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Howe, Richard D.; Simmons, David N.

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ABSTRACT

Average salary increases for 357 faculty in the field of reading education are reported for 1982-1983 and 1985-1986, as part of the College and University Personnel Association's annual faculty salary studies. Included are comparative data for 108,074 faculty at 174 public colleges and 193 private colleges, representing 41 academic disciplines. In 1982, 35 public colleges and 18 private colleges reported on reading education faculty salaries, while 38 public and 17 private colleges reported in 1985. Between 1982 and 1985, average salaries of faculty in this field increased 21.3% at public colleges and 28.3% at private colleges. At public colleges, the average salary for faculty in reading education was 3% below the average faculty salary in the other 40 disciplines, while at private colleges, it was 4% above the average for the other disciplines. Included is information on: the number of faculty by academic rank, including new assistant professors; salaries by academic rank; the ratio of average salaries to total average salaries of all public and private colleges in both years studied; comparisons between the 2 years and with the Consumer Price Index of changes in cost-of-living; and comparisons with 40 other disciplines. The disciplines and participating institutions are listed. (SW)

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SALARY-TREND STUDY OF FACULTY IN READING EDUCATION

FOR THE YEARS

1982-83 AND 1985-86

Richard D. Howe and David N. Simmons

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Since 1982-83 the College and University Personnel Association (CUPA) in Washington, D.C., in cooperation with Appalachian State University in Boone, North Carolina, has conducted annual national faculty salary studies by discipline and rank each year through 1985-86. Each year two separate studies are conducted, one for public senior colleges and universities which are members of the American Association of State Colleges and Universities (AASCU) in Washington, D.C., and the other for private senior colleges and universities. The list of private institutions is provided by the American Council on Education in Washington, D.C.

Salary data for each study were collected and tabulated for full-time teaching faculty in 41 selected academic disciplines including reading education. The disciplines were chosen from among those defined by the Higher Education General Information Study (HEGIS) Taxonomy and by A Classification of Instructional Programs (CIP), 1981. The definition of the discipline/major field of reading education in the CIP is as follows:

An instructional program that describes the theories, methods, and techniques of designing, implementing, and evaluating programs which prepare, upgrade, or retrain students in reading the language arts.

This article presents a summary of the overall average salary increases in the discipline/major field of reading education from the "baseline year" of 1982-83 to and including the "trend year" of 1985-86 for both public and private institutions. Of the 227 institutions which participated in CUPA's PUBLIC (AASCU) study of 1982-83, 174 also participated in 1985-86. Data from



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year. Of the 299 institutions which participated in CUPA'S PRIVATE study of 1982-33, 193 also participated in 1985-86. Data from those same 193 institutions were used in both the baseline year and the trend year.

In addition to listing the average salaries in reading education for both public and private participating institutions by rank, including "new assistant professor," and listing the faculty mix percentage (FAC MIX PCT) and the salary factor, comparisons are made between the two studies for each of the two study years (1982-83 and 1985-86) and with the CPI (Consumer Price Index) of changes in cost-of-living.

The CPI is based on prices of food, clothing, shelter and fuels, transportation, medical care, entertainment, and other goods and services that people buy for day-to-day living. In examining trends in faculty salary it is important to consider any changes in the economy and the CPI yields a more precise representation of "real" salary increases over time.

The salary is based on a nine- or ten-month academic year salary of full-time faculty only. It does not include any faculty members teaching less than 51 percent. Salary for summer academic work, fringe benefits, and perquisites are not included in the salary data. The average salary is based on the study information with the assumption that all employees were full-time. The average salary displayed is an average of all faculty salaries reported for a given rank and discipline.

The "NUM" means the number of faculty members whose salaries were included to compute the average salary.

The "N/IN" means the number of institutions that reported salary data for a given academic rank and discipline/major field.

The FAC MIX PCT is the percentage of faculty in a given discipline/major



field who hold a given academic rank. For example, a FAC MIX PCT factor of .33 ... for associate professor of reading education in the 1982-83 public study means that 33 percent of the faculty in that discipline/major field hold the rank of associate professor.

