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#### ABSTRACT

A national survey was conducted to determine what bock-length works are currently being taught in public, parochial, and independent secondary schools (grades 7-12). Department chairs were asked to list the works which all students, in any English class, study. Although the rank ordering differed somewhat in the three samples, the top 10 titles included were identical in the public and Catholic school samples, and nearly so in the independent schools. Data compiled by author of required titles looked quite similar. William Shakespeare, John Steinbeck, Mark Twain, and Charles Dickens were among the most popular authors. There was considerable diversity in the grade levels at which titles were taught, but also some consistency in the levels at which specific titles were most likely to be taught. Department heads were also asked to indicate assignment of the texts according to track. The correlation among the tracks in the titles that appeared, indicated that there was some differentiation between the high and low groups. The titles required 30% or more of the public schools were summarized and compared Ath the results of a 'tudy done 25 years earlier. Changes of titles required in independent and Catholic schools since 1963 were also compared. To investigate differences in offerings in different communities the required authors were examined. The study reflects what is explicitly valued as the foundation of students' literary experience. (Nine tables of data are included; eight appendixes including titles listed according to type of school, grade, and track are attached. The survey instrument is also appended.) (MG)

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A Study of Book-Length Works
Taught in High School English Courses

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# A Study of Book-Length Works Taught in High School English Courses

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#### Introduction

The past few years have seen the reemergence of concern with content and approaches in the teaching of literature. In the public press, in best-selling books, and in pedagogical journals, discussions have centered on what to teach and how to teach it. Some of the concern has arisen as teachers and scholars have begun to apply recent theories of writing instruction to the comprehension of literature. Some has come from a variety of groups who have argued the need to broaden the traditional high school canon to include a better representation of works by women and by members of minority groups. And some has come from scholars who have been worried about the erosion of traditional Western cultural content from the heart of the curriculum. This essentially professional discussion has spilled over into the public arena, propelling such seemingly unlikely books as Hirsch's (1987) <u>Cultural Literacy</u> and Bloom's (1987) <u>The Closing of the American Mind</u> to the top of the bestseller lists.

Such concerns converge to create an especially opportune time for a reassessment of content and approaches in the teaching of literature. Thus one major strand of the research agenda at the Center for the Learning and Teaching of Literature is concerned with developing a detailed portrait of current approaches. To develop this portrait, the Center is sponsoring a series of related studies. Early studies in this series include case studies of schools with reputations for excellence in English (Applebee, 1989); an inventory of what counts as knowing literature, as reflected in assessment practices (Brody, DeMilo, & Purves, 1989); and detailed analyses of individual high school literature lessons (Brannon & Knoblauch, 1989; Marshall, 1989). Future studies that will contribute to this overall portrait include a national survey of instructional approaches, curriculum content, and institutional and individual factors shaping the curriculum; an analysis of students' elementary school experiences with literature; and an analysis of the content and approaches in high school literature anthologies. Together, these studies will provide a comprehensive picture of what is being taught, to whom, for what reasons, and under what constraints. Such a portrait is an essential first step in any reassessment of the literature curriculum, providing a necessary reference point for any systematic attempts at reform.

In spite of current debates about what <u>should</u> be taught, there is a singular lack of information about the titles that are actually being taught in American secondary schools. We do not know whether the attempts to broaden the traditional canon to include more works by women and ininorities have been successful. Nor do we know whether any such broadening has taken place more rapidly in programs for upper or lower tracks, or in schools that serve minority populations. We do not even know the extent to which the texts in the traditional canon of Western literature have continued to be taught.

The content of the curriculum is determined by many factors. These include the selections available in literature anthologies, as well as the choices teachers make from among



the selections available; they also include the book-length works that students may be required to read, either through the choices made by individual teachers or because of departmental or district-wide mandates. These book-length works constitute a major part of the curriculum; in our cases studies of schools with local reputations for excellence, for example, they were used in some 70 percent of the classes that were observed (Applebee, 1979).

To learn more about the book-length works that students are actually reading, the Literature Center conducted a national survey of book-length works currently being taught in public, parochial, and independent secondary schools. To provide some basis for understanding the results, the survey replicated a study completed 25 years earlier, in the spring of 1963 (Anderson, 1964), extending the earlier survey by including questions to gather information about the effects of tracking and of community composition on the selections that were required. Because completing the survey required considerable effort on the part of the department chairs, the study was carried out separately from the other Literature Center studies examining content and approaches in the English curriculum.

#### Where the Canon Comes From: Historical Patterns

The existence of a body of agreed-upon texts at the center of the high school English curriculum is a relatively recent phenomenon. It dates to the late 19th century, when a variety of loosely related studies (grammar, spelling, history of literature, oratory, and composition) came together as a single subject, English (on the history of English as a school subject, see Applebee, 1974).

A series of factors influenced the selection of texts for English courses in the late 19th century. These included:

The prestige of Milton and the Augustan poets, whose Latinate styles had made them useful vehicles for parsing according to the rules imposed by Latinate school grammars. Since grammar entered the curriculum before literature, there was already a tradition of attention to the language of these poets.

A strong tradition of Shakespearean criticism, both academic and popular. Until late in the 19th century, Shakespeare was a part of mass culture, widely read, performed, and applauded (see Levine, 1988, on the transformation of Shakespeare into "high culture" late in the century).

The influence of earlier traditions in the teaching of Latin and Greek. This is evident in the labeling of the English canon of "classic" texts, as well as in the selection and placement of particular texts. Thus <u>Julius Caesar</u> was taught during the same year as Caesar's <u>Chronicles</u>; the Latin or Greek epic was followed by Longfellow or <u>Paradise Lost</u>; British and American orators were paired with Cicero and Demosthenes. The development of such a curriculum by analogy was further fostered by the fact that many early teachers of English had trained as teachers of Latin or Greek.

A concern with modern literature, which led to a ready adoption of the works of such then-contemporary or near-contemporary authors as Charles Dickens and George Eliot.

2



A concern with providing some texts that would be easily accessible to all students, particularly those in the junior high school level or in nonacademic tracks; this led, for example, to early inclusion of the works of Sir Walter Scott.

The influence of these various factors is evident in the lists of works that were most widely taught at the beginning of this century (Tanner, 1907). The ten most popular titles included:

Shakespeare <u>Julius Caesar</u> Shakespeare <u>Macbeth</u>

Eliot Silas Marner
Milton Minor Poems

Shakespeare Merchant of Venice

Burke Speech on Conciliation with the Colonies

Lowell The Vision of Sir Launfal
Coleridge Rime of the Ancient Mariner

Scott <u>Ivanhoe</u>

Macaulay Essay on Addison

All ten of these titles were taught in over 60 percent of the schools Tanner surveyed at the turn of the century; <u>Julius Caesar</u> was taught in over 90 percent of the schools.

## The Canon Today

In the present study, department chairs were asked to list "for each grade in your school the book-length works of literature which all students in any English class study." Four different samples of schools were surveyed, paralleling the samples in the Anderson (1964) study: 1) public schools, Grades 7-12; 2) independent schools, Grades 9-12; 3) Catholic schools, Grades 9-12; and 4) urban public schools, Grades 7-12, from communities of 100,000 or more. Tallies of their lists of required titles were used to describe trends that have occurred since Anderson's (1964) survey, as well as to describe differences in the prescribed offerings for students in different tracks and in communities with higher proportions of minority students. Details of the instrumentation, sampling, and procedures are provided in append: 1.

The titles appearing in the various samples of schools are presented in full in appendices 2 through 7. The discussion here will focus on the most frequent titles and authors, and on the relationships among the various lists.

## The "Top Ten"

Table 1 summarizes the ten titles most frequently taught in public, Catholic, and independent schools for Grades 9-12. Although the rank ordering of the titles differs somewhat in the three samples, they are remarkable for their consistency more than their differences the titles included in the top ten are identical in the public and Catholic school samples, and nearly so in the independent schools.

There are a few statistically significant differences that should be noted in the



# Table 1 Most Popular Titles, Grades 9-12

# Title and Percent of Schools

Public Schools Catholic Schools				Independent Schools		
(n = 322) (r		(n = 80)		(n = 86)		
Romeo and Juliet	84%	Huckleberry Finn	76%	Macbeth	74%	
Macbeth	81	Scarlet Letter	70	Romeo and Juliet	66 *	
Huckleberry Finn	70	Macbeth	70	Huckleberry Finn	56	
Julius Caesar	70	To Kill a Mockingbird	67	Scarlet Letter	52	
To Kill a Mockingbird	69	Great Gatsby	64	Hamlet	51	
Scarlet Letter	62	Romeo and Juliet	63 *	Great Gatsby	49	
Of Mice and Men	56	Hamlet	60	To Kill a Mockingbird	47 *	
Hamlet	55	Of Mice and Men	56	Julius Caesar	42 *	
Great Gatsby	54	Julius Caesar	54	<b>O</b> dyssey	39	
Lord of the Flies	54	Lord of the Flies	52	Lord of the Flies	34	



<sup>\*</sup> Percentage significantly different from public school sample, p < .05.

proportions of schools requiring specific titles. Romeo and Juliet, for example, is a required title in significantly fewer of the Catholic and independent schools than of the public schools (63, 66, and 84 percent, respectively). To Kill a Mockingbird and Julius Caesar are similarly less popular in the independent schools than in the public schools, though again both remain within the top ten.

The only variation in the titles appearing in the top ten occurs for the independent schools, involving the appearance of <u>The Odyssey</u> and the displacement of <u>Of Mice and Men</u> (but only to 11th place). Though <u>The Odyssey</u> is relatively ess popular in the public and Catholic school samples, ranking 24th in both, it is required in approximately the same proportion of schools (Grades 9-12) in all three samples.

The occasional differences in the top ten for the independent schools may reflect the greater selectivity that these schools enjoy, and a consequent targeting of the curriculum toward a somewhat higher-achieving group of students. As will be apparent later in the discussion, however, there are also some differences in preferred selections even when the results are considered separately for upper and lower tracks.

It is important to note that in all three samples, the top ten include only one title by a female author (Harper Lee) and none by members of minority groups. This in 1988, two decades after the civil rights and women's movements focused national attention on imbalances and inequities in the school curriculum.

#### Popular Authors

Table 2 compiles the data by author instead of by title. Here, the rankings are based on the cumulative percentage of schools requiring titles by each author, so that totals greater than 100 can occur for authors with more than one frequently-ta at book.

As with rankings of specific titles, results from the three samples look quite similar. Shakespeare, Steinbeck, Twain, Dickens, and Miller are the five most popular authors in all three samples. Lee and Hawthorne also are included in the top ten in each list. The only major variation in the top ten concerns the place of Classical literature, which is stressed somewhat more in the Catholic schools (Sophocles ranks 7th) and the independent schools (Sophocles and Homer rank 8th and 9th, respectively).

There are no minority authors among the top ten, and only one woman (Harper Lee, in all three samples).

In general, the overall listings suggest that the patterns that led to the formation of the original high school canon continue to have considerable influence. Shakespeare continues to carry a special place and prestige; contemporary literature (now stretching to Steinbeck and Miller) receives some attention; and there is some concern with providing selections that will be relatively accessible (Harper Lee and Mark Twain). The influence of the classical languages has waned somewhat, though the tradition continues in translation, at least in the Catholic and

5



# Table 2 Ten Most Frequently Required Authors, Grades 9-12

# Author and Cumulative Percent of Titles Required

Public Schoo (n = 322)	ols	Catholic Schools (n = 80)		Independent (n = 86			
Shakespeare Steinbeck Dickens Twain Miller Orwell Lee Hawthorne Hemingway Fitzgerald Golding	364% 150 91 90 85 70 69 67 60 54	Shakespeare Steinbeck Dickens Twain Miller Hemingway Sophocles Hawthorne Lee Orwell	358% 140 108 96 83 76 75 73 67	Shakespeare Steinbeck Twain Dickens Miller Hawthorne Fitzgerald Sophocles Homer Lee	334% 101 76 69 61 56 53 51 47		

independent schools. Another factor may be at work as well: the natural tendency for teachers to turn to texts they know well rather than to select a work they have not previously used, with which they are less familiar, and for which they have little way of knowing how their students will react.

## Grade Level Assignments

The lists in appendices 2 through 4 show the grade level assignments of each title as well as the overall total. The most striking fact about the grade level assignments is the diversity: most titles are regularly taught at several different grade levels. For example, of the 20 most frequently taught books in Grades 9 through 12 in the public school sample, all are taught in at least three grade levels, and 70 percent are taught in all four high school grades. In the Catholic and independent school samples, the 20 most frequent titles are similarly all taught at at least three grade levels; 65 percent and 60 percent, respectively, are taught at all four grade levels. This diversity in placement reflects the familiar notion that individual titles can be read at more than one level, and in turn can be taught in many different ways.

However, it is important to note that these overlapping grade-level assignments occur almost exclusively across schools, rather than within them. Less than 1 percent of the schools reported any titles that were required of different groups of students at more than one grade level. (A similar pattern is evident in Anderson's [1964] study.) This suggests that within schools there is considerable structure and sequence in the titles that are taught, with little likelihood of everlap between grades.

Although there is considerable diversity in the levels at which titles are taught, there is also some consistency in the grade levels at which specific titles are most likely to be taught. Table 3 summarizes the three most frequent titles at each grade level in each sample; more than three titles are listed when there was a tie for third place. Results for Grades 7 and 8 are included for the public school sample; these grades were not surveyed in Catholic and independent schools.

These lists suggest that there is little consistency in choice of titles for Grade 7 (none is used by even 25 percent of the schools). In Grade 8, Diary of a Young Girl is most popular, but still only in 34 percent. In Grade 9, Romeo and Juliet leads all three lists, being required in fully 76 percent of the public schools. To Kill a Mockingbird and Great Expectations both appear on two of the three lists. In Grade 10, Julius Caesar leads all three lists, with Huckleberry Finn appearing on the lists for both Catholic and independent schools. Grade 11-typically the year for American Literature - has the most consistent set of selections, with The Scarlet Letter, Huckleberry Finn, and The Great Gatsby being the most frequently cited texts for all three samples. Grade 12, typically emphasizing British or world literature, is dominated by Macbeth and Hamlet, with Oedipus Rex appearing on the lists for both the Catholic and the independent schools.



# Table 3 Three Most Popular Titles at Each Grade

# Title and Percent of Schools

Public Schools (n = 322)		Catholic Schouls (n = 80)		Independent Sch (n = 86)	
Grade 7					
Call of the Wild Tom Sawyer Red Pony A Christmas Carol	22% 15 35 15	Not surveyed		Not surveyed	
Grade 8					
Diary of a Young Girl Call of the Wild The Pigman	34 14 12	Not surveyed		Not surveyed	
Grade 9					
Romeo and Juliet Great Expectations To Kill a Mockingbird The Pearl	76 32 16 16	Romes and Juliet To Kill a Mockingbird Merchant of Venice	53%* 39 * 22 *	Romeo and Juliet Great Expectations Odyssey (18)	60% <b>*</b> 18 <b>*</b>
Grade 10					
Julius Caesar The Pearl To Kill a Mockingbird  Grade 11	64 31 29	Julius Caesar Scarlet Letter Kuckleberry Finn	38 33 * 33 *	Julius Caesar Macbeth Huckleberry Finn	28 * 16 * 16
Scarlet Letter	52	Scarlet Letter	35 *	Weeklahamme #	77
Huckleberry Finn Great Gatsby	43 39	Huckleberry Finn Great Gatsby	32 32	Huckleberry Finn Scarlet Letter Great Gatsby	37 35 * 35
Grade 12					
Macbeth Hamlet Lord of the Flies 1984	56 45 19	Hamlet Oedipus Rex Macbeth	50 33 * 32 *	Macbeth Hamlet Oedipus Rex	42 <b>*</b> 33 16

<sup>\*</sup> Percentage significantly different from public school sample, p < .05.



# Differentiated Curricula

The discussion so far has concentrated on titles that were reportedly required of any students in a school. Department heads were also asked to indicate differential assignment of texts according to track. Table 4 summarizes the relationships among tracks in the titles that appeared in 5 percent or more of the schools on the various lists, using correlation coefficients calculated using the percentage of schools citing each title. These correlations indicate that there is some differentiation between the high and the low groups. In fact the suggestions for high groups were more similar (with correlations of .75 to .85) across the three groups (public, Catholic, and independent high schools) than were high and low groups within each of the samples (with correlations of .40 to .62). Relationships among the titles for lower-track students across the three groups fell in between (with correlations of .59 to .73).

Table 5 summarizes the 10 most popular titles for the upper and lower tracks in the three samples. (Only 7 are listed for the independent school sample because of the small number of those schools reporting on separate classes for lower track students; other titles were reported by only 1 or 2 schools.) Several aspects of these results are interesting. Overall, there is considerably more consensus about what the upper tracks are asked to read, both in terms of the percentage of schools citing each title and in terms of the amount of overlap among the lists. The lists for the lower tracks show less overlap with one another, as well as a somewhat greater proportion of relatively recent literature and of young adult novels. The greater variety in the selections for the lower tracks may reflect teachers' attempts to find works that will appeal to less-motivated students, and a concomitant lessening of concern about college-entrance requirements. On the other hand, the reports for lower track students typically listed fewer titles of any sort, reflecting a curriculum with less overall emphasis on literature. (A similar lessening of emphasis on literature for nonacademic students was evident in the Literature Center study of excellent schools [Applebee, 1989].) For these students, teachers may be using worksheets and similar skills-oriented reading materials, instead of using literature as the mainstay of the program.

#### Changes Since 1963 in Titles Required in Public Schools

Table 6 summarizes the titles required by 30 percent or more of the public schools and compares the results in 1988 with those 25 years earlier. (Note that this list is based on Grades 7-12 rather than 9-12, for both 1963 and 1988.) Of the 27 titles that appear in 30 percent or more of the schools, 4 are by Shakespeare, 3 by Steinbeck, and 2 each by Twain and Dickens. Only two women appear on the list--Harper Lee and Anne Frank--, and there are no minority authors.

