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the Presidential Fitness Award.

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#### **ABSTRACT**

This guidebook for a self-directed physical fitness program offers information on: (1) What is physical fitness; (2) How is physical fitness measured; (3) What is body composition; (4) How to improve fitness; (5) What is the new presidential physical fitness award program; and (6) What exercises qualify for the Presidential Fitness Award. A fitness quiz with answers is included. (JD)

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### THE WHITE HOUSE

WASHINGTON

September 26, 1986

I am pleased to have this opportunity to address the youth of America on the importance of being physically fit.

Many of you have seen photos of Nancy and me riding horses, walking, swimming, and staying active in other ways. We do this not only to maintain good health, but because exercise makes us feel better and helps us to be able to deal with the responsibilities we have.

I know that you young people have plenty of responsibility of your own. You have schoolwork to do, tests to take, household chores, and part-time jobs. You've got to be at the top of your game to accomplish all that's expected of you, and I'm not just talking about school athletics. Exercise helps all of us to be winners in whatever tasks we take on.

But too many of America's youth are not in the shape they should be. I want you to help turn that trend around. Make daily exercise a regular part of your schedule. It will brighten your life and assure America of a brighter future.

I invite each of you to meet my "challenge" and earn the Presidential Physical Fitness Award Winning the award is an achievement, but trying hard is just as important. You will never know what you are capable of until you really try.

Nancy joins me in wishing you a healthy, physically fit and rewarding future. God bless you.

Ronald Regon

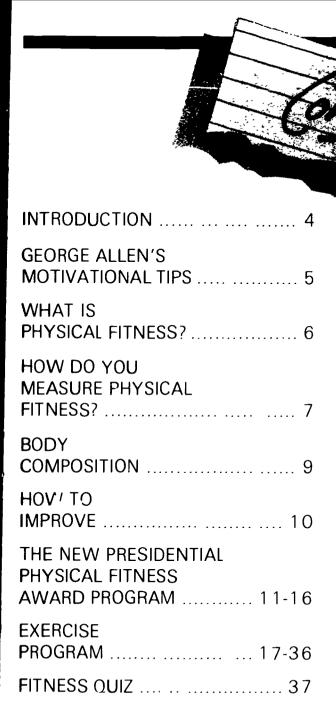


### KEYS TO SUCCESS

- TAKE PRIDE IN WHAT YOU DO: Finish each job you start and make sure you've done your best
- TAKE SETBACKS IN STRIDE: Learn from your mistakes and keep looking toward the future
- SET NEW GOALS: You'll never know what you can do until you try
- **WORK HARD:** Talent alone is not enough. Only by hard work can you reach your goal.
- **COMMITMENT:** Make a total commitment to achieve your goals
- **BE CONSISTENT:** Set a regular schedule and stay with it
- ALWAYS GIVE 110%: Do more than is expected of you
- BE PREPARED: To get ahead, plan ahead
- **ENTHUSIASM:** Be positive Enjoy what you do and do it as well as you can
- BE INNOVATIVE: The ability to find a new method or get better results sets people apart
- BE CONFIDENT: To succeed, you must know you can do it

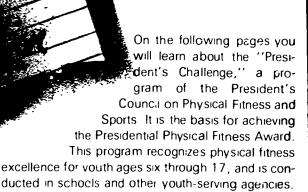












You also will learn how to get in shape to meet the "Challenge" and earn the award. Descriptions of the exercises in the "Challenge" and other activities you can do to get physically fit are included. By increasing your fitness you will increase your chances of earning the award.

Don't be discouraged if you can't do all the exercises right away. If there is one that is very hard for you, do what you can and go on to the next exercise. The important thing is that you try—everyone can become physically fit.

Follow the directions for the exercises and don't try to get in shape all at once. "No pain, no gain" is a myth. Exercise should not be painful. A workout should challenge your body by making it do more than it usually does. But, if you do too much too soon you could injure yourself and the benefits of exercise will be lost.

# So, let's GET FIT . .

Getting in shape strengther body, relaxes the mind an toughens the spirit. But it hard work and determine become physically fit. Don't the mistake of thinking that because are active, you are physically fit. It takes are active, you are physically fit. It takes a the exercises to build physical fitness—exercises to flexibility, strength and endurance. But most important, it takes a commitment.