The SALARY FACTOR for a given rank of a given discipline/major field is the ratio of the average salary to the total average salary of all institutions in each of the four studies: PUBLIC 1982-83, PUBLIC 1985-86, PRIVATE 1982-83 and PRIVATE 1985-86. For example, a SALARY FACTOR of 1.00 for assistant professors in the discipline/major field of reading education in the 1982-83 public study means that their salaries are the same as the average of all assistant professors in all institutions in that study.

NEW ASST PROF is the grouping of assistant professors who were hired for the first time in the fall of the study year (1982-83 or 1985-86). All information for this group was included in the ASST PROF group for reporting purposes. This group is used mainly for new hiring information.

ALL MAJOR FIELDS is the entire data base for all 41 disciplines/major fields in each of the four studies. It is used to compare, among other things, the discipline/major field of reading education with the entire data base for each study.

Of particular import to the reader is noting the size of the sample on which each percentage or dollar value is based. The smaller the number in the group, the greater the effect of extreme scores on a descriptive statistic such as the average. It should be noted also that any large disparity in the sample sizes between the "baseline year" of 1982-83 and the "trend year" of 1985-86 will lessen the reliability and validity of any conclusions that one might make based on a simple comparison of averages.



•	PROF SALARY NUM N/IN			ASSO PROF SALARY NUM N/IN			ASST PROF SALARY NUM H/IN		NEW ASSI PROF SALARY NUM N/IN			INSTRUCTOR SALARY NUM N/IN			ALL RANKS SALARY NUM N/IN				
PUBLIC, 1982-83: READING EDUCATION																			
AVERAGI SALARY: FAC MID PCT: SALARY FACTOR		7	43	20	24534	42	22	21077	31	19	19269	6	5	18116	5	4	25342	121	35
	X 0.3	6			0.35			0.26			0.05			0.04			1.00		
		3			0.93			0.97			0.91			1.02			0.96		
ALL MAJOR FIELDS																			
AVERAG											-10.0			12202			06076	25127	174
SALARY FAC HI	X		11542			11188		21826	9574		21240	1268		17727	2833		26376	32131	1/4
PCT:	0.3	33			0.32			0.27			0.04			0.08			1.00		
PUBLIC. 1985-86: READING EDUCATION																			
AVERAG SALARY	: 3589	90	64	25	28179	48	23	24584	23	15	27000	1	1	19997	6	5	30744	141	38
FAC MI PCI:	0.4	٠5			0.34			0.16			0.01			0.04			1.00		
SALARY FACTOR)4			0.91			0.94			1.07			0.96			0.97		
ALL MAJOR FIELDS																			
AVERAGE								04000	.0.0.		05000	15/1		00071	2067		31610	20015	174
SALARY FAC MI	X		14197			12327		26030	10424		25238	1541		20871	2867		1.00	34013	1/4
PCT:		36			0.31			0.26			0.04			0.07	-				
PRIVATE, 1982-83: READING EDUCATION																			
AVERAG SALARY FAC NI	: 317	98	11	6	26005	13	7	18314	12	9	24000	1	1	14100	4	2	24100	40	18
PCT:	0.	28			0.33			0.30			0.03			0.10			1.00	*	
FACTOR		97			1.03			0.89			1.18			0.85			0.96		
ALL MAJOR FIELDS																			
AVERAG SALARY		62	4505		25294	4894		20633	5201		20374	739		16552	1223		25213	15823	193
FAC MI			4502		0.31			0.33			0.05			0.08			1.00		
101.	•				0.51			0.00			3,00								
	PRIVATE, 1985-86: READING EDUCATION AVERAGE																		
SALARY FAC HI	?: 386	92	18	4	31672	19	7	23924	13	8	19000	1	1	18310	5	5	30923	55	17
PCT:	0.	33			0.35			0.24			0.02			0.09			1.00		
FACTOR		00			1.07			0.99			0.80			0.95			1.04		
ALL MAJOR FIELDS																			
AVERAG SALARY FAC HI PCI:		20	517	5	29556	5423	,	24241	5 <i>44</i> 4		23887	843		19277	1257		29850	17299	193
				•	0.31		•	0.31	- +		0.05			0.07			1.00		
ruli	٠.	JU			0.31	•		3.31			3.03			3.07			4,-0		



RESULTS OF THE TWO PUBLIC (AASCU) STUDIES, 1982-83 AND 1985-86

In the PUBLIC 1982-83 salary study in the above table, the reader may note that the discipline/major field of reading education was reported in 35 of the 174 public (AASCU) institutions. The average salary of the 121 faculty was \$25,342. This average salary was approximately 4 percent (0.96) lower than the average salary of \$26,376 for all 35,137 faculty in ALL MAJOR FIELDS in the 1982-83 public study.

