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ABSTRACT

Children's Television Workshop commissioned a comprehensive survey of the role of educational programing in the Lation's elementary schools. The study was conducted by senaing questionnaires to a national sample of 1,500 third through sixth grade teachers. The objectives of the study were: (1) to learn about school use of 3-2-1 CONTACT, SQUARE ONE TV, and other programs; (2) to understand how and when these programs are used in schools, and teachers' opinions of the educational value and content of the programs; (3) to describe the market environment for the use of educational programing, including the availability of programs and supporting materials, and influences on the use of programing; and (4) to understand the characteristics of the market, the teachers who comprise it, and related school and district characteristics. Questionnaire items focuse1 on how teachers use programs, teacher assessment of program charicteristics, how teachers get information about programing, and teachers' characteristics. Results revealed that media centers and specialists play an important role in providing information about and access to education programs; educational television is used more often for enrichment than for instruction; and teachers prefer programs that deal with a single topic and are 15-30 minutes long. The questionnaire and data tables are appended. (Author/RH)

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A STUDY OF THE ROLE OF EDUCATIONAL TELEVISION PROGRAMMING

IN ELEMENTARY SCHOOLS

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Children's Television Workshop

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A Study of the Role of Educational Television Programming in

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Elementary Schools

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Children's Television Workshop commissioned Audits and Surveys to conduct a comprehensive study of the role of educational programming in the nation's elementary schools. The purposes of the study were:

- To learn the extent of school use of <u>3-2-1 Contact</u> and <u>Square One TV</u>, and other similar programs, with which CTW must compete for teachers' and childrens' attention and interest.
- To understand how and when these programs are used in schools, as well as teachers' opinions of the educational value and content of the programs.
- To describe the market environment for the use of educational programming, including the availability of programs and supporting materials, influences on the use of programming, and other market factors.

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To understand the characteristics of the market, the teachers who comprise it, and the school and district characteristics which are part of their educational environment.

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METHOD

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Questionnaires were sent to a sample of 1,500 elementary school teachers of grades three through six. The scientifically selected sample, drawn from a national data base, is considered representative of teachers of third to sixth grade across the country. Key sample characteristics, including school, type of geographic region, school size and metro status matched national characteristics for teachers in these grades. In keeping with traditional standards for survey studies, follow-up mailings and phone calls were used to encourage those who had not yet responded to do so. At the time of the study's cut off date, June 6, 1989, 57% or 736 of the teachers had responded. To ensure that these 736 respondents were representative of teachers in the third to sixth grades, the final sample was checked against both the original sample of 1,500 and the larger population of

teachers from which that was drawn. Since the characteristics of all three groups closely matched, the findings are considered to be generalizable to third through sixth grade teachers. Based on the size of the sample, the sampling error is plus or minus 3.6% with a confidence level of 95%. in the state of the

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Teachers were sent a seven page questionnaire (See Appendix A, attached) entitled National Educational Television Survey. The only sender identification was the name and address of the survey company, Audits and Surveys. Children's Television Workshop was not identified anywhere on the questionnaire. The survey was divided into three sections:

I. <u>Your Use of Educational Programs</u>, the first section of the questionnaire asked teachers about their awareness and use of specified educational programs: <u>Mr. Wizard</u>, <u>Nova</u>, <u>Reading Rainbow</u>, <u>Think About</u>, <u>Square One TV</u>, <u>3-2-1 Contact</u> and <u>Voyage of the Mimi</u>. Questions about access to local educational broadcasting stations in their area and awareness of "tape and erase" rights were also included.

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II. Your Format Preferences for Educational TV Programming presented questions on program format and length. Respondents were asked to indicate their preference for either an entire program dealing with a single topic or for programming in which multiple segments on a variety of topics were presented. They were also asked to indicate the most appropriate length for a video intended for classroom use.

- III. Your Information and Program Sources, the third section, asked teachers how they access all types of educational programming. The questions covered sources of information about programming as well as sources of actual videotapes. Subjects were asked about how school and district personnel influence their use of educational television, and were asked about their readership of a number of educational periodicals.
- IV. <u>General Information</u>, the final section of the questionnaire, focused on teacher characteristics including: years teaching, grade, class size, type of school, and access to

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video hardware and software. Teachers were given the option of identifying themselves on the survey in a space left for name, school and address. Those who provided this information were promised a gift and a summary of the study's findings.

