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Programs.

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ABSTRACT

The ACCEPT (Adult Computer Competency Educational Program Training) computer literacy project at an adult education and job training center in Pennsylvania was adapted for use with adult basic education students with children to provide computer skil's development, an understanding of how computers are used in their children's education, and an opportunity for parents to review their own basic skills during the program. During the first part of the project, the ACCEPT plan was modified to serve parents directly rather than children and parents together, and a curriculum was developed. During the second part of the program, 29 ABE participants (9 more than planned) were provided with 24 hours of instruction (2 days per week for 2 hours each session). The instruction included computer literacy and a review of the various types of software being used to teach basic skill areas in the local school districts. It also included instruction on methods parents could use to share their knowledge with their children. Evaluation of the project showed that participants made excellent progress in their own basic skills and reported a better understanding of and communication with their children. The project was so popular that it ended with a waiting list of 50 people; other possibilities for funding continuation of this type of project are being explored. (The report includes the course outline, handouts, quizzes and exercises, pretest and posttest samples, sample application forms, student comments, publicity and public relations materials, and suggested resources.) (KC)



Final Report

Computer Connections

Carol Molek, Adult Education Director Troy Scott, Computer Resource Specialist

91-92

Tuscarora Intermediate Unit
Adult Education and Job Training Center
1020 Belle Vernon Avenue
Lewistown, PA 17044
717-248-4942

98-2056 - \$5000

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Acknowledgments

We wish to thank the Pennsylvania Department of Education for funding this project and especially Dr. John Christopher, Ed.D., Director, Bureau of Adult Basic and Literacy Education for his support of our programs.

We also extend gratitude to PDE Special Projects Advisor, Dan Partin, for his technical assistance and guidance. Funding for "Computer Connections" has allowed us to enhance and develop our programming and delivery of much needed services to our area's adults.

As always we value the support of the Tuscarora Intermediate Unit Board and our Executive Director, Dr. Dale Heller. The Intermediate Unit continues to recognize our unique contribution to the total organization.

-Carol Molek, Project Director



Table of Contents

	Page
Abstract	2
ntroduction	3
Statement of Problem	8
Goals and Objectives	9
Procedures	10
Results	11
Evaluation	13
Dissemination	14
Conclusions/Recommendations	15

Appendices:

Course Outline, Handouts, Resources
Quizzes, Exercises
Sample Application Forms
Student Comments: Why are you enrolling in
Computer Connections?
Pre and Post Test Samples
Participants' Comments and Evaluations
Publicity/Public Relations

Abstract

Title:

Computer Connections

Director:

Carol Molek

Address:

TIU Adult Education and Job Training Center

1020 Belle Vernon Avenue

Lewistown, PA 17044

Phone Number: (717)

(717) 248-4942

Project: 98-2056

Federal Funding: \$5,000

Duration of Project:

From: <u>7/1/91</u>

To: 6/30/92

Number of Months:

12

Objectives:

- to adapt the ACCEPT computer literacy project for use with local Adult Basic Education parents to provide computer skills development, to provide an understanding of how computers are used in their children's education and to provide an opportunity for parents to review their own basic skills during the program.

- to implement the above curriculum with 20 Adult Basic Education parents

Description:

"Computer Connections" was an adaptation of a previous 353 project (ACCEPT: Adult Computer Competency Educational Program Training #98-8015 - Mountain View School District) for use on a local level. "Computer Connections" gave ABE parents the opportunity to review basic skills at various grade levels as they worked with representative types of educational software. The program helped parents develop the knowledge and confidence to assist and support their children and their children's teachers in the learning process. In addition, the program recognized that computer literacy has become a basic skill and this project allowed the parent to develop essential computer skills so important in many facets of life in the 90's.

Target Audience:

Twenty (20) Adult Basic Education parents who desired to learn about computers so that they may improve their own skill and support their children's educational experiences.

Products:

- Adapted computer literacy curriculum for ABE parents
- Final report documenting the progress and success of the entire program.

Method of Evaluation:

A positive evaluation was based on:

- adaptation of ACCEPT project, development of curriculum
- participation of 29 Adult Basic Education parents in computer family literacy instruction (20 planned)
- final report including the curriculum adaptations, the plan and implementation of the program to be disseminated by the Tuscarora Intermediate Unit, AdvancE and the Pennsylvania Department of Education.



Computer Connections Final Report 2

Computer Connections Introduction

"Computer Connections" was an adaptation of a previous 353 project (ACCEPT: Adult Computer Competency Educational Program Training #98-8015 - Mountain View School District) for use on a local level. The ACCEPT program was designed to deal with parents who were not computer literate, had developed a fear of computer technology or had experienced a technological gap between their own and their children's educational development. Through ACCEPT, parents and children worked together to learn basic computer literacy in order to achieve the objectives of bringing adults into the school system, learn about the school district's instructional computer hardware and software, and provide adults with the opportunity for self esteem improvement and career awareness. "Computer Connections" adapted the ACCEPT project in which computer literacy training was used as a vehicle to provide Adult Basic Education parents with an understanding of how computers are used to teach basic skills in their children's classrooms.

"Computer Connections" differed from ACCEPT in that parents were encouraged to develop their own skills apart from their children. "Computer Connections" gave ABE parents the opportunity to review basic skills at various grade levels as they worked with representative types of educational software. The program helped parents develop the knowledge and confidence to assist and support their children and their children's teachers in the learning process. In addition, the program recognized that computer literacy has become a basic skill.



This project allowed the parents to develop essential computer skills so important in many facets of life in the 90's.

There definitely has been a need to bridge the technology gap currently experienced by Adult Basic Education parents in our area. Parents needed to understand how the computer is helping to teach basic skills so that they may support their children. Evidence of this gap often follows typical statements of parental pride. One Adult Basic Education parent remarked, "My daughter is using the computer in first grade! She really likes it, but I haven't got a clue about what she's doing. I wish I could learn more about it."

Many parents expressed a reluctance to approach the classroom teacher about computers because they lacked a basic understanding of the computer and its role in education. Although parents may have mastered basic skills, they often felt unable to assist their children because the methods by which the children are being taught often make the learning experience so different from their own.

The goal of this program was to bridge the technology gap and give parents computer literacy skills for their own use so they would become more comfortable with their children's educations. The program provided parents with the opportunity to develop computer skills and to develop an understanding of how computers are used in education. By reviewing basic skills at various levels, parents learned to assist and support their children while also improving their own basic skills. The parents attained valuable computer skills to assist them in their own development.

Throughout the 1991-92 year, interested participants enrolled in this program. The time frame for project activities follows:

- July, August, September, October '91 Adaptation of ACCEPT project/development of curriculum.
- November '91 April '92 Computer literacy instruction: in groups of approximately ten students.

Computer Literacy Class Schedule

<u>Sess</u>	<u>sion</u>	<u>Dates</u>	<u>Hours</u>
1	November '91	5 7 12 14 19 21	4 4 4
	December '91	3 5 10 12 17 19	4 4 <u>4</u> 24 hours
2	March '92	10 12 17 19 24 26 30	4 4 4 2
	April '92	7 9 14 16	2 4 <u>4</u> 24 hours

Project Director was Carol Molek. Ms. Molek has over 8 years experience coordinating adult programs for the IU and developing and implementing special projects. Ms. Molek directed the project, supervised the other personnel involved, was responsible for maintaining the planned time frame, recruited program participants and reported to and communicated with the Department. The instructor for the project was Troy E. Scott, Computer Resource Specialist. Mr. Scott has one year experience as an ABE instructor and over 3 years experience in the computer field using both mainframes and microcomputers. He also has conducted pre-vocational training with ABE students and instructed GED students in computer literacy. Mr. Scott was responsible for adapting the curriculum, preparing curriculum materials, selecting computer software, providing instruction and conducting follow-up activities.