In the PUBLIC 1985-86 salary study in the above table, the discipline/major field of reading education was reported in 38 of the same 174 public (AASCU) institutions. The average salary of the 141 faculty was \$30,744. This average salary was approximately 3 percent (0.97) lower than the average salary of \$31,610 for all 39,815 faculty in ALL MAJOR FIELDS in the 1985-86 public study.

The increase in average salaries for all faculty in reading education after three years in the public institutions studied was 21.3 percent (\$30,744 minus \$25,342 equals \$5,402). The CPI of increased cost-of-living between October 1982 and October 1985 was 10.7 percent. A more realistic increase, therefore, in average faculty salaries over the three-year time period is 10.6 percent or slightly more than an average of 3.5 percent each year above the cost-of-living.

The increase in average salaries for all faculty in ALL MAJOR FIELDS after three years in the public institutions studied was 19.8 percent (\$31,610 minus \$26,376 equals \$5,234). In comparison to the discipline/major field of reading education (21.3%), therefore, the faculty in ALL MAJOR FIELDS increased their salaries by 1.5 percent (21.3% minus 19.8% equals 1.5%) less than faculty in the discipline/major field of reading education.

Since the discipline/major field of reading education is one of the "older" disciplines, the reader may note that the faculty mix percentage is higher at



the professor rank than at the assistant professor rank in the public studies; 0.36 vs. 0.26 (1982-83) respectively; and 0.45 vs. 0.16 (1985-86) respectively. This is further substantiated by the differences in faculty mix percentage at the ranks of professor and assistant professor in ALL MAJOR FIELDS for both public studies: 0.33 vs. 0.27 (1982-83) and 0.36 vs. 0.26 (1985-86) respectively. In other words ALL MAJOR FIELDS has a lower percentage of professors and a higher percentage of assistant professors than reading aducation in both public studies.

Finally, it is important to examine the changes in the hiring rate of new assistant professors in reading education in the public studies: 5.0 percent (6/121) in 1982-83 vs. 3.6 percent (1,268/35,137) in ALL MAJOR FIELDS in 1982-83. Also, the hiring rate of new assistant professors in reading education in 1985-86 was 0.7 percent (1/141) vs. 3.9 percent (1,541/39,815) in ALL MAJOR FIELDS that same year. In other words the hiring rate in the discipline/major field of reading education has decreased over the study years in comparison to ALL MAJOR FIELDS.

RESULTS OF THE TWO PRIVATE STUDIES, 1982-83 AND 1985-86

In the PRIVATE 1982-83 salary study in the above table, the reader may note that the discipline/major field of reading education was reported in 18 of the 193 private institutions. The average salary of the 40 faculty was \$24,100. This average salary was approximately 4 percent (0.96) lower than the average salary of \$25,213 for all 15,823 faculty in ALL MAJOR FIELDS in the 1982-83 private study.

In the PRIVATE 1985-86 salary study in the above table, the discipline/major field of reading education was reported in 17 of the same 193 private



institutions. The average salary of the 55 faculty was \$30,923. This average salary was approximately 4 percent (1.04) higher than the average salary of \$29,850 for all 17,299 faculty in ALL MAJOR FIELDS in the 1985-86 private study.

The increase in average salaries for all faculty in reading education after three years in the private institutions studied was 28.3 percent (\$30,923 minus \$24,100 equals \$6,823). The CPI of increased cost-of-living between October 1982 and October 1985 was 10.7 percent. A more realistic increase, therefore, in average faculty salaries over the three-year time period is 17.6 percent or more than 5.8 percent each year above the cost-of-living.

