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ABSTRACT

Socioeconomic data are presented for the Black population from the 1980 census for the United States as a whole, for regions, divisions, states, selected counties, and places. Data are shown for counties and places with 50,000 or more Blacks, places of 1,000 or more total population with a Black population of 50 percent or more, and all counties with a Black population. Tables of statistical data and textual analysis of the data comprise the body of the report. An appendix in which definitions and explanations of the concepts and categories used in the report is provided as well as an appendix that examines the accuracy of the data. This document will be of interest to educators because of the information it provides on the educational attainment levels of a significant segment of the population throughout the United States as well as for other demographic data of relevance to the teaching of sociology. (DB)

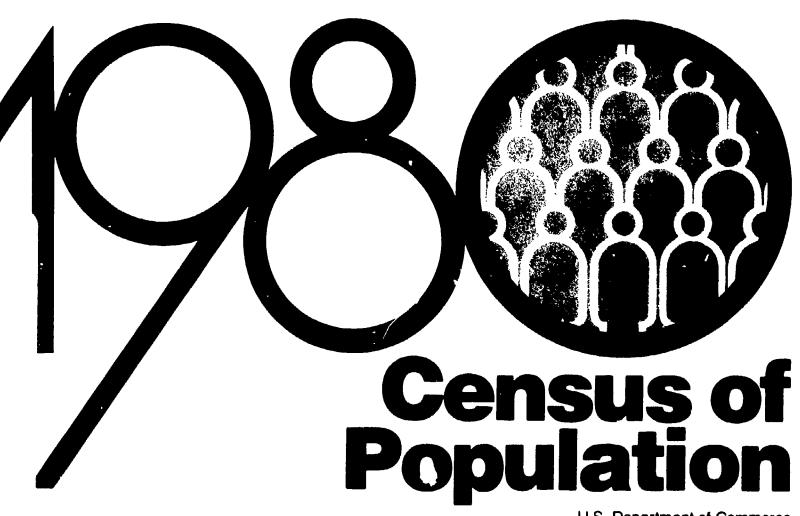


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Summary Characteristics of the Black Population for States and Selected Counties and Places: 1980

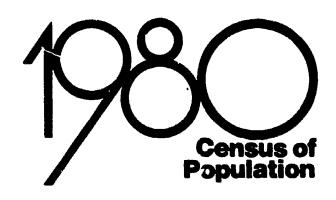
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Summary Characteristics of the Black Population for States and Selected Counties and Places: 1980

SUPPLEMENTARY REPORT

PC80-S1-21

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Summary Characteristics of the Black Population for States and Selected Counties and Places: 1980

SUPPLEMENTARY REPORT

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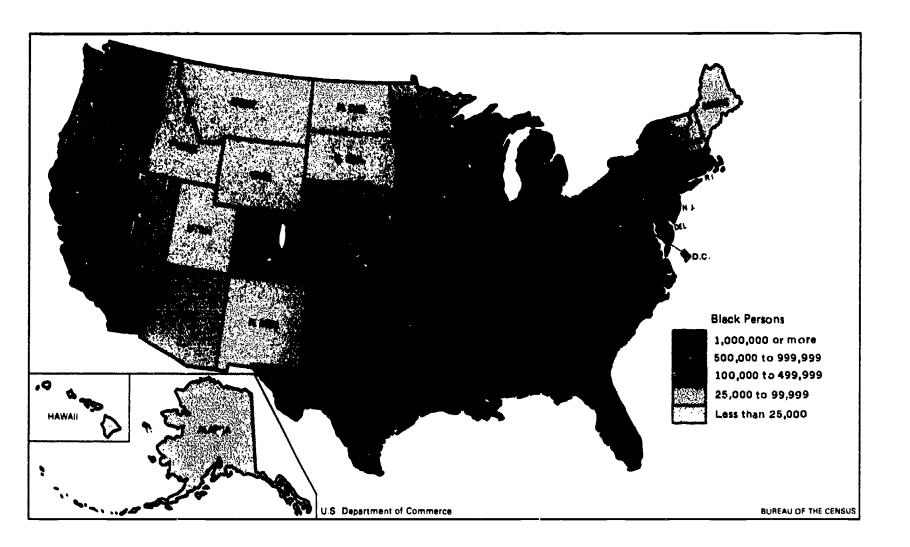


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Number of Black Persons by State: 1980





Highlights

UNITED STATES

- The Black population numbered 26,495,025 in 1980, an increase of 3.9 million over the 1970 figure of 22,580,289 (table 1).
- The median age of the Black population rose from 22.4 years in 1970 to 24.9 years in 1980 (table 2). Declining fertility and the aging of the baby boom generation over the period were the major factors responsible for this marked increase.
- In 1980, the majority 56 percent –
 of the 6.0 million Black families were
 maintained by a married couple,
 despite the dramatic increase
 between 1970 and 1980 in the pro portion of Black families maintained
 by a woman, no husband present
 (table 3).
- The proportion of Blacks 25 years old and over who were at least high school graduates was only 31 percent in 1970; by 1980, slightly over half (51 percent) of Black adults had a high school diploma (table 4). In addition, the proportion of Black adults who had completed a college education rose from 4 to 8 percent over the same period.
- The labor force participation rate for Black women rose from 47 percent in 1970 to 53 percent in 1980, an increase that occurred alongside a downturn from 70 to 67 percent in the participation rate for Black men (table 4).
- Although the Black family median income in 1979 (\$12,600) was about double the 1969 median (\$6,070), after adjusting for inflation, there was

- an increase in real median income of only 5 percent for the decade (table 4).
- Although Blacks accounted for only 12 percent of the total population, they represented 28 percent of the poverty population (table 4).

STATES

- Blacks increased their numbers between 1970 and 1980 in all States but West Virginia, Montana, and the District of Columbia (table 1).
- Four States had a Black electorate (18 years and over) of 1 million persons or more; in order, they were New York, California, Texas, and Illinois.
- Wisconsin had the highest proportion of its Black families maintained by a woman—48 percent—a figure eight times higher than the corresponding level for North Dakota, reporting the lowest proportion (6 percent) (table 3).
- North Dakota and Hawaii* had the highest proportions of Black high school graduates 25 years and over (93 and 92 percent), whereas Mississippi had the lowest (33 percent) (table 4). Arkansas had the lowest proportion of Black adults with 4 or more years of college (6 percent).
- For Black men, the States with the highest labor force participation rates were Hawaii (95 percent) and North Dakota (93 percent), and the State with the lowest rate was West Virginia (53 percent) (table 4). West Virginia also recorded the lowest rate for Black women (39 percent).

- The States with the highest Black family median incomes were Vermont (\$20,750), Alaska (\$19,280), and New Hampshire* (\$18,870) (table 4).
 In contrast, the lowest levels were found in Mississippi (\$9,010) and Arkansas (\$9,050).
- Mississippi had the highest poverty rates for both Black persons and families (44 and 39 percent)(table 4).

COUNTIES WITH 50,000 OR MORE BLACK POPULATION

- Forty-five counties (including 3 independent cities) had at least 100,000 Blacks; most of these counties contained cities with large concentrations of Blacks (table 5).
- New York County, N.Y., had the highest median age for Blacks in 1980 (34.1 years) for these counties, in comparison with Milwaukee County, Wis., with the lowest median age (21.5 years) (table 6).
- Montgomery Ccunty and Prince Georges County, Md., ranked highest in percent Black high school graduates 25 years and over (77 percent) (table 8). Montgomery County, Md., also ranked first in this group in percent of Blacks with 4 or more years of college (32 percent). In bibb County, Ga.,* by comparison, only 38 percent of its Black adults were high school graduates—the lowest level among the counties in this group.
- Labor force participation rates for Black men were highest in Prince Georges County and Montgornery



County, Md. (about 82 percent), and lowest in St. Clair County, III., and New York County, N.Y. (both 58 percent) (table 8). Labor force participation rates for Black women ranged from 43 percent in St. Clair County, III., to 76 percent in Prince Georges County, Md.

- Montgomery County and Prince Georgas County, Md., led these counties with the highest Black family median incomes in 1979 (about \$23,000) (table 8).
- Prince Georges County, Md., had the lowest poverty rates for both Black families (7 percent) and persons (9 percent), compared to St. Clair County, III., with the highest rates—38 percent for Black families and 42 percent for Black persons (table 8).

PLACES WITH 50,000 OR MORE BLACK POPULATION

- The cities with the most populous Black populations in 1980 were New York, Chicago, Detroit, and Philadelphia, rankings identical to those in 1970 (table 9).
- Milwaukee, Wis., led these places with the lowest Black median age (21.4 years) and the largest share of Blacks under 18 years old (43 percent) (table 10). At the other end of the spectrum, San Francisco, Calif., recorded the highest Black median age (29.4 years) and the smallest share under 18 years old (23 percent).
- Blacks 25 years and over in Inglewood, Calif., recorded the highest level of completing high school—84 percent (table 12). In contrast,

- Macon, Ga., and Miami, Fla., ware lowest among these places in their proportions of Black high school graduates (37 and 38 percent).
- Among these places, Black men* and women experienced the highest labor force participation rates in 1980 in Inglewood, Calif. (79 and 70 percent) (table 12). In comparison, East St. Louis, III.. and Pittsburgh, Pa., had the lowest participation rates for Black men (about 58 percent), and for Black women, East St. Louis, III., had the lowest rate (42 percent).
- Gary. Ind., and Flint, Mich.,* had the highest Black family median incomes for these places (about \$19,000) (table 12).
- The poverty rate for Black persons varied from 16 percent in Inglewood, Calif., to 44 percent in East St. Louis, III. (table 12). A similar pattern was observed for Black families in these places; Inglewood, Calif., recorded the lowest poverty rate (14 percent), compared to East St. Louis, III., with the highest rate (40 percent).

COUNTIES WITH A BLACK POPULATION OF 50 PERCENT OR MORE

- The most notable feature of the geographic distribution of these counties is that they were all located in the South (table 13).
- Taliaferro County, Ga., and Sharkey County, Miss., posted the highest (27.4 years) and lowest (19.8 years) Black median ages, respectively.
- Fulton County, Ga., had the highest proportion among these counties of Blacks 25 years and over with at least

- a high school diploma (56 percent) (table 16).
- Charles City County, Va, led these areas with the highest Black family median income (\$17,430) (table 16).
- Charles City County, Va., had the lowest poverty rate for Black persons and families in 1979 (14 percent each) (table 16).

PLACES OF 2,500 OR MORE TOTAL POPULATION WITH A BLACK POPULATION OF 50 PERCENT OR MORE

- Between 1970 and 1980, the number of places with 2,500 or more population that were at least 90 percent Black nearly doubled, from 16 places in 1970 to 31 places in 1980 (table 17).
- For this group, View Park-Windsor Hills (CDP), Calif., had the highest proportion of Blacks 25 years and over completing 4 or more years of college—34 percent (table 20).

PLACES OF 1,000 TO 2,500 TOTAL POPULATION WITH A BLACK POPULATION OF 50 PERCENT OR MORE

- In 1980, Phillipsburg (CDP), Ga., had the highest proportion of Blacks (99.8 percent) of any place of any size in the United States (table 21).
- About 92 percent of these places were located in the South.



Comparison significant at the 90-percent confidence level.

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GENERAL

This report presents socioeconomic data for the Black population from the 1980 census for the United States, its regions, divisions, and States, and for selected counties and places. Data are shown for counties and places with 50,000 or more Blacks, places of 1,000 or more total population with a Black population of 50 percent or more, and all counties with a Black population of 50 percent or more. Counts of the Black population from the 1970 census are also provided for these areas (excluding places with fewer than 2,500 total persons).

Information on the 1980 Black population was derived from answers to the 1980 census race item. (See facsimile of race item in Appendix A. -- Definitions and Explanations.) The concept of race as used by the Bureau of the Census reflects self-identification by respondents; it does not denote any clear-cut scientific definition of biological stock. The 1980 and 1970 data in this report are derived from 1980 Census of Population, PC80-1-B, General Population Characteristics, and PC80-1-C, General Social and Economic Characteristics; and 1970 Census of Population, PC(1)-B, General Population Characteristics.

CONTENTS OF THE TABLES

Data on the Black population in this report are shown for six types of geographic areas:

- United States, regions, and States (tables 1 to 4; census divisions also are shown in table 1)
- Counties with 50,000 or more Black population (tables 5 to 8)
- Places with 50,000 or more Black population (tables 9 to 12)
- Counties with a Black population of 50 percent or more (tables 13 to 16)
- Places of 2,500 or more total population with a Black population of 50 percent or more (tables 17 to 20)
- Places of 1,000 to 2,500 total population with a Black population of 50 percent or more (table 21)

A series of four tables is shown for each geographic category above except the last. The first table in each series (tables 1, 5, 9, 13, and 17) provides 1980 and 1970 census counts and percent distributions for the Black population by sex. Tables 2, 6, 10 14, and 18- the second table in each setpresent 1980 data on Blacks by age and sex. Summary Black household and family characteristics (such as percent female family householder and persons per household and family) are found in tables 3, 7, 11, 15, and 19, Social and economic characteristics for Blacks based on 1980 census sample data are shown in tables 4, 8, 12, 16, and 20, the last table in each series. Among the statistics included in these sample tables are percent high school graduates, labor force participation rates for men and women, unemployment :ates. household and family incomes in 1979. per capita income in 1979, and poverty

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* ()

rates for persons and families. Table 21 provides selected summary demographic and social characteristics for the smallest areas shown in the report—places of 1,000 to 2,500 total population with a Black population of 50 percent or more.

In this report, the District of Columbia is included in the tables pertaining to States and counties. In the text, the District of Columbia is included in the analysis of States but excluded from the analysis of counties. Washington, D.C., is included in both the tables and text pertaining to places.

The 446 substate areas discussed in this report include: (1) 93 counties with 50,000 or more Black population; (2) 62 places with 50,000 or more Black population; (3) 90 counties with a Black population of 50 percent or more; and 224 places of 2,500 or more total population with a Black population of 50 percent or more. There are 23 areas that appear on more than one table. The 151 places of 1,000 to 2,500 total population with a Black population of 50 percent or more are discussed only in the section on "Population Growth and Distribution."

In the sections of the text based on 1980 sample tabulations, large standard errors for some areas and/or some characteristics have limited the detail of analysis. In addition, areas with a group quarters population of 10 percent or more are excluded from the analysis of sample characteristics.

CHARACTERISTICS

Population Growth and Distribution

United States, Regions, and States—The Black population numbered 26,495,025 in 1980, an increase of 3.9 million over the 1970 figure of 22,580,289 (table 1). As a result of the more rapid growth of the Black population (17 percent) than the total population (11 percent) during the decade, the proportion of Blacks in the total population grew slightly from

Table A. Distribution of the Black Population for Regions and Selected States: 1980 and 1970

United States	Number	Percent		
Regions States with 1,000,000 or More Blacks	1980	1970	1980	1970
United States	26 495 025 14 047 787	22 580 289 11 769 961	100.0 53.0	100.0
South	1 710 175 1 465 181	1 399 005	6.: 5.5	6,2 5,3
Gaorgia	1 342 688 1 318 857	1 041 651	5.1 5.0	4.6 5.0
North Carolina	1 238 241 1 008 668	1 086 832 861 368	4.7 3.8	4.8 3.9
Virginia	4 848 431 2 402 006	4 344 153	18.3 9.1	19.5 9.6
New York	1 046 810	1 016 514	4.0 20.1	4.5 20.5
North Central	5 337 095 1 675 398	4 571 550 1 425 674	6.3	6.3
Michigan	1 199 023 1 076 748	991 066 970 477	4.1	4.
WestCalifornia	2 261 712 1 819 281	1 694 625 1 400 143	8.5 6.9	7. 6.

11.1 percent in 1970 to 11.7 percent in 1980. Regionally, in 1980, Blacks constituted 19 percent of the total population of the South, 10 percent of the Northeast, 9 percent of the Midwest, and 5 percent of the West.

The regional distribution of Blacks in 1980 was very similar to that of 1970 (table A). The Black population was still heavily concentrated in the South. In fact, the proportion of the total Black population residing in the South-53 percent - was the same in 1980 as in 1970, indicating that the long-standing trend of net outmigration from the South, evident since the 1870's or earlier', was reversed in the late 1970's.2 The region containing the smallest proportion of Blacks in both 1980 and 1970 was the West, although it was the only region to register an increase in its proportion of the U.S. Black population. This was due to the fact that the West experienced the largest percentage gain in Blacks of any region during the 1970's (33 percent) -- double the rate for the Nation's Black population as a whole - and thus increased its share of the total Black population from 7.5 percent in 1970 to 8.5 percent in 1980. The Northeast

*U.S. Bureau of the Census, Historical Statistics of the United States, Colonial Times to 1970, Bicentennial Edition, Part 1, Washington, D.C.: 1975.

**Current Population Reports, P-20, No. 368, "Geographical Mobility: March 1975 to March 1980."

region contained 18 percent of the U.S. Black population in 1980, which represented a slight decline from the 1970 level (19 percent), and the proportion of Blacks living in the Midwest held steady over the decade at 20 percent.

In each region except the South, the Black population was concentrated in a small number of States. About 8 of every 10 Blacks in the West lived in California, and in the Northeast, 1 in every 2 Blacks lived in New York. Three-fourths of the Black population of the Midwest were found in three States: Illinois, Michigan, and Ohio. As discussed below, Blacks tended to concentrate in the large cities of these States.

Blacks increased their numbers over the 1970-80 period in all States but West Virginia, Montana, and the District of Columbia. Furthermore, 13 States experienced intercensal Black growth rates that were more than double the 17-percent increase for the Black population as a whole. Between 1970 and 1980, California recorded the largest numerical gain in its Black population (419,138) of any State, while Hawaii had the highest proportional gain (129 percent).

In five States and the District of Columbia, all of which are in the South, Blacks accounted for one-fourth or more of the State's population in both 1980 and 1970. The States with the highest proportions of Blacks were Mississippi

(35 percent in 1980), South Carolina (30 percent), Louisiana (29 percent), Georgia (27 percent), and Alabama (26 percent). It the District of Columbia, Blacks represented 70 percent of the population. At the other end of the distribution, nine States in 1980 (plus Minnesota in 1970) had Black populations that were less than 1 percent of their population: Vermont, Montana, Idaho, Maine, South Dakota, North Dakota, New Hampshire, Utah, and Wyoming.

In 1980, 12 States had Black populations of 1 million or more, 3 more States (Michigan, Ohio, and Virginia) than in 1970. New York, as in the 1950, 1960, and 1970 censuses, ranked first in the number of Blacks (with 2.4 million), followed by California (1.8 million) and Texas (1.7 million) (table 2). Together, these three States contained over one-fifth (22 percent) of the Nation's Black population, and if the Black populations for the 12 highest-ranking States are considered, the proportion is swelled to 65 percent.

Counties With 50,000 or More Black Population - The 1970-80 decade saw an increase in the number of counties with a Black population of 50,000 or more. Of the 3,137 counties defined for the 1980 census,3 93 counties (including 4 independent cities) had Clack populations of 50,000 or more (table 5), up from 74 counties in 1970.4 Six out of every ten Blacks lived in these counties in 1980. Forty-five counties (in cluding 3 independent cities) had at least 100,000 Blacks; most of these counties contained citie, with large concentrations of Blacks. In 1980, as in 1970, only one county - Cook Cou a Black population exceeding one million (table 6). An additional four counties --Los Angeles County, Calif.; Wayne County, Mich.; Kings County, N.Y.; and Philadelphia County, Pa. -- had Black

³1980 Census of Population, PC80-1 A1, Number of Linabitants, United States Summary, table 18.

populations surpassing 500,000 in 1980, the same number as in 1970.

Only 4 of these 93 counties or equivalents lost Black population during the decade—St. Louis city, New York County, San Francisco County, and Philadelphia County—these counties recorded decade losses in their total populations as well.

In contrast, five counties in this group posted gains of 130 percent or more in their Black populations between 1970 and 1980. They were Baltimore County, Md. (175 percent), Prince Georges County, Md. 170 percent), St Louis County, Mo. (141 percent), Montgomery County, Md. (136 percent), and De Kalb County, Ga. (130 percent). These are suburban counties of metropolitun areas that experienced appreciable net inmigration of Blacks from neighboring central cities (Baltimore, Md.; Washington, D.C.; Atlanta, Ga.) with large Black populations. In most cases, the magnitude of the movement of Blacks from the older central cities constituted a significant share of the counties' growing Black population over the decade.5 All five counties were in metropolitan areas in which the Black population of the central city was either declining or growing below the national

The patterns of regional distribution reveal that over half (48) of the 93 counties with 50,000 or more Blacks were located in the South, 16 were in the Midwest, 21 were in the Northeast, and 8 were in the West. However, a non-Southern State—New York—had the largest number with 9 counties of

⁵Although migration statistics for 1970 80 are not available, unpublished tabulations from the 1980 census indicate that between 1975 and 1980, 78 percent of the 25,678 Black inmigrants 5 years old and over to Baltimore County, Md., came from Baltimore city, 64 percent of the 79,029 Black inmigrants to Prince Georges County, Md., came from Washington, D. C.; 75 percent of the 32,629 Black inmigrants to St. Louis County, Mo., came from St. Louis city: 36 percent of the 18,671 Black inmigrants to Montgomery County, Md., came from Washington, D. C.; and 55 percent of the 41,221 Black inmigrants to the balance of De Kalb County, Ga. (excluding that part of Atla... tain De Kalb County) came from Atlanta city (in Fulton and De Kalb Counties).

50,000 or more Blacks; 4 of these counties were boroughs of New York City. Florida had 7 counties, and California, Georgia, New Jersey, North Carolina, and Ohio each had 6 counties.

Places With 50,000 or More Black Population—In 1980, there were 62 places in 25 States and the District of Columbia with Black populations of 50,000 or more (table 9). These places had a combined Black population of 12 million and represented 46 percent of the total U.S. Black population. Fourteen of these places had fewer than 50,000 Blacks in 1970.

As would be expected, the regional distribution of these places mirrored that of the counties with 50,000 or more Blacks which, for the most part, embrace them. Half of the places were located in the South, 15 were in the Midwest, 9 were in the Northeast, and 7 were in the West. The States with the highest number of these places, however, were California and Ohio with six places each; Texas and Georgie had four places each. Eight States contained only one place with a Black population of 50,000 or more.

New York city had the largest Black population of any place in 1980, with 1,784,337 Black residents; the only other place with over a million Blacks was Chicago. Other places with appreciable numbers of Blacks (over 500,000) were Detroit, Philadelphia, and Los Angeles.

Between 1970 and 1980, a number of changes occurred in the rank of the 10 most populous Black cities, although the cities in the first four positions in 1980 - New York, Chicago, Detroit, and Philadelphia - retained their 1970 rankings. One city Cleveland, Ohio dropped out of the first 10; it was replaced by Memphis, Tenn., which was in tenth place in 1980. The cities occupying the fifth and sixth positions in 1970 (Washington, D.C., and Los Angeles, Calif., respectively) had changed places by 1980, as did the cities ranking seventh and eighth in 1970 (Baltimore, Md., and Houston, Tex., respectively).



^{*1970} Census of Population, PC(S1) 2, "Negro Population in Selected Places and Selected Counties," table 5.

In all but one of the 10 most populous Black cities in 1980, Blacks accounted for at least 25 percent of the city's total population; proportions Black ranged from 17 percent in Los Angeles to 70 percent in the District of Columbia. Among the 62 places with 50,000 or more Blacks, 13 cities had a Black majority.

Although the growth rate of the Black population between 1970 and 1980 for the 62 places combined (10 percent) was considerably less than the 17 percent increase for the Black population nationally, only eight of these places actually lost Black population. St. Louis, Mo., showed the largest rate of decline in Blacks over the decade, losing nearly one-fifth of its Black population. The city in this group sustaining the largest absolute decline in Blacks was Washington, D. C., with an 89,000 drop. By way of contrast, 22 of these places witnessed gains of one-fourth or more in their Black populations during the 1970's.

Counties With a Black Population of 50 Percent or More—In 1980, there were 90 counties in which Blacks constituted 50 percent or more of the total population (table 13). The most notable feature of their geographic distribution was that they were all located in the South. The Black populations of these counties ranged from 1,180 for Webster County, Ga., to 308,149 for Orleans Parish, La.

Five counties in 1980 had Black populations of 75 percent or more; these counties were found in the deep Southern States of Alabama, Mississippi, and Georgia. No counties were over 90 percent Black, however, in contrast to the proportions for places, as discussed below. The five counties with the largest proportions of Blacks in 1980 are as follows:

Macon County, Ala 84 percent Jefferson County, Miss . . . 82 percent Hancock County, Ga 78 percent Greene County, Ala 78 percent Lowndes County, Ala 75 percent

During the 1970-80 decade, contrasting patterns of change were discerni-

ble between the counties with sizable Black populations (50,000 cr more) and those with significant proportions Black (50 percent or more). That is, although the number of counties with a Black population of 50,000 or more increased. the number of counties that were at least 50 percent Black decreased. Eight of the 10 Southern States containing counties that were at least 50 percent Black in 1980 had fewer of these counties than in 1970. Altogether, there was a net loss of 12 counties having a majority Black population between 1970 and 1986, with 19 counties dropping below 50 percent Black and 7 counties newly

reaching this level.⁶ The new counties or equivalents in this group, with their proportions Black in 1980, are the following:

Orleans Parish, La.......55 percent Baltimore city, Md55 percent Hampton County, S. C....53 percent Fulton County, Ga51 percent Richmond city, Va51 percent Edgecombe County, N. C. .51 percent Clay County, Miss50 percent

Table 8. Places of 2,500 or More Total Population With a Black Population of 90 Percent or More by Rank: 1980 and 1970

Places	Total population	Black population	Black popula- tion as a per- cent of total population
Mound Bayou city, Miss. Kinloch city, Mo. Brookdale (CDP), S.C. Roosevelt City city, Ala. Lincoln Heights city, Ohio. Clenarden town, Md. East Chicago Heights village, III. Greenview (CDP), S.C. Crambling town, La. Barrett (CDP), Tex. Robbins village, III. Prairie View city, Tex. Browardale (CDP), Fla. Lawnside borough, N.J. East Boundary (CDP), Ca. Washington Park (CDP), Fla. Scotlandville (CDP), La.	2 917 4 455 6 123 3 352 5 259 4 993 5 347 5 515 4 226 3 183 8 853 3 993 7 571 3 042 4 699 7 240 15 113	2 909 4 429 6 082 3 320 5 199 4 929 5 252 5 412 4 147 3 123 8 681 3 909 7 397 2 967 4 570 7 021 14 614	99.7 99.4 99.3 99.0 98.9 98.7 98.1 98.1 98.1 97.9 97.7 97.5 97.3 97.0
North Gulfport (CDP), Miss, Dodge Park (CDP), Md. Carmody Hills-Pepper Mill Village (CDP), Md. Paimer Park (CDP), Md. Richmond Heights (CDP), Fla. East St. Locas city, Hl. Wilberforce (CDP), Ohio. Collier city (CDP), Fla. Brownsville (CDP), Fla. Tuskegee city, Ala. Phoenix village, Hl. Wilkinson Heights (CDP), S.C. South Sumter (CPP), S.C. Seat Pleasant city, Pd.	6 660 5 275 5 571 7 986 8 577 55 200 2 512 7 135 18 058 13 327 2 850 3 652 7 096 5 217	6 415 5 077 5 361 7 665 8 211 52 751 2 399 6 743 17 033 12 548 2 655 3 358 6 495 4 755	96.3 96.2 96.0 95.7 95.6 95.5 94.5 94.2 93.2 91.9 91.5
Richmond Heights (CDP), Fla Browardale (CPP), Fla Kinloch city, Mo. Lincoln Heights city, Ohio. Crardding town, La. Mound Bayon city, Miss. Prairie View city, Tex. Roosevelt City city, Ala. Sobbins villave, Ill. Fast Chicage Heights village, Ill. Memphis (CPP), Fla Sorth Culfport (CPP), Miss. Scotlandville (CPP), La. Brownsville (CPP), F.a. South Apopka (CPP), Fla. South Apopka (CPP), Fla.	6 663 17 444 5 629 6 099 4 407 2 134 3 589 3 663 9 641 5 000 3 207 6 996 22 557 23 442 2 293	6 649 15 751 5 569 6 028 4 353 2 106 3 533 3 594 9 436 4 855 3 066 6 421 20 677 21 471 2 078	99.8 90.3 98.9 98.8 98.7 98.4 98.1 97.9 97.1 95.6 91.8 91.7

⁶¹⁹⁷⁰ Census of Population, PC(S1)-2, "Negro Population in Selected Places and Selected Counties," table 6.

From 1970 to 1980, nearly as many of the 90 counties that were at least 50 percent Black in 1980 lost Black population (42 counties) as gained Black population (48 counties). For example, of Mississippi's 22 such counties, 13 lost Black population. Georgia had Black population declines in 9 of its 19 counties in this group; 4 of Louisiana's 6 corresponding parishes sustained Black population losses in the same period. The highest decade gain was 28 percent for Fulton County, Ga., and the most precipitous loss was 22 percent for Quitman County, Miss.

Places of 2,500 or More Total Population With a Black Population of 50 Percent or More - Of the 7,749 places with 2,500 or more total population in 1980,7 224 places had a Black representation of 50 percent or more (table 17). Over three-fourths (172) of these places were located in the South, 27 were in the Midwest, and 16 were in the Northeast; the 9 places in this group that were in the West were all in California. There were 22 States with at least one place of 2,500 or more that was at least 50 percent Black. Five of these States, all in the South, had 20 or more such places. They were Georgia (28 places), Mississippi (25 places), and Florida, Louisiana, and South Carolina (20 places each).

Seventy-one of the 224 places in 1980 did not have a Black population representing at least 50 percent of their total population in 1970. An additional 12 places of the 1980 group had majority Black populations in 1970 but did not have at least 2,500 total population, and 28 places—the census designated places (CDP's)—were not separately identified in 1970. Thirty-four of the 224 places registered losses in their Black populations over the 1970-80 decade.

Between 1970 and 1980, the number of places with a total population of 2,500 or more that were at least 90 percent Black nearly doubled, jumping from

'1980 Census of Population, PC80 1 A1. Number of Inhabitants. United States Summary, table 5.

Table C. Places of 1,000 to 2,500 With a Black Population of 90 Percent or More by Rank:

Places	Total population	Black Population	Black popula- tion as a per- cent of total population
Phillipsburg (CDP), Ca. Blacksville (CDP), Ca. Brooklen village, ill. Hobson City town, Ala. Pairmount Peights town, Md. Eatonville town, Fla. Hayti Heights city, Mo. South Hartsville (CDP), S.C. Belle Glade Camp (CDP), Fla. Garysburg town, N.C.	2 450 1 521 1 233 1 268 1 616 2 185 1 023 2 385 1 645 1 434	2 444 1 513 1 222 1 255 1 591 2 149 1 006 2 331 1 611 1 389	99.8 99.5 99.1 99.0 98.5 98.4 98.3 97.7 97.9
Brownville city, Ala Silver City ("DP), N.C. Richwood town, La. Ames city, Tex Princeville town, N.C. Fayette town, Miss. North Tunica (CDP), Miss. Alorten village, Ill. Unionville (CDP), Ga Tafton-Wrightsville (CDP), Ark. Jonestown town, Miss.	2 386 1 620 1 223 1 155 1 508 2 033 1 026 2 237 1 942 1 434 1 231	2 309 1 564 1 154 1 089 1 422 1 880 947 2 062 1 782 1 311 1 113	96.8 96.5 94.4 94.3 94.3 92.5 92.3 92.2 91.8 91.4

16 places in 1970 to 31 places in 1980 (tables B and 17). Mound Bayou city, Miss. (99.7 percent Black), had the highest Black representation among places 2,500 or more in 1980; Richmond Heights (CDP), Fla. (99.8 percent Black), was highest in 1970. Six of the 10 leading places with the highest proportions Black in 1980 were also among the first 10 in 1970.

The geographic concentration of the places in this group that were 90 percent Black became somewhat greater over the 1970-80 decade. In 1970, nearly one-third of these places were outside the South; by 1980, only one-fourth were. There were no places in this group in the West at either year.

Places of 1,000 to 2,500 Total Population With a Black Population of 50 Percent or More—In 1980, there were 151 places of 1,000 to 2,500 total population in which Blacks held a majority (table 21). These places represented only 3 percent of all 5,065 places in the United States with 1,000 to 2,500 persons⁸ and were even more highly concentrated in the South than the corresponding places of 2,500 or more. About 92 percent of the selected places

*1980 Census of Population, PC80-1 A1, Number of Inhabitants, United States Summary, table 6.

of 1,000 to 2,500, in comparison with 77 percent of such places of 2,500 or more, were located in the South. Only 12 of the 151 selected places were not in the South, and in the South, only 3 of the region's 16 States and the District of Columbia did not have these places. Half the places were found in just three States—Mississippi (28 places), and Georgia and Louisiana (25 places each).

In 1980, Phillipsburg (CDP), Ga., had the highest proportion of Blacks (99.8 percent) of any place of any size in the United States (table C and 21). This place and an additional 20 places of 1,000 to 2,500 population—only 3 of which were not in the South—had Black representations of 90 percent of more.

Sex Composition

United States, Regions, and States—In 1980, females outnumbered males in the U.S. Black population by 1.5 million (table 2). Black females were also more numerous than Black males in each of the four regions, although the Black sex ratio (number of males per 100 females) in the West was 99—near equality.

The preponderance of females over males in the Black population is related to the differential rates of mortality favoring females. The excess of females over males also may be overstated,



however, because of the relatively greater undercoverage of males than females in the decennial census. The estimated 1980 sex ratio for the Black population is 95.2°, compared with B9.6 shown by the decennial census returns.

Black females outnumbered Black males in 31 States in 1980. Hawaii led the States with the highest Black sex ratio (212.3), reflecting the masculine predominance at the military bases located there; in comparison, New York recorded the lowest Black sex ratio of any State with 83.7.

Selected Counties and Places - Sex favoring Black females predominated in the overwhelming majority of the 446 selected counties and places discussed in this report, as evidenced by the fact that Black males outnumbered Black females in only 14 of these areas in 19B0 (tables 6, 10, 14, and 18). An important factor influencing the Black sex composition of these substate areas is the economic or labor force base of the area. The selected counties and places with an excess of males in their Black populations were, in general, areas that were devoted to military bases, contained colleges with predominantly Black male enrollment and faculty, were dominated by various types of institutions with a predominantly Black male population and staff, or were sites of Job Corps centers.

Age Distribution

United States, Regions, and States—The median age of the Black population of the United States rose from 22.4 years

"Revised Demographic Estimates of the Coverage of the Population by Age, Sex, and Race in the 1980 Census, April 8, 1985," memorandum to Roger A. Herriot (Chief, Population Division) from Jeffrey S. Passel and J. Gregory Robinson (Population Analysis Staff), rev. December 1985; and Jeffrey S. Passel and J. Gregory Robinson, "Revised Estimates of the Coverage of the Population in the 1980 Census Based on Demographic Analysis: A Report on Work in Progress," paper presented at the annual meeting of the American Statistical Association, August 1984

in 1970 to 24.9 years in 1980.10 Declining fertility and the aging of the baby boom generation over the period were the major factors responsible for this marked 2½-year increase.

Interregional variations in the median age of Blacks were small in 1980, as indicated by the fact that the difference between the lowest and highest median ages among the regions was only 1.9 years (table 2). Much more pronounced State-by-State variations, however, with an 7.5-year difference between the median age of Blacks in Wisconsin (21.7 years), with the youngest Black population, and that of the District of Columbia (29.2 years), with the oldest Black population. Differences in median age among the States reflect not only differential fertility rates but also migration, which often tends to be more characteristic of young adults. Age-selective migration thus affects the age distribution of both the sending and receiving areas. The States with the youngest Black populations in 19B0 were the following:

Median age (years)

Wisconsin							. 21.7
North Dakota.							. 21.B
Vermont							. 21.B
South Dakota							. 21.9
Utah							22 1

The following States had the oldest Black populations in 1980:

Median age (years)

District of Columbia	29.2
West Virginia	27.4
Pennsylvania	27.1
New York	27.0
Virginia	25.9

Although the South is the region that has been settled longest by Blacks and, further, has been the source of prolonged and intense Black outmigration in the historical past, the deep

Southern States did not have the oldest Black populations. Their higher fertility rates have maintained larger proportions under 18 years old and thus have kept their median ages from rising as much as they would have otherwise.

Table 2 divides the age distribution of Blacks into three broad groups, roughly corresponding to three major phases of the life cycle: children and youth (under 1B years), the population of "working" age (1B to 64 years), and the elderly (65 years and over). In 1980, there was considerable variation from State to State in the proportions of Blacks in each of the three age categories. Wisconsin and Mississippi had the largest proportions of their Black populations under 1B years of age. In both these States, about twofifths of the Black population were in this age group. In contrast, children and youth constituted only 26 percent of Hawaii's Black population and 2B percent of the Black population of the District of Columbia.

Nationally, 57 percent of Blacks were between 18 and 64 years old in 1980. States in the West showed the largest proportions of Blacks in this age group: 9 of the 16 States with 60 percent or more of their Black populations 1B to 64 years old were in the West: 3 were New England States. Hawaii led the States with 73 percent of its Black population 1B to 64 years old. In comparison, proportions of the Black population below 50 percent in these ages were reported for only two States: Arkansas (4B percent) and Mississippi (49 percent). The range of variation among the States in the proportions of their Black populations found in these central ages was large: 25 percentage points separated the levels for Hawaii and Arkansas.

Differences in the age structure are also revealed by the dependency ratio, which shows the number of persons under 1B years old plus those 65 years and over per 100 people of working age (18 to 64 years). In 19B0, the Black dependency ratio for the Nation was 76. When this figure is broken into the younger and older "dependent" groups, there were about 63 Blacks under 1B years but only 14 Blacks 65 years and



¹⁹¹⁹⁸⁰ Census of Population, PC80-1 B1, General Population Characteristics, United States Summary, table 45.

over for every 100 Blacks of working age. For the States, Arkansas and Mississippi had Black dependency ratios over 100 (107 and 104, respectively). The ratio for Arkansas was nearly three times greater than that for Hawaii (36). Only one other State, North Dakota, had a dependency ratio below 50.

In 1980, there were 2.1 million Blacks 65 years and over, representing 8 percent of the total Black population of the United States. The South was the residence of nearly three-fourths of the elderly; States having the highest proportions of their Black residents 65 years and over were West Virginia, 15 percent; Arkansas, 12 percent; and Alabama and Mississippi, 11 percent each. The lowest proportions were found in Hawaii and North Dakota, 0.9 percent; Alaska, 1.6 percent; and South Dakota, 2.6 percent. One of every 7 Black residents in West Virginia was eiderly in 1980, compared with 1 in every 117 Blacks in North Dakota and 1 in 13 for the Black population nationally.

The Black population of voting age (18 years and over) totaled 17.1 million in 1980. Four States had a Black electorate of 1 million or more; in order, they were New York, California, Texas, and Illinois. The majority (53 percent) of the Black voting age populace resided in the South, and 12 percent were elderly.

Selected Counties and Places — The age distributions were quite different in 1980 for Blacks among the 446 selected counties and places discussed in this report. Their form exhibits distinctive features as a result of past trends in fertility, mortality, and migration. For counties with 50,000 or more Black population, New York County, N. Y., had the oldest Black age distribution in 1980 (table 6). Its high median age of 34.1 years for Black residents reflects its rank as the lowest among the selected counties in its proportion of children and youth (24 percent) and the highest in its proportion of elderly (13 percent). Milwaukee County, Wis., registered the lowest Black median age for these counties 21,5 years.

Milwaukee city, Wis., not surprising-

ly, led the places of 50,000 or more Blacks with the lowest Black median age (21.4 years) and the largest share of Blacks under 18 years old (43 percent)(table 10). Similarly, but at the other end of the spectrum, San Francisco city, Calif., recorded the highest Black median age (29.4 years) and the smallest share under 18 years old (28 percent) among these places.

Taliaferro County, Ga., and Sharkey County, Miss., posted the highest (27.4) years) and lowest (19.8 years) Black median ages, respectively, among the counties at least 50 percent Black (table 14). Variations in Black age structure were even more accentuated for the places of 2,500 or more total population that were at least 50 percent Black. View Park-Windsor Hills (CDP), Calif., had the oldest Black population, with a median age (35.6 years) nearly double that for Rosedale city, Miss., with the youngest Black population (18.5 years)(table 18). This disparity in Black median age was the largest noted for any of the geographic areas discussed.

For the smaller areas, proportions in the three age classes were strongly affected by the economic base of the area. For example, most of the places with at least 80 percent of their Black populations in the central ages of 18 to 64 years were college towns. Elderly Blacks comprised less than 1 percent of the Black nopulation of several of these places. These places and the others exhibiting extremely low proportions of elderly Blacks in 1980 contained, among other things, colleges, institutions, Job Corps Centers, etc., or, as in the instances of Glassmanor (CDP), Md. (0.6 percont Black 65 years and over); Landover (CDP), Md. (0.7 percent); and Dodge Park (CDP), Md. (0.9 percent); were small suburban communities with substantial inmigration of young Black families during the 1970-80 decade.

Household and Family Status

United States, Regions, and States—In 1980, there were 8.4 million Black households in the United States, containing an average of 3.1 persons (table 3). Average household and family size among Blacks was consistently smallest in the Western States and largest in the Southern States. The average number of persons per household ranged from 2.66 in Idaho to 3.52 in Mississippi, and average family size, which was 3.72 for Blacks nationally, varied from 3.34 persons per family in Montana to 4.20 persons in Mississippi.

In 1980, the majority-56 percentof the 6.0 million Black families were maintained by married couples. This family type prevailed despite the dramatic increase between 1970 and 1980 in the proportion of Black families with a female householder, no husband present, which rose from 28 to 38 percent of total Black families over the 10-year period.11 Major factors associated with the increase since 1970 in the proportion of Black women maintaining families have been the rapid gain in the incidence of divorce and separation, as well as the rise in the number of never-married Black mothers who maintain their own families. On a regional basis, the Northeast had the highest proportion of its Black families maintained by a woman, with no husband present-43 percent-in comparison with the West and South, both recording 35 percent.

Particularly sharp contrasts were noted among the States in their proportions of Black families with a female householder, no husband present. Wisconsin had the highest proportion of its Black families maintained by a woman—48 percent—a figure eight times higher than the corresponding level for North Dakota, reporting the lowest proportion (6 percent). Nine other States and the District of Columbia had over 40 percent of their Black families maintained by a woman; of these, only the District of Columbia was in the South.

States having more than 40 percent of their Black families maintained by a woman, no husband present, were as follows:



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¹¹¹⁹⁷⁰ Census of Population, PC(1) B1, General Population Characteristics, United States Summary, table 54.

Percent female family householder

Wisconsin
Rhode Island
New York
Massachusetts
Pennsylvania
District of Columbia
Nebraska
Connecticut
Illinois
Michigan
New Jersey

States having less than 15 percent of their Black families maintained by a woman, no husband present, were as follows:

Percent female family householder

North Dakota									. 6
Hawaii									. 8
South Dakota									. 8
Montana									10
Vermont									11
Idaho									13

Selected Counties and Places -Considering the 446 substate areas discussed in the report, the largest average size of Black households and families in 1980 was found among the counties and places that were at least 50 percent Black (tables 15 and 19). Waggaman (CDP), La., recorded the largest average number of Black persons per household (4.60) and Sharkey County, Miss., the largest average number of Black persons per family (4.91). An additional 16 counties and places had an average Black household size of at least 4.00 persons, and 25 areas had an average Black family size of at least 4.50 persons (tables 7, 11, 15, and 19). At the other extreme, average household and family size was lowest among Blacks in New York County, N.Y. (2.21 persons), and Wilberforce (CDP), Ohio (3.06 persons), respectively.

In a dozen of the 446 substate areas, at least half of the Black families were maintained by a female householder, no

husband present. No counties were included on this list; the places were as follows:

Female family

	householders						
	Per-	Num-					
	cent	ber					
South Goldsboro							
(CDP), N.C	57	277					
Benton Harbor city,							
Mich	55	1,529					
Asbury Park city, N.J.	54	1,072					
Camden city, N.J	54	5,562					
Newark city, N.J	52	22,531					
Rosedale city, Miss	51	195					
Cordele city, Ga	51	637					
Montezuma city, Ga .	51	317					
Rochester city, N.Y	51	7,055					
Milwaukee city, Wis .	50	16,976					
Highland Park city,							
Mich	50	2,629					
East St. Louis city, III.	50	5,854					

These places were quite diverse; rexample, they were found in all regions but the West. In addition, they ranged in Black population from 1,889 in South Goldsboro (CDP). N. C., to 191,745 in Newark city, N. J., and in percent Black from 23 percent for Milwaukee city, Wis., to 96 percent for East St. Louis city. III. The number of Black families with a female householder, no husband present, varied among these 12 places from 195 for Rosedale city, Miss., to 22,531 for Newark city, N.J.

South Goldsboro (CDP), N. C., with 57 percent of its Black families maintained by a woman, had the highest proportion of Black female family householders among the 446 areas in 1980; this proportion was smallest for Prairie View city, Tex. 14 percent. The proportion of Black families maintained by a woman was one-fifth or less in only four other counties and places: Breckenridge Center (CDP), Ky. (16 percent); and Wilberforce (CDP), Ohio; Capitol Heights town. Md.; and Northwoods city, Mo. (20 percent each).

NOTE: Large standard errors for some areas and/or some characteristics have

placed restrictions on the extent of analysis for the sample data in the following sections. In addition, areas with a group quarters population of 10 percent or more are excluded from this analysis.

Educational Attainment

United States, Regions, and States-Significant gains occurred in the educational attainment of the adult Black population during the 1970-80 decade. The educational level changed from one where a majority of Black adults had not completed high school to one where a majority had completed high school and where an increasing proportion had completed a college education. The proportion of Blacks 25 years old and over who were at least high school graduates was only 31 percent in 1970 12; by 1980, slightly over half (51 percent) of Black adults had a high school diploma (table 4). This increase resulted both from the continued replacement of older, smaller, less educated cohorts by younger. larger, more educated cohorts and from the continued improvement in high school graduation rates. In addition, the proportion of Black adults who had completed 4 or more years of college rose from 4 to 8 percent over the same period. 13

A high school diploma was the typical level of education in 1980 for Blacks 25 years and over in all regions except the South. The percent high school graduates among Blacks in the West (69 percent) was about 53 percent greater than the corresponding level in the South

121980 Census of Population, PC80-1-C1, General Social and Economic Characteristics, United States Summary, table 83.

Progress in educational attainment was especially impressive for Black young adults. Only about half of Blacks 25 to 34 years old were high school graduates in 1970; a decade later this proportion had risen to three-fourths. The 1970 80 period also witnessed important adv. nces in college completion rates for Black young adults as revealed by a doubling in the proportion of Blacks 25 to 34 years who had completed 4 or more years of college (from 6 to 12 percent). 1970 Census of Population, PC(2)-5B, Educational Attainment, table 2; 1980 Census of Population, PC80 1 D1 A. Detailed Population Characteristics, United States Summary, table 262



(45 percent). The West was also the region with the highest proportion of Blacks with a college education—11 percent—compared to the Midwest* with 7.9 percent.

