, senior citizens and foster care children through their "Community Involvement" class give them the opportunity to make choices and to develop a sense of responsibility for their lives Photo by Jim Kielsmeier. Tigh School described how their experiences working with local Chorney, and students from Illinois' Oak Park and River Forest and for the lives of others

service-learning

Maine Works to Solve Big Problems in Big Ways

Community planning involves youth in vital roles

by Jolene L. Roehlkepartain, Publications Specialist, NYLC

law requiring each of the 500 state's municipalities to produce a comprehensive plan every five years, planner for the Office of Comprehensive Planning government planning. Since Maine had passed a in Maine, his job was to involve more people in Marvin Rosenblum had a problem. As state Rosenblum had a big job.

willing to die for?"

parents interested, too. "We were doing things that

ir local government, the youth would get their

Rosenblum figured if he could get youth interested

Czechoslovakia and Hungary for the right to vote," Resemblum says. "I thought why don't we have youth who care about things other youth are

would affect children's lives but we were not eligible voters grow up to be 'At this same rates of 18- to than average. ries, less than 20 percent of government 25-year-olds nationwide. were worse As a former outh often 1990 primatime youth Rosenblum about local in the June The voting recognized problem: apathetic another eacher, voted

"Youth are a municipal resource," Rosenblum says. Aest Kennebunk agrees. "I don't see why adults Local communities save money because students going to inherit." Twelve-year-old Jean Burns of should make the whole plan." she says. "It's our asking children what they valued," Rosenblum says. "We were making plans that youth were Currently two pilot programs Community Foundation are consultants. So Rosenblum underway, one in Bath and do vital tasks rather than hiring expensive outside developed the statewide orogram, Kids Involved nother in Kennebunk. funded by the Maine Doing Service (KIDS)

civics instead of just learning about it?" "Why not practice

Junior high students also

citizens get involved in the community's social and solitical life. Thirdly, students have improved their academic performance. And finally, students have Rosenblum sees four important outcomes of these programs. First, more citizens get involved when students do municipal planning. Secondly, more sehaviors compared with uninvolved students. a higher self-esteem and exhibit fewer at-risk

Community Planning As School Curriculum

involved almost all subject areas at almost all grade projects each age group was doing through the levels," Rosenblum says. He gave examples of "I discovered that a comprehensive plan really KIDS Initiative.

contribution to the town and saving the town a significant expense," Resemblum says. "In the meantime, he or she is learning a great deal about geology, geography and computer with that kind of data is making a major

7-9---A group of students were concerned about talk about some of the tracledevelopers are not that sensitive, but now these time...they'll be able to confront a developer and behind the junior high school. They feared the development would destroy their access to the pond, so they gave the developer specific ideas youth have some baseline data so that the next a development going up around a small pond for the development. 'This developer was so taken with the students that he worked very closely with them," Rosenblum says. "AL

in the nation. "We got our hands dirty. We really grader at Bath Junior High. "Now we've got to look ahead and do something about cleaning up students at Bath Junior High from Bigelow Laboratory in from the Kennebec River are among the highest study water quality, sources and pointed out that levels of lead found in fish how to take water samples Kennebec River. Scientists got involved," says Hattie Frederick, a ninth-Boothbay Harbor taught development along the of pollution and shorr.

be recycled. English and language arts students almost every aspect of municipal development. analysis of the water. Some students are doing the waste stream to determine which parts can 10-12-Students in senior high are involved m what Rosenblum calls "garbology," analyzing are surveying townspeople and learning mathematics and statistics as they tally and Chemistry students do complex chemical

Which Way Forward?

make maps from satellite

mages for use in fouri a**ln**uning. Photo by Jun Rollins

with surveys on foot to

lise computers combined

-12 Students in Maine

Continued from Page 1

involved in the change process or service-learning. discussed teacher-leadership, (See article, page 2.) and celebration and renewal, ways to recognize tionally? We talked about ways to run effective impact behavior and support changes organizapeople-and the families that support themmeetings and to collaborate effectively. We

Bigelow Laboratory for Ocean Sciences

West Boothbay Harbor,

surrumer fun! When Kate talks about surviving the challenges and hard work of change, humor has to its front lawn. Although teachers often place many limits on themselves, this group obviously didn't. suggested that the school erect a statue of him on Sessions were full of serious discussion and T/PT: A teacher from Cannel, California be part of it.

RWC: Did you reach any new conclusions?

KM: The training reinforced the need to involve resource people strongly indicated their willingcommunities as well as schools. Community ness to be involved.

you can start wherever you are, then, with servicesuccesses. We must connect with restructuring efforts. We need help with methodology. We also with all kinds of schools, not just the ones that are already restructuring. We must domonstrate that based, that include communities. We must work need to develop models that are not just schoollearning in the communities, you can begin to We need to link our work to outcomes and make real changes in schools.

