DOCUMENT RESUME

ED 350 338 TM 019 099

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TITLE Catholic Elementary and Secondary Schools 1991-92,

Annual Statistical Report on Schools, Enrollment and

Staffing.

INSTITUTION National Catholic Educational Association,

Washington, D.C.

REPORT NO ISBN-1-55833-120-4

PUB DATE 92 NOTE 56p.

AVAILABLE FROM Publication Sales, National Catholic Educational

Association, 1077 30th Street, N.W., Suite 100,

Washington, DC 20007-3852.

PUB TYPE Statistical Data (110) -- Reports - Descriptive (141)

EDRS PRICE MF01/PC03 Plus Postage. DESCRIPTORS

*Catholic Schools; Comparative Analysis; Compensatory

Education; Educational Trends; Elementary Secondary

Education; Enrollment; Extended School Day; *Institutional Characteristics; Minority Groups; *National Surveys; Public Schools; School Demography; School Personnel; *School Statistics; School Surveys;

Teacher Student Ratio; Trend Analysis

IDENTIFIERS Education Consolidation Improvement Act Chapter 1

ABSTRACT

Since 1969-70 the National Catholic Educational Association has published a statistical report on Catholic elementary schools and secondary schools in the United States. This year's report contains the core school enrollment and staffing data of the Association's historical file, and includes data from a survey on extended care programs and Chapter 1 services. The first part of the report presents a summary of the demographic trends that affect public and private education. Comparisons are made with other private schools and with the public sector. Population trends show increasing numbers of students at preschool and elementary school age levels. Catholic preschool enrollment tripled between 1982 and 1992, while elementary school enrollment has increased in 35 states. In 1991-92, there were 8,508 Catholic schools, of which 1,269 were secondary schools. The total number of Catholic school children was 2,550,863. About 23 percent of the students were members of minority groups. In 1991-92, non-Catholic students represented 12 percent of Catholic school enrollment. The student-teacher ratio for Catholic prekindergarten through grade-12 schools was 16.6. Extended care was offered by 3,087 elementary schools. Students in 4,323 Catholic elementary schools and 191 Catholic secondary schools received Chapter 1 services. There are 21 exhibits illustrating the discussion, and 3 appendixes provide additional summary reports.

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Table Of Contents

List of Exhibits	.1
Prefaceii	i
Highlightsi	
Introduction	
A Summary of Demographic Trends in Public and Private Education: A Context	4
II C Dopulation Trends	-1
School-age Population	J
Enrollment in Public and Private Schools	v
Teachers and Pupil-Teacher Ratios by Level	Ö
Catholic Education 1991-92	9
Number of Schools	7
Pagional Distribution	7
Times of Schools	v
Locations of Schools	. 4
Enrollment	J
Growth Trands for Preschool and Kindergarten	·
Enrollment by Grade Level	J
Enrollment by Region	_I
Enrollment in Key States	U
Enrollment in Key Dioceses	. เ เล
Enrollment of Ethnic Minorities	20
Enrollment of Non-Catholics	21
Staffing of Catholic Schools Teaching Staff	21
Selected Programs in Catholic Education	23
Extended Care Programs	4.
Chapter 1 Services	23
A It	
Appendices Appendix A - Summary Report of Basic Statistics for Schools Enrollment and	
Teachers by Region State and Diocese	24
Annendia B - States with Elliphinent incleases in Elementary and of Becondary Barbors.	31
Appendix C - Summary Report of Data for Extended Care Programs and Unapter 1	
Services	32



List Of Exhibits

Exhibit No. Titles	Page
Population and Birth Rate 1955-2000	Δ
2 Ages of Students	
Preprimary Enrollment by Attendance Status 1970-1990	6
Public and Private School Enrollment by Grade Level 1970)-1986 7
Public and Private Schoo' Enrollment: A Comparison	7
o Public and Private Schools: Teacher and Pupil-Teacher Ratio	ns
Elementary and Secondary Schools by Region	9
o Percentage of Schools by Region	10
ypes of Schools	11
Locations of Schools	12
Growth Trends for Preschool and Kindergarten	17
Enfoliment by Grade Level	1.4
Enfoliment increase by State	15
Enfollment by Region	15
Enrollment by Region by Percentages	16
Student Enrollment: Ten Largest States	16
Enrollment in Key Diocese	17
tra Catholic School Enrollment by Ethnic Background	18
Catholic School Enrollment percentage by Ethnic Backgroun	ď 18
Non-Catholic Enrollment	20
Non-Catholic Enfolment by Percentages	20
Full-Time Equivalent Teaching Staff	. 21
Full-Time Equivalent Teaching Staff by Percentages	22
Schools with Extended Care Programs	27
Schools with Students Eligible for Chapter 1 Services	23



Preface

Since 1969-1970 the National Catholic Educational Association (NCEA) has published a statistical report on Catholic elementary and secondary schools in the United States. Prior to this time extensive data did not exist for these and other private schools. This data was needed to understand this significant educational sector, to inform the discussion of other educational policy issues, including potential forms of federal and state aid, and to encourage and improve local management. With the assistance of the Carnegie Corporation of New York and the United States Department of Education, a database on Catholic schools was established and remains available in annual publications of the NCEA through 1974-1975. In 1975, the NCEA and the Curriculum Information Center Incorporated published a report and directory of Catholic schools. This publication continues the database and is now produced in cooperation with Fisher Publishing Company of Englewood, Colorado, and Market Data Retrieval of Shelton, Connecticut.

This year's report contains the core school enrollment and staffing data of the NCEA historical file. Additionally, this year we have collected data in our survey on Extended Care Programs and Chapter 1 Services. The first part of the report presents a summary of the demographic trends impacting both public and private education. Comparisons are also made with other private schools and with the public sector.

The report is based upon information submitted by 174 archdiocesan and diocesan offices of education and, in some instances, state Catholic conferences. We are most grateful to these

administrators and their staffs for their cooperation, resulting in a 100% response rate.

I am grateful to the members of the Data Bank Committee: Mr. Michael Guerra, Executive Director, Department of Secondary Schools; Dr. Robert Kealey, Executive Director, Department of Elementary Schools; Ms. Barbara Keebler, Director of Public Relations; and Regina Haney, OSF, Acting Executive Director, Chief Administrators of Catholic Education for their suggestions and editorial assistance for this report. On behalf of this committee I wish to offer our special thanks to Ms. Geri Garvey for her outstanding service in collecting, organizing, and auditing the data which is the substance of this report, to Ms. Lisa Perry for her expert editorial support and to Mr. Daniel Burke for his analysis and review of the manuscript. In addition, I wish to thank Ms. Mary Mahar of Fisher Publishing Company and the staff of Market Data Retrieval for their marvelous assistance and cooperation.

NCEA Data Bank Frederick H. Brigham, Jr. Executive Assistant to the President National Catholic Educational Association



Highlights

Population trends show increasing numbers of students at preschool and elementary age levels.

Catholic preschool enrollment tripled between 1982 and 1992.

Catholic school enrollment in elementary and/or secondary schools has increased in 35 states.

In 1991-92, there were 8,508 Catholic schools; of these, 7,239 were elementary, and 1,269 were secondary.

In 1991-92, the total number of Catholic school students was 2,550,863.

The percentage of minorities in Catholic schools has more than doubled since 1970-71, from 10.8% in 1970-71 to 23% in 1991-92.

In 1991-92, 4,010 Catholic schools were located in urban areas; of these, 1,033 were inner-city schools.

In 1991-92, non-Catholics represented 12.0% of Catholic school enrollment.

In 1991-92, full-time equivalent faculty numbered 153,334.

In 1991-92, 87% of full- and part-time faculty were lay men and women; 11% sisters; 3% brothers and priests.

In 1991-92, the pupil-teacher ratio in Catholic schools for grades PK-12 was 16.6; in elementary schools the ratio was 18.0; in secondary schools the ratio was 13.3.

In 1991-92, 3,087 Catholic elementary schools offered extended care programs.

In 1991-92, students in 4,323 Catholic elementary schools and 191 Catholic secondary schools received Chapter 1 services.



Introduction

In 1991-92, Catholic students and their teachers continued the success stories of the past. They now face the challenges of the present and of the future as they build on a sound foundation of commitment to the teachings of Christ, to the development of values and to growth in academic excellence. Recent studies show that Catholic students excel in reading, science, and mathematical performance. A strong sense of community continues to be a distinctive quality of Catholic education. Dr. James Coleman, in his 1987 study, *Public and Private Schools: The Impact of Communities*, concludes that these characteristics are interrelated. Catholic high schools offer distinctive community support precisely because of the religious commitment of these schools, and this community support, in turn, helps to explain the remarkable success of Catholic schools with all students. One example: 83% of Catholic high school graduates go on to college.

A recent analysis of the National Educational Longitudinal Study of 1988 (NELS:88) by Dr. Penny Sebring, A Profile of Eighth Graders in Catholic Schools, confirms that this same community support is an equally significant factor in the performance of students in Catholic elementary schools. As a result, these students are more inclined to participate in extracurricular activities. The study also found that their teachers are caring and nurturing and that there is more parental participation in the

children's education than there is in public schools.

Independent research, together with studies commissioned by the National Catholic Educational Association (NCEA), shows that Catholic schools are more effective in educating minority and low income students than are public schools. In the 1987 study cited above, Dr. James Coleman, sociology professor at the University of Chicago, finds that, in general, Catholic schools seem to have done a better job of educating minority students. Black, Hispanic and other disadvantaged students at Catholic high schools have not only higher achievement levels but also lower drop-out rates, compared to student in public schools.

The findings of Dr. Sebring in her NELS:88 study support those of Coleman. This is especially evident in matters of equity where the gap between advantaged and disadvantaged students is significantly less in Catholic elementary schools than it is in public schools. Dr. Sebring found this to be true of their performance in reading, mathematics, history/social studies and science. African American and Hispanic students do better in Catholic schools than in public schools, and the gap between their performance and that of white and Asian students was smaller in Catholic schools. The

same can be said for the performance of low income students.

In his study, Dr. Coleman used data from the U.S. Department of Education's *High School and Beyond* report, based on a sample of 1,015 American high schools. He reviewed such variables as family type, socioeconomic status, neighborhood, and type of school. His findings state that pupils in Catholic schools, compared to pupils in public schools, show greater achievement in mathematics and verbal skills. Dr. Coleman determined that this difference could be explained by the greater number of standard math and English courses taken by students in Catholic schools relative to students in public schools. The raw drop-out rate in public schools over a two-year period (of the study) for grades ten to twelve was 14.3%, of the private schools, 11.9%, and, of Catholic schools, 3.4%.

Coleman also found that, for children of single-parent families in public schools or in private schools, the drop-out rate rose to more than 1.5 times that in two-parent families. But there is no increase in the drop-out rate for children from single-parent families in Catholic schools. The natural support community that is offered by the parishes affiliated with the Catholic schools may explain

the superior performance of these students.

NCEA studies, using data from the U.S. Department of Education's National Assessment of Educational Progress (NAEP), compared Catholic school students to the general school population for grades three, eight and ten. The 1983-84 study of reading proficiency revealed that there was a significant gap between the reading achievement of Catholic school students and all other students



on all three levels. There seemed to be very little difference between the achievement of white students and minority students in reading scores. (Lee, Valerie, National Assessment of Educational Progress Reading Proficiency: 1983-84 Catholic School Results and National Averages Final Report 1985.)

In comparing Catholic and public school scores in the most recent NAEP study of math and science, Dr. Valerie Lee of the University of Michigan, using the U.S. Department of Education's NAEP data, found that Catholic school students in grades three, seven and eleven also do better in math and science. (Lee, Valerie, 1985-86 National Assessment of Educational Progress: Proficiency in Mathematics and Science, p. 7.)

In the area of religious outcomes and values, the findings from *The Heart of the Matter* (Guerra, Donahue, and Benson, 1990) revealed that Catholic students in Catholic high schools tend to endorse marriage and family values, community involvement and service for others, commitment to church,

and the importance of religion more than Catholic students in public schools.

In the 1986 NCEA study, Catholic High Schools: Their Impact on Low Income Students, the role of teachers is seen as a significant factor in the success of these students. The study states: "The strongest motivator affecting teachers in ... Catholic schools is the desire to teach in this kind of educational environment. The second strongest is their view of teaching as ministry, and third, their love of teaching. These motivations do much to explain why good things happen in ... Catholic high schools. Teachers confirm the informal reports of students that ... teachers often work with students outside class time. Teachers also overwhelmingly express respect and appreciation for their school colleagues" (p. 194). These findings reflect the work of Catholic school teachers in all schools.

