DOCUMENT RESUME

ED 258 095 CG 018 297

AUTHOR Hess, G. Alfred, Jr.; Lauber, Diana

TITLE Dropouts from the Chicago Public Schools: An Analysis

of the Classes of 1982, 1983, 1984.

INSTITUTION Chicago Panel on Public School Finances, IL.

PUB DATE 24 Apr 85

NOTE 113p.; Support for this research was provided by

Lloyd A. Frey Foundation. Tables may not reproduce

well due to small print.

PUB TYPE Reports - Research/Technical (143)

EDRS PRICE MF01/PC05 Plus Postage.

DESCRIPTORS Adolescents; Age Differences; *Black Students;

*Dropout Rate; Dropout Research; *High Risk Students; *High Schools; *Hispanic Americans; Males; Student

Attrition

IDENTIFIERS *Chicago Public Schools IL

ABSTRACT

Many studies of high school dropout rates have compared the number of graduates with the number of enrolled freshmen. An adequate representation of the dropout rate, however, must combine all categories of leaving school before graduation, and a longitudinal approach must be employed. A joint venture between the Chicago Panel on Public School Finances and the Department of Research and Evaluation of the Chicago Board of Education was designed to track all entering freshmen who entered a Chicago public school as part of the graduating classes of 1982-1984. Each student's entry was tracked along with information on whether or not he transferred, graduated, was retained, or dropped out. The results indicated that the dropout rate for the class of 1982 was 43 percent, with similar figures estimated for 1983 and 1984. Hispanics and Blacks were the most likely to dropout, with overage males with low reading scores most at risk. Dropout rates at the city's 63 high schools varied considerably, with the lowest rates at the schools with the best reading scores and the fewest overage students. It is the conclusion of this study that the Chicago Public School System operates a two-tiered high school system which concentrates dropout prone students into inner city Black and Hispanic high schools. (The report includes an executive summary with recommendations; a systemwide analysis of the class of 1982 by dropout rate, age, reading score, gender, and race; a school level analysis of outcomes; three year comparisons of the classes of 1982, 1983, 1984; an assessment of the financial impact of dropouts; a description of the study methodology; and various tables and appendices.) (NRS)

* Reproductions supplied by EDRS are the best that can be made * from the original document.

· trom the original document.



CHICAGO PANEL ON PUBLIC SCHOOL FINANCES

DROPOUTS FROM

THE CHICAGO PUBLIC SCHOOLS

An Analysis of the Classes of: 1982 - 1983 - 1984

G. Alfred Hess, Jr. Primary Investigator

Diana Lauber Research Assistant

April 24, 1985

U.S. DEPARTMENT OF EDUCATION
NATIONAL INSTITUTE OF EDUCATION
EDUCATIONAL RESOURCES INFORMATION
CENTER (ERIC)

This document has been reproduced as received from the person or organization originatists if

Minor changes have been made to improve reproduction quality

 Prints of view or Minkins stated in this flor is ment do not necessarily represent official NIE position or policy. "PERMISSION TO REPRODUCE THIS MATERIAL HAS BEEN GRANTED BY

TO THE EDUCATIONAL RESOURCES INFORMATION CENTER (ERIC)."

53 West Jackson Boulevard. Suite 1730

Chicaga, Illinois 60604

(312) 939-2202



THE CHICAGO PANEL ON PUBLIC SCHOOL FINANCES
53 West Jackson Boulevard, Suite 1730
Chicago, Illinois 60604
(312) 939-2202

Tee Gallay, President

American Jewish Committee
Aspira Inc., of Illinois
Center for Neighborhood Technology
Citizens Schools Committee
Chicago Region PTA
Chicago Urban League
Community Renewal Society
Designs for Change
Jewish Council on Urban Affairs
Junior League of Chicago, Inc.
Latino Institute
Lawyers Committee for Civil Rights Under Law
League of Women Voters of Chicago
Mexican American Legal Defense and Education Fund
The Woodlawn Organization

Support for this research project has been provided by:

Youth Guidance

LLOYD A FRY FOUNDATION

Support for the Chicago Panel is also provided by:

Foundations: Chicago Community Trust, Joyce, MacArthur New World, Woods Charitable Fund

Corporations:
Amoco, Borg Warner, Chicago Tribune
Fel-Pro, Kraft, Northern Trust, Sears, Roebuck

Individual Contributors, Organization Dues, In-Kind Gifts

The Panel expresses its appreciation for the cooperation of

The Department of Research and Evaluation
Chicago Board of Education

Staff of the Chicago Panel:

G. Alfred Hess, Jr., Executive Director Diana Lauber, Assistant Director Claudia Ingram, Program Coordinator Penelope L. Puhl, Secretary Howard L. Toney, Student Clark

ERRATUM:



TABLE OF CONTENTS

EXECUTIV	E SUMMARY
I. INTRO	DUCTION
II. SYST	EMWIDE ANALYSIS OF THE CLASS OF 1982
III. SCH	Schools With the Highest Dropout Rates Schools With the Lowest Dropout Rates Schools With the Lowest Dropout Rates Schools in the Mid-Range Transfer Rates Incidence of Significant Student Characteristics District Analysis
IV. THRE	E YEAR COMPARISONS, CLASSES OF 1982, 1983, 1984 .71 Yearly Comparisons, Systemwide Yearly Comparisons, School Level
V. ASSES	SING THE FINANCIAL IMPACT OF DROPOUTS
VI. METH	CODOLOGY
VII. APE	PENDIX



LIST OF TABLES

TABLE

Ţ	Student Outcomes by Reading Score	23
2	High Schools Ranked by Dropout Rate	33
3	The Worst 21 Schools	35
4 5	The 21 Schools with the Lowest Rates	37
5	The 21 Mid-Range Schools	39
6	High Schools Ranked by Transfer Rate	41
7	Dropout Rates for Original Unit and Transfers	43
8	Dropout Rates for Transfers into Schools	45
9	High Schools Rank Order by Percent Overage	47
10	High Schools Ranked by Class Size	49
11	H.S. Ranked by Percent Normal Reading Scores	51
12	H.S. Profile Ranked by Percent White	54
13	H.S. Outcomes by Race, Ranked by Percent White	
14	H.S. Profile Ranked by Percent Black	58
15	H.S. Outcomes by Race, Ranked by Percent Black	
16	H.S. Profiele Ranked by Percent Hispanic	63
17	H.S. Outcomes by Race, by Percent Hispanic	65
18	Schools Organized by District	67
19	Districts Ranked by Dropout Rate	68
20	Districts Organized by Area of City	68
21	Districts Organized by Geography	68
22	Outcomes Entering Students - Special Schools	70
23	H.S. Enrollment Changes: 1982 - 1983 - 1984	77
24	H.S. Changes in the Dropout Rate	79
25	H.S. Ranked by Dropout Rate - Class of 1984	80
26	Changes in Dropout Rates: Reading Categories	82
27	Changes in Dropout Rates: Reading Enrollments	84
28	H.S. Changes in 14 Year Old Entrants	87
29	Racially Changing Schools - Racial Census Data	
30	Racially Changing Schools - White Outcomes	89
31	Racially Changing Schools - Black Outcomes	91
32	Racially Changing Schools - Hispanic Outcomes	91
33	Changes in Dropout Rates - Ranked by White	94
34	Changes in Dropout Rates - Ranked by Black	95
35	Changes in Dropout Rates - Ranked by Hispanic	96
36	Additional Costs - All Remain in School	102
37	Additional Costs - 50% Remain in School	103
38	Additional Costs - 25% Remain in School	103
39	Earnings Penalty of Not Completing H.S.	109
40	State and Federal Revenues Not Collected	10
41	Cost of Welfare Expenditures - Not Completing	10
42	Estimated Cost of Crime	109
43	Longitudinal vs. Reported Dropout Rates	11



5

EXECUTIVE SUMMARY

DESCRIPTION OF STUDY FINDINGS and RECOMMENDATIONS

DROPOUTS FROM
THE CHICAGO PUBLIC SCHOOLS

An Analysis of the Classes of: 1982 - 1983 - 1984



DESCRIPTION OF STUDY

Much has been written recently about the Dropout Problem in the Chicago Public Schools. The recent set of reports began with the Citizens Schools Committee's Consumers Guide to Chicago Public High Schools, which portrayed the class enrollment picture for each Chicago High School as a guide to parents about schools with high dropout problems. Father Charles Kyle followed with his doctoral dissertation focusing on two predominantly Hispanic schools (Wells and Clemente). More recently, Designs for Change released a report combining their analysis of the reading scores of graduating seniors with student completion rates at individual schools. Chicago Reporter had earlier published its own investigation of the Dropout Problem.) All of these reports used the same methodological approach, comparing the number of graduates with the number of enrolled freshmen. Without access to specific individualized data, this enrollment approach is the hest approximation available to outside groups. It cannot discern the effects of students who transfer out of the system, or of the inflation of the size of the freshman class by students retained in that grade from the previous entering classes (as high as 50% at some schools), nor does it account for the students still actively enrolled after their colleagues graduate. Thus, the statistical base of these studies is reliable only at very gross levels. Further, such an approach provides no correlations between students outcomes and the characteristics of the students. State of Illinois student attrition statistics suffer from the same methodological shortcomings.

Traditionally, the Chicago Board of Education has reported Dropout Rates by calculating the number of students recorded explicitly as "Dropouts" as a percentage of all enrolled students (whatever their grade) for that year. The narrow definition of a "Dropout" unrealistically understates the scope of the problem, allowing school officials to use other classifications (e.g., "enlisted", "left because pregnant") to minimize their Dropout Rate. Further, such an approach gives the observer an instant snapshot, but the phenomenon being pictured is actually a four year long process. To adequately represent the Dropout Rate, all categories of leaving school before graduation must be combined, and a longitudinal approach must be employed.

This study takes exactly such an approach. It has been a joint venture between the Chicago Panel on Public School Finances, an independent, non-profit coalition of agencies dedicated to quality public education, and the Department of Research and Evaluation of the Chicago Board of Education. This joint venture combined the public interests of observer organizations and the vast array of student information maintained by the school system, without compromising the confidentiality of any student.



7

The study tracks all entering freshmen who entered a Chicago Public High School as part of the graduating classes of 1982, 1983, and 1984. It tracks each etudent's entry, whether or not he/she transferred to another Chicago Public High School, transferred out of the Chicago system, graduated, or dropped out. The study also indicates how many students are still actively enrolled after their colleagues have graduated (about 10%, most of whom finish their high school career within two and a half years of their originally projected graduation date). Thus, this method of calculating the Dropout Rate is much more exact than enrollment-based estimates, epecifically excluding retained students from previoue classes, and specifying the extent of transfers out of the system and students still actively enrolled after the graduation date of their classmates.

Some problems still remain. Computer generated data always suffer from human error in data entry. Thus, some student records are missing information about their gender, others about the individual's race, others on reading scores, However, the number of such missing codes is quite low, for most categories. A more serious problem is encountered in dealing with recorded transfers out of the system. A visual examination of these codes revealed a number of recorded transfers to non-existent destinations or non-accredited or non-school destinations. All such improper codings were manually converted to the status of Dropout for this study. But, even for students transferred to what appear to be valid, accredited destinations, the Board of Education has not verified that all of these actually enrolled at their projected destinations. We recommend that, from this time forward, all students recorded as transfers be verified as enrolled in another accredited high school or be reclassified as a Dropout, for reporting purposes. The Council of Great City Schools recommended euch verification be accomplished within 45 days. However, even if 20% of the students recorded as transfers in this study did not arrive, the Dropout Rate would change by less than 1%. Finally, a longitudinal study is only finalized when all students have completed their high school careers. We found that a final cut-off date of September 30th, two years after a class' graduation date, reduces the number of still actively enrolled students to under one-half of one percent (0.5%). This means that final figures for the Class of 1983 and the Class of 1984 will not be available for some time. However, we also found that the Dropout Rate does not vary significantly from the September after graduation, if those actively enrolled are excluded; thus, proximate figures are available for those years.



The Findings and Recommendations of this study are spelled out in the following pages at some length. They may be summarized in this way: The Dropout Rate for the Class of 1982 was 43%, with similar figures estimated for 1983 and 1984. Hispanics and Blacks are most likely to dropout, with overage males with low reading scores, most at risk. The Transfer Rate for students leaving the Chicago Public School system was 9%. Dropout Rates at the city's 63 high schools varied considerably, with the lowest rates at the schools with the students entering with the best reading scores and the fewest overage students. The schools with the worst Dropout Rates lose more than 50% of their students, and even the mid-range schools are significantly below the national average in percent completing school. Rapid racial charge did not significantly affect the outcomes of students studied in this project. If all of the Dropouts had been retained until graduation, the cost to the system would have been an additional \$3.5 million. It is the conclusion of this study that the Chicago Public School System operates a two-tiered high school system which concentrates dropout prone students into inner city Black and Hispanic high schools.

The recommendations included in this study are as follows:

- 1. A major assault on the Dropout Problem should be focused on the elementary schools.
- 2. A new curricular approach and additional educational services must be developed for high school students whose needs and interests are not now being well served.
- 3. Dropout reduction efforts should focus on bringing elementary students' reading levels up to the normal range.
- 4. Increased use of grade retention will likely be counter-productive and should not be considered as a way to reduce the Dropout Rate.
- 5. Special focus must be given to schools which do not do as well as expected with the students they receive.
- 6. The Board of Education should move immediately to adopt new data management procedures for recording, verifying, and reporting student outcome information similar to the one developed for this study.



FINDINGS

1. THE DROPOUT RATE IN THE CLASS OF 1982 WAS 43%.

The Dropout Rate in the Chicago Puk ic Schools in the Class of 1982 was 43%. This means that, exclusive of transfers to other accredited high schools outside of the Chicago school system, more than two out of every five entering students left school before graduation. The Graduation Rate is the reciprocal of this figure, 57%.

2. HISPANICS AND BLACKS ARE MOST LIKELY TO DROP OUT. AMONG THESE GROUPS, MALES WHO ENTER HIGH SCHOOL OVERAGE AND WITH BELOW NORMAL READING SCORES, ARE MOST AT RISK.

Among the major racial groups in Chicago, Hispanics (47%) and Blacks (45%) had the highest proportion of students drop out. Whites had 35% drop out, but only 19% of Asians did so. Nearly half of all males (49%) drop out, and more than a third of all females (36%) who entered high school in September 1978 left school before graduation. Hispanic males had the highest Dropout Rates (54%), followed closely by Black males (53%). The older a student is when entering high school, the more likely he/she is to drop out; sixteen year olds (two years over normal entry age) had a 69% Dropout Rate, while fifteen year olds (one year overage) drop out at a 60% rate. quarter of all entering students (26%) enter high school overage. Hispanic overage students dropout less frequently (60% for 16 year olds) than do overage Black students (77%). The more poorly prepared a student is, the more likely it is he/she will drop out; two-thirds of all Dropouts entered high school with reading scores more than two years below normal or missing reading scores. Of the entering class, 53% had reading scores missing or below normal levels. Thus, Hispanic and Black male students, who enter high school overage and with below normal reading scores are most likely to drop out.

3. HALF OF THE REPORTED TRANSFERS WERE IMPROPERLY RECORDED AND MUST BE CONSIDERED DROPOUTS. CORRECTING FOR THIS FACTOR, THE TRANSFER RATE OUT OF THE CHICAGO PUBLIC SCHOOL SYSTEM INTO ACCREDITED HIGH SCHOOLS IN OTHER SCHOOL DISTRICTS WAS AT MOST 9%.

To date, the Chicago Public Schools have not consistently verified the enrollment of students transfering to other school jurisdictions from the Chicago Public Schools. This makes the use of the "Transfer" leave code subject to abuse by high school principals, counselors, and clerks. A visual examination of transfer destinations revealed a high number of improperly recorded transfers (e.g., to non-degree granting trade training programs or the armed services); these students were reclassified as Dropouts for this analysis. Nine percent



of all entering students were reported to have transfered out of the Chicago Public Schools to other accredited high schools. Transfers have been excluded from Dropout and Graduation Rates. Because the school system currently and not verify the arrival of these transfers, it is impossible to know the outcomes for these students. It is estimated on the basis of our examination that as many as 20% of the remaining Transfers never arrive at their school destination, and should be considered Dropouts. This would raise the Dropout Rate by less than 1%, and decrease the Graduation Rate correspondingly. If as many as 50% did not arrive, the rates would change by two and one half percent.

4. THE PANEL COMPARED STUDENT OUTCOMES FOR THE CLASSES OF 1982, 1983, AND 1984. A NEW PROMOTION POLICY HAS CREATED AN ARTIFICIAL DECREASE IN THE DROPOUT RATE FOR THE CLASS OF 1984. THE EFFECT OF THIS POLICY IS TO REDUCE THE NUMBER OF STUDENTS WITH LOW READING SCORES (DROPOUT PRONE STUDENTS) FOR THIS ONE CLASS ONLY.

