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ABSTRACT

The North Carolina End-cf-Course Testing Program as established to provide student, school, and school system information about achievement in high school courses. It appears that more than 40 percent of a class of students and approximately 60 percent of Algebra I students take Algebra II. Each Algebra II student took a test containing one of four statistically equivalent 56-item cores and one of four different sets of 10 items during the final days of the school year. The average score on the 56-item core test was 36.2 or 64.6 percent correct. Performance on the core test differed by parental education, ethnic group, grade level in school, and anticipated final course grade. The select group of students taking Algebra II in the tenth grade had higher average scores than students at any other grade level. Average performance on the basic goals taught early in the course was higher than average performance on the more complex goals taught at the end of the course. Also, it appears that some areas of the curriculum need greater emphasis statewide. The appendix provides the performance in regions and school systems, student characteristics, and state percentile tables. (Author/YP)

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ABSTRACT

The North Carolina End-of-Course Testing Program was established to provide student, school, and school system information about achievement in high school courses. The first Algebra I End-of-Course Test was administered in 1985-86. Algebra II and Biology were added to the testing program in 1986-87 and U.S. History was added in 1987-88. Other high school courses will be added in future years.

The 36,414 students who took the Algebra II End-of-Course Test in 1987-88 were a subgroup of the high school population. School systems vary in the proportion of students that take Algebra II during their school career and in the proportion of students that take Algebra II at different grade levels. Algebra II is generally the third course in the mathematics sequence following Algebra I and Geometry. It appears that more than 40 percent of a class of students and approximately 60 percent of Algebra I students take Algebra II. Although students whose parents have no more than a high school education and black students appear to be underrepresented in Algebra II classes across the state, the proportion of Algebra II students that are black has increased.

Each Algebra II student took a test containing one of four statistically equivalent 56-item cores and one of four different sets of 10 items during the final days of the school year. The average score on the 56-item core test was 36.2 or 64.6 percent correct. Performance on the core test differed by parental education, ethnic group, grade level in school, and anticipated final course grade. Most of the students taking Algebra II in the tenth grade are on an accelerated course sequence which includes Algebra I in the eighth grade, Geometry in the ninth grade and Algebra II in the tenth grade. The select group of students taking Algebra II in the tenth grade had higher average scores than students at any other grade level. The standards for tenth-grade performance appear to be higher than the standards for other students.

Schools and school systems can identify strengths and weaknesses in their instructional programs by examining relative performance on the goals and objectives measured by the 264 items administered in 1988. Average performance on the basic goals taught early in the course was higher than average performance on the more complex goals taught at the end of the course. Also, it appears that some areas of the curriculum need greater emphasis statewide.



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TABLE OF CONTENTS

						Page
Introduction			•	•	•	1
Characteristics of Algebra II Students		•	•	•		2
Student Performance on the Core Test	•	•		•	•	4
Combining Performance and Participat Yield and Effective Yield	tion:		•			6
Anticipated Finai Grades and Scores of the Core Test	n · .		•	•	•	9
Average Performance on the Curriculu	m Test			•	•	12
Appendix						
Appendix Algebra II Core and Goal Performance Regions and Public School System		ational				19
Algebra II Box and Whisker Plots of C Education Regions and Public Sch	Core Sco		•	•	•	19
Algebra II Core Performance, Participa Effective Yield for Public School S				•		19
Characteristics of the Algebra II Studen in Public School Systems .	nts .				•	19
State Percentile Tables for 1987-1988						19



ü

List of Tables

				Page
1.	North Carolina Algebra II Students Compared with 1987-88 First-Month Average Daily Membership in Tenth, Eleventh, and Twelfth Grades			3
	1987-88 K-12 Pupil Membership, Algebra I, and Algebra II Students by Ethnic Group			3
	Parental Education of Eighth-Grade, Algebra I, and Algebra II Students	•	•	3
2.	Average Performance on Algebra II Core Test: 1987-1988		•	5
3.	Algebra II Yield and Effective Yield Indices for 1987-1988		•	9
4.	Average 56-Item Core Scores by Anticipated Final Grade and Percentage of Students Receiving Each Grade: Algebra II End-of-Course Test: 1987-1988	•	•	10
5.	Average 56-Item Core Scores by Anticipated Final Grade and Percentage of Students Receiving Each Grade within Tenth and Eleventh Grades: Algebra II End-of-Course Test: 1987-1988			10
6.	1988 Summary Results for Algebra II: 56-Item Core Test and 264-Item Curriculum Test		•	13
7.	1988 Summary Results for Algebra II Goals and Objectives	•		15
Append	dix			
8.	1988 Regional Summary Results for Algebra II: 56-Item Core Test and 264-Item Curriculum Test .			20
9.	1988 School System Summary Results for Algebra II: 56-Item Core Test and 264-Item Curriculum Test .		•	21
10.	Core Performance, Participation Rate, Yield, and Effective Yield; Algebra II: 1987-1988		•	38
11.	Select Characteristics of Algebra II Students in Public School Systems: 1988	•	•	46
12.	State Percentile Table for 1987			54
13.	State Percentile Table for 1988		•	55



List of Figures

					Page
1.	Box and Whisker Plot of Distribution of 1988 Statewick Algebra II Core Scores with Interpretive Legend	le	ē		4
2.	Distributions of Algebra II Core Scores by Sex - 1988			•	7
3.	Distributions of Algebra II Core Scores by Ethnic Group 1988			•	7
4.	Distributions of Algebra II Core Scores by Parental Education 1988	•		•	8
5.	Distributions of Algebra II Core Scores by Grade Level 1988				8
6.	Distributions of Algebra II Core Scores by Anticipated Final Grade 1988	•	•	•	11
Append	lix				
7.	Distributions of Algebra II Core Scores by Region				29
8.	Distributions of Algebra II Core Scores by School Systems in the Northeast Region 1988	•		•	30
9.	Distributions of Algebra II Core Scores by School Systems in the Southeast Region 1988			•	31
10.	Distributions of Algebra II Core Scores by School Systems in the Central Region 1988			•	32
11.	Distributions of Algebra II Core Scores by School Systems in the South Central Region 1988	3	•	•	33
12.	Distributions of Algebra II Core Scores by School Systems in the North Central Region 1988	3	•	•	34
13.	Distributions of Algebra II Core Scores by School Systems in the Southwest Region 1988		•	•	35
14.	Distributions of Algebra II Core Scores by School Systems in the Northwest Region 1988	•	•	•	36
15.	Distributions of Algebra II Core Scores by School Systems in the Western Region 1988	•	•		37



NORTH CAROLINA END-OF-COURSE TESTING PROGRAM

ALGEBRA II - 1988

Introduction

North Carolina is in the process of developing end-of-course tests within several subject areas. The purposes of the tests are twofold:

- 1. The tests will provide information about each individual student's performance relative to that of other students in North Carolina.
- 2. The tests will provide information about school and school system achievement on the subject area goals and objectives specified in the Standard Course of Study and the Teacher Handbook.

The development of the end-of-course tests will require many years of effort. End-of-course tests are the final product of a process which includes: curriculum development and review; statewide curriculum surveys; test specification; the writing, review, and field-testing of a large pool of test items matched to objectives in the *Teacher Handbook*; test construction using selected items from the pool; and review, field-testing, and equating of different forms of each test. Several forms of each end-of-course test are developed so that the same tests are not administered in subsequent years.

Based on statewide enrollment patterns and recommendations made by two commissions on education, the end-of-course tests chosen for initial development were Biology and Algebra I. Item pools for these two courses were built in the spring of 1985. The results of the item development phase indicated that the Algebra I items were sufficient in quality and quantity to merit building end-of-course tests. Additional Biology items and an item bank for Algebra II were developed during the 1985-86 school year, including field-testing in selected sites in May of 1986. In addition to Algebra I, both Biology and Algebra II End-of-Course Tests were administered statewide at the end of the 1986-87 school year. U.S. History items were field tested in 1986-87 and the U.S. History End-of-Course Test was added in 1987-88. Geometry and Chemistry items, including proofs for Geometry, were developed and field tested during 1987-88. Current plans are to add the Chemistry and Geometry End-of-Course Tests to the administration of end-of-course tests at the end of the 1988-89 school year.

Although end-of-course tests for different subject areas will vary in length, 110 minutes will be sufficient for administration in all subjects. The State Board of Education requires that end-of-course tests be administered during 110-minute periods within the last 10 days of school, and recommends that they be administered during final exam periods.

The first North Carolina Algebra II End-of-Course Test was administered at the end of the 1986-87 school year. Unlike other end-of-course tests, one form of a 56-item test was administered in each classroom. In 1988, four Algebra II test forms were administered in each classroom in order to collect more information about performance in particular areas of the curriculum. Each form consisted of a 56-item statistically equivalent core and 10 variable items. Comparisons of performance on the core items are appropriately made across individual students. Due to the change in administrative procedure, performance on the 1988 core tests cannot be compared with 1987 performance. Therefore, average core scores at the 1988 administration will provide a baseline with which to compare future performance. Statewide performance on the entire set of 264 items provides a standard to which school and school system achievement of goals and objectives can be compared.



Characteristics of Algebra II Students

Other North Carolina testing programs assess achievement in basic subject areas of an entire cohort or class of students. End-of-course assessments are different in two ways. First, some of the courses are offered to students at different grade levels. Second, some courses are not required of all students; the students who do take the courses are a subgroup of the total student population.

Table 1 compares certain characteristics of both Algebra I and Algebra II students with the broader population of all enrolled students. The top portion of the table provides the distribution of Algebra II students at various grade levels compared with the average daily membership in those grades. While the largest percentage of Algebra II students (50.2) was in the eleventh grade, 26.6 percent were in the tenth grade and 21.9 percent were in the twelfth grade. Most students taking Algebra II in the tenth grade are on an accelerated course sequence which includes Algebra I in the eighth grade, Geometry in the ninth grade and Algebra II in the tenth grade.

A cross section of 36,414 students took Algebra II in different grade levels in 1987-88. An estimate of 40.4 percent of a cohort, or class, of students who will eventually take Algebra II in their school career was obtained by using enrollment in ninth grade as a cohort estimate. This estimate varies considerably among school systems, from a low of 15.3 percent to a high of 71.0 percent (see Table 11 in the Appendix). In an independent study using a random sample of eleventh-grade students, 49.4 percent of North Carolina's and 46.8 percent of the nation's students report having taken Algebra II.¹

Students who take Algebra II must have successfully completed Algebra I.² Using the cross section of students taking Algebra II in 1987-88, it is estimated that approximately 60 percent of Algebra I students will eventually take Algebra II.

The second section of Table 1 compares the ethnic composition of Algebra II with the ethnic composition of K-12 pupil membership.³ Compared with their distribution in the total school population, black students appear to be underrepresented and white students appear to be overrepresented in Algebra II classrooms across the state. Although there are fewer black students taking Algebra II than would be expected if the proportion of black students was the same in Algebra II as in the school population, slightly more of North Carolina's black eleventh-grade students (36.7 percent) report having taken Algebra II than the nation's black eleventh-grade students (34.0 percent).¹ In addition, the gap in participation by ethnic group has narrowed slightly since 1986-87.

The third section of Table 1 compares parental education levels of Algebra II students with parental education levels of students in the eighth grade statewide.⁴ Students who have parents with an education beyond high school composed 73.3 percent of Algebra II students but only 41.6 percent of the eighth-grade class. On the other hand, students with less educated parents appear to be underrepresented in Algebra II classes across the state. Among eleventh graders, 20.9 percent of North Carolina students and 26.5 percent of the nation's students whose parents have less than a Ligh school education report that they have taken Algebra II.¹



¹Southern Regional Education Board (1987) and National Assessment of Educational Progress (1986) Assessment of Mathematics.

²In a 1987 random sample of North Carolina high schools, 76 percent report using grades in prerequisite courses as a criterion for enrollment in Algebra II. Approximately 64 percent of 1986-87 Algebra I students had an anticipated final grade of 'C' or better.

³Obtained from Table 11, North Carolina Public Schools, Statistical Profile 1988.

⁴Teachers recorded education level of the most educated parent of eighth-grade students taking the California Achievement Tests in 1987-88. Algebra II students recorded education level of their most educated parent.

Table 1

North Carolina Algebra II Students¹ Compared with 1987-88 First-Month Average Daily Membership in Tenth, Eleventh, and Twelfth Grades

Grade	ADM	Algebra II Students ¹	Percent of ADM	Percent of Algebra II Students
Tenth	85,783	9,702	11.3	26.6
Eleventh	80,154	18,276	22.8	50.2
Twelfth	71,308	7,916	11.2	21.9
Other		460		1.3
TOTAL	237,245	36,414	15.3	100.0

Percent of a class of students² taking Algebra II = 40.4 Percent of a class of students² taking Algebra I = 66.2

1987-1988 K-12 Pupil Membership³, Algebra I, and Algebra II Students by Ethnic Group

Ethnic Group	Membership	Percent of Membership	Algebra I Students ¹	Percent of Algebra I	Algebra II Students ¹	Percent of Algebra II
American Indian	17,756	1.6	<i>7</i> 74	1.3	351	1.0
Black	328,670	30.3	15,540	26.2	6,905	19.0
White	726,181	66.9	42,177	71.0	28,330	78.1
Other	12,337	1.1	926	1.6	697	1.9
TOTAL	1,084,944	99.9	59,417	100.1	36,283	100.0

Parental Education of Eighth-Grade, Algebra I, and Algebra II Students

Parental Education	Eighth Grade Students ⁴	Percent of Students ⁴	Algebra I Students ¹	Percent of Algebra I	Algebra II Students ¹	Percent of Algebra II
Eighth Grade or Less	2,186	2.9	569	1.0	216	.6
8th to 12th	11,126	14.5	5,161	8.8	1,687	4.7
High School Graduate	31,474	41.0	16,471	28.1	7,752	21.5
More Than High School	31,893	41.6	36,516	62.2	26,476	73.3
TOTAL	76,679	100.0	58,717	100.1	36,131	100.1

¹As identified in the 1987-1988 administration of the Algebra 1 or Algebra II End-of-Course Test.



²The 1987-88 ninth-grade class was used as a proxy for a class of students.

³Obtained from Table 11, North Carolina Public Schools, Statistical Profile 1988

⁴As identified in 1987-88 administration of the California Achievement Tests.

Student Performance on the Core Test

Summary scores for the 1987 and 1988 56-item core test are presented in Table 2. In 1988, the average score for the 36,414 students taking the test was 36.2, or 64.6 percent correct. Due to administrative differences between the 1987 and 1988 testing, scores on the 1988 test cannot be directly compared with scores on the 1987 test. Performance on the 1988 Algebra II Test will provide a standard to which growth in Algebra II achievement can be compared in future years.

Group achievement on tests, whether for schools, school systems, or the state, is usually reported using summary numbers such as the average or median which indicate typical performance for the group. One number, whether it is the average or the median score, provides limited information about performance. Box and whisker plots are graphs which describe not only typical performance, but also the performance of most of the students by showing the spread of scores. Box and whisker plots allow the comparison of the high and low scores for different groups as well as the middle scores.

Figure 1 shows how to interpret the box and whisker plots using statewide Algebra II scores for 1987-88. The box represents the middle 50 percent of scores with the median represented by a horizontal line inside the box. An 'x' inside the box shows the location of the average (mean) score. The whiskers extend up to the 90th percentile and down to the 10th percentile. The entire figure shows the range of the middle 80 percent of scores. As can be seen in Figure 1, the middle 50 percent of Algebra II students answered between 28 and 45 items correctly. Ten percent of the Algebra II students scored above 51 and ten percent scored at or below 21.

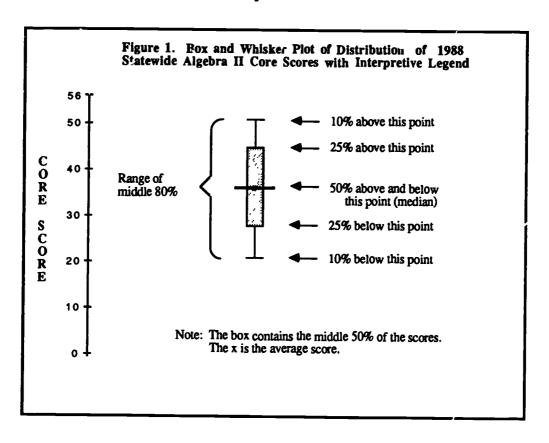




Table 2
Average Performance on Algebra II Core Test: 1987--1988

	Number Tested	Average Score	Average Percent Correct	Number Tested	Average Score	Average Percent Correct
State	36,633	<i>3</i> 7.7	67.2	36,414	36.2	64.6
Sex Male Female	16,367 20,070	38.1 37.3	68.0 66.7	16,174 20,154	36.4 36.0	65.1 64.2
Ethnic Group American Indian Black White Other	382 6,432 28,579 637	33.6 33.2 38.6 42.8	59.9 59.4 68.9 76.5	351 6,905 28,330 697	32.1 31.7 37.2 41.8	57.3 56.5 66.4 74.6
Parental Education Less than Eighth Gra Eighth to Twelfth High School Graduat More than Twelfth	de 220 1,749	33.6 34.3 35.6 38.7	60.0 61.2 63.5 69.1	216 1,687 7,752 26,476	34.8 32.2 34.0 37.1	62.1 57.5 60.7 66.3
Grade in School Ten Eleven Twelve Other	10,619 18,614 6,823 577	43.0 36.7 31.5 42.8	76.7 65.6 56.2 76.5	9,702 18,276 7,976 460	42.8 35.1 30.2 44.0	76.3 62.7 53.9 78.6
Type of Class Regular Algebra II Honors Algebra II	28,080 6,311	36.1 44.3	64.5 79.1	29,216 5,918	34.6 44.3	61. 8 79.1

Table 2 also shows average performance on the 56-item core test by sex, parental education, ethnic group, grade in school, and type of class. Figures 2 through 5 show the distributions of Algebra II scores by various groups using box and whisker plots.

Average performance for males was similar to average performance for females. The distributions of scores are also similar for males and females. On average, white students and 'other' students scored higher than American Indian students and black students. Although students who have parents educated beyond high school had higher average scores than students who have less educated parents, the distributions of scores are similar for all education groups.

The largest difference in average scores appeared among students taking Algebra II in different grade levels. Only 11.3 percent of the tenth-grade class took Algebra II; this select group of high achieving students scored higher than any other group. The average score for tenth-grade students was 42.8, more than 7 points higher than the average score for eleventh-grade students, and more than 12 points higher than the average score for twelfth-grade students. In addition, students in honors Algebra II classes scored significantly higher than students in regular Algebra II classes In Figure 5 it can be seen that 90 percent of tenth grade students scored above 29 while less than 75 percent of eleventh grade students scored above this point.

The 16.8 percent of Algebra II students who are in honors Algebra II classes achieved an average score of 44.3 while students in regular Algebra II classes achieved an average score of 34.6.

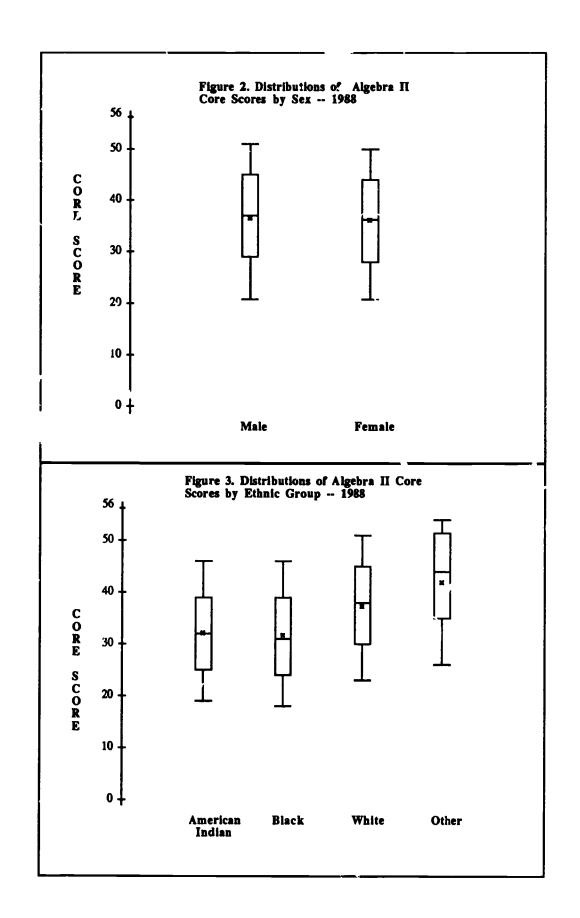
Combining Performance and Participation: Yield and Effective Yield

Since Algebra II is a selective course not taken by all students, performance may be related to participation within school systems or throughout the state. For example, if only the top 20 percent of students take Algebra II, scores will necessarily be higher than if the top 50 percent take Algebra II. Yield is an index of the effectiveness of an Algebra II program which takes into account both participation and performance. It is calculated by multiplying the percent of a class taking Algebra II by the percent of core items answered correctly and then multiplying by 100. Yield would be 100 if all students took Algebra II and all students achieved a perfect score. For the state, approximately 40.4 percent of a class of students took Algebra II in 1987-88 and these students achieved an average of 64.6 percent of core items correct, producing a yield of 26.1. If average achievement does not change, yield will increase whenever participation increases.

Effective Yield is a similar index but it counts as 'participating' in Algebra II only those students whose achievement is above a certain cutoff point. This cutoff point is an estimation of whether or not they will pass the course. The estimate for the cutoff point is 24. In 1986-87 Algebra II teachers indicated that approximately 11.1 percent of their students would receive a final grade of 'F'; the same year about 10.4 percent of students received a score below 24. For the state, the 'effective' percent of a class, i.e. students scoring at or above 24 in 1987-88, was 31,437 of the 90,202 students estimated to be in the cohort, or 34.9 percent, producing an effective yield of 22.5. Effective yield will be the same as yield only when all students taking Algebra II achieve at or above the estimated passing score of 24. Therefore, the effective yield index will normally be lower than the yield index.

Table 3 shows the yield and effective yield indices for 1987 and 1988. Although the rate of participation in Algebra II increased slightly between 1987 and 1988, the lower 1988 scores (due to the differences between the 1987 and 1988 test administrations) resulted in slightly lower yield indices.





