DOCUMENT RESUME

ED 259 138

CE 041 807

TITLE

Opening Doors for Success. FY-1983 Annual Report to

the President of the United States.

INSTITUTION

National Advisory Council on Adult Education

Washington, D. C.

PUB DATE

Mar 84 57p.

NOTE
PUB TYPE

Reports - Descriptive (141) -- Statistical Data (110)

EDRS PRICE DESCRIPTORS

MF01/PC03 Plus Postage.

Adult Basic Education; *Adult Education; *Adult

Programs; Bilingual Education; Blacks; *Demonstration

Programs; Educational Finance; English (Second Language); *Federal Legislation; Federal Programs;

Federal State Relationship; High School Equivalency Programs; *Models; National Programs; Postse ondary

Education; Program Descriptions; Program

Effectiveness; *State Programs; Whites Adult Education Act 1966

ABSTRACT

IDENTIFIERS

This document provides an overview of programs and activities in adult and secondary education, along with statistical data about adult education efforts in the United States. The first part of the document presents seven short sections about council functions and programs in adult education. Included in these sections is the following information: council response to the proposed Adult Education Consolidation Bill; council's functions; descriptions of outstanding programs and professionals throughout the country; the council at work; a historical overview of the Adult Education Act, 1966-1981; a summary of major revisions in the Adult Education Act, 1966-1981; and a list of state directors of adult education. The second part of the report contains 13 tables that present statistical data on the following topics: state allotments for adult basic education; state expenditures; 1981 level of effort in relation to need; number of organizations providing English (second language) or bilingual education; full-time employees in adult basic and secondary education; part-time employees in adult basic and secondary education; race/ethnic group of participants in functional levels 1 and 2 by state; sex and age of participants in basic and secondary programs; number of participants upon entry into program by state; achievements of program participants; and number of participants leaving the program and their reasons. (KC)

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Dear Mr. President:

On behalf of the members of the National Advisory Council on Adult Education, I am pleased to transmit to you, under provisions of the Adult Education Act, the Council's 1983 Annual Report.

The report contains data relating to the clients served, and statistics reflecting the status of the Federal, state and local partnership programs.

Sir a the program's origin in 1964, there has been a significant effort on the part of the Federal government to address the problems of adult illiteracy. Through these outreach programs, millions of adults have upgraded their educational competencies and improved their ability to obtain employment or sustain their position in the marketplace.

The Council is presently examining various alternatives and recommendations, which we will submit to you and Secretary Bell, concerning the reauthorization of the Adult Education Act which is scheduled for congressional review in 1984.

The Council would welcome an opportunity to discuss with you the thrusts for current and future adult learning opportunities.

Respectfully submitted,

Kawlein G. Soberann

Rawlein G. Soberano Chairman

The President
The White House
Washington, D.C.



Presidential Appointees to the National

Rawlem M. Soberano

Dr. Rawlein G. Soberano, Council Chairman Director of Continuing Education, Our Lady of Holy Cross College, 4123 Woodland Drive, New Orleans, Louislana 70114.

B.A., St. Vincent College, M.A., Ph.D., St. John's University. Postdoctoral Fellow, University of California at Berkeley, and Harvard. Board Member, YMCA, Lower Algiers Senior Citizens Center, Westbank Housing & Drainage Commission, Mayor's Task Force for Refugee Resettlement.

nancy H Hill

Mrs. Nancy H. Hill, Council Vice Chairman Lyndonville, Vermont 05851.

B.A., Beaver College, Postgraduate Work in Education and Counseling, Lyndon State College. Publicity Chairman, Lyndon Blood Drive. Former teacher. Former Chair, Lyndon American Cancer Society; Co-chair, Village improvement Society; Vermont Political Director, Reagan-Bush Campaign.

Lely R. Balian

Mrs. Lily R. Ballan Administrator, Community Affairs; Northrop Corporation, 1800 Century Park East, Los Angeles, California 90067.

Attended University of Southern California, School of Journalism. Member, Women in Public Affairs; Education Task Force, California Manufacturers Association; Los Angeles Public Affairs Association; Advisory Council on Continuing Education, Pasadena City College; California Roundtable. Former Executive Assistant, Attorney General, State of California (1970–78).

DE Grennan Sv

Mr. Daniel E. Brennan, Sr. Brennan, McNamara & Brennan, P.C. 600 Brooklawn Avenue, Bridgeport, Connecticut 06604.

A.B. Notre Dame University, LLB, Dickinson Law

Investigation (FBI). Former Publisher, Connecticut Magazine. Chairman, Connecticut Personnel Appeals Board. Member, Board of Directors Fairfield University's Graduate School of Political and Corporate Communications.

Mrs. Patric Dorsey

Owner-Manager, Mulberry Ltd., New Bern, North Carolina 28560.

Chairman, Craven County Industrial Development Commission; Representative, Japan-U.S. Senate Scholarship Program; Chairman, North Carolina GOP First Congressional District; Member, North Carolina GOP Central Committee; Member, North Carolina Historical Preservation Society; Former Chair, C.C. Chapter North Carolina Symphony Society; Member, Platform Committee, 1980 National Republican Convention; Delegate, 1976 Republican National Convention; C.C. Board of Elections; English teacher, Naha Okinawa High School.

Hyu Ler Sarring

Mrs. Joyce Gorringe

Owner-Manager, Joy Dale Farms, 4 \$ 574 Radcliff Road, Naperville, Illinois 60540.

B.A. Music, Doctoral Program, Adult Education, Northern Illinois University. Post-graduate study in music, Northwestern University; Post-graduate work in sociology, Valparaiso University. B.M., Cosmopolitan School of Music. President, EduQuest Corporation. Former teacher. Member, Gannon Proctor Commission on Women, Governor's Advisory Council on Women. Delegate, Illinois White House Conference on Families.

May S. Sackson

Mrs. Mary S. Jackson

Owner, Davidsonville Diversified Services, 409 Heitzman Road, Davidsonville, Maryland 21035.

B.S., Morgan State College, M.S., Towson State University. Member, Governor's Commission on Minority Business Enterprise, Arundel Business League, Maryland Minority Contractors Association. Former Teacher, Secretary of Anne Arundel County Board. Supervisors of Elections.

Advisory Council on Adult Education

Michae Marin

Mr. Michael Marino Associate, Corporate Finance Department, Lehman Brothers Kuhn Loeb, Inc., 55 Water Street, New York, New York 10041.

B.A. Haverford College, Studied at the Universita Di Firenze. Board member, Program of Auxiliary Services for Students. Republican candidate for U.S. Congress, 1982.

Kathleen Wilcorpson

Dr. Kathleen McCullough Wilcoxson Fifth-grade Teacher, Garden Oaks Elementary School, Oklahoma City, Oklahoma.

B.S., Southwestern Oklahoma State University, M.S., Oklahoma State University, Ed.D., Oklahoma State University. Former University Professor, Adult Basic Education Instructor, Executive Secretary, Liberty National Bank, Oklahoma City.

Mr. M. Lester O'Sheu

Managing Partner, General Western Company, 235 Montgomery Street, San Francisco, California 94104.

B.A., Economics, Stanford University; Studied at Oxford as a Fulbright Scholar; M.B.A., Harvard Business School. Governor, Commonwealth Club of California. Member, Commission on California State Government Organization and Economy.

Mr. Louis S. Ridgeway

Real Estate Development and Motel Owner, 882 Armada Terrace, San Diego, California 92106.

M.A., University of Northern Colorado. Member, San Diego County Adult Education Administrators Association. Director, Navy League, Salvation Army. Former Trustee, San Diego Community College. Member, Commission on Vocational Education of the California Association of Community Colleges. JISTMJIL

Mr. J. Ben Trujillo

President, Larimer insurance Group, Inc., 1873 South Bellaire Street, Denver, Colorado 80222.

M.A., New Mexico Highlands University; B.A., Wichita State University, President, Larimer Financial Proup; Secretary/Treasurer, Hicks Pension Services, Member, U.S. Service Academy Selection Board, Life and Qualifying Member, Million Dollar Round Table, Past President, Southeast Denver Exchange Club, Past Vice President, Denver JayCees.

Patricia Smith

Mrs. Patricia Smlth 415 Riley Avenue, Worthingtφn, Ohio 43085.

B.Sc. and M.A. In Education Ohio State
University. Member, Ohio State Board of
Education, Defense Advisory Committee on
Women in the Services, Ohio Arts Council,
Columbus Jazz Arts Board of Directors. Former
Teacher, School Board Member, Chair of
Metropolitan Educational Council,

Many E. Strother

Mrs. Mary E. Strother

Basic Skills Coordinator, Peoria Unifled School District; 5308 West Maui Lane, Giendale, Arizona 85306.

B.Sc., University of Arizona, Doctoral Candidate in Elementary Education, Arizona State University. Reading Specialist. Former member, Arizona Basic Goals Commission for Science. Former Adult Education Tutor, Teacher and Research Assistant to members of Arizona State Board of Education.

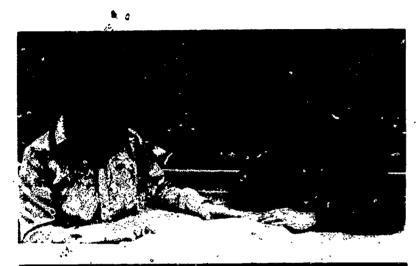
Mrs. Ruth R. Thone

3045 Woodsdale Blvd., Lincoln, Nebraska 68502.

B.A., University of Nebraska. Free-lance Writer, Newspaper columnist; Volunteer, Nebraska Humanities Commission; Director, Women's Prison Chapel Committee; Parents Anonymous, House of Hope, Nebraska Art Collection Board. Former reporter for Scottsbluff Star Herald, Lincoln Star, and columnist, Omaha World Herald. Former First Lady of Nebraska.



OPENING DOORS FOR SUCCESS





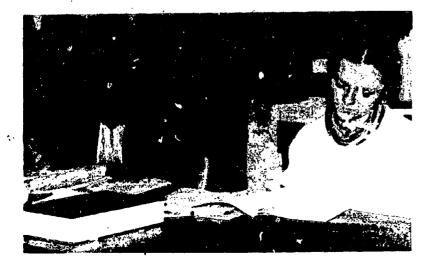






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COUNCIL RESPONDS TO CONSOLIDATION BILL

One of the major duties and responsibilities of the members of the Council during the year October 1, 1982, to September 30, 1983, was preparing a response to the proposed Adult and Vocational Education Consolidation Bill, S. 2325, submitted by Senator Orln Hatch, (Republican Utah).

The Governmental Relations and Legislation Committee of the Council studied the more than 200 survey responses from state directors, public officials, adult education professionals, and recipients of adult education regarding their views of the Consolidation Bill. Additionally, Council members met with state directors and other educators within their regions to discuss major problems, solicit their opinions and their recommendations regarding the bill.

The committee held special meetings to prepare recommended amendments to the Consolidation BIII that would overcome the apparent deficiencies in the

Although the Council voted to support the concept of consolidation, such support was subject to the strict parameters detailed in the report submitted February 7, 1983, to the President, the appropriate committees within Congress and the Secretary of Education. The Council's support of the concept of consolidation was in no way intended as an endorsement of Senate Bill 2325.

Adult Education Act Reauthorization Hearings

Sceton - October 6, 1983

Department of Education
John W McCormack Post Office
& Court House Building
Room 606
Post Office Square

Regional Rep - Bayard Waring

San Francisco October 14, 1983

Department of Education 50 United Nations Plaza Room 406

Regional Rep. Eugene Gonzales

Chicago October 21, 1983

Department of Education 300 South Wacker Drive 35th Floor

Regional Rep : Harold Wright

Atlanta November 4, 1983

Department of Education 101 Marietta Tower Building Room 2221

Regional Rep. Ted Freeman

Dailes

November 7, 1983

Department of Education 1200 Main Tower Building Room 1130

Regional Rep. Wayne Thoburn

Denver 1 November 8, 1983

Department of Education Federal Office Building 1961 Stout Street Room 244

Regional Rep. Tom Tancredo

Seattle

November 10, 1983

Department of Education 3rd & Broad Building 2901 3rd Avenue

Regional Rep - George Hood

Washington, D.C. November 14, 1983

Hotel Washingtor Assembly Room 15th & Pennsylvania Avenue, N.W.

> Philadelphia December 1, 1983

Franklin Plaza Hotel 2 Franklin Plaza Room Seminar D

Regional Rep. Jéseph Ambrosino



The Council's suggested amendments were intended to provide distinct purposes for both programs within a specific funding formula designed to maintain the separate identity and vitality of each program. In particular, heavy emphasis was placed on strengthening the ability of state and local systems of adult education to provide programs that would accomplish the following purposes.

- 1. Enable adults to acquire the basic academic skills necessary to function in society and/or to continue their education or training through the eighth grade.
- 2. Enable adults to continue their education to the level of completion of secondary school in order to enhance their employability, productivity, and ability to meet their adult responsibilities.
- 3. Provide equal educational opportunity for adult students, who have special needs including the educationally disadvantaged, the handicapped and those with limited English proficiency.

Additionally, the Council, in response to numerous requests from state directors and other professionals in the field, recommended uniform procedures for reporting basic information in order to provide comparative data for program evaluation.

Although consolidation was not affected, the Council believes that its recommendations (equal status for both programs, standardization of the data base, and a fair funding formula) overcame the obvious deficiencies of S. 2325, and could have provided substantial economies and efficient delivery of services for both programs.

COUNCIL'S FUNCTIONS

The National Advisory Council on Adult Education was established by Congress in 1970, P.L. 91–230, and extended by the Education Amendments of 1978, P.L. 95–551. Its members are appointed by the President.

The Council advises the President, the Congress, and Secretary of Education in the preparation of general regulations and with respect to policy matters arising in the administration of the Adult Education Act, including policies and procedures governing the approval of state plans under section 306 of this Act and policies to eliminate duplication, and to effectuate the coordination of programs under the Adult Education Act and other programs offering adult education activities and services.

The Council reviews the administration and effectiveness of programs under this Act, makes recommendations with respect thereto, and makes annual reports to the President of its findings and recommendations (including recommendations for changes in this Act and in other Federal laws relating to adult education activities and services). The President transmits each such report to the Congress together with his comments and recommendations.

Rick Ventura Executive Director

Lick Ventura





OPENING DOORS FOR SUCCESS



OUTSTANDING PROGRAMS & PROFESSIONALS





The National Advisory Council on Adult Education is pleased to recognize several programs and professionals in adult basic education whom Council members visited this year. They are representative of a great many outstanding programs and educators throughout the country who have demonstrated commitment, dedication, and imaginative use of resources and volunteers in meeting the needs of adult learners. In the future the Council will continue to devote a portion of its annual report to the recognition of worthy programs and professionals.



CRUSADING FOR LITERACY

The staff of the Jefferson County Advitage Reading Program (JCARP) is conducting a crusade for literacy and over the past five years they've taught 3,000 people older than 16 to read while retaining 78 per cent of entering students. Their students have accomplished unusually high reading gains.

Sharon Darling, who heads the program, is largely responsible for the program's innovativeness and success. Frustrated by the lack of success of previous literacy programs, she submitted a proposal to the Kentucky State Department of Education to research the problems and demonstrate a better method. She found that nearly one-third of Kentucky adults had completed no more than eight years of school and about half had not completed high school. In Jefferson County, it was estimated that 30,000 adults could read neither the labels on cans nor instructions for a job.

Armed with this information and a \$57,000 grant from the Kentucky
Department of Education under Section
310 of the Adult Education Act, she
began to design a program. The target
was adults that tested below the sixth
grade in reading. The 293 students in the
pilot during the 1978–7% school year
were all reading below the fourth-grade
level.

The impact of the program is based on its recruitment techniques, ability to c. tract volunteers, staff preparation and its instructional design. Much of the recruitment is word-of-mouth from current students, their friends and relatives. The

media and community organizations are also used.

Staff training focuses on the critical counseling involved in the staff-student relationship, including the psychology of disadvantaged adults as well as teaching methods. The program has attracted about 16 volunteers for every paid staff member, including VISTA volunteers.

The instructional design stresses the acquisition of basic reading skills and individual life needs. Classes are flexible enough to meet any work schedule.

Teachers also visit students in their homes. Each student has an individualized instructional plan based on the skills he or she already has. Teachers are trained to create support networks and they encourage students to stay in close touch with each other outside the class.

Approximately 900 adults are currently enrolled. In 1982 the personal achievement of JCARP students were impressive:

- 24 per cent voted for the first time
- 12 per cent obtained a job
- 7 per cent obtained a better job
- 13 per cent entered another educational program
- 5 per cent obtained a driver's license for the first time

These results have helped to generate public support for the program at some instances, private employers work directly with the program. One company, for example, paid for adult basic



education for illiterate employees about to be affected by a plant relocation.

The program was recognized as an exemplary one in September 1982 by the Joint Dissemination and Review Panel of the U.S. Office of Education. In June 1983 the JCARP was approved for funding through the National Diffusion Network. It has already been replicated in over 130 counties in Kentucky, Tennessee and Ohio. Staff members are continuing their literacy crusade by training others to become literacy coordinators and trainers of volunteers.





Mary Holter wants to make a significant difference in educating adults. As teacher-incharge of the Cincinnati (Ohio) Correctional Institute (CCI) Education Program, she's currently removing educational barriers for inmates of the Hamilton County Community Correctional Institution.

Mary has set up and taught classes in a variety of adult learning situations, including a drug rehabilitation center, a mental hospital, public library, evening classes and county jail. She has worked as an ABE satellite counselor, providing educational counseling and testing to students in adult classes at sites without special services.

She is well qualified for her position at CCI, a role she has held for the past five years. She has a bachelor's degree from Saint Mary of the Woods College and a master's degree from Ohio State Univer the une has completed additional graduate still and is certified in such areas as administre and is certified.

Her program at CCI offers a full range of educational services to inmates, including extensive diagnostic testing, educational planning and counseling, and on-site classroom instruction. Since 1975 the number of inmates participating in the program has increased by 130 per cent, which Mary attributes to a conscious effort to keep up with the changing and growing educational needs of the inmate population. She has incorporated into the program the complete range of high school diploma courses, on-site GED and college testing, and hands-on vocational aptitude testing.

Along with her staff of 12 dedicated professionals. Mary derives much professional satisfaction from the educational successes of the inmates. One of her goals for the CCI Educational Program is to use computer technology to teach developmental skills such as problem solving, logical thinking and technological understanding. She also hopes to expand community awareness of the program by involving more agencies in the successful re-integration of ex-inmate students into the community.

Mary plans to continue in adult education. She believes that developing and providing realistic and effective educational and vocational services for adults is one way to ensure that her professional endeavors will make a difference.



WATTS REACHES OUT

Attracting adults in need of basic education skills was the goal of the Watts Outreach Program in Los Angeles. The result was an innovative recruitment program and integration of job development skills into the curriculum of the Watts Adult Basic Education Center.

Census figures and other statistics demonstrated the need within the black community for the Watts Outreach Program. According to the 1972 U.S. Bureau of Census, the percentage of blacks with less than five years of schooling was 15 per cent while the total population was 5 per cent. The percentage of blacks unemployed in urban poverty greas was 1-1/2 times the white population. Moreover, in the Los Angeles/Long Beach metropolitan areas, the median family income for blacks was \$7,573 as compared to \$10,972 for all other families. Individuals living in the Watts area and agencies serving this community needed to be made more aware of the existing educational opportunities available to them.

The Watts program used a variety of outreach techniques. Some made use of the mass media; others relied on interpersonal communications. Spot radio and television announcements, direct-mail flyers, bulletin board announcements in churches, bus bench advertising and T-shirts were used to create awareness. The staff and volunteers also conducted door-to-door canvassing and attended staff meetings of social service and employment



agencies. Close ties were developed with elementary and secondary schools in the community and information booths were set up on important days at shopping malls and the Employment Development Department.

To increase the total enrollment at the Watts Adult Basic Education Center and reduce the number of students dropping out of the program, the staff emphasized job skills in all aspects of the curriculum. They provided direct contact with counselors from various businesses to help students see the relationship between classroom activities and the world of work. In many cases where students' skills and abilities matched job

Sister Cicilia Linenbrink



requirements, the staff arranged for job interviews.

Recognizing students' accomplishments was also a key to the success of the outreach program. Each year city officials and other dignitaries and celebrities continue to join the staff for a student recognition breakfast to demonstrate the pride which the community takes in the students' progress.

The Watts Outreach Program was successful for many reasons. One primary factor was caring staff members who through their understanding of their students' problems insisted that nothing less than their best would be accepted.

ERIC

Sister Linenbrink Tutors Denver's Adults

Approximately 1,500 adults, mostly poor, in Denver have a place to learn, thanks to the work of Cecilia Linenbrink, a Maycrest Franciscan Nun, and 300 volunteers. Sister Cecilia started her program, the Adult Education Tutorial Program, about 19 years ago. Tutoring is conducted during the day and evening in classrooms located in six church basements.