To help you keep that commitment make exercising fun. Exercise to your favorite music or in the outdoors. Start a fitness club with your friends or family. Make exercise a part of your daily life by climbing stairs, working out and trying not to spend too much time watching. TV. So that you understand how exercise will affect your body, read a book on fitness, or on the human body and learn how your muscles work.

Set goals for yourself and record your weekly progress in a personal log or notebook. Keep track of miles jogged, number of pull-ups and curl-ups and how far you can stretch. Then when it comes time to meet the President's Challenge you'll be ready to do your best. Even if you don't earn the award, you'll know that you've tried hard and followed through on your commitment. No one can ask you for more than that



Chairman, President's Council on Physical Fitness and Sports



Being physically fit means having the energy and strength to perform daily activities vigorously and alertly without getting "run down," and to have energy left over to eniov leisure-

time activities or meet emergency demands. When you are physically fit your heart, lungs and muscles are strong and your body is firm and flexible. Your weight and percent body fat are within a desirable range.

reer and look better, and that often means success in anything you want to do, such as work, sports, dance, and other recreational activities. You may even do better in school

Getting in shape is important for your future. You'll be healthier both now and as an adult, and that means a more enjoyable and active life.

citness is eat!

Physical fitness can be broken down into three main parts endurance, strength and flet Each one can be measured there are specific exercise improve each area

**ENDURANCE** is the ability to keep moving long periods of time. There are two types of endurance.

Cardiorespiratory endurance means
that your heart and lungs are in good shape and
are able to supply your muscles with lots of oxygen
and nutrients "Aerobic" exercises like running,
walking, jumping rope and cycling build endurance
in your heart and lungs. How fast you can run or
walk a mile is one test of heart/lung endurance

Muscular endurance means that your muscles are strong enough to move for long periods of time Exercises such as push-ups, leg raises, and curl-ups build muscular endurance and strength. How many curl-ups you can do is a test of abdominal muscle strength and endurance.

WHY BUILD ENDURANCE? With high levels of endurance you have more energy and are able to last longer when you play sports or games. You don't get out of breath easily and your muscles are firm and trim. When your heart and lungs are in good shape you're healthier and less likely to develop some forms of disease. Also, doing "aerobic" exercises burns extra calories and helps keep your weight under control.

with your muscles. You can measure this by seeing how much weight you can hold in place (static strength), how much weight you can move (dynamic strength), or how fast you can move a weight (power). This weight can refer to your own body weight or special equipment such as a barbell or strength training machine. Always make sure you talk to someone who knows a lot about strength training before you use special equipment.

WHY BUILD STRENGTH? When you are strong you don't need to rely on others to do the "heavy" work and you are less likely to injure your muscles. You can do things like lift your body weight and move heavy objects. Hard jobs become easier and you'll also do better in sports, games and other activities.

\* \* \* \* \*

**FLEXIBILITY** means that you can move your muscles and joints through their "full range of motion" Stretching exercises increase flexibility. Seeing how close you can come to touching or reaching beyond your toes is one measure of flexibility.

WHY BUILD FLEXIBILITY? When your muscles are flexible you can reach, bend and stretch more easily You are less likely to injure your muscles and joints. Stretching helps decrease tension and stress, and makes your body feel good.

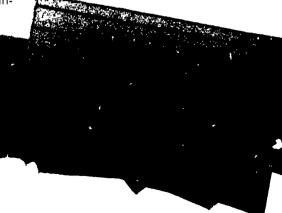


Other factors that will affect how well you do in the "President's Challenge" are Speed, Agility, and Coordination These factors also will help improve your performance in your daily activities



People who are physically fit have a well-balanced body shape and good body composition Body composition means how much of your body is fat compared to lean-body mass, which includes muscles, bones, tissues and organs

Exercise gives muscles their shape, and muscles give shape to your body. People who exercise are more likely to have less body than those who are not in shap Boys tend to have less body fat than girls.



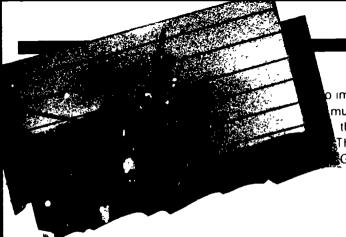
\* \* \* \* \* \*

You are healthier when your weight and body fat are in the right range



The scale is not always a good indicator of fitness particularly for athletes. Since muscle weighs more than fat, you could have good body composition yet appear to weigh too much on the scale or, you could weigh the right amount but have too much fat on your body. If you want to know whether your body composition is good ask your physical education or health teacher, or a fitness instructor, to measure your percent body fat.





