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#### **ABSTRACT**

The report presents data on the prevalence of various types of disabilities among the civilian noninstitutionalized population of the United States during the period 1983-1985. The report includes data on the numbers of disabled persons who reside in the community, their sociodemographic distribution, the severity of disability, and the chronic illnesses and impairments that cause disability. Introductory information identifies nighlights, explains disability concepts, and notes sources, limitations, and qualifications of the data. Tables detail the prevalence of the following: chronic conditions, activity limitation, work limitation, need for assistance in activities of daily living, work limitations and need for assistance in activities of daily living, chronic conditions causing activity limitation, chronic conditions causing work limitation, chronic conditions causing need for assistance in activities of daily living, school limitation, multiple chronic checklist conditions, multiple conditions causing activity limitation, multiple conditions causing work disability, multiple conditions causing need for assistance in activities of daily living. Appendixes provide technical notes on methods, definitions of terms, and the 1985 National Health Interview Survey Core questionnaire. (DB)



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## S DATA ON DISABILITY 日 FROM THE NATIONAL **HEALTH INTERVIEW SURVEY**

1983-1985

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# **National Institute on Disability**

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and Rehabilitation Research

#### Data on Disability from the National Health Interview Survey, 1983-85

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1988



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#### Symbols

na Category not applicable

- Quantity zero
- \* Figure has low statistical reliability or precision (more than 30 percent relative standard error)



#### Introduction

This report presents data on the prevalence of various types of disabilities, resulting from chronic illnesses and impairments, among the civilian noninstitutionalized population of the United States during the period 1983 through 1985. The report provides data on the number and rate of persons with disabilities who reside in the community, their sociodemographic distribution, the severity of disability, and the chronic illnesses and impairments that cause disability. Data are also presented on the prevalence of selected chronic conditions whether or not they cause disability.

The tables provided in this report are national estimates and are based on household surveys of the noninstitutionalized U.S. population. The estimates were produced through secondary analysis of National Health Interview Survey (NHIS) public use data tapes provided by the National Center for Health Statistics (NCHS). To provide as detailed and reliable information as possible, the three most recently available years (1983-1085) of the NHIS were combined. Combining years improves the statistical reliability of the estimates, enabling the sociodemographic distribution of disabilities and the types of chronic health conditions that cause them to be presented in more detail. All estimates are three-year averages.

This report benefits from certain changes introduced by NCHS in 1982 that expanded and clarified the measurement of disability in the NHIS. The traditional measure of disability employed in the NHIS is limitation in one's major activity due to a chronic health condition. Among the nonelderly, major activities are defined as working at a job or business, keeping house, attending school, or, for children under 5 years old, play. However, some adults may be limited in working at a job or business but may not be limited in keeping house. Information on work disability of adults whose usual activities were keeping house or attending school was not recorded prior to 1982. All persons aged 18-69 are now asked about their ability to work, regardless of their major activity. Also added in 1982 were

questions about basic personal assistance needs (i.e., whether persons need help with such activities of daily living (ADL) as bathing, eating, dressing, or getting around inside) and routine personal assistance needs (i.e., whether persons need help with such instrumental activities of daily living (IADL) as household chores, doing necessary business, shopping, or getting around for other purposes) due to chronic health conditions. These questions are the basis for the two major disability categories that apply to persons aged 70 and over; they were also asked of persons aged 5-59 with any activity limitations, and of all persons aged 60-69. Questions on the need for and attendance in special schools or classes were also added for persons aged 5-17.

Prevalence estimates based on these disability measures are presented in detailed tables for various population subgroups, including gender, age, race and ethnicity, family income level, poverty status, education level, and marital status, and by chronic health condition. Also presented are estimates of the prevalence of chronic conditions whether or not they cause disability. These estimates serve in assessing the degree to which various conditions result in disability.

Disability is multidimensional, and disability in one dimension does not automatically imply disability in another. An example for the working age population (aged 18-69) is that of work disability and the need for assistance in activities of daily living. Some people who need assistance in ADL, for example, are nevertheless able to work, as data presented in this report demonstrate.

Last, multiple chronic conditions dramatically increase the risk of disability and result in significantly greater use of medical care services (Rice and LaPiante, 1988). Data on the prevalence of multiple chronic conditions (or co-morbidity) causing disability and the impact of multiple conditions on the severity of disability are also presented in this report.



#### Highlights

Highlights of the data presented in this report, based on analyses of the 1983-85 National Health Interview Surveys (NHIS), are summarized below:

- The five most prevale a chronic conditions in the U.S. noninstitutionalized population are sinusitis, arthritis, hypertension, deafness and other hearing impairments, and heart disease. Per 1,000 persons, about 135 report sinusitis; 131 report rheumatoid arthritis or osteoarthritis and other arthropathies; 124 report hypertension; 91 report deafness and other hearing impairments; and 90 report some form of heart disease.
- Of the total U.S. noninstitutionalized population, 14.1 percent, or 32.5 million persons, report some activity limitation due to chronic health conditions: 3.8 percent of the population are unable to perform their major activity, 5.9 percent are limited in the amount or kind of major activity they can perform, and 4.4 percent are limited in activities other than in their major activity.
- Of the population aged 18-69, 11.5 percent, or 17.4 million persons, report some degree of limitation in working at a job or business due to chronic health conditions. This includes 6.6 percent, or 9.9 million persons, who are unable to work altogether. An additional 3.4 percent of the total population are limited in activities other than working at a job or business.
- Education is highly inversely associated with work disability. While 22.4 percent of persons with less than a high school education report being unable to work, the percent drops to 1.9 for persons who have completed college, a relative ratio of about 12 to 1.

- Of the total population, 3.6 percent, or about 7.6 million persons, report needing help in activities of daily living (ADL) or instrumental activities of daily living (IADL). Of persons aged 18 and over, 1.4 percent need assistance in ADL; an additional 3.0 percent need assistance in IADL. About 0.3 percent of children 5 to 17 years old need help in ADL. Women are more likely than men to need assistance in IADL (3.1 versus 1.6 percent, respectively).
- Roughly 4 persons in 10, including those in institutions, who need help in IADL or ADL are under age 65. Although the rate of such disability is very low among the nonelderly -- about 2 in 100 -- the number of nonelderly persons with potential long term care needs is substantial relative to the number of elderly with potential long term care needs. About 2 persons in 10 (not including those in institutions) who need help in IADL or ADL are under 45 years old.
- Of the 1.1 million persons aged 18-69 who need assistance in ADL, 12.3 percent state they are able to work in some capacity and 4.0 percent report no work limitation at all. Of the 2.7 million persons aged 18-69 who need assistance in IADL only, about 22.5 percent of them are able to work in some capacity while 7.5 percent report no work limitation at all. Thus, persons who need assistance in IADL and even ADL often avoid being prevented from working and some avoid work disability entirely.
- The five most frequently reported chronic conditions indicated as the main cause of activity limitations are arthritis (12.3 percent of all persons with activity limitations), heart disease (11.5 percent), spinal curvature and other back impairments (7.8 percent), impairments of lower extremities (6.1 percent), and intervertebral disk disorders (4.4 percent). These conditions are also the five most frequent causes of work disability. Collectively, orthopedic impairments are major causes of limitation in the adult working ages.



- Arthritis is the most frequent cause of need for assistance in IADL or ADL. Of all persons with such needs, 14.9 percent report arthritis as the main cause. Heart disease follows at 11.5 percent, then blindness and all other visual impairments and eye disorders (7.6 percent), cerebrovascular disease (5.3 percent), and impairments of lower extremities (4.4 percent). Arthritis and heart disease are the major causes of disability, no matter how defined, among older adults. Visual impairments and cerebrovascular disease play more important roles, however, as causes of assistance needs in IADL and ADL.
- Of all children aged 5-17, 2.6 percent, or 1.2 million children, attend special schools or classes, while 0.3 percent need special schools or classes but do not attend them, and 1.1 percent are limited in school attendance but neither need nor attend special schools or classes. Of all children limited in school attendance (excluding those who cannot attend school at all), 65 percent attend special schools or classes. Of those children whose parents are aware that they need special schools or classes, 89 percent attend them.
- Native Americans have the highest prevalence of disability by all measures. The lowest prevalence of disability is found for Asians and Pacific Islanders.
- People often report nuttiple chronic circulatory conditions and multiple impairments. The role of hypertension as a risk factor in ischemic heart disease, arteriosclerosis, and cerebrovascular disease is confirmed. Persons with speech impairments, serious visual impairments, and paralysis often report multiple impairments.

- The five most prevalent combinations of activity-limiting conditions are multiple eye and/or ear impairments (481,000 persons), arthritis and hypertension (469,000), heart disease and hypertension (458,000), heart disease and arthritis (384,000 persons), and heart disease and diabetes (313,000). These combinations are also most frequently reported as causes of work disability.
- The condition combinations most disabling in terms of work are heart disease and emphysema (91.1 percent of persons with any activity limitation caused by both conditions are unable to work), cerebrovascular disease (main cause) and heart disease (88.8 percent), heart disease (main cause) and cerebrovascular disease (88.8 percent), eye or ear impairments and heart disease (88.0 percent), and absence or paralysis of extremities and cerebrovascular disease (85.2 percent).
- Multiple eye and ear impairments are the most frequently reported combination of conditions causing need for assistance in IADL or ADL (214,000 persons), followed by cerebrovascular disease and absence or paralysis (138,000), heart disease and arthritis (137,000), arthritis and heart disease (116,000), and arthritis and hypertension (108,000).
- Condition combinations highly likely to result in assistance needs in ADL are cerebrovascular disease and diabetes (54.6 percent of persons with any activity limitation caused by both conditions need help in ADL), absence or paralysis of extremities and cerebrovascular disease (39.9 percent), and absence or paralysis of extremities and diabetes, cerebrovascular disease and absence or paralysis of extremities, and cerebrovascular disease and heart disease, all tied at 39.7 percent. Clearly, the major risks of IADL or ADL limitation among persons with some degree of disability are cerebrovascular disease and loss of function in the extremities.



#### Disability concepts

Disability refers to the state of being limited, due to a chronic health condition or set of conditions, in the type or amount of activities that a person would otherwise be expected to perform (Haber, 1967; Nagi, 1976). The types of such normative activities depend principally on age. In the National Health Interview survey (NHIS) and in this report, disability is defined in terms of the major activities usually associated with a person's age group.

The NHIS defines these major activities as (1) ordinary play for

children under 5 years of age. (2) attending school for persons 5-17 years of age, (3) working or keeping house for persons 18-69 years of age, and (4) capacity for self care (e.g., the ability to perform such activities of daily living (ADL) as bathing, dressing, eating, or getting around the home without the help of another person) and home management (e.g., the ability to perform such instrumental activities of daily living (IADL) as doing household chores, doing necessary business, shopping, or getting around for other purposes without the help of another person) for those 60 years of age and over. Persons aged 18-69 whose actual major activity is keeping house are also asked whether they are limited in working at a job or business. A residual category is cefined for people who report no limitations in major activity but report being limited in some other way. Persons whose major activity is keeping house, but who are not limited in this activity, are classified as limited in non-major activity if they have a work limitation. All persons aged 5-59 with activity limitations are also asked about their need for assistance in AL \_ or IADL.

Persons aged 18-69 may be classific d in terms of ability to perform their major activity, ability to work, and, for persons aged 18-59 who are limited in any activity and all persons aged 60-69, capacity for self-care and home management unassisted by another person. Persons aged 5-17 may be classified in terms of ability to attend school, and if limited in any activity, capacity for self-care.

Indicators of disability used in this report are: (1) limitations in major activity, (2) limitations in work, and (3) need for personal assistance with activities of daily living, defined for the appropriate age groups. In each case, persons can also be classified in terms of the severity of disability. For example, a distinction is made between persons who, due to a chronic health condition, cannot work at all and those who can perform only certain types of work or cannot work regularly.

For each of the three disability indicators, persons can be classified into four categories: those who are unable to perform the activity, those who can perform the activity, but are limited in the kind or amount of the activity, those who can perform the activity with no limitation, but are limited in other activities, and those who are not limited in any way. To be classified as limited, a person must report one or more chronic conditions as a cause of limitation. A condition is considered chronic if it has lasted at least three months or is on a list of conditions considered chronic regardless of onset (Appendix II). If more than one condition is reported, the respondent is asked to indicate which condition is the major cause of the limitation. Persons reporting more than one type of limitation may report clifferent conditions as causes for each type of limitation.

A complete understanding of the disability definitions as used in the NHIS requires familiarity with the survey questions and their skip patterns. To facilitate this, the 1985 NHIS Core questionnaire is reproduced in Appendix III. The disability items are contained in Section B (Limitation of Activities page). The content of the questionnaires used in 1983 and 1984 is identical to 1985 for the information presented in this report.

#### Sources, Ilmitations, and qualifications of the data

The information presented in this report is based on data collected by the National Center for Health Statistics (NCHS) through the National Health Interview Survey (NHIS), a continuing nationwide probability sample of households in the United States. Only the civilian noninstitutionalized population is



interviewed in the NHIS; data from the NHIS presented in this report therefore exclude persons living in long term care facilities including nursing and convalescent homes, correctional institutions, institutions for the mentally or physically disabled, and other institutional and group quarters not defined by NCHS as households. Although this exclusion affects all age groups, it articularly affects the elderly population, which is disproportionately represented in chronic care institutions.

Detailed information on the sampling design of the NHIS is provided in *Current Estimates* annually (see, for example, Moss and Parsons, 1986) and in more detail elsewhere (Kovar and Poe, 1985).

In addition to reports presenting data from the NHIS on special topics, NCHS annually publishes data from the NHIS on the prevalence of chronic conditions and limitation of activity in Current Estimates. This report provides estimates from the NHIS of the prevalence of work disability and need for assistance in activities of daily living that are not regularly published by NCHS, and provides detailed estimates of the prevalence of chronic conditions by age and sex and the prevalence of disability for selected population subgroups and by conditions responsible. The major definitions of population characteristics used in this report are contained in Appendix II.

An advantage of the NHIS is the ability to combine data over several years to reduce sampling variability and facilitate estimating rare events and detailed population breakdowns. Combining years is possible because of the stability in both the sampling design and the content of the core questionnaire. Data from the years 1983 to 1985 were combined to produce detailed estimates of the prevalence of chronic conditions in general and chronic conditions causing disability in particular, as well as breakdowns for detailed population groups. All estimates are three-year averages.

The number of persons interviewed was 105,620 persons in 1983; 105,290 in 1984; and 91,531 in 1985. In 1985, budgetary

restrictions forced a reduction in sample size. The planned sample size was about 127,000 persons. The sampling design of the survey was modified beginning in 1985, but this does not affect the ability to combine the data with earlier years. Design changes included reducing the number of primary sampling units from 376 to 198 to increase sampling efficiency, oversampling the black population to improve the accuracy of information for this group, and other changes to facilitate linkage with other NCHS surveys. These changes do not affect point estimates when sampling weights are used, but they do affect sampling error. All estimates presented in this report are based on weighter and.

The NHIS has a very low nonresponse rate, averaging about four percent in any year. About two and one-half percent is due to respondent refusal, while the rest is due to the inability to contact an eligible respondent. All information is derived from reports by responsible family members living in the household. Although all adult family members are encouraged to participate in the interview, proxy responses are accepted for family members who are not present at the time of the interview or who cannot answer for themselves. Proxy answers are required for children under age 17. Precautions are taken to ensure the accuracy of information reported, but inaccuracies may be introduced because self-respondents and proxies are not aware of the requested information, have poor recolluction, do not wish to discuss it, or miscomprehend the intended point of a question.

Because estimates are based on a sample of the population, they are subject to sampling error. Due to the re-design of the NHIS in 1985 and reduction in sample size, pooling data across the years 1983-85 requires special consideration for the calculation of sampling errors. Formulas used to calculate the errors of estimates are given in Appendix I. In the tables presented in this report, estimates having high sampling error are flagged by an asterisk (\*). Sampling error on such estimates exceeds 30.0 percent of the magnitude of the estimate. A period alone means that no entry occurred in the data (quantity is zero) and "na" means not applicable. Estimates of the



numbers of persons or conditions have been rounded to the nearest thousand. Percentages of totals and rates were computed on non-rounded data but were subsequently rounded to one decimal place.

Several tables provide estimates of the numbers of persons with chronic "nesses and impairments. It is important to note that the survey methods used to obtain information on chronic conditions in general differ from those used for disabling chronic conditions. The existence of chronic conditions in general is ascertained 'hrough six checklists of selected chronic conditions, organized mainly by body systems. Each household is randomly assigned one checklist and all persons in the family are asked only the questions on this checklist. The checklists used are shown in Appendix III. Sub-sampling allows for more detailed enumeration of conditions than could be obtained if one list with conditions combined across all body systems were used. Disadvantages are that analyses of multiple or co-morbid conditions are precluded, except for those conditions on the same checklist, and greater sampling variability is introduced because of the one-sixth sampling. Subsampling also necessitates pooling years for detailed tabulations of some chronic conditions w... low prevalence.

A different procedure is used for enumerating conditions that cause disability. Persons who report any disability must report at least one condition as a cause of their disability. No checklist is used. Pather, such persons are simply asked to state the conditions that cause their disability and, if there are more than one, to name the main condition. This procedure is repeated for each type of disability a person reports (however, conditions that cause children's needs for special classes are not ascertained). An advantage is that this method allows unrestricted analyses of co-morbidity. One potential disadvantage, however, is that the level of detail is 'volunteered' rather than established a priori as with the checking the method. This probably introduces a me error in classifying o sabling conditions since all persons may not report them with the same degree of accuracy.

All conditions reported in the interview are coded using the Ninth Revision of the ICC, modified slightly for use in the NHIS. In order to be classified as chronic, a condition must either have been noticed 3 months or more before the date of interview or be on the NCHS fist of conditions defined as chronic regardless of time of onset (Appendix II). The condition groups presented are a modification of the diagnostic recodes B and C provided by NCHS on the public use tapes. These recodes were modified to provide more detail on disabling conditions. The classification of conditions listed in Table 1 is the same as the classification used in tabulating disabling conditions (Tables 6A-8B). The ICD codes used for these conditions are shown in Appendix II, Table II-A.

Although methodological studies have found that the accuracy of information on chronic conditions, as determined by comparisons to information from medical providers, is improved through the use of checklists of conditions, there is often considerable underreporting and overreporting of chronic conditions (Balamuth and Shapiro, 1965; Madow, 1967; Cox and Cohen, 1985). Respondents report conditions only to the extent that they are aware or them and are willing to mention them. Fashionable conditions may be overreported. Stigmatized conditions are frequently underreported. Reporting improves for conditions that have a substantial impact on the affected individual and significant others, such as those that result in hospitalization and chronic activity limitation.

Highlights are presented for each of the detailed tables. In discussing highlights, comparisons are made between population groups and differences noted. Small differences may not be statistically significant. Tests of significant differences between estimates can be computed using the formulas for calculating standard errors given in Appendix II and the methods suggested in Moss and Parsons (1986), Appendix I.



#### Discussion of detailed tables

#### A. Prevalence of chronic conditions

Table 1 presents estimates of the number of selected chronic conditions and rate per 1,000 persons in the total population, by four age groups (under 45 years, 45-69 years, 70-84 years, and 85 years and over), and by gender. The cutoff for the middle age group -- 69 years -- was chosen to be consistent with the age groups for which NCHS defines different types of major activity.

Information on chronic conditions was obtained through six broad checklists shown in Appendix III. On these checklists, conditions are grouped into six categories: skin and musculoskeletal conditions, impairments, and digestive, circulatory, respiratory, and miscellaneous conditions. impairments are mainly functional or structural musculoskeletal and neuromuscular abnormalities and other abnormalities of visual and auditory senses, speech, and intelligence (NCHS, 1986). The conditions listed in Table 1 are only those that can be meaningfully estimated from these checklists. Table 1 therefore presents data on selected chronic conditions only. Within each of the six condition categories presented in Table 1 is a residual group of conditions. They do not represent all other conditions--only those "select" ones asked on the survey checklist that are not enumerated separately in the table. Some minor conditions that do appear on the checklists -- acne for example -- are not presented in Table 1 because they rarely cause disability.

Estimates of come conditions not separately identified on this list can be found in *Current Estimates* for single years 1983-85 (for example, for 1985 data see Moss and Parsons, 1986). Three-year average estimates of chronic conditions have also been published for the years 1979-81 (Collins, 1986). Certain estimates that appear in this report will differ from estimates published by NCHS for comparable years because conditions are g ouped differently.

The five most prevalent conditions based on rates per \* 000 persons are sinusitis, arthritis, hypertension, deafnes and other hearing impairments, and heart disease, respectively. Per 1,000 persons in the total population, about 134.6 report sinusitis as a chronic condition; 131.0 report rheumatoid arthritis or osteoarthritis and other arthropathies; 123.5 report hypertension; 90.8 report deafness and other hearing impairments; and 89.7 report some form of heart disease.

The prevalence estimates reported in Table 1 avoid duplicate counts of persons within each condition category. However, it should be noted that estimates summed over categories may include persons more than once if they have more than one condition in the group being summed. Further discussion of multiple conditions occurs in Section J.

Of course, the relative ranking of conditions depends on how conditions are grouped. For example, if all deformities and orthopedic impairments are combined, they would rank fourth at 121 per 1,000 persons.

Gender differences in reporting chronic conditions are wellknown (Verbrugge, 1982). Rankings based on rates presented in Table 1 show some differences between men and women. Per 1,000 men, sinusitis (116.8), hypertension (108.7), deafness and other hearing impairments (105.9), arthritis (95.3), and heart disease (84.5) are reported most often. Per 1,000 women, arthritis (164.3), sinusitis (151.2), hypertension (137.3), heart disease (94.4), and hay fever (90.4) rank as the top five conditions. Women are more likely to report skin and musculoskeletal problems than are men, with the exception of intervertebral disk disorders and skin cancer. Men are 1.7 times more likely than women to have skin cancer. Women are 1.7 times more likely than men to report any type of arthritis. In general, women are much less likely to report impairments than men, especially loss of arms, hands, and other extremities; major exceptions are curvature of the back or spine and cataracts for which prevalence rates are twice as high for women as for men.



Women report heart disease more often than men despite higher rates of mortality from heart disease among men. However, men are more likely than women to report ischemic (coronary) heart disease, the leading cause of death from heart disease. More frequently, women report hypertension, phlebitis and varicose veins, and respiratory conditions than men, with the exception of emphysema and lung cancer.

The largest relative difference between woman and men is the more than five-fold rate of anemias reported by women compared to men (24.6 compared to 4.8 per 1,000 persons). Whereas men are slightly more likely than women to suffer from epilepsy, women are 2.7 times more likely than men to report migraine headaches. Some differences between men and women may be due to differences in population age distributions. Therefore, it is important to make comparisons between genders controlling for age differences.

Although the rates of most chronic conditions increase with age, there are exceptions. Intervertebral disk disorders, bursitis, ulcers, and sinusitis are highest in the 45-69 age group. Spinal curvature and other back impairments are lowest for persons under age 45. For persons aged 45 and older, the rates for spinal curvature increase slightly for older age groups while the rates for other back impairments decline slightly with increasing age. In general, chronic respiratory conditions tend to remain steady or decline with age, with the exception of emphysema which rises with age. Of all conditions, arthritis and cataracts show the greatest increase with age. Slightly more than half (508.3 per 1,000) of persons aged 85 and over report arthritic disorders compared to 32.9 per 1,000 persons under 45 years of age: a relative ratio of 15 to 1. The relative age ratio for cataracts is higher yet: about 180 to 1.

Many of the age patterns shown in these data are influenced by mortality and institutional selection. If the data were adjusted for these factors, the rates for many conditions that decrease at older ages would continue to increase with age, and the most prevalent conditions at the older ages would be even higher.

These differing age patterns of course significantly affect the ranking of conditions. Among the oldest-old, those aged 85 and over, the five most frequently reported conditions per 1,000 persons are arthritis (508.3), deafness and other hearing impairments (484.0), heart disease (414.8), hypertension (371.7), and cataracts (325.1). Per 1,000 persons under 45 years of age, sinusitis (117.9), hay fever (90.2), spinal curvature and other back impairments (47.8), psoriasis and dermatitis (47.5), and chronic bronchitis (45.3) are reported most frequently.

Among the oldest-old, although the rankings differ between men and women, the top five conditions are the same. Per 1,300 men, heart conditions (521.4), deafness and other hearing impairments (513.1), arthritis (377.1), cataracts (301.2), and hypertension (273.1) are reported most often. Conditions with the highest prevalence per 1,000 women are arthritis (569.8), deafness and other hearing impairments (470.1), hypertension (418.0), heart conditions (364.7), and cataracts (336.3). At 85 years and over, women report about 50 percent more arthritic and hypertensive conditions, 12 percent more cataracts, 30 percent fewer heart conditions, and 8 percent fewer hearing disorders than men. These rates are based on small numbers, and their variances are consequently large. For example, the reporting of arthritic and hypertensive conditions is significantly higher mong women than among men (t-test of differences in rates, p=.05), but the other differences may be due to sampling variation.

Authoring persons under 45 years of age, differences between men and women are considerable. Sinusitis, however, ranks first for both men and women (101.7 and 133.9 per 1,000 persons, respectively). The next most prevalent conditions per 1,000 men are hay fever (86.8), deafness and other hearing impairments (47.4), hypertension (40.9), and spinal curvature and other back impairments (33.8). Per 1,000 women, sinusitis is followed by hay fever (93.6), psoriasis and dermatitis (55.9), spinal curvature



and other back impairments (55.5), and female genital disorders (53.7).

#### B. Prevalence of activity limitation

In Table 2, estimates of the number of persons and the percentage of the total population with limitation in activity are shown by degree of limitation, and by detailed sociodemographic characteristics. Of the total U.S. noninstitutionalized population, 14.1 percent, or 32.5 million persons, report some activity limitation due to chronic health conditions: 3.8 percent of the por ulation are unable to perform their major activity, 5.9 percent are ..mited in the amount or kind of major activity they can perform, and 4.4 percent are limited in activities other than in their major activity. As mentioned in the introduction, activity limitation is a summary measure of disability and is based on the concept of major activity, defined differently for various age groups. Since persons who are limited in activities other than the major normative activities associated with their age group are included, it is the broadest measure of disability employed in the NHIS and is useful in pointing out differences in the distribution of disability between various population groups.

It should be mentioned that these estimates are based on the entire sample and therefore have much lower variances than do condition estimates, which are based on 1/6 samples. The relative standard errors for the number of men or women with limitation of activity is less than 1 percent. With such population-based data, even small differences can be highly significant, but caution must be exercised when making comparisons since differences may be due to sampling variation.

In general, women are more likely to be limited in activity than men (14.5 ccmpared to 13.6 percent respectively). Women are less likely to be unable to perform their major activity than men but are more likely to be limited in the amount or kind of major activity they can perform or to be limited in activities other than their major activity. These differences actually depend on what definitions of major activity are employed for the working age

population. Persons aged 18-69 whose major activity is keeping house, but who are not limited in keeping house, may be limited in working at a job or business. If so, such persons are classified as being limited in activities other than their major activity.

Except for a small decrease at ages 18-24 and a sizable decrease at ages 70-74, the percent of the population with activity limitation increases with age (Figure 1). The reduction in limitation in major activity at ages 70-74 is due to the different definition of major activity-ability to care for oneself or manage one's home independent of help from others--employed beginning with age 70. This more restrictive standard also results in a large increase in the proportion of the population limited in activities other than major activity, a group which consists of persons with chronic conditions that impact on a broad range of activities such as work and social and recreational activities. Of persons aged 70-74, 20.5 percent have limitations in other than major activity, while 13.0 percent report some limitation in major activity.

At ages 75 and older, the percent of persons with limitations in major activity rises, while the percent of persons with limitations in other than major activity declines. The net result is that the proportion of the population with activity limitation rises from ages 70-74 to older age groups. At ages 85 and over, 58.7 percent of the population report some activity limitation.

Below age 75, gender differences in the percent of persons with limitation of activity are small and inconsistent. At ages 75 and over, women are somewhat more likely than men to be limited in activity. In the working ages 13-69, men are more likely than women to report being unable to perform their major activity. On the other hand, at ages 45-69, women are more likely than men to report being limited in the amount or kind of major activity they can perform. These gender differences are larger at the older working ages and result from the fact that many women who are limited in work do not report limitations in housekeeping activities.



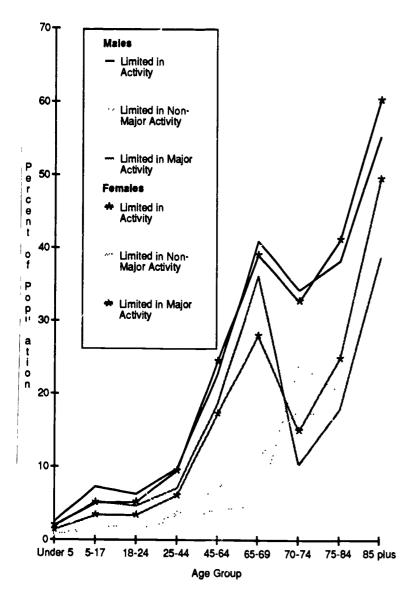


Figure 1: Percent of persons limited in activity, by degree of limitation, age, and gender, United States, 1983-85.

Of the ethnic and racial groups identified by the NHIS, Asians and Pacific Islanders have the lowest rate of limitation (6.5 percent) and Hispanics have the next lowest rate, (about 10-11 percent). Native Americans have the highest rate of limitation, (17.8 percent), followed by non-Hispanic blacks (14.9 percent), and non-Hispanic whites (14.5 percent). Trevino and Moss (1984) found the prevalence of limitation of activity by race and Hispanic ethnicity to be influenced considerably by differences in the age structure of these groups. Age adjustment would undoubtedly accentuate the differences between Native Americans and non-Hispanic whites due to higher rates of mortality and younger age structure of the Native American population.

Gender appears less important than race and ethnicity as a factor in disability. However, within these various racial and ethnic groups, women consistently report slightly higher rates of activity limitation than men.

Disability is clearly inversely related to family income. Persons in families with incomes below \$10,000 are much more likely than persons with family incomes of \$35,000 or above to report some activity limitation. The relative differences are greatest in terms of inability to perform major activity. The percentage of persons unable to perform their major activity among the lowest income families exceeds that of the highest income families by 5.8 to 1. While poor persons are more likely than those above the poverty line to be limited in activity (19.6 percent compared to 13.1 percent) this is mostly due to different rates of limitation in major activities.

Educational attainment is highly inversely related to disability. Of persons aged 18 and over with no high school education, 38.0 percent report some limitation in activity while among college graduates, the percent drops to 10.5. The relative differences are again greatest with regard to inability to perform major activity. Persons with 8 years or less education have the highest risk of being unable to perform major activity (13.6 percent).

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while persons with 16 years or more of education have the lowest risk (1.9 percent), a ratio of 7.3 to 1.

Gender differences in disability are greatest at the lowest education and income levels and virtually disappear at the highest education and income levels. Again, age is an important factor in the differences by income and education groups, as older persons have less educational attainment, lower income, and greater disability than younger persons.

Widowed, divorced, and separated persons have higher rates of disability than married and never-married persons. Widowed persons report the highest rate of any activity limitation (40.4 percent). Persons who have never married have the lowest rate of any activity limitation (10.9 percent). Age is of course a very important factor as widowed persons are more likely to be older and single persons to be younger. There are no major gender differences in total rates of disability within these marital status groups, but divorced, widowed, and separated men are much more likely than women in these groups to be unable to perform their major activity. On the other hand, women in these groups are more likely than men to be limited in the amount or kind of major activity they can perform.

#### C. Prevalence of work limitation

In Table 3, estimates of the number of persons and percent distribution of the total population reporting work limitation are provided by degree of limitation and selected sociodemographic characteristics. The term work disability is used to refer to limitations in the amount or kind of work or inability to work. Of the population aged 18-69, 11.5 percent, or 17.4 million persons, report some degree of limitation in working at a job or business due to chronic health conditions. This includes 6.6 percent, or 9.9 million persons, who report being unable to work altogether. An additional 3.4 percent of the total population are limited in activities other than working at a job or business.

In the previous section, it was indicated that some part of gender differences in ability to perform major activity result from differences in definitions of major activity. That point is borne out in Table 3, which shows that there are only small differences in rates of work disability between men and women. Considering any work limitation, the rates for men and women are almost equal (11.6 versus 11.4 percent, respectively). However, women are slightly more likely than men to be unable to work (6.8 versus 6.3 percent, respectively). On the other hand, women are slightly less likely than men to be limited in the kind or amount of work they can perform (4.6 versus 5.3 percent, respectively). That women are less likely than men to be unable to perform their major activity but just as likely to be unable to work may indicate that women are more likely than men to accommodate thrir disability by changing their major activity from working to keeping house. Also, of persons outside the labor force, women with disabilities may be less likely than men to enter or re-enter the labor force.

Work disability increases steeply with age (Figure 2). While only 1.8 percent of the population aged 18-24 report being unable to work, the percentage rises to 23.6 in the age group 65-69. The rise is more gradual for limitations in the amount or Find of work.

At ages 65-69, men report higher rates of work limitation than women, but women report higher rates of non-work limitations. Men at any age are slightly more likely than women to report limitations in the kind or amount of work they can perform although there are no consistent gender differences by age in the percent of persons unable to work.

Native Americans and non-Hispanic blacks report the highest rates of work disability (17.4 and 14.7 percent, respectively). The lowest rate is found for Asians and Pacific Islanders (5.5 percent).

Since the population is restricted in this table to the working ages 18-69 years, age differences are not quite as important as when the age of the groups being compared varies over the full age

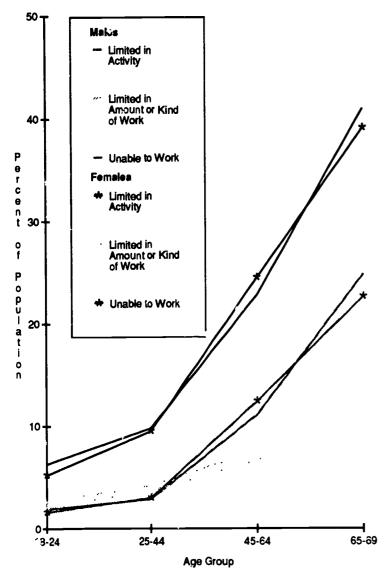


Figure 2: Percent of persons limited in work, by degree of limitation, age, and gender, United States, 1983-85.

range. Age adjustment would probably affect these rates of work disability to a small extent.

Differences between family income levels in inability to work are quite pronounced. Of persons with family incomes of under \$10,000, 17.1 percent report being unable to work due to chronic conditions, while the percentage is 2.1 of those in families earning \$35,000 or more, a relative ratio of 8.1 to 1. This suggests a strong relationship between work disability and earnings losses. The income gradient in limitations in the amount or kind or work is less sieep. People in this category do not experience earnings losses as large as those who forego work entirely. Although the percent of persons with limitations in activities other than work declines with greater family income, the differences are very small. Income losses are clearly a consequence of work disability. Luft (1978) has estimated that 30 percent of poor persons with disabilities are poor because of disability. Although one would expect the impact of disability on individual income to be more pronounced than that on family income, data on individual income are not available.

Women are slightly more likely than men as a whole to report being unable to work. However, when family income is controlled, women in families with incomes below \$25,000 are less likely than men to be unable to work. The greater proportions of women in the lower income categories, compared to men, contributes to the slightly higher average rate of inability to work in the total female population.

As would be expected, there are large differences by poverty status in rates of work disability. Persons in poverty are 2.7 times as likely as persons above the poverty line 'o be unable to work -- 15.1 versus 5.5 percent, respectively. Differences are not as great for other work limitations or limitations in activities other than work. As with women in low income families, women in poverty actually show a slightly lower rate of inability to work than men; the greater proportion of women in poverty contributes to the larger average rate of inability to work among women as compared to men in the total population.

Differences in work disability by educational attainment are profound (Figure 3). While 22.4 percent of persons with less than a high school education report being unable to work, the percent drops to 1.9 for persons completing a college education, a relative ratio of 11.8 to 1. Since educational attainment is permanena (while income is not), these differences suggest a strong causal relationship of educational attainment on work disability. While significant income losses can be expected to result from disability, educational attainment and associated factors, such as occupation and transferability of skills and experience, are very important determinants of work disability.

Regarding marital status, widows and separated persons report the highest rates of work disability. Of widowed persons, 29.5 percent report some work limitation; 21.5 percent report being unable to work. Never married persons report the lowest rates of work disability (7.9 percent). Again, differences in the age distributions of these groups is a factor. Differences by gender within these marital status groups are not as large as differences between marital status groups.

Estimates of the prevalence of work disability often differ between surveys, reflecting a sensitivity to how questions are worded and surveys designed and operated. McNeil (1983) compared with other sources work disability prevalence rates estimated from the 1981 and 1092 Current Population Surveys (CPS) conducted by the Bureau of the Census. The lowest rate of work disability is obtained from the 1980 Census -- 8.5 percent of persons 16-64 years of age. The highest rate is given by the 1978 Survey of Disability and Work conducted by the Social Security Administration -- 17.2 percent of persons 18-64 years old. From the 1981 and 1982 CPS, work disability prevalence is estimated to be about 9.0 percent. In the current analysis, the estimate from the 1983-85 NHIS for ages 18-64 is 10.0 percent. The NHIS sample design is based on the CPS, the questions asked are similar, and Census interviewers actually conduct the NHIS in the field, so a high correspondence would be expected between these two surveys. The Survey c1 income and Program

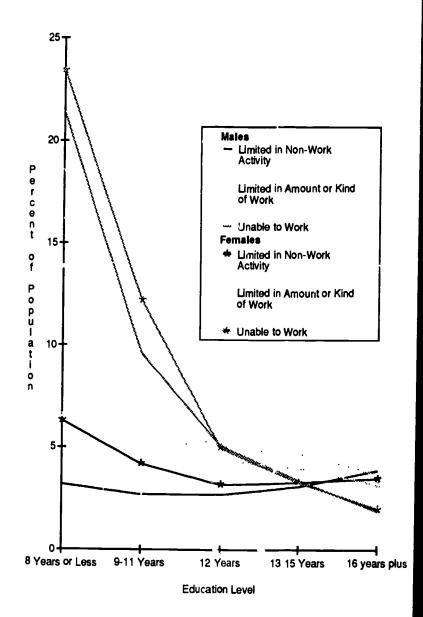


Figure 3: Percent of persons limited in work, by degree of limitation, education, and gender, United States, 1983-85.



Participation (SIPP), conducted in May through August of 1984, yields an estimate of 12.1 percent of persons aged 16-64 with a work disability (U.S. Bureau of the Census, 1986), which is somewhat higher than the NHIS estimate of 10.0 percent.

In general, the NHIS yields estimates of the prevalence of work disability that are close to what would be expected based on the CPS and decennial censuses. These sources, together with the recent SIPP results, provide a rough consensus on the extent of work disability in the working ages. Differences in survey estimates must, however, remain a matter of concern for policy and survey research methodology.

## D. Prevalence of need for assistance in activities of daily living

"Activities of daily living" (ADL) (Katz and Akpom, 1976) and "instrumental activities of daily living" (IADL) are two scales developed through research on elderly and disabled populations to measure dependencies in basic self-care and other functions important for independent living and avoidance of institutionalization. The Duke OARS ADL and IADL instruments (Center for the Study of Aging and Human Development, 1978, are often used in community and survey research as they are designed for self or proxy reporting (in contrast to professional assessment). Included in ADI. are several activities vital to independent personal functioning. They include bathing, dressing, toileting, getting in or out of bed or chairs, getting outside, continence, eating, and walking. Together, these items are considered a standard for assessing personal care limitations and have been employed with some variation in several surveys. IADL activities measure ability to live at home independently. IADL items that have been included in a number of major surveys are preparing meals, shopping for personal items, managing money, using the phone, doing laundry, doing heavy housewc. <. doing light housework, taking medications, getting around outside, and going places outside of walking distance.

Questions about the individual items that make up these scales are often asked separately. In the NHIS core questionnaire, two global questions are asked that attempt to measure the existence of any problem in performing IADL or ADL. In this analysis, persons who "need the help of other persons with personal care needs, such as eating, bathing, dressing, or getting around their home" are classified as limited in ADL. Persons are classified as limited in IADL if they "need the help of other persons in handling routine needs, such as everyday household chores, doing necessary business, shopping, or getting around for other purposes." If a person indicates they need help in ADL, they are not further asked about IADL. Note that these questions do not measure difficulty in performance of IADL or ADL, which would provide a broader definition of limitation, nor do they ask about help actually received.

Estimates of the number of persons and percent of the total population who need assistance in activities of daily living by degree of limitation and sefected sociodemographic characteristics are presented in Table 4. Compared to other types of disability, the need for assistance in activities of daily living occurs much less frequently. Of the total population, 3.6 percent, or about 7.6 million persons, report some need for help in IADL or ADL. Note that the total number of persons who need assistance in IADL can be obtained from this table only if it is assumed that persons who need assistance in ADL also need assistance in IADL, since this was not ascertained by the survey. However, other research indicates that most people who need assistance in ADL also need assistance in IADL (Weissert, 1985).

Of persons aged 18 and over, 3.0 percent need assistance in IADL only and 1.4 percent need assistance in ADL. Women are more likely than men to need assistance in IADL only (3.1 versus 1.6 percent, respectively). IADL nee 's do not apply to persons under 18 years and. About 0.3 percent of children 5 to 17 years old need help in ADL.



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The fraction of the population needing assistance in activities of daily living increases steeply with age. Of persons aged 18 to 64, 2.1 percent need assistance in IADL or ADL. This increases to 8.0 percent of persons aged 65-69 years and to 46.1 percent at ages 85 and over.

Despite the widespread association of long term care needs with the elderly population, Table 4 shows that a significant fraction of persons living in the community who ne to assistance in IADL or ADL are nonelderly. Of persons with IADL assistance needs only, 43.4 percent are under age 65. Of persons who need assistance in ADL, 40.2 percent are under age 65. These calculations, however, do riot include persons in institutions. Recent estimates of the number of persons in institutions by age are given in Table A.

Table A. Number of persons in institutions by type of facility and ago group

Age Group	Total	Facilities for Mentally Retarded!	Nursing Homes <sup>2</sup>
Under 65	407,100	<b>23</b> 1,500	175,600
65 plus	1,334,772	1 <b>8</b> ,9 <b>7</b> 2	1,315,800

<sup>1 1986</sup> Inventory of Long-Term Care Places (Sirrocco, 1987). 2 1985 National Nursing Home Survey (Hing, 1987).

The 1986 Inventory of Long Term Care Places and the 1985 National Nursing Home Survey identified about 407,000 persons under age 65 and about 1,335,000 persons age 65 and older who were living in institutions. If we assume that these persons need assistance in IADL or ADL and add these numbers of institutionalized persons to those in the community who need assistance in IADL or ADL, we obtain about 3.6 million nonelderly and about 5.7 million elderly persons who need the assistance of another person in IADL or ADL. Thus some 38.7 percent -- roughly 4 in 10 -- of all persons with limitations in

activities of daily living are nonelderly. About 2 persons in 10 living outside of institutions who need help in ADL are under 45 years old. These points are summarized in Figure 4. Although the rate of limitation in activities of daily living is very low among the nonelderly -- about 2 persons in 1 need help in IADL or ADL-- the number of nonelderly persons with potential long term care needs is significant relative to the number of elderly with potential long term care needs.

Women at any age are more likely than men to need assistance in IADL only, with the exception of the age group 18-24. Gender differences in IADL tend to increase with age, but gender differences by age in ADL are small and inconsistent.

Native Americans and non-Hispanic blacks show the highest rates of assistance needs in IADL or ADL (5.0 and 4.4 parcent respectively), followed by white non-Hispanics (3.6 percent). Asians and Pacific Islanders, as with other measures of disability discussed earlier, show the lowest rate of assistance needs in IADL or ADL (1.2 percent). Differences in age structure may be a factor in these contrasting rates.

Black non-Hispanic, white non-Hispanic, and white Hispanic women are more likely than men to need assistance in IADL only. Within these racial and ethnic categories, the differences between men and women who need assistance in ADL are not large.

Although the percent of persons who need assistance in IADL or ADL declines as family income rises, the gradient is not as steep as seen earlier with work limitation. Of persons living in families with incomes of less than \$10,000, 8.1 percent need assistance in IADL or ADL compared to 1.4 percent of persons in families with incomes of \$35,000 or more. Persons with such limitations are, in general, older than persons with work limitations and are more likely to be out of the labor force, so disability in IADL or ADL has less of an impact on family earnings than disability in work.



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### **All Persons** IADL and ADL Age Group 61.3% **5-65** □ 65+ 38.7% **Noninstitutionalized** IADL and ADL Age Group 55.7% **5**-44 25.5% **45-64** □ 65+ 16.8% **ADL Only** Age Group 59.7% 21.4% 雞 5-44 **45-64 □** 65+ 18.9%

Figure 4: Percent distribution of persons needing help in activities of daily living, by age, United States, 1983-85.

Persons in poverty are more likely than persons above poverty to need assistance in IADL or ADL (8.5 versus 3.1 percent), but again, the differences are much less compared to income differences in work disability.

Educational attainment is strongly inversely related to the need for assistance in IADL and ADL. Of persons with 8 years or less education, 14.2 percent need assistance in IADL or ADL, compared to 1.9 percent of college graduates. Since educational attainment is associated inversely with age, a good part of this relationship may be due to aging. That educational differences in IADL and ADL limitations are less pronounced than educational differences in work disability is also due in part to differences in rates of labor force participation.

Of all marital statuses, widowed persons are most likely to need assistance in IADL or ADL (18.8 percent). The lowest risk is for persons never married (2.7 percent), followed by married persons (3.2 percent). In general, women are about 30 percent more likely than men to need assistance in IADL only, regardless of marital status. Virtually no differences exist in the need for assistance in ADL. Age is of course a very important factor as widowed persons are more likely to be old and single persons to be young.

Estimates of the need for assistance in IADL and ALL due to chronic health conditions are available from a number of recent surveys, including the 1979-80 NHIS Home Care Supplement, the 1984 NHIS Supplement on Aging, and the 1984 Survey of Income and Program Participation. Table B presents estimates from these surveys and from this analysis of the 1983-85 NHIS Core for purposes of comparison.

Differences among these estimates are notable. Estimates of the number of elderly persons needing help in ADL range from 1.5 to 2.5 million and, for those needing help in IADL, from 2.4 to 5.9 million. Considerable variation also exists in estimates for the nonelderly.

Table B. Number of persons and percent of population needing the help of another person in activities of daily living from four surveys by age

			_	
		Persons Needing Help in:		
<u>Source</u>	Age Group	<u>IADL</u>	ADL	
		Number in 1,000s and percent of population in age group		
NHIS 1979-80 Home Care Supplement <sup>1</sup>	18-64 65 plus	1,594 1.2 2,381 10.1	850 0.6 1,478 6.3	
NHIS 1984 Supplement on Aging <sup>2</sup>	65 plus	5,868 22.2	2,538 9.6	
SIPP 1984 <sup>3</sup>	15-64 65 plus	3,256 2.1 4,450 16.8	1,050 0.7 1,459 5.5	
NHIS 1983-85 Core <sup>4</sup>	18-64 65 <b>pl</b> us	3,059 2.1 4,369 16.5	866 0.6 1,507 5.7	

<sup>1</sup> IADL data from Feller, 1986. ADL data is computed from public use tapes. IADL includes preparing meals, shopping, managing money, doing routine household chores (not including yardwork). ADL includes walking (except using stairs), going outside, using the toilet (in the bathroom, including getting to the bathroom), bathing, dressing, eating, and getting in and out of bed or chairs. Persons who don't do an ADL or who use equipment are not counted.

The NHIS Home Care Supplement (NHIS-HCS) and the NHIS Supplement on Aging (NHIS-SOA) included 7 comparable ADL

items but yield different estimated rates for the elderly population. The NHIS-SOA estimate is for persons who receive help, which should be smaller than those who need help. Yet the rate estimated from the NHIS-SOA is 52 percent higher than that from the NHIS-HCS. Comparison of rates for each of the 7 ADL items indicates that the NHIS-SOA estimates are 36 to 87 percent higher than those from the NHIS-HCS. The NHIS-SOA estimated rate for elderly persons needing help in one or more ADLs is also larger than that from the SIPP or from this analysis of the 1983-85 NHIS Core. However, for all ages, the NHIS-HCS, SIPP, and NHIS Core estimated rates converge. 1 A contextual difference is that in the NHIS-SOA, for each ADL, a question on whether persons have any difficulty precedes one on receiving help. This procedure, which was not followed in the other surveys, may increase respondent sensitivity to questions on need and receipt of help and may account for higher estimates from the NHIS-SOA.

Some of the variation in rates of persons needing help in IADL is due to differences in items included and also to context. The NHIS-SOA estimates include elderly persons who receive help with heavy housework whereas the NHIS-HCS does not. Yet, this item is the single most frequent source of help of all IADL activities among elderly persons -- 19.3 percent of the elderly receive help with heavy household chores (Dawson et al., 1987). However, comparison of rates for 3 other IADL items (meals, shopping, and finances) indicates that the NHIS-SOA rates are 20 to 40 percent higher than those from the NHIS-HCS. As above, for each IADL, a question on difficulty precedes the question on receipt of help in the NHIS-SOA. The SIPP and the



<sup>2</sup> Dawson, et al., 1987. Persons who receive help only. IADL includes preparing meals, shopping, managing money, using the phone, doing heavy housework, doing light housework. ADL includes 7 items simila, to the above.

<sup>3</sup> U.S. Bureau of the Census, 1986. IADL includes preparing meals, getting around inside or outside the home, doing light housework. ADL based on the question "does...need help from others in looking after personal care needs such as dressing, undressing, eating, or personal hygiene?"

<sup>4</sup> IADL is based on the question does person "need the help of other persons in handling routine needs, such as everyday household chores, doing necessary business, shopping, or getting around for other purposes?" ADL is based on the question does person "need the help of other persons with personal care needs, such as eating, bathing, dressing, or getting around this home?" Persons who need help in ADL are assumed to need help in IADL for comparison to other survey estimates.

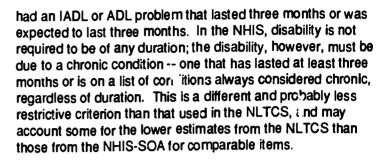
<sup>1</sup> The NHIS-HCS estimated rate is slightly higher than either SIPP or the NHIS Core rates. This may be due to the single open-ended question approach used in the SIPP and the NHIS Core versus the approach used in the NHIS-HCS of asking each item separately. The latter method would be expected to yield more positive responses. On the other hand, the rate of nonelderly persons needing help in ADL estimated from the NHIS-HCS is similar to the SIPP and the NHIS Core rates. It is perhaps coincidental that the NHIS-Core and SIPP yield rates that are so similar, given differences in question wording. In the Sipp, for example, mobility is not explicitly mentioned but it is in the NHIS Core.

NHIS Core yield very similar estimated rates of the need for help in IADL at all ages. Both exclude heavy housework and estimates for the elderly are therefore smaller than those from the NHIS-SOA. Possibly because both ask about needing help to get around outside the home, estimates based on them are larger than those based on the NHIS-HCS, which excluded this item.<sup>2</sup>

The National Long-Term Care Survey (NLTCS) of 1982 included questions on whether persons had any difficulty performing IADL or ADL and can be compared with the NHIS-SOA. The NLTCS did not include a question about difficulty doing heavy housework in the screener Luase of the survey, but this question was included in the interview follow-up. The NLTCS found that about 3.8 million elderly persons had difficulty doing heavy housework (Macken, 1986). However, the NHIS-SOA estimated there are some 6.3 million elderly persons who have difficulty doing heavy housework (Dawson et al., 1987). This one item accounts for much of the difference between these two surveys in the rate of elderly persons estimated to have difficulty performing at least one IADL -- 26.9 percent in the NHIS-SOA versus 19.1 percent in the NLTCS. Estimates for other comparable IADL items are similar between the NLTCS and the NHIS-SOA. Data on difficulty performing ADLs have not been reported from the NLTCS. However, estimated rates of persons who receive help can be compared between the NLTCS and the NHIS-SOA for 5 ADL items. The NLTCS falls between the HIS-HCS and the NHIS-SOA. Estimated rates range from 10 to 46 percent higher in the NHIS-SOA than the NLTCS.

Another important factor is the duration of disability. In the NLTCS, persons were screened on the basis of whether they

2 Despite similar IADL estimates, it is unlikely that the SIPP and the NHIS Core are measuring exactly the same things. In the SIPP, separate questions were asked relevant to the need for help in four IADL items: getting around inside or outside the home; doing light household chores; preparing meals. In the NHIS Core, one question is asked relevant to IADL: whether persons "need the help of another person with routine needs, such as everyday household chores, doing necessary business, shopping, or getting around for other purposes".



In conclusion, there is a high degree of convergence in rates of persons needing help in IADL and ADL estimated from the major surveys. Of all the major surveys, the NHIS-SOA provides the highest estimates of persons who have difficulty or who need help in IADL and ADL activities. Discrepancies in survey estimates are largely explained by differences in included items and the context in which questions are asked. Small differences in item wording may also cause variation. In addition, sampling design, survey operations, proxy rules, and imputing for nonresponse are potential factors. Accuracy of survey estimates of the number of persons experiencing difficulty or needing the help of other persons in performing iADL or ADL must be a matter of concern for policy and for survey research methodology. However, rates of persons needing help in IADL or ADL estimated from the 1983-85 NHIS Core questionnaire and presented in this report are very similar to rates estimated from other national surveys.

## E. Prevalence of work limitations and need for assistance in activities of daily living

Lack of independence in home management and self care activities does not automatically mean disability in other important life activities. Some people who need assistance in IADL or ADL nevertheless manage to work. Such limitations may be offset by education and training, previous work history, current job requirements and availability, workplace, household, and environmental accommodations, and the availability and cost of care from other persons. On the other hand, conditions



that cause limitations in work may not be so severe as to cause persons to need assistance in IADL or ADL. Table 5 explores the relationship between the ability to work and the ability to manage one's home and care for oneself indepencent of help from others. The table is restricted to the age range 18-69. Of persons limited in activities other than work, 95.2 percent have no need for assistance in IADL or ADL. Of persons limited in the amount or kind of work they can perform, again, the vast majority (93.4 percent) have no need for assistance in IADL or ADL. However, among those unable to work, the need for assistance in IADL and ADL is more common: 21.0 percent need assistance in IADL only and 9.6 percent need assistance in ADL.

Women who are limited in non-work activity are more likely than men to need assistance in IADL or ADL (7.1 percent versus 1.9 percent).

Remarkably few differences occur by age group in the percent of persons needing assistance in IADL or ADL, controlling for degree of work limitation. For persons limited in non-work activity, the fraction needing assistance in IADL increased from 1.2 percent at ages 18-24 to 6.8 percent at ages 65-69. The fraction of persons unable to work who need assistance in ADL is slightly higher in the younger age groups. The same patterns are seen by age group and gender. However, women who are limited in activity other than work are much more likely than men to need assistance in IADL with increasing age.

Table 5 can be viewed another way. Of the 1.1 million persons of working ages who need assistance in ADL, about 12.3 percent state they are able to work in some capacity and 4.0 percent report no work limitation. In the working ages, 2.7 million persons need assistance in IADL only. About 22.5 percent of them are able to work in some capacity while 7.5 percent report no work limitation. Thus, persons who need assistance in IADL and even ADL often avoid being prevented from working and some manage to avoid work limitation entirely.

#### F. Prevalence of conditions causing activity limitation

In order to be classified as having an activity limitation in the NHIS, a respondent must indicate at least one health condition or impairment as a cause of activity limitation. The condition must have had its onset more than 3 months before the interview period, or be on the list of conditions NCHS considers chronic regardless of onset (Appendix II). If more than one condition is mentioned, the respondent is asked to indicate which is the main cause of the limitation. All others are termed secondary causes.

Conditions causing disability can be tabulated in a number of ways. It is often interesting to tabulate the causes of disability by the main condition responsible, which might be called "main cause" tables. Such tables provide insight as to how conditions considered to be important causes of disability are distributed among persons with disabilities. However, such tables are only partly descriptive of the health problems of persons with multiple disabling conditions. To fully describe all the health problems that cause disability, it is preferable to tabulate secondary conditions that cause limitation together with those that are identified as main causes. Such tables may be termed "all cause" tables.

Tables 6A and 6B present detailed tabulations of conditions causing limitation of activity for several age groups and by gender. Table 6A presents conditions that were selected as the main cause of limitation of activity, while Table 6B presents all the conditions mentioned as causes of disability. Both tables list conditions that cause any limitation in activity, regardless of degree of limitation.

As shown in Table 6A, the causes of activity limitation are quite diverse. However, the five most frequently reported conditions indicated as the main cause of activity limitations are arthritis (12.3 percent of all persons with activity limitations), heart disease (11.5 percent), spinal curvature and other back impairments (7.8 percent), impairments of lower extremities (6.1 percent), and intervertebral disk disorders (4.4 percent).



Together, the five top ranking conditions account for 42.1 percent of all persons with activity limitation. Only 5.3 percent of all main cause conditions are ill-defined or fall into the "all other" category. This last category is composed mainly of conditions too small in prevalence to enumerate separately.