The majority of the prægram's students pay no tuition. About one-third of the students study for equivalency diplomas. The remainder learn English or take adult basic education and career development classes.

Many of the program's tutors are retired professionals who provide students with academic preparation and lots of encouragement. Sister Cecilia's staff consists of six workers who do everything from designing curriculum to presiding over the church-basement learning center.

Sister Cecilia keeps a watchful eye over the program she founded in 1964 while looking to the future. Her educational experience spans from elementary and secondary education to the college and adult education level. These teaching, administration and community experiences have put her at home with a variety of people. . from core city residents of differing ethnic backgrounds to college and adult education colleagues, and even more broadly, to the corporate and foundation world.

She is a master of fundraising. She raises about \$225,000 per year in state money and corporate gifts to pay for books and staff salaries. She also receives some federal funds to support the English-as-a-Second-Language program.

Active in professional organizations, she is the president of the Mountain Plains Adult Education Association and a member of AAACE and the Minoru Yasui Community Volunteer Awards Committee. She is a strong advocate for adult education programs and has testified before Congressional committees to address Adult Basic Education needs.

Sister Cecilia believes the biggest challenge for professionals in adult education is determining what direction programs should take as we enter the age of high technology and computers. She is concerned about the impact of advanced technological developments on low-income adults, who are often the last to learn relevant skills.

WEST VIRGINIA'S READING TEAM

Professional staff and a corps of volunteers are working together in West Virginia to make instruction in basic skills more readily available to adults.

In 1980 Linda Andresen, learning center coordinator of the Garnet Career and Learning Center in Charleston, West Virginia, developed a proposal to extend Adult Basic Education (ABE) services to the non-reader through volunteer efforts. She sought funding of the program through 310 grant monies designated for special projects. The plan called for professional ABE staff members to initiate and support local affiliates of Literacy Volunteers of American, Inc. (LVA), a national volunteer organization.

LVA, a nonprofit organization headquartered in Syracuse, New York, trains volunteers to teach functionally illiterate adults how to read and to teach new Americans how to speak English. Teaching is done on a one-to-one basis and training programs are conducted through community-based LVA organizations. LVA has more than 8,000 volunteer tutors working with over 13,000 adult students through 130 programs in 25 states and three provinces of Canada.

The match was perfect. Both the West Virginia ABE program and LVA were designed to meet the needs of adults in basic reading and English as a Second Language (ESL). LVA was also selected because its teaching techniques used a variety of methods, rather than depending on one technique.

Once the LVA affiliate has been organized, ABE professional staff members generally volunteer their time after work hours to provide assistance.

LVA tutors are requested to attend an 18-hour training workshop and one inservice session during each tutoring year. They are also asked to make a commitment to work with a student with whom they are matched for at least one year.

In Kanawha County and other counties in the state ABE professionals have conducted workshops for tutors in basic reading and ESL. Other inservice sessions have covered such areas as creative tutoring techniques and learning disabilities in adults.

The ABE professionals serve a meaningful support system for tutors and students. In Kanawha County they also coordinate a local LVA office and serve on the board of directors of Literacy Volunteers of West Virginia and Kanawha County. At the Garnet Career Center the ABE staff has trained approximately 75 tutors who have served 85 students in the past two years.

The LVA program in West Virginia Is expanding rapidly. There are now a total of 12 provisional to full affiliates which serve approximately 16 of 55 counties. Local affiliates are co-supported by a variety of community groups that share ABE's concern for adult literacy. The Altrusa Club of Charleston, for example, has worked in cooperation with ABE and is one of the major financial supporters of the program.

ABE staff in West Virginia believe the key to the effectiveness of volunteerism in adult education is the involvement of trained professionals. The support of professionals, who lend their academic and financial expertise, is essential to a stable, on-going volunteer program.



Eva Warner Makes Life Richer

Eva Warner seems to have been born to teach. At age 4 her first students were a doll and several sticks of wood.

She has never stopped teaching.

Today she is supervisor of the Adult Basic Education (ABE) program for three counties in the mountainous northeast corner of Vermont known as the Northeast Kingdom. During the intervening 30 years or so, starting at age 17, she was an elementary school teacher.

Recognizing that all children do not learn at the same pace, she developed individualized learning programs in reading, social studies, math and spelling. While teaching youngsters, she became interested in instructing adults and through a modest grant looked for ways to help undereducated adults.

"I went strictly by instinct In those early days,"
"The laughs, recalling that she felt a bit weak in
the knees as she stood before her first class of
adults and wondered what to do with them.

Her instincts served her well and Adult Basic Education grew rapidly. She was a pioneer in developing basic education programs for adults at the has always looked ahead.

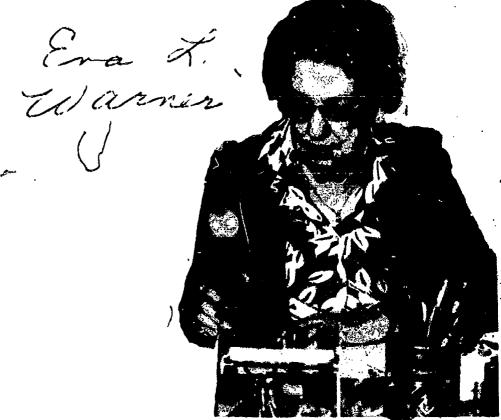
Eva started with a center with two classrooms in Newport in 1969. She now has 12 rooms, two added recently to house a computer center and video library. She also coordinates adult classes at minicenters in several towns.

Early in her new work, Eva wanted to reach those who were housebound and originated the home tutor program in Vermont. Through her "Education in Kitchens" plan, she trained community aides to work with adults in their homes.

"I had to climb over rubble and car engines and all sorts of things to get to that first house," she recalls. "The yard was really a shambles, but next to the front step was a lovely stand of flowers. I've never forgotten that."

Today, her program has 14 fulitime tutors. She credits the success of the program, which reaches over 1,400 adults each year, on these home tutors.

Eva is an articulate advocate for the cause of adult education. Each year she travels to the state legislature to seek funding for her program and others. With arms full of reports she documents the success of her ABE program for legislature, many of whom she knows on a



first-name basis. She also serves on the Governor's Advisory Council on Adult Education.

The "ewport center is open five weekdays, three nights and all day Saturday. Eva's there most of the time.

The ABE program is a careful blend of traditional down-to-earth teaching and new technology. Computer-assisted instruction has been part of the center's program since 1983 and computers have been incorporated into the home tworing program.

Many have praised Eva for her work in adult education. Lloyd "Pete" Kelley, former Vermont Commissioner of Education, credits the success of adult basic education in the northeast part of the state on Eva's compassion for others, drive and determination. "She's the most selfless person I know," he adds.

Sandra Robinson, Vermont's chief of Adult Education, believes Eva epitomizes the sense of pride and genuine concern for individual circumstances that is so much part of the territory she serves. "She is a rare mix of political savvy, tenacious advocacy and long experience in the teaching profession."

Governor Richard Snelling values Eva's observations and respects the work she has done with Vermonters. "She has given me the kind of hard-headed, yet human advice which a governor needs in order to function."

Of her work and purpose, Eva says, "My one aim and pleasure is to meet someone who needs my help. I want to be able to make his or her life a little richer and more pleasant."



SAN DIEGO PROGRAM REDESIGNED TO MEET

The continuing education program at the San Diego Community College District has changed dramatically over the past four years as staff members have found better ways to meet the educational needs of their students.

Prior to 1980, siudents were placed in classes based solely on their proficiency in English or basic skills. Instruction, for the most part, was general with an emphasis on the basics. But the influx of refugee students from Vietnam, Laos and Cambodia called for a reassessment of the program.

Many of these students were not literate in their native language or English and many needed employment to support themselves and their families in as short a time as possible. Most were below poverty level and did not have occupational skills which were transferable to the local labor market.

The staff concluded that students' goals would be better realized if instruction were more carefully focused. They redesigned the program to satisfy three primary needs of their students. The program was strengthened to help students function effectively in urban America and succeed in vocational skills training or employment. A third objective was to assist students in continuing their education in a high school diploma program or entering a community college or university.

As a result of the restructuring, students are now placed in English-as-a-Second-Language (ESL) classes not only on the basis of their level of English proficiency, but also based on an evaluation of their educational backgrounds, needs and goals. Within this new program design, specific classes are offered which focus on life-skill competencies in the context of basic literacy, general survival and prevocational, vocational or academic ESL.

Staff members individualize programs for students in the Adult Basic Education (ABE) program based on an evaluation of their competency in basic and life skills and their personal goals and objectives. The ABE and ESL programs feed directly into the competency-based high school diploma or GED program.

ABE and ESL classes now comprise 50 to 55 per cent of the San Diego program. Students may enter at any time of the year and progress at their own rate. For many, the typical class schedule varies from three to six hours per day, five days a week. Students may also enroll in an independent learning center which provides greater flexibility in scheduling.

A determination of how well these students have done in achieving competency in these programs has been made possible through the development and implementation of the California Adult Student Assessment System (CASAS), a project funded under Section 310 of the



12

STUDENT GOALS

Adult Education Act and headquartered in the \$an Diego Community College.

District.

Enrollment of refugee students in the program has more than doubled in the past four years with total enrollment up by 50 per cent to 6,281. The number of classes has also doubled to a total of 235.

Students, instructors and ABE/ESL advisory committee members feel the new competency-based program has been effective in rneeting the immediate needs of students and helping them gain vocational skills and employment opportunities. They believe students are becoming self-sufficient through a relevant, continuous instructional program.



TREASURE ISLE

This double-wide trailer is a good example of how the business community and educators can cooperate to promote adult education. The Treasure isle Shrimp Company in Dover, Fiorida, purchased the trailer and found a location for it on company property. Treasure isle also purchased an EDL Reading Lab. The county school system furnishes instructors for the school, open to adults most of the day and evenings from 5:30 to 8:30. Materials and books are purchased through 306 Funds. Approximately 450 students have received their GED through the program.



RAISE-ING SELF-CONFIDENCE OF DISABLED ADULTS

An Arizona Exemplary 310 Project is, RAISE-ing students' sense of personal worth and self-confidence while developing their ability to attain self-sufficiency.

Established in 1980 to meet the basic educational needs of the disabled student, RAISE stands for Rehabilitative Adult Independent Skills Education. It is truly a unique project of the Pima County Adult Education Program that is filling a gap in the Tucson community's adult basic education services.

The program is aimed at mentally and/or physically disabled adults, including deaf, hard of hearing, blind, visually impaired, multiple handicapped and emotionally handicapped.

RAISE is an instructional model based on students reaching competency in the life skill areas of financial management, communications and language proficiencies, personal lealth proficiencies, social (work) proficiencies and prevocational proficiencies. Each knowledge area contains six related components with numerous teaching packets. The packets cover specific academic, daily living and work-related skills at varying levels.

The results of tests given to students after completing the RAISE materials have indicated that 92 per cent of the students made measurable progress directly affecting individual performance in daily life skills.

The initial concept of RAISE was developed and established under an Adult Education Act/Title III, Section 310

Demonstration Project. The project staff found a lack of adult-oriented teaching materials for educating the adult disabled. As a result, they developed the following:

- RAISE I Manual for educating
 Trainable Mentally Retarded (TMR)
 adults. The 143-page manual explains
 how to develop learning components
 and teaching packets as well as a
 bibliography of resources, course outline,
 pre- and post-tests, objectives, and the
 suggested sequence for presenting
 materials.
- Five sets of slides to supplement the RAISE I curriculum for TMR adults.
- RAISE II Manual for use with adults who are Educable Mentaliy Retarded (EMR), physically disabled or have multiple disabilities. The 284-page manual and 91-page addendum provide similar types of materials included in the RAISE I manual for these specific adult learners.
- Five sets of educational slides prepared for use with mentally and/or physically disabled adult learners to supplement RAISE II.
- Five audio-visual presentations for teaching mentally and/or physically disabled adults about such subjects as communication and language skills, living skills and nutrition.

The Project RAISE staff has shared the results of its project with other professionals nationwide. Approximately 500 RAISE I and II how-to manuals have been distributed. In addition, staff members have conducted statewide workshops demonstrating successful elements used in the project. The project has also



resulted in linking staff members with others assisting disabled adults in the Tucson community.

Their outstanding efforts have not been overlooked. The RAISE staff has received many plaudits for its work in educating disabled adults. Project RAISE was one of 11 programs in Arizona in 1982 to be validated by the State Department of Education. In 1981 and 1982 the Geodwill Industries of Tucson presented Project RAISE staff with Its Cooperative Agency of the Year Award.

Commenting about the project, Goodwill President Michael Buus cited the benefits of the program for their clients. "For many years Goodwill Industries suffered because of the lack of adult basic education courses," he explained. "Many of our clients, although making progress in vocational skills and work adjustment training, lacked the necessary basic educational skills to fully participate in the community or hold down competitive jobs. Project RAISE has filled the gap, not only for our clients but for other individuals in the community who are in need of these services."





LS EDUCATION <u>'</u> REHABIL



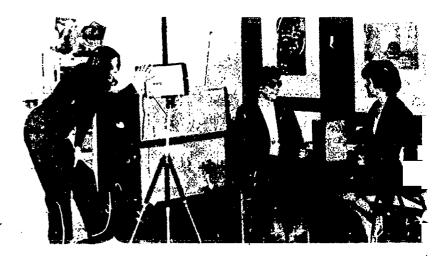
NASHUA CENTER STRIVES FOR STUDENT SUCCESS

The Nashua (New Hampshire) Adult Learning Center provides a caring atmosphere, weil-structured curriculum and services designed to help low-income and undereducated adults succeed in their education. Last vear the Center served approximately 1,500 individuals and many of these reached their goal of literacy, high school equivalency completion or employed worker.

The professional staff of this private no profit organization understands the needs of its students. To make it easier for students to continue their education, the staff has designed a curriculum of courses and programs that is interrelated and sequential. One of the most meaningful services provided through the Center is day care.

Aware that many prospective students stay away from classes because there is no one to care for their children or they cannot afford child care, the Center provides day care for children from 6 weeks to 6 years old year-round. The staff seeks to meet the emotional, social and educational needs of these children. Particular attention is given to developing basic readiness skills their parents may have missed. Transportation is also provided for students who live in the inner city and their children.

The Center has developed a series of quality educational and vocational programs geared to adults most in need. These include adult basic education classes, English as a Second Language, adult tutorial, high school equivalency,



vocational eductional counseling, training and community education courses. The staff knows how vitally important several of these support programs are in helping ABE students ease their way during their educational development.

The work of the coordinator of volunteer tutors, for example, is vital in many cases to a student's success. Trained volunteers from the community work with unaereducated adults so they may benefit from individualized instruction or receive educational assistance if they are housebound.

One of the best known and popular persons at the Center is the parenting coordinator. She counsels with parents on such topics as discipline, developmental stages of children, parenting during separation or divorce, step-parenting and the problems of teen-age parenthood.

The vocational counselor is available for individual and group vocational counseling. She conducts workshops that deal with job-seeking skills, life planning assertiveness and resume writing. She



also provides a homemaker re-entry program for unemployed women who are newly separated, widowed or divorced. The Center also makes available to students a computerized system to explore careers.

Vocational programs at the Center are

directed toward short-term training to give the student entry-level job skills. An office laboratory provides instruction in bookkeeping, typing, shorthand, keypunch, business math, business Eriglish, and word processing. A homemaker health aide training course is also coordinated through the Center.

FORT HAYES SERVES REFUGEES

The Fort Hayes Adult Education Center is reaching out to refugees in Arkansas. The center has the largest program in the state for refugee, serving 2,500 Vietnamese, 1,000 Larguins, 300 Hmongs and 250 Cubans.

The Center is one of 28 programs administered through the Fort Smith Public Schools in conjunction with the Adult Education Section of the Arkansas Department of Education.

Director Betty Morris and her staff of 10 professionals provide programs in Adult Basic Education (ABE) and General Adult Education for more than 1,500 adults each school year. Classes are also offered in English as a Second Language (ESL), and the staff helps prepare refugees for citizenship and how to adjust to their new culture.

The center also provides support services to job placement, career orientation, child care, vocational training and translation and interpreting. The staff publishes a monthly newsletter which is printed in five different languages.

The center has more than 20 satellite programs in ABE, ESL and GED. These programs are housed in apartment complexes, facilities in two neighboring

towns, alcohol rehabilitation centers, nursing nomes and churches.

The business program at the center provides training in business skills for approximately 250 adults each year enabling them to obtain employment. Many of the students taking advantage of this training are women who are entering the job market for the first time, because of divorce or death of a spouse.





WICHITA EDUCATORS WORK TOGETHER

Interagency cooperation and varied specialized programs are the hallmarks of the Dunbar Adult Center, which last year served approximately 2,000 economically disadvantaged adults in Wichita, Kansas.

The Dunbar Center, part of the continuing education program of the Wichita Unified Schools, works closely with local agencies, organizations and the area vocational school to meet the needs of its students.

Wichita's Adult Performance Level (APL) program was one of the first programs of its kind in the country. When students have completed the program's competency-based curriculum, they've earned a diploma from Wichita High School.

Life skills are an essential component of the center's Aault Basic Education (ABE) curriculum. ABE classes are offered in the mornings and evenings Monday through Thursday.

In a cooperative effort with the First Presbyterian Church of Wichita Catholic Charities Perpetual Help Center, the Dunbar Center offers limited-English speaking adults individual tutoring. Classes for students for whom English is a second language are provided through a volunteer program, which often includes grandparents.

The center's GED program offers not only GED preparation, but also a Wichita High School diploma upon completion of American government and history. Tutor-counselors also assist students who are studying at home for the GED.

Two ABE classes at the Dunbar Center are operated through Project TARGET, funded by 310 grant monies. The project

was designed to help ABE students achieve their goals more rapidly by targeting toward deficiencies related to these goals.

Dunbar and Timbers, a facility designed to provide the skills necessary to mainstream handicapped adults, have developed a specialized life-skills curriculum for the handicapped. Through this special arrangement, these adults are provided access to regular ABE and GED classes at the Dunbar Center.

The Dunbar staff also works with teachers at an area vocational school and the continuing education program to provide training in remedial skills at two basic skill centers. Students unable to qualify for vocational programs because of basic-skill deficiencies are referred to the pre-vocational basic skills program at the Dunbar Center. Here the students receive one-on-one training to gain the skills necessary for entrance into the vocational program.

Dunbar also teaches classes in basic reading for nonreaders and adults reading below the third-grade level. Instructors use phonics, sight words and context techniques to develop their students' reading ability.

The success of the Dunbar Adult Center is due to the diversity of its programming, an exceptional teaching staff, and commitment of Wichita's educational leaders to work together to help those less educationally advantaged achieve functional literacy. The program underscores the importance of strong ties between adult education and vocational education and a public school system that has encouraged program changes to help adults achieve success in basic education.



Glenna Williams Makes Dramatic Changes in Students' Lives

Home instructor Glenna Williams is truly affecting, not only educational growth, but also dramatic changes in the daily lives and future goals of those she serves. She has an innate ability to assist the students she serves.

For the past 11 years, Glenna has served as a home instructor in the Scioto Valley Local School's Adult Basic Education Program. Each working day, Glenna rises early, loads her car with instructional materials, and sets out on the hilly roads of rural Pike County, Ohio, to serve her home-based ABE students.

Glenn's daily routine involves visiting the homes of from six to eight adult students, who cannot attend the ABE Learning Center. She tutors approximately 35 students each week.

In some homes, more than one adult in the family is involved in the program. In some areas, she may arrange for two or three persons to meet and work together.

As part of a multi-year ABE Demonstration Project funded under the Appalachian Adult Education Center at Morehead (Kentucky) State University, Scioto Valley Schools developed a program to demonstrate the effective use of highly trained paraprofessionals to deliver Adult Basic Education services to under, and often uneducated, rural isolated adults.

Glenna was initially employed because of her background experiences, her knowledge of the community, and her demonstrated ability to meet and work with the clients she was to serve. She has developed a thorough understanding of the procedures, techniques, and effective selection and use of instructional materials used in the program.

Gienna has also been involved in the recruiting effort. From the first year to the present, there has been a waiting-list for home instruction services.

Realizing that other human and family needs often take precedence over educational needs, Glenna has been highly effective in giving and finding assistance for those students truly in need. She gives much of her own time and energy collecting food and clothing and/or contacting agencies and community groups to assist in alleviating personal and family problems. She is extremely tactful in her approaches to problem solving so as not to injure the pride of her students.

Dealing with adversity is a daily occurrence in Glenna's work: She carries a bag filled with stick candy, coloring books, and other items needed to occupy the children in many homes while she checks her students' past week's work or gives tutorial assistance in difficult learning sequences.