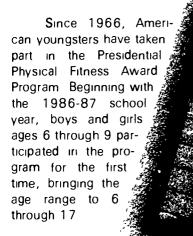
must follow the P R O S—
the principles of exercise
They are PROGRESSION,
GULARITY, OVERLOAD,
SPECIFICITY, and
here's what they mean

progression—Gradually increase how hard, how long and how many times you do an exercise over a period of time. It takes six to eight weeks for physical improvements to be seen, but you'll feel better right away. For example, don't try to go from 5 curl-ups to 50 curl-ups overnight, but add a few more every week until you've reached your goals.

**REGULARITY**—Set up a regular schedule and work out every day, or at least 3-4 times each week. It's not good to take too much time off between workouts—what you don't use, you lose

**OVERLOAD**—For a muscle to get stronger it must work harder than it does at rest. This means making your heart beat faster and your breathing increase during aerobics, doing more repetitions of an exercise or lifting more weight. It an exercise feels too easy it probably is, and chances are you won't improve. But remember, don't over do it. 'No pain, no gain' is a myth!

**SPECIFICITY**—Exercise is *specific* For example, aerobic exercises won't build flexibility. And, stretching exercises won't make your muscles stronger. To be flexible you have to stretch, and to be strong you have to make your muscles work hard. And, to be good at a certain sport you have to practice that sport.



To earn the you must meet the Presidence Challenge by scoring at or above the percentile on all five Challenge items below tional norms have been set up based on the fitness scores of thousands of students in the United States

Challenge Item	Primary Fitness Component Mcasured
One-mile run/walk	heart/lung endurance
Curl-ups	abdominal strength/endurance
V-Sit Reach (or sit and reach)	lower back/hamstring flexibility
Shuttle Run	leg strength/endurance/power/agility
Puli-ups	upper body strength/endurance

WHAT DOES THE 85th PERCENTILE MEAN? If you score at the 85th percentile or above you have scored in the top 15 percent of your age groun based on students sampled in a national survey





When you qualify for the Presidential Physical Fitness Award you can receive a certificate signed by the President and an official emblem to wear on your jacket or sweater. The emblem has the American eagle and "Presidential Physical Fitness Award" embroidered in gold, red, white and blue. The emblem also has on it the number of years you have won the award. If you start when you are six, you could earn a total of 12 emblems.

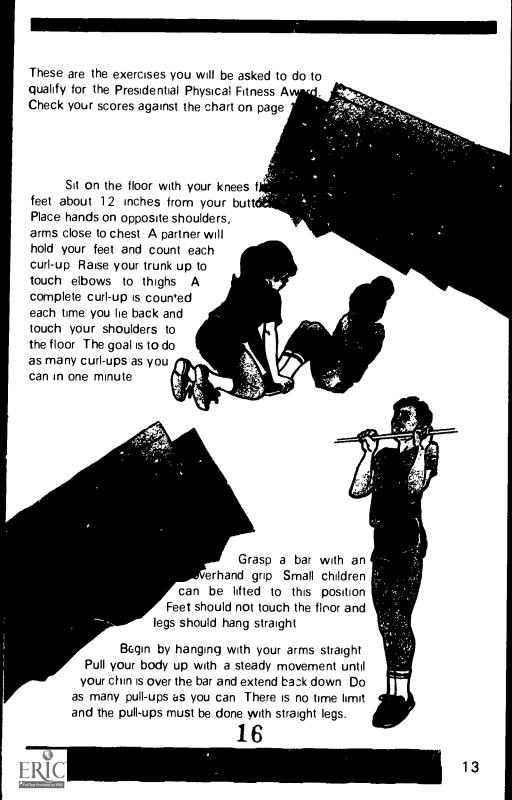
The program is conducted in schools, park and recreation departments, YMCA's, Jewish Community Centers and other youth organizations. Ask your teacher