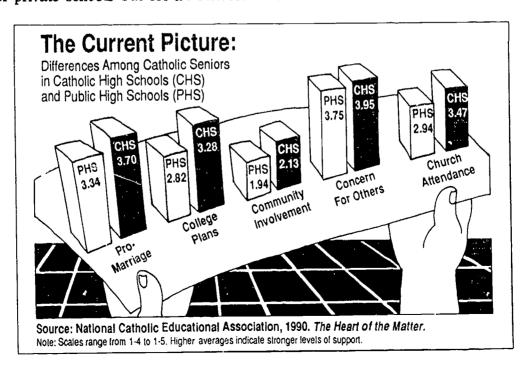
The 1990 Rand study of New York City high schools analyzed big city high schools—how they function and how the education of low-income students in these high schools can be improved. The study compared neighborhood public high schools, special public magnet schools and Catholic high

schools and identified school features that motivate low-income children to learn.

Rand found that Catholic high schools have a clear mission linked to "student outcomes" and that they exemplify the most effective model for educating the vast majority of students served by New

York City's zoned comprehensive high schools.

The above instances attest to mounting evidence of quality in Catholic schools. This report provides a statistical description of the numbers of students and teachers in U.S. Catholic elementary and secondary schools. Change is constant, and the challenges to administrators, teachers, parents, and students become more complex and demanding each year. However, Catholic schools continue to enroll more than 50% of all private school students. In educational achievement they are pacesetters not only for other private schools but for all schools in the nation.





Comparison of Scores of Catholic and Public School Students

Reading 60 Reading 55 Grammar Reading Reading Literature English 50 Reading Reading Grammar Reading Grammai Reading 45 English English Literature Literature Reading Reading 40 Réading Reading Reading Grammar English English Grammar Grammar Reading 35 Reading Reading English Literature Reading English Reading English English Literature Reading 30 Grade 3 Grade 7 Grade 11 Catholic **Public** Catholic **Public** Catholic **Public** School School School School School School Math 320 300 Calculus 280 Algebra Math Trigonometry Algebra 260 Algebra Math Calculus Statistics Algebra 240 Analysis Analysis Math Algebra Calculus Trigonometry 220 Arithmetic Math Algebra Statistics Probability 200 Math Math Algebra Celculus Arithmetic Math Algebra Math Geometry Geometry 0 Grade 3 Grade 7 Grade 11 Catholic **Public** Catholic **Public** Catholic Public School School School School School School Science 320 -Chemistry 300 Physics 280 Science Science Biology Biology **Physics** Biology 260 -**Physics** Chemistry 'Science Science Chemistry Biology 240 Biology Biology Biology **Physics** Science Science 220 **Physics** Science Biology Biology Chemistry 200 Grade 3 Grade 7

Sources: National Assessment of Educational Progress Profiency in Reading: 1985-1986 Catholic and Public Schools Compared Final Report 1989, NCEA

Catholic

School

National Assessment of Educational Progress Proficiency in Mathematics and Science: 1985-1986 Catholic and Public Schools Compared Final Report 1989, NCEA



Catholic

School

Public

School

Grade 11

Public

School

Catholic

School

Public

School

A Summary of Demographic Trends in Public and Private Education: A Context

U.S. Population Trends

Current population trends are important to both public and private schools. According to the United States Department of Commerce, Bureau of the Census, the birth rate (birth/1000 persons) rose slightly during the past decade. Since the population is greater, the number of births has been increasing. The 16.8 birth rate produced 4,179,000 births in 1990, the most since 1960. However, a decline to 3,932,000 births in 1995 and to 3,971,000 in 2000 is projected.

	Exhib Population and Birt		
Reported	Population	Births	Birth Rate
1955	165,069,000	4,097,000	24.8
1960	179,975,000	4,257,850	23.7
1965	193,460,000	3,760,358	19.4
1970	203,302,000	3,731,386	18.4
1975	215,465,000	3,144,198	14.6
1980	226,846,000	3,612,258	15.9
1985	238,736,000	3,760,561	15.8
1990	248,709,873	4,179,000	16.8
Estimated			
1995	264,339,000	3,932,000	14.9
2000	276,382,000	3,971,000	14.4



School-age Population

According to the National Center for Education Statistics, these population trends are reflected in the increasing numbers of students at preschool, elementary and secondary levels. These upward trends in preschool and elementary students began in 1986. In 1991 secondary schools began to show an increase. The steady increase of students in these three age brackets is detailed in Exhibit 2.

E	xh	ibit	2
Ages	of	Stu	dents

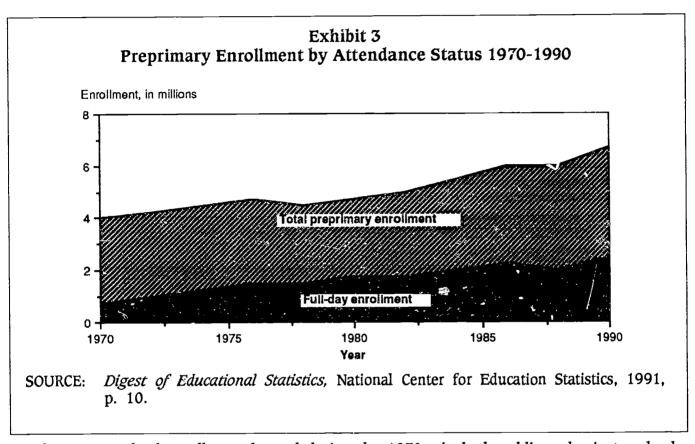
Reported	Preschool (3-5)	Elementary (5-13)	Secondary (14-17)
1980	9,550,000	31,095,000	16,142,000
1985	10,760,000	30,110,000	14,865,000
1987	10,879,000	30,824,000	14,468,000
1988	10,953,000	31,406,000	13,983,000
1989	11,036,000	31,835,000	13,496,000
Estimated			
1990	11,218,000	32,527,000	13,290,000
1991	11,322,000	33,000,000	13,402,000
1992	11,503,000	33,402,000	13,710,000
1995	11,854,000	34,673,000	14,647,000
2002	11,769,000	36,283,000	15,935,000

SOURCE: *Projections of Education Statistics to 2002*, National Center for Education Statistics, 1991, pp. 185-86.



Enrollment in Public and Private Schools

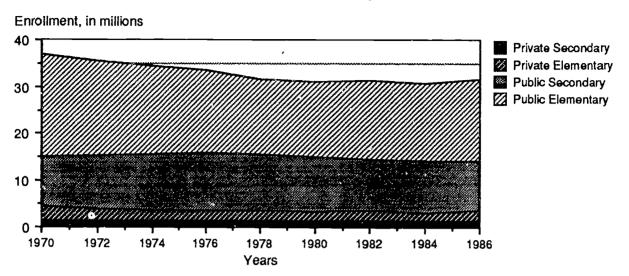
Exhibit 3 shows a substantial steady increase in pre-primary enrollment for ages 3, 4, and 5 in both private and public schools between October 1970 and October 1990, according to the National Center for Education Statistics.



Elementary school enrollment dropped during the 1970s, in both public and private schools, but underwent little or no change in the first half of the 1980s. High school enrollment in public schools rose during the early to mid-1970s but then turned downward. Private school enrollment at the high school level changed little from 1970 to 1985. Exhibits 4 and 5 show these enrollment levels.



Exhibit 4
Public and Private School Enrollment by Grade Level 1970-1986



SOURCE: 1989 Education Indicators, U.S. Department of Education, Office of Educational Research and Improvement, p. 51.

	Exh	ibit 5	
Public and Private	School	Enrollment:	A Comparison
	(in t	housands)	•

	Total	Public		Private	
Reported	Enrollment	Pupils	%	Pupils	%
1982	45,166	39,566	87.6	5,600	12.4
1983	44,967	39,252	87.3	5,715	12.7
1984	44,908	39,208	87.3	5,700	12.7
1985	44,979	39,422	87.7	5,557	12.3
1986	45,205	39,753	87.9	5,452	12.1
1987	45,487	40,008	88.0	5,479	12.0
1988	45,430	40,189	88.5	5,241	11.5
1989	45,881	40,526	88.3	5,355	11.7
Estimated					
1990	46,121	41,026	88.8	5,095	11.2
1991	46,841	41,575	88.8	5,266	11.2
1992	47,601	42,250	88.8	5,351	11.2
1993	48,410	42,971	88.8	5,439	11.2
1994	49,279	43,749	88.8	5,530	11.2
1995	50,054	44,442	88.8	5,612	11.2
1996	50,759	45,074	88.8	5,685	11.2
1997	51,331	45,585	88.8	5,746	11.2
1998	51,750	45,955	88.8	5,795	11.2
1999	52,110	46,276	88.8	5,834	11.2
2000	52,406	46,539	88.8	5,867	11.2
2001	52,679	46,782	88.8	5,897	11.2
2002	52,996	47,068	88.8	5,928	11.2

SOURCE: Projections of Education Statistics to 2002, National Center for Education Statistics, 1991, p. 9.



Teachers and Pupil-Teacher Ratios by Level

Since 1981, there has been a steady increase in the number of teachers, K-12, in both public and private schools. At the same time, overall K-12 pupil-teacher ratios continued to decline after 1981, as is evidenced in Exhibit 6.

This is the first year that NCEA has compiled data on both full and part-time staff positions in addition to collecting data for students from PK-12. Therefore, the 1991-92 data reflect these

changes in the pupil-teacher ratios.

The overall pupil-teacher ratio in Catholic schools for PK-12 in 1991-92 was 16.6. In Catholic elementary schools for 1991-92, the ratio was 18.0; in Catholic secondary schools, it was 13.3. In 1990-91 the overall ratio in Catholic schools for K-12 was 18.9. In Catholic elementary schools for 1990-91, the ratio was 20.7 and in secondary schools, 14.7. (Note: part-time staff were not included when calculating pupil-teacher ratios prior to 1991-92.)