Compared with the titles that dominated in 1963, the current results reflect both change and stability. One of the largest shifts involves the number of books that are required of at least some classes in 30 percent or more of the schools: this has tripled from 9 in 1963 to 27 in 1988. In other words, rather than being diluted in recent years, the role of the canon seems to have been strengthened. Shakespeare dominated the list in 1963 and contines to do so, although the most popular titles have rearranged themselves somewhat. Romeo and Juliet has displaced Macbeth at the top of the list, a major shift from the earlier years when Romeo and Juliet was reported by only 14 percent of the schools. This shift may be directly related to the popularity of the recent film version of Romeo and Juliet, which has helped to make the play



Table 4
Pattern Correlations Among Titles Required in 5 Percent or More of Public, Catholic, and Independent High Schools, by Track

	Public	Independent	Catholic		
	High Low	High Low	High Low		
Public High Low	.61				
Independent High Low	.75 .28 .49 .59	.40			
Catholic High Low	.85 .34 .73 .73	.79 .40 .52 .62	.62		

 $n\,$  = 189 titles required by at least 5% of the schools in any of the three samples

# Table 5 Most Popular Titles by Track, Grades 9-12

# Title and Percent of Schools

in

# Upper Track

Public Schools (n = 229)		Catholic Schools (n = 76)	;	Independent Schoo (n = 37)	ols
Romeo and Juliet Machath Huckleberry Finn To Kill a Mockingbird Julius Caesar Hamlet Scarlet Letter Great Gatsby Lord of the Flies The Crucible	44% 44 38 35 34 34 31 28 28	Macbeth Scarlet Letter Huckleberry Finn Hamlet Great Gatsby To Kill a Mockingbird Romeo and Juliet The Crucible Oedipus Rex Of Mice and Men Julius Caesar Grapes of Wrath	53% 51 * 49 49 * 47 * 38 38 37 35 * 32 * 32 *	Hamlet Odyssey Macbeth Huckleberry Finn Scarlet Letter Great Gatsby To Kill a Mockingbird Tale of Two Cities Oedipus Rex Romeo and Juliet Grapes of Wrath Heart of Darkness	49% 46 * 40 35 27 27 27 27 27 24 22 * 22 *
(n = 173)		Lower Track (n = 43)		(n = 14)	
Of Mice and Men The Outsiders The Pearl Romeo and Juliet Macbeth The Pigman To Kill a Mockingbird Julius Caesar Call of the Wild Diary of a Young Girl	25% 23 21 17 17 14 13 13 13	Of Mice and Men Julius Caesar The Pearl Macbeth Romeo and Juliet Animal Farm Huckleberry Finn Old Man and the Sea To Kill a Mockingbird Catcher in the Rye The Outsiders	33% 28 * 20 23 23 23 * 21 19 19	The Pearl Of Mice and Men Romeo and Juliet Huckleberry Finn Lord of the Flies Catcher in the Rye Night	64%* 43 21 21 21 21 21 21 *



<sup>\*</sup> Percentage significantly different from public school sample, p < .05.

Table 6
Titles Required in 30 Percent or More of the Schools Public Schools, Grades 7-12

Title	Author	Percent of 1988	Schools 1963
Romeo and Juliet Macbet: Huckleberry Finn To Kill a Mockingbird Julius Caesar Peag: Scarlet Letter Of Mice and Men Lord of the Flies Diary of a Young Girl Hamlet Great Gatsby Call of the Wild Animal Farm Separate Peace Crucible Red Badge of Courage Old Man and the Sea Our Town Great Expectations Tale of Two Cities Oursiders Pigman Death of a Salesman Tom Sawyer Miracle Worke.	Shakespeare Shakespeare Twain Lee Shakespeare Steinbeck Hawthorne Steinbeck Golding Frank Shakespeare Fitzgerald London Orwell Knowles Miller Crane Hemingway Wilder Dickens Dickens Hinton Zindel Miller Twain Gibson	81 78 74 71 64 62 60 56	14 *** 27 37 15 ** ** * * * * * * * * * * * * * * *
Red Pony	Steinbeck	31	5 *

n (1988) = 322 schools n (1963) = 222 schools



<sup>\*</sup> Percentage significantly different from 1988 sample, p < .05.

accessible to many students who otherwise might have rejected it. Many of the other changes seem to reflect the schools' attempts to introduce contemporary literature, though many of these "contemporary" titles are now 40 or more years old.

In all cf the shifts, <u>Silas Marner</u> is the only title which has shown a major drop in popularity. This book, which was third in rank in 1963 (cited by 76 percent of the schools), was reported by only 15 percent in 1988. In this case the shift seems directly related to the role that <u>Silas Marner</u> played in discussions of the literature curriculum during the 1960s. Squire and Applebee's (1968) report is typical, in noting "the virtually unanimous recommendations that <u>Silas Marner</u> be dropped in favor of better literature" (p. 101).

# Changes since 1963 in Titles Required in Catholic Schools

Table 7 presents comparable data for Catholic schools, Grades 9-12. As in the public school sample, one of the most striking findings is the increase in the number of titles that are required in 30 percent or more of the schools; this more than doubled from 11 in 1963 to 27 in 1988. Again, Silas Marner is the only title popular in 1963 (appearing in 60 percent of the schools) to have virtually disappeared in 1988 (appearing in 8 percent). Several other titles have dropped 15 percentage points or more, however, though they still appear in 30 percent or more of the Catholic schools: Merchant of Venice dropped from 80 to 30 percent, Macbeth from 96 to 70 percent, Julius Caesar from 83 to 54 percent, and The Red Badge of Courage from 51 to 33 percent. The changes in Shakespeare simply reflect a rearrangement of the most popular works, with Romeo and Juliet jumping from 11 percent in 1963 to 63 percent in 1988. Changes in the proportion of schools requiring Merchant of Venice may reflect concerns with the stereotyping of Jews reflect 1 in the depiction of Shylock, making some teachers reluctant to continue to teach the play.

Of the 27 titles required in 30 percent or more of the Catholic schools, 3 are by women authors (Harper Lee, Emily Bronte, and Jane Austen), and none are by members of minority groups. Of the 11 comparable titles in 1963, 2 were by women: Jane Austen and George Eliot. Again, there is no evidence of a broadening of the canon to represent a wider spectrum of authors.

# Changes since 1963 in Titles Required in Independent Schools

Table 8 summarizes the titles required in 1988 in 30 percent or more of the independent schools (Grades 9-12) and compares them with the percentages required in 1963. The pattern here is noticeably different than in the public and Catholic high schools: there are actually fewer titles required in 30 percent or more of the schools in 1988 (12) than in 1963 (14). Again, however, Silas Marner is the only title to have dropped precipitously in popularity, falling from 41 percent in 1963 to 10 percent in 1988. Other titles to drop by 15 percentage points or more include Macbeth (from 89 to 74), Hamlet (from 56 to 51), Julius Caesar (from 70 to 42), and Merchant of Venice (from 36 to 17). At the same time, Romeo and Juliet gained in popularity, as did Huckleberry Finn, Lord of the Flies, and Of Mice and Men.



Table 7
Titles Required in 30 Percent or More of the Schools
Catholic Schools, Grades 9-12

		Percent of 1988	Schools 1963
Huckleberry Finn Scarlet Letter Macbeth To Kill a Mockingbird Great Gatsby Romeo and Juliet Hamlet Of Mice and Men Julius Caesar Lord of the Flies Separate Peace Catcher in the Rye Crucible Tale of Two Cities Animal Farm Grapes of Wrath Great Expectations Wuthering Heights Oedipus Rex Pride and Prejudice Old Man and the Sea Red Badge of Courage Antigone Odyssey Merchant of Venice Pearl	Twain Hawthorne Shakespeare Lee Fitzgerald Shakespeare Steinbeck Shakespeare Golding Knowles Salinger Miller Dickens Orwell Steinbeck Dickens Bronte Sophocles Austen Hemingway Crane Sophocles Homer Shakespeare Steinbeck	76 70 70 67 64 63 60 56 54 52 47 43 42 41 40 39 38 37 36 33 33 31 31	1963 29 * * * 20 * * * 20 * * * * * * * * * * *
Glass Menagerie	Williams	30	<5 *

n (1988) = 80 schools n (1963) = 223 schools



<sup>\*</sup> Percentage significantly different from 1988 sample, p < .05.

Table 8
Titles Required in 30 Percent or More of the Schools
Independent Schools, Grades 9-12

	Per	cent of 1988	Schools 1963
Macbeth	Shakespeare	74	89 *
Romeo and Juliet	Shakespeare	66	34 *
Huckleberry Finn	Twain	56	34 *
Scarlet Letter	Hawthorne	52	50
Hamlet	Shakespeare	51	66 *
Great Gatsby	Fitzgerald	49	17 *
To Kill a Mockingbird	Lee	47	7 *
Julius Caesar	Shakespeare	42	70 🛰
Odyssey	Homer	39	31
Lord of the Flies	Golding	34	13 *
Of Mice and Men	Steinbeck	33	<5 *
Our Town	Wilder	30	26

n (1988) = 86 schools n (1963) = 192 schools



<sup>\*</sup> Percentage significantly different from 1988 sample, p < .05.

Of the 12 titles required in 30 percent or more of the independent schools, only one was by a woman (Harper Lee), and none were by members of minority groups. The comparable list of titles in 1963 also included one female author (George Eliot).

Differentiation of Curricula for Schools Serving Communities of Different Types

To investigate differences in offerings in different communities, we compared the required authors in schools in urban centers (over 100,000 population), in schools with minority populations equaling 25 percent or more of the student body, and in schools with minority populations equaling 50 percent or more of the student body.

Table 9 summarizes the results from these comparisons. Shakespeare, Steinbeck, Dickens, and Twain remain the most frequently required authors in schools with higher proportions of minority students, though the particular percentages fluctuate somewhat from sample to sample. Some interesting details do begin to emerge, however, when we examine where in the rankings minority authors begin to appear. In the public school samples, the highest ranked minority authors were Lorraine Hansberry and Richard Wright, who ranked 42nd and 53rd, respectively. In the urban schools, which tend to have somewhat larger concentrations of minority students, these remain the most popular minority authors, though they move up to ranks 25 and 37. In schools with 25 percent or more minority students, they rank 25th and 28th; in schools with 50 percent or more minority students, they rank 14th and 17th. No other minority authors make it into the top 50 in any of these lists.

The snifting ranks for Wright and Hansberry suggest that teachers are making some changes in their curriculum in response to the perceived backgrounds and interests of their students. The changes are slow, however, and seem to be limited to the margins of the established canon; they certainly do not reflect any wholesale rethinking of the appropriateness of the texts that are required.

The rankings of female authors show less consistent fluctuations. In the complete public school sample, there are 11 women among the 50 most popular authors. For the special samples being considered here, the number of women in the top 50 was 8 for the urban schools, 7 for the schools with at least 25 percent minority students, and 9 for those with 50 percent or more minority students.

# Discussion

The results from this survey have a number of uses, and, like most studies, raise a variety of issues for further consideration.

At a most direct level, the lists themselves provide a resource for departments and districts in the process of reassessing their own curriculum in literature. In examining these lists, departments may find confirmation of some of their own choices of texts to teach, as well as of their decisions about the distribution of titles across grade levels and tracks. Departments may also find that the lists contain some new options—texts that they had not thought about using but that other schools have found to be appropriate at some point in the high school curriculum. To further this end, all titles mentioned by any of the departments surveyed are included in the appendices to this report.



<sub>16</sub> 20

Table 9
Cumulative Percent of Authors Required, by School Context
Public Schools Grades 7-12

		25% Minori (n = 62 scho		50% Minori (n = 32 scho	
Shakespeare	410	Shakespeare	383	Shakespeare	405
Steinbeck	161	Steinbeck	186	Steinbeck	180
Dickens	130	Twain	129	Twain	145
Twain	114	Dickens	128 77	Dickens	140 100
Miller	94	Lee	77	Sophocles Miller	90
Lee	80 65	Miller Hawthorne	67	Hinton	85
Sophocles	61		65	Lee	70
Fitzgerald	61	Sophocles	62	Stevenson	70 70
Hawthorne	59	Hemingway	56	Frank	65
Hemingway	56	Hinton Orwell	53	Golding	60
Williams	53	_	50	Orwell	60
Orwell Hinton	53 51	Crane Wilder	50	Hemingway	60
Golding	48	Frank	48	Wright	55
Frank	48	Golding	46	Crane	55
London	47	Richter	1.1	Hawthorne	50
Knowles	46	Williams	44	Hansberry	50
Wilder	46	London	43	Fitzgerald	50
Homer	37	Fitzgerald	38	Tolkien	45
Salinger	35	Zindel	38	Williams	45
Zindel	33	Conrad	37	Zindel	45
Gibson	32	Stevenson	37	Bradbury	40
Richter	30	Homer	35	Conrad	40
Conrad	30	Knowles	35	London	40
Hansberry	30	Wright	33	Wilder	40
Forbes	29	Gibson	32	Austen	35
Shaw	27	Hardy	32	Hardy	35
Paton	26	Hansberry	31	Gibson	35
Huxley	26	Bradbury	31	Richter	35
Hardy	26	Hunt	30	Salinger	35
Austen	26	Eliot	29	Peck	30
Chaucer	26	Bronte	29	Homer	30
Bradbury	25	Schaefer	28	Doyle	30
Armstrong	24	Austen	27	Huxley	25
Joyce	24	Salinger	26	Knowles	25
Bronte	22	Tolkien	24	Chaucer	25
Wright	22	Peck	24	Barrett	25
Remarque	22	Taylor	24	Swift	25
Tolkien	21	Shaw	24	Bronte	25
O'Neill	20	Rawls	22	Eliot	25

Cumulative percents total more than  $100\ \text{in}$  some cases because of authors with more than  $1\ \text{popular}$  book.



At one step removed from the lists as a resource, teachers and their departments can use them as a fruitful starting point for examining their assumptions about the nature and extent of the literature curriculum. For example, the canon of texts as it emerges here shows little recognition of the works of women or of minority authors. In all the settings which we examined, the lists of most frequently required books and authors were dominated by white males, with little change in overall balance from similar lists 25 or 80 years ago. findings lead to fundamental questions about the nature of the literary heritage for which schools claim responsibility. Is it appropriate for this heritage to remain stable and limited, providing a restricted reference point for students from diverse backgrounds? appropriate to broaden the canon to provide a richer sampling from the variety of different literary and cultural traditions that make up the Agerican populace? How, if the canon is so narrow, will young women and students from minority cultures develop a sense of their own Such questions clearly have no easy answers, but teachers and place within that culture? departments provide operational answers every time they choose another book to teach.

A second set of questions that these lists may help departments to address concerns the structure and sequence of the curriculum as a whole. One of the striking features of the detailed results presented in appendices 2 through 7 is that virtually every title that is taught with any frequency is taught in one or another school at each of the senior high school grades. (On the other hand, fewer than 1 percent of the schools that mentioned a specific title taught it at more than one grade within the same school.) Clearly, there is no best grade during which a book should be taught. Thus, each school can rethink its own choices, based on its own student population and its own instructional goals. In practice, there are a wide variety of factors shaping when a particular selection is taught, including the constraints of its placement within an anthology series, the importance of a title in a particular tradition, and the individual preferences of teachers assigned a particular grade level. But the fact that in the nation at large titles are assigned with considerable flexibility offers teachers and departments the opportunity to reassess their own decisions about what to teach when. Why is a particular title How does that placement interact with other features of the taught at the level it is? curriculum? Placed where it is, what kinds of activities can the text reasonably support? If it were moved to a different grade level, what advantages and disadvantages might there be?

Another set of issues raised by these results concerns the effectiveness of various recent efforts to reform the curriculum in literature. Since at least the 1960s, leaders in the profession of English teaching have tried to broaden the curriculum to include more selections by women and by minority authors. These reform efforts have relied on essentially two interrelated strategies: 1) consciousness raising, through articles and conference sessions highlighting the problem and its effects; and 2) resource development, including a long list of bibliographies of alternative works and a variety of suggestions about how they might best be taught. Yet the results of the present study suggest that 20 years of these strategies have been ineffective. The factors that shape the curriculum have been too strong to be offset by the conscious-raising and resource development activities that have taken place so far. New strategies are obviously needed, perhaps strategies that focus on asking teachers to read and discuss specific titles during preservice coursework, inservice workshops, and department discussion groups, so that teachers can gain the familiarity with alternative texts that they now have with the texts that dominate the lists. Such direct experiences with new books might in turn lead teachers to find their own ways to introduce these texts into their classes.



22

The picture that is presented here is incomplete along a number of significant dimensions. It is important to remember that this survey, and the lists that result, only asked aboutbook-length works, not about the many anthologized selections of short stories, poems, and essays that complement the individual book-length titles. The distribution of favorite authors, of works by women, and of minority literature might look somewhat different if the full range of selections were examined. Other studies from the Literature Center will clarify this larger picture.

The second point to remember is that the lists reflect titles required of all students in any class within a school, not of all students who take English. Thus the curriculum experienced by any given student is likely to look different from that implied in these lists; for most, it is likely to be considerably narrower. On the other hand, the lists do not include the books that students read independently, either for school or on their own. In that sense, the literary experience of American school children is likely to be considerably broader than these lists imply, at least for some children.

What the lists do reflect is the state of the high school canon—the titles and authors that for whatever reasons are most likely to find their way into the required curriculum. They thus reflect what we explictly value as the foundation of students' literary experience. With these lists in front of us, we have a more solid place to ground our current debates about what should be taught to whom, and why. Those debates will not be easily or quickly resolved. They involve fundamental questions about the nature of the literary and cultural experiences that students should share, as well as the degree of differentiation that is necessary if all students are to be able to claim a place and an identity within the works that they read. The debates also involve fundamental pedagogical questions about the most effective means to help all students develop an appreciation for and competence in the reading of literature.

With these lists before us, it is time for such debates to begin.