The increase in average salaries for all faculty in ALL MAJOR FIELDS after three years in the private institutions studied was 18.4 percent (\$29,850 minus \$25,213 equals \$4,637). In comparison to the discipline/major field of reading education (28.3%), therefore, the faculty in ALL MAJOR FIELDS increased their salaries by 9.9% percent (28.3% minus 18.4% equals 9.9%) less than faculty in the discipline/major field of reading education.

The discipline/major field of reading education has a faculty mix percentage that is changing but is fairly balanced at the professor rank and the assistant professor rank in the private studies: 0.28 vs. 0.30 (1982-83) respectively; and 0.33 vs. 0.24 (1985-86) respectively. These changes are consistent with the rank of professor and assistant professor in ALL MAJOR FIELDS for both private studies: 0.28 vs. 0.33 (1982-83) respectively; and 0.30 vs. 0.31 (1985-86) respectively.

Finally, the reader may note that the hiring rate of new assistant professors in reading education in the private studies lagged behind the hiring rate in ALL MAJOR FIELDS both in 1982-83, 2.5 percent (1/40) vs. 4.7 percent (739/15,823) respectively; and in 1985-86, 1.8 percent (1/55) vs. 4.9 percent



(843/17,299), respectively. In other words the hiring rate in the discipline/major field of reading education is less than for ALL MAJOR FIELDS in both the private studies of 1982-83 and 1985-86.

CONCLUDING REMARKS

This article presented salary-trend information on the academic discipline/ major field of reading education and compared that information with 40 other academic disciplines/major fields over a period of three years: the "baseline year" of 1982-83 and the "trend year" of 1985-86. Two studies, one for public (AASCU) institutions, and the other for private institutions were conducted for the baseline year and for the trend year—a total of four studies. A total of 357 faculty in the discipline/major field of reading education participated and were included in the overall total of 108,074 faculty in all 41 disciplines/major fields in all four studies. The same 174 public (AASCU) institutions and the same 193 private institutions in the United States participated in the baseline year and the trend year.

Although many interpolations and extrapolations of the data may be made, a few of the more important ones are as follows. First, the average faculty salary in the discipline/major field of reading education is currently (1985-86) some 3 percent in the public study below and 4 percent in the private study above the overall average faculty salary of the other 40 disciplines/major fields. The average faculty salary in the private institutions lagged behind that of the public institutions for both the baseline year (1982-83) and the trend year (1985-86).

Second, the CPI of October 1985, in comparison to the CPI of October 1982, indicates that the faculty in reading education in both the public and



private institutions, received overall salary increases for three years above the cost-of-living. Reading education average faculty salaries in the public institutions lagged behind faculty in ALL MAJOR FIELDS during this same period by 1.5 percent, whereas the reading education average faculty salaries in the private colleges and universities increased by approximately 9.9 percent in comparison to faculty in ALL MAJOR FIELDS.

Third, the discipline/major field of reading education is one of the older disciplines. There is a marked difference in the percentage of faculty who hold the rank of full professor and those of assistant professors in the public institutions. The full professor rank is "top heavy" in the public institutions. Both reading education faculty and faculty in ALL MAJOR FIELDS in public institutions are being promoted faster than their colleagues in the private institutions. Because of the small number of faculty reporting in reading education it is unwise to make inferences based on the number of new assistant professors being hired.

Now that a rather significant data base on individual faculty member salaries has been developed, it is anticipated that additional salary-trend studies will be effected in reading education, and in other disciplines/major fields, on an annual basis.

Richard D. Howe is the originator and director of the annual CUPA faculty salary studies. He is a professor of leadership and higher education, and history at Appalachian State University, Boone, North Carolina. David N. Simons is a Research Associate in the Office of Equal Opportunity Programs at Appalachian State University.

APPENDICES:

- 1) OVERALL LIST OF SELECTED DISCIPLINES. page 10
- 2) LIST OF PUBLIC Participating Institutions, page 11
- 3) LIST OF PRIVATE Participating Institutions, page 13



APPENDIX A.