For Glenna, learning becomes a family affair Parents and children work together in the study and learning process. Glenna believes that a number of adults enroll in order to be better able to help their children with their public school studies.

To say that Glenna's home instruction program is a success would be an understatement. One needs only to look at the hundreds of hours of independent study logged by her students each year, their amazing academic gains and the numbers of students who successfully pass the GED Tests and receive their high school equivalency.

Each year Cenna has helped students to gain employment and leave the public assistance roles. Many others have better outlooks on life and are setting realistic longrange goals for themselves and their children.

Glenna Williams

THE COUNCIL AT WORK

COUNCIL MEETING SITES AND DATES

November 11–12,

1982 San Antonio, Texas Full Council Meeting

January 10–11, 1983 Sun City, Florida Governmental
Relations & LegislaCommittee
Meetina

January 26–28, 1983

Phoenix, Arizona

Full Council Meeting

March 24–25, 1983 Washington, D.C.

Literacy Awareness Committee Meetina

May 2–4, 1983 Washington, D.C. Full Council Meeting

August 15–17, 1983 San Diego, California Full Council Meeting

COUNCIL

Executive Committee

Nancy H. Hill, Chairperson Lily R. Ballan Patric Dorsey Patricia Smith Rawlein G. Soberano Kathleen Wilcoxson

Governmental Relations & Legislation Committee

Patric Dorsey, Chairperson Daniel E. Brennan, Sr. Joyce L. Gorringe M. Lester O'Shea Mary E. Strother

Program Effectiveness & Evaluation Committee

Kathleen Wilcoxson, Chairperson Patricia Smith J. Ben Trujillo

Program Liaison Committee

Lily R. Ballan, Chairperson Nancy H. Hill Mary S. Jackson Michael Marino Louis S. Ridgeway Ruth R. Thone

Literacy Awareness Committee

Patricia Smith, Chairperson Lily R. Balian Daniel E. Brennan, Sr. Joyce L. Gorringe Mary S. Jackson Ruth R. Thone

Council Chairperson is Ex Officio on all Standina Committees.



COUNCIL ACTIVITIES

Since the Council was sworn in by Secretary T. H. Bell in April 1982, the Council members have made 58 visitations, held four Council meetings and 15 committee meetings, took testimony from numerous Individuals, and studied extensive amounts of Information and supportive data.

The Program Effectiveness and Evaluation Committee conducted a survey of practitioners of adult education regarding their opinions on Senate Bill 2325, the proposed Consolidation Act. The results of that survey were shared with the participants and many of the comments are contained in this report.

The Governmental Relations and Legislation Committee wrote the Council's evaluation and response to the Consolidation Act, a summary of which is also included in this report.

The Program Liaison Committee members asked foundations and corporations for information on their literacy efforts. They also requested them to participate in the development of programs and legislation that will enable all adults who so desire to acquire the basic skills necessary to function in our society. The Chair of the Program Liaison Committee serves on the Roundtable on Adult illiteracy and the National industry Committee of the American Association of Adult and Continuing Education.

The Council also created an Adult Literacy Committee to study the causes and solutions of adult illiteracy. This committee is preparing an extensive report for publication in the near future.









PROGRAM VISITATIONS AND ASSOCIATION MEETINGS

October 1982

October 4
Nebraska Adult Educaton Advisory
Council
Lincoln, Nebraska

October 4-5
Los Angeles Unified School District
Los Angeles, California

Octobar 5 Haclenda LaPuente Unified School District Claremant, California

October 11–12 Coalition on Literacy Detroit, Michigan

October 14-15 Literacy Volunteers of America Conference Harrisburg, Pennsylvania

October 21–22
Local Programs
Concord, Manchester, Nashua, New
Hampshire

October 21–22 Community College Center for Adult Learning Pendleton, Oregon

October 27–29 Adult Education Workshop Oakland, California

October 28 Local Programs St. Johnsbury, Vermont

October 29 Arizona Adult Education Association Conference Tucson, Arizona

November 1982

November 19 Local Programs Dubuque, lowa

November 29-December 1 Adult Education Conference Airlie, Virginia

December 1982

December 7 Local Programs Waverly, Ohio

December 8 Local Programs Cincinnati, Ohio

December 9 Local Programs Louisville, Kentucky

January 1983

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January 6 Local Programs Luke AFB Litchfield Park, Arizona

January 6–7 Coalition on Liferacy Chicago, Illinois

January 26 Scottsdale Adult Learning Center & Marlcopa County Skill Center Scottsdale, Arizona

February 1983

February 1 Coalition on Literacy New York, New York

February 8
Mid Hudson Council on Continuing
Education
Tarrytown, New York

February 10 ABE/GED Program Visitation Columbus, Ohlo

Special Projects Rockford, Illinois

February 18 New Jersey Advisory Council on Adult Education Trenton, New Jersey

February 25
National Center for Research in Vocational Education
Columbus, Ohio



March 1983

March 7-10

California Adult Basic Education

Conference

San Francisco, California

March 8

Reg VII ESL Refugee Conference

Council Bluffs, Iowa

March 8

Governor's Advisory Council on Adult

Education

Montpeller, Vermont

March 18

Maryland Association on Adult/

Continuing/Community Education

Columbia, Maryland

March 23-25

Local Programs

Boston, Massachusetts

April 1983

April 4-5

Coalition on Literacy

New York, New York

April 7-8

National Conference on Job Training and

Employment

Columbus, Ohio

April 15

State Department Officials

Montpelier, Vermont

April 18

Federal Role in Education Conference

Washington, D.C.

April 21

State Community Education Advisory

Committee

Columbus, Ohio

April 21-22

Missouri Valley Adult Educaton

Conference

Des Moines, Iowa

May 1983

May 9-12

Commission on ABE Conference

Anchorage, Alaska

May 10

Governor's Advisory Council on Adult

Education

Waterbury, Vermont

May 13-14

Ohio Association of Adult Educators

Columbus, Ohio

May 20 & 24

Local Programs

Phoenix, Arizona

May 24

Vocational Education Hearings

Boston, Massachusetts

May 26

Barre Learning Center

Barre, Vermont

June 1983

June 1

Barre Learning Center

Barre, Vermont

June 1

Effective Schools Program

Columbus, Ohio

June 17-18

Texas Adult Education Association

Conference

Ft. Worth, Texas

June 21

Regional Forum on Literacy

Raleigh, North Carolina

July 1983

July 7

Coalition for Literacy

New York, New York

July 25

World Literacy of Canada

Toronto, Canada

August 1983

August 9-11

Southern Regional Conference on Adult

Education

Birmingham, Alabama

August 15

San Diego Community College Dist. &

Naval Training Center

San Diego, California

September 1983

September 6-7

Adult Literacy InItiative Conference

Washington, D.C.

September 14

National Advisory Council on Women's

Educational Programs

Washington, D.C.



THE ADULT EDUCATION ACT, AN HISTORICAL OVERVIEW

Federal funds for literacy programs were made available in 1918 with the passage of the immigration and Nationality Act, which assists public schools in providing English language, history, government and citizenship programs for carididates for naturalization. The federal role in this activity is limited to providing candidates with information about the availability of programs and providing schools with rextbooks and other curriculum materials.

The historic roots of basic educational skills programs for adults are more difficult to trace than those of employee development and manpower programs. This is due in part to the lack of general agreement about the meaning of the term "basic skills," and in part to the inclusion of basic education components in programs initiated for other purposes. The manpower and vocational education legislation described in the preceding section are examples of the latter situation.

The Smith-Lever Act (1914), which established the Cooperative Extension Service, is the first piece of major legislation requiring the matching of federal funds with state, local and/or institutional monies. Grants to states are provided for the purpose of helping people not enrolled in school to understand and utilize effective practices in farming, marketing, family living and community development. Programs are also available to assist adults in identifying and solving family and community problems. These services can appropriately be included in a listing of federally funded basic skills programs.

During the 1960's, Extension Service programs, which had previously focused attention on providing educational services to sole agricultural and rural problems, began to offer assistance to the urban poor and for the development of community resources in urban areas.

The Library Service Act (1956) brought public library programs to rural adults. The 1964 Library Services and Construction Act (amended in 1970) is of particular importance in the history of public adult education because the funds made available under these enactments stimulated the delivery of library services to economically and socially disadvantaged, handicapped, homebound and institutionalized adults.

Although these programs, and those described in the earlier sections of this study, have served millions of Americans, millions more were excluded from participation. Some adults lacked the basic educational skills necessary for participation; others were excluded because of their age, their geographical location, their labor market status or because of a physical or mental handicap. Even the G.I. Bill (the Veterans Readjustment Benefits Act), which opened new educational opportunities to many who were poor, was available only to those who were able to qualify for and enter military service.

In 1962, the Committee on Education and Labor, U.S. House of Representatives, conducted hearings on the need for categorical federal support for adult basic education. Two bills were then being considered that would have encouraged the development of state programs of adult basic education. In 1963, an Adult Basic Education Act was again proposed and defeated.

By 1964, although the general employment picture was improving, disproportionately high concentrations of unemployment remained for Blacks, for non-English-speaking adults and for the undereducated. Neither manpower development and vocational education programs nor fiscal and monetary policies were effective in altering this situ "":on. The Civil Rights Act (1964) :xacutive Orders that prohibited and subseque discrimination is an apployment practices based on race, sex, age, religion or national origin still left large numbers of adults with limited educational attainment at a competitive disadvantage in the labor market, and with the inability to take advantage of other social services generally available to the better educated segment of society.

With the passage of the Economic Opportunity Act (1964), the Adult Basic Education Program was established. This program sought to remedy the inequities of educational disadvantage by offering persons 18 years of age (16 years of age—P.L. 91–230: 1970) and older the opportunity to develop reading, writing, language and arithmatic skills to enable them to obtain or retain empicyment and otherwise participate more fully as productive and responsible citizens.

ERIC

Full Text Provided by ERIC

The Office of Economic Opportunity provided funds to the U.S. Office of Education to administer the program until the Adult Education Act (1966) placed the program entirely within the U.S. Office of Education.

At present, under provisions of P.L. 95–561, adult basic and secondary level educational programs are established in each of the fifty states, the District of Columbia, American Samoa, Guam, Puerto Rico, the Trust Territory of the Pacific Islands, the Virgin Islands, and the Northern Mariana Islands. Funds are available to state and local education agencies to meet the costs of instruction, to employ and train qualified adult educators, and to develop specialized curriculum and techniques appropriate for adult learners.

The 1978 amendments mandate the states, in unusually specific language, to conduct vigorous programs of outreach for those most in need of instruction in basic skills, to provide such assistance to these potential students as flexible schedules, transportation and child care help, and to consult with a broad range of public and

private interests and organizations in preparation of state plans and in their implementation.

The statute itself lists representatives of business and industry, labor unions, public and private educational agencies and institutions, churches, fraternal and voluntary organizations, community organizations, state and local manpower and training agencies, and representatives of special adult populations, including residents of rural areas, residents of urban areas with high rates of unemployment, adults with limited English language skills, and institutionalized adults as required to be involved in developing the plan and carrying it out "especially with regard to the expansion of the delivery of adult education services through those agencies, institutions, and organizations."

Enrollments in programs funded under the Adult Education Act have increased from 37,991 in fiscal year 1965 to almost two million people served by fiscal year 1980.

The section that follows summarizes the provisions of this legislation from 1964 to 1981.

SUMMARY OF MAJOR REVISIONS IN THE ADULT EDUCATION ACT 1966–1981

The major revisions in the Adult Education Act from 1966 to 1981 are reported in this section under the headings used in the legislation. The year and public law number have been included for each of the noted changes.

Statement of Purpose

P.L. 89–750 (1966): to encourage and expand basic educational programs for adults to enable them to overcome English language limitations, to improve their basic education in preparation for occupational training and more profitable employment, and to become more productive and responsible citizens.

P.L. 91–230 (1970): to expand educational opportunity and encourage the establishment of programs of adult public education that will enable all adults to continue their education to at least the level of completion of secondary school and make available the means to secure training that will enable them to become more employable, productive and responsible citizens.

P.L. 95-561 (1978): to expand educational opportunities for adults and to encourage the establishment of programs of adult education that will:

- enable all adults to acquire basic skills necessary to function in society,
- enable adults who so desire to continue their education to at least the level of completion of secondary school, and
- —make available to adults the means to secure training that will enable them to become more employable, productive, and responsible citizens.

Definitions

P.L. 89-750 (1366): Adult: any individual who has attained the age of eighteen.

P.L. 91–230 (1970): Adult: any individual who has attained the age of sixteen added definitions of academic education and institution of higher education

P.L. 93-380 (1974): added definition of community school program

P.L. 95–561 (1978): Adult: (to be served by adult education) adds who "lack sufficient mastery of basic educational skills to enable them to function effectively in society."

(Continued on next page)



ERIC

REVISIONS IN ADULT EDUCATION ACT-CONTINUED

Grants to States

P.L. 89-750 (1966); established a distribution formula based on the proportion of adults in the state who had completed five grades of school or less.

P.L. 90–247 (1968): provided a base allotment of \$100,000 for each state; federal share of the cost of programs in the Trust Territory of the Pacific Islands was set at 100 per cent

P.L. 91-23.) (1970): provided a base allotment of \$150,000 for each state; established a distribution formula based on the proportion of adults not enrolled in school and who do not have a certificate of graduation from secondary school; authorized an additional appropriation, not to exceed five per cent of the sums appropriated for programs to pay the cost of administration and development of the state plan

P.L. 93–380 (1974): reduced the allotment for Guam, American Samoa, the Trust Territory of the Pacific Islands, and the Virgin Islands from two per cent to no more than one per cent of appropriated funds. The Commonwealth of Puerto Rico was defined as a state for the purposes of this section.

Eligible Grant Recipiants

P.L. 90-247 (1968): private nonprofit agencies were included as eligible grant recipients

Special Experimental Demonstration Projects and Teacher Training

P.L. 89-750 (1966): not less than 10 per cent nor more than 20 per cent of funds appropriated be reserved to the Commissioner to make special project grants or to provide teacher training grants

P.L. 93-380 (1974): 15 per cent of the state grant was to be used for special projects and for teacher training

P.L. 95-564 (1978): not less than 10 per cent of the state grant must be used for demonstration and teacher training. Special demonstration projects are specified as those which:

—involve the use of innovative methods, including methods for educating persons of limited English-speaking ability, systems, materials, or programs which may have national significance or be of special value in promoting effective programs under this title, or

 involve programs of adult education including education for persons of limited Englishspeaking ability, which are part of community school programs, carried out in cooperation with other Federal, federally assisted, State, or local programs which have unusual promise in promoting a comprehensive or coordinated approach to the problems of persons with educational deficiencies.

State Plan Requirements

P.L. 91-230 (1970): provided that special emphasis be given to adult basic education programs

P.L. 93–380 (1974): four requirements were added:

-programs for institutionalized adults

 provisions for cooperation with manpower development and training programs, occupational education programs and reading improvement programs

-not more than 20 per cent of state grant funds can be used for adult secondary programs

 special assistance for persons of limited Englishspeaking ability by providing bilingual programs

P.L. 95–564 (1978): the law went into far greater detail in setting state plan requirements than earlier laws. These included:

—describe the means by which the delivery of adult education services will be significantly expanded through the use of agencies, institutions, and organizations other than the public school systems, such as business, labor unions, libraries, institutions of higher education, public health authorities, antipoverty programs, and community organizations;

-describe the means by which representatives of business and industry, labor unions, public and private educational agencies and institutions, churches, fraternal and voluntary organizations, community organizations, State and local manpower and training agencies, and representatives of special adult populations, including residents of rural areas, residents of urban areas with high rates of unemployment, adults with limited English language skills, and institutionalized adults, and other entities in the State concerned with adult education have been involved in the development of the plan and will continue to be involved in carrying out the plan, especially with regard to the expansion of the delivery of adult education services through those agencies, institutions, and organizations;

—describe the efforts to be undertaken by the



State to assist adult participation in adult education programs through flexible course schedules, convenient locations, adequate transportation, and meeting child care needs;

 provide that special emphasis be given to adult basic education programs except where such needs are shown to have been met in the State;

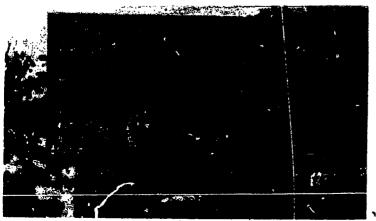
- —provide that special assistance be given to the needs of persons with limited English proficiency (as defined in section 703(a) of title VII of the Elementary and Secondary Education Act of 1965) by providing a bilingual adult education program of instruction in English and, to the extent necessary to allow such persons to progress effectively through the adult education program, in the native language of such persons, carried out in coordination with programs of bilingual education assisted under title VII and bilingual vocational education programs under the Vocational Education Act of 1963;
- —demonstrate that the special educational needs of adult immigrants in the State have been examined, and provide for the implementation of adult education and adult basic education programs for immigrants to meet existing needs.

National Advisory Council on Adult Education

P.L. 89–750 (1966): established an eight-member Advisory Committee on Adult Basic Education

P.L. 91–230 (1970): established a 15-member National Advisory Council on Adult Education





Improvement of Educational Opportunities for Special Populations

P.L. 92-318 (1972): added a section authorizing programs for adult Indians

P.L. 93-380 (1974): authorized special projects for the elderly

P.L. 95–561 (1978): authorized special projects for Indochinese refugees and adult immigrants

P.L. 97–35 (1981): repealed adult education program for indochina refugees

State Advisory Councils

P.1. 93-380 (1974): established state advisory councils

Research, Development, Dissemination, Evaluation and Information Clearinghouse

- **P.L. 95–561 (1978):** subject to appropriations, the Secretary of Education is authorized to conduct directly or through grants a wide variety of programs, including:
- develop new and promising approaches and innovative methods which are designed to address those problems and which may have national significance;
- determine, using appropriate objective evaluation criteria, which projects have achieved their stated goals and are capable of achieving comparable levels of effectiveness at additional locations:
- —disseminate throughout the nation information about those approaches or methods pertaining to adult basic education which are most effective, by establishing and operating a clearinghouse on adult education, and evaluate the effectiveness of the programs conducted under this Act.





