DOCUMENT RESUME

ED 323 395 CE 055 803

AUTHOR Hawley, Jana

TITLE Design Concepts. Teacher Edition. Marketing Education

LAPs.

INSTITUTION Oklahoma State Dept. of Vocational and Technical

Education, Stillwater. Curriculum and Instructional

Materials Center.

PUB DATE 90

NOTE 23p.; For related documents, see CE 055 801-804.

AVAILABLE FROM Curriculum and Instructional Materials Center,

Oklahoma Dept. of Vocational and Technical Education, 1500 West Seventh Avenue, Stillwater, OK 74074 (order

no. DE1102: \$20.00).

PUB TYPE Guides - Classroom Use - Guides (For Teachers) (052)

EDRS PRICE MF01 Plus Postage. PC Not Available from EDRS.

DESCRIPTORS Career Choice; Career Education; Classroom

Techniques; *Clothing Design; *Competence; Competency Based Education; Designers; Entry Workers; *Fashion Industry; Job Skills; *Learning Activities; Learning

Modules; *Occupational Information; Pretests

Posttests; Secondary Education; Skill Development; State Curriculum Guides; Teaching Methods; Test

Items; Units of Study

IDENTIFIERS Oklahoma

ABSTRACT

This learning activity packet is designed to help prepare students to acquire a competency: how to use design concepts in preparation for a career in the fashion industry. The unit consists of the competency, four objectives, suggested learning activities, transparency masters, and a pretest/posttest with answer keys. Activities include a presentation of material covered in the unit to the students in a group, color naming, and designing a woman's outfit. An outline and teaching suggestions are provided. (KC)

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Design Concepts

Developed by the
Curriculum and Instructional Materials Center
for the division of Marketing Education
Oklahoma Department of Vocational and Technical Education

90-007321 DE1102



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Printed in the United States of America by the Oklahoma Department of Vocational and Technical Education Stillwater, Oklahoma 74074-4364

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ACKNOWLEDGEMENTS

The CIMC would like to extend a great appreciation to the writer of this development, Ms. Jana Hawley. Without her expertise in the field of Fashion Merchandising, this development would not have been possible. For his constant support and influential drive in this project, a strong appreciation is extended to Mr. Gene Warner, State Supervisor for Marketing Education. For their continuous support and effort, a strong appreciation is extended to Mr. Greg Pierce, CIMC Coordinator, and Ms. Sheila Stone, Development Coordinator.

In addition, a very generous thank-you goes to the Word Processing Center and the Art Department for their efforts in the completion of this project. Also, thanks are extended to Dr. Gayle Kearns, Curriculum Development Specialist, for her assistance with the coordination and facilitation of this entire project.



DESIGN CONCEPTS

Competency: How to use design concepts to gain abilities in the business of fashion.

Objectives:

- A. Understand the importance of a knowledge of applied design to those in the business of fashion
- B. Understand the principles of color, illusion, texture, line, space, shape, form and pattern
- C. Understand clothing styles and how the elements of design affect the styles that we wear
- D. Understand terms used in the design of fashion

I. GROUP LEARNING ACTIVITIES FOR OBJECTIVES A, B, C, AND D

The lesson should begin with group presentation of all of the key topics covered in the LAP. Explain that it will be necessary to understand the LIST OF TERMS provided in this LAP. Many of these terms are used in our every-day language about clothing. However, some of the terms will be new to the students. Also, many of the terms are illustrated in the illustrations provided in the student's learning pack. Some additional activities are provided in this teachers guide.

	Transparency Number	Message
A	1	Functional design deals with how something works physically, how it performs. Functioning zippers and buttons close things, belts cinch things, functioning pocket holds things.
	2	Decorative design is for appearance only. It affects neither fit nor performance. We incorporate decoration into a design by use of 1) construction details 2) color, pattern and texture, and 3) decorative trims and fabrics.
	3	People with special needs deserve and require special clothing. This groups want to look and feel attractive as much as the mass market group does. Some of those special groups include: elderly, handicapped, pregnant women, occupations, children and sports enthusiasts. (Discuss examples of clothing for each of these special groups. Are there any other special groups that the students can think of?)