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# **Appendices**

- 1. Procedures
- 2. Titles Taught in 5 Percent or more of Public Schools, by Grade and Track, Grades 7-12
- 3. Titles Taught in 5 Percent or more of Catholic Schools, by Grade and Track, Grades 9-
- 4. Titles Taught in 5 Percent or more of Independent Schools, by Grade and Track, Grades 9-12
- 5. Titles Taught in Less Than 5 Percent of Public Schools, Grades 7-12
- 6. Titles Taught in Less Than 5 Percent of Catholic Schools, Grades 9-12
- 7. Titles Taught in Less Than 5 Percent of Independent Schools, Grades 9-12
- 8. The Survey Instrument



# Appendix I

#### **Procedures**

#### Instrumentation

The survey instrument used by Anderson (1964) was addressed to department heads and consisted of a request which list "for each grade in your school the major works of literature which all students in any English class study." Additional examples were given of works to be listed (novels, full-length plays, book-length poems, complete volumes of essays by a single author, complete volumes of short stories by a single author, and full-length biographies and autobiographies), as well as of works not to be listed (anthologies, selections from longer works, abridgments of longer works, retellings of original works, one-act plays, poems of less than book length, single essays, single short stories, anything less than a complete book). For each grade level, spase was then provided for listing each work, including author, title, and number of classes studying the work. The survey also asked for the total number of English classes and total number of students taking English at each grade.

For the present survey, we used the same instructions and requested the same information in the same format. In addition, we asked for information on the assignment of works to tracks (specified as advanced, average, lower, or mixed groups), and on the number of students and classes reading each work in each track. A final section was added at the end of the same instructions are designed to the same instructions and requested the same instructions and reque

# Sample Selection

Four samples of schools were constructed with the help of Market Data Retrieval, Inc., to parallel the samples in the Anderson (1964) study: 1) public schools, Grades 7-12; 2) independent schools, Grades 9-12; 3) Catholic schools, Grades 9-12; and 4) urban public schools, Grades 7-12, from communities of 100,000 or more.

To keep the samples parallel with those drawn by Anderson, the Catholic and independent school camples were selected by choosing every nth school from the universe of schools containing at least grades 9 through 12. The public school samples, on the other hand, were drawn from two universes of schools: those containing Grade 12 and those containing Grade 8. Anderson also drew separate junior and senior high school samples, pairing them to achieve complete 7 to 12 units. In the present study, schools were not paired, but estimates of the total number of schools requiring a given title at any grade were adjusted for variations in the number of schools represented at each grade level. (Anderson originally used paired schools because of concerns about titles that might be required at more than one grade level; this in fact turned out to be a non-issue, with less than 1 percent of the schools reporting any titles required at different grades within the same school. Similar within-school results were found in the present sur ey.) Again following Anderson's procedures, in each case every nth school was chosen from the appropriate list of the total population of schools, with n chosen to yield the target sample size. Duplicates (arising from overlaps among the populations sampled) were eliminated with replacement during the sampling process.



To parallel procedures used by Anderson (1964), information from the urban sample was combined with that from urban schools in the regular public school sample to provide more accurate estimates of the titles required in urban communities.

Information obtained on each school in the sample included school size, type of community, region of the nation, and average per pupil expenditures on instructional materials. We also obtained the name of the current department chair, so that the surveys could be addressed to the department chair by name.

# Conducting the Survey

To obtain as high a response rate as possible, the survey wonducted in several stages. An initial mailing in March 1988 to all schools was followed at our-week intervals with two follow-up mailings to nonrespondents. Because response rates in the original Anderson (1964) survey were low, a random sample from the public school sample was also selected for more intensive follow up. For this sample, those who had not responded after the second mailing were contacted by telephone to inquire about reasons for nonresponse, and to ask again for cooperation in completing the survey. Responses from this subsample were thus available to determine the extent to which nonresponses were biasing the overall results.

## Response Rates

Appendix Table 1 summarizes the number of respondents and response rates for the various populations. Overall, the response rate was 21.2 percent, distributed evenly across the various main samples. The response rate for the intensive follow up sample of 65 schools, however, was 75.4 percent. Breakdowns by type of community and region (also summarized in Appendix Table 1) indicate that schools in urban centers were somewhat less likely to respond than were those from suburban or rural areas, and that those from the Southeast and West were less likely to respond than those from the Northeast and Central regions. These patterns of response parallel those in the Anderson (1>64) study, although overall response rates are lower (for public schools, 21.6 percent compared with 30 percent in Anderson's study).

Appendix Table 2 summarizes other comparisons between the responding and nonresponding schools in the main samples. For school size, there were no significant differences between those that responded and those that did not, though there were large differences between the size of schools in the four samples; predictably, the urban schools were larger than those in the other samples, and the independent schools were smaller. For per pupil expenditures on instructional materials (available only for the public school samples), there were again no significant differences between responding and nonresponding schools, though (again predictably) the urban schools had significantly lower per pupil expenditures on instructional materials than did the separate sample of public schools.



# Appendix Table 1 Response Rates by Sample

Sample	Sample Size	Schools Res Number	sponding Percent
Samp re			
Public Schools Urban Schools Independent Schools Catholic Schools	1491 285 400 390	322 55 86 80	21.6 19.3 21.5 20.5
	(Chi-squ	are = 0.90, n:	s)
	•	-	•
Intensive Follow Up Sample	65	49	75.4
Type of Community			
Suburban	707	157	22.2
Urban	952	178	18.7
Small town/rural	904	208	23.0
Region	(Chi-squ	are = 5.81, p	< .05)
Novikhorsk	631	130	20.6
Northeast	480	85	17.7
Southeast Central	780 780	202	25.9
West	620	126	18.7
11000		are = 16.64,	



# Appendix Table 2 Characteristics of Responding and Nonresponding Schools

	Respondents	Nonrespondents	
Average School Size			
Public schools Urban schools Independent schools Catholic schools	809 859 239 527	762 864 227 532	
Average Per Pupil Expend	liture on Inst	tructional Materials	(\$)
Public schools Urban schools	64 60	64 62	
ANOVAS df	F	p	
School Size Type of School 3 Response (yes/no) 1 Interaction 3 Error 2566	149.24 1.42 0.31	.001 ns ns	
Expenditure Type of School 1 Response (yes/no) 1 Interaction 1 Error 1671	5.41 0.11 0.70	.020 ns ns	



# Intensive Follow-up Sample

From the original public school sample of 1491 public schools, 65 were chosen for intensive follow up to allow us to estimate the bias introduced by the low response rates that occurred both in the original Anderson (1964) study and in the replication. Fifteen of these schools (23.1 percent) responded to the initial round of the survey; telephone calls to the remaining 50 schools suggested a number of factors that influenced the response rate. These included district policies that required all research activities to be previously screened by the district office; the press of other activities, particularly late in the school year; and an uneasiness that the study might be part of an attempt by William Bennett, then Secretary of Education, to der lop and impose a national curriculum of "classic" texts. (The latter concern was apparently fostered by our cover letter, which pointed out that the Literature Center was sponsored by the Department of Education.) The one substantive problem raised by respondents in the follow-up study related to the availability of the information requested: some departments did not have comprehensive lists, by track, of the materials that students were being asked to read, and did not have time to compile them for us.

As a check on the bias introduced by the nonrespondents, results from the intensive follow-up sample were separately compiled. This allowed us to look separately at the titles required in the 288 public schools that responded to the initial surveys, and the 34 schools (Grades 9-12) that responded only after the telephone follow up. (The overall response rate for the intensive follow up sample was 75.4 percent, representing 15 schools that responded initially and an additional 34 schools that responded after the follow up telephone calls.) To estimate the extent of bias introduced by the low response rates, we calculated a Pearson correlation between the percent of schools requiring each of the 194 titles required by 5 percent or more of the schools in either sample. The overall r was .94, reflecting a high degree of similarity in responses in the two samples. Correlations by grade level were also high: .86 for grade 9, .90 grade for 10, .92 for grade 11, and .87 for grade 12.

Approaching the problem in a different way, z-scores were used to compare the number of schools requiring each title as estimated from the two samples (the main sample, with a response rate of 21.6 percent, and the intensively followed-up sample, with a response rate of 75.4 percent). For the titles required in 30 percent or more of the schools, there were no significant differences in the proportion of schools requiring that the title be taught (p < .05); of those required in 10 percent or more, only 1 differed significantly (Billy Budd, which was required in 14 percent of the main sample and 33 percent of the follow up sample). As will be apparent in examining the results of the study, the stability in results in the intensive follow up study foreshadows considerable stability across independent samples in the study as a whole.

Although the response rate for the main samples in this study was not ideal, these comparisons lead us to believe that the bias introduced by the nonrespondents is relatively small. Because there were few differences in the proportion of schools requiring each title in the main sample (with a response rate of 21.6 percent) and the intensive follow up sample (with a response rate of 75.4 percent), results from the two samples were pooled for the remainder of the analyses discussed in this report.



#### Treatment of Data

In order to develop an accurate picture of the titles that were required in various samples for different groups of students, all of the responses had to be carefully checked and verified before being entered into a comprehensive computer database. Inaccuracies in titles and authors were common and had to be resolved using Books in Print and library catalog listings in order to insure that slight variations in wording or spelling did not lead to the same title being treated as different during the analysis. For each school, every title and author cited was separately entered for each grade level, together with information on the number of students and classes for whom the title was required. To provide rankings that were as informative as possible, different editions or versions of the same work were combined rather Thus references to Oedipus, Oedipus Rex, and Oedipus the King than treated separately. were combined as Oedipus Rex. Similarly, Anne Frank was widely taught both in the original Diary of a Young Girl and in Goodrich's play based on the book, The Diary of Anne Frank; in estimating the popularity of this title, the two versions vere combined. If alternate editions had not been combined in this way, the popularity of several relatively widespread titles would have been underestimated.

Using the computer database, lists were compiled summarizing the relative popularity of the titles and authors reported by the schools. For lists of titles, these are expressed as percentages of schools requiring that at least some students read the titles. For authors, they are expressed as the cumulative percentage of schools requiring each title; in this case, a popular author (e.g., Shakespeare) may total more than 100 percent. In both cases, when a particular title is repeated at a second grade level within the same school, it is included in the grade level totals but is included only once in the overall total. Thus the totals given for "all schools" is sometimes less than the sum of the percentages at each grade level.

For overall comparisons across offerings in different samples, Pearson product-moment correlations were computed between the percentages for each title or author in these summary listings. To compare the prevalence of particular titles in different lists, z-scores were calculated, including a correction for continuity. When frequencies were very low in any of the samples being compared, Fisher's Exact Test was used instead.



# Appendix 2

# Titles Taught in 5 Percent or More of Public Schools, by Grade and Track, Grades 7-12

Title	Author	All	7	8	9	10	11	12	TOP	MID	LOW	міх
1984	ORWELL	28	1	0	2	1	6	19	15	11	3	8
ACROSS FIVE APRILS	HUNT	18	4	11	0	2	0	0	7	8	1	5
ALAS, BABYLON	FRANK	7	0	0	1	3	2	1	1	4	1	2
ALL QUIET ON THE WESTERN FRONT		15	0	0	1	5	1	9	8	7	5	4
AND THEN THERE WERE NONE	CHRISTIE	12	4	2	3	0	0	2	4	4	4	2
ANIMAL FARM	ORWELL	51	3	6	14	9	4	17	19	22	9	19
ANTIGONE	SOPHOCLES	28	0	1	5	5	1	17	18	9	2	4
APRIL MORNING	FAST	12	2	3	1	3	3	0	3	3	4	4
AS I LAY DYING	FAULKNER	8	0	0	0	0	4	4	7	2	1	1
BEOWULF	UNKNOWN	12	0	1	0	0	1	10	8	4	4	5
BEYOND THE HORIZON	HENERY	5	0	0	0	0	4	1	1	2	1	2
BILLY BUDD	MELVILLE	14	0	0	0	2	8	3	8	2	1	3
BLACK BOY	WRIGHT	7	0	0	0	2	5	0	4	3	2	1
BLESS THE BEASTS AND CHILDREN	SWARTHOUT	11	1	1	3	4	2	0	2	4	3	6
BRAVE NEW WORLD	HUXLEY	19	0	0	0	0	2	16	9	10	1	5
BRIDGE OF SAN LUIS REY	WILDER	6	0	1	0	3	2	0	3	1	1	1
CALL OF THE WILD	LONDON	_	22	14	10	1	4	2	15	21	13	12
CANTERBURY TALES	CHAUCER	12	0	0	0	1	1	10	8	ب 5	1	2
CATCHER IN THE RYE	SALINGER	26	0	0	0	8	10	8	15	10	8	7
CAY	TAYLOR	7	6	1	0	0	0	0	1	3	4	3
CHOCOLATE WAR	CORMIER	11	0	1	3	2	2	3	3	6	4	2
CHRISTMAS CAROL	DICKENS		15	2	2	0	0	0	5	8	6	6
CONTENDER	LIPSYTE	10	1	2	3	3	2	0	1	4	6	3
CRIME AND PUNISHMENT	DOSTOYEVSKY	8	0	0	0	0	0	8	6	0	1	1
CRUCIBLE	MILLER	47	1	2	0	-	36	3	28	18	5	14
CRY, THE BELOVED COUNTRY	PATON	8	0	0	0	2	1	6	6	3	1	1
CYRANO DE BERGERAC	ROSTAND	9	0	0	0	5	0	4	5	3	1	3
DANDELION WINE	BRADBURY	5	0	0	0	4	0	0	2	1	1	2
DAY NO PIGS WOULD DIE	PECK	22	6	8	4	2	0	0	6	8	•	8
DEATH BE NOT PROUD	GUNTHER	10	1	1	2	3	2	2	4	4	10 3	2
DEA OF A SALESMAN	MILLER	36	0	0	0	5	21	10	20	15	5	12
DEATHWATCH	WHITE	6	1	1	1	1	1	2	0	1	2	5
DIARY OF A YOUNG GIRL	FRANK	56	-	34	9	8	1	1	20	22	12	25
DOLL'S HOUSE	IBSEN	12	0	0	0	1	1	10	8	3	1	2
DR. JEKYLL AND MR. HYDE	STEVENSON	5	-	1	0	•	1	2	2	1	1	_
ETHAN FROME	WHARTON	17		0	1		12	2	10	8		3
FAHRENHEIT 451	BRADBURY	20	1	3	5	4	3	5	10	8	2	5 5
FAREWELL TO ARMS	HEMINGWAY	12	0	0	0		7	5	7	4	2	4
FLOWERS FOR ALGERNON	KEYES	18	1	2	2	0 6	2	4	6		6	
GLASS MENAGERIE	WILLIAMS		0	0	2			-		6		6
GOOD EARTH	BUCK	24	_	-			15 4	3	12	8	4	12
GRAPES OF WRATH	STEINBECK	15 28	1	1	3 0	5	21	2	9	4	3	2
GREAT EXPECTATIONS	DICKENS	44	1	2	-		21	_	15	9	2	8
GREAT GATSBY		54		0	32 1	4		3	25	16	4	13
GULLIVER'S TRAVELS	FITZGERALD SWIFT		0	-	•		39		31	24	2	14
		10	0	0	0	1	0	9	7	2	1	2
HAMLET	SHAKESPEARE	56	0	1	0	2	y	45	34	15	5	17



32

Title	Author	All	7	8	9	10	11	12	TOP	MID	LOW	MIX
HEART OF DARKNESS	CONRAD	13	0	0	0	0	0	13	7	3	0	3
HIROSHIMA	HERSEY	7	0	0	3	2	2	0	3	2	3	3
HOBBIT	TOLKIEN	16	3	4	4	2	2	3	5	6	4	6
HOUND OF THE BASKERVILLES	DOYLE	18	2	7	6	0	0	2	7	8	3	3
HUCKLEBERRY FINN	TWAIN	78	4	4	5	14	43	9	38	36	10	30
HUMAN COMEDY	SAROYAN	6	0	2	4	0	0	0	3	3	3	3
I AM THE CHEESE	CORMIER	8	0	2	2	3	0	1	2	3	4	1
I HEARD THE OWL CALL MY NAME	CRAVEN	6	0	0	2	2	0	2	2	2	3	3
ILIAD	HOMER	5	0	0	2	0	0	3	3	1	2	3
IMPORTANCE OF BEING EARNEST	WILDE	6	0	0	0	0	0	5	3	1	1	2
INCREDIBLE JOURNEY	BURNFORD	7	6	1	0	0	0	0	0	3	4	1
INFERNO	DANTE	5	0	0	0	0	0	4	4	0	0	1
INHERIT THE WIND	LAWRENCE	10	0	0	2	3	5	0	5	6	1	3
JANE EYRE	BRONTE	16	1	1	2	4	3	8	9	6	0	3
JOHNNY TREMAIN	FORBES	21	8	10	1	0	1	0	7	6	6	7
JULIUS CAESAR	SHAKESPEARE	71	0	1	5	64	2	0	34	36	13	32
JUNGLE	SINCLAIR	6	0	0	0	1	5	0	4	1	0	2
KING LEAR	SHAKESPEARE	11	0	0	0	2	2	8	6	2	0	3
LIGHT IN THE FOREST	RICHTER	24	5	11	5	2	2	0	7	9	8	8
LILIES OF THE FIELD	BARRETT	6	1	2	2	0	0	0	2	2	3	1
LORD OF THE FLIES	GOLDING	56	1	1	8	23	5	19	28	25	8	19
MACBETH	SHAKESPEARE	81	0	0	2	7	16	56	44	40	17	27
MARTIAN CHRONICLES	BRADBURY	6	0	0	2	2	1	0	1	2	2	2
MEDEA	EURIPIDES	10	0	0	1	6	0	4	5	3	1	3
MERCHANT OF VENICE	SHAKESPEARE	10	0	1	2	2	2	3	6	1	1	3
MIDSUMMER NIGHT'S DREAM	SHAKESPEARE	18	1	4	4	2	1	6	11	6	1	2
MIRACLE WORKER	GIBSON	32	5	3	18	3	3	0	10	15	8	12
MOBY DICK	MELVILLE	8	0	0	0	1	6	2	4	2	1	2
MURDER IN THE CATHEDRAL	ELIOT	5	0	0	0	0	0	5	4	0	0	0
MY ANTONIA	CATHER	11	0	2	2	2	4	0	5	2	2	6
MYTHOLOGY	HAMILTON	18	1	2	4	4	0	6	9	2	0	8
NATIVE SON	WRIGHT	8	1	0	0	1	4	3	4	2	1	6
NIGHT	WIESEL	6	0	1	1	2	2	2	2	3	1	3
NO PROMISES IN THE WIND	HUNT ,	7	1	5	0	2	0	9	4	5	3	0
ODYSSEY	HOMER	29	1	2	14	5	2	6	18	7	3	9
OEDIPUS REX	SOPHOCLES	21	0	1			0		14	4	2	6
OF MICE AND MEN	STEINBECK	60	0	_	11				19	27	25	26
OLD MAN AND THE SEA	HEMINGWAY	46		4	_	10		3	19	16	10	20
OLD YELLER	GIPSON	9	8	1	0	-	0	0	0	4	5	2
ONE DAY IN THE LIFE OF IVAN	SOLZHENITSYN	7	0	0	0	0	0	6	4	1	0	3
ONE FLEW OVER THE CUCKOO'S  NEST	KESEY	7	0	0	0	2	2	4	3	3	2	3
ORDINARY PEOPLE	GUEST	6	0	n	1	o	2	3	2	2	2	1
OTHELLO	SHAKESPEARE	20		0			5		14	4	1	3
OUR TOWN	WILDER	44	0	1	_	10	-	2	18	22	10	19
OUTSIDERS	HINTON	39	-	-	8	5	1	1	7	14	23	10
OX-BOW INCIDENT	CLARK	6	0	1	2	2	2	0	2	1	2	2
PEARL	STEINBECK	64	8		16		2	0	23	31	21	26
PIGMAN	ZINDEL	38		12		4	3	0	8	16	14	13
PORTRAIT OF THE ARTIST AS A YOUNG MAN	JOYCE	8	0		0	0	0	7	6	0	1	1
PRIDE AND PREJUDICE	AUSTEN	10	0	1	0	0	2	6	6	4	1	2