Among the States, North Dakota and Hawaii* were the highest in their proportions of Black high school graduates (93 and 92 percent), whereas Mississippi was the lowest (33 percent). Arkansas had the lowest proportion of Black adults with 4 or more years of college (6 percent).

Selected Counties and Places -Summary regional and State figures obscure variations in educational attainment levels in 1980 among Black adults in the 446 substate areas. Two suburban counties of the Washington, D.C. metropolitan area, Montgomery County and Prince Georges County, Md., ranked highest among the counties of 50,000 or more Blacks in percent high school graduates 25 years and over (77 percent) (table 8). Montgomery County, Md., also ranked first in this group in percent of Blacks with 4 or more years of college (32 percent). In Bibb County, Ga., * by comparison, only 38 percent of its Black residents 25 years and over were high school graduates - the lowest level among the counties in this group.

Dramatic differences in educational attainment were observed among Black adults in places of at least 50,000 Black population. Black adults in Inglewood, Calif., recorded the highest level of completing high school for this group—84 percent (table 12). In contrast, Macon, Ga., and Miami, Fla., were lowest among these places in their proportions of Black high school graduates (37 and 38 percent).

For counties with 50 perce:it or more Black population, Fulton County, Ga., had the highest proportion of Blacks 25 years and over with at least a high school diploma (56 percent) (table 16).

For places of 2,500 total population that were at least 50 percent Black, View Park-Windsor Hills (CDP), Calif., had the highest proportion of Blacks completing 4 or more years of college—34 percent (table 20).

Labor Force

United States, Regions, and States—The 1970-80 decade witnessed opposing patterns of change for Black men and women in their labor force participation rates (i.e., the proportion of the population 16 years old and over in the labor force). The labor force participation rate for Black women rose from 47 percent in 1970 to 53 percent in 1980, an increase that occurred alongside a downturn from 70 to 67 percent in the participation rate for Black men (table 4).14

Among the regions, labor force participation rates for both Black men and women showed marked uniformity in 1980, with regional rates varying from only 66 to 70 percent for Black men and 53 to 56 percent for Black women (table 4). The West led the Nation in highest participation rates for both sexes. The lowest rates for Black men were exhibited in the Northeast and for Black women in the Northeast and Midwest.*

Contrasting the States in terms of the labor force participation rates of their Black men and women yields a picture of much more variation. The variations are related to many factors; for example, the Black age-sex composition of an area is important because the sexes tend to have different patterns of labor force behavior, by age, and age groups tend to have different patterns within the same sex. In addition, life-cycle events such as marriage, childbearing, and childrearing play a role in determining labor force participation rates, especially among women. Educational attainment also influences positively the decision to seek work in the marketplace. Further, the overall economic climate prevailing in the area at the time of enumeration as well as the status of various sectors of its economy exert an effect on labor force activity.

For Black men, the States with the highest labor force participation rates were Hawaii (95 percent) and North Dakota (93 percent), and the State with

the lowest rate was West Virginia (53 percent). West Virginia also recorded the lowest rate for Black women (39 percent). The presence of large military bases in Hawaii and North Dakota was a factor in boosting the labor force participation of Black men. West Virginia's low labor force activity for both Black men and women, aggravated by the sluggish economy in the State. can also be partially explained by its large proportion of Blacks 65 years and over - 15 percent - the largest proportion for any State and, accordingly, by the fact that persons of this age tend to have low participation rates.

About one-fourth of the Black families in West Virginia had no persons in the labor force in 1980, the highest proportion of any State*, reflecting, at least in part, the relatively low labor force participation rates among both Black men and women in that State. Families with no workers include newly married as well as elderly couples and families with income from transfer payments or investments only.

At the State level, labor force participation rates for Black men generally exceeded those for Black women in 1980.

Selected Counties and Places - Striking variations were observed in the labor force characteristics of Blacks for the 446 substate areas discussed in this report. For the counties with 50,000 or more Blacks in 1980, labor force participation rates for Black men were highest in Prince Georges County and Montgomery County, Md. (about 82 percent), and lowest in St. Clair County, III., and New York County, N.Y. (both 58) percent) (table 8). Black women had the highest participation rate in Prince Georges County, Md. (76 percent), and lowest rate in St. Clair County, III. (43 percent). St. Clair County also had the highest proportion of Black families with no workers, while Montgomery County, Md., recorded the lowest jobless rate (4.9 percent) for these counties.

In places with at least 50,000 Black population, Black men* and women experienced the highest participation rates



¹⁴¹⁹⁸⁰ Census of Population, PC80-1-C1, General Social and Economic Characteristics, United States Summary, table 87.

in 1980 in Inglewood, Calif. (79 and 70 percent) (table 12). For Black men, East St. Louis, III., and Pittsburgh, Pa., had the lowest participation rates (about 58 percent) and for Black women, East St. Louis, III., had the lowest rate (42 percent). Again, the labor force activity of these places is related to the fact that the highest proportion of Black families with no members working was found in East St. Louis, III. About one-third of the Black families in East St. Louis had no workers in 1980. The unemployment rate ranged from about 6 percent in Dallas and Houston, Tex., * to 24 percent in Flint, Mich.

Income and Poverty Status

United States, Regions, and States-Black family median income in 1979 (\$12,600) was about double the 1969 median (\$6,070). However, after adjusting for the 98-percent increase in consumer prices between 1969 and 1979, there was an increase in real median income of only \$590 or 5 percent for that period (table 4).15 The slow rate of growth of real Black family income during the 1970's was due, in part, to several factors -- severe inflationary pressures during the early 1970's, economic recession, and the unprecedented increase in the proportion of Black families maintained by a woman with no husband present, since these families have much lower incomes on the average. Families with a female householder are more likely to have lower incomes than other family types because they have fewer earners in the family as well as having more nonworking householders or householders who are working part time.

Black per capita income increased over the 1969-79 period by about 26 percent after adjusting for inflation, bringing the 1979 level to \$4,550.16 Per capita income-which measures the average amount of income for every man, woman, and child-helps standardize the measure of income to account for the declines in Black family size that have occurred and reduces the effect of variation in family size between areas.

About 30 percent of Black persons and 26 percent of Black families in the United States were below the poverty level in 1979 (table 4). Although Blacks accounted for only 12 percent of the total population, they represented 28 percent of the poverty population.17

On a regional basis in 1979, median family income levels were lowest and poverty rates for Black persons and families were highest in the South. Blacks in the West fared the best with the highest median family incomes and lowest poverty rates for Black persons and families.

Sizable discrepancies in the median income levels of Black families existed among the States in 1979. The States with the highest Black family median incomes were Vermont (\$20,750), Alaska (\$19,280), and New Hampshire* (\$18,870). In contrast, the lower. values were found in Mississippi (\$9,010) and Arkansas (\$9,050); these States recorded the lowest median family incomes in the total population as well. Mississippi had the highest poverty rates for both Black persons and families (44 and 39 percent).

Selected Counties and Places-Variations in Black family median income levels and poverty rates among the 446 substate areas were immense in 1979. Factors accounting for these differences

dividuals; for example, the distributions by age, sex, education, occupation, and family type. Differences in the cost of living may reduce the effect of these differentials on the standard of living, but powerful discrepancies still remain. Montgomery County and Prince

by area include the major correlates of

income levels well-established for in-

Georges County, Md., led the counties of 50,000 or more Black population with the highest Black family median incomes in 1979 (about \$23,000) (table 8). Prince Georges County, Md., also had the lowest poverty rates for both Black families (7 percent) and persons (9 percent), compared to St. Clair County, III., with the highest rates - 38 percent for Black families and 42 percent for Black persons.

There were vast differences in 1979 poverty rates among Black persons and families in places of 50,000 or more Black population (table 12), For Black persons, the poverty rate varied from 16 percent in Inglewood, Calif., to 44 percent in East St. Louis, III. A similar pattern was observed for Black families in these places; Inglewood, Calif., recorded the lowest rate (14 percent) compared to East St. Louis, III., with 40 percent. Gary, Ind., and Flint, Mich., * had the highest Black family median incomes for these places (about \$19,000).

For the counties that were at least 50 percent Black, Charles City County, Va., had the lowest poverty rate for Black persons and families in 1979 (14 percent each) (table 16). Charles City County also led these areas with the highest Black family median income (\$17,430).

Among the 446 substate areas discussed in this report, only 32 had Black family median incomes exceeding \$20,000 in 1979. Seven places, all small suburban communities¹⁸ with majority Black populations, surpassed \$25,000. In comparison, 31 areas had Black family incomes averaging below \$7,000.

The poverty rates for some of the substate areas were extremely high. In 42 areas (all with Black majorities), over



¹⁶The 1969 median income is from the 1970 Census of Population, PC'1)-C1, General Social and Economic Characteristics. United States Summary, table 94; and the 1979 median income is from the 1980 Census of Population, PC80-1-C1, General Social and Economic Characteristics, United States Summary, table 93.

As a note of comparison, the income data for 1969 and 1979 from the Current Population Surveys (CPSs) yielded different results. After adjusting for inflation, the CPS showed a 2-percent decrease in Black family median income between 1969 and 1979. Current Population Reports, Series P-60, No. 129, "Money Income of Families and Persons in the United States: 1979," tables 11 and

¹⁶¹⁹⁸⁰ Census of Population, PC80-1-C1, General Social and Economic Characteristics. United States Summary, table 148.

¹⁷¹⁹⁸⁰ Census of Population, PC80-1-C1, General Social and Economic Characteristics, United States Summary, tables 108 and 149.

¹⁶These places are outside the central cities in metropolitan areas.

one-half of the Black families were below the poverty level. This stands in sharp contrast to the 23 areas that had poverty rates for Black families of less than 10 percent. One-third or more of the Black families were maintained by a woman, no husband present, in 81 percent of the areas with the highest poverty rates but only in 17 percent of the areas with the lowest poverty rates.



^{*}Comparison significant at the 90-percent confidence level.

Table 1. Black Population by Sex for Regions, Divisions, and States: 1980 and 1970

(For meaning of symbols, see Introduction. For definitions of terms, see Definitions and Explanations)

		1980			1970		Change, 1970	to 1980
United States Regions and Divisions States	Total	Black	Black population as a percent of total population	Total	Black	Black population as a percent of total population	Number	Percent
BOTH SEXES		- "			-			
United States Regions and Divisions	226 545 805	26 495 025	11.7	203 211 926	22 580 289	11.1	3 914 /36	17.3
Northeast Midwest South	49 135 283	4 848 431	9.9	49 040 703	4 344 153	8.9	504 278	11.6
	58 865 670	5 337 095	9.1	56 571 663	4 571 550	8.1	765 545	16.7
	75 372 362	14 047 787	18.6	62 795 367	11 959 961	19.1	2 077 826	17.4
	43 172 490	2 261 712	5.2	34 804 193	1 694 625	4.9	567 087	33.5
Northeust: New England Middle Atlantic	12 348 493 36 786 790	474 549 4 373 882	3.8 11.9	11 841 663 37 199 040	388 398 3 955 755	3.3 10.6	86 151 418 127	22.2
Midwest: East North Central West North Central	41 682 217	4 548 546	10.9	40 252 476	3 872 905	9.6	675 641	17.4
	17 183 453	788 549	4.6	16 319 187	696 645	4.3	69 904	12.9
South: South Atlantic East South Central West South Central	36 959 123	7 651 969	20.7	30 671 337	6 388 496	20.8	1 263 473	19.8
	14 666 423	2 868 960	19.6	12 803 470	2 571 291	20.1	297 669	11.6
	23 746 816	3 526 858	14.9	19 320 560	3 010 174	15.6	516 684	17.2
West: Mountain Pacific	11 372 785	268 790	2.4	8 281 562	180 382	2,2	88 408	49.0
	31 799 705	1 992 922	6.3	26 522 631	1 514 243	5.7	478 679	31.6
States New England:								
Maine New Hampshire Vermont Massachusetts Rhode Island Connecticut	1 124 660 920 610 511 456 5 737 037 947 154 3 107 576	3 128 3 990 1 135 221 279 27 584 217 433	0.3 0.4 0.2 3.9 2.9	992 048 737 681 444 330 5 689 170 946 725 3 031 709	2 800 2 505 761 175 817 25 338 181 177	0.3 0.3 0.2 3.1 2.7 6.0	328 1 485 374 45 462 2 246 36 256	11.7 59.3 49.1 25.9 8.9 20.0
Middle Atlantic; New York New Jersey Pennsylvania	17 558 072	2 402 006	13.7	18 236 967	2 168 949	11.9	233 057	10.7
	7 364 823	925 066	12.6	7 168 164	770 292	10.7	154 774	20.1
	11 863 895	1 046 810	8.8	11 793 909	1 016 514	8.6	30 296	3.0
East North Central: Ohio Indiana Illinois Michigan Wisconsin	10 797 630	1 076 748	10.0	10 652 017	970 477	9.1	106 271	11.0
	5 490 224	414 785	7.6	5 193 669	357 464	6.9	57 321	16.0
	11 426 518	1 675 398	14.7	11 113 976	1 425 674	12.8	249 724	17.5
	9 262 078	1 199 023	12.9	8 875 083	991 066	11.2	207 957	21.0
	4 705 767	182 592	3.9	4 417 731	128 224	2.9	54 368	42.4
West North Central; Minnesota	4 075 970 2 913 808 4 916 686 652 717 690 768 1 569 825 2 363 679	53 344 41 700 514 276 2 568 2 144 48 390 126 127	1.3 1.4 10.5 0.4 0.3 3.1 5.3	3 804 971 2 824 376 4 676 501 617 761 665 507 1 463 493 2 246 578	34 868 32 596 480 172 2 494 1 627 39 911 106 977	0.9 1.2 10.3 0.4 0.2 2.7 4.8	18 476 9 104 34 104 74 517 8 479 19 150	53.0 27.9 7.1 3.0 31.8 21.2
South Atlantic:	. n. 220	05.0.5		540.10.	024			
Delaware	594 338 4 216 975 638 333 5 346 818 1 949 644 5 881 766 3 121 820 5 463 105 9 746 324	95 845 958 150 448 906 1 008 668 65 051 1 318 857 948 623 1 465 181 1 342 688	16.1 22.7 70.3 18.9 3.3 22.4 30.4 26.8 13.8	548 104 3 922 399 756 510 4 648 494 1 744 237 5 082 059 2 590 516 4 589 575 6 789 443	78 276 699 479 537 712 861 368 67 342 1 126 478 789 041 1 187 149 1 041 651	14.3 17.8 71.1 18.5 3.9 22.2 30.5 25.9	17 569 258 671 -88 806 147 300 -2 291 192 379 159 582 278 032 301 037	22.4 37.0 -16.5 17.1 -3.4 17.1 20.2 23.4 28.9
East South Central: Kentucky Tennessee Alabama Mississippi	3 660 777	259 477	7.1	3 218 706	230 793	7.2	28 684	12.4
	4 591 120	725 942	15.8	3 923 687	621 261	15.8	104 681	16.8
	3 893 888	996 335	25.6	3 444 165	903 467	26.2	92 868	10.3
	2 520 638	887 206	35.2	2 216 912	815 770	36.8	71 436	8.8
West South Central: Arkansas Louisiana Oklahoma Texas	2 286 435	373 768	16.3	1 923 295	352 445	18.3	21 323	6.1
	4 205 900	1 238 241	29.4	3 641 306	1 086 832	29.8	151 409	13.9
	3 025 290	204 674	6.8	2 559 229	171 892	6.7	32 782	19.1
	14 229 191	1 710 175	12.0	11 196 730	1 399 005	12.5	311 170	22.2
Mountain: Montana Idaho Wyoming Colorado New Mexico Arizona Utah Nevada	786 690	1 786	0.2	694 409	1 995	0.3	- 209	-10.5
	943 935	2 716	0.3	712 567	2 130	0.3	586	27.5
	469 557	3 364	0.7	332 416	2 568	0.8	796	31.0
	2 889 964	101 703	3.5	2 207 259	66 411	3.0	35 292	53.1
	1 302 894	24 020	1.8	1 016 000	19 555	1.9	4 465	22.8
	2 718 215	74 977	2.8	1 770 900	53 344	3.0	21 633	40.6
	1 461 037	9 225	0.6	1 059 273	6 617	0.6	2 608	39.4
	800 493	50 999	6.4	488 738	27 762	5.7	23 237	83.7
Pacific: Washington Oregon California Alaska Hawaii	4 132 156	105 574	2.6	3 409 169	71 308	2.1	34 266	48.1
	2 633 105	37 060	1.4	2 091 385	26 308	1.3	10 752	40.9
	23 667 902	1 819 281	7.7	19 953 134	1 400 143	7.0	419 138	29.9
	401 851	13 643	3.4	300 382	8 911	3.0	4 732	53.1
	964 691	17 364	1.8	768 561	7 573	1.0	9 791	129.3



Table 1. Black Population by Sex for Regions, Divisions, and States: 1980 and 1970—Con.

(For meaning of symbols, see Introduction. For definitions of terms, see Definitions and Explanations)

!		1000		r				
United States		1980			1570		Change, 1970	to 1980
Regions and Divisions States	Total	Black	Black population as a percent of total population	Total	Black	Black population as a percent of total population	Number	Percent
MALE								
United States Regions and Divisions	110 053 161	12 519 189	11.4	98 912 192	10 748 316	10.9	1 770 873	16.5
NortheastMidwestSouth	23 478 950 28 613 762 36 589 074 21 371 375	2 234 331 2 519 750 6 639 980 1 125 128	9.5 8.8 18.1 5.3	23 563 005 27 562 699 30 587 841 17 198 647	2 026 944 2 182 221 5 702 102 837 049	8.6 7.9 18.6 4.9	207 387 337 529 937 878 288 079	10.2 15.5 16.4
Northeast: New England Middle Atlantic	5 923 926 17 555 024	225 355 2 008 976	3.8 11.4	5 714 879 17 848 126	184 526 1 842 418	3.2 10.3	40 829 166 558	22.1 9.0
Midwest: East North Central West North Central	20 242 115 8 371 647	2 141 197 378 553	10.6 4.5	19 602 400 7 960 299	1 847 573 334 648	9.4 4.2	293 624 43 905	15.9 13.1
South: South Atlantic East South Central	17 878 013 7 091 051	3 617 744 1 344 584	20.2 19.0	14 943 655 6 212 868	3 052 612 1 213 040	20.4 19.5	565 132 131 544	18.5 10.8
West South Central West: Mountain	11 620 010 5 648 293	1 677 652 139 197	2.5	9 431 318 4 101 800	1 436 450 92 705	2.3	241 202 46 492	16.8 50.2
Pacific States New England:	15 723 082	985 931	6.3	13 096 847	744 344	5.7	241 587	32.5
Maine New Hampshire Vermont Hassachusetts Rhode Island Connecticut	546 235 448 462 249 080 2 730 893 451 251 1 498 005	1 906 2 275 645 105 050 13 351 102 128	0.3 0.5 0.3 3.8 3.0 6.8	482 865 360 672 217 166 2 719 398 464 291 1 470 487	1 618 1 418 443 82 573 12 825 85 649	0.3 0.4 0.2 3.0 2.8 5.8	288 857 202 22 477 526 16 479	17.8 60.4 45.6 27.2 4.1 19.2
Middle Atlantic: New York New Jersey Pennsylvania	8 339 422 3 533 012 5 682 590	1 094 310 430 806 483 860	13.1 12.2 8.5	8 715 339 3 467 373 5 665 414	1 001 996 363 756 476 666	11.5 10.5 8.4	92 314 67 050 7 194	9.2 18.4 1.5
East North Central: Ohio	5 217 137 2 665 825 5 537 537 4 516 189 2 305 427	505 987 196 534 782 455 568 933 87 288	9.7 7.4 14.1 12.6 3.8	163 373 531 170 5 391 836 4 348 648 2 167 373	461 274 171 942 673 097 479 144 62 116	8.9 6.8 12.5 11.0 2.9	44 713 24 592 109 358 89 789 25 172	9.7 14.3 16.2 18.7 40.5
West North Central: Minnesota Iowa Missouri North Dakota South Dakota Nebraska	1 997 826 1 416 390 2 365 487 328 426 340 683 765 894 1 156 961	27 256 20 842 240 721 1 670 1 407 23 478 63 179	1.4 1.5 10.2 0.5 0.4 3.1 5.5	1 863 810 1 372 867 2 255 952 311 609 330 033 724 455 1 101 573	17 641 15 958 226 296 1 536 994 19 291 52 932	0.9 1.2 10.0 0.5 0.3 2.7 4.8	9 615 4 884 14 425 134 413 4 187 10 247	54.5 30.6 6.4 8.7 41.5 21.7 19.4
South Atlantic: Delaware	286 599 2 042 810 295 417 2 618 310 945 408 2 855 385	44 999 453 983 206 814 484 406 30 421	15.7 22.2 70.0 18.5 3.2	267 332 1 916 321 351 491 2 297 121 844 669	37 646 336 950 252 602 419 248 31 634	14.1 17.6 71.9 18.3 3.7	7 353 117 033 -45 788 65 158 -1 213	19.5 34.7 -18.1 15.5 -3.8
North Carolina South Carolina Georgia Florida	2 833 383 1 518 013 2 640 445 4 675 626	626 026 447 793 686 341 636 961	21.9 29.5 26.0 13.6	2 488 367 1 272 087 2 230 696 3 275 571	540 718 376 912 558 207 498 695	21.7 29.6 25.0 15.2	85 308 70 881 128 134 138 266	15.8 18.8 23.0 27.7
East South Central: Kentucky Tennessee Alabama Mississippi	1 789 039 2 216 600 1 871 534 1 213 878	126 159 339 168 462 865 416 392	7.1 15.3 24.7 34.3	1 579 036 1 897 674 1 661 941 1 074 217	111 642 291 735 423 083 386 580	7.1 15.4 25.5 36.0	14 517 47 433 39 782 29 812	13.0 16.3 9.4 7.7
West South Central: Arkansas	1 104 688 2 039 894 1 476 705 6 998 723	174 668 580 656 99 411 822 917	15.8 28.5 6.7 11.8	932 310 1 771 484 1 246 355 5 481 169	167 019 515 231 81 299 672 901	17.9 29.1 6.5 12.3	7 649 65 425 18 112 150 016	4.6 12.7 22.3 22.3
Mountain; Nontana Idaho Wyoming Colorado New Mexico Arizona Utah Nevada	392 625 471 155 240 5(7) 1 434 293 642 157 1 337 942 724 501 405 060	1 139 1 646 1 882 52 111 12 550 38 894 5 382 25 593	0.3 0.3 0.8 3.6 2.0 2.9 0.7 6.3	347 005 355 750 166 775 1 089 377 500 824 871 006 523 265 247 798	1 254 1 306 1 369 34 047 9 833 26 969 3 987 13 940	0.4 0.4 0.8 3.1 2.0 3.1 0.8 5.6	-115 340 513 18 064 2 717 11 925 1 395 11 653	-9.2 26.0 37.5 53.1 27.6 44.2 35.0 83.6
Pacific: Washington Oregon California Alaska Rawaii	2 052 307 1 296 566 11 666 485 213 041 494 683	57 135 19 136 890 178 7 678 11 804	2.8 1.5 7.6 3.6 2.4	1 693 747 1 023 952 9 816 685 163 258 399 205	37 837 13 188 683 026 5 308 4 985	2.2 1.3 7.0 3.3 1.2	19 :"8 5 948 207 152 2 370 6 819	51.0 45.1 30.3 44.6 136.8



Table 1. Black Population by Sex for Regions, Divisions, and States: 1980 and 1970-Con.

(For meaning of symbols, see Introduction. For definitions of terms, see Definitions and Explanations)

ſ	rot meaning of a	1980			1970		Change, 1970	to 1980
United States Regions and Divisions States	Total	Black	Black population as a percent of total population	Total	Black	Black population as a percent of total population	Number	Percent
FEMALE		12.07.024	12.0	10/ 200 73/	11 921 022	11 2	2 143 863	18.1
United States Regions and Divisions Northeast	116 492 644 25 656 333	13 9°5 836 2 614 100	12.0	104 299 734 25 477 698	11 831 973 2 317 209	9.1	296 891	12.8
Midwest South	30 251 908	2 817 345	9.3	29 008 964	2 389 329	8.2	428 016	17.9
	38 783 288	7 407 807	19.1	32 207 526	6 267 859	19.5	1 139 948	18.2
	21 801 115	1 136 584	5.2	17 605 546	857 576	4.9	279 008	32.5
Northeast: New England Middle Atlantic	6 424 567	249 194	3.9	6 126 784	203 872	3.3	45 322	22.2
	19 231 766	2 364 906	12.3	19 350 914	2 113 337	10.9	251 569	11.9
Midwest: East North Central West North Central	21 440 102	2 407 349	11.2	20 650 076	2 025 332	9.8	382 017	18.9
	8 811 806	409 996	4.7	8 358 888	363 997	4.4	45 999	12.6
South: South Atlantic East South Central West South Central	19 081 110	4 034 225	21.1	15 727 682	3 335 884	21.2	698 341	20.9
	7 575 374	1 524 376	20.1	6 590 602	1 358 251	20.6	166 125	12.2
	12 126 806	1 849 206	15.2	9 889 242	1 573 724	15.9	275 482	17.5
West: Nountain Pacific	5 724 492	129 593	2.3	4 179 762	87 677	2.1	41 916	47.8
	16 076 623	1 006 991	6.3	13 425 784	769 899	5.7	237 092	30.8
States New England:			,					
Maine New Hampshire Vermont Massachusetts Rhode Island Connecticut	578 425	1 222	0.2	509 183	1 182	0.2	40	3.4
	472 148	1 715	0.4	377 009	1 087	0.3	628	57.8
	262 376	490	0.2	227 164	318	0.1	172	54.1
	3 006 144	116 229	3.9	2 969 772	93 244	3.1	22 985	24.7
	495 903	14 233	2.9	482 434	12 513	2.6	1 720	13.7
	1 609 571	115 305	7.2	1 561 222	95 528	6.1	19 777	20.7
Middle Atlantic: New York New Jersey Pennsylvania	9 218 550	1 307 696	14.2	9 521 628	1 166 953	12.3	140 743	12.1
	3 831 811	494 260	12.9	3 700 791	406 536	11.0	87 724	21.6
	6 181 305	562 950	9.1	6 128 495	539 848	8.8	23 102	4.3
East North Central: Ohio Indiana Illinois Michigan Wisconsin	5 580 493	570 761	10.2	5 488 644	509 203	9.3	61 558	12.1
	2 824 399	218 251	7.7	2 662 499	185 522	7.0	32 729	17.6
	5 888 981	892 943	15.2	5 722 140	752 577	13.2	140 366	18.7
	4 745 889	630 090	13.3	4 526 435	511 922	11.3	118 168	23.1
	2 400 340	95 304	4.0	2 250 358	66 108	2.9	29 196	44.2
West North Central:	2 070 144	2/ 000	1.2	1 941 161	17 227	0.9	8 861	51.4
Minnesota	2 078 144 1 497 418 2 551 199 324 291 350 085 803 931 1 206 738	26 088 20 858 273 555 898 737 24 912 62 948	1.3 1.4 10.7 0.3 0.2 3.1 5.2	1 441 161 1 451 509 2 420 549 306 152 335 474 759 038 1 145 005	16 638 253 876 958 633 20 620 54 045	1.1 10.5 0.3 0.2 2.7	4 220 19 679 -60 104 4 292 8 903	25.4 7.8 -6.3 16.4 20.8
South Atlantic: Delaware	307 739 2 174 165 342 916 2 728 508 1 004 236 3 026 381 1 603 807 2 822 660 5 070 698	50 846 504 167 242 092 524 262 34 630 692 831 500 830 778 840 705 727	16.5 23.2 70.6 19.2 3.4 22.9 31.2 27.6	280 772 2 006 078 405 019 2 351 373 899 568 2 593 692 1 318 429 2 358 879 3 513 872	40 630 362 529 285 110 442 120 35 708 585 760 412 129 628 942 542 956	14.5 18.1 70.4 18.8 4.0 22.6 31.3 26.7 15.5	10 216 141 638 -43 018 82 142 -1 078 107 071 88 701 149 898 162 771	25.1 39.1 -15.1 18.6 -3.0 18.3 21.5 23.8 30.0
East South Central: Kentucky Tennessee Alabama Mississippi	1 871 738	133 318	7.1	1 639 670	119 151	7,3	14 167	11.9
	2 374 520	386 774	16.3	2 026 013	329 526	16.3	57 248	17.4
	2 022 354	533 470	26.4	1 782 224	480 384	27.0	53 086	11.1
	1 306 760	470 814	36.0	1 142 695	429 190	37.6	41 624	9.7
West South Central: Arkansas Louisiana Oklahoma Texas	1 181 747	199 100	16.8	990 985	185 426	18.7	13 674	7.4
	2 166 006	657 585	30.4	1 869 822	571 601	30.6	85 984	15.0
	1 548 585	105 263	6.8	1 312 874	90 593	6.9	14 670	16.2
	7 230 468	887 258	12.3	5 715 561	726 104	12.7	161 154	22.2
Mountain: Montana Idaho Wyoming. Colorado. New Mexico. Arizona. Utah. Nevada.	394 065 472 780 228 997 1 455 671 660 737 1 380 273 736 536 395 433	647 1 070 1 482 49 592 11 470 36 083 3 843 25 406	0.2 0.2 0.6 3.4 1.7 2.6 0.5	347 404 356 817 165 641 1 117 882 515 176 899 894 536 008 240 940	741 824 1 199 32 364 9 722 26 375 2 630 13 822	0.2 0.2 0.7 2.9 1.9 2.9 0.5	-94 246 283 17 228 1 748 9 708 1 213 11 584	-12.7 29.9 23.6 53.2 18.0 36.8 46.1 83.8
Pacific: Washington Oregon California Alaska Hawaii	2 079 849	48 439	2.3	1 715 422	33 471	2.0	14 968	44.7
	1 336 539	17 924	1.3	1 067 433	13 120	1.2	4 804	36.6
	12 001 417	929 103	7.7	10 136 449	717 117	7.1	211 986	29.6
	188 810	5 965	3.2	137 124	3 603	2.6	2 362	65.6
	470 008	5 560	1.2	369 356	2 588	0.7	2 972	114.8

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Table 2. Summary Sex and Age Characteristics of the Black Population for Regions and States by Rank: 1980

(Pank is based on total 1980 Black population. For meaning of symbols, see Introduction. For definitions of terms, see Pefinitions and Explanations)

	٦			T		and E				1										Pe (years							٦
										-			1				Numb	er					T	Perce				1
	United States			- }												18	and	OV	er				_	18	and ove			1
ık .	Regions States		Bla			Wa			Fema	10	ı	Under 18		т	ota	1	18	to	64		and ver	(hider 18		al	18 to 64	65 and over	Media	ヿ
	inited States	26 4		_	12 5	Ma 519 1	+		75 8		9 39	5 912	1	7 099	11	3 1	15 01	2 2	55 2	086	858	35.5	64	5	56.7	7.9	24	.9
										1											000	34.(. 6	b, 0	58.9	7.1		١ ١
	REGIONS Northeast Midwest South West	14 (348 4 337 (047) 261	095 787	2 6	234 3 519 7 639 9 125 3	50 80	2 1	614 1 817 3 407 8 136 3	34.5 30.7	1 93 5 09	68 699 15 13 19 39 12 68	3	3 199 3 40° 8 989 1 50°	1 90 8 .39	,4 }4	2 85 3 07 7 75 1 3	23 9 59 5	74 561	377 228	999 990 833 036	36.0 36.0 33.	6	3.7 4.0 6.7	56.7 55.2 60.7	7.1 8.7 6.1	24 25	.5
1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9	Texas Illinois Georgia Florida North Carolina Louisiana Michigan	1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1	402 819 710 675 465 342 318 238 199 076	281 175 398 181 688 857 241 023		094 890 822 782 686 636 626 580 568 505	178 917 455 341 961 026 656 933	1		103 258 943 840 727 831	6 6 3 5 4 4	05 40 00 40 03 93 18 26 38 88 04 43 61 63 72 0 368 1)7)9)9 34 21 16 54	8: 8: 7(7)	8 8	74 36 29 197 267 241 187	1 1 9 9 9 6 6 6 6 6 6 6 6 6 6 6 6 6 6 6	307 737 743 658 680	523	115 145 105 115 100 11 10 8	541 351 874 477 9 237 9 992 3 975 7 623 2 916 4 426	35, 38, 36, 34	0 6 6 6 6 6 6 6 6 6 6 6 6 6 6 6 6 6 6 6	6.5 7.0 64.7 63.1 63.2 62.4 (5.0 61.9 63.6	59.7 60.7 56.3 56.6 55.1 54.9 56.4 53.6 58.6	6. 8. 6. 8. 7. 8. 8. 6. 7.	2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2	7.0 5.7 4.6 4.3 4.0 4.7 4.7 4.9 25.8
10 11 12 17 14 15 16 1	pennsylvania	. 1	046 008 996 958 948 925 887 725	810	2	453 447 430 416 339 240			524 533 504 500 494 470 386 273	950 262 470 167 830 260 814 774 553 2 09		340 8 331 5 369 4 323 4 352 5 331 8 357 3 256 9 182 9	21 .77 .52 .601 .359 .386 .927	6	34 .96 .93 .29 .69	14 <i>7</i> 858		590 520 576 519 535 435 297 285	263 561 862 817 505 181 492 738 435 2 753	10	5 660 6 580 7 88 6 61 68 02 74 32 71 27 75 86	32 37 33 7 37 37 6 35 8 40 7 35 8 35 25	.9 .1 .8 .293466	67.4 67.1 62.9 66.2 62.8 64.1 59.7 64.6 64.4 72.5	58. 52. 60. 54. 57. 49. 54. 55. 63	5 8, 3 10 2 6 8 8 9 6 1 10 8 9 5 8 0 9	6	25.9 24.1 25.8 23.8 25.2 24.2 24.3 29.
2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2	1 Indiana		414 37 25 22 21 20 18 12	4 78 3 76 9 47 1 27 7 4 67 14 67 15 5	5 8 7 9 3 4 12 27	190 174 120 100 100 9 8 6	5 534 4 668 5 159 5 050 2 128 9 411 7 288 3 179 7 131	3	199 13 11 11 10 9	8 25 9 10 3 31 6 22 5 30 5 26 5 30 2 94	0 9 9 5 3 14 18	74 75 44 35	675 591		227 171 144 136 130 106 81 70	820 093 886 673 359 493 742 814 457	3 2 4 7	181 141 13 12 11 9	1 736 0 708 6 028 1 957 5 221 0 613 9 820 1 755 5 479		30 08 46 38 25 81 12 7 11 1: 19 8: 6 9 10 0 4 9	35 35 38 3 16 3 38 3 80 3 22 4 59 3 78 3	5.9 9.2 3.8 4.6 7.3 6.2 1.5 5.1 (3.3	63.1 60.8 66.2 65.4 62.7 63.8 58.5 64.9 66.7	48 56 59 57 54 54 56 61	.3 12 .3 16 .6 .6 .0 .7 .9 .08	1.4 1.0 1.7 1.7 1.7 1.8 1.8 1.0 1.7 1.7 1.7 1.7	23. 24. 24. 23. 21. 23. 24. 24. 24.
;	30 Colorado)1 //)5 8 74 9 65 0 53 3 50 9 48 3 41 7	45 77 51 44 99 90 (°0)		4 99 38 89 30 42 27 25 59 23 47 20 84 19 13 13 33	9 4 1 6 3 8 2 36		50 86 34 6 34 6 26 0 25 4 24 9 20 8 17 9	46 83 30 88 06 12 558	35 26 20 20 19 18 15	319 731 061 488 756 842 750 1 238		44 3 3 2 2 2 2) 524 4 99 2 85 1 24 9 54 5 95 3 84	6 0 6 3 8 60 22	:	53 807 53 159 35 159 30 29 29 38 26 63 21 43 15 87) 7 7 5 2 5 8	2	987 340 359 356 313 688 387	36.9 35.7 30.8 38.4 38.7 38.9 37.8 35.7 36.7	63.1 64.3 69.2 61.6 61.3 61.1 62.2 64.3 63.3	5: 5: 5: 5: 5: 5:	, 6	7.0 6.8 5.1 4.8 3.6 6.0 6.4 6.4 5.7 6.1	23 27 23 22 22 22 24 23
	39 Rhode Island			3 3 3 2 2	120 364		13 3. 12 5' 11 8' 7 6 5 3 2 2 2 1 8 1 9 1 6 1 6 1 4	78 82 75 82 06 46		11 4 5 5 5 7 1 1 1	1	t 4	49 4 53 3 12 1 32 1 11 1 03 86 80	6 4 1 0 8 8 8 0 0 0		5 37 9 10 6 10 2 50 1 8 1 7 1 4 1 2	71 07 01 69 54 190 48 68		13 90 12 72 8 89 5 67 2 57 2 09 1 94 1 7 1 4 1 1	21 71 71 23 41 33 46		150 214 430 146 163 149 115 22 56 80 53	25.9 33.2 33.9 33.1 33.0 33.2 32.0 31.2 32.0 32.6	74.1 66.8 66.3 66.3 67.0 68.3 68.4 69.5	3 6 6 6 6 6 6 6 6 6 6 6 6 6 6 6 6 6 6 6	3.3 5.2 1.5 3.2 52.1 53.8 58.0 66.4 63.5 62.1	0.9 1.6 4.7 3.7 4.8 4.8 4.2 0.9 2.6 4.5 4.7	2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2



Table 3. Summary Household and Family Characteristics of the Black Population for Regions and States: 1980

(States are listed by size of Black population. For meaning of symbols, see Introduction. For definition of terms, see Definitions and Explanations)

	Households				1	Families		
United States						Туре	_	
Regions States			Persons per		Married-	Female house no husband p	•	Persons
	Total	Nonfamily	household	Total	couple	Number	Percent	per family
United States	8 381 668	2 337 846	3.07	6 043 822	3 390 143	2 283 777	37.8	3.72
REGIONS								
NortheastMidwestSouth	1 624 257 1 718 821 4 258 708 779 882	501 837 496 623 1 086 404 252 982	2.90 3.03 3.20 2.81	1 122 420 1 222 198 3 172 304 526 900	570 917 650 605 1 864 508 304 113	481 381 497 288 1 118 511 186 597	42.9 40.7 35.3 35.4	3.57 3.69 3.82 3.47
STATES					-			
New York. California. Texas. Illinois. Georgia. Florida. North Carolina. Louisiana. Michigan. Ohio.	824 957 632 941 544 226 522 461 439 691 406 045 392 002 365 643 386 794 367 910	267 031 206 669 148 040 149 853 108 796 105 818 91 115 38 674 109 592 110 196	2.83 2.80 3.04 3.14 3.23 3.21 3.23 3.30 3.03 2.86	557 926 426 272 396 186 372 608 330 895 300 227 300 887 276 969 277 202 257 714	280 306 239 427 249 888 190 649 188 269 165 306 182 410 162 005 144 816 144 218	243 429 157 091 124 431 158 395 123 689 115 038 101 679 98 752 115 020 99 119	43.6 36.9 31.4 42.5 37.4 38.3 33.8 35.7 41.5 38.5	3.53 3.47 3.69 3.83 3.85 3.81 3.80 3.94 3.66 3.52
Pennsylvania. Virginia. Alabama. Maryland. South Carolina New Jersey. Mississippi. Tennessee. Missouri District of Columbia.	350 492 309 677 294 373 299 813 263 939 292 821 246 453 222 913 164 798 161 961	108 281 75 799 71 354 77 622 55 651 78 586 57 465 57 411 49 063 60 527	2.91 3.13 3.31 3.12 3.49 3.08 3.52 3.16 3.04 2.70	242 211 233 878 223 019 222 191 208 288 214 235 188 988 165 502 115 735 101 434	120 920 144 118 131 972 124 774 128 075 113 953 114 866 92 479 62 536 49 529	104 403 75 841 78 931 81 820 68 366 87 441 62 965 62 973 45 848 43 556	43.1 32.4 35.4 36.8 32.8 40.8 33.3 38.0 39.6 42.9	3.56 3.67 3.96 3.65 4.07 3.67 4.29 3.9 3.75 3.47
Indiana Arkansas Kentucky Massachusetts Connecticut Oklahoma Wisconsin Kansas Washington Colorado	131 435 112 131 81 973 74 434 69 819 66 484 56 048 40 280 36 536 35 014	35 674 30 295 23 447 24 613 19 516 19 627 14 952 11 739 12 442 11 170	3.07 3.25 2.96 2.84 3.02 2.93 3.15 2.93 2.72 2.80	95 761 81 836 58 526 49 821 50 303 46 857 41 096 28 541 24 094 23 844	53 760 49 037 32 903 25 167 26 125 27 990 19 067 17 056 15 072 15 184	36 191 28 070 22 538 21 575 21 456 16 526 19 604 9 997 712 7 242	37.8 34.3 38.5 43.3 42.7 35.3 47.7 35.0 30.8 30.4	3.70 3.98 3.61 3.54 3.64 3.62 3.77 3.58 3.39 3.44
Delaware Arizona West Virginia Minnesota Nevada Nebraska Iowa Oregon Rhode Island New Mexico	29 558 24 127 21 826 18 544 16 103 15 758 13 429 12 896 9 303 7 816	7 921 7 184 6 842 6 541 4 628 4 542 4 101 4 456 3 042 2 252	3.15 3.03 2.84 2.73 3.12 2.97 2.93 2.77 2.82 2.97	21 637 16 943 14 984 12 003 11 475 11 216 9 328 8 440 6 261 5 564	11 770 11 017 9 147 6 462 6 674 5 826 5 327 4 741 3 114 3 849	8 374 4 830 4 962 4 763 3 946 4 791 3 492 3 081 2 829 1 404	38.7 28.5 33.1 39.7 34.4 42.7 37.4 36.5 45.2 25.2	3.72 3.69 3.55 3.45 3.75 3.60 3.59 3.46 3.51 3.61
Hawaii Alaska Utah New Hampshire Wyoming Maine Idaho North Dakota South Dakota Montana Vermont	4 602 4 239 2 904 1 224 1 168 889 952 717 647 584 318	1 100 1 065 1 078 397 405 248 340 153 217 193 123	2.98 2.94 2.75 2.87 2.81 2.94 2.66 2.99 2.82 2.71 2.70	3 502 3 174 1 826 827 763 641 612 564 430 391	3 077 2 412 1 292 656 551 514 493 514 374 324 162	289 603 414 126 164 100 81 32 36 40 21	8.3 19.0 22.7 15.2 21.5 15.6 13.2 5.7 8.4 10.2 10.8	3.37 3.41 3.48 3.56 3.52 3.51 3.38 3.40 3.46 3.34



Table 4. Summary Social and Economic Characteristics of the Black Population for Regions and States: 1980

(States are listed by size of Black population. Data are estimates based on a sample, see introduction. For meaning of symbols, see Introduction. For definitions of terms, see Definitions and Explanations)

			years old		nt in force			in	income 1979 lars)		Income i below pover	
United States Regions States	Total persons	Percent high school graduates	Percent completed 4 or more years of college	Male, 16 years old and over	Female, 16 years old and over	Civilian labor force percent unem- ployed	Fami- lies percont with no workers in 1979	House- holds	Fami- lies	Per capita income in 1979 (dol- lars)	Percent of persons for whom poverty status is dotermined	Porcent of fami- lies
United States	26 482 349	51.2	8.4	66.7	53.3	11.8	17.5	10 943	12 598	4 545	29.9	26.5
REGIONS										:		
Northeast Midwest South	4 849 969 5 332 907 14 038 782 2 260 691	56.4 54.9 44.9 68.7	8.4 7.9 8.0 11.4	65.5 66.3 66.6 70.1	52.8 52.9 53.1 56.4	12.2 16.2 10.1 11.0	20.8 19.5 15.8 16.7	12 362 9 970	13 288 14 694 11 595 14 888	4 929 5 095 4 021 5 671	27.9 27.6 32.5 22.6	25.3 24.6 28.6 20.3
STATES					1							-
New York. California Texas Illinois. Georgia Florida North Carolina Louisiana Michigan Ohio	2 405 818 1 818 660 1 704 741 1 674 467 1 464 435 1 343 134 1 319 054 1 238 472 1 197 177 1 076 742	57.6 68.5 53.0 54.6 41.7 44.6 43.0 40.5 55.2	8.8 11.3 9.1 8.3 7.5 7.3 7.3 7.5 7.6 7.0	64.8 68.6 71.0 66.0 67.7 67.5 68.5 63.5 64.2	52.8 55.5 77.6 1.2 53.5 56.1 54.8 46.5 50.3 53.0	11.3 11.1 6.9 15.2 10.3 8.6 10.2 10.7 21.5	21.1 18.0 12.5 21.6 15.7 15.1 13.3 19.8 22.6 18.7	11 150 12 523 11 025 12 279 9 446 9 423 9 833 8 700 13 695 11 809	13 026 14 887 13 042 14 478 10 975 10 807 11 388 10 459 15 817 14 459	4 946 5 710 4 500 4 948 3 785 3 832 3 778 3 629 5 524 5 097	28.3 22.5 27.6 30.2 34.1 34.7 30.4 38.0 25.8 27.0	25.7 20.6 24.2 27.0 30.4 31.2 27.1 34.1 23.5 24.1
Pennsylvania. Virginia. Alabama. Maryland South Carolina. New Jersey. Mississippi Tennessee. Missouri. District of Columbia.	1 045 318 1 008 665 996 283 957 418 947 969 924 909 887 111 724 808 513 385 448 370	52.1 43.0 41.4 56.6 38.9 56.4 32.7 44.7 57 56.3	6.5 7.9 7.2 11.3 6.4 8.6 7.1 7.9 7.9 12.2	61.6 68.7 61.4 71.1 67.3 69.5 59.5 64.2 67.2 66.0	47.7 55.1 45.9 61.6 52.9 56.3 46.1 52.2 57.3 57.1	15.7 9.1 13.2 10.4 10.5 12.0 12.8 12.7 14.0 8.7	24.3 13.6 19.7 12.5 14.5 17.5 18.9 17.6 14.4 16.3	11 007 11 631 8 298 15 123 9 747 12 662 7 414 9 355 11 498 13 860	12 715 13 219 10 048 16 829 11 294 14 540 9 013 11 100 13 774 16 362	4 704 4 544 3 340 5 704 3 467 5 101 2 833 3 884 4 680 6 396	29.8 26.1 38.5 21.3 33.2 26.0 44.4 34.2 27.6 22.0	26.4 22.8 33.9 18.5 29.9 23.6 39.0 29.9 23.1 18.6
Indiana Arkansas Kentucky Massachusetts Connecticut Oklahoma Wisconsin Kansas Washington Colorado	414 489 373 025 259 289 721 029 216 641 204 810 183 169 126 356 105 604 101 695	54.3 36.3 49.7 64.5 56.8 57.2 54.4 60.9 72.6 74.4	7.0 6.0 6.5 11.9 8.6 9.7 8.3 9.3 12.7	69.4 58.2 64.5 68.0 72.0 66.4 68.2 69.0 75.6 77.4	57.5 42.9 51.9 55.6 59.8 53.0 55.9 55.0 59.5 63.1	15.7 12.8 14.7 8.7 9.9 8.3 13.9 10.8 11.4	14.0 22.4 17.7 19.4 16.4 16.9 18.9 15.2 12.1 10.8	13 589 7 283 9 221 11 438 12 433 9 698 12 402 10 849 13 243 13 244	15 833	5 233 3 012 4 045 4 982 5 085 4 243 4 847 4 693 5 867 5 884	24.1 42.7 33.0 25.3 25.4 30.1 28.8 26.9 20.9 21.4	21.3 37.1 29.0 23.8 23.6 26.2 27.6 23.1 17.3
Delaware	96 157 74 159 65 041 52 325 51 203 47 946 42 228 37 454 27 361 23 071	50.1 60.6 52.1 70.6 61.4 61.0 60.6 68.0 58.0 62.8	8.6 10.8 9.2 16.9 8.0 9.3 12.1 12.2 8.4 10.3	68.5 70.4 52.6 70.6 76.8 69.1 67.5 68.2 69.c 74.2	57.2 57.3 39.0 58.1 68.0 55.3 55.6 56.4 54.3	11.5 11.2 12.3 9.5 9.1 9.8 12.2 14.2 13.1	13.2 12.3 26.2 15.7 8.3 15.9 15.4 17.7 18.8 16.1	11 858 11 548 10 017 12 285 13 501 10 883 12 058 11 551 10 236 10 553	13 724 12 318 14 512 15 424 12 448 14 258 13 409 11 941	4 536 4 831 4 415 5 364 5 227 5 567 4 969 169 4 364 4 371	27.6 27.0 27.0 26.6 20.4 29.0 28.2 28.3 31.0 29.3	25.1 22.6 21.4 23.5 18.1 26.2 24.1 24.6 28.7 26.2
Hawaii. Alaska. Utah. New Hampshire. Wyoming. Haine. Idaho. North Dakota. South Dakota. Montana. Vermont.	17 687 13 748 9 691 4 324 3 270 3 381 2 711 2 471 2 152 1 738 1 188	91.5 83.3 69.7 79.6 75.4 74.2 74.4 92.9 85.7 80.3 83.7	14.0 10.1 13.9 22.7 9.8 12.5 15.2 23.3 17.7 17.4	94.7 89.9 61.2 79.5 77.4 83.2 82.0 93.4 82.0 73.7 70.6	61.4 74.4 55.1 63.4 56.8 49.8 55.5 72.1 65.1 64.9 58.0	12.9 14.4 9.9 5.0 6.9 10.4 11.0 13.4 18.3 11.3 7.1	4.2 4.8 8.9 6.3 3.8 6.5 6.3 1.7 3.9 8.8 4.1	13 002 18 674 12 162 16 373 11 111 12 237 11 290 13 537 11 638 12 500 15 000	19 275 15 041 18 867 14 073 13 577 12 961 14 036 11 778 14 226	5 437 8 401 4 856 5 858 5 335 4 617 4 952 5 098 4 542 5 252 6 035	16.2 10.9 29.4 17.0 21.6 15.6 21.3 13.1 17.3 25.4	11.5 9.2 18.1 12.0 14.1 10.7 13.3 10.4 11.1 20.9 8.1