Illusions occur when visual images are mistaken for the objects that they represent. Study the illusions in this transparency.

View 1: Which center circle is larger? The central circle appears larger when positioned near the smaller circles, and smaller when positioned near the large circles. Both are the same size.

View 2: Again, the same effect occurs here. The circles are the same size.

View 3: An example of this illusion in dress would be a striped fabric pattern used on a pocket.

Texture is the tangible substance that clothing is made from. It appeals to the sense of touch, sound, and sight. Fabrics come in many textures—fuzzy, wooly, slick, ripple, etc. (Distribute fabric swatches that illustrate fabric textures—corduroy, velvet, velveteen, piles, vinyl, chiffon, etc.)

Line is a fundamental principle of design because it influences the use of other elements in dress. Straight lines give a feeling of strength, straightness, angularity. Curved lines give a feeling of softness and roundness.

Almost all shapes are used in the designs of garments. Many shapes are combined with others to create new and exciting presentations.

Pattern is a powerful influence on the designs of apparel. It is an arrangement of lines, spaces, and shapes on or in a fabric. Can you think of other patterns that are common? What about the patterns of the clothes on those in the room?



II. ADDITIONAL LEARNING ACTIVITIES THAT CAN BE SUPPLEMENTED IN CLASS

- 1. Distribute the color chart to the students. Give them some time to write down 5-10 "color names" that are used for each of the base colors i.e. red/garnet, burgundy, crimson
- 2. Distribute the silhouette to the students. The objective is to have each student design a garment for a woman who has broad shoulders; a short, thick neck; is long wasted; and wishes to appear dainty and feminine. Use the element of shape to achieve this in decorative design. Make no changes in the silhouette of the dress. They are to add:

A neckline treatment or A collar treatment

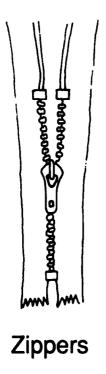
A waistline treatment

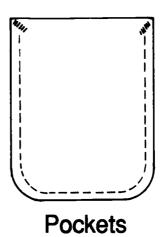
A hairstyle

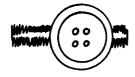
Encourage students to add details at hemline and at the cuffs—but do not change the silhouette of the sleeve. Be creative!



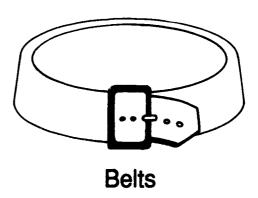
Functional Design Features





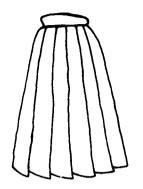


Buttons & Buttonholes

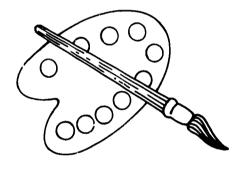




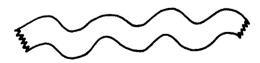
Decorative Design Features



Construction Details (pleats, darts, smocking, etc.)



Color, Pattern, Texture





Decorative Trims or Fabrics





Special Needs Categories



Pregnant Women



Handicapped



Elderly



Sports Enthusiasts



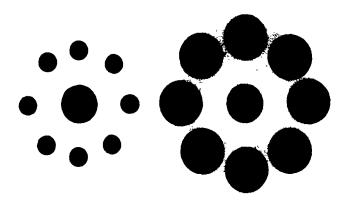
Children



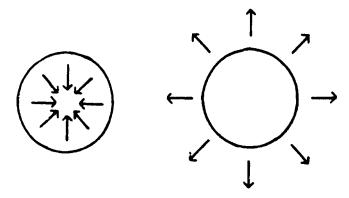
Occupations



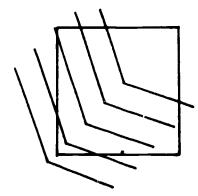
Optical Illusions



Titchener and Lipps circles.



Arrow effects of size.



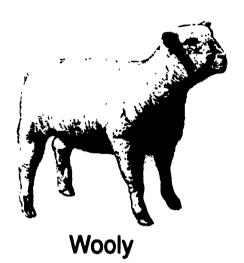
Distorted square.