The major causes of activity limitation vary with age. For persons under age 18, the 5 most prevalent causes are mental retardation (13.0 percent), asthma (17.8 percent), mental illness (9.5 percent), deafness and other ear disorders (7.2 percent), and speech impairments (6.3 percent). Mental problems are clearly major causes of activity limitation among children. Among adults 18-44 years of age, the top five conditions are spinal curvature and other back impairments (15.1 percent), impairments of lower extremities (9.9 percent), intervertebral disk disorders (7.5 percent), asthma (5.6 percent), and arthritis (5.5 percent). Among young adults, orthopedic impairments predominate.

At the older ages, degenerative diseases predominate. At ages 45-69, arthritis ranks first (15.7 percent), tied with heart disease (15.7 percent), then spinal curvature and other back impairments (7.2 percent), hypertension (5.9 percent), and intervertebral disk disorders (5.0 percent). After age 69, the role of orthopedic impairments diminishes. At ages 70-84, arthritis ranks first (19.3 percent), followed by heart disease (17.3 percent), blindness and all other visual impairments and eye disorders (7.3 percent), impairments of lower extremities (5.0 percent), cerebrovascular disease (4.7 percent). Last, for persons 85 and over, arthritis again ranks first (18.6 percent), followed by senility (15.1 percent), heart disease (12.5 percent), blindness and all other visual impairments and eye disorders (13.9 percent), and cerebrovascular disease (4.5 percent).

Differences by gender in the main conditions causing limitation also occur. The five main causes of limitation for men of all ages are heart disease (13.0 percent), spinal curvature and other back impairments (7.7 percent), arthritis (7.6 percent), impairments of lower extremities (6.8 percent), and intervertebral disk disorders

(4.9 percent). For women of all ages, the main causes are arthritis (16.3 percent), heart disease (10.2 percent), spinal curvature and other back impairments (7.9 percent), impairments of lower extremities (5.4 percent), and hypertension (4.8 percent).

Differences in the types and rankings of the main conditions causing limitation in activity between men and women occur across the ages, but there are strong similarities as well. There are some differences between men and women under 18 years of age in the top five conditions reported as the main cause of activity limitation. The major differences are that mental illness is reported less frequently as a main cause for females compared to males (5.7 versus 11.9 percent, respectively), and that females are more likely to have a limitation caused by an impairment of the lower extremities (6.3 versus 3.9 percent, respectively).

At ages 18-44, the top five main causes are similar for men and women. They include spinal curvature and other back impairments, impairments of lower extremities, intervertebral disk disorders, asthma, and arthritis. Of persons aged 18-44, women are slightly more likely than men to report spinal curvature and other back impairments (16.0 versus 14.2 percent), but are less likely to report impairments of lower extremities (7.4 versus 12.4 percent).

More dramatic differences emerge at the middle and older ages. At ages 45-69, among men, the top five conditions given as the main cause of limitation are heart disease (20.1 percent), arthritis (10.5 percent), spinal curvature and other back impairments (7.5 percent), intervertebral disk disorders (5.5 percent), and impairments of lower extremities (5.0 percent). Among women aged 45-69, arthritis (20.1 percent), heart disease (11.8 percent), hypertension (7.4 percent), spinal curvature and other back impairments (7.2 percent), and intervertebral disk disorders (4.7 percent) top the list. Note that hypertension is not ranked in the top five conditions for men.

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At ages 70-84, the main causes of activity limitation for women are arthritis (24.3 percent), heart disease (15.9 percent), blindness and other eye disorders (7.6 percent), impairments of lower extremities (5.6 percent), and hypertension (3.9 percent). Among men, they are heart disease (19.7 percent), arthritis (11.4 percent), blindness and all other visual impairments and eye disorders and emphysema (tied at 6.9 percent), and cerebrovascular disease (6.5 percent). Thus, emphysema and cerebrovascular disease are more common among older men than among women with activity limitations.

Finally, among women aged 85 and over, arthritis (21.4 percent), senility (15.1 percent), blindness and all other visual impairments and eye disorders (13.6 percent), heart disease (12.5 percent), and impairments of lower extremities (7.8 percent) are most frequently given as the main causes of activity limitation. Among men aged 85 and over, senility (15.1 percent), blindness and all other visual impairments and eye disorders (14.9 percent), heart disease (12.5 percent), arthritis (11.9 percent), and cerebrovascular disease (5.5 percent) top the list. At all ages, neart disease always ranks higher than arthritis as a main cause of limitation among men, but among women, they are reversed.

Table 6B presents all conditions reported as causes of activity limitation. This table includes, in addition to main cause conditions, those that are related to disability, but are mentioned as secondary causes of disability. The total line in Table 6B gives the total number of conditions reported as causes of activity limitation. In Table 6A, the total line is equal to the number of persons with activity !imitation, since only one cause is presented for each person. The totals from Tables 6A and 6B can be used to obtain the mean number of conditions per persons with activity limitation. On the average, persons with activity limitations report 1.62 conditions. The mean number of conditions reported increases with age, from 1.20 for persons under 18 years, to 1.30 at ages 18-44, 1.77 at ages 45-69, 1.91 at ages 70-84, and then a slight decrease to 1.86 at ages 85 and over. This decrease is due mainly to higher rates of mortality and institutionalization of the oldest-old with multiple disabling

conditions. Women report slightly more disabling conditions than men (1.68 versus 1.55 conditions, respectively).

The top five conditions, whether main or secondary, are similar to those given as the main cause of limitation. Hypertension, however, which did not rank in the top five conditions as the main cause of activity limitation, enters third when all causes are considered. Arthritis (11.6 percent), heart disease (10.6 percent), hypertension (6.6 percent), spinal curvature and other back impairments (5.9 percent), and blindness and all other visual impairments and eye disorders (5.6 percent) are the most frequently reported of all causes of activity limitation. Among the leading causes of activity limitation, hypertension is much more likely to be mentioned as a secondary cause than as a main cause, and this is more the case for women than for men.

## G. Prevalence of chronic conditions causing work limitation

In Table 7A, estimates are presented of the prevalence of chronic conditions reported as the main cause of work limitation for all persons aged 18-69, further broken down by two age groups, and by gender. The categories "limited in the amount or kind of work" and "unable to work" are combined. The table is useful for examining differences in the distribution of work disabling conditions by age and gender.

Heart disease ranks first as the most frequent cause of work disability (12.2 percent), followed by arthritis (11.6 percent), spinal curvature and other back impairments (9.8 percent), intervertebral disk disorders (6.1 percent), and impairments of lower extremities (5.1 percent). These conditions were also shown to be the five most prevalent causes of activity limitation at all ages.

Minor differences in the ranking of conditions between those causing any activity limitation and those causing work limitation can be seen. In the 18-44 age group, the top conditions are similar, except that asthma ranks fourth as a cause of activity



limitation but does not rank in the top five conditions causing work limitation. On the other hand, mental illness which ranks fifth as a cause of work limitation is not ranked in the top five as a cause of activity limitation. The five most prevalent causes of activity limitation and work limitation are identical for the 45-69 age group. Gender differences in the distribution of conditions causing work disability parallel those for activity limitation and are not discussed further.

Table 7B gives estimates of the number of main and secondary causes of work disability combined. No difference in the mean number of conditions reported for persons with work disability compared to persons with activity limitations appears. At ages 18-44, persons with work limitations report on average 1.33 conditions while persons with activity limitations report 1.30 conditions. At ages 45-69, persons with activity limitations report on average 1.77 conditions, while those with work limitations report 1.78.

For work limitation, as seen earlier for activity limitation, the rankings of all cause conditions are similar to those for main cause conditions only. The exception is hypertension, which is not ranked in the top five main causes of work limitation, but ranks third for all causes. Thus, hypertension appears relatively more frequently as a secondary rather than as a main cause of work disability.

It is apparent from Tables 6A-7B that no striking differences emerge in the distribution of conditions among persons with activity limitation compared with persons who report work limitation. Thus, even though activity limitation and work limitation are different indicators of disability and the numbers of persons with them vary, they do not differ significantly in terms of the conditions that cause them.

## H. Prevalence of conditions causing need for assistance in activities of daily living

Estimates of the prevalence of chronic conditions reported as the main causes of need for assistance in activities of daily living (IADL ADL combined) are presented in Table 8A, by age and gender. Since these limitations are not defined for ages under 5, the table is restricted to persons aged 5 and older.

Arthritis is the most frequent cause of people needing assistance in IADL or ADL. Of all persons with such needs, 14.9 percent report arthritis as the main cause. Heart disease follows at 11.5 percent, then blindness and all other visual impairments and eye disorders (7.6 percent), cerebrovascular disease (5.3 percent), and impairments of lower extremities (4.4 percent).

Arthritis and heart disease are the most important causes of need for assistance in IADL or ADL whether for persons below 70 years of age or 70 years and older. Among those aged 5-69, after arthritis (11.9 percent) and heart disease (9.3 percent), mental retardation is next highest (7.6 percent), followed by spinal curvature and other back impairments (5.8 percent). Blindness and all other visual impairments and eye disorders are tied with intervertebral disk disorders for fifth rank at 5.0 percent. At ages 70 and over, after arthritis (18.1 percent) and heart disease (13.8 percent), come blindness and all other visual impairments and eye disorders (10.5 percent), senility (7.2 percent), and cerebrovascular disease (6.9 percent).

It was concluded earlier that the causes of activity limitation and work disability were similar. There are also similarities between the causes of rieed for assistance in IADL or ADL and activity limitation. Mental retardation is an important cause of need for assistance in IADL or ADL for persons aged 5-69. It was also found that mental retardation was the primary cause of activity limitation for persons under 18 years old. Similarly, the important causes of personal assistance needs among those 70 and over can be found in the causes of activity limitation.



Analysis of the percent distribution of conditions causing needs for assistance in IADL or ADL by gender and age also indicates some similarity with earlier findings on activity limitation. Among men aged 5-69, mental retardation is ranked first (10.5 percent), followed by heart disease (9.8 percent), blindness and other eye disorders (6.0 percent), arthritis (6.4 percent), and cerebrovascular discase (5.1 percer.:). For women aged 5-69, arthritis is the leading cause (15.8 percent), trailed by heart disease (8.8 percent), spinal curvature and other back impairments (6.8 percent), and mental retardation and intervertebral disk disorders (tied at 5.5 percent). The greater likelihood of mental retardation as a cause of activity limitation among men was noted earlier. Among women aged 70 and abov , arthritis ranks first (21.9 percent), then comes heart disease (14.0 percent), biindness and other eye disorders (9.7 percent), senility (7.2 percent), and impairments of lower extremities (6.0 percent). For men aged 70 and over, the most prevalent causes are heart disease (13.5 percent), blindness and other eye disorders (12.3 percent), cerebrovascular disease (10.4 percent), arthritis (9.2 percent), and senility (7.2 percent).

Table 8B provides estimates of the number of both main and secondary conditions reported as causes of need for assistance in IADL or ADL. The mean number of conditions reported for persons aged 5-69 is 1.56, which is no different from the mean number of conditions causing activity limitation for persons under 70. Among persons 70 years and over with assistance needs in IADL or ADL, the mean number of conditions reported is 2.16, which is higher than the mean number of conditions (1.90) reported for persons 70 years and older with any activity limitation, indicating a greater likelihood of multiple health conditions among the elderly with personal assistance needs as compared to those with other activity limitations.

When all causes are considered, the top five conditions are somewhat different from the top five ranking conditions that are the main causes of need for personal assistance in IADL or ADL. Hypertension emerges as the fourth highest ranking condition when all causes are considered (5.0 percent), but does not rank

in the top five main causes. Arthritis, heart disease, and blindness and other eye conditions still rank highest (13.0, 11.1, and 8.9 percent, respectively). Hypertension is 4.2 times more likely to be mentioned as a secondary cause than as a main cause, which indicates how frequently this condition is a complicating factor in disability. Cerebrovascular disease, which ranks fourth as a main cause, ranks fifth (4.2 percent) when all causes are considered.

#### I. Prevalence of school limitation

Estimates of the number of children who are limited in school attendance (limited in the amount or kind of major activity) or unable to attend school (unable to perform major activity) are given in Table 2. In Table 9, the category of limitation in school attendance is expanded to identify children who attend special schools or classes, need special schools or classes but do not attend them, and children who neither need nor attend special schools or classes but are otherwise limited in school attendance. Since parents report for their children, responses are based on parents' understanding of their children's needs.

Of all children aged 5-17, 2.6 percent, or 1.2 million children, attend special schools or classes, while 0.3 percent need special schools or classes but do not attend them, and 1.1 percent are limited in school attendance but neither need nor attend special schools or classes. Of all children limited in school attendance (excluding those who cannot attend school at all), 65 percent attend special schools or classes. Of those children whose parents are aware that they need special schools or classes, 89 percent attend them.

Male children are more likely to attend special schools or classes than female children (3.4 versus 1.8 percent), and are more likely than female children to need special schools or classes if they do not attend them (0.5 versus 0.2 percent).

Due to high sampling variability, estimates are not dependable for racial and ethnic groups other than white non-Hispanic and



black non-Hispanic persons. Black male children are more than twice as likely as black female children to attend special schools or classes (4.1 versus 1.9 percent), and white non-Hispanic males are about 1.8 times more likely to attend special schools or classes than are females (3.4 versus 1.9 percent, respectively).

Poor children are more likely to attend special schools or classes than children in families above the poverty line (4.1 versus 2.4 percent, respectively). Poor children are also more likely than children in non-poor families to need special schools or classes if they do not attend them, and are more likely to be otherwise limited in school attendance. Regardless of poverty status, male children are more likely than female children to attend special schools or classes.

#### J. Prevalence of multiple chronic checklist conditions

Tables 10-13 present information on multiple chronic conditions. Table 10 is based on information from the six checklists and includes groups of conditions only for those conditions that appear on the same checklist. The table is especially useful for examining the prevalence of multiple impairments and circulatory conditions. Tables 11-13 present information on multiple conditions causing limitation in activity, limitation in work, and need for assistance in IADL or ADL. These tables are not based on the chronic condition checklists and combinations of condition groups are not constrained as in Table 10.

The distribution of the number of conditions varies by type of condition (Figure 5). Persons who need assistance in performing activities of daily living (IADL or ADL) are much more likely than persons with limitations in work or other activity to have multiple chronic conditions. Multiple checklist conditions occur less frequently than multiple disabling conditions because of the restriction that other conditions must appear on the same checklist. Also, because multiple conditions are correlated with the severity of disability, and many conditions reported from the checklists do not result in disability, one would expect multiple

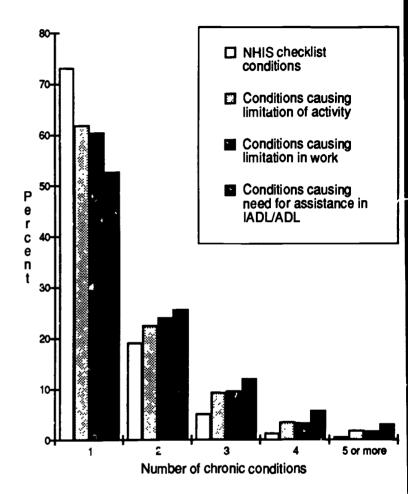


Figure 5. Distribution of the number of chronic conditions reported, by type of condition, U.S. National Health Interview Survey, 1983-85 (three-year average).

checklist conditions would be reported less frequently than multiple conditions causing disability.

Examining the distribution of the number of checklist conditions indicated it was feasible to tabulate up to three-way groupings of conditions. Persons with three or fewer conditions comprise



97.8 percent of all persons with conditions. When more than three conditions are reported, only those for which a physician was seen most recently are used. This decision was made for ease of programming and resulted in a loss of only 2.5 percent of all conditions reported.

Combinations of up to three conditions are presented in Table 10. Ordering of conditions was ignored. In forming groups, conditions were sorted in the order that they are listed in the first column. Only conditions that appear below a given condition in the first column can appear as a second or third condition. All other combinations appear earlier in the table. Also, only condition groups with acceptably high statistical precision are listed in the table (i.e., 30 percent or less relative standard error). All others were recoded into residual categories. In the case of three-way combinations with low prevalence, the conditions were split into three two-way groupings with the third condition coded as residual. As a result, condition totals will not sum to those shown for conditions in Table 1.

Even within a checklist, multiple conditions are reported often. About 27 percent of all persons who report a condition report more than one; 7.4 percent report three or more. In some cases, people have more than one condition coded to the same group. For example, 484,000 persons have two conditions classifiable to osteoarthritis. The ICD classification system allows conditions to be coded to body site affected. This permits a condition to appear more than once if it affects different body sites. Also, even within apparently narrow condition classes a person may report separately classifiable conditions. In the case of the 189,000 persons with two ischemic heart conditions, a person may have reported both heart failure and coronary atherosclerosis.

ICDA coding rules result in some conditions that are coded on tape as single conditions but actually have been combined with others. For example, a few coronary atherosclerotic conditions are actually heart disease caused by coronary atherosclerosis. The recodes used do not identify such combined conditions.

Although they are few in number, some conditions that appear as single conditions in Table 10 may have been combined with other conditions.

The following discussion of Table 10 is limited to the five most prevalent conditions as determined earlier from Table 1. The number of conditions reported alone in Table 10 can be compared with the total prevalence of the condition given earlier in Table 1. Of the 31,163,000 persons with sinusitis, 70 percent, or 21,705,000 persons, have no other respiratory conditions. The most common condition reported with sinusitis is hay fever.

Arthritis is often associated with other skin and musculoskeletal conditions. Of all persons with rheumatoid arthritis, 47.3 percent report other skin and musculoskeletal conditions; of persons with osteoarthritis and other arthropathies, the percent is 41.8. Psoriasis and dermatitis are commonly associated conditions.

Of persons with hypertension, 37.9 percent report other circulatory conditions. Hypertension is most often associated with ischemic heart disease (2.6 million persons or 11.1 per 1,000 total population), followed by phlebitis and varicose veins (2.0 million persons or 8.5 per 1,000), and heart rhythm disorders (1.9 million persons or 8.1 per 1,000). Note that these numbers were produced by summing all combinations that include any mention of hypertension with the above conditions.

The role of hypertension as a risk factor in other circulatory diseases is confirmed. The 2.5 million persons with ischemic heart disease and hypertension comprise 36.9 percent of all persons with ischemic heart disease. Of all persons with arteriosclerosis, 45.0 percent report hypertension. For persons with cerebrovascular disease, the percent with hypertension climbs to 50.6. Circulatory conditions with which hypertension is least frequently reported are heart rhythm disorders (25.2 percent) and phlebitis and varicose veins (25.8 percent).

Hearing impairments occur frequently with other impairments. Of persons with deainess in both ears, 55.4 percent report other



impairments, while 38.6 percent of persons with hearing impairments other than deafness report other impairments. Heart rhythm disorders and ischemic heart disease are the most prevalent conditions grouped under heart disease. They ox ur frequently with other circulatory conditions: 52.2 percent of all heart rhythm disorders and 79.7 percent of all ischemic heart disease are reported with other circulatory conditions. The combination of ischemic heart disease, hypertension, and arteriosck osis was the nighest reported of all three way combinations: an estimated 373,000 persons have these three conditions.

Of all the impairments, speech impairments are the most likely to be mentioned with other impairments. Of persons with speech impairments, 75.0 percent have other impairments. The most frequently associated conditions are mental retardation and hearing impairments. Serious visual in pairments and paralytic impairments are often associated with other impairments. Of persons blind in both eyes, about 73.0 percent report other impairments. They are followed by persons with complete paralysis of the extremities (71.4 percent), ylaucoma (70.4 percent), and partial paralysis of extremities (64.7 percent). Although blindness and complete and partial paralysis are associated often with other impairments, no particular impairments could be identified with them because of their low prevalence. Cataracts are most frequently reported with glau ma (24.0 percent of persons with glaucoma also have cataracts).

Finally, of all the impairments, curvature of the back or spine is least likely to be reported with other impairments. Still, 36.2 percent of persons with this condition report other impairment which is higher than the average (about 27 percent) for all checklist conditions.

## K. Prevalence of multiple conditions causing activity limitation

Tables 11-13 are designed not only to provide data on the prevalence of various groupings of conditions causing disability but also to show the impact of additional conditions on the severity of disability. In forming condition groups, ordering is important in that the distinction given to the main cause of limitation is retained. Conditions are tabulated first by main and then by secondary causes to form two-way groupings. If a person reported three conditions, they formed two combinations, each with the main cause and one of the secondary causes. Thus, the total of all conditions is larger than the number of persons with a given type of disability. For persons reporting more than three conditions, only the two secondary conditions for which a physician was seen most recently were used.

In order to limit to a reasonable number the condition groups formed, the list used in previous tables was collapsed into 16 categories. These are listed in Appendix Table II-C. Even with this restriction, many more condition groups would be identified than could be reported conveniently. Therefore, for all condition groups with a prevalence of 25,000 or less, the secondary condition was recondition to the "all other" category.

Table 11 shows the prevalence of two-way groupings of conditions that cause activity limitation and the percent distribution by degree of activity limitation. The five most prevalent groupings of conditions are multiple eye and/or ear impairments (481,000), arthritis and hypertension (469,000), heart disease and hypertension (453,000), heart disease and arthritis (384,000), and heart disease and diabetes (313,000).

In some cases the estimates have low precision when broken down by degree of limitation. When this occurs, estimates can often be summed to obtain a significant estimate for persons with major activity limitations. For example, of the 33,000 persons who report arthritis as the main cause and mental illness as a secondary cause of their limitation, 14,000 report being limited in



the amount of kind of activity they can perform and 13,000 .eport being unable to perform their major activity. Both estimates have low precision. However, the combined estimate of 27,000 has a high degree of precision (the relative standard error is less than 30 percent).

As would be expected, the likelihood that a person would be unable to perform her or his major activity increased in the presence of other conditions. For all conditions, the percent of persons unable to perform their major activity increases substantially when a secondary condition is present. Condition groups identified as the most severely disabling are cerebrovascular disease and diabetes (74.5 percent), absence or paralysis of extremities and diabetes (69.5 percent), mental disorders and arthritis (67.8 percent), absence or paralysis of extremities with heart disease (65.7 percent), and with hypertension (65.4 percent).

We can also compare conditions in terms of how likely they are to cause severe activity limitations by themselves. Cerebrovascular disease is the most likely condition occurring alone to cause inability to perform major activity (49.0 percent), followed by cancer (44.9 percent), mental illness (38.0 percent), emphysema (31.0 percent) and absence or paralysis of extremities (also 31.0 percent).

Another question that can be explored concerns the identification of a condition as the main cause when more than one condition is reported. One might expect, in general, that conditions with the highest likelihood of causing disability would be "'ected most often as the main cause for persons who report more than one condition. Cerebrovascular disease is the most disabling of the 16 condition groups tabulated. Of persons who report cerebrovascular disease as the only cause of limitation of activity, 48.9 percent are unable to perform their major activity. Heart disease, however, is less disabling than cerebrovascular disease. Of persons reporting heart disease alone, 24.4 percent are unable to perform their major activity. One would therefore expect persons who report both cerebrovascular and heart

disease to be more likely to select cerebrovascular disease over heart disease as the main cause of their disability. Of the 146,000 persons who reported both diseases, 61.6 percent selected cerebrovascular disease as the main cause.

Is there any difference in the "calihood of being unable to perform one's major activity depending on which of these conditions is selected as the main cause? Persons who report heart disease as the main cause and cerebrovascular disease as the secondary cause may have less severe cerebrovascular problems. Table 11 shows, however, that it does not matter which condition is selected: in both cases, about 61 percent of persons reporting both conditions are unable to perform their major activity.

In fact, for the top five prevalent condition groups reported (except for the most prevalent group which is multiple eye and/or ear impairments), the same point can be observed. In general, people report conditions that are more severely disabling as the main cause of their disability when more than one condition is present, but the degree of limitation reported does not appear to depend on which condition is selected as the main cause of disability.

#### L. Prevalence of multiple conditions causing work disability

Table 12 shows estimates of the prevalence of two-way combinations of conditions causing work disability and limitation in activity other than work among persons aged 18-69 years. Persons with limitations in activity other than work are included, primarily so that combinations of conditions can be compared in terms of how likely they result in work disability given some activity limitation.

The five most prevalent condition groups as causes of any limitation in the working age population are heart disease and hypertension (302,000), arthritis and hypertension (277,000), heart disease and diabetes (213,000), heart disease and arthritis (207,000), and multiple eye and/or ear impairments (202,000).



The list is the same for the condition groups that are reported as causes of work disability (either limitations in the kind or amount of work or inability to work); although the ranking changes slightly. Heart disease and hypertension lead (274,000), followed by arthritis and hypertension (241,000), heart disease and diabetes (197,000), heart disease and arthritis (189,000), and multiple eye and/or ear impairments (156,000).

For every condition, the addition of a secondary condition increases markedly the risk that a person will be unable to work. The condition groups that are most disabling in terms of work are heart disease and emphysema (91.1 percent), cerebrovascular disease and heart disease (88.8 percent), heart disease and cerebrovascular disease (88.8 percent), eye or ear impairments and heart disease (88.0 percent), and absence or paralysis of extremities and cerebrovascular disease (85.2 percent).

Conditions can also be compared on the basis of how likely they result in work disability by themselves, that is, when no secondary conditions are present. The condition most likely to cause work inability by itself is mental illness -- 76.1 percent of persons with any limitation of activity caused by mental illness are unable to work. Cerebrovascular disease follows (67.3 percent), then mental retardation (65.9 percent), cancer (59.8 percent), and emphysema (48.3 percent).

## M. Prevalence of multiple conditions causing need for assistance in activities of daily living

Estimates of the prevalence of two-way combinations of conditions causing need for assistance in IADL or ADL are shown in Table 13. As in Table 12, persons with limitations in other activities are included in the table so that combinations of conditions can be compared in terms of how frequently they result in .DL or ADL limitations given at least some activity limitation.

As persons with limitations in other activities are included, the only difference between Table 13 and Table 11 is that the base

in Table 13 is restricted to persons 5 years of age and older, since personal care limitation is not applicable to children under 5 years old. The 5 most prevalent combinations of conditions as causes of all activity limitation are identical to those discussed for Table 11.

Multiple eye and/or ear impairments are t...a most frequently reported combination of conditions causing need for assistance in IADL or ADL (214,000), followed by cerebrovascular disease and absence or paralysis of extremities (138,000), heart disease and arthritis (137,000), then arthritis and heart disease (116,000), and arthritis and hypertension (108,000). This list is different from the combinations most frequently reported as causing work disability. In particular, multiple eye and/or ear impairments were ranked fifth in terms of work disability and are ranked first in terms of personal care limitation. Also cerebrovascular disease combined with absence or paralysis of extremities rank second as causes of IADL or ADL limitation but do not rank in the top five combinations of conditions as causes of work disability.

The conditions occurring alone that are most likely to cause need for assistance in ADL are cerebrovascular disease (35.6 percent), absence or paralysis of extremilies (21.9 percent), nervous disorders (16.8 percent), cancer of all sites (16.0 percent), and mental retardation (13.1 percent). This list is different from the list of conditions occurring alone that are the major causes of inability to work. Mental illness is the condition most likely to cause inability to work by itself, but is not among the top five conditions occurring alone that cause IADL or ADL limitations.

Condition groups most likely to result in assistance needs in ADL are cerebrovascular disease and diabetes (54.6 percent), absence or paralysis of extremities and cerebrovascular disease (39.9 percent), and absence or paralysis of extremities and diabetes, cerebrovascular disease and absence or paralysis of extremities, and cerebrovascular disease and heart disease, all tied at 39.7 percent. Clearly, the major risks of IADL or ADL



limitation among persons with some degree of disability are cerebrovascular disease and loss of function in the extremities.

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Service.

### List of detailed tables

List of detailed tables	civilian noninstitutionalized population, ages 18-69, 1983-1985 (three-year average)
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noninstitutionalized population, 1983-1985 (three-year average)	by all causes of limitation, age, and gender: United States civilian noninstitutionalized population, ages 18-69, 1983-
Prevalence of activity limitation due to chronic conditions, by degree of limitation and sociodemographic characteristics:	
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### TABLE 1: PREVALENCE OF SELECTED IMPAIRMENTS AND CKRONIC CONDITIONS, BY GENDER AND AGE: UNITED STATES CIVILIAN NONINSTITUTIONALIZED POPULATION, 1983-1985 (THREE-YEAR AVERAGE)

Chronic Condition	AII Pe	ersons	Ma	iles	Females_		
Skin and musculoskeletal	Nu	ımber of condi:	tions in thousand	ds and rate per	· 1,000 persons		
Rheumatoid arthritis	1,287	5.6	331	3.0	956	8.0	
Osteoarthritis/other arthropathies	29,033	125.4	10,315	92.3	18,717	156.3	
Intervertebral disk disorders	3,927	17.0	2,109	18.9	1,818	15.2	
Osteomyelitis/bone disorders	2,973	12.8	1,077	9.6	1,896	15.8	
Bursitis	4,684	2ა.2	1,869	16.7	2,815	23.5	
Psoriasis and dermatitis	11,146	48.1	4,464	39.9	6,682	<b>55</b> .8	
Skin cancer	1 287	5.6	796	7.1	490	4.1	
Other selected skin and musculoskeletal	27,266	117.8	11,224	100.4	16,042	134.0	
<u>Impairments</u>							
Absence of arm(s)/hand(s)		0.4	89	0.8	*8	*0.1	
Absence of leg(s)	268	1.2	202	1.8	*66	*0.6	
Absence of fingers, toes, feet	1,831	7.9	1,469	13.1	362	3.0	
Other absence, NEC	1,058	4.6	443	4.0	615	5.1	
Complete paralysis of extremities	650	2.8	370	3.3	280	2. <b>3</b>	
Cerebral palsy	262	1.1	176	1.6	86	0.7	
Partial paralysis of extremities	541	2.3	273	2.4	268	2.2	
Paralysis of other sites	224	1.0	106	1.0	118	1.0	
Curvature of back or spine	4,561	19.7	1,354	12.1	3,208	26.8	
Other impairment of back	9.447	40.8	4,398	39.3	5,049	42.2	
Impairment of upper extremities	3,109	13.4	1,764	15 8	1,345	11.2	
Impairment of lower extremities	10.459	45.2	5,344	473	5,115	42.7	
Other orthopedic impairment	322	1.4	160	1.4	162	1.4	
Speech impairment	2,360	10.2	1,536	13.7	825	6.9	
Blind in both eyes	381	1.6	214	1.9	168	1.4	
Cataracts		22.5	1,665	14 9	3,555	29 7	
Glaucoma	1,709	7 4	724	6.5	985	8.2	
Other visual impairment/retinal disorders	8,554	36.9	5,041	45.1	3,514	29.4	
Deaf in both ears	1,741	7.5	989	8.8	752	6.3	
Other hearing impairment		83.3	10,854	97 1	8,434	70.4	
<u>Digestive</u>							
Ulcers	4,461	19.3	2,104	18.8	2,357	19.7	
Abdominal hemia	4,913	21.2	2,469	22.1	2,443	20.4	
Enteritis and colitis	2,391	10 3	770	6.9	1,621	13.5	
Cancer of digestive sites	249	1.1	105	09	145	1.2	
Other selected digestive disorders	20,076	86.7	7,248	64 <b>8</b>	12,829	107.1	

SOURCE: National Health Interview Surveys, 1983-1985. original tabulations from public use tapes

\* Figure has low statistical reliability or precision (relative standard error exceeds 30 percent)



TABLE 1: PREVALENCE OF SELECTED IMPAIRMENTS AND CHRONIC CONDITIONS, BY GENDER AND AGE: UNITED STATES CIVILIAN NONINSTITUTIONALIZED POPULATION, 1983-1985 (THREE-YEAR AVERAGE)-CONTINUED

Chronic Condition	All Pe	ersons	Ma	ı <u>les</u>	Fe	Females				
Circulatory	Nu	Number of conditions in thousands and rate per 1,000 persons								
Rheumatic fever	1,494	6.5	575	5.1	919	7.7				
Ischemic heart disease	6 964	30.1	3,941	35.2	3.024	25.3				
neart mythin disorders	7.498	32.4	2,810	25.1	4,689	39.2				
Other heart disease_	4,798	20.7	2,134	19.1	2.663	22.2				
HYDERENSION	20 505	123.5	12,152	108.7	16.443	137.3				
Cerebrovascular disease_	2.532	10.9	1,306	11.7	1,226	10.2				
AL 181 105CH10515	3.127	13.5	1,567	14.0	1.50	13.0				
rineono, vaikose veiris	7.983	34.5	1.682	15.0	6,302	52.6				
Other selected circulatory	11,728	50.7	5,220	46.7	6,508	54.3				
Respiratory										
Chronic bronchitis	11.136	48.1	4,384	39 2	6,752	56.4				
Asthma	8,596	37.1	3.868	34.6	4,727	39.5				
Hay fever	20,008	86 4	9,187	82.2	10,821	90.4				
Sinusitis	31,163	134.6	13,061	116.8	18,102	151.2				
Emphysema	2.099	9.1	1.465	13.1	634	5.3				
I UDOTCUIOSIS_	112	0.1	*61	*0.5	*51	*0.4				
Lung or bronchial cancer	223	1.0	127	1.1	96	0.4				
Other selected respiratory	8,999	38.9	3,894	34.8	5,105	42.6				
<u>Miscellaneous</u>										
Diabetes	5.933	25.6	2.496	22 3	3,437	28.7				
Anemias		15 0	539	4.8	2,943	24 6				
Kidney disorders	3 423	14.8	1,148	10.3	2,274	19.0				
Fernale genital disorders	6 246	26.6	1,140 na	na	6,247	52.2				
Mental retardation	1.086	4.7	706	6.3	380	3 2				
Epilepsy	1,043	4.5	551	4.9	491	4.1				
Multiple sclerosis		0.7	*42	°0 4	109	0.9				
Migraine headache	7.740	33.4	2.008	18.0	5.731	47.9				
Cancer of female breast	451	1.9	2,000 na	na	3,731 451	3.8				
Cancer of genitourinary sites	281	1.2	95	09	185	1.5				

<sup>\*</sup> Figure has low statistical reliability or precision (relative standard error exceeds 30 percent)



TABLE 1: PREVALENCE OF SELECTED IMPAIRMENTS AND CHRONIC CONDITIONS, BY GENDER AND AGE: UNITED STATES CIVILIAN NONINSTITUTIONALIZED POPULATION, 1983-1985 (THREE-YEAR AVERAGE)-CONTINUED

Chronic Condition	Un	der 45	45	-69	70-£4		85+				
Skin and musculoskeletal	Number of conditions in thousands and rate per 1,000 persons										
Rheumatoid arthritis	295	1.8	767	14.3	193	12.5	*33	*17.1			
Osteoarthritis/other arthropathies	4,993	31.1	15,722	294.1	7,374	478.9	944	491.			
Intervertebral disk disorders	1,503	9.3	2,022	37.8	371	24.1	*31	*16.			
Osteomyelitis/bone disorders	1,050	6.5	1,365	25.5	502	32.6	*56	*29.			
Bursitis	1,529	9.5	2,541	47.5	573	37.2	*41	*21.			
Psoriasis and dermatitis	7,631	47.5	2,772	51.9	648	42.1	95	49.			
Skin cancer	167	1.0	720	13.5	336	21.8	*64	33.			
Other selected skin and musculoskeletal	14,028	87.3	9,019	168.7	3,661	237.8	557	290.4			
<u>Impairments</u>											
Absence of arm(s)/hand(s)	*18	*0.1	*56	*1.0	*23	*1 5					
Absence of leg(s)	*62	*0.4	138	2.6	*45	*2.9	*24	*12.			
Absence of fingers, toes, feet		4.4	791	14.8	318	20.6	*15	*7.0			
Other absence, NEC	352	2.2	440	8.2	250	16.2	*16	*8.			
Complete paralysis or extremities	175	0.9	310	5.8	169	11.0	*35	*18.			
Cerebral palsy	231	1.4	*25	*0.5	*6	<b>°</b> 0.4	•				
Partial paralysis of extremities	101	0.6	197	3.7	208	13.5	*35	*18.			
Paralysis of other sites	84	0.5	95	1.8	*45	*2.9	•				
Curvature of back or spine	2,712	16.9	1,306	24.4	A74	30.8	*69	36.			
Other impairment of back	4,966	30.9	3,532	66.1	845	54.9	104	54.0			
Impairment of upper extremities	1,438	8.9	1,145	21.4	463	30.1	*62	32.			
Impairment of lower extremities	5,752	35.8	3,374	63.1	1,117	72.6	216	112.			
Other orthopedic impairment	160	1.0	121	2.3	*34	*2.2	*7	*3.			
Speech impairment	1,697	10.6	485	9.1	165	10.7	*13	*6.8			
Blind in both eyes	89	0.6	113	2.1	91	5.9	87	45.4			
Cataracts		1.8	1,600	29.9	2,706	175.8	625	325.			
Glaucoma	209	1.3	706	13.2	674	43.8	119	62.0			
Other visual impairment/retinal disorders	3,635	22.6	2,805	52.5	1,733	112.6	381	198.			
Deaf in both ears		2.0	667	12.5	551	35.8	205	106.6			
Other hearing impairment	5,988	37.2	8,274	154.8	4,302	279.4	725	377.4			
<u>Digestive</u>											
Ulcers	2,003	12.5	1,918	35.9	498	32 3	*42	*22.0			
Abdominal hemia		7.3	2,498	46.7	1,115	72.4	126	65.8			
Enteritis and colitis		7.7	846	15.8	270	17.5	*41	*21.0			
Cancer of digestive sites		*0.1	136	2.5	94	6.1	*12	*6.2			
Other selected digestive disorders	8,024	49.9	7,670	143.5	3,818	248.0	564	293.€			

<sup>\*</sup> Figure has low statistical reliability or precision (relative standard error exceeds 30 percent)



TABLE 1: PREVALENCE OF SELECTED IMPAIRMENTS AND CHRONIC CONDITIONS, BY GENDER AND ACE: UNITED STATES CIVILIAN NONINSTITUTIONALIZED POPULATION, 1983-1985 (THREE-YEAR AVERAGE)-CONTINUED

Chronic Condition	<i>U</i> r	nder 45	45	<u>-69</u>		-84		5+				
Circulatory		Number of conditions in thousands and rate per 1,000 persons										
Rheumatic fever	608	3.8	687	12.9	180	11.7	*18	*9.2				
schemic heart disease	300	1.9	4,113	76.9	2,266	147.2	285	148.1				
Heart mythin disorders	3,601	22.4	2,414	45.1	1,263	82.0	221	114.9				
Other heart disease	1,127	7.0	2,032	38.0	1,365	88.6	274	142.6				
<b>Hypertension</b>	6.208	38.6	15,336	286.9	6,337	411.6	714	371.7				
Cerebrovascular disease	214	1.3	1,123	21.0	992	64.4	203	105.5				
Arterioscierosis	*41	*0.3	1,374	25.7	1,446	93.9	266	138.5				
Phlebitis, varicose veins	2.621	16.3	3,659	68.4	1,499	97.4	204	106.1				
Other selected circulatory	5,457	33.9	4,569	85.5	1,516	98.5	186	97.0				
Respiratory												
Chronic branchitis	7,287	45.3	2,801	52.4	957	62.1	90	47.0				
Asthma	6.149	38.2	1,824	34.1	590	38.3	*33	*17.3				
Hay fever	14,502	90.2	4,565	85.4	858	55.7	83	43.2				
Sinusids	18,957	117.9	9,604	179.6	2,379	154.5	222	115.7				
Emphysema		0.8	1,281	24.0	651	42.3	*37	*19.0				
i uderculosis	*49	*0.3	*41	*0.8	*22	*1.4	٠.	10.0				
Lung or bronchial cancer	*20	*0.1	94	1.7	110	7.1	•	•				
Other selected respiratory disease	20,793	129 3	6,624	123.9	1,471	95.5	119	62. <b>0</b>				
Miscellaneous												
Diabetes	993	6.2	3,232	60.5	1,557	101.1	151	78. <b>6</b>				
Wiletilias	2.276	14.2	775	14.5	355	23.1	*75	39.3				
Kidney disorders	1.633	10.2	1,270	23.8	423	27.5	73 97	50.3				
remale genital disorders	4.340	27.1	1,412	26.6	450	29 6	*43	*22.6				
Mental retardation	957	6.0	109	2.0	*20	*1.3	70					
Epilepsy	780	4.9	202	3.8	*52	*3.4	•9	*4.5				
Multiple sclerosis	<u></u>	*0.4	*71	*1.3	•9	*0.6	J	7.0				
Migraine neadache_	5,472	34.0	2,046	38.3	211	13.7	*11	<b>*5</b> .7				
Cancer of female breast	*50	*0.3	262	4.9	122	7.9	*17	*8.7				
Cancer of genitourinary sites	112	0.7	100	1.9	*69	*4.5	• •	<b>U.</b> ,				

<sup>\*</sup> Figure has low statistical reliability or precision (relative standard error exceeds 30 percent)



TABLE 1: PREVALENCE OF S UNITED STATES CIVILIAN NO	ELECTED IMPAIR NINSTITUTIONAL	MENTS AN IZED POPU	ID CHRONIC ILATION, 19	CONDITIO 33-1985 (TH	NS, BY GE: IREE-YEAR	IDER AND AC AVERAGE)-	GE: CONTINUED
				Male	<b>.</b>		-
Chronic Condition	Und	ler 45	45-6	i9		84	<u>85+</u>
Skin and musculoskeletal			Number of co	nditions in thou	sands and rate	per 1,000 perso	5
Rheumatoid arthritis	115	1.4	178	7.1	*37	<b>*</b> 6.0	•

230.4

41.8

17.4

40.9

44.5

18.7

\*2.1

4.2

25.1

6.6

7.7

\*0.5

4.1

\*1.6

15.2

69.8

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70.3

\*1.7

12.0

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103

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1,147

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391.4

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36.0

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1129

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**\*61** 

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221.2

\*38.3

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**9**.1

\*5.6

17.9

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**11.4** 

236.3

413.7

643	8.0	1,027
3,111	38.9	1,117
92	1.1	469
6,147	76 9	3,626
	3,111 92	3,111 38.9 92 1.1

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21

1.6

31.9

20

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## **Impairments**

Osteoarthritis/other arthropathies\_\_\_\_

Intervertebral disk disorders\_\_\_\_\_

Partial paralysis of extremities

Paralysis of other sites

Impairment of upper extremities\_\_\_\_\_

Other visual impairment/retinal disorders

Osteo:nyelitis/bone disorders

Absence of arm(sVhand(s)	
Absence of leg(s)	
Absonon of fingers tops foot	

Absence of leg(s)_
Absence of fingers,
Other absence, NE

- of fingers, toes, feet ence, NEC Complete paralysis of extremities

Cerebral palsy

Curvature of back or spine

Other impairmant of back

- Impairment of lower extremities\_\_\_\_\_ ther orthopedic impairment\_\_\_\_\_ Speech impairment\_\_\_\_ Blind in both eyes Cataracts Glaucoma
- Other hearing impairment Digestive Ulcers

Deaf in both ears

Enteritis and colitis

Cancer of digestive sites

957 12.0 960 38.2 Abdominal hem:a 746 9.3 1.226 48.8

3,276 Other selected digestive disorders Figure has low statistical reliability or precision (relative standard error exceeds 30 percent)

SOURCE: National Health Interview Surveys, 1983-1985; original tabulations from public use tapes

TABLE 1: PREVALENCE OF SELECTED IMPAIRMENTS AND CHRONIC CONDITIONS, BY GENDER AND AGE: UNITED STATES CIVILIAN NONINSTITUTIONALIZED POPULATION, 1983-1985 (THREE-YEAR AVERAGE)-CONTINUED

Chronic Condition	<u> </u>		45	45-69 70		-84	8:	<u>5+</u>			
Circulatory		Number of conditions in thousands and rate per 1,000 persons									
Rheumatic fever	246	3.1	268	10.7	*61	*9.9					
Ischemic heart disease	164	2.0	2,551	101.6	1.092	177.7	133	216.9			
Heart rhythm disorders	1,462	18.3	911	36.2	379	61.6	*59	*95.5			
Other heart disease	507	6.3	985	39.2	514	83.6	129	209.5			
Hypertension	3,268	40.9	6,740	268.3	1,977	321.6	168	273.1			
Cerebrovascular disease	93	1.2	656	26.1	476	77.4	81	131.6			
Arteriosclerosis	*24	*0.3	842	33.5	621	101.0	80	129.8			
Phlebitis, varicose veins	455	5.7	815	32.4	356	57.8	*56	*91. <b>9</b>			
Other selected circulatory	2,383	29.8	2,156	85.8	600	97.6	80	130.4			
Respiratory											
Chronic bronchitis	3,142	39.3	877	34.9	351	57.1	*14	*22.7			
<b>Asth</b> ma	2,857	35.7	723	28.8	284	46.2	*5	*7.4			
Hay fever	5,938	86.8	1,933	77.0	292	47.5	*25	*40.7			
Sinusitis	8,128	101.7	3,988	158.7	893	145.2	*52	*85.3			
Emphyserna	*70	*0.9	880	35 0	488	79.4	*26	*42.2			
Tuberculosis	*27	*0 3	*23	*0.9	*11	*1.8					
Lung or bronchial cancer	*16	*0.2	*49	*2.0	*63	10.2					
Other selected respiratory disease	9,460	118.4	2,965	118.0	614	99.9	*42	*68.2			
Miscellaneous											
Diabetes	428	5 4	1,408	56.0	608	98.9	*52	*85.1			
Anemias	304	3.8	148	5.9	83	13.5	*4	*7.1			
Kidney disorders	432	5.4	548	21 8	148	24.1	*20	*32.8			
Female genital disorders	na	na	na	na	na	na	na	na			
Mental retardation	651	8.1	*51	`2 0	*4	*0.6					
Epilepsy		4.9	121	4.8	*38	*6.1	•5	•7.7			
Multiple sclerosis_	*18	*0.2	*24	*0.9			J	• • •			
Migraine headache	1,467	18.4	492	196	*49	*9 O		•			
Cancer of female breast	na	na	na	na	na	na na	na	na.			
Cancer of genitourinary sites	<del></del>		*43	*1.7	*52	*8.5					

<sup>\*</sup> Figure has low statistical reliability or precision (relative standard error exceeds 30 percent)



### TABLE 1: PREVALENCE OF SELECTED IMPAIRMENTS AND CHRONIC CONDITIONS, BY GENDER AND AGE: UNITED STATES CIVILIAN NONINSTITUTIONALIZED POPULATION, 1983-1985 (THREE-YEAR AVERAGE)-CONTINUED

				Fem	ales					
Chronic Cundition	Un	der 45	45	-69		-84		85+		
Skin and musculo skeletal	Number of conditions in thousands and rate per 1,000 persons									
Rheumatoid arthritis	179	2.2	588	20.8	156	16.9	*33	*25.1		
Osteoarthritis/other arthropathies	3,103	38.4	9,935	350.5	4, <del>9</del> 67	537.1	712	544.7		
Intervertebral disk disorders	623	7.7	972	34.3	211	22.8	*12	*9.2		
Osteomyelitis/bone disorders	522	6.5	927	32.7	396	42.9	*51	*38.7		
Bursitis	886	11.0 .	1,515	<b>53.4</b>	383	41.4	*32	*24.3		
Psoriasis and dermatitis	4,519	55.9	1,655	58.4	427	46.2	80	61.4		
Skin cancer	*76	*0.9	251	88	124	13.4	*40	*30.5		
Other selected skin and musculoskeletal	7,881	97.5	5,393	190.3	2,346	253.7	421	3 <b>22</b> .2		
<u>Impairments</u>										
Absence of arm(s)/hand(s)	•4	•00	•4	10.1						
Absence of leg(s)		<b>*</b> 0 0	*32	*1.1	*30	*3.2	•			
Absence of fingers, toes, feet	123	1.5	160	5.6	<b>*</b> 76	8.2	*4	*3.3		
Other absence, NEC	165	20	273	96	167	18,1	*10	*7.7		
Complete paralysis of extremities	*42	*06	116	4.1	90	97	*32	*24.5		
Cerebral palsy	*68	*0.8	*12	*0.4	*6	*0.6				
Partial paralysis of extremities	*44	*0.5	95	33	105	11.3	*24	*18.4		
Paralysis of other sites	*23	<b>*</b> 0 3	*54	*1.9	*42	*4.5	•			
Curvature of back or spine	1,853	22.9	923	32.6	379	41.0	*52	*40.1		
Other impairment of back	2,637	32 6	1,778	62.7	571	61.7	*62	47.5		
Speech impairment	559	69	183	6.5	*74	*8.C	•9	*6 9		
Impairment of upper extremities	500	6.2	514	18 2	276	29.8	*54	*41.		
Impairment of lower extremities	2,584	32.0	1,609	56.8	750	81.1	172	131.8		
Other orthopedic impairment	*59	*0.7	79	2.8	*17	*1,8	•7	<b>*5</b> .1		
Blind in both eyes	*43	*0.5	*49	*1 7	*37	*4.0	*38	*29.4		
Cataracts	121	1 5	982	34 6	2,012	217.6	440	336.3		
Glaucoma	84	1.0	398	14.0	447	48.3	*56	*42.9		
Other visual impairment/retinal disorders	1,083	13.4	1,122	39.6	1,042	112.7	266	203.4		
Deaf in both ears	159	2.0	205	7.2	243	26 3	144	110.0		
Other hearing impairment	2,362	29.2	3,313	116 9	2,289	<b>24</b> 7.5	471	<b>360</b> .1		
<u>Digestive</u>										
Ulcers	1,046	12.9	958	33 8	313	33 8	*40	*30.8		
Abdominal hemia	427	53	1,272	44.9	664	71.8	80	61.2		
Enteritis and colitis	764	95	589	20.8	239	25.8	*29	*22,1		
Cancer of digestive sites	*8	*0.1	86	3.0	*46	*5.0	*5	<b>*3</b> .7		
Other selected digestive disorders	4,748	58 7	4,991	176.1	2,671	288.8	419	320.4		

<sup>\*</sup> Figure has low statistical reliability or precision (relative standard error exceeds 30 percent)

SOLIRCF: National Health Interview Surveys, 1983-1985: original tabulations from public use tapes



TABLE 1: PREVALENCE OF SELECTED IMPAIRMENTS AND CHRONIC CONDITIONS, BY GENDER AND AGE: UNITED STATES CIVILIAN NONINSTITUTIONALIZED POPULATION, 1983-1985 (THREE-YEAR AVERAGE)—CONTINUED

		Females										
Chronic Condition	<i>U</i>	nder 45	45	-69	70-84			5+				
Circulatory		Number of conditions in thousands and rate per 1,000 persons										
Rheumatic fever	363	4.5	419	14.8	119	12.9	*18	*13.6				
Ischemic heart disease	137	1.7	1,562	55.1	1,174	127.0	151	115.8				
Heart mythm disorders	2.139	26.5	1,503	53.0	عدر.	95 6	162	124.0				
Other heart disease	620	7.7	1.047	36.9	851	920	146	111.3				
nypenension	2 940	36 4	8,596	303.3	4,360	471.5	547	418.0				
Cerebrovascular disease	121	1.5	467	16.5	516	55.8	122	93.2				
AMONOSCIONOSIS	*17	*0.2	532	18.8	825	8^ 2	187	142.6				
Phiebitis, varicose veins	2.166	26.8	2.845	100.4	1,144	123 7	147	112.7				
Other selected circulatory	3,073	38.0	2,413	85 1	916	99.0	106	81.4				
Respiratory												
Chronic bronchitis	4,145	51.3	1,924	67.9	606	65.5	•76	*58.4				
Astnina	3.292	40.7	1,101	38.9	306	33.1	*29	*21.9				
Hay rever	7.564	93 6	1,332	92.9	566	61.2	*58	*44.3				
Sinusias	10.829	133.9	17 د :	198.2	1.487	160.8	170	130.0				
Empnysema	*60	0.7	401	14 2	163	17.6	*11	*8.1				
LUDERCUIOSIS	*22	*0.3	*17	<b>*</b> 0.6	*11	*1 2	• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •					
Lung of bronchial cancer	*4	*0.1	•44	<b>*</b> 16	•47	<b>*</b> 5.1		•				
Other selected respiratory disease	11,333	140 2	3,659	129 1	856	926	•77	59.2				
<u>Miscellaneous</u>												
Diabetes	565	7.0	1.824	64.4	949	102 6	99	75. <b>5</b>				
Anemias	1.973	24.4	628	22.1	272	29 4	*71	*54.3				
Kidney disorders	1 201	14.9	722	25 5	275	29.7	•77	58. <b>5</b>				
Female genital disorders	4,340	53.7	1.412	49 8	450	48 7	*43	*33.2				
hightal retardation	306	38	*58	*2.1	*16	*1.7	40	₩.2				
Epilepsy	392	48	81	2.9	*14	*1. <i>7</i>	•4	*3. <b>0</b>				
Multiple sclerosis	<u> </u>	*0.6	*47	*1.7	•9	*10	7	3.0				
MIGRATIA HASOTOTIA	4.006	49 6	1,552	54.8	160	17 3	*11	8.4				
Cancer of remale breast	*50	*0.6	262	92	122	13 2	*17	*12. <b>8</b>				
Cancer of genitourinary sites	112	1.4	*50	*2.0	117	14.0	17	12.0				

<sup>\*</sup> Figure has low statistical reliability or precision (relative standard error exceeds 30 percent)

112

1.4



Cancer of genitourinary sites

\*17

\*18

TABLE 2: PREVALENCE OF ACTIVITY LIMITATION DUE TO CHRONIC CONDITIONS, BY DEGREE OF LIMITATION AND SOCIODEMOGRAPHIC CHARACTERISTICS: UNITED STATES CIVILIAN NONINSTITUTIONALIZED POPULATION, 1983-1985 (THREE-YEAR AVERAGE)

					Deg	gree of Acti	<u>vity Limitation</u>			
	,		** **		1 i	Im Al- m	Limited in A		44	<b>.</b> .
Characteristic		\// sons	Not Li in Ac		Limited Major A		or Kind Major Ac		Unable to	Perform Ctivity
<u>Oneracterisuc</u>	ren	BUIIS					rcent distribution			Curry
				-		_				
All persons	231,549	100.0	199,009	85.9	10,073	4.4	13,642	5.9	8,825	3.8
Gender:										
Male	111, <b>7</b> 99	100.0	96,620	86.4	4,228	3.8	5,851	5.2	5,100	4.6
Female	119,750	100.0	102,389	85.5	5,845	4.9	7,791	6.5	3,725	3 1
Age group:										
Under 5	17,975	100.0	17,571	97.8	115	06	201	1 1	87	0.5
5-17	44,675	100.0	41,88	93.8	826	1.8	1,794	4.0	169	04
18-24	28,006	100.0	26,389	94.2	491	18	679	2.4	448	1.6
25-44		100.0	63,352	90.4	2,147	3.1	3,007	4.3	1,608	2.3
45-64		100.0	33,828	76.3	2,559	5.8	4,209	9.5	3,726	8.4
65-69		100.0	5,489	60.1	757	83	1,389	15.2	1,504	16.5
70-74	7,202	100.0	4,793	66.6	1,474	20.5	642	8.9	293	4.1
75-84		100.0	4,907	59.9	1,461	17.8	1,202	14.7	624	7.6
85 and over	1,921	100.0	793	41.3	244	12.7	518	27.0	J <b>o</b> 6	19.1
Age group and gender:										
Males										
Under 5	9,198	100.0	8,966	97.5	66	0.7	117	1.3	50	0.5
5-17	22,795	100.0	21,127	92 7	455	2.0	1,120	4.9	93	0.4
18-24		,00.0	12,847	93 7	225	1 6	380	28	264	19
25-44		100.0	30,843	90.2	939	2.7	1,464	43	964	28
45-64		100.0	16,254	77.2	884	4.2	1,632	7.8	2,288	109
65-69	4,060	100 0	2,396	59.0	193	4.8	484	11.9	987	24.3
70-74		100.0	2 008	65 7	733	24 0	193	63	124	4 1
75-84		100.0	1,906	61.7	631	20.4	328	10.6	226	7.3
85.and over	*	100.0	274	44.7	102	16.6	133	21.6	105	17.2
Females										
Under 5		100.0	8,605	98.0	50	0.6	84	1.0	38	0.4
5-17	21,880	100.0	20,759	94.9	371	1.7	673	3.1	76	0.3
18-24		100.0	13,542	94 8	266	19	299	21	184	1.3
25-44		100 0	32,509	90.5	1,207	3.4	1,543	4.3	645	18
45-64	23,263	100.0	17,574	75 5	1,674	7.2	2,577	11.1	1,438	6.2
65-69	5,079	100.0	3,093	60.9	564	11.1	905	17.8	517	10 2
70-74		100.0	2,785	67.2	741	17.9	450	10.9	168	4.1
75-84		100 0	3,001	58 8	830	16 3	874	17.1	398	7.8
85 and over	1,308	100.0	519	39 7	142	10.9	386	29.5	261	20 0



TABLE 2: PREVALENCE OF ACTIVITY LIMITATION DUE TO CHRONIC CONDITIONS, BY DEGREE OF LIMITATION AND SOCIODEMOGRAPHIC CHARACTERISTICS: UNITED STATES CIVILIAN NONINSTITUTIONALIZED POPULATION, 1983-1985 (THREE-YEAR AVERAGE)--CONTINUED

