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#### **ABSTRACT**

This volume of the National Longitudinal Transition Study of Special Education Students (NLTS) offers statistical data relating to 875 students with visual impairments (ages 13-21). The study design involved a survey of parents/guardians, examination of school records, and a survey of school programs. The 43 tables describe: youths' individual and household characteristics

• ....graphic characteristics, self-care skills, functional skills, assistive devices, parental expectations for futures of youth); characteristics of students' school and educational programs (enrollment, staffing, policies, coordination, transition planning, educational placements, course-taking); programs available {vocational education, vocational ass^ssment/counseling, work adjustment training); services received (vocational services, counseling, occupational therapy, tutors, readers, interpreters, speech/language therapy, physical assistance, transportation assistance); and youth outcomes (educational achievements, school completion, independence, social experiences, postsecondary education, employment). The tables present data by type of community, gender, age, school status, household income, ethnicity, and head of household education. The volume also outlines the purposes of the study, procedures used to collect information, the sample of youth surveyed, statistical weighting procedures, the generalizability of study results, and caveats to data users. Appendices provide information on interpreting variables and present data tables relating to specific subgroups. Includes two references. (JDD)

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# THE NATIONAL LONGITUDINAL TRANSITION STUDY OF SPECIAL EDUCATION STUDENTS

Statistical Almanac, Volume 6: Youth Categorized as Visually Impaired

**July 1990** 

Prepared for:

The Office of Special Education Programs U.S. Department of Education

Prepared by:

N

Kathryn A. Valdés Cynthia L. Williamson Mary M. Wagner

The National Longitudinal Transition Study of Special Education Students is being conducted by SRI International under Contract 300-87-0054 with the Office of Special Education Programs, U.S. Department of Education.





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#### INTRODUCTION

This volume of the statistical almanacs is a compendium of descriptive data from the first wave of data collection of the National Longitudinal Transition Study of Special Education Students (NLTS). It reports on characteristics, experiences, and achievements of youth who were categorized as having visual impairments by the schools or school districts they attended as special education students in the 1985-86 school year. Eight companion volumes provide similar information for youth classified into other disability ategories; an overview volume in the series presents data for youth in all 11 federal disability categories.\*

To provide a context for understanding the nature of the data reported in the statistical almanacs, the following sections of this introduction describe the procedures used to collect information, the sample of youth on which the study is based, statistical weighting procedures, and the generalizability of study results. As an aid in interpreting the data, the introduction concludes with a discussion of caveats that readers should keep in mind as they use NLTS data. Appendix A provides additional information about selected variables presented in the almanacs that clarifies their interpretation.\*\*

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# Purposes of the NLTS and the Statistical Almanac Series

The NLTS was mandated by the U.S. Congress in 1983 to provide information to practitioners, policymakers, researchers, and others in the special education community regarding the transition of youth with disabilities from secondary school to early adulthood. The Office of Special Education Programs (OSEP) of the U.S. Department of Education contracted with SRI International to determine a design, develop and field test data collection instruments, and select a sample of students for a study that would meet the congressional mandate. In April 1987, under a separate contract, SRI began the actual study.

In the field of research on youth with disabilities, the NLTS is unique in several respects. For many years, the research base on youth with disabilities has consisted largely of studies of relatively few youth who were in particular disability categories, in a few school districts or a single state, or in a specific educational placement or treatment program. It has been very difficult to paint a broad picture of students from this

Variables discussed in Appendix A include IQ scores; items related to self-care skills, assistive devices receipt of support services; grade point average; and items concerning alterations made to the home, secondary school enrollment and completion status, enrollment in a special school, and participation in occupationally-oriented vocational education.



All volumes of the statistical almanac series are listed at the conclusion of this introduction.

fragmented research base. With the NLTS, findings are based on a sample that is large and nationally representative. The data presented here were collected in 1987 for a sample of more than 8,000 youth who represent the national population of secondary special education students who were ages 13 to 21 in the 1985-86 school year. The sample permits us to estimate with fairly high precision many of the characteristics of youth with disabilities and their experiences in adolescence and early adulthood. Further, the sample is nationally representative of 1985-86 secondary special education students both as a whole and for those in each of the 11 federal disability categories separately (see the "Descriptive Results" section for definitions of these categories). Therefore, for the first time we know what the transition experiences were for youth with visual impairments, for example, and how they differed from those of youth with orthopedic impairments or multiple handicaps.

The NLTS is also unusual in its longitudinal design. The students for whom data were gathered in 1987 are being retained in the study so that follow-up data can be collected about them in 1990. These follow-up data will enable the estimation of trends in experiences as youth age. For example, we will be able to describe the movement in and out of jobs and in and out of school that often characterizes youth in their early adult years.

Finally, the NLTS is extremely broad in scope, gathering information on a wide range of characteristics, experiences, and outcomes of youth with disabilities, including the following:

- individual and family characteristics (e.g., demographics, disability-related characteristics).
- *Independent functioning* (e.g., residential independence, financial independence, functional abilities).
- **Social experiences** (e.g., belonging to school or community groups, socializing with friends).
- **School programs** (e.g., courses taken, support services provided, educational placements).
- School characteristics and policies (e.g., type of school attended, policies related to mainstreaming, programs available for special education students).
- School achievement and completion (e.g., grades received, absenteeism, dropout/graduation behaviors).
- **Employment characteristics** (e.g., rates of employment, job types and duration, wages)
- **Postsecondary education participation** (in vocational schools and 2-year and 4-year colleges).



- Services provided by the school and other sources (e.g., job training, physical therapy, counseling).
- Parental expectations for youth in the areas of education, employment, and independence.

This breadth of scope provides the most comprehensive picture yet available of youth with disabilities during adolescence and early adulthood.

Many people will be interested in using information from the NLTS for a variety of purposes, and data and findings will be available in a variety of forms. The NLTS project staff from OSEP and SRI will publish reports, papers, and articles on a wide range of topics and offer presentations of findings to many appropriate audiences. However, the richness of the database will support many analyses that are not on the research agenda of the NLTS project itself. For those interested in analyzing the NLTS database to address their own research questions, a data tape and documentation are available for purchase. Others will have questions that can easily be informed by NLTS data without the need for additional computer analyses. The statistical almanacs are intended to satisfy this type of information need.

NLTS data are compiled in the form of statistical almanacs as a way of informing audiences about the breadth of information available from the study. The format of the almanacs is intended to give users a broad understanding of the secondary school and transition experiences of youth with disabilities as a whole and to permit comparative analyses of the experiences and outcomes of youth in each of the 11 federal disability categories. When the NLTS is completed, similar almanacs will report follow-up data, permitting users to identify trends in experiences over time.

# **Components of the NLTS**

The NLTS has several components:

- The Parent/Guardian Survey. In the summer and fall of 1987, parents were interviewed by telephone to determine information on family background and expectations for the youth in the sample, characteristics of the youth, experiences with special services, the youths' educational attainments (including postsecondary education), employment experiences, and measures of social integration. Parents rather than youth were selected as respondents for the first wave of data collection because of the need for family background information and because, with most students still being in secondary school and living at home, parents were believed to be accurate respondents for the issues addressed. This survey will be repeated in 1990, when youth will be interviewed if they are able to respond.
- School Record Abstracts. Information has been abstracted from students' school records for their most recent year in secondary school (either the 1985-86 or 1986-87 school year). This information relates to courses taken, grades



achieved (if in a graded program), placement, related services received from the school, status at the end of the year, attendance, IQ, and experiences with minimum competency testing. School transcripts will be collected in 1990 for youth who have been in secondary school at any time since the 1986-87 school year.

- School Program S rivey. Schools attended by sample students in the 1986-87 school year were surveyed for information on enrollment, staffing, programs and related services offered to secondary special education students, policies affecting special education programs and students, and community resources for the disabled.
- Explanatory Substudies. Studies involving subsamples of youth are looking in greater depth at students' secondary school programs, the patterns of transition outcomes achieved by youth who were out of secondary school, and the relationship between school experiences and outcomes. Substudies are ongoing, and data from them are not included in this almanac series.

### The NLTS Sample

The NLTS sample was constructed in two stages. A sample of 450 school districts was randomly selected from the universe of approximately 14,000 school districts serving secondary (grade 7 or above) special education students,\* which had been stratified by region of the country, a measure of district wealth involving the proportion of students in poverty (Orshansky percentile), and student enrollment. Because not enough districts agreed to participate, a replacement sample of 178 additional districts was selected. More than 80 state-supported special schools serving secondary-age deaf, blind, and deaf-blind students were also invited to participate in the study. A total of 303 school districts and 22 special schools agreed to have their students selected for the study.

Analysis of the potential bias of the district sample indicated no systematic bias that would have an impact on study results when participating districts were compared to nonparticipants on several characteristics of the students served, participation in Vocational Rehabilitation programs, the extent of school-based and community resources for the disabled, the configuration of other education agencies serving district students, and metropolitan status (see Javitz and Wagner, 1990 for more information on the LEA sample). Bias may exist, of course, on factors for which data were not available for such comparisons.

Students were selected from rosters compiled by districts, which were instructed to include all special education students in the 1985-86 school year who were in grades 7 through 12 or whose birthdays were in 1972 or before, whether or not they were served

Special education recoperatives and other special service units were not sampled directly (83% of special education students are served directly by school districts; Moore et al., 1988). However, instructions to districts for compiling student rosters asked districts to include on their listing any students sent from their district to such cooperatives or special service units. Despite these instructions, some districts may have underreported students served outside the district.



within the district or outside the district (e.g., in a state-supported residential school). Rosters were stratified into 3 age groups (13 to 15, 16 to 18, over 18) for each of the 11 federal disability categories and youth were randomly selected from each age/disability group so that approximately 800 to 1,000 students were selected in each disability category (with the exception of deaf-blind, for which fewer than 100 students were served in the districts and schools included in the sample).

In part because of the time lapse between sanc's selection and data collection. many students could not be located at the addresses or telephone numbers provided by the schools. Of the 12,833 students selected for the sample, about one-third could not be reached by telephone for the parent interview. (For more than half of these, addresses and telephone numbers were not provided by the schools/districts from which they were sampled.) This relatively high rate of inability to reach sample members confirmed the importance of including in the NLTS a substudy of nonrespondents to determine whether those who were reached for the telephone interview were a representative sample of the population to which the study was intended to generalize. To identify whether bias existed in the interview sample, interviewers went to 28 school districts with relatively high nonresponse rates to locate and interview in person those who could not be reached by telephone. Of the 554 sought for in-person interviews, 442 were found and interviewed, a response rate of 80%. A comparison of telephone interview respondents with in-person interview respondents showed that the telephone sample underrepresented lower-income households. The sample was reweighted to adjust for that bias, as described in the next section.

Of the 10,369 sampled students for whom addresses or telephone numbers were provided by schools or districts, some portion of the needed data was collected for 84%; the response rates for individual components of the study were as follows:

	_N	Response Rate
Farent interview	7619	71%
School records	6241	60
School survey	6672	64

# Weighting Procedures and the Population to Which Data Generalize

Youth with disabilities for whom data could be gathered were weighted to represent the U.S. population of special education students in the 1985-86 school year who were in grades 7 through 12 or at least 13 years old. Because it is a sample of students at various ages, the NLTS sample does not generalize to youth who had dropped out of school before that age. For example, the sample of 18-year-olds generalizes to youth



who were 18 and still in secondary school in 1985-86, not to all 18-year-olds with disabilities, many or whom may have left school at an earlier age.

In performing sample weighting, three mutually exclusive groups of sample members were distinguished:

- (A) Youth whose parents responded to the telephone interview.
- (B) Youth whose parents did not respond to the telephone interview but were interviewed in person.
- (C) Youth whose parents did not respond to either the telephone or in-person interview but for whom the we obtained a record abstract.

A major concern in weighting was to determine "thether there was a nonresponse bias and to calculate the weights in such a way as to minimize that bias. There was a potential for three types of nonresponse bias:"

- (1) Bias due to the inability to locate respondents because they had moved or had nonworking telephone numbers.
- (2) Bias due to refusal to complete an interview (only 3% of those available to be interviewed refused).
- (3) Bias due to circumstances that made it infeasible to locate or process a student's school record.

Of these three types of nonresponde, the first was believed to be the most important, in terms of both frequency and influence on the analysis. Type 1 bias was also the only type of nonresponse that could be estimated and corrected.

The magnitude of type 1 nonresponse bias was estimated by comparing responses to items available for the three groups of respondents (after adjusting for differences in the frequency with which youth in different disability categories were selected and differences in the size of the LEAs selected). Group A was wealthier, more highly educated, and less likely to be minority than group B. In addition, group A was more likely to have students who graduated from high school than group B or C (which had similar dropout rates). Groups A and B were compared on several additional measures for which data were unavailable for group C. The youth described by the two groups were similar on these additional items, including gender, employment status, pay, functional skills association with a social group, and length of time since leaving school. Adjusting the weights to eliminate bias in the income distribution eliminated bias in

We assumed that nonrespondents who could not be located because LEAs did not provide student names would have chosen to participate at about the same rate as parents in districts in which youth could be identified. The remaining nonrespondents would presumably have been distributed between the three types of nonresponse mentioned above.



parental educational attainment and ethnic composition, but did not affect differences in dropout rates. It was also determined that groups B and C werr large enough that if they were treated the same as group A in the weighting process, the resulting dropout distribution would be approximately correct.

Weighting was accomplished using the following steps:

- Data from groups A and B were used to estimate the income distribution for each disability category that would have been obtained in the absence of type 1 nonresponse bias.
- Respondents from all three groups were combined and weighted up to the
  universe by disability category. Weights were computed within strata used to
  select the sample (i.e., LEA size and wealth, student disability category and age).
- Weights from three low-incidence disability categories (deaf, orthopedically impaired, and visually impaired) were adjusted to increase the effective sample size. These adjustments consisted primarily of slightly increasing the weights of students in larger LEAs and decreasing the weights of students in smaller LEAs. Responses before and after these weighting adjustments were nearly identical. In addition, because there were only three deaf/blind youth from medium-size or smaller districts, who had large weights, they were removed from the sample to increase the effective sample size. Thus, NLTS results do not represent the very small number of deaf/blind students in medium-size or smaller LEAs.
- The resulting weights were adjusted so that each disability category exhibited the
  appropriate income distribution estimated in step 1 above. These adjustments
  were of modest magnitude (relative to the range of weights within handicapping
  condition); the weights or the poorest respondents were multiplied by a factor of
  approximately 1.6 and the weights of the wealthiest respondents were multiplied
  by a factor of approximately .7.

#### **Estimation of Standard Errors**

The tables in the "Descriptive Results" section present data for the sample of youth with disabilities and for important subgroups, as defined at the besity of that section. Most of the variables presented in the tables are reported as partentages of youth in the full sample or in the subgroups. In some cases, rather than percentages, the figures refer to means, such as the mean wage earned by employed youth or the mean number of students enrolled in schools attended by youth. Percentages and means are weighted to represent the national population of youth with cisabilities and youth in each disability category. However, the percentages and means are only estimates of the actual percentages and means that would be obtained if all youth with disabilities were included in the study. These estimates vary in how closely they approximate the true measures that would be derived from a study of all youth. To aid the reader in determining the precision of the estimates, for each percentage and mean the tables present the approximate standard error and the unweighted number of cases on which the statistic is based.



To determine the precision of a particular parcentage or mean, the reader can construct a confidence interval for the estimate by multiplying the standard error by 1.96. The result is the range around the estimate within which the true measure would be found 95 out of 100 times. For example, the NLTS estimates that 88.8% of youth with disabilities attended a comprehensive secondary school during their most recent year in school. The standard error of that estimate, .9, is multiplied by 1.96, letting us assume with 95% confidence that the true rate of attendance at comprehensive secondary schools falls within a range of  $\pm 1.8$  percentage points, or 87% to 90.6%.

Readers may also want to compare percentages or means for different subgroups to determine, for example, whether the difference in employment rates for males and females with visual impairments is statistically significant. To calculate whether the difference between percentages is statistically significant with 95% confidence (often denoted as p<.05), the squared difference between the two percentages of interest is divided by the sum of the two squared standard errors. If this product is larger than 3.84, the difference is significant. Presented as a formula, a difference in percentages is statistically significant at the .05 level if:

$$\frac{(P_1 - P_2)^2}{SE_1^2 + SE_2^2} > 1.96^2$$

where  $P_1$  and  $SE_1$  are the first percentage and its standard error and  $P_2$  and  $SE_2$  are the second percentage and its standard error.

The standard errors for the NLTS were computed using procedures that differ from standard calculation routines. Such routines assume a simple random sample. However, the NLTS used a stratified cluster sample design, which introduces design effects that reduce the precision of estimates for a sample of a given size, compared with a simple random sample. The design effects within the NLTS affect the precision of estimates to varying degrees for different subpopulations and different variables. Pseudo-replication is widely accepted as a variance estimation technique in the presence of design effects. However, it is not cost-effective for estimating the standard errors of the thousands of variables and subpopulations tabulated in the 10 volumes of the statistical almanacs. Therefore, pseudo-replication was conducted on a limited number of variables to calibrate an approximation formula that is cost-effective for purposes of the almanacs, using the following procedures:

- A set of 25 variables representing the parent interview, school program survey, and record abstract was identified for the purpose of developing a statistical approximation formula; these included 16 nominal variables and 9 continuous variables.
- Standard errors of the weighted means of the selected variables were estimated in two ways. The first procedure involved pseudo- replication. For each variable,



standard errors were calculated for students in each handicap category and for the total sample (300 standard errors) using a partially balanced experimental design/specifying how students were to be allocated to 16 half-samples. The sample was split on the basis of the school districts and special schools from which youth were originally sampled. Districts and schools were paired on the basis of enrollment and a measure of poverty, and one member of each pair was assigned to each half-sample. Sample weights for students were computed for each half-sample as if those in the half-sample were the only study participants.

The following formula was used to estimate the standard error of the mean for students in all conditions:

Standard error = 
$$[(1/16) \Sigma_i (M_i - M)^2]^{1/2}$$

where  $M_{\tilde{l}}$  is the mean calculated for students in one of the 16 half-samples), M is the mean response calculated from the full sample, and the summation extends over all 16 half-samples. (Note that responses to questions from the school program survey were attached to the records of students in the responding schools so that means for these items were computed using student weights.)

 The second estimation procedure involved an approximation formula based on an estimate of the effective sample size for each handicap category and the total sample. The sampling efficiency (E) for a group was calculated using the following formula:

$$E = M_w^2/(M_w^2 + S_w^2)$$

where  $M_w$  and  $S_w$  are the mean and standard deviation of the student weights over all members of the group. The approximation formula for the standard error of the weighted mean of nominal variables is:

Standard error = 
$$[P(1-P)/(E \times N)]^{1/2}$$

where P is the full-sample weighted proportion of "yes" responses to a particular question in the group, N is the unweighted number of "yes" or "no" responses to the question in the group, and E is the sampling efficiency of the group. The approximation formula for the standard error of the mean of a continuous variable is:

Standard error = 
$$[S^2/(N \times E)]^{1/2}$$

where S<sup>2</sup> is the variance of responses in the group for the continuous variable (computed with frequencies equal to full-sample weights) and N is the unweighted number of respondents to the question in the group. These formulas were used to compute a total of 300 standard errors for the same variables and groups addressed using pseudo-replication.

To assess the accuracy of the standard errors produced by these formulas, we
used scatter plots to compare them with standard errors produced using pseudoreplication. For both nominal and continuous variables, the approximate best fit
was a 45 degree line. That is, on average, the formula based on estimates of
effective sample size neither systematically overestimated nor underestimated the



standard error obtained using pseudo-replication, arguing for use of the more cost-effective estimation formulas. However, because error remains in the estimates that might result in underestimating the true standard errors in some instances, we took a conservative approach and multiplied the standard errors produced using the estimation formulas by 1.25. The vast majority of the standard errors so obtained were larger than the standard errors obtained by pseudo-replication. Thus, the standard errors included in the almanacs were calculated using the effective sample size estimation formulas and increased by a factor of 1.25.

#### Caveats to Users of the Data

To minimize the potential that data in the statistical almanaes will be misinterpreted, the user should keep in mind the following considerations.

- \*\*stimation of Sampling Errors. The data tables contain approximate standard errors for means and percentages; the previous section instructs users in how to use them to calculate confidence intervals and to determine whether differences between estimates are statistically significant. Users should interpret data in light of the standard errors. Percentages or means based on subgroups with relatively few cases have a considerably greater margin of error than those based on larger subgroups.
- Subgroup Definitions. The 'Descriptive Results' section begins with a definition of the subgroups for which data are reported. Users should be clear about the definition of these groups to avoid misinterpreting the brief labels contained in the tables. Of particular note are the subgroups based on the youth's designated disability. Assignment to a disability category is based on the primary disability designated by the youth's school or district in the 1985-86 school year. Category definitions, assessment methods, and rules of thumb for categorizing students vary widely between states and often between school districts within states. NLTS data should not be interpreted as describing youth who truly had a particular disability, but rather as describing youth who were categorized as having that disability by their school or district. Further, youth who had been institutionalized more than a year are included in the base on which statistics are calculated only for Tables 1, 3, 4, 8, 28 through 35, and 38; they are excluded from other tables because of the skip logic of the interview.
- Sources of Data and Data Reliability. Each table indicates the source of the data reported in it (e.g., parent interview, school records). The confidence the user places in the data should be based in part on a recognition of their source. The accuracy of parent reports about their sidolescent or adult children may vary depending on the subject of an item. For example, parents were expected to be quite accurate reporters of data on family characteristics, but to be less aware of-and, therefore, report less accurately on-the kinds of services their children were provided in school or by other agencies. When two sources of data were available for a given item (e.g., parent reports and school record indications of whether the youth graduated or dropped out), consistency checks were performed. For many variables, a high level of agreement was found; for other items, larger discrepancies were noted. Appendix A presents decision rules used to resolve such discrepancies. However, for most items, only one source of data was available, making it impossible to verify the accuracy of the responses. Specific data items potentially subject to bias are discussed in Appendix A.



- Items of a Sensitive Nature. A few items in the parent interview asked parents to report what they might consider negative behaviors on the part of their children, such as whether the youth had ever been arrested or been fired from a job. The tendency for respondents to give socially acceptable answers which items raises the question of the accuracy of parent reports for sensitive items. Although there is no objective validation of responses available to the NLTS, several factors suggest that parent reports produced generally valid data for these items: a low level of nonresponse to such items; a reasonably large number of respondents reporting negative behaviors (e.g., parents of 21% of youth who had been out of school 1 to 2 years indicated the youth had been arrested; 32% of exiters from secondary school were reported to have dropped out of school); and strong evidence of construct validity based on observed relationships among variables.
- Missing Data. Missing data result from item nonresponse, the absence of the whole instrument from which an item was taker, or a logical skip of an item because it was inappropriate to a particular respondent (e.g., some items were asked only of parents of youth with particular kinds ages and means. Missing data of all kinds were eliminated from calculations of parce ages and means. Hence, the reported percentages and means are based on those for whom the question was appropriate and who answered the question. The approximate standard errors increase as the sample size decreases, drawing the user's attention to statistics that are based on particularly small samples.



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#### TITLES IN THE NLTS STATISTICAL ALMANAC SERIES

The National Longitudinal Transition Study of Special Education Students Statistical Almanac, Volume 1: Overview.

The National Longitudinal Transition Study of Special Education Students Statistical Almanac, Volume 2: Youth Categorized as Learning Disabled.

The National Longitudinal Transition Study of Special Education Students Statistical Almanac, Volume 3: Youth Categorized as Emotionally Disturbed.

The National Longitudinal Transition Study of Special Education Students Statistical Almanac, Volume 4: Youth Categorized as Speech Impaired.

The National Longitudinal Transition Study of Special Education Students Statistical Almanac, Volume 5: Youth Categorized as Mentally Retarded.

The National Longitudinal Transition Study of Special Education Students Statistical Almanac, Volume 6: Youth Categorized as Visually Impaired.

The National Longitudinal Transition Study of Special Education Students Statistical Almanac, Volume 7: Youth Categorized as Hearing Impaired.

The National Longitudinal Transition Study of Special Education Students Statistical Almanac, Volume 8: Youth Categorized as Orthopedically Impaired.

The National Longitudinal Transition Study of Special Education Students Statistical Almanac, Volume 9: Youth Categorized as Other Health Impaired.

The National Longitudinal Transition Study of Special Education Students Statistical Almanac, Volume 10: Youth Categorized as Multiply Handicapped.



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#### **DESCRIPTIVE RESULTS**

This section of the statistical almanac presents data related to special education students categorized by the school or district they attended in the 1985-86 school year as having visual impairments. This category is defined as youth having a visual impairment that, even with correction, adversely affects caucational performance, including students who are partially sighted or completely blind. The tables describe:

- · Youths' individual and household characteristics
- · Characteristics of students' schools and educational programs
- · Programs available to secondary students with disabilities
- · Services received by youth with disabilities
- Youth outcomes.

Each table in the volume has three parts. Part A presents data for the appropriate full sample of youth categorized as having visual impairments and for youth with visual impairments in the following subgroups:

- Community. The type of community in which the youth last attended secondary school, based on Department of Commerce definitions of metropolitan statistical areas (MSAs), is described as urban (central city within an MSA), suburban (area surrounding a central city with an MSA), or rural (areas outside MSAs).
- Gender. Youth are distinguished as male or female on the basis of parent reports, school rosters, or, in the absence of these sources, inference from the student's name (for a minimal number of cases).
- Age In 1987. Youth are categorized by age as 15 or 16, 17 or 18, or 19 or older on the basis of birthdates provided by schools or parents.
- School status. Using parent and school reports\*, youth are categorized as:
  - *In-school.* Enrolled in secondary school in the 1985-86 school year and still enrolled in secondary school at the time of the parent interview.
  - Out 1 Year or Less. Enrolled in secondary school in the 1985-86 school year, and enrolled in secondary school at some time in the year before the parent interview, but no longer enrolled at the time of the interview. These youth include dropouts and completers of the 1986-87 school year.

See Appendix A for more detailed information on construction of the school status variable.



Out 1 to 2 Years. Enrolled in secondary school in the 1985-86 school year, not enrolled in secondary school at the time of the parent interview, and not enrolled at any time in the year before the interview. These youth include dropouts and completers of the 1985-86 school year.

Part B presents data for youth with visual impairments in the following subgroups:

- School attended. Using school reports, youth are distinguished as to whether in
  their most recent year in secondary school (the 1986-87 or 1985-86 school year)
  they attended a special school serving only youth with disabilities or a regular
  school that also served students not classified as having a disability. Regular
  schools include comprehensive secondary schools (i.e., middle schools and high
  schools), as well as a small number of magnet, alternative, and vocational
  secondary schools.
- Severity--Students are distinguished as being partially sighted or completely blind, based on parent or school reports.

Part C of each table presents data for the following subgroups:

- Household Income. Youth are distinguished as to whether parents reported the annual 1986 household income before taxes as less than \$12,000, \$12,000 to \$24,999, or \$25,000 or more.
- Ethnicity. Using parent reports, youth are categorized as Black, White, or Hispanic. Youth from other ethnic backgrounds (e.g., Asian, Alaskan native) are too few to distinguish as a separate pategory.
- Head of household education. Using parent reports, youth are distinguished
  according to whether the head of household did not complete high school, was a
  high school graduate with no college training, or had some college education or a
  college or graduate degree.

Note that many items in the almanacs permitted more than one response so that percentages often will not add to 100%. Sample sizes vary among tables for the same group because of differing response rates for items taken from different instruments. Also, the sample sizes for subgroups may not sum to the sample size in the total column because of missing values for the variables used to define the subgroups. Some items refer only to specific subgroups (e.g., grade point average for students receiving grades). Appendix B contains data tables that present the size of these subgroups (e.g., the weighted percentage and unweighted number of students who received grades) Statistics based on subgroups of fewer than 15 respondents are omitted. Standard errors are in parentheses.



# Statistical Tables

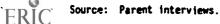


••		Community	Gender	Age in 1987	School Status		
Cheracteristics of Youth	<u>Total</u>	Urben Suburben Rural	Mele Female	19 or 15-16 17-18 older	Out 1 year In-School or less	Out 1 - 2 Years	
Percentage of youth:							
15 or 16 years old	29.4 ( 2.8)	28.0 37.1 35.2 ( 4.2) ( 6.8) (11.1)	29.3 29.8 (3.6) (4.5)	100 0.0 0.0 (0.0) (0.0) (0.0)	43.0 2.7 ( 4.0) ( 2.2)	4.1 ( 2.8)	
17 or 18 years old	37.7	4J.0 40.5 46.1 (4.6) (8.5) (11.6)	36.4 37.9 (3.8) (4.8)	0.0 100 0.0 (0.0) (0.0)	46.2 31.4 (4.0) (6.3)	8,6 ( 3.9)	
19 to 21 years old	( 3.0) 28.8	29.0 22.0 18.7	29.8 27.4 (3.6) (4.4)	0.0 0.0 86.1 (0.0) (0.0) (3.2)	10.2 <b>60.8</b> (2.4) (6.6)	(%.5)	
More than 21 years old	( 2.8) 4.7	3.0 0.5 0.0	4.5 4.9	0.6 0.0 13.9 (@.0) (0.0) (3.2)	0.6 5.1 (0.6) (3.0)	20.6 ( 5.6)	
Number of respondents	(1.3) <b>87</b> 5	(1.6) (1.0) (0.0) 259 155 48	( 1.6) ( 2.1) 500 372	244 316 315	562 157	148	
Average age	17.8	17.7 17.3 17.0	17.8 17.8	15.6 17.5 20.1	16.8 19.0	20.0	
Number of respondents	( 0.1) 875	( 0.2) ( 0.2) ( 0.3) 259 155 48	( 0.2) ( 0.2) 500 372	(0.1) (0.1) (0.1) 244 316 315	(0.1) (0.2) 562 157	( 0.3) 1 <b>48</b>	
Percentage who were male	55.6	59.4 52.7 51.4	100 0.0	55.2 54.6 57.1	55.9 54.9	5/9	
	(3.1) 872	(4.6) (7.1) (11.6) 259 155 48	( 0.0) ( 0.0) 500 372	(6.1) (5.3) (4.7) 244 315 313	(4.0) (6.8) 560 156	( 6.9) 148	
Number of respondents	,	233 233 40	,				
Percentage who were: Black, not Hispanic	25.9 ( 2.9)	44.8 11.5 15.8 ( 4.8) ( 4.6) ( 8.8)	25.9 26.0 (3.7) (4.6)	24.3 23.3 30.2 (5.5) (4.9) (4.5)	25.1 23.4 ( 3.6) ( 6.2)	32. ( 7.2)	
White, not Hispanic	63.6 (3.2)	35.4 79.4 80.1 (4.6) (5.9) (9.6)	64.8 62.0 (4.0) (5.1)	63.9 65.2 61.4 (6.2) (5.5) (4.8)	63.1 66.4 (4.0) (6.8)	60.2 (7.5)	
Hispanic	8.1 ( 1.8)	18.1 2.1 4.1 (3.7) (2.1) (4.8)	7.8 8.6 ( 2.2) ( 3.0)	7.7 9.0 7.5 (3.4) (3.3) (2.6)	9.0 6.1 ( 2.4) ( 3.5)	6.5 ( 3.8)	
American Indian/Alaskan Native	0.4	0.4 0.6 0.0	0.7 0.0	0.5 0.4 0.3	0.3 0.3	0.7	
	( 0.4) 1.5	( 0.6) ( 1.1) ( 0.0) 0.7 5.3 0.0	(0.7) (0.0) 0.9 2.3	(0.9) (0.7) (0.6) 3.2 1.5 0.0	(0.5) (0.8) 2.1 0.4	( 1.3) 0.0	
Asian/Pacific Islander	( 0.8)	(0.8) (3.2) (0.0)	(0.8) (1.6)	(2.3) (1.4) (0.0) 0.5 0.5 0.6	(1.2) . (0.9) 0.4 1.5	( 0.0) 0.0	
Other	0.5 ( 0.5)	0.7 1.3 0.0 (0.8) (1.6) (0.0)	(0.0)(1.1)	(0.9) (0.8) (0.7)	( 0.5) ( 1.8) 502 134	( 0.0) 119	
Number of respondents	755	236 144 45	435 320	209 269 277	302 134	113	
Percentage who spoke at home: English	94.6	91.7 98.1 100	94.1 95.3 (1.9) (2.3)	92.8 96.4 94.2 (3.3) (2.2) (2.3)	93.8 99.3 (2.0) (1.3)	93.1 ( 3.9)	
Another spoken language	( 1.5) 3.1 ( 1.1)	( 2.7) ( 2.i) ( 0.0) 6.3	3.0 3.2 (1.4) (1.9)	3.9 2.9 2.6 (2.4) (2.0) (1.6)	3.6 0.0 (1.6) (0.0)	4.1 ( 3.1)	
No spoken language	2.3 ( 1.0)	2.0 0.5 (1.4) (1.1) (	7.9 1.5 1) ( 1.3)	3.3 0.7 3.3 (2.2) (1.0) (1.8)	2.6 0.7 (1.3) (1.3)	2.8	
Number of respondents	748	234 137	316	200 266 276	499 131	118	

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Table 18: DENOGRAPHIC CHARACTERISTICS OF YOUTH WITH VISUAL IMPAINMENTS.

	Type of Sci	tool Attended	Severity of Visual I	me irment
Cherecteristics of Youth	Regular School	Sectal School	Part lally Sighted	Blind
Percentage of youth: 15 or 16 years old	34.2	- O	30.9	21.1
17 or 18 years old	( 4.0) 40.6	( 4.2) 33.4	( 4.3) 43.3	( 4.8) 38.4
19 to 21 years old	( 4.1) 24.2 ( 2.5)	( 4.8) 35.0	( 4.6) 24.5	(-5.7) 33.3
More then 21 years old	( 3.6) 1.1 ( 0.9)	( 4.9) 9.6 ( 3.0)	( 4.0) 1.3 ( 1.1)	( 5.5 <u>)</u> 7.3
Number of respondents	439	360	360	( 3.1) 267
Average age	17.3 ( 0.1)	18.4 ( 0.2)	17.4 ( 0.2)	18.2 ( 0.2)
Number of respondents	439	360	350	287
Percentage who were male	53.7 ( 4.2)	5 <b>8.6</b> ( 5.0)	56.4 ( 4.6) ^	53.6 ( 5.9)
Number of respondents	439	357	350	285
Percentage who were: Black, not Hispanic	26.4 ( 3.9)	19.8 ( 4.6)	27.5	17.0
White, not Hispanic	60.9 ( 4.3)	75.7 ( 4.9)	( 4.5) 61.8 ( 4.9)	( 4.8) 72,3 ( 5.7)
Hispanic	9.1 ( 2.5)	3.6 ( 2.1)	8.0 ( 2.8)	6.7 ( 3.2)
American Indian/Alaskan Native	0.4 ( 0.5)	0.5 ( 0.8)	0.0	1.3
Asian/Pagific Islander	2.3 ( 1.3)	0.3 ( 0.7)	2.0 ( 1.4)	1.5
Other Number of respondents	0.8 ( 0.8) 390	0.0 ( 0.0) 293	0.8 ( 0.9)	0.2 ( 0.6)
Percentage who spoke at home:	350	233	297	<b>24</b> 0
English	95.9 ( 1.8)	92.5 ( 3.0)	96.6 ( 1.8)	98.1 ( 2.8)
Another spoken language	3.6 (1.6)	1.2 ( 1.3)	3.4 ( 1.8)	0.6
No spoken language	0.5 ( 0.6)	6.3 ( 2.8)	0.0 ( 0.0)	1.3
Number of respondents	381	294	289	249



	Househo Id Tricome		lived of Household's Education		
Characteristics of Youth	Under 12,000 \$25,000 \$12,000 \$24,990 and Over	Black White Hispanic	No High School High School Diplome Biplome	High School	
Percentage of youth:	25.5 <b>25.3 32.5</b>	26.4 28.3 26.6	<b>24.3</b> 24. <b>9</b>	35.7	
15 or 16 years old	(5.9) (5.6) (4.9)	(4.5) (4.1) (7.4)	(4.9) (5.3)	(-5.3)	
17 or 18 years old	42.3 39.2 36.7 (6.7) (6.3) (5.1)	34.3 (39.1 42.3 (24.9) (4.5) (8.3)	38.8 44.6 ( 5.6) ( 6.1)	30.2 (:5,1)	
19 to 21 years old	29.0 31.3 27.7 (6.2) (6.0) (4.7)	33.6 28.6 27.3 (4.8) (4.1) (7.4)	33.2 27.3 ( 5.4) ( 5.5)	27.2 ( 4. <b>9</b> )	
More than 21 years old	3.2 4.2 3.0 ( 2.4) ( 2.6) ( 1.8)	5.7 4.0 3.9 ( 2.4) ( 1.8) ( 3.?)	3.7 3.2 ( 2.2) ( 2.2)	6.9 ( 2.8)	
Number of respondents	164 197 285	212 452 72	232 240	250	
Average age	17.7 17.9 17.5 ( 0.3) ( 0.2) ( 0.2)	18.0 17.7 17.8 ( 0.2) ( 0.2) ( 0.3)	17.8 17.7 ( 0.2) ( 0.2)	17.8 ( 0.2)	
· Number of respondents	(0.3) (0.2) (0.2) 164 197 🔆 285	212 452 72	232 240	250	
Percentage who were male	60.8 48.9 58.2 ( 6.6) ( 6.4) ( 5.2)	55.8 57.0 53.3 ( 5.1) ( 4.5) ( 8.3)	55.9 52.7 ( 5.7) ( 6.2)	58. <b>6</b> (5.5)	
Number of respondents	(6.6) (6.4) (5.2) 164 197 285	212 452 72	232 240	250	
Percentage who were:		4,			
Black, not Hispanic	41.9 26.8 11.1	100 0.0 0.0	33.4 25.8	17.2	
	(6.7) (5.7) (3.3)	( 0.0) ( 0.0) ( 0.0) 0.0 100 0.0	( 5.4) ( 5.4) 50.3 67.8	( 4.2) 75.5	
White, not Hispanic	44.8 60.2 83.3 (6.8) (6.3) (3.9)	0.0 100 0.0 ( 0.0) ( 0.0) ( 0.0)	(5.7) (5.8)	( 4.8)	
Hisaasia	11.3 8.9 4.1	0.0 0.0 157	14.5 4.6	3.8	
Hispanic	(4.3) (3.7) (2.1)	(0.0) (0.0) (0.0)	(4.0) (2.6)	( 2.1)	
American Indian/Alaskan	( 100) ( 101)				
Native	0.4 0.9 0.2	0.0 0.0 0.0	0.3 0.9	0.0	
	(0.9) $(1.2)$ $(0.4)$	( 0.0) ( 0.0) ( 0.0)	(0.6) (1.2)	( 0.0)	
Asian/Pacific Islander	1.2 3.2 0.8	0.0 0.0 0.0	1.0 0.9 { 1.2} ( 1.2)	3.0 ( 1. <b>9</b> )	
	(1.5) (2.3) (1.0) 0.5 0.0 0.5	( 0.0) ( 0.0) ( 0.0) 0.0 0.0 0.0	(1.2) (1.2) 0.4 0.0	0.5	
0ther	0.5	( 0.0) ( 0.0) ( 0.0)	(0.7) $(0.0)$	( 0.8)	
Number of respondents	163 196 284	212 452 72	231 239	249	
Percentage who spoke at home:		00 0 07 0 70 2	93.1 97.1	94.8	
English	92.8 95.8 95.9 (3.5) (2.6) (2.1)	98.0 97.0 70.3 (1.5)(1.6)(7.7)	(2.9) (2.1)	( 2.5)	
Anathan anakan Janawana	(3.5) (2.6) (2.1) 6.1 3.0 0.5	0.0 0.4 28.4	6.1 1.9	1.1	
Another spoken language	(3.3) (2.2) (0.7)	(0.0) (0.6) (7.6)	(2.8) (1.7)	( 1.2)	
No spoken language	1.1 1.2 3.6 (1.4) (1.4) (2.0)	2.0 2.6 1.3 (1.5) (1.5) (1.9)	0.8 1.0 (1.0) (1.3)	4.1 ( 2.2)	
Number of respondents	164 196 285	210 445 71	231 240	250	

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Table 2A: HOUSEHOLD CHARACTERISTICS OF YOUTH WITH VISUAL IMPAIRMENTS

		Community	<u>Gender</u>	Age in 1987	School Status
Characteristics of Households	<u>Total</u>	<u> Urban Suburban Rural</u>	Male Female	19 or 15-16 17-18 older	Out 1 year Out 1 - 2 In-School or less: / Years
Percentage in households with:					,
A single parent	36.8 (-3.3)	49.1 16.4 30.1 (5.0) (5.8) (11.5)	42.0 30.2 ( 4.2) ( 5.1)	27.6 39.4 41.9 (5.6) (5.9) (5.1)	36.0 36.2 42.0 (4.0) (7.6) (8.3)
Neither natural parent	5.2 ( 1.5)	4.5 9.0 5.9 (2.1) (4.4) (5.9)	5.3 5.1 (1.9) { 2.5}	8.7 3.0 4.8 (3.7) (2.0) (2.3)	5.5 3.4 5.7 (1.9) (2.9) (4.0)
Other disabled children	17.2 ( 2.6)	23.1 26.3 0.7 ( 4.2) ( 6.9) ( 2.1)	20.3 13.4 (3.4) (3.7)	20.0 14.1 18.6 (5.1) (4.2) (4.0)	18.1 16.1 14.6 (3.2) (5.8) (5.8)
Disabled head of household	12.2	14.5 14.0 5.6 (3.5) (5.4) (5.7)	11.7 12.8 ( 2.7) ( 3.6)	10.7 10.6 15.1 (3.9) (3.7) (3.7)	10.4 14.8 17.4 (2.6) (5.5) (6.2)
Number of respondents	( 2.2) 699	220 129 42	407 292	197 255 247	479 120 99
Average number of children in	۸.5	2.6 7.7 2.3	2.6 2.4	2.8 2.4 2.4	2.5 2.5 2.5
household	2.5 ( 0.1)	(0.2) (0.2) (0.3)	(0.1) / 0.2)	(0.2) (0.2) (0.2)	(0.1) (0.2) (0.3)
Number of respondents	719	225 13. 42	418 301	205 256 258	494 120 105
Percentage with head of household with highest education being:					
Some high school	36.6 ( 3.3)	46.1 26.3 21.9 (5.0) (6.8) (10.2)	36.8 36.4 (4.1) (5.3)	31.9 37 3 39.8 (5.9) (5.8) (5.0)	35.5 25.5 43.2 (4.0) (7.4) (8.2)
High school diploma	33.0 ( 3.2)	27.8 32.7 57.3 ( 4.5) ( 7.3) (12.2)	31.3 35.2 ( 3.9) ( 5.2)	29.4 38.6 29.7 (5.8) (5.8) (4.7)	33.7 38.4 23.7 (4.0) (7.5) (7.0)
Some college or 2-year degree	15.7 ( 2.5)	15.2 19.1 7.8 (3.6) (6.1) (6.6)	18.1 12.8 ( 3.2) ( 3.7)	20.2 10.9 17.4 (5.1) (3.7) (3.9)	15.6 17.6 14.3 (3.0) (5.9) (5.8)
4-year college degree or more	14.6	10.9 22.0 13.1 (3.1) (6.4) (8.3)	13.9 15.6 ( 2.9) ( 4.0)	18.6 13.1 13.1 (4.9) (4.0) (3.5)	15.2 8.4 18.9 (3.0) (4.3) (6.5)
Number of respondents	722	224 132 43	418 304	204 257 261	492 124 106

	Type of Sch	nool Attended	Severity of Visual Impairment		
Characteristics of Households	Regular School	Special School	Partially Sighted	Blind	
Percentage in households with: A single parent	33.2 ( 4.3)	38.5 ( 5.7)	37.1 ( 5.0)	32.5 ( <b>6</b> .1)	
Neither natural parent	6.3', ( 2.2)	3.8 ( 2.3)	6.5 ( 2.6)	4.7	
Other disabled children	18.5	14.7 ( 4.2)	19.2	10.3	
Disabled head of household	( 3.5) 13.1 ( 3.0)	10.9	( 4.1) 14.1 ( 2.5)	(4.0) 12.0	
Number of respondents	( 3.0) 364	( 3.7) 283	( 3.6) 273	( 4.2) 241	
Average number of children in household	2.5	2.4 ( 0.2)	2.6	2.3	
Number of respondents	366	284	( 0.2) 280	( 0.2) 241	
Percentage with head of household with highest education being:					
Same high school	34.5 ( 4.3) ,	38.4 ( 5.7)	37.4 ( 5.0)	37.1 ( 6.3)	
High school diploma	34.1 ( 4.3)	30.5 ( 5.4)	35.7 (4.9)	31.3 (6.1)	
Some college or 2-year degree	15.7 ( 3.3)	17.1 4.4)	15.3 ( 3.5)	16.7 ( 4.9)	
4-year college degree or more	15.7 ( 3.3)	14.0 ( 4.1)	13.7 ( 3.5)	14.9 ( 4.6)	
Number of respondents	368	286	283	241	

Table 2C: HOUSEHOLD CHARACTERISTICS OF YOUTH WITH VISUAL IMPAIRMENTS

	Household 1	ncone	Ethnicity	Heed of I	iouseho 1d's Ec	<u>fucation</u>
Characteristics of Households	Under 12,000- \$12,000 \$24,999		Black White Hispanic	No High School Diploms	High School Diploma	Beyond High School
Percentage in households with: A single parent	67.5 31.5	14.3	68.1 24.0 33.6	46.6	32.1	28.8
Neither natural parent	(6.4) (6.0) 3.4 4.9	( 3.7) 4. <b>6</b>	(4.9) (4.1) (8.2) 3.7 4.8 4.7	( 5.8) / 3.3	( 5.8) 3.5	( 5.1) 8.2
Other disabled children	(2.6) (2.9) 16.1 18.9	( 2.2) 16.6	(2.1) (2.0) (3.7) 16.6 18.0 16.9	( 2.1) 17.5	( 2.3) 15.2	( 3.2) 19.3
Disabled head of household	(5.0) (5.1) 19.3 12.7	( 4.0) 4.7	(3.9) (3.6) (6.5) 15.8 11.3 8.2	(4.4)	( 4.5) 7.7	( 4.4) 6.9
Number of respondents	( 5.3) ( 4.3) 153 187	( 2.2) 278	(3.8) (3.0) (4.7) 183 425 66	( 4.6) 218	( 3.3) 234	,( 2.8) 236
Average number of children in household	2.5 2.7	2.4	2.7 2.3 3.1	2.6	2.5	
Number of respondents	( 0.2) ( 0.2) 164 196	( 0.2) 281	( 0.2) ( 0.1) ( 0.4) 205 426 68	( 0.2) <b>229</b>	( 0.2) 238	( 0.2) <b>24</b> 7
Percentage with head of household with highest education being: Some high school	59.9 42.4	10.2	47.3 29.1 66.7	, <b>100</b>	0.0	0.0
High school diploma	(6.6) (6.4) 28.1 38.5	(3.2) 36.1	(5.2) (4.3) (8.3) 32.5 34.9 18.8	( 0.0) 0.0	( 0.0) 100	( 0.0) 0.0
Some college or 2-year degree	( 6.1) ( 6.3) 9.2 15.0	( 5.1) 23.6	(4.9) (4.5) (6.9) 15.7 15.7 7.8	( 0.0)	(0.0)	( 0.0) 51.8
4-year college degree or more	( 3.9) ( 4.6) 2.7 4.1	( 4.5) 30.0	(3.8) (3.4) (4.7) 4.4 20.3 7.0	( 0.0) 0.0	( 0.0;	( 5.5) 48.2
Number of respondents	( 2.2) ( 2.5) 164 197	( 4.8) 285	(2.1) (3.8) (4.5) 203 433 66	( 0.0) 232	( 0.0) 240	( 5.5) 250



Table 2A: HOUSTHOLD CHARACTERISTICS OF YOUTH WITH VISUAL IMPAIRMENTS (Concluded)

		Community	<u>Gender</u>	Age in 1987		School Status	· ·
Characteristics of Households	<u>Total</u>	<u>Urban Suburban Rural</u>	Male Female	19 or 15-16 17-18 older	In-School	Out 1 year or less	Out 1 - 2 Years
Percentage in nousehold with							
1986 annual income: Less than \$12,000	34.1 ( 3.4)	44.6 21.7 14.1 (5.4) (6.8) (9.2)	36.8 30.6 ( 4.3) ( 5.4)	31.3 36.3 33.7 (6.0) (6.2) (5.2)	37.6 ( 4.3)	24.4 ( 7.3)	28.2 ( 7.6)
\$12,000 to \$24,399	32.3 ( 3.4)	29.0 27.4 42.8 (5.0) (7.4) (13.0)	28.0 37.8 ( 4.0) ( 5.7)	29.5 31.9 35.1 (5.9) (6.0) (5.3)	29.2 ( 4.0)	35.2 ( 8.1)	43.8 ( 8.4)
\$25,000 to \$37,999	20.2 ( 2.9)	18.3 27.1 24.5 ( 4.2) ( 7.3) (11.3)	21.7 18.4 ( 3.7) ( 4.5)	24.2 18.4 19.1 (5.5) (5.0) (4.3)	19.2 ( 3.5)	26.6 ( 7.5)	18.1 ( 6.5)
\$38,000 to \$50,000	7.3	5.3 10.2 14.8 ( 2.4) ( 5.0) ( 9.3)	5.6 9.5 (2.1) (3.4)	8.1 9.2 4.4 (3.5) (3.7) (2.3)	7.8 ( 2.4)	9.4 ( 4.9)	2.7 ( 2.8)
More than \$50,000	6.1	2.8 13.6 4.0 (1.8) (5.7) (5.2)	7.9 3.7	6.9 4.2 7.7 (3.3) (2.6) (2.9)	6.2 ( 2.1)	4.5 ( 3.5)	7.5
Number of respondents	639	193 119 39	371 268	183 231 225	436	108	95
Percentage in households that received:							•
Social Security Disability	40.0		10.0 10.7	0 5 10 5 16 4	10.2	15.5	13.3
Income	13.0 ( 2.3)	14.4 17.0 7.8 ( 3.6) ( 5.8) ( 6.6)	13.2 12.7 ( 2.9) ( 3.7)	9.5 12.5 16.4 (3.9) (3.9) (3.9)	12.3 ( 2.8)	( 5.5)	( 5. <b>6</b> )
Social Security survivors benefits	7.5 ( 1.8)	7.7 7.6 4.5 ( 2.7) ( 4.1) ( 5.1)	10.0 4.4 ( 2.6) ( 2.2)	3.1 8.4 10.1 ( 2.3) ( 3.3) ( 3.1)	6.7 ( 2.2)	10.1 ( 4.6)	8.0 ( 4.5)
Supplemental Security Income	36.6 ( 3.3)	40.1 21.3 24.5 (5.0) (6.3) (10.5)	40.8 31.4 (4.2) (5.1)	25.1 31.0 52.3 (5.8) (5.5) (5.2)	32.9 ( 4.0)	48.3 (7.7)	40.3 ( 8.0)
Medicaid or equivalent	31.1 ( 3.2)	33.8 18.2 24.7 ( 4.8) ( 5.9) (10.6)	29.6 33.0 (3.9) (5.2)	22.0 26.8 43.6 (5.5) (5.2)	29.0 ( 3.9)	30.5 (7.1)	41.7 (8.1)
Aid to Families with Dependent Children	10.2	17.9 7.5 6.0 ( 3.9) ( 4.1) ( 5.9)	10.4 10.0 ( 2.6) ( 3.3)	10.6 11.2 8.6 ( 4.1) ( 3.7) ( 2.9)	11.4 ( 2.7)	7.4 ( 4.0)	7.7 ( 4.4)
Public assistance	9.8 ( 2.0)	18.8 6.8 9.5 (4.0) (3.9) (7.2)	9.1 10.6 ( 2.5) ( 3.4)	9.0 11.1 8.9 (3.9) (3.7) (3.0)	11.2	3.9 (3.0)	9.7
Food stamps	18.9 ( 2.7)	26.7 \(\begin{array}{cccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc	21.3 15.8 ( 3.5) ( 4.0)	14.1 24.5 16.4 ( 4.7) ( 5.1) ( 3.8)	20.0 ( 3.4)	14.4 ( 5.4)	18.3 (6.4)
Other benefits	8.1 (1.9)	4.4 7.1 8.8 ( 2.1) ( 4.0) ( 6.9)	6.4 10.3 ( 2.1) ( 3.3)	9.6 9.7 5.1 (3.9) (3.5) (2.3)	8.7	5.0 ( 3.3)	9.0
None of these benefits	43.0 ( 3.4)	40.1 58.5 57.0 ( 4.9) ( 7.5) (12.1)	42.8 43.2 ( 4.2) ( 5.4)	54.1 49.5 26.5 ( 6.6) ( 5.9) ( 4.5)	46.9 ( 4.3)	36.1 (7.3)	32.7 (7.6)
Number of respondents	714	223 131 42	411 303	202 254 256	486	123	103

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Table 28: HOUSEHOLD CHARACTERISTICS OF YOUTH WITH VISUAL INPAIRMENTS (Concluded)

			The second secon		
	Type of Sch	nool Attended	Severity of Visue I Impairment		
Cherecteristics of Households	Regular School	Special School	Partially Sighted	Blind	
Percentage in household with					
1986 annual income:					
Lesz then \$12,000	29.5	40.7	31.9	33.1	
•	( 4.4)	( 5.9)	(5.1)	( 8.5)	
\$12,000 to \$24,999	31.0	33.9	31.9	38.4	
	( 4.5)	(5.7)	(5.1)	( 6.7)	
\$25,000 to \$37,999	23.0	18.5	22.5	· )3.1	
• •	(4.1)	( 4.5)	( 4.5)		
\$38,000 to \$50,000	9.7	4.2	8.9	( 4.9)	
<b>400,000</b>	( 2.9)	( 2.4)		5.8	
More than \$50,000	6.8	4.6	( 3.1)	( 3.2)	
400,000			4.7	7.7	
Number of respondents	( 2.5)	( 2.5)	( 2.3)	( 3.7)	
number of respondence	324	253	254	221	
Percentage in households that					
received:					
Social Security Disability Income					
TUCOME	13.1	12.1	10.3	14.9	
feetal feemake	( 3.1)	( 3.8)	( 3.2)	( 4.6)	
Social Security survivors				•	
benefits	6.3	7.6	7.6	8.3	
	( 2.2)	( 3.0)	( 2.8)	(3.6)	
Supplemental Security Income	28.1	54.9	30.0	47.0	
	( 4.1)	( 5.7)	(4.8)	( 6.4)	
Medicaid or equivalent	25.8	39.0	27.9	37.5	
	(4.0)	(5.6)	( 4.7)	( 6.3)	
Aid to Families with Dependent	( 132)	( 0.0)	( 4.7)	( 0.57	
Children	12.3	F?	12.6		
·	(3.0)	( 2.8)		9.8	
Public assistance	12.0	4.7	(3.5)	( 3.8)	
	(3.0)		12.9	8.4	
Food stamps	16.7	(2.4)	( 3.5)	(3.6)	
1000 Stamps		22.4	19.6	20.1	
Other benefits	( 3.4)	( 4.8)	( 4.2)	(5.1)	
ocitis penerits	4.9	15.2	6.3	10.6	
None of these benefits	( 2.0)	(4.1)	(_2.6)	( 4.0)	
mone of these benefits	52.3	27.7	50.0	34.9	
Number of season to As	( 4.5)	( 5.1)	( 5.3)	(6.1)	
Number of respondents	<b>3</b> 65	279	281	237	



TABLE 2C: HOUSEHOLD CHARACTERISTICS OF YOUTH WITH VISUAL IMPAINMENTS (Consider A)

		Househeld Income Ethnicity		Head of !	lucation		
Cheracteristics of Households			\$25,000 and Over	Black White Hissanic	No High School Diploma	High School Diplom	Beyond High School
Percentage, in household with							
1986 annuel income: Less than \$12,000	100 ( 0.0)	0.0	0.0 ( 0.0)	<b>53.8</b> 24.4 47.3 ( 5.5) ( 4.3) ( 9.5)	54.2 ( 6.2)	28.1 ( 5.9)	14.5 ( 3.8)
\$12,000 to \$24,999	0.0 ( 0.0)	100	0.0 ( C.0)	32.2 30.8 35.0 (5.2) (4.6) (9.1)	36.4 ( 6.0)	36.4 ( 6.3)	21.&~ ( 4.5)
\$25,000 to \$37,999	0.0	0.0	60.2 (5.2)	8.2 27,5 9.2 (3.0) (4.5) (5.5)	7.3 ( 3.2)	24.1 ( 5.6)	32.8 (5.1)
\$38,000 to \$50,000	0.0 ( 0.0)	0.0	21.8 ( 4.4)	3.5 8.8 7.6 (2.0) (2.8) (5.1)	1. <b>6</b> ( 1.5)	8.6 ( 3.7)	13.5 ( 3.7)
More than \$50,000	0.0 ( 0.0)	0.0	18.1 ( 4.1)	2.2 8.5 0.8 (1.6) (2.8) (1.7)	0.5 ( 0.9)	2.3 ( 2.2)	17.5 ( 4.2)
Number of respondents	164	197	278	180 383 57	201	218	220
Percentage in households that							
received: Social Security Disability Income	19. <b>9</b> ( 5.4)	14.0 ( 4.5)	7.1 ( 2.7)	13.3 12.1 9.1 ( 3.6) ( 3.2) ( 5.0)	23.2 ( 4.8)	8.2 ( 3.4)	5.4 ( 2.5)
Social Security survivors benefits	12.6 ( 4.5)	5.4 ( 2.9)	5.7 ( 2.4)	8.4 <b>6.</b> 5 11.8 (2.9) (2.3) (5.7)	12.5 (3.8)	4.6 ( 2.6) 32.8	4.8 ( 2.4) 23.0
Supplemental Security Income	51. <b>9</b> ( 6.8)	41.3 (6.3)	16.1 ( 3.9)	48.1 33.0 28.7 (5.2) (4.4) (8.0)	51. <b>8</b> ( 5.8)	(5.8)	( 4.7)
Medicaid or equivalent	51.1 ( 6.8)	30.4 (5.9)	11.4 ( 3.4)	42.1 26.1 36.0 (5.2) (4.1) (8.4)	48.5 ( 5.8)	· 22.8 ( 5.2)	19.2 ( 4.4)
Aid to Families with Dependent Children	23.7 { 5.8	6.9 ( 3.3)	0.5 ( 0.7)	22.8 5.9 4.7 ( 4.4) { 2.2) ( 3.8)	17. <b>9</b> ( 4.4)	8.1 ( 3.4)	3.4 ( 2.0)
Public assistance	21.8 ( 5.6	7.9	0.7 ( 0.9)	16.1 6.4 20.6 (3.9) (2.3) (7.1)	19.1 ( 4.6)	6.0 ( 3.0)	2. <b>8</b> ( 1.8)
Food stamps	44.1	14.9	1.4	34.1 12.5 21.8 (5.0) (3.1) (7.3)	30.7 ( 5.3)	16.3 ( 4.5)	7.5 ( 2.9)
Other benefits	3.6 ( 2.5	14.7	4.7	4.1 9.4 4.4 (2.1) (2.7) (3.6)	6.8 ( 2.9)	7.3 ( 3.2)	10.6 ( 3.4)
None of these benefits	17.1 ( 5.1	37.9	72.9	30.5 47.7 51.4 ( 4.8) ( 4.7) ( 8.5)	22.8 ( 4.8)	49.2 ( 6.2)	\$ <b>6.8</b> ( 5.5)
Number of respondents	161		284	199 429 64	227	236	247



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Table 3A: CHARACTERISTICS OF COMMUNITIES IN WHICH YOUTH WITH VISUAL IMPAIRMENTS ATTEMBED SECONDARY SCHOOL

		Community	<u>Gender</u>	Age in 1987	School Status
Community Characteristics	<u>Total</u>	Urban Suburban Rural	Male Female	19 or <u>15-16 17-18 older</u>	Out 1 year Out 1 - 2 In-School or less Years
Percentage who attended school in area that was:					
Urban	43.7 ( 4.1)	100 0.0 0.0 ( 0.0) ( 0.0) ( 0.0)	47.0 39.7	37.5 42.1 54.2	41.1 45.2 57.2
Suburban	33.7	0.0 100 0.0	(5.1) (6.5) 32.1 35.8	(6.9) (6.8) (6.9) 38.3 32.9 29.4	(5.0) (9.0) (9.6) 35.0 27.3 36.9
Rura 1	( 3.9) 22.5	( 0.0) ( 0.0) ( 0.0) 0.0 0.0 100	(4.8) (6.4) 20.9 24.5	(6.9) (6.5) (6.3) 24.2 25.0 16.3	(4.9) (8.1) (9.3)
Number of respondents	( 3.4) <b>46</b> 2	( 0.0) ( 0.0) ( 0.0) 259 155 48	(4.1) (5.7) 266 196	(6.1) (6.0) (5.1) 162 176 124	23.9 27.4 6.0 ( 4.4) ( 8.1) ( 4.6) 320 83 55
Percentage unemployed in county in which youth attended school	7.5	7.1 7.4 9.0	7.4 7.7	7.8 7.5 7.2	7.7 7.1 7.2
Number of respondents	( 0.2) 875	(0.2) (0.4) (0.9) 259 155 48	( 0.2) ( 0.3) 500 372	( 0.3) ( 0.3) ( 0.2) 244 316 315	( 0.2) ( 0.3) ( 0.4) 562 157 148
Average monthly salary for service occupations in county					
in which youth attended school	1504 (17.1)	1690 1539 1207 (22.3) (35.4) (27.;)	1511 1495 (21.5) (27.7)	1497 1483 1532	1497 1501 1530
Number of respondents	875	259 155 48	500 372	(32.7) (28.5) (27.1) 244 316 315	(22.3) (31.4) (41.9) 562 157 148

Source: Bureau of Labor Statistics.



AND AS: CHAPACTERISTICS OF CONNUNETIES IN WHICH YOUTH WITH VISUAL IMPAINMENTS ATTEMOED SECONDARY SCHOOL

,	Type of Sc	noo! Attended	Severity of Visus I Impairment		
Community Characteristics	Regular School	Special School	Partially Sighted	<b>Blind</b>	
Percentage who attended school in area that was:			• • • •	,`	
Urban	43.2 ( 4.2)	43.7 (22.3)	41.3 ( 5.7)	45.3 ( 9.2)	
Suburban	34.0 ( 4.1)	20,6 (18.2)	36.3 ( 5.6)	37.1 ( 9.0)	
Rural	22.7 ( 3.6)	35.7 (21.6)	22.5 ( 4.9)	17.6 ( 7.1)	
Number of respondents	423	18	213	109	
Percentage unemployed in county in which youth attended school	7.7 ( 0.3)	7.4 { 0.2}	7.8 ( 0.3)	7.3 ( 0.3)	
Number of respondents	439	360	360	287	
Average monthly salary for service occupations in county			-		
in which youth attended school	1517 (24.3)	1445 (22.4)	1496 (24.8)	1487 (31.5)	
Number of respondents	439	360	360	287	

Source: Bureau of Labor Statistics.



Table 3C: CHARACTERISTICS OF COMMUNITIES IN WHICH YOUTH WITH VISUAL IMPAIRMENTS ATTENDED SECONDARY SCHOOL

	•			1			
	Ho	useho ld	ncome	Ethnicity		loueshold's Ec	lucation_
Community Characteristics		12,000- \$24,999	\$25,000 and Over	Black White Hispanic	No High School Diploma	High School Diplome	Beyond High School
Percentage who attended school in area that was:							
Urban	64.4 ( 9.4)	40.0	29.3	72.3 25.4 82.8	60.3	34.7	32 9
Suburban	25.3	(8.4)	(5.8) 45.4	(5.9) (5.2) (7.4) 14.7 45.2 7.6	( 7.2) 25.9	( 8.0) 30.7	( 6.3) 46.1
Rural	( 8.5) 10.2	( 7.9) 29.6	( 6.3) 25.3	(4.7) (6.0) (5.2) 13.0 29.4 9.6	( 6.4) 13.8	( 7.7) 34.5	( 6.4) 15.0
Number of respondents	( 5.9) 76	( 7.8) 99	( 5.5) 180	(4.4) (5.5) (5.8) 132 223 54	( 5.0) 121	(7.9) 129	( 4.6) 143
Percentage unemployed in county in which youth attended school	7.7	7 6	7.2	7.8 7.2 8.0	?.3	8.0	7.1
Number of respondents	( 0.4) 164	( 0.3) 197	( 0.3) 285	( 0.3) ( 0.2) ( 0.6) 212 452 72	( 0.2) 232	( 0.4) 240	( 0.3) 250
Average monthly salary for service occupations in county							
in which youth attended school	1518 (38.1)	1493 (37.6)	1530 (27.9)	1596 1442 1730 (28.7) (22.8) (47.5)	1523 (30.8)	1448 (36.9)	1572
Number of respondents	164	197	285	212 452 72	232	240	(26.6) 250

Source: Bureau of Labor Statistics.



Table 4A: DISABILITY-RELATED CHARACTERISTICS OF YOUTH WITH VISUAL IMPAIRMENTS

		Community	<u>Sender</u>	Age in 1987	School Status		
Characteristics of Youth	<u>Total</u>	<u> Urban Suburban Rural</u>	Male Female	19 or 15-16 17-18 older	In-School	Out 1 year or less	Out 1 - 2 Years
Percentage with an additional		•					
disability that was:					• •		
Learning disability	2.5	1.5 1.7 4.3	3.9 0.9	1.9 3.8 1.8	3.0	1.4	2.1
	( 1.0)	, 2.0) ( 1.9) ( 4.7)	(1.5) (0.9)	(1.7) (2.0) (1.2)	(1.4)	(1.6)	( 2.0)
Emotional disturbance	1.8	0.4 0.0 3.0	2.0 1.6	1.8 1.2 2.6	2.2	0.6	1.5
	( 0.8)	( 0.6) ( 0.0) ( 4.0)	(1.1)(1.2)	(1.6)(1.1)(1.5)	{ 1.2}	(1.1)	( 1.7)
Speech impairment	4.8	3.3 3.3 7.4	4.5 5.1	2.7 1.7 10.0	3.6	7.6	6.6
	( 1.3)	(1.7) (2.5) (6.1)	(1.6) (2.2)	( 2.0) ( 1.4) ( 2.8)	(1.5)	( 3.6)	( 3.4)
Mental retardation	11.7	6.9 6.1 13.9	10.5 13.2	6.7 9.6 18.3	11.6	13.6	10.5
	( 2.0)	( 2.4) ( 3.4) ( 8.0)	( 2.4) ( 3.4)	(3.1) (3.1) (3.6)	( 2.6)	( 4.6)	( 4.3)
Visual impairment			•••		•	***	
Hard of hearing	1.7	1.5 1.9 0.0	0.7 3.0	1.7 1.9 1.4	1.4	4.1	0.4
	(0.8)	(1.2) (1.9) (0.0)	(0.6) (1.7)	(1.6) (1.4) (1.1)	( 0.9)	( 2.7)	(0.9)
Deafness	0.4	0.5 0.3 0.0	0.3 0.5	0.0 0.0 1.1	0.4	0.0	0.4
	(0.4)	(0.7) (0.8) (0.0)	(0.4) (0.7)	(0.0) (0.0) (1.0)	(0.5)	( 0.0)	( 0.9)
Orthopedic impairment	6.9	2.8 3.7 10.1	6.2 7.7	3.5 6.6 10.4	6.9	8.9	5.5
or enopoure imparrment	(1.6)	(1.6) (2.7) (7.0)	(1.9) (2.7)	(2.2) (2.6) (2.9)	( 2.0)	( 3.9)	( 3.2)
Other health impairment	4.2	2.7 1.6 4.2	2.6 6.2	2.7 4.4 5.3	4.4	4.5	3.5
Other hearth impairment	(1.2)	(1.5) (1.8) (4.6)	(1.3) (2.4)	(2.0) (2.2) (2.1)	(1.6)	( 2.8)	( 2.6)
Number of respondents	875	259 155 48	500 372	244 316 315	562	157	148
Percentage with parents who said youth began having trouble with disability at:							
Birth	68.9	63.2 75.5 66.2	65.8 72.8	70.2 63.8 73.6	69.1	68.7	67.8
	(3.1)	( 4.8) ( 6.7) (11.5)	( 4.0) ( 4.9)	(5.8) (5.7) (4.5)	( 3.9)	(7.2)	( 7.3)
Under 3 years of age	7.5	8.3 3.2 3.7	10.4 3.9	9.3 8.4 5.1	8.5	4.8	6.0
•	(1.8)	(2.7) (2.8) (4.6)	(2.5) (2.1)	(3.7) (3.3) (2.3)	( 2.4)	(3,3)	( 3.7)
3 to 5 <u>years</u> of age	6.9	11.7 6.1 7.4	8.3 5.1	5.3 8.2 6.6	7.2	3.9	8.9
• •	(1.7)	(3.2) (3.7) (6.3)	(2.3)(2.4)	(2.9) (3.3) (2.5)	( 2.2)	(3.0)	(4.5)
6 to 12 years of age	13.1	14.3 13.6 17.4	13.6 12.6	14.9 13.6 11.2	12.3	17.2	12.6
0 00 12 yours or ogs	(2.3)	(3.5) (5.4) (9.2)	(2.9) (3.6)	(4.5) (4.1) (3.2)	( 2.8)	(5.9)	(5.2)
More than 12 years of age	3.6	2.6 1.5 5.3	1.9 5.7	0.3 6.0 3.5	2.9	5.5	4.7
Hote client at Journ or age	(1.3)	(1.6) (1.9) (5.5)	(1.2) (2.6)	(0,6) (2.8) (1.9)	(1.4)	(3.5)	(3.3)
Number of respondents	719	225 130 44	418 301	199 259 261	483	122	114

Source: Parent interviews and students' school records.



Table 48: DISABILITY-RELATED CHARACTERISTICS OF YOUTH WITH VISUAL IMPAIRMENTS

	Type of Sci	nool Attended	Severity of Visual Impairment		
Characteristics of Youth		Special School	Partially Sighted	<u>Blind</u>	
Percentage with an additional	`	· ·			
disability that was: Learning disability	3.8 (1.6)	0.4 ( 9.7)	4.5 ( 1.9)	0.7 ( 1.0)	
Smotional disturbance	0.9 ( 0.8)	4.2 ( 2.0)	2.5 ( 1.5)	1.3	
Speech impairment	5.0 ( 1.8)	5.6 ( 2.3)	2.9 ( 1.6)	4.9	
Mental retardation	6.4 ( 2.1)	26.1 ( 4.5)	9.7 ( 2.8)	21.1	
Visual impairment			***		
Hard of hearing	1.2 ( 0.9)	3.3 ( 1.8)	2.3 ( 1.4)	2.1 ( 1.7)	
Deafness	0.3 ( 0.5)	0.5 ( 0.7)	0.2 ( 0.4)	0.0 ( 0.0)	
Orthopedic impairment	5.0 ( 1.8)	12.5 ( 3.4)	4.3 ( 1.9)	6.0 ( 2.8)	
Other health impairment	3.5 ( 1.5)	6.5 ( 2.5)	4.5 ( 1.9)	4.5 ( 2.4)	
Number of respondents	439	360	360	287	
Percentage with parents who said youth began having trouble with disability at:					
Birth	67.9 ( 4.2)	71.9 ( 5.3)	65.2 ( 4.9)	75.9 ( 5.5)	
Under 3 years of age	6.0 ( 2.1)	11.3 ( 3.7)	7.9 ( 2.8)	8.9 (3.7)	
3 to 5 years of age	9.2 ( 2.6)	3.1 ( 2.0)	6.8 ( 2.6)	4.9 ( 2.8)	
6 to 12 years of age	14.1 ( 3.1)	8.4 ( 3.3)	18.6 ( 4.0)	5.3 ( 2.9)	
More than 12 years of age	2.8 ( 1.5)	5.3 ( 2.6)	1.4	5.0 ( 2.8)	
Number of respondents	369	279	277	245	

Source: Parent interviews and students' school records.



Table 4C: DISABILITY-RELATED CHARACTERISTICS OF YOUTH WITH VISUAL IMPAIRMENTS

	Household I	ncome	Ethnicity	Head of I	lousehold's Education	
Characteristics of Youth	Under 12,000- \$12,000 \$24,999	\$25,067 and Over	Black White Hispanic	No High School Diploma	High School Diplome	Beyond High School
Percentage with an additional						
disability that was:						
Learning disability	3.1 0.8	4.9	2.6 2.7 4.6	3.6	2.8	2.0
Emotional disturbance	(2.4) (1.1)	( 2.3)	( 1.6) ( 1.5) ( 3.5)	( 2.1)	( 2.0)	( 1.5)
EMOTIONAL GISTURDANCE	1.6 0.8 (1.7) (1.2)	1.1	0.7 1.5 0.9 ( 0.8) ( 1.1) ( 1.6)	1.7	0.7	1.1
Speech impairment	1.9 5.7	6.3	( 0.8) ( 1.1) ( 1.6) 2.4 5.6 3.0	( 1.5) 3.1	( 1.0) 6.2	( 1.2) 5.1
Specifi impatrimetri	(1.9) (3.0)	(2.6)	(1.6) (2.1) (2.9)	(2.0)	(3.0)	( 2.4)
Hental retardation	9.6 17.9	7.4	10 1 12.9 8.3	12.8	13.6	9.0
710.1161 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1	(4.0) (4.9)	(2.8)	(3.1) (3.1) (4.6)	(3.8)	(4.2)	( 3.2)
Visual impairment					•••	
Hard of hearing	2.0 2.4	1.6	0.4 2.5 1.1	2.8	0.9	2.2
•	(1.9) (2.0)	(1.3)	(0.7) (1.4) (1.7)	(1.9)	(1.2)	(1.6)
Deafness	, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,	1.0	0.0 0.7 0.0	0.6	0.0	0.8
	(0.9) (0.0)	(1.1)	( 0.0) ( 0.7) ( 0.0)	( 0.9)	( 0.0)	(1.0)
Orthopedic impairment	5.0 4.1	7.6	3.6 7.8 3.9	3.4	7.0	79
	(2.9) (2.6)	( 2.8)	(1.9) (2.5) (3.2)	( 2.1)	( 3.2)	( 3.3)
Other health impairment	4.3 2.4	4.3	3.1 3.4 4.2	2.9	3.1	4.9
Number of respondents	(2.8) (2.0) 164 197	( 2.1) 285	( 1.8) ( 1.7) ( 3.4) 212 452 72	( 1.9) 2 <b>3</b> 2	( 2.1) 240	( 2.4) 250
Percentage with parents who said						
youth began having trouble						
with disability at:						
Pirth	61.5 76.1	69.1	60.1 73.6 62.7	64.5	73.8	70.5
	(6.7) (5.5)	(4.9)	(5.2) (4.1) (8.2)	(5.6)	(5.5)	(5.1)
Under 3 years of age	13.7 3.8	4.6	8.7 6.7 6.5	10.4	3.6	6.4
·	(4.8) (2.5)	( 2.2)	(3.0) (2.3) (4.3)	( 3.6)	( 2.4)	( 2.7)
3 to 5 years of age	8.4 4.2	5.1	13.3 5.0 4.0	8.5	4.2	7.8
	(3.8) (2.6)	( 2.3)	(3.6) (2.0) (3.3)	( 3.3)	( 2.5)	( 3.0)
6 to 12 years of age	14.1 11.9	15.9	15.9 10.3 22.5	14.2	13.5	12.0
	(4.8) (4.2)	( 3.9)	(3.9) (2.9) (7.1)	(4.1)	( 4.3)	( 3.6)
More than 12 years of age	2.4 4.0	5.2	1.9 4.4 4.0	2.4	4.9	3.4
Mark and a second and a	(2.1) (2.6)	( 2.3)	(1.5) (1.9) (3.3)	( 1.8)	( 2.7)	( 2.0)
Number of respondents	15 <b>8</b> 1 <b>93</b>	274	199 428 70	222	233	240

Source: Parent interviews and students' school records.



Table 4A: DISABILITY-RELATED CHARACTERISTICS OF YOUTH WITH VISUAL IMPAIRMENTS (Concluded)

		Community	<u>Gender</u>	Age in 1987	School Statue		
Characteristics of Youth	<u>Total</u>	Urban Suburban Rural	Male Female	19 or 15-16 17-18 older	<u>In-School</u>	Out 1 year or less	Out 1 - 2 Years
Percentage with parents who said youth began receiving special							
services for disability at:							
Birth	15.5	10.2 20.4 20.8	16.2 14.6	19.7 12.3 15. <b>8</b>	16.1	8.8	20.1
	( 2.5)	( 3.0) ( 6.4) ( 9.9)	(3.1) (3.9)	(5.0) (4.0) (3.8)	( 3.1)	( 4.4)	( 6.4)
Under 3 years of age	10.4	11.5 6.8 13.1	10.6 10.2	6.3 14.1 9.5	11.1	5.3	12.8
	( 2.1)	( 3.2) ( 4.0) ( 8.2)	( 2.6) ( 3.4)	(3.1) (4.2) (3.0)	( 2.7)	( 3.5)	( 5.4)
3 to 5 years of age	28.2	25.9 34.2 15.2	24.0 33.5	29.4 27.4 28.2	28.1	32.9	23.6
	(3.1)	(4.4) (7.5) (8.7)	(3.6) (5.2)	(5.8) (5.4) (4.6)	(3.8)	(7.3)	( 6.8)
6 to 12 years of age	36.6	45.6 33.5 33.6	40.0 32.4	41.6 33.0 36.8	37.4	37.3	32.4
	( 3.3)	(5.0) (7.5) (11.5)	(4.1) (5.2)	(6.3) (5.7) (5.0)	( 4.1)	(7.5)	(7.5)
More than 12 years of age	9.3	6.8 5.1 17.2	9.3 9.3	3.1 13.2 9.8	7.3	15.7	11.1
•	( 2.0)	(2.5) (3.5) (9.1)	(2.4)(3.2)	$\{2.2\}$ $\{4.1\}$ $\{3.1\}$	(2.2)	(5.6)	(5.0)
Number of respondents	711	225 127 44	414 297	200 253 258	477	124	110
Percentage with IQ of:							
33 or lower	2.2	2.0 0.7 0.0	2.8 1.5	0.4 0.8 5.9	1.7	0.0	9.3
•••••	(1.3)	(2.2) (1.7) (0.0)	(1.8) (1.7)	(1.0) (1.3) (3.3)	(1.4)	( 0.0)	( 6.8)
34 to 50	5.8	4.7 3.7 6.4	4.9 7.0	4.9 2.8 10.7	5.5	5.5	8.4
	( 2.1)	(3.4) (3.9) (7.5)	(2.4)(3.6)	(3.7)(2.4)(4.3)	( 2.5)	( 4.2)	( 6.5)
51 to 70	14.0	7.9 8.1 31.6	9.5 20.0	13.9 9.6 20.4	13.1	16.4	16.9
31 10 70	(3.0)	(4.3) (5.6) (14.3)	(3.3) (5.6)	(5.9) (4.3) (5.6)	(3.7)	(6.9)	(8.8)
71 to 90	34.1	43.5 21.6 27.2	35.6 32.2	22.6 39.8 35.8	31.8	42.6	31.0
71 10 30	(4.2)	(7.9) (8.4) (13.6)	(5.4) (6.6)	(7.1) (7.1) (6.7)	(5.1)	(9.2)	(10.8)
91 to 110	26.9	22.9 34.9 26.1	31.5 20.4	42.7 23.3 18.5	29.1	21.7	22.7
31 10 110	(3.9)	(6.7) (9.8) (13.5)	(5.2) (5.7)	(8.4) (6.1) (5.4)	(5.0)	(7.7)	
Higher than 110	17.0	19.0 30.9 8.8	15.6 18.8	15.6 23.7 8.6	18.8	• •	( 9.8)
Higher than 110	(3.3)	(6.3) (9.5) (8.7)	(4.1) (5.5)			13.8	11.7
Number of respondents	46 <b>5</b>	100 75 24	266 197		(4.3)	( 6.4)	(7.5)
unines of respondents	703	100 /3 24	200 13/	118 190 157	309	92	59
Average 10	86.7	88.8 95.8 80.0	88.0 84.9	91.3 91.3 76.4	88.5	84.9	79.1
- •	(2.0)	(3.4) (4.4) (6.5)	(2.5) (3.3)	(3.8) (2.9) (3.3)	(2.5)	(3.8)	( 6.3)
Number of respondents	465	100 75 24	266 197	118 190 157	309	92	59

Source: Parent interviews and students' school records.

Table 48: DISABILITY-RELATED CHARACTERISTICS OF YOUTH WITH VISUAL IMPAIRMENTS (Concluded)

`	Α	•	the part lives -		
	Type of Sci	ncol Attended	Severity of Visual Impairment		
Characteristics of Youth	Regular School	Special School	Partially Sighted	<u> 21ind</u>	
Percentage with parents who said youth began receiving special					
services for disability at: Birth	16.0	12.7	17.3	13.2	
<b>011 C.</b>	(3.3)	(3.9)	(3.9)	(4.4)	
Under 3 years of age	8.4	15.9	9.9	15.1	
onder o years or age	( 2.5)	(4.3)	(3.1)	(4.7)	
3 to 5 years of age	27.8	31.0	22.6	37.9	
0 00 0 300.0 0. 030	(4.1)	( 5.5)	(4.4)	(6.3)	
6 to 12 years of age	39.0	30.1	41.8	24.4	
0 00 12 300.2 0. 030	(4.4)	(5.4)	(5.1)	(5.6)	
More than 12 years of age	8.9	10.3	8.4	9.3	
nord than or years at age	( 2.6)	(3.6)	(2.9)	(3.8)	
Number of respondents	366	277	276	243	
Percentage with IQ of:					
33 or lower	2.6	1.7	C. O	0.0	
	( 1.9)	(1.5)	( 0.0)	(0.0)	
34 to 50	2.6	10.9	3.0	4.4	
	( 2.0)	( 3.7)	(1.9)	( 3.3)	
51 to 70	11 2	18.5	6.7	20.4	
	( 3.9)	( 4.6)	( 2.8)	( 6.5)	
71 to 90	33.5	35.0	40.0	28.8	
	( 5.8)	( 5.6)	( 5.5)	( 7.3)	
91 to 110	27.9	25.3	36.9	21.2	
	( 5.5)	(5.1)	( 5.4)	( 6.6)	
Higher than 110	22.1	8.7	13.4	25.2	
	( 5.1)	( 3.3)	( 3.8)	(7.0)	
Number of respondents	200	265	242	173	
Average IQ	90.3	81.0	90.9	89.5	
	( 2.7)	( 2.7)	( 1.9)	( 3.8)	
Number of respondents	200	265	242	173	

Source: Parent interviews and students' school records.



õ

Table 4C: DISABILITY-RELATED C.MARACTERISTICS OF YOUTH WITH VISUAL IMPAIRMENTS (Compluded)

Househo	id Income	Etnnicity	Head of Household's Education		
		Black White Hispanic	No High School Diploma	High School Diploma	Beyond High School
		17.1 15.0 8.1 (4.1) (3.4) (4.7)	10.9 (3.7)	15.6 ( 4.6)	21.6 ( 4.6)
12.1 9 (4.6) (3	9.1 3.9) (3.0)	12.2 10.3 10.0 (3.5) (2.9) (5.2)	7.7 ( 3.2)	11.7 ( 4.1)	12.0 ( 3.6)
(6.1) (6	5.2) (4.5)	16.5 33.3 23.8 (4.0) (4.4) (7.4)	28.2 (5.4)	27.8 ( 5.7)	28.7 ( 5.0)
(7.0) (6	5.0) (5.1)	(5.4) (4.4) (8.5)	(5.9)	(6.0)	28.7 ( 5.0)
(3.3) (3	3.7) (3.5)	(3.1) (2.7) (6.3)	(3.0)	( 3.9)	9.1 ( 3.2) 241
		0.0 1.8 4.5 (0.0) (1.6) (6.8)	0.6 (1.3)	0. <b>8</b> (1.7)	2.9 ( 2.6)
		10.0 3.5 0.0 (5.0) (2.3) (0.0)	4.2 (3.3)	4.9 ( 4.1)	3.4 ( 2.9)
(5.5) (8	3.1) (2.8)	10.3 16.5 10.6 (5.1) (4.6) (10.1)	15.2 ( 5.9)	18.2 ( 7.4)	11.4 (5.0)
(10.1) ( 8	3.3) (6.9)	(8.3) (5.5) (15.8)	(8.2)	(8.3)	27.6 ( 7.1)
(8.2) (8	3.9) (6.9)	(7.5) (5.7) (10.9)	(7.1)	(8.8)	32.7 ( 7.4)
(8.4) (3	3.8) (6.7)	(3.8) (5.0) (9.7)	(5.2)	(7.5)	22.1 ( 6.5)
		22.			121
(4.3) (3	3.3) (3.6)	(3.0) (2.8) (6.5)	(3.1)	(4.3)	91.9 ( 3.7) 121
	10.9 19 (4.4) (5 12.1 (4.6) (3 26.1 32 (6.1) (6 6.0 (3.3) (3 155 155 155 155 155 155 155 155 155 15	\$12,000 \$24,999 and Over  10.9 19.0 16.5 (4.4) (5.1) (3.9) 12.1 9.8 9.1 (4.6) (3.9) (3.0) 26.1 32.8 24.5 (6.1) (6.2) (4.5) 44.9 29.3 36.9 (7.0) (6.0) (5.1) 6.0 9.0 13.0 (3.3) (3.7) (3.5) 155 190 274   0.7 0.0 3.9 (1.7) (0.0) (2.9) 6.7 2.6 3.3 (5.1) (2.9) (2.7) 7.9 26.7 3.7 (5.5) (8.1) (2.8) 42.2 28.7 31.2 (10.1) (8.3) (6.9) 20.6 37.4 30.5 (8.2) (8.9) (6.9) 22.0 4.6 27.4 (8.4) (3.8) (6.7) 88 101 140  89.2 83.5 93.5 (4.3) (3.3) (3.6)	10.9	10.9	10.9

Source: Parent interviews and students' school records.



Table 5A: PARENT REPORTS OF SELF-CARE SKILLS OF YOUTH WITH VISUAL IMPAIRMENTS

		Community	<u>Gender</u>	Age in 1987	School Status	<u> </u>
Reported Self-Care Skills of Youth	<u>Total</u>	Urban Suburban Rural	Male Female	19 or 15-16 17-18 older	In-School Out 1 year or less	Out 1 - 2 Years
Percentage able to dress						
themselves completely:  Very well	77.9	76.1 <b>79.9 89.</b> 8	77.5 78.3	84.9 75.8 74.6	76.8 82.0	78.2
TELY WELL	(2.8)	(4.2) (6.1) (7.3)	(3.5) (4.5)	(4.5) (5.0) (4.4)	(3.5) (5.8)	(6.7)
Pretty well	16.4 ( 2.5)	17.6 16.4 9.0 (3.7) (5.7) (6.9)	16.7 16.1 (3.1) (4.0)	8.8 20.2 18.2 (3.6) (4.7) (3.9)	17.2 17.3 (3.1) (5.7)	12.1 (5.3)
Not very well	2.6	2.9 1.2 0.0	1.8 3.8	2.6 1.4 4.2	2.3 0.7	6.5
·	(1.1)	(1.6) (1.7) (0.0)	(1.1) (2.1)	(2.0) (1.4) (2.0)	(1.2) (1.3)	(4.0)
Not at all well	3.0 (1.1)	3.4 2.6 1.2 (1.8) (2.4) (2.6)	4.0 1.8 (16)(1.4)	3.7 2.6 3.0 (2.4) (1.9) (1.7)	3.7 0.0 (1.6) (0.0)	3.3 ( 2. <b>9)</b>
Number of respondents	734	232 135 44	424 310	204 265 265	498 126	110
Percentage able to feed themselve	es:					
Very well	89.6 ( 2.3)	86.3 87.2 98.8 (3.4) (5.1) (2.6)	85./ 87.6 (2.9)(3.5)	86.4 85.9 87.2 (4.4) (4.1) (3.3)	84.0 94.7 (3.1) (3.4)	89.8 ( 4.9)
Pretty well	10 3	9.4 11.4 1.2	1' 9.9	12.3 11.5 9.0	13.1 5.3	6.9
•	(2.1)	(2.3) (4.9) (2.6)	(2./) (3.2)	(4.2) (3.8) (2.9)	(2.8) (3.4)	(4.1)
Not very well	1.9 ( v.9)	3.7 0.8 0.0 (1.8) (1.4) (0.0)	2.3 1.4 (1.2) (1.3)	1.1 2.4 2.0 { 1.3} ( 1.8) ( 1.4)	2.6 0.0 (1.3) (0.0)	0.7 ( 1.4)
Not at all well	0.6	0.7 0.6 0.0	0.4 0.9	0.2 0.2 1.3	0.3 0.0	2.6
Number of respondents	( 0.7) 733	( 0.8) ( 1.2) ( 0.0) 231 135 44	( 0.5) ( 1.0) 423 310	( 0.6) ( 0.5) ( 1.1) 203 265 265	( 0.4) ( 0.0) 497 126	( 2. <b>5)</b> 110
·						
Percentage able to get places outside the home:						
Very well	56.6	66.6 61.9 53.3	59.6 52.8	58.6 59.1 52.2	54.7 6,.5	53.0
Pretty well	(3.3) 20.3	( 4.6) ( 7.5) (12.1) 18.9 16.3 26.9	(4.1) (5.4) 22.2 17.8	(6.3) (5.8) (5.1) 20.9 19.8 20.3	(4.2) (7.2) 20.2 11.8	( 8.0) 30.1
freety werr	( 2.7)	(3.8) (5.7) (10.8)	(3.5) (4.2)	(5.2) (4.7) (4.1)	(3.4) (4.9)	(7.4)
Not very well	12.7 ( 2.2)	7.9 18.4 8.1 ( 2.6) ( 6.0) ( 6.6)	9.1 17.1 ( 2.4) ( 4.1)	11.8 i3.8 12.0 (4.1) (4.1) (3.3)	14.9 12.8 (3.0) (5.1)	2.5 ( 2.5)
Not at all well	10.5	6.6 3.4 11.7	9.1 12.2	8.7 7.3 15.5	10.2 7.9	14.5
	( 2.1)	(2.4) (2.8) (7.8)	(2.4) (3.6)	(3.6) (3.1) (3.7)	(2.5) (4.1)	( 5.7)
Number of respondents	729	231 133 44	422 307	203 264 262	494 125	110
Average self-care skills						
scale score:* Lcw (3-8)	12.0	8.5 10.7 8.3	10.7 13.5	8.6 12.1 14.6	12.9 6.6	13.7
25 (5. 6)	(2.2)	( 2.7) ( 4.8) <sup>†</sup> 6.7)	(2.6) (3.7)	(3.6) (3.8) (3.6)	(2.8) (3.8)	(5.6)
Medium (9-11)	36.4 (3.2)	33.4 31.4 -3.3 (4.6) (7.2) (11.9)	35.2 38.0 ( 4.0) { 5.3)	36.0 35.5 37.9 (6.1) (5.6) (5.0)	37.6 30.0 (4.1) (7.0)	38.5 (7.9)
H1gh (12)	51.6	58.1 57.8 51.4	54.1 48.5	55.5 52.4 47.5	62.5] ز 49.	47.9
	(3.4)	(4.8) (7.6) (12.1)	(4.2) (5.4)	(6.3) (5.9) (5.1)	(4.2) (7.4)	( 8.1) 109
Number of respondents	727	230 133 14	420 307	202 264 261	493 125	109

<sup>\*</sup> The self-care skills scale is formed by summing responses of the items related to dressing, feeding, and getting around. For each item, a value was assigned ranging from 1 (youth were reported to do it "not at all well") to 4 (youth were reported to do it "very well"). Summing the items produces a scale with values from 3 to 12.

Table 5B: PARENT REPORTS OF SELF-CARE SKILLS OF YOUTH WITH VISUAL IMPAIRMENTS

Reported	Type of Sch	ool Attended	Severity of Visual Impairment		
Self-Care Skills of Youth	Regular School	Special School	Partially Sighted	<u>Blind</u>	
Percentage able to dress					
themselves completely: Very well	80.6	68.5	84.2	72.8	
Pretty well .	(3.5) 16.7	( 5.4) 20.2	( 3.7) 13.8	( 5.8) 20.1	
Not very well	( 3.3) 1.6	( 4.7) 5.4	( 3.5) 1.5	( 5.2) 3.6	
Not at all well	(1.1)	( 2.6) 5.9	( 1.2) 0.5	(2.4)	
Number of respondents	( 0.9) 379	( 2.8) 287	( 0.7) 285	( 2.4) 243	
Percentage able to feed themselves: Very well	00.3	70. 2	04.0	70.0	
Pretty well	90.3 ( 2.6)	79.3 ( 4.7)	94.2 ( 2.4)	79.9 ( 5.2)	
Not very well	8.6 ( 2.5)	16.8 ( 4.4)	5.3 ( 2.3)	17.3 ( 4.9)	
Not at all well	0.9 ( 0.8) 0.3	2.6 ( 1.9) 1.3	0.4 ( 0.7)	2.0 ( 1.8)	
Number of respondents	( 0.5) 378	( 1.3) 287	0.0 ( 0.0) 285	0.8 ( 1.1) 242	
Percentage able to get places	370	207	263	242	
outside the home:					
Very well	63.3 ( 4.3)	38.2 ( 5.7)	70.6 ( 4.7)	42.9 ( 6.5)	
Pretty well	18.3 ( 3.4)	22.4 ( 4.9)	16.6 ( 3.8)	24.9 (5.7)	
Not very well	11.9 ( 2.9)	17.8 ( 4.5)	8.4 ( 2.9)	18.0 (5.0)	
Not at all well	6. <b>0</b> (2.1)	21.7 ( 4.9)	4.4 ( 2.1)	14.1 ( 4.6)	
Number of respondents	377	284	282	240	
Average self-care skills scale score:*					
Low (3-8)	8.1 ( 2.4)	20.2 ( 4.7)	. 3.5 (1.9)	18.1 ( 5.0)	
Medium (9-11)	33.4	45.6 ( 5.9)	31.6	44.8 ( 6.5)	
High (12)	58.5 ( 4.4)	34.2 ( 5.6)	64 9 ( 4.9)	37.2 (6.3)	
Number of respondents	376	284	282	239	



<sup>\*</sup> The self-care skills scale is formed by summing responses of the items related to dressing, feeding, and getting around. For each item, a value was assigned ranging from 1 (youth were reported to do it "not at all well") to 4 (youth were reported to do it "very well"). Summing the items produces a scale with values from 3 to 12.

<sup>\*</sup>The self-care skills scale is formed by summing responses of the items related to dressing, feeding, and getting around. For each item, a value was assigned ranging from 1 (youth were reported to do it "not at all well") to 4 (youth were reported to do it "very well"). Summing the items produces a scale with values from 3 to 12.