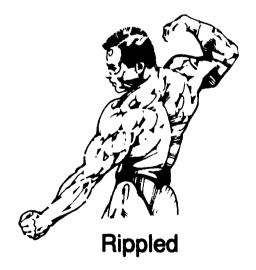
Texture



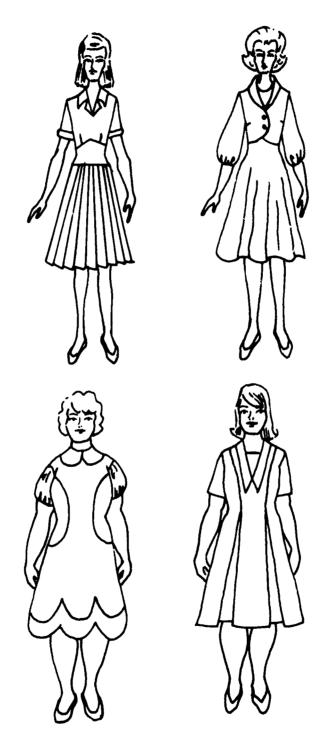
Fuzzy







Effects of Line on Clothing and Appearance







Clothing Design Uses Geometric Forms



(a) Cube



(b) Sphere



(c) Tube or oylinder



(d) Ring



(e) Cone



(f) Pyramid



(g) Bell or dome



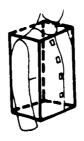
(h) Egg or ovoid



(i) Lantern or berrel

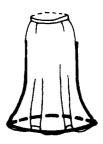


(j) Hourglass



(k) Box

17

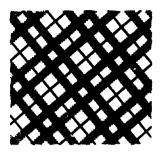


(I) Trumpet

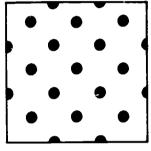


TM 7

Patterns



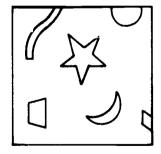
Plaids



Polka dots



Florals



Free form



COLOR NAME CHART

*Complete the chart below with at least 10 descriptive names for each color.

RED	PINK	YELLOW	ORANGE
GREEN	BLUE	VIOLET	BEIGE





PRETEST KEY (Before You Begin)

OBJECTIVE A

- 1. Functional: Zippers, Buttons and Buttonholes, Pockets, Belts Decorative: Color, Pattern, Texture, Construction Detail (Pleats, Darts, Smocking, Etc.), Decorative Trims and Fabrics.
- 2. Although a creative component or a personal touch is necessary in design, it is important for designers and manufacturers to understand the principles of design in order to meet the functional or aesthetic objectives of the garment. Buyers, merchandisers, and retailers need to understand design elements in order to make decisions that will satisfy the customer and ultimately to realize profits.

OBJECTIVE B

- 3. Color, Pattern, Texture, Line, Shape, Form, Space, Balance, Illusion
- 4. Hue is the family of color on the color wheel or location of wavelength in the light spectrum. We most often refer to hue as "color"
- 5. Navy, Black, Red, White, Beige or Khaki, Ecru
- 6. An optical illusion is a misinterpreted visual cue
- 7. Fiber content, yarn structure, and fabric structure
- 8. Curved
- 9. Two-dimensional

OBJECTIVE C

- 10. A seamline that begins at the shoulder or armscye, crosses the bustline, and continues to the hem.
- 11. A neckline style cut wide on the shoulders, high in front and back, slightly downward curve.
- 12. A skirt with sections narrower at waist and wider at hem. Used to create fullness by seams rather than darts.
- 13. Fashion is a short-lived visual folkway or adoption of a style.
- 14. Fad is a very short lived fashion trend.
- 15. Silhouette is the outline of an object.



POST TEST

Directions: Identify the best answer for the following questions. Record your responses on a separate sheet of paper.