					Deg	ree of Acti	vity Limitation	1		
							Limited in A	mount		
Oh a sandada		V//	Not Li		Limited		or Kind		Unable to	
<u>Characteristic</u>	Pen	ons	ın Ac	livity	<u>Major A</u>	ctivity	<u>Major Act</u>	tivity	Major A	ctivity
_			No	ımber of per	sons in thousa	nds and per	cent distributio	n		
Race and ethnicity:										
Native American	1,426	100.0	1,172	82.2	62	4.4	117	8.2	74	5.2
Asian or Pacific Islander	_ 4,361	100.0	408,0	93.5	83	1.9	114	2.6	84	1.9
Black non-Hispanic		100.0	22,908	85.1	914	3.4	1,616	6.0	1,483	5.5
Black Hispanic	_ 716	100.0	636	88.9	19	2.6	35	49	26	3.6
White non-Hispanic		100.0	153,761	85.5	8,467	4.7	10,957	6.1	6,572	3.7
White Hispanic		100.0	12, <b>36</b> 6	89.7	400	29	57.3	4.3	421	3.1
Other and unknown	4,589	100.0	4,086	89.0	129	2.8	210	4.6	164	3.6
Race and ethnicity and gender: Native American										
Male	_ 667	100.0	550	82.6	22	3.4	45	6.7	49	7.3
Female	760	100.0	622	B1.9	40	5.3	72	9.5	25	3.3
Asian or Pacific Islander										
Male	_ 2,129	100.0	2,005	94.2	31	1.4	49	2.3	44	2.1
Female	_ 2,232	100.0	2,075	92.9	52	2.3	65	29	40	1.8
Black non-Hispanic										
Male	_ 12,502	100 0	10,759	<b>8</b> 6.1	303	2.4	635	5.1	805	6.4
Female	_ 14,420	100.0	12,149	84.3	611	4.2	981	6.8	€79	4.7
Black Hispanic										
Male	_ 335	100.0	299	89.4	•7	*2.2	*16	*4.8	*12	*3.6
Female	_ 381	1000	336	88.4	`12	*3.0	19	5.0	*14	*3.6
White non-Hispanic										
Male	_ 87,161	100 0	74,867	85 9	3,663	4.2	4,775	5 5	3,856	4 4
Female	_ 92,596	100.0	78,894	85 2	4,804	5.2	6,182	6.7	2,716	2.9
White Hispanic										
Male	6,715	100.0	6,077	90.5	153	23	239	36	246	3.7
Female	7,064	100.0	6,289	89 0	247	3.5	353	5.0	174	2.5
Other and unknown										
Male	_ 2,291	1000	2,062	90.0	49	2.1	91	4.0	88	3.8
Female	_ 2,298	100 0	2, <b>023</b>	88 0	79	35	119	52	77	3.3

<sup>\*</sup> Figure has low statistical reliability or precision (relative standard error exceeds 30 percent)



TABLE 2: PREVALENCE OF ACTIVITY LIMITATION DUE TO CHRONIC CONDITIONS, BY DEGREE OF LIMITATION AND SOCIODEMOGRAPHIC CHARACTERISTICS: UNITED STATES CIVILIAN NONINSTITUTIONALIZED POPULATION, 1983-1985 (THREE-YEAR AVERAGE)--CONTINUED

				<del> </del>		i <del>og</del> vi acti	vity Limitation Limited in A			_
	4	VII	Not Li	mited	Limited i	in Non-	or Kind		Unable to	Perform
Characteristic	-	ons	In Ac		Major A		Major Ac		Major A	Ctivity
			Nı	ımber of per	sons in thousai	nds and pe	rcent distributio	in		
Family income										
Under \$10,000	38,701	100 0	28,978	74 9	2,709	7.0	3,887	10.0	3,127	8.1
\$10,000 - \$14,999	23,951	100.0	19,613	81.9	1,307	5.5	1,725	72	1,301	54
\$15,000 - \$24,999	49,850	100.0	43,535	87.3	1,879	3.8	2,829	5.7	1,607	3.2
\$25,000 - \$34,999	40,593	100.0	36,683	90.4	1,361	3 4	1,775	4.4	774	1.9
\$35,000 or more	49,617	100 0	45,542	91.8	1,530	3.1	1,826	37	719	1.4
Unknown	28,837	100 0	24,653	85.5	1,287	4 5	1,601	5.6	1,297	4.5
Family income and gender: Under \$10,000										
Male	16,368	100.0	12,481	76 3	853	5.2	1,270	78	1,764	10.8
Female	22,332	100.0	16,497	73.9	1,856	<b>წ.3</b>	2,616	11.7	1,364	6.1
\$10,000-\$14,999										
Male	11,136	100.0	9,04€	81.2	541	4.9	715	6 4	831	7.5
Female	12,815	100 0	10,570	82.5	765	6.0	1,010	7.9	470	37
\$15,000-\$24,999										
Male	24,378	100 0	21,159	<b>ს</b> 6 8	832	3 4	1,367	56	1,020	42
Female	25,472	100.0	22,376	878	1,047	4.1	1,462	5 7	587	2.3
\$25,000-\$34,999										
Male	20,669	100 0	18,659	90 3	692	33	903	4.4	416	20
Female	19,924	100 0	18,024	90.5	670	3.4	872	44	358	18
\$35,000 or more										
Male	25,631	100 0	23,489	916	818	32	970	38	354	1 4
Female	23,986	100 0	22,053	91 9	712	30	856	36	365	15
Unknown										
Male	13,617	100 0	11,785	86 5	491	36	625	4 5	715	53
Female	15,221	100 0	12,868	84 5	795	52	975	64	582	38
Poverty status:										
Above poverty line	175,930	1 <b>00</b> 0	152,822	86 9	7,488	43	9,851	56	5,770	33
At or below poverty line		100 0	21,511	80 4	1,298	49	2,189	82	1,758	66
Unknown	28,862	100 0	24,676	85 5	1,287	4 5	1,602	56	1,297	4.5



TABLE 2: PREVALENCE OF ACTIVITY LIMITATION DUE TO CHRONIC CONDITIONS, BY DEGREE OF LIMITATION AND SOCIODEMOGRAPHIC CHARACTERISTICS: UNITED STATES CIVILIAN NONINSTITUTIONALIZED POPULATION, 1983-1985 (THREE-YEAR AVERAGE)--CONTINUED

					<i>De</i>	<u>gree of Acti</u>	vity Limitatio			
		A <i>//</i>	Mand	ttr			Limited in A			
Characteristic		u. Sons		imited ctivity		In Non-	or Kind		Unable to	
			HI AL	MAITA	major ;	<u>Activity</u>	<u>Major Ac</u>	tivity	Major /	Activity
Poverty and gender			N	umber of per	sons in thouse	ands and per	cent distributio	on		
Above poverty line										
Male_	36,436	100.0	75,221	87 C	3,367	0.0	4 400	- 4		
Female	89,494	100.0	77,601	86 7	3,367 4,120	3.9 4.6	4,429 5,421	5.1 6.1	3,418 2,352	40 26
•			,		4,120	4.0	3,421	0.1	2,352	20
At or below poverty line										
Male	11,730	100.0	9,600	818	369	3 1	795	68	967	8.2
Female	15,027	100 0	11,911	79.3	930	6 2	1,395	9.3	791	53
Unknown										
Male	13,633	100.0	11,799	86.5	492	3.6	627	4.0	745	
Female	15,229	100.0	12,876	84 6	795	5.2	975	4 6 6.4	715 582	5 2 3 8
Education level:							370	0.4	302	30
Under 18 years old	62,650	าบ0 0	50.457							
8 years or less	62,650 20,151	100.0	59,457	94.9	941	1 5	1,995	3 2	257	0 4
9-11 years	22,820		12,494	62 0	2,139	10 6	2,780	13.8	2,738	136
12 years	65, <b>5</b> 65	100 0 100.0	17,583 56,074	77 1	1,474	6.5	2,131	93	1,632	7.2
13-15 years	30,708	100.0	56,274	85 8	2,886	4 4	3,849	5 9	2,556	39
16 years or more	27,830	100.0	26,978	87.9 88.5	1,294	4 2	1,557	5 1	878	29
Jnknown	1,830	100 0	24,910 1,313	89 5 72 0	1,252 88	4 5 4 8	1,150 178	4 1 9 8	519	19
			1,010	,,,	•	40	176	90	245	13 4
Education and gender Under 18 years old										
Male	31,993	100 0	20.002	04.4						
-emale	31,993 30,657	100 0	30,093	94 1	520	1 6	1,237	39	142	0 4
omalo	30,037	100 0	29,364	95 8	421	1 4	758	2 5	114	0 4
8 years or less										
Male	9,616	100 0	6,141	63 9	877	9 1	961	<b>10</b> 0	1.637	17.0
emale	10,535	100 0	6,353	60 3	1,262	12 0	1,819	17 3	1,101	10 5
9-11 years										
Male	10,578	100 0	8.411	79 5	501	4 7	740			
emale	12,242	100 0	9,172	74 9	973	4 / 7 9	719 1.412	6 <b>8</b> 11 5	<b>947</b> 68 <b>5</b>	90 56
12 years							, –		000	
Male	28,497	100 0	24,501	86 0	1.022	2.0	4.50.			
emale	37,068	100.0	31,773	85 7	1,022 1,864	36 50	1,529 2,321	5 4 6 3	1,446 1,110	5 1 3 0

TABLE 2: PREVALENCE OF ACTIVITY LIMITATION DUE TO CHRONIC CONDITIONS, BY DEGREE OF LIMITATION AND SOCIODEMOGRAPHIC CHARACTERISTICS: UNITED STATES CIVILIAN MONINSTITUTIONALIZED POPULATION, 1983-1985 (THREE-YEAR AVERAGE)--CONTINUED

					Deg	ree of Acti	vity Limitation	)		
							Limited in A			
	A	II .	Not Li		Limited		or Kind		Unable to	
Characteristic	Pers	ons	In Act	ivity	<u>Major A</u>	ctivity	<u>Major Ac</u>	<u>tivity</u>	Major A	<i>lctivity</i>
			Nı	ımber of per	sons in thousa	nds and pei	rcent distributio	n		
Education and gender:			•••							
13-15 years										
Maie	14,667	100.0	12,900	88.u	555	3.8	706	4.8	506	3.5
Female	16,040	100 0	14,078	87.8	739	4.6	851	53	371	2.3
16 years or more										
Male	15,517	100.0	13,876	89.4	717	4.6	620	4.0	303	2.0
Female	12,313	100.0	11,033	89 6	534	4 3	531	43	216	18
Unknown										
Male	930	100 0	698	75.0	35	3.8	79	8.5	118	12.7
Female	894	100.0	615	68.8	53	5.9	99	<b>i1.1</b>	127	14.2
Mantal status:										
Under age 18	62,650	100.0	59,457	94.9	941	1.5	1,995	3.2	257	04
Married		100.0	91,303	84.0	5,588	5.1	6,971	6.4	4,785	4.4
Widowed		100.0	7,634	59.6	1,737	13.6	2,124	16.6	1,314	10.3
Divorced	10,918	100 0	8,516	78.0	673	6 2	952	8.7	777	7.1
Separated	3,582	100 0	2,786	77.8	204	5.7	300	2.4	292	8.1
Never married		100.0	28,636	89.1	904	2.8	1,264	3.9	1,346	4 2
Unknown	793	100.0	676	85.2	26	3 2	37	4.6	55	6.9
Marital status and gender: Under age 18										
Male	31,993	100 0	30,093	94.1	520	16	1,237	39	142	0.4
Female	30,657	100.0	29,364	95.8	421	1 4	758	25	114	0.4
Marned										
Male	54,628	100 0	45,274	82.9	2.779	5.1	3,321	6 1	3,254	50
Female	54,020	100.0	46,030	85.2	2,809	5 2	3,650	68	1,531	28
Widowed										
Male	1,966	100.0	1,204	61 2	254	129	<b>23</b> 2	11.8	276	14 0
Female	10,842	100 0	6,430	59 3	1,483	13 7	1,892	17 4	1,038	9.6
Divorced										
Male	4,035	100.0	3,122	77.4	201	50	305	76	407	10 1
Female	6,883	100.0	5,394	78.4	472	6.9	647	94	370	5 4



TABLE 2: PREVALENCE OF ACTIVITY LIMITATION DUE TO CHRONIC CONDITIONS, BY DEGREE OF LIMITATION AND SOCIODEMOGRAPHIC CHARACTERISTICS: UNITED STATES CIVILIAN NONINSTITUTIONALIZED POPULATION, 1983-1985 (THREE-YEAR AVERAGE)--CONTINUED

						ree of Act	ivity Limitation			
Characteristic	Pen			Not Limited Limited in Non- or Kind of in Activity Major Activity Major Activity						Perform Activity
			Nu	ımber of per	sons in thousa	nds and pe	rcent distributio	п		
Marital status and gender: Separated										
Male	1,266	100.0	991	78.3	59	4.7	74	5.9	142	11.2
Female	2,316	100.0	1 795	77.5	145	6.3	226	9.7	150	6.5
Never married										
Male	17,539	100.0	15.615	89.0	406	2.3	666	3.8	852	4.9
Female	14,611	100.0	13,022	89.1	497	3.4	598	4.1	494	3.4
Un <b>know</b> n										
Male	371	100.0	322	86.9	•7	*1.9	*15	*4.1	26	7.1
Female	422	100.0	354	83.8	19	4.4	21	5.1	29	68

<sup>\*</sup> Figure has low statistical reliability or precision (relative standard error exceeds 30 percent)



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TABLE 3: PREVALENCE OF WORK LIMITATION DUE TO CHRONIC CONDITIONS, BY DEGREE OF LIMITATION AND SOCIONEMOGRAPHIC CHARACTERISTICS: UNITED STATES CIVILIAN NONINSTITUTIONALIZED POPULATION, AGES 18-69 YEARS, 1985 (THREE-YEAR AVERAGE)

							<i>D</i>	egree of Wo	rk Limitation	
Characteristic	-	NII sons	Not Li In Ac		Lim ed Work A		Linited in A or Kind Work Ac	of	Unable	to Worl
			N	umber , per	sons in thousa	nds and pe	ersent distributio	n		
All persons	151,582	100.0	129,059	85.1	5,128	3.4	7,456	4.9	9,939	6.6
Gender:										
Male	73,044	100 0	62.340	85 3	2,243	3.1	3.866	5.ა	4,595	6.3
Female	78,538	100.0	66,719	85.0	2,885	3.7	3,590	4.6	5,344	6.8
Age group:										
18-24	28,006	100.0	25,389	94 2	476	1.7	651	23	491	1.8
25-44	70,115	100 0	63,352	90 4	1,921	27	2,770	40	2,072	3.0
45-64		100.0	33,828	76.3	2,131	4.8	3,141	71	5,222	11.8
65-69	9,139	100.0	5,489	60.1	601	6.6	895	98	2,154	23.6
Age group and gender Males										
18-24	13,715	100 ე	12,947	93.7	237	17	369	2.7	263	1.9
25-44	34,210	100.0	30,843	90.7	940	2.7	1,433	4.2	994	2.9
45-64		100.0	16.254	77.2	878	4 2	1,596	7.6	2,330	11.1
65-69	4,060	100 0	2,396	59.0	189	4.7	467	11.5	1,008	24 8
Females										
18-24	14,291	100 0	13,542	94.8	239	1.7	282	20	228	16
25-44	35,905	100.0	32,509	90 5	981	27	1,337	37	1,077	3.0
45-64	23,263	100 0	17,574	75 <b>5</b>	1.253	5 4	1,544	66	2,892	12.4
65-69	5,079	100 0	3,093	60 9	412	8.1	428	8 4	1,146	22.6
Race and ethnicity										
Native American	876	100.0	688	78.5	36	4.1	62	70	91	10 4
Asian or Pacific Islander	2,892	100 0	2.674	92.5	56	1.9	68	23	94	33
Black non-Hispanic	16,273	100.0	13,469	82.8	418	26	710	44	1,676	10.3
Black Hispanic	405	100.0	351	86.7	*8	*2 1	17	42	28	7.0
White non Hispanic	120,555	100 0	102,621	85.1	4,310	3.6	6,234	5 2	7.390	6.1
White Hispanic		100.0	7.054	87.8	233	2.9	266	33	480	6.0
Other and unknown		100.0	2,201	86.4	67	26	100	39	179	7.0

<sup>\*</sup> Figure has low statistical reliability or precision (relative standard error exceeds 30 percent)

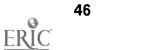


TABLE 3: PREVALENCE OF WORK LIMITATION DUE TO CHRONIC CONDITIONS, BY DEGREE OF LIMITATION AND SOCIODEMOGRAPHIC CHARACTERISTICS: UNITED STATES CIVILIAN NONINSTITUTIONALIZED POPULATION, AGES 18-69 YEARS, 1983-1985 (THREE-YEAR AVERAGE)--CONTINUED

							D	egree of Wo	rk Limitation	
Characteristic		li sons	Not Li in Ac		Limited : Work A		Limited in A or Kind Work Ac	mourit of	Unable	
			Ne	umber of per	sons in thousa	nds and pe	arcent distributio	n		
Race and ethnicity and gender: Native American										
Male	403	100.0	322	79.8	*13	*3.3	28	68	41	10.1
Female	473	100.0	366	77.3	23	4.8	34	7.2	51	10.7
Asian or Pacific Islander										
Male	1,384	100.0	1,292	93.3	24	1.7	29	2.1	39	2.8
Female		100.0	1,382	91.7	33	2.2	3.9	2.5	55	3.6
Black non-Hispanic										
Male	7,332	100.0	6,134	83.7	129	1.8	324	4.4	744	10 1
Female	8,941	100.0	7,335	82.0	289	3.2	385	4.3	932	10.4
Black Hispanic										
Male	_ 184	100 0	161	87.8	*4	*2.3	*8	*4.6	*10	*5.3
Female	222	100.0	190	85.8	*4	*1.9	*9	*3.9	19	8.5
White non-Hispanic										
Male	58,613	100 0	49,877	85 1	1,965	34	3,300	5.6	3,470	5.9
Female	61,942	100.0	52,744	85.1	2,345	3.8	2,934	4.7	3,920	6.3
White Hispanic										
Male	_ 3,846	100.0	3,427	89.1	77	2.0	125	3.3	218	5 7
Female	_ 4,187	100.0	3,627	86.6	156	3.7	141	3.4	262	63
Other and unknown										
Male	1,283	100 0	1,127	87.9	31	2.4	51	39	75	5.8
Female	_ 1,264	100 0	1,074	85.0	36	29	49	3.9	105	8.3
Family income:										
Under \$10,000	21,977	1000	15,772	71.8	923	42	1,50 <i>7</i>	69	3,7€8	17 1
\$10,000 - \$14,999	14,988	1000	12,086	80.6	517	3.4	888	59	1,497	10.0
\$15,000 - \$24,999	_ 32,939	100.0	28,291	85.9	1,084	3.3	1,764	5 4	1,799	5 5
\$25,000 - \$34,999	_ 27,460	100.0	24,503	89 2	913	3.3	1,200	4.4	844	3.1
\$35,000 or more	35,082	100.0	31,980	91.2	1,113	3 2	1,262	36	726	2 1
Unknown	19,137	100 0	16,426	858	572	3.0	835	4.4	1,304	68

<sup>\*</sup> Figure has low statistical reliability or precision (relative standard error exceeds 30 percent)



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TABLE 3: PREVALENCE OF WORK LIMITATION DUE TO CHRONIC CONDITIONS, BY DEGREE OF LIMITATION AND SOCIODEMOGRAPHIC CHARACTERISTICS: UNITED STATES CIVILIAN NONINSTITUTIONALIZED POPULATION, AGES 18-69 YEARS, 1983-1985 (THREE-YEAR AVERAGE)--CONTINUED

							De	gree of Wa	rk Limitation	
Characteristic		Aii sons	Not Li in Ac		Limited   Work A		Limited in A or Kind Work Act	mount of	Unsbie	
			N	umber of per	sons in thousa	nds and pe	ercent distributio	n		
Family income and gender: Under \$10,000				•		<b>F</b>				
Male	9,143	100.0	6,570	71.9	266	2.9	680	74	1,626	17.8
Female	12,835	100.0	9,202	71.7	663	-5.2	828	6 4	2,142	16 7
\$10,000 - \$14,999										
Male	6,716	100.0	5,341	79.5	180	2.7	434	6.5	760	11.3
Female	8,272	100.0	6,744	81.5	336	4.1	454	5 5	737	3.9
\$15,000 - \$24,999										
Male	15,844	100.0	13,513	85.3	467	2.9	947	6.0	916	5.8
Female	17,095	100.0	14,778	86.4	617	36	817	4.8	883	5.2
\$25,000 - \$34,999										
Male	13,954	100.0	12,432	89.1	484	3.5	666	48	372	2.7
Female	13,506	100.0	12,072	89.4	429	3.2	533	39	472	3.5
\$35,000 or more										
Male	18,168	100.0	16,535	91.0	613	3.4	715	39	305	1.7
Female	16,914	100.0	15,445	91.3	500	3.0	547	3.2	421	2.5
Unknown										
Male	9,220	100.0	<b>7,94</b> 9	86 2	232	2.5	423	4.6	616	6.7
Female	9,916	100.0	8,477	85.5	339	3.4	411	4 1	688	6.9
Poverty status.										
Above roverty line	117,952	100.0	101,738	86 3	4,051	3 4	5,719	4.8	6,444	5 5
At or below poverty line	14,493	100.0	10,894	75.2	506	3 5	903	6.₽	2,191	15.1
Unknown	19,137	100.0	16,426	85 8	572	3.0	835	4.4	1,304	6.8
Poverty and gender:										
Above poverty line										
Male	57,848	100.0	49,892	86.2	1,868	3.2	3,028	5.2	3,059	5.3
Female	60,104	100.0	51,845	86.3	2,183	3.6	2,690	4 5	3,385	5.6



TABLE 3: PREVALENCE OF WORK LIMITATION DUE TO CHRONIC CONDITIONS, BY DEGREE OF LIMITATION AND SOCIODEMOGRAPHIC CHARACTERISTICS: UNITED STATES CIVILIAN NONINSTITUTIONALIZED POPULATION, AGES 18-69 YEARS, 1983-1985 (THREE-YEAR AVERAGE)--CONTINUED

						<i>D</i> o	egree o' Wo	ork Limitation	
	•••					Limited in A	mount		_
	sons .	In AC	tivity	Work A	ctivity	Work Ac	ivity	Unable	to Work
		N	umber of per	sons in thousa	nds and pe	rcent distributio	n		
5 076	100.0	4 400	75.0	4.40					
							-		15.4
	100.0	0,390	75.1	303	4.3	489	5.7	1,270	14.9
9,220	100.0	7.949	86.2	232	2.5	123	46	616	6.7
9,916	100.0	8,477	85.5						6.9
					•.•	7.,	7.	000	0.5
13,325		8,698	65.3	631	4.7	1,014	7 F	2,981	22.4
20,027				705	3.5	1,264	6.3	•	10 9
61,341				1,843	3.0	2,905	47	3,106	5.1
29,139					3.2	1,259	43	975	3.3
26,314					3.7	924	35	507	1.9
1,436	100.0	1,133	78.9	32	22	89	62	182	12.7
6 701	(00.0	4 504	00.7						
		•							21.4
6,544	100.0	4,174	63.8	411	6.3	426	6 5	1,533	23 4
9,541	100.0	7.751	81.2	261	27	616	6.5	012	9.6
10,486	100.0	8,119	77.4	444	4 2	648	62		12.2
								.,,	
27,040	100 0	23,534	87.0	728	27	1.391	5.1	1 206	5.1
34,301	100.0	29,953	87.3	1,114	3.2	1,514	4 4		5.0
								-,	
14 106	100.0	12 529	00 0	440	2.1	CE7	4 7		
		-,					•		34
	100.0	. 5,445	UU. <del>4</del>	453	33	602	4 0	496	3 3
14,784	100.0	13,374	90.5	580	3.9	552	3.7	278	19
11,530	100.0	10,525	91.3	405	3.5			228	20
	5,976 8,518 9,220 9,916 13,325 20,027 61,341 29,139 26,314 1,436 6,781 6,544 9,541 10,486 27,040 34,301 14,106 15,033	9,220 100.0 9,916 100.0  13,325 100.0 20,027 100.0 61,341 100.0 29,139 100.0 26,314 100.0 1,436 100.0  6,781 100.0 6,544 100.0  9,541 100.0  9,541 100.0  27,040 100.0  27,040 100.0  27,040 100.0  14,106 100.0  14,106 100.0  15,033 100.0	Persons   In Ac   No.	Number of persons           Number of persons         In Activity           15,976         10C.0         4,498         75.3           8,518         100.0         6,396         75.1           9,220         100.0         7,949         86.2           9,916         100.0         8,698         65.3           20,027         100.0         15,869         79.2           61,341         100.0         53,487         87.2           29,139         100.0         25,972         89.1           26,314         100.0         23,899         90.8           1,436         100.0         1,133         78.9           6,781         100.0         4,524         66.7           6,544         100.0         4,174         63.8           9,541         100.0         7,751         81.2           10,486         100.0         8,119         77.4           27,040         100.0         23,534         87.0           34,301         100.0         12,529         88.8           15,033         100.0         13,443         89.4           14,784         100.0         13,374         90.5 <td>Persons         In Activity         Work A           Number of persons in thousa           5,976         10C.0         4,498         75.3         142           8,518         100.0         6,396         75.1         363           9,220         100.0         7,949         86.2         232           9,916         100.0         8,477         85.5         339           13,325         100.0         8,698         65.3         631           20,027         100.0         15,869         79.2         705           61,341         100.0         53,487         87.2         1,843           29,139         100.0         25,972         89.1         933           26,314         100.0         23,899         90.8         984           1,436         100.0         1,133         78.9         32           6,781         100.0         4,524         66.7         220           6,544         100.0         7,751         81.2         261           10,486         100.0         7,751         81.2         261           10,486         100.0         23,534         87.0         728           34,</td> <td>  Number of persons in thousands and persons in the persons in the</td> <td>  Not Limited   Limited in Non-Work Activity   Number of persons in thousands and percent distributed      </td> <td>  Not Limited   In Activity   Number of persons in thousands and percent distribution    </td> <td>  Not Limited   Limited in Non-   Or Kind of   Nactivity   Number of persons in thousands and percent distribution    </td>	Persons         In Activity         Work A           Number of persons in thousa           5,976         10C.0         4,498         75.3         142           8,518         100.0         6,396         75.1         363           9,220         100.0         7,949         86.2         232           9,916         100.0         8,477         85.5         339           13,325         100.0         8,698         65.3         631           20,027         100.0         15,869         79.2         705           61,341         100.0         53,487         87.2         1,843           29,139         100.0         25,972         89.1         933           26,314         100.0         23,899         90.8         984           1,436         100.0         1,133         78.9         32           6,781         100.0         4,524         66.7         220           6,544         100.0         7,751         81.2         261           10,486         100.0         7,751         81.2         261           10,486         100.0         23,534         87.0         728           34,	Number of persons in thousands and persons in the	Not Limited   Limited in Non-Work Activity   Number of persons in thousands and percent distributed	Not Limited   In Activity   Number of persons in thousands and percent distribution	Not Limited   Limited in Non-   Or Kind of   Nactivity   Number of persons in thousands and percent distribution



TABLE 3: PREVALENCE OF WORK LIMITATION DUE TO CHRONIC CONDITIONS, BY DEGREE OF LIMITATION AND SCCIODEMOGRAPHIC CHARACTERISTICS: UNITED STATES CIVILIAN NONINSTITUTIONALIZED POPULATION, ACT'S 18-69 YEARS, 1983-1985 (THREE-YEAR AVERAGE)--CONTINUED

							D	earee of Wa	ork Limitation	
Characteristic		All sons	Mot Li in Ac		Limited Work		Limited in A or Kind Work Ac	Amount i of	Unable	
			N	umber of per	sons in thousa	ands and po	ercent distributio	on		
Education unknown	700	100.0								
Male	793	100.0	628	79.2	*14	*1.7	60	7.6	91	11.4
Female	644	100.0	505	78.5	19	29	28	4.4	92	14.2
Mantal status:										
Married	100,301	100.0	85,908	85 7	3,431	34	5,095	5.1	5,566	5.8
Widowed		100 0	3,511	64.0	360	6.6	436	8.0	1,176	21.5
Divorced	10,337	100.0	8,173	79.1	468	4.5	694	6.7	1,003	9.7
Separated	3,432	100.0	2,711	79.0	145	4.2	188	5.5	387	11.3
Never married	31,302	100.0	28,116	89.8	711	2.3	1.017	3.2	1.457	4.7
Unknown	726	100.0	639	88.0	*12	*1.7	26	3.6	49	6.7
Mantal status and gender: Married										
Male	49,560	100.0	42,080	84.9	1,647	3.3	2.855	5.8	2,979	6.0
Female	50,740	100.0	43,828	86.4	1,785	3.5	2,240	4.4	2,887	5 7
₩idowed										
Male	815	100 0	524	64 3	39	48	65	80	186	22.8
Female	4,669	100.0	2,987	64 0	321	6.9	371	7.9	990	21.2
Divorced										
Male	3.842	100 0	3.008	78 3	148	3.9	273	7.1	413	10.7
Female	6,495	100 0	5,165	79 5	320	4 9	420	6.5	590	9.1
Separated										
Male	1,198	100 0	955	79.7	43	3.6	60	5.0	140	11.7
Female	2,234	100 0	1,757	78 6	102	4.6	128	5.7	247	11.7
Never married										
Male	17,282	100 0	15,465	89.5	363	21	599	35	855	4.9
Female	14,020	100 0	12,651	90 2	348	2.5	418	3.0	602	4.9
Unknown										
Male	347	100 0	308	88.8	•2	*0.7	*13	*3 9	23	67
Female	380	100 0	331	87 2	*10	*2.6	*13	*3.4	25 26	6.8
	_ ~~	1000	551	0/ E	10	2.0	13	3.4	20	5.0

<sup>\*</sup> Figure has low statistical reliability or precision (relative standard error exceeds 30 percent)



TABLE 4: PREVALENCE OF NEED FOR ASSISTANCE DUE TO CHRONIC CONDITIONS IN ACTIVITIES OF DAILY LIVING, BY TYPE OF ACTIVITY AND SOCIODEMOGRAPHIC CHARACTERISTICS: UNITED STATES CIVILIAN NONINSTITUT!ONALIZED POPULATION, AGES 5 AND OVER, 1983-1985 (THREE-YEAR AVERAGE)

						_		Needing A	ssistan. ;	
Characteristic		4//		imited	Limit Activity,	but not	IA.			n —
Characteristic		30NS	In Ac	tivity	<u>in IADL</u>	or ADL	Oi	nl <u>y</u>	A	DL
			N	umber of per	rsons in <b>thous</b> a	ands and perc	ent distributio	on		
All persons	213,574	100.0	181,438	85.0	24,559	11.5	5,055	2.4	2,521	1.2
Gender.										
Male	102,601	100.0	87,655	85.4	12,226	11.9	1,634	1 6	1,086	1.1
Female	110,973	100 ባ	93,784	84.5	12,333	11.1	3,421	3 1	1,435	1.3
Age group:										
5-17	44,675	100.0	41,886	93.8	2,640	59	na	na	148	0.3
18-24	28,006	100 0	26,389	94 2	1,412	5.0	134	0.5	72	0.3
25-44	70,115	1しっ.0	63,352	90.4	5,845	83	664	0.9	254	0.4
45-64	44,322	100 0	33,828	76 3	8,558	19 3	1,395	3 1	540	1.2
65-69	9,139	100.0	5,489	60.1	2,925	32.0	500	5.5	224	2.5
70-74	7,202	100.0	4,793	66.6	1,474	20.5	642	8.9	293	4.1
75-84	8,194	100.0	4,907	59.9	1,461	17.8	1,202	14 7	624	7.6
85 and over	1,921	100.0	793	41 3	244	12.7	518	270	366	19.1
Age group and gender:										
Males										
5-17	22,795	100.0	21,127	92 7	1,575	69	na	na	93	0.4
18-24	13,715	100.0	12,847	93 7	760	5 5	69	0.5	39	0.3
25-44	34,210	100.0	30,843	90.2	2,969	8.7	261	0.8	137	04
45-64	21,059	100.0	16,254	77.2	4,062	19.3	487	23	255	1 2
65-69	4,060	100.0	2,396	59.0	1,394	34 3	164	40	106	26
70-74	3,058	100.0	2,008	65.7	733	240	193	63	124	41
75-84	3,091	100.0	1 906	61 7	631	20 4	328	106	226	73
85 and over	614	1 <b>00</b> 0	274	44.7	102	16 6	133	21.6	105	172
Female										
5-17	21,880	100.0	20,759	949	1,065	49	na	na	55	03
18-24	14,291	1 <b>0</b> C 0	13,542	94.8	652	4.6	64	0.5	33	0.2
25-44	35,905	100.0	32,509	90 5	2,876	8.0	403	11	116	0.3
45-64	23,263	100.0	17,574	75.5	4,496	19 3	908	39	286	1 2
65-69	5,079	100.0	3,093	60 9	1,531	30 2	336	66	118	23
70-74	4,145	100.0	2,785	67 2	741	179	450	10 9	168	4 1
75-84	5,103	100.0	3,001	58 8	830	163	874	17 1	398	78
85 and over	1,308	100 0	519	39.7	142	10 9	386	29 5	261	20 0



TABLE 4: PREVALENCE OF NEED FOR ASSISTANCE DUE TO CHRONIC CONDITIONS II CTIVITIES OF DAILY LIVING, BY TYPE OF ACTIVITY AND SOCIODEMOGRAPHIC CHARACTERISTICS: UNITED STATES CIVILIAN NONINSTITUTIONALIZED POPULATION, AGES 5 AND OVER, 1983-1985 (THREE-YEAR AVERAGE)--CONTINUED

						_		Needing A	ss <u>istance</u>	
Characteristic	A Pers	il ions	Not Lil In Act		Limite Activity, In IADL	but not	In IAL On	DL	ir AD	
			Nu	mber of per	sons in thousa	nds and perc	ent distributio	n		
Race and ethnicity:										
Native American	1,291	100.0	1,040	80.5	187	14 5	43	3.3	21	1.7
Asian or Pacific Islander	3,951	100.0	3,680	93.1	223	5.7	29	07	19	0.5
Black non-Hispanic	24,201	100.0	20,267	83.7	2 880	11.9	671	2.8	383	1.6
Black Hispanic	619	100.0	543	87.8	64	10 3	*7	*12	*4	*0.7
White non-Hispanic	 167,489	100.0	141,750	84.6	19,782	11.8	4,025	2.4	1,932	1.2
White Hispanic	12,172	100.0	10,800	88.7	1,045	8.6	214	1.8	114	0.9
Other and unknown	3,851	100.0	3,358	87.2	377	9.8	67	1.7	49	1.3
Race and ethnicity and gender: Native American										
Male	604	100.0	489	80 9	90	14.9	*14	*2.3	*12	*2.0
Female	687	100 0	552	80.3	97	14 2	29	4.2	*10	*1.4
Asian or Pacific Islander										
Male	1,935	100 0	1,815	93.8	99	5.1	*15	*0.8	•7	*0.3
Female		100.0	1,866	92.5	124	6.2	*14	*0 7	*12	*0 6
Black non-Hispanic										
	11,122	100.0	9.427	848	1,308	11.8	234	2 1	152	1.4
Male		100.0	10,840	829	1,572	12 0	43,	33	230	1.9
Disability										
Black Hispanic	000	*00.0	254	88 1	30	10 5	2	*0.5	*3	*0 9
Male	289 330	100 0 100 0	254 289	87.5	34	10.2	•6	*1.7	*2	*0.6
	_ 550	100 0	200	07.0	•		-			
White non-Hispanic Male	80,812	100.0	68,665	85 0	10,036	12 4	1,272	16	838	1.0
MaleFemale		100.0	73,085	84 3	9,746	11.2	2,753	3 2	1,093	1 3
White Hispanic										
	5.918	100 0	5,305	89.6	487	8 2	74	1.3	52	0.9
Male		100.0	5,305 5,495	87.9	558	89	139	2.2	62	1.0
Female	6,234	100.0	5,495	67.9	336	0.3	103		72	1.0
Other and un'known			4 = 4 -		470	0.1	24	12	22	1 2
Male	1,921	100.0	1,700	88.5	176	9.1	24	1 2 2 2	22 26	1.4
Female	1,929	100 0	1,658	85 9	202	10 5	43	22	26	1.4

<sup>\*</sup> Figure has low statistical reliability or precision (relative standard error exceeds 30 percent)



TABLE 4: PREVALENCE OF NEED FOR ASSISTANCE DUE TO CHRONIC CONDITIONS IN ACTIVITIES OF DAILY LIVING, BY TYPE OF ACTIVITY AND SOCIODEMOGRAPHIC CHARACTERICTICA: UNITED STATES CIVILIAN MONINSTITUTIONALIZED POPULATION, AGES 5 AND OVER, 1983-1985 (TYREE-YEAR AVERAGE)--CONTINUED

						_		Needing A	ssistance	_
<u>Cl</u> <u>aractorietic</u>		All sons		imited ctivity	Activity	led in , but not	In IAC	DL	lr	
		<u> </u>	III AC	uvity	<u>In IADL</u>	OF AUL	On	<u> </u>	AD	<u>)L                                    </u>
<b>.</b>			N	umber of per	rsons in "`ɔusɛ	ands and perc	ent distribution	n		
Family income: Under \$10,000	25.014									
\$10,000 - \$14,999	35,211	100.0	25,590	72 7	6,758	19 2	2,018	5.7	845	2 4
\$15,000 - \$24,999 \$15,000 - \$24,999	22,020	100.0	17,749	80.6	3,212	14.6	507	3 2	350	1.6
\$25,000 - \$34,999 \$25,000 - \$34,999	45,433	100.0	39,205	86.3	5,002	110	793	1.7	434	1.0
\$25,000 - \$54,999	37,188	100.0	33,348	89 7	3,222	8.7	399	1.1	220	0 6
\$35,000 or more	46,584	100.0	42,570	91 4	3,379	7.3	401	0.9	236	0.5
JII KIIOWII	27,138	100.0	22,976	84.7	2,988	11.0	736	2.7	437	1.6
Family income and gender: Under \$10,000										
Male	14,625	100.0	10,799	73.8	2,862	19.6	590	40	374	2.6
Female	20,586	100.0	14,791	718	3,896	18.9	1,428	6.9	374 471	2.6 2.3
\$10,000 - \$14,999										
Male_	10,125	100 0	8,072	79.7	1,↑ 2	16.0	261	2.6	100	4 -
emale	11,895	100.0	9,677	£1.4	1,589	13.4	447	2.8	169 151	1.7 1.5
\$15,000 - \$24,999										
Male	22,1*3	100.0	18,952	85 7		12.0	305	4.4		
emale	23,315	10.0	20,252	86 9	ے, 2,344	10.1	305 487	14	205	0.9
	20,010	100.0	20,232	00 3	2,344	10. (	487	2.1	231	1.0
\$25,000 - \$34,999 Male	10.011	100.0	40.000	00.0	4 750					
emale	18,911	100.0	16,936	89.6	1,750	93	135	0.7	89	0 5
	18,278	100 0	16,412	8.98	1,471	8.0	264	1 4	130	0.7
\$35,000 or more										
Male	24,059	100 0	21,954	91.3	1,692	7.9	128	05	85	0.4
emale	22,525	100.0	20,615	91.5	1,487	ვ.6	272	1 2	151	0.7
Unknown										
Male	12,764	100.0	10,941	85.7	1443	113	214	1.7	163	1.3
emaie	14,374	100.0	12,036	83 7	1545	108	522	3.6	271	1.3
Poverty state s.										
Above poverty line	163,023	100 C	140,194	6.69	17,725	10.9	3,423	2 !	1,680	10
At or below p_ verty line	23,396	100.0	18,252	780	3,945	16.4	896	3.8	404	1.7
Jnknown	27,155	100 0	22.992	84 7	2,989	11.0	736	2.7	404	1.7



 $S_{4}$ 

TABLE 4: PREVALENCE OF NEED FOR ASSISTANCE DUE TO CHRONIC CONDITIONS IN ACTIVITIES OF DAILY LIVING, BY TYPE OF ACTIVITY AND SOCIODEMOGRAPHIC CHARACTERISTICS: UNITED STATES CIVILIAN NONINSTITUTIONALIZED POPULATION, AGES 5 AND OVER, 1983-1985 (THREE-YEAR AVERAGE)--CONTINUED

						_		Needira As	sistance	
Characteristic		lii Bons	Not Li in Ac		Limite Activity, in IADL	but not	Ir IAL On	DL	in AD	
			N	ımber of per	sons in thousa	nds and perd	ant distributio	n		
Poverty and gender.										
Above poverty line										
Male	79,781	100 0	68,728	86 1	9,143	11.5	1,166	1.5	743	0 9
Female	83,242	100.0	71,466	85 9	8, <b>582</b>	10.3	2,257	2.7	938	1 1
At or below poverty line										
Male	10,045	100.0	7,975	<b>7</b> 9 <b>4</b>	1,539	16 3	254	25	177	18
Female	13,352	100 0	10,277	770	2,206	16 5	642	4 8	227	1 7
Unknown										
Male	12,776	100.0	10,952	85 7	1,444	11 3	214	1.7	166	1.3
Female	14,379	1 0 0	12,041	83 7	1,545	10 7	522	36	271	1.9
Education level.										
Under 18 years old	44,675	100.0	41,386	938	2,640	5.9	ná	ñã	148	0.3
8 years or less		100 0	12,494	620	4,797	23 8	1,923	9.5	937	4.7
9-11 years	22,820	100.0	17,583	77.1	3,959	173	894	39	384	1.7
12 years	65,565	100.0	56,274	85.8	7,448	11 4	1,287	20	556	0.8
13-15 year	30,708	100 0	26,978	87.9	3,064	10 0	460	15	205	0.7
16 yeas or more	27,830	100 0	24,910	89.5	2,408	87	349	1.3	164	0.6
Unknown	1,824	100 0	1,313	72 0	242	13 3	142	78	127	70
Education and gender: Under 18 years old										
Male	22,795	100 0	21,127	92 7	1,575	6.9	na	na	93	0.4
Fen.ale	21,880	100.0	20,759	94.9	1,065	49	na	na	55	0 3
8 years or less										
Male	9,610	100 0	6,141	63.9	2,382	24 8	673	70	42∪	4 4
Female	10,535	100 0	6,353	60 3	2,415	22 9	1,250	11 9	517	4 9
9-11 years										
Male	10,578	100.0	<b>8,41</b> ]	79 5	1,745	16 5	275	26	147	1 4
Female	12,242	100 0	9,172	749	2,214	18 1	619	5 1	237	1 9
12 years										
Ma!e	28,497	100.0	24,501	86 0	3,407	120	365	13	225	0.8
Female	37,068	100.0	31,773	35.7	4,041	10 9	922	25	331	09



TABLE 4: PREVALENCE OF NEED FOR ASSISTANCE DUE TO CHRONIC CONDITIONS IN ACTIVITIES OF DAILY LIVING, BY TYPE OF ACTIVITY AND SOCIODEMOGRAPHIC CHARACTERISTICS: UNITED STATES CIVILIAN NONINSTITUTIONALIZED POPULATION, AGES 5 AND OVER, 1983-1985 (THREE-YEAR AVERAGE)--CONTINUED

						_		Needing A	ssistance	
Cherecteristic		Nii sons	Not L	imited tivity	Limit Activity, In IADL	but not	li IAI 	DL	li AL	
			A.	umbar of no.	mana in shaaa					
Education and gender: 13-15 years			740	umber a: pei	rsons in thousa	inos ano perd	ent distributio	on		
Male	14,667	100 0	12,900	88.0	1,545	10.5	139	0.9	83	0.6
Female	16,040	100.0	14,078	87.8	1,519	9 5	321	0.9 2.ა	123	0.6
16 years or more										
Male	15,517	100 0	13,876	89.4	1,435	9 2	134	0.9	72	0.5
Female	12,313	100.0	11,033	89.6	973	7.9	215	1.7	92	0.7
Unknown										
Male	930	100.0	698	<b>75</b> 0	137	14.7	48	5.2	47	5.1
Female	894	100.0	615	68.8	106	11.8	94	10.5	08	9.0
Mantal status.										
Under Age 18	44,675	100.0	41,886	938	2,640	5.9	na	na	148	0.3
Marned	101 348	100 0	91,303	84.0	13,906	12.8	2,297	2.1	1,141	1.1
Widowed	80نـ	100 0	7,634	59.6	2,769	21 6	1,649	12.9	757	5 9
Divorced	10,918	100.0	8,516	78.0	1,896	17.4	375	3.4	130	1.2
Separated	3,582	100.0	2,786	77.8	625	17.4	124	3.5	49	1.4
Never married	32,150	100.0	28,636	89.1	2,643	8 2	593	1.8	278	09
Unknown	793	100.0	676	85 2	81	10.3	17	2.1	19	2.4
Marital status <sup>.</sup> Under age 18										
Male	22,795	100.0	21,127	92.7	1,575	6.9	na	na	93	0.4
Female	21,880	100.0	20,759	94.9	1,065	4.9	na	na	55 55	0.4
Married										
Male	54,629	1000	45,274	82 9	7,701	14 1	1.003	18	650	1 2
Female	54,020	100 0	46,030	85 2	6,205	11.5	1,294	2.4	491	09
Widowed										
Male	1,966	100.0	1,204	612	449	22 8	195	9 9	118	60
Female	10,842	100 0	6,430	593	2,32C	21 4	1,454	13 4	638	59

<sup>\*</sup> Figure has low statistical reliability or precision (relative standard error exceeds 30 percent)



 $C_{ij}$ 

TABLE 4: PREVALENCE OF NEED FOR ASSISTANCE DUE TO CHRONIC CONDITIONS IN ACTIVITIES OF DAILY LIVING, BY TYPE OF ACTIVITY AND SOCIODEMOGRAPHIC CHARACTERISTICS: UNITED STATES CIVILIAN NONINSTITUTIONALIZED POPULATION, AGES 5 AND OVER, 1983-1985 (THRLE-YEAR AVERAGE)--CONTINUED

								Needing As	sistance	
Characteristic	A Pors		Not Lii in Act		Limite Activity, in IADL	but not	Ir IAL On	DL	lr AC	
			Nu	ımber of per	sons in thousa	nds and perce	ent distributio	n		
Divorced										
Male	4,035	100.0	3,122	77.4	742	18.4	117	2.9	53	1.3
Female	6,883	100.0	5,394	78.4	1,154	16 8	258	3.7	76	1 1
Separated										
Male .	1,266	100.0	991	78.3	223	17 6	37	29	*16	*1.3
Female	2,316	100.0	1,795	77.5	400	17.3	88	38	33	1.4
Never marned										
Male	17,539	100.0	15,615	89 0	1,502	8.6	276	1.6	147	08
Female	14,611	100.0	13,022	89.1	1,141	7.8	317	2.2	131	09
Unknown										
Male	371	100.0	322	86.9	34	9.	•7	*1.8	*8	*2 2
Female	422	100 0	354	83 8	48	11.3	*10	*2.3	*11	*2.6

<sup>\*</sup> Figure has low statistical reliability or precision (relative standard error exceeds 30 percent)



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TABLE 5: PREVALENCE OF WORK LIMITATION DUE TO CHRONIC CONDITIONS, BY DEGREE OF WORK LIMITATION, NEED FOR ASSISTANCE IN ACTIVITIES OF DAILY LIVING, AGE, AND GENDER: UNITED STATES CIVILIAN NONINSTITUTIONALIZED POPULATION, AGES 18-69, 1983-1985 (THREE-YEAR AVERAGE)

					_	D	egree of V	<u>Vork Limita</u>	tion				
			Limi	ited in Non	-Work Acti	vity			Limited in	n Amount e	or Kind of	Work	
	<b>A</b> 11	N-A At				7 Assistan	ce					Assistance	<u> </u>
Characteristic	Ail Limited Persons	Not No Assisti IADL c	nce in		in ADL only		in ADL	Assist	eeding ence in o <u>r ADL</u>	li IA I On	DL	] 	
				i	Number of p	oersons in 1	thousands	and percen	t distribution	,			
All persons	22,523	4,882	95 2	203	4.0	44	0 9	6,963	93 4	404	5.4	90	1.2
Gender													
Male	10,704	2,201	98.1	32	1.4	*10	*0.5	3,684	953	138	0.0	4-	
Female	11,819	2,681	929	171	59	33	1.2	3,279	91.3	266	3.6 7.4	45 45	1 2 1 3
Age group													
18-24	1,618	467	98.2	•6	<b>1</b> 12	•3	<b>°</b> 0 6	602	925	41	6 2	*8	** 0
25-44	6,762	1,849	96 2	58	30	*15	*0.8	2,584	93 3	156	5.6	30	*1.3 1.1
45-64	10,494	2,013	94 5	99	46	19	0.9	2,944	93.7	158	5.0 5.0	38	12
65-69	3,650	553	92.0	41	68	•7	*12	833	93.1	49	55	*13	*1.5
Age group and gender.													
18-24	868	234	93 9	••	•• -	•4	•• •						
25-44	_ 3,367	920	95 9 98.5	*2 *11	*0.7 *1.1	*1 *3	*0.4	345	93 4	21	5 ?	•3	•09
45-64	_ 3,307 4,805	858	90.5 97.7	*16	*18	•4	*0 c	1,366	95 3	51	3 5	17	1 2
65-69	_ 4,863 _ 1664	183	969	*3	*18	•2	*0.4 *1 3	1,530 443	95 8 94 8	52 *15	3 2 *3 1	*15 *10	'0 9 <b>°</b> 2.1
Female											- •		
18-24	749	233	97.5	•4	•1 7	•2	*0 9	257	91.4	20		4-	
25-44	3,395	923	94 0	47	48	•12	*1 2	1,218	91.4	20 105	69 79	*5	*17
<i>î</i> .3-64	5,689	1,155	92.2	83	66	*15	12	1,414	916	105	. •	*13	10
65-69	1,986	370	89.7	38	91	*5	12	390	91 1	34	69 81	24 *3	1 5 •0.8

<sup>\*</sup> Figure has low statistical reliability or precision (relative standard error exceeds 30 percent)



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# TABLE 5: PREVALENCE OF WORK LIMITATION DUE TO CHRONIC CONDITIONS, BY DEGREE OF WORK LIMITATION, NEED FOR ASSISTANCE IN ACTIVITIES OF DAILY LIVING, AGE, AND GENDER: UNITED STATES CIVILIAN NONINSTITUTIONALIZED POPULATION, AGES 18-69, 1983-1985 (THREE-YEAR AVERAGE)--CONTINUED

		De	gree of Wo	rk Limitetic	<u>on</u>	
			Unable	to work		
				Needing A	Assistance	
Characteristic	Not Ne Assista IAŪL o	•	li IAL On	DL		in NDL
	Numbe	er of perso	ns in thousa	nds and pe	rcent distril	oution
All persons	_ 6,896	69.4	2,086	21.0	957	9.6
Gender:						
Male	3,301	71.8	812	17.7	483	10 5
Female	3,595		1,274			8 9
Age group:						
18-24	343	69.8	87	17.8	61	12.4
25-44_ <u></u>	1 413	68.2	450	21.7	209	10 1
45-64	3,601	69 0	1,138	21.8	483	93
65-69	1,539	71 5	1,138 410	19 1	204	9 5
Age group and gender. Male						
18-24	182	69 1	46	17.6	35	13 3
25-44		68 1	200	20.1	117	11.8
45-64	1,674	71 8	420	18 0	236	10.1
65-69	767	76.1	146	145	94	9 4
Female						
18-24	_ 161	70.6	41	179	26	11 5
25-44	_ 735	68 3	251	233	91	8 5
45-64	_ 1,926	66 6	718	24 8	247	8 5
65-69		67 4	264	23.1	110	9 6

SOURCE: National Health Interview Surveys, 1983-1985' original tabulations from public use tapes

TABLE 6A: PREVALENCE OF ACTIVITY LIMITATION DUE TO CHRONIC CONDITIONS, BY MAIN CAUSE OF LIMITATION, AGE, AND GENDER: UNITED STATES CIVILIAN NON-INSTITUTIONALIZED POPULATION, 1983-1985 (THREE-YEAR AVERAGE)

Main Cause of Limitation	All A	ges	Und	er 18	18	-44	45-	-69	70	-84		5+
				Numb	er of conditio	ns in thousa	ands and perd	ent distribut	tion			
All conditions	32,540	10C.0	3,193	100 0	8,380	100 0	14,143	100 0	5,696	100.0	1,128	100.0
Skin and musculoskeletal												
Rheumatoid arthritis	526	16	*10	*03	108	1.3	310	22	91	4.0	•-	•••
Osteoarthritis/other arthropathies	3,474	10 7	*12	*0 4	348	4 2	1,905	135	1.006	1.6	*7	*0 (
Intervertebral disk disorders	1,424	4.4	•2	*0.0	628	7.5	712	50	1,006	17.7	203	18 (
Osteomyelitis/bone disorders		11	28	09	67	0.8	174	12	80	13	*5	*0.
Bursitis	138	0.4	*1	*0.0	51	0.5	67	05		14	*12	*1.0
Psoriasis and dermatitis	106	0.3	*15	*65	49	0.6	38	03	19	03	*1	•0
Skin cancer	26	01	.0	0,	•7	*0.1	*14	*0.1	*4	*0.1		
Bone cancer	43	0.1	*1	*0.0	•2	*0.0	21	0.1	*5	<b>*</b> 0 1	*1	•0
Other skin and musculos æletal	277	0.9	•6	*0 2	63	08	142	10	18 55	0.3 1.0	*2 *11	*0 2
impairments										,,,,	••	, ,
Absence of arm(s)/hand(s)	28	0.1	*5	*0.1	*10	*0.1	•9	*0 1	• •	•• •		
Absence of leg(s)	146	0.4	•2	*0.1	29	0.1	67	05	*4	*0 1	••	
Absence of fingers, toes, feet	63	0.2	•3	*0.1	26	03	26	02	4.	07	•6	*0.6
Other absence, NEC	110	0.2	*8	`2	33	0.4	26 51	04	•7	*0 1	*1	*0.1
Complete paralysis of extremities	216	07	•9	*( 3	72	0.4	101	07	18	33		
Cerebral palsy	151	0.5	74	_ 1	60	07	*16	*0.1	30	05	•4	*0 4
Partial parelysis of extremities	131	0.4	*6	0 -	30	04	64	0.1	*1	*0.0		
Paralysis of other sites	57	02	•9	*0.3	19	02	20	0.5 0.1	28	05	*4	*0.3
Curvature of back or spine	425	1.3	42	13	252	30	104	07	*6	*0.1	*3	*0 2
Other impairment of back	2.122	6.5	24	07	1,018	12 1	925		24	0.4	*1	*0.1
Spina bifida	32	0.3	*13	*0 4	*15	*02	*3	6.5 *0 0	137	24	19	1 6
mpairment of upper extremities	532	1.6	28	0.9	281	33	187	= =	*1	÷20		
mpairment of lower e tremities	1,973	6.1	155	4.9	832	99	623	13 44	31	05	*6	*0 5
Other orthopedic impairment	136	C 4	*6	•02	54	06	57		285	50	78	6 9
Speech impairment	239	0.7	202	63	21	03		0 4	*16	*0 3	*3	*03
Blind in both eyes	203	0.7	*10	*03	38	05	*12	*0 1	•2	•00	*1	*0.1
Cataracts	226	07	*5	*0 2	36 *15	*02	59 70	04	67	12	30	2.6
Glaucoma	134	0.4	3	0 2	15 *9		73 50	05	99	17	34	3 0
Other visual impairment/eye disorders	875	2.7	82	26	=	*0.1	52	0 4	59	10	*14	*12
Deaf in both ears	148	05	82 28	26 09	256	31	266	19	192	3 4	80	7 1
Other hearing impairment/ear disorders	665	20		63	51 167	06	37	03	24	0 4	*8	*0 7
sales hearing impairmentear disorders	900	20	200	03	167	20	171	1 2	98	1.7	29	26

<sup>\*</sup> Figure has low statistical reliability or precision (relative standard error exceeds 30 percent)



 $G_{i}$ 

TABLE 6A: PREVALENCE OF ACTIVITY LIMITATION DUE TO CHRONIC CONDITIONS, BY MAIN CAUSE OF LIMITATION, AGE, AND GENDER: UNITED STATES CIVILIAN NONINSTITUTIONALIZED POPULATION, 1983-1985 (THREE-YEAR AVERAGE) - CONTINUED