Generating Change

Continued from Page 1 A few basic assumptions guide the GENERATOR

School Project:

- An educated person in a democracy is not only personally successful but is active in building society through service.
 - All young people can learn and serve.
- Young people are resources in our schools and communities.
- Learning strategies are best designed by those closest to it namely teachers, students and parents.
- Learning needs to be actively connected to community.

good leadership. If you are up for a challenge, we broader audience. This is a bold venture needing and communities but will hopefully illuminate a not only in positive outcomes for their students their most successful practices which will result GENERATOR Schools will develop and share need your help.

citizens to public meetings. Teachers also take all about and how a neighborhood operates," K-3—Drawings by younger children invite children to community slores and offices to Rosenblum says. "Youth are pretty good at explaining that kind of thing fat municipal meetings]."

photograph represents, by surveying the area on foot. They then take the map to the community's Students determine the physical characteristics of planning meeting. "A young person walking in • 4-6—One class uses computers to identify the the area, ascertaining what each color of the borders of Bath from satellite photographs.

room can get our 19 and find wildlife habitats and

deer yards.

familiarize them with the neighborhood. "Youth have an experiential sense of what community is

The part of the KIDS Initiative Rosenblum appears

Community Planning As an

Initiator for Change

prevention because we are working with at-risk

students. "It is the highest form of primary

most proud of is its involvement of at-risk

youth without segregating them," Rosenblum

counselors and administrators can use the KIDS Initiative to keep students from dropping out of school. Students bored with sitting in the class-

says. He describes how teachers, guidance

Rosenblum sees how students involved with the Rosenblum asks. In Maine, their community and their of just learning about it?" students are leaving the

program are more excited about schoolwork. 'Tristead of having to learn from dry lecturers and dry textbooks in the classice in, using their towns as the text. classroom to learn, and they're why not practice civics instead



equipment as part of their 3rd grade service-learning project at Hiawatha Elemeniary Students put away gym School in Minneapolis. Photo by Derek Olson Losighte

Youth Planners in Maine: Participation as Prevention

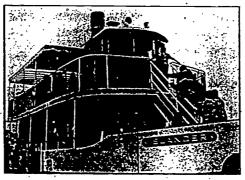
Maine is one of approximately a dozen states in the country in which comprehensive planning is emphasized for every municipality. Every school district, every building department, every chamber of comme and every other governance entity assesses capital investments, population and building projections, general administration and operations for a fiveyear period of time.

Several years ago, Marvin Rosenblum, a senior planner with the Maine Department of Economic and Community Development, realized that the comprehensive planning process was an excellent vehicle for involving students in meaningful community service. As a former educator, he saw that students would be able to make practical applications of such classroom subjects as math, geography, science, English, art, and history to the varied demands of the planning process. As a state planner, he was deeply concerned about the lack of public interest in community planning, and believed that involving young people in community service was especially important to creating citizens with a strong sense of civic responsibility and participation.

In 1991, he met with a group of officials from the town of Bath-planning and educational leaders, along with members of the Maine Community Foundation—to establish a working group known as the Bath Comprehensive Planning and Education Committee. The purpose of the proup was to establish ways in which city and state comprehensive planners could involve young people in planning projects. Out of the discussions within the committee, and from subsequent meetings with members of the City Council, School Board, and School Department, emerged. the Kids As Planners project.

City staff, working with the Committee, held an experiential workshop for

teachers. Designed to show teachers how they could utilize the planning process in the classroom, the workshop used a "Land Game." Teachers were assigned roles, such as developer, historian, environmentalist, or local government official, and given information about a hypothetical planning project. They were then given a blank map and two hours to create a landuse map for their "town." This exercise,



Students board a boat on the Kennebeck River as part of a research project to analyze water samples. The resulting data helped the local planning department in assessing the impact of population growth upon the river.

among others, gave teachers the type of hands-on experience that they would later be asked to share with their students.

One of the first school projects occurred at a junior high school in Bath. A team of seventh grade teachers developed an interdisciplinary two-week unit on the impact of development on Mill Pond, located just south of the school. The teachers were able to incorporate an analysis of changes occurring throughout the pond ecosystem into a number of subjects. Students were engaged in the following learning experiences:

· The opportunity to work with the city planner, the planner for area development, and an engineer for a development project under review.

- · The maintenance of daily journals, describing their experience with planning and their findings during the course of the day.
- A survey of members of the community, asking whether they were aware of the activities going on at Mill Pond, what kinds of activities individuals thought were appropriate and other similar land use issues. The survey was statistically analyzed and graphics developed for a presentation to planners.
- An environmental assessment of the pond, supervised by science teachers. Students studied the pond's ecosystem through on-site investigations, produced reports, and provided drawings of various findings.
- A study of various aspects of city zoning, the city charter, and other documents related to planning approaches for this natural resource.
- · A patchwork quilt produced by home economic students that depicted the past, present, and future appearances of Mill Pond.
- Interviews with seniors in the community that resulted in a written history of the pond and a student-produced videotape about the interviews.