The audiences that benefited most from this program were adults who lack the basic skills in the computer area. "Computer Connections" was directed to adults having children in school and who (a) have left or graduated from school prior to the "computer revolution," (b) have children now in school programs involving the use of a computer, (c) have developed a fear of computer technology, or (d) have experienced a feeling of remoteness in the educational development of their child because of a lack of contact and understanding of this technology. It was specifically targeted and involved those adults whose basic education development is below their potential, especially those who do not hold a high school diploma.

Permanent copies of this report can be obtained from:

Bureau of Adult Basic and Literacy Education Pennsylvania Department of Education 333 Market Street Harrisburg, PA 17126-0333

and

AdvancE
Pennsylvania Department of Education
333 Market Street
Harrisburg, PA 17126-0333

"Computer Connections" was administered by the Tuscarora Intermediate Unit No. 11. The TIU is a local education agency which provides educational and management services to 9 school districts and 3 area vocational technical schools in Fulton, Huntingdon, Juniata and Mifflin Counties.

The Intermediate Unit operates or oversees all Adult Center programs at the TIU Adult Education and Job Training Center. Center programs have included 306/321 ABE and GED programs; ACT 143 Program; the GED Alumni Association; various JTPA Programs; Carl Perkins project for single parents and displaced homemakers and thirty 310/353 special projects.

"Computer Connections" was based at the TIU Adult Education and Job Training Center at the Juniata-Mifflin Area Vocational Technical School in Lewistown, Mifflin County. The Adult Center is the home of a wide variety of adult educational programs meeting the needs of adults in Juniata and Mifflin Counties. February '92 marked the Adult Center's 8th year of successful operation.



Statement of Problem

As adult educators we are always looking for ways to motivate our students to improve their basic skills. Through our routine recruitment efforts we reach many students who are anxious to attain a GED diploma or improve their employment potential. However, the "Computer Connections" project allowed us to establish a different motivational goal and in so doing attract different students to our adult basic education program.

Participants of "Computer Connections" responded to our calls for parents who wanted to know more about computers so they could better understand what their children were learning in school. These parents often felt inadequate when responding to their children's questions or experiences. We were told that this situation often led to a general breakdown of communication between parent and child. "Computer Connections" addressed this problem and led to greater knowledge and skills for parents.

School students are now using a language that many adults do not understand. Students are doing work that their parents may not yet have been exposed to or mastered. Students are often teaching their parents how to use new computer controlled microwaves, dishwashers, or watches. The computer has invaded our homes and our lives and for many adults it is considered an outright enemy. Modeled after the premise put forth in the ACCEPT program, "Computer Connections" is designed to give these adults the computer basics that will not let this gap widen further.



Goals and Objectives

Objectives as stated in the proposal were:

- to adapt the ACCEPT computer literacy project for use with local Adult Basic Education parents to provide computer skills development, to provide an understanding of how computers are used in their children's education and to provide an opportunity for parents to review their own basic skills during the program.
- to implement the above curriculum with approximately twenty (20) Adult Basic Education level parents.

Procedures

The general design involved a two stage plan. Stage One consisted of project adaptation and curriculum development. The curriculum consisted of basic computer literacy and instruction in the use of basic skills software. Stage Two involved implementation of the curriculum. Our plan was for twenty (20) participants to be provided with 24 hours of instruction. Classes operated two days a week for two hours each session. Our goal was for students each to achieve competency levels in operating a microcomputer and to receive instruction in the methodology of typical kinds of educational software.

Results

Both objectives were successfully met. The ACCEPT curriculum was reviewed and adapted for our use. Changes were significant.

Whereas the ACCEPT curriculum involved direct training with children and parents, our program served parents directly and their children indirectly. The curriculum development was conducted by the instructor. The instructor generalized and included the various types of software being used to teach basic skill areas in the local school districts.

Software owned by the Adult Education and Job Training Center and software owned by other educational institutions wherever licensing agreements permit such use were utilized. Software was purchased only when necessary to legally satisfy licensing agreements or when software was not available from other sources in specific basic skill areas.

The training was delivered to 29 students (20 planned). Classes were scheduled in two separate six week periods. With a plan of 10 students for each class, we served 14 in the first session and 15 in the second. Students worked both on IBM compatible and Apple IIe Hardware for the project is owned by the Adult Education computers. The twenty-four hours of instruction included and Job Training Center. computer literacy and a review of basic skills software. Computer literacy instruction included a review of the component parts of personal computer systems and their operation, basic keyboarding, computer uses in education and other areas, and consumer education aimed at providing parents with an understanding of when a home computer purchase can be justified. The review of educational software included instruction in the use of several different types



of educational software packages. The review provided the basis for instruction on how the computer is used in the classroom and provided the basis for discussion on how the parent can help support this type of instruction. Included was instruction on methods parents could use to share their knowledge with their children.

Evaluation

Evaluation has been a continual process. A computer literacy pre and post test was developed and administered. Students' progress records were kept noting computer skills achieved and confidence and ease in working with the computer. Measurement of total achievement and success has been based on completion of:

- adaptation of ACCEPT project, development of curriculum
- training 29 Adult Basic Education parents to participate in computer family literacy instruction (20 planned)
 In addition, a detailed curriculum outline is attached.



Dissemination

This project will be available for dissemination through:

Pureau of Adult Basic & Literacy Education Pennsylvania Department of Education 333 Market Street Harrisburg, PA 17126-0333

and

AdvancE Pennsylvania Department of Education 333 Market Street Harrisburg, PA 17126-0333

Specific questions should be directed to:

Carol Molek
Tuscarora Intermediate Unit
Adult Education and Job Training Center
1020 Belle Vernon Avenue
Lewistown, PA 17044
(717) 248-4942

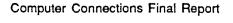


Conclusions/Recommendations

We are extremely pleased with the outcome of "Computer Connections." Participants made excellent progress in their own basic skills and reported to us a better understanding of and communication with their children. The problem which was very apparent right from the beginning was the popularity of the program. We had a waiting list of over 50 people we could not serve because of the funding limitations of this small project. We are currently exploring other possibilities to continue this type of family literacy training in the future.

COMPUTER CONNECTIONS

Course Outline, Handouts, Resources





Tuscarora Intermediate Unit

Adult Education and Job Training Center

CAROL MOLEK

Adult Education Co-ordinator

ADELE T. CRAIG

JTPA Director

COMPUTER CONNECTION

- I. Intro to the course/goals
 - A. Pre-test (majority of the questions are from Computer Literacy by Caleb & Crowell)
 - B. Hand out books (Computer Literacy by Caleb & Crowell) and assign first 6 chapters.
 - C. Get the class started with Introduction to the Apple Tutorial Computer diskettes
 - D. Get the students started on the Oregon Trail
 - 1. Critical thinking
 - 2. Decision making
 - 3. Math Skills
- II. Getting to know the Computer
 - A. Review the first 6 chapters in unit A (Computers and Computer Systems)
 - B. Go through the Inside Story diskette
 - C. Follow-up on the questions at the end of the Inside Story
 - D. Review the different storage mediums
 - 1. Hard drive
 - a. sizes
 - b. speed
 - c. prompt
 - 2. Floppy disks
 - a. sizes
 - b. capacities 1.2 & 1.44
 - 3. Bernoilli cartridges
 - E. Proper care of diskettes
- III. Review Education Software I
 - A. Review second 6 chapters of Computer Literacy Unit A
 - B. Introductory to educational software
 - C. Allow the group to experiment with different packages
 - D. Assign Unit B for next class
 - IV. Review Educational Software II
 - V. Appleworks Tutorial
 - A. Review Unit B and answer any questions
 - B. Introduction to Appleworks Tutorial
 - C. Assign Unit C to read over the weekend

Tuscarora Intermediate Unit

Adult Education and Job Training Center

CAROL MOLEK

Adult Education Co-ordinator

ADELE T. CRAIG

JTPA Director

- VI. Word processing with Appleworks
 - A. Review Unit C
 - B. Review Appleworks and use the wordprocessing facility to work on exercises
 - 1. Hand out letters with errors to be typed
 - 2. Have the class type an essay on why they are here in class
 - C. Assign Unit F
- VII. Spreadsheets with Appleworks
 - A. Review Unit F
 - B. Review the Appleworks spreadsheet facility to work on exercises
- VIII. Basic DOS workshop
 - IX. WordPerfect workshop
 - A. Review DOS
 - B. Introduce WordPerfect
 - X. AS EASY AS 123 Tutorial
 - A. Review WordPerfect and answer any questions
 - B. Wordperfect exercises
 - C. Introduction to a Lotus clone AS EASY AS 123
 Tutorial
 - XI. AS EASY AS 123 workshop
 - A. Review AS EASY AS 123
 - B. Work on AS EASY AS 123 exercises
 - C. Review for the post test
 - XII. Flex class
 - A. Answer any questions on the class material
 - B. Post test
 - C. Evaluation
 - D. Individual experimentation with any package

DEFINITION OF A COMPUTER:

A computer is a programmable electronic device that can store, retrieve, and process data.