Main Cause of Limitation	All A	768	<u>Unde</u>	r 18	18-4	14	45-0	?9	<u>70-</u>	84	85	<u>+</u>
				Number	of condition	s in thousa	nds and perce	ent distributi	on			
<u>Digestive</u>							·					
Ulcers	126	0.4	•4	*0.1	38	0.5	66	0.5	18	0.3	*1	*0.1
Abdominal hemia	270	0.8	•7	*V.2	81	1.0	140	1.0	37	0.6	*5	*0.5
Enteritis and colitis	77	0.2	•3	*0.1	30	0.4	39	0.3	•4	*0.1	*1	*0.1
Cancer of digestive sites	127	0.4	•1	*0.0	*13	*0.2	79	0.6	29	0.5	•6	*0.5
Other digestive disorders	277	0.9	22	0.7	70	8.0	127	0.9	51	0.9	•7	*0.7
Circulatory												
Rheumatic fever	148	0.5	•6	*0.2	41	0.5	82	0.6	18	0.3	*1	<b>*0</b> .1
schemic heart disease	1,792	5.5	*1	*0.0	82	1.0	1,198	8.5	469	8.2	42	3.:
Heart rhythm disorders	324	1.0	28	0.9	53	0.6	151	1.1	84	1.5	*8	*0.
Other heart disease	1,472	4.5	50	1.6	135	1.6	781	5.5	416	7.3	89	7.9
Hypertension		3.8	•7	*0.2	166	2.0	837	5.9	211	3.7	19	1.6
Cerebrovascular disease	610	1.9	*5	*0.2	24	03	261	1.8	270	4.7	50	4.
Arteriosclerosis	167	05		•	•5	*0.1	77	0.5	60	1.1	25	2.
Phlebitis, varicose veins	271	8.0	•2	*0.1	66	8.0	166	1.2	34	0.6	*3	*0.
Other circulatory	308	0.9	•4	*0.1	40	0.5	163	1.2	88	1.5	*13	*1.8
Respiratory												
Chronic bronchitis	137	0.4	32	1.0	23	0.3	56	0.4	25	0.4	•2	*0.1
Asthma		4.3	568	17.8	467	5.6	302	2.1	70	1.2	•4	*0.3
Hay fever		0.6	61	1.9	94	1.1	25	0.2	*2	•0.0	•	
Sinusitis		0.2	*10	•0 3	*12	*0.1	28	0.2	•7	*0.1	*1	*0 1
Emphysema	649	20	*1	•0.0	16	0.2	426	3.0	200	3.5	*5	*0.
ung or bronchial cancer	92	03			•3	*0.0	60	0.4	26	0.5	*2	*0.
Other respiratory disease		1.0	32	1.0	46	0.5	171	1.2	70	1.2	*3	*e.:

<sup>\*</sup> Figure has low statistical reliability or precision (relative standard error exceeds 30 percent)



TABLE 6A: PREVALENCE OF ACTIVITY LIMITATION DUE TO CHRONIC CONDITIONS, BY MAIN CAUSE OF LIMITATION, AGE, AND GENDER: UNITED STATES CIVILIAN NONINSTITUTIONALIZED POPULATION, 1983-1985 (THREE-YEAR AVERAGE) --CONTINUED

Main Cause of Limitation	All A	700	Unde	r 18	18~	14	45-6	<u> </u>	70-	84	85	<u> </u>
				Number	of condition	s in thousan	ds and perce	ent distribute	on			
Miscellaneous												
Diabetes	_ 885	2.7	19	0.6	162	1.9	506	3.6	181	3.2	17	1.5
Anemias	100	0.3	25	0.8	32	0.4	28	0.2	•9	*0.2	•6	*0.5
Kidney disorders	146	0.4	*13	*0.4	46	0.5	67	0.5	18	0.3	*2	*0.2
Fernale genital disorders	_	0.4	*11	*0.3	68	0.8	55	0.4	•7	<b>°</b> 0.1		
Schizophrenia/other psychoses	204	0.6	18	0.6	109	1.3	67	0.5	*8	*0.1	*2	*0.2
Neuroses/personality disorders		0.9	45	1.4	126	1.5	111	6.0	18	0.3	*3	*0.2
Other mental illness	437	1.3	239	7.5	83	1.0	94	0.7	21	0.4	*1	*0.1
Alchohol or drug dependency	75	0.2	•9	*0.3	45	0.5	21	0.1	•1	*0.0	•	
Mental retardation	947	2.9	573	18.0	299	3.6	68	0.5	*5	*0.1	*1	*0.1
Epilepsy		1.0	60	1.9	194	2.3	60	0.4	*11	*0.2	*1	*0.1
Multiple sclerosis	117	0.4			47	0.6	63	0.4	•7	*6.1		
Senility		1.3					65	0.5	171	3.0	171	15.1
Parkinson's disease	_ 99	0.3		•	•2	<b>*</b> 0.0	39	0.3	49	0.9	•9	*0.8
Other nervous disorders	607	1.9	55	1.7	207	2.5	241	1.7	94	1.7	*10	*0.9
Tuberculosis (all sites)	80	0.2	*3	*0.1	24	0.3	40	0.3	*12	*0.2		
Other infectious/parasitic diseases	97	0.3	*10	*0.3	46	3.0	25	0.2	*15	*0.3	*1	*0.1
Leukemia	40	0.1	*9	*0.3	*5	*0.1	17	0.1	•9	*0.2		
Cancer of female breast	93	0.3			15	0.2	60	0.4	17	0.3	*2	*0.2
Cancer of genitourinary sites	105	0.3	*1	<b>*</b> 0.0	17	0.2	60	0.4	25	0.4	*3	*0.2
Cancer of all other sites, NEC	144	0.4	*9	*0.3	31	0.4	78	0.5	23	0.4	*3	*0.2
Surgical/medical complications	211	0.6	*5	*0.2	53	0.6	110	0.8	37	0.6	•6	*0.5
Other injuries	207	0.6	18	0.6	82	1.0	73	0.5	25	0.4	•9	*0.8
Other ill-defined conditions	708	2.2	60	1.9	218	2.6	313	2.2	99	1.7	17	1.5
All other chronic conditions	1,015	3.1	182	5.7	354	4.2	341	2.4	118	2.1	*19	*1.7

<sup>\*</sup> Figure has low statistical reliability or precision (relative standard error exceeds 30 percent)



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TABLE 6A: PREVALENCE OF ACTIVITY LIMITATION DUE TO CHRONIC CONDITIONS, BY MAIN CAUSE OF LIMITATION, AGE, AND GENDER: UNITED STATES CIVILIAN NONINSTITUTIONALIZED POPULATION, 1983-1985 (THREE-YEAR AVERAGE) -CONTINUED

-		<u> </u>				Ma	iles					
Main Cause of Limitation	AII A	l <i>gee</i>	Und	<u>er 18</u>	18-	44	45-	69		-84		5+
				Numbe	er of condition	ns in thousa	nds and perd	ent distribul	tion			
All conditions	15,178	100.0	1,900	100.0	4,236	100.0	6,469	100.0	2,235	100.0	340	100.0
Skin and musculoskeletal												
Rheumatoid arthritis	137	0.9	•3	*0.2	30	0.7	82	1.3	22	1.0		
Osteoarthritis/other arthropathies	1.024	6.7	•5	*0.3	150	3.5	595	9.2	233	10.4	40	11.9
Intervertebral disk disorders	741	4.6	•2	*0.1	354	8.4	354	5.5	31	1.4	*1	*0.3
Osteomyelitis/bone disorders	109	0.7	*16	*0.8	31	0.7	49	0.8	*12	*0.5	•	0.5
Bursitis	54	0.4	•1	*0.0	21	0.7	24	0.4	•7	*0.3	•	
Psoriasis and dermatitis	38	0.2	•6	*0.3	*15	*0.3	17	0.4	•1	*0.0	•	•
Skin cancur	*15	*0.1		0.0	•5	*0.1	*6	*0.1	•2	*0.2	•	•
Bone cancer	17	0.1	•	•	_	0.1	•9	*0.1	18	*0.4	•1	*0.3
Other skin and musculoskeletal	118	0.8	•2	*0.1	27	0.6	61	0.1	24	1.1	•4	*1.2
mpairme∩ts												
Absence of arm(s)/hand(s)	24	0.2	•3	*0.2	*8	*0.2	•9	*0.1	•4	*0.2		
Absence of leg(s)	103	0.7	•1	*0.1	26	0.6	48	0.7	24	1.1	•4	•1.2
Absence of fingers, toes, feet	48	0.3	Ó	0.0	23	0.5	22	0.7	•2	*0.1	•1	*0.3
Other absence, NEC	58	0.4	•5	*0.2	23	0.5	22	0.3	•8	*0.3	'	0.5
Complete paralysis of extremities	146	1.0	•3	*0.2	56	1.3	70	1.1	17	0.8	•i	*0.4
Cerebral palsy	78	0.5	41	2.1	29	0.7	*8	*0.1	"	0.0	•	0.4
Partial paralysis of extremities	82	0.5	•6	*0.3	26	0.6	36	0.6	•12	*0.6	•2	•0.7
Paralysis of other sites	33	0.2	•7	*0.4	*13	*0.3	*10	*0.2	•2	*0.1	*1	*0.4
Curvature of back or spine	144	1.0	*10	*0.5	99	2.3	30	0.5	•4	*0.2	•1	*0.2
Other impairment of back	1.020	6.7	*11	*0.6	506	11.9	450	7.0	49	2.2	•6	*1.7
Spina bifida	17	0.1	•7	*0.4	*8	*0.2	*2	*0.0	45	٤.٤	-	1.7
impairment of upper extremities	332	2.2	19	1.0	193	4.6	110	1.7	•11	*. <b>*</b> 5	•	•
Impairment of lower extromities	1.028	6.8	74	3.9	524	12.4	322	5.0	91	. 3 4.1	17	5.0
Other orthopedic impairment	66	0.4	•2	0.1	32	0.7	26	0.4	*5	*0.2	*1	*0.2
Speech impairment	155	1.0	136	7.2	*15	*0.4	*3	*0.0	*1	*0.0	•1	*0.4
Blind in both eyes	106	0.7	*7	*0.4	23	0.4	37	0.6	27	1.2	•	
Cataracts	81	0.5	•2	*0.1	23 •y	*0.2	37 29	0.6 0.5	27 33	1.2 1.5	*11 *7	*3.4
Glaucoma	56	0.4	_	<b>U.</b> I	*6	*0.1	29 23	0.5 0.4	33 18	1.5 0.8	*9	*2.1
Other visual impairment/eye disorders	461	3.0	49	2.6	175	4.1	23 137	2.1		0.8 3.4	•	*2.5
Deaf in both ears	76	0.5	*14	2.6 *0.7	28	4.1 0.7	137		76		24	6.9
Other hearing impairment/ear disorders	367	2.4	115	6.1	28 101	0.7 2.4	19 88	0.3 1.4	*11 50	*0.5 2.2	*5 *13	*1.4 *3.9

<sup>\*</sup> Figure has low statistical reliability or precision (relative standard error exceeds 30 percent)



TABLE 6A: PREVALENCE OF ACTIVITY LIMITATION DUE TO CHRONIC CONDITIONS, BY MAIN CAUSE OF LIMITATION, AGE, AND GENDER: UNITED STATES CIVILIAN NONINSTITUTIONALIZED POPULATION, 1983-1985 (THREE-YEAR AVERAGE) --CONTINUED

				<u>_</u>		Mai	<u> </u>		<del></del>			_
Main Cause of Limitation	All A	200	Unde	er 18	18-	44	45-	69	<u>7</u> 0-	84		5+
<u>Digestive</u>				Numbe	r of condition	ns in thousan	ds and perc	ent distributi	on			
Ulcers	72	0.5	•2	*0.1	24	0.6	38	0.6	*8	*0 4		
Abdominal hemia	145	1.0	•3	*0.2	45	1.1	70	1.1	23	1.0	•3	*0.0
Enteritis and colitis	27	0.2	•1	*0.0	*13	*0.3	*13	*0.2	23 1	0.1	3	*0.9
Cancer of digestive sites	<u> </u>	0.4	·	0.0	•7	*0.2	44	0.2	•11	*0.5	• <b>•</b>	•1.3
Other digestive disorders	107	0.7	*10	*0. <b>5</b>	24	0.6	55	0.8	17	0.7	*1	*0.2
Circulatory												
Rheumatic fever	34	0.2	*2	*0.1	*10	*0.2	20	0.3	*1	*0.1		
Ischemic heart disease	1.090	7.2	•1	*0.0	62	1.5	788	12.2	227	10.2	*12	*3.6
Heart rhythm disorders	138	0.9	17	0.9	*15	*0.3	73	1.1	32	1.4	*1	*0.4
Other heart disease	709	4.7	30	1.6	52	1.2	419	6.5	179	8.0	29	8.5
Hypertension	406	2.7	•5	*0.3	52	1.2	270	4.2	76	3.4	•2	*0.6
Cerebrovascular disease	340	2.2	•2	*0.1	*10	0.2	163	2.5	145	6.5	19	5.5
Arteriosclerosis	91	0.6	-		*3	*0.1	53	0.8	27	1.2	•9	*2.5
Phlebitis, varicose veins	68	0.4			*15	*0.4	41	0.6	•11	*0.5	•1	*0.2
Other circulatory	164	1.1	*1	*0.1	*14	*0.3	93	1.4	48	2.1	•7	*2.2
Respiratory												
Chronic bronchitis	59	0.4	*16	*0.8	*10	*02	23	0.4	*11	*0.5		
Asthma	657	4.3	343	18.1	183	4.3	104	1.6	26	1.2	•	•
Hay fever	92	0.6	38	2.0	47	1.1	*8	*0.1		• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •	•	•
Sinusitis	27	0.2	*5	*0.3	•5	*0.1	*11	*0.2	•5	·0.2	•1	*0.2
Emphysema	466	3.1		•	*10	*0.2	299	4.6	153	6.9	•3	*1.0
Lung or bronchial cancer	62	0.4	•	·	•2	*0.1	38	0.6	19	0.9	•2	*0.6
Other respiratory disease	209	1.4	19	1.0	26	0.6	108	1.7	54	2.4	•3	*0.8

<sup>\*</sup> Figure has low statistical reliability or precision (relative standard et. or exceeds 30 percent)



TABLE 6A: PREVALENCE OF ACTIVITY LIMITATION DUE TO CHRONIC CONDITIONS, BY MAIN CAUSE OF LIMITATION, AGE, AND GENDER: UNITED STATES CIVILIAN NONINSTITUTIONALIZED POPULATION, 1983-1985 (THREE-YEAR AVERAGE) -- CONTINUED

Meir. Cause of Limitation	Males												
	All Al	700	Unde	r 18	18-4	14	45-	59	70-0	34	85	· <b>+</b>	
	Number of conditions in thousands and percent distribution												
<u>Misc.¶aneous</u>													
Diabetes	346	2.3	*9	*0.5	82	1.9	202	3.1	48	21	•5	*1.6	
Anemias	25	0.2	*10	*0.5	•7	*0.2	•2	*0.0	*3	*0.1	*2	*0.6	
Kidney disorders	51	0.3	*5	*0.3	*14	*0.3	23	0.4	*7	*0.3	*1	*0.4	
Female genital disorders	na	na	na	na	na	na	na	na	na	na	na	na	
Schizophrenia/other psychoses	130	0.9	*15	*0.8	75	1.8	35	0.5	*4	*0.2	*1	*0.2	
Neuroses/personality disorders	147	1.0	31	1.6	61	1.4	48	J.7	•7	<b>*</b> 0.3			
Other mental illness	274	1.8	180	9.5	41	1.0	46	0.7	*6	*0.3	•		
Alchohol or drug dependency	56	0.4	*5	*0.3	32	0.7	18	0.3	*1	*0.0			
Mental retardation	583	3.8	368	19.4	176	4.2	36	0.6	*2	*0.1	*1	*0.2	
Epilepsy	186	1.2	33	1.7	110	2.6	37	0.6	*6	*0.3			
Multiple sclerosis	40	0.3			*1€	*0.4	22	0.3	*2	*0.1	•		
Senility	141	0.9		•			*20	*0.3	70	3.1	51	15.1	
Parkinson's disease	53	0.3		•	*2	*0.0	21	0.3	27	1.2	*3	*0.8	
Other nervous disorders	250	1.6	34	1.8	84	2.0	87	1.3	38	1.7	*5	*1.5	
Tuberculosis (all sites)	21	0.1		•	•7	*0.2	*11	*0.2	•3	*0.2			
Other infectious/parasitic diseases	49	0.3	*6	*0.3	28	0.7	*12	*0.2	•3	*0.1	*1	*0.2	
Leukemia	23	0.2	•7	*0.4	•2	<b>*</b> 0.0	*10	*0.2	*5	*0.2			
Cancer of genitourinary sites	49	0.3	*1	*0.0	*2	*0.1	25	0.4	19	0.9	*2	*0.5	
C ancer of all other sites, NEC	75	0.5	*5	*0.3	*13	*0.3	44	0.7	*12	*0.5	*1	*0.2	
Surgical/medical complications	76	0.5	*5	•0.3	22	0.5	37	0.6	*13	*0.6	*1	*0.2	
Other injuries	103	0.7	*13	<b>*</b> 0.7	47	1.1	30	0.5	*11	*0.5	*3	*0.9	
Other ill-defined conditions	314	2.1	36	1.9	100	2.4	137	2.1	37	1.7	*5	*1.5	
All other chronic conditions	423	2.8	96	5.1	132	3.1	135	2.1	48	21	*12	*3.4	

<sup>\*</sup> Figure has low statistical reliability or precision (relativ, standard error exceeds 30 percent)



TABLE 6A: PREVALENCE OF ACTIVITY LIMITATION DUE TO CHRONIC CONDITIONS, BY MAIN CAUSE OF LIMITATION, AGE, AND GENDER: UNITED STATES CIVILIAN NONINSTITUTIONALIZED POPULATION, 1983-1985 (THREE-YEAR AVERAGE) -- CONTINUED

Main Cause of Limitation	Females											
	All Ages		Under 18		18-44		45	69	70-84		85+	
	Nui .ber of conditions in thousands and percent distribution											
All conditions	17,362	100.0	1,293	100.0	4,144	100.0	7,675	100.0	3,461	100.0	789	100.0
Skin and musculoskeletal												
Rheurnatoid arthritis	389	2.2	•7	*0.6	78	1.9	228	3.0	68	2.0	•7	*0.8
Osteoarthritis/other arthropathies	2,450	14.1	*6	*0.5	198	4.8	1.310	17.1	/74	22.3	162	20.6
Intervertebral disk disorders	683	3.9			274	6.6	358	4.7	46	1.3	5	0.6
Osteomyelitis/bone disorders	251	1.4	*12	*0.9	35	0.9	124	1.6	67	1.9	*12	*1.5
Bursitis	85	0.5	*1	*0.0	30	0.7	43	0.6	*11	*0.3	•1	*0.1
Psoriasis and dermatitis	69	0.4	*10	*0.8	34	0.8	21	0.3	*3	*0.1	•	0.1
Skin cancer	*12	*3.1			•2	*0.1	•7	*0.1	*1	*0.0	•1	*^ *
Bone cancer	26	2.1	*4	*0.0	12	*0.1	*12	*0.2	*10	*0.3	••	*0.1
Other skin and musculoskeletal	159	0.9	*4	*0.3	36	0.9	81	1.1	31	0.9	•7	*0.9
<u>Impairments</u>												
Absence of arm(s)/hand(s)	•4	*0.0	*1	*0.1	•2	<b>*</b> 0.0	*1	*0.0				
Absence of leg(s)	43	0.2	*1	*0.0	*4	*0.1	19	0.2	17	0.5	•2	*0.3
Absence of fingers, toes, feet	*15	*0.1	*3	*0.2	*3	*0.1	*4	*0.1	*5	*0.2	- :	0.0
Other absence, NEC	52	0.3	*3	*0.2	*10	*0.2	23	0.4	*10	*0.3	•	
Complete paralysis of extremities	69	0.4	*6	*0.5	17	0.4	31	0.4	*13	*0.4	• <b>3</b>	*0.4
Cerebral paisy	73	0.4	34	2.6	31	0.7	•7	*0.1	*1	*0.0	•	V
Partial paralysis of extremities	50	03			*5	*0.1	28	0.4	*16	*0.5	*1	*0.1
Paralysis of other sites	24	0.1	•2	*0.2	*6	*0.2	*10	*0.1	•4	*0.1	*1	*0.2
Curvature of back or spine	280	1.6	32	2.5	153	3.7	74	1.0	20	0.6	*1	*0.1
Other impairment of back	1,102	6.3	*13	*1.0	512	12.3	476	6.2	89	2.6	*13	*1.6
Spina bifida	*15	*0.1	•7	*0.5	•7	*0.2	*1	*0.0	*1	*0.0	.0	1.0
Impairment of upper extremities	200	1.2	•9	*0.7	88	2.1	77	1.0	20	0.6	<b>*</b> 6	*0.7
Impairment of lower extremities	945	5.4	81	6.3	308	7.4	301	3.9	193	5.6	61	7.8
Other orthopedic impairment	70	0.4	•4	*0.3	22	0.5	31	0.4	*11	*C.3	•2	*0.3
Speech impairment	83	0.5	67	5.2	•7	*0.2	*8	*0.1	•2	*0.0	*1	*0.1
Blind in both eyes	98	0.6	•2	*0.2	*14	*0.3	22	0.3	40	1.2	18	2.3
Cataracts	145	0.8	•3	*0.2	*5	*0.1	44	0.6	66	1.9	27	3.4
Glaucoma	79	0.5		<b>.</b>	•3	*0.1	29	0.4	41	1.2	*5	*0.7
Other visual impairment/eye disorders_	414	2.4	32	2.5	81	2.0	128	1.7	115	3.3	57	7.2
Deaf in both ears	72	0.4	*14	*1.1	23	0.6	18	0.2	*13	*0.4	•3	7.2 *0.4
Other hearing impairment/ear disorders	298	1.7	85	6.6	66	1.6	82	1.1	49	1.4	*16	*2.0

<sup>\*</sup> Figure has low statistical reliability or precision (relative standard error exceeds 30 percent)



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TABLE 6A: PREVALENCE OF ACTIVITY LIMITATION DUE TO CHRONIC CONDITIONS, BY MAIN CAUSE OF LIMITATION, AGE, AND GENDER: UNITED STATES CIVILIAN NONINSTITUTIONALIZED POPULATION, 1983-1935 (THREE-YEAR AVERAGE) -- CONTINUED

Main Cause of Limitation		Females											
	AII AS	All Ages		Under 18		18-44		45-69		70-84		<u>+</u>	
	Number of conditions in thousands and percant distribution												
<u>Diaestive</u>													
Ulcers	54	0.3	•2	*0.2	*14	*0.3	27	0.4	*10	*0.3	*1	*0.1	
Ulcers Abdominal hemia	125	0.7	*3	*0.3	36	0.9	70	0.9	*14	*0.4	•2	*0.3	
Enteritis and colitis	50	<b>U.3</b>	•2	*0.2	17	0.4	26	0.3	•3	*0.1	•1	*0.1	
Cancer of digestive sites	60	0.3	*1	<b>*</b> 0.1	•5	*0.1	35	0.5	17	0.5	•1	*0.2	
Other digestive disorders		1.0	*12	*0.9	45	1.1	73	0.9	34	1.0	•7	*0.8	
Circulatory													
Rheumatic fever	114	0.7	•4	*0.3	30	0.7	62	8.0	17	0.5	•1	*0.2	
Ischemic heart disease	7,02	4.0		•	20	0.5	410	5.3	242	7.0	30	3.8	
Heart rhythm disorders	186	1.1	*10	*0.8	38	0.9	78	1.0	52	1.5	•7	•0.9	
Other heart disease	763	4.4	20	1.5	83	2.0	362	4.7	238	6.9	60	7.6	
Hypertension		4.8	•2	<b>*</b> 0.1	114	2.8	567	7.4	135	3.9	17	2.1	
Cerebrovasculor disease_	270	1.6	•3	*0.2	*14	*0.3	97	1.3	125	3.6	31	4.0	
Arteriosclerosis		0.4	•		•2	*0.0	24	03	33	1.0	*16	*2.1	
Phlebitis, varicose veins	203	1.2	•2	*0.2	51	1.2	125	1.6	23	0.7	•3	*0.3	
Other circulatory	144	8.0	*2	<b>°</b> 0.2	26	0.6	70	0.9	40	1.1	•6	<b>*</b> 0.8	
Respiratory													
Chronic bronchitis	78	0.4	17	1.8	*13	*0.3	33	0.4	*14	*0.4	•2	*0.2	
Asthma		4.3	225	17.4	284	6.8	198	2.6	43	1.3	•4	*0.4	
Hay fever		0.5	23	1.8	48	1.2	18	0.2	*2	<b>*</b> 0.1			
Sinusitis	31	0.2	•4	*0.3	•7	*0.2	18	0.2	*2	<b>*</b> 0.0			
Emphysema	183	1.1	*1	<b>°</b> 0.1	•6	*0.2	128	1.7	47	13	•2	*0.2	
Lung or bronchial cancer	30	0.2		•	*1	*0.0	22	0.3	•7	*0.2			
Other respiratory disease	112	0.6	*14	*1.1	19	0.5	62	0.8	17	0.5	•		

<sup>\*</sup> Figure has low statistical reliability or precision (relative standard error exceeds 30 percent)



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TABLE 6A: PREVALENCE OF ACTIVITY LIMITATION DUE TO CHRONIC CONDITIONS, BY MAIN CAUSE OF LIMITATION, AGE, AND GENDER: UNITED STATES CIVILIAN NONINSTITUTIONALIZED POPULATION, 1983-1985 (THREE-YEAR AVERAGE) -CONTINUED

						Fem	ales					
Main Cause of Limitation	AII A	200	Unde	r 18	18-	44	45-	69	<u>70</u> -	84	85	5+
<u>Miscellaneous</u>				Numbe	r of condition	ns in thousar	nds and perd	ent distributi	ion			
Diabetes	539	3.1	*10	*0.8	79	1.9	304	4.0	404		•40	•••
Anemias	75	0.4	*16	*1.2	25	0.6	25	0.3	134	3.9	*12	*1.5
Kidney disorders	95	0.5	*8	*0.6	32	0.8	25 44	0.3 0.6	*6 *10	*0.2	•4	*0.4
Female genital disord s	141	0.8	*11	*0.8	68	1.6	55	0.6	*7	*0.3	*1	*0.1
Schizophrenia/other psychoses	74	0.4	*3	*0.2	34	0.8	32	0.7	•4	*0.2		•
Neuroses/personality disorders	156	0.9	*13	*1.0	65	1.6	52 64	0.4	*11	*0.1	•2	*0.2
Other mental illness	164	0.9	58	4.5	41	1.0	48	0.8 0.6	*15	*0.3	*3	*0.3
Alchohol or drug dependency	20	0.1	•3	•0.3	*13	*0.3	*3	*0.0	15	*0.4	*1	*0.1
Mental retardation	364	2.1	205	15.9	123	3.0	31	0.0	• <b>3</b>	•••	•1	•••
Epilepsy	139	0.8	27	2.1	84	2.0	23	0.4	•5	*0.1	•	*0.1
Multiple sclerosis	78	0.4			31	0.8	23 41	0.3 0.5	*5	*0.1	*1	٥.1
Senility	266	1.5		•	0,	0.0	45	0.5 0.6	102	*0.1	440	45.4
Parkinson's disease	46	0.3		•	٠ <u>.</u>	*0.0	17	0.8	22	2.9	119	15.1
Other nervous disorders	359	2.1	21	1.6	122	2.9	155	2.0	22 56	0.6	*6	*0.8
Tuberculosis (all sites)	59	0.3	*3	*0.2	18	0.4	29	2.0 0.4	•9	1.6 *0.3	•5	*0.6
Other infectious/parasitic diseases	48	0.3	•4	*0.3	19	0.4	*13	*0.2	*12	*0.3	•1	•••
Leukemia	17	0.1	•2	*0.1	•4	*0.1	•7	*0.1	*4	*0.1	-1	*0.1
Cancer of female breast	93	0.5	-		*15	*0.4	60	0.1	17	0.1	•2	•0.3
Cancer of genitourinary sites	56	0.3	•1	*O.O	*14	*0.3	35	0.5	*6	*0.2	*1	*0.1
Cancer of all other sites, NEC	69	0.4	•4	*0.3	17	0.4	34	0.4	*11	*0.3	•	
Surgical/medical complications	135	0.8			32	0.8	74	1.0	24	0.3	*2 *5	*0.3 *0.6
Other injuries	103	0.6	•5	*0.4	35	0.8	43	0.6	*14	*0.4	*6	*0.7
Other ill-defined conditions	393	2.3	24	1,0	118	2.8	177	2.3	62		•	
All other chronic conditions	593	3.4	86	6.6	222	5.4	207	2.3 2.7	70	1.8 2.0	*11 *7	*1.4 *0.9

<sup>\*</sup> Figure has low statistical reliability or precision (relative standard error exceeds 30 percent)



TABLE 6B: PREVALENCE OF ACTIVITY LIMITATION DUE TO CHRONIC CONDITIONS, BY ALL CAUSES OF LIMITATION, AGE, AND GENDER: UNITED STATES CIVILIAN NONINSTITUTIONALIZED POPULATION, 1983-1985 (THREE-YEAR AVERAGE)

All Causes of Limitation	AII A	ges	Unde	pr 18	18-	44	45	69		84	85	5+
				Numbe	er of condition	ns in thousa	ands and perc	ent distribu	tion			
All conditions	52,718	100.0	3,817	100.0	10,895	100.0	<b>25</b> ,027	100.0	10,884	100.0	2,097	100.
Skin and musculoskeletal												
Rheumatoid arthritis	646	1.2	*11	*0.3	121	1.1	388	1.5	118	1.1	*8	<b>°</b> 0.
Osteoarthritis/other arthropathies	5,484	10.4	*14	*0.4	469	4.3	3,099	12.4	1,594	14.6	308	14.
Intervertebral disk disorders	1,699	3.2	*2	*0.0	668	6.1	904	3.6	117	1.1	*8	*0.
Osteomyelitis/bone disorders	552	1.0	33	0.9	91	0.8	280	1.1	128	1.2	21	1.
Bursitis	253	0.5	*1	*0.0	76	0.7	140	0.6	35	0.3	*1	*0.
Psoriasis and dermatitis	189	0.4	31	0.8	75	0.7	69	ი.3	*11	*0.1	*2	*0
Skin cancer	44	0.1			*8	*0.1	20	0.1	*13	*0.1	*3	•0
Bone cancer	52	0.1	*1	*0.0	*5	*0.0	24	0.1	20	0.2	*2	*0
Other skin and musculoskeletal	573	1.1	*13	*0.3	94	0.9	315	1.3	128	1.2	23	1.
mpairments												
Absence of arm(s)/hand(s)	35	0.1	*5	*0.1	*10	*0.1	*13	*0.1	•7	*0.1		
6' sence of leg(s)	191	0.4	*2	*0.0	33	0.3	93	0.4	55	0.5	*8	*0.
Ausence of fingers, toes, feet	109	0.2	*6	*0.1	36	04	49	0.2	*13	*0.1	*2	*0.
Other absence, NEC	186	0.4	*11	*0.3	47	0.4	88	0.4	39	0.4	*1	*0.
Complete paralysis of extremities	373	0.7	*10	*0.3	93	0.9	172	0.7	82	8.0	*16	*0.
Cerebral palsy	177	0.3	86	2.2	72	0.7	18	0.1	*1	*0.0		
Partial paralysis of extremities	380	0.7	•9	*0.2	48	0.4	164	0.7	137	1.3	22	1.
Paralysis of other sites	122	0.2	*13	0.4	25	0.2	53	0.2	25	0.2	*6	•0
Curvature of back or spine	534	1.0	56	1.5	287	2.6	155	0.6	33	0.3	*3	•0
Other impairment of back	2,593	4.9	26	0.7	1,154	10.6	1,186	4.7	200	1.8	27	1
Spina bifida	36	0.1	*14	*0.4	17	0.2	*5	*0.0	*1	*0.0		
Impairment of upper extremities	822	1.6	35	0.9	361	3.3	341	1.4	73	0.7	*12	•0
Impairment of lower extremities	2,791	5.3	183	4.8	1,047	9.6	1,014	4.0	433	4.0	115	5
Other orthopedic impairment	211	0.4	*11	*0.3	<sup>7</sup> 5	0.7	84	0.3	32	0.3	*8	*0.
Speech impairment	421	0.8	234	6.1	53	0.5	83	0.3	44	0.4	*7	*0.
Blind in both eyes	301	0.6	*15	*0.4	53	0.5	88	0.4	100	0.9	46	2.
Cataracts	572	1.1	•9	*0.2	25	0.2	189	8.0	256	2.3	93	4.
Glaucoma	312	0.6	*1	*0.0	19	0.2	122	0.5	131	1.2	38	1.
Other visual impairment/eye disorders_	1,715	3.3	141	3.7	404	3.7	575	2.3	438	4.0	158	7.
Deaf in both ears	221	0.4	31	0.8	56	0.5	62	0.2	50	0.5	21	1.
Other hearing impairment/ear disorders	1,184	2.2	249	6.5	227	2.1	371	1.5	249	2.3	89	4.

<sup>•</sup> Figure has low statistical reliability or precision (relative standard error exceeds 30 percent)



TABLE 6B: PREVALENCE OF ACTIVITY LIMITATION DUE TO CHRONIC CONDITIONS, BY ALL CAUSES OF LIMITATION, AGE, AND GENDER: UNITED STATES CIVILIAN NONINGITUTIONALIZED POPULATION, 1983-1985 (THREE-YEAR AVERAGE)—CONTINUED

All Causes of Limitation		ges	Unde	er 18		14	45-4	9	<u>70-</u>	84	85	+
<b>.</b>				Number	of condition	s in thousa	nds and perce	ent distributi	on			
<u>Digastive</u>												
Ulcers_	429	0.8	*6	*0.1	81	0.7	257	1.0	78	0.7	*8	*0.4
Abdominai hemia	595	1.1	•9	*0.2	105	1.0	336	1.3	128	1.2	17	0.8
Enteritis and colitis	138	0.3	*8	•0 2	43	0.4	75	0.3	*10	*0.1	*2	*0.1
Cancer of digestive sites		0.4	*1	*0.0	*14	*0.1	114	0.5	48	0.4	•9	*0.4
Other digestive disorders	775	1.5	36	0.9	142	1.3	387	1.5	176	1.6	34	1.6
Circulatory												
Rheumatic fever	204	0.4	•7	*0.2	52	0.5	114	0.5	27	0.3	•3	*0.1
Ischemic heart disease	2,423	4.6	*1	<b>*</b> 0.0	97	0.9	1,581	6.3	683	6.3	61	2.9
Heart rhythm disorders	598	1.1	39	1.0	79	0.7	288	1.1	170	1.6	23	1.1
Other heart disease	2,350	4.5	67	1.8	187	1.7	1,230	4.9	714	6.6	151	7.2
Hypertension	3,506	6.6	*10	*0.3	311	2.9	2,313	9.2	780	7.2	92	4.4
Cerebrovascular disease	939	1.8	*6	*0.1	34	0.3	430	1.7	396	3.6	74	3.5
Arteriosclerosis	363	0.7			*6	*0.1	153	0.6	151	1.4	52	2.5
Phlebitis, varicose veins	470	0.9	*3	*0.1	84	3.0	307	1.2	70	0.6	•7	*0.3
Other circulatory	612	1.2	*4	*0.1	60	0.6	329	1.3	182	1.7	37	1.8
Respiratory												
Chronic bronchitis	301	0.6	40	1.0	41	0.4	151	0.6	62	0.6	•6	*0.3
Asthma		3.4	608	15.9	547	50	493	2.0	127	1.2	*8	*0.4
Hay fever	253	0.5	76	2.0	112	1.0	Ę٩	0.2	*9	*0.1		
Sinusitis		0.3	*11	*0.3	23	02	69	0.3	28	0.3	1	*0.2
Emphysema	994	1.9	*2	*0.0	29	0.3	650	26	297	2.7	*16	*0.8
Lung or bronchial cancer	125	0.2	-		•4	*0.0	81	0.3	39	0.4	•2	*0.1
Other respiratory disease	564	1.1	41	1.1	65	0.6	330	1.3	119	1.1	•8	*0.4

<sup>\*</sup> Figure has low statistical reliability or precision (relative standard error exceeds 30 percent)

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TABLE 6B: PREVALENCE OF ACTIVITY LIMITATION DUE TO CHRONIC CONDITIONS, BY ALL CAUSES OF LIMITATION, AGE, AND GENDER: UNITED STATES CIVILIAN NONINSTITUTIONALIZED POPULATION, 1983-1985 (THREE-YEAR AVERAGE)—CONTINUED

All Causes of Limitation		208	Unde	r 18	18-	<u> </u>	45-	<u> </u>		84	85	<u>;</u>
Miscellaneous				Number	r of condition	s in thousa	nds a.n.' perc	ent distributi	ion			
Diabetes	2,111	4.0	23	0.6	222	2.0	1,284	5.1	535	4.9	47	2.2
Anemias	168	0.3	29	0.8	40	0.4	57	0.2	23	0.2	•13	*0.€
(idney disorders	344	0.7	20	0.5	75	0.7	174	0.7	61	0.6	*14	*0.7
emale genital disorders	- 271	0.5	*12	*0.3	111	1.0	118	0.5	28	0.3	•1	*0.1
Schizophrenia/other psychoses	253	0.5	21	0.5	127	1.2	88	0.4	*13	*0.1	•4	*O.:
leuroses/personality disorders		0.8	54	1.4	158	1.4	168	0.7	26	0.1	•3	*0.2
Other mental illness	601	1.1	269	7.1	124	1.1	162	0.6	44	0.4	•2	*0.
Alchohol or drug dependency	104	0.2	*10	*0.3	56	0.5	36	0.0	•2	*0.0	2	U.
Mental retardation	1,047	2.0	629	16.5	334	3.1	75	0.1	•7	*0.1	•2	<b>*</b> 0.
<b>Epilepsy</b>	444	0.8	78	2.0	244	2.2	105	0.4	*16	*0.1	*1	•0. •0.
Aultiple sclerosis	127	0.2	-	2.0	53	0.5	66	0.3	*9	*0.1	'	0.
Senility		0.9	•	•	~	0.5	81	0.3	201	1.8	187	8.9
Parkinson's disease	146	0.3	•	•	•4	*0.0	53	0.3	74	0.7	*15	•0.3 •0.3
Other nervous disorders		1.7	70	1.8	279	2.6	388	1.6	133	1.2	*14	•0.;
uberculosis (all sites)	114	0.2	•3	*0.1	29	0.3	66	0.3	*15	*0.1	*1	*0.0
Other infectious/parasitic diseases		0.2	•11	*0.3	55	0.5	45	0.3	22	0.1	•3	
eukemia	58	0.1	•9	*0.2	•7	*0.1	29	0.2	*13	*0.1	•1	*0.2
Cancer of female breast	159	0.1	•	0.2	19	0.1	101	0.1	34	0.1	*5	*0.0
Cancer of genitourinary sites	173	0.3	•2	<b>*</b> 0.1	20	0.2	96	0.4	48	0.3	*8	*0.2
cancer of all other sites, NEC_	190	0.4	•10	*0.3	20 36	0.2	100	0.4	39	0.4	•5	*0.4
Surgical/medical complications	454	0.9	*10	*0.3	96	0.9	240	1.0	96	0.4	*13	*0.2
Other injuries	359	0.5	23	0.5	114	1.0	152	0.6	58	0.5		*0.6
Other ill-defined conditions	_ 1,361	2.6	23 78	2.0	334	3.1	681	0.6 2.7	228	0.5 2.1	*12	*0.6
All other chronic conditions	_ 1,301 _ 1,814	2.6 3.4	233	2.0 6.1	334 484	3.1 4.4	752	3.0	228 300	2.1 2.8	40 45	1.9 2.2

<sup>\*</sup> Figure has low statistical reliability or precision (relative standard error exceeds 30 percent)



#### TABLE 6B: PREVALENCE OF ACTIVITY LIMITATION DUE TO CHRONIC CONDITIONS, BY ALL CAUCES OF LIMITATION, AGE, AND GENDER: UNITED STATES CIVILIAN NONINSTITUTIONALIZED POPULATION, 1983-1935 (THREE-YEAR AVERAGE)—CONTINUED

-	_	_					oles					
All Causes of Limitation	All A	ges	Und	er 18	18-	44	45	69		-84	85	5+
				Numbe	or of condition	ns in thouse	ands and perc	ent distribu	tion			
All conditions	23,581	100.0	2,279	100.0	5,380	100.0	11,113	100.0	4,195	100.0	613	100.0
Skin and musculoskeletal												
Rheumatoid arthritis	172	0.7	•4	*0.2	33	0.6	104	0.9	31	0.7		
Osteoarthritis/other arthropathies	1,686	7.1	*6	*0.3	190	3.5	1,016	9.1	412	9.8	62	10.
Intervertebral disk disorders	887	3.8	•2	<b>'</b> 0.1	379	7.0	453	4.1	52	1.2	•2	*0.
Osteomyelitis/bone disorders	161	0.7	20	0.9	43	0.8	77	0.7	20	0.5	*1	*0.
Bursitis	98	0.4	•1	*0.0	30	0.6	52	0.5	*15	*0.4		
Psoriasis and dermatitis	73	0.3	18	0.8	21	0.4	20	0.3	.3	*0.1	*1	• • • •
Skin cancer	25	0.1			•6	*0.1	*11	*0.1	*6	*0.1	•2	*U.
Bone cancer	21	0.1			*1	*0.0	*10	*0.1	*9	*0.2	*1	*0.
Other skin and musculoskeletal	265	1.1	*5	*0.2	44	0.8	148	1.3	60	1.4	*8	•1.
mpairments												
Absence of arm(s)/hand(s)	30	0.1	•3	*0.1	*8	*0.2	*13	*0.1	*6	*0.1		
Absence of leg(s)	136	0.6	*1	*0.1	29	0.5	67	0.6	34	0.8	*5	*0.
Absence of fingers, toes, feet	86	0.4	*2	*0.1	36	0.7	38	0.3	•7	*0.2	•2	•0
Other absence, NEC	93	0.4	•7	*0.3	28	0.5	43	0.4	*15	*0.4		
Complete paralysis of extremities	232	1.0	*4	*0.2	67	1.2	108	1.0	45	1.1	*8	*1
Cerebral palsy	94	0.4	48	2.1	<b>56</b>	0.7	*10	*0.1		•		
Partial paralysis of extremities	207	0.9	•7	*0.3	34	0.6	94	8.0	63	1.5	•9	*1
Paralysis of other sites	71	0.3	*9	*0.4	*10	*0.3	32	0.3	*10	*0.2	•3	•0
Curvature of back or spine	182	0.8	*15	*0.6	115	2.1	45	0.4	*6	*0.1	*1	•0
Other impairment of back	1,241	5.3	*12	*0.5	569	10.6	575	5 2	76	1.8	•9	*1
Spina bifida	19	0.1	•7	*0.3	•9	*0.2	*3	*0.0	•	•		
mpairment of upper extremities	472	2.0	22	1.0	238	4.4	188	1.7	24	0.6		
mpairment of lower extremities	1,437	6.1	90	3.9	646	12.0	529	4.8	146	3.5	26	4
Other orthopedic impairment	99	0.4	•4	*0.2	45	0.8	36	0.3	*10	*0.2	*4	•0
Speech impairment	273	1.2	157	6.9	35	0.7	<b>£</b> 1	05	27	0.6	2	0
Blind in both eyes	152	0.6	*11	*0.5	30	0.6	50	0.5	44	1.1	17	2
Cataracts	209	0.9	*5	*0.2	*13	<b>~</b> 0.2	76	0.7	89	2.1	25	4
Glaucoma	122	0.5	*1	*0.1	*12	*0.2	49	0.4	44	1.1	*14	•2
Other visual impairment/eye disorders_	842	3.6	90	3.9	267	5.0	274	2.5	167	4.0	46	7
Deaf in both ears	111	0.5	*15	*0.7	31	0.6	32	0.3	22	0.5	*10	*1.
Other hearing impairment/ear disorders	641	2.7	141	6.2	141	2.6	197	1.8	128	3.1	33	5.

<sup>\*</sup> Figure has low statistical reliability or precision (relative standard error exceeds 30 percent)



#### TABLE 6B: PREVALENCE OF ACTIVITY LIMITATION DUE TO CHRONIC CONDITIONS, BY ALL CAUSES OF LIMITATION, AGE, AND GENDER: UNITED STATES CIVILIAN NONINSTITUTIONALIZED POPULATION, 1983-1985 (THREE-YEAR AVERAGE)—CONTINUED

						Mai	ies					
All Causes of Limitation	AII A	200	Unde	or 18	18-	44	45-	69	70-	84	8.	5+
<u>Digestive</u>				Numbe	r of condition	ns in thousar	nds and perc	ent distribut	ion			
Ulcers	209	0.9	•3	*0.1	45	0.8	125	1.1	33	0.8	*2	*0.3
Abdominal hemia		1.2	•4	*0.2	55	1.0	153	1.4	51	1.2	*8	*1.3
Enteritis and colitis		0.2	•3	*0.1	*15	*0.3	20	0.2	*4	*0.1	•	1.3
Cancer of digestive sites		0.4			*8	*0.1	64	0.6	20	0.1	•5	*0.9
Other digestive disorders	267	1.1	*15	*0.7	50	0.9	141	1.3	54	1.3	•7	*1.1
<u>Circulatory</u>												
Rheumatic fever	48	0.2	*3	*0.1	*12	*0.2	28	0.3	•4	*0.1		
Ischemic heart disease	1,395	5.9	*1	*0.0	72	1.3	6.28	9.0	311	7.4	*14	*2.3
Heart rhythm disorders	252	1.1	25	1.1	25	0.5	129	1.2	68	1.6	*5	*0.8
Other heart disease	1,073	4.5	42	1.8	71	1.3	627	5.6	286	6.8	47	7.6
Hypertension	1,172	5.0	•7	*C.3	105	2.0	807	7.3	236	5.6	*16	*2.6
Cerebrovascular disease	507	2.1	•2	*0.1	*14	*0.3	255	2.3	209	5.0	26	4.2
Arteriosclerosis	188	0.8	-	•	*4	*0.1	106	1.0	64	1.5	*14	*2.3
Phlebitis, varicose veins	124	0.5	•1	*0.0	20	0.4	77	0.7	26	0.6	*1	*0.1
Other circulatory	313	1.3	•1	*0.1	22	0.4	182	1.6	93	2.2	*15	*2.4
Respiratory												
Chronic bronchitis	122	0.5	19	8.0	*15	*/).3	64	0.6	23	0.6		
Asthma	785	3.3	363	15.9	205	3.8	169	1.5	46	1.1	•2	*0.4
Hay fever	116	0.5	47	2.0	54	1.0	13	0.1	3	0.1	~	0.4
Sinusitis	58	0.2	•6	10.3	•9	*0.2	26	0.1	*15	*0.4	•2	*0.3
Emphysema	683	2.9	•1	*0.0	17	0.3	445	4.0	207	4.9	*13	*2.2
Lung or bronchial cancer	87	0.4			•3	*0.1	53	0.5	29	4. <del>3</del> 0.7	13 *2	*0.3
Other respiratory disease_	360	1.5	23	1.0	37	0.7	208	1.9	85	2.0	6	0.3

<sup>\*</sup> Figure has low statistical reliability or precision (relative standard error exceeds 30 percent)

SOURCE: National Health Interview Surveys, 1983-1985: original tabulations from public use tapes



#### TABLE 6B: PREVALENCE OF ACTIVITY LIMITATION DUE TO CHRONIC CONDITIONS, BY ALL CAUSES OF LIMITATION, AGE, AND GENDER: UNITED STATES CIVILIZIN NONINSTITUTIONALIZED POPULATION, 1983-1985 (THREE-YEAR AVERAGE)—CONTINUED

						Mal	••					
All Causes of Limitation	JII As	7 <u>10 </u>	Unde	r 18	18-4	14	45-6	19		<u>и</u>	85	<u>+</u>
				Number	of condition	s in thousan	ds and perce	ent distributi	on			
Miscellaneous												
Diabetes	830	3.5	*10	*0.4	107	2.0	528	4.7	170	4.1	*15	*2.4
Anemias	42	0.2	•11	*0.5	*10	*0.2	*11	<b>*</b> 0.1	•6	*0.1	•3	*0.6
Kidney disorders	123	0.5	•9	*0.4	24	0.4	63	0.6	24	0.6	*4	*0.6
Female genital disorders	na	na	na	na	na	na	na	na	na	n <b>a</b>	na	na
Schizophrenia/other psychoses	158	0.7	*16	*0.7	88	1.6	44	0.4	•7	*0.2	*2	*0.3
Neuroses/personality disorders	193	0.8	37	1.6	77	1.4	68	0.6	*10	<b>*</b> 0.3		
Other mental illness	355	1.5	207	9.1	59	1.1	73	0.7	*15	*0.4	•	
Alchohol or drug dependency	77	0.3	•6	*0.3	39	0.7	30	0.3	•2	<b>*</b> 0.0	•	
Mental retardation	646	2.7	407	17.9	195	3.6	39	0.3	•3	*0.1	*1	*0.2
F.pilepsy	257	1.1	41	1.8	136	2.5	68	0.6	*10	*0.2	*1	*0.1
Multiple sclerosis	47	0.2			20	0.4	23	0.2	•3	<b>*</b> 0.1		
Senility	162	0.7				•	24	0.2	80	1.9	58	9.4
Parkinson's disease	80	0.3			•2	*0.0	30	0.3	44	1.0	•4	<b>*</b> 0.6
Other nervous disorders	344	1.5	44	1.9	107	2.0	135	1.2	52	1.2	6	0.9
Tuberculosis (all sites)	34	0.1		•	*8	າ.2	21	0.2	•4	<b>°</b> 0.1		
Other infectious/parasitic diseases	69	0.3	•6	*0.3	33	0.6	23	0.2	•6	*0.1	*1	*0.1
Leukomia	31	0.1	•7	*0.3	•2	<b>*</b> 0.0	*;,,	<b>*</b> 0.1	•7	*0.2	•1	*0.1
Cancer of genitourinary sites	91	0.4	*1	<b>°</b> 0.0	*2	<b>*</b> 0.0	46	0.4	37	0.9	•5	*0.8
Cancer of all other sites, NEC	99	0.4	•6	*0.3	*16	*0.3	56	0.5	20	0.5	•1	*0.1
Surgical/medical complications	167	0.7	•6	*0.3	38	C.7	80	0.7	39	0.9	•4	*0.6
Other injuries	178	0.8	*15	<b>°</b> 0.6	68	1.3	69	0.6	22	0.5	•4	*0.6
Other ill-defined conditions	551	2.3	43	1.9	150	2.8	273	2.5	75	1.8	*12	*1.9
All other chronic conditions	741	3.1	132	5.8	185	3.4	288	2.6	118	2.8	18	3.0

<sup>\*</sup> Figure has low statistical reliability or precision (relative standard error exceeds 30 percent)

SOURCE: National Health interview Surveys, 1993-1985: original tabulations from public use tapes



TABLE 6B: PREVALENCE OF ACTIVITY LIMITATION DUE TO CHRONIC CONDITIONS, BY ALL CAUSES OF LIMITATION, AGE, AND GENDER: UNITED STATES CIVILIAN NONINSTITUTIONALIZED POPULATION, 1983-1985 (THREE-YEAR AVERAGE)—CONTINUED

-						Fen	nales	<u> </u>				
All Causes of Limitation	AII A	l <i>ges</i>	Und	or 18	18-	44	45	69	70	-84	84	5+
				Numbe	r of condition	ns in thouse	ands and perc	ent distribu	tion			
All conditions	29,136	100.0	1,537	100.0	5,514	100.0	13,913	100.0	6,689	100.0	1,482	100.0
Skin and musculoskeletal												
Rheumatoid arthritis	474	1.6	•7	*0.5	88	1.6	284	2.0	87	1.3	*8	*0.5
Osteoarthritis/other arthropathies	3,797	13.0	*8	*0.5	278	5.1	2,083	15.0	1,181	17.7	245	16.6
Intervertebral disk disorders	812	2.8		0.0	289	5.2	451	3.2	65	1.0	<b>*</b> 6	*0.4
Osteomyelitis/bone disorders	391	1.3	*13	*0.8	49	0.9	203	1.5	108	1.6	19	1.3
Bursitis	155	0.5	*1	*0.0	46	0.8	203 87	0.6	20	0.3	*1	*0.0
Psoriasis and dermatitis	116	0.4	*13	*0.8	54	1.0	40	0.3	*8	*0.1	*1	*0.1
Skin cancer	18	0.1		0.0	•2	*0.0	*8	*0.1	•7	*0.1	••	*0.0
Bone cancer	31	0.1	•i	*0.0	•4	*0.1	*14	*0.1	*11	*0.2	••	*0.
Other skin and musculoskeletal	308	1.1	*8	*0.5	57	0.9	168	1.2	68	1.0	*14	*1.0
m <u>pairments</u>												
Absency of arm(s)/hand(s)	•5	*0.0	*1	*0.1	•2	<b>*</b> 0.0	*1	*0.0	*1	*0.0		
Absence of leg(s)	55	0.2	*1	*0.0	*5	*0.1	26	0.2	21	0.3	*2	*0.2
Absence of fingers, toes, feet	24	0.1	*4	*0.2	*3	*0.1	*11	*0.1	•6	*0.1	- :	•
Other absence, NEC	92	0.3	*4	*0.2	19	0.3	45	0.3	24	0.4	*1	*0.0
Complete paralysis of extremities	141	0.5	•7	*0.5	26	0.5	64	0.5	38	0.6	•9	*0.0
Cerebral paisy	83	0.3	37	2.4	36	0.7	*8	*0.1	*1	*0.0		•
Partir' aralysis of extremities	172	0.6	*1	*0.1	*14	*0.2	70	0.5	74	1.1	*14	*0.9
Paralysis of other sites	51	0.2	*4	*0.3	•9	*0.2	20	0.1	*15	*0.2	•3	*0.2
Curvature of hack or spine	352	1.2	42	2.7	172	3.1	109	0.8	27	0.4	•2	*0.1
Other impairment of back	1,352	4.6	*14	*0.9	585	10.6	611	4.4	123	1.8	18	1.2
Spina bifida	18	0.1	•7	*0.5	*8	*0.1	*2	*0.0	*1	10.0		
mpairment of upper extremities	350	1.2	*13	*0.9	122	2.2	153	1.1	49	0.7	*12	*0.8
mpairment of lower extremities	1,354	4.6	94	6.1	401	7.3	484	3.5	287	۰.، 4.ئ	88	5.9
Other orthopedic impairment	111	0.4	•7	*0.5	30	0.5	48	0.3	22	0.3	*4	*0.3
Speech impairment	148	0.5	77	5.0	18	0.3	31	0.2	17	0.3	•5	*0.3
Nind in both eyes	149	0.5	•4	*0.3	23	0.4	38	0.3	55	0.8	29	1.9
Cataracts	363	1.2	•3	*0.2	*12	*0.2	113	0.8	166	2.5	67	4.5
Blaucoma	190	0.7	·		•7	*0.1	72	0.5	87	2.5 1.3	24	4.5 1.6
Other visual impairment/eye disorders	872	3.0	51	3.3	137	2.5	300	2.2	271	4.1	112	7.6
Deaf in both ears	110	0.4	*15	*1.0	25	0.5	30	0.2	2/1 28	4.1 0.4	*11	*0.8
Other hearing impairment/ear disorders	543	1.9	108	7.0	86	1.6	174	1.3	26 121	1.8	-11 55	3.7

<sup>\*</sup> Figure has low statistical reliability or precision (relative standard error exceeds 30 percent)



TABLE 6B: PREVALENCE OF ACTIVITY LIMITATION DUE TO CHRONIC CONDITIONS, BY ALL CAUSES OF LIMITATION, AGE, AND GENDER: UNITED STATES CIVILIAN NONINSTITUTIONALIZED POPULATION, 1983-1985 (THREE-YEAR AVERAGE)—CONTINUED

						Ferr	ales	_				
All Causes of Limitation	All A	208	Unde	r 18	18-	14	45-	69	70-	B4	85	<u>+</u>
Dimossica				Number	of condition	s in thousa	nds and perc	ent distributi	on			
<u>Diaestive</u>												
Ulcers	221	0.8	*3	*0.2	36	0.6	132	0.9	45	0.7	*6	*0.4
Abdominal hemia	323	1.1	*4	*0.3	50	0.9	183	1.3	76	1.1	•9	*0.6
Enteritic and colitis	96	0.3	*4	*0.3	29	0.5	55	0.4	*6	<b>*</b> 0.1	*2	*0.1
Cancer of digestive sites	88	0.3	*1	*0.1	•6	*0.1	50	0.4	27	0.4	*4	*0.2
Other digestive disorders	508	1.7	21	1.3	92	1.7	246	1.8	122	1.8	27	1 S
<u>Circulatory</u>												
Rheumatic fever	156	0.5	•4	*0.3	40	0.7	86	0.6	24	0.4	*3	*0.2
Ischemic heart disease	1,028	3.5			25	0.5	583	4.2	372	5.6	47	3.2
Heart rhythm disorders	346	1.2	*14	*0.9	53	1.0	159	1.1	101	1.5	18	1.2
Other heart disease	1,277	4.4	25	1.6	117	2.1	603	4.3	428	6.4	104	7.0
Hypertension	2,334	8.0	*2	*0.2	206	3.7	1,506	10.8	544	8.1	76	5 1
Cerebrovascular disease	432	1.5	*3	*0.2	19	0.4	175	1.3	186	2.8	48	3.2
Artariosclerosis	174	0.6			*2	*0.0	47	03	87	1.3	38	2.5
Phlebitis, varicose veins	347	1.2	*2	*0.1	64	1.2	230	1.6	44	0.7	•6	*0.4
Other circulatory	299	1.0	*3	*0.2	38	0.7	147	1.1	89	1.3	22	1.5
Respiratory												
Chronic bronchitis	179	0.6	21	1.4	27	0.5	87	0.6	39	06	*6	*0.4
Asthma	998	3.4	245	15.9	342	6.2	325	2.3	81	1.2	*6	*0.4
Hay fever	137	0.5	30	1.9	58	1.1	43	0.3	6	0.1		
Sinusitis	77	0.3	*4	*0.3	*14	*0.3	42	0.3	*13	*0 2	*2	*0.1
Emphysema	311	1.1	*1	*0.0	*12	*0.2	205	1.5	91	1.4	*3	*0.2
Lung or bronchial cancer	38	0.1			*1	*0.0	28	0.2	*10	*0.1		
Other respiratory disease	204	0.7	17	1,1	28	0.5	123	0.9	34	0.5	*3	*0.2