Another example of a school-based project was done in conjunction with the Bigelow Laboratory, a privately endowed marine research facility. Dozens of students were engaged in an analysis of the Kennebeck River, the largest river in Maine, and the effect of changes in the river on plant and animal life in the Casco Bay Estuary. Laboratory scientists taught the students how to use measuring devices for sedimentation, pollution, and other factors, and classroom teachers helped the students to analyze and com-

Youth Planners in Maine Continued from page 2

pile the results of the research. A written analysis by the students was then submitted to local planners for inclusion in the comprehensive plan.

Knowing that "today's students are tomorrow's work force," several Maine employers have also given support to the program. Bath Iron Works, the largest employer in Maine, has helped to fund many of the KAP trainings for teachers, and has contributed other monies to the program. The company currently spends in excess of a million dollars a year on direct treatment costs for its workers, and company executives perceive that a major benefit of the Kids As Planners program is the built-in prevention component for students who are future employees.

According to Marvin Rosenblum, "The program can help at-risk students without separating and isolating them. All students who take part in the planning process learn the value of team efforts, and are challenged and supported by caring adults. In Kids As Planners, the town is the text, and children are involved in the real work of the real world." He added that several researchers are currently assessing the effects of the program on the rates of student substance abuse and other serious problems. "Given the strong link that research has shown between student health and a sense of bonding with the community," he added, "I anticipate that our own research will show decreased rates of problem behavior in the students."

Mel Tremper, the Supervisor of the Division of Prevention and Program Development for Maine's Office of Substance Abuse Prevention, is a staunch proponent of involving young people in the planning process. According to Tremper, "Kids As Planners is a systems approach...it actually changes the way that students, parents, teachers, and other community members relate to each other.

The students feel involved and know that their ideas and actions are valued; teachers become energized by the process of imparting material that has immediate and practical applications. And parents and other adults see that the young people are playing a vital role in the present and future well-being of the community."

Tremper perceives that the Kids As. Planners program directly supports the work his office performs in the prevention of substance abuse and other destructive behaviors. "When the young people are engaged with their fellow students in meaningful activities, and when those activities are both guided and respected by teachers and other professionals in the community, then the youth cend to have more self-respect and more positive relationships with their peers and with adults. This increased sense of capability, responsibility, and respectability results in decreased rates of substance abuse and other problems such as dropping out and vandalism."

In addition to the considerable benefits of prevention, interdisciplinary projects and community service, schools have become interested in Kids As Planners for another reason: this type of effort doesn't require special funding, and can be incorporated into the educational mission of the schools. While the program is now being utilized by a few cities, there is widespread interest from school and community leaders in implementing the Kids As Planners concept throughout the state.

For more information on the Kids As Planners project, contact Marvin Rosenblum or David O. Willauer, Department of Economic & Community Development, Office of Comprehensive Planning, State House Station 130, Augusta, ME 04333, (207) 624-6800.

NOSAPP Skill Building Continued from page 1 zagrościestł sitof Victorie (A). contestins vorzed with rich (inn (O) czadzenions it comministy co. Supraintage Assessment in officiam refinity, anticipassis. <u>គោទេប៉ាលីទ</u>គរកន, បានប្រសម្រាញ់ក្រែ Vindiana, Prop. 1945 alve aneiterse in realth, moraum design and symbolical and selections ennnakofina day and analysta Ennnakofinasyapa namah mevilu arion Agrammilences nility in massanig produtes was nighting and individues solves appare Breeder Frügelicht, us ingelordi सम्बद्धाः प्रतिस् वर्षाति । स्थापित स्थापित । स्थापित स्थापित । स्थापित स्थापित स्थापित स्थापित स्थापित स्थापित nie dippries or accion<u>sifera</u> neions creor is minimistris June Landen where the िल विविधानिक अवस्थित विविधान coloring treatment and this coston, ideas Report William San Diego, California VALUE OF ALL Somerell semi lessen ক ইলোটিইছ তোচভেত June 18-20 ne on Oxerving Residence. Toreceive Committee trainings probline winds il orther informa-iton about program content, costs acomodalien contant at the reserveions call life 1085 at 22 office at 00.972-46860 NOS APP is offering discounts on registration costs to all a subscribers, there is also an early bird discount for all tenstrations re-ceived more than two weeks prior to

the training date.

Volume 12 Number 2 Inter, 1992

DTHE YANKEE LANER LAN

Newsletter of the Northern New England Chapter of the American Planning Association

Instilling Community Involvement

Kids participate in the planning process

By Rick Adams

This year a major focus of the APA is education in planning. In Maine several innovative approaches to learning about planning have been taking shape in the fourth year of its state growth management program. This program, now seriously jeopardized due to budget slashes (see page 6). required new comprehensive plans from each of the state's 476 municipalities and districts.