Exhibit 6
Public and Private Schools: Teacher and Pupil-teacher Ratios

Number of Teachers:			_
Year	K to 12	Elementary	Secondary
1982	2,446,000	1,402,000	1,044,000
1983	2,463,000	1,418,000	1,045,000
1984	2,508,000	1,448,000	1,060,000
1985	2,550,000	1,483,000	1,067,000
1986	2,592,000	1,517,000	1,075,000
1987	2,631,000	1,554,000	1,077,000
1988	2,668,000	1,604,000	1,064,000
1989	2,734,000	1,664,000	1,070,000
Estimated:	_,,,,,,,,,		
1990	2,744,000	1,632,000	1,112,000
1991	2.825.000	1,631,000	1,194,000
1992	2.791.000	1,645,000	1,146,000
1993	2,847,000	1,674,000	1,173,000
1994	2.902.000	1,704,000	1,198,000
1995	2,958,000	1,736,000	1,222,000
1996	3,015,000	1,770,000	1,245,000
1997	3,066,000	1,799,000	1,267,000
1998	3,107,000	1,824,000	1,283,000
1999	3,145,000	1,846,000	1,299,000
2000	3,182,000	1,866,000	1,316,000
2001	3,217,000	1,884,000	1,333,000
2002	3,254,000	1,903,000	1,351,000
Pupil-Teacher Ratios			
	K to 12	Elementary	Secondary
Year	K to 12 18.5	Elementary 20.0	16.4
Year 1982	- ·	•	16.4 16.0
Year 1982 1983	18.5	20.0	16.4 16.0 15.6
Year 1982 1983 1984	18.5 18.3	20.0 19.9 19.6 19.2	16.4 16.0 15.6 15.5
Year 1982 1983 1984 1985	18.5 18.3 17.9	20.0 19.9 19.6 19.2 18.6	16.4 16.0 15.6 15.5 15.8
Year 1982 1983 1984 1985 1986	18.5 18.3 17.9 17.6 17.4	20.0 19.9 19.6 19.2	16.4 16.0 15.6 15.5 15.8 15.7
Year 1982 1983 1984 1985 1986 1987	18.5 18.3 17.9 17.6	20.0 19.9 19.6 19.2 18.6 18.4 17.7	16.4 16.0 15.6 15.5 15.8 15.7 16.0
Year 1982 1983 1984 1985 1986 1987 1988	18.5 18.3 17.9 17.6 17.4 17.3	20.0 19.9 19.6 19.2 18.6 18.4	16.4 16.0 15.6 15.5 15.8 15.7
Year 1982 1983 1984 1985 1986 1987 1988	18.5 18.3 17.9 17.6 17.4 17.3	20.0 19.9 19.6 19.2 18.6 18.4 17.7	16.4 16.0 15.6 15.5 15.8 15.7 16.0 16.0
Year 1982 1983 1984 1985 1986 1987 1988 1989 Estimated:	18.5 18.3 17.9 17.6 17.4 17.3	20.0 19.9 19.6 19.2 18.6 18.4 17.7	16.4 16.0 15.6 15.5 15.8 15.7 16.0 16.0
Year 1982 1983 1984 1985 1986 1987 1988 1989 Estimated: 1990	18.5 18.3 17.9 17.6 17.4 17.3 17.1 16.8	20.0 19.9 19.6 19.2 18.6 18.4 17.7 17.3	16.4 16.0 15.6 15.5 15.8 15.7 16.0 16.0
Year 1982 1983 1984 1985 1986 1987 1988 1989 Estimated: 1990	18.5 18.3 17.9 17.6 17.4 17.3 17.1 16.8	20.0 19.9 19.6 19.2 18.6 18.4 17.7 17.3	16.4 16.0 15.6 15.5 15.8 15.7 16.0 16.0
Year 1982 1983 1984 1985 1986 1987 1988 1989 Estimated: 1990 1991	18.5 18.3 17.9 17.6 17.4 17.3 17.1 16.8	20.0 19.9 19.6 19.2 18.6 18.4 17.7 17.3	16.4 16.0 15.6 15.5 15.8 15.7 16.0 16.0 14.9 14.0 15.0
Year 1982 1983 1984 1985 1986 1987 1988 1989 Estimated: 1990 1991 1992	18.5 18.3 17.9 17.6 17.4 17.3 17.1 16.8	20.0 19.9 19.6 19.2 18.6 18.4 17.7 17.3	16.4 16.0 15.6 15.5 15.8 15.7 16.0 16.0 14.9 14.0 15.0 15.0
Year 1982 1983 1984 1985 1986 1987 1988 1989 Estimated: 1990 1991 1992 1993	18.5 18.3 17.9 17.6 17.4 17.3 17.1 16.8 16.6 16.5 16.5	20.0 19.9 19.6 19.2 18.6 18.4 17.7 17.3 18.2 18.4 18.5 18.4	16.4 16.0 15.6 15.5 15.8 15.7 16.0 16.0 14.9 14.0 15.0 15.0 15.1
Year 1982 1983 1984 1985 1986 1987 1988 1989 Estimated: 1990 1991 1992 1993 1994	18.5 18.3 17.9 17.6 17.4 17.3 17.1 16.8 16.6 16.5 16.5 16.5	20.0 19.9 19.6 19.2 18.6 18.4 17.7 17.3 18.2 18.4 18.5 18.4	16.4 16.0 15.6 15.5 15.8 15.7 16.0 16.0 14.9 14.0 15.0 15.0 15.1 15.2
Year 1982 1983 1984 1985 1986 1987 1988 1989 Estimated: 1990 1991 1992 1993 1994 1995	18.5 18.3 17.9 17.6 17.4 17.3 17.1 16.8 16.6 16.5 16.5 16.5	20.0 19.9 19.6 19.2 18.6 18.4 17.7 17.3 18.2 18.4 18.5 18.4 18.5 18.1 18.0 17.8	16.4 16.0 15.6 15.5 15.8 15.7 16.0 16.0 14.9 14.0 15.0 15.0 15.1 15.2 15.2
Year 1982 1983 1984 1985 1986 1987 1988 1989 Estimated: 1990 1991 1992 1993 1994 1995 1996 1997	18.5 18.3 17.9 17.6 17.4 17.3 17.1 16.8 16.6 16.5 16.5 16.5 16.5	20.0 19.9 19.6 19.2 18.6 18.4 17.7 17.3 18.2 18.4 18.5 18.4 18.5 18.4 18.5 18.4 18.5	16.4 16.0 15.6 15.5 15.8 15.7 16.0 16.0 14.9 14.0 15.0 15.0 15.1 15.2 15.2 15.2
Year 1982 1983 1984 1985 1986 1987 1988 1989 Estimated: 1990 1991 1992 1993 1994 1995 1996 1997	18.5 18.3 17.9 17.6 17.4 17.3 17.1 16.8 16.6 16.5 16.5 16.5 16.5 16.4 16.4 16.3 16.1	20.0 19.9 19.6 19.2 18.6 18.4 17.7 17.3 18.2 18.4 18.5 18.4 18.3 18.1 18.0 17.8 17.7 17.6	16.4 16.0 15.6 15.5 15.8 15.7 16.0 16.0 14.9 14.0 15.0 15.0 15.1 15.2 15.2 15.2
Year 1982 1983 1984 1985 1986 1987 1988 1989 Estimated: 1990 1991 1992 1993 1994 1995 1996 1997 1998 1999	18.5 18.3 17.9 17.6 17.4 17.3 17.1 16.8 16.6 16.5 16.5 16.5 16.5 16.5 16.5	20.0 19.9 19.6 19.2 18.6 18.4 17.7 17.3 18.2 18.4 18.5 18.4 18.5 18.1 18.0 17.8 17.7 17.6 17.5	16.4 16.0 15.6 15.5 15.8 15.7 16.0 16.0 14.9 14.0 15.0 15.0 15.1 15.2 15.2 15.2 15.2
Year 1982 1983 1984 1985 1986 1987 1988 1989 Estimated: 1990 1991 1992 1993 1994 1995 1996 1997 1998 1999 2000	18.5 18.3 17.9 17.6 17.4 17.3 17.1 16.8 16.6 16.5 16.5 16.5 16.5 16.5 16.5 16.5	20.0 19.9 19.6 19.2 18.6 18.4 17.7 17.3 18.2 18.4 18.5 18.4 18.5 18.4 18.7 17.7 17.8 17.7	16.4 16.0 15.6 15.5 15.8 15.7 16.0 16.0 14.9 14.0 15.0 15.1 15.2 15.2 15.2 15.2 15.2
Year 1982 1983 1984 1985 1986 1987 1988 1989 Estimated: 1990 1991 1992 1993 1994 1995 1996 1997 1998 1999	18.5 18.3 17.9 17.6 17.4 17.3 17.1 16.8 16.6 16.5 16.5 16.5 16.5 16.5 16.5 16.5	20.0 19.9 19.6 19.2 18.6 18.4 17.7 17.3 18.2 18.4 18.5 18.4 18.5 18.1 18.0 17.8 17.7 17.6 17.5	16.4 16.0 15.6 15.5 15.8 15.7 16.0 16.0 14.9 14.0 15.0 15.0 15.1 15.2 15.2 15.2 15.2

SOURCE: Projections of Education Statistics to 2002, National Center for Education Statistics, 1991, pp. 75-6.



Catholic Education 1991-92

Number of Schools

In 1991-92, there were 8,508 Catholic schools in this country; of these, 7,239 were elementary and 1,269 were secondary. In the 1980s the number of Catholic schools mirrored the demographic movements throughout the country during this period. Where appropriate, especially in urban and suburban areas, consolidation was a significant factor in the realignment of Catholic schools.

(1) Regional Distribution

The National Carrelle Educational Association divides the nation statistically into the following six geographical are less:

New England: Con. actiont, Maine, Massachusetts, New Hampshire, Rhode Island, Vermont

Mideast: Delaware, District of Columbia, Maryland, New Jersey, New York, Pennsylvania

Great Lakes: Illinois, Indiana, Michigan, Ohio, Wisconsin

Plains: Iowa, Kansas, Minnesota, Missouri, Nebraska, North Dakota, South Dakota

Southeast: Alabama, Arkansas, Florida, Georgia, Kentucky, Louisiana, Mississippi, North

Carolina, South Carolina, Tennessee, Virginia, West Virginia

West/Far West: Alaska, Arizona, California, Colorado, Hawaii, Idaho, Montana, Nevada, New

Mexico, Oklahoma, Oregon, Texas, Utah, Washington, Wyoming.

Exhibit 7 presents the number of schools by region and Exhibit 8 shows the percentages of this distribution. It is evident from the latter that the Mideast and Great Lakes regions have had more than 54% percent of the total number of Catholic schools in the past nine years, and that there was slight growth in the Southeast and in the Far West during the same period.

El	Exhi ementary and Second	bit 7 dary Schools by Reg	gion
Elementary	1982-83	1990-91	1991-92
New England	544	477	477
Mideast	2,301	2,050	2,018
Great Lakes	2,113	1,933	1,907
Plains	897	848	835
Southeast	847	791	802
West/Far West		1,192	1,200
United States	7,950	7,291	7,239
Secondary			
New England	124	107	103
Mideast	429	364	356
Great Lakes	316	271	268
Plains	168	147	142
Southeast	194	180	176
West/Far West	251	227	224
United States	1,482	1,296	1,269
All Schools			
New England	668	584	580
Mideast	2,730	2,414	2,374
Great Lakes	2,429	2,204	2,175
Plains	1,065	995	977
Southeast	1,041	971	978
West/Far West	1,499	1,419	1,424
United States	9,432	8,587	8,508



9 16

1. 1

1	Exhibit Percentage of Scho		
Elementary	1982-83	1990-91	1991-92
New England	6.8%	6.5%	6.6%
Mideast	28.9	28.1	27.9
Great Lakes	26.6	26.5	26.3
Plains	11.3	11.6	11.5
Southeast	10.7	10.9	11.1
West/Far West	15.7	16.4	16.6
United States	100.0	100.0	100.0
Secondary			
New England	8.4%	8.3%	8.1%
Mideast	2 8.9	28.1	28.0
Great Lakes	21.3	20.9	21.1
Plains	11.3	11.3	11.2
Southeast	13.1	13.9	13.9
West/Far West	17.0	17.5	17.7
United States	100.0	100.0	100.0
All Schools			
New England	7.1	6.8%	6.8%
Mideast	28.9	28.1	27.9
Great Lakes	25.8	25.7	25.6
Plains	11.3	11.6	11.5
Southeast	11.0	11.3	11.5
West/Far West	15.9	16.5	16.7
United States	100.0	100.0	100.0

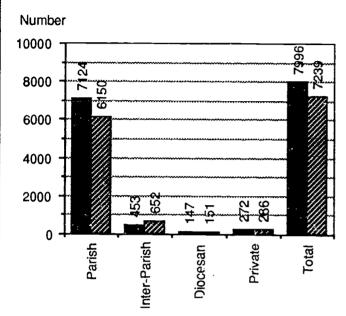
(2) Types of Schools

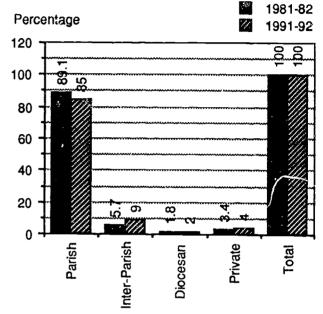
The types of Catholic schools are determined by the authority of their administration. Under this classification there are four types: parish (those administered by a single parish), inter-parish (those administered by two or more parishes), diocesan (those administered by the diocesan office of education) and, finally, private (those administered by a religious order or a private corporation). Exhibit 9 indicates that most elementary schools are parish schools. Between 1981-82 and 1991-92, however, there was growth in the number and percentage of inter-parish, diocesan, and private elementary schools. This growth in elementary inter-parish, diocesan, and private schools underlines the reorganization of Catholic education through consolidation. Most secondary schools are either private or diocesan; however, Exhibit 9 shows a slight increase in the percentage of inter-parish schools over the past dec. de.



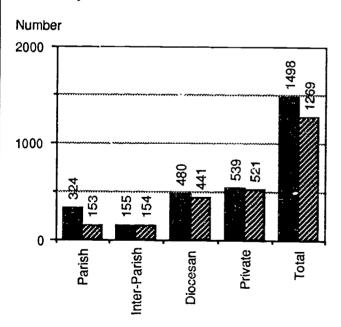
Exhibit 9 Types of Schools

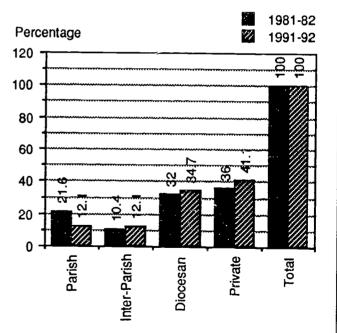






Secondary



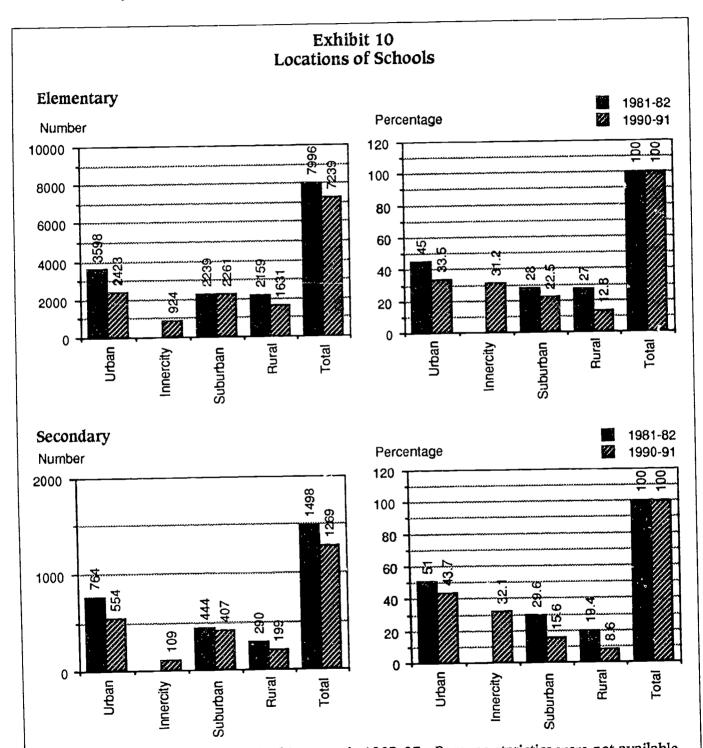


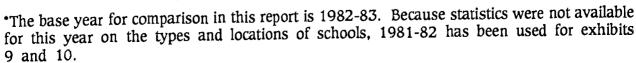
* The base year for comparison in this report is 1982-83. Because statistics were not available for this year on the types and locations of schools, 1981-82 has been used for exhibits 9 and 10.