A program is a set of instructions to be carried out later.

Store - to put away for safekeeping or later use. storing to a computer is also called writing.

Retrieve - to get and bring back.
retrieving to a computer is also called reading.

Process - calculate, compare, sort, organize, and/or arrange.

Data are facts or information.

TYPES OF COMPUTERS:

analog computers - operate using smooth, continuous changes in electricity. Ex. speedometer, thermometer

digital computers - use electrical signals that switch on and off. Ex. microcomputers

KINDS OF COMPUTERS:

Mainframe computers - large in size, can handle alot of work (contain a large amount of memory), very expensive (hundreds of thousands of dollars to more than a million), can have a terminal connected to them, can do more than one kind of at a time.

Minicomputers - medium in size, can handle much work, expensive (10 to 100 thousand dollars), can have terminal connected to them, can do more than one kind of job at a time.

Microcomputers (personal or home computers) - compact or portable, can handle a good amount of work, affordable (less than 6 thousand - some for only a few hundred dollars), can do only one kind of job at a time.

Minicomputers are smaller than mainframes and larger than microcomputers. Mainframes and minicomputers can communicate with other computers through telephone wires and the use of a modem. Microcomputers can also be used as terminals for mini and mainframe computers. Mini and mainframe computers with terminals are said to be using a time-sharing system.



22

THE MAIN PARTS OF A COMPUTER AND HOW A COMPUTER WORKS:

Central Processing Unit (CPU) - the heart of the computer. Made up of the control unit and the arith/logic unit. The CPU processes the information.

The Control Unit is a set of master programs that interprets the user's programs and supervises the overall operation of the computer.

The Arith/Logic Unit performs arithmetic operation and comparing operations.

The Memory Unit stores information. External and Internal - RAM and ROM.

The Input Unit accepts information. When the computer is ready to accept input from the keyboard an indicator called a cursor is displayed on the monitor to show where the next input will be printed.

The Output Unit gives out the processed information.

Software are computer programs.

Hardware are the machines or the computer itself.

COMMUNICATING WITH A COMPUTER

A program is a set of instructions that tell the computer what to do.

Programs must be written in a language that the computer understands.

There are many computer languages.

Each one is designed for a particular purpose.

Some examples are BASIC, COBOL, FORTRAN, PASCAL, Logo, PL1, RPG, etc.

BASIC - Beginners All-purpose Symbolic Instruction Code

Syntax - grammar, format, or structure of a programming language.

Programs are called software and can be purchased for specific brand of computer, and usually cannot be used on another brand. Purchased programs are sometimes called canned programs or application software.



HISTORY NOTES

I. CALCULATING MACHINES

ABACUS

one of the first tools used to express numbers developed by the Chinese still in use today

Blaise Pascal

developed the arithmetic machine used gears to operate could only do addition and subtraction

Charles Babbage

developed the analytical engine contained the 4 main parts of a modern computer (input, output, memory, and processing unit) used punched cards to input information never worked

Ada Augusta Byron Lovelace

First Woman Programmer
Convinced Babbage to use the binary number system
described how the Analytical Engine could be programmed

Herman Hollerith

developed the Tabulating Machine - used in the 1890 census

used punched cards successfully developed the punched card - called Hollerith Card Started a company we know today as IBM

II. Computers

Mark I

Electromechanical computer - used electricity and moving parts to operate
Developed at Harvard University - 1944

III. <u>First generation of computers</u> used vacuum tubes

1,000 calculations per second

ENIAC

first digital computer - all electronic developed at the University of PA very large, gave off alot of heat, very expensive used vacuum tubes to operate - over 18,000 300 times faster than the Mark I had to be rewired to change programs



EDVAC

stored instructions and data

UNIVAC

first commercial computer - developed by IBM

IV. Second Generation of Computers
used transistors
10,000 - 1,000,000 calc. per sec.
magnetic core memory

First high-level language developed - FORTRAN COBOL developed for the Department of Defense BASIC developed at Dartmouth College transistors developed by Bell Laboratories less expensive, less electricity, less heat, smaller

V. Third Generation of Computers used integrated circuits (IC) 1,000,000 - 10,000,000 calc. per sec.

Integrated circuit could be mass produced less expensive and smaller (some table top size) 100 times faster than 2nd generation computers 1,000 times faster than 1st generation computers

VI. <u>Fourth Generation of Computers</u> used integrated circuit chips (ICC) 10,000,000+ calculations per second

microcomputers, electronic games, pacemakers developed less expensive, smaller, faster and more powerful

VII. Fifth Generation - Future of Computers voice synthesizers
Artificial intelligence
ETC. !!!

DOS (DISC OPERATING SYSTEM)

- I. Function keys: Located on the left side of the keyboard.
- II. Special keys:

Esc - the escape key is usually located in the upper left corner of the typewriter area. (Note: on ours it is above the number pad)

Ctrl - used in conjunction with other keys

Alt - used in conjunction with the Ctrl key and others.

Numlock - used to change the function of the keys on numeric pad.

- III. Warm boot : Ctrl-Alt-Del

When changing from the default drive A to drive B, you enter B: (Return). See ex. below:

A>B: (return)
B>

When changing to another drive, remember to type the letter of the drive and a colon.

V. Date/Time: You may change the date and the time when you boot up the system or you may also change them by entering the command to change them. (See example below)

Ex. 1. Charging the time.

A>Time

Current time is 15:03:44.8 Enter new time:

- * Note: remember to enter time in military style!!!
- Ex. 2. Changing the date.

A>Date

Current date is Mon 9-16-1991

Enter new date:

* Note: remember to enter date with slashes or dashes!!!



VI. DOS Commands

> A>Dir B: will give you a list of the files on the disk in Drive B.

A>Dir/P will pause at the end of every screen.

A>Dir/W will give a wide display

- 2. CLS : clears the screen.
 A>cls
- 3. Ver : will give the DOS version in use. A>Ver
- 4. DELete: will delete a file from the disk. A>Del troy.fil
- 5. Erase: will erase a file from the disk. A>Erase Troy.fil

*Note: this will do the same as the DEL command.

- 6. Rename: will rename a file.
 A>Rename Troy.fill Sandy.fil
- 7. Copy: will copy a file from one disk to another. A>Copy Troy.fil B: *To make a backup---- A>Copy Troy.fil TroyBK.fil
- 9. Format : prepares the disk for use in the IBM/IBM Compatible A>Format b:

*place the target disk in the B drive and press enter.

Computer Connections used two primary resources for training:

Computer Literacy by Caleb Crowell, Educational Design, NY, 1985.

<u>Learning to Use Wordperfect</u> by Shelby, Cashman, Gurgel, Quasney, Pratt; Boyd & Fraser, Boston, 1990.