Table 5. Countles With a Black Population of 50,000 or More by State and Rank in 1980: 1980 and 1970

(Rank is based on total 1980 Black population. For meaning of symbols, see Introduction. For definitions of terms, see Definitions and Explanations)

		1980				1970		Change, 1970 to 1980	
Bank	United States Counties with 50,000 or more		٠	Black population			Black population		
Neus	Black population	Tot populati			Total population	Black population	as a percent of	Number	Percent
	United States	226 545 °	05 26 495 025	11.7	203 211 926	22 580 289	11.1	3 914 736	17.3
	Total counties with 50,000 or more Black population	79 411 2	27 16 165 781	20.4	77 445 438	13 714 144	17.7	2 451 637	17.9
	Alabama:								
20	Jefferson County	671 3		33.3	644 991	206 464	32.0	17 295	8.4
33 58	Mobile County Montgomery County	364 9 197 0		31.5 39.4	317 308 167 790	102 383 60 771	32.3 36.2	12 404 16 843	12.1
20	monegonery country	1,7,0	77 014	3714	10, ,,,	00 771	30.2		-""
54	Arkansas; Pulaski County	340 6	13 81 407	23.9	287 189	58 402	20.3	23 005	39.4
	California;								
22 78	Alameda County	1 105 3 656 3		18.4 9.2	1 073 184 558 389	161 282 41 620	15.0 7.5	42 330 18 552	26.2 44.6
2	Contra Costa County	7 477 5		12.6	7 032 075	762 844	10.8	181 124	23.7
83	Sacramento County	783 3	81 58 951	7.5	631 498	36 418	5.8	22 533	61.9
43 53	San Diego County	1 861 8		5.6	1 357 854	62 028	4.6	42 424	68.4
33	San Francisco County	678 9	74 86 414	12.7	715 674	96 078	13.4	-9 664	-10.1
81	Colorado: Denver County	492 3	59 252	12.0	514 678	47 011	9.1	12 241	26.0
	Connecticut:								
74	Fairfield County	807 1		8.2	792 814	56 408	7.1	9 747	17.3
73 7 1	Hartford County	807 7 761 3		8. 2 8. 9	816 737 744 948	54 645 56 630	6.7 7.6	11 705 10 858	21.4 19.2
	Ť	700 5	0. 400	017	144 /46	50 050	,	10 030	• / •
79	Delaware: New Castle County	398 1	15 60 116	15.1	385 856	48 869	12.7	11 247	23.0
7	District of Columbia: District of Columbia	638 3	33 448 906	70.3	756 510	537 712	71.1	-88 806	-16.5
	Florida:								i
35	Broward County	1 018 2		11.2	620 100	77 444	12.5	36 164	46.7
18 27	Dade County	1 625 7		17.2	1 267 792	189 666	15.0	90 768	47.9
52	Duval County	571 0 646 9		24.6 13.4	528 865 490 265	116 158 66 648	22.3 13.6	22 403 19 816	19.0
68	Orange County	471 0		14.8	344 311	48 490	14.1	21 067	43.4
59	Palm Beach County	576 8		13.4	348 753	61 015	17.5	16 561	27.1
91	Pinellas County	728 5	31 55 206	7.6	522 329	42 765	8.2	12 441	29.1
	Georgia:	_							
84 60	Bibb County	150 2 202 2		38.6 38.2	143 418 187 767	49 506 63 676	34.5 33.9	8 563 13 634	17.3 21.4
29	De Kalb County	483 0		27.1	415 387	56 874	13.7	74 106	130.3
16	Fulton County	589 9		51.5	607 592	237 439	39.1	66 069	27.8
85 70	Muscogee County	170 1		34.0	167 377	42 945	25.7	14 939	34.8
70	Richmond County	181 6	29 67 981	37.4	162 437	48 624	29.9	19 357	39.8
	Illinois:								
1 62	Cook CountySt. Clair County	5 253 6 267 5		25.6 27.5	5 492 369 285 176	1 183 475 63 512	21.5 22.3	162 989 10 139	13.8
02	St. Clair County	207 3.	73 631	21.3	265 176	63 312	22.3	10 139	10.0
	Indiana:								
31 24	Lake County Marion County	522 9 765 2		24.1 20.3	546 253 792 299	112 014 134 486	20.5 17.0	14 037 20 824	12.5 15.5
		703 2	35 133 5-0	20.5	'''	154 400		20 525	
38	Kentucky: Jefferson County	685 0	04 109 702	16.0	695 055	95 588	13.8	14 114	14.8
	Louisiana:								
48	Caddo Parish	252 3		37.7	230 184	84 353	36.6	10 899	12.9
34 77	East Baton Rouge Parish	366 1 454 5		31.3 13.9	285 167 337 568	81 781 41 950	28.7 12.4	32 960 21 051	40.3 50.2
15	Orleans Parish	557 5		55.3	593 471	267 308	45.0	40 841	15.3
	Mamulanda								
92	Maryland: Baltimore County	655 o	15 53 955	8.2	621 077	19 597	3. 2	34 358	175.3
94	Montgomery County	579 0		8.8	522 809	21 551	4.1	29 205	135.5
19	Prince Georges County	665 0		37.3	660 5ს7	91 808	13.9	156 052	170.0
8	Baltimore city	786 7	75 431 151	54.8	905 759	420 210	46.4	10 941	2.6
30	Massachusetts: Suffolk County	650 1	42 127 232	19.6	735 190	105 301	14.3	21 931	20.8
	Michigan:								
57	Genesee County	450 46		17.5	444 341	60 338	13.6	18 466	30.6
3	Wayne County	2 337 8	91 829 983	35.5	2 660 751	721 072	27.0	108 911	15.1
	Mississippi:								
36	Hinds County	250 9	98 113 301	45.1	214 973	84 064	39.1	29 237	34.8



Table 5. Counties With a Black Population of 50,000 or More by State and Rank in 1980: 1980 and 1970-Con.

(Rank is based on total 1980 Black population. For meaning of symbols, see Introduction. For definitions of terms, see Definitions and Explanations)

				tta una unpranacio:					
		į	1980			1970		Change, 1970	to 1980
	United States			91 - 1	`-				
Kank	Counties with 50,000 or more	Total	Black	Black population as a percent of	Total	Black	Black population as a percent of	ļ	- 1
	Black population	1		total population			total population	Number	Percent
		population			population	- Population		" CELIS C V	
	Misseumi	ł						ł	
32	Missouri:	629 266	125 779	20.0	654 558	112 867	17.2	12 912	11.4
39	Jackson CountySt. Louis County	973 896	109 684	11.3	951 353	45 495	4.8	64 189	141.1
21	St. Louis city	453 085	206 386	45.6	622 236	254 191	40.9	-47 805	-18.8
••	St. Hours crey	433 003	200 300	73.0	022 230	-54 -71	4017	14, 005	
	New Jersey:								
72	Camden County	471 650	67 232	14.3	456 291	52 318	11.5	14 914	28.5
13	Essex County	851 116	316 440	37.2	929 986	279 136	30.0	37 304	13.4
67	Hudson County	556 972	70 050	12.6	609 266	61 095	10.0	8 955	14.7
89	Mercer County	307 863	55 545	18.0	303 968	49 802	16.4	5 743	11.5
82	Passaic County	447 585	59 171	13.2	460 782	50 199	10.9	8 972	17.9
5 5	Union County	504 094	81 207	16.1	543 116	60 723	11.2	20 484	33.7
		{							
	New York:	1 1/0 072	271 024	21.0	1 / 21 701	257 (01	24 2	1, 2,5	
9 45	Bronx County	1 168 972	371 926 102 947	31.8 10.1	1 471 701	357 681 99 238	24.3	14 245 3 709	4.0 3.7
43	Erie County	1 015 472	722 812	32.4	2 602 012	656 194	8.9 25.2	66 618	10.2
64	Monroe County	702 238	71 041	10.1	711 917	52 218	7.3	18 823	36.0
51	Nassau County	1 321 582	90 743	6.9	1 428 080	65 679	4.6	25 064	38.2
14	New York County	1 428 285	309 854	21.7	1 539 233	380 442	24.7	-70 588	-18.6
10	Queens County	1 891 325	354 129	18.7	1 986 473	258 006	13.0	96 123	37.3
63	Suffolk County	1 284 231	71 741	5.6	1 124 950	53 340	4.7	18 401	34.5
42	Westchester County	866 599	104 815	12.1	894 104	85 041	9.5	19 774	23.3
	·								Į
	North Carolina:		_		l				
61	Cumberland County	247 160	75 726	30.6	212 042	50 612	23.9	25 114	49.6
90	Durham County	152 785	55 424	36.3	132 681	43 239	32.6	12 185	28.2
80	Forsyth County	243 683	59 403	24.4	214 348	47 825	22.3	11 578	24.2
56 40	Guilford County	317 154	79 374	25.0	288 590	63 704	22.1	15 670	24.6
75	Mecklenburg County	404 270 301 327	107 006 65 573	26.5	354 656 228 453	84 254 50 562	23.8 22.1	22 752 15 011	27.0 29.7
,,	Wake County	301 327	0, 5/3	21.8	220 433	JU JU2	22.1	15 011	29.7
	Ohio:								ŀ
11	Cuyahoga County	1 498 400	341 003	22.8	1 721 300	328 419	19.1	12 584	3.8
28	Franklin County	869 132	131 016	15, 1	833 249	104 387	12.5	26 629	25.5
23	Hamilton County	873 224	165 994	19.0	924 018	145 294	15.7	20 700	14.2
76	Lucas County	471 741	63 901	13.5	484 370	54 694	11.3	9 207	16.8
49	Montgomery County	571 697	94 561	16.5	606 148	83 572	13.8	10 889	13.0
86	Summit County	524 472	56 831	10.8	553 371	51 622	9.3	5 209	10.1
	Oklahoma:								
66	Oklahoma County	568 933	70 274	12.4	526 805	52 744	10.0	17 530	33.2
25	Pennsylvania:			• • •					
25 5	Allegheny County	1 450 085	150 246	10.4	1 505 016	144 545	9.0	5 701	3.9
)	Philadelphia County	1 688 210	638 878	37.8	1 948 609	653 791	33.6	-14 913	-2.3
	South Carolina:								i
47	Charleston County	276 974	95 251	34.4	247 650	77 884	31.4	17 367	22.3
93	Greenville County	287 913	50 842	17.7	240 546	39 829	16.6	11 013	27.7
44	Richland County	^69 735	104 050	38.6	233 868	73 437	31.4	30 613	41.7
							• •		
	Tennessee:								}
41	Davidson County	477 811	106 369	22.3	448 003	87 851	19.6	18 518	21. ! i
88	Hamilton County	287 740	55 840	19.4	254 236	46 397	18.2	9 443	20.4
12	Shelby County	777 113	324 664	41.8	722 014	266 159	36.9	58 505	22.0
	Maria								ì
40	Texas:	000 000	60 201		030 110	e, 30,		12 007	۱, ۱
69 17	Bexar County	988 800	69 201	7.0	830 460	56 394 220 512	6.8	12 807 67 029	22.7
6	Dallas County	1 556 390 2 409 547	287 541 473 695	18.5 19.7	1 327 321	350 668	16.6 20.1	123 027	30.4 35.1
65	Jefferson County	2 409 347	70 810	28.2	244 77	61 064	24.9	9 746	16.0
46	Tarrant County	860 880	101 183	11.8	716 317	81 040	11.3	20 143	24.9
.5	- account woundy	554 000		2.10		J. 540			-7''
	Virginia:								l
50	Norfolk city	266 979	93 987	35.2	307 951	87 261	28.3	6 726	7.7
37	Richmond city	219 214	112 357	51.3	249 621	104 766	42.0	7 591	7.2
									1
	Washington:	l							1
87	King County	1 269 749	55 930	4.4	1 156 633	40 597	3.5	15 353	37.8
	W								I
24	Wisconsin;	044 000	140 435		1 05/ 0/ 1	10/ 022		12 102	ا ۾ ۾ ا
26	Milwaukee County	964 988	149 435	15.5	1 054 063	106 033	10.1	43 402	40.9



Table 6. Summary Sex and Age Characteristics of the Black Population for Counties With 50,000 or More Black Population by Rank: 1980

(Rank is based on total 1980 Black population. For meaning of symbols, see Introduction. For definitions of terms, see Definitions and Explanations)

				· · · · ·				Ann /::		·			
							-	Age (yea	(LH)				
Kan	k Counties with 50,000 or				,	Numb					cent		
Kun	more Black population	Black				18	and over			18	and ov	er	
		popu- lation	Male	Female	Under 18	Total	18 to 64	65 and over	Under 18	Total	18 to 64	65 and over	Median
1 2 3 4 5 5 7 8 9	Los Angeles County, Calif	1 346 464 943 968 829 983 722 812 638 878 473 695 448 906 431 151 371 926 354 129	622 320 446 866 389 449 319 856 289 455 225 994 206 814 199 836 164 767 160 373	724 144 497 102 440 534 402 956 349 423 247 701 242 092 231 315 207 159 193 756	488 995 312 968 294 379 254 444 204 914 167 244 123 388 141 513 126 747 116 235	857 469 631 000 535 604 468 368 433 964 306 451 325 518 289 638 245 179 237 894	768 118 568 761 472 914 429 993 374 864 278 814 282 753 255 933 220 805 213 832	89 351 62 239 62 690 38 375 59 100 27 637 42 765 33 705 24 314 24 062	36.3 33.2 35.5 35.2 32.1 35.3 27.5 32.8 34.1 32.8	63.7 66.8 64.5 64.8 67.9 64.7 72.5 67.2 65.9	57.0 60.3 57.0 59.5 58.7 58.9 63.0 59.4 59.4	6.6 6.6 7.6 3.3 9.3 5.8 9.5 7.8 6.5 6.8	24. 8 26. 3 25. 8 26. 0 27. 9 24. 8 29. 3 26. 2 26. 7 28. 1
11 12 13 14 15 16 17 18 19 20	Cuyahoga County, Ohio. Shelby County, Tenn. Essex County, N.J. New York County, N.Y. Orleans Parish, La. Fulton County, Ga. Dailas County, Tex. Dade County, Fla. Prince Georges County, Md. Jefferson County, Ala.	341 003 324 664 316 440 309 854 308 149 303 508 287 541 280 434 247 860 223 759	157 432 151 247 144 254 143 121 141 501 139 237 135 101 132 726 117 638 102 419	183 571 173 417 172 '86 166 733 166 648 164 271 152 440 147 708 130 222 121 340	110 138 121 132 112 682 74 721 113 823 102 128 106 901 103 300 89 217 74 587	230 865 203 532 203 758 235 133 194 326 201 380 180 640 177 134 158 643 149 172	203 648 176 163 184 322 195 761 170 359 179 877 164 514 161 891 152 968 123 032	27 217 27 369 19 436 39 372 23 967 21 503 16 126 15 243 5 675 26 140	32.3 37.3 35.6 24.1 36.9 33.6 37.2 36.8 36.0 33.3	67.7 62.7 64.4 75.9 63.1 66.4 62.8 63.2 64.0 66.7	59.7 54.3 58.2 63.2 55.3 59.3 57.2 57.7 61.7 55.0	8.0 8.4 6.1 12.7 7.8 7.1 5.6 5.4 2.3 11.7	27.5 24.0 25.8 34.1 24.4 25.5 24.1 24.6 25.1 26.5
21 22 23 24 25 26 27 28 29	Alameda County, Calif	206 386 203 612 165 994 155 310 150 246 149 435 140 561 131 016 130 980 127 232	93 115 96 857 76 316 72 682 69 261 69 777 64 843 61 968 61 560 58 861	113 271 106 755 89 678 82 628 80 985 79 658 75 718 69 048 69 420 68 371	71 636 63 443 57 847 55 602 48 101 63 458 50 966 45 493 49 289 44 069	134 750 140 169 108 147 99 708 102 145 85 977 89 595 85 523 81 691 83 163	111 546 124 732 93 383 87 021 86 451 80 240 77 258 76 718 76 637 76 036	23 204 15 437 14 764 12 687 15 694 5 737 12 337 8 805 5 054 7 127	34.7 31.2 34.8 35.8 32.0 42.5 36.3 34.7 37.6 34.6	65.3 68.8 65.2 64.2 68.0 57.5 63.7 65.3 62.4	54.0 61.3 56.3 56.0 57.5 53.7 55.0 58.6 58.5 59.8	11.2 7.6 8.9 8.2 10.4 3.8 8.8 6.7 3.9 5.6	25.8 27.4 25.7 25.1 27.5 21.5 24.8 24.9 24.3 24.9
31 32 33 34 35 36 37 38 39 40	Lake County, Ind. Jackson County, Mo. Mobile County, Ala. East Baton Rouge Parish, La. Broward County, Fla. Hinds County, Miss. Richmond city, Va. Jefferson County, Ky. St. Louis County, Mo. Mecklenburg County, N.C.	126 051 125 779 114 787 114 741 113 608 113 301 112 357 109 702 109 684 107 006	58 810 58 860 53 421 53 .65 54 399 52 316 50 806 50 577 51 805 49 613	67 241 66 919 61 366 61 476 59 209 60 985 61 551 59 125 57 879 57 393	47 736 45 044 43 751 41 762 44 229 42 814 34 194 38 774 41 570 37 839	78 315 80 735 71 036 72 979 69 379 70 487 78 163 70 928 68 114 69 167	70 143 70 700 61 161 65 456 63 618 61 656 67 639 60 968 63 296 62 209	8 172 10 035 9 875 7 523 5 761 8 831 10 524 9 960 4 818 6 958	37.9 35.8 38.1 36.4 38.9 37.8 30.4 35.3 37.9 35.4	62.1 64.2 61.9 63.6 61.1 62.2 69.6 64.7 62.1 64.6	55.6 56.2 53.3 57.0 56.0 54.4 60.2 55.6 57.7 58.1	6.5 8.0 8.6 6.6 5.1 7.8 9.4 9.1 4.4 6.5	24.2 24.9 23.8 23.5 23.4 22.9 27.1 25.4 24.6 24.7
41 42 43 44 45 46 47 48 49 50	Davidson County, Tenn Westchester County, N.Y. San Diego County, Calif Richland County, S.C Erie County, N.Y. Tarrant County, Tex Charleston County, S.C Caddo Parish, La Montgomery County, Ohio Norfolk city, Va	106 369 104 815 104 452 104 050 102 947 101 183 95 251 95 242 94 561 93 987	49 116 47 031 56 967 50 762 47 806 47 957 44 974 43 744 44 015 45 955	57 253 57 784 47 485 53 288 55 141 53 226 50 277 51 498 50 546 48 032	33 547 33 670 33 874 34 684 36 223 37 117 34 227 36 328 33 426 30 591	72 822 71 145 70 578 69 366 66 724 64 066 61 024 53 914 61 135 63 396	62 800 62 669 66 632 63 384 59 459 56 794 53 756 49 598 54 347 55 797	10 022 8 476 3 946 5 982 7 265 7 272 7 268 9 316 6 788 7 599	31.5 32.1 32.4 3.3 35.2 36.7 35.9 38.1 35.3 32.5	68.5 67.9 67.6 66.7 64.8 63.3 64.1 61.9 64.7	59.0 59.8 63.8 60.9 57.8 56.1 56.4 52.1 57.5	9.4 8.1 3.8 5.8 7.1 7.2 7.6 9.8 7.2 8.1	25.7 28.7 23.1 23.8 25.2 24.3 24.1 24.3 25.8 24.3
53 54 55 56 57 58 59	Nassau County, N.Y. Hillsborough County, Fla. San Francisco County, Calif. Pulaski County, Ark. Union County, N.J. Guilford County, N.C. Geneste County, Mich. Nontgomery County, Ala. Palm Beach County, Fla. Chatham County, Ga.	90 743 86 464 86 414 81 407 81 207 79 374 78 804 77 614 77 576 7: 310	41 353 40 433 42 637 37 804 38 101 36 799 37 294 35 594 37 257 35 685	49 390 46 031 43 777 43 603 43 106 42 575 41 510 42 020 40 319 41 625	32 769 33 007 23 804 32 310 28 565 26 474 31 934 28 739 29 785 27 820	57 974 53 457 62 610 49 097 52 642 52 900 46 870 48 875 47 791 49 490	53 235 46 658 54 898 42 372 47 804 47 319 43 656 41 808 42 157 42 168	4 739 6 799 7 712 6 725 4 838 5 581 3 214 7 067 5 634 7 322	36.1 38.2 27.5 39.7 35.2 33.4 40.5 37.0 38.4 36.0	63.9 61.8 72.5 63.3 64.8 65.6 59.5 63.0 61.6 64.0	58 5 63.5 52.0 58.9 59.6 55.4 53.9 54.3 54.5	5.2 7.9 8.9 8.3 6.0 7.0 4.1 9.1 7.3	26.0 23.9 29.4 23.0 26.2 24.3 22.6 23.6 24.1 24.7
62 63 64 65 66 67 68 69	Cumberland County, N.C. St. Clair County, 111 Suffolk County, N.Y. Nonroe County, N.Y. Jefferson County, Tex Oklahoma County, Okla Hudson County, N.J. Orange County, Fla. Bexar County, Tex. Richmond County, Ga.	75 726 73 651 71 741 71 041 70 810 70 274 70 050 69 557 69 201 67 981	39 438 33 868 34 079 33 620 33 316 33 033 32 076 32 749 33 237 32 994	36 288 39 783 37 662 37 421 37 494 37 241 37 974 36 808 35 964 34 987	26 574 31 °52 28 114 29 306 25 528 26 422 27 116 27 171 22 320 22 827	49 152 42 557 43 62 41 735 45 282 43 852 42 934 42 386 46 881 45 154	45 814 37 080 39 513 39 283 39 382 38 734 39 220 37 766 40 889 40 124	3 338 5 519 4 114 2 452 5 900 5 118 3 714 4 620 5 992 5 030	35.1 42.2 39.2 41.3 36.1 37.6 38.7 39.1 32.3 33.6	64.9 57.8 60.8 58.7 63.9 62.4 61.3 60.9 67.7 66.4	60.5 50.3 55.1 55.3 55.6 55.1 56.0 14.3 59.1	4.4 7.5 5.7 3.5 8.3 7.3 5.3 6.6 8.7 7.4	22.7 22.0 24.1 22.1 25.0 23.8 23.6 23.2 25.5 24.1
72 73 74	New Haven County, Conn	67 488 67 232 66 350 66 155 65 573	31 420 31 204 31 254 30 308 31 210	36 068 36 028 35 096 35 847 34 363	25 909 25 631 24 147 24 979 20 517	41 579 41 601 42 203 41 176 45 056	38 134 37 336 38 823 37 608 39 998	3 445 4 265 3 380 3 568 5 058	38.4 38.1 36.4 37.8 31.3	61.6 61.9 63.6 62.2 68.7	56.5 55.5 58.5 56.8 61.0	. 1 6.1 5.1 5.4 7.7	23.6 24.4 24.7 24.6 25.4



Table 6. Summary Sex and Age Characteristics of the Black Population for Counties With 50,000 or More Black Population by Rank: 1980-Con.

(Rank is based on total 1980 Black population. For meaning of symbols, see Introduction. For definitions of terms, see Definitions and Explanations)

				_				Age (yes	rs)				
						Numb	ber			Perc	ent		
Rank	Counties with 50,000 or more Black population					18	8 and over			18	and o	ver	
		Black popu- lation	Male	Female	Under 18	Totel	18 to 64	65 ∎nd over	Under 18	Total	18 to 64	65 and over	Median
76	Lucas County, Ohio	63 901	30 028	33 873	24 135	39 766	35 077	4 689	37.8	62.2	54.9	7.3	24.2
77	Jefferson Parish, La	63 001	30 427	32 574	25 856	37 145	34 242	2 903	41.0	59.0	54.4	4.6	22.2
78	Contra Costa County, Calif	60 172	28 539	31 633	21 673	38 499	35 142	3 357	36.0	64.0	58.4	5,6	25.2
79	New Castle County, Del	60 116	28 053	32 063	21 880	38 236	34 125	4 111	36.4	63.6	56.8	6.8	24.9
80	Forsyth County, N.C	59 403	27 017	32 386	20 092	39 311	33 794	5 517	33.8	66.2	56.9	9.3	25.8
81	Denver County, Colo	59 252	28 766	30 486	19 661	39 591	35 897	3 694	33.2	66.8	60.6	6.2	26.0
82	Passaic County, N.J	59 171	26 904	32 267	23 884	35 287	32 800	2 487	40.4	59.6	55.4	4.2	22.7
83	Sacramento County, Calif	58 951	29 286	29 665	21 302	37 649	34 925	2 724	36.1	63.9	59.2	4.6	24.1
84	Bibb County, Ga	58 069	26 292	31 777	20 916	37 153	31 940	5 213	36.0	64.0	55.0	9.0	25.2
85	Muscogee County, Ga	57 884	27 449	30 435	20 357	37 527	33 219	4 308	35.2	64.8	57.4	7.4	24.6
86	Summit County Ohio	56 831	26 522	30 309	20 707	36 124	31 934	4 190	36.4	63.6	56.2	7.4	25.0
87	King County, Wash	55 950	28 296	27 654	18 572	37 378	34 064	3 314	33.2	66.8	60.9	5.9	26.0
88	Hamilton County, Tenn	55 840	25 632	30 208	19 224	36 616	30 717	5 899	34.4	65.6	55.0	10.6	26.2
89	Mercer County, N.J	55 545	26 063	29 482	19 440	36 105	32 609	3 496	35.0	65.0	58.7	6.3	25.3
90	Durham County, N.C	55 424	24 931	30 493	17 445	37 979	32 970	5 009	31.5	68.5	59.5	9.0	25.6
91	Pinellas County, Fla	55 206	25 546	29 660	21 527	33 679	29 536	4 143	39.0	61.0	53.5	7.5	23.9
92	Baltimore County, Nd	53 955	25 728	28 227	17 754	36 201	33 917	2 284	32.9	67.1	62.9	4.2	26.7
93	Greenville County, S.C	50 842	23 841	27 001	18 551	32 291	28 500	3 791	36.5	63.5	56.1	7.5	24.7
94	Montgomery County, Md	50 756	23 701	27 055	16 860	33 896	31 820	2 076	33.2	66.8	62.7	4.1	27.0



Table 7. Summary Household and Family Characteristics of the Black Population for Countles With 59,000 or More Black Population: 1980

(Counties are listed by size of Black population. For meaning of symbols, see Introduction, For definitions of terms, see Definitions and Explanations)

		Households		Families				
						Туре		
Counties with 50,000 or more Black population			Persons per		Married-	Female hous no husband		Persons per
	Total	Non family	household	Total	couple	Number	Percent	family
Cook County, Ill Los Angeles County, Calif Wayne County, Mich Kings County, R.Y. Philadelphia County, Pa. Harris County, Tex. District of Columbia Baltimore city, Md. Bronx County, N.Y. Queens County, N.Y.	425 127 333 359 274,496 250 621 215 608 155 572 161 961 134 916 132 045 110 997	123 705 111 004 80 126 76 951 67 221 42 662 60 527 37 419 41 438 26 522	3.13 2.79 2.99 2.86 2.93 3.02 2.70 3.15 2.77 3.16	301 422 222 355 194 370 173 670 148 387 112 910 101 434 97 497 90 607 84 475	152 205 119 867 99 846 81 781 70 094 70 947 49 529 45 374 41 336 50 866	129 821 86 453 81 697 80 890 67 387 35 050 43 556 44 745 43 799 28 959	43.1 38.9 42.0 46.6 45.4 31.0 42.9 45.9 48.3 34.3	3.83 3.49 3.64 3.55 3.59 3.66 3.47 3.73 3.43
Cuyahoga County, Ohio Shelby County, Tcnn Essex County, N.J New York County, N.Y Orleans Parish, La Pulton County, Ga Dallas County, Tex Dade County, Fla Prince Georges County, Md Jefferson County, Ala	120 794 97 498 105 746 133 811 99 347 103 444 91 913 84 551 79 607 72 275	36 681 24 230 32 226 67 863 27 856 31 667 24 445 21 390 19 252 18 583	2.79 3.28 2.95 2.21 3.06 2.85 3.10 3.27 3.08 3.07	84 113 73 268 73 520 65 948 71 491 71 777 67 468 63 161 60 355 53 692	46 996 38 797 34 880 28 755 37 038 35 449 39 402 34 887 38 717 31 592	32 383 29 607 33 857 32 033 30 205 31 736 24 064 23 225 17 681 19 267	38.5 40.4 46.1 48.6 42.3 44.2 35.7 36.8 29.3 35.9	3.45 3.90 3.62 3.21 3.75 3.50 3.71 3.83 3.57 3.70
St. Louis city, Mo Alameda County, Calif Hamilton County, Ohio Marion County, Ind Allegheny County, Pa Milwaukee County, Wis Duval County, Fla Frankliu County, Ohio DeKalb County, Ga Suffolk County, Mass	67 401 78 105 58 641 50 826 53 399 46 275 45 342 45 180 39 092 44 212	21 968 28 804 19 779 14 854 17 546 12 022 11 974 14 222 8 497 15 815	3.03 2.57 2.78 3.01 2.75 3.18 3.0; 2.84 3.32 2.79	45 433 49 301 38 862 35 972 35 853 34 253 33 368 30 958 30 595 28 397	20 844 25 805 20 693 19 746 18 145 15 163 17 669 16 794 18 941 12 637	21 413 19 761 16 086 14 030 15 647 17 031 13 794 12 333 9 933 13 794	47.1 40.1 41.4 39.0 43.6 49.7 41.3 39.8 32.5 48.6	3.84 3.29 3.55 3.67 3.41 3.78 3.63 3.50 3.81 3.56
Lake County, Ind	39 442 42 139 34 137 34 396 32 672 32 791 37 508 36 923 33 675 34 013	9 414 13 070 7 935 7 945 7 409 7 703 11 079 10 847 7 047 8 950	3.18 2.95 3.33 3.21 3.44 3.36 2.89 2.93 3.23 3.09	30 028 29 069 26 202 26 451 25 263 25 088 26 429 26 C76 26 628 25 063	17 085 15 913 14 752 15 745 14 384 14 646 13 189 13 273 17 050 13 756	11 135 11 320 9 994 9 206 8 859 8 987 11 575 11 402 8 111 9 770	37.1 38.9 38.1 34.8 35.1 35.8 43.8 43.7 30.5 39.0	3.75 3.66 3.94 3.78 3.93 3.95 3.46 3.58 3.70 3.67
Davidson County, Tenn Westchester County, N.Y. San Diego County, Calif. Richland County, S.C Eric County, N.Y. Tarrant County, Tex Charleston County, S.C Caddo Parish, La Montgomery County, Ohio Norfolk city, Va	34 379 35 323 32 631 27 757 36 424 32 174 27 149 29 342 32 744 29 439	10 061 10 724 9 653 6 493 11 712 8 224 5 734 7 596 9 412 8 490	2.92 2.81 2.89 3.29 2.77 3.10 3.42 3.21 2.85 2.98	24 318 24 599 22 978 21 264 24 712 23 950 21 415 21 746 23 332 20 949	13 363 13 440 13 909 13 017 11 443 14 593 12 333 12 046 12 717 10 676	9 534 9 974 7 613 7 101 11 744 8 009 7 841 8 475 9 385 8 969	39.2 40.5 33.1 33.4 47.5 33.4 36.6 39.0 40.2 42.8	3.56 3.41 3.45 3.85 3.42 3.7) 3.68 3.87 3.47 3.58
Nassau County, N.Y Hillsborough County, Fla San Francisco County, Calif Pulaski County, Ark Union County, N.J Guilford County, N.C Genesee County, Mich Montgomery County, Ala Palm Beach County, Fla Chatham County, Ga	24 764 27 435 33 654 24 871 24 686 24 803 24 095 23 150 23 062 24 416	4 375 7 395 14 206 6 344 5 243 6 715 5 630 5 854 6 147 6 432	3.54 3.09 2.50 3.21 3.26 3.01 3.25 3.24 3.28 3.09	20 389 20 040 19 448 18 527 19 443 18 088 18 465 17 296 16 915 17 984	12 635 10 497 9 983 10 548 12 026 10 545 9 613 9 749 9 528 10 963	6 877 8 429 8 17. 6 940 6 298 6 506 7 76: 6 570 6 123 6 929	33.7 42.1 42.0 37.5 32.4 36.0 42.0 38.0 36.2 38.5	3.86 3.68 3.32 3.85 3.72 3.60 3.78 3.88 3.91 3.73
Cumberland County, N.C. St. Clair County, Ill. Suffolk County, N.Y. Monroe County, N.Y. Jefferson County, Tex. Oklahoma County, Okla. Hudson County, N.J. Orange County, Fla. Bexar County, Tex. Richmond County, Ca. New Haven County, Conn. Camden County, N.J.	20 875 21 468 18 299 22 250 22 457 23 365 22 642 20 699 22 736 20 215 21 698 21 667	3 967 5 196 2 870 6 285 5 256 6 578 6 436 5 262 6 255 5 114 6 002 5 762	3.24 3.40 3.76 3.12 3.11 2.97 3.07 3.27 2.88 3.08 3.03 3.03	16 908 16 272 .5 429 15 965 17 201 16 787 16 206 15 437 16 481 15 101 15 696 15 905	11 153 7 760 9 790 7 570 11 406 9 961 7 565 8 343 10 536 8 688 7 789 7 915	5 113 7 591 4 860 7 476 4 880 5 933 7 697 6 061 5 279 5 596 7 032 7 001	30.2 46.7 31.5 4\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\	3.66 4.04 4.01 3.75 3.69 3.63 3.76 3.83 3.49 3.67 3.65



Table 7. Summary Household and Family Characteristics of the Black Population for Counties With 50,000 or More Black Population: 1980–Con.

(Counties are listed by size of Black population. For meaning of symbols, see Introduction. For definitions of terms, see Definitions and Explanations)

	1	louscholds				Families		
						Ty.		
Counties with 50,000 or more Black population			Persons		Manadad	Female hous no husband	, ,	Persons
	Total	Nonfamily	per household	Total	Married- couple	Number	Percent	family
Hartford County, Conn	22 039	6 555	2,95	15 484	7 874	6 762	43.7	3,60
Fairfield County, Conn	20 933	5 537	3.09	15 396	8 091	6 529	42,4	3.68
Wake County, N.C	19,912	5 400	3.03	14 512	8 804	4 361	33.5	3.62
Lucas County, Ohio	21 264	6 202	2,97	15 062	8 034	6 169	41,0	3.65
Jefferson Parish, La	17 687	3 551	3.54	14 136	8 918	4 350	30.8	4,05
Contra Costa County, Calif	20 199	4 989	2.97	15 210	8 483	5 740	37.7	? .45
New Castle County, Del	19 149	5 285	3,07	13 864	7 184	5 733	41.4	3.64
Forsyth County, N.C	19 926	5 918	2.89	14 008	7 549	5 674	40,5	3.55
Denver County, Colo	21 587	7 464	2,72	14 123	8 085	5 091	36.0	3.43
Passaic County, N.J	17 578	3 983	3.31	13 595	6 317	6 490	47.7	3.82
Sacramento County, Calif	20 252	5 870	2.88	14 382	8 400	5 021	34.9	3.47
Bibb County, Ga	17 861	4 312	3.17	13 549	7 305	5 513	40.7	3.76
Muscogee County, Ga	18 742	4 594	2.99	14 148	8 275	5 186	36.7	3.54
Summit County, Ohio	18 503	4 864	3.03	13 639	7 581	5 328	39.1	3.61
King County, Wash	21 033	7 895	2,61	13 138	7 394	4 781	36.4	3.34
Hamilton County, Tenn	18 338	4 996	2.98	13 342	7 089	5 500	41.2	3.61
Mercer County, N.J	17 039	4 589	3.13	12 450	6 128	5 511	44.3	3.69
Durham County, N.C	18 289	5 485	2.89	12 804	7 259	4 882	38.1	3.52
Pinellas County, Fla	17 641	4 820	3.10	12 821	6 640	5 368	41.9	3.71
Baltimore County, Md	18 336	4 801	2.82	13 535	8 550	4 181	30.9	3.29
Greenville County, S.C	15 767	3 952	3.18	11 815	6 728	4 370	37.0	3.80
Montgomery County, Md	17 052	4 710	2,92	12 342	7 961	3 617	29,3	3.45

Table 8. Summary Social and Economic Characteristics of the Black Population for Counties With 50,000 or More Black Population: 1980

(Counties are listed by size of Black population. Data are estimates based on a sarole, see Introduction. For meaning of symbols, see Introduction. For definitions of terms, see Definitions and Explanations)

		· ·										
			ersons 25 years old and over labor force						Madian sucome in 1979 (dollars)		Income in 1979 below poverty level	
Counties with 50,000 or more Black population	Total persons	Percent high school graduates	Percent completed 4 or more years of college	Male, 16 years old and over	Female, 16 years old and over	Civilian labor force percent unem- ployed	Fami- lies percent with no workers in 1979	House- holds	Fami- lies	Per capita income in 1979 (dol- lara)	Percent of persons for whom poverty status is determined	Percent of fami- lies
Cook County, Ill	1 346 186 943 124 829 011 723 748 638 788 472 151 448 370 430 934 372 650 355 010	54.9 68.6 54.7 57.3 49.3 58.4 56.3 44.6 56.5	8.2 10.9 6.7 7.3 5.8 11.7 12.2 6.3 6.9	66.5 68.0 64.8 66.2 61.3 77.5 66.0 65.2 62.8 70.8	50.6 55.3 48.9 51.8 46.3 62.1 57.1 52.8 50.5 57.3	15.2 10.4 22.5 11.9 17.1 5.9 8.7 14.6 11.7 8.6	22.3 18.4 24.0 23.7 26.5 9.9 16.3 19.7 25.0 13.9	12 353 12 423 13 287 10 263 10 494 13 794 13 860 1 158 10 355 15 770	14 573 14 879 15 540 11 574 12 048 15 819 16 362 12 510 11 617 17 497	5 046 5 714 5 518 4 434 4 528 5 368 4 396 4 493 4 674 5 734	30.1 23.1 26.4 31.8 32.2 21.8 22.0 31.0 32.1 18.7	27.0 20.9 24.1 29.6 28.6 19.5 18.6 28.0 29.5 16.3
Cuyahoga County, Ohio Shelby County, Tenn Essex County, N.J New York County, N.Y Orleans Parish, La Fulton County, Ga Dallas County, Tex Dade County, Fla Prince Georges County, Md Jefferson County, Ala	340 827 324 254 316 648 311 326 308 039 303 626 285 782 281 351 247 888 223 716	56.0 45.3 56.4 52.2 46.9 55.8 59.5 49.4 77.0 50.9	6.7 6.9 7.9 10.4 8.1 12.2 9.2 8.3 15.6 8.4	67.3 64.6 68.1 58.3 64.6 66.9 75.9 73.5 82.6 62.7	52.2 51.6 53.6 46.0 48.6 56.1 64.7 60.4 75.7	13.1 14.4 12.8 12.8 10.1 10.2 5.7 7.3 5.9 12.6	20.2 19.0 22.3 28.2 21.2 17.9 10.0 12.8 4.6 19.9	12 035 9 343 11 231 8 516 8 847 9 816 12 243 11 356 20 900 9 423	14 977 10 703 12 452 10 778 10 516 11 417 14 177 12 710 22 930 11 675	5 373 3 800 4 836 5 219 3 985 4 514 4 727 4 408 7 529 4 066	27.0 36.5 30.5 33.7 37.3 32.4 24.0 29.6 8.6 30.7	24.4 32.5 28.3 29.4 33.4 29.3 21.2 26.4 7.1 27.3
St. Louis city, Mo	206 170 203 698 165 991 155 455 150 077 149 385 140 378 130 789 130 757 127 487	44.8 67.6 49.1 53.0 57.0 53.1 48.5 59.8 61.1 61.4	5.9 11.4 7.5 6.6 7.5 7.0 7.9 8.6 11.4	62.6 66.1 67.1 72.1 61.3 70.2 65.0 70.0 77.2 66.2	51.3 54.7 53.4 61.5 46.5 55.7 50.5 56.7 67.3 53.4	17.7 12.9 14.1 13.8 15.5 13.8 10.1 10.6 8.5 9.2	19.6 20.7 18.8 12.1 25.1 20.0 19.5 15.9 7.9 22.5	9 410 12 202 10 673 12 883 10 307 12 090 9 140 11 763 14 590 10 272	12 843 10 519 14 058 15 886	4 116 5 978 4 934 5 178 4 930 4 806 4 009 5 047 5 034 4 611	33.6 23.0 28.6 23.2 28.9 29.7 34.5 26.4 19.9 28.7	28.6 21.6 25.4 19.9 25.3 28.8 31.8 23.1 17.7 27.6
Lake County, Ind	126 066 125 412 114 983 114 700 113 353 113 153 112 426 109 927 109 143 107 222	56.2 58.2 47.2 52.3 43.6 48.9 42.8 54.1 67.0	7.1 8.3 6.8 13.8 7.2 14.3 7.8 7.6 12.8 9.5	70.7 71.2 64.8 67.6 74.3 64.5 66.2 65.9 78.5 76.2	51.5 62.2 46.1 53.6 62.8 56.4 58.2 54.8 68.4 64.0	15.9 10.9 13.9 9.7 7.0 9.9 9.1 15.7 12.1 8.2	17.5 12.1 19.2 15.0 10.5 13.9 15.2 18.5 6.4 11.2	10 658 11 268	12 050 11 249 12 643 12 243 19 171	5 744 5 105 3 458 4 332 4 115 3 697 4 700 4 464 6 012 4 514	23.9 24.1 38.1 30.3 29.8 33.7 27.8 30.6 14.0 25.7	22.1 20.2 35.2 27.1 27.0 29.4 24.2 27.8 12.3 23.3
Davidson County, Tenn	106 257 104 140 104 407 103 955 103 565 100 725 95 422 95 273 94 702 93 977	54.5 62.9 74.2 52.2 50.3 43.9 41.5 60.9	15.0 11.9 11.1 11.6 6.6 7.9 7.4 7.3 9.8 6.2	65.8 68.5 80.3 66.3 60.9 73.2 69.6 69.2 66.8 71.1	57.0 61.8 58.2 60.7 67.2 63 52.7 55.7 55.7	8.5 6.5 12.2 9.3 20.0 6.9 11.7 10.2 17.5	13.8 14.0 13.4 10.8 27.3 10.4 16.2 15.0 18.3 20.3	11 153 9 540 9 231 12 250	16 485 13 985 12 915 10 665 12 902 10 907 11 397	4 592 6 115 5 408 4 048 4 538 4 462 3 670 3 701 5 197 4 175	27.4 19.6 20.3 26.2 35.0 24.8 35.2 33.3 26.4 35.5	23.6 18.3 18.9 22.8 32.7 22.3 32.2 30.0 23.8 31.5
Nassau County, N.Y. Hillsborough County, Fla San Francisco County, Calif. Pulaski County, Ark. Union County, N.J. Guilford County, N.C. Generee County, Mich. Montgomery County, Ala Palm Beach County, Fla Chatham County, Ga Cumberland County, N.C. St. Clair County, Ill. Suffolk County, N.Y. Monroe County, N.Y. Jefferson County, N.Y. Oklahoma County, Okla Hudson County, N.J. Orange County, Fla Bexar County, Tex. Richmond County, Ca	90 222 86 370 86 190 81 371 81 149 79 125 78 686 77 775 79 013 77 388 76 049 73 588 71 901 71 460 70 828 69 983 69 720 69 668 68 955 67 942	67.2 48.4 62.4 54.2 62.0 56.8 58.0 46.2 39.8 43.7 62.4 48.8 60.8 52.0 49.0 65.4 51.3 48.1 64.7	12.7 7.7 11.2 9.7 9.4 14.4 6.4 12.6 7.7 8.4 11.1 7.6 10.3 9.1 6.2 12.1 7.5 7.6 10.4 8.4	73.2 65.6 63.5 68.6 76.7 73.0 70.4 63.5 70.4 65.9 80.2 57.6 69.3 73.7 72.0 69.0 72.2 72.5 75.1	61.1 52.1 52.8 56.5 62.1 61.9 52.9 50.3 63.0 47.2 50.4 42.5 55.8 61.1 51.4 62.0 53.4 63.1 56.1	6.6 9.5 11.6 9.4 9.7 9.6 23.1 12.3 6.0 12.1 14.6 20.7 8.5 14.3 12.0 6.5 12.5 7.5 7.7	10.2 20.7 17.1 11.9 20.4 16.5 30.3 12.9 15.4 13.5 12.9 20.7	11 254 10 245 17 327 11 400 17 959 9 001 10 308 8 561 9 814 8 421 18 543 12 988	10 824 14 078 11 605 19 479 17 19 19 429 10 775 12 336 10 305 11 9 855 19 604 14 492 13 440 14 041 12 101 10 973 12 950	5 970 3 957 5 994 3 873 5 962 4 519 6 182 3 551 4 025 3 700 3 903 3 707 5 249 3 033 4 464 4 952 4 489 3 988 4 577 4 009	17.0 35.1 25.1 29.2 16.4 23.8 22.4 38.9 35.2 31.6 41.6 17.7 27.9 29.4 24.8 33.3 26.7 30.3	14.5 32.0 23.8 24.8 14.3 21.0 21.0 32.9 27.1 31.5 28.6 37.8 15.1 26.1 26.4 21.8 30.0 29.7 23.0 26.4
New Haven County, Conn Camden County, N.J Hartford County, Conn Fairfield County, Conn	67 122 67 292 66 381 66 032	56.4 54.9 58.9 54.2	8.1 8.6 9.5 7.5	69.6 66.3 73.4 73 .4	56.8 52.8 64.0 58.4	13.1 15.9 8.4 8.5	19.7 13.4	11 184 11 679 13 070 12 527	12 781 15 080	4 633 4 732 5 351 5 191	28.3 30.5 22.2 26.4	27.0 27.3 19.8 25 1



Table 8. Summary Social and Economic Characteristics of the Black Population for Counties With 50,000 or More Black Population: 1980 – Con.