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A PROFILE OF THE RESPONDENTS

A brief profile of the teachers who participated in the survey indicates that they had been teachers for an average of 15.5 years and currently taught classes averaging 23.6 students. Most of them taught at public schools (79%), with 12% teaching at private schools and 9% at parochial schools. The average amount spent per student in their schools was \$93 for all instructional materials. The majority of them (76%) received at least one teaching magazine, with an average of 2.5 such publications going to each teacher. They came from all regions of the country, somewhat more from the South and Midwest than the Northeast and West. Almost all of them came from schools in areas where educational television is available, even though they represented the range of rural to urban school districts.

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RESULTS OF THE SURVEY

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Overview of Findings

- Teacher awareness of the educational programming specified was high with 97% of teachers familiar with one or more of the shows.

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- Half of the teachers had shown at least one of the programs in their classrooms and one out of three had shown one of the programs within the year.
- Virtually all schools (98%) have VCRs!.
- Off-air taping was the most popular method for acquiring tapes.
- Media centers and specialists played an important role in providing information about and access to educational programs.



- Teachers preferred programs that dealt with a single topic and were 15 to 30 minutes long.

 Educational television was more often used for enrichment than instruction.

DETAILED FINDINGS

Teacher Awareness of Educational Programming

Virtually all teachers (97%) were aware of some educational programming, with <u>Nova</u>, <u>Mr. Wizard</u> and <u>3-2-1 Contact</u> the most ramiliar of the shows specified. Awareness levels for the seven shows listed in the questionnaire were: <u>Nova</u> 83%; <u>Mr. Wizard</u> 80%; <u>3-2-1 Contact</u> 75%; <u>Reading Rainbow</u> 67%; <u>Square One TV</u> 38%; <u>Voyage</u> of the <u>Mimi</u> 30% and <u>Think About</u> 24%.

Use of Programming in the Classroom

Almost half (48%) of the teachers surveyed have shown some of the educational programming in their classrooms. The shows most frequently presented were: <u>Reading Rainbow 23%; 3-2-1 Contact</u> 22%; and <u>Nova</u> 21%. The percentage of teachers who had shown the other shows ranged from 7% to 10%.

9

Recent Use of Programming

Teachers were asked which programs they had shown their classes within the last year. It was found that 35% of the teachers had shown their classes at least one of the programs specified. Most frequently shown: <u>Reading Rainbow</u> 16%; <u>Nova</u> 15%; and <u>3-2-1</u> <u>Contact</u> 12%. The other programs were each shown by between 4% and 5% of the teachers.

Plans to Use Programming

Plans for showing programming in the upcoming year were quite consistent with use during the past year. Thirty-two percent (32%) of teachers said they planned to show their classes some educational programming during the year after filling out the questionnaire. The percentage of teachers planning to use specific programs were: <u>Reading Rainbow</u> 15%; <u>Nova</u> 13%; and <u>3-2-1</u> <u>Contact</u> 12%. The percentage of teachers planning to use the other programs ranged from 4% to 6%.

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How Teachers Use Programs

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Enrichment was the most popular use of educational programming. Other common uses were to summarize or reinforce a lesson or unit, and to motivate. It is interesting to note that each program reflected a somewhat different profile of use. For inst ace, <u>Reading Rainbow</u> was used by many teachers to motivate students, but considerably less often to summarize a lesson. <u>3-2-1 Contact</u> and <u>Nova</u>, on the other hand, were used more often for summarizing lessons than for motivation. <u>3-2-1 Contact</u>, <u>Square One</u> and <u>Nova</u> were used far more frequently to summarize a lesson than were <u>Reading Rainbow</u>, <u>Yoyage of the Mimi</u> or <u>Think</u> <u>About</u>. <u>Yoyage of the Mimi</u> was used as a main lesson more often (38%) than were the other series. <u>Square One</u> was used far more frequently (21%) for remediation than any other series, yet it was also the series most frequently used to introduce new concepts (30%).

In general, shows were infrequently used to occupy the whole class while the teacher was attending to other matters or to occupy part of the class while the teacher worked with other students (See Appendix B, Table 1).