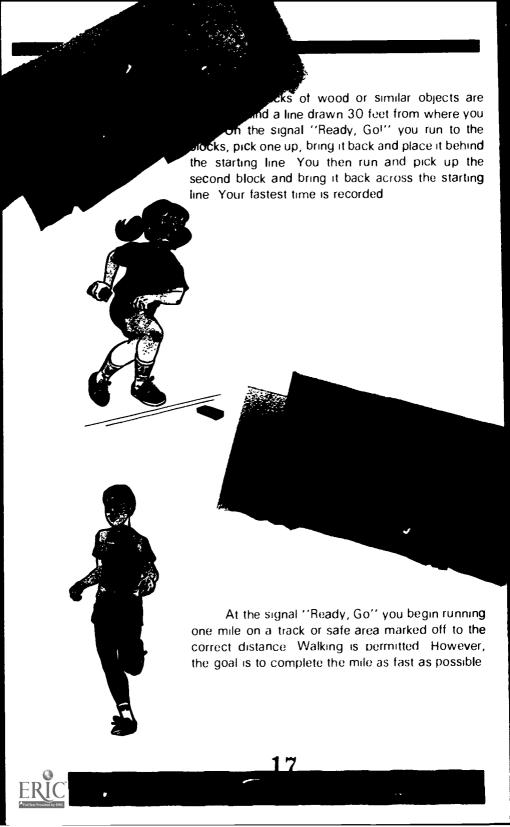
for more information on the program.

Winning this award is something of which to be proud But don't get discouraged if you don't qualify the first time you try Take note of your scores, try to do better the next time, and



# **GET FIT AND GO FOR IT!**



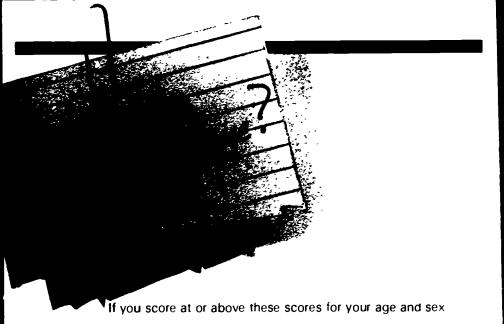


Take off your shoes and place your feet directly behind a line marked on the floor. Your fe should be 8-12 inches apart Ti is the baseline. A measuring is placed between your lea Clasp your thumbs so that yo hands are together with pain down and place them on the measuring line. A partner will 🎏 Keeping your toes pointing upward neer-nexed) reach forward as far as possible along the measuring line. Exhale as you reach forward. Reaches beyond baseline are "plus" scores, behind baseline are "minus" Baseline equals "O" You'll have three practice tries and the fourth reach will be recorded.

## Option: Sit and Reach (not pictured)

A specially designed box is used for this flexibility test. You sit on floor with legs straight and feet held flat against end of box. A measuring line is on top of the box with 23 centimeters marked at the level of the feet. You place your hands evenly along measuring line, one hand on top of the other, and reach as far as you can. Three practice tries are allowed and the fourth reach is recorded. Scores are recorded in centimeters.





on ALL FIVE EVENTS you qualify for

### THE PRESIDENTIAL PHYSICAL FITNESS AWARD

AGE	CURL UPS (Arms across chest) (Timed one minute)	SHUTTLE RUN (seconds)	V-SIT REACH 0	SIT AND REACH	ONE-MILE RUN (minutes seconds)	PULL-UPS		
	BOYS							
				a sa a sa				
, ·								
						I		
GIRLS								
6	32	124	+55	32	11 20	2		
7	34	12 1	+50	32	10 36	2		
8	38 39	11 8 11 1	+45 +55	33 33	10 02 9 30	2		
10	40	108	+60	33	9 19	3		
111	42	10 5	+65	34	9 02	3		
12	45	10 4	+70	36	8 23	2		
13	46	10 2	+70	38	8 13	2		
14	47	10 1	+80	40	7 59	2 2 2 3 3 2 2 2 2		
15	48	100	+80	43	8 08			
16	45	10 1	+90	42	8 23	1		
17	44	10 0	+80	42	8 15	1		



