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ABSTRACT

It is generally acknowledged that all parties benefit from efforts to facilitate the process of student transfer from twoto four-year colleges, yet there are very few institutions with formalized transfer articulation agreements. The greatest deterrent to the development of such agreements is the considerable commitment of time and effort that is required to conduct the course-by-course analyses that serve as the foundation for the whole transfer articulation process. While determination of course content and overlap can be done individually on each participating campus, it is vital that personal face-to-face contact be made between representatives of each program. This contact facilitates the exchange of precise information, the adjudication of problems, and the development of a professional network among the participating faculty members. An example of the effectiveness of this process is provided by the State University College at Plattsburgh (SUCP), which decided to formalize its articulation agreements with all of the community colleges in New York State in the mid-1970's. An important aspect of these articulation efforts was the decision to place the articulation agreements in a format that could be easily understood, readily available, and quickly updated. The time and effort involved in initiating this system was great, but once completed very little effort has been required to maintain and update it. Appendices include samples of transfer articulation agreements between SUCP and a community college for particular programs. (EJV)



FACILITATING THE TRANSFER PROCESS: THE NEED FOR BETTER ARTICULATION BETWEEN TWO AND FOUR YEAR COLLEGES

Ву

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FACILITATING THE TRANSFER PROCESS: THE NEED FOR BETTER ARTICULATION BETWEEN TWO AND FOUR YEAR COLLEGES

Introduction

The number of students enrolled in two-year colleges has increased greatly during the past 25 years(1) and a significant proportion of these students continue their education at baccalaureate degree granting institutions. As a result, it is imperative for both types of colleges to make this transfer of students, wishing to continue their education, as smooth and efficient as possible. Everyone involved in the transfer process benefits from such effectiveness, a factor of increasing importance as the number of traditional college-age students will continue to decline during the next few years(2). It is imperative. therefore, that the two-year colleges demonstrate clearly that the process of transferring to the four-year institutions is relatively trouble free, while those "senior" colleges who develop a record of easy administrative transfer for the qualified student (not an academic open-door policy) will reap significant enrollment If it is in the interests of all parties concerned rewards.



Between 1960 and 1985 Community College enrollment increased by 125%.

Between 1979 and 1992 a 24 percent decline in high school graduates is predicted nationwide with an especially steep decline coming between 1989 and 1990 (6.9%). Source: High School Graduates: Projection for the Fifty States: Western Interstate Commission for Higher Education, Boulder, Colorado.

to facilitate the transfer process, why are there so few institutions with formalized transfer articulation agreements?

Transfer Articulation

Transfer articulation agreements require a considerable commitment of time and effort between the participating colleges. The specialized requirements of one institution often will not mesh with those of the other. Much energy must be employed in familiarizing administrators and faculty with each course at each institution so that it can be determined that, for example, Introductory Chemistry at College A is a parallel of Chemistry I and not of Technical Chemistry at College B. Course outlines have to be carefully reviewed, course content analyzed and the amount of overlap assessed. To do this work on a course by course basis is extremely time consuming, yet it is the foundation for the whole transfer articulation process.

done individually on each campus, assuming both parties are willing to share the necessary information, it is vital that personal contact be made between representatives of each program. Through face-to-face meeting potential problems and difficulties can be handled as they arise and adjudicated expeditiously to the satisfaction of all concerned. Furthermore, the time table of specific course offerings can be determined, and information about



anticipated course number, title or content changes passed along. Even more importantly, information about enrollment restrictions on courses may be exchanged. Simply reviewing courses from a college catalog is not sufficient. Some courses are restricted to specific majors others may still be listed in college catalogs but never taught. If a meaningful and accurate transfer articulation agreement is to be consummated this type of information is vital and can often be obtained only through personal contact.

While personal contact is important, it is an extremely time consuming and costly component in the articulation process. This is probably the reason why more institutions do not undertake a formalized agreement to facilitate the move of students from two to four year colleges. For those four year colleges that do take the time, the pay-offs are great not only in terms of enrollment but also in the accompanying professional network which grows from the sharing of information and working together. contacts are important in academia. Not only are academicians guilty of staying behind the walls of their disciplines but they rarely interact with the staff at other institutions, even those colleges across town or in the next county. While it is not the purpose of this paper to debate inter-college relations, a carefully organized program of transfer articulation agreements does have the effect of increasing the flow of information between colleges and increasing the number of professional contacts.