One of the most unique approaches is to use kids as planners. The project, initiated by the State Office of Comprehensive Planning, is bringing young people in Bath and Kennebunk into the planning process by teaching them to identify needs and connect them to solutions. Says Marvin Rosenblum, project director for Maine's Office of Comprehensive Planning, "We're trying to involve kids for a lot of reasons but none is more important than providing young people with a sense of ownership in

INSIDE

President's Corner	2
New Transportation _aw :	3
Grapevine	4
Maine OCP Disso'ved	5
Happenings	5
Workshop Registration	7

their future through being involved in public in fundamental ways in the planning for it." public in fundamental ways in the planning process. The State office en-

Fostering public participation

The state's involvement in the project came from its efforts to maintain meaningful public participation throughout the growth management process. As towns and cities prepare new comprehensive plans, each plan committee is required to involve the

public in fundamental ways in the planning process. The State office encourages comprehensive plan committees to undertake a variety of approaches to public participation. Some communities have prepared newsletters to the community, some communities have even organized neighborhood discussion groups that

Turn to Klas, page 5

New Program in Planning at USM

By Dennis Gale

The Edmund S. Muskie Institute of Public Affairs at the University of Southern Maine in Portland recently introduced a new program to provide graduate-level education for people interested in growth and development issues in New England. The Advanced Certificate in Community Planning and Development was established for those interested in furthering their knowledge and abilities in land use planning practice. It is also designed to provide instruction in community and regional economic development.

Students admitted to the program must complete 15 credit hours of graduate-level courses, including an independent study project and an internship. Certificate courses cover growth management, town and regional economic development, land use and environmental law, and fiscal analysis in growth management.

The Muskie Institute anticipates applications from people currently working in town, regional, state, and nonprofit organizations concerned with planning and development issues. But the program is also open to those without previous professional experience. Applicants must hold a bachelor's degree from an accredited institution of higher education.

Courses are offered in the late afternoons and evenings. All classes are held on the Portland campus of USM. Faculty members include Prof. Charles Colgan, former State Economist of Maine, Prof. Orlando Delogu, a land use lawyer, and Prof. Josie La-Plante, a specialist in public finance.

The author, a board member of NNECAPA, taught planning at George Washington University for 14 years before joining the Maine Institute faculty in 1989.



focus on specific comprehensive plan

Rosenblum's "Kids as Planners" may be the most unique form of public participation yet in the state's growth management program. Rosenblum, whose background includes education and planning, emphasizes the need for a "hands on approach." "What we wanted to avoid was the type of empty participation that amounts to little more than verification. A lot of public participation suffers from the "validation syndrome," when people are asked to approve what the planning consultants have proposed."

A guiding principle behind the kids as planners is to achieve a deeper level of community involvement in the planning process. Kids as planners aims to integrate young people at all levels of the comprehensive planning process, including data gathering and decision making.

Kids given role in planning decisions in Town of Bath

The Town of Bath is initiating its planning process with high hopes for involvement with kids in many aspects of the process. Considerable efforts have been aimed at designing a program that introduces students to the topics that make up the comprehensive plan process; utilizing

that process as a tool in curriculum development; and - through their involvement in community affairs and public policy decisions - developing in the student a greater respect for and awareness of community, community change and the need to participate.

With the help of the City Planner, Matt Eddy, kids are being integrated in the process as it develops. One group of seventh graders is presently working on a Kennebec River project that will integrate information about the river's history, land uses, and water quality.

Another group of kids in Bath are working on a project to bring a new movie theater to the center city, which has been without a motion picture theater for a long time. A survey is part of the project as well as contacts with realtors and potential investors.

In addition, another group is developing a significant-place survey to identify places that are historically and culturally important to the town-places that contribute to learning about the program. A num-Bath's quality of life and sense of place. Follow up will consist of analysis of the places with assistance from a support adult group and presentation to the comprehensive plan's sounding board, which will eventually integrate the kid's findings into the plan.

As the plan evolves, another component that will involve kids as plan-

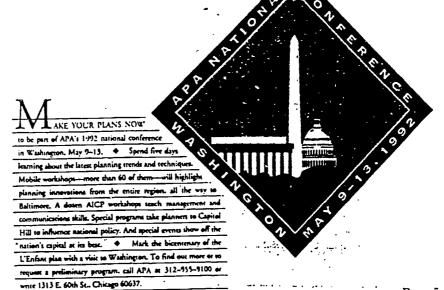
ners is the "land use game." With the help of Eddy and the City Planning Department, which has developed examples, kids will try their hand at developing a land use map and the text that accompanies it. The purpose of the exercise is to identify appropriate sites for development by understanding natural and human constraints as well as natural resour-

In addition to the Bath project, other projects are under way. In Kennebunk, where the comprehensive plan has already been completed, kids will be involved in developing zoning ordinances that will contribute to the realization of the comprehensive plan. Funding from the Office of Substance Abuse will provide staffing to offer support to communities.