(Counties are listed by size of Black population. Data are estimates based on a sample, see Introduction. For meaning of symbols, see Introduction. For definitions of terms, see Definitions and Explanations)

		Persons 25 years old and over		Percent in labor force				Median income in 1979 (dollars)			Income in 1979 below poverty level	
Counties with 50,000 or more Black population	Total persons	Percent high school graduates	Percent completed 4 or more years of college	Male, 16 years old snd over	Female, 16 years old and over	Civilian labor force percent unem- ployed	Pami- lies percent with no workers in 1979	House- holds	Fami- lies	Per capita income in 1979 (dol- lars)	Percent of persons for whom poverty status is determined	Percent of fami- lies
Wake County, N.C	65 581	50.6	13.3	67.3	59.8	6.9	9.9	11 677	13 280	4 395	23.4	20.3
Lucas Courty, Ohio	64 140	52.0	6,5	66.9	52.4	22.4		11 391		4 779	30.2	27.2
Jefferson Parish, La	63 153	49.2	7.0	73.4	52.9	8.3	11.7	12 834		4 279	26.3	24.7
Contra Costs County, Cali	60 146	68.6	11.5	67.9	54.7	12.1	18.6	14 275	15 984	5 886	21.9	21.0
New Castle County, Del	60 392	54,2	9.5	67.6	57.1	11.1	14.3	12,446	13 734	4 900	27.1	24.7
Forsyth County, N.C	59 456	52.8	11.5	68.6	58.4	9,6	12.3	10 520	12 535	4 408	25.6	21.4
Denver County, Colo	59 095	70.1	12.0	74.6	62.9	8.1	12.9	12 344		5 833	23.3	21.2
Psassic County, N.J	59 237	47.0	4.6	69.7	55.6	12.8	21.7	10 737		4 102	32.9	31.1
Sacramento County, Calif	58 596	72.9	12.4	68.6	55.7	13.7	19.5	12 326	14 384	5 499	24.0	22.6
Bibb County, Ga	58 082	37.8	5.4	63.7	49.4	13.6	19.0	8 732	10 695	3 657	35.9	31.2
Muscogee County, Ga	57 981	47.0	6.5	68.4	49.8	15.1	18.0	8 974	10 177	3 765	32.9	29.2
Summit County, Ohio	56 880	53.2	5.8	67.9	51.5	17.6		11 614	13 764	4 812	27.2	24.5
King County. Wash	55 275	70.4	13.3	73.3	60.3	10.0	13.6	13 470	16 463	6 311	21.0	17.8
Hamilton County, Tenn	55 852	47.8	7.6	64.9	53.7	11.9	17.5	9 343	11 538	4 056	31.9	27.0
Mercer County, N.J	55 350	52,5	6.5	64.0	57.3	13.0		11 982	13 576	4 743	25.2	24.0
Durham County, N.C	55 569	53.5	15.5	67.5	61.1	6.5		11 101	13 248	4 484	24.9	20.4
Pinellas County, Fls	54 917	44.3	7.5	71.7	63.7	8.3	12.2		10 838	3 836	32.2	29.7
Baltimore County, Md	53 432	72.3	18.6	79.1	71.8	7.5		18 855	20 436	7 142	11.2	10.6
Greenville County, S.C	50 462	40.2	5.6	71.1	59.9	8.0			12 404	4 136	26.9	24.4
Montgomery County, Md	51 114	77.5	31.9	82.4	72.3	4.9	5.3	20 735	23 429	8 423	11.8	10.1



Table 9. Places With a Black Population of 50,000 or More by State and Rank in 1980: 1980 and 1970

(Rank is based on total 1980 Black population. For meaning of symbols, see Introduction. For definitions of terms, see Definitions and Explanations)

			1980			1970		Change, 1970	to 1980
Rank	United States Places with 50.000 or more Black population	Total population	Black population	Black population as a percent of tal population	Total population	Black population	Black population as a percent of total population	Number	Percent
	United States	226 545 805	26 495 025	11.7	203 211 926	22 580 289	11.1	3 914 736	17.3
	Total places with 50,000 or more Black population	37 813 888	12 057 008	31.9	39 976 676	10 944 505	27.4	1 112 503	10.2
17 41 42	Alabama: Birmingham city Mobile city Montgomery city	284 413 200 452 177 857	158 224 72 568 69 660	55.6 36.2 39.2	300 910 190 026 133 386	126 388 67 356 44 523	42.0 35.4 33.4	31 836 5 212 25 137	25. 2 7. 7 56. 5
62	Arkansas: Little Rock city	158 461	51 091	32.2	132 483	33 074	25.0	18 017	54.5
50 55 5 16 39 35	California: Compton city	81 286 94 245 2 966 850 339 337 875 538 678 974	60 812 54 010 505 210 159 281 77 700 86 414	74.8 57.3 17.0 46.9 8.9 12.7	78 611 89 985 2 816 061 361 561 696 769 715 674	55 781 10 066 503 606 124 710 52 961 96 078	71.0 11.2 17.9 34.5 7.6 13.4	5 031 43 944 1 604 34 571 24 739	9.0 436.6 0.3 27.7 46.7 -10.1
51	Colorado: Denver city	492 365	59 252	12.0	514 678	47 011	9.1	12 241	26.0
6	District of Columbia: Washington city	638 333	448 906	70.3	756 510	537 712	71.1	-88 806	-16.5
20 34 46	Florida: Jacksonville city Miæmi city Tampa city	540 920 346 865 271 523	137 324 87 110 63 835	25.4 25.1 23.5	528 865 334 859 277 767	118 158 76 156 54 720	22.3 22.7 19.7	19 166 10 954 9 115	16.2 14.4 16.7
11 53 60 43	Georgia: Atlanta City	425 022 169 441 116 896 141 390	282 911 57 884 52 068 69 241	66.6 34.2 44.5 49.0	496 973 154 168 122 423 118 349	255 051 40 422 45 715 53 111	51.3 26.2 37.3 44.9	27 860 17 462 6 353 16 130	10.9 43.2 13.9 30.4
2 58	Illinois: Chicago city East St. Louis city	3 005 072 55 200	1 197 000 52 751	39.8 95.6	3 366 957 69 996	1 102 620 48 368	32.7 69.1	94 380 4 383	8.6 9.1
26 18	Indiana: Gary city Indianapolis city	151 953 700 807	107 644 152 626	70.8 21.8	175 415 744 624	92 695 134 320	52.8 18.0	14 949 18 306	16.1 13.6
37	Kentucky: Louisville city	298 451	84 080	28.2	361 472	86 040	23.8	-1 960	-2.3
38 9 36	Louisiana: Baton Rouge city New Orleans city Shreveport city	219 419 557 515 205 820	80 088 308 149 84 627	36.5 55.3 41.1	165 963 593 471 182 064	46 198 267 308 62 152	27.8 45.0 34.1	33 890 40 841 22 475	73.4 15.3 36.2
8	Maryland: Baltimore city	786 775	431 151	54.8	905 759	420 210	46.4	10 941	2.6
22	Massachusetts: Boston city	562 994	126 229	22.4	641 071	104 707	16.3	21 522	20.6
3 44	Michigan: Detroit city Plint city	1 203 339 159 611	758 939 66 124	63.1 41.4	1 511 482 193 317	660 428 54 237	43.7 28.1	98 511 11 887	14.9 21.9
30	Mississippi: Jackson city	202 895	95 357	47.0	· 53 968	61 063	39.7	34 294	56.2
24 14	Missouri: Kansas city St. Louis city	448 159 453 085	122 699 206 386	27.4 45.6	5.7 087 622 236	112 005 254 191	22.1 40.9	10 694 -47 805	9.5 -18.8
45 48 15	New Jersey: East Orange city Jersey City city Newark city	77 690 223 532 329 248	64 626 61 954 191 745	83.2 27.7 58.2	75 471 260 545 382 417	40 099 54 595 207 458	53.1 21.0 54.2	24 527 7 359 -15 713	61.2 13.5 -7.6
31 1 47	New York: Buffalo city New York city Rochester city	357 870 7 071 639 241 761	95 116 1 784 337 62 332	26.6 25.2 25.8	462 768 7 894 862 296 233	94 329 1 668 115 49 647	20.4 21.1 16.8	787 116 222 12 685	0.8 7.0 25.6
29 61 57	North Carolina: Charlotte city Greensboro city Winston-Salem city.	314 447 155 642 131 885	97 627 51 373 52 968	31.0 33.0 40.2	241 178 144 076 132 913	72 972 40 633 45 533	30.3 28.2 34.3	24 655 10 740 7 435	33.8 26.4 16.3



Table 9. Places With a Black Population of 50,000 or More by State and Rank in 1980: 1980 and 1970-Con.

(Rank is based on total 1980 Black population. For meaning of symbols, see Introduction. For definitions of terms, see Definitions and Explanations)

	Under Shakes	1980				1970	Change, 1970 to 1980		
Rank	United States Places with 50,000 or more Black population	Total population	Black population	Black population as a percent of total population	Total population	Black population	Black population as a percent of total population	Number	Percent
59 21 13 23 40 49	Ohio: Akron city Cincinnati city. Cleveland city. Columbus city. Dayton city. Toledo city.	237 177 385 457 573 822 564 871 203 371 354 635	52 719 130 467 251 347 124 880 75 016 61 750	22.? 33.8 43.8 22.1 36.9 17.4	275 425 452 524 750 903 539 677 243 601 383 818	48 205 125 070 287 841 99 627 74 284 52 915	17.5 27.6 38.3 18.5 30.5	4 514 5 397 -36 494 25 253 732 8 835	9.4 4.3 -12.7 25.3 1.0 16.7
52	Oklahoma: Oklahoma City city	403 213	58 702	14.6	366 481	50 1.13	13.7	8 599	17.2
4 28	Pennsylvania: Philadeiphia city Pittsburgh city	1 688 210 423 938	638 878 101 813	37.8 24.0	1 948 609 520 117	653 791 104 904	33.6 20.2	-14 913 -3 091	-2.3 -2.9
56 10 27	Tennessec: Chattanooga city Memphis city Nashville-Davidson	169 565 646 356 455 651	53 716 307 702 105 942	31.7 47.6 23.3	119 082 623 530 448 003	42 610 242 513 87 851	35.8 38.9 19.6	11 106 65 189 18 091	26.1 26.9 20.6
12 33 7 54	Texas: Dallas city Fort Worth 'ity Houston city San Antorio city	904 078 385 164 1 595 138 785 880	265 594 87 723 440 346 57 700	29.4 22.8 27.6 7.3	844 401 393 476 1 232 802 654 153	210 238 78 324 316 551 50 041	24.9 19.9 25.7 7.6	-5 356 9 399 123 795 7 659	26.3 12.0 39.1 15.3
32 25	Virginia: Norfolk city Richmond city	266 979 219 214	93 987 112 357	35.2 51.3	307 951 249 621	87 261 104 766	28.3 42.0	6 726 7 591	7.7
19	Wisconsin: Milwaukee city	636 212	146 940	23.1	717 099	105 088	14.7	41 852	39.8



Table 10. Summary Sex and Age Characteristics of the Black Population for Places With 50,000 or More Black Population by Rank: 1980

(Rank is based on total 1980 Black population. For meaning of symbols, see Introduction. For definitions of terms, see Definitions and Explanations)

								Years (ige)				
	Places with 50,000 or more					Num	iber			Per	cent		
fank	Black population	Black				1	8 and over			18	and ov	er_	
		popu- lation	Male	Female	Under 18	Total	18 to 64	65 and over	Under 18	Total	18 to 64	65 and over	Median
1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9	New York city, N.Y Chicago city, Ill Detroit city, Mich Philadelphia city, Pa Los Angeles city, Calif Washington city, D.C Houston city, Tex Baltimore city, Md New Orleans city, La Memphis city, Tenn	1 784 337 1 197 000 758 939 638 878 505 210 448 906 440 346 431 151 308 149 307 702	800 077 550 923 335 676 289 455 237 063 206 814 209 353 199 836 141 501 142 566	984 260 646 077 403 263 349 423 268 147 242 092 230 993 231 315 166 648 165 136	582 212 432 426 269 922 204 914 152 951 123 388 154 624 141 513 113 823 115 115	1 202 125 764 574 489 U17 433 964 352 259 325 518 285 722 289 638 194 326 192 587	1 074 858 682 627 431 743 374 864 307 730 282 753 259 516 255 933 170 359 166 751	127 267 81 947 57 274 59 100 44 529 42 765 26 206 33 705 23 967 25 836	32.6 36.1 35.6 32.1 30.3 27.5 35.1 32.8 36.9 37.4	67.4 63.9 64.4 67.9 69.7 72.5 64.9 67.2 63.1 62.6	60.2 57.0 56.9 58.7 60.9 63.0 58.9 59.4 55.3 54.2	7.1 6.8 7.5 9.3 8.8 9.5 6.0 7.8 8.4	27.8 24.9 25.8 27.9 28.0 29.3 24.8 26.2 24.4
11 12 13 14 15 16 17 18 19 20	Atlanta city, Ga. Dallas city, Tex. Cleveland city, Ohio. St. Louis city, Mo. Newark city, N.J. Oakland city, Calif. Birmingham city, Ala. Indianapolis city, Ind. Milwaukee city, Wis. Jacksonville city, Fla.	282 911 265 594 251 347 206 386 191 745 159 281 158 224 152 626 146 940 137 324	129 544 124 401 115 244 93 115 87 155 75 022 72 280 71 214 68 440 63 344	153 367 141 193 136 103 113 271 104 590 84 259 85 944 81 412 78 500 73 980	94 407 98 286 81 045 71 636 72 211 50 249 52 688 54 837 62 690 49 672	188 504 167 308 170 302 134 750 119 534 109 032 105 536 97 789 84 250 87 652	166 082 152 208 147 207 111 546 107 978 97 140 87 986 85 129 78 651 75 563	22 422 15 100 23 095 23 204 11 556 11 892 17 550 12 660 5 599 12 089	33.4 37.0 32.2 34.7 37.7 31.5 33.3 35.9 42.7 36.2	66.6 63.0 67.8 65.3 62.3 68.5 66.7 64.1 57.3 63.8	58.7 57.3 58.6 54.0 56.3 61.0 55.6 55.8 53.5	7.9 5.7 9.2 11.2 6.0 7.5 11.1 8.3 3.8 8.8	25.6 24.1 27.4 25.8 24.5 27.3 26.4 25.2 21.4 24.8
21 22 23 24 25 26 27 28 29 30	Cincinnati city, Ohio Boston city, Mass Columbus city, Ohio Kansas City city, Mo Richmond city, Va Gary city, Ind Nashville-Davidson, Tenn Pittsburgh city. Pa Charlotte city, N.C Jackson city, Miss	130 467 126 229 124 880 122 699 112 357 107 644 105 942 101 813 97 627 95 357	59 383 58 366 59 037 57 357 50 806 50 132 48 908 46 495 44 986 43 856	71 084 67 863 65 843 65 342 61 551 57 512 57 034 55 318 52 641 51 501	44 264 43 669 43 413 43 817 34 194 41 177 33 472 31 913 34 923 35 849	86 203 82 560 81 467 78 882 78 163 66 467 72 470 69 900 62 704 59 508	73 588 75 471 72 981 68 984 67 639 59 757 62 489 58 368 56 689 52 843	12 615 7 089 8 486 9 898 10 524 6 710 9 981 11 532 6 015 6 665	33.9 34.6 34.8 35.7 30.4 38.3 31.6 31.3 35.8 37.6	66.1 65.4 65.2 64.3 69.6 61.7 68.4 68.7 64.2	56.4 59.8 58.4 56.2 60.2 55.5 59.0 57.3 58.1 55.4	9.7 5.6 6.8 8.1 9.4 6.2 9.4 11.3 6.2 7.0	25.8 25.0 24.9 24.9 27.1 24.1 25.7 27.6 24.5 22.9
31 32 33 34 35 36 37 38 39 40	Buffalo city. N.Y Norfolk city, Va Fort Worth city, Tex Miami city, Fla San Francisco city, Calif. Shreveport city, La Louisville city, Ky. Baton Rouge city, La San Diego city, Calif. Dayton city, Ohio.	95 116 93 987 87 723 87 110 86 414 84 627 84 080 80 088 77 700 75 016	43 816 45 955 41 294 41 674 42 637 38 592 38 362 36 790 41 008 34 706	51 300 48 032 46 429 45 436 43 777 46 035 45 718 43 298 36 692 40 310	33 608 30 591 32 095 28 446 23 804 32 661 28 751 28 928 25 358 26 083	61 508 63 396 55 628 58 664 62 610 51 966 55 329 51 160 52 342 48 933	54 721 55 797 48 681 52 540 54 898 44 157 46 309 45 454 48 836 42 906	6 787 7 599 6 947 6 124 7 712 7 809 9 020 5 706 3 506 6 027	35.3 32.5 36.6 32.7 27.6 38.6 34.2 36.1 32.6 34.8	64.7 67.5 63.4 67.3 72.5 61.4 65.8 63.9 67.4 65.2	57.5 59.4 55.5 60.3 63.5 52.2 55.1 56.8 62.9 57.2	7.1 8.1 7.9 7.0 8.9 9.2 10.7 7.1 4.5	25. 2 24. 3 24. 5 26. 7 29. 4 24. 1 25. 9 24. 0 23. 6 25. 9
41 42 43 44 45 46 47 48 49	Mobile city, Ala Montgomery city, Ala Savannah city, Ga Flint city, Mich East Orange city, N.J. Tampa city, Fla Rochester city, N.Y. Jersey City city, N.J. Toledo city, Ohio Compton city, Calif.	72 568 69 660 69 241 66 124 64 626 63 835 62 332 61 954 61 750 60 812	33 820 31 615 31 815 31 180 29 452 29 503 29 258 28 177 28 899 28 515	38 748 38 045 37 426 34 944 35 174 34 332 33 074 33 777 32 851 32 297	26 689 25 922 25 113 26 650 21 009 24 210 26 181 24 436 23 371 23 692	45 879 43 738 44 128 39 474 43 617 39 625 36 151 37 518 38 379 37 120	39 359 37 602 37 560 36 574 39 621 34 012 33 843 34 261 33 904 34 801	6 520 6 136 6 568 2 900 3 996 5 613 2 308 3 257 4 475 2 319	36.8 37.2 36.3 40.3 32.5 37.9 42.0 39.4 37.9 39.0	63. 2 62. 8 63. 7 59. 7 67. 5 62. 1 58. 0 60. 6 62. 2 61. 0	54. 2 54. 0 54. 2 55. 3 61. 3 53. 3 54. 3 55. 3 54. 9 57. 2	9.0 8.8 9.5 4.4 6.2 8.8 3.7 5.3 7.2 3.8	24.4 23.5 24.8 22.6 27.3 24.2 21.8 23.2 24.2 22.9
51 52 53 54 55 56 57 58 59 60 61 62	Denver city, Colo Oklahoma City city, Okla Columbus city, Ga San Antonio city, Tex Inglewood city, Calif. Chattanooga city, Tenn Winston-Salem city, N.C East St. Louis city, Ill. Akron city, Ohio Macon city. Ga Greensboro city, N.C Little Rock city, Ark	59 252 58 702 57 884 57 700 54 010 53 716 52 968 52 751 52 719 52 068 51 373 51 091	28 766 27 487 27 449 26 922 25 044 24 629 23 915 23 881 24 495 23 287 23 548 23 353	30 486 31 215 30 435 30 778 28 966 29 087 29 053 28 870 28 224 28 781 27 825 27 738	19 661 21 849 20 357 18 486 17 675 18 548 17 763 22 332 19 320 18 770 16 208 20 267	39 591 36 853 37 527 39 214 36 335 35 168 35 205 30 419 33 399 33 298 35 165 30 824	35 897 32 090 33 219 33 431 34 847 29 471 30 178 26 289 29 554 28 440 31 606 26 991	3 694 4 763 4 308 5 783 1 488 5 697 5 027 4 130 3 845 4 858 3 559 3 833	33.2 37.2 35.2 32.0 32.7 34.5 33.5 42.3 36.6 36.0 31.5 39.7	66.8 62.8 64.8 68.0 67.3 65.5 66.5 57.7 63.4 64.0 68.5 60.3	60.6 54.7 57.4 57.9 64.5 54.9 57.0 49.8 56.1 54.6 61.5	6.2 8.1 7.4 10.0 2.8 10.6 9.5 7.8 7.3 9.3 6.9 7.5	26.0 24.3 24.6 25.9 26.2 25.5 22.0 24.8 25.2 24.2



Table 11. Summary Household and Family Characteristics of the Black Population for Places With 50,000 or More Black Population: 1980

(Places are listed by size of Black population. For meaning of symbols, see Introduction. For definitions of terms, see Definitions and Explanations)

		Households	Ī			Pamilies		
Places with 50,000 or more Black		-		•		Туре		
population			_	-		Female househo	•	_
	Total	Non family	Persons per household	Total	Married- couple	Number	Percent	Persons per family
New York city, N.Y	635 302	214 706	2.76	420 596	205 651	188 343	44.8	3.49
	381 601	114 289	3.10	267 312	130 175	119 594	44.7	3.83
	251 547	73 634	2.99	177 913	91 093	75 101	42.2	3.64
Philadelphia city, Pa	215 608	67 221	2.93	148 387	70 094	67 387	45.4	3.59
Los Angeles city, Calif	192 935	7 5 192	2.57	117 743	58 237	50 395	42.8	3.36
Washington city, D.C	161 961	60 527	2.70	101 434	49 529	43 556	42.9	3.47
	145 571	40 677	3.00	104 894	64 796	33 599	32.0	3.65
	134 916	37 419	3.15	97 497	45 374	44 745	45.9	3.73
New Orleans city, La	99 347 93 143	27 856 23 438	3.06 3.26	71 491 69 705	37 038 36 306	30 205 28 71 7	42.3	3.75
Atlanta city, Ga Dallas city, Tex Cleveland city, Ohio	94 570	28 388	2.90	66 182	31 315	30 454	46.0	3,55
	85 376	23 120	3.08	62 256	35 701	22 806	36.6	3,71
	88 795	27 356	2.80	61 439	31 897	25 853	42.1	3,47
St. Louis city, Mo	67 401	21 968	3.03	45 433	20 844	21 413	47.1	3.84
	62 725	18 977	3.03	43 748	18 290	22 531	51.5	3.72
	61 677	23 223	2.56	38 454	19 287	16 155	42.0	3.31
Birmingham city, Ala Indianapolis city, Ind	52 100	13 719	3.02	38 381	21 974	14 373	37.4	3.64
	50 029	14 592	3.02	35 437	19 411	13 863	39.1	3.67
Milwaukee city, Wis	45 619 44 335	11 846 11 713	3.18	33 773 32 622	14 776 17 272	16 976 13 482	50.3 41.3	3.79: 3.63
Cincinnati city, Ohio	47 890	17 745	2.67	30 145	14 559	13 881	46.0	3.50
	43 868	15 686	2.79	28 182	12 543	13 637	48.6	3.56
	42 997	13 482	2.85	29 515	15 836	11 917	40.4	3.51
Kansas City city, Mo	41 160	12 864	2.95	28 296	15 340 }	11 147	39.4	3.67
	37 508	11 079	2.89	26 429	13 189	11 575	43.8	3.46
	33 220	7 504	3.23	25 716	14 815	9 353	36.4	3.77
Nashville-Davidson, Tenn Pittsburgh city, Pa Charlotte city, N.C	34 194	9 960	2.92	24 234	13 308	9 513	39.3	3.56
	36 574	12 781	2.70	23 793	10 969	11 396	47.9	3.41
	31 382	8 456	3.07	22 926	12 273	9 245	40.3	3.66
Jackson city, Miss Buffalo city, N.Y	28 073 34 049	6 691 11 093	3.30 2.76	21 382 22 956	12 312 10 290	7 824 11 249	36.6 49.0	3.87
Norfolk city, Va	29 439	8 490	2.98	20 949	10 676	8 969	42.8	3.58
	27 854	7 108	3.11	20 746	12 163	7 395	35.6	3.70
	29 190	9 690	2.95	19 500	9 311	8 072	41.4	3.61
San Francisco city, Calif	33 654	14 206	2.50	19 448	9 983	8 177	42.0	3.32
	26 162	6 745	3.21	19 417	10 508	7 830	40.3	3.86
Louisville city, Ky	28 871	9 180	2.87	19 691	9 150	9 428	47.9	3.58
	25 224	6 320	3.11	18 904	10 715	7 043	37.3	3.71
	25 161	7 822	2.85	17 339	10 005	6 219	35.9	3.46
Dayton city, Ohio	26 456 22 295	8 117 5 545	3.22	18 339 16 750	9 258 9 299	8 073 6 490	44.0 38.7	3.44
Montgomery city, Ala	21 048	5 413	3.21	15 635	8 631	6 117.	39.1	3.86
	22 031	5 880	3.09	16 151	8 854	6 410	39.7	3.74
	20 366	4 886	3.23	15 480	7 713	6 842	44.2	3.76
East Orange city, N.J	22 754	7 422	2.81	15 332	8 196	6 134	40.0	3.48
	20 690	5 762	3.04	14 928	7 162	6 934	46.4	3.64
	19 591	5 626	3.13	13 965	6 061	7 055	50.5	3.79
Jersey City city, N.J	19 739	5 454	3.12	14 285	6 507	6 964	48.8	3.79
	20 607	6 031	2.97	14 576	7 708	6 038	41.4	3.65
	16 831	2 684	3.60	14 147	7 990	5 281	37.3	3.94
Denver city, Colo	21 587 19 892	7 464 5 771	2.72	14 123 14 031	8 085 8 096	5 091 5 159	36.0 36.8	3.43 3.62
Columbus city, GaSan Antonio city, Tex	18 742 19 967	4 594 5 872	2.99 ; 2.81	14 148 14 095	8 275 8 558	5 186 4 925	36.7 34.9	3.54 3.45
Inglewood city, Calif	20 857	7 150	2.58	13 707	7 430	5 288	38.6	3.22;
	17 630	4 784	2.99	12 846	6 717	5 396	42.0	3.61
	18 911	5 582	2.85	12 429	6 272	5 423	43.6	3.54
East St. Louis city, Ill	15 582	3 897	3.38	11 685	5 145	5 854	50.1	4.04
	17 259	4 567	3.03	12 692	6 887	5 107	40.2	3.62
	16 370	4 126	3.13	12 244	6 389	5 184	42.3	3.74
Greensboro city, N.CLittle Rock city, Ark	16 097	4 765	2.93	11 332	6 602	4 083	36.0	3.55
	15 781	4 169	3.18	11 612	6 334	4 640	40.0	3.82

Table 12. Summary Social and Economic Characteristics of the Black Population for Places With 50,000 or More Black Population: 1980

(Places are listed by size of Black population. Data are estimates based on sample, see Introduction. For meaning of symbols, see Introduction. For definitions of terms, see Definitions and Explanations) sy

	HYMDOIS, BC	e introduct	ion. For a	er mittions	or cerms,	see betti	ILLIONS AN	a pybran	ac tolla)	ву		
		Persons 25 and	years old		ent in force				income 1979 lars)		Income in below povert	
Flaces with 50,000 or more Black population	Total persons	Percent high school graduates	Percent completed 4 or more years of college	Male, 16 years old and over	Female, 16 years old and over	Civilian labor force percent unem- ployed	Fami- lics percent with no workers in 1979	House- holds	Fami- lies	Per capita income in 1979 (dol- lars)	Percent of persons for whom poverty status is determined	Percent of fami-
New York city, N.Y	1 788 377 1 197 174 758 468	57.7 54.0 54.4	8.4 7.9 6.7	64.7 65.3 64.9	51.5 49.3 48.9	11.3 15.9 22.5	22.7 23.9 24.3	10 713 11 740 13 164	12 375 13 724 15 403	4 879 4 904 5 490	29.5 31.7 26.7	26, 8 28, 6 24, 3
Detroit city, Mich Philadelphia city, Pa Los Angeles city, Calif Washington city, D.C	638 788 504 301 448 370	49.3 64.3 56.3	5.8 9.7 12.2	61.3 64.3 66.0	46.3 51.7 57.1	17,1 11.3 8.7	26.5 22.7 16.3	10 494 10 756 13 860	12 048 12 778 16 362	4 528 5 463 6 396	32.2 26.2 22.0	28.6 23.9 18.6
Houston city, Tex Baltimore city, Md New Orleans city, La	439 604 430 934 308 039	58.2 44.6 46.9	11.8 6.3 8.1	77.4 65.2 64.6	62.1 52.8 48.6	5.9 14.6 10.1	10.1 19.7 21.2	13 480 11 158 8 847	15 442 12 510 10 516	5 294 4 493 3 985	22.3 31.0 37.3	20.0 28.0 33.4
Memphis city, Tenn	307 573 283 158	50.6	6.7 9.6	64. 4 75. 4	51 6 53.1	14.6 10.5 5.8	19.3 19.6 10.2	9 237 9 059 12 037	10 563 10 611 13 917	3 791 4 166 4 664	37.0 34.6 24.5	32.9 31.4 21.7
Dallas city, Tex	265 105 251 084 206 170 191 968	59.3 49.9 44.8 49.0	8.9 4.1 5.9 5.0	63.2 62.6 63.2	64.6 47.6 51.3 47.2	14.6 17.7 15.8	24.2 19.6 28.2	10 250 9 410 9 138	12 691 11 442 10 225	4 734 4 116 4 014	31.6 33.6 37.7	28.6 28.6 35.4
Oakland city, Calif Birmingham city, Ala Indianapolis city, Ind	159 351 158 200 152 590	66.3 52.4 52.5	10.1 8.4 6.4	65.3 64.2 71.7	53.3 48.5 61.1	13.5 12.6 13.9	22.5 18.9 12.2	11 516 9 278 12 827	13 862 11 425 15 185 12 671	5 768 4 081 5 154 4 707	24.9 31.5 23.3 29.9	23.4 27.9 20.0 29.1
Milwaukec city, Wia Jackaonville city, Fla Cincinnati city, Ohio	147 055 137 150 130 490	52.6 48.7 45.3	6.5 8.0 6.5	70.5 64.9 64.8	55.7 50.3 51.3	13.9 10.1 15.2	20.3 19.6 21.8	9 166 9 317	10 566 11 535	4 023 4 651	34.3	31,6
Boston city, Mass	126 438 124 689 122 336	61.5 59.0 57.7	8.7 8.0 7.9 7.8	66.2 69.6 70.9 66.2	53.5 56.5 62.0	9.2 10.9 11.0 9.1	22.4 16.0 12.3 15.2	10 277 11 580 12 275 11 115	11 724 13 773 14 652 12 643	4 620 4 979 5 048 4 700	28.6 27.0 24.4 27.8	27.5 23.5 20.5 24.2
Richmond city, Va	112 426 107 539 105 869 101 549	42.8 57.5 54.5 54.2	7.5 14.9 6.8	71.1 65.7 58.0	58.2 50.8 57.0 44.1	16.0 8.5 16.6	17.7 13.8 28.1	16 920 10 687 9 076	18 734 13 085 11 169	5 774 4 584 4 537	23.1 27.5 32.6	21.4 23.7 28.7
Charlotte city, N.C Jackson city, Miss	97 896 95 218	52.9 52.4 48.9	9.5 16.1	76.9 66.4	64.2 58.7 47.0	8.3 9.7 20.6	11.5 12.7 28.6	11 181 10 097 8 573	12 503 11 578 10 053	4 467 3 843 4 406	26.6 32.0 36.3	24. 1 27. 6
Buffalo city, N.Y Norfolk city, Va Fort Worth city, Tex Miami city, Fla	95 622 93 977 87 635 87 018	44.7 51.9 38.3	5.7 6.2 6.8 5.1	60.7 71.1 71.7 70.1	47.8 59.8 56.2	11.9 7.3 8.3	20.3 11.4 17.4	9 085 10 393 8 600	10 258 11 990 9 725	4 175 4 227 3 796	35.5 26.7 38.7	31.5 24.1 35.0
San Francisco city, Calif Shreveport city, La Louisville city, Ky Baton Rouge city, La	86 190 84 691 84 254 79 848	62.4 42.7 48.7 50.8	11.2 7.6 5.6 11.7	63.5 70.2 62.3 69.5	52.8 56.9 51.4 53.8	11.6 10.3 17.5 10.1	22.5 14.7 21.4 15.3	11 254 9 296 8 415 10 144	14 078 11 329 10 485 11 664	5 994 3 699 4 051 4 307	25.1 33.3 34.8 31.9	23.8 30.0 31.7 28.3
San Diego city, Calif Dayton city, Ohio	77 508 75 136	72.2 56.8	10.6 7.8	76.6 64.6	56.9 53.4	12.3 19.3	15.3 20.6	11 895 10 573	13 783 12 561	5 340 4 758	20.9 30.1	19.5 27.3
Mobile city, Ala Montgomery city, Ala Savannah city, Ga Flint city, Mich	72 697 69 821 69 265 66 060	50.1 48.1 42.8 56.3	8.3 13.2 7.9 5.7	64.4 64.9 66.0 70.3	47.6 51.1 47.7 51.8	14.1 12.5 12.1 24.0	18.4 17.2 20.8 22.3	9 276 8 995 8 232 17 194	10 917 10 793 9 907 18 565	3 667 3 597 3 643 6 061	36.6 38.6 36.9 23.3	33.3 33.0 33.0 22.0
East Orange city, N.J Tampa city, Fla Rochester city, N.Y	64 650 63 578 62 256	67.0 45.0 47.9	9.8 6.3 5.5	73.3 62.9 72.2	62.5 50.0 60.3	10.1 10.3 16.1	15.3 19.7 17.2	13 673 7 995 11 718	15 855 9 664 12 928	5 798 3 735 4 572	21.3 39.5 30.4	20.0 36.1 29.2
Jersey City city, N.J Toledo city, Ohio Compton city, Calif	61 957 61 855 60 874	50.9 51.8 65.7	6.9 6.2 5.9	68.1 67.3 66.6	54.3 52.3 51.3	12.9 22.5 13.0	20.5 19.1 17.4	10 722 11 285 13 859	12 096 13 232 14 770	4 389 4 740 4 685	31.9 30.5 24.3	30.2 27.6 22.9
Denver city, Colorado Oklahoma City city, Okla Columbus city, Ga	59 095 58 550 57 981	70.1 63.6 47.0 61.1	12.0 11.9 6.5 9.4	74.6 70.3 68.4 68.7	62.9 60.6 49.8 54.0	9.1 6.6 15.1 7.8	12.9 14.0 18.0 17.3	12 344 11 358 8 974 9 833	15 211 13 558 10 177 11 920	5 833 4 910 3 765 4 424	23.3 26.2 32.9 20.2	21.2 23.1 29.2 25.3
San Antonio city, Tex Inglewood city, Calif Chattanooga city, Tenn Winston-Salem city, N.C	57 566 54 029 53 792 52 956	84.1 47.3 50.7	14.1 7.2 10.0	78.8 64.5 67.2	69.7 53.5 57.3	7.5 12.0 10.1	9.8 17.7 13.3	15 662 9 212 9 878	17 409 11 395 11 802	6 980 3 989 4 209	15.9 32.5 27.3	14.3 27.3 23.2
East St. Louis city, Ill Akron city, Ohio Macon city, Ga Gre aboro city, N.C	52 782 52 634 52 059 51 207	46.9 52.6 36.5 61.7	7.0 5.2 5.0 17.5	57.3 68.3 64.5 72.3	41.9 52.0 49.0 59.4	21.5 18.1 14.5 9.8	19.4 19.9	7 746 11 423 8 424 11 625	9 236 13 398 10 347 13 976	3 597 4 717 3 617 4 615	44.2 27.6 37.4 23.5	40.1 25.3 32.1 19.6
Li e Rock city, Ark	51 093	57.9	11.1	70.5	60.0	10.3	13.9			3 996	29.7	25.0



Table 13. Counties With a Black Population of 50 Percent or More by State and Rank in 1980: 1980 and 1970

(Rank is based on 1980 Black population as percent of total persons. For meaning of symbols, see Introduction. For definitions of terms, see Definitions and Explanations)

		ſ · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·		ricions of cerms,				·	
			1980			1970		Change, 1970	to 1980
Rank	Counties with a Black population of 50 percent or more			Black population			Black population	1	
	percent or more	Total	Black	as a percent of	Total	Black	as a percent of	1	
		population	population	total population	population	population	total population	Number	Percent
	Alabama								
13	Alabama: Bullock County	10 596	7 160	67.6	11 824	7 965	67.4	: -805	-10.1
68	Dallas County	53 981	29 488	54.6		28 892	52.2		?.1
4	Greene County	11 021	8 596	78.0 :		8 027	75.4	569	7.1
22	Hale County	15 604	9 799	62.8	15 888	10 542	66.4	-743	-7.0
5	Lowndes County	13 253	9 937	75.0	12 897	9 917	76.9	20	0.2
1	Macon County	26 829	22 579	84.2	24 841	20 147	81.1	2 432	12.1
72 36	Marengo County	25 047 15 012	13 346 9 019	53.3	23 819	13 157	55.2	189	1.4
11	Perry County	16 908	11 711	60.1 69.3	15 388 16 974	9 033 11 242	58.7 66.2	-14 469	-0.2 4.2
12	Wilcox County	14 755	10 151	68.8	16 303	11 160	68.5		-9.0
_	Arkansas:	_							
75	Chicot County	17 793	9 414	52.9	18 164	9 805	54.0	-391	-4.0
63 74	Lee County Phillips County	15 539 34 772	8 520 18 410	54.8 52.9	18 884 40 046	10 868 21 639	57.6 \$4.0	-2 348 -3 229	·21.6
	District of Columbia:								
10	Washington city	638 333	448 906	70.3	756 510	537 712	71.1	-88 806	-16.5
37	Florida:	43 54.5	94 030	(0.5	20 50-	22.24	**		
37	Gadsden County	41 565	24 930	60.0	39 184	23 247	59.3	1 683	7.2
70	Georgia: Burke County	19 349	10 385	53.7	18 255	10 988	40.3	_403	ارى
45	Calhoun County	5 717	3 285	57.5	6 606	10 988 4 166	60.2 63.1	-603 -881	-5.5 -21.1
27	Clay County	3 553	2 208	62.1	3 636	2 242	61.7		-1.5
81	Fulton County	589 904	303 508	51.5	607 592	237 439	39.1	66 069	27.8
76	Greene County	11 391	5 992	52.6	10 212	5 285	51.8		13.4
3	Hancock County	9 466	7 406	78.2	9 019	6 659	73.8		11.2
66	Jefferson County	18 403	10 058	54.7	17 174	9 359	54.5		7.5
53 89	Macon County	14 003 19 151	7 856	56.1	12 933	7 892	61.0		-0.5
51	Peach CountyQuitman County	2 357	9 682 1 336	50.6 56 7	15 990 2 180	9 129 1 311	57.1 60.1 i	553 25	6.1 1.9
55	Randolph County	9 549	5 374	56.0	8 734	4 869	55.7 ·	505	10.4
20	Stewart County	5 895	3 787	64.2	6 511	4 196	64.4	-409	-9.7
19	Talbot County	6 536	4 220	64.6	6 625	4 495	67.8	-275	6.1
17	Taliaferro County	2 032	1 318	64.9	2 423	1 540	63.6	-222	-14.4
33	Terrell County	12 017	7 301	60.8	11 416	6 793	59.5	508	7.5
86	Twiggs County	9 3 5 4	4 756	50.8	8 222	4 627	56.3	129	2.8
38 85	Warren County	6 583	3 922	59.6	6 669	3 941	59.1	-19	-0.5
90	Washington County	18 842 2 341	9 646 1 180	51.2 50.4	17 480 2 362	9 374 1 379	53.6 58.4	272 -199	2.9 -14.4
	Louisiana:								
30	East Carroll Parish	11 772	7 201	61.2	12 884	7 569	58.7	-3 68	-4.9
42	Madison Parish	15 975	9 364	58.6	15 065	9 185	61.0	179	1.9
61	Orleans Parish	557 515	308 149	55.3	593 471	267 308	45.0	40 841	15.3
80 67	St. Helena Parish	9 827	5 059	51.5	9 937	5 545	55.8	-486	-8.8
44	Tensus Parish	8 525 12 186	4 659 7 061	54.7	9 732	756	59.1	-1 097	-19.1
		17 100	7 001	57.9	11 376	7 638	67.1	-577	-7.6
65	Maryland: Baltimore City	786 775	431 151	54.8	905 759	420 210	46.4	10 941	2.6
•	Mississippi:		- ·				1		
26	Bolivar County	45 965	28 567	62.1	49 409	30 338	61.4	-1 771	-5.8
6 91	Claiborne County	12 279	9 151	74.5	10 086	7 522	74.6	1 629	21.7
21	Coahoma County	21 082 36 918	10 540 23 631	50.0 64.0	18 840 40 447	9 306 26 013	49.4	1 234	13.3
8	Holmes County	22 970	16 339	71.1	23 120	26 013 15 743	64.3 68.1	-2 382 596	-9.2 3.8
16	Humphreys County	13 931	9 145	65.6	14 601	9 460	64.8	-315	-3.3
58	Issaquena County	2 513	1 397	55.6	2 737	1 698	62.0	-301	-17.7
2	Jefferson County	9 181	7 528	82.0	9 295	6 996	75.3	532	7.6
71 60	Jefferson Davis County	13 846	7 421	23.6	12 936	6 497	50.2	924	14.2
69	Kemper County	10 148	5 512	54.3	10 233	5 612	54.8	-100	-1.8
41 57	Leflore County	41 525	24 553	59.1	42 111	24 374	57.9	179	0.7
73	Madison County	41 613 29 296	23 255 15 577	55.9	29 737	18 548	62.4	4 707	25.4
18	Noxubee County	29 296 13 212	8 534	53.2	24 027	14 891 9 397	62.0	686 -863	4.6
56	Quitman County	12 636	7 074	56,0	14 288 15 888	9 197	65.8 57.4	-863 -2 046	-9.2 -22.4
15	Sharkey County	7 964	5 229	65.7	8 937	5 784	64.7	-2 046 -555	-9.6
28	Sunflower County	34 844	21 611	62.0	37 047	23 261	62,8	-1 650	-7.1
48	Tallahatchie County	17 157	9 823	57.3	19 338	11 632	60.2	-1 809	-15.6
7	Tunica County	9 652	7 050	73.0	11 854	8 614	72.7	-1 564	-18.2
59 1.6	Washington County	72 344	40 216	55.6	70 581	38 460	54.5	1 756	4.6
14 82	Wilkinson County	10 021	6 708	66.9	11 099	7 499	67.6	-791	-10.5
02	Yazoo County	27 349	14 051	51.4	27 304	14 579	53.4	-528	-3.6



Table 13. Counties With a Black Population of 50 Percent or More by State and Rank in 1980: 1980 and 1970—Con.