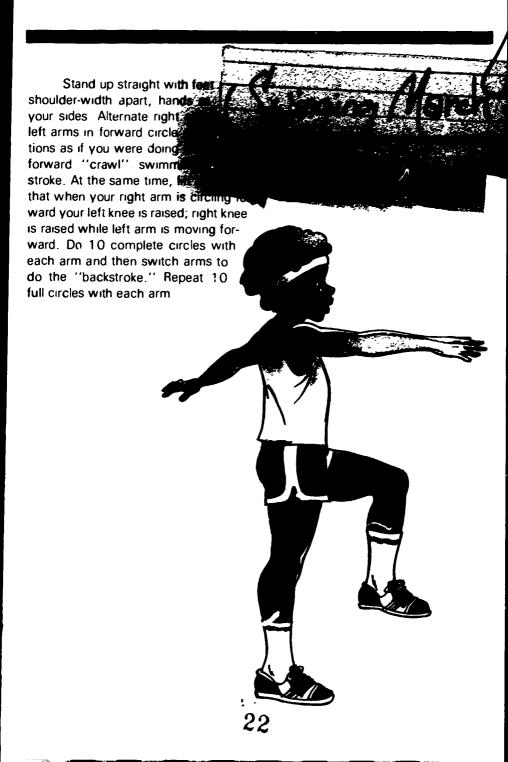
On the following pages are some exercises you can do to get in shape for the "President's Challenge". How you do these exercises is very important so be to follow the directions carefyou are unsure about what or would like some different cises, ask your physical edition teacher or someone kiedgeable about physical f. Remember, exercising comes exids than others. Work nard but don't make ting in shape a contest. Progress at your own pace and you will soon see and feel the benefits.

Always warmup your body first for about five minutes to get your muscles and joints ready for action. You'll know you are warmed up when you start to sweat and breathe heavier. Warmup exercises actually raise your body's temperature and make your muscles more limber. After you've warmed up, your body and mind are ready for more vigorous activity. The four exercises that follow are warmup exercises.

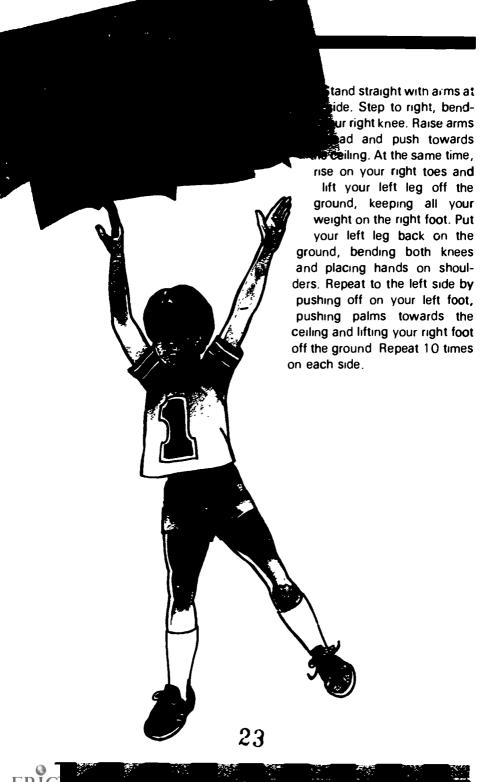


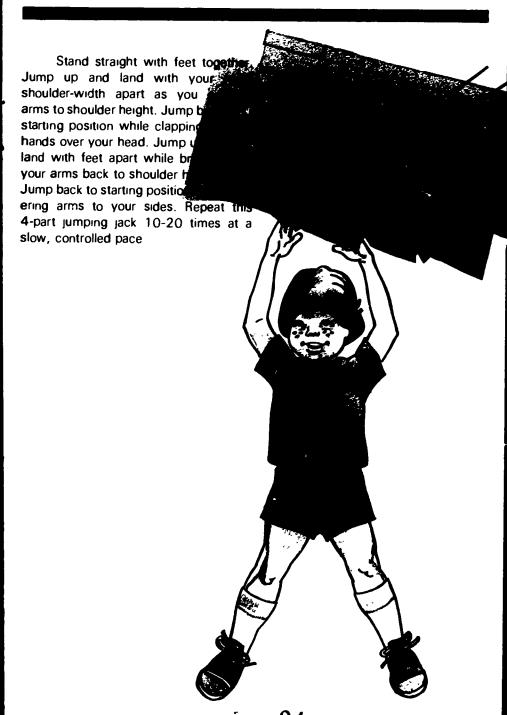


Stand tall with knees slightly bent Rise on your toes and slowly circle your arms inward and upward, until arms are straight overhead. Inhale deeply. Continue circling your arms backward and downward while lowering your heels and exhaling. This exercise should be done slowly and smoothly Repeat 5 times.