When the Classes of 1982, 1983, and 1984 were compared, the Dropout Rate decreased each year, reaching 40% in 1984. However, the Class of 1984 was the first class affected by a new promotion policy which retained low achieving students in elementary school, thus artificially reducing the number of normal aged students entering high school in this class; correspondingly, this policy raised reading scores for the entering class. The resulting decrease in the number of Dropouts which appears in our data was more evident in males, whose rate decreased almost four percentage points (to 46%). Decreases were largest for Hispanics (to 43%) and Blacks (to The proportion of the entering class who were Hispanic increased by about two percentage points, while the percent Black and White decreased proportionately. The percentage of overage students increased from 26% to 29%; but fis proportional change was as a result of decreases in the number of 14 year olds entering high school, not from increases in the number of overaged entrants. It would be expected that the entering Class of 1985 would also show a higher proportion of overage students, this time reflecting higher numbers of that age group. Offsetting these apparent increases in the proportion of students at higher risk, the reading scores of entering students also increased; a higher proportion of entering students in the Class of 1984 read at or above normal levels, as would be expected if low achieving students were retained in elementary school. Because about 10% of all high school students take more than four years to complete their high school careers, final Dropout and Graduation Rates, for longitudinal studies, cannot be accurately established until two years after a class graduates. This fact, together with the effect of the new promotion policy, means that the rates for 1983 and 1984 must be treated cautiously.



5. STUDENTS WHO REMAIN AT ONE SCHOOL FOR THEIR ENTIRE HIGH SCHOOL CAREER DROP OUT MUCH LESS FREQUENTLY THAN THOSE WHO TRANSFER FROM ONE CHICAGO HIGH SCHOOL TO ANOTHER.

The Dropout Rate for students who stay at the high school in which they originally enrolled (40%) was slightly lower than the systemwide rate (43%). The Dropout Rate for students who transferred within the system to another Chicago high school was 16% higher at 56%. Thus, the students who transferred from one high school to another in the system, were more likely to become Dropouts. This differing pattern has implications for special attention when transfering students are received at a high school. Students at predominantly White schools and all-Black schools with the highest Dropout Rates transferred the least. For the most stable schools, the Dropout Rate for transferring students was 22% higher than for students who stayed at those schools.

6. THE NET FINANCIAL COST OF RETAINING ALL DROPOUTS UNTIL GRADUATION WOULD BE AN ADDITIONAL \$3.5 MILLION.

Students drop out in increasing numbers as each year of high school passes. By the end of the first year, 7% have dropped out; after two years, another 28%; after three, 30% more; with the final 35% dropping out in their fourth year or later. If all of the Dropouts in the Class of 1982 had remained in school until graduation, the additional costs for teachers, supplies, transportation, and food would have reached \$17.4 million, at current costs. However, had those students remained to graduation, they would also have generated additional revenues in state aid and reimbursements totalling \$13.9 million. At current cost levels, the net additional cost of eliminating the Dropout problem would be \$3.5 million. The Board's estimated costs of a Dropout Prevention plan would add \$18.8 million, for total costs of 322.3 million. Against that figure, total lifetime costs to society of the 12,804 Dropouts of the Class of 1982 were estimated to be \$451 million in lost tax revenues, welfare payments and the costs of crime.



SCHOOL LEVEL FINDINGS

Sixty-three high schools were analyzed for the classes entering in September 1978, 1979, and 1980. The characteristics of students attending these schools vary significantly by entry age, race, reading scores, and areas of residence in the city. These schools have varied programs for dealing with students: some are technical schools with high schoolstic entry requirements, some are vocational schools, some are specialized schools, but most are general high schools. Similarly, these schools have varying success in educating their students. Two primary measures of their success are the Dropout rate and the Graduation rate.

7. THE 21 SCHOOLS WITH THE HIGHEST GRADUATION RATES (THE TOP THIRD OF ALL HIGH SCHOOLS) ACCOUNT FOR NEARLY HALF OF ALL GRADUATES IN THE CLASS OF 1982.

Forty-seven percent of the graduates in the Class of 1982 graduated from just 21 schools, and only a quarter of the students from these schools dropped out. Of these schools, 18 graduated more than two-thirds of their 1978 entering class. Five schools, Bogan, Lane, Taft, Young, and Kenwood, graduated more than 80% of their students. In the top 21 schools, 80% of students completed their high school career at the same school they entered, and students who tay at the same school graduate much more frequently than those who transfer to another Chicago high school. Two of these 21 schools are the system's elite technical schools, six are vocational high schools, and 13 are general high schools.

8. THE SCHOOLS WITH THE HIGHEST GRADUATION RATES RECEIVE THE STUDENTS WITH THE HIGHEST READING SCORES.

The students who entered the top 21 schools differ significantly from systemwide norms. Few of these students (only 13%, half the systemwide norm of 26%) entered high school overage(15 years old or older). 72% of the students entering these schools read at, or above, normal rates. racial distribution of these students was disproportionately White(34%), with fewer Blacks(57%) and half the average rate of Hispanics (6%). At three of these schools more than 80% of the entering class was White, and eight had a majority of White students in the entering class. At seven of the schools, the entering class was more than 95% Black, while a total of ten had a majority of entering students who were Black. Only Richards Vocational was predominantly (46%) Hispanic, and it was 100% female. Nine of these 21 schools are located on the Fringe of the city, and four are in Lakefront districts. Eight are located in the Inner City, but of these, six are vocational or magnet schools, drawing students from beyond the neighborhoods in which they are located.



9. THE SCHOOLS WITH THE HIGHEST DROPOUT RATES LOSE MORE THAN 50% OF THEIR STUDENTS AS DROPOUTS.

The 21 schools with the highest Dropout Rates all have more dropouts than graduates, and account for 49% of all dropouts from the eystem. Together, they had 56% of their entering students drop out, and graduated only 44%. Two of these schools are vocational high schools and the rest are general high schools.

10. THE SCHOOLS WITH THE HIGHEST DROPOUT RATES RECEIVE THE STUDENTS WITH THE LOWEST READING SCORES.

The students who attended these 21 schools also differ significantly from systemwide norms. More than a third of their entering students entered high school overage. these schools had over 50% of the entering class overage. Seventy percent of the students entering these schools had below normal or were missing reading scores. Two schools had more than four-fifths of their students in this category (Austin, 82%, and Manley, 80%). These students were disproportionately Black (76%); 18% were Hispanic, and only 6% were White. Only one school was majority White, and 16 of the 21 were more than 99% minority. Three schools had a majority of their entering students who were Hispanic (#9--Clemente, #10--Wells, and #21--Juarez). The eight schools with the worst dropout rates were all 99% Black. All but three of these 21 schools are in Inner City Districts and two of the three were in Inner City neighborhoode on the edges of Fringe or Lakefront districts.

11. THE MID-RANGE SCHOOLS PLOD ALONG

The 21 schools in the mid-range between the best schools and the worst are very close to citywide norms. Their composite Dropout Rate (45%) is just above the median(43%). Nationwide, 73% of high school students graduate from high school. Thus, the Dropout Rate, as it has been calculated in this study, is 18% above this national norm for these mid-range echools. The students attending these schools resemble the norms for the system. The distribution of normal age to overage entrants is average for the system(27% overage). 58% of the students attending these schools read below normal rates or had no test scores. Half the schools were in the Inner City and half were on the city Fringe or Lakefront. Racially, however, this group was more heavily White (28%), with fewer Blacks (53%). Six of these schools had a majority White entering class, seven were all Black, and five others were majority Black, three were predominantly Hispanic.



12. AMONG THE SCHOOLS WITH THE HIGHEST DROPOUT RATES IN 1982, THE DROPOUT RATE DECREASED SIGNIFICANTLY AT SOME AND INCREASED SIGNIFICANTLY AT OTHERS FOR THE CLASS OF 1984. IN PART, THESE CHANGES REFLECT DIFFERENTIAL IMPLEMENTATION OF THE PROMOTION POLICY, WHICH CREATED AN ARTIFICIAL DECLINE IN THE SYSTEMWIDE DROPOUT RATE.

At the school level, the largest reductions of the Dropout Rate occurred at Fenger (-16%), Englewood (-12%), and Harlan (-10%), all schools among the group with the highest Dropout Rates for the Class of 1982 and all with high levels of students with Below Normal reading scores in the Class of 1982. Of the 14 schools which reduced their Dropout Rates by more than 5%, eleven were all-minority schools. Nine of these schools had received high proportions of Below Normal reading entrants and nine had Dropout Rates above 50% for the Class of 1982. Thus, these schools were the ones most likely to be affected by the new promotion policy. At ten schools, the Dropout Rate rose by more than 5%. There was virtually no change in the Transfer Rate, systemwide, but at five schools, all majority minority, the Transfer Rate increased by more than 5%.

13. RAPID CHANGE IN THE RACIAL COMPOSITION OF SCHOOLS HAD LITTLE EFFECT ON SCHOOL DROPOUT RATES.

The Racial composition of the Class of 1984 when it entered high school was not significantly different from that of the Class of 1982, except for a significant reduction in White 14 year old entrants. But a new desegregation plan, adopted after the Class of 1984 had begun high school, did create significant school-wide change at a number of schools. Outcomes for Whites and Blacks entering these changing schools in the Class of 1984 did not vary significantly from the Class of 1982. The Hispanic Dropout Rate at these schools declined slightly.

CONCLUSION: THE CHICAGO PUBLIC SCHOOL SYSTEM OPERATES A TWO-TIERED HIGH SCHOOL SYSTEM WHICH CONCENTRATES DROPOUT PRONE STUDENTS INTO INNER CITY BLACK AND HISPANIC HIGH SCHOOLS.

The picture that begins to emerge is that the Chicago
Public Schools have two separate and distinct systems:
--High schools for the best prepared students, located in
middle-class neighborhoods or drawing the best achieving
students away from Inner City neighborhood schools, and

--High schools for the Inner City which receive a disproportionately high number of overage students reading below normal levels.

It appears that, for the freshmen entering high school in September 1978, the system was functioning under an operative policy of EDUCATIONAL TRIAGE, in which some schools were designed to save the best students, some were designed to be holding pens for the worst prepared students, and a small mid-range just plodded along.



RECOMMENDATIONS

1. A NEW CURRICULAR APPROACH AND ADDITIONAL EDUCATIONAL SERVICES MUST BE DEVELOPED FOR HIGH SCHOOL STUDENTS WHOSE NEEDS AND INTERESTS ARE NOT NOW BEING WELL SERVED.

For the last few years, the emphasis has been upon creating excellent academic programs at some schools which have become attractive to the best achieving students. However, this has created a high school system in which the best prepared students congregate into these most attractive schools and poorly prepared students are abandoned in, and drop out from, the worst schools. A new approach must be taken for the schools receiving these poorly prepared students, if the Dropout Rate is to be reduced. A whole new curriculum is required for those students, a curriculum which will include basic literacy and skills needed for jobs in a changing economy and which is geared to the socio-economic background of these poorly prepared students. High schools must adapt to serve the needs of these students, rather than expect these students to adapt to or drop out from schools as they are currently structured. Relatively few students drop out from the glite schools; focusing more effort and resources on these schools will only marginally affect the Dropout Rate.

2. A MAJOR ASSAULT ON THE DROPOUT PIDBLEM SHOULD BE FOCUSED ON THE ELEMENTARY SCHOOLS.

The overwhelming evidence from this study indicates that Chicago high schools generally do well when they receive well-prepared students, those with reading scores at or above normal levels and at a normal age. When students are poorly prepared, Dropout Rates soar. The schools with the worst Dropout Rates receive prohibitively high proportions of their students who cannot read English at normal rates, and far too many who are already overage. Much of the current effort at Dropout reduction focuses on ameliorative efforts at the high schools, but the data from this study indicate that such attention at the high school level is too late. The Dropout problem is not amenable to quick fix solutions, but will require a number of years to alter. Progress can be mersured by increasing reading scores of entering students, and a reduction in the number of overage entrants.



3. DROPOUT REDUCTION EFFORTS SHOULD FOCUS ON BRINGING ELEMENTARY STUDENTS ACHIEVEMENT LEVELS UP TO THE NORMAL RANGE.

The single most important factor which varied correspondingly with the Dropout Rate was the proportion of students entering high school with reading scores at, or above, normal rates. Schools with high proportions of entrants reading at, or above, normal have low Dropout Rates; those with low levels of normal reading entrants have high Dropout Rates. Further, when the reading scores of entering students improved, the Dropout Rate declined. Thus, an effective Dropout prevention strategy must focus on raising the level of preparedness of entering high school students without raising the level of overage entrants.

4. INCREASED USE OF GRADE RETENTION WILL LIKELY BE COUNTER-PRODUCTIVE AND SHOULD NOT BE CONSIDERED AS A WAY TO REDUCE THE DROPOUT RATE.

Overwhelmingly, students entering high school overage drop out. Three-quarters of all students two years overage drop out, and three-fifths of all students one year overage do the same. By retaining eighth grade students and preventing them from entering high school in the Class of 1984, the Dropout Rate for that year was arbitrarily lowered, but the rate for the Class of 1985 can be expected to be correspondingly higher as a higher proportion of entrants would then be overage. Increasing the number of overage students by elementary grade retention is only likely to increase the Dropout Rate. Even overage students reading one whole level higher than their normal age counterparts drop out more frequently, negating any presumed benefit of retention.

5. SPECIAL FOCUS MUST BE GIVEN TO SCHOOLS WHICH DO NOT DO AS WELL AS EXPECTED WITH THE STUDENTS THEY RECEIVE.

It is unrealistic to expect Crane High School, which received 60% of its entering students reading below normal levels and 38% who were overage, to have as high a Graduation Rate as Lane Tech, with none of ite students reading below normal rates, and only 3% overage. But 18 other schools received a higher proportion of their students reading below normal and yet had lower Dropout Rates than did Crane. Similar conditions exist at several other schools. units must receive special attention from District Superintendents, or, if these officials are consumed by their responsibilities for elementary schools (they have 20 to 25 elementary schools and only two or three high schools in their districts), special area high school superintendents might be created to provide thir attention. However, since the preparedness of students entering high school is the primary predictor of Dropout Rates, the current arrangement seems to be more logical.



6. THE BOARD OF EDUCATION SHOULD MOVE IMMEDIATELY TO ADOPT NEW DATA MANAGEMENT PROCEDURES FOR RECORDING, VERIFYING, AND REPORTING STUDENT OUTCOME INFORMATION SIMILAR TO THOSE EMPLOYED IN THIS STUDY.

This study has established the basic student tracking procedures for longitudinally compiling and reporting Dropout, Graduation, and Transfer Rates for all students in an entering This way of reporting the data makes clear what happens to students through their high school career, and helps to pinpoint the places where extra effort is most needed. We recommend the Board adopt procedures similar to those used in this study to report Dropout data in the Individual student information should be maintained from entry into the Chicago Public Schools. At entry into high school, an unalterable class code (the projected graduation date for that entering class) should be entered on the student's record. Achievement scores should be included on the student information file. We further strongly recommend the Board adopt for immediate implementation a policy of verifying all transfers out of the system. Before a student is considered to have transferred out of the Chicago system, verification from a certified high school in another school district should be obtained confirming he has actually been enrolled in that school. Students who are no longer enrolled in Chicago schools but for whom no such verification can be obtained should be considered Dropouts. The school district should make this data available to interested members of the public in a manner that protects individual rights of privacy and facilitates analysis. Computerized data tapes are one key format in which basic data should be available for analysis.



I. INTRODUCTION



INTRODUCTION

Nationwide, the number of students who enter high school but do not graduate has declined for nearly a century. National statistics indicate that 73% of all high school students graduate (U.S. Education Department, 1985). However, that figure represents a slight decrease since 1968. economy in which jobs for non-high school graduates were plentiful, the Dropout Rate was accorded only moderate significance. On the other hand, in an economy in which reasonably compensated unskilled jobs are disappearing, Dropouts become a major factor in public policy. The research cited in this study shows that Dropouts earn significantly less than high school graduates and pay significantly less in Dropouts are far more dependent on welfare and taxes. unemployment assistance, and much more likely to participate in criminal activity than high school graduates. Perhaps more importantly, individual Dropouts have significantly fewer opportunities open to them, and run a higher risk of facing a life of poverty. Yet little is known about the extent of the Dropout problem nor the places to attack the problem if the political will were present to do so. This study brings some precision to defining the scope and locus of the problem.