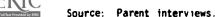


Table SA: PARENT REPORTS OF FUNCTIONAL SKILLS OF YOUTH WITH VISUAL IMPAIRMENTS

		Community	Gender	Age in 1987		School Statu	<u> </u>
Peported Functional Skills of Youth	<u>Total</u>	<u> Urban Suburban Rural</u>	Male Female	19 or 15-16 17-18 older	In-School	Cut 1 year or less	Out 1 - 2 
Percentage able to look up phone							
numbers and use the phone:					••		
Very well	33.7	40.2 39.0 26.6	32.9 34.7	31.7 34.7 34.4	52.4	32.6	41.1
- · · · • •	(3.2)	(4.9) (7.6) (10.7)	(4.0) (5.2)	(5.9) (5.7) (4.9)	(3.9)	(7.3)	(8.1)
Pretty well	24.0	21.5 23.9 44.6	25.1 22.6	26.4 26.9 18.9	24.6	24.6	20.6
•-	(2.9)	(4.1) (6.7) (12.1)	(3.7) (4.6)	(5.6) (5.3) (4.1)	( 3.6)	(6.7)	( 6.7)
Not very well	15.4	17.6 11.5 17.9	17.5 12.8	20.7 14.5 12.1	16.0	19.4	8.4
	( 2.4)	(3.8) (5.0) (9.3)	(3.2) (3.7)	(5.2) (4.2) (3.4)	(3.1)	(6.1)	( 4.6)
Not at all well	26.8	20.8 25.6 10.9	24.5 29.8	21.3 23.9 34.7	26.9	23.5	29.9
	( 3.0)	( 4.0) ( 6.8) ( 7.6)	(3.6) (5.0)	(5.2) (5.1) (4.9)	( 3.7)	( 6.6)	( 7. <b>6)</b>
Number of respondents	716	225 131 44	414 302	202 259 255	489	122	105
Percentage able to tell time on							
a clock with hands:							
Very well	51.0	55.4 60.3 54.3	54.6 46.5	51.4 50.5 51.2	50.1	54.8	50.9
• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •	(3.4)	(4.9) (7.6) (12.2)	(4.2) (5.4)	(6.4) (6.0) (5.1)	(4.2)	(7.7)	(8.1)
Pretty well	20.9	19.0 21.8 29.9	19.1 23.0	20.3 25.5 16.1	22.1	17.4	19.2
• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •	(2.1)	(3.9) (6.4) (11.2)	(3.3) (4.6)	(5.2) (5.2) (3.7)	(3.5)	(5.8)	(6.4)
Not very well	11.7	12.5 /.4 8.8	11.0 12.6	15.5 9.3 11.4	11.8	14.4	8.5
Not very not	(2.2)	(3.3) (4.1) (6.9)	(2.6) (3.6)	(4.6) (3.5) (3.2)	(2.7)	(5.4)	( 4.5)
Not at all well	16.4	13.1 10.4 7.1	15.2 17.9	12.8 14.6 21.3	16.0	13.4	21.4
	(2.5)	(3.3) (4.7) (6.3)	(3.0)(4.2)	(4.3) (4.2) (4.2)	(3.1)	(5.2)	(6.6)
Number of respondents	725	228 131 43	417 308	201 259 265	491	124	110
Percentage able to read/understand common signs:							
Very well	52.1	57.7 57.1 60.6	56.4 46.6	55.9 51.7 49.3	51.8	62.4	41.6
very werr	(3.4)	(4.9) (7.7) (12.1)	(4.2) (5.5)	(6.3) (6.0) (5.2)	(4.2)	(7.5)	(8.0)
Pretty well	17 0	18.5 15.2 24.0	15.2 19.3	17.9 21.2 11.6	18.9	15.6	10.4
ricity well	(25)	(3.9) (5.6) (10.5)	(3.0) (4.3)	(4.9) (4.9) (3.3)	(3.3)	(5.6)	(5.0)
Not year wall	11 6	10.2 14.8 9.3	10.3 13.3	12.6 12.7 9.7	12.6	5.5	13.9
Not very well	( 2 2)	(3.0) (5.5) (7.2)	(2.6) (3.7)	(4.2) (4.0) (3.0)	(2.8)	(3.5)	(5.6)
Net at all wall	19.3	13.6 12.9 6.2	18.1 20.7	13.6 14.4 29.4	16.7		34.0
Not at all well		(3.4) (5.2) (5.9)	(3.3) (4.4)	(4.4) (4.2) (4.7)		16.5	
Number of respondents	(27) 719	225 132 42	414 305	202 259 258	(3.1) 468	( 5.8) 122	( 7.7) 109
· <b>F</b>							

Source Parent interviews.



Table 68: PARENT REPORTS OF FUNCTIONAL SKILLS OF YOUTH WITH VISUAL IMPAIRMENTS

	Type of Sci	nool Attended	Severity of Visual Impairment		
Reported Functional Skills of Youth	Regular School	Special School	Partially Sighted	<b>Blind</b>	
Percentage able to look up phone numbers and use the phone;					
Very well	37.4 ( 4.4)	23.9 ( 5.1)	<b>38.5</b> ( 5.0)	25.1 ( 5.7)	
Pretty well	29.3 ( 4.1)	16.3 ( 4.4)	34.8 ( 4.9)	13.0	
Not very well	14.9	18.4	17.1	14.9	
Not at all well	( 3.2) [18.4]	( 4.6) 41.4	( 3.9) 9.6	( 4.7) 47.0	
Number of respondents	( 3.5) 369	( 5.8) 280	( 3.0) 281	( 6.6) 233	
•					
Percentage able to tell time on a clock with hands:					
Very well	59.3 ( 4.4)	35.9 ( 5.6)	58.4 ( 5.1)	40.5 ( 6.5)	
Pretty well	21.2	21.3	27.4 ( 4.6)	18.0 (5.1)	
Not very well	( 3.7) 9.9	( 4.8) 15.9	9.5	11.9	
Not at all well	( 2.7) 9.6	( 4.3) 26.9	( 3.0) 4.7	( 4.3) 29.7	
Number of respondents	( 2.7) 370	( <b>5</b> .2) 285	( 2.2) 281	( 6.0) 239	
Percentage able to read/understand					
common signs:			87. 4	24.0	
Very well	58.1 ( 4.5)	41.5 ( 5.8)	65.9 ( <b>4</b> .9)	34 9 ( <b>6.4</b> )	
Pretty well	18.3 ( 3.5)	15.7 ( 4.3)	20.5	10.0	
Not very well	12.5	11.1	10.5	13.2	
Not at all well	( 3.0) 11.1	( 3.7) 31.7	3.1	41.9	
Number of respondents	( 2.8) 367	( 5.5) 282	( 1.8) 283	( 6.6) 231	

Table 6C: PARENT REPORTS OF FUNCTIONAL SKILLS OF YOUTH WITH VISUAL IMPAIRMENTS

	tb	usehold I	ncome	Ethnicity	Head of H	louseho 1d's Ec	lucation
Reported Functional Skills of Youth		12,000- \$24,999	\$25,000 and Over	Black White Hispanic	No High School Oiplana	High School	Beyond High School
Percentage able to look up phone							
numbers and use the phone:							
Very well	33.4	29.8	37.3	38.1 30.3 42.0	32.6	<b>30</b> .5	38.2
	( 6.5)		(5.2)	(5.1) (4.3) (8.6)	( 5.5)	、5.7)	(5.5)
Pretty well	22.9	27.9	24.9	27.9 22.6 23.0	24.9	26.2	20.5
	( 5.8)		( 4.6)	( 4.7) ( 4.0) { 7.3}	(5.0)	(5.5)	( 4.5)
Not very well	14.1	19.5	12.6	12.6 17.5 11.9	16.2	16.7	13.8
	( 4.8)	(5.2)	(3.5)	(3.5) (3.6) (5.6)	( 4.3)	(4.6)	( 3.9)
Not at all well	29.6	22.8	25.2	21.4 29.7 23.2	26.3	26.7	27.4
	( 6.3)	(5.5)	(4.6)	(4.3) (4.3) (7.4)	(5.1)	(5.5)	( 5. <b>0</b> )
Number of respondents	161	193	277	204 425 67	226	237	243
Percentage able to tell time on						•	
a clock with hands:							
Very well	45.9	50.8	56.7	56.8 48.9 41.2	48.1	46.8	58.2
•	(6.8)	(6.4)	(5.3)	(5.2) (4.7) (8.4)	(5.8)	(6.2)	(5.5)
Pretty well	27.2	19.9	17.2	20.6 20.7 25.9	19. <b>9</b>	28.7	14.2
	(6.1)	(5.1)	(4.0)	(4.2) (3.8) (7.4)	(4.6)	(5.6)	(3.9)
Not very well	13.2	12.6	12.1	10.0 12.4 15.7	14.8	10.9	9.6
	(4.6)		(3.5)	(3.1) (3.1) (6.2)	(4.1)	(3.9)	(3.3)
Not at all well	13.7	16.7	14.0	12.5 18.0 17.3	17.2	13.6	18.0
	( 4.7)		(3.7)	(3.4) (3.6) (6.4)	(4.4)	(4.3)	(4.3)
Number of respondents	162	196	281	206 429 70	230	238	245
·			207		200	200	1
Percentage able to read/understand common signs:							,
Very well	44.7	53.9	60.3	56.9 51.2 49.9	48.3	55.9	51.6
very werr	(6.8)		(5.2)	(5.2) (4.7) (8.6)	(5.8)	(6.1)	(5.7)
Pretty well	24.0	18.5	13.3	20.8 14.0 21.6	20.6	16.3	14.1
rietty weil	(5.9)		(3.6)	(4.2) (3.3) (7.1)	(4.7)	(4.6)	(4.0)
Not very well	13.7	10.4	10.5	8.3 13.3 11.9	11.4	12.7	11.4
not very werr	(4.7)		(3.3)	(2.9) (3.2) (5.6)	(3.7)	(4.1)	(3.6)
Not at all well	17.7	17.3	15.8	14.0 21.5 16.6	19.8	15.1	22.9
NUL BL BIT WELL	(5.2)		(3.9)	(3.6) (3.9) (6.4)	(4.6)	(4.4)	
Number of respondents	161	194	279	206 425 68	229	240	(4.8) 239
o coponidante	.01	•••		.20			200

Table 6A: PARENT REPORTS OF FUNCTIONAL SKILLS OF YOUTH WITH VISUAL IMPAIRMENTS (Concluded)

		Community	<u>Gender</u>	Age in 1987		School Status	<u> </u>
Reported Functional Skills of Youth	<u>Total</u>	Urban Suburban Rural	Hale Female	19 o <del>r</del> 15-16 17-18 older	In-School	Out 1 year or less	Out 1 - 2 Years
Percentage able to count change:				•		*	
Very well	57.1 ( 3.3)	62.3 59.9 <b>54</b> .7 ( 4.8) ( 7.5) (12.1)	57.7 <b>56.2</b> (4.1) (5.4)	60.3 53.1 59.0 (6.2) (5.9) (5.0)	51. <b>6</b> ( 4.2)	68.0 (7.2)	70.3 ` ( 7.4)
Pretty well	27.9 ( 3.0)	22.1 32.8 37.3 ( 4.1) ( 2) (11.7)	26.2 30.1 (3.7) (5.0)	26.7 34.9 20.9 (5.6) (5.6) (4.1)	32.9 ( 3.9)	19.2	14.5 ( 5.7)
Not very well	9.3 (1.3)	10.5 3.9 3.5 (3.0) (3.0) (4.4)	9.7 8.9 (2.5) (3.1)	10.2 7.1 11.2 (3.8) (3.0) (3.2)	9.7 ( 2.5)	7.7	9.7 ( 4.8)
Not at all well	5.7 (1.6)	5.1 3.4 4.5 (2.2) (2.8) (5.0)	6.4 4.7	2.9 4.9 8.9 (2.1) (2.6) (2.9)	5.9 ( 2.0)	5.2 ( 3.4)	5.5 ( 3./)
Number of respondents	731	229 134 44	423 308	205 262 264	498	123	110
Average functional skills scale score:*							
4 to 8	20.3 ( 2.8)	16.2 11.1 7.3 ( 3.7) ( 5.0) ( 6.4)	19.8 20.9 ( 3.5) ( 4.5)	19.2 16.8 25.2 (5.1) (4.5) (4.6)	21.5 ( 3.5)	11.8 (5.1)	24.3 (7.1)
9 to 12	25.6 ( 3.0)	22.1) 28.8 22.9 (4.2) (7.2) (10.4)	22.2 29.7 ( 3.6) ( 5.1)	22.5 27.4 26.1 (5.4) (5.4) (4.6)	24.6 ( 3.7)	26.9 (7.0)	28.9 ( 7.5)
13 to 15	32.6 ( 3.2)	33.6 34.3 55.3 ( 4.8) ( 7.6) (12.3)	34.4 30.3 (4.1) (5.1)	36.1 34.3 27.7 (6.3) (·5.8) (4.7)	33.1	40.7 (7.7)	21.1 ( 6.8)
16	21.5 ( 2.8)	28.2 25.7 14.4 ( 4.6) ( 7.0) ( 8.7)	23.5 19.1 ( 3.7) ( 4.4)	22.1 21.6 21.0 (5.4) (5.0) (4.3)	20. ( 3.5)	20.7	25.8 ( 7.3)
Number of respondents	695	218 127 42	398 297	196 252 247	472	119	104



<sup>\*</sup> The functional skills scale is formed by summing responses of the items related to counting change, telling time, reading signs, and using the phone. For each item, a value was assigned ranging from 1 (youth were reported to do it "not at all well") to 4 (youth were reported to do it "very well"). Summing 'he items produces a scale with values from 4 to 15.

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Table 68: PARENT REPORTS OF FUNCTIONAL SKILLS OF YOUTH WITH VISUAL IMPAIRMENTS (Concluded)

Reported	Type of Sci	nool Attended	Severity of Visual Impairment		
Functional Skills of Youth	Regular School	Special School	Partially Sighted	87'nd	
Percentage able to count change:					
Very well	<b>62</b> .2	42.7	65.3	51.1	
	( 4.3)	( 5.8)	(4.9)	(6.5)	
Pretty well	28.2	30.1	25.2	30.9	
	( 4.0)	( 5.4)	(4.4)	(6.0)	
Not very well	6.8	16.7	7.9	10.7	
	( 2.2)	( 4.4)	( 2.8)	(4.0)	
Not at all well	2.7	10.6	1.7	7.3	
	( 1.5)	(3.6)	( 1.3)	(3.4)	
Number of respondents	376	286	284	243	
Average functional skills					
scale score:*					
4 to 8	11.4	36.0	6.1	34.8	
	(2.9)	(5.8)	( 2.5)	(6.6)	
9 to 12	23.1	30.6	22.8	33.3	
	(3.9)	(5.6)	(4.4)	(6.5)	
13 to 15	41.0	22.1	43.8	21.7	
	( 4.5)	( 5.0)	( 5.2)	(5.7)	
16	24.5	11.3	27.2	10.3	
	( 4.0)	(3.8)	(4.6)	(4.2)	
Number of respondents	357	272	277	220	

<sup>\*</sup> The functional skills scale is formed by summing responses of the items related to counting change, telling time, reading signs, and using the phone. For each item, a value was assigned ranging from 1 (youth were reported to do it "not at all well") to 4 (youth were reported to do it "very well"). Summing the items produces a scale with values from 4 to 16.

Table 6C: PARENT REPORTS OF FUNCTIONAL SKILLS OF YOUTH WITH VISUAL IMPAIRMENTS (Concluded)

	Household Inc.	ome	Ethnicity	Head of Household's Education		
Reported Functional Skills of Youth		\$25,000 nd Over Black	White Hispanic	No High School Diploma	High School Diplome	Beyond High School
Percentage able to count change:						•
Very well		56.0 67.5 5.2) { 4.8}	52.9 48.1 (4.7) (8.6)	57.3 ( 5.7)	55.1 ( 6.2)	58.4 (5.5)
Pretty well	32.9 23.9	27.8 18.2	31.9 32.1 (4.4) (8.0)	27.7 ( 5.1)	31.7 ( 5. <del>8</del> )	24.9 (4.8)
Not very well		11.4 8.4 3.4) (2.9)	10.1 9.9	9.5 ( 3.4)	6.8 ( 3.1)	12 ¥ ( 3.7)
Not at all well	4.6 4.8	4.8 5.5	5.1 9.9	5.5	6.4	4.3
Number of respondents	( 2.8) ( 2.8) ( 164 197	2.3) ( 2.4) 283 207	( 2.1) ( 5.1) 474 69	( 2.6) 231	( 3.0) 239	( 2.3) 2 <b>4</b> 9
Average functional skills scale score:*						
4 to 8		17.2 16.9 4.1) (3.9)	21.7 21.7	25.1 ( 5.1)	14.4 ( 4.4)	20.7 ( 4.7)
9 to 12	26.3 27.5	21.6 17.4 4.5) (4.0)	29.0 26.6 (4.4) (7.9)	22.1 ( 4.9)	31.4 (5.8)	24.1 ( 5.0)
13 to 15	28.t 35.4	38.3 36.3 5.3) (5.1)	31.3 27.1	`33. <b>4</b> ´ ( 5.6)	32.6 ( 5.9)	32.4 (5.4)
16		22.9 29.4 4.6) (4.8)	18.1 24.5	19.4 ( 4.7)	21.6 ( 5.2)	22.9 ( 4.9)
Number of respondents	156 189	270 203	410 64	221	234	231



<sup>\*</sup> The functional skills scale is formed by summing responses of the items related to counting change, telling time, reading signs, and us in the phone. For each item, a value was assigned ranging from 1 (youth were reported to do it "not at all well") to 4 (youth were reported to do it "very well"). Summing the items produces a scale with values from 4 to 16.

Table 7A: ASSISTIVE DEVICES REPORTED USER BY YOUTH WITH VISUAL IMPAIRMENTS

		Community	Gender	Age in .387	Sch	ool Status	
Assistive Devices Reported Used	<u>Total</u>	Urban Suburban Rural	Male Female	19 or 15-16 17-18 older		t 1 year r less	Out 1 - 2 Years
Percentage who used for hearing assistance a: Telecommunications device		,		IC WERE NOT GATHERED			
Telephone amplifier			YOUTH IN THIS DIS	ABILIT CATEGORY.			
Hearing aid							
Closed captioned TV							
Other hearing assistance							
Number of respondents							
Percentage who used for mobility assistance: A wheelchair	5.7	3.2 4.7 1.2	4.6 6.9	8.1 2.5 7.4	6.0	0.8	9.5
Crutches, a cane, or a walker	(1.6) 4.3 (1.4)	( 1.8) ( 3.2) ( 2.6) 1.8 1.7 1.9 ( 1.3) ( 2.0) ( 3.4)	(1.8) (2.8) 4.4 4.1 (1.8) (2.2)	(3.6) (1.9) (2.7) 4.7 2.9 5.6 (2.8) (2.0) (2.4)	( 2.1; 4.5 ( 1.8)	( 1.4) 1.5 ( i.8)	( 5.0) 6.4 ( 4.1)
Modifications to a car	1.5	0.0 1.3 0.0 (0.0) (1.7) (0.0)	0.1 3.1 (0.3) (1.9)	4.1 0.4 0.6 ( 2.6) ( 0.8) ( 0.8)	2.1 (1.2)	0.0	0.0 ( 0.0)
Prosthetics/orthotics	2.4	0.6 2.2 5.0 ( 0.8) ( 2.3) ( 5.3)	2.1 2.7	4.1 2.9 0.3 (2.6) (2.C) (0.6)	3.2	0.3	0.8
Computers to aid motility	1.8	2.9 0.3 5.3 (1.7) (0.8) (5.5)	2.7 0.7	1.4 3.0 0.8 (1.5) (2.1) (0.9)	2.3 (1.3)	1.2	0.4
Other mobility assistance	0.2	( 0.0) ( 0.0) ( 0.0) ( 0.0) ( 0.0) ( 0.0)	0.3 0.1	0.0 0.1 0.5 ( 0.0) ( 0.4) ( 0.7)	v.3 ( 0.5)	0.0	0.0
Number of respondents	701	223 135 43	403 298	190 254 257	473	126	102
Percentage who used for visual assistance:							
A seeing eye dog	0.6 ( 0.5)	0.0 1.0 0.5 ( 0.0) ( 1.5) ( 1.8)	1.1 0.0 ( 0.9) ( 0.0)	0.7 0.3 0.8 (1.1) (0.6) (0.9)	0.5 ( 0.6)	1.2	0.5 ( 1.2)
Braille or large print							
readers	62.7 (3.3)	61.0 56.3 49.8 (4.8) (7.8) (12.1)	61.3 64.4 (4.1) (5.2)	68.5 59.2 61.9 (6.0) (5.8) (5.0)	63.8 ( 4.0)	63.6 (7.3)	56.1 (8.1)
An opticon/optical scanner	22.9	24.2 22.5 20 2	22.2 23.7	28.5 23.4 17.5	26.3	19.6	10.4
, op	(2.9)	(4.4) (6.7) (9.3)	(3.6) (4.8)	(6.0) (5.1) (4.1)	(3.8)	(6.3)	(5.3)
Computers to aid vision	20.4	20.6 19.8 16.6	23.2 17.0	24.1 19.2 18.8	19.9	24.9	16.9
046	(2.8)	(4.2) (6.4) (10.0)	(3.5) (42) 8.7 14.6	(5.3) (4.9) (4.2) 10.7 10.5 12.8	(3.4)	(6.7)	( 6.4) 10.4
Other vision assistance	11.3 (2.1)	10.7 15.2 10.6 (3.1) (5.6) (7.5)	8.7 14.6 (2.4)(39)	10.7 10.5 12.8 (3.9) (3.6) (3.4)	10.0 ( 2.5)	17.3 (5.8)	(5.0)
Number of respondents	661 -	206 124 35	378 283	184 231 244	444	117	98

Table 78: ASSISTIVE DEVICES REPORTED USED BY YOUTH WITH VISUAL IMPAIRMENTS

	Type of Sci	hoo" Attended	Severity of Visual Imp	airment
Assistive Devices Reported Us:	Regular School	Special School	Partially Sighted	<u>81ind</u>
Percentage who used for hearing assistance a: Telecommunications device	[		S TOPIC WERE NOT GATHERED	-
Telephone amplifier .	<u> </u> _	FUR TOUTH IN THE	S DISABILITY CATEGORY.	_
Hearing aid				
Closed captioned TV				
Other hearing assistance				
Number of respondents				
Percentage who used for mobility assistance:				
A wheelchair	2.7 (1.5)	12.5 ( 3.9)	0.7 ( 0.9)	4.7
Crutches, a cane, or a walker	1.5) 1.5 ( 1.1)	10.8 ( 3.6)	1.6 ( 1.3)	( 2.8) 5.6 ( 3.0)
Modifications to a car	0.2	4.3	0. <b>0</b> ( 0.0)	0.6
Prosthetics/orthotics	2.3 (1.4)	3.1	1.3	(0.8)
Computers to aid mobility	2 6 ( 1.4)	0.7 ( 1.0)	2.4 (1.6)	0.9
Other mobility assistance	00	0.7 ( 1.0)	0.2	(0.8)
Number of respondents	369	282	273	238
Percentage who used for visual assistance				
A seeing eye dng	0.1 ( 0 3)	0 4 ( 0.7)	0.0 ( 0.0)	0.8 (1.2)
Braille or larg⊌ print readers	50.8 ( 4.4)	74.0 ( 5 2)	59.6 ( 5.1)	76.3 ( 5.5)
An opticon/optical scanner	24.2 ( 4.0)	25.0 ( 5.3)	23.3	28.3
Computers to aid vision	20.6 ( 3.9)	22.4 ( 4.2)	18.9 ( 7.2)	31.0
Other vision assistance	12 6 ( 3.0)	8.7 ( 3.3)	10.1	15.9
Number of respondents	335	258	249	221



		usehold Income			Ethnicity		Head of Household's Education		
Assistive Devices Reported Used		12,000- \$24,999	\$25,000 and Over	-	k White	Hispanic	No High School	High School	Beyond High Schoo
Percentage who used for hearing assistance a: Telecommunications device			DATA	RELATED	TO THIS	TOPIC WERE	NOT GATHERED		
Telephone amplifier				FOR YOUTH	IN THIS	DISMILITY	CATEGORY.		
Hearing aid									
Closed captioned TV									
Other hearing assistance									
Number of respondents									
Percentage who used for mobily assistance: A wheelshair	2.3	1.2	7.3	1.9	7.3	3.2			
Crutches, a cane, or a walker	( 2. <b>2</b> ) 3.0	( 1.5) 1.5	( 2.8) 6.1	( 1.5) 1.2	2. <b>5</b> 5. <b>2</b>	) ( 3.0) 5.7	1.2 ( 1.3) 2.3	2.5 ( 2. <b>0</b> ) 2. <b>4</b>	3.8 ( 4.0) 8.7
Modifications to a car	( 2.5) 0.7	( 1.6) 0.3	( 2.6) 0.3	( 1.2) 0.0	2.1 2.3		( 1.8) 0.5	( 2.0) 0.2	(3.3)
Prosthet ics/orthotics	( 1.2) 0.0	( 0.7) 2.0	( 0. <b>6</b> ) 6.0	( 0.0) 0.0	) ( 1.4 3.7		( 0.9) 1.6	( 0.6) 0.9	4.0 ( 2.3)
Computers to aid mobility	( 0.0) 1.6	( 1.9) 0.0	( 2.5) 3.8	( 0.0) 0.4	8.1 ) ( 1.8		( 1.5) 0 7	( 1.2) 3.0	5.1 ( 2.5)
Other mobility assistance	( 1.8) 0.0	( 0.0) 0.6	( 2.1) 0.2	( 0.7) 0.0	0.3	) ( 3.2) 0.0	( 1.0) 0.2	( 2.2) 0.0	2.1 (1.6 <sub>.</sub>
Number of respondents	( 0.0) 149	( 1.0) 182	( 0.4) 275	( 0. <i>u</i> ) 182	( 0.5) 429		( 0.6) 215	( 0.0) 228	0.4 ( 0.8) 235
Percentage who used for visual assistance: A seeing eye dog	1.1	0.7	0.0	0.0	0.6	2.3	0.6		
Braille or large print readers	( 1.4) 57.9	( 1.1) 68.6	( 0.0) 64.9	( 0.0)	( 0.7)	( 2.5)	( 0.9)	3.6 ( i.0)	0.6 ( 0.9)
An opticon/optical scanner	( 6.8) 23 5	( 6.0) 23 0	(5.1) 21.6	11.8	27.5	46.3 (8.5) 19.0	64.3 ( 5.6) 27.5	54.7 ( 6.2) 17.9	72.4 ( 5.0) 24.5
Computers to aid vision	( 6.1) 17 3	20.6	( 4.5) 24.7	( 3.6) 10.4	(4.3) 24.6	( 6.7) 20.9	(5.4) 20.0	(5.0) 19 4	( 4.9)
Other vision assistance	(54)	16.3	( 4.8) 10.5	( 3.4) 8.2		(72) 168	( 4.7) 9.1	(5.1) 9.6	23.2 ( 4.8)
Numbr · of respondents	( 3 6) 142	( 4 8) 177	( 3.3) 255	( 2.9) 181		( 6 3) 65	( 3.4) 203	( 3 7) 217	15.9 ( 4.1) 220

Table 8A: EXPECTATIONS OF PARENTS/GUARDIANS FOR FUTURES OF YOUTH WITH VISUAL IMPAIRMENTS

		Community	<u>Gender</u>	Age in 1987		School Statu	s
Parent Expectations	<u>Total</u>	<u>Urban</u> <u>Suburban</u> <u>Rura</u> ı	Male Female	19 or 15-16 17-18 older	In-School	Out 1 year or less	Out 1 - 2 <u>Years</u>
Percentage with likelihood of							
graduating from high school:*							
Definitely will	57.8	59.4 77.5 50.4	57.3 58.5	63.9 61.3 32.1	61.0	25.0	9.7
	(4.1)	(5.9) (7.6) (14.1)	(5.1) (6.6)	(6.3) (6.4) (6.9)	( 4.2)	(16.2)	(10.4)
Probably will	24.4	28.6 16.6 43.2	24.4 24.3	31.0 20.6 19.7	24.3	16.6	31.2
	( 3.5)	( 5.4) ( 6.8) (14.0)	(4.5) (5.8)	(6.1) (5.3) (5.9)	( 3.7)	(13.9)	(16.3)
Probably won't	5.0	3.6 1.3 1.6	5.4 4.4	1.5 6.6 8.5	3.5	45.2	6.5
	(1.8)	( 2.2) ( 2.1) ( 3.6)	( 2.3) ( 2.8)	(1.6) (3.3) (4.1)	(1.6)	(18.6)	(8.7)
Definitely won't	12.9	8.4 4.6 4.8	12.9 12.7	3.7 11.4 39.7	11.1	13.2	52.6
	( 2.8)	(3.3) (3.8) (6.0)	(3.5) (4.5)	( 2.5) ( 4.2) ( 7.3)	( 2.7)	(12.7)	(17.5)
Number of respondents	506	163 101 34	298 208	192 218 .76	467	19	20
Percentage with likelihood of graduating from 4-year							
college:							
Definitely will ·	21.3	24.6 29.5 25.9	17.7 25.8	23.4 23.4 17.3	21.2	20.7	22.8
	( 2.8)	(4.4) (7.2) (11.4)	(3.2) (4.9)	(5.5) (5.2) : 4.1)	( 3.5)	( 6.5)	(7.3)
Probably will •	31.9	36.9 30.6 24.4	34.8 28.4	47.9 32.5 18.5	37.1	10.0	23.9
	(3.2)	(5.0) (7.2) (11.2;	(4.1) (5.0)	(6.5) (5.7) (4.2)	( 4.1)	( 6.2)	(7.4)
Probably won't	20.3	19.4 26.5 21.2	21.9 18.3	18.5 18.1 24.3	18.5	27.4	20.5
	( 2.8)	(4.1) (3.9) (10.6)	(3.6) (4.3)	(5.0) (4.7) (4.6)	( 3.3)	( 7.2)	(7.0)
Definitely won't	26.5	19.1 13.4 28.5	25.6 27.5	10.3 26.1 39.9	23.2	33.9	32.9
A. I	(3.1)	(4.0) (5.4) (11.7)	(3.8) (5.0)	(3.9) (5.4) (5.3)	( 3.6)	(7.6)	(8.1)
Number of respondents	674	213 129 38	385 289	188 243 243	460	115	99
Percentage with likelihood of graduating from 2-year college:**							
Definitely will	4.9	5.2 6.6 11.1	4.7 5.2	10.8 2.0 4.7	4.5	5.7	5.7
<b>30.3</b>	(21)	(3.4) (5.1) (11.7)	(2.7) (3.5)	(8.2) (2.3) (2.9)	( 2.6)	(4.9)	(5.6)
Probably will	17.8	18.3 25.7 23.0	17.0 18.9	31.4 22.2 8.5	22.1	13.9	6.5
	(3.8)	(59) (9.1) (15.6)	(4.8) (6.1)	(12.3) (6.9) (3.8)	(5.2)	(7.4)	(6.0)
Probably won't	29.9	33.6 40.2 32.9	29.6 30.2	31.5 23.7 24.0	25.5	42.6	29.7
	(4.5)	(72) (10.2) (17.4)	(5.8) (7.2)	(12.3) (7.0) (6.5)	(5.5)	(10.5)	(11.1)
Definitely won't	47.4	42.8 27.5 33.0	48.8 45.7	26.2 52.0 52.8	48.0	37.8	58.2
22	(4.9)	(7.6) (9.3) (17.4)	(6.3) (7.8)	(11.6) (8.3) (6.8)	(6.3)	(10.3)	(12.0)
Number of respondents	322	85 56 17	180 142	54 114 154	203	69	50

<sup>\*</sup> Of those with a child who had not graduated yet. See Appendix for percentage of youth that were in or out of secondary school and had not graduated.

\*\* Of those with a child who had not received a 2-year diploma and had not attended a 4-year college in the past year. See Appendix for percentage.



Table 8B: EXPECTATIONS OF PARENTS/GUARDIANS FOR FUTURES OF YOUTH WITH VISUAL .MPAIRMENTS

	Type of Sch	001 Attended	Severity of Visual Impairment		
Parent Expectations	<u>Regular School</u>	Special School	Partially Sighted	<u>Blind</u>	
Percentage with likelihood of					
graduating from high school:*					
Definitely will	68.4	42.2	£5.0	<b>62</b> .5	
	(5.0)	(7.0)	( 6.0)	(7.8)	
Probably will	26.2	20.7	21.6	18.8	
	( 4.7)	( 5.8)	( 5.2)	(6.3)	
Probably won't	1.9	9.7	4.3	5.3	
	(1.5)	( 4.2)	( 2.5)	(3.6)	
Definitely won't	3.5	27.3	9.1	13.4	
	( 2.0)	(6.3)	(3.8)	(5.5)	
Number of respondents	271	208	200	165	
Percentage with likelihood of					
graduating from 4-year					
college:					
Definitely will	27.6	8.9	23.5	25.2	
•	( A.2)	(3.1)	(4.6)	(5.7)	
Probably will	33.4	28.6	31.6	34.4	
·	(4',	(5.0)	(5.0)	(6.2)	
Probably won't	22.8	17.1	25.9	13.2	
	(3.9)	(4.2)	(4.7)	(4.4)	
Definitely won't	16.3	45.3	18.9	27.2	
·	(3,4)	(5.5)	(4.2)	(5.8)	
Number of respondents	350	277	263	235	
Percentage with likelihood of					
graduating from 2-year					
college: **					
Definitely will	8.1	1.6	1.7	4.8	
- · •	(3.9)	(1.9)	( 2.1)	(3.9)	
Probably will	24.3	12.2	27.2	7.1	
•	(6.1)	(5.0)	(7.4)	$\{4,7\}$	
Probably won't	38.0	22.0	35.3	31.5	
- •	(6.9)	( 6 5;	(7.9)	( 6.5)	
Definitely won't	29.7	64.2	35.8	56.6	
	( 6.5)	(7.3)	(7.9)	(3.0)	
Number of respondents	135	164	114	102	
				•	

Of those with a child who had not graduated yet. See Appendix for percentage of youth that were in or out of secondary school and had not graduated of those with a child who had not received a 2-year diploma and har not attended a 4-year college in the past year. See Appendix for percentile.



Table 8C: EXPECTATIONS OF PARENTS/GUARDIANS FOR FUTURES OF YOUTH WITH VISUAL IMPAIRMENTS

	Household Inc	ome	Ethnicity	Head of H	Head of Household's Education		
Parent Expectations		\$25,000 nd Over	8lack White Hispanic	Ne High School Diploma	High School Diploma	Beyond High School	
Percentage with likelihood of	•						
graduating from high school:* Definitely will	53.6 53.3		55 5 64 6 44 5		-		
Delimitery with		63.7	55.7 61.6 41.7	47.7	65.4	63.0	
Probably will		6.2) 18.4	( 6.6) ( 5.5) (10.1) 29.7 19.0 40.5	(7.1)	(7.4)	( 6.5)	
riobably with		5.0)		31.3	21.8	18.5	
Probably won't	5.3 5.6	4.3	、6.1)(4.4)(10.0) 5.2 4.4 6.5	( 6.6)	( 6.4)	( 5.2)	
		2.6)	(2.9) (2.3) (5.0)	6.3	5.3	2.9	
Definitely won't		13.6	9.5 14.9 11.3	( 3.5) 14.7	( 3.5) 7.4	(2.3)	
		4.4)	(3.9) (4.0) (6.5)	(5.0)	(4.1)	15.6	
Number of respondents	120 134	197	133 306 51	160	163	( 4.9) 176	
Percentage with likelihood of				•			
graduating from 4-year							
college:							
Definitely will	18.5 14.3 2	28.8	17.9 23.3 18.5	10.1	27.6	29.3	
•		4.9)	(4.3) (4.0) (6.9)	(3.7)	(5.7)	(5.0)	
Probably will		21.5	44.0 26.5 37.2	41.3	28.0	24.7	
		4.4)	(5.6) (4.2) (8.6)	(6.0;	(5.8)	(4.8)	
Probably won't		26.9	17.9 20.6 24.5	21.7	19.9	19.3	
	(5.3) (5.0) (	4.8)	(4.3) (3.8) (7.6)	(5.0)	(5.1)	(4.4)	
Definitely won't	22.4 31.1 2	22.7	20.2 29.7 19.8	26.9	24.6	26.7	
	(6.1) (6.1) (	4.5)	4.5) (4.3) (7.1)	(5.4)	(5.5)	( 4.9)	
Number of respondents	148 180	273	175 415 65	211	222	232	
Percentage with likelihood of graduating from 2-year				•			
college:**							
Definitely will	2.5 1.4 1	1.3	3.7 5.8 0.0	2.7	10.6	2.8	
	(3.0) (2.3) (	5.1}	(3.1) (3.0) (0.0)	( 2.7)	(5.6)	( 2.9)	
Probably will		22.6	14.8 17.8 23.7	7.9	16.8	31.1	
		6.7)	(5.8) (4.9) (13.0)	(4.4)	(6.8)	( 6.2)	
Probably won't		8.0	36.5 28.1 35.0	37.1	32.2	20.1	
0-61-14-3		7.2)	(7.9) (5.8) (14.6)	( 8.0)	( 8.5)	(7.1)	
Definitely won't		18.1	45.0 48.2 41.4	52.3	40.5	46.0	
No share of consequence		7.8)	(8.2) (6.4) (15.1)	(8.2)	(8.9)	(8.8)	
Number of respondents	64 83	129	70 214 27	106	103	106	

<sup>\*</sup> Of those with a child who had not graduated yet. See Append . for percentage of youth that were in or cut of secondary school and had not graduated.

\*\* Of those with a child who had not received a 2-year diploma and had not attended a 4-year college in the past year. See Appendix for percentage



Table 8A: EXPECTATIONS OF PARENTS/GUARDIANS FOR FUTURES OF YOUTH WITH VISUAL IMPAIRMENTS (Concluded)

•		Community	<u>Gender</u>	Age in 1987	School Status	
Parent Expectations	<u>Total</u>	Urban Suburban Rural	Male Female	19 or 15-16 <u>17-18</u> older		1 - 2 mars
Percentage with likelihood of						
getting a paid job:* Definitely wili	41.5	39.5 55.4 65.1	43.9 38.8	42.6 53.2 29.6	43.7 43.8	27.8
Probably will	( 4.8) 39.8	( 6.7) (12.4) (18.8) 40.3 39.8 15.6	(5.8) (7.8) 36.3 43.5	(8.0) (9.6) (7.1) 48.7 32.1 37.7	(5.8) (12.8) (	(11.2)
Probably won't	( 4.8) 9.5	( 6.8) (12.2) (14.3) 10.1 1.1 6.9	(5.6) (7.9) 8.1 11.0	(8.1) (9.0) (7.5) 3.1 5.3 19.8	(5.7) (12.6) (	42.7 (12.3)
Definitely won't	( 2.9) 9.3	(4.2) (2.6) (10.0) 10.1 3.7 12.3	(3.2) (5.0) 11.7 6.7	(2.8) (4.3) (6.2) 5.7 9.4 12.8	(3.2) (5.8) (	19.5 ( 9.9)
Number of respondents	( 2.8) 358	( 4.2) ( 4.7) (13.0) 127 64 17	( 3.7) ( 4.0) 197 161	(3.8) (5.6) (5.2) 127 107 124		10.0 ( 7.5) <b>5</b> 0
Percentage with likelihood of					255 50	30
living an their own:** Definitely will	33.8	33.4 41.3 43.6	25.3 30.9	35.7 36.7 28.5	35.0 36.0	25.4
Probably will	(3.4) 37.4	(4.9) (7.7) (13.1) 39.0 43.0 35.2	(4.3) (5.3) 38.4 36.3	(6.3) (6.0) (5.1) 40.1 39.9 32.0	(4.1) (8.2) (	35.4 (9.2)
Probably won't	( 3.5) 14.1	(5.1) (7.8) (12.6) 15.6 9.6 9.7	(4.4) (5.6) 11.4 17.2	(6.5) (6.1) (5.3) 14.4 11.8 16.5	(4.2) (8.4) (	33.8 9.1)
Definitely won't	( 2.5) 14.7	(3.8) (4.6) (7.8) 12.0 6.1 11.5	(2.8) (4.4) 14.0 15.6	(4.6) (4.0) (4.2)	(3.1) (5.8) (	11.6 6.2)
Number of respondents	( 2.5) 648	(3.4) (3.8) (8.4) 205 129 38	(3.1) (4.2) 367 281	9.8 11.6 23.1 (3.9) (4.0) (4.8) 192 236 220		19.3 7.6) 81

Of those with a child not already employed. See Table 43 for percentage not working for pay.

Of those with a child not already living on his/her own. See Table 38 for percentage not living alone or with a spouse/roomate.

Table 88: EXPECTATIONS OF PARENTS/GUARDIANS FOR FUTURES OF YOUTH WITH VISUAL IMPAIRMENTS (Concluded)

	<u>iype of Sch</u>	ool Attended	Severity of Visual Impairment		
Parent Expectations	Regular School	Special School	Partially Sighted	<u>Blind</u>	
Percentage with likelihood of					
getting a paid job:*	_				
Definitely will	51.6	27.4	47.3	47.3	
	( 6.8)	( 6.8)	(7.6)	( 8.8)	
Probably will	37.1	40.5	40.0	34.5	
•	( 6.4)	( 7.5)	(7.4)	( 8.3)	
Probably won't	6.8	14.4	8.3	10.8	
,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,	(3.3)	(5.4)	( 4.2)	(5.4)	
Definitely won't	4.5	17.8	4.4	7.4	
permittery won .	( 2.7)	(5.9)	(3.1)	( 4.6)	
Number of respondents	190	142	123	138	
number of respondents	150	146	123	130	
Percentage with likelihood of					
living on their own:**					
Definitely will	39 <b>.2</b>	23.2	38.5	35.6	
	(4.6)	(5.1)	(5.4)	(6.5)	
Probably will	41.2	28.9	41.4	34.4	
rrobably will	(4.7)	(5.5)	(5.4)	(6.4)	
Probably won't	12.5	18.0	12.6	13.5	
Probably won t	(3.1)	(4.6)	(3.7)	(4.6)	
0-61-14-1-1			7.4		
Definitely won't	7.1	29.9		16.5	
	( 2.4)	( 5.5)	( 2.9)	( 5.0)	
Number of respondents	342	261	252	223	

<sup>\*</sup> Of those with a child not already employed. See Table 43 for percentage not working for pay.

\*\* Of those with a child not already Diving on his/her own. See Table 38 for percentage not living alone or with a spouse/roomate.

Table 8C: EXPECTATIONS OF PARENTS/GUARDIANS FOR FUTURES OF YOUTH WITH VISUAL IMPAIRMENTS (Concluded)

	Household Income	Ethnicity	Head of H	Head of Household's Education		
Parent Expectations	Under 12,000- \$25,000 \$12,000 \$24,999 and Over		No High School Diploma	High School Beyond High School		
Percentage with likelihood of						
<pre>getting a paid job:*   Definitely will</pre>	41.4 35.4 52.1 (9.0) (9.0) (8.1)	29.3 51.1 29.5 ( 6.0) ( 7.4) (10.0)	31.7	55.7 40.9		
Probably will	40.8 47.0 27.3 (9.0) (9.4) (7.2)	49.1 30.5 59.8 ( 6.6) ( 6.8) (10.7)	( 6.9) 45.6	(9.4) (9.0) 32.5 39.2		
Probably won't	8.9 10.2 9.7 (5.2) (5.7) (4.8)	12.2 8.9 1.4 ( 4.3) ( 4.2) ( 2.5)	( 7.4) 10.8	(8.9) (8.9) 7.6 10.1		
Definitely won't	8.8 7.4 10.8 (5.2) (4.9) (5.0)	9.5 9.5 9.4 (3.9) (4.3) (6.4)	( 4.6) 11.9 ( 4.8)	(5.0) (5.5) 4.2 9.8 (3.8) (5.4)		
Number of respondents	92 97 126	107 193 42	128	(3.8) (5.4) 120 106		
Percentage with likelihood of living on their own:**						
Definitely will	24.7 27.4 49.5 (6.5) (6.2) (5.5)	28.6 39.2 10.8 (5.2) (4.8) (6.0)	18.5 ( 4.9)	36.7 48.6 ( 6.3) ( 5.9)		
Probably will	46.9 40.6 31.6 (7.5) (6.8) (5.1)	46.0 32.4 45.4 (5.7) (4.6) (9.6)	46.4 ( 6.3)	40.3 24.7 (6.4) (5.1)		
Probably ron't	10.3 19.5 8.6 (4.7) (5.5) (3.1)	15.2 12.1 24.3 ( 4.1) ( 3.2) ( 8.3)	13.7 ( 4.3)	17.0 11. (4.9) (3.0)		
Definitely won't	17.5 12.5 10.4 (5.7) (4.6) (3.3)	10.4 16.2 19.4 ( 3.5) ( 3.6) ( 7.6)	21.5 ( 5.2)	6.0 14.9 ( 3.1) ( 4.2)		
Number of respondents	140 167 269	170 404 56	199	215 228		

Of those with a child not already employed. See Table 43 for percentage not working for pay.

Of those with a child not already living on his/her own. See Table 38 for percentage not living alone or with a spouse/roomate.

Table 9A: TYPES AND GRADE LEVELS OF SCHOOOLS ATTENDED BY SECONDERY STUDENTS WITH VISUAL IMPAIRMENTS

•		Community	<u>Gender</u>	Age in 1987	School Status
School Characteristics	Total	Urban Suburban Ru.al	Hale Female	19 or 15-16 17-18 older	Out 1 year Out 1 - 2 In-School or less Years
Percentage whose school was a:					
Comprehensive secondary school	62.7 (3.3)	92.1 90.7 93.5 ( 2.7) ( 4.3) ( 5.8)	62.0 <b>64.0</b> ( 4.2) ( 5.2)	74.1 64.8 48.6 (5.8) (5.4) (5.1)	64.0 66.5 49.5 ( 4.1) ( 6.5) ( 8.8)
Special school for students	,,	( 2 , ( , ( ,	(, (,	( 5.5, ( 5.1, ( 5.1,	( 1.5) ( 0.5) ( 0.6)
with disabilities	34.7 ( 3. <i>c</i> )	4.2 2.6 6.5 (2.0) (2.4) (5.8)	36.6 31.9 (4.1) (5.1)	25.4 29.4 50.9 (5.8) (5.2) (5.1)	32.5 32.6 50.4 (4.0) (6.5) (8.8)
Vocational/technical school	0.5	1.3 0.4 0.0 (1.2) (0.9) (0.0)	0.4 0.5 ( 0.6) ( 0.7)	0.0 1.2 0.0 (0.0) (1.2) (0.0)	0.5 0.4 0.0
Other type of school	2.1 (1.0)	2.4 6.3 0.0 (1.6) (3.6) (0.0)	0.8 ( 2.0)	0.5 4.6 0.5 (0.9) (2.4) (0.8)	(0.6) (0.9) (0.0) 3.0 0.4 0.0 (1.5) (0.9) (0.0)
Number of respondents	761	227 145 47	436 322	216 290 255	515 152 87
Percentage whose school served grades:					
K through 8 or 12	33.0 (3.2)	2.9 6.4 15.1 (1.7) (3.6) (8.4)	33.0 32.6 (4.0) (5.1)	21.2 32.8 45.1 (5.4) (5.3) (5.1)	31.2 30.0 47.9 (3.9) (6.4) (8.8)
6 through 12	8.2 (1.9)	2.2 5.4 26.8 (1.5) (3.3) (10.4)	5.9 11.2 (2.0) (3.4)	12.5 5.7 7.3 (4.4) (2.6) (2.7)	9.5 5.5 5.9 (2.5) (3.2) (4.1)
6 or 7 through 8 or 9	(1.4)	7.0 8.1 2.2 (2.6) (4.0) (3.4)	5.3 2.3 (2.0) (1.6)	11.6 1.8 0.0 (4.2) (1.5) (0.0)	5.8 0.4 1.2
9 or 10 through 12	52.0 ( 3.4)	86.6 77.9 55.9	51.9 52.3	50.6 58.8 44.4	(2.0) (0.8) (1.9) 50.6 62.4 43.1
Ungraded students only	2.5	( 3.5) ( 6.1) (11.6) 1.4 2.2 0.0	(4.3) (5.4) 3.3 1.6	(6.6) (5.6) (5.1) 4.0 0.9 3.2	(4.3) (6.7) (8.7) (.9 1.7 2.0
Number of respondents	( 1.1) 761	( 1.2) ( 2.2) ( 0.0) 227 145 47	(1.5) (1.3) 436 322	( 2.6) ( 1.0) ( 1.8) 216 290 255	(1.4) (1.8) (2.5) 515 152 87



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Table 98: TYPES AND GRADE LEVELS OF SCHOOOLS ATTENDED BY SECONDARY STUDENTS WITH VISUAL IMPAIRMENTS

	Type of Sci	nool Attended	Severity of Visual Impairment		
School Cheracteristics	Regular School	Special School	Partially Sighted	Blind	
Percentage whose school was a:					
Comprehensive secondary school	96.0	0.0	73.0	44.7	
	(1.7)	( <b>6</b> .0}	( 4.3)	~(.6.2)	
Special school for students					
with disabilities	0.0	168	25.£	50.7	
	( 0.0)	{ 0.0}	( 4.2)	( 6.2)	
Vocational/technical school	0.7	0.0	1.0	0.0	
Other type of school	( 0.7)	{ 0.9}	( 1.0)	( 0.0)	
	3.3	8.0	0.9	4.6	
Number of respondents	( 1.6)	( 0.0)	( 0.9)	( 2.6)	
	402	359	341	<b>26</b> 1	
Percentage whose school served grades:					
K through 8 or 12	5.0	85.8	23.5	47.7	
	( 1.9)	( 3.6)	( 4.1)	( 6.2)	
6 through 12	9.0	5.9	10.2	7.3	
6 or 7 through 8 or 9	( 2.5)	( 2.6)	( 2.9)	( 3.2)	
	6.5	0.0	4.4	2.5	
9 or 10 through 12	( 2.2)	( 0.0)	( 2.g)	( 1.9)	
	79.6	0.0	61.4	38.0	
Ungraded students only	( 3.6)	( 0.0)	( 4.7)	( 5.0 <u>).</u>	
	0.0	7.3	0.4	4.6	
Number of respondents	( 0.0)	( 2.7)	( 0.6)	( 2.6)	
	402	359	341	261	



fable 9C: Types and grade levels of schoools-attended by secondary students with visi at inpainments

	Household 1	ncome	Ethnicity	Head of I	lousehold's Ec	fucation
School Characteristics	Under 12,000- \$12,000 \$24,999	\$25,000 and Over	Black White Hispanic	No High School Diploma	High School Diploma	Beyond High School
Percentage whose school was a:		-				
Comprehensive secondary school	50.8 63.6	72.4	70.4 58.8 74.7	31.5	61.7	63.4
	(7.7) (6.6)	(5.0)	( 5.4) ( 4.7) ( 7.7)	( હે.0)	( 6.6)	(5.8)
Special school for students		• • •		•	•	•
with disavilities	41.4 36.0	25.5	28.1 38.2 16.6	37.2	31.9	35.1
	(7.6) (6.6)	(4.9)	(5.3) (4.7) (6.6)	( 5.9)	(6.3)	(5.8)
Vocational/technical school	1.3 0.0	0.6	0.4 0.0 6.0	1.3	0.0	0.3
100011811217 0001817021 0011001	(1.7) (0.0)	( 0.9)	( 0.7) ( 0.0) ( 4.2)	(1.4)	( 0.0)	( 0.7)
Other type of school	6.5 0.4	1.5	1.1 3.0 2.6	0.0	5.4	1.1
other type or school	(3.8) (0.9)	(1.4)	(1.2) (1.6) (2.8)			
Number of respondents	137 170	258	167 413 60	( 0.0) 202	( 3.3) 212	( 1.3) 21 <b>9</b>
Percentage whose school served						
grades:						
K through 8 or 12	42.5 35.4	23.6	27.6 36.8 15.1	33.8	34.6	33.4
	(7.6) (6.6)	(4.8)	(5.3) (4.6) (6.3)	(5.8)	(6.4)	(5.7)
6 through 12	7.0 6.3	6.0	5.4 8.2 2.2	3.1	12.9	1.6
o cinough sc	(3.9) (3.3)	( 2.7)	(2.7) (2.6) (2.6)	( 2.1)	(4.5)	(1.5)
6 or 7 through 8 or 9	5.4 4.7	6.5	4.8 3.8 12.6	4.7	2.5	8.0
o or 7 through o or 3	(3.5) (2.9)	( 2.8)	(2.6) (1.8) (5.8)			
0 on 10 through 12				(2.6)	(2.1)	( 3.3)
9 or 10 through 12		63.6		52.7	50.0	55.8
Hammadad akudanka an i	(7.5) (6.9)	( 5.4)	(5.8) (4.8) (8.2)	( 6.1)	( 6.8)	( 6.0)
Ungraded students only	5.3 2.2	0.3	1.9 2.9 1.4	5.6	0.0	1.1
	(3.4) (2.0)	( 0.7)	(1.6) (1.6) (2.0)	( 2.8)	( 0.0)	( 1.3)
Number of respondents	137 170	258	167 413 60	202	212	219



Table 10A: STUDENT ENROLLMENT IN SCHOOLS ATTENDED BY SECONDARY STUDENTS WITH VISUAL IMPAIRMENTS

		Community	<u>Gender</u>	Age in 1987	School Status		
Student Enrollment	<u>Total</u>	Urban Suburban Rural	Male Female	19 or 15-16 17-18 older	In-School	Out 1 year or less	Out 1 - 2 Years
Average enrollment of:		•				_	
All students	314	1485 1335 835	930 897	977 941 815	905	1003	842
Secondary special education	,51.1)	( 107) ( 117) ( 118)	(84.0) (86.8)	(113) (96.8) (103)	(72.7)	( 147)	( 162)
students	95	129 99 56	97 94	93 93 101	93	100	
	(4.5)	(9.1) (9.0) (6.9)	( 5.6) ( 7.2)			102	98
Mumber of respondents	737	214 136 45	420 314	( 9.1) ( 7.3) ( 6.7) 207 284 246	( 5.8) 499	( 8.3) 148	(10.9) 83
Average secondary school enrollmen	t						
of students categorized as:	-						
Learning disabled	35	61 56 34	34 37	42 32 32	25	26	05
	( 3.2)	(6.6) (5.4) (6.0)	(3.9) (5.3)	(6.7) (4.9) (4.9)	35	36	35
Emotionally disturbed	, 0.2,	10 10 4	6 6	6 6 5	( 4.1)	( 6.4)	(7.7)
	(0.7)	(1.3) (2.0) (1.7)	(1.0) (1.1)		, b	6	5
Speech impaired	1 0.77	3 1 0	(1.0) (1.1)	(1.4) (1.3) (1.0)	( 0.9)	(1.5)	(1.7)
opecon impatrica	(0.4)	(0.9)(0.8)(0.3)	( ) ( ) ( ) ( )	(00) (05) (00)	1	1.	1
Mentally retarded	6	12 6 5	( 0.4) ( 0.6)	(0.8) (0.5) (0.6)	( 0.3)	( 0.7)	( 0.5)
Tellianity recorded	(1.2)	(2.9) (2.7) (2.6)	114110	6 8 3	6	7	. 3
Deaf/hard of hearing	10	(2.3) (2.7) (2.6)	(1.4) (2.2)	(2.3) (2.4) (1.4)	(1.5)	( 3.3)	( 1.7)
beat/here of heat my	( 2.1)	(07) (07) (00)	12 9	9 9 14	10	11	12
Visually impaired	16	(0.7) (0.7) (0.2)	(2.7) (3.2)	(3.7) (3.4) (3.5)	( 2.6)	( 4.3)	( 5.4)
visually impaired	(1.9)	(00) (00) (04)	17 15	9 16 22	15	18	17
Outhandias II. Impaired		(0.6) (0.5) (3.4)	( 2.5) ( 3.0)	(2.6) (3.3) (3.5)	( 2.4)	( 4.7)	( 4.2)
Orthopedically impaired	2	4 2 1	2 2	2 2 2	2	1	3
Athen bestable to the	( 0.6)	(1.5) (0.7) (0.2)	(0.4) (1.2)	(0.9) (1.0) (0.9)	( 0.7)	( 0.6)	( 1.9)
Other health impaired	1	1 2 0	1 1	1 1 0	1	Ò	2
M 2. 1. 2. 1. 1. 1. 1. 1. 1. 1. 1. 1. 1. 1. 1. 1.	( 0.3)	(0.8) (0.7) (0.4)	( 0.2) ( 0.7)	(0.4) (0.7) (0.2)	( 0.4)	,( 0.2)	(0.8)
Multiply impaired, deaf/blind	6	3 3 1	6 6	6 4 7	6	6	6
	( 0.8)	(1.2) (1.5) (0.6)	(1.0) (1.3)	(1.8) (1.1) (1.3)	(1.1)	(1.6)	(1.7)
Number of respondents	732	209 136 45	419 310	205 281 246	495	147	83
Percentage in schools with							
minority student enrollment of:							
10% or less	33.8	13.6 41.4 64.8	24 0 22 0	24.0 % 1 .00.0			
10% 01 1033	(3.3)		34.0 33.8	34.8 30.1 29.6	33.6	40.0	25.7
11% to 25%			(4.1) (5.4)	(6.4) (5.6) (4.9)	(4.1)	(7.2)	( 7.9)
IIA to EJA	14.3 ( 2.4)	9.4 23.8 16.4 (3.0) (6.5) (9.0)	14.2 14.5	18.2 12.1 13.1	14.6	11.7	17.2
26% to 50%	33.8	1.111	(3.0) (4.0)	(5.2) (3.8) (3.6)	(3.1)	( 4.7)	( 6.9)
EUM LU JUM		28.8 25.3 9.8	33.3 34.2	29.0 32.8 40.6	32.9	29.8	47.2
More than 50%	(3.3)	(4.7) (6.6) (7.2)	(4.1) (5.4)	(£.1) (5.5) (5.3)	( 4.1)	( 6.7)	( 9.1)
MOTE LITAR DUX	18.0	48.2 9.5 9.0	18.5 17.5	18.1 19.0 16.7	18.9	18.5	9.9
Mumbon of managedants	( 2.7)	(5.2) (4.5) (6.9)	(3.4) (4.3)	(5.2) (4.6) (4.0)	( 3.4)	( 5.7)	(5.4)
Number of respondents	706	220 139 45	409 295	211 263 2 <b>3</b> 2	486	135	78



TABLE 108: STUDENT ENROLLMENT IN SCHOOLS ATTENDED BY SECONDARY STUDENTS WITH VISUAL IMPAIRMENTS

	Type of Sch	nool Attended	Severity of Visual Impairment		
Student Enrollment	Regular School	Special School	Partially Sighted	81'ind	
Average enrollment of:					
All students	1324 (77.8)	155 ( 7.9)	993 (81,5)	757 ( 128)	
Secondary special education	• • • •	, ,			
students	100 ( 6.5)	88 (5.1)	95 ( 5.8)	91 ( 7.5)	
Number of respondents	380	357	329	255	
Average secondary school enrollment					
of students categorized as:	54	2	40	25	
Learning disabled	( 4.3)	(1.1)	( 4.4)	(5.1)	
Emotionally disturbed	9	i	7	4	
	(1.1)	(0.3)	( 1.0)	(1.2)	
Speech impaired	2	0	( 2 2)	1	
Manda 31 makanda d	( 0.6)	( 0.0)	( 0.6) 6	( 0.6) 5	
Mentally retarded	( 1.9)	( 0.7)	( 1.9)	( 1.8)	
Deaf/hard of hearing	3	25	11	9	
-	( 0.5)	( 4.8)	( 3.2)	( 3.5)	
Visually impaired	3	39	11	26	
Orthopedically impaired	( 0.4)	( 3.7) 2	( 2.0) 2	( 4.4) 2	
orthopeorearry impaired	( ú.Š)	(1.1)	( 0.5)	(1.2)	
Other health impaired	1	1	1	1	
	( 0.3)	( 0.6)	( 0.3)	( 0.6)	
Multiply impaired, deaf/blind	2 ( 0.6)	13 (1.6)	4 ( 0.8)	7 ( 1.8)	
Number of respondents	375	357	327	253	
Percentage in schools with					
minority student enrollment of:	20.0			40.0	
10% or less	35.2 ( 4.3)	31.1 ( 4.9)	37.9 ( 4.8)	40.0 ( 6.4)	
11% to 25%	16.2	10.5	12.5	10.6	
	(3.3)	(3.3)	(3.3)	(4.0)	
26% to 50%	23.2 ( 3.8)	55.7 ( 5.3)	31.8 ( 4.6)	37.1 ( 6.3)	
More than 50%	( 3.6) 25.5	2.7	17.8	12.3	
note that year	(3.9)	(1.7)	(3.8)	(4.3)	
Number of respondents	387	319	314	237	



## Table 10C. STUDENT ENROLLMENT IN SCHOOLS ATTENDED BY SECONDARY STUDENTS WITH VISUAL IMPAIRMENTS

	Household Income			Ethnicity	Ethnicity Head of		
Student Enrollment		12,000- \$24,999	\$25,000 and Over	Black White Hispanic	No High School	High School	Beyond High School
Average enrollment of: All students	756	897	1010	1070 834 1416	916	789	1034
Sucondary special education students	( 138)	100	( 107)	( 129) (83.3) ( 160) 112 86 136	( 124) 110	(92 7) 85	( 122) <b>89</b>
Number of respondents	(11.0) 132	( 9.3) 164	( 6.4) 251	( 9.9) ( 5.3) (17.1) 157 407 55	( 9 3) 193	( 8.8) 206	( 6.8) 213
Average secondary school enrollment of students categorized as:							
Learning disabled  Emotionally disturbed	28 ( 7.7) 5	6	41 ( 4.6) 7	41 32 66 (6.1) (4.0) (14.8) 7 5 12	41 ( 7.2) 6	32 ( 5.8) 6	34 ( 4.6)
Speech impaired	(1.6)	1	( 1.2)	(1.4) (0.9) (2.6) 1 1 4	( 1.4) 1	( 1.4) 1	( 1.3)
Hentally retarded	( 0.8)	5	(0.4)	(0.5) (0.3) (1.5)	( 0.6) 7	( 0.5) 4	( 0.5) 5
Deaf/hard of hearing	( 2.9) 16	(2.0)	( 2.4)	(3.5) (1.3) (1.5) 17 9 2	( 2.4) 12	( 2.0) 11	( 2.4) 7
Visually impaired	( 5.7) 17 ( 4.7)	( 4.9) 20 ( 4.2)	( 2.2) 15	( 5.1) ( 2.5) ( 0.6) 11 18 22	( 3.9) 18	( 4.7) 15	( 3.0) 18
Orthopedically impaired	( 4.7) 2 ( 0.9)	( 4.2)	( 3.3) 3 ( 1.1)	(2.6) (3.0) (7.0)	(3.8)	(3.8)	(3.8)
Other health impaired	( 0.3) 0 ( 0.1)	0	1 (0.6)	( 1.2) ( 0.6) ( 2.8) 1 1 2 ( 0.8) ( 0.3) ( 1.9)	(1.0) 0	(1.2)	(0.8)
Multiply impaired, deaf/blind	( 2.3)	(1.1)	5 (1.2)	5 6 8 (1.5) (1.2) (2.7)	( 0.6) 7	( 0,7) 5	( 0.3)
Number of respondents	131	162	249	154 405 55	( 1.9) 192	( 1.3) 203	( 1.2) 212
Percentage in schools with minority student enrollment of: 10% or less	32.5	32.8	36.3	10.8 44.4 8.G	29.7	42.8	
11% to 25%	( 7.4) 9.6	( 6.7) 14.5	( 5.6) 19.4	(3.8) (4.9) (5.0) 8:4 18.5 6.1	( 5.7) 11.5	( 6.9) 13.7	26.0 ( 5.5) 22.4
26% to 50%	( 4.7) 34.0	( 5.0) 33.8	( 4.6) 30.1	(3.4) (3.9) (4.4) 39.6 32.5 26.5	( 4.0) 35.2	( 4.8) 24.1	(5.2) 39.7
More than 50%	( 7.5) 23.8	18.9	( 5.3) 14.3	(6.0) (4.7) (8.1) 41.2 4.6 59.3	( 6.0) 23.7	(6.0) 19.3	( 6.1) 11.9
Number of respondents	( 6.7) 126	( 5.6) 157	( 4.0) 242	(6.0) (2.1) (9.0) 159 381 56	( 5.3) 188	( 5.5) 198	(4.1) 204

Table 10A: STUDENT ENROLLMENT IN SCHOOLS ATTENDED BY SECONDARY STUDENTS WITH VISUAL IMPAIRMENTS (Concluded)

		Community	Gender	Age in 1987	School Status
Student Enrollment	<u>Total</u>	Urban Suburban Rural	Hale Female	19 or 15-16 17-16 older	In-School Out 1 year Out 1 - 2 Years
Percentage in schools with low income student enrollment of:					•
Less than 10%	17.1	15.9 38.1 18.3	16.6 17.7	15.4 21.9 12.4	18.8 - 15.1 10.5
10% to 25%	( 2.6)	(3.8) (7.4) (9.3)	(3.3) (4.4)	(4.9) (4.9) (3.5)	(3.4) (5.2) (5.7)
	29.3	33.8 36.4 43.0	29.0 29.9	29.9 28.1 30.3	27.6 32.6 35.3
26% to 50%	( 3.2)	(4.9) (7.3) (11.9)	( 4.0) ( 5.2)	(6.2) (5.3) (4.9)	(3.9) (6.8) (8.9)
	28.5	27.5 13.8 29.0	25.7 32.3	30.2 26.5 29.5	27.5 31.9 26.5
More than 50%	( 3.2)	(4.6) (5.3) (10.9)	(3.8) (5.4)	(6.2) (5.2) (4.9)	(3.9) (6.8) (8.2)
	25.1	22.8 11.7 9.7	28.7 20.2	24.6 23.4 27.9	26.1 20.4 27.8
Number of respondents	( 3.0)	( 4.4) ( 4.9) ( 7.1)	( 4.0) ( 4.6)	(5.8) (5.0) (4.8)	(3.9) (5.9) (8.4)
	701	219 137 64	405 294	209 261 231	480 137 77
Of students in schools serving 12th grade, percentage in schools with student graduation rate of:* 50% or less	6.4	16.6 0.5 1.0	6.7 5.9	4.5 4.0 11.0	5.6 7.1 9.3
51% to 75%	(1.8)	(4.3) (1.2) (2.4)	( 2.3) ( 2.7)	(3.1) (2.4) (3.4)	(2.1) (3.7) (5.6)
	24.3	31.4 21.7 17.9	24.4 24.1	23.1 24.5 20.2	24.6 24.4 23.4
76% to 95%	( 3.1)	(5.4) (6.8) (9.3)	(4.0) (5.0)	(6.9) (5.2) (4.3)	(4.0) (6.2) (8.1)
	.56.7	47.5 46.3 59.5	60.5 52.2	47.1 58.1 62.7	53.2 66.3 58.0
Hore than 95%	( 3.6)	(5.8) (8.2) (12.0)	( 4.5) ( 5.8)	(7.5) (5.9) (5.2)	(4.6) (6.8) (9.4)
	,12.6	4.5 31.5 21.6	8.4 17.9	19.4 13.5 6.1	16.6 2.2 9.3
Number of respondents	( 2.4)	( 2.4) ( 7.6) (10.0)	( 2.6) ( 4.4)	(6.0) (4.1) (2.6)	(3.5) (2.1) (5.5)
	363	181 120 43	378 283	165 221 237	436 143 77
Of students in schools serving 12th grade, percentage in schools with college (2- or 4-year) attendance rate of:*					
25% or less	32.2	16.2 9.3 17.9	36.3 27.2	33.7 25.9 39.2	33.0 33.5 24.3
	( 3.5)	(4.3) (4.9) (9.6)	( 4.5) ( 5.3)	(7.5) (5.3) (5.3)	(4.5) (7.0) (8.2)
26% to 50%	36.5 (3.6)	35.4 4<.0 69.0 (5.6) (8.3) (11.6)	32.0 41.9 (4.4) (5.9)	36.9 38.5 33.5 (7.6) (5.9) (5.1)	(4.5) (7.0) (8.2) 35.7 42.4 33.0 (4.5) (7.3) (9.0)
51% to 75%	23.2	36.5 30.2 13.1	22.2 24.3	24.2 27.9 16.3	23.8 21.2 24.5
	( 3.1)	(5.7) (7.7) (8.5)	( 3.9) ( 5.1)	( 6.8) ( 5.5) ( 4.0)	(4.0) (6.1) (8.3)
More iman 75%	8.1 ( 2.0)	11.9 16.4 0.0 (3.8) (6.2) (0.0)	9.5 6.5 (2.7) (2.9)	5.1 7.8 11.1 (3.5) (3.3) (3.4)	7.4 2 9 18.2
Number of respondents	653	177 116 40	371 280	161 259 233	( 2.5) ( 2.5) ( 7.4) 433 137 76

<sup>\*</sup> See Appendix for percentage of youth that attended schools serving 12th grade.

Table 108: STUDENT ENROLLMENT IN SCHOOLS ATTENDED BY SECONDARY STUDENTS WITH VISUAL IMPAIRMENTS (Concluded)

	Type of Sch	nool Attended	Severity of Visual Impairment		
Student Enrollment	Regular School	Special School	Partially Sighted	<u>Blind</u>	
Percentage in schools with low			,		
income student enrollment of:					
Less than 10%	25.2	0.3	15.0	19.5	
	(3.9)	( 0.6)	( 3.5) 31.3	( 5.2) <b>29</b> .7	
10% to 25%	36.5 ( 4.4)	14.5 ( 3.7)	( 4.6)	{ <b>6.1</b> }	
OPM A. ERM	23.3	39.5	25.8	28.4	
26% to 50%	( 3.8)	( 5.2)	( 4.4)	( 6.0)	
More than 50%	15.1	45.8	27.9	22.4	
HUTE LINES DUA	(3.2)	(5.3)	( 4.5)	(5.5)	
Number of respondents	363	318	315	234	
Of students in schools serving				•	
12th grade, percentage in schools					
with student graduation rate of:*					
50% or less	5.4	8.0	4.1	6.8	
	(_2.2)	( 2.7)	( 2.0)	(3.4)	
51% to 75%	25.3	22.4	29.3	14.1	
	(4.3)	(4.2)	(4.7)	(4.7)	
76% to 95%	50.3	68.7	54.7	68.9	
	(4.9)	( 4.6)	( 5.1)	( 6.2)	
More than 95%	19.0	0.8	11.9	10.2 ( 4.0)	
Nuclear of managed	( 3.8) 333	( 0.9) 330	( 3.3) 308	230	
Number of respondents	333	330	300	230	
Of students in schools serving					
12th grade, percentage in schools					
with college (2- or 4-year)					
attendance rate of:*					
25% or less	13.1	65.5	25.4	35.7	
	( 3.4)	( 5.0)	( 4.6)	( 6.4)	
26% to 50%	47.2	17.8	42.7	30.6	
	( 5.0)	( 4.0)	( 5.2)	( 6.2)	
51% to 75%	29.1	13.0	24.3	23.7	
	( 4.5)	( 3.5)	( 4.5)	(5.7)	
More than 75%	10.6	3.7	7.6	10.0	
	( 3.1)	( 2.0)	( 2.8)	( 4.0)	
Number of respondents	323	330	298	228	

<sup>\*</sup> See Appendix for percentage of youth that attended schools serving 12th grade.



Table 10C: STUDENT ENROLLMENT IN SCHOOLS ATTENDED BY SECONDARY STUDENTS VITH VISUAL IMPAIRMENTS (Come tuded)

**	Household Incore			Ethnicity	Head of Household's Education		
Student Enrollment		12,000- \$24,999	\$25,000 and Over	Black White Hispanic	No High School Diploma	High School Diplome	Beyond High School
Percentage in schools with low				•	, , , , , ,	*	
income student enrollment of: Less than 10%	12.3	9.0	27.4	7.4 21.3 6.7	9.7	16.3	28.3
10% to 25%	( 5.2) 31.0	30.1	( 5.2) 31.0	(3.3) (4.1) (4.5) 28.8 30.9 25.4	( 3.7) 27.8	(5.3) 36.1	( 5.7) 24.7
26% to 50%	( 7.4) 24.6	( 6.6) 30.5	( 5.4) 25.5	(5.6) (4.6) (7.8) 26.2 28.6 32.9	( 5.6) 28.3	( 6.8) 25.3	( 5.5) 31.5
More than 50%	( 6.9) 32.1	( 6.6) 30.4	(5.1) 16.1	(5.5) (4.5) (8.4) 37.5 19.2 34.9	( 5.6) 34.2	( 5.2) 22.3	( 5.9) 15.4
Number of respondents	( 7.4) 126	( <b>6</b> .6) 156	( 4.3) 239	( 6.0) ( 3.9) ( 8.5) 154 - 380 58	( 5.9) 191	( 5.9) 193	( 4.6) 200
Of students in schools serving 12th grade, percentage in schools with student graduation rate of:*							
50% or less	7.2 ( 4.4)	3.0 ( 2.6)	8.3 ( 3.3)	12.1 4.6 9.1 ( 4.4) ( 2.1) ( 6.0)	6.2 ( 3.2)	6.2 ( 3.5)	5.8 ( 3.2)
51% to 75%	27.9 ( 7.6)	38.4	14.6	40.6 19.6 25.8 (6.6) (4.0) (9.1)	36.8 ( 6.5)	18.1 (5.5)	20.2
76% to 95%	54.4 ( 8.4)	50.1	56.9 ( 6.0)	44.9 60.0 63.1 ( 6.7) ( 4.9) (10.0)	51.3 ( 6.7)	59.5 (7.1)	57.6 ( 6.3)
More than 95%	10.5 ( 5.2)	8.5	20.2	2.4 15.9 1.9 (2.1) (3.7) (2.8)	5.8 ( 3.1)	16.2 ( 5.3)	15.4 ( 4.6)
Number of respondents	117	140	229	134 378 44	168	194	186
Of students in schools serving 12th grade, percentage in schools with college (2- or 4-year) attendance rate of:						-	
25% or less	40.1 ( 8.4)	29.7 (7.0)	27.2 ( 5.5)	29.9 32.6 35.1 (6.2) (4.9) (9.8)	36.7 ( 6.5)	26.1 ( 6.5)	34.0 ( 6.5)
26% to 50%	35.3 ( 8.2)	50.4	36.7 ( 5.9)	41.9 38.1 27.5 (6.7) (5.0) (9.2)	35.9 ( 6.4)	54.8 ( 7.3)	26.2 ( 6.0)
51% to 75%	21.9	14.8	23.6 ( 5.2)	21.6 20.2 34.1	21.9 ( 5.5)	17.0 ( 5.5)	21.6 ( 5.6)
More than 75%	( 7.1) 2.6	( 5.5) 5.1	12.5	6.5 9.2 3.3	5.4 ( 3.0)	2.1	18.2
Number of respondents	( 2.7) 116	( 3.4) 140	( 4.1) 223	(3.3) (3.0) (3.7) 134 368 45	169	( 2.1) 1 <b>23</b>	( 5.3) 183

<sup>\*</sup> See Appendix for percentage of youth that attended schools serving 12th grade.



		Community	Gender	Age in 1987	School Status
Staffing Characteristics	Tota!	Urban Suburban Rural	Hale Female	19 or 15-16 17-18 older	In-School Out 1 year Out 1 - 2 Years
For students in secondary schools, percentage in schools whose FTE special education staff included:					
Fewer than 5 professionals	14.9 ( 2.5)	10.8 23.6 35.0 ( 3.2) ( 6.3) (11.2)	15.5 14.2 ( 3.2) ( 4.0)	14.3 19.6 9.4 ( 4.8) ( 4.7) ( 3.1)	15.9 19.8 0.0
5 to 10 professionals	32.3 ( 3.3)	48.0 40.9 47.9	27.7 38.2 ( 4.0) ( 5.5)	40.9 33.6 22.0	(3.2) (5.7) (0.0) 33.1 32.5 27.0
11 to 25 professionals	20.8	(5.1) (7.3) (11.7) 31.4 32.4 4.9	21.3 20.3	(6.8) (5.5) (4.4) 22.5 18.1 22.7	(4.1) (6.7) (8.4) 19.8 19.2 27.0
More than 25 professionals	( 2.8) 32.0	(4.8) (7.0) (5.1) 9.9 3.1 12.2	(3.6) (4.6) 35.5 27.2	(5.7) (4.5) (4.5) 22.3 28.8 45.9	(3.5) (5.6) (8.4) 31.1 28.4 3.0
Number of respondents	(3.3) :07	(3.1) (2.6) (7.7) 224 141 46	(4.2) (5.0) 411 293	(5.7) (5.3) (5.3) 198 269 240	(4.1) (6.4) (3.4) 482 141 77
For students in secondary schools, average ratio of secondary special education students to special education professionals	8.7	11.4 12.1 11.9	8.5 9.0	9.7 9.2 7.1	8.6 10.5 6.4
Number of respondents	( 0.5) 689	( 0.6) ( 0.9) ( 1.7) 212 136 45	(0.6) (0.8) 399 287	( 1.0) ( 0.8) ( 0.7) 191 265 233	( 0.6) ( 1.1) ( 1.1) 470 137 75
Percentage in schools with: Case managers for special ed. students	81.5 ( 2.9)	89.0 95.9 87.7 (3.6) (3.4) (3.2)	79.4 84.3	84.1 83.6 75.6	81.8 81.6 81.6
Staff responsible for finding jobs for special ed. students			(3.8) (4.5)	(5.2) (4.7) (5.0)	(3.7) (6.2) (6.8)
Number of respondents	51.8 ( 3.7) C14	67.4 58.5 36.2 (5.3) (7.8) (11.9) 186 129 41	51.3 51.9 ( 4.7) ( 5.8) 355 257	56.3 46.2 54.9 (7.0) (6.1) (5.5) 188 234 192	49.0 57.3 59.0 ( 4.7) ( 7.4) ( 8.5) 417 118 74
Of students in schools with nondis- abled students, percentage in schoo whose portion of regular ed. staff receiving inservice training on specia! education was:*					
10% or less	53.8 (4.8)	62.9 49.1 45.0 ( 5 7) ( 8.3) (13.0)	56.9 50.1 (6.0) (7.8)	64.0 47.5 50.0 (7.8) (7.9) (9.1)	55.6 52.8 39.1
11% to 25%	9.1	3.2 15.0 10.1	9.0 9.1	6.3 12.1 7.7	( 6.0) (10.0) (13.9) 7.4 9.6 22.1
26% to 50%	( 2.8) 7.3	(2.1) (5.9) (7.9) 5.3 6.2 12.5	( 3.5) ( 4.5) 6.6 8.1	(4.0) (5.2) (4.9) 8.4 3.6 12.4	(3.1) (5.9) (11.8) 5.8 7.3 20.1
More than 50%	( 2.5) 29.9	(2.6) (4.0) (8.6) 28.6 29.7 32.3	(3.0) (4.3) 27.4 32.7	(4.5) (2.9) (6.0) 21.4 36.8 29.9	(2.8) (5.2) (11.4) 31.2 30.3 18.8
Number of respondents	( 4.4) 333	(5.3) (7.6) (12.2) 176 118 39	(5.4) (7.3) 189 144	( 6.7) ( 7.6) ( 8.4) 125 133 75	(5.6) (9.2) (11.1) 236 69 26

<sup>\*</sup> See Table 9 for percentage of youth in schools other than special schools that served only disabled students.

Source: Survey of Secondary Special Education Programs. Data are for the most recent year in school.



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Table 118: STAFFING CHARACTERISTICS OF SCHOOLS ATTENDED BY SECONDARY STUDENTS WITH VISUAL INPAIRMENTS

· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	Type of Sch	ool Attended	Severity of Visual Impairment		
Staffing Characteristics	Regular School	Special School	Partially Sighted	Blind	
For students in secondary schools,	`		,		
percentage in schools whose FTE special education staff included:					
Fewer than 5 professionals	22.0	0.0	16.8	. 14.8	
Lange Circle 2 highestoners	(3.7)	( 0.0)	(3.8)	( 4.6)	
5 to 10 professionals	47.5	0,4	39.6	[20.3]	
0 00 20 0000000000000000000000000000000	( 4.4)	( 0.7)	( 4.9)	(5.2)	
11 to 25 professionals	25.6	10.7	19.9	18.6	
	( 3.9)	(3.4)	(4.0)	(5.1)	
More than 25 professionals	4.8	88.8	23.6	46.3	
	( 1.9)	( 3.5)	( 4.3)	( 6.5)	
Number of respondents	394	313	311	240	
For students in secondary schools,					
average ratio of secondary					
special education students to					
special education professionals	12.1	1.7	10.3	6.8	
•	( 0.5)	( 0.1)	( 0.8)	( 0.8)	
Number of respondents	378	311	302	236	
Percentage in schools with:					
Case managers for special ed.					
students	92.2	58.0	82.0	79.6	
	( 2.6)	( 5.7)	( 4.0)	( 5.8)	
Staff responsible for finding			<b></b>	F0 0	
jobs for special ed. students	56.8	42.0	51.1	52.0 (6.8)	
	( 4.7)	( 5.4)	( 5.2) 289	202	
Number of respondents	340	274	209	202	
Of students in schools with mondis-					
abled students, percentage in schools					
whose portion of regular ed. staff					
receiving inservice training on					
special education was:*				50.0	
10% or less	53.8		52.8	56.8	
	( 4.8)		( 6.6)	(10.6)	
11% to 25%	9.1		11.4 ( 4.2)	8.0 (5.8)	
	( 2.8)		9.8	2.7	
26% to 50%	7.3 ( 2.5)		(3.8)	(3.4)	
Mana Alam FON	29.9.	***	26.0	32.6	
More than 50%	(4.4)		(5.8)	(10.0)	
Number of respondents	333	0	166	85	
number of respondents	555	•			

<sup>\*</sup> See Table 9 for percentage of youth in schools other than special schools that served only disabled students.





,	Ho	Household Income			Ethní	citý	Head of	Head of Household's Education		
Staffing Characteristics		12.000- \$24,999	\$25,000 and Over	<u>. 81</u>		Hispanic	No High School	High School Diplome	Beyond High School	
For students in secondary schools, percentage in schools whose FTE special education staff included: Fewer than 5 professionals	15.2	15.1	25.2		.7 20.5		8.5	25.1	19.0	
5 to 10 professionals	( 5.7) 29.8		( 5.0) 28.7	39	.4) ( 4.1 .9	36.4	(3.6) 27.3	( 6.1) 27.8	( 4.9) 30.5	
1, to 25 professionals	( 7.3) 13.7	( 6.3) 22.9	( 5.2) 21.6	21		26.9	( 5.7) 25.3	( 6.3) 15.6	( 5.8) 24.7	
More than 25 professionals	( 5.5) 41.3	(6.1)	( 4.8) 24.5	30		26.9	( 5.5) 38.8	(5.1) 31.5	( 5.4) 25.8	
Number of respondents	( 7.9) 127	( 6.9) 154	( 5.0) · 242		.6) ( 4.7 51      372		( 6.2) 188	( 6.6) 1 <b>96</b>	( 5.5) 202	
For students in secondary schools, average ratio of secondary special education students to special education professionals	7.4	8.4*	11.1		.2 8.6		7.9	9.4	8.8	
Number of respondents	( 1.0) 123	( 0.9) 150	( 1.0) 237		.9) ( 0.7 54     368		( 0.8) 179	( ·1.1) 192	( 0.9) 1 <b>99</b>	
Percentage in schools with:  Case managers for special ed. students  Staff responsible for finding	71.8 ( 7.7)	85.5 ( 5.4)	88.6 ( 4.0)		.2 84.3 .8) ( 3.9		82.5 ( 5.1)	77.2 ( 6.5)	87.8 ( 4.5)	
jobs for special ed. students  Number of respondents	48.0 ( 8.5) 112	47.9 ( 7.4) 138	49.9 ( 6.1) 203		.4 52.2 .4) ( 5.2 36 330	(10.4)	57.9 ( 6.6) 168	42.1 ( 7.3) .66	53.3 ( 6.7) 170	
Of students in schools with nondis- abled students, percentage in schools whose portion of regular ed. staff receiving inservice training on special education was:* 10% or less	62.2	58.5	<b>45</b> .0	60			58.7	45.7	54.2	
11% to 25%	(12.1) 1.2	4.2	( 7.2) 16.0	5	.9) ( 7.0 .6 10.9	14.9	( 8.4) 3.5	(10.2) 9.9	( 7.7) 12.3	
26% to 50%	( 2.8) 1.2	9.1	( 5.3) 4.2	2	.7) ( 4.4 .9     9.2	8.2	(3.1)	( 6.2) 7.8	( 5.1) 10.2	
More than 50%	( 2.8) 35.4 (12.0)	28.3 ( 9.0)	( 2.9) 34.8 ( 6.9)	31	.7) ( 4.1 .2    30.1 .5) ( 6.4	37.9 (10.8)	( 3.4) 33.7 ( 8 <sub>.</sub> 0)	( 5.5) 36.5 ( 9.9)	( 4.7) 23.3 ( 6.5)	
Number of respondents	51	68	137		83 167	92 38	91	87	109	

<sup>\*</sup> See Table 9 for percentage of youth in schools other than special achools that served only disabled students.

Source: Survey of Secondary Special Education Programs. Data are for the most recent year in school.

Table 12A: POLICIES OF SCHOOLS ATTENDED BY SECONDARY STUDENTS WITH VISUAL IMPAIRMENTS

•		Community	_6 ter	Age in 1987		School Status	
School Policies	Total	Urban Suburban Rural	Hale Fome?2	19 or 15-16 :7-18 older	In-School	Out 1 year 0	ut 1 - 2 Yeers
MAINSTREAMING Of students in schools with nondis- abled students, percentage in schools that expected mainstreamed students						, "	
to keep up without special help*	32.8 ( 4.5)	38.3 28.0 30.9 (5.6) (7.4) (11.6)	37.5 27.6 (5.8) (6.9)	23.6 39.6 33.5 (7.0) (7.6) (8.4)	32.4 ( 5.6)	28.9 ( 8.9)	44.5 (13.9)
Number of respondents	343	180 122 41	192 151	IE6 139 78	242	71	27
Of students in schools with nondis- abled students, purcentage in schools that gave teachers with mainstreamed students:"							
Special inservice training	50.5 ( 4.8)	49.3 61.7 35.8 ( 5.8) ( 7.9) (12.1)	44.8 56.9 (5.9) (7.6)	51.0 47.3 55.5 (8.1) (7.8) (8.9)	50.3 ( 5.9)	45.8 ( 9.8)	<b>62.9</b> (13.5)
Consultation services	97.4	97.2 98.4 96.3 (1.9) (2.1) (4.8)	97.6 97.2 (1.3) (2.5)	99.0 96.8 96.2 (1.6) (2.7) (3.4)	97.1 ( 2.0)	97.2 ( 3.2)	100 ( 0.5)
Special materials	63.2	64.5 58.6 67.9 (5.5) (8.0) (11.7)	58.8 68.2 (5.9) (7.1)	61.5 67.1 58.4 (7.9) (7.3) (8.8)	63.6 (5.7)	58.7 ( 9.7)	73.5 (12.3)
Classroom aides	36.4	43.4 41.5 17.0 (5.7) (8.0) (9.5)	34.7 38.2 (5.7), (7.5)	31.1 39.7 37.7 (7.5) (7.6) (8.7)	34.9 ( 5.6)	35.8 ( 9.5)	48.4 (14.0)
Reduced class size	11.3	10.2 14.3 8.6 (3.5) (5.7) (7.1)	11.5 11.0 ( 3.8) ( 4.8)	7.2 13.0 13.9 (4.2) (5.2) (6.2)	9.6 ( 3.5)	18.3 ( 7.6)	6.6 ( 6.9)
None of these	0.7	1.7 0.0 0.0 (1.5) (0.0) (0.0)	1.0 0.3 (1.2) (0.9)	0.0 1.1 0.8 (0.0) (1.6; (1.6)	1.0	0.0 ( 0.0)	( 0.0)
Humber of respondents	346	181 124 41	195 151	129 139 78	245	71	27
GRADING Of students in schools with nondis- abled students, percentage in schools that graded mainstreamed students:* On same standard as regular							
education students	62.9	81.3 64.3 30.8	72.0 52.2	62.5 62.5 64.2	64.0	49.3	85.9
On different standard	(4.9) 36.0 (4.8)	( 4.8) ( 8.2) (12.1) 18.7 32.5 69.2 ( 4.8) ( 8.0) (12.1)	(5.6) (8.2) 28.0 45.4 (5.6) (8.2)	(8.2) (7.9) (9.2) 34.2 37.5 35.8 (8.1) (7.9) (9.2)	( 6.0) 34.4 ( 5.9)	(10.5) 50.7 (_0.5)	(10.4) 14.I (10.4)
Old not grade mainstreamed	-						
students	1.1 (1.1)	0.0 3.1 0.0 (0.0) (3.0) (0.0)	0.0 2.4 (0.0) (2.5)	3.3 0.0 0.0 (3.0) (0.0) (0.0)	1.6 ( 1.5)	0.0 ( 0.0)	0.0 ( 0.0)
Number of respondents	311	163 111 37	179 132	117 126 68	222	63	23

<sup>\*</sup> See Table 9 for percentage of youth in schools other than special schools that served only disabled stiments.



Table 128: POLICIES OF SCHOOLS ATTENDED BY SECONDARY STUDENTS WITH VISUAL IMPAIRMENTS

	Type of Sch	nooi Attended	Severity of Visual Impairment		
School Policies	Regular School	Special School	Pa. Hally Sighted	<b>B</b> lind	
MAINSTREAMING Of students in schools with mondis- abled students, percentage in schools that expected mainstreamed students					
to keep up without special help*	32. <b>8</b> ( 4.5)	***	30.2 ( 6.0)	45.4 (10.5)	
Number of respondents	343	0	173	88	
Of students in schools with nondis- abled students, percentage in schools that gave teachers with mainstreamed students:"					
Special inservice training	50.5 ( 4.8)	*****	54.4 ( 6.5)	46. <b>6</b> (10.4)	
Consultation services	97.4	***	97.1	100	
Special materials	( 1.5) 63.2 ( 4.6)		( 2.2) 62.8 ( 6.3)	( 0.0) <b>64.3</b> (10.0)	
Classroom aides	36.4 ( 4.6)		36.9 ( 6.3)	42. <b>6</b> (10.3)	
Reduced class size	11.3 ( 3.0)	•••	11.2 ( 4.1)	10.0	
None of these	0.7		0.6	0.0	
Number of respondents	( 0.8) 346	0	( 1.0) 174	( 0.0) 89	
GRADING Of students in schools with nondis- abled students, percentage in schools that graded mainstrepad students:* On same standard as requiar					
education students	62.9 ( 4.9)	•••	65.8	62.7	
On different standard	36.0 4.8)	•••	( 6.5) 32.1 ( 6.4)	(10.8) 37.3 (10.8)	
Oid not grade mainstreamed students	1.1	•••	2.1 ( 1.9)	0.0 ( 0.0)	
Number of respondents	311	0	157	78	

<sup>\*</sup> See Table 9 for percentage of youth in schools other than special schools that served only disabled students.



lable 12C: POLICIES OF SCHOOLS ATTENDED BY SECONDARY STUDENTS WITH VISUAL IMPAIRMENTS

•	Household Income		ncome	Ethnicity	Heed of How shold's Education		
School Policies		12,000- \$24,999	\$25,000 and Over	Black White Hispanic	No High School Diploms	High School	Beyond High School
MAINSTREAMING Of students in schools with nondi ablied students, percentage in schools that expected mainstreamed students					•• •		37.2
to keep up without special help*	36. <b>8</b> (12.1)	31.0 { 9.0}	29.3 ( 6.5)	48.9 29.8 20.5 ( 8.5) ( 6.3) ( 8.9)	29.2 (7.8)	31.1 ( 9.2)	37.2 ( 7.4)
Number of respondents	51	71	141	86 171 39	90	94	'iii'
Of students in schools with nondis- abled students, percentage in schools that gave teachers with mainstreamed students:*							
Special inservice training	49.4	44.0	54.7	45.4 53.9 54.5	42.5	54.6	54.8
Consultation services	(12.3) 98.4 ( 3.1)	( 9.7) 97.9 ( 2.8)	( 7.1) 96.5 ( 2.6)	(8.4) (6.9) (10.9) 96.9 98.6 87.5 (2.9) (1.6) (7.3)	( 8.4) 97.5 { 2.7)	( 9.8) 94.0 ( 4.7)	( 7.5). 100 ( 0.0)
Special materials	64.2 (11.8)	61.7	65.6 ( 6.8)	61.2 65.4 69.5 (8.2) (6.6) (10.1)	59.3 ( 8.4)	71.2 ( 8.9)	57.5 ( 7.5)
Classroom aides	44.9 (12.2)	31.0	43.0 (7.1)	29.7 39.4 40.4 (7.7) (6.7) (10.8)	28.6 ( 7.7)	47.2 ( 9.8)	41.6 ( 7.5)
Reduced class size	5.5 ( 5.6)	5.5 ( 4.4)	18.0 ( 5.5)	4.2 13.6 13.4 ( 3.4) ( 4.7) ( 7.5)	12.4 ( 5.6)	11.8 ( 6.3)	11.2 ( 4.8)
None of these	0.0 ( 0.0)	2.1 ( 2.8)		1.5 0.0 4.4 (2.1) (0.0) (4.5)	1.2 ( 1.8)	1.2 ( 2.1)	0.0 ( 0.0)
Number of respondents	53	71	142	<b>87 173 39</b>	90	25	113
GRADING  Of students in schools with nondisabled students, percentage in schools that graded mainstreamed students:*  On same standard as regular							
education students	67.9 (11.8)	59.1 (10.1)		78.6 58.7 69.7 (7.4) (7.1) (11.1)	73.0 ( 7. <b>9</b> )	53.0 (10.4)	69.0 (7.6)
On different standard	32.1 (11.8)	36.1 (9.8)	30.2 ( 7.0)	21.4 41.3 30.3 (7.4) (7.1) (11.1)	27.0 ( 7.9)	47.0 (10.4)	26.2 ( 7.2)
Dir not grade mainstreamed students	0.0 ( 0.0)	4.7 ( 4.3)	0.0	0.0 0.0 0.0 ( 0.0) ( 0.0) ( 0.0)	0.0 ( 0.0)	0.0 ( 0.0)	4.8 ( 3.5)
Number of respondents	50	64	125	77 158 32	82	87	96

<sup>\*</sup> See Table 9 for percentage of youth in schools other than special schools that served only disabled students.

Source: Survey of Secondary Special Education Programs. Data are for the most recent year in school.



7		Community	Gender	Age in 1987	School Sta	tus
	•		Mala Carala	19 or	Out 1 year In-School or less	r Out 1 - 2 Years
School Policies GRADING (CONCLUCED) Of students in schools with non- disabled students, percentage in schools that graded special education classes: On same standard as	<u>Total</u>	<u>Urban Suburban Rural</u>	Male Female	15-16 17-18 older		
regular classes	16.2 ( 3.6)	17.5 15.9 14.5 ( 4.6) ( 6.1) ( 8.9)	20.1 11.9 { 4.9} ( 5.1)	19.3 16.2 11.5 (6.5) (5.9) (5.9)	17.6 10.7 ( 4.6) ( 6.4	
On standard different from regular classes	83.5 ( 3.7)	81.¢ 84.1 85.5 ( 4.6) ( 6.1) ( 8.9)	79.3 88.1 (5.0) (5.1)	80.7 83.8 87.2 (6.5) (5.9) (6.2)	82.0 89.3 ( 4.6) ( 6.4	
Did not give grades for special education classes	0.3 ( 0.5)	0.7 0.0 0.0 ( 1.0) ( 0.0) ( 0.0)	0.6 0.0 (0.9) (0.0)	0.0 0.0 1.3 (0.0) (0.0) (2.1)	0.4 0.0 ( 0.8) ( 0.0	) (0.0)
Number of respondents	331	170 120 41	184 147	126 133 72	238 66	24
PRIMARY SCHOOL FUNCTION Of students in schools with learning handicapped youth, percentage in schools whose primary intent relative to such students was training in:** Academic skills	41.0	51.2 <b>65.6 48.0</b>	42.6 39.3	42.8 42.7 36.2	43.4 34.3	38.8
Independent living skills	( 4.0) 55.5 ( 4.0)	(6.2) (8.8) (12.9) 45.0 30.9 43.0 (6.2) (8.6) (12.8)	(5.0) (6.3) 52.5 58.9 (5.1) (6.3)	(7.6) (6.7) (5.5) 55.8 51.5 61.1 (7.6) (6.7) (5.6)	(5.1) (7.3 53.0 63.1 (5.1) (7.4	56.2
Skills for employment	3.5 (1.5)	3.8 3.5 9.0 (2.4) (3.4) (7.4)	4.9 1.8 ( 2.2) ( 1.7)	1.3 5.8 2.6 (1.8) (3.2) (1.8)	3.6 2.6 (1.9) (2.5	4.9
Number of respondents	555	161 99 39	318 235	170 212 173	373 112	66
SUSPENSION/EXPULSION Percentage in schools in which special education students: Could not be suspended or						10.7
expelled	24.8 ( 3.2)	25.3 19.4 33.0 ( 4.9) ( 6.3) (12.0)	27.7 21.5 ( 4.1) ( 4.8)	23.4 27.3 22.9 (6.0) (5.4) (4.7)	26.3 22.0 ( 4.1) ( 6.2	
Could only be suspended	27.9 ( 3.3)	28.0 27.1 24.3 (5.0) (7.0) (10.9)	25.8 30.5 (4.1) (5.4)	27.4 29.4 26.3 (6.3) (5.6) (4.9)	29.0 28.9 ( 4.2) ( 6.8	18.8
Could only be expelled	16.7 ( 2.7)	16.0 14.6 13.4 ( 4.1) ( 5.6) ( 8.7)	17.8 15.2 (3.5) (4.2)	18.1 12.7 20.7 (5.4) (4.1) (4.5)	15.1 14.2 (3.3) (5.3	
Could be both suspended and expelled	30.6 ( 3.4)	30.8 39.0 29.4 (5.2) (7.7) (11.6)	28.7 32.9 (4.2) (5.5)	31.1 30.6 30.1 (6.6) (5.6) (5.1)	29.6 34.9 ( 4.3) ( 7.1	
Number of respondents	656	191 128 40	373 280	191 254 211	437 133	

<sup>\*</sup> See Table 9 for percentage of youth in schools other than special schools that served only disabled students.
\*\* See Appendix for percentage of youth in schools that served learning handicapped students.