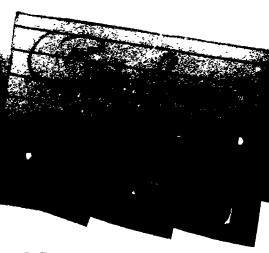


Stretching helps prevent our muscles and joints from etting injured. Stretching es your body more flexible so ble to move easily and do best in your activities.

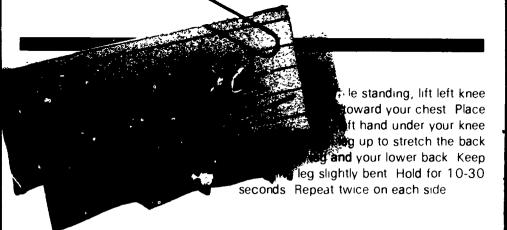
When you stretch, relax and breathe comfortably. Don't bounce or jerk. Hold each position for about 10 seconds. If it hurts ease up a little. As you improve, hold each stretch for 30 seconds. Stretching also helps you relax when you're feeling tense. Always remember to stretch muscles after they've been warmed up.

• The following are just a few of the stretches you can do every day to improve your flexibility.

You can do this stretch standing or sitting. Raise your right he air with your palm facing to back. Bend your elbow and plethe palm of your hand on your between your shoulders. Be your left hand behind your be and try to touch your right hand hold 10-30 seconds. Reput two times on each side. Don't force this stretch, you may find one side easier than the other!

















Every exercise progreshould include aerobic activities to strengthen your heart least faster swimming, running and aerobic dexamples of this type of exercise President's Challenge includes a one-mile run/wais, it's a good idea to practice running as your aerobic activity

After you've warmed up and stretched you're ready to run And, don't forget the P-R-O-S (page 10)

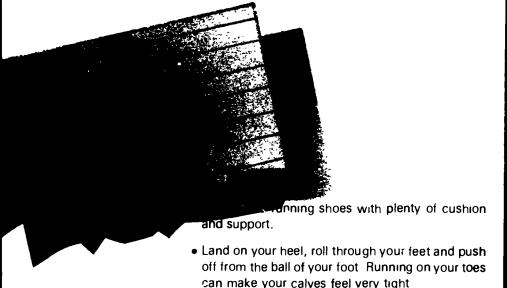
First, find an area where a one-mile distance can be marked off. Four times around a school track is usually one mile. If you've never run a mile before, follow the Beginner program. If you're a pretty good runner, but haven't been following a regular running routine, follow the Intermediate program. If you've done a lot of running and are ready to time yourself for the or.e-mile, follow the Advanced program.

**BEGINNER:**—Jog 2 minutes/walk 1 minute for a total of 15 rates Repeat Do this at least three times a week for 2 weeks Don't worry about the distance yet

INTERMEDIATE:—Jog 4 minutes/walk 1 minute Do this for about 15-20 minutes at least three times a week. After about two weeks, reduce the amount of walking time to 30 seconds. Gradually build up to about 30 minutes using this pattern.

**ADVANCED:**—Continuously jog for 20 minutes Of course, there is no limit here If you find jogging is for you, you can run longer distances. Once a week, time a one-mile run for speed and work up to the score you need to meet the "President's Challenge"





• Keep your shoulders relaxed and your elbows slightly bent. Look straight ahead, not at your feet.

 Breathe steadily and deeply, with mouth open. If you have trouble catching your breath, slow down a little

 Run with good form. Let your arms swing naturally, and alternate arms and legs. Your right arm and left leg should be moving forward at the same time and your left arm and right leg at the same time.

 Always warm up (start gradually) and cool down (stop gradually) Stretch your muscles before and after you jog

NEVER stop abruptly or lie down after your jog.
 When you're ready to stop, gradually slow down and walk for about 3 minutes before coming to a complete stop