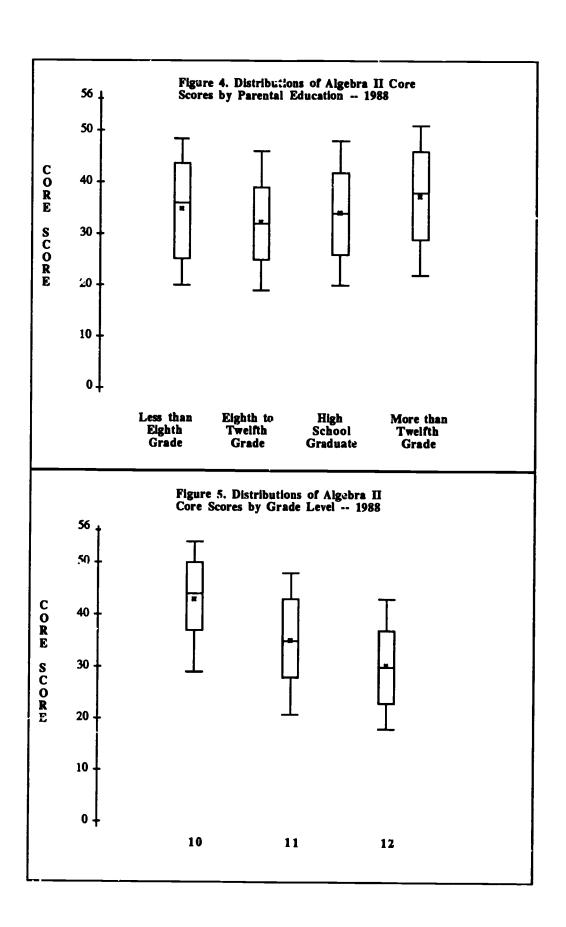




Table 3

Algebra II Yield and Effective Yield Indices for 1987--1988

	1987	1988
Yield	26.3	26.1
Effective Yield	23.6	22.5

The 1987 and 1988 core performance, participation (percent of class), yield, and effective yield for all 140 school systems in the state are presented by region in Table 10 in the Appendix. Comparisons among school systems should always be sensitive to the fact that the social and demographic factors which are strongly related to differences in achievement are not distributed evenly across the state. These factors influence the yield indices as well as performance. For example, school systems in high socio-economic areas should have both high participation and performance, resulting in high yield and effective yield indices. One appropriate comparison might be among school systems with similar socio-economic characteristics. Another would involve comparing yield and effective yield indices for a school system across time to look for changes in participation and performance.

Anticipated Final Grades and Scores on the Core Test

Algebra II teachers were asked to record each student's anticipated final grade on each answer sheet after the test was administered. Final grades were recorded for 35,738 of 36,414 Algebra II students. Table 4 gives the average score for various grade groups on the test and the percentage. If students who were to receive the various grades for 1987 and 1988. A consistent difference of bout 5 raw score points was observed between score averages for different anticipated final grades. This pattern is an indication of test validity in that the results parallel the grading practices of teachers. The average for 'C' students was similar to the statewide average in both years, placing these students in the middle of the score distribution.

Table 5 compares the average scores by anticipated grades between tenth and eleventh-grade students for 1987 and 1988. Average scores for the select group of tenth-grade students have been consistently higher than those for eleventh-grade students at each anticipated final grade. Greater proportions of students receive 'A's or 'B's in the tenth grade than in the eleventh grade and greater proportions of eleventh-grade students receive 'C's, 'D's or 'F's than tenth-grade students.

Box and whisker plots for the score distributions for each letter grade are displayed in Figure 6. The plot illustrates the spread of score points within letter grades and overlap in distributions across letter grades. For example, while the typical 'F' student scored well below the typical 'D' student, approximately 10 percent of 'F' students received an above average core score.



Table 4

Average 56-Item Core Scores by Anticipated Final Grade and Percentage of Students Receiving Each Grade*:
Algebra II End-of-Course Test: 1987-88

Grades A B C D F		987		1988					
Grades	Average Scores	Percentages	Average Scores	Percentages					
Α	47.5	14.9	47.1	14.2					
В	42.1	25.8	41.2	25.0					
С	36.9	27.8	35.6	27.6					
D	32.1	20.4	30.3	21.4					
F	26.5	11.1	24.8	11.8					

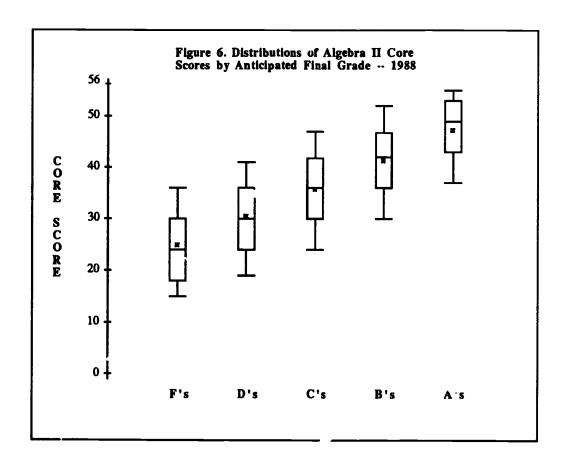
Table 5

Average 56-Item Core Scores by Anticipated Final Grade and Percentage of Students Receiving Each Grade within Tenth and Eleventh Grades:
Algebra II End-of-Course Test: 1987-1988

		19	87			19	88	
	Average	Scores	Percer	ntages	Average	Scores	Percen	tages
Grades	Grade 10	Grade 11	Grade 10	Grade 11	Grade 10	Grade 11	Grade 10	Ğrade 11
Α	49.1	45.9	25.8	12.3	49.2	45.1	27.4	11.5
В	44.8	40.9	34.4	24.8	44.4	39.8	33.7	24.9
C	40.5	36.4	24.8	29.4	39.9	34.8	24.4	29.8
D	34.8	32.5	10.5	21.8	33.8	30.4	10.6	21.7
F	28.8	27.0	4.5	11.7	27.2	25.2	4.0	12.1

*1987: N=33,519 1988: N=35,738





Average Performance on the Curriculum Test

Table 6 shows average performance on the goals as measured by the 264 items assessed in 1988, for all Algebra II students in the state, and by sex, ethnic group, parental education level, and grade in school. Performance on objectives measured by 4 or more items in 1988 is presented in Table 7. Goal and objective scores yield important information about performance within specific areas in the curriculum. The average percentage correct of all items measured in 1988 is 64.6.

In general, Algebra II goals and objectives are cumulative and sequential and therefore usually increase in difficulty and complexity from Goal 1 through Goal 15.1 Average performance on the goals reflects this pattern with higher average scores occurring on the early goals and lower average scores occurring on the later goals.

Performance on Goal 1, in which students review the language of Algebra, was higher than that on any other goal. The two goals in which students perform operations with real numbers (Goal 3) or polynomials (Goal 6) also had average percentage correct scores above 70 percent. On the other hand, when students had to perform operations with algebraic fractions (Goal 7), average performance was 57.5 percent correct. Of the objectives reported in Goals 3 and 6, performance was above 80 percent correct on objectives in which students add real numbers, add polynomials, multiply a polynomial by a monomial, multiply two binomials, and factor quadratic polynomials. When the student had to factor polynomials completely in problems involving multiple steps (Objective 6.15), average performance dropped to just over 50 percent correct.

Three goals focus on solutions to equations. Among these goals, average performance was highest (67.2 percent) on Goal 5, "solve systems of linear equations" and lowest on Goal 9, "solve quadratic equations". When the problems involve linear equations and inequalities (Goal 4), average performance was 57.2 percent. Three of the objectives reported this year for these goals had average percentage correct scores above 70 percent: Objective 4.3: "solve equations with rational coefficients", Objective 5.2: "find the solution sets of systems of two linear equations in two variables (5), and Objective 5.6: "solve systems of linear equations by using Cramer's Rule."

In Goals 8, 10, 12, and 14, students solve various types of special problems. When the problems involve radical expressions or complex numbers (Goals 8 and 10), the average performance was close to that of average performance overall. The lowest performance for any goal occurred on those with the few problems involving variation, logarithmic functions, or exponential functions (Goals 12 and 14).

Using analytic geometry to solve problems is the subject of Goal 11. The important concepts covered in this goal lay part of the foundation for understanding advanced mathematics such as calculus. Average performance on the 20 items measuring this goal was 51.9 percent correct.

Statewide performance across all Algebra II goals and objectives shows areas of strength and areas in which improvement is needed. As schools and school systems examine their own performance on these goals and objectives, they can identify patterns of strengths and weaknesses relative to statewide performance.

¹A curriculum survey of all North Carolina Algebra II teachers determined that several Algebra II objectives, including all of the objectives for Goal 13, are not basic to all Algebra II classes. They are included in the *Teacher Handbook* as enrichment objectives and are not tested on the End-of-Course Tests.



Table 6

1988 Summary Results for Algebra II: 56-Item Core Test and 264-Item Curriculum Test

STATE REPORT

GOALS

GOAL 1: USE THE LANGUAG GOAL 2: LOCATE NUMBERS GOAL 3: PERFORM OPERAT: GOAL 4: SOLVE LINEAR EG GOAL 5: SOLVE SYSTEMS G GOAL 6: PERFORM OPERAT: GOAL 7: PERFORM OPERAT:	ON NUMBE IONS WITH QUATIONS OF LINEAR IONS WITH	R LINI REAL AND II EQUA' POLYI	NUMB NEQUA TIONS NOMIA	ERS LITIE: LS	S		NE	GOAL GOAL GOAL GOAL	9: 5 10: 5 11: U 12: 5 14: 5	SOLVE SOLVE JSE AN SOLVE SOLVE TUNCTI	QUADR PROBL ALYTI PROBL PROBL ONS	ATIC EMS I C GEO EMS I EMS I	EQUATI NVOLVI METRY NVOLVI NVOLVI	IONS ING CO TO SO ING VA	OMPLE OLVE ARIAT OGARI	L EXPRI	ERS MS AND EX	PONENT:	IAL
	NUMBER TESTED	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	14	15	AVG CORE	CORE	AVG ALL ITEMS	PCT ALL ITEMS
NUMBER OF ITEMS		23	18	30	20	24	55	23	23	9	3					56		264	264
ALL STUDENTS TESTED	36414			70.7	57.2	67.2	71.9	57.5	61.9	50.1	63.4					36.2		170.5	64.6
SEX																			
MALE	16174	79.0	67.2	72.2	57.2	67.8	71.3	56.3	62.0	50.3	64.0	53.6	48.5	48.0	58.5	36.4	65.1	171.8	65.1
FEMALE	20154																		64.2
PARENTAL EDUCATION																			
LESS THAN 8TH	216	74.8	63.6	66.6	53.6	64.1	70.5	56.9	60.9	50.8	59.6	50.0	37.2	42.8	46.9	34.8	62.1	164.0	62.1
8TH TO 12TH	1687	72.9	58.6	64.1	48.9	60.1	66.5	50.6	53.7	42.6	54.6	42.4	35.5	41.0	42.9	32.2	57.5	151.9	57.5
HIGH SCHOOL	7752	75.9	61.1	67.5	52.6	63.1	68.8	53.2	57.6	46.5	59.6	47.1	39.6	43.3	48.5	34.0	60.7	160.4	60.7
MORE THAN 12TH	26476	79.8	66.8	72.2	59.1	69.0	73.2	59.3	63.8	51.7	65.2	54.0	47.7	49.7	56.2	37.1	66.3	174.9	66.2

NOTE: THE NUMBER OF ITEMS MEASURING EACH GOAL WILL VARY ACROSS YEARS. THE NUMBER OF ITEMS IN EACH GOAL AREA IS DIRECTLY PROPORTIONAL TO THE NUMBER OF OBJECTIVES FOR THE GOAL. FOUR FORMS OF A 66-ITEM TEST WERE ADMINISTERED IN EVERY CLASSROOM. FIFTY-SIX OF THE SIXTY-SIX ITEMS WERE EQUATED ACROSS THE FOUR FORMS (CORE). THE REMAINING 10 ITEMS VARIED BY FORM, SO THAT 264 ITEMS WERE MEASURED IN EVERY CLASSROOM. GOAL AREAS INCLUDE BOTH CORE AND VARIABLE ITEMS.



STATE REPORT

GOALS

GOAL 1: USE THE LANGUAGE OF ALGEBRA
GOAL 2: LOCATE NUMBERS ON NUMBER LINE AND COORDINATE PLANE
GOAL 3: PERFORM OPERATIONS WITH REAL NUMBERS
GOAL 4: SOLVE LINEAR EQUATIONS AND INEQUALITIES
GOAL 5: SOLVE SYSTEMS OF LINEAR EQUATIONS
GOAL 6: PERFORM OPERATIONS WITH POLYNOMIALS
GOAL 7: PERFORM OPERATIONS WITH ALGEBRAIC FRACTIONS
GOAL 10: SOLVE PROBLEMS INVOLVING COMPLEX NUMBERS
GOAL 11: USE ANALYTIC GEOMETRY TO SOLVE PROBLEMS
GOAL 12: SOLVE PROBLEMS INVOLVING VARIATION
GOAL 14: SOLVE PROBLEMS INVOLVING VARIATION
GOAL 14: SOLVE PROBLEMS INVOLVING LOGARITHMIC AND EXPONENTIAL
FUNCTIONS

GOAL 15: INVESTIGATE SOME TECHNIQUES FOR PROBLEM SOLVING

			NUMBER TESTED	GOAL 1	GOAL 2	GOAL 3	GOAL 4	GOAL 5	GOAL 6	GOAL 7	GOAL 8	GOAL 9	GOAL 10	GOAL 11	GOAL 12	GOAL 14	GOAL 15	AVG CORE	PCT CORE	AVG ALL ITEMS	PCT ALL ITEMS
	NUMBER OF	ITEMS		23	18	30	20	24	55	23	23	9	3	20	2	6	8	56	56	264	264
GRADE IN SCH	HOOL																				
TEN			9702	86.2	76.0	80.7	71.7	79.7	81.9	71.3	75.8	64.0	76.7	66.3	58.4	59.9	67.4	42.7	76.3	201.5	76.3
ELEVEN			18276	77.5	63.3	69.2	54.5	65.4	70.6	55.1	59.7	47.5	61.2	49.0	43.0	45.4	51.6	35.1	62 7	165.4	62.7
TWE LVE			7976	71.0	55.6	61.3	44.5	55.4	62.2	45.4	49.3	38.2	51.0	40.2	33.9	37.5	41.4	30.2	53.9	112 1	53.8
OTHER			460	87.1	78.5	82.0	74.9	82.3	83.3	⁷ 4.1	78.8	69.0	80.5	69.6	55.3	64.9	65.6	44.0	78.6	207.3	78.5
THNIC GROUE	?																				
AMER.IND	(AN		351	72.0	55.7	64.7	48.8	58.3	67.3	49.1	52.7	43.8	53.7	43.9	42.8	35.3	47.3	32.1	57.3	151.3	57.3
BLACK			6905	71.8	56.4	62.6	47.3	57.4	65.5	50.5	52.9	41.8	53.6	42.9	35.7	40.9	40.6	31.7	56.5	148.9	56.4
WHITE			28330	80.1	67.2	72.6	59.4	69.5	73.3	59.1	63.9	51.9	65.6	53.9	47.3	49.4	56.9	37.2	66.4	175.4	66.4
OTHER			697	84.5	75.0	78.4	69.8	76.0	79.8	70.8	74.3	64.	72.6	66.2	55.8	62.2	61.9	41.8	74.6	196.9	74.6

NOTE: THE NUMBER OF ITEMS MEASURING EACH GOAL WILL VARY ACROSS YEARS. THE NUMBER OF ITEMS IN EACH GOAL AREA IS DIRECTLY PROPORTIONAL TO THE NUMBER OF OBJECTIVES FOR THE GOAL. FOUR FORMS OF A 66-ITEM TEST WERE ADMINISTERED IN EVERY CLASSROOM. FIFTY-SIX OF THE SIXTY-SIX ITEMS WERE EQUATED ACROSS THE FOUR FORMS (CORE). THE REMAINING 10 ITEMS VARIED BY FORM, SO THAT 264 ITEMS WERE MEASURED IN EVERY CLASSROOM. GOAL AREAS INCLUDE BOTH CORE AND VARIABLE ITEMS.

631 22

Table 7

1988 Summary Results for Algebra II Goals and Objectives

GOAL 1:	USE THE LANGUAGE OF ALGEBRA (23)	78.5
1.1:	USE THE ORDER OF OPERATIONS & EVALUATE ALGEBRAIC EXPRESSIONS (4)	80.6
1.2:	TRANSLATE ENGLISH WORDS & PHRASES INTO MATHEMATICAL LANGUAGE (5)	75.8
1.3:	USE THE PROPERTIES OF ADDITION TO SIMPLIFY ARITHMETIC & ALGEBRAIC EXPRESSIONS (5)	75.6
1.4:	USE THE PROPERTIES OF MULTIPLICATION TO SIMPLIFY ARITHMETIC & ALGEBRAIC EXPRESSIONS (4)	71.6
.5:	USE THE DISTRIBUTIVE PROPERTY OF MULTIPLICATION OVER ADDITIO' TO SIMPLIFY ARITHMETIC & ALGEBRAIC EXPRESSIONS (5)	88.2
GOAL 2:	LOCATE NUMBERS ON THE NUMBER LINE & ON THE COORDINATE PLANE (18)	65.2
2.1:	GRAPH SETS OF REAL NUMBERS ON THE NUMBER LIN'L (4)	78.6
2.2:	GRAPH ORDERED PAIRS OF NUMBERS ON THE COORDINATE PLANE & FIND THE COORDINATES OF POINTS ON THE PLANE (5)	72.9
2.3:	GRAPH LINEAR EQUATIONS IN TWO VARIABLES (5)	54.8
2.4:	GRAPH A RELATION ON THE COORDINATE PLANE (1)	***
2.5:	GRAPH THE SOLUTION SETS OF SYSTEMS OF LINEAR INEQUALITIES IN TWO VARIABLES (1)	***
2.6:	GRAPH A FUNCTION ON THE COORDINATE PLANE (1)	***
2.6: 2.7:		***
	GRAPH THE EQUATIONS OF A PARABOLA, CIRCLE, ELLIPSE, & HYPERBOLA (1)	
2.7:	GRAPH THE EQUATIONS OF A PARABOLA, CIRCLE, ELLIPSE, & HYPERBOLA (1) PERFORM OPERATIONS WITH REAL NUMBERS (30)	***
2.7: GOAL 3:	GRAPH THE EQUATIONS OF A PARABOLA, CIRCLE, ELLIPSE, & HYPERBOLA (1) PERFORM OPERATIONS WITH REAL NUMBERS (30)	*** 70.7
2.7: GOAL 3: 3.1:	GRAPH THE EQUATIONS OF A PARABOLA, CIRCLE, ELLIPSE, & HYPERBOLA (1) PERFORM OPERATIONS WITH REAL NUMBERS (30) ADD REAL NUMBERS (5)	*** 70.7 83.2
2.7: GOAL 3: 3.1: 3.2:	GRAPH THE EQUATIONS OF A PARABOLA, CIRCLE, ELLIPSE, & HYPERBOLA (1) PERFORM OPERATIONS WITH REAL NUMBERS (30) ADD REAL NUMBERS (5) SUBTRACT REAL NUMBERS (5)	*** 70.7 83.2 74.3
2.7: GOAL 3: 3.1: 3.2: 3.3:	GRAPH THE EQUATIONS OF A PARABOLA, CIRCLE, ELLIPSE, & HYPERBOLA (1) PERFORM OPERATIONS WITH REAL NUMBERS (30) ADD REAL NUMBERS (5) SUBTRACT REAL NUMBERS (5) MULTIPLY REAL NUMBERS (5)	*** 70.7 83.2 74.3 75.3
2.7: GOAL 3: 3.1: 3.2: 3.3:	GRAPH THE EQUATIONS OF A PARABOLA, CIRCLE, ELLIPSE, & HYPERBOLA (1) PERFORM OPERATIONS WITH REAL NUMBERS (30) ADD REAL NUMBERS (5) SUBTRACT REAL NUMBERS (5) MULTIPLY REAL NUMBERS (5) DIVIDE REAL NUMBERS (4)	*** 70.7 83.2 74.3 75.3 64.5
2.7: GOAL 3: 3.1: 3.2: 3.3: 3.4: 3.5:	GRAPH THE EQUATIONS OF A PARABOLA, CIRCLE, ELLIPSE, & HYPERBOLA (1) PERFORM OPERATIONS WITH REAL NUMBERS (30) ADD REAL NUMBERS (5) SUBTRACT REAL NUMBERS (5) MULTIPLY REAL NUMBERS (5) DIVIDE REAL NUMBERS (4) USE < OR > TO COMPARE TWO NUMBERS (5)	*** 70.7 83.2 74.3 75.3 64.5
2.7: GOAL 3: 3.1: 3.2: 3.3: 3.4: 3.5: 3.6:	GRAPH THE EQUATIONS OF A PARABOLA, CIRCLE, ELLIPSE, & HYPERBOLA (1) PERFORM OPERATIONS WITH REAL NUMBERS (30) ADD REAL NUMBERS (5) SUBTRACT REAL NUMBERS (5) MULTIPLY REAL NUMBERS (5) DIVIDE REAL NUMBERS (4) USE < OR > TO COMPARE TWO NUMBERS (5) SIMPLIFY EXPRESSIONS INVOLVING POSITIVE, NEGATIVE, & ZERO EXPONENTS (4)	*** 70.7 83.2 74.3 75.3 64.5 62.7
2.7: GOAL 3: 3.1: 3.2: 3.3: 3.4: 3.5: 3.6: 3.7:	GRAPH THE EQUATIONS OF A PARABOLA, CIRCLE, ELLIPSE, & HYPERBOLA (1) PERFORM OPERATIONS WITH REAL NUMBERS (30) ADD REAL NUMBERS (5) SUBTRACT REAL NUMBERS (5) MULTIPLY REAL NUMBERS (5) DIVIDE REAL NUMBERS (4) USE < OR > TO COMPARE TWO NUMBERS (5) SIMPLIFY EXPRESSIONS INVOLVING POSITIVE, NEGATIVE, & ZERO EXPONENTS (4) MULTIPLY AND DIVIDE NUMBERS WRITTEN IN SCIENTIFIC NOTATION (1)	*** 70.7 83.2 74.3 75.3 64.5 62.7 64.5
2.7: GOAL 3: 3.1: 3.2: 3.3: 3.4: 3.5: 3.6: 3.7: 3.8: GOAL 4:	GRAPH THE EQUATIONS OF A PARABOLA, CIRCLE, ELLIPSE, & HYPERBOLA (1) PERFORM OPERATIONS WITH REAL NUMBERS (30) ADD REAL NUMBERS (5) SUBTRACT REAL NUMBERS (5) MULTIPLY REAL NUMBERS (5) DIVIDE REAL NUMBERS (4) USE < OR > TO COMPARE TWO NUMBERS (5) SIMPLIFY EXPRESSIONS INVOLVING POSITIVE, NEGATIVE, & ZERO EXPONENTS (4) MULTIPLY AND DIVIDE NUMBERS WRITTEN IN SCIENTIFIC NOTATION (1) WRITE A RATIONAL NUMBER AS A TERMINATING OR REPEATING DECIMAL (1)	*** 70.7 83.2 74.3 75.3 64.5 62.7 64.5 ***

NOTE: THE NUMBER OF ITEMS MEASURING EACH GOAL WILL VARY ACROSS YEARS. THE NUMBER OF ITEMS IN EACH GOAL AREA IS DIRECTLY PROPORTIONAL TO THE NUMBER OF OBJECTIVES FOR THE GOAL. FOUR FORMS OF A 56-ITEM TEST WERE ADMINISTERED IN EVERY CLASSROOM. FIFTY-SIX OF THE SIXTY-SIX ITEMS WERE EQUATED ACROSS THE FOUR FORMS (CORE). THE REMAINING 10 ITEMS VARIED BY FORM, SO THAT 264 ITEMS WERE MEASURED IN EVERY CLASSROOM. GOAL AREAS INCLUDE BOTH CORE AND VARIABLE ITEMS.