The recent spate of education reports has focused the attention of the nation on reform which will produce excellence in the nation's schools. Lost in this movement are the students most at risk of failing in, and being failed by, the American education system. During the previous two decades, there was much attention given to assuring equality of access to an adequate education for all young people. Many changes happened in the schools of the nation, but it can hardly be maintained that equality of educational opportunity has been achieved. But falling test scores and other problems have led to shifting the emphasis to issues of excellence. Yet even this strategy seems curiously short-sighted. quickest way to improve reading capacities of the nation's young people is to help those currently at the lower levels. Large gains among presently poorly performing students will raise the functional literacy of the citizenry, which is more significant than small gains, which are much harder to achieve, among the students already doing well. process, Dropout Rates might also be reduced, accomplishing two goals at once.

Dropout rates are generally conceded to be much higher for urban centers with high concentrations of economically disadvantaged and non-white students. School systems in these areas are also generally more strapped for resources than are surrounding suburban systems, despite the 1971 Sorrano California court decision for equity of funding. Cibulka, in



a study of the schools of Wisconsin ("State Level Policy Options for Propout Prevention," 1985), recently found that systems which were short of resources generally required additional funds to significantly reduce their Dropout Rates.

But determining what the Dropout Rate is is one of the first problems facing those seeking to reduce it. Current methods of determining the Dropout Rate hide, rather than highlight, the problem. The Chicago Board of Education maintains an official Dropout Rate which is the percentage of students enrolled in high school who drop out during any But determining which students to count as particular year. Dropouts is also a problem. The Board has some 20 "leave codes" which record categories of leaving school, only one of which is "Dropout". Yet at least 13 of these codes refer to students who leave school without graduating (ranging from "Needed at home" to "Lost" or "Cannot adjust"). A reasonable Dropout Rate would include all of these categories; such an approach would dramatically increase the "official rate" for a number of Chicago high schools.

What people really want to know is what percentage of students entering high school graduate, and what percent are Dropouts? This information cannot be discovered using the current method of recording Dropouts. A longitudinal approach is required to answer those questions. Entering students must be tracked through their high school career, from entry to departure. This is a more taxing procedure than simply adding up the number of students recorded as Dropouts and dividing by the beginning of the year enrollment at all high schools. The longitudinal approach produces an accurate picture of how many entering students actually graduate, how many drop out, and incidently, how many transfer to another school or transfer out of the system entirely.

The objective of this study was to do a longitudinal study of all entering freshmen who belonged to the Classes of 1982, 1983, and 1984, to track their high school careers to final departure from the Chicago public school system, to determine how many transferred out of the system, and of those remaining, to identify how many were graduates and how many were Dropouts. At the same time, procedures would be established which would allow the Chicago Board of Education to analyze and report data on the Dropout Rate (and correspondingly, the Graduation Rate) for each ensuing class. This study has also sought to identify the sites with the highest Dropout Rates, and the characteristics of the students who most frequently were Dropouts, so that efforts to reduce the Dropout Rate might be more effective.



II. SYSTEMWIDE ANALYSIS OF THE CLASS OF 1982



II. THE CLASS OF 1982

The Dropout Rate from Chicago Public High Schools for the Class of 1982 was 43%. Exclusive of students who transfered to other accredited high schools outside the Chicago public school system, more than two out of every five entering students left school before graduation. Fifty-seven percent (the reciprocal figure) graduated. Nine percent of all entering freshmen transfered out of Chicago schools to other accredited schools, though it is unverified that those students actually enrolled in the schools to which they were transfered.

In the fall of 1978, 33,142 students entered Chicago high schools. These students became the Class of 1982. On September 30, 1984, 140 of these students were still actively enrolled in the Chicago school system. 3,060 (9.3%) students transferred out of the Chicago system. Thus, the base of continuing students who either graduated or dropped out was 29,942.

Entering	Still	Transfers	Continuing
Students	Active		Students
33,142	140	3,060	29,942

Among the continuing students (those who entered a Chicago public high school and completed their high school career in the system), 12,804 (42.8%) were Dropouts. Correspondingly, 17,138 students (57.2%) of the Class of 1982 graduated. If the national Dropout Rate can be estimated at 27% (see U.S. Department of Education, 1985—the definition of "Dropout" may differ in these two studies; thus, these figures may not be comparable), then Chicago's Dropout Rate is more than one and one-half times the national rate.

A number of specific student characteristics were examined for patterns among the Class of 1982. Significant differences in Dropout Rates were discovered when the class was analyzed by age of entry, by eighth grade reading score, by gender, and by race.

AGE

Most entering high school freshmen are 14 years old. In the Class of 1982, 71% were 14. The next largest group was 15 years old (23%), while a few (3%) were 13 or younger, and about the same were 16 or older. The Transfer Rate was fairly constant for all age groups. As the age of entering students rose, the Dropout Rate rose accordingly:



Age	Entering Students	Transfers & Actives	Continuing Students	Dropouts	Dropout Rate
13-	1,064	105	959	249	26.0%
14	23,626	2,283	21,343	7,902	37.0%
15	7,472	[*] 717	6,755	4,044	59.9%
16+	980	95	885	609	68.8%

Thus, the older a student was at entry into high school, the more likely it was that he/she would become a Dropout. A quarter of all entering students in the Class of 1982 were overage. Although there were relatively few students who entered high school at 16 years old or more, more than two-thirds of these students dropped out. However, the major jump in the Dropout Rate was between students 14 and 15 years of age. The Rate increased by 23 percentage points between those two ages. Three out of five students who entered one year overage dropped out. Thus, whatever benefit might have been derived by spending additional years in elementary school, for these students, being overage at entry into high school was a clear predictor of the likelihood of dropping out.

READING SCORE

Not surprisingly, the better a student's reading score in eighth grade, the better his chances of graduating; conversely, the lower the reading score, the higher the Dropout Rate:

Stanine	Grade Equivalent	Dropout Rate	Level
1	0.5 - 4.6	67.8%	Below Normal
2 & 3	4.7 - 6.7	49.9%	
4	6.8 - 8.0	39.3%	
5	8.1 - 9.2	28.0%	Normal
6 & up	9.3 -13.9	18.8%	and Above

National norm referenced tests consider Stanines 4, 5, and 6 as normal reading levels (see Chapter VI for a discussion of reading scores). When the outcomes of all students scoring at Stanine 5 and above (i.e., at or above grade level) are combined, their Dropout Rate is 23%, slightly below the national average for all students (27%).

However, reading score statistics must be examined more closely. A significant number, 3,854 (ll.6%), of entering students have no reading score on their file. There are several reasons why these students might not have a recorded score: not attending a Chicago elementary school before enrolling in a Chicago high school, limited English proficiency, absence on the testing day, and coding mismatches in merging two separate computer files, to mention a few. Transiency, students who transfer into the Chicago system, and then quickly transfer back out, is a major reason for missing



DECPOUT STUDY OF CHICAGO PUBLIC SCHOOLS Class of 1982 - Six Year Time Frame PEADING SCOISS

THE 1
OUTCOMES BY READING SCORES

		Domant of					Percent of		
	Entering	Percent of Students	Still	Trensfer	Transfer	Remaining		Number	Dropout
	Studenta	w acores	Active		Rate	Students	Students		Rate
ALL STUDENTS		i							
			_						
Stanine 1	3,851	13.1%	31	J35	8.75		13.0%		67.85
Stanine 2 A 3	9,838	33.65	59	809	8,25		33.65	4,479	49.9%
Stanine 4	6,820	23.3% { 14.5% }	15	539	7.9%	6,266	23,5%		39.34
Stanine 5 Stanine 6+	4,248 4,531	15.5%	7	374 401	8.8% 8.9%	3,867 4,132	14.5% 15.5%		28 .0 % 18 .8 %
Switting 64	וככוף	15.55	•	401	0.36	, 7,1,50 !	17,78	***	10.00
Sub-Totals	29,288		119	2,458	8.45	26,720		11,166	41.8\$
w/o scores	3,854	(11,6%)	21	613	15.9%	3,222	(10.8%)	1,638	50,8%
Crand Totals	33,142	ì	140	3,071	9.35	29,942		12,804	42.8%
•						<u> </u>	· · · · ·		
SURWY - ALL S	TUDATS								
u/o scores	3,854	(11.6\$)	21	613	15.9%	3,222	(10.8%)	1,638	50 .8%
Selow !bigal	13,689	46.7\$	90	1,144	8.4\$	12,455	46.69	6,843	54.9\$
(iornal Plus	15,599	53 .3 %	29	1,314	8.4%	14,265	53.4%	4,323	30,3%
	·		 -	·			· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · 	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	
nuz									
Stamme 1	2,233	15.2%	22	195	8.7\$	2,016	15.1%	1,438	71.3\$
Stanine 2 & 3	4,975	33.8#		430	8.6%		33.75		57.25
Stamine 4	3,254	22.18	10	256	7.9%		22,35		45.5%
Stamme 5	2,025	13.8	5	174	8.65	1,846	13.8		32.1%
Stanine 6+	2,230	15.25	4	203	9.1%	2,023	15.1%	466	23,0%
Jub-Total	14,717		85	1,258	8.5\$	13,374		6,428	48.1\$
w/o scores	2,120	(12 .6 \$)	13	339	16.0%	1,768	(11.7%)	1,022	57.8%
thle Totals	16,837		98	1,597	9.5%	 15,142		7,450	49.23

Stanune 1	1,618	11.1%	9	140	8.72	1,469	11.02	926	63.0%
Stamme 2 & 3	4,863	33.42 1	15	379	7.8%		33.5		42.6%
Stamme 4	3,566	24.5%	5	28 3	7.9%	3,278	24.65	1,104	33.75
Stanine "	2,223	15.3	2	200	9.0%	2,021	15.1%	491	24.3%
Stande 6+	2,301	15.8%	3	198	8.63	2,109	15.8	311	14.73
.Lb-Tctai	14,571	į	34	1,200	8.2%	13,346		4,738	35.5%
H/o coures	1,734	(10.6\$)	8	274	15.8	1,454	(9,83)	61 6	42,43
Ferale Totals	16,305		42	1,474	9.0%	14,800		5,354	36. <i>2</i> %

scores. Those without scores transfer out of the Chicago system at almost double the rate of all other students (15.9% vs. 8.4% -- Transfer Rates for students with recorded reading scores varied by less than one percent). Of the continuing students without scores, more than half (51%) were Dropouts. Their outcomes were similar to those of students reading at below normal levels, in the second and third stanines.

The distribution of reading scores for Chicago's students is considerably lower than would be expected for a norm referenced test:

Stanine	Continuing Students	Percent	Dropouts	Dropout Rate	Level
2 & 3 4 5 6 & up	3,485 8,970 6,266 3,867 4,132	13% 34% 24% 14% 15%	2,364 4,479 2,463 1,083 777	67.8% 49.9% 39.3% 28.0% 18.8%	Below Normal Normal and Above
Without Scores	3,222	-	1,638	50.8%	

Nearly half (47%) of all Chicago students with reading scores are reading below normal levels (below Stanine 4, grade equivalent of 6.8)! If the students without reading scores are combined with those without scores, they comprised 53% of all students who remained at Chicago high schools. Only 47% of the entering freshman class read at or above normal levels! The aggregate Dropout Rate for those without reading scores or reading below normal levels was 54%. The Dropout Rate for those reading at, or above, normal levels is 30% (still 3% above the national average for all students). Thus, even students reading at normal levels drop out of Chicago schools at much higher rates than nationally, a trait common to large urban school districts.

GENDER

There were about 500 more males than females among the students entering high school with the Class of 1982. Males were much more likely to be Dropouts; 58% of all Dropouts were male:

Gender	Continuing Students	Dropouts	Percent of Dropouts	Dropout Rate
Male	15,142	7,480	58 %	49.2%
Female	14,800	5,354	12 %	36.2%

Nearly half of all males dropped out of the Chicago high schools. Just over a third of all females were Dropouts.



RACE

Dropout Rates varied eignificantly among membere of differing racial/ethnic groups. Transfer Rates also varied significantly. In the Class of 1982, 63% of the entering freshmen were Black, 22% were White, 14% were Hispanic, 2% were Asian, and 0.1% were American Indian or Pacific Islander. The small number of students who were classed as American Indian makes comparisons with the other racial groups inappropriate. Caution must also be taken in making comparisons for Asians. The Dropout Rates for each race are:

Race	Continuing Students 3,852	Dropouts	Dropout Rate
Hispanic	-6,279-	1,807	46.9%
Black	19,153	8,640	45.1%
White	6,279	2,169	34.5%
Asian	531	103	19.4%

Transfer Rates were highest for Asians (14.4%) and Hispanics (13.6%), lower for Whites (11.2%), and significantly lower for Blacks (7.2%).

RELATIONSHIPS AMONG VARIABLES

When these variables are brought together, some significant differences appear. It has already been noted that males drop out almost half again as often as females. When reading scores are compared for males and females, there are only slight differences. The percentage of males with scores in Stanine 1 is about four points higher than for females; correspondingly, the rates for females in Stanines 4, 5, and 6 and above are slightly higher than for males. However, these differences are very slight:

Stanine	Percent of All Males	Percent of All Females
1	15%	11\$
2 & 3	34%	33%
4	228	25%
5	14%	15%
6 & up	15%	16%
•	100\$	100%



The Dropout Rates for males and females in each Stanine vary correspondingly with the overall difference in Dropout Rates for the sexes. Thus, the small differences in reading scores between males and females does not account for the differences in Dropout Rates between the genders:

Stanine	Male Dropout Rate	Female Dropout Rate
1	71.3%	63.0%
2 & 3	57.2%	42.6%
4	45.5%	33.7%
5	32.1%	24.3%
6 & up	23.0%	14.7%

However, when Géhder is compared with entry age, some significant differences are noted:

Age	Males	Females
Normal	70%	80\$
Overage	30%	20%

A higher proportion of males enter high school overage. It has already been noted that overage students are much more likely to dropout than are normal aged students. The Dropout Rates for each age level of males and females vary proportionally, but at a smaller margin than between males an females overall:

Age	Male Dropout Rate	Female Dropout Rate		
13-	31.2%	22.5%		
14	42.8%	31.8%		
15	63.9%	54.0%		
16∻	71,1%	64.0%		
Overall	49.2%	36.2%		

The picture which begins to emerge is that males, while reading only slightly below females, are half again as likely to entain high school overage. This seems to indicate differ that treatment of males in the elementary schools, a phenomenon which has been frequently noted in the national research literature. The higher frequency of overage males, together with higher Dropout Rates at each succeeding age, account for some of the differences in Dropout Rates between the sexes.



When Age and Reading Scores are compared, another significant finding appears. If grade retention were a successful strategy, one would expect students to gain in reading level during the repeated year. If this approach were to improve the chances of graduation, a gain of one stanine should result in a lower Dropout Rate for the next higher age group than for the lower reading level for normal aged entrants. In fact, the opposite is the case. The Dropout Rate for overage students in the next higher stanine is worse than for that of lower reading normal age students. Overage students do more poorly than do normal age students, even when they read at higher levels:

	Normal Age Dropout Rate	Overage Dropout Rate
Stanine 1	62.1%	73.2%
Stanines 2&3	46.1%	57.5
Stanine 4	36.38	≥62.5%
Stanine 5	27.08	₩3.8
Stanine 6 up	18.3%	→37.9%

Thus, grade retention works to increase the Dropout Rate.

When Gender is compared with Race, further differences are noted. For all races, males dropout more frequently than do females, but the differences are larger among Blacks and Hispanics:

Race	Male Dropout	Female Dropout	
	Rate	Rate	
Hispanic	53.7%	39.3%	
Black	52.5%	37.8%	
White	38.8%	30.1%	
Asian	25.2%	14.6%	

The difference between Hispanic and Black males and females is over 14 percentage points, while the differences between White and Asian males and females is just over 8 points. Hispanic and Black males were significantly more likely to become Dropouts than were any other group. The Dropout Rate for White males and Hispanic and Black famales were similar. White females rates were lower, followed by Asian males; the lowest rates were attributable to Asian females.



Finally, when Age and Race are compared, other important facts appear. Ethnicity, particularly linguistic ethnicity, appears to have a confounding effect on Dropout Rates by age. Asians and Hispanics have higher proportions of their entering students who are overage, while their overage Dropout Rates are considerably lower than those for Blacks. Asian patterns are particularly interesting because the Dropout Rate nearly triples for entering students who are 16 or older. However, the small number of cases for 16+ Asians means caution should be exercised here.