<sup>\*</sup> Figure has low statistical reliability or precision (relative standard error exceeds 30 percent)



TABLE 6B: PREVALENCE OF ACTIVITY LIMITATION DUE TO CHRONIC CONDITIONS, BY ALL CAUSES OF LIMITATION, AGE, AND GENDER: UNITED STATES CIVILIAN NONINSTITUTIONALIZED POPULATION, 1983-1985 (THREE-YEAR AVERAGE)—CONTINUED

						Femi	aies					
All Causes of Limitation		708	Unde	or 18	18-	4	45-	69	70-	84	85	i+
Miscellaneous				Numbe	r of condition	s in thousar	nds and perc	ent distributi	ion			
Diabetes	1,281	4.4	*12	*0.8	115	2.1	756	5.4	365	5.5	32	2.2
Anemias	126	0.4	18	1.2	36	0.7	46	0.3	17	0.3	•9	*0.6
Kidney disorders	221	0.8	*11	*0.7	51	0.7	111	0.8	38	0.6	•11	*0.7
Female genital disorders	270	0.9	•12	*0.8	111	2.0	118	0.8	28	0.4	- 4	*0.1
Schizophrenia/other psychoses	95	0.3	•4	*0.3	39	0.7	44	0.3	•6	*0.1	•2	*0.2
Neuroses/personality discrders	216	0.7	17	1.1	80	1.5	100	0.7	•16	*0.2	•3	*0.2
Other mental illness	246	0.8	62	4.0	65	1.2	89	0.7	29	0.4	•2	*0.1
Alchohol or drug dependency	27	0.1	•3	*0.2	17	0.3	•7	*0.0	20	0.4	_	0.1
Mental retardation		7.4	222	14.4	139	2.5	<b>36</b>	0.3	•4	*0.1	•i	•0.0
Epilepsy	187	0.6	37	2.4	107	1.9	37	0.3	•6	*0.1	• •	*0.0
Multiple sclerosis	81	0.3	•	~	33	0.6	43	0.3	•5	*0.1	•	0.0
Senility	306	1.1	•	•		0.0	57	0.4	120	1.8	129	8.7
Parkinson's disease	66	0.2	•	•	•1	*0.0	23	0.2	30	0.5	*12	*0.8
Other nervous disorders	540	1.9	24	1.6	172	3.1	255	1.8	81	1.2	•7	*0.5
Tuberculosis (all sites)	80	0.3	•3	*0.2	20	0.4	44	0.3	*12	*0.2	•1	*0.1
Other infectious/parasitic diseases	68	0.2	•5	*0.3	22	0.4	22	0.2	17	0.2	•3	*0.2
Leukemia	27	0.1	•2	*0.1	•5	*0.1	*14	*0.1	•7	*0.1	3	0.2
Cancer of female breast	159	0.5	<del>-</del>	<b>U.</b> 1	19	0.3	101	0.7	34	0.5	•5	*0.3
Cancer of genitourinary sites	82	0.3	*1	*0.1	18	0.3	50	0.4	*11	*0.2	•3	*0.2
Cancer of all other sites, NEC	91	0.3	•4	*0.3	20	0.4	45	0.3	:8	0.2	•4	*0.3
Surgical/medical complications	287	1.0	•4	*0.2	57	1.0	159	1.1	.o 57	0.9	•9	*0.6
Other injuries	182	0.6	•9	*0.6	46	0.8	82	0.6	36	0.5	•9	*0.6
Other ill-defined conditions	810	2.8	35	2.3	184	3.3	409	2.9	153	2.3	28	1.9
All other chronic conditions	1,074	3.7	101	6.6	299	5.4	465	3.3	182	2.3 2.7	26 27	1.8

<sup>\*</sup> Figure has low statistical reliability or precision (relative standard error exceeds 30 percent)



TABLE 7A: PREVALENCE OF WORK LIMITATION DUE TO CHRONIC CONDITIONS, BY MAIN CAUSE OF LIMITATION, AGE, AND GENDER: UNITED STATES CIVILIAN NONINSTITUTIONALIZED POPULATION, AGES 18-69, 1983-1985 (THREE-YEAR AVERAGE)

									Ma	ies		
Main Cause of Limitation	All A	l <i>ges</i>	18	-44	_45-	69	AII A	ges	18-	-44	45	-69
				Numb	er of condition	ns in thousa	nds and perd	ent distribut	tion			
All conditions	17,395	100.0	5,983	100.0	11,412	100.0	8,461	100.0	3,059	100.0	5,402	100.0
Skin and musculoskeletal												
Rheumatoid arthritis	324	1.9	77	1.3	247	2.2	94	1.1	25	0.8	69	1.3
Osteoarthritis/other arthropathies	1,692	9.7	225	3.8	1.468	12.9	576	6.8	94	3.1	482	8.9
Intervertebral disk disorders	1,068	6.1	504	8.4	563	4.9	584	6.9	296	9.7	288	5.3
Osteomyelitis/bone disorders	176	1.0	46	0.8	130	1.1	59	0.7	20	0.7	39	0.7
Bursitis	72	0.4	30	0.5	42	0.4	26	0.3	*13	*0.4	*13	*0.2
Psoriasis and dermatitis	58	0.3	26	0.4	32	0.3	21	0.3	•7	*0.2	*14	*0.3
Skin cancer	*13	*0.1	•2	*0.0	*11	*0.1	*5	*0.1	•1	*0.0	*5	*0.1
Bone cancer	22	0.1	•2	*0.0	20	0.2	*8	*0.1	•	0.0	*8	*0.1
Other skin and musculoskeletal	148	0.8	38	0.6	110	1.0	58	0.7	*16	<b>*</b> 0.5	42	0.8
mpairments												
Absence of arm(s)/hand(s)	*14	*0.1	*9	*0.1	*6	*0.0	*12	*0.1	•7	*0.2	•6	*0.1
Absence of leg(s)	85	0.5	25	0.4	61	0.5	64	0.8	22	0.7	43	0.8
Absence of fingers, toes,feet	39	0.2	19	03	19	0.2	33	0.4	17	0.6	*16	*0.3
Other absence, NEC	60	0.3	24	0.4	35	0.3	33	0.4	17	0.5	*16	*0.3
Complete paralysis of extremities	159	0.9	68	1.1	91	0.8	116	1.4	52	1.7	64	1.2
Cerebral palsy	69	0.4	55	0.9	*14	*0.1	36	0.4	28	0.9	*8	*0.1
Partial paralysis of extremities	83	0.5	29	0.5	54	0.5	55	0.7	25	0.8	30	0.6
Paralysis of other sites	35	0.2	18	0.3	17	0.2	22	0.3	*13	*0.4	*10	*0.2
Curvature of back or spine	271	1.6	183	3.1	88	0.8	100	1.2	77	2.5	23	0.4
Other impairment of back	1,424	8.2	72 <i>1</i>	12.1	697	6.1	716	8.5	362	11.8	354	6.6
Spina bifida	*14	*0.1	*12	*0.2	*3	*0.0	•7	*0.1	*5	*0.2	•2	*0.0
Impairment of upper extremities	330	1.9	192	3.2	138	1.2	210	2.5	126	4.1	85	1.6
mpairment of lower extremities	883	5.1	440	7.3	443	3.9	501	5.9	269	8.8	232	4.3
Other orthopedic impairment	87	0.5	39	0.6	49	0.~	48	0.6	24	8.0	23	0.4
Speech impairment	31	0.2	19	0.3	*12	*0.1	17	02	*14	*0.5	*4	*0.1
Blind in both eyes	91	0.5	35	C.6	56	0.5	56	0.7	21	0.7	35	0.6
Cataracts	67	0.4	*12	*0.2	54	0.5	29	0.3	*8	*0.2	22	0.4
Glaucoma	52	0.3	•7	*0.1	45	0.4	26	0.3	*4	*0.1	22	0.4
Other visual impairment/eye disorders	385	2.2	168	2.8	217	1.9	219	2.6	114	3.7	105	1.9
Deaf in both ears	76	0.4	47	0.8	29	0.3	40	05	25	0.8	*15	*0.3
Other hearing impairment/ear disorders	210	1.2	89	1.5	120	1.1	107	1.3	45	1.5	62	1.1

<sup>\*</sup> Figure has low statistical reliability or precision (relative standard error exceeds 30 percent)



TABLE 7A: PREVALENCE OF WORK LIMITATION DUE TO CHRONIC CONDITIONS, BY MAIN CAUSE OF LIMITATION, AGE, AND GENDER: UNITED STATES (. VILIAN NONINSTITUTIONALIZED POPULATION , AGES 18-69, 1983-1985 (THREE-YEAR AVERAGE)-CONTINUED

									Mai	es		
Main Cause of Limitation	AII A	708	18-	44	45-4	59	AII A	ges	18-	44	45-	<u>69</u>
				Numbe	er of condition	s in thousan	ds and perc	ent distributi	on			
<u>Digestive</u>												
Ulcers	82	0.5	26	0.4	56	0.5	49	0.6	*15	*0.5	34	0.6
Hemia		1.0	61	1.0	106	0.9	86	1.0	33	1.1	53	1.0
Enteritis and colitis	56	0.3	23	0.4	33	0.3	20	0.2	*11	*0.3	•9	*0.2
Cancer of digestive sites		0.5	*12	*0.2	70	0.6	46	0.5	•6	*0.2	39	0.7
Other digestive disorders	152	0.9	48	0.8	104	0.9	67	0.8	18	0.6	50	0.9
Circulatory												
Rheumatic fever	96	0.5	32	0.5	64	0.6	26	0.3	•9	*0.3	18	0.3
Ischemic heart disease		6.4	70	1.2	1,039	9.1	746	8.8	53	1.7	693	12.8
Heart rhythm disorders	148	0.8	36	0.5	117	1.0	69	0.8	•9	*0.3	60	1.1
Other heart disease	780	4.5	98	1.6	682	6.0	414	4.9	39	1.3	375	6.9
Hypertension	757	4.3	115	1.9	642	5.6	254	3.0	36	1.2	218	4.0
Cerebrovascular disease	263	1.5	20	0.3	243	2.1	166	2.0	*9	*0.3	157	2.9
Arteriosclerosis	67	0.4	*5	*0.1	62	0.5	49	0.6	*3	*0.1	46	0.8
Phlebitis, varicose veins	183	1.1	47	0.8	136	1.2	42	0.5	*10	*0.3	33	0.6
Other circulatory		1.0	30	0.5	138	1.2	88	1.0	*11	*0.4	77	1.4
Respiratory												
Chronic bronchitis	55	0.3	*14	*0.2	41	0.4	28	0.3	•6	*0.2	22	0.4
Asthma		2.8	270	4.5	221	1.9	185	22	109	3.6	76	1.4
Hay fever	65	0.4	51	0.9	*14	*0.1	29	0.3	28	0.9	*1	*0.0
Sinusitis		0.2	•7	*0.1	23	0.2	*11	*0.1	*3	*0.1	*9	*0.2
Emphysema	379	2.2	*13	*0.2	366	3.2	271	3.2	*8	*0.3	264	4.9
Lung or bronchial cancer	57	0.3	*2	*0.0	55	0.5	37	0.4	•2	*0.0	36	0.7
Other respiratory disease		1.0	31	0.5	145	1.3	110	1.3	18	0.6	93	1.7

<sup>\*</sup> Figure has low statistical reliability or precision (relative standard error exceeds 30 percent)



TABLE 7A: PREVALENCE OF WORK LIMITATION DUE TO CHRONIC CONDITIONS, BY MAIN CAUSE OF LIMITATION, AGE, AND GENDER: UNITED STATES CIVILIAN NONINSTITUTIONALIZED POPULATION, AGES 18-69, 1983-1985 (THREE-YEAR AVERAGE)--CONTINUED

							_		Mai	08		
Main Cause of Limitation	All A	ges	18-	44	45-6	19	AII_A	ges	18-	u	45-	69
Miscellaneous				Numbe	r of condition	s in thousan	nds and perc	ent distributi	on			
Diabetes	516	3.0	119	2.0	396	3.5	228	2.7	62	2.0	165	3.1
Anemias	44	0.3	20	0.3	23	0.2	*6	*0.1	•4	*0.1	*2	*0.0
Kidney disorders_	90	0.5	34	0.6	57	0.5	32	0.4	•12	*0.4	19	0.4
Female genital disorders	84	0.5	48	0.8	36	0.3	-		· -	<b></b>	,,,	0.4
Schizophrenia/other psychoses	174	1.0	106	1.8	€8	0.6	108	1.3	73	2.4	35	0.7
Neuroses/personality disorders		1.3	123	2.1	106	0.9	107	1.3	60	2.0	46	0.9
Other mental illness	156	0.9	71	1.2	85	0.7	77	0.9	35	1.1	42	0.8
Alchohol or drug dependency	60	0.3	39	0.7	21	0.2	46	0.5	27	0.9	18	0.3
Mental retardation		2.0	283	4.7	68	0.6	201	2.4	164	5.4	36	0.7
Epilepsy	212	1.2	159	2.7	53	0.5	126	1.5	92	3.0	34	0.6
Multiple sclerosis	92	0.5	39	0.7	53	0.5	35	0.4	*15	*0.5	20	0.4
Senility	53	0.3			53	0.5	17	0.2		0.0	17	0.3
Parkinson's disease	37	0.2	•2	*0.0	36	0.3	22	0.2	•2	*0.0	21	0.4
Other nervous disorders	359	2.1	156	2.6	202	1.8	141	1.7	67	2.2	74	1.4
Tuberculosis (all sites)	55	0.3	22	0.4	34	0.3	*14	*0.2	•7	*0.2	*8	*0.1
Other infectious/parasitic diseases	49	0.3	31	0.5	18	0.2	26	0.3	17	0.6	•9	*0.2
Leukemia	22	0.1	•4	*0.1	17	0.1	*11	*0.1	•2	*0.0	*10	*0.2
Cancer of female breast	61	0.4	13	0.2	49	0.4	na	na	na	na	na	na
Cancer of genitourinary sites	66	0.4	*9	*0.2	57	0.5	25	0.3	*1	*0.0	24	0.4
Cancer of all other sites, NEC	90	0.5	20	0.3	70	0.6	48	0.6	•9	*0.3	39	0.7
Surgical/medical complications	129	0.7	40	0.7	89	0.8	51	0.6	19	0.6	32	0.6
Other injuries	115	0.7	60	1.0	55	0.5	56	0.7	32	1.0	24	0.4
Other ill-defined conditions	448	2.6	171	2.9	277	2.4	205	2.4	83	2.7	121	2.2
All other chronic conditions	509	2.9	245	4.1	264	2.3	206	2.4	97	3.2	109	2.0

<sup>\*</sup> Figure has low statistical reliability or precision (relative standard error exceeds 30 percent)



## TABLE 7A: PREVALENCE OF WORK LIMITATION DUE TO CHRONIC CONDITIONS, BY MAIN CAUSE OF LIMITATION, AGE, AND GENDER: UNITED STATES CIVILIAN NONINSTITUTIONALIZED POPULATION, AGES 18-69, 1983-1985 (THREE-YEAR AVERAGE)--CONTINUED

		<u> </u>	Fem	ales		
Main Cause of Limitation	All A	gee	18-	44	.15-	69
	Numi	ber of condit	tions in thous	ands and p	ercent dis rib	u <b>tio</b> ri
All conditions	8,934	100.0	2,924	100.7	6,010	100.0
Skin and musculoskeletal						
Rheumatoid arthritis	230	2.6	52	1.8	178	3.0
Osteoarthritis/other arthropathies	1,115	12.5	130	4.5	986	16.4
Intervertebral disk disorders	484	5.4	208	7.1	275	4.6
Osteomyelitis/bone disorders	117	1.3	26	0.9	91	1.5
Bursitis	46	0.5	17	0.6	29	0.5
Psoriasis and dermatitis	37	0.4	19	0.7	18	0.3
Skin cancer	*8	*0.1	*1	*0.0	*6	*0.
Bone cancer	*14	*0.2	*2	*0.1	*12	*0.2
Other skin and musculoskeletal	89	1.0	21	0.7	68	1.1
mpairments						
Absence of arm(s)/hand(s)	•2	*0.0	•2	*0.1		
Abcance of leg(s)	21	0.2	*3	*0.1	18	0.3
Absence of fingers, toes, feet	*6	*0.1	*2	*0.1	*4	*C.*
Other absence, NEC	27	0.3	*8	*0.3	19	0.3
Complete paralysis of extremities	44	0.5	16	0.5	27	0.4
Cerebral palsy	33	0.4	27	0.9	*6	*0.
Partial paralysis of extremities	28	0.3	<b>-4</b>	*0.1	23	0.4
Paralysis of other sites	*13	*0.1	*6	*0.2	•7	*0.
Curvature of back or spine	171	1.9	106	3.6	65	1.1
Other impairment of back	708	7.9	3∪5	12.5	343	5 7
Spina bitida	•7	*0.1	*6	*0.2	*1	*0.0
Impairment of upper extremities	120	1.3	67	2.3	53	0.9
Impairment of lower extremities	381	4.3	170	5.8	211	3.5
Other orthopedic impairment	40	0.4	*15	*0.5	25	0.4
Speech impairment	*15	*0.2	*6	*0.2	*9	*0.1
Blind in both eyes	36	0.4	*14	*0.5	21	0.4
Cataracts	37	0.4	*5	*0.2	32	0.5
Glaucoma	26	0.3	*3	*0.1	23	0.4
Other visual impairment/eye disorders	166	1.9	54	1.8	113	1.9
Deaf in both ears	36	0.4	21	0.7	*15	*0.2
Other hearing impairment/ear disorders	103	1.2	45	1.5	59	1.0

<sup>\*</sup> Figure has low statistical reliability or precision (relative standard error exceeds 30 percent)

SOURCE: National Health Interview Jurveys, 1983-1985; original tabulations from public use tapes



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TABLE 7A: PREVALENCE OF WORK LIMITATION DUE TO CHRONIC CONDITIONS, BY MAIN CAUSE OF LIMITATION, AGE, AND GENDER: UNITED STATES CIVILIAN NONINSTITUTIONALIZED POPULATION, AGES 18-69, 1983-1985 (THREE-YEAR AVERAGE)--CONTINUED

			Fem	alos		
Main Cause of Limitation		<b>900</b>	18-	<u> </u>	45-	69
Digestive	Numb	er of conditi	ons in thous	ands and pe	rcent distribi	ution
<u>Digeosta</u>						
Ulcers	32	0.4	*11	*0.4	22	0.4
Hemia	81	0.9	28	1.0	53	0.9
Enteritis and colitis	36	0.4	*12	*0.4	24	0.4
Cancer of Jigestive sites	36	0.4	*5	*0.2	30	0.5
Other digestive disorders	84	0.9	30	1.0	54	0.9
<u>Circulatory</u>						
Rheumatic fever	69	0.8	23	0.8	46	0.8
Ischemic heart disease	363	4.1	17	0.6	346	5.8
Heart rhythm disorders	79	09	21	0.7	58	1.0
Other heart disease	366	4.1	59	2.0	306	5 1
Hypertension	502	5.6	78	2.7	424	7.1
Cerebrovascular disease	97	1.1	*10	*0.4	86	1.4
Arteriosclerosis	19	0.2	•2	*0 :	17	0.3
Phlebitis, varicose veins	141	1.6	37	1.3	104	1.7
Other circulatory	79	0.9	18	0 6	61	1.0
Respiratory						
Chronic bronchitis	27	0.3	*8	*0.3	19	0.3
Asthma	306	3.4	161	5.5	146	2.4
Hay fever	36	0.4	23	0.8	13	r 2
Sinusitis	18	0.2	•4	<b>*</b> 0.1	114	*0.2
Emphysema	108	1.2	•5	*0.2	102	1.7
Lung or bronchial cancer	20	0.2	•1	*0.0	19	0.3
Other respiratory disease	65	0.7	*13	*0.4	52	0.9

<sup>\*</sup> Figure has low statistical reliability or precision (relative standard error exceeds 30 percent)



TABLE 7A: PREVALENCE OF WORK LIMITATION DUE TO CHRONIC CONDITIONS, BY MAIN CAUSE OF LIMITATION, AGE, AND GENDER: UNITED STATES CIVILIAN NONINSTITUTIONALIZED POPULATION, AGES 18-69, 1983-1985 (THREE-YEAR AVERAGE)--CONTINUED

		_	Fem	r <u>!es</u>		_
Main Cause of Limitation	AH A	gee	18-	44	45-	59
Miscellaneous	Numb	er of conditi	ons in thous	ands and pe	rcent distribu	ution
INISCENIA IBVOS						
Diabetes	288	<b>3.2</b>	57	1.9	231	3.8
Anemias	37	0.4	*16	*0.5	21	0.4
Kidney dicorders	58	0.7	21	0.7	37	0.6
Female genital disorders	83	0.9	48	1.6	36	0.6
Schizophrenia/other psychoses	66	0.7	33	1.1	33	0.6
Neuroses/personality disorders	122	1.4	63	2.1	59	1.0
Other mental illness	78	0.9	35	1.2	43	0.7
Alchohol or drug dependency	*14	*0.2	*12	*0.4	*2	*0.0
Mental retardation	150	1.7	118	4.0	31	0.5
Epilepsy	86	1.0	67	2.3	19	0.3
Multiple scierosis	57	0.6	24	8.0	32	0.5
Senility	36	0.4	•		36	0.6
Parkinson's disease	*15	*0.2	•		*15	*0.2
Other nervous disorders	216	2.4	89	3.0	128	2.1
Tuberculosis (all sites)		0.5	*15	*0.5	2€	0.4
Other infectious/parasitic diseases	23	0.3	*14	*0.5	<b>'</b> 9	*0.1
Leukemia	*10	*0.1	*3	*0.1	•7	*0.1
Cancer of female breast	61	0.7	*13	*0.4	49	0.8
Cancer of genitourinary sites	41	0.5	*9	` ა.ვ	33	0.5
Cancer of all other sites, NEC	43	0.5	*12	*0.4	31	0.5
Surgical/medical complications	78	0.9	21	0.7	57	0.9
Other injuries	59	0.7	28	1.0	31	0.5
Other ill-defined conditions	243	2.7	88	3.0	155	2.6
All other chronic conditions	303	3.4	149	5.1	155	2.6

<sup>\*</sup> Figure has low statistical reliability or precision (relative standard error exceeds 30 percent)

TABLE 7B: PREVALENCE OF WORK LIMITATION DUE TO CHRONIC CONDITIONS, BY ALL CAUSES OF LIMITATION, AGE, AND GENDER: UNITED STATES CIVILIAN NONINSTITUTIONALIZED POPULATION, AGES 18-69, 1983-1985 (THREE-YEAR AVERAGE)

									Ms	les	_	
All Causes of Limitation	All A	ges	18-	44	45	69	A'l A	ges	18	-44	45	-69
				Numb	er of condition	ns in thousa	ands and perc	ent distribu	tion			
All conditions	28,316	100.0	7,962	100.0	20,354	100.0	13,623	100.0	4,018	100.0	9,606	100.0
Skin & musculoskeletal												
Rheumatoid arthritis	401	1.4	88	1,1	312	1.5	117	09	28	0.7	89	0.9
Osteoarthritis/other arthropathies	2,738	9.7	326	4.1	2,412	11.8	986	7.2	131	3.3	855	8.9
Intervertebral disk disorders	1,261	4.5	540	6.8	721	3.5	691	5.1	320	8.0	371	3.9
Osteomyelitis/bon. 'sorders_	279	1.0	63	0.8	216	1.1	92	0.7	30	0.7	63	0.7
Bursitis	150	0.5	49	0.6	100	0.5	58	0.4	20	0.5	38	0.4
Psoriasis and dermatitis	101	0.4	43	0.5	58	0.3	36	0.3	*10	*0.2	26	0.3
Skin cancer	19	0.1	•3	*C.O	*16	*0.1	*11	*0.1	•2	*0.0	*9	*0.1
Bone cancer	27	0.1	•4	*00	23	0.1	*10	*0.1	•1	*0.0	•9	*0.1
Other skin and musculoskeleta!	318	1.1	58	0.7	259	1.3	153	1.1	28	0.7	125	1.3
<u>mpairments</u>												
Absence of arm(s)/hand(s)	18	0.1	•9	*0.1	*10	*0.0	*16	*0.1	•7	*0.2	*10	*0.1
Absence of leg(s)	111	0.4	28	0.3	84	0.4	83	0.6	24	0.6	59	0.6
Absence of fingers, toes, feet	72	0.3	32	0.4	40	0.2	61	0.4	30	0.7	32	0.0
Other absence, NEC	106	0.4	35	0.4	71	0.4	59	0.4	22	0.5	38	0.4
Complete paralysis of extremities	241	0.9	8;'	1.1	155	0.8	163	1.2	64	1.6	100	1.0
Cerebral palsy	82	0.3	67	0.8	*15	*0.1	44	0.3	35	0.9	*9	*0.
Partial paralysis of extremities	187	0.7	45	0.6	142	0.7	118	0.9	33	0.8	84	0. 0.9
Paralysis of other sites	72	0.3	22	0.3	49	0.3	46	0.3	*14	*0.4	31	0.3
Curvature of back or spine	345	1.2	212	2.7	132	0.6	126	0.9	89	2.2	37	0.4
Other impairment of back	1.734	6.1	835	10.5	899	4.4	876	6.4	415	10.3	461	4.8
Spina bifida	18	0.1	*13	*0.2	*5	*0.0	*9	*0.1	*6	*0.2	*3	*0.0
mpairment of upper extremities	521	1.8	258	3.2	263	1.3	319	2.3	167	4.2	152	1.6
mpairment of lower extremities	1.356	4.8	592	7.4	764	3.8	767	5.6	356	8.9	411	
Other orthopedic impairment	124	0.4	58	0.7	66	0.3	69	0.5	36	0.9	32	4.3
Speech impairment	123	0.4	49	0.6	74	0.4	80	0.6	33	0.8	32 48	0.3 0.5
Blind in both eyer	134	0.5	49	0.6	85	0.4	76	0.6	27	0.6	48 48	
Cataracts	170	0.6	21	0.3	148	0.7	74	0.5	*11	*0.3	<del>40</del> 62	0.5
Glaucoma	113	0.4	*13	*0.2	100	0.7	53	0.4	*8	*0.2	62 45	0.6
Other visual impairment/eye disorders	735	2.6	277	3.5	458	2.3	400	3.0	186	4.6	45 217	0.5
Deaf in both ears	104	0.4	50	0.6	54	0.3	703 54	0.4	28	4.6 0.7		2.3
Other hearing impairment/ear disorders	414	1.5	132	1.7	282	1.4	226	1.7	28 73	0.7 1.8	26 154	0.3 1.6

<sup>\*</sup> Figure has low statistical reliability or precision (relative standard error exceeds 30 percent)



TABLE 7B: PREVALENCE OF WORK LIMITATION DUE TO CHRONIC CONDITIONS, BY ALL CAUSES OF LIMITATION, AGE, AND GENDER: UNITED STATES CIVILIAN NONINSTITUTIONALIZED POPULATION , AGES 18-69, 1983-1985 (THREE-YEAR AVERAGE)—CONTINUED

								_	Mai	00		
All Causes of Limitation	All A	208		4	45-0	59	AII A	ges	18-	4	45-	69
				Numbe	r of condition	s in thousan	nds and perce	ent distributi	on			
<u>Digestive</u>												
Ulcers	283	1.0	63	0.8	220	1.1	152	1.1	36	0.9	117	1.2
Hernia	346	1.2	79	1.0	266	1.3	170	1.2	40	1.0	130	1.4
Enteritis and colitis	91	0.3	31	0.4	59	0.3	27	0.2	*11	*0.3	*15	*0.2
Cancer of digestive sites	115	0.4	*13	*0.2	102	0.5	67	0.5	•7	*0.2	60	0.6
Other digestive disorders	428	1.5	111	1.4	318	1.6	172	1.3	41	10	131	1.4
Circulatory												
Rheumatic fever	128	0.5	41	0.5	86	0.4	36	0.3	*11	*0.3	26	0.3
ischemic heart disease	1,460	5.2	80	1.0	1,379	6.8	952	7.0	60	1.5	892	9.3
Heart rhythm disorders		1.0	49	06	230	1.1	128	0.9	13	0.4	111	1.2
Other heart disease		4.3	143	1.8	1,082	5.3	628	4.6	57	1.4	572	5.9
Hypertension	2,057	7.3	231	2.9	1,826	9.0	787	5.8	80	2.0	707	7.4
Cerebrovascular disease	413	1.5	29	0.4	385	1.9	254	1.9	13	03	241	2.5
Arteriosclerosis	134	0.5	•6	*0.1	129	0.6	96	0.7	*4	*0 1	92	1.0
Phlebitis, varicose veins		1.1	60	0.8	249	1.2	80	0.6	*13	*0.3	67	0.7
Other circulatory	317	1.1	43	0.5	274	1.3	172	1.3	17	0.4	155	1.6
Respiratory												
Chronic bronchitis	149	05	28	0.4	121	0.6	68	0.5	*10	*0.3	57	0.6
Asthma	705	2.5	326	4.1	379	1.9	260	1.9	125	3.1	136	1.4
Hay fever	96	0.3	60	8.0	36	0.2	39	0.3	33	0.8	*6	*0.1
Sinusitis	70	0.2	*15	*0.2	55	0.3	.29	0.2	•7	*0.2	22	0.2
Emphysema	592	2.1	25	0.3	566	2.8	414	3.0	*15	*0.4	399	4.2
Lung or bronchial cancer	78	0.3	•3	•00	75	0.4	53	0.4	*2	*0.1	50	0.5
Other respiratory disease	333	1.2	50	0.6	284	1.4	215	1.6	28	0.7	187	1.9

<sup>\*</sup> Figure has low statistical reliability or precision (relative standard error exceeds 30 percent)



TABLE 7B: PREVALENCE OF WORK LIMITATION DUE TO CHRONIC CONDITIONS, BY ALL CAUSES OF LIMITATION, AGE, AND GENDER: UNITED STATES CIVILIAN NONINSTITUTIONALIZED POPULATION , AGES 18-69, 1983-1985 (THREE-YEAR AVERAGE)--CONTINUED

									Mal	os		
All Causes of Limitation	AII A	708	18-	<u>u</u>	45-(	i9	All A	708	18-	44	45-	69
				Numbe	er of condition	s in thousan	nds and perce	ent distributi	on			
<u>Miscellaneous</u>												
Diabetes	1,2,7	4.3	168	2.1	1,049	5.2	556	4.1	84	2.1	471	4.9
Anemias	75	0.3	29	0.4	46	0.2	17	0.1	•6	*0.1	*11	*0.1
Kidney disorders	207	0.7	56	0.7	149	0.7	79	0.6	21	0.5	57	0.6
Female genital disorders	156	0.6	76	0.9	81	0.4						
Schizophrenia/other psychoses	204	0.7	120	1.5	85	0.4	127	0.9	84	2.1	44	0.5
Neuroses/personality disorders	300	1.1	147	1.9	152	0.7	139	1.0	75	1.9	64	0.7
Other mental illness	244	0.9	105	1.3	139	0.7	120	0.9	53	1.3	67	0.7
Alchohol or drug dependency	80	0.3	48	0.6	32	0.2	61	0.4	34	0.8	27	0.3
Mental retardation	388	1.4	314	3.9	74	0.4	222	1.6	184	4.6	39	0.4
Epilepsy	299	1.1	204	2.6	95	0.5	178	1.3	115	2.9	63	0.7
Multiple sclerosis	100	0.4	45	0.6	55	0.3	40	0.3	19	0.5	22	0.2
Senility	- 58	0.2			58	0.3	20	0.1			20	0.2
Parkinson's disease	51	0.2	*3	*0.0	48	0.2	30	0.2	*2	*0 1	28	0.3
Other nervous disorders	526	1.9	213	2.7	313	1.5	200	1.5	86	2.1	114	1.2
Tuberculosis (all sites)	82	0.3	26	0.3	56	0.3	26	0.2	*8	*0.2	18	0.2
Other infectious/parasitic diseases		0.3	38	0.5	35	0.2	41	03	22	0.5	19	0.2
Leukemia	31	0.1	*4	*0.1	26	0.1	17	0.1	•2	*0.0	*15	*0.2
Cancer of female breast	94	0.3	*14	*0.2	80	0.4	na	na	na	na	na	na
Cancer of genitourir ary sites	97	0.3	*11	*0.1	86	0.4	43	0.3	*1	*0.0	43	0.4
Cancer of all other sites, NEC	111	0.4	25	0.3	86	0.4	60	0.4	*11	*0.3	49	0.5
Surgical/medical complications	274	1.0	74	0.9	200	1.0	106	0.8	34	0.8	72	0.7
Other injuries	204	0.7	85	1.1	119	0.6	113	0.8	51	1.3	62	0.6
Other ill-defined conditions	819	2.9	258	3.2	561	2.8	358	26	126	3.1	231	2.4
All other chronic conditions	945	3.3	351	4.4	595	2.9	393	29	143	3.6	250	2.6

<sup>\*</sup> Figure has low statistical reliability or precision (relative standard error exceeds 30 percent)

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### TABLE 7B: PREVALENCE OF WORK LIMITATION DUE TO CHRONIC CONDITIONS, BY ALL CAUSES OF LIMITATION, AGE, AND GENDER: UNITED STATES CIVILIAN NONINSTITUTIONALIZED POPULATION, AGES 18-69, 1983-1985 (THREE-YEAR AVERAGE)—CONTINUED

			<u>Fem</u>	alos		
All Causes of Limitation	AII A	ges	18-	44	45	-69
	Num	ber of condit	tions in thous	ands and p	ercent distrib	ution
All conditions	14,693	100.0	3,944	100.0	10,749	100.0
Skin and musculoskeletal						
Rheumatoiu arthritis	284	1.9	60	1.5	224	2.1
Ost_oarthritis/other arthropathies	1,752	11.9	195	4.9	1.557	14.5
Intervertebral disk disorders	570	3.9	220	5.6	351	3.3
Osteomyelitis/bone disorders	187	1.3	33	0.8	154	1.4
Bursitis	91	0.6	29	0.7	63	0.6
Psoriasis and dermatitis	65	0.4	33	0.8	32	0.3
Skin cancer	*8	*0.1	*1	<b>*</b> 0.0	•7	*0.1
Bone cancer	17	0.1	*3	*0.1	*14	*0.1
Other skin and musculoskeletal	164	1.1	30	8.0	134	1.2
Impairments						
Absence of arm(s)/hand(s)	*2	*0.0	*2	*0.1		
Absence of leg(s)	28	0.2	*4	*0.1	24	0.2
Absence of fingers, toes, feet	*11	*0.1	*2	*C.1	*9	*0.1
Other absence, NEC	47	0.3	*13	*0.3	34	0.3
Complete paralysis of extremities	78	0.5	23	0.6	55	0.5
Cerebral palsy	37	0.3	32	0.8	*6	*0.1
Partial paralysis of extremities	69	0.5	*11	*0.3	58	0.5
Paralysis of other sites	26	0.2	*8	*0.2	18	0.2
Curvature of back or spine	219	1.5	123	3.1	95	0.9
Other impairment of back	858	5.8	420	10.6	438	4.1
Spina bifida	•9	*0.1	•7	*0.2	•2	*0.0
Impairment of upper entremities	202	1.4	91	2.3	111	1.0
Impairment of lower extremities	599	4.0	236	6.0	354	3.3
Other orthopedic impairment	55	0.4	22	0.6	33	0.3
Speech impairments	42	0.3	*16	*0.4	27	0.3
Blind in both eyes	58	0.4	21	0.5	37	0.3
Cataracts	96	0.7	*10	*0.3	86	0.8
Glaucoma	60	0.4	*5	*0.1	55	0.5
Other visual impairment/eye disorders	332	2.3	91	2.3	241	2.2
Deaf in both ears	49	0.3	22	0.6	27	0.3
Other hearing impairment/ear disorders	188	1.3	60	1.5	128	1.2

<sup>\*</sup> Figure has low statistical reliability or precision (relative standard error exceeds 20 percent)



#### TABLE 78: PREVALENCE OF WORK LIMITATION DUE TO CHRONIC CONDITIONS, BY ALL CAUSES OF LIMITATION, AGE, AND GENDER: UNITED STATES CIVILIAN NONINSTITUTIONALIZED POPULATION, AGES 18-69, 1983-1985 (THREE-YEAR AVERAGE)-CONTINUED

			Femi	nies	_	
All Causes of Limitation	AII A	<u> </u>	18-	14	45-	69
Diversal of	Numb	ur of conditi	ons in thous	ands and po	ercent distribi	ution
<u>Digestive</u>						
Ulcers	130	0.9	27	0.7	103	1.0
		1.2	39	1.0	136	1.3
Enteritis and colitis	64	0.4	20	0.5	44	0.4
Cancer of digestive sites	49	0.3	*5	*0.1	42	0.4
Other digestive disorders	257	1.7	70	1.8	187	1.7
<u>Circulatory</u>						
Rheumatic fever	91	0.6	31	0.8	61	0.6
Ischemic heart disease	508	3.5	20	0.5	487	4.5
Heart rhythm disorders	150	1.0	32	0.8	119	1.1
Other ho t disease	597	4.1	86	2.2	510	4.7
Hypertension	1,270	8.6	151	3.8	1119	10.4
Cerebroyascular casease	159	1.1	*15	*0.4	143	1.3
Arteriosclerosis	39	6.3	*2	*0.1	37	0.3
Phiebitis, varicose veins	230	1.€	48	1.2	182	1.7
Other circulatory	145	1.0	27	0.7	118	1.1
Respiratory						
Chronic bronchitis	81	0.6	18	0.5	63	0.6
Asthma	444	3.0	201	5.1	243	2.3
Hay fever	58	0.4	28	0.7	30	0.3
Sinusitis	41	0.3	*8	*0.2	33	0.3
Emphysema	178	12	*11	*0.3	167	16
Lung or bronchial cancer	25	0.2	*1	*0.0	24	02
Other respiratory disease	117	0.8	21	0.5	96	0.9

<sup>\*</sup> Figure has low statistical reliability or precision (relative standard error excads 30 percent)

SOURCE: National Health Interview Surveys, 1983-1985: original tabulations from public use tapes



TABLE 7B: PREVALENCE OF WORK LIMITATION DUE TO CHRONIC CONDITIONS, BY ALL CAUSES OF LIMITATION, AGE, AND GENDER: UNITED STATES CIVILIAN NONINSTITUTIONALIZED POPULATION, AGES 18-69, 1983-1985 (THREE-YEAR AVERAGE)---CONTINUED

			Fem	ales		
All Causes of Limitation	AII A	ges	18-	44	45-	69
Miscellaneous	Numi	ber of conditi	ions in thous	ands and pe	ercent distrib	ution
Diabetes	662	4.5	84	2.1	578	5.4
Anemias_	58	0.4	24	0.6	34	0.3
Kidney disorders	128	0.9	36	0.0	91	0.9
Female genital disorders	156	1.1	76	1.9	80	0.5
Schizophrenia/other psychoses	77	0.5	36	0.9	41	0.7
Neuroses/personality disorders	161	1.1	72	1.8	88	0.4
Other mental illness	125	0.9	52	1.3	72	0.7
Alchonol or drug dependency	19	0.1	*14	*0.4	*5	*0.0
Mental retardation	165	1.1	131	3.3	35	0.0
<b>Epilepsy</b>	121	0.8	89	2.3	32	0.3
AIGINDIA SCIBLOSIS	59	0.4	26	2.3 0.7	33	0.3
Seniity	38	0.3		0.7	38	0.3
Panunson's dispasa	20	0.1	· 1	*0.0	20	0.4
Other nervou: disorders	326	2.2	127	3.2	199	1.9
i uderculosis (ali sites)	55	0.4	17	0.4	38	0.4
Other infectious/parasitic diseases	32	0.2	*16	*0.4	*16	*0.1
Leukemia	*14	*0 1	*3	*0.1	*11	*0.1
Cancer of female breast	94	0.6	*14	*0.#	80	0.1
Cancer of genitourinary sites	54	0.4	*10	*C.3	43	0.7
Cancer of all other sites, NEC	51	0.4	*14	*0.4	43 37	0.4
Surgical/medical complications	169	1.1	41	1.0	37 128	1.2
Other injuries	01	0.6	34	0.9	126 57	0.5
Janer III-defined conditions	462	3.1	133	3.4	37 32 <del>9</del>	3.1
All other chronic conditions	552	3.8	208	3.4 5.3	328 344	3.1

<sup>\*</sup> Figure has low statistical reliability or precision (relative standard error exceeds 30 percent)



TABLE 8A: PREVALENCE OF NEED FOR ASSISTANCE IN IADL OR ADL DUE TO CHRONIC CONDITIONS, BY MAIN CAUSE OF LIMITATION, AGE, AND GENDER: UNITED STATES CIVILIAN NONINSTITUTIONALIZED POPULATION, AGES 5 AND OVER, 1983-1985 (THREE-YEAR AVERAGE)

									M_	iles		
Main Cause of Limitation		l <i>ges</i>	5-	69	70	)+	All	ges	5-	69	7	0+
				Numbe	er of condition	ns in thousa	ands and perc	ent distribut	tion			
All conditions	7,577	100.0	3,932	100.0	3,645	100.0	2,720	100.0	1,612	100.0	1,108	100.0
Skin and musculoskeletal											•	
Rheumatoid arthritis	173	2.3	112	2.8	61	1.7	31	1.2	21	1.3	*11	*1.0
Osteoarthritis/other arthropathies	955	12.6	359	9.1	596	16.4	173	6. '	83	5.1	90	8.2
Intervertebral disk disorders	227	3.0	196	5.0	30	0.8	77	2.8	69	4.3	*8	*0.7
Osteomyelitis/bone disorders	89	1.2	41	1.0	48	1.3	*13	*0.5	•7	*0.4	•6	*0.6
Bursitis	*12	*0.2	*6	*0.2	•6	*0.2	*3	°0.1	•2	*0.1	*1	•0.6 •0.វ
Psoriasis and dermatitis	•7	*0.1	*5	*0.1	•2	*0.1	•2	*0.1	•2	*0.1	•	0.1
Skin cancer	•4	*0.0	•2	*0.1	•1	*0.0	•1	*0 1	•1	*0.0	•1	•0.1
Bone cancer	26	0.3	*13	*0.3	*13	*0.4	, 6	*0.2	• • •	*0.1	*5	*0.4
Other skin and musculoskeletal	53	0.8	31	0.8	31	0.9	22	0.8	*11	*0.7	*10	*0.4
i <u>inpairments</u>												
Absence of arm(s)/hand(s)	•6	*0.1	•6	*0.1			*6	*0.2	*6	*0.3		
Absence of leg(s)	80	1.1	42	1.1	38	1.0	50	1.8	30	1.8	20	1.8
Absence of fingers, toes, feet	*9	*0.1	•4	*0.1	*5	*0.1	*3	*0.1	*2	*0.1	*1	*0.1
Other absence, NEC	*15	*02	• <b>8</b>	*0.2	•7	*0.2	•5	*0.2	•3	*0.2	•2	*0.2
Complete paralysis of extremities	139	1.8	110	28	29	0.2	93	3.4	79	4.9	*14	
Cereoral palsy	61	0.8	60	1.5	*1	*0.0	31	1.1	31	1.9	14	*1.3
Partial paralysis of extremities	51	0.7	31	0.8	20	0.6	27	10	19	1.2	• <b>8</b>	•••
Paralysis of other sites	29	0.4	20	0.5	*9	*0.2	*16	*0.€	*12	*0.8	*4	*0.7
Curvature of back or spine	42	0.6	32	0.8	•9	*0.3	*6	*0.2	*5	*0.3	*1	*0.3
Other impairment of back	260	3.4	197	5.0	63	1.7	80	29	68	4.2	-	*0.1
Spina bifida	*9	*0.1	*8	*0.2	*1	*0.0	*4	*0.2	*4	*0.3	*12	*1.1
Impairment of upper extremities	56	0.7	43	1.1	*13	*0.4	25	0.2	22		•••	• • •
Impairment of lower extremities	333	4.4	128	3.3	205	5.6	100	3.7	22 47	1.4	•3	*0.3
Other orthopedic impairment	39	0.5	26	0.7	*13	*0.4	*15	*0.5	*11	2.9 *0.7	53	4.8
Speech impairment	*15	*0.2	*11	*0.3	*4	*0.1	*9	*0.3	•7		*3	*0.3
Blind in both eyes	162	2.1	71	1.8	90	2.5	75	0.3 2.8	-	*0.4	<b>1</b>	*0.1
	91	1.2	*13	*0.3	<del>3</del> 0 77	2.5 2.1	75 27	2.8 1.0	40 *3	2.5	35	3.1
Glaucoma	55	0.7	*15	*0.4	41	1.1	21	08	-	*0.2	23	2.1
Other visual impairment/eye disorders_	274	3.6	100	2.5	175	1.1 4.8	110	0.8 4.0	*8	*0.5	*13	*1.2
Deaf in both ears	2/4	3.6 0.3	*15	2.5 *0.4	175 *10	4.8 *0.3	*13	4.0 *0.5	45	2.8	65	5.9
Other hearing impairment/ear disorders	24 56	0.3 0.7	- 15 26	0.4	30	0.8	-13 23	0.5	*8 *12	*0 5 *0.7	*5 *11	*0.5 *1.0

<sup>\*</sup> Figure has low statistical reliability or precision (relative standard error exceeds 2) percent)



TABLE 8A: PREVALENCE OF NEED FOR ASSISTANCE IN IADL OR ADL DUE TO CHRONIC CONDITIONS, BY MAIN CAUSE OF LIMITATION, AGE, AND GENDER: UNITED STATES CIVILIAN NONINSTITUTIONALIZED POPULATION, AGES 5 AND OVER, 1983-1985 (THREE-YEAR AVERAGE)—CONTINUED

									Mal	08		
Main Cause of Limitation	AII A	ges	5-(	<u> </u>	70	<u> </u>	AII A	ges	5-6	59		)+
				Numbe	r of condition	ns in thousan	nds and perc	ent distributi	on			
<u>Digestive</u>												
Ulcers	*8	*0.1	*3	*0.1	*5	*0.1	*3	*0.1	*1	*0.1	*1	*0.1
Abdominal hernia	29	0.4	17	0.4	*12	*0.3	*12	80.4	*5	*0.3	•7	*0.6
Enteritis and colitis	*9	*0.1	*5	*0.1	•4	*0.1	*1	*0.0	•	•	*1	*0.1
Cancer of digestive sites	49	0.7	26	0.7	24	0.7	22	3.0	*11	*0.7	*11	*1.0
Other digestive disorders	61	8.0	30	0.8	31	0.9	*16	*0.6	*12	*0.7	*4	*0.4
<u>Circulatory</u>												
Rheumatic fever	27	0.4	19	0.5	*8	*0.2	*2	*0 1	*2	*0.1		
Ischemic heart disease	388	5.1	192	4.9	196	5.4	147	5.4	91	5.7	55	5.0
Heart rhythm disorders	53	0.7	19	0.5	34	0.9	*14	*0.5	*5	*0.3	*9	*0.8
Other heart disease	403	5.3	135	3.4	268	7.3	146	5.4	60	3.7	86	7.7
Hypertension		2.2	78	2.0	87	2.4	36	1.3	18	1.1	18	1.6
Cerebrovascular disease	399	5.3	147	3.7	252	6.9	197	7 2	82	5.1	115	10.4
Arterios clerosis	68	0.9	*14	*0.3	55	1.5	24	0.9	•7	*0.4	17	1.5
Phlebitis, varicose veins	45	0.6	29	0.7	*16	*0.4	*7	*0.3	•4	*0.2	*3	*0.3
Other circulatory	86	1.1	35	0.9	51	1.4	38	1.4	17	1.0	22	2.0
Respiratory												
Chronic bronchitis	17	0.2	*8	*0.2	*9	*0.3	•4	*0.2	*3	*0.2	*1	*0.1
Asthma	91	1.2	69	1.7	23	0.6	27	1.0	24	1.5	*3	*0.3
Hay fever	<u>*</u> 5	*0.5	*4	*0.1	*1	*0.0	*1	*0.0	*1	°0.1		
Sinusitis	*9	*0.1	•4	*0.1	*5	*0.1	*6	*0.2	•2	*0.1	•4	*0.4
Emphysema	188	2.5	104	2.7	83	2.3	118	4.3	62	3.8	56	5.0
Lung or bronchial cancer	35	0.5	19	0.5	17	0.5	24	0.9	*12	*0.7	*12	*1.1
Other respiratory disease		1.0	40	1.0	35	1.0	46	1.7	22	1.4	24	2.1

<sup>\*</sup> Figure has low statistical reliability or precision (relative standard error exceeds 30 percent)



TABLE 8A: PHEVALENCE OF NEED FOR ASSISTANCE IN IADL OR ADL DUE TO CHRONIC CONDITIONS, BY MAIN CAUSE OF LIMITATION, AGE, AND GENDER: UNITED STATES CIVILIAN NONINSTITUTIONALIZED POPULATION, AGES 5 AND OVER, 1983-1985 (THREE-YEAR AVERAGE)--CONTINUED

									Mai	les		
Main Cause of Limitation	All A	ges	5-6	i9		·	AII A	<u>ges</u>	5-(	19		)+
Miscellaneous	Number of conditions in thousands and percent distribution											
Diabetes	181	2.4	83	2.1	99	2.7	49	1.8	27	1.7	22	2.0
Anemias	<b>. 1</b> 5	*0.2	*8	*0.2	•7	*0.2	•4	*0.2	•2	*0.1	*3	*0.3
Kidney disorders	28	0.4	18	0.5	<b>*9</b>	*0.3	<b>3</b> *	*0.3	•5	*0.3	•3	*0.3
Female genital disorders	19	0.2	*14	*0.4	*4	80.1	na	na	na	na	กล	na na
Schizophrenia/other psychoses	69	0.9	59	1.5	*10	*0.3	39	1.4	34	2.1	*5	*0.4
Neuroses/personality disorders	82	1.1	68	1.7	*14	*0.4	28	1.0	23	1.5	*5	*0.4
Other mental illness	52	0.7	36	0.9	*16	*0.4	25	0.9	20	1.3	*5	*0.5
Alchohol or drug dependency	•6	*0.1	•6	*0.2			*4	*0.2	•4	*0.3	_	0.5
Mental retardation	303	4.0	297	7.6	•6	*0.2	172	6.3	169	10.5	•2	*0.2
Epilepsy	70	0.9	61	1.6	•9	*0.2	33	1.2	29	1.8	•5	*0.4
Epilepsy	63	0.8	57	1.5	*5	*0.1	20	0.7	19	1.2	*1	*0.1
Senikty	268	3.5	•6	*0.1	262	7.2	81	3.0	*1	*0.1	80	7.2
Parkinson's disease	67	ი.9	20	0.5	47	1.3	32	1.2	*10	*0.6	22	2.0
Other nervous disorders	183	2.4	110	2.8	73	2.0	70	2.6	46	2.9	24	2.2
Tuberculosis (all sites)		0.3	*15	*0.4	*5	*0.1	•2	*0.1	*1	*0.1	*1	*0.1
Other infectious/parasitic diseases	18	0.2	•7	*0.2	*11	*0.3	•4	*0.2	•3	*0.2	•1	*0.1
Leukernia	*10	*0.1	•6	*0.2	•4	*0.1	*3	*0.1	•2	*0.1	••	*0.1
Cancer of female breast	26	0.3	*14	*0.3	*12	*0.3	na	na	na	na.	na.	na
Cancer of genitourinary sites	33	0.4	21	0.5	*13	*0.3	*14	*0.5	*5	*0.3	*8	*0.7
Cancer of ail other sites, NEC	52	0.7	34	0.9	13	0.5	21	0.8	*14	*0.8	*8	*0.7
Surgical/medical complications	55	0.7	33	0.9	22	0.6	*16	*0.6	*12	*0.7	•4	*0.4
Other injuries	49	0.6	28	0.7	21	0.6	21	0.8	*13	*0.8	*8	*0.7
Other ill-defined conditions	142	1.9	80	2.0	63	1.7	49	1.8	30	1.9	20	1.8
All other chronic conditions		2.5	124	3.1	69	1.9	68	2.5	43	2.7	20 25	2.3

<sup>\*</sup> Figure has low statistical reliability or precision (relative standard error exceeds 30 percent)

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SOURCE: National Health Interview Surveys, 1983-1985; original \*abulations from public use tapes



### TABLE 8A: PREVALENCE OF NEED FOR ASSISTANCE IN IADL OR ADL DUE TO CHRONIC CONDITIONS, BY MAIN CAUSE OF LIMITATION, AGE, AND GENDER: UNITED STATES CIVILIAN NONINSTITUTIONALIZED POPULATION, AGES 5 AND OVER, 1983-1985 (THREE-YEAR AVERAGE)--CONTINUED

		_	Fem	ales	· ·	
Main Cause of Limitation	All A	l <i>ges</i>	5-	69	7	0+
	Num	ber of conca	ions in thou	sands and pe	ercent distrib	ution
All conditions	4,856	100.0	2,320	100.0	2,537	100.0
Skin and musculoskeletal						
Rheumatoid arthritis	142	2.9	91	3.9	50	2.0
Osteoarthritis/other arthropathies	782	16.1	277	11.9	506	19.9
Intervertebral disk disorders	149	3.1	127	5.5	22	0.9
Osteomyelitis/bone disorders	75	1.6	34	1.5	41	1.6
Bursitis	*9	*0.2	*4	*0.2	*5	*0.2
Psoriasis and dermatitis	*5	*0.1	*3	*0.1	*2	*0.1
Skin cancer	*2	*0.0	*2	*0.1	*1	*0.0
Bone cancer	20	0.4	*11	*0.5	*8	*0.3
Other skin and musculoskel 🔟	41	0.8	20	0.9	21	9.0
<u>mpairments</u>						
Absence of arm(s)/hand(s)				•	•	
Absence of leg(s)	30	0.6	*12	*0.5	18	0.
Absence of fingers, toes, feet	*6	<b>*</b> 0.1	•2	*0.1	*4	*0.1
Other absence, NEC	*10	*0.2	*5	*0.2	*5	*0.2
Complete paralysis of extremities	47	1.0	31	1.3	*16	*0.€
Cerebral pulsy	30	0.6	2 <del>9</del>	1.3	*1	*0.0
Partial paralysis of extremities	24	0.5	*12	*0.5	*12	*0 5
Paralysis of other sites	*13	•0 3	*8	*0.3	*5	*0.2
Curvature of back or spine	36	0.7	28	1.2	•9	<b>*</b> 0 3
Other impairment of back	180	3.7	130	5.6	51	2 0
Spina bifida	*5	*0.1	*4	*0.2	*1	*0.0
Impairment of upper extremities	31	0.6	21	0.9	*10	*0.4
Impairment of lower extremities	233	4.8	81	3.5	152	60
Other orthopedic impairment	24	0.5	*14	*0.6	*10	*G.4
Speech impairment	*6	*0.1	*3	*0.1	*2	*0.1
Blind in both eyes	86	1.8	31	1.3	56	2.2
Cataracts	64	1.3	*10	*0 4	54	2.1
Glaucoma	34	0.7	•7	*0.3	28	1.1
Other visual impairment/eye disorders	165	3.4	55	24	110	4.3
Deaf in both ears	*11	*0 2	•7	*0.3	*4	*0 2
Other hearing impair.rient/ear disor //s	33	0.7	*14	*0.6	20	0.8

<sup>\*</sup> Figure has low statistical reliability or precision (relative standard error exceeds 30 percent)

SOURCE: National Health Interview Surveys, 1983-1985: original tabulations from public use tapes



## TABLE 8A: PREVALENCE OF NEED FOR ASSISTANCE IN IADL OR ADL DUE TO CHRONIC CONDITIONS, BY MAIN CAUSE OF LIMITATION, AGE, AND GENDER: UNITED STATES CIVILIAN NONINSTITUTIONALIZED POPULATION, AGES 5 AND OVER, 1983-1985 (THREE-YEAR AVERAGE)--CONTINUED