OVERALL LIST OF SELECTED DISCIPLINES

AGRIBUSINESS AND AGRICULTURAL PRODUCTION LETTERS

LIBRARY AND ARCHIVAL SCIENCES

ANTHROPOLOGY

ACCOUNTING

LIFE SCIENCES

AREA AND ETHNIC STUDIES

MATHEMATICS

AUDIOLOGY AND SPEECH PATHOLOGY

MUSIC

BUSINESS & MANAGEMENT

MULTI-INTERDISCIPLINARY

BUSINESS ADMINISTRATION AND MANAGEMENT

NURSING

BUSINESS ECONOMICS

PHYSICAL SCIENCES

CHEMISTRY

PHYSICS

COMMUNICATION TECHNOLOGIES

POLITICAL SCIENCE

COMMUNICATIONS

PSYCHOLOGY

COMPUTER & INFORMATION SCIENCES

READING EDUCATION

CURRICULUM AND INSTRUCTION

SECRETARIAL AND RELATED PROGRAMS

DRAMATIC ARTS

SOCIAL SCIENCES

EDUCATION

SOCIOLOGY STUDIES

EDUCATION ADMINISTRATION

SPECIAL EDUCATION

ENGINEERING

STUDENT COUNSELING AND PERSONNEL

FINE ARTS

SERVICES

FOREIGN LANGUAGES

VISUAL AND PERFORMING ARTS

GEOGRAPHY

GEOLOGICAL SCIENCES

TOTAL: 41

HISTORY

HOME ECONOMICS

APPENDIX B.

CUPA Public (AASCU) Faculty Salary Studies: 1982-83 and 1985-86

Participating Institutions

Alabama State University (AL) Appalachian State University (NC) Arkansas State University (AR) Arksness Tech University (AR) Augusta College (GA) Black Hills State College (SD) Boise State University (ID) California State University, Dominguez Hills (CA) California State University, Hayward (CA) California State University, Long Beach (CA) California State University, San Bernadino (CA) California State University, Stanislaus (CA) California University of Pennsylvania (PA) Castleton State College (VT) Central Connecticut State University (CT) Central Michigan University (MI) Central Missouri State University (MO) Central State University (OK) Central Washington University (WA) Chicago State University (IL) Christopher Newport College (VA) Clarion University of Pennsylvania (PA) College of William and Mary (VA) Columbus College (GA) Concord College (WV) Dakota State College (SD) Delta State University (MS) East Stroudsburg University (PA) East Texas State University (TX) East Texas State University at Texarkana (TX) Eastern Connecticut State University (CT) Eastern Illinois University (IL) Eastern Kentucky University (KY) Eastern New Mexico University (NM) Eastern Oregon State College (OR) Esstern Washington University (WA) Edinboro University of Pennsylvania (PA) Fairmont State College (WV) Fitchburg State College (MA) Florida International University (FL) Fort Hays State University (KS) Francis Marion College (SC) Frostburg State College (MD) George Mason University (VA) Georgia College (GA) Georgia Southern College (GA) Georgia Southwestern College (GA)

Glenville State College (WV) Grand Valley State College (MI) Harris-Stowe State College (MO) Idaho State University (ID) Illinois State University (IL) Indiana State University (IN) Jackson State University (MS) Kennesaw College (GA) Kent State University (OH) Kutztown University (PA) Lake Superior State College (MI) Lamar University--Beaumont (TX) Lander College (SC) Laredo State University (TX) Lewis-Clark State College (ID) Longwood College (VA) Louisiana State University in Shreveport (LA) Marshall University (WY) Mary Washington College (VA) Massachusetts Maritime Academy (MA) Mayville State College (ND) McNeese State University (LA) Memphis State University (TN) Mesa College (CO) Metropolitan State College (CO) Middle Tennessee State University (TN) Midwestern State University (TX) Millersville University (PA) Morehead State University (KY) Murray State University (KY) North Adams State College (MA) North Carolina Agricultural & Technical State University (部的) North Carolina Central University (NC) Northeast Missouri State University (MO) Northeastern Illinois University (IL) Northern Arizona University (AZ) Northern Illinois University (IL) Northern Kentucky University (KY) Northern Michigan University (MI) Northern State College (SD) Oakland University (MI) Old Cominion University (VA) Oregon Institute of Technology (OR) Pittsburg State University (KS) Purdue University at Calumet (IN) Saginaw Valley State College (MI)



Participating Institutions (continued):