4.3:	SOLVE EQUATIONS WITH RATIONAL COEFFICIENTS (4)	71.2
4.4:	SOLVE LITERAL EQUATIONS & FORMULAS (5)	53.2
4.5:	SOLVE INEQUALITIES IN ONE VARIABLE (4)	53.2
4.6:	SOLVE INEQUALITIES INVOLVING ABSOLUTE VALUE (1)	***
GOAL 5:	SOLVE SYSTEMS OF LINEAR EQUATIONS (24)	67.2
5.1:	FIND SOLUTION SETS OF OPEN SENTENCES IN TWO VARIABLES WITH GIVEN REPLACEMENTS FOR THE VARIABLES (5)	63.5
5.2:	FIND THE SOLUTION SETS OF SYSTEMS OF TWO LINEAR EQUATIONS IN TWO VARIABLES (5)	75.8
5.3:	USE SYSTEMS OF TWO LINEAR EQUATIONS IN TWO VARIABLES TO SOLVE PROBLEMS (4)	53.7
5.4:	FIND THE SOLUTION SETS OF SYSTEMS OF THREE LINEAR EQUATIONS IN THREE VARIABLES (5)	66.9
5.6:	SOLVE SYSTEMS OF LINEAR EQUATIONS BY USING CRAMER'S RULE (5)	73.7
GOAI 6:	PERFORM OPERATIONS WITH POLYNOMIALS (55)	71.9
6.1:	ADD POLYNOMIALS (5)	80.8
6.2:	SUBTRACT POLYNOMIALS (4)	64.3
6.3:	MULTIPLY A POLYNOMIAL BY A MONOMIAL (5)	87.5
6.4:	MULTIPLY TWO BINOMIALS BY USING SPECIAL PRODUCT FORMULAS (4)	81.4
6.5:	MULTIPLY A BINOMIAL & A POLYNOMIAL (5)	78.1
6.6:	FIND THE QUOTIENT OF TWO MONOMIALS (5)	78.1
6.7:	DIVIDE ONE POLYNOMIAL BY ANOTHER ONE OF LOWER DEGREE (4)	63.3
6.8:	USE SYNTHETIC DIVISION '10 DIVIDE A POLYNOMIAL BY A LINEAR BINOMIAL (0)	***
6.9:	FACTOR MONOMIALS & FIND THE GCF AND LCM OF TWO OR MORE MONOMIALS (1)	***
6.10:	FACTOR SPECIAL POLYNOMIALS (5)	65.9
6.11:	FACTOR QUADRATIC POLYNOMIALS (5)	१०.4
6.12:	USE FACTORING TO SOLVE AN EQUATION (5)	67.3
6.13:	USE POLYNOMIAL EQUATIONS TO SOLVE PROBLEMS (1)	***
6.14:	USE FACTORING TO SOLVE INEQUALITIES (1)	***
6.15:	FACTOR POLYNOMIALS COMPLETELY (5)	50.1

NOTE: THE NUMBER OI ITEMS MEASURING EACH GOAL WILL VARY ACROSS YEARS. THE NUMBER OF ITEMS IN EACH GOAL AREA IS DIRECTLY PROPORTIONAL TO THE NUMBER OF OBJECTIVES FOR THE GOAL. FOUR FORMS OF A 66-ITEM TEST WERE ADMINISTERED IN EVERY CLASSROOM. FIFTY-SIX OF THE SIXTY-SIX ITEMS WERE EQUATED ACROSS THE FOUR FORMS (CORE). THE REMAINING 10 ITEMS VARIED BY FORM, SO THAT 264 ITEMS WERE MEASURED IN EVERY CLASSROOM. GOAL AREAS INCLUDE BOTH CORE AND VARIABLE ITEMS.



GOAL 7:	PERFORM OPERATIONS WITH ALGEBRAIC FRACTIONS (23)	57,5
7.1:	WRITE ALGEBRAIC FRACTIONS IN LOWEST TERMS (4)	54.3
7.2:	SIMPLIFY PRODUCTS & QUOTIENTS OF RATIONAL ALGEBRAIC EXPRESSIONS (5)	70.0
7.3:	SIMPLIFY SUMS & DIFFERENCES OF RATIONAL ALGEBRAIC EXPRESSIONS (4)	51.3
7.4:	SIMPLIFY COMPLEX FRACTIONS (5)	46.2
7.5:	SOLVE FRACTIONAL EQUATIONS (5)	53.0
GOAL 8:	SOLVE PROBLEMS INVOLVING RADICAL EXPRESSION (23)	61.9
8.1:	SIMPLIFY ROOTS OF REAL NUMBERS (4)	71.8
8.2:	SIMPLIFY EXPRESSIONS INVOLVING FRACTIONAL EXPONENTS (4)	55.8
8.4:	SIMPLIFY EXPRESSIONS INVOLVING SUMS & DIFFERENCES OF RADICALS (5)	66.1
8.5:	SIMPLIFY EXPRESSIONS INVOLVING PRODUCTS & QUOTIENTS OF RADICALS (4)	47.3
8.6:	INDICATE THE SQUARE ROOT OF A NEGATIVE NUMBER AS A COMPLEX NUMBER (5)	72.2
8.7:	SOLVE EQUATIONS WHICH CONTAIN RADICAL EXPRESSIONS (1)	***
GOAL 9:	SOLVE QUADRATIC EQUATIONS (9)	50.1
9.1:	COMPLETE THE SQUARE TO SOLVE QUADRATIC EQUATIONS (1)	***
	USE THE QUADRATIC FORMULA TO SOLVE QUADRATIC EQUATIONS (5)	52.1
	USE THE DISCRIMINANT OF A QUADRATIC EQUATION TO DETERMINE THE NATURE OF THE ROOTS (1)	***
9.4:	WRITE A QUADRATIC EQUATION GIVEN ITS SOLUTION SET (1)	***
9.6:	SOLVE A SYSTEM OF 'IWO EQUATIONS IN WHICH ONE OR BOTH ARE QUADRATIC (1)	***
GOAL 10:	SOLVE PROBLEMS INVOLVING COMPLEX NUMBERS (3)	63.4
10.1:	ADD & SUBTRACT COMPLEX NUMBERS (1)	***
10.2:	SIMPLIFY EXPRESSIONS INVOLVING PRODUCTS & QUOTIENTS OF COMPLEX NUMBERS (1)	***
10.3:	SOLVE QUADRATIC EQUATIONS INVOLVING COMPLEX ROOTS (1)	***
GOAL 11:	USE ANALYTIC GEOMETRY TO SOLVE PROBLEMS (20)	51.9
11.1:	USE THE DISTANCE FORMULA (1)	***
11.2:	DETERMINE THE COORDINATES OF THE MIDPOINT OF A SEGMENT (1)	***

NOTE: THE NUMBER OF ITEMS MEASURING EACH GOAL WILL VARY ACROSS YEARS. THE NUMBER OF ITEMS IN EACH GOAL AREA IS DIRECTLY PROPOPTIONAL TO THE NUMBER OF OBJECTIVES FOR THE GOAL. FOUR FORMS OF A 66-ITEM TEST WERE ADMINISTERED IN EVERY CLASSROOM. FIFTY-SIX OF THE SIXTY-SIX ITEMS WERE EQUATED ACROSS THE FOUR FORMS (CORE). THE REMAINING 10 ITEMS VARIED BY FORM, SO THAT 264 ITEMS WERE MEASURED IN EVERY CLASSROOM. GOAL AREAS INCLUDE BOTH CORE AND VARIABLE ITEMS.



11.3:	FIND THE SLOPE OF A LINE GIVEN TWO POINTS, AN EQUATION OF THE LINE, OR THE GRAPH OF A LINE (5)	55.6
11.4:	FIND AN EQUATION OF A LINE GIVEN ITS SLOPE & THE COORDINATES OF A POINT, OR THE COORDINATES OF TWO POINTS, OR ITS SLOPE & Y-INTERCEPT (5)	57.6
11.5:	DETERMINE IF TWO LINES ARE PARALLEL OR PERPENDICULAR BY EXAMINING THEIR SLOPES (5)	47.5
11.6:	USE THE PYTHAGOREAN THEOREM & ITS CONVERSE TO SOLVE PROBLEMS (1)	***
11.7:	WRITE THE EQUATION OF A CIRCLE FROM ITS GEOMETRIC PROPERTIES (1)	***
11.8:	IDENTIFY PARABOLAS, CIRCLES, ELLIPSES, & HYPERBOLAS FROM THEIR EQUATIONS (1)	***
GOAL 12:	SOLVE PROBLEMS INVOLVING VARIATION (2)	45.2
12.1:	USE DIRECT VARIATION TO SOLVE PROBLEMS (1)	***
12.2:	USE INVERSE VARIATION TO SOLVE PROBLEMS (1)	***
12.3:	USE JOINT VARIATION TO SOLVE PROBLEMS (0)	***
GOAL 14:	SOLVE PROBLEMS INVOLVING LOGARITHMIC & EXPONENTIAL FUNCTIONS (6)	47.8
14.1:	WRITE AN EXPONENTIAL FUNCTION AS A LOGARITHMIC FUNCTION & VICE VERSA (1)	***
14.5:	SOLVE PROBLEMS USING LAWS OF LOGARITHMS (5)	47.6
GOAL 15:	INVESTIGATE SOME TECHNIQUES FOR PROBLEM SOLVING (8)	53.8
15.1:	SOLVE "WORD PROBLEMS" (5)	54.5
15.2:	USE INEQUALITIES AS WELL AS EQUATIONS TO SOLVE "WORD PROBLEMS" (1)	***
15.3:	SOLVE "WORD PROBLEMS" INVOLVING FRACTIONAL EQUATIONS (1)	***
15.4:	USE QUADRATIC EQUATIONS TO SOLVE VERBAL PROBLEMS (1)	***
	PERCENT CORRECT ALL ITEMS (264)	64.6
	AVERAGE SCORE ALL ITEMS (264)	170.5
	NUMBER OF STUDENTS TESTED	36414

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APPENDIX

Algebra II Core and Goal Performance in Educational Regions and Public School Systems

Table 8 presents average performance on the 56-item core test, the 264-item curriculum test, and the goals of Algebra II for the eight educational regions.

Public school system average core and goal performance are given in Table 9. School systems are arranged by educational region.

Algebra II Box and Whisker Plots of Core Scores for Educational Regions and Public School Systems

Figure 7 displays the distributions of core scores for the eight educational regions using box and whisker plots. Public school system box and whisker plots are presented in Figures 8 through 15. See the interpretive legend in Figure 1 on page 4.

Algebra I Core Performance, Participation Rates, Yield, and Effective Yield for Public School Systems: 1987-1988

Table 10 presents participation rates, yield, effective yield, and performance on the equivalent 56-item core tests administered in both years for the public school systems. School systems are arranged by educational region. Comparisons among school systems should always be sensitive to the fact that the social and demographic factors which are strongly related to differences in achievement are not distributed evenly across the state. These factors influence the yield indices as well as performance. For example, school systems in high socio-economic areas should have both high participation and performance, resulting in high yield and effective yield indices. One appropriate comparison might be among school systems with similar socio-economic characteristics. Another would involve comparing yield and effective yield indices for a school system across time to look for changes in participation and performance.

Characteristics of the Algebra II Students in Public School Systems

Select characteristics of all students in public school systems and all students taking Algebra II are listed in Table 11. The percent of a class is an estimate of the percent of an entire cohort or class of students who will eventually take Algebra II in their public school career. As shown in Table I, in North Carolina it is estimated that 40.4 percent of a class of students will take Algebra II before they graduate from high school.

The ethnic distribution and parental education distribution within school systems and Algebra II classes also varied by school system. Statewide, black students and students with less educated parents appear to be underrepresented in Algebra II classes.

State Percentile Tables for 1987-1988

Tables 12-13 give summary statistics, the score distributions, and state percentiles for the 1987 and 1988 administrations of the Algebra II End-of-Course Tests. The 1988 percentiles provide a baseline to which subsequent performance on the equivalent core tests can be compared.



Table 8

1988 Regional Summary Results for Algebra II: 56-Item Core Test and 264-Item Curriculum Test

GOALS

GOAL 2: LOCATE NUMBERS ON NUMBER LINE AND COORDINATE PLANE GOAL 9: SOLVE QUADRATIC EQUATIONS

GOAL

8: SOLVE PROBLEMS INVOLVING RADICAL EXPRESSION

GOAL 14: SOLVE PROBUEMS INVOLVING LOGARITHMIC AND EXPONENTIAL

GOAL 10: SOLVE PROBLEMS INVOLVING COMPLEX NUMBERS

GOAL 11: USE ANALYTIC GEOMETRY TO SOLVE PROBLEMS

GOAL 12: SOLVE PROBLEMS INVOLVING VARIATION

76.8 61.3 68.7 53.4 63.0 70.3 55.4 59.2 49.6 63.3 48.5 40.6 43.9 49.0 34.7 62.0 163.6 62.0

79.6 66.3 72.4 59.6 68.7 73.3 59.6 64.9 51.5 65.7 54.4 47.6 52.6 55.4 37.2 66.4 175.4 66.4

78.4 66.0 70.5 57.2 67.8 72.0 56.9 61.7 51.7 63.1 53.1 42.5 43.5 55.3 36.1 64.5 170.7 64.7

78.2 65.5 71.2 57.6 67.7 71.7 58.4 61.8 49.8 63.5 51.9 47.2 49.8 54.1 36.3 64.8 171.0 64.8

77.3 62.7 69.3 54.1 64.9 69.9 55.0 58.9 47.0 60.6 48.1 44.1 44.0 52.3 34.9 62.3 164.3

GOAL 7: PERFORM OPERATIONS WITH ALGEBRAIC FRACTIONS **FUNCTIONS** GOAL 15: INVESTIGATE SOME TECHNIQUES FOR PROBLEM SOLVING AVG NUMBER AVG PCT ALL ALL TESTED 1 2 3 5 6 7 8 9 10 11 12 14 15 CORE CORE ITEMS ITEMS NUMBER OF ITEMS 23 18 30 20 24 55 23 23 3 20 56 264 264 NORTHEAST 1997 76.6 63.9 67.9 54.9 66.3 70.0 55.4 59.7 49.1 59.7 50.2 41.4 45.1 51.8 35.1 62.6 165.3 62.6 SOUTHEAST 3752 77.3 64.6 69.1 55.1 66.2 70.8 55.0 59.5 47.5 59.6 49.4 43.5 49.8 51.4 35.2 62.9 166.2 6322 CENTRAL 81.3 68.9 77.2 61.6 71.1 74.6 61.2 65.6 53.1 67.1 56.6 49.4 50.0 57.7 38.1 68.0 179.4

NOTE: THE NUMBER OF ITEMS MEASURING EACH GOAL WILL VARY ACROSS YEARS. THE NUMBER OF ITEMS IN EACH GOAL AREA IS DIRECTLY PROPORTIONAL TO THE NUMBER OF OBJECTIVES FOR THE GOAL. FOUR FORMS OF A 66-ITEM TEST WERE ADMINISTERED IN EVERY CLASSROOM. FIFTY-SIX OF THE SIXTY-SIX ITEMS WERE EQUATED ACROSS THE FOUR FORMS (CORE). THE REMAINING 10 ITEMS VARIED BY FORM, SO THAT 264 ITEMS WERE MEASURED IN EVERY CLASSROOM. GOAL AREAS INCLUDE BOTH CORE AND VARIABLE ITEMS.



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NORTH CENTRAL

SOUTHWEST

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GOAL 1: USE THE LANGUAGE OF ALGEBRA

GOAL 3: PERFORM OPERATIONS WITH REAL NUMBERS

GOAL 5: SOLVE SYSTEMS OF LINEAR EQUATIONS

GOAL 6: PERFORM OPERATIONS WITH POLYNOMIALS

GOAL 4: SOLVE LINEAR EQUATIONS AND INEQUALITIES

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Table 9

1988 School System Summary Results for Algebra II: 56-Item Core Test and 264-Item Curriculum Test

REGION NORTHEAST

REGION REPORT

GOALS

GOAL 1: USE THE LANGUAGE OF ALGEBRA
GOAL 2: LOCRTE NUMBERS ON NUMBER LINE AND COORDINATE PLANE
GOAL 3: PERFORM OPERATIONS HITH REAL NUMBERS
GOAL 4: SOLVE LINEAR EQUATIONS AND INEQUALITIES
GOAL 5: SOLVE SYSTEMS OF LINEAR EQUATIONS
GOAL 6: PERFORM OPERATIONS HITH POLYMONIALS
GOAL 7: PERFORM OPERATIONS HITH ALGEBRAIC FRACTIONS
GOAL 15: INVESTIGATE SOME TECHNIQUES FOR PROBLEM SOLVING

	NUMBER TESTED	GOAL 1	00AL	GOAL 3	GOAL 4	GOAL 5	00AL	GOAL 7	GOAL 8	GOAL 9	00AL 18	GOAL 11	00AL 12	GOAL 14	00AL 15	AVG CORE	PCT CORE	AUG ALL I TEMS	PCT ALL ITEMS
NUMBER OF ITEMS		23	18	30	20	24	55	23	23	9	3	20	2	6	8	56	56	264	264
BEAUFOR'T COUNTY	145	73.4	61.8	62.6	46.2	64.5	61.1	47.2	50.9	43.1	58.5	50.3	44.5	35.7	47.4	31.9	56.9	150.2	56.9
HASHINGTON CITY	145	68.3	62.3	64.5	46.0	56.2	65.9	44.7	48.8	42.7	53.8	41.4	32.8	45.4	48.6	31.5		147.7	
BERTIE COUNTY	127	70.8	55.5	60.4	46.8	61.3	62.5	41.8	42.4	34.3	45.3	43.4	20.6	22.9	34.0			139.9	****
CAMBEN COUNTY	44	79.9	65.7	72.0	60.0	66.5	79.1	63.8	62.6	43.8	56.0	59.2	37.5	53.0	57.5	37.2	66.4	178.3	67.5
CHOHAN COUNTY	80														64.4	38.1		179.5	
CURRITUCK COUNTY	53	91.4	73.3	81.4	75.5	78.6	85 4	74.3	78.5	68.0	84.7	59.4	50.0	75.9	68.0		78.2	206.2	
DARE COUNTY	88	86.5	77.8	80.9	74.8	81.7	81.0	69.9	72.8	63.6	76.3	73.9	59 A	64 5	75.0	43.2	77 2	204.0	77.3
GATES COUNTY	66	77.3	68.8	75.3	67.2	69.1	79.8	72.2	66.6	55.4	60.3	58.6	39.7	61.8	48.4	39.1		185.0	
HERTFORD COUNTY	91	63.2	47.1	55. 1	40.2	49.9	55.9	41.2	43.7	30.9	30.4	31.0	23.9	26.8	32.4	26.4		124.4	
HYDE COUNTY	24	82.9	63.8	74.5	53.9	71.0	73.2	59.0	72.5	56.2	79.8	52.3	50 A	32 4	56.4	37.7	67.3	176.4	66 9
MARTIN COUNTY	210	70.1	56.6	62.3	46.5	57.5	64.7	47.6	56.6	46.7	61.9	49.6	34.7	42.6	37.2	31.5	56.3	148.9	
PRSQUOTANK COUNTY	203														55.5			170.4	
PERQUIMANS COUNTY	53	80.1	82.2	70.8	65.2	74.5	81.1	64.3	68.3	59.7	58.8	59.5	62.4	65.6	/.0	40.4	72 1	190.1	72 0
PITT COUNTY	559										64.9					37.5		176.8	67.0
TYRRELL COUNTY	18															36.8		171.1	
HASHINGTON COUNTY	91	68.8	53.4	61.9	40.9	56.0	61.7	42.0	49.4	31.2	52.1	35.5	32.5	45.4	41.4	29.3	52.3	138.8	52.6

NOTE: THE NUMBER OF ITEMS MEASURING EACH GOAL HILL WARY ACROSS YEARS. THE NUMBER OF ITEMS IN EACH GOAL AREA IS DIRECTLY PROPORTIONAL TO THE NUMBER OF OBJECTIVES FOR THE GOAL. FOUR FORMS OF R 66-ITEM TEST WERE ADMINISTERED IN EVERY CLASSROOM. FIFTY-SIX OF THE SIXTY-SIX ITEMS WERE EQUATED RCROSS THE FOUR FORMS (CORE). THE REMAINING 10 ITEMS WARIED BY FORM, SO THAT 264 ITEMS WERE MEASURED IN EVERY CLASSROOM. GOAL AREAS INCLUDE BOTH CORE AND WARIABLE ITEMS.