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Table 128: POLICIES OF SCHOOLS ATTENDED BY SECONDARY STUDENTS WITH VISUAL IMPAIRMENTS (Continued)

_	Type of Sch	ool Attended	Severity of Visual Impairment		
School Policies	Regular School	Special School	Partially Sighted	81ind	
School Policies SRADING (CONCLUDED)		Ļ			
Of students in schools with non- disabled students, percentage in schools that graded special					
education classes:* On same standard as					
Ledings Cycases	16.2 ( 3.6)		19.1 ( 5.3)	14.1 (7.4)	
On standard different from regular classes	83.5 ( 3.7)		80.4 ( 5.3)	85.9 ( 7.4)	
Did not give grades for special education classes	0.3 ( 0.5)	•••	0.6 ( 1.0)	0.0 ( 0.0)	
Number of respondents	331	0	165	88	
PRIMARY SCHOOL FUNCTION Of students in schools with learning handicapped youth, percentage in schools whose primary intent relative to				·	
such students was training in:** Academic skills	57.3 ( 5.3)	9.6 ( 3.4)	46.0 ( 5.6)	35.7 ( 7.3)	
Independent living skills	40.1 ( 5.2)	85.3 ( 4.1)	52.0 ( 5.6)	59.0 ( 7.5)	
Skills for employment	2.7 ( 1.7)	5.1 ( 2.6)	2.0 ( 1.6)	5.3 ( 3.4)	
Number of respondents	285	270	258	184	
SUSPENSION/EXPULSION Percentage in schools in which special education students:					
Could not be suspended or expelled	25.i ( 4.2)	24.2 ( 4.5)	24. <sup>c</sup> ( 4.f.)	22.8 ( 5.6)	
Could only be suspended	26.6 ( 4.2)	30.5 ( 4.9)	26.4 ( 4.6)	27.6 ( 6.0)	
Could only be expelled	14.3 ( 3.4)	21.6 ( 4.4)	20.0 ( 4.1)	15.4 ( 4.8)	
Could be both suspended	34.0	23.7	28.7	34.2	
and expelled  Number of respondents	( 4.6) 343	( 4.5) 313	( 4.7) 306	( 6.3) 22 <b>5</b>	

<sup>\*</sup> See Table 9 for percentage of youth in schools other than special schools that served only disabled students.
\*\* See Appendix for percentage of youth in schools that served learning handicapped students.

See Appendix for percentage of youth in schools that served learning handicapped students. 100



<sup>\*</sup> See Table 9 for percentage of youth in schools other than special schools that served only disabled students.

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<sup>\*</sup> See Appendix for percentage of youth in schools with 12th grade that served nondisabled students.

<sup>\*\*</sup> See Appendix for percentage of youth in schools with 12th grade and nondisabled students that required minimum competency tests for graduation.

<sup>\*</sup> See Appendix for percentage of youth in schools with 12th grade that served nondisabled students.

<sup>\*\*</sup> See Appendix for percentage of youth in schools with 12th grade and nondisabled students that required minimum competency tests for graduation.

	Household Income		Ethnicity	Mend of Household's Education			
School Policies			\$25,000 and Over	Black White Hispanic	No High School Dinlows	High School Diplome	Seyand High School
SUSPENSION/EXPULSION (CONCLUCED)  Of youth in schools that could suspend or expel special ed. students, percentage in schools that did not arrange alternative placements for suspended/expelled students	85.9 ( 6.4)	84.6 ( 5.4)	<b>8</b> 5.4 ( 4.5)	81.9 88.7 71.0 (5.2) (3.4) (10.3)	85.2 ( 5.0)	89.2 ( 4.8)	79.6 ( 5.5)
Number of respondents	105	133	201	134 325 37	159	163	167
GRADUATION Of students in schools with 12th grade, percentage in schools that required for a regular diplome that:* Special ed. students meet same standards as regular students	94.4 ( 6.2)	84.5 ( 7.5)	87.5 ( 5.0)	89.1 92.1 85.2 ( 5.6) ( 3.9) ( 8.6)	89.7 ( 5.5)	27.\$ ( 6.8)	90.5 ( 4.8)
Students pass a minimum			•		•	•	•
competency test	5.6 ( 6.2)	15.5 (7.5)	12.5 ( 5.0)	10.9 7.9 14.8 (5.6) (3.9) (8.6)	10.3 ( 5.5)	12.4 ( 6.8)	9.5 ( 4.8)
Number of respondents	44	62	126	75 159 32	78	86	96
Of students in schools that required minimum compentency tests for graduation, percentage in schools whose special education students were:"*  Exampt from such tests	0.0 ( 0.0)	0.7 ( 1.6)	2.8 ( 2.3)	1.6 0.2 2.0 ( 2.2) ( 0.7) ( 3.5)	0.0 ( 0.0)	1.7 ( 3.0)	1.9 ( 2.1)
Held to same testing procedures/	•				• •	•	•
standards as other students	60.9 (13.2)	45.5 ( 9.7)	53.3 ( 7.0)	63.5 55.7 31.0 (8.6) (8.1) (11.4)	54.8 ( 9.5)	53.5 (11.6)	60.4 (7.7)
Given extra help in taking	• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •				•	, ,	•
the test	37.9 (13.1)	34.3 ( 9.2)	43.0 ( 6.9)	28.1 43.8 55.6 ( 8.0) ( 8.1) (12.3)	34.9 ( 9.1)	42.9 (11.5)	34. <b>8</b> (7.5)
Given a modified test	12.5 ( 9.0)	14.6	16.6 (5.2)	11.1 14.6 10.6 (5.6) (5.8) (7.6)	16.3 ( 7.0)	13.9 ( 8.1)	12.6 ( 5.2)
Allowed to meet different					14.4		16.6
standards	3.9 (5.2)	23.9 (8.3)	7.9 ( <b>3</b> .8)	10.7 6.3 12.6 (5.5) (4.0) (8.2)	14.4 ( 6.7)	2.7 ( 3.8)	16.6 ( 5.8)
Number of respondents	50	70	111	83 148 31	86	` 77'	94

<sup>\*</sup> See Appendix for percentage of youth in schools with 12th grade that served nondisabled students.
\*\* See Appendix for percentage of youth in schools with 12th grade and nondisabled students that required minimum competency test, for graduation.

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<sup>\*</sup> See Appendix for percentage on youth who attended schools that served nondisabled and mildly learning impaired students.

Table 138: COORDINATION IN SCHOOLS ATTENDED BY SECONDARY STUDENTS VITH VISUAL INVALUENTS

	Type of Sch	ool Attended	Severity of Visual Impairment		
Coordination Characteristics	Regular School	Special School	Partially Sighted	81tnd	
Of students in schools with mildly learning impaired students, percentage in schools whose curriculum for such students was coordinated with/parallel to the regular ed. curriculum*	76.8	25.2			
the regular to, curriculum	(4.2)	35.3 ( 6.5)	66.9 ( 5.3)	. 65.2 ( 7.3)	
Number of respondents	333	198	251	179	
Percentage in schools with at least monthly contact with: State vocational rehabilitation	22.0	•• •			
agency (VR)	33.8 ( 4.7)	86.7 (3.2)	55.5 ( 5.2)	49.7 ( 6.7)	
State developmental disabilities	( 4.7)	( 5.2)	( 5.2)	( 0.7)	
agency	5.1	36.5	11.3	24.8	
rocational schools	( 2.5) 28.1 ( 4.7)	( 4.9) 27.2 ( 4.7)	( 3.5) 36.7 ( 5.2)	( 6.8) 24.0	
Colleges	3.9	5.2	4.3	( 6.2) 4.1	
Hental health agencies	( 2.0) 26.6 ( 4.6)	( 2.4) 24.6 ( 4.4)	( 2.2) 27.7 ( 4.8)	( 2.8) 19.8	
Social service agencies	32.3	`56.2 <sup>°</sup>	43.7	( 5.6) 34.9	
Number of respondents	( 4.9) 250	( 5.3) 268	( 5.3) 248	( 6.6) 173	

<sup>\*</sup> See Appendix for percentage of youth who attended schools that served nondisabled and mildly learning impaired students.

Table 13C: COORDINATION IN SCHOOLS ATTENDED BY SECONDARY STUDENTS WITH VISUAL IMPAIRMENTS

	Household Income		Ethnicity	Head of Household's Education		
Coordination Characteristics	Under 12,000- \$12,000 \$24,999	\$25,000 and Over	Black White Hispanic	No High School Diploma	High School Diploma	Beyond High School
Of students in schools with mildly learning impaired students, percentage in schools whose curriculum for such students was coordinated with/parallel to						
the regular ed. curriculum*	63.4 71.4 ( 9.1) ( 7.5)	63.9 ( 6.4)	63.8 71.6 80.3 ( 6.9) ( J. 2) ( 8.6)	72.3	65.1	66.2
Number of respondents	91 117	185	117 287 40	( 6.3) 143	( 7.8) 147	( 7.0) 150
Percentage in schools with at least monthly contact with: State vocational rehabilitation agency (VR)	53.3 64.0	41.6	50 F 53 B 34 O			
eyency (4K)	53.3 64.0 (8.5) (7.1)	41.8 (6.3)	52.5 53.6 34.2 ( 6.7) ( 5.2) (10.9)	60.3 ( 6.6)	45.5 ( 7.5)	47.1 ( 6.4)
State developmental disabilities				• • •		
agency	16.1 16.6 ( 6.8) ( 6.0)	19.4 (5.6)	13.4 19.3 5.1 (4.9) (4.6) (5.5)	16.5 ( 5.4)	16.2 ( 6.3)	17.? ( 5.
Vocational schools	35.7 31.8	27.5	23.5 32.6 15.1	31.4	41.7	17.4
Colleges	(8.4) (7.3) 2.6 7.4	( 6.0) 4.8	(5.9) (5.2) (8.2) 4.3 3.7 0.0	( 6.3) 4.3	(8.0)	( 5.5)
	(2.8) (4.0)	( 2.8)	(2.7) (2.1) (0.0)	(2.9)	2.7 ( 2.5)	7.2 ( 3.6)
Mental health agencies	18.0 30.7	20.5	21.3 27.4 19.9	30.2	26.2	15.7
Social service agencies	(6.8) (6.9) 41.1 41.3	( 5.1) 31.7	(5.5) (4.8) (9.2) 45.2 38.2 31.4	( 6.5) 45.0	( 6.8) 39.0	( 4.7) 31.9
Number of respondents	( 8.7) ( 7.5) 103 114	( 5.9) 164	( 6.6) ( 5.3) (10.8) 118 280 30	( 6.9) 149	( 7.6) 134	( 6.5) 139

<sup>\*</sup> See Appendix for percentage of youth who attended schools that served nondisabled and mildly learning impaired students.

Table 13A: COORDINATION IN SCHOOLS ATTENDED BY SECONDARY STUDENTS WITH VISUAL IMPAIRMENTS (Concluded)

		Community	<u>Gender</u>	Age in 1987	Scho	ol Status
Coordination Characteristics	<u>Total</u>	Urban Suburban Rural	Hale Female	19 or 15-16 17-18 older		1 year Out 1 - 2 Years
Of students in schools serving 12th grade, percentage in schools inose staff contacts with the state VR agency resulted in:* Referrals of special education						20.0
students to VR	82.3 ( 2.9)	86.3 82.3 90.2 ( 4.1) { 6.4) ( 7.8)	85.3 78.7 (3.4) (4.9)	84.9 81.6 81.1 (5.5) (4.8) (4.4)	84.3 ( 3.5)	76.3 83.7 (6.5) (6.4)
VR staff involvement in writing IEPs	34.3 ( 3.6)	31.0 23.3 31.3 (5.6) (7.1) (12.2)	32.8 35.9 ( 4.5) ( 5.7)	25.5 38.4 36.0 ( 6.7) ( 6.0) ( 5.4)	32.3 ( 4.5)	39.4 35.1 (7.5) (8.3)
VR staff being assigned to ongoing work in the school	53.3 ( 3.7)	43.2 31.1 37.1 ( 6.0) ( 7.8) (12.7)	59.0 46.2 ( 4.7) ( 6.0)	43.3 55.0 59.4 (7.6) (6.2) (5.5)	51.7 ( 4.8)	53.8 63.5 (7.6) (8.4)
VR and school staff collaboration in developing programs	45.1 ( 3.7)	29.8 37.7 27.6 (5.5) (8.1) (11.8)	49.7 39.4 ( 4.7) ( 5.8)	39.4 45.7 49.1 (7.5) (6.2) (5.6)	44.7 ( 4.8)	39.4 59.4 (7.5) (8.5)
No VR contact or no action taken	6.2 (1.8)	5.4 14.1 7.4 ( 2.7) ( 5.8) ( 6.9)	4.1 8.7 (1.9) (3.4)	4.9 5.6 8.1 (3.3) (2.8) (3.1)	5.7 ( 2.2)	9.6 1.9 (2.3)
Number of respondents	615	169 116 35	348 264	158 248 209	401	129 80
Percentage in schools that usually or always: When students changed schools:						
Transferred IEPs	18.5 ( 2.8)	26.4 25.9 9.6 (5.0) (6.0) (7.4)	19.3 17.7 (3.6) (4.5)	26.1 17.4 12.0 (6.2) (4.7) (3.6)	22.7 ( 3.9)	11.7 5.6 (4.8) 14.1 5.6
Transferred files	19.0 ( 2.9)	26.3 25.9 9.9 (4.9) (6.9) (7.4)	19.3 18.7 (3.6) (4.6)	26.2 18.5 12.0 (6.2) (4.7) (3.6)	22.7 ( 3.9)	14.1 5.6 (5.2) (4.0)
Discussed student needs with other schools' staff	13.9 ( 2.5)	17.7 18.6 8.0 ( 4.3) ( 6.2) ( 6.9)	13.8 14.2 ( 3.2) ( 4.1)	18.9 12.6 10.3 (5.6) (4.1) (3.3)	16.7 ( 3.5)	9.7 4.5 (4.4) (3.5)
When students became clients of service agencies:						
Sent files to agencies	16.0 ( 2.7)	23.1 21.1 4.5 (4.8) (6.6) (5.6)	14.9 17.5 ( 3.4) ( 4.5)	21.1 16.3 10.2 (6.0) (4.6) (3.4)	19.0 (3.7)	11.8 5.7 (4.9) (4.0)
Discussed student needs with agency staff	14.5 ( 2.6)	20.8 20.9 · .4 ( 4.7) ( 6.5) ( 5.4)	12.5 17.0 ( 3.1) ( 4.5)	17.4 16.0 9.4 (5.6) (4.5) (3.3)	16.9 ( 3.6)	11.9 4.9 (4.9) (3.8)
Number of respondents	636	179 123 35	360 273	178 248 208	421	130 79

<sup>\*</sup> Ser Appendix for percentage of youth in schools that served 12th grade.

Source: Survey of Secondary Special Education Programs. Data are for the most recent year in school.



Table 13B: COORDINATION IN SCHOOLS ATTENDED BY SECONDARY STUDENTS WITH VISUAL IMPAIRMENTS (Concluded)

	Type of Sch	nool Attended	Severity of Visual Impairment		
Coordinatio   Characteristics	Regular School	Special School	Partially Sighted	31ind	
Of students in schools serving 12th grade, percentage in schools whose staff contacts with the state VR agency resulted in:* Referrals of special education					
students to VR	86.4 ( 3.5)	74.6 ( 4.4)	86.1 ( 3.7)	74.5 ( 5.8)	
VR staff involvement in	• • • • •		<b>,</b> ,	( 0.0,	
writing IEPs	29.1 ( 4.6)	43.9 ( 5.1)	35.6	36.2	
VR staff being assigned to	( 4.0)	( 3.1)	( 5.1)	(6.4)	
ongoing work in the school	37.5	82.8	55.4	56.7	
	( 4.9)	(3.9)	(5.3)	(6.6)	
VR and school staff collaboration in developing programs	32.8	68.0	45.0	40.0	
in developing programs	(4.8)	(4.8)	45.6 ( 5.3)	46.6 ( 6.7)	
No VR contact or no action taken	8.2	2.4	2.3	10.4	
	( 2.8)	(1.6)	(1.6)	(4.1)	
Number of respondents	305	310	292	217	
Percentage in schools that usually or always:					
When students changed schools:					
Transferred IEPs	22.2 ( 4.0)	11.1 ( 3.3)	14.9	15.7	
Transferred files	22.2	12.6	( 3.7) 14.9	( 4.9) 17.2	
	(4.0)	(3.5)	(3.7)	(5.0)	
Discussed student needs with					
other schools' staff	16.1 ( 3.5)	9.7 ( 3.1)	10.6 ( 3.2)	11.7	
When students became clients	( 3.3)	( 3.1)	( 3.2)	( 4.3)	
of service agencies:					
Sent files to agencies	18.0	12.2	12.0	15.3	
Discussed student needs with	( 3.8)	(3.5)	( 3.4)	(4.9)	
agency staff	17.1	9.6	10.6	12.i	
• •	(3.7)	(3.2)	( 3.2)	(4.4)	
Number of respondents	325	310	299	222	

<sup>\*</sup> See Appendix for percentage of youth in schools that served 12th grade.

Table 13C: COORDINATION IN SCHOOLS ATTENDED BY SECONDARY STUDENTS WITH VISUAL IMPAIRMENTS (Concluded)

	Househo 1d	Income	Ethnicity	Head of Household's Education		
Coordination Characteristics	Under 12,000- \$12,000 \$24,999		Black bite Hispanic	No High School Diploms	High School Diplome	Beyond High School
Of students in schools serving 12th grade, percentage in schools whose staff contacts with the state VR agency resulted in:* Referrals of special education						
students to VR	76.0 81.8 (7.7) (5.7)	83.9 ( 4.7)	83.6 82.9 73.0 (5.0) (4.0) (10.8)	83.7 ( 5.1)	76.4 ( 6.3)	<b>86</b> .2 ( 4.9)
VR staff involvement in				•	•	
writing 1EPs	25.7 46.6	34.9	38.4 33.9 31.7	34.6	37.7	32.0
VR staff being assigned to	(7.9) (7.4)	( 6.1)	(6.6) (50) (11.4)	( 6.5)	(7.2)	( 6.7)
ongoing work in the school	55.6 61.4 (8.9) (7.2)	45.2 ( 6.4)	52.9 53.5 37.0 (6.8) (5.3) (11.8)	60.2 ( 6.7)	52.5 ( 7.5)	45.8
VR and school staff collaboration	(0.3) (7.2)	( 0.4)	( 6.6) ( 5.5) (11.6)	( 0.7)	(7.5)	(7.1)
in developing programs	41.8 57	19.0	51.9 46.1 30.3	49.8	44.2	40.7
No VR contact or no action taken	(8.9) (7.3) 12.7 1.9 (6.0) (2.0)	6.5	( 6.8) ( 5.3) (11.2) 7.8 6.3 3.7 ( 3.7) ( 2.6) ( 4.6)	( 6.8) 2.3	( 7.4) 11.7	( 7.0) 5.3
Number of respondents	106 139	201	133 340 32	( 2.0) 163	( 4.8) 172	( 3.2) 164
Percentage in schools that usually or almays:						
When students changed schools:						
Transferred IEPs	18.5 21.0	23.6	24.2 17.8 42.9	19.7	14.6	33.5
Transferry of files	(6.6) (5.9) 18.5 22.7	( 5.2) 23.8	( 5.5) ( 4.0) (10.6) 24.2 18.6 42.3	( 5.3) 21.0	( 5.1) 14.8	( 6.3) 33.4
	(6.6) (6.0)		(5.5) (4.1) (10.5)	(5.4)	(5.2)	(6.3)
Discussed student needs with					•	•
other schools' staff	12.8 16.6	16.0	16.3 14.7 28.4	15.4	10.3	24.6
When students became clients	(5.7) (5.4)	( 4.5)	(4.8) (3.7) (9.7)	( 4.8)	( 4.4)	( 5.8)
of service agencies:						
Sent files to agencies	16.8 16.6 ( 6.4) ( 5.5)	19.2 ( 5.0)	19.3 15.4 44.4 ( 5.2) ( 3.8) (10.6)	19.3 ( 5.3)	9.6 ( 4.5)	28.6 ( 6.2)
Discussed student needs with						
agency staff	16.3 14.0 (6.4) (5.1)	16.9 ( 4.7)	16.9 13.8 41.9 ( 4.9) ( 3.7) (11.0)	15.2 ( 4.9)	10.6 ( 4.6)	25.7 ( 6.0)
Number of respondents	116 139	209	141 345 37	172	169	176

<sup>\*</sup> See Appendix for percentage of youth in schools that served 12th grade.



Table 14A: TRANSITION PLANNING IN SECONDARY SCHOOLS ATTENDED BY STUDENTS WITH VISUAL IMPAIRMENTS

		Community	<u>Gender</u>	Age in 1987	School Status
Programing Characteristics	<u>Total</u>	Urban Suburban Rural	Hele Female	19 or 15-16 17-18 older	In-School Out 1 year Out 1 - 2 Veers
Of students in schools with 12th grade, percentage in schools that usually or always:" Focused IEPs for seniors on the period after secondary school	5.5	5.6 4.2 6.9	4.5 6.7	8.9 4.1 4.5	7.0 2.5 2.5
Had staff who worked with adult service agencies or post- secondary schools to prepare for special education students'	( 1.7)	( 2.8) ( 3.4) ( 5.4)	( 2.0) ( 3.0)	(4.5) (2.5) (2.3)	( 2.5) ( 2.3) ( 2.7)
transitions Number of respondents	8.6 ( 2.1) 611	10.8 9.2 2.9 (3.7) (4.8) (4.4) 169 116 36	5.5 12.3 ( 2.2) ( 3.9) 344 264	9.8 9.0 7.1 (4.6) (3.5) (2.9) 155 246 210	9.5 8.8 3.5 ( 2.8) ( 4.2) ( 3.2) 396 131 79
Of students in schools with 12th grade, percentage in schools that had a special program designed to help the transition of special education students*	21.7 ( 3.2)	26.7 12.0 22.0 ( 5.3) ( 5.5) (10.7)	22.9 20.3	21.7 21.1 22.4	20.3 25.5 22.6
Number of respondents	616	(5.3) (5.5) (10.7) 169 112 <b>39</b>	(4.1) (4.9) 352 261	(6.4) (5.2) (4.7) 164 244 208	(4.0) (6.6) (7.3) 402 130 79
Average number of years school transition programs operated	3.4 ( 0.5)	3.2 4.5 ( 0.7) ( 1.1)	3.0 4.0 ( 0.5) ( 0.6)	2.5 4.5 2.7 ( 0.6) ( 1.0) ( 0.3)	3.5 3.4 2.8
Number of respondents	146	48 20 7	72 74	42 57 47	( 0.7) ( 0.7) ( 0.4) 90 34 21



<sup>\*</sup> See Appendix for percentage of youth in schools that served 12th grade.

Table 148: TRANSITION PLANNING IN SECONDARY SCHOOLS ATTENDED BY STUDENTS WITH VISUAL INPAIRMENTS

•	Type of Sch	nool Attended	Severity of Visual Impairment		
<u>Programming Characteristics</u>	Regular School	Special School	Partially Sighted	<u>B1ind</u>	
Of students in schools with 1°th grade, percentage in schools that usually or always:* Focused IEPs for seniors on the period after secondary school	3.7	8.9	2.8	6.9	
Had staff who worked with adult service agencies or post- secondary schools to p spare for special education students	( 1.9)	( 3.1)	( 1.8)	( 3.5)	
transitions  Number of respondents	8.3 ( 2.8) 309	9.2 ( 3.0) 302	6.1 ( 2.5) 289	8.3 ( 3.7) 216	
Of students in schools with 12th grade, percentage in schools that , had a special program designed to help the transition of special education students*	19.1	26.2	19.5	26.3	
Number of respondents	( 4.9) 303	( 4.8) 313	( 4.3) 286	( 6.1) 219	
everage number of years school transition programs operated	3.2 ( 0.6)	3.6 ( 0.6)	3.4 ( 0.6)	3.7 ( 0.7)	
Number of respondents	71	75	70	55	

<sup>\*</sup> See Appendix for percentage of youth in schools that served 12th grade.

Table 14C: TRANSITION PLANNING IN SECONDARY SCHOOLS ATTENDED BY STUDENTS WITH VISUAL IMPAIRMENTS

	Household I	ncome	Ethnicity	Head of Household's Education		
Programming Characteristics	Under 12,000- \$12,000 \$24,999	\$25, NO and Over	Black White Hispanic	No High School Diploma	High School Diplome	Beyond High School
Of students in schools with 12th grade, percentage in schools that usually or always:*  Focused IEPs for seniors on the period after secondary school	2.7 6.7	3.6	5.9 6.5 5.4	3.8	7.2	9.3
I'sd staff who worked with adult service agencies or post- secondary schools to prepare for special education students'	(2.9) (3.9)	( 2.4)	(3.2) (2.7) (5.5)	( 2.6)	( 3.9)	( 4.2)
transitions  Number of respondents	7.0 10.0 ( 4.6) ( 4.5) 107 134	8.3 ( 3.5) 202	7.2 9.2 20.9 ( 3.5) ( 3.1) ( 9.8) 133 336 32	10.0 ( 4.1) 162	5.1 ( 3.3) 173	17.0 ( 5.4) 16I
Of chudents in schools with 12th grale, percentage in schools that had a special program designed to help the transition of special education students*	23.1 27.4	16.9	17.0 24.9 31.2	26.2	21.9	23.2
Number of respondents	( 7.6) ( 6.8) 108 140	( 4.9) 198	(5.1) (4.7) (10.4) 133 337 34	( 6.1) 167	( 6.4) 170	( 6.1) 161
Average number of years school transition programs operated	2.8 4.1 (1.2) (0.9)	4.0 ( 0.6)	3.0 3.4 ( 0.7) ( 0.6)	3.8 ( 1.0)	2.8 ( 0.7)	3.3 ( 0.7)
Number of respondents	23 39	46	23 90 10	43	36	45

<sup>\*</sup> See Appendix for percentage of youth in schools that served 12th grade.

Table 15A: EDUCATIONAL PLACEMENTS OF STUDENTS WITH VISUAL IMPAIRMENTS IN THEIR MOST RECENT YEAR IN SECONDARY SCHOOL

		Community	Gender	Age in 1987		School Status	<u> </u>
Educational Placements	<u>Total</u>	Urban Suburban Rural	Male Female	19 or 15-16 17-18 older	In-School	Out 1 year or less	Out 1 - 2 Years
Percentage in:					45.0		
Grades 7 or 8	13.4 ( 2.5)	8.9 12.4 23.2 (3.3) (5.4) (11.0)	14.8 11.7 (3.4) (3.8)	37.5 3.6 2.1 (7.1) (2.3) (1.7)	17.9 (3.7)	0.0 ( 0.0)	4.7 ( 3.8)
Grades 9 on 10	34.6	43.0 36.6 36.4	33.8 35.6	52.6 44.5 3.8	45.4	14.5	10.5
Grades 11 or 12	(3.5) 38.2	( 5.8) ( 7.8) (12.7) 42.9 45.9 35.0	( 4.5) ( 5.7) 34.7 42.5	(7.3) (6.1) (2.2) 0.4 42.8 70.0	( 4.8) 22.6	( 5.4) 77. <b>6</b>	( 5.6) 62.9
	(3.6)	(5.8) (8.1) (12.5)	(4.5) (5.8)	(0.9) (6.1) (5.3)	(4.0)	( 5.3)	(8.7)
Ungraded programs	13.8 ( 2.6)	5.2 5.1 3.3 ( 2.6) ( 3.6) ( 4.7)	16.7 10.2 (3.6) (3.6)	9.6 9.1 24.1 (4.3) (2.5) (5.0)	14.1	7.8 ( 4.1)	21. <b>8</b> ( 7.5)
Number of respondents	645	177 124 37	365 277	180 254 211	421	129	89
Percentage in:							
Special achools for youth with disabilities	37.8	4.9 4.4 13.3	40.0 34.5	30.5 32.2 51.3		33.4	45.0
With disabilities	(3.4)	(2.4) (3.3) (8.8)	(4.4) (5.4)	(6.5) (5.5) (5.3)	( 4.4)	( 6.7)	(8.8)
Regular schools but in no							
regular education classes	6.9	9.0 7.8 7.7 (3.2) (4.3) (6.9)	7.6 6.0 (2.4) (2.7)	6.6 3.2 11.7 (3.5) (2.1) (3.4)	5.6 ( 2.1)	8.0 (3.8)	11.5 ( 5.6)
Regular education classes	(1.8)	( 3.2) ( 4.3) ( 6.3)	( 2.4) ( 2.7)	( 3.5) ( 2.1) ( 3.4)	( 2.1)	( 3.0)	( 5.0)
for nonacademics* only	6.2	16.6 7.3 0.5	5.7 6.9	6.4 6.2 6.0	£.6	9.6	5.3
Regular education classes	(1.7)	(4.2) (4.1) (1.9)	(2.1) (2.9)	(3.5) (2.9) (2.5)	( 2.0)	( 4.2)	( 4.0)
for some academics*	33.1	56.5 50.2 42.8	31.4 35.4	32.8 40.7 23.9	. 4.0	34.0	28.2
	(3.3)	( 5.6) ( 8.0) (12.9)	(4.2) (5.4)	(6.7) (5.8) (4.6)	( 4.3)	( 6.7)	( 8.0)
All regular education	16.1	13.0 30.3 35.8	15.4 17.2	23.8 17.7 7.1	17.9	15.0	. J.1
c lasses	(2.6)	(3.8) (7.3) (12.5)	(3.2) (4.3)	(6.0) (4.5) (2.7)	(3.5)	(5.0)	(5.3)
Number of respondents	712	187 128 38	408 301	191 274 247	465	147	93
Average percentage of class time in regular education classes:							
As a whole	55.1	70.7 80.8 72.0	52.0 59.5	56.4 66.6 38.3	56.3	59.6	44.8
	(3.5)	(4.5) (5.3) (10.2)	(4.5) (5.6)	(6.8) (5.5) (5.4)	( 4.5)	(7.2)	(8.5)
In grades 7 or 8	52.2 (10.4)		51.2 54.0 (13.6) (15.7)	55.4 (12.3)	55.4 {11.6}		
In grades 9 or 10	61.2	75.4 85.1	61.7 60.5	67.6 56.5	62.0		
In grades 11 or 12	(5.5) 68 ?	(5.7) (6.4) 72.8 85.9	(6.9) (9.0) 64.9 71.9	(8.0) (8.2) 87.7 52.7	( 6.0) 76.0	67.8	53.9
111 grades 11 or 16	(5.3)	(7.0) (7.0)	(7.0) (8.0)	(6.0) (6.3)	(8.6)	(7.5)	(10.0)
In ungraded programs	1.8		1.6 2.3 (1.7) (2.8)	2.7 0.9 (3.6) (1.5)	1.9		
Number of respondents	( 1.5) 564	160 115 33	326 <b>23</b> 7	16/ 217 180	380	102	77

<sup>\*</sup> Academic courses include English/language arts, mathematics, science, social science, and foreign language. Other courses are considered nonacademic.

Table 15B: EDUCATIONAL PLACEMENTS OF STUDENTS WITH VISUAL IMPAIRMENTS IN THEIR MOST RECENT YEAR IN SECONDARY SCHOOL

	Type of Sch	nool Attended	Severity of Visual Impairment		
Educational Placements	Regular School	Special School	Partially Sighted	Blind	
Percentage in:			13.6	12.6	
Grades 7 or 8	15.0 ( 3.5)	10.1 (3.4)	(3.3)	( 4.5)	
Grades 9 or 10	38.4	27.4	36.6	32.0	
Grades 11 or 12	( 4.7) 42.1	( 5.1) 30.7	( 4.6) 44.4	( 6.3) 38.1	
	( 4.8)	(5.2)	( 4.8)	( 6.5)	
Ungraded programs	4.5 ( 2.0)	31. <b>8</b> (5.3)	5.4 ( 2.2)	17.2 ( 5.1)	
Number of respondents	339	306	345	229	
Percentage in:					
Special schools for youth		100	25.8	51.0	
with disabilities	1.8 ( 1.3)	100 ( 0.0)	(4.2)	(6.3)	
Regular schools but in no			• •	•	
regular education classes	10.8 ( 2.9)	0.0 ( 0.0)	3.4 (1.7)	5.9 ( 3.0)	
Regular education classes			•		
for nonacademics* only	9.8 ( 2.8)	0.0 ( 0.0)	7.6 ( 2.5)	3.4 ( 2.3)	
Regular education classes	•	• • • •		•	
for some academics*	52.1 ( 4.7)	0.0 ( 0.0)	36.9 ( <b>4</b> .6)	33.6 ( 6.0)	
All regular education		• •			
classes	25.5 ( 4.1)	0.0 ( 0.0)	26.3 ( 4.2)	6.2 (3.0)	
Number of respondents	352	359	349	256	
Average percentage of class time					
in regular education classes: As a whole	76.9	9.1	68.2	46.1	
<b></b>	(3.4)	(3.3)	(4.2)	(6.5)	
In grades 7 or 8	67.2 (11.7)	13.7 (11.9)	57.6 (14.2)	41.3 (18.6)	
In grades 9 or 10	81.3	6.3	74.6	45.7	
	(4.1) 83.1	(5.0) 19.9	( 5.9) 70.8	(10.3) 68.3	
In grades 11 or 12	(4.6)	(7.8)	(6.0)	(10.0)	
In ungraded programs	` <b></b>	0.2	6.1	2.3	
Number of respondents	306	( 0.4) 258	( <b>5</b> .0 <b>)</b> 306	( 2.7) 196	
	•••	<del></del>	1.0.1		

<sup>121</sup> 

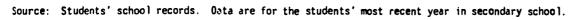
<sup>\*</sup> Arademic courses include English/language arts, mathematics, science, social science, and foreign language. Other courses are considered nonacademic.



Table 15C: EDUCATIONAL PLACEMENTS OF STUDENTS WITH VISUAL IMPAIRMENTS IN THEIR MOST RECENT YEAR IN SECGNOARY SCHOOL

	Household I	ncome	Ethnicity	Head of H	louseho]d's Ec	jucation
Educational Placements	Under 12,000- \$12,000 \$24,999	\$25,000 and Over	Black White Hispanic	No High School Diploma	High School Diploma	Beyond High School
Percentage in:						
Grades 7 or 8	10.8 14.5	7.9	6.4 11.5 8.5	12.1	5.2	12.9
Grades 9 or 10	(5.4) (5.4) 30.5 35.9 (8.0) (7.3)	( 3.3) 41.4 ( 6.1)	( 3.3) ( 3.4) ( 6.1) 37.0 33.7 50.9 ( 6.6) ( 5.0) (11.0)	( 4.5) 34.9 ( 6.6)	( 3.5) 36.2 ( 7.5)	( 4.6) 38.2
Grades 11 or 12	39.9 41.1 (8.6) (7.5)	40.8	43.3 40.1 38.3 (6.7) (5.2) (10.7)	36.4 ( 6.7)	49 3 ( 7.8)	( 6.6) 33.9 ( 6.5)
Ungraded programs	18.9 8.5 ( 6.8) ( 4.3)	9. <b>9</b> (3.7)	13.3 14.8 2.3 ( 4.6) ( 3.8) ( 3.3)	16.6 ( 5.2)	8.9 ( 4.4)	14.9 ( 4.9)
Number of respondents	112 140	211	131 346 39	163	168	179
Percentage in: Special schools for youth						
with disabilities	45.8 40.9	28.9	34.7 41.6 20.1	41.6	37.5	39.1
Regular schools but in no regular education classes	( 8.2) ( 7.1) 2.7 5.5	( 5.3) 4.5	( 6.2) ( 4.9) ( 7.4) 5.4 3.6 12.9	( 6.4) <b>6</b> .7	( 7.2) 3.7	( 6.3) 3.2
•	(2.7) (3.3)	(2.4)	(2.9) (1.9) (6.2)	( 3.2)	( 2.8)	( 2.2)
Regular education classes for nonacademics* only	6.9 4.6 ( 4.2) ( 3.0)	6.1 ( 2.8)	11.5 4.3 12.3 ( 4.1) ( 2.0) ( 6.0)	9.0	5.0	5.0
Regular education classes for some academics*	33.8 36.3	40.0		( 3.7) 33.5	( 3.2) 36.5	( 2.8)
for some academics	(7.7) (6.9)	(5.7)	27.4 34.5 44.8 (5.8) (4.8) (9.2)	( <b>6</b> .1)	30.3 (7.1)	33.3 (6.1)
All regular education						
c lasses	10.8 12.7 (5.1) (4.8)	20.5 ( 4.7)	20.9 16.0 9.9 (5.3) (3.7) (5.5)	9.1 ( 3.7)	17.2	19.4
Number of respondents	125 158	234	141 388 51	186	( 5.6) 187	( 5.1) 200
Average percentage of class time in regular education classes:						
As a whole	51.6 50.4 (8.0) (7.1)	68.4 (5.5)	57.0 55.5 69.5 ( 6.6) ( 5.0) ( 7.4)	49.4 ( 6.1)	59.6 (7.6)	59.4 ( 6.4)
In grades 7 or 8	41.8 (19.7)	83.2 (11-6)	60.6 (15. <b>3</b> )	32.1 (17.6)		77.8 (13.6)
In grades 9 or 10	60.9 40.2 (12.3) (11.1)	77.8	67.1 55.2 72.2 ( 9.6) ( 8.2) (10.3)	58.4 ( 9.7)	53.4 (11.9)	65.3 ( 9.6)
In grades 11 or 12	64.9 71.8 (12.9) (9.6)	73.2	65.9 70.7 73.6 (10.4) (6.9) (9.8)	63.1 (8.7)	76.5 (10.3)	67.3 (9.8)
In ungraded programs	1.2 3.0 (2.0) (3.7)	2.4	3.4 1.1 ( 3.1) ( 1.9)	0.5 ( 1.1)	3.9 ( 4.2)	1.5
Number of respondents	103 123	185	115 305 37	148	147	( <b>3</b> .6) 157

<sup>\*</sup> Academic courses include English/language arts, mathematics, science, social science, and foreign language. Other courses are considered noticeademic.



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Source: Students' school records. Data are for the most recent year in school

<sup>124</sup> 



<sup>\*</sup> Academic courses include English/language arts, mathematics, science, social science, and foreign language. Other courses are considered nonacademic

Table 168: COURSE-TAKING BY STUDENTS WITH VISUAL IMPAIRMENTS IN THEIR MOST RECENT YEAR IN SECONDARY SCHOOL

	Type of Sc	hool Attended	Severity of Visual Impairment		
Course Taking	Regular Scho.	Special School	Partially Sighted	87 ind	
Average percentage of class time					
spent in academic* subjects: As a whole	55.6	A1 1	EC 9	40.3	
v2 g minis	(2.2)	41.5 ( 2.4)	56.2 { 1.9}	49.3 ( 2.9)	
In regular education classes	46.1	4.3	41.5	26.6	
In tage is econstion disases	(2.8)	(1.5)	(3.1)	(4.3)	
In special education classes	9.5	37.0	14.6	22.7	
	(1.9)	(2.6)	(2.2)	(3.6)	
Number of respondents	307	258	306	196	
A ,rage percentage of class time					
spent in nonacademic* subjects:					
As a whole	19.3	22.6	15.5	19.7	
	( 2.2)	( 3.1)	(1.7)	(2.8)	
In regular education classes	10.4	1.3	8.9	6.6	
	( 1.2)	( 0.6)	( 1.21	(1.7)	
In special education classes	8 8	21.3	6.6	13.2	
	( 2.2)	(3.2)	(1.6)	(2.7)	
Number of respondents	307	258	306	196	
Percentage taking English/language					
arts classes:					
As a whole	83.9	81.0	94.1	86.1	
	(3.1)	( 4.7)	(2.4)	(5.0)	
In regular education classes	73.0	7.7	65.2	47.0	
In annual advantion alaman	(4.5)	(3.2)	(4.8)	(7.3)	
In special education classes	20.0 ( 4.1)	74.0	31.1	42.9	
Number of respondents	307	( 5.3) 258	( 4.7) 306	( 7. <b>2)</b> 196	
Percentage taking mathematics					
classes:					
As a whole	74.2	71.7	77.5	70.4	
NO O FINITE	(4.5)	(5.4)	(4.2)	(6.7)	
In regular education classes	58.6	5.0	50.8	30.9	
	(5.0)	( 2.6)	(5.0)	(6.7)	
In special education classes	15.8	66.7	26.6	39.9	
The same and a same a same as	(3.7)	(5.7)	(4.5)	(7.1)	
Number of respondents	307	258	306	19 <b>6</b>	
	-4,	200		450	

Source Students' school records. Data are for the most recent year in school.



<sup>\*</sup> Academic courses include English/language arts, mathematics, science, social science, and foreign language. Other courses are considered nonacademic.

Table 16C: COURSE-TAKING BY STUDENTS WITH VISUAL IMPAIRMENTS IN THEIR MOST RECENT YEAR IN SECONDARY SCHOOL

	Househ	old Income	Ethnicity	Head of Household's Education		
Course Taking	Under I2, \$12,000 \$24		Black White Hispanic	No High School Diploma	High School Diploma	Beyond High School
Average percentage of class time spent in academic* subjects:						
As a whole		8.4 54.8 3.3) (2.8)	52.5 <b>52.0 51.4</b> (3.4) (2.3) (3.6)	50.6 ( 3.0)	49.6 ( 3.5)	55.1 (3.0)
In regular education classes	29.1 2	7.1 42.2 4.8) (3.9)	34.3 33.4 34.4 (4.8) (3.5) (5.3)	26.5 (4.1)	33.8 (5.1)	38.6 ( 4.6)
In special education classes	20.9 2	1.3 12.6 3.8) (2.8)	18.3 18.6 17.0 (3.8) (2.6) (4.7)	24.1 ( 3.6)	15.8 ( 3.7)	16.5 ( 3.3)
Number of respondents		124 185	115 305 38	149	147	157
Average percentage of class time spent in nonacademic* subjects:						
As a whole		2.4 23.8 3.2) (3.2)	14.2 21.3 19.2 (2.3) (2.5) (3.7)	18.1 ( 2.9)	18.3 (3.1)	23.2 ( 3.4)
In regular education classes	5.8	7.5 12.0 1.8) (1.7)	5.6 8.2 11.3 (1.3) (1.3) (3.1)	7.2 (1.6)	7.7	9.6 ( 1.8)
în special education classes	8.4 1	4.9 11.8 3.5) (3.3)	8.6 13.1 7.9 (2.3) (2.6) (2.9)	ີ 11.ປ ( 2.9)	`10.6 <sup>°</sup> ( 3.0)	13.6 ( 3.5)
Number of respondents		124 185	115 305 38	149	147	157
Percentage taking English/language arts classes:						
As a whole		3.8 91.0 5.9) (3.8)	89.9 87.6 97.4 (4.4) (3.7) (3.3)	91.3 (4.0)	83.6 (6.3)	91.6 ( 3.9)
In regular education classes	49.3 4	3.1 68.1 8.0) (6.2)	55.8 51.2 71.3 (7.3) (5.6) (9.6)	41.7 { 7.0}	`56.6' ( 8.4)	61.4 (6.9)
In special education classes	43.6 4	1.7 25.5 8.0) (5.8)	35.0 38.2 38.3 (7.0) (5.5) (10.3)	52.7 (7.1)	27.9 (7.6)	32.4 ( 6.6)
Number of respondents		124 185	115 305 38	149	147	157
Percentage taking mathematics classes:						
As a whole		6.8 78.0 7.6) (5.5)	75.9 72.5 71 6 ( 6.3) ( 5.0) ( 9.6)	70.4 ( 6.5)	69.2 (7.8)	79.1 ( 5.8)
In regular education classes		1.6 55.7 7.5) (6.6)	45.2 39.9 38.0 (7.3) (5.5) (10.3)	33.7 (6.7)	36.3 (8.1)	49.6 (7.1)
In special education classes		5.2 22.3 7.7) (5.5)	30.7 32.8 33.6 ( 6.7) ( 5.3) (10.0)	36.7 (6.9)	32.9 (7.9)	29.5 ( 6.5)
Number of respondents		124 185	115 305 38	149	147	157

<sup>\*</sup> Academic courses include English/language arts, mathematics, science, social science, and foreign language. Other courses are considered nonacademic



Table 16A: COURSE-TAKING BY STUDENTS WITH VISUAL IMPAIRMENTS IN THEIR MOST RECENT YEAR IN SECONDARY SCHOOL (Concluded)

		Community	Gender	Age in 1987		School Status	<u> </u>
Course Taking	<u>Total</u>	<u> Urban Suburban Rural</u>	Male Female	19 or 15-16 17-18 older	In-School	Out 1 year or less	Out 1 - 2 Years
Percentage taking science classes:							
As a whole	52.8 ( 4.0)	56.4 57.7 53.2 ( 6.1) ( 8.4) (14.0)	55.9 48 9 ( 5.0) { 6.5}	70.7 58.3 26.0 ( 6.9) ( 6.6) ( 5.4)	61.1 ( 4.9)	33.1 ( 8.2)	36.7 (8.9)
In regular education classes	31.3 (3.7)	39.1 51.3 37.9 (6.0) (8.5) (13.6)	35.8 25.4 (4.8) (5.6)	43.7 36.0 11.4 (7.5) (6.4) (3.9)	37.5 ( 4.9)	16.8 ( 6.5)	19.2 (7.2)
In special education classes	21.5 ( 3.3)	17.3 6.4 15.3 (4.7) (4.2) (10.1)	20.1 23.5 (4.0) (5.5)	27.0 22.3 14.5 (6.7) (5.5) (4.3)	23.6 (4.3)	16.3 (6.4)	17.5 (7.0)
Number of respondents	565	161 115 33	327 237	167 218 180	381	102	77
Percentage taking other academic* classes:							
As a whole	75.6 ( 3.4)	81.4 83.3 77.0 (4.8) (6.4) (11.8)	71.5 81.0 ( 4.5) ( 5 1)	79.8 81.2 63.3 (6.1) (5.2) (5.9)	76.3 ( 4.3)	77.1 ( 7.3)	66.9 (8.7)
In regular education classes	52.5 ( 4.0)	64.5 77.1 75.0 (5.9) (7.2) (12.1)	47.5 59.2 (5.0) (6.4)	55.6 63.5 34.3 (7.5) (6.4) (5.8)	53.7 ( 5.0)	57.4 ( 8.6)	40.4 ( 9.0)
In special education classes	24.1 ( 3.4)	17.3 6.5 6.9 (4.7) (4.2) (7.1)	24.7 23.1 (4.3) (5.5)	24.6 18.2 31.3 (6.5) (5.1) (5.7)	22.7 ( 4.2)	24.0 (7.4)	27.3 (8.2)
Number of respondents	565	161 115 33	327 237	167 218 180	381	102	77
Percentage taking nonacademic*							
As a whole	91.9 (2.2)	87.4 92.6 89.7 (4.1) (4.5) (8.5)	92.1 91.6 (2.7) (3.6)	96.7 89.2 90.1 ( 2.7) ( 4.1) ( 3.7)	93.3 ( 2.5)	87.4 (5.8)	89.8 (5.6)
In regular education classes	52.1 ( 4.0)	68 0 79.7 62.1 (5.8) (6.8) (13.6)	50.2 54.7 (5.0) (6.4)	59.5 59.6 33.8 (7.5) (6.5) (5.8)	55.3 ( 5.0)	49.0 (8.7)	40.1 ( 9.0)
In special education classes	51.6 (4.0)	44.0 25.7 38.0 (6.1) (7.4) (13.6)	52.9 49.8 (5.0) (6.5)	49.4 42.5 66.4 (7.6) (6.6) (5.8)	50.2 ( 5.0)	50.9 ( 8.7)	57.8 (9.1)
Number of respondents	565	161 115 33	327 237	167 218 190	381	102	77
Percentage taking nonsubject- specific special education					10.0		10.0
c lasses**	10.3 ( 2.4)	6.3 4.2 7.3 (3.0) (3.4) (7.3)	8.5 12.7 (2.8) (4.3)	10.2 7.6 14.1 (4.6) (3.5) (4.3)	10.6 ( 3.1)	9.1 ( 5.0)	10.0 ( 5.5)
Number of respondents	565	16t 115 33	327 237	167 218 180	381	102	77



<sup>\*</sup> Academic courses include English/language arts, mathematics, science, social science, and foreign language. Other courses are considered nonacademic.

<sup>\*\*</sup> Monsubject-specific special education courses could include study skills courses, general life skills curriculum courses, etc.

Source: Sudents' school records. Data are for the most recent year in school.

Table 16B: COURSE-TAKING BY STUDENTS WITH VISUAL IMPAIRMENTS IN THEIR MOST RECENT YEAR IN SECONDARY SCHOOL (Concluded)

	Type of Sch	nool Attended	Severity of Visual Impairment		
Course Taking	Regular School	Special School	Partially Sighted	<u>Blind</u>	
Percentage taking science classes:					
As a whole	54.4	49.5	54.8	52. <b>3</b>	
	( 5.1)	( 6.0)	( 5.0)	(7.3)	
In regular education classes	44.1	4.2	40.8	22.8	
_	( 5.1)	( 2.4)	( 5.0)	(6.1)	
In special education classes	10.3	45.3	14.0	29.5	
	( 3.1)	(6.0)	( 3.5)	( 6.7)	
Number of respondents	307	258	306	196	
Percentage taking other academic*					
classes:					
As a whole	82.6	69.8	80.5	78.7	
	( 3.9)	(5.9)	( 4.0)	(6.0)	
In regular education classes	73.5	7.9	63.5	47.3	
	( 4.5)	(3.3)	( 4.9)	(7.3)	
In special education classes	10.5	52.8	18.6	31.8	
	( 3.1)	(6.0)	(3.9)	( 6.8)	
Number of respondents	307	258	306	196	
Percentage taking nonacademic*					
clas <b>se</b> s:					
As a whole	89.8	96.2	87.1	97.8	
	( 3.1)	( 2.3)	(3.4)	(2.1)	
In regular education classes	72.9	8.0	61.0	44.1	
	( 4.5)	(3.3)	( 4.9)	(7.2)	
In special education classes	3 <b>3</b> .9	89.1	38.0	66.9	
	( 4.8)	( 3.7)	( 4.9)	( 6.9)	
Number of respondents	307	258	306	196	
Percentage taking nonsubject-					
specific special education					
classes**	5.8	20.0	8.0	13.2	
	( 2.4)	(4.8)	( 2.7)	(4.9)	
Number of respondents	307	258	306	196	
•					

Source: Students' school records. Oata are for the most recent year in school.

<sup>\*</sup> Academic courses include English/language - cs, mathematics, science, social science, and foreign language. Other courses are considered nonacademic.

<sup>\*\*</sup> Nonsubject-specific special education courses could include study skills courses, general life skills curriculum courses, e.c.

Table 16C: COURSE-TAKING BY STUDENTS WITH VISUAL IMPAIRMENTS IN THEIR MOST RECENT YEAR IN SECONDARY SCHOOL (Concluded)

	House	Household Income		Ethnicity	Heat of Household's Education		
Course Taking	Under 12 \$12,000 \$2		\$25,000 and Over	Black White Hispanic	No High School Diploma	High School Diploma	Beyond High School
Percentage taking science classes:							
As a whole	45.6 (9.0) (	56.5 ( 8.0)	54.0 ( 6.6)	46.3 54.6 47.0 (7.3) (5.6) (10.6)	52.2 (7.1)	46.1 ( 8.4)	57.4 ( 7.0)
In regular education Classes	23.3	26.6 ( 7.1)	45.5 ( 6.6)	29.8 33.0 29.4 (6.7) (5.3) (9.7)	25.5 ( 6.2)	27.3 (7.5)	40.7 ( 7.0)
In special education classes	22.3	30.0	8.5 (3.7)	16.6 21.6 17.6 (5.4) (4.6) (8.1)	26.7 ( 6.3)	18.8 ( 6.6)	16.7 ( 5.3)
Number of respondents	103	124	185	115 305 38	149	147	157
Percentage taking other academic*							
As a whole	75.1 (7.8)	72.5 ( 7.2)	80.5 (5.3)	76.3 76.1 79.2 ( 6.2) ( 4.8) ( 8.6)	69.2 ( 6.6)	80.9 ( 6.6)	79.2 (_5.8)
In regular education classes	46.4	48.4 (8.1)	66.6 ( 6.3)	51.2 53.8 62.9 (7.3) (5.6) (10.2)	40.1 ( 7.0)	61.4 (8.2)	57.4 ( 7.0)
In special education classes	28.7	26.7	15.1 ( 4.8)	25.0 24.0 16.3 (6.3) (4.8) (7.8)	3i.2 ( 6.6)	19.5 ( 6.7)	23.1 ( 6.0)
Number of respondents	103	124	185	115 305 38	149	147	157
Percentage taking nonacademic* classes:							
As a whole	91.0 ( 7.2)	93.6 ( 3.9)	31.6 (3.7)	82.3 93.5 97.9 (5.6) (2.8) (3.0)	95.4 (_3.0)	88.0 (55)	91.4 (_4.0)
In regular education classes	51.0 (9.0)	45.0 (8.0)	63.7 ( 6.4)	46.1 52.5 76.7 (7.3) (5.6) (8.9)	54.9 (7.1)	46.2 (8.4)	(7.0)
In special education classes	53.9 ( 9.0)	62.1	40.4 (6.5)	45.9 53.1 48.4 (7.3) (5.6) (10.6)	55.1 (7.1)	51.6 (8.5)	48.8 (7.1)
Number of respondents	103	124	185	115 305 38	149	147	157
Percentage taking nonsubject-							
specific special education classes**	10.4 (5.5)	12.9 ( 5.4)	7.5 ( 3.5)	10.8 12.4 4.8 ( 4.5) ( 3.7) ( 4.5)	13.9 ( 4.9)	5.5 ( 3.8)	15.7 ( 5.2)
Number of respondents	103	124	185	115 305 38	149	147	157

<sup>\*</sup> Academic courses include English/language arts, mathematics, science, social science, and foreign language. Other courses are considered nonacademic.

<sup>\*\*</sup> Nonsubject-specific special education course could include study skills courses, general life skills curriculum courses, etc.

Source: Students' school records. Data are for the most recent year in school.

## Table 17A: VOCATIONAL EDUCATION PARTICIPATION BY STUDENTS WITH VISUAL IMPAIRMENTS IN THEIR MOST RECENT YEAR IN SECONDARY SCHOOL

		Community	Gender	Age in 1987	School Status
Vocational Education Courses	<u>Total</u>	Urban Suburban Rural	Male Female	19 or 15-16 <u>17-18</u> <u>older</u>	Out 1 year Out 1 - 2 In-School or less Years
Percentage enrolled in:					
Any vocational education	57.3 (3.2)	49.9 53.0 51.8 ( 4.8) ( 7.2) (11.5)	55.5 59.7 ( 4.1) ( 5.1)	46.7 61.5 63.2 (6.1) (5.3) (5.0)	56.4 64.3 51.6 (4.1) (6.8) (7.9)
Occupationally-oriented	( 0.2,	( 110, ( 111, (1110,	(, (,	( 512) ( 510) ( 510)	( 112)
vocations? education	43.5 ( 3.2)	35.5 38.4 55.2 (4.6) (7.0) (11.8)	42.1 45.3 ( 4.0) ( 5.1)	36.8 49.0 43.5 (5.9) (5.5) (5.1)	43.8 45.7 38.5 (4.1) (7.0) (7.6)
Home economics-oriented	• •				
vocational education	35.5 ( 3.7)	30.8 19.3 41.0 (5.5) (6.5) (13.8)	26.7 47.1 (4.3) (6.2)	30.3 31.2 47.0 (6.8) (5.9) (6.2)	33.4 39.6 38.7 (4.6) (8.2) (9.4)
Other vocational education*	16.1 ( 2.4)	11.4 10.7 10.5 (3.1) (4.5) (7.2)	19.6 11.6 ( 3.3) ( 3.3)	9.2 12.9 28.0 (3.6) (3.7) (4.6)	14.1 22.3 18.6 (2.9) (5.9) (6.1)
Number of respondents	565	161 115 33	327 237	167 218 180	381 102 77
Average hours per week in:					
Any vocational education	4.4 ( 0.4)	3.5 3.3 5.4 ( v.5) ( 0.7) ( 1.4)	4.3 4.5 ( 0.5) ( 0.6)	2.8 4.2 6.3 ( 0.5) ( 0.5) ( 0.7)	3.9 5.9 4.8 (0.4) (1.0) (1.1)
Occupationally-oriented	• . •				
vocational education	2.4 ( 0.3)	1.8 2.1 3.4 (0.3) (0.6) (1.0)	2.2 2.5 ( 0.3) ( 0.4)	1.6 2.7 2.8 (0.3) (0.4) (0.5)	2.2 3.1 2.2 (0.3) (0.8) (0.6)
Home economics-oriented	•			-	
vocational education	1.6 ( 0.2)	1.2 0.6 2.0 ( 0.3) ( 0.2) ( 0.8)	1.3 1.9 ( 0.3) ( 0 3)	1.2 1.2 2.4 (0.4) (0.3) (0.4)	1.4 1.9 1.7 (0.3) (0.4) (0.5)
Other vocational education*	0.8 ( 0.2)	0.9 0.6 0.4 (0.3) (0.3) (0.3)	1.0 0.6 ( 0.2) ( 0.2)	0.3 0.6 1.7 ( 0.1) ( 0.2) ( 0.4)	0.6 1.3 1.4 (0.2) (0.5) (0.6)
Number of respondent:	565	161 115 33	327 237	167 218 180	381 102 77



<sup>\*</sup> Other vocational education includes training in prevocational skills, work exploration/work experience, and on-the-job training.

## Table 17B: VOCATIONAL EDUCATION PARTICIPATION BY STUDENTS WITH VISUAL IMPAIRMENTS IN THEIR MOST RECENT YEAR IN SECONDARY SCHOOL

	Type of Sch	nool Attended	Severity of Visual Impairment		
Vocational Education Courses	Regular School	Special School	Partially Sighted	Blind	
Percentage enrolled in:					
Any vocational education	54.7 ( 4.2)	73.3 ( 4.7)	67.7 ( 4.4)	63.8 (5.9)	
Occupationally-oriented	•	, ,		-	
vocational education	41.6 ( 4.2)	54.9 ( 5.3)	52.6 ( 4.7)	44.4 ( 6.1)	
Home economics-oriented		•			
vocational education	27.3 ( 4.5)	52.9 ( 6.0)	32.4 ( 4.7)	41.1 (7.0)	
Other vocational education*	8.7 ( 2.4)	35.5 ( 5.1)	16.2 ( 3.5)	21.4 (5.1)	
Number of respondents	307	258	306	196	
Average hours per week in:					
Any vocational education	3.8 ( 0.5)	6.6 ( 0.6)	5.2 ( 0.5)	5.1 ( 0.7)	
Occupationally-oriented	•	•			
vocational education	2. <b>4</b> ( 0.3)	2.8 ( 0.4)	3.1 ( 0.4)	2.4 ( 0.5)	
Home economics-oriented		• •			
vocational education	1.1 ( 0.2)	2.6 ( 0.4)	1.3 ( 0.2)	2.1 ( 0.4)	
Other vocational education*	0.6	1.6	0.9	1.6 ( 0.3)	
Number of respondents	307	258	306	196	



<sup>\*</sup> Other vocational education includes training in prevocational skills, work exploration/work experience, and on-the-job training.

Table 17C: VOCATIONAL EDUCAT ARTICIPATION BY STUDENTS WITH VISUAL IMPAIRMENTS CENT YEAR IN SECONDARY SCHOOL

	Hou	sehold I	ncome	Ethnicity	Head of I	lousehold's Ed	lucation
Vocational Education Courses	Under \$12,000	12,000- <b>\$24,999</b>	\$25,000 and Over	Black White Hispanic	No High School Diploma	High School Dipl.wa	Beyond High School
Percentage enrolled in:							
Any vocational education	63.7 ( 6.7)	55.0 ( 6.7)	49.7 ( 5.5)	50.7 60.0 41.3 ( 5.4) ( 4.7) ( 8.8)	61.3 ( 5.9)	57.3 ( 6.3)	49.6 (5.8)
Occupationally-oriented	• •		·		* -	, ,	
vocational education	44.8 ( 7.0)	41.0 (6.6)	37.6 { 5.3}	38.8 44.0 30.4 ( 5.2) ( 4.7) ( 8.2)	38.5 ( 5.9)	50.2 ( 6.4)	36.1 ( 5.6)
Home economics-oriented	, ,		•		•	, ,	••
vocational education	46.6 ( 8.5)	40.9 ( 8.0)	20.2 ( 5.3)	38.0 34.6 25.6 ( 6.8) ( 5.3) (10.0)	40.5 ( 7.0)	35.7 (7.6)	31. <b>2</b> (6.5)
Other vocational education*	20.5	19.5 (5.3)	9.2	18.0 17.1 10.5 ( 4.1) ( 3.6) ( 5.5)	21.0 ( 4.9)	15.5 ( 4.6)	13.0 ( 3.9)
Number of respondents	103	124	185	115 305 38	149	147	157
Average hours per week in:							
Any vocational education	5.6 ( 0.9)	4.3 ( 0.7)	3.½ ( 0.5)	4.5 4.3 3.2 ( 0.7) ( 0.5) ( 1.0)	4.6 ( 0.7)	5.0 ( 0.7)	3.2 ( 0.5)
Occupationally-oriented							
vocational education	2.7 ( 0.6)	2.2 ( 0.5)	1.9 ( 0.4)	2.4 2.3 1.9 ( 0.4) ( 0.3) ( 0.8)	1.9 ( 0.5)	3.1 ( 0.5)	1.6 ( 0.3)
Home economics-oriented	, ,	•	•		• •	•	••
vocational education	2.2 ( 0.5)	2.0 ( 0.4)	0.9 ( 0.3)	1.6 1.6 0.9 ( 0.3) ( 0.3) ( 0.4)	1 9 ( 0.4)	1. <b>8</b> ( 0.5)	1.2 ( 0.3)
Other vocational education*	1.1 ( 0.4)	0.8	0.5 ( 0.2)	1.2 0.7 0.8 ( 0.4) ( 0.2) ( 0.6)	1.3	0.6	0.6 ( 0.2)
Number of respondents	103	124	185	115 305 38	149	147	157
•							

<sup>\*</sup> Other vocational education includes training in prevocational skills, work exploration/work experience, and on-the-job training.

Table 17A: VOCATIONAL EDUCATION PARTICIPATION BY STUDENTS WITH VISUAL IMPAIRMENTS IN THEIR MOST RECENT YEAR IN SECONDARY SCHOOL (Continued)

		Community	<u>Gender</u>	Age in 1987	School Status
Vocational Education Courses	<u>Total</u>	Urban Suburban Rural	Male Female	19 or 15-16 17-18 older	Out 1 year Out 1 - 2 In-Schooi or less Years
Percentage in any vocational education courses in grades:					
7 or 8					
9 or 10	70.1 ( 5.6)	60.8 56.3 85.6 ( 8.4) (12.2) (14.5)	69.6 71.0 (7.2) (8.8)	69.7 70.4 ( 8.3) ( 8.3)	71.1 66.3 ( 6.0) (19.5)
11 or 12	75.0 ( 4.9)	72.9 78.0 ( 7.9) (10.1)	72.2 78.0 (6.6) (7.4)	73.3 76.2 ( 8.2) ( 5.7)	77.5 69.1 80.7 (8.2) (7.8) (8.5)
Ungraded programs	66.8 ( 9.5)		65. <b>8</b> 69.5 (11.2) (16.7)	73.6 71.1 (16.1) (11.5)	71.1 (10.8)
Number of respondents	637	175 124 36	363 271	180 253 204	420 128 83
Average hours per week in any vocational education in grades:					
7 or 8					
9 or 10	4.0 ( 0.4)	3.0 2.8 4.9 ( 0.6) ( 0.7) ( 1.6)	4.4 3.6 (0.6) (0.6)	3.9 4.1 ( 0.6) ( 0.7)	4.1 3.6 ( 0.5? ( 1.4)
11 or 12	6.8 ( 0.7)	5.9 5.5 (1.3) (1.4)	5.9 7.8 ( 0.9) ( 1.2)	6.0 7.5 (1.0) (1.0)	6.4 6.8 7.8 (1.0) (1.2) (1.6)
Ungraded programs	7.1	· · · ·	7.6 6.0 (1.8) (1.9)	5.6 8.1 (2.1) (1.9)	7.6 (1.7)
Number of respondents	634	174 123 36	360 271	180 250 204	418 127 83
Percentage in occupationally- oriented vocational education courses in grades:					
7 or 8				,	
9 or 10	56.0 ( 6.1)	40.1 48.2 72.9 ( 8.5) (12.4) (18.4)	59.7 51.9 (7.6) (9.7)	58.4 54.1 ( 8.9) ( 9.1)	56.4 61.9 ( 6.6' (20.0)
11 or 12	56.6 ( 5.7)	52.6 52.1 ( 8.9) (12.2)	52.0 61.3 (7.4) (8.8)	63.5 50.7 ( 9.0) ( 6.7)	66.£ 45.6 58.6 (9.2) (8.4) (10.6)
.Ungraded programs	35.3 (9.6)		34.7- 37.0 (11.3) (17.5)	42.9 44.3 (18.1) (12.6)	34.2 (11.3)
Number of respondents	636	175 123 36	363 270	180 252 204	419 128 83

Table 178: VOCATIONAL EDUCATION PARTICIPATION BY STUDENTS WITH VISUAL IMPAIRMENTS IN THEIR MOST RECENT YEAR IN SECONDARY SCHOOL (Continued)

	Type of Sch	nool Attended	Severity of Visual Impairment			
Vocational Education Courses	Regular School	Special School	Partially Sighted	Blind		
Percentage in any vocational education courses in grades: 7 or 8						
9 or 10	63.4 (7.1)	87.7 { 6.9}	63.9 ( 7.4)	76.8 ( 9.6)		
11 or 1	76.2 ( 6.4)	71.7 ( 7.9)	76.9 ( 6.0)	3.8 ( 5.3)		
Ungraded programs	`50.7` (22.7)	71.6 (10.6)	87.9 (12.9)	90.0		
Number of respondents	336	301	344	223		
Average hours per week in any vocational education in grades: 7 or 8				***		
9 or 10	3.1 ( 0.5)	6.5 ( G.8)	3.5 ( 0.5)	4.6 { 1.0}		
11 or 12	6.7 ( 1.0)	7.3 ( 1.1)	7.1	6.7 (1.3)		
Ungraded programs		7.6 ( 1.6)	6.6 ( 2.0)	10.0 ( 2.0)		
Number of respondents	334	300	342	223		
Percentage in occupationally- oriented vocational education courses in grades:						
7 or 8						
9 or 10	48.9 (7.4)	74.8 ( 9.1)	53.2 ( 7.7)	56.2 (1i.3)		
11 or 12	56.3 (7.4)	57.4 ( 8.7)	58.7 ( 7.0)	55.5 (10.5)		
Ungraded programs	27.5 (20.3)	37.7 (11.3)	48.7 (19.8)	40.7 (16.6)		
Number of respondents	335	301	343	223		

Table 17C: VOCATIONAL EDUCATION PARTICIPATION BY STUDENTS WITH VISUAL IMPAIRMENTS IN THEIR MOST RECENT YEAR IN SECONDARY SCHOOL (Continued)

	Household Income Ethnicity		Head of Household's Education		
Vocational Education Corrses	Under 12,000- \$12,000 \$24,999		Black White Hispanic	No High School Diploms	High School Beyond Diploma High School
Percentage in any vocational					
education courses in grades: 7 or 8					-+0
9 or 10	77.8 79.7 (12.0) (10.4)	57.3 ( 9.4)	13.4 75.1 58.9 (10.5) ( 7.8) (16.0)	79.3 ( 9.5)	71.4 61.6 (10.9) (10.3)
11 or 12	82.9 79.9 (10.0) ( 9.7)	70.9 ( 8.7)	82.5 74.3 71.4 (8.0) (7.0) (16.5)	83.9 ( 8.2)	76.2 69.2 ( 9.5) ( 9.5)
Ungraded programs	78.0 71.7 (17.5) (18.6)	57.4 (20.7)	63.0 73.8 (16.5) (12.9)	82.0 (13.7)	68.5 57.4 (20.9) (20.4)
Number of respondents	112 136	209	130 340 39	159	166 177
Average hours per week in any vocational education in grades:					
7 or 8					
9 or 10	3.9 5.4 (1.0) (1.0)	3.0 ( 0.7)	3.4 4.0 3.5 ( 0.8) ( 0.7) ( 1.2)	3.6 ( 0.7)	4.8 3.3 (1.0) (0.7)
11 or 12	9.4 7.1 (1.8) (1.6)	4.9	9.2 6.0 7.8 (1.5) (0.9) (2.8)	8.0 (1.6)	7.6 4.7 (1.3) (0.9)
Ungraded programs	10.2 6.3 (3.4) (2.1)	5.9 ( 2.8)	7.4 8.6 (2.4) (2.1)	9.2 ( 2.2)	8.3 6.4 (3.2) (3.3)
Number of respondents	111 136	208	130 337 39	158	166 176
Percentage in occupationally- oriented vocational education courses in grades:					
7 or 8					*
9 or 10	51.0 55.9 (14.5) (12.2)	45.8 ( 9.5)	45.6 59.2 47.7 (10.6) ( 8.9) (16.3)	57.7 (11.6)	59.0 50.5 (11.9) (10.6)
11 or 12	61.2 57.3 (12.9) (12.0)	54.0 ( 9.5)	61.1 55.0 48.7 (10.3) ( 7.9) (18.3)	45.0 (11.0)	69.9 46.5 (10.3) (10.3)
Ungraded programs	48.5 33.9 (21.0) (19.6)	26.5 (18.5)	49.1 37.2 (17.1) (14.2)	43.8 (17.7)	57.3 25.8 (22.3) (18.1)
Number of respondents	112 136	209	130 339 39	159	166 177



Table 17A: VOCATIONAL EDUCATION PARTICIPATION BY STUDENTS WITH VISUAL IMPAIRMENTS IN THEIR MOST RECENT YEAR IN SECONDARY SCHOOL (Continued)

		Community	<u>Gender</u>	Age in 1987	School Status
<u>Vocational Education Courses</u>	<u>Total</u>	Urban Suburban Rural	Male Female	19 or 15-16 17-18 older	Out 1 year Out 1 - 2 In-School or less Years
Average hours per week in occupationally-oriented vocational education in grades:					
7 or 8					***
9 or 10	2.1	1.9 1.5 2.1	2.3 1.9	2.5 1.9	2.2
11 or 12	3.5	2.5 3.8	2.7 4.5	4.3 2.9	2.2 1.7
	( 0.6)	(0.7) (1.5)	(0.7) (1.1)	(0.9) (0.7)	. 4.0 3.3 3.1 (0.9) (1.0) (0.9)
Uncraded programs	0.7		0.5 1.1	0.1 1.2	
on oddo programo	( 0.4)		(0.5) (0.8)	(0.1) (0.7)	( 0.5)
Number of respondents	629	173 123 36	359 267	178 248 203	414 126 83
Percentage in vocational education courses in:					
Regular education classes	38.0 (3.9)	47.5 50.7 55.7 ( 6.2) ( 8.5) (13.9)	33.6 44.0 ( 4.7) ( 6.4)	32.8 45.7 33.4 (7.1) (6.6) (5.8)	36.8 46.7 35.3
Special education classes	30.6	17.5 8.9 15.0	32.9 27.3	22.7 24.9 46.8	(4.8) (8.7) (8.8)
openial codes on charges	(3.7)	(4.7) (4.8) (10.0)	(4.7) (.5.8)	(6.4) (5.8) (6.1)	28.1 32.8 37.2
Number of respondents	565	161 115 33	327 237	167 218 180	( 4.5) ( 8.2) ( 8.9) 381 102 77
Average hours per week in vocational education courses in:*				•	
Regular education classes	4.9	6.1 6.1 8.0	3.9 5.9	4.1 5.3 4.9	42 74 47
	( 0.5)	(0.8) (0.9) (2.4)	(0.5) (1.0)	(0.8) (0.8) (1.0)	4.2 7.4 4.7 (0.6) (1.6) (1.2)
Special education classes	4.6	2.9 1.3 3.1	5.6 3.4	3.8 3.3 6.8	
	( 0.6)	(0.9) (1.0) (2.0)	(0.8) (0.8)	(1.0) (0.9) (1.0)	
Number of respondents	424	105 72 22	240 183	106 166 152	(0.7) (1.2) (1.5) 276 82 62

Source: Students' school records. Data are for the students' most recent year in secondary school.



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<sup>\*</sup> Of those taking vocational education.

Table 17B: VOCATIONAL EDUCATION PARTICIPATION BY STUDENTS WITH VISUAL IMPAIRMENTS IN THEIR MOST RECENT YEAR IN SECONDARY SCHOOL (Continued)

	Type of Sch	nool Attended	Severity of Visual Impairment		
Vocational Education Courses	Regular School	Special School	Partially Sighted	Blind	
Average hours per week in occupationally-oriented vocational education in grades:					
7 or 8			***		
9 or 10	2.0 ( 0.4)	2.5 ( 0.6)	2.2 ( 0.5)	1.6 ( 0.5)	
11 or 12	4.1 ( 0.8)	2.0 ( 0.7)	3.7 •( 0.8)	3.7	
Ungraded programs	0.4 ( 0.6)	0 8 ( 0.2)	0.0 ( 0.0)	1.6	
Number of respondents	333	296	337	222	
Percentage in vocational education courses in:					
Regular education classes	52.5 ( 5.1)	7.4 ( 3.1)	46.4 ( 5.0)	28.5 ( 6.6)	
Special education classes	9.9 ( 3.1)	74.2 ( 5.3)	23.0 ( 4.2)	41.3 ( 7.2)	
Number of respondents	307	258	306	196	
Average hours per week in vocational education courses in:*					
Regular education classes	7.1 ( 0.7)	· 1.0 ( 0.5)	5.5 ( 0.6)	4.3 ( 1.2)	
Special education classes	1. <b>6</b> 0. <b>6</b> )	9.5 ( 0.7)	3.5 ( 0.7)	5.7 ( 1.1)	
Number of respondents	196	228 .	235	155	

<sup>\*</sup> Of those taking vocational education.

Table 17C: VOCATIONAL EDUCATION PARTICIPATION BY STUDENTS WITH VISUAL IMPAIRMENTS IN THEIR MOST RECENT YEAR IN SECONDARY SCHOOL (Continued)

	Hou	sehold I	ncome		<u>Ethnic</u>	ity	Head of H	louseho]d's Ed	lucation
Vocational Education Courses	Under \$12,000		\$25,000 and Over	Black	<u> White</u>	<u>Hispanic</u>	No High School Diploma	High School Diploms	Beyond High School
Average hours per week in occupationally-oriented vocational education in grades: 7 or 8									
7 0. 0									
9 or 10	1.9 ( 0.8)	2.0 ( 0.7)	1.9 ( 0.5)	2.0 ( 0.7)	2.0	2.1 ( 0.9)	2.2 ( 0.7)	1.8 ( 0.6)	2.0 ( 0.5)
11 or 12	4.7 (1.5)	3.3	3.2	3.8	3.4	4.6	2.5 (1.1)	5.3	1.9 ( 0.6)
Ungraded programs	0.7	0.5	0.9	1.5	C 3		0.8 (1.1)	0.9 ( 1.0)	0.3
Number of respondents	110	133	208	128	334	39	155	165	176
Percentage in vocational education courses in:									
Regular education classes	37.5 (8.8)	37.5 ( 7.8)	40.6 ( ວີ.5)	43.2 (7.2)	33.4 (5.3)	53.1 ) (10.6)	36.7 ( 6.9)	46.1 ( 8.4)	28.9 ( 6.4)
Special education classes	37 8 ( 8.8)	30.6	18.9 ( 5.2)	34.0	29.4	19.7	32.5 ( 6.7)	30.3 (7.8)	27.8 ( 6.4)
Number of respondents	103	124	185	115	305	38	149	147	157
Average hours per week in vocational aducation courses in:*									
Regular education classes	4.6 (1.1)	5.8 ( 1.5)	5.1 ( 0.7)	5.8 ( 1.1)	4.4	8.3 ) ( 1.7)	4.8 (1.0)	6.0 (1.4)	3.8 ( 0.8)
Special education classes	5.6 (1.5)	4.3	2.7	4.8	4.7	1.7	4.5 (1.0)	4.6 (1.3)	4.5 ( 1.0)
Number of respondents	83	95	132	89	226	26	118	111	107



<sup>\*</sup> Of those taking vocational education.

Table 17A: VOCATIONAL EDUCATION PARTICIPATION BY STUDENTS WITH VISUAL IMPAIRMENTS IN THEIR MOST RECENT YEAR IN SECONDARY SCHOOL (Conviuded)

		Community	<u>6. ær</u>	Age in 1987		School Status	<u> </u>
Vocational Education Cou ses	<u>Total</u>	Urban Suburban Rural	Male Female	19 or 15-16 17-18 older	In-School	Out 1 year or less	Out 1 - 2 Years
Percentage of vocational education							
students studying:							
Prevocational skills	25.0	14.8 17.4 15.6	32 9 15.2	22.5 18.9 34.1	24.7	24.9	28.9
	(4.4)	(5.4) (9.7) (12.7)	(5.8) (6.0)	(9.2) (6.7) (6.5)	(5.7)	(9.3)	(8.9)
Agriculture .	6.8	1.3 16.6 8.9	7.5 6.0	5.1 12.0 1.9	9.5	1.8	1.3
.,	( 2.5)	(1.7) (9.5) (10.0)	(3.2) (4.0)	(4.8) (5.6) (1.9)	(3.9)	( 2.9)	(2.2)
Distributive education	5.4	3.5 7.9 5.7	6.1 4.5	6.4 4.1 6.1	4.7	7.5	6.0
	( 2.3)	(2.8) (6.9) (8.2)	( 2.9) ( 3.5)	(5.4) (3.4) (3.3)	( 2.8)	(5.6)	(4.7)
Health occupations	3.6	2.4 0.0 7.3	1.4 6.3	0.7 6.3 2.6	2.2	8.9	2.9
nearth occupations	(1.9)	(2.3) (0.0) (9.1)	(1.4) (4.1)	(1.8) (4.1) (2.2)	(1.9)	(6.1)	
Office occupations .	50.1	53.3 46.8 49.9	49.7 50.4		•		(3.3)
of the occupations .	(5.0)	(7.5) (12.7) (17.6)			57.2	28.1	43.9
Mark ton food of bodon would				(11.0) (8.3) (6.5)	( 6.5)	( 9.6)	( 9.7)
Machine/auto/motor repair	3.5	6.0 7.3 0.5	6.1 0.3	0.3 3.6 5.9	2.7	5.4	5.2
•	(1.9)	(3.6) (6.6) (2.5)	(2.9) (0.9)	(1.3) (3.2) (3.2)	(2.1)	(4.8)	(4.4)
Construction trades	12.7	9.0 3.9 11.9	14.1 11.0	20.6 8.1 12.2	11.4	13.1	20.3
	(3.4)	(4.3) (4.9) (11.4)	( 4.3) ( 5.2)	(8.9) (4.7) (4.5)	( 4.2)	( 7.2)	(7.9)
Electronics/communications	ε.1	5.5 0.0 0.0	3.1 0.9	4.4 1.5 1.1	₹.7	0.0	3.0
	(1.5)	(3.4) (0.0) (0.0)	(2.1) (1.6)	(4.5) (2.1) (1.5)	(2.1)	( 0.0)	(3.4)
Manufacturing/industrial arts	8.2	4.2 2.2 17.0	7.5 9.0	15.2 4.9 6.7	9.3	4.7	4.0
	( 2.8)	( 3.0) ( 3.7) (13.2)	(3.2) (4.8)	(7.9) (3.7) (3.4)	(3.9)	( 4.5)	(3.8)
Painting/decorating/graphic art/					•	• •	•
commercial art/drafting	5.3	9.2 5.8 5.7	6.7 3.6	5.1 5.8 4.8	5.9	3.0	6.0
•	(2.3)	(4.4) (5.9) (8.1)	(3.1)(3.1)	(44) (4.0) (2.9)	(3.1)	(3.6)	( 4.7)
Food service	4.2	4.6 11.5 0.0	1.1 8.0	5.5 3.2 4.3	4.0	7.1	1.3
7 555 557 155	( 2.0)	(3.1) (8.1) (0.0)	(1.3) (4.6)	(5.0) (3.0) (2.8)	( 2.6)	( 5.5)	(2.2).
Personal Services	2.0	3.0 1.1 0.0	ζ.5 1.4	0.0 1.2 4.6	1.9	3.0	1.1
101301101 001 11003	(1.4)	(2.6) (2.6) (0.0)	(1.9) (1.9)	(0.0) (1.8) (2.9)	(1.8)	(3.7)	(2.1)
Custodial services	2.0	2.6 2.2 0.0	1.4 2.7	2.0 0.8 4.9	0.9	4.2	4.7
Custod la 1 Sel Vices	(1.4)	(2.4) (3.8) (0.0)		(0.0) (1.6) (3.0)			
On-the-job/work experience	9.5	13.1 10.3 3.4	(1.5) (2.7) 9.5 9.1		(1.2)	(4.3)	(4.2)
Un-the-Job/work experience					5.8	17.1	15.7
Other	(2.9)	(5.1) (7.8) (6.4)	(3.6) (4.8)	(1.9) (4.2) (5.5)	( 3.1)	(8.1)	(7.1)
Other	78	12.0 1.0 10.2	6.5 9.3	3.6 3.3 16.2	5.8	13.8	9.2
	( 2.7)	(4.9) (2.5) (10.6)	(3.0) (4.9)	(4.1) (3.1; (5.1)	(3.1)	(7.4)	(5.7)
Number of respondents	378	97 58 18	223 154	88 145 145	241	74	60



## Table 178: VOCATIONAL EDUCATION PARTICIPATION BY-STUDENTS WITH VISUAL IMPAIRMENTS IN THEIR MOST RECENT YEAR IN SECUNDARY SCHOOL. (Concluded)

	Type of Sch	nool Attended.	Severity of Visual Impairment		
Vocational Education Courses	Regular School	Special School	Partially Sight.ed	31ind	
Percentage of vocational education					
students studying:	•••	40.0	• • •	20 5	
Prevocational skills	11.6	46.0	16.3	32.5	
	( 4.5)	( 6.7)	( 4.8)	( 8.7)	
Agriculture	9.3	3.0	1.7	8.4	
	(4.1)	( 2.3)	( 1.6)	( 5.2)	
Distributive education	5.6	4.9	6.5	4.2	
•	( 3.2)	( 2.9)	( 3.0)	( 3.7)	
Health occupations	4.6	2.0	5.4	1.6	
	( 2.9)	(1.9)	(2.8)	{ 2.4}	
Office occupations	49.3	51.5	55.4	49.7	
	( 7.0)	( 6.8)	( 6.1)	( 9.3)	
Machine/auto/motor repair	5.0	1.2	3.2	5.7	
	( 3.1)	(1.5)	( 2.2)	(4.3)	
Construction trades	8.3	19.7	9.8	12.4	
	( 3.9)	( 5.4)	( 3.7)	( 6.1)	
Electronics/communications	2.5	1.6	2.9	0.6	
	( 2.2)	(1.7)	( 2.1)	( 1.5)	
Manufacturing/industrial arts	7.1	9.8	).4 ( 2	6.2	
	( 3.6)	( 4.0)	( 3.2)	( 4.5)	
Painting/decorating/graphic art/	3.0		7.6		
commercial art/drafting	7.2	2.2	7.5	1.5	
	( 3.6)	(2.0)	( 3.3)	( 2.3)	
Food service	5.5	2.2	5.6	1.2	
	( 3.2)	( 2.0)	( 2.8)	( 2.0)	
Personal services	1.0	3.7	2.0	1.1	
	(1.4)	( 2.5)	( 1.7)	( 1.9)	
Custodial services	1.8	2.3	2.5	0.7	
	( 1.9)	(2.0)	(1.9)	(1.5)	
On-the-job/work experience	9.2	10 )	12.2	6.6	
	( 4.1)	(4.1)	( 4.0)	(4.6)	
Other	6.9	9.1	4.0	13.7	
	( 3.6)	( 3.9)	( 2.4)	( 6.4)	
i ber of respondents	168	210	209	136	



Table 17C: VOCATIONAL EDUCATION PARTICIPATION BY STUDENTS WITH VISUAL IN AIRMENTS IN THEIR MOST RECENT YEAR IN SECONDARY SCHOOL (Concluded)

	Household 1	ncome	Ethnicity Head of Household's E		ducation	
Vocational Education Courses	Under 12,000- \$12,000 \$24,999	\$25,0°0 and Over	Black White Hispanic	No High School Diplome	High School Diploma	Beyond High School
Percentage of vocational education		•				
students studying:						
Prevocational skills	34.8 23.4	17.6	30.0 27.2 14.1	30.4	24.7	24.7
	(11.0) (8.6)	(6.5)	(8.2) (6.5) (9.2)	( 7.8)	( 9.3)	( 8.3)
Agriculture	18.8 0.6	2.1	3.3 8.5 3.1	9.0	9.5	0.0
	(9.0) (1.6)	(2.4)	(3.2) (4.1) (4.6)	(4.8)	(6.3)	( 0.0)
Distributive education	2.9 3.8	11.9	5.7 5.5 2.4	3.0	5.7	10.9
	(3.9) (3.9)	(5.5)	(4.1) (3.4) (4.1)	( 2.9)	( 5.0)	(6.0)
Health occupations	0.9 0.6	8.0	2.4 4.0 0.0	2.0	6.0	1.6
nea ren occupat ions	(2.2) (1.6)	( 4.6)	(2.7) (2.9) (0.0)	( 2.4)	(5.1)	( 2.4)
Office occupations	50.7 48.9	46.2	53.9 48.1 48.4	33.7		
off ice occupations					57.3	57.5
M - 1-1 - 1 - 1 - A - 1 - A 1 -	(11.5) (10.2)	(8.5)	(8.9) (7.3) (13.2)	( 8.0)	(10.6)	( 9.5)
Hachine/auto/motor repair	3.1 1.6	8.2	5.1 4.1 5.9	5.6	3.8	3.5
	(4.0) (2.6)	( 4.7)	(3.9) (2.9) (6.3)	(3.9)	( 4.1)	(3.5)
Construction trades	9.0 12.4	6.6	7.7 14.2 3.3	11.3	7.6	20.5
	(6.6) (6.7)	( 4.2)	(4.8) (5.1) (4.7)	( 5.4)	( 5.7)	`(7.7)
Electronics/communications	4.4 2.6	1.8	0.7 3.0 5.0	1.0	3.4	3.8
	(4.7) (3.2)	( 2.3)	(1.5) (2.5) (5.8)	( 1.6)	( 3.9)	( 3.7)
Manufacturing/industrial arts	5.0 7.8	5.1	7.2 4.5 2.4	3.8	8.0	5.3
•	(5.0) (5.5)	(3.7)	(4.6) (3.0) (4.1)	( 3.2)	(5.8)	(4.3)
Painting/decorating/graphic art/	, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,	••	, ,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,	,,	,,	,,
commercial art/drafting	4.0 4.4	7.8	5.8 5.2 18.1	5.2	3.2	8.9
	(4.5) (4.2)	(4.5)	(4.2) (3.3) (10.2)	( 3.8)	(3.8)	( 5.5)
Food service	1.3 6.1	6.5	0.9 6.1 3.9	6.1	3.7	3.7
1000 3017100	(2.6) (4.9)	(4.2)	(1.7) (3.5) (5.1)	(4.1)	(4.1)	( 3.6)
Personal services	3.3 2.5	0.8	4.1 0.9 4.1	2.0	3.3	0.0
ret soile i set vices	(4.1) (3.2)	(1.5)				
Cushedia 1 services				( 2.4)	(, 3.9)	( 6.0)
Custodial services	0.0 3.1	0.5	0.7 2.3 0.0	1.7	0.8	3.4
	(0.0) (3.5)	(1.2)	(1.5) (2.2) (0.0)	(2.2)	( 1.9)	( 3.5)
On-the-jab/work experience	12.7 14.8	6.3	14.2 8.1 24.0	17.2	6.1	9.8
	(7.7) (7.2)	(4.1)	( 6.2) ( 4.0) (11.3)	( 6.4)	( 5.1)	( 5.7)
0ther contract contra	8.8 13.7	6.3	8.5 10.2 0.0	5.5	12.7	8.8
	(6.5) (7.0)	( 4.1)	( 5.0) ( ±.4) ( 0.0)	( 3.8)	(7.2)	( 5.4)
Number of respondents	70 <b>8</b> 5	117	82 197 24	105	99	94
•						

Source: Students' school records. Data are for the students' most recent year in secondary school.



Table 18A: SERVICES AND PROGRAMS AVAILABLE IN SCHOOLS ATTENDED BY SECONDARY STUDENTS WITH VISUAL IMPAIRMENTS

		Community	<u>Gender</u>	Age in 1987		School Statu	s
Services/Programs	<u>Total</u>	Urban Suburban Rural	Male Female	19 or <u>!5-16</u> <u>17-18</u> older	In-School	Out 1 year or less	Out 1 - 2 Years
Percentage in schools with:*							
Chapter 1/Title 1	52.8	45.1 47.7 32.0	51.1 54.8	54.6 48.9 56.1	£0.7		
,	(3.4)	(5.1) (7.4) (10.9)	(4.3) (5.4)	(6.6) (5.7) (5.1)	50.7	<b>,56.9</b>	57.1
Bilingual education	37.7	64.6 44.0 16.5	34.5 41.8	41.2 35.4 37.2	( 4.3) 36.6	(6.9)	(8.7)
••	( 3.3)	(4.9) (7.3) (8.7)	(4.1) (5.4)	(6.5) (5.4) (5.0)	(4.1)	35.9 ( 6.7)	43.8
State compensatory programs	51.1	46.8 52.4 <b>69</b> .6	45.8 57.9	64.1 45.4 45.7	51.6	52.0	( 8.8) 42.9
Hara - 8 44	(3.4)	(5.1) (7.4) (10.8)	(4.3) (5.4)	(6.4) (5.6) (5.1)	(4.3)	( 6.9)	(8.7)
None of these	82.7	76.1 77.3 88.9	84.3 80.5	74.0 84.2 89.4	78.9	87.6	96.7
Number of secondaries	( 2.6)	(4.3) (6.2) (7.3)	(3.1) (4.3)	(5.8) (4.1) (3.2)	(3.5)	(4.6)	(3.2)
Number of respondents	761	227 145 47	436 322	216 290 255	515	152	87
Percentage in schools that made available to secondary special education students: Life skills programs	92.6 ( 1.9)	91.1 88.8 86.6 ( 3.2) ( 5.1) ( 8.6)	93.1 92.0 ( 2.4) ( 3.2)	91.2 92.2 94.6 ( 4.0) ( 3.3) ( 2.5)	91.7 ( 2.6)	93.9	95.9
Vocational assessment/			( 5.1.) ( 5.2)	( 110) ( 0.0) ( 2.0)	( 2.0)	( 3.6)	( 3.4)
counseling	94.3	91.5 90.2 94.8	90.7 98.6	90.9 94.7 97.2	92.4	98.7	97.6
Mark addicates to the to-	(1.7)	(3.1) (4.7) (5.4)	( 2.7) ( 1.4)	(4.1) (2.7) (1.8)	( 2.5)	(1.7)	(2.6)
Work adjustment training	91.2	88.2 90.7 84.3	91.5 90.8	84.7 94.4 93.6	89.5	92.2	100
Work exploration/experience	(2.1)	(3.6) (4.6) (9.2)	(2.6) (3.4)	(5.1) (2.8) (2.7)	( 2.9)	(4.0)	( 0.0)
work expresses only experience	76.6 ( 3.1)	72.4 71.2 52.9	80.1 72.3	69.7 75.9 85.0	75.4	73.5	89.6
Specific job skills training	76.3	(5.1) (7.2) (12.6) 75.5 77.3 80.0	(3.7) (5.3)	(_6.6) (_5.3) (_3.9)	( 4.0)	( 6.8)	(5.3)
speed to good activity that in ing	(3.1)	75.5 77.3 80.0 ( 4.8) ( 6.6) (10.1)	76.6 75.9	71.9 80.6 74.8	76.1	75.6	77.9
Job development/placement	( 3.1)	( 4.0) ( 0.0) (10.1)	( 4.0) ( 5.0)	( 6.4) ( 4.9) ( 4.8)	( 4.0)	( 6.4)	( 7.2)
services	68.0	76.0 84.3 52.1	69.8 65.8	72.4 64.3 68.4			_
	(3.4)	(4.8) (5.8) (12.6)	(4.3) (5.6)	72.4 64.3 68.4 (6.4) (5.9) (5.1)	68.4	65.1	70.4
Postemployment services	43.0	56.7 53.0 18.0	44.9 41.0	37.1 44.0 47.8	(4.4)	(7.1)	( 7.9)
	(3.6)	(5.6) (8.0) (9.7)	(4.7) (5.8)	(6.9) (6.1) (5.5)	41.4	39.9	59.2
None of these	0.6	0.0 37 2.4	1.0 0.0	1.9 0.0 0.0	( 4 6) 0.8	(7.3)	(8.5)
	( 0.6)	(0.0) (1.3) (3.8)	(1.0) (0.0)	(1.9) (0.0) (0.0)	( 0.9)	0.0	0.0
Number of respondents	653	188 124 41	373 277	188 253 211	435	( 0.0) 133	( 0.0) 80

<sup>150</sup> Source: Survey of Secondary Special Education Programs. Oata are for the most recent year in school.



 $<sup>\ ^*</sup>$  Programs may be for nondisabled and/or special education students.

Table 189: SERVICES AND PROGRAMS AVAILABLE IN SCHOOL'S ATTEMBED BY SECONDARY STUDENTS WITH VISUAL IMPAIRMENTS

	<del></del>	nool Attended	Severity of Visual I	mpairment
Services/Programs	Regular School	Special School	Partially Sighted	<u>81ind</u>
Percentage in schools with:*	,			
Chapter 1/Title 1	43.7	69.9	51.6	58.8
·	( 4.4)	( 4.7)	( 4.8)	(6.1)
Bilingual education	46.9	20.4	38.9	35.7
	(4.4)	(4.1)	( 4.7)	( 6.0)
State compensatory programs	56.6	40.7	52.0	47.7
	(4.4)	(5.0)	(4.8)	( 6.2) 84.2
None of these	79.2	89.2	87.0 ( 2 2)	( 4.5)
M	( 3.6)	(3.2)	( 3.3) 341	261
Number of respondents	402	359	341	201
Percentage in schools that made available to secondary				
special education students:				
Life skills programs	88.7 ( 3.1)	100 ( 0.0)	91.3 ( 2.9)	94.7 (3.0)
Vocational assessment/	( 2.27	( 0.0)	,	••
counseling	92.0	98.6	94.1	93.6
554m551mg	( 2.6)	(1.3)	( 2.4)	( 3.3)
Work adjustment training	88.3	96.8	92.9	90.8
	( 3.1)	(1.9)	( 2.7)	( 3.9)
Work exploration/experience	66.0	97.2	79.0	76.1
•	( 4.6)	(1.8)	( 4.2)	(_5.8)
Specific job skills training	78.1	72.8	80.8	74.4
•	( 4.0)	(4.9)	( 4.1)	( 5.9)
Job development/placement				
services	73.8	56.7	68.8	66.8
	( 4.2)	(5.4)	(4.8)	(6.4)
Postemployment services	47.1	35.0	- 50.1	37.2
	( 4.8)	( 5.2)	( 5.2)	( 6.5)
None of these	0.9	(0.0)	( 1.0)	( 1.0)
Mark and mark and and a	( 0.9)	( 0.0)	( 1.0) 304	( 1.0) 225
Number of respondents	339	314	304	223

<sup>\*</sup> Programs may be for nondisabled and/or special education students.