Sales State College (MA) Salisbury State College (MD) San Diego State University (CA) Savannah State College (GA) Shepherd College (WY) Shippensburg University (PA) Sonoma State University (CA) Southeast Missouri State University (MO) Southeastern Louisiana University (LA) Southern Arkansas University (AR) Southern Connecticut State University (CT) Southern Illinois University at Edwardsville (IL) Southern Oregon State College (OR) Southern Technical Institute (GA) Southwest Missouri State University (MO) Southwest State University (MR) Southwest Texas State University (TX) St. Cloud University (MN) State University College at Brockport (NY) State University College at Geneseo (NY) State University College at Plattsburgh (NY) State University College of Arts & Sciences at Potsdam (NY) State University of New York College at Cortland (NY) Westfield State College (MA) State University of New York College at Fredonia (NY) Tennessee Technological University (TN) Texas A&I University (TX) Texas A&M University at Galveston (TX) Trenton State College (NJ) Troy State University (AL) University of Akron, The (OH) University of Alaska at Anchorage (AK) University of Baltimore (MD) University of Central Arkansas (AR) University of Colorado at Colorado Springs (CO) University of Lowell (MA) University of Maine at Presque Isle (ME) University of Maryland Baltimore County (MD) University of Nebraska at Cmaha (NE) University of Nevada, Las Vegas (NV) University of North Alabama (AL) University of North Carolina at Charlotte (NC) University of North Carolina at Greensboro (NC) University of Northern Colorado (CO) University of Northern Iowa (IA) University of Science and Arts of Oklahoma (OK) University of South Alabama (AL) University of South Carolina at Siken (SC) University of South Carolina &t Spartanburg (SC) University of South Florida (FL)

University of Southern Colorado (CC) University of Southern Indiana (IN) University of Temmessee at Chattancogs (TM) University of Tennessee at Martin (TA) University of Texas at Dallas (TX) University of Texas at Tyler (TX) University of Texas of the Permian Basin (TX) University of Toledo, The (OH) University of West Florida (FL) University of Wisconsin at Oshkosh (WI) University of Wisconsin -- La Crosse (WI) University of Wisconsin--Stevens Point (WI) University of Wisconsin--Stout (WI) University of Wisconsin--Superior (WI) Valdosta State College (GA) Weber State College (UT) West Georgia College (GA) West Liberty State College (WV) West Virginia College of Graduate Studies (W) West Virginia Institute of Technology (WV) Western Carolina University (NC) Western Illinois University (IL) Western Kentucky University (KY) Western Michigan University (MI) Western Montana College (MT) Western New Mexico University (NM) Western Oregon State College (OR) Western Washington University (WA) Wichita State University (KS) Winston-Salem State University (NC) Youngstown State University (OH)

TOTAL: 174



APPENDIX C.

CUPA Private (AASCU) Faculty Salary Studies: 1982-83 and 1985-86

Participating Institutions

Converse College (SC) Adelphi University (NY) Creighton University (NE) Albertus Magnus College (CI) D'Youville College (NY) Alfred University (NY) Dakota Wesleyan University (SD) Allentown College of St. Francis de Sales (PA) Davis and Elkins College (WV) Alma College (MI) Defiance College, The (OH) Alverno College (WI) DePaul University (IL) American Technological University (TX) Dickinson College (PA) American University, The (PC) Doane College (ME) Anna Haria College (MA) Drake University (IA) Aquines College (MI) Drew University (RJ) Aurora University (IL) Eckerd College (FL) Averatt College (VA) Elmira College (MY) Avila College (NO) Ferrum College (VA) Asse Pacific University (CA) Fontbonne College (MO) Babson College (MA) Port Wayne Bible College (IN) Baker University (KS) Furman University (SC) Barnard College (NY) Gallaudet College (DC) Barry University (FL) George Washington University, The (DC) Bellarmine College (KY) Georgetown College (KY) Bennett College (NC) Georgetown University (DC) Bethel College (KS) Georgian Court College (NJ) Bethune-Cookman College (FL) Graceland College (IA) Biola University (CA) Regilton College (NY) Bishop College (TX) Hamline University (PM) Bloomfield College (NJ) Hampton University (VA) Boston University (MA) Hanover College (IN) Bradley University (IL) Hartwick College (NY) Briar Cliff College (IA) Hastings College (ME) Bridgewater College (VA) Heidelberg College (OH) Bryan College (IN) Holy Family College (PA) Bucknell University (PA) Hood College (ND) Carnegie-Mellon University (FA) Hope College (MI) Catholic University of Puerto Rico (PR) Husson College (ME) Cedar Crest College (PA) Illinois Benedictine College (IL) Cedarville College (OH) Immaculata College (PA) Central College (IA) Iona College (NY) Chaminade University of Honolulu (HI) Ithaca College (MY) Clark University (MA) Jacksonville University (FL) Clarkson University (NY) John Carroll University (OH) College Misericordia (PA) Kalamazoo College (MI) College of Mount St. Joseph (OH) Kentucky Wesleyan College (KY) College of Notre Dame (CA) King's College (PA) College of Saint Rose, The (NY) La Roche College (PA) College of St. Scholastica (MM) Lafayette College (PA) College of the Holy Cross (MA) Lakeland College (WI) Columbia College (MO) Lambuth College (IN) Concordia College (MN)