COMPUTER CONNECTIONS

Quizzes, Exercises



Name:	:
Date	:
ı.	1-20 Multiple choice
1.	You are working on a computer. The computer has asked you a question, and you have typed the answer. Your answer appears on the screen. How do you tell the computer that you are ready to go on?
	 a. Press the cursor control key b. Press M for memory c. Press the RETURN key d. Don't do anything
2.	The computer's long term memory is stored on
	a. Chipsb. A microprocessorc. A power supplyd. A PC board
3.	A chip contains
	a. A clockb. A PC boardc. An ICd. None of the above
4.	Which is not the same?
	a. A desktop computerb. A microcomputerc. A minicomputerd. A personal computer
5.	Elsie is thinking about buying a disk drive that handles double-sided, double-density diskettes. This kind of diskette
	 a. Holds more than other disks b. Spins faster than other disks c. Cost less than other disks. d. Is bigger than other disks e. Has to do with the brand name



6.	A diskette is the same as a
	a. Winchesterb. Hard diskc. Disk drived. floppy
7.	The bill you receive at the cherkout counter is an example of
	a. Inputb. Outputc. Graphicsd. An operator command
8.	If I am to present a report to the class, I may use pie charts to pictorally show a comparison between several variables. A pie chart is an example of
	a. Graphicsb. Integrated circuitc. An interfaced. A modulator
9.	A chip is made of
	a. Graphiteb. Siliconc. Silverd. Magnesium
10.	If there is a power outage, the information in ROM
	a. is lostb. is not affectedc. is transferred to ASCI coded. is transferred to a diskette
11.	RAM is
	a. Temporaryb. Permanentc. also called a Winchesterd. part of the hard drive
12.	The bill you receive at the checkout counter is a/an
	a. "Soft copy" b. Lamination c. "Hardcopy" d. "Easycopy"

13.	The proper way to change from the A DRIVE on the IBM to the B DRIVE is $___$.
	a. B; b. B" c. B= d. B:
14.	Which of the following is not included in the proper care of the diskette?
	 a. Don't touch the windows b. Don't place in excessive heat c. Don't lay on the desk with other diskettes d. Don't place heavy objects on the diskettes
15.	If you rant to save a document that you have typed in WordPerfect, you will save it to
	a. ROM. b. RAM c. The microprocessor d. A diskette
16.	Floppy disks can come in all the following sizes but
	a. 7.0" b. 3.5" c. 5.25" d. 8.0"
17.	If you want to begin a program, where do you type the command name?
	a. At the DOS promptb. At the time promptc. At the date promptd. It begins by itself just like the apple
18.	What is the difference petween the Apple and the IBM?
	 a. You cannot do both a warm boot and a cold boot on the IBM b. You cannot save your work on the Apple c. You need to jump start the IBM with a DOS disk d. There isn't any difference between the two
19.	What does format mean?
	 a. To prepare a disk for use with a specific system b. To save to your disk c. To destroy the disk itself d. To initialize the system

	TO THIS MOLE CHAIL ONE PC to a printer you can use a/an
	a. IC
	b. Modulatorc. Winchester
	d. A/B Switch Box
II.	SHORT ANSWER (1-10)
1.	If you are at the A> prompt and want to look at what's on the disk in the B DRIVE, but you only want the names of the files and not the times and dates, what would you type in?
2.	What command clears the screen?
3.	What are the two WILD CARDS that we talked about in class? B
4.	If you are at the A> prompt and want to copy the file TEST.WK1 to the B DRIVE, what would you type in?
5.	I want to rename TEST.WK1 as TESTBK.WK1. How do I do this?
6.	I also want to delete the file called GRADES1.PIC. How do I do this?
7.	Name 4 things you don't do to a diskette.
	(2)
	(3)
	(4)
8.	What type of print is the following?

1992 Fiscal Report					
	for 1st Quarter				
		January	February	March	
INCOME					
Client payment		\$28560.00	\$34900.00	\$40500.00	
Interest		\$2000.00	\$2000.00	\$2000.00	_
Donation		\$3700.00	\$2500.00	\$4600.00	
Grants		\$2500.00	\$2500.00	\$2500.00	
Totals	_				

For questions 1-5 refer to the spreadsheet above.

- 1. If I want to total January's income, which of the following would I use as the equation in C9
 - a. sum(C5..C8)
 - b. @sum(C5..C8)
 - c. add(C5..C8)
 - d. @add(C5..C8)
- 2. If I want to center the label "Jan" in cell C3, what would I type.
 - a. 'Jan
 - b. "Jan
 - c. ^Jan
 - d. Jan
 - e. a or d
- 3. If I want to right justify the label Feb in cell D3, what would I type
 - a. 'Feb
 - b. "Feb
 - c. ^Feb
 - d. Feb
- 4. The highlight bar in Lotus 123 is called the
 - a. cell
 - b. cell module
 - c. cell address
 - d. cell pointer

/

- 5. If I total all donations for the 1st quarter the equation would look like which of the following
 - a. @sum(C7 thru E7)
 - b. @sum(C7..E7)
 - c. Add(C7..E7)
 - d. @sum(C7 to E7)

Questions 1-6 refer to WordPerfect

- 1. If your cursor is under the P in the word WordPerfect and you strike **Delete** key, which character will be deleted?
- 2. If your cursor is under the P in the word WordPerfect and you strike the Backspace key, which character will be deleted?
- 3. If your cursor is under the P in the word WordPerfect and you add a space, between which two letters will the space be placed?
- 4. If I want to add a blank line between the 2 sentences, such as in the following example what will I do.

 Today is Post-Test day.

 I hope you have fun doing this.
 - a. Put your cursor under the T and return
 - b. Put your cursor undet the I and return
- 5. To save and not exit in Wordperfect press
 - a. F8
 - b. F6
 - c. F7
 - d. F10
- 6. To save and exit press
 - a. F5
 - b. F6
 - c. F7
 - d. F9

Questions 1-2 refer to Databases

- A collection of related items is called a

 - group record b.
 - field c.
 - collective group
- 2. One of the related items is called a/an
 - item a.
 - b. area
 - field c.
 - d. block

COMPUTER CONNECTIONS

Sample Application Forms



COMPUTER CONNECTION APPLICATION FORM

1.	Name Date : 1/21/9	2		
2.	Address: 207 E Main St.			
	PUQ BOX A200			
	Bolleville PA 17004 City State Zip			
3.	Phone No. : Message No			
4.	Social Security No. :			
5.	How many children in the Mifflin County School District:			
	School Age Grades			
	Union Trip Elem. 9 3			
	7 2			
	Indian Valley Middle 13 8			
	<u></u>			
6. I	am interested in:			
	Learning the basics about computers Learning to type Improving math and bookkeeping skills Improving reading skills Receiving information to help me in purchasing a computer Developing a program to help me work toward my GED Receiving career information Learning new skills for job advancement Learning word processing skills Learning programming skills Learning language skills Learning business management skills Other:			



	COMPUTER CONNECTION APPLICATION FORM
1.	Name : 1-21-93
2.	Address: 120# 6 Box 422B
	LEWISTOWN
	City State Zip
3.	Phone No. : Message No.
4.	Social Security No. :
5.	How many children in the Mifflin County School District:
	School Age Grades
	LEGUISTOWN High 17 1th
	LEWISTOWN Middle 13 7th
	Bucharan 12 5th
6.	am interested in:
	Learning the basics about computers Learning to type Improving math and bookkeeping skills Improving reading skills Receiving information to help me in purchasing a computer Developing a program to help me work toward my GED Receiving career information

Learning new skills for job advancement

Learning business management skills
Other:

Learning word processing skills
Learning programming skills
Learning language skills



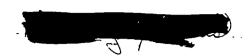


COMPUTER CONNECTION APPLICATION FORM

1.	Name:		Date : <u>/-</u> ,	21-92
2.	Address : <u>RD</u> #/	Bux 2226	-	
	<u>Me Clures</u>	<u> </u>	<u>′</u>	
3.	Phone No. :		canao No	
	Social Security No. 1	Mes	ssage No.	
	He v many children in t	he Mifflin County Sch	and Dietriet:	
•••	School			
		Age	Grades	
	IU. HS.		/d	
	I.UHS	15	9 44	•
6.	l am interested in:			
Learning the basics about computers Learning to type Improving math and bookkeeping skills Improving reading skills				
	 Receiving information to help me in purchasing a computer Developing a program to help me work toward my GED Receiving career information Learning new skills for job advancement 			
	Learning word processing skills			
	Learning programming skills Learning language skills			
	Learning busines Other:	ss management skills		

COMPUTER CONNECTIONS

Student Comments: Why are you enrolling in Computer Connections?