Table 18C: SERVICES AND PROGRAMS AVAILABLE IN SCHOOLS ATTEMBED BY SECONDARY STUDENTS WITH VISUAL IMPAIRMENTS

	Household	Income	Ethnicity	Head of F	louseho ld's Ec	Jucation ·
Services/Programs	Under 12.00- \$12.000 \$24.999		, 81ack White Hispanic	No High School	High School	Beyond High School
Percentage in schools with:* Chapter 1/Title 1	49.5 56.8	51.2	49.7 56.1 39.0	55.4	47.3	55.6
Bilingual education	(7.7) (3.8) 32.6 33.2	38.8	(5.9) (4.8) (8.6) 39.4 30.9 64.9	(6.1) 34.0	( 6.8) 28.9	( 6.0) 43.3
State compensatory programs	( 7.2) ( 6.5) 45.6 45.9	( 5.5) <b>48.6</b>	(5.8) (4.4) (8.4) 53.1 47.9 45.5	(5.8) 43.1	( 6.1) 51.4	( 6.0) 51.1
None of these	(7.7) (6.9) 82.7 80.3	( 5.6) 78.1	(5.9) (4.8) (8.8) 79.6 81.9 69.3	( 6.1) 80.0	( 6.8) 86.1	(6.1)
Number of respondents	( 5.8) ( 5.5) 137 170	( 4.6) 258	(4.8) (3.7) (8.1) 167 413 60	( 4.9) 202	( 4.7) 212	71.8 ( 5.5) 219
Percentage in schools that made available to secondary special education students: Life skills programs Vocational assessment/	89.3 95.6 ( 5.3) ( 3.0)	92.1 ( 3.3)	87.1 94.1 80.0 ( 4.4) ( 2.5) ( 8.4)	93.3 ( 3.3)	92.1 ( 4.0)	92.2 ( 3.6)
counseling	96.8 92.9 (3.0) (3.8)	90.3 ( 3.6)	93.0 93.7 97.4	94.1	97.5	87.6
Work adjustment training	90.3 85.4 (5.0) (5.2)	89.7	(3.3) (2.5) (3.3) 87.2 91.7 78.8	(3.1) 91.5	( 2.3) 86.2	( 4.4) 90.7
Work exploration/experience	73.3 75.1	( 3.7) 77.9	(4.3) (2.9) (8.7) 75.8 74.8 78.1	( 3.7) 75.7	( 5.1) 76.0	(3.9) 79.6
Specific job skills training	78.8 74.8	( 5.0) 71.1	(5.5) (4.6) (8.9) 79.3 74.5 65.4	( 5.7) 79.3	( 6.3) 76.7	( 5.5) 64.4
Job development/placement services	( 6.9) ( 6.4) 64.2 58.8	( 5.5) 71.1	( 5.2) ( 4.6) (10.2) 63.8 69.8 68.4	( 5.4)	( 6.2)	(6.5)
Postemployment services	(8.1) (7.3) 40.7 36.3	(5.5) 50.1	53.8 69.8 68.4 (6.2) (4.8) (10.0) 47.3 40.6 50.7	65.4 ( 6.3) 42.6	63.5 (7.1)	72.5 ( 6.0)
None of these	(8.3) (7.1) 0.0 0.0	( 6.1) 1.6	( 6.4) ( 5.2) (10.7) 0.0 1.0 0.0	( 6.6) 0.0	35.4 ( 7.0)	49.1 ( 6.8)
Number of respondents	( 0.0) ( 0.0) 117 147	( 1.5) 217	( 0.0) ( 1.0) ( 0.0) 143 352 41	( 0.0) 176	0.0 ( 0.0) 179	2.5 ( 2.1) 177



 $<sup>\</sup>mbox{*}$  Programs may be for nondisabled and/or special education students.

### Table 18A: SERVICES AND PROGRAMS AVAILABLE IN SCHOOLS ATTENDED BY SECONDARY STUDENTS WITH VISUAL IMPAIRMENTS (Concluded)

		Community	Gender	Age in 1987	Sc	chool Status	<u> </u>
Services/Programs	<u>Total</u>	<u>Urban Suburban Rucal</u>	Hale Female	19 or 15-16 17-18 older		Out ! year or loss	Out 1 - 2 Years
Percentage in schools that usually provided when needed:*		•					***
Speech/language therapy	99.1	99.1 98.9 97.7	98.9 99.4	100 97.8 100	99.5	97.4	100
	( 0.7)	(1.1) (1.6) (3.9)	(1.0) (0.9)	( 0.0) ( 1.8) ( 0.0)	( 0.7)	( 2.3)	( 0.0)
Physical therapy	79.2 ( 3.2)	59.1 70.5 82.3 (6.3) (8.5) (11.8)	77.4 81.2 ( 4.1) ( 4.9)	71.0 79.1 96.2 (7.2) (5.2) (4.1)	77.5 ( 4.2)	80.9 ( 6.1)	84.4
Occupational therapy	69.6	57.5 78.0 80.5	69.8 69.1	63.7 70.3 74.6	70.9	69.5	62.9
	(3.7)	(6.5) (8.3) (12.7)	(4.7) (6.0)	(7.5) (6.2) (5.5)	( 4.7)	( 7.8)	( 9.9)
Hearing-loss therapy	81.1 (3.3)	60.4 88.6 65.6 (6.5) (5.8) (16.3)	78.0 84.2 ( 4.5) { 4.9}	75.6 78.3 90.5 (6.8) (5.9) (3.9)	77.8 ( 4.4)	86.2 ( 6.1)	93.1 (5.4)
Psychotherapy/counseling	82.2	76.8 71.4 81.3	82.1 82.2	78.5 87.0 79.9	83.5	77.4	83.6
	( 2.9)	(5.9) (7.8) (10.7)	( 3.7) ( 4.5)	( 6.0) ( 4.2) ( 4.8)	( 3.6)	( 6.5)	(7.1)
Medical services	70.4	65.4 35.2 54.6	70.6 69.9	60.7 71.9 78.6	68.2	73.2	78.3
	(3.6)	(6.3) (9.4, (14.1)	(4.6) (5.8)	(7.7) (5.9) (5.1)	( 4.7)	( 7.4)	( 8.3)
Adaptive physical education	85.0 ( 2.7)	80.6 82.3 59.a ( 4.6) ( 6.5) (14.6)	82.1 88.4 ( 3.6) ( 3.8)	77.4 86.8 90.1 ( 6.1) ( 4.2) ( 3.5)	84.2 ( 3.5)	85.7 ( 5.3)	87.4 ( 6.3)
Social work services	79.4	80.6 74.5 73.3	79.7 78.9	79.1 79.4 79.7	78.2	84.1	78.5
	( 3.2)	( 4.8) ( 7.4) (11.8)	( 4.1) ( 5.2)	(6.4) (5.2) (5.2)	( 4.2)	( 6.2)	( 8.4)
Special transportation	98.1	98.0 98.8 93.0	97.5 98.7	96.5 98.6 98.9	97.4	99.0	100
	(1.0)	(1.6) (1.8) (7.1)	( 1.5) ( 1.3)	(2.6) (1.4) (1.2)	(1.5)	(1.5)	( 0.0)
Human, aides or tutors	93.7	94.8 89.4 85.5	93.4 94.0	93.3 91.8 96.9	92.1	95.5	100
	( 1.8)	( 2.5) ( 5.0) ( 9.1)	(2.3) (2.8)	(3.6) (3.3) (2.0)	( 2.5)	(3.1)	( 0.0)
Physical aids	75.4	51.2 61.5 81.4	75.5 75.2	74.9 72.6 79.8	75.2	75.9	75.2
	( 3.3)	(6.3) (8.5) (11.6)	( 4.2) ( 5.3)	( 5.6) ( 5.6) ( 4.8)	( 4.2)	( 6.7)	( 8.5)
None of these	0.0 (0.0),	0.0 0.0 0.0 (0.0) (0.0) (0.0)	(0.0) (0.0)	(0.0) (0.0) (0.0)	0.0 ( 0.0)	0.0 ( 0.0)	0.0 ( 0.0)
Number of respondents	475	130 80 22	265 208	143 174 154	320	91	62
Percentage in schools serving non- disabled students that had:**							<b>A3</b> A
Regular education classrooms	94.8	97 96.6 87.9	97.2 92.1	94.8 98.6 57.7	96.6	91.4	87.2
	( 2.2)	(1.5) (2.9) (8.2)	(2.1) (4.2)	(3.7) (1.9) (6.2)	( 2.2)	(5.7)	(11.1)
Part-time resource rooms	91.1	81.1 98.4 97.0	88.3 94.2	96.0 85.0 95.3	90.8	90.4	94.8
	(2.8)	(4.4) (2.0) (4.3)	(4.1) (3.7)	(3.3) (5.8) (4.0)	( 3.5)	(5.9)	( 7.4)
Pull-out/itinerant services	90.4	92.3 95.8 79.5	94.1 86.3	89.9 90.0 92.1	90.0	89.1	97.4
	(2.9)	(3.0) (3.2) (10.1)	(3.0) (5.4)	(5.1) (4.9) (5.1)	( 3.7)	( 6.3)	( 5.3)
Self-contained classrooms	71.5	76.9 74.8 57.4	75.2 67.2	71.4 73.2 68.3	72.3	69.9	66.6
	( 4.5)	(4.8) (7.0) (12.4)	(5.5) (7.4)	(7.6) (7.2) (8.8)	( 5.5)	(^9.2)	(15.6)
All of these	60.0	60.4 68.6 46.9	65.6 53.7	62.6 56.7 62.4	59.6	58.9	64.0
	(4.8)	(5.5) (7.4) (12.5)	(6.0) (7.8)	(8.1) (8.0) (9.2)	( 6.0)	( 9.9)	(15.9)
Number of respondents	3 <b>43</b>	181 121 41	195 150	129 137 77	243	71	25

<sup>\*</sup> See Appendix for percentage of youth in schools that reported having students in need of these services.
\*\* See Table 9 for percentage of youth in schools other than special schools that served only disabled students.



# Table 188: SERVICES AND PROGRAMS AVAILABLE IN SCHOOLS ATTEMED BY SECONDARY STUDENTS VITH VISUAL IMPAIRMENTS (Concluded)

	Type of Sch	non! Atter ad	Severity of Visual I	mpa traient
Services/Programs	Pegular School	Special School	Partially Sighted	Blind
Percentage in schools that usually provided when needed:*			<i>*</i>	•
Speech/language therapy	96.7 ( 1.1)	100 ( 0.0)	98.1 <sub>c</sub> ( 1.4)	100 ( 0.0)
Physical therapy	66.2 ( 5.4)	97.6 (* 1.7)	78.0 ( 4.6)	84.4 ( 5.1)
Occupational therapy	63.7 ( 5.4)	79.4 ( 4.7)	62.8 ( 5.6)	74.5 ( 6.4)
Hearing-loss therapy	74.1 ( 5.1)	92.5 ( 3.3)	86.3 ( 4.1)	78.2 ( 6.5)
Psychotherapy/counseling	75.8 ( 4.4)	92.8 ( 2.8)	80.4 ( 4.2)	8'8 ( 4.8)
Hedical services	49.3 ( 5.8)	99.6 ( 0.7)	63.8 ( 5.4)	81.5 ( 5.5)
Adaptive physical education	75.8 ( 4.4)	100	77.3 ( 4.5)	93.9 ( 3.3)
Social work services	78.2 ( 4.3)	81.8 ( 4.8)	81.4 ( 4.4)	78.3 ( 6.0)
Special transportation	97.4 (1.6)	99.1 ( 1.0)	98.0 ( 1.5)	98.8
Human aides or tutors	90.9 ( 2.9)	98.9 (1.1)	90.8 ( 3.0)	97.5 ( 2.1)
Physical aids	60.3 ( 5.3)	98.2 ( 1.5)	74.0 ( 4.7)	81.1 ( 5.5)
None of these	0.0 ( 0.0)	0.0 ( 0.0)	0.0′ ( 0.0)	0.0
Number of respondents	228	242	217	160
Percentage in schools serving non- disabled students that had:**				
Regular education classrooms	94.8 ( 2.1)		93.3 ( 3.4)	96.1 (4.1)
Part-time resource rooms	91.1 ( 2.7)		93.5 ( 3.3)	85.2 (7.5)
Pull-out/itinerant services	90.4		`89.0´ ( 4.2)	98.3 ( 2.8)
Self-contained classrooms	71.5 ( 4.3)		73.0 ( 6.0)	65. (10.1)
All of these	60.0 ( 4.7)		62.9 · ( 6.5)	49.2 (10.6)
Number of respondents	343	0	172	88

See Appendix for percentage of youth in schools that reported having students in the ed of these services. See Table 9 for percentage of youth in schools other than special schools that served only disabled students.

## Table 18C: SERVICES AND PROGRAMS AVAILABLE IN SCHOOLS ATTENDED BY SECONDARY STUDENTS WITH VISUAL IMPAIRMENTS (Concluded)

	Household	Income	Ethnicity	Head of Household's Education		lucat ion
Services/Programs	Under 12,000- \$12,000 \$24,999	\$25,000 and Over	Black White Hispanic	No High School Diplome	High School Diploma	Beyond High School
Percentage in schools that usually provided when needed:*	ť	•	ŕ			
Speech/language therapy	100 97.4 ( 0.0) ( 2.4)	100 ( 0.0)	98.7 99.4 100 ( 1.4) ( 0.8) ( 0:0)	100 ( 0.0)	97.8 ( 2.1 \	100 ( 0.0)
Physical therapy	78.5 80.1	77.4	77.6 82.2 71.1	71.4	90.2	80.5
Occupational therapy	(7.2) (6.4) 70.9 68.2 (8.2) (7.9)	( 5.6) 66.1 ( 6.4)	(5.8) (4.3) (12.6) 77.3 71.2 69.1 (6.0) (5.2) (12.4)	( 6.4) 59.9 ( 7.2)	( 4.6) 79.8 ( 6.4)	( 5.8) 74.3 ( 6.6)
Hearing-loss therapy	80.5 ^77.9 (7.3) (7.2)	89.7	82.1 86.1 82.9 (5.8) (4.1) (9.9)	81.9 ( 5.7)	82.6 ( 6.5)	86.8 ( 5.2)
Psychotherapy/counseling	88.3 90.0 (5.3) (4.7)	76.8	91.1 81.5 · 90.1 ( 3.7) ( 4.2) ( 7.1)	84.8 (4.9)	87.5 ( 5.0)	78.1 ( 5.7)
Medical services	75.4 71.2 (7.5) (7.3)	66.8	71.8 70.2 63.7 ( 6.2) ( 5.1) (15.6)	74.8 ( 6.3)	75.9 ( 6.7)	58.9 ( 7.3)
Adaptive physical education	84.4 86.5 (6.0) (5.3)	87.7	77.1 86.1 90.7 (5.4) (3.7) (7.0)	85.1 ( 4.8)	85.2 ( 5.3)	87.0 ( 4.7)
Social work services	82.1 75.0 (6.9) (7.2)	76.7	81.0 77.4 71.4 ( 5.6) ( 4.8) (11.3)	81.5 ( 5.7) <sup>3</sup>	77.5	71.8
Special transportation	97.8 97.8 (2.4) (2.2)	97.1	97.4 97.7 97.6 (2.0) (1.6) (3.6)	99.4 ( 1.0)	96.4 ( 2.8)	96.6 ( 2.4)
Human aides or tutors	91.2 96.6 (4.7) (2.8)	90.5	88.8 95.7 96.3 (4.0) (2.1) (4.7)	94.8 ( 3.0)	91.2 ( 4.1)	94.6 ( 3.0)
Physical aids	74.1 73.7 (7.5) (7.0)	76.1	65.3 80.2 60.7 ( 6.5) ( 4.4) (13.3)	59.8 ( 6.4)	80.2 ( 6.0)	73.1 ( 6.4)
None of these	0.0 0.0 ( 0.0) ( 0.0)	0.0	0.0 0.0 0.0 (0.0)	0.0 ( 0.0)	0.0 ( 0.0)	0.0
Number of respondents	89 108	158	98 267 19	138	126	128
Percentage in schools serving non- disabled students that had:**						
Regular education classrooms	98.6 87.2 (2.8) (7.2)	96.7 ( 2.7)	97.4 96.3 92.6 ( 2.6) ( 2.8) ( 6.0)	91.6 ( 5.1)	99.5 (1.5)	93.4 ( 4.1)
Part-time resource rooms	87.3 90.6 (8.0) (6.3)	96.7	87.7 95.4 92.8 (5.4) (3.1) (5.9)	88.8 ( 5.8)	92.9 ( 5.1)	97.1 ( 2.8)
Pull-out/itinerant services	88.2 76.0 (7.8) (9.2)	96.5	80.4 94.0 97.2 ( 6.5) ( 3.5) ( 3.8)	88.1 ( 6.0)	86.3 ( 6.8)	93.0 ( 4.2)
Self-contained classrooms	68.3 59.2 (11.2) (10.6)	74.8	69.3 68.4 88.8 (7.5) (6.9) (7.2)	67.4	64.0	80.8
All of these	50.4 44.7 (12.0) (10.7)	71.7	53.3 63.1 81.4	( 8.6) 56.8 ( 9.1)	( 9.5) 52.8 ( 9.9)	( 6.5) 73.0
Number of respondents	52 70	141	(8.1) (7.1) (8.8) 84 173 39	· (9.1) · 90	( 9.9) 93	( 7.4) 112

<sup>\*</sup> See Appendix for percentage of youth in schools that reported having students in need of these services.
\*\* See Table 9 for percentage of youth in schools other than special schools that served only disabled students.



Table 19A: VOCATIONAL EDUCATION PROGRAMS PROVIDED BY SCHOOLS TO SECONDARY STUDENTS WITH VISUAL IMPAIRMENTS

		Community	<u> </u>	Age in 1987		School Statu	B
Services/Programs	<u>Total</u>	Urben Suburben Rural	Male Female	19 or 15-16 17-18 older	In-School	Out 1 year or less	Out 1 - 2 Years
Percentage in schools with vocatio	nal	•					
classes designed specifically	44.4						
for students with disabilities	70.2	67.1 55.1 46.5	68.6 72.0	57.0 77.1 74.6	67.3	72.0	84.2
Number of respondents	( 3.4) 658	( 5.2) ( 8.0) (12.3) 193 125 43	( 4.3) ( 5.3) 375 280	(7.0) (5.2) (4.8) 192 254 212	( 4.4) 439	( <b>6.7</b> ) 134	( 6.3) 80
Percentage in schools that helped							
students with disabilities in regular vocational classes by:*							
Making physical adaptations	43.0	35.5 51.6 42.5	35.9 50.6	39.9 46.8 40.0	43.1	37.5	57.8
	(5.0)	(5.9) (8.5) (12.6)	(6.1) (7.9)	(8.5) (8.0) (9.1)	(6.2)	( 9.9)	(14.0)
Increasing teacher contact	77.0	82.0 74.7 72.4	75.3 78.7	77.4 77.7 75.0	76.5	77.2	79.3
	( 4.2)	( 4.7) ( 7.3) (11.4)	(5.4) (6.5)	(7.2) (6.7) (8.0)	( 5.3)	(8.6)	(11.5)
Providing human aides	52.7	55.2 65.5 31.0	53.1 52.2	49.0 54.5 54.3	51.3	48.0	75.2
	(5.0)	(6.1) (5.0) (14.8)	(6.3) (7.9)	(8.7) (8.0) (9.3)	( 6.2)	(10.3)	(12.3)
Simplifying instruction	63.4	65.7 67.6 54.2	61.2 65.8	63.5 63.9 62.5	62.3	62.2	77.0
OAL	(3.8)	( 5.9): ( 7.9\ (12. ,	(6.2) (7.5)	(8.3) (7.7) (9.0)	( 6.0)	( 9.9)	(12.9)
Other accommodations	11.4	7.3 14.8 12	10.9 11.9	15.7 9.4 9.4	12.5	8.4	9.0
Number of manuschasts	(3.2)	(3.2) (6.0) (6.6) 162 114 40	(3.9) (5.1)	(6.3) (4.7) (5.4)	( 4.1)	( 5.7)	( 8.1)
Number of respondents	316	162 114 40	175 141	114 130 72	222	65	28
Average percentage of vocational course time spent in:							
Classroom instruction	54.4	51.9 3.2 57.4	55.2 53.7	55.4 50.8 58.8	53.0	57.5	57.9
- 1100 · 100	(2.4)	(3.4) (5.3) (7.4)	(3.1) (3.7)	(4.5) (4.0) (3.5)	(3.1)	(4.6)	(5.5)
Work experience at school	19.6	18.1 12.7 19.0	20.9 17.9	15.4 21.8 20.0	20.0	20.8	14.5
	(1.8)	(2.8) (3.2) (5.7)	(2.4) (2.7)	(3.0) (3.3) (2.7)	(2.3)	(3.8)	(3.8)
Community-based experience	18.9	20.0 18.6 17.8	18.6 19.4	19.1 18.9 18.8	18.0	18.9	25.0
•	( 1.7)	(2.6) (3.7) (5.9)	(2.2) (2.5)	(3.2) (2.9) (2.2)	(2.1)	(3.0)	(4.4)
Number of respondents	~ `6	158 106 35	334 258	172 230 192	396	121	74

159



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<sup>\*</sup> See Appendix for p reentage of youth in schools that served nondisabled students and placed disabled youth in regular vocational education classes.

of the grant of the same	Type of Sch	igo 1 Attended	Severity of Visual I	apë i mient
Services/Programs		Special School	Partially Sighted	<u>B1 ind</u>
Percentage in schools with vocational	***			
classes designed specifically	<b>70</b> 0	AT 4		
for students with disabilities	56.3	97.1	,68.1	78.7
formation are minimum and	( 4.8)	( 1.8)	( .4.8)	( 5.6)
Number of respondents	344	. 314	307	224
Percentage in schools that helped				
students with disabilities in				
regular vocational classes by:*				
Making physical adaptations	43.0		39.7	51.1
necting physical adaptations	( 5.1)			
Increasing teacher contact	77.6		(6.6)	(10.8)
The teasing teacher contact	(4.2)		78.7 ( 5.5)	74.8
Providing human aides	52.7			(-9.4)
FIOTIONS Number 2 1065	(5.0)		53.0 ( 5.0)	65.7
Simplifying instruction	63.4		( 6.8)	(10.2)
Simplifying instruction			62.8	66.5
Other accommodations	( 4.8) 11.4		( 6.5)	(10.2)
OFFIEL ACCOMMODE TOUS	(3.2)		13.1	7.0
Number of respondents	316	0	( 4.6)	( 5.5)
Howner, or Lesbougetics	316	U	160	83
Average percentage of vocational				
course time spent in:				
Classroom instruction	53.8	55.5	54.7	55.0
	(3.1)	(3.6)	(3.2)	(4.5)
Work experience at school	15.8	25.8	18.1	21.1
work experience as sensor	(2.2)	( 2.8)	(2.5)	(3.6)
Community-based experience	19.4	18.1	21.3	16.4
Tentamental manage experience	(2.3)	(2.3)	(2.5)	(3.0)
Number of respondents	284	312	285	209
manaci of respondents	204	V1E	203	LVJ



<sup>\*</sup> See Appendix for percentage of youth in schools that served mondisabled students and placed disabled youth in regular vocational education classes.

Table 19C: VOCATIONAL EDUCATION: PROGRAMS PROVIDED BY SCHOOLS TO SECONDARY STUDENTS WITH VISUAL IMPAIRMENTS

	Ho	useho ld	Income	Ethnicity	Ethnicity Head of Kousehold's		ucation
Services/Programs			\$25,000 and Over	Black White Hispani	No High School Diplome	High School Diplome	Beyond High School
Percentage in schools with vocational classes designed specifically for students with disabilities	81.1 ( 6.7)	72.0 ( 6.6)	64.8 ( 5.8)	67.9 70.1 63.3 ( 6.0) ( 4.8) (10.1)	81.9 ( 5.1)	74.0 ( 6.5)	54.9 ( 6.7)
Number of respondents	117	148	218	144 355 43	178	180	180
Percentage in schools that helped students with disabilities in regular vocational classes by:* Haking physical adaptations	48.3	40.6	53.3	36.6 50.4 46.7	41.9	49.8	42.8
Increasing teacher contact	(13.4) 79.0	(10.1) 74.7	(7.4) 72.9	(8.8) (7.2) (11.7) 78.0 78.3 58.1	77.8	(10.4) 79.9	( 7.8) .71.8
Providing human aides	(10.9) 58.1 (13.2)	(8.9) 55.1 (10.2)	( 6.6) 57.5 { 7.4)	(7.6) (5.9) (11.6) 49.3 58.7 65.9 (9.2) (7.0) (11.1)	47.5	( 8.3) "4.2 (10.2)	(7.1) 65.4 (7.5)
Simplifying instruction	65.0	70.8	62.4	58.0 64.8 62.5	67.0	64.3	52.9
Other accommodations	(12.8) 6.3 ( 6.5)	( 9.3) 6.5 ( 5.1)	( 7.2) 8.7 ( 4.2)	(9.0) (6.8) (11.4) 9.9 10.1 10.0 (5.5) (4.3) (7.1)	5.3	(10.0) 5.8 ( 4.9)	( 7.9) ; 18.4 ( 6.1)
Number of respondents	45	63	130	74 161 34	78	85	105
Average percentage of vocational course time spent in: Classroom instruction	51.7	58.7 ( 4.8)	59.9	53.0 55.8 57.4 ( 4.3) ( 3.4) ( 6.9)	54.8	55.1	57.0
Work experience at school	( 5 9) 20.5 ( 4.4)	18.4 ( 3.6)	( 4.0) 14.3 ( 2.4)	20.8 18.7 12.7 (3.4) (2.5) (4.1)	20.4	( 4.6) 18.1 ( 3.5)	( 4.5) 19.6 ( 3.2)
Community-based experience	16.8	16.4	20.3	20.8 18.7 15.2	17.3	18.5	17.9
Number of respondents	( 3.8) 108	( 3.3) 191	( 2.7) 196	(3.2) (2.4) (3.9) 124 323 38	( 3.1) 159	( 3.2) 167	( 2.9) 156



<sup>\*</sup> See Appendix for percentage of youth in schools that served nondisabled students and placed disabled youth in regular vocational education classes.

able 20°: "Vocational assessment/counseling proviced by schools to secondary students with visual impainments

`•		Community	Gender	400 in 1987	School Stat	
Service Characteristics	<u>Total</u>	<u>Urben Suburben Rural</u>	Male Female	19 or 15-16 17-18 older	Out 1 year In-School or less	Out 1 - 2 Years
Percentage in schools that provided vocational assessment/ career counseling to secondary special education students  Number of respondents	94.3	91.5 90.2 94.8	90.7 98.6	90.9 94.7 97.2	92.4 98.7	97.6
	( 1.7)	( 3.1) ( 4.6) ( 5.4)	( 2.6) ( 1.4)	(4.0) (2.7) (1.9)	( 2.4) ( 1.7)	( 2.8)
	658	189 129 43	376 279	190 255 213	438 134	81
Of students in schools providing vocational assessment/counseling, percentage in schools that provided it:						
Routinely to all students	50.1	66.5 81.1 78.0	45.2 56.0	58.0 52.2 39.1	51.5 50.7	41.3 (
	( 3.6)	( 5.6) ( 6.5) (10.7)	( 4.9) ( 5.9)	(7.5) (6.3) (5.5)	( 4.9) ( 7.5)	( 8.6)
Routinely only to special education students	41.3	15.8 10.7 17.3 ( 4.3) ( 5.1) ( 9.8)	45.5 36.0 ( 4.9) ( 5.7)	32.8 36.4 56.4 (7.1) (6.1) (5.6)	38.8 40.5 ( 4.8) { 7.4)	57.6 ( 8 6)
Routinely only to those with some disabilities	2.6	1.3 4.2 Q.6	3.0 2.2	5.4 1.5 1.4	3.0 3.0	0.5
	( 1.2)	(1.3) (3.3) (2.0)	(1.7) (1.8)	(3.4) (1.6) (1.3)	(1.7) ('.5)	( 0.0)
Occasionally to special education students	5.8	15.3 4.1 4.1	6.3 5.2	3.2 9.8 2.7	6.5 5.4	1.1
	( 1.8)	( 4.3) ( 3.3) ( 5.1)	( 2.4) ( 2.6)	(2.7) (3.8) (1.8)	( 2.4) ( 3.4)	( 1.8)
Rarely or never to special education students	0.3	1.1 0.0 0.0	0.0 0. <b>6</b>	0.6 0.0 0.3	0.3 0.5	0.0
	( 0.4)	(1.2) (0.0) (0.0)	( 0.0) ( 0.9)	(1.2) (0.0) (0.7)	(0.5) (1.0)	( 0.0)
Number of respondents	626	172 120 38	351 272	173 246 207	410 132	79
Of students in schools providing vocational assessment/counseling. percentage in schools providing it in:						
Grades 7 or 8	13.2 ( 2.9)	9.4 12.7 ( 4.7) ( 7.6)	10.1 17.2 ( 3.3) ( 5.2)	17.6 12.0 10.3 (6.6) (4.7) (4.0)	14.1 7.1 (3.8) (4.8)	17.2 ( 7.8)
Grades 9 or 10	72.0	81.0 85.5	64.4 81.3	67.9 78.2 67.5	69.7 78.8	74.1
	( 3.6)	(5.3) (7.2)	( 4.9) ( 5.0)	(7.4) (5.6) (5.9)	(4.7) (6.9)	( 8.8)
Grades 11 or 12	85.2	80.8 81.8	83.3 87.3	81.6 90.0 62.1	83 5 89.3	85.5
	( 2.8)	(5.1) (7.2)	(3.7) (4.1)	(6.0) (3.9) (4.6)	(3.6) (4.9)	(7.0)
Ungraded classes	54.9	47.0 52.7	54.1 55.8	54.0 51.7 59.9	54.1 58.3	53.4
	( 4.3)	( 8.4) (12.0)	(5.6) (6.9)	(8.9) (7.3) (6.5)	(5.5) (9.3)	(10.3)
Number of respondents	443	81 54 14	248 192	115 170 158	292 81	67

<sup>\*</sup> See Appendix for percentage of youth in schools that served each grade level.



#### rabie 208: Vocational assessñent/counseling provided by schools to secondary students with visual impairments

	Type of Sch	se of School Attended Severity of Yiele		
Service Character letics	Regular School	Section School	Partially Stated	Plind
Percentage in schools that provided vocational assessment/ career counceling to secondary special education students	92.0 ( 2.6)	36.6 ( 1.3)	94.1 ( 2.4)	93.6 ( 3.2)
Number of respondents	344	314	308	226
Of students in schools providing vocational assessment/courseling, persentage in schools that provided it:		•		
Routinely to all students	78.1 ( 4.2)	0.0 ( 0.0)	50.5 ( 3.2)	35.0 ( 6.8)
Routinely only to special education students	10. <b>8</b> ( 3.1)	95.7 ( 2.2)	37.1 ( 5.1)	51.9 ( 7.1)
Routinely only to those with some disabilities	1.7 ( 1.3)	4.3 ( 2.2)	0. <b>8</b> ( 0.9)	4.5 ( 2.9)
Occasionally to special education students	9.0 ( 2.9)	0.0	5.0 ( 2.3)	8.6
Rarely or never to special education students	0.4 ( 0.7)	0.0	0.6 ( 0.8)	0.0
Number of respondents	315	311	295	216
Of students to schools providing vocational assessment/counseling, percentage in schools providing it in:				
Grades 7 or 8	11.1 ( 4.7)	15.0 ( 3.9)	16.0 (_4.5)	12.5 ( <b>5</b> .0)
Grades 9 or 10	83.1 ( 4.6)	58.6: ( 5.4)	78.0 ( 4.7)	72. <b>9</b> ( <b>6</b> .4)
Grades 11 or 12	86.2 ( 3.9)	83.7 ( 4.0)	89.5 ( 3.4)	82.1 ( 5.4)
Ungraded classes	49.2 ( 7.6)	\$9.6 ( 5.4)	52.3 ( 6.2)	53.7 ( 7.8)
Number of respondents	133	310	201	169

<sup>\*</sup> See Appendix for percentage of youth in schools that served each grade level.

Source: Survey of Secondary Special Education Programs. Data are for the most recent year in school.



Table 200: VOCATIONAL ASSESSMENT/COUNSELING PROVIDED BY SCHOOLS TO SECONDARY STUDENTS WITH VISUAL IMPAIRMENTS

	Ho	usehold I	ncome	<u>Ethnicity</u>	Heed of Household's Educat		<u>lucation</u>
Service Characteristics		12,000- \$24,999	\$25,000 and Over	Black White Hispanic	No High School Diplome	High School Diplome	Beyond High School
Percentage in schools that provided vocational assessment career counseling to secondary							
special education students	^6. <b>8</b> ( 2.8)	92.9 ( 3.8)	90.3 ( 3.6)	93.0 93.7 97.4 ( 3.2) ( 2.5) ( 3.5)	94.1 (3.1)	97.5 ( 2.2)	87.6 ( 4.3)
Number of respondents	117	149	219	145 354 43	177	182	179
Of students in schools providing vocational assessment/counseling, percentage in schools that provided it:							
Routinely to all students	45.9 ( 8.7)	47.9 ( 7.7)	61.4 ( 6.1)	53.1 48.3 63.7 ( 6.7) ( 5.5) (10.4)	43.3 ( 6.8)	59.0 ( 7.4)	48.5 ( 7.1)
Routinely only to special education students	42.3 ( 8.6)	48.0 ( 7.7)	31.4 ( 5.8)	39.8 44.0 15.8 (6.5) (5.4) (7.9)	45.0 ( 6.8)	37.6 (7.3)	44.2 ( 7.0)
Routinely only to those with some disabilities	5.2 ( 3.9)	0.9	2.0 ( 1.7)	0.7 3.6 6.9 (1.1) (2.0) (5.5)	4.8 ( 2.9)	1.2 ( 1.6)	1.9 ( 1.9)
Occasionally to special education students	6.6 ( 4.3)	2.4 ( 2.4)	4.8 ( 2.7)	6.5 4.0 10.5 (3.3) (2.2) (6.6)	6.3 ( 3.3)	1.9 ( 2.0)	5.4 ( 3.2)
Rarely or never to special education students	0.0 ( 0.0)		0.4 ( 0.8)	0.0 0.2 3.3 (0.0) (0.5) (3.9)	0.6 ( 1.1)	0.4 ( 0.9)	0.0 ( 0.0) 164
Number of respondents	114	140	203	135 338 40	169	175	104
Of students in schools providing vocational assessment/counseling, percentage in schools providing it in:*							
Grades 7 or 8	11.3 ( 5.9)	22.0 ( 7.4)	9.3 ( 4.5)	7.8 14.1 17.5 ( 4.2) ( 4.3) (11.8)	12.5 ( 5.2)	18.2 ( 6.5)	9.1 ( 4.9)
Grades 9 or 10	66.4 (8.1)	73.4	75.9 ( 6.0)	65.4 72.0 84.0 ( 6.8) ( 5.2) (10.4)	65.4 (7.1)	82.1 ( 6.0)	70.0 ( 7.0)
Grades 11 or 12	82.4 ( 6.5)	85.1	87.1 ( 4.5)	84.2 86.1 86.8 (5.1) (3.8) (9.1)	82.9 ( 5.4)	90.0 ( 4.6)	81.1 (5.8)
Ungraded classes	57.0 ( 9.3)	48.2	54.1 ( 7.7)	52.4 56.9 61.0 ( 8.0) ( 6.1) (16.8)	59.9 (7.8)	47.7 ( 8.6)	56.8 ( 8.4)
Number of respondents	86	99	132	88 246 17	120	124	106

<sup>\*</sup> See Appendix for percentage of youth in schools that served each grade level.



Table 20A: VOCATIONAL ASSESSMENT/COUMSELING PROVIDED BY SCHOOLS TO SECONDARY STUDENTS WITH VISUAL IMPAIRMENTS (Concluded)

		Community	Gender	Age in 1987	School Status
Service Characteristics	<u>Total</u>	<u> Urban Suburban Rural</u>	Male Female	19 or 15-16 17-18 older	In-School Out 1 year Out 1 - 2 Veers
Of students in schools providing vocational assessment/counseling, percentage in schools that: Used formal assessment of					
student interests/skills	7 <b>9</b> .4	83.3 82.4 77.3	77.9 81.5	80.2 79.1 79.1	79.3 80.5 77.3
	( 3.0)	( 4.3) ( 6.1) (11.1)	(3.9) (4.5)	(5.8) (4.9) (4.7)	(3.8) (5.9) (7. <b>9</b> )
Gave students information					
about alternative careers	94.2	92.5 95.8 85.2	94.0 94.4	92.6 96.6 92.5	93.7 95.4 95.1
	(1.7)	(3.0) (3.2) (9.4)	( 2.2) ( 2.7)	(3.8) (2.2) (3.0)	(2.3) (3.1) (4.1)
Recommended specific careers	83.7	79.6 76.0 72.0	88.2 78.5	77.3 84.4 89.2	80.4 89.9 91.3
•	( 2.7)	( 4.6) ( 6.8) (11.9)	(3.0) (4.8)	(6.1) (4.4) (3.6)	(3.7) (4.4) (5.3)
Recommended specific training/					***
education	85.1	82.1 72.4 80.9	87.8 81 7	79.2 86.2 <b>89</b> .3	83.2 89.7 87.0
	( 2.6)	(4.4) (7.2) (10.4)	( 3.1) ( 4.5)	(5.9) (4.2) (3.6)	(3.5) (4.5) (6.3)
Informed students about colleges/ training programs for students	•		•		
with disabilities	82.2	79.5 76.6 66.2	82.3 81.8	77.7 83.2 85.1	81.6 85.2 81.0
	(2.8)	(4.7) (6.8) (12.5)	(3.6) (4.5)	(6.1) (4.5) (4.1)	(3.6) (5.2) (7.4)
Number of respondents	627	173 121 37	351 273	172 247 208	410 132 80



Table 208: VOCATIONAL ASSESSMENT/COUNSELING PROVIDED BY SCHOOLS TO SECONDARY STUDENTS WITH VISUAL IMPAIRMENTS (Concluded)

•	Type of Sch	nool Attended	Severity of Visual I	mpairment
Service Characteristics	Regular School	Special School	Partially Sighted	<u>Blind</u>
Of students in schools providing vocational assessment/counseling, percentage in schools that: Used formal assessment of				
student interests/skills	81.3 ( 3.9)	76.0 { 4.7}	79.8 ( 4.1)	79.0 ( 5.5)
Gave students information				
about alternative careers	93.0 ( 2.5)	96.3 ( 2.1)	93.1 ( 2.6)	96.6 ( 2.5)
Recommended specific careers	76.7 ( 4.2)	96.3 ( 2.1)	89.0 ( 3.2)	85.5 ( 4.8)
Recommended specific training/	( 4.6)	(/	( 0.27	( 4.0)
education	78.6 ( 4.1)	96.7 ( 1.9)	88.6 ( 3.3)	86.4 ( 4.7)
Informed students about colleges/ training programs for students		( 1.0,	( 0.07	( 4 /
with disabilities	75.7 ( 4.2)	93.8 ( 2.6)	82.3 ( 3.9)	89.4 ( 4.2)
Number of respondents	316	311	296	216

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•	Hoù	sehold I			Ethnicity	Head of I	ousehold's Ec	ucation
Service Characteristics		12,000- \$24,999	\$25,000 and Over	<u>Black</u>	White Hispanic	No High School Diplome	High School Diplome	Beyond High School
Of students in schools providing vocational assessment/counseling, percentage in schools that:  Used formal assessment of								
student interests/skiils	75.8	81.2	79.7	81.6	79.1 68.0	73.5	82.9	79.3
	(7.0)	(6.0)	(5.0)	( 5.0)	(4.3) (10.5)	(5.9)	(5.4)	(5.5)
Gave students information	•	,,	,,	( 0.0,	(, (,	( 3.0)	( 3.4)	( 3.3)
about alternative careers	95.8	95.9	94.6	92.5	94.8 87.0	95.8	94.7	08.2
	(3.3)	(3.0)	(2.8)		(2.4) (7.5)	(2.7)		96.3
Recommended specific careers	83.5	84.3	87.1	84.8			(3.2)	(2.6)
Nonemarkosa spacific careers	(6.0)	(5.6)	(4.2)			85.1	82.2	87.8
Recommended specific training/	( 0.0)	( 3.0)	1 4.2)	( 4.0)	(3.7) (10.9)	( 4.8)	( ອ.5)	( 4.5)
education	00.7						_	
education	82.7	88.0	88.4	85.6		87.0	85.2	87.6
9-8	( 6.1)	(5.0)	( 4.0)	( 4.5)	( 3.9) (10.2)	( 4.5)	(5.1)	( 4.5)
Informed students about colleges/							•	•
training programs for students								
with disabilities	77.2	86.7	85.3	68.3	85.2 75.2	81.5	84.2	85.1
	( 6.8)	(5.2)	(4.4)	( 6.0)	(3.8) (9.7)	(5.2)	(5.3)	(4.9)
Number of respondents	114	140	204	135	339 40	170	175	164

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Table 21A: WORK ADJUSTMENT TRAINING PROVIDED BY SCHOOLS TO SECONDARY STUDENTS WITH VISUAL IMPAIRMENTS

		Community	<u>Gender</u>	Age in 1987	<u>s</u>	chool Status	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·
Service Characteristics	Total	Urban Suburban Rural	Male Female	19 or 15-16 17-18 older	In-School	Out 1 year	Out 1 - 2 Years
Percentage in schools that provided work adjustment training to secondary special ed. students	91.1 ( 2.0)	88.0 90.7 84.3 (3.6) (4.5) (9.1)	91.5 90.6 ( 2.5) ( 3.3)	84.5 94.4 93.6 (5.0) (2.7) (2.8)	89.4 ( 2.8)	92.2 ( 3.9)	100 ( 0.0)
Number of respondents	657	190 129 41	374 280	189 255 213	437	134	81
Of students in schools providing work adjustment training, percentage in schools that provided it:							
Routinely to all students	34.8 ( 3.6)	58.9 56.7 33.4 ( 6.1) ( 8.3) (12.6)	34.6 35.2 ( 4.7) ( 5.8)	35.5 37.6 30.1 (7.6) (6.1) (4.9)	34.9 ( 4.8)	37.0 (7.0)	29.7 ( 7.9)
Routinely only to special education students	50.0 ( 3.8)	20.8 31.9 36.3 ( 5.0) ( 7.8) (12.9)	49.0 50.8 ( 4.9) ( 6.1)	50.4 43.5 58.7 (8.0) (6.3) (5.3)	48.7 ( 5.0)	46.7 ( 7.2)	62.5 (8.3)
Routinely only to those with some disabilities	10.6 ( 2.4)	12.0 8.3 20.9 ( 4.0) ( 4.6) (10.9)	12.1 8.8 ( 3.2) ( 3.4)	11.5 12.5 7.2	11.4	11.8	4.4
Occasionally to special education students	4.6 (1.6)	8.3 3.1 9.4	4.2 5.1	(5.1) (4.2) (2.8) 2.6 6.5 3.9	( 3.2) 4.9	(4.7)	( 3.5) 3.4
Rarely or never to special education students	0.0	(3.4) (2.9) (7.8)	0.0 0.0	0.0 0.0 0.0	0.0	( 3.0)	( 3.1) · ,
Number of respondents	( 0.0) 607	( 0.0) ( 0.0) ( 0.0) 160 117 34	( 0.0) ( 0.0) 345 259	( 0.0) ( 0.0) ( 0.0) 161 240 206	( 0.0) 393	( 0.0) 128	( 0.0) 81
Of students in schools providing work adjustment training, percentage in schools with training in:*							
Grades 7 or 8	15.1 (3.1)	2.8 4.7 (2.8) (4.9)	14.9 15.1 ( 4.0) ( 4.9)	i8.8 13.6 13.3 ( 6.9) ( 5.0) ( 4.5)	14.2 ( 3.9)	14.8 ( 6.7)	20. <b>5</b> ( 8.3)
Grades 9 or 10	65.6 ( 3.8)	65.2 76.1 ( 6.4) ( 3.9)	60.4 71.8 (5.0) (5.8)	63.8 69.3 62.4 (7.6) (6.2) (6.0)	63.0 (4.9)	71.6 ( 7.7)	69.7 ( 9.1)
Grades 11 or 12	85.7 ( 2.6)	80 9 82.4 ( 4.9) ( 6.8)	84.1 89.9 (3.6) (3.7)	78.3 91.5 88.6 (6.2) (3.5) (3.8)	84.2 ( 3.6)	94.2 (3.7)	89.2 (6.0)
Ungraded classes	49.3	54.1 60.9 ( 8.4) (11.7)	50.5 48.0 (5.6) (6.9)	50.1 48.2 50.0 ( 8.9) ( 7.3) ( 6.6)	50.0° ( 5.6)	46.6 ( 9.4)	48.1 (10.3)
Number of respondents	443	81 54 14	248 192	115 170 158	292	81	6.7

<sup>\*</sup> See Appendix for percentage of youth in schools that served each grade level.



Table 218: WORK ADJUSTMENT TRAINING PROVIDED BY SCHOOLS TO SECONDARY STUDENTS WITH VISUAL IMPAIRMENT

	Type of Sch	nool Attended	Severity of Visual I	moe irment
Service Characteristics	Regular School	Special School	Partially Sighted	Bilind
Percentage in schools that provided work adjustment training to secondary special ed. students	, <b>86.2</b>	36.8	92.9	90.8
Number of respondents	( 3.1) 343	( 1.9) 314	( 2.6) <b>308</b>	( 3.8) 226
Of students in schools providing work adjustment training, percentage in schools that provided it:				
Routinely to all students	54.6 ( 5.1)	0.0 ( 0.0)	37. <b>9</b> ( 5.1)	27.7 ( 6.2)
Routinely only to special education students	25. <b>6</b> ( 4.5)	92.8 ( 2.9)	50.8 ( 5.3)	53.0
Routinely only to those		( 6.0)	( 3.3)	( 6.9)
with some disabilities  Occasionally to special	12.9 ( 3.4)	6.7 ( 2.8)	6.6 ( 2.6)	13.4 ( 4.7)
education students	7.0 ( 2.6)	0.5 ( 0.8)	4.7 ( 2.2)	5. <b>9</b> ( 3.3)
Rendly or never to special education atudents	0.0 ( 0.0)	0.0 ( 0.0)	0.0 ( 0.0)	0.0 ( 0.0)
Mumber of respondents	297	310	289	215
Of students in schools providing work adjustment training, percentage in schools with training in:*				
Grades 7 or 8	7.0 ( 3.8)	21.9 ( 4.5)	19.0 ( 4.9)	16.9 ( 5.7)
Grades 9 or 10	74.4 ( 5.3)	54.9 ( 5.4)	74.5 ( 5.0)	61.0 (7.1)
Grades 11 tr 12	85.1 ( 3.8)	87.6 ( 3.6)	92.2	86.1 ( 4.8)
Ungraded classes	56.4 ( 7.6)	43.6 ( 5.4)	44.7 ( 6.2)	47.2 ( 7.7)
Number of respondenis	133	310	201	169

<sup>\*</sup> See Appendix for percentage of youth in schools that served each grade level.



INTO SIC: VONK ADJUSTNENT TRAINING PROVIDED BY SCHOOLS TO SECRIBARY STUDENTS WITH VISUAL INC. AWENTS

	Have	eho ld 1	RCOME	Ethnicity	Head of I	pusehold's Ec	ecet ion
Service Characteristics			\$25,000 end Over	. Black White Hispanic	No High School	High School Diplome	Beyond High School
Percentage in schools that provided work adjustment training to secondary special ed. students	90.3 ( 4.7)	<b>85</b> .4 ( 5.2)	<b>89</b> .4 ( 3.7)	86.9 91.7 78.8 ( 4.2} { 2.9) ( 9.0)	91.5 ( 3.7)	86.2 ( 4.9)	90.4 ( 3.9)
Number of respondents	117	148	219	146 353 42	177	181	179
Of students in schools providing work adjustment training, percentage in schools that provided it:							
Routinely to all students	33.5 ( 8.5)	37.2 ( 7.3)	40.1 ( 6.4)	44.5 32.5 46.8 ( 8.4) ( 3.1) (12.5)	34.6 ( 8.7)	38.4 ( 7.4)	35.7 ( 6.9)
Routimely only to special education students	45.6 ( 8.9)	53.9 ( 7.6)	45.4 ( 6.5)	42 4 50.9 29.6 ( 6.4) ( 5.4; (11.5)	44.0 ( 6.9)	52.6 ( 7.6)	47.5 ( 7.2)
Routinely only to those with some disabilities	16 3	2.7 ( 2.5)	8.9 ( 3.7)	4.8 10.6 2.4 ( 2.8) ( 3.7) ( 3.9)	14.4 ( 4.9)	6.3 ( 3.7)	10.3
Occasionally to special education students	4.1	6.2 ( 3.7)	5.6 ( 3.0)	8.2 3.0 21.1 ( 3.6) ( 1.9) (10.3)	7.0 ` ( 3.6)	2.7 ( 2.5)	6.5. ( 3.6)
Renely or never to special education students	0.0	0.0 ( 0.0)	0.0 ( 0.0)	0.0 0.0 0.0 (0.0)	0.0 ( 0.0)	0.0 ( 0.0)	0.0 ( 0.0)
Number of respondents	108	133	196	130 333 30	162	165	162
Of students in schools providing work adjustment training, percentage in schools with training in:*							
Grades 7 or 8	13.4 ( 6.4)	19.3 ( 7.1)	11.6 ( 4.9)	9.8 19.2 0.0 ( 4.7) ( 4.9) ( 0.0)	15.8 ( 5.8)	15. <b>\$</b> ( 6.2)	10.8 ( 5.2)
Grades 9 or 10	`54.a` (`8.5)	71.3	76.0 ( 6.0)	59.8 70.0 83.6 ( 6.9) ( 5.3) (10.5)	62.3 ( 7.0)	75.5 ( 6.7)	67.3 ( 7.4)
Grades 11 or 12		87.9 (5.1)	90.6 ( 3.9)	82.9 88.2 89.9 (5.0) (3.5) (8.1)	80.1 ( 5.6)	92.2 ( 4.1)	89.6 ( 4.4)
Ungraded classes	47.2 ( 9.3)	41.5 (8.9)	47.2 ( 7.7)	54.5 49.0 51.8 ( 7.9) ( 6.2) (17.2)	49.3 ( 8.0)	39.6 ( 8.4)	59.5 ( 8.4)
Number of respondents	86	99	132	88 246 17	120	124	106

<sup>\*</sup> See Appendix for percentage of youth in schools that served each grade level.



Table 21A: WORK ADJUSTMENT TRAINING PROVIDED BY SCHOOLS TO SECONDARY STUDENTS WITH VISUAL IMPAIRMENTS (Concluded)

		Community	Gender	Age in 1967		School Status	<u> </u>
Service Characteristics	Total	Urban Suburban Rural	Hale Female	19 or 15-16 17-18 older	In-School	Out 1 year or less	Out 1 - 2 Years
Of students in schools providing work adjustment training, percentage in schools with training in:							
Production skills	74.4	81.4 79.2 44.7	73.7 75.4	75.6 73.1 75.3	74.7	70.7	78.1
	(3.3)	(4.7) (6.7) (13.7)	(4.2) (5.1)	(6.5) (5.4) (5.0)	(4.2)	( 6.8)	
Relationships with coworkers/	( 0.0,	(, (, (20,	( 4.2) ( 3.1)	( 0.5) ( 3.4) ( 3.0)	( 4.2)	( 0.0)	( 7.8)
supervisors	97.8	94.8 100 95.9	98.3 97.1	97.4 97.8 98.1	98.0	96.7	00.2
	(1.1)	(2.7) (0.0) (5.4)	(1.2) (2.0)	(2.4) (1.8) (1.6)	(1.3)		98.3
Attendance/punctuality	98.6	95.3 99.7 100	98.8 98.2	96.9 100 98.0	98.8	( 2.7)	(2.4)
, pe	(0.9)	(2.5) (0.9) (0.0)	(1.0) (1.6)	(2.6) (0.0) (1.6)		97.4	,99.2
Appropriate dress/grooming	98.5	95.1 99.6 100	98.7 98.2		(1.0)	( 2.4)	(1.7)
which income a contract	(0.9)	(2.6) (1.0) (0.0)	(1.1) (1.6)		,99.0	96.3	99.2
Job-related practices	( 0.3)	( 2.0) ( 1.0) ( 0.0)	(1.1) (1.0)	(2.1) (1.2) (1.6)	( 0.9)	( 2.8)	( 1.7)
(e.g., using sick leave)	89.3	81.8 87.1 84.1	00 7 00 0		•••		
(e.g., using sick leave)	(2.3)		88.7 89.9	88.9 90.6 87.7	89.4	91.9	83.7
Work skills (e.g., counting	( 2.3)	( 4.6) ( 5.5) (10.1)	(3.0) (3.6)	(4.8) (3.6) (3.8)	( 3.0)	( 4.1)	( 6.9)
	02.0		•••				
change, completing forms)	93.0	91.1 90.2 89.2	91.9 94.4	93.4 92.3 93.8	92.0	97.0	91.6
H # A A A A	(1.9)	(3.4) (4.9) (8.6)	(2.6) (2.7)	( 3.8) ( 3.3) ( 2.8)	( 2.6)	( 2.6)	( 5.2)
Use of transportation	79.4	87.0 78.5 45.5	80.3 78.0	80.4 77.8 80.7	79.0	77.0	84.9
	( 3.0)	( 4.0) ( 6.7) (13.7)	(3.8) (4.9)	(6.0) (5.1) (4.6)	( 3.9)	( 6.3)	( 6.7)
Number of respondents	605	160 115 34	344 258	159 240 206	391	128	81



Table 218: WORK ADJUSTMENT TRAINING PROVIDED BY SCHOOLS TO SECONDARY STUDENTS WITH VISUAL IMPAIRMENTS (Concluded)

	Type of Sch	nool Attended	Severity of Visual I	mpairment
Service Characteristics	Regular School	Special School	Partially Sighted	Blind
Of students in schools			,	
providing work adjustment				
training, percentage in				
schools with training in:				
Production skills	72.6	77.6	73.5	81.8
	( 4.6)	(4.6)	(4.6)	(5.3)
Relationships with coworkers/	• •	• •	• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •	,
supervisors	96.8	99.5	97.9	98.5
•	(1.8)	(0.7)	(1.5)	(1.7)
Attendance/punctuality	97.9	99.7	98.8	99.0
,	(1.5)	(0.6)	(1.2)	(1.4)
Appropriate dress/grooming	97.8	99.7	98.6	99.0
ippi ipi icoo di oco, y daminiy	(1.5)	(0.6)	(1.2)	(1.4)
Job-related practices	( 1.0)	( 0.0	( 1.2)	( 1.7)
(e.g., using sick leave)	84.9	98.8	90.2	92.5
(c.g., somy stok icute)	(3.7)	(1.9)	(3.1)	
Work skills (e.g., counting	( 3.7)	(1.5)	( 3.1)	(3.6)
change, completing forms)	92.5	93.9	02.0	
change, completing lothis)			93.8	,91.9
Han of Announced the	(2.7)	(2.6)	(_2.5)	(3.7)
Use of transportation	74.0	88.7	77.4	90.9
Momban of managed as	( 4.5)	( 3.5)	( 4.4)	(3.9)
Number of respondents	295	310	287	214



Table 21C: WORK ADJUSTMENT TRAINING PROVIDED BY SCHOOLS TO SECONDARY STUDENTS WITH VISUAL IMPAIRMENTS (Concluded)

	Household 1	Income	Ethnicity	Head of I	Head of Household's Education	
Service Characteristics	Under 12,000- \$12,000 \$24,999	\$25,000 and Over	Black White Hispanic	No High School Diploma	High School Diplome	Beyond High School
Of students in schools						
providing work adjustment						
training, percentage in						
schoo's with training in:						
Production skills	73.4 68.1	76.3	65.8 75.6 62.8	71.5	71.4	73.6
	(7.4) (7.3)	(5.4)	(6.2) (4.6) (12.3)	(6.2)	(6.8)	(6.1)
Relationships with coworkers/	( ) ) ( ) )	,,	( 5.1. ) ( 1.5)	( 0.2)	( 0.0)	( 0.1)
supervisors	98.4 97.7	97.0	98 97.8 92.8	98.1	97.6	97.0
•	(2.1) (2.3)	(2.2)	(1.6) (1.5) (6.6)	(1.9)	(2.3)	(2.4)
Attendance/punctuality	99.0 100	97.0	97.5 98.6 100	98.4	98.8	
, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,	(1.7) (0.0)	(2.2)	(2.0) (1.2) (0.0)	(1.7)		98.0
Appropriate dress/grooming	99.0 100	98.0	97.3 98.9 100	98.4	(1.6)	(2.0)
	(1.7) (0.0)	(1.8)	(2.0) (1.1) (0.0)	(1.7)	98.4	,98.7
Job-related practices	( 1.7) ( 0.0)	( 1.0)	(2.0) (1.1) (0.0)	( 1.7)	(1.9)	(1.5)
(e.g., using sick leave)	86.6 92.5	89.1	85.6 89.5 83.6	0.5		
(a.g.) as my stok leave,	(5.7) (4.1)	(4.0)		85.6	94.0	87.1
Work skills (e.g., counting	(3.7) (4.1)	( 4.0)	(4.6) (3.3) (9.4)	( 4.8)	( 3.6)	′ ' 6)
change, completing forms)	93.5 90.1	93.9	00 6 00 0 07 0			
change, completing forms)			92.6 92.8 87.9	94.6	90.0	91.3
lice of transportation	(4.1) (4.7)	(3.0)	(3.4) (2.8) (8.3)	(3.1)	( 4.5)	(_3.9)
Use of <b>trans</b> portation	83.3 79.2	71.4	84.3 74.8 80.3	78.0	74.2	78.0
Number of managers	(6.3) (6.4)	( 5.7)	(4.8) (4.6) (10.1)	( 5.7)	( 6.5)	( 5.7)
Number of respondents	107 133	196	129 332 31	163	164	161



Table 22A: WORK EXPLORATION OR WORK EXPERIENCE PROVIDED BY SCHOOLS TO SECONDARY STUDENTS WITH VISUAL INFARMENTS

		Community	Gender	Age in 1987	Schooletu	
Service Cherecteristics	Total	<u> Urban Suburban Rural</u>	Male Female	19 or 15-16 17-18 older	Out 1 year In-School or less	Out 1 - 2 Years
Percentage in schools that provided work exploration/experience to secondary special ed. students  Number of respondents	76.6 ( 3.0) 656	72.0 71.2 52.9 (5.0) (7 7) (12.5) 189 1.3 41	80.1 72.1 (3.6) (5.1) 373 280	69.5 75.9 85.0 (6.4) (5.1) (4.1) 189 254 213	75.3 73.5 (3.9) (6.5)	<b>89.6</b> (5.7)
number of respondents	030	189 1.3 41	373 280	189 254 213	436 134	81
Of students in schools providing work exploration/experience, percentage in schools that provided it:						
Routinely to all students	29.9 ( 3.5)	60.5 52.9 18.7 (5.8) (8.6) (13.1)	31.7 27.7 (4.7) (5.3)	26.5 32.7 29.3 (7.7) (5.8) (4.9)	29.9 30.4 ( 4.6) ( 6.6)	29.4 ( 7.8)
Routinely only to special education students	47.5 ( 3.8)	22.8 32.2 34.1 ( 5.0) ( 8.0) (16.0)	41.4 55.4 ( 5.0) ( 5.9)	48.4 43.7 51.5 ( 8.7) ( 6.1) ( 5.3)	44.4 51.3 (5.0) (7.2)	57.9 ( 8.5)
Routinely only to those with some disabilities	11.5 ( 2.5)	10.0 6.9 41.3 ( 3.6) ( 4.3) (16.6)	15.0 6.9 ( 3.6) ( 3.0)	12.5 14.1 7.5	13.5 10.9	2.6
Occasionally to special	( 2.3)	( 3.0) ( 4.3) (10.0)	( 3.6) ( 3.0)	(5.8) (4.3) (2.8)	(3.5) (4.5)	( 2.7)
education students	11.1 ( 2.4)	6.7 8.1 5.9 (3.0) (4.7) (7.9)	12.0 10.0 ( 3.3) ( 3.6)	12.6 9.4 11.8 (5.8) (3.6) (3.4)	12.2 7.4 ( 3.3) ( 3.8)	10. <b>0</b> ( 5.2)
Rarely or never to special education students	0.0 ( 0.0)	0.0 0.0 0.0 ( 0.0) ( 0.0) ( 0.0)	0.0 0.0 ( 0.0) ( 0.0)	0.0 0.0 0.0 ( 0.0) ( 0.0) ( 0.0)	0.0 0.0 ( 0.0) ( 0.0)	0.0 ( 0.0)
Number of respondents	556	139 96 25	319 234	137 223 196	359 115	` 77
Of students in schools providing work exploration/experience, percentage in schools with work experience programs in:*						
Grades 7 or 8	8.6 ( 2.5)	1.6 3.8 (2.2) (4.5)	7.2 9.9 (3.0) (4.2)	10.5 8.1 7.4 (5.6) (4.0) (3.6)	7.9 7.2 (3.1) (5.0)	14.1 (7.5)
Grades 9 or 10	52.8 ( 4.3)	45.5 29.7 ( 7.6) (10.1)	55.0 49.4 (5.5) (6.9)	46.1 48.4 65.5 (8.6) (7.2) (6.3)	50.1 60.4 (5.5) (8.9)	53.9 (10.5)
Grades 11 or 12	76.9 ( 3.3)	64.8 78.9 (6.2) (7.2)	76.7 77.0 { 4.3} ( 5.3)	72.4 75.9 82.9 (7.2) (5.5) (4.7)	76.6 77.2 { 4.3} ( 6.8)	78.0 ( 8.3)
Ungraded classes	44.3	51.8 42.3 ( 8.5) (11.8)	48.6 39.1 (5.8) (6.9)	40.5 42.0 51.4 (9.0) (7.3) (6.9)	44.3 36.7 (5.7) (9.3)	52.8 (10.7)
Number of respondents	417	80 54 14	231 183	108 163 146	274 78	62

 $<sup>^{\</sup>star}$  See Appendix for percentage of youth in schools that served each grade level.



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able 228: Work exploration or work experience provided by schools to secondary students with visual impairments

	Type of Sch	nool Attended	Severity of Visual impairment	
Service Characteristics	Regular School	Special School	Partially Sighted	<u>Blind</u>
Percentage in schools that provided work.exploration/experience to secondary special ed. students	65.9	97.2	79.0	76.1
	( 4.5)	( 1.8)	( 4.1)	( 5.7)
Number of respondents	342	314	308	226
Of students in schools providing work exploration/experience, percentage in schools that provided it:				
Routinely to all students	52.8	0.0	35.9	24.4
	( 5.3)	( 0.0)	( 5.2)	( 5.3)
Routinely only to special education students	24.4	77.6	44.5	52.3
	( 4.6)	( 4.6)	( 5.3)	( 6.2)
Routinely only to those	•	1		
with some disabilities	15.3	6.7	8.9	11.2
	( 3.8)	( 2.8)	(3.1)	( 3.9)
Occasionally to special education students	7.5	15.7	10.7	12.1
	( 2.8)	( 4.0)	( 3.3)	( 4.0)
Rarely or never to special education student.	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
	( 0.0)	( 0.0)	( 0.0)	( 0.0)
Number of respondents	245	311	267	204
Of students in schools providing work exploration/experience, percentage in schools with work experience programs in:*				
Grades 7 or 8	2.3	14.2	8.9	12.0
	( 2.3)	( 4.0)	( 3.7)	( 5.1)
Grades 9 or 10	37.3	69.0	52.7	54.9
	(6.6)	(5.3)	( 6.1)	( 7.7)
Grades 11 or 12	69.6	87.8	80.3	74.4
	( 5.1)	(3.7)	( 4.4)	( 6.4)
Ungraded classes	43.8	47.4	33.4	48.9
	( 7.5)	( 5.7)	( 6.1)	( 8.0)
Number of respondents	132	285	186	157

<sup>\*</sup> See Appendix for percentage of youth in schools that served each grade level.



Table 22C: WORK EXPLORATION OR WORK EXPERIENCE PROVIDED BY SCHOOLS TO SECONDARY STUDENTS WITH VISIMA IMPAIRMENTS

	Household Income		Ethnicity	Heed of Household's Education			
Service Characteristics	Under \$12,000	12,000- \$24,999	\$25,000 and Over	8), ck White Hispanic	No High School Diploma	High School Diploma	Bryond High School
Permantage in schools that provided work exploration/experience to secondary special ed. students	73.3 ( 7.1)	75.1 ( 6.4)	77.7 ( 5.0)	75.5 74.8 78.1 (5.3) (4.5) (9.2)	75.7 ( 5.6)	76.0 ( 6.1)	79.3 ( <sup>c</sup> .3)
Number of respondents	117	147	219	146 353 42	176	181	79
Of students in schools providing work exploration/experience, percentage in schools that provided it:							
Routinely to all students	24.6 ( 7.3)	33.2 (7.2)	40.4 ( 6.9)	38.7 28.8 38.5 ( 6.5) ( 5.0) (12.3)	31. <b>6</b> ( 6.7)	28.7 ( 6.2)	35.0 ( 7.6)
Routinely only to special education students	47.7 ( 8.5)	45.8 ( 7.6)	36.4 ( წ.7)	38.5 46.2 37.7 ( 6.5) ( 5.5) (12.2)	42.1 ( 7.1)	48.6 ( 6.5)	40.4 ( 7.8)
Routinely only to those with some disabilities	18.0 ( 6.5)	7.3 ( 4.0)	9.4 ( 4.1)	11.4 14.5 10.7 ( 4.3) ( 3.9) ( 7.8)	18.0 ( 5.6)	11.4	8.3 ( 4.4)
Occasionally to special education students	9.8 ( 5.0)	13.8	13.8	11.4 10.5 13.2 ( 4.3) ( 3.4) ( 8.6)	8.3 ( 4.0)	11.3	16.3 ( 5.9)
Rarely or never to special education students	0.0 ( 0.0) 98	0.0 ( 0.0) 128	0.0 ( 0.0) 175	0.0 0.0 0.0 ( 0.0) ( 0.0) ( 0.0) 117 302 30	0.0 ( 0.0) 148	0.0 ( 0.0) 158	0.0 ( 0.0) 142
Number of respondents  Of studer.s in schools providing work exploration/experience, percentage in schools with work experience programs in:* Grades 7 or 8	7.9	11.3	10.1	8.3 10.0 0.0	. 7.5	10.8	10.6
Grades 9 or 10	( 5.3) 54.8 ( 9.4)	(5.9) 50.0	(4.8) 49.8 (7.6)	(4.4) (3.9) (0.0) 66.5 47.3 52.1 (7.1) (6.3) (16.7)	( 4.3) 50.3 ( 7.9)	(5.6) 58.1 (8.5)	( 5.3) 58.2 ( 8.2)
Grades 11 or 12	70.2 ( 8.2)	83.7	83.2 ( 5.0)	79.3 76.8 68.7 (5.6) (4.8) (11.6)	70.1 ( 6.7)	87.2 ( 5.3)	84.9 ( 5.3)
Ungraded classes	47.1 ( 9.8)	46.4 ( 9.3)	36.5 ( 7.6)	53.4 43.6 45.4 ( 7.9) ( 6.4) (17.1)	48.0 ( 8.2)	39.6 ( 8.8)	54.5 ( 8.6)
Number of respondents	78	93	176	88 224 17	113	113	102

<sup>\*</sup> See Appendix for percentage of youth in schools that served each grade level.



Table 23A: JOB SKILLS TRAINING PROVIDED BY SCHOOLS TO SECONDARY STUDENTS WITH VISUAL IMPAIRMENTS

		Community	<u>Gender</u>	Age in 1987		School Status	<u></u>
Service Cheracteristics	<u>Total</u>	<u> Urban Suburban Rural</u>	Male Famale	19 or 15-16 17-18 older	In-School	or has	Out 1 - 2
Percentage in schools that provided job skills training to secondary special education students  Number of respondents	76.2 ( 3.0) 657	75.3 77.3 80.0 (4.7) (6.5) (10.0) 190 129 41	76.6 75.8 ( 3.9) ( 4.9) 373 281	71.7 80.6 74.8 (6.2) (4.7) (5.0) 190 255 212	76.0 ( 3.9) 438	75.6 ( 6.3) 133	77.9 ( 7.8) 81
Of students in schools pro- viding job skills training, percentage in schools that provided it:							
Routinely to all students	55.9 ( 4.2)	85.6 76.4 75.6 ( 4.7) ( 7.8) (12.1)	52.8 60.0 ( 5.4) ( 6.5)	51.0 65.1 46.8 ( 8.4) ( 6.6) ( 5.9)	57.2 ( 5.4)	58.8 { 7.8}	43.6 ( 9.4)
Routinely only to special education students	25.9 ( 3.7)	7.5 7.7 11.4 (3.6) (4.9) { 9.0}	23.6 28.6 ( 4.6) ( 5.0)	25.2 22.3 31.9 (7.3) (5.8) (5.5)	24.8	25.0 ( 6.9)	32.1 ( 8.9)
Routinely only to those with some disabilities	3.1 ( 1.5)	0.9 0.6 9.5 (1.3) (1.5) (8.3)	4.4 1.6 ( 2.2) ( 1.6)	4.0 1.2 5.1 (3.3) (1.5) (2.6)	2.5 ( 1.7)	7.0 ( 4.0)	0.0
Occasionally to special education students	15.1 ( 3.0)	6.1 15.3 3.5 ( 3.2) ( 6.6) ( 5.2)	19.3 9.7 ( 4.3) ( 3.9)	19.8 11.3 16.3 (6.7) (4.4) (4.4)	15.5 ( 3.9)	9.3 ( 4.6)	24.3 ( 8.2)
Rarely or never to special education students	0.0	0.0 0.0 0.0 ( 0.0) ( 0.0) ( 0.0) 139 102 29	0.0 0.0	0.0 0.0 0.0 (0.0) (0.0) (0.0) 143 201 164	0.0 ( 0.0)	0.0 ( 0.0)	0.0 ( 0.0)
Number of respondents  Of students in schools providing job skills training, percentage in schools providing it in:*	508	139 102 29	285 221	143 201 164	339	102	63
Grades 9 or 10	52.7 ( 4.2)	47.0 45.8 ( 7.6) (11.0)	54.5 50.2 ( 5.3) ( 6.7)	49.6 54.1 53.9 (8.4) (6.9) (6.4)	54.7 ( 5.3 \	52.7 ( 9.0)	42.1 ( 9.9)
Grades 11 or 12	79.6 (3.1)	81.8 86.6 (4.8) (5.9)	79.6 79.6 ( 3.9) ( 4.9)	75.9 82.9 78.5 (6.5) (4.7) (4.9)	79.0 ( 4.0)	82.4 ( 6.0)	77.2 ( 8.0)
Ungraded classes	36.4 ( 4.2)	37.5 43.9 ( 8.2) (11.9)	37.6 34.8 (5.4) (6.6)	38.1 32.2 40.0 (8.6) (6.8) (6.5)	36.7 ( 5.4)	35.7 ( 9.0)	33.4 ( 9.7)
Number of respondents	443	81 54 14	248 192	115 170 158	292	81	67

 $<sup>\ ^*</sup>$  See Appendix for percentage of youth in schools that served each grade level.

Source: Survey of Secondary Special Education Programs. Data are for the most recent year in school.



Table 238: JOB SKILLS TRAINING PROVIDED BY SCHOOLS TO SECONDARY STUDENTS WITH VISUAL IMPAIRMENTS

			•			
	Type of Sch	nool Attended	Severity of Visual Impairment			
Service Characteristics	Regular School	Special School	Partially Sighted	Blind		
Percentage in schools that provided job skills training to secondary special education students	78.0 ( 3.9)	72.8 ( 4.8)	80.8 ( 4.0)	74.4 ( 5.8)		
Number of taspondents	343	314	308	226		
Of students in schools pro- viding job skills training, percentage in schools that provided it:						
Routinely to all students	82.9 ( 4.2)	0.0 ( 0.0)	59.5 ( 5.5)	44.8 ( 8.0)		
Routinely only to special						
education students	5.3 ( 2.5)	68.5 ( 5.4)	25.9 ( 4.9)	32.1 ( 7.5)		
Routinely only to those	• •	• •	•	• •		
with some disabilities	3.1 (1.9)	3.1 ( 2.0)	2.3 ( 1.7)	1.9 ( 2.2)		
Occasionally to special	• •	, ,				
education students	8.7 ( 3.2)	28.4 ( 5.2)	12.3 ( 3.7)	21.2 ( 6.6)		
Rarely or never to special						
education students	0.0 ( 0.0)	0.0 ( 0.0)	0.0 ( 0.0)	0.0 ( 0.0)		
Number of respondents	261	247	251	172		
Of students in schools pro- viding job skills training.						
percentage in schools pro- viding it in:*						
Grades 9 or 10	58.3 ( 6.8)	46.7 ( 5.5)	54.4 ( 5.9)	44.3 ( 7.4)		
Grades 11 or 12	87.8 ( 3.5)	66.5 ( 5.2)	84.9 ( 3.8)	76.0 ( 6.0)		
Ungraded classes	39.3 (7.5)	34.0 ( 5.2)	36.0 ( 6.0)	39.0 (7.5)		
Number of respondents	133	310	201	169		

<sup>\*</sup> See Appendix for percentage of youth in schools that \*erved each grade level.



Table 23C: JOB SKILLS TRAINING PROVIDED BY SCHOOLS TO SECONDARY STUDENTS WITH VISUAL IMPAIRMENTS

	Household Inc. me		<u>Ethnicit</u>	Head of Household's Education		
Service Characteristics	Under 12,000- \$12,000 \$24,999	\$25,000 and Over	Black White Hispanic	No High School Diploma	High School Diploma	Beyond High School
Percentage in schools that provided job skills training to secondary special education students	78.8 74.8	70.9	79.9 74.8 65.4	79.3	76.7	64.2
Number of respondents	(6.5) (6.5) 118 147	( 5.5) 219	( 5.0) ( 4.5) (10.5) 146 354 41	( 5.3) 177	( 6.0) 180	( 6.3) 160
Of students in schools pro- viding job skills training, percentage in schools that provided it:						
Routinely to all students	56.5 52.9 (9.7) (8.1)	64.4 ( 6.9)	50.3 54.2 69.8 ( 7.2) ( 6.0) ( 2.8)	60.5 ( 7.2)	56.6 ( 8.5)	51.1 ( 7.5)
Routinely only to special education students	27.8 33.4 (8.7) (7.7)	16.2 (5.3)	20.7 24.7 19.1 ( 6.0) ( 5.2) (11.0)	23.3 ( 6.2)	31.1 (7.9)	20.3 ( 6.1)
Routinely only to those with some disabilities	2.1 2.0 ( 2.8) ( 2.3)	0.8	1.9 4.6 0.0 ( 2.0) ( 2.5) ( 0.0)	2.3 ( 2.2)	4.0 ( 3.3)	5.1 ( 3.3)
Occasionally to special education students	13.6 11.6 ( 6.7) ( 5.2)	18.6	17.0 16.6 11.1 (5.5) (4.5) (8.7)	13.9	8.3 ( 4.7)	23.5 ( 6.4)
Rarely or never to special education students	0.0 0.0 ( 0.0) ( 0.0)	0.0 ( 0.0)	0.0 0.0 0.0 ( 0.0) ( 0.0) ( 0.0)	0.0	0.0	0.0 ( 0.0)
Number of respondents  Of students in schools providing job skills training, recentage in schools pro-	93 114	160	115 272 25	142	138	128
viding it in:* Grades 9 or 10	52.9 57.1 ( 9.1) ( 8.6)	54.9 ( 7.3)	61.7 52.9 65.5 (7.3) (5.9) (15.1)	55.5 ( 7.5)	58.9 ( 8.0)	47.7 ( 8.2)
Grades 11 or 12	76.3 82.0 (7.2) (6.1)	76.5 ( 5.5)	79.4 79.3 75.8 ( 5.4) ( 4.4) (11.7)	78.3 ( 5.7)	81.5 ( 5.9)	71.6 ( 6.5)
Ungraded classes	32.2 40.1 (8.7) (8.9)	35.1 (7.4)	43.7 34.3 54.1 (7.9) (5.9) (17.1)	39.3 (7.8)	36.3 (8.3)	`22 2' ( 8.6.
Number of respondents	86 99	132	88 246 17	120	124	106

<sup>\*</sup> See Appendix for percentage of youth in schools that served each grade level.



Table 24A: JOB DEVELOPMENT AND PLACEMENT SERVICES PROVIDED BY SCHOOLS TO SECONDARY STUDENTS WITH VISUAL IMPAIRMENTS

		<u>Community</u>	Gender	Age in 1987	School Status
Service Characteristics	Tota 1	Urban Suburban Rural	Male Female	19 or 15=16 <u>17-18</u> <u>older</u>	In-School Out 1 year Out 1 - 2 Years
Percentage in schools that provided job development/placement services to secondary special ed. students Number of respondents	67.9 ( 3.3) 658	75.8 84.3 52.1 (4.7) (5.6) (12.5) 191 129 41	69.8 65.7 ( 4.2) ( 5.4) 374 281	72.3 64.3 68.4 (6.2) (5.7) (5.3) 190 255 213	68.4 65.1 70.4 (4.2) (7.0) (8.6) 438 134 81
Of students in schools provid- ing job development/placement services, percentage in schools that provided it: Routinely to all students	41.7	66.3 54.6 35.7	40.2 43.9	37.5 45.0 41.5	41.8 43.8 37.7
	(4.3)	(5.4) (8.9) (16.2)	(5.4) (7.1)	(8.9) (7.ú) (6.2)	(5.7) (8.1) (9.6)
Routinely only to special education students	30.2 ( 4.0)	17.2 31.9 16.3 ( 4.3) ( 8.3) (12.5)	26.2 35.7 ( 4.9) ( 6.9)	31.0 30.4 29.3 ( 8.4) ( 6.5) ( 5.7)	28.0 31.1 42.6 (5.1) (7.6) (9.8)
Routinely only to those with some disabilities	14.6 ( 3.1)	8.9 7.1 35.1 ( 3.2) ( 4.6) (16.2)	20.5 J.6 ( 4.5) ( 3.6)	13.4 15.8 14.5 ( 6.2) ( 5.1) ( 4.4)	14.3 19.8 8.1 (4.0) (6.5) (5.4)
Occasionally to special education students	12.8 ( 2.9)	5.8 5.8 12.9 ( 2.6) ( 4.2) (11.3)	12.2 13.5 ( 3.6) ( 4.9)	17.3 7.4 14.7 (5.9) (3.7) (4.4)	15.2 4.2 11.6 (4.1) (3.3) (6.3)
Rarely or never to special education students	0.7	1.8 0.5 0.0 (1.5) (1.3) (0.0)	0.9 0.5 ( 1.0) ( 1.0)	0.5 1.4 0.0 (1.2) (1.7) (0.0)	0.7 1.0 0.0 (1.0) (1.6) (0.0)
Number of respondents	437	151 102 23	251 185	122 171 144	289 89 56
Of students in schools provid- ing job development/placement services, percentage in schools					
providing it in:* Grade 10	21.4	36.9 30.3	17.8 25.8	24.2 22.5 16.9	22.2 23.4 12.9
Grade 11	(3.4) 59.0 (3.8)	( 7.6) ( 9.7) 66.4 81.6 ( 6.3) ( 7.0)	(4.1) (5.8) 55.9 62.9 (5.0) (6.0)	(7.3) (5.8) (4.9) 63.2 55.6 59.7 (7.6) (6.4) (6.0)	(4.4) (7.5) (6.9) 59.1 59.8 57.0 (4.9) (8.0) (9.8)
Grade 12	67.8	76.3 84.0	66 5 69.6	74.8 63.2 67.4	67.5 71.4 63.1 (4.6) (6.9) (9.3)
Ungraded classes	( 3.5) 39.9 ( 4.3)	( 5.2) ( 6.3) 54.1 42.2 ( 8.5) (12.0)	( 4.5) ( 5.6) 42.0 37.2 ( 5.5) ( 6.7)	(6.7) (6.0) (5.5) 43.2 37.0 40.5 (8.9) (7.0) (6.5)	42.0 34.1 37.0 (5.5) (8.9) (10.0)
Number of respondents	441	80 53 14	247 191	114 170 157	290 81 67

<sup>\*</sup> See Appendix for percentage of youth in schools that served each grade level.

Source: Survey of Secondary Special Education Programs. Data are for the most recent year in school.



Table 248: JOB DEVELOPMENT AND PLACEMENT SERVICES PROVIDED BY SCHOOLS TO SECONDARY STUDENTS WITH VISUAL IMPAIRMENTS

	Type of Sch	nool Attended	Severity of Visual Impairment		
Service Characteristics	Regular School	Special School	Partially Sighted	81 ind	
Percentage in schools that provided					
job development/placement services to secondary special ed. students	73.7	56.7	63.8	66.8	
	( 4.2)	( 5.4)	( 4.7)	( 6.2)	
Number of respondents	344	314	308	227	
Of students in schools provid- ing job development/placement services, percentage in schools that provided it:					
Routinely to all students	58.3	0.0	51.0	33.9	
	( 5.3)	( 0.0)	( 6.0)	(7.4)	
Routinely only to special education students	21.3 ( 4.4)	52.6 ( 7.4)	30.1 ( 5.5)	31.8 (7.3)	
Routinely only to those with some disabilities	12.7	19.5	8.0	20.9	
	( 3.6)	( 5.9)	( 3.3)	( 6.4)	
Occasionally to special education students	6.7	28.0	9.5	13.4	
	( 2.7)	( 6.7)	( 3.5)	( 5.3)	
Rarely or never to special education students	1.0	0.0	1.5	0.0	
	( 1.1)	( 0.0)	( 1.4)	( 0.0)	
Number of respondents	262	175	207	155	
Of students in schools provid- ing job development/placement services, percentage in schools providing it in:*					
Grade 10	36.7	6.7	24.3	13.8	
	( 6.5)	( 2.7)	( 5.1)	( 5.1)	
Grade 11	72.8	39.8	64.2	51.7	
	( 5.1)	( 5.4)	( 5.3)	( 7.1)	
Grade 12	79.5	49.7	71.4	63.3	
	( 4.3)	( 5.5)	( 4.9)	(6.6)	
Ungraded classes	41.8	38.3	32.7	41.9	
	( 7.6)	(5.3)	( 5.9)	( 7.6)	
Number of respondents	132	309	200	169	

<sup>\*</sup> See Appendix for percentage of youth in schools that served each grade level.



Table 24C: JOB DEVELOPMENT AND PLACEMENT SERVICES PROVIDED BY SCHOOLS TO SECONDARY STUDENTS WITH VISUAL IMPAIRMENTS

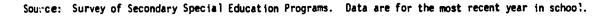
	Household Income		ncome	Ethnicity	Head of Household's Education		
Service Characteristics		12,000- \$24,999	\$25,000 and Over	Black White Hispanic	No High School Diploma	High School Diplome	Beyond High School
Percentage in schools that provided job development/placement services to secondary special ed. students  Number of respondents	64.2 ( 7.7) 118	58.8 ( 7.3) 147	70.9 ( 5.4) 220	63.6 69.8 68.4 (5.9) (4.7) (10.3) 147 354 41	65.4 ( 6.2) 177	63.5 ( 6.8) 181	72.3 ( 5.8) 180
Of students in schools provid- ing job development/placement services, percentage in schools that provided it:							
Routinely to all students	42.7 (10.5)	38.1 ( 8.3)	49.3 ( 7.1)	50.4 39.2 54.8 (7.6) (6.0) (13.5)	41.1 ( 7.6)	44.9 ( 8.5)	41.4 ( 8.5)
Routinely only to special education students	24.5 ( 9.1)	30.0 ( 7.3)	33.1 (6.7)	16.5 35.7 30.8 ( 5.7) ( 5.9) (12.5)	24.6 ( 6.6)	35.3 ( 8.2)	31.1 ( 8.0)
Routinely only to those with some disabilities	20.6 ( 8.5)	15.5 ( 6.1)	5.0 ( 3.1)	15.3 15.7 7.9 ( 5.5) ( 4.5) ( 7.3)	24.7 ( 6.6)	9.2 ( 4.9)	10.2 , 5.2)
Occasionally to special education students	12.3 ( 6.9)	15.5 ( 6.2)	11.5 ( 4.5)	16.7 8.8 2.6 (5.7) (3.5) (4.4)	8.9 ( 4.4) .	10.1 ( 5.1)	16.7 ( 6.5)
Rarely or never to special education students	0.0 ( 0.0)	1.0	1.2	1.0 0.5 3.7 (1.5) (0.9) (5.1)	0.7	0 6 ( 1.3)	0.6 ( 1.3)
Number of respondents	75	93	150	90 250 26	120	121	117
Of students in schools provid- ing job development/placement services, percentage in schools providing it in:*							
Grade 10	3.3 (5.1)	18.0 (6.8) 53.3	35.1 (6.9) 72.1	24.6 20.1 52.7 (6.6) (4.8) (15.8)	14.4 (5.5)	27.0 ( 7.3)	31.5 (7.4)
Grade 12	48.5 ( 8.6) 57.6	(8.4) 64.1	( 5.9) 77.9	61.3 61.2 61.1 (6.9) (5.4) (14.1) 68.8 71.0 73.7	46.4 ( 7.°) 61.6	65.2 ( 7.3) 70.4	72.5 ( 6.5) 74.9
Ungraded classes	( 8.3) 42.2 ( 9.3)	(7.7) 45.8 (9.0)	( 5.4) 31.3 ( 7.2)	( 6.3) ( 4.9) (11.8) 51.3 38.0 43.0 ( 8.0) ( 6.0) (17.0)	( 6.8) 48.9 ( 8.0)	( 6.9) 31.4 ( 3.0)	( 6.1) 49.1 ( 8.5)
Number of respondents	85	99	132	87 246 17	119	124	106

<sup>\*</sup> See Appendix for percentage of youth in schools that served each grade level.



### Table 24A: JOB DEVELOPMENT AND PLACEMENT SERVICES PROVIDED BY SCHOOLS TO SECONDARY STUDENTS WITH VISUAL IMPAIRMENTS (Concluded)

		Community	<u>Gender</u>	Age in 1987	School Status
Service Characteristics	<u>Total</u>	Urban Suburban Rural	Male Female	19 or 15-16 17-18 older	Out 1 year Out 1 - 2 In-School or less Years
Of students in schools providing job development/placement services.					
percentage in schools that typicall, Referred students to potential	<b>/:</b>				
emp loyers	83.9 (3.2)	93.6 91.4 82.6 ( 3.1) ( 4.9) (13.0)	81.1 87.5 ( 4.4) ( 4.7)	83.4 87.4 79.8 ( 6.4) ( 4.8) ( 5.6)	84.5 80.9 86.1 (4.1) (7.1) (7.8)
Transported students to/from	( 0.2)	( 0.1) ( 4.5) (10.0)	( 4.4) ( 4.7)	( 0.4) ( 4.0) ( 0.0)	( 4.2) ( 7.2)
interviews	73.8	62.3 60.7 72.0	70.7 70.7	68.3 65.3 80.8	67.6 71.6 87.6
	(4.0)	( 6.0) ( 8.5) (15.4)	(5.1) (6.4)	(8.0) (6.9) (5.5)	(5.3) (8.2) (7.4)
Trained in interviewing skills	91.9	86.3 91.9 95.4	93.1 90.2	87.0 94.7 93.7	90.9 91.5 98.2
	( 2.4)	(4.3) (4.7) (7.2)	(2.8) (4.2)	(5.8) (3.3) (3.4)	(3.2) $(5.1)$ $(3.0)$
Reviewed interview experiences	82.3	79.6 83.2 67.8	80.4 84.7	76.1 84.3 86.7	80.3 85.1 89.3
	(3.4)	(5.0) (6.5) (16.0)	(4.4) (5.1)	(7.3) (5.3) (4.8)	(4.5) (6.4) (7.0)
Helped prepare resumes	69.2	73.8 74.6 59.0	68.5 72.6	63.8 75.7 66.6	66.8 68.6 84.8
Hankad udah analawasa an dah	(4.1)	(5.5) (7.6) (16.8)	(5.3) (6.3)	(8.3) (6.2) (6.6)	(5.3) (8.4) (8.1)
Worked with employers on job modifications	61.5	68.7 49.3 61.0	59.6 64.1	59.3 61.2 64.8	57.1 74.2 69.0
modifications	(4.3)	(5.8) (8.7) (16.7)	(5.5) (6.8)	(8.5) (7.1) (6.7)	(5.6) (7.9) (10.4)
Number of respondents	434	148 103 22	249 184	123 170 141	287 88 56
Of students in schools providing job development/placement services, average number of spc ial education students who:					
Received job placement services	, 19	26 21 16	19 19	17 21 20	18 22 21
House pleased to date	(1.7)	(2.7) (3.7) (5.2) 17 14 9	( 2.3) ( 2.4) 12 13	( 2.8) ( 3.2) ( 2.4) 11 14 13	(2.0) (4.4) (3.4) 11 is 15
Were placed in jobs	13 ( 1.4)	( 2.2) ( 3.3) ( 2.5)	(1.9) (1.8)	11 14 13 ( 2.2) ( 2.7) ( 1.8)	11 is 15 (1.4) (4.3) (3.0)
Number of respondents	415	140 93 21	237 177	118 159 137	274 84 53
Of students in schools providing job development/placement services, average percentage of special ed. students receiving job placement services who were placed in a job	59.9	66.6 63.9 58.2	55.4 66.0	60.6 61.8 56.7	59.2 61.9 60.3
	(2.9)	(3.6) (4.6) (11.5)	(3.7) (4.5)	(5.0) (5.0) (5.0)	(3.7) (6.1) (7.5)
Number of respondents	410	137 92 21	235 174	116 158 136	271 83 53



### Table 248: JOB DEVELOPMENT AND PLACEMENT SERVICES PROVIDED BY SCHOOLS TO SECONDARY STUDENTS VITH VISUAL IMPAIRMENTS (Conc.) redd)

	Type of Sci	nool Attended	Severity of Visual Impairment		
Service Characteristics	Regular hool	Special School	Partially Sighted	<u>81ind</u>	
Of students in schools providing job development/placement services, percentage in schools that typically: Referred students to potential					
amp loyers	90.9	66.6	84.0	82.0	
	( 3.1)	( 6.9)	( 4.5)	(6.2)	
Transported students to/from interviews	62.6	91.1	69.7	75.3	
	( 5.3)	( 4.2)	( 5.7)	( 6.9)	
Trained in interviewing skills	91.1	`93.8´	92.0	92.5	
	( 3.1)	(`3.5)	( 3.3)	( 4.2)	
Reviewed interview experiences	79.9	88.3	79.0	87.8	
	( 4.4)	( 4.7)	( 5.0)	( 5.3)	
Helped prepare resumes	73.6	58.3	74.8	67.3	
	( 4.8)	( 7.2)	( 5.4)	(7.5)	
Worked with employers on job modifications	58.4	69.7	56.8	61.7	
	( 5.4)	( 6.7)	( 6.1)	(7.8)	
Number of respondents	259	175	205	154	
Of students in schools providing job development/placement services, average number of special education students who:					
Received job placement services	22	13	24	15	
	( 2.2)	( 2.0)	( 2.7)	( 2.3)	
Were placed in jobs  Number of respondents	15	8	17	9	
	( 1.9)	( 1.4)	( 2.3)	(1.7)	
	241	174	196	150	
Of students in schools providing job development/placement services, average percentage of special ed. students receiving job placement	678	204	200	100	
services who were placed in a job	64.6 ( 3.2)	49.1 ( 5.6) 174	64.3 ( 3.9)	56.3 ( 5.3) 150	
Number of respondents	236	1/4	192	120	



### Table 24C: JOB DEVELOPMENT AND PLACEMENT SERVICES PROVIDED BY SCHOOLS TO SECONDARY STUDENTS WITH VISUAL IMPAIRMENTS (Concluded)

	Household Income		Ethnicity	Head of Household's Education			
Service Characteristics		12,000- \$24,999	\$25,000 and Over	Black White Hispanic	No High School Diploma	High SchoolDiplo=>	Beyond High School
Of students in schools providing job development/placement services, percentage schools that typically:							
Referred students to potential							
emp loyers	87.1 (6.8)	80.6 ( 7.4)	83.2 ( 5.5)	83.6 82.8 96.3 ( 5.9) ( 4.7) ( 5.3)	87.3 ( 5.3)	87.9 { 5.7}	79.9
Transported students to/from	( 0.0)	( //	( 3.3)	( 3.3) ( 4.7) ( 3.3)	( 5.5)	( 5.7)	(6.5)
interviews	74.1	68.3	63.4	74.9 69.9 69.3	81.1	62.8	<b>60</b> 4
IIITEL A ICHO	(8.8)		(7.0)				62.4
Trained in interviewing skills	93.6	88.9	94.0	( 6.9) ( 5.7) (12.8) 88.1 94.0 89.1	(6.3)	(8.5)	(7.8)
trained in interviewing Skills			(3.5)		90.5	92.1	95.9
Davids and Interview symmetrics	(4.9)			(5.2) (2.9) (8.7)	(4.7)	(4.7)	(3.2)
Reviewed interview experiences	87.8	80.0	76.3	80.5 81.9 78.5	,86.9	76.1	84.7
Unland mannes was a	( 6.6)		(6.2)	(6.3) (4.7) (11.4)	(5.4)	(7.5)	( 5.8)
Helped prepare resumes	74.1	71.8	61.3	65.5 68.7 67.0	72.0	59.4	70.6
Manhad with and lawn and take	( 8.8)	(8.4)	(7.1)	(7.6) (5.7) (13.1)	(7.2)	( 8.6)	(7.4)
Worked with employers on job	ca .	F3 A	** *				
modifications	63.4	53.0	49.6	63.9 60.6 61.9	62.0	57.5	59.2
N	( 9.7)		(7.3)	(7.6) (6.0) (13.5)	( 7.8)	(8.7)	(8.0)
Number of respondents	/4	93	148	88 249 26	119	119	117
Of students in schools providing job development/placement services, average number of special education streets who:							
Received job placement services	15	23	18	21 17 25	21	17	19
• •	(3.0)		(2.2)	(3.2) (1.9) (5.1)	( 2.9)	( 2.8)	( 2.9)
Were placed in jobs	9	15	12	13 11 19	13	11	12
•	(2.3)	( 2.3)	(1.6)	(2.1) (1.4) (5.0)	(2.1)	( 2.0)	(2.1)
Number of respondents	68	89	141	83 240 23	112	115	111
Of students in schools providing job development/placement services, average percentage of special ed. students receiving job placement							
services who were placed in a job	53.9	62.9	62.2	60.1 58.5 71.0	58.8	59.1	59.4
•	(6.7)	(5.9)	(5.3)	(5.1) (4.1) (7.1)	(5.1)	(6.0)	(5.5)
Number of respondents	68	89	138	82 237 23	112	111	111
•							



Table 25A: POSTEMPLOYMENT SERVICES PROVIDED BY SCHOOLS TO SECONDARY STUDENTS WITH VISUAL IMPAIRMENTS

		Community	<u>Gender</u>	Age in 1987	School Status
Service Characteristics	<u>Total</u>	<u>Urban Suburban Rural</u>	Male Female	19 or 15-16 17-18 older	Out 1 year Out 1 - 2 In-School or less Years
Percentage in schools that provided postemployment services to					
secondary special ed. students	43.0 ( 3.5)	56.6 53.0 18.0 (5.4) (7.8) (9.6)	44.9 40.9 { 4.5} ( 5.6)	37.1 44.0 47.8 (6.7) (5.9) (5.7)	41.3 39.9 59.2 (4.5) (7.2) (9.2)
Number of respondents	656	191 127 41	373 280	189 254 213	436 134 81
Of the students in schools pro- viding postemployment services, percentage in schools providing it in:*					
Grade 10	10.0	18.9 22.2	12.3 7.1	11.8 9.5 8.8	10.6 8.0 9.7
Grade 11	( 2.6) 26.4 ( 3.7)	( 6.2) ( 9.1) 35.0 37.9 ( 7.0) ( 9.8)	(3.7) (3.6) 25.5 27.9 (4.7) (6.1)	(5.7) (4.3) (3.8) 29.4 25.0 25.4 (7.8) (6.1) (5.7)	(3.4) (5.1) (6.3) 25.9 30.0 25.4 (4.7) (8.3) (8.9)
Grade 12	47.7 ( 4.1)	62.8 68.1 ( 6.6) ( 9.4)	48.9 46.4 (5.3) (6.6)	45.7 48.3 48.7 (8.4) (6.8) (6.4)	46.2 50.5 50.9
Ungraded classes	25.8 ( 4.0)	43.6 30.4 ( 8.5) (11.5)	29.4 21.7 (5.3) (5.9)	17.5 27.4 32.1 (7.0) (6.6) (6.5)	25.8 19.7 33.2
Number of respondents	412	79 50 14	229 180	106 162 144	(5.1) (7.7) (10.1) 271 76 62
Of the students in schools pro- viding postemployment services, percentage in schools that typically:					
Contacted only students after employment	2.3	2.2 5.0	2.9 1.5	1.3 3.3 1.8	1.8 6.1 0.0
, •	(1.4)	( 2.1) ( 4.0)	( 2.0) ( 1.8)	(2.4) (2.8) (1.9)	1.8 6.1 0.0 (1.6) (4.6) (0.0)
Contacted only employers after employment	1.0 ( 0.9)	0.5 2.6 ( 1.0) ( 2.9)	0.3 1.8 ( 0.7) ( 2.0)	3.0 0.4 0.0 (3.6) (0.9) (0.0)	1.4 0.0 0.0 (1.4) (0.0) (0.0)
Contacted both students and		•	• • • •		
employers after employment	96. <b>7</b> (1.7)	97.3 92.3 ( 2.3) ( 4.8)	96.8 96.6 (2.1)(2.7)	\$5.7 96.3 98.2 (4.3) (2.8) (1.9)	96.7 93.9 100 (2.2) (4.6) (0.0)
Number of respondents	304	98 76 6	172 132	7 122 105	200 58 44
Of the students in schools pro- viding postemployment services, average number of months contact was maintained with student/					
employer after employment	17.5 ( 2.3)	12.0 10.8 ( 2.4) ( 1.6)	18.0 16.7 ( 2.9) ( 3.5)	17.6 15.8 19.7 (5.1) (3.5) (3.6)	17.8 16.4 17.9 (3.2) (3.7) (5.2)
Number of respondents	187	70 57 4	113 74	42 78 67	(3.2) (3.7) (5.2) 119 40 26

<sup>\*</sup> See Appendix for percentage of youth in schools that served each grade level.