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Title	Author	All	7	8	9	10	11	12	TOP	MID	LOW	MIX
PRINCE AND THE PAUPER	TWAIN	12	1	9	1	0	0	0	6	5	1	3
PYGMALION	SHAW	21	0	1	0	2		18	12	10	4	6
RAISIN IN THE SUN	HANSBERRY	19	0	2	3	7	4	2	7	8	8	6
RED BADGE OF COURAGE	CRANE	47	1	1	3	6	32	5	22	20	9	14
RED PONY	STEINBECK	31	15	8	4	2	2	0	7	12	10	8
RETURN OF THE NATIVE	HARDY	10	0	0	0	0	0	9	7	2	0	1
ROLL OF THUNDER, HEAR MY CRY	TAYLOR	9	4	5	0	0	0	õ	3	3	1	3
ROMEO AND JULIET	SHAKESPEARE	90	1	6	76	6	1	1	44	42	17	39
RUMBLE FISH	HINTON	6	1	1	2	1	1	0	1	1	5	2
SCARLET LETTER	HAWTHORNE	62	0	0	0	8	52	3	34	23	5	21
SEPARATE PEACE	KNOWLES	48	0	3	7	19	12	8	21	20	6	12
SHANE	SCHAEFER	28	7	9	4	7	0	1	Ł	8	11	15
SHORT STORIES OF EDGAR ALLAN	POE	10	1	2	1	2	3	1	4	5	4	2
POE												
SHORT STORIES OF HAWTHORNE	HAWTHORNE	5	0	1	1	2	2	0	2	2	2	2
SILAS MARNER	ELIOT	15	0	0	2	10	0	3	5	8	1	8
SOUNDER	ARMSTRONG	15	9	2	2	2	0	0	2	4	8	4
STRANGER	CAMUS	11	0	0	Q	0	0	10	7	2	0	2
STREETCAR NAMED DESIRE	WILLIAMS	7	0	0	0	0	4	3	4	4	2	1
SUMMER OF MY GERMAN SOLDIER	GREENE	7	1	4	0	2	0	0	2	1	4	3
TALE OF TWO CITIES	DICKENS	41	1	1	12	10	2	16	24	13	4	12
TAMING OF THE SHREW	SHAKESPEARE	11	1	2	0	1	3	4	7	1	1	3
TESS OF THE D'URBERVILLES	HARDY	11	0	0	0	0	1	10	6	4	9	3
THAT WAS THEN, THIS IS NOW	HINTON	11	1	4	3	2	1	0	1	3	7	3
TIME MACHINE	WELLS	5	1	2	0	2	0	0	2	3	1	1
TO KILL A MOCKINGBIRD	LEE	74	1	4	16	29	21	4	35	30	13	29
TOM SAWYER	TWAIN	32	15	9	4	2	2	0	12	15	9	9
TREASURE ISLAND	STEVENSON	16	9	5	1	0	0	0	4	6	2	4
TWELVE ANGRY MEN	ROSE	13	1	5	2	4	2	0	5	6	5	6
WAITING FOR GODOT	BECKETT	5	0	0	0	0	0	5	3	2	1	1
WATERSHIP DOWN	ADAMS	6	1	1	0	1	0	1	3	1	1	1
WEST SIDE STORY	BERNSTEIN	14	0	2	7	0	2	2	6	7	5	6
WHEN THE LEGENDS DIE	BORLAND	16	0	1	6	6	2	1	6	6	5	8
WHERE THE LILIES BLOOM	CLEAVER	8	6	1	1	0	0	0	2	3	4	2
WHERE THE RED FERN GROWS	RAWLS	21	11	6	3	0	0	0	7	9	8	3
WHITE FANG	LONDON	5	3	1	0	0	0	0	3	2	0	1
WITCH OF BLACKBIRD POND	SPEARE	7	4	2	0	0	0	0	2	3	2	2
WUTHERING HEIGHTS	BRONTE	26	0	1	0	2	5	18	12	9	1	8
YEARLING	RAWLINGS	6	1	2	2	1	0	0	2	2	2	2

Note. Grade level percents do not equal the total for all schools because of rounding and because titles that are required at more than one grade level in a particular school are only counted once in the total.



Appendix 3

Titles Taught in 5 Percent or More of Catholic Schools, by Grade and Track, Grades 9-12

Title	Author	All	9	10	11	12	ТОР	MID	FOM	міх
1984	ORWELL	26	0	5	6	14	16	23	5	6
ALL MY SONS	MILLER	9	0	3	2	4	5	3	0	6
ALL QUIET ON THE WESTERN FRONT	REMARQUE	9	1	1	4	3	4	8	2	0
ALL THE KING'S MEN	WARREN	5	0	3	1	1	5	0	0	0
ANIMAL FARM	ORWELL	40	18	8	11	5	18	30	23	13
ANNA KARENINA	TOLSTOY	7	0	1	0	5	7	3	0	0
ANTHEM	RAND	5	0	4	1	0	1	4	2	3
ANT I GONE	SOPHOCLES	31	8	4	1	18	25	20	12	10
BELL JAR	PLATH	5	0	1	0	4	1	3	0	3
BEOWULF	UNKNOWN	9	2	1	2	3	7	3	0	6
SILLY BUDD	MELVILLE	10	0	3	5	4	9	8	0	0
BLACK BOY	WRIGHT	8	0	3	2	3	4	8	2	3
BRAVE NEW WORLD	HUXLEY	22	0	1	9	13	13	18	2	6
CALL OF THE WILD	LONDON	9	8	1	1	0	4	8	9	6
CAND IDE	VOLTAIRE	9	0	0	2	8	5	6	2	3
CANTERBURY TALES	CHAUCER	16	0	3	10	5	16	6	7	13
CATCH-22	HELLER	6	0	0	2	4	7	3	0	0
CATCHER IN THE RYE	SALINGER	43	6	18	15	9	29	29	14	29
CHOCOLATE WAR	CORMIER	8	4	0	4	0	5	6	0	3
CHOSEN	POTOK	9	1	6	0	1	9	4	0	0
CONNECTICUT YANKEE IN KING ARTHUR'S COURT	TWAIN	5	1	1	1	3	0	4	2	6
COUNT OF MONTE CRISTO	DUMAS	6	4	1	0	1	5	3	0	0
CRIME AND PUNISHMENT	DOSTOYEVSKY	25	0	0	2	22	22	2	0	6
CRUCIBLE	MILLER	42	0	23	17	3	37	21	9	23
CRY, THE BELOVED COUNTRY	PATON	9	1	0	2	5	4	6	0	6
CRYSTAL CAVE	STEWART	5	0	0	4	1	5	2	0	0
CYRANO DE BERGERAC	ROSTAND	5	0	1	0	4	3	2	0	6
DAVID COPPERFIELD	DICKENS	5	0	0	2	3	4	3	0	0
DEATH BE NOT PROUD	GUNTHER	10	4	4	2	0	7	8	0	3
DEATH OF A SALESMAN	MILLER	29	0	13	7	9	22	17	7	10
DEMIAN	HESSE	5	0	0	2	3	1	3	0	3
DIARY OF A YOUNG GIRL	FRANK	10	8	3	0	1	7	4	2	6
DOCTOR FAUSTUS	MARLOWE	6	0	0	1	5	7	2	0	0
DOLL'S HOUSE	IBSEN	18	0	1	0	17	13	15	0	0
DR. JEKYLL AND MR. HYDE	STEVENSON	5	0	0	2	4	0	6	2	0
DUBLINERS	JOYCE	5	0	0	1	4	5	0	0	0
ENEMY OF THE PEOPLE	IBSEN	6	1	1	1	3	5	2	2	0
ETHAN FROME	WHARTON	16	0	9	7	1	13	8	2	10
FAHRENHEIT 451	BRADBURY	9	4	4	2	0	4	4	7	0
FAREWELL TO ARMS	HEMINGWAY	22	0	4	9	9	16	8	0	10
FELLOWSHIP OF THE RING	TOLKIEN	6	1	0	4	3	4	6	2	0
FLOWERS FOR ALGERNON	KEYES	8	5	3	0	0	4	6	e	6
FRANKENSTEIN	SHELLEY	17	1	0	6	10	10	15	2	3
GLASS MENAGERIE	WILLIAMS	30	0	13	16	3	20	26	7	26
GOOD EARTH	BUCK	6	1	3	2	0	5	3	0	0
GRAPES OF WRATH	STEINBECK	39	1	13	18	7	32	18	0	16



Title	Author	All	9	10	11	12	TOP	MID	LOH	FEX
GREAT EXPECTATIONS	DICKENS	38	18	4	10	8	28	27	9	6
GREAT GATSBY	FITZGERALD	64	_		32	13	47		12	39
GULLIVER'S TRAVELS	SWIFT	15	0	0	6	9	13	12	5	0
HAMLET	SHAKESPEARE	60	1	0	11	50	49	30	7	26
HARD TIMES	DICKENS	10	0	1	2	7	7	8	5	0
HEART IS A LONELY HUNTER	MCCULLERS	8	1	3	1	4	5	9	0	e
HEART OF DARKNESS	CONRAD	22	0	1	6	14	18	4	0	3
HEDDA GABLER	IBSEN	8	0	0	2	5	4	9	2	0
HIROSHIMA	HERSEY	8	2	4	1	0	3	4	0	3
HOBBIT	TOLKIEN	15	8	1	5	4	8	14	9	3
HOUND OF THE BASKERVILLES	DOYLE	11	10	1	0	0	4	6	5	10
HUCKLEBERRY FINN	TWAIN	76	10	33	32	4	49	59	21	36
I KNOW WHY THE CAGED BIRD	ANGELOU	9	1	0	4	5	4	4	0	10
SINGS										
I NEVER SANG FOR MY FATHER	ANDERSON	5	9	1	4	0	1	6	2	3
ILIAD	HOMER	6	0	1	1	4	7	2	2	0
IMPORTANCE OF BEING EARNEST	WILDE	9	0	1	5	3	8	6	2	3
INFERNO	DANTE	8	0	0	1	7	8	4	5	0
INHERIT THE WIND	LAWRENCE	8	4	4	0	1	7	6	2	6
JANE EYRE	BRONTE	28	5	10	4	10	26	21	2	3
JULIUS CAESAR	SHAKESPEARE	54	10	38	2	3	32	35	28	45
JUNGLE	SINCLAIR	6	0	1	5	0	5	4	2	0
KING LEAR	SHAKESPEARE	10	0	0	0	12	8	3	0	6
LION, THE WITCH AND THE WARDROBE	LEWIS	5	5	0	0	0	3	6	7	0
LORD JIM	CONRAD	5	0	1	0	4	5	2	0	3
LORD OF THE FLIES	GOLDING	52	10	14	12	16	30	33	7	29
MACBETH	SHAKESPEARE	70	0	8	31	32	53	48	23	42
MADAME BOVARY	FLAUBERT	6	0	0	2	4	5	2	0	3
MAN FOR ALL SEASONS	BOLT	12	0	1	0	10	9	11	2	3
MARTIAN CHRONICLES	BRADBURY	9	2	0	2	5	3	9	0	0
MAYOR OF CASTERBRIDGE	HARDY	9	0	3	2	4	7	_	0	3
MEDEA	EURIPIDES	9	1	5	1	1	5		2	3
MEMBER OF THE WEDDING	MCCULLERS	5	1	3	0	1	3	_	0	3
MERCHANT OF VENICE	SHAKESPEARE	30	22	6	0	3	20	21	5	23
METAMORPHOSIS	KAFKA	8	9	0	2		4		2	0
MIDSUMMER NIGHT'S DREAM	SHAKESPEARE	13	4	3	4	3	9	_	0	13
MIRACLE WORKER	GIBSON		13	0	0	_	4	• •	5	6
MISERABLES	HUGO	5	C	1	2		4	_	0	3
MOBY DICK	MELVILLE	9	0	5	2	_	7	_	0	6
MY ANTONIA	CATHER	14	1	4	6	-	10		0	6
MYTHOLOGY	HAMILTON	12	_	3			9		7	6
NATIVE SON	WRIGHT	10	-		6	-	8		2	3
NIGHT	WIESEL	5	0	1	1	3	4	_	2	6
ODYSSEY	HOMER		13	6	4	8	22		7	13
OEDIPUS REX	SOPHOCLES	42		4	_	33	35		11	6
OF MICE AND MEN	STEINBECK				17		32		33	42
OLD MAN AND THE SEA	HEMINGWAY		15		5	_	16		19	13
OLIVER TWIST	DICKENS	11	6	1	1	3	9	_	0	3
ON THE BEACH	SHUTE	5 14	0		_		14	_	5	3
ONCE AND FUTURE KING	WHITE	16		-	-		16		_	0
ONE DAY IN THE LIFE OF IVAN DENISOVICH	SOLZHENITSYN	10	1	1	2	5	5	6	2	0



Title	Author	All	9	10	11	12	TOP	MID	LOW	міх
ONE FLEW OVER THE CUCKOO'S	KESEY	12	0	1	4	8	4	11	0	3
ORDINARY PEOPLE	GUEST	10	2	0	2	5	5	4	0	10
OTHELLO	SHAKESPEARE	21	6	3	4	14	14	8	0	10
OUR TOWN	WILDER	29	4	13	12	1	18	24	5	13
OUTSIDERS	HINTON	13	11	0	1	0	3	8	14	10
PEARL	STEINBECK	30	19	12	1	0	14	24	26	10
PIGMAN	ZINDEL	9	8	0	1	0	4	4	9	3
PLAGUE	CAMUS	9	0	1	0	8	8	2	0	3
PORTRAIT OF THE ARTIST	JOYCE	17	0	1	1	16	14	4	0	0
POWER AND THE GLORY	GREENE	10	0	0	2	8	5	11	2	0
PRIDE AND PREJUDICE	AUSTEN	33	0	4	12	18	29	20	2	6
PRINCE AND THE PAUPER	TWAIN	6	5	1	0	0	3	6	2	3
PYGHAL ION	SHAW	12	0	0	4	9	8	8	5	3
RAISIN IN THE SUN	HANSBERRY	20	6	6	5	3	10	11	9	13
REBECCA	DU MAURIER	8	0	4	1	3	4	8	2	0
RED BADGE OF COURAGE	CRANE	33	2	17	16	0	28	24	12	13
RED PONY	STEINBECK	8	5	1	1	0	1	3	9	3
RETURN OF THE NATIVE	HARDY	6	0	0	4	3	5	4	0	0
ROMEO AND JULIET	SHAKESPEARE	63	53	5	2	3	38	50	23	42
ROSENCRANTZ AND GUILDENSTERN ARE DEAD	STOPPARD	5	0	0	1	4	4	2	0	0
SCARLET LETTER	HAWTHORNE	70	0	33	35	5	51	42	2	42
SEPARATE PEACE	KNOWLES	47	15	23	4	5	24	36	9	32
SHANE	SCHAEFER	6	2	3	1	1	1	3	9	0
SHORT STORIES OF E.S. POE	POE	5	0	3	2	1	1	6	0	0
SIDDHANTHA	HESSE	12	0	0	1	10	9	6	2	3
SILAS MARNER	ELIOT	8	2	4	0	1	7	4	0	3
SONS AND LOVERS	LAWRENCE	6	0	0	1	5	7	0	0	0
STRANGER	CAMUS	14	0	1	2	10	12	6	0	0
STREETCAR NAMED DESIRE	WILLIAMS	14	0	4	4	8	7	9	2	6
SUMMER OF MY GERMAN SOLDIER	GREENE	5	2	0	1	1	3	3	0	3
SUN ALSO RISES	HEM I NGWAY	15	0	1	10	7	10	3	0	23
TALE OF TWO CITIES	DICKENS	41	1	10	16	14	30	26	7	13
TAMING OF THE SHREW	SHAKESPEARE	9	0	4	1	5	5	6	2	6
TEMPEST	SHAKESPEARE	8	0	0		8	4	2	0	6
TEN LITTLE INDIANS	CHRISTIE	5	1	0	1	3	3	4	0	3
TESS OF THE D'URBERVILLES	HARDY	12		0	4	9	7	8	0	0
TIME MACHINE	WELLS	10	6	0	2	3	4	8	9	0
TO KILL A MOCKINGBIRD	LEE			18	6	4	38	58	19	36
TOM SAWYER	TWAIN	6	4	1	1	0	1	6	0	0
TREE GROWS IN BROOKLYN	SMITH	5		3	0	1	1	6	2	0
TURN OF THE SCREW	JAMES	5	1	3	0	1	4	3	0	0
THELVE ANGRY MEN	ROSE	•	2	3	0	0	4	4	2	3
WAITING FOR GODOT	BECKETT	10	0	0	0	10	9	3	ů -	0
WALDEN	THOREAU	5	0	1	4	0	4	2	0	0
WATERSHIP DOWN	ADAMS	5	1	3	0	!	3	4	0	0
WEST SICE STORY	BERNSTEIN	6	4	1	\$	0	3	2	5	3
WHEN THE LEGENDS DIE	BORLAND	9	4	4	1	0	7	2	2	10
WUTHERING HEIGHTS	BRONTE	37	4	3	14	17	30	23	2	ઠ

Note. Grade level percents do not equal the total for all schools because of rounding and because titles that are-required at more than one grade level in a particular school are only counted once in the total.