Just to obtain the knowledge and working of a computer. To be able to commente with my children about computers. To also be knowledged with computers for even a furture work.

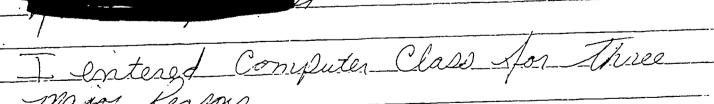
To be able to communicate with my children

about their computer experiences at school.

To gain some basic Knowledge about computers

in the event that I'll be working with

a computer someday my self.



Major Keasons.

1. Thy Computer Defale Entering 1 wood School

2. Majo be the Only Job I could have

3. To help My Children.

ERIC 43 BEST COPY AVAILABLE



I want to learn how to see the computer Competently, so that I can volunteer to help the Computer Classes at, an my Childrens school (Sacred Heart). Ups, with the Computer age and so much use of computers in the Kirkplace, a working Knowledge of Low to use Consulters would be invaluable should I decide to go back to work

- J-want to learn more about Computers. because they are becoming more and more introduced into the work place of wanted. it bothers me that everyone scams to -Know alok more about completers thandolo. and I don't want to be Oeff Dehind

1. LEARN - TO WORK AND UNDERSTAND A COMPUTER. 2 MY SON WANTS A COMPUTER FOR XMAS, I -WOULD LIKE TO KNOW ABOUT COMPUTERS 3. I WOULD LIKE TO GO TO COLLECE LATER ON, COMPUTERS WOULD. BE A STEP THAT WAY

COMPUTER CONNECTIONS

Pre and Post Test Samples



Date: 1-14-92

Pre test

- I. 1-20 Multiple choice
- 1. You are working on a computer. The computer has asked you a question, and you have typed the answer. Your answer appears on the screen. How do you tell the computer that you are ready to go on?
- a. Press the cursor control key
- b. Press M for memory
- Press the RETURN Key
 - d. Don't do anything
- 2. The computer's long term memory is stored on _____
- a. Chips
- b. A microprocessor
- c. A power supply
- d. A FC board
- A chip contains ______.
- a. A clock
- b. A PC board
- C. An IC
 - None of the above
- 4. Which is not the same?
- a. A desktop computer
 - 5. A microcomputer
 - A minicomputer
 - d. A personal computer
 - 5. Elsie is thinking about buying a disk drive that handles double-sided, double-density diskettes. This kind of diskette
- Holds more than other disks
 - 5. Spins faster than other disks
 - C. Cost less than other disks
 - d. Is bigger than other disks
 - e. Has to do with the brand name

٥,	A diskette is the same as a	
	A diskette is the same as a	
	Winchester	
, D.	Hard disk Disk drive	
	floppy	
	7 7 Opp 7	
7. exa	The bill you receive at the checkout of	counter is an
a.	Input	
(D)	Output	
	Graphics	
a.	An operator command	
8.	If I am to present a second a second	_
~	If I am to present a report to the clants to pictorally show a comparison beliables. A pie chart is an example of	ass, I may use pie tween several
Ca.	Graphics	
D.	Integrated circut	
с. d.	An interface A modulator	
3.	H moder & top	
9.	A chip is made of	
ā.	Graphite	
6	Silicon	
	Silver	
d.	Magnesium	
10.	If there is a power outage, The inform	nation in ROM
ā.	Is lost	
5.	Is not affected	
حتی	Is transfered to ASCI code	
d.	Is transfered to a diskette	
1 1	DAM : -	1996年,1996年第1996年第1996年第1996年
11.	RAM is	and the second of the second o
à.	Temporary	The state of the s
b.	Permanent	
ے۔	also called a Winchester	and the state of the same was a successful so that we are
D	part of the hard drive	
12.	The bill you receive at the checkout	counter is a/an
_		Councer 13 ab an
a. b.	"Soft copy"	
	Lamination "Handcopy"	·
<u> </u>	"Easycopy"	
·		

ERIC

13. The proper way to change from the A DRI	VE on	the	IBM	to
a. B; b. B" c. B=				
14. Which of the following is not included care of the diskette?	in the	e pro	pper	
a. Don't touch the windows b. Don't place in excessive heat c. Don't lay on the desk with other diskett d. Don't place heavy objects on the diskett	e s			
15. If you want to save a document that you Appleworks, You will write it to	have	typ€	ed in	1
a. ROM b. RAM The microprocessor d. A diskette				
16. Floppy disks can come in all the follow	ing s	izes	but	
a. 7.0" b. 3.5" c. 5.25" d. 8.0"				
17. If you want to begin a program, where d	o you	type	the	,
 At the DOS prompt At the time prompt At the date prompt It begins by itself just like the apple 				
18. What is the difference between the Appl	e and	the	IBM?	>
a. You cannot do both a warm boot and a col	d boot	t on	the	

- b. --You cannot save your work on the Apple
- c. You need to jump start the IBM with a DOS disk There isn't any difference between the two
 - 19. What does format mean?
- To prepare a disk for use with a specific system b. To save to your disk

 - C. To destroy the disk itself
 - d. To initialize the system



ł	a. IC fink more than one po to a printer you can use avan
	b. Modulator c. Winchester d. A/B Swith Box
	II. SHORT ANSWER (1-10)
	1. If you are at the A> prompt and want to look at what's on the di in the B DRIVE, but you only want the names of the files and not the times and dates, What would you type in?
	MEDU
	2. What command clears the screen? ERASE
	3. What are the two WILD CARDS that we talked about in class?
	Acer Deme
	4. If you are at the A> prompt and want to copy the file TEST.WK1 t the B DRIVE, What would you type in?
	COPY
	5. I want to rename TEST.WK1 as TESTBK.WK1. How do I do this?
	Evase retype
	6. I also want to del the file called GRADES1.PIC. How do I do thi
	Delete
	7. Name 4 things you don't do to a diskette.
	(1) Warm it
	(2) Write on it
	(3) Magnetize it
	(4) Sit on it
	8. What key do you press to get the Word Attack Plus menu?
	Enter
	9. What do you press in Appleworks to get a list of the command. HINT - 2 keys at the same time!!
	Shift-apple
	10. What type of print is the following?
	Pin print
	43
ERIC	

Date : 2 1-9%

Post test

- 1-20 Multiple choice
- 1. You are working on a computer. The computer has asked you a question, and you have typed the answer. Your answer appears on the screen. How do you tell the computer that you are ready to go on?
- a. Press the cursor control key
- b. Press M for memory
- C Press the RETURN Key
- d. Don't do anything
- 2. The computer's long term memory is stored on
- (a. Chips
- b. A microprocessor
- A power supply
- d. A FC board
- A chip contains _
- a. A clock
- b. A PC board
- c. An IC
- .d. None of the above
- 4. Which is not the same?
- a. A desktop computer
- b. A microcomputer
- c) A minicomputer
- d. A personal computer
- 5. Elsie is thinking about buying a disk drive that handles double-sided, double-density diskettes. This kind of diskette
- (a) Holds more than other disks
- b. Spins faster than other disks
- C. Cost less than other disks
- d. Is bigger than other disks
- e. Has to do with the brand name