(Rank is based on 1980 Black population as percent of total persons. For meaning of symbols, see Introduction. For defintions of terms, see Definitions and Explanations)

	Counties with a Black population of		1980			1970		Change, 197	J to 1980
Rank	50 percent or more	Total population	Black population	Black population as a percent of total population	Total population	Black population	Black population as a percent of total population	Number	Percent
	North Carolina:				J				
40	Bertie County	21 024	12 441	59.2	20 528	11 613	56.6	828	7.1
87	Edgecombe County	55 988	28 433	50.8	52 341	24 849	47.5	3 584	14.4
78	Gates County	8 875	4 664	52.6	8 524	4 550	53.4	114	2.5
64	Hertford County	23 368	12 810	54.8	23 529	12 980	55.2	-170	-1.3
34	Northampton County	22 584	13 709	60.7	24 009	14 161	59.0	-452	-3.2
39	Warren County	16 232	9 653	59.5	15 810	9 467	59.9	186	2.0
	South Carolina:	•							
23	Allendale County	10 700	6 690	62.5	9 692	5 824	60.1	866	14.9
49	Bamberg County	18 118	10 371	57.2	15 950	8 698	54.5	1 673	19.2
62	Calhoun County	12 206	6 702	54.9	10 780	6 514	60.4	188	2.9
46	Clarendon County	27 464	15 778	57.4	25 604	15 870	62.0	-92	-0.6
43	Fairfield County	20 700	12 083	58.4	19 999	11 882	59.4	201	1.7
77	Hampton County	18 159	9 545	52.6	15 878	7 771	48.9	1 774	22.8
50	Jasper County	14 504	8 289	57,1	11 885	ა 783	57.1	1 506	22.2
29	Lee County	18 929	11 586	61.2	18 323	10 964	59 • 8	622	5.7
35	McCormick County	7 797	4 729	60.7	7 955	4 800	60.3	-71	-1.5
79	Marion County	34 179	17 775	52.0	30 270	15 297	50.5	2 478	16.2
54	Orangeburg County	82 276	46 082	56.0	69 789	38 332	54.9	7 750	20.2
25	Williamsburg County	38 226	23 806	62.3	34 243	20 867	60.9	2 939	14.1
	Tennessee:								
88	Fayette County	25 305	12 804	50.6	22 692	13 887	61.2	-1 083	-7.8
83	Haywood County	20 318	10 420	51.3	19 596	10 723	54.7	-303	-2.8
	Virginia:								
47	Brunswick County	15 632	8 972	57.4	16 172	9 440	58.4	-468	-5.0
9	Charles City County	6 692	4 726	70.6	6 158	4 569	74.2	157	3.4
52	Greensville County	10 903	6 175	56.6	9 604	5 506	57 • 3	669	12.2
24	Surry County	6 046	3 779	62.5	5 882	3 853	65.5	-74	-1.9
32	Sussex County	10 874	6 635	61.0	11 464	7 247	63 • 2	-612	-8.4
60	Franklin city	7 308	4 045	55.4	6 880	3 494	50.8	551	15.8
31	Petersburg city	41 055	25 080	61.1	36 103	19 914	55.2	5 166	25.9
84	Richmond city	219 214	112 357	51.3	249 621	104 766	42.0	7 591	7.2



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Table 14. Summary Sex and Age Characteristics of the Black Population for Selected Countles by Rank: 1980

(Rank is based on Black population as percent of total persons. For meaning of symbols, see Introduction. For definitions of terms, see Definitions and Explanations)

								Age (yes	ars)			,	
						Nusi	ber				Percent		
Rank	Counties with a Black population of 50 percent or more					11	B and over			18	and ove	r	
		91ack popu- lation	Male	Female	Under 18	Total	18 to 64	65 and over	Under 18	Total	18 to 64	65 and over	Median
1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9	Macon County, Ala Jefferson County, Miss Hancock County, Ga Greene County, Ala Lowndes County, Ala Claiborne County, Miss Tunica County, Miss Holmes County, Miss Charles City County, Va District of Columbia	22 579 7 528 7 206 8 596 9 937 9 151 7 050 16 339 4 726 448 906	10 523 3 586 3 414 3 932 4 648 4 164 3 374 7 610 2 306 206 814	12 056 3 942 3 992 4 664 5 289 4 987 3 676 8 729 2 420 242 092	6 963 2 992 2 937 3 399 4 590 2 955 3 227 6 901 1 575 123 388	15 516 4 536 4 469 5 197 5 547 6 196 3 823 9 438 3 151 325 518	12 787 3 643 3 726 3 893 4 498 5 160 2 952 7 294 2 797 282 753	2 529 893 743 1 304 1 049 1 036 871 2 144 42 765	30.8 39.7 39.7 39.5 44.2 32.3 45.8 42.2 33.3 27.5	69.2 60.3 60.5 55.8 67.7 54.2 57.8 66.7 72.5	56.6 48.4 50.3 45.3 56.4 41.9 44.6 59.2 63.0	12.5 11.9 10.0 15.2 10.6 11.3 12.4 13.1 7.5 9.5	24.6 23.1 23.7 23.9 20.4 21.6 20.2 21.7 26.3 29.3
11 12 13 14 15 16 17 18 19 20	Sumter County, Ala	11 711 10 151 7 160 6 708 5 229 9 145 1 318 8 534 4 220 3 787	5 448 4 742 3 204 3 199 2 468 4 216 634 4 025 1 983 1 761	6 263 5 409 3 956 3 509 2 761 4 929 684 4 509 2 237 2 026	4 653 4 356 2 705 2 379 2 368 4 068 465 3 546 1 491 1 455	7 058 5 795 4 455 4 329 2 861 5 077 853 4 988 2 729 2 332	5 482 4 410 3 342 3 384 2 354 3 942 648 3 979 2 251 1 856	1 576 1 385 1 113 945 507 1 135 205 1 009 478 476	39.7 42,9 37.8 35.5 45.3 44.5 35.3 41.6 35.3 38.4	60.3 57.1 62.2 64.5 54.7 55.5 64.7 58.4 64.7 61.6	46.8 43.4 46.7 50.4 45.0 43.1 49.2 46.6 53.3 49.0	13.5 13.6 15.5 14.1 9.7 12.4 15.6 11.8 11.3 12.6	22.9 21.7 25.3 26.1 19.8 20.5 27.4 22.2 25.4 24.8
21 22 23 24 25 26 27 28 29 30	Coahoma County, Miss Hale County, Ala Allendale County, S.C Surry County, Va Williamsburg County, S.C Bolivar County, Miss Clay County, Ja Sunflower County, Miss Lee County, S.C East Carroll Parish, La	23 631 9 799 6 690 3 779 23 806 28 567 2 208 21 611 11 586 7 201	10 944 4 586 3 149 1 839 11 171 13 229 1 006 10 836 5 486 3 313	12 687 5 213 3 541 1 940 12 635 15 338 1 202 10 775 6 100 3 888	10 084 3 917 2 585 1 360 9 664 12 907 790 8 975 4 689 3 222	13 547 5 882 4 105 2 419 14 142 15 660 1 418 12 636 6 897 3 979	10 545 4 453 3 403 2 036 12 123 12 485 1 115 10 327 6 009 3 002	3 002 1 429 702 383 2 019 3 175 303 2 309 888 977	42.7 40.0 38.6 36.0 40.6 45.2 35.8 41.5 40.5	57.3 60.0 61.4 64.0 59.4 54.8 64.2 58.5 59.5 55.3	44.6 45.4 50.9 53.9 50.9 43.7 50.5 47.8 51.9 41.7	12.7 14.6 10.5 10.1 8.5 11.1 13.7 10.7 7.7 13.6	21.4 23.2 25.0 25.1 23.0 20.2 26.6 21.8 22.3 20.8
31 32 33 34 35 36 37 38 39	Peteraburg city, Va	25 080 6 635 7 301 13 709 4 729 9 019 24 930 3 922 9 653 12 441	11 587 3 213 3 350 6 696 2 269 4 155 11 576 1 807 4 606 5 815	13 493 3 422 3 951 7 013 2 460 4 864 13 354 2 115 5 047 6 626	8 341 2 270 2 984 4 762 1 882 3 730 10 053 1 518 3 342 4 633	4 365 4 317 8 947 2 847 5 289 14 877 2 404 6 311 7 808	14 694 3 700 3 560 7 497 2 435 3 991 12 465 1 950 5 121 6 526	2 045 665 757 1 450 412 1 298 2 412 454 1 190 1 282	33.3 34.2 40.9 34.7 39.8 41.4 40.3 38.7 34.6 37.2	66.7 65.8 59.1 65.3 60.2 58.6 59.7 61.3 65.4 62.8	58.6 55.8 48.8 54.7 51.5 44.3 50.0 49.7 53.1 52.5	8.1 10.0 10.4 10.6 8.7 14.4 9.7 11.6 12.3	26.1 27.1 22.7 26.5 23.2 23.1 23.0 24.4 26.9 24.5
41 42 43 44 45 46 47 48 49	Leflore County, Miss	24 553 9 364 12 083 7 061 3 285 15 778 8 972 9 823 10 371 8 289	11 248 4 223 5 850 5 129 1 508 7 425 4 380 4 652 4 806 3 872	13 305 5 141 6 233 1 932 1 777 8 353 4 592 5 171 5 565 4 417	9 800 3 976 4 564 1 368 1 239 5 954 2 943 4 399 3 698 3 297	14 753 5 388 7 519 5 693 2 046 9 824 6 629 5 424 6 673 4 992	12 063 3 953 6 430 5 196 1 587 8 304 5 117 4 267 5 845 4 156	2 690 1 435 1 089 497 459 1 520 912 1 157 828 836	39.9 42.5 37.8 19.4 37.7 37.7 32.8 44.8 35.7 39.8	60.1 57.5 62.2 80.6 62.3 62.3 67.2 55.2 64.3 60.2	49.1 42.2 53.2 73.6 48.3 52.6 57.0 43.4 56.4 50.1	11.0 15.3 9.0 7.0 14.0 9.6 10.2 11.8 8.0	21.6 22.6 24.0 27.8 24.4 23.8 25.7 20.3 22.8 23.8
51 52 53 54 55 56 57 58 59 60	Quitman County, Ga	1 336 6 175 7 856 46 082 5 374 7 074 23 255 1 397 40 216 4 045	604 2 956 3 560 21 149 2 418 3 363 10 954 681 18 436 1 832	732 3 219 4 296 ?4 973 2 956 3 711 12 301 716 21 780 2 213	510 2 401 3 045 16 318 1 993 3 126 9 597 596 17 335 1 353	826 3 774 4 811 29 764 3 381 3 948 13 658 801 22 881 2 692	670 3 186 3 978 26 024 2 598 3 018 11 142 642 18 224 2 282	156 588 833 3 740 783 930 2 516 159 4 657 410	38.2 38.9 38.8 35.4 37.1 44.2 41.3 42.7 43.1 33.4	61.8 61.1 61.2 64.6 62.9 55.8 58.7 57.3 56.9 66.6	50.1 51.6 50.6 56.5 48.3 42.7 47.9 46.0 45.3 56.4	11.7 9.5 10.6 8.1 14.6 13.2 10.8 11.4 11.6	24.0 24.7 23.7 23.3 25.1 20.7 21.5 21.1 21.7 27.2
61 62 63 64 65 66 67 68 69	Orleans Parish, La	308 149 6 702 8 520 12 810 431 151 10 058 4 659 29 488 5 512 10 385	141 501 3 136 3 871 6 085 199 836 4 567 2 098 13 546 2 658 4 815	166 648 3 566 4 649 6 725 231 315 5 491 2 561 15 942 2 854 5 570	113 823 2 509 3 631 4 498 141 513 4 014 1 846 11 808 2 261 4 217	194 326 4 193 4 889 8 312 289 638 6 044 2 813 17 680 3 251 6 168	170 359 3 554 3 559 7 006 255 933 4 912 1 970 14 185 2 534 4 964	23 967 639 1 330 1 306 33 705 1 132 843 3 495 717 1 204	36.9 37.4 42.6 35.1 32.8 39.9 39.6 40.0 41.0 40.6	63.1 62.6 57.4 64.9 67.2 60.1 60.4 50.0 59.7	55.3 53.0 41.8 54.7 59.4 48.8 42.3 48.1 46.0 47.8	7.8 9.5 15.6 10.2 7.8 11.3 18.1 11.9 13.0	24.4 23.9 22.7 25.8 26.2 23.6 24.9 23.0 22.8 22.8
71 72 73 74 75 76	Jefferson Davis County, Miss Mnrengo County, Aln Marshall County, Miss Phillips County, Ark Chicot County, Ark Greene County, Ga	7 421 13 346 15 577 18 410 9 414 5 992	3 585 6 203 7 393 8 333 4 262 2 801	3 836 7 143 8 184 10 077 5 152 3 191	3 110 5 301 6 306 8 017 3 897 2 371	4 311 8 045 9 271 10 393 5 517 3 621	3 462 6 076 7 697 7 697 3 921 2 998	849 1 969 1 574 2 696 1 596 623	41.9 39.7 40.5 43.5 41.4 39.6	58.1 60.3 59.5 56.5 58.6 60.4	46.7 45.5 49.4 41.8 41.7 50.0	11.4 14.8 10.1 14.6 17.0	22.4 24.2 21.7 21.7 23.2 23.5



Table 14. Summary Sex and Age Characteristics of the Black Population for Selected Counties by Rank: 1980—Con.

(Rank is based on Black population as percent of total persons. For meaning of symbols, see Introduction. For definitions of terms, see Definitions and Explanations)

		1		1				Age (ye	ara)				
Rank	Counties with a Black population					Num	ter			1	Percent		
KEUA	of 50 percent or more	Black		!		1	8 and over			18	and or	ver	
		popu- lation	Male	Female	Under 18	Total	18 to 64	65 and over	Under 18	Total	18 to 64	65 and over	Median
77 78 79 80 81 82 83 84 85 86 87 88	Hampton County, S.C	9 545 4 664 17 775 5 059 303 508 14 051 10 420 112 357 9 646 4 756 28 433 12 804 9 682 1 180	4 451 2 348 8 086 2 427 139 237 6 443 4 868 50 806 4 412 2 317 13 008 6 179 4 471 548	5 094 2 316 9 689 2 632 164 271 7 608 5 552 61 551 5 234 2 439 15 425 6 625 5 211 632	3 688 1 521 6 922 2 059 102 128 5 757 4 083 34 194 3 646 1 887 10 653 5 135 3 403	5 857 3 143 10 853 3 000 201 380 6 294 6 337 78 163 6 000 2 869 17 780 7 669 6 279 733	4 895 2 680 9 274 2 423 179 877 6 390 4 958 67 639 5 037 2 447 15 250 6 043 5 546 609	962 463 1 579 577 21 503 1 904 1 379 10 524 963 422 2 530 1 626 733	38.6 32.6 38.9 40.7 33.6 41.0 39.2 30.4 37.8 39.7 37.5 40.1 35.1	61.4 67.4 61.1 59.3 66.4 59.0 60.8 69.6 62.2 60.3 62.5 59.9 64.9	51.3 57.5 52.2 47.9 59.3 45.5 47.6 60.2 52.2 51.5 53.6 47.3 51.6	10.1 9.9 8.9 11.4 7.1 13.6 9.4 10.0 8.9 8.9 12.7 7.6 10.5	24.0 27.2 21.8 22.4 25.5 23.5 27.1 24.1 22.5 24.3 22.8 24.0



Table 15. Summary Household and Family Characteristics of the Black Population for Selected Countles: 1980

(Counties are listed by rank of Black pupulation as percent of total persons. For meaning of symbols, see Introduction. For definitions of terms, see Definitions and Explanations)

		Households				Families		
Gaustina with a Plant paralettan						Туре		
Counties with a Black population of 50 percent or more			Persons per		Married-	Female house no husband p		Persons
	Total	Nonfamily	household	Total	couple	Number	Percent	family
Macon County, Ala Jefferson County, Miss Hancock County, Ga Greene County, Ala Lowndes County, Ala	6 764 2 096 1 973 2 474 2 471	2 158 462 382 651 470	3.01 3.58 3.71 3.46 4.01	4 606 1 634 1 591 1 823 2 001	2 689 1 007 945 1 059 1 179	1 691 538 570 659 717	36.7 32.9 35.8 36.1 35.8	3.77 4.26 4.31 4.27 4.67
Claiborne County, Miss	2 347 1 815 4 491 1 291 161 961	615 470 1 080 193 60 527	3.27 3.88 3.59 3.66 2.70	1 732 1 345 3 411 1 098 101 434	1 035 805 1 968 778 49 529	578 413 1 206 250 43 556	33.4 30.7 35.4 22.8 42.9	4.03 4.77 4.36 4.03 3.47
Sumter County, Ala	3 267 2 613 2 123 1 933 1 238 2 517 407 2 255 1 186	784 582 556 418 251 664 94 482 242	3.52 3.86 3.36 3.44 4.19 3.61 3.25 3.78 3.55	2 483 2 031 1 567 1 515 987 1 853 313 1 773 944	1 428 1 203 889 1 021 596 1 050 192 1 078 597	891 704 585 393 305 675 94 579	35.9 34.7 37.3 25.9 30.9 36.4 30.0 32.7 31.3	4.25 4.63 4.13 4.07 4.91 4.47 3.86 4.48 4.15
Coa'ioma County, Miss	1 060 6 687 2 693 1 924	227 1 980 644 434	3.56 3.49 3.60 3.46	833 4 707 2 049 1 490	464 2 567 1 194 850	302 1 800 7 37 544	36.3 38.2 36.0 36.5	4.42 4.35 4.09
Surry County, Va	1 036 6 169 7 447 658 5 114 2 879 2 045	189 1 029 1 884 161 1 158 468 604	3.64 3.85 3.78 3.34 3.90 4.01 3.46	847 5 140 5 563 497 3 956 2 411 1 441	627 3 397 3 068 319 2 423 1 466 718	170 1 439 2 120 151 1 280 776 624	20.1 28.0 38.1 30.4 32.4 32.2 43.3	4.14 4.39 4.64 4.02 4.65 4.54 4.41
Petersburg city, Va	8 358 1 926 1 965 3 845 1 236 2 516 6 346 1 075 2 751 3 537	2 381 392 425 722 211 636 1 146 204 506 672	2.99 3.44 3.67 3.46 3.81 3.55 3.79 3.62 3.48 3.51	5 977 1 534 1 540 3 123 1 025 1 880 5 200 871 2 245 2 865	3 211 1 024 935 1 993 698 1 103 2 893 546 1 537 1 840	2 371 413 533 923 272 690 2 025 269 599 863	39.7 26.9 34.6 29.6 26.5 36.7 38.9 30.9 26.7 30.1	3.55 3.96 4.33 3.97 4.36 4.38 4.31 4.17 4.00 4.06
Leflore County, Miss	6 620 2 853 3 178 1 035 932 4 186 2 468 2 557 2 748 2 373	1 885 914 588 236 233 736 494 610 630 493	3.44 3.22 3.77 3.58 3.47 3.73 3.44 3.84 3.46 3.47	4 735 1 939 2 590 799 699 3 450 1 974 1 947 2 118 1 880	2 706 1 001 1 694 482 440 2 130 1 407 1 175 1 293 1 176	1 739 810 721 245 216 1 118 439 636 711	36.7 41.8 27.8 30.7 30.9 32.4 22.2 32.7 33.6 31.6	4.30 4.17 4.34 4.28 4.22 4.27 3.96 4.65 4.12 4.06
Quitman County, Ga	369 1 717 2 176 12 489 1 567 1 908 5 929 373 11 467 1 282	83 330 503 2 642 395 514 1 160 101 3 142 260	3.63 3.59 3.55 3.48 3.35 3.69 3.80 3.74 3.48 3.15	1 387 1 673 9 847 1 172 1 394 4 769 272 8 325 1 022	930 920 6 148 691 874 2 813 165 4 499 592	385 680 3 213 402 422 1 639 77 3 240 384	27.8 40.6 32.6 34.3 30.3 34.4 28.3 38.9 37.6	4.34 4.10 4.27 4.08 4.09 4.61 4.42 4.63 4.30 3.60
Orleans Parish, La Calhoun Courty, S.C Lee County, Ark Hortford County, N.C Baltimore city, Md Jefferson County, Ga Tensas Parish, La Dallas County, Ala Kemper County, Miss Burke County, Ga	99 347 1 845 2 429 3 709 134 916 2 803 1 519 8 455 1 453 2 968	27 856 364 648 795 37 419 584 525 2 166 284 731	3.06 3.63 3.47 3.37 3.15 3.52 3.04 3.43 3.78 3.48	71 491 1 481 1 781 2 914 97 497 2 219 994 6 289 1 169 2 237	37 038 956 1 094 1 925 45 374 1 253 543 3 377 820 1 268	30 205 437 605 824 44 745 836 374 2 532 266 821	42.3 29.5 34.0 28.3 45.9 37.7 37.6 40.3 22.8 36.7	3.75 4.23 4.30 3.93 3.73 4.13 4.01 4.18 4.42 4.22
Jefferson Davis County, Miss	2 013 3 857 3 786 5 476 2 933 1 640 2 772	421 1 025 618 1 570 924 345 601	3.66 3.44 3.97 3.33 3.20 3.64 3.44	1 592 2 832 3 168 3 906 2 009 1 295 2 171	1 084 1 690 2 053 2 154 1 054 780 1 427	408 968 924 1 489 806 434 628	25.6 34.2 29.2 38.1 40.1 33.5 28.9	4.32 4.26 4.51 4.19 4.11 4.28 4.08

Table 15. Summary Household and Family Characteristics of the Black Population for Selected Counties: 1980-Con.

(Counties are listed by rank of Black population as percent of total persons. For meaning of symbols, see Introduction. For definitions of terms, see Definitions and Explanations)

	!	Households				Families		
			_			Туре		
Counties with a Black population of 50 percent or more			Persons		Warried-	Female house no husband p		Fermons per
	Total	Nonfamily	household	Total	couple	Number	Percent	family
Gates County, N.C	1 274	228	3.60	1 046	745	221	21.1	4.08
Marion County, S.C.	4 907 1 363	1 035 267	3.60 3.71	3 872 1 096	2 299 728	1 376 306	35.5 27.9	4.24
St. Helena Parish, La	103 444	31 667	2.85	71 777	35 449	31 736	44.2	3.50
Yazoo County, Miss	4 022	1 101	3.47	2 921	1 683	1 036	35.5	4.32
Haywood County, Tenn	2 818	541	3.68	2 277	1 436	701	30.8	4.27
Richmond city, Va	37 508	11 079	2.89	26 429	13 189	11 575	43.8	3.46
Washington County, Ga	2 682	579	3.55	2 103	1 160	816	38.8	4.20
Twiggs County, Ga	1 214	187	3.88	1 027	700	270	26.3	4.37
Edgecombe County, N.C	8 129	1 643	3.47	6 486	3 858	2 270	35.0	4.01
Fayette County, Tenn	3 162	548	4.01	2 614	1 698	7 57	29.0	4.57
Peach County, Ga	2 776	726	3.23	2 050	1 145	796	38.8	3.90
Webster County, Ga	313	48	3.77	265	175	80	30.2	4.22
Clay County, Miss	2 890	^28	3.53	2 262	1 414	715	31.6	4.18



Table 16. Summary Social and Economic Characteristics of the Black Population for Selected Counties: 1980

(Counties are listed by rank of Black population as percent of total persons. Data are estimates based on a sample, see Introduction. For meaning of symbols, see Introduction. For definitions of terms, see Definitions and Explanations)

			years old	Perce labor	nt in force			Medien in 1 (dol1	979		Income i below pover	
Counties with a Black population of 50 percent or more	Total parsons	Percent high school graduates	Percent completed 4 or moro years of college	Male, 16 years old and over	Female, 16 years old and over	Civilian labor force percent unem- ployed	Fami- lies percent with no workers in 1979	House- holda	Fami- lies	Per capita income in 1979 (dol- lara)	Percent of persons for whom poverty statua is determined	Percent of fami- lies
Macon County, Ala Jafferaon County, Miss Hancock County, Ga Greena County, Ala Lowndes County, Ala Claiborne County, Miss Tunica County, Miss Holmes County, Miss Charles City County, Va District of Columbia	22 579 7 528 7 406 8 596 9 937 9 151 7 050 16 339 4 726 448 370	52.7 26.8 26.3 28.6 27.7 38.3 14.2 25.4 34.1 56.3	19.0 7.1 4.1 7.0 3.3 15.2 2.6 6.2 4.4	48.6 61.9 61.0 51.9 54.1 49.3 59.0 44.8 75.8 66.0	41.2 44.0 46.0 35.6 35.6 42.0 29.1 34.2 59.0 57.1	12.0 20.0 9.0 19.8 16.2 21.7 14.9 5.9 8.7	22.4 22.5 18.8 27.2 27.1 19.9 25.6 28.6 11.3 16.3	8 251 6 659 8 236 5 879 6 355 7 090 5 120 5 359 16 075 13 860	10 423 8 223 9 705 7 765 7 493 9 570 6 014 6 733 17 434 16 362	3 695 2 639 3 019 2 386 2 164 2 817 1 695 2 292 4 882 6 396	36.2 45.6 45.9 55.8 56.7 41.4 67.2 60.3 14.3 22.0	31.8 41.9 39.6 47.0 50.5 35.8 63.9 54.7 14.4
Sumter County, Ala	11 711 10 151 7 160 6 708 5 229 9 145 1 318 8 534 4 220 3 787	29.6 26.8 26.5 28.5 26.4 23.1 18.0 21.2 27.7 21.3	5.0 5.4 4.1 4.8 8.1 4.9 3.1 4.8 2.1	54.1 44.4 47.5 49.8 51.3 48.0 59.1 55.2 65.9 52.6	37.1 29.8 40.5 38.8 35.3 36.3 41.7 36.5 47.5 36.0	15.5 13.5 13.4 14.6 11.8 18.8 9.9 18.0 7.5 7.0	27.1 30.0 25.1 26.9 17.3 25.8 22.4 24.7 17.0 21.9	6 528 5 528 6 204 7 023 6 566 4 952 7 681 6 148 9 680 5 870	8 095 7 084 7 889 8 493 7 268 6 515 8 665 7 034 10 755 7 104	2 718 2 029 2 477 2 439 2 327 2 055 2 870 2 233 3 309 2 211	44.6 60.1 46.3 46.7 55.7 62.0 42.7 53.1 26.3 52.1	41.8 53.1 41.4 39.7 51.0 54.9 39.3 47.1 25.5 50.2
Coahoma County, Miss Hale County, Ala Allendale County, S.C Surry County, Va Williamsburg County, S.C Bolivar County, Miss Clay County, Ga Sunflower County, Miss Lee County, S.C East Carroll Parish, La	23 631 9 799 6 690 3 779 23 806 28 566 2 208 21 591 11 586 7 201	26.2 20.7 30.4 27.9 34.8 27.8 24.0 22.1 31.4 23.9	7.7 2.6 6.2 3.7 6.2 6.7 4.3 6.1 4.4	54.7 56.2 66.6 66.3 65.5 54.8 47.1 65.2 49.2	37.6 35.0 41.2 57.3 47.1 41.7 34.6 40.7 51.0 32.1	20.6 16.3 13.6 7.7 12.2 16.7 6.1 15.0 13.3	20.4 23.8 19.6 13.9 14.5 19.6 23.7 18.1 12.8 30.5	5 711 5 004 6 905 11 806 9 695 5 873 5 274 6 679 9 202 5 066	6 936 6 851 8 150 13 071 10 851 7 084 6 389 7 640 10 459 7 026	2 209 2 113 2 877 3 839 2 853 2 231 2 339 2 237 2 710 2 241	58.4 56.2 46.0 30.5 38.3 57.8 58.2 56.7 41.8 58.9	50.3 52.2 42.4 25.1 34.2 50.7 51.0 49.1 37.1 53.4
Peteraburg city, Va Sussex County, Va Terrell County, Ga Northampton County, N.C McCormick County, S.C Perry County, Ala Gadaden County, Fla Warren County, N.C Bertie County, N.C	25 068 6 635 7 301 13 707 4 729 9 019 24 930 3 922 9 653 12 441	41.9 22.8 22.4 24.4 30.1 30.8 32.6 21.1 31.7 28.7	8.7 3.7 3.9 2.5 5.7 4.2 4.6 3.9	68.5 66.8 64.3 55.4 66.0 53.9 57.0 61.6 63.0 62.8	55.4 51.0 40.4 42.1 51.2 34.5 46.2 41.1 42.3 42.4	10.3 6.1 11.1 10.8 6.3 10.3 10.4 14.1 13.0 8.8	15.0 16.0 15.8 19.9 17.1 28.0 17.6 19.7 19.6 17.8	11 117 11 170 6 822 8 357 9 974 5 861 7 872 8 912 7 956 7 908	12 974 13 202 8 589 10 040 11 175 7 098 9 158 9 935 9 417 9 169	4 449 3 779 2 622 3 320 3 131 2 333 2 731 2 916 3 048 3 303	28.2 27.7 43.6 38.2 34.0 55.5 47.0 38.7 40.7	22.6 24.6 39.9 32.9 28.9 47.1 41.7 36.0 35.9 34.7
Leflore County, Miss Madison Parish, La Fairfield County, S.C West Feliciana Parish, La Calhoun County, Ga Clarendon County, S.C Brunswick County, Va Tallahatchie County, Miss Bamberg County, S.C Jasper County, S.C	24 558 9 364 12 083 7 061 3 285 15 778 8 972 9 823 10 371 8 248	24.5 31.5 31.5 32.9 20.4 31.0 28.4 18.6 34.5 35.9	8.6 7.0 3.7 3.7 3.1 5.3 6.7 4.2 5.4 5.9	52.2 49.8 64.7 15.1 61.8 60.7 58.7 59.6 56.0 62.8	41.0 31.6 52.1 39.7 44.9 44.0 48.0 34.4 41.9 43.0	15.7 9.6 11.4 13.7 7.0 10.7 8.4 12.9 10.7 9.8	21.1 31.2 22.1 21.9 20.1 12.6 22.7 	6 076 5 672 6 626 7 036 8 067 9 270 6 355 	7 462 6 789 8 189 9 312 9 420 10 876 7 161	2 337 2 597 3 141 1 840 2 646 2 671 3 126 2 392 2 640 2 844	53.2 61.1 30.8 51.0 40.8 41.5 34.5 57.5 38.7 41.1	46.9 52.0 46.7 40.2 38.1 30.9 49.8
Quitman County, Ga Greensville County, Va Macon County, Ga Orangaburg County, S.C Randolph County, Ga Quitman County, Miss Madison County, Miss Issaquena County, Miss Washington County, Miss Franklin City, Va	1 336 6 175 7 856 46 060 5 374 7 074 23 264 1 397 40 284 4 045	19.8 24.2 25.7 40.5 21.8 19.4 28.6 20.1 31.8 22.9	5.3 4.5 4.8 10.9 2.4 3.2 6.1 2.5 7.4 3.3	54.7 71.0 62.5 63.5 56.5 53.7 56.2 49.4 59.4 65.1	35.5 53.8 45.4 45.1 40.9 36.6 43.6 31.2 43.1 42.0	10.5 10.0 14.6 10.3 7.4 14.9 12.1 12.9 12.8 12.1	34.6 18.8 18.3 15.4 18.6 21.2 20.6	6 159 7 398 8 492 6 722 5 674 7 160 6 674	7 500 9 413 9 696 8 433 6 943 8 251 8 255	2 261 3 668 2 738 3 134 2 562 2 002 2 435 2 473 2 691 3 456	55.3 33.9 47.4 39.4 44.0 60.2 47.3 49.3 35.2	48.6 43.2 37.2 40.6 50.1 43.4 54.8 42.9
Orleans Parish, La	308 039 6 702 8 520 12 810 430 934 10 058 4 659 29 488 5 512 10 385	46.9 33.4 20.1 32.1 44.6 25.4 24.2 37.4 24.6 22.1	8.1 2.8 4.8 7.5 6.3 3.9 3.8 7.3 3.5	64.5 67.0 48.2 64.6 65.2 62.6 49.9 56.4 55.6 63.8	48.6 48.8 29.3 45.8 52.8 47.6 27.1 43.6 36.9 45.3	10.1 7,4 22.9 8.8 14.6 8,6 12.5 15.6 13.5	21.2 13.7 35.0 16.5 19.7 19.7 33.1 24.7 19.8 18.2	8 847 8 978 4 717 9 297 11 158 7 660 4 534 6 397 6 713 7	10 516 11 167 5 567 11 086 12 510 8 943 5 541 7 983 7 453 9 085	3 985 2 929 1 923 1 396 4 493 2 775 2 044 2 583 2 273 3 027	37.3 9 64.1 34.7 31.0 44.3 54.1 51.7 55.2 42.8	33.4 30.4 59.4 31.9 28.0 39.8 60.6 46.0 50.8 38.4



Table 16. Summary Social and Economic Characteristics of the Black Population for Selected Countles: 1980-Con.

(Counties are listed by rank of Black population as percent of total persons. Date are estimates based on a sample, see Introduction. For meaning of symbols, see Introduction. For definitions of terms, see Definitions and Explanations)

		Persons 25 and	years old over	Perce labor				Median in l (doll	979		Income i below pover	
Counties with a Black population of 50 percent or more	Tot al persons	Percent high school graduates	Percent completed 4 or more years of college	Male, 16 years old and over	Female, 16 years old and over	Civilish labor force percent unem- ployed	Fami- lies percent with no workers in 1979	House- holds	Fami- lies	Per capits income in 1979 (dol- lars)	Percent of persons for whom poverty status is determined	Percent of fami- lies
Jefferson Davis County, Miss	7 421	29.9	4.9	55.2	43.1	13.8	20.8	7 557	9 481	2 876	37.8	33.7
Marengo County, Ala	13 346	29.4	4.0	53.3	33.0	11.6	2010			2 595	53.8	33
Marshall County, Miss	15 577	31.6	10.7	59.5	41.0	15.0	19.2	8 290	9 350	2 552	47.1	40.8
Phillips County, Ark	18 410	22.9	5.1	50.2	30.0	22.0	36.2	5 030	6 437	2 336	61.8	53.6
Chicat County, Ark	9 414	26.4	5.1	50.1	31.1	12.8	33.2	5 051	6 431	2 165	59.0	54.6
Greane County, Ga	5 992	25.5	4.0	64.6	51.8	6.1	12.8	9 410	10 765	2 986	38.9	33.4
Hampton County, S.C	9 545	31.3	3.8	59.6	42.4	8.2		• • •		3 113	42.7	•••
Gates County, N.C	4 664	32.0	3.7	68.2	38.3	8.0	16.6	10 531	11 626	3 456	30.5	29.9
Marion County, S.C	17 775	34.1	4.6	62,6	51.8	13.4	13.6	8 435	10 063	2 786	39.4	33.9
St. Helena Parish, La	5 059	33.0	8.1	51.4	34.0	11.6	•••	•••	•••	2 472	45.2	•••
Fulton County, Ga	303 626	55.8	12.2	66.9	56.1	10.2	17.9	9 816	11 417	4 514	32.4	29.3
Yazoo County, Miss	14 051	24.7	6.4	54.2	35.9	13.6	21.7	5 718	6 976	2 352	61,2	53.9
Haywood County, Tenn	10 420	29 , 4	5.2	57.8	44.7	21.3	19.8	6 998	8 468	2 555	48,5	42.6
Richmond City, Va	112 426	42.8	7.8	66.2	58.2	9.1	15.2	11 115	12 643	4 700	27.8	24.2
Washington County, Ga	9 646	25.1	3.8	64.6	45.3	9.7	18.5	8 017	9 392	3 051	40.0	36.8
Iwiggs County, Ga	4 756	20.7	2.3	62.6	37.8	7.2	19.7	10 139	11 486	2 990	27.5	25.2
Edgecombe County, N.C	28 376	37.2	5.5	68.1	57.7	11.1	10.8	10 009	11 630	3 483	30.5	26.9
Fayette County, Tenn	12 804	23,6	3.4	53.4	40.3	11.8	26.6	7 177	8 741	2 425	48.2	43.2
Peach County, Ga	9 723	42.3	16.0	61.5	44.8	14.2	19.6	8 091	9 669	3 437	43.4	39.7
Webster County, Ga	1 180	21.6	2.1	63.7	46.1	9.3	19.6	7 127	7 260	2 438	44.2	45.4
Clay County, Miss	10 540	33.4	6.9	61,2	46.8	10.3	17.3	8 702	10 594	3 000	39.2	33.0



Table 17. Places of 2,500 or More Total Population With a Black Population of 50 Percent or More by State and Rank in 1980: 1980 and 1970

(Rank is based on 1980 Black population as percent of total persons. For meaning of symbols, see Introduction. For defintions of terms, see Definitions and Explanations)

			1980	·		1970		Change, 1970	to 1980
	Places of 2,500 or more total			Plack population			Black population		
Rank	population with a Black population of \$0 percent or more	Total	Black	Black population as a percent of	Total	Black	as a percent of		
	or 30 percent or mare		population	total population	population	population	total population	Number	Percent
							-	1	i
	Alabama:	21 722	14 272	E1 2	33 428	17 442	52.2	-1 170	-6.7
203	Bessemer city	31 729 284 413	16 272 158 224	51.3 55.6	300 910	126 388	42.0	31 836	25.2
150 42	Brighton city	5 308	4 560	85.9	2 277	1 457	64.0	3 103	213.0
162	Brundidge city	3 213	1 755	54.6	2 709	1 361	50.2	394	28.9
183	Fairfield city	13 040	6 894	52.9	14 369	6 892	48.0	2	-5.2
116	Greensboro city	3 248	1 986 2 078	61.1 57.0	3 371 3 530	2 094 1 858	62.1 52.6	-108 220	11.8
142 78	Lafayettc city	3 647 2 793	1 943	69.6	2 682	1 791	66.8	152	8.5
66	Prichard city	39 541	29 129	73.7	41 578	21 005	50.5	8 124	38.7
4	Roosevelt city	3 352	3 320	99.0	3 663	3 594	98.1	-274	-7.6
. 115	0.1	26 684	14 047	52.6	27 379	13 606	49.7	441	3.2
185 69	Selma city Selmont-West Selmont (CDP)	5 255	3 777	71.9	2 270	551	24.3	3 226	585.5
27	Tuskegee city	13 327	12 548	94.2	11 028	9 599	87.0	2 949	30.7
82	Union Springs city	4 431	3 036	68.5	4 324	2 553	59.0 54.9	483 435	18.9 26.0
111	York city	3 392	2 107	62,1	3 044	1 672	24.7	433	20.0
	Arkansas:	[]							
98	Dermott city	4 731	3 072	64.9	4 250 3 146	2 757 1 970	64.9 62.6	315 197	11.4
112	Earle city	3 517 3 840	2 167 2 738	61.6 71.3	3 687	2 529	68.6	209	8.3
70 121	Relena city	9 598	5 796	60.4	10 415	6 091	58,5	-295	-4.8
137	Lake Village city	3 D88	1 772	57.4	3 310	1 836	55.5	-64	-3.5
127	Marianna city	6 220	3 694	59.4		3 368	54.4	326 215	9.7 17.6
219	Stamps city	2 859	1 434	50,2	2 427	1 219	50,2	213	17.6
	California:						_		
64	Compton city	81 286	60 812	74.8	78 611	55 781 893	71.0 15.3	5 031 3 032	339.5
120	East Compton (CDP)	6 435 18 191	3 925 11 107	61.0 61.1	5 853 17 837	10 846	60.8	261	2.4
118 139	East Palo Alto (CDP)	94 245	54 010	57.3	89 985	10 066	11.2	43 944	436.6
48	View Park-Windsor Hills (CDP)	12 101	10 031	82.9	12 268	7 678	62.6	2 353	30.6
73	West Athens (CDP)	8 531	6 026	70.6	13 286	5 182	39.0	844	16.3
47	West Compton (CDP)	5 907	4 908 24 029	83.1 86.1	5 748 29 310	5 068 23 635	88.2 80.6	-160 394	-3.2 1.7
41 72	Westmont (CDP)	27 916 30 845	21 850	70.8	28 705	23 616	82.3	-1 766	-7.5
	• •	}			1				į
208	Delaware: Wilmington city	70 195	35 858	51.1	80 386	35 072	43.6	786	2.2
	District of Columbia:	•			1			22.224	
74	Washington city	638 333	448 906	70.3	756 510	537 712	71.1	-88 806	-16.5
	Florida:				i				
181	Belle Glade city	16 535	8 751	52.9		8 433	52.9		3.8
13	Browardale (CDP)	7 571 18 058	7 397 17 033	97.7 94.3		15 751 21 471	90.3 91.6	1	-53.0 -20.7
26 25	Brownsville (CDP)	7 135	6 743	94.5		21 471	,,,	1	
57	Lake Lucerne (CDP)	9 762	7 682	78.7	1		• • •		•••
177	Madison city	3 487	1 855	53.2		1 807	48.4	48	2.7
125	Memphis (CDP)	5 501	3 270	59.4	3 207	3 066	95.0	1	6.7
146 153	Miami Gardens-Utopia-Carver (CDP) Monticello city	9 025	5 114 1 655	56.7 55.3		1 355	54.8		22.1
103	Opa-locka city	14 460	9 182	63.5	_	3 503	29.4	1	162.1
	•	5 701	3 700	45 •	!				
97 138	Opa-locka North (CDP)	5 721 8 591	3 722 4 925	65.1 57.3		4 295	51.5		14.7
22	Richmond Heights (CDP)	8 577	8 211	95.7		6 649	99.8	1 562	23.5
88	Riviera Beach city	26 489	17 675	66.7	21 401	11 913	55.7		48.4
84	Scott Lake (CDP)	14 154	9 662	68.3	1	2 028	90.6		84.8
87 86	South Apopka (CDP)	5 687 3 886	3 840 2 637	67.5 67.9		2 078 1 719	58.1	1	53.4
16	Washington Park (CDP)	7 240	7 021	97.0	1			!	
109	West Little River (CDP)	32 492	20 367	62.7			• • •		•••
155	Westview (CDP)	9 102	5 026	55.2	•••	•••	• • •	•••	•••
	Georgia:								
211	Asburn city	4 766	2 427	50.9	3	1 870	44,4	1	29.8 j 10.9 j
89	Atlanta city	425 022 47 532	282 911 25 406	66.6 53.5		255 051 29 861	51.3 49.9		-14.9
174 170	Augusta city	17 605	9 464	53.8		8 754	44.7	1 -	8.1
114	Camilla city	5 414	3 324	61.4	4 987	2 824	56.6	500	17.7
34	Candler-McAfee (CDP)	27 300	24 211	88.7			52.6		3.1
176 91	Cordele city	10 914	5 825 2 869	53.4 66.1		5 648 2 381			20.5
104	Cuthbert city	5 699	3 616	63.4		3 247			11.4
15	East Boundary (CDP)	4 699	4 570	97.3	1	•••	•••	1	
151	Eatonton city	4 833	2 688	55,6	4 125	2 179	52.8	509	23.4
195	Forsyth city	1	2 401	51.9		1 762	47.2	639	36.3
92	Fort Valley city	9 000	5 918						0.1
209	Greensboro city		1 524	51.1	1			1	34.4
37	Gresham Park (CDP)	6 232	5 448	87.4	•••	•••	•••		••• (



Table 17. Places of 2,500 or More Total Population With a Black Population of 50 Percent or More by State and Rank in 1980: 1980 and 1970—Con.

(Rank is based on 1980 Black population as percent of total persons. For meaning of symbols, see Introduction. For definitions of terms, see Definitions and Explanations)

(() ()	(Dank is	based on 1	980 Black p	opulation a	s per	rcent of Definit	totat ions ar	nd Explana	tions)	1			
	Introduc	tion. For	definition	opulation a is of terms,	100	1-1111	<u> </u>	1970			Change,	1970 E	0 1980
			1980					n	lack pop	ulation			
Places of 2,500 or more total Rank population with a Black population of 50 percent or more	To	otal tion popul	Black as	k population a percent o il population	11	Tota opulatio		nlask	as a per otal pop	cent or	Num	her	Percent
01 30 person	hobara	1011 1-1-1								53.7		107	7.4
GeorgiaCon.:	,	823	1 553	55.		2 69 2 89		1 446 1 629		56.4	1	136 311	8.3 17.2
157 Louisville city	''	954	1 765 2 114	59. 53.		3 71	13	1 803 2 348		48.6 56.9		462	19.7 15.6
	1 .	988 830	2 810	58. 51.		4 13 3 18		1 521		47.8	1	238	
133 Montezuma city	\ 3	436	1 759 9 610	84	.6			2 460		51.1	1	53 ა 50 3	21.9 17.0
m . 3 -may/110 (CDP)		366 188	2 998	57 56	.8	5 5		2 951		53.2 38.0	. 1	423	88.6
135 Quitman city	\	137 5 860	3 454 3 030	51	.7	4 2 2 3		1 607 1 316		56.2 54.2	2	449 498	34.1 22.2
198 Sylvester city		2 886	1 765 2 737		3.7	4 0	94	2 239 2 854		51.	6	203 83	7.1 4.0
in al deadon City, assetting the state of th	1	4 662 5 760	3 057		0.0	5 5 4 2		2 062		48.	7	03	
128 Washington City	•	4 294	2 145							71.	5	576	7.
wall and the		9 747	8 715		9.4	11	378 735	8 139 3 071		64.	9	-306 397	-10.0 8.
32 Centreville city	•••	4 175	2 765 5 252		6.2 8.2	5 (000	4 855 48 368		97. 69.	1	4 383	9. 119.
- outroop linfohts VIII discovere	• • • • •	5 347 5 200	52 751		5.6	69 34	996 636	10 711		30 . 49 .	• • • •	2 780 2 611	32.
23 East St. Louis City	\	35 810 15 172	23 491 10 592	6	9.8		987 036	7 981 12 416		41	. 3	8 599 -496	69. -15.
76 Markham city		27 998	21 015 2 655		3.2	3	596	3 151 9 436		87 97		-755	-8. -15.
		2 850 8 853	8 681		98.1 70.1		641 680	2 882		61	.6	-441	- 13
28 Phoenix Village	••••	3 480	2 441							52	.8	14 949	16
- M		.51 953	107 644	;	70.8	175	415	92 695		3.			
71 Cary Aity					60 L					•		• • •	•
Kentucky: 83 Breckinridge Center (CDP)		3 290	2 252		68.4							420	41
- 1.1.max	į	2 114	1 430		54.1	1	117	1 010 6 123		4	7.7	1 680	27 25
Louisiana: 166 Baldwin town		2 644 15 52 7	7 802		50.2		713 7367	3 22	3		3.8 7.9	810 -456	-19
218 Bastrop city Donaldsonville city	,	7 901 4 472	4 038 2 576		57.6 58.5	,	5 239 2 474	3 03: 1 43	5		8.8	235 -206	16
136 Ferriday town		2 856 4 226	1 670 4 147		98.1	í l	4 407 4 483	4 35 2 24		5	0.0	58 92	
g Grambling town		4 307	2 301		53.4 54.1	;	2 761	1 45	6		8.4	27	
	,	2 828 2 667	1 548 1 350		50. 72.	~	2 736 6 183	1 32 4 12			66.7	492	1
214 Kentwood town	,	6 361	4 614			٠,	3 471	267 30	08		45.0	40 841 6	. 1
a antonna aity		557 515	308 149 1 979		55. 50.	4	3 945	1 97 10 1	73		50.6	10	
n . Danda touth		3 924 18 903	10 194		53. 50.		20 121 5 728	2 2	28		38.9 48.5	880 699	,
168 Opelousas city		6 114 4 610	3 108 2 619		56.	.8	3 962 7 153	19 36			50.8	663 -6 063	
144 Rayville town		7 965	4 295 14 614		53. 96	\$	22 557	20 6 1 5			91.7	518	8
		15 113 2 891	1 890		65 69	. 1	2 506 9 643	b 3	198		66.3	1 72	•
96 Seymourville (CDP)		11 634 9 004	8 122 5 649		62		•••	•	••				
108 Waggaman (CDP)					٠,		305 759	420	210		46.4	10 94 1 47	
Maryland: 160 Baltimore city		786 775	431 151 2 580			3.9	2 852	_	107		38.8		•
56 Capitol Heights town		3 271	5 361		96	,	6 245		559 730		89.0 16.0	-19 12 34	. 7
		5 571 32 77 5	18 067	•		1.9	35 656 7 105	5 3	720 572		50.3	5 9:	30
156 Chillum (CDP)		11 602 5 275	9 502 5 077		9	6.2	• • •	•			• • •		• •
19 Dodge Park (CDP)		7 751	6 837 4 929	7		8.2	4 50.	.: 3	903 357		86.7	8 4	
		4 993 17 021	11 800	3		2.2	20 03	•	•••		•••	•	• •
6 Glenarden town		4 288	2 23				9 64	_	395		35.2	3 4	
- (np)		8 596 5 374	6 82 2 93		5	9.3	5 59	⊋ 7	67 • • •		1.2		
163 Landover (CDP)		5 557	2 89	9		52.2	• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •	.,			84.4	1	767
Hadobee (UHP		5 824 7 986	7 66	5	•	96.0	8 17 7 21	17 5	898 530		76.6 9.1	15	775 988
21 Palmer Park (CDP)		5 217 32 164	4 75			58.3	30 35 6 3	55 2	767 338		5.3		526 2
131 Suitland-Silver Hill (CDP)		10 651				83.2	υ 3.	4 -					00/
				03		86.3	16 4		→ 687		58.8 52.2	1	006 517
Michigan: 40 Eenton Harbor city		14 70	7 36	96		54.5	8 0 1 511 4	167	4 213 0 428		43.7	98	511 834
164 Benton Heights (GDP)		1 203 33	9 758 9			84.0	35 4	444 1	9 609 7 189		55.3 44.5	2	805
107 Detroit City		27 90 35 19	ύ 19 9	94		56.8	38 5 17 3		9 008		52.1	i	78
143 Inkster city 110 Muskegon Heights city		14 61	.1 90	νου		-							
· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·				A	a								



Table 17. Places of 2,500 or More Total Population With a Black Population of 50 Percent or More by State and Rank in 1980: 1980 and 1970-Con.