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Table 25B: POSTEMPLOYMENT SERVICES PROVIDED BY SCHOOLS TO SECONDARY STUDENTS WITH VISUAL IMPAIRMENTS

	Type of Sch	nool Attended	Severity of Visual Impairment		
Service Characteristics	Regular School	Special School	Partially Sighted	<b>Blind</b>	
Percentage in schools that provided postemployment services to secondary special ed. students	47.1	35.0	.50.1	37.2	
Number of respondents	( 4.7) 342	( 5.2) 314	( 5.0) 308	( 6.4) 227	
Of the students in schools pro- viding post-mployment services, percentage in schools providing it in:*					
Grade 10	19.8	0.0	14.1	6.1	
Grade 11	( 5.6) 37.3	( 0.0) 13.6	( 4.3) 32.2	(3.7) 17.6	
Grade 12	( 6.3) 61.9 ( 5.9)	(3.9) 29.0 (5.2)	( 5.5) 56.7 ( 5.7)	(5.9) 38.7 (7.4)	
Ungraded classes	32.9	19.6	26.8	26.9	
Number of respondents	( 7.3) 127	( 4.5) 285	( 5.7) 188	( 7.1) 155	
Of the students in schools pro- viding postemployment services, percentage in schools that typically:					
Contacted only students after employment					
emp royment	2.8 ( 2.0)	1.0 ( 1.4)	2.7 ( 2.0)	1.8 ( 1.9)	
Contacted only employers after employment	1.3	0.0	•		
• •	(1.4)	( 0.0)	0.8 ( 1.1)	1.8 (1.9)	
Contacted both students and employers after employment	95.8	99.0	96.4	96.4	
	(2.4)	(1.4)	(2.2)	( 2.6)	
Number of respondents	175	129	161	104	
Of the students in schools pro- viding postemployment services, average number of months contact was maintained with student/					
employer after employment	11.0	42.7	15.6	20.0	
Number of respondents	( 1.7) 130	( 3.2) 5?	( 2.7) 97	( 4.7) 62	

<sup>\*</sup> See Appendix for percentage of youth in schools that served each grade level.



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Table 25C: POSTEMPLOYMENT SERVICES PROVIDED BY SCHOOLS TO SECONDARY STUDENTS WITH VISUAL IMPAIRMENTS

	liou	sehold I	ncome	Ethnicity	sad of H	lousehold's Ec	lucation
Service Characteristics	Under \$12,000		\$25,000 and Over	Black White Hispanic	No High School Diploma	High School Diploma	Beyond High School
Percentage in schools that provided postempleyment services to secondary special ed. students  Number of respondents	40.7 ( 7.9) 118	36.3 (7.2) 147	50.0 ( 6.0) 218	47.2 40.6 50.7 (6.1) (5.1) (11.1)	42.6 ( 6.5)	35.4 ( 6.8)	49.0 ( 6.6)
number of respondents	110	14/	218	147 352 41	177	161	178
Of the students in schools pro- viding postemployment services, percentage in schools providing it in:*							
Grade 13	10.3 ( 5.8) 24.4	3.9 (3.6) 24.4	17.9 ( 5.9) 37.3	13.2 9.4 .9 (5.2) (3.7) (9.7) 28.2 26.5 37.6	9.8 ( 4.7) 28.9	5.5 ( 4.1) 24.5	17.0 ( 6.3) 28.8
Grade 12	(7.9) 42.1	( 7.7) 47.7	(7.1) 57.2	( 6.6) ( 5.5) (14.6) 52.8 47.3 67.6	( 6.9) <b>44</b> .2	( 7.5) 44.1	( 7.2) 58.2
Ungraded classes	( 9.0) 26.3 ( 8.7)	(8.7) 19.8 (7.4)	( 7.0) 32.3 ( 7.5)	( 7.1) ( 6.0) (13.3) 36.8 22.6 46.7 ( 7.7) ( 5.5) (17.2)	( 7.5) 26.5 ( 7.3)	( 8.5) 19.5 ( 7.2)	( 7.6) 36.9 ( 8.5)
Number of respondents	78	33	122	88 220 17	113	110	100
Of the students in schools pro- viding postemployment services, percentage in schools that typically:							
Cor^acted only students after employment	1.4	3.4	1.2	4.8 0.8 0.0	1.1	3.1	1.3
Contacted only employers after	( 2.2)	(3.6)	(1.9)	(4.2) (1.1) (0.0)	(1.7)	( 3.0)	( 2.1)
employment	0.0 ( 0.0)	0.0 ( 0.0)	3.3 ( 3.1)	2.4 0.5 2.7 (3.0) (0.9) (5.4)	0.0 ( 0.9)	4.2 ( 3.4)	0.0 ( 0.0)
Contacted both students and employers after employment	98.6 ( 2.2)	96.6 (3.6)	95.5 ( 3.6)	92.8 98.7 97.3 (5.1) (1.4) (5.4)	98.9 (1.7)	92.7 ( 4.5)	98.7 ( 2.1)
Number of respondents	56	63	105	58 177 18	82	78	87
Of the students in schools pro- viding postemployment services, average number of months contact was maintained with student/ employer after employment	18. <b>8</b> ( 5.4)	17.6 ( 5.3)	19.8 ( 4.1)	15.2 19.1 ( 3.5) ( 3.4)	16.0 ( 3.9)	19.3 ( 5.8)	19.2 ( 4.2)
Number of respondents	35	÷5	61	48 95 11	53	41	54

<sup>\*</sup> See Appendix for percentage of youth in schools that served each grade level.



Table 26A: LIFE SKILLS PROGRAMS PROVIDED BY SCHOOLS TO SECONDARY STUDENTS WITH VISUAL IMPAIRMENTS

		Community	<u>Gendor</u>	Age in 1987		School Status	<u> </u>
Service Characteristics	<u>Total</u>	Urban Suburban Rural	Male Female	19 or 15-16 17-18 older	<u>In-School</u>	Out 1 year or less	Out 1 - 2 Years
Percentage in schools that provided life skills programs to secondary special education students	92.4 ( 1.9)	90.4 88.8 86.6 (3.2) (5.0) (3.6)	92.8 91.8 ( 2.3) ( 3.2)	90.5 92.2 94.6 ( 4.0) ( 3.2) ( 2.6)	91.4 ( 2.6)	93.9 ( 3.5)	95.9 ( 3.7)
Number of respondents	655	193 124 41	374 278	191 253 211	437	133	80
Of students in schools providing life skills programs, percentage that provided it:							
Routinely to all students	4C.6 (3.7)	61.6 57.8 66.6 (5.8) (8.6) (12.9)	35.4 47.5 ( 4.7) ( 6.0)	45.3 43.2 32.2 ( ?.4) ( 6.4) ( 5.3)	40.8 ( 4.8)	44.2 (7.7)	32.2 (8.2)
Routinely only to special education students	45.6 ( 3.8)	19.1 24.5 20.7 ( 4.7) ( 7.5) (11.1)	47.8 42.2 ( 4.9) ( 6.0)	41.0 40.6 56.9 (7.3) (6.4) (5.6)	44.4	43.6 ( 7.7)	56.0 ( 8.7)
Routinely only to those with some disabilities	12.0 ( 2.5)	16.0 15.8 9.2 ( 4.4) ( 6.4) ( 7.9)	14.5 8.9 ( 3.5) ( 3.4)	11.1 13.9 10.1 ( 4.7) ( 4.5) ( 2 4)	13.1 ( 3.3)	8.5 ( 4.3)	11.8 ( 5.7)
Occasionally to special education students	1.9 ( 1.0)	3.3 2.0 3.5 (2.1) (2.5) (5.0)	2.3 1.4 (1.5) (1.4)	2.ô 2.3 0.7 ( 2.4) ( 1.9) ( 0.9)	1.7	3.7 ( 2.9)	0.0
Rarely or never to special education students	9.0 ( 0.0)	0.0 0.0 0.0 ( 0.0) ( 0.0) ( 0.0)	0.0 0.0 ( 0.0) ( 0.0)	0.0 0.0 0.0 ( 0.0) ( 0.0) ( 3.0)	0.0	0.0	0.0
Number of respondents	614	170 112 35	350 261	175 236 203	404	127	78
Of students in schools providing life skills programs, percentage providing it in:*							
Grades 7 or 8	46.3 ( 4.2)	16.6 3L.7 ( 5.3) (10.4)	44.4 48.2 (5.4) (6.8)	48.4 39.8 52.5 ( 8.4) ( 7.0) ( 6.6)	45.5 ( 5.4)	44.2 ( 9.3)	52.7 (10.3)
Smades 9 or 10	86.6	82.9 87.5 (5.0) (5.9)	83.9 89.8 (3.7) (3.8)	81.4 99.3 86.5 (6.0) (3.2) (4.2)	85.0 (3.5)	92.9 ( 4.2)	85.2 (7.0)
Grades 11 or 12 Un_aded classes	87.0 ( 2.6) 70.9	83.4 77.5 ( 4.6) ( 7.3) 69.2 58.0	86.1 88.0 (3.3) (4.0) 73.2 68.0	77.3 90.7 91.3 (6.3) (3.7) (3.3) 61.8 71.0 79.7	84.2 ( 3.5) 68.2	94.1 ( 3.7) 72.4	90.7 ( 5.5) 82.9
Number of respondents	( 4.0) 443	(7.8) (11.8) 81 54 14	(4.9) (6.5) 248 192	(8.6) (6.6) (5.3) 115 170 158	( 5.2) 292	( 8.4) 81	( 7.8) 67



 $<sup>^{\</sup>star}$  See Appendix for percentage of youth in schools that served each grade level.

Table 268: LIFE SKILLS PROGRAMS PROVIDED BY SCHOOLS TO SECONDARY STUDENTS WITH VISUAL IMPAIRMENTS

	Type of Sch	ool Attanted	Severity of Visual Impairment		
Service Characteristics	Regular School	Special School	Partially Sighted	Blind	
Percentage in schools that provided life skills programs to secondary special education students	88.4	100	91.3	94.7	
	( 3.1)	{ 0.0}	( 2.9)	( 3.0)	
Number of respondents	341	314	304	225	
Of students in schools providing life skills programs, percentage that provided it:					
Routinely to all students	64.9	0.0	45.9	36.3	
	( 4.9)	( 0.0)	( 5.4)	( 6.8)	
Routinely only to special	16.8	93.4	41.2	50.4	
education students	( 3.8)	( 2.7)	( 5.3)	( 7.1)	
Routinely only to those with some disabilities	15.2	6.6	10.5	12.9	
	( 3.7)	( 2.7)	( 3.3)	( 4.7)	
Occasionally to special education students	3.1	0.0	2.5	0.4	
	( 1.8)	( 0.0)	( 1.7)	( 0.9)	
Rarely or never to special education students	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	
	( 0.0)	( 0.0)	( 0.0)	( J.0)	
Number of respondents	300	314	286	215	
Of students in schools providing life skills programs, percentage providing it in:*					
Grades 7 or 8	22.9	68.6	40.5	52.8	
	( 6.0)	( 5.1)	( 6.0)	( 7.5)	
Grades 9 or 10	87.8	84.9	88.7	89.4	
	( 3.7)	( 3.9)	( 3.5)	( 4.4)	
Grades 11 or 12	84.1	91.5	88.4	92.1	
	( 3.9)	(3.0)	( 3.5)	(3.7)	
Ungraded classes	64.3	76.2	63.7	77.1	
	(7.3)	( 4.7)	( 6.0)	( 6.4)	
Number of respondents	:33	310	201	169	



<sup>\*</sup> See Appendix for percentage of youth in schools that served each grade level.

Table 26C: LIFE SKILLS PROGRAMS PROVIDED BY SCHOOLS TO SECONDARY STUDENTS WITH VISUAL IMPAIRMENTS

	Hox Income		<u>Ethnicity</u>	Head of Household's Education			
Service Characteristics	Under 1 \$12,000 \$		\$25,000 and Over	Black White Hispanic	No High School Diploma	High School Diploma	Beyond <u>High School</u>
Percentage in schools that provided life skills programs to secondary special education students	88.7 ( 5.1)	95.6 ( 3.1)	 ( 3.3)	86.I 94.1 80.0 (4.3) (2.4) (8.7)	92.8 ( 3.4)	92.1 ( 3. <b>9</b> )	92.0 ( 3.6)
Number of respondents	118	147	219	145 352 43	179	179	179
Of students in schools providing life skills programs, percentage that provided it:							
Routinely to all students	37.9 ( 8.8)	42.0 (7.6)	48.1 ( 6.4)	54.9 35.8 54.2 ( 6.4) ( 5.3) (11.9)	38.1 ( 6.8)	48.9 ( 7.7)	37.5 ( 6.9)
Routinely only to special education students	45.8	46.9 ( 7.7)	39.0 ( 6.2)	38.2 48.4 33.6 ( 6.2) ( 5.5) (11.2)	47.2 ( 7.0)	40.6 ( 7.6)	47.3 ( 7.1)
Routinely only to those with some disabilities	15.5 ( 6.5)	9.2	10.4	6.6 13.4 10.4 ( 3.2) ( 3.8) ( 7.3)	14.7 ( 4.9)	7.7 ( 4.1)	12.1 ( 4.6)
Occasionally to special education scudents	0.9	1.9	2.6	0.4 2.3 2.4 ( 0.8) ( 1.7) ( 3.7)	S.0 ( 0.0)	2. <b>9</b> ( 2.5)	3.J ( 2.4)
Rarely or never to special education students	0.0 ( 0.0)	0.0	0.0	0.0 0.0 0.0 (0.0)	0.0	0.0 ( 0. <b>c</b> )	0.0
Number of respondents	107	_40	203	132 334 34	156	167	158
Of students in schools providing life skills programs, percentage providing it in:*							
Grades 7 or 8	44.3 ( 9.0)	59.0 (8.6)	38.3 (7.4)	44.7 45.5 22.6 (7.7) (6.1) (12.9)	42.7 (7.7)	51.5 ( 8.3)	50.5 ( 8.3)
Grades 9 or 10	75.8 ( 7.4)	92.3 (4.3)	90.6 ( 3.9)	83.9 86.3 93.0 (5.0) (3.8) (10.4)	81.0 (5.6)	89.2 (4.8)	92.4 (3.9)
Grades 11 or 12	80.7 ( 6.8)	92.8	89.8 ( 3.9)	81.1 69.5 80.2 (5.2) (3.3) (10.3)	`83.7 <sup>°</sup> ( 5.1)	91.1 ( 4.3)	91.5 ( 3.9)
Ungraded classes	70.7 ( 8.5)	75.7 ( 7.8)	81.1 ( 6.1)	65.3 78.5 82.9 ( 7.6) ( 5.1) (13.0)	76.4 ( 6.8)	77.3 ( 7.2)	76.1 ( 7.3)
Number of respondents	86	99	132	88 246 17	120	124	106



<sup>\*</sup> See Appendix for percentage of youth in scisols that served each grade level.

Table 26A: LIFE SKILLS PROGRAMS PROVIDED BY SCHOOLS TO SECONDARY STUDENTS WITH VISUAL IMPAIRMENTS (Continued)

		Community	Gender	Age in 1987	School S	+ = +
				<del></del>		tatus
Service Characteristics	<u>Total</u>	Urban Suburban Rural	Male Female	19 or 15-16 17-18 older	Out 1 y In-School or les	
Percentage in schools with life ski	1 1s					
programs for the mildly learning ha	ndi-					
capped that included training in:*						
Self-care skills	49.0	39.6 34.6 43.4	43.0 55.7	41.2 57.2 45.8		.6 58.0
Functional skills (e.g.,	(4.6)	(6.1) (8.1) (15.0)	(5.9) (7.1)	(8.3) (7.5) (7.8)	(5.8) (9	.5) (12.0)
telling time)	89.5	88.8 85.6 87.5	90.2 88.7	80 4 03 3 84 4	01 1 05	
torring time,	(2.8)	(3.9) (6.0) (10.0)	(3.6) (4.5)	89.4 93.2 84.4 (5.2) (3.8) (5.7)		.5 88.0
Home care skills (e.g., cooking)	89.3	86.4 86.1 91.3	90.4 87.9	88.5 92.9 85.0	(3.3) (6 91.2 86	, , , , ,
tions the only to (engly door mg)	(2.8)	(4.3) (5.9) (8.6)	(3.5) (4.5)	(5.4) (3.9) (5.6)		.9 83.0 .5) (9.2)
Planning/goal setting	99.2	97.6 100 100	98.8 99.6	99.2 99.5 98.5	• •	.4 100
•	(0.8)	(1.9) (0.0) (0.0)	(1.3) (0.9)	(1.5) (1.0) (1.9)		.5) (0.0)
Social skills (e.g., conflict			,,,,	( 210, ( 210, ( 210	( , (	, ( 0.0)
resolution, self expression)	93.9	100 99.6 100	99.8 100	99.7 100 100	99.8 1	00 100
	( 0.3)	( 0.0) ( 1.1) ( 0.0)	(0.5) (0.0)	(1.0) (0.0) (0.0)	(0.5) (0	
Use of community resources	90.3	87.6 82.4 98.5	90.0 90.6	86.1 91.9 92.7	88.2 93	.8 96.1
	( 2.7)	(4.1) (6.5) (3.7)	( 3.6) ( 4.2)	(5.8) (4.2) (4.1)	(3.8) (4	.6) (4.7)
Number of respondents	398	148 106 28	215 182	129 155 114	266	79 48
Percentage in schools with life ski	11e					
programs for the severely impaired	113					
that included training in: **						
Self-care skills	72.0	40.9 62.3 43.4	71.2 72.6	69.0 67.6 79.9	68.4 75	.3 84.3
	(3.8)	(7.5) (10.4) (19.9)	(4.9) (6.0)	(8.2) (6.4) (5.1)	(5.0) (7	
Functional skills (e.g.,	•			( ), ( ), ( ),	( 0.07	, (,
telling time)	86.3	75.7 83.0 58.7	89.4 82.4	90.1 80.9 90.7	85.9 84	.1 90.8
	( 2.9)	( 6.5) ( 8.1) (19.8)	(3.3) (5.1)	(5.3) (5.4) (37)	(3.8) (6	
Home care skills (e.g., cooking)	83.2	73.0 78.6 42.5	86.2 79.1	87.1 79.0 85.6	83.4 76	
01	(3.1)	(6.7) (8.8) (19.9)	(3.7) (5.4)	(6.0) (5.6) (4.5)	(4.0) (7	
Planning/goal setting	,99.8	99.5 99.5 100	99.8 99.7	99.6 100 99.6	99.9 99	
Social skills (e.g., conflict	(0.4)	(1.1) (1.5) (0.0)	(0.4)(0.7)	(1.1) (0.0) (0.8)	(0.4) (1	.5) ( 0.0)
resolution, self expression)	99.5	99.5 98.3 100	99.4 99.7	09 7 100 00 6	v	
resolution, sell expression,	( 0.6)	(1.1) (2.8) (0.0)	(0.8) (0.7)	98.7 100 99.6	JS j 99	
Use of community resources	95.8	92.0 89.8 97.3	95.6 96.0	( 2.0) ( 0.0) ( 0.8) 93.6 97.6 95.0	(0.~\ (1 96.0 93	
/ ********************************	(1.7)	(4.1) (6.5) (6.5)	(2.2) (2.6)	(4.4) (2.1) (2.8)	(1.9) (4	
Number of respondents	476	100 67 16	?68 205	115 192 169		.4) (4.0) 90 70
•					<b>.</b>	,,



<sup>\*</sup> See Appendix for percentage in schools with life skills programs that served mildly learning handicapped students.
\*\* See Appendix for percentage in schools with life skills programs that served severely impaired students.

Table 268: LIFE SKILLS PROGRAMS PROVIDED BY SCHOOLS TO SECONDARY STUDENTS WITH VISUAL IMPAIRMENTS (Continued)

	Type of Sch	nool Attendes	Severity of Visual Impairment		
Service Characteristics	Regular School	Special School	Partially Sighted	<u>Blind</u>	
Percentage in schools with life skills programs for the mildly learning handi-					
capped that included training in:* Self-care skills	36.3	96.7	51.2	54.3	
	· (5.1)	( 3.1)	( 6.3)	( 3.8)	
Functional skills (e.g., tell ng time)	87.1	98.6	90.9 ( 3.6)	88.0 (5.7)	
Home care skills (e.g., cooking)	( 3.6) <b>86.8</b> ( 3.6)	( 2.0) <b>96.9</b> { 1.8)	( 3.5) 89.8 ( 3.1)	87.0 ( 5.9)	
Planning/goal setting	99.3	98.6	100	10C	
	( 0.9)	( 2.0)	( 0.0)	( 0.0)	
Social skills (e.g., conflict resolution, self expression)	99.9	100	100	100	
	( 0.4)	( 0.0)	( 0.0)	( 0.0)	
Use of community resources	88.1 ( 3.5)	98.6 { 2.0}	85.6 ( 4.3)	97.6	
Number of respondents	271	127	196	128	
Percentage in schools with life skills programs for the severely impaired that implicate that implications are severely impaired.					
Self-care skills	44.8	99.4	71.7	74.2	
	( 6.7)	( 0.8)	( 5.4)	( 6.3)	
Functional skills (e.g., telling time)	72.8	100	89.2	84.2	
	( 6.0)	( 0.0)	(3.7)	( 5.3)	
Home care skills (e.g., cooking)	66.5	100	81.8	85.8	
	( 6.4)	( 0.0)	( 4.6)	( 5.0)	
Planning/goal setting	99.6	100	i00	99.4	
	( 0.9)	( 0.0)	( 0.0)	(1.1)	
Social skills (e.g., conflict resolution, self expression)	99.1	100	100	98.8	
	( 1.3)	( 0.0)	( 0.0)	( 1.6)	
Use of community resources	91.6	100	93.0	98.8	
	( 3.8)	( 0.0)	( 3.1)	( 1.6)	
Number of respondents	169	307	218	190	



<sup>\*</sup> See Appendix f.r percentage in schools with life skills programs that set see Appendix for percentage in schools with life skills programs that set

mildly learning handicapped students. .everely impaired students.

Table 26C: LIFE SKILLS PROGRAMS PROVIDED BY SCHOOLS TO SECONDARY STUDENTS WITH VISUAL IMPAIRMENTS (Continued)

	Household Income		ncome	Ethnicity	Head of Household's Education		
Service Characteristics		12,000- \$24,999	\$25,000 and Over	Black White Hispanic	No High School Diplome	High School Diploma	Beyond High School
Percentage in schools with life skills programs for the mildly learning handi- capped that included training in:*						·	
Self-care skills	49.9 (10.8)	50.9 ( 9.7)	41.0 (7.3)	39.5 46.9 49.0 (8.0) (6.6) (13.2)	47.9 ( 8.3)	5√.9 ( 9.3)	37.3 ( 7.8)
Functional skills (e.g., telling time)	94.0 ( 5.1)	95.9 ( 3.9)	84.7 ( 5.3)	90.7 91.5 86.5 (4.7) (3.7) (9.0)	94.7 ( 3.7)	93.7 ( 4.5)	86.3 ( 5.5)
Home care skills (e.g., cooking)	88.4 ( 6.9)	93.9	83.7 ( 5.5)	89.1 89.2 86.0 (5.1) (4.1) (9.1)	96.3 (3.1)	91,8 (5.2)	78.4 ( 6.6)
Planning/goal setting	97.1	99.3	99.5	95.7 100 100 (3.3) (0.0) (0.0)	98.2 ( 2.2)	99.3 (1.6)	99.5 (1.1)
Social skills (e.g., conflict resolution, self expression)	100	100	99.6	100 99.8 100	100	99.6	100
Use of community resources	( 0.0) 87.7 ( 7.1)	( 0.0) 93.3 ( 4.9)	( 0.9) 38.6 ( 4.7)	( 0.0) ( 0.6) ( 0.0) 92.9 92.3 82.6 ( 4.2) ( 3.5) (10.0)	( 0.0) 88.3 ( 5.4)	(1.2) 96.0 (3.7)	( 0.0) 88.9 ( 5.0)
Number of respondents	65	86	144	84 215 29	110	104	119
Percentage in schools with life skills programs for the severaly impaired that included training in:**							
Self-care skills	73.8 ( 8.3)	71.2 ( 7.8)	68.7 ( 6.7)	64.9 74.3 60.3 (7.6) (5.2) (16.8)	67.7 ( 7.3)	74.3 ( 7.3)	74.7 ( 6.9)
<pre>Functional skills (e.g., telling time)</pre>	88.5 ( 6.0)	89.5 ( 5.3)	80.1 ( 5.8)	89.0 85.2 94.3 (5.0) (4.2) (8.0)	8% 6 ( 5.3;	92.4 ( 4.4)	80.5 ( 6.3)
Home care skills (e.g., cooking)	87.2 ( 6.3)	80.8	79.0 ( 5.9)	86.4 82.9 87.3 (5.5) (4.4) (11.4)	80.6 ( 6.2)	84.7 ( 6.0)	86.6 (5.4)
Planning/goal setting	100	100	99.1 ( 1.3)	100 100 100 ( 0.0) ( 0.0) ( 0.0)	100	^9.6 ( ↑.0)	99.4 ( 1.2)
Social skills (e.g., conflict resolution, self expression)	100	99.2	99.) ( 1.3,	100 100 100 ( 0.0) ( 0.0) ( 0.0)	100	98.3 (8)	. 99.4
Use of community resources	97.4 ( 3.0)	94.5	95.2 ( 3.1)	96.7 96.2 86.1 (2.9) (2.2) (11.9)	96.0 (3.1)	97.4 (2.7)	94.3 ( 3.7)
Number of respondents	85	111	150	88 272 17	126	130	121



See Appendix for percentage in schools with life skills programs that served mildly learning handicapped students. See Appendix for percentage in schools with life skills programs that served severely impaired students.

Table 26A: LIFE SKILLS PROGRAMS PROVIDED BY SCHOOLS TO SECONDARY STUDENTS WITH VISUAL IMPAIRMENTS (Concluded)

		Community	<u>Gender</u>	Age in 1987	School Status
Service Characteristics	<u>Total</u>	Urban Suburban Rural	Male Female	19 or 15-16 17-18 older	In-School Out 1 year Out 1 - 2 Years
Percentage in schools with life ski programs for the sensorily and physically impaired that included	lls				
training in:		00 0 05 0 04 7	93.8 88.1	93.0 91.9 89.1	93.2 88.8 85.4
Self-care skills	91.3	88.9 85.0 84.7		(5.9) (5.1) (5.3)	(3.7) (7.4) (9.3)
	(3.1)	( 5.9) ( 9.5) (12.9)	( 3.5) ( 5.6)	( 5.9) ( 5.1) ( 5.5)	(3.7) (7.4) (3.0)
Functional skills (e.g.,					74 5 99 9 9
telling time)	72.5	98.2 90.4 69.9	70.0 76.2	87.4 71.0 61.3	74.5 82.2 ,.3
· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	( 5.0)	( 2.5) ( 7.8) (16.5)	(6.7) (7.4)	(7.7) (8.4) (8.2)	(6.3) (8.9) (13.2)
Home care skills (e.g., cooking)	67.4	91.7 81.7 69.9	65. <b>9</b> 69.0	73.7 70.5 57.9	66.8 74.8 60.3
Home care skills (c.g.) cooking)	(5.2)	(5.2) (10.3) (16.5)	(6.9) (8.0)	(10.2) ( 8.5) ( 8.4)	(6.8) (10.1) (12.9)
Blandam/masl makking	78.1	98.2 91.9 88.5	79.1 77.4	78.2 83.2 71.6	78.4 85.2 <b>64</b> .6
Planning/goal setting		(2.5) (7.2) (11.5)	(5.9; (7.2)	(9.6) (6.9) (7.6)	(6.0) (8.3) (12.6)
	(4.6)	( 2.3) ( 7.2) (.1.3)	( 3.5) ( 7.6)	(3.0) (3.0)	, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,
Social skills (e.g., conflict			79.6 88.3	88.5 82.2 80.7	83.0 83.3 85.7
resolution, self expression)	83.5	96.1 92.9 88.3			(5.4) (8.7) (9.2)
•	( 4.1)	(3.6) (6.8) (11.5)	(5.9) (5.6)	(7.4) (7.1) (6.7)	
(se of community resources	81.8	99.3 92.9 75.5	79.3 84.8	89.1 80.7 76.8	84.1 77.9 75.5
• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •	(4.3)	( 1.6) ( 6.8) (15.5)	(5.9) (6.2)	(7.2) (7.3) (7.1)	(5.3) (9.7) (11.3)
Number of respondents	269	65 44 20	145 123	68 104 97	172 53 41

<sup>\*</sup> See Appendix for percentage in schools with life skills programs that served sensorily or physically impaired students.

Table 268: LIFE SKILLS PROGRAMS PROVIDED BY SCHOOLS TO SECONDARY STUDENTS WITH VISUAL IMPAIRMENTS (Concluded)

	Type of Sch	ool Attended	Severity of Visual Impairment		
Service Characteristics	Regular School	Special School	Partially Sighted	<u>Blind</u>	
Percentage in schools with life skills programs for the sensorily and physically 'spaired that included					
training in:* Self-care skills	84.8	100	90.8	95.3	
	( 5.9)	( 0.0)	( 4.7)	( 4.2)	
Functional skills (e.g., telling time)	91.9	46.9	77. <sup>£</sup>	64.3	
	( 4.5)	( 7.8)	( 6.8)	( 9.5)	
Home care skills (e.g., cooking)	`88.6 <sup>°</sup>	39.3	75.4	65.3	
	( 5.2)	( 7.6)	(_7.0)	(_9.4)	
Planning/goal setting	94.2	56.8	84.0	77.6	
	( 3.8)	( 7.7)	( 6.0)	( 8.3)	
Social skills (e.g., conflict resolution, self expression)	93.2	70.7	84.2	83.3	
	( 4.1)	( 7.1)	( 5.9)	( 7.4)	
Use of community resources	89.7	71.4	79.2	84.0	
	( 5.0)	( 7.0)	( 6.6)	(7.3)	
Number of respondents	115	154	119	101	

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<sup>\*</sup> See Appendix for percentage in schools with lif skills programs that served sensorily or physically impaired students.

Table 26C: LIFE SKILLS PROGRAMS PROVIDED BY SCHOOLS TO SECONDARY STUDENTS WITH VISUAL IMPAIRMENTS (Concluded)

	Household income		ncome	<u>Ethnicity</u>	Head of Household's Education		
Service Characteristics		12,000- <b>\$</b> 24,999	\$25,000 and Over	Black White Hispanic	No High School Diplome	High School Diplome	Beyond High School
Percentage in schools with life skills programs for the sessorily and physically impaired that included training in:*			•				
Self-care skills	92.4	97.1	85.2	94.2 92.7 79.4	92.0	92.8	89.5
	(7.0)	(4.2)	( 6.4)	(5.1) (4.1) (14.8)	( 5.7)	( 6.1)	( 6.0)
Functional skills (e.g.,							
telling time)	81.9	59.7	69.7	66.8 73.9 95.8	78.0	64.0	75.0
•	(10.2)	(12.3)	(8.3)	(10.3) ( 6.9) ( 7.4)	( 8.7)	(11.3)	( 8.5)
Home care skills (e.g., cooking)	73.3	57.1	69.7	59.7 68.1 81.4	74.6	55.8	67.4
	(11.7)	(12.4)	( 8.3)	(10.7) ( 7.3) (14.3)	( 9.2)	(11.7)	( 9.2)
Planning/goal setting	86.2	76.2	78.3	68.4 77.9 100	80.8	82.9	69.4
	( 9.1)	(10.6)	(7.4)	(LJ.1) ( 6.5) ( 0.0)	( 8.3)	( 8.9)	( 9.0)
Social skills (e.g., conflict							
resolution, self expression)	83.7	84.0	77.0	67.3 84.6 100	88.3	73.4	84.8
	( 9.8)	( 9.2)	(7.6)	(10.2) ( 5.7) ( 0.0)	( 6.7)	(10.4)	(7.6)
Use of community resources	86.2	77.0	73.9	73.2 81.1 100	84.7	74.5	81.5
-	( 9.1)	(10.5)	(7.9)	( 9.6) ( 6.2) ( 0.0)	(7.6)	(10.3)	(7.6)
Number of respondents	43	52	97	47 153 15	69	66	80



<sup>\*</sup> See Appendix for percentage in schools with life skills programs that served sensorily or physically impaired students.

Table 27A: SERVICES AVAILABLE IN COMMUNITIES IN WHICH STUDENTS WITH VISUAL IMPAIRMENTS ATTENDED SECONDARY SCHOOL

		Community	Gender	Age in 1987	School Status
Service Characteristics	Total	Urban Suburban Ryral	sale female	19 or 15-16 <u>17-18</u> older	Out 1 year Out 1 - 2 In-School or less Years
Parsentage who attended secondary					
school in communities with					
educational resources that included	l <b>:</b>				
Special secondary schools for	75.0	80.4 65.2 43.9	75.3 74.3	57.5 79.0 77.2	75.6 73.5 74.3
students with disabilities	(3.2)	(4.6) (7.5) (12.8)	(4.0) (5.1)	(6.6) (5.0) (4.8)	(4.0) (6.6) (8.2)
Alternative/continuation schools	70.5	83.7 67.4 39.9	72.2 68.4	72.6 68.8 70.3	71.7 65.3 71.8
A 1001 INC 1107 COILC HILDER TOIL COILCO TO	(3.7)	(4.3) (7.4) (12.6)	(4.7) (6.0)	(6.8) (6.3) (6.2)	(4.6) (8.2) (9.6)
Vocational secundary schools	77.4	65.8 64.3 66.3	76.1 78.8	79.2 76.3 77.0	77.6 83.3 65.1
,	(3.0)	(3.9) (7.5) (11.9)	(3.9) (4.7)	(5.7) (5.2) (4.9)	(3.9) (5.5) (8.9)
Magnet secondary schools	40.8	54.4 23.8 0.7	42.0 39.1	37.3 39.8 45.3	40.0 38.8 49.3
•	( 3.8)	(5.6) (6.9) (2.2)	(4.8) (6.0)	(6.9) (6.3) (6.3)	(4.7) (7.9) (10.2)
Postsecondary schools with					
programs for students with			77 0 75 0		70.2 60.2 72.4
disabilities	76.5	76.2 80.9 52.4	77.6 75.0 ( 4.1) ( 5.3)	81.7 80.2 65.7 (5.6) (5.1) {5.9)	79.2 69.2 72.6 (3.9) (7.5) (8.9)
timber of menedants	( 3.2) 504	( 5.0) ( 6.6) (12.8) 169 109 39	284 219	159 193 152	340 98 63
Number of respondents	304	103 103 33	204 213	133 130 131	540 50 40
Percentage who attended secondary school in communities with adult services that included:  Work facilities for adults with disabilities (e.g., sheltered			0F 3 A3 F	es 2 . 02 4 . 07 0	89.7 95.4 100
workshops)	92.0 (2.0)	98.2 87.4 80.6 (1.5) (5.2) (9.8)	95.7 87.5 (1.9) (3.8)	85.2 93.4 97.2 (5.0) (3.0) (1.9)	89.7 95.4 100 ( 2.8) ( 3.1) ( 0.0)
Group homes for adults with					81.8 88.8 83.1
disabi lities	83.3	96.8 73.9 68.8	85.5 80.3	78.3 85.2 85.5	81.8 88.8 83.1 (3.6) (4.8) (7.0)
Sublic deb topinion programs	( 2.7)	( 2.0) ( 7.2) (11.6)	( 3.3) ( 4.7)	(5.9) (4.3) (4.1)	(3.0) (4.0) (7.0)
Public job training programs (e.g., JTPA)	88.0	95.3 82.3 86.3	94.3 81.1	87.8 91.0 84.1	88.8 86.0 89.1
(e.g., offa)	(2.5)	(2.6) (6.3) (9.0)	(2.3) (4.9)	(4.9) (3.7) (4.6)	(3.1) $(5.8)$ $(6.3)$
Centers for independent living	75.5	94.4 67.3 35.8	79.7 70.9	75.4 72.8 78.9	74.2 76.0 82.8
	(3.3)	( 2.8) ( 8.5) (13.2)	(4.0) (5.6)	(6.8) ( J.7) ( 4.9)	(4.4) (6.8) (7.4)
Advocacy groups for people with			-		
disabilit.es	91.2	98.6 87.8 78.3	94.2 87.5	90.0 90.6 93.2	89.4 92.2 95.9
_	(2.1)	( 1.3) ( 5.2) (10.7)	( 2.2) ( 3.9)	(4.3) (3.5) (3.0)	(2.9) (3.2) (3.8)
Support or social groups for					00 4 04 2 05 4
people with disabilities	90.0 ( 2.3)	97.9 78.2 72.6 (1.7) (6.9) (11.9)	95.0 84.4 ( 2.1) ( 4.4)	90.9 88.6 91.2 ( 4.4) ( 3.9) ( 3.4)	89.4 94.3 85.4 (3.0) (3.6) (.6.9)
Accommodations on public trans- portation for people with	( 2.3)	( 1.7) ( 0.9) (11.9)	( 2.1) ( 4.%)	( 4.4) ( 5.5) ( 5.4)	( 0.0) ( 0.0)
disabilities	77.7	87.9 80.1 56.0	81.5 73.5	79.5 73.9 81.1	75.4 84.9 78.8
2.2224	(3.1)	(3.8) (6.6) (13.3)	(3.7) (5.2)	(5.9) (5.4) (4.6)	(4.1) (5.5) (7.9)
Number of respondents	555	149 94 34	309 239	147 215 176	361 105 69



Table 27B: SERVICES AVAILABLE IN COMMUNITIES IN WHICH STUDENTS WITH VISUAL IMPAIRMENTS ATTENDED SECONDARY SCHOOL

	Type of Sci	noo'l Attended	Severity of Visual Impairment	
Service Chirecteristics	Regular School	Special School	Partially Sighted	<u>Blind</u>
Percentage who attended secondary		•		
school in committee with				
educational resources that included:		•		
Special secondary schools for	es a	84 1	37 4	
students with disabilities	65. <b>6</b> ( 4.2)	\$4.1 { 2.6}	. 71.Z ( 4.7)	<b>82.4</b> ( 5.1).
Alternative/continuation schools	<b>35.5</b>	82.1	<b>65.2</b>	<b>13.</b> 17.
Wifering Last court turber for acupo is	( 4.5)	£ 5.6)	( 5.3)	(7.0)
Vocational secondary schools	72.7	<b>17.1</b>	78.0	73.2
TODACIONAL CASCILLATION CONTRACTOR	( 4.3)	€ 3.71	<b>{ 4.2}</b>	(6.0)
Magnet secondary schools	31.1	64.0	42.7	46.2
	( 4.5)	( 5.9)	( 5.4)	<i>(7.1)</i>
Pastsecondary schools with	•	•		•
programs for students with				
disabilities	71.8	86.3	79.4	72.7
•	( 4.5)	(4.1)	( 4.3)	( 6.4)
Number of respondents	307	176	236	172
Percentage who attended secondary school in communities with				
adult services that included: Nork facilities for adults with				
disabilities (e.g., sheltered workshops)	89.7	96.5	92.4	92.4
workshops)	(2.9)	{ 2.0}	( 2.7)	(3.6)
Group homes for adults with	4 5.51	( 6.4)	( 2)	, 0.0)
disabilities	81.6	86.5	82.4	83.8
G18681110160	( 3.8)	(3.8)	( 3.9) ~	(5.0)
Public job training programs	, 555,	,,	Ç 0.00,	,,
(e.g., JTPA)	85.0	<b>85.9</b>	92.8	82.6
	( 3.2)	( 4.1)	( 2.8)	( 5.6)
Centers for independent living	70.5	84.6	76.6	72.7
	( 4.9)	( 4.1)	( 4.4)	( <b>6.3</b> )
Advocacy groups for people with				
disabilities	90.3	92.9	96.7	88.7
	( 2. <del>9</del> )	( 2.9)	( 3.0)	( 4.3)
or social groups for				
people with disabilities	84.9	99.4	67.8	89.7
A	( 3.7)	( 0.9}	( 3.4)	( 4.3)
Accommodations on public trans-				
portation for people with disabilities	78.3	76.5	80.9	73.3
Q134D1111165	/6.3 ( 4.1)	( 4.7)	( 4.1)	( 6.1)
Number of respondents	269	267	267	179
numer of respondents	203	607	647	113

## Table 27C: SERVICES AVAILABLE IN COMMUNITIES IN WHICH STUDENTS WITH VISUAL IMPAIRMENTS ATTEMBED SECONDARY SCHOOL

	Hous	ehold l	ncome	Ethnicity		Head of Household's Education		
Service Characteristics	Under 1 \$12,000 \$	2,000- 24,999	\$25,000 and Over	<u>Black</u>	White Hispanic	No High School Diploma	High School Diplome	Beyond High School
Percentage who attended secondary								
school in communities with								
educational resources_that included:			-					
Special secondary schools for								
students with disabilities	80.7	73.2	71.2		73.0 78.5	72.1	78.7	73.5
	( 6.4)	(6.8)	(5.6)	( 5.7)	(4.6) (9.1)	( 6.0)	( 6.0)	( 5.9)
Alternative/continuation schools	61.2	71.4	72.1		66.0 90.2	76.5	60.7	73.5
•	( 9.3)	(7.7)	( 5.9)	( 6.8)	(5.4) (6.9)	( 6.3)	( 8.2)	( 6.3)
Vocational secondary schools	80.8	79.7	73.3		72.0 87.9	82.5	80.1	67.9
		(6.2)			(4.7) (7.3)	(5.1)	(5.8)	(6.1)
Magnet secondary schools	50.2	45.9	36.6		30.6 67.1	47.9	40.2	39.7
regiles securiosi y scribors	(8.4)				(5.1) (10.5)	(6.8)	(7.7)	(6.8)
Postaecondary schools with	( 0.4)	( 7.3)	( 0.5)	( 0.5)	( 3.1) (10.3)	( 0.0)	( ,.,,	( 0.0)
programs for students with	<i></i>	30 0	43.0	70.0	30 C A1 F	7P A		70.0
disabilities	64.0	73.6	83.9		73.6 91.5	75.4	6P 1	79.6
		(7.1)	( 4.7)		(4.8) (6.3)	( 6.0)	(7.2)	( 5.6)
Number of respondents	83	112	181	104	287 37	138	131	152
Percentage who attended secondary school in communities with adult services that included: Work facilities for adults with								
disabilities (e.g., sheltered								
workshops)	91.9	94.6	94.5		89.8 91.9	96.4	89.4	92.2
	( 4.5)	(3.4)	( 2.8)	( 2.0)	(3.1) (6.3)	( 2.5)	( 4.5)	( 3.5)
Group homes for adults with								
disabilities	83.7	82.8	<b>89.3</b>	92.3	<b>8</b> 2.3 75.3	85.3	<b>83.7</b>	<b>90</b> .9
	( 6.1)	(5.8)	( 3.8)	(3.4)	(4.0) (10.1)	( 4.7)	( 5.5)	( 3.8)
Public job training programs	•		•	•			• •	
(e.g., JTPA)	83.3	88.5	95.6	94.7	86.9 94.5	92.9	84.2	88.8
	(6.4)	(5.2)		(3.1)	(3.8) (5.6)	( 3.7)	(5.6)	(4.5)
Centers for independent living	73.5	74.4	80.0		74.8 76.9	82.1	68.8	83.5
toniouro (or incoponiouro viving		(7.1)			(4.9) (10 4)	(5.5)	(7.2)	( 5.4)
Advocacy groups for people with	(,	,	( 0.17)	( 0.0,	( 1.0) (25 1)	( 0.0,	( , , , , ,	( 0.4)
disabilities	83.9	98.0	97.3	92.3	92.9 95.7	97.5	86.5	96.8
GISADITICIES			( 2.0)					
6 6 6 6	( 6.0}	( 2.2)	( 2.0)	( 3.7)	( 2.7) ( 4.8)	( 2.1)	( 5.0)	( 2.4)
Support or social groups for								
people with disabilities	85.7	93.5	93.3		90.5 88.8	94.7	85.2	95.5
	( 5.9)	( 3.9)	( 3.2)	( 4.0)	(3.2) (7.5)	( 3.1)	( 5. <del>4</del> ) ·	· (2.9)
Accommodations on public trans- portation for people with								
disabilities	69.8	78.7	85.6	84.3	77.1 81.3	73.6	√79.9	87.3
		(6.3)	(4.5)		(4.5) (9.3)	(6.1)	(5.9)	( 4.5)
Number of respondents	100	122	176		303 33	148	153	147
manural or respondents	144		•••	***		170		-7/



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Table 28A: OVERVIEW OF SERVICES RECEIVED BY YOUTH WITH VISUAL IMPAIRMENTS

		Community	<u>Gender</u>	Age in 1967	School Status
Service Cherecteristics	<u>Total</u>	<u>Urban Suburban Rural</u>	Male Female	19 or 15-16 17-18 older	In-School Out 1 year Out 1 - 2 Years
Percentage ever received:					
Job training	61.0 (3.0)	53.6 58.4 56.9 ( 4.7) ( 7.0) (11.5)	60.9 61.3 (3.8) (4.9)	46.0 63.7 71.3 ( 6.1) ( 5.1) ( 4.3)	58.5 68.6 62.5 (4.0) (6.3) (6.8)
Speech/language therapy	26.2 ( ^ 8)	23.0 27.3 13.4 ( 4.0) ( 6.3) ( 8.0)	27.0 25.4 ( 3.5) ( 4.4)	26.1 23.1 29.9 (5.4) (4.6) (4.4)	28.3 24.4 20.6 (3.6) (6.0) (5.7)
Personal counseling/	(	( 110) ( 010) ( 010)	( 0.0) ()	( 511) ( 112) ( 111)	( 5.5) ( 5.5) ( 5.7)
therapy	32 <b>0</b> ( 2.9)	28.8 20.9 24.6 ( 4.3) ( 5.8) (10.1)	34.0 29.7 (3.8) (4.6)	25.9 35.7 33.4 ( 5.4) ( 5.2) ( 4.5)	33.5 29.2 28.7 ( 3.8) ( 6.3) ( 6.4)
Occupational therapy/	( 2.0)	( 4.5) ( 5.5) (16.1)	( 0.0) ( 4.0)	( 0.4) ( 0.2) ( 4.0)	( 0.0) ( 0.0) ( 0.4)
life skills training	49.7 ( 3.1)	40.2 40.5 40.0 ( 4.7) ( 6.9) (11.4)	46.8 53.2 ( 3.9) ( 5.0)	43.9 46.6 58.3 ( 6.1) ( 5.3) ( 4.7)	49.5 52.3 47.1 (4.0) (6.8) (7.0)
A tutor, reader, or	( 0.0,	( 101) ( 010) (0011)	( 5.0) ( 5.0)	( 0.0, ( 0.0, ( 0.0,	(110)
interpreter	44.3 (3.1)	46.9 53.0 42.2 ( 4.7) ( 7.1) (11.6)	43.6 45.3 ( 4.0) ( 5.0)	34.6 53.6 42.6 (5.8) (5.4) (4.8)	45.3 44.1 41.0 (4.0) (6.9) (7.0)
Physical therapy/mobility	( 000,	( 111, ( 111, (2210,	( 1.0) ( 0.0)	( 0.0, ( 0.0, ( 0.0,	( 110)
training	41.1 (3.1)	38.1 30.9 19.6 ( 4.6) ( 6.6) ( 9.3)	43.6 37.9 ( 4.0) ( 4.9)	33.6 37.9 51.5 (5.8) (5.3) (4.8)	40.3 42.3 43.4 ( 4.0) ( 6.8) ( 7.1)
Help with transportation	(,	( 110, ( 010, ( 010,	( 1.0) ( 1.0)	( 0.0, ( 0.0, ( 0.0,	( 1.5) ( 0.5) ( 1.2)
because of disability	51.8 (3.1)	60.4 37.1 22.5 ( 4.6) ( 6.9) ( 9.8)	56.8 45.4 ( 3.9) ( 5.0)	48.8 49.3 57.5 ( 6.1) ( 5.4) ( 4.7)	52.6 53.9 46.6 ( 4.0) ( 6.9) ( 7.1)
Number of respondents	849	253 153 47	481 363	243 306 300	551 150 140

Table 288: Overview of Services received by Youth with visual impairment

	Type of Sci	nool Attended	Severity of Visual Impairment		
Service Characteristics	Regular School	Special School	Partially Sighted	Blind	
Percentage ever received:			<u>.</u>	•	
Job training	55.7	76.0	66.3	<b>67.8</b>	
	( 4.2)	{ 4.4}	( 4.4)	( 5.5)	
Speech/language therapy	21.7	39.9	20.2	27.2	
	( 3.5)	(5.1)	( 3.8)	(5.3)	
Personal counseling/	( 0.0,	( 0.2,	( 0.00	( 0.0,	
therapy	22.8	52.5	27.2	37.5	
rie: epy	(3.6)	( 5.2)	( 4.2)	(5.8)	
Courantiens 1 thousand	( 3.0)	( 3.2)	(-7.6)	( 3.0)	
Occupational therapy/	27.6	70.0	45.4	62 A	
life skills training	37.8	78.2		63.0	
	( 4.1)	( 4.2)	( 4.6)	( 5.7)	
A tutor, reader, or					
interpreter	46.7	.40.8	43.1	49.4	
	( 4.2)	( 5.1)	( 4.7)	( 6.0)	
Physical therapy, obility				,	
training	30.5	63. <b>6</b>	25.4	62.2	
,	( 3.9)	( 5.0)	( 4.1)	( 5.8)	
Help with transportation	<b>,</b>	•	• • • •	<b>,</b> ,	
because of disability	39.8	78.5	44.7	64.6	
3000225 01 0.35511139	(4.1)	( 4.2)	( 4.7)	(5.7)	
Number of respondents	429	346	350	278	

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Table 28C: OVERVIEW OF SERVICES RECEIVED BY YOUTH WITH VISUAL IMPAIRMENTS

	Household'	Income	Ethnicity	Head of Household's Education		
Service Characteristics	Under 12,000- \$12,000 \$24,999	\$25,000 and Over	Black White Hispanic	No High School Diploma	High School Diplome	Beyond High School
Percentage ever received:		t.	•			
Job training	62.2 58.8	58.7	57.4 <b>43.</b> 5 51.5	58.7	65.0	60.8
	( 6.6) ( 6.3)	( 5.2)	(5.1) (4.4) (8.4)	( 5.7)	(5.9)	(5.4)
Speech/language therapy	26.6 25.3	32.8	18.8 34.6 19.4	30.0	21.0	37.6
	(6.0) (5.6)	( 4.9)	(4.0) (4.4) (8.7)	(5.3)	(5.0)	(5.4)
Personal counseling/		•		• • •	• •	• • • • •
therapy	36.4 29.4	30.7	31.8 35.2 26.9	27.6	31.7	43.2
	(6.6) (5.9)	( 4.9)	{ 4.8} ( 4.4) { 7.6}	(5.2)	(5.7)	( 5.5)
Occupational therapy/		•			( 0,	, 0.0,
life skills training	56.6 <b>53.7</b>	45.0	42.6 56.0 49.9	<b>\$5.8</b>	45.7	59.€
•	(6.7) (6.4)	(5.3)	(5.1) (4.6) (8.5)	(5.7)	(6.2)	(5.5)
A tutor, reader, or		• •	, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,		,,	( 0.0,
interpreter	44.0 49.7	55.1	41.6 52.0 33.4	43.6	55.9	49.4
·	(6.8) (6.4)	(5.3)	(5.1) (4.6) (8.1)	(5.7)	(6.1)	( 5.6)
Physical therapy/mobility	•	•	, ,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,	( 00. )	,,	( 0.0,
training	45.2 38.1	52.0	32.4 50.6 38.7	43.6	38.9	57.4
-	(6.8) (6.2)	(5.3)	(4.8) (4.6) (8.4)	( 5.7)	(6.0)	(5.5)
Help with transportation		•	, ,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,	,,	, 0.0,	( 0.0,
because of disability	60.0 52.5	47.9	58.4 52.7 54.7	58.2	50.9	56.4
•	(6.7) (6.4)	(5.3)	(5.1) (4.6) (8.4)	(5.7)	(6.2)	( 5.5)
Number of respondents	161 195	283	210 445 68	227	238	248



Table 28A: OVERVIEW OF SERVICES RECEIVED BY YOUTH WITH VISUAL IMPAIRMENTS (Continued)

		Community	<u>Gender</u> .	Age in 1987	School Status	·
Service Characteristics	<u>Total</u>	Urban Suburban Rural	Hale Famale	19 or 15-16 17-18 older		ut 1 - 2 <u>Years</u>
Percentage received in past year:						
Job training	50.0 ( 3.1)	44.7 44.8 54.1 ( 4.7) ( 7.0) (11.6)	48.3 52.1 ( 3.9) ( 5.0)	42.8 58.3 47.0 ( 6.1) ( 5.3) ( 4.7)	55.1 58.8 ( 4.0) ( 6.7)	22.4 ( 5.9) _
Speech/language therapy	11.1 ( 2.0)	6.6 10.7 6.5 ( 2.4) ( 4.4) ( 5.8)	10.5 12.0 ( 2.5) ( 3.3)	13.4 8.7 11.8 (4.2) (3.1) (3.1)	13.6 10.3 ( 2.8) ( 4.2)	2.6
Personal counseling/	( 2.0,	( 2.14) ( 1.14) ( 2.16)	( 2.0) ( 0.0)	( 4.6) ( 0.2) ( 0.2)	( 2.0)	( 6.0)
therapy	20.1 ( 2.5)	17.6 11.6 15.4 ( 3.è) ( 4.6) ( 8.5)	21.3 18.6 ( 3.3) ( 3.9)	16.6 23.9 19.0 ( 4.6) ( 4.6) ( 3.8)	23.6 16.7 ( 3.4) ( 5.2)	9.9 ( 4.2)
Occupational therapy/	, 5.5,	( 5.6, ( 1.6, ( 5.6,	( 0.0) ( 0.0)	( 110) ( 110) ( 110)	( 0.0,	, ,,,,
life skills training	34.9 ( 3.0)	25.9	29.4 41.7 ( 3.6) ( 4.9)	34.8 36.6 33.2 (5.8) (5.2) (4.5)	40.0 <b>38.</b> 5 ( 3.9) ( 6.6)	12.7 ( 4.7)
A tutor, reader, or						•
interpreter	28.3 ( 2.8)	29.4 36.7 21.9 ( 4.3) ( 6.9) ( 9.7)	27.6 29.3 ( 3.6) ( 4.6)	23.6 37.2 22.4 (5.2) (5.3) (4.0)	32.1 23.8 ( 3.8)	18.3 ( 5.5)
Physical therapy/mobility		•				••
training	24.1 ( 2.7)	18.4 21.3 3.4 ( 3.7) ( 5.8) ( 4.3)	22.5 25.9 ( 3.3) ( 4.4)	24.7 23.2 24.5 (5.3) (4.6) (4.1)	28.0 21.5 ( 3.6) ( 5.7)	11.3 ( 4.5)
Help with transportation						
because of disability	76.2 ( 2 7)	74.9 78.8 77.0 ( 4.1) ( 5.8) ( 9.9)	76.8 75.4 ( 3.4) ( 4.3)	81.9 84.8 61.2 ( 4.7) ( 3.9) ( 4.7)	84.2 82.8 ( 2.9) ( 5.2)	38.2 ( 6.9)
Number of respondents	848	253 152 47	481 362	243 305 300	551 148	140



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	Tree of Sch	al Attended	Sourity of View	lm'un
Service Characteristics	Regular School	Lasiel School	Part leller States	Blief
Percentage received in past year:				
Jub tre in ing	47.1	63.2 ( 4.9)	55.3	54.8
Speech/language therapy	( 4.2) 6.5	22.8	(-4.0) 6.7	ः ( <b>5.9</b> ) । 13.3
Personal courseling/	(2.1)	(4.3)	(2.4)	( 4.0)
thorapy	12.7 ( 2.8)	37.5 { 5.0}	17.4 ( 3.6)	26:2 ( 5:3)
Occupational therapy/			- · -	
life skills training	26.0 ( 3.7)	50.5 ( 5.0)	<b>30</b> :5 { 4.3}	45. <b>9</b> ( 5.9)
A tutor, reader, or	•	• /		•
interpreter	29.4 { 3.9}	27.9 { 4.7}	25.5 ( 4.1)	38.5 ( 5.8)
Physical therapy/mobility	, ,	• •		( 0.0)
training	15.1 ( 3.0)	46.9 ( 5.1)	14.2 ( 3.3)	39.3 ( 5.8)
Help with transportation	•••			
because of disability	77.0 ( 3.6)	88.9 ( 3.2)	86.1 ( 3.1)	<b>82.7</b> ( 4.5)
Number of respondents	429	346	350	278



,	<u>Householid</u>	Income		Ethnicity	Head of	iouseho ld's E	Acet ion
Service Characteristics	Under 12,000- \$12,000 \$24,998		Black	White Hispanic	No High School Diploms	High School Diplome	Beyond High School
Percentage received in past year: Job training	54.6 45.2	50.2	47.2	52.9 45.1	47.2	54.6	51.8
	(6.8) (6.4)	( 5.3)	( 5.1)	(4,6) (8,4)	. ( 5.7)	(6.1)	( 5.5)
Speech/language therapy	13.1 11.9 ( 4.6) ( 4.2)	10.6 ( 3.2)		16.0 12.1 ( 3.4) ( 5.5)	16.6 ( 4.3)	6.5: 3.1)	13.9 ( 3.8)
Personal counseling/ therapy	25.9 20.0	17.5	20.7	21.8 11.7	19.9	16.0	27.4
	(6.0) (5.1)	( 4.0)		(3.8) (5.5)	(4.6)	( 4.5)	(5.0)
Occupational therapy/ life skills training	39.4 37.8	32.5	27.6		35.6	31.7	44.8
A tutor, reader, or	( 6.6) ( 6.2)	( 4.9)	( 4.6)	(4.5) (7.9)	( 5.5)	( 5.7)	( 5.5)
interpreter	29.9 30.7	34.3	20.1	34.7 25.1	25.5	32.0	37.3
Physical therapy/mobility	(6.2) (5.9)	•		(4.4) (7.4)	( 5.0)	( 5.8)	( 5.4)
training	27.2 17.9 (6.0) (4.9)	32.4 ( 4.9)	17.9 (3.9)	30.8 21.0 (4.2) (7.0)	22.6 ( 4.8)	20.3 ( 5.0)	40.7 ( 5.4)
Help with transportation					• •		
because of disability	7£.2 72.2 ( 5.3) ( 5.8)	76.3 ( 4.5)	64.0 ( 4.9)	79.3 76.7 (3.7) (7.1)	73.0 ( 5.1)	76.0 ( 5.3)	76.5 ( 4.7)
Number of respondents	161 195	283	210	444 68	227	237	248



Table 28A: OVERVIEW OF SERVICES RECEIVED BY YOUTH WITH VISUAL IMPAIRHENTS (Concluded)

		Community	Gender	Age in 1987	School Status		
Service Characteristics	iotal	Urban Suburban Rural	Hale Female	19 or 15-16 17-18 older	In-School	Out-1 year or less	Out 1 - 2 Years
Average number:							
Services ever received	3.0 ( 0.1)	2.9 2.7 2.2 ( 0.2) ( 0.2) ( 0.4)	3.1 3.0 ( 0.1) ( 0.2)	2.6 3.0 3.3 ( 0.2) ( 0.2) ( 0.2)	3.1 ( 0.1)	3.0 ( 0.2)	2. <b>8</b> ( 0.2)
Services received in past	• •			ł		•	
year	2.4 { 0.1}	2.1 2.3 2.1 ( 0.1) ( 0.2) ( 0.3)	2.3 2.5 ( 0.1) ( 0.2)	2.4 2.7 2.1 ( 0.2) ( 0.2) ( 0.2)	2.7 ( 0.1)	2.4 ( 0.2)	1.1 ( 0.2)
Number of respondents	873	259 155 48	499 371	244 316 313	562	157	147
Of those is secondary school in the	2						
past year, percentage receiving that year from their school:							
Job training	52.0	42.0 45.0 52.7	50.7 53.8	42.5 56.0 58.9	52.1	53.9	
	(3.4)	(5.0) (7.5) (11.7)	(4.3) (5.5)	(6.2) (5.4) (6.0)	(4.0)	(6.8)	
Speech/language therapy	12.6 ( 2.3)	7.0 11 2 6.7 (2.6) (2.8) (5.9)	12.1 13.3 ( 2.9) ( 3.7)	13.5 8.7 18.8 ( 4.3) ( 3.1) ( 3.9)	13.4 ( 2.8)	19.0 ( 4.2)	
Personal counseling/	( (.5)	( 2:0) ( = 0) ( 3:3)	( 2.5) ; 5.7)	( 4.0) ( 0.1) ( 4.0)		( 4.2)	
therapy	18.8	13.2 6.6 13.8	20.1 17.2	14.2 19.0 25.8	19.9	14.8	
	(2.7)	( 3.5) ( 4, ( 8.2)	(3.5) (4.2)	(4.3) (4.3) (5.5)	( 3.2)	( 4.9)	
Occupational therapy/ life skills training	37.8	26.5 25.9 31.0	31.9 45.1	34.8 36.0 46.0	38.5	37.3	
THE SKITTS training	(3.3)	(4.5) (6.6) (10.8)	(4.0) (5.4)	(5.9) (5.2) (6.1)	(3.9)	( 6.6)	
A tutor, reader, or	( 0.0,	( 110, ( 010 (0010)	(, (,				
interpreter	27.8	29.9 35.2 20.3	29.2 26.1	21.0 35.6 23.4	29.2	22.9	
	(3.1)	(7) ( 7.3) ( 9.5)	( 4.0) ( 4.9)	(5.1) (5.3) (5.3)	( 3.7)	( 5.8)	
Physical tnerapy/mobility training	21.2	11.2 14.3 3.5	23.4 18.4	23.1 16.2 28.1	22.8	15.5	
training	(2.8)	(3.2) (5.3) (4.4)	(3.7) (4.3)	(5.2) (4.1) (5.6)	(3.4)	(5.0)	
Help with fransportation	( 2.0,	( 0.0, ( 0.0, ( 0.1,	( 0, (,	( 312, ( 112, ( 111,	,,		
because of disability	36.4	37.2 20.2 13.3	40.0 31.6	35.3 34.6 41.7	38.1	30.5	
	(3.3)	(4.9) (6.1) (8.0)	(4.3) (5.1)	(6.0) (5.2) (6.1)	( 3.9)	( 6.4)	•
Number of respondents	706	219 133 46	402 301	234 294 177	551	148	0
Of those in secondary school in the past year, average number of services received that year from							
school*	2.0	1.7 1.6 1.4	2.0 2.0	1.8 2.0 2.3	2.1	1.8	
	( 0.1)	(0.1) (0.2) (0.3)	(0.1) (0.2)	(0.2) (0.2) (0.2)	( 0.1)	( 0.2)	•
Number of respondents	726	224 136 47	415 306	235 305 186	562	157	0

<sup>\*</sup> See Appendix for percentage of youth that were in secondary school or out of secondary school.



Table 288: OVERVIEW OF SERVICES RECEIVED BY YOUTH WITH VISUAL IMPAIRMENTS (Concluded)

e often	Type of School Attended Severity of Visual Impair						
Service Characteristics	Regular School	Special School	Partially Sighted	81 ind			
Average number: Services ever received	2.5 ( 0.1)	4.2 ( 0.2)	2.7 ( 0.2)	3.6 ( 0.2)			
Services received in past year	2.1 ( 0.1)	3.4 ( 0.2)	2.3- ( 0.1)	2.9			
Number of respondents	439	360	360	287			
Of those in secondary school in the past year, percentage receiving that year from their school:*				•			
Job training	46.7 ( 4.5)	68.6 (5.1)	57.3 ( 5.0)	57.6 ( 6.5)			
Speech/language therapy	7.0 ( 2.3)	`26.0' ( 5.0)	7.5 ( 2.7)	15.0 ( 4.7)			
Personal counseling/ therapy	9.9 ( 2.7)	39.3 ( 5.5)	17.2	26.0			
Occupational therapy/ life skills training	26.5 ( 4.0)	65.2 ( 5.3)	33.9 ( 4.8)	( 5.8) . <b>50.3</b> ( 6.5)			
À tutor, reader, or interpreter	28.8 ( 4.1)	27.9 ( 5.1)	26.4 ( 4.5)	38.2 ( 6.5)			
Physical therapy/mobility training	9.3 ( 2.6)	48.1 ( 5.6)	11.7 ( 3.3)	35.8 ( 6.3)			
Help with transportation because of disability	22.0 ( 3.7)	ช8.5 ( 5.2)	29.4 ( 4.6)	50.0 ( 6.6)			
Number of respondents	377	292	302	225			
Of those in secondary school in the past year, average number of services received that year from school*	1.5	3.3	1.8	2.7			
Number of respondents	( 0.1) 386	( 0.2) 304	( 0.2) 311	( 0.2) 233			



<sup>\*</sup> See Appendix for percentage of youth that were in secondary school or out of secondary school.

Table 28C: OVERVIEW OF SERVICES RECEIVED 87 YOUTH WITH VISUAL IMPAIRMENTS (Concluded)

•	Hou	sehold I	ncome	Ethnigity.	Head of Household's Education		
Service Characteristics	Under \$12,000	12,000- \$24,999	\$25,000 and Over	Black White Hispanic	No High School Diploma	High School Diploma	Beyond High School
Average number: Services ever received	3.3 ( 0.2)	3.1 ( 0.2)	3.3 ( 0.2)	2.8 3.4 2.7 ( 0.2) ( 0.2) ( 0.3)	3.1 ( 0.2)	3.J ( 0.2)	3.6 ( 0.2)
Services received in past year	2.6	2.4	2.5	2.0 2.7 2.2	2.4	2.4	2.9
Number of respondents	( 0.2) 164	( 0.2) 197	( 0.2) 285	( 0.2) ( 0.2) ( 0.2) 212 452 72	( 0.2) 232	( 0.2) 240	( 0.2) 250
Of those in secondary school in the past year, percentage receiving that year from their school:*  Job training	56.5	49.1	47.5	51.0 52.8 40.5	50.9	54.8	47.1
Speech/language therapy	(7.2) 14.8 (5.2)	(7.1) 14.6	( 5.6) 11.5 ( 3.6)	(5.7) (5.0) (8.7) 5.9 17.4 13.8	( 5.3) 19.8	( 6.6) 7.1	( 6.0) 15.7
Personal counseling/ therapy	26.2 ( 6.5)	( 5.1) 21.1 ( 5.8)	12.3 ( 3.8)	(2.7) (3.8) (6.2) 19.0 19.2 9.5 (4.5) (3.9) (5.3)	( 5.0) 20.9 ( 5.1)	( 3.4) 16.2 ( 4.9)	( 4.4) 19.0 ( 4.8)
Occupational therapy/ life skills training	44.2 ( 7.3)	44.8	32.4 ( 5.3)	30.8 41.7 31.7 (5.3) (4.9) (8.3)	42.3 ( 6.2)	34.5 ( 6.3)	42.4 ( 6.0)
A tutor, reader, or interpreter	31.9 ( 6.9)	30.0 ( 6.5)	30.1 ( 5.2)	21.7 32.3 20.0 ( 4.7) ( 4.7) ( 7.2)	24.5 ( 5.4)	33.0 ( 6.2)	31.6 ( 5.6)
Physical therapy/mobility training	22.4 ( 6.1)	18.9 ( 5.6)	28.9 ( 5.1)	17.6 25.0 19.7 (4.4) (4.3) (7.2)	21.1 ( 5.1)	18.8 ( 5.2)	32.1 ( 5.6)
Help with transportation because of disability	43.5 ( 7.3;	38.0 , 6.9)	30.1 (5.2)	33.5 38.6 37.2 (5.4) (4.9) (8.6)	44.2 ( 6.2)	<b>33.5</b> ( 6.2)	35.2 ( 5.8)
Number of respondents	139	158	249	170 375 62	191	207	500
Of those in secondary school in the past year, average number of services received that year from school*	2.4 ( 0.2)	2.2 ( 0.2)	1.9	1.8 2.3 1.7 ( 0.2) ( 0.2) ( 0.3)	2.2 ( 0.2)	2.0 ( 0.2)	2.2 ( 0.2)
Number of respondents	141	100	250	172 382 64	195	210	211



<sup>\*</sup> See Appendix for percentage of youth that were in secondary school or out of secondary school.

Table 29A: VOCATIONAL SERVICES\* RECEIVED BY YOUTH WITH VISUAL IMPAIRMENTS

		Community	Gender	Age in 1987	School School	Status
Service Characteristics	<u>Total</u>	Urban Suburban Rural	Ma's Female	19 or 15-16 17-18 older	Out 1 In-School or le	
Percentage received vocational					,	
services:						
Never	65.7	71.2 69.9 74.9	65.1 66.5	86.1 66.9 47.4	74.6	3.3 51.1
	( 3.2)	( 4.4) ( 7.1) (10.7)	(4.0) (5.1)	( 4.4) ( 5.6) ( 4.9)	(3.7)	7.6) (7.4)
For less than 6 months	11.0	10.1 9.3 15.6	7.8 15.0	3.1 9.6 19.1	5.6	3.6 21.1
	(2.1)	(3.0) (4.5) (8.9)	(2.2) (3.9)	( 2.2) ( 3.5) ( 3.9)	(1.9)	6.5) ( 6.0)
6 to 12 months	9.1	10.1 9.4 1.2	9.8 8.2	4.6 9.7 12.0		2.4 8.5
	(1.9)	(3.0) (4.5) (2.7)	(2.5) (3.0)	(2.7, (3.5) (3.2)		5.1) (4.1)
13 to 24 months	7.5	5.2 5.4 8.3	8.9 5.8	3,3 7.6 10.9		1.5 7.6
so to at manying	(1.8)	( 2.2) ( 3.5) ( 6.8)	(2.4) (2.5)	(2.3) (3.1) (3.1)		4.9) (3.9)
Hore than 24 months	6.7	3.5 6.1 0.0	8.4 4.5	2.9 6.1 10.6		9.1 11.7
TOTAL STIET BY MOTICING	(1.7)	(1.8) (3.7) (0.0)	(2.3)(2.3)	(2.2) (2.8) (3.0)		4.4) (4.7)
Number of respondents	720	230 131 43	417 303	202 257 261	484	124 112
Percentage received following hours of vocational services						
in the past year:	<b></b>	50 5 54 6 44 A	E1 A 40 B	50 3 40 3 40 6	FO A	
None	,50.5	59.5 54.6 44.8	51.0 49.8	59.7 48.7 42.8		3.3 53.7
	( 3.3)	(4.9) (7.2) (11.8)	(4.2) (5.3)	(6.1) (5.6) (5.0)		7.2) (7.2)
Fewer than 80 hours	5.6	5.8 1.7 6.3	3.4 8.4	6.1 6.9 3.3		7.2 3.0
	(1.5)	(2.3) (3.1) (5.8)	(1.5) (2.9)	(3.0) (2.8) (1.8)		3.8) (2.4
80 to 240 hours	24.5	20.9 24.4 22.1	25.2 23.6	24.5 23.8 25.2		23.2
	( 2.8)	(4.0) (6.2) '9.9)	(3.6) (4.5)	(5.4) (4.7) (4.4)		5.9) (6.1)
241 to 600 hours	17.7	10.1 15.5 26.8	18.5 16.8	9.7 20.0 23.5		5.4 14.0
	( 2.5)	( 3.0) ( 5.3) (10.5)	( 3.2) ( 3.9)	( 3.7) ( 4.5) ( 4.3)		6.4) (5.0)
More than 600 hours	1.7	3.6 0.8 0.0	2.0 1.4	0.0 0.6 5.2	0.4	3.7 6.1
	( 0.9)	( 1.9) ( 1.3) ( 0.0)	(1.2) (1.2)	(0.0) (0.8) (2.3)	(0.5) (	2.8) (3.5)
Number of respondents	773	238 147 46	440 330	235 287 251	514	138 114
Average hours of vocational services provided recipients						
in past year	117	96.0 100 136	118 116	68 3 120 166	102	160 132
pare 3001	(10.6)	(16.2) (23.5) (36.7)	(13.3) (17.3)	(12.5) (17.1) (20.8)		0.6) (27.9)
Number of respondents	773	238 147 46	440 330	2 <b>35 287</b> 251		138 114



<sup>\*</sup> Vocational services include vocational education. job skills training, prevocational skills training, carger counseling, job placement, or other job-related services.

## Table 298: VOCATIONAL SERVICES" RECEIVED BY YOUTH WITH VISUAL IMPAIRMENTS

	Type of Sch	ool Attended	Severity of Visue? Impelment		
Service Characteristics	Regular School	Special School	Partially Sighted	<u> 911nd</u>	
Percentage received vocational		•			
services:					
Never	71.7 ( 4.0)	53.9	<b>65.1</b>	58.2	
For less then 6 months	11.5	( <b>6.0)</b> 11.5	( <b>4.9)</b> 11.1	( 6.4) 17.0	
L'AL 1995 CHIMI A MOLICIE	(2.8)	(3.8)	(3.2)	(4.9)	
6 to 12 months	8.6	11.2	11.1	6.5	
o to 15 milities	( 2.5)	(3.8)	(3.8)	( 3.2)	
13 to 24 months	4.5	12.4	7.5	10.8	
10 to 64 months	( 1.8)	(3.9)	( 2.7)	( 4.0)	
More than 24 months	3.8	11.0	5.2	7.6	
	( 1.7)	(3.7)	( 2.3)	( 3.5)	
Number of respondents	372	278	284	236	
Percentage received following hours of vocational services in the past year:					
None	53.9	32.7	40.9	46.0	
	( 4.4)	( 5.0)	( 4.6)	(6.3)	
Fewer than 80 hours	` 5 <i>.*</i> `	6.8	5.2	6.2	
	( 2.0)	( 2.7)	( 2.1)	(3.1)	
80 to 240 hours	21.7	35.7	28.5	28.7	
	( 3.6)	( 5.1)	( 4.3)	( 5.7)	
241 to 600 hours	16.9	23.1	22.2	18.1	
	( 3.3)	( 4.5)	( 3.9)	( 4.9)	
More than 600 hours	1.9	1.7	3.2	1.0	
	( 1.2)	( 1.4)	( 1.7)	(1.3)	
Number of respondents	411	315	345	249	
Average hours of vocational					
services provided recipients	<b>A</b> = -	4=-	4.45	• • •	
in past year	109	159	147	125	
	(14.3)	(16.8)	(17.1)	(19.3)	
Number of respondents	411	315	345	249	



<sup>\*</sup> Vocational services include vocational education, job skills training, prevocational skills training, career counseling, job placement, or other job-related services.

Table 29C: VOCATIONAL SERVICES\* RECEIVED BY YOUTH WITH VISUAL IMPAIRMENTS

	Ho	eehold 1	ncome	Ethnicity	Ethnicity Hecd of Household's		decetion	
Service Characteristics		12,000- \$24,999	\$25,000 and Over	Black White Hispenic	No High School Diploma	High School Diplome	Beyond High School	
Percentage received vocational	1			•		•		
services:								
Hever	70.5	58.8	<b>69</b> .5	68.4 64.1 70.1	67.7	63.9	65.3	
	( 6.3)	( 8.2)	( 4.9)	( 4.9) ( 4.5). ( 7.8)	( 5.3)	( 5.0)	( 5.4)	
For less than 6 months	7.4	14.9	11.2	10.7 10.8 12.5	11.0	11.1	11.3	
	( 3.6)	(4.5)	(3.4)	( 3.2) ( 2. <del>9</del> ) ( 5.6)	( 3.5)	( 3.9)	( 3.6)	
6 to 12 months	9.4	9.3	7.2	10.6 8.6 7.6	8.1	11.2	7.2	
	( 4.0)	( 3.7)	( 2.8)	(3.2) (2.6) (4.5)	( 3.1)	( 3.9)	( 2.9)	
13 to 24 months	4.3	9.7	7.7	4.8 8.7 3.9	3.2	10.2	9.5	
	( 2.8)	( 3.8)	( 2.8)	(2.2) (2.6) (3.3)	( 2.0)	(3.8)	(3.3)	
More than 24 months	8.5	7.3	4.3	5.5 7.7 6.0	9.9	3.5	6:7	
, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,	(3.8)	( 3.3)	( 2.2)	(2.4) (2.5) (4.0)	( 3.4)	( 2.3)	( 2.8)	
Number of respondents	158	191	280	205 425 70	225	234	242	
Percentage received following hours of vocational services								
in the past year:	40.1	E	FA 3	54 C	E1 0	47.3	E0 0	
Hone	49.1	51.5	58.3	54.6 50.5 63.5	51.8		58.8	
	( 7.2)	( 6.7)	( 5.6)	( 5.5) ( 4.8) ( 8.9)	( 6.1)	( 6.6)	( 5.8)	
Fewer than 80 hours	4.2	5.7	3.6	2.9 4.4 2.3	6.7	3.2	2.4	
	( 2.9)	(3.1)	(2.1)	(1.9) (2.0) (2.8)	(3.0)	( 2.3)	( 1.8)	
80 to 240 hours	21.5	26.4	23.4	21.2 27.2 18.9	23.1	24.8	28.3	
	( 6.0)	( 5.9)	(4.8)	(4.5) (4.3) (7.3)	( 5.1)	(5.7)	( 5.3)	
241 to 600 hours	21.1	16.1	14.4	17.6 17.5 9.4	13.8	24.7	9.9	
	( 5.9)	( 5.0)	( 4.0)	(4.2) (3.7) (5.4)	( 4.2)	( 5.7)	( 3.5)	
More than 600 hours	4.1	0.3	0.3	3.7 0.4 5.9	4.6	0.0	0.6	
	( 2.9)	( 0.8)	( 0.6)	( 2.1) ( 0.6) ( 4.4)	( 2.5)	( 0.0)	( 0.9)	
Number of respondents	144	173	252	186 394 59	196	216	218	
Average hours of vocational services provided recipients								
in past year	142	107	88.2	128 109 98.5	119	133	<b>8</b> 2.3	
<del></del>	(26.3)	(18.6)	(14.8)	(19.9) (13.5) (34.2)	(21.3)	(20.3)	(14.3)	
Number of respondents	144	173	252	186 394 59	196	216	218	



<sup>\*</sup> Yocational services include vocational education, job skills training, prevocational skills training, career counseling, job placement, or other job-related services.

Table 29A: VOCATIONAL SERVICES\* RECEIVED BY YOUTH WITH VISUAL IMPAIRMENTS (Concluded)

		Community	<u>Gender</u>	Age in 1987		School Status	<u> </u>
Service Characteristics	<u>Total</u>	Urban <u>Suburban</u> Rural	Male Female	19 or 15-16 17-18 older	In-School	Out 1 year or less	Out 1 - 2 Years
Percentage received in the		•					
past year:				C 4 10 0 12 2	12.7	26.7	15.4
Testing/assessment	15.5	11.8 11.9 12.7	14.7 16.5	5.4 16.0 23.3		( 6.9)	(5.8)
	( 2.5)	(3.3) (5.0) (8.3)	(3.1)(4.1)	(3.1) (4.4) (4.5)	(2.9)		5.3
Job skills training	11.9	6.3 10.9 11.9	11.6 12.3	5.9 12.6 16.0	10.2	25.2	
•	( 2.2)	(2.4) (4.8) (7.9)	(2.8) (3.6)	(3.2) (3.9) (3.8)	(2.6)	( 6.7)	(3.6)
Basic skills training	15.4	12.1 11.8 8.2	15.7 15.0	7.7 14.7 22.3	13.9	21.9	14.8
•	( 2.5)	(3.3) (4.9) (6.7)	(3.1) (3.9)	(3.6) (4.2) (4.3)	(3.0)	( 6.3)	( 5.7)
Career counseling	16.9	15.8 14.3 11.8	16.2 17.7	7.3 17.2 24.3	14.2	28.8	15.6
	(2.6)	(3.7) (5.3) (7.9)	(3.2) (4.2)	(3.5) (4.4) (4.5)	(3.0)	( 6.9)	(5.8)
Job placement services	13.1	12.1 9.9 11.9	13.5 12.7	4.1 17.7 15.3	12.8	16.9	10.3
<b>665 P 1866 666 1</b>	(2.3)	(3.3) (4.5) (7.9)	( 2.9) ( 3.6)	( 2.6) ( 4.5) ( 3.7)	( 2.9)	( 5.7)	( 4.9)
Number of respondents	699	226 151 42	402 297	198 251 250	470	120	109
Percentage received vocational							
services in the past year from:**							
Secondary school	61.6	80.0 76.7	62.5 60.4	77.2 68.3 47.9	65.5	66.1	35.8
	(5.2)	(6.1) (9.6)	( 6.5) ( 8.4)	(10.8) ( 8.2) ( 7.4)	(_6.5)	( 9.7)	(13.1)
Special school	57.6	21.0 12.9	61.4 53.0	65.1 46.1 64.3	59.7	49.2	59.2
	(5.2)	(8.3) (9.6)	( 5.3) ( 8.7)	(13.1) ( 8.9) ( 6.6)	( 6.8)	(10.2)	(11.6)
Postsecondary school	0.6	0.9 1.1	0.4 0.9	0.0 1.1 0.6	0.3	1.8	1.0
rosesecondary some	(0.5)	(0.9) (1.6)	(0.5) (1.0)	(0.0) (1.2) (0.8)	( 0.4)	( 2.0)	( 1.6)
Family member/friend	3.2	8.8 3.7	3.3 3.1	10.5 2.6 2.0	2.4	7.1	0.0
rantiy momber/ii iciid	(2.2)	(6.2) (5.6)	(2.9) (3.6)	(10.7) ( 3.4) ( 2.3)	( 2.5)	( 6.2)	( 0.0)
Employer/military	6.7	2.8 11.9	5.4 8.4	15.6 1.6 9.2	3.7	9.0	14.1
Chip To yet / MT TTOOL y	( 3.2)	(3.6) (9.6)	(3.6) (5.7)	(12.6) ( 2.6) ( 4.8)	( 3.1)	( 6.9)	(10.7)
Vocational Rehabilitation	26.8	24.0 31.6	21.6 33.1	7.9 25.3 32.3	16.5	40.2	39.5
TOCAL TOTAL TOTAL TITLE TOTAL	(5.3)	(8.9) (13.1)	(6.1)(9.1)	(9.1) (8.8) (7.2)	( 5.9)	(11.1)	(13.6)
Government jobs program	0.8	0.0 0.0	0.7 0.9	0.0 0.4 1.4	0.3	8.0	2.6
GOASLIMMSHE Jons broatem	(1.1)	(0.0) (0.0)	(1.3)(2.0)	(0.0) (1.4) (1.9)	( 0.9)	( 2.2)	( 4.9)
Hospital/institution	2.1	2.0 0.0	2.9 1.1	0.0 0.6 3.9	0.0	6.2	2.8
nospitally institution	(1.8)	(3.1) (0.0)	(2.7) (2.1)	(0.0) (1.6) (3.2)	( 0.0)	( 5.8)	( 5.0)
Ohlan asumaaa	30.3	31.7 38.6	21.5 41.0	22.8 27.6 34.6	24.5	30.3	50.2
Other sources	(5.8)	(10.1) (14.5)	(6.5) (10.1)	(14.4) ( 9.5) ( 7.9)	(7.2)	(11.0)	(14.9)
Number of respondents	209	48 35 5	122 87	30 79 100	130	49	30

\*\* Of those that received job training in the past year. See Table 28.





<sup>\*</sup> Vocational services include vocational education, job skills training, prevocational skills training, career counseling, job placement, or other job-related services.

Table 23B: VOCATIONAL SERVICES RECEIVED BY YOUTH WITH VISUAL INPAINMENTS (Concluded):

<i>₹</i>	Type of Scho	ol Attended	Severity of Visual	ace traint
Service Characteristics	Regular School	Special School	Partially Sighted	Blind
Percentage received in the				
past year: Testing/assessment	12.7 · (`3.0)	23.5	15.1 (3.8)	19.4 (*5.2)
Job skills training	9.5	16.6: (-4.3)	13.2 (-3.6)	(11.0
Basic skills training	11.8 ( 2.9)	24.6 (5.0)	13.2 ( 3.6)	20.4 ( 5.2)
Career counseling	15.4 ( 3.3)	20.4	18.3 ( 4.1)	17.5 ( 4.9)
Job placement services	10.7 ( 2.8)	20.4	14.8 ( 3.7)	13.5 ( 4.4)
Number of respondents	368	263	273	232
Percentage received vocational		\$ 2 • 1	•	,
services in the past year from:** Secondary school	82.5 ( 5.1)	16.1 ( 6.7)	75.6 ( 6.6)	40.9 ( 9.7)
Special school	14.3 ( 6.5)	90.5 ( 4.0)	49.8 ( 8.1)	67:6. (-8:3)
Postsecondary school	0.8 ( 0.8)	0.4 ( 0.7)	0.6 ( 0.8)	(1.0)
Family member/friend	4.8 ( 4.1)	1 \ 2.0)	5.0 ( 4.5)	1.6 ( 2.8)
Employer/military	9.7 ( 5.7)	3.7 ( 3.5)	9.5 ( <u>6.1</u> )	5.6 ( 5.0)
Vocational Rehabilitation	38.3 ( 8.8)	17.1 ( 6.5)	35.7 ( 9.0)	22.5 ( 8.7)
Government jobs program	0.0 ( 0.0)	0.9 ( 1.8)	1.0 ( 2.1)	0.0 ( 0.0)
Hospital/institution	( 0.0)	1.7 ( 2.4)	0.0 ( 0.0)	1.8 ( 2.9)
Other sources	36.3 ( 9.3)	21.9 ( 7.5)	<sup>74.4</sup> ( 8.9)	38.7 (10.5)
Number of respondents	83	110	73	83



<sup>\*</sup> Vocational services include vocational education, job skills training, prevocational skills training, career counseling, job placement, or other job-related services.

\*\* Of those that received job training in the past year. See Table 28.

Table 29C: VOCATIONAL SERVICES\* RECEIVED BY YOUTH WITH VISUAL IMPAIRMENTS (Concluded)

	<u>Household</u>	Income	Ethnicity	Head of Household's Education		
Service Characteristics	Under 12,000- \$12,000 \$24,999	\$25,000 and Over	Black White Hispanic	No High School Diplome	High School Diploma	Beyond High School
Percentage received in the						
past year: Testing/assessment	· 14.0 15.0 (4.9) (4.7)	15.5 ( 3.9)	12.4 18.0 11.2	14.1	13.8	19.1
Job skills training	15.6 9.0	11.6	(3.5) (3.7) (5.5) 10.2 13.4 9.8	(4.1) 11.8	( 4.4) 12.7	( 4.4) 10.7
Basic skills training	(5.0) (3.7) 14.1 12.1 (4.8) (4.2)	( 3.4) 17.5 ( 4.0)	( 3.2) ( 3.2) ( 5.1) 11.5 17.9 10.9 ( 3.4) ( 3.6) ( 5.3)	( 3.7) 14.0 ( 4.0)	( 4.2) 12.6 ( 4.2)	( 3.5) 20.2
Career counseling	16.9 15.5	18.4	16.0 12.9 14.5	15.3	16.6	( 4.5) [18.8]
Job placement services	(5.2) (4.7) 10.6 15.7 (4.2) (4.7)	( 4.1) 12.9 ( 3.6)	( 3.8) ( 3.5) ( 6.1) 10.2 14.9 10.1 ( 3.2) ( 3.3) ( 5.2)	( 4.2) 12.2 ( 3.8)	( 4.7) 14.5 ( 4.4)	( 4.4) 11.5
Number of respondents	154 187	275	199 412 67	219	224	( 3.6) 240
Percentage received vocational services in the past year from:**						•
Secondary school	68.5 54.7 (11.4) (10.6)	63.2 { 7.6}	69.0 57.4 62.8 ( 8.3) ( 7.1) (12.1)	69.0 (8.9)	61.8 ( 9.9)	48.1 ( 8.5)
Special school	59.2 55.6 (10.8) (10.7)	41.1	58.3 55.8 31.9 (8.9) (7.1) (14.4)	55.4 ( 9.8)	51.6 ( 9.8)	55.0
Postsecondary school	0.0 0.3	1.8	0.3 0.6 1.0	0.2	0.0	( 9.0) 1.9
Family member/friend	( 0.0) ( 0.7) 2.6 1.0	(1.4)	( 0.6) ( 0.7) ( 1.7) 1.4 2.8 13.7	( 0.5) 3.5	( 0.0) 2.4	( 1.5) 4.2
Employar/military	(4.6) (2.5) 0.0 10.0	( 4.3) 10.7	( 2.6) ( 2.8) (10.9) 3.5 7.8 3.0	( 4.3) 6.7	( 3.6) 3.9	9.2
Vocational Rehabilitation	(0.0) (7.4) 15.2 26.8	( 5.8) 30.8	(4.0) (4.5) (5.4) 12.4 25.1 27.6	( 5.8) 25.0	( 4.5) 26.7	( 5.7) 15.9
Government jobs program	( 9.9) (10.5) 0.0 1.4	( 8.5) 1.3	(7.0) (7.0) (13.2) 1.9 0.6 0.0	( 9.5) C.7	(10.1) 1.2	( 7.2) 0.6
Hospital/institution	( 0.0) ( 2.9) 5.6 0.0	( 2.1) 0.0	( 3.0) ( 1.3) ( 0.0) 6.2 1.1 0.0	( 1.9) 4.8	( 2.6) 0.0	( 1.6) 0.0
Other sources	(6.5) (0.0) 21.6 30.1	( 0.0) 29.2	(5.3) (1.7) (0.0) 26.7 32.0 18.2	( 5.0) 10.8	( 0.0) 34.4	( 0.0) 43.3
Number of respondents	(11.7) (11.4) 37 53	( 8.6) 89	( 9.6) ( 7.7) (12.2) 47 136 20	( 7.2) 56	(11.2) 66	( 9.8) 78



<sup>\*</sup> Vocational services include vocational education, job skills training, prevocational skills training, career counseling, job placement, or other job-related services.

\*\* Of those that received job training in the past year. See Table 28.