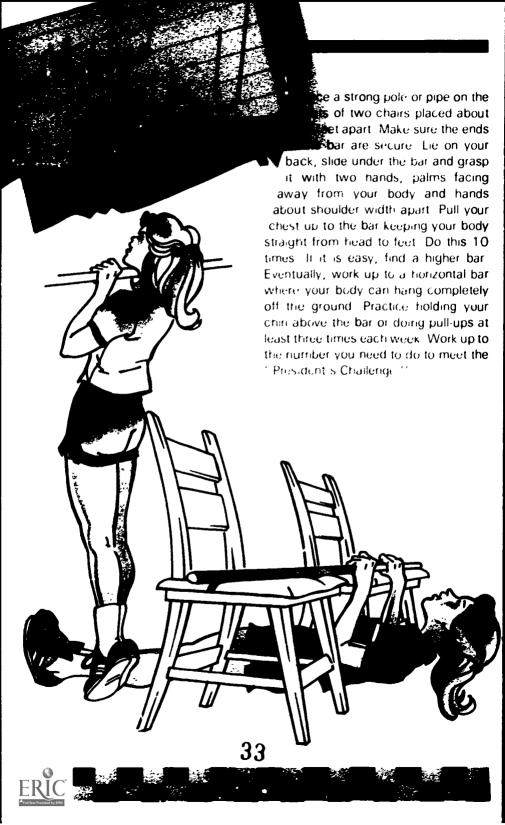
These exercises will help you get in shape to do CURL-UPS, PULL-UPS, and SHUTTLE RUN for the "President's Challenge" They will help develop your muscle strength and endurance Do these exercises and practice the specific "Challenge" items as well

### **CURL-UPS:**

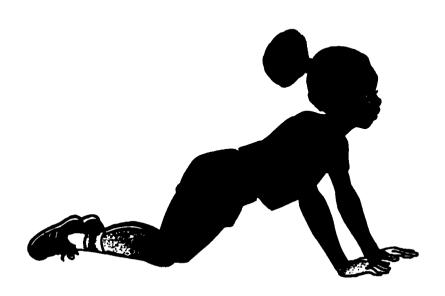
Lie on your back with knees bent at 90 degrees, fer flat on the floor. Place you arms across your chest hands on opposite shoulders. Slowly curl your head shoulders and upper back floor bringing elbows to this out as you curl up and then return to position while breathing in Start with 10 epetimes.

Gradually add 2 curl-ups each week until you've reached the 85th percentile score needed for your age and sex. Practice these curl-ups at least 3 times each week. In addition, have someone time you once a week to see how many curl-ups you can do in one minute. Eventually, you'll reach your goall You can do it with enough practice.



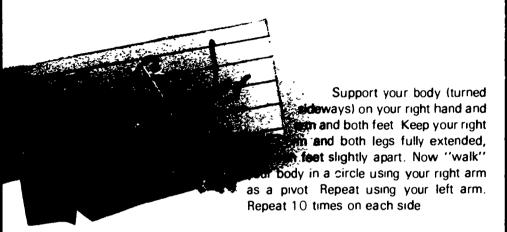


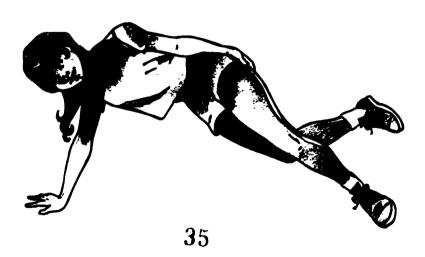
Get down on your hands and knees and position yourself so that your back is straight, head in line with your spine. Hands should be placed slightly outside your shoulders, fingers pointed forward, feet on the ground. Slowly lower your body until your chest touches the floor. Return to starting position. Once you can do 20-25 with your knees bent, advance to the straight-leg position on your hands and toes. Try to do 10 repetitions again to start!



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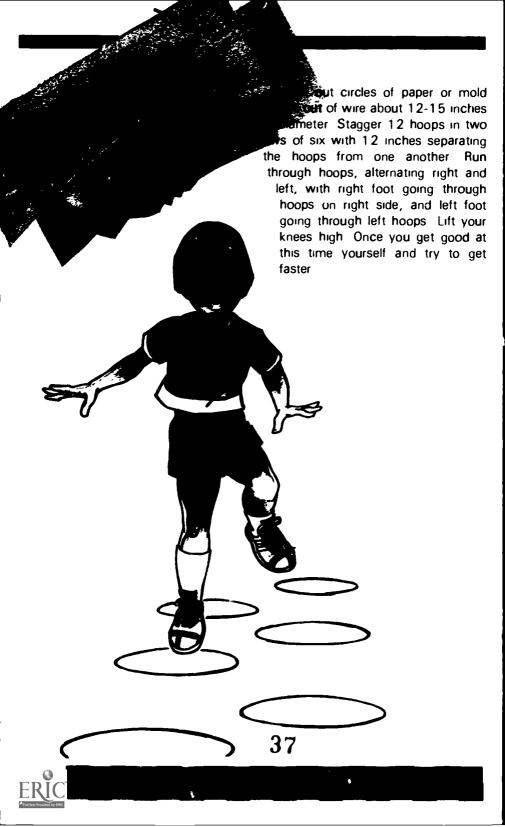




Sit on the floor with knees bent, feet flat on the ground and hands placed behind you on the floor. Raise your body up so that it is supported by your hands and feet. Walk, ward on hands and feet then backward for 5 steps. Add one s way every week Build up to 20 steps in each direction.