Appendix 4

Titles Taught in 5 Percent or More of Independent Schools, by Grade and Track, Grades 9-12

Title	Author	All	9	10	11	12	TOP	MID	FOM	ніх
1984	ORWELL	20	0	6	5	10	11	9	0	18
ALICE IN WONDERLAND	CARROLL	6	2	0	2	4	3	Ó	0	10
ALL MY SONS	MILLER	8	2	2	3	4	3	9	0	8
ALL QUIET ON THE WESTERN FRONT		10	3	3	2	4	11	4	7	5
ANIMAL FARM	ORWELL	22	6	9	2	6	19	16	14	10
ANTIGONE	SOPHOCLES	23	9	4	5	6	16	7	0	18
AS I LAY DYING	FAULKNER	6	Ó	0	3	4	8	G	0	5
BEOWULF	UNKNOWN	20	2	2	8	10	19	9	14	16
BILLY BUDD	MELVILLE	14	2	4	9	2	5	18	0	8
BLACK BOY	WRIGHT	12	6	2	5	3	8	2	14	16
BRAVE NEW WORLD	HUXLEY	10	2	2	2	8	5	2	0	13
CALL OF THE WILD	LONDON	8	6	2	0	0	0	7	7	5
CANDIDE	VOLTAIRE	8	0	0	5	4	3	0	0	13
CANTERBURY TALES	CHAUCER	20	0	2	6	13	14	13	14	18
CATCHER IN THE RYE	SALINGER	21	_	13	5	4	8	9	21	21
CHOSEN	POTOK	6	2	0	5	4	5	2	0	10
CRIME AND PUNISHMENT	DOSTOYEVSKY	6	0	0	3	6	11	0	0	5
CRUCIBLE	MILLER	26	-	12	14	4	11	22	0	21
CRY, THE BELOVED COUNTRY	PATON	12	2	3	2	6	14	4	7	5
CYRANO DE BERGERAC	ROSTAND	6	3	3	2	2	11	2	0	3
DAY NO PIGS WOULD DIE	PECK	6	3	2	2	0	0	2	7	5
DEATH OF A SALESMAN	MILLER	26	0	5	18	-	19	24	7	16
DIARY OF A YOUNG GIRL	FRANK	14	6	6	2	2	5	9	7	16
DOLL'S HOUSE	IBSEN	11	0	0	5	10	14	2	0	10
DUBLINERS	JOYCE	8	0	0	2	6	5	4	0	3
ENEMY OF THE PEOPLE	IBSEN	10	3	0	2	8	11	7	0	5
ETHAN FROME	WHARTON	8	2	4	3	2	3	4	14	5
FAHRENHEIT 451	BRADBURY	9	0	6	0	3	5	7	7	Ú
FAREWELL TO ARMS	HEMI NGWAY	9	0	2	6	3	3	4	0	10
FLOWERS FOR ALGERNON	KEYES	8	4	3	0	0	0	9	0	3
FRANKENSTEIN	SHELLEY	9	0	2	5	4	0	11	0	8
GLASS MENAGERIE	WILLIAMS	24	3		14	8	11	24	0	18
GRAPES OF WRATH	STEINBECK	24	0	6	12	9	22	11	0	18
GREAT EXPECTATIONS	DICKENS		18	2	5	8	11	18	0	24
GREAT GATSBY	FITZGERALD	49		-	-	10			7	37
GRENDEL	GARDNER	8	2		2	3	5		14	. 3
GULLIVER'S TRAVELS	SWIFT	12	0	2	3	9			0	10
HAMLET	SHAKESPEARE	51	0			33			14	34
HARD TIMES	DICKENS	6	0	2	2	3	3		0	5
HEART OF DARKNESS	CONRAD	16	0	3	_	12	22		0	3
HENRY IV, PART I	SHAKESPEARE	6	0	3	3	3	0		0	16
HOBBIT	TOLKIEN	6	4	2	0		-		_	
HOUND OF THE BASKERVILLES	DOYLE	6	4	0	0	2	0		0	8 5
HUCKLEBERRY FINN	TWAIN	56	-	16	_				21	-
I KNOW WHY THE CAGED BIRD	ANGELOU	9	2		ەر 3	2	35 5		7	29
SINGS	MUCLOU	y	۷	3	3	۷	2	4	- (	5



Title	Author	ALL	9	10	11	12	TOP	HID	LOW	ніх
ILIAD	HOMER	8	0	2	2	4	14	4	0	3
IMPORTANCE OF BEING EARNEST	WILDE	6	0	2	2	4	0	4	7	5
INHERIT THE WIND	LAWRENCE	8	3	0	5	0	5	7	7	0
JANE EYRE	BRONTE	10	8	0	0	3	0	4	7	10
JULIUS CAESAR	SHAKESPEARE	42	13	28	0	2	19	44	0	18
JUNGLE	SINCLAIR	6	0	0	6	3	5	4	0	5
KING LEAR	SHAKESPEARE	20	0	0	8	15	11	11	7	16
LIGHT IN THE FOREST	RICHTER	8	2	3	3	0	0	7	0	5
LORD OF THE FLIES	GOLOING	34	13	13	2	6	16	31	21	18
HACBETH	SHAKESPEARE	74	3	16	17	42	40	42	14	63
MAN FOR ALL SEASONS	BOLT	6	0	2	2	4	3	2	0	8
HAYOR OF CASTERBRIDGE	HARDY	9	0	2	2	8	11	2	7	5
MERCHANT OF VENICE	SHAKESPEARE	17	4	4	5	3	11	13	0	5
HETAMORPHOSIS	KAFKA	12	0	2	6	4	11	7	0	3
MIDSUMMER NIGHT'S DREAM	SKAKESPEARE	17	3	9	3	3	3	11	0	16
HIRACLE WORKER	G1BSON	13	13	0	0	0	5	9	0	8
HOBY DICK	MELVILLE	6	0	2	5	2	3	0	7	10
AINOTHA YH	CATHER	6	2	0	3	3	3	2	0	8
MYTHOLOGY	HAMILTON	6	4	0	0	3	8	4	0	3
HATIVE SON	WRIGHT	9	0	3	દ	2	3	7	0	10
NIGHT	WIESEL	15	10	0	3	3	14	7	21	13
COYSSEY	HOMER	39	18	8	8	13	46	20	7	21
OED I PUS REX	SOPHOCLES	24	2	6	5	16	24	9	0	16
OF MICE AND MEN	STEINBECK	33	10	10	11	3	14	27	43	13
OLD MAN AND THE SEA	HEMINGWAY	18	9	2	8	2	14	13	0	13
ONE DAY IN THE LIFE OF IVAN DENISOVICH	SOLZHENITSYN	8	3	3	2	3	8	7	0	5
ONE FLEW OVER THE CUCKOO'S NEST	KESEY	6	2	0	3	3	3	0	0	10
ORDINARY PEOPLE	GUEST	6	0	0	3	3	0	7	7	0
OTHELLO	SHAKESPEARE	14	2	2	9	3	5	4	0	16
OUR TOWN	WILDER	30	3	9	18	6	16	22	14	26
OUT OF THE SILENT PLANET	LEWIS	6	2	3	0	3	5	4	0	3
PEARL	STEINBECK	28	15	15	3	0	8	16	64	21
PERELANDRA	LEWIS	6	0	0	2	6	5	0	0	8
PIGHAN	ZINDEL	8	6	3	2	Q	5	4	14	8
PORTRAIT OF THE ARTIST AS A YOUNG MAN	JOYCE	6	)	0	2	6	3	2	0	8
PRIDE AND PREJUDICE	AUSTEN	17	0	2	6	9	14	7	0	18
PYGMAL ION	SHAW	17	0	0	6	15	11	11	0	21
RAISIN IN THE SUN	HANSBERRY	11	3	3	5	3	5	11	14	3
RED BADGE OF COURAGE	CRANE	23	2	6	18	3	8	16	14	24
RED PONY	STEINBECK	6	4	0	2	0	3	7	7	0
REPUBLIC	PLATO	6	0	0	0	6	8	4	0	0
RETURN OF THE NATIVE	HARDY	6	0	0	3	3	3	4	0	3
ROMEO AND JULIET	SHAKESPEARE	66	60	8	0	2	22	49	21	58
SCARLET LETTER	HAWTHORNE	52	2	9	35	10	27	38	7	37
SEPARATE PEACE	KNOWLES		12		8	0	11	27	7	10
SILAS MARNER	ELIOT	10	4	8	ŋ	2	5	13	0	3
SIR GAWAIN AND THE GREEN KNIGHT	UNKNOWN	9	2	3	3	3	14	9	7	3
STRANGER	CAMUS	9	0	0	6	6	8	7	0	5
SUN ALSO RISES	HEMINGWAY	8	0	0	8	2	11	4	0	5



Title	Author	All	9	10	11	12	TOP	HID	LOW	HIX
TALE OF THO CITECS	JICKENS	26	3	9	5	12	27	13	0	13
TAMING OF THE SHREW	SHAKESPEARE	9	2	4	0	4	11	4	0	3
TESS OF THE D'URBERVILLES	HARDY	15	0	0	6	12	16	11	0	10
TO KILL A MOCKINGBIRD	: E	47	16	15	14	8	27	40	14	24
TOH SAWYER	TWAIN	6	3	3	0	0	0	7	0	8
TWELFTH NIGHT	SHAKESPEARE	9	0	0	3	6	8	4	7	3
TWELVE ANGRY MEN	ROSE	S	2	4	3	0	0	4	0	10
WAITING FOR GODOT	BECKETT	6	0	0	5	3	8	0	0	5
WALDEN	THOREAU	9	0	2	6	3	5	7	0	8
WHEN THE LEGENDS DIE	BORLAND	6	4	0	2	2	3	0	14	5
WUTHERING HEIGHTS	BRONTE	10	0	3	2	6	8	7	7	5

Note. Grade level percents do not equal the total for all schools because of rounding and because titles that are required at more than one grade level in a particular school are only counted once in the total.

## Appendix 5

## Titles Required in Less Than 5 Percent of Public Schools, Grades 7-12

1776	STONE	BAD SEED	MARCH
A B C MURDERS	CHRISTIE	BALLAD OF THE SAD CAFE	MCCULLERS
ACCIDENTAL TOURIST	TYLER	CANNER IN THE SKY	ULLMAN
ACORN PEOPLE	JONES	BARCHESTER TOWERS	TROLLOPE
ACTS OF KING ARTHUR AND HIS	STEINBECK	BAREFOOT IN THE PARK	SIMON
NOBLE KNIGHTS		BEAR	FAULKNER
ADAM BEDE	ELIOT	BECKET	ANOUILH
ADAM OF THE ROAD	GRAY	BEING THERE	KOSINSKI
ADMIRABLE CRICHTON	BARRIE	BELL FOR ADANO	HERSEY
ADVENTURES OF SHERLOCK HOLMES	DOYLE	PEOWULF THE WARRIOR	SERRAILLIER
AENEID	VIRGIL	BEST CHRISTMAS PAGEANT EVER	ROBINSON
AFTER THE FIRST DEATH	CORMIER	BEYOND THE DIVIDE	LASKY
AGAMEMNON	AESCHYLUS	BIG WAVE	BUCK
ALICE IN WONDERLAND	CARROLL	BILOXI BLUES	SIMON
ALIEN SPRING	SCHRAFF	BIRTHDAY MURDERER	BENNETT
ALIVE	READ	BLACK LIKE ME	GRIFFIN
ALL CREATURES GREAT AND SMALL	HERRIOT	BLACK PEARL	O'DELL
ALL MY SONS	MILLER	BLACK STALLION	FARLEY
ALL THE KING'S MEN	WARREN	BLACK STALLION RETURNS	FARLEY
ALL'S WELL THAT ENDS WELL	SHAKESPEARE	BLEAK HOUSE	DICKENS
AMERICAN DREAM/ZOO STORY	ALBEE	BLESS ME, ULTIMA	ANAYA
AMERICAN GRAFFITI (SCREENPLAY)	LUCAS	BLINDED BY THE LIGHT	BRANCATO
AMERICAN TRAGEDY	DREISER	BLUEST EYE	MORRISON
ANDERSONVILLE TRIAL	LEVITT	BOOK OF THREE	ALEXANDER
ANDROMEDA STRAIN	CRICHTON	BOURNE IDENTITY	LUDLUM
ANNA AND THE KING OF SIAM	LANDON	BOY CAPTIVE IN CANADA	SMITH
ANNA CHRISTIE	O'NEILL	BOY CAPTIVE OF OLD DEERFIELD	SMITH
ANNA KARENINA	TOLSTOY	BOY WHO COULD MAKE HIMSELF	PLATT
ANTHEM	RAND	DISAPPEAR	
ANTONY AND CLEOPATRA	SHAKESPEARE	BREAKING AWAY	HOWARD
APOLOGY	PLATO	BRIAN PICCOLO: A SHORT SEASON	MORRIS
ARE YOU IN THE HOUSE ALONE	PECK	BRIAN'S SONG	BLINN
ARMS AND THE MAN	SHAW	BRIDE COMES TO YELLOW SKY	CRANE
AROUND THE WORLD IN 80 DAYS	VERNE	BRIDGE TO TERABITHIA	PATERSON
ARROWSMITH	LEWIS,S .	BRIDGES AT TOKO-RI	MICHENER
ARSENIC AND OLD LACE	KESSELRING	BRIGHTON BEACH MEMOIRS	SIMON
AS YOU LIKE IT	SHAKESPEARE	BROTHERS KARAMAZOV	DOSTOYEVSKY
ASSAULT	MULISCH	BROTHERS OF THE HEART	BLOS
ATLAS SHRUGGED	RAND	BUMBLEBEE FLIES AWAY	CORMIER
AUTOBIOGRAPHY OF BEN FRANKLIN	FRANKLIN	BUTTERFLY REVOLUTION	BUTLER
AUTOBIOGRAPHY OF HALCOLM X	HALEY	CAINE MUTINY	WOUK
AUTOBIOGRAPHY OF MISS JANE	GAINE	CALL IT COURAGE	SPERRY
PITTMAN		CAMELOT	LEARNER
AWAKERING	CHOPIN	CANDIDE	VOLTAIRE
BABBITT	LEWIS,S	CANNERY ROW	STEINBECK



CAPTAINS COURAGEOUS	KIPLING	DIFFERENT ONE	COLEMAN
CAT ATE MY GYMSUIT	DANZIGER	DINKY HOCK SHOOTS SMACK	KERR
CAT ON A HOT TIN ROOF	WILLIAMS	DINNER AT THE HOMESICK	TYLER
CAT'S CRADLE	VONNEGUT	RESTAURANT	
CATCH-22	HELLER	DIVINE COMEDY	DANTE
CHEAPER BY THE DOZEN	GILBRETH	DOCTOR FAUSTUS	MARLOWE
CHERRY ORCHARD	CHEKHOV	DOCTOR ZHIVAGO	PASTERNAK
CHICANO VOICES	STEINBECK	DOG SONG	PAULSEN
CHILDHOOD'S END	CLARKE	DOG THAT WOULDN'T BE	MOWAT
CHOSEN	POTOK	DOLPHIN ISLAND	CLARKE
CIMARRON	FERBER	DON QUIXOTE	CERVANTES
CIRCUS	MACLEAN	DON'T BLAME THE CHILDREN	SCHRAFF
CITY BOY	WOUK	DON'T FENCE ME IN: AN AMERICAN	SPAAJNARD
CLOCKWORK ORANGE	BURGESS	TEENAGER IN	
COLD RIVER	JUDSON	DON'T PLAY DEAD UNTIL YOU HAVE	WOJCIECHOWSKA
COLD SASSY TREE	BURNS	то	
COLLECTED PLAYS	SHAKESPEARE	DOVE	GRAHAM
COLLECTED PLAYS OF NEIL SIMON	SIMON	DRACULA	STOKER
COLOR PURPLE	WALKER	DRAGONSONG	MCCAFFREY
COMES THE BLIND FURY	SAUL	DREAMLAND LAKE	PECK
COMPLETE SONNETS AND POEMS	SHAKESPEARE	DUBLINERS	JOYCE
CONFESSIONS OF NAT TURNER	STYRON	DUCHESS OF MALFI	WEBSTER
CONNECTICUT YANKEE IN KING	TWAIN	DUNE	HERBERT
ARTHUR'S COURT		DUNKER	KIDD
CONQUERING HORSE	MANFRED	DURANGO STREET	BENHAM
CONSCIENCE PLACE	THOMPSON	EAGLE HAS LANDED	HIGGINS
COUNT OF MONTE CRISTO	DUMAS	EAST OF EDEN	STEINBECK
COUNTRY OF STRANGERS	RICHTER	EDGAR ALLEN	NEUFELD
COURTSHIP OF MILES STANDISH	LONGFELLOW	EFFECTS OF GAMMA RAYS ON	ZINDEL
CROSS AND THE SWITCHBLADE	WILKERSON	MAN-IN-THE-MOON	
CRY	RAYLOR	EIGHT PLUS ONE	CORMIER
CRYSTAL CAVE	STEWART	ELEPHANT MAN	POMERANCE
CURTAIN	CHRISTIE	EMMA	AUSTEN
DAISY MILLER	JAMES	ENEMY OF THE PEOPLE	IBSEN
DARK IS RISING	COOPER,S	ERIC	LUND
DAVE'S SONG	MC KAY	ESCAPE FROM SOBIBOR (TELEPLAY)	
DAVID COPPERFIELD	DICKENS	ESCAPE FROM WARSAW	SERRAILLIER
	WIESEL	EVANGELINE	LONGFELLOW
DAWN DEAD ZONE	KING	EVERYMAN	201101 222011
DEAD ZONE	AGEE	EXCALIBER	KANE
DEATH IN THE FAMILY		EXODUS	URIS
DEATH OF IVAN ILLYCH	TOLSTOY	FACING UP	BRANCATO
DEATH ON THE NILE	CHRISTIE	FAIL SAFE	BURDICK
DEATHMAN, DO NOT FOLLOW ME	BENNETT		
DEERSLAYER	COOPER	FAR AWAY FROM ANYWHERE ELSE	LE GUIN
DEMIAN	HESSE	FAR FROM THE MADDING CROWD	HARDY
DESIRE UNDER THE ELMS	O'NEILL	FAREWELL TO MANZANAR	HOUSTON
DETECTIVE STORY	KINGSLEY	FAT GIRL	SACHS
DEVIL AND DANIEL WEBSTER	BENET	FATHERS AND SONS	TURGENEV
DEVIL'S DISCIPLE	SHAW	FELLOWSHIP OF THE RING	TOLKIEN
DICEY'S SONG	VOIGT	FIDDLER ON THE ROOF	STEIN, J