Age	Black Dropout		White Dropout		Hispanic Dropout		Asian Dropout	
	*	Rate	*	Rate	*	Rate	*	Rate
13-	3%	28%	3%	23%	3\$	22%	6%	9%
14	70%	398	81%	31%	628	428	59%	14%
15	24%	63%	15%	55%	28%	56%	25%	22%
16+	3%	778	18	56%	7%	60%	98	57%

Eighty-four percent of Whites enter at normal ages, as do 73% of Blacks; Hispanics and Asians have only 65% of their students enter at normal age. While Hispanics and Blacks have similar Dropout Rates for normal aged students, Black overage entrants are much more likely to dropout than are Hispanic overage entrants. Hispanic overage Dropout Rates approximate those of Whites. It may be that the higher proportion of overage Hispanics is a result of language-learning delays which do not carry the same stigma for overage students as pertains for Blacks and Whites. However, it should be noted that for Blacks, Whites and Hispanics, entering high school overage meant more than half would become Dropouts! Overage Blacks had only one chance in four of graduating in the Class of 1982, and for overage Black males, it was less than one in five!

However, percentages aside, when absolute numbers are examined, the overage Black student claims major attention. Of the 5,048 Blacks who entered high school overage in the Class of 1982; 3,233 became Dropouts! That figure represents 25% of all Dropouts from the Class of 1982. These students represent the single largest target group for preventive measures. If effective measures could be designed to reduce the number of Black students falling behind in the system's elementary schools and new and effective means be designed for meeting the special needs of these students when they do get to high school, a significant reduction of the Dropout Rate should be feasible. Similar programs could be designed for Hispanics and Whites who currently enter high school overage. Unfortunately, current policy of the Chicago Board of Education seems designed to increase the number of overage entrants while continuing to neglect their special needs when they get to high school!



III. SCHOOL LEVEL ANALYSIS

CLASS OF 1982



III. SCHOOL LEVEL ANALYSIS OF OUTCOMES Class of 1982

The systemwide Dropout Rate is 43%, but Dropout Rates vary considerably among individual high schools. The Dropout Rate at Crane was 63%, while at Bogan, it was only 11%. These are major differences which need to be explored. This study provides some insight into the differences among high schools in Chicago, and differences which exist among the students who enroll at the various high schools.

For the purposes of this study, students were tracked from the time they entered a particular school until they left the Chicago public high schools. Their outcomes are recorded against the school in which they originally enrolled. 85% of the students attend only one school during their Chicago high school career. The other 15% transfer at least once, from one Chicago school to another. Since this study tracked point of entry and point of departure, but not all changes in between, some students may have transferred multiple times; data are not available to measure this movement within the system, except for changes in point of departure. Since so many depart from the school where they entered, it seems a good way to report Dropout and Graduation Rates. It does, however, mean that Jones Commercial High School, which receives only Junior and Seniors, is not included in most of this data (see on, page 8, and Table 8). The students who transferred to Jones are recorded against the schools where they originally enrolled.

The following table presents the basic data about each of the 63 high schools in which the Class of 1982 enrolled in September 1978. There are a number of specialized schools which serve a small sector of high school level students. These schools are discussed later in this section. However, for most of this section, 63 schools (excluding Jones) form the basic complement. One school, Harrison, has since been closed, with its students transferred, primarily to Farragut. The building is currently being utilized as an elementary magnet school. In the next few pages, these 63 schools will be examined for student outcomes, and the characteristics of the students who enrolled at each will be analyzed.



HIGH SCHOOLS RANGED BY DROPOUT RATE DROP OUT STUDY OF CHICAGO PUBLIC SCHOOLS TIRLE 2 School Level Data - Class of 1982 CONTINUEDO SIX YEAR TIME FRAME REPERMENT REPAIR STUDDIS DECECTOR RANK I LITET ASCHOOL MANGE TRANSFERS RATE | WO ACTIVES DECPOUTS DIST TYPE FRESHMEN RATE 1270 Cruss 62,6\$ 9 Gen 5.94 | 583 2 1220 Austin Omn. 882 5.65 629 515 62,1\$ 1050 Hear No. Career Hagn 9 10.35 77 3 Vac 87 46 59.75 1280 DuSable 13 Cen 632 26 4.15 j 602 352 58.5\$ 806 1510 Phillips 5 11 Can AFA. 43 5.05 1 463 57.45 6 1320 Robeson 16 Cen 658 103 15.75 551 316 57.45 1470 Harehall 546 25 4.65 291 278 7 Quan. 518 57.35 8 1310 Fenger 2C Cen 558 11.53 404 56.35 11.58 1840 Claumta 123 525 268 6 Cen 1,067 935 56.15 9 1640 Walls 569 10 6 **GEN** 86 15.15 #85 55.65 1300 Farragut 36 55.35 54.86 11 10 Gen 569 6.35 528 292 1020 Cregier Voc 8 3.75 208 12 9 You 217 114 8.1% i 1360 Harper 15 **Gen** 457 37 418 224 13 53.65 1680 Englemend 16 Cen 6.3 594 SAR 293 14 37 53.5 1250 Calumet Ħ 672 15 16 Gc: 752 10.3 359 53.45 16 1950 South Shore 17 Cen 54 7.55 666 723 355 53.35 1460 Hanley 541 369 Cen 573 27 4.75 288 17 53.25 1400 Kelly Ř 43 18 Cen 10.35 194 MÃ 52.65 1430 Lakeviau 3 Cen 13 Cen 71 15.75 | 380 198 19 452 52.15 1590 Tilden 20 563 50 8.95 510 264 51.85 21 1890 Junez 8 Cen 508 70 13.65 I 434 221 50.95 60 1520 Roosevelt Cen 435 13.85 189 50.45 22 1 375 5.55 I 1760 King, M.L. 25 14 Gen 454 428 215 23 50.25 1620 Lincoln Park 3 Cen 274 32 201 119 49.45 466 න 1340 Gage Park 12 Gen 503 37 7.45 228 48.93 1530 Sohurz 119 12.75 818 26 4 Cen 940 400 48.95 5.25 32 20 27 1850 Carver 616 581 281 48.45 20 Gan 1880 Collins 4.55 420 8 Cite 202 48.15 20 1830 Orr 65 29 5 Gen 589 11.05 521 250 48.05 7.95 | 14.35 | 1240 Boxes 19 Cen 61 709 338 30 773 47.75 31 1370 Harrison + Gan 322 48 8 273 129 47.35 31 58 8.65 17 Qen 1380 Hi.rah 12 359 **328** 150 45.75 1210 American 339 33 2 Gen 14.65 155 398 45.75 347 53 44.45 1910 Kelvyn Park 5 Cen 15.35 293 130 35 1350 Harlan 19 Gen 696 47 6.85 645 281 43.65 36 168 42.65 1040 Flower Voc You 200 11 5.55 1 80 7 1540 Senn 82 37 2 Gen 597 13.75 514 218 42.45 1670 Habbard 15 Qen 39 11.45 302 40.45 38 341 122 6.35 | 39 1800 Metro, Chicago 11 Gen 48 45 18 40.05 42 40 1390 Hyde Park 14 Can 724 5.85 | 680 256 37.6\$ 250 469 94 164 61 19.65 41 1330 Foremen 4 Gen 311 37.65 54 70 10.35 4 Can 1550 Steirmetz 524 35.05 42 89 21.55 43 1570 Sullivan 2 Cen 325 255 34.96 32 34.15 44 1150 Stateon Voc 16 Voc 484 6.65 1 452 154 45 1860 Corlisa 20 Can 621 69 11.15 545 183 33.65 7.75 | 6.85 | 33.35 32.55 46 14 168 1110 Richards Voc 11 Voc 182 56 1870 Julian .33 286 173 18 Gen 39 47 573 59 24 66 17.15 Î 48 1610 Von Stauban 1 Cen 346 88 30.8 346 665 49 1420 Kernydy 12 Oen 370 6.55 | 102 29.5 1820 Oarle 9.05 29.05 50 12 Cen 735 193 ă) 6.75 567 159 261 28.01 1030 Dunbar Voc 608 51 11 Voc 962 27.15 67 6.53 1010 Chicago Voc. Voc 1,031 52 11 27.15 436 53 1490 Hongan Park 18 Cen 469 31 6.65 118 29 37 1630 Washington (Den 369 7.95 340 80 23.5% 54 20 1070 Proseer Voc 1160 Westinghouse Voc 9.65 349 80 22.9 Voc 366 55 92 121 15 56 57 7 Voc 433 3.51 416 22.15 15 Tech 1450 Lindbloom 616 10.45 | 550 22.05 58 1480 Mather 2 Comp. 362 39 10.3 | 343 75 59 1710 Kensoot Cen 516 77 14.95 438 85 10.25 i 1810 Young 500 60 9 Cen 559 57 95 19.05 87 1580 Tart 6.15 477 18.25 Gen 509 31 61 1 1440 Lane 882 62 3 Tech 83 9.45 799 127 15.95 1230 Boggan 15 Ocn 300 7.75 30 10.65 33,142 1 9.25 | 29,942 SYSTEMATOE TOTALS 3,060 12,804 42,65 12,309 TOP THURD TOTALS 1,075 8.75 11,151 6,227 55.65



MID THIRD TUTALS

LOW THORD TOTALS

SPECIAL STRONGS TOTALS

9.95

9.25

7.55

980

993

12

9,891

150 I

4,019

2,464

94

45.25

3.3

65.35

8,**88**5 \$ 762

125

A. THE 21 SCHOOLS WITH THE HIGHEST DROPOUT RATES

The third of all schools with the highest Dropout Rates account for nearly half (49%) of all Dropouts from the system. All of these schools had more than half of their continuing students dropout. Crane had the highest Dropout Rate in the system for the Class of 1982 at 63%, followed closely by Austin at 62% (see Table 3). In the aggregate, 56% of the students who entered these 21 school dropped out! That means only 44% graduated. Two of these schools were Vocational schools: Cregier (Dropout Rate:55%) and New North Career Magnet (60%); however, it must be noted that for the Class of 1982, Near North was known as Cooley, and now runs a completely different kind of program, attracting a different group of students. The other 19 schools were general high schools, primarily enrolling students from their immediate neighborhood.

The eight schools with the highest Dropout Rates were all more than 99% Black. Sixteen of these 21 schools were majority Black; three were majority Hispanic; one was mixed Hispanic and White (Lakeview); and one was majority White (Kelly). Of the students entering these 21 schools, 76% were Black, 18% were Hispanic, and only 6% were White. The Whites were primarily located in two schools, Kelly and Lakeview, with a few in Wells, Tilden, and Juarez.

A third of the students entering these schools were overage. Only 30% entered with recorded scores at or above normal reading levels. That means that more than two-thirds of the students entering these schools were reading more than two years behind grade level or were missing scores. Only at Juarez (35%), Kelly (23%), Wells (19%), Lakeview (17%), and Clemente (15%), all with large Hispanic enrollments, did significant numbers of students have no recorded test scores. Thus, these schools receive a disproportionate share of the students most likely to become Dropouts: overage Blacks and Hispanics with below normal reading scores.

Still, so e of these schools do remarkably well, considering the needs of the students they enrolled.

- -Juarez graduated 49%, though only 25% of its entering students read at or above normal levels; 40% enter reading two years behind grade level and 35% had no recorded test scores; nearly half (47%) of Juarez' entering freshmen were overage (the second highest percent in the system, behind Robeson).
- -Tilden graduated 48%, though only 25% of its students read at normal levels, and a third (32%) of its entrants were overage.
- -Manley graduated 47% though receiving 80% below normal readers and 36% overage.
- -Harper graduated 46% with statistics like Manley's (79% below normal and 35% overage).



DRUP OUT STREY OF CHICAGO PUBLIC SCHOOLS HINE SCHOOLS RANGED BY DROPOUT RATE TABLE 3 The Worst 21 Schools School Level Date - Class of 1982 PERCENT SIX YEAR TIPE FRAME energe DROPOUT | OVER 1 COMPLETED W HORWAL ASTAN HESPANIC RANK | UNIT #SCHOOL NAME DIST TOPE FRESHMEN ! RATE | MITE HACK ACE I ORDIG SOH S0000ES 0.05 9 Gen 628 62.65 1 100.05 0.05 0.05 1 37.66 1 82.05 40.35 1270 Grane 27.45 | 38.45 | 882 2 1220 Austin 7 Cen 62.15 1 0,15 99.75 0.05 0.25 69.5% 18.45 87 0.05 0.05 1050 Near No. Cureer Hags 3 Voc 59.75 1 0.05 100.05 27.65 78.2 3 0.05 632 36.85 1 1280 DuSable 13 Gen 0.0\$ 0.05 27.75 58.55 99.85 89.25 0.05 858 5 1510 Phillips 11 Gen 57.4 0.15 99.5\$ 0.35 38.24 | 85.5\$ 23.5\$ 6 0.05 1320 Robeson 658 50.25 84.5% 44.15 16 Gun 57.45 0.35 99.5 57.35 | 56.35 | 546 0.05 36.66 7 1470 Herebell 9 Gun 0.05 99.66 0.05 77.75 22.25 1310 Penger **558** 0.05 8 20 Oen 0.25 0.75 29.75 1 86,25 26.95 99,15 1,067 26.35 1840 Clemente 6 Gen 0.65 81.15 30.65 88,9% 56.15 7.35 10.5 9 10 1640 Wells 6 Gen 569 55.65 12.15 25.85 0.0\$ 61.75 34.95 84.5% 30.65 55.35 22.55 1300 Farregut 10 Gen 32.46 569 76.4 0.4 79.35 30,25 11 0.95 0.95 0.05 1020 Gregier Voo 217 54.85 1 99.15 0.05 40.35 63.6\$ 12 9 Voc 32.75 1360 Harper 15 Gun 457 53.66 I 0.05 0.05 0.25 35.4 74.8% 13 99.85 21.25 1680 Englewood 34.66 16 Gen 594 53.5\$ 1 0.05 99.05 0.05 0.25 40.25 83.OF 14 1250 Calumet 15 16 **Cen** 752 53.48 1 0.05 100.05 0.05 0.05 1 37.25 | 80.65 36,35 23.95 0.15 i 17 Gun 1550 South Shore 723 **83.6**€ 16 53.35 1 0.05 99.65 0.05 38.05 8 Gen 1460 Manley 53.25 0.25 573 0.05 99.85 36.45 | 19.75 17 0.0-80.35 18 1400 Kally 8 Gent 416 52.65 0.05 1.05 26.05 22.45 94.25 73.15 49.BF 11.15 83.66 43.66 19 1430 Lakeview 3 Gen 452 52.15 6.05 41.25 1 26.45 40.35 563 0.25 24,65 20 1590 Tilden 13 Gen 51.65 10.15 75.75 13.95 31.75 1 86,0\$ 50.95 1890 Juanez 8 Gen 508 92.15 1 4.75 1.35 0.0 46.85 93.35 **3.0**

12,309 1

33,142 |

TOP THIRD TOTALS

SYSTEMADE TOTALS

55.85 1

42.65

5.95

21.45

75.75

62.6\$

0.35

1.95

17.65

13.55

34.55 !

25.5% |

82,95

85.05

30.15

47.15



Some schools do worse than might be expected. Crane had the worst Dropout Rate (63%) though they received a higher proportion of students reading at or above normal levels than all but three of these 21 schools. Robeson, Kelly, and Lakeview all received more than 40% of their students reading at normal levels. Austin also performed poorly, considering the proportion of entering students who were 14 years old.

Transfer Rates for these schools with the worst Dropout Rates were about average, except for Robeson (16%), and the heavily Hispanic schools: Lakeview (15%), Wells (15%), Juarez (13%), and Clemente (12%).

B. THE 21 SCHOOLS WITH THE LOWEST DROPOUT RATES

Each of the 21 best schools graduated more than 65% of their students, with 10 schools above the national norm (73% according to Department of Education figures) and 5 (Bogan, Lane, Taft, Young, and Kenwood) graduated more than 80% of their continuing students. At the top three schools (Bogan, Lane, and Taft), more than 90% of the entering students completed their high school career (graduated or dropped out) at the school in which they originally enrolled. Thus, these schools enjoyed great stability among their student body.

In the aggregate, the Transfer Rate for these schools was about average, but a few schools had significantly higher rates: Sullivan (21.5%), from which more than one out of five entering freshmen transferred out of the system, had the highest rate of any Chicago high school. Sullivan's student body dramatically increased the proportion of Black and Hispanic students during the four years the Class of 1982 was in school; Whites decreased proportionately. Von Steuben also had a high Transfer Rate (17.1%), but did not experience the same degree of racial change.

The entering classes at two of the top three schools were more than 90% White (Bogan and Taft), and six others were majority White. Thus, half (8) of the system's schools with a majority White entering class were among the 21 schools with the best graduating rates. Seven of these 21 schools were all Black, three o'hers were majority Black. Three schools (Von Steuben, Richards Vocational, and Sullivan) were racially mixed. Over half of all White and all Hispanic freshmen enrolled in these schools, while less than 30% of Blacks did so.