STATE DIRECTORS OF ADULT EDUCATION

ALABAMA

Dr. Bob W. Walden Coordinator, Adult Basic Education 111 Coliseum Boulevard Montgomery, AL 36193 (205) 832–6860

ALASKA

Dr. Clark Jones
ABE/GED Supervisor
Alaska Department of Education
—Pough F, Alaska Office Building
Juneau, AK 99801
(907) 465–4685

ARIZONA

Mr. Sterling Johnson
Director, Adult Education
Arizona State Department of Education

4535 West Jefferson Street
Phoenix, AZ 85007

(602) 255–5281

ARKANSAS

Dr. Luther H. Black Director, Adult Education Section Arkansas Department of Education Room 505–D, State Education Bldg., West Little Rock, AR 72201 (501) 371–2263

CALIFORNIA

Dr. Donald A. McCune
Director, Adult Education
Field Services Section
State Department of Education
721 Capitol Mall
Sacramento, CA 95814
(916) 322-2175

COLORADO

Ms. Elizabeth Waggener
Senior Consultant
Adult Basic Education
Division of Adult Education
Colorado State Department of Education
300 West Chenango
Englewood, CO 80110
(303) 781–2615

CONNECTICUT

Mr. John E. Ryan, Chief Bureau of Community and Adult Education State Department of Education P.O. Box 2219 Hartford, CT 06145 (203) 566-4304

DELAWARE

Ms. Hazel J. Showell State Supervisor, Adult/Community Education P.O. Box 1402 J.G. Townsend Building Dover, DE 19901 (302) 736–4668

DISTRICT OF COLUMBIA

Dr. Tony Minus, Acting Director
Department of Adult & Continuing Education
D.C. Public Schools
601 15th Street, N.E., Room 101
Washington, D.C. 20002
(202) 724-4210

FLORIDA

Mr. John E. Lawrence, Administrator Adult & Community Education State Department of Education Knott Building Tallahassee, FL 32301 (904) 488–8201

GEORGIA

Dr. Helen Matthews Earles
State Coordinator
Adult & Community Education
Georgia Department of Education
Twin Tower East, Suite 1852
Atlanta, GA 30334
(404) 656–2608

HAWAII

Mr. Nobcru Hlga Administrator, Adult Education Department of Education Haione Elementary School 395 Pepeekeo Street Honolulu, Hl 96825 (808) 395–9451

IDAHO

Dr. Harold R. Goff Coordinator, Adult Education Idaho State Department of Education Len B. Jordon Office Building 650 W. State Street Bolse, ID 83720 (208) 334–2187



ILLINOIS

Mr. William E. Reynolds
Director, Adult Continuing Education Section
Illinois State Board of Education
100 N. First Street
Springfield, IL 62777
(217) 782-6978

INDIANA

Mrs. Mary G. Williams
Director, Division of Adult & Community
Education
Room 229, Statehouse
Indianapolis, IN 46204
(317) 927–0344

IOWA

Mr. Donaid L. Wederquist Chief, Adult Education State Department of Public Instruction Grimes State Office Building Des Moines, IA 50319 (515) 281-3671

KANSAS

Mr. Wes E. Pelsue Director, Adult Education Kansas State Department of Education 120 East 10th Street Topeka, KS 66612 (913) 296-3192

KENTUCKY

Mrs. Sharon Darling
Director, Adult Education Division
Office of Federal Programs
State Department of Education
Frankfort, KY 40601
(502) 564–3921

LOUISIANA

Mr. Gienn Gossett Director, Adult Education Louisiana Department of Education P.O. Box 44064, Capitol Station Baton Rouge, LA 70804 (504) 342-3510

MAINE

Mr. David S. McCullough Director, Division of Adult Education Division of Adult & Community Education State House Station – No. 23 Augusta, ME 04333 (207) 289–3367

MARYLAND

Ms. Judith A. Koloski
Chief Adult & Community Education Branch
Maryland State Department of Education
200 West Baltimore Street
Baltimore, MD 21201
(301) 659-2361

MASSACHUSETTS

Ms. Kathleen Atkinson, Director Student, Community & Adult Services Massachusett; Department of Education Quincy Center Plaza? 1385 Hancock Street Quincy, MA 02:59 (617) 770–7587

MICHIGAN

Dr. Ronald A. Gillum
Acting Deputy Director
Adult Extended Learning Services
Michigan Department of Education
P.O. Box 30008
Lansing, MI 48909
(517) 373–8425

MINNESOTA

Mr. Robert O. Gramstad, Supervisor Community & Adult Education Department of Education Room 639, Capitol Square Building 550 Cedar Street St. Paul, MN 55101 (612) 296–2587

MISSISSIPPI

Mr. William C. Box, Supervisor Adult & Continuing Education State Department of Education P.O. Box 771 Jackson, MS 39205 (601) 359–3495

MISSOURI

Mr. Elvin Long
Director, Adult Education
State Department of Elementary & Secondary
Education
213 Adams Street, P.O./Box 480
Jefferson City, MO 65102
(314) 751–3504

MONTANA

Mr. William Cunneen
Manager, Adult Education
Office of the State Superintendent
State Capitol Building
Helena, MT 59620
35

(Continued on next page)

ERIC

STATE DIRECTORS CONTINUED

NEBRASKA

Dr. Leonard R. Hiii
Director, Adult & Community Education
Nebraska Department of Education
301 Centennial Mail South
P.O. Box 94987
Lincoln, NB 68509
(4C2) 471-2016

NEVADA

Mr. Jerry O. Nielsen
State Superviso.
Adult Basic Education
State Department of Education
400 W. King Street
Carson City, NV 89710
(702) 885-3133

NEW HAMPSHIRE

Mr. Arthur Ellison Director, Adult Basic Education State Department of Education 101 Pleasant Street Concord, NH 03301, (603) 271–2247

NEW JERSEY

Mr. Barry Semple, Director
Bureau of Adult, Cont., & Community
Education
State Department of Education
3535 Quakerbridge Road - CN 503
Trenton, NJ 08619
(609) 292-6470

NEW MEXICO

Mr. Philip J. Felix
State Supervisor of Vocational Technical &
Adult Education
New Mexico Department of Education
Capitol Bullding
300 Don Gaspar
Sante Fe, NM 87501
(505) 827–6511

NEW YORK

Mr. Garrett W. Murphy, Director Division of Continuing Education New York State Education Department Washington Avenue Albany, NY 12234 (518) 474–5808

NORTH CAROLINA

Mr. Bobby Anderson
Director, Continuing Education Services
Department of Community Colleges
Education Building, Room 156
Raleigh, NC 27611
(919) 733-4791

NORTH DAKOTA

Mr. G. David Massey
Director, Adult Education
Department of Public Instruction
9th Floor, State Capitol Bidg.
Bismarck, ND 58505
[701] 224–2393 or 224–4567

OHIO

Mr. Harry R. Meek, Associate Director Adult & Community Education Division of Educational Services Ohio Department of Education 65 S. Front Street, Room 812 Columbus, OH 43212 (614) 466–4962

OKLAHOMA

Mrs. Mattie Harrison, Administrator Adui? Education Section Okiahoma Department of Education Oliver Hodge Memorial Ed. Bldg. 1 2500 N. Lincoln Boulevard, Rm. 180 Oklahoma City, OK 73105 (405) 521–3321

OREGON

Dr. Robert D. Ciausen, Director
Director, Community College instruction
Services
Oregon Department of Education
700 Pringle Parkway, S.E.
Salem, Oregon 97310
(503) 378–8560

PENNSYLVANIA

Dr. John Christopher, Chief
Division of Adult Education & Training
Programs
Department of Education
333 Market Street
Harrisburg, PA.17108
(717) 787–5532

RHODE ISLAND

Mr. Robert Mason Consultant, Adult Education State Department of Education 22 Hayes Street Providence, RL02908 (401) 277–2691



SOUTH JAROLINA

Mr. Walter Tobin
Director
Office of Adult Education
State Department of Education
Rutledge Building, Room 209
1429 Senate Street
Columbia, SC 29201
(803) 758-3217

SOUTH DAKOTA

Mr. Gene K. Dickson
Director, Adult Education
Division of Elementary & Secondary Education
KNEIP Building
Pierre, SD 57501
(605) 773–3219

TENNESSEE

Mr. Luke Easter, Director Adult & Continuing Education State Department of Education 114 Cordell Hull Building Nashville, Tennessee 37219 (615) 741–7012

TEXAS

Mr. Bob G. Allen, Director Division of Adult & Community Education Texas Education Agency 201 East 11th Street Austin, TX 78701 (512) 834–4266

UTAH

Dr. Brent H. Gubler Specialist, Adult Education Services Utah Office of Education 250 East 5th South Street Salt Lake City, UT 84111 (801) 533-5061

VERMONT

Ms. Sandra Robinson Consultant, Adult Education State Office Building Montpelier, VT 05602 (802) 828–3131

VIRGINIA

Dr. Maude Goiaston
Associate Director, Adult Education
Department of Education
Commonwealth of Virginia
P.O. Box 6Q
Richmond, Virginia 23216
(804) 225–2075

(Continued on next page)







STATE DIRECTORS CONTINUED

WASHINGTON

Mrs. Beret Harmon, Director
Adult Education & Community Schools
Division of Vocational-Technical & Adult
Education Service
Old Capitol Building
Olympia, WA 98504
(206) 753-6748

WEST VIRGINIA

Mr. Lowell W. Knight Supervisor, Adult Basic Euducation State Department of Education Building 6, Unit B-230 State Capitol Complex 1900 Washington Street East Charleston, WV 25305 (304) 348-6318

WISCONSIN

Ms. Charlotte Martin:
Supervisor, Adult Basic Education
Wisconsin Board of Adult, Vocational and
Technical Education
4802 Sheboygan Avenue
Madison, WI 53702
(608) 266-7992

WYOMING

Mr. Lloyd Kjorness Coordinator, Adult Education Wyoming Department of Education Hathaway Building Cheyenne, WY 82002 (307) 777–6228

AMERICAN SAMOA

Ms. Oreta Togafau, Director Continuing Education & Community Services American Samoa Community College Board of Higher Education President's Office – Mapusaga Campus P.O. Box 2609 Pago Pago, American Samoa 96799 (684) 639–9156

GUAM

Mr. Luther Myrvold, Dean Division of Careers & Public Services Guam Community College P.O. Box 23069 Main Postal Facility Guam, M.I. 96921 011-671 or 734-4311

PUERTO RICO

Ms. Myrlam Radriguez Assistant Secretary for Adult Education Department of Education P.O. Box 1028 Hato Rey, PR 00919 (£09) 753-6511

TRUST TERRITORY

Mr. Harold W. Crouch Chief, Office of Education Office of the Higher Commissioner Trust Territory of the Pacific Islands Salpan, Mariana Islands 96950 160–671 or 9312

VIRGIN ISLANDS

Mrs. Anna C. Lewis, Director Division of Adult Education Department of Education P.O. Box 6640 St. Thomas, VI 00801 (809) 774–5394

NORTH MARIANA ISLANDS

Mr. Luis M. Limes
Director, Adult Basic Education
Northern Marianas College
Commonwealth of the Northern Mariana
Islands
Salpan, MI 96950
160-671 - 7312



STATISTICAL DATA





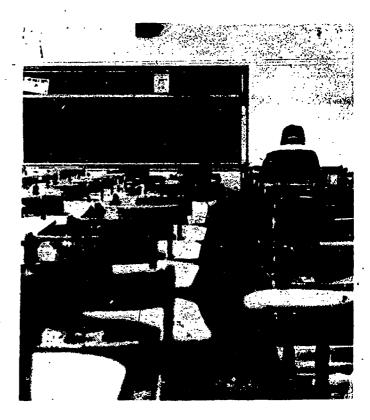




Table 1 FY 1965-1985 State Allotments, Adult Basic Education

	. FY 1965	FY 1968	FY 1967	FY 1888	FY 1969	FY 1970°	FY 1971*	FY 1872	FY 1873
FOTALS	\$18,812,000	\$18,878,003	826,280,000	\$20,590,000	\$38,000,000	\$40,000,000	\$44,875,000	\$51,134,000	874,834,000
lahama	579,267	300,584	825,067	901,330	1,072,101	1,199,378	1,353,404	1,353.404	1,493,366
llaska	20,000	25,000	50,000	126,288	131,891	136,550	141,671	166,536	211,717
Mizona	174,081	288,797	208,952	302,940	346,188	379.898	419,113	419,113	576,382
krkansas	316,910	76,039	451,385	538,398	631,826	701,583	785,866	785.866	919,559
California .	1,862,617	1,038,044	1,534,703	1,590,550	1,908,201	2,137,446	2,422,896	2 894.965	5.019.387
Colorado	92,896	90,656	132,314	228,507	255,893	275,835	300,470	425.700	€ 68.3 7
Connecticut	213,231	269,003	303,712	394.974	457,836	503.143	559,625	646,371	1,057.214
zonnechcut : :: Delaware	50,000	50,000	50,000	146,034	155,845	162,692	171 704	219 485	324.981
District of Columbia.	69,535	104,679	99,040	196,191	216,690	231.310	249.708	282.808	416,591
Florida	560,165	843,284	797,859	874,905	1,040,045	1,159,832	1,308.317	1,308,317	1 984:48€
		517,604	1,062,932	1,132,351	1,352,356	1,515,810	1,713.940	1,713.940	1,744,879
Beorgta	748,268	137,987	114,819	211,515	235,281	251,540	272 771	272 771	347,380
Hawait .	84,613	137,867	50,000	138,479	148,680	153,041	160 473	248,223	355,658
idaho	25,000	616,615	1,154,714	1,221,492	1,460,494	1,633,780	1,848,667	2,271,708	3,921,152
Illinois	962,007		1,154,714	486,403	568,749	630,936	705.322	1,071,829	1,806,896
Indiana	509,674	•				309,838	339,237	646,525	1,057,485
lowa	109,844	142,548	158,454	251,953	284,335 260,619	282,224	307,754	528,113	848,836
Kansas	95,711	43,424	136,324	232,402		1,019,688	1 148.538	1 148,538	1 472.691
Kentucky	601,447	1,202,880	687,872	768,082	910.457	1,414,980	1,599.212	1 599,212	1 599,212
Louisiana	824,745	1,078,634	989,954	1,061,473	1,266,373	204,502	219,144	328.342	496,828
Maine	54.880	55,000	78,167	175,918	192,097	204,502		777,671	
Maryland	307,287	89,179	437,578	525,086	615,678	682.321	763,906		1,288.571 1,896,158
Massachusetta	427,390	294,845	551,771	635,897	750,102	835,242	938.251	1,122,487	
Michigan	630,619	1,536,299	756,943	835,165	991,837	1,106,931	1.248.005	1,702.104	2,917,478
Minnesota	155,112	2,976	220,930	314,574	360,302	393,947	435.130	774,061	
Mississippi	٥	331,525	620,835	702,974	831,474	936,895	, 1,054,148	1,054,149	1,054,148
Mistouri	362,898	144,939	545,372	629,682	742,562	824,641	926.165	1,102,416	1,860,791
Montana	11,629	0	50,000	148,759	156,723	164,109	173.091	251,812	361,979
Nebraska	64,304	68,003	91,590	188,955	207,912	221,891	238.968	388.687	603,160
Nevada	50,000	45,500	50,000	117,374	121,076	123,829	127,168	180,362	236,078
New Hampshire	50,000	30,000	50,000	143,718	153,033	160,283	168.729	254,458	360,694
· ·		653,756	812,280	888,911	1,057,038	1,177,851	1,328,860	1,433.458	2,454,580
New Jersey	570,290	, 0	160,565	255,945	289,178	314,106	344.103	344,103	445,957
New Mexico	111,400 1,765,279	2,780,782	2,415,744	2,446,242	2,946,251	3,299,893	3.748.204	3.783.043	6,584,212
New York .	831,799	1,383,963	1,184,75	1,250,671	1,495,891	1,677,851	1,898,912	1,698,912	1,976,878
North Carolina	C0	62,269	58,354	156,875	168,753	177,469	188.322	257,625	372,221
North Dakota	. ,			1,013,522	1,208.203	1,351,381	1,526,703	2,094,595	3,609,067
Ohio .	660,369	42,270	940,582	415,620	482.882	531,447	591,894	620,400	1,011,451
Okiahoma	228,156	251,042	324,969	203,568	225.639	241,935	22 61,821	456.536	722,713
Oregon .	74,867	24,527	106,636 1,407,531	1,487.038	1,758,365	1,967,553	2,229,201	2.634,898	4,561.114
Pennsylvania .	988,206	371,810	108,793	205,683	228,181	244,389	264.619	331,396	502,211
Rhode Island	76,382	58,095	· ·			1,056,859	1.190.918	1,190.918	1 190 918
South Carolina	499,369	844,957	711,286	790,803	938.021	165,279	174.424	263,481	382 541
South Dakota	12,700	0	50,000	147,591	157,733	1,243,389	1 403 582	1 403 582	1,557,266
Tennessee	602,910	571,087	858,743	934,037	1,111,779	2,823,537	3,205,110	3,205,110	
Texas	1,433,423	2,480,313	2,041,667	2,082.928	2,505,509	152,742	160.132	2500	
Utah	50,000	70,000	50,000	138.05 9	148,169			208 698	•
Vermont :	50,000	79,364	50.000	· 125,774	131,267	135,709	140.7 /2		
Virginia	132,847	0	876,732	951,508	1,132.973	1,272,206	1,436,435	1,438 435	
Washington .	122,745	116,267	174,829	269,799	305.985	331,131	365.793	624.613	
West Virginia .	237,019	180,274	337,593	427,880	497.755	550,582	613.710	613.710 917. 3 75	
Wisconsin	25,869	. 02	376,123	465,302	543,151	600,785	670.924	168,843	
Wyoming	50,000	20,000	50,000	120,299	124,625	127,831	131.740		
American Samoa	0	0	22,600	6,118	7,200	8.000	35 900	40.907	
Guam	16,000	12,480	22,600	36,708	43,200	48,000	62.825	71 588	
No Mariana is	.0.000	0	0	0	0	0	0		
Puerto Rico	324,240	155,505	435,210	495,558	583,200	648.000	891 075	787 484	
Trust Territory	0	0	22,600	48,944	57.600	64 000	71 800	81 814	
riday remitory	16,000	16,480	22,600	24 472	28.800	32,000	, 5.960	40 907	59.bu/

SOURCE Department of Education

less than its FY 1972 grant amount

Footnotes te State Allotments Table

BEST COPY 34

¹Revised distributions after February and June 1966 realiotments

²Plus \$200,849 (FY 1968 altotment released in error and reinstated on a pay-only basis.)

Plus \$200.849 (FY 1968 altorment released in error and reinstated on a pay-only basis.)

**Distribution of \$40,000,000 with 2% (\$800,000) reserved for the outlying areas, and the balance distributed with a basic amount of \$100,000 to each State and D.C. and the remainder disdributed on the basis of the population 16 and over with less than 6 grades of school completed.

**Distribution of \$44,875,000 with 2 percent reserved for outlying areas, and the balance distributed to the 50 States and D.C. with a basic amount of \$100,000 and the remainder disdributed on the basis of the population aged 16 and over with less than 6 grades of school completed. (1960 Census) Allotment formula contained in P.L. 89 750 as ameniford instributed on the basis of those 16 and over who do not have a certificate of graduation froin high school (or its equivalent) and who are not currently required to be enrolled in school (1960 Census) Allotment formula contained in P.L. 91–230 with a provision in the Appropriation Act that no State shall receive less than its FY 1971 grant amount.

Distribution of \$74,834,000 on the same basis as 5 above.

Distribution of \$74,834,000 on the same basis as 5 above.