REGION SOUTHEAST

REGION REPORT

GOALS

GOAL 1: USE THE LANGUAGE OF ALGEBRA

GOAL 2: LOCATE NUMBERS ON NUMBER LINE AND COORDINATE PLANE GOAL 9: SOLVE QUADRATIC EQUATIONS

GOAL 3: PERFORM OPERATIONS WITH REAL NUMBERS

GOAL 4: SOLVE LINEAR EQUATIONS AND INEQUALITIES

GOAL 5: SOLVE SYSTEMS OF LINEAR EQUATIONS GOAL 6: PERFORM OPERATIONS WITH POLYNOMIALS

GOAL 7: PERFORM OPERATIONS WITH ALGEBRAIC FRACTIONS

GOAL 8: SOLVE PROBLEMS INVOLVING RADICAL EXPRESSION

GOAL 10: SOLUE PROBLEMS INVOLVING COMPLEX NUMBERS

GOAL 11: USE ANALYTIC GEOMETRY TO SOLVE PROBLEMS

COAL 12: SOLVE PROBLEMS INVOLVING VARIATION

GOAL 14: SOLVE PROBLEMS INVOLVING LOGARITHMIC AND EXPONENTIAL

FUNCTIONS

GOAL 15: INVESTIGATE SOME TECHNIQUES FOR PROBLEM SOLVING

	NUMBER TESTED	GOAL 1	OOAL 2	GOAL 3	GOAL 4	60AL 5	GOAL 6	GOAL 7	GOAL 8	60AL	00AL	00AL 11	GOAL 12	GOAL 14	60AL 15		PCT CORE	AVG ALL I TEMS	PCT ALL ITEMS
NUMBER OF ITEMS		23	18	30	20	24	55	23	23	9	3	20	2	6	8	56	56	264	264
BRUNSHICK COUNTY	224	71.3	58.6	62.3	48.6	58.3	60.4	43.9	51.7	38.7	41.6	41.1	34.7	46.0	41.1	30.5	54.5	144.2	54.6
CARTERET COUNTY	183	86.5	79.2	81.8	78.9	83.1	88.7	79.7	86.0	67.4	81.2	75.8	69.8	76.0	62.2	45.8	81.8	215.9	81.8
NEW BERN-CRAVEN	397	80.1	66.0	69.7	56.5	68.1	72.8	53.3	63.6	50.7	61.1	55.3	55.3	63.7	58.9	36.5	65.2	172.9	65.5
DUPLIN COUNTY	229	76.2	67.0	66.7	55.3	64.3	70.1	57.7	59.5	47.5	55.2	45.3	36.2	56.4	45.8	34.9	62.3	164.3	62.2
GREENE COUNTY	59	82.5	55.1	72.7	50.4	65.6	73.3	49.2	48.6	43.7	70.5	43.5	46.7	23.8	50.5	34.0		160.5	60.8
JONES COUNTY	43	65.3	51.1	59.5	36.3	56.2	59.7	39.2	38.8	32.9	34.5	36.5	36.4	43.5	45.8	27.9		131.9	
LENGIR COUNTY	167	76.5	61.5	66.4	53.9	65.7	68.8	53.7	56.7	42.1	44.9	41.4	30.1	40.4	52.2	33.8	60.3	159.0	60.2
KINSTON CITY	160	82.3	68.9	74.4	69.0	73.7	80.1	71.2	73.6	59.4	65.8	64.4	41.2	53.7	53.7	40 5		191.1	72.4
NEH HANOVER COUNT	773														54.8			178.6	
ONSLOH COUNTY	546	77.3	66.9	70.5	55. 1	68.9	70.2	51.3	57.0	43.6	60.0	52.5	47.1	51.2	56.5	35.3	63 A	166 A	63.2
PAMILICO COUNTY	50	75.7	56.1	70.2	51.2	69.7	73.6	48.3	64.9	44.9	63.2	42.5	49.0	64.1	50.6	34.3	61.2	163.2	
PENDER COUNTY	117	74.2	68.7	66.4	58.5	58.4	63.7	43.5	48.5	40.5	46.0	48.1	42.7	43.0	49.0	32.5	58.0	153.2	• • • •
SAMPS COUNTY	197	70.7	57.2	59.7	39.3	54.3	62.5	43.1	38.4	31.8	43.1	36.0	30 9	37.0	37.1	28.8	51.3	135.7	51.4
CLINTON CITY	55														57.6			197.2	74.7
HAYNE COUNTY	419	73.5	58 . 1	63.3	47.0	69.7	65.2	48.7	50.9	40.3	58.9	37.7	31.8	31.0	45.4	31.5	56.3	148.2	
GOLDSBORO CITY	133	66.9	53.6	59.1	43.5	59.6	61.9	48.1	46.9	41.1	43.7	35.3	21.6	42.7	40.1	29.5	52.7	139.9	53.0

NOTE: THE NUMBER OF ITEMS MEASURING EACH GOAL HILL WARY ACROSS YEARS. THE NUMBER OF ITEMS IN EACH GOAL AREA IS DIRECTLY PROPORTIONAL TO THE NUMBER OF OBJECTIVES FOR THE GOAL. FOUR FORMS OF A 66-ITEM TEST HERE ADMINISTERED IN EVERY CLASSROOM. FIFTY-SIX OF THE SIXTY-SIX ITEMS HERE EQUATED ACROSS THE FOUR FORMS (CORE). THE REMAINING 10 ITEMS VARIED BY FORM, SO THAT 264 ITEMS HERE MEASURED IN EVERY CLASSROOM. GOAL AREAS INCLUDE BOTH CORE AND VARIABLE ITEMS.



REGION CENTRAL

REGION REPORT

GOALS

OOAL 1: USE THE LANGUAGE OF ALGEBRA

OOAL 2: LOCATE NUMBERS ON NUMBER LINE AND COORDINATE PLANE

OOAL 3: PERFORM OPERATIONS WITH REAL NUMBERS

OOAL 4: SOLUE LINEAR EQUATIONS AND INEQUALITIES

OOAL 5: SOLUE SYSTEMS OF LINEAR EQUATIONS

OOAL 6: PERFORM OPERATIONS WITH POLYMONIALS

OOAL 7: PERFORM OPERATIONS WITH ALGEBRAIC FRACTIONS

OOAL 15: INVESTIGATE SOME TECHNIQUES FOR PROBLEM SOLUING

	NUMBER TESTED	GOAL 1	00AL 2	GOAL 3	00AL	GOAL 5	GOAL 6	00AL 7	GOAL 8	GOAL 9	60AL 10	GOAL 11	00AL 12	GOAL 14	60AL 15	AUG CORE	PCT CORE	AVG ALL I TEMS	PCT ALL ITEMS
NUMBER OF ITEMS		23	18	30	20	24	55	23	23	9	3	20	2	6	8	56	56	264	264
DURHAM COUNTY	717	83.4	74.0	76.8	67.1	73.8	78.1	63.3	67.7	56.4	73.1	61.0	54.7	55.6	61.2	40.0	71.4	188.5	71.4
DURHAM CITY EDGECONBE COUNTY	164 121	64.3	54.5	52.5	39.5	53.1	52.8	40.8	36.2	34.5	28.0	36.2	36.1	17.0	34.2	26.4	47.2	123.4	
	; <u>z</u>	72.1	77. 	30.3 	37.Y 	36.2 	04.Z	33.1	30.7 	34. I	43.0	31.1	19.9	19.5	43.7	28.9	51.7	136.8	51.8
TARBORO CITY	105														52.0		65.3	172.7	65.4
FRANKLIN COUNTY	145														45.0		57.5	150.3	56.9
FRANKLINTON CITY	22	64.6	38.3	62.9	43.7	58.7	63.2	50.4	49.3	43.3	54.4	41.0	8.3	39.4	50.4	29.3	52.3	141.4	53.6
GRANUILLE COUNTY	199	79.4	69.2	72.4	62.9	71.8	74.7	67.5	67.7	55 .2	70.0	53.2	30.0	38.8	50.4	37.9	67.7	179.1	67.9
HALIFAX COUNTY	131															25.6		120.7	
ROANOKE RPDS CITY	94	80.2	72.2	69.7	57.2	72.0	69 .1	61.0	62.5	47.5	63.8	64.3	55.6	64.8	55 , 5	37.3	66.6	176.0	66.7
HELDON CITY	29	53.1	35.0	52.0	32.8	29.4	47.3	29.9	47.0	29.0	36.3	26.0	34.8	42.0	21.2	21.7	38.7	105.3	39.9
JOHNSTON COUNTY	494	82.5	70.3	71.5	60.6	71.7	74.4	57.1	61.3	54.9	61.8	55.1	46.0	50.0	58.7	37.5		177.0	
NASH COUNTY	318	77.0	62.1	72.7	56.9	66.3	70.1	55.8	64.2	52.2	69.7	45.6	46.8	32.3	52.3	35.6	63.7	167.3	63.4
ROCKY MOUNT CITY	184	86.8	72.8	77.9	65.5	77.7	82.1	69.2	74.0	58.2	74.0	60.2	60.1	54.6	66.9	41.7	74.4	195.6	74.1
NORTHAMPTON COUNT	115	73.2	66.1	59.8	51.6	60.3	63.3	49.0	37.4	39.4	48.3	44.3	31.0	23.9	45.8			144.6	
VANCE COUNTY	187	78 .1	64.5	69.9	52 . 1	65.4	75.2	54.4	61.1	41.0	54.2	44.0	40.4	52.5	48.0	35.5	53.4	166.8	
HAKE COUNTY	2874	84.4	72.6	77.2	66.5	76.1	77.9	65.5	71.8	56.9	71.8	63.1	55.7	57.9	63 6	40.6	72 4	191.2	72 4
HARREN COUNTY	55	81.8	66.3	71.1	51.8	64.9	71.0	47.5	61.2	52.5	60.3	38.2	42.9	55.1	52.9	35.0		164.6	
HILSON COUNTY	368	81.8	67.4	73.3	59.8	68.9	73.2	69.7	64.6	52.3	76.1	55.4	47.7	49.9	50.3	37.6			65.9

NOTE: THE NUMBER OF ITEMS MEASURING EACH GOAL HILL VARY ACROSS VEARS. THE NUMBER OF ITEMS IN EACH GOAL AREA IS DIRECTLY PROPORTIONAL TO THE NUMBER OF OBJECTIVES FOR THE GOAL. FOUR FORMS OF A 66-ITEM TEST HERE ADMINISTERED IN EVERY CLASSROOM. FIFTY-SIX OF THE SIXTY-SIX ITEMS HERE EQUATED ACROSS THE FOUR FORMS (CORE). THE REMAINING 10 ITEMS VARIED BY FORM, SO THAT 264 ITEMS HERE MEASURED IN EVERY CLASSROOM. GOAL AREAS INCLUDE BOTH CORE AND VARIABLE ITEMS.

REGION SOUTH CENTRAL

REGION REPORT

GOALS

GOAL 1: USE THE LANGUAGE OF ALGEBRA GOAL 2: LOCATE NUMBERS ON NUMBER LINE AND COORDINATE PLANE GOAL 9: SOLVE QUADRATIC EQUATIONS GOAL 3: PERFORM OPERATIONS WITH REAL NUMBERS

GOAL 4: SOLVE LINEAR EQUATIONS AND INEQUALITIES GOAL 5: SOLVE SYSTEMS OF LINEAR EQUATIONS

GOAL 6: PERFORM OPERATIONS WITH POLYNOMIALS

GOAL 7: PERFORM OPERATIONS WITH ALGEBRAIC FRACTIONS

GOAL 8: SOLVE PROBLEMS INVOLVING RADICAL EXPRESSION

GOAL 10: SOLVE PROBLEMS INVOLVING COMPLEX NUMBERS GOAL 11: USE ANALYTIC GEOMETRY TO SOLVE PROBLEMS

GOAL 12: SOLVE PROBLEMS INVOLVING VARIATION

GOAL 14: SOLUE PROBLEMS INVOLVING LOGARITHMIC AND EXPONENTIAL

FUNCTIONS

GOAL 15: INVESTIGATE SOME TECHNIQUES FOR PROBLEM SOLVING

	NUMBER TESTED	00AL 1	GOAL 2	GOAL 3	GOAL 4	GOAL 5	00AL 6	GOAL 7	G09L 8	GOAL 9	GOAL 10	GOAL 11	60AL 12	GOAL 14	60AL 15		PCT CORE	AUG ALL I TEMS	PCT ALL ITEMS
NUMBER OF ITEMS		23	18	30	20	24	55	23	23	9	3	20	2	6	8	56	56	264	264
BLADEN COUNTY	153	67.9	53.4	59.4	42.8	57.4	65.6	42.0	48 1	35.2	58 2	34 0	24.4	22.6	37.7	20.4	52 E		
COLUMBUS COUNTY	157	74.3	58.7	62.7	44.9	59.3	66.4	48 9	52 9	42 4	59 2	30 2	27.7	25.0	42 0			138.8	
MHITEVILLE CITY	104	77.9	57.1	77.2	55.2	70 5	77.8	63.0	57.4	58.1	70.5	52.7	55.8	66.0	59.1	31.5 37.3	56.5 66.6	148.8 177.5	56.4 67.2
CUMBERLAND COUNTY	1387	80.6	64.7	73.4	57.2	66.2	73.9	61.2	64.4	55.6	60 0	5: 2	44 0	44 0	51.8	37.0	44 0		
HARNETT COUNTY	250	77.0	62.0	68.3	61.4	57.8	74.3	56.5	68.1	53.6	50 1	52 2	42 2	46.7	49.8	36.0		174.1	
HOKE COUNTY	142	73.1	62.4	65.5	50.9	58.6	67.6	52.0	58.7	42.8	65.5	53.1	47.4	38.3	38.9	33.5		169.8 157.4	64.3 59.6
LEE COUNTY	201	78.9	73.8	69.1	58.5	68.1	70 4	52 R	60 6	50 5	60 7	55 4	41.6	40 1	52 .1				
MONTGOMERY COUNTY	156	82.7	67.7	72.5	60.5	70 4	73.5	62.0	67.0	57.3	73 2	50.7	24.7	79. I	56.2	36.4		171.5	
MOORE COUNTY	244	79.5	63.9	70.9	54.1	69.9	70.8	59.4	59.0	50.2	59.1	48.4	59.0	43.1	56.6	38.1 35.9		179.5 !69.1	
RICHMOND COUNTY	255	70.9	56.0	62.6	40 0	51.7	63 1	47 0	40 7	27 0	FA 2	42 1		47.6	43.0				
ROBESON COUNTY	279	68.9	49.6	61.4	45.5	52.6	63.0	43.6	45 1	20 1	47 0	27 1	25.0	47.0	43.0			142.8	54.1
FAIRMONT CITY	51	62.1	52.4	61.2	48.5	50.2	67.9	52.1	55.8	55.8	66.6	36.5	19.9	31.7	42.3 39.2	29.4 30.9		138.2 145.7	52.4 55.2
LUMBERTON CITY	160	74.3	56.5	65.0	47.6	62 3	69 5	52 3		40 6	64 E	44 4	24 1	45.0	53 . 1				
RED SPRINGS	46	68.2	44.8	54.7	37.0	52.3	52 9	37.2	31.6	30.3	25.3	24 0	37.1	43.9	53.1	32.2		151.8	57.5
SAINT PAULS CITY	28	78.8	70.3	73.5	50.8	63.6	73.7	53.3	56.7	34.8	73.8	53.5	27.1	55.8	28.4 56.7	26.1 36.1		122.2 168.6	46.3 63.9
SCOTLAND COUNTY	267	77.4	59.4	66.6	57.9	66.9	71.9	54.4	60.3	46.6	58.3	53.0	35.2	63.3	45.9	35.3	 63 , 1	166.8	63.2

NOTE: THE NUMBER OF ITEMS MEASURING EACH GOAL HILL VARY ACROSS YEARS. THE NUMBER OF ITEMS IN EACH GOAL AREA IS DIRECTLY PROPORTIONAL TO THE NUMBER OF OBJECTIVES FOR THE GOAL. FOUR FORMS OF A 66-ITEM TEST HERE ADMINISTERED IN EVERY CLASSROOM. FIFTY-SIX OF THE SIXTY-SIX ITEMS WERE EQUATED ACROSS THE FOUR FORMS (CORE). THE REMAINING 10 ITEMS VARIED BY FORM, SO THAT 264 ITEMS HERE MEASURED IN EVERY CLASSROOM. GOAL AREAS INCLUDE BOTH CORE AND VARIABLE ITEMS.



REGION NORTH CENTRAL

REGION REPORT

GOALS

90AL 1: USE THE LANGUAGE OF ALGEBRA
90AL 2: LOCATE NUMBERS ON NUMBER LINE AND COORDINATE PLANE
90AL 3: PERFORM OPERATIONS WITH REAL NUMBERS
90AL 4: SOLVE LINEAR EQUATIONS AND INEQUALITIES

GOAL 5: SOLUE SYSTEMS OF LINEAR EQUATIONS
GOAL 6: PERFORM OPERATIONS WITH POLYNOMIALS

90AL 7: PERFORM OPERATIONS WITH ALGEBRAIC FRACTIONS

GOAL 8: SOLVE PROBLEMS INVOLVING RADICAL EXPRESSION

GOAL 9: SOLVE QUADRATIC EQUATIONS

GOAL 10: SOLVE PROBLEMS INVOLVING COMPLEX NUMBERS
GOAL 11: USE ANALYTIC GEOMETRY TO SOLVE PROBLEMS

GOAL 12: SOLVE PROBLEMS INVOLVING VARIATION

GOAL 14: SOLVE PROBLEMS INVOLVING LOGARITHMIC AND EXPONENTIAL

FUNCTIONS

GOAL 15: INVESTIGATE SOME TECHNIQUES FOR PROBLEM SOLVING

	NUMBER TESTED	GOAL 1	GOAL 2	GOAL 3	GOAL 4	00AL 5	00AL	00AL 7	GOAL 8	GOAL 9	GOAL 10	GOAL 11	GOAL 12	00AL 14	GOAL 15	AVG CORE	PCT CORE	ALL ITEMS	ALL
NUMBER OF ITEMS		23	18	30	20	24	55	23	23	9	3	20	2	6	8	56	56	264	264
ALAMANCE COUNTY	39 1														47.3	33.5	59.8	157.9	59.8
BURLINGTON CITY	33 1														56.0		69.4	182.6	69.2
CASHELL COUNTY	96	70.7	57.4	63.5	47.9	55.8	59.8	38.8	48.5	33.7	55.4	40.8	40.5	31.7	39.4	30.1	53.7	140.3	53.2
CHATHAM COUNTY	183	85.4	72.2	76.4	66.8	69.5	78.4	63.3	73.2	56.6	74.2	63.3	49.4	65.0	60.8	40.4	72.1	189.9	71.9
DAVIDSON COUNTY	631	68.3	55. 7	62.0	47.7	58.4	62.0	44.2	44.8	38.8	45.5	45.1	31.7	35.4	46.7	30.3	54.1	142.8	54.1
LEXINGTON CITY	102	69.5	56.8	59.7	41.5	63.9	61.4	41.6	46.4	42.0	43.1	40.9	26.0	38.7	57.5	30.0	53.6	142.5	54.0
THOMASVILLE CITY	69	78.7	63.4	71.9	58.3	71.7	71.4	56.2	70.1	54.0	76.5	55.7	61.8	56.4	62.6	37.6	67.2	176.2	66.7
FORSYTH COUNTY	145 1	82.0	69.2	76.2	60.6	71.9	75.7	63.3	68.8	56.0	73.0	54.7	52.7	60.2	54.5	38.8	69.2	182.8	69.2
GUILFORD COUNTY	962	82.9	69.0	76.3	64.4	73.3	79.2	66.2	72.6	54.8	73.3	58.9	49.7	50.2	60.8	39.9	71.2	188.1	71.2
GREENSBORO CITY	1016	78.0	60.7	69.5	62.5	64.8	72.3	59.0	64.0	48.0	60.0	53.3	45.7	50.5	54.7	36.3	64.8	170.9	64.7
HIGH POINT CITY	253														49.1				67.6
ORANGE COUNTY	146	76.1	62.0	68.4	46.2	64.2	63.0	47.9	51.5	39.9	55.1	48.6	48.8	55.2	49.6	32.8	58.5	154.6	58.6
CHAPEL HILL CITY	227	93.9	88.3	89.0	85.4	89.6	90.6	86.1	89.9	81.0	88.9	86.4	70.9	85.6	79.1	49.5	88.3	233.2	88.3
PERSON COUNTY	164															40.3		190.1	
RANDOLPH COUNTY	351														57.9			171.5	
ASHEBORO CITY	140	79.1	68.5	72.0	61.6	70.9	74.0	61.9	63.9	52.4	62.6	52.3	56.4	53.0	62.7	37.6	67.2	177.4	67.2
ROCK I NGHAM COUNTY	123		69.0													36.2			64.2
EDEN CITY	139														54.6		70.3	185.6	
HEST. ROCKINGHAM	107	81.0	71.4	70.0	61.9	67. <i>0</i>	74.2	62.7	66.7	57.0	61.3	52.7	42.4	57.4	45.9	37.8	67.6	177.0	67.0
REIDSUILLE CITY	91														58.0			181.9	
STOKES COUNTY	210														48.9			160.2	

NOTE: THE NUMBER OF ITEMS MEASURING EACH GOAL HILL WARY ACROSS YEARS. THE NUMBER OF ITEMS IN EACH GOAL AREA IS DIRECTLY PROPORTIONAL TO THE NUMBER OF OBJECTIVES FOR THE GOAL. FOUR FORMS OF A 66-ITEM TEST HERE ADMINISTERED IN EVERY CLASSROOM. FIFTY-SIX OF THE SIXTY-SIX ITEMS HERE EQUATED ACROSS THE FOUR FORMS (CORE). THE REMAINING 10 ITEMS VARIED BY FORM, SO THAT 264 ITEMS HERE MEASURED IN EVERY CLASSROOM. GOAL AREAS INCLUDE BOTH CORE AND VARIABLE ITEMS.