11

Use of More than One Program

The study indicated that teachers who do use educational programming tend to use more than one program in their classrooms. The majority of "users" used more than one program. Thirty-two percent (32%) used two programs; 18% used three programs; and 6% used five or more programs. Users who showed Square One TV and Voyage of the Mimi were the most likely to use five or more programs.

Assignments for Home Viewing



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Teachers Use of Entire Shows vs. Segments

Teachers were more prone to use an entire show than to present segments. For each of the six programs rated, between 52% and 69% of users presented entire shows, with <u>Reading Rainbow</u> most frequently shown as a whole and <u>Voyage of the Mimi</u> least frequently. 61% of <u>3-2-1 Contact</u> users and 59% of <u>Square One</u> users said they presented shows from these programs in their entirety.

In comparison, the show most often presented in segments was <u>Nova</u> $(30\frac{1}{3})$ and least frequently was <u>Reading Rainbow</u> $(11\frac{1}{3}.)$ One out of four <u>Square One</u> and <u>3-2-1 Contact</u> users said they usually show segments.

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Teacher Preference for Single Topic vs. Magazine Format

The majority of teachers (66%) preferred that a given show deal with a single topic. Only 15% preferred multiple segments dealing with a variety of topics. Another 16% indicated no preference.



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Teachers who had been teaching ten years or more were somewhat more favorably disposed to the single 'opic format. Preference for single topics may be in keeping with use of entire shows rather than segments.

Program Length Preferred by Teachers

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For use in the classroom, teachers prefer 15 to 30 minute segments over shorter formats. The respondents were equally divided in their preferences for 15, 20 and 30 minute length programs. Two out of three teachers preferred one of these lengths (22%, 23% and 22% respectively). Only 2% of teachers thought a ten minute video was the most appropriate length for a program intended for classroom use. The remaining teachers said ideal length "depends on subject."

Teachers' Use of Entire Series vs. Selected Shows

Most teachers show selected shows rather than an entire series to their classes. The contrast was most pronounced for

14

Nova, where 80% used selected programs and only 5% reported using the entire series. For <u>3-2-1</u> Contact and Square One, usage was similar, with two out of three teachers using selections compared to only one out of ten using the series. Patterns were fairly similar for <u>Reading Rainbow</u>. While <u>Think About</u> users were only slightly more likely to present selected shows than the entire series, they were still more likely to use individual shows. The only program where the patterns were reversed was <u>Voyage of the</u> <u>Mimi</u>, where 44% of teachers used the entire series and 33% of teachers selected shows to present. This was the only program in which use of the entire series was more frequent than use of selected shows.

Ratings of Usefulness for Instruction

How useful do teachers find a program as a vehicle for instruction in the subject area for which it is intended? Teacher ratings of shows indicated that most users find programs either "very useful" or "extremely useful." Looking at combined figures for "very" and "extremely useful," programs were rated in

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the following way: <u>Nova</u> 76%; <u>Square One TV</u> 67%; <u>Reading Rainbow</u> 66%; <u>3-2-1 Contact</u> 64%; <u>Voyage of the Mimi</u> 63% and <u>Think About</u> 54%. When "extremely useful" figures are looked at separately, <u>Nova and Voyage of the Mimi</u> ranked highest, with one out of three users placing the shows in this category, compared to the other four nows which received "extremely useful" ratings from one out of four users.

Teacher Assessment of Program Characteristics

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All teachers who were aware of programming, including users, were asked to evaluate four of the selected shows on the basis of the following characteristics: program is suitable for school use; program captures and holds children's interest; program has the right balance between education and entertainment; concepts are appropriate for grade level; content is correlated with classroom curriculum; program broadcast schedules are known in advance; teacher's guides or exercises are available; videotapes of individual programs are available for purchase by schools.

16

Teachers who had actually used the programs gave them considerably higher ratings on each of the characteristics than those who had never used them in their classrooms. Appendix B, Tables 2 and 3 present the percentage of aware non-users and users who gave each of the programs an excellent rating for each of the characteristics.

Videotapes vs. Live Broadcast

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Videotapes were used more frequently than live broadcast in the classroom. Many teachers (47%) presented videotapes exclusively. Only 4% of teachers used live broadcast exclusively. Another 34% of teachers used a combination of videotaped shows and live broadcast programming.