(Rank is based on 1980 Black population as percent of total persons. For meaning of symbols, see Introduction, For definitions of terms, see Definitions and Explanations)

	(1	lank is base ntroduction	, For defin	itions	pulation as of terms, so	e Pefi	nition		ations	i)	Chang	e, 1970	to 1980
	Ţ		1980]			1970			├ ──		
. 10	aces of 2,500 or more total opulation with a Black population f 50 percent or more	Total	Black population	85 8	population percent of population	popul	rotal action	Black population	AR A	population percent of population		umber	Percent
	2 yo parcone or many	population	population		population	<u></u>							
34	Lesissippi:		1 602		53.7		3 146	1 911		60.7 56. 6	1	-309 1 323	-16.2 22.3
1	Relzoni city	2 982 11 116	7 269		65.4	_	0 503	5 946 1 448		51.3	1	109	7.5
i	Canton city	2 878	1 557		54.1		2 821 1 675	11 703		54.0)	1 319	11.3
	Charleston city	21 137	13 02?		61.6 51.5		2 574	1 194		46.4		107	9.0 13.7
	Drew city	2 528	1 301		52.9		2 752	1 344		48.8		184 3 518	17.1
	Burant city	2 889	1 528 24 137		59.4	3	9 648	20 619		52.0 49.1	- 1	-670	-6.0
I	Greenville city	40 613 20 115	10 460		52.0	2	2 400	11 130 2 617		57.	١.	-49	-1.9
	Creenwood city	4 437	2 568		57.9	•	4 577	2 274		69.		1 031	45.3
i	Hazlehurst City	4 336	3 305		76.2	Į .	3 260	2 21.4			.		36.3
)		3 205	. 4 618		63.4	1	5 728	3 389		59. 55.		1 229 -852	-17.0
5	Holly Springs city	7 285 8 221	4 148		50.5	1	8 947	5 000		65.		575	35.2
5	Indianola city	2 9. 4	2 207		76.0		2 489	1 632 3 413		56.		580	17.0
l	Itta Bena city	6 667	3 993	3	59.9		6 000 2 756	1 414		51.	3	57	4.0
3	Leland city	2 628	1 471		56.0 65.5	1	19 321	8 366		43.		4 071 803	48.7 38.1
9 4	Moss Point city	18 998			99.7	1	2 134	2 106		98.	- 1	1 488	14.9
1	Mound Bayou city	2 917 22 015			52.0		19 704	9 959		50. 91.	_ 1	-6	-0.1
4	Natchez city	6 660			96.3	- 1	6 996	6 421 1 436		57.		327	22.8
8	North Gulfport (CDP)	2 765	. 7/	3	63.8	3 [2 491	1 430	,		1		
1	Palmers Crossing (CDP)				61.0	,	2 034	1 063	3	52.		518 342	48.7 20.3
19	Rolling Fork city	2 590	- ^ -		72.0		2 599	1 686		64 55	٠,	852	65.
7	Posedale city	2 793			64.	8 }	2 351			67	. 1	184	10.3
00	Rulowille city				77.		2 645			49	. 1	763	6.
59	Shelby cityVicksburg city	25 434		1	52.	4	25 478	12 30	•		- 1		
87	Vicksburg City	\				1			_	98	اه	-1 140	-20.
	Missouri:	4 45	5 442	29	99.	4	5 629			30		3 299	- 235.
2	Kinloch city	1			80.		4 611 5 571				.9	2 372	185.
51	Northwoods city		2 364		80.		5 773			28	.8	3 848	231. -19.
52	Pinelawn City	, , , ,			82. 86.	- 1	7 050			68	.8	- 964	-17.
49 39	Wellston city	4 49	5 3 8	54	001	~}					- 1		
٠,		1				1		3 7 04		42	2.6	1 491	21.
	New Jersey:	17 01	5 85	35	50.		16 53				1.1	4 876	12
220	Asbury Park city	• 1	0 45 0		53.	7. (102 55 75 47	•		53	3.1	24 527	61. 18.
L 80	Camden city	77 69			83 · 97 ·	. 1	2 75	•).5	472	-7
46 14	tameted barough	• }			58		382 41		8		2	-15 713 6 210	53
132	Newark city	•)			57		32 56	6 11 6	30		5.7		
140	Omenon of the constant and the second	• }			52				. o		0.0	8 671	46
192	Pemberton Heights (CDP)	• 1	55 27 4		60		46 86 13 77	•		3	3.6	2 086	45
122	Pleasantville city	13 43	35 67	12	50	•0	13 .,	•					
223	Pleasantville desystems	ţ				1				3	5.8	8 922	63
	New York:	40 4	04 23 (33	-	.0	39 41				2.2	181	
141	Her, cead village	• 1	76 46			.5	5 47 8 72	•			1.4	1 345	
35	New Cassel (CDP)			700		1.1	11 93				5.1	2 500 2 381	
79 58	North Amityville (CDP)					7	15 00	oa 10 1			7.5	-997	
33	Page welt (CDP)			354	63	3.2	15 7	16 93	151	-	,,,,		
106	Wyandanch (CDP)					ļ					- 1		
	North Carolina:	[5	1.9						850	
197	Broaden (CDP)	. 2 9		550 940		9	4 7	66 2 (90		.3.9 56.8	4:	
159	Edonton town.	•• 1	, , ,	908	6	3.7	3 2	-	360 450		43.3	3 63	7 3
102	Pastald town	•• 1		295		2.7	22 3		658 351		52.8	35	
184	Kinston city	•••	147 1	702		4.1 0.3	2 5 4 9		364		48.1	9	
167 217	Maure Olive town	• •		454		1.7	2 8	•	057		36.8	40 94	_
199	Coatland Nock town	••)		465 889		4.6	2 0	94	947		45.2	74	
65	South Goldsboro (CDP)	** \				- 1					1		_
	on the contract of the contrac				g	6.5	39 (500 23	196		58.6	8 78	_
38	Ohio: East Cleveland city	36		980 197		8.9	6 (028		98.8	- 82 8 40	
5	tincoln Heights city	•••	400	416	7	5.0	18 '	925 4	007		21		•
63	Warrens ille Heights city	•••		399		5.5		* * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * *	196		67.5	- 7	21 -
24		• • • •		175	8	30.1	3	251 2			ł		
53	MOOGIAMU AITTARC	İ									45.2	5,	•0
145	Pennsylvania: Chester city	45	794 26	009	;	56.8	56	331 25	469		43.2	J .	••
							•	620	995		55.1		62 4
	South Carolina: Allendale town			857		56.2	_		230		42.7		27
99 148	Androwa town	•••		757		52.1		404 1	671		49.1		14 43
19:	gichanville town	• • • •		. 785 . 93 <i>1</i>		68.2			394		58.2		
8:	ninckville town	••• }		082		99.3		•••	•••		• • •		
	prookdale (CDP)	••••	619	989		55.0	7	045 3	040		43.2		28 52
						72.1L							52
15 18	Burton (CDP)	6		3 568 4 145		51.9			593		51.4	, ,	32



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Table 17. Places of 2,500 or More Total Population With a Black Population of 50 Percent or More by State and Rank in 1980: 1980 and 1970–Con.

(Rank is based on 1980 Black population as percent of total persons. For meaning of symbols, see Introduction. For definitions of terms, see Definitions and Explanations)

	Places of 2,500 or more total		1980			1970		Change, 197	0 to 1980
Rank	population with a Black population of 50 percent or more	Total population	Black population	Black population as a percent of total population	Total population	Black population	Black population as a percent of total population	Number	Percent
	South CarolinaCon:								
81	Denmark city	4 434	3 040	68.6	3 571	2 178	61.0	862	39.6
222	Gantt (CDP)	13 719	6 860	50.0	11 386	3 408	29.9	3 452	101.3
8	Greenview (CDP)	5 515	5 412	98.1	•••	• • •		•••	•••• i
172	Johnston town	2 624	1 407	53.6	2 552	1 216	47.6	191	15.7
206	Kingstree town	4 147	2 122	51.2	3 381	1 549	45.8	573	37.0
130	Lake City city	6 731	3 928	58.4	6 247	3 169	50.7	759	24.0
200	Manning city	4 746	2 450	51.6	4 025	1 847	45.9	603	32.6
210	Marion city	7 700	3 925	51.0	7 435	3 275	44.0	650	19.8
221	Mullins city	6 068	3 035	50.0	6 006	2 868	47.8	167	5.8
30	South Sumter (CDP)	7 096	6 495	91.5	7 491	6 497	86.7	-2	-
29	Wilkinson Heights (CDP)	3 652	3 358	91.9	•••	• • •	• • •	•••	
213	Winnsboro town	2 919	1 482	50.8	3 411	1 814	53.2	-332	-18.3
	Texas:								
10	Barrett (CDP)	3 183	3 123	98.1	2 750	2 408	87.6	715	29.7
12	Pairie View city	3 993	3 909	97.9	3 589	3 533	98.4	376	10.6
173	San Augustine town	2 930	1 567	53.5	2 539	1 236	48.7	331	26.8
	Virginia:								
202	East Highland Park (CDP)	11 797	6 062	51.4				·	
55	Ettrick (CDP)	4 890	3 861	79.0	•••	•••	1.0		
152	Franklin city	7 308	4 045	55.4	6 880	3 494	50.8	551	15.8
117	Petersburg city	41 055	25 080	61,1	36 103	19 914	55.2	5 166	25.9
204	Richmond city	219 214	112 357	51.3	249 621	104 766	42.0	7 591	7.2



Table 18. Summary Sex and Age Characteristics of the Black Population for Selected Places by Rank: 1980

(Rank is based on Black population as percent of total persons. For meaning of symbols, see Introduction. For definitions of terms, see Definitions and Explanations)

	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	or definition	is of ter	ms, see	berinitio	iis and pape	41146201127	Age (y	ears)					
			-	ŀ		Numb	er			Po	rcent			
Rank	Places of 2,500 or more total population with a Black population			}		18	and over				18 and	over	_	
•••	of 50 percent or more	Black popu- lation	Male	Female	Under 18	Total	18 to 64	65 and over	Under 18	Total	18 t	4 ov	r Medi	
1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8	Mound Bayou city, Miss	2 909 4 429 6 082 3 320 5 199 4 929 5 252 5 412 4 147 3 123	1 327 1 973 2 727 1 488 2 365 2 273 2 468 2 562 2 266 1 504	1 582 2 456 3 355 1 832 2 834 2 656 2 784 2 850 1 881 1 619	1 298 1 651 2 206 1 056 1 814 1 871 2 452 1 738 623 1 192	1 611 2 778 3 876 2 264 3 385 3 058 2 800 3 674 3 524 1 931	1 291 2 160 3 372 1 777 2 706 2 920 2 552 3 373 3 304 1 728	320 618 504 487 679 138 248 301 220	37.3 36.3 31.8 34.9 38.0 46.7 32.1	62. 43. 68. 65. 62. 53. 67. 85.	7 48. 7 55. 2 53. 1 52. 0 59. 3 48. 9 62. 0 79.	.8 14 .4 8 .5 14 .0 13 .2 2 .6 4 .3 5	0 24 3 25 7 26 .1 26 .8 25 .7 19 .6 26 .3 26 .5 2	5.1 5.1 7.7 5.3 3.4 9.2 6.2 0.7 4.1
10 11 12 13 14 15 16 17 18	Robbins village, Ill Prairie View city, Tex r cwardale (CDP), Fla Lawnside borough, N.J East Boundary (CDP), Ga Washington Park (CDP), Fla Scotlandville (CDP), La North Gulfport (CDP), Miss. Dodge Park (CDP), Md	8 681 3 909 7 397 2 967 4 570 7 021 14 614 6 415 5 077	4 078 2 073 3 563 1 389 2 173 3 337 6 775 3 069 2 383	4 603 1 836 3 834 1 578 2 397 3 684 7 839 3 346 2 694	3 290 351 3 099 843 1 662 2 632 4 807 2 804 2 253	5 391 3 558 4 298 2 124 2 908 4 389 9 807 3 611 2 824	4 538 3 441 4 103 1 767 2 726 3 951 9 123 3 228 2 776	38 4	9.0 41.1 7 28.1 22 36.1 37.32.3 44.3	91. 9 58. 71. 4 63. 5 62. 9 67. 7 56. 4 55.	0 88 1 55 6 59 .6 59 .5 56 .1 62 .3 50	0.0 0.5 0.6 0.6 0.3 0.4 0.3	2.0 2 2.0 3 3.0 2 5.2 2 4.7 2 5.0 2	3.8 0.6 1.5 4.3 4.5 4.0 11.6 20.9 21.1
20	Carmody Hills-Pepper Mill Village (CDP), Md	5 361	2 601	2 760	2 112	3 249	3 155	_			_			21.0
21 22 23 24 25 26 27 28 29	Palmer Park (CDP), Md	7 665 8 211 52 751 2 399 6 743 17 033 12 548 2 655 3 358 6 495	3 686 3 835 23 881 1 246 3 273 7 876 5 590 1 290 1 530 2 987	3 979 4 376 28 870 1 153 3 470 9 157 6 958 1 369 1 828 3 508	2 944 22 332 154 2 762 6 260 3 3 370 906 3 1 128	2 245 3 981 10 773 9 178 1 749 2 230	3 617 9 341 7 795 1 484 1 919	39 4 13 8 36 1 43 5 1 38 4 26	0 42. 60 6. 44 41. 32 36. 33 26 35 34	9 64 3 57 4 93 0 59 8 63 9 73 1 65	.1 5'.7 4'.6 9'.0 5 5.2 5 5.1 6 5.9 5 5 5 5 5	9.4 9.8 0.2 3.6 4.8 2.1	4.8 7.8 3.3 5.4 8.4	25.0 22.0 20.5 21.9 24.3 23.9 26.1 27.0 25.0
30 31 32 33 34 35 36 37 38	Seat Plcasant city, Md. Centreville city, Ill. Roosevelt (CDP), N.Y. Candler-McAfee (CDP), Ga. Lakeview (CDP), N.Y. Glassmanor (CDP), Md. Gresham Park (CDP), Ga. Rast Cleveland city, Ohie.	12 516 24 211 4 676 6 837 5 448 31 980 3 884	2 387 4 046 5 841 11 357 2 208 3 151 2 604 14 627 1 801 5 875	2 46 3 68 2 84 17 35 2 08	9 3 765 5 026 4 10 02 8 1 496 6 2 77 4 2 27 3 10 24 3 1 61	4 948 7 490 14 184 3 183 1 4 066 2 3 17 5 21 73 9 2 26	3 4 33; 7 02 4 13 68 2 2 88 6 4 02 6 3 07 4 20 05 5 1 97	8 6 3 44 7 4 2 3 4 1 1 1 1 0 1 6 8 2 6 5	42 40 05 41 84 32 87 41 79 49	.2 56 .2 56 .4 56 .0 6 .5 5 .7 5 .0 6 .7 5	6.8 9.8 8.6 8.0 9.5 8.3 8.0 8.3	90.8 99.8 50.1 56.5 51.6 58.9 56.4 62.7 50.9 46.3	3. 2 7. 0 3. 7 2. 1 6. 4 0. 6 1. 9 5. 3 7. 4 4. 6	24.1 21.3 23.7 22.7 30.4 22.8 23.4 26.7 21.1 18.6
4 4 4 4 4 4	Westmont (CDP), Calif	24 029 4 560 9 610 23 443 8 864 64 626 4 908 10 031	4 72 2 56	2 48 4 95 7 12 59 6 4 80 2 35 13 9 2 50 5 30 6 2 9	32	4 3 05 6 02 3 15 36 5 31 19 43 61 17 3 25 16 7 5 18 3 20	66 2 41 66 5 93 60 13 63 60 5 14 77 39 6 61 3 00 75 6 8	18 6 37 23 1 1 44 21 3 9 62 49	338 33 89 3 737 36 166 46 396 3 189 3 726 2 205 4	3.0 6 7.3 6 4.5 6 0.1 2 2.5 3 8 4.5 0	7.0 2.7 5.5 59.9	57.9 53.0 61.8 58.1 58.0 61.3 62.4 68.3 56.0 60.0	14.0 0.9 7.4 1.9 6.2 3.9 7.2 3.7 2.1	26.5 24.6 24.9 23.3 27.3 24.7 35.6 22.1 23.9
	Northwoods city, Mo	4 699 3 648 2 175 6 820 3 861 2 580 7 683	1 /2 1 05 3 23 1 73 1 29 2 3 66 3 4 73	0 1 9 2 1 1 8 3 5 3 2 1 9 4 0	28	42 2 2 85 1 3 50 4 0 47 3 3 33 1 5 67 4 4	06 2 0 90 1 2 70 3 9 14 3 1 47 1 4 15 4 2 58 5 7	44 45 91 18 96	162 3 145 3 79 4 196 1 51 4 152 4 612 3	9.5 6.1 0.3 4.2 0.0	63.4 60.5 63.9 59.7 85.8 60.0 57.5 61.9	60.6 56.0 57.2 58.5 80.8 58.0 55.5 56.0 42.1	2.7 4.4 6.7 1.2 5.1 2.0 2.0 6.0 14.8	27.3 22.9 26.3 23.0 20.8 21.9 21.5 25.0 21.1
	59 Shelby city, Miss	3 30 2 20 21 01 112 41 60 81 1 88 29 12 2 00 4 61 3 77 2 73 107 64 11 60 21 83 6 07	5 1 50 1 0 1 0 5 9 9 9 6 5 8 2 28 5 9 9 13 3 9 8 4 2 0 7 1 7 1 7 18 1 2 10 10 2 2 6 206 8	31	176 5 177 7 8 1535 3 8 297 23 6 086 12 0 120 5559 2 1 030 1 1 535 1 1 512 41 609 7 149 2 092 123	139 1 2 131 131 131 131 131 131 131 131 131	268	988 183 153 801 2 918 890 2 810 683 895 123 757 6 424 1	280 960 378 319 90 208 230 663	45.7 42.5 37.5 31.3 39.0 	54.3 57.5 62.5 68.7 61.0 53.4 58.7 51.3 55.2 57.3 58.1 61.7 65.6 61.1 72.5 62.2	.1.7 44.8 58.0 65.7 57.2 48.6 51.1 39.9 40.8 50.2 41.0 55.3 56.9 59.2 63.0 51.4	12.7 12.7 4.6 3.0 3.8 4.8 7.6 11.3 14.4 7.2 17.1 6.2 8.8 1.9 9.5 10.8	19.7 21.5 24.6 28.8 22.9 22.1 18.2 21.2 22.2 24.2 26.2 27.2 28.8 21.2 22.2 24.2 24.2 26.2 27.2 28.8 29.2

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Table 18. Summary Sex and Age Characteristics of the Black Population for Selected Places by Rank: 1980—Con.

(Rank is based on Black population as percent of total persons. For meaning of symbols, see Introduction. For definitions of terms, see Definitions and Explanations)

	[Age					•			
	1					Numl	per			Per	cent		
Rank	• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •					18	8 and over			18	and ov	er	
	of 50 percent or more	Black popu- lation	Male	Female	Under 18	Total	18 to 64	65 and over	Under 18	Total	18 to 64	65 and over	Median
76 77 78 79 80 81 82 83 84	Markham city, Ill	10 592 8 122 1 943 6 700 11 800 3 040 3 036 2 252 9 662 1 937	5 112 3 631 962 3 073 5 477 1 422 1 308 1 726 4 595 908	5 480 4 491 981 3 627 6 323 1 618 1 728 526 5 067 1 029	4 179 3 460 754 2 385 3 679 1 146 1 162 746 4 047 830	6 413 4 662 1 189 4 315 8 121 1 894 1 874 1 506 5 615 1 107	6 053 3 436 1 022 3 975 7 868 1 645 1 412 1 502 5 458 939	360 1 226 167 340 253 249 462 4 157	39.5 42.6 38.8 35.6 31.2 37.7 38.3 33.1 41.9 42.8	60.5 57.4 61.2 64.4 68.8 62.3 61.7 66.9 58.1 57.2	57.1 42.3 52.6 59.3 66.7 54.1 46.5 66.7 56.5	3.4 15.1 8.6 5.1 2.1 8.2 15.2 0.2 1.6 8.7	22,9 22.5 24.5 25.9 27.9 24.1 25.0 18.9 23.5 22.0
86 87 88 89 90 91 92 93 94	South Bay city, Fla South Apopka (CDP', Fla Riviera Beach city, Fla Atlanta city, Ga Dixmoor village, Ill Cuthbert city, Ga Fort Valley city, Ga Harvey city, Ill Moss Point city, Miss Canton city, Miss	2 637 3 840 17 675 282 911 2 765 2 869 5 918 23 491 12 437 7 269	1 264 1 785 8 227 129 544 1 275 1 235 2 628 11 135 6 026 3 345	1 373 2 055 9 448 153 367 1 490 1 634 3 290 12 356 6 411 3 924	1 215 1 723 6 839 94 407 1 157 1 003 1 900 10 123 5 513 2 862	1 422 2 117 10 836 188 504 1 608 1 866 4 018 13 363 6 924 4 407	1 286 1 815 9 562 166 082 1 446 1 378 3 501 12 564 6 396 3 538	136 302 1 274 22 422 162 488 517 804 528 869	46.1 44.9 38.7 33.4 41.8 35.0 32.1 43.1 44.3 39.4	53.9 55.1 61.3 66.6 58.2 65.0 67.9 56.9 55.7 60.6	48.8 47.3 54.1 58.7 52.3 48.0 59.2 53.5 51.4 48.7	5.2 7.9 7.2 7.9 5.9 17.0 8.7 3.4 4.2 12.0	19.9 20.5 24.4 25.6 21.4 26.4 21.9 21.5 21.0 23.3
96 97 98 99 100 101 102 103 104 105	Seymourville (CDP), La. Opa-locka North (CDP), Fla. Dermott city, Ark. Allendale town, S.C. Ruleville city, Miss. Palmers Crossing (CDP), Miss. Enfield town, N.C. Opa-locka city, Fla. Dawson city, Ga. Holly Springs city, Miss.	1 890 3 722 3 072 2 857 2 160 1 763 1 908 9 182 3 616 4 618	885 1 715 1 359 1 376 953 826 844 4 391 1 645 2 087	1 005 2 007 1 713 1 481 1 207 937 1 064 4 791 1 971 2 531	730 1 584 1 315 1 095 892 695 687 3 370 1 387 1 644	1 160 2 138 1 757 1 762 1 268 1 068 1 221 5 812 2 229 2 974	1 006 2 066 1 242 1 462 941 880 952 5 514 1 783 2 557	154 72 515 300 327 188 269 298 446 417	38.6 42.6 42.8 38.3 41.3 39.4 36.0 36.7 38.4 35.6	61.4 57.4 57.2 61.7 58.7 60.6 64.0 63.3 61.6	53.2 55.5 40.4 51.2 43.6 49.9 60.1 49.3 55.4	8.1 1.9 16.8 10.5 15.1 10.7 14.1 3.2 12.3	22.8 20.2 22.5 25.5 22.7 24.4 25.8 23.4 24.1
106 107 108 109 110 111 112 113 114 115	Wyandanch (CDP) N.Y. Detroit city, Mich. Waggaman (CDP), La West Little River (CDP), Fla. Muskegon Heights city, Mich. York city, Ala Earle city, Ark. Clarkadale city, Miss. Camilla city, Ga Vienna city, Ga	8 354 758 939 5 649 20 367 9 086 2 107 2 167 13 022 3 324 1 765	3 926 355 676 2 740 9 525 4 225 935 1 020 5 915 1 514 787	4 428 403 263 2 909 10 842 4 861 1 172 1 147 7 107 1 810 978	3 659 269 922 2 574 8 042 3 729 876 906 5 369 1 410 731	4 695 489 017 3 075 12 325 5 357 1 231 1 261 7 653 1 914 1 034	4 421 431 743 2 952 11 621 4 635 955 921 5 931 1 598 833	274 57 274 123 704 722 276 340 1 722 316 201	43.8 35.6 45.6 39.5 41.0 41.6 41.8 41.2 42.4	56.2 64.4 54.4 60.5 59.0 58.4 58.2 58.8 57.6 58.6	52.9 56.9 52.3 57.1 51.0 45.3 42.5 45.5 48.1	3.3 7.6 2.2 3.5 7.9 13.1 15.7 13.2 9.5	21.4 25.8 19.7 23.3 22.6 22.4 22.8 22.6 22.5 23.2
116 117 118 119 120 121 122 123 124 125	Creensboro city, Ala Petersburg city, Va East Palo Alto (CDP), Calif Rolling Fork city, Miss. East Compton (CDP), Calif llelena 'ty, Ark plainfield city, N.J Leland city, Miss Madison city, Ga Memphis (CDP), Fla	1 986 25 080 11 107 1 581 3 925 5 796 27 420 3 993 1 765 3 270	925 11 587 5 285 710 1 821 2 496 12 953 1 776 814 1 545	1 061 13 493 5 822 871 2 104 3 300 14 467 2 217 951 1 725	753 8 341 3 929 744 1 744 2 510 10 019 1 747 663 1 141	1 233 16 739 7 178 837 2 181 3 286 17 401 2 246 1 102 2 129	926 14 694 6 603 719 2 127 2 355 15 992 1 723 905 1 779	307 2 045 575 118 54 931 1 409 523 197 350	37.9 33.3 35.4 47.1 44.4 43.3 36.5 43.8 37.6 34.9	62.1 66.7 64.6 52.9 55.6 56.7 63.5 56.2 62.4 65.1	46.6 58.6 59.4 45.5 54.2 40.6 58.3 43.2 51.3	15.5 8.2 5.2 7.5 1.4 16.1 5.1 13.1 11.2	24.0 26.1 24.7 19.0 20.7 21.8 25.4 20.8 24.1 26.3
126 127 128 129 130 131 132 133 134	Greenville city, Miss. Marianna city, Ark. Washington city, Ga. Garyville (CDP), La. Lake City city. S.C. Suitland-Silver Hill (CDP). Md. Newark city, N.J. Montezuma city, Ga. Hazlewhurst city, Miss. Quitman city, Ga.	24 137 3 694 2 737 1 670 3 928 18 755 191 745 2 810 2 568 2 998	10 974 1 585 1 238 799 1 787 8 360 87 155 1 236 1 162 1 308	13 163 2 109 1 499 871 2 141 10 395 104 590 1 574 1 406 1 690	10 044 1 543 946 687 1 451 6 145 72 211 1 073 991 1 284	14 093 2 151 1 791 983 2 477 12 610 119 534 1 737 1 577 1 714	11 251 1 520 1 470 865 2 064 12 366 107 978 1 422 1 245 1 380	2 842 631 321 118 413 244 11 556 315 332 334	41.6 41.8 34.6 41.1 36.9 32.8 37.7 38.2 38.6 42.8	58.4 58.2 65.4 58.9 63.1 67.2 62.3 61.8 61.4	46.6 41.1 53.7 51.8 52.5 65.9 50.6 48.5 46.0	11.8 17.1 11.7 7.1 10.5 1.3 6.0 11.2 12.9	22.6 23.5 26.4 21.9 25.0 25.9 24.5 23.8 24.0 23.0
136 137 138 139 140 141 142 143 144	Ferriday town, La Lake Village city, Ark. Quincy city, Fla Inglewood city, Calif. Orange city, N.J. Hempstead village, N.Y. Lafayette city, Ala Inkster city, Mich. Rayville town, La Chester city, Pa	2 576 1 772 4 925 54 010 17 840 23 033 2 078 19 994 2 619 26 009	1 102 814 2 163 25 044 8 136 10 386 918 9 540 1 156 11 791	1 474 958 2 762 28 966 9 704 12 647 1 160 10 454 1 463 14 218	956 727 1 918 17 675 5 961 8 387 786 7 523 1 051 9 380	1 620 1 045 3 007 36 335 11 879 14 646 1 292 12 471 1 568 16 629	1 196 768 2 458 34 847 10 821 13 566 1 045 1i 132 1 137 14 372	424 277 549 1 488 1 058 1 080 247 1 339 431 2 257	37.1 41.0 38.9 32.7 33.4 36.4 37.8 37.6 40.1 36.1	62.9 59.0 61.1 67.3 66.6 63.6 62.2 62.4 59.9 63.9	46.4 43.3 49.9 64.5 60.7 58.9 50.3 55.7 43.4 55.3	16.5 15.6 11.1 2.8 5.9 4.7 11.9 6.7 16.5 8.7	25.8 23.0 23.8 25.9 27.2 26.0 23.6 24.9 23.4 25.3
146 147 148 149	Miami Gardens-Utopia-Carver (CDP·, Fla Sandersville city, Ga	5 114 3 454 1 757 1 471	2 395 1 535 803 657	2 719 1 919 954 814	1 886 1 257 715 579	3 228 2 197 1 042 892	2 875 1 811 908 685	353 386 134 207	36.9 36.4 40.7 39.4	63.1 63.6 59.3 60.6	56.2 52.4 51.7 46.6	6.9 11.2 7.6 14.1	24.4 24.8 22.5 22.7



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Table 18. Summary Sex and Age Characteristics of the Black Population for Selected Places by Rank: 1980-Con.

(Rank is based on Black population as percent of total persons. For meaning of symbols, see Introduction. For definitions of terms, see Definitions and Explanations)

		,						Age (yes	114)				
Rank	Places of 2,500 or more total population with a Black population		}			N usm)	er			l'er	ent		
NGIIN	of 50 percent or more	Black				16	and over			18	and ov	e r	İ
		popu- lation	Male	Female	Under 18	Total	18 to 64	65 and over	Under 18	Total	18 Lo 64	65 and over	Median
150 151 152 153 154 155 156 157 158 159	Birmingham city, Ala. Eatonton city, Ga. Franklin city, Va. Monticello city, Fla. New Orleans city, La. Westview (CDP), Fla. Chillum (CDf), Md. Louisville city, Ga. Button (CDP), S.C. Edenton town, N.C.	158 224 2 688 4 045 1 655 308 149 5 026 18 067 1 553 1 989 2 940	72 280 1 289 1 832 727 141 501 2 352 8 417 687 887 1 290	85 944 1 399 2 213 928 166 648 2 674 9 650 866 1 102 1 650	52 688 1 034 1 353 677 113 823 1 905 6 136 520 754 1 041	105 536 1 654 2 692 978 194 326 3 121 11 931 1 033 1 235 1 899	87 986 1 406 2 282 807 170 359 3 019 11 539 788 1 129 1 517	17 550 248 410 171 23 967 102 392 265 106 382	33.3 38.5 33.4 40.9 36.9 37.9 34.0 33.5 37.9	66.7 61.5 66.6 59.1 63.1 62.1 66.0 66.5 67.1	55.6 52.3 56.4 48.8 55.3 60.1 63.9 49.5 56.8 51.6	11.1 9.2 10.1 10.3 7.8 2.0 2.2 17.1 5.3 13.0	26.4 24.1 26.8 22.4 24.4 23.8 25.7 27.8 23.3 26.2
160 161 162 163 164 165 166 167 168	Baltimore city, Md. Jonesville town, La. Brundidge city, Ala. Landover (CDP), Md. Benton Heights (CDP), Mich. Charleston city, Miss. Baldwin town, La. La Grange town, N.C. Opelousas city, La. St. Martinville city, La.	431 151 1 548 1 755 2 931 3 696 1 557 1 430 1 702 10 194 4 295	199 836 704 795 1 412 1 709 699 689 784 4 619 2 022	2 Jl 315 844 960 1 519 1 987 858 741 918 5 575 2 273	141 513 628 587 1 078 1 613 650 619 574 4 013 1 674	289 638 920 1 168 1 853 2 083 907 811 1 128 6 181 2 621	255 933 727 847 1 832 1 717 687 739 950 5 153 2 336	33 705 193 321 21 366 220 72 178 1 028 285	32.8 40.6 33.4 36.8 43.6 41.7 43.3 33.7 39.4 39.0	67.2 59.4 66.6 63.2 56.4 58.5 56.7 66.3 60.6	59.4 47.0 48.3 62.5 46.5 44.1 51.7 55.8 50.5	7.8 12.5 18.3 0.7 9.9 14.1 5.0 10.5 10.1 6.6	26. 2 23. 2 26. 9 25. 4 21. 2 22. 7 20. 9 27. 3 23. 7 23. 0
170 171 172 173 174 175 176 177 178 179	Brunswick city, Ga. Belzoni city, Miss. Johnston town, S.C. San Augustine town, Fex. Augusta city Ga. Homer town, La. Cordele city, Ga. Madison city, Fla. Waynesboro city, Ga. Millen city, Ga.	9 464 1 602 1 407 1 567 25 406 2 301 5 825 1 855 3 057 2 114	4 255 671 656 689 11 181 1 060 2 538 794 1 332 95:	5 209 931 751 878 14 225 1 241 3 287 1 061 1 725 1 163	3 447 632 549 547 7 922 877 2 423 751 1 225 829	6 017 970 858 920 17 484 1 424 3 402 1 104 1 832 1 285	4 967 672 753 736 14 107 1 110 2 778 837 1 385 1 010	1 050 298 105 18; 3 377 314 624 267 447 275	36.4 39.5 39.0 41.3 31.2 38.1 41.6 40.5 40.1	63.6 60.5 61.0 58.7 68.8 61.9 58.4 59.5 59.9 60.8	52.5 41.9 53.5 47.0 55.5 48.2 47.7 45.1 45.3 47.8	11.1 18.6 7.5 11.7 13.3 13.6 10.7 14.4 14.6	25.5 23.6 23.4 23.4 27.9 25.0 22.3 23.9 23.3 24.0
180 181 182 183 184 185 186 187 188	Camden city, N.J. Belle Glade city, Fla. Durant city, Miss. Fairfield city, Ala. Kinston city, N.C. Selma city, Ala. Marlow Heights (CDP, Md. Vicksburg city, Miss. Chester city, S.C. Jessup (CDP), Md.	45 008 8 751 1 528 6 894 13 295 14 047 3 057 13 331 3 568 2 238	20 594 4 325 663 3 054 5 797 6 285 1 387 5 924 1 606 2 022	24 414 4 426 865 3 840 7 498 7 762 1 670 7 407 1 962 216	18 345 3 340 576 1 941 4 668 5 325 1 129 4 937 1 471 38	26 663 5 411 952 4 953 8 627 8 722 1 928 8 394 2 097 2 20	23 953 4 826 720 3 929 7 182 6 945 1 897 6 576 1 820 2 190	2 710 585 232 1 024 1 445 1 777 31 1 818 277 10	40.8 38.2 37.7 28.2 35.1 37.9 36.9 37.0 41.2	59. 2 61. 8 62. 3 71. 8 64. 9 62. 1 63. 1 63. 0 58. 8 98. 3	53.2 55.1 47.1 57.0 54.0 49.4 62.1 49.3 51.0 97.9	6.0 6.7 15.2 14.9 10.9 12.7 1.0 13.6 7.8 0.4	22.7 24.7 26.0 28.5 26.4 24.1 24.6 24.7 22.8 28.8
190 191 192 193 194 195 196 197 198 199	Largo (CDP), Md Bishopville town, S.C Pemberton Heights (CDP), N.J Greenwood city, Miss Natchez city, Miss Forsyth city, Ga Darlington city, S.C Brogden (CDP), N.C Sylvester city, Ga Scotland Neck town, N.C	2 899 1 785 1 639 10 460 11 447 2 401 4 145 1 550 3 030 1 465	1 346 780 797 4 642 5 014 1 029 1 852 729 1 387 617	1 553 1 005 842 5 818 6 433 1 372 2 293 821 1 643 848	957 622 364 4 110 4 143 816 1 463 694 1 200 545	1 942 1 163 975 6 350 7 304 1 585 2 682 856 1 830	1 907 965 956 4 946 5 823 1 326 2 188 831 1 520 719	35 198 19 1 404 1 481 259 494 25 310 201	33.0 34.9 40.5 39.3 36.2 34.0 35.3 44.8 39.6 37.2	67.0 65.2 59.5 60.7 63.8 66.0 64.7 55.2 60.4 62.8	65.8 54.1 58.3 47.3 50.9 55.2 52.8 53.6 50.2 49.1	i.2 11.1 1.2 13.4 12.9 10.8 11.9 1.6 10.2	27.4 24.9 21.3 23.9 25.6 25.7 26.9 21.1 22.9 25.4
200 201 202 203 204 205 206 207 208 209	Manning city, S.C Drew city, Miss East Highland Park (CDP), Va Bessemer city, Ala Richmond city, Va Ocilla city, Ga Kingstree town, S.C Donaldsonville city, La Wilmington city, Del Greensboro city, Ga	2 450 1 301 6 062 16 272 112 357 1 759 2 122 4 038 35 858 1 524	1 098 586 2 885 7 322 50 806 827 910 1 819 16 211 703	1 352 715 3 177 8 950 61 551 932 1 212 2 219 19 647 821	849 566 2 210 5 764 34 194 762 853 1 750 13 431 572	1 601 735 3 852 10 508 78 163 997 1 269 2 288 22 427 952	1 356 551 3 701 8 387 67 639 807 1 018 2 010 19 530 800	245 184 151 2 121 10 524 190 251 278 2 897 152	34.7 43.5 36.5 35.4 30.4 43.3 40.2 43.3 37.5	65.3 56.5 63.5 64.6 69.6 56.7 59.8 56.7 62.5	55.3 42.4 61.1 51.5 60.2 45.9 48.0 49.8 54.5 52.3	10.0 14.1 2.5 13.0 9.4 10.8 11.8 6.9 8.1	25.5 21.5 26.5 25.9 27.1 22.5 24.3 21.0 24.6 24.7
210 211 212 213 214 215 216 217 218 219 220 221 222 223 224	Marion city, S.C. Asburn city, Ga. Port Allen city. La. Winnsboro town, S.C. Kentwood town, La. Indianola city, Miss. New Roads town, La. Mount Olive town, N.C. Bastrop city, La. Stamps city, Ark. Asbury Park city, N.J. Mullins city, S.C. Gantt (CDP), S.C. Pleasantville city, N.J. West Point city, Ga.	3 925 2 427 3 108 1 482 1 350 4 148 1 979 2 454 7 802 1 434 8 335 3 035 6 860 6 712 2 145	1 693 1 111 1 476 678 603 1 844 882 1 04; 3 440 6 5 3 741 1 356 3 324 3 103 955	2 232 1 316 1 632 804 747 2 304 1 097 1 407 4 362 779 4 794 1 679 3 536 3 609 1 190	1 482 1 088 1 189 516 540 1 612 746 843 3 178 557 3 226 1 159 2 652 2 590 770	2 443 1 339 1 919 966 810 2 536 1 233 1 611 4 624 877 5 309 1 876 4 208 4 122 1 375	2 000 1 146 1 692 815 685 1 903 1 038 1 317 3 674 649 4 548 1 533 3 948 3 575 1 145	443 193 227 151 125 633 195 294 950 228 761 343 260 547 230	37.8 44.8 38.3 34.8 40.0 38.9 37.7 34.4 40.7 38.8 37.8 38.2 38.7 38.6 35.9	62. 2 55. 2 61. 7 65. 2 60. 0 61. 1 62. 3 65. 6 59. 3 61. 2 62. 2 61. 8 61. 3 61. 4 64. 1	\$1.0 47.2 \$4.4 55.0 50.7 45.9 52.5 53.7 47.1 45.3 53.3 50.5 57.6 53.3 53.4	11.3 8.0 7.3 10.7 9.3 15.9 12.0 12.2 15.9 8.9 11.3 3.8 8.1 10.7	25. 2 20.4 23.0 25.3 22.3 24.5 24.6 26.3 22.8 25.3 24.6 24.5 23.9 24.3 25.6



Table 19. Summary Household and Family Characteristics of the Black Population for Selected Places: 1980

Households

(Places are listed by rank of Black population as percent of total persons. For meaning of symbols, see introduction. For definitions of terms, see Definitions and Ex, 'anations'

Families

mi of 2 500 on many take)	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	louseholds			F	amilies		
Places of 2,500 or more total population with a Black population			1	Ĺ		Гуре		
of 50 percent or more				ſ		Pemale housel		
			Persons per		Married-	no husband p	resent	Persons
	Total	Nonfamily	household	Total	couple	Number	Percent	per family
Mound Nayou city, Miss	814 1 391 1 663 1 030 1 785 1 340 1 158 1 532 765 901	200 360 396 255 525 139 131 229 209	3.58 3.18 3.23 3.20 2.88 3.68 4.53 3.54 2.73 3.48	1 031 1 487 775 1 260 1 201 1 027 1 303 556 754	466 851 478 635 740 509 879 402 552	507 573 249 557 390 453 362 128	38.5 32.1 44.2 32.5 44.1 27.8 23.0 21.9	4.36 3.83 3.76 3.89 3.53 3.90 4.89 3.90 3.20 3.93
Robbina : Ilage, Ill. Prairie View city, Tex. Broward.le (CDP), Fla. Lawnside borough, M.J. East Boundary (CDP), Ga Washington Park (CDP), Fla. Scotlandville (CDP), la. North Gulfport (CDP), Miss. Dudge Park (CDP), Md. Carmody Hill: Pepper Mill Village (CDP), Md.	2 279 417 1 727 1 013 1 361 1 982 3 608 1 759 1 546	413 121 162 254 205 412 722 391 362	3.75 2.78 4.27 2.95 3.36 3.54 3.60 3.65 3.29	1 866 296 1 565 759 1 156 1 570 2 886 1 368 1 184	1 033 248 1 046 541 698 849 1 684 792 487	736 40 418 183 398 578 1 054 495 577	39.4 13.5 76.7 24.1 34.4 36.8 36.5 36.2 48.7	4.21 3.41 4.55 3.48 3.68 3.99 3.92 4.30 3.70
Palmer Park (CDr), Md. Richmond Heights (CDP), Fla. East St. Louis city, Ill Wilberforce (CDP), Ohio. Collier City (CDP), Pla. Brownsville (CDP), Fla. Tuskegee city, Ala. Phoenix village, Ill. Wilkinson Heights (CDP), S.C. South Sumter (CDP), S.C.	2 007 2 219 15 582 253 1 826 5 130 3 595 838 1 026 1 886	342 263 3 897 92 353 1 444 1 430 203 231 410	3.8a 3.71 3.38 2.45 3.66 3.32 2.76 3.16 3.27 3.44	1 665 1 956 11 c35 161 1 473 3 686 2 465 635 795 1 476	963 1 312 5 145 120 831 1 06° 1 415 351 487 868	558 538 5 854 32 536 1 710 94 5 242 269 52 5	33.5 27.5 50.1 19.9 36. 46.4 38.3 38.1 33.8 35.6	4.21 3.95 4.04 3.06 4.12 4.01 3.52 68 3.82 4.04
Seat Pleasant city, Md. Centreville city, Ill. Rossevelt (CDP), N.Y. Candler-McAfce (CDP), Ga. Lakeview (CDP), N.Y. Glassmanor (CDP), Md. Gresham: Pack (CDP), Ga. Eact Cleveland city, Ohio Wellston city, Mo. Benton Harbor city, Mich.	1 1.11 2 430 3 062 6 751 1 243 2 223 1 428 12 202 1 038 3 613	115 478 290 1 060 125 564 147 4 203 234 841	4.03 3.59 4.08 3.59 3.76 3.07 3.81 2.62 3.72 3.50	1 066 1 952 2 782 5 691 1 118 1 L 1 28. 7 999 804 2 772	779 1 064 1 790 3 553 802 803 927 4 280 377 1 098	219 803 857 1 847 265 713 - 30 3 255 366 1 529	20.5 41.1 30.8 32.5 23.7 43.0 22.6 -0.7 -5.5 55.2	4.26 4.11 4.13 3.93 3.86 3.56 4.03 3.35 4.37 4.11
Westmont (CDP), Cal(f. Brighton city, Ala. Panthersville (CDP), Sa. Highland Park (ity, Mich. Walker Mill (CDP), Md. East Orange city, N.J. West Comp.c. (CDP), Calif. View Park-Windsor Hills (CDP), Calif. Pine Lawn city, Mo. Coral Hills (CDP), Md.	8 035 1 333 3 182 8 011 2 596 22 754 1 336 3 614 1 460 2 869	2 134 31 y 913 2 769 372 7 422 158 781 220 666	2.99 3.42 2.98 2.87 3.43 2.81 3.70 7.79 3.77 3.32	5 901 1 014 2 269 5 242 2 224 15 332 1 178 2 833 1 240 2 203	2 732 623 1 537 2 204 1 345 8 196 764 2 114 726 1 386	2 749 335 607 2 629 784 6 134 344 600 422 638	46.6 33.0 26.8 50.2 35.3 40.0 29.2 21.2 34.0 29.0	3.54 6.11 3.61 3.68 3.70 3.48 3.94 3.19 4.10 3.45
Northwood city, No Pagedale city, Mo Woodlawn viliage, phio Centland (CDP), Md. Ettrick (CDP), Va. Capitol Heights town, hd. Lake Lucercs (CDP), Fia. North Amityvi, 'a (CP), 'i.Y. Shelby city, 'iss do.landale city, Miss	1 366 1 015 597 2 0J2 719 587 2 U25 2 660 560 883	151 171 62 365 203 51 321 407 170 24	3.44 3.63 3.65 3.42 2.83 4.41 3.79 3.85 3.50 3.75	1 215 844 535 1 637 516 535 1 704 2 253 390 655	918 502 397 1 048 354 389 1 124 1 446 186 318	243 283 112 461 132 107 491 697 178 291	20.0 33.5 20.9 23.2 25.6 20.0 28.8 30.9 45.6 44.4	3.70 4.02 3.90 3.82 3.26 4.36 4.16 4.03 4.52 4.61
Itta Pena city, Mins Maywood village, Ill Warrensville Heights city, O.io Compton city, Calif South Goldsboro CDP), N.C Prichard city, Ale Rosedale city, Miss Lake Providence Cown, La Selmont-West Selmont (CDP), Aia Eudora city, Ark	592 5 9.0 4 647 16 831 593 8 361 5 1 426 1 092 807	155 1 159 301 2 684 107 1 689 141 479 229 301	3.73 3.53 2.68 5.60 3.19 7.48 3.85 3.21 3.46 3.65	437 4 811 3 34 0 14 147 496 6 672 382 94. 863 596	239 3 136 2 462 7 990 194 3 638 166 424 518 279	179 1 387 751 5 281 277 2 687 145 465 305 278	41.0 28.8 22.4 37.3 57.0 40.3 51.0 49.1 35.3 46.6	4.57 3.99 3.26 3.94 3.60 4.03 4.80 4.27 4.03 3.98
Gary city, Ind	33 220 5 441 1 817 161 961 790	7 504 1 267 282 69 527 218	3.23 3.37 3.37 2.70 3.09	25 716 5 174 1 535 101 434 572	14 815 ? 889 947 49 529 288	9 353 1 939 506 43 556 258	36.4 37.7 33.0 42.9 45.1	3.77 3.79 3.64 3.47 3.81



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Table 19. Summary Household and Family Characteristics of the Black Population for Selected Places: 1980–Con.