AUG

RECTON SOUTHHEST

REGION REPORT

GOALS

GOAL 1: USE THE LANGUAGE OF ALGEBRA

GOAL 2: LOCATE NUMBERS ON NUMBER LINE AND COORDINATE PLANE GOAL 9: SOLVE QUADRATIC EQUATIONS

GOAL 3: PERFORM OPERATIONS WITH REAL NUMBERS

GOAL 4: SOLUE LINEAR EQUATIONS AND INEQUALITIES GOAL 5: SOLUE SYSTEMS OF LINEAR EQUATIONS

GOAL 6: PERFORM OPERATIONS WITH POLYNOMIALS

GOAL 7: PERFORM OPERATIONS WITH ALGEBRAIC FRACTIONS

GOAL 8: SOLVE PROBLEMS INVOLVING RADICAL EXPRESSION

GOAL 10: SOLVE PROBLEMS INVOLVING COMPLEX NUMBERS

COAL 11: USE ANALYTIC GEOMETRY TO SOLVE PROBLEMS

GOAL 12: SOLVE PROBLEMS INVOLVING VARIATION

GOAL 14: SOLVE PROBLEMS INVOLVING LOGARITHMIC AND EXPONENTIAL

FUNCTIONS

GOAL 15: INVESTIGATE SOME TECHNIQUES FOR PROBLEM SOLVING

	NUMBER TESTED	GOAL 1	GOAL	GOAL 3	GOAL 4	00AL 5	OOAL 6	GOAL 7	GOAL 8	GOAL 9	GOAL 10	GOAL	60AL 12	GOAL 14	00AL 15		PCT CORE	AVG ALL ITEMS	PCT ALL ITEMS
NUMBER OF ITEMS		23	18	30	20	24	5 5	23	23	9	3	 	2	6	8	56	56	264	264
ANSON COUNTY CABARRUS COUNTY KANNAPOLIS CITY	185 492 174	79.9	70.6	71.5	60.2	67.8	74.5	67.0	65.6	53.7	62.5	59.4	52.0	58.2	55.0	29.2 38.1 28.9	68.0	138.1 180.0 136.1	68.2
CLEUELAND COUNTY KINJS HTN. CITY SHELBY CITY	225 103 157	77.8	65.3	68.6	61.2	67.6	70.0	57.7	50.5	₹.0	59.0	51.7	42.3	67.7	55	36.4 35.7 35.0	63.8	172.1 168.4 165.7	
GASTON COUNTY LINCOLN COUNTY MECKLEMBURG COUNT	915 298 2715	73.8	54.2	66.0	47.8	59.7	66.7	51.8	57.9	44.3	58.6	39.3	34.3	28.3	46.8	33.2 32.5 35.9	58.0	156.8 152.1 168.5	57.6
ROUAN COUNTY SALISBURY CITY STANLY COUNTY	548 107 142	76 . 1	58.2	61.0	43.8	5 7.3	60.2	46.9	50.3	34.2	44.5	46.4	32.8	50.2	40.5	34.0 30.8 33.0	55.0	159.7 144.8 156.6	54.9
RLBEMANLE CIT! UNION COUNTY HONROE CITY	53 353 111	80.9	68 . 1	70.9	57.4	70.7	71.4	54.9	57.0	49.8	59.5	52.6	49.0	47.3	60.6	38.8 36.2 36.4	64.6	182.2 171.0 172.5	69.0 64.8 65.3

NOTE: THE NUMBER OF ITEMS MEASURING EACH GOAL HILL VARY ACROSS YEARS. THE NUMBER OF ITEMS IN EACH GOAL HRER IS DIRECTLY PROPORTIONAL TO THE NUMBER OF OBJECTIVES FOR THE GOAL. FOUR FORMS OF R 66-ITEM TEST HERE ROMINISTERED IN EVERY CLRSSROOM. FIFTY-SIX OF THE SIXTY-SIX ITEMS WERE EQUATED ACROSS THE FOUR FORMS (CORE). THE REMAINING 10 ITEMS VARIED BY FORM, SO THAT 264 ITEMS HERE MERSURED IN EVERY CLASSROOM. GOAL ARERS INCLUDE BOTH CORE AND VARIABLE ITEMS.





REGION NORTHHEST

OOAL 7: PERFORM OPERATIONS WITH ALGEBRAIC FRACTIONS

REGION REPORT

GOALS

OOAL 1: USE THE LANGUAGE OF ALGEBRA

GOAL 2: LOCATE NUMBERS ON NUMBERS INCOMPLIANTE PLANE

GOAL 3: PERFORM OPERATIONS WITH REAL NUMBERS

GOAL 4: SOLUE LINEAR EQUATIONS AND INEQUALITIES

GOAL 5: SOLUE SYSTEMS OF LINEAR EQUATIONS

GOAL 6: PERFORM OPERATIONS WITH POLYMONIALS

GOAL 1: SOLUE PROBLEMS INVOLVING CONFLEX NUMBERS

GOAL 1: USE ANALYTIC GEOMETRY TO SOLUE PROBLEMS

GOAL 1: SOLUE PROBLEMS INVOLVING VARIATION

00AL 14: SOLUE PROBLEMS INVOLVING LOGARITHMIC AND EXPONENTIAL FUNCTIONS

GOAL 15: INVESTIGATE SOME TECHNIQUES FOR PROBLEM SOLVING

	NUMBER TESTED	GOAL 1	00AL 2	GOAL 3	00AL	GOAL 5	GOAL 6	GOAL	GOAL 8	GOAL 9	GOAL	GOAL 11	GOAL 12	30AL 14	00AL 15	AVG CORE	PCT CORE	AVG ALL I TEMS	PCT ALL ITEMS
NUMBER OF ITEMS		23	18	30	20	24	55	23	23	9	3	20	2	6	8	56	56	264	264
ALEXANDER COUNTY	162	77.3	65.6	66.1	55.0	65.9	71.6	52.3	56.5	46.3	53.8	49.2	18.7	24.3	52.8	34.3	61.3	162.3	61.5
ALLEGHAMY COUNTY	41	75 . 1	71.3	70.9	69.6	69.1	72.1	56.5	66.5	65.9	57.7	64.7	34.1	61.6	58.9	37.8	67.4	179.5	66.6
ASHE COUNTY	137	81.9	69.0	72.1	60.5	67.9	75.2	65.5	70.0	59.2	68.5	54.4	64.5	50.4	62.5	38.2	68.1	181.4	
AVERY COUNTY	85	69.1	56.1	60.4	57 2	54.9	63.5	39.7	40.1	42.9	38.3	43.5	36.2	26.7	39.5	30.0	53.6	141.2	53 5
BURKE COUNTY	343	79.6	65.4	73.0	56.8	69.1	71.6	57.8	67.8	48.6	66.1	53.0	47.2	63.3	54.0	36.9	66.0	174.3	
CALDHELL COUNTY	331	80.9	68.7	73.6	58.0	73.3	72.4	59.4	62.0	52.6	65.0	53.5	53.4	41.0	61.3	37.3	66.6	175.8	
CATALBA COUNTY	510	81.9	72.1	74.9	61.6	74.4	79. 1	67.0	79.6	59.3	71.8	60 5	45 1	54.6	59 2	39.7	79 B	188.1	71.3
HICKORY CITY	183	87.9	77.1	78.7	72.8	81.3	80.0	72.2	67.3	67.2	71.6	68.5	42.5	31.7	66.4	42.1	75.2	198.0	
NEHTON CITY	87	77.9	59.3	69.2	52 . 1	63.9	67.0	42.4	55.1	42.5	50.3	56.2	39.6	48.4	57.5	33.7	60.1	159.3	
DAVIE COUNTY	158	78.2	68.1	71.8	56.8	67.3	74.7	63.6	62.4	59.8	66.5	56.8	52.5	45 2	59 7	37.	*6 B	176.6	66.0
I REDELL COUNTY	355	73.8	55.5	53.1	46.6	56.5	63.6	44.5	50.6	45.4	61.9	42.5	34.3	32.4	48.4	31.2	55.7	146.6	
MOORESVILLE CITY	110	73.8	54.6	67.4	43.3	65 . 1	63.7	37.9	59.3	48.8	55.2	36.3	35.0	57.2	48.1	31.8	56.8	149.9	
STATESUILLE CITY	135	81.3	63.7	73.9	61.6	71.6	77.0	65.6	67.8	57.8	70.5	54.2	33.0	42 7	62 B	38.4	68 5	181.5	69 7
SURRY COUNTY	194	74.7	63.3	f8.5	53.6	60.6	79.8	50.2	57.5	40.9	50.9	51.5	42.4	19 6	50 2	33.8	60.3	159.7	
ELKIN CITY	54	80.7	59.9	72.8	58.2	70.5	70.4	49.5	58.4	40.8	55.7	45.1	29.1	59.3	53 .5	35.2	62.9	166.1	
MOUNT RIRY CITY	66	77.1	61.8	67.7	51.8	69.7	71.5	61.1	59.7	49.8	79.7	46.1	9.4	30 4	49 2	34.6	61 Q	165.9	62.8
HATAUGA COUNTY	149	87.1	82.9	80.4	73.7	79.6	85.9	78.7	81.0	71.4	82.1	71.7	62.4	53.3	56.9	44.3	79.1	209.1	
HILKES COUNTY	300	71.2	63.2	60.6	49.4	56.4	61.6	42.3	47.8	37.2	44.1	45.2	33.9	38.4	49.5	30.6	54.7		
YADKIN COUNTY	138	77	60.7	70.3	59.7	68.8	71.0	56.9	60.7	5 Ø. 1	68.6	50.6	42.6	40.2	52.7	35.4	63.3	167.7	63.5

NOTE: THE NUMBER OF ITEMS MEASURING EACH GOAL HILL WARY ACROSS YEARS. THE NUMBER OF ITEMS IN EACH GOAL AREA IS DIRECTLY PROPORTIONAL TO THE NUMBER OF OBJECTIVES FOR THE GOAL. FOUR FORMS OF A 66-ITEM TEST HERE ADMINISTERED IN EVERY CLASSROOM. FIFTY-SIX OF THE SIXTY-SIX ITEMS HERE EQUATED ACROSS THE FOUR FORMS (CORE). THE REMAINING TO ITEMS WARTED BY FORM, SO THAT 264 ITEMS HERE MEASURED IN EVERY CLASSROOM. GOAL AREAS INCLUDE BOTH CORE AND WARTABLE ITEMS.



REGION HESTERN

REGION REPORT

GOALS

GOAL 1: USE THE LANGUAGE OF ALGEBRA

GOAL 2: LOCATE NUMBERS ON NUMBER LINE AND COORDINATE PLANE

GOAL 3: PERFORM OPERATIONS WITH REAL NUMBERS

GOAL 4: SOLVE LINEAR EQUATIONS AND INEQUALITIES

GOAL 5: SOLUE SYSTEMS OF LINEAR EQUATIONS

GOAL 6: PERFORM OPERATIONS WITH POLYNOMIALS

GOAL 7: PERFORM OPERATIONS WITH ALGEBRAIC FRACTIONS

GOAL 8: SOLVE PROBLEMS INVOLVING RADICAL EXPRESSION

GOAL 9: SOLVE QUADRATIC EQUATIONS

GOAL 10: SOLVE PROBLEMS INVOLVING COMPLEX NUMBERS

GOAL 11: USE ANALYTIC GEOMETRY TO SOLUE PROBLEMS

GOAL 12: SOLVE PROBLEMS INVOLVING VARIATION

GOAL 14: SOLVE PROBLEMS INVOLVING LOGARITHMIC AND EXPONENTIAL

FUNCT I ONS

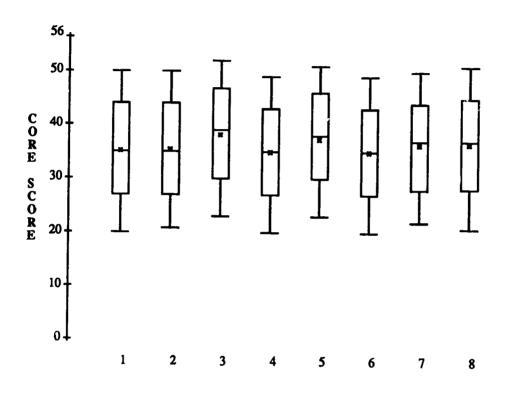
GOAL 15: INVESTIGATE SOME TECHNIQUES FOR PROBLEM SOLVING

	NUMBER TESTED	GOAL 1	. 00AL	GOAL 3	GOAL 4	60AL 5	GOAL 6	GOAL 7	GOAL 8	. GOAL	GOAL 10	GOAL 11	00AL 12	GOAL 14	60AL 15	AUG CORE	PCT CORE	AVG ALL I TEMS	PCT ALL ITEMS
Number of Items		23	18	30	20	24	55	23	23	9	3	20	2	6	8	56	56	264	264
BUNCOMBE COUNTY	828	80.4	68.3	73.2	60.6	71.3	73.9	61.8	65.4	53.2	67.7	54.4	49.0	50 1	54.5	37 B	67.5	178.0	67.4
ASHEVILLE CITY	198	74.4	63.3	64.7	50.4	64.2	64.1	53.9	56.5	42.0	56 0	48 R	45.3	41.7	45.8	33.5		156.4	59.2
CHEROKEE COUNTY	13 1	71.9	57.1	65.4	47.6	59.2	62.1	45.9	49.8	40.9	60.8	34.4	36.9	42.6	45.2	30.9	55.2	145.6	
CLAY COUNTY	33	80.7	71.8	79.7	63.4	78.8	78.3	65.3	69.0	50.9	55.6	58 8	59 7	45.4	65.8	30 4	79 3	188.1	71.3
GRAHAM COUNTY	51	72.4	66.7	73.6	66.0	70.1	75.7	63.0	51.9	55.8	63 9	59 R	47 R	59.7	59.7	36.0	65.9	177.0	
HAYHOOD COUNTY	265	79.	65.9	71.8	56.1	67.0	72.4	60.2	60.8	47.7	55.2	46.5	45.0	59.2	58.2	36.1		170.9	67.0 64.7
HENDERSON COUNTY	353	78.2	66.9	73.4	59.8	68.9	73.9	58.8	63.7	53 A	65.3	52 5	52 5	54 1	53.9		55 A	175.2	66.4
HENDRSNULLE CITY	115	77.9	64.7	71.2	60.7	64.1	70.6	60.0	60 0	39.2	67.6	51 4	40 0	46 0	44.5	35.9			
JACKSON COUNTY	164	80.0	64.1	71.0	56.5	65.0	73.5	59.6	57.6	51.4	68.3	49.1	34.9	42.9	55.0	36.1		168.3 169.8	63.8 64.3
MACON COUNTY	121	83.2	66.7	77.0	58.1	77.0	77.3	61.3	72.7		74 7	63.7	- -	50 P	64.3	39.9	71 2		71.4
MADISON COUNTY	63	82.0	74.5	76.8	62.7	78.6	73.6	59 A	73 8	57.2	79.5	59.4	62 A	55.6	65.3	39.8		188.5	71.4
MCDOHELL COUNTY	202	76.2	59.6	70.3	55.0	64.5	67.2	50.9	56.8	41.6	58.2	49.7	42.3	42.1	55.3	34.1		186.8 160.7	70.8 60.9
MITCHELL COUNTY	68	70.6	56.9	60.6	45.2	60.8	64 7	43 7	46.3	34 8	41 2	58 0	·	20 2	44.1	30.9	EE 2	145.8	55.2
POLK COUNTY	41	73.6	66.9	63.8	49 4	57 1	61.6	44 4	51.6	40 0	50 0	54.2	50.5	21.2	35.7	31.5			
TRYON CITY	29	75.1	63.7	73.1	53.2	69.9	65.5	52.3	62.9	56.4	75.2	48.1	52.7	17.2	46.4	34.9		149.0 163.3	56.5 61.9
RUTHERFORD COUNTY	238	81.0	65.0	74.1	59.3	68.7	74.6	66 1		54.2	67 2	52 5	53 A	62 '	6J.5	38.2		100.0	
SHAIN COUNTY	51	78.1	71.6	68.5	49.7	68 7	73 1	54.7	54 2	51 4	55 A	42 7	47.6	44.0	51.0			180.3	68.3
TRANSYLVANIA COUN	112	74.4	64.8	65.6	56.8	57.0	69.1	50.3	53.7	44.4	55.9	47.6	34.4	38.1	48.3	35.4 33.7		165.6 157.5	52.7 59 .7
YONCEY COUNTY	101	75.1	64.3	63.5	63.7	62.8	72.4	61.4	63.9	57.3	66.1	59.4	39.4	40.5	57.4	36.5	65.2	171 1	64.8

NOTE: THE NUMBER OF ITEMS MEASURING EACH COAL HILL VARY ACROSS YEARS. THE NUMBER OF ITEMS IN EACH GOAL AREA IS DIRECTLY PROPORTIONAL TO THE NUMBER OF OBJECTIVES FOR THE GOAL. FOUR FORMS OF A 66-ITEM TEST HERE ADMINISTERED IN EVERY CLASSROOM. FIFTY-SIX OF THE SIXTY-SIX ITEMS HERE EQUATED ACROSS THE FOUR FORMS (CORE). THE REMAINING 10 ITEMS VANIED BY FORM, SO THAT 264 ITEMS HERE MEASURED IN EVERY CLASSROOM. GOAL AREAS INCLUDE BOTH CORE AND VARIABLE ITEMS.



Figure 7. Distributions of Algebra II Core Scores by Regions -- 1988



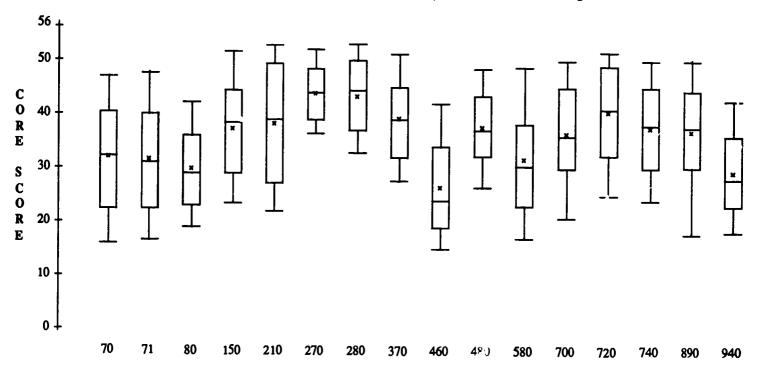
REGIONS:

- Northeast Southeast Central
- 1 2 3 4
 - South Central

- North Central Southwest
- Northwest
- Western



Figure 8. Distributions of Algebra II Core Scores by School Systems in the Northeast Region -- 1988



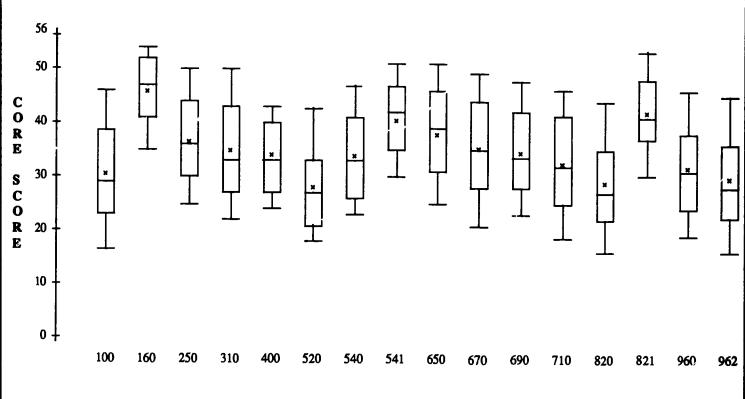
Northeast Region School Systems:

07) Beaufort Co.	210 Chowan Co.	460 Hertford Co.	720 Perquimans Co.
071 Washington City	270 Currituck Co.	480 Hyde Co.	740 Pitt Co.
080 Bertie Co.	280 Dare Co.	580 Martin Co.	890 Tyrrell Co.
150 Camden Co.	370 Gates Co.	700 Pasquotank Co.	940 Washington Co.

1 7 67



Figure 9. Distributions of Algebra II Core Scores by School Systems in the Southeast Region -- 1988

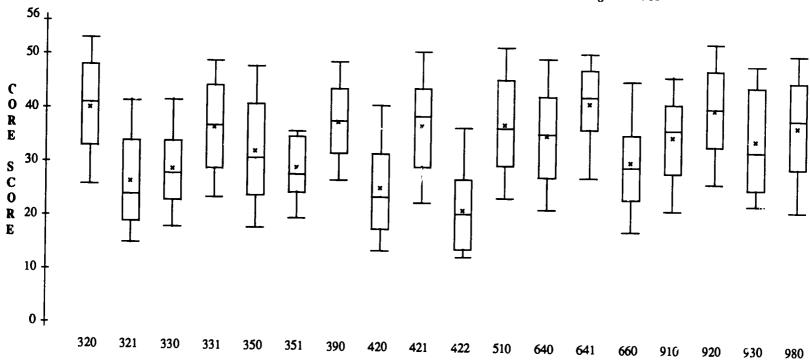


Southeast Region School Systems:

100 Brunswick Co. 160 Carteret Co.	400 Greene Co. 520 Jones Co.	650 New Hanover Co. 670 Onslow Co.	820 Sampson Co.821 Clinton City
250 Craven Co. 310 Duplin Co.	540 Lenoir Co.	690 Pamlico Co.	960 Wayne Co.
310 Dupini Co.	541 Kinston City	710 Pender Co.	962 Goldsboro City



Figure 10. Distributions of Algebra II Core Scores by School Systems in the Central Region -- 1988



Central Region School Systems:

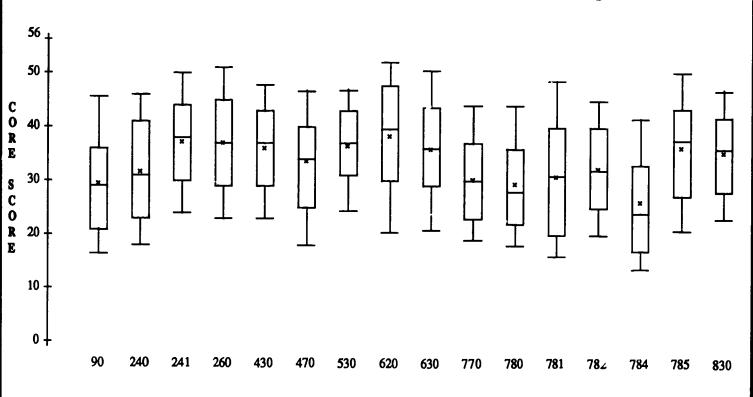
32

49

 320 Durham Co. 321 Durham City 330 Edgecombe Co. 331 Tarboro City 350 Franklin Co. 351 Franklinton City 	390 Granville Co. 420 Halifax Co. 421 Roanoke Rapids City 422 Weldon City 510 Johnston Co. 640 Nash Co.	641 Rocky Mount City 660 Northampton Co. 910 Vance Co. 920 Wake Co. 930 Warren Co.
351 Franklinton City	640 Nash Co.	980 Wilson Co.