PERCENT OF RACE ENROLLED

		White	Black	Asian	Hispanic
	Lowest Rate Schools	51%	29%	27%	51%
	Mid-Range Schools	39%	25%	428	43%
21	Highest Rate Schools		<u>45</u> \$	<u>27</u> %	<u>6</u> %
		100%	100%	100%	100%



Dade out study of chacago fulfill schools School Level Data - Class of 1982 HIGH SCHOOLS RANGED BY DROPOUT RATE. The 21 Schools with the Lowest Rates

TABLE 4

		E FRANCE				-			, 12m20 - 12	1440				PERCENT	
	201 12	C (1994)			STERE		DROPOUT 1				ı	OVER	COSPLETED	W MORNAL	
RAPK	LINET	ASCHOOL HAVE	dizi	TYPE	PRESHEN	!	RATE	WITE	BLACK	ASTAN	HISPANIC	ACE	ORTO SCH	SCORES	
1	i i 123	D Bogan	15	Gen	300	1	10.85	95.7\$	0.05	0.3	3,75	19.35	96,7\$	82.75	
2		Lane	3	Tech	882	Ì	15.95	64.95	12.15	11.95		2.75	90,23	96.6\$	
3		Tart	Ĭ	Gen	509	İ	18.25	91.05	6.75	0.65		8.55	95.95	79.0%	
ų.		Young	9	Gen	559	Ĺ	19.05	27.53	52,25	5.5\$		7.95	83.45	63.1\$	
5) Kererood	14	Gen	516	Ĺ	19.45	17.85	72.95	2,75		9.55	80.46	70.35	
6) Mather	2	Gen	382	Ĺ	21,95	74.33	10.25	11.53		14.95	93.25	71.25	
7		molder 1	15	1ech	616	Ĺ	22.05	0.25	95.8	3.75		4.95	82.15	81.35	
В		Westinghouse Voc	7	Voc	433	İ	22.15	0.25	99.85	0.0		13.05	82.75	65.0\$	
9		O Prosser Voc	4	Voc	386	i	22,95	54.75	22,05	1.35		8,35	88.15	72.6	
10	163	O Washington	20	Gen.	369	İ	23.55	83.5\$	0.35	0.85		19,85	97.85	71.0%	
11	149	O Morssan Park	18	Gen	469	1	27.15	35.45	63.15	0.25		27.66	92,5\$	60.85	
12		O Chicago Voc.	11	Voc	1,031	Ī	27.15	0.05	99.5\$	0.05		9.55	87.45	65.3\$	
13	103	O Dumbar Voc	11	Voc	608	ĺ	28.05	0.05	99.75	0.0		11.35	89.15	82.95	
14	182	O Carte	12	Gen	735	ĺ	29.05	57.35	25.75	1.15		15.66	91.05	57.1%	
15	1 142	O Kermeuy	12	Cen	370	١	29.5% 1	73.25	24.65	0.0		16.85	91.95	69,5\$	
16	161	0 Von Steuben	1	Cen	346	1	30.85 1	46.55	22.8	12.75		22.35	91.65	52,6\$	
17	187) Julian	18	Gen	573	1	32,5\$ 1	0.05	99.8	0.05		17.55	89.25	56.5%	
18	1 111	O Richards Voc	- 11	Voe	182	1	33.35 1	26.45	23.6\$	0.05	46.25 1	19.05	74.25	56.0%	
19		O Cortina	20	Com	621	1	33.66	0.05	99.75	0.0	0.05 1	15.35	86.6\$	55.75	
20	115	O Simeon Voc	16	Voo	#8#	1	34.15	0.05	100.05	0.05	0.05 1	20.25	86,0\$	75.85	
21	157	O Sullivan	2	Gen	325	1	34,95 (43.75	32,0\$	9.5\$	12.6%	22.55	84.0\$		
					** ***		4e au 1	22.00	es nd	a ad		47. 98 . I	Oth Suff	an or	
		TOP THIRD TOTALS			10,696	ì	3.3 !	33,5\$	56,7\$	2.93	6,15	13 .3 5 l	68.4\$	72.25	
							**						. .		
		SYSTEMADE TOTALS			33,142	1	42,85	21.45	62.6\$	1,95	13.55 [25.55	65.0%	47.15	j



Only 13% of the students enrolling at these schools were overage. Only one school, Morgan Park (28%), had more than a quarter overage. Seventy-two percent were reading at or above normal levels. Thus, most of these schools are doing well, at least in part because they are getting the best students (e.g., Lane, ranked #2, had 97% of its students reading at or above normal levels; the rest were missing test scores). Among the top ten schools, only Young had fewer than 70% entering with normal or higher reading scores, and Young had 31% without recorded scores. Still, some of these schools did well even though receiving less well prepared students. Some had more than 40% with low or missing scores, but graduated about two-thirds of their students (Sullivan - 52%, Von Steuben - 47%, Corliss - 44%, Richards Vocational - 44%, Julian - 44%, and Curie - 43%). Morgan Park had 39% at this low/missing level and 28% overage and still graduated 73% (the national norm).

Some schools do not do as well as might be expected:
Simeon received 76% of its entering class reading at normal or
higher levels, but graduated only 66% of its entering class.
Similarly, Chicago Vocational (CVS) and Dunbar Vocational
received 85% and 83% reading at normal levels, but graduated
only 73% and 72% respectively. Westinghouse Vocational also
received 85% reading at normal rates and graduated 78%.
Clearly, when compared with other schools in the system, these
schools are not doing poorly, but given the high level of
preparation of students enrolling at these schools, something
more could be expected of them.

C. THE MID-RANGE SCHOOLS

In the mid-range schools, between half and two thirds of the students graduate. Transfer rates are about equal to systemwide rates except in the more heavily Hispanic schools (Kelvyn Park and Harrison) and Foreman (at 19.6%, the second highest transfer rate in the system). Foreman's entering class was 85.5% White, but by 1982 the school population was less than 50% White, thus the school experienced rapid racial change while the Class of 1982 was enrolled.

Seven of these schools had all Black entering classes, and five others were majority Black; four were three quarters White and two majority White; two were majority Hispanic; and one (Senn) was mixed. In the aggregate, students entering these schools were slightly disproportionately White (28% vs. 21.5% systemwide); a majority (53%) were Black; 16% were Hispanic; and 3% were Asian.



DHOP OUT STUDY OF CHICAGO FUBLIC SCHOOLS School Level Data - Class of 1982

SYSTEMATOR TOTALS

HUZH SCHOOLS RANGED BY DROPOUT RATE
The 21 Hid-Runse Schools

TABLE 5

SIX YEAR TIME FRAME PERCENT **SALESCOR** DROPOUT I OVER | COMPLETED W NORMAL WITTE BLACK ASTAN HISPANIC RANK I UNIT ASCHOOL NAME DIST TYPE FRESHER RATE ACE I ORIG SOH SCORES 1520 Roosevelt 20.9 Ì 50.45 89.05 22 1 Gen 435 6.45 9.25 15.45 67.85 52.23 28.03 1760 King, M.L. 0.05 34.05 14 Gen. 454 50.25 0.05 0.7% 99.35 83.5% 23 36.5% 40.8\$ 24 1620 Lincoln Park 3 Gen 274 49.45 1 8.8 65.7% 0.75 23.05 | 28.95 73.05 86.35 18.35 25 12 Gan 48.95 1 8.05 1340 Cage Park 503 38.95 52.35 0.85 30.65 i 48.95 61.35 23,85 940 3.75 26 1530 Schurz 4 Gen 2.75 90,35 51.65 21 1850 Carver 20 Cm 616 48.45 0.05 100.05 0.05 0.05 31.05 1 83.65 45.15 0.05 i 33,45 28 1880 Collins 8 Gen 440 48.15 1 0.0 0.05 79.8 99.85 26.15 29 1830 Orr 5 Gen 589 48.05 1 3,1\$ 69.15 0.85 25.55 | 30.55 74.95 21.75 30 1240 Boyen 19 Gen 0.15 32,5% 773 47.75 1.75 58.75 38.7% 87.8 30,9 31 1370 Harrison + 57.15 36,15 8 Clen 47.35 1 0.35 322 37.35 81.15 30.75 4.75 100.05 0.05 35.4% 32 1380 Hireh 17 Gen 359 45.75 0.05 0.05 77.75 37.35 4.05 33 1210 Anundaen 2 Gen 398 45.7% 74.9 7.5% 10.6% 89.7% 88.74 43.25 62,85 5 0en 44.45 31.05 34 1410 Kelvyn Park 347 1,25 1.75 30,35 1 39.25 75 35 37 26.35 1350 Harlan 19 Gen 696 43.65 1 0.15 99.75 0.05 0.15 85.25 38,45 200 42.65 0.05 19.15 69.05 1040 Flawer Voc 7 Voc 0.05 100.05 0.05 38.0% 1540 Senn 2 Gen 597 42.45 36.05 21.75 21,75 1 32.7% | 19.65 84.15 29.85 40.45 68.05 38 1670 Hubbard 15 Gen 341 85.35 2.95 1.2 9.7% 22,65 93.5\$ 1800 Hetiro, Chicago 11 Clean 48 25.01 4.25 39 40.0\$ L 64.65 0.05 8.35 1 87.53 91.75 14 Gen 0.05 40 1390 Hyde Park 724 37.65 0.05 100.05 0.05 15.55 84.75 57.75 37.65 85.5% 76.1\$ 12.25 92.3 41 1330 Foremen 4 Gen 311 1.05 22.51 0.65 **56.9** 4 Gen 35.0 1960 Stainsetz 524 15.15 4.05 4.05 57.4 42 1 18.5% 94.15 MED THERD TOTALS 9.891 45.25 1 27.75 15.95 26.7% 52.9% 2.75 85.25 41.85

33,142 1

42.85

62,6%

21.45

1.95

13.55

25.55

85.05

47.15



A quarter (the systemwide average) of the entering students in these schools were overage, with a few schools showing more than a third overage (Harrison, Hirsch, King, and Collins). Of these students, 58% were reading more than two years below normal or had no recorded test scores. Schools with over 60% Graduation Rates, in this range (Hubbard, Metro, Hyde Park, Foreman, and Steinmetz), all had significantly more students with normal test scores.

Again, some schools do better than others. 78% of Orr's entering students were at least two years behind in reading, but 52% graduated (compared with Carver which also graduated about 52% but only had 55% so far behind at entrance). Similarly, Collins received 74% with below normal or missing scores and graduated 52%, and Senn received 70% below or missing scores and graduated 58%. On the other hand, only 8% of Metro's students did not have normal reading scores, but 40% dropped out.

D. TRANSFER RATES

In addition to Dropout and Graduation Rates, the Panel tracked students transferring out of the system. Systemwide, 9% of all entering students transferred out of the Chicago Public Schools to other accredited degree granting high schools. A larger number of students were recorded as transferring, but a manual examination of the files of all transferring students revealed improper destinations which were reclassified as Dropouts.

Hispanics and Whites were more likely to transfer out of the system than were Blacks. Transfers were more frequent out of schools whose entering class was heavily White or Hispanic. Only 4% of entering Whites and 1% of Hispanics attended the 21 schools with the lowest Transfer Rates. Fourty percent of all Whites and 62% of Hispanics were in schools with the highest rates.

Only 4 of the 21 schools with the highest Transfer Rates were all Black, with three others a majority Black. Four of these majority Black schools had high Dropout Rates, but three were among the schools with the highest Graduation Rates. Five schools were majority White in the entering class, and five were majority Hispanic. Four were racially mixed.

Five of the schools with the highest Transfer Rates were among the top third for Graduation Rates, six were among the 21 worst schools, and ten were in the mid-range. Generally, these high transfer schools raceived less than half of their students with reading scores at or above normal. Lindbloom (81%), Kenwood (70%), and Hubbard (68%) were the exceptions to this general picture.



TABLE 6

	i Lawel (leta - Cl. Ali TIPE FRUPE)	888 (of 1980	•										PERCENT
204 16	THE THE STREET			EMIERCINO	RMEER	TRUNSPER	DROPOUT				ı	OVER CO	HPLETED W	
RANK (SCHOOL NAME	DES	T TYPE	PRESHEN	THUMPERS	RATE	RATE	WILTE	HAGA	H IMEEA	espance i		FOO: 921	300FE3
. !	 			200		~ =			30.00	• ~		~ ~	a b	10 ad
1	Sullivan Foremen	2	Çan Cen	325 311	l 70 I 61	21.55 19.66	34.95 37.65	43.75 65.55	32,0\$ 1,0\$	9,58 0.68	12,65 12,25	22.55 22.55	初.似 足.突	48.0\$ 56.9\$
3	Von Stauben	ĭ	Gen	346	i 59	17.15	30.4%	46.53	22.85	12.73	17.3	22.35	91.65	52. 66
4	Lakevieu	3	Cen	452	71	15.73		₩.3	11.15	6.0\$	41.25	26.45	83.65	43.65
5	Robeson	16	000	658	103	15.75		0.35	99.55	0.0\$	0.08	50.25	64.55	44.15
6 7	Kelvyn Park Wolls	5 6	Com	347 569	l 53 J 86	15.35 15.15	44.45 55.66	34.05 12.15	1.25 25.25	1.75 0.05	62.部(61.形)	30.35 34.55	88.25 84.55	39.25 30.85
8		14	Cen	516	i 77	14.95		17.85	72.95	2.73	1.65	9.53	80.5	70.3
9	Hurison +	8	Gern	322	1 48	14.95		4.75	37.35	0.35	57.15	36.15	61.15	30.73
10	Anadorn	2	Clen	398	58	14,65		74.9	4.05	7.55	10.65	26.46	89.75	43.25
11 12	Roconvelt James	1 8	Oten Oten	435 508	l 60 l 70	13 .8 5	50.46 50.95	67.85 4.73	6.45 1.85	9.25	15 .4 92.15	20.95 46.85	89.0\$	52.25
13	Senn	2	Cen	597	i 82	13.75		36.05	19.65	0.05 21.73	21.75	32.73	93.35 64.15	25.0\$ 29.8\$
14	Schurz	4	Com	940	l 119	12.73	48.95	61.35	3.75	2.75	30.65	23.65	90.35	51.65
15	Lincoln Park	3	Clean	270] 32	11.75	1 1	8,85	65.73	0.75	23.05	28.95	73.05	36.55
16	Clemento	_6	Cen	1,067	123	11.55	56.15	7.35	10.85	0,65	81.15	30.65	68.95	26.35
17 18	Forger Hubberd	20 15	Cen Cen	558 341	164 139	11.55 11.45	56.35 40.45	0.3 65.3	99.15 2.95	0.05 1.25	0.75 9.75	29.75 22.65	96.25 93.55	26.95 68.05
19	Corliss	20	Qen	621	i 69	11.15	: · · · · ·	0.05	99.73	0.08	0.05	15.35	66.65	55.73
20	Cit	5	Con	589	65	11.05	•	3.15	69.15	0.85	25.98	30.5\$	74.95	21.75
21	Lindbloom	15	Tech	616	9	10.45	22.05	0.25	95.85	3.75	0.35	4.95	82.15	81.35
22 . 23	l Near No. Career	· 3	Vac Cen	67 416	9 43	10.35		0.05	100.05	0.05	0.0\$	35.概	78.25	27.66
23 24	Kelly :Zeigmetz	ų	Clen	524) 43 54	10.35 10.35		73.15	0.0\$ 15.1\$	1.05 4.05	26.05 4.05	18.55	外.35 外.15	49.85 57.45
ä	Calumot	16	Cen	752	iπ	10.25		0.05	100.0\$	0.05	0.05	37.25	80.66	3.3
26	Hather	2	Con	382	39			74.35	10.25	11.55	2.95	14.95	93.25	71.2
٠. ا	LOTE	9	Con	559	57	10,25		27.55	52.24	5.55	12.25	7.95	83.46	63.1\$
29	Prosser Voc	4	Voc	386	37	9.65		59.75	22,01	1.35	21.25	8.33	88.15	72.6%
29 1 30	lana Cario	3 12	Tech Cen	882 735	l 83 I 66	9.45 9.0 5	15.95 29.05	64.95 57.35	12.15 25.75	11.95	10. 85 15.46	2.7 5 15.6 5	90.25 91.05	96.65 57.15
31	Tilden	13	Con	563	i 50		51.85	10.1\$	75.75	0.25	13.95	31.73	66.05	24.65
32	Hireb	17	Cen	359	j 31	8.65	6.75	0.0\$	100.0\$	0.0\$	0.05	35.45	77.75	37.35
33	Harper	15	Gen	457	37	8.15	53.65	0.0%	99.85	0.0	0.3	35.25	74.85	21.25
34	Bosen.	19	Comm	773	61	7.95	47.75	1.75	58.73	0.15	38.75	32.55	87.85	30.95
35 36	Hashington Richards Voe	20 11	Con. Noc	369 182	29 14	7.95 7.75	23. 56 35 .35	83.55 26.46	0.35 23.65	0.85 20.0	13.85 46.25	19 .5 19.8	97.85 74.25	71.0\$ 56.0\$
30 37	Bogan	15		300	1 25	7.75	:	95.75	0.05	0.35	3.73	19.35	96,73	82.73
36	South Shore	11	(r.st)	723	j 94	7.55	53.35	0.0\$	99.65	0.05	0.15	23.95	83.85	38.05
74	Clage Park	12	WIL	503	37	7.45	48.95	38.95	52.3	0.85	8.05	18.35	66.35	40.85
40	Julian	18		573	39		32.53	0.0\$	99.85	0.0\$	0.25	17.53	89.23	56.55
41	ibriat	19	Con: Voc	696 608	47 41	6.85	43,64 28,05	0.15	99.75	0.05 20.0	0.1% 0.2%	26.3%	85.25 89.15	38.45 82.95
98	Dunker Voc Steen Voc	11 16	Voc	484	32	6.73	20.05 34.15	0.05	99.75 100.05	0.05	0.23	11.35	86.05	75.85
44	Itorgan Park	18		469	j <u>3</u> 1	6.62	27.15	35.45	63.1\$	0.23	0,6%	27.65	92.98	60,85
.,	Chicago Voc.	- 11	Voc	1,031	67	- 455	1 27.35	, -,-,-	99.55	0.05	0.55		87.45	65.35
	Konredy		Cen.	370	1 24				24,65	0.05	2,2	16.85	91.95	69.55
	Farregut Motro, Chicago	70 11	Qen Qen	569 48	1 36				76.45 64.65	0.25 0.05	22.55 8.35	32.45 4.25	79.35 87.55	30.2 5 31.73
49	Englescod	_	Gen	59A	l 37				99.05	0.05	0.25		83.0\$	34.85
	Tare	ij	_	509	j 31				6.7%	0.65	1.85		95.95	79.05
51	Crene	9	Gen	628	37	5.95	62.65			0.05	0.05		82.05	40.35
52	Hyde Park	14		724	1 42	* * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * *			100.05	0.0\$	0.05		89.75	57.75
5 <u>}</u>	kutin Kon Mi	7		682 Mari	1 49	* - ·.			99.75	0.05	0.25		69.5 \$ 83 .5\$	18.45
54 55	King,M.L. Flower Vot		Qen Voc	454 200	l 25				99.35 100.05	40,0 20.0	0.05	19.15	69.0\$	28.0\$ 38.0\$
56	Carver	20		616	j <u>ji</u>				100.05	0.05	0.0\$		83.65	45.15
57	Phillips .	11	Gen	958	43	5.05	57.45	0.1%	99.5\$	0.05	0.35	38.25	85.5%	23.5
58	Henley	_	Cen	573	27				99.85	0.0\$	0.3		80.35	19.73
	Marshall	_	Gen. Gen	546 440	1 25			0.0; 10.05	99.65 99.85	0°Let 0°DE	0.0\$ 20.0		77.1 7 79 .5	22.25 26.15
	Collins DuSable	_	Oen Oen	632	26		58.5\$		99.85	0.0\$	0.05		89.25	27.73
	Oregier Voc	9		217	7	_	94.81				0.08	: 7	63.66	32.73
	Westinghouse W	∞ 7	Voo	433	15		1 22 11	0.25		0.05	0.05	13.05	82,75	85.0\$
	EXSTENDED TOTAL	N.S		33,142	3,060	9.25	الجنبدا	21.45	62.65	1.95	13.55	1 25.5\$	85.05	47.15
	DIDIEMEN (OI	-		2011	ا	7429		1	ac. 10b	1.,	• 3430	29.7#	43144	71 618
					İ		İ	ĺ				İ		
					ļ		!					!		
	TOP THEFT TOTAL			10,790	1,473				39.15		29.65	27.35	66.05	43.66
	NATUT CHEDIT CERI LANT CHEDIT NELL			11, 36 4	1 928 1 647		37.25		57.5\$ 89.9\$	2.1%	9.85 1.55	21.05	87.25 62.95	53.年 45.年
	THE INTERIOR	-		. 1		3-13		. J	47.70	200	1434	. <u>~</u> , •~•	GE: N	43.4
					İ		İ	İ				į		
	PELIAL SCHOOL	TOT	ALS.	174	1 12	7.55	65.35	6.95	61.0\$	0.0\$	30.25	1 71.85	22.65	3.65
							Top Third	40.45	20.35	66.75	62,4			