Kids as planners continues to gain momentum. As a result of three workshops held in Augusta, Bangor, and Portland, over 100 teachers and planners have been involved in the ber of mini-training sessions are being planned for individual schools, school systems, or regions as people want to hear more about Kids as Planners, and plans for a video funded by Bath Iron Works are presently underway.

Rick Adams is a Planner with the Midcoast Regional Planning Commission in Rockland, Maine.

1992 APA NATIONAL PLANNING CONFERENCE MAY 9-13 WASHINGTON





Winter, 1992

Kids as Planners

by Jim Lysen

With state support for growth management axed, "Kids as Planners" — a new educational initiative — may be vital to the continuance of local comprehensive planning. The program gets young people involved in their communities' decisionmaking through projects such as water quality studies, mapping, natural resource inventories, and development review. Partly funded by the state's Office of Substance Abuse, if the "Kids as Planners" program can empower at-risk youth to make better decisions about their lives both now and as adults, our communities will certainly be much better places to live.

The statewide effort grew out of two 1990 conferences that brought educators and planners together to discuss how youth could take part in planning.

budgetary crisis, aid to education was cut and the state's support for growth manageunderfunding. During the state's recent planners really do -- typically leading to including photography); and economics, as sive plan can serve as a "core curriculum" to The comprehensive planning process draws upon all of the disciplines of a school natural sciences (like biology); graphic arts well as other topics. Thus, the compreheninvolve youth in a practical, integrated, educational experience. Communities lack an understanding of what teachers and curriculum: social studies (including geography, sociology, civics and history) mathematics (from arithmetic to statistics) nent was abandoned

this at a time when people were giving their lives in some of the Eastern Bloc countries for the right to vote.

"I thought, why don't we have youths who care about things other youths are willing to die for, and decided that the solution was to look at kids as municipal resources. We have always planned for them, never with them."

A major benefit of the program is that local communities can save money and time by having young

people do vital tasks rather than hiring expensive consultants or overburdening town

Terry Cucci, a scientist at Bigelow Laboratory, shows Bath students how to use a seawater sampling device called a Nansen bottle. Photo: Jim Rollins

"Kids as Planners" is a way to actually deliver what is important in young peoples' lives," says Rosenblum. "Every educator knows that for hundreds of years the world practiced apprenticeship. We learn by doing. We don't learn by sitting behind desks. The program gets kids involved; it makes them feel that they matter."

Besides getting more citizens involved in planning, the program likely will draw young people into their committives social, cultural, and political life. Furthermore, students could become more interested in school and improve their grades. And finally, "Kids as Planners" could boost self-esteem, reducing at-risk behaviors such as drug abuse, teen pregnancy, vandalism, or droppingout. Making young people feel that they matter is "empowering" according to professionals in the field of substance abuse.

The "Kids as Planners" conferences were organized by Marvin Rosenblum, a

planner with the now-defunct Office of

Comprehensive Planning, and public participation coordinator for local growth

management programs. He was assisted by

the Maine Association of Planners (MAP) which volunteered its membership to act as

echnical advisors to teachers interested in

geting projects going.

As a former educator, Rosenblum had experienced firsthand the apathy of young peopletoward local government. He figured if he could get them involved in the planning process, they would encourage their parents to get i volved and continue their interest throughout adulthood.

"I found while I was working with public participation that one of the reasons people stay home and watch TV, is because they really don't think they can make a difference," says Rosenblum. He was shocked to read in June, 1990 that nationally, fewer than 20 percent of all eligible voters had voted in the primary, with the lowest percentage among the 18 to 25-year-olds—

the state's Office of Substance Abuse, MAP grams can be designed to benefit youngsters Recently awarded a \$21,000 grant from has hired a part-time project coordinator for "Kids as Planners" programs. David Willauer, a regional planner, has more than Oyears experience with the Outward Bound program. Willauer sees the "Kids as Planners" program as a way of melding planning and societal goals. "Kids at risk tend to be tiative if they have proper role models and projects they can sink their teeth into. Proat any age, in school or out, by giving them survivors," says Willauer, "They have inia sense of ownership in their communities, and thereby raising their self-esteem."

In Bath, City Planner Matt Eddy has undertaken a number of "Kids as Planners".

projects, funded in part by the Maine Community Foundation. A doctor's office was to be built near a pond. Seventh graders took on the development as a research project. They interviewed area residents, conducted surveys, and analyzed statistics about the project's impacts. Outgrowths of the project included a play about life in and about the pond and a quilt depicting the pond's evolution in the past century. "All of the school disciplines were involved," says Eddy. "It did take more effort from the planning side than I anticipated, but it was a positive experience for everyone. Even the developer worked closely with the students."