FIFTH CHINESE DAUGHTER	WONG	HEART OF THE MATTER	GREENE
FIRE NEXT TIME	BALDWIN	HEDDA GABLER	IBSEN
FIREWEED	WALSH	HEDDA GABLER	IBSER
FLIGHT INTO DANGER	CADDWELL-WILSON	HENRY IV, PART I	SHAKESPEARE
FOLLOW THE RIVER	THOM	HENRY IV, PART II	SHAKESPEARE
FOR WHOM THE BELL TOLLS	HEMINGWAY	HEROES AND MONSTERS OF GREEK	
FORGOTTEN DOOR	KEY	MYTH	LIGHT
FOUNTAINHEAD	RAND	HESSIAN	FAST
FOUR ESSAYS IN CRITICISM	FRYE	HEY, I'M ALIVE	
FOX RUNNING	KNUDSON	HIAWATHA	LONGFELLOW
FRANKENSTEIN	SHELLEY	HIDDEN PERSUADERS	PACKARD
FREEDOM TRAIN	STERLING	HIDING PLACE	BLOOM
FRENCH LIEUTENANT'S WOMAN	FOWLES	HIPPOLYTUS	EURIPIDES
FRIENDLY PERSUASION	WEST	HIS ENEMY, HIS FRIEND	TUNIS
FROM THE MIXED UP FILES OF	KONIGSBURG	HITCHHIKER	FLETCHER
MRS. BASIL E. FRAN		HOLD FAST	MAJOR
FROM WHERE THE SUN NOW STANDS	GRISSO	HOMECOMING	VOIGT
GENTLEHANDS	KERR	HONDO	L 1 AMOUR
GEOPGE'S MOTHER	CRANE	HOUSE OF DIES DREAR	HAMILTON,V
GHOST BOY	SCHRAFF	HOUSE OF STAIRS	SLEATOR
GIANT	FERBER	HOUSE WITHOUT A CHRISTMAS TREE	ROCK
GIANTS IN THE EARTH	ROLVAAG	HOW GREEN IS MY VALLEY	LLEWELLYN
GIFFORD ON COURAGE	GIFFORD	HOW THE WEST WAS WON	
GILEAD	H2NDERSON	HUNCHBACK OF NOTRE DAME	HUGO
GIRL WHO OWNED A CITY	NELSON	I AM ROSEMARIE	MOSKIN
GIVING TREE	SILVERSTEIN	I CAN STOP ANY TIME I WANT	TRIVERS
GLAD MAN	GONZALEZ	I KNOW WHAT YOU DID LAST	DUNCAN
GO ASK ALICE	ANONYMOUS	SUMMER	
GOING AFTER CACCIATO	O'BRIEN,T	I KNOW WHY THE CAGED BIRD	ANGELOU
GOOD TIMES, BAD TIMES	KIRKWOOD	SINGS	
GOOD-BYE, MR. CHIPS	HILTON	I NEVER PROMISED YOU A ROSE	GREENBERG
GOVERNMENT INSPECTOR	GOGOL	GARDEN	
GREEK GODS	EVSLIN	I REMEMBER MAMA	VAN DRUTEN
GREEK MYTHS AND LEGENDS	SQUIREH	I WILL FIGHT NO MORE FOREVER	BEAL
GRENDEL	GARDNER	I WONDER AS I WANDER	HUGHS
GROWING UP	BAKER	I, ROBOT	ASIMOV
HAIRY APE	O'NEILL	ICEBURG HERMIT	ROTH
HANDMAID'S TALE	ATWCCO	IDYLLS OF THE KING	TENNYSON
HANK THE COWBOY	ERICKSON	IF BEALE STREET COULD TALK	BALDWIN
HARD TIMES	DICKENS	IF YOU COULD SEE WHAT I HEAR	SULLIVAN
HAROLD AND MAUDE	HIGGINS	IN COUNTRY	MASON
HARRY AND HORTENSE AT HORMORE	ZINDEL	IN COLD BLOOD	CAPOTE
HIGH		IN DUBIOUS BATTLE	STEINBECK
HARVEY	CHASE	IN OUR TIME	HEMINGWAY
HATTER FOX	HARRIS	IN THE ZONE	O'NEILL
HAUNTED SUMMER	JORDAN	INCIDENT AT HAWK'S HILL	ECKERT
HAUNTING OF HAWTHORNE	SCHRAFF	INTERSTELLAR PIG	SLEATOR
HAUNTING OF HILL HOUSE	JACKSON	INTRUDER IN THE DUST	FAULKNER
HE'S MY BABY NOW	EYERLY	INVINCIBLE LOUISA	MEIGS
HEART IS A LONELY HUNTER	MCCULLERS	INVISIBLE MAN	WELLS



			FALL WHED
ISHI, LAST OF HIS TRIBE	KROEBER	LIGHT IN AUGUST	FAULKNER
ISLAND OF THE ANGELS	WIBBERLEY	LION, THE WITCH AND THE	LEWIS
ISLAND OF THE BLUE DOLPHINS		WARDROBE	WELLES ! D
ISLANDS IN THE STREAM	HEMINGWAY	LISA, BRIGHT AND DARK	NEUFELD
IT'S LIKE THIS, CAT	NEVILLE	LITTLE BRITCHES	MOODY
IT'S NOT THE END OF THE WORLD	BLUME	LITTLE FOXES	HELLMAN
MARGARET		LITTLE PRINCE	SAINT-EXUPERY
IVANHOE	SCOTT	LITTLE HOUSE ON THE PRAIRIE	WILDER, L
J.B.	MACLEISH	LITTLE WOMEN	ALCOTT
J.T.	WAGNER, J	LONELINESS OF THE	SILLITOE
JACOB HAVE I LOVED	PATERSON	LONG-DISTANCE RUNNER	
JAZZ COUNTRY -	HENTOFF	LONER	WIER
JEWEL OF THE SHRI!!		LONG DAY'S JOURNEY INTO NIGHT	O'NEILL
JOHNNY GOT HIS GUN	TRUMBO	LONG 'MARCH	STYRON
JONATHAN LIVINGSTON SEAGULL	BACH	LONG, HOT SUMMER	WILLIAMS
JOURNEY TO THE CENTRE OF THE	VERNE	LONGEST JOURNEY	FORSTER
EARTH		LORD FOUL'S BANE	DONALDSON
JOURNEYS TO FAME	KIESZAK	LORD JIM	CONRAD
JUDE THE OBSCURE	HARDY	LOST HORIZON	HILTON
JUNGLE BOOK	KIPLING	LOST IN THE WILDS	
JUST DIAL A NUMBER	MAURREL	LOST WORLD	DOYLE
KAFFIR BOY	MATHEBANE	LOTTERY ROSE	HUNT
KARATE KID	HILLER	LOVE	BUSCAGL I A
KELLERS	WHITE,S	LOVE IS A MISSING PERSON	KERR
KENTUCKIANS	FOX	LOVED ONE	WAUGH
KIDNAPPED	STEVENSON	LYSISTRATA	ARISTOPHANES
KIDNAPPING OF CHRISTINA	NIXON	MADAME BOVARY	FLAUBERT
LATTIMORE		MADAME CURIE	CURIE
KILLING MR. GRIFFIN	DUNGAN	MAGGIE: A GIRL OF THE STREETS	CRANE
KIM	KIPLING	MAGIC KINGDOM FOR SALESOLD	BROOKS
KIND LADY		MAGICIAN	STEIN
KING ARTHUR	TERNYSON	MAIN STREET	LEWIS,S
KING HEREAFTER	DUNNETT	MALDONADO MIRACLE	TAYLOR
KING MUST DIE	RENAULY	HAMA'S BANK ACCOUNT	FORBES
KINGS, LOVERS, FOOLS	KOTENNOL	MAN FOR ALL SEASONS	BOLT
KON TIKI	HEYERDAHL.	MAN THAT CORRUPTED HADLEYBURG	TWAIN
LABOR OF HERCULES	GREEN	MAN WITHOUT A COUNTRY	HALE
LADY WINDEREHERE'S FAN	WILDE	MARK TYAIN'S BEST	TWAIN
LAST FLIGHT	LAND	MARRIAGE PROPOSAL	CHEKHOV
LAST LAUGH	PERELMAN	MARTY	CHAYEVSKY
LAST OF THE MOVICANS	COOPER	MASTER AND MAN	TOLSTOY
LAST UNICORN	BEAGLE	MATCHMAKER	WILDER
LATE GREAT ME	3COF PETONE	MATCHMAKER:	BALDWIN,R
LAUGHING BOY	KIFLING	MAYOR OF CASTERBRIDGE	HARDY
LEARNING TREE	PARKS	MCGILLICUDDY MCGOTHAM	WIBBERLEY
LEAVES OF GRASS	WHITMAN	MCTEAGUE	NORRIS
LEGEND OF SLEEPY HOLLOW	IRVING	MEASURE FOR MEASURE	SHAKESPEARE
LEROY AND THE OLD MAN	BUTTERWORTH	MEDIEVAL MYTHS	GOODRICH
LIFE ON THE MISSISSIPP!	TWAIN	MEMBER OF THE WEDDING	MCCULLERS
LIGHT A SINGLE CANDLE	BUTLER, B	MEN OF IRON	PYLE
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METAMORPHOSIS	KAFKA	ODD COUPLE	SIMON
MIGUEL STREET	NAIPAUL		
MIRROR CRACKED	CHRISTIE .	OF HUMAN BONDAGE	MAUGHAM
MISANTHROPE	MOLIERE	OLD ORDER: STORIES OF THE	PORTER
MISER	MOLIERE	SOUTH	
MISERABLES	HUGO	OLIVER TWIST	DICKENS
MISSING AND PRESUMED DEAD	DUNCAN	ON GOLDEN POND	THOMPSON
MOLL FLANDERS	DEFOE	ON THE BEACH	SHUTE
MONSTERS ARE DUE ON MAPLE	SERLING	ON THE WATERFRONT	SCHULBERG
STREET	OTE TUREOU	ONCE AND FUTURE KING	WHITE
MOON IS DOWN	STEINBECK	ONE CHILD	HAYDEN
MORTE D'ARTHUR	MALORY	ONE WRITER'S BEGINNING	WELTY
MOTHER MOUSE THAT BOARES	CHAYEVSKY	ONLY EARTH AND SKY LAST	BENCHLEY
MOUSE THAT ROARED	WIBBERLEY	ORESTEIA	AESCHYLUS
MOUSETRAP	CHRISTIE	ORPHEUS	HUGHES
MR. AND MRS. BOJO JONES	HEAD	OTHER	TRYON
MRS. MIKE	FRIEDMAN	OUR EXPLOITS AT WEST POLEY	HARDY
MUCH ADO ABOUT NOTHING	SHAKESPEARE	OUT OF THE STLENT PLANET	LEWIS
MURDER ON THE ORIENT EXPRESS		OUTLAW RED	KJELGAARD
MUTINY ON BOARD H.M.S. BOUNTY		PAMELA DADAGE LOCT	RICHARDSON
MY BROTHER SAM IS DEAD	COLLIER	PARADISE LOST	MILTON
MY DARLING, MY HAMBURGER	ZINDEL O'HARA	PARDON ME BUT YOU'RE STEPPING	ZINDEL
MY FRIEND FLICKA		ON MY EYEBALL	FORCES
MY NAME IS ASHER LEV		PASSAGE TO INDIA	FORSTER
MY NAME IS DAVY, AND I'M AN	SNYDER	PATCH OF BLUE	KAFA
ALCOHOLIC		PATHFINDER	COOPER
MY SHOW RAN FAST	0500.05	PATIENT	SIMENON
MY SIDE OF THE MOUNTAIN	GEORGE	PERE GORIOT	DE BALZAC
MYSTERIOUS STRANGER	TWAIN	PERMITTER	SHAW
NARRATIVE OF THE LIFE OF	DOUGLASS	PICKWICK PAPERS	DICKENS
FREDERICK DOUGLASS	HAI AMID	PICTURE OF DORIAN GRAY	WILDE
NATURAL	MALAMUD	PIGMAN'S LEGACY	ZINDEL
NECTAR IN A SIEVE	CUTTER	PINBALLS	BYARS
NEIGHBOR ROSICKY	CATHER	PISTACHIO PRESCRIPTION	DANZINGER
NERVES	DELREY	PLAGUE	CAMUS
NEVER CRY WOLF	MOWAT	PLANET OF THE APES	BOULLE
NICHOLAS NICKLEBY	DICKENS	PLAYBOY OF THE WESTERN WORLD	SYNGE
NICK ADAMS STORIES	HEM I NGWAY	PLAYER PIANO	VONNEGUT
NIGHT FLIGHT	SAINT-EXUPERY	PLAYS BY GEORGE BERNARD SHAW	SHAW
NIGHT SHIFT	KING	PLAYS BY IBSEN	IBSEN
NIGHT THEY BURNED THE MOUNTAIN		PLEASE DON'T ASK ME TO LOVE	SCHRAFF
NIGHT THOREAU SPENT IN JAIL	LAWRENCE, J	YOU	
NIGHT TO REMEMBER	LORD	PORTABLE DOROTHY PARKER	PARKER
HINE STORIES	SALINGER	PORTRAIT OF DORIAN GRAY	WILDE
	04BYE	UNDIDALL DE ICHNIE	NATHAN
NO EXIT	SARTE	PORTRAIT OF JENNIE	
NOBODY LIKES TRINA	WHITNEY	POWER AND THE GLORY	GREENE
NOBODY LIKES TRINA NOTES FROM THE UNDERGROUND	WHITNEY DOSTOYEVSKY	POWER AND THE GLORY PRINCE	GREENE MACCHIAVELLI
NOBODY LIKES TRINA NOTES FROM THE UNDERGROUND NOTES OF 'A WATIVE SON	WHITNEY DOSTOYEVSKY BALDWIN	POWER AND THE GLORY PRINCE PRINCESS BRIDE	GREENE MACCHIAVELLI GOLDMAN
NOBODY LIKES TRINA NOTES FROM THE UNDERGROUND	WHITNEY DOSTOYEVSKY	POWER AND THE GLORY PRINCE	GREENE MACCHIAVELLI



PROMETHEUS BOUND	AESCHYLUS	SHORT STORIES OF BRET HARTE	HARTE
PUDD'NHEAD WILSON	TWAIN	SHORT STORIES OF O. HENRY	HENRY
PUSHCART WAR	MERRILL	SHORT STORIES OF ORWELL	ORWELL
R IS FOR ROCKET	BRADBURY	SIDDHARTHA	HESSE
R.U.R. (PLAY)	KAPEK	SIGN OF THE BEAVER	SPEARE
RAINMAKER	CHIMOMBO	SING DOWN THE MOON	O'DELL
RANSOM	DUNCAN	SINGLE LIGHT	WOJCIECHOWSKA
RASCAL	NORTH	SIR GAWAIN AND THE GREEN	UNKNOWN
REBECCA	DU MAURIER	KNIGHT	
RED AND THE BLACK	STENDHAL	SISTER CARRIE	DREISER
RED SKY AT MORNING	BRADFORD	SIX TALES OF THE JAZZ AGE AND	FITZGERALD
REMEMBERING THE GOOD TIMES	PECK	OTHER STORIES	
REPUBLIC	PLATO	SKATING RINK	LEE,M
REQUIEM FOR A HEAVYWEIGHT	SERLING	SLAKE'S LIMBO	HOLMAN
RETURN OF THE KING	TOLKIEN	SLAUGHTERHOUSE FIVE	VONNEGUT
RICHARD II	SHAKESPEARE	SLAVE DANCER	FOX,P
RICHARD III	SHAKESPEARE	SLEEPING MURDER	CHRISTIE
RIME OF THE ANCIENT MARINER	COLERIDGE	SMOKE	CORBIN
RISE OF SILAS LAPHAM	HOWELLS	SMUGGLER'S POND	ERARTS
RISING OF THE MOON	GREGORY		
RIVALS	SHERIDAN	SNOW GOOSE	GALLICO
ROBIN HOOD	CRESWICK	SNOWBOUND	MAZER
ROBINSON CRUSOE	DEFOE	SHOWS OF KILIMANJARO	HEMINGWAY
ROBOTS OF DAWN	ASIMOV	SONS AND LOVERS	LAWRENCE
ROMANCERS	ROSTAND	SORRY, WRONG NUMBER	FLETCHER,L
ROSENCRANTZ AND GUILDENSTERN	STOPPARD	SOUND AND SENSE	PERRINE
ARE DEAD		SOUND AND THE FURY	FAULKNER
ROUGHING IT	{WAIN	SPECIAL KIND OF COURAGE	
RUN SHELLEY RUN	SAMUELS		
S IS FOR SPACE	BRADBURY	SPIES ON THE DEVIL'S BELT	HAYNES
SACKETT	L'AMOUR	SPOON RIVER ANTHOLOGY	MASTERS
ŞAINT JOAN	SHAW	STICKS AND STONES	HALL
SARAH PLAIN AND TALL	MACLACHLAN	STONE FOX	GARDNER
SARAH T.: PORTRAIT OF A	WAGNER	STORIES OF THE GODS AND HEROES	BENSON
TEEN-AGE ALCOHOLIC		STORY OF MY LIFE	KELLER
SARATOGA YEARLING	REED	STORY THEATER	SILLS
SASQUATCH	GREEN	STRANGER IN A STRANGE LAND	HEINLEIN
SCARLET PIMPERNEL	ORCZY	STRANGER WITH MY FACE	DUNCAN
SCHOOL FOR SCANDAL	SHERIDAN	SUMMER	GRUNWALD
SCOTT'S LAST EXPEDITION.	SCOTT,R	SUMMER I WAS LOST	VIERECK
SEA WOLF	LONDON	SUMMER OF THE MONKEYS	RAWLS
SECRET SHARER	CONRAD	SUN ALSO RISES	HEMINGWAY
SEEKER	BALES	SUNDAY FATHER	NEUFELD
SEIZE THE DAY	BELLOWS	SUNFLOWER	SHARP
SEVEN ALONE	MORROW	SWIFT WATER	LORING
SEVENTEENTH SUMMER	DALY	SWISS FAMILY ROBINSON	WYSS
SHE STOOPS TO CONQUER	GOLDSMITH	SWORD IN THE STONE	WHITE
SHERLOCK HOLMES	DOYLE	SYBIL	SCHREIBER
SHINING SEASON	BUCHANAN	TAKING OF TERRI MUELLER	MAZER,N
SHORT SEASON	MORRIS	TALE OF TROY	GREEN