Any transfer articulation agreement involves considerable interaction between professionals. This type of on-going contact is important for maintaining the effectiveness of the agreements. Changes in staffing and programs will influence parts of articulation agreements and as such must be reported to all the participating institutions immediately. Through personal contacts made earlier in the agreement process, the corrected or new information can be given to the appropriate people as quickly as possible. Furthermore, the contact persons at the participating colleges can be used to help solve other problems which might arise or may be utilized for joint projects beneficial to both institutions. The greater the professional network one has, the more effectively one may function.

The Plattsburgh Case Study

The generalities of program articulation have been discussed to set the stage for a specific case study. Within the State University of New York are found 37 community colleges and 13 four-year arts and science colleges. In spite of the fact that these institutions belong to the same educational system, the transfer of students was not as efficient or as effective as it might have been. The State University College at Plattsburgh decided to formalize the transfer articulation agreements with all the community colleges in the state in the mid-1970's. While an Associate Vice President was appointed to



oversee the entire process, the individual academic departments and centers undertook much of the work. Such was the case for the multi-disciplinary Center for Earth and Environmental Science.

While most of the procedures outlined above were undertaken by the Center for Earth and Environmental Science (CEES) several additional elements were introduced. The most important of these was to place the articulation agreements in a format that could be easily understood, readily available, quickly updated and have a multitude of other uses. To accomplish these goals, the transfer articulation agreements were put on computer disc (using an Apple IIe computer, although any micro-computer can handle the data). The hard copy print-outs (see Appendix I) show the program course requirements of any one of the CEES degree programs. On the other side of the page are listed all of the courses at a particular community college that a student was required to take at that two-year institution to complete their associate degree program. At a glance, the student or advisor can see which courses meet the CEES program requirements and which courses still need to be taken to complete the baccalaureate degree. In fact, the incoming community college student can use the sheet as a work copy to determine class schedules during the two years he/she is at Plattsburgh. Ease of utilization by both student and advisor is the key to this process plus the fact that any change in any of the CEES programs can be made



quickly and distributed to our contact person at the twoyear colleges within days of being approved on our own campus.

Conclusion

The transfer articulation system described above has been in operation for nearly two years. It has facilitated our processing of transcripts received from the community college transfer students. It has increased our levels of interaction and cooperation with the faculty and staff at the community colleges. Our new students have a much clearer picture of their program accomplishments and needs. while the faculty advisors can spend more time advising these new students, rather than just helping with course selection. The time and effort involved in initiating this system was great but once completed, very little work is required to maintain and update it. As a result, the initial investment of effort has paid off tremendously. Students, faculty and staff all benefit from the procedure and the various academic institutions within the State University of New York system can better become a more cohesive group rather than a distribution of seemingly isolated, non-interacting, colleges.



APPENDIX 1

SAMPLE TRANSFER ARTICULATION AGREEMENTS



College Community College		Program Mathematics and Science. A.S.
REQUIREMENTS FOR THE MAJOR IN GEOLOGY, B.A., A	T SUNY PLATTSBURGH	
I. GENERAL EDUCATION REQUIREMENTS	40 cr.	Courses at your institution that meet program requirements at SUNY Plattsburgh.
The following courses, required for this p part of the General Education Requirements		
A. General Learning Skills 1. Written Expression 2. Communication Skills 3. Reasoning Skills	10 cr.	
 Library Research Skills Distributive Requirements 	19 cr.	
 Formal Systems of Thought Natural Korld The Individual and Society Human Heritage 		
5. The Arts as Aesthetic Experience 6. Foreign Culture or Language		
C. Integrative Component D. Physical Education	9 cr. 2 cr.	
II. MAJOR REQUIREMENTS:	32-56 cr.	
A. Departmental Requirements	36 cr.	
1.6EL 101 General Geology 2. 6EL 102 Evolution of the Earth 3. 6EL 310 Mineralogy 4. 6EL 312 Petrographic Microscopy 5. 6EL 323 Igneous and Metamorphic 6. 6EL 324 Sedimentology 7. 6EL 451 Structural Geology I 8. 6eology Electives	(4 cr.) (4 cr.) (4 cr.) (1 cr.) Petrology (4 cr.) (4 cr.) (4 cr.) (11 cr.)	6EO 103 Physical Geology 6EO 104 Historical Geology 6EO 204 Structural Geology (i) (ii) (iii)
B. COGNATE REQUIREMENTS:		
 Calculus OR Statistics OR FORTRAN OR PASCAL 	(3 - 4 cr.)	MAT 129 Calculus I OR
 Chemistry with Lab Physics with Lab Laboratory Science OR Math. (excluding Earth Science) 	(4 cr.) (4 cr.) (8 - 9 cr.)	MAT 134 Statistics I CHE 103 General Chemistry I PHY 103 General Physics I (i) CHE 104 General Chemistry I1 (ii) PHY 104 General Physics II
III. ELECITVES	(27 - 29 cr.)	(iii)
\$ ADVANCED WRITING REQUIREMENT Effective for students who enter the College beginning Fall 1984; Transfer students with less in Spring 1985, 36 credits or less in F credits or less in Spring 1986, and all stud Fall 1986.	18 credits or all 1985, 54	