Other projects in Bath included:

- A junior high study of the Kennebec River, focusing on water quality and associated land use. Industrial arts students constructed water-testing equipment, and Bath Iron Works provided a boat for an on-the-river experience;
- mapping 125 acres of city-owned land near Butler Cove. The Cove was a place "at-risk" teens headed to when cutting class. They and their science classmates will present the project to the City Council:
- a "Significant Place" survey of high school students to determine areas of special significance in their city;
 - mapping of the borders of the city by an environmental studies class using satellite imagery.

During a water-quality testing session in Bath, one student exclaimed, "You gu, s have always done all this stuff for us. It's our town; we're the ones that are going to have to run the town after you old guys are all gone. We ought to get a shot at making some decisions about the future!"

Recently, in Lewiston and Auburn, city planners joined educators from the Androscoggin-Sagadahoc County Office of the University of Maine Cooperative Extension in a public forum on "Kids as Planners." Despite inclement weather, more

We can't afford to keep you on our mailing list if your sub-

scription has expired

Renew now and don't miss a single exciting issue of the

Please check your mailing label on the bottom of page I. If your subscription is about to expire, please renew it by

filling out the form on the back page.

Don't know when your subscription expires?

brainstorm other possible projects in the two-county area. Among the projects mentioned were:

than 20 planners, educators, public officials, and business people met at the Extension Service to hear about the program and to

- many components of the Lewiston's Comprehensive Parks and Recreation Plan just underway, including scenic inventories, trail system identification, toboggan slide siting and downtown park rehabilitation:
- Auburn Middle School siting project;
 joint L-A library siting project;
- Taylor Pond phosphorus control study;
 children's museum feasibility study;
 - riverfront redevelopment;
- "Practicing Civics" school program;
- natural resource inventories done in conjunction with Stanton Bird Club, Thorncrag Bird Sanctuary, and Bates College.

The cities and Extension Service are already coordinating some of the projects. In the planning stage is a New England-wide conference to be funded by the U.S. Office for Substance Abuse Prevention. The long-term effort will be to integrate the "Kids as Planners" program into public, private, and home-school curricula as well as at all grade levels. That in itself presents quite a challance.

"School systems are systems," says Rosenblum. "They resist change just like we do; they do not want to downgrade work they've been doing by saying something else is better. Our function, it seems to me," he adds, "is not to present them with a fair accompli. We must say to teachers, 'Look, these are some of the things going on in your community, like the comprehensive plan, whether it is an open space recreational plan, whether its an opportunity to provide environmental protection that is desperately needed, it doesn't really matter. These are ways you can get your kids involved."

Maine Progressive.

Kids As Planners

by Jim Lysen

With state support for growth management axed, Kids as Planners—a new educational initiative—may be vital to the continuance of local comprehensive planning. The program gets young people involved in their communities' decision making through projects such as water quality studies, mapping, natural resource inventories, and development review. Partly funded by the state's Office of Substance Abuse—if the Kids as Planners program can empower atrisk youth so that they can make

Kids at risk tend to

be survivors," says Wil-

lauer. "They have initia-

role models and projects

they can sink their teeth

tive if they have proper

better decisions about their lives both now and as adults—our communities will certainly be much better places to live.

This statewide effort grew out of two 1990 conferences that brought educators and planners together to discuss how youth

could take part in planning, and revealed how much they have in common.

into. 99

The comprehensive planning process draws upon all of the disciplines of a school curriculum; social studies (including geography, sociology, civics and history); mathematics (from arithmetic to statistics); natural sciences (like biology); graphic arts (including photography); and economics, as well as other topics. Thus, the comprehensive plan can serve as a "core curriculum" to involve youth in a practical, integrated, educational experience. Other common ground between teachers and planners is a shared lack of understanding by their communities on what they really dotypically leading to underfunding. During the state's recent budgetary crisis, aid to education was cut and the state support for growth management abandoned.

We heard in MAP's December 1991 newsletter issue from Marvin Rosenblum about the Kids as Planners program.

Recently awarded a \$21,000 grant from the state's Office of substance Abuse, MAP has hired a part-time project coordinator for Kids as Planners programs—David Willauer, a regional planner with over ten years experience with the Outward Bound program. Willauer sees the Kids as Planners program as a way of melding planning and societal goals. "Kids at risk tend to be survivors," says Willauer. "They have initiative if they have proper role models and projects they can sink their teeth into. Programs can be designed to benefit youngsters at any age, in school or out, by giving them a sense of owner-

ship in their communities, and thereby raising their self-esteem."

David Willauer's tasks include: 1. Establishing a sustainable, workable, Kids in Planning program, including a network (database) of interested people, re-

sources and other contacts. 2. Provide assistance to communities (teachers and planners) who are interested in getting this program established in their community, either through direct assistance or referring people to others who can help. 3. Get MAP members actively involved in the program through training and/or networking.