5)

Figure 11. Distributions of Algebra II Core Scores by School Systems in the South Central Region -- 1988

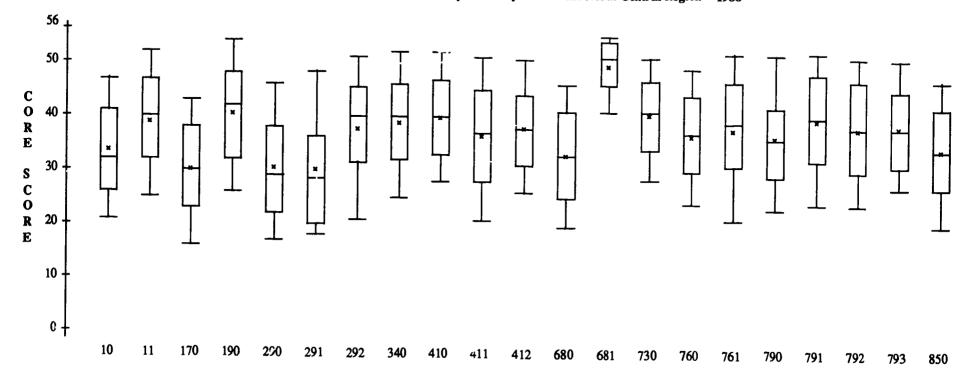


South Central Region School Systems:

090 Bladen Co.	430 Harnett Co.	630 Moore Co.	782 Lumberton City
240 Columbus Co.	470 Hoke Co.	770 Richmond Co.	784 Red Springs City
241 Whiteville City	530 Lee Co.	780 Robeson Co.	785 St. Pauls City
260 Cumberland Co.	620 Montgomery Co.	781 Fairmont City	830 Scotland Co.



Figure 12. Distributions of Algeora II Core Scores by School Systems in the North Central Region -- 1988



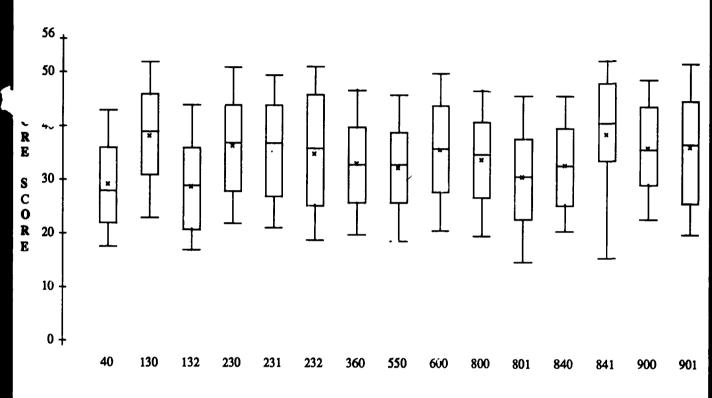
North Central Region School Systems:

 010 Alamance Co. 011 Burlington City 170 Caswell Co. 190 Chatham Co. 290 Davidson Co. 291 Lexington City 292 Thomasville City 	340 Forsyth Co. 410 Guilford Co. 411 Greensboro City 412 High Point City 680 Orange Co. 681 Chapel Hill City 730 Person Co.	 760 Randolph Co. 761 Asheboro City 790 Rockingham Co. 791 Eden City 792 Western Rockingham City 793 Reidsville City 850 Stokes Co.
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E.J

52

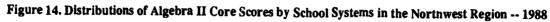
Figure 13. Distributions of Algebra Π Core Scores by School Systems in the Southwest Region -- 1988

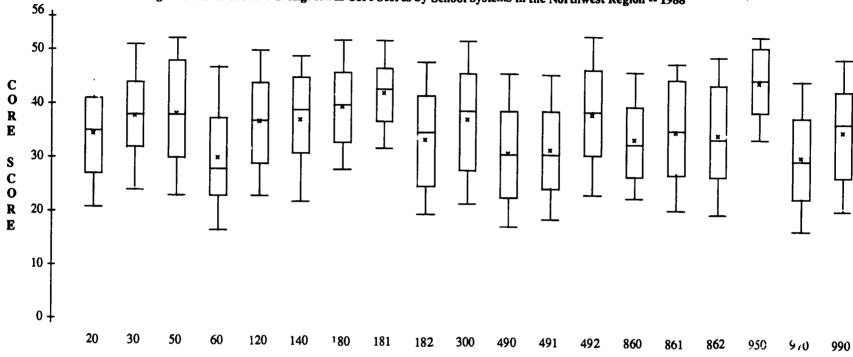


Southwest Region School Systems:

040 Anson Cv.	232 Shelby City	801 Salisbury City
130 Cabarrus Co.	360 Gaston Co.	840 Stanly Co.
132 Kannapolis City	550 Lincoln Co.	841 Albemarle City
230 Cleveland Co.	600 Mecklenburg Co.	900 Union Co.
231 Kings Mountain City	800 Rowan Co.	901 Monroe City







Northwest Region School Systems:

55

020 Alexander Co.

140 Caldwell Co.

490 Iredell Co.

862 Mt. Airy City

030 Alleghany Co.

180 Catawba Co.

491 Mooresville City

950 Watauga Co.

050 Ashe Cc.

181 Hickory City

492 Statesville City

970 Wilkes Co.

060 Avery Co.

182 Newton-Conover City

860 Surry Co.

120 Burke Co.

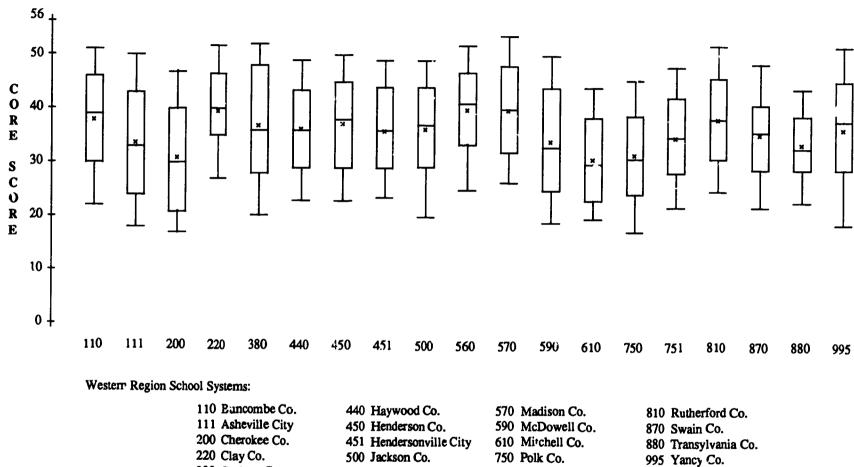
300 Davie Co.

861 Elkin City

990 Yadkin Co.

57

Figure 15. Distributions of Algebra II Core Scores by School Systems in the Western Region -- 1988



220 Clay Co. 500 Jackson Co. 750 Polk Co. 380 Graham Co. 560 Macon Co. 751 Tryon City

58

Table 10

Core Performance, Participation Rate, Yield, and Effective Yield
Algebra II: 1987-1988

REGION NORTHEAST

REGION REPORT

	1987				1988			
	AVERAGE. CORE	PERCENT OF CLASS	YIELD	EFFECTIVE YIELD	AVERAGE CORE	PERCENT OF CLASS	AIETD	EFFECTIVE YIELD
BEAUFORT COUNTY WASHINGTON CITY BERTIE COUNTY	31.8	37.8	21.5	15.5	31.9	42.5	24.2	17.8
	33.6	53.5	32.1	25.7	31.5	51.1	28.7	20.6
	33.1	36.4	21.5	18.1	29.8	40.1	21.3	16.0
CAMDEN COUNTY CHOWAN COUNTY CURRITUCK COUNTY	33.4	49.5	29.5	24.7	37.2	43.6	29.9	26.3
	38.9	36.9	25.6	24.0	38.1	41.2	28.0	24.2
	47.0	21.3	17.9	17.9	43.8	26.4	20.7	20.3
DARE COUNTY GATES COUNTY HERTFORD COUNTY	42.8	38.1	29.1	27.9	13.2	36.2	27.9	27.6
	37.7	31.0	20.9	20.4	39.1	55.5	38.7	37.0
	32.8	23.5	13.8	11.9	23.4	23.3	11.0	6.0
HYDE COUNTY MARTIN COUNTY PASQUOTANK COUNTY	37.0	30.9	20.4	17.6	37.7	31.2	21.0	19.2
	29.8	40.6	21.6	14.7	31.5	39.6	22.3	16.5
	40.1	39.4	28.2	26.8	34.3	52.2	33.8	29.1
PERQUIMANS COUNTY PITT COUNTY TYRRELL COUNTY	42.4	34.3	26.0	25.1	40.4	37.3	26.9	25.9
	38.6	47.1	32.5	29.7	37.5	42.4	28.4	26.0
	28.9	19.6	10.1	8.3	36.8	29.0	19.0	16.9
WASHINGTON COUNTY	29.2	46.3	24.1	16.9	29.3	38.4	20.1	15.0

NOTE: PERCENT OF CLASS IS AN ESTIMATE OF ALGEBRA II PARTICIPATION CALCU ATEL BY DIVIDING THE TOTAL NUMBER OF ALGEBRA II STUDENTS BY THE NUMBER OF STUDENTS IN THE NINTH GRADE CLASS. YIELD IS AN INDEX OF THE EFFECTIVENESS OF AN ALGEBRA II PROGRAM WHICH COMBINES PARTICIPATION AND PERFORMANCE. IT IS CALCULATED BY MULTIPLYING THE PERCENT OF A CLASS TAKING ALGEBRA II BY THE PERCENT OF CORE ITEMS ANSWERED CORRECTLY AND THEN MULTIPLYING BY 100. EFFECTIVE YIELD IS A SIMILAR INDEX WHICH COUNTS AS 'PARTICIPATING' IN ALGEBRA II ONLY THOSE STUDENTS WHOSE ACHIEVEMENT IS ESTIMATED TO BE PASSING.



1.0

Table 10, cont'd.

REGION SOUTHEAST

REGION REPORT

		198	7- 		1988			
	AVERAGE CORE	PERCENT OF CLASS	YIELD	EFFECTIVE YIELD	AVERAGE CORE	PERCENT OF CLASS	YIELD	EFFECTIVE YIELD
RRUNSWICK COUNTY CARTERET COUNTY NEW BERN-CRAVEN	34 ; 41.2 39.9	30.3 27.3 32.0	18.5 20.1 22.8	15.8 19.0 21.8	30.5 45.8 36.5	26.4 27.1 34.3	14.4 22.2 22.4	10.3 22.0 20.6
DUPLIN COUNTY GREENE COUNTY JONES COUNTY	38.1 36.9 32.2	34.3 23.4 45.7	23.3 15.4 26.3	22.0 14.6 18.8	34.9 34.0 27.9		21.1 13.7 16.2	18.4 12.6 9.1
LENOIR COUNTY KINSTON CITY NEW HANOVER COUNT	33.1 41.3 41.1	35.1 34.1 46.1	20.7 25.1 33.8	17.5 24.8 32.9	33.8 40.5 37.9	29.6 36.3 52.9	1, 9 26.2 35.8	15.7 24.9 33.0
ONSLOW COUNTY PAMLICO COUNTY PENDER COUNTY	36.9 36.5 33.5	37.8 38.4 23.2	24.9 25.0 13.9	22.4 23.2 11.0	35.3 34.3 32.5	39.8 24.5	25.1 15.0 14.3	21.5 13.5 11.5
SAMPSON COUNTY CLINTON CITY WAYNE COUNTY	30.6 46.7 34.2	31.2 29.1 51.3	17.0 24.3 31.3	12.8 23.9 26.5	28.8 41.9 31.5	36.5 23.7 40 4	18.7 17.7 22.8	12.7 17.4 17.6
GOLDSBORO CITY	35.1	31.6	19.8	17.6	29.5	38.1	20.1	14.6

NOTE: PERCENT OF CLASS IS AN ESTIMATE OF ALGEBRA 11 PARTICIPATION CALCULATED BY DIVIDING THE TOTAL NUMBER OF ALGEBRA II STUDENTS BY THE NUMBER OF STUDENTS IN THE NINTH GRADE CLASS. YIELD IS AN INDEX OF THE EFFECTIVENESS OF AN ALGEBRA II PROGRAM WHICH COMBINES PARTICIPATION AND PERFORMANCE. IT IS CALCULATED BY MULTIPLYING THE PERCENT OF A CLASS TAKING ALGEBRA II BY THE PERCENT OF CORE ITEMS ANSWERED CORRECTLY AND THEN MULTIPLYING BY 100. EFFECTIVE YIELD IS A SIMILAR INDEX WHICH COUNTS AS 'PARTICIPATING' IN ALGEBRA II ONLY THOSE STUDENTS WHOSE ACHIEVEMENT IS ESTIMATED TO BE PASSING.



Table 10, cont'd.

REGION CENTRAL

REGION REPORT

----1987-----

		190	,					
	AVERAGE CORE			EFFECTIVE YIELD	AVERAGE CORE	PERCENT OF CLASS		EFFECTIVE YIELD
DURHAM COUNTY DURHAM CITY EDGECOMBE COUNTY	29.0	50.8 33.0 20.1	17.1	34.8 11.5 9.6	26.4			33.7 5.6 9.2
PARBORO CITY PRANKLIN COUNTY PRANKLINTON CITY	31.2	3	10.1	28.5 15.6 7.1	29.3	15.3	27.9 17.2 8.0	13.0 6.9
GRANVILLE COUNTY HALIFAX COUNTY ROANOKE RPDS CITY			27.5	26.4 8.3 34.3	37.9 25.6	33.1 19.9	22.4 9.1	20.9 4.7
WELDON CITY JOHNSTON COUNTY NASH COUNTY		32.4	23.5	3.9 22.1 15.9		40.8		5.0 24.7 19.0
ROCKY MOUNT CITY NORTHAMPTON COUNT VANCE COUNTY	35.5 36.6		34.0 18.5 15.2	34.0 16.2 14.0	35.5	41.8 35.0 33.2	31.1 19.2 21.0	29.6 14.7 18
WAKE COUNTY WARREN COUNTY WILSON COUNTY	41.3 32.9 36.8	59.6	43.9	42.0 6.1 19.4	40.6	61.4		42.2

NOTE: PERCENT OF CLASS IS AN ESTIMATE OF ALGEBRA II PARTICIPATION CALCULATED BY DIVIDING THE TOTAL NUMBER OF ALGEBRA II STUDENTS BY THE NUMBER OF STUDENTS IN THE NINTH GRADE CLASS. YIELD IS AN INDEX OF THE EFFECTIVENESS OF AN ALGEBRA II PROGRAM WHICH COMBINES PARTICIPATION AND PERFORMANCE. IT IS CALCULATED BY MULTIPLYING THE PERCENT OF A CLASS TAKING ALGEBRA II BY THE PERCENT OF CORE ITEMS ANSWERED CORRECTLY AND THEN MULTIPLYING BY 100. EFFECTIVE YIELD 'S A SIMILAR INDEX WHICH COUNTS AS 'PARTICIPATING' IN ALGEBRA II ONLY THOSE STUDENTS WHOSE ACHIEVEMENT IS ESTIMATED TO BE PASSING.



Table 10, cont'd.

REGION SOUTH CENTRAL

REGION REPORT

		190	,					
	AVERAGE CORE	PERCENT OF CLASS	YIELD	EFFECTIVE YIELD	AVERAGE CORE	PERCENT OF CLASS	YIELD	EFFECTIVE YIELD
BLADEN COUNTY COLUMBUS COUNTY WHITEVILLE CITY	30.0 34.9 38.0	21.5 43.9	29.8	12.9 11.4 27.1	29.4 31.5 37.3	54.7	15.8 12.4 36.4	
CUMBERLAND COUNTY HARNETT COUNTY HOKE COUNTY	36.9 37.4 38.9	38.3 32.5 22.6	25.2 21.7 15.7	22.0 19.7 14.6	37.0 36.0 33.5	39.4 25.3 37.0	16.3 22.1	17.9
LEE COUNTY MONTGOMERY COUNTY MOORE COUNTY	37.4 39.1 35.7	37.1	24.8	22.7 22.0 20.9	36.4 38.1 35.9	40.0 39.9		23.9 23.8
RICHMOND COUNTY ROBESON COUNTY FAIRMONT CITY	35.8 32.3 29.8	22.7 22.8 28.3	14.5 13.2 15.0	13.1 10.5 12.1	30.2 29.4 30.9	32.3	1.8	
LUMBERTON CITY RED SPRINGS SAINT PAULS CITY	33.8 28.1 37.9	47.2	28.5	22.5 11.8 13.4	32.2 26.1 36.1	52.3 26.4	30.1 12.3	23.3
SCOTLAND COUNTY	37.7	45.1	30.4	28.7	35.3	43.0	27.1	24.0

NOTE: PERCENT OF CLASS IS AN ESTIMATE OF ALGEBRA II PARTICIPATION CALCULATED BY DIVIDING THE TOTAL NUMBER OF ALGEBRA II STUDENTS BY THE NUMBER OF STUDENTS IN THE NINTH GRADE CLASS. YIELD IS AN INDEX OF THE EFFECTIVENESS OF AN ALGEBRA II PROGRAM WHICH COMBINES PARTICIPATION AND PERFORMANCE. IT IS CALCULATED BY MULTIPLYING THE PERCENT OF A CLASS TAKING ALGEBRA II BY THE PERCENT OF CORE ITEMS ANSWERED CORRECTLY AND THEN MULTIPLYING BY 100. EFFECTIVE YIELD IS A SIMILAR INDEX WHICH COUNTS AS 'PARTICIPATING' IN ALGEBRA II ONLY THOSE STUDENTS WHOSE ACHIEVEMENT IS ESTIMATED TO BE PASSING.



Table 10, cont'd.

REGION NORTH CENTRAL

REGION REPORT

	1987							
	AVERAGE CORE	PERCENT OF CLASS	YIELD	EFFECTIVE YIELD	AVERAGE CORE	PERCENT OF CLASS		EFFECTIVE YIELD
ALAMANCE COUNTY BURLINGTON CITY CASWEL COUNTY	33.4 37.3 33.8	40.9 51.2 41.9	24.4 34.1 25.3		33.5 38.9 30.1			22.2 37.9 11.0
CHATHAM COUNTY DAVIDSON COUNTY LEXINGTON CITY	40.1 33.7 37.2	32.5 39.5 27.4	23.3 23.7 18.2	21.5 19.3 16.0	40.4 30.3 30.0	35.4 47.0	25.5 25.4 20.7	24.1 17.6 13.6
THOMASVILLE CITY FORSYTH COUNTY GUILFORD COUNTY	40.5 39.0 41.7	50.5	36.5 32.8 33	35.0 30.8 34.1	37.6 38.8 39.9	49.0	21.8 33.9 33.9	18.6 31.3 32.6
GREENSBORO CITY HIGH POINT CITY ORANGE COUNTY	37 8 34.2	56.7 36.4 34.2	39.2 24.6 20.9	35.1 22.2 18.2	36.3 37.8 32.8	35.7	38.8 24.1 22.7	33.2 23.2 18.2
CHAPEL HILL CITY PERSON COUNTY RANDOLPH COUNTY		71.9	62.7 16.3	62.5 15.1 16.9	49.5 40.3 36.4	36.4	49.4 26.2 20.1	49.4 24.9 18.4
ASHEBORO CITY ROCKINGHAL COUNTY EDEN CITY	39.7 40.2 40.2	53.3 19.9 35.7	37.7 14.3 25.6	35.3 13.3 24.5	37.6 36.2 39.4	37.8 45.1	32.0 24.4 31.7	27.9 21.8 29.4
WEST. ROCKINGHAM REIDSVILLE CITY STOKES COUNTY	38.7 33.7 33.0	33.2 51.7 34.6	23.0 31.1 20.4	21.1 26.1 16.4	37.8 36.2 34.0	30.5 31.3	20.6 21.3 22.7	18.7 20.4 18.8

NOTE: PERCENT OF CLASS IS AN ESTIMATE OF ALGEBRA II PARTICIPATION CALCULATED BY DIVIDING THE TOTAL NUMBER OF ALGEBRA II STUDENTS BY THE NUMBER OF STUDENTS IN THE NINTH GRADE CLASS. YIELD IS AN INDEX OF THE EFFECTIVENESS OF AN ALGEBRA II PROGRAM WHICH COMBINES PARTICIPATION AND PERFORMANCE. IT IS CALCULATED BY MULTIPLYING THE PERCENT OF A CLASS TAKING ALGEBRA II BY THE PERCENT OF CORE ITEMS ANSWERED CORRECTIVE AND THEN MULTIPLYING BY 100. EFFECTIVE YIELD IS A SIMILAR INDEX WHICH COUNTS AS 'PARTICIPATING' IN ALGEBRA ONLY THOSE STUDENTS WHOSE ACHIEVEMENT IS ESTIMATED TO BE PASSING.



Table 10, cont'd.

RECION SOUTHWEST

REGION REPORT

	1987				1988			
	AVERAGE CORE	PERCENT OF CLASS	YIELD	EFFECTIVE YIELD	AVERAGE CORE	PERCENT OF CLASS		EFFECTIVE YIELD
ANSON COUNTY CABARRUS COUNTY KANNAPOLIS CITY	31.8 40.9 29.3	33.9 41.4 41.6		15.6 29.1 14.1	29.2 38.1 28.9	45.3	25.1 31.0 23.4	17.7 27.6 15.2
CLEVELAND COUNTY KINGS MTN. CITY SHELBY CITY	41.8 36.8 40.1	30.9 27.8 62.0	23.0 18.3 44.4	22.1 17.1 38.3	36.4 35.7 35.0	34.3 31.7 62.1	22.3 20.2 38.9	19.5 17.3 31.2
GASTON COUNTY LINCOLN COUNTY MECKLENBURG COUNT	35.3 35.5 37.6	35.7 36.2 47.1	22.5 22.9 31.6	19.8 20.3 28.6	33.∠ 32.5 35.9	33.6 41.2	19.9 23.9	16.3 19.3 25.7
ROWAN COUNTY SALISBURY CITY STANLY COUNTY	35.2 40.6 38.0	46.4 59.1 52.1	29.2 42.8 35.4	25.7 41.1 32.1	34.0 30.8 33.0	51.2 5.6 25.4	31.1 30.0 13.0	25.8 21.9 12.5
ALBEMARLE CITY UNION COUNTY MONROE CITY	35.0 39.3 29.3	29.8	18.6 16.0 16.4	15.9 15.0 10.4	38.8 36.2 36.4	33.1 30.0	23.0 19.4 27.6	19.5 17.4 23.1

NOTE: PERCENT OF CLASS IS AN ESTIMATE OF ALGEBRA II PARTICIPATION CALCULATED BY DIVIDING THE TOTAL NUMBER OF ALGEBRA II STUDENTS BY THE NUMBER OF STUDENTS IN THE NINTH GRADE CLASS. YIELD IS AN INDEX OF THE EFFECTIVENESS OF AN ALGEBRA II PROGRAM WHICH COMBINES PARTICIPATION AND PERFORMANCE. IT IS CALCULATED BY MULTIPLYING THE PERCENT OF A CLASS TAKING ALGEBRA II BY THE PERCENT OF CORE ITEMS ANSWERED CORRECTLY AND THEN MULTIPLYING BY 100. EFFECTIVE YIELD IS A SIMILAR INDEX WHICH C'UNTS AS 'PARTICIPATING' IN ALGEBRA II ONLY THOSE STUDENTS WHOSE ACHIEVEMENT IS ESTIMATED TO BE PASSING.