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Off-air Taping vs. Purchase/Rental

The most frequently used source of educational videos was off-air taping. Seventy-seven percent (77%) of those who used programming used shows taped off the air. Half of these teachers had taped

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the shows themselves and 63% used shows taped by other teachers and media specialists. The media center or library was the tape source for 70% of teachers. Only 36% of teachers used tapes they had purchased or rented. Of those tapes obtained from the media centers, 62% were purchased and 54% were taped off the air.

Sources of Funding for Videotapes

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Teachers were asked what their school's source of funds was for buying or renting videotapes. The sources cited were: School's/Principal's budget 40%; Teacher pays for them 34%; District budget 33%; PTA/PTO 20%, and State Department of Education 6%. In most schools the librarian, principal or media specialist controls which tapes are bought. Over half of private and parochial school teachers paid for tapes themselves.

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Teacher Awareness of "Tape and Erase" Rights

Most teachers (67%) said they had not seen or read anything regarding "tape and erase" rights for using educational programs. Only 16% said they had, and another 17% did not respond to the question.

Knowledge of "Tape and Erase" Rights

Teachers were asked to write in what they had seen or read about "tape and erase" rights if they said they had seen or read anything. The most frequent answer given was that they had learned that a booklet/guide/list was available (13%); that they had to erase within 24 hours or after one showing (12%); that they had to erase after a certain (unspecified) amount of time (12%); that shows can be used for classroom purposes only (10%); and that they had to erase within weeks (7%) or years (7%).

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Availability of VCRs' and Videotapes in Schools

Teachers indicated that 98% of schools have VCRs' available, with an average of 3.9 VCRs' per school. Public schools are more likely than private or parochial schools to have VCRs'. Videotape collections were available to 78% of teachers. For 32% of these teachers the collections were available at the school only, for 18% at the district only and for 29% at both the school and district.

19

People Encouraging Use of Programming

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The librarian and media specialist are the people most likely to influence and encourage the teacher's use of educational programming. Asked if a specific person influences and encourages their use of educational television, 36% of all teachers said such a person exists. For one out cl four teachers this person is based at their school, and for 12% in the district, and for 3% at a TV station. Public school teachers were more likely than private or parochial school teachers to have such a person available to them.

How Teachers Get Information About Programming

Most teachers get information about educational TV programming at the school level. The majority of teachers (70%) said school sources were available to them, with 56% citing district sources and 36% citing regional sources. Actual use of these resources is somewhat lower, but still reflects the same relative pattern, with 54% actually using school sources, 31% using district sources, and 16% using regional sources.

20

The media centers and audiovisual libraries are the most frequently available sources of information. Eighty-one percent (81%) of teachers have them available and 60% actually use them - more often in the school than at district or regional sites.

Who Provides Information About Programming

Media specialists and librarians are major providers of information about educational programming. 77% of teachers had them available and 53% used them as a resource. While curriculum coordinators and specialists were available to over half of the teachers, only one out of four used them 'or information about television programming. Media centers and specialists were more often available to public school teachers than to private or parochial school teachers. Larger schools were more likely to have media specialists and centers.

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CONCLUSIONS

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Most schools have VCRs' and access to educational broadcasting. Teachers have a fairly high level of awareness of the educational

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programming that is available. Teachers who actually use television in their classrooms not only have access to resources and information but make use of resources, such as media specialists and media centers. Those who do use educational programming often use programs from several different series. Teachers use programming most often for enrichment and are selective about which shows in a series they present to their classes. Those who use programs seem pleased with the stitability of programs for school use, their ability to capture student attention and present appropriate concepts. They were generally less impressed with the availability of program-related teacher materials and the availability of individual shows for purchase. Videotapes were used more often than live broadcasts, with offair taping the most popular method for obtaining videotapes. a and the second second of the second se

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APPENDIX A

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Questionnaire

Andres & Serveys, Inc. 650 Avenue of the American New York, N.Y. 16013 March, 1900 #4504

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NATIONAL EDUCATIONAL TELEVISION SURVEY

I. YOUR USE OF EDUCATIONAL TV PROGRAMS

1. Is there a TV station in your area (such as those affiliated with PBS, the Yes	٦.	
Public Broadcaume Service) which benedence advantage for the	_	
tuch at None County and it is a state source on the vision programs Ne		2
such as Nova, Sesame Street, and other similar programs? Don't Know	Ξ.	3