6.	A diskette is the same as a
	Winchester
, b.	Hard disk
Ç.	Disk drive
્રં (તે.)	floppy

ex a	The bill you receive at the checkout counter is an mple of
	Input
(b.)	Output
c.	Graphics
d.	An operator command
8.	If I am to present a report to the class, I may use pie
chai	rts to pictorally show a comparison between several
Yar	iables. A pie chart is an example of
(a.	Combine
	Graphics
c.	Integrated circut
	An interface A modulator
J.	H MOOUTEROP
9.	A chip is made of
ā.	Graphite
	Silicon
	Silver
d.	Magnesium
10.	If there is a power outage, The information in ROM
à.	Is lost
	Is not affected
	Is transfered to ASCI code
d.	Is transfered to a diskette
11.	RAM is
(a.)	Temporary
ь.	Permanent
ς.	also called a Winchester
d.	part of the hard drive
12.	The bill you receive at the checkout counter is a/an
•	Month and M
a. h	"Soft copy" Lamination .
(-)	"Handcopy"
لوپي)	"Easycopy"
·	Lasycupy
	·

:

- the B DKIVE IS ____. 8; B. 8= B: 14. Which of the following is not included in the proper care of the diskette? Don't touch the windows Don't place in excessive heat Don't lay on the desk with other diskettes Don't place heavy objects on the diskettes 15. If you want to save a document that you have typed in Appleworks, You will write it to _____. a. ROM ь. RAM The microprocessor c. **d**.) A diskette 16. Floppy disks can come in all the following sizes but 7.0* ь. 3.5 c. 5.25* d. 8.0* 17. If you want to begin a program, where do you type the command name? At the DOS prompt At the time prompt At the date prompt It begins by itself just like the apple is. What is the difference between the Apple and the IBM? a. You cannot do both a warm boot and a cold boot on the MBI

 - You need to jump start the IBM with a DOS disk
 - There isn't any difference between the two
 - 19. What does format mean?
- To prepare a disk for use with a specific system
 - To save to your disk
 - To destroy the disk itself
- To initialize the system

		C. Winchester To hook more than one computer to a printer
•	(d.) A/B Swith Box
		II. SHORT ANSWER (1-10)
	DIR	1. If you are at the A> prompt and want to look at what's on the in the B DRIVE, but you only want the names of the files and not the times and dates, What would you type in?
		At die B
		2. What command clears the screen? CLS
		3. What are the two WILD CARDS that we talked about in class?
		长法 7
	to	4. If you are at the A> prompt and want to copy the file TEST.WK the B DRIVE, What would you type in?
		AZROPYTESTIWL AT B: TestiWKI
•		5. I want to rename TEST.WKi as TESTBK.WKi. How do I do this?
		A7 Rename Test. WKI Test BK. WI
		6. I also want to del the file called GRADES1.PIC. How do I do
		AT DEL GRADESI, DIC
		7. Name 4 things you don't do to a diskette.
		(1) Put heavy objects on them
		(2) Put in direct sunshine
		(3) Get near a magnet
_		Don't lay on top of the compuler
		8. What key do you press to get the Word Attack Plus menu?
		tep escape
		9. What do you press in Appleworks to get a list of the command. HINT - 2 keys at the same time!!
		Open apple rental Reset
		10. What type of print is the following?
		م د د ر . م د د ر .
		cht matrix
		:
FRIC		BEST COPY AVAILABLE
Full Text Provided by ERIC		DEST POLIT MANIFABLE

If more than one

b. Modulator

COMPUTER CONNECTIONS

Participants' Comments and Evaluations

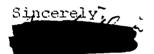


December 12.1991

Mr. Troy Scott;

Dear Troy.

I want to thank you so much for your time and effort in teaching this class. I have really enjoyed learning from you. It has been a pleasure coming to Lewistown two nights a week. I marvel at your capabilities with the computer. I hope I haven't tried your patience too much. Thanks again.



Conversional Conversional

- 1. Describe the one thing you liked best about the class.

 Not feeling stupid if I didn't know how to do something and feeling like I accomplished alot by the last week was the best feeling I had.
- 2. Describe one thing you would add to this class if you were taking it over again.

 I would add more James to put me at task with the Keyboard/screen interaction.
- 3. Describe one thing you would drop from this class if you were taking it over again.

 I would not drop anything, it was very enjoyable.
- 4. In a short paragraph, summarize your feelings about completing this class.

I had a great time learning because before I didn't know anything about the computer. Now I hear a word or phrase about them and I say "Hey I know that!" My husband says I'm obsessed now and I'm looking forward to buying my first computer and knowing what I'm doing - a little bit!!

Please answer all of the following questions in complete sentences.

- 1. Describe the one thing you liked best about the class.

 The actual use of the computers.
- 2. Describe one thing you would add to this class if you were taking it over again.

 I think every thing went well.

 No complaints.
- 3. Describe one thing you would drop from this class if you were taking it over again.
- 4. In a short paragraph, summarize your feelings about completing this class.

Lenjoyed taking this class to become familiar with computer and what my Children possibly are doing with Computers in school. The instructor, Troy did an excellent job involving us in actual situations with the Computers.

 Describe the one thing you liked best about the class.

> Working on the IBM, with Word perfect and Sotus 123. Also learning about how the computer Books.

 Describe one thing you would add to this class if you were taking it over again.

To work with the IBM forger because it is used most in the work force.

3. Describe one thing you would drop from this class if you were taking it over again.

Apple works

4. In a short paragraph, summarize your feelings about completing this class.

how the computer works and how- to use them. The teacher was new helpful.

- Describe the one thing you liked best about the class. It toughter me hour to use a computer and the lands on training
- 2. Describe one thing you would add to this class if you were taking it over again. Nothing
- 3. Describe one thing you would drop from this class if you were taking it over again.
- In a short paragraph, summarize your feelings about completing this class.

 Derioused the class and the rest of the structure. I would recomend it to other bartish used wants to bear about computers. I feel the classical are a lost of good.

- Describe the one thing you liked best about the class.

 I liked the "hards on" experience with the computers hest.
- 2. Describe one thing you would add to this class if you were taking it over again.

I cannot think of anything I would add, except more practice time,

- 3. Describe one thing you would drop from this class if you were taking it over again.

 I would drop the computer set up demonstration.
- 4. In a short paragraph, summarize your feelings about completing this class.

I jul very good about completing the class. I do not jul so intimidated by computers now. I still have a lot to learn, but the basics learned here and the material in the bandouts are a very good foundation and springfourd to futher skills.

- 1. Describe the one thing you liked best about the class. He actually preciously got to learn together.
- 2. Describe one thing you would add to this class if you were taking it over again. More take on one type of Computer (18m),
- 3. Describe one thing you would drop from this class if you were taking it over again. I would not drop anything from the Class, it could have been longer,
- In a short paragraph, summarize your feelings about completing this class.

 Of was fur learning about all complete Opple, mactash; IBM) the teachersuman very nice. I enjoy being with other adult steedert maybe in the future Ou take another Chair

- Describe the one thing you liked best about the class was the way things were explained and how questions were encouraged. The time of modern was also good. The variety of programs.
- 2. Describe one thing you would add to this class if you were taking it over again. I would add more hands on with the computer as in more time on cutain programs
- 3. Describe one thing you would drop from this class if you were taking it over again. I would drop found out to many papers, Qust to had on you own and ask question.
- 4. In a short paragraph, summarize your feelings about completing this class.

good start with the computer. Ithin I could help my daughter now and also work on things for myself. After this class it really makes me interested in computers,

 Describe the one thing you liked best about the class.

I liked learning about the different types of computers and their control Keys, and understanding them more.

2. Describe one thing you would add to this class if you were taking it over again.

It down and using the computers is 14h I guides by yourself.

3. Describe one thing you would drop from this class if you were taking it over again.

In a short paragraph, summarize your feelings about completing this class. I've learned alot about longuture and how to get in and but of them. I also learned they are not as complicated as I thought they were I also enjoyed Iron he was clear in his terminology and I could understand what he was talking about.