(3) Locations of Schools

Exhibit 10 illustrates that during the 1980s both elementary and secondary schools continued to flourish in urban areas, with a small increase in the percentage of suburban elementary schools and a slight decrease in rural areas. Of 8,508 schools, 4,010 are in urban areas; of these, 1,033 are in inner-city settings.



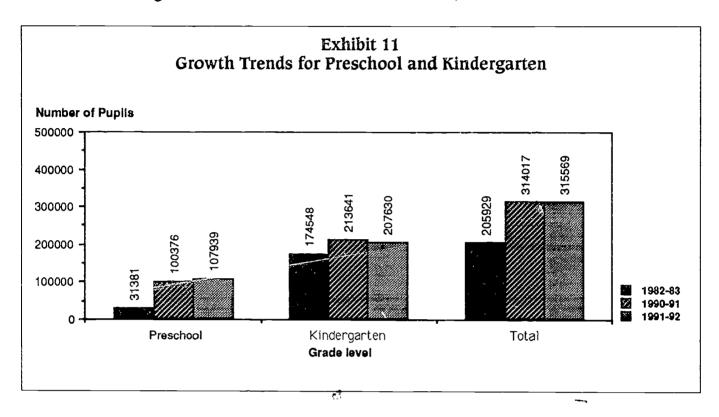




Enrollment

(1) Growth Trends for Preschool and Kindergarten

Between 1982-83 and 1991-92, preschool enrollment more than tripled. This sharp increase in preschool enrollment reflects the response of Catholic schools to the needs of parents. The numbers of kindergarten students also continued to increase, as detailed in Exhibit 11.



(2) Enrollment by Grade Level

Catholic school enrollment by grade level from preschool to grade 12 was consonant with U.S. population trends, both actual and projected, as shown in Exhibit 12. (Statistics for individual dioceses and states may be found in Appendix A.) Especially evident is the increased elementary and/or high school enrollment in 35 states as portrayed in Exhibit 13. (A listing of those states with increased enrollment may be found in Appendix B.)



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Exhibit 12 **Enrollment by Grade Level**

	198	2-83	1990)-91	199	1-92
Grade Level	Pupils	%	Pupils	%	Pupils	%
Preschool	31,381	1.4	100,376	5.1	107,939	5.5
K-8	2,211,412	98.6	1,883,906	94.9	1,856,302	94.5
PK-8	2,242,793	100.0	1,984,282	100.0	1,964,241	100.0
Kindergarten	174,548	7.9	213,641	11.3	207,630	11.2
Grade -1	259,163	11.7	231,612	12.3	231,357	12.5
Grade -2	254,634	11.5	223,455	11.9	220,260	11.9
Grade -3	248,084	11.2	219,363	11.6	213,903	11.5
Grade -4	244,439	11.1	213,196	11.3	210,201	11.3
Grade -5	251,014	11.4	208,378	11.1	204,024	11.0
Grade -6	265,652	12.0	201,616	10.7	200,097	10.8
Grade -7	263,960	11.9	187,071	9.9	187,316	10.1
Grade -8	249,918	11.3	180,537	9.6	177,405	9.5
Ungraded	•		5,037	0.3	4,109	0.2
Elementary K-	8 2,211,412	100.0	1,883,906	100.0	1,856,302	100.0
Grade -9	214,179	26.9	159,411	27.0	160,512	27.4
Grade -10	202,330	25.4	151,236	25.5	147,769	25.2
Grade -11	191,986	24.1	141,262	23.9	141,101	24.0
Grade -12	187,282	23.6	137,517	23.2	135,501	23.1
Ungraded	<u> </u>		2,107	0.4	1,739	0.3
Secondary	795,777	100.0	591,533	100.0	586,622	100.0
Total (K-12)	3,007,198		2,475,439		2,442,924**	
Total (PK-12)	3,038,570		2,575,815		2,550,863	

Enrollment by Region (3)

In regional enrollment, as shown in Exhibits 14a and 14b, the Mideast and Great Lakes continued to show more than 54% of total enrollment in Catholic schools. However, in the last two years, there was a small increase in the percentage of enrollment in New England and the Plains.



<sup>The numbers of ungraded students are not available until 1982-83
Beginning in 1991-92, NCEA statistics for total enrollment will include PK statistics.</sup>

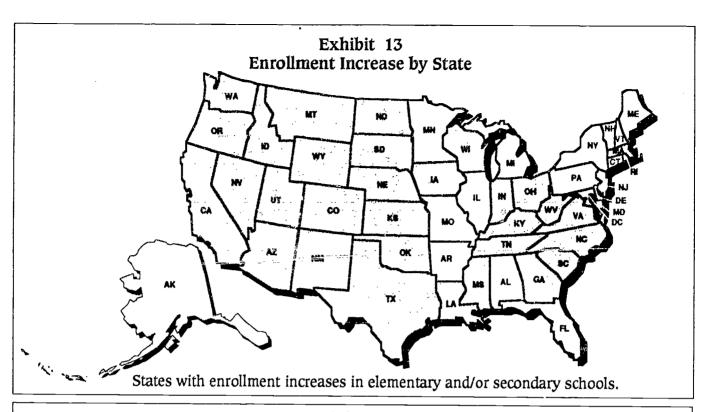


Exhibit 14a
Enrollment by Region

Elementary	1982-83	1990-91	1991-92*
New England	146,000	109,633	113,773
Mideast	709,000	556,176	582,880
Great Lakes	581,000	493,462	509,569
Plains	198,000	186,234	193,963
Southeast	253,000	229,280	240,790
West/Far West	338,000	309,121	323,266
United States	2,225,000	1,883,906	1,964,241
Secondary			
New England	67,000	44,481	41,727
Mideast	263,000	188,635	184,999
Great Lakes	195,000	136,383	136,415
Plains	66,000	47,660	47,323
Southeast	87,000	70,613	70,840
West/Far West	123,000	103,761	105,318
United States	801,000	591,533	586,622
All Schools			
New England	213,000	154,114	155,500
Mideast	972,000	744,811	767,879
Great Lakes	776,000	629,845	645,984
Plains	264,000	233,894	241,286
Southeast	340,000	299,893	311,630
West/Far West	461,000	412,882	428,584
United States	3,026,000	2,475,439	* 2,550,863

Prior to 1991-92, statistics for total enrollment did not include PK enrollment. Therefore, figures listed below for United States enrollment before 1991-92 will correspond to the Total (K-12) figure in Exhibit 12; the post-1991-92 figures will correspond to the Total (PK-12) figure. Regional enrollment figures for 1982-83 were estimated and do not match exactly the more precise

figures provided in Exhibit 12.



Exhibit 14b Enrollment by Region by Percentages

Elementary New England Mideast Great Lakes Plains Southeast West/Far West	1982-83 6.6% 31.8 26.1 8.9 11.4 15.2	1990-91 5.8% 29.5 26.2 9.9 12.2 16.4	1991-92 6.6% 27.9 26.3 11.5 11.1 16.6
United States	100.0	100.0	100.0
Secondary			0.404
New England	8.4%	7.5%	8.1% 28.0
Mideast	32.8	31.9 23.1	28.0 21.1
Great Lakes	24.3 8.2	8.1	11.2
Plains Southeast	10.9	11.9	13.9
West/Far West	15.4	17.5	17.7
United States	100.0	100.0	100.0
All Schools			
New England	7.1%	6.2%	6.8%
Mideast	32.1	30.1	28.0
Great Lakes	25.6	25.4	25.6
Plains	8.7	9.5	11.4 11.5
Southeast West	11.2	12.1 16.7	16.7
West/Far West	15.3		
United States	100.0	100.0	100.0

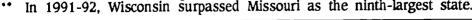
(4) Enrollment in Key States

As detailed in Exhibit 15, ten states accounted for more than two-thirds of Catholic school enrollment; New York, Pennsylvania, California, Illinois and Ohio-the top five-had 47% of this enrollment.

Exhibit 15 Student Enrollment: Ten Largest States

State	1982-83	1990-91	1991-92
New York	396,400	288,789	299,309
Pennsylvania	302,500	242,786	247,877
California	269,700	240,373	244,262
Illinois	260,200	216,746	222,981
Ohio	214,900	185,693	189,322
New Jersey	180,400	139,581	146,269
Michigan	127,700	94,973	96,803
Louisiana	110,000	92,979	95,860
Wisconsin**	101,900	80,256	82,890
Missouri*	90,923	81,033	82,528
Largest States	2,070,700	1,663,209	1,708,101
United States	3,026,000	2,475,439	2,550,863
Percent	68.4%	67.2%	67.0%

In 1990-91, Missouri replaced Massachusetts as the ninth-largest state. In 1991-92, Wisconsin surpassed Missouri as the ninth-largest state.



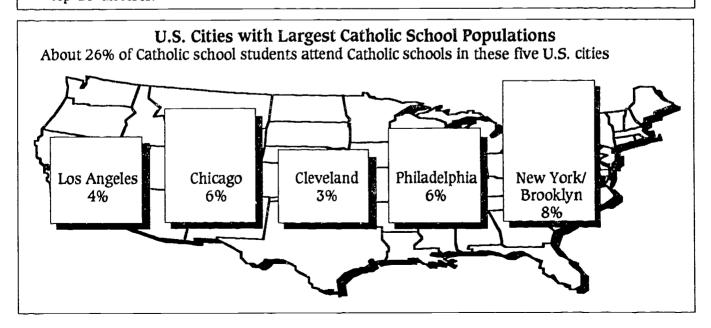


(5) Enrollment in Key Dioceses

The twenty largest dioceses serve almost 50% of the total enrollment in Catholic elementary and secondary schools. These dioceses are larger than the metropolitan area of the same name, though most of the enrollment in these 20 key dioceses does come from the major city and the immediate suburbs of that area, as illustrated in Exhibit 16.

	E	Exhibit 16	
	Enrollmen	nt in Key Dioceses	
Diocese	1982-83	1990-91	1991-92
Chicago	183,500	142,733	147,029
Philaďelphia	163,200	130,603	129,387
New York	129,700	103,974	106,907
Los Angeles	110,500	101,650	101,742
Brooklyn	111,700	76,729	75,809
Cleveland	80,800	64,589	65,166
Newark	76,200	58,189	61,079
St. Louis	66,700	59,682	59,725
Detroit	80,800	57,516	56,742
Cincinnati	56,900	51,793	54,184
Boston	71,500	52,158	53,735
New Orleans	60,700	51,519	53, 136
Milwaukee	51,500	40,487	41,364
Rockville Centre	49,200	35,931	38,521
Pittsburgh	46,400	35,205	<i>38,235</i>
St. Paul-Minneapolis	39,400	31,303	32,380
Toledo	31,457	32,027	31,713
Baltimore	41,300	31,038	31,195
Buffalo	39,400	28,130	29,679
Miami			29,124
Washington, D.C	36,300	28,490	* 28,463
Largest Dioceses	1,527,157	1,213,746	1,236,192
All Dioceses	3,026,000	2,475,439	2,550,863
Percent	50.5%	49.0%	48.5%
Washington, D.C Largest Dioceses All Dioceses	3,026,000	2,475,439	* 28,463 1,236,192 2,550,863

[•] In 1991-92, Miami's enrollment of 29,124 surpassed that of Washington, DC, to put Miami in the top 20 dioceses.





(6) Enrollment of Ethnic Minorities

Catholic schools, especially in urban areas, continue to serve increasing numbers of ethnic minority students. Exhibit 17b illustrates that the percentage of ethnic minority students has more than doubled in all Catholic schools, from 10.8% in 1970-71 to 23% in 1991-92. Seventy-seven percent of minority enrollment is in Catholic elementary schools, 23% in secondary schools.