(Places are listed by rank of Black population as percent of total persons. For meaning of symbols, see Introduction. For definitions of terms, see Definitions and Explanations)

		Households			1	amilies		
Places or 2,500 or more total						Туре		
population with a Black population of 50 percent or more			Persons			Female househ		
	Total	Nonfamily	per household	Total	Married- couple	Number	Percent	Persons per family
	0.130	230		2 371	1 762	491	20.7	4.30
Markham city, Ill	2 579 2 513	2)8 123	4.12 3.16	1 690 425	816 256	768 140	45.4 32.9	4.11
Little Shawmut (CDP), Ala New Cassel (CDP), N.Y	565 1 790	415	3.44 3.73	1 515	899	5 51	36.4	3.95 3.32
Hillcrest Heights .CDP), Md Denmark city, S.C	4 486 933	1 541 244	2.63 3.26	2 945 689	1 945 386	803 275	27.3 39.9	3.99
Union Springs city, Ala	942 60	282 16	3.21 2.88	660 44	327 30	296 7	44.8 15.9	4.07 3.39
Breckinridge Center (CDP), Ky Scott Lake (CDP), Fla	2 527	240	3.82	2 287	1 69 5 228	486 175	21.3 41.0	3.98 4.22
Blackville town, S.C	538	111	3.60	427	311	166	31.3	4.48
South Bay city, FlaSouth ApoFka (CDP), Fla	705 1 022	175 218	3.73 3.76	530 804	421	323	40.2	4.39
Riviera Beach city, FlaAtlanta city, Ga	5 171 94 570	952 28 388	3.41 2.90	4 219 66 182	2 610 31 315	1 404 30 454	33.3 46,0	3.55
Dixmoor village, Ill	636	63	4.30 3.13	573 642	344 366	203 239	35.4 37.2	4.52 3.89
Cuthbert city, GaFort Vailey city, Ga	890 1 690	248 485	3.08	1 205	584	552	45.8	3.78 4.05
Harvey city, Ill	6 499 3 271	1 224 604	3.59 3.79	5 275 2 667	3 162 1 766	1 805 743	34.2 27.9	4.30
Canton city, Miss	2 029	4 58	3.57	1 571	807	661	42.1	4.23
Scymmurville CDP), Le	516 865	95 135	3.66 4.09	421 730	273 471	121 217	28.7 29.7	4.21
Dermost city, Ark	953 864	287 223	3.22 3.28	666	356 346	260 251	39.0 39.2	4.08 3.95
Allendale town, S.C	567	121 145	3.74 3.16	446 411	254 229	169 159	37.9 38.7	4.42 3.82
Palmera C.ossing (CDP), Miss Enfield town, N.C	556 513	117	3.43	396	187	190	48.0	4.06
Opa-locka city, Fla	3 254 1 083	1 099 268	2.83 3.29	2 155 815	1 070	859 315	39.9 38.7	3.97
Holly Springs city, Miss	1 143	244	3.56	899	502	351	39.0	4.21
Wyandanch (CDP), N.Y	2 055 251 547	240 73 634	4.09 2.99	1 815 177 913	1 059 91 093	652 75 101	35.9 42.2	4.20 3.64 4.82
Waggaman (CDP), La	1 232 5 449	93 865	4.60 3.73	1 139 4 584	835 2 681	253 1 573	22.2 34.3	4.07
M skegon Heights city, Mich	2 718 612	559 165	3.34 3.39	2 159 447	1 114 231	945 196	43.8 43.8	3.82
York city, Ala Earle city, Ark	663	194	3.25	469	265	180 1 150	38.4 42.2	4.08
Clarksdate city, Miss	3 986 883	1 264 179	3.25 3.75	2 722 704	1 406	319	45.3	4.36
Vienna city, Ga	494	122	3.52	372	199	156	41.9	4.20
Greensboro city, Ala	540 8 358	143 2 381	3.59 2.99	397		150 2 371	37.8 39.7	3.55
East Palo Alto CDP), Calif	3 410 370	841 63	3.28 4.24	2 569 307	1 425 167	958 128	37.3 41.7	3.79 4.85
Rolling Fork city, Miss East Compton CDP', Calif	1 084	161	3.63	923 1 253	490	365 621	39.5 49.6	3.95
Helena city, ArkPlainfield city, N.J	1 922 8 100	669 1 609	2.99 3.39	6 491	4 049	2 079	32.0	3.79
Leland city, Miss	1 138 490	335 107	3.51 3.60	803	I .	354 175	44.1 45.7	4.44
Memphis (CDP), Fla	954	154	3.42	800	475	282	35.3	3.77
Greenville city, Miss	7 208	2 049 348	3.31 3.19	5 159 795		2 133 367	41.3 46.2	4.11
Martanna city, Ark	884	240	3.05	644	353	259 140	40.2 38.6	3.72
Caryville CDP', La	1 130	72 221	3.85 3.48	وره	516	346	38.1	4.04
Suitland-silver Hill (CDP), Md	7 351 62 725	2 567 18 977	2.55 3.03	4 784		1 930 22 531	40.3 51.5	3.15
Montezuma city, Ga	849	226 176	3.28 3.34	623 592		31.7 225	50.9 38.0	3.95
Hazlehurst city, MissQuitman city, Ga	768 917	241	3.27	676	1 .	290	42.9	4.00
Ferriday town, La	873 520	282 169	2.91 3.33	591 351	1 .	275 167	46.5 47.6	1
Lake Village city, Ark	1 412	297	3.49	1 115	543	514 5 288	46.1 38.6	4.03
Inglewood city, Calif	20 857 6 336	7 150 1 5	2.58 2.82	13 707 4 368	2 340	1 756	40.2	3.45
Hempstead village, N.Y	7 064 388	1 557 158	3.25 3.49	5 465	i e	2 093	38.3	3.67
Lafayette city, Ala	5 943	1 166	3.36	4 777	2 779	1 709 276	35.8 49.7	3.79
Rayville town, La	791 8 357	236 2 306	3.15 3.09	555 6 051		2 914	48.2	3.70
Miami Gardens-Btopia-Carver CDP1, Fla	1 389	246	3.66	1 143 776		366 376	32.0 48.5	1 1
Sandersville city, Ga	1 035	259 64	3.26 4.06				,	4.53
Lexington city, Miss		141 13 719	3.17 3.02	31 5 38 381	1	13,3 14 373	42.1 37.4	
Birmingham city, Ala	, 22 100	13 /17	3102	. 50 50-				



Table 19. Summary Household and Family Characteristics of the Black Population for Selected Places: 1980-Con.

(Places are listed by rank of Black population as percent of total persons. For meaning of symbols, see Introduction. For definitions of terms, see Definitions and Explanations)

Households Families Type Places of 2,500 or more total population with a Black population Female householder. of 50 percent or more Persons no husband present Marriedper Persons Total Nonfamily Total Number household couple per family Percent Eatonton city, Ga..... 736 161 4.19 Franklin city, Va..... 1 282 260 3.15 1 022 592 294 37.6 3.60 Monticello city, Fla..... 506 143 3.25 4.07 New Orleans city, La..... 347 27 856 71 491 37 038 42.3 3.06 30.20 a 3.75 Westview (CDP', Fla..... 469 3.40 1 179 307 3.79 776 26.0 Chillum (CDP), Md..... 590 1 997 2.73 4 593 2 665 1 588 34.6 3.28 Louisville city, Ga..... 457 119 3.12 3.83 629 142 3.16 487 305 168 34.5 3.69 198 3.10 733 415 280 38.2 3.60 37 419 97 497 Baltimore city, Md...... 134 916 3.15 45 374 44 745 45.9 3.73 458 135 3.36 4.28 Brundidge city, Ala..... 567 1 51 3.09 416 234 161 38.7 3.80 2.94 995 747 248 453 235 31.5 3.35 3.43 792 278 398 350 44.2 4.15 Charleston city, Miss..... 3.41 322 456 134 168 139 43.2 4.36 Baldwin town, La..... 347 55 4.10 292 194 27.4 4.63 560 129 3.04 431 270 136 31.6 3.60 731 3.31 2 340 1 386 835 35.7 3.98 St. Martinville city, La..... 183 3.65 986 4.09 652 288 29.2 Brunswick city, Ga..... 3 117 2 262 3.00 949 42.0 3.62 Belzoni city, Miss.... 230 2.84 330 4.05 560 164 152 46.1 Johnston town, S.C..... 390 78 3.60 4.20 Drew city, Miss..... 3 52 91 3.70 4.53 East Highland Park (CDP), Va..... 1 797 197 3.38 1 600 1 166 357 22.3 3.59 Bessemer city, Ala..... 186 417 3.11 769 0.59 491 39.6 3.82 Richmond city, Va..... 508 11 079 2.89 26 429 13 189 11 575 43.8 3.46 Ocilla city, Ga..... 514 129 3.39 385 197 164 42.6 4.11 Kingstree town, S.C.... 164 3.20 487 233 236 48.5 3.87 Donaldsonville city, La..... 1 121 3.58 880 468 366 41.6 4.20 Wilmington ci 7, Del..... 11 380 3 292 3.14 8 088 3 600 3.78 48.5 Greensboro city, Ga....... 40.2 Marion city, S.C..... 1 183 294 3.26 889 494 357 3.97 Asburn city, Ga..... 3.72 648 140 4.40 3.82 684 417 Port Allen city, La..... 805 121 236 34.5 4.24 454 Winnsboro town, S.C...... 1 2 7 3.26 327 172 135 41.3 4.02 Kentwood town, I.a..... 381 81 3.52 300 1.52 1 34 44.7 4.12 229 347 882 3.35 538 286 32.4 4.18 3.40 3.96 Mount Olive town, N.C..... 151 3.17 3.65 Bastrop city, La..... 2 309 646 3.29 1 663 786 793 47.7 Stamps city, Ark..... 461 1.58 3.03 3.99 3.54 3.92 1 029 1 974 003 2.83 787 1 072 54.3 3.17 353 693 262 43.9 304 1 881 3.65 1 625 1 195 Gantt (CDP', S.C..... 361 22.2 4.01 Pleasantville city, N.J..... 993 436 3.34 1 557 886 580 37.3 3.82 3.10 3.33 West Point city, Ga..... 692 195 497 232 232 46.7 3.87 San Augustine town, Tex..... 342 464 143 41.8 4.10 Augusta city, Ga..... 2 844 967 2.80 5 877 2 639 2 856 3.57 48.6 Homer town, La..... 222 3.01 762 Cordele city, Ca..... 1 658 406 3.47 1 252 541 637 50.9 180 3.03 Madison city, Fla..... 610 430 198 208 48.4 3.82 3.06 310 Waynesboro city, Ga..... 982 310 672 323 48.1 3.94 457 231 Millen city, Ga..... 178 3.29 635 196 42.9 4.06 3 796 3.17 10 336 Camden city, N.J..... 14 132 071 5 562 53.8 3.76 Belle Clade city, Fla..... 947 1 095 2.94 1 852 965 3.87 684 36.9 Durant city, Miss..... 498 144 3.06 3.88 Fairfield city, Ala..... 2 334 1 719 34.6 3.48 615 2.87 1 052 Kinston city, N.C..... 4 412 1 290 2.90 3 122 1 391 1 566 3.57 Selma city, Ala..... 244 1 219 3.22 3 025 1 455 1 388 45.9 4.00 Marlow Heights CDP . Md...... 244 3.03ء 770 445 270 35.1 3.42 4 309 3.07 3.91 Vicksburg city, Miss..... 1 376 2 933 1 559 1 208 41.2 385 219 3.60 766 433 299 39.0 4.22 Jessup CDP', Md..... 14 18 3.83 21.4 4.50 053 278 2.77 775 189 24.4 554 3.28 Bishopville town, S.C..... 529 119 3.37 410 198 181 44.1 4.00 Pemberton Heights CDP , N.J..... 472 60 3.65 412 290 110 26.7 3.92 1 105 Greenwood city, Miss..... 424 1 161 3.01 2 263 1 018 3.91 45.0 3 672 1 013 3.07 2 659 1 371 1 138 685 3.34 44.4 144 541 272 240 3.86 1 319 Darlington city, S.C..... 338 3.11 3.74 Brogden (CDP), N.C..... 399 3.86 265 81 35 364 22.3 4.09 Sylvester city, Ga..... 819 170 3.68 649 358 247 38.1 4.31 Scotland Neck town, N.C..... 485 119 3.02 344 575 Manning city, S.C..... 148 3.36 205 35.7 3.91



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Table 20. Summary Social and Economic Characteristics of the Black Population for Selected Piaces: 1980

(Places are listed by rank of Black population as percent of total persons. Data are estimates based on a sample, see Introduction. For meaning of symbols, see Introduction. For definitions of terms, see Definitions and Explanations)

	Introduction	n. For mea	ning of aym	bols, see l	ntroductio	n. For a	etinition	or ten			e and exhiai	
		Persons 25		Perce labor				Median in I (doll	.979		Income in	
Places of 2,500 or more total population with a Black population of 50 percent or more	Total persons	Percent high school graduates	Percent completed 4 or more years of college	Male, 16 years old and over	Female, 16 years old and over	Civilian labor force percent unem ployed	Fami- lies percent with no workers in 1979	liouse- holds	Fami- lies	Per capita income in 1979 (dol- lars)	Percent of persons for whom poverty status is determined	Percent of fami- lies
Mound Bayou city, Miss	2 908	47.9 41.8	15.6	53.7 58.7	54.8 54.6	12.5 17.6	18.7	8,165	11 250	2 813 3 483	4 5.5 32.5	26.3
Brookdale (CDP), S.C	4 423 6 060 3 327	54.2	21.9	70.0	61.4	10.9	18.6	9,963	11 220	4 031	34.5	30.7
Roosevelt City city, Ala Lincoln Heights city, Ohio Glenarden town, Md East Chicago Heights village,	5 190 4 958	43.8 70.3	5.2 12.9	58.1 75.6	47.3 68.8	16.2 6.5	22.5 3.1	9 362 22 416	11 315 23 386	4 082 5 711	28.4	26.3
IllGreenview (CDP), S.CGrambling town, La	5 319 5 395 4 150	42.4 58.1 77.8	4.1 12.4 49.5	64.4 77.0 32.6	47.4 69.3 41.9	18.0 7.9 10.9	6.3	14 799	17 160	3 438 4 941 3 666	38.6 16.0 18.7	13.5
Barrett (CDP), Texas	3 110 8 681	45.2 42.9	4.0 4.5	73.5 58.7	48.9 46.7	9.2 16.8	12.5	12 734	15 321	4 825 4 714	18.4 27.4	15.7
Robbins village, Ill Prairie View city, Tex Browardale (CDP), Fla	3 910 7 397	79.9 48.5	54.1 7.9	33.6 78.8	30.7 67.3	19.4 7.8	5.1	16 772	16 682	3 453 4 122	12.2 19.4	17.1
Lawnside borough, N.J East Boundary (CDP), Ga	2 996 4 508	58.3 54.2	12.0 6.6	67.2 73.7	57.2 61.4	9.8 7.8	11.6 15.2	16 657 11 062	19 838 11 430	6 848 4 224	15.3 29.6	11.8
Washington Park (CDP), Fla Scotlandville (CDP), La	7 021 14 635	35.5 52.6	5.7 16.6	77.2 57.3	64.5 46.8	7.0	19.0	10 104	12 894 11 783	4 208 3 678	24.8 33.8	31.5
North Gulfport (CDP), Miss Dodge Park (CDP), Md	6 385 5 077	39.7 70.6	3.1 8.2	62.3 87.1	45.5 70.7	17.1	11.8	7 764 15 349	9 375 15 000	2 810 6 160	45.5 22.6	38.4
Carmody Hills-Pepper Mill Village (CDP), Md	5 361	72.6	10.0	81.1	73.7	8.2 12.2	4.1 7.9	26 331 18 519	26 422 18 479	6 845 5 056	9.3 12.0	6.8
Palmer Park (CDP), Md Richmond Heights (CDP), Fla	7 665 8 211	56.7	3.5 12.2	74.8	69.1 68.1 41.9	4.2	5.2	17 428 7 746	18 155 9 236	5 632 3 597	18.7	16.7
Wilberforce (CDP), Ohio	52 782 2 407 6 763	46.9 92.7 36.2	7.0 44.8 2.4	57.3 23.1 70.1	33.3 62.6	22.6	13.4	15 167	24 375 11 134	2 761 3 360	20.8 32.6	15.9 28.4
Brownsville (CDP), Fla	6 743 17 033 12 548	37.8 68.3	4.9 30.2	67.7 48.4	53.0 43.2	9.7	15.9	9 121 9 339	10 251 12 559	3 704 4 345	38.9 33.0	32.6 27.7
Tuskegee city, Ala Phoenix village, Ill	2 708	50.7	2.6	56.4	56.8	.9.3	21.7	13 506	15 116 9 612	4 581 3 782	27.6 33.7	27.4
Wilkinson Heights (CDF), S.C South Sumter (CDP), S.C	3 358 6 495	48.8	14.5 8.8	70.7 68.4 77.1	46.9 46.1 69.5	9.5 16.3 8.0	17.3 19.3 5.3	8 985 8 125 25 341	9 667 26 U29	3 035	38.9	36.9
Seat Pleasant city, Md Centreville city, Ill	4 755 8 715 12 516	67.7 48.2 68.3	7.8 7.4 9.5	52.3	40.5 59.1	20.4	33.4 12.1	9 371 22 511	11 095 22 168	3 733 5 814	38.8 15.4	35.3 13.9
Roosevelt (COP), N.Y Candler-McAfee (CDP), Ga	24 211 4 676	64.2	9.6 21.7	81.9	71.6 67.9	9,1	4. 5 5.3	16 063 26 549	16 565 27 407	5 095 7 656	15.6 3.2	14.0
Lakeview (CDP), N.Y Glassmanor (CDP), Md Gresham Park (CDP), Ga	6 837 5 448	74.8	6.0	85.1 82.2	77.9 65.2	7.4	3.0		17 703	6 116 5 528	11.6	9.2
East Cleveland city, Obio	31 944	63.4	6.6	73.2	59.8	14.1	17.5	11 955		5 764 3 284	24.0 36.9	24.6 34.8
Wellston city, Mo Benton Harbor city, Mich	3 884 12 693	31.3	1.3	62.6	40.5 47.5	36.6	19.8 32.6 17.4	9 508 8 624 11 774	9 236 13 203	3 382 5 033	42.3	40.3
Westmont (CDP), Calif Brighton city, Ala	24 042 4 560	71.9	6.2 5.7	74.8 55.8	57.6 35.4 79.8	12.4 12.3 6.0	23.1	8 888 16 547	11 959 18 543	3 410 6 076	32.7	28.3
Panthersville (CDP), Ga Highland Park city, Mich	9 610 2° 407	82.8 56.1	18.8 5.1 15.5	82.4 63.7 80.9	45.7 74.2	26.8	27.4		12 160 21 574	5 150	33.2 12.8	32.0
Walker Mill (CDP), Md Bast Orange city, N.J	8 864 64 650 4 908	79.0 67.0 73.2	9.8 7.8	73.3	62.5 59.6	10.1	15.3	13 673 19 504	15 855 21 368	5 798 5 569	21.3 11.8	20.0
West Compton (CDP), Calif View Park-Windsor Hills (CDP), Calif	10 031	89.3	34.3	78.4	67.9	4.5			29 042	10 554	5.2	4.8
Pine Lawn city, Mo	5 513 9 502	52.1 66.0	2.2 7.1	73.3 81.5	54.3 74.5	19.4 8.4	10.5	13 328 18 499	13 606 20 009	4 598 6 366	22.8	22.0 6.7
Coral Hills (CDP), Nd Northwoods city, No	4 699 3 648	73.9	9.8 3.6	84.2 71.8	73.0	12,5	3.0	23 179	24 390 17 382	6 686 4 840	5.6 15.1	5.7 12.7
Pagedale city, Mo	2 175 6 820	53.2	4.6 5.2	72.6 82.7	64.7 74.3	9.1	5.1	19 250 19 917	20 726 20 812	5 508 6 230	10.1 11.0	8.1 8.5
Kentland (CDP), Md Ettrick (CDP), Va	3 861 2 580	74.5	38.5 5.3	43.0	33.6 63.9	11.0	5.0	18 074 24 643	21 765 25 365	4 112 5 758	13.9	11.1
Capital Heights town, Md Lake Lucerne (CDP), Fla North Amityville (CDP), N.Y	7 682 10 268	60.4	6.6 7.8	77.5	62.5 58.6	5.5	7.7	15 853 18 699	15 965 19 784	4 87 4 5 322	16.5 17.2	16.9 13.6
Shelby city, Miss	1 842	23.5	3.5	54.9	32.4	21.3	26.0	4 761	5 955	2 518	55.8	49.5
Hollandale city, Miss Itta Bena city, Miss	3 305 2 207	28.4 31.0	5.9 12.7	1	33.4 47.6	5.8 15.8	23.8	6 300	7 500 9 014	2 172 2 863	55.6 42.3	49.3 35.6
Maywood village, Ill	21 028	59.6	6.2	1	65.2	ļ	[20 083		6 181	14.8	12.7
OhioCompton city, Calif	12 416 60 874	79.2 65.7	14.4	82.9 66.6	74.6	13.0	17.4	13 859	23 656 14 770	8 066 4 685 2 606	6. 3 24. 3 55. 7	22.9
South Goldsboro (CDP), N.C Prichard city, Ala	1 889 29 186		4.4	66.3	49.0 44.0	18.1	21.8	7 708	5 479 9 007 7 125	3 041 1 999	43.0 63.7	40.1 53.9
Rosedale city, Miss Lake Providence town, La Solment Meet Solment (CDP)	2 028 4 614	22.7	6.7 8.0	52.8 48.4	47.6 33.8	20,8 16.9			6 692	2 289	60.2	53.5
Selmont-West Selmont (CDP), Ala Eudora city, Ark	3 760 2 595	47.7 22.4	7.3 4.8		59.7 31.1	12.3			10 158 6 003	2 872 2 017	37.7 64.8	35.3 60.9
Gary city, Ind	107 539	57.5	7.5	71.1	50.8 42.2	16.0	17.7		18 734	5 774 4 625	23.1 26.6	21.4
0												

Table 20. Summary Social and Economic Characteristics of the Black Population for Selected Places: 1980-Con.

(Places are listed by rank of Black population as percent of total persons. Data are estimates based on a sample, see Introduction. For meaning of symbols, see Introduction. For definitions of terms, see Definitions and Explanations)

						1 -					nia anu expra	inc rons)
			years old		nt in force			in	income 1979 lars)		Income in below pover	
Places of 2,500 or more total population with a Black popu- lation of 50 percent or more	Total persons	Percent high school graduatos	Percent completed 4 or more years of college	Male, 16 years old and over	Female, 16 years old and over	Civilian labor force percont unem- ployed	Fami- lies percent with no workers in 1979	House- holds	Fami- lies	Per capita income in 1979 (dol- lara)	Percent of persons for whom poverty status is determined	Percent of fami- lies
West Athens (CDP), Calif Washington city, D.C Venice city, Ill Markham city, Ill Little Shawmut (CDP), Ala New Cassel (CDP), N.Y Hillerest Heights (CDP), Md Denmark city, S.C Union Springs city, Ala	6 026 448 370 2 441 10 590 8 122 1 950 6 700 11 800 3 040 2 871	79.3 56.3 48.6 60.0 33.2 32.2 62.0 81.8 33.0 33.7	8.0 12.2 2.9 5.2 7.5 4.6 7.7 17.7 2.5 7.2	78.5 66.0 53.0 74.5 49.5 70.0 73.2 87.8 61.0 53.1	63.8 57.1 42.7 57.0 32.5 58.8 60.8 79.9 41.4 41.0	10.2 8.7 15.4 11.1 8.8 8.5 4.5 4.3 18.0	11.1 16.3 21.7 8.2 31.6 13.5 14.6 3.8 20.6 21.6	17 695 13 860 10 111 22 329 5 842 10 096 19 102 20 838 7 727 6 267	17 895 16 362 14 291 23 822 7 024 12 269 19 063 24 371 9 292 8 344	5 976 6 396 3 871 6 023 2 717 3 198 5 843 8 833 2 828 2 534	14,3 22.0 26.3 11.6 58.6 26.5 21.0 6.7 43.5 40.9	13.6 18.6 20.7 10.3 50.1 23.6 17.3 5.5 37.1 36.2
Breckinridge Center (CDP) Ky. Scott Lake (CDP), Fla Blackville town, S.C South Bay city, Fla South Apopka (CDP), Fla Riviera Beach city, Fla Atlanta city, Ga Dixmoor village, Ill Cuthbert city, Ga Fort Valley city, Ga	2 248 9 662 1 937 2 644 3 840 17 704 283 158 2 765 2 869 5 959	100.0 75.8 36.8 28.5 28.6 49.2 50.6 40.0 23.3 38.8	33.3 21.6 4.8 6.0 2.5 9.0 9.6	14.9 81.0 69.7 67.1 62.5 76.3 64.4 82.6 57.5	29.3 77.1 56.2 58.0 55.9 69.4 53.1 55.7 40.3 38.3	6.3 4.8 10.7 12.7 7.4 3.6 10.5 16.8 7.3 20.4	2.8 14.3 11.7 14.6 9.1 19.6 16.4 26.1	14 821 22 733 10 271 8 397 8 701 13 175 9 059 6 403 7 039	15 625 22 635 12 130 10 130 10 588 15 340 10 611 8 736 8 447	1 239 6 464 3 112 2 939 2 696 4 796 4 166 5 065 2 734 3 052	87.7 10.5 31.4 39.0 44.1 20.5 34.6 11.5 40.5 43.6	11.5 8.2 27.2 38.0 37.3 18.0 31.4 36.6 41.2
Harvey city, 111	23 452 12 437 7 286 1 882 3 722 3 C72 2 857 2 180 1 763 1 908	59.8 53.1 27.9 51.6 60.8 27.6 31.2 30.5 26.4 20.4	5.0 6.7 7.9 3.7 5.9 6.4 7.7 10.1 2.0 4.6	77.4 72.5 59.0 62.6 77.1 46.0 64.8 60.4 67.9 53.2	59.1 63.0 50.4 41.7 59.6 30.3 38.9 53.9 49.8 38.2	17.3 18.5 12.0 11.7 6.5 12.9 17.4 12.8 8.8 17.9	12.9 \$.8 18.6 26.9 0.7 34.8 25.0 14.6 18.6 20.9	17 407 14 917 7 279 10 255 18 219 4 731 5 929 8 351 4 729 6 046	18 826 16 085 8 524 11 512 18 988 6 220 6 595 10 284 6 595 7 432	5 178 4 235 2 687 4 702 4 480 1 999 2 775 2 758 2 133 2 393	22.5 18.6 45.3 21.5 15.1 61.2 52.2 41.6 48.8 56.5	21.6 17.1 40.6 22.0 12.4 54.5 51.1 36.9 44.7 54.1
Opa-locka city, Fla	9 182 3 612 4 590 8 357 758 468 5 649 20 367 9 138 2 107 2 167	59.0 25.7 45.8 64.8 54.4 47.4 53.6 44.3 32.8 16.2	4.3 3.8 22.6 7.7 6.7 3.2 8.2 3.8 4.9 6.1	82.0 65.9 63.4 70.9 64.9 73.0 78.2 59.0 64.2 44.5	67.8 45.8 45.2 53.4 48.9 45.9 65.1 44.9 51.6 30.8	7.0 15.2 11.7 6.9 22.5 8.6 6.8 21.1 13.9 12.5	11.7 13.2 18.6 13.7 24.3 7.1 7.7 26.1 24.8 26.1	10 585 7 170 8 032 18 654 13 164 17 772 14 051 10 368 6 600 4 951	11 306 8 526 9 431 18 991 15 403 18 483 14 807 11 856 7 500 6 488	4 364 3 080 2 910 4 904 5 490 4 017 4 676 3 970 2 857 2 224	24.7 34.6 43.2 17.6 26.7 13.4 24.4 29.0 37.1 58.6	26,0 33,8 39,3 15,8 24,3 12,3 21,6 26,6 38,4 54,4
Clarksdale city, Miss Camilla city, Ga Vienna city, Ga Greensboro city, Ala Petersburg city, Va East Palo Alto (CDP), Calif Rolling Fork city, Miss East Compton (CDP), Calif Helena city, Ark Plainfield city, N.J	13 002 3 325 1 675 1 986 25 068 11 107 1 581 3 937 5 796 27 420	31.7 29.9 23.4 18.3 41.9 59.9 36.3 63.8 19.8 65.9	9.2 3.9 9.8 0.9 8.7 7.7 16.0 5.1 4.6 12.2	56.0 62.7 57.8 63.9 68.5 70.2 55.1 65.7 48.3 77.9	42.7 48.9 41.8 39.7 55.4 62.8 38.4 49.1 30.0 64.0	17.4 13.1 7.1 13.9 10.3 10.1 12.9 12.0 22.0 10.2	41.4	6 004 7 471 6 046 4 969 11 117 14 987 12 553 4 355 18 810	7 659 8 763 9 083 6 552 12 974 16 572 12 500 5 342 20 415	2 550 3 055 2 475 1 879 4 449 5 278 2 528 4 222 2 055 5 941	52.5 44.5 58.3 62.2 28.2 16.5 52.2 29.8 65.4	43.7 41.0 54.0 59.3 22.6 14.8 29.5 55.8 12.4
Leland city, Miss	3 993 1 719 3 270 24 207 3 694 2 737 1 791 3 928	23.9 22.2 40.7 35.5 19.8 25.4 26.3 27.1	6.7 3.7 8.2 7.9 7.1 5.5 4.3 3.9	54.5 60.6 64.2 60.3 45.7 61.7 69.6 55.0	34.2 57.2 59.6 49.0 28.2 45.8 28.5 43.3	14.3 6.5 9.6 14.3 19.3 5.7 14.6 21.6	13.0 20.4 41.9 25.1 19.8 28.1	7 008 4 395 6 369 11 429 6 332	7 004 14 028 11 556 8 888 4 913 10 097 13 934 7 377	2 270 3 696 4 174 2 937 2 051 3 794 3 158 2 530	63.2 22.2 26.9 44.2 67.5 35.8 31.8 47.6	51.6 20.3 23.3 39.2 63.6 35.5 33.6 44.3
Newark city, N.J	191 968 2 810 2 568 2 998 2 576 1 915 4 925 54 029 17 840 23 038	49.0 27.0 28.1 20.2 24.3 37.8 40.4 84.1 66.0 71.6	5.0 5.1 4.4 3.3 7.9 5.5 6.2 14.1 14.6 13.2	87.1 63.2 65.1 66.5 71.4 55.9 56.5 54.4 77.7 77.0	82.3 47.2 49.9 46.9 41.9 35.1 36.2 47.3 69.7 63.5 64.0	5.1 15.8 18.8 20.3 6.1 11.7 9.4 11.5 7.5 9.4 8.3	28.2 12.6 23.5 19.2 26.3 25.8 15.0 9.8 14.0	7 003 7 822 6 283 4 226 5 000 8 881 15 662	10 225 8 687 9 241 8 079 5 235 9 076 11 138 17 409 16 773	8 288 4 014 2 808 2 689 2 585 2 566 2 671 3 298 6 980 6 187 6 142	6.2 33.7 44.3 42.3 43.9 66.1 49.4 41.3 15.9 20.5 17.4	5.5 35.4 42.8 36.5 40.6 56.7 47.6 34.2 14.3 18.5 15.4
Lafayette city, Ala	2 078 20 042 2 619 26 009	24.6 57.6 28.8 49.4	7.4 6.3 5.4 4.1	66.7 67.7 45.9 62.3	40.0 52.1 25.2 50.8	20.6 22.3 3.2 15.6	19.9 17.5 45.4	7 708 17 452 4 561 10 428	9 931 19 086 5 253	2 599 5 850 2 269 4 236	50.7 19.5 61.6 32.4	41.7 16.3 56.1 30.2



Table 20. Summary Social and Economic Characteristics of the Black Population for Selected Places: 1980 – Con.

(Places are listed by rank of Black population as percent of total persons. Data are estimates based on a sample, see Introduction. For meaning of symbols, see Introduction. For definitions of terms, see Definitions and Explanations)

		Persons 25	years old	Percei labor				Median in 1 (dol1	979		Income in below pover	
Places of 2,500 or more total population with a Black population of \$0 percent or more	Total parsons	Percent high school graduates	Percent completed 4 or more years of college	Male, 16 years and old over	Female, 16 years and old over	Civilian labor force percent unem- ployed	Fami- lies percent with no workers in 1979	ilouse- holds	Pami- lios	Per capita income in 1979 (dol- lars)	Percent of parant for whom poverty status is determined	Percent of femi-
Miami Gardens-Utopia-Carver (CDP), Fla	5 114 3 393 1 709 1 471 158 200 2 688 4 045 1 643 308 039	35.7 27.3 44.0 22.4 52.4 24.3 22.9 45.0 46.9	4.7 5.3 6.0 7.1 8.4 2.6 3.3 10.4 8.1	69.1 61.1 70.9 44.1 64.2 63.5 65.1 51.2 64.6	60.3 46.1 55.8 37.2 48.5 55.6 42.0 47.1 48.6	4.9 11.9 6.8 10.6 12.6 5.6 12.1 18.9	10.0 9.5 18.9 16.5	9 932 9 278 8 365 8 847	11 924 11 136 11 425 9 572	3 979 3 256 3 389 1 939 4 081 3 055 3 456 2 213 3 985	31.1 37.3 23.1 56.0 31.5 34.3 35.2 58.0 37.3	24.3 27.4 27.9 33.0
Wastview (CDP), Fla	5 026 18 067 1 553 1 989 2 940 430 934	70.3 79.2 28.7 52.5 31.9 44.6	10.5 20.7 3.4 2.1 3.8 6.3	84.6 83.3 65.6 69.1 58.7 65.2	69.9 77.6 48.1 54.1 48.1 52.8	6.3 5.9 7.8 19.2 18.1 14.6	6.5 4.9 18.1 22.1 19.7	15 533 17 959 10 611 6 875 11 158	16 100 19 721 10 429 7 326 12 510	5 075 7 328 3 102 4 028 2 912 4 493	14.9 8.1 36.6 40.1 47.0 31.0	11.5 7.2 39.7 42.9 28.0
Jonesville town, La Brundidge city, Ala Landover (CDP), Md Benton Heights (CDP), Mich	1 573 1 711 2 931 3 696	30.7 28.1 80.3 25.4	1.4 3.2 11.0 1.1	37.3 59.9 90.0 51.9	33.3 45.2 89.0 34.4	20.7 12.7 1.7 29.9	33.9 33.9 0.6 32.8	4 077 4 819 25 154 8 653	5 598 5 974 27 159 10 508	1 890 2 878 8 303 3 141	63.3 48.2 4.7 39.6	64.2 49.1 3.8 35.2
Charleston city, Miss Baldwin town, La La Grange town, N.C Opelousas city, La St. Martinville city, La Brunswick city, Ga Belzoni city, Miss Johnston town, S.C Drew city, Miss East Highland Park (CDP), Va Bessemer city, Ala Richmond city, Va	1 557 1 471 1 702 10 194 4 295 9 464 1 602 1 414 1 301 6 062 16 268 112 426	30.9 37.8 48.4 33.3 29.0 41.7 23.7 33.1 15.5 57.5 43.1 42.8	8.1 10.6 7.8 8.9 4.1 6.7 7.9 5.0 2.3 7.3 6.4 7.8	67.2 72.7 73.0 57.9 73.7 63.5 36.7 78.8 70.8 78.9 52.6	44.4 44.6 54.4 37.7 48.9 48.3 31.4 50.3 46.7 75.5 36.2 58.2	7.3 1.4 10.9 11.7 8.4 8.1 16.1 11.0 27.5 4.1. 13.3 9.1	15.0 7.1 29.0 14.0 19.4 36.7 15.0 6.2	7 804 9 819 6 145 11 667 7 109 3 990 9 449 19 646 	9 194 8 006 13 415 8 576 4 902 11 659 20 674	3 783 3 823 3 789 2 893 3 602 3 401 2 055 2 848 1 923 6 053 3 410 4 700	46.9 33.7 21.7 48.4 26.4 40.4 71.3 41.4 63.2 7.6 38.3 27.8	31.7 18.7 43.9 23.9 37.4 59.5 30.0 7.4 24.2
Ocilla city, Ga	1 759 2 122 4 038 35 925 1 439 3 925 2 427 3 108 1 482 1 347 4 128 1 979 2 447 7 802 1 434 8 535 3 035 6 860 6 730 2 130 1 568 25 429	33.4 31.4 41.7 34.2 33.2 27.3 49.3 33.1 51.1 53.6 30.1 43.0	1.9 13.6 5.7 6.5 9.7 3.4 4.3 6.7 13.4 13.4 17.2 2.1 4.9 4.8 6.9 7.3 3.2 4.0 5.9	59.9 61.4 61.9 65.0 75.4 60.7 65.9 65.3 62.1 54.2 64.3 51.5 62.1 66.5 84.0 73.8 71.0 60.2	41.5 46.0 38.2 51.9 57.1 50.0 48.5 41.4 55.8 39.3 45.3 40.7 51.1 51.1 68.8 58.7 62.8 47.8 48.0	6.3 17.3 11.2 13.5 3.7 10.4 12.6 9.7 12.8 24.6 11.7 13.6 10.9 13.2 14.1 9.7 21.8 6.0 12.8 14.6 8.1 14.1	22.9 18.4 24.3 19.3 19.7 21.6 24.8 23.1 30.0 18.6 27.5 24.3 25 11.8 15.7 16.9 24.0	7 160 6 995 8 018 10 283 7 455 6 927 9 122 7 340 6 951 7 445 5 597 9 453 17 245 13 897 7 083 8 633 6 573	7 898 8 481 9 174 11 542 9 817 8 064 10 625 8 638 7 804 10 013 7 585 10 031 18 958 15 010 8 125 10 931 8 355	2 348 2 943 3 583 4 229 3 686 2 968 2 421 3 738 2 751 2 771 3 041 3 044 2 760 2 697 2 549 3 979 2 768 5 282 4 766 3 055 2 976 3 276	54.4 48.7 48.1 33.4 36.1 33.7 51.7 33.7 41.5 54.9 38.5 57.3 50.3 33.6 47.6 9.2 16.3 40.6 38.5 41.0	52.1 40.3 37.9 30.2 29.5 46.5 33.2 38.4 49.6 35.1 49.7 33.8 7.5 14.7 40.0 32.0 36.0
Homer town, la	2 301 5 825 1 860 3 057 2 114 45 028 8 759 1 528 6 894 13 179	25.7 39.3 22.8 31.8 47.0 25.5 31.5 52.6	5.3 4.8 6.9 6.7 5.5 5.0 7.4 11.3 12.5 6.3	62.6 57.5 66.8 62.2 57.1 61.3 67.9 49.4 56.6	42.7 42.6 26.3 45.2 48.5 47.8 54.9 37.4 48.2 51.5	18.0 20.1 10.3 11.0 11.8	27.9 32.2 23.9 20.8 25.5 12.8	5 964 5 365 9 407 6 939 	6 6/2 5 979 7 147 7 138 10 438 10 30/ 13 271 9 964	2 862 2 362 2 623 2 819 2 519 3 671 3 783 2 639 4 685 3 509	49.1 54.5 55.2 51.0 50.8 39.1 39.7 51.7 26.2 35.7	50.9 48.3 45.5 48.2 36.0 37.5 25.4 31.3
Selma city, Ala	14 047 3 057 13 331 3 546 2 237 2 899 1 774 1 639 10 492 11 447	73.6 34.6 45.6 33.8 91.5 35.5 84.9 24.9	10.0 14.8 8.5 4.8 0.7 27.3 6.3 7.9 8.7	56.3	4'.6 80.9 46.0 55.1 10.4 84.9 49.6 75.9 47.1	4.4 11.9 10.1 5.7 13.3 16.4 15.7	2.3 9.4 1.5 23.8	5 935	8 616 22 622 9 289 27 361 9 575 24 744 7 459 8 618	2 843 7 743 3 396 3 186 723 10 134 2 946 6 709 2 566 2 964	49.6 0.9 41.2 36.7 - 1.6 36.8 6.7 50.6 49.3	42.1 1.0 34.5 1.5 31.5 6.2 46.1 43.6



Table 20. Summary Social and Economic Characteristics of the Black Population for Selected Places: 1980-Con.

(Places are listed by rank of Black population as percent of total persons. Data are estimates based on a sample, see Introduction. For meaning of symbols, see Introduction. For definitions of terms, see Definitions and Explanations)

n			years old over		ent in force			Median in 1 (doll	979		Income i below pover	
Places of 2,500 or more total population with a Black population of 50 percent or more	Total persons	Percent high school graduates	Porcent completed 4 or more years of colloge	Male, 16 years old and over	-	unem-	Fami- lies percent with no workers in 1979	House- holds	Fami- lies	Per capita income in 1979 (dol- lars)	for whom	Percent of fami- lies
Forsyth city, Ga Darlington city, S.C Brogden (CDP), N.C Sylvester city, Ga Scotland Neck town, N.C Manning city, S.C	2 401 4 145 1 557 3 030 1 465 2 450		5.5 7.7 5.3 8.9 5.4 7.4	70.7 65.7 82.9 62.6 60.6	57.9 47.6 64.0 51.1 34.9 52.2	10.4 9.2 4.6 15.0 12.0	22.2 19.4 39.6	8 651 6 341 4 531	9 966 7 093 5 437	3 576 3 374 3 766 2 728 2 699 3 150	28.2 37.6 19.3 52.0 59.0 38.4	35.8 49.4 54.6



Table 21. Summary Characteristics of the Black Population for Selected Places of 1,000 to 2,500 by State: 1980

(For meaning of symbols, see Introduction. For definitions of terms, see Definitions and Explanations)

			 			<u> </u>			
Places of 1,000 to 2,500 total popu-		-		Ag	e (years)		•	Fa	pilies
lation with a Black population of 50 percent or more	Total persons	Total	Percent of total persons	Under 5	18 and over	65 and over	House- holds	Married- couple	Female house- holder, no husband present
Alabama: Brownville city	2 386 1 628 1 589 2 444 1 519 1 993 1 895 1 268 1 218 1 812 2 112	2 309 1 011 869 1 300 952 998 1 181 1 255 609 1 134 1 491	96.8 62.1 54.7 53.2 62.7 50.1 62.3 99.0 50.0 62.6 70.6	182 89 72 104 152 118 89 121 49 100 184	1 490 650 546 886 497 617 711 740 375 720 880	256 123 128 215 72 151 109 122 84 125 232	627 310 270 430 240 310 317 373 183 336 461	363 130 107 165 98 148 167 155	139 93 84 113 86 67 88 130
Arkansas: Altheimer city	1 231 1 323 1 671 1 919 1 227 1 434 1 041 1 466 1 227	935 856 1 150 1 058 946 1 311 789 902 813	76.0 64.7 68.8 55.1 77.1 91.4 75.8 61.5 66.3	128 84 149 130 121 140 104 107	508 538 688 614 532 767 4 47 506 486	128 171 215 168 138 149 112 73 182	241 319 365 318 278 369 227 260 225	109 102 130 98 125 173 85 114	59 85 97 105 71 101 66 66 66
Dolaware: Star Hill-Briar Park (CDP)	1 114	0 44	57.8	56	358	31	177	86	41
Florida: Belle Glade Camp (CDP) Bradley Junction (CDP) Bunnell city Cypress Quarters (CDP) DeLand Southwest (CDP) Eatonville town South Brooksville (CDP)	1 645 1 108 1 816 1 479 1 481 2 185 1 218	1 611 608 909 1 003 1 193 2 149 756 729	97.9 54.9 50.1 67.8 80.6 98.4 62.1 60.3	224 51 101 107 126 216 78 69	839 417 496 644 731 1 329 504 452	90 91 71 100 118 159 64 47	363 203 263 356 394 634 234	152 90 146 135 301 99	116 49 44 135 166 63 32
Georgia: Arlington city Blacksville (CDP) Boston city Buena Vista city Edison city Elberta (CDP) Fort Gaines city Greenville city Jeffersonville city Lincoln Park (CDP)	1 572 1 521 1 424 1 544 1 128 1 559 1 260 1 213 1 473 1 755	948 1 513 803 999 595 875 731 770 746 1 559	60.3 99.5 56.4 64.7 52.7 56.1 58.0 63.5 50.6 88.8	93 129 57 85 51 81 52 71 85	597 938 478 627 392 501 476 502 491 1 008	144 117 80 158 115 62 118 91 92 154	289 373 226 293 182 216 236 216 203 492	110 86 130 86 92	71 72 94 72 53
Lumpkin city Marshallville town Meigs city Monticello city Oglethorpe city. Phillipsburg (CDP) Richland city Shellman city Sparta city Talbotton city	1 335 1 540 1 231 2 382 1 305 2 450 1 802 1 254 1 754 1 140	853 1 097 640 1 296 747 2 444 1 035 772 1 171 778	63.9 71.2 52.0 54.4 57.2 99.8 57.4 61.6 66.8 68.2	60 105 72 120 59 270 96 58 82 76	559 690 359 831 506 1 512 624 499 801 466	139 134 39 136 95 283 105 103 148 73	263 308 151 397 251 727 286 232 335 241	93 124 77 93 93 129 93	83 115 45 66 57 89 80
Unionville (CDP)	1 942 2 438 2 172 1 738 2 415	1 782 1 573 1 317 1 025 1 380	91.8 64.5 60.6 59.0 57.1	182 180 128 141 142	1 086 933 783 546 831	145 194 158 77 141	511 432 364 231 428	247 174 142 	123 147 114
Illinois: Alorton village Brooklyn village Mound City city	2 237 1 233 1 102	2 062 1 222 552	92.2 99.1 50.1	200 82 69	1 183 804 332	147 165 85	580 468 190	228 120 56	186 139 56
Louisiana: Bernice town. Boyce town. Campti town. Carville (ChP). Clayton village. Clinton town. Colfax town. Crozier (CDP). Cullen town. Gibeland town. Grand Coteau town. Lawtell (CDP).	1 956 1 198 1 069 1 037 1 204 1 919 1 680 1 150 1 869 1 354 1 165 1 014	995 674 611 752 676 1 137 1 115 728 1 237 862 719 554	50.9 56.3 57.2 72.5 59.2 66.4 63.3 66.2 63.7 61.7 54.6	98 67 67 78 70 124 101 91 120 78 54	658 411 388 457 4.7 688 710 406 762 560 440 315	143 83 93 76 105 105 164 12 133 120 95 42	297 189 220 221 224 317 378 174 414 299 201 154	91 78 97 78 135 136 117 166 141	42 57 60 58 104 99 39 108 65 49



Table 21. Summary Characteristics of the Black Population for Selected Places of 1,000 to 2,500 by State: 1980-Con.