Table 10, cont'd

REGION NORTHWEST

REGION REPORT

		1987				1988			
	AVERAGE CORE	PERCENT OF CLASS	YIELD	EFFECTI'/E YIELD	AVERAGE CORE	PERCENT OF CLASS	YIELD	EFFECTIVE YIELD	
ALEXANDER COUNTY ALLEGHANY COUNTY ASHE COUNTY	37.9 38.6 37.8	44.2 38.6 36	29.9 26.6 24.5	28.0 25.7 22.7	34.3 37.8 38.2	42.4 29.7 42.3	26.0 20.0 28.8	22.1 18.6 25.9	
AVERY COUNTY BURKE COUNTY CALDWELL COUNTY	33.7 37.5 37.9	24.1 36.0 25.3	14.5 24.1 17.1	11.1 22.0 15.6	30.0 36.9 37.:	34.8 36.1 32.4	18.7 23.8 21.6	13.6 21.3 19.2	
CATAWBA COUNTY HICKORY CITY NEWTON CITY	40.4 46.4 38.6	38.7 33.5 62.6	27.9 27.8 43.2	26.7 27.6 38.4	35.7 42.1 33.7	41.5 39.9	33.5 31.2 24.0	32.0 30.5 19.3	
DAVIE COUNTY IREDELL COUNTY MOORESVILLE CITY	38.9 34.3 36.6	46.5 38.5 51.9	32.3 23.6 33.9	29.1 19.6 31.2	37.4 31.2 31.8	38.1 40.1	25.4 22.3 32.4	21.6 16.5 25.3	
STATESVILLE CITY SURRY COUNTY ELKIN CITY	35.3 35.8 32.2	30.1 27.1 40.7	19.0 17.3 23.4	17.8 15.2 16.8	38.4 33.£ 35.2	18.9 28.1 70.1	33.5 16.9 44.1	30.3 14.7 36.7	
MOUNT AIRY CITY WATAUGA COUNTY WILKES COUNTY	39.0 44.7 35.2	46.7 43.0 30.2	32.5 34.3 19.0	29.3 33.3 16.6	34.6 44.3 30.6	48.2 38.4 33.3	29.8 30.4 18.2	25.3 30.2 13.4	
YADKIN COUNTY	35 7	31.9	20.3	17.7	35.4	33.1	21.0	i7 6	

NOTE: PERCENT OF CLASS IS AN ESTIMATE OF ALGEBRA II PARTICIPATION CALCULATED BY DIVIDING THE TOTAL NUMBER OF ALGEBRA II STUDENTS BY THE NUMBE. OF STUDENTS IN THE NINTH GRADE CLASS. YIELD IS AN INDEX OF THE EFFECTIVENESS OF AN ALGEBRA II PROGRAM WHICH COMBINES PARTICIPATION AND PERFORMANCE. IT IS CALCULATED BY MULTIPLYING THE PERCENT OF A CLASS TAKING ALGEBRA II BY THE PERCENT OF COKE ITFMS ANSWERED CORRECTLY AND THEN MULTIPLYING BY 100. EFFECTIVE YIELD IS A SIMILAR INDEX WHICH COUNTS AS 'PARTICIPATING' IN ALGEBRA II ONLY THOSE STUDENTS WHOSE ACLIEVEMENT IS ESTIMATED TO BE PASSING.



Table 10, cont'd.

REGION WESTERN

REGION REPORT

	1987				1988			
	AVERAGE CORE	PERCENT OF CLASS	YIELD	EFFECTIVE YIFLD	AVERAGE CORE	PERCENT OF CLASS	YIELD	EFFECTIVE YIELD
BUNCOMBE COUNTY ASHEVILLE CITY CHEROKEE COUNTY	39.2 37.3 33.7	38.4 57.7 38.5	26.9 38.4 23.2	24.5 30.8 18.6	37.8 33.5 30.9	41.2 63.7 39.3	27.8 38.1 21.7	24.3 30.0 14.4
CLAY COUNTY GRAHAM COUNTY HAYWOOD COUNTY	42.4 36.7 38.3	12.9	9.8 25.4 24.2		39.4 36.9 36.1	28.0 41.8 40.1	19.7 27.5 25.9	18.5 23.2 23.0
HENDERSON COUNTY HENDRSNVLLE CITY JACKSON COUNTY	38.4 42.4 37.3	42.4 75.4 37.6	29.1 57.1 25.0	26.1 54.9 21.9	37.2 35.9 36.1	51.4	35.2 45.5 33.1	31.6 41.2 28.7
MACON COUNTY MADISON COUNTY MCDOWELL COUNTY	40.7 36.4 34.1	39.0 18.4 24.8	28.3 11.9 15.1	26.9 10.0 12.8	39.9 39.8 34.1	43.7 24.0	31.2 17.0 21.5	29.6 16.2 16.9
MITCHELL COUNTY POLK COUNTY TRYON CITY	34.7 30.2 39.2	38.3 25.5 54.2	23.7 13.7 37.9	19.4 11.1 36.0	20.9 31.5 34.9	32.4 27.3 48.3	1'.9 15.4 30.1	13.4 12.4 27.0
RUTHERFORD COUNTY SWAIN COUNTY TRANSYLVANIA COUN	39.1 33.9 39.0		18.5 16.2 33.5		38.2 35.4 33.	34.5	18.6 19.1 20.8	17.2 16.9 18.5
YANCEY COUNTY	30.5	59.8	32.6	19.8	36.5	38.5	25.1	21.6

NOTE: PERCENT OF CLASS IS AN ESTIMATE OF ALGEBRA II PARTICIPATION CALCULATED BY DIVIDING THE TOTAL NUMBER OF ALGEBRA II STUDENTS BY THE NUMBER OF STUDENTS IN THE NINTH GRADE CLASS. YIELD IS AN INDEX OF THE EFFECTIVENESS OF AN ALGEBRA II PROGRAM WHICH COMBINES PARTICIPATION AND PERFORMANCE. IT IS CALCULATED BY MULTIPLYING THE PERCENT OF A CLASS TAKING ALGEBRA II BY THE PERCENT OF CORE ITEMS ANSWERED CORRECTLY AND THEN MULTIPLYING BY 100. EFFECTIVE YIELD IS A SIMILAR INDEX WHICH COUNTS AS 'PARTICIPATING' IN ALGEBRA II ONLY THOSE STUDENTS WHOSE ACHIEVEMENT IS ESTIMATED TO BE PASSING.



Table 11
Select Characteristics of Algebra II Students in Public School Systems: 1988

REGION NORTHEAST

REGION REPORT

	NUMBER TESTED	PERCENT OF CLASS	PERCENT OF TENTH GRADE	PERCENT OF ELEVENTH GRADE	PERCENT BLACK	PERCENT ALGEBRA II BLACK	PERCENT LESS THAN HS EDUC	PERCENT ALGEBRA II LESS THAN HS EDUC
BEAUFORT COUNTY WASHINGTON CITY BERTIE COUNTY	145	42.5	3.5	33 . 2	41.8	26.9	15.8	4.8
	145	51.1	8.9	26 . 5	43.8	29.0	9.5	4.8
	127	40.1	7.9	29 . 6	75.8	66.4	28.1	15.0
CAMDEN COUNTY CHONAN COUNTY CURRITUCK COUNTY	44	43.6	32.2	15.6	31.2	27.3	21.7	2.3
	80	41.2	14.1	16.0	50.9	32.5	12.1	3.8
	53	26.4	2.5	20.7	14.9	9.4	14.5	9.4
DARE COUNTY GATES COUNTY HERTFORD COUNTY	88	36 . 2	7.8	27.6	5.1	5.7	10.6	4.5
	66	55 . 5	9.2	24.8	57.2	50.0	24.6	12.1
	91	23 . 3	0.9	21.0	74.3	64.8	20.8	12.2
HYDE COUNTY MARTIN COUNTY PASQUOTANK COUNTY	24	31.2	0.0	24 . 1	49.4	37.5	33.3	12.5
	2 10	39.6	15.2	33 . 1	56.2	46.4	28.6	8.7
	200	52.2	13.2	26 . 9	44.8	37.9	14.8	8.4
PERQUIMANS COUNTY PITT COUNTY TYRRELL COUNTY	53	37.3	1.4	32.8	43.2	20.8	13.6	7. 5
	559	42.4	12.6	23.4	50.3	29.4	20.5	5.0
	18	29.0	0.0	27.6	48.7	33.3	14.6	33.3
MASHINGTON COUNTY	91	38.4	8.1	24.8	61.0	40.7	29.0	8.9

NOTE: NUMBER TESTED IS THE NUMBER OF STUDENTS WHO TOOK THE ALGEBRA II TEST. PERCENT OF CLASS IS THE TOTAL NUMBER OF ALGEBRA II STUDENTS DIVIDED BY THE NUMBER OF STUDENTS IN THE NINTH GRADE CLASS. IT IS AN ESTIMATE OF THE PERCENT OF A COHORT OR CLASS OF STUDENTS WHO WILL TAKE ALGEBRA II BEFORE LEAVING HIGH SCHOOL. PERCENT OF TENTH GRADE IS THE PERCENT OF TENTH GRADE STUDENTS TAKING ALGEBRA II. PERCENT OF ELEVENTH GRADE IS THE PERCENT OF ELEVENTH GRADE STUDENTS TAKING ALGEBRA II. PERCENT BLACK IS THE PERCENT OF TOTAL ENROLLMENT THAT IS BLACK. PERCENT ALGEBRA II BLACK IS THE PERCENT OF ALGEBRA II STUDENTS THAT IS BLACK. PERCENT LESS THAN HS EDUC IS THE PERCENT OF EIGHTH GRADE STUDENTS TAKING THE CALIFORNIA ACHIEVEMENT TEST IN 1988 WHOSE PARENTS HAVE LESS THAN A HIGH SCHOOL EDUCATION. PERCENT ALGEBRA II LESS THAN HS EDUC IS THE PERCENT OF ALGEBRA II STUDENTS WHOSE PARENTS HAVE LESS THAN A HIGH SCHOOL EDUCATION.



Table 11, cont'd.

REGION SOUT ZAST

REGION REPORT

	NUMBER TESTED	PERCENT OF CLASS	PERCENT OF TENTH GRADE	PERCENT OF ELEVENTH GRADE	PERCENT BLACK	PERCENT ALGEBRA II BLACK	PEHCENT LESS THAN HS EDUC	PERCENT ALGEBRA II LESS THAN HS EDUC
BRUNSHICK COUNTY CARTERET COUNTY NEW BERN-CRAUFN	224	26.4	8.5	22.4	26.8	20.6	15.0	3.6
	183	27.1	8.3	16.3	13.3	6 9	14.3	1.1
	397	34.3	4.1	27.8	36.1	24.7	14.0	4.8
DUPLIN COUNTY GREENE COUNTY JONES COUNTY	229	33.9	14.0	15.4	42.7	29.3	20.4	10.5
	59	22.6	7.7	19.0	62.1	28.8	33.3	10.2
	43	32.6	0.0	27.1	55.6	58.1	12.5	4.8
LENO R COUNTY KINSTON CITY NEW HANOVER COUNT	167	29.6	14. 1	16 . 8	32.7	15.0	20.6	7.9
	160	36.3	9.3	24 . 4	77.4	42.5	20.8	2.5
	773	52.9	13. 8	22 . 2	39.0	, `.8	11.8	1.8
ONSLOW COUNTY PARILICO COUNTY PENDER COUNTY	546	39.8	9.0	27.3	23.1	17.8	12.2	3.5
	50	24.5	8.0	19.3	35.2	24.5	13.2	4.0
	117	24.7	5.3	19.2	44.1	28.2	13.6	5.2
SAMPSON COUNTY CLINTON CITY HAYNE COUNTY	197	36.5	5.2	27.3	39.2	30.5	14 . 4	7.2
	55	23.7	1.6	19.5	47.2	29.1	14 . 0	3.6
	4 19	40.4	17.1	17.2	29.3	16.3	10 . 2	4.1
GOLDSBORO CITY	13 ·	38.1	5.9	17.8	81.9	69.9	16 . 6	6.0

NUMBER TESTED IS THE NUMBER OF STUDENTS WHO TOOK THE ALGEBRA !! TEST. PERCENT OF CLASS IS THE TOTAL NUMBER OF ALGEBRA !! STUDENTS DIVIDED BY THE NUMBER OF STUDENTS IN THE NINTH GRADE CLASS. IT IS AN ESTIMATE OF THE PERCENT OF A COHORT OR CLASS OF STUDENTS WHO WILL TAKE ALGEBRA !! BEFORE LEAVING-HIGH SCHOOL. PERCENT OF TENTH GRADE IS THE PERCENT OF TENTH GRADE STUDENTS TAKING ALGEBRA !!. PERCENT OF **LEVENTH GRADE IS THE PERCENT OF ELEVENTH GRADE STUDENTS TAKING ALGEBRA !!. PERCENT BLACK IS THE ***LEVENTH OF TOTAL ENROLLMENT THAT IS BLACK. PERCENT ALGEBRA !! BLACK IS THE PERCENT OF ALGEBRA !! STUDENTS THAT IS BLACK. PERCENT LESS THAN HS EDUC IS THE ***RCENT OF EIGHTH GRADE STUDENTS TAKING THE CALL.**ORNIA ACHIEVEMENT TEST IN 1988 WHOSE PARENTS HAVE LESS THAN A HIGH SCHOOL EDUCATION.



Table 11, coat'd.

REGION CENTRAL

REGION REPORT

	NUMBER TESTED	PERCENT OF CLASS	PERCENT OF TENTH GRADE	PERCENT OF ELEVENTH GRADE	PERCENT BLACK	PERCENT ALGEBRA II BLACK	PERCENT LESS THAN HS EDUC	PERCENT ALGEBRA 11 LESS THAN HS EDUC
DURHAM COUNTY DURHAM CITY EDGECOMBE COUNTY	717	50.9	10.8	29.7	30.9	20.0	9.7	2.7
	164	23.1	4.1	18.9	89.6	90.2	20.7	8.5
	121	24.5	0.5	21.7	60.8	55.4	22.9	9.2
TARBORO CITY FRANKLIN COUNTY FRANKLINTON CITY	105	42.7	10.5	23.3	53.5	26.7	20 . 2	4.8
	145	30.0	5.3	36.0	44.5	32.4	14 . 0	9.0
	22	15.3	0.8	20.0	60.9	50.0	38 . 5	9.5
GRANVILLE COUNTY HALIFAX COUNTY ROANOKE RPDS CITY	199	33.1	13.1	11.2	48.7	39.4	22.6	10.2
	131	19.9	12.2	14.9	83.0	82.3	34.7	19.4
	94	40.9	11.7	23.2	10.6	2.1	17.2	1.1
HELDON CITY	29	31.5	1.0	28.2	88.4	96.6	29.4	14.3
JOHNSTON COUNTY	494	40.8	10.7	27.4	25.4	12.6	17.2	6.1
NASH COUNTY	318	34.7	0.7	27.6	40.5	29.9	18.9	8.3
ROCKY MOUNT CITY	184	41.8	6.8	17.8	77.7	33.9	18 . 1	4.3
NORTHAMPTON COUNT	1 15	35.0	6.9	20.8	79.7	65.8	27 . 2	17.4
VANCE COUNTY	187	33.2	10.5	19.0	56.7	26.7	26 . 9	8.0
HAKE COUNTY HARREN COUNTY HILSON COUNTY	2874	61.4	15.7	28.7	26.7	13.7	7.5	2.2
	55	17.5	6.3	13.3	?3.0	54.5	18.9	11.1
	368	32.3	17.4	14.8	51.4	26.4	26.5	6.5

NOTE: NUMBER TESTED IS THE NUMBER OF STUDENTS WHO TOOK THE ALGEBRA !! TEST. PERCENT OF CLASS IS THE TOTAL NUMBER OF ALGEBRA !! STUDENTS DIVIDED BY THE NUMBER OF STUDENTS IN THE NINTH GRADE CLASS. IT IS AN ESTIMATE OF THE PERCENT OF A COHORT OR CLASS OF STUDENTS WHO WILL TAKE ALGEBRA !! BEFORE LEAVING HIGH SCHOOL. PERCENT OF TENTH GRADE IS THE PERCENT OF TENTH GRADE STUDENTS TAKING ALGEBRA !!. PERCENT OF ELEVENTH GRADE IS THE PERCENT OF ELEVENTH GRADE STUDENTS TAKING ALGEBRA !!. PERCENT BLACK IS THE PERCENT OF TOTAL ENROLLMENT THAT IS BLACK. PERCENT ALGEBRA !! BLACK IS THE PERCENT OF ALGEBRA !! STUDENTS THAT !. BLACK. PERCENT LESS THAN HS EDUC IS THE PERCENT OF EIGHTH GRADE STUDENTS TAKING THE CALIFORNIA ACHIEVEMENT TEST IN 1988 WHOSE PARENTS HAVE LESS THAN A HIGH SCHOOL EDUCATION. PERCENT ALGEBRA !! STUDENTS WHOSE PARENTS HAVE LESS THAN A HIGH SCHOOL EDUCATION.



Table 11, cont'd.

REGION SOUTH CENTRAL

REGION REPORT

BLADEN COUNTY 153 30.1 2.3 23.9 50.4 38.2 16.1 9.9 COLUMBUS COUNTY 157 22.1 5.4 19.6 38.4 24.2 20.5 6.4 HHITEVILLE CITY 104 54.7 16.3 30.3 41.3 21.2 20.3 5.8 CUMBERLAND COUNTY 1387 39.4 8.0 19.8 40.3 28.6 11.4 3.1 HARNETT COUNTY 250 25.3 8.8 16.3 32.0 19.2 23.2 6.1 HOKE COUNTY 142 37.0 5.3 19.3 52.1 43.7 28.7 7.0 LEE COUNTY 201 40.6 7.1 14.9 30.8 17.1 11.0 3.1 HONTGOMERY COUNTY 156 39.9 15.3 27.2 36.2 23.1 21.5 84 HOORE COUNTY 244 34.6 6.8 22.4 29.2 20.9 16.3 4.9 RIGHMOND COUNTY 279 20.6 4.5 19.3 21.3 15.8 28.4 13.8 FAIRHONT CITY 51 32.3 9.2 16.6 50.7 43.1 36.2 11.8 LUMBERTON CITY 160 52.3 12.2 27.8 36.6 18.9 26.4 4.4 RED SPRINGS 46 26.4 0.0 22.9 44.4 41.3 20.3 6.5 SAINT PAULS CITY 28 21.9 0.0 20.0 44.1 25.0 0.0 7.7 SCOTLAND COUNTY 28 21.9 0.0 20.0 44.1 25.0 0.0 7.7 SCOTLAND COUNTY 28 21.9 0.0 20.0 44.1 25.0 0.0 7.7		NUMBER TESTED	PERCENT OF CLASS	PERCENT OF TENTH GRADE	PERCENT OF FLEVENTH GRADE	PERCENT BLACK	PERCENT ALGEBRA II BLACK	PERCENT LESS THAN HS EDUC	PERCENT ALGEBRA ! I LESS THAN HS EDUC
HARNETT COUNTY 142 37.0 5.3 19.3 32.0 19.2 23.2 6.1 HOKE COUNTY 142 37.0 5.3 19.3 52.1 43.7 28.7 7.0 LEE COUNTY 201 40.6 7.1 14.9 30.8 17.1 11.0 3.1 MONTGOMERY COUNTY 156 39.9 15.3 27.2 36.2 23.1 21.5 8 4 MOORE COUNTY 244 34.6 6.8 22.4 29.2 20.9 16.3 4.9 RICHMOND COUNTY 255 36.8 10.7 20.0 38.6 25.7 17.0 5.2 ROBESON COUNTY 279 20.6 4.5 18.3 21.3 15.8 28.4 13.8 FAIRMONT CITY 51 32.3 9.2 16.6 50.7 43.1 36.2 11.8 LUMBERTON CITY 160 52.3 12.2 27.8 36.6 18.9 26.4 4.4 RED SPRINGS 46 26.4 0.0 22.9 44.4 41.3 20.3 6.5 SAINT PAULS CITY 28 21.9 0.0 20.0 44.1 25.0 0.0 7.7	COLUMBUS COUNTY	157	22 . 1	5.4	19.6	38.4	24.2	20.5	6.4
HONTGOMERY COUNTY 156 39.9 15.3 27.2 36.2 23.1 21.5 8.4 HOORE COUNTY 244 34.6 6.8 22.4 29.2 20.9 16.3 4.9 RICHMOND COUNTY 255 36.8 10.7 20.0 38.6 25.7 17.0 5.2 ROBESON COUNTY 279 20.6 4.5 18.3 21.3 15.8 28.4 13.8 FAIRMONT CITY 51 32.3 9.2 16.6 50.7 43.1 36.2 11.8 LUMBERTON CITY 160 52.3 12.2 27.8 36.6 18.9 26.4 4.4 RED SPRINGS 46 26.4 0.0 22.9 44.4 41.3 20.3 6.5 SAINT PAULS CITY 28 21.9 0.0 20.0 44.1 25.0 0.0 7.7	HARNETT COUNTY	250	25.3	8.8	16.3	32.0	19.2	23.2	6.1
ROBESON COUNTY 279 20.6 4.5 18.3 21.3 15.8 28.4 13.8 FAIRMONT CITY 51 32.3 9.2 16.6 50.7 43.1 36.2 11.8 LUMBERTON CITY 160 52.3 12.2 27.8 36.6 18.9 26.4 4.4 RED SPRINGS 46 26.4 0.0 22.9 44.4 41.3 20.3 6.5 SAINT PAULS CITY 28 21.9 0.0 20.0 44.1 25.0 0.0 7.7	MONTGOMERY COUNTY	156	39.9	15.3	27.2	36.2	23.1	21.5	8 4
RED SPRINGS 46 26.4 0.0 22.9 44.4 41.3 20.3 6.5 SAINT PAULS CITY 28 21.9 0.0 20.0 44.1 25.0 0.0 7.7	ROBESON COUNTY	279	20.6	4.5	18.3	21.3	15.8	28.4	13.8
SCOTLAND COUNTY 267 43.0 16.1 14.1 44.7 36.0 21.7 9.8	RED SPRINGS	46	26.4	0.0	22.9	44.4	41.3	20.3	6.5
	SCOTLAND COUNTY	267	43.0	16.1	14.1	44.7	36.0	21.7	9.8

NOTE: NUMBER TESTED IS THE NUMBER OF STUDENTS WHO TOOK THE ALGEBRA II TEST. PERCENT OF CLASS IS THE TOTAL NUMBER OF ALGEBRA II S. DENTS DIVIDED BY THE NUMBER OF STUDENTS IN THE NINTH GRADE CLASS. IT IS AN ESTIMATE OF THE PERCENT OF A COHORT OR CLASS OF STUDENTS WHO WILL TAKE ALGEBRA II BEFORE LEAVING HIGH SCHOOL. PERCENT OF TENTH GRADE IS THE PERCENT OF TENTH GRADE STUDENTS TAKING ALGEBRA II. PERCENT OF ELEVENTH GRADE IS THE PERCENT OF ELEVENTH GRADE STUDENTS TAKING ALGEBRA II. PERCENT BLACK IS THE PERCENT OF TOTAL ENROLLMENT THAT IS BLACK. PERCENT ALGEBRA II BLACK IS THE PERCENT OF ALGEBRA II STUDENTS THAT IS BLACK. PERCENT LESS THAN HS EDUC IS THE PERCENT OF EIGHTH GRADE STUDENTS TAKING THE CALIFORNIA ACHIEVEMENT TEST IN 1988 WHOSE PARENTS HAVE LESS THAN A HIGH SCHOOL EDUCATION. PERCENT ALGEBRA II LESS THAN HS EDUC IS THE PERCENT OF ALGEBRA II STUDENTS WHOSE PARENTS HAVE LESS THAN A HIGH SCHOOL EDUCATION.