- 2. " istad below are seven educational programs. Please answer the following questions for all of the programs listed.
 - 24. Which of these programs have you ever beard of? PLEASE CHECK UNDER 26 BELOW
 - 2b. For each program you have over heard of: Have you over watched it, either on TV or videouspe? PLEASE CHECK UNDER 2b
 - 2c. Have you or anyone also ever shown it to your class? PLEASE CHIECK UNDER 2c
 - 24. Have you or anyone else shown the program to your class during this school your? PLEASE CHECK UNDER 24.
 - 24. Do you plan to show the program (or have someone else show it) to your class during the rest of this school you? PLEASE CHECK UNDER 26.

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PLEASE ANSWER THE POLLOWING ONLY FOR PROCEASES YOU HAVE ZVER SHOWN, SHOWN THES YEAR, OR PLAN TO SHOW TO YOUR CLASS THE SCHOOL YEAR, THAT IS, THOSE YOU CHECKED IN QUESTION 26 OR 24 OR 26.

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	3.	Which of the following weye have you used the			Pr	igrame		
		Program for your class, or think you might use it? PLEASE CHECK ALL THAT APPLY.	Neva	Reading Relation	Think About	Square	J-J-1 Contact	Veyage Of The Mimi
		At the main lesson						
		As the main lesson To summarize or reinforce a lesson or unit	•••••••••••••••••••••••••••••••••••••••	• 🛛 135	🗖 🖶	🗖 184	() **	🔲 174
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•		while you work with others	-		_			
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* 		attending to other matters	— .	_	_			
•		Oher (PLEASE DESCRIBE)	······			•	•	
•			-	-	_	_		
		About how many times has your class viewed the program						
• ,		in school during this school year, up to now? PLEASE WRITE NUMBER ON LETE UNDER PROGRAM						
				(14) (14) (14) (14) (14) (14) (14) (14)				
	k .	Abant how many times d., you think you will show the						
		Program during the semainder of this select year? PLEASE WRITE BI THE MUNCHER.						
			(31,31.)	(1.3)	04.30	0457)	3	(48.41)
	. 1	Do you usually show, an antire program, or segments of a program?						
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• 6.		be you usually use an amire series of programs, or elected programs from the series?						
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	- 14	ogram for viswing at home during this school you? HASE WRITE BI THE MURAPHE.						
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9. We'd like to know your opinions about four of these programs:

* Reading Rainbow	IF YOU HAVE HEARD OF NONE OF THESE
Square Ons TV	PROGRAMS, CHECK HERE
* 3-2-1 Contact	AND SKIP TO SECTION IL QUESTION 1 ON PAGE

· Voyage of the Mimi

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For Each Program You Have Heard Of Whether Or Not You Have	Excellent	=4
Ever Shown It Or Plan To Show It To Your Class - please write in the	Geed	= 3
rating you would give it for each characteristic listed below. The ratings are:	Fair	= 2
	Peer	=1
	No Opinion	=0

Please rate each program you have heard of, for all characteristics. We are interested in your impressions even if you do not use the program.

	Programs			
-	keeding Lalabow	Square One TV	3-3-1 Contest	Voyage Of The Mini
Content is correlated with classroom curriculum	در		*	
Program captures and holds children's interest	MA	 3	>	>
Concepts are appropriate for grade level	15	*	*	>
Program has the right balance between education and entertainment	16	*	\$\$	•
Program is suitable for school use	٦.	*	%	
Teacher's guides or exercises are evailable		r		
Program broadcast schedules are known in advance			*	4
Videotapes of individual programs are available for purchase				
by schools	>	>	¥	

10a. Have you seen or read anything regarding "tape-and-arase" rights for using any of these programs?	Yes
	Ne 🚺 🤙

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10b. If Yes: What have you seen or read? PLEASE WRITE YOUR ANSWER BELOW.

II. YOUR FORMAT PREFERENCES FOR EDUCATIONAL TV PROGRAMS

We would like to learn your opinions about educational TV program formats. Please complete this section even if you are not familiar with or do not use the programs mentioned in Section I.