TARTHEE	MOLIERE	UPON THE HEAD OF A GOAT	SIEGAL
TARTUFFE TARZAK	BURROUGHS	UPSTAIRS ROOM	REISS
TEAHOUSE OF THE AUGUST MOON	GOGGAN	UTOPIA	MORE
TELL HE A RIDDLE	OLSON	VANDAL	SCHRAFF
TEMPEST	SHAKESPEARE	VIEW FROM THE BRIDGE	MILLER
TEMPLE OF GOLD	GOLDMAN	VINTAGE MENCKEN	MENCKEN
TERMINAL MAN	CRICHTON	VISIT TO A SMALL PLANET	VIDAL
TEX	HINTON	VOLPONE	JONSON
THANK YOU, JACKIE ROBINSON	COHEN	VON RYAN'S EXPRESS	WESTHEIMER
THEIR EYES WERE WATCHING GOO	HURSTON	VOYAGE OF THE "DAVN TREADER"	LEWIS
THERE'S A BAT IN BUNK FIVE	DANZINGER	WAITING GAME	RASKIN
THINGS FALL APART	ACHEBE	WALDEN	THOREAU
THIS STRANGER MY SON	WILSON	WALK ACROSS AMERICA	JENKINS
THIS WAY FOR THE GAS, LADIES	BOROWSKI	WALKABOUT	MARSHALL
AND GENTLEMEN		WAR OF THE WORLDS	WELLS
THREAD THAT RUNS SO TRUE	STUART	WATER IS WIDE	COHROY
THREE FAMOUS SHORT NOVELS	FAULKNER	WAVE	STRASSER
THROUGH THE LOOKING GLASS	CARROLL	WE HAVE ALWAYS LIVED IN THE	JACKSON
TIGER EYES	BLUME	CASTLE	
TO BUILD A FIRE	LONDON	WEEP NOT CHILD	NGUGI
TO RACE THE WIND	KRENTS	WESTING GAME	RASKIN
TO THE LIGHTHOUSE	WOOLF	WHERE ARE THE CHILDREN	CLARK
TRAVELS OF MARCO POLO	POLO	WHERE THE CROSS 1S MADE	O'NEILL
TRAVELS WITH CHARLEY IN SEARCH	H STEINBECK	WHITE MOUNTAINS	CHRISTOPHER
OF AMERICA		WHO'S AFRAID OF VIRGINIA	ALBEE
TREE GROWS IN BROOKLYN	SMITH, B	WOOLF?	
TRIAL	KAFKA	WILD DUCK	IBSEN
TRIFLES	GLASPELL	WILD PALMS	FAULKNER
TROUBLE WITH THE TRIBBLES	GERROLD	WIND IN THE WILLOWS	GRAHAME
TRUE GRIT	PORTIS	w 'W IN TIME	L'ENGLE
TRUE WEST	SHEPARD	WINL SEURG, OHIO	ANDERSON
TUNED OUT	WOJCIECHOWSKA	WINNING	BRANCATO
TUNNEL VISION	ARRICK	WINTER THUNDER	SANDOZ
TURN OF THE SCREW	JAMES	WINTER'S TALE	SHAKESPEARE
TWELFTH NIGHT	SHAKESPEARE	WITNESS FOR THE PROSECUTION	
TWENTY THOUSAND LEAGUES UNDER	VERNE	WIZARD OF EARTHSEA	LE GUIN
THE SEA		WOMAN WARRIOR	KINGSTON
TWENTY-THIRD STREET CRUSADERS		WOULD YOU SETTLE FOR	PETERSON
TWICE SHY	FRANCIS	IMPROBABLE	
TWO TOWERS	TOLKIEN	WOULD-BE GENTLEMAN	MOLIERE
TWO YEARS BEFORE THE MAST	DANA	WRINKLE IN TIME	L'ENGLE
TWG-WHEELED TERROR	MACKENZIE	YEAR OF THE RACCOON	KINGMAN
UGLY AMERICAN	LEDERER	YOU CAN'T TAKE IT WITH YOU	KAUFMAN
UGLY DUCKLING	ANDERSON, H	Z FOR ZACHARIAH	O'BRIEN
ULYSSES	JOYCE	ZEN AND THE ART OF MOTORCYCLE	PIRSIG
UNCLE TOM'S CABIN	STOWE	MAINTENANCE	Ologui
UNDERTOW	PARKHURST	ZIA	O'DELL
UNVANQUISHED	FAULKNER		
UP A ROAD SLOWLY UP THE DOWN STAIRCASE	HUNT KAUFMAN, B		



## Appendix 6

## Titles Required in Less Than 5 Percent of Catholic Schools, Grades 9-12

2001: A SPACE ODYSSEY	CLARKE	BRIDGE OF SAN LUIS REY	WILDER
ABSALOM, ABSALOM	FAULKNER	BRIGHT LIGHTS, BIG CITY	MCINERNEY
ACROSS FIVE APRILS	HUNT	BRIGHTON ROCK	GREENE
ACTS OF KING ARTHUR AND HIS	STEINBECK	BROTHERS KARAMAZOV	DOSTOYEVSKY
NOBLE KNIGHTS	OT LINDLON	BULLFINCH'S MYTHOLOGY	BULLFINCH
ADMIRABLE CRICHTON	BARRIE	BURNT-OUT CASE	GREENE
ADVENTURES OF SHERLOCK HOLMES		BUTTERFLY REVOLUTION	BUTLER
AENEID	VIRGIL	BY THE SKIN OF OUR TEETH	WILD: R
AGE OF INNOCENCE	WHARTON	CAINE MUTINY	WOUK
	FRANK	CANNERY ROW	STEINBECK
ALBERT SINCTEIN	LEPSCKY	CANTICLE FOR LEIBOWITZ	MILLER
ALBERT EINSTEIN		CAT ON A HOT TIN ROOF	WILLIAMS
ALICE IN WONDERLAND	CARROLL	CAT'S CRADLE	VONNEGUT
AMERICAN	JAMES		
AMERICAN DREAM AND ZOO STORY	ALBEE	CAY	TAYLOR
AMERICAN TRAGEDY	DREISER	CHAIRS	BURDEN
AMERICANS OF DREAM AND DEED	LOWENHERZ	CHEAPER BY THE DOZEN	GILBRETH
AND THEN THERE WERE NONE	CHRISTIE	CHEKHOV'S PLAYS	CHEKHOV
ANDERSONVILLE TRIAL	LEVITT	CHERRY ORCHARD	CHECKOV
ANDROCLES AND THE LION	SHAW	CHILDHOOD'S END	CLARKE
ANDROMEDA STRAIN	CRICHTON	CHRIS'IMAS CAROL	DICKENS
ANNE OF A THOUSAND DAYS	FENTON	CHRISTY	MARSHALL
ANNE OF GREEN GABLES	MONTGOMERY	CLOCKWORK ORANGE	BURGESS
APRIL MORNING	FAST	COLLECTED POEMS	ELIOT
ARMS AND THE MAN	SHAW	COLOR PURPLE	WALKER
ARSENIC AND OLD LACE	KESSELRING	CONTENDER	LIPSYTE
AS I LAY DYING	FAULKNER	CREEK MARY'S BLOOD	BROWN
AS YOU LIKE IT	SHAKESPEARE	CRYING OF LCT FORTY-NINE	PYNCHON
ASSISTANT	MALAMUD	CURTAIN	CHRISTIE
AUTOBIOGRAPHY OF MALCOLM X	X	DANDELION WINE	BRADBURY
AWAKEN I NG	CHOPIN	DAVITA'S HARP	POTOK
BANBITT	LEWIS	DAY NO PIGS WOULD DIE	PECK
BAKER'S HAWK	BICKHAM	DEATH COMES FOR THE ARCHBISHOP	CATHER
BALLAD OF THE SAD CAFE	MCCULLERS	DEATH IN THE FAMILY	AGEE
BARRETTS OF WIMPOLE STREET	BESIER	DEL I VERANCE	DICKEY
BEAR	FAULKNER	DETECTIVE STORY	KINGSLEY
BEING THERE	KOSINSKI	DIBS: IN SEARCH OF SELF	AXLINE
BIOGRAPHY OF A PLACE	CREWS	DOCTOR ZHIVAGO	PASTERNAK
BIOGRAPHY OF ALBERT EINSTEIN	BECKARD	DON QUIXOTE	CERVANTES
BIRDS	ARISTOPHANES	DRACULA	STOKER
BIRTHDAY PARTY	PINTER	DUTCHESS OF MALFI	WEBSTER
BLACK ELK SPEAKS	NE I HARDT	EAST OF EDEN	STEINBECK
BLESS THE BEASTS AND CHILDREN	SWARTHOUT	EFFECTS OF GAMMA RAYS ON	ZINDEL
800% OF LAUGHTER AND	KUNDERA	MAN-IN-THE-MOON	
FORGETTING		EQUUS	SHAFFER
BRIDESHEAD REVISITED	WAUGH	ERIC	LUND



			0.0075
EYES OF THE DRAGON	KING	IN COLD SLOOD	CAPOTE
FAERIE QUEENE, BOOK 1	SPENSER	IN COUNTRY	MASON
FAR FROM THE MADDING CROWD	HARDY	IN OUR TIME	HEMINGWAY
FAREWELL TO MANZANAR	HOUSTON	INVISIBLE MAN	ELLISON
FATHERS AND SONS	TURGENEV	ISLAND OF THE BLUE DOLPHINS	O'DELL
FAUST	GOETHE	IVANHOE	SCOTT
FIXER	MALAMUD	J.B.	MACLEISH
FOR WHOM THE BELL TOLLS	HEMINGWAY	JACOB HAVE I LOVED	PATERSON
FRANNY AND ZOOEY	SALINGER	JAILBIRD	VONNEGUT
FRENCH LIEUTENANT'S WOMAN	FOWLES	JAWS	BENCHLEY
FRIENDLY PERSUASION	WEST	JOHNNY GOT HIS GUN	TRUMBO
FROGS AND OTHER PLAYS	ARISTOPHANES	JOHNNY TREMAINE	FORBES
FRONTIERSMAN	ECKERT	JONATHAN LIVINGSTON SEAGULL	BACH
GALILEO	BRECHT	JUDE THE OBSCURE	HARDY
GHANDI: HIS LIFE AŅD MESSAGE	FISCHER	JUST SO STORIES	KIPLING
FOR THE WORLD		KAREN	KILLILEA
GHOST SONATA	STRINDBERG	KILLING MR. GRIFFIN	DUNCAN
GHOSTS	IBSEN	KRISTIN LAVRANSOATTER	UNOSET
GIANTS IN THE EARTH	ROLVAAG	LAST BATTLE	LEWIS
GIFT FROM THE SEA	LINDBERGH	LAST OF THE MOHICANS	COOPER
GO ASK ALICE	ANONYMOUS	LATE GREAT ME	SCOPPETONE
GO TELL IT ON THE MOUNTAIN	BALDWIN	LEAVES OF GRASS	WHITMAN
GOING TO MEET THE MAN	BALDWIN	LEFT HAND OF DARKNESS	LE GUIN
GONE WITH THE WIND	MITCHELL	LIFTED VEIL	ELIOT
GOOD CONSCIENCE	FUENTOS	LIGHT IN AUGUST	FAULKNER
GOOD-BYE, MR. CHIPS	HILTON	LIGHT IN THE FOREST	RICHTER
GREAT TRAIN ROBEERY	CRICHTON	LILIES OF THE FIELD	BARRETT
GRENDEL	GARDNER	LION IN WINTER	GOLDMAN
HAIRY APE	O'NEILL	LISA, BRIGHT ANO DARK	NEUFELD
HEART OF THE MATTER	GREENE	LITTLE PRINCE	SAINT EXUPERY
HENRY FOURTH	PIRANDELLO	LITTLE WOMEN	ALCOTT
HENRY IV, PART I	SHAKESPEARE	LONELINESS OF THE	SILLITOE
HERO WITH A THOUSAND FACES	CAMPBELL	LONG-DISTANCE RUNNER	
HERZOG	BELLOW	LONG DAY'S JOURNEY INTO NIGHT	O'NEILL
HIOING PLACE	TEN BLOOM	LORD OF THE RINGS	TOLKIEN
HITCHHIKER'S GUIDE TO THE	AOAMS	LOST HORIZON	HILTON
GALAXY		LOST LAOY	CATHER
HOME OF THE BRAVE	LAURENTS	LOVE FOR LOVE	CONGREVE
HOUSE OF MIRTH	WHARTON	LOVEO ONE	WAUGH
HUMAN COMEDY	SAROYAN	MAGGIE: A GIRL OF THE STREETS	CRANE
HUNCHBACK OF NOTRE DAME	HUGO	MAGICIAN'S NEPHEW	LEWIS
I AM THE CHEESE	CORMIER	MALTESE FALCON	HAMMETT
I HEARD THE OWL CALL MY NAME		MANCHILD IN THE PROMISED LAND	
I NEVER PROMISEO YOU A ROSE		MARRIAGE PROPOSAL	CHEKHOV
GARDEN		MASTER HAROLD AND THE BOYS	FUGARD
I, CLAUDIUS	GRAVES	MCTEAGUE	NORRIS
IF I LOVE YOU AM I TRAPPED	KERR	MEASURE FOR MEASURE	SHAKESPEARE
FOREVER	.,,,,,,	MEDIEVAL MYTHS	GOODRICH
IF YOU COULD SEE WHAT I HEAR	SULL IVAN	METAMORPHOSES	OVID
ILLUSTRATED MAN	BRADBURY	MISANTHROPE	MOLIERE
ILLUSIKATED MAN	ואספטאו	I I SANTINOF L	INCIENC



		DAME OF THE ANOTHER MARRIED	001 50 1005
MISSING AND PRESUMED DEAD	DUNCAN	RIME OF THE ANCIENT MARINER	COLER IDGE PANSHIN
MISTRESS OF MELLYN	HOLT	RITE OF PASSAGE	
MOLL FLANDERS	DEFOE	RIVER RUNS THROUGH IT	MCLEAN
MOONSTONE	COLLINS	ROBINSON CRUSOE	DEFOE
KORTE D'ARTHUR	MALORY	ROLL OF THUNDER, HEAR MY CRY	
MOTHER COURAGE	SRECHT	ROOM WITH A VIEW	FORSTER
MOTHER NIGHT	VONNEGUT	RUMBLE FISH	HINTON
MR. ROBERTS	HEGGAN	RUNNER	VOIGHT
MUCH ADO ABOUT NOTHING	SHAKESPEARE	SAINT JOAN	SHAW
MURDER IN THE CATHEDRAL	ELIOT	SANCTUARY	FAULKNER
MUTINY ON BOARD H.M.S. BOUNTY	BLIGH	SANTORINI	MACLEAN
MY LIFE AND HARD TIMES	THURBER	SAYONARA	MICHENER
MYSTERIOUS STRANGER	TWAIN	SCARLET PIMPERNEL	ORCZY
NATURAL	MALAMUD	SCREWTAPE LETTERS	LEWIS
NICK ADAMS STORIES	HEM <sup>®</sup> NGWAY	SELECTED WRITINGS	EMERSON
NIGHT IN AUGUST	FAULKNER	SHOELESS JOE	KINSELLA
NIGHT SHIFT	KING	SHORT STORIES OF HAWTHORNE	HAWTHORNE
NIGHT THOREAU SPENT IN JAIL	LAWRENCE	SHORT STORIES OF WASHINGTON	IRVING
NINE STORIES	SALINGER	IRVING	
NO EXIT	SARTRE	SILVER CHAIR	LEWIS
NO LONGER AT EASE	ACHEBE	SINGLE LIGHT	RODMAN
ON THE ROAD	KEROUAC	SIR GAWAIN AND THE GREEN	UNKNOWN
ONE FLEW OVER THE CUKOO'S NEST		KNIGHT	
ONE HUNDRED YEARS OF SOLITUDE		SISTER CARRIE	DREISER
ORESTEIA	AESCHYLUS	SIX CHARACTERS IN SEARCH OF AN	PIRANDELLO
ORPHEUS	HUGHES	AUTHOR	
OUT OF THE SILENT PLANET	LEWIS	SIX PLAYS OF STRINDBERG	STRINDBERG
OX-BOW INCIDENT	CLARK	SLAUGHTERHOUSE FIVE	VONNEGUT
PARADISE LOST	MILTON	SNOWS OF KILIMANJARO	HEMINGWAY
PASSAGE TO INDIA	FORSTER	SO LONG, SEE YOU TOMORROW	MAXWELL
PICTURE OF DORIAN GRAY	WILDE	SOLITARY BLUE	VOIGHT
PIONEERS	COOPER	SOME PREFER NETTLES	TANIZAKI
PLAYS OF IBSEN	IBSEN	SOMETHING WICKED THIS WAY	BRADBURY
	FROST	COMES	BIADDON
POCKET ANTHOLOGY OF ROBERT	rku31	SON OF THE MORNING STAR	CONNELL
FROST'S POEMS	IANEO	SONG OF SOLOMON	MORRISON
PORTRAIT OF A LADY	JAMES		
PORTRAIT OF JEHNIE	NATHAN	SONNETS	SHAKESPEARE
PRINCE	MACCHIAVELLI	SOUND AND THE FURY	FAULKNER
PRISONER	GUNTHER	SOUNDER	ARMSTRONG
PROFILES IN COURAGE	KENNEDY	STEPPENWOLFE	HESSE
PROMETHEUS UNBOUND	SHELLEY	STONE ANGEL	LAWRENCE
PUDD'NHEAD WILSON	TWAIN	STORY OF MY LIFE	KELLER
QUIET AMERICAN	GREENE	STA ER IN A STRANGE LAND	HEINLEIN
R.U.R.	CAPEK	STUDY IN SCARLET	DOYLE
RABBIT RUN	UPDIKE	SUMMER OF FEAR	, DUNCAN
RAGT I ME	DOCTOROW	SURFACING	ATWOOD TA
RAPE OF THE LOCK	KINGSLEY	SWORD IN THE STONE	WHITE
REMEMBERING THE GOOD TIMES	PECK	SWORD OF SHANNARA	BROOKS
RICHARD II	SHAKESPEARE	TARTUFFE	MOLIERE
RICHARD III	SHAKESPEARE	TELL ME THAT YOU LOVE ME,	KELLOGG
		JUNIE MOON	