(For meaning of symbols, see Introduction. For definitions of terms, see Definitions and Explanations)

Į.		Black population										
Places of 1,000 to 2,500 total popu- lation with a Black population of				Ag	e (years)			Far	ilies			
50 percent or more	Total persons	Total	Percent of total persons	Under 5	18 and over	65 and over	House- holds	Warried- couple	Female house- holder, no husband present			
LouisianaCon.									• • •			
Lecompte town	1 661 1 291	l 141 853	68.7 66.1	120 85	67 9 52 3	141	343 238	129 114	109 45			
Newellton town	1 726	1 002	58.1	100	609	189	316 243	102	88			
Paincourtville (CDP)	2 004 1 467	1 102 1 255	55.0 85.5	138 106	638 799	127	336	146	96			
Richwood town	1 223	1 154	94.4	98	707	136 74	330 213	185 91	62 64			
Roseland town	1 346 1 687	731 1 087	54.3 64.4	90 107	428 648	197	352	110	101			
South Mansfield village	1 463	1 223	83.6 70.2	128 142	759 911	142 105	379 406	148 205	98 117			
Vacherie (CDP)	2 169 1 266	1 523 639	50.5	44	391	87	196	66	66			
Waterproof town	1 339 1 399	1 074 821	80.2 58.7	111 87	655 487	211 118	379 253	116	119 65			
Maryland: Fairmount Heights town	1 616	1 591	98.5	107	1 100	247	481	193	138			
Mississippi:	1 011	1 121	00 6	131	698	128	338	160	87			
Bear Town (CDP)	1 277 1 038	1 131 683	88.6 65.8	76	425	103	201	92	46			
Bude town	1 092 1 844	588 946	53.8 51.3	54 103	368 595	78 149	188 265	72 111	45 68			
Centreville town	1 505	843	56.0	88	497	122	227	***	• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •			
Como town	1 378 1 019	923 738	67.0 72.4	82 61	577 474	126 138	25° ° 24	123 93	68 52			
Edwards town	1 515	1 117	73.7	110	690	171	32	114 228	108 183			
Fayotte town	2 033	1 880	92.5	221	1 107	195	58! i	220				
Friars Point town	1 400	1 195	85.4	158 120	632 628	172 127	333 309	102 133	106 79			
Gloster town	1 726 1 285	1 077 685	62.4 53.3	52	467	71	143	65	36			
Heidelberg town	1 098	626	57.0 90.4	62 130	410 631	90 189	192 306	106	100			
Jonestown town	1 231 1 165	1 113 930	79.8	96	590	151	299	128	77			
Lambert town	1 624 2 260	916 1 393	56.4 61.6	110 146	509 864	149 247	267 435	98 161	71 104			
Marks city	2 358	1 567	66.5	157	1 005	235	420	185	116 78			
North Tunica (CDP)	1 025	947	92.3	110	573	158	287	112				
Pickens town	1 386 2 371	1 008 1 503	72.7 63.4	122 155	558 1 027	112 283	256 536	114 208	79 134			
Port Gibson city	2 278	1 148	50.4	129	721	184	360	148	88			
Shaw city	2 461 1 753	1 901 1 161	77.2 66.2	201 121	1 069 696	253 112	530 348	204 165	150 92			
Summit town	1 027	856	83.3	106	483	153	237	92	62			
Tchula town	1 931 1 174	1 647 816	85.3 69.5	226 96	901 479	218 123	478 240	152 89	175 72			
Woodville town	1 512	972	64.3	74	632	102	297	133	76			
Missouri: Cool Valley village	2 084	1 121	53.8	154	729	16	443	171	110			
Hayti Heights city	1 023 2 247	1 006 1 788	98.3 79.6	144 223	550 1 020	176 77	291 507	97 173	95 198			
Hillsdale village	1 988	1 727	86.9	151	1 125	57	532	276	125			
Velda Villago Hills village	1 393	1 248	89,6	85	805	35	373	223	81			
New Jorsey: Chesilburst borough	1 590	1 058	66.5	69	681	90	299	178	73			
Port Norris (CDP)	1 730	866	50.1	96	506 551	77 128	236 284	91 131	67 47			
Whitesboro-Burleigh (CDP)	1 583	849	53.6	54	334	120	204	.,.	~,			
North Carolina:	2 430	1 429	58.8	155	864	168	432	180	117			
Bellhaven town	2 150	1 652	76.8	139	1 033	150	511	214	147			
Fair Bluff town	1 095 1 122	559 873	51,1 77,8	46 57	351 564	55 58	166 252	83 125	43 69			
Fremont town	1 736	868	50.0	64	584	140	291	101	114			
Garysburg town	1 ·34 1 ·08	1 389 1 422	96.9 94.3	138 101	884 904	131 152	391 432	191 166	139			
Rowland town	1 841	1 025	55.7	84	623 994	107 164	302 415	106 188	101 134			
Silver City (CDP)	1 620 1 801	1 564 1 290	96.5 71.6	137 142	757	106	357	161	132			
Oklahoma: Forest Park town	1 148	645	60.5	42	460	29	202	167	22			
Pennsylvania: South Coatesville borough	1 359	881	64.8	82	509	ы	267	108	81			
South Carolina: Bennettsville Southwest (CDP)	2 308	1 417	61.4	128	932	207	403	180	100			
Bowman town	1 137	722 955	63.5 84.9	64 106	475 533	79 61	213 229	102 126	51 64			
Bucksport (CDP)	1 125 2 308		69.3		931	162	. ,	193	140			



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Table 21. Summary Characteristics of the Black Population for Selected Places of 1,000 to 2,500 by State: 1980—Con.

(For meaning of symbols, see Introduction. For definitions of terms, see Pefinitions and Explanations)

					Black p	opulation			1
Places of 1,000 to 2,500 total population with a Black population of				Ag	Age (years)			Fa	milies
50 percent or more	Total persons	Total	Percent of total persons	Under 5	18 and over	65 and over	House- holds	Married- couple	Female house- holder, no husband present
South CarolinaCon.									
Fairfax town	2 154	1 194	55.4	123	729	124	351	137	116
McCormick town	1 /25	922	53.4	90	57 5	95	276	• • •	••••
Mulberry (CDP)	1 688	878	52.0	63	593	80	246	• • •	•••
North town	1 304	716	54.9	62	449	69	202	72	76
St. Matthews town	2 496	1 468	58.8	133	952	176	451	196	129
South Hartsville (CDP)	2 385	2 331	97.7	277	1 348	135	613	332	175
Summerton town	1 173	593	50.6	52	344	76	156	• • •	•••
Timmonsville town	2 112	1 340	63.4	129	857	160	402	181	114
Windy Hill (CDP)	1 605	1 409	87.8	145	843	117	362	172	113
Yemassee town	1 048	664	63.4	55	415	92	209	84	57
Texas:	l								
Ames city	1 155	1 089	94.3	98	683	78	353	201	60
Brookshire city	2 175	1 093	50.3	88	686	174	321	154	68
Calvert city	1 732	987	57.0	87	635	253	380	105	89
Virginia:			1				İ		
Rushmere (CDP)	1 070	808	75.5	60	522	67	225	132	45
Wakefield town	1 355	765	56.5	58	453	63	211		
Waverly town	2 284	1 327	58,1	82	877	133	398	193	96



Appendix A. — Definitions and Explanations

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REGIONS

Regions are large groups of States that form the first-order subdivisions of the United States for census purposes. The four regions are the Northeast, Midwest, South, and West. The divisions and States included in each region are shown in table

DIVISIONS

Divisions are groups of States which are subdivisions of the four regions. There are nine geographic divisions. The States included in each division are shown in table

STATES

The 50 States and the District of Columbia are the constituent units of the United States.

COUNTIES

In most States, the primary divisions are termed counties. In Louisiana, these divisions are known as parishes. In four States (Maryland, Missouri, Nevada, and Virginia), there are one or more cities which are independent of any county organization and thus constitute primary divisions of their States. The District of Columbia has no primary divisions, and the entire area is considered equivalent to a county for census purposes. In this report, the District of Columbia is included in the county tables but excluded from the textual analysis.

PLACES

Two types of places are recognized in the census reports incorporated places and census designated places.

Incorporated places recognized in the reports of the census are those which are incorporated under the laws of their respective States as cities, boroughs, towns, and villages, with the following exceptions: boroughs in Alaska and New York, and towns in the six New England States, New York, and Wisconsin.

As in the 1950, 1960, and 1970 censuses, the Census Bureau has delineated boundaries for closely settled population centers without corporate limits. In 1980, the name of each such place is followed by "(CDP)," meaning "census designated place." In the 1970 and earlier censuses, these places were identified by "(U)," meaning "unincorporated place." Census designated place boundaries change with changes in the settlement pattern; a place which has the same name as in previous censuses does not necessarily liave the same boundaries.

RACE

The data on race were derived from answers to question 4, which was asked of all persons. (See facsimile of the questionnaire item below.) The concept of race as used by the Census Bureau reflects self-identification by respondents; it does not denote any clear cut scientific defini-

Facsimile of questionnaire item 4.

4.	oanes inese pino rean tnam	e	0 0 0 0	Asian Hawar Guama Samoa Eskimo Aleut Other	ian ania an O		
----	--	---	------------------	--	------------------------	--	--

tion of biological stock. Since the 1980 census obtained information on race through self-identification, the data represent self-classification by people according to the race with which they identify. In this report, households and families are classified by the race of the householder.

For persons who could not provide a single response to the race question, the race of the person's mother was used; however, if a single response could not be provided for the person's mother, the first race reported by the person was used. This is a modification of the 1970 census procedure in which the race of the person's father was used.

The category "Black" includes persons who indicated their race as Black or Negro, as well as persons who did not classify themselves in one of the specific race categories listed on the questionnaire, but reported entries such as Jamaican, Black Puerto Rican, West Indian, Haitian, or Nigerian.

If the race entry was missing on the questionnaire for a member of a household, an answer was assigned in the computer according to the reported entries of race of other household members using specific rules of precedence of household relationship. If race was not entered for anyone in the household (excluding paid employees), the race of a householder in a previously processed household was assigned.

SEX

The data on sex were derived from answers to question 3 which was asked of all persons. At the time of field review, most cases in which sex was not reported were resolved by determin. If the appropriate entry from the person's given name and household relationship. When sex remained blank, it was allocated according to the relationship to householder and the age and marital status of the person.

AGE

The data on age were derived from answers to question 5, which was asked

of all persons. Only the information in items 5b and 5c (on month and year of birth) was read into the computer. Answers to item 5a (on age at last birthday) were used during field review to fill in any blanks in question 5c. The age classification is based on the age of the person in completed years as of April I, 1980. The data on age represent the difference between date of birth and April 1, 1980. The median ages shown in his report were computed on the basis of more detailed intervals than shown in the tables.

HOUSEHOLD

A household includes all the persons who occupy a housing unit. A housing unit is a house, an apartment, a group of rooms, or a single room that is occupied (or if vacant, is intended for occupancy) as separate living quarters. Separate living quarters are those in which the occupants live and eat separately from other persons in the building and have direct access from the outside of the building or through a common hall.

The occupants may be a single family, one person living alone, two or more families living together, or any other group of related or unrelated persons who share living arrangements. The actual classification of a housing unit as a household depends on entries in question 2 and item B on the census questionnaire. Item B on type of unit or quarters was filled by an enumerator or a census office clerk for each housing unit or group quarters.

One person in each household is designated as the "householder." In most cases, this is the person, or one of the persons, in whose name the home is owned or rented and who is listed in column 1 of the census questionnaire. If there is no such person in the household, any adult household member could be designated as the "householder." Two types of householders are distinguished—a family householder and a nonfamily householder. A family householder is a householder living with one or more persons related to him or her by birth, marriage, or adoption. The householder and all persons in the

household related to him or her are family members. A nonfamily householder is a householder living alone or with nonrelatives only.

The measure "persons per household" is obtained by dividing the number of persons in households by the number of households (or householders).

FAMILY

A family consists of a householder and one or more other persons living in the same household who are related to the householder by birth, marriage, or adoption. All persons in a household who are related to the householder are regarded as members of his or her family. A "married-couple family" is a family in which the householder and spouse are enumerated as members of the same household. Not all households contain families, because a household may be composed of a group of unrelated persons or one person living alone.

The measure "persons per family" is obtained by dividing the number of persons in families by the total number of families (or family householders).

YEARS OF SCHOOL COMPLETED

The data on years of school completed were derived from answers to questions 9 and 10. These questions on educational attainment applied only to progress in "regular" schools as defined under the definition for school enrollment. The first question called for the highest grade attended, regardless of "skipped" or "repeated" grades. Persons whose education was received in foreign school systems or an ungraded school were expected to report the approximate equivalent grade in the regular American school system. An instruction printed on the form, "If high school was finished by equivalency test (GED), mark '12'" (meaning grade 12), was to ensure that persons who dropped out of school before high school graduation but later earned a diploma with an equivalency test would be counted as high school graduates. Those diploma recipients who also

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attended college would be credited with college attendance as reported.

The second question on educational attainment asked whether or not the highest grade attended had been finished. It was to be answered "Yes" if the person had successfully completed the entire grade or year indicated in question 9. If the person had completed only part of the year, had dropped out, or failed to pass the last grade attended, the question was to be answered "No." If the person was still attending school in that grade, he or she answered "Now attending." "Percent high school graduates" includes persons who completed four years of high school by graduation or an equivalency test and persons who reported that they had attended some level of college.

REFERENCE WEEK

The data on labor force status relate to the calendar week preceding the date on which the respondents completed their questionnaires or were interviewed by enumerators. This week is not the same for all respondents since the enumeration was not completed in one week. However, for the majority of persons the reference week for the 1980 census was the last week in March 1980.

LABOR FORCE STATUS

The data on labor force status were derived from answers to questions 22, 25, and 26. The series of questions on labor force status was asked of all persons 15 years old and over and was designed to identify, in this sequence: (a) persons who worked at any time during the reference week; (b) persons who did not work during the reference week but who had jobs or businesses from which they were temporarily absent (excluding layoff); (c) persons on layoff; and (d) persons who did not work during the reference week, but who were looking for work during the last 4 weeks and were available for work during the reference week.

The labor force status data shown in this and other 1980 census reports relate to persons 16 years old and over.

Employed - Employed persons include all civilians 16 years old and over who were either (a) "at work" - those who did any work at all during the reference week as paid employees or in their own business or profession, or on their own farm, or who worked 15 hours or more as unpaid workers on a family farm or in a family business; or (b) were "with a job but not at work"-those who did not work during the reference week but had jobs or businesses from which they were temporarily absent due to illness, bad weather, industrial dispute, vacation, or other personal reasons. Excluded from the employed are persons whose only activity consisted of work around the house or volunteer work for religious, charitable, and similar organizations.

Unemployed—Persons are classified as unemployed if they were civilian a 16 years old and over "d (a) were neither "at work" nor "v ha job but not at work" during the reference week, (b) were looking for work during the last 4 weeks, and (c) were available to accept a job. Examples of jobseeking activities are: (1) registering at a public or private employment office, (2) meeting with prospective employers, (3) investigating possibilities for starting a professional practice or opening a business, (4) placing or answering advertisements, (5) writing letters of application, and (6) being on a union or professional register. Also included as unemployed are persons who did not work at all during the reference week and were waiting to be called back to a job from which they had been laid off.

Civilian Labor Force—The civilian labor force consists of persons classified as employed or unemployed in accordance with the criteria described above.

Labor Force — The labor force includes all persons classified in the civilian labor force plus members of the Armed Forces (persons on active duty with the U.S. Army, Air Force, Navy, Marine Corps, or Coast Guard).

LABOR FORCE STATUS IN 1979

The data on labor force status in 1979 were derived from answers to question

31. Persons 16 years old and over are classified as "in labor force in 1979" if (a) in 1979 they worked 1 or more weeks for pay or profit (including weeks on paid vacation or on paid sick leave) or worked without pay on a family farm or in a family business, or were on active duty in the Armed Forces; or (b) had any weeks of unemployment in 1979. Family members 16 years old and over who worked 1 or more weeks in 1979 are classified as "Worked in 1979;" all other members 16 years old and over are classified as "Did not work in 1979."

INCOME IN 1979

The data on income in 1979 were derived from answers to questions 32 and 33. Information on money income received in the calendar year 1979 was requested from persons 15 years old and over. "Total income" is the algebraic sum of the amounts reported separately for wage or salary income; nonfarm net self-employment income; farm net self-employment income; interest, dividend, net royalty or rental income; Social Security or Railroad Retirement income; public assistance or welfare income; and all other income.

Receipts from the following sources were not included as income: money received from the sale of property (unless the recipient was engaged in the business of selling such property); the value of income 'in kind' from food stamps, public housing subsidies, medical care, employer contributions for pensions, etc.; withdrawal of bank deposits; money borrowed; tax refunds; exchange of money between relatives living in the same household; gifts and lump-sum inheritances, insurance payments, and other types of lump-sum receipts.

Household Income — Household income includes the income of the householder and all other persons 15 years old and over in the household whether related to the householder or not. Since many households consist of only one person, median household income is usually less than median family income.



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Family Income - In the compilation of statistics on family income, the incomes of all members 15 years old and over in each family are summed and treated as a single amount. Although the income statistics cover the calendar year 1979, the composition of families refers to the time of enumeration (April 1980). Thus the income of the family does not include amounts received by persons who were members of the family during all or part of the calendar year 1979 if these persons no longer resided with the family at the time of enumeration. On the other hand, family income amounts reported by related persons who did not reside with the family during 1979 but who were members of the family at the time of enumeration are included. However, the composition of most families was the same during 1979 as in April 1980.

Median income - The median income is the amount which divides the distribution into two equal groups, one having incomes above the median and the other having incomes below the median. For households and families, the median income is based on the distribution of the total number of units including those with no income. Median income figures of \$30,000 or less are generally calculated using linear interpolation; all other median income amounts are derived through Pareto interpolation. For a detailed description of these interpolation procedures, see appendix B of the Current Population Reports, Series P-60, No. 129,

Money Income of Families and Persons in the United States: 1979.

Per Capita Income — Per capita income is the mean income computed for every man, woman, and child in a particular group. It is derived by dividing the total income of a particular group by the total pop.: lation in that group.

POVERTY STATUS IN 1979

The data on poverty status were derived from answers to questions 32 and 33. Poverty statistics presented in this report are based on a definition originated by the Social Security Administration in 1964 and subsequently modified by Federal interagency committees in 1969 and 1980. At the core of this definition is the 1961 economy food plan, the least costly of four nutritionally adequate food plans designed by the Department of Agriculture. It was determined from the Agriculture Department's 1955 survey of food consumption that families of three or more persons spend approximately onethird of their income on food; hence the poverty level for these families was set at three times the cost of the economy food plan. For smaller families and persons living alone, the cost of the economy food plan was multiplied by factors that were slightly higher in order to compensate for the relatively larger fixed expenses for these smaller households.

The income cutoffs used by the Bureau

of the Census to determine the poverty status of families consist of a set of 48 thresholds arranged in a two-dimensional matrix consisting of family size (from one person to nine or more persons) cross-classified by presence and number of family members under 18 years old (from no children present to eight or more children present). Unrelated individuals and two-person families are further differentiated by age of the householder (under 65 years old and over).

The total income of each family in the sample is tested against the appropriate poverty threshold to determine the poverty status of that family. If the total income is less than the corresponding cutoff, the family is classified as below the poverty level. The number of persons below the poverty level is the sum of the number of persons in families with incomes below the poverty level and the number of unrelated individuals with incomes below the poverty level.

The poverty thresholds are revised annually to allow for changes in the cost of living as reflected in the Consumer Price Index. The average poverty threshold for a family of four persons was \$7,412 in 1979. (See table below.)

Poverty thresholds are computed on a national basis only. No attempt has been made to adjust these thresholds for regional, State, or local variations in the cost of living. For a detailed discussion of the poverty definition, see the Current Population Reports, Series P-60, No. 133,

Thresholds at the Poverty Level in 1979 by Size of Family and Number of Related Children Under 18 Years

Objects in dellars, for meaning of symbols, see introduction:

Side of Eamily Unit	Weighted	cighted Related children under 18 years										
3105 01 1880 7 1800	thresholds	None		,	3	4	5	t.	:	" or more		
I person (mrelated individual)	3, (-86	1,130										
Under 65 years	1,774	'.1:.										
ob years and over	3,479	3,479	• • •	• • •	• • •		• • •		• • •			
2 persons	4,723	1,721										
Householder under 65 years	4,876		5,000									
Householder 65 years and over	4, 1819	4, JX5	4,981				• • •		• • •	• • •		
3 persons	5,787	5,674	5,839	5 , 84								
4 persons	7,412	7,482	7,605	2,356	7,382							
5 persons	8,776	9,023	9,154	8,874	8,657	8,525						
b persons	9,915	10,378	10,419	10,205	9,999	9,691	4,512					
7 persons	11.237	11,941	12.016	11,757	11,580	11,246	10,857	10.4.13		!		
8 persons	1.1.484	13.356	13,473	13,234	13,018	1:.717	1.1.33.	11,936	11,835			
9 or more persons,	14,812	16,066,	16,144	15,429	15,749	15.453	15,046	14.677	14,546	14,024		



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Characteristics of the Population Below the Poverty Level: 1980.

Persons for Whom Poverty Status Is Determined—Poverty status is determined for all persons except inmates of institutions, persons in military group quarters and college dormitories, and unrelated individuals under 15 years old. When the line "Percent of persons for whom poverty status is determined" appears under the heading, "Income in 1979 below poverty level," it shows the percent of such persons who are classified as being below the poverty level.

Weighted Average Thresholds at the Poverty Level—The average thresholds shown in the first column of the table were well of by the presence and number of dren. For example, the weighted average threshold for a given

family size is obtained by multiplying the threshold for each presence and number of children category within the given family size by the number of families in that category. These products are then aggregated across the entire range of presence and number of children categories, and the aggregate is divided by the total number of families in the group to yield the weighted average threshold at the poverty level for that family size.

Since the basic thresholds used to determine the poverty status of families are applied to all families, the weighted average poverty thresholds are derived using all families rather than just those classified as being below the poverty level. To obtain the weighted poverty thresholds for families below alternate poverty levels, the weighted thresholds

shown in the table may be multiplied directly by the appropriate factor. The weighted average thresholds presented in the table are based on the March 1980 Current Population Survey. However, it is felt that these thresholds would not differ significantly from those based on the 1980 census.

SYMBOLS USED IN TABLES

- A dash "-" represents zero or a percent which rounds to less than 0.1.
- Three dots "..." mean not applicable, or that the data are being withheld to avoid disclosure of information for individuals.
- A minus sign (-) preceding a figure denotes decrease.
- CDP is census designated place.



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Appendix B.--Accuracy of the Data

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INTRODUCTION

The data presented in tables 4, 8, 12, 16, and 20 of this publication are based on the 1980 census sample. The data are estimates of the actual figures that would have resulted from a complete count. Estimates can be expected to vary from the complete-count result because they are subject to two basic types of error - sampling and nonsampling. The sampling error in the data arises from the selection of persons and housing units to be included in the sample. The nonsampling error, which affects both sample and complete-count data, is the result of all other errors that may occur during the collection and processing phases of the census. A more detailed discussion of both sampling and nonsampling error and a description of the estimation procedure are given in this appendix.

SAMPLE DESIGN

While every person and housing unit in the United States was enumerated on a questionnaire that requested certain basic demographic information (e.g., age, race, relationsh.), a sample of persons and housing units was enumerated on a questionnaire that requested additional information. The basic sampling unit for the 1980 census was the housing unit, including all occupants. For persons living in group quarters, the sampling unit was the person. Two sampling rates were employed. In counties, incorporated places, and minor civil divisions estimated to have fewer than 2,500 persons (based on precensus estimates), one-half of all housing units and persons in group quarters were to be included in the sample. In all other places, one-sixth of the housing units or persons in group quarters were sampled. The purpose of this scheme was to provide relatively more reliable estimates for small places. When both sampling rates were taken into account across the Nation, approximately 19 percent of the Nation's housing units were included in the census sample.

The sample designation method depended on the data collection procedures. In about 95 percent of the country, the census was taken by the mailout/mailback procedure. For these areas, the Bureau of the Census either purchased a commercial mailing list which was updated and corrected by Census Bureau field staff, or prepared a mailing list by canvassing and listing each address in the area prior to Census Day. These lists were computerized, and every sixth unit (for 1-in-6 areas) or every second unit (for 1-in-2 areas) was designated as a sample unit by computer.

Both of these lists were also corrected by the Post Office.

In non-mailout/mailback areas, a blank listing book with designated sample lines (every sixth or every second line) was prepared for the enumerator. Beginning about Census Day, the enumerator systematically canvassed the area and listed all housing units in the listing book in the order they were encountered. Completed questionnaires, including sample information for any housing unit which was listed on a designated sample line, were collected.

In both types of data collection procedure areas, an enumerator was responsible for a small geographic area known as an enumeration district, or ED. An ED usually represented the average workload area for one enumerator.

ERRORS IN THE DATA

The sample data in this publication may differ somewhat from complete-count figures that would have been obtained if all housing units, persons within those housing units, and persons living in group quarters had been enumerated using the same questionnaires, instructions, enumerators, etc. The deviation of a sample estimate from the average of all possible samples is called the sampling error. The standard error of a survey estimate is a measure of the variation among the estimates from the possible samples and thus is a measure of the precision with which an estimate from a particular sample approximates the average result of all possible samples. The sample estimate and its estimated standard error permit the construction of interval estimates with prescribed confidence that the interval includes the



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average result of all possible samples. The method of calculating standard errors and confidence intervals for the sample data in this report is given below.

In addition to the variability which arises from the sampling procedures, both sample data and complete-count data are subject to nonsampling error. Nonsampling error may be introduced during each of the many extensive and complex operations used to collect and process census data. For example, operations such as editing, reviewing, or handling questionnaires may introduce error into the data. A more detailed discussion of the sources of nonsampling error is given in the section on Control of Nonsampling Error in this appendix.

Nonsampling error may affect the data in two ways. Errors that are introduced randomly will increase the variability of the data, and should therefore be reflected in the standard error. Errors that tend to be consistent in one direction will make both sample and complete-count data biased in that direction. For example, if respondents consistently tend to underreport their income, then the resulting counts of households or families by income category will be skewed toward the lower income categories. Such biases are not reflected in the standard error.

Calculation of Standard Errors

Totals and Percentages - Tables D and E in this appendix, along with information contained in PC80-1-C1, General Social and Economic Characteristics, U.S. Summary, are necessary to calculate the standard errors of sample estimates in this report in order to perform this calculation, it is necessary to know the unadjusted standard error for the characteristic, given in tables D or E, that would result under a simple random sam ple design (of persons) and estimation technique and the appropriate adjustment factor for the particular characteristic estimated. The adjustment factors reflect the effects of the actual sample design and complex ratio estimation procedure used for the 1980 census.

To calculate the approximate chandard error of an estimate for a particular gaographic area follow the steps given below:

- a Obtain the unadjusted standard error from table D or E (or from the formula given below the table) for the estimated total or percentage, respectively.
- b. The standard errors obtained in a. must be multiplied by an adjustment factor. In order to obtain this adjustment factor, the reader should follow the instructions appearing in the corresponding section of appendix D in the aforementioned census report.

As is evident from the formulas below tables D and E, the unadjusted standard errors of zero estimates or of very small estimated totals or percentages approach zero. This is also the case for very large percentages or estimated totals that are close to the size of the tabulation areas to which they correspond. These estimated totals and percentages are, nevertheless, still subject to sampling and nonsampling variability, and an estimated standard error of zero (or a very small standard error) is not appropriate.

For estimated percentages that are less than 2 or greater than 98, use the unadjusted standard errors in table E that appear in the 2 or 98 row. For an estimated total that is less than 50 or within 50 of the total size of the tabulation area use an unadjusted standard error of 16.

An illustration of the use of the tables is given in a later section of this appendix.

Differences—The standard errors estimated from these tables are not directly applicable to differences between two sample estimates. In order to estimate the standard error of a difference, the tables are to be used somewhat differently in the following three situations.

a. For the difference between a sample

estimate and a complete-count value, use the standard error of the sample estimate.

b. For the difference between (or sum of) two sample estimates, the appropriate standard error is approximately the square root of the sum of the two individual standard errors squared; that is, for standard errors Se_x and Se_v of estimates x and y:

$$Se_{(x+y)} - Se_{(x-y)} = \sqrt{(Se_x)^2 + (Se_y)^2}$$

This method, however, will underestimate (overestimate) the standard error if the two items in a sum are highly positively (negatively) correlated or if the two items in a difference are highly negatively (positively) correlated. This method may also be used for the difference between (or sum of) sample estimates from two censuses or between a census sample and another survey. The standard error for estimates not based on the 1980 census sample must be obtained from an appropriate source outside of this publication.

c. For the difference between two estimates, one of which is a subclass of the other, use the tables directly where the calculated difference is the estimate of interest.

Confidence Intervals

A sample estimate and its estimated standard error may be used to construct confidence intervals about the estimate. These intervals are ranges that will contain the average value of the estimated characteristic that results over all possible samples, with a known probability. For example, if all possible samples that could result under the 1980 census sample design were independently selected and surveyed under the same conditions, and if the estimate and its estimated standard error were calculated for each of these samples, then:

 Approximately 68 percent of the intervals from one estimated standard error below the estimate to one



estimated standard error above the estimate would contain the average result from all possible samples; and

Approximately 95 percent of the intervals from two estimated standard errors below the estimate to two estimated standard errors above the estimate would contain the average result from all possible samples.

The intervals are referred to as 68 percent and 95 percent confidence intervals, respectively.

The average value of the estimated characteristic that could be derived from all possible samples is or is not contained in any particular computed interval. Thus we cannot make the statement that the average value has a certain probability of falling between the limits of the calculated confidence interval. Rather, one can say with a specified probability or confidence that the calculated confidence interval includes the average estimate from all possible samples (approximately the complete-count value).

Confidence intervals may also be constructed for the difference between two sample figures. This is done by computing the difference between these figures, obtaining the standard error of the differences (using the formula given earlier) and then forming a confidence interval for this estimated difference as above. One can then say with specified confidence that this interval includes the difference that would have been obtained by averaging the results from all possible samples.

The estimated standard errors given in this report do not include all portions of the variability due to nonsampling error that may be present in the data. The standard errors reflect the effect of simple response variance, but not the effect of correlated errors introduced by enumerators, coders, or other field or processing personnel. Thus, the calculated standard errors represent a lower bound of the total error. As a result, confidence intervals formed using these estimated standar, errors may not meet the stated levels of confidence (i.e., 68-or 95-percent). Thus, some care must be

exercised in the interpretation of the sample data in this publication based on the estimated standard errors.

For more information on confidence intervals and nonsampling error, see any standard sampling theory text.

ESTIMATION PROCEDURE

The sample estimates which appear in this publication were obtained from an iterative ratio estimation procedure which resulted in the assignment of a weight to each sample person. For any given tabulation area, a characteristic total was estimated by summing the weights assigned to the persons in the tabulation area which possessed the characteristic. Estimates of family characteristics were based on the weights assigned to the family members designated as householders. Each sample person was assigned exactly one weight to be used to produce estimates of all characteristics. For example, if the weight given to a sample person had the value five, all characteristics of that person or housing unit would be tabulated with a weight of five. The estimation procedure, however, did assign weights which vary from person to person.

The estimation procedure used to assign the weights was performed in geographically defined "weighting areas." Weighting areas were generally formed of adjoining portions of geography, which closely agreed with census tabulation areas within counties. Weighting areas were required to have a minimum sample of 400 persons. Weighting areas were never allowed to cross state or county boundaries. In small counties with a sample count of less than 400 persons, the minimum required sample condition was relaxed to permit the entire county to become a weighting area.

Within a weighting area, the ratio estimation procedure for persons was performed in three stages. For persons, the first stage employed 17 household type groups. The second stage used two groups: householders and non-householders. The third stage could

potentially use 160 age-sex-race-Spanish origin groups. The stages were as follows:

Stage I-Type of Household

Group	Persons in Housing Units
	With a Family With Own
	Children Under 18
1	2 persons in housing unit
2	3 persons in housing unit
3	4 persons in housing unit
4	5 to 7 persons in housing
·	unit
5	8 or more persons in
	housing unit
	Persons in Housing Units
	With a Family Without Own
	Children Under 18
6-1 0	2 persons in housing unit
	through 8 or more
	persons in housing unit
	Persons in All Other Hous-
	ing Units
11	1 person in housing unit
12-16	2 persons in housing unit
	through 8 or more
	persons in housing unit
17	Persons in group quarters

Stage II — Householder/ Nonhouseholder

Group	
1	Householder
2	Nonhouseholder (including
	persons in group quarters)
	Stage III-Age/Sex/
	Race/Spanish Origin
Group	White Race
	Pareons of Spanish Origin

Group	vvnite nace
	Persons of Spanish Origin
	Male
1	O to 4 years of age
2	5 to 14 years of age
3	15 to 19 years of
	age
4	20 to 24 years of
	age
5	25 to 34 years of
	age



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6 7 8	35 to 44 years of age 45 to 64 years of age 65 years of age or older
9-16	Female Same age categories as groups 1 to 8
17-32	Persons Not of Spanish Origin Same age and sex categories as groups 1 to 16
33-64	Black Race Same age-sex-Spanish origin categories as groups 1 to 32
65-96	Asian, Pacific Islander Race Same age-sex-Spanish origin categories as groups 1 to 32
97-128	Indian (American) or Eskimo or Aleut Race Same age-sex-Spanish origin categories as groups 1 to 32
129-160	Other Race (includes those races not listed above) Same age-sex-Spanish origin categories as groups 1 to 32

Within a weighting area, the first step in the estimation procedure was to assign each sample person record an initial weight. This weight was approximately equal to the inverse of the probability of selecting a person for the census sample.

The next step in the estimation procedure was to combine, if necessary, the groups in each of the three stages prior to the repeated ratio estimation in order to increase the reliability of the ratio estimation procedure. For the first and second stages, any group that did not

meet certain criteria concerning the unweighted sample count or the ratio of the complete-count to the initially weighted sample count, was combined, or collapsed, with another group in the same stage according to a specified collapsing pattern. At the third stage, the "Other" race category was collapsed with the "White" race category before the above collapsing criteria as well as an additional criterion concerning the number of complete-count persons in each category were applied.

As a final step, the initial weights underwent three stages of ratio adjustment which used the groups listed above. At the first stage, the ratio of the complete census count to the sum of the initial weights for each sample person was computed for each stage | group. The initial weight assigned to each person in a group was then multiplied by the stage I group ratio to produce an adjusted weight. In stage II, the stage I adjusted weights were again adjusted by the ratio of the complete census count to the sum of the stage I weights for sample persons in each stage II group. Finally, the stage Il weights were adjusted at stage III by the ratio of the complete cer and the sum of the stage II v. fe sample persons in each stage NUF The three stages of adjustmen 31. formed twice (two iterations) in given above. The weights obtained from the second iteration for stage III were assigned to the sample person records. However, to avoid complications in rounding for tabulated data, only whole number weights were assigned. For example, if the final weight for the persons in a particular group was 7.2, the onefifth of the sample persons in this group were randomly assigned a weight of 8 and the remaining four-fifths received a weight of 7.

The estimates produced by this procedure realize some of the gains in sampling efficiency that would have resulted if the population had been stratified into the ratio estimation groups before sampling, and the sampling rate had been applied independently to each group. The net effect is a reduction in both the standard error and the possible

bias of most estimated characteristics to levels below what would have resulted from simply using the initial (unadjusted) weight. A by-product of this estimation procedure is that the estimates from the sample will, for the most part, be consistent with the complete-count figures for the population and housing unit groups used in the estimation procedure.

CONTROL OF NONSAMPLING ERROR

As mentioned above, nonsampling error is present in both sample and completecount data. If left unchecked, this error could introduce serious bias into the data, the variability of which could increase dramatically over that which would result purely from sampling. While it is impossible to completely eliminate nonsampling error from an operation as large and complex as the 1980 census, the Bureau of the Census attempted to control the sources of such error during the collection and processing operations. The primary sources of nonsampling error and the programs instituted for control of this error are described below. The success of these programs, however, was contingent upon how well the instructions were actually carried out during the census. To the extent possible, both the effects of these programs and the amount of error remaining after their application will be evaluated.

Undercoverage—It is possible for some housing units or persons to be entirely missed by the census. This undercoverage of persons and housing units can introduce biases into the data. Several extensive programs that were developed to focus on this important problem are explained below.

- The Postal Service reviewed mailing lists and reported housing unit addresses which were missing, undeliverable, or duplicated in the listings.
- The purchased commercial mailing list was updated and corrected by a complete field review of the list of housing units during a precanvass operation.



- A record check was performed to reduce the undercoverage of individual persons in selected areas. Independent lists of persons, such as driver's license holders, were matched with the household rosters in the census listings. Persons not matched to the census rosters were followed up and added to the census counts if they were found to have been missed.
- A recheck of housing units initially classified as vacant or nonexistent was utilized to further reduce the undercoverage of persons.

More extensive discussions of programs developed to reduce undercoverage will be published as the analyses of those programs are completed.

Respondent and Enumerator Error - The person answering the questionnaire or responding to the questions posed by an enumerator could serve as a source of error by offering incorrect or incomplete information. To reduce this source of error, questions were phrased as clearly as possible based on precensus tests and detailed instructions for completing the questionnaire were provided to each housing unit. In addition, respondents' answers were edited for completeness and consistency and followed up as necessary. For example, if labor force items were incomplete for a person 15 years and over, long form field edit procedures would recognize he situation and a followup attempt to obtain the information would be made.

The enumerator may misinterpret or otherwise incorrectly record information given by a respondent; may fail to collect some of the information for a person or housing unit; or may collect data for housing units that were not designated as part of the sample. To control these problems, the work of enumerators was carefully monitored. Field staff were prepared for their tasks by using standardized training packages which included experience in using census materials. A sample of the households interviewed by enumerators for non-response was reinterviewed to control

for the possibility of data for fabricated persons being submitted by enumerators. Also, the estimation procedure was designed to control for biases that would result from the collection of data from housing units not designated for the sample.

Processing Error—The many phases of processing the census represent potential sources for the introduction of nonsampling error. The processing of the census questionnaires includes the field editing, followup, and transmittal of completed questionnaires; the manual coding of write-in responses; and the electronic data processing. The various field, coding and computer operations undergo a number of quality control checks to insure their accurate application.

Nonresponse -- Nonresponse to particular questions on the census questionnaire allows for the introduction of bias into the data, since the characteristics of the nonrespondents have not been observed and may differ from those reported by respondents. As a result, any allocation procedure using respondent data may not completely reflect this difference either at the element level (individual person or housing unit) or on the average. Some protection against the introduction of large biases is afforded by minimizing nonresponse. In the census, nonresponse was substantially reduced during the field operations by the various edit and followup operations aimed at obtaining a response for every question. Characteristics of the nonresponses remaining after this operation were allocated by computer using reported data for a person or housing unit with similar characteristics. The allocation procedure is described in more detail below.

EDITING OF UNACCEPTABLE DATA

The objective of the processing operation is to produce a set of statistics that describes the housing unit inventory and population as accurately and clearly as possible. To meet this objective, certain unacceptable entries were edited.

In the field, questionnaires were reviewed for omissions and certain inconsistencies by a census clerk or an enumerator and, if necessary, a followup was made to obtain missing information. In addition, a similar review of questionnaires was done in the central processing offices. As a rule, however, editing was performed by hand only when it could not be done effectively by machine.

As one of the first steps in editing, the configuration of marks on the questionnaire column was scanned electronically to determine whether it contained information for a person or a housing unit or merely spurious marks. If the column contained entries for at least two of the basic characteristics (relationship, sex. race, age, marital status, Spanish origin), the inference was made that the marks represented a person. In cases in which two or more basic characteristics were available for only a portion of the people in the unit, other information on the questionnaire provided by an enumerator was used to determine the total number of persons. Names were not used as a criterion of the presence of a person because the electronic scanning did not distinguish any entry in the name space.

If any characteristic for a person or a housing unit was still missing when the questionnaires reached the central processing offices, they were supplied by allocation. Allocations, or assignments of acceptable codes in place of unacceptable entries, were needed most often when there was no entry for a given item or when the information reported for a person or housing unit on that item was inconsistent with other information for the person or housing unit. As in previous censuses, the general procedure for changing unacceptable entries was to assign an entry for a person o housing unit that was consistent with entries for other persons or units with similar characteristics. Thus, a person who was reported as a 20-year-old son of the householder, but for whom marital status was not reported, was assigned the same marital status as that of the last one processed in the same age group. The assignment



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of acceptable codes in place of blanks or unacceptable entries enhances the usefulness of the data.

The editing process also includes another type of correction; namely, the assignment of a ful! set of characteristics for a person or a housing unit. When there was indication that a housing unit was occupied but the questionnaid contained no information for all or most of the people, although persons were known to be present or when there was no information on the housing unit, a

previously processed household was selected as a substitute, and the full set of characteristics for each substitute person or a housing unit was duplicated. These duplications fall into two classes: (1) "substitution for mechanical failure," e.g., when the questionnaire page was not properly microfilmed, and (2) "substitution for noninterview," e.g., when a housing unit was indicated as occupied but the occupants or housing unit characteristics were not listed on the questionnaire.

Specific tolerances were established for the number of computer allocations and substitutions that would be permitted. If the number of corrections was beyond tolerance, the questionnaires in which the errors occurred were clerically reviewed. If it was found that the errors resulted from damaged questionnaires, from improper microfilming, from faulty reading by FOSDIC of undamaged questionnaires, or from other types of machine failure, the questionnaires were reprocessed.

Table D. Unadjusted Standard Errors for Estimated Totals

[Based on a 1-in-6 simple random sample]

Estimated		2/ Size of publication area														
Total 1/	500	1 000	2 500	5 000	10 000	25 000	50 000	100 000	250 000	500 000	1 000 000	5 000 000	10 000 000	25 000 000	United States	
50	16	16	16	16	16	16	16	16	16	16	16	16	16	16	16	
100	20	21	22	22	22	22	2.2	22	22	22	22	22	22	22	22	
250	?5	30	35	35	35	35	35	35	35	35	35	35	35	35	35	
500	-	35	45	45	50	50	50	50	50	50	50	50	50	50	50	
1 000	-	-	55	65	65	7 0	70	70	70	70	70	70	70	70	70	
2 500	-	-	-	80	95	110	110	110	110	110	110	110	110	110	110	
5 000	-	-	-	-	110	140	150	150	160	160	160	160	160	160	160	
10 000	-	-	_	-	-	170	200	210	220	220	220	220	220	220	220	
15 000	_	-	_	-	-	170	230	250	270	270	270	270	270	270	270	
25 000	-	-	-	-	-	-	250	310	340	350	350	350	350	350	350	
75 000	_	_	_	-	_	_	-	310	510	570	590	610	610	610	610	
100 000	_	_	_	-	_	_	_	,	550	630	670	700	700	710	710	
250 000	_	-		~	_	-	_	_	-	790	970	1 090	1 100	1 100	1120	
500 000	_		_	_	_	_	_	_	~		1 120	1 500	1 540	1 570	1580	
1 000 000	_	-	-	_	_	-	_	_	-	_	-	2 000	2 120	2 190	2230	
5 000 000	-	_	_	_	-	-	-	_	_	_	_	2 000	3 540	4 470	4940	
10 000 000	-	-	-	-	•		_		-		_		, , , , , ,	5 480	6910	

^{1/} For estimated totals targer than 10 000 000, the standard error is somewhat larger than the table values. The formula given below should be used to calculate the standard error.

Se
$$(\hat{Y}) = \sqrt{5\hat{Y}(1-\frac{\hat{Y}}{N})}$$

N = Size of area

A = Estimate of characteristic total



^{2/} Total count of persons in area if the estimated total is a person characteristic, or the total count of households in area if the estimated total is a household or family characteristic.

Table E. Unadjusted Standard Error in Percentage Points for Estimated Percentages

[Based on a 1-in-6 simple random sample]

Estimated Percentage	Base of percentage													
	Sao	750	1 (10)	1 5.361	2.530	5 13:1.1	/ S to	10 1111	25 100	50 (190	100 659	250 .100	5.00 (6)0	
2 or 48	1.4	1.	1	0,8	n,5	0.4	u, i	11.3	0.2	0.1	4.1	-1,}	:1.1	
5 or 95	2.2	1.8	1.5	1.3	1.0	0.7	0.6	4.5	0.3	0.2	9.2	·1, l	0.1	
10 or 90	3.0	3.4	2.1	1.7	1.3	ı), ü	n, 8	11.7	0.4	н.3	0.2	0.1	0.1	
15 or 85	1.0	2.9	2, 5	2.1	1.6	1.1	0.9	u.8	41,5	11.4	1.3	0.2	9.1	
20 or 80	4, 1	3.3	2.8	2.3	1.8	1.3	1.1	11.9	ា.្ម	41.4	0.3	4.2	9.1	
25 or 75	4.3	3, ,	3.1	2.5	1.4	1.5	1.1	1.0	8,6	11. •	1.3	94.2	94.1	
30 or 70	6	, ,	3.2	2.5	2.0	1.4	1.2	1.0	0,6	0.3	4.3	0.2	11.1	
35 or 65	4.8	1.9	3.4	2.8	2.1	1.5	1.2	1.1	u, 7	11, 5	1.3	٠t., ^د	01.2	
50	5,41	4.1	3,5	2,9	2.2	1.0	1.3	1.1	1, 1	0,5	11,4	41.2	17	

If For a percentage and/or base of percentage not shown in the table, the formula given below may be used to calculate the standard error.

So
$$(\hat{p}) = \sqrt{\frac{2}{B} \hat{p}(100 + \hat{p})}$$

B * Base of estimated percentage

p . Estimated percentage



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