		- <u>-</u>	Femi	100		
Main Cause of Limitation	All A	ges	5-6	9	70	<b>+</b>
	Numb	er of conditi	ons in thous	ands and pe	rcent distribu	ıtion
<u>Digestive</u>						
Ulcers	•5	<b>*</b> 0.1	•2	*0.1	•4	*0.1
Abdominal hemia	17	0.3	*11	*0 5	•6	*0.2
Enteritis and colitis	•9	*0.2	*5	*0.2	•3	*0.1
Cancer of digestive sites	28	0.6	*15	*0.6	*13	*0.5
Other digestive disorder		0.9	18	8.0	27	1.1
<u>Circulatory</u>						
Rheumatic fever	25	0.5	17	0.7	*8	*0.3
Ischemic heart disease	241	5.0	100	4.3	141	5.5
Heart rhythm disorders	39	0.8	*14	*0.6	25	1.0
Other heart disease	257	5.3	75	3.2	182	7.2
Hypertension	128	2.6	60	2.6	69	2.7
Cerebrovascular disease	202	4.2	65	2.8	137	5.4
Arteriosclerosis	44	0.9	•7	*0.3	38	1.5
Phlebitis, varicose veins	38	0.8	25	1.1	*13	*0.5
Other circulatory		1.0	18	0.8	29	1.2
Respiratory						
Chronic bronchitis	*13	*0.3	*5	*0.2	*8	*0.3
Asthma		1.3	45	1.9	19	0.8
Hay fever	•3	*0.1	•3	*0.1	*1	*0.1
Sinusitis		*0.1	•3	*0.1	*1	*0.0
Emphysema	70	1.4	42	1.8	27	1.1
Lung or bronchial cancer	<u> </u>	*0.2	•7	*0.3	•4	*0.2
Other respiratory disease		0.6	18	0.8	*11	*0.4

<sup>\*</sup> Figure has low statistical reliability or precision (relative standard error exceeds 30 percent)





## TABLE 8A: PREVALENCE OF NEED FOR ASSISTANCE IN IADL OR ADL DUE TO CHRONIC CONDITIONS, BY MAIN CAUSE OF LIMITA 1C:., AGE, AND GENDER: UNITED STATES CIVILIAN NONINSTITUTIONALIZED POPULATION, AGES 5 AND OVER, 1983-1985 (THREE-YEAR AVERAGE)—CONTINUED

			Fem	alee		
Main Cause of Limitation	AII A	ges	5-	59		)+
<u>Miscellaneous</u>	Numi	per of conditi	ions in thous	ands and pe	rcent distrib	ution
Diabetes	132	2.7	56	2.4	76	3.0
Anemias	*10	*0.2	*6	*0.3	•4	*0.2
Noney disorders	20	0.4	³14	*0.6	•6	*0.^
Female genital disorders	19	0.4	*14	*0.6	•4	•0.2
Schizophrenia/other psychoses	30	0.6	25	1.1	•6	*0.2
Nses/personality disorders	54	1.1	45	1.9	•9	*0.4
Other mental illness	27	0.6	*16	*0.7	*11	*0.4
Alchohol or drug dependency	2*	.0	•2	*6.1	• • •	
Mental retardation	131	7	127	5.5	•4	*0.1
Epilepsy	37	0.8	32	1.4	•4	*0.2
MUITIPIE SCIETOSIS	43	0.9	38	1.7	•5	*0.2
Senility	187	3.8	•4	*0.2	182	7.2
Parkinson's disease	35	0.7	*10	*0.4	25	1.2
Other nervous disorders	112	2.3	64	2.8	48	1.9
Tuberculosis (all sites)	18	0.4	*14	*0.6	•4	*0.2
Other infectious/parasitic diseases	*14	*0.3	•4	*0.2	*10	*0.4
Leukemia	•7	*0.1	•4	*0.2	*3	*0.1
Cancer of female breast	26	0.5	*14	*0.E	*12	*0.5
Cancer of genitourinary sites		0.4	*15	*0.7	*5	*0.2
Cancer of all other sites, NEC	31	0.6	20	0.7	*11	0.2
Surgical/medical complications	39	٠.٥ ٠.٥	22	0.9	18	0.4
Other injuries	28	0.6	*14	*0.6	*13	*0.5
Other ill-defined conditions	93	1.9	51	2.2	43	1.7
All other chronic conditions	125	2.6	80	2.2 3.5	43 44	1.7

<sup>\*</sup> Figure has low statistical reliability or precision (relative standard error exceeds 30 percent)

TABLE 8B: PREVALENCE OF NEED FOR ASSISTANCE IN !ADL OR ADL DUE TO CHRONIC CONDITIONS, BY ALL CAUSES OF LIMITATION, AGE, AND GENDER: UNITED STATES CIVILIAN NONINSTITUTIONALIZED POPULATION, AGES 5 AND OVER, 1983-1985 (THREE-YEAR AVERAGE)

									Ма	les		
All Causes of Limitation	A!! A	Ages	5-	69		0+	All A	laee	5-	69		<u> </u>
				Numbe	er of condition	ns in thousa	nds and perc	ent distribut	tion			
All conditions	13,843	100.0	6,136	100.0	7,707	100.0	4,872	100.0	2,465	100.0	2,407	100.0
Skin and musculoskeletal												
Rheumatoid arthritis	213	1.5	135	2.2	78	1.0	39	0.8	26	1.0	*13	*0.5
Osteoarthritis/other arthropathies	1,599	11.5	582	9.5	1.017	13.2	328	6.7	145	5.9	183	7.6
Intervertebral disk disorders	281	20	231	3.8	50	0.6	98	2.0	82	3.3	*16	*0.7
Osteomyelitis/bone disorders	141	٠.0	57	0.9	83	1.1	22	0.4	•12	<b>1</b> 0.5	*10	*0.4
Bursit's	30	9.2	18	0.3	*13	*0.2	*9	*0.2	•5	*0.2	*3	*0.1
PSONASIS AND DEFINATIONS	22	0.2	*14	*0.2	*8	*0.1	*8	*0.2	•7	*0.3	*1	*0.1
Skin cancer	*12	*0.1	•2	*0.0	*10	*0.1	•4	*0.1	•1	*0.0	*3	*0.1
Bone cancer	29	0.2	*15	*0.2	*14	*0.2	•7	*0 1	•2	*0.1	*5	*0.2
Other skin and musculoskeletal	142	1.0	59	1.0	83	1.1	55	1.1	22	0.9	33	1.4
mp <u>airments</u>												
Absence of arm(s)/hand(s)	*8	*0.1	•6	*0.1	•2	•0.0	•7	*0.1	*6	*0.2	*1	*0.1
Absence of leg(s)	108	8.0	57	0.9	52	0.7	72	1.5	42	1.7	30	1.2
Absence of fingers, toes, feet	<b>1</b> 16	*0.1	•7	*0.1	•9	*0.1	•9	*0.2	•4	*0.2	*4	*0.2
Other absence, NEC	29	0.2	•13	*0.2	*16	*0.2	*10	*0.2	•6	*0.2	•4	*0.2
Complete paralysis of extremities	104	0.8	63	1.0	41	0.5	62	1.3	37	1.5	25	1.0
Cerebral palsy	74	0.5	73	1.2	*1	*0.0	39	0.8	39	1.6		
Partial paralysis of extremities	187	1.4	74	1.2	113	1.5	82	1.7	37	1.5	45	1.9
Paralysis of other sites	60	0.4	35	0.6	26	0.3	29	0.6	17	0.7	*11	*0.4
Curvature of back or spine	63	0.5	46	0.7	17	0.2	*13	*0.3	*10	*0.4	*2	*0.1
Other impairment of back	354	2.6	249	4.1	105	1.4	111	2.3	85	3.4	26	1.1
Spina bifida	*10	<b>°</b> 0.1	•9	*0.2	*1	*0.0	•5	*0.1	*5	<b>°</b> 0 2		
Impairment of upper extremities	124	0.9	83	1.3	42	0.5	4f,	1.0	40	1.6	•7	*0.3
Impairment of lower extremities	556	4.0	227	3.7	329	4.3	179	3.7	94	3.8	85	3.5
Other orthopedic impairment	65	0.5	37	0.6	28	0.4	22	0.4	*14	*0.6	*8	*0.3
Speech impairment	94	0.7	51	0.8	42	0.5	53	1.1	30	1.2	22	0.9
Blind in both eyes	235	1.7	99	1.6	135	1.8	111	2.3	54	2.2	56	2.3
Cataracts	277	2.0	45	0.7	232	3.0	92	1.9	*16	*0.7	76	3.1
Glaucoma	145	1.0	29	0.5	115	1.5	50	10	*12	*0.5	38	1.6
Other visual impairment/eye disorders_	584	4.2	185	3.0	399	5.2	226	4.6	85	3.4	141	5.8
Deaf in both ears	57	0.4	21	0.3	37	0.5	27	0.5	*11	*0.4	*16	*0.7
Other hearing impairment/ear disorders	209	1.5	44	0.7	164	2.1	84	17	22	0.4	62	2.6

<sup>\*</sup> Figure has low statistical reliability or precision (relative standard error exceeds 30 percent)



TABLE 8B: PREVALENCE OF NEED FOR ASSISTANCE IN IADL OR ADL DUE TO CHRONIC CONDITIONS, BY ALL CAUSES OF LIMITATION, AGE, AND GENDER: UNITED STATES CIVILIAN NONINSTITUTIONALIZED POPULATION, AGES 5 AND OVER, 1983-1985 (THREE-YEAR AVERAGE)--CONTINUED

									Ma!	08		
All Causes of Limitation	<u>All A</u>	708	5_6	9	70	<u>+</u>	All A	200	5-6	<u> </u>		)+
				Number	of condition	s in thousan	ds and perc	ent distributio	on			
<u>Digestive</u>												
Ulcers _	_ 69	0.5	24	0.4	46	0.6	26	0.5	•9	*0.4	17	0.7
UlcersAbdominal hernia	104	0.8	35	0.6	69	0.9	31	0.6	•9	*0.4	22	0.9
Enteritis and colitis	24	0.2	17	0.3	*8	*C.1	*4	*0.1	*1	*0.1	•2	<b>*</b> 0.*
cancer of digestive sites	69	0.5	31	0.5	38	0.5	29	0.6	*14	*0.6	*15	*0.
Other digestive disorders	219	1.6	81	1.3	138	1.8	53	1.1	24	1.0	29	1.3
Circulatory												
Rheumatic fever	44	0.3	29	0.5	*15	*0.2	•4	*0.1	•3	*0.1	81	<b>*0</b> .
schemic heart disease	592	4.3	263	4.3	329	4.3	222	4.5	126	5.1	96	4.
leart rhythm disorders	133	1.0	38	0.6	95	1.2	46	1.0	*14	*0.6	32	1.
Other heart disease	756	5.5	223	3.6	533	6.9	260	5.3	94	3.8	166	6.
lypertension	692	5.0	221	3.6	470	6.1	165	5.4	56	2.3	109	4.
Cerebrovascular disease	576	4.2	203	3.3	373	4.8	281	5.8	110	4.5	170	7.
Artenosclerosis	171	1.2	27	0.4	144	1.9	60	1.2	17	0.7	44	1.
Phlebitis, varicose veins	97	0.7	53	0.9	44	0.6	22	0.5	*11	*0.4	*11	*0.
Other circulatory	190	1.4	66	1.1	124	1.6	78	1.6	28	1.1	50	2.
Respiratory												
Chronic bronchitis	61	0.4	23	0.4	38	0.5	*18	*0.3	*8	*0.3	•9	*0.4
Asthma	175	1.3	114	1.9	62	08	52	1.1	34	1.4	18	0.
łay fever	*10	*0.1	3	*0.1	*4	*0.1	•3	*0.1	*2	*0.1	*1	*0.
Rinusitis	27	0.2	*10	*0.2	17	6.2	*11	•0.2	•3	¹0.1	*8	<b>*0</b> .
mphysema	311	2.2	159	2.6	152	2.0	188	3.9	95	3.9	93	3.
ung or bronchial cancer	47	0.3	23	0.4	24	0.3	30	0.6	*13	*0.5	17	0.
Other respiratory disease		1.0	75	1.2	68	0.9	84	1.7	41	1.7	43	1.8

<sup>\*</sup> Figure has low statistical reliability or precision (relative standard error exceeds 30 percent)



TABLE 8B: PREVALENCE OF NEED FOR ASSISTANCE IN IADL OR ADL DUE TO CHRONIC CONDITIONS, BY ALL CAUSES OF LIMITATION, AGE, AND GENDER: UNITED STATES CIVILIAN NONINSTITUTIONALIZED POPULATION, AGES 5 AND OVER, 1983-1985 (THREE-YEAR AVERAGE)--CONTINUED

									Mai	ies		
All Causes of Limitation	Ali A	ges	5-	59	<i>1</i> 0	+	<u>All A</u>	ges	5-(	59	70	)
Miscellaneous				Numbe	r of condition	s in thousar	nds and perc	ent distributi	on			
Diabetes	56.	4.0	199	3.2	361	4.7	171	3.5	65		400	
Anemias	34	0.2	*13	*0.2	21	0.3	*7	3.5 *0.1	•2	2.6 *0.1	106 *5	4.4
Kidney disorders	89	0.6	40	0.6	49	0.6	23	0.1	•9		_	*0.2
emale genital disorders	42	0.3	27	0.4	*16	*0.2	na.	na.	•	80.4	*13	*0.6
Schizophrenia/other psychoses	84	0.6	67	1.1	17	0.2	49	1.Q	na 41	na 1.6	na. *9	ne
Neuroses/personality disorders	107	0.8	86	1.4	21	0.2	40	0.8	32		•	*0.4
Other mental illness	87	0.6	56	0.9	32	0.4	38	0.8	32 26	1.3 1.0	*8	*0.3
Alchohol or drug dependency	•9	*0.1	*8	*0.1	11	*0.0	•7	*0.1	*6	1.0 *0.2	*12 *1	*0.5
Mental retardation	332	2.4	324	5.3	•8	*0.1	186	3.8	183		•	*0.0
pilepsy	102	0.7	88	1.4	*14	*0.2	55	1.1	47	7.4 1.9	*4 *9	*0.1
Multiple salerosis	65	0.5	59	1.0	•6	*0.1	21	0.1	20	1.9 0.8	*1	*0.4
Sanility	309	2.2	*8	*O.1	301	3.9	99	2.0	•3	*0.1	96	<b>*</b> 0.
Parkinson's disease	97	0.7	23	0.4	74	1.0	50	1.0	*12	*0.1 *0.5	38	4.0
Other nervous dinorders	244	1.8	146	2.4	98	1.3	91	1.0	12 59	2.4	38 32	1.6
Tuberculosis (all sites)	26	0.2	19	0.3	*6	*0.1	*3	*0.1	*2	2.4 *0 1	32 *1	1.3
Other infectious/parasitic diseases	29	0.2	*13	*0.2	*16	*0.2	*8	*0.2	•6	*0.2	•2	*0.0 *0.1
.eukemia	*15	*0.1	*8	*0.1	*8	*0.1	•5	*0.1	•3	*0.1	•2	*0.1
Cancer of female breast	46	0.3	20	0.3	26	0.3	na	na.	na			
Cancer of genitourinary sites	54	0.4	24	0.4	29	0.4	24	0.5	*5	na *0.2	na 19	na 3.0
Cancer of all other sites, NEC	62	0.4	35	0.6	27	0.4	25	0.5	*14	*0.6	*10	*0.4
Surgical/medical complications	127	0.9	64	1.0	63	0.8	37	0.8	20	0.8	18	0.4
Other injuries	89	0.6	45	0.7	44	0.6	32	0.6	20 19	0.8	*12	*0. <i>f</i>
Other ill-defined conditions		2.5	181	2.9	169	2.2	115	2.4	69	0.8 2.8	47	2.0
All other chronic conditions	413	3.0	210	3.4	202	2.6	140	2.9	75	2.8 3.0	47 65	2.0 2.7

<sup>\*</sup> Figure has low statistical reliability or precision (relative standard error exceeds 30 percent)



# TABLE 8B: PREVALENCE OF NEED FOR ASSISTANCE IN IADL OR ADL DUE TO CHRONIC CONDITIONS, BY ALL CAUSES OF LIMITATION, AGE, AND GENDER: UNITED STATES CIVILIAN NONINSTITUTIONALIZED POPULATION, AGES 5 AND OVE 1983-1985 (THREE-YEAR AVERAGE)--CONTINUED

			Fem	ales		
All Causes of Limitation	AII <u> </u>	ges	5-	69		)+
	Num	ber of condit	tions in thou	ands and p	ercent distrib	ution
All conditions	8,971	100.0	3,671	100.0	5,300	100.0
Skin and musculoskeletal						
Rheumatoid arthritis	174	1.9	109	3.0	65	1.2
Osteoarthritis/other arthropathies	1,271	14 2	438	11.9	834	15.7
Intervertebral disk disorders	183	2.0	149	4.1	34	0.6
Osteomyelitis/bone disorders	119	1.3	46	1.2	73	1.4
Bursitis	22	0.2	*13	*0.3	*9	*0.2
Psoriasis and dermatitis	*14	*0.2	•7	*0.2	•7	*0.
Skin cancer	*8	*0.1	•2	*0.0	•6	*0.1
Bone cancer	22	0.2	*13	*0.3	•9	0.2
Other skin and musculoskeletal	87	1.0	37	1.0	50	1.0
mpairments						
Absence of arm(s)/hand(s)	•1	*0.0		•	•1	*0.0
Absence of leg(s)	36	0.4	*15	*0.4	22	0.4
Absence of fingers, toes, feet	•7	0.1	•3	*0.1	*4	<b>*</b> 0.
Other absence, NEC	19	0.2	•7	*0.2	*12	*0.2
Complete paralysis of extremities	42	0.5	26	0.7	*16	*0.3
Cerebral palsy	35	0.4	34	0.9	*1	*0.0
Partial paralysis of extremities	105	1.2	37	1.0	68	1.3
Paralysis of other sites	32	0.4	18	05	114	*0.3
Curvature of back or spine	51	0.6	36	1.0	*15	*03
Other impairment of back	243	2.7	164	4.5	79	1.5
Spina bifida	*5	<b>°</b> 0.1	*4	*0.1	*1	*0.0
Impairment of upper extremities	78	0.9	43	1.2	35	0.7
Impairment of lower extremities	377	4.2	133	3.6	244	4.6
Other orthopedic impairment	43	0.5	23	0.6	20	0.4
Speech impairment	41	0.4	21	0.6	20	0.4
Blind in both eyes	124	1.4	45	1.2	79	1.5
Cataracts	185	2.1	29	8.0	156	29
Glaucoma	94	1.1	17	0.5	77	1.5
Other visual impairment/eye disorders	359	4.0	100	2.7	258	4.9
Deaf in both ears	31	0.3	*10	*0.3	21	0.4
Other hearing impairment/ear disorders	125	1.4	22	0.6	102	1,9

<sup>\*</sup> Figure has low statistical reliability or precision (relative standard error exceeds 30 percent)

SOURCE: National Health Interview Surveys, 1983-1985: original tabulations from public use tapes



TABLE 8B: PREVALENCE OF NEED FOR ASSISTANCE IN IADL OR ADL DUE TO CHRONIC CONDITIONS, 3Y ALL CAUSES OF LIMITATION, AGE, AND GENDER: UNITED STATES CIVILIAN NONINSTITUTIONALIZED POPULATION, AGES 5 AND OVER, 1983-1985 (THREE-YEAR AVERAGE)--CONTINUED

			<u>Fem</u>	eles		
All Causes of Limitation	All A	<u> </u>	5-6	59		)+
	Numb	er of conditi	ions in thous	ands and pe	rcent distrib	ution
<u>Digestive</u>				•		
Ulcers	43	0.5	*14	*0.4	29	0.5
Abdominal hernia	73	0.8	26	0.7	47	0.9
Ententis and colitis	20	0.2	*15	*0.4	<b>'</b> 5	*0.1
Cancer of digestive sites	40	0.4	17	0.5	23	0.4
Other digestive disorders	166	1.8	57	1.5	109	2.1
Circulatory						
Rheumatic fever	40	0.4	25	0.7	*15	*0.3
Ischemin heart disease	370	4.1	137	3.7	233	4.4
Heart rhythm disorders	87	1.0	24	0.6	63	1.2
Other heart disease	496	5.5	129	35	367	6.9
Hypertension	527	5.9	165	4.5	362	6.8
Cerebrovascular disease	295	3.3	92	2.5	203	3.8
Arteriosclerosis	111	1.2	*10	*0.3	100	1.9
Phiebitis, vancose veins	75	0.8	42	1.2	33	0.6
Other circulatory	112	1.3	38	1.0	74	1.4
Respiratory						
Chronic bronchitis	45	0.5	*15	*0.4	30	0.6
Asthma	123	1 4	79	2.2	44	0.8
Hay fever	<b>•</b> 7	*0.1	•4	*0.1	•3	*0.1
Sinusitis	<u> </u>	*0.2	•7	*0.2	*8	*0.2
Emphysen.a	123	1.4	64	17	59	1.1
Lung or bronchial cancer		02	*10	*0.3	•7	*0.1
Other respiratory disease		0.7	34	0.9	25	0.5

<sup>\*</sup> Figure has low statistical reliability or precision (relative standard error exceeds 30 percent)



### TABLE 8B: PREVALENCE OF NEED FOR ASSISTANCE IN IADL OR ADL DUE TO CHRONIC CONDITIONS, BY ALL CAUSES OF LIMITATION, AGE, AND GENDER: UNITED STATES CIVILIAN NONINSTITUTIONALIZED POPULATION, AGES 5 AND OVER, 1983-1985 (THREE-YEAR AVERAGE)--CONTINUED

			Femi	nies		
All Causes of Limitation	AII A	ges	5-6	9	70	<u>*</u>
	Numb	er of conditi	ions in thous	ands and pe	rcent distribu	ıtion
<u>Miscellaneous</u>						
Diabetes	390	4.3	134	3.7	256	4.8
Anemias	26	0.3	*10	*0.3	*16	*0.3
Kidney disorders	66	0.7	30	0.8	36	0.7
Female genital disorders	42	0.5	27	0.7	*16	*0.3
Schizophrenia/other psychoses	35	0.4	27	07	*8	*0.2
Neuroses/personality disorders	67	8.0	54	1.5	*13	*0.3
Other mental illness	49	0.5	29	8.0	20	0.4
Alchohol or drug dependency	•2	<b>*</b> 0.0	*2	*0.1		
Mental retardation	145	1.6	141	3.8	•4	*0.1
Epilepsy	46	0.5	41	1.1	*5	*0.1
Multiple sclerosis	44	0.5	40	1.1	*5	*0.1
Senility	210	2.3	*5	*0.1	205	3.9
Parkinson's disease	47	0.5	*11	*0.3	36	0.7
Other nervous disorders	153	1.7	87	2.4	66	1.2
Tuberculosis (all sites)	23	0.3	17	0.5	•6	*0.1
Other infectious/parasitic diseases	21	0.2	•7	*0.2	*14	*0.3
Leukemia	*11	<b>*0</b> .1	*5	*0.1	•6	<b>*0</b> .1
Cancer of female breast	46	0.5	20	0.6	76	0.5
Cancer of genitourinary sites	29	0.3	19	0.5	*10	*0.2
Cancer of all other sites, NEC	37	0.4	20	0.6	17	0.3
Surgical/medical complinations		1.0	45	1.2	46	0.9
Other injuries	57	0.6	26	0.7	32	0.6
Other ill-defined conditions	234	2.6	112	3.0	122	2.3
All other chronic conditions	272	3.0	135	3.7	137	2.6

<sup>\*</sup> Figure has low statistical reliability or precision (relative standard error exceeds 30 percent)

SOURCE: National Health Interview Surveys, 1983-1985; original tabulations from public use tapes

TABLE 9: PREVALENCE OF SCHOOL LIMITATION DUE TO CHRONIC CONDITIONS, BY DEGREE OF LIMITATION AND SOCIODEMOGRAPHIC CHARACTERISTICS UNITED STATES CIVILIAN NUMBER OF CHRONIC CONDITIONS, BY DEGREE OF LIMITATION AND SOCIODEMOGRAPHIC CHARACTERISTICS UNITED STATES CIVILIAN NUMBER OF CHRONIC CONDITIONS, BY DEGREE OF LIMITATION AND SOCIODEMOGRAPHIC CHARACTERISTICS UNITED STATES CIVILIAN NUMBER OF CHRONIC CONDITIONS, BY DEGREE OF LIMITATION AND SOCIODEMOGRAPHIC CHARACTERISTICS UNITED STATES CIVILIAN NUMBER OF CHRONIC CONDITIONS, BY DEGREE OF LIMITATION AND SOCIODEMOGRAPHIC CHARACTERISTICS UNITED STATES CIVILIAN NUMBER OF CHRONIC CONDITIONS, BY DEGREE OF LIMITATION AND SOCIODEMOGRAPHIC CHARACTERISTICS UNITED STATES CIVILIAN NUMBER OF CHRONIC CONDITIONS, BY DEGREE OF LIMITATION AND SOCIODEMOGRAPHIC CHARACTERISTICS UNITED STATES CIVILIAN NUMBER OF CHRONIC CONDITIONS, BY DEGREE OF LIMITATION AND SOCIODEMOGRAPHIC CHARACTERISTICS UNITED STATES CIVILIAN NUMBER OF CHRONIC CHRONIC CHARACTERISTICS (CHRONIC CHRONIC CHRON

		_					Degre	e of Scho	oi Limitatio	<u>n</u>			_	
;haracteriatic	All Pei	reone	Not Lin		Non-	ited in School tivity	Sc	ted in hool dance	Attend	Does Not Special /Classes		Special /Classes		bie to Schoo
								02/100	3011001	C183363	<u> </u>	C183363	Alleno	<u> Schoo</u>
					Numl	ber of perso	rin thous	a. Is and	oercent c <sup>e</sup> str	ibution				
All persons	_ 44,675	100.0	41,886	93.8	826	1.8	472	1.1	149	0.3	1173	2.6	169	0.4
Gender:														
Male	22,795	100.0	21,127	92.7	455	2.0	237	1.0	108	0.5	776	3.4	93	04
Female		100.0	20,759	94.9	371	1.7	234	11	41	0.3	398	1.8	76	0.3
Race and ethnicity:														
Native American	341	100.0	309	90.6	*6	*1.7	*5	*1.4	*2	*06	*14	*4.1	*6	<b>1</b> 16
Asian or Pacific Islander	941	100.0	921	97.8	•4	<b>*</b> 0.5	•5	*0.5	٠,	*G.1	•9	10.9	•2	*0.2
Black non-Hispanic	6,499	100.0	6.058	93.2	90	1.4	95	1.5	27	0.4	194	3.0	35	0.5
Black Hispanic	201	100.0	183	91.3	13	1.6	*4	*2.0	• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •	<b>*</b> 0.7	*6	*3.2	*2	11.2
White non-Hispanic	31,816	100.0	29.833	93.8	643	2.0	308	1.0	102	0.3	841	2.6	88	0.3
White Hispanic	3,730	100.0	3,515	94.2	64	1.7	41	1.1	*12	10.3	71	1.9	28	0.7
Other and unknown	1,148	100.0	1,069	93 1	*15	*1.3	*14	1.2	•4	*0.4	38	3.3	.8	*0.7
Race and ethnicity and Gend	er.													
Native An rican														
Male	_ 16	100.C	147	87.9	•2	*1.5	•2	*13	•1	*0.4	*10	60	*5	<b>*</b> 3 0
Female	173	100.0	162	93.2	*3	*1.8	•3	*1.5	*1	*0 8	•4	`22	*1	*0.3
Asian or Pacific Islander														
Male	491	100.0	478	97.5	•2	*0.4	*4	*08	•1	*0.1	<b>*</b> 5	*0.c	•1	10.2
Female	451	100.0	442	98.2	*?	*0 5	*1	*0.2		•	•4	<b>1</b> .0	*1	*0.2
Black non-Hispanic														
Male	3,25 ئ	100.0	3,001	92 1	44	1.4	46	1.4	18	05	133	4.1	*16	*0.5
Femaie	3,241	100.0	3,057	94.3	45	1 4	50	15	*9	*0.3	61	19	19	0.6
Black Hispanic														
Male	_ 93	100.0	88	89.3	*1	*1 4	*1	<b>1</b> 1 4	•1	<b>1</b> 15	•4	*4.0	•9	<b>°</b> 24
Female	102	100.0	95	93 2	•2	*1.8	•3	*2.5		•	•2	*24	-	
White non-Hispraic														
Male	16,296	100.0	15,101	92.7	38,2	~ 5	157	10	78	05	550	34	48	0.3
Female	15 520	100 0	14.732	94.9	282	18	151	10	24	0.2	291	19	40	0.3

<sup>\*</sup> Figure has low statistical reliability or precision (relative standard error exceleds 30 percent)



TABLE 9: PREVALENCE OF SCHOOL LIMITATION DUE TO CHRONIC CONDITIONS, BY DEGREE O.- LIMITATION AND SOCIODEMOGRAPHIC CHARACTERISTICS: UNITED STATES CIVILIAN NONINSTITUTIONALIZED POPULATION, AGES 5-17 YEARS, 1983-1985 ("HREE-YEAR AVERAGE)—CONTINUED

				_			Degre	e of Scho	ol Limitatio	п				
Characteristic	All Per	**************************************	Not L'		Non-	ted in School Nivity	Limit Sci	ted in 100i dance	Needs-l Attend	Dous Not Special (Classes		Special Classes		ble to School
					Numl	har of nerso	ne in thous:	ands and	percent distr	ibution				
Race and ethnicity and Gende	er:				Hain	761 OI PO130	113 111 010030	arios ario į	porcern casa	100001				
White Hispanic														
Male	1,908	100.0	1,780	93.3	35	1.8	21	1.1	•7	*0.3	50	2.6	*16	*0.8
Female	1,822		1,735	95.2	29	1.6	20	1.1	•5	*0.3	21	1.1	*12	*0.7
Other and unknown														
Male	<b>578</b>	100.0	532	92.2	*8	*1.3	•6	*1 1	•3	*0.5	24	4.1	•5	*0.8
Female	571		536	94.0	*8	*1.4	*8	*1.4	11	*0 2	*14	2.4	•4	*0.7
Poverty Status:														
Above poverty line	32,782	100.0	30,844	94.1	624	1.9	320	1.0	97	0.3	799	2.4	98	0.3
At or below poverty line		100 0	6,407	91.2	121	17	115	1.6	38	0.5	290	4.1	55	0.8
Unknown	4,867	100.0	4,635	95.2	81	1.7	37	8.0	*14	*0.3	84	1.7	*16	*0.3
Poverty and gender: Above poverty line														
Male	16,776	100.0	15,613	93.1	341	2.0	163	1.0	72	0.4	531	3.2	57	0.3
Female		100.0	15,231		283	1.8	157	10	25	0.2	269	1.7	41	0.3
At or below poverty line														
M.ale	3,557	100 0	3,196	898	68	1.9	58	16	22	06	188	5.3	26	0.7
emale		100.0	3,211	92.6	54	16	57	1.6	*16	*0.4	102	29	29	0.8
Unknown														
Male	2,462	100.0	2,318	94.1	47	1.9	17	0.,	*13	<b>*</b> 0 5	57	2.3	*10	0.4
F.amale	2.405	100.0	2.317	96.4	34	1.4	21	09	*1	*0 0	27	1,1	*6	0.4

<sup>\*</sup> Figure has low statistical reliability or precision (relative standard error exceeds 30 percent)



First Condition	Second Condition	Third Condition	Number (1,000s)	Rate per 1,000
Skin and musculoskeletal				
Rheumatoid arthritis	none	none	678	2.9
	Other selected skin and musc.	non <del>0</del>		1.7
		Other selected skin and musc	409	1.8
Ostecarthritis/Other arthropathies	none	none	16,396	73.0
	Osteoarthntis/Other arthropathies	none		2.1
		Other selected skir and musc	634	2.7
	Intervertebral disk disorders	ncne	774	3.3
		Other selected skin and musc.		2.9
	Osteomyelitis/bone disorders	none	495	2.1
		Other selected skin and musc.		2.7
	Bursitis	none	807	3.5
		Psoriasis and dermatitis	100	0.4
		Other selected skin and musc	772	3.3
	Psoriesis and _ matitus	none	994	4.3
		Other selected skin and musc.		3.0
	Skin cancer	none		1.5
		Other selected skin and muse	241	1.0
	Other selected skin and musc.	none	3,605	15.6
		Other selected skin and musc	735	3 %
Intervertebral disk disorders	none	none	1,606	6.9
	Osteomyelitis/one disorders	Other selected skin and musc.		0.5
	Bursitis	Other selected skin and musc		0.8
	Psoriasis and dermatitis	none		0.4
		Other selected skin and musc.		0.8
	Other selected skin and musc.	none		18
		Other selected skin and musc.		1.5

SOURCE: National Health Interview Surveys, 1983-1985: original tabulations from public use tapes



First Condition	Second Condition	Third Condition	Number (1,000s)	Rate per 1,000
Osteomyelitis/bone disorders		none	1001	4.3
Oseomyeaus/bone disorders	none Bursitis	Other selected skin and musc.		0.4
	Psoriasis and dermatitis	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·		0.5
	rsoriasis and cormadus	none Other selected skin and musc		0.4
	Other selected skin and musc.	none		1.3
	Outer selected skill and musc.	Other selected stin and musc		1.3
Bursitis	none	none	1,820	7.9
	Bursitis	Other selected skin and musc.		0.3
	Psoriasis and dermatitis	none	144	0.6
		Other selected skin and musc		0.4
	Other selected skin and musc.	none	435	1.9
		Other selected skin and musc	372	1.6
Psoriasis and dermatitis	none	none	7,074	30.6
	Psoriasis and dermatitis	none		0.5
	Other selected skin and musc.	none		4.6
		Other selected skin and musc	442	1.9
Skin cancer	none	none	421	1.8
	Other selected skin and musc.	none	92	0.4
Other selected skin and musc.	none	none	13,892	60.0
	Other selected skin and musc.	none	1,090	4.7
		Other selected skin and musc	304	1.3
Impairments				
Blind in both eyes	none	none	103	0.4
	Other impairment	none	124	03
		Other impairment	290	1.3



First Condition	Second Condition	Third Condition	Number (1.000s)	Rate per 1,000
Deaf in both ears	none	none	776	^.4
	Cataracts	none		0.6
		Other impairment		0.4
	Other visual impairment	Other impairment		0.4
	Other hearing impairment	none		0.6
	• •	Other impairment		0.7
	Other impairment	none		1.4
		Other impairment		1.5
Speech impairments	none	none	590	2.5
	Mental retardation	none		0.4
	Other hearing impairment	none		0.4
		Other impairment		0.5
	Other impairment	none		0.8
		Other impairment		1.8
Mental retardation	none	none	626	2.7
	Other impairment	none		0.7
		Other impairment		0.9
Absence of leg(s)	none	none	112	0.5
	Other impairment	Other impairment	200	0.9
Absence of fingers, toes, feet	none	none	935	4.0
	Other hearing impairment	enon	262	1.1
		Other impairment		0.5
	Other impairment	none	304	1.3
		Other impairment	279	1.2
Other absence, NEC	none	none		2.2
	Other hearing impairment	none	96	0.4
		Other impairment	90	0.4
	Other impairment	none	212	0.9
		Other impairment	233	1.0



First Condition	Second Condition	Third Condition	Number (1,000s)	Rate per 1,000
Complete paralysis of extremities	none	none	186	0.8
	Other impairment	none		0.6
	·	Other impai: nr. ant		8.0
Cerebral palsy	none	none	104	0.4
Partial paralysis of extremities	none	none	191	8.0
	Other hearing impairment	Other impairment		0.4
	Other impairment	none	105	0.5
		Other impairment		8.0
Curvature of back or spine	none	none	2,911	12.6
		Other impairment	140	0.6
	Impairment of lower extremities	none		1.1
		Other impairment	216	0.9
	Cataracts	Other impairment	108	0.5
	Other visual impairment	none	83	0.4
		Other impairment		0.6
	Other hearing impairment	none	393	1.7
		Other impairment	246	1.1
	Other impairment	none		0.8
		Other 'mpairment	180	8.0
Other impairment of back	none	none	5,507	23.8
	Impairment of upper extremities	none	235	1.0
		Other impairment		0.7
	Impairment of lower extremities	none		2.8
		Other visual impairment		0.4
		Other hearing impairment	204	0.9
		Other impairment	239	1.0



First Condition	Second Condition	Third Condition	Number (1,000s)	Rate per 1,000
Other impairment of back	Cataracts	nore	122	0.5
		Other impairment	205	0.9
	Glaucoma	Other impairment		0.4
	Other visual impairment	none		1.5
	·	Other hearing impairment		0.6
		Other impairment		0.4
	Other hearing impairment	none	1.058	4.6
	• •	Other impairment	1,000	1.0
	Other impairment	none	117	0.5
Impairment of upper extremities	none	none	1,337	5.8
	Impairment of lower extremities	none		0.7
		Other impairment	253	1.1
	Cataracts	Other impairment		0.4
	Other visual impairment	Other impairment	127	0.5
	Other hearing impairment	none		1.4
		Other impairment		1.0
	Other impairment	none	178	0.8
		Other impairment	96	0.4
Impairment of lower extremities	none	none	5,441	23.5
	Impairment of lower extremities	none		0.5
		Other impairment		0.9
	Cataracts	none	164	0.7
		Other impairment		0.8
	Other visual impairment	none	328	1.4
		Other hearing impairment	118	0.5
		Other impairment		09
	Other hearing impairment	none		3.5
		Other impairment		1.7
	Other impairment	Other impairment	187	8.0
Other orthopedic impairment	enon	none	115	0.5



First Condition	Second Condition	Third Condition	Number (1,000s)	Rate per 1,000
			4 004	0.0
Caturacts	none	none		8.2
	Glaucoma	none		0.8
		Other impairment		1.0
	Other visual impairment	none	322	1.4
		Other hearing impairment		0.9
		Other impairment		1.5
	Other hearing impairment	none	839	3.6
		Other impairment	406	1.8
	Other in pairment	Other impairment	90	0.4
Glaucoma	none	none	506	2.2
	Other visual impairment	none		0.8
	·	Other impairment	192	0.8
	Other hearing impairment	none		0.5
	• ,	Other impairment		0.8
Other visual impairment	none	none	3,918	16.9
	Other visual impairment	none		0.5
	•	Other impairment		r 5
	Other hearing impairment	none		4.0
	<b>- - -</b>	Other impairment		1.6
	Other impairment	Other impairment		0.4
Other hearing impairment	none		11,841	51.1
Outo, nowing impairment	Other impairment	none		0.8
		Other impairment		0.6
<u>Digestive</u>				
Ulcers	none	none	2,917	12.6
	Abdominal hemia	none		1.0
		Other selected digestive disorders		0.9
	Other selected digestive disorders	none	809	35
		Other selected digestive disorders	325	1.4



First Condition	Second Condition	Third Condition	Number (1,000s)	Rate per 1,000
Abdominal hemia	none	none	3.075	13.3
	Other so digestive disorders	none		3.8
	•	Other selected digestive disorders		2.1
Enteritis and colitis	none	rone	1,562	6.7
	Other selected digestive disorders	none	396	1.7
		Other selected digestive disorders	223	1.0
Cancer of digestive sites	none	none	117	0.5
Other selected digestive disorders	none	none	12,219	52.8
	Other selected digestive disorders	none	1,536	6.6
		Other selected digestive disorders	293	1.3
Circulato:				
Rheumatic fever	none	none		2.9
	Ischemic heart disease	Other circulatory		0.7
	Heart rhythm disorders	Other circulatory		0.4
	Hypertension	none		0.7
		Other circulatory		1.0
	Other circulatory	none	222	1.0
		Other circulatory	262	1.1
Ischemic heart disease	none	none	1,416	6.1
	Ischemic heart disease	none		8.0
		Hypertension	190	8.0
		Arteriosclerosis		0.3
		Other circulatory		1.3
	Heart rhythm disorders	none		0.4
		Hypertension		0.8
		Other circulatory	271	1.2



First Condition	Second Condition	Third Condition	Number (1,000s)	Rate per 1,000
Ischemic heart disease	Other heart disease	2000	89	0.4
		none Hypertension		0.8
		Other circulatory		1.6
	Hypertension	none		4.6
	7,	Cerebrovascular disease		0.7
		Arteriosclerosis		1.6
		Phlebitis, varicose veins		0.5
·		Other circulatory		1.3
	Cerebroys: cular disease	none		0.4
		Other circulatory		0.9
	Arteriosclerosis	none		0.8
		Other circulatory		1.1
	Phlebitis, varicose veins	Other circulatory		0.6
	Other circulatory	none		0.9
	•	Other circulatory		0.9
leart rhythm disorders	none	none		15.5
	Heart rhythm disorders	Other circulatory		0.4
	Other heart disease	r one		0.5
		Hypertension		0.5
		Other rirculatory		0.7
	Hypertension	none		4.1
		Arteriosclerosis		0.4
		Phlebitis, varicose veins		0.7
		Other circulatory		1.6
	Cerebrovascular disease	Other circulatory		0.4
	Arteriosclerosis	Other circulatory		0.5
	Phlebitis, varicose veins	none		1.0
		Other circulatory		0.7
	Other circulatory	none		1.9
		Other circulatory		0.8

First Condition	Second Condition	Third Condition	Number (1,000s)	Rate per 1,000
Other heart disease			1 400	
Other neart disease		none		6.4
	Hypertension	none		3.7
	Arteriosclerosis  Other circulatory  Arteriosclerosis  Other circulatory  Other circulatory	Cerebrovascular disease		0.7
		Arteriosclerosis		0.8
		Phlebitis, varicose veins		0.5
		Other cir~llatory		1.1
		Other circulatory		0.5
	* * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * *	Other circulatory		8.0
	Phlebitis, varicose veins	none	129	0.6
		Other circulatory	114	0.5
	Other circulatory	none	296	1.3
		Other circulatory	192	8.0
Hypertension	none	none	17,760	76.7
	Cerebrovascular disease	none	Other circulatory         192           none         17,760           none         585           Arteriosclerosis         149	2.5
/pertension		Arteriosclerosis	149	ა.6
		Other circulatory	220	0.9
	Arteriosclerosis	none	383	1.7
		Phlebitis, v pose voins		0.4
		Other circ alc.,	115	0.5
	Phlebitis, varicose veins	none		5.0
		Other circulatory		1.8
	Other circulatory	none	1,677	7.2
		Other circulatory		0.9
Cerebrovascular disease	none	none	423	1.8
	Arteriosclerosis	Other circulatory		0.6
	Phlebitis, varicose veins	Other circulatory		0.4
	Other circulatory	none		0.5
	-	Other circulatory		0.7



First Condition	Second Condition	Third Condition	Number (1,000s)	Rate per 1.000
Arteriosclerosis	none	none	506	2.2
	Other circulatory	noneenon	 130	0.6
	,	Other circulatory		8.0
Phlebitis, varicose veins	none	none	3,391	14.6
	Phlebits, varicose veins	none	404	0.4
		Other circulatory	87	0.4
	Other circulatory	none		2.9
	·	Other circulatory		1.0
Other circulatory	none	none	6,229	26.9
·	Other circulatory	Other circulatory	81	0.3
Respiratory				
Chronic bronchitis	none	none	5,336	23.0
	Asthma	none	921	4.0
		Sinusitis	331	1.4
		Emphysema		0.5
		Other selected respiratory disease	243	1.0
	Hay fever	none	689	3.0
		Sinusitis		1.8
		Other selected respiratory disease		1.0
	Sinusitis	none	1,675	7.2
		Emphysema		0.4
		Other selected respiratory disease	268	1.2
	Emphysema	none	219	0.9
	Other selected respiratory disease	none	526	2.3
	· · · ·	Other selected respiratory disease	. ' 264	1.1
	Other selected respiratory disease	none	1168	5.0
		Other selected respiratory disease	188	8.0



First Condition	Second Condition	Third Condition	Number (1,000s)	Rate per 1,000
Asthma	none	none	5,267	22.7
	Hay fever	none	102	0.4
		Other selected respiratory disease	117	0.5
	Sinusitis	none	767	3.3
		Other selected respiratory disease		1.1
	Emphysema	none	116	0.5
		Other selected respiratory disease		0.4
	Other selected respiratory disease	none	357	1.5
		Other selected respiratory disease		0.7
Hay fever	none	none	13,717	59.2
	Sinusitis	none		15.7
		Other selected respiratory disease		1.7
	Other selected respiratory disease	none		3.2
		Other selected respiratory disease		8.0
Sinusitis	none	none	21,705	93.7
	Emphysema	none	<del></del>	0.9
		Other selected respiratory disease		0.7
Emphysema	none	non.a	885	3.8
	Other selected respiratory disease	none	99	0.4
		Other selected respiratory disease	180	9.8
Lung or bronchial cancer	none	none	112	0.5
Other selected respiratory disease	none	none	3,897	16.8
	Other selected respiratory disease	none	143	0.6
		Other selected respiratory disease	 152	0.7



First Condition	Second Condition	Third Condition	Numbe: (1,000s)	Rate per 1,000
Abdominal hernia	none	none	3,075	13.3
Appending norms	Other selected digestive disorders	none		3.8
	•	Other selected digestive disorders		2.1
Enteritis and colitis	none	none	1,562	6.7
	Other selected digestive disorders	n <b>on</b> e		1.7
	•	Other selected digestive disorders		1.0
Cancer of digestive sites	none	nane	117	0.5
Other selected digestive disorders	none	none	12,219	52.8
•	Other selected digestive disorders	none		6.6
		Other selected digestive disorders	293	1.3
Miscellaneo" 3				
Diabetes	none	11ÖNB	5,054	21.8
	Anemias	none	150	0.6
	Kidney disorders	none	210	0.9
	Female genital disorders	none	97	0.4
	Migraine headache	none	200	0.9
	Other miscellaneous	none		0.5
		Other miscella: 3ous	200	09
Anemias	none	none	2,396	10.3
	Kidney disorders	none	163	0.7
	Female genital disorders	none		1.0
		Other miscellaneous		0.6
	Migraine headache	none		1.3
		Other miscellaneous		0.4
	Other miscellaneous	Other miscellaneous	99	0.4



First Condition	Second Condition	Third Condition	Number (1,000s)	Rate per 1,000
Epilepsy	none	none	859	3.7
	Other miscellaneous	none		0.5
Kidney disorders	none	none	2,387	16.3
	Female genital disorders	none		0.4
		Other miscellaneous	81	0.4
	Migraine headache	none	240	1.0
Multiple sclerosis	none	none	117	0.5
Female genital disorders	none	none	4,026	17.4
	Female genital disorders	none		1.1
	Migraine headache	none	464	2.0
		Other miscellaneous		0.5
	Other miscellaneous	Other miscellaneous	90	0.4
Cancer of the breast	none	none	322	14
Cancer of genitourinary sites	none	none	215	0.9
Migraine headache	none	none	6,257	270



## TABLE 11: PREVALENCE OF ACTIVITY LIMITATION DUE TO CHRONIC CONDITIONS, BY MAIN AND SECONDARY CAUSES AND DEGREE OF LIMITATION: UNITED STATES CIVILIAN NONINSTITUTIONALIZED POPULATION, 1983-1985 (THREE-YEAR AVERAGE)

					Deuree of A	ctivity Limit			
Main Cause	Secondary Cause	–	imited ctivity		in Non- Activity	or K	n Amount Ind of Activity		o Perforn Activity
			N	umber of con	ditions in th	ousands and	l percent dis	tribution	
Total		37,488	100.00	10,942	29.19	15,534	41.43	11,012	29.37
Skin and musculoskeletal	!								
Arthritis	none	2,253	100.00	925	41.08	899	39.90	428	19.02
	Arthritis	145	100.00	39	<b>27.</b> U.	58	39.77	48	33.20
	Intervertebral disk disorders	42	100.00	•9	*21.9€	19	44.33	*14	*33.72
	Other skin and musculoskeletal	135	100.00	30	22.42	54	40.34	50	37.24
	Eye/ear impairments	195	100.00	50	26.25	75	38.22	70	35.52
	Absence/paralysis of extremities	39	100.00	*8	*21.15	*13	*33.43	18	45.41
	Back impairments	61	100.00	*14	*23.37	28	46.37	18	30.26
	Impairment of lower extremities	70	100.00	*15	*20.81	31	44.08	25	35.12
	Other orthopedic impairment	34	100.00	•7	*21.25	21	59.98	•6	*18.77
	Digestive disorders	166	100.00	34	20.79	80	48.44	51	30.77
	Diabetes	185	100.00	40	21.46	92	49.86	53	28.68
	Mental illness	33	100 00	•6	*18 29	*14	*42.39	*13	*39.32
	Nervous disorders	51	100.00	*1.	*20.90	22	43.58	17	32.52
	Heart disease	289	100.00	64	22.32	131	45.41	93	32.26
	Hypertension	469	100.00	135	28.76	198	42.29	136	28.95
	Other circulatory	87	100.00	21	24.47	40	45.63	26	29.90
	Asthma	47	100.00	•9	*18.94	25	53.67	*13	*27.40
	Emphysema	35	100.00	•9	*24.97	'12	*33.38	*14	*41.64
	Other respiratory disease	50	100.00	*13	*25 44	22	45.20	*15	*29.37
	Cancer of all sites	26	100.00	•3	*12.69	*12	*45.83	*11	*41.48
	All other	296	100.00	69	23 39	129	43.51	98	33.10

<sup>\*</sup> Figure has low statistical reliability or precision (relative standard error exceeds 30 percent)

SOURCE: National Health Interview Surveys, 1983-1985: original tabulations from public use tapes



TABLE 11: PREVALENCE OF ACTIVITY LIMITATION DUE TO CHRONIC CONDITIONS, BY MAIN AND SECONDARY CAUSES AND DEGREE OF LIMITATION: UNITED STATES CIVILIAN NONINSTITUTIONALIZED POPULATION, 1983-1985 (THREE-YEAR AVERAGE)—CONTINUED

					Degree of A				_				
Main Cause	Secondary Cause		imited ctivity		in Non- Activity	or K	n Amount ind of <u>Activity</u>		o Periom Activity				
		Number of conditions in thousands and percent distribution											
Intervertebral disk	none	1,056	100.00	262	24.78	561	53.07	234	22.14				
disorders	Arthritis	83	100.00	*11	*13.51	41	49.51	31	36 98				
	Impairment of lower extremities	41	100.00	•6	*15.06	*16	*38 89	19	46.05				
	Digestive disorders	39	100.00	*5	*13. <b>5</b> 0	*16	*40.25	18	46 25				
	Heart disease	45	100.00	•7	*15.99	21	46.72	17	37.30				
	Hypertension	51	100.00	7	*13.68	23	44.73	21	41.59				
	All other	245	100.00	31	12.76	109	44.62	104	42.62				
Other skin and	n <b>on</b> e	550	100.00	253	45.93	212	38.55	· 5	15.52				
musculoskeletal	Arthritis	3	100.00	24	26.22	40	42.85	29	3û.93				
	Heart disease	34	100.00	•7	*20.64	*8	*23.53	19	55 83				
	Hypertension	67	100.00	*11	*16.48	33	48 45	24	35.07				
	All other	274	100.00	58	21.15	122	44.57	94	34 28				
<u>Impairments</u>													
Eye/ear impairments	n <b>on</b> e	1,281	100.00	606	47.30	515	40.22	160	12.47				
	Arthritis	129	100.00	29	22.60	66	51.32	34	26.08				
	Other skin and musculoskeletal	27	100.00	*5	<b>1</b> 16.96	*13	*50 25	•9	*32.79				
	Eye/ear impairments	481	100.00	159	32 99	228	47.45	94	19 56				
	Impairment of lower extremities	28	100.00	*9	*31.25	*16	57.92	*3	*1083				
	Digestive disorders	30	100.00	•7	*22.37	*12	*39.68	*12	*37.95				
	Diabetes	92	100.00	*12	13.59	45	48.53	35	37.88				
	Nervous disorders	33	100.00	*8	*24.97	*16	*48.16	•9	*26.86				
	Heart disease	99	100 00	17	16.77	48	48 53	34	34 70				
	Hypertension	<del>96</del>	100.00	20	20.81	45	46 47	32	32.72				
	Other circulatory	45	100.00	•9	*20.51	23	51.00	*13	*28.49				
	All other	309	100.00	76	24.63	147	47.54	86	27 82				

<sup>\*</sup> Figure has low statistical reliability or precision (relative standard error exceeds 30 percent)



TABLE 11: PREVALENCE OF ACTIVITY LIMITATION DUE TO CHRONIC CONDITIONS, BY MAIN AND SECONDARY CAUSES AND DEGREE OF LIMITATION: UNITED STATES CIVILIAN NONINSTITUTIONALIZED POPULATION, 1983-1985 (THREE-YEAR AVERAGE)-CONTINUED

					Degree of A								
Main Cause	Secondary Cause		imited ctivity		i in Non- Activity	or K	n Amount Ind of Activity		o Feriom Activity				
		Number of conditions in thousands and percent distribution											
Absence/paralysis	none	516	100.00	131	25 39	225	43.66	160	30.95				
of extremities	Arthritis	40	100.00	*8	*20.46	17	42.53	*15	*37.01				
	Eye/ear impairments	55	100.00	•6	*10.74	25	45.35	24	43.90				
	Absence/paralysis of extremities	27	100.00	*2	*7.42	*10	*38.88	*14	*53.70				
	Diabetes	52	100.00	•4	*8.66	*11	*21.85	35	69.49				
	Heart disease	39	100 00	*3	<b>*</b> 7.37	*11	26.89	26	65.74				
	Hypertension	40	100.00	*3	*7.20	*11	*27.45	26	65.35				
	Cerebrovascular disease	68	100.00	•6	*8.66	19	28.00	43	63.34				
	All other	223	100.00	26	11.69	66	29.55	131	58.76				
Back impairments	none	1,812	100.00	621	34.27	925	51.03	266	14.70				
	Arthritis	106	100.00	21	19.43	50	46 60	36	33.97				
	Other skin and musculoskeletal	39	100.00	*10	*26.49	22	55.67	•7	*16.85				
	Eye/ear impairments	54	100.00	*10	<b>1</b> 7.89	31	56.47	*14	*25.64				
	Impairment of lower extremities	189	100.00	42	22.39	83	43.78	64	33.83				
	Other orthopedic impairment	67	100 00	*15	*22.68	28	41.34	24	35.98				
	Digestive disorders	41	100.00	*10	*24.06	21	50.37	*11	*25 64				
	Diabetes	33	100.00	•7	*20.83	*12	*37.7	*14	<b>*</b> 41.46				
	Nervous disorders	29	100 00	•6	*19.40	*13	*43.49	*11	*37,11				
	Heart disease	85	100.00	20	23 43	31	36.20	34	40.31				
	Hypertension	84	100 00	19	22.36	41	48.58	24	29.06				
	All other	273	100 00	60	21.94	137	50.42	75	27.63				

<sup>\*</sup> Figure has low statistical reliability or precision (relative standard error exceeds 30 percent)



TABLE 11: PREVALENCE OF ACTIVITY LIMITATION DUE TO CHRONIC CONDITIONS, BY MAIN AND SECONDARY CAUSES AND DEGREE OF LIMITATION: UNITED STATES CIVILIAN NONINSTITUTIONALIZED POPULATION, 1983-1985 (THREE-YEAR AVERAGE)-CONTINUED

					Degree of A	ctivity Limi	tation						
Main Cause	Secondary Cause		imited ctivity		in Mon- Activity	ог К	in Amount ind of Activity		to Perform Activity				
		Number of conditions in thousands and parcent distribution											
Impeirment of lower	none	1,443	100.00	748	51.81	493	34.18	202	14.01				
extremities	Arthritis	68	100.00	18	26.62	31	44.65	20	28.73				
	Eye/ear impairments	67	100.00	*11	*15.93	30	45.54	26	38.53				
	Back impairments	83	100.00	19	22.61	43	52.42	21	24.97				
	Impairment of lower extremities	42	100.00	*13	*30.31	17	41.08	*12	*28.61				
	Other orthopedic impairment	42	100.00	*11	*25.11	17	41.35	*14	*33.54				
	Heart disease	61	100 00	*12	*19.52	26	42.53	23	37.95				
	Hypertension	57	100.00	*14	*25.20	28	49.79	*14	*25.00				
	All other	293	100.00	62	21.31	127	43.45	103	35.23				
Other orthopedic	none	481	100.00	179	37.11	218	45.35	84	17.54				
impairment	Back impairments	28	100 00	*6	*22.97	*13	*46.74	*8	*30.29				
	Impairment of lower extremities	50	100.00	*11	*22.19	20	39.73	19	38.08				
	All other	168	100.00	29	17.03	67	40.02	72	42 95				
<u>Digestive</u>													
Eigestive disorders	none	429	100.00	164	38.22	190	44.36	75	17.42				
	Arthritis	46	100.00	*15	*33 24	*14	*29.69	17	37.07				
	Digestive disorders	61	100.00	18	29 77	21	34.92	22	35 31				
	Heart disease	50	100 00	*14	*26 85	*15	*29 00	22	44 15				
	Hypertension	47	100 00	*14	*29.92	21	43 70	*13	*26 37				
	All other	249	100.00	56	22.70	107	43 18	85	34.12				

<sup>\*</sup> Figure has low statistical reliability or precision (relative standard error exceeds 30 percent)



TABLE 11: PREVALENCE OF ACTIVITY LIMITATION DUE TO CHRONIC CONDITIONS, BY MAIN AND SECONDARY CAUSES AND DEGREE OF LIMITATION: UNITED STATES CIVILIAN NONINSTITUTIONALIZED POPULATION, 1983-1985 (THREE-YEAR AVERAGE)--CONTINUED

				· ·	Degree of A	ctivity Limit	ation							
Main Cause	Secondary Cause		inited ctivity		i in Non- Activity	or K	n Amount ind of Activity		o Perform Activity					
<u>Circulatory</u>		Number of conditions in thousands and percent distribution												
Heart disease	2020	1,971	100.00	715	36.30	774	39.29	481	24.40					
iout Gradass	noneArthritis	384	100.00	96	24.90	149	38.74	140	36.36					
	Intervertebral disk disorders	50	100.00	*10	*20.26	21	42.05	19	37.69					
	Other skin and musculoskeletal	67	100.00	*14	*21.57	24	36.21	28	42.22					
	Eye/ear impairments	139	100.00	35	24.99	51	37.12	53	37.89					
	Absence/paralysis of extremities	37	100.00	*6	*15.96	*12	*31 88	19	52.16					
	Back impairments	55	100.00	*13	*23.57	20	36.81	22	39.62					
	Impairment of lower extremities	53	100.00	*10	19.90	17	32.76	25	47.34					
	Digestive disorders	144	100.00	22	15.29	56	39.02	66	45 69					
	Diabetes	313	100.00	58	18.58	107	34.16	148	47 26					
	Nervous disorders	49	100.00	•9	*18.26	20	30.09	20	41.65					
	Heart disease	8G	100.00	17	21.16	32	39.54	31	39.30					
	Hypertension	458	100 OC	119	25.93	174	37 91	166	36.17					
	Cen .: nvascular disease	56	100 00	•6	*11.34	*15	*27.59	34	61.08					
	Other circulatory	121	100.00	23	18,85	42	34.27	57	46.88					
	Asthma	45	100.00	•7	*16.60	18	40.37	19	43.04					
	Emphysema	90	100.00	*14	*15.97	21	23.56	55	60.47					
	Other respiratory disease	81	100.00	•9	*10.95	28	34.36	44	54.69					
	Cancer of all sites	43	100.00	*11	*24.78	*11	*26.22	21	49 00					
	All other	284	100.00	49	17.38	108	37.93	127	44.70					
Hypertension	none	633	100.00	301	47.58	233	36 86	98	15.57					
	Arthritis	140	100 00	49	34.71	55	39.54	36	25.75					
	Eye/ear impairments	47	100.00	*15	*32.19	20	41.78	*12	*26.03					
	Digestive disorders	58	100.00	*14	*23.85	18	31.72	26	44.43					
	Diabetes	107	100.00	27	25.52	43	40.27	37	34.22					
	Heart disease	136	100.00	34	25.11	57	42.07	45	32 82					
	Other circulatory	37	100 00	*12	*32.18	18	47.95	•7	*19 87					
	All other	320	100.00	98	30 64	118	36 72	105	32.64					

<sup>\*</sup> Figure has ...w statistical reliability or precision (rolative standard error exceeds 30 percent)
SOURCE: National Health Interview Surveys, 1983-1985; original tabulations from public use tapes



TABLE 11: PREVALENCE OF ACTIVITY LIMITATION DUE TO CHRONIC CONDITIONS, BY MAIN AND SECONDARY CAUSES AND DEGREE OF LIMITATION: UNITED STATES CIVILIAN NONINSTITUTIONALIZED POPULATION, 1983-1985 (THREE-YEAR AVERAGE)--CONTINUED

Mein Cause	Secondary Cause		lmited ctivity	Limite	d in Non- Activity	Limited or K	in Amount ind of Activity		to Perform Activity	
			Nu	mber of cor	nditions in th	ousands and	l percent dis	tribution		
Cerebrovascular	none	149	100.00	28	19.07	48	32.04	73	48.89	
disease	Arthritis	39	100.00	•4	*9 29	*13	*32 52	23	58.19	
	Eye/ear impairments	42	100.00	*11	27.11	*10	*24 99	20	47.89	
	Absence/paralysis of extremities	205	100.00	32	15.49	61	29.99	112	54.52	
	Diabetes	41	100.00	*3	*7.79	•7	*17.71	30	74.50	
	Heart disease	90	100.00	•7	*8.07	28	31.26	55	60.66	
	Hypertension	113	100.00	*15	*12.87	26	23.19	72	63.94	
	All other	169	100.00	26	15.47	29	17.15	114	67.38	
Other circulatory	none	398	100.00	178	44.77	141	35.39	79	19.84	
·	Arthritis	60	100.00	*14	*24.19	25	42.40	20	33.41	
	Eye/ear impairments	49	100.00	*11	*21 82	21	42.32	18	35.86	
	Diabetes	43	100.00	*12	*26.77	*16	*37.55	*15	*35.68	
	Heart disease	67	100 00	17	24.71	25	37.72	25	37 57	
	Hypertension	71	100.00	20	27.65	28	39 14	24	33.20	
	All other	215	100.00	47	21.75	83	38.58	85	39.67	
Respiratory										
Asthma	none	1,107	100.00	499	45 02	498	44.97	111	10.01	
	Arthritis	42	100 00	*13	*31.49	*16	*39 06	*12	*29.46	
	Other skin and musculoskeletal	32	100 00	*13	*39 71	*12	*36 13	*8	*24.17	
	Digestive disorders	30	100 00	*6	*19.94	*15	*49.19	•9	*30.87	
	Heart disease	36	100.00	•7	*19.80	17	46 90	*12	*33.30	
	Hypertension	43	100.00	•9	*21.90	20	46.23	*14	*31.81	
	Emphysema	36	100 00	*8	*22.06	*13	*35.86	*15	*42.08	
	Other respiratory disease	33	100.00	•9	*28.20	*15	*44.95	•9	*26 86	
	All other	160	100.00	34	21.18	88	54.83	38	24 00	

<sup>\*</sup> Figure has low statistical reliability or precision (relative standard error exceeds 30 percer.)