Top Third 40.45 20.35 66.75 62.45 Hid Third 95.85 30.05 24.25 36.85 Law Third 13.65 49.25 6.15 0.85 Spec. Soh. 0.25 0.55 3.05 0.05



The schools with the lowest rates of transfers out of the system were overwhelmingly Black. The 13 schools with the fewest transfers out of the Chicago system (all less than 5%) were all more than 99% Black. Only Taft and Kennedy, among the third of the schools with the fewest transfers, were predominately White. None was more than 23% Hispanic (Farragut), and only one other had more than 2% Hispanic (Chicago Metro - 5.3%). Of the students attending the schools with fewest transfers, 90% were Black. 49% of all Black students attended these low transfer schools, while less than 1% of all Hispanics did. Thus, for half of all entering Blacks, options outside the Chicago system virtually do not exist, or at least, are not perceived to be available.

E. TRANSFERS WITHIN CHICAGO SYSTEM

Three-fourths of all entering students in the Class of '82 finished their high school careere at the school where they enrolled. 9% transferred out of the Chicago Public Schools to other accredited high schools. 15% transferred from the school in which they began high school to another Chicago public high school. However, as we have seen when examining the Transfer Rate (9% systemwide), schools vary significantly. At Taft, 90% of entering students also completed their careers there, while at Cregier Vocational, only 61% did. Only 4% of Taft's entering students transferred to another Chicago high school, while 36% of Cregier's students did so. Interestingly, both Taft and Cregier had few students transferring out of the system (6% and 4% respectively).

The Dropout Rate for schools where most students stay at the school in which they originally enrolled is significantly lower than for less stable schools (32% vs. 46% and 45% for the middle and lower thirds). However, some of the schools with the highest Dropout Rates are included in the most stable schools: DuSable (59% Dropouts), Phillips (58%), Kelly (52%), and Boven (48%). Ten of the 16 most stable schools are predominately White. Thus, a pattern appears in which schools with high numbers of Whites and minority schools with the worst Dropout Rates are the most stable. It would appear that Whites in the Class of 1982 perceived they had few transfer options, and minorities in the worst schools likewise perceived few transfer options. Stability of residence was also likely to be a factor, but these data do not include that factor.



	Level Date - Class	n¢ 1982										
SIDX AL	ran TDB: F144E			-	PERCENT OR						TRANSF TO	
RANT	UNIT # SOUDOL NAME	nist	TYPE	OMERIO PRESHEN	000451_20140 04000 04007	(JRAP) RACE	MACE	THUSEFER RATE			CHI PUB HS (DROP RACE:	•
1 September		021		C-Marie Aria								
1	1580 Talt	1	Own.	509	90.0\$	83.64	16.25	6.1\$	4.15	31.65	68.4	5.05
5	1630 Hauthington	20	Cen	369	90,05	77.45	22.65		2,25			0.05
3		15	Cen	300	89.35	91.05	9.05	7.66	3.3		66.75	10.05
4		18	(COD	469	86.13	76.05	24.05	6.95			65.66	3.01
5 5	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	12 13	Clean	370 632	5.7	72.25	27.61 58.73	6,85 4,35	8.1 \$ 10.8\$		48.35 56.35	3.35 3.05
7		13	Gen	93£ 916	1 65.1% 1 84.9%	41.35 47.95	52.18	9.95	5.85			20. 05
8	•		CHI	46	84.84	64.15	35.95					0.05
ğ		<u>ن</u> :	Com	524	83.65	66.73	33.35				60.05	0.05
-	1870 Julian	18	Com	573	93.46	70.73	79.73	6.55				9,85
11	1670 Hubbard	15	Com	341	l 83.35	60.25	39.8	11.05		50.05	50.0\$	18.25
12		2	Chart	362	83.25	.9.68	20,15					3.8\$
13		11	Voc	608	82.66	73.53	26.38		10.95			1.55
14	1820 Oa1e	12	Qen	735	1 82.25	74.00	35.25					1.73
15 1 6		. 11 3	Voc Tech	1,031 882	81.75 81.25	75.35	24.55 12.75		12.65 9.85			6.35 3.5\$
17		12	Gen	773	80.15	87.35 54.35	45.73		12.25			3.25
18		ií	Ozen	858	80.15	41.85	58.25					1.75
19	· • · · · •	- 4	Voc	386	79.85	78.25	21.05					10.95
70	1150 Steen Voc	16	Voe	484	79.85	70.7	29.5	7.25	19.05	39.4	60.66	2.95
स	1390 Hyde Park	14	Com	724	1 79.75	65.35	34.73	5.95	15.35	45.66	54.44	5.5
	1 4444 (5-42-2-2-	. 16-	10-	-		on er	غبو هيو	24		20.54	-	
23 23	1160 Nestinglicuse 1850 Curver	1 ov:	Voc Ozn	433 616	1 79.45 1 79.45	82.65 52.15	17.4 47.95					2.75 7.15
23 24		12		503	79.35	51.95	48.15	***				2.95
8	1890 Junes	8	Cen	508	79.18	50.05	50.05					3.05
26	150 Harian	19	Com	696	79.05	58.45	41.65					4.05
21	1 1760 King, M.L.	19	Qeen	454	78.4	50.65	49.4					4.05
28	1530 Sohura	9	Qen	940	78.35	52,25	47.66					7.95
29	1840 Clemente	6	Own.	1,067	177.35	46.45	53.65					5.25
30	1950 South Shore	17	Gen	723	1 77.35	47.68	52.25		16.25			6.15
31 22	1590 Tilden 1210 Anandam	13 2	Con Con	563 398	1 77.15 1 76.45	49.15 57.25	50.99 42.89					1.35 12.55
33	1 1880 Collins	á	Ozen	770	76.45	55.75	44.3					
	1 1270 Creme	ě	Cen	628	76.35	39.05	61.0					5.58
35	1680 Englewood	16	Cen.	594	76.35	48.15	51.9					
96	1 1660 Corlins	20	Gen	621	76.05	70.65	29.4		13.49	39.75		5.25
37	1 1310 Fengur	20		558	76.05	44,85	95.25					9.15
38	1520 Roosevelt	1	Gen	135	75.95	50.05	50.0					6,35
39	1 160 Hanley	8	Oran.	573	5.75	47.95	52.15		19.77			
40 91	1610 Von Steuben 1810 Young	1 9	Çen Cen	346 559	1 75.1\$ 1 79.2\$	70. 4 88.2	29.66 11.86					7.1 5 6.6 5
42	1300 Farregut	10		569	73.8	46.05	54.C					
	1 1340 1411194	,,,		***			,	•			*****	3.00
43		15	Tech	616	73.75	83.0\$						
ff	1 1410 Kalvyn Park		Q _{EE} n	347	73.55	55.75						
45	1470 Harahali		Gan	546	73.46	95.66						2.5
46	1330 Fureman	4		311	72.73	64.65						
47 48	1 1250 Calumet. 1 1540 Sena	16		152 597	1 71.85 1 71.55	传.郑 58.郑						
119	1640 Walls	2 6		569	70.55	95.45						
50	1320 Robeson	16		658	70.15	43.25						
	1360 Hirah	17		359	69.95	56.66						
52	1 1430 Lakeviler	3	Own	452	69.5	51.35	48.77	16.73	16.4	31,8	68,25	10,8\$
53	1050 Mear No. Cau			87	69.05	40.05						
54	1360 Harper		Ozn Can	457	68.15	49.25						5.35
55 56	1 1370 Harrison • 1710 Kersood	8 14		322 516	67.45	55.35 80.44						
70 57	1 1110 Richards Voc		Voe	182	67.05	89.66 67.25						9.05
9 <u>8</u>	1 1830 Ort	5	-	589	65.45	53.25						
59	1220 Austin	ĩ		962	65.25	34.66						
60	1620 Lincoln Pari			274	64,25	51.73						
61		7	Voc	200	1 64.05	66.45				7		
62	1570 Sullivan	2		325	63.46	69.95						
63	1 1020 Gregier Voo	9	Voo	217	l 60.8\$	48,53	51.5	4.35	l 36.4	39.5	60,51	2,64
	SISTEMATIC 1	TOTALS		33,140	1 76.5%	59.73	40.3	9.95	J 15.0	43.8	56.25	5.73
					1							
	TOP THERD TO	THE		11,412	83.05	68.51	31.55	7.85	1 9.9	46.0	53,2	4.95
	אד פוננות כנוו			12,224	1 77.15	54.13	45.9				59.19	5.41
	LOW TROUB TO			9,258	69.0%	54.95						
					!				!			
	month one	73 c ~~	41.0	246	21.25	50.75	24.44	28.05	 61,45	43.0	57.0	0,25
	SPECIAL SON	AEA (UE	-	240	1 61.469	30.13	49.3	• 60.V)	. 01,40	- 43.00	- 3140	, 42 5



Students who transfer from one Chicago high school to another drop out far more than did students who remained at one school. However, Graduation and Dropout Rates for students transferring within the Chicago system do not vary significantly with the stability of the schools from which the students transferred (see Table 7). For the most stable schools, the 1982 Dropout Rate for transfers within the system was 22 percentage points higher than for students who stayed at their original unit. For the middle and lower thirds, the difference was 13 and 10 points respectively. Systemwide, transfers within the system dropped out at a 16% higher rate (56% vs. 40%) than did non-transfers.

Some schools have high rates of transfers to other Chicago schools. Seven had more than a quarter of their entering students transfer away:

1.	Cregier Vocational	36%
2.	Flower Vocational	31%
3.	Austin	30%
4.	Lincoln Park	278
5.	Richards Vocational	25%
6.	Harper	25%
7.	Orr	25%

All of these schools had overwhelming minority enrollments. Except for Richards and Flower, all had Dropout Rates in excess of 46%. However, transferring away from these schools was not a successful strategy for most students, for the Dropout Rate of the transfers was higher than for remaining students, in every case. In fact, for only two schools in the 21 schools with the highest transfer out proportions (Near North Career Magnet -- then called Cooley -and Calumet), did students transferring away graduate more frequently than remaining students, and both those schools had very high Dropout Rates (60% and 55%). While Cregier Vocational and Richards Vocational both received correspondingly high numbers of students transferring in, the other five high activity schools received far fewer transfers than they lost. Among the 21 schools with the highest transfer proportions, only Near North Career Magnet received more than it lost (probably reflecting the beginning of the program change), and only five schools received comparable numbers of transfers to those they lost. The other 15 schools lost enrollment through transfers. In only six of these schools (Near North Career Magnet, Lincoln Park, Collins, Lindbloom, Westinghouse, and Young), did students transferring in drop out less frequently than students who started there.