Stand sideways next to a wall and extend your arm up Mark, mentally or with a piece of tape, the spot one yard away from your fingers Drop your arm, bend your knees and leap up and try to touch that mark Repeat 10 times on each side 38



After you have done your "aerobic" or "muscular conditioning" work, you're eady to "cool down" Just as ou had to "warmup" your ly before exercising vigorously, should "cool it down" to get to normal. Cooling down helps muscles from becoming sore and stiff.

Before you do your cooldown stretches, walk around for a few minutes to make sure your breathing is back to normal and your heart is NOT beating fast. You should be feeling slightly relaxed by the time you're ready to do stretches.

You can choose stretching exercises you've done in your warmup or add others. The important thing to remember is to stretch all major joints and muscle groups, especially those you have used during your workout. This is the time when you really can work on your flexibility, since its easier to stretch warm muscles.

When you're done, see how many questions you can answer correctly in the fitness quiz that follows—you're on the road to physical fitness!

- 1. Stretching exercises v
  - A. Build strength B. Avoid injuries
  - C. Burn calories
  - D. None of these
- 2. Joints and muscles are prepared for exercise by:
  - A Jogging and weight training
  - B. Warmups and stretching
  - C. Rope climbing and situps
  - D Pushups and jumping rope
- 3. Muscle endurance is
  - A. The ability to move a heavy weight once
  - B. The ability to stretch
  - C. The ability to move something many times
  - D. The ability to jump high
- 4. Jogging for 20 minutes will improve
  - A. Flexibility
  - B. Muscle strength
  - C. Heart/lung endurance
  - D. None of these
- 5. The best heart/lung (aerobic) endurance exercise is:
  - A. Short, fast runs
  - B. Long, slow runs
  - C. Tumbling
  - D. Basketball
- 6. Muscle strength is the ability to
  - A. Move a heavy weight once
  - B. Play sports
  - C. Move something many times
  - D. Run fast

40

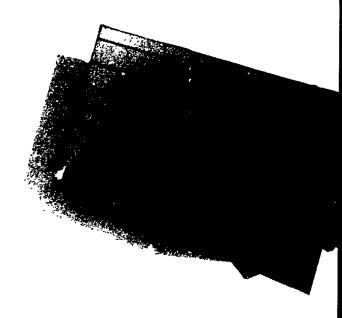
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- 7. Which athlete will probably require the most heart/lung (aerobic) endurance during a game:
  - A. Soccer goalie
  - B Softball fielder
  - C Basketball guard
  - D. Football quarterback
- 8 Cooling down after a workout is important because:
  - A It gives your body time to return to its normal level
  - B It helps reduce your chance of injury
  - C It lowers your pulse and breathing rate slowly
  - D All of the above
- 9. The ratio of lean body mass to fat is:
  - A. Body size
  - B Body type
  - C Body fitness
    - D Body composition
- 10. Physical fitness is important for
  - A. Health
  - B Physical performance
  - C. Mental well-being
  - D All of the above

(Adapted from "Fitness for Living," Walt Disney Educational Media Company in cooperation with the PCPFS)



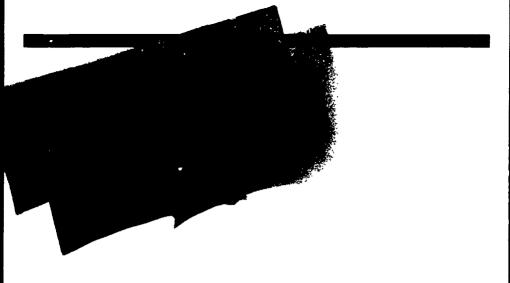


## Answers

1 B 6 A 2 B 7 C 3 C 8 D 4 C 9 D 5 B 10 D

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