Participating Institutions (continued):

Lewis University (IL)	Rust College (MS)
Lincoln Memorial University (TN)	Sacred Heart University (CI)
Linfield College (OR)	Saint Joseph College (CI)
Loyola College (MD)	Saint Mary's College (MM)
Luther College (IA)	Saint Peter's College (NJ)
Lycoming College (PA)	Saint Vincent College (PA)
Marist College (NY)	Salve Regina The Newport College (RI)
Mars Hill College (NC)	School of the Ozarks, The (MO)
Mary Baldwin College (VA)	Seattle Pacific University (WA)
Marygrova College (MI)	Seattle University (WA)
Marymount College (NY)	Seton Hill College (PA)
Harymount Manhattan College (NY)	Siena College (NY)
Maryvilla College (TN)	Siena Heights College (MI)
Marywood College (PA)	Simpson College (IA)
McKendree College (IL)	St. Edward's University (TX)
Mercy College of Detroit (MI)	St. Mary's College of California (CA)
Meredith College (NC)	St. Norbert College (WI)
Merrimack College (MA)	Suffolk University (MA)
Midland Lutheran College (NE)	Susquehanna University (PA)
Millikin University (IL)	Thomas College (ME)
Minneapolis College of Art and Design (MN)	Trinity College (VT)
Molloy College (NY)	Trinity University (LA)
Moravian College (PA)	University of Dayton, The (OH)
Morris Brown College (GA)	University of Detroit (MI)
Mount Mary College (WI)	University of Laverne (CA)
Mount Harty College (SD)	University of Miami (FL)
Hount Hercy College (IA)	Univeristy of Portland (OR)
Mount St. Mary's College (CA)	University of San Diego (CA)
Hount Vernon College (DC)	University of Scranton (PA)
Nazareth College at Kalamazoo (MI)	University of Tampa (FL)
North Park College (IL)	Ursuline College (OH)
Northwestern College (MN)	Villa Maria College (PA)
Oglethorpe University (GA)	Viterbo College (WI)
Oklahoma Baptist University (OK)	Voorhees College (SC)
Our Lady of the Lake University (TX)	Walsh College (OH)
Park College (NO)	Washington and Jefferson College (PA)
Pepperdine University (CA)	Waynesburg College (PA)
Phillips University (OK)	Wentworth Institute of Technology (MA)
Point Loma Nazarene College (CA)	West Virginia Wesleyan College (WV)
Presbyterian College (SC)	Western Conservative Baptist Seminary (OR)
Princeton Theological Seminary (NJ)	Westmar College (IA)
Principia College (IL)	Whitman College (WA)
Quinnipiac College (CI)	Wilkes College (PA)
Randolph-Macon College (VA)	William Jewell College (MO)
Regis College (CO)	William Penn College (IA)
Regis College (MA)	Wittenburg University (OH)
Rensselaer Polytechnic Institute (NY)	
Rice University (TX)	TOTAL: 193
Rider College (NJ)	
Rockford College (IL)	
Roosevelt University (IL)	
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