DHIP OUT STORY OF ORIGINO PUBLIC SCHOOLS COLOR Level Bate - Clama of 1982

	EAR TIME: FRAME	1305		PERCENT CRO					TRAKEP PROM		
RANK	LOUIT & SCHOOL NAME	DIST TYPE	farence Presiden	i conflored I orde unate	CERALO RATTE	CROPOLIT RATE	TRANSFER '	Tranks Prom Octobers	CRAD RATE	•	CHI FUB HS Transp pate
I CARRA	1060 Jones Compercia		***************************************				,,,,,	100,09			
				, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,	En se		79 Sef		••		
1 2	1 1800 Hetro, Chic qo 1 1350 Hear No. O	11 Gen	81 #6	69.85 69.05	64,1\$ 40.0\$	35.95 60.05	7.15 11 .6 5				
	1020 Gregier Voc	9 Voq	217	60.85	48.55	51.5\$	4.35				
	1110 Richards Voc	11 100	182	67.05	67.25	32.45	9.66	25.09	43.51		2.15
5	1310 Fenger	20 Cen	558	76.05	44.55	5.5	11.95	25.6			
6 7	1570 Sulliven 1380 Hireh	2 Cen 17 Gen	325 359	63.45 69.95	69.95 56.65	30.15 43.45	24.55 1 10.05	22. 8 21.7			
ė	1500 Tilden	13 Oen	563	77.15	49.15	50.95	10.1\$				
9	1040 Flower Voc	7 You	200	1 64.0%	66.45	33.66	6.65	18.57	56.8	43.25	
10	1520 Rooswelt	1 Cen	435	75.95	50.05	50.0%	14.75				
11 12	1370 Harrigon + 1410 Kelvyn Park	8 Cen 5 Cen	322 347	1 67.4 5 1 73.5 5	55.75 55.75	41.74 44.35	16.95 16.75				
13	1 1320 Robeson	16 Gen	658	1 70.15	43.25	56.8	17.15				
	1:70 Crano	9 Cen	628	76.35	39.05	61.05	6,15				7.25
15	1620 Limooln Park	3 Cen	274	64.25	51.75	48.35	12.05				
16	1330 Poremn 1360 Haroer	4 Oran	311	72.75	64.65	35.44 50.87	21.35	14.81 14.41	,,,,,,		
17 18	1 1360 Harper 1 1240 Hower	15 Cen 19 Cen	451 773	68.15 80.15	49.25 54.34	50.00 45.75	9.1\$ 8.66	14.45			
19	1300 Ferregut	10 Oen	569	73.4	46.05	54.05	6.75				
20	1390 Hydo Park	14 Om	724	79.75	65.35	34.75	5.95				2.05
21	1 1680 Englawood	tó Gan	594	1 76.35	48,15	51.95	6.85	13.6	37.25	62.8	3.75
32	1850 Cerver	20 Gen	616	79.45	52.18	47.98	9.95				
23	1 1420 Kennedy	12 Gen	370 440	85.75	72,25	27.65	6.85				
24 25] 1880 Collins 1530 Soburz	8 Gon 4 Oen	940	1 76.45 1 78.35	95.75 52.25	特.35 47.85	4.35 13.25				
26	1480 Hather	2 Cen	382	83.25	79.95	20.15	10.75				
ZĮ	1280 Du2able	13 Gen	632	1 85.15	91.35	58.75	4.35	12.77	13.79	86.3	6.45
58	1470 Harshall	9 0en	546	1 73.46	45.66	54.47	5.25				
29	1670 ilibbard	15 Gen 16 Gen	341 752	83.35 71.85	60. 本 ち.な	39.55 54.6 5	11,0\$ 10.6\$	12,3 12,11			
30 31] 1250 Calumet 1830 Orr	16 Gen 5 Gen	589	1 65.45	53.2	94.00 46.86	12.53				
32	1950 South Shore	17 Gan	723	77.35	47.8	52.25	7.85				
33	1640 Holin	6 Gen	569	1 70.5\$	45.45	54.6%	16.55				
34	1760 King,M.L.	14 Cen	454	76.4	50.66	49.45	5.85				
36	i 1150 Signon Voe i 1460 Henley	16 Voc 8 Gen	484 573	79.85 75.75	70.5% 47.5%	29.5\$ 52.1\$	7.25 4.66	11.0 10.66			
37	1220 Austin	7 Oen	682	65.25	34.65	65.45					
38	1430 Lekevier	3 Gen	452	69.5\$	51.35	48.75	16.75	10,2	36.60	63.4	10.95
39	1160 Westinghouse W		433	79.45	82.66	17.4	3.6%				
40 41	1210 Amerikan 1560 Steinnetz	2 Gen 4 Gen	398 524	1 76.44 1 83.85	57.25 66.75	42.55 33.35	14.65 11.05				
42	1 1230 Bagan	15 Can	300	89.35	91.05		7.66				
43	1 1580 tert	1 Com	509	90.05	83.85	16.28	6.15	1 9.65	65.91	34.11	10.25
44	1400 Kelly	8 Cen	416	84.95	47.95	52.1\$	9.95	9.4		66.77	0.05
445	1030 Dumber Voq	11 100	608	82.66	73.55	26.58	7.45		71.7	28,35	7.0%
46	1840 Clemente	6 Cen	1,067	77.35	46.45		12.4				
47 48	1540 Seren 1610 Van Skouben	2 Gian 1 Dan	597 346	71.55 75.15	58.65 70.45	41. 25 29.6 5	14.95 18.05				
49	1510 Phillips	11 Qun	858	60.15	41,85	58,25	5.66				
50	1710 Kerwood	14 Gen	516	67.25	89.61	10.45	16.45	1 7.0	76.0	24.01	30.6\$
51	1340 Qaye Park	12 Ge n	503	79.35	51.95	48.15					
52 53	i 1630 Weighington i 1870 Julian	20 Gen t8 Gen	369 573	1 90,0\$ 1 83,4\$	77.45 70.35	22.65 29.75	8.05 6.55	1 6,55 I 6.30			
53 54	1810 Young	9 Gen	559	74.25	88.25	11.8		6.11			
55	1620 Curie	12 Gen	735	82.25	79.0		9.45	1 5.99	65.8	34.25	11.65
56	1890 Junites	0 Cen	508	79.15	50.08						0.05
57	1440 Lane	3 Teah		81.25	87.35	12.75					
58 59	l 1860 Corlins l 1350 Harlan	20 Cen 19 Gen	621 696	76.05 79.05	70.6\$ 58.4\$	29.4 5 41.6 5					
60	1070 Prosper Wa	4 Voo	386	79.8	78,25	21.85		1 3.11			
61	1450 Lindbloco	15 Teat	616	73.75	83.05	17.05	10.35	1 2.9	94.11		
62	1 1010 Childego Voc.	11 Voc	1,031	81.75	75.51						
63	1 1490 Phrejan Park	18 Gen	469	l 86.1≴	76.0\$	24.05	6.9\$	1.31	40.0	60.0	0.05
	SYSTEMIDE TOTA	us	33,140	76.5\$	59.75	40.35	9.95	l 13.30	44.66	95.4	6.0\$
	TOP THURD TOTAL	.8	8,629	73.25	52.25		11.1 ≸	l 18.40	36.47	61,66	5.75
	HED THERD TOTAL		11,400	16.55	95.08						
	LON THERD TOTAL		12,865	79.66	68.45						
				!				!			
	SPICIAL SCHOOLS	S TUTALS	246	 21.25	50.75	49.35	28.0\$	 136.69	17.77	82.3	5.65
			***	j					*****	_	2
	SCHOOLS VETHOU	र हम्प् यक्ति का	1,172	0.05		EXH	28	1 100.00	51 .6	48.2	2.95



Some schools had very few transfers to other Chicago Schools. Generally, these schools received more transfers from within the system than they lost. In all but six cases, the Dropout Rate for continuous students in these schools was under 40%, and in half the schools, it was under 30%. Students transferring away from these schools dropped out more than 55% of the time. But in most cases, transferring into these schools did not result in comparable success; in only two schools (Juarez and Lane) did transfers from other Chicago schools graduate mors frequently than continuously enrolled However, in most schools, transfers in graduated more frequently than those transferring out. Three schools were particularly inhospitable to transfers from other Chicago schools: DuSable (Dropout Rate for transfers in of 86%), Kennedy (81%), and Schurz (75%). At the other extreme, Lane received transfers equal to only 5% of its entering class, but 95% of these students graduated!

Thus, in most schools for the Class of 1982, those students who remained at the school in which they originally enrolled were more likely to graduate than were those who transferred at another Chicago high school.

One other note: this analysis provides the opportunity to comment on Jones Commercial Metropolitan High School. Since all of its students transfer in, primarily from other Chicago high schools, this is the only point at which its students are separately discernible. There were 367 students from the Class of 1982 who transferred into Jones. Later, 2.7% transferred out of the Chicago system. Of the remaining students, 95% graduated. This outstanding record is undergirded by the special conditions at Jones: it receives only Juniors and Seniors who are carefully selected and then further benefit from extensive work/study arrangements. Thus, the one sure-fire transfer strategy is to transfer into Jones.

F. INCIDENCE OF SIGNIFICANT STUDENT CHARACTERISTICS

1. OVERAGE

26% of all entering freshmen in the Class of 1982 were overage. Of these, 61% drop out (vs. 38% of normal age students); overage students represent more than a third (37%) of all Dropouts.

Generally speaking, the higher the concentration of overage students, the worse schools do with these students. Accordingly, the overage Dropout Rate for the 21 schools with the highest concentration of overage students was 65%. These schools varied from 33% overage to a high of 50% (at Robesch). Only one of these schools, Senn (49%) has an overage Dropout Rate below 50%. But for the 21 schools with the fewest overage students (all below 20% and as few as 3% at Lane, 4% at Metro, and 5% at Lindbloom), the aggregate overage



School	Level Inta - Clase of 196	?	-						,
	AN TIME PRAME					OVERAGE	CONTRACE	NORM ACE	NORM AGE
				HAMERDO	PETCENT	TRACEFER	DROPOUT RATE	TRACEPORT	DHUPOUT RATE
HAVIN	UNIT # SENOUL NAME	DEST	CATHEORY	PTECHNON	OVERACE	RATE	i stan	rate	torre
1	1370 Robence	16	Gen	654	50.2 5 i	14.55	65.0\$	16.95	49.4\$
2	1890 Juneuz	8	Gen	504	46.84	12.35	56.08	15.35	46.35
3 1	1020 Oregier Voc	9	Voo	216	40.35	2.\$	74.15	4.15	41.5%
4	1680 Englawood	16	Gen Mari	585	40.25	5.1\$	60.51	7.15	48.65
5 6	l 1950 Hoar Ho. Career Ha l 1510 Phillips	gn 3 11	Voo Gen	86 84 9	38.45 38.25	12 .1% 5 .6\$	75.95 69.95	9.4 % 4. 8%	50.0\$ 49.8\$
7		9	Gen.	620	37.65 I	2,6\$	76.75	8.05	53.75
6	1250 Calumet	16	Gen	749	37.25	8.65	65.95	11.35	45.85
9	1280 Ducable	13	Gen	628	36.85	4.85	71.85	3 %	50.85
10	1470 Harohall	9	Gen	543	36.66	4.53	71.15	4,7\$	49.45
- 11	1460 Hanley	8	Gen	568	36.46	3.95	66.35	5.35	45.65
12	1 370 Harrison +	8	Gen	321	36.15	19.05	60.65	12.15	40.25
13 14	1360 Krein 1360 Norber	17 15	Oan Gen	359 495	35.44 35.24	7.1\$ 6. 3 \$	54 .25 67 .35	9.55	41.0% 45.9%
15	1 1640 Wells	6	Qen	568	34.95 i	14.6\$	65.75 I	9.25 - 15.46	50.25
16	ii i i i i i i	14	Gen	453	34.01	6.5\$	63.95	5.0%	43.35
17	1880 Collins	8	Gen.	440	33.45	4.15	60.35	4.85	41.95
19	1940 Serm	2	Gen	596	32.75	11.85	50.05	14.75	38.65
19	1240 limen	19	Gen.	770	32.5	8.85	60.15	7.5%	41.85
20		10	Qen	564	32.46	6.0\$	70.95	6.64	47.85
21	1590 Tilden	13	Gen	558	31 .7 5	9.6\$	58.8% l	8.7\$	48.95
231	180 Carver	20	Gen	613	31 . 0≸	5.3\$	68.35	5.2\$	39.45
53	1640 Clamente	6	Gen	1,058	30.6≸ I	13.0%	64.25	11.05	52.7%
24	1830 Orr	5	Gen	586	30.55	14.5%	62.75	9.66	41.85
25	1410 Kelvyn Park	5	Clem	346	30.3%	17.1\$	51.75	14.5%	41.35
26	1310 Forger	20	Gen	558	29.75	12.0	73.35	11.25	49.15
21	1620 Lincoln Park	3	Gan	273	28.95	8.95	58.35	12.95	45.65
28	1000 Horgan Park	18	Cen	467 878	27.64	7.85	W.SI	6.25 6.05	20.51
25) 30	1 1220 Austin * 1 1210 Amundson	7	Gen Gen	397	27.35 26.45	4.6\$ 14.3\$	75.5 5 56.7 5	14.7\$	57.0 4 41. 85
31	1 1430 Lakevier	3	Gen	351 451	26.48	19.35	59.45	14.53	49.65
12	1350 Bartan	19	Gen	692	26.35	5.5%	55.8 5 i	7.35	39.1%
33	1550 South Jure	17	Clern	720	23.95	5.8\$	71.0%	8.05	47.65
34	1930 Schurz	4	Gen	937	23.85	10.35	59.05	13.45	45.64
35	1670 Hubbard	15	Cen.	341	22,65	11.75	60.35	11.45	34.64
36	1330 Foreman	4	Gen	311	22.55	24.35	52.85	18.35	33.55
37	1970 Sallivan	2 8	Gen	325 412	22. 55 22.35	19.2\$ 14.1\$	37.35 59.55	22.2\$ 9.4\$	34.25 50.75
38 39	1400 Kelly 1610 Von Steuben	1	Cien Cien	345	22.35	22.13	38.35 I	7.43 15.7\$	28.85
HQ	1520 Roosevelt	i	Cen	435	20.95	16.53	60.53	13.15	47.84
41	1150 Stimoon Voc	16	Voc	484	20.25	3.1\$	42.1\$	7.55	31.95
42	1630 Neshington	20	Cen	369	19 . 9≴ l	6.85	45.64	8.1\$	18.05
	1 - 4440 by -t t - 40 -		••	400	40 Nr 1	- 10			40 M
43 44	1110 Richards Voc 1230 Bogan	11 15	Voc Gen	182 30 0	19.8≸ 19.3≸	5.6\$ 10.3\$	52.95 25.05	8.2 5 7.0 5	28.45 7.65
45	1 1040 Flower Voc	7	Voc	199	19.15	0.0\$	50.05	6.85	40.7\$
46	1560 Steinmetz	į,	Gen	523	18.55	9.35	51.15	10,6\$	31.25
47	1340 Gage Park	12	Gen	503	18.35	9.85	68.75	6.84	44.65
48	1870 Julian	18	Gen	572	17 .5 \$	2.0\$	50.08	7.85	28.5\$
49	1420 Kermedy	12	Gen	370	16.85	4.85	50.85	6.85	25.18
50	1827 Ourie	12	Qan O	731	15.65	7.95	55.25	9.25	29.15
51 5 2	1390 Hyde Park 1860 Corliae	14 20	Cen Cen	722 614	15 .5\$ 15 .3\$	7.1 \$ 9.6 \$	59 .64 56.5 5	5 .6 \$ 11 .5 \$	33.75 29.35
53	1 1480 Mather	20	Cen	382	14.95	10.5	37.35 I	10.25	19.25
54	1160 Westinghovee Voo	7	Voo	431	13.05	1.85	38.25	3.7\$	19.7\$
55	1030 Durber W.c	11	Voc	608	11.35	10.15	51.65 1	6.3\$	35.15
56	1010 Chicago Von.	11	Voc	1,029	9.51	9.25	51.75	6,25	24.65
57	1710 Kersood	14	Gen	515	9.51	26.5	36.15]	13.75	17.95
58 50	1 1580 Taft	1 4	Cleans Voc	508 386	8.5≸ l 8.3≸ l	7.0\$ 9.4\$	42.5% 41.4%	6.0 5 9 .65	16.0\$ 21.3\$
59 60	1070 Proseer Voc 1 1810 Young	9	Gen	500 557	7.95 I	9.43 6.8 5	39.05	10.5%	17.25
61	1450 Lindbloom	15	Tech	614	4.95	20.05	33.35	9.95	21.53
62	1800 Hetro, Chiango	11	Gen	48	4.25	0.05	50.05	6.58	39.53
63		3	Teah	082	2.75 1	20.85	15,8\$	9.15	15.95
	SUSTEMBLE TOTALS			33,000	25. 5 \$	9.25	60.9 5	9.35	36.66
	. ==			-		3- 1		, <u> </u>	- · •
	god water goding			11,086	37.01	8.15	ce mil	8.75	46.5\$
	TOP THURD TUTALS MID THERD TUTALS			10,998	26.0% 26.0%	0.13 11.1≸	65.0%↓ 60.3≸↓	10.75	42.45
	LOW THEFO TOTALS			10,676	12.25	8.65	49.23	8.35	24.25
							_		
	SPECIAL SCHOOL TO	MAS		240	59 .66	8.47	63.45	26.85	38.05
						4 (



Dropout Rate was 48%, and for several of these schools the rate was below 40%. Bogan had the lowest Dropout Rate for overage students at 25%, but few other schools did particularly well with overage students.

Some schools, with low concentrations of overage students, did significantly worse than their counterparts. Metro, with only 4% overage, had half drop out. CVS, with less than 10% overage, had 52% of them drop out. Similarly, Dunbar with only 11% also lost 52%. Richards Vocational, Flower, Steinmetz, Julian, Kennedy, Curie, Hyde Park, and Corliss all had fewer than 20% of their entering students overage, but lost more than half of these older students.