1ABLE 11: PREVALENCE OF ACTIVITY LIMITATION DUE TO CHRONIC CONDITIONS, BY MAIN AND SECONDARY CAUSES AND DEGREE OF LIMITATION: UNITED STATES CIVILIAN NONINSTITUTIONALIZED POPULATION, 1983-1985 (THREE-YEAR AVERAGE)—CONTINUED

					Degree of A							
Main Ceuse	Secondary Cause		imited ctivity		in Non- Activity	or K	n Amount ind of Activity		o Perforn Activity			
		Number of conditions in thousands and percent distribution										
Emphysema	none	278	100.00	104	37.43	88	31.60	86	30.97			
	Arthritis	51	100.00	*13	*25.41	*13	*26.10	25	48.48			
	Digestive disorders	29	100.00	*6	*20.30	*6	*20.39	17	59.31			
	Heart disease	113	100.00	25	22.08	24	21.24	64	56.68			
	Hypertension	56	100.00	*13	*23.64	17	29.67	26	46.68			
	Asthma	49	100.00	*6	*11.56	*16	*33.55	27	54.89			
	Other respiratory disease	46	100.00	*8	*17.07	*14	*29.48	25	53.45			
	All older	180	100.00	36	19.71	51	28.31	94	51.98			
Other respiratory	none	419	100.00	168	40.19	180	43.09	70	16.72			
disease	Arthritis	39	100.00	•9	*24.03	*14	*35.75	*16	*40.23			
	Other skin and musculoskeletal	26	100.00	*8	*30.07	*14	*53.44	*4	*16.49			
	Digestive disorders	27	100.00	*5	*18.27	*16	*57.80	•7	*23.93			
	Heart disease	46	100.00	*13	*28.50	*13	*27.75	20	43.74			
	All other	261	100.00	70	26.72	95	36.28	97	37.00			
<u>Miscellaneous</u>												
Diabetes	none	438	100.00	192	43.84	180	41.14	63	15.03			
	Arthritis	82	100.00	17	21.05	32	39.43	32	39.53			
	Eye/ear impairments	75	100 00	17	23.29	32	42.72	25	33 98			
	Digestive disorders	36	100.00	*11	*30.08	*11	<b>*29</b> .26	*15	*40.66			
	Heart disease	108	100.00	*18	*17.16	40	37.28	49	45.55			
	Hypertension	166	100.00	46	27.62	68	40.86	52	31.52			
	All other	201	100.00	33	16.63	82	41.14	85	42.23			

<sup>\*</sup> Figure has low statistical reliability or precision (relative standard error exceeds 30 percent)





TABLE 11: PREVALENCE OF ACTIVITY LIMITATION DUE TO CHRONIC CONDITIONS, BY MAIN AND SECONDARY CAUSES AND DEGREE OF LIMITATION: UNITED STATES CIVILIAN NONINSTITUTIONALIZED POPULATION, 1983-1985 (THREE-YEAR AVERAGE)—CONTINUED

					Degree of A				
		Aii L	imited	Limite	d in Non-	Limited in Amount or Kind of		Unable to Perform	
Main Cause	Secondary Cause		ctivity	Major	Activity		Activity		Activity
			٧u	ımber of cor	nditions in the	ousands and	d percent dis	tribution	
Mental retardation	none	757	100.00	33	4.40	539	71.21	185	24.39
	Eye/ear impairments	30	100.00	*1	*4.54	17	54.85	*12	*40.61
	All other		100.00	•9	*5.04	81	45.15	89	49.81
Mental illness	none	699	100.00	106	15.22	328	46.82	266	37.96
	Arthritis	28	100.00	•4	*13.27	*5	18.96	19	67.77
	Digestive disorders	27	100.00	*6	*21.07	•7	*24.46	*14	*54.46
	Hypertension		100.00	•7	*27.46	*4	*14.60	*16	*57.94
	All ok-ər	252	100.00	22	8.68	92	36.58	138	54.73
Nervous disorders	none	1,045	100.00	300	28.68	432	41.31	314	30.01
	Arthritis	58	100.00	•6	*10.91	25	44.26	26	44.83
	Eye/ear impairments	58	100.00	•9	*15.59	21	36.97	27	47.44
	Digestive disorders	31	100.00	•6	*18.74	*14	*45.69	*11	*35.58
	Heart disease	44	100.00	*4	*9.09	*11	*26.04	28	64.87
	Hypertension		100.00	*10	*25.21	*15	*39.63	*14	*35.16
	All other		100.00	53	16.24	116	35.81	155	47.95
Cancer of all sites	none	425	100 00	106	24.98	128	30.12	191	44 90
	Arthritis	37	100.00	*5	*13.16	*14	<b>'36.98</b>	18	49.86
	Heart disease		100.00	*6	*11.65	*14	*29.93	28	58.42
	All other		100.00	29	14.93	54	27.90	110	57.17

<sup>\*</sup> Figure has low statistical reliability or precision (relative standard error exceeds 30 percent)



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TABLE 11: PREVALENCE OF ACTIVITY LIMITATION DUE TO CHRONIC CONDITIONS, BY MAIN AND SECONDARY CAUSES AND DEGREE OF LIMITATION: UNITED STATES CIVILIAN NONINSTITUTIONALIZED POPULATION, 1983-1985 (THREE-YEAR AVERAGE)—CONTINUED

		-			Degree of A	ctivity Limi	tation						
							n Amount						
	On an alternative		lmited		l In Non-		ind of		o Perform				
Main Cause	Secondary Cause	In A	ctivity	Major	<u>Activity</u>	Major	<u>Activity</u>	<u>Major</u>	<u>Activity</u>				
		Number of conditions in thousands and percent distribution											
All other	none	2,072	100.00	659	31.81	880	42.44	534	25.74				
	Arthritis	153	100.00	33	21.50	66	43.15	54	35.36				
	Other skin and musculoskeletal	47	100.00	*15	*32.76	19	39.53	*13	*27.72				
	Eye/ear impairments	142	100 00	29	20.67	57	40.09	56	39.24				
	Absence/paralysis of extremities	37	100.00	*8	*21.81	*10	*27.52	19	50.67				
	Back impairments	65	100.00	*13	*19.58	27	41.53	25	38.89				
	Impairment of lower extre ies	61	100.00	*16	*27.00	22	35.46	23	37.54				
	Other orthopedic impairm	29	100.00	<b>-7</b>	*22.99	•7	*22.16	*16	*54.85				
	Digestive disorders	105	100.00	20	18.65	37	35.56	48	45.79				
	Diabetes	66	100.00	*11	*16.67	26	38.59	30	44.74				
	Mental illness	28	100.00	*6	*22.56	*10	*34.29	*12	*43.15				
	Nervous disordors	45	100.00	•7	*15.72	*13	*28.20	25	56.07				
	Heart disease	132	100.00	25	19.35	40	30.02	67	50.63				
	Hypertension	142	100.00	42	29.55	48	33.59	52	36.86				
	Other circulatory	37	100.00	•7	*20.05	*14	*37.25	*16	*42.70				
	Asthma	26	100.00	•6	*21.31	*10	*37.22	*11	*41.47				
	Other respiratory disease	39	100.00	•9	*22.64	*16	*39.86	*15	*37.51				
	Cancer of all sites	46	100.00	*13	*27.53	19	39.87	*15	*32.60				
	All other	326	100.00	63	19.22	121	37.17	142	43.61				

<sup>\*</sup> Figure has low statistical reliability or precision (relative standard error exceeds 30 percent)

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SOURCE: National Health Interview Surveys, 1383-1985: original tabulations from public use tapes



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TABLE 12: PREVALENCE OF WORK LIMITATION DUE TO CHRONIC CONDITIONS, BY MAIN AND SECONDARY CAUSES AND DEGREE OF LIMITATION: UNITED STATES CIVILIAN NONINSTITUTIONALIZED POPULATION, AGES 18-69, 1983-1985 (THREE-YEAR AVERAGE)

								ork Limitati	<u>on</u>			
Main Cause	All Limited Limited in Non- Secondary Cause in Activity Work Activity		Limited in Amount or Kind of Work Activity		Unable to Work							
	Number of conditions in thousands and percent distribution											
Total		25,416	100.00	5,376	21.15	7,970	31.35	12,071	47.4			
Skin and musculoskeletal												
Arthritis	none	1,631	100.00	509	31.23	547	33.57	574	35.2			
	Arthritis	101	100.00	17	16.33	28	28.09	56	55.5			
	Intervertebral disk disorders	34	100.00	*3	*10 09	*13	*38.81	17	51.1			
	Other skin and musculoskeletal	84	100.00	*13	*15.26	25	29.60	46	55.1			
	Eye/ear impairments	88	100.00	*10	*11.34	24	27.28	54	61.3			
	Back impairments	40	100.00	•7	*17.26	*11	*28 32	22	54.4			
	Impairment of lower extremities	43	100.00	*8	*18.47	*11	*25.71	24	55.8			
	Digastive disorders	95	100.00	*10	*10.10	24	25.02	62	64.8			
	Diabetes	97	100.00	*11	<b>1</b> 11.79	22	22.42	64	65.7			
	Nervous disorders	29	100.00	*4	*15.38	*10	*34.21	*15	*50.4			
	Heart disease	145	100.00	*14	*9.86	27	18.92	103	71.2			
	Hypertension	277	100.00	37	13.36	68	24 36	173	62.2			
	Other circulatory	45	100.00	*4	*9.27	•7	*16.03	34	74.7			
	Asthma	36	100.00	•7	*18.33	*8	*21.29	22	60.3			
	Other respiratory disease	30	100.00	*1	*4.56	*10	*32 15	19	63.2			
	All other	270	100 00	26	9.56	71	26.18	173	64.2			
Intervertebral disk	none	1,030	100 00	241	23.36	498	48.39	291	28.2			
disorders	Arthritis	69	100 00	*6	*9.13	22	31.59	41	59.2			
	Impairment of lower extremities	39	100 00	*5	*13.67	*13	*32.71	21	53.6			
	Digestive disorders	31	100.00	•2	*4.84	<b>*</b> 5	*17.44	24	77.7			
	Heart disease	30	100.00	*3	*1 7 05	•7	*22 23	21	67.7			
	Hypertension	43	100.00	•7	<b>*15 9</b> 0	•9	*21 31	27	62.7			
	All other	203	100 00	*14	<b>*6</b> 69	63	30 82	127	62.4			

<sup>\*</sup> Figure has low statistical reliability or precision (relative standard error exceeds 30 percent)



TABLE 12: PREVALENCE OF WORK LIMITATION DUE TO CHRONIC CONDITIONS, BY MAIN AND SECONDARY CAUSES AND DEGREE OF LIMITATION: UNITED STATES CIVILIAN NONINSTITUTIONALIZED POPULATION, AGES 18-69, 1983-1985 (THREE-YEAR AVERAGE)--CONTINUED

						Degree of Work Limitation					
Main Cause	Secondary Cause		imited ctivity		d in Non- Activity	or K	in Amount (ind of		ble to		
	occomany sauce						Activity		<u>/ork</u>		
			Nι	ı <b>m</b> ber of ∞ı	nditions in th	ousands and	d percent dist	ribution			
Other skin and	none	442	100.00	163	36.79	171	38.66	109	24.55		
musculoskeletal	Arthritis	51	100.00	•4	*8.11	17	32.51	30	59.35		
	Hypertension	40	100.00	•5	*13.77	*10	*24.76	24	61.47		
	All other	180	100.00	*16	*8.66	45	24.79	120	66.55		
<u>Impairments</u>								120	00.00		
Eye/ear impairments	none	760	100.00	252	33.12	291	38.25	218	28.63		
	Arthritis	41	100.00	•5	*13 46	*8	*20.77	27	65.74		
	Eye/ear impairments	202	100.00	46	22.56	69	34.26	87	43.18		
	Diabetes	46	100.00	•4	*9.53	•9	*19.52	33	70.95		
	Heart disease	34	100.00	•2	*7.16	•2	*4.88	30	87.96		
	Hypertension	47	100.00	•2	<b>*5</b> .10	•8	*17.71	36	77.19		
	All other	215	100.00	26	12.20	65	29.97	124	57.83		
Absence/paralysis	none	378	100.00	66	17.53	150	39.59	162	42.88		
of extremities	Arthritis	28	100.00	<b>*</b> 5	*18.18	*8	*27.72	15	*54.10		
	Eye/ear impairments	32	100.00	•2	*7.27	•7	*22.82	22	69.91		
	Diabetes	28	100 00	*1	*5.00	•3	*10.71	24	84.29		
	Hypertension	26	100.00	*5	*18.06	•3	*9.77	19	72.17		
	Cerebrovascular disease	37	100.00	*3	<b>*</b> 7.76	•3	<b>*</b> 7.00	32	35.24		
	All other	204	100.00	*11	*5.65	39	19.27	153	75.08		
Back impairments	none	1,720	100.00	494	28.75	857	49.83	368	21.42		
	Arthritis	80	100.00	•4	*5.46	33	41.64	42	52.91		
	Other skin and musculoskeletal	29	100.00	*6	*22.16	*14	*47.91	•9	*29.93		
	Eye/ear impairments	37	100.00	*6	*16.81	*13	*35.05	18	48.14		
	Impairment of lower extremities	161	100.00	33	20.39	60	37.21	68	42.40		
	Other orthopedic impairment	58	100.00	*8	*13.96	20	33.93	30	52.10		
	Digestive disorders	30	100.00	•4	*14.40	*10	*33.77	*16	*51.83		
	Heart disease	54	100.00	•7	*13.66	*12	*21.92	35	64.42		
	Hypertension	64	100.00	•9	*13.96	22	34.97	33	51.08		
	All other	241	100.00	37	15.51	92	38.35	111	46.14		

<sup>\*</sup> Figure has low statistical reliability or precision (relative standard error exceeds 30 percent)



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TABLE 12: PREVALENCE OF WORK LIMITATION DUE TO CHRONIC CONDITIONS, BY MAIN AND SECONDARY CAUSES AND DEGREE OF LIMITATION: UNITED STATES CIVILIAN NONINSTITUTIONALIZED POPULATION, AGES 18-69, 1983-1985 (THREE-YEAR AVERAGE)--CONTINUED

							Degree of Wo	rk Limitati	o <u>n</u>
Main Cause	Secondary Causa	All Limited in Activity		Limited in Non- Work Activity		Limited in Amount or Kind of Work Activity			ble to ork
			Nu	ımber of cor	nditions in th	ousands and	l percent distr	ibution	
Impairment of lower	none	1,110	100.00	511	46.01	364	32.81	235	21.18
extremities	Arthritis	35	100.00	•4	*10.05	17	48.80	*14	*41.16
	Eye/ear impairments	33	100.00	•6	*18.30	•5	*15.45	22	66.26
	Bac :mpairments	69	100.00	*13	*18.94	29	42.72	26	38.35
	Other orthopedic impairment	29	100.00	*6	*21.33	*11	*36.85	•12	*41.82
	Heart disease	30	100.00	•2	<b>*</b> 7.81	•4	*14.32	24	77.87
	Hypertension	36	100.00	*3	*7.76	•16	*44.61	17	4/.64
	Ali other	219	100.00	38	17.48	67	30.40	114	52.12
Other orthopedic	none	433	100.00	142	32.73	193	44.48	96	22.78
impaiment	Impairment of lower extremities	38	100.00	•7	*17.16	*12	*30.26	20	52.58
	All other	152	100.00	20	13.40	47	31.21	84	55.39
Digestive									
Digestive discrders	none	373	100.00	102	27.49	160	43. <b>0</b> 1	110	29.49
	Digestive disorders	48	100.00	*10	*20.89	*8	*16.58	30	62.53
	Heart disease	29	100.00	*5	*15.93		*15.62	20	68.45
	Hypertension	34	100.00	•6	*17.52	*11	<b>*</b> 31. <b>65</b>	17	50.83
	All other	193	100.00	24	12.47	55	28.64	114	58 89

<sup>\*</sup> Figure has low statistical reliability or precision (relative standard error exceeds 30 percent)



TABLE 12: PREVALENCE OF WORK LIMITATION DUE TO CHRONIC CONDITIONS, BY MAIN AND SECONDARY CAUSES AND DEGREE OF LIMITATION: UNITED STATES CIVILIAN NONINSTITUTIONALIZED POPULATION, AGES 18-69, 1983-1985 (THREE-YEAR AVERAGE)-CONTINUED

							egree of Wo	<u>rk Limitetic</u>	<u>on</u>
Main Cause	Secondary Cause		imited ctivity	Limited in Non- Work Activity		or K	n Amount Ind of Activity		bie to ork
Oidata			Nu	ımber of ∞n	ditions in th	ousands and	l percent distr	ibution	
Circulatory									
Heart disease	none	1,411	100.00	285	20.23	525	37.19	601	42.5
	Arthritis	207	100.00	18	8.91	30	14.50	159	76.5
	Intervertebral flisk disorders	41	100.00	•6	*13.49	*10	*24.25	26	62.2
	Other skin and musculoskeletal	43	100.00	*2	*4.99	*8	*18.44	33	76.5
	Eye/ear impairments	55	100.00	•9	*16.51	•7	*12.49	39	71.0
	Back impairments	39	100.00	*2	4.10	*8	*20.28	29	75.6
	Impairment of lower extremities	33	100.00	•4	*12.09	*5	*16.11	24	71.8
	Digestive disorders	86	100.00	*4	*4.20	*13	<b>1</b> 5.45	69	80.3
	Diabetes	213	100.00	*16	*7.51	35	16 35	162	76.1
	Nervous disorders	28	100.00	*5	*16.92	•5	*17.40	19	65.6
	Heart disease	54	100.00	•9	*16.15	*15	*28.51	30	55.3
	Hypertension	302	100.00	28	9.32	63	20.88	211	69.8
	Cerebrovascular disease	32	100.00	*1	*2.18	•3	*9.07	28	88.7
	Other circulatory	<b>6</b> C	100.00	•4	*6.21	•9	*14.02	53	79.7
	Asthma	28	100.00	*2	*7.45	•4	*14.74	22	77.8
	Emphysema	56	100.00	•		•5	*8.86	51	91.1
	Other respiratory disease	50	100.00	*1	*2 66	•7	*14.57	42	^2.7
	All other	223	100.00	*15	*6.72	42	19.05	166	74.2
Hypertension	none	553	100.00	175	31.62	178	32.21	200	36.1
	Arthritis	96	100.00	24	25.27	20	21.25	51	53.4
	Eye/ear impairments	29	100.00	*6	*19.09	•7	*24.80	*16	*56.1
	Digestive disorders	48	100.00	*6	*12 53	*12	*24.34	30	63.1
	Diabetes	87	100.00	*11	*12 13	17	20.03	59	67.8
	Heart disease	105	100.00	*14	*13 56	27	26.02	63	60.4
	All other	258	100.00	39	15 33	65	25.30	153	59.3

<sup>\*</sup> Figure has low statistical reliability or precision (relative standard error exceeds 30 percent)



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TABLE 12: PREVALENCE OF WORK LIMITATION DUE TO CHRONIC CONDITIONS, BY MAIN AND SECONDARY CAUSES AND DEGREE OF LIMITATION: UNITED STATES CIVILIAN NONINSTITUTIONALIZED POPULATION, AGES 18-69, 1983-1985 (THREE-YEAR AVERAGE)—CONTINUED

							egree of Wo	rk Limitatio	<u> </u>
Main Cause	Secondary Cause		imited ctivity		in Non- Activity	or K	n Amount ind of Activity		ble to ork
			Nu	ı <b>mber of c</b> on	ditions in th	ousands and	l percent distri	ibutio <b>n</b>	
Cerebrovascular	none	82	100.00	*10	*11.90	17	20.79	55	67.31
disease	Absence/paralysis of extremities	91	100.00	•4	*4.63	•9	*10.18	78	85.20
	Heart disease	39	100.00	•1	*1.67	•4	*9.48	35	88.84
	Hypertension	54	100.00	•2	*3.23	•7	*13.35	45	83.42
	All other	120	100.00	*13	*10.54	•4	*3.15	103	86.3
Other circulatory	none	300	100.00	77	25.59	103	34.24	121	40.1
•	Arthritis	35	100.00	•4	*10.05	•6	*16.88	26	73 0
	Heart disease	39	100.00	•3	<b>*</b> 7.0 <b>5</b>	•9	*22.55	28	70.4
	Hypertension	44	100.00	•4	*8.29	*10	*21.75	31	69. <del>9</del>
	All other	189	100.00	23	11,97	42	22.05	125	65.9
Respiratory									
Asthma	none	568	100.00	239	42.08	234	41.16	95	16.7
	h:ypertension	35	100.00	•7	<b>*20</b> .71	•9	*24.88	19	54.4
	All other	241	100.00	43	17.74	69	28.72	129	53.5
Emphysema	none	201	100.00	44	22 14	59	29.56	97	48.3
	Arthritis	33	100.00	•3	<b>*</b> 7 67	•7	*20.26	24	72.0
	Heart disease	72	100.00	•4	*5 49	•9	*12. <b>83</b>	59	81.6
	Hypertension	41	100.00	<b>*</b> 5	*11.49	*8	*20.00	28	68.5
	Asthma	38	100.00	•3	*8.42	*6	*14.63	29	76.9
	Other respiratory disease	32	100.00	•2	<b>*</b> 7 58	*5	*15 34	24	77.0
	All other	126	100.00	*8	*6.71	25	19.79	92	73.5
Other respiratory	none	279	100.00	102	36.71	101	36.39	75	26.9
disease	All other	256	100.00	34	13 26	68	26.38	155	60.3

<sup>\*</sup> Figure has low statistical reliability or precision (relative standard error exceeds 30 percent)



TABLE 12: PREVALENCE OF WORK LIMITATION DUE TO CHRONIC CONDITIONS, BY MAIN AND SECONDARY CAUSES AND DEGREE OF LIMITATION: UNITED STATES CIVILIAN NONINSTITUTIONALIZED POPULATION, AGES 18-69, 1983-1985 (THREE-YEAR AVERAGE)--CONTINUED

							Degree of Wo	rk Limitati	оп			
Main Cause	Secondary Cause	All Limited in Activity		Limited in Non- Work Activity		Limited in Amount or Kind of Work Activity			ble to ork			
		Number of conditions in thousands and percent distribution										
Miscellaneous												
Diabetes	none	352	100.00	111	31.49	144	40.77	98	27.75			
	Arthritis	48	100.00	*5	*9.49	*8	*16.67	35	73.84			
	Eye/ear impairments	41	100.00	*3	*7.43	*12	*29.27	26	63.31			
	Digestive disorders	29	100.00	•2	*7.34	•6	*20.23	21	72.44			
	Heart disease		100.00	•6	*8.15	*11	*15.40	56	76.45			
	Hypertension		100.00	20	15.75	33	26.83	72	57.41			
	All other		100.00	21	14.78	33	22.80	90	62.42			
Mental retardation	rone	268	100.00	17	6.26	75	27.88	177	65.86			
	All other	119	109.00	*1	*0.59	18	15.11	101	84.30			
Mental illness	none	430	100.00	32	7.52	71	16.42	327	76.06			
	All other		100.00	•12	*5 07	28	12.18	189	82.75			
Nervous disorders	none	584	100.00	129	22.12	192	32.80	263	45.08			
	Arthritis		100.00	•3	*8.94	•6	*18.28	25	72.78			
	All other		100.00	24	8.58	61	21.78	194	69.64			
Cancer of all sites	none	330	100.00	55	16.61	78	23.63	197	59.76			
	All other		100.00	*13	*7.94	27	16.29	124	75.77			

<sup>\*</sup> Figure has low statistical reliability or precision (relative standard error exceeds 30 percent)



TABLE 12: PREVALENCE OF WORK LIMITATION DUE TO CHRONIC CONDITIONS, BY MAIN AND SECONDARY CAUSES AND DEGREE OF LIMITATION: UNITED STATES CIVILIAN NONINSTITUTIONALIZED POPULATION, AGES 18-69, 1983-1985 (THREE-YEAR AVERAGE)--CONTINUED

							egree of Wo	rk Limitetic	on			
Main Cause	Secondary Cause	_	Limited in Amount All Limited Limited in Non- or Kind of in Activity Work Activity Work Activity									
		Number of conditions in thousands and percent distribution										
All other	none	1,460	100.00	389	26.65	451	30.90	620	42.45			
	Arthritis	92	100.00	•9	*9.88	21	23.08	62	67.04			
	Other skin and musculoskeletal	31	100.00	*4	*14.09	*6	*20.74	20	65.17			
	Eye/ear impairments	80	100.00	*4	*5.02	21	25.79	56	69.18			
	Absence/paralysis of extremities	27	100.00	*5	*16.96	•4	*13.61	19	69 43			
	Back impairments	54	100 00	*8	*15.34	18	33.71	27	50.95			
	Impairment of lower extremities	37	100.00	*6	*17.00	*10	*27.93	21	55.07			
	Digestive disorders	76	100.00	*6	*7.39	*16	*21.56	54	71.05			
	Diabetes	43	100.00	*6	*14.82	*8	*17.41	29	67.77			
	Nervous disorders	30	100.00	*2	*6.11	*6	*21.42	22	72 47			
	Heart disease	77	100.00	*5	*6.96	*11	*14.09	61	78.95			
	Hypertension	107	100.00	*16	*15.09	21	19.41	70	65.50			
	Other respiratory disease	27	100.00			*10	*36.98	17	63.02			
	Cancer of all sites	36	100.00	*8	*21.21	*11	*31.73	17	47.05			
	All other	315	100.00	47	15.02	54	17.20	214	67.78			

<sup>\*</sup> Figure has low statistical reliability or precision (relative standard error exceeds 30 percent)



TABLE 13: PREVALENCE OF NEED FOR ASSISTANCE IN IADL OR ADL DUE TO CHRONIC CONDITIONS, BY MAIN AND SECONDARY CAUSES AND TYPE OF ACT. ITY: UNITED STATES CIVILIAN NONINSTITUTIONALIZED POPULATION, AGES 5 AND OVER, 1983-1985 (THREE-YEAR AVERAGE)

							Needing a	essistan ce	
Main Cause	Secondary Cause		imited ctivity	Limited in Activity, no Assistance Needed in IADL or ADL		In IADL Only			In LDL
			N	lumber of cond	litions in thous	ands and	percent distr	ibution	
Total		36,419	100.00	27,225	74.76	6,052	16.62	3,142	8.6
Skin and musculoskeletal									
Arthritis	none	2,386	100.00	1,777	74.47	420	17.61	189	7.9
	Arthritis	146	100.00	102	69.68	32	21.63	*13	*8.6
	Intervertebral disk disorders	41	100.00	35	87.62	*3	<b>*</b> 7.17	•2	*5.2
	Other skin and musculoskeletal	115	100.00	85	74.01	21	18.54	•9	*7.4
	Eye/ear impairments	181	100.00	98	54.18	52	28.55	31	17.2
	Absence/paralysis of extremities	36	100.00	23	63.74	*6	*15.61	•7	*20.6
	Back impairments	60	100.00	43	70.45	*14	*22.38	•4	*7.1
	Impairment of lower extremities	64	100.00	43	66.79	*14	*21.93	•7	*11.2
	Other orthopedic impairment	36	100.00	27	75.00	*8	*20.95	*1	*4.0
	Digestive disorders	14R	100 00	103	69 39	29	19.81	*15	*10.8
	Diabetes	164	100.00	99	60.66	47	28.76	17	10.5
	Nervous disorders	47	100.00	31	65.84	*12	*26.70	*3	*7.4
	Heart disease	275	100.00	159	57.81	83	30.30	33	11.88
	Hypertension	420	100.00	313	74.33	84	19.91	24	5.70
	Other circula ory	81	100 00	53	64 65	17	21.16	*12	*14.19
	Asthma	40	100 00	29	73 52	*9	*21.22	•2	*5.2
	Emphysema	30	100.00	20	66.84	•7	*24.67	•3	*8.49
	Other respiratory disease	44	100.00	31	71.42	*10	*23.23	*2	*5.3
	Cancer of all sites	26	100.00	17	63.59	•7	*26 80	*3	*9.6
	All other	296	100.00	186	62.86	72	24 13	39	13.0°

<sup>\*</sup> Figure has low statistical reliability or precision (relative standard error exceeds 30 percent)



TABLE 13: PREVALENCE OF NEED FOR ASSISTANCE IN IADL OR ADL DUE TO CHRONIC CONDITIONS, BY MAIN AND SECONDARY CAUSES AND TYPE OF ACTIVITY: UNITED STATES CIVILIAN NONINSTITUTIONALIZED POPULATION, AGES 5 AND OVER, 1983-1985 (THREE-YEAR AVERAGE)--CONTINUED

	•						Needing as	sistance	
Main Cause	Secondary Cause		imited ctivity	Limited in Activity, no Assistance Needed in IADL or ADL		In IADL Only			in DL
			N	umber of cond	ditions in thousa	nds and	percent distrib	outi <b>on</b>	
Intervertebral disk	none	1,090	100.(0	932	85.51	127	11.66	31	2.8
disorders	Arthritis	72	100.00	54	75.26	17	23.11	*1	*1.6
	Impairment of lower extremities	39	100.00	33	85.38	•4	*10.96	*1	*3.6
	Digestive disorders	29	100.00	25	84.24	*4	*13.47	*1	*2.2
	Heart disease	39	100.00	28	72.52	*10	*26.12	*1	*1 3
	Hypertension	44	100.00	39	90 26	*2	*5.03	*2	<b>4.7</b>
	All other	223	100.00	174	77.74	41	18.40	•9	*3.8
Other skin and	none	570	100.00	491	86.20	51	8.91	28	4.8
musculoskeletal	Arthritis	89	100.00	62	69.47	18	20.41	<b>•</b> 9	*10.1
	Heart disease	32	100.00	19	59.69	*5	<b>1</b> 16.00	*8	*24.3
	Hypertension	63	100.00	41	63.99	*16	*25.62	•7	*10.3
	All other	251	100.00	172	68.45	50	19.73	30	11 8
Impairments									
Eye/ear impairments	none	1,251	100 00	994	79,45	223	17 86	34	26
	Arthritis	115	100.00	51	44.49	53	45.50	*12	*10.0
	Eye/ear impairments	475	100.00	262	55.04	176	37.04	38	7 9
	Digestive disorders	29	100.00	*14	*48.26	*10	*34.16	*5	*17.5
	Diabetes	77	100.00	27	35.33	31	40 65	19	24.0
	Nervous disorders	30	100 00	19	63.60	*8	*27.81	•3	*8.5
	Heart disease	90	100 00	35	38 65	43	47.87	*12	*13.4
	Hypertension	86	100.00	50	58 41	28	32.57	*8	*9.0
	Other circulatory	43	100 00	20	46.18	*15	*36.35	•7	*17.4
	All other	336	100.00	202	60.28	101	29.97	33	9 7

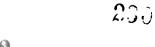
<sup>\*</sup> Figure has low ste istical reliability or precision (relative standard error exceeds 30 percent)



TABLE 13: PREVALENCE OF NEED FOR ASSISTANCE IN IADL OR ADL DUE TO CHRONIC CONDITIONS, BY MAIN AND SECONDARY CAUSES AND TYPE OF ACTIVITY: UNITED STATES CIVILIAN NONINSTITUTIONALIZED POPULATION, AGES 5 AND OVER, 1983-1985 (THREE-YEAR AVERAGE)—CONTINUED

							Needing a	esistance				
Main Cause	Secondary Cause	All Limited in Activity		Limited in Activity, no Assistance Needed in IADL or ADL		I.A	in IADL Only		In Di			
		Number of conditions in thousands and percent distribution										
Absence/paralysis	none	548	100.00	329	60 01	95	17.30	124	22.69			
of extremities	Arthritis	35	100.00	22	62.75	•6	*16.82	•7	*20.43			
	Eye/ear impairments	43	100.00	25	57.39	•7	*16.51	*11	*26.11			
	Diabetes	45	100.00	18	39.97	*9	*20.33	18	39.70			
	Heart disease	30	100.00	١4	*45.13	•6	*18.60	*11	*36.27			
	Hypertension	32	100.00	21	64.61	•5	*16.08	*6	*19.31			
	Cerebrovascular disease	70	100.00	21	29.72	21	30.39	28	39.88			
	All other	211	100.00	106	50.15	37	17.77	68	32.08			
Back impairments	none	1,865	100.00	1,683	90.27	136	7.30	47.	2.44			
	Arthritis	92	100.00	70	75.81	*15	** 5.73	٠,	*7.47			
	Other skin and musculoskeletal	36	100.00	33	91.87	*1	*3 78	•2	*4.35			
	Eye/ear impairments	48	100.00	39	79.77	•9	*19.01	*1	*1.21			
	Impairment of lower extremities	177	100 00	144	81.19	22	12.67	*11	*6.13			
	Other orthopedic impairment	61	100.00	50	82 92	*8	*13.28	•2	*3.80			
	Digestive disorders	35	100 00	30	85 82	•4	*12.22	*1	*1.96			
	Diabetes	29	100.00	23	77.94	•4	*12.49	•3	*9.57			
	Heart disease	79	100.00	61	76.27	*13	*15 79	•6	*7.94			
	Hypertension	75	100.00	66	87.59	•9	*11 49	•1	10 92			
	All other	269	100.00	217	80 86	41	15.21	*11	*3 94			

<sup>\*</sup> Figure has low statistical reliability or precision (relative standard error exceeds 30 percent)



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TABLE 13: PREVALENCE OF NEED FOR ASSISTANCE IN IADL OR ADL DUE TO CHRONIC CONDITIONS, BY MAIN AND SECONDARY CAUSES AND TYPE OF ACTIVITY: UNITED STATES CIVILIAN NONINSTITUTIONALIZED POPULATION, AGES 5 AND OVER, 1983-1985 (THREE-YEAR AVERAGE)--CONTINUED

							Needing .	ssistance	
Main Cause	Secondary Cause	7	imited ctivity	no Assista	n Activity, nce Needed . or ADL	IA	in NDL Inly		In IDL
			N	umber of cond	litions in thousa	nds and	percent distrit	outio <b>n</b>	
Impairment of lower	none	1,454	100.00	1,274	87.61	132	9.08	48	3.3
extremitic.	Arthritis	66	100.00	42	63.81	*13	*19.21	*11	*16.9
	Eye/ear impairments	59	100.00	32	54.81	20	34.01	•7	*11.18
	Back impairments	82	100.00	64	78.26	*14	*17.35	•4	*4 39
	Impairment of lower extremities	39	100.00	26	67 86	*6	*15.77	*6	*16.3
	Other orthopedic impairment	41	100 00	29	71.58	*9	*21.66	*3	*6.76
	Heart disease	56	100.00	36	64.77	*16	*29.35	*3	*5.88
	Hypertension	50	100.00	37	73 07	*12	*23.35	•2	*3.58
	All other	258	100.00	174	67.31	56	21 87	28	10.82
Other orthopedic	none	492	100.01	431	87.68	38	7.71	23	4.6
impairment	Back impairments	26	100.00	20	76.05	•5	*17.72	•2	*6.22
	Impairment of lower extremities	48	100.00	33	70.32	*10	*20 22	•4	*9 46
	All other	144	100.00	115	80.02	*18	*12.80	*10	*7.13
Digestive									
Digestive disorders	none	439	100.00	394	89.74	33	7.62	*12	*2.64
	Arthritis	43	100.00	31	72 03	•7	*15 79	*5	*12.17
	Digestive disorders	57	100.00	44	77.14	*10	*16 92	*3	*5.94
	Heart disease	45	100.00	32	70.36	*6	*13.46	•7	*16 18
	Hypertension	42	10J.00	37	87.27	*3	*8.12	•2	*4.62
	All other	230	100.00	182	79.16	28	12.03	20	8.81

<sup>\*</sup> Figure has low statistical reliability or precision (relative standard error exceeds 30 percent)



TABLE 13: PREVALENCE OF NEED FOR ASSISTANCE IN IADL OR ADL DUE TO CHRONIC CONDITIONS, BY MAIN AND SECONDARY CAUSES AND TYPE OF ACTIVITY: UNITED STATES CIVILIAN NONINSTITUTIONALIZED POPULATION, AGES 5 AND OVER, 1983-1985 (THREE-YEAR AVERAGE)—CONTINUED

							Needing as	sistence_	
Main Cause	Secondary Cause		imited ctivity	Limited in Activity, no Assistance Needed in IADL or ADL		in IADL Only			in DL
			٨	umber of cond	litions in thousa	nds and	percent distrib	ution	
Circulatory									
Heart disease	none	2,038	100 00	1,661	81.50	303	14.86	74	3.64
	Arthritis	360	100.00	223	61.89	109	30.36	28	7.7
	Intervertebral disk disorders	44	100.00	33	75.87	*11	*24.13	•.	•
	Other skin and musculoskeletal	63	100.00	47	74.89	*10	*15.65	•6	*9.4
	Eye/ear impairments	138	100.00	73	52 89	46	33.27	19	13.84
	Absence/paralysis of extremities	33	100.00	*18	*55.78	•5	*15.96	*9	*28.2
	Back impairments	50	100.00	40	78.91	*6	*12.76	*4	*8.3
	Impairment of lower extremities	49	100.00	32	64.57	*13	*26.23	•5	*9 2
	Digestive disorders	129	100.00	88	68.06	27	21.2ő	*14	*10.6
	Diabetes	277	100.00	206	74.34	<b>5</b> 1	18.38	20	7.27
	Nervous disorders	47	100.00	28	59.86	*14	*29.89	*5	*10.26
	Heart disease	77	100.00	56	71.92	*16	*20.16	*6	*7.93
	Hypertension	416	100.00	328	78.77	65	15.68	*23	*5 54
	Cerebrovascular disease	51	100.00	27	52.47	*13	*26.30	11	*21.23
	Other circulatory	116	100.00	67	58.00	34	28.95	<sup>2</sup> 15	*13.0
	Asthma	42	100.00	29	65 66	٠.	*25.47	*4	*8 8
	Emphysema	84	100.00	48	56 87	23	27.83	*13	*15 30
	Other respiratory disease	74	100 00	50	68 15	17	23 62	*6	*8 24
	Cancer of all sites	33	100.00	24	70.6°,	*6	<b>1</b> 7.39	*4	*11 98
	All other	256	100.00	172	67.39	52	20.43	31	12.18

<sup>\*</sup> Figure has low statistical reliability or precision (relative standard error exceeds 30 percent)



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TABLE 13: PREVALENCE OF NEED FOR ASSISTANCE IN IADL OR ADL DUE TO CHRONIC CONDITIONS, BY MAIN AND SECONDARY CAUSES AND TYPE OF ACTIVITY: UNITED STATES CIVILIAN NONINSTITUTIONALIZED POPULATION, AGES 5 AND OVER, 1983-1985 (THREE-YEAR AVERAGE)—CONTINUED

							Needing es	sistance	-
Main Cause	Secondary Cause		imited ctivity	no Assista	n Activity, nce Needed . or ADL	IA	In DL nly	ı	In DL
			N	umber of cons	litions in thousal	nds and	percent distrib	oution	
Hypertension	<b>no</b> ne	649	100.00	582	89.69	55	8.50	*12	*1.81
	Arthritis	133	100.00	110	82.87	17	13.11	*5	*4.0
	Eye/ear impairments	43	100.00	30	69.68	•9	*21 53	*4	*8.79
	Digestive disorders	54	100.00	50	92.13	•2	*2.88	•3	*4.99
	Diabetes	99	100.00	84	84.33	*11	*11.30	•4	*4.37
	Heart disease	133	100.00	110	82.93	17	12.83	•6	*4.2
	Other circulatory	35	100.00	25	72.94	*8	*22.99	*1	*4.07
	All other	302	100.00	253	83.53	35	11.73	*14	*4.7
Cerebrovascular	<b>no</b> ne	174	170.00	64	36.71	48	27.65	62	35.64
disease	Arthritis	35	100.00	*13	*36.15	•7	*20.52	*15	*43.3
	Eye/ear impairments	39	100.00	*13	*32.52	*12	*30.38	*15	*37.10
	Absence/paralysis of extremities	209	100.00	71	33.82	55	26.49	83	39.69
	Diabetes	31	100.00	*10	*31.69	•4	*13.73	17	54.5
	Heart disease	74	100.00	22	30.21	22	30.04	29	39.74
	Hypertension	106	100.00	43	40.81	21	19.96	41	39 23
	All other	153	100.00	54	35.47	36	23.23	63	41.3
Other circulatory	none	420	100.00	333	79.22	65	15.52	*22	*5.26
	Arthritis	57	100.00	37	65.03	*15	*26.35	*5	*8.6
	Eye/ear impairments	45	100.00	24	52.76	*10	*22.55	*11	*24.69
	Diabetes	40	100.00	27	66.87	•9	*22.38	•4	*10.7
	Heart disease	66	100.00	45	67.99	17	25.27	•4	*6.74
	Hypertension	65	100.00	50	77.09	*14	*21.81	*1	*1.10
	All other	200	100.00	127	63.32	57	28.24	*17	*8.43

<sup>\*</sup> Figure has low statistical reliability or precision (relative standard error exceeds 30 percent)



TABLE 13: PREVALENCE OF NEED FOR ASSISTANCE IN IADL OR ADL DUE TO CHRONIC CONDITIONS, BY MAIN AND SECONDARY CAUSES AND TYPE OF ACTIVITY: UNITED STATES CIVILIAN NONINSTITUTIONALIZED POPULATION, AGES 5 AND OVER, 1983-1985 (THREE-YEAR AVERAGE)--CONTINUED

							Needing as	ssistence_	
Main Cause	Secondary Cause		imited ctivity	no Assista	n Activity, nce Needed or <u>FDL</u>	in IADL Only			in DL
			N	umber of cond	litions in thousa	nds and	percent distrib	oution	
Respiratory									
Asthma	none	1,040	100.00	1,000	96.20	29	2.77	*11	*1.0
	Arthritis	40	100.00	33	81.23	*6	*14.07	•2	*4.7
	Other skin and musculoskeletal	30	100.00	26	85 30	•4	*12.32	*1	*2.3
	Digestive disorders	28	100.00	24	84.04	•3	*11.05	*1	*4.9
	Heart disease	34	100.00	25	74.35	*8	*23.69	*1	*1.9
	Hypertension	37	100.00	31	83.49	*5	*12.59	•1	*3.9
	Emphysema	36	100.00	23	64.60	*11	*29.79	•2	*5.6
	Other respiratory disease	31	100.00	25	80.71	*5	*15.85	*1	*3.4
	All other	144	100.00	121	83.78	17	12.08	*6	*4.1
Emphysema	none	305	100.00	226	74.16	59	19.44	*20	*6.3
	Arthritis	47	100.00	33	69.23	•9	*19.37	*5	*11.40
	Digestive disorders	27	100.00	22	83.80	•2	*6.84	•2	*9.3
	Heart disease	102	100.00	63	62.19	20	19 66	18	18.1
	Hypertension	48	100.00	43	88.35	•3	*6.01	*3	<b>*</b> 5.6
	Asthma	44	100.00	28	62.95	*12	*27.76	*4	*9.2
	Other respire tory disease	43	100.00	26	60.32	*12	*27.25	*5	*12.4
	All other	162	100.00	103	63.60	29	17.92	30	18.4
Other respiratory	n <b>on</b> e	416	100.00	375	90.21	27	6 48	•14	*3.3
disease	Arthritis	35	100.00	24	67.25	*10	*28.77	*1	*3.9
	Heart disease	44	100.00	28	63.78	•9	'20.€8	•7	*15 5
	All other	293	100.00	224	76.55	47	15.96	22	7.49

<sup>\*</sup> Figure has low statistical reliability or precision (relative standard error exceeds 30 percent)



TABLE 13: PREVALENCE OF NEED FOR ASSISTANCE IN IADL OR ADL DUE TO CHRONIC CONDITIONS, BY MAIN AND SECONDARY CAUSES AND TYPE OF ACTIVITY: UNITED STATES CIVILIAN NONINSTITUTIONALIZED POPULATION, AGES 5 AND OVER, 1983-1985 (THREE-YEAR AVERAGE)—CONTINUED

							Needing s	<u>ssistance</u>				
Main Cause	Secondary Cause		imited ctivity			In IADL Only		lis ADL				
		Number of conditions in thousands and percent distribution										
<u>Miscellaneous</u>												
Diabetes	none	457	100.00	393	85.92	41	8.87	24	*5.2			
	Arthritis		100.00	43	60.08	20	27 75	*9	*12.1			
	Eye/ear impairments	68	100.00	39	57.65	25	36.48	•4	*5.8			
	Digestive disorders	28	100 00	23	82.06	*4	*15.43	*1	*2.5			
	Heart disease	101	100.00	70	69.76	19	18.45	•12	*11.7			
	Hypertension	149	100.00	116	77.92	21	14.18	*12	<b>*</b> 7.9			
	All other	178	100.00	122	68.56	34	19.32	*22	*12.1			
Mental retardation	none	796	100.00	544	68.39	147	18.50	104	13.1			
	All other	173	100.00	114	65.72	22	12 55	38	21.7			
Mental illness	none		100.00	574	78.95	127	17.46	26	3.5			
	All other	275	100.00	2C ı	72.96	47	17.09	27	9.9			
Mervous disorders	none	1,077	100 00	<b>63</b> 0	58.99	261	24.22	181	16.78			
	Arthritis	50	100.00	25	47.84	*16	*32.68	*10	*13.48			
	Eye/ear impairments	50	100 00	*15	*29 54	18	34.88	18	35.58			
	Heart disease		100.00	*14	*31 35	*11	*26.06	*18	*42 59			
	Hypertension		100.00	22	76.11	•4	<b>*</b> 15.10	•3	*8.79			
	All other	303	100 00	189	62 44	59	19.44	55	18.12			
Cancer of all sites	none	439	100 00	296	67.49	72	16.48	70	16,03			
	Arthritis		100.00	17	52.58	*11	*33.50	*5	*13 93			
	Heart disease	45	100 00	18	40 15	*12	*26 89	*15	*32.96			
	All other		100 00	100	58.34	30	17 70	41	23.96			

<sup>\*</sup> Figure has low statistical reliability or precision (relative standard error exceeds 30 percent)

SOURCE: National Health Interview Surveys, 1983-1985: original tabulations from public use tapes



TABLE 13: PREVALENCE OF NEED FOR ASSISTANCE IN IADL OR ADL DUE TO CHRONIC CONDITIONS, BY MAIN AND SECONDARY CAUSES AND TYPE OF ACTIVITY: UNITED STATES CIVILIAN NONINSTITUTIONALIZED POPULATION, AGES 5 AND OVER, 1983-1985 (THREE-YEAR AVERAGE)--CONTINUED

							Needing a	ssistançe	
Main Cause	Secondary Cause	Aii Limited in Activity		Limited in Activity, no Assistance Needed in IADL or ADL		in IADL Only		in ADL	
		Number of conditions in thousands and perce						oution	
All other	none	2,074	100.00	1,708	82.34	244	11.75	123	5.91
	Arthritis	143	100.00	91	63.76	32	22.66	19	13.58
	Other skin and musculo skeletal	43	100.00	34	80.11	*6	*13.34	*3	*6.5
	Eye/ear impairments	127	100.00	80	62.92	32	25.39	*15	*11.6
	Absence/paralysis of extremities	34	100.00	22	63,11	*4	*13.08	*8	*23.8
	Back impairments	57	100.00	51	89.89	*4	*7.72	*1	*2.3
	Impairment of lower extremities	57	100.00	33	58.07	*15	*26.11	•9	*15.8
	Other orthopedic impairment	31	100.00	19	63.08	•6	*19 14	*5	*17.7
	Digestive disorders	98	100.00	69	70.70	18	18.85	*10	*10.4
	Diabetes	60	100.00	42	69.82	*12	19.33	*6	*10.8
	Nervous disorders	38	100.00	27	72.64	*6	*16.10	•4	*11.2
	Heart disease	118	100.00	78	66.67	23	19.73	*16	*13.6
	Hypertension	128	100.00	110	85.29	*10	*7 73	•9	*6.9
	Other circulatory	33	100.00	20	61.51	•9	*27.28	•4	*11.2
	Other respiratory disease	33	100.00	25	76.94	•3	*9.77	•4	*13.3
	Cancer of all sites	45	100.00	33	73.11	•6	*12.90	*6	*14.0
	All other	328	100.00	248	75.54	45	13.79	35	10.6

<sup>\*</sup> Figure has low statistical reliability or precision (relative standard error exceeds 30 percent)

SOURCE: National Health Interview Surveys, 1983-1985; original tabulations from public use tapes



## Appendix I

#### Technical notes on methods

#### **Background**

The information preserved in this report is based on secondary analysis of National Health Interview Survey (NHIS) public use data tapes. The NHIS is a continuing national household probability sample. Information on the personal, sociodemographic, and health characteristics of all household members is collected.

The sample design is a complex multi-stage probability frame. A sample is drawn each week to represent the U.S. non-institutionalized civilian population. The weekly samples are additive over time and can yield weekly, quarterly, and annual estimates.

More detailed information on the sample design and collection and processing of the data can be found in annual reports titled *Current Estimates*, Appendix ! (for example, see Moss and Parsons, 1986).

#### **Estimation**

Because the NHIS is a complex multistage probability sample, to obtain national estimates, it is necessary to employ weights in all estimation procedures. The public use tapes provide a "basic person weight", which was used 'inflate each observation by the inverse of the probability of selection and to correct for other aspects of the survey design and household non-response. Further details on weighting can be found in Current Estimates, Appendix I. All estimates were obtained using the SAS procedure PROC TABULATE.

## Reliability of estimates

The relative standard error is the measure of sampling error used in NCHS publications and in this report. It is a measure of the random variation that might occur because the NHIS is a sample and not a complete enumeration of the population. The relative standard error (RSE) of an estimate is obtained by dividing the standard error (SE) of the estimate by the estimate itself and multiplying by 100:

(1) RSE = 
$$\frac{SE(X)}{X} \times 100$$

NCHS deems that estimates with greater than 30 percent RSE are unreliable, a convention followed in this report.



NCHS estimates relative variance curves for broad classes of estimates by fitting regression equations to variances obtained by the balanced half-sample method. The curve-fitting procedure assumes that the relative variance of an estimate is a decreasing function of the magnitude of the estimate:

(2) 
$$V(x_i) = a + b/x_i$$

where a and b are the fitted regression estimates.

The method used in this report for determining the errors of estimates is the same as that used in NCHS publications. Regression parameters for population estimates and chronic conditions (from the 6 checklists) were obtained from NCHS for each year of the survey covered in this report.

Because three years of data were pooled together and the sample design changed in 1985, special consideration is necessary for calculating the 30 percent RSE cutoff points. Both the a and b parameters are different for 1985 than for previous years. The a and b parameters are the same for 1983 and 1984. A general formula for comp. ing the 30 percent RSE cutoff is provided below for any number of pooled years.

(3) 
$$CP = \frac{\sum b_y/N}{(.30)^2 - \sum a_y/N^2} \times \frac{1}{N}$$

Where CP is the 30 percent relative standard error cutoff point and ay and by are the regression parameters for each year and N is the total number of years.

Usir.g. ), the 30 percent RSE for chronic conditions (based on the six checklists for Tables 1 and 10) is computed for the years 1983-85 to be:

(4) CP= 
$$\frac{2(22.662.9)/3 + (18.253.6)/3}{.09 - [2(1x10^{-6})/9 + (1.366x10^{-4})/9]} \times \frac{1}{3}$$
$$= 78,507$$
$$= 79.000$$

Ar. estimated prevalence of chronic conditions that is less than 79,000 has greater than 30 percent relative standard error and is flagged by an asterisk (\*). For 1983 and 1984,  $a = 1.0 \times 10^{-6}$  and b = 22,662.9. For 1985,  $a = 1.366 \times 10^{-4}$  and b = 18,253.6.



To calculate the standard error (r.st the relative standard error) of an estimated number of chronic conditions (X), use the following formula, derived from (4):

(5) SE(X) = 
$$\sqrt{(1.54 \times 10^{-5}) X^2 + (7,055.5) X}$$

For example, an estimate of 78,507 conditions has a standard error of 23,537.