College Community College	Program Liber	ral Arts & Science, Math./Sci Env. Sci. Track, A.S.			
REQUIREMENTS FOR THE MAJOR IN ENVIRONMENTAL SCIENCE AT SUNY PLATTSBURGH					
I. GENERAL EDUCATION REQUIREMENTS	40 cr.	Courses at your institution that meet program requirements at SUNY Plattsburgh			
The following courses, required for this program, a part of the General Education Requirements:	are taken as				
A. Seneral Learning Skills 1. Written Expression 2. Communication Skills 3. Reasoning Skills 4. Library Research Skills 5. Distributive Requirements 1. Formal Systems of Thought 2. The Natural World 3. The Individual and Society 4. Human Heritage 5. The Arts as Aesthetic Experience 6. Foreign Culture or Language C. Integrative Requirement D. Physical Education II. MAJOR REQUIREMENTS: A. Departmental Requirements 1. COMMON CORE ENV 101 Introduction to Environmental Science ENV 201 Environment and Society ENV 202 Ecology GEE 120 Introduction to Physical Geography ENV 400 Seminar in Environmental Science 2. ENVIROMMENTAL SCIENCE COURSEMORK Choose one course from each of the followin a. PHYSICAL ENVIRONMENT ENV 270 Introduction to Soil Science GEL 245 Prin. of Hydrology GEE 322 Regional Geomorphology of USA GEE 320 Climatology GEE 321 Geomorphology and Soils GEL 346 Environmental Geology GEL 341 Geomorphic Processes ENV 348 Water Resources b. BIOLOGICAL ENVIRONMENT ENV 330 Wildlife Ecology ENV 332 Plant Ecology ENV 335 Population Ecology ENV 337 Population Ecology ENV 338 Forest Ecology ENV 338 Forest Ecology ENV 331 Community and Systems Ecology ENV 332 Ecoplogy of Moody Plants ENV 301 Field Biology ENV 334 Ecosystems Analysis	9 cr. 2 cr. 48-52 cr. 42 cr. 15 cr.	MATH 113 Statistics BIOL 115/116 Seneral Biology I with Lab BIOL 159 Contemporary Problems in Pollution BIOL 155 Ecology			



	ENV 3 ENV 3 ENV 4 GEG 3 PSY 3 ENV 3	HUMAN ENVIRONMENT 310 Environmental Planning 322 Environmental Sociology 324 Public Lands Policy 403 Wilderness Hanagement 303 Environmental Conservation 363 Environmental Psychology 320 Environmental Economics 321 Environmental Law 341 Politics of the Environment	3 cr.	
	d. 1 ENV 3 GEG 3 GNV 4 GEG 3 ENV 4 ENV 3 GEG 4	TECHNICAL SKILLS TECHNICAL SKILLS Telanning Methods Telanning Processes Telanning Processes Telanning Processes Telanning Processes Telanning Processes Telanning Processes Topographic Map Analysis Topographic Map Analysis Topography Telanning Mater Gualit Telanning Analysis Telanning Analysi	ntal Computing ion Systems 15 cr. refix, which	
	1. CHE 1	REQUIREMENTS Of General Chemistry or	7 cr.	
		01 Introduction to Physics Computer Course by advisement	4 cr. 3 cr.	CHEM 105 General Inorganic Chemistry T with Lab
III.	ELECTIVES		30 - 34 cr. ====================================	
IV.	*Effective f beginning F less in Spr	TING REQUIREMENT or students who enter the College as all 1984; Transfer students with 18 ing 1985, 36 credits or less in Fall less in Spring 1986; and all student	credits or 1985, 54	
		Total	125 crs.	

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