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**Distribution of \$74,8

						7Y 1980, FY 1981				
· FY 1074 ⁷	FY 1076*	FY 1878	FY 1977 ¹⁰	FY 1978 ¹¹	FY 1979 ¹²	A 1952	FY 1063	FY 1094 ¹⁸	FY 1005 ¹⁴	
	\$67,\$00,000	\$67,\$00,000	\$71,\$00,000	\$80,200,000	\$80,719,000	\$99,926,828	\$66,400,000	\$95,000,000	\$100,000,000	TOTAL\$
1,353,404	1,344,029	1,344,029	1,392,798	1,586,261	1,788,980	1,971,921	1,702,948	1,925,288	2,027,174	Alabama
177,747	190,545	190,545	209,863	220,993	231,019	240,062	226,766	240,095	245,265	Alaska
449,548	518,744	518,744	618,909	693,069	769,742	838,917	737,211	1,018,958	1,068,829	Arizona
785,806	827,612	827,612	869,018	981,748	1,099,144	1,205,087	1,049,323	1,266,460	1,288,240	Arkansas
3,415,416	4,517,430	4, 91 7,430	5,082,373	5,844,545	6,648,292	7,373,624	6,307,189	7,701,939	8,135,355	California
479,804	601,541	601,541	664,447	745,645	829,716	905,585	794,037	918,090	962,172	Colorado
704,768	951,493	951,493	1,003,002	1,136,384	1,276,806	1,401,245	1,216,522	1,219,745	1,281,139	Connecticut
239,449	274,483	274,483	302,725	328,167	353,315	176,008	342,842	358,911	370,901	Delaware
285,764	374,932	374,932	374,932	408,613	445,114	478,054	429,623	399,238	413,542	District of Columbia
1,561,101	1,788,037	1,786,037	2,291,735	2,623,761	2,972,918	3,288,007	2,824,738	3,930,125	4,147,071	Florida
1,713,940	1,570,391	1,570,391	1,791,143	2,047,162	2,314,934	2,556,582	2,201,294	2,639,472	2,782,348	Georgia
272,771	312,647	312,647	327,651	356,936	386,144	412,502	373,748	430,891	447,012	Hawaii
2R0,259	320,090	320,090	334,045	364,314	394,563	421,861	381,726	429,768	445,824	Idaho
2,342,597	3,529,037	3,529,037	3,529,037	3,981,153	4,521,894	5,009,881	4,292,409	4,393,598	4,637,144	Illinois
1,154,189	1,626,206	1,628,206	1,679,358	1,916,993	2,168,392	2,391,460	2,060,550	2,176,349		
646,525	951,736	951,736	951,738	1,008,595					2,292,644	Indiana
528,113	783,952	763,952	763,952	822,389	1,127,497 917,292	1,236,604	1,076,186	1,090,449	1,144,422	lowa
1,148,538	1,325,422	1,325,422	1,361,119			1,002,937	877,016	879,866	921,754	Kansas
1,599,212	1,439,291	1,439,291	1,439,291	1,549,701	1,747,260	1,925,544	1,663,418	1,932,301	2,034,590	Kentucky
328,729	447 145	447,145		1,585,529	1,788,144	1,970,992	1,701,158	1,968,393	2,072,753	Louisiana
			447,145	/33,240	530,275	572,721	510,314	546, 56 4	569,323	Maine
908,974	1,159,714	1,159,714	1,310,323	1,491,074	1,680,358	1,851,175	1,600,028	1,701,677	1,790,730	Maryland \
1,148,761	1,736,542	1,708,542	1,708,542	1,904,090	2,151,668	2,375,093	2,048,599	1, 995 ,679	2,101,605	Massachusetts.
. 1,849,308	2,625,728	2,825,728	2,725,471	3,124,352	3,544,162	3,923,015	3,365,999	3,424,486	3,612,414	Michigan
793,887	1,153,991	1,153,991	1,153,991	1,291,179	1,452,249	1,597,605	1,383,893	1,397,549	1,469,147	Minnesota
1,054,148	94 8 ,731	948,731	948,731	1,055,134	1,182,837	1,298,177	1,128,670	1,310,780	1,377,399	Mississippi
1,139,299	1,674,712	1,674,712	1,674,712	1,891,128	2,136,877	2,358,650	2,032,584	2,121,229	2,234,360	Missouri
257,088	325,781	325,781	329,272	358,807	388,278	414,875	375,771	384,760	398,233	Montana
392,945	542,844	542,844	542,844	594,779	657,556	714,200	630,914	323,518	650,693	Nebraska
211,517	212,470	212,470	260,692	279,655	297,955	314,489	290,188	390,132	403, 113	Nevada
268,997	330,025	330,025	347,194	379,491	411,882	441,113	398,135	442,721	459,521	New Hampshire
1,588,290	2,209,212	2,209,212	2,332,653	2,870,986	3,⊍2€,806	3,347,912	2,875,800	2,867,685	3,023,657	New Jersey
344,103	402,261	402,261	423,201	467,213	511,965	552,390	492,985	597,121	622,782	New Mexico
3,851,674	5,925,791	5,925,791	5,925,791	6,602,287	7,512,984	8,134,833	7,126,494	6,802,303	7,184,087	New York
1,898,912	1,780,990	1,780,990	2,053,630	2,348,955	2,659,323	2,939,411	2,527,606	2,938,791	3,098,843	North Carolina
257,945	334,999	334,999	334,999	360,295	389,977	416,763	377,380	377,990	391,075	North Dakota
2,210,061	3,248,160	3,248,160	3,277,411	3,781,368	4,271,088	4,731,080	4,054,768	4,097,674		
665,854	910,306	910,306	944,441	1,068,797	1,198,479	1,315,509	1,143,443	1,289,704	4,324,236	Ohlo
502.645	650,442	650,442	698,820	785,316	874,987	955,909	836,931	925,619	1,355,113	Okiahoma
2,634,898	4,105,003	4,105,003	4,105,003	4,462,641	5,071,342	5,620,657	4,813,015	4,740,345	970,133	Oregon
348,369	451,990	451,990	466,646	517,354	569,204	615,995	547,199	551,451	5,003,792	Pennsylvania Charle Intend
1,190,918	1,071,826								574,490	Rhode Island
	•	1,071,826	1,109,330	1,259,102	1,415,645	1,556,915	1,349,210	1,628,090	1,710,805	South Carolina
264,081 1 403,582	344,287 1 491,557		344,287	370,952	402,138	430.281	388,903	388,982	402,697	South Dakota
3,205,110		1,491,557	1,573,687	1,795,034	2,027,219	2,236,752	1,928,682	2,287,251	2,409,911	lennessee
282,545	2,281,437 338,150	3,281,437	3,803,208	4,368,210	4,963,583	5,500,870	4,710,912	5,901,267	6,231,341	Texas
		338,150	367,583	403,023	438,736	470,964	423,580	482,222	501,288	Utah
215,763	257,409	257,409	267,060	287,029	306,369	323,523	298,161	314,497	323,937	Vermont
1,438,435	1,489,781	1,489,781	1,667,312	1,903,090	2,150,527	2,373,823	2,045,517	2,358,591	2,485,451	Virginia
684,134	916,988	916,988	971,951	1,100,547	1,234,711	1,355,785	1,177,773	1,295,356	1,381,090	Washington
613,710	835,680	835,680	835,680	690,978	955,562	1,089,943	951, i77	1,050,749	1,102,444	¹ West Virginia
954,079	1,381,265	1,381,265	1,381,265	1,569,419	1,769,760	1,950,556	1,684,737	1,740,179	1,831,441	Wisconsin
190,514	222,750	222,750	229,083	243,174	256,325	268.193	250,744	273,236	280,308	Wyoming
42,629	79,863	79,883	1,123,695	139,265	156,998	139,265	133,359	139,265	139,265	American Samoa,
74,601	139.762	139,762	217,360	244,720	275,880	244,720	231 837	244,720	244,720	Guant
0	0	0	0	0	0	0	68,760	72,375	75,064	No. Mariana Is.
820,604	1,037,200	1,037,200	1,236,885	1,408,318	1,583,639	1,743,661	1,508,356	1,923,766	2,025.564	Puerto Rico
85,257	159,727	159,727	250,250	281,750	317,624	313,451	246,030	283,804	311,904	Trust Territory
	79,863	79,863	123,695	139,265	158,998		184,014	209,836	2.140.4	

Bustribution of \$67,500,000 to each State, D.C., and Puerto Rico at 90% of the 1970 grant amount. The distribution to the other four outlying areas was prorated up from 90% of the 1973 grant amount. The Allotment formula contained in Section 305(a) of P.L. 91-230 as amended by P.L. 93-380 was not used because the appropriation amount was inadequate to make such a distribution and also comply with the provision in Section 313(a) of the Act that grants to each State shall not be less than 90% of the grants made to such State in FY 1973.

⁹Distribution of \$67,500,000 on the same basis as above.

minimum for States and \$25,000 for insular Areas, or 4.0118% of FY 1984 altotment, whichever is greater

14 FY 1985 maximum altowable for State administration on a nationwide basis = \$4,761,905 (5 of 105 parts × \$100,000,000). State computations for FY 1985 based cn \$50,000 minimum for States and \$25,000 for insular Areas, or 4,0664% of FY 1985.



¹⁰Estimated distribution of \$71,500,000 with 1% (\$715,000) reserved for the outlying areas and the balance distributed with a basic amount of \$150,000 to each State, D.C. and Puerto Rico, and the remainder distributed on the basis of those 16 and over with less than a high school diploma, (1970 Census), with no State receiving less than 90% of its FY 1973 amount. The distribution to the areas was based on FY 1974 distribution of funds to those areas.

¹¹Estimated distribution of \$80,500,000 with 1% (\$805,000) reserved for the out/ing areas and the balance distributed with a basic amount of \$150,000 to each State, D.C., and Puerto Rico, and the remainder distributed on the basis of those 16 and over with, assistant a high school diploma (1970 Census), with no State receiving less than 90% of its FY 1973 amount

¹⁹⁷³ amount

12 Estimated distribution of \$90,750,000 with 1% (\$907,500) reserved for the outlying areas and the balance distributed with a basic amount of \$150,000 to each State, D.C., and Puerto Rico, and the remainder distributed on the basis of those 18 and over with less than a high school diploma (1970 Census)

Puerto Rico, and the remainder distributed on the basis of those 18 and over with less than a high school diptoma (1970 Census)

13 FY 1984 maximum allowable for State administration on a nationwide basis = \$4,523,609 (5 of 105 parts x \$95,000,000). State computations for FY 1984 based on \$50,000 minimum for States and \$25,000 for Insular Areas, or 4 0118% of FY 1984 allotment, whichever is greater.

Table 2
Estimated Expenditures, FY 1981
State-Administered Program
Adult Education Act, Pub. L. 91–230, as Amended

		State/		Percent	Renk based o
itate er Ferritory	Federal	Local	Tetal	Match	State/Local Matchir
	00.274.882	105,103,481	204,478,344	51.407	
Total:		432,500	2,404,421	17.988	27
labama	1,971,921		392,908	39,451	15
liaska	237,902	155,006		15.982	31
rizona	838,917	159,578	998,495		13
rkansas	1,205,087	846,609	2,051,696	41,284	
California	7,373,824	53,472,123	60,845,747	87 ′8 81	1
	004.505	224 604	1,127,179	19.659	25
lolorado	905,585	221,594	2,313,122	39.422	16
Connecticut	1,401,245	911,877		15.232	32
elaware	375,361	67,400	442,481		14
lorida	3,2 88,007	2,249,291	5,52 ~,29 8	40,821	
Beorgia	2,555,167	360,000	2,915,187	12,349	37
	412.002	614,859	1,026,952	59.872	6
lawaii	412,093	45,000	466,861	10.000	52
daho	421;861		5,609,881	10.695	41
cionII	5,009,881	600,000		71.810	4
ndiana	2,377,301	8,055,703	8,433,004		5
owa .	1,236,604	2,000,936	3,237,540	61 804	5
(0000	1,002,937	167,992	1,170,929	14 347	34
Cansas	1,925,544	213,949	2,139,493	10.000	47
Kantucky		1,970,246	3,940,492	50.000	10
_ouisiana	1,970,248		788,294	27.347	21
Maine	572,721	215,573		30.969	19
Maryland	1,841,653	826,205	2,667,868	30.909	1.5
Massachusetts	2,375,093	2,061,603	4,436,696	° 46.467	11 ,
	3,923.015	4,725,615	8,648,630	54 640	8
Michigan		198,900	1,798,505	11 07 1	40
Minnesota	1,597,605	155,460	1,453,637	10.695	42
Mississippi	1,298.177			12.274	38
Missouri	2,358,650	330,000	2,688,650	12.27	-
Montana	414,874	208,206	623,080	33.416	18
	714,209	139,379	£33, 588	16.329	30
Nebraska		53,000	367,468	14.423	33
Nevadu	314,468	48,918	489,182	10.000	49
New Hampshire	440,264		3,747,912	10 673	43
New Jersey	3.347,912	400,000	3,747,012	10010	-
New Mexico	552,390	434,100	986,490	44.005	12
	8,334,833	2,361,879	10,696,712	22.080	23
New York		326,601	3,266,012	10.000	46
North Carolina	2,939,411	58,841	473,804	12.002	39 '
North Dakota	416,763		5,734,655	27.468	20
Ohio	4,159,472	1,575,183	5,754,000	27.400	
••••	1,315,509	140,564	1,484,073	10.147	45
Oklahoma	1,315,508	4,039,615	4,995,524	80.865	3
Oregon	955,909		6,278,160	10.473	44
Pennsylvania	5,820,657	657,503	712,193	13.507	36
Rhode Island	- 615,995	96,198			22
South Carolina	1,556,915	542,870	2,099,785	25.354	22
Courth Dehote	430,281	47,802	478,083	10.000	51
South Dakota	2,236,752	368,124	2,604,876	14.132	35
Tennessee		7,190,690	12,678,713	56 715	7
lexas	5,488,023		3,801,357	87 623	2
Utah	470,491	3,330,866		10.000	50
Vermont	323,823	35,980	359,803	10.000	•
Marina	2,373,823	496,237	2,870,060	17 290	29
Virginia		382,450	1,738,235	22.002	24
Washington	1,355,785	688,854	1,776,266	38 781	17
West Virginia	1,087,412		4,199,649	53.554	9
Wiscontin	1,950,556	2,249,093		19 037	26
Wyoming	262,068	61,622	_323,690	15 507	
O i of Columbia	478,054	53,117	531,171	10.000	48
D i of Columbia F to Rico	1,743.661	0.	1,743,661	. •0-	53
				^	54
American Samoa	139.285	0	139,265	-0- 17 461	28
Guam	244.720	51,770	296,490		
Nr. Mariana la	73,172	-0 -	73,172	·0·	55
		. 0-	312,077	-0 .	56
Tru : Territory	312,077	٠.	229,392	. 0.	57



Table 3 1981 Level of Effort (Based on Number Served) in Relation to Total Need, by State

		Tetal Heed	No. Served	
Rank	State	(1980 Cenese)	1981	Percen
	Florida	2,882,496	503,611	18.774
	District of Columbia	176,867	22,951	12.976
	Ha.:ail	199,329	21,585	10.829
•	Alaska	63,934	6,854	10.720
	Utah	235,755	22,351	9.481
	South Carolina	1,047,480	79,280	7.569
1	Idaho	193,532	14,348	7.076 7.076
1	California	5,359,094	376,387	
1	Oregon	550,404		7.023
0	North Carolina	1,979,014	27,169	4.936
1.	New Mexico	31 7,29 1	88,841	4.489
2	lowa		13,236	4.172
3	Vermont	667,372	27,729	4.1f .
4	Texas	116,732	4,540	3.889
5		4,081,261	154,920	3.796
6	Alabama	1,259,800	48,451	3. 6 87
7	Georgia	1,768,608	53,191	3.011
	Wyoming	87,452	2,572 .	2.941
8	Connecticut	759,125	22,288	2.936
9	Kansas	517,938	15,084	2.908
0	Maryland	1,101,119	30,892	2.806
1	New Jarsey	1,928,555	48,716	2.526
2	Missouri	1,396,846	34,965	2.500
3.	South Dakota	169,589	4,178	2.464
4.	West Virginia	639,200	15,663	2.450
5	Puerto Rico	1,258,720	30,030	
₿.	New Hampshire	207,724	4,692	2.386
7	Rhode Island	284,882	6,424	2.355
8.	Michigan	2,323,679	·	2.255
9	Nevada	170,405	50,744	2.184
0	Kentucky		3,716	2.181
- 1	Illinois	1,264,777	26,127	2.066
2	New York	3,011,391	61,626	2.048
3		4,720,684	95,539	2 024
•	Washington	812,781	15, 99 8	1.968
•	Nebraska	336,023	8,577	1.957
	Montana	158,593	3,242	1.948
3.	Virginia	1,567,357	30,341	1.936
7	Colorado	545,061	10,383	1 905
3	Ohio	2,801,394	52,136	1.861
9	Tennessee	1,516,561	28,105	1.853
)	Oklahoma	806,770	14,787	1.828
	Minnesota	885,300	16,026	1.810
!	Indiana	1,437,961	25,552	1.777
i	Maine	281,414	4,813	1.710
	Arizona	615,640	10,363	
i	North Dakota	161.789		1.681
i.	Massachusetts .	1,309,752	2, 59 7	1.605
•	Mississippi		20,772	1.588
1	Wi₃sissippi Wi₃consin	823,7 26	13,037	1.583
· I		1,128,441	18,250	1.440
, }	Louisiana	1,290,389	15,469	1 199
	Pennsylvania	3,257,454	37,544	1 153
1	Delaware	148,250	1,689	1 139
2	Arkansas	763,890	8,503	1,113

Source Dept of Education



Table 4
Number of Agencies, institutions, and Organizations Used to Provide Adult Education and Support Services, FY 1981

State of Territory		andres try		Community/ Jr. Colleges	Colleges & Universities	Hose first	Charrehas	Fraternall Secent Org.	Voluntary/ Comms. Orgo.	Manpower/ Trg. Apparoles	Health Agenoles	Vocational Toch. Schools	Libraries	Inst. for Konclosepoed	Cerreotienal Insta	Lacal educi. agencies	Anti-poverty Pregrams	Other -* Public	Other - Private	Other.	-1 eta
Yetalı	32	76	175	503	476	683	3074	348	1818	1171	874	929	1054	890	794	2589	810	1232	312 / .	1868	22,874
Alabama .	2	249	7	53	32	64	285	38	138	64	67	86	80	56	49	164	63	214	18	897	2624
Alaska		NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NÁ	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA 040
Arizona - '		10	3	8	6	5	5	_ -0 -	17	19	8	3	٠0٠	13	9	25	10	10	4	57 6	212 368
Arkansas		74	3	3	3	16	44	9	20	36	27	11	12	14	11	40	10	20 NA	NA NA	NA	NA NA
California	į	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	110	140
							A1.A	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA
Colorado		NA 54	NA 13	NA 15	NA 22	NA 15	NA 76	20	116	50	22	28	27	38	6	120	37	22	20	13	716
Connecticut Delaware		NA	NA	NA.	NA	NA.	NA.	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA
Fiorida		NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA
Georgia		196	10	18	21	30	259	21	59	35	35	44	51	39	47	184	32	52	-0-	•	1133
G40, 9, 10			-													_	_		-	-	200
Hawali		•	12	8	8	8	0	5	110	4	7	33	47	5	3 8	7 46	5 27	10 34	7	29 3	308 323
Idaho		38	5	4	13	7	31	6	24	27	12	8	18 NA	11 NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA NA
Illinois		NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA NA	NA NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA
Indiana		NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA cc	NA	NA m	NA B	NA 15	.9	102	24	152	35	71	12	140	971
lowa		130	15	15	13	32	73	20	36	39		13	,,,	102	~~	102	-	• •			
Kansas		20	•	25	15	26	45		17	21	16	34	24	23	31	85	20	11	4	5	431
Kentucky:		34	4	8	4	13	- 51	4	62	57	24	27	33	12	13	37	17	12	4.	42	458
Louisiana		193	6	18	27	32	359	17	55	26	28	30	31	15	25	80	17	45	20	15	1029
Maine		61	٠0٠	7	21	18	35	10	37	32	35	19	40	36	9	44	55	26	19	35	539
Maryland		71	₽.	4	16	18	24	•	0	45	8	11	21	9	24	24	•	112	16	•	403
							••		400	440	22	18	69	34	43	119	38	30	7	50	1111
Massachusetts		108	6	87	56 8	40 48	65 122	33 11	186 148	1 19 72	23 83	7	50	59	36	11	84	72	10	391	1353
'Michigan		132	20	9 34	22	36	264	1	156	89	90	41	77	43	39	179	71	82	17	1,8	1553
Minnesota		287	7	9	5	42	165	14	53	35	47	49	50	13	15	99	36	41	9	6	839
Mississippi		145 185	12	18	31	31	162	10	75	60	21	24	33	44	38	203	21	10	12	8	998
Missouri		100	12		٠.	•			_	••									_	_	
Montana	4	720	9	8	9	8	46	•	15	18	12	8	11	9	15	48	21 24	13 44	5 7	9 7	
Nebraska		102	•	16	10	12	41	8	44	19	13	2	25	11	16 2	85 6	1	1	φ.	•	
Nevada	F	7	2	5	2	3	5	1	5	3	2	.	2 32	5 11	10	75	14	32	17	. 3	
New Hampshire		75	5	9	30	15	66	9 NA	47 NA	25 NA	29 NA	11 NA	NA	NA	NA.	NA.	NA	NA	NA	NA	
New Jersey		NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	130	117	110	1177	•••	•••	•••					
New Mexico		NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NΑ	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	
New York		NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	
North Carolina		NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	: NA	NA	NA	NA	
North Dakota		-0-	•	5	1	1	1	•	3	.0-	-0-	2	2	Φ.	3	33	-O-	3 NA	-O- NA	.0. NA	
Ohio		NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA.	NA	110	147
					414		A.I.A.	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	N.A
Okiahoma		NA 19	NA 4	NA 21	NA 4	NA 11	NA 36	4	62	47	24	8	14	16	22	108	35	33	10	1	479
Oregon		6	•	7	6	24	∞	•	1	•	4	27	٠0٠	31	70	214	٠0٠	6	14	50	450
*Pennsylvania Rhode Island		NA	NA.	NÁ	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NÁ	NA	NA	NA		NA	
'South Carolina		19	1	5	12	9		15	23	16	7	15	14	23-	12	31	9	8	15	2	266
																		8	3	•	288
South Dakota		20	1	8	12	5		5	17	18	18	31	26 77	11 88	20 35	57 132	-0- 48			28	
Tennessee		559	9	23	14	47		29	147	73	68	63	NA NA	NA	NA	NA	NA			NA	
Texas		NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA NA	NA NA	NA NA	NA NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA			NA	
Utah		NA	NA O	NA 1	NA 10	NA -O-	NA -O-	NA 2	NA 15	1	1	8	5	2	5	4	5			•	
Vermont		3	•	•	10	•	~	•	10	•	·	•	•	_							
*Virginia		188	7	48	27	30	275	24	79	59	85	58	70	54	77	83	44				
'Washington		23	7	29	5	7		10	26	29	18	11	22	24	22	45	25				
West Virginia		NA	NA	NA	NA	NA		NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA ~	NA 40	NA 22				
Wisconsin		204	٢	5	8	24		11	22	30	31	193	49	36	20 NA	40 NA	22 NA				
Wyoming		NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	. NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	MA	MA	MA	175	. 177	17/	
Dies of Columbia		25	1	٠0٠	1	٠ 5	. 1	4	.	1	5	1	1	2	31	5	2				
Dist of Columbia Puerto Rico		25 NA	NA	NA NA	NA	NA		NA NA			NĂ	NA	NA	NĀ	NA	NA	NA		NA.	NA	N,
American Santos		2	•	1	•	0				0	0	3-	0	٥	1	1 t	0		_		
Guam		•	•	1	1	-0-		Φ.		.	-O-	1	-0- NA	1 NA	1 NA	NA NA		_		_	
No Mariana is		NA	NA	NA	NA	NA					NA	NA	NA		NA NA	NA NA					
Trust Territory		NA	NA	NA	NA	NA					NA A	NA	NA 2		2			_			
Virgin Islands		8	1	∙	1	1	1	-0-	1	2	•	2	2	❖	-	•			•	•	•