In Bath, City Planner Matt Eddy has undertaken a number of Kids as Planner Projects, funded in part by the Maine Community Foundation. (MAP newsletter, December 1991).

Recently in Lewiston and Auburn, the city planners joined educators from Androscoggin-Sagadahoc County Office of the University of Maine Cooperative Extension in a public forum on Kids as Planners. Despite extremely inclement weather, over 20 planners, educators, public officials, and business people met at the Extension Service to hear about the program and to brainstorm about other possible projects in the two-county area. Among the projects mentioned were:

■ many components of the City of Lewiston's Comprehensive Parks

and Recreation Plan just underway, including scenic inventories, trail system identification, toboggan slide siting and downtown park rehabilitation;

- Auburn Middle School siting project;
- joint L-A library siting project;
- Taylor Pond Phosphorous control study;
- Children's museum feasibility study;
- riverfront redevelopment;
- "Practicing Civics" school program;
- natural resource inventories done in conjunction with Stanton Bird Club, Thorncrag Bird Sanctuary, and Bates College.

The cities and Extension Service are already coordinating some of the projects—some to get underway shortly. In the planning stage is a New Englandwide conference to be funded by the U.S. Office of Substance Abuse Prevention. The long-term effort will be to integrate the Kids as Planners program into school curriculum—both public and private—as well as home-schooling, at all grade levels. That in itself presents quite—challenge.

More planners and educators are getting involved and more needs to be done. As time avails itself, please join us.

USM Planning Program

(continued from p.2)

without previous professional experience.

Applicants must hold a bachelor's degree from an accredited institution of higher education. Courses are offered in the late afternoon and evenings. All classes are held on the Portland campus of USM. Faculty members include Professor Charles Colgan, former State Economist of Maine, Professor Orlando Delogu, a land use lawyer, and Professor Josie LaPlante, a specialist in public finance. The author, a board member of NNE-CAPA, taught planning at George Washington University for 14 years before joining the Muskie Institute faculty in 1989. 🔳

ESDAY

lectmen, 7 p.m., Town Of-

tee, 7 p.m., Town Office. ı, 7 p.m., Town Office. County Firefighters Asso-Falls Fire Station. leview Committee, 7 p.m.,

source Committee, 7 p.m.,

ee, 6:30 p.m., Elementary

payers Association, 7 to 9

p.m., Town Office. 7, 7 p.m., Wales Central

7 p.m., upstairs, Town Of-

l, 7 p.m., Council Room,

SDAY

Committee, 7 p.m., Town

.m., Stimson Hall. , 7 p.m., Town Office. , 7 p.m., Town Office. ty, 7:30 p.m., Town Office. , 7 p.m., Town Office. mission, 7 p.m., Town Of-

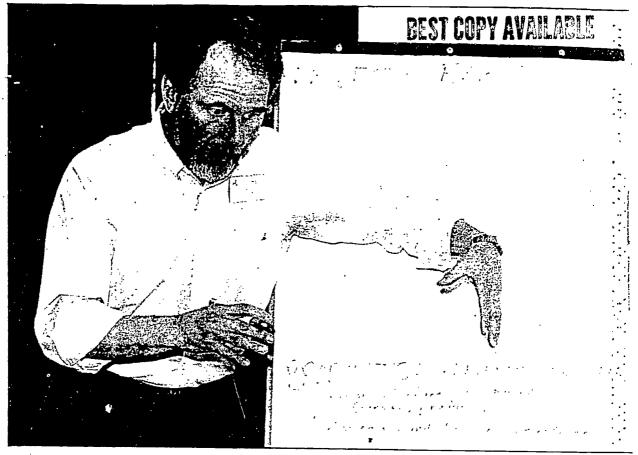
mmittee, 7 p.m., Oak Hill

RDAY

a.m., Elementary School. lect moderator, 8:30 a.m.,

eeting, 9 a.m., Memorial





JOSE LEIVA/Sun-Journal

Bob Elliott makes a point at the "Kids as Planners" teacher training session held at Bates College on Friday. The workshop was put on by the University of Maine Cooperative Extension. Area educators, public

officials and representatives of youth organizations were invited to hear about each other's needs and resources for "Kids as Planners" projects.

Bates College hosts workshop on 'Kids as Planners' project

By SUSAN JOHNS Special to the Sun-Journal

LEWISTON — How about planning a farmers' market in Lewiston, or more swimming access in the Twin Cities? A child could do it.

That was the hope behind Friday's training workshop put on by the University of Maine Cooperative Extension, which invited area educators, public officials and representatives of youth organizations to hear about each other's needs and resources for 'Kids as Planners'' projects.

The event at Bates College's Chase Hall yielded some specific ideas for planning projects, but UMCE representatives stressed networking, opening the lines of communication so that a teacher or youth leader who wants to launch a project will know who in city government and the private sector can guide them. ...