TESTING THE CURRENT **MCPHERSON** HINTON THAT WAS THEN, THIS IS NOW HINTON THE AUTOBIOGRAPHY OF MISS JANE GAINES **PITTMAN FAULKNER** THE BEAR HARDY THE MAYOR OF CASTERBRIDGE SOPHO' "S THEBAN TRIOLOGY THEIR EYES WERE WATCHING GOD HURSTON THINGS FALL APART **ACHEBE** THREAD THAT RUNS SO TRUE **STUART** CHEKHOV THREE SISTERS TO THE LIGHTHOUSE WOOLF PATON TOO LATE THE PHALAROPE TRAVELS WITH CHARLEY IN SEARCH STEINBECK OF AMERICA TREASURE ISLAND STEVENSON KAFKA TRIAL **PORTIS** TRUE GRIT BABBITT TUCK EVERLASTING TUNNEL IN THE SKY HEINLEIN SHAKESPEA'(E TWELFTH NIGHT UGLY AMERICAN LEDEREP. STOWE UNCLE TOM'S CABIN MORE **UTOPIA** VANITY FAIR **THACKERY** MILLER VIEW FROM THE BRIDGE VIOLENT BEAR IT AWAY O'CONNOR VISIT TO A SMALL PLANET VIDAL **JONSON VOLPONE** WAR OF THE WORLDS WELLS CONGREVE WAY OF THE WORLD WE HAVE ALWAYS LIVED IN THE **JACKSON** CASTLE JOYCE WHAT MAISIE KNEW WHERE THE CROSS IS MADE O'NEILL **CLEAVER** WHERE THE LILIES BLOOM WHERE THE RED FERN GROWS **RAWLS** WHO'S AFRAID OF VIRGINIA WOOLF ALBEE **ANDERSON** WINESBURG, CAIO **RATTIGAN** WINSLOW SU! WISE PLOCO O'CONNOR WITCH OF BLACKBIRD POND SPEARE WOMAN IN WHITE COLLINS **DOCTOROW** WORLD'S FAIR **RAWLINGS** YEARLING

## Appendix 7

# Titles Required in Less Than 5 Percent of Independent Schools, $$\operatorname{\mathsf{Grades}}$$ 9-12

100 YEARS OF SOLITUDE	GARCIA-MARQUEZ	CAT ON A HOT TIN ROOF	WILLIAMS
2001: A SPACE COYSSEY	CLARK	CAT'S CRADLE	VONNEGUT
ABSALOM, ABSALOM	FAULKNER		
ACROSS FIVE APRILS	HUNT	CATCH-22	HELLER
ACTS OF KING ARTHUR AND HIS	STEINBECK	CAY	TAYLOR
NOBLE KNIGHTS		CHERRY ORCHARD	CHEKHOV
ADVENTURES OF SHERLOCK HOLMES	DOYLE	CHILDHOOD'S END	CLARKE
AGAMEMNON	AESCHYLUS	CHOCOLATE WAR	CORMIER
AH, WILDERNESS	O'HEILL	CHOICE OF HEROES	GERZON
ALAS, BABYLON	FRANK	CHRISTMAS CAROL	DICKENS
ALL THE PRESIDENT'S MEN	BERNSTEIN	CIVIL DISOBEDIENCE	THOREAU
ALL THINGS BRIGHT AND	KERRIOT	CIVILIZATION AND ITS	FREUD
BEAUTIFUL		DISCONTENTS	
AN ESSAY ON MAN	POPE	COLD SASSY TREE	BURNS
ANDERSONVILLE TRIAL	LEVITT	COLLECTED STORIES	CRANE
ANNA CHRISTIE	O'NEILL	COMMUNIST MANIFESTO	MARX
ANNA KARENINA	TOLSTOY	COMPLETE SHORT STORIES OF	CHEEVER
APRIL MORNING	FAST	CHEEVER	
ARMS AND THE MAN	SHAW	CONNECTICUT YANKEE IN KING	TWAIN
AS YOU LIKE IT	SHAKESPEARE	ARTHUR'S COURT	
AUTOBIOGRAPHY OF MALCOLM X	X	COUNT OF MONTE CRISTO	DUMAS
AWAKEN ING	CHOPIN	COUNTRY OF THE POINTED FIRS	JEWETT
BABYLON REVISITED AND OTHER	FITZGERALD	CRYSTAL CAVE	L 'EWART
STORIES		DAISY MILLER	JAMES
BALLAD OF THE SAD CAFE	MCCULLERS	DANDELION WINE	BRADBURY
BEANS OF EGYPT, MAINE	CHUTE	DAVID COPPERFIELD	DICKENS
BEAR	FAULKNER	DAM	WIESEL
BEAUTY	MCKINLEY	DEATH BE NOT PROUD	GUNTHER
BECKFT	ANOUILH	DEATH OF IVAN ILLYICH	TOLSTOY
BEING THERE	KOSINSKI	DEERSLAYER	COOPER
BENDIGO SHAFTER	L 'ARMOUR	DESIRE UNDER THE ELMS	O'NEILL
BIG WAVE	BUCK	DESIRE UNNOTICED	O'NEILL
BLACK LIKE ME	GRIFFIN	DIARY OF ADRIAN MOLE	TOWNSEND
BLESS THE BEASTS AND CHILDREN	SWARTHOUT	DIFFERENT SEASONS	KING
BLESS THE ULTIMA	ANAYA	DIVINE COMEDY	DANTE
BRIDGE OF SAN LUIS REY	WILDER	DOCTOR FAUSTUS	MARLOWE
BRIDGE TO TERABITHIA	PATERSON	DOCTOR ZHIVAGO	PASTERNAK
BRIGHTCH BEACH MEMOIRS	SIMON	DOLLMAKER	ARNOW
BROTHERS KARAMAZOV	DOSTOYEVSKY	DRACULA	STOKER
BRUEGEL	GIBSON	EAST OF EDEN	STEINBECK
BRUTE	CHEKHOV	EDISTO	POYELL
BURR	VIDAI	EFFECT OF GAMMA RAYS ON	ZINDEL
CAESAR AND CLEOPATRA	SHAW	MAN-IN-THE-MOON	
CAINE MUTINY	WOUK	ELEPHANT MAN	POMERANCE
CANNERY ROW	STEINBECK	EMPEROR JONES	O'NEILL



FAR FROM THE MADDING CROWD	HARDY	IVANHOE	SCOTT
FAREWELL MY LOVELY	CHANDLER	J.B.	MACLEISH
FAREWELL TO MANZANAR	HOUSTON	JACOB HAVE I LOVED	PATERSON
FATHER	STRINDBERG	JEALOUSY	ROBBE-GRILLET
FATHERS AND SONS	TURGENEV	JOHN GILLEY OF BAKER'S ISLAND	
FAUST	GOETHE	JOHNNY TREMAIN	FORBES
FELLOWSHIP OF THE RINGS	TOLKIEN	JOSEPH ANDREWS	FIELDING
FIVE SMOOTH STONES	FAIRBAIRN	KILLER ANGELS	SHAARA
FIXER	MALAHUD	KING MUST DIE	RENAULT
FOR WHOM THE BELL TOLLS	HEMINGWAY	LAST OF THE MOHICANS	COOPER
FOUNTAINHEAD	RAND	LESS THAN ZERO	ELLIS
FOUR GREAT PLAYS	IBSEN	LIGHT IN AUGUST	FAULKNER
FRENCH LIEUTENANT'S WOMAN	FOWLES	LILIES OF THE FIELD	BARRETT
	WEST	LION, THE WITCH AND THE	LEWIS
FRIENDLY PERSUASION	ARISTOPHANES	WARDROBE	LEWIS
FROGS AND OTHER PLAYS	FAULKNEP.	LITTLE BIG MAN	BERGER
GO DOWN, MOSES	BUCK	LONELINESS OF THE	SILLITOE
GOOD EARTH GOOD-BYE, MR. CHIPS	HILTON	LONG-DISTANCE RUNNER	31551105
	CAPOTE	LOST HORIZON	HILTON
GRASS HARP		LOST LADY	CATHER
GREAT DIVORCE	LEWIS	LYSISTRATA	ARISTOPHANES
HAIRY APE	O'NEILL HAWLEY	MADAME BOVARY	FLAUBERT
HEADMASTER'S PAPERS		MAJOR BARBARA	SHAW
HEART IS A LONELY HUNTER	MCCULLERS	MAN WITH A LOAD OF MISCHIEF	GRIMES
HEARTBREAK HOUSE	SHAW	MAN WIT OUT A COUNTRY	HALE
HEDDA GABLER	IBSEN	MANCH IN THE PROMISED LAND	
HEROES AND MONSTERS OF GREEK MYTH	EVSLIN	MARTIAN CHRONICLES	BRADBURY
HIDING PLACE	TEN BOOM	MASTER BUILDER	IBSEN
HIROSHIMA	HERSEY	MASTER HAROLD AND THE BOYS	FUGARD
HIS ENEMY, HIS FRIEND	TUNIS	MEDEA	EURIPIDES
HOUSE MADE OF DAWN	HOMADAY	MEDUSA AND THE SNAIL	THOMAS
HOW GREEN WAS MY VALLEY	LLEWELLYN	MEMBER OF THE WEDDING	MCCULLERS
HOWL	GINSBERG	MISANTHROPE	MOLIERE
HUMAN CONEDY	SAROYAN	MISER	MOL I ERE
HUMAN FACTOR	GREENE	MISERABLES	HUGO
HUNCHBACK OF NOTRE DAME	HUGO	MOLL FLANDERS	DEFOS
I AM THE CHEESE	CORMIER	MORTE D'ARTHUR	MALORY
I HEARD THE OWL CALL MY NAME		MOURNING BECOMES ELECTRA	O'NEILL
I NEVER PROMISED YOU A ROSE	CRAVEN GREEN	HOUSE THAT ROARED	WIBBERLEY
	ureen	MOZART	DAVENPORT
GARDEN I NEVER SANG FOR MY FATHER	ANDERSON	MURDER IN THE CATHEDRAL	E.IOT
- 1,2,2		MY LIFE AND HARD TIMES	THURBER
ICEMAN COMETH	O'NEILL	MYSTERIOUS STRANGER	TUAIN
IDYLLS OF THE KING	TENNYSON	NARRATIVE OF AN AMERICAN SLAVE	
ILLUSTRATED MAN	BRADBURY		•
IN OUR TIME	HEMINGWAY	NATURAL DOCTORY	MALAMUD
INFERNO	DANTE	NEIGHBOR ROSICKY	CATHER
INHERIT THE STARS	HOGAN	NICK ADAM STORIES	HENINGWAY
INTIMATE STRANGERS	RUBIN	NIGHT THOREAU SPENT IN JAIL	LAWRENCE
INVISIBLE MAN	ELLISON	NINE STORIES	SAL INGER
IRONWEED	KENNEDY	NO EXIT	SARTRE



NORTHANGER ABBEY	AUSTEN	SONG OF SOLOMON	MORRISON
9 PIONEERS!	CATHER	SONS AND LOVERS	LAWRENCE
OLIVER TWIST	DICKENS	SOUND AND SENSE	PERRINE
ON THE BEACH	SHUTE	SOUND AND THE FURY	FAULKNER
ONCE AND FUTURE KING	WHITE	SOUNDER	ARMSTRONG
ORESTEIA	AESCHYLUS	SOUNDING	SEARLS
OUTSIDERS	HINTON	SPOON RIVER ANTHOLOGY	MASTERS
OX-BOW INCIDENT	TILBURG CLARK	STORIES BY TOLSTOY	TOLSTOY
PALE HORSE, PALE SIDER	PORTER	STREETCAR NAMED DESIRE	WILLIAMS
PARADISE LUST	MILTON	SUMMER OF MY GERMAN SOLDIER	GREENE
PARDONER TALE	CHAUCER	TELL ME A RIDDLE	OLSEN
PASSAGE TO INDIA	FORSTER	TEMPEST	SHAKESPEARE
PENAL COLONY AND OTHER STORIES		TENDER IS THE NIGHT	FITZGERALD
PERE GORIOT	DE BALZAC	THEIR EYES WERE WATCHING GOD	HURSTON
PHILOCTETES	SOPHOCLES	THINGS FALL APART	ACHEBE
PICTURE OF DORIAN. GREY	MILDE	THREE FAMOUS NOVELS	FAULKNER
PILGRIM'S PROGRESS	BUNYAN	THROUGH THE LOOKING GLASS	CARROLL
PLAGUE	CAMUS	TO THE LIGHTHOUSE	WOOLF
PLAZA SUITE	SIMON	TOMBS OF ATUAN	LE GUIN
POWER AND THE GLORY	GREENE	TOO LATE THE PHALAROPE	PATON
PRINCE AND THE PAUPER	TWAIN	TORTILLA FLAT	STEINBECK
PRISONER OF SECOND AVENUE	SIMON	TREASURE ISLAND	STEVENSON
PUDD'NHEAD WILSON	TWAIN	TRIAL	KAFKA
R.U.R.	CAPEK	TURN OF THE SCREW	JAMES
RABBIT RUN	UPDIKE	UNCLE TOM'S CHILDREN	WRIGHT
RAGTIME	DOCTOROW	UNVANQUISHED	FAULKNER
REBECCA	DU MAURIER	UTOPIA	HORE
RED SKY AT MCRNING	BRAD FORD	VIEW FROM THE BRIDGE	MILLER
RESURRECTION	TOLSTOY	VIRGINIAN	WISTER
RIME OF THE ANCIENT MARINER	COLERIDGE	VOYAGE OF THE ARGO	APOLLONIUS
ROBE	<b>LFOAD</b>	WALKABOUT	MARSHALL
ROBINSON CRUS. JE	DEFOE	WARDAY	STREIBER
ROOM WITH A VIEW	FORSTER	WASHINGTON SQUARE	JAMES
ROOTS	HALEY	WATERSHIP DOWN	ADAMS
ROSENCRANTZ AND GUILDENSTERN	STOPPARD	WELCOME TO HARD TIMES	DOCTOROW
ARE DEAD		WEST SIDE STORY	BERNSTEIN
SAINT JOAN	SHAW	WHALE FOR THE KILLING	TTAWOM
SCARLET PIMPERNEL	ORCZY	WHERE THE RED FERN GROWS	RAWLS
SEA WOLF	LONDON	WHO'S AFRAID OF VIRGINIA WOOLF	ALBEE
SECRET SHARER	CONRAD	WIFE OF BATH'S TALE	CHAUCER
SEIZE THE DAY	BELLON	WILD DUCK	IBSEN
SHADOW BOX	CHRISTOPHER	WINFSBURG, GHIO	ANDERSON
SHANE	SHAEFER	WINSLOW BOY	FATTIGAN
SHORT STORIES	HAWTHORNE	WITCH OF BLACKBIRD POND	SPEARE
SHORT STORIES OF EDGAR ALLAN	POE	WIZARD OF EARTHSEA	LE GUIN
POE		WOMAN WARRIOR	KINGSTON
SHORT STORIES OF HEMINGWAY	HEMI NGWAY	WRINKLE IN TIME	L'ENGLE
SIBYL	LAGERKVIST	YEARLING	RAWLINGS
SIDDHARTHA	HESSE	ZEN AND THE ART OF MOTORCYCLE	PIRSIG
SILENT SPRING	CARSON	MAINTENANCE	
SLAUGHTERHOUSE FIVE	VONNEGUT	ZOO STORY/AMERICAN DREAM	ALBEE
SNOWS OF KILAMANJARO	HEMINGWAY		



Appendix 8
The Survey Instrument



#### NATIONAL SURVEY OF BOOK LENGTH LITERARY WORKS

Please list for each grade in your school the book length works which all students in any English class study, and supply the additional information requested.

WORKS TO BE LISTED:

Novels

Full-length plays

Book-length poems

Complete volumes of essays by a single

author

Complete volumes of short stories by a

single author

Biographies and autobiographies

WORKS NOT TO BE LISTED:
Anthologies
Selections from longer works
Abridgments of longer works
One-act plays
Poems of less than
book length
Single essays
Single short stories
Anything less than a
complete work

Return the questionnaire to:

Center for the Learning and Teaching of Literature 1400 Washington Avenue Albany, N.Y. 12222

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