Table 5
Number of Agencies, institutions, and Organizations Providing ESL or Bilingual Education, FY 1981

State or Territory		Business & Industry		Community! Jr. Celleges	Calleges & Universities	Bespitate	Charobas	Proternal Sereral Org.	Vetentary! Comm. Orge.	Empower! Trg. Agencies	Health Agencies	Vocationali Toch. Schools	Libraries	inst. for Hamiltonpped	Correctional Insta.	Local educi.	Anti-peverty Pregrams	Other	Other	Other.	3
Totali		90	9	80	44	53	218	25	110	46	38	66	43	37	31	236	- 52	50	26	58	1312
Alatama		1	-0-	4	1	2	1	٠	3	٠0-	•	1	1	2	1	4	1	2	Φ.	2	26
Alaska		NA	NA	NA	NA	NA.	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA.	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NĀ	NA	NĀ	NA
Arizona Arkansas		- 0 -	ф ф	<u>.0.</u> 1	Φ.	•	Φ.	•	•	Φ.	•	0	٠0٠	•	•	٠0٠	-0-	٠0٠	-0⋅	-) .	٠0٠
California		NA	NA.	NA	-O- NA	-Q- NA	-Q- NA	-0· NA	-O-	•	-0.	1	٠0٠	. 0.	-0-	5	•0-	3	٠0٠	٠0٠	10
		170	1177	17/1	ITA	170	IVA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA .	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA
Colorado		NA	NA	NA	NA	-NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA
Connecticut		1	1	3	1	2	6	3	3	4	0-	1	4	Φ.	4	7	7	4	40.	1	40
Delaware Storida		NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA
Florida Georgia		NA -0-	NA -O-	NA -O-	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA.	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA
Cachigha			•	•	•	4	6	3	•	1	1	3	1	•0-	•	4	1	•	•	•	20
Hawaii		•	٠0٠	٠0٠	4	٠.	•	•	1	4	Φ.	Q.	٠0٠	٠0.	٠0٠	٠0٠	Φ.	5	5	٠0٠	11
Idaho		7	4	1	3	1	5	•	1	4	4	1	2	1	ō.	7	ō.	ŏ.	5	2	36
Illinois		NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA
Indiana		NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA.	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA
iowa		2	. 6	2	1	6	3	4	2	3	4	8	8	8	0	1	2	-0-	-0-	10	70
Kansas		4	•	9	1	6	11	5	4	1	3	1	3	Φ.	4	5	1	3	1	٠0.	60
Kentucky		•	•	40-	•	٠٥٠	4	ō	0	•	Ď.	٠.	ŏ	ě	٥.	ŏ	٠Ô.	•	٠,	4	58 -0-
Louisiana		•	4	•	•	•	- 0-	•	4	4	0	٠0٠	0	ō.	ō.	ō.	٠٥٠	Ŏ.	Ď.	÷.	5
Maine Maryland		2	Φ.	1	7	•	3	•	1	3	1	0	4	•0•	٠0٠	6	3	1	-0-	3	35
Merytalio		•	•	•	•	•	0 -	•	•	0	-0-	•	٠0٠	•	-0-	. 0.	٠0٠	•0-	٠0٠	•	-0 ·
Massachusetts		•	٠0٠	4	0-	Φ.	0	4-	•	-0-	0-	4	-0-	٠0٠	٠0.	٠0٠	٠0٠	٠0.	4	٠0.	٠0.
•Michigan ·	`	7	-0⋅	3	3	٠0٠	31	٠0٠	15	6	3	ō.	5	7	1	2	1	14	1	5	104
Minnesota	<i>'</i>	54	, - 0-	5	3	10	27	2	22 ໍ	11	11	11	•	5	3	32	8	4	٠0٠	4	208
Mississippi		•	•	2	Φ.	3	5	•	٠0٠	0	•	11	•	-0-	•	1	٠0-	•	-0 -	-0 -	22
Missouri	\	1	·O·	1	4	•	20	•	6	2	1	1	4	•	•	6	2	-0∙	•	2	46
Montana	<i>i</i> /	4	.	2	1	٠.	6	.	1	Φ.	1	•	•	4	4	3	٠0.	•	1	1	16
Nebraska	$i \setminus$	1	•	4	3	2	8	1	7	0	•	4	2	4	Ď.	9	2	2	i	o.	42
Nevada	1	\. . •	•	3	5	6	•	•	5	1	2	-0-	2	3	2	5	1	1	٠0٠	٠0٠	36
New Hampshire Naw Jersey		5 NA	-O-	1	2	1	13	•	4		Φ.	Φ.	2	Φ.	0	23	∙0•	٠0٠	٠0٠	•	51
Hew Delady		NA.	NA	. NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA
New Mexico		NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA
New York		NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA
North Carolina		NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA
North Dakota Ohio		-Ç- NA	-O- NA	.	-O- NA	-	2	Φ.	Φ.	•	Φ.	Φ.	4	-0 -	•	8	4	•	0	-0∙	10
O i ii O		NA	IVA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA
Oklahoma		NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA
Oregon		٠0٠	4	7	1	•	3	•	3	3	4	1	٠0٠	-0 -	0-	٠0.	٠0٠	-O-	•	•	22
Pennsylvania		4	•	3	4	6	0-	•	•	•	4	9	•	9	16	62	•	2	2	25	142
Rhode Island South Carolina		NA 1	NA -O-	NA -O-	NA -0-	NA -O-	NA -O-	NA	NA .	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA
South Carolina		'	~	~	•	40.	•	•	•	•	4	2	•	•	•	2	•	0 -	- 0-	٠0٠	5
South Dakota		•	1	0 -	•	5	4	•	Φ.	4	Φ.	1	4	₽-	2	7	٠0٠	1	٠0.	•	21
Tennessee		•	•	-0⋅	-0∙	-0 -	6	3	4	0	2	2	3	1	-O-	1	13	٠0٠	3	1	39
Toxas		NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA
Utah Vermont		NA -O-	NA -O-	NA -O-	NA -O-	NA -O-	NA -O-	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA
· millionit		~	~	. •	•	•	•	•	•	•	0 -	•	•	•	∙₽-	•	•	1	•	0 -	1
Virginia		1	4	2	1	•	38	3	6	3	1	2	3	1	•0-	7	0-	٠0٠	•	4	72
Wushington		•	1	23	3	1	16	•	15	9	4	8	3	٠0٠	2	11	10	4	4	-0-	110
West Virginia		NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA
Wisconsin Wyoming		3	-Q-	2	.	2	8	1	. 7	3	4	1	4	٠0.	-	9	-0-	3	3	2	48
,		NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	t A	NA	NA
Dist of Columbia		.0.	•	4)-	•	•	٠0٠	- 0-	C-	Φ.	Φ.	٠0٠	4	٠0٠	- 0-	. 0.	٠0.	٠0.	٠0٠	- 0-	- 0.
Puerto Rico		NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	R.A	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA.
American Samoa		•	^	_	_	•	_	•	_		_	_	_	_	_	.=	_		_	•	
атепсал затов Guam		ф ф	ф ф	Q	ф ф	ф ф	ф ф	\$	\$	Φ.	Φ.	•	Φ.	Φ.	•	•	Φ.	0.	•	Φ.	•0•
No Mariana la.		NA.	NA NA	NA	NA	NA NA	NA NA	NA NA	NA	-O- NA	-O- NA	1 NA	-Q- NA	-O- NA	-O- NA	-O- NA	-Q- NA	-Q- NA	-Q-	-Q-	2
Trust Territory		NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA NA	NA NA	NA NA	NA NA	NA NA	NA NA	NA NA	NA NA	NA NA	NA NA	NA NA	NA NA	NA NA
Virgin Islands		O -	4	4	Φ.	Φ.	0	40.	٠					1177			1473	177	17/7	1777	17/4



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Table 6
Full-Time Employees in Adult Basic and Secondary Education,
by State and Outlying Areas, FY 1981

State or Territory	Ali paid personnei	State administrative and supervisory personnel	Lecal "Iministrative and supervisory personnel	Local teachers	Local counselors	Local paraprofessionals
Totali	15,507	220	1,438	11,6*0	612	1,667
	141	10	40	67	2	22
Mabama Maska	60	1	18	28	0	13
	. 46	4	5	25	0	12
Arizona		10	21	73	5	21
Arkansas	130	0	0	2,049	0	0
California	2,049	U	U	2,040	-	
Colorado	104	0	20	58	2	24
Connecticut	135	3	24	92	11	5
Delaware	77	- 1	5	. 38	31	2
	2,677	<i>2</i> 0	349	1,970	19 9	139
Florida	•	5	17	51	0	11
Georgia	84	j ,	,,		_	
Hawali	3	1	0	2	0	0
idaho	46	1	7	26	0	. 12
	•	37	36	1,498	58	148
lilinois	1,777	0	29	157	6	88
Indiana	280		27	53	14	6
iowa	105	3		23	2	11
Kansas	61	1	24		0	134
Kentucky	169	9	2	24	-	13
Louisiana	101	2	10	75	1	
Maine	50	1	15	29	3	2
Maryland	183	12	12	131	12	`- 16
•				128	17	25
Massachusetts	199	10	19		23	117
Michigan	586	3	95	348		20
Minnesota	104	1	14	5 6	13	
Mississippi	22	5	7	6	3	1
Missouri	105	4	19	62	0	20
Middouri					_	•
Montana	30	1	4	17	1	7
Nebraska	11	1	3	6	0	Ó
Nevada	17	2	7	5	3	
New Hampshire	26	2	11	11	2	0
New Jersey	243	3	24	187	17	12
•				47	1	21
New Mexico	88	1	18	47 654	48	101
New York	856	9	44		21	49
North Carolina	294	3	51	170		2
North Dakota	26	1	4	17	2	
Ohio	473	3	45	263	15	147
,,			•	75	3	8
Okiahoma	97	4	9 24	58	10	12
Oregon	104	0		43	11	7
Pennsylvania	70	0	9		1	3
Rhode Island	14	2	7	1		107
South Carolina	1,912	10	54	1,725	16	107
		•	14	27	11	26
South Dakota	80	2	16	11	1	0
Tennessee	28	0		583	9	125
Texas	875	4	154		13	17
Utah	238	2	29	177	0	19
Vermont	68	0	4	45	U	10
		40	12	34	0	18
Virginia	76	12	8	88	3	17
Washington	117	1		98	Ŏ	15
West Virginia	118	5	0	104	6	25
Wisconsin	156	1	20		5	5
Wyoming	37	2	5	20	э	V
			20	46	6	57
Dist of Columbia	138	1	28 16	40 71	5	4
Puerto Rico	96	0	16	~ 1	•	•
A	۵	1	1	4	0	0
American Samos	6	2	Ö	1	0	0
Guam	3	*	,	, .	1)
No Mariana Is)	, ,	, , , ,) 13	i o	, o
Trust Territory) 13) 0) 0	•	, 0	, 0
Virgin Islands	3	1	2	0	U	v



Table 7
Part-Time Employees in Adult Basic and Secondary Education, by State and Outlying Areas, FY 1981

State or Territory	Atl paid pertonnel	State administrative and supervisory personnal	Local administrative and supervisory personnel	Local teachers	Local counselors	Local paraprofassional
Yetel:	41,188	166	2,500	33,098	1,555	3,872
Niebama	849	3	48	200	•	
Ataska	81	3	4	686 43	8 0	106 31
Arizona	281	Ō	17	172	1	91
Arkansas	254	0	41	133	10	70
California	3,072	0	0	3,072	0	0
Colorado	227	0	17	160	2	48
Connecticut	715	` 1	19	604	51	40
Delaware	30	0	· 3	0	0	27
lorida	6,703	0	73	6,299	161	170
3eorgia	817	0	73	597	17	130
ławali	485	1	10	474	0	0
daho	166	0	6	95	3	62
llinois	1,270	37	38	982	94	119
ndiana	408	0	30	263	9	106
owa .	763	0	10	688	9	58
Cansas .	332	0	17	255	26	34
(entucky	599	0	· 70	476	45	8
oulsiana	469	0	53	321	6	89
faine	266	2	24	180	29	31
faryland	596	23	24	458	35	56
lassachusetts	474	0	43	319	41	71
lichigan	1,205	4	107	690	88	316
linnesota	54 8	1	59	369	39	80
fississippi	495	0	56	403	11	25
lissouri	842	. 2	30	719	0	91
fontana	72		10	40	15	7 10
ebraska	305	0	32	218	5	7 50
ievada	73	0	3	48	8	14
lew Hampshire	303	0	40	174	38	51
iew Jersey	803	0	66	624	91	22
lew Mexico	170	0	7	122	5	36
lew York	1,903	0	49	1,602	46	206
orth Carolina	1,284	0	100	1,044	42	98
iorth Dakota	129	. 0	17	100	6	6
ihio	1,017	1	158	620	28	210
klahoma	455	0	36	377	10	32
regon	523	2	15	361	14	131
ennsylvania	1,576	0	244	1,016	248	68
hode island	157	0	12	122	. 9	14
outh Carolina	12,126	10	134	1,725	57	210
outh Dakota	140	0	21	102	6	11
3nnessee	1,143	0	121	964	16	42
exas	2,844	7	263	2.068	88	420
lah	752	0	33	652	33	34
Bituoul	28	0	1	25	0	2
rginia	561	51	52	585	19	154
ashington	431	0	34	312	27	58
est Virginia	192	0	0	192	0	0
sconsin	396	0	t	348	5	44
yoming	71	0	5	45	5	16
at of Columbia	376	•0	13	224	4	ėn.
uerto Bico	804	14	13 148	324 573	1 38	3 8 33
nerican Samoa	ne.	•				
nerican Samoa Jam	25 47	0 1	0	25	0	0
Mariana Is	47)	0	46	0	0
ust Territory) 85) 3) 8) 73) 0) \ •
gin Islands	150	, 3	16	115	14) 1 5



Table 8
Race/Ethnic Group of Participants in Functional
Level I by State, FY 1981

itate or Ferritory	American Indian er Alecken Kativo	Asian or Pacifia Islandors	Black	Nispanio	White	Total Level I	% in Level i
Total:	13,212	211,031	. 341,341	408,003	633,505	1,607,092	71.1
	77	586	12,034	114	15,588	28,399	61.1
Mabama Maska	7,7 1,713	368	173	248	1,439	3,941	57.5
Arizona	342	1,155	471	5,901	2,494	10,363	100.0
Arkansas	32	365	2.030	318	2,837	5,582	, 65.6 100.0
alifornia	147	96,642	48,092	177,124	55,382	378,387	100.0
Colorado	192	296	756	3,089	3,339	7,762	73.9
Connecticut	24	2,330	2,189	4,331	6,437	15,311	68.7
Dataware	.	73	523	95	458	1,149	68.Q 51.1
lorida	668	4,742	50,380	52,558	149,218	257,564 28,342	53.3
Beorgia	14	5,071	8,268	2,419	12,570	20,342	30.0
fawali	18	19,439	28	168	1,932	21,585	100.0 62.7
daho	487	637	86	1,218	9,192	11,820	80.4
Illnois	271	4,869	18,029	10,200	18,179	49,548 22,377	67.6
ndiana	377	17877	3,904 962	1, 648 737	14,771 16,158	22,074	79.6
owa	190	2,027	, = 04		·		
Kansas	87	1,205	1,045	626	3,322	6,285 10,736	41.7 75.5
Kentucky '	33	365	4,045	293	14,998	19,735	80.0
ouisiana	32	450	5,468	406	6,163 3,413	12,519 3,772	78.4
Maine	34	210	21 10,077	94 2,551	3,413 10,500	26,673	φ 6.3
Vie ryland	88 ÆN	3,457	10,077	·			
Vassachusetts	62	1,316	2,168	2,615	5,580	11,741 . 50,744	56.5 100.0
Michigan	1	4,495	19,202	4,263 556	22,405 4,494	11,172	69,7
Minnesota	Vieta .	4,059	1, 066 4,757	95	3,954	9,147	70.2
Mississippi Viissouri	30 324	311 1,254	8,162	572	20,612	30,924	88.4
1			•	132	1,828	2,336	72.1
Montana	316	242 814	18 878	709	3,131	5,717	86.9
Nebraska	165 86	806	149	1,777	898	3,716	100.0
Nevada New Hampshire	3	143	20	128	3,215	3,509	71.7
New Jersey	117	2,750	8,940	16,975	11,067	39,869	81.8
************	269	685	128	3,954	1,059	6,095	46.0
New Mexico New York	514	10,470	17,004	26,134	21,410	76,432	80.0
North Carolina	755	1,128	14,945	1,120	16,191	34,178	38.5 80.0
North Dakota	375	236	5	86	1,372	2,077 	84:8
Ohlo	280	2.093	13,7 <u>2,</u>	1,768	25,434	40,022	- 04.4
Oklahoma	866	1,028	1,636	1,072	7,906	12,510	84.6
Oregon	229	4,669	407	3,566	7,743	16,614	61.2
Pennsylvania	68	2,440	7,445	2,745	17,452	30,150 4,982	80.3 77.6
Rhode Island	7	828	212 1 9,232	594 504	3,341 15,282	36,736	46.3
South Carolina	131	1,587	19,232	304			
South Dakota	685	190	33	41	1,493	2,442	58.4
Tennessee	87	1,479	6,117	333	15,815	23,831 92,276	84.6 59.6
Texas	351	5,131	17,911	36,033	32,850 2,85 6	4,469	20.0
Utah	151	851 187	6 8 13	545 20	2,000 3,960	4,194	92.
Vermont	14	107					044
Virginia	35	4,972	8,891	2,421 1, 98 0	9,176 ∿.628	25,4 95 12,724	84.0 79.1
Washington	452	4,185	479 1 120	1,960 175	.965	10,737	68.6
West Virginia	74	394 1,348	1,1 <i>2</i> 9 1, 68 0	2,420	8,024	13,893	85.9
Wisconsin Wyoming	421 20	1,346 96	32	239	1,168	1,555	60.9
			48.455	4 057	947	17,195	74.9
Dist. of Columbia Puerto Rico	· ••	1,226 -0-	13,165 - 0 -	1,857 27,853	0.	27.853	92.
American Compo	٥.	102	•	٠٥.	•	102	18.
American Samoa Guam	₩	696	ō.	0 .	4	702	41.
No Mariana Is	•	160	-0 -	. 0.	0	160	69.
Trust Territory	Ŏ.	3,116	•	0.	•	3,11 6 2,87 9	75. 7 5.
Virgin Islands	•	8	2,273	565	3 3	2,879	75.