Exhibit 17a
Catholic School Enrollment by Ethnic Background—1991-92

	Elementary	Secondary	All Schools
Black Americans	174,472	47,081	221,553
Hispanic Americans	204,084	61,224	265,308
Asian Americans	71,023	24,493	95,516
Native Americans	8,001	2,351	10,352
All Others	1,506,661	451,473	1,958,134
Total	1,964,241	586,622	2,550,863

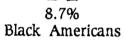
Exhibit 17b Catholic School Enrollment Percentage by Ethnic Background

Elementary	1982-83	1990-91	1 99 1-92
Black Americans	9.4%	9.0%	8.9%
Hispanic Americans	9.7	10.4	10.4
Asian Americans	2.3	3.6	3.6
Native Americans	0.4	0.4	0.4
All Others	78.2	76.6	76.7
Total	100.0	100.0	100.0
Secondary			
Black Americans	7.2%	8.2%	8.0%
Hispanic Americans	7.2	10.1	10.4
Asian Americans	1.5	3.9	4.2
Native Americans	0.4	0.4	0.4
All Others	83.7	77.4	77.0
Total	100.0	100.0	100.0
All Schools			
Black Americans	8.8%	8.8%	8.7%
Hispanic Americans	9.1	10.3	10.4
Asian Americans	2.1	3.7	3.7
Native Americans	0.4	0.4	0.4
All Others	79.6	76.8	76.8
Total	100.0	100.0	100.0



1991-92 Catholic School Enrollment Percentage by Ethnic Background







10.4% Hispanic Americans



3.7% Asian Americans



0.4% NativeAmericans



(7) Enrollment of Non-Catholics

Most Catholic school students are Catholic. However, there has been a gradual increase of non-Catholic students—from 10.6% in 1982-83 to 12.0 in 1991-92—as is shown in Exhibits 18a and 18b. Secondary schools continue to have a higher percentage of non-Catholics—14.7% in 1991-92—whereas elementary schools have 11.2%. The Southeast and West/Far West regions have the highest percentages at both the secondary and the elementary levels in 1991-92.

N	Exhibit 18 on-Catholic Enrollmo		
	Elementary	Secondary	All Schools
New England	11,340	5,082	16,422
Mideast	62,091	19,312	81,403
Great Lakes	57,899	21,701	79,600
Plains	9,800	3,888	13,688
Southeast	36,630	12,324	48,954
West/Far West	41,755	23,612	65,367
United States	219,515	85,919	305,434

Nor	Exhibit 18 n-Catholic Enrollmen		es
Elementary	1982-83	1990-91	1991-92
New England	6.9%	9.6%	10.0%
Mideast	10.0	11.3	10.7
Great Lakes	10.3	10.7	11.4
Plains	5.5	4.6	5.0
Southeast	16.5	15.3	15.2
West/Far West	11.1	12.4	10.9
United States	10.4	11.0	11.2
Secondary		10.00	12.20
New England	7.6%	12.2%	12.2%
Mideast	7.8	10.7	10.4
Great Lakes	11.8	15.4	15.9
Plains	5.1	8.8	8.2
Southeast	16.5	18.1	17.4
West/Far West	16.9	21.2	22.4
United States	11.2	14.5	14.7
All Schools			
New England	7.1%	10.4%	10.6
Mideast	9.4	11.2	10.6
Great Lakes	10.7	11.7	12.3
Plains	5.4	5.5	5.7
Southeast	16.5	16.0	15.7
West/Far West	12.6	14.6	15.3
United States	10.6	11.9	12.0



Staffing of Catholic Schools

(1) Teaching Staff

In 1991-92, the total full-time and part-time teaching staff in Catholic elementary and secondary schools was 153,334. Teacher numbers are reported in full-time equivalents (FTE), which are computed by dividing the amount of time employed in instruction by the time normally required of a full-time position. This is the first time that both full- and part-time teaching staff totals were collected by NCEA. Consequently, the FTE reflects the number of part-time staff positions and must be kept in mind when comparing 1991-92 totals to previous years' staffing totals.

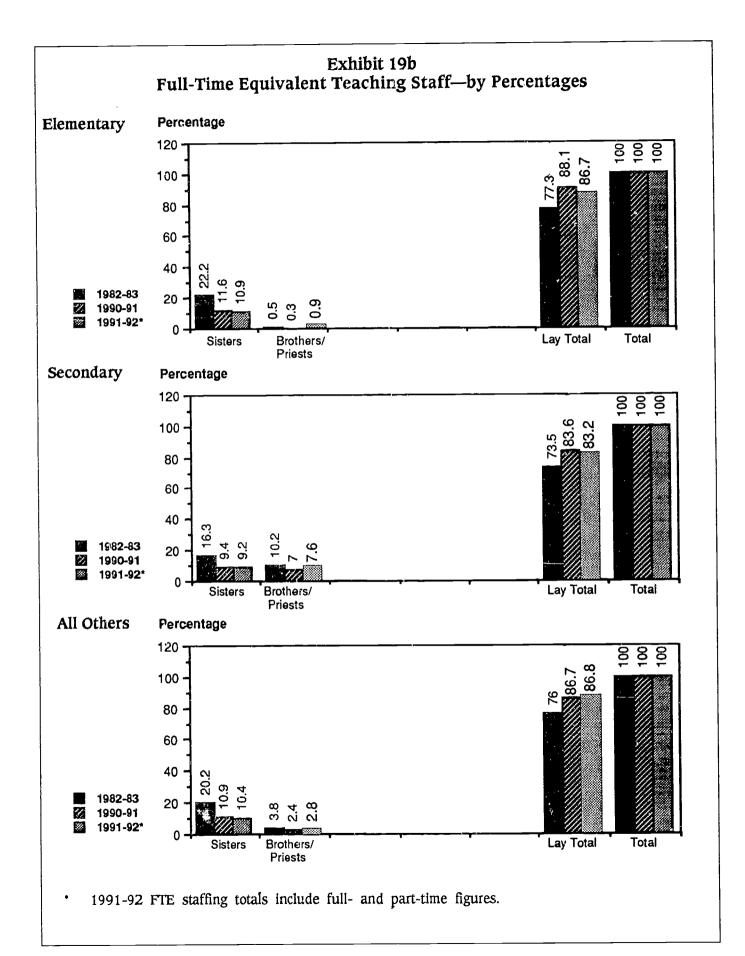
	Exhi Full-Time Equiva	bit 19a lent Teaching Sta	aff
Elementary	1982-83	1990-91	1991-92**
Sisters	21,597	10,570	11,932
Brothers\Priests	515	267	
***Brothers			242
***Priests			726
Lay Men		9,152	8,776
Lay Women	*75,225	71,050	87,408
Total	97,337	91,039	109,084
Secondary			
Sisters	8,016	3,764	4,083
Brothers\Priests	4,992	2,815	
***Brothers			1,624
***Priests			1,728
Lay Men		14,912	16,155
Lay Women	*36,115	18,668	20,660
Total	49,123	40,159	44,250
All Schools			
Sisters	29,613	14,334	16,015
Brothers\Priests	5,507	3,082	
***Brothers			1,866
***Priests			2,454
Lay Men		24,064	24,951
Lay Women	* 111,340	89,718	108,058
Total	146,460	131,198	153,334

[•] Data concerning lay men and women is not available for the base year, 1982-83; this number reflects total lay teachers.

** 1991-92 staffing totals include full- and part-time figures.



^{*** 1991-92} data collection introduced the statistical breakdown of brothers/priests into two distinct categories.





Selected Programs in Catholic Education

Extended Care

The 1991-92 data collection of Catholic elementary schools revealed that, of our 7,239 elementary schools, 3,087 had extended care programs. Exhibit 20 illustrates the regional breakdown. Appendix C provides a summary report by region, state and diocese.

Exhibit 20 Schools with Extended Care Programs

Region	Schools with Extended Care
New England	179
Mideast	621
Great Lakes	680
Plains	237
Southeast	515
West/Far West	855
Total	3,087

Chapter 1 Services

The 1991-92 collection of data from our elementary and secondary schools revealed that, of our 5,557 Catholic elementary schools with students eligible for Chapter 1 services, students in 4,323 schools actually received these services. In addition, 191 Catholic secondary schools also reported students receiving Chapter 1 services. Exhibit 21 shows the number of schools receiving Chapter 1 services by region. For a complete summary of schools by region, state, and diocese, refer to Appendix C.

Exhibit 21 Schools with Students Eligible for Chapter 1 Services

Region	Elementary Schools (Eligible - Receiving)	Secondary Schools (Receiving)
New England	388 - 340	13
Mideast	1,529 - 1,245	56
Great Lakes	1,800 - 1,168	42
Plains	570 - 525	18
Southeast	554 - 416	32
West/Far West	716 - 629	30
Total	5,557 - 4,323	191



ERIC Full Text Provided by ERIC

DATA BANK CHART - APPENDIX ACADEMIC YEAR: 91 - 92

Appendix A

NATIONAL CATHOLIC EDUCATIONAL ASSOCIATION (NCEA) Summary Report of Basic School Statistics Schools - Enrollment - Full-Time Equivalent Teachers Sorted by Region, State, and Diocese

		NUMBER	NUMBER SCHOOLS	νί	NUMBER S	STUDENTS		ᆸ	FULL EMENTAR	FULL-TIME EQUIVALENT TEACHING STAFF ELEMENTARY	UIVALEN	т теасні	NG STAFF SECONDARY	F DARY		! ! ! ! !	i 1 1 1 1 1	TOTAL
	STATE ARCHDIOCESE/DIOCESE	ELEM	SEC	TOTAL	ELEM	SEC	TOTAL	SIS	MALE P	PRIESTS	LAY	TOTAL S.	SIS M	MALE PI	PRIESTS	¥	TOTAL	STAFF
	CONNECTICUT BRIDGEPORT HARTFORD NORWICH	138 37 212	25 4 5 5	163 26 26	30,573 8,875 17,906 3,792	11,098 3,761 5,140 2,197	41,671 12,636 23,046 5,989	267 76 142 49	0000	7,1 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2	1,585 484 905 196	1,862 566 1,049 247	1228	8 2 5 8	42 14 5	797 261 401 135	961 316 482 163	2,823 882 1,531 410
	MAINE PORTLAND	22	'nω	57 57	3,997 3,997	95 95	4,692	፠፠	00	00	233	569 269	22	мм	22	50	69	338 338
	MASSACHUSETTS BOSTON FALL RIVER SPRINGFIELD WORCESTER	213 134 25 32 32	58 44 47 7	271 771 88 88	58,512 38,027 5,670 9,086 5,729	23,659 15,708 2,333 2,409 3,209	82,171 53,735 8,003 11,495 8,938	634 441 53 82 58	740 240 44	32 2,7	2,737 3 1,801 2 250 427 259	3,410 2,276 303 511 320	214 128 30 41 15	36 36 14 14	422 4004	1,595 1,079 164 143 209	1,919 1,285 202 190 242	5,329 2,561 505 701 562
	NEW HAMPSHIRE MANCHESTER	39	2 2	77 77	6,166	1,830	7,996	66	00	44	378 378	451 451	4 4 7	55		117	142 142	593 593
2	RHODE ISLAND PROVIDENCE	55 55	55	88	12,303 12,303	3,846 3,846	16,149	141 141		25 5	627 627	784 784	99	67	14 14	862	401 401	1,185 1,185
4	VERMONT BURLINGTON	2	2.2	111	2,222	599 599	2,821	된돈	00	00	148 148	179 179	∞ ∞			55 57 57	24 24	233
	NEW ENGLAND	477	103	280	113,773	41,727	155,500	1,178	∞	61 5,7	5,708 6	6,955	383 1	147 1	115	2,901	3,546	10,501
	DELAWARE WILMING TON	88	7	38	10,465	4,301	14,766	92 92	99	58 28	809 809	716 716	%%	00	22	321 321	369 369	1,085 1,085
	DISTRICT OF COLUMBIA WASHINGTON	85 85	\$ \$	103 103	20,854 20,854	7,609	28,463	95. 95.		00	1,030	1,123	25	17	33	727 727	547 547	1,670 1,670
	MARYLAND BALTIMORE	78 78	22.23	101	22,499	8,696 8,696	31,195 31,195	195 195	~ ~	n m	1,141	1,346	87 87	28	54 54	725 725	894 894	2,240