 Describe the one thing you liked best about the class.

I liked learning how to use the IBM computer.

 Describe one thing you would add to this class if you were taking it over again.

imore time with IBM competer and printe

- Describe one thing you would drop from this class if you were taking it over again.

 Laking the guizzes
- 4. In a short paragraph, summarize your feelings about completing this class.

I feel that I know more about computers than when I First started. I enjoyed leavining about the different parts of a computer.

- 1. Describe the one thing you liked best about the class. I learned more about the computer
- 2. Describe one thing you would add to this class if you were taking it over again.

 More times
- 3. Describe one thing you would drop from this class if you were taking it over again.

 Others
- In a short paragraph, summarize your feelings about completing this class.

 Your historial dollar teach as well as a stranger, He was have teaching up to learning hard things that you can do not the computer. Troy is very patient and loves his job. Dlearned note about what was inside the computer, What the Key board,

- Describe the one thing you liked best about the class. I enjoyed the basics, understanding the parts of the computer, what they do etc. to give me a better understanding of the machines
- 2. Describe one thing you would add to this class if you were taking it over again. I wish there could be more time with word perfect, as well as changing disks, also more time with DOS.
- 3. Describe one thing you would drop from this class if you were taking it over again. I would enjoy sponding less time on the Apple programs and move on the IBM.
- In a short paragraph, summarize your feelings about completing this class. I think I feel more consortable with computers and am willing to try but I still feel a bit reluctant about losing programs is if I don't know what to do I programs is if I don't know what to do I will wait for instructions rather than pressing will wait for instructions rather than pressing keys to try to nove along. However I do understand the machines better a am glad for understand the machines better a am glad for that.

Please answer all of the following questions in complete sentences.

- Describe the one thing you liked best about the class.

 The thing I liked about this class is that it has been a steply step process. Tailored to the individual, it never assumed anything.
- 2. Describe one thing you would add to this class if you were taking it over again.

 The Typing totoxical would be helpful to those not familiar with the Keybaard.
- Dropping the test would be nice. However ona more pratical Note. Barb Goss is a wonderful Person, but having her classin the same Rocan is a distraction
- 4. In a short paragraph, summarize your feelings about completing this class.

I have appreciated the fact that this class was offered free. That it was open to any one, even working people that could come at night. I never felt stopied, I was treated as and adolf stopied, I was treated as and adolf with respect and patience.

With respect and patience.

Tray's background !! The differer. Not everyone can teach.



Please answer all of the following questions in complete sentences.

- Describe the one thing you liked best about the class.

 I liked the mix of book work and hands on experience
- 2. Describe one thing you would add to this class if you were taking it over again.

 More 14f0 with IBm + I man Campatabal.
- 3. Describe one thing you would drop from this class if you were taking it over again.

 I would probably say drop the apple signed and focus on I BM + I BM Compatable.
- In a short paragraph, summarize your feelings about completing this class.

Basic//y, I am satisfied with the introduction to computers and computer language. I admit that I came to this course with the idea of gaining Knowledge to begin my quest for computers. I realize this wasn't the exact design intended. Thankyou for the apportunity.

Please answer all of the following questions in complete sentences.

- Describe the one thing you liked best about the class.

 Working With the Computer.
- 2. Describe one thing you would add to this class if you were taking it over again.
- 3. Describe one thing you would drop from this class if you were taking it over again.
- 4. In a short paragraph, summarize your feelings about completing this class.

I Feel Very good about completing this class.

Please answer all of the following questions in complete sentences.

- Describe the one thing you liked best about the class.

 THE FACT THAT WE ALL CAME IN ON ABOUT THE SAME LEVEL. NOONE WAS EVER EITHER WAY BEHIND OR AHEAD OF THE GROUP, PERHAPS
- Describe one thing you would add to this class if you were taking it over again. MORE COMPOTERS PAIRM UP WAS DIFFICULT IN SUCH CLOSE GUARTERS,
- In a short paragraph, summarize your feelings about Scrioo if you were taking it over again. NOTHING.

 DELECTED IN AS A PARENT OF SCHOOL AGE CHILDREN IT'S BEEN HARDWARE

 A. In a short paragraph, summarize your feelings about Scrioo completing this class.

ALTHOUGH USED A CONPUTER IN
THE WORKPLACE IT HAS BEEN OVER
TEN YEARS. / NOW FEEL I HAVE
TEN YEARS. / NOW FEEL I HAVE
ENOUGH GENERAL KNOWLEDGE TO
SIT DOWN AT OUR PC AND BE
SIT DOWN AT OUR PC AND BE
CONFIDENT THAT I CAN DO
SOME THING WITH IT.

Please answer all of the following questions in complete sentences.

- Describe the one thing you liked best about the class.

 I liked the opportunity to be able to use the different computers and to see the practical uses & differences in them.
- Describe one thing you would add to this class if you were taking it over again.

 I didn't understand Dos and what it did for a long time. Perhaps, Troy could explain what the disks are before as we are putting them in the computers drive.

 3. Describe one thing you would drop from this class if you were taking it over again.

 Nothing I thought the course was very good!
- 4. In a short paragraph, summarize your feelings about completing this class.

I feel more confident in using the computers, so that when I go into my children's school to help with computer class, I can feel that I know something about it. (esp. when the computer locks up, as it did one time when I went in).

Please answer all of the following questions in complete sentences.

- 1. Describe the one thing you liked best about the class. I liked the lase and related attitude to which we all shared as a group.
- 2. Describe one thing you would add to this class if you were taking it over again.

 One thing would To Setupand make more detailed Records, Charts and Records of Offices.
- 3. Elescribe one thing you would drop from this class if you were taking it over again.
 I would not drop anything from this class lucry thing is basic to Put the Program together.
- 4. In a short paragraph, summarize your feelings about completing this class.

 It has been a very interesting time of learning and studing the world of computers. I have learned alot and fill there is alot more to learn, in a way I fill a little sad to be finished.



Please answer all of the following questions in complete sentences.

- 1. Describe the one thing you liked best about the WORKING ON THE COMPLETERS.
- 2. Describe one thing you would add to this class if you were taking it over again. MOKE TIME WITH THE JEM MAPPINES
- З. Describe one thing you would drop from this class if you were taking it over again. CAMES WE DID ON THE APPLE.
- In a short paragraph, summarize your feelings about completing this class. THIS CLASS WILL HELP ME UNDERSTAND WHAT MY SON IS DOINE IN SCHOOL, WITH COMPUTER. ME AT A LATER DATE, IA. I go to business school

4.

Please answer all of the following questions in complete sentences.

1. Describe the one thing you liked best about the class.

2. Describe one thing you would add to this class if you were taking it over again.

The sum and the sum of th

3. Describe one thing you would drop from this class if you were taking it over again.

as place in the control of an entire from

4. In a short paragraph, summarize your feelings about completing this class.

more projects on the compath. If such student would be able to war a project of instructions and compaths a project



Please answer all of the following questions in complete sentences.

1. Describe the one thing you liked best about the class.

I liked two things a bout the

I liked two things about the class. It was free and we got to use the computers.

2. Describe one thing you would add to this class if you were taking it over again.

I would try to have one person to a computer. You learn better if you do it yourself.

3. Describe one thing you would drop from this class if you were taking it over again.

4. In a short paragraph, summarize your feelings about completing this class.

I hope I have managed to learn Something and I would like to maybe take another class.

Please answer all of the following questions in complete sentences.

 Describe the one thing you liked best about the class.

Working on the I. B.M.

- 2. Describe one thing you would add to this class if you were taking it over again.

 Mocc time on the I.R.M.
- 3. Describe one thing you would drop from this class if you were taking it over again.

 No thing
- 4. In a short paragraph, summarize your feelings about completing this class.

I feel I know alot more about computers and software than I did weeks ago.