OBJECTIVE A

- 1. Which of the following is a functional design feature?
 - a. Zippers
 - b. Color
 - c. Pattern
 - d. Texture
- 2. Identify the best reason for a buyer to understand design principles.
 - a. To raise her salary
 - b. To gain access to manufacturer's philosophies
 - c. To make successful buying decisions
 - d. To be able to dress successfully for her job
- 3. The purpose of decorative design features is to:
 - a. Properly execute the purpose of a garment
 - b. Create garments that have aesthetic appeal
 - c. Create an over-all fabric design
 - d. Make clothes that meet those with special needs
- 4. Which of the following is NOT a special needs market?
 - a. The elderly market
 - b. The sports enthusiasts market
 - c. The children's market
 - d. The career-woman market

OBJECTIVE B

- 5. The lightness or darkness of a hue is referred to as:
 - a. Intensity
 - b. Shade
 - c. Value
 - d. Hue
- 6. Which of the following is not considered a basic fashion color?
 - a. Black
 - b. White
 - c. Red
 - d. Green



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 b. Hue c. Balance d. Pattern 12. A neckline that is held by a strap around back of neck and is bare in the back the shoulders is referred to as: a. Jewel neckline b. Boat neckline c. Halter neckline d. Cowl neckline d. Cowl neckline 13. A style feature that is a small diamond-shaped insert under the arm of a kim sleeve is referred to as: a. A gusset b. A gore c. An oxford 	The design element that is concerned with the arrangement of lines, spaces, and shapes is:
c. Balance d. Pattern 12. A neckline that is held by a strap around back of neck and is bare in the back the shoulders is referred to as: a. Jewel neckline b. Boat neckline c. Halter neckline d. Cowl neckline 13. A style feature that is a small diamond-shaped insert under the arm of a kim sleeve is referred to as: a. A gusset b. A gore c. An oxford	a. Texture
 d. Pattern 12. A neckline that is held by a strap around back of neck and is bare in the back the shoulders is referred to as: a. Jewel neckline b. Boat neckline c. Halter neckline d. Cowl neckline 13. A style feature that is a small diamond-shaped insert under the arm of a kim sleeve is referred to as: a. A gusset b. A gore c. An oxford 	b. Hue
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 b. Boat neckline c. Halter neckline d. Cowl neckline 13. A style feature that is a small diamond-shaped insert under the arm of a kim sleeve is referred to as: a. A gusset b. A gore c. An oxford 	A neckline that is held by a strap around back of neck and is bare in the back and the shoulders is referred to as:
c. Halter neckline d. Cowl neckline 13. A style feature that is a small diamond-shaped insert under the arm of a kim sleeve is referred to as: a. A gusset b. A gore c. An oxford	a. Jewel neckline
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d. Cowl neckline 13. A style feature that is a small diamond-shaped insert under the arm of a kim sleeve is referred to as: a. A gusset b. A gore c. An oxford	
sleeve is referred to as: a. A gusset b. A gore c. An oxford	d. Cowł neckline
b. A gore c. An oxford	A style feature that is a small diamond-shaped insert under the arm of a kimono sleeve is referred to as:
b. A gore c. An oxford	a. A gusset
c. An oxford	b. A gore
d A jerkin	c. An oxford
a. A joinar	d. A jerkin



14.	A pant style that is traditionally used for horseback riding is referred to as:			
	a. Loafersb. Jodhpursc. Haremsd. Polos			
15.	A sleeve style that is not set-in and consists of a curved armscye seam from neckline to underarm seam is referred to as:			
	a. The leg-O-mutton b. The melon sleeve c. The ragian sleeve d. The Shawl sleeve			
16.	A long coat style that is single or double breasted with a straight cut, inset pockets and notched collar is referred to as:			
	a. The reefer b. The pea coat c. The Chesterfield d. The Cloche			
17.	A man's heavy, double-breasted, belted jacket with wide shawl collar and patch pockets is referred to as:			
	a. A hackysack jacket b. A salisaw jacket c. A sailor jacket d. A mackinaw jacket			
18.	A shoe-style of medium-low cut, laced up front with a tongue is referred to as:			
	a. A loaferb. An oxfordc. A pumpd. A Mary Jane			
OBJECTIVE D				
19.	The outline of a design is referred to as:			
	a. A fad b. A toque c. A fedora d. A siihouette			
20.	A very short-lived acceptance of a fashion trend is referred to as:			
	 a. A silhouette b. A classic c. A fad d. A waste 			



POST TEST KEY

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