NEW YORK

8,642 1,291 1,028 1,028 1,276 1,668

2,650 370 321 1,087 284 588

2,146 315 244 864 207 516

91 158 159 0 0

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327 27 45 132 56 67

5,226 755 794 2,046 880 951

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749 166 170 170 128

146,269 22,154 15,507 61,079 18,748 28,781

37,627 5,968 3,659 16,563 3,268 8,169

108,642 16,186 11,848 44,516 15,480 20,612

85°85E

392 63 162 63 63

NEW JERSEY CAMDEN METUCHEN NEWARK PATERSON TRENTON

18,219

4,278

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	TATOL	STAFF	806 2,280 6,846 6,846 1,009 1,009 1,009 1,003 1,003 1,013 1,015
		TOTAL	2,44 1,050 2,357 2,357 2,357 2,262 2,387 2,387 2,45 2,45 2,45 2,45 2,45
		¥	200 84.7 4.22 4.12 4.13 5.13 2.13 5.13 5.13 5.13 5.13 5.13 5.13 5.13 5
		PRIESTS	27.1
	STAFF SECONDARY	MALE	450 021 7 20 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0
	HING STA	SIS	148 69 69 69 69 7 7 55 57 57 57 57 57 57 57 57 57 57 57
	FULL-TIME EQUIVALENT TEACHING STAFF NTARY	TOTAL	2,188 1,718 4,489 1,718 333 1,555 10,212 7,555 1,555 1,555 1,829 1,829 1,829 1,829
) hers	ME EQUIVAL	STS LAY	1,984 1,517 3,837 2,777 2,777 2,777 2,777 604 604 3,569 3,743 1,617 1,617 1,617 1,617 1,617
(NCEA	JLL-TI	PRIESTS	00482442 802010000
ATION tistic valent iocese	FULL- ELEMENTARY	MALE	000mu0-0 0000-0000
ASSOCI xol Sta ne Equi	ш	SIS	202 202 189 189 212 212 67 67 88 806 806 806 806 806 806 806 806 806
CATHOLIC EDUCATIONAL ASSOCIATION (NCEA) Report of Basic School Statistics Enrollment - Full-Time Equivalent Teachers red by Region, State, and Diocese		TOTAL	11,961 29,679 106,907 15,498 13,405 13,405 14,415 15,162 16,829 16,829 16,829 16,829 16,829
NATIONAL CATHOLIC EDUCATIONAL ASSOCIATION (NCEA) Summary Report of Basic School Statistics chools - Enrollment - Full-Time Equivalent Teach Sorted by Region, State, and Diocese	STUDENTS	SEC	20,498 29,498 5,3:5 6,002 6,35 6,35 7,146 8,015 8,015 7,196 7,196 7,196 7,196 7,196 7,196 7,196 7,196 7,196 7,196 7,196 7,196
NATIONAL Summary Schools - Sor	NUMBER S	ELEM	9,678 24,304 77,905 4,863 14,361 27,11,277 11,277 11,277 12,147 6,015 6,015 12,147 11,155 97,035 33,236 14,048
		TOTAL	112 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2
	NUMBER SCHOOLS	SEC	- 22-23 - 22-23 - 23-23 - 23-2
	NUMBER	ELEN	445 445 445 445 445 445 445 445 445 445
DATA BANK CHART – APPENDIX ACADENIC YEAR: 91 – 92		SIAIE ARCHDIOCESE/DIOCESE	ALBANY BROCKLYN BUFFALO NEU YORK COGDENSBURG ROCHSTER SYRACUSE SYRACUSE ALENTOWN ALTONA/JOHNSTOWN ERIE GREENSBURG HARRISBURG HARRISBURG PHILADELPHIA PITTSBURGH

78 13,473 45,455	2 3,266 11,477 2 104 562 3 2,124 7,018 3 341 1,179 4 233 979 8 271 871	683 135 171 125 207 45	1,511 1,080 75 66 177
10,478	2,692 92 1,720 293 194 128 165	200 200 200 200 200 200 200 200 200 200	1,295 897 40 70 70 70 162
285	25 28 20 20 20 20	<u> </u>	0400-4
288	193 170 15 15 2	404800	250102
1,825	216 7 138 138 15 17 20	24 24 7 7 8	140 118 12 9
31,982	8,211 458 4,894 838 746 600 675	2,529 375 598 449 878 229	4,064 2,396 177 330 224 504
27,529	7,504 425 4,480 769 669 558 603	2,369 349 546 415 213	3,654 2,121 158 306 212 212 468
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8	£0-000½	-0-000	00000
4,239	678 28 411 69 71 39	148 24 45 32 32 13	269 18 124 34 34 34
767,879	222,981 9,097 147,029 22,644 14,794 14,631	53,988 6,677 13,084 10,691 19,834 3,702	96,803 56,742 3,646 10,314 5,269 12,534
184,999	52,105 1,456 36,730 2,5368 2,525 2,525 2,515	10,534 1,531 2,371 2,010 4,344 2,78	20,329 13,841 398 1,732 881 2,628
582,880	170,876 7,641 110,239 17,276 12,269 11,180	43,454 5,146 10,713 8,681 15,490 3,424	76,474 42,901 3,248 8,582 4,388 9,906
2,018 356 2,374	653 44 373 88 56 50 50	828828	362 180 22 24 45 46 46 46
356	\$ £ £ 8 ~ 8 ~ ~ ~ ~ ~ ~ ~ ~ ~ ~ ~ ~ ~ ~ ~	₩v4w0v	8844WA
2,018	569 41 322 60 60 45 45 55	8544828 844828	305 144 18 18 21 21
MID EAST	ILLINOIS BELLEVILLE CHICAGO JOLIET PEORIA ROCKFORD SPRINGFIELD	INDIANA EVANSVILLE FORT WAYNE/SOUTH BEND GARY INDIANAPOLIS LAFAYETTE	MICHIGAN DETROIT GAYLORD GRAND RAPIDS KALAMAZOO LANSING

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NATIONAL CATHOLIC EDUCATIONAL ASSOCIATION (NCEA)
Summary Report of Basic School Statistics
Schools - Enrollment - Full-Time Equivalent Teachers
Sorted by Region, State, and Diocese

DATA BANK CHART - APPENDIX ACADEMIC YEAR: 91 - 92

į	. TOTAL STAFF	118 387	10,943 3,105 3,732 1,084 1,875 1,875	5,326 1,257 927 557 2,349 236	36,533	2,583 496 404 1,012 671	1,783 930 223 536	3,827 121 130 328 328 432 2,391 425	29,499
	TOTAL	0 22	3,067 1,047 359 58 497 185	788 165 148 53 416 6	9,315	695 150 95 243 207	527 0 315 85 127	691 18 0 52 77 77	1,583 64
	Š	0 \$9	2,628 813 856 328 45 421	706 142 134 376 5	7,926	615 134 91 174	455 0 270 74 111	620 14 0 58 58 73	1,336
	PRIESTS	ο -	124 24 37 12 24 9	момооо	359	04 0 4 4 8 1	29 7 7 8 7 7	27 3 3 0 0 0 4	75 10
AFF ONDARY	MALE	00	94%0000	¥11 00 00 00	327	00000	00000	ã4004¥0	3,2
E EQUIVALENT TEACHING STAFF SECONDARY	SIS	0.40	255 118 13 13 11	24 24 24 24 24 24 24 24 24 24 24 24 24 2	703	0 0 0 2 2 2 5 4 5	¥00 47 12	35 25 37 37 37 37 37 37 37 37 37 37 37 37 37	131
	TOTAL	118 315	7,876 2,184 2,685 725 1,378 1,378	4,538 1,092 779 504 1,933 230	27,218	1,888 346 309 769 464	1,256 94 615 138 409	3,136 103 130 276 360 1,919 348	3,916 398
	STS LAY	104 285	6,987 2,021 2,303 671 1,182	4,142 989 700 781 1,748	24,656	1,698 300 293 690 415	1,119 82 552 126 359	2,699 86 122 231 325 1,616 319	3,509
LL-TIP	PRIEST	0	8525080	စ်းဝစ်ဝဝဝ	135	125 9 4 0	~80 0	184 3 24 4 153	112
FULL-TIME NUMBER STUDENTS ELEMENTARY	MALE	00	000000	0040NO	83	00000	N00	000000	50
	SIS	2 %	809 153 341 49 25 176 65	369 27 28 28 36 36 36 36 36 36 36 36 36 36 36 36 36	2,404	165 34 16 75 40	128 9 7 50 50	251 14 21 33 148 29	383
	TOTAL	1,809 6,489	189, 322 54, 184 65, 166 18, 385 3, 559 31, 713 16, 315	82,890 17,529 12,716 8,211 41,364 3,070	645,984	39,120 6,410 5,550 17,645 9,515	26,804 1,525 13,872 2,784 8,623	52,790 1,417 2,043 4,145 6,829 32,380 5,976	82,528 6,732
	SEC	678 0	42,059 13,594 14,288 4,399 6,343 2,808	11,388 2,119 1,585 619 7,042 23	136,415	7,823 1,123 1,307 3,038 2,355	5,029 0 2,842 579 1,608	7,579 74 0 427 5,584 5,584	18,271 796
	ELEM	1,809	147,263 40,590 50,878 13,986 2,932 25,370 13,507	71,502 15,410 11,131 7,592 34,322 3,047	509,569	31,297 5,287 4,243 14,607 7,160	21,775 1,525 11,030 2,205 7,015	45,211 1,343 2,043 3,718 6,247 26,796 5,064	64,257 5,936
8	TOTAL	35	550 20 20 103 56 56	401 83 163 18	2,175	45 22 38 38	2444	227 10 13 38 114 29	90¢ 70¢
SCHOOLS	SEC	0 M	25 27 11 4 7 7	27 6 7 12 0	268	88578	90 0 2 4	12-0×0+4	33
NUMBER		32	472 117 150 17 17 89 50	374 83 76 46 151	1,907	.124 19 30 30	95 11 32 32	208 22 22 34 25 25 25 25 25 25 25 25 25 25 25 25 25	263 37
STATE	ARCHDIOCESE/DIOCESE	MARQUETTE SAGINAW	OHIO CINCINNATI CLEVELAND COLUMBUS STEUBENVILLE TOLEDO YOUNGSTOWN	WISCONSIN GREEN BAY LA CROSSE MADISON MILWAUKEE SUPERIOR	GREAT L "S	IOWA DAVENPORT DES MOINES DUBUGUE SIOUX CITY	KANSAS DODGE CITY KANSAS CITY SALINA WICHITA	MINNESOTA CROOKSTON PULUTH NEW ULM ST. CLOUD ST. PAUL/MINNEAPOLIS WINONA	MISSOURI JEFFERSON CITY

2,550 603 228

732 192 51

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NATIONAL CATHOLIC EDUCATIONAL ASSOCIATION (NCEA)
Summary Report of Basic School Statistics
Schools - Enrollment - Full-Time Equivalent Teachers
Sorted by Region, State, and Diocese

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	NUMBER	NUMBER SCHOOLS	so	NUMBER S	STUDENTS		ᆸ	FUL EMENTA	FULL-TIME ELEMENTARY	EQUIVAL	EQUIVALENT TEACHING STAFF	ING STA SECO	STAFF				
STATE ARCHDIOCESE/DIOCESE	ELEM	SEC	TOTAL	ELEM	SEC	TOTAL	SIS	MALE	PRIESTS	, F	TOTAL	SIS	MALE	PRIESTS	Ą	TOTAL	- TOTAL STAFF
KANSAS CITY/ST. JOSEPH SPRINGFIELD/CAPE GIRARDEAU ST. LOUIS	38 167	๛๛&	3%	9,303 3,267 45,751	2,948 553 13,974	12,251 3,820 59,725	39 28 287	۲۰۲	-00	497 145 2,509	538 173 2,807	17 108	3206	5 2 4 5 4	225 82 981	254 20 1, 175	792 263 3,982
NEBRASKA GRAND ISLAND LINCOL ^S OMAHA	2,48	27 4 17	118 30 77	21,728 1,204 5,344 15,180	6,220 509 1,287 4,424	27,948 1,713 6,631 19,604	125 8 25 55	←00 ←	£223 46433	1,102 64 260 778	1,301 75 329 897	40 4 6 27	ភ០០ភ	78 70 70 74	561 63 101 397	691 71 140 480	1,992 146 469 1,377
NORTH DAKOTA BISHARK FARGO	30 13 13	7.41	35 14	4,860 2,695 2,165	1, 160 902 258	6,020 3,597 2,423	23	000	202	271 135 136	299 146 153	900	000	60 00	104 20 20	£88	414 238 176
SOUTH DAKOTA RAPID CITY SIOUX FALLS	23.38	NNN	33 28 33	4,835 820 4,015	1,241 315 926	6,076 1,135 4,941	200	000	254	2882	330 78 252	- κ α	440	50 N	110 41 69	មិខឌ	460 128 332
PLAINS	835	142	226	193,963	47,323	241,286	1,098	17.3	313 10	, 869'01	12, 126	594	78	253	3,801	4,432	16,558
ALABAMA BIRMINGHAM MOBILE	44 25 25	www	25.50	10,528 4,576 5,952	2,424 953 1,471	12,952 5,529 7,423	32 23	NON	0	627 267 360	688 293 395	858	23.0	489	179 62 117	206 78 128	894 371 523
ARKANSAS LITTLE ROCK	32	~ ~	37	6,209	1,616 1,616	7,825	33	ι υ ι υ	00	413 413	797 797	'n₩	5. 5.	٥٥	116 116	145	607 607
FLORIDA MIAMI ORLANDO ORLANDO PALM BEACH PENSACOLA/TALLAHASEE ST. AUGUSTINE ST. PETERSBURG	464 288 288 27 27 27 27 27	W648-028	194 195 199 197 197 197 197	53,638 8,706 8,706 7,913 2,913 9,301 8,301	17, 291 8, 760 1, 761 1, 638 395 1, 188 2, 469 1, 080	70,929 29,124 10,467 6,551 2,835 6,227 11,770 3,955	\$28855856 \$28855856	£4-04000	₩w0-r0	2,825 4,36 4,36 2,68 1,32 2,64 5,06 151	13,094 476 2898 151 170	2550 0 L 10 O L	755 700 700 700 700 700 700	848×4±45 6	1,018 462 120 92 31 57 75	1, 154 537 103 106 33 202 81	1,683 1,683 599 405 184 184 357 769 251
GEORGIA ATLANTA SAVANNAH	28 13 15	289	32 23	9,499 4,980 4,519	3,561 1,717 1,844	13,060 6,697 6,363	52 17 35	-0-	000	516 288 228	264 264 264	5-0	8-1-	57 s	265 146 119	296 153 143	865 458 407