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Table 9
Race/Ethnic Group of Participants in Functional Level II by State, FY 1981

Vetals	State or Territory	American Indian er Alaskan	Asian or Pacific Islandors	Slack	Hispanio	White .	Total Level I	TOTAL PARTICIPAN LEVEL I A
Tetakit 7,507 24,644 190,632 09,889 381,891 654,160 2,2 Akabama 51 373 7,848 72 9,906 12052 Aktiona 600 320 163 169 1,501 2,913 Aktiona 2 44 1,338 27 1,813 2,221 California 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 California 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 3 Colorabilio 4 126 2877 1,031 1,180 2,711 0 0 3 0 0 0 3 0		Native						LEVEL II
National								
Naska 680 320 653 180 1.55	Total :	7,307	24,844	160,632	99,886	381,691	654,160	2,261,252
A						8,908	18,052	46,451
Washington A						•	•	6,854
Addorado 68 106 297 1,091 1,180 2,711 Andorado 68 2,005 791 3,900 6,977 Aleanata 6 2,056 4,058 44,195 50,000 142,548 264,047 5 8,000				-				10,363
Solitorado						•	•	8,503
Section Sect		•	. •	40-	• •	•	•	367,387
Commentical 5			105	267	1,091	1,180	2.711	10,383
Second S					791	3,900	6,977	22,288
Second				245	45	215	540	1,689
asseall			4,526	48,129	50,208	142,549	246,047	503,611
talno 128 146 18 134 2,002 2,428 Inloids 67 1,167 4,394 2,488 13,944 12,078 12	ieorgia	2	86	14,911	197	9,640	24,849	53,191
fairbo 128 140 18 134 2,002 2,428 Initionis 67 1,187 4,394 2,488 3,944 12,078 ordina 54 237 58 228 138 5,244 2,096 3,175 amous 131 272 1,180 281 6,945 8,779 amous 131 272 1,180 89 4,992 6,382 amous 12 41 1,574 32 1,200 1,011 2,992 amous 12 41 1,574 32 1,200 1,011 2,992 6,382 amous 10 6 4 1 1,020 1,011 2,992 6,332 1,011 2,992 6,332 1,011 1,011 2,993 2,993 2,993 2,993 2,993 3,890 1,11 2,993 3,993 3,890 1,11 3,982 4,894 1,11 3,993 3,993 3,993	lawaii	4 0-	Λ.	Λ	Λ	•	•	44 505
Incols 67 1.187 4.394 2.888 3.944 2.078 3.944 3.094 3.0178 3.044 3.0178 3.044 3.0178 3.044 3.0178 3.044 3.0178 3.044 3.0178 3.044 3.0178 3.044 3.0178 3.044 3.0178 3.044 3.048 3.04								21,585 14,048
ndiana 54 227 554 224 2,098 3,175 was 37 8 228 228 3 2,098 3,095 8,000 and 1,000 and 1,0	· =		· -		-	•		14,048
man		•		·	•			61,626
Introduction 131 272 1,160 281 6,846 6,778 6,392						·	·	25,552 27,729
entucky 2 83 1,284 89 4,992 6,992 1,992 1,993 1,	•		•	(0,244	.,,000	27,728
entlucky 2 83 1.284 89 4,992 6,392 2 2000 1 2 2550 1 10 6 1 1,574 32 1,291 2,2550 1 2 2 1 2 1 1 1,020 1 1,041 1 1,074 1 1 1,020 1 1,041 1 1,074 1 1 1,020 1 1,041 1 1,074 1 1 1,074 1 1 1,074 1 1 1,074 1 1 1,074 1 1 1,074 1 1 1,074 1 1 1,074 1 1 1,074 1 1 1,074 1 1 1,074 1 1 1,074 1 1 1,074 1 1 1,074 1 1 1 1,074 1 1 1 1,074 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1				1,150	281	6,945	8,779	15,064
polishlams 12 41 1,574	•		83	1,226	89			26,127
asyland			41	1,574	32	1,291		15,469
assachuselts	=		6	4	1	1,020	1,041	4,813
Ichigan	aryland	-0-	322	1,374	271	2,252	4,219	30,892
Inchigen	assachusetts	58	813	1.400	067	£ 702	0.024	22 702
Innesola 693 150 515 98 3,398 4,854 Innesola 1844 1,870 27 2,090 3,890 1850url 82 24 612 51 3,272 4,041 3 3,000 1850url 82 24 612 51 3,272 4,041 3 3,000				•	* *			20,722 50,744
Second S	innesota				-			16,026
Islander	lasiasippi			_				13,037
ontana 95 9 9 5 11 786 906 eletaska 21 9 104 31 895 880 value 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0	issouri						4.041	34,965
etzesta 21 9 104 31 695 850 evada 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0	I4- : -		_	_			1	
evals								3,242
aw Hampshire 5 18 32 17 1,311 1,383 aw Jersey 51 111 2,482 1,576 4,647 8,847 4 8 aw Jersey 51 111 2,482 1,576 4,647 8,847 4 8 aw Mexico 835 156 190 3,032 2,928 7,141 1 9 aw York 153 2,617 4,451 6,533 5,353 19,107 9 aw York 153 2,617 4,451 6,533 5,353 19,107 9 aw York 153 2,617 4,451 6,533 5,353 19,107 9 aw York 20 1,733 418 34,797 54,663 8 aw York 20 1,733 418 34,797 54,663 8 aw York 20 1,733 418 34,797 54,663 8 aw York 20 1,733 418 34,795 8,214 5 1,73				-				6,577
aw Jersey 51 111 2,462 1,576 4,647 8,847 4 aw Mexico 835 156 190 3,032 2,928 7,141 1 aw York 153 2,617 4,451 6,533 5,353 19,107 9 orth Carolina 885 630 17,933 418 34,797 54,863 8 orth Dakota 95 59 1 22 343 550 nino 54 498 2,573 334 4,755 8,214 5 kishoma 124 65 271 36 1,781 2,277 1 region 303 128 145 275 9,704 10,555 2 simaylvania 24 59 1,178 212 5,920 7,394 3 oode island 10 24 39 24 1,345 1,442 outh Calcina 13 472 19,518 247 22,294 42,544 7 outh Dakota 627 14 8 15 1,072 1,736 ninosasee 11 74 1,921 32 2,238 4,274 2 xias 243 3,483 12,164 24,447 22,307 62,664 15 ah 606 3,406 267 2,179 11,424 17,882 2 amont 0- 1 0- 0- 345 346 crimont 120 68 32 97 2,040 2,057 11 serior life or 0- 0- 2,177 0- 2,177 3 nerican Samoa 0- 307 0- 0- 0- 2,177 0- 2,177 3 nerican Samoa 0- 377 0- 0- 0- 2,177 0- 2,177 3 nerican Samoa 0- 377 0- 0- 0- 2,177 0- 2,177 3 nerican Samoa 0- 6,32 2 2 0- 76 1,010 outh Carloimbla 0- 71 5,331 182 172 5,756 2 serio Ricconsin 0- 0- 0- 0- 0- 0- 0- 0- 0- 0- 0- 0- 0-				-				3,716
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ew York 153 2,817 4,451 8,533 5,353 19,107 9 orth Carolina 885 830 17,833 418 34,797 54,683 8 orth Carolina 885 830 17,833 418 34,797 54,683 8 orth Carolina 885 59 1 22 343 520 https://doi.org/10.1001/10.10				•	,,	1,0 17	2,5 41	40,1.10
orth Carolina 885 530 17,933 418 34,797 \$4,663 8 orth Dakota 95 59 1 22 343 520 hin 54 498 2,573 334 4,755 8,214 5 klahoma 124 65 271 36 1,781 2,277 1 tegon 303 128 145 275 9,704 10,555 2 annylyania 24 59 1,178 212 5,920 7,394 3 andel stand 10 24 39 24 1,345 1,442 buth Carolina 13 472 19,518 247 22,294 42,544 7 buth Carolina 627 14 8 15 1,072 1,736 1,442 1,442 1,442 1,442 1,442 1,442 2,444 2,244 2,2307 62,864 15 1,072 1,736 1,736 1,736 1,7								13,236
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node Island 10 24 39 24 1,345 1,442 uth Carolina 13 472 19,518 247 22,294 42,544 7 uth Dakota 627 14 8 15 1,072 1,736 1,736 nnessee 11 74 1,921 32 2,236 4,274 2 xas 243 3,483 12,164 24,447 22,307 62,864 15 ash 606 3,406 267 2,179 11,424 17,882 2 rmont 0 1 0 0 245 345 346 ginia 10 393 1,355 187 2,901 4,846 3 sishington 283 616 09 160 2,116 3,274 1 sex Virginia 20 29 301 24 4,552 4,926 1 sex virginia 120 68 32 97	~			145	275	9,704		27,169
node Island 10 24 38 24 1,345 1,442 puth Carolina 13 472 19,518 247 22,294 42,544 7 puth Dakota 627 14 8 15 1,072 1,738					212	5,920	7,394	37,544
truth Dakota 627 14 8 15 1,072 1,736 nnessee 11 74 1,921 32 2,236 4,274 2 2,236 3 3,483 12,184 24,447 22,307 62,664 15 ab 606 3,406 267 2,179 11,424 17,882 2 2 ab 606 3,406 267 2,179 11,424 17,882 2 2 ab 606 3,406 267 2,179 11,424 17,882 2 2 ab 606 3,406 267 2,179 11,424 17,882 2 2 ab 606 2,107 2,106 2,107 2,10							1,442	6.424
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nnessee 11 74 1,921 32 2,236 4,274 2 2 xas 243 3,483 12,164 24,447 22,307 62,664 15 ah 606 3,406 267 2,179 11,424 17,882 2 2 rmont 0- 1 0- 0- 345 346 2 2 2 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3	uth Dakota	627	14	8	15	1.072	1 728	4,178
x885 243 3,483 12,164 24,447 22,307 62,864 15 ah 606 3,406 267 2,179 11,424 17,882 2 rmont 0- 1 0- 0- 0- 345 346 rginia 10 393 1,355 187 2,901 4,846 3 sshington 283 616 99 160 2,116 3,274 11 sst Virginia 20 29 301 24 4,552 4,926 11 sconsin 120 68 32 97 2,040 2,357 10 roming 13 62 21 157 764 1,017 1 st of Columbia 0- 71 5,331 182 172 5,756 22 erio Rico 0- 0- 0- 2,177 0- 2,177 3 nerican Samoa 0- 367 0- 0- 76 1,010 Marlana Is 0- 72 0- 0- <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td>28,105</td>								28,105
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set Virginia 20 29 301 24 4.552 4.926 19 sconsin 120 68 32 97 2.040 2.357 10 roming 13 62 21 157 764 1.017 101 of Columbia 0. 71 5.331 182 172 5.758 25 101 of Columbia 0. 71 5.331 182 172 5.758 25 101 of Rico 0. 0. 0. 0. 2.177 0. 2.177 30 101 of Rico 0. 532 2 0. 76 1.010 101 of Rico 1.010 101 of Ric	•							30,341
Sconsin 120 68 32 97 2,040 2,357 10 10 13 62 21 157 764 1,017 10 157 164 1,017 157 164 1,017 158 167 168 169	· ·							15,998
roming 13 62 21 157 764 1,017 101 of Columbia 0. 71 5,331 182 172 5,758 21 of Columbia 0. 0. 0. 0. 2,177 0. 2,177 30 101 of Columbia 0. 0. 0. 0. 0. 87 484 am 0. 632 2 0. 76 1,010 Marlana is 0. 72 0. 0. 0. 72 1,039 0. 0. 1,039								15,66 3
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erto Rico	•	· -			101	104	1,017	216,5
erio Rico								22,951
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iam 0 §32 2 0 76 1,010 0 10 Marlana is 0 72 0 0 0 0 72 ust Territory 0 1,039 0 0 0 1,039	nerican Samoa	0.	307	Λ.	. n.	A 7	40.4	500
Mariana is 0. 72 0. 0. 0. 72 ust Territory 0. 1, 39 0. 0. 0. 1,039								566
ist Territory 0- 1,:39 -0- 0- 1,039								1,712
1,000								232
	gin islands	.						4,155 3 ,823



Table 10 Sex and Age of Participants in Basic and Secondary Program, FY 1981

	950	,880	100	,810	270	.038	146,	,801
	Ages 16-24	Ages 18-24	Ages 25-44	Apos 25-44	Ages 48-89	Ages 45-59	Ages 60	
tate or erritory	Maio	Female	Maio	Female	Maio	Female	Male	Femal
Totali	463,353	493,327	400,261	486,575	115,601	155,334	57,820	89,18
łabama	6,511	11,327	6,147	10,693	2,219	3,860	2.078	3,81
iaska	1,656	1,812	1,094	1,312	228	322	154	27
rizona	2,758	2,260	1,623	2,397	266	607	37	. 5
irkansas	2,045	1,922	1,176	1,584	380	554	406	43
rkanses alifornia	91,869	78,258	82,926	70,640	24,390	20,776	4,065	3,48
		0.500	1007	2,285	614	735	94	1
colorado	2,109	2,526	1,907	5,639	1,171	1,672	244	34
Connecticut	4,595	4,356	4,271		88	115	7	
Delaware	328	432	307	405	39,005	52,128	29,701	39,69
iorida	73, 848	98,694	72,992	97,550	· ·	2,941	681	2,18
3eorgia	9,052	9,887	11,128	14,609	2,702	41041	•	-,
lawali	2,329	4,418	2,328	4,418	1,371	3,326	1,144	2,2
daho	4,417	4,310	1,655	2,910	241	439	27	
llinois	8,478	7,430	18,329	20,534	2,504	3,452	363	53
ndiana	4,970	7,083	4,474	6,353	913	1,264	204	29
owa	8,313	9,412	2,758	2,520	901	1,848	521	1,5
		5,048	1,940	2, 96 0	271	672	87	16
Cansas	3, 9 01	•	2,817	5,116	526	1,070	248	3
Kentucky	6,365	9,626		2,649	388	899	396	81
Louislana	4,320	4,585	1,335	1,055	222	438	109	4:
Maine Marviand	′ 914 5,858	848 8,090	799 5,300	7,319	1,557	2,150	260	3
Maryland	5,056	0,030	0,000	.,				
Massachusetts	4,786	4,457	4,119	4,708	• 786	1,363	204	3:
Michigan	9,625	8,045	11,972	10,807	2,953	3,748	1,250	2,34
Minnesota	3,470	3,410	3,409	3,352	978	930	226	2;
Mississippi	2,689	4,248	1,292	3,186	323	903	121	2
Missouri	8,693	9,578	4,618	7,508	1,392	1,947	350	8
••	280	967	504	611	58	157	18	;
Montana	868 4 704	1,884	954	1,346	199	341	52	4
Nebraska	1,704		748	749	288	215	43	!
Nevada .	897	725	681	1,075	236	385	48	2
New Hampshire New Jersey	1,117 11,769	1,1 20 10,911	9,054	12,000	1,507	2,620	368	4
Mam Jarzay	11,700	10,011	0,00					
New Mexico	3,355	3,579	2,056	3,059	387	680	44	1,0
New York	18,705	24,000	17,283	22,175	5,022	6,443	837	4,7
North Carolina	23,898	19,481	13,103	18, 6 07	2,430	4,507	2,017	
North Dakota	532	703	448	589	128	168	13	6
Ohio	9,482	14,105	8, 56 3	12,738	2,506	3,729	407	•
Ollahama	2 005	4,252	2,852	3,319	329	678	147	3
Oklahoma	2,865 . 9,166	6,25 9	3,831	3,935	614	907	282	1
Oregon	•	7,522	7,065	7,802	1,253	2,045	836	2,1
Pennsylvania	8,864	7,522 1,439	1,385	1,517	308	335	61	
Rhode Island South Carolina	1,315 10,644	11,924	15.014	21,634	4,408	7,699	2,682	5,2
					0.0	165	63	
South Dakota	1,338	1,196	568	738	83	1,917	711	1,6
Tennessee	6,061	5,538	4,321	7,131	811		4.205	8,5
Texas	+0,258	33,646	28,036	31,405	3,062	5,752		0,0
Utah	1,758	1,957	7,727	8,984	596	1,032	68	4
Vermont	758	1,371	687	1,242	125	288	16	
Virginia	5,848	7,137	4,787	8,814	958	2,001	257	
Virginia Washington	3,559	3,548	3,249	3,958	544	880	129	1
West Virginia	3,689	4,758	1,902	3.855	302	837	102	2
Wisconsin	4 852	3,424	3,211	3,097	517	742	178	2
Wyoming	513	759	432	640	65	. 97	27	
					607	1,019	36	
Dist of Columbia	5,960	7,422 6,403	2,732 6,685	5,065 5,928	607 1,114	1,01 9 987	796	7
Puerto Rico	7,321	6,493	0,065	5,540				
American Samoa	115	175	90	100	25	30	10	•
Guam	645	467	351	224	20	4	1	40
No Mariana is	47	39	43	36	33	27	4	
Trust Territory	890	644	821	595	626	454	7 3 100	
			364	960	53	208	100	

Source Dept of Education

Female 1 224,417 54 2% Male 1,036,835 45 8%



Table 11 Status of Participants Upon Entry Into Program by State, FY 1981

State or Torritory	Employed	Unempleyed (Available for work)	Unemployed (hiet Available for work force)	Receiving	- Handicappe Adulto	Aduits d willimited English proficiency	Adelta in rural y areas	Adults in urban sroas (whigh rate: of unom- ployment)		institu- tionalize Adults
Total:	837,975	1,0	51,846	373,878	60,898	599,508	284,532	1,236,920	137,896	138,775
Alabama	14,306	13,616	9,700	14,503	2,526	2,755	20,742	15,901	791	3,352
Alaska Arizona	1,940	1,837	955	730	500	680	3,048	1,587	205	271
Arkansas	3,935 2,942	2,697 3,640	3,731	1,169	309	4,636	302	9,195	•	315
California	156,790	•	1,921 19,490	2,180 52,6 9 3	1,397 N/A	1,214 207,025	3,192 4,562	1,801 266,420	580 N/A	1,236 4,210
Colorado	3,055	4,213	N/A	1,177	N/A	3,283	1,552	4.606	N/A	748
Connecticut	9,961	4,703	6,108	2,931	1,440	8,570	543	11,405	3,866	3,012
Delaware	. 506		421	326	N/A	199	389	609	N/A	112
Florida	186,636		34,179	83,098	NA	92,865	28,219	341,781	N/A	32,975
Georgia	21,037	22,665	7,270	8,514	3,003	7,882	10,135	25,808	8,986	5,781
Hawaii	7,593	13,992	N/A	4,326	153	12,951	708	20,877	2.092	99
Idaho	6,136	5,346	1;952	1,437	200	2,668	3,680	4,147	954	682.
Illinois	12,048	42,530	N/A	202	N/A	19,731	205	48,645	NIA	4,332
Indiana	8,624	9,753	N/A	3,523	N/A	4,303	3,489	11,578	N/A	2,104
lowa	7,018	7,773	5,685	5,607	5,048	2,172	8,951	6,963	1,621	4,604
Kansas	5,974	4,811	1,840	2,322	3,013	1,995	4,201	3,705	1,374	865
Kentucky Louisiana	9,435	11,742	4,882	3,018	2,408	2,834	9,853	11,631	459	1,237
Maine	5,225 1,517	3,519	1,592	1,506	208	820	3,929	1,681	390	685
Maryland	10.037	1,445 7,307	1,554 N/A	1,5 93 1,780	630 N/A	618 5,247	2,179 2,783	1,470 20,874	311 N/A	789 768
·						5,247	2,100	20,074	NA	, 700
Massachusetts	7,995	7.899	N/A	3,718	2,208	7,902	591	12,340	5,645	1,854
Michigan Minnesota	8,290	25,460	8,301	22,170	6,529	10,924	4,619	33,215	6,498	5,330
Mississippi	5,408 5,441	4,337 3,474	4,322 1,744	7,451	1,070	5,054	2,715	8,108	4,788	1,078
Missouri	15,271	15,520	4,074	2,355 6,5 09	585 2,534	574 2,531	6,051 13,387	2,125 17,536	277 1,890	486 4,013
Montana	932	4 646	402							
Nebraska	2,537	1,845 2,027	635 705	515 811	206 383	688 1,184	282	597	211	295
Nevada	2,154	1,532	•	481	394	2.630	1,799 382	1,537 1,475	759 2,164	601 223
New Hampshire	2,542	1,288	1,027	513	173	620	656	631	286	100
New Jersey	27,950	14,825	N/A	4,611	1,560	18,391	3,351	27,107	18,791	1,629
Naw Mexico	6,031	3,222	2,868	2,124	327	4,661	2,600	2,366	4,269	565
New York	35,724	2	8,749	24,251	1,358	40,820	5,899	71,234	34,706	2,673
North Carolina	47,914		8,106	14,650	N/A	23,543	22,389	12,046	N/A	8,326
North Dakota Ohio	845 18,5 9 3	1,249 30,555	N/A	711	N/A	390	749		390	. 490
3 1110	70,545	30,033	N/A	12,055	N/A	7,894	3,202	29,286	N/A	5,129
Oklahoma	5,329	2,519	1,428	1,187	437	2,027	2,994	2,639	1,691	3,079
Oregon	12,188	10,863	3,545	3,228	1,647	7,633	12,240	12,262	7,037	351
Pennsylvania Obodo intend	10,126	26,963	. N/A	10,651	N/A	5,020	2,262	17,190	N/A	7,123
Rhode Island South Carolina	2,385 35,341	1,591 26,777	530 10,384	549 6,659	N/A 1,832	2,027 1,807	692	1,488	2,037	244
Cootti Caronina	33,541	20,777	10,304	600,0	1,002	1,007	24,520	12,628	2,410	10,609
South Dakota	1,098	1,259	537	534	207	387	9 59	336	128	555
Tennessee	9,320	814	3,854	5, 6 93	1,799	2,226	8,206	10,138	625	1,733
Texas Utah	55.642 .172	635	8,485 N/A	25,900	12,950	31,921	8,093	66,918	N/A	5,900
Vermont	1,191	1,690	960	1,917 1,432	N/A 597	4,235 312	4,190 4,178	18,151 362	5,100 230	272 156
Missisis	15.403	40.048	. ===							
Virginia Washington	15,497 4.310	10.047 3,880	4,797 3,301	3, 898 2,830	1,255	8,563 8,707	3.050	18,049	6,427	1,150
West Virginia	4,408	8,225	3,030	2,639 2,209	765 1,145	5,707 606	4,058 1 5,6 63	4,198 -0-	3,733	923 1,515
Wisconsin	4,659	9,482	N/A	4,202	N/A	3,959	2,865	8,848	481 1,712	1,515 504
Wyoming	657	940	N/A	256	N/A	493	65	1	N/A	159
Dist of Columbia	4,299	3,931	N/A	614	35	2,994	Λ	22.951	a neo	, 72
Puerto Rico	4,931	8,308	N/A	8,419	N/A	2,994 5,521	-0. 5,840	22.951 8,645	3,95 8 815	175 3,124
American Samoa	317	40	AjrA	A	AUA					
Guam	803	25 907	N/A N/A	ტ. •	N/A N/A	102 163	566	0	250	50 53
No. Mariana is	U	•••	177	~	IVA	103	1,712	U	163	52
Trust Territory	642	3,077	N/A	12	N/A	2,148	1,045	0	N/A	13
Virgin Islands	1,186	817	•	223	15	88	0-	3,739	N/A	65
56 States	55 States w/1,668,800		55 States /1.275,411	37 States	56 States	57 States w/1,354,363	57 States	42 States	57 States	
w/t,757,641										
w/1,757,641 participants 77.7%	participants 77 7%	pe •		articipants 56.4%	participents 96.1%	100%	100%	participants 59.9%	100%	