For population data (all data other than checklist conditions including conditions causing disability), the 30 percent RSE is computed to be:

(6) CP= 
$$\frac{2(3691.3)/3 + (6102.7)/3}{.09 - [2(-1.477 \times 10^{-4})/9 + (-3.656 \times 10^{-5})/9]} \times \frac{1}{3}$$
= 16,642
= 17,000

An estimated population characteristic that is less than 17,000 has greater than 30 percent relative standard error and is flagged by an asterisk (\*). For 1983 and 1984,  $a = -1.477 \times 10^{-4}$  and b = 3,691.3. For 1985,  $a = -3.656 \times 10^{-5}$  and b = 6,102.7.

To calculate the standard error of an estimated number of persons (X) with a population characteristic, use the following formula, derived from (6):

(7) SE (X) = 
$$\sqrt{(3.688 \times 10^{-5}) X^2 + (1.498.4) X}$$

For example, an estimate of 16,642 persons has a standard error of 4,995.



## Appendix II

### Definitions of terms used in this report

Terms relating to disability are defined in the section "Disability concepts", page 4.

### **Demographic Terms**

Age -- the age at last birthday.

Race and ethnicity -- six racial and ethnic groups are identified on the basis of responses to questions about race and national origin. Persons are identified as Hispanic if they are Cuban, Mexican, Mexicano, Mexican-American, Chicano, other Latin American, or other Spanish. Other groups based on national origin are Asians and Pacific Islanders, and Native Americans, which includes Aleuts, Eskimos, and American Indians. Racial groups are white, black, and o her.

Family Income -- the total of all income received by related family members during the 12 months preceding the interview.

Poverty Status -- persons are classified into 2 categories: (1) above poverty threshold and (2) at or below poverty threshold. Poverty status is based on family size, number of children under 18 years of age, and family income using poverty levels derived from the Current Population Survey. The average income cutoffs for a non-farm family of 4 were \$10,178 in 1983, \$10,609 in 1984, and \$10,989 in 1985.

Education -- education categories are for individuals, based on the highest year of school finished.

#### Chronic conditions

A condition is considered chronic if it has lasted more than three months by the week of the interview or if it is on a list of conditions always classified as chronic, regardless of duration. These include tuberculosis, neoplasms, thyroid disease, diabetes, gout, psychoses and certain other mental disorders, multiple sclerosis and other diseases of the central nervous system, certain eye conditions, rheumatic fever, hypertension, stroke, all heart conditions, emphysema, asthma, hay fever, bronchiectasis, ulcers and certain diseases of the esophagus, stomach, and duodenum, hernia of abdominal cavity, gastroenteritis and colitis, calculus of kidney, ureter, and other parts of the urinary system, prostate disease, cystic breast disease, eczema and certain other types of dermatitis, arthritis and rheumatism, bone cysts, and all congenital anomalies.

Table II-A presents the list of chronic conditions used in this report and their codes as defined by the Ninth Revision of the International Classification of Diseases (ICD). NCHS employs a special listing of impairments with codes beginning with 'X', the so-called X-codes. These are used in place of any ICD codes to which an impairment may be classifiable. The listing is a modified version of the condition lists provided on the NHIS public use tapes (Recodes B and C). 75 separate condition groups are used in this list.

A shortened version of the Table II-A list is presented in Table II-B. This short list consists of 22 condition groups and is used in the multiple disabling condition tables (Tables 11-13). Table II-B shows the revised condition names and the ICD codes that were used for each of the 22 condition groups.



## TABLE II-A: LIST OF DETAILED CONDITION GROUPS

REVISED RECODE C	<b>6</b> / 10 mm <b>6</b> 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1	
<u>LIST</u>	C( 'DITION NAME	ICD-9 CODES AS ADAPTED BY NCHS
100	Rheumatoid arthritis	714
101	Osteoarthritic/other arthropathies	711.0,9, 712.8,9, 715-716, 720.0, 721
105	Intervertebral disk disorders	722
107	Osteomyelitis/bone disorders	726.9, 730.0-3,9, 731.0,2, 732, 733
109	Bursitis	726.0-8, 727.0,2,9
113	Psoriasis and dermatitis	690-694, 696
119	Skin cancer	172, 173
120	Bone cancer	170
121	Other skin and musculoskeletal	216, 274, 690-693, 693.2-A, 694-698, 698.9, 700-709, 724.2,3, 727.1, 729.0
201	Blind in both eyes	XOU
203	Deaf in both ears	X05
210	Absence of arm(s)/hand(s)	X20, X21, X23, X24
<b>2</b> 12	Absence of leg(s)	X26, X28
213	Absence of fingers, toes, feet	X22, X25, X35
217	Other absence	X31, X34
222 .	Complete paralysis of extremities	X40, X41.0,9, X42-X49
223	Cerebral palsy	X50
226	Partial paralysis of extremities	X51-X59
227	Other paralysis	X60-X64
228	Curvature of back or spine	X70
229	Other impairment of back	X80
230	Spina bifida	X71
233	Impairment of upper extremities	X73, X74, X84
236	Impairment of lower extremities	X75-X78, X85, X86
237	Other orthopedic impairment	X79, X89
238	Speech impairments	X10,X11
241	Cataracts	366
242	Glaucoma	365
243	Other eye disorders	360-364, 367, 368, 370, 371, 372.0-9, 373-379, X01, X02, X04
244	Other ear disorders	381-387, 388.0,1,3-9, X06-X09
305	Ulcers	531-533



## TABLE II-A: LIST OF DETAILED CONDITION GROUPS-CONTINUED

REVISED RECODE C LIST	CONDITION NAME	ICD-9 CODES AS ADAPTED BY NCHS
306	Abdominal hernia	550-553
311	Enteritis and colitis	555, 556, 558
<b>3</b> 16	Cancer of digestive sites	140-149, 150-159
317	Other digestive disorders	520.3,4,7-9, 521-523, 525-529, X92, 530, 534-537, 540-543, 557, 560, 562, 564.0-1, 565-573.0,3-9, 574, 575.0,2-6,8,9, 576-579, 787
403	Diabetes	250
404	Anemias	280-285
405	Epilepsy	345
406	Migraine headache	346
411	Kidney disorders	581-583, 590, 592, 593
415	Multiple sclerosis	340
420	Female genital disorders	610, 611, 614-629, X32
421	Cancer of female breast	174
426	Cancer of genitourinary sites	179-189
428	Schizophrenia/other psychoses	291-299
429	Neuroses/personality disorders	300, 301
430	Alchohol or drug dependency	303, 304
431	Mental retardation	X19
432	Other mental illness	302, 305, 306.1-5, 307-314, 315.4,5,8,9, 316-A, X10, X14
434	Tuberculosis	010-018, 019-A
435	Other infect:ous/parasitic	001-009.0,2, 020-027, 030-041, 045-057, 060-066, 070-088, 100-104, 110-112. 114-118, 120-136
437	Leukemia	204-208
438	Senility	290, 797
<b>43</b> 9	Parkinson's disease	332
441	Other nervous disorders	320, 322, 323-325, 330, 331.0-2,8,9, 333-337, 341, 346-352, 353.0-4,6,8,9, 354-359
442	Surgical/medical complications	996-999
443	Other injuries	800-848, 850-854, 860-869, 870-884 (except 871.3), 890-894, 900-904,



910-957, 959-979, 988-995

## TABLE II-A: LIST OF DETAILED CONDITION GROUPS--CONTINUED

All other chronic conditions

REVISED RECODE C LIST	CONDITION NAME	ICD-9 CODES AS ADAPTED BY NCHS
501	Rheumatic fever	390, 392-398, 399-NHIS code only
502	Ischemic heart disease	410-414, 429.6
<b>50</b> 5	Heart rhythm disorders	427.0-6,8,9, 785.0-2
507	Other heart disease	415-417, 420.9, 421.0,9, 422.9, 423, 424, 425.0-5,9, 426, 428, 429.0-5,8,9, 745, 746, 785.0-3
508	Hypertension	401-405
509	Cerebrovascular disease	430-438
510	Arteriosclerosis	440
513	Phlebitis, varicose veins	451-454
516	Other circulatory	441-444, 455-459
601	Chronic bronchitis	490, 491
602	Asthma	493
605	Sinusitis	473
606	Hay fever	• 77
609	Emphysema	492
613	Lung or bronchial cancer	160, 162.2-9, 163-165
616	Other respiratory disease	470-476, 478, 480-483, 485-487, 494-496, 500-508, 510-516, X30
95 <i>7</i>	Cancer of all other sites	161, 171, 175, 190-199, 200-203
998	Other ill-defined conditions	780, 781.0-4,6,7,9, 782, 783.0,2-6,9, 784, 786-797, 799, 799.5-A, X11, X12
1 999	All other chronic conditions	all abhan and an

all other codes



## TABLE II-B: SHORT LIST OF CONDITION GROUPS

REVISED RECODE C LIST	CONDITION NAME	ICD-9 CODES AS ADAPTED BY NCHS
101	Arthritis	714, 711.0,9, 712.8,9, 715-716, 720.0, 721
105	Intervertebral disk disorders	722
121	Other skin and musculoskeletal	216, 274, 690-693, 693.2-A, 694-698, 698.9, 700-709, 724.2,3, 727.1, 729.0 726.9, 730.0-3,9, 731.0,2, 732, 733, 726.0-8, 727.0,2,9, 690-694, 696
204	Eye or ear impairments	X00, X05, 366, 365, 360-364, 367, 36&, 370, 371, 372.0-9, 373-379, X01, X02, X04, 381-387, 388.0,1,3-9, X06-X09
227	Absence or paralysis	X60-X64, X20, X21, X23, X24, X26, X28, X22, X25, X35, X31, X34, X40, X41.0,9, X42-X49, X50, X51-X59
229	Back impairments	X70, X71, X80
236	Impairment of lower extremities	X75-X78, X85, X86
237	Other orthopedic impairment	X79, X89, X73, X74, X84
317	Digestive disorders	531-533, 550-553, 555, 556, 558, 520.3,4,7-9, 521-523, 525-529, X92, 530, 534-537, 540-543, 557, 560, 562, 564.0-1, 565-573.0,3-9, 574, 575.0,2-6,8,9,576-579, 787
403	Diabetes	250
431	Mental retardation	X19
432	Mental illness	302, 305, 306.1-5, 307-314, 315.4,5,8,9, 316-A, X10, X14, 291-299, 300, 301
441	Nervous disorcars	320, 322, 323-325, 330, 331.0-2,8,9, 333-337, 341, 345, 346-352, 353.0-4,6,8,9, 290, 797, 332, 354-359, X41.1-8,.X,.Y, X61
501	Heart disease	390, 392-398, 399-NHIS code only, 410-414, 429.6, 427.0-6,8,9, 785.0-2, 415-417, 420.9, 421.0,9, 422.9, 423, 424, 425.0-5,9, 426, 428, 429.0-5,8,9, 745, 746, 785.0-3
508	Hypertension	401-405
509	Cerebrovascular disease	430-438
510	Other circulatory disease	440, 451-454, 441-444, 455-459
602	Asthma	493
609	Emphysema	492
616	Other respiratory disease	470-478, 480-483, 485-487, 494-496, 500-508, 510-516, X30 490, 491,473
997	Cancer of all sites	161, 171, 175, 190-199, 200-203, 160, 162.2-9, 163-165, 140-149, 150-159
999	All other chronic conditions	all other codes



# Appendix III

1985 National Health Interview Survey Core questionnaire



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		os Unit n	ot permanent in t	rans len t	hotel.	1					
			upied site for mo	bile hom	e, trai	ler, or tent	17. Rec	ord of a	dditional con	tacts	
		. —	nt quarters in col				Menth	Date	Beginning	Ending	Completed
		12 OTHE	R unit not specif Inoles	180 SPON	- DE	SCI-De	1	June	time	time	Col. No.
		2 A. V #			Ę		,	-	P a.m.	a.m.	]
_	GO TO HOUSEHOLD COMPOSITION PAGE							<u>;                                    </u>	T p.m.	9.m.	<b> </b>
•	When to she salanhoo and a salanhoo						2	1	P 0.m.	a.m.	1
11.	What is the telephone number here? Area code/	/number	12. Was the	S INC <b>e</b> rvi	ew ot	se. ved'	<del></del>	+	<del>                                       </del>	9.m.	<del>                                     </del>
••	Nene		' 🗆 Ye		<u> 2</u>	N-	3	!	P a.m.	0.m.	1
13.	Interviewer's name			Co	ode		+	<del> </del>	P 9-m.	a.m.	<del> </del>
	_			-			4	į	T 3	1,0.	1
								<u> </u>	<u> </u>	j	1



B. LIMITATION OF ACTIVITIES PAGE		
B1 Refer to age.	Bì	1
Whet was —— doing MOST OF THE PAST 12 MONTHS; werking at a jeb or business, keeping house, going to school, or something else?  Priority if 2 or more activities reported (1) Spent the most time doing. (2) Considers the most important	1.	1 Working (2) 2 Keeping house (3) 3 Going to school (5) 4 Something else (5)
2a. Does any impairment or health problem NOW keep from working of a job or business?	20.	1 Yes (7) No
b. Is limited in the kind OP amount of werk can de becouse of eny impairment or health problem?	b.	2 Tes (7) 3 No (6)
3e. Does any impairment or health problem NOW keep from doing any housework et all?	3e.	4 🗀 Yes (4) 🗀 No
b. Is limited in the kind OR amount of housework con do because of any impairment or heulth problem?	ь.	5 Yes (4) 6 No (5)
4e. What (other) condition causes this?  Ask if injury or operation: When did [the (injury) occur?/have the operation?]  Ask if operation over 3 months ago: For what condition did have the operation?  If pregnancy/delivery or 0-3 months injury or operation -  Reask question 3 where limitation reported, saying: Except for (condition),?  OR reask 4b/c.	40.	(Enter condition in C2, THEN 4b)  1 Old ege (Merk "Old ege" box, THEN 4C)
b. Besides (condition) is there any other condition that causes this limitation?	b.	Yes (Reask 4a and b)
c. Is this limitation caused by any (other) specific condition?	c.	Yes (Reask 46 and b)
Mark box if only one condition. d. Which of these conditions would you suy is the MAIN cause of this limitation?	d.	Only I condition  Main Cause
Sa. Does any impairment or health problem keep —— from working at a job or business?	50.	1 Tyes (7) No
5. Is limited in the kind OR amount of work could do because of any impairment or health problem?	ь.	2 🗍 Yes (7) 3 📜 No
Refer to questions 3a and 3b.	B2	1  "Yes"in 3a or 3b (NP) 2  Other (6)
6a. is limited in ANY WAY in any activities because of an impairment or health problem?	6€.	1 Yes 2 No (NP)
b. In what way is limited? Record limitation, not condition.	ь.	Limitation
Ask if injury or operation. When did [the (injury) occur?/have the operation?]  Ask if operation over 3 months ago: For what condition did have the operation?  If pregnancy/delivery or 0-3 months injury or operation  Reask question 2, 5, or 6 where limitation reported, saying Except for (condition),?  OR reask 7b/c.	70.	(Enter condition in C2, THEN 7b)  1 Old age (Mark "Old age" box, THEN 7c)
b. Besides (condition) is there any other condition that causes this limitation?	b.	Yes (Ressk 72 and b) No ( "d)
c. Is this limitation caused by any (other) specific condition?	c.	Yes (Ressk 7e and b)
Mark box if only one condition.  d. Which of these conditions would you say is the MAIN cause of this limitation?	d.	Only   condition
DRM HIS 1:1985: (10 1 84)		Peril Cause



B. LIMITATION OF ACTIVITIES PAGE, Continued		
B3 Refer to oge.	В3	0 Under 5 (10) 2 18-69 (NP) 1 S-17 (11) 3 70 sho over 8)
8. What was — doing MOST OF THE PAST 12 MONTHS, warking at a job or business, keeping house, earing to school, or semathing else?  I riority if 2 or more occurities reported. (1) Spent the most time doing. (2) Considers the most important.	8.	1 Working 2 Keeping house 3 Going to school 4 Something else
9a. Because of any impairment or health problem, does —— need the help of other persons with —— personal care needs, such as eating, bathing, dressing, or getting around this home?	9a.	1 _ Yes (13) No
b. Because of any impairment or health problem, does —— need the help of other persons in handling —— routing needs, such as everyday household chores, doing necessary business, shapping, or getting around for other purposes?	ь.	2 Yes (13) 3 No (12)
10o. is able to take part AT ALL in the usual kinds of play activities done by most children age?	10a.	Yes
b. is limited in the kind OR amount of play activities can do because of any impairment or health proble	m <sup>7</sup> b.	1 Yes (13) 2 No (12)
11a. Does any impairment or health problem NOW keep from attending school?	No.	1 Yes (13) No
b. Does attend a special school or special classes because of any impairment or health problem?	<del> </del> <sub>Б</sub>	2Yes (13) No
c. Does need to attend a special school or special classes because of any impairment or health problem?	٠	3 Yes (13) No
d. is immited in school attendance because of health?	d.	4 Yes (13) 5 No
12a. is limited in ANY WAY in any activities because of an impairment or health problem?	12a	1Yes 2 No (NP)
b. in what way is limited? Record limitation, not condition	ь.	Limitation
13o. What (other) condition causes this?  Ask if injury or operation. When did [the (injury) accur? 'have the operation?]  Ask if operation over 3 months ago. For what condition did have the operation?  If pregnancy/delivery or 0-3 months injury or operation  Reask question where limitation reported, soying except for (condition),?	13a.	(Enter condition in C2, THEN 13b)  1 Old age (Mark "Old age" box, THEN 13c)
OR recak i _/c.  b. Besides ( <u>condition</u> ) is there any other condition that causes this limitation?	ь	Yes (Reask 13e and b) No (13d)
c. Is this limitation caused by any (other) specific condition?	·	Yes (Reask 13e and b)
Nark box if only one condition.  d. Which of these conditions would you say is the MAIN cause of this limitation?	d.	Only I condition
FOOTNOTES	<u>l i</u>	Main Cause



B. LIMITATION OF ACTIVITIES PAGE, Continued		
B4 Refer to age.	B4	0 Under 5 (NP) 2 60-69 (14) 1 5-59 (85) 3 70 and over (NP)
B5 Refer to "Old age," and "LA" boxes Mark first appropriate box	B5	Old age" box marked (14) Thenry in "LA box (14) There (NP)
14s. Because e.y imperment or health problem, does need the help of other persons with personal core needs, such as acting, bothing, dressing, or gotting eround this home?	140	1 T] Yes (1*) [ No
If under 18, skip to next person; otherwise ask  b. Because of any imphirment or health problem, does —— need the help of other persons in headling —— routin needs, such as every by household chares, doing necessary business, shopping, or getting eround for other purposes?	b.	2: "Yes 3 No(NP)
15e. What ("her) condition courses this?  Ask if injury or operation." When did [the (injury) occur?" have the operation?]  Ask if operation over 3 months ago. For what condition did have the operation?  If pregnancy delivery or 0-3 months injury or eration  Reask question 14 where limitation reported, adving Except for (condition)?	15a	(Enter condition in C2, THEN 15b)  1 (**Old age (Mark **Old age box, THEN :5c)
OR reask 15b c. <b>b.</b> Besides ( <u>condition</u> ) is there any other condition that couses this limitation?	ь	Yes (ReaSx 15a and b) No (15d)
c is this limitation caused by any (other) specific condition?	c	Yes (Reesk 15a end b)
Mark box if only one condition.  d. Which of these conditions would you say is the MAIN couse of this limitation?	٥	Only I condition
OOTNOTES	<u></u>	
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	calendar.	ED ACTIVITY PAG	E PERSON '	D2	Refer to 2b and 3b. No days in 2b c	or 3b (6)	(5)	
begii		(e) and ending this po		<u>i</u> [wo	now m ny of the f <u>numb</u> rk/school] did —— stay suse of illness or injur oo — None	in bed mo	3b) days missed ! re than half of the	rom dey
D1	Under 5 (4)	<u> </u>	18 ar.d over (1)	Bot.			No.	of days
net c	counting werk aroum/business].)	ind the house? (Includ	any time at a job or business, de unpaid work in the family	6a. (Not	counting the day(s)	missed (		
		'Wa'' box, THEN 2)	2 No	Was on ti	there ony (OTHER) tir he things — usually d	ne during t loes becou	hose 2 weeks that se of illness or in	cut down
	though —— did no a jab or business	ot work during those 2 ?	weeks, did		Yes	- <b>-</b>	00 _ No (D	3)
	ı	'Wb" box.THEN 2)	z =_ No (4)	b. (Aga	in, not counting the do	sy(s)   m	issed from work issed from school	],
20. Durir er bu	ng those 2 weeks, siness because of	did —— miss any time Fillness or injury?	from a job	Duri	ng that period, how ma than half of the day b	ny (OTHE	ond) in bed R) doys did cu	down for
		00 🗀 No (4)			00 None			ut-down days
then	ig that 2-week per half of the day fro ss or injury?	iod, hew many days di im jab or business	d miss more because of	D3	Refer to 2-6.  No days in 2-6  or more days			
	None (4)	did miss any time	(4)		er to 2b. 3b. 4b. and 6b (other) condition cour		miss work miss school (or) stoy in bed	during those 2
of illi	ness or injury?	00 <u> </u>	trom school becouse	(Ent	er condition in C2 TH	EN 76)	(or) cut down	' ∫ weeks?
	g that 2-week peri	ad, how many days di		b. Did	any other condition co	use to	miss work miss school (ar) stay in bed (or) cur down	during that period?
		fig. of school-loss days		5007	1 TYes (Reask 7a a	and b)	2 <u>~</u> No	
0	o 📑 None			FOOTNO	)TES			
43. During	g those 2 weeks,	did stay in bed be	cause of illness or injury?					
	Yes	00 <u> </u>						
b. During	g that 2-week peri- nalf of the day bec	od, how many days did ouse of illnes or inju	d —— stoy in bed more pry?					
_	None (6)	No. cf bed days	(50)					



P. A. WEEV DOCTOR MINITE BI	2005 0405			
E. 2-WEEK DOCTOR VISITS PR	RUBE PAGE		┢	
Read to respondent(s).  These next questions are about health care received during the 2	weeks outlined in red on that co	lender.		
E1 Refer to age.		`	Εl	Under 14 (15)  14 and over (18)
1e. During those 2 weeks, how many times did —— see or talk to e m such as dermatologists, psychiatrists, and aphthalmologists, as (De not count times while an avarnight patient in a haspital.)	1e. end b.	00 None		
b. During those 2 weeks, how many times did anyone see or talk to times while on evernight patient in a hospital.)	e medicel decter about? (De	net count		Number of times
2e. (Besides the time(s) you just teld me about) During these 2 wee cere at home or go to a dector's effice, clinic, hospital or some a enyone working with or for a medical dector. Do not count times	other place? Include care from a	nurse or		
b. Whe received this care? Mark "DR Visit" box in person's column			2b.	DR Visit
c. Anyone else?	☐ Yes (Reask 2b and c)	□ No	ļ7	
Ask for each person with "DR Visit" in 2b d. How many times did — receive this core during that period?			d.	Number of times
3e. (Besides the time(s) you elready told me about) During those 2 w medical advice, prescriptions or tast results over the PHONE fro or for a medical dector?	m e doctor, nurse, or ovyone wor			
b. Who was the phone call about? Mark Phone call" box in person			3ь.	Phone cell
c. Were there any cells about anyone eise?	Yes (Reask 3b and c)	No		
Ask for each person with "Phone call" in 3b d. New many telephone calls were made about?			d.	Number of cells
E2 Add numbers in 1, 2d, and 3d for each person. Record to	eal number of westered calle in	"2-WK DV" h		ian Ci
FOOTNOTES				
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	F. 2-WEEK DOCTOR VISITS PAGE	200	≠iSi⊤ 1
$\vdash$	Refer to CI. "2-WK, DV" box.	- + -	RSON NUMBER
F	Refer to age.	Fl	Under 14 (1b) = 14 and over (1c)
	On what (other) date(s) during those 2 weeks did——see or talk to a medical doctor, nurse, or doctor's assistant.  On what (other) date(s) during those 2 weeks did anyone see or talk to a medical doctor, nurse, or doctor's essistant about ——?	la. and b.	OR 1777 Lest week
<b>c.</b>	Ask after last DR visit column for this person.  Were there any other visits or calls for — during that period? Make necessary correct on to 2-WK DV box in C	e.	1 Yes (Reesk 1e or 5 end c) 2 No (Ask 2-5 for each visit)
2.	Where did —— receive health care on ( <u>date in 1</u> ), at a dector's office, clinic, hospital, some other place, or was this a telephone cell?  If doctor's office. Was this office in a hospital?  If hospital? Was it the eutratient clinic or the emergency room?  If clinic Was it e hospital eutratient clinic, a company clinic, a public health clinic, or some ether kind of clinic?  If lab? Was this lab in a hospital?  What was done during this visit? (Footnote)	2.	O1 Telephone  Not in hospitel  O2 Home O3 Doctor's office O4 Co. or Ind clinic O5 Other clinic O6 Leb O7 Other (Specify)  O Telephone Hespitel O6 O.P. clinic O6 Emergency room O7 Doctor's office O7 Overnight petient (Next DR visit) ee Other (Specify)
30. b.	Ask 3   under 14. Did — actually talk to a medical dactor? Did anyone actually talk to a medical dactor about?	3a. and b.	1 Yes (31) e DK if M.D. (3c) 2 No (3c) 9 DK who wes seen (31)
e.	What ty e of medical person or assistant was talked to?	c	
d.	Dees the (entry in 3c) work with or for ONE doctor or MORE than one doctor?	<b>d</b> .	1 One (31) 3 None (4) 2 More 9 DK
••	For this [visit/cal] what kind of doctor was the (entry in 3c) working with or for - a general practitioner or a specialist?  Is that doctor a general practitioner or a specialist?	ond	1 GP (4) 2 Specielist (3g) = 9 DK (4)
9.		g.	Kind o specielist
40.	Ask 4b if under 14.  For what condition did see or talk to the [doctor/(entry in 3c]] on (date in 1)? Mark first appropriate box.	4a. and b.	1 Condition (Ifem C2, THEN 4g) 2 Pregnency (4e) 3 Test(s) or exemine ion (4C)
ь	For what condition did anyone see or talk to the [dector/, entry in $3c$ ] about on (date in 1)? Mark first appropriate box.		e Other (Specify)
c.	Was a condition found as a result of the [test(s)/examination] ?	- ] - [	Yes (4h) No
d.	Was this test/examination because of a specific condition had?		Yes (4h) N^ (4g)
•. f.	During the past 2 weeks was sick because of pregnancy? What was the matter?		Yes No (4g)  No (4g)  (liem C2.  Condition THEN 4g)
g. h.	During this [visit/call] wo_the [doctor/(entry in 3c]) talked to about any (other) condition? What was the condition?	h	
<b>├</b>			Condition THEN 4g)
5a.	Mark box if "Telephone" in 2.  Did —— have any kind of surgery or operation during this visit, including bone settings and stitches?	50	Telephone in 2 (Next DR visit)     Yes     No (Next DR visit)
Ь.	What was the name of the surgery or operation? If name of operation not known, describe what was done.	Ь	(1)
c.	Was there any other surgery or operation during this visit?	٠	Yes (ReeSk 5b end c)
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G. HEALTH INDICATOR PAGE	+-	
la. During the 2-week period outlined in red on that colendar, has anyone in the family had an injury from an accident or other cause that you have not yet told me about?		
b. Who was this? Mar- ' injury' box in person's column	16.	Injury
c. What was injury? Enter injury(ies) in person's column.	c.	Injury
d. Did anyone have any other injuries during that period?  Yes (Reask lb. c. and d)  No		
Ask for each injury in Ic:  e. As a result of the (injury in Ic) did [/anyone] see or talk to a medical doctor or assistant (about) or did cut down on usual activities for more than half of a day?	•.	Yes (Enter injury in C2, THEN 1e for next injury) No (1e for next injury)
2. During the past 12 months, (that is, since ( <u>12-month doze</u> ) a year ago) ABOUT how many days did illness or injury keep — in bed more than half of the day? (Include days while an overnight patient in a hospital.)	2.	000
Ba. During the past 12 months, ABOUT how many times did [ anyone] see or tolk to a medical doctor er assistant (about)? (Do not count doctors seen while an overnight patient in a hospital.) (Include the (number in 2-WK DV box) visit(s) you already told me about.)	30.	000 None (3b) 000 Only when overnight patient in nos sital
b. About how long has it been since [/anyone] last saw or talked to a medical doctor or assistant (about)? include doctors seen while a potient in a hospital.	b	I Interview week (Heask 3b)  Less than I yr. (Reask 3e)  Jr less than 2 yrs.  2 yrs less than 5 yrs  5 5 yrs. or more  Never
l. Would you say —— health in general is excellent ाy good, good, fair, or poor?	4.	Excellent 4 Fair Very good 5 Poor Good
Mark box if under 18 ia. About how tall is without shoes?	5a.	FeetInches
b. About how much does weigh without shoes?	ь.	Pounds
FOOTNOTES		



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Read to respondent(s) and ask list specified in A2

Now I am going to read a list of medical conditions. Tell me if anyone in the family has any of these conditions, even if you have mentioned them before.

•	la. Does anyone in the family {read names} NOW have — If "Yes," ask Ib and c. b. Who is this? c. Does enyone else NOW have — Enter condition and letter in appropriate person's column.  A. PERMANENT stiffness or any defermity of the fact, leg. fingers, arm, or back? (Permanent stiffness — joints will not move at all.)			2a. Does anyone in the family (read names) NOW have - If "Yes," ask 2b and c. b. Who is this? c. Does anyone else NOW have - Enter condition and letter in appropriate person's column.  A-L are conditions affecting (Vision)			
1							
	B. Paralysis of any kind?		]		(Speech)		
	1d. DURING THE PAST 12 M hove - If "Yes," ask le	ONTHS, did anyone in the family and f.		M-AA are impairments.			
	e. Who was this? f. DURING THE PAST 12 MONTHS, did anyono else have —			A. Deafners in one or both ears?	Reask 2a  O. A missing joint?		
	C_L are conditions offec	•		B. Any other trouble hearing with one or both ears?	P. A rissing breast, kidney, or lung?		
	M—W are conditions affec	Reask Id		C. Tinnitus or ringing in the ears?	Q. Palsy or cerebral palsy? (ser'a-bral)		
	C. Arthritis of any kind or heumotism?	1. A tumor, cyst, ar growth		D. Blindness in one or both	R. Paralysis of any kind? S. Curvature of the spine?		
	D. Gout?			eyes? 	T. REPEATED trauble with		
	E. Lumbago?	O. Eczema or psariasis? (ek'sa-ma) or (so-rye'uh-sis)	]	F. Glaucoma?	neck, back, or spine?  J. Any TROUBLE with		
	F. Sciatico?	P. TROUBLE with dry or	-	G. Color blindness?	fallen arch: or flatfeet?  V. A clubfoot?		
	G. A bone cyst or bone spur?	Q. TROUBLE with acne?	1	other condition of the retina?	W. A trick knee? X. PERMANENT stiffness		
	H. Any other disease of the bone or cartilage?	R. A skin ulcer?		I. Any other trouble seeing with one or both eyes EVEN when wearing glasses?	or any deformity of the foot, leg, or back? (Permanent stiffness — joints will not move		
	l. A slipped or ruptures disc?	S. Any kind of skin allergy?		J. A cleft palate or harelip?	at all.)		
	J. REPEATED trouble with	T. Dermatitis or any other skin trouble?		K. Stammering or stuttering?  L. Any other speech defect?	Y. PERMANENT stiffness or any deformity of the fingers, hand, or arm?		
	neck, back, or spine?	U. TROUBLE with ingrown toenails or fingernails?		M. Loss of taste or smell which has in .ed 3	Z. Mental retardation		
	K. Bursitis?	V. TROUBLE with bunians, corns, or calluses?		months or more?	AA. Any condition caused by an accident or injury which happened more than		
	L. Any disease of the muscles or tendons?	W. Any disease of the hair or scalp?		N. A missing finger, hand, or arm; tae, foot, or leg?	3 months ago? // "Yes." ask What is the condition?		

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#### H. CONDITION LISTS 3 AND 4

Read to respondent(s) and ask list specified in A2

Now I am going to round to list of mission and an arrangement in the family has had enviet these conditions, even if you have mentioned them before.

- you have mentioned them before.

  3e. DURING THE PAST 12 MONTHS, did anyone in the family {read names} have —

  If "Yes," ask 3b and c.
  b. Who was this?
  c. DURING THE PAST 12 MONTHS, did anyone else have —

  Enter condition and letter in appropriate person's column.

  Make no entry in item C2 for cold. fl.. red, sore, c "rap throat: or "virus" even if reported in this list.

  Conditions affecting the digestive system.
  - N. Enteritis? A. Gallstenes? O. Diverticulitis? B. Any other gallbladder trouble? (Dye-ver-tic-yoo-lye'tis) P. Colitis? C. Cirrhesis of the liver? Q. A spastic colon? D. Fatty liver? R. FREQUENT constitution? E. Hepatitis? S. Any other bowel trouble? F. Yellow joundice? T. Any other intesting! trouble? G. Any other liver trouble? U. Cancer of the stomech, H. An ulcer? intestines, colon or rectum? 1. / hernia or rupture? J. Any disease of the V. De in a the past 12 espohogus? months, did anyone (else) in the family have any other condition of the digestive system? K. Gastritis? if "Yes," ask Who was this? - What was L. FREQUENT indigestion? the condition? Enter in item C2. THEN reask V. M. Any other stomach

- 4a. DURING THE PAST 12 MONTHS, Jid anyone in the family \(\frac{\text{read names}}{\text{have}}\) have \(-\)
  - If "Yes," ask 4b and c
- b. Who was this?
- c. DURING THE PAST 12 MONTHS, did anyone else have -

Enter condition and letter in appropriate person's column.

A-B are conditions affecting the glandular system

C is a blood condition

D-I are conditions affecting the nervous system

J-Y are conditions affecting the genito-urinary system

A. A geiter er other thyroid trouble?	Reask 4a N. Any other kidney trouble?
B. Diabetes?	O. Bladder trouble?
C. Anemia of any kind?	P. Any disease of the genital organs?
D. Epilepsy?	Q. A missing breast?
E. REPEATED seizures, convulsions, or blackouts?	R. Breast cancer?
F. Multiple sclerosis?	S. * Concer of the prostate?
G. Migraine?	T. *Any ether prostate trouble?
H. FREQUENT headaches?	U. ** Trouble with menstruction?
I. Neuralgia or neuritis?	V. ** A hysterectomy? If "Yes," ask
J. Nephritis?	For what condition did —— have a hysterectomy?
K. Kidney stones?	W. ** A tumor, cyst, or growth of the uterus or overies?
L. REPEATED kidney infections?	X. ** Any other disease of the uterus or overies?
M. A missing kidney?	Y. "* Any other female trouble?

"Ask only if males in family.

= A\_k only if females in family.

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trouble?





Read to respondent(s) and ask list specified in A2. New I am going to read a list of medical conditions. Tell me if anyone in the family has had any of those conditions, even if you have mentioned them before.

	- HOTO   HIGHITIONICO   HICHII   DOTO   CO			_
	Sa. Hes anyone in the family (re	ead names } EVER nad -	] [	o. DURING T
	If "Yes." ask 5b and c.		If "Yes."	
_	b. Who was this?			b. Who was th
5	c. Has anyone else EVER had	-	6	c. DURING T
	Enter condition and letter in	appropriate persor's column.	1	Enter cond
	Conditions offecting the hea	ert and circulatory system.		Make no en throat, or
	A. Rheumotic fever?	G. A stroke or a	-	Conditions
	B. Rheumatic heart disease?	(ser'a-bro vos ku-lar)	-	A. Bronchitis
	C. Hardening of the arteries	H. A hemorrhage of the		B. Asthmo?
	ar arteriosclerosis?	brain?	] ]	C. Hay (-ver?
	D. Congenital heart disease?	I. Angino pec aris? 		D. Sinus troub
	E. Coronary heart disease?	J. A myocardiol		E. A nosol pol
	F. Hypertension, sometimes called high blood pressure?	K. Any other heart		F. A deflected nasol septu
	5d. DURING THE PAST 12 MON family have -	ITHS, did onyone in the		G. * Tonsilliti
	If "Yes," ask 5e and f.			ment of the odenoids?
	e. Who was this?			H. * Laryngitii
	f. DURING THE PAST 12 MON		I. A tumor or	
	Enter condition and letter in Conditions affecting the hea	appropriate person's column.  Int and circulatory system.		the throat, trachea?
				J. A tumor or the brenchis or lung?
	L. Damaged heart valvas?	Q. Any blood clots?	-	If reported in
	M. Techycerdia or rapid heart?	R. Varicose veins?	1.	How many t
		e Hanna Anna		If 2 or more
	N. A heart murmur?	S. Hemorrhoids or piles?		if only I tin
	O. Any other heart trouble?	T. Phiebitis or	2.	How long d
	only Amer under Honore,	thrembophlebitis?		if less than
	P. An eneurysm?	U. Any other condition affecting blood		If tonsils or enter the co

circulation?

THE PAST 12 MONTHS, did onyone in the family 

ask 6b and c.

his?

HE PAST 12 MONTHS, did anyone else have 🗕 dition and letter in appropriate person's column.

ntry in item C2 for cold. flu, red. sore, or strep "virus" even if reported in this list.

affecting the respiratory system

Conditions directing the re	
A. Bronchitis?	Reask 6a K. A missing lung?
B. Asthmo?	L. 1 ung cancer?
C. Hay (-ver?	M. Emphysema?
D. Sinus trouble?	N. Pleurisy?
E. A nosol polyp?	O. Tuberculosis?
F. A deflected or deviated nasol septum?	P. Any other work- releted respiratory condition, such os
G. * Tonsillitis or enlarge- ment of the tonsils or odenoids?	dust on the lungs, silicosis, asbestesis, or pneu-mo-co-ni-o-sis?
H. * Laryngitis?	Q. During the post 12 months did anyone (else) in the
I. A tumor or growth of the threat, lorynx, or trachea?	family have ony other respiratory, lung, or pulmonary condition?  If "Yes," ask Who was
J. A tumor or growth of the branchiol tube or lune?	this?—What was the condition? Enter in item C2, THEN reask Q

this list only, ask

times did -- have (<u>condition)</u> in the past 12 months? times, enter condition in item C2. ne, ask

id it last? If I month or longer, enter in item C2. I month, do not record.

r adenoids were removed during past 12 months. enter the condition cousing removal in item C2.



J. HOSPITAL PAGE	но	SPITAL STAY 1			
J. NOSPITAL FAUE		Tree stat !			
1. Refer to C1, "HOSP " box.	١.	PERSON NUMBER			
2. You seid earlier that — was a patient in the hospital since i 13-month hospital date) a year ege. On what date did —— enter the hespital ([the lost time/the time before that])?  Record each entry date in a separate Hospital Stay column.	2.	Month Date	Yeer 19		
3. How many nights was in the hospital?		0000 None (Next HS)			
		Nights			
4. Fer what condition did —— enter the hospital?  a For delivery ask  Was this a nermal delivery?  If "No " ask  What was the matter?  What was the matter?  What was the matter?  For initial "No condition" ask  Why did —— enter the hospital?  For initial "No condition" ask  Why did —— enter the hospital?  For initial "No condition" ask  Why did —— enter the hospital?  For initial "No condition" ask  Why did —— enter the hospital?  If "No," ask  What was the matter?  If no results, isk  Why were the tests performed?	,	1 Normal delivery 2 Normal at birth 3 No condition Condition			
J1 Refer to questions 2, 3, and 2-week reference period.	IJ	At least one night in reference period (Enti in C2, THEN 5)  No nights in 2-week r	er condition		
Sa. Did —— have any kind of surgery or operation during this stay in the hospital, including bone settings and stitches?	5a.	1 Tyes	2 _ No (6)		
b. What was the name of the surgery or operation?  If name of operation not known describe what was done.	b.	(1)			
c. Was there any other surgery or operation during this stay?	c.	Yes (Reesk 5b end c	) No		
6. What is the name and address of this hospital?	6.	Name			
		Number and street			
		City or County	State		
FOOTNOTES	•				
			_		
ORM HIS 1 1985/110 1 84 Page 26					



1. Name of condition		following entries in 3b=f Abscess	Damage	Pelsy
Mark "2-wk, ref. pd." box without asking if "DV" or "h in C2 as source.  2. When did [/snyene] lest see or talk to a dector or ask bout (condition)?		Ache (except head er ear) Bleeding (excep, —anstruel) Bleed clet Beil	Growth Hemerrhege Infection Inflemmetion	Peralysis Rupture Sere (ness) Stiff (ness)
0	. [	Cencer Cremps (except menstrual) Cyst	Neuralgio Neuritis Poin	Tumer Ulce Varicese veins Weak(ness)
2 Over 2 weeks less than 6 mos 7 Or. seen, OK.  3 6 mos less than 1 yr 8 OK. if Or. seen  4 1 yr., less than 2 yrs 9 Or. never seen		g. What part of the body is affect	10 d <sup>2</sup>	Specify
3e. (Earlier you teld me about ( <u>condition</u> )) Did the doct cell the ( <u>condition</u> ) by a more technical or specific name	or or assistant	Snow the following detail		J. 20119
1 Tyes 2 No 9 OK	,	Meed , Bock spine vertebrae Side		skull, scolp, fect upper, middle, lowe
Ask 3b if "Yes" in 3a, otherwise transcribe condition nitem I without asking"	ame from	Eo, Eye	INMEr or oute	left or righ r, left, right, er beth left, right, er beth
b. Whot did he er she cell it?  1 Color Blindness (NC) 2 Cancer (3e) Normal pregnancy, normal delivery, vesectomy  (5)  (5)		Hand enti Leg hip, upper	, elbew, lower er wri re hond or fingers en , knee, lower, or ank foot, arch, or sees on	st left, right, er both ly, left, right, er both le, left, right, or both
c. What was the couse of (condition in 3b)? (Specify)		Except for eyes, ears, or inte following entries in 3p-f	rnal organs, ask 3h	f there are any of
Wark box if accident or injury o Accident/injury (5) d. Did the condition in 3b) result from an accident or injury		h. What part of the (part of body sare/sareness) — the skin, mi	in 3b-g) is affecte	d by the [infection e other part?
Yes (5) 2 No  Ask 3e if the condition name in 3b includes any of the fo	Nowing words	Specify		
Ailment Conce Disease Problem Anemie Condition Disorder Rupture Asthme Cyet Growth Trouble Attack Defect Measlex Tumor Bed Ulcer	`	Ask if there are any of the foil Tumor Cyst  4. Is this Etumor cyst/growth] m  1Melignent 2	Growth alignant or Lenign?	·
e. When kind of (condition in 3b) is it?  Speci	fy	a. When was (cond from infirst noticed?	2 Ove	k ref pd or 2 weeks to 3 month or 3 months to 1 year
Ask 3f only if allergy or stroke in 3b-e  f. How does the [allergy/stroke] NOW affect? (Specify)  4	٥	b. When did Iname of injur	y in 5 0ve	r I yeer to 5 yeers r 5 yeers
		Ask probes as necessary (Was it on or since ( <u>f</u>	of 2-week ref. perio	<u>o</u> d:
		(Was it less then 3 months or i (Wes it less then 1 year or mo		)
For Stroke, fill remainder of this condition page for the f effect. Enter in item C2 and complete a separate conditi each additional present effect.	ion page for	(Was it less than 5 years or m	ure than 5 years ag	o <sup>7</sup> )

Refer to RD and U1  "The in TRO box AND more than 1 condition in C2 (6)  Other (K2)	13. Is this ( <u>condition in 3b</u> ) the result of the same accident you already told me about?  — Yes (Record condition page number where					
6a. During the 2 weeks cuttined in red on that calendor, did (cg (100))  caus te cut dewn en the things usually oees?  Yes No (K2)  b. During that period, how many days did cut down for more than holf ef the day?  Oo None (K2	Nc  14. Where did the occident hoppen?  1 At home (inside nouse)					
7. During those 2 weeks, how many days did —— stay in bed for more than half of the day because of thi condition?  100 None Days  Ask if "Wa'N:" box marked in C!  8. During those 2 weeks, how many days did —— miss more than half of the day from —— job or business because of this condition?	Street and highway (includes roadway and public sidewalk)  Farm  Sindustrial place vincludes premises:  School (includes premises)  Place of fecreation and sports, except at school  Other (Specify)					
On None Days  Ask if age 5-17  9. During those 2 weeks, how many days did — miss more than half of the day frem school because of this cendition?  On None Days	Nork por "under 18. Under 18 (15)  15a. Was under 18 when the accident happened?  1 Yes 176 No  b. Was in the Armed Forces when the accident happened?  2 Yes 176 No  c. Was a' work at job or business when the accident happened?					
K2 Condition has "CL LTR" in C2 as source (10) Condition does not have "CL LTR" in C2 as source (K4)  10. About how many days since (12-month date) o year ago, has this condition kept — in bed more than half of the day? (Include days while an evernight patient in a hospital.)  OUT None Days	3 Yes 4 No.  160. Was a car, truck, bus, or other motor vehicle involved in the accident in any way?  1 Yes 2 No. (17)  D. Was more than one vehicle involved?  1 Yes 2 No.					
11. Was ever haspitalized for Icondition in 3b?  Yes 2_No  Missing extremity or organ (K4)  Other (12)	c. Wo. [it/either one] moving at the time?  1  Yes					
12a. Does still have this condition?  1 Yes (K4) No  b. Is this condition completely cured or is it under control?  2 Cured  Other (Specify)  3 Under control (K4) (K4)  c. About how long did have this condition before it was cured?  Less than I month OR  Mumber   Months Years  d. Was this condition present of any time during the post 12 months?  1 Yes 2 No	Pari(s) of body 'Kind of injury  Ask if bor 3, 4, or 5 marked in Q,5 b. What part of the body is affected now?  How is (part of body) affected?  is affected in any other way?  Pari(s) of bidy 'Prasant affacts ""					
C Not an accident injury (NC) First accident injury for this person (14) Cother (13)	<ul> <li>Enter part of boo. in same detail as for 3g.</li> <li>If multiple present effects, enter in C2 each one that is not the same as 3b or C2 and complete a separate condition page for it.</li> </ul>					

	L. DEMOGRAPHIC	BACKGROUND PAGE			
L1	Refer to age			LI	
1a. Did	EVER serve on active duty in the Armed Fo	rces of the United States?		la	1 Yes 2 No (2)
Yark Thu	n did serve?  a box in descending order of priority  s, if person served in Vietnam and in Korea,  v. VN.	Vietnam Era (Aug. '64 to April '75) Korean War (June '50 to Jan. '55) World War II (Sept. '40 to July '47) World War I (April '17 to Nov. '18) Pout Vietnam (May '75 to present) Other Service (all other periods)	VN KW WWII WWI PVN OS	ь	1  VN
c. Was	EVER on active member of a National Guar	d or military reserve unit?			
d. Was	ALL of active duty service related to Natio	nal Guard or military reserve training?		ď	1 Yes 3 No 9 DK
2a. Wha	t is the highest grade or year of regular school -	has ever attended?		20	00 — Never attended or kindergatten (NP)  Etem
b. Did	finish the ( <u>number in 2a)</u> [grade year]?			Ь	1 Yes 2 No
3a. What	1 Card R. Ask first alternative for first person is the number of the group or groups which repr			30	1 2 3 4 5)
1 - 1	ie all that opply Aleut, Eskimo, or American Indian Asian or Pacific Islander Black	4 - White 5 - Another group not listed - Specify			Specify
	if multiple entries in of those groups, that is, ( <u>entries in 3a)</u> would	you say BEST represents —— race?		Ь	1 2 3 4 2)
c. Mark	observed race of respondent(s) only			с	Specify 1 — W 2 — B 3 _ 0
	Card O. Iny of those groups —— notional origin or oncest	ry? (Where did —— ancestors come from?)		40	1 Yes 2 No (NP)
Circl 1 - F 2 - C 3 - N 4 - N	se give me the number of the group. e all that apply Puerto Rican Luban Mexican/Mexicano Mexican American	5 – Chicano 6 – Other Latin American 7 – Other Spanish		Ь	1 2 3 4 5 6 7
PIN 614 MIP	185 (10.1. <b>e4</b> )	Page 42			



Page 42

	L. DEMOGRAPHIC BACKGROUND PAGE, Continued			
L2		L2	Under 18 (NP)  We box marked  Who box marked  Neither box ma	(5e)
	artier you sold that —— has a job or business but did not work last week or the week before.	Sa.	1 🗔 Yes (5c)	2 No (6b)
	arlier you sold that —— didn't hove a job or business last week or the week before.  bs —— lecking fer work or on layoff from a job during those 2 weeks?	ъ.	1 TYes	2 No (NP)
c. Wh	hich, leoking for work or on layoff from a job?	•	1 Looking (6C) 2 Leyoff (6b)	3 Both(6b)
6a. Ee	orlier you said that worked lost week or the week before. Ask 60			
c. Fe	or whom did work? Entername of company, business, organization, or other employer  ar whom did work at last full-time jab or business lasting 2 consecutive weeks or more? Enternation of company, business, organization, or other employer or mark "NEV" or AF" box in person's column	6b. and c.	Employer	NEV(6g) AF(6e)
d. Wh	hat kind of business or industry is this? For example, TV and radio manufacturing, retail shoe store, are Labor Department, farm.	d	Industry	
•. WI	hat kind of work was doing? For example, electrical engineer istock clerk typist farmer  AF' in 6b c, mark 'AF' box in person's column without asking	•	Occupation	AF (NP)
	not were —— most important activities or duties at that job? For example, types, keeps account books es, sells cars, operates printing press, finishes concrete		Duties	
g. Wo An Ind A I	omplete from entries in 6b-f. If not clear, ask  as  is employee of a PRIVATE company, business or dividual for wages, solary, or commission?  FEDEPAL government employee?  STATE government employee?  LOCAL government employee?  LOCAL government employee?  Working WITHOUT PAY in family business or farm?  NEVER WORKED or never worked at a full-time job lasting 2 weeks or more.  NE	•	Class of worker  1 P  2 F  3 S  4 L	5 - , 6 - SE 7 - NP 8 - NEV
FOOTN	NOTES			



FORM HIS 1 (1985 (10 1 84)

	I DEMOCRABILIC DA CHOROLINIO DA CEL C				
1	L. DEMOGRAPHIC BACKGROUND PAGE, Continued  k box if under 14. If "Married" refer toousehold composition and mark accordingly.  now married, widowed, divorced, separated, or has —— never been married?	7.	0 Under 14 1 Married — spouse in HH 2 Merried — spouse not in HH 3 Widowed 4 Divorced 5 Sepereted 6 Never merried		
Arm reti inte Rea info	the total combined FAMILY income during the post 12 months — that is, yours, fread names, including ed Forces members fiving at home) mere or less than \$20,000? Include maney from jobs, social security, rement income, unemployment payments, public assistance, and so forth. Also include income from rest, dividends, net income from business, farm, or rent, and any other money income received.  In incressary Income is important in analyzing the health information we collect. For example, this remetion helps us to learn whether persons in one income group use certain types of reducal care services are certain conditions more or less often than those in another group.	8c.	1 \$20,000 or more (Hend Card I) 2 Less then \$20,000 (Hend Card J)		
b. Of the during the living Reco	d parenthetical phrase if Armed Forces member living at home or if necessary nose income groups, which letter best represents the total combined FAMILY income ing the post 12 menths (that is, yours, (read names, including Armed Forces members is at home))? Include wages, solaries, and the other items we just talked Jout. Indicate the important in analyzing the health information we collect. For example, this immation helps us to learn whether persons in one income group use certain types of medical care services have certain conditions more or less often than those in another group.	b.	00 A 10 K 20 U 01 B 11 L 21 V 02 C 12 M 22 W 03 D 13 N 2, X 04 E 14 O 24 Y 05 F 15 P 23 Z 06 G 16 Q 26 ZZ 07 M 17 R 03 I 18 S 09 J 19 T		
R	e. Mark first appropriate box.	Ra.	o Under 17 1 Present for all questions 2 Present for some questions 3 Not present		
	b. Enter person number of respondent.		Person number(s) of respondent(s)		
L3	Enter person number of first parent listed or mark box	<b>L</b> 3	Person number of paren		
L4	Enter person number of spouse or mark box,	L4	Person Number c spalse		
FOOTNO	FOOTNOTES				



	L. DEMC SRAPHIC BACKGROUND PAGE, Continued			RT61
L5	Refer to ege. Complete e asperate column for each nondeleted person aged 18 and over.	L5	PERSON NUMBER	3-4
Read to respondent(s) — In order to determine how health practices and conditions are related to how long people live, we would like to refer to statistical records maintained by the National Center for Health Statistics.				
L6	Enter date of birth from question 3 v lousehold Composition page.	-6	Date of birth Mon'h Data Year	5-11
9. in w	hat State or country was —— born?	9.	99 🗆 DK	12-13
	the full name of the State or merk the appropriate box if the on wes not born in the United States.		01 Puerto Rico 05 Cubs 02 Virgin Islands 06 Mexico 03 Guem 98 All other 04 Cenede countries	. State
L7	Print full name, including middle initial, from quastion 1 on Household Composition page.		Lest	14-33
		L 7   	£3iddle initial	<b>-8</b>
Verif	y for males sk for females.	'	ather's LAS+ name	150-69
10. Whe	t is —ther's LAST name? y spelling. DO NOT write ''Same.''	·		
Read	to respondent — We also need —— Social Security Number. This information is voluntary and collected under the authority of the Public Health Service Act. There will be no effect on —— benefits and no information will be given to any other government or nongovernment agency.	11.	DK □ □   -	70 - 78
Read	if necessary — The Public Health Service Act is title 42, United States Code, section 2.10k.	1	Social Security Number	
11. Whe	t is —— Social Security /Jumber?		Merk if number 1 Memory obtained from 2 Records	79
L8	Mark box to indicate how Social Security number was obtained.	٤8	1 Self-personal 2 Self-telaphone 3 Proxy-personal 4 Proxy-talaphone	•0
FOOTNOT	ES			

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	int wi Is	ne Netional Ce formation. Pl nere you could not currently	enter for He ease give m d be reache living in the	ne the name, a	may w ddress, ava tro Please ;	ish to co and tel	onter epho chin	oct you egain to obtain additional hears. related one number of a ralative or friend who would kn ag you. (Please give me the name of someone w 2 – 15.	10W /ho 1762 7-108
12.	Contact Person name Last	5-24	First		Middle initial		14.	Area code/telephone number	
134	. Addrass (Number and street)	-				41-05		1 ☐ None 2 ☐ Refused 9 ☐ DK	107
b	. City	66-85	State	66-87	ZIP Coue	<b>8-86</b>	15.	Relationship to household respondent 10	8 – 109
FOO	TNOTES								



<b>I</b>	If this questionneire is for an			us	LIS NG SHEET						
E	EXTRA unit, enter Control Number of original sample unit		If in AREA OR BLOCK SEG- MENT, also enter for FIRST unit listed on property	Sheet number	Line number						
	TABLE X — LIVING QUARTERS DETERMINATIONS AT LISTED ADDRESS										
	ADDRESS OF ADDITIONAL LIVING QUARTERS	LOCATION OF UNIT	LOCATION OF UNIT SEPARATENESS AND FACILITIES			AREA AND BLOCK SEGMENTS	PERMIT SEGMENTS				
atop	resdy listed, fill sheet end line number below and .Table X. Otherwise, enter basic address and unit ress. if any, OR description of location.	le this e unit in a special place?	Do the occupants (or intended occupants) of (address in col. (1)) live end ext experately from all other persons on the property?	Does (address in col. (1)) have direct access from the outside or through a common hall?	N — Not a separate unit include on this questionnaire.  Separate unit — Do not include on this questionnaire. Complete the appropriate segment type column for interviewing int ructions.	to this unit within the segment boundaries?	le this unit within the same structure as the original sample unit?				
<u> </u>	(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)				
Sheet	Line	☐ Yes — Skip to col. (5) and mark according to Table A in Part C of manual	☐ Yes ☐ No — Skip to co (5) and mark N	☐ Yee — Merk HU in col. (5) ☐ No — Merk N in col. (5)	□ N — St. o Table X for this line □ HU — Fill col. (6) or (7), as appropriate □ OT — Fill col. (6) or (7) as appropriate	Yes Interview as an E×TRA unit	☐ Yes — List on first available line of listing sheet. Interview if in asrzole. ☐ No — Do not interview				
Sheet	Line	☐ Yes — Skip to col. (5) and mark according to Table A in Part C cf manual	☐ Yes ☐ No — Skip to col (5) and mark N	☐ Yes — Merk HU in col. (5) ☐ No — Merk N in col (5)	□ N — Stop Table * for this line □ HU — Fill col. (6) or (7), as appropriate □ OT — Fill col. (6) or (7), as appropriate	Yes — Interview as an EXTRA unit No — Do not interview	☐ Yes — List on first svelleble line of listing sheet. Interview if in sample.				
Sheet		☐ Yes — Skip to col. (5) and mark according to Table A in Part C of manual	☐ Yes ☐ No — Skip to col. (5) and mark N	☐ Yes — Merk HU in col. (5) ☐ No — Merk N in col. (5)	□ N — Stop Table X for this line □ HU — Fill col. (6) or (7), as appropriate □ OT — Fill col. (6) or (7), as appropriate	Yes - Interview as an EXTRA unit	☐ Yes — List on first sveilable line of listing sheet. Interview if in asmple.				
NO	(E: Be sure to continue interview for original unit e	fter completing Table X fo	r all lines.								
FOO'N	OTES		·								

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