DATA BANK CHART - APPENDIX ACADEMIC YEAR: 91 - 92

DATA BANK CHART - APPENDIX ACADEMIC YEAR: 91 - 92

NATIONAL CATHOLIC EDUCATIONAL ASSOCIATION (NCEA) Summary Report of Basic School Statistics Schools - Enrollment - Full-Time Equivalent Teachers Sorted by Region, State, and Diocese

	- TOTAL STAFF	1,386	5,815 198 893 328 808 190 3,170	667 282 385	3.30 3.30 265	532	1,006 209 433 484	1,334 780 554	544 544 544	19,657	
	TOTAL	417	2,035 268 268 96 261 36 1,267	192 94 98	885	112	333 55 181 97	387 233 154	175 175	5,857	5 5 5 6
	Ě	371 67	1,799 245 245 87 242 33 1,094		81 62 19	505	288 52 156 80	333 197 136	162 162	5,148	4040
	PRIESTS	2 م	55 0 4 0 7 1 2 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1	000	0	мm	52000	22-	00	184	-0-0
STAFF SECONDARY	MALE	6 0	80000-00	£29	000	~~	~o~o	K4W	← ←	182	0000
HING STA	SIS	3,0	121 22 24 2 2 4 8 8 9 8 9 8 9 8 9 8 9 8 9 8 9 8 9 8 9	0-4 ru	∞ .0 ∨ 0	NN	25 12 12	422	55	343	-0-0
FULL-TIME EQUIVALENT TEACHING STAFF SECOND.	TOTAL	969 261	3,780 145 625 625 547 1,903 174	475 188 287	505 261 244	450 420	673 154 252 267	600 547 600	369 369	13,800	25 25 9
e equival	STS LAY	911 235	3,495 124 598 521 521 153 153 157	416 166 250	240 225	370 370	617 142 235 240	863 764 369	334 334	12,601	42 17 19 6
L-TIN	PRIESTS	0 ~	400 000	-0-	~~0	00	~~00	~~0		æ	40
FUL NUMBER STUDENTS ELEMENTS	MALE	-0	500040←0	400	-0-	mm	 00	-0-	00	87	0000
	SIS	57 24	268 27 28 171 171	% S %	37 18 18	24 42	53 17 27	78 48 30	34	1,118	Ewv.
	TOTAL	22,694 5,417	95,860 3,235 15,123 12,723 12,732 12,732 2,813 53,136 3,068	9,857 4,612 5,245	9,533 4,873 4,660	6,994 6,994	14,369 2,750 6,555 5,064	21,220 12,867 8,353	7,215	311,630	939 319 530 90
	SEC	5,569	22,654 438 2,920 1,169 2,777 2,777 14,293 673	1,863 1,087 776	1,117 838 279	1,131	3,755 648 2,054 1,053	4,589 3,090 1,499	1,351	70,840	148 148 0
	ELEM	17,125 4,506	73,206 2,797 12,203 4,564 9,975 2,429 38,843 2,395	7,994 3,525 4,469	8.416 4,035 4,381	5,863 5,863	10,614 2,102 4,501 4,011	16,631 9,777 6,854	5,864	240,790	791 319 382 90
	TOTAL	73	237 33 42 42 13 13 13	\$2 \$2	23.53	88	64 9 61 19	*28	38	978	₩ W W W ←
NUMBER SCHOOLS	SEC	£ x	25 ± 28 × 1. ± 28 × 5. ± 2	Φ νν 4	w ~ −	mm	1222	44 01	∞ ∞	176	-0-0
NUMBER	ELEM	88	322 322 88 1188 811	35 14 21	35 13 22	27	38 14 17	52 28 24	ጸጸ	805	401-
CTATE	ARCHDIOCESE/DIOCESE	LOUISVILLE OWENSBORO	LOUISIANA ALEXANDRIA BATON ROUGE HOUMA/THIBODAUX LAFAYETTE LAKE CHARLES NEW ORLEANS SHREVEPORT	MISSISSIPPI BILOXI JACKSON	NORTH CAROLINA CHARLOTTE RALEIGH	SOUTH CAROLINA CHARLESTON	TEMNESSEE KNOXVILLE MEMPHIS NASHVILLE	VIRGINIA ARLINGTON RICHMOND	WEST VIRGINIA WHEFLING/CHARLESTON	SOUTH EAST	ALASKA ANCHORAGE FATRBANKS JUNEAU



NATIONAL CATHOLIC EDUCATIONAL ASSOCIATION (NCEA) Summary Report of Basic School Statistics Schools - Enrollment - Full-Time Equivalent Teachers Sorted by Region, State, and Diocese

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, ATOT	STAFF	843 485 358	12,724 363 5,146 5,146 729 729 729 729 729 729 729 731 741 1,655 741 185	934 70 748 116	702 702	146 146	295 212 83	234	546 128 55 363	617 308 309	817
	TOTAL	266 159 107	2,050 2,050 118 353 343 167 167 551 561 300 139	184 0 157 27	269 269	32	98 57 41	& &	135 36 0 99	163 82 81	524
	¥	215 131 84	3,802 600 1,733 315 315 335 118 484 484 484 60	157 0 135 22	231	333	88 38 38	69	105 23 0 82	139 70 69	223
	PRIESTS	21 14 7	120 15 17 17 19 19 19	0000	សស	~ ~	000	мм	v-04	0 4 W	5
STAFF SECONDARY	MALE	v #v O	88 17 0 8 0 0 0 0 17 0 W U	∞ 0∞0	55	00	-0-	юм	NOON	мом	2
FULL-TIME EQUIVALENT TEACHING STAFF NUMBER STUDENTS ELEMENTARY	SIS	25 6 5	299 187 20 20 20 20 20 20 20 20 20 20 20 20 20	ည်းပ တစ္စလ	17	00	200	N 10	2, 2, 8 8	12 8 4	14
	TOTAL	577 326 251	8,314 289 3,096 737 6623 562 367 1,094 411 143	750 70 591 89	433	114	197 155 42	154 154	411 92 55 264	454 226 228	563
	IS LAY	480 279 201	2,283 2,687 177 177 177 508 541 541 508 310 591 951 126	691 67 551 73	347	107	176 141 35	136 136	335 58 52 225	411 204 207	483
	PRIESTS	202	20111100001000	4004	00		220	00	2000	ммо	τ-
	MALE	× 24 +	%04040 <u>4</u> 00 <i>M</i> 0	0000	~ ~	00	0	~~	0000	-0-	2
	SIS	42 44 47	990 404 274 277 277 277 277 271 271 271	45 12 15	85	6 0	118	17	69 27 39 39	364	22
	TOTAL	16,377 10,188 6,189	244,262 7,069 101,742 4,687 21,061 17,6637 9,235 15,497 27,613 13,910 4,699 4,336	14,495 943 12,274 1,278	11,872 11,872	2,555	3,851 2,721 1,130	4,619 4,619	7,970 1,758 679 533	8,830 4,458 4,372	12,120
	SEC	4,705 3,061 1,644	66,255 1,274 31,550 1,101 1,101 1,404 4,924 3,615 8,615 6,670 1,700 1,700	2,081 0 1,973 108	2,760 2,760	513 513	865 482 383	1,187	1,412 192 0 1,220	2,060 982 1,078	3,068
	ELEM	11,672 7,127 4,545	178 ,007 5 ,795 70 ,192 3 ,596 15 ,842 12 ,842 12 ,942 12 ,943 9 ,243 2 ,999 3 ,343	12,414 943 10,301 1,170	9,112 9,112	2,042	2,986 2,239 747	3,432	6,558 1,566 679 4,313	6,770 3,416 3,294	9,052
	TOTAL	25 82	717 28,52 28,73 33,33 33,33 44,74 45,74 47	53 42 7	7.7 7.7 7.7	12	<u>ស</u> ភ ភ	5 5	33 21 21 21	33 19 14	24
NUMBER SCHOOLS	SEC .	ο rv 4	£044000004000	V050	2 2		420	22	9m0m	400	∞
NUMBER	ELEM	74 50 50	8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8	46 37 5	33.53	77	4 € w	14	33 10 18 18	29 17 12	94
STATE	ARCHDIOCESE/DIOCESE	ARIZONA PHOENIX TUCSON	CALIFORNIA FRESNO LOS ANGELES MONTEREY OAKLAND ORANGE SACRAMENTO SAN BERNADINO SAN DIEGO SAN JOSE SANTA ROSA STOCKTON	COLORADO COLORADO SPRINGS DENVER PUEBLO	HAWAII HONOLULU	IDAHO BOISE	MONTANA GREAT FALLS/BILLINGS HELENA	NEVADA RENO/LAS VEGAS	NEW MEXICO GALLUP LAS CRUCES SANTA FE	CKLAHOMA OKLAHOMA CITY TULSA	OREGON



ERIC Fronted by ERIC

NATIONAL CATHOLIC EDUCATIONAL ASSOCIATION (NCEA.)
Summary Report of Basic School Statistics
Schools - Enrollment - Full-Time Equivalent Teachers
Sorted by Region, State, and Diocese

DATA BANK CHART - APPENDIX ACADEMIC YEAR: 91 - 92

4,889 102 370 164 164 667 667 687 687 687 731 732 733 TOTAL 47 37 37 50 8 43 154 154 266 279 279 279 52 348 294 54 0 84 84 PRIESTS \$084-80-85004-0 SECONDARY ಬರಬಂ FULL-TIME EQUIVALENT TEACHING STAFF 0.00 - 04847009-TOTAL PRIESTS LAY ELEMENTARY ¥ E √000004₩0000400 0000 **28** 9 ~ ~ 707 242468 ⁴ 2 1,171 2,880 2,977 6,242 3,619 3,619 14,896 24,818 19,174 4,050 1,594 2,594 699 1,135 3,036 5,781 4,912 869 NUMBER STUDENTS 2,658 2,658 24 8282 TOTAL NUMBER SCHOOLS £040 0-08-048-05-w ~~ 228 6 7 7 7 8 8 9 7 7 7 9 2 8 9 7 7 7 9 5 1 66 75 27 7 ELEM FORT WORTH GALVESTON/HOUSTON LUBBOCK ARCHDIOCESE/DIOCESE BROWNSVILLE CORPUS CHRISTI SALT LAKE CITY SAN ANGELO SAN ANTONIO TYLER VICTORIA BAKER PORTLAND AMARILLO BEAUMONT WASHINGTON SEATTLE SPOKANE CHEYENNE EL PASO AUSTIN WYOM ING TEXAS

TOTAL STAFF ELEM & SEC	153,334
EQUIVALENT . EACHING STAFF SECONDARY	4,083 1,624 36,815 44,250
IME EQUIVAL SECONDA	SIS MALE LAY TOTAL
FULL-TIME	11,932 242 96,184 109,084
ELEMENTARY	SIS MALE LAY TOTAL
NUMBER STUDENTS	1,964,241 586,622 2,550,863
	ELEM SEC TOTAL
SCHOOLS	7,239 1,269 8,508
NUMBER	ELEM SEC TOTAL

24,630

7,627

6,561

235

8

535

17,003

14,992

54

3

1,895

428,584

105,318

323,266

1,424

224

1,200

WEST & FAR WEST

Appendix B States with Enrollment Increases in Elementary (E) and/or Secondary (S) Schools 1991-92