		Community	Gender	Age in 1967	School Status		
Service Characteristics	Total	Urban Suburban Rural	Hele Female	19 or <u>15-16 17-18</u> older	In-School	Out 1 year	Out 1 - 2
Parcentage received counseling/				•	•		
therapy:			31 0 30 0	77.3 69.9 74.1	72.8	75.0	73.9
Hever	73.4	75.7 78.6 77.8	71.2 76.0	77.3 <b>69</b> .9 74.1 (5.2) (5.4) (4.5)	(3.7)	( 6.6)	(7.0)
	( 2.9)	(4.3) (6.3) (10.1)	(3.7) (4.7) 2.6 3.6	2.0 2.5 4.5	2.1	3.6	6.7
For just a few days	3.0	2.9 2.5 0.8	4 7 7 4 7 7 8	(1.7) (1.8) (2.1)	(1.2)	( 2.8)	(4.0)
	(1.1)	( 1.7) ( 2.4) ( 2.2) 1.4- 1.8 0.0	( 1.3) ( 2.0) 2.6 2.1	2.0 2.5 2.6	2.4	1.5	3.3
For a few weeks	2.4	1.4- 1.8 0.0 (1.2) (2.1) (0.0)	(1.3) (1.6)	(1.7) (1.6) (1.6)	(1.3)	(1.9)	(2.9)
B	(1.0)	5.6 3.9 0.0	5.9 4.4	3.0 8.9 5.1	4.8	5.0	7.3
For a few months	5.2 ( 1.5)	(2.3) (3.0) (0.0)	(1.9) (2.2)	(2.1) (3.0) (2.2)	(1.8)	(3.4)	(4.2)
Paradania a usan	5.3	4.7 5.0 2.2	4.3 6.5	8.3 4.0 4.4	6.6	1.6	3.8
For about a year	(1.5)	(2.1) (3.4) (3.6)	(1.6) (2.7)	(3.4) (2.3) (2.1)	(2.1)	( 1.9)	( 3.1)
For several years or more	10.7	9.8 8.2 19.4	13.3 7.5	7.5 14.2 9.3	11.4	13.3	4.9
LOL SEARIST ARTS OF HOLE	(2.1)	(3.0) (4.2) (9.6)	(2.8) (2.9)	. (3.3) (4.1) (3.0)	( 2.6)	( 5.2)	(3.5)
Number of respondents	724	225 133 44	417 307	202 259 263	487	125	112
Percentage received following hours of counseling/therapy							
in the past year:			<b>60.0 60.0</b>	92.0 87.0 89.2	88.5	92.0	88.5
None	39.1	91.5 92.6 88.5	89.0 89.3 (2.7) (3.5)	(3.5) (4.2) (3.3)	(2.8)	(4.3)	( 5.4)
	( 2.2)	(2.9) (4.1) (7.7)		2.2 3.8 1.6	2.5	2.5	3.4
Less than 10 hours	2.6	2.9 1.2 0.8	2.9 2.3 (1.4) (1.7)	(1.9) (2.4) (1.4)	(1.4)	( 2.5)	(3.1)
	(1.1)	( 1.7) ( 1.7) ( 2.2) 2.7 2.3 3.4	4.0 4.4	3.0 3.2 6.3	4.0	2.5	7.0
10 to 40 hours	4.2 (1.4)	2.7 2.3 3.4 (1.7) (2.3) (4.4)	(1.7) (2.3)	(2.2) (2.2) (2.6)	(1.7)	( 2.5)	(4.4)
44 A - 466 A	1.4	1.2 1.6 0.6	1.7 1.1	1.8 1.8 0.6	1.7	0.7	0.7
41 to 100 hours	( 0.8)	(1.1) (2.0) (1.9)	(1.1)(1.2)	(1.7) (1.7) (0.9)	(1.1)	(1.4)	( 1.4)
Nore than 100 hours	2.7	1.7 2.2 6.7	2.5 2.9	1.0 4.2 2.2	3.3	2.3	0.4
Wolfe fust for nonez	(1.1)	(1.3)(2.3)(6.0)	(1.3)(1.9)	(1.3) (2.5) (1.6)	(1.5)	( 2.4)	(1.1)
Number of respondents	677	211 130 44	388 289	191 242 244	456	119	102
Average hours of counseling/ therapy provided recipients in the past year	12.5	19.8 6.2 13.4	9.4 16.1	4.6 9.5 22.1 ( 3.7) ( 4.5) (16.1)	12.5 ( 7.2)	20.9 (23.4)	3.1 ( 1.9)
Number of respondents	( 6. <b>4)</b> 677	(14.3) ( 5.0) (11.0) 211 130 44	( 5.4) (13.3) 388 289	191 242 244	456	119	102



Table 308: PERSONAL COUNSELING/THERAPY RECEIVED BY YOUTH WITH VISUAL IMPAIRMENTS

	Type of Sch	ool Attended	Severity of Visual Impairment		
Service Characteristics	Regular School	Special School	Partially Sighted	<u>811nd</u>	
Percentage received counseling/ therapy:					
Never	78.2 ( 3.7)	63.6 ( 5.3)	78.9 ( 4.1)	72. <b>8</b> ( 5.8)	
For just a few days	2.7 ( 1.5)	4.5 ( 2.3)	1.9 ( 1.4)	5. <b>8</b> ( 3.0)	
For a few weeks	1.0 ( 0.9)	4.7 ( 2.3)	2.1 ( 1.4)	3.£ ( 2.3)	
For a few months	3.9 ( 1.8)	7.2 ( 2. <b>8</b> )	3.4 ( 1.8)	5.4 ( 2.9)	
For about a year	4.1 ( 1.8)	8.3 ( 3.0)	3.1 ( 1.7)	3.4 ( 2.4)	
For several years or more	10.1 ( 2.7)	11.7 ( 3.5)	10.6 ( 3.1)	9.3 ( 3.8)	
Number of respondents	370	284	284	239	
Percentage received following hours of counseling/therapy in the past year:	02.0	81.1	93.6	86.3	
None	92.9 ( 2.4)	(4.4)	( 2.6)	(4.6)	
Less than 10 hours	1.6 ( 1.2)	3.7 ( 2.1)	1.8 { 1.4}	2. <b>9</b> ( 2.2)	
10 to 40 hours	2.9 ( 1.6)	7.3 ( 2.9)	2.5 ( 1.6)	6.1 (3.2)	
41 to 100 hours	1.3	1.6	0.4 ( 0.7)	1.0 ( 1.3)	
More than 100 hours	1.3	6.3	1.7	3.6 ( 2.5)	
Number of respondents	( 1.0) 355	( 2.7) 274	( 1.3) 266	232	
Average hours of counseling/ therapy provided recipients in the past year	8.6	23.7	6.6	9.0	
Number of respondents	( 7.5) 355	(13.6) 274	( 7.9) 266	( 4.6) 232	



## Table 30C: PERSONAL COUNSELING/THERAPY RECEIVED BY YOUTH WITH VISUAL INPAIRMENTS

	House	hold İ	ncome		Ethnicity	Head of Household's Education		
Service Characteristics	Under 12 \$12,000 \$2		\$25,000 end Over	. Black	White Hispanic	No High School Diploma	High School Diplome	Seyond High School
Percentage received counseling/								
therapy:						81.2	76.1	61.8
Never		80.4	74.7	76.7	71.0 78.4	( 4.4)	(5.4)	( 5.4)
		(5.1)	( 4.6)		(4.2) (7.1)	1.9	0.6	7.2
For just a few days	1.5	3.9	2.1	0.9	3.7 3.0		( 1.0)	( 2.9)
	(1.6)	( 2.5)	(1.5)		(1.8) (2.9)	( 1.5)	1.3	4.1
For a few weeks	1.9	1.5	3.8	2.0	2.2 6.1	2.0	(1.4)	( 2.2)
		(1.6)	( 2.0)		(1.4)(4.1)	( 1.6)	5.1	7.6
For a few months	5.9	2.2	6.7	5.6	5.7 0.0	3.6		( 3.0)
		( 1.9)	( 2.6)		(2.2) (0.0)	( 2.1)	( 2.8)	8.1
For about a year	5.9	3.0	4.2	2.7	6.4 4.8	3.4	4.2	
,	( 3.2)	( 2.2)	( 2.1)		(2.3) (3.7)	( 2.0)	(2.5)	(3.0)
For several years or more	13.3	9.0	8.4	12.2	11.0 7.7	8.0	12.7	17.2
	( 4.6)	(3.7)	( 2.9)		(2.9) (4.6)	( 3.0)	( 4.2)	( 0.5)
Number of respondents	156	197	285	205	430 68	224	235	248
Percentage received following								
hours of counseling/therapy								
in the past year:	87.5	91.2	89.6	93.0	86.8 93.0	95.3	91.5	80.1
None		(3.8)	( 3.3)		(3.2) (4.6)	( 2.5)	(3.6)	(4.7)
			4.4	2.0	3.2 0.9	1.1	2.0	5.1
Less than 10 hours	1.5	1.8	( 2.2)	(1.6)		( 1.3)	(1.8)	( 2.6)
	,,	2.0	4.5	1.3	5.1 6.1	1.4	1.6	9.6
10 to 40 hours	4.4				) ( 2.1) ( 4.3)	( 1.4)	(1.6)	( 3.4)
		( 1.9)	( 2.2) 0.8	1.8	1.5 0.0	1.4	0.9	1.9
41 to 100 hours	2.7	, 1.4			) ( 1.1) ( 9.0)	( 1.4)	(1.3)	(1.6)
		(1.6)	( 1.0)	1.9	3.4 0.0	0.7	3.9	3.2
More than 100 hours	3.9	3.6	0.7		) ( 1.7) ( 0.0)	( 1.0)	( 2.5)	(2.1)
	( 2.8)	( 2.5)	( 0.9)	179	416 63	204	226	231
Number of respondents	137	185	277	1/9	410 00	204	220	
Average hours of counseling/								
therapy provided recipients in					10 6 0 1	2 0	12.8	19.0
the past year	16.0	8.1	3.3	17.1		2.8	(10.3)	(13.5)
•	(13.1)	(4.6)	( 2.2)		) (7.8) (1.5)	( 2.0)	(10.3) <b>226</b>	23!
Number of respondents	137	185	277	179	416 63	204	660	233



Table 30A: PERSONAL COUNSELING/THERAPY RECEIVED BY YOUTH WITH VISUAL IMPAIRMENTS (Concluded)

		Co	munity	<u> </u>	<u>Gender</u>	Age in 1967		School Status	<u> </u>
Service Cherecteristics	- Total	<u>Urben S</u>	<u>uburban</u>	Rural	Male Female	19 or 15-16 17-18 older	In-School	Out 1 year or less	Out 1 - 2 Years
Percentage received counseling/ therapy in the past year from:*									
Secondary school	28.3 ( 7.9)	47.8 (14.1)			20.8 38.2 ( 9.1) (13.8)	44.1 33.1 9.8 (18.9) (13.2) ( 8.1)	33.2 ( 9.9)	<b>22.9</b> (17.3)	•••
Special school	59.5 ( 7.6)	18.8 (12.4)			65.9 50.4 ( 9.2) (12.7)	63.5 47.4 71.5 (17.4) (12.4) (10.3)	62.9 ( 9.0)	76.3 (14.4)	***
Postsecondary school	0.1 ( 0.2)	0.3		***	0.0 0.2 ( 0.0) ( 0.5)	0.0 0.0 0.3 (0.0) (0.5)	0.0	0.0 ( 0.0)	***
Family member/friend	7.9 ( 5.1)	13.1 (11.2)			7.3 8.7 (6.2) (8.5)	6.3 13.9 0.0 (10.7) (10.3) ( 0.0)	10.9 (7.1)	0.0 ( 0.0)	•••
Private therapist	19.9 ( 7.5)	22.7 (13.9)			20.6 18.8 ( 9.6) (11.9)	22.3 <b>26.</b> 2 9.7 (18.2) (13.0) ! 8.3)	18.1 ( 8.7)	20.3 (17.7)	***
Vocational Rehabilitation	1.1 ( 2.0)	( 0.0)			1.9 0.0 (3.3) (0.0)	0.0 0.0 3.3 ( 0.0) ( 0.0) ( 5.0)	0.0 ( 0.0)	0.0 ( 0.0)	***
Hospital/institution	7.6 ( 4.9)	3.9 ( 6.3)			10.6 3.4 ( 7.2) ( 5.4)	0.0 5.2 15.0 ( 0.0) ( 6.5) ( 9.9)	2.3 ( 3.4)	36.6 (20.4)	***
Other source	3.1 ( 1.2)	4.0 ( 2.0)			2.7 3.7 ( 1.4) ( 2.1)	2.1 2.6 4.5 ( 2.0) ( 1.9) ( 2.1)	2.4 ( 1.3)	3.7 ( 2.8)	
Number of respondents	95	21	14	6	55 40	19 41 35	70	15	10



<sup>\*</sup> Of those that received personal counseling/therapy in the past year. See Table 28.

Table 303: PERSONAL COUNSELING/THERAPY RECEIVED BY YOUTH WITH VISUAL IMPAIRMENTS (Concluded)

	Type of Sch	ool Attended	Severity of Visual Impairment		
Service Cheracteristics	Regular School	Special School	Partially Sighted	Blind	
Percentage received counseling/ therapy in the past year frum:*				,	
Secondary school	54.5	0.8	40.4	19.2	
Special school	(12.6)	( 2.4)	(15.6)	(12.6)	
	15.8	86.5	63.9	65.5	
Postsecondary school	(10.5)	( 6.8)	(11.4)	(14.1)	
	0.0	0.0	0.2	0.0	
Family member/friend	( 0.0)	( 0.0)	( 0.5)	( 0:0)	
	18.3	0.8	22.9	3.1	
Private therapist	(11.5)	( 2.4)	(14.1)	( 6.1)	
	28.6	8.0	28.7	20.8	
Vocational Rehabilitation	(13.4) 1.7	( 7.4) 0.9	(15.1) 4.2 (2.3)	(14.3) 0.0	
Hospital/institution	( 3.8)	( 2.6)	( 6.7)	( 0.0)	
	4.0	6.8	1.6	7.5	
Other source	( 5.8)	( 6.7)	( 4.3)	( 8.9)	
	2.7	4.7	1.5	3.7	
Number of respondents	( 1.5)	( 2.4)	( 1.3)	( 2.4)	
	35	51	28	32	

<sup>\*</sup> Of those that received personal counseling/therapy in the past year. See Table 28.

Table 30C: PERSONAL COUNSELING/THERAPY RECEIVED BY YOUTH WITH-VISUAL IMPAIRMENTS (Concluded)

Service Characteristics	Household Incree	Ethnicity	Head of Household's Education		
	Under 12,000- \$25,000 \$12,000 \$24,999 and Over	Black White Hispanic	No High School Diploms	High School Boyand Diploms High School	
Percentage received counseling/ therapy in the past year from:*					
Secondary school	28.8 25.9 16.2	36.1 18.1 (15.3) ( 8.9)	39.9 (17.1)	15.3 20.3 (15.0) ( 9.8)	
Special school	(14.1) (17.7) (10.5) 62.9 76.6 42.1 (13.6) (13.9) (13.1)	59.0 57. <b>6</b> (14.1) (10.1)	63.7 (15.3)	81.1 35.9 (12.7) (11.1)	
Postsecondary school	0.0 0.0 0.3 (0.0) (0.0) (0.6)	0.0 0.1 ( 0.0) ( 0.4)	0.0 ( 0.0)	0.0 0.3 (0.0) (0.6)	
Family member/friend	15.9 3.6 3.8 (i1.6) (8.1) (5.6)	14.2 6.7 (12.3) ( 5.9)	13.4 (13.3)	(0.0) 9.1 (0.0) (7.1)	
Private therapist	4.3 7.2 56.3 ( 6.5) (11.3) (14.5)	3.2 27.0 ( 6.2) (10.5)	3.0 ( 6. <del>ô</del> )	18.2 29.8 (16.5) (11.2)	
Vocational Rehabilitation	0.0 0.0 4.3 (0.0) (0.0) (5.9)	0.0 1.6 ( 0.0) ( 3.0)	0.0 ( 0.3)	0.0 2.2 ( 0.0) ( 3.6)	
Hospital/institution	14.1 0.0 3.1 (11.0) ( 0.0) ( 5.1)	23.6 2.8 (15.0) ( 3.8)	18.5 (15.2)	1.7 2.7 (5.6) (4.0)	
Other source	4.1 1.8 1.2 ( 2.8) ( 1.7) ( 1.1)	3.9 3.1 (2.1) (1.6)	2.3 ( 1.7)	0.5 7.0 ( 0.8) ( 2.9)	
Number of respondents	30 17 37	18 68 6	20	20 51	



<sup>\*</sup> Of those that received personal counseling/therapy in the past year. See Table 28.

Table 31A: OCCUPATIONAL THERAPY/LIFE SKILLS TRAINING RECEIVED BY YOUTH VITH VISUAL IMPAIRMENTS

		• •				
		Community	<u> </u>	Age in 1987	`	School Status
Service Characteristics	<u>Total</u>	<u>Urban Suburban Ruraj</u>	Male Female	19 or 15-16 17-18 older	In-School	Out 1 year Out 1 - 2 or less Years
				•		
Percentage received OT/life skills training:						
Never	57.4	7: 5 69.6 66.5	58.3 56.3	60.2 63.1 48.7	58.2	55.8 55.5
	( 3.3)	( 4.4) ( 7.2) (11.4)	(4.2) (5.4)	(.6.2) (.5.8) (.5.1)	( 4.2)	(7.7) (8.0)
For fewer than 12 months	9.4	6.2 7.7 12.4	9.4 9.4	7.9 8.4 11.7	8.1	11.3 13.4
	( 2.6)	( 2.4) ( 4.1) ( 8.0)	( 2.5) ( 3.2)	(3.4) (3.3) (3.3)	( 2.3)	(4.9) (5.5)
12 to 24 months	13.2	5.2 11.6 17.6	15.2 10.7	11.4 14.5 13.2	14.1	13.6 8.8
	( 2.3)	(2.2) (5.0) (9.2)	(3.0) (3.4)	(4.0) (4.2) (3.4)	( 2.9)	( 5.3) ( 4.5)
25 to 48 months	4.9	2.8 2.5 3.6	4.7 5.1	4.3 4.5 5.9	5.1	5.4 3.4
	(1.5)	(1.6) (2.4) (4.5)	(1.8) (2.4)	( 2.6) ( 2.5) ( 2.4)	( 1.9)	(3.5) (2.9)
More than 48 months	15.1	12.3 8.7 0.0	12.4 18.4	16.2 9.4 20.4	14.5	13.9 18.9
HOTE CHAIT TO MOTTERS	(2.4)	(12.3) ( 8.7) ( 0.0)	(2.8)(4.2)	(4.7) (3.5) (4.1)	( 3.0)	(5.4) (6.3)
Number of respondents	722	226 131 44	414 308	203 254 265	488	123 111
Percentage received following hours of OT/life skills training in the past year:					ι	
None	79.4	85.8 84.9 90.2	81.5 76.9	82.1 77.3 79.9	77.5	81.1 86.3
MAIG	(2.8)	(3.6) (5.6) (7.3)	(3.4)(4.7)	(4.7) (5.2) (4.3)	( 3.6)	(6.0) (6.0)
40 hours or fewer	1.5	1.0 3.3 0.0	1.3 1.8	1.6 2.3 0.5	1.9	0.6 0.4
40 Hours or rewer	( 0.8)	(1.0) (2.8) (0.0)	(1.0) (1.5)	(1.5) (1.9) (0.7)	(1.2)	(1.2) (1.1)
41 to 100 hours	€.5	8.2 5.8 0.0	2.8 10.0	5.1 6.1 6.7	6.5	2.1 8.2
41 to 100 hours	(1.7)	(2.8) (3.7) (0.0)	(1.5) (3.4)	(2.7) (3.0) (2.7)	( 2.1)	( 2.2) ( 4.8)
101 to 240 hours	6.5	1.0 3.0 9.1	7.4 5.3	8.1 7.2 4.3	7.8	4.5 2.7
101 to 640 (601)	(1.7)	(1.0) (2.7) (7.0)	(2.3) (2.5)	(3.4) (3.2) (2.2)	( 2.3)	(3.2) (2.8)
241 to 480 hours	1.9	0.9 0.0 0.7	2.5 1.1	1.8 0.9 3.1	1.4	5.9 0.0
(41 to 400 hours	(1.0)	(1.0) (0.0) (2.0)	(1.4)(1.2)	(1.7) (1.2) (1.9)	(1.0)	(3.6) { 0.0}
Hore than 480 hours	4.7	3.1 3.1 0.0	4.6 4.8	1.2 6.2 5.6	4.9	5.8 2.3
HOIE CHAIL TOU HOULS	(1.5)	(1.8) (2.7) (0.0)	(1.8) (2.4)	(1.4) (3.0) (2.5)	(1.9)	(3.6) (2.6)
Number of respondents	650	213 130 43	372 278	186 237 227	443	109 98



Table 318: OCCUPATIONAL THERAPY/LIFE SKILLS TRAINING RECEIVED BY YOUTH WITH VISUAL IMPAIRMENTS

	Type of Sch	nool Attended	Severity of Visual Impairment		
Service Characteristics	Regular School	Special School	Partially Sighted	81 ind	
Percentage received OT/life skills training:				40.4	
Hever	72.2 ( 4.0)	23.5 ( 5.0)	67.3 ( 4.8)	40.4 ( 6.4)	
For fewer than 12 months	8.6 ( 2.5)	10.0 ( 3.6)	6.5 ( 2.5)	16.5 ( 4.8)	
12 to 24 months	8.5 ( 2.5)	24.4 ( 5.1)	14.8 ( 3.7)	13.8	
25 to 48 months	2.6 ( 1.4)	10.0 ( 3.6)	3.7 ( 2.0)	<b>8.5</b> (3.2)	
More than 48 months	8.1	32.5	7.6 ( 2.7)	23.0 ( 5.5)	
Number of respondents	( 2.5) 369	( 5.6) 282	281	240	
Percentage received following					
hours of 07/11fe skills training in the past year:					
None	88.4 ( 2.9)	56.0 ( 5.8)	86.2 ( 3.7)	67.5 ( <b>6.</b> 4)	
40 hours or fewer	1.6	1.8 ( 1.6)	0.7 ( 0.9)	2.8 ( 2.3)	
41 to 100 hours	5.0	8.0	3.3 ( 1.9)	12.1	
101 to 240 hours	( 2.0) 1.8	( 3.2) 18.3	3.5	11.1	
241 to 480 hours	( 1.2) 0.6	( 4.6) 5.5	( 2.0) 0.7	(4.3)	
More than 480 hours	( 0.7) 2.6	( 2.7) 10.5	( 0.9) 5.5	( 2.7)	
Number of respondents	( 1.5) 355	( 3.6) 245	( 2.4) 265	( 2.1) 213	



Table 31C: OCCUPATIONAL THERAPY/LIFE SKILLS TRAINING RECEIVED BY YOUTH WITH VISUAL IMPAIRMENTS

	Household I	ncome	Ethnicity	Head of H	ovechold's Educ	ation
Service Characteristics	Under 12,000- \$12,000 \$24,999	\$25,000 and Over	Black Whine Hispanic	No High School Diploms	High School Diplome	Beyond (ish School
Percentage received OT/life skills training: Never	57.8 <b>58.4</b>	58.4	71.6 49.6 71.7 (4.7) (4.7) (7.9)	61.6 ( 5.7)	61.7 ( 6.1)	47.2 ( 5. <b>6</b> )
For fewer than 12 months	(6.8) (6.4) 9.4 9.4 (4.0) (3.8)	( 5.2) 8.4 ( 2.9)	4.8 11.6 10.6 ( 2.2) ( 3.0) ( 5.4)	12.4 ( 3.8)	7.7 ( 3.3)	8.0 ( 3.0)
12 to 24 months	13.0 16.4 (4.6) (4.8)	12.5 ( 3.5)	9.9 15.3 3.9 (3.1) (3.4) (3.4)	10.3 (3.5)	16.0 ( 4.6)	14.3 ( 3.9)
25 to 48 months	5.8 4.4 (3.2) (2.6)	5.1 ( 2.3)	3.7 4.4 9.2 (2.0) (1.9) (5.0)	4.9 ( 2.5)	3.6 ( 2.3)	6.2 ( 2.7)
More than 48 months	13.9 11.5 (4.8) (4.1)	15.6 (3.8)	10.1 19.0 4.6 (3.2) (3.7) (3.7)	10.9 ( 3.6) 225	11.1 ( 3.9) 236	24.4 ( 4.8) 247
Number of respondents	160 195	283	204 430 67	223	230	247
Percentage received following hours of OT/life skills training in the past year:						
Hone	80.5 80.4 (5.8) (5.3)	78.5 ( 4.5)	92.9 74.7 81.0 ( 2.9) ( 4.2) ( 7.4)	83.8 ( 4.5)	85.5 ( 4.6)	67.8 ( 5.2)
40 hours or fewer	0.0 1.1 (0.0) (1.4)	3.3 ( 2.0)	0.2 1.9 1.1 ( 0.5) ( 1.3) ( 2.0)	0.6 (1.0)	0.9 ( 1.3)	3.1 ( 1.9)
41 to 100 hours	6.5 6.0 (3.6) (3.2)	3. <b>9</b> ( 2.1)	1.5 5.7 13.8 (1.4) (2.2) (6.5)	7.6 ( 3.2)	1.9 ( 1.8) 7.9	9.1 ( 3.2) 8.9
101 to 240 hours	3.7 8.6 (2.7) (3.8)	7.5 ( 2.9) 3.0	3.3 8.6 2.3 (2.1) (2.7) (2.8) 1.1 2.3 0.8	2.6 (1.9) 1.1	( 3.5) 1.7	( 3.2) 3.1
241 to 480 hours	1.3 2.0 (1.7) (1.9) 8.0 1.8	( 1.9) 3.7	( 1.2) ( 1.4) ( 1.6) 1.1 6.8 1.1	( 1.3) 4.3	( 1.7) 2.0	( 1.9) 8.0
More than 480 hours  Number of respondents	(4.0) (1.8) 141 176	( 2.1) 260	(1.2) (2.4) (1.9) 176 393 59	( 2.5) 200	( 1.8) 211	( 3.0) 227



Table 31A: OCCUPATIONAL THERAPY/LIFE SKILLS TRAINING RECEIVED BY YOUTH WITH VISUAL IMPAIRMENTS (Concluded)

<b>300.10</b> 1.534		Comunity	<u> Gender </u>	Age in 1987	School Status
Service Characteristics	<u>Total</u>	Urban Suburban Rural	Male Female	19 or 15-16 17-18 older	In-School Out 1 year Out 1 - 2 Years
Average hours of OT/life skills training provided recipients in the past year  Number of respondents	58.8 (13.3) 650	35.1 33.8 18.3 (14.9) (22.7) (13.7) 213 130 43	58.6 61.4 (15.8) (22.9) 372 278	31.5 64.8 73.0 (14.5) (23.4) (24.7) 186 237 227	58.3 84.6 33.9 (15.8) (38.6) (28.1) 443 100 98
Percentage received OT/life skills training in the past year from:* Secondary school	10.5	13.6 10.2	8.2 13.0	9.0 12.5 8.8	11.7 5.7 10.5 (3.4) (4.1) (12.6)
Special school	( 2.7) 32.2 ( 4.7)	( 4.2) ( 5.3) 17.2	( 3.2) ( 4.5) 34.9 29.4 ( 6.2) ( 7.2)	(4.6) (4.7) (4.5) 38.1 26.9 33.6 (10.4) (7.3) (7.2)	33.2 33.9 14.7 (5.7) (9.9) (14.5)
Postsecondary school	(0.0)	0.0 0.0	0.0 0.0	(0.0) (0.0) (0.0)	0.0 0.0 0.0 (0.0) (0.0) (0.0) 0.6 0.0 0.0
Private therapist	0.4 ( 0.9)	0.0 2.8 ( 0.0) ( 5.6)	0.0 0.9 (0.0) (1.3)	1.7 0.0 0.0 (3.6) (0.0) (0.0) 0.0 0.0 6.8	0.5 0.9 0.9 (1.2) (0.0) (0.0) (0.0) (0.0) (0.0)
Vocational Rehabilitation	2.3 ( 2.0)	0.0 7.4 ( 0.0) ( 8.9) 5.7 0.0	2.9 1.8 ( 3.0) ( 2.6) 1.6 1.0	( 0.0) ( 0.0) ( 4.8) 0.0 0.7 2.9	(1.3) (0.0) (16.5) 9.0 1.5 9.8
Hospital/institution	1.3 ( 1.5) 25.1	(6.3) (C.0) 51.1 42.9	( 2.2) ( 1.9) 14.8 34.9	( 0.0) ( 1.8) ( 3.2) 5.2 26.8 38.4	(0.0) (3.3) (11.2) 17.9 36.9 55.5
Other source Number of respondents	( 5.6) 196	(13.6) (16.8) 29 27 4	(6.2) (9.2) 98 98	(6.1) (9.7) (9.2) 47 74 75	(6.1) (13.1) (18.8) 141 38 17

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<sup>\*</sup> Of those that received occupational therapy/life skills training in the past year. See Table 28.

Table 318: OCCUPATIONAL THERAPY/LIFE SKILLS TRAINING RECEIVED BY YOUTH WITH VISUAL INFAIRMENTS (Concluded)

	Type of Sci	noo? Attended	Severity of Visual Impairment		
Service Characteristics	Requier School	Special School	Partially Sighted	81:nd	
Average hours of OT/life skills					
training provided recipients					
in the past year	29.5	140	47.1	65.8	
•	(12.6)	(33.0)	(18.0)	(23.0)	
Number of respondents	355	245	265	213	
Percentage received OT/life					
skills training in the past					
year from:*					
Secondary school	8.7	13.0	9.8	13.3	
•	( 2.9)	( 5.5)	( 3.7)	( 5.5)	
Special school	9.2	40.4	13.7	32.9	
•••	( 6.6)	( 5.8)	( 5.5)	( 7.9)	
Postsecondary school	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	
•	( 0.0)	( 0.0)	( 0.0)	( 0.0)	
Private therapist	1.3	0.0	0.0	0.0	
·	( 2.7)	( 0.0)	( 0.6)	( 0.0)	
Vocational Rehabilitation	3.4	1.4	2.2	2.1	
	( 4.4)	( 2.0)	( 3.6)	. 3.0)	
Hospital/institution	1.5	1.3	0.0	1.6	
•	( 2.9)	( 1.9)	( 0.0)	( 2.5)	
Other source	54.6	9.6	13.2	35.6	
	(11.9)	( 4.9)	( 8.3)	( 9.9)	
Number of respondents	53	133	52	92	



<sup>\*</sup> Of those that received occupational therapy/life skills training in the past year. See Table 28.

Table 31C: OCCUPATIONAL THERAP:/LIFE SKI-LS TRAINING RECEIVED BY YOUTH WITH VISUAL IMPAIRMENTS (Concluded)

	Household Ir	come	Ethnicity	Head of F	louseho 1d's Ed	lucation
Service Characteristics	Under 12,000- \$i2,000 \$24,999	\$25,000 and Over	Black White Hispanic	No High SchoolDiplome	High School Diplome	Beyond High School
Average hours of OT/life skills training provided recipients in the past year	72.4 45.6	49.4	18.3 80.7 23.0	45.4	41.0	93.4
Number of respondents	(31.6) (20.9) 141 176	(14.8) 260	( 9.6) (21.7) (13.7) 176 393 59	(20.6) 200	(20.6) 211	( <b>26</b> .5) 227
Percentage received OT/life skills training in the pest year from:*						
Secondary school	19.5 12.2 (8.1) (6.1)	9.2 ( 3.8)	11.6 10.2 15.9 (5.3) (3.6) (7.6)	19.2 ( 6.7)	9.1 ( 4.9)	10.2 ( 4.2)
Special school	23.3 38.3 (9.4) (9.9)	42.4 { 8.4}	17.7 40 0 50.2 ( 7.2) ( 6.7) (17.2)	27.1 ( 8.3)	33.4	45.2
Postsecondary school	0.0 0.0 ( 0.0) ( 0.0)	0.0	0.0 0.0 0.0 ( 0.0) ( 0.0) ( 0.0)	0.0 ( 0.0)	( 9.2) 0.0	( 8.8) 0.0
Private therapist	0.0 0.0	1.5	0.0 0.6 0.0 ( 0.0) ( 1.2) ( 0.0)	0.0	( 0.0) 0.0	( 0.0) 1.0
Vocational Kehabilitation	0.0 1.1 ( 0.0) ( 2.8)	3.1 ( 3.3)	2.5 2.2 4.3 ( 4.2) ( 2.4) ( 7.2)	( 0.0) 0.0	( 0.0) 1.7	( 1.9) 3.6
Hospital/institution	0.0 0.0	0.0	3.9 1.0 0.0	( 0.0) 0.0	(3.3)	(3.5)
Other source	(0.0) (0.0) 27.6 18.4	(0.0)	(5.1) (1.6) (0.0) 22.6 28.1 0.0	( 0.0) 19.1	( 0.0) 21.6	( 0.0) 31.2
Number of respondents	(13.5) (10.1) 33 48	( 8.0) 88	(11.0) ( 7.2) ( 0.0) 31 144 16	(10.0) 47	(10.2) 59	( 8.9) 84



<sup>\*</sup> Of those that received occupational therapy/life skills training in the past year. See Table 28.

Table 32A: USE OF TUTORS, READERS, AND INTERPRETERS BY YOUTH WITH VISUAL IMPAIRMENTS

		Community	Gender	Age in 1987		School Status	
Service Characteristics	<u>Total</u>	Urban Suburban Rural	Hale Female	19 or 15-16 17-18 older		Out 1 year or less	Out 1 - 2 Years
Percencage used a tutor/reader/							
interpreter: Never	56.2	58.9 42.8 59.0 ( 4.9) ( 7.6) (12.0)	59.5 52.3 ( 4.1) ( 5.5)	60.0 50.5 59.7 (6.1) (6.0) (5.1)	55.8 ( 4.2)	59.1 (7.7)	54.9 ( 8.1)
For just a few days	( 3.3) 2.2 ( 1.0)	2.4 2.8 4.8 (1.5) (2.5) (5.2)	1.1 3.6	0.5 4.2 1.3 (0.9) (2.4) (1.2)	1.6	6.0 (3.7)	0.9
For a few weeks	3.2 (1.2)	2.4 2.8 0.3 (1.5) (2.5) (1.4)	1.1 5.7 (0.9) (2.5)	2.3 3.1 4.0 (1.9) (2.1) (2.0)	1.8	6.5 (3.9)	5.9 ( 3.9)
For a few months	5.4 ( 1.5)	4.5 6.5 4.8 (2.1) (3.8) (5.2)	7.7 2.7 (2.2) (1.8)	5.1 6.4 4.6 ( 2.7) ( 2.9) ( 2.2)	6.2 ( 2.0)	1.2 (1.7)	6.9
For about a year	5.8 ( 1.6)	2.5 2.4 12.5 (1.6 (2.4) (8.1)	4.7 7.1 (1.8) (2.8)	5.7 4.0 7.7 (2.9) (2.4) (2.8)	4.8 ( 1.8)	5.5 ( 3.5)	10.7 ( 5.0)
For several years or more	27.2 ( 3.0)	29.3 42.7 18.6 ( 4.5) ( 7.6) ( 9.5)	26.0 3.7 (3.7) 5.0)	26.4 31.8 22.6 (5.5) (5.6) (4.3	30.0 ( 3.8)	21.7 ( 6.4)	20.7 ( 6.6)
Number of respondents	716	224 133 43	411 305	200 256 260	486	121	109
Percentage used following hours of a tutor/reader/interpreter in the past year:							
None	78.6 ( 2.8)	78.2 69.5 82.8 ( 4.3) ( 6.6) ( 9.2)	82.4 73.8 ( 3.2) ( 4.9)	75.9 75.7 83.2 ( 5.4) ( 5.0) ( 4.0)	76.4 ( 3.5)	86.2 ( 5.6)	79.4 ( 7.1)
Fewer than 40 hours	3.5 (1.3)	4.1 4.7 1.9 ( 2.0) ( 3.0) ( 3.3)	2.0 5.5 ( 1.2) ( 2.5)	4.0 3.0 3.8 (2.5) (2.0) (2.1,	3.1 ( 1.4)	2.2 ( 2.4)	6.9 ( 4.5)
40 to 100 hours	2.2 ( 1.0)	1.7 3.0 2.1 (1.3) (2.4) (3.5)	2.0 2.4 (1.2) (1.7)	3.1 1.9 1.8 (2.2) (1.6) (1.5)	2.2 (1.2)	( ;	2.3 ( 2.6)
101 to 240 hours	9.3 ( 2.0)	10.5 12.3 9.4 (3.2) (4.7) (7.1)	8.2 10.7 (2.3) (3.4)	9.8 13.3 4.¢ (3.8) (4.0) (2.2)	12.0 ( 2.7)	(3.3)	2.7 ( 2.9)
241 to 480 hours	3.2 ( 1.2)	1.7 8.0 2.7 (1.3) (3.9) (3.9)	2.5 4.2 (1.3) (2.2)	5.2 3.9 0.9 (2.3) (2.3) (1.0)	4.4 ( 1.7)	0.9 (1.5)	0.6 ( 1.3) 8.1
More than 480 hours	3.2 ( 1.2)	3.8 2.5 1.2 (2.0) (2.2) (2.6)	3.0 3.5 (1.4) (2.0)	2.1 2.1 5.3 (1.8) (1.7) (2.5)	1.8 ( 1.1)	4.3 ( 3.3) 115	( 4.8) 97
Number of respondents	664	211 126 43	386 278	190 239 235	452	113	3/



Table 328: USE OF TUTORS, READERS, AND INTERPRETERS BY YOUTH WITH VISUAL IMPAIRMENTS

	Type of Sch	nool Attended	Severity of Visual Impairment		
Service Characteristics	Regular School	Special School	Partially Sighted	Blind	
Percentage used a tutor/reader/					
interpreter: Never	54.0	58.7	60.4	50.5	
meve:	(4.5)	(5.7)	(5.1)	(6.5)	
For just a few days	3.1	0.7	4.6	0.4	
To. Just b Tan bayo	(1.6)	( 0.9)	( 2.2)	( 0.9)	
For a few weeks	2.3	6.3	2.7	5.6	
V 0. 0 V 0. 100.00	(1.3)	( 2.8)	(1.7)	(3.0)	
For a few months	5.3	6.8	7.5	2.6	
	( 2.0)	( 2.9)	( 2.7)	( 2.1)	
For about a year	5.3	4.9	3.3	9.1	
	(2.0)	( 2.5)	( 1.8)	( 3.7)	
For several years or more	30.0	22.7	21.6	31.7	
	( 4.1)	( 4.9)	( 4.3)	(6.0)	
Number of respondents	369	277	278	238	
Percentage used following hours					
of a tutor/reader/interpreter					
in the past year:					
None	77.3	81.5	05.2	67.9	
Farmer About 40 borner	( 3.8)	( 4.4)	( 3.8)	( 5.8)	
Fewer than 40 hours	4.1 ( 1.8)	3.3	2.4	5.0	
40 to 100 hours	2.2	( 2.0) 1.8	( 1.6) 1.4	( 2.7) 2.8	
40 CO 100 HOURS	(1.3)	( 1.5)	(1.2)	( 2.1)	
101 to 240 hours	9.3	10.0	6.7	14.8	
101 to 240 (log) 5	( 2.6)	(3.4)	( 2.7)	(4.4)	
241 to 480 hours	4.3	1.9	3.8	2.5	
	(1.8)	(1.5)	( 2.0)	(1.9)	
More than 480 hours	2.7	1.5	0.6	7.0	
	(1.5)	(1.4)	( 0.9)	(3.2)	
Number of respondents	351	263	256	229	



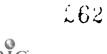
Table 32C: USE OF TUTORS, READERS, AND INTERPRETERS BY YOUTH WITH VISUAL IMPAIRMENTS

	Ho	usehold I	ncome	<u>Ethnicity</u>	Head of H	lousehold's Ed	lucation
Service Characteristics		12,700- \$24,999	\$25,000 and Over	Black White Hispanic	No High School Diplome	High School Diplome	Beyond High School
Percentage used a tutor/reader/							
interpreter: Never	59.0 ( 6.8)	54.7 ( 6.4)	51.4 ( 5.3)	65.6 50.0 71.5 ( 5.0) { 4.7) ( 7.8)	60.8 ( 5.7)	50.3 ( 6.3)	56.3 ( 5.5)
For just a few days	0.6 (1.1)	3.3	2.6	1.2 2.8 0.0 (1.1) (1.5) (0.0)	0.5 ( 0.8)	6.0 (3.0)	0.2
For a few weeks	1.9 (1.9)	2.5 ( 2.0)	3.6 (2.0)	2.0 4.0 2.1 (1.5) (1.8) (2.5)	3.0 ( 2.0)	1.9 ( 1.7)	5.0 ( 2.4)
For a few months	6.4 ( 3.4)	4.6 ( 2.7)	6.5 ( 2.6)	4.0 6.3 4.2 ( 2.1) ( 2.3) ( 3.5)	5.6 ( 2.7)	5.0 ( 2.7)	5. <b>8</b> ( 2.6)
For about a year	2.5 ( 2.2)	9.3 (3.8)	5.2 ( 2.4)	4.6 6.6 5.5 ( 2.2) ( 2.3) ( 4.0)	5.0 ( 2.6)	8.5 (3.5)	4.0 (2.2)
For several years or more	29.5 ( 6.3)	25.5 ( 5.6)	30.7 ( 4.9)	22.6 30.4 16.6 ( 4.4) ( 4.3) ( 6.5)	25.1 ( 5.1)	28.3 ( 5.6)	28.7 ( 5.0)
Number of respondents	155	195	280	201 427 67	219	235	247
Percentage used following hours of a tutor/reader/interpreter in the past year:							
None	82.7 ( 5.0)	74.1 ( 6.0)	76.6 ( 4.5)	86.8 74.4 84.5 (3.9) (4.0) (6.6)	83.3 ( 4.5)	78.4 ( 5.0)	72.4 ( 5.2)
Fewer than 40 hours	2.0 ( 1.8)	2.2 ( 2.0)	3.9 ( 2.1)	0.9 4.3 7.2 (1.1) (1.9) (4.7) 0.8 2.6 2.3	1.3 ( 1.4) 1.0	2.0 (1.7) 1.2	7.5 ( 3.0) 4.8
40 to 100 hours 101 to 240 hours	1.4 ( 1.6) 8.7	1.3 ( 1.6) 11.4	4.2 ( 2.1) 10.4	0.8 2.6 2.3 (1.0) (1.5) (2.8) 5.9 11.0 4.7	( 1.2) 8.0	( 1.3) 11.9	( 2.5) 8.5
241 to 480 hours	( 3.7) 3.2	( 4.4) 4.9	(3.3) 3.1	( 2.7) ( 2.9) ( 3.8) 2.2 4.3 0.0	( 3.3) 2.6	( 3.9) 4.7	( 3.2) 2.6
More than 480 hours	( 2.3) 2.0	( 2.9) 6.1	( 1.9) 1.7	(1.7) (1.9) (0.0) 3.3 3.5 1.2	( 1.9) 3.8	( 2.6) 1.8	( 1.8) 4.2
Number of respondents	( 1.9) 138	( 3.3) 179	( 1.4) 268	( 2.0) ( 1.7) ( 2.0) 178 404 62	( 2.3) 201	( 1.6) 222	( 2.3) 228



Table 32A: USE OF TUTORS, READERS, AND INTERPRETERS BY YOUTH WITH VISUAL IMPAIRMENTS (Concluded)

		Community	Gender	Age in 1987	School Status
Service Characteristics	Total	Urban Suburban Rural	Male Female	19 nr 15-16 17-18 older	Out 1 year Out 1 - 2 In-School or less Years
Average hours provided to recipients of a tutor/reader/					
interpreter in the past year	∋2.5 (15.4)	70.7 80.5 55.2 (26.3) (31.0) (63.8)	59.1 66.7 (20.3) (23.2)	67.8 61.6 59.2 (29.5) (21.4) (27.8)	61.7 71.6 55.5 (16.8) (52.7) (26.5)
Number of respondents	664	211 126 43	386 278	190 239 235	452 115 <b>9</b> 7
Percentage whose tutor/reader/					
interpreter in the past year was:* Staff from secondary school	66.8	84.5 83.5	71.2 61.8	72.1 77.5 40.0	72.4 80.3 12.0
	(6.1)	(6.7) (8.8)	(7.7) (9.6)	(11.3) ( 8.5) (10.6)	(7.0) (11.3) (12.5)
Staff from a special school	26.2	7.5 2.2	36.9 15.9	25.5 22.5 33.2	28.5 35.7 5.6
From a postsucondary school	( 6.0) 1.6	( 5.5) ( 3.8) 1.0 0.4	( 8.7) ( 7.5) 0.4 3.1	(11.6) ( 9.3) (10.2) 0.0 0.0 4.7	(7.4) (15.4) (8.9) 0.0 0.0 10.4
Train a postassinally seriou.	(0.8)	(1.0) (0.9)	(0.5) (1.9)	(0.0) (0.0) (2.2)	(0.0) $(0.0)$ $(4.8)$
A family member/friend	29.3	26.5 40.1	27.1 31.3	24.3 37.5 20.0	31.5 37.7 11.4
Another student	( 6.5) 9.1	( 9.3) {}2.9} 7.0 16.8	( 8.7) ( 9.8) 9.1 9.1	(11.8) (11.4) ( 9.4) 5.4 8.4 14.3	(8.1) (16.5) (12.3) 5.9 24.6 18.1
A	(4.1)	(5.4) (9.8)	(5.6) (6.1)	(6.2) (6.5) (8.2)	(4.1) (14.6) (14.2)
A private tutor/aide	0.5 ( 1.0)	1.0 0.0 ( 2.1) ( 0.0)	0.9 0.0 (1.9)(0.0)	1.6 0.0 0.0 (3.5) (0.0) (0.0)	0.6 0.0 0.0 (1.4) (0.0) (0.0)
From Vocational Rehabilitation	0.0	0.0 0.0	0.0 0.0	0.0 0.0 0.0	0.0 0.0 0.0
From another so rce	( 0.0) 2.9	( 0.0) ( 0.0) 5.0 2.7	( 0.0) ( 0.0) 1.0 5.3	( 0.0) ( 0.0) ( 0.0) 1.6 3.6 3.3	(0.0) (0.0) (0.0) 2.4 1.2 7.3
From singlings and for	(1.i)	(2.2) (2.5)	(0.9) (2.5)	(1.7) (2.2) (1.8)	(1.3) (1.6) (4.1)
Number of respondents	160	52 43 9	80 80	48 64 48	117 24 19



<sup>\*</sup> Of those that had a tutor, reader, or interpreter in the past year. See Table 28.

Table 328: USE OF TUTORS, READERS, AND INTERPRETERS BY . DUTH WITH VISUAL IMPAIRMENTS (Concluded)

	Type of School Attended		Severity of Visual Impairment		
Service Characteristics	Regular School	Special School	Partially Sighted	<u>811nd</u>	
Average hours provided to					
recipients of a tulen/reader/ interpreter in the pust year	64.6	51.3	33.2	8.36	
uncerpreter in the prot Jeer	(20.0)	(27.5)	(11.9)	(36.0)	
Number of respondents	351	263	256	229	
Percentage whose tutor/reader/					
interpreter in the past year was:*			20.0		
Jtaff from secondary school	84.1	27.2	78.2	61.5	
At the form of the state of	( 5.6)	(11.2)	( 8.0) 24.5	(11.1) 23.8	
Staff from a special school	4.9 ( 3.8)	55.8 (10.8)	(9.4)	(9.9)	
From a postsecondary school	0.7	0.4	0.7	3.4	
From a postsecondary school	( 0.7)	( 0.7)	( 0.9)	( 2.3)	
A family member/friend	36.0	23.1	26.4	30.7	
te tour ty managery to total	(8.4)	(11.2)	(10.2)	(11.5)	
Another student	12.3	4.9	7.1	11.9	
	( 5.8)	( 5.7)	( 6.0)	(8.1)	
A private tutor/aide	0.4	0.6	1.5	0.0	
·	( 1.2)	( 2.1)	( 2.9)	( 0.0)	
From Vocational Rehabilitation	0.0	0.0	0.0	(0.0)	
- · · ·	( 0.0)	( 0.0)	( 0.0)	( 0.0) 6.6	
From another source	3.4	2.6	1.1 ( 1.1)	(3.1)	
Number of meanendance	( 1.7) 98	( 1.8) 52	57	64	
Number of respondents	30	76	<b>J</b> ,	•	



<sup>\*</sup> Of those that had a tutor, re. fer, or interpreter in the past year. See Table 28.

Table 32C: USE OF TUTORS, READERS, AND INTERPRETERS BY YOUTH WITH VISUAL IMPAIRMENTS (Concluded)

	Hor	usehold I	ncome		Ethnic	city	Head of I	lousehold's Ec	lucation
Service Characteristics		12,000- \$24,999	\$25,000 and Over	<u>Black</u>	White	Hispanic	No High School Diplome	High School Diplome	Beyond High School
Average hours provided to									
recipients of a tutor/reader/									
interpreter in the past year	66.4	81.8	56.4	67.0	67.3		53.1	73.9	64.9
	(39.2)	(27.3)	(23.3)	(31.4)		) (14.0)	(23.4)	(34.3)	(22.0)
Number of respondents	138	179	268	178	404	<b>62</b>	201	222	228
Percentage whose tutor/reader/									
interpreter in the past year was:*									
Staff from secondary school	79.4	53.4	63.5	61.0	63.5		72.0	64.1	58.1
starr from secondary sender	(11.4)	(12.7)	( 9.2)	(11.2)			(11.6)	(11.8)	(9.4)
Staff from a special school	23.9	34.8	20.4	42.6	22.9		19.8	36.6	20.4
State from a special conco.	(12.7)		(8.1)		<b>{ 7.6</b> }		(11.4)	(12.2)	(8.0)
From a postsecondary school	0.0	4.7	1.0	0.8	2.2		3.4	0.0	1.4
From a postsecurios y school	( 0.0}	( 2.8)	(1.1)	(1.0)			( 2.1)	( 0.0)	( 1.3)
A family member/friend	27.6	24.8	42.3	29.4	29.2		6.7	31.8	44.9
A lamity member/ir lellu	(13.9)	(11.9)	(10.1)	(11.8)			( 7.5)	{12.4}	(10.1)
Another student	7.9	6.4	12.3	8.8	9.9		3.9	7.4	14.3
Another Student	(8.4)	( 6.7)	£.3 { <b>6.7</b> }					• • • .	
A maturate Auto-Joida		0.0	,,	(7.3) 0.0			( 5.8) 0.0	( 6.9)	( 7.2)
A private tutor/aide	0.0		1.4		0.6			0.8	0.5
m	( 0.0)	(0.0)	( 2.4)	( 0.9)			( 6.0)	( 2.4)	( 1.5)
From Vocational Rehabilitation	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0		0.0	0.0	0.0
	( 0.0)	(0.0)	( 0.0)	( 0.0)			( 0.0)	( 0.0)	( 0.0)
From another source	3.9	0.3	1.4	0.6	3.9		3.0	0.0	5.7
	( 2.7)	( 0.7)	(1.3)	( 0.8)			( 2.0)	( 0.0)	( 2.6)
Number of respondents	31	43	75	33	108	13	34	51	74



<sup>\*</sup> Of those that had a tutor, reader, or interpreter in the past year. See Table 28.

Table 33A: SPEECH/LANGUAGE THERAPY RECEIVED BY YOUTH WITH VISUAL IMPAIRMENTS

	-	Community	<u>Gender</u>	Age in 1987	School Status
Service Characteristics	<u>Total</u>	Urban Suburban Rural	Male Female	19 or 15-16 17-18 older	Out 1 year Out 1 - 2 In-School or less Years
Percentage received speech/ language therapy:					
Never	73.0	78.9 72.1 84.1	73.2 72.9	69.8 75.6 72.8	70.0 75.5 84.2
For just a few days	( 3.0) 0.2 ( 0.3)	( 4.0) ( 6.9) ( 8.9) 0.0 0.0 0.0 ( 0.0) ( 0.0, ( 0.0)	( 3.7) ( 4.8) 0.1 0.2 ( 0.3) ( 0.5)	(5.8) (5.1) (4.5) 0.0 0.2 0.2 (0.0) (0.5) (0.5)	(3.8) (6.6) (5.9) 0.2 0.0 0.0 (0.4) (0.0) (0.0)
For a few weeks	1.4	1.7 0.8 0.0 (1.3) (1.4) (0.0)	1.2 1.6 (0.9) (1.4)	1.5 2.3 0.2 (1.5) (1.8) (0.5)	2.0 0.0 0.0
For a few months	2.9 ( 1.1)	2.7 0.5 4.4 (1.6) (1.1) (5.0)	2.8 3.0 (1.4) (1.8)	1.2 3.5 3.6 (1.4) (2.2) (1.9)	(1.2) (0.0) (0.0) 2 7 3.8 2.6 (1.4) (2.9) (2.6)
For about a year	5.5 ( 1.5)	5.0 7.7 2.6 (2.2) (4.1) (3.9)	6.3 4.6 (2.0) (2.3)	6.4 4.9 5.5 (3.1) (2.6) (2.3)	5.6 6.0 4.8 (1.9) (3.7) (3.4)
For several years or more	17.0 ( 2.5)	11.6 18.8 8.9 (3.2) (6.0) (3.9)	16.4 17.8 ( 3.1) ( 4.2)	21.2 13.5 17.6 ( 5.2) ( 4.1) ( 3.9)	19.5 14.7 8.4 (3.3) (5.4) (4.5)
Number of respondents	727	227 134 44	419 308	204 258 265	492 124 111
Percentage received following hours of speech/language therapy in the past year:					
None	92.3 (1.8)	96.3 92.9 100 (1.9) (4.0) (0.0)	91.5 93.3 ( 2.4) ( 2.8)	89.5 93.6 93.2 (4.0) (3.0) (2.6)	89.6 98.1 98.7 ( 2.7) ( 2.0) ( 1.9)
Fewer than 40 hours	1.9	2.1 2.6 0.0 (1.4) (2.4) (0.0)	1.0 2.9 ( 0.9) ( 1.9)	1.9 1.2 2.6 (1.8) (1.3) (1.6)	2.7 0.0 0.0 (1.4) (0.0) (0.0)
40 to 100 hours	2.2 (1.0)	1.1 0.5 0.0 (1.0) (1.1) (0.0)	2.8 1.4 (1.4) (1.3)	4.9 0.9 1.4 (2.8) (1.2) (1.2)	3.0 0.5 0.0 (1.5) (1.1) (0.0)
101 to 240 hours	3.4 (1.3)	0.0 4.1 0.0 ( 0.0) ( 3.0) ( 0.0)	4.4 2.1 (18) (1.6)	3.1 4.3 2.6 (23) (2.5) (1.6)	4.4 1.3 0.8 (1.8) (1.7) (1.5)
More than 240 hours	0.3	0.6 0.0 0.0 ( 0.8) ( 0.0) ( 0.0)	0.3 0.2 ( 0.5) ( 0.4)	0.6 0.0 0.3 (1.0) (0.0) (0.5)	0.2 0.0 0.5 ( 0.4) ( 0.0) ( 1.2)
Number of respondents	687	219 134 42	395 292	194 246 247	467 116 104



Table 33B: SPEECH/LANGUAGE THERAPY RECEIVED BY YOUTH WITH VISUAL IMPAIRMENTS

	Type of Sci	nool Attended	Severity of Visual Impairment		
Service Characteristics	Regular School	Special School	Partially Sighted	Blind	
Percentage received speech/ language therapy:					
Never	77.8 ( 3.7)	58.3 ( 5.8)	76.8 ( 4.3)	73.2 ( 5.8)	
For just a few days	0.0 ( 0.0)	0.5 ( 0.9)	0.0	0.5	
For a Yeu weeks	1.1 ( 0. <i>غ</i> )	2.3 (1.8)	2.4 (1.6)	0.8 (1.2)	
For a few months	2.3 ( 1.4)	4.0 ( 2.3)	1.3 ( 1.2)	3.3 ( 2.3)	
For about a year	5.4 ( 2.0)	6.9 ( 3.0)	6.6 ( 2.5)	5.3 ( 3.0)	
For several years or more	13.3 ( 3.0)	27.9 ( 5.3)	12.9 ( 3.4)	16.9 ( 4.9)	
Number of respondents	374	282	286	240	
Percentage received following hours of speech/language therapy					
in the past year: None	96. <b>4</b> (1.7)	83.1 ( 4.5)	93.3 ( 2.7)	91.2 ( 3.7)	
Fewer than 40 hours	1.2 ( 1.0)	3.3 ( 2.2)	1.8 ( 1.4)	1.7	
40 to 100 hours	0.7 ( 0.8)	5.4 ( 2-7)	0.5 ( 0.7)	5.2 ( 2.9)	
101 to 240 hours	1.5 ( 1.1)	7.6 ( 3.2)	4.4 ( 2.2)	1.4 ( 1.5)	
Hore than 240 hours	0.1 ( 0.3)	0.6 ( 0.9)	0.0 ( 0.2)	0.5 (1.0)	
Number of respondents	364	273	270	237	



Table 33C: SPEECH/LANGUAGE THERAPY RECEIVED BY YOUTH WITH VISUAL IMPAIRMENTS

	Household	Income	Ethnicity	Head of I	Head of Household's Education	
Service Characteristics	Under 12,000 \$12,000 \$24,99		Black White Hispanic	No High School Diplome	High School Diploma	Beyond High School
Percentage received speech/ language therapy:						
hever	75.6 78.9 ( 5.9) ( 5.3		84.3 66.3 83.7 ( 3.8) ( 4.4) ( 6.3)	74.0 ( 5.1)	80.5 ( 4.9)	63.4 ( 5.4)
For just a few days	0.0 0.3 (0.0) (0.3	0.0	0.3 0.0 0.9 (0.6) (0.0) (1.6)	0.2 ( 0.5)	0.0 ( 0.0)	0.3 ( G.6)
For a few weeks	1.6 1.1 (1.7) (1.3	0.9	0.4 1.8 0.0 ( 0.7) ( 1.2) ( 0.0)	0.8 ( 1.1)	2.2 ( 1.8)	1.2
For a few months	1.5 4.6	2.6	2.2 3.2 1.9 (1.5) (1.7) (2.3)	2.9 ( 2.0)	0.6 ( 0.9)	5.6 ( 2.6)
For about a year	5.1 3.0 (3.0) (2.4	8.2	3.9 J.8 3.0 (2.0) (2.4) (2.9)	4.3 ( 2.4)	5.4 ( 2.8)	7.6 ( 3.0)
Fo: several years or more	16.3 11.3 (5.1) (4.3	20.8	8.9 21.8 10.5 (3.0) (3.9) (5?)	17.8 ( 4.5)	11.2 ( 3.9)	22.0 ( 4.6)
Number of respondents	160 193		204 432 /0	226	236	248
Percentage received following hours of speech/language therapy in the past year:						
None	89 8 94.1 (4.4) (3.0		98.3 89.7 94.0 (1.4) (2.9) (4.2)	88.1 ( 4.0)	98.2 ( 1.7)	91.1 ( 3.3)
Fewer than 40 hours	1.8 1.	3.3	0.7 2.2 2.7 (0.9) (1.4) (2.9)	1.5 ( 1.5)	1.0	3.4 ( 2.1)
40 to 100 hours	4.4 1. ( 3.0) ( 1.	2.0	0.0 2.9 2.4 (0.0) (1.6) (2.7)	4.4 ( 2.5)	0.6	1.4
101 to 240 hours	4.0 2.	7 3.9	G.3 5.1 0.9 ( 0.6) ( 2.1) ( 1.7)	5.3 ( 2.8)	0.2 ( 0.6)	4.1 ( 2.3)
More than 240 hours	0.0 0.1 (0.0) (1.	7 C.2	0.7 0.1 0.0 ( 0.9) { 0.3) ( 0.0)	0.7 ( 1.0)	0.0 ( 0.0)	0.0 ( 0.0)
Number of respondents	145 18		182 418 65	207	223	239



Table 33A: SPEECH LANGUAGE THERAPY RECEIVED BY YOUTH WITH VISUAL IMPAIRMENTS (Concluded)

		Commu	nity	Gender	Age in 1987		School Statu	·
Service Characteristics	Total	<u>Urban Subu</u>	rban Rural	Male Female	19 or 15-16 17-18 older	In-School	Out 1 year or less	Out 1 - 2 Years
Average hours of speech/language therapy provided recipients								
in the past year	8.6	3.0 7.		10.6 6.0	10.2 8.0 7.8	10.5	2.9	5.7
	( 2.7)		.5) ( 0.0)	( 3.9) ( 3.2)	( 4.8) ( 4.1) ( 4.8)	( 3.2)	( 3.4)	( 9.2)
Number of respondents	687	219 13	34 42	395 292	194 246 247	467	116	104
Percentage received speech/ language thorapy in the past year from:*								
Secondary school	56.1 (11.2)			49.1 65.6 (15.1) (16.1)	39.9 82.3 48.8 (22.0) (15.8) (16.0)	55.4 · (12.6)	• ••	****
Special school	60.7 (10.7)		***	69.6 51.4 (13.5) (16.5)	78.8 30.6 65.7 (17.4) (16.2) (15.2)	65.1 (11.8)		
Postsecondary school	0.8 ( 2.2)			0.0 1.9 ( 0.0) ( 4.9)	0.0 0.0 2.1 (0.0) (4.7)	0.0 ( 0.0)	•	***
Family member/friend	2.6 (3.8)			4.5 0.0 (6.7) (0.0)	0.0 0.0 6.6	0.0		
Private therapist	09			0.0 2.2 (0.0) (5.3)	( 0.0) ( 0.0) ( 8.3) 0.0 3.2 0.0 ( 0.0) ( 8.1) ( 0.0)	( 0.0) 1.1	***	***
Vocational Rehabilitation	0.0	•••		0.0 0.9	0.0 0.0 0.0	( 2.9) 0.0		***
Hospital/institution	( 0.0) 2.0			(0.0) (0.0)	(0.0) (0.0) (0.0) 0.0 2.4 3.3	( 0.0) 0.0		
Other agency	( 3.3) 2.5			(3.4) (6.1)	(0.0) (6.8) (5.9) 0.0 0.0 6.2	( 0.0) 0.0		***
Number of reshondents	( ( .6) 58	14	9 2	( 0.0) ( 8.3) 30 28	( 0.0) ( 0.0) ( 7.9) 16 17 25	( 0.0) 49	5	4



<sup>\*</sup> Of those that received speech/language therapy in the past year. See Table 28.

Table 33B: SPEECH LANGUAGE THERAPY RECEIVED BY YOUTH WITH VISUAL IMPAIRMENTS (Concluded)

	Type of Sch	ool Attended	Severity of Visual Impairment		
Service Characteristics	Regular School	Special School	Partially Sighted	Blind	
Average hours of speech/language					
therapy provided recipients					
in the past year	3.4	20.0	8.5	9.6	
	( 2.0)	( 6.9)	( 3.8)	( 6.0)	
Number of respondents	364	273	270	237	
Percentage received speech/ language therapy in the past year from:*					
Secondary school	94.2	24.4	81.5	37.5	
Secondary School	(7.9)	(14.0)	(16.2)		
Consist school	10.6	83.6	24.2	(18.9) 63.1	
Special school			. <del>=</del> · · · = .		
Outline that	(12.4)	(10.4)	(18.4)	(17.0)	
Postsecondary school	0.0	1.3	0.0	1.9	
	( 0.0)	( 3.8)	( 0.0)	( 5.4)	
Family member/friend	0.0	4.3	0.0	1.9	
	( 0.0)	( 6.6)	( 0.0)	( 5.4)	
Private therapist	2.7	0.0	3.2	0.0	
	( 6.5)	( 0.0)	( 7.8)	( 0.0)	
Vocational Rehabilitation	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	
	( 0.0)	( 0.0)	( 0.0)	( 0.0)	
Hospital/institution	0.0	3.3	0.0	4.5	
·	( 0.0)	( 5.7)	( 0.0)	(7.8)	
Other agency	3.9	0.0	0.0	2.5	
	(7.8)	( 0.0)	( 0.0)	(5.9)	
Number of respondents	19	35	16	25	
	= -		= -		

<sup>\*</sup> Of those that received speech/language therapy in the past year. See Table 28.

Table 33C: SPEECH LAN

THER VPY RECEIVED BY YOUTH WITH VISUAL IMPAIRMENTS (Concluded)

		.nold I	ncome	Ethni	city	Head of I	Heed of Household's Education		
Service Characteristics		12,000- \$24,999	\$25,000 and Over	Black White	<u>Hispanic</u>	No High School	High School Diplome	Beyond High School	
Average hours of speech/language therapy provided recipients in the past year	11.3 ( 5.5)	8.2 ( 6.5)	8.3 ( 3.4)	2.7 11.7 ( 2.8) ( 4.2		15.7 ( 6.7)	1.2 ( 1.4)	7.3 ( 3.1)	
Number of respondents	145	182	277	182 418	65	207	223	239	
Percentage received speech/ language therapy in the past year from:*									
Secondary school			44.6 (17.3)	54.5 (14.8		57.1 (16.3)		41.1 (18.8)	
Special school			69.7 (15.7)	59.9 (14.1		55.2 (16.1)		84.3 (13.9)	
Postsecondary school	***		0.0 ( 0.0)	1.0 ( 3.0		0.0 ( 0.0)		0.0 ( 0.0)	
Family member/friend			5.5 ( 8.1)	3.1 ( 5.4		1.7 ( 4.5)	•-•	0.0	
Private therapist			2.9 ( 5.9)	1.1 ( 3.2		0.0 ( 0.0)	••-	3. <b>2</b> ( 7.1)	
Vocational Rehabilitation			0.0	0.0 ( 0.0		0.0 ( 0.0)		<b>0</b> .0 ( 0.0)	
Hospital/institution			0.0 ( 0.0)	2.4 ( 4.6	i)	0.0 ( 0.0)	•	0.0 ( 0.0)	
Other agency		~	0.0 ( 0.0)	3.0 ( 5.0	)	0.0 ( 0.0)		4.7 ( 8.5)	
Number of respondents	12	13	25	9 40	7	٤٥	11	19	



<sup>\*</sup> Of those that received speech/language therapy in the past year. See Table 28.

Table 34A: HELP WITH PHYSICAL NEEDS\* RECEIVED BY YOUTH WITH VISUAL IMPAIRMENTS

		Community	<u>Gender</u>	Age in 1987	School Statu	<u>.                                    </u>
Service Characteristics	<u>Total</u>	Urban Suburban Rural	Male Female	19 or 15-16 17-18 older	Out 1 year In-School . or less	Out 1 - 2 Years
Percentage received help with						
physical needs:						
Kever	57.1	59.8 64.6 75.2	56.1 58.4	62.0 59.9 50.0	57.9 56.0	55 0
	( 3.3)	( 4.9) ( 7.3) (10.5)	(4.1) (5.4)	(6.1) (5.8) (5.1)	(4.1) $(7.7)$	(8.1)
For just a few days	2.2	2.8 3.8 2.2	2.5 1.9	3.3 2.1 1.5	2.5 1.5	1.7
	(1.0)	(1.6) (2.9) (3.6)	(1.3)(1.5)	(2.3) (1.7) (1.2)	(1.3) $(1.9)$	( 2.1)
For a few weeks	1.9	1.1 1.0 8.5	2.5 1.1	0.8 3.9 0.4	2.4 1.0	0.5
	( 0.9)	(1.0) (1.5) (6.8)	(1.3) (1.1)	(1.1) (2.3) (0.6)	(1.3) $(1.6)$	(1.2)
For a few months	3.7	6.7 1.4 0.0	3.7 3.7	3.5 3.8 3.7	3.8 2.6	
	(1.3)	(2.5) (1.8) (0.0)	(1.6) (2.0)	4 - 41 4 - 41 41		4.4
For about a year	4.8	4.3 1.8 0.0	4.1 5.8	(2.3) (2.3) (1.9) 3.7 4.2 6.5		( 3.3)
to. about a jec.	(1.4)	(2.0) (2.1) (0.0)			3.5 6.7	8.6
For several years or more	30.3		,, ,,	(2.4) (2.4) (2.5)	(1.5) (3.9)	( 4.6)
roi several years of more			31.2 29.2	26.7 26.1 37.9	30.0 32.1	29.7
Hombon of managed	(3.1)	(4.3) (6.8) (8.5)	(3.8) (4.9)	(5.6) (5.2) (5.0)	(3.8) (7.2)	( 7.4)
Number of respondents	724	226 134 43	417 307	204 257 263	493 122	109
Percentage received following hours of help with physical needs in the past year:						
None .	78.9	81.6 77.6 95.6	82.8 74.3	77.7 79.8 78.8	76.7 80.4	87.3
	( 2.8)	(4.0) (6.4) (5.0)	(3.2) (5.0)	(5.4) (4.9) (4.4)	(3.7) (6.3)	(5.7)
Fewer than 40 hours	4.3	3.7 6.4 2.4	3.3 5.4	3.3 5.3 3.8		
	(1.4)	(1.9)(3.8)(3.7)	(1.5) (2.6)	(2.3) (2.8) (2.1)		2.3
40 to 100 hours	6.5	8.0 5.7 0.0	4.2 9.1	, , ,	(1.8) (3.5)	( 2.6)
40 60 100 10013	(1.7)	(2.8) (3.6) (0.0)			7.3 1.9	8.1-
101 to 240 hours		·	(1.7) (3.3)	( 2.9) ( 3.0) ( 2.9)	(2.3) (2.2)	( 4.7)
101 EO 240 NOUES	5.5	2.8 8.1 0.0	4.7 6.4	6.9 6.1 3.7	7.3 3.2	0.4
241 Ac 490 hours	(1.6)	(1.7) (4.2) (C.0)	(1.8) (2.8)	(3.3) (2.9) (2.0)	(2.3) (2.8)	(1.1)
241 to 480 hours	2.1	1.7 0.9 2.0	1.4 3.1	1.3 1.6 3.4	1.2 7.6	0.0
	(1.0)	(1.3) (1.5) (3.4)	( 1.0) ( 2.0)	( 1.5) ( 1.6) ( 2.0)	(1.0) (4.2)	( 0.0)
More than 480 hours	2.7	2.2 1.2 0.0	3.5 1.7	5.7 0.9 2.3	3.1 1.9	1.9
Number of respondents	( 1.1) 669	( 1.5) ( 1.7) ( 0.0) 213 133 43	(1.6) (1.5) 384 285	( 3.0) ( 1.2) ( 1.6) 188 241 240	( 1.5) ( 2.2) 451 117	( 2.3) 101



<sup>\*</sup> Help with physical needs includes physical therapy, mobility training, and other such assistance.

Table 348: HELP WITH PHYSICAL NEEDS\* RECEIVED BY YOUTH WITH VISUAL IMPAIREMTS

	Type of Sch	nool Attended	Severity of Visual I	mpairment
Service Characteristics	Regular School	Special School	Partially Sighted	<u>Blind</u>
Percentage received help with				
physical needs:			75.4	22 0
Never	65.6	37.2	75.1	32.8
	( 4.3)	( 5.3)	( 4.4)	( 6.1)
For just a few days	2.5	0.7	1.6	2.4
	( 1.4)	( 0.9)	( 1.3)	( 2.0)
For a few weeks	2.8	0.6	2 4	0.5
	( 1.5)	( 0.9)	(1.6)	( 0.9)
For a few months	2.9	4.9	2.4	5.3
	( 1.5)	( 2.5)	( 1.5)	( 2.9)
For about a year	2.6	7.3	1.8	9.7
	( 1.4)	( 3.0)	( 1.4)	( 3.8)
For several years or more	23.6	49.4	16.8	49.2
TO, COLORED JUSTIC OF MISTO	( 3.8)	( 5.7)	( 3.8)	( 6.5)
Number of respondents	372	283	283	239
Percentage received following				
hours of help with physical				
needs in the past year:				
None	83.2	66.2	89.6	64.7
	( 3.4)	( 5.5)	( 3.2)	( 6.4)
Fewer than 40 hours	4.7	4.5	1.9	8.3
	(1.9)	( 2.4)	( 1.5)	(3.7)
40 to 100 hours	4.8	9.9	2.4	13.1
	( 2.0)	( 3.5)	( 1.6)	(45)
101 to 240 hours	4.3	9.8	3.4	7.1
	( 1.9)	( 3.5)	( 1.9)	( 3.4)
241 to 480 hours	1.4	3.9	1.2	4.2
	(1.1)	( 2.3)	(1.2)	( 2.7)
More than 480 hours	1.5	5.8	1.4	2.6
	( 1.1)	( 2.7)	( 1.3)	( 2.1)
Number of respondents	360	260	<b>269</b>	222
- •				

 $<sup>^*</sup>$  Help with physical needs includes physical therapy, mobility training, and other such assistance.

Table 34C: HELP WITH PHYSICAL NEEDS\* RECEIVED BY YOUTH WITH VISUAL IMPAIRMENTS

•	Household_I	ncome	Ethnicity	Head of I	Household's Education	
Service Characteristics	Under 12,000- \$12,000 \$24,999	\$25,009 and Over	Black White Hispanic	No High School Diploma	High School Otploma	Beyond High School
Percentage received help with physical needs:						
Never	60.1 66.1 (6.7) (6.0)	49.5 ( 5.3)	73.7 48.9 65.2 ( 4.6) ( 4.6) ( 8.3)	61.1 (5.7)	61.2 ( 5.9)	44. <del>ś</del> ( 5.6)
For just a few days	0.3 1.3 (1.1) (1.4)	4.7	0.7 3.1 1.0 (0.8) (1.6) (1.7)	1.2 ( 1.3)	2.3 ( 1.8)	3.2 ( 2.0)
For a few weeks	0.9 0.4 (1.3) (0.8)	4.d ( 2.3)	0.9 2.4 1.3 (1.0) (1.4) (2.0)	1.1 (1.2)	3.6 (2.3)	1.0
For a few months	4.0 4.2 (2.7) (2.5)	2.8 ( 1.8)	3.8 2.7 10.5 ( 2.0) ( 1.5) ( 5.3)	2.8 .( 1.9)	4.0 ( 2.4)	4.6 ( 2.3)
For about a year	4.0 7.8 (2.7) (3.4)	3.4 ( 1.9)	2.1 6.6 1.1 (1.5) (2.3) (1.8)	7.9 ( 3.1)	1.6 ( 1.5)	4.8 ( 2.4)
For several years or more	30.3 20.2 (6.3) (5.1)	34.7 ( 5.0)	18.8 36.3 20.9 ( 4.1) ( 4.5) ( 7.1)	25.7 ( 5.1)	24.3 ( 5.2)	41.5 ( 5.5)
Number of respondents	160 194	282	204 432 67	226	237	247
Percentage received following hours of help with physical						
needs in the past year: None	81.5 88.6 (5.6) (4.2)	71.6 ( 4.9)	90.3 74.1 83.7 ( 3.3) ( 4.2) ( 6.8)	86.9 ( 4.1)	85.2 ( 4.8)	62.6 ( 5.6)
Fewer than 40 hours	1.9 2.2 ( 2.0) ( 1.9)	8.3 (3.0)	2 0 5.3 2.5 (1.6) (2.1) (2.9)	2.4 ( 1.9)	1.4 ( 1.5)	9.5 ( 3. <i>i)</i>
40 to 100 hours	6.9 2.5 (3.7) (2.0)	7.0	1.4 8.7 6.4 (1.3) (2.7) (4.5)	5.1 ( 2.7)	3.9 ( 2.5)	10 ô ( 3.5)
101 to 240 hours	5.7 2.2 ( 3.4) ( 1.9)	6.1	4.2 6.4 0.0 (2.3) (2.3) (0.0)	2.3 ( 1.8)	5.0 ( 2.8)	9.9 ( 3.5)
241 to 480 hours	1.9 1.8 (2.0) (1.8)	2.7 { 1.8}	0.5 2.9 2.0 ( 0.8) ( 1.6) ( 2.6)	1' ( 1.3)	2.1 ( 1.8)	3.5 ( 2.1)
Hore than 480 hours	2.0 2.8 ( 2.0) ' 2.2)	. 4.2 ( 2.2)	1.6 2.6 5.5 ( 1.4) ( 1.5) ( 4.2)	2.1 (1.7)	2.4 ( 2.0)	3.8 ( 2.2)
Number of respondents	143 180	269	179 407 61	205	218	235



<sup>\*</sup> Help with physical needs includes physical therapy, mobility training, and other such assistance.

Table 34A: HELP WITH PHYSICAL NEEDS\* RECEIVED BY YOUTH WITH VISUAL IMPAIRMENTS (Concluded)

*		Community	<u>Gender</u>	Age in 1987	School Status		
Service Characteristics	<u>Total</u>	Urban Suburban Ru	ral Male Female	19 or 15-16 17-18 older	Out 1 year Out 1 - 7 In-School or less Years		
Average hours of help with							
physical needs provided recipients			.4 60.1 48.2	94.3 30.2 50.9	58.1 50.2 44.1		
in the past year	54.6				(21.1) (26.0) (64.9)		
Number of respondents	(18.1) 669	(15.0) (19.5) (10 213 133	(22.6) (29.3) 43 384 285	(46.3) (17.3) (30.0) 188 241 240	451 117 101		
Percentage received help with physical needs in the past year from:**							
Secondary school	26.2	47.3 47.7 -	34.6 18.5	26.3 31.5 20.6	27.8 <b>29</b> .8 5.7		
secondary amount	(5.9)	(12.1) (14.3)	(8.6) (7.7)	(12.8) (10.5) ( 7.8)	(7.2) (13.3) ( <b>9.8</b>		
Special school	44.4		52.2 37.3	61.2 30.3 43.6	49.9 35.1 10.4		
	(6.6)	(5.4) (9.4)	(9.0) (9.6)	(14.2) (10.4) ( 9.5)	(8.1) (13.9) (12.9)		
Postswondary school	0.5		0.0 1.0	0.0 0.0 1.5	0.0 3.7 0.0		
	( 1.0)	( 0.0) ( 0.0)	( 0.0) ( 2.0)	( 0.0) ( 0.0) ( 2.3)	(0.0) (5.5) (0.0		
Family member/friend	14.0	14.1 7.1 -	11.2 16.5	12.9 14.7 14.2	13.5 17.1 12.8		
	(4.6)	(8.5) (7.3)	( 5.7) ( 7.3)		(5.5) (11.0) (14.1		
Private therapist	3.8	3.0 7.7	1.9 5.5	4.2 3.3 3.9	3.6 5.4 2.8		
•	( 2.5)	(5.6) (7.6)	( 2.5) ( 4.5)		(3.0) (6.6) (7.0		
Vocational Rehabilitation	2.9	V.V 0.3	0.5 5.0	6.0 3.0 5.2	1.4 2.7 16.6		
	( 2.2)	(0.0) (7.0)	( 1.3) ( 4.3)		(1.9) (4.7) (15.7)		
Hospital/institution	1.4	7.0 0.0	1.8 1.1	0.0 0.8 3.1	0.0 2.1 11.2		
	(1.5)	(5.0) (0.0)	( 2.3) ( 2.0)		(0.0) (4.1) (12.2		
Other source	23.3	70.0 67.0	16.2 29.8	11.3 32.9 24.3	20.3 20.9 50.2		
•	(5.6)	(11.6) (12.8)	( 6.6) ( 9.0)		(6.5) (11.7) (19.4		
Number of respondents	188	39 38	3 94 94	43 70 75	138 34 16		



<sup>\*</sup> Help with physical needs includes physical therapy, mobility training, and other such assistance.
\*\* Of those that received help with physical needs in the past year. See Table 28.

Table 348: HELP WITH PHYSICAL NEEDS\* RECEIVED BY YOUTH WITH VISUAL IMPAIRMENTS (Concluded)

	Type of Sch	nool_Attended	Severity of Visual I	mpairment
Service Cheracturistics	Regular School	Special School	Partially Sighted	<b>Blind</b>
Average hours of help with				
physical needs provided recipients		• • •	•• •	
in the past year	28.1	123	26.9	66.0
	(11.8)	(51.0)	(16.3)	(35.7)
Mumber of respondents	360	260	269	222
Percentage received help with				
physical needs in the past				
year from:**	47.6	4.6	25.3	26.0
Secondary school	,,,,			
	(10.1)	(3.9)	(12.3)	(8.3)
Special school	7.3	77.8	24.4	43.9
	( 5.3)	( 7.8)	(12.2)	( 9.4)
Postsecondary school	0.0	1.0	2.9	0.0
	( 0.0)	(1.9)	( 4.7)	( 0.0)
Family member/friend	12.8	14.2	28.1	9.8
•	( 6.8)	( 6.5)	(12.7)	( 5.7)
Private therapist	6.8	1.5	5.3	3.7
• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •	( 5.1)	( 2.3)	( 6.4)	(3.6)
Vocational Rehabilitation	3.3	2.4	10.8	1.7
10000101101 1101001011	( 3.6)	( 2.9)	(8.8)	(2.4)
Hospital/institution	1.3	1.6	0.0	1.5
(Mospital) institution	( 2.2)	( 2.4)	( 0.0)	( 2.3)
Other source	36.9	13.2	21.3	29.9
Origi Source	(9.7)	(6.3)	(11.6)	(8.6)
Washan of consendents	75	106	39	110
Number of respondents	/5	100	33	110



<sup>\*</sup> Help with physical needs includes physical therapy, mobility training, and other such assistance.
\*\* Of those that received help with physical needs in the past year. See Table 28.

Table 34C: HELP WITH PHYSICAL NEEDS\* RECEIVED BY YOUTH WITH VISUAL IMPAIRMENTS (Concluded)

	Hor	useho ld 1	ncome		Ethnic	ity	Head of H	Head of Household's Education		
Service Cheresteristics		12,000- \$24,999	\$25,000 and Over	8 lack	<u> White</u>	<u>Hispanic</u>	No High School Diploma	High School Diploma	Beyond High School	
Average hours of help with physical needs provided recipients in the past year	34.5	40.4	94.8	29.0	65.2	50.4	25.4	57.0	87.9	
Number of respondents	(19.2) 143	(26.3) 180	(42.3) 269	(18.9) 179	(28.2) 407	(30.8) 61	(14.7) 205	(41.9) 218	(32.8) 235	
Percentage received help with physical needs in the past year from:**						•				
Secondary school	16.3 (11.0)	40.7 (14.4)	35.2 ( 8.7)	42.7	20.2		24.7	36.5	22.0	
Special school	50.2 (14.9)	42.4 (14.5)	41.3 ( 9.0)	33.6	47.1		(12.6) 45.1	(12.2) 44.0	(7.6) 42.9	
Postsecondary school	1.9 ( 4.1)	0.0	0.0 ( 0.0)	4.3	(8.3)		(14.5) 2.1	(12.6) 0.0	(9.1)	
Family member/friend	18.7 (11.6)	30.8 (13.5)	9.4 ( 5.3)	( 5.7) 33.0	10.6		( 4.1) 18.7	( 0.0) 18.3	( 0.0) 10.0	
Private therapist	1.9 ( 4.1)	2.0 ( 4.1)	7.5 ( 4.8)	(13.3) 4.3	4.2		(11.4) 2.1	( 9.8) 3.9	( 5.5) 4.7	
Vocational Rehabilitation	3.8 ( 5.7)	2.2 ( 4.3)	2.9	( 5.7) 2.8	3.2		( 4.1) 4.1	( 4.9) 0.0	(3.9) 3.6	
Hospital/institution	0.0 ( 0.0)	0.0	0.0	( 4.6) 4.4	1.1		( 5.8) 0.0	( 0.0) 0.0	( 3.4) 0.0	
Other source	24.0 (12.7)	14.0 (10.1)	( 0.0) 17.4	10.0	26.1		( 0.0) 20.6	( 0.0) 19.6	( 0.0) 27.0	
Number of respondents	34	38	( 6.9) 95	( 8.3) 28	138	14	(11.8) 36	(10.1) 57	( 8.2) 91	

<sup>\*</sup> Help with physical needs includes physical therapy, mobility training, and other such assistance. \*\* Of those that received help with physical needs in the past year. See Table 28.

Table 35A: TRANSPORTATION ASSISTANCE RECEIVED BY YOUTH WITH VISUAL IMPAIRMENTS

		Community	<u>Gender</u>	Age in 1987	School Status
Service Characteristics	<u>Total</u>	<u> Urban Suburban Rural</u>	Male Female	19 or 15-16 17-18 older	Out 1 year Out 1 - 2 Years
Parcentage received transportation					
help in the past year from:*				40.0 43.0 38.0	43.5 26.4 15.6
Secondary school	38.5 ( 5.8)	52.8 70.5 ( 9.2) (14.2)	43.4 31.8 (7.5) (8.7)	42.9 43.0 28.0 (11.9) ( 9.8) ( 8.1)	(7.1) (12.5) (12.3)
Special school	31.6 ( 5.5)	12.6 9.8 (6.1) (9.2)	34.4 27.8 (7.2) (8.4)	45.7 25.2 26.2 (12.0) ( 8.6) ( 7.9)	36.1 18.8 13.3 (6.8) (11.1) (11.5)
Vocational Rehabilitation	3.0	0.9 14.8 ( 1.8) (11.0)	0.9 6.0 (1.4) (4.4)	1.0 4.1 3.7 (2.3) (3.9) (3.4)	2.2 4.8 6.9 (2.1) (6.0) (8.6)
Hospital/institution	2.1	4.8 0.0	2.8 1.2	0.0 1.6 5.0	2.0 1.6 3.4 (2.0) (3.6) (5.8)
Other source	( 1.7) 32.0	(3.9) (0.0) 37.2 12.4	(2.5) (2.0) 25.6 40.8	12.7 32.6 50.1	23.6 53.0 65.5
Number of respondents	( 5.5) 239	( 8.8) (10.3) 68 32 2	( 6.5) ( 9.2) 134 105	(8.0) (9.3) (8.9) 63 91 85	( 6.1) (13.9) (15.2) 178 36 25
Remontant with transportation helm	•				
Percentage with transportation help including:			02 5 10 0	26.3 21.6 17.7	26.4 9.8 12.8
Rides on special vehicles	21.6 ( 2.8)	21.3 11.3 6.7 (4.1) (4.8) (6.0)	23.5 19.2 ( 3.6) ( 4.3)	(5.9) (4.8) (3.9)	(3.8) (4.5) (5.4)
Help getting into vehicles	3.1	3.0 5.0 0.0 (1.7) (3.3) (0.0)	3.2 3.0 (1.5) (1.9)	4.2 2.2 3.3 ( 2.7) ( 1.7) ( 1.8)	3.4 3.3 1.8 (1.5) (2.7) (2.1)
Help walking to school/work	0.5	0.0 0.9 0.0	0.7 0.2 (0.7) (0.4)	0.0 0.9 0.4 (0.0) (1.1) (0.7)	0.4 0.5 1.0 ( 0.5
Owning adapted vehicle	( 0.5) 0.6	1.3 0.6 0.0	0.5 0.6	0.0 0.8 0.7	0.5 0.0 1.6
Aide to push wheelchair	( 0.5) 0.6	( 1.1) ( 1.2) ( 0.0) 0.7 1.1 0.0	( 0.6) ( 0.9) 0.3	( 0.0) ( 1.1) ( 0.8) 0.2	(0.6) (0.0) (2.0) 0.4 0.0 2.2
	( 0.5)	( 0.8) ( 1.6) ( 0.0)	( 0.5) ( 1.0)	(0.7) (0.6) (1.1)	(0.5) (0.0) (2.3)
Rides to places could not	6.5	4.9 5.1 ).0	5.7 7.5	6.9 4.2 8.8	6.5 6.1 6.7
otherwise go	(1.7)	(2.2) (3.3) (0.0)	(20)(2.9)	(3.4) (2.3) (2.9)	(2.1) $(3.6)$ $(4.0)$
Other	8.1	9.4 4.2 4.7	8.4 7.8	9.7 10.1 4.8	8.4 8.7 6.5
<b>4</b> (10)	(1.9)	(2.9) (3.1) (5.1)	( 2.4) ( 2.9)	(3.9) (3.5) ( )	(2.4) (4.3) (3.9)
Number of respondents	734	228 134 44	422 312	204 262 268	498 125 111



<sup>\*</sup> Of those that received transportation help in the past year. See Table 28.

Table 358: TRANSPORTATION ASSISTANCE RECEIVED BY YOUTH WITH VISUAL IMPAIRMENTS

	Type of Sch	ool Attanded	Severity of Visual In	npe irment
Service Cherecteristics	Regular School	Special School	Partially Sighted	81 ind
Percentage received transportation				
help in the pest year from:*				
Secondary school	54.6	25.3	50.6	28.8
	( 9.3)	(7.3)	(10.2)	( 9.3)
Special school	10.1	49.2	22.3	31.9
	( 5.6)	( 8.4)	( 8.5)	( 9.5)
Vocational Rehebilitation	5.7	1.6	8.4	1.0
	( 4.3)	( 2.1)	( 5.7)	{ 2.1}
Hospital/institution	2.3	1.6	1.6	0.5
	( 2.8)	(2.1)	( 2.5)	(1.4)
Other source	34.1	30.6	22.3	41.8
	( 8.8)	( 7.7)	( 8.5)	( 9.9)
Number of respondents	89	132	75	95
Percentage with transportacion help including:				
Rides on special vehicles	11.8	43.1	13.9	29.9
	( 2.9)	( 5.6)	( 3.6)	( 5.8)
Help getting into vehicles	2.3	3.9	2.6	2.8
	(1.4)	( 2.2)	(:3)	{ 2.1}
Help welking to school/work	0.3	1.0	0.3	0.8
	( 0.5)	(1.1)	( 0.5)	(1.2)
Owning adapted vehicle	0.8	0.2	0.1	0.8
	( 0.8)	( 0.5)	( 0.4)	(1.2)
Aide to push wheelchair	0.4	1.2	0.0	0.5
	( 0.6)	(1.2)	( 0.0)	( 0.9)
Rides to places could not	<b>,</b> ,	• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •	•	••
otherwise go	4.1	11.4	3.1	7.5
••••••	(1.8)	(3.6)	( 1.8)	(3.4)
Other	6.1	10.9	6.8	9.0
<del></del>	( 2.2)	(3.)	( 2.6)	( 3.7)
Number of respondents	374	2.9	285	244



<sup>\*</sup> Of th. -- .nat received transportation help in the past year. See Table 28.

Table 35C: TRANSPORTATION ASSISTANCE RECEIVED BY YOUTH WITH VISUAL IMPAIRM NTS

	Household Income			Ethnicity	Head of Household's Education		
Service Characteristics		12,000- \$24,999	\$25,000 and Over	Black White Hispanic	No High School Oiplams	High School Diplome	Beyond High School
Percentage received transportation				•			•
help in the past year from:*					40.4	aa c	27.5
Secondary school	41.4	34.0	46.3	40.3 34.0 63.6	46.1	32.5	37.5
•	(11.6)		(9.1)	(9.4) (7.6) (13.6)	(10.4)	(9.7)	( 9.7)
Special school	32.8	31.4	22.1	33.1 32.8 29.0	34.6	26.9	32.2
	(11.1)		( 7.6)	( 9.0) ( 7.6) (12.9)	( 9.9)	( 9.2)	( 9.3)
Vocational Rehabilitation	1.1	7.3	2.5	3.1 3.3 0.0	1.0	6.3	2.2
	( 2.5)	(6.1)	( 2.9)	( 3.3) ( 2.9) ( 0.0)	( 2.1)	( 5.0)	( 2.9)
Hospital/institution	4.8	0.0	0.0	9.1 0.3 0.0	2.7	1.9	0.9
	(5.1)	(0.0)	( 0.0)	( 5.4) ( 0.9) ( 0.0)	( 3.4)	( 2.8)	(0.0)
Other source	28.9	31.5	34.1	28.9 34.0 20.4	22.1	38.6	34.8
	(10.7)	(10.9)	( 8.6)	(8.6) (7.5) (11.4)	( 8.7)	(10.1)	( 9.5)
Number of respondents	54	59	95	61 146 25	70	85	77
Percentage with transportation help							
including:							
Rides on special vehicles	23.5	20.0	17.9	16.6 23.5 25.7	20.5	18.8	24.9
A (GCS G). Special veriles	(5.8)	(5.2)	(4.0)	(3.9) (3.9) (7.4)	( 4.6)	( 4.8)	( 4.8)
Help getting into vehicles	1.1	1.9	4.0	1.1 3.8 4.3	2.2	5.3	2.0
the the decenting times verificate	(1.4)	(1.8)	(2.1)	(1.1) (1.8) (3.4)	( 1.7)	( 2.8)	{ 1.6}
Help walking to school/work	0.4	0.3	0.7	0.0 0.6 1.3	0.0	0.8	0.4
the the me trains to action to work	( 0.8)		( 0.9)	(0.0) (0.7) (1.9)	( 0.0)	(1.1)	( 0.7)
Owning adapted vehicle	` 0.0	1.4	0.2	0.0 0.7 1.3	0.3	0.0	1.5
Owning sospies venicie	( 0.0)			(0.0) (0.8) (1.9)	( 0.6)	( 0.0)	( 1.3)
Aide to push wheelchair	` 0.0	0.6	0.2	0.5 0.6 1.3	0.0	0.2	0.9
Atoe to push wheelchair	( 0.0)			(0.7) (0.7) (1.9)	( 0.0)	(0.6)	(1.1)
Other to place could not	( 0.0)	( 2.0)	( 0.0,	( 000 ) ( 000 ) ( 000 )	••	•	-
Rides to places could not	4.1	3.7	6.0	4.7 6.5 9.7	4.1	5.1	10.7
otherwise go	( 2.7)			(2.2) (2.3) (5.0)	( 2.3)	(2.7)	( 3.4)
Ohhan	13.3	4.4	0.2	6.9 8.8 7.8	11.6	7.2	5.2
Other .	( 4.6)			(2.6) (2.6) (4.6)	(3.7)	(3.2)	( 2.5)
Number of respondents	163	195	285	206 437 70	<b>231</b>	240	248

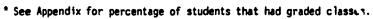
<sup>\*</sup> Of those that received transportation help in the past year. See Table 28.

Table 36A: SECONDARY SCHOOL EDUCATIONAL ACHIEVEMENT OF YOUTH WITH VISUAL IMPAIRMENTS

•		Community	<u>Gender</u>	Age in 1987	School Status	
Secondary School Achievement Tot	<u>Total</u>	Urban Suburban Rural	Male Female	19 or 15-16 17-18 older	In-School or less	Out 1 - 2 Years
Percentage receiving grades		***				
with secondary school grade point average (GPA) of:*						
3.25 or higher	17.3	7.0 28.2 10.5	16.4 18.2	90 9 12 5 10 2	17.6	· • •
3.23 or might	(3.2)	(3.4) (8.4) (8.6)		20.8 13.5 19.2	17.9 14.1	20.2
2 75 40 2 24			(3.9) (5.3)	(6.6) (4.8) (5.1)	(4.1) (6.2)	(7.3)
2.75 to 3.24	19.3	21.8 15.3 11.2	14.2 25.8	14.0 22.6 20.3	18.1 25.3	17.4
0.0P 4: 0.74	(3.4)	[5.4] (6.9) (8.8)	(3.7) (6.1)	(5.6) (5.9) (5.2)	(4.2) (7.8)	( 6.9
2.25 to 2.74	27.0	24.7 27.4 26.8	20.1 35.6	26.0 25.1 31.1	26.6 26.3	31.0
	(3.8)	(5.7) (8.4) (12.4)	(4.2) (6.6)	(7.1)(6.1)(6.0)	(4.8) (7.9)	( 8.4
1.75 to 2.24	24.1	25.9 18.9 43.8	33.8 12.2	22.0 28.7 19.3	24.8 25.4	17.2
	( 3.6)	( 5.8) ( 7.3) (13.9)	( 5.0) ( 4.5)	(6.7) (6.4) (5.1)	(4.7) (7.8)	( 6.8
1.25 to 1.74	7.2	10.1 8.7 5.1	8.2 6.0	9.0 5.9 7.1	7.3 3.9	10.5
	( 2.2)	(4.0) (5.3) (6.1)	(2.9)(3.3)	(4.6) (3.3) (3.3)	(2.8) $(3.5)$	( 5.5
Less than 1.25	5.1	10.5 0.5 2.7	7.4 2.3	8.2 4.3 3.0	5.3 5.0	3.7
	(1.9)	(4.0) (1.4) (4.5)	(2.8)(2.1)	(4.4) (2.9) (2.2)	(2.4) $(3.9)$	( 3.4
Number of respondents	501	146 102 33	284 216	148 196 157	334 98	65
verage GPA for students eceiving grades:*						
As a whole	2.5	2.2 2.7 2.4	2.4 2.6	2.5 2.5 2.6	2.5 2.5	
Na e miore	( 0.1)	(0.1)(0.1)(0.2)	( 0.1) ( 0.1)			2.5
In smades 7 on 9					(0.1) $(0.1)$	( 0.1
In grades 7 or 8	2.4		2.4 2.4	2.5	2.5	
	( 0.2)		(0.3) (0.2)	( 0.3)	( 0.2)	
In grades 9 or 10	2.4	2.2 2.6	2.3 2.6	2.5 2.3	2.4	
	( 0.1)	( 0.2) ( 0.2)	(0.1) (0.2)	(0.2) (0.1)	( 0.1)	
In grades 11 or 12	2.6	2.4 2.7	2.5 2.7	2. <b>6</b> 2.6	2.6 2.6	2.6
	(0.1)	(0.1) (0.2)	(0.1)(0.1)	(0.1)(0.1)	(0.1) (0.1)	( 0.2
Number of respondents	500	145 102 33	283 216	148 195 157	333 98	65
Percentage receiving grades tho received I or more failing						
rades in most recent school year:*						
As a whole	17.1	20.4 15.7 29.4	21.3 11.6	20.7 .9.7 9.7	18.6 13.4	13.9
	(3.0)	(5.1) (6.3) (12.8)	(4.2)(4.2)	(6.3) (5.4) (3.7)	(3.9) $(5.9)$	( 6.8
In grades 7 or 8	20.2		28.4 7.0	19.4	18.8	,
<b>3</b>	(9.9)		(14.4) ( 9.8)	(11.3)	(10.6)	
In grades 9 or 10	24.6	29.9 22.7	30.9 16.2	24.8 25.1	'aa a'	
in graces a or iv	(5.8)					
In enades 11 on 12		(8.8) (11.2)	(7.9) (8.0)	(8.5) (8.8)	( 6.2)	
In grades 11 or 12	14.7	11.0 13.6	18.2 11.3	18.1 12.1	18.8 9.7	15.7
	(4.6)	(6.1) (9.1)	( 6.5) ( 6.5)	(8.3) (4.8)	(8.6) (5.8)	( 8.5
Number of respondents	562	154 114 <b>3</b> 3	324 237	163 218 181	380 102	76
						~ ~
						28

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## Table 368: SECONDARY SCHOOL EDUCATIONAL ACHIEVEMENT OF YOUTH WITH VISUAL IMPAIRMENTS

1	Type of Sci	nool Attended	Severity of Visual Impairment		
Secondary School Achievement	Regular School	Special School	Partially Sighted	Blind	
Percentage receiving grades with secondary school grade			•		
point average (GPA) of:* 3.25 or higher	15.5 ( 3.9)	21.6 ( 5.1)	15.3 ( 3.8)	21.8 ( 6.4)	
2.75 to 3.24	17.8 ( 4.1)	23.2 ( 5.2)	20.2 ( 4.2)	23.2	
2.25 to 2.74	26.1 ( 4.8)	29.3 ( 5.6)	24.4 ( 4.5)	28.9 ( 7.0)	
1.75 to 2.24	26.9 ( 4.8)	17.1 ( 4.7)	25.0 ( 4.5)	18.4 ( 6.0)	
1.25 to 1.74	8.6 (3.0)	3.7 ( 2.3)	(3.1)	3.0 ( 2.7)	
Less than 1.25	5.1 ( 2.4)	5.0 ( 2.7)	5.4 ( 2.4)	4.7 ( 3.3)	
Number of respondents	280	221	290	177	
Average GPA for students receiving grades:*					
As a whole	2.4 ( 0.1)	2.7 ( 0.1)	2.4 ( 0.1)	2.6 { 0.1}	
In grades 7 or 8	2.6 ( 0.3)	2.1 ( 0.3)	2.6 ( 0.3)	2.3 ( 0.3)	
In grades 9 or 10	2.3 ( 0.1)	2.6 ( 0.1)	2.3 ( 0.1)	2.6 ( 0.2)	
In grades 11 or 12	2.5 ( 0.1)	3.0 ( 0.1)	2.5 ( 0.1)	2.8 ( 0.2) 17/	
Number of respondents	279	221	290	1//	
Percentage receiving grades who received 1 or more failing grades in most recent school year:*			o. 4	14.0	
As a whole	18.9 ( 4.1)	13.5 ( 4.2)	21.4 ( 4.2)	( 5.1) 22.0	
In grades 7 or 8	11.1 (10.0)	45.5 (18.9)	25.3 (13.8)	(18.2)	
In grades 9 or 10	25. <b>5</b> ( 7.0)	22.2 ( 9.7)	22.4 ( 6.9)	27.2 (11.1)	
In grades 11 or 12	17.2 ( 6.1)	6.7 ( 5.3)	21.2 ( 6.3)	4.0 ( 4.8) 196	
Number of respondents	298	264	304	196	



<sup>\*</sup> See Appendix for percentage of students that had graded classes.