1. Different programs use different formats in their presentation of subject matter. Which type of format do you generally prefer in a program you might use for class instruction? PLEASE CHECK ONLY ONE ANSWER BELOW.

An entire program dealing with a single topic	
Multiple segments on a variety of topics within a program	
No preference	

2. What do you feel is the most appropriate length for a program or video intended for classroom use? PLEASE CHECK ONLY ONE ANSWER BELOW.

Five minutes	
Ten minutes	-1
Filteen minutes	•3
l'wenty minutes	4

Thirty Ciautes	.s
Depends on subject	4
Other (PLEASE WRITE IN)	

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In this section, we would like to learn about your sources of information and materials for educational programs in general.

- 1. First, please check all the sources available to you for information about educational television programs, videotapus, and related materials. PLEASE CHECK YOUR ANSWERS IN THE COLUMN UNDER 1 BELOW, OR "NONE" IF NONE ARE AVAILABLE TO YOU.
- 2. Now, please check those sources you personally use to get information about, or obtain educational inleviation programs. PLEASE CHECK THESE IN THE COLUMN UNDER 2 BELOW, OR "NONE" IF YOU USE NONE OF THESE SOURCES.

	<u> </u>			
Media center or audio/visual library	Searces Aveilable For Educational Televiden Programe	Searce Und Per Educational Television Programs		
In school In district In region Media specialist or librarian				
în school în district în region				
Currixulum coordinator or specialist who knows about educational television programs (e.g., reading specialist, such specialist, science specialist, etc.) in school in district Educational TV professional/representative at local public TV station Audio/visual or publishers' sales representatives Audio/visual or publishers' catalogs				
NONE	O O			

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3a. Does your class view programs... CHECK ONE ANSWER BELOW

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On videotape	561 -2	
Exclusively live, at time of broadcast	:}	PLEASE SKIP TO Q.64 ON PAGE (i

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3b. If any viewing is done on videotape: How do you get the videotapes of programs used for class instruction? PLEASE CHECK ALL THAT APPLY.

Taped off the air yourself	51
Taped off the air by other teachers/media specialist/others	1
From media center or sudio/visual library	-
In school	•3
i. district	4
la region	.5
Buy or rent copies directly from local public TV station	á.
Buy or rent copies from distributor, sales representatives,	•
or catalog	.7
Other (PLEASE DESCRIBE)	
. –	

4. If videotapes are available from your school or district media center: What is their source for these videotapes? PLEASE CHECK ALL THAT APPLY.

Programs are taped off the air	5 4
Videotepes are purchased	-1
Videotapes are rented	-3
Other (PLEASE DESCRIBE)	•

Don't Know	······		.7
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Sa. If videotapes are bought or rented: What is your school's source of funds for buying or renting videotapes? PLEASE CHECK ALL THAT APPLY.

School/griscipel's bedget	S 1
District budget	.2
State Department of Education	•3
	4
Pey for these yourself	-3
Other (PLEASE DESCRIBE)	
Don't Know	.4

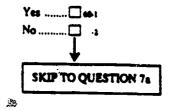
5b. What is the position or title of the person in your school or district who controls the purchase of videotapes? PLEASE WRITE IN ON LINE BELOW.



98.

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6a. Is there a specific individual in your school, your district, or any where else, who you feel is aspecially influential in encouraging or promoting the use of educational television programs and materials for class instruction?



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6b. IF YES: Where is this person located?

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School	 1-1
District	 •1
TV Station	 .3
Other (PLEASE SPECIFY)	4

11.13

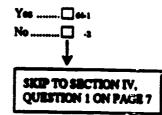
NAR 21 - 1 - 53

*1.

6c. What is this person's title? PLEASE WRITE IN TITLE:

7a. Do you subscribe to or receive any professional publications on a regular basis?

7b. IF YES: Which publications do you receive? PLEASE CHECK ALL THAT APP, Y.