New England 1	Westrar West15
Massachusetts (E)	Alaska (E + S)
• ,	Arizona (E + S)
<i>Mideast</i> 3	California (E + S)
Delaware (E + S)	Colorado (E + S)
District of Columbia (S)	Idaho (S)
Maryland (S)	Montana (S)
• • •	Nevada (E)
<i>Great Lakes</i> 3	New Mexico $(E + S)$
Indiana (E + S)	Oklahoma (E + S)
Ohio (S)	Oregon $(E + S)$
Wisconsin (S)	Texas (S)
(a)	Utah $(\dot{E} + S)$
<i>Plains</i> 5	Washington (S)
Iowa (S)	
Kansas (S)	Total35
Nebraska (E)	
North Dakota (E)	
South Dakota (E)	(Nevada secondary enrollment was constant
~ · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	with 1990-91; Wyoming elementary enrollment
<i>Southeast</i>	
Florida (E + S)	,
Georgia (E + S)	
Kentucky (S)	
Louisiana (S)	
Mississippi (E + S)	
North Carolina (E + S)	
South Carolina (E)	
Tennessee (E + S)	
Virginia (E)	
West Virginia (S)	
1100 110 1110 (D)	



Appendix C

NCEA 1991-1992
Summary Report of Supplementary Data
by Region, State and Diocese
Total Schools: Elem - 7239 Sec - 1269

	Extended Care	Chap 1 Eligible (Elem)	Chap 1 Services (Elem)	Chap 1 Services (Sec)
** Region: 1				
* State: CONNECTICUT BRIDGEPORT HARTFORD NORWICH * Subsubtotal *	14 42 16	32 64 20 116	29 55 18 102	1 3 0
	72	110	102	7
* State: MAINE PORTLAND	7	21	19	0
* Subsubtotal *	7	21	19	0
* State: MASSACHUSETTS BOSTON FALL RIVER SPRINGFIELD WORCESTER * Subsubtotal *	26 10 8 6	92 22 31 20	86 22 31 8	6 0 0 2 8
* State: NEW HAMPSHIRE MANCHESTER * Subsubtotal *	21 21	28 28	22 22	0
* State: RHODE ISLAND PROVIDENCE * Subsubtotal *	26 26	48 48	4 0 4 0	0
* State: VERMONT BURLINGTON * Subsubtotal *	3	10	10	1
** Subtotal **	3	10	10	1
	179	388	340	13
** Region: 2				
* State: DELAWARE WILMINGTON	17	29	29	0
* Subsubtotal *	17	29	29	0

; **32**

	Extended Care	Chap 1 Eligible (Elem)	Chap 1 Services (Elem)	Chap 1 Services (Sec)
* State: DISTRICT OF (COLUMBIA 57	40	31	1
* Subsub_otal *	57	40	31	1
* State: MARYLAND BALTIMORE	63	61	47	0
* Subsubtotal *	63	61	47	0
* State: NEW JERSEY	10	63	63	8
CAMDEN METUCHEN	10 29	35	35	1
NEWARK	85	120	100	2
PATERSON	33	62	40	2
TRENTON	45	61	35	1
* Subsubtotal *	202	341	273	14
* State: NEW YORK				
ALBANY	29	26	26	3
BROOKLYN-QUEENS	0	95	95	5
BUFFALO NEW YORK	25 25	71 150	61 100	0 4
OGDENSBURG	0	24	24	4 2
ROCHESTER	35	62	20	0
ROCKVILLE CENTER	14	72	63	3
SYRACUSE	0	56	56	7
* Subsubtotal *	128	556	445	24
* State: PENNSYLVANIA				
ALLENTOWN	12	50	48	0
ALTOONA-JOHNSTOWN	5	27	22	2
ERIE	15	42	41	5
GREENSBURG	0 5	42 41	39 14	0
HARRISBURG PHILADELPHIA	90	140	121	0 3
PITTSBURGH	27	121	96	3
SCRANTON * Subsubtotal *	0	39	39	4
	154	502	420	17
** Subtotal **	621	1529	1245	56

	Extended Care	Chap 1 Eligible (Elem)	Chap 1 Services (Elem)	Chap 1 Services (Sec)
** Region: 3				
* State: ILLINOIS BELLEVILLE CHICAGO JOLIET PEORIA ROCKFORD SPRINGFIELD * Subsubtotal *	8 204 19 26 14 12	32 182 47 48 20 49	26 138 32 25 20 39	2 20 1 0 1
bubbubcoux	283	378	280	24
* State: INDIANA EVANSVILLE FORT WAYNE-SOUTH	13 11	14 34	14 30	0
BEND GARY INDIANAPOLIS LAFAYETTE	6 49 6	30 50 20	19 40 5	0 0 0
* Subsubtotal *	85	148	108	0
* State: MICHIGAN DETROIT GAYLORD GRAND RAPIDS KALAMAZOO LANSING MARQUETTE SAGINAW * Subsubtotal *	65 2 8 5 11 1 2	77 7 30 20 33 4 13	63 7 27 16 26 3	5 1 0 0 4 0
	94	184	152	11
* State: OHIO CINCINNATI CLEVELAND COLUMBUS STEUBENVILLE STEUBENVILLE TOLEDO YOUNGSTOWN * Subsubtotal *	22 64 21 1 50 18	201 172 52 17 9 223 153	94 127 8 17 8 96 77	0 0 0 0 0 0
* State: WISCONSIN GREEN BAY	5	70	47	2

48

	Extended Care	Chap 1 Eligible (Elem)	Chap 1 Services (Elem)	Chap 1 Services (Sec)
LA CROSSE MADISON MILWAUKEE SUPERIOR * Subsubtotal *	21 12 0 3	71 40 64 18	55 28 64 7	2 0 3 0
** Subtotal **	41 680	263 1800	201 1168	7 42
** Region: 4	000	1800	1100	42
* State: IOWA DAVENPORT DES MOINES DUBUQUE SIOUX CITY * Subsubtotal *	6 8 26 4	19 13 42 30	19 12 42 27	0 0 0 0
* State: KANSAS DODGE CITY KANSAS CITY SALINA WICHITA * Subsubtotal *	0 14 3 6	11 17 12 25	11 17 12 21	0 1 3 0
* State: MINNESOTA CROOKSTON DULUTH NEW ULM ST CLOUD WINONA * Subsubtotal *	1 3 6 0 3	9 13 21 30 25	9 9 18 27 22	0 0 1 0 0
* State: MISSOURI JEFFERSON CITY KANSAS CITY-ST JOSEPH	14 28	36 30	36 23	0 2
SPRINGFIELD/CAPE GERARDEAU	5	12	8	1
ST. LOUIS * Subsubtotal *	76 123	100 178	92 159	0
	123	1/0	103	3



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	Extended Care	Chap 1 Eligible (Elem)	Chap 1 Services (Elem)	Chap 1 Services (Sec)
* State: NEBRASKA GRAND ISLAND LINCOLN OMAHA	1 0 18	7 17 47	7 17 43	3 0 0
* Subsubtotal *	19	71	67	3
* State: NORTH DAKOTA BISMARK FARGO * Subsubtotal *	2 5 7	17 11 28	16 11 27	1 1 2
* State: SOUTH DAKOTA	/	28	21	2
RAPID CITY SIOUX FALLS * Subsubtotal *	3 5	3 23	3 23	2 3
** Subtotal **	8	26	26	5
W. Supcocar	237	570	525	18
** Region: 5				
* State: ALABAMA BIRMINGHAM MOBILE * Subsubtotal *	13 15	13 24	7 12	2 0
	28	37	19	2
* State: ARKANSAS LITTLE ROCK * Subsubtotal *	11	32	31	5
	11	32	31	5
* State: FLORIDA MIAMI ORLANDO PALM BEACH PENSACOLA/TALLAHASSE E	46 26 14 5	31 12 9 3	24 12 9 3	0 0 0 0
ST AUGUSTINE ST PETERSBURG VENICE	10 29 9	15 22 3	12 18 3	0 2 0
* Subsubtotal *	139	95	81	2



	Extended Care	Chap 1 Eligible (Elem)		Chap 1 Services (Sec)
* State: GEORGIA ATLANTA SAVANNAH * Subsubtotal *	12 7	13 4	5 2	0 2
	19	17	7	2
* State: KENTUCKY COVINGTON LEXINGTON LOUISVILLE OWENSBORO * Subsubtotal *	9 4 10 12	29 13 63 8	26 4 10 20	1 0 1 3
+ 0		113	00	3
* State: LOUISIANA ALEXANDRIA BATON ROUGE HOUMA-THIBODAUX LAFAYETTE LAKE CHARLES NEW ORLEANS SHREVEPORT * Subsubtotal *	3 19 10 11 6 77 5	10 16 8 22 4 58 6	9 16 5 18 4 43 5	0 0 2 1 0 1 0
+ Ghala waggaggaanna	101	121	100	4
* State: MISSISSIPPI BILOXI JACKSON * Subsubtotal *	13 10 23	14 15 29	14 15 29	2 4 6
* State: NORTH CAROLINA				v
CHARLOTTE RALEIGH * Subsubtotal *	11 13 24	13 14 27	10 11 21	0 0
		21	21	U
* State: SOUTH CAROLINA CHARLESTON * Subsubtotal *	25	13	13	1
	25	13	13	1
* State: TENNESSEE KNOXVILLE MEMPHIS NASHVILLE	6 12 9 37	5 10 5 51	5 7 5	0 1 0

	Extended Care	Chap 1 Eligible (Elem)	Chap 1 Services (Elem)	Chap 1 Services (Sec)
* Subsubtotal *	27	20	17	1
* State: VIRGINIA ARLINGTON RICHMOND * Subsubtotal *	19 21 40	10 8 18	10 6 16	0 0
* State: WEST VIRGINIA WHEELING-CHARLESTON * Subsubtotal * ** Subtotal **	13 13	29 29	22 22	4
** Region: 6	515	554	416	32
* State: ALASKA ANCHORAGE FAIRBANKS JUNEAU * Subsubtotal *	1 0 0	0 1 0	0 1 0	0 0 0
* State: ARIZONA PHOENIX TUCSON * Subsubtotal *	13 6 19	20 10 30	19 9 28	1 0 1
* State: CALIFORNIA FRESNO LOS ANGELES MONTEREY OAKLAND ORANGE SACRAMENTO SAN BERNADINO SAN DIEGO SAN FRANCISCO SAN JOSE SANTA ROSA STOCKTON	12 140 9 53 30 42 28 37 62 26 8	13 118 11 32 13 44 15 30 34 7 13	13 118 7 26 13 34 15 30 30 6 12	0 1 2 2 2 0 0 0 0 2 4 0 0



	Extended Care	Chap 1 Eligible (Elem)	Chap 1 Services (Elem)	Chap 1 Services (Sec)
* Subsubtrial *	457	337	311	12
* State: COLORADO COLORADO SPRINGS DENVER PUEBLO * Subsubtotal *	3 28 0	1 18 0	1 10 0	0 2 0
* State: HAWAII HONOLULU * Subsubtotal *	23 23	23 23	12 12	5
* State: IDAHO BOISE * Subsubtotal *	5 5	9	9	1
* State: MONTANA GREAT FALLS-BILLINGS HELENA * Subsubtotal *	5 2 7	13 3 16	3 3 6	0 2 2
* State: NEVADA RENO/LAS VEGAS * Subsubtotal *	9	4	4	0
* State: NEW MEXICO GALLUP LAS CRUCES SANTA FE * Subsubtotal *	1 4 12 17	10 5 15	7 2 15 24	1 0 1 2
* State: OKLAHOMA OKLAHOMA CITY TULSA * Subsubtotal *	12 11 23	10 4 14	9 4 13	0 0 0
* State: OREGON BAKER	4	4	3	0

39 53

	Extended Care	Chap 1 Eligible (Elem)	Chap 1 Services (Elem)	Chap 1 Services (Sec)
PORTLAND	28	28	28	1
* Subsubtotal *	32	32	31	1
* State: TEXAS AMARILLO AUSTIN BEAUMONT BROWNSVILLE CORPUS CHRISTI DALLAS EL PASO FORT WORTH GALVESTON-HOUSTON LUBBOCK SAN ANGELO SAN ANTONIO TYLER VICTORIA * Subsubtotal *	7 11 7 5 17 20 3 7 40 2 3 31 4 3	6 8 5 7 16 20 10 6 24 0 3 36 4 11	3 4 5 6 16 20 7 6 23 0 3 34 4 9	0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 1
* State: UTAH SALT LAKE CITY * Subsubtotal *	7	7	4	0
* State: WASHINGTON SEATTLE SPOKANE YAKIMA * Subsubtotal *	45 13 3	16 11 5	16 9 4 29	0 0 0
<pre>* State: WYOMING CHEYENNE * Subsubtotal *</pre>	3	6	6	0
** Subtotal **	3	6	6	0
*** Total ***	855 3087	716 5557	629 4323	30 191



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