## 1 Tobie 36C: SECONDARY SCHOOL EDUCATIONAL ACHIEVEMENT OF YOUTH WITH VISUAL IMPAIRMENTS

•	Hor	useho 1d 1	ncome	Ethnicity	Head of Household's Education		
Secondary School Achievement			\$25,000 and Over	Black White Hispanic	No High School Diploms	High School Diplome	Beyond High School
Percentage receiving grades with secondary school grade			<b>"</b>				
point average (GPA) of:*							
3.25 or higher	19.7 (7.6)	10.0 (5.1)	21.2 ( 5. <b>6</b> )	9.9 20.1 11.4 ( 4.6) ( 4.8) ( 6.9)	10.1 ( 4.4)	18.7 ( 7.0)	19.8 ( 5.9)
2.75 to 3.24	17.7 ( 7.3)	19.4	26.6 ( 6.1)	14.3 20.6 29.5 ( 5.4) ( 4.8) ( 9.9)	18.4 ( 5.6)	22.4 ( 7.4)	21.1 ( 8.0)
2.25 to 2.74	20.8 ( 7.7)	34.9	25.0 ( 5.9)	25.6 27.3 27.1 (6.8) (5.3) (9.7)	21.4 ( 5.9)	28.0 ( 8.0)	33.6 ( 6.9)
1.75 to 2.24	26.8 ( 8.4)	22.0 (7.0)	16.8 ( 5.1)	26.0 24.4 12.6 ( 6.8) ( 5.1) ( 7.2)	30.2 ( <b>6.6</b> )	22.3 ( 7.5)	15.6 ( 5.3)
1.25 to 1.74	8.7 ( 5.4)	7.6	8.0 ( 3.7)	13.8 4.6 12.7 (5.3) (2.5) (7.2)	10.5	5.7 ( 4.1)	6.0 ( 3.5)
Less than 1.25	6.4	6.2	2.4	10.5 2.9 6.8 (4.8) (2.0) (5.5)	9.4 ( 4.2)	1.8	3.8 ( 2.8)
Number of respondents	( 4.6) 93	( 4.1) 113	( 2.1) 170	105 274 38	135	134	145
Average GPA for students							
receiving grades:" As a whole	2.5	2.4	2.6	2.2 2.6 2.5	2.3	2.6	2. <b>8</b> ( 0.1)
In grades 7 or 8	( 0.2)	( 0.1)	( 0.1) 2.5	(0.1) (0.1) (0.2)	( 0.1) 1.8	( 0.1)	2.4
In grades 9 or 10	2.3	2.2	( 0.3) 2.6	( 0.4) 2.0	( 0.3) 2.2	2.3	( 0.3) 2.6
In grades 11 or 12	( 0.3) 2.7	2.6	( 0.1) 2.7	( 0.2) ( 6.1) ( 0.3) 2.4 2.7 2.5	( 0.2) 2.6	( 0.2) 2.8	( 0.2) 2.7
Number of respondents	( 0.2) 93	( 0.2) 112	( 0.1) 170	( 0.2) ( 0.1) ( 0.2) 105 274 35	( 0.2) 134	( 0.1) 134	( 0.2) 145
Percentage receiving grades who received 1 or more failing grades in most recent school year:*							
As a whole	18.0 (7.0)	19.2 (6.3)	15.2 ( 4.9)	32.7 12.7 11.7 (6.7) (3.8) (6.9)	16.0 ( 5.3)	20.4 ( 8.8)	12.9 ( 4.9)
In grades 7 or 8			22.1 (18.9)	23.9	43.6 (21.4)		18.7 (17.7)
In grades 9 or 10	21.7 (13.1)	33.2 (12.3)	18.5	37.3 20.0 13.2 (11.1) ( 7.9) (10.4)	20.0 (10.0)	32.9 (12.5)	15.3 ( 8.5)
In grades 11 or 12	18.2 (11.5)	6.1	14.7 { 7.6}	37.6 7.9 12.3 (11.7) ( 4.8) (11.1)	8.3 ( 6.4)	14.7 ( 9.4)	14.9 ( 8.3)
Number of respondents	104	127	181	118 303 37	151	148	156

<sup>289</sup> 

<sup>\*</sup> See Appendix for percentage of students that had graded classes.



Table 36A: SECONDARY SCHOOL EDUCATIONAL ACHIEVENENT OF YOUTH WITH VISUAL IMPAIRMENTS (Continued)

•		Community	Gender	Age in 1967	School Status		
Secondary School Achievement	<u>Total</u>	<u> Urban Suburban Rural</u>	Hele Female	19 or 15-16 17-18 older	Out 1 year Out 1 - 2 In-School or less Years		
Of students that had graded classes in regular education, percentage receiving-a failing grade*	15.9 ( 3.8) 313	16.0 13.4 24.6 (5.1) (6.5) (13.4) 134 100 28	18.3 13.1 (5.1) (5.7) 173 140	18.6 15.7 12.6 ( 7.2) ( 6.1) ( 6.2) 105 131 77	17.3 10.4 18.5 (5.0) (6.6) (9.5) 210 9 7 7 10.65 36		
Of students that had graded classes in special education, percentage receiving a failing grade**  Number of respondents	10.7 ( 3.0) 378	13.0 1 5 15.7 (5.9) (2.7) (13.6) 89 54 17	16.6 2.4 ( 4.6) ( 2.4) 224 153	12.1 15.8 4.8 (6.4) (6.2) (3.1) 103 136 139	. 11.7 9.1 8.1 (3.9) (6.5) (6.6) 261 65 49		
Percentage absent from school: Fawer than 5 days 6 to 10 days	45.6 ( 4.0) 20.7 ( 3.2)	30.7 52.8 57.5 (6.2) (8.5) (14.4) 24.3 18.4 3.9 (5.8) (6.8) (5.6)	50.8 38.1 ( 5.2) ( 6.1) 10.9 23.4 ( 4.1) ( 5.3)	42.5 49.7 43.0 (8.1) (6.4) (5.8) 25.4 18.0 22.4 (7.1) (4.7) (4.9)	48.4 37.0 42.8 (5.0) (7.8) (9.9) 20.0 14.6 34.4 (4.0) (5.7) (9.5)		
11 to 20 days 21 to 30 days	19.2 ( 3.1) 8.2 ( 2.2)	26.7 18.5 16.0 (5.9) (6.3) (10.7) 7.5 6.8 20.4 (3.5) (4.3) (11.8)	18.7 . '9.5 ( 4.0) ( 5.0) 6.9 10.4 ( 2.6) ( 3.8)	18.4 23.3 14.3 (6.4) (5.4) (4.1) 9.4 5.4 11.0 (4.8) (2.9) (3.7)	16.5 28.7 8.3 (3.9) (7.4) (5.5) 7.3 12.4 6.9 (2.6) (5.3) (5.1)		
More than 30 days  Number of respondents	6.2 ( 1.9) 560	10.8 5.5 2.3 (4.2) (3.9) (4.3) 140 99 30	4.6 8.6 ( 2.2) ( 3.5) 325 232	4.3 5.5 9.2 (3.3) (2.9) (3.4) 151 226 183	5.7 7.4 7.8 (2.3) (4.2) (5.3) 380 107 80		



<sup>\*</sup> See Appendix for percentage of students that had graded classes in regular education.
\*\* See Appendix for percentage of students that had graded classes in special education.

Table 368: SECONDARY SCHOOL EDUCATIONAL ACHIEVEMENT OF YOUTH WITH VISUAL IMPAIRMENTS (Continued)

	Type of Sci	nool Attended	Severity of Visual Impairment		
Secondary School Achievement	Regular School	Special Europa	Partially Sighted	Blind	
Of students that had graded classes in regular education, percentage receiving a failing grade*	16.6	4.6	21`.9	3.8	
	( 4.1)	( 4.2)	( 5.1)	( 4.0)	
Number of respondents	271	42	200	93	
Of students that had graded classes in special education, percentage receiving a failing grade**	7.2 ( 3.7)	14.9 ( 4.6)	8.4 ( 3.4)	16.4 ( 6.1)	
Number of respondents	149	229	179	146	
Percentage absent from school:	44.4	47.6	50.3	41.6	
Fewer than 5 days	( 5.4)	( 5.7)	( 5.3)	( 6.5)	
6 to 10 days	17.7	25.4	16.3	24.5	
	( 4.1)	( 5.0)	( 3.9)	( 5.7)	
31 to 20 days	21.4	15.8	19.6	21.9	
	( 4.4)	( 4.2)	( 4.2)	( 5.5)	
21 to 30 days	10.4	4.8	7.5	4.8	
	( 3.3)	( 2.4)	( 2.8)	( 2.8)	
More than 30 days	6.2	6.3	6.2	7.3	
	( 2.6)	( 2.8)	( 2.6)	( 3.4)	
Number of respondents	263	297	297	202	

 $<sup>^*</sup>$  See Appendix for percentage of students that had graded classes in regular education.  $^{**}$  See Appendix for percentage of students that had graded classes in special education.

Table 36C: SECONDARY SCHOOL EDUCATIONAL ACHIEVEMENT OF YOUTH WITH VISUAL IMPAIRMENTS (Continued)

Secondary School Achievement	Household Income			<u>Ethnicity</u>			Head of Household's Education		
	Under \$12,000	12,000- \$24,999	\$25,000 and Over	Black	White	Hispanic	No High School Olplana	High School Diplome	Beyond High School
Of students that had graded classes in regular education, percentage receiving a failing grads*	20.9. (10.4)	11.9 ( <b>6</b> .6)	16.0 ( 5.8)	38.5 ( 9.5)	30.6 ( 4.6		16.6 ( 6.7)	18.0 ( 8.7)	12.7 ( 5.3)
Number of respondents	51	69	124	68	160	34	84	80	102 ;
Of students that had graded classes in special education, percentage receiving a failing grade**	10.0 ( 5.8) 79	15.1 ( 7.8) 89	2.5 ( 2.8) 105	12.6 ( 5.3) 75	8.8 ( 3.9 208	) ( 7.8)	10.4 ( 5.2) 110	13.8 ( 6.6) 105	5.7 ( 4.6) 86
Number of respondents	/3	69	103	/3	200	67	110 .	100	•
Percentage absent from school: Fewer than 5 days	43.7 ( 8.5)	50.5 ( 7.6)	44.6 ( 6.9)	40.3 ( 7.1)			43.4 ( 7.2)	49.5 ( 7.4)	41.7 (7.4)
6 to 10 days	22.9 ( 7.2)	17.3 (5.8)	22.2 ( 5.8)	22.3 ( 6.0)		) ( 9.3)	23.6 ( 6.2)	13.1 ( 5.0)	29.6 ( 8.8)
11 to 20 days	19.2 ( 6.7)	20.7 ( 5.2)	19.0 ( 5.5)	21.8 ( 6.0)	16.4 (.4.1	24.0 ) ( 9.6)	16.6 ( 5.4)	23.9 ( 6.3)	15.2 ( 5.4)
21 to 30 days	6.6 ( 4.2)	6.4 (3.7)	6.9 ( 3.5)	6.2 ( 3.5)	7.2	) (8.3)	8.0 ( 4.0)	7.2 ( 3.8)	7.3 ( 3.9)
More than 30 days	7.6 ( 4.5)	5.1 ( 3.3)	7.3 ( 3.6)	9.4	5.9 2.6		8.4 ( 4.0)	6.4 ( 3.6)	6.2 ( 3.6)
Number of respondents	104	130	179	118	305	34	152	152	150

<sup>\*</sup> See Appendix for percentage of students that had graded classes in regular education.
\*\* See Appendix for percentage of students that had graded classes in special education.

Table 36A: SECONDARY SCHOOL EDUCATIONAL ACHIEVEMENT OF YOUTH WITH V'SUAL IMPAIRMENTS (Concluded)

		Community	<u>Gender</u>	Age in 1987	School Status
Secondary School Achievement	Tota 1	Urban Suburban Rural	Male Female	19 or 15-16 17-18 older	In-School Out 1 year Out 1 - 2 Years
Average days absent:					
As a whole	10.3	13.4 9.0 10.2	9.4 11.6	10.1 9.4 11.6	*******
	(0.9)	(1.9) (1.8) (2.8)	(1.2) (1.4)		9.7 12.1 10.6
In grades 7 or 8	13.9		10.3 20.7	10.0	(1.1) $(1.8)$ $(2.4)$
	(3.3)		(4.1) (4.9)	(3.9)	13.2
In grades 9 or 10	9.4	13.2 6.7	9.3 9.5	8.7 9.9	( 3.5)
	(1.5)	(2.6) (2.2)	(2.0) (2.2)	(2.1) (2.2)	8.9
In grades 11 or 12	10.0	12.8 8.2	8.4 11.9	8.4 11.3	( 1.6)
	(1.4)	(3.0) $(2.1)$	(1.8) (2.2)	(1.9) (1.7)	8.6 11.6 10.0
Ungraded	9.9	*** #** ***	10.5 8.4	7.7 12.0	(2.1) (2.2) (2.7) 10.1
	(2.4)		(3.2)(2.9)	(3.9) (3.2)	
Number of respondents	559	139 99 30	324 232	151 225 183	(3.1) 379 107 <b>69</b>
Percentage of students in schools and at grade levels in which minimum competency tests were given that were exempted					
from tests*	21.9	23.1 27.3 6.6	23.0 20.3	20.3 14.8 34.6	20.9 24.6 21.0
Humbon of normalists	(3.9)	(6.4) (8.8) (8.3)	(5.1) (6.0)	(7.9) (5.2) (6.9)	20.9 24.6 21.0 (4.9) (7.9) (9.3)
Number of respondents	366	115 70 22	217 147	95 158 113	244 77 44
Percentage taking minimum competency tests that:					
Fa i 1ed	7.2	3.6 3 8 0.0	9.2 3.5	14.9 3.0 7.4	
	(2.3)	(3.5) (4.2) (0.0)	(4.2) (3.3)		9.5 2.2 1.4
Passed in part	20.8	31.7 21.4 16.8	23.0 17.8	(7.9) (2.9) (4.8) 21.1 24.8 11.9	(4.2) $(3.1)$ $(3.3)$
	( 4.5)	(8.7) (9.2) (13.2)	(6.1) (6.8)	(9.1) (7.3) (5.9)	23.5 17.8 8.0
Passed fully	72.1	64.8 75.0 83.2	67.8 78.8	64.1 72.2 80.7	(6.1) (8.1) (7.4) 67.0 80.0 90.5
	( 5.0)	(8.9) (9.7) (13.2)	(6.7) (7.3)	(10,7) (7.6) (7.2)	
Number of respondents	26	81 55 20	258 108	76 121 71	(6.7) (8.5) (8.0) 179 58 31



<sup>\*</sup> See Appendix for perc ntage in schools and at grade levels that were subject to minimum competency tests.

	Type of Sci	nool Attended	Severity of Visual Impairment		
Secondary School Achievement	Regular School	Special School	Partially Sighted	Blind	
Avérage days absent: As a whole	10.9 ( 1.2)	9.3	9.7	10.6 ( 1.5)	
In grades 7 or 8	14.9	11.2	9.5 ( 3.6)	17.3 ( 6.6)	
In grades 9 or 10	9.4 ( 1.8)	9.5 ( 2.4)	8.5 (1.8)	10.2 ( 2.2)	
In grades 11 or 12	10.7 ( 1.8)	8.7 ( 2.2)	10.7 ( 1.8)	8.2 ( 2.0)	
Ungraded	•••	9.3 ( 2.8)	9.0 ( 5.1)	11.1 ( 3.8)	
Number of respondents	262	297	297	202	
Percentage of students in schools and at grade levels in which minimum competency tests were given that were exempted from tests*	18.4 ( 4.6)	30.8 ( 6.6)	18.6 ( 4.6)	15.9 ( 6.1)	
Number of respondents	207	159	210	129	
Percentage taking minimum competency tests that: Failed	2.5 ( 2.1)	21.3 ( 7.1)	5.0 ( 3.0)	11.8 ( 6.4)	
Passed in part	23.2 ( 5.8)	13.5 ( 5.9)	16.6 ( 5.1)	28.1 ( 9.0)	
Passed fully	74.3 ( 6.0)	65.2 ( 8.3)	78.5 ( 5.6)	60.1 ( 9.7)	
Number of respondents	161	107	161	97	

<sup>\*</sup> See Appendix for percentage in schools and at grade levels that were subject to minimum competency tests.

Table 36C: SECONDARY SCHOOL EDUCATIONAL ACHIEVEMENT OF YOUTH WITH VISUAL IMPAIRMENTS (Concluded)

	Hous	ehold I	ncome	Ethnicity	Head of Household's Education		
Secondary School Achievement	Under 1 \$12,000 \$	2,000- 24,999	\$25,000 and Over	Black White Hispanic	No High School	High School	Beyond High School
Average (sys absent: As a whole	10.0		,				
V2 e MDIA	10.8	9.0	10.4	12.6 9.2 12.7	10.8	9.9	10.2
In grades 7 or 8	( 2.1)	(1.6)	(1.6)	(2.1) (1.1) (2.7) 12.3	( 1.8) 7.5	( 1.6)	( 1.8) 19.0
In grades 9 or 10	10.9 ( 3.3)	8.8 ( 2.7)	( 7.4) 9.4 ( 2.5)	( 4.9) 14.6 7.7 11.7	( 3.8) 11.0	9.2	( <b>6.8</b> ) 8.8
In grades 11 or 12	11.5 ( 3.7)	8.2 ( 2.1)	8.9 ( 1.8)	(3.5) (1.7) (4.1) 10.3 9.5 (3.2) (1.7)	( 2.7) 11.5	( 2.8) 8.9	( 2.6) 10.9
Ungraded	9.7	10.5 ( 5.9)	10.1	14.7 9.2 (6.1) (2.8)	( 2.9) 11.2 ( 5.5)	(1.9) 14.3	( 3.0) 6.0
Number of respondents	104	129	179	118 305 33	151	( 4.8) 152	( 2.1) 155
Percentage of students in schools and at grade levels in which minimum competency tests were given that were exempted from dests*	,15.9	28.6	19.3	27.C 21.2 16.3	29.2	14.4	19.6
Number of respondents	( 8.3) 62	( 8.2) 83	( 6.4) 129	( 7.8) ( 5.5) ( 9.3) 85 192 27	( 8.3) <b>99</b>	( 5.6) 90	( 6.7) 109
Percentage taking minimum competency tests that:							
Failed	16.8 (10.0)	4.5 ( 4.3)	2.6 ( 2.8)	9.9 6.1 8.7 ( 6.6) ( 3.7) ( 7.9)	15.3 ( 8.2)	3.6 ( 4.0)	3.2 ( 3.3)
Passed in part	20.9	23.9 ( 8.8)	22.4 ( 7.3)	10.6 24.1 27.0 (6.8) (6.6) (12.4)	19.5 ( 9.0)	25.3 ( 9.3)	19.7 ( 7.4)
Passed fully	(13.0)		75.0 ( 7.5)	79.5 69.8 64.3 (9.0) (7.1) (13.4)	65.1 (10.8)	/1.1 ( 9.7)	77.2 ( 7.8)
Number of respondents	47	57	105	58 147 22	69	71	86



<sup>\*</sup> See Appendix for percentage in schools and at grade levels that were subject to minimum competency tests.

ble 37A: SECONDARY SCHOOL COMPLETION OF YOUTH VITH VISUAL IMPAINMENTS

			myn ity	· `	Genc	br.		in 19	<u> </u>		chool Status	
School Completion	<u>Total</u>	<u>Urben</u> S	i <u>. turban</u>	Rural	Ma re	emo le	<u>15-16</u>		19 or older	In-School	Out 1 year or less	Out 1 = 2
Percentage out-of-school youth who	*		,		C'			.` t,	<i>i</i> ,	*,** *,		
Graduated	<del>6</del> 9.5 ( 4.7)	72.2 ( 7.3)	.86.6 (\.8.0)		67.5 · ( 5.9)	72.2		62.9	72.8 ( 5.1)	•••	76.1 ( <b>6</b> .0)	62.3 ( 7.3)
Dropped out	15.2 ( 3.7)	20.2	6.8	***	16.7	13.4	,	30.7	10.0		14.9 ( 5.0)	15.5 ( \$:4)
Were suspended expelled	1.6	0.0	0.0			0.6		6.5	0.0		0.9	( 2.3)
Reached age limit	13.7	7.6	6.6	-~-	13.3	13.8	•••	0.0	17.2		8.1	19.8
Number of respondents	( 3.5) 279	( 4.3) 77	( 5.8) 40	10	( 4.2) 161	117	3	( 0 <u>0</u> ) 50	( 4.3) 221	0	( 3.8) 148	( <b>6</b> .0) 131
Percentage of graduates receiving		27.0			70.0			100	70 0		•• •	<b>3</b> 9 <b>4</b>
a regular diploma	81.1 ( 5.7)	97.9 ( 3.3)	94.6		79.9 (7.2)	83.0 (9.1)	*	100	76.8 ( 6.2)		83.3 ( 6.8)	77.2 ( 8.6)
Number of respondents	159	45	26	7	96	63	3	27	129	0	88	68
Percentage of dropouts whose parenteported they left school because: Not doing well in school	t <b>s</b> 	***	•••		•••		•••		;	•••	. •••	· •••
Didn't like school/bored		***		***	•							
Had behavior problems												
Needed/found a job		•										
Got married/had a child									*			
Didn't get into program wanted												***
Illness or disability										***		
Moved					-1-				+	*		***
Friends were dropping out												
Other												
Number of respondents	14	3	2	1	7	7	1	7	6	0	8	6
Percentage of dropouts expected by parents to finish secondary school												
Number of respondents	13	2	1	1	8	5	1	,	6	0	7	6

<sup>\*</sup> See Appendix for percentage of youth who were out of secondary school.

Source Parent interviews and students' school records.

	Type of Sci	nool Attended	Severity of Visual Impelment		
School Completion	Regular School	Seec le 1 School	Partially Sighted	3. B. Sind	
Percentage out-of-school youtn who:* Graduated	78.9	60.6	81.1	64.7	
Dropped out	( 5.9) 18.3	( .7.5) .11.2	( 5.9) 15.5	( 9.0) 12.7	
Were suspended expelled	. (5.6) 0.0	(4.8)	( 5.4) 0.5	( 6.3)	
Reached age limit	( 0.0) 2.8	( 2.3) 25.9	( 1.0) 3.0	21.2	
Number of respondents	( 2.4) 125	( \$.7) 119	( 2.6) 112	( 7.7) 101	
Percentage of graduates receiving a regular diploma	94.4 ( 4.5)	55.4 (10.9)	91.8 ( 5.3)	74.5 (10.9)	
Musber of respondents	81	78	83	64	
Percentage of dropouts whose parents reported they left school because: Not doing well in school	•••	:	·	***	
Didn't like school/bored			•••	***	
Hed behavior problems					
Needed/fount a job			***		
Got married/had a child		•••			
Didn't get into program wanted	•••	•••			
Illness or disability	•••	•••		•••	
Hoved	•••	•••	•••		
Friends were dropping out		•••	•••		
Other	•••		•••		
Number of respondents	6	5	4	6	
Percentage of dropouts expected by parents to finish secondary school					
Number of respondents	4	5	3	5	

<sup>\*</sup> See Appendix for percentage of youth who were out of secondary school.

Source: Parent interviews and students' school records.



Table 37C: SECONDARY SCHOOL COMPLETION OF YOUTH WITH VISUAL IMPAIRMENTS

						,				
	Ho	usehold I	ncome	cme Ethnicity -		ity -	Head of Household's Education			
School Completion	Under 12,000- \$12,000 \$24,999		\$25,000 and Over	Black White Hispanic		No High School Diploma	High School Diplome	Beyond High School		
Percentage out-of-school youth ' o:* Graduated	68.2 ( 9.2)	73.8 (10.2)	85.6 ( 6.2)	<b>69.2</b> ( 7.7)	74.9 ( 6.4)	81.5 (12.4)	79.7 { 3.8}	83.0 ( 7.8)	68.3 ( 8.5)	
Dropped out	16.0 ( 7.3)	15.2	2.2 ( 2.6)	15.2	9.6	0.0	16.4 ( 7.2)	4.6	9.1 ( 5.2)	
Were suspended expelled	1.5	0.0	3.6	0.0	2.1	0.0	. 0.0	1.1	3.9 ( 3.5)	
Reached age limit	( 2.4) 14.2 ( 6.9)	11.0	( 3.3) 8.6 ( 4.9)	15.7	13.3 ( 5.0)	18.5	12.9 ( 6.5)	11.3 ( 6.6)	18.8 ( 7.1)	
Number of respondents	45	64	93	69	151	17	73	74	80	
Percentage of graduates receiving a regular diploma	80.4 (14.1)	90.7 ( <b>9</b> .3)	91.2 ( 6.5)	78.7 (10.3)	84.8 ( 7.4)		88.9 ( 8.4)	77.9 (12.7)	86.9 ( 8.5)	
Number of respondents	24	32	60	35	90	10	43	39	48	
Percentage of dropouts whose parents reported they left school because:  Not doing well in school				<b>~-</b> ~		•	•••			
Didn't like school/bored										
Had behavior problems										
Needed/found a job									***	
Got married/had a child								*		
Didn't get into program wanted							***			
Illness or disability										
Moved										
Friends were dropping out								-		
Other										
Number of respondents	5	6	2	3	9	0	6	3	4	
Percentage of dropouts expected by parents to finish secondary school										
Number of respondents	5	5	2	3	9	0	4	4	4	

<sup>\*</sup> See Appendix for percentage of youth who were out of secondary school.

Source: Parent interviews and students' school records.



Table 38A: RESIDENTIAL INDEPENDENCE OF YOUTH WITH VISUAL IMPAIRMENTS

		Community	<u>Gender</u>	Age in 1987	School Status
Residential <u>Independence Characteristics</u>	<u>Total</u>	<u>Urban Suburban Rural</u>	Male Female	19 or 15-16 17-18 older	In-School Out 1 year Out 1 - 2 Years
Percentage living:				,	
With parent(s)	86.9 ( 2.2)	90.3 52.9 <b>94</b> .5 ( 2.9) ( 3. <b>9</b> ) ( 5.5)	87.7 85.8 ( 2.7) ( 3.7)	94.7 91.5 75.4 ( 2.8) ( 3.2) (.4.3)	93.6 80.4 <b>64</b> .4 (2.0) (5.9) (7.4)
Alone	1.9	1.3 1.1 1.7	2.6 1.0	9.0 0.7 4.7 (0.0) (1.0) (2.1)	0.2 3.9 <b>5.9</b> ( 0.4) ( 2.9) ( 3.9)
With spouse/roommate	( 0.9)	(1.1) (1.6) (3.1) 2.0 0.0 3.4	(1.3) (1.0) 1.5 3.6 (1.1) (2.0)	0.0 2.5 4.7 (0.0) (1.8) (2.1)	0.4) (2.5) (3.5) 0.3 5.3 9.9 (0.4) (3.3) (4.6)
With other family member	( 1.2) 2.0	(1.3) (0.0) (4.4) 3.2 0.0 0.3	1.3 2.8 ( 0.9) ( 1.8)	0.4 2.3 2.8 (0.8) (1.7) (1.6)	1.5 2.8 3.2 (1.0) (2.5) (2.7)
In a residential/boarding	( 0.9)	(1.7) (0.0) (1.4)	( 0.5) ( 1.6)	•	
school (not a college)	3.6 (1.2)	1.5 0.5 0.0 (1.2) (1.1) (0.0)	3.9 3.2 (1.6) (1.9)	3.7 2.1 5.1 ( 2.4) ( 1.7) ( 2.2)	3.6 5.4 1.6 (1.5) (3.4) (1.9)
In a college dormitory	1.6	0.9 3.5 50 (0.9) (2.8) (30)	1.3 2.0 (0.9) (1.5)	0.0 0.2 4.4 (0.0) (0.5) (2.0)	0.0 0.9 9.3 (-0.0) (1.4) (4.5)
In a group home	0.9 ( 0.6)	0.0 1.5 C.3 (0.0) (1.8) (0.0.	1.0 0.8 (0.8) (0.9)	0.5 0.5 1.6 (0:9) (0.8) (1.3)	0.7 0.0 1.6
In a mental health facility or hospital/institution for the				,	
disabled	0.6 ( 0.5)	0.8 0.5 0.0 (0.9) (1.1) (0.0)	0.5 0.7 (0.6) (0.9)	0.6 0.2 09 (1.0)(0.5)(1.0)	0.2 0.4 2.5 ( 0.3) ( 0.9) ( 2.4)
In a correctional facility	0.0 ( 0.0)	0.0 0.0 0.0 ( 0.0) ( 0.0) ( 0.0)	0.0 0.0 (0.0) (0.0)	0.0 0.0 0.0 ( 0.0) ( 0.0) ( 0.0)	0.0 0.0 0.0 (0.0) (0.0) (0.0)
Other	0.1	0.0 0.0 0.0	0.0 0.2	0.0 0.0 0.3	0.0 0.0 0.7 (0.0) (0.0) (1.3)
Number of respondents	( 0.2) 754	( 0.0) ( 0.0) ( 0.0) 237 138 44	( 0.0) ( 0.5) 435 319	208 270 276	505 130 118
Percentage of institutionalized					
youth who have been in institutions Less than 6 months	: 20.4		••-	*** ***	•••
	(14.0)				
6 to 12 months	40.0 (17.0)				**- ***
13 to 36 months	25.0 (15.0)	*** *** ***			••• •••
> 36 months	14.5		*** ***		
Number of respondents	(12.2) 15	2 3 0	9 6	3 2 10	5 3 7
Percentage making alterations to				0.4 0.5 0.0	0.4 0.0 2.3
home to accommodate disability	9.6 ( 0.5)	0.2 0.0 0.0 ( 0.5) ( 0.0) ( 0.0)	0.9 0.2 (0.8) (0.5)	0.4 0.6 0.8 ( 0.9) ( 0.9) ( 0.9)	(0.5) (0.0) (2.4)
Number of respondents	735	230 135 44	424 311	205 264 266	500 126 109



#### Table 388: RESIDENTIAL INDEPENDENCE OF YOUTH WITH VISUAL IMPAIRMENTS

	Type of Sch	nool Attended	Severity of Visual Impairment			
Residential Independence Characteristics	Regular School	Special School	Part is 11y Sighted	Blind		
Percentage living: With perent(s)	92.3 ( 2.3)	76.8 ( 4.8)	87.7 ( 3.3)	88.1 ( 4.1)		
Alone	1.5 ( 1.1)	3.4 ( 2.1)	2.3 ( 1.5)	1.9		
With apouse/roommate	1.8 ( 1.2)	3.9 ( 2.2)	3.3 ( 1.8)	2.3 ( 1.9)		
With other family member	1.2	2.5 ( 1.8)	2.5 ( 1.8)	1.5 ( 1.6)		
In a residential/boarding school (not a college)	0.7	9.3 ( 3.3)	2.3 ( 1.5)	2.7		
In a college dormitory	1.6 ( 1.1)	1.3 ( 1.3)	1.8 ( 1.3)	1.9 ( 1.8)		
In a group home	0.5 ( 0.6)	1.9 ( 1.6)	0.1 ( 0.4)	0.2 ( 0.6)		
In a mental health facility or hospital/institution for the disabled	0.4 ( 0.5)	0.9 ( 1.1)	0.0 ( 0.0)	1.0 ( 1.3)		
In a correctional facility	0.0 ( 0.0)	0.0 ( 0.0)	0.0 ( 0.0)	( 0.0)		
Other	0.0 ( 0.0)	0.0	0.0 ( 0.0)	0.3		
Number of respondents	385	295	293	250		
Percentage of institutionalized youth who have been in institutions:  Less than 6 months			***			
6 to 12 months			• • • •			
13 to 36 months	•••	•••				
> 36 months			· ••			
Number of respondents	4	10	1	5		
Percentage making alterations to home to accommodate disability	0.1 ( 0.3)	1.3	0.0	1.4 ( 1.5)		
Number of respondents	377	288	286	243		



Table 38C: RESIDENTIAL INDEPENDENCE OF YOUTH WITH VISUAL IMPAIRMENTS

	Household Income		ncome	Ethnicity	Heed of Household's Education		
Residential Independence Characteristics	Under \$12,000	12,000- \$24,999	\$25,000 and Over	Black White Hispanic	No High School Diplome	High School Olploms	Beyond High School
Percentage living: With parent(s)	87.9 ( 4.4)	85.2 ( 4.6)	89.5 ( 3.2)	80.6 87.6 88.4 (3.8) (3.0) (5.3)	87.9 ( 3.7)	91.1 ( 3.5)	84.2 ( 4.0)
Alone	2.5 ( 2.1)	2.4 ( 2.0)	0.9	2.7 1.6 1.8 (1.7) (1.2) (2.2)	1.6 ( 1.5)	1.3 (1.4)	2.8 ( 1.8)
With spouse/roommate	1.7	5.5 ( 2.9)	0.7	1.8 2.7 3.3 (1.4) (1.5) (3.0)	4.3 ( 2.3)	2.0 (1.7)	0.3 ( 0.6)
With other family member	1.9	3.2 (2.3)	0.6 (0.8)	4.8 0.7 3.4 ( 2.2) ( 0.8) ( 3.0)	1.5 ( 1.4)	1.9 (1.7)	2.2 ( 1.6)
In a residential/boarding school (rot a college)	3.9 ( 2.6)	2.3	4.0	4.7 3.5 2.2 ( 2.2) ( 1.7) ( 2.4)	3.2 ( 2.0)	2.4 .( 1.9)	4.7 ( 2.4)
In a college dormitory	0.8	1.0	3.4 ( 1.9)	0.6 2.3 0.0 ( 0.8) ( 1.4) ( 0.0)	0.5 ( 0.8)	1.1 ( 1.3)	3.5 ( 2.0)
In a group home	1.2 ( 1.5)	0.3	0.5 ( 0.7)	1.3 0.8 0.9 (1.2) (0.8) (1.6)	1.0 (1.1)	0.2 (0 <sub>.</sub> 6)	1. <b>5</b> ( 1.4)
In a mental health facility or hospital/institution for the disabled	0.0 ( 0.0)	0.3 ( 0.7)	0.4 ( 0.6)	0.5 0.7 0.0 ( 0.7) ( 0.8) ( 0.0)	0.0 ( 0.0)	0.0 ( 0.0)	0. <b>6</b> ( 0. <b>9</b> )
In a correctional facility	0.0 ( 0.0)	0.0	0.0 (0.0)	0.0 0.0 0.0 (0.0) (0.0) (0.0)	0.0 ( 0.0)	0.0	0.0 ( 0.0)
Other	(0.0)	0.0	0.0 (0.0)	0.0 0.2 0.0 ( 0.0) ( 0.4) ( 0.0)	0.0 ( 0.0)	0.0 ( 0.0)	0. <b>0</b> ( 0.0)
Number of respondents	153	197	285	209 444 72	232	239	
Percentage of institutionalized youth who have been in institutions: Less then 6 months	•••					***	
6 to 12 months						•=-	
13 to 36 months				***			***
> 36 months							
Number of respondents	2	2	3	3 11 1	3	1	7
Percentage making alterations to home to accommodate disability	0.5 ( 0.9)	0.8 ) (1.2)		0.8 0.6 0.0 ( 0.9) ( 0.7) ( 0.0)	0.5 ( 0.8)	0.4 ( 0.7)	1.0
Number of respondents	16 <b>3</b>	197	285	208 435 70	231	240	249

Table 39A: HONS-CARE INDEPENDENCE OF YOUTH WITH VISUAL IMPAIRMENTS

		Community	Gender	Age in 1987		School Statu	<u> </u>
Home-Care Independence Total	Total	<u> Urban Suburban Rural</u>	Nale Female	19 or 15-16 17-18 older	In-School	Out 1 year or less	Out 1 - 2 Years
Percentage fixing own breakfast							
or lunch:	20.5	05 A 2A 2 15 A	19.6 26.3	16.9 27.7 21.1	21.1	26.6	26.0
Always	22.5	25.4 24.5 15.4 ( 3.8) ( 5.7) ( 6.5)	(3.6) (5.3)	(4.8) (5.6) (5.0)	(3.6)	(7.8)	( 9.3)
H 33	( 3.1) 22.4	15.4 27.0 27.7	16.8 29.6	27.0 21.0 19.7	`22.7	17.8	26.5
Usua 1 ly	(3.1)	(3.1) (5.9) (8.1)	(3.4) (5.5)	(5.7) (5.1) (4.9)	(3.6)	(6.8)	(9.3)
Sametimes	40.6	40.7 41.5 39.4	44.0 36.4	43.4 42.5 35.4	42.4	43.7	25.2
June t imea	(3.6)	(4.2) (6.6) (8.8)	(4.5) (5.8)	(6.3) (6.2) (5.8)	( 4.3)	( 8.8)	( 9.2)
Kever	14.4	18.5 7.1 17.5	19.7 7.6	12.7 8.9 23.8	13.7	11.9	22.3
116161	(2.6)	(3.4) (3.4) (6.9)	(3.6) (3.2)	(4.3) (3.6) (5.2)	( 3.0).		(8.8)
Number of respondents	626	301 206 119	367 259	196 237 193	458	98	70
Percentage buying items							
from a store on his/her own:					12.4	19.8	16.9
Always	14.8	21.7 13.9 4.6	14.1 15.7	10.5 16.3 16.9 (3.9) (4.7) (4.6)	13.4 ( 3.0)	(7.0)	(7.9)
	(2.6)	(3.6) (4.6) (3.8)	(3.1) (4.4)	(3.9) (4.7) (4.6) 20.1 13.5 15.0	15.0	10.0	29.9
Usually	15.9	13.7 18.3 16.4	12.8 19.9 (3.0) (4.8)	(5.1) (4.3) (4.3)	(3.1)	(5.3)	(9.7)
•	(2.7)	(3.0) (5.2) (6.7) 42.3 49.4 56.3	52.8 42 4	49.0 53.9 39.8	51.6	45.3	30.6
Sometimes	48.2 ( 3.7)	42.3 49.4 55.3 (4.3) (6.7) (9.0)	(4.5) (6.0)	(6.4) (6.3) (6.0)	( 4.3)	(8.8)	(9.7)
M	21.1	22.2 18.4 22.7	20.3 22.0	20.4 16.3 28.3	20.1	24.8	22.5
Kever	( 3. <b>0</b> )	( ? 6) ( 5.2) ( 7.6)	(3.6) (5.0)	(5.2) (4.7) (5.5)	(3.5)	(.7.6)	(8.8)
Number of respondents	625	301 206 118	366 259	195 236 194	457	98	70
Percentage doing laundry:							
Always	17.8	17.2 26.4 7.3	16.2 19.8	13.8 18.6 20.7	16.3	23.0	20.1
	(2.8)	(3.3) (5.9) (4.7)	(3.3) (4.8)	(4.4) (4.9) (4.9)	(3.2)	(7.4)	(8.5)
Usually	13.5	9.1 14.7 19.2	8.8 19.6	17.0 10.8 13.8	13.2	8.2	23.0
•	( 2.5)	(2.5) (4.7) (7.2)	(2.6) (4.8)	(4.8) (3.9) (4.2)	(3.0)	(4.9)	(8.9)
Sometimes	34.0	38.6 24.6 39.3	32.0 36.7	32.5 35.9 32.7	32.7	47.8	24.1 ( 9.0)
	(3.5)	(4.2) (5.8) (8.9)	(4.2) (5.8)	(6.0) (6.1) (5.7)	(4.1)	( 8.8) 20.9	32.8
Never	34.6	35.2 34.3 ( .2	43.0 23.8	36.4 34.7 32.8 (6.2) (6.0) (5.7)	37. <b>8</b> ( 4.2)	(7.2)	( 9.9)
	(3.5)	(4.1) (6.3) (8.6)	(4.5) (5.2)	( 6.2) ( 6.0) ( 5.7) 194 236 193	455	98	70
Number of respondents	623	<b>300</b> 2 <b>0</b> 5 118	<b>365 258</b>	134 230 133	733	30	, ,

Source: Parent interviews. Items apply only to youth still living with the parent/guardian. See Table 38.



Table 200: HOME-CARE INDEPENDENCE OF YOUTH WITH VISUAL IMPAIRMENTS

·	Type of Sch	ol Attended	Severity of Visual Impairment		
Home-Care Independence	Regular School	Special School	Partially Sighted	Blind	
Percentage fixing own breakfast or lunch:		•	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	•	
Alemys	24.1	15.0	24.0	21.0	
Usually	( 4.0) 24. <b>5</b> ( 4.0)	( 4.9) . 16.2 ( 5.1)	( 4.8) 25.8 ( 4.9)	( 5.8) 20.8 ( 5.8)	
Sometimes	42.0 ( 4.6)	41.1 ( 6.8)	41.8 ( 5.5)	36.8	
Never	9.3 ( 2.7)	27.6 ( 6.2)	8.6 ( 3.1)	21.4 ( 5.8)	
Number of respondents	346	221	243	200	
Percentage buying items from a store on his/her own:				:	
Always	15.3	10.6	17.6	11.5	
Usually	( 3.4) 16.0	( 4.3) 9.9	( 4.3) 16.6	( 4.5) 12.9	
Somet imes	( 3.5) 51.4 ( 4.7)	( 4.1) 47.6 ( 6.9)	( 4.2) 53.4 ( 5.6)	48.6 (7.1)	
Never	17.2 ( 3.6)	31.7 ( 6.4)	12.4 ( 3.7)	27.0 ( 6.3)	
Number of respondents	346	220	243	209	
Percentage doing laundry:	15.0		<b>AA</b> 2		
A lways	15.0 ( 3.4)	24.9 ( 6.0)	20.3 ( 4.5)	17.3 ( 5.4)	
Usually	7.6	23.0	10.4	16.0	
Sometimes	( 2.5) 40.3	(5.8) 21.7	( 3.4) 37.8	( 5.2) 27.2	
Kever	( 4.6) 37.1	( 5.7) 30.4	( 5.4) 31.5	( 6.3) 39.5	
Number of respondents	( 4.6) 344	( 6.4) 220	( 5.2) 242	( 7.0) 2 <b>06</b>	

Source: Parent interviews. Items apply only to youth still living with the parent/grandian. See Table 38.



Table 30: MONE-CARE INDEPENDENCE OF YOUTH WITH VISUAL IMPAIRMENTS

	Havasho 1d 1	ncome	Ethnicity	Head of Household's Education		
Home-Care Independence	Under 12,000- \$12,000 \$24,900	\$25,000 and Over	Black White Hispanic	No High School	High School	Beyond High School
Percentage fixing own breakfist or lunch:		•	,	, ,		` <b>•</b> `
Ameys	16.3 <b>26.4</b> (5.6) (6.3)	22.4 ( 4.6)	27.0 21.8 14.5 ( 5.1) ( 4.2) ( 6.4)	16.4 ( 4.6)	26.0 ( 5.9)	24.4 ( 5.2)
Uwally	17.6 24.5 ( 5.7) ( 6.1)	28.1	15.8 25.8 10.8 ( 4.2) { 4.5) ( 5.7)	18.5 ( 4.8)	24.1 ( 5.7)	26.1 ( 5.3)
Somet imes	49.4 38.9 (7.5) (7.0)	36.4 ( 5.3)	43.9 36.5 57.0 (5.7) (5.0) (9.0)	45.5 ( 6.2)	40.° ( 6.5)	35.4 ( 5.8)
Hever	16.7 10.2 (5.6) -(4.3)	13.1 ( 3.7)	13.5 13.£ 17.7 (3.9) (3.5) (7.0)	19.5 ( 4.9)	\$.6 ( 3.9)	14.1 ( 4.2)
Number of respondents	137 165	256	175 371 61	203	211	208
Percentage buying items from a store on his/her own: Always	21.2 11.9	11.0	2z.9 9.6 25.7	20.4	12.0	11.0
•	(6.2) (4.6)	(3.4)	(4.8) (23) (8.0)	( 5.0)	( 4.4)	(3.8)
Usua 1 ly	16.5 <b>20.1</b> (4.6) (5.7)	20.7 ( 4.4)	11.5 17.5 15.5 ( 3.7) ( 3.9) ( 8.6)	10.8 ( 3.8)	19.5 ( 5.3)	-18. <b>8</b> ( 4.7)
Somet imes	54.5 51.7 (7.5) (7.1)	43.5 ( 5.4)	49.6 48.6 41.4 (5.7) (5.1) (9.0)	47.9. ( 6.2)	40.6 ( 6.7)	45.9 ( 6.0)
Never	13.7 16.3	24.8	16.0 24.1 17.5	21.0	18.9	24.4
Number of respondents	( 5.2) <b>(</b> 5.3) 137 185	( 4.7) 255	(4.2) (4.4) (6.9) 174 371 61	( 5.1) 203	( 5.3) 200	( 5.2) <b>200</b>
Percentage doing laundry: Always	19.3 18.5	16.8	20.7 15.6 21.4	22.4	14.4	16.2
Usually	( 6.0) ( 5.5) 7.5 19.0 ( 4.0) ( 5.6)	( 4.1) 13.4 ( 3.7)	( 4.7) ( 3.7) ( 7.5) 5.7 15.8 6.3 ( 3.2) ( 3.7) ( 4.4)	( 5.2) 8.1 ( 3.4)	( 4.7) 15.9 ( 4.9)	( 4.5) 18.1
Sometimes	31.8 39.1 (7.1) (7.0)	33.4 ( 5.2)	41.7 31.2 39.6 (5.7) (4.7) (8.9)	31.5 ( 5.8)	38.1 ( 6.5)	( 4.7) 31.0 ( 5.6)
Never	41.4 23.4 (7.5) (6.0)	36.3 (5.3)	28.8 37.5 32.7 (5.2) (4.9) (8.5)	37.6 ( 6.0)	31.6 ( 6.2)	34.8 ( 5.8)
Number of respondents	135 165	255	174 370 61	202	210	207

Source: Parent interviews. Items apply only to youth still living with the parent/guardian. See Table 38.



Table 39A: HOME-CARE INDEPENDENCE OF YOUTH WITH VISUAL IMPAIRMENTS (Concluded)

		Community	<u>Gender</u>	Age in 1967	Schoo. Status		
Home-Care Independence	<u>Total</u>	Urban Suburban Rural	Hale Famale	19 or 15-16 17-18 older	In-School Out 1 year Out 1 - 2 Years		
Percentage straightening up own							
living area:					FA A AF 1 AF 9		
Alueys	51.7	45.9 57.8 53.1	43.8 62.0	46.5 57.3 49.5	50.0 65.1 45.3		
•	( 3.7)	(4.3) (6.6) (9.0)	( 4.5) ( 5. <b>9</b> )	(6.4) (6.2) (6.1)	(4.3) (8.4) (10.5)		
Usually	14.2	12.0 13.9 18.3	16.4 11.4	15.7 14.9 11.9	14.4 14.1 13.2		
	( 2.6)	( 2.8) ( 4.6) ( 7.0)	(3.3) (3.8)	( 4.7) ( 4.5) ( 3.9)	(3.1) $(6.2)$ $(7.1)$		
Somet imes	28.4	33.4 24.3 25.6	31.6 24.1	32.0 22.4 32.8	28.7 20.4 36.7		
	(3.3)	(4.1) (5.7) (7.9)	(4.2) (5.2)	(6.0) (5.2) (5.7)	(3.9) (7.1) (10.2)		
Hever	5.7	8.7 4.0 2.9	8.1 2.4	5.8 5.5 5.7	6.9 0.4 4.8		
110.00	(1.7)	(2.4) (2.6) (3.1)	( 2.5) ( 1.9)	(3.0) (2.9) (2.8)	(2.2) (1.1) (4.5)		
Number of respondents	627	302 206 119	368 259	196 237 194	459 98 70		
Average overall home-care independence score:*							
4 to 8	32.2	38.8 23.9 32.9	41.6 20.3	39.0 26.0 34.0	34.4 27.4 25.1		
, ,,	(3.4)	( 4.2) ( 5.7) ( 8.6)	( 4.5) ( 4.9)	(6.3) (5.5) (5.8)	(4.2) (7.9) (9.2)		
9 to 12	48.4	38.4 54.3 56.6	43.1 55.1	46.7 50.8 46.7	48.4 46.2 50.9		
• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •	( 3.7)	(4.2) (6.7) (9.0)	( 4.5) ( 6.0)	(6.4) (6.3) (6.1)	(4.4) (8.8) (10.6)		
13 to 15	14.7	17.0 15.6 9.6	11.6 18.6	10.4 18.1 14.3	12.7 20.8 18.9		
10 10 10	(2.6)	(3.3) (4.9) (5.4)	( 2.9) ( 4.7)	(3.9) (4.9) (4.3)	(2.9) (7.2) (8.3)		
16	4.7	5.9 6.3 0.9	3.6 6.1	3.9 5.1 5.1	4.5 5.6 5.1		
10	(1.6)	(2.0) (3.2) (1.7)	(1.7) (2.3)	(2.5) (2.8) (2.7)	(1.8) (4.1) (4.6)		
Number of respondents	621	299 205 117	363 258	193 235 193	453 98 70		

Source: Parent interviews. Lems apply only to youth still living with the parent/guardian. See Table 38.

<sup>\*</sup> The home-care independence scale is formed by summing responses to the items related to shopping, cleaning, fixing meals, and doing laundry, which were assigned a value ranging from 1 (youth were reported to do it "never") to 4 (youth were reported to do it "always").

Summing the items produces a scale with values from 4 to 16.

Table 394: HONE-CARE INDEPENDENCE OF YOUTH WITH VISUAL IMPAIRMENTS (CONCIUDED)

Home-Care Independence	Type of Sci	nool Attended	Severity of Visual Impairment		
	Regular School	Special School	Partially Sighted	87 ind	
Percentage straightening up own			•		
living area:	E1 4	56.3	49.2	57.6	
Always	51.4		( 5.6)	(7.0)	
•	( 4.7)	( 6.8)	14.9	10.9	
Usually	16.4	9.2	(4.0)	(4.4)	
	(3.5)	(4.0)	33.0	23.9	
Somet imes	27.7	27.7		(6.1)	
	( 4.2)	( 6.2)	( 5.3)		
Hever	4.5	5.7	2.9	7.6	
	( 1.9)	( 3.5)	( 1.9)	(3.8)	
Number of respondents	346	222	243	210	
Average overall home-care					
independence score:*			•• •	20 5	
4 to 8	32.3	35.6	31.4	32.5	
	( 4.4)	( 6.7)	( 5.2)	( 6.7)	
9 to 12	49.3	44.0	46.5	48.0	
J 13 12	( 4.7)	(6.9)	( 5.6)	(7.1)	
13 to 15	13.1	17.3	15.3	17.0	
10 10 10	( 3.2)	( 5.3)	( 4.0)	( 5.4)	
16	5.3	3.0	6.8	2.5	
10	(2.1)	( 2.4)	( 2.8)	( 2.2)	
Number of respondents	344	218	242	207	

Source: Parent interviews. Items apply only to youth still living with the parent/guardian. See Table 38.

<sup>\*</sup> The home-care independence scale is formed by summing responses to the items related to shopping, cleaning, fixing meals, and doing laundry, which were assigned a value ranging from 1 (youth were reported to do it "never") to 4 (youth were reported to do it "always").

Summing the items produces a scale with values from 4 to 16.

Table 39C: HOME-CARE INDEPENDENCE OF YOUTH WITH VISUAL IMPAIRMENTS (Concluded)

	Household Income	Ethnicity	Head of Household's Education		
Home-Care Independence	Under 12,000- \$25,000 \$12,000 \$24,999 and Over	Black White Hispanic	No High School Diploma	High School Beyond Diplome High School	
Percentage straightening up own			•		
living area:					
Always	58.0 53.4 45.8	54.0 50.2 50.0	52.0	57.2 44.2	
•	(7.4) (7.1) (5.5)	(5.7) (5.1) (9.1)	( 6.2)	( 6.6 ( 6.0)	
Usually	5.6 13.1 24.4	10.5 16.0 11.6	7.3	17.6 19.5	
.,	(3.5) (4.8) (4.7)	(3.5, (3.7) (5.8)	( 3.2)		
Sometimes					
2 Other Fillies	28.1 30.1 24.6	29.6 29.1 26.1	33.7	20.3 32.0	
	(6.8) (6.5) (4.7)	(5.2) (4.6) (8.0)	( 5.9)	(5.4) (5.7)	
Never	8.3 3.5 5.2	5.9 4.7 12.3	7.0	4.8 4.4	
	(4.1) { 2.6) ( 2.4)	( 2.7) ( 2.2) ( 6.0)	( 3.2)	( 2.9) ( 2.5)	
Number of respondents	137 166 256	17" 372 61	203	211 209	
Average overall home-care					
independence score:*					
4 to 8	35.3 26.9 29.8	34.1 32.1 33.4	40.1	21.9 34.8	
	(7.2) (6.3) (5.0)	(5.5) (4.8) (8.6)	(6.1)	(5.6)	
9 to 12	44.7 51.7 51.3				
5 10 16			41.1	58.5 4a.1	
40.4.40	(7.5) (7.1) (5.5)	(5.7) (5.1) (9.1)	( 6.1)	(6.6) $(6.1)$	
13 to 15	14.7 17.9 14.5	14.5 15.1 12.3	13.1	16.0 15.5	
	(5.4) (5.5) (3.9)	(4.1)(3.7)(6.0)	( 4.2)	(4.9) (4.4)	
16	5.2 3.5 4.4	8.6 2.6 5.6	5.7	3.5 4.6	
	(3.4) (2.6) (2.3)	(3.2) (1.6) (4.2)	( 2.9)	(2.5) (2.6)	
Number of respondents	135 164 254	173 369 61	202	208 207	

Source: Parent interviews. Items apply only to youth still living with the parent/guardian. See Table 38.



<sup>\*</sup> The home-care independence scale is formed by summing responses to the items related to shopping, cleaning, fixing meals, and doing laundry, which were assigned a value ranging from 1 (youth were reported to do it "never") to 4 (youth were reported to do it "always").

Summing the items produces a scale with values from 4 to 16.

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Table 40A: FINANCIAL INDEPENDENCE OF YOUTH WITH VISUAL IMPAIRMENTS

		Community	Gender	Age in 1987	School St	.88
Financial Independence	<u>Total</u>	<u>Urban Suburban Ru</u>	ral Hale Female	19 or 15-16 17-18 older	In-School Out 1 year or less	Out 1 - 2 Years
Percentage of in-school youth		·				
receiving allowance or other				70 A 73 A 65 B	73.8	
money they control	73.8	63.1 74.5 90		76.9 73.2 65.8		
	( 3.6)	(5.7) (7.6 (8		(5.7) (5.6) (9.1)	( 3.8)	^
Number of respondents	496	163 101	34 289 207	199 221 76	496 0	0
Percentage of out-of-school						
youth who had:						
Savings account	42.6	48.0 46.1 -	37.9 47.3	58.6 40.1	39.3	
	( 6.5)	(10.3) (16.3)	(8.2) (10.2)	(16.8) ( 6.4)	( 8.2	
Checking account	12.8		14.1 11.4	<b>7.8</b> 13.6	9.8	
Checking Cooding	{ 4.4}	(5.3) (10.8)	(5.9) (6.5)	( 9.2) ( 4.4)	( 5.0	
Other investments	0.3		0.6 0.0	0.0 0.4	0.6	
Attiet titlestillettes	( 0.7)	(0.0)(4.4)	(1.3) (0.0)	( 0.0) ( 0.8)	( 1.3	) (0.0)
Credit card in own name	4.1		4.5 3.7	3.1 4.3	4.1	
Credit Card in Own Hame	( 2.6)	(5.8) (4.5)	(3.5) (3.9)	(5.8) (2.6)	( 3.3	) (3.5)
Name of Abose	44.2		47.0 41.3	32.6 45.9	49.9	38.1
None of these	(6.5)	(10.2) (16.0)	(8.4) (10.1)	(15.7) ( 6.5)	( 8.4	) (8.4)
Mark at assessment	196		10 109 87	1 31 163	102	
Number of respondents	190	54 25	10 103 07	. 0. 100	•	_
Percentage of out-of-school youth						
living independently who received						
financial support from family for					47. 3	10.0
living expenses	26.8		27.8 25.6	24.3	47.3	
· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	(11.5)		(14.4) (18.7)	(10.7)	(21.9	
Number of respondents	50	12 6	3 30 20	0 5 45	0 15	. 35

Source: Parent interviews. See Appendix for percentage of youth that were in secondary school or out of secondary school.



Table 408: FINANCIAL INDEPENDENCE OF YOUTH WITH VISUAL IMPAIRMENTS

			4 4		
	Type of Sch	nool Attended	Severity of Visual Impairment		
Financi/1 Independence	Regular School	Special School	<u>Pa</u>	rtially Sighted	<b>Blind</b>
Percentage of in-school youth					<b>?</b>
receiving allowance or other	_				
money they control	73.3	73.8		8i.7	64.2
	( 4.7)	(6.1)		( 4.9)	(7.7)
Number of respondents	271	191		197	154
Percentage of out-of-school					
youth who had:					
Savings account	42.2	34.9	4:	40.6	42.0
•	( 9.2)	(10.2)	-1	(10.2)	(11.1)
Checking account	7.8	26.0		12.1	17.6
•	( 5.0)	( 9.3)		( 6.8)	(8.5)
Other investments	0.6	0.0		0.0	0.0
	( 1.4)	( 0.0)		( 0.0)	( 0.0)
Credit card in own name	4.2	4.3		7.6	1.1
	(ˈ3.7)	( 4.4)		( 5.6)	(2.4)
None of these	49.1	39.1		47.3	40.4
	( 9.3)	(10.4)		(10.4)	(11.0)
Number of respondents	89	80		71	78
Percentage of out-of-school youth					
living independently who received					
financial support from family for					
living expenses	26.7	25.6		19.7	51.3
The state of the s	(17.9)	(16.9)		(15.4)	(24.9)
Number of respondents	19	25		21	16
	•				••

Source: Parent interviews. See Appendix for percentage of youth that were in secondary school or out of secondary school.

Table 40C: FINANCIAL INCEPENDENCE OF YOUTH WITH VISUAL IMPAIRMENTS

						and the second of the second o			
	Hou	useho ld 1	ncome	Ethnicity		Head of Household's Education			
Financial Independence		12,000- \$24,999	\$25,000 and Over	<u>} \ack</u>	<u>White</u>	<u>Hispanic</u>	No High School Diplome	High School Diplome	Beyond High School
Percentage of in-school youth									
receiving allowance or other	62.0	78.7	81.9	77.1	79.9	37.7	64.7	78.0	82.4
money they control		(6.5)			(4.6)		( 6.6)	( 6.2)	5.2)
Number of respondents	( 7.8) 117	130	( 5.0) 1 <b>9</b> 1	136	291	54	158	163	168
Percentage of out-of-school youth who had:									
	13.4	32.2	60.9	24.2	51.3		26.4	40.1	64.8
Savings account	(10.0)	(11.4)	( 9.5)		(8.6)		(10.0)	(11.5)	(10.1)
Observation and some	8.0	14.7	13.7	13.3	13.3		7.9	12.2	20.0
Checking account							( 6.1)	(7.7)	(8.4)
ast to see the seed of	( 8.0)	(8.6)	( 6.7)	( 7.2)	0.5		0.0	0.0	1.1
Other investments	0.0	0.0	1.0	0.0				( 0.0)	( z. <b>2)</b>
	( 0.0)		( 1.9)	( 0.0)			( 0.0)		4.8
Credit card in own name	0.0	4.3	8.2	1.2	5.7		0.9	7.2	
	(0.0)	(_4.2)	(5.4)		(4.0)		(2.2)	(6.1)	( 4.6)
None of these	78.6	53.1	24.4	61.1	34.9		65.7	47.6	14.1
	(12.0)	(12.1)	( 8.4)		(8.2)	٠	(10.8)	(11.8)	( 7.3)
Number of respondents	35	55	82	51	126	13	59	66	67
Percentage of out-of-school youth living independently who received rimancial support from family for									
living expenses		37.4	•••		24.9		18.6		41.2
		(21.2)			(14.9)		(17.5)		(18.8)
Number of respondents	12	17	14	14	32	3	15	13	21

Source: Parent interviews. See Appendix for percentage of youth that were in secondary school or out of secondary school.



Table 41A: SOCIAL EXPERIENCES OF YOUTH WITH VISUAL IMPAIRMENTS

		Comunity	Community Gender		School Status		
Social Experiences	<u>Total</u>	Urban Suburban Rural	Male Female	19 or 15-16 17-18 older	In-School or less Veers		
Percentage getting together with friends:							
Less than once a week	17.8 ( 2.6)	23.4 12.3 14.4 ( 4.2) ( 5.1) ( 8.5)	16.8 19.0 ( 3.2) ( 4.4)	14.9 18.0 19.9 ( 4.5) ( 4.6) ( 4.2)	20.1 13.6 £1-2 (3.4) (5.4) (5.4)		
Onch a week	16. <b>6</b> ( 2.5)	15.2 27.4 4.6 (3.5) (6.9) (5.1)	13.9 20.1 ( 2.9) ( 4.5)	11.9 16.7 20.6 ( 4.1) ( 4.5) ( 4.2)	13.3 25.4 19.9 ( 2.9) ( 6.8) ( 6.8)		
2 to 3 times a week	27.1 ( 3.0)	22.8 30.5 30.6 ( 4.1) ( 7.2) (11.2)	25.3 29.3 ( 3.7) ( 5.1)	33.6 22.7 26.5 ( 6.0) ( 5.1) ( 4.6)	26.7 26.4 29.6 (3.7) (6.9) (.7.8)		
4 to 3 times a week	12.5 ( 2.3)	13.5 11.9 16.9 ( 3.4) ( 5.0) ( 9.1)	16.1 8.9 (3.1) (3.0)	9.9 12.8 14.4 (3.8) (4.0) (3.7)	11.9 9.8 18.6 (2.7) (4.7) (6.6)		
Hore than 5 times a waek	26.0	25.1 17.8 33.5	27.9 23.7 ( 3.8) ( 4.7)	29.6 29.9 18.6 (5.8) (5.5) (4.1)	27.5 24.7 20.6 (3.8) (6.7) (6.9)		
Number of respondents	( 3.0) 707	( 4.3) ( 6.0) (11.4) 228 132 44	412 295	204 251 252	485 121 101		
Percentage belonging to: No school/community group	50.4 ( 3.4)	60.8 37.7 51.9 ( 4.9) ( 7.4) (12.1)	56.0 43.5 ( 4.3) ( 5.4)	43.3 45.2 <b>62.2</b> ( <b>6.6</b> ) ( 5.8) ( 5.0)	45.6 63.5 56.2 ( 4.2) ( 7.3) ( 8.1)		
Sports team	18.9 ( 2.7)	11.4 16.4 24.2 ( 3.2) ( 5.6) (10.5)	22.1 15.0 ( 3.6) ( 3.9)	24.5 20.6 12.5 (5.7) (4.8) (3.4)	23.8 15.5. 9.6 (3.5) (5.5) (4.8)		
Performing group	16.8 ( 2.5)	14.4 22.9 14.9 ( 3.5) ( 6.4) ( 8.7)	14.8 19.4 ( 3.0) ( 4.3)	20.6 21.5 8.4 (5.4) (4.8) (2.9)	19.9 14.1 5.6 (3.4) (5.3) (3.8)		
Community/church group	24.2 ( 2.9)	20.3 32.5 16.5 { 4.0} ( 7.1) ( 9.1)	18.7 31.1 (3.3) (5.1)	24.4 26.6 21.4 (5.7) (5.2) (4.2)	28.1 14.2 27.8 (3.7) (5.3) (7.3)		
School subject club	3.7 ( 1.3)	1.6 8.3 0.6 (1.3) (3.7) (1.8)	2.9 4.7 (1.4) (2.3)	8.1 2.9 1.0 (3.6) (2.0) (1.0)	5.4 0.0 0.0 (1.9) (0.0) (0.0)		
Fraternity/sorority or	( 2.0,	( 2.0, ( 0.0, ( 2.0,					
other social club	7. <b>8</b> { 3.3)	7.0 21.5 2.0 ( 4.9) (13.0) ( 7.1)	7.4 8.3 ( 4.1) ( 5.3)	0.0 3.5 <b>8.9</b> ( 0.0) { 5.4) ( 3.5)	0.0 6 1 9.8 (0.0) (3.7) (4.9)		
Hobby club	3.6 (1.5)	2.6 8.2 2.2 (1.9) (4.8) (4.1)	4.0 3.1 ( 2.0) ( 2.3)	5.5 3.0 0.0 (3.1) (2.2) (0.0)	3.8 0.0 0.0 (1.6) (0.0) (0.0)		
Student government	1.7	0.8 0.7 2.7 ( 0.9) ( 1.2) ( 4.0)	1.4 2.0 (1.0) (1.5)	1.3 3.1 <b>0.3</b> (1.5) (2.0) (0.6)	2.4 0.0 0.0 (1.3) (0.0) (0.0)		
Volunteer service group	1.5 ( 0.9)	1.6 4.4 0.0 (1.3) (3.1) (0.0)	1.4 2.2 (1.0) (1.6)	3.9 1.4 6.5 ( 2.6) ( 1.4) ( 0.7)	2.2 0.7 1.0 (1.2) (1.2) (1.7)		
Vocational club	1.2	0.0 0.5 5.8 ( 0.0) ( 1.1) ( 5.7)	0.4 2.2 ( 0.6) ( 1.6)	0.6 2.3 0.4 (1.1) (1.8) (0.6)	1.7 0.0 0.0 (1.1) (0.0) (0.0)		
Other	4.2 (1.4)	5.2 3.1 6.2 ( 2.2) ( 2.7) ( 5.9)	2.7 6.2 (1.4) (2.6)	4.5 4.3 4.0 (2.8) (2.8) (2.0)	3.7 8.4 1.8 (1.6) (4.2) (2.2)		
Number of respondents	727	228 134 44	420 307	205 261 261	497 124 106		



Table 418: SOCIAL EXPERIENCES OF YOUTH WITH VISUAL IMPAIRMENTS

	Type of Sch	nool Attended	Severity of Visual Impairment		
Social Experiences	Regular School	Special School	Partially Sighted	<u>Blind</u>	
Percentage getting together with friends:					
Less than once a week	15.9 ( 3.3)	23.7 ( 5.2)	15.8 ( 3.8)	16.1 ( 4.9)	
Once a week	18.1 ( 3.5)	16.6 ( 4.6)	13.5 (_3.5)	22.4 ( 5.6)	
2 to 3 times a week	27.3 ( 4.0)	19. <b>8</b> ( 4.9)	25.8 ( 4.5)	28.2 ( 6.0)	
4 to 5 times a week	14.7 ( 3.2)	8.9 ( 3.5)	14.6 ( 3.7)	12.3 ( 4.4) 21.1	
More than 5 times a week	24.0 ( 3.8)	30.9 ( 5.7)	30.3 ( 4.8) 277	( 5.4) 232	
Number of respondents	372	269	211	232	
Percentage belonging to:	50.2	51.6	49.9	42.5	
No school/community group	(4.5)	(5.7)	(5.3)	(6.4)	
Sports team	15.1 ( 3.3)	27.2 ( 5.1)	19.2 ( 4.1)	21. <b>6</b> ( 5.3)	
Performing group	17.5 ( 3.5)	16.3 ( 4.2)	19.1 ( 4.1)	20.1 ( 5.2) 31.5	
Community/church group	24.9 ( 3.9)	22. <b>8</b> ( 4.8)	21.6 ( 4.3 <sup>1</sup> 2.7	( 6.0) 2.0	
School subject club	2.3 ( 1.4)	5.2 ( 2.5)	( 1.7)	(1.8)	
Fraternity/sorority or other social club	9.7	6.5	9.3	5.7	
Hobby club	( 5.2) 5.0	( 5.0) 1.6	( 5.7) 2.8 ( 2.1)	( 5.0) 7.1 ( 4.1)	
Student government	( 2.3) 1.3 ( 1.0)	( 1.8) 2.7 ( 1.9)	1.7	1.2	
Volunteer service group	2.4 ( 1.4)	0.4 ( 0.7)	3.0 ( 1.8)	0.4 ( 0.8)	
Vocational club	1.6 ( 1.1)	0.9 ( 1.1)	2.6 ( 1.7)	0.6 (1.0)	
0ther	5.1 ( 2.0)	3.0 ( 2.0)	3.8 ( 2.0)	5.5 ( 2.9) 246	
Number of respondents	374	284	284	240	



Table 41C: SOCIAL EXPERIENCES OF YOUTH WITH VISUAL IMPAIRMENTS

	Household 1	ucor 6	Ethnicity	Head of Household's Education		
Social Experiences	Under 12,000- \$12,000 \24,999	\$25,000 and Over	Black White Hispanic	No High School Dip'oma	High School Diplome	Beyond High Schoo
Percentage getting together with friends:						
Less than once a week	16.3 16.8 (5.2) (4.9)	19.3 ( 4.2)	17.7 16.9 26.5 ( 4.1) ( 3.6) ( 7.7)	19.4 ( 4.7)	16.8 ( 4.7)	16.3 ( 4.1)
Once a week	18.2 16.0 (5.4) (4.8)	14.6	14.2 16.9 19.5 (3.7) (3.6) (6.9)	15.4 ( 4.3)	19.2 ( 5.0)	15.2 ( 4.0)
∠ to 3 times a week	26.8 28.5 (6.2) (5.9)	25.8 ( 4.7)	24.5 26.6 36.8 { 4.6} ( 4.2} ( 8.4)	30.1 (5.4)	22.4 ( 5.3)	29.9 ( 5.1)
4 to 5 times a week	8.6 13.2 (3.9) (4.4)	17.5	11.1 14.0 4.9 (3.3) (3.3) (3.7)	9. <b>8</b> ( 3.5)	13.1	15.0 ( 4.0)
More than 5 times a week	30.0 25.6 (6.4) (5.7)	23.0	32.5 25.6 12.4 (5.0) (4.2) (5.7)	25.3 ( 5.1)	28.5 ( 5.7)	23.7 ( 4.8)
Number of respondents	156 191	279	198 421 67	220	231	245
recentage belonging to: No school/community group	51.9 61.0 ( 6.8) ( 6.3)	42.0 ( 5.2)	52.0 47.5 68.1 (5.2) (4.7) (7.9)	64.8 ( 5.5)	47.0 ( 6.2)	37.3 ( 5.4)
Sports teas	21.3 12.0 (5.6) (4.2)	24.7 ( 4.6)	19.8 19.2 16.3 ( 4.2) ( 3.7) ( 6.3)	12.7 { 3.9}	25.3 ( 5.4)	18.0 ( 4.3)
Performing Toup	16.8 12.2 (5.1) (4.2)	23.3	13.4 19.1 9.4 (3.6) (3.7) (5.0)	9.8 ( 3.5)	21.1 ( 5.0)	21.2
Community/church group	24.4 19.7 (5.9) (5.1)	25.4 ( 4.6)	23.3 27.3 9.1 (4.4) (4.2) (4.9)	18.7 ( 4.5)	19.9 ( 4.9)	36.6 (5.4)
School subject club	3.0 1.9 (2.3) (1.8)	3.5	1.9 5.0 1.1 (1.4) (2.0) (1.8)	1.2	4.9 ( 2.7)	5.7 ( 2.6)
Fraternity/sorority or other social club	3.6 3.4	16.5	3.7 10.2 4.1	1.3	7.2	17.7
Hobby club	(5.0) (4.1) 0.9 2.0 (1.5) (2.2)	( 6.9) 7.6 ( 3.4)	(3.5) (5.0) (7.1) 0.0 5.2 0.0 (0.C) (2.5) (0.0)	( 2.3) 0.0 ( 0.0)	( 5.7) 2.5 ( 2.3)	(7.6) 9.2 (3.9)
Student government	1.2 0.9 (1.5) (1.2)	3.2 (1.9)	0.5 2.3 0.7 (0.8) (1.4) (1.4)	1.0	2.9 ( 2.1)	1.2 ( 1.2)
Volunteer service group	1.4 3.5 (1.6) (2.4)	0.6	2.8 0.3 2.6 (1.7) (0.5) (2.7)	1.0	1.5	2.5 (1.7)
Vocational club	3.2 0.5 (2.4) (0.9)	0.4	3.6 0.3 0.8 (2.0) (0.5) (1.5)	0.4 ( 0.7)	2.9 ( 2.1)	( 0.7)
Other	1.9 4.4 (1.9) (2.7)	6.1 (2.5)	2.8 4.9 4.1 (1.7) (2.0) (3.3)	2.9 (1.9)	3.5	6.7 ( 2.8)
Number of respondents	162 195	285	203 453 70	226	240	249



and the control of th

Source: Parent interviews.



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<sup>\*</sup> See Appendix for percentage of youth that were out of secondary school.

Table 418: SOCIAL EXPERIENCES OF YOUTH WITH VISUAL IMPAIRMENTS (Concluded)

	Type of Sch	Severity of Visual Impairment		
Social Experiences	Regular School	Special School	Partially Sighted	Blind
Percentage ever arrested	2.0 ( 1.3)	4.3 ( 2.3)	1.9 ( 1.4)	3.9 ( 2.5)
Number of respondents	374	286	284	244
Percentage of out-of-school				
youth who were:* Single, never married	93.7 ( 4.2)	96.7 ( 3.3)	89.8 ( 5.9)	97.8 (3.2)
Engaged	1.1 ( 1.8)	1.0	2.5 ( 3.0)	0.7 (1.8)
Married	4.4	2.2	7.8	0.5
Divorced/suparated	( 3.5) 0.7 ( 1.5)	( 2.7) 0.0 ( 0.0)	( 5.2) 0.0 ( 0.0)	1.0
Number of respondents	90	82	72	79



<sup>\*</sup> See Appendix for percentage of youth that were out of secondary school.

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<sup>\*</sup> See Appendix for percentage of youth that were out of secondary school.

Table 42A: POSTSECONDARY EDUCATION OF YOUTH WITH VISUAL IMPAIRMENTS

		Community		Gender		Age in 1987		School Status			• • •		
Postsecondary Education	Total	lichan	Suburber	Pural	Male	Famale	16-16	17-18	19 or		Out 1 year	Out 1 - 2	
Percentage taking any post-	10181	UI Dall	24001 DEI	KUIET	100 IE	- ame 16	13-10	r/-10	<u>older</u>	In-School	or less	Years	,
secondary education course in													•
the past year	30.3	25.3	41.3		26.1		1.00	16.0			19.7	42.1	
Number of respondents	( 5.5) 236	( 8.1) 67	(15.1) 33	10	133	() ( 9.0) 103	5	(10.6 43	) ( 5.7) 188	0	( 6.1) 124	{ 7. <b>9</b> } 110	
Percentage taking in past year:													
Postsecondary vocational courses	8.2	4.9	4.3		5.1	11.4		3.4	9.0		13.0	2.9	
<b>A</b>	(3.4)	• •	(6.2)			(6.1)		( 5.5	) (3.6)		(5.3)	( 2.8)	
2-year college courses	10.0	15.1	17.0		11.3			10.5			5.2	15.2	
4-year college courses	( 3.7) 14.7	9.1	(11.5) 20.0		( 5.0 12.8	) { 5.4} : 16.7		( 9.3 4.0	) ( 3.7)		( 3.4)	( \$.0)	
y year correge courses	(4.2)		(12.3)		{ 5.1				17.3 } { 4.6}		3.4 ( 2.8)	27.5	
Number of respondents	555	63	33	10	123		3	39		0	117	( 7.2) 103	
Average number courses taken in													
the past year by students in a:													
Postsecondary vocational program												***	
Number of respondents	12	4	2	1	4	8	1	2	9	0	9	3	
2-year college	4.7				4.7				5.0			5.4	
Number of respondents	( 1.0) 26	10	7	•	(1.1		^		( 0.9)		••	(1.0)	
mailler of respondents	20	10	,	-	17	9	0	4	22	0	7	18	
4-year college	7.0				6.4	7.4			7.3			7.3	
Al of a Paris	( 0.9)	_	_			) (1.4)			(3.0)			( 0.9)	
Number of respondents	37	8	7	0	21	16	0	3	34	0	7	30	
Percentage taking courses in the													
past year who earned a:													
Postsecondary vocational													
degree/license							*						
2-year college degree/license						•••						***	
Number of respondents	14	4	2	2	5	9	1	2	11	0	7	4	
Percentage with postsecondary													
grade point average:													
3.25 to 4.0	36.3	24.7	53.9		27.8	41.7			38.6		16.9	45.3	
0.75 2.04	(11.1)	• • • •	(18.9)			) (17.4)			(12.4)		(17.7)	(13.0)	
2.75 to 3.24	10.0	22.7	10.4		10.2				9.3		10.1	10.1	
2.25 to 2.74	(6.9) 24.3	(13.0) 21.0	(11.5) 14.4		( 6.8 23.9	) (10.5) 24.6			(7.4)		(14 2)	(7.9)	
6,60 60 6.77	(99)		(13.3)			) (15.2)			27.2 (11.3)		43.6 (23.4)	14.9	
1 75 to 2.24	11.2	9.8	12.9		14.9	8.9			13.1		(23.4) 0.0	( 9.3) 17. <b>0</b>	200
	(7.3)	(9.2)	(12.7)			) (10.0)			(8.6)		( 0.0)	(9.8)	328
1.74 or lower	18.2	21.8	8.4		23.3	15.0			11.9		29.3	12.8	
Number of personal state	(8.9)		(10.5)	•		) (12.6)	•	_	(8.2)	_	(21.5)	(8.7)	
Number of respondents	68	18	15	3	35	33	1	9	58	ß	20	47	



Table 42B: POSTSECONDARY EDUCATION OF YOUTH WITH VISUAL IMPAIRMENTS

	Type of Sch	nool Attended	Severity of Visual Impairment		
Postsecondary Education	Regular School	Special School	Partially Sighted	Blind	
Percentage taking any post-					
secondary education course in					
the past year	31.3	20.6	25.9	34.6	
, •	( 8.0)	( 8.0)	( 8.4)	(10.1)	
Number of respondents	105	94	85	69	
Percentage taking in past year:					
Postsecondary vocational cos	10.5	3.6	5.5	9.9	
	( 5.3)	(3.8)	( 4.5)	( 6.4)	
2-year college courses	12.7	3.3	6.5	6.4	
	(5.8)	(3.6)	(4.8)	(5.2)	
4-year college courses	11.1	14.9	15.9	20.0	
	( 5.4)	(7.1)	(7.1)	(8.5)	
Number of respondents	102	89	<b>C1</b>	86	
Average number courses taken in					
the past year by students in a:					
Postsecondary vocational program					
Number of respondents	7	3	6	3	
2-year college	4.2				
2 3001 0011030	(1.1)				
Number of respondents	17	3	6	8	
4-year college	8.2	5.9	7.6	6.4	
4-year correge	(1.5)	(1.5)	(1.4)	(1.4)	
Number of respondents	16	15	16	18	
Describes taking courses in the					
Percentage taking courses in the					
past year who earned a:					
Postsecondary vocational					
degree/license					
2-year college degree/license			***		
Number of respondents	8	3	6	4	
Percentage with postsecondary					
grade point average:			44.5	40.0	
3.25 to 4.0	28.5	23.4	35.7 (14.3)	43.0 (20.4	
	(14.1)	(15.4)	20.1	5.8	
2.75 to 3.24	13.3	12.5 (12.0)	(12.0)	( 9.6	
	(10.6) 33.1	16.0	21.0	25.4	
2.25 to 2.74	33.1 (14.7)	(13.4)	(12.2)	(18.0	
1 70 1 - 2 04	11.3	11.2	13.3	8.4	
1 75 to 2.24	(9.9)	(11.5)	(10.2)	(11.4	
1 74 1	13.9	36.8	9.8	17.4	
1.74 or lower	(10.8)	(17.5)	(8.9)	(15.7	
Number of respondents	34	21	23	28	
number of respondence	•		<del>-</del> -		
source: Parent oterviews		329			



Table 42C: POSTSECONDARY EDUCATION OF YOUTH WITH VISUAL IMPAIRMENTS

	Household Income			Ethnicity			Head of Household's Education		
		12,000-	\$25,000				No High School		Beyond
Postsecondary Education	\$12,000	<u>\$24,999</u>	and Over	Black	White !	<u>Hispanic</u>	Diploma	<u>Diploma</u>	<u>High Schoo</u>
Percentage taking any pust-									
secondary education course in	24.1	27.6	25.0	22.0	20.0	21.0	A7 7		••
the past year	24.1	37.6	35.0	32.9	30.6	21.8	27.7	26.4	38.0
Wb	(11.3)		( 8.8)		(7.5)		( 9.2)	( 9.7)	( 9.6)
Number of respondents	43	67	92	69	143	16	72	76	79
Percentage taking in past year:									
Postsecondary vocational courses	9.2	12.0	5.2	12.9	6.0	9.1	8.3	9 7	5.6
•	(8.2)	(7.3)	(4.1)	(6.4)	(3.9)	(10.5)	(5.8)	(6.6)	{ 4.6}
2-year college courses	2.8	10.8	14.9	16.1	8.1	4.3	7.7	8.3	13.1
. ,	(4.6)		(6.6)		(4.5)		( 5.6)	(6.1)	(68)
4-year college courses	13.4	16.0	19.9	10.5	17.4	13.1	13.6	9.5	23.6
, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,	(9.0)	(8.1)	(7.4)		(6.2)		(7.1)	(6.4)	(8.4)
Number of respondents	37	65	91	61	139	15	68	74	75
Average number courses taken in									
the past year by students in a:									
Postsecondary vocational program									
Number of respondents .	2	4	4	5	4	2	5	1	5
2-year college									
Number of respondents	0	9	14	10	14	1	6	6	12
4- ear college			8.2		7.1				7.9
· ca. correge			(1.5)		(1.2)				(1.4)
Number of respondents	7	9	19	10	25	2	7	9	21
Percentage taking courses in the past year who earned a Postsecondary vocational									
degree/license									
degree/ ricense			-			-			
2-year college degree/license		•••		•					
Number of respondents	1	5	5	7	4	1	6	1	6
Percentage with postsecondary									
grade point average:									
3.25 to 4.0		29 5	48.2	20.5			40.2	26.3	38.0
		(19.6)	(13.1)	(11.5)	(15.3)		(22.2)	(23.1)	(11.9)
2.75 to 3.24		8 6	8.0	21.3	5.5		11.1	3.0	14.6
		$(12\ 0)$	(7.1)	(11.6)	$\{7.1\}$		(14.2)	(9.0)	(8.6)
2.25 to 2.74		32.8	16.0	22.1	24.1		7.3	66 3	10.0
		(20 2)	(9.6)	(11.8)	$(13\ 3)$		(11.7)	(24.8)	(7.3)
1 75 to 2.24		13.0	6.8	18.9	9.2		18.1	0 0	13.2
		(14.4)	(6.6)		(9.6)		/ 1 7 A 3	(0.0)	(8.3)
1.74 or lower		16.1	21.0	17.3	19.6		$330^{(17.4)}$	4.4	24.2
-		(15.8)	(10.6)		(12.3)		(19.1)	(10.7)	(10.5)
Number of respondents	9	23	31	21	43	4	18	15	34



Table 43A: EMPLOYMENT CHARACTERISTICS OF YOUTH WITH VISUAL IMPAIRMENTS

		Community	Gender	Age in 1987	School Status	_
Employment Characteristics	<u>Tota l</u>	Urban Suburban Rural	Male Female	19 or 15-16 17-18 older	Out 1 year Out 1 - In-School or less Years	
Percentage of youth working						_
for pay in past year	47.4 ( 3.4)	39.7 50.9 60.7 (4.9) (7.6) (11.8)	50.4 43.7 ( 4.3) ( 5.4)	36.3 58.4 44.1 (6.4) (5.8) (5.1)	46.3 51.3 48.5 (4.2) (7.5) (8.0	
Number of respondents	736	230 135 44	425 311	205 263 268	499 127 110	0
Percentage of youth who currently had:						
No employment	51.7 (3.3)	60.2 47.7 36.4 ( 4.8) ( 7.6) (11.7)	51.1 52.4 ( 4.2) ( 5.4)	52.7 47.8 55.2 (6.3) (5.9) (5.0)	50.0 52.8 58.1 (4.2) (7.6) (7.5	_
Volunteer work only	13.8 ( 2.3)	12.9 22.7 12.9 ( 3.3) ( 6.4) ( 8.1)	13.0 14.8 ( 2.8) ( 3.8)	19.2 11.6 11.9 (5.0) (3.8) (3.3)	13.6 18.7 9.1 (2.9) (5.9) (4.1	-
Workstudy only	12.4 ( 2.2)	8.2 4.5 12.6 ( 2.7) ( 3.2) ( 8.0)	13.5 10.9 ( 2.8) ( 3.4)	11.2 16.0 9.2 ( 4.0, ( 4.3) ( 2.9)	17.1 4.2 0.1 (3.1) (3.0) (0.1	
Sheltered work only	3.8 (1.3)	3.9 2.5 0.3 (1.9) (2.4) (1.4)	4.0 3.5 (1.6) (2.0)	1.4 3.6 6.0 (1.5) (2.2) (2.4)	3.2 2.3 8.3 (1.5) (2.3) (4.4	4)
Part time competitive work	10. <b>9</b> ( 2.1)	11.6 17.5 13.5 (3.1) (5.8) (8.3)	11.7 10.0 ( 2.7) ( 3.2)	13.1 10.5 9.6 ( 4.3) ( 3.6) ( 3.0)	10.7 8.6 14.2 (2.6) (4.2) (5.0	6)
Full time competitive work	7.5 ( 1.7)	3.2 5.1 24.3 (1.7) (3.4) (10.4)	6.7 8.5 ( 2.1) ( 3.0)	2.3 10.6 8.1 (1.9) (3.6) (2.8)	5.4 13.5 10.6 (1.9) (5.2) (4.6	8)
Number of respondents	739	232 135 44	428 311	206 264 269	499 (28 11)	2
Percentage of employed youth with:						
1 paid job	88.5 ( <b>4.1)</b>	90.4 82.3 81.6 ( 6 0) ( 8.6) (14.5)	88.9 88.1 ( 4.5) ( 7.5)	84.3 87.4 92.2 ( 9.5) ( 7.4) ( 5.2)	90.6 80.8 89.5 (5.0) (11.5) (8.4	4)
2 or more paid jobs	11.5 ( 4.1)	9.6 17.7 18.4 (6.0) (8.6) (14.5)	11.1 11.9 ( 4.5) ( 7.5)	15.7 12.6 7.8 (9.5) (7.4) (5.2)	9.4 19.2 10.5 (5.0) (11.5) (8.4	4)
Number of respondents	169	47 39 19	106 63	40 62 67	98 33 3	В
Percentage with paid job earning an hourly rate of:						
< \$3.00	25.5 (6.1)	10.3 35.9 19.2 (6.4) (11.6) (14.8)	16.6 36.3 (5.8) (11.9)	53.9 15.4 21.6 (14.1) ( 8.6) ( 8.8)	29.4 5.8 29.3 (8.2) (8.0) (13.9	
\$3.00 to \$3.99	56.9 (7.0)	63.0 37.5 76.0 (10.4) '11.7) (16.0)	63.9 48.5 (7.5) (12.4)	37.7 75 1 45.8 (13.7) (10.3) (10.6)	60.9 60.3 43. (8.8) (16.7) (15.	1
\$4.00 to \$4.99	9.5	19.6 13.4 0.0 (8.4) (8.2) (0.0)	7.2 12.4 ( 4.0) ( 8.2)	2.7 2.8 21.6 (4.5) (3.9) (8.8)	4.3 19.1 17.1 (3.6) (13.4) (11.1	-
\$5.00 or more	8.1 (3.8)	10.1 13.3 4.7 (6.4) (8.2) (8.0)	12.4 2.9 (5.2) (4.1)	5.8 6.7 11.0 (6.6) (5.9) (6.7)	5.4 14.8 10.8 (4.1) (12.1) (9.8	6
Number of respondents	147	43 34 19	91 56	36 55 56	90 26 3	1
Average wage of employed youth	3.30	3.70 3.20 3.30	3.60 2.90	2.70 3.30 3.50	3.10 4.20 3.1	0
	(0.30)	(0.30) (0.50) (0.50)	(0.40) (0.40)	(0.60) (0.30) (0.50)	(0.30) (0.90) (0.5	0)
Number of respondents	147	43 34 19	91 56	36 <b>55 5</b> 6	<b>90 26</b> 3	ī



Table 438: EMPLOYMENT CHARACTERISTICS OF YOUTH WITH VISUAL IMPAIRMENTS

	Type of Sch	nool Attended	Severity of Visual Impairment		
Employment Characteristics	Regular School	Special-School	Partially Sighted	Blind	
Percentage of youth working					
for pay in past year	47.8	50.0	56.0	38.1	
Number of respondents	( 4.5) 377	( 5.7) 2 <b>8</b> 9	( .5.2) <b>286</b>	( 6.2) 244	
Percentage of youth who					
currently had:					
No employment	51.2	48.0	46.8	51.5	
	( 4.4)	( 5.8)	( 5.1)	( 6.4)	
Volunteer work only	16.5	8.4	12.3	18.1	
	( 3.3)	(3.2)	( 3.3)	( 5.0)	
Workstudy only	6.0	28.7	13.3	14.2	
Chalkanad wash as 3	( 2.1)	( 🗧 3)	( 3.5)	( 4.5)	
Sheltered work only	(2.1)	6.9	2.6	5.6	
Dank Aima aamaakikissa saada	(1.3)	( 2.9)	(1.6)	(3.0)	
Part time competitive work	15.1 ( 3.2)	3.6	13.2	8.1	
Full time competitive work	9.1	( 2.2) 4.5	(3.5)	( 3.5)	
ruii cime competitive work	( 2.6)	( 2.4)	11.8 ( 3.3)	2.5	
Number of respondents	378	290	296	( 2.0) 246	
Percentage of employed youth					
with:	<b>-</b>				
1 paid job	84.2	100	82.1	91.4	
<b>6</b>	( 6.0)	( 0.0)	(7.7)	( 6.8)	
2 or more paid jobs	15.8	0.0	17.9	8.6	
Number of respondents	( 6.0) 101	( 0.0) 50	( 7.7) 73	( 6.8) 48	
Percentage with paid job					
earning an hourly rate of:					
< \$3.00	22.5	47.9	14.5	46,3	
- 43.00	(7.2)	(15.7)	(7.5)	(13.3)	
\$3.00 to \$3.99	56.7	41.0	61.0	49.0	
40.00 00 40.00	(8.5)	(15.5)	(19.5)	(13.3)	
\$4.00 to \$4.99	11.2	5.3	10.7	2.9	
4 3a 4a	(5.4)	(7.0)	(6.6)	(4.4)	
\$5.00 or more	9.6	5.8	13.8	1.8	
• •• •	(5.1)	(7.4)	(7.4)	(3.5)	
Number of respondents	92	39	64	42	
Average wage of employed					
youth	3.40	2.70	3.80	2.30	
	(0.30)	(0.90)	(0.40)	(0.40)	
Number of respondents	92	39	64	42	
			<b>)</b>		



Table 43C: EMPLOYMENT CHARACTERISTICS OF YOUTH WITH VISUAL IMPAIRMENTS

	Household I	ncome	Ethnicity	He'd of Household's Education			
Employment Characteristics	Under 12,000- \$12,000 \$24,999	\$25,000 and Over	Black White Hispanic	No High School Diploma	High School Diploma	Beyond High School	
Percentage of youth working	41 1 40 3	56.7	43.0 53.1 32.1	40.8	49.4	52.9	
for pay in past year	41.1 48.3 (6.7) (6.4)	(5.2)	43.0 53.1 32.1 (5.1) (4.6) (7.9)	(5.6)	(6.2)	(5.5)	
Number of respondents	164 197	285	208 436 70	232	240	250	
Percentage of youth who currently had:							
No employment	58.4 49.7 ( 6.7) ( 6.4)	45.1 ( 5.2)	62.2 46.3 56.6 (5.0) (4.6) (8.4)	58.8 ( 5.6)	51.1 ( 6.2)	43.1 ( 5.5)	
Volunteer work only	10.7 16.2 ( 4.2) ( 4.7)	15.2 ( 3.8)	4.9 16.6 14.9 (2.2) (3.5) (6)	10.5 ( 3.5)	12.0 ( 4.0)	20.9 ( 4.5)	
Workstudy only	14.8 16.2 (4.8) (4.7)	8.4 ( 2.9)	7.5 15.1 9.6 (2.7) (3.3) (5.0)	17.0 ( 4.3)	11.7 ( 4.0) 2.5	8.1 ( 3.0) 6.4	
Sheltered work only	3.7 2.7 (2.6) (2.1)	3.6 ( 2.0) 15.8	4.2 4.1 1.3 (2.1) (1.8) (2.0) 13.1 10.8 8.7	3.0 ( 2.0) 5.8	( 1.9) 10.4	( 2.7) 16.3	
Part time competitive work  Full time competitive work	7.3 9.2 (3.5) (3.7) 5.1 6.7	(3.8) 11.9	(3.5) (2.9) (4.8) 8.1 7.1 8.9	( 2.7) 4.9	( 3.8) 12.3	( 4.1) 5.2	
Number of respondents	(3.0) (3.0) 163 197	( 3.4) 285	( 2.8) ( 2.4) ( 4.8) 208 439 70	( 2.5) 232	( 4.1) 240	( 2.5) 249	
Percentage of employed youth with:							
1 paid job	97.5 87.8 (4.7) (7.7)	85.0 (7.0)	97.2 82.8 ( 4.1) ( 6.2)	95.0 ( 5.7)	68.0 (7.9)	94.1 (6.7)	
2 or more paid jobs	2.5 12.2 ( 4.7) ( 7 7)	15.0 (7.0)	2.8 17.2 ( 4.1) ( 6.2)	5.0 ( 5.7)	12.0 ( 7.9)	15.9 ( 6.7)	
Number of respondents	28 43	78	46 109 12	35	54	76	
Percentage with paid job earning an hourly rate of:							
< \$3.00	2.6 22.9 (5.6) (10.7)	33.7 (9.6)	9.2 36.9 (7.8) (8.6)	19.2 (11.4)	21.6 (10.7)	35.9 ( 9.6)	
\$3,00 to \$3,39	82.4 61.7 (12.8) (12.4)	47.2 (10.2)	81.3 41.9 (10.5) ( 8.8)	66.9 (13.6)	66.1 (12.3)	40.1 ( 9.8)	
\$4.00 to \$4.99	14.8 4.2 (11.9) (5.2)	8.5 ( 5.7)	6.0 9.8 (6.4) (5.3)	6.4 (7.1)	7.1 ( 6.7)	11.8 (6.5)	
\$5 00 or more	0.0 11.1 ( 0.0) ( 8.0)	10.6 ( 6.3)	3.4 11.4 ( 4.9) ( 5.7)	7.5 ( 7.6)	5.2 ( 5.8)	12. <b>2</b> ( <b>6.5</b> )	
Number of respondents	23 37	72	40 94 11	29	48	66	
Average wage of employed youth	3 40 3.60	3.20	3.40 3.20	3.30	3.40	3.10	
Number of respondents	(0.20) (0.70) 23 37	(0.30) 72	(0.20) (0.40) 40 94 11	(0.40) 29	(0.50) 48	(0.40) 66	



Table 43A: EMPLOYMENT CHARACTERISTICS OF YOUTH WITH VISUAL IMPAIRMENTS (Continued)