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The Arithmetic Teecher	6 -1,
Creative Claseroom	•3
Education Week	·3
Instructor	4
Learning	-
NEA Today	4
The Reading Teacher	.7
Science: And Children	4
Other (PLEASE LIST)	

IV. GENERAL INFORMATION

4. *

1. How many years have you been teaching?	Years Years	
2. What grade are you currently teaching?	Grade 3	Grade 5
3. Is your school a public school, a private school, o	r perochial school?	Publis
4. What is the average size of the classes in your grade?	15 or less	26 to 30
5a. Does your school have video recording and play equipment (VCRs, TV monitors) which are avail		Yes
5b. IF YES: Approximately how many VCRs are in	ailable in your school?	# Of Units:(73.76) Don't Know
6a. Is there a video upe collection or library in	Your school	Both
6b. Approximately how many videotapes are availab	in Y	four School(14,77) our District(14,79) It Know
Thank you for your help. Please write your name and	l school address below if you w	ish, so that we can send you your gift a
the results of this study. Please return the questionnel YOUR NAME:		·····
YOUR NAME:		
YOUR NAME:		
YOUR NAME:		

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APPENDIX B

Tables

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ERIC

AUDITS & SURVEYS

ENVIRENT STORY

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TABLE #1

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1.

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WAYS OF USING PROGRAMS FOR CLASS

	3-2-1 CONTACT	SQUARE	NOVA	READING RAINBOW	VOYAGE OF THE MIMI	THINK <u>About</u>
BASE: TEACHERS USING EACH PROGRAM	(178)	(63) 	(174) <u>x</u>	(187)	(64) <u>x</u>	(74) <u>-</u> 2
As Enrichment	64	68	72	68	55	43
To Summarize or Reinforce A Lesson or Unit	51	46	56	32	28	27
To Motivate	44	52	<2	59	30	35
To Introduce a New Concept	27	30	28	16	20	24
As the Main Lesson	22	18	27	20	38	22
To Occupy the Whole Class When Attending to Other Matters	12	14	6	17	8	
To Occupy Part of the Class While working with Others	9	6	2	9	5	8
For Remedial Instruction	7	21	5	10	3	5
No Answer	12	13	11	14	22	23

SECTION I - Q.3: Which of the following ways have you used the program for your class, or think you might use it?

AUDITS & SURVEYS

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TABLE #2

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ERIC

OPINIONS OF PROGRAMS FOR PROGRAM CHARACTERISTICS

3 RATING EXCELLENT

AMONG TEACHERS AWARE OF PROGRAMS

	3-2-1 <u>Contact</u>	SQUARE <u>one tv</u>	READING RAINBOW	VOYAGE OF THE <u>'MIMI</u>
BASE: TOTAL AWARE OF Each program	(549) 	(277) x	(491) 	(220)
Program is Suitable for School Use	34	31	42	31
Program Captures and Holds Children's Interest	33	31	38	23
Has the Right Balance Between Education and Entertainment	29	26	37	24
Concepts are Appropriate for Grade Level	26	28	33	22
Content is Correlated with Classroom Curriculum	22	22	25	21
Program Broadcast Schedules are Known in Advance	20	18	23	21
Teacher's Guides or Exercises are Available	11	9	11	19
Videotapes of Individual Programs are Available for Purchase by Schools	5	6	ş	14

SECTION I - Q.9: For each program you have heard of - whether or not you have ever shown it or plan to show it to your class - please write in the rating you would give it for each characteristic listed below.

AUDITS & SURVEYS

TABLE #3

ASSIGNMENT OF PROGRAMS FOR HOME VIEWING

AMONG USERS OF EACH PROGRAM

	3-2-1 <u>Contact</u>	SQUARE <u>one tv</u>	READING RAINBOW	VOYAGE OF THE MINI
BASE: TEACHERS USING Each program	(178)	(63) 	(187)	(64)
Program is Suitable for School Use	59	56	66	61
Program Captures and Holds Children's Interest	. 42	56	58	47
Has the Right Balance Between Education and Entainment	42	44	57	45
Concepts are Appropriate for Grade Level	39	57	55	47
Content is Correlated with Classroom Curriculs	35	43	40	44
Program Broadcast Schedules are Known in Advance	37	. 35	39	42
Teacher's Guides or Exercises are Available	21	19	20	41
Videotapes of Individual Programs are Available for Purchase by School	8	13	16	31



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SECTION I - Q.9: For each program you have heard of - whether or not you have ever shown it or plan to show it to your class - please write in the rating you would give it for each characteristics listed below.

END

U.S. Dept. of Education

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Office of Education Research and Improvement (OERI).

ERIC

Date Filmed

March 29, 1991