COMPUTER CONNECTIONS

Publicity/Public Relations



"COMPUTER CONNECTIONS"

COMPUTER LITERACY SKILLS FOR PARENTS

Learn the basic functions and operations of computers

Understand the computer experiences your children have in school

TUESDAY/THURSDAY - 7-9 P.M. Begins November 5

Adult Education and Job Training Center 1020 Belle Vernon Avenue Lewistown, PA 17044

Call to register 248-4942

FREE



Adult Education and Job Training Center

CAROL MOLEK

Adult Education Co-ordinator

ADELE T. CRAIG

JTPA Director

Sent to: County Observor - Bulletin Week of 10/29
The Sentinel - Caldendar 10/28, 29,30

Port Royal Times - Week of 10/28 Juniata Sentinel - Week of 10/28 WJUN Radio - Week of 10/28/91

WCHX - Week of 10/28/91

WMRF-WIEZ - Week of 10/28/91

WKVA - Week of 10/28/91 WQJU - Week of 10/28/91

"Computer Connections" - Computer Literacy Skills for Parents. Understand the computer experiences your children have in school. <u>Free</u>. Tuesday/Thursday 7:00 - 9:00 PM. Begins November 5, 1991. Call Adult Education and Job Training Center for registration 248-4942.

Adult Education and Job Training Center

CAROL MOLEK

Adult Education Co-ordinator

ADELE T. CRAIG

Sent to:

County Observor The Sentinel Port Royal Times Juniata Sentinel

WCHX Radio WMRF-WIEZ WKVA WQJU

WJUN Radio

News Release 10/22/91

Computer Connections

A new program begins November 5 at the T.I.U. Adult Education and Job Training Center in Lewistown.

Computer Connections is a family literacy project for parents. The project will teach computer literacy skills to parents so that they can understand and relate to their children's in-school learning experiences. In our present computer age, parents who have not had the opportunity of hands-on computer experience often feel intimidated by their children's computer knowledge.

"Computer Connections" will eliminate parents' fears and help parents to support their children's efforts.

The program is offered <u>free</u> to any parents or others interested in computers and education. Classes run for 6 weeks beginning November 5 on Tuesday and Thursday evenings from 7 - 9 PM. Funding for this project is from the Pennsylvania Department of Education special adult education project. To register or for more information call 248-4942.

Adult Education and Job Training Center

CAROL MOLEK

Adult Education Co-ordinator

ADELE T. CRAIG

JTPA Director

To: Telemedia Company TCI Cable Co.

"COMPUTER CONNECTIONS"

FREE Begins November 5, 1991

Computer Literacy Skills for Parents

248-4942



Juniata-Mifflin Vo-Tech School

(717) 248-4942

Adult Education and Job Training Center

CAROL MOLEK
Adult Education Co-ordinator

ADELE T. CRAIG

TELEMEDIA CO. TCI CABLE CO.

PLEASE RUN THROUGH JANUARY 8, 1992

"COMPUTER CONNECTIONS"
FREE
Begins January 14, 1992
Computer Literacy Skills for Parents
248-4942

Adult Education and Job Training Center

CAROL MOLEK Adult Education Co-ordinator ADELE T. CRAIG JTPA Director

COUNTY OBSERVER

THE SENTINEL PROT ROYAL TIMES JUNIATA SENTINEL

WJUN RADIO

WCHX RADIO

WMRF-WIEZ RADIO

WKVA RADIO

WQJU RADIO

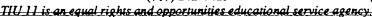
News Release: DECEMBER 16, 1991

Computer Connections

A computer literacy program begins January 14 at the T.I.U. Adult Education and Job Training Center in Lewistown.

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Adult Education and Job Training Center

CAROL MOLEK

Adult Education Co-ordinator

ADELE T. CRAIG

TTPA Director

COUNTY OBSERVER - BULLETIN - 12/17, 12/31, 1/7

THE SENTINEL - CALENDAR - 1/2, 1/3, 1/4

PORT ROYAL TIMES - WEEK OF 12/16, 1/6 - NEWS ITEM - NO CHARGE

JUNIATA SENTINEL - WEEK OF 12/16, 1/6 - NEWS ITEM - NO CHARGE

WJUN; WQJU; WCHX; WMRF-WIEZ; WKVA - PLEASE ANNOUNCE WEEK OF 12/16 AND 1/6

"Computer Connections" - Computer Literacy Skills for Parents. Understand the computer experiences your children have in school. <u>Free</u>. Tuesday/Thursday 7:00 - 9:00 PM. Begins January 14, 1992. Call Adult Education and Job Training Center for registration 248-4942.



MMUNITY ALENDAR

ERIC Full Text Provided by ERIC

JANUARY 1992

Sunday	Monday,	Tuesday	Wednesday	Thursday	Friday	Saturday
		*Computer Connec-		•Well Spouse	•M.C. Assn. of	•Hoop Shoots. 1)
		tion classes begin at		Foundation mtg., 1	School Retirees	Registration begins
		Adult Ed Ctr. Ph. 248-		p.m. at Golden Cor-	mtg., noon, Holiday	at 8:30 a.m. for the
		4942 10r into		ral Steak House.	lnn.	Elks Club Shoot at
	:	ir Bahe Buth 7 nm at		·Countywide		LHS. 2)Knights of
		Armony.		Spelling Bee, 7:30, at		Columbus Free-
(. •M.C. Accessibility		Indian Valley Middle		Throw Contest at
SC SC	,	Awareness Organiza-	•	School.		YMCA.
))		tion mtg., 6:30 p.m. at		•Yeagedown Ses-		·B.S. Klondike
		M.C. Courthouse.		7 Diministration 7	ı	Dorby 8:30 a m 2
		 Winter Forum on 		descentation and the		delay, e.30 a.iii. at
		'Christians Coplng With		p.m., al me Teag. U.		ine / Mins. Scoul
	,	Stress, 7:30, at Watts		Meth. Ch. 🛊		Camp.
		U. Meth. Ch., Belleville.		. •		•
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/ER-Wednesday, October 30, 1991

'Computer Connections Begin At Adult Center

A new program begins November 5 at the TIU Adult Education and Job Training Center in Lewistown.

Computer Connections is a family literacy project for parents. The project will teach computer literacy skills to parents so that they can understand and relate to their children's in-school learning experiences. In the present computer age, parents who have not had the opportunity of hands-on computer experience often feel intimidated by their children's computer knowledge. "Computer Connections" will eliminate parents' fears and help parents to support their children's efforts.

The program is offered free to any parents or others interested in computers and education. Classes run for six weeks beginning November 5 on Tuesday and Thursday evenings from 7 to 9 p.m. Funding for this project is from the Pennsylvania Department of Education special adult education project.

To register or receive more? information, call 248-4942.

Computer literacy program starting

LEWISTOWN — A computer literacy program starts Jan. 14 at the TIU Adult Education and Job Training Center, Lewistown.

The program is free to parents or others intersted in computers and edu-

Classes are 7-9 p.m. Tuesdays and Thursdays for six weeks.

Funding for this project is from the Pennsylvania Department of Education special adult education project. To register or for more information, call 248-4942.

Sentinel - 12/27/91

The Tuscarora Intermediate Unit 11 is an equal opportunity educational service agency and will not discriminate on the basis of race, color, national origin, ancestry, sex, handicap, age or religion in its activities, educational and vocational programs or employment practices as required by Title VI of the Civil Rights Act of 1964, Title IX of the 1972 Educational Amendments, Section 504 of the Rehabilitation Act of 1973 and the Pennsylvania Human Relations Act of 1955 as amended. For information regarding civil rights or grievance procedures, contact Jacqueline Vocke, Equal Rights and Opportunity Coordinator, at Tuscarora Intermediate Unit 11, RR 1, Box 70A, McVeytown, PA 17051, Phones: 814-542-2501 or 717-899-7143.

Computer Connections Final Report