		Community	Gendur	Age in 1987	School Status		
Employment Characteristics	<u>Total</u>	Urban Suburban Rural	Male Female	19 or 15-16 17-18 older	Out 1 year In-School or less	Out 1 - 2 Years	
Percentage of employed youth							
working at:		0 / 5 0 19 5	9.1 1.0	8.5 8.8 0.0	6.7 8.2	0.0	
Lawn work or odd jobs	5.5 ( <b>3</b> .3)	2./ 5.9 12.5 ( 3.7) ( 6.7) (12.5)	(5.0) (2.5)	(8.5) (7.0) (0.0)	(4.9) (8.2)	(0.0)	
Waiter/waitress, busbo., cook	16.0 (5.3)	16.3 9.6 30.0 (8.4) (8.3) (17.4)	10.7 22.6 (5.4) (10.4)	11.2 20.2 13.8 (9.6) (9.9) (7.2)	14.8 30.5 (7.0) (13.8)	6.7 ( 7.2)	
Babysitting/child care	15.8 ( 5.3)	10.6 24.9 16.2 (7.1) (12.2) (14.0)	5.8 28.5 ( 4.1) (11.2)	42.4 6.2 11.5 (15.1) ( 6.0) ( 6.7)	19.0 3.0 (7.7) (5.1)	18.0 (11.0)	
Farm/agricultural work	0.2	0.0 0.0 0.9 ( 0.0) ( 0.0) ( 3.6)	0.4 0.0 (1.1) (0.0)	1.1 0.0 0.0 (3.1) (0.0) (0.0)	0.4 0.0 (1.2) (0.0)	0.0 ( 0.0)	
Factory work	11.5	4.9 9.1 3.1	9.0 14.7 (5.0) (8.8)	3.4 10.9 16.8 (5.5) (7.7) (7.9)	6.4 8.8 (4.8) (8.5)	27.6 (12.8)	
Skilled trade	( 4.6) 3.1	1.3 4.5 0.0	5.6 0.0	0.0 0.7 7.7 (0.0) (2.1) (5.6)	0.5 4.8 (1.4) (6.4)	8.7 ( 8.0)	
Other manual labor	( 2.5) 27.0 ( 6 4)	( 2.6) ( 5.9) ( 9.0) 20.2	(4.0) (0.0) 34.4 17.6 (8.3) (9.4)	14.0 35.9 24.2 (10.6) (11.8) ( 9.0)	(9.3) (11.9)	14.4 (10.0)	
Sales, store clerk, cashier	2.3 ( 2.2)	1.8 5.0 0.0 (3.0) (6.2) (0.0)	2.5 2.0 (2.7) (3.5)	3.4 1.8 4.2 (5.5) (3.3) (3.1)	2.5 3.0 (3.0) (5.1)	1. <b>2</b> ( 3.1)	
Office/clerical work	12.2	25.3 16.3 1.5 (10.0) (10.4) (4.6)	11.3 13.2 (5.5) (8.4)	12.5 9.7 14.9 (10.1) ( 7.3) ( 7.5)	10.7 9.1 (6.1) (8.6)	18.8 (11.2)	
Mospital work/health care	1.7	5.7 0.0 0.0 (5.3) (0.0) (0.0)	1.6 1.8 (2.2) (3.3)	0.0 0.0 4.7 (0.0) (0.0) (4.4)	0.0 7.3 (0.0) (7.8)	1.6 (3.6)	
Other	10.3	22.8 E.1 0.0 (9.6) (7.7) (0.0)	14.9 4.5 (6.2) (5.2)	10.1 9.1 11.9 ( 9.2) ( 7.1) ( 6.8)	9.7 12.1 (5.8) (9.8)	10.6 ( 8.8)	
Number of respondents	161	44 39 18	101 69	39 59 33	94 32	35	
Of youth working for pay.							
percentage working: < 10 hours/week	18.1 (5.1)	24.5 25.0 17.2 (8.8, (9.8) (14.2)	14.8 22.4 (5.1) (9.9)	46.4 8.8 12.7 (13.2) ( 6.4) ( 6.6)	23.3 8.5 (7.3) (8.3)		
10 to 21 hours/week	22.0 (5.5)	30.3 29.4 9.5 ( 9.4) (10.4) (11.0)	25.2 18.0 (6.3) (9.1)	28.4 19.2 21.7 (11.9) ( 8.3) ( 8.2)	24.0 14.2 (7.4) (10.4)	23.3 (12.0)	
22 to 34 hours/week	16.3 (4.9)	23.3 19.9 9 6 (8.6) (9.1) (11.1)	22.2 8.8 ( 6.0) ( 6.7)	5.5 22.5 15.3 (6.0) (9.4) (7.1)	18.5 13.3 (6.7) (10.1)		
35 hours/week or more	43.6 (6.5)	21.9 25.8 63.7 (8.4) (10.0) (18.0)	37.9 50.9 (7.0) (11.9)	19.8 49.5 50.3 (10.5) (11.2) ( 9.9)	34.2 63.9 (8.2) (14.3)		
Number of respondents	164	46 38 19	104 60	39 61 64	96 32	36	
Average hours per week worked by paid workers	25.8	21.7 21.9 27.9	26.3 25.2	16.1 28.6 28.2	رع.0 31.8	28.6	
•	( 2.0) 164	(3.0) (3.8) (5.2) 46 38 19	(2.3) (3.5) 104 60	(4.9) (2.7) (2.6) 39 61 64	(2.7) (3.4) 96 32	( 3.6) 36	
Number of respondents	104	40 00 10		-			



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Table 438: EMPLOYMENT CHARACTERISTICS OF YOUTH WITH VISUAL IMPAIRMENTS (Continued)

	Type of Sch	nool Attended	mpa irment	
Employment Characteristics	Rugular School	Special School	Partially Sighted	Blind
Percentage of employed youth				
working at:	7.3	1.6	9.9	0.0
Lawn work or odd jrbs	( 4.6)	(3.5)	( 6.3)	( 0.0)
Waiter/waitress, busboy, cook	17.6	4.1	12.5	11.2
Delitary Marier Cast, Dansoy, Cook	( 6.8)	( 5.6)	( 6.9)	(9.4)
Babysitting/child care	17	8.5	14.5	14.0
	( 6.	( 7.8)	( 7.4)	(10.3)
Farm/agricultural work	0.3	0.0	0.5	0.0
_	( 1.0)	( 0.0)	( 1.4)	( 0.0)
Factory work	5.9	29.9	6.5	27.9 (13.3)
	( 4.2)	(12.9) 5.7	( 5.2) 4.7	0.0
Skilled trade	2.0 ( 2.5)	( 6.5)	( 4.4)	( 0.0)
ati 9.3.1	( 2.5) 26.5	32.9	35.1	15.8
Other manual labor	( 7.8)	(13.2)	(10.0)	(10.8)
Sales, stere clerk, cashier	2.4	2.8	1.1	4.4
Saiss, Store Clerk, Casiller	(2.7)	(4.7)	( 2.2)	(6.1)
Office/clerical work	13.8	4.7	7.7	23.0
Of ICE/CIEF ICE I WOLK	(6.1)	(5.9)	( 5.6)	(12.5)
Hospital work/health care	1.9	1.8	2.8	1.5
The production of the second	( 2.4)	(3.7)	( 3.4)	( 3.6)
Other	11.7	9.7	12.8	7.4
•	( 5.7)	( 8.3)	(7.0)	(7.8)
Number of respondents	98	47	71	45
Of youth working for pay,				
percentage working:				
< 10 hours/week	23.1	5.9	16.6	18.0
	( 7.0)	(5.3)	( 7.5)	(9.7)
10 to 21 hours/week	23.0	15.2	22.6	17.5
	(7.0)	(9.6)	(8.4)	( 9.6) 27.4
22 to 34 hours/week	16.5	15.9	12.7 ( 6.7)	(11.3)
	(6.1)	(9.8)	48.0	37.1
35 hours/week or more	37.4 (8.0)	63.0 (12.9)	(10.0)	(12.2)
11 A	99	48	72	45
Number of respondents	33	70	,,	•••
Average hours per week worked				
by paid workers	23.7	32.1	26.8	25.7
by paid workers	( 2.5)	(3.1)	( 2.9)	( 3.8)
Number of respondents	99	48	72	45



Table 43C: EMPLOYMENT ""WACTERISTICS OF YOUTH WITH VISUAL IMPAIRMENTS (Continued)

		Income	Ethnicity	Head of I	lousehold's Ed	tucation
Employment Characteristics	Under 1 \$12,000 <u>1</u>	2,000- \$25,000 24,999 and Over	Black White Hispanic	No High School Diplome	High School	Beyond High School
Percentage of employed youth						
working at: Lawn work or odd jobs	3.1	3.2 9.8	3.0 7.5	0.0	7.0	7.9
Waiter/weitress, busboy, cook	11.3	(4.9) (6.1) 23.1 18.2	(3.8) (5.0) 9.9 19.4	( 0.0) 17.1	( 6.7) 24.1	( 5.6) 8.6
Babysitting/child care	4.0	(11.6) (7.9) 12.7 27.2	( §.7) ( 7.6) 11.4 20.0	(11.6) 11.5	(11.2) 14.9	( 5.8) 20.9
Farm/agricultural work	0.0	( 9.2) ( 9.1) 0.0 0.5	(7.1) (7.7) 0.0 0.4	( 9.9) 0.0	( 9.3) 0.0	( 8.4) 0.6
Factory work	9.2	( 0.0) ( 1.5) 9.4 8.1	( 0.0) ( 1.2) 2.4 15.4	( 0.0) 8.0	( 0.0) 5.9	( 1.5) 20.5
Skilled trade	2.6	(8.0) (5.6) 8.7 1.3	( 3.5) ( 6.9) 3.5   3.3	( 8.4) 7.8	( 6.2) 3.0	( 8.3) 0.8
Other manual labor	41.7	(7.7) (2.3) 27.1 16.8	( 4.1) ( 3.4) 47.7 17.4	( 8.3) 28.6	( 4.5) <b>33</b> .2	( 1.8) 15. <b>9</b>
Sales, store clerk, cashier	0.0	(12.2) ( 7.7) 3.2 0.6	(11.2) ( 7.3) 1.4	(14.0) 1.5	(12.4) 1.1	( 7.6) 2.6
Office/clerical work	9.4	(4.9) (1.6) 15.0 12.9	( 2.7) ( 2.7) 11.1 10.3	( 3.7) 8.2	( 2.8) 6.3	( 3.3) 19.4
Hospital work/health care	0.0	( 9.8) ( 6.9) 0.0 1.9	(7.1) (5.8) 0.0 2.8	( 8.5) 0.0	( 6.4) 2.1	( 8.2) 2.5
0ther	21.8	(0.0) (2.8) 5.3 7.2	( 0.0) ( 3.2) 12.6	( 0.0) 17.3	( 3.8) 7.0	( 3.2) 10.6
Number of respondents	(14.3) 25	( 6.2) ( 5.3) 43 75	( 7.5) ( 5.2) 44 103 12	( <u>1</u> 1.7) 32	( 6.7) 53	( 6.4) 72
Of youth working for pay,						
percentage working: < 10 hours/week	14.4	12.4 26.9	8.7 <i>c</i> 2.8	16.3	15.5	23.5
10 to 21 hours/week	25.1	(7.7) (8.9) 25.4 20.5	( 7.1) ( 7.0) 24.9 22.0	( 9.6) 18.0	( 9.0) 17.2	(8.0) 30.2
22 to 34 hours/week	(13.3) 21.4	(10.2) ( 8.1) 19.8 9.1	(11.0) ( 6.9) 26.6 11.8	(10.0) 20.5	( 9.3) 11.7	( 8.6) 13.5
35 hours/week or more	(12.6) <b>3</b> 9. <b>2</b>	(93) (5.8) 42.4 43.5	(11.2) ( 5.4) 39.8 43.5	(10.5) 45.1	( 8.0) 55.6	( 6.4) 32.8
Number of respondents	(15.0) 27	(11.6) ( 9.9) 43 <b>74</b>	(12.4) ( 8.3) 44 106 12	(13.0) 35	(12.3) 52	( 8.8) 73
Average hours per week worked by paid workers	25 0	27 12 22 5	07.1 04.0			. •
Number of respondents		27.0 23.5 (3.2) (2.2)	27.1 24.8 (2.4) (2.8)	27.5 ( 3.4)	28.1 ( 3.5)	22.5 ( 3.1)
number of respondents	27	43 74	44 106 12	35	52	73



Table 43A: EMPLOYMENT CHARACTERISTICS OF YOUTH WITH VISUAL IMPAIRMENTS (Concluded)

		Community	<u>Gender</u>	Age in 1987	School Status
Employment Characteristics	<u>Total</u>	Urban Suburban Rural	Male Female	19 or 15-16 17-13 older	Out 1 year Out 1 - 2 In-School or less Years
Of those currently working for pay,					
percentage working at current job:					
< 1 month	20.3	32.2 12.9 15.5	23.7 15.9	17.7 27.6 13.2 (10.1) (10.0) (6.6)	20.5 32.5 9.6 (7.0) (13.7) (8.2)
1 to 3 months	(5.3) 36.9	( 9.6) ( 7.5) (13.6) 34.6 38.0 42.7	( 6.1) ( 8.7) 35.4 38.9	21.3 48.0 32.7	(7.0) (13.7) (8.2) 46.6 14.8 29.4
1 to 5 months	(6.3)	( 9.7) (10.9) (18.5)	(6.9) (11.6)	(10.9) (11.2) (9.2)	(8.6) (10.4) (12.8)
> 3 months to 6 months	17.5	12.0 18.8 15.7	18.8 15.7	. 14.5 12.7 24.7	12.3 14.5 33.9
	(5.0)	( 6.6) ( 8.8) (13.6)	(5.6) (8.6)	(9.3) (7.4) (8.4)	(5.7) (10.3) (13.3)
> 6 months	25.3	21.2 30.3 26.2	22.1 29.5	46.5 11.8 29.3	20.6 38.2 27.2
	( 5.7)	(8.4) (10.3) (16.5)	( 6.0) (10.8)	(13.3) ( 7.2) ( 8.9) 39 62 66	(7.0) (14.2) (12.5) 97 33 37
Number of respondents	167	46 39 19	106 61	39 62 66	97 33 37
Of those ever employed for pay, percentage with longest time at a paid job:					
3 months or less	55.9	65.8 56.2 50.5	54.1 58.1	57.4 65.3 42.9	67.5 38.2 40.4
	(5.0)	(7.3) (9.9) (17.6)	(5.9) (8.5)	(10.5) ( 7.9) ( 7.6)	(6.4) (9.5) (11.3)
> 3 months to 6 months	15.8	10.7 17.2 11.4	17.5 13.7	10.0 13.8 21.8	13.9 14.2 23.2
	(3.7)	(4.8) (7.5) (11.2)	(4.5) (5.9)	(6.4) (5.7) (6.4)	(4.7' (6.8) (9.7)
> 6 months to 12 months	15.5 ( 3.7)	11.7 15.5 16.9 (5.0) (7.2) (13.2)	15.8 15.1 (4.3) (6.2)	9.3 13.9 21.2 (6.1) (5.7) (6.3)	6.9 32.6 22.1 (3.5) (9.2) (9.6)
> 12 months	12.9	11.7 11.1 21.2	12.7 13.2	23.3 7.0 14.2	11.7 15.0 14.2
- It months	( 0.4)	(5.0) (6.3) (14.4)	(4.0) (5.8)	(8.9) (4.2) (5.4)	(4.4) (7.0) (8.0)
Number of respondents	275	83 62 22	171 104	59 111 105	156 66 53
Average months kept:					
Longest paid job	7.4	6.9 7.3 9.1	7.4 7.3	8.4 6.1 8.4	6.0 .9.6 9.0
• •	(1.2)	( 2.0) ( 2.7) ( 3.6)	(1.5) (2.1)	(2.6) (1.3) (1.8)	(1.6) (2.3) (2.7)
Present paid job	6.8	5.2 7.7 7.7	6.2 7.5	11.7 5.1 5.9	6.7 8.3 5.8
Whan of noons doubs	(1.5)	( 1.0) ( 3.4) ( 4.0) 46 39 19	( 1.7) ( 2.7) 106 61	(3.5) (2.8) (1.3) 39 62 66	(22) (3.2) (1.5) 3 37
Number of respondents	167	46 39 19	100 01	33 02 00	3 33 37
Percentage of unemployed youth leaving last job by:					
Quitting	11 7	23.1 12.1	18.1 2.7	17.5 11.9 7.6	10.7 16.4 7.3
	(5.3)	(10.1) (11.1)	(8.5) (4.0)	(13.5) ( 8.4) ( 6.6)	(7.2) $(9.4)$ $(10.6)$
Being fired	5.0	5.3 3.8	3.1 ? 5	4.9 2.8 8.5 (7.6) (4.3) (6.9)	2.8 12.8 0.0 ( 3.8) ( 8.4) ( 0.0)
Being laid off	(3.6) 10.3	(5.3) (6.5) 12.1 7.3	(3.8) (3.5) 10.3 10.2	9.2 8.0 14.6	7.1 12.4 19.6
penig lata off	(5.0)	(7.8) (8.8)	(6.7) (7.4)	(10.2) (7.0) (8.7)	(6.0) (8.3) (16.3)
Ending temporary work	73.1	59.5 76.8	68.5 79.5	68.5 77.3 69.3	79.5 58.4 73.1
	(7.3)	(11.7) (14.3)	(10.2) ( 9.9)	(16.5) (10.8) (11.4)	(9.4) (12.4) (18.2)
Number of respondents	111	36 24 4	67 44	20 50 41	60 35 16
Percentage of employed youth fired					
in the past year	1.1	1.4 0.8 0.0	0.8 1.5	0.5 0.8 1.9	0.4 4.0 1.1
	( 0.7)	(1.2) (1.4) (0.9)	(0.8) (1.3)	(0.9) (1.0) (1.4)	(0.5) (3.0) (1.7)
Number of respondents	740	231 136 44	427 313	<b>207 26</b> 5 268	503 127 110



Table 438; EMPLOYMENT CHARACTERISTICS OF YOUTH WITH VISUAL IMPAIRMENTS (Concluded)

	Type of Sch	ool Attended	Severity of Visual Impairment		
Employment Characteristics	Regular School	Special School	Partially Sighted	Blind	
Of those currently working for pay,					
percentage working at current job:	•				
< 1 month	19.5	<b>25.9</b>	20.4	25.2	
	( 6.5)	(i1.6)	( 8.1)	(10.7)	
1 to 3 months	37.9	33.6	38.8	29.8	
	( 8.0)	(12.5)	( 9.8)	(11.3)	
> 3: 1ths to 6 months	15.6	21.8	13.7	22.4	
	( 6.0)	(10.9)	( 6. <b>9</b> )	(10.3)	
> 6 months	27.0	18.7	27.0	22.5	
	( 7.3)	(10.3)	( 8.8)	(10.3)	
Number of respondents	100	49	72	47	
Of those ever employed for pay, percentage with longest time at					
a paid job:					
3 months or less	57.5	50.9	55.9	51.9	
	( 6.5)	(9.1)	( 7.6)	( 9.7)	
> 3 months to 6 months	13.2	21.5	11.9	20.2	
	( 4.4)	(7.5)	( 4.9)	(7.8)	
> 6 months to 12 months	14.8	17.7	17.9	19.7	
	( 4.6)	(7.0)	(5.9)	(7.7)	
> 12 months	14.5	9.9	14,3	8.2	
	(4.6)	(5.4)	(5.4)	( 5.3)	
Number of respondents	158	87	126	74	
Average months kept:					
Longest paid job	7.9	6.7	8.0	6.5	
• •	(1.7)	(1.9)	(1.9)	( 2.1)	
Present paid job	7.1	6.4	6.7	6.7	
	(1.9)	(3.0)	( 2.1)	( 3.2)	
Number of respondents	100	49	72	47	
Percentage of unemployed youth					
leaving last job by					
Quitting	12.8	1.7	9.0	9.2	
4	(7.4)	( 2.9)	( 6.8)	(8.6)	
Being fired	4.3	2.3	1.4	0.0	
55	( 4.5)	( 3.4)	( 2.8)	( 0.0)	
Being laid off	8.2	12.1	12.4	5.1	
being raid or r	(6.1)	(7.4)	(7.8)	(6.5)	
Ending temporary work	74.7	83.9	77.3	85.7	
Enong temporary work	(9.7)	(8.4)	(10.0)	(10.4)	
Number of respo dents	59	40	53	30	
Percentage of employed youth fired					
in tie past year	1.0	0.3	0.7	0.0	
in the past year	( 0.9)	(0.6)	4 7	0.0	
Number of respondents	379	ال (۲.۵) 291	(0.9)	( 0.0)	
manner or respondents	3/3	631	289	245	



Table 43C: EMPLOYMENT CHARACTERISTICS OF YOUTH WITH VISUAL IMPAIRMENTS (Concluded)

	Household Income		F.COME	Ethnicity	Head of Household's Education		
Employment Characteristics	Under \$12,000		\$25,000 and Over	Black White Hispanic	No High School Diploms	High School Diplome	Beyond High School
Of those currently working for pay,							
percentage working at current job: < 1 month	30.5 (14.2)	24.3 (10.0)	15:6 ( 7.1)	29.9 15.7 (11.5) ( 6.0)	37.6 (12.6)	19.5 ( 9.6)	12.7 ( 6.2)
1 to 3 months	47.9 (15.4)	40.7 (11.5)	35.2 ( 9.4)	43.2 33.3 (12.4) ( 7.8)	44.4 (13.0)	43. (12.1)	28.7 ( 8.5)
> 3 months to 6 months	6.0 ( 7.3)	15.8	14.2 ( 6.9)	10.3 20 3 (7.6) (6.7)	9.6	7.2 ( 6.3)	26.5 ( 8.3)
> 6 months	15.6 (11.2)	21.3	35.1 ( 9.4)	16.6 30.7 ( 9.3) ( 7.6)	8.4 ( 7.2)	29.8 (11.1)	32.1 ( 8.7)
Number of respondents	27	43	77	45 108 12	35	54	74 .
Of those ever employed for pay, percentage with longest time at							
a paid job: 3 wonths or less	72.8	64.7	47.1 ( 7.6)	68.1 51.1 58.7 ( 8.8) ( 6.4) (17.3)	79.2 ( 8.3)	55.9 ( 9.1)	44.2 ( 1.4)
> 3 moriths to 6 months	(10.1) 8.7 ( 6.4)	{ 9.0} 10.5 { 5.8}	15.6	13.4 16.8 16.2 ( 6.4) ( 4.8) (12.9)	6.3 ( 5.0)	8.3 (5.1)	25.8 ( 6.5)
> 6 months to 12 months	9.0 ( 6.5)	12.6	21.3 ( 6.3)	· 11.0 16.7 21.4 (5.9) (4.7) (14.4)	4.4 ( 4.2)	18.7 ( /.2)	19.7 ( 5.9)
> 12 months	9.5	12.1 (6.1)	16.0 ( 5.6)	7.5 15.4 3.7 ( 4.9) ( 4.6) ( 6.6)	10.0 ( 6.2)	17.1 ( 6.9)	10.3 ( <b>4.5)</b>
Number of respondents	46	73	131	73 92 18	62	88	120
Average months kept: Longest paid job	4.6 ( 1.9)	7.1 ( 2.5)	8.9 ( 1.8)	5.4 8.1 ( 1.7) ( 1.6)	4.8 ( 2.0)	8.5 ( 2.4)	7.4 ( 1.6)
Present paid job	3.8 ( 2.3)	5.6	9.2	3.3 8.8 (1.1) (2.3)	3.0 (1.7)	7.7 ( 3.0)	8.3 ( 2.3)
Number of respondents	27	43	77	45 108 12	35	54	74
Percentage of unemployed youth leaving last job by: Quitting	0.0	12.1	18.5	13.2 9.4	9.8	16 1	8.0 ( 6.7)
Being fired	( 0.0) 3.8	4.3	1.4	( 8.4) ( 6.0) 4.5 4.4 ( 5.2) ( 4.2)	(10.3) 0.0 ( 0.0)	( 9.\$} 1.7 ( 3.5)	11.6 (7.9)
Being laid off	( 7.1) 12.9 (12.6)	14.0	7.5	14.1 9.7 ( 8.6) ( 6.1)	7.7 ( 9.3)	19.5 (10.6)	5.4 ( 5.6)
Ending temporary work	83.4 (14.0)	69.7	72.6	68.2 76.5 (1.5) (8.7)	82.5 (13.2)	62.6 (13.0)	74.9 (10.7)
Number of respondents	20	30	55	28 76 6	2"	35	46
Percentage of employed youth fired in the past year	0.5	1.0	1.1	0.5 1.3 1.3 ( 0.8) ( 1.1) ( 1.9)	0.0 ( 0.0)	i.3 ( 1.4)	2.3 ( 1.6)
Number of respondents	( 0.9) 164	( 1.3) 197	285	208 436 70	232	240	250



# Appendix A



#### **APPENDIX A**

This appendix provides additional information to aid the reader in interpreting data related to two kinds of variables presented in the almanacs: variables potentially subject to bias, and variables created by combining two sources of information. Variables in each of these categories, along with references to the tables in which they appear, are discussed below.

## **Variables Potentially Subject to Bias**

#### Measured IQ (Table 4)

IQ scores were taken from students' school records for their most recent year in secondary school and recorded on the school record abstract form in response to the following item:

"What overall test score or IQ score did the student receive on the test indicated in Question 12? If the IQ or overall test score is not given, indicate the mental age or grade equivalent score if provided.

IQ data were not available for all youth and the fraction of students for whom IQ scores were available varied considerably for youth in different disability categories. For example, IQ scores were present in school records for 86% of youth classified as mentally retarded and for 84% of those classified as learning disabled, but for only 47% of youth with other health impairments and 50% of youth with speech impairments. The relatively high rate of missing data for youth in some categories raised the question of whether available IQ scores were systematically biased downward. Were scores available more frequently for youth for whom normal IQ was questioned, i.e., those at the lower end of the normal intelligence scale? Perhaps IQ tests were not as routinely given for youth for whom there was little question of at least normal IQ.

To address this issue, the functional ability levels were compared for youth with and without IQ scores in each disability category. To the extent that functional ability correlates with measured intelligence (r=.54; p<.001), if the hypothesized bias were present, lower functional ability scores would be observed for youth with IQ scores and higher functional ability scores for youth without IQ data. Examination of the functional mental skills scale scores for the majority of youth--those classified as emotionally disturbed, hard of hearing, learning disabled, and visually impaired--revealed no significant differences between youth with and without IQ test scores, indicating an absence of bias for youth in those categories. However, youth classified as orthopedically impaired, other health impaired, and speech impaired with IQ data had



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significantly lower functional mental skills scale scores than those for whom IQ data were not available (p<.05). Thus, there appears to be some downward bias in the IQ scores for youth in these categories. However, an opposite relationship of functional abilities and IQ was observed for youth in the deaf/blind multiply handicapped, and mentally retarded categories. For these youth, functional abilities were significantly higher for those with IQ scores (p<.001). For these categories, an upward bias in IQ scores is apparent.

One possible explanation for the systematic differences is that some districts may have tested only those youth with orthopedic impairments, speech impairments, and other health impairments who were having explicit educational performance difficulties or for whom mental retardation was suspected. At the same time, it is likely that lower functioning youth classified as deaf/blind, multiply handicapped, or mentally retarded were not able to be tested accurately, lile testing of higher functioning youth in these categories was important to ascertain their academic potential.

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Differences 3.3 abilities only partially explain why scores were available only for some youth. In all disability categories, scores were available for some youth at all functional levels. The most likely explanation for this seemingly random component of the availability of IQ scores is variation in school and district practices in the extent to which IQ testing is conducted as part of special education assessment procedures.

### Self-Care Skills (Table 5)

These questions were asked only of parents of youth who were classified as mentally retarded, visually impaired, deaf, orthopedically impaired, other health impaired, multiply handicapped, or deaf/blind. They were not asked of parents of youth who were classified as learning disabled, emotionally disturbed, speech impaired, or hard of nearing, with no other disabilities because such disabilities were assumed not to interfere in most cases with the performance of the basic self-care skills being investigated. Youth in these categories were assigned a value corresponding to "very well" for each item, which would sum to a score of 12 (high) on the corresponding scale. If the skills of youth in these categories were actually lower, the reported self-care skills scores would overestimate abilities.

## Assistive Devices (fable 7)

Items related to assistive devices were not asked of parents of youth in all disability categories in an effort to reduce the burden of the interview and because some devices were assumed to be inappropriate to some kinds of disabilities. Items related to assistive devices for the hearing impaired (telecommunications devices, telephone



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amplifier, hearing aid, closed captioned TV, other hearing assistance) were asked only of parents of youth who were reported as deaf, hard of hearing, deaf/blind, or multiply handicapped as a primary or additional disability by the school/district or parent.

Assistive devices related to mobility (wheel chair, crutches, cane, walker, changes to the car, prosthetics, orthotics, computer designed to aid mobility, other devices to aid mobility) were asked only of parents of youth who were reported as orthopedically impaired, other health impaired, or multiply handicapped as a primary or additional disability by the school/district or parent. Assistive devices related to vision (seeing eye dog, Braille or large print readers, opticon/optical scanner, computers to aid vision, other vision assistance) were asked only of parents of youth reported as visually impaired, deaf/blind, or multiply handicapped as a primary or additional disability by the school/district or parent. Youth whose parents were not asked directly about assistive devices were coded as not using the devices, assuming they were inappropriate to the disabilities of the youth. If some youth actually used the devices, but parents were not asked the items, the data reported would underestimate use of assistive devices.

### Receipt of Physical Therapy/Mobility Training (Tables 28, 34)

Items related to receipt of physical therapy or mobility training in the parent interview were not asked of parents of youth who were reported as learning disabled, emotionally disturbed, or speech impaired, with no other additional disabilities in an effort to reduce the burden of the interview and because the service was considered inappropriate to those disabilities. Youth with those disabilities were coded as not receiving the service. If youth with those disabilities actually had received the service, data would underestimate service receipt.

## Grade Point Average (Table 36)

Grade point average is calculated on a 4-point scale, with a grade of A assigned 4 points, B assigned 3 points, C assigned 2 points, D assigned 1 point, and failed courses assigned no value. Grades of "pass" or "satisfactory" were coded as equivalent to a "C," "failure" or "unsatisfactory" were coded as equivalent to an "F."Points are summed and divided by the total number of courses, including those failed.

There is some reason to suspect that the grades abstracted from students records may overestimate grade performance for two reasons. First, not all students received grades. Second, there are potential biases apparent in the reporting of grades for some students who received them. Each source of potential bias is discussed below.

Students Who Did Not Receive Grades—NLTS data reveal that 11% of students with disabilities did not receive grades in any courses in their most recent year in secondary



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school. As shown in Table A-1, the receipt of grades is strongly associated with the nature and severity of students' disabilities. For example, more than half of students with low functional mental skills did not receive grades (55%), compared with only 4% of students with high functional mental skills.

Hence, course grades "c.:eam" the special education student population by eliminating students with more severe disabilities and lower functional skills. For example, because the students who received grades were the more capable special education students, we would expect grades to be generally higher and more similar to regular education students than would be the case if all special education students were considered.

Table A-1
STUDENTS WITH DISABILITIES WHO DID NOT RECEIVE COURSE
GRADES IN THEIR MOST RECENT SCHOOL YEAR

Student Characteristics	Students 'Who	o Did Not Red <u>S.E.</u>	ceive Grades _N_
Total	10.8	1.0	5591
Primary disability category			
Learning disabled	4.8	1.1	821
Emotionally disturbed	8.7	1.8	502
Speech impaired	4.3	1.5	379
Mentally retarded	24.0	2.0	846
Visually impaired	10.4	2.5	548
Hard of hearing	1.5	1.0	513
Deaf	11.1	2.0	683
Orthopedically impaired	14.9	2.7	458
Other health impaired	9.6	2.6	284
Multiply handicapped	56.1	4.0	491
Deaf/blind	78.1	6.8	66
Functional mental skills*			
Low	54.9	5.3	548
Medium	11.5	1.9	1724
H' ነ	3.6	1.0	1962
Student assigned to grade level			
Yes	5.1	.8	4619
No	65.7	3.6	941
Student attended:			
Special school for students with disabilities	54.5	3.9	1529
r. ∋gular secondary school	6.9	.8	4052

Parents rated on a 4-point scale youths' abilities to tell time on a clock with hands, look up telephone numbers and use the phone, count change, and read common signs. Ratings were summed to create a scale ranging from 4 to 16. High ability is defined as a scale value of 15 or 16.

Source: Grade data from students' school records. Functional abilities from parent interviews.



Putential Reporting Blas--For students who were taking a single course for two semesters and received two different grades, data abstractors recruited in schools were instructed to record the grade received in the most recent semester. However, when transcripts were obtained for a subsample of students and compared to grades reported by data abstractors on the record abstract forms, 34% of the 157 cases reviewed showed discrepancies between transcript grades and record abstract grades. The majority of these cases involved abstractors reporting the higher of two grades received for twosemester courses, rather than the most recent grade. Generally only one course per student was involved in a grade discrepancy and the grade change was virtually always only 1 grade point (i.e., a B reported as the higher grade when a C was the most recent grade). This degree of overestimation of the GPA for a given student with 7 graded courses would be .14 (i.e., the difference between a GPA of 3.0 and a GPA of 2.86). If this overestimation affected one-third of the full sample, as it did of the cases validated, it would result in a GPA overestimation of .05 for the full sample. However, because the subsample used for this comparison was small and included students from only four disability groups, it is unknown to what extent this tendency to record the more favorable grade rather than the most recent grade pervades the grade data reported here for the full sample. Further, in a handful of cases, failed courses were not included on the record abstract form because students received no credit for them. Hence, the grade data may paint a somewhat rosier picture of grade performance than students actually achieved; GPAs may actually have been marginally lower and failure rates marginally higher than those reported.

### Alterations Made to the Home (Table 38)

The item related to whether alterations had been made to the youth's home to accommodate a disability were asked only of parents of youth who were reported as deaf/blind, visually impaired, orthopedically impaired, other health impaired, or multiply handicapped, as a primary or secondary disability by the school/district or parent. Parents of youth with other disabilities were not asked the item in an effort to reduce the burden of the interview and because such alterations were considered inappropriate to those disabilities. Youth with other disabilities were coded as not having had the alternations. If youth with other disabilities actually had the alterations, data would underestimate their frequency.

### Variables Constructed from Multiple Sources

### Secondary School Enrollment Status (All Tables)

Because the NLTS focuses on the time when youth move from secondary school into more adult experiences, the status of youth relative to secondary school is critical. The NLTS classifies youth into three categories based on their secondary school enrollment status:



- In secondary school
- Out of secondary school less than 1 year
- Out of secondary school from 1 to 2 years.

Secondary school enrollment status is basud on data from two sources: the parent interview and/or school record abstract.

For 26% of youth, secondary school status is based on parent reports alone because no school record abstract was obtained. The parent interview involves data from two items:

- A10 "Has (NAME) been enrolled in a junior or senior high school (or special school) in the past 12 months?"
- A12 Is (NAME) now enrolled, or will she/he be enrolled in the fall in (junior or senior high school/this special) school?"

A youth is coded as in school if the parent responded positively to A12. A youth is coded as out of school less than 1 year if the parent responded positively to A10 but negatively to A12. The youth is coded as out of school from 1 to 2 years if the parent responded negatively to both items.

For 14% of youth, secondary school enrollment status is based on information from school records alone because no parent interview could be completed. The school record abstract reports data from the student's most recent school year. Students whose most recent school year was 1985-86 were coded as out of school 1 to 2 years as of the 1987 interview. Students whose most recent school year was 1986-87 and who were reported as completing the school year by being promoted or not (as opposed to codes indicating the student had left school; e.g., graduated, aged out, suspended, incarcerated) were coded as in secondary school. Those whose most recent school year was 1986-87 but who were reported as graduating, dropping out, aging out, being suspended/expelled or incarcerated/institutionalized, or who had withdrawn, moved, or transferred were coded as out of secondary school less than 1 year.

For 60% of youth, both the parent interview and school record abstracts were available as sources for secondary school enrollment status. Of these youth, parents and school records agreed on the school enrollment status of 4084 youth (82%), with the greatest agreement (97%) apparent for students still enrolled in secondary school. There was agreement in 77% of cases that youth were out of school, but less agreement as to the length of time they had been out of secondary school. The following decision rules were used to resolve discrepancies:



- Parent reports of youth being in secondary school were accepted if 1986-87 school records indicated the youth had withdrawn, moved, dropped out, or been institutionalized or incarcerated, assuming the parent was reporting enrollment in a different program in the summer or fall than had been attended during the previous school year.
- If the parent indicated the youth had left school up to a year earlier, and the school record indicated the student had been enrolled in the 1986-87 school year and completed the school year (whether or not promoted to the next grade level), the parent report of the youth being out of school up to 1 year was accepted, assuming the parent was reporting school completion (i.e., dropping out or graduating) that occurred after the end of the school year.
- If the parent indicated the youth had left school more than 1 year ago, but school recc: Js indicated enrollment in the 1986-87 school year, students were coded as out of school up to 1 year.
- If the parent reported the youth was still in school, but a school record indicated the youth had graduated or aged out, or if the youth was beyond secondary school age, the youth was coded as having been out of school, assuming the parent was mistakenly reporting school enrollment at a postsecondary school. If the school record was from 1985-86, the youth was coded as out of school 1 to 2 years; if the record was from 1986-87, the youth was coded as out of school up to 1 year.
- If the parent reported the youth was out of school up to 1 year, and the most recent school record abstract will see for 1985-86 and indicated the student completed the school year (whether or not promoted), the parent report was accepted, assuming the student had enrolled in the 1985-86 summer or the 1986-87 school year in a different program and left in 1086-87.
- If the parent reported the student had been out of school 1 to 2 years and the school record from 1985-86 school year indicated the student had completed the year, the parent report was accepted, assuming the student had not returned to school in 1986-87.

### Attended Special School for Students with Jisabilities (Table 9)

Two sources of data were used to determine whether a student attended a special school serving only students with disabilities: the school record and the Survey of Secondary Special Education Programs.

The survey item asked:

"Which of the following best describes your school?"
Response categorias included, among others, "School that only serves handicapped or disabled students."



#### The school record item asked:

"What are all of the settings in which this student received educational services in the school year indicated on the cover sheet?" Response categories included, among others, "special school for the disabled."

Enrollment status for 16% of cases was based on the survey alone, and 6% were based on the abstract alone. For the 76% of cases (N=5742) that had both sources, there was 98% agreement between them. In other cases, the survey was the preferred source. If the survey indicated a special school, the student was coded as attending a special school, regardless of the school record. If the survey indicated the school was not a special school, the student was coded as not attending a special school, even if one of the settings of the student was a special school, assuming that attendance in that setting was secondary to attendance at the primary, regular school.

### Took Occupationally-Oriented Vocational Education (Table 17)

The variable indicating whether the youth took occupationally-oriented vocational education uses two sources: the school record and parent interview. The parent interview items include the following:

"What kinds of job training or help has (NAME) had in the past 12 months? Has he/she had...

and the wines of the fifteen and the first hold the first of the second 
- 1 Testing to find out his/her work interests or abilities
- 2 Training in specific job skills, like care repair or food service
- Training in basic skills needed for work, like counting change, telling time, or using transportation to get to work
- 4 Career counseling (like help in figuring out jobs (NAME) might be suited to
- 5 Help in finding a job or learning to look for one."

Who has given (NAME) job training or help in the past 12 months?" Response categories included, among others, "youth's junior or senior high school" and "a special secondary so hool for the disabled."

If a respondent gave a positive response to category 2 of the first item and the only source indicated for the service was a secondary school (special or regular), the student was indicated as having received occupationally- oriented vocational education from the school in the most recent school year.

The school record item involved a listing of courses the student took in the most recent school year. If a vocational course was listed, the following item was asked:



"If the student has taken vocational education classes during the school year indicated on the cover sheet, please indicate the type of vocational education taken."

#### Responses were coded as follows:

- Agriculture (e.g., animal and plant science, landscaping/gardening, horticulture/nursery, forestr\_)
- Distributive education (e.g., retailing, banking and finance, cashler, hotel/tourism/recreation, marketing and sales, advertising, warehousing, transportation/driver, real estate)
- Health occupations (e.g., health care, medical and dental assistant, nursing, community and environmental health)
- 4 Office occupations (e.g., secretarial, clerical, typing, accounting, data processing, computer programming and operations)
- 5 Technical education (e.g., engineering, architecture, aeronautics)
- 6 Machine shop, auto and mota: repair
- 7 Construction trades (e.g., carpentry, masonry, plumbing, wood working, metal working, welding)
- 8 Electrical, electronics, communication, air conditioning
- 9 Manufacturing, industrial arts
- 10 Painting, interior design/decorating
- 11 Graphic and commercial arts, drafting, printing, photography
- 12 Food services, cook, food server, hostess, dishwasher
- 13 Personal services, cosmetology, laundry/cleaning
- 14 Custodial services/janitor
- 15 Fireman, law enforcement, public sentice
- 16 Other (SPECIFY)
- 17 Career exploration, prevocational skills, work adjustment
- 18 Sheltered workshop, supported employment
- 19 Work study/experience, on-the-job training
- 20 Clothing/textiles
- 21 Child care, nursery school

If the record indicated a positive response to categories 1 through 15, 20 or 21, the student was counted as having received occupationally-oriented vocational education.

For 16% of cases, the value on this variable was based on the school record alone; for 21% of cases it was based on the parent interview alone. For 63% of cases, both sources were available. There was agreement between sources in 98% of these cases. In the event of discrepancies, a student was coder as having taken occupationally-oriented vocational education if either the school record or the parent interview met the criteria for a positive response.

This variable was used in the construction of a variable indicating whether the student was enrolled in any vocational education in the most recent year. A positive



value for receiving occupat ally-oriented vocational education was coded as a positive value for having received any vocational education.

Also, this variable was the basis for variables indicating the number of hours of occupationally-oriented vocational education received and whether that training was in a regular education or special education setting. Only responses based on the school record contributed to these latter two variables, because no indication of placement or amount of the occupationally-oriented training was included in the parent interview.

### Support Services Received (Tables 28, 30, 32-35)

The NLTS investigated whether the youth had received the following kinds of support services: speech therapy, personal counseling/therapy, physical therapy/mobility training, help from a tutor/reader/interpreter, and transportation assistance. For each kind of service, three variables were created: whether the service had ever been received, whether it had been received in the previous year, whether it had been received in the previous year school. In addition, the total hours of the service received in the previous year was calculated for each service only for cases having a parent interview (school records did not indicate number of hours received).

The two sources of data for items regarding receipt of services were the parent interviews and school records. The parent source involved responses to the following three kinds of questions, which were asked of the majority of respondents about each service:

"Has (NAME) ever had (kind of service)?"

"Has (NAME) had any of this (kind of service) in the past 12 months?"

"Who has civen (NAME) (kind of service) in the past 12 months?" Response categories (not read to respondent) included, among other sources, "youth's junior or senior high school", and "special secondary school for the disabled."

These items were asked for all noninstitutionalized youth ragarding speech therapy, personal counseling/therapy, transportation assistance, and help from a tutor/reader/interpreter. (Institutionalized youth were those reported by parents to be living for at least one year in a hospital, mental health, or correctional tacility.) Items related to physical therapy/ mobility training were not asked of parents with youth classified as learning disabled, emotionally disturbed, or speech impaired only (no other additional disabilities named by the school/district or parent) because that service was assumed not to pertain to those disabilities (see discussion in previous section). Youth



with these disabilities only were coded as having not received the service ever, in the past year, or from the school, unless the school record abstract indicated otherwise.

For institutionalized youth, the following item was asked:

"Is (NAME) getting any of the following kinds of help at this place (the institution)?" Response categories included, among others:

Speech or language therapy
Personal counseling or therapy
A tutor, reader, or interpreter
Physical therapy or mobility training (e.g., help with walking or wheelchair use
Help in getting or using transportation

A positive response to a service was coded as having received the service ever and in the past 12 months. Institutionalized youth were not included in the calculation of services received from the school.

The school record abstract source involved the following item:

"Which of the following services did the student receive from or through the school system (this can include contracted services) during the school year indicated on the cover sheet?"

- 1 Physical therapy
- 2 Occupational therapy
- 3 Assistive devices or physical adaptations
- 4 Mental health services, personal counseling, therapy, or psychiatric care
- 5 Special or language therapy
- 6 Hearing-loss therapy
- 7 Tutor, reader, or interpreter
- 8 Special transportation because of disability
- 9 Adaptive physical education
- 10 Health services (e.g., catheterization)
- 11 Testing for disabilities (e.g., psychological assessment, classroom observation
- 12 Social work services
- 00 None of the above

Responses were coded into the support services variables as follows:



If response circled:	Coded as received:
5	Speech therapy
4, 12	Personal counseling/therapy
1, 10	Physical therapy/mobility training
7	Tutor/reader/interpreter
8	Transportation assistance

Responses for approximately 16% of cases were based on the school record alone, 25% on the parent interview alone, and 59% on both sources.

In cases having two sources for these variables, the extent of agreement between the sources varied among the services and, for a given service, among the variables, as indicated in Table A-2. Agreement was generally highest for receipt of physical therapy and, for all services, was highest for services received in the previous year and lowest for services received from the school.

Table A-2
EXTENT OF AGREEMENT BETWEEN SOURCES FOR
VARIABLES RELATED TO SUPPORT SERVICES RECEIVED BY YOUTH

Number of Cases Service Variables	Percentage In With Two Sources	<u>Agreement</u>
Received speech therapy		
Ever	4801	<b>66</b>
In past year	4741	80
In past year from school	4741	69
Received counseling/therapy		
Ever	4786	68
In past year	4753	80
In past year from school	4753	46
Received help from a tutor/reader/interpreter		
Ever	4769	<b>5</b> 8
In past year	4737	73
In past year from school	4737	59
Received physical therapy/mobility training		
Ever	4793	80
In past year	4774	88
In past year from school	4774	55
Received transportation assistance		
Ever	4820	55
In past year	4814	71
In past year from school	4814	46



For cases in which both sources of data were available, the following decision rules were applied to resolve discrepancies between sources.

- If either the parent interview or a record abstract indicated the service had been received, the student was coded as having ever received the service.
- If either the parent interview or a 1986-87 record abstract indicated the service hard been received, the student was coded as having received the service in the previous year.
- If either the parent interview or a 1986-87 record abstract indicated the service had been received from the school in the past year, the student was coded as having received the service in the previous year from the school.

Discrepancies between the two sources were not considered problematic because of logical explanations for why one source would report the service and another not report the service. For example, a parent might report a service received from a source other than the school; the school record would not indicate such a service. Conversely, the school might indicate a support service such as a tutor on an IEP, which would appear then on the record abstract, about which the parent being interviewed might simply have been unaware. Even in the case of the school providing the service, discrepancies are logically possible. For example, the parent might have been aware of a child's consultation with a school counselor and would have reported it as counseling received from the school. Such a service would not have been included on an IEP and yould not have appeared on a school record abstract form.

### **Vocational Services Received (Tables 28, 29)**

The NLTS investigated whether the youth had received vocational services, and constructed variables indicating whether the service had ever been received, whether it had been received in the previous year, whether it had been received in the previous year from the youth's secondary school, and the hours of the service received in the previous year.

The two sources of data for these items are the parent interviews and school records. The parent source involved responses to the following three questions, which were asked for all noninstitutionalized youth:

"Has (NAME) ever had training in job skills, career counseling, help in finding a jc'>, or any other vocational education?"

"Has (NAME) had any of this job training or help in the past 12 months?"

"Who has given (NAME) job training or help in the past 12 months?" Response categories (not read to respondent) included, among other sources, "youth's junior or senior high school", and "special secondary school for the disabled."



"Thinking about the last 12 months, for about how long did (NAME) receive job training from (each source named above)? During this period, about how many hours per day/week/month did the job training take place?" Total hours calculated by multiplying responses to the two questions.

For institutionalized youth, the following item was asked:

"Is (NAME) getting any of the following kinds of help at this place (the institution)? Response categories included, among others, "job training or vocational education."

A positive response to this item was coded as receiving vocational services ever and in the past 12 months. Institutionalized youth were not included in the calculation of services received from the school. For institutionalized youth, the number of hours of vocational services was coded as "don't know."

The school record abstract source involved the listing of courses that the student had taken in the most recent school year (1985-86 or 1986-87). One category of courses was vocational education. If the student was reported as taking any kind of vocational training in the 1985-86 school year, he/she was recorded as "ever" receiving vocational services, but "don't know" regarding receipt in the previous year. Students reported as taking vocational education in the 1986-87 school year were coded as receiving vocational services ever, in the past year, and from the school in the past year. Hours of service received in the previous year was based on 1986-87 school records and was calculated from the school record abstract using the following algorithm:

18 (number of weeks in a typical school semester)

- x hours per week student took the course
- x number of semesters taken

Responses for approximately 17% of cases were based on the school record alone, 25% on the parent interview alone, and 58% on both sources.

In cases having two sources for these variables, there was agreement between the sources in about half the cases regarding receipt of services. The following decision rules were applied to resolve discrepancies between sources.

- If either the parent interview or a record abstract indicated the service had been received, the student was coded as having ever received the service.
- If either the parent interview or a 1986-87 record abstract indicated the service had been received, the : udent was coded as having received the service in the previous year.



- If either the parent interview or a 1986-87 record abstract indicated the service had been received from the school in the past year, the student was coded as having received the service in the previous year from the school.
- For hours of service received in the past year, the higher value was taken from either the parent interview or the 1986-87 school record.

Discrepancies between the two sources were not considered problematic because of logical explanations for why one source would report the service and another not report the service. For example, a parent might report a service received from a source other than the school; the school record would not indicate such a service. Conversely, the school might indicate a vocational course about which the parent being interviewed might simply have been unaware.

### Occupational Therapy/Life Skills Training Received (Tables 28, 31)

The NLTS investigated whether the youth had received occupational therapy or life skills training, and constructed variables indicating whether the service had ever been received, whether it had been received in the previous year. whether it had been received in the previous year from the youth's secondary school, and the hours of the service received in the previous year.

The two sources of data for these items are the parent interviews and school records. The parent source involved responses to the following three questions, which were asked for all noninstitutionalized youth:

"Has (NAME) ever had any occupational therapy or other instruction in life skills, other than from family members or friends? Life skills instruction might include learning to manage money or learning cooking or housekeeping skills. Occupational therapy might include help in learning feeding, dressing, toileting, or grooming."

"Has (NAME) had any occupational therapy or life skills training, other than from family members or friends. in the past 12 months?"

"Who has given (NAME) occupational therapy or life skills training in the past 12 months?" Response categories (not read to respondent) included, among other sources, "youth's junior or senior high school", and "special secondary school for the disabled."

"Thinking about the last 12 months, for about how long did (NAME) receive occupational therapy or life skills training from (each source named above)? During this period, about how many hours per day/week/month did the occupational therapy or life skills training take place?" Total hours calculated by multiplying responses to the two questions.



For institutionalized youth, the following item was asked:

"Is (NAME) getting any of the following k'nds of help at this place (the institution)? Response categories included, among others, "occupational therapy or life skills training (e.g., feeding, dressing, money management)."

A positive response to this item was coded as receiving the service/training ever and in the past 12 months. Institutionalized youth were not included in the calculation of services received from the school. For institutionalized youth, the number of hours of training/service was coded as "don't know."

The school record abstract source involved two items:

The listing of courses that the student had taken in the most recent school year (1985-86 or 1986-87). One category of courses was home economics and life skills training. If the student was reported as taking this kind of course in the 1985-86 school year, he/she was recorded as "ever" receiving the training/service, but "don't know" regarding receipt in the previous year. Students reported as taking such courses in the 1986-87 school year were coded as receiving training/service ever, in the past year, and from the school in the past year. Hours of service received in the previous year was based on 1986-87 school records and was calculated from the school record abstract using the following algorithm:

18 (number of weeks in a typical school semester)

- x hours per week student took the course
- x number of semesters taken.

"Which of the following services did the student receive from or through the school system (this can include contracted services) during the school year indicated on the cover sheet?" Response categories included, among others, "occupational therapy."

If a positive response was given to the second item only, the student was coded as receiving the training/service ever, in the past year, and in the past year from the school. He/she was coded "don't know" for the hours of service received.

Responses for approximately 17% of cases were based on the school record alone, 25% on the parent interview alone, and 58% on both sources.

In cases having two sources for these variables, there was agreement between the sources in about half the caser regarding receipt of services. The following decision rules were applied to resolve discrepancies between sources.

- If either the parent interview or a record abstract indicated the service had been received, the student was coded as having ever received the service.
- If either the parent interview or a 1986-87 record abstract indicated the service had been received, the student was coded as having received the service in the previous year.



- If either the parent interview or a 1986-87 record abstract indicated the service had been received from the school in the past year, the student was coded as having received the service in the previous year from the school.
- For hours of service received in the past year, the higher value was taken from either the parent interview or the 1986-87 school record.

Discrepancies between the two scurces were not considered problematic because of logical explanations for why one source would report the service and another not report the service. For example, a parent might report a service received from a source other than the school; the school record would not indicate such a service. Conversely, the school might indicate a course about which the parent being interviewed might simply have been unaware.

### **School Completion Status (Table 37)**

There are 3053 youth who are considered out of school and for whom the mode of school leaving, referred to as school completion status, is known. The school completion status variable has four categories:

- Graduated
- Dropped out
- Aged out
- Suspended/expelled

An exiter's completion status was derived from two possible sources: the parent interview and/or the school record abstract. The parent interview source involved asking the following item of parents who said youth were no longer in secondary school:

"Did (NAME) graduate, voluntarily leave school, was (he/she) suspended or expelled or is (he/she) older than the school age limit?"

The school record abstract item asked:

"What was this student's status at the end of the school year?" Possible responses included:

- Graduated
- Exceeded the school age limit
- Completed the school year and promoted to the next grade level
- Completed the school year but not promoted to the next grade level
- Dropped out
- Permanently expelled
- Transferred/moved to another school
- Incarcerated
- Institutionalized due to handicap
- Other (specify)
- Don't know.



For 30% of cases, achool completion status was based on the parent interview alone. For 16% of cases, values were based on the school record abstract alone; the school abstract response was used by collapsing responses into the 4 completion status categories as follows:

School Completion Status Record Abstract Resoonse

Graduated Graduated

Aged Out Exceeded the school age limit

Dropped out/left Dropped out Withdraw

institutionalized incarcerated

Cher

Suspended/expelled Permanently expalled

For the 55% of cases in which both the parent interview and the school record abstract were available, there was agreement between the two sources on the youth's completion status for 78% of cases. For the remaining 22% of cases (351), the following discrepancies were noted and resolutions made:

- In cases in which the school reported the youth transferred, moved, or withchew, the parent report was the basis for categorization because the parent would have known the final status of the youth after a move, transfer, or withdrawal from a given school.
- Schools were considered the best source of information when there was a
  discrepancy involving whether the youth graduated vs. aged out resulting from
  different interpretations of what constituted graduation vs. receipt of special
  diplomas for attendance.
- The parent was considered the best source of information in cases in which the school indicated the youth had completed the school year (whether or not promoted), but the parent reported a more final disposition that could have occurred, for example, because of school work done in the summer (i.e., resulting in graduation) or because of decisions made in the summer not to return in the fall (i.e., dropping out). Similarly, parents' reports of graduation were accepted when the school reported the youth dropped out or was suspended because further school work in the summer could have resulted in graduation by the time of the interview. Parent reports of a more final status (e.g., dropping out) also were accepted when the school reported what was considered an intermediate status, such as incarceration or institutionalization.
- Youth were categorized as dropouts, based on the school report, when the parent contended the youth exceeded the age limit but the youth was not old anough to have done so, or if the parent reported the youth had been suspended.



## Appendix B



## Appendix Table 1A: SUBGROUPS REFERENCED IN STATISTICAL TABLES FOR YOUTH WITH VISUAL IMPAIRMENTS

		Community	Gender	Age in 1987	-	School Status
Subgroups Referenced, and Table Number(s)	Total	<u> Urban Suburban Rural</u>	Male Female	19 or 15-16 17-18 older	In-School 3	Out 1 year Out 1 - 2
Table 8: Percentage of youth who were still in high school or had left high school without graduating* Number of respondents	71.0 ( 3.1) 720	69.9 77.5 74.8 ( 4.6) ( 6.3) (10.6) 230 135 43	72.7 68.8 ( 3.8) ( 5.1) 416 304	98.8 87.5 31.3 ( 1.5) ( 3.9) ( 4.7) 196 256 268	98.2 ( 1.2) 479	12.9 18.8 (5.0) (6.2) 129 112
Tuble 8: Percentage of youth who had not received a 2-year diploma and had not attended a 4-year college in the past year* Number of respondents	45.8 ( 3.4) 704	37.9 40.7 43.9 ( 4.9) ( 7.5) (12.2) 222 133 43	45.3 46.4 ( 4.3) ( 5.6) 407 297	31.8 42.3 61.3 (6.3) (5.9) (5.1) 196 253 255	41.8 ( 4.3) 479	58.9 49.6 (7.5) (8.4) 123 102
Tables 10, 13, 14, and 20-26: Percentage of youth in schools that served:** Seventh grade	42.4	11.1 18.7 28.8	40.8 44.1	40.8 36.3 52.2	42.1	35.9 54.
Eighth grade	( 3.3) 45.3 ( 3.3)	( 3.2) ( 5.7) (10.6) 11.5 19.9 44.1 ( 3.2) ( 5.8) (11.6)	(4.1) (5.3) 44.4 46.1 (4.2) (5.3)	( 6.4) ( 5.4) ( 5.2) 44.8 40.3 52.4 ( 6.5) ( 5.5) ( 5.2)	( 4.1) 46.3 ( 4.2)	(6.6) (9.0) 35.9 54.9 (6.6) (9.0)
minth grade	85.6 ( 2.3)	78.3 83.4 83.2 ( 4.2) ( 5.4) ( 8.8)	83.8 87.8 ( 3.1) ( 3.5)	80.1 85.5 91.1 (5.2) (3.9) (3.0)	85.3 ( 3.0)	82.6 91.6 (5.2) (5.0)
Tenth grade	92.7 ( 1.7)	90.1 89.7 97.3 (3.0) (4.4) (3.8)	90.4 95.5 ( 2.5) ( 2.2)	82.6 97.3 96.8 (4.9) (1.8) (1.8)	90.5 ( 2.5)	96.0 96.8 (2.0) (3.2)
Eleventh grade	92.7 ( 1.7)	90.1 89.7 97.3 (3.0) (4.4) (3.8)	90.4 95.5 ( 2.5) ( 2.2)	82.8 97.3 96.8 (4.9) (1.8) (1.8)	90.5 ( 2.5)	96.0 96.8 (2.0) (3.2)
Twelfth grade	92.7 ( 1.7)	90.1 89.7 97.3 (3.0) (4.4) (3.8)	90.4 95.5 ( 2.5) ( 2.2)	82.6 97.3 96.8 ( 4.9) ( 1.8) ( 1.8) 58.7 60.1 68.6	90.5 ( 2.5) 61.2	98.0 96.8 ( 2.0) ( 3.2) 56.2 78.3
Ungraded	62.2 ( 3.2) <b>7</b> 61	48.8 46.8 37.4 ( 5.0) ( 7.3) (11.3) 227 145 47	61.2 63.4 ( 4.1) ( 5.2) 436 322	(6.4) (5.5) (4.8) 216 290 255	( 4.1) 515	(6.8) (7.5) 152 87
Number of respondents	701	LL1 140 41	700 000	232 222		_



<sup>\*</sup> Source: Parent interviews.
\*\* Source: Survey of Secondary Special Education Programs. Oata are for the most recent year in school.

## Appendix Table 18: SUBGROUPS REFERENCED IN STATISTICAL TABLES FOR YOUTH WITH VISUAL INPAIRMENTS

	Type of Sch	noo'l Attended	Severity of Visual I	mpairment .
Subgroups Referenced, and Teble Number(s)	Regular School	Special School	Partially Sighted	Blind
Table 8:				
Percentage of youth who were still in high school or had left high				
school without graduating*	72.2	75.2	71.5	66.0
SCHOOL MICHORE ALGORETHIA	(4.1)	( 4.9)	( 4.8)	( 5.0)
Number of respondents	375	290	. 281	245
Table 8:				
Percentage of youth who had				
not received a 2-year diploma				
and had not attended a 4-year	38.6	60.5	43.9	38.3
college in the past year*	{ 4.5}	(5.6)	(5.3)	( 6.2)
Number of respondents	366	288	274	242
Tables 10, 13, 14, and 20-26:				
Percentage of youth in schools				
that served:**	15.8	92.7	32.4	56.6
Seventh grade	(3.2)	(2.7)	(4.5)	(6.1)
Plakk anda	20.2	92.7	38.1	57.4
Eighth grade	(3.5)	(2.7)	( 4.7)	(6.1)
Ninth grade	81.8	92.7	84.3	90.0
uniti Araba	(3.4)	( 2.7)	( 3.5)	(3.7)
Tenth grade	92.7	92.7	94.9	92.7
Tanon g. oa	( 2.3)	(2.7)	(2.1)	(3.2)
Eleventh grade	92.7	92.7	94.9	92.7 ( 3.2)
·	( 2.3)	(2.7)	( 2.1) 94.9	92.7
Twelfth grade	92.7	92.7	(2.1)	(3.2)
	( 2.3) 43.1	(2.7) 98.2	58.5	70.8
Ungraded	(4.3)	(1.3)	(4.7)	(5.6)
Whan of managements	402	359	341	261
Number of respondents	742			

<sup>\*</sup> Source: Parent interviews.
\*\* Source: Survey of Secondary Special Education Programs. Data are for the most recent year in school.

## Appendix Table 1C: SUBGROUPS REFERENCED IN STATISTICAL TABLES FOR YOUTH WITH VISUAL IMPAIRMENTS

	Ho	useho lid 1	ncome		Ethnici*	Head of Household's Education				
Subgroups Referenced, and Table Number(s)		12.000- \$24,999	\$25,000 and Over	Black	White Hispanic	No High School	High School Diplome	Beyond High School		
Table 8:			,				i G			
Percentage of youth who were still					•	•	+	,		
in high school or had left high	81.2	67.4	70.4	67.5	71.6 75.4	70.9	70.1	74.5		
school without graduating*	( 5.4)	(6.1)	(4.8)		(4.2) (7.4)	(5.3)	( 5.7)	(.4.9)		
Number of respondents	155	191	283	195	436 68	223	234	245		
Table 8:										
Percentage of youth who had										
not received a 2-year diploma								`		
and had not attended a 4-year						47.4	40.1	40 7		
college in the past year*	37.6	46.7	48.5	36.4	49.7 43.1	47.9	40.1	48.7 ( 5.6)		
	( 6.8)		( 5.3)		(4.7) (8.7) 431 65	( 5.9) 219	( 6.2) 232	242		
Number of respondents	153	187	201	188	431 65	219	232	242		
Tables 10, 13, 14, and 20-26: Percentage of youth in schools that served:***					-		<b>3</b>	/		
Seventh grade	51.5	45.5	3)	32.4	45.6 27.9	41.1	43.8	42.4		
outenan g. ado	(7.4)	(6.9)	(5.2)	(5.4)	(4.8) (8.2)	( 6.0)	~ ~ <del>(~6.5)</del>	( 5.9)		
Eighth grade	54.8	46.0	35.8	37.3	48.7 28.9	41.5	49.7	43.1		
	( 7.4)	( 6.9)	( 5.3)	( 5.6)	(4.8) (8.3)	( 6.1)	(_6.6)	( 5.9)		
Ninth grade	87.1	85.1	63.5	86.0	85.5 73.9	84.9	87.2	83.5		
•	( 5.0)		{`4.2)	( 4.0)		(4.4)	(4.4)	(4,4)		
Tenth grade	88.6	91.9	92.9	91.4	93.1 85.1	89.2	96.4	90.5		
•	( 4.7)		( 2.8)		* · · · · · * * · · · · · · · · · · · ·	(3.8)	(2.4)	(3.5)		
Eleventh grace	88.6	91.9	92.3	91.4	93.1 85.1	89.2	96.4	90.5		
	( 4.7)		(8.2)	(3.2)	(2.4) (6.5)	(3.8)	( 2.4) 96.4	( 3.5) <b>90</b> .5		
Twelfth grade	88.6	91.9	92.9	91.4	93.1 85.1	89.2	( 2.4)	(3.5)		
	( 4.7)			(3.2)		(3.8) 63.6	59.0	58.0		
Ungraded	68.1	55.2	57.0	52.7	64.1 54.1	( 5.9)	(6.5)	(5.8)		
	( 6.9)	( <b>6.9)</b> 170	( 5.5) 258	( 5.8) 167	( 4.6) ( 9.1) 413 60	202	212	219		
Number of respondents	137	1/0	630	10/	413 , AA	EVE	616			

<sup>\*</sup> Source: Parent interviews.
\*\* Source: Survey of Secondary Special Education Programs. Oata are for the most recent year in school.

## Appendix Table 1A: SUBGROUPS REFERENCED IN STATISTICAL TABLES FOR OUTH WITH VISUAL IMPAIRMENTS (Continued)

		Community	Gender	Age in 1987	School Status			
Subgroups Referenced, and Table Number(s)	<u>Total</u>	<u> Urban Suburban Rural</u>	Male Female	19 or 15-16 17-18 older	Out 1 year Out 1 + 2 In-School o less Years			
Table 12: Percentage of youth in schools that served learning handicapped students  Number of respondents	99.2 ( 0.6) 654	98.9 98.5 100 (1.1) (1.9) (0.0) 192 125 40	99.0 99.6 ( 0.9) ( 0.8) 374 277	99.4 99.7 98.3 (1.0) (0.7) (1.5) 188 254 212	98.9 100 100 (1.0) (0.0) (0.0) 435 134 80			
Table 12: Percentage of youth in schools with twelfth grade that served nondisabled students  Number of respondents	61.4	88.0 89.5 89.8	57.6 66.5	59.9 68.6 52.8	61.0 68.7 50.1			
	( 3.5)	( 3.6) ( 4.8) ( 7.5)	( 4.5) ( 5.5)	( 6.8) ( 5.5) ( 5.7)	(4.5) (6.9) (9.4)			
	650	184 127 42	372 275	187 252 211	433 132 80			
Table 12: Percentage of youth in schools with twelfth grade and nondisabled students that required minimum competency tests for graduation  Number of respondents	50.3	68.0 52.8 52.3	52.1 48.0	47.7 60.0 39.8	53.9 41.8 43.5			
	( 3.6)	(5.1) (7.9) (12.5)	( 4.6) ( 5.8)	(7.0) (5.9) (5.6)	(4.6) (7.2) (9.4)			
	649	189 123 41	371 275	186 252 211	431 134 79			
Table 13: Percentage of youth in schools that served nondisabled and mildly learning impaired students  Number of respondents	89.9	98.3 95.8 98.9	86.7 93.9	86.2 94.7 87.3	89.3 91.6 90.5			
	( 2.2)	(1.4) (3.1) (2.6)	(3.2) (2.8)	(4.8) (2.8) (4.0)	(2.9) (4.3) (5.8)			
	612	189 125 41	352 258	188 230 194	415 120 72			



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•	•	п	•			-	 ٠.				п		ы	2		, ,		- /	11		-		ж.			•	~	м					٠,
13	r	ш	I	u	u i	л		91	n.		,,,,		м		Ľ.		١.		84		т.	44	84		41			н	٠.	i.	d)		•

13.4	Type of Sct	ool Attended	Severity of Visual I	peirment.
Subgroups Referenced, and Table Number(s)	Regular School	Special School	Partially Sighted	Blind
Table 12: Percentage of youth in schools that served learning handicapped students  Number of respondents	99.3	99.1	99.6	98.4
	( 0.8)	( 1.0)	( 0.6)	( 1.6)
	340	314	305	224
Table 12: Percentage/of youth in schools with twelfth grade that served nondisabled students  Number of respondents	93.4	0.0	68.5	50.3
	( 2.4)	( 0.0)	( 4.7)	( 6.6)
	336	314	302	227
Table 12: Percentage of youth in schools with twelfth grade and nondisabled students that required minimum competency tests for graduation  Number of respondents	58.8	33.5	50.9	50.6
	( 4.7)	( 5.2)	( 5.1)	( 6.7)
	337	312	303	224
Table 13: Percentage of youth in schools that served nondisabled and mildly learning impaired students  Number of respondents	98.3	71.5	93.4	86.7
	( 1.2)	( 5.3)	( 2.6)	( 4.8)
	338	274	285	201



### Appendix Table 1C: SMBGROUPS REFERENCED IN STATISTICAL TABLES FOR YOUTH WITH VISUAL IMPACAMENTS (Continued)

	Ho	useino 1d_i	ncome	Ethnicity	Head of I	Head of Household's Education			
Subgroups Referenced, and Table Number(s)		12,000-	\$25,000 and Over	Black White Hispanic	No High School Diploma	High School & Beyond Diplama High School			
Table 12: Percentage of youth in schools that served learning handicapped students  Number of respondents	98.4	99.5	99.6	98.5 99.2 100	99.0	99.3 90.9			
	( 2.0)	( 1.1)	( 0.8)	(1.5) (0.9) (0.0)	( 1.3)	{ 1.2) ( 1.4)			
	117	146	216	142 353 43	178	178 178			
Table 12: Percentage of youth in schools with twelfth grade that served nondisabled students  Number of respondents	51.6	58.1	70.6	65.3 58.6 79.4	57.3	64.2 60.7			
	( 8.0)	( 7.3)	( 5.5)	( 6.0) ( 5.1) ( 8.9)	( 6.5)	( 6.8) ( 6.4)			
	117	148	215	140 355 42	174	180 179			
Table 12: Percentage of youth in schools with twelfth grade and nondis- abled students that required minimum competency tests for graduation  Number of respondents	55.1	51.5	48.0	65.8 44.2 77.6	54.4	46.2 49.1			
	( 8.0)	) (7.5)	( 6.1)	( 6.0) ( 5.1) ( 9.1)	( 6.5)	(7.1) (6.6)			
	117	146	214	140 353 42	177	178 176			
Table 13: Percentage of youth in schools that served nondisabled and mildly learning impaired students  Number of respondents	84.4	91.1	91.5	89.1 89.4 98.1	86.3	93.3 89.4			
	( 6.0)	) ( 4.4)	( 3.5)	(3.9) (3.3) (3.0)	( 4.7)	(3.7) (1)			
	111	135	204	139 327 41	166	167 1/0			



## Appendix Table 1A: SUBGROUPS REFERENCED IN STATISTICAL TABLES FOR YOUTH WITH VISUAL IMPAIRMENTS (Continued)

Table 18: Percentage in schools that reported having students in need of: Speech/language therapy  97.3 99.0 98.8 87.8 97.2 97.4 96.5 96.7 99.0 96.5 (3.1 99.1 1.2) Physical therapy  84.5 85.3 78.2 94.9 92.7 96.7 92.9 94.9 90.3 93.4 94.0 (2.6) Cocupational therapy  85.1 81.3 80.2 83.7 83.2 87.5 80.6 85.7 80.4 83.9 85.7 91.1 (1.7) (1.4) (1.8) Hearing-loss therapy  79.4 80.8 80.5 54.2 74.9 84.6 87.8 78.0 79.0 96.5 (3.1) (3.1) (4.7) (4.6) (5.2) (11.1) (4.7) (4.8) (5.2) (11.1) (5.6) (4.5) (5.3) (4.5) (5.3) (4.5) (5.3) (4.7) (6.6) (4.8) (5.2) (11.1) (1.7) (3.4) (6.6) (11.9) (3.5) (4.1) (5.6) (4.5) (3.8) (3.5) (5.6) (		•	Community	Gender	Age in 1987	School Status	
Percentage in schools that reported having students in need of:  Specify language therapy  97.3 99.0 58.8 87.6 97.2 97.4 96.5 96.7 99.0 96.5 i3.1 98.1 (1.2) (1.1) (1.7) (8.1) (1.5) (1.6) (2.5) (2.1) (1.1) (1.7) (1.4) (1.8 1.8) (1.5) (1.5) (1.6) (2.5) (2.1) (1.1) (1.7) (1.4) (1.8 1.8) (1.8) (1.5) (1.8) (2.5) (2.1) (1.1) (1.7) (1.4) (1.8 1.8) (1.8)		Total	<u> Urban Suburbin Rural</u>	Male Female			•
Specity language therapy   97.3   99.0   58.6   87.6   97.2   97.4   96.5   96.7   99.0   99.5   19.1   1.	Percentage in schools that reported having students in						
Physical therapy (2.6) (4.1) (6.6) (11.9) (3.5) (4.0) (6.0) (4.6) (2.5) (3.7) (3.7) (4.6) (2.6) (4.1) (6.6) (11.9) (3.5) (4.0) (6.0) (4.6) (2.5) (3.7) (3.7) (4.6) (2.6) (4.1) (6.6) (11.9) (3.5) (4.0) (6.0) (4.6) (2.5) (3.7) (3.7) (4.6) (2.7) (4.6) (5.2) (11.9) (3.6) (4.1) (5.6) (4.5) (3.8) (3.5) (5.6) (5.				97.2 97.4 (1.5) (1.8)			
Occupational therapy 85.1 81.3 88.2 83.7 83.2 87.5 80.6 85.7 89.4 83.8 85.7 91.5 81.3 88.2 83.7 83.2 87.5 80.6 85.7 89.4 83.8 85.7 91.5 81.3 89.2 83.7 83.2 87.5 80.6 85.7 89.4 83.8 (3.5) (5.6) (5.6) (5.6) (4.5) (3.8) (3.5) (5.6) (5.6) (5.6) (4.5) (3.8) (3.5) (5.6)	Physical therapy	84.5	85.3 78.2 64.9	82.7 86.7	76.7 82.9 94.9	80.3 93.4 94.0	
Hearing-loss therapy (79.4   80.8   80.5   54.2   74.9   84.8   76.6   76.6   84.0   79.0   80.3   82.2   (3.1)   (4.7)   (6.5)   (12.8)   (4.2)   (4.4)   (6.0)   (5.3)   (4.5)   (3.9)   (6.4)   (7.7)   (7.7)   (7.7)   (7.8)   (7.7)   (7.7)   (7.8)   (7.7)   (7.8)   (7.7)   (7.	Occupational therapy	85.1	81.3 88.2 63.7	83.2 87.5	80.6 85.7 86.4	83.9 85.7 91.9	
Psychotherapy/counseling 96.4 95. 94.3 83.4 94.7 98.4 97.8 96.4 97.8 96.4 94.7 100 (1.4) (2.4) (3.9) (6.3) (2.1) (1.5) (3.0) (2.3) (1.8) (1.7) (3.4) (0.0) Medical services 87.6 86.3 79.7 78.1 87.6 97.4 83.3 88.7 91.1 87.6 86.9 88.6 98.6 (2.5) (4.2) (6.9) (10.5) (3.1) (4.0) (5.3) (4.0) (3.4) (3.1) (5.5) (6.2) Adaptive physical education 92.6 96.1 91.5 73.9 91.4 94.0 89.4 91.0 98.3 99.1 97.0 100 Social work ervices 94.4 95.8 87.7 93.3 96.3 92.1 94.1 94.3 95.0 94.2 92.7 100 Social work ervices 94.4 95.8 87.7 93.3 96.3 92.1 94.1 94.3 95.0 94.2 92.7 100 Special transportation 92.5 97.1 92.7 71.1 92.4 92.6 91.3 90.4 96.6 90.2 98.0 100 (1.9) (1.9) (1.9) (4.2) (11.2) (2.4) (3.0) (3.9) (3.5) (2.1) (2.7) (2.9) (9.0) Human aides or tutors 98.4 98.1 97.7 96.5 98.6 96.8 98.2 99.7 96.8 98.7 96.1 100 (0.9) (1.6) (2.4) (4.4) (4.6) (0.3) (2.1) (1.9) (0.7) (2.1) (1.0) (2.9) (9.0) Physical aids 90.1 92.1 88.0 73.0 87.9 92.7 83.8 91.2 95.0 89.1 91.8 92.2 (2.2) (3.2) (5.5) (11.3) (3.0) (3.1) (5.3) (3.5) (2.1) (2.7) (2.9) (9.0) Number of respondents 548 155 110 39 307 239 159 213 168 369 105 88	Hearing-loss therapy	79.4	80.8 80.5 54.2	74.9 84.8	76.6 78.6 84.0	79.0 80.3 82.3	2
Nedical services	Psychotherapy/counseling	96.4	95. 94.3 93.4	94.7 98.4	95.3 96.4 97.6	96.4 94.7 10	0
Adaptive physical education 92.6 96.1 91.5 73.9 91.4 94.0 88.4 91.0 88.3 90.1 97.8 100 (1.9) (2.2) (4.4) (11.0) (2.6) (2.8) (4.3) (3.5) (1.5) (2.8) (2.5) (8.8 27.7 100 (1.8) (2.4) (5.4) (6.4) (1.9) (3.3) (3.6) (2.9) (2.8) (2.3) (4.3) (4.3) (8.8 27.7 100 (1.8) (2.4) (5.4) (6.4) (1.9) (3.3) (3.6) (2.9) (2.8) (2.3) (4.3) (8.8 2.2) (1.8) (2.4) (3.4) (4.2) (1.2) (2.4) (3.0) (3.9) (3.5) (2.1) (2.7) (2.9) (9.0 (1.9) (1.9) (4.2) (1.2) (2.4) (3.0) (3.9) (3.5) (2.1) (2.7) (2.9) (9.0 (1.9) (1.6) (2.4) (4.6) (0.3) (2.1) (1.9) (0.7) (2.1) (1.0) (2.9) (9.8 (2.2) (3.	Hedical services	87.6	86.3 78.7 78.1	87.8 87.4	83.3 88.7 91.1	87.8 86.0 88.4	
Social work 2rvices	Adaptive physical education	92.6	96.1 91.5 73.9	91.4 94.0	89.4 91.0 98.3	90.1 97.0 10	•
Special transportation 92.5 97.1 92.7 71.1 92.4 92.6 91.3 90.4 96.6 90.2 96.0 100 (1.9) (1.9) (1.9) (4.1 11.2) (2.4) (3.0) (3.9) (3.5) (2.1) (2.7) (2.9) (9.0 1.9) (9.0 1.9) (1.9) (1.9) (1.9) (1.1.2) (2.4) (3.0) (3.9) (3.5) (2.1) (2.7) (2.9) (9.0 1.9) (9.0 1.9) (9.0 1.6) (2.4) (4.6) (0.8) (2.1) (1.9) (0.7) (2.1) (1.0) (2.9) (9.0 1.6) (2.4) (4.6) (0.8) (2.1) (1.9) (0.7) (2.1) (1.0) (2.9) (9.0 1.6) (2.2) (3.2) (3.2) (5.6) (11.3) (3.0) (3.1) (5.3) (3.5) (2.6) (2.9) (4.2) (5.2 1.9) (9.0	Social work ervices	94.4	95.8 87.7 93.3	96.3 92.1	94.1 94.3 95.0	94,2 92.7 10	7.4
Humen aides or tutors 98.4 98.1 97.7 96.6 99.6 96.8 98.2 99.7 96.6 98.7 96.1 100 (0.9) (1.6) (2.4) (4.6) (0.3) (2.1) (1.9) (0.7) (2.1) (1.0) (2.9) (0.6 Physical aids 90.1 92.1 86.0 73.0 87.9 92.7 83.8 91.2 95.0 89.1 91.8 92.2 (2.2) (3.2) (5.6) (11.3) (3.0) (3.1) (5.3) (3.5) (2.6) (2.9) (4.2) (5.2 100 100 100 100 100 100 100 100 100 10	Special transportation	92.5	97.1 92.7 71.1	92.4 92.6	91.3 90.4 96.6	90.2 96.0 10	
Physical aids 90.1 92.1 86.0 73.0 87.9 92.7 83.8 91.2 95.0 89.1 91.8 92.2 (2.2) (3.2) (5.6) (11.3) (3.0) (3.1) (5.3) (3.5) (2.6) (2.9) (4.2) (5.2) (100 100 100 100 100 100 100 100 100 10	Human aides or tutors	98.4	98.1 97.7 96.6	95.6 96.8	98.2 99.7 96.6	98.7 96.1 10	
None of these (100 100 100 100 100 100 100 100 100 10	Physical aids	90.1	92.1 86.0 73.0	87.9 92.7			
Number of respondents 548 155 110 39 307 239 159 213 168 369 105 68  Table 19: Percentage in achools with nondisabled students that placed disabled youth in regular vocational classes 63.1 91.7 91.8 91.7 59.4 68.1 66.5 68.7 51.4 63.8 67.3 50.2 (3.5) (3.1) (4.3) (6.8) (4.5) (5.4) (6.6) (5.8) (4.4) (7.0) (9.4)	None of these	100	100 100 100	100 100			
Percentage in achools with nondisabled students that placed disabled youth in regular vocational classes 63.1 91.7 91.8 91.7 59.4 68.1 66.5 68.7 51.4 63.8 67.3 50.2 (3.5) (3.1) (4.3) (6.8) (4.5) (5.4) (6.6) (5.6) (5.8) (4.4) (7.0) (9.4) (9.	Number of respondents			307 239		369 105	)
placed disabled youth in regular vocational classes 63.1 91.7 91.8 91.7 59.4 68.1 66.5 68.7 51.4 63.8 67.3 50.2 (3.5) (3.1) (4.3) (6.8) (4.5) (5.4) (6.6) (5.6) (5.8) (4.4) (7.0) (9.4)	Percentage in schools with						
regular vocational classes 63.1 91.7 91.8 91.7 59.4 68.1 66.5 68.7 51.4 63.8 67.3 50.2 (3.5) (3.1) (4.3) (6.8) (4.5) (5.4) (6.6) (5.6) (5.8) (4.4) (7.0) (9.4)							_
100 100 100 100 100 100 100 100							
Number of respondents 644 1/9 125 45 30/ 2/4 105 250 209 426 151 60	Number of respondents	( 3.5) 644	(3.1) (4.3) (6.8) 179 125 43	367 274	(6.6) (5.6) (5.8) 185 250 209		



## Appendix Table 18: SUBGROUPS REFERENCED IN STATISTICAL TABLES FOR YOUTH WITH VISUAL IMPAIRMENTS (Continued)

	Type of Sch	ool Attended	Severity of Visual I	mpe irment
Subgroups Referenced, and Table Number(s)	Regular School	Special School	Partially Sighted	<u>Blind</u>
Table 18: Percentage in schools that reported having students in need of:				
Speech/language therapy	95.9 ` ( 1.9)	* 100 ( 0.0)	97.6 ( 1 6)	99.1 ( 1.3)
Physical therapy	76.2	100	79.0	92.0
Occupational therapy	. ( 4.2) 78.1 ( 4.1)	( 0.0) 100 ( 0.0)	( 4.2) 79.9 ( 4.3)	( 3.6) 92.6 ( 3.7)
Hearing-loss therapy	72.9 ( 4.5}	93.1 ( 3.0)	73.6 ( 4.8)	86.0 ( 5.0)
Psychotherapy/counseling	94.3 ( 2.3)	100	96.6 ( 1.9)	95. <b>9</b> ( 2.7)
Medical services	80.4 ( 4.1)	100 ( 0.0)	84.3 ( 3.8)	92.3 ( 3.6)
Adaptive physical education	88.6 ( 3.1)	100 ( 0.0)	92.5 ( 2.7)	96.0 ( 2.6)
Social work services	91. <b>9</b> ( 2.7)	100 ( 0.0)	96.2 ( 2.1)	90.0
Special transportation	88.5 ( 3.1)	100 ( 0.0)	89.5 ( 3 1)	97.9 ( 1.9)
Human &ides or tutors	97.5 ( 1.5)	100	97.9 ( 1.5)	100
Physical aids	84.5 ( 3.7)	100 ( 0.0)	89.5 ( 3.2)	93. <b>6</b> ( 3.3)
None of these	100 ( 0.0)	100 ( 0.0)	100	100
Number of respondents	290	242	258	192
Table 19: Percentage in schools with nondisabled students that p.uced disabled youth in				
regular vocations! classes	96. <b>4</b> ( 1.8)	0.0 ( 0.0)	70.3 ( 4.7)	51.1 ( 6.7)
Number of respondents	330	314	300	222



## Appendix Table 1C: SUBGROUPS REFERENCED IN STATISTICAL TABLES FOR YOUTH WITH VISUAL IMPAIRMENTS (Continued)

	Household I	ncome	Ethnicity	Head of Household's Education				
Subgroups Referenced, and Table Number(s)	Under 12,000- \$12,060 \$24,999	\$25,000 and Over	Black White Hispanic	No High School Diploma	High School Diploma	Beyond <u>High School</u>		
Table 18: Percentage in schools that reported having students in need of:								
Speech/language therapy	99.2 94.7 (1.4) (3.3)	98.0 (1.7)	93.4 97.7 100 (3.1) (1.5) (0.0)	96.2 ( 2.5)	98.9 (1.5)	97.2 ( 2.2)		
Physical therapy	86.4 86.3 (5.6) (5.2)	79.9 ( 4.9)	73.9 85.4 78.6 ( 5.6) ( 3.7) ( 9.8)	89.2 ( 4.2)	83.9 ( 5.3)	81.0 ( 5.2)		
Occupational therapy	87.8 81.6 ( 3.5) ( 6.0)	83.2 ( 4.8)	76.8 86.0 79.1 (5.5) (3.8) (9.6)	83.9 ( 5.0)	85.1 ( 5.4)	85.3 ( 4.9)		
Hearing-loss therapy	87.4 83.3 (5.7) (5.9)	77.0 ( 5.4)	71.7 80.5 84.9 (6.1) (4.4) (8.7)	85.7 ( 4.8)	77.3 ( 6.4)	80.2 ( 5.7)		
Psychotherapy/counseling	98.3 96.1 (2.1) (3.0)	93.6 ( 3.0)	94.0 97.2 95.6 (3.0) (17) (4.7)	97.3. ( 2.1)	95.3 ( 3.1)	95.9 ( 2.7)		
Medical services	92.1 87.8 ( 4.5) ( 5.1)	′9.8 、3.1)	85.5 87.6 67.5 ( 4.6) ( 3.5) (12.3)	87.4 ( 4.6)	89.9 ( 4.5)	84.1 (,5.0)		
Adaptive physical education	96.3 <b>8</b> 9.7 (3.1) (4.5)	89 4 ( 3.8)	87.3 93.1 93.9 . (4.1) (2.7) (5.5)	93.1 ( 3.4)	91.7 ( 4.0)	91.2 (3.6)		
Social work services	90.3 95.8 (5.3) (3.3)	93.9 (3.1)	96.5 93.2 87.9 (2.6) (2.8) (7.6)	95.3 ( 3.0)	92.4 ( 4.2)	93.0 (3.6)		
Special transportation	93.4 92.0 (4.0) (4.0)	90.3 (3.6)	89.1 92.0 92.6 (3.9) (2.8) (5.9)	92.1 (3.5)	91.0 ( 4.1)	94.6 (3.0)		
Human aides or tutors	98.1 97.1 (2.2) (2.5)	98.4 ( 1.5)	97.3 98.7 93.6 (2.1) (1.2) (5.9)	96.8 ( 2.4)	99.3 (1.2)	98.3 ( 1.7) 85.4		
Physical aids	94.9 90.3 (3.6) (4.5)	88.4 ( 4.0)	86.1 89.8 79.7 (4.5) (3.2) (9.9)	91.6 ( 3.8) 100	93.3 ( 3.7) 100	( 4.8) 100		
None of these	100 100 (0.0)	100 ( Q.0)	100 100 100 ( 0.0) ( 0.0) ( 0.0) 115 301 29	( 0.0) 148	( 0.0) 149	( 0.0) 151		
Number of respondents	95 123	189	113 301 29	140	143	131		
Table 19: Percentage in schools with nondisabled students that placed disabled youth in								
regular vocational classes	53.6 <b>59.4</b> (8.1) (7.4)		64.8 60.1 93.5 (6.1) (5.1) (5.7)	57.3 (6.6)	66.2 ( 6.9) 1 <b>7</b> 2	65.2 ( 6.2) 1 <b>80</b>		
Number of respondents	114 144	213	139 351 38	173	1/2	100		



## Appendix Table 1A: SUBGROUPS REFERENCED IN STATISTICAL TABLES FOR YOUTH WITH VISUAL IMPAIRMENTS (Concluded)

Subgroups Referenced, and Table Number(s)		Community	<u>Gender</u>	Age in 1987	School Status		
	<u>Total</u>	Urban <u>Suburban</u> <u>Rural</u>	Male Female	19 or 15-16 17-16 older	Out 1 year or less	Out I - 2 Years	
Table 26:							
Percentage in schools with life skills programs that served							
students who were:*							
Mildly learning handicapped	66.Q	81.5 78.8 77.6	63.8 68.8	69.2 65.4 <b>6</b> 3.3	64.9 68.2	<b>47</b> A	
	(3.4)	(4.2) (6.5) (10.5)	(4.4) (5.3)	(6.4) (5.7) (5.5)		67.2	
Severely impaired	41.3	35.3 34.6 49.8	41.0 41.6	38.3 40.8 45.0		( 8.9)	
	(3.5)	(5.2) (7.5) (12.5)	(4.5) (5.7)	(6.7) (5.9) (5.7)		,50.3	
Sensorily or physically	( 0.0,	( 5.2) ( 7.5) (12.5)	( 4.5) ( 5.7)	( 0.7) ( 3.3) ( 3.7)	(4.4) (7.3)	( 9.4)	
impaired	65.8	59.2 50.4 42.7	65.5 65.9	53.8 68.9 73.9	69 3		
	(3.4)	(5.4) (7.9) (12.4)	(4.3) (5.5)		63.7 61.5	85.9	
<b>Number</b> of respondents	655	193 124 41	374 278	(6.9) (5.5) (5.0) 191 253 211	( 4.4) ( 7.2) 437 133	( 6.6) 80	
Table 36:					-		
Percentage of youth that had: **							
Any graded classes	86.0	91.6 85.7 100	82.9 90.0	81.3 92.8 81.8		-4.4	
,, g 0	(2.7)	(3.3) (5.7) (0.0)	(3.7) (3.7)		86.3 95.0	74.1	
Graded regular education	. 2.77	( 3.3) ( 3.7) ( 0.0)	(3.7) (3.7)	(5.8) (3.3) (4.8)	(3.4) (3.7)	( 8.4)	
c lasses	61.2	83.8 81.8 81.7					
C 103363			5.7 57.3	60.1 72.2 47.7	61.6 70.6	48.4	
Graded special education	( 3.8)	(4.4) (6.3) (10.8)	( √.8) ( 5.8)	(7.2) (5.8) (6.2)	(4.7) (7.7)	( 9.5)	
classes	EA 1	43 1 04 0 53 3	40.0				
C 192262	50.1	47.1 34.3 57.7	49.6 50.8	46.6 44.8 61.1	48.5 60.9	44.5	
Mumbau at	( 3.9)	(6.0) (7.8) (13.8)	(4.9) (6.2)	(7.4) (6.4) (6.1)	(4.9) (8.2)	( 9.6)	
Number of respondents	565	161 115 33	32/ 237	167 218 180	381 102	77	
Table 36:							
Percentage in schools and at							
grade levels that were subject							
to minimum competency tests**	62.8	71.2 59.4 57.6	71.4 52.5	55.3 (9.9 61.7	62.8 67.3	57.4	
	( 3.8)	(5.5) (8.2) (14.0)	(4.5) (6.2)	(7.6) $(5.9)$ $(6.1)$	(4.8) (7.7)		
Number of respondents	55	158 110 32	315 240	155 223 178	369 106	( 9.6) 75	
Tables 28, 37, 40 and 41:				•			
Percentage of youth who were:***							
In secondary school	65.9	66.5 73.1 74.6	66.2 65.4	96.1 81.5 21.4	100 0.0		
, od., od., od., od., od., od., od., od.	(3.0)	(4.5) (6.3) (10.1)	(3.7) (4.8)	(2.4) (4.2) (3.9)		0.0	
Out of secondary school a	( 0.0,	( 1.0, ( 0.0, (10.1,	( 3.7) ( 4.0)	( 2.4) ( 4.2) ( 3.3)	( 0.0) ( 0.0)	( 0.0)	
year or less	17 4	19.3 15.1 22.6	17.2 17.6	1.6 14.7 34.6			
you. o	(2.4)	(3.7) (5.1) (9.7)			0.0 100	0.0	
Out of secondary school	( 6.7)	(3.7) (3.1) (3.7)	( 3.0) ( 3.8)	(1.5) (3.8) (4.5)	(0.0) (0.0)	( 0.0)	
1-2 years	16.7	14 1 11 0 2 0	10 E 17 0				
r_e leat 2		14.1 11.8 2.8	16.5 17.0	2.3 3.8 44.0	0.0 0.0	100	
	( 2.3)	(3.3) (4.6) (3.9)	( 2.9) ( 3.8)	(1.9)(2.1)(4.7)	(0.0) (0.0)	( 0.0)	
Number of respondents	867	<b>25</b> 6 154 <b>48</b>	496 368	241 314 312	562 157	148	



<sup>378</sup> 

# Appendix Teble 18: SUBGROUPS REFERENCED IN STATISTICAL TABLES FOR YOUTH WITH VISUAL INPAIRMENTS (Concluded)

	Type of Sch	Severity of Visual Impairment		
Subgroups Referenced, and Table Mumber(s)	Regular School	Special School	Partially Sighted	<u>81 ind</u>
Table 26:	•	`		,
Percentage in schools with life			•	
skills programs that served				
students who were:*	30.0	30.0	71.9	58.6
Hildly learning handicapped	79.8 ( 3.8)	<b>39.9</b> (5.3)	(·4.6)	(6.5)
Severely impaired	( 3.6) 36.0	51.2	38.0	43.8
Severe ly impatit ed	(4.6)	( 5.4)	( 4.9)	( 6.6)
Sensorily or physically	( 4.0)	( 014)	(,	( 000)
impaired	50.6	94.4	63.7	75.6
	(4.8)	(2.5)	(4.9)	( 5.7)
Number of respondents	341	314	304	223
Table 36:	•		-	
Percentage of youth that had:**				
Any graded classes	90.0	77.3	,92.6	85.7
Aug 4. 4	( 3.0)	( 5.0)	( 2.7)	( 5.0)
Graded regular education	84.6	11.8	73.7	<b>52.6</b>
classes	(3.6)	(3.9)	(4.5)	(7.1)
Graded special education	( 0.0,	( 0.0,	( ,,,,,	( , , , ,
Classes	41.0	69.4	43.7 *	58.9
	( 4.9)	( 5.5)	( 5.0)	(7.0)
Number of respondents	30:/	258	306	196
Table 36:				
Percentage in schools and at				
grade levels that were subject			74 4	
to minimum competency tests**	65.9	56.1	70.1	57.1
Number of managements	( 4.8) 301	( 6.0) 256	( 4.7) 299	( 7.1) 194
Number of respondents	301	230	299	104
Tables 28, 37, 40 and 41:				
Percentage of youth who were: ***				
In secondary school	69.3	65.7	68.8	59.2
•	( 3.9)	( 4.8)	( 4.4)	( 5.8)
Out of secondary school a			•• •	
year or less	18.9	18.5	18.2	20.4
Out of accordance of the 1	( 3.3)	( 4.0)	( 3.6)	( 4.8
Out of secondary school	11.8	15.9	13.0	20.4
1-2 years	( 2.7)	(3.7)	(3.2)	(4.8)
Number of respondents	435	357	356	285
Number of respondents	435	35/	330	20



Source: Survey of Secondary Special Education Programs. Data are for the most recent year in school. Source: Students' school records.

Source: Parent interviews and students' school records.

# Appendix Table IC: SUBGROUPS REFERENCED IN STATISTICAL TABLES FOR YOUTH WITH VISUAL IMPAINMENTS (Concluded)

Subgroups Referenced, and Table Humber(s)	Household Income			Ethnicity	Head of Household's Education		
	Under \$12,000	12,000- \$24,999	\$25,000 and Over	Black White Hispanic	No High School Diplome	High School Diplome	Beyand High School
Table 25: Percentage in schools with life skills programs that served students who were:*			,				
Hildly learning handicapped	49.7	69.3	72.9	62.1 65.5 68.9	62.8	63.8	72.0
Severely impaired	( 6.0) 37.0 ( 7.7)	32.7	(5,3) 46.3 (6.0)	(6.0) (4.9) (10.0) 26.2 46.6 32.6 (5.5) (5.2) (10.1)	( 6.3) 39.2 ( 6.4)	( 6.9) 36.1 ( 6.9)	( 5.9) 46.1 ( 6.5)
Sensorily or physically impaired	59.9 ( 7.8)	73.6	66.8 ( 5.7)	56.7 69.1 38.0 ( 6.1) ( 4.8) (10.5)	69.3 ( 6.0)	63.1 ( 6.9)	<b>82.1</b> ( <b>6.4</b> )
Number of respondents	118	147	219	145 352 43	179	179	179
Table 36: Percentage of youth that had:** Any graded classes	87.9	92.3	.88.2	<b>99.9 87.8 9</b> 5.9	88.0	.94.0	.48.0
Craded regular education	( 5.6)	( 4.3)	( 4.2)	(4.2) (3.6, (4.6)	( 4.6)	( 3.7)	( 4.6)
c lasses	61.8 ( 8.3)	59.9 (7.9)	71.4 ( 5.9)	64.8 <b>6</b> 0.0 <b>8</b> 7.3 ( 6.7) ( 5.5) ( 7.7)	63.4 ( 6.9)	<b>64.4</b> ( 7.6)	<b>62.7</b> { 6.8)
Graded special education classes	53.0 ( 8.5)	62.1 (7.9)	45.1 ( 6.5)	47.1 53.5 62.0 (7.0) (5.6) (11.2)	62.2 ( 6.9)	51.6 ( 7.9)	46.5 ( 7.0)
Number of respondents	103	124	185	115 305 38	149	147	157
Table 36: Percentage in schools and at grade levels that were subject to minimum competency tests**	63.7	61.8	<b>69</b> .0	75.9 60.8 75.4	69.5	53.1	68.9
Number of respondents	( 8. <b>4)</b> <b>98</b>	120	( 6.1, 184	( 6.1) ( 5.5) (10.3) 111 297 35	( 6.7) 146	( 8.0) 143	( <b>6.</b> 5) 154
Tables 28, 37, 40 and 41: Percentage of youth who were:***							
In secondary school	76.2 ( 5.8)	62.4 (6.2)	68.3 ( 4.9)	65.2 67.0 75.0 ( 4.9) ( 4.3) ( 7.2)	66.4 ( 5.4)	69.9 ( 5.7)	69.5 (5.1)
Out of secondary school a year or less	11.6 ( 4.3)	17.7 ( 4.9)	19.7 ( 4.2)	15.6 18.5 12.8 ( 3.7) ( 3.6) ( 5.6)	16.3 ( 4.2)	19.6 ( 4.9)	14.4 ( 3.9)
Out of secondary school 1-2 years	12.2	19.9 ( 5.1)	12.0	19.2 14.5 12.2 ( 4.0) ( 3.2) ( 5.5)	17.3 ( 4.3)	10.5 ( 3.8)	16.1 ( 4.1)
Number of respondents	164	197	285	212 452 72 378	232	240	250



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### END

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