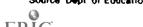


Table 12
Achievements of Program Participants—Educational, Societal,
Economic, by State
FY 1981

	Fersenal	Improved	Improved	Improved	Improved	Improved	improved Competencies	(mproved Competencies
State of	Satisfaction & increased off-confidence	Government Competention—	Competencies- Community Resources	– Competencies– Consumer Economics	- Competencies- Parenting	Geoupational Knowledge	Health Care	Other
	564,572	168,889	169,464	172,599	63,682	167,919	135,847	38,944
			16 047	17.568	6,565	15,106	13,371	3,530
labama	24,187 3.883	13,016 962	15,847 1,507	1,219	407	2,015	1,013	978
iaska	8,452	129	NA NA	483	203	639	2,099	3,193
rizona rkansas	3,680	1.463	1,321	1,571	916	1,687	2,166	350
alifornia	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA
					•••	***	NA	'NA
coloraco	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA a osa	NA 6,710	6,426	107
connecticut	13,883	6,672	8,088	6,948	3,963 NA	0,710 NA	NA	NA
elawara	NA	NA 	NA .	NA NA	NA NA	NA NA	NA NA	NA
lorida	NA	NA OT TO	NA OZ REA	NA 29,808	4.072	25,939	20,894	1,724
eorgia ·	30,115	27,770	27,856	20,000	7,012	20,000		·
leweli	17.983	17,983	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA
daho	8,117	2,304	296	619	175	1,826	1,036	2,000
linois	NA	NA .	NA	NA.	NA	NA	NA	NA -
ndiana	NA	NA	` NA	NA	NA	NA 1 200	NA a ace	NA 1,854
owa	10,666	3,063	3,598	4,032	3,332	4,088	, 3,02 6	1,004
	9 000	2 224	2,559	2,797	484	1,268	1,437	1,868
(ansas	7, 908 12,707	2, 864 3, 92 7	2,559 3,5 9 3	3,256	2,094	4,842	7,659	781
(entucky	12,707 7,511	2,822	2, 99 6	2,838	1,015	3,520	1,867	291
.duisiana Vaine	3,237	462	879	1,040	533	897	909	260
vaine Varyland	3,237 NA	NA	NA.	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA
nai y and						. ===	0.404	258
Massachusetts	8,375	2,117	2,576	2,715	1,908	4,792 10,448	2,421 7,277	2,666
dichigan	34,788	8,553	15,669	15,996	3,381	1,908	1,599	464
žinnesota	10,430	1,895	4,330	2,145	1,498 2,664	3,802	3,798	934
iqqiesiesiN	8,270	4,456	4,293	4,729	6,232	9,804	9,148	2,892
Alesouri	21,927	9,687	11,219	12,709	0,232	0,004	0,140	-,
Montana	2,321	1,175	778	1,431	242	691	353	61
Vichteria Nebraska	3,585	1,157	920	1,651	342	1,358	608	465
Nevada	1,038	95	234	316	132	192	48	102 247
New Hampshire	2,045	884	880	1,017	124	481	290 2,933	NA NA
New Jersey	27,234	4,199	4,510	4,811	1,848	. 4,554	2,800	110
	0.448	2,170	1,213	5,433	315	2,978	930	904
New Mexico New York	8,118 NA	2,170 NA .	NA NA	NA.	NA	NA	NA ·	NA
North Carolina	NA NA	NA .	NA.	NA	NA	NA	N.A	NA
North Dakota	543	NA.	NA	180	NA	NA	NA	20
Ohio	S NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA.	NA	· NA
					4 000	3,241	3,169	453
Oktahoma	8,251	3,587	3,484	3,213 4,475	1,893 997	4,507	4,342	1,417
Oregon	15,494	4,947	7,207	NA	NA	15,523	NA .	NA
Pennsylvania	. NA	NA .	NA 2 885	3,156	2,284	3,762	2,999	2,889
Rhode Island	3,649	3,103	2,685 17,685	14,312	7,177	14,682	19,267	3,161
South Carolina	21,479	18,273	17,000	14,512	****			
South Dakote	2,344	558	759	992	129	577	568	37
South Dakote Tennessee	19,316	4,878	8,099	5,422	2,167	3,930	3,982	1,274
Texas	154,920	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA 	NA NA	NA NA
Utah .	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA 1 A C	NA.	NA 651
Vermont	4,540	748	1,183	1,238	834	1,319	- 661	951
	44.050	A 0.44	7 500	7,903	2,344	4,066	4,634	NA
Virginia	11,873	6,041 2,491	7,528 1,827	7,903 1,841	2,612	1,265	1,128	1,215
Washington	11, 06 0	2,481 3,129	4,653	3,348	1,020	3,740	2,203	469
West Virginia	10,555 16,250	3,129 NA	4,055 NA	NA NA	NA	NA	NA	NA
Wisconsin Wyoming	NA NA	NA NA	NA NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA
***************************************	• • • •					.=-	A 1 A	1,629
Diat of Columbia	793	NA	NA.	NA	NA NA	177	NA NA	1,629 NA
Puerto Rico	NA	NA	· NA	NA	NA	NA	148	140
A	4E	35	25	40	•	50	15	•
American Samoa	45	35 115	ANA	NA	NA.	94	NA	NA
Guam	NA NA	115 NA	NA NA	NA NA	NA NA	NA	NA	NA
No. Mariana Is.	NA NA	NA NA	NA NA	NA NA	NA NA	NA	NA	NA
Trust Territory Virgin Islands	3,200	1,371	1,371	1,371	NA	1,371	1,371	NA
ลีกม รอง ย าเกล					9.4 \$1sts	28 Sintee	25 States	34 State
Source: Dept. of Educatio	40 States	37 States	34 States w/687,234		24 States w/693,874	w/759,904		w/840,31
•	#1916,000	w/720,694	-					
	participents 40.5%	portiolyants 31.8%	30.4%	\$1.0%	30.7%	22.6%	20.8%	28.3%
							46 44	0.1%
	61.6%	23.4%	24.7%	24.0%	0.2%	22.1%	19.4%	3.1%

Table 12
Achievements of Program Participants—Educational,
Societal, Economic, by State—Continued
FY 1981

State or Torritory	Level I Learned Reading, * Writing, & Meth Skille*	Obtained Hit is School Diploma	Passed SED Test	Learned English Language*	Entered Another Educ Training Program	
.Yetal:	340,346	53,498	202,328	150,187	140,925	
Alabema	7.781	638	4.054	774		
Alaska	7,701 2,947	938 358	4,054 1,303	771 815	4,224	
Arizona	2,859	689	1,503 521		611	
Arkansas	3,242	202	793	1,918	1,068	
California	NA	7.235	793 4,754	1,165 NA	732 21,737	
		, 200	4,704	IVA	21,737	
Colorado	. NA	448	1,744	NA	623	
Connecticut	15,314	367	2,398	8,570	916	
<u> Belaware</u>	NA	69	94	NA	59	
Florida	NA	7,046	31,255	NA	23,646	
Georgia .	17,674	189	4,107	4,313	4,548	
Mannett	47.000					
Mawaii Idaho	17,963 5,808	37	24	2,092	92	
illnois	NA	611 5 500	3,707	1,130	1,180	
ndiana		5,690	5,979	NA NA	11,460	
noiana Owa	NA 11,948	396 1,001	3, 938	NA 1 826	2,037	
V116	11,340	1,001	4,708	1,836	1,390	
Kansas	2,899	330	5.326	2.938	2,019	
Kentucky	7,987	68	5,585	445	1,642	
Louisiana	5,120	1,392	1,312	456	1,275	
Maine	1,582	99	441	454	255	
Maryland	NA	1,181	1,181	· NA	444	
			·		-	
Massachusetts	9,147	2,083	5,449	6,264	2,497	
Michigan	25,729	928	2,324	8,114	2,004	
Minnesota	8,947	165	2,576	5,251	1,891	
Mississippi	6,424	25	1,404	27•	1,410	
dissouri	19,895	207	4,035	1,85 5	2,816	
fontanà	1.869	27	4.000	400	7.0	
Nebraska	3,812	27 269	1,030 1,661	136 765	745 494	
vevada	1,467	.	42	1,360	358	
New Hampshire	803	189	844	620	319	
Yew Jersey	21,145	1,117	4,006	22,181	1,262	
•		.,	4,000	22,107	1,202	
lew Mexico	3,454	9	2,429	4,222	1,743	
New York	20,578	3,026	19,141	2,781	6,712	
North Carolina	NA	5,175	17,556	NA	10,447	
North Dakota	2,077	543	543	· 390	206	
Ohio	NA	1,152	5,439	NA	4,417	
M.I		_				
Aklahoma Orango	7,762 12,130	9	2,924	1,648	663	
Oregon Pannavivania	12,130	622	3,186	9,732	1,668	
Pennsylvania Rhode Island	NA 1 828	1,014	3,895	2,313	3,081	
inoge island South Carolina	1,636	10	1,138	1,245	415	
TOWN ORIONIS	14,090	2,025	5,222	1,410	1,106	
iouth Dakota	1,261	79	891	204	392	
ennessee	16,366	1,033	2,670	1,570	392 968	
exas	15,666	1,655	12,132	31,891	5,480	
Itsh	1,953	2,034	924	4,235	738	
ermont	1,105	31	567	211	736 424	
				,	~= ~	
'irginia	12,583	103	2,043	8,073	1,504	
Vashington	7,199	268	2,029	5,596	859	
Vest Virginia	4.197	126	7,390	439	1,340	
Viscontin	13,900	299	3,191	3,959	3,165	
/yoming	NA	237	594	NA	236	
let of Columbia	£0	***	4.544			
ist of Columbia uerto Rico	52 NA	265 480	1,016	1,318	735	
verty mod	NA	480	, 418	NA	576	
merican Samoa	102	Φ,	4	499	•	
UAIR	702	31	88	688	14	
o. Mariana is)) .))		
rust Territory) NA	, o) 12) NA)) 1	
irgin Islands	1,371	198	291	, 120	95	
	40 64-4-					
ource: Dept of Education		67 States	87 States	44 States	67 States	
	w/1,035,602 participants			w/1,073,148		
	48.8%	100%	100%	participants 47.8%	100%	
	32.6%	2.4%	6.0%	14.6%	6.2%	
				4 -1 A	~·~ ~	



Table 12
Achievements of Program Participants—Educational,
Societal, Economic, by State—Continued
FY 1981

State or Territory	Received U.S. Citizenship	Voted for First Time	Obtained Job	Obtained Setter Job er Salary Increase	Removed from Public Assistance
Tetali	13,937	40,080	117,236	74,134	27,877
Alabama	40	1,538	3.515	1,864	1,109
Aiaska	41	179	608	163	119
Arizona	27	31	545	241	84
Arkansas	22	235	692	198	232
California	3,987	3,882	29,259	16,852	7,926
Colorado	103	96	377	196	96
Connecticut .	364	401	1,186	732	345
Delaware	6	50	116	52	* 32
Florida	3,133	3,133	10,699	11,107	NA
Georgia	78	1,629	4,921	3,001	1,633
Hawaii	381	159	816	383	239
ldaho	79	17	1,443	1,799	132
lilinois	180	10,491	6,482	5,898	66
Indiana	118	478	1,722	1,156	802
owa	108	235	1,460	596	323
Kansas	12	125	567	594	140
Kentucky	27	99 6	2,376	1,008	696
Louisiana	25	304	933	532	179
Maine	16	91	302	91	134
Maryland	87	198	673	434	402
Massachusetts	896	448	4,208	2,868	191
Michigan	321	1,318	3,351	800	1,692
Minnesota	88	185	980	239	484
Mississippi	33	597	1,426	887	594
Missouri	84	72 8	2,388	1,065	789
Montana	8	82	339	97	39
Nebraska	54	81	414	208	60
Nevada	77	61	441	465	201
New Hampshire	22	92	322	207	67
New Jersey	126	119	1,444	756	121
New Mexico	127	103	831	616	433
New York	520	1,618	3,998	1,812	2,279
North Carclina	NA	NA	3,192	1,636	, NA
North Dakota	6	20	153	69	44
Ohio	194	1,439	2,691	1,363	1,700
Oklahoma	60	178	1,144	1,272	498
Oregon	746	894	2,918	1,210	726
Pennsylvania	104	712	1,800	1,253	458
Rhode Island	36	51	157	19	28
South Carolina	28	712	2,198	1,001	324
South Dakota	150	20	377	154	72
Tennessee	13	403	1,063	694	326
Texas	688	2,036	4,810	5,007	477
Utah	129	442	906	963	242
Vermont `	9 ,	139	1,210	170 _	200
Virginia	9 8	351	1,926	715	147
Washington	149	113	705	356	213
West Virginia	90	105	1,099	372	403
Wisconsin	152	157	939	144	29
Wyoming	34	5	88	120	5
Dist of Columbia	10	21	380	259	5
Puerto Rico	29	2,457	516	371	165
American Samos	O -	-0-	55	75	- 0-
American Samos Guam	10	41	13	5	Ŏ.
No. Mariana Is)) ~.)))
Trust Territory) 0-) 70) 2) 1) -0-
Mirala Islanda	12	Ф	58	<u> </u>	<u> </u>
Audiu istauda		SS Status	67 States	67 Sizios	85 States
	66 States w/2,172,411 participants	66 States w/2,172,411 participants		4400	participants
Virgin Islands Source: Dept of Education	w/2,172,411	w/2,172,411	100%	100%	#/1,666,800 perticipants 73.8%

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Table 13 Number of Participants Leaving the Program and Their Reasons FY 1981

State or	Completed their	Left program before completing objectives because of								Total Number of		
Territory	objectives	Health probs.	2 2 1	Trass. probs.	Possilly Probe.	Lecation of cires.	Lack of Interest	Time	Changed	Other kr: ywn ressens	Unkneum	Participants Who Left Program
Total: %/Total Participants	271,518 12.0	32,325 1.4	28,781 1 3	35,702 1.6	36,196 1.6	3.392	56,173 3.5	31,019 1.4	18,889	183.8 2 6 8 1	203,149 9.0	900,970
Alabama	7,655	374	251	882	403	183	1,190	405	1,125	4,605	4,681	21,739
Alaska	921	51	136	67	77	N/A	111	44	N/A	1,511	1,511	4,429
Arizona Arkansas	1,661	156	202	865	605	N/A	108	479	596	5,050	641	10,363
California	1,431 11,671	138 6,84 8	56 10,035	93 9,487	78 9,467	11 N/A	270 5, 94 6	39 7,412	220 N/A	282 32,890	280 32, 8 90	2,896 126,433
Colorado	246	106	129	176	177	N/A	275	119	N/A	569	891	2.688
Connecticut	4,647	334	204	33 5	308	11	322	311	422	760	1,570	9,244
Delaware	38	16	19	35	27	N/A	43	12,	N/A	222	33	445
Horida Georgia	43,628 20,473	3,064 1,030	3,519 1,020	4,358 1,251	2,250 856	N/A 252	8,758 1,488	2,475 649	N/A 1,912	17,885 3,8 46	34,781 3,533	120,728 36,310
- Hawaii	176	129	•						·			
daho	6,835	93	143 50	159 35	159 67	N/A 23	101 169	163	N/A	866	2,082	3,778
llinois	8.680	1,854	268	304	1,504	23 N/A	1,566	602 806	558 N/A	1,519 700	773 1,894	10,724 17,576
ndiana	3,285	419	337	481	470	N/A	884	234	N/A	2.409	1,438	9:937
owa .	5.864	405	211	209	240	30	916	173	1,098	1,282	2.302	12.730
Kansas	5,594	128	81	187	347	99	734	126	854	244	953	9.347
Centucky	8.552	270	256	204	282	119	1,013	298	712	12,795	1.626	26,127
ouisiana Aaine	2.260 1,478	242 110	182	268	294	5	986	74	360	756	1,154	6.581
faryland	1,222	320	31 200	56 337	62 220	1 N/A	159 5 34	38 538	168 N/A	556 2,150	329 1.854	2,988 7.375
fassachusetts	1,447	590	380	273	641	281	90	200	222	2,498	388	7,010
Aichigan	9,993	1,507	890	1.389	1,513	399	1,618	2,244	770	2,353	3,711	26,387
Ainnesota	6.815	388	273	156	221	36	719	240	843	972	693	11,356
Aississippi	3.570	244	279	469	292	66	323	196	469	273	783	6.964
Aissouri .	19.696	401	•	- 0-	1,521	79	3,002	291	1,858	5,786	2,131	34.965
fontana Jebraska	1.782 2,479	86 84	22 85	37 122	69 106	15 27	194 198	43	179	113	285	2.825
levado	1,661	16	14	26	89	6	88	111 420	282 179	582 -0.	311 333	4,387 2,832
lew Hampshire	943	59	28	77	111	21	217	63	149	177	163	2,008
lew Jorsey	10,216	844	572	959	1,246	263	1,614	297	N/A	6.134	26,868	49.213
lew Mexico	7,796	211	398	615	234	107	400	118	N/A	598	1.102	11.579
lew York	2.813	1,863	1,002	1,267	1,768	N/A	1,942	1 717	N/A	7,641	7,334	26.647
forth Carolina Iorth Dakota	1,538 248	766	483	850	957	N/A	1.072	1,3 - 3	₹4/A	2,354	2,355	11.754
hio	3.379	38 1.206	29 1.095	59 1,153	18 1.506	N/A N/A	107 2.609	2 1,133	N/A N/A	321 2.620	139 2.628	962 17 329
klahoma .	3.842	219	223	181	294	173	691	91	N/A	682	72 5	6.921
regon	5 601	330	227	302	552	123	1.094	359	601	8.228	6.407	23.824
onnsylvama	1 248	690	365	473	547	N/A	2.164	540	624	13,579	3.837	24,067
hode Island	1.231	111	56	178	114	N/A	84	197	351	3.086	1,049	8 457
outh Carolina	8 534	1,124	920	1,123	1,145	292	2.667	426	1,681	8.188	7,977	34.077
outh Dakota	1.292	50	61	122	85	4	206	37	180	71	291	2.399
ennessee exas	2.361 10.059	475	224	317	284	128	808	265	363	1,275	1,127	7.627
lah	1,443	2.185 176	1,766 171	2,790 440	2.199 210	N/A N/A	3.676 910	4,181 134	N/A N/A	10,231 404	19,220	56.307
ermont	752	94 -	28	49	95	4	5	27	479	431	2.026 81	5 9 1 4 2 0 4 5
rginia	2 036	589	454	598	842	211	9.32	236	1 247	5.460	5.269	17 874
ashington	3.727	253	244	3 2 7	278	28	351	259	351	912	1.898	8 628
Inal Virginia	8.041	352	344	481	395	368	617	688	N/A	2 772	1.003	15 061
riscontin Iyoming	3 420 134	459 21	269 22	403 23	503 23	N/A N/A	648 > 97	350 22	N/A N/A	3.436 537	4.775 347	14. 26 8 1 226
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uerto Rico	2 6 97 50 6	471 425	139 246	104 337	92 2 70	۰۰ م N/A - ۲	611 687	54 134	-0- N/A	410 613	1.733 538	6 311 3 756
merican Samoa	382	25	30	10	5	15	55	10	8	6	20	566
Ar.	1	10	11	17	5	N/A	36	27	N/A	176	20 176	566 477
o Manana Is	•	1	}	1	1)		1			,	. 47.
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rgin Islands	3 500	7 3	85	91	28	12	21	5	8	٠0	O	3 823

Source Dept of Education

Incomplete data

the comparable data for 1980



"That one man should die ignorant who had the capacity to learn, this I call tragedy."—Thomas Carlyle

Rick Ventura Executive Director

Helen G. Banks Administrative Assistant

Donna M. Lomax Accountant

Karen L. Coibert Clerk/Typist March 1984 This report covers the period of October 1, 1982, through September 30, 1983

This report is published under provisions of the Adult Education Act and the Committee Act.

National Advisory Council on Adult Education, 1984





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NATIONAL ADVISORY COUNCIL ON ADULT EDUCATION 425 13th STREET, N W / PENNSYLVANIA BLDG / SUITE 323 WASHINGTON, D C 20004