Lewiston Planning Director James Lysen and Auburn Principal Planner Lee Jay Feldman told about 20 people in Bates College's Chase Hall to contact them with project proposals

collaboration between the two cities, perhaps through projects involving the Androscoggin River.

Teachers welcomed the concept of a class or youth group taking charge of a planning project, particularly for its potential to prove to kids they can alter their community, not just watch from the sidelines or participate as what Susan Woodward of Thorncrag Bird Sanctuary called "token youth" on a steering committee. "Turn that on its head," Woodward challenged the teachers in one of four groups into which workshop participants divided.

Mary Ann Methvin, who teaches about 80 second- through sixth-graders in the Lewiston school system's gifted and talented program, said some of her students could use the self-esteem boost a community planning project could provide. "We have a large group in the program that do not push themselves. They have the potential, but if they're left to do it by themselves, they're afraid they'll fall behind," she said.

"We see them losing momentum as that need fleshing out. Lysen urged they get older." Methvin continued.

"I think a program like this (Kids'as Planners) can make them feel they are a part of it."

The program is part of KIDS Consortium, a private, non-profit organization whose executive director. Marvin Rosenblum, said is housed ir. state offices and largely funded by a federal grant for substance abuse prevention. KIDS stands for Kids Involved in Doing Service.

Including the Twin Cities, the organization has so far introduced "Kids as Planners" to about a dozen Maine communities and gotten inquiries from people in Minnesota, Colorado. Illinois, Washington state and Washington, D.C., Rosenblum said.

Lewiston Junior High School seventh-grade teacher David Kivus went to Friday's session to see about incorporating a project into the school's ongoing interdisciplinary program. "This is very positive, especially in a city like Lewiston, where we have a lot of at-risk students," Kivus said.

'If we can bring the students a sense of self-worth, it might give them a sense of being part of the

community," he said.



Hikers on the Florida National Scenic Trail, which will run 1,300 miles when completed, from the Gulf Islands National Seashore near Pensacola to Everglades National Park. This trail and the state's river corridors will form the backbone of Florida's greenways network, says planner Kent Wimmer of 1000 Friends of Florida.



People

A Boost for Florida Greenways

Nearly 200 planners and environmentalists met at the University of Florida in Gainesville, March 17-19, to brainstorm ideas for a statewide corridor conservation program. The workshop, "Corridors, Greenways, and Landscape Linkages: From

Concept to Reality," was cosponsored by APA's Florida chapter, Florida Defenders of the Environment, and the University of Florida's Department of Wildlife.

Florida is in a better position than other states to develop an effective greenways program because of state-mandated comprehensive planning and assertive land-acquisition programs, says Mark Benedict, director of the Florida Greenways Program. The greenways program, created by 1000 Friends of Florida and the National Conservation Fund, serves as an umbrella organization for a number of groups involved in the

Florida chapter president Gail Easley, AICP, notes that greenways and wildlife corridors are significant factors in determining a high quality of life, a major goal of modern(comprehensive plans. The workshop will be followed up by a charette, tentatively scheduled for this month, to discuss ways of balancing recreation and conservation in potential corridors.

-PATRICIA PARKER. Parker is an Orlando-based writer on environmental subjects.

School Days

The Pennsylvania Chapter of APA, in cooperation with Pennsylvania State University, inaugurated a new "Train the Trainer" program in March. The 20-hour program, being taught at Penn State, is designed to provide experienced planners with the skills necessary to teach the chapter's new eight-hour basic course for planning commissioners. "Train

the Trainer" will be taught over two consecutive weekends throughout the year. Both the training program and the basic course are being sponsored by the Pennsylvania chapter in conjunction with the Pennsylvania Department of Community Affairs and the Pennsylvania State University Cooperative Extension. Stanford Lembeck, AICP, associate professor of rural sociology at Penn State, is heading the education effort. For more information on the program, contact Lembeck at 814-865-0455.

EDIS in Michigan

APA's Michigan chapter has awarded a \$3,000 grant to Michigan State University's urban planning program to develop an interactive economic development information system. The system will make demographic and economic data on Michigan communities available to all working in the state. It will be demonstrated during the chapter's conference on May 23. For details, contact Jeffrey Purdy at Michigan State, 517-353-9054.

Kid Planners

Planners in Maine are doing their part to help APA achieve its education objectives by involving kids in the planning process. In Bath, APA members are using students to perform the surveys, analysis, and research that will form the basis for updating the town's comprehensive plan. In Kennebunk, students are developing zoning ordinances. These efforts are sponsored by the nonprofit KIDS (Kids Involved Doing Service) Consortium, and funded by the Maine Community Foundation. Organizers plan to produce a video on kids as planners. To learn more about the program, contact David O. Willauer, Project Coordinator, Department of Economic and Community Development, State House Station 130, Augusta, ME 04333; 207-289-6800.



CIST COPY AVAILABLE