Table 11, cont'd.

REGION NORTH CENTRAL

REGION REPORT

	NUMBER TESTED	PERCENT OF CLASS	PERCENT OF TENTH GRADE	PERCENT OF ELEVENTH GRADE	PERCENT BLACK	PERCENT ALGEBRA II BLACK	P'ERCENT LIESS THAN HS EDUC	PERCENT ALGEBRA II LESS THAN HS EDUC	_
ALAMANCE COUNTY BURLINGTON CITY CASHELL COUNTY	391 331 96	44.7 58.7 27.8	15.4 17.5 7.0	20.3 29.6 20.6	20.4 33.5 49.3	15.6 18.4 43.2	18.3 16.2 19.0	5 4 3.6 7.4	-
CHATHAM COUNTY DAVIDSON COUNTY LEXINGTON CITY	183 631 102	35.4 47.0 38.5	5.9 14.0 18.6	27.5 26.3 20.6	32.5 3.2 38.9	22.5 2.1 25.5	23.6 20.8 27.1	5.0 8.3 7.8	-
THOMASUILLE CITY	69	32.4	14.4	15.2	46.0	40.6	25.5	13.2	-
FORSYTH COUNTY	145 1	49.0	14.0	19.3	33.4	21.3	11.1	3.4	
GUILFORD COUNTY	962	47.6	13.8	24.0	17.2	3.8	10.2	4.2	
GREENSBORD CITY	10 16	59.9	19.0	27.8	50.5	35.9	12.1	2.1	-
HIGH POINT CITY	253	35.7	16.1	18.5	48.1	28.1	21.3	6.0	
ORANGE COUNTY	146	38.8	6.0	24.6	27.6	24.0	17.4	9.6	
CHAPEL HILL CITY	227	55.9	21.9	25.9	22.2	5.3	6.3	0.9	-
PERSON COUNTY	164	36.4	14.8	17.9	37.3	29.6	24.^	8.5	
RANDOLPH COUNTY	351	30.9	8.2	22.2	5.9	3.4	23	8.9	
ASHEBORO CITY	140	47.6	18.7	23.5	15.3	8.6	16.2	2.1	-
ROCKINGHAM COUNTY	123	37.8	0.4	34.!	21.7	16.3	24.1	8.1	
EDEN CITY	139	45.1	13.5	20.7	21.7	9.4	23.1	7.2	
HEST. ROCKINGHAM	107	30.5	11.7	16.9	20.6	17.8	22.0	7.5	-
REIDSVILLE CITY	91	31.3	14.4	13.9	45.9	15.6	22.5	10.0	
STOKES COUNTY	210	37.4	13.8	13.7	8.1	6.7	20.4	6.2	

NOTE: NUMBER TESTED IS THE NUMBER OF STUDENTS WHO TOOK THE ALGEBRA II TEST. PERCENT OF CLASS IS THE TOTAL NUMBER OF ALGEBRA II STUDENTS DIVIDED BY THE NUMBER OF STUDENTS IN THE NINTH GRADE CLASS. IT IS AN ESTIMATE OF THE PERCENT OF A COHORT OR CLASS OF STUDENTS WHO WILL TAKE ALGEBRA II BEFORE LEAVING HIGH SCHOOL. PERCENT OF TENTH GRADE IS THE PERCENT OF TENTH GRADE STUDENTS TAKING ALGEBRA II. PERCENT OF ELEVENTH GRADE IS THE PERCENT OF ELEVENTH GRADE STUDENTS TAKING ALGEBRA II. PERCENT BLACK IS THE PERCENT OF TOTAL ENROLLMENT THAT IS BLACK. PERCENT ALGEBRA II BLACK IS THE PERCENT OF ALGEBRA II STUDENTS THAT IS BLACK. PERCENT LESS THAN HS EDUC IS THE PERCENT OF EIGHTH GRADE STUDENTS TAKING THE CALIFORNIA ACHIEVEMENT TEST IN 1988 WHOSE PARENTS HAVE LESS THAN A HIGH SCHOOL ED'CATION. PERCENT ALGEBRA II LESS THAN HS EDUC IS THE PERCENT OF ALGEBRA II STUDENTS WHOSE PARENTS HAVE LESS THAN A HIGH SCHOOL EDUCATION.



Table 11, cont'd.

REGION SOUTHHEST

REGION REPORT

	NUMBER TESTED	PERCENT OF CLASS	PERCENT OF TENTH GRADE	PERCENT OF ELEVENTH GRADE	PERCENT BLACK	PERCENT ALGEBRA II BLACK	PERCENT LESS THAN HS EDUC	PERCENT ALGEBRA I LESS THAN HS EDUC
ANSON COUNTY	185	48.1	12.7	29.3	61.4	47.0	14.2	6.0
CABARRUS COUNTY	492	45.6	15.0	23.4	14.8	7.1	11.5	3.9
KANNAPOLIS CITY	174	45.3	7.6	37.4	27.0	16.7	32.8	8.6
CLEVELAND COUNTY	225	34.3	0.3	18.8	26.0	18.2	29.3	4.0
KINGS MTN. CITY	103	31.7	10.9	20.3	23.1	13.6	21.2	4.0
SHELBY CITY	157	62.1	14.8	31.8	44.2	21.0	15.8	3.2
GASTON COUNTY	9 15	33.6	6.9	23.8	17.4	11.6	25.0	6.4
LINCOLN COUNTY	298	41.2	8.4	24.7	12.2	6.4	26.1	7.1
MECKLENBURG COUNT	27 15	46.6	15.6	22.1	39.2	20.4	12.1	3.0
ROHAN COUNTY	548	51.2	20.3	21.0	16.4	11.7	15 . 5	7.5
SALISBURY CITY	107	34 6	5.0	29.4	57.2	47.6	13 . 8	1.9
STANLY COUNTY	142	25.4	12.2	11.4	12.5	6.4	20 . 9	6.4
ALBEMARLE CITY	53	33 . 1	15.0	12.7	28.6	5.7	19.1	5.7
UNION COUNTY	353	30 . 0	11.3	17.6	15.2	7.5	12.5	4.2
MONROE CITY	111	42 . 5	13.7	20.5	56.2	32.7	25.6	5.5

NOTE: NUMBER TESTED IS THE NUMBER OF STUDENTS WHO TOOK THE ALGEBRA II TEST. PERCENT OF CLASS IS THE TOTAL NUMBER OF ALGEBRA II STUDENTS DIVIDED BY THE NUMBER OF STUDENTS IN THE NINTH GRADE CLASS. IT IS AN ESTIMATE OF THE PERCENT OF A COHORT OR CLASS OF STUDENTS WHO WILL TAKE ALGEBRA II BEFORE LEAVING HIGH SCHOOL. PERCENT OF TENTH GRADE IS THE PERCENT OF TENTH GRADE STUDENTS TAKING ALGEBRA II. PERCENT OF ELEVENTH GRADE IS THE PERCENT OF ELEVENTH GRADE STUDENTS TAKING ALGEBRA II. PERCENT BLACK IS THE PERCENT OF TOTAL ENROLLMENT THAT IS BLACK. PERCENT ALGEBRA II BLACK IS THE PERCENT OF ALGEBRA II STUDENTS THAT IS BLACK. PERCENT LESS THAN I'S EDUC IS THE PERCENT OF EIGHTH GRADE STUDENTS TAKING THE CALIFORNIA ACHIEVEMENT TEST IN 1988 WHOSE PARENTS HAVE LESS THAN A HIGH SCHOOL EDUCATION. PERCENT ALGEBRA II LESS THAN HS EDUC IS THE PERCENT OF ALGEBRA II STUDENTS WHOSE PARENTS HAVE LESS THAN A HIGH SCHOOL EDUCATION.



Table 11, cont'd.

REGION NORTHWEST

REGION REPORT

	NUMBER TESTED	PERCENT OF CLASS	PERCENT OF TENTH GRADE	PERCENT OF ELEVENTH GRADE	PERCENT BLACK	PERCENT ALGEBRA II BLACK	PERCENT LESS THAN HS EDUC	PERCENT ALGEBRA !! LESS THAN HS EDUC	
ALEXANDER COUNTY ALLEGHANY COUNTY ASHE COUNTY	162 41 137	42.4 29.7 42.3	10.1 0.6 27.8	23 . 1 30 . 8 10 . 8	8.7 2.8 0.9	5.6 7.3 0.7	20.2 17.6 26.7	8.6 0.0 11.0	_
AUERY COUNTY BURKE COUNTY CALDWELL COUNTY	85 343 331	34.8 36.1 32.4	1.0 6.1 0.3	30.7 26.6 35.7	0.7 8.4 7.8	1.2 8.7 10.6	22.4 21.7 24.0	10.6 5.6 7.9	-
CATALBA COUNTY, HICKORY CITY NELITON CITY	5 10 183 87	47.3 41.5 39.9	25.9 15.0 10.4	21.2 25.7 19.7	7.8 26.4 18.1	3.7 9.3 9.2	17.4 22.1 15.2	6.3 1.6 6.9	-
DAVIE COUNTY IREDELL COUNTY MOORESVILLE CITY	158 355 110	38.1 40.1 57.0	12.6 17.8 36.1	21.6 19.5 21.3	10.9 14.2 26.1	8.9 11.3 12.7	9.0 17.1 14.9	2.5 7.6 9.1	-
STATESVILLE CITY SURRY COUNTY ELKIN CITY	135 194 54	48.9 28.0 70.1	1.9 7.4 18.7	36.7 17.8 29.9	53.6 4.3 8.0	17.8 3.6 7.4	25.3 19.9 15.6	1.5 11.9 3.7	-
MOUNT AIRY CITY HATAUGA COUNTY HILKES COUNTY	66 149 300	48.2 38.4 33.3	22.3 2.4 7.5	6.2 34.6 18.8	12.5 1.3 6.0	6.1 1.3 5.7	25.8 13.9 24.9	9.1 0.7 7.8	•
YADKIN COUNTY	138	33.1	10.6	19. 1	5.0	4.3	19.1	5.1	•

NOTE: NUMBER TESTED IS THE NUMBER OF STUDENTS WHO TOOK THE ALGEBRA II TEST. PERCENT OF CLASS IS THE TOTAL NUMBER OF ALGEBRA II STUDENTS DIVIDED BY THE NUMBER OF STUDENTS IN THE NINTH GRADE CLASS. IT IS AN ESTIMATE OF THE PERCENT OF A COHORT OR CLASS OF STUDENTS WHO WILL TAKE ALGEBRA II BEFORE LEAVING HIGH SCHOOL. PERCENT OF TENTH GRADE IS THE PERCENT OF TENTH GRADE STUDENTS TAKING ALGEBRA II. PERCENT OF ELEVENTH GRADE IS THE PERCENT OF ELEVENTH GRADE STUDENTS TAKING ALGEBRA II. PERCENT BLACK IS THE PERCENT OF TOTAL ENROLLMENT THAT IS BLACK. PERCENT ALGEBRA II BLACK IS THE PERCENT OF ALGEBRA II STUDENTS THAT IS BLACK. PERCENT LESS THAN HS EDUC IS THE PERCENT OF EIGHTH GRADE STUDENTS TAKING THE CALIFORNIA ACHIEVEMENT TEST IN 1988 WHOSE PARENTS HAVE LESS THAN A HIGH SCHOOL EDUCATION. PERCENT ALGEBRA II LESS THAN HS EDUC IS THE PERCENT OF ALGEBRA II STUDENTS WHOSE PARENTS HAVE LESS THAN A HIGH SCHOOL EDUCATION.



Table 11, cont'd.

REGION HESTERN

NOTE:

REGION REPORT

	NUMBER TESTED	PERCENT OF CLASS	PERCENT OF TENTH GRADE	PERCEN: OF ELEVENTH GRADE	PERCENT BLACK	PERCENT ALGEBRA II BLACK	PERCENT LESS THAN HS EDUC	PERCENT ALGEBRA II LESS THAN HS EDUC
BUNCOMBE COUNTY	828	41.2	13.5	21.1	5.6	3.5	16.0	4.5
ASHEVILLE CITY	198	63.7	8.3	35.3	40.9	27.4	16.3	4.6
CHEROKEE COUNTY	131	39.3	18.9	23.3	2.4	1.5	24.1	8.4
CLRY COUNTY	33	28.0	1. 1	30.3	1. 1	0.0	7.8	9.4
GRAHAM COUNTY	51	41.8	12. 6	25.7	0.0	J.0	3.2	3.9
HAYHOOD COUNTY	265	40.1	9. 8	19.5	1. 9	2.3	19.7	4.5
HENDERSON COUNTY	353	53.1	6.9	28.7	1.5	0.6	17.3	6.3
HENDRSNULLE CITY	1 15	71.0	25.5	34.0	26.9	11.4	24.3	5.3
JACKSON COUNTY	164	51.4	13.3	33.6	1.3	0.6	21.0	3.7
MACON COUNTY MADISON COUNTY MCDOHELL COUNTY	12 !	43.7	11.0	24.6	1.2	0.8	20.6	5.8
	63	24.0	0 0	23.6	0.3	1.6	32.7	12.7
	202	35.4	5.7	26.8	5.2	1.5	13.9	6.5
hitchell county	68	32.4	6.2	22.0	0. 1	0.0	26.6	1.5
Polk county	41	27.3	16.3	17.5	10. 1	7.3	23.5	9.8
Tryon city	29	48.3	19.0	18.8	22. 0	0.0	6.7	3.4
RUTHERFORD COUNTY	238	27.2	7.1	18.7	16. 1	11.3	18.1	6.3
SURIN COUNTY	51	30.2	0.7	31.5	0. 5	0.0	13.3	7.8
TRANSYLVANIA COUN	112	34.5	7.5	16.8	7. 0	5.4	10.7	7.1
YANCEY COUNTY	101	38.5	35.2	8.7	0.9	1.0	13.9	12.0

NUMBER TESTED IS THE NUMBER OF STUDENTS HHO TOOK THE ALGEBRA I! TEST. PERCENT OF CLASS IS THE TOTAL NUMBER OF ALGEBRA II STUDENTS DIVIDED BY THE "SUMBER OF STUDENTS IN THE NINTH GRADE CLASS IF IS AN ESTIMATE OF THE PERCENT OF A COHORT OR CLASS OF STUDENTS HHO HILL TAKE ALGEBRA II BEFORE LEAVING HIGH SCHOOL. PERCENT OF TENTH GRADE IS THE PERCENT OF TENTH GRADE STUDENTS TAKING ALGEBRA II. PERCENT OF ELEVENTH CRADE IS THE PERCENT OF ELEVENTH GRADE STUDENTS TAKING ALGEBRA II. PERCENT BLACK IS THE PERCENT OF TOTAL ENROLLHENT THAT IS BLACK. PERCENT ALGEBRA II BLACK IS THE PERCENT OF ALGEBRA II STUDENTS THAT IS BLACK. PERCENT LESS THAN HS EDUC IS THE PERCENT OF EIGHTH GRADE STUDENTS TAKING THE CALIFORNIA ACHIEVEMENT TEST IN 1988 WHOSE PARENTS HAVE LESS THAN A HIGH SCHOOL EDUCATION.

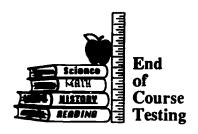
Table 12

State Percentile Table for 1987

STATE

NORTH CAROLINA END-OF-COURSE TESTING PROGRAM ALGEBRA II --- 1987

SUMMARY STATISTICS ON CORE TEST



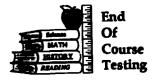
NUMBER OF STUDENTS WITH	36633	HIGH SCORE	56
VALID SCORES	30033	LOW SCORE	3
MEAN	37.7	LOCAL PERCENTILES	RAW SCORE
STANDARD		90	51
DEVIATION	10.3	75	46
		50 (MEDIAN)	38
VARIANCE	106.0	25	30
		10	23
MEAN PERCENT CORRECT	67.2		

FREQUENCY DISTR'BUTION

RAW		CUMULATIVE		CUMULATIVE	STATE
SCORE	FREQUENCY	FREQUENCY	PERCENT	PERCENT	PERCENTILE
56	302	36633	0.82	100.00	99
55	540	36331	1.47	99.18	98
54	724	357 9 1	1.98	97.70	97
5 3	799	350C7	2.18	95.73	95
5 2	900	34268	2.46	93.73	92
51	984	33368	2.69	91.09	90
50	928	32384	2.53	88.40	87
49	1035	31456	2.83	85.87	84
48	1104	30421	3.01	83.04	82
47	1145	29317	3.13	80.03	78
46	1107	28172	3.13	76.90	75
45	1185	27065	3.23	73.88	75 72
44	1189	25880	3.25	70.65	69
43	1225	24691	3.34	67.40	66
42	1142	23466	3.12	64.06	62
41	1203	22324	3.28	60.94	59
40	1262	21121	3.44	57.66	56
39	1283	19859	3.50	54.21	56 52
38	1254	18576	3.42	50.71	49
37	1227	17322	3.35	47.29	46
36	1213	16095	3.31	43.94	42
35	1145	14882	3.13	40.62	39
34	1168	13737	3.19	37.50	36
33	1171	12569	3.20	ي. 14.31	33
32	1034	11398	2.82	31.11	30
31	1018	10364	2.78	28.29	27
30	998	9346	2.72	25.51	24
29	907	8348	2.48	22.79	22
28	795	7441	2.17	20.31	19
27	806	6646	2.20	18.14	17
26	764	5840	2.09	15.94	15
25	667	5076	1.82	13.86	13
24	592	4409	1.62	12.04	11
23	611	3817	1.67	10.42	10
22	517	3206	1.41	8.75	8
21	444	2689	1.21	7.34	7
20	409	2245	1.12	6.13	6
19	368	1836	1.00	5.01	5
18	334	1468	0.91	4.01	4
17	285	1134	0.78	3.10	ŝ
16	222	849	0.61	2.32	2
LESS THAN 16	627	627	1.71	1.71	ī



State Percentile Table for 1988



STATE

NORTH CAROLINA END-OF-COURSE TESTING PROGRAM ALGEBRA Π --- 1988

SUMMARY STATISTICS ON CORE TEST

NUMBER OF STUDENTS WITH	36414	HIGH SCORE	56
UALID SCORES	30414	LOH SCORE	3
MEAN	36.2	LOCAL PERCENTILES	RAU SCORE
STANDARD		90	51
DEVIATION	10.7	75	45
		50 (MEDIAN)	36
UARIANCE	113.9	25	28
		10	21
MEAN PERCENT CORRE	CT 64 6		

FREQUENCY DISTRIBUTION "

RALI SCORE	FREQUENCY	CUMULAT 'VE FREQUENCY	PERCENT	CUMULATIUE PERCENT	STATE PERCENTILE
56	300	764 14	0.82	100.00	99
55	460	36 1 14	1.26	99 . 18	99
54	631	35654	1.73	97.91	97
53	709	35023	1.95	9 6 . 18	95
52	795	34314	2.18	94.23	93
51	770	335 19	2.11	92.05	91
50	783	32749	2.15	89.94	89
49	827	31956	2.27	87.78	87
48	884	31139	2.43	85.51	84
47	949	36255	2.61	83.09	82
46	1044	29306	2.87	80.48	79
45	10 18	28262	2.80	77.61	76
44	1071	27244	2.94	74 . 82	73
43	1080	26 173	2.97	71.88	70
42	1085	25093	2.98	68.91	67
41	1170	24008	3.21	65 93	64
40	1170	22838	3.21	62.72	61
39	1 17 4	21668	3.22	59.50	58
38	1 168	20494	3.21	56.28	55
37	1118	19326	3.07	53.07	52
36	1209	18208	3.32	50.00	48
35	1205	16999	3.31	46.68	45
34	1171	1579 4	3.22	43.37	42
33	1117	14623	3.07	40.16	39
32	1080	13506	2.97	37.09	36
31	107.0	12426	2.94	34 . 12	33
30	1069	11356	2.94	31.19	30
29	989	10287	2.72	28.25	27
28	942	9298	2.59	25.53	24
27	889	8356	2.44	22.95	22
26	891	7467	2.45	20.51	19
25	874	6576	2.40	18.05	17
24	725	5702	1.99	15.66	15
23	757	4977	2.08	13.67	13
22	563	4220	1.55	11.59	11
21	568	3657	1.56	10.04	9
20	539	3089	1.48	8.48	
19	472	2550	1.30	7.00	8 6
18	448	2078	1.23	7.00 5.71	5
17	368	1630	1.23	5.71 4.48	4
16	309	1262	0.85		3
15	267	953	0.73	3.47	
LESS THAN 15	686			2.62	2
PEAA IINIII 13	000	6 86	1.88	1 88	2