2. CLASS SIZE

The size of the entering freshman class varied tremendously between schools in the Chicago system in 1982. Clemente had the largest entering class (1,067), and, exclusive of the special schools, Metro had the smallest (48). Systemwide, the average was 522. The 21 schools with the largest entering classes averaged 722 per class, while the 21 smallest averaged 305 per class. In the aggregate, the larger and mid-sized schools did comparably, a Dropout Rate of about 44%, while the smaller schools, in aggregate, had a 36% Dropout Rate.

However, aggregating schools by size hides the large differences among these schools. In the largest schools, five had Dropout Rates under 30% (Lame Tech. - 16%, Lindblcom Tech. - 22%, CVS - 27%, Dunbar Vocational - 28%, and Curie - 29%). All of these schools are selective of the students they enroll. At the same time, nine had Dropout Rates over 50% (Crane - 63%, Austin - 62%, DuSable - 58%, Phillips - 57%, Robeson - 57%, Clemente - 56%, Englewood - 54%, Calumet - 53%, and South Shore - 53%). Similar diversity of performance was found amid mid-sized schools, with four under 30% Dropouts and eleven over 50%. But among smaller schools, there were far fewer schools (3) with more Dropouts than Graduates. Six had Dropout Rates under 30%. Thus smaller schools were less likely to do poorly, but for schools with more than 435 in the entering class, size did not appear to be a significant factor in determining Dropout Rates. Size also did not appear to be a significant factor in the proportion of entering students who were overage nor in the proportion who completed their schooling at the unit in which they originally enrolled.

The largest schools serve minority students in most cases. Only four of these schools had more than 10% White students, and three of these were predominantly White (Lane -65%, Schurz - 61%, and Curie - 57%). Two of these schools (Lane and Curie) offered specialized programs. Sikxteen of the largest schools were more than 98% minority (15 all Black and Clemente, 81% Hispanic). Senn was rather evenly mixed racially, while Bowen was 59% Black and 39% Hispanic.



ETX A	AN THE FRAME							1						PERCENT	2.2
RANK	SCHOOL HAVE	0151		PRESIDE PRESIDEN	Transfer Rate 	DACPOLITS	DACPOUT RATE	MOTE	BLACK	OH HALIZA	ESPANCIC	OVE1 ACES	ORGO SCH	SCORES	
1 i	Clemente	6	Gen	1,067	11.5\$	525	56.15	7.35	10.85	0.6\$	81.1\$	30.66		26.35	ii
2	Chicago Voc.	11	Voc	1,031 940	6.5% 12.7%	261 400	27.13		99.5	0.0\$	0.5% 30.6%	9.5		85.35	
3	Sohura Lane	3	Oen Tech	882	9.45	127	48.95 15.95	61.35	3.7 % 12.1 %	2.73 11.95	10.85	23.65 2.75		51.6\$1 96.6\$1	
5	Austin	ž	Gen	882	5.68	515	62.18		99.75	0.0\$	0.25	27.45	¥	18.45	
6 (Shillips	11	Cen	858	5.05	463	57.4		99.55	0.05	0.35	35.25		23.55	
7 (8 (Braden Colleget	19 16	Cen Cen	1713 1752	7.95 10.25	338 35%	47.75 (53.45	1.73	58.7% 100.0%	0.15 0.05	38.7% 0.05	12.5\$ 37.25		30.95 36.35	
9 1	2410	12	Gazn	735	9.05	193	29.03	57.35	3.75	1.15	15.45	15.65		57.15	
10	Hyde Park	14	Cen	724	5.86	256	37.66	0.0	100.05	0.05	0.05	15.53		57.75	
11	South Shore Harlan	17 19	Colon Colon	723 696	7.5% 6.8%	355 281	53.35 43.65		99.65 99.73	20.0 20.0	0.15	23.9 25.3	83.65 55.25	38.05 36.45	
13	Robeson	16	Gen	658	15.73	316	57.45		99.55	0.05	0.05	50.25		4.15	
14	DuSable	13	Con	632	4.15	-	58.53	0.0\$	99.65	0.05	0.05	36.85	89.25	27.75	11
15 1 16	Crane Corlias	20	Cen Cen	628 621	5.95 11.15	365 183	62.6 5 33.6 5	0.05 20.0	100.05	0.0\$	0.05	37.65 15.35		\$0.35	
17	Corver	20	Cen	616	5.25	281	48. 45	0.05	100.05	0.0% 20.0	0.05	31.06		多.な も.な	
18	Lindbloom	15	Tech	616	10.45	121	22.05	0.25	95.86	3.75	0.35	4.95	82.15	31.35	II
19 (30 (Dumbeur Voc	11	Voc Gen	608	6.75		28.05		99.73	0.0\$	0.25	11.35		£2.95	
ा स		16	Cen	597 594	13.75 6,25		42. 45 53.5 5		19.6\$ 99.0\$	21.7% 0.0\$	21.73 0.25	32,73 40.25		29.85 34.65	
22	Orr	5	Gen	589	11.0\$		48.05	3.15	69.15	0.85	5. %	30.5\$	74.95	21.75	11
23	Hanley	8	Cen	21.2	4.75		53.25		99.85	0.0	0.25	36.4		19.73	
24 ; 25	Julian Halis	18 6	Cen. Cen	573 569	6.8≰ 15.1≸	1 173 I 268	32.5% 55.6%	0,0 \$ 12.1 \$	99.85 25.85	0.0\$ 0.0\$	0.25 61.75	17,5% 39.9%		96.5\$(30.8\$(
26	Farregut	10	(ier	569	6.35		5.3	0,95	76.45	0.25	22.51			30.25	
21	Tilden	13	Con	563	8,95	264	51,85	10.13	75.75	0.25	13.9%	31.75		24.65	
28 29	Young Fenger	20	Cen Cen	559 558	13.25 11.55	95 1 278	19.05 56.35		52.25 99.15	5.5\$ 0.0\$	12.25			63.1\$1 26.9\$	
30	Marshall	9	Cen	546	4.65	297	57.35	0.05	99.65	0.us	0.05	36.68		22.25	
31	Reinstr	4	Cen	524	10.35		35.05	76.15	15.18	4.05	4.05	18.53	94.1\$	57.4	Ħ
32 (33	Kenwood Tart	14	Gen Gen	516 509	14.95 6.15	! 85 ! 87	19.45 18.25		72.95 6.75	2.7 % 0 .6\$	1,6\$ 1,8\$	9,5% 8,5%		70.35 79.05	
34 I	Junerez	ė	Qen.	508	13.65	221	50.95	4.75	1.85	0.05	92.15	46.84 46.84		25.0	
35	Gage Park	12	Con	503	7.45		48.95	38.95	52.33	0.86	8.05	18,35	86,35	40.85	11
36	Simeon Voe	16	Voc	484 469	6.65 6.65		34.13	0.05	100.05	0.05	0.05	20.25		75.85	
37 38	1 brgan Burk Harper	18 15	Cen Cen	409 457	(0,03 8.1\$	118 224	27.1 5 53.6 6		63.15 99.65	0.23	0.65	1 27.66 1 35.25		60.85 21.25	
39	King, H.L.	14	Gern	454	5.53		50.25	0.75	99.35	0.05	0.05	34.05		28.05	Ħ
40	Lakevier	3	Çen.	452	15.75		52.15		11.15	6.0\$	11.25			43.66	
41 42	Collins Roosevelt	B 1	Gen. Gen.	446 435	13.65		48.1 \$ 50.4 \$	67,84	99.05 6.4%	0.05 9.25	0.05 15.45	33.45 20.95		26.1\$ 52.2\$	
43	Westinghouse V	6 7	Voc	433	1 3.5\$		22.15	0.25	99.85	0.05	0.0\$	13.08	82.75	85.0\$	H
	Kolly	8	Cen	416	10.35		52.6\$	73.15	0.0\$	1.05	26,05			49.85	
45 46	Manufalsen Prosser Voc	5	Gen Voc	398 3 36	14.6 \$ 1 9.6 \$		ち.が 22. 第	1 74.95 15.75 15.75	4.05 22.05	7.5\$ 1.3\$	10.65 21.23			43.25 72.85	
47	Mather	ž	Gen	382	10.23		21.95	74.35	10.25	11.55	2.95			71.25	
48	Kennedy	12	Com	370	6.55		29.55	73.25	24,65	0.0\$	2.25	16.85		69.58	
49 50	Mashington Hirsh	20 17	Çen Çen	369 359	7.95 1 8.65	80 150	23.5 5 45.7 5		0.35 100.05	0. 65	13. 6 0.05	19,8 \$ 35,4 \$	***	71.0\$ 37.3\$	
50 51	Kolvyn Park	3	Gen	347	15.35		24.45		1,25	1.73	62.85	30.35		39.Z	
52	ikn Staten	1	Cen	346	17.15		30.85		22.85	12.73	17.35			52.65	
53 . 54	ljubbard 3:11:1:ven	15 2	Gen Gen	341 325	11.45 21.55	1 122 1 89	初.邻 34.终		2. 9\$ 32.0 \$	1.23 9.53	9.75 12.65			68.0\$ 48.0\$	
55	Harrison +	ě	Ciens	322	14.95	129	47.35		37.35	0.35	57.15			30.75	
56	Foresen	4	Cen	311	19.65	94	37 .65	85.5\$	1.05	0.65	12.23	22.5	92.35	56.95	11
57 58	Boyan Lincoln Park	15 3	Cen Cen	300 274	7.7% 11.7%		10.8% 49.4%	95.7% 8.65	0.05 65.75	0.35 0.75	3.75 23.05			82.7% 36.5%	
	Cuester Acc	9	Voc	217	3.7%		54.85		99.15	0.05	0.05			32.75	
60	Flower Voc	7	Voc	200	1 5.5\$	l 60	42.65	0.05	100.05	0.05	0.05	19.15	69.05	39,05	П
61 62	Rachards Voc Near No. Caree	11 r 3	Vac Vac	182 87	7.75 1 10.35		33.34 59.75		23,65 100.05	0.05	46.2 5 0.0 5			56.05 27.66	
63	Hetro, Guesgo			48	6.35		40.05		64.66	0.05	8.35			91.75	
5.73	STATEMENT TO	XLS		33,142	9.25	12,604	42.85	21.45	62.64	1.95	13.55	25.58	85.0¢	47.15	
Ale: ra	Arm				!	!		! !				i !			# }
AVI.) (I STZE	wn				i	i		i				i			ii.
344	TOP THEED TOTAL			15,633	8.55	6,361	49.75	12,0\$	74.25	1.95	11.58			47.95	ii -
516 300	MU THE TOTAL			10,850	9.25 1 11.35		43.75 75. PK	19.65	63.75	1.45	14.6 5 16.0 5			41.45	
309	LON THEM TOTA	ز ما		6,500	i 11+3#	l 2,059 l	35.8	47.45 	32.95	2.7%	fa-ch	22.95 	86,45	55.75	
	*****		· -	160		[(s ==					 ** ==			ij.
	PICIAL SOLUZ	6 TUI	كبه	159	1 7.5%	1 94	65.35	6.95	61.0%	0.0\$	30.25	1 71.65	22.65	3,85	(I

PENCENT OF Top Third 26.55 55.95 27.35 47.66 RACE IN EACH Hid Third 29.95 33.35 27.35 23.95 THIRD OF CLASS Low Third 43.45 10.35 42.45 28.55

Spic. Sch. 0.25 0.55 3.05 0.05



Among the smallest schools, nine were majority White and five others had more than 25% of their students who were White. Only five were all Black. Two were majority Hispanic (Kelvyn Park and Harrison - which has since been closed and its students transferred to Farragut, a mid-sized school; the combination of Harrison and Farragut would have been ranked fourth largest in the system in the Fall of 1978 when the Class of '82 entered high school). 43% of all Whites attended the smallest schools, as did 42% of the less numerous Asians. Conversely, 56% of all Blacks and 48% of all Hispanics attended the system's largest schools.

Reading scores were unevenly distributed among groupings of schools by size. 56% of students entering the smallest schools read at normal or above rates. Only 48% of students at the largest schools were at normal levels, and only 41% of those at mid-sized schools were. The inclusion of the selective schools (Lane Tech. "97% at normal levels or above, CVS - 85%, Dunbar Vocational - 83%, and Lindbloom Tech. - 81%) dramatically raised the aggregate scores. In contrast, ten of these schools had less than 40% of their entering students with normal or above test scores. Thus, aside from a few selective schools, the system's large schools were reserved for minority students who were generally poorly prepared for high school level work.

3. READING SCORES

Schools vary significantly on the proportion of their entering freshmen who have normal or above reading scores. Dropout Rates generally vary inversely with this proportion. Thus, Lane Tech., with 97% of its students reading at or above normal, has one of the lowest Dropout Rates in the system (16%); conversely, Austin receives only 18% of its students reading at normal levels and has a Dropout Rate of 62% (second worst to Crane at 63%).

Seven schools had more than 80% of their entering students at or above normal reading levels. Except for Metro, all graduated more than 70% of their students, and two (Bogan - 89%, and Lane - 84%) graduated over 80%. However, only Bogan had a Graduation Rate higher than the percent of its students reading at or above normal levels. Among the next six schools receiving over 70% reading at normal rates, Taft, Prosser, Mather, Washington, and Kenwood all graduated higher proportions of the class. Schools with high proportions of well-prepared students are quite stable. Among the 13 schools with the highest proportion of their students reading at normal levels, only Kenwood (80%), Lindbloom (80%) and Westinghouse (83%) had less than 85% of their students finish at the school where they originally enrolled.



	i (aval inca - c Kali 1916: Franc	1420	ent ia	12									1	PERCENT	PERCENT	PERCENT
	_			EMPERODO	TRACTER		DROPOUT	!		. —			METED	W NORPHIL		RETON NOTEN
PNK	CHUL HAVE	DIST	THE	PERM	I RATE (DNOPOUTS	rate	MOTE	HLACK	H HATEA	EPMEC	I ACE (orgo sch	300#435	300(625	3006625
1	i Lame	3	Toch	882	! 9.45	127	15.9\$! 64.98	12.15	11,4\$	10.8	2.75	90.25	91.6 \$	3.25	0.3
,	Hetro, Chicago	-	Ceen	48	6.35	18	40.03	25.08	64.65	0.05	8,35	4.25	67.5E	91,7\$	2.1\$	6.34
3	Chicago Voe.	-11	Voc	1,031	6.55	261	27.15	0.08	99.53	0.0\$	0.5	9.5\$	87.45	85.35	4.84	9.96
4	Hantintome V		Voc	433	3.55	92	22.15	0.3	99.85	0.0\$	0.0		62,75	85.04	2.1\$	12.9%
5	Charles Vac	11	Vuc C-	608	6.75	159	29.05	0.0\$	99.75	0.03	0.25	11.35	89.15	82.95	5.98	11.23
6 ·	i ingger Litalbican	15 15	Gen Tech	300 616	7.7\$ 1 10.4\$	30 121	10.65 22 .05	95.75	0.05 95.85	0.35 3.75	3.7\$ 0.3\$	19.35 4.95	96,7\$ 82.1\$	62.7≸ 81.3≸	9.7 \$ 17.0 \$	7.7\$ 1.6\$
8	Taft	1	Gen	509	. 10.4 3 6.1 \$	87	18,25	91.08	6.75	0.65	1.85	8.53	95.94	79.05	10.05	11.0%
ì	Lizaron Voc	16	Voc	484	6.65	154	34.15	0.08	100.05	0.05	0.05	20.25	86.05	75.84	5.84	18.45
10	Program Voe	4	Voe	326	9,6%	80		54.75	22.05	1.35	21,25	8.35	88.15	72.05	24.45	2.83
11	Hather	2	Cen	382	10.25	75	21.95	74.35	10,25	11.5\$	2.95	14.95	93.25	71.25	14.15	14.73
t.i	identington	20	Gen)	369	7.9	80	23.5	83.5	0.3	0.85	13.85	19.85	97.85	71.05	8.7\$	20.35
13	kenwood	14	Con	516	14.95	85	19.45	17.8%	72.95	2.7%	1.65	9.53	80.45	70.35	12.23	17.45
14 1 .	Ko nvanly	12 15	Cen	370 341	l 6.5%s.¦ I 11.4¢s.]	102 122	29.53 40.43	1 73.25 1 85.35	24.66 2.95	0.05 1.25	2,25 9,75	16.65	91.9 5 93.5 5	69.5% 68.0%	9.25 11.15	21.45 20.8 5
	i ikuwaid i Kang	9	(NE	959	10.25	95	19,0\$	27.53	52.25	5.53	12,23	7.95	93.95 83.45	63.1\$	31.15	5.7\$
17	Ucipin Park	19	Gen	469	6.65	118	27.15	35.44	63.1\$	0,25	0.65	27.65	92.5	60.8%	4.75	34.51
	See Park	14	Cen	724	5.85	256	37.66	0.03	100.05	0.05	0.05	15.5\$	64.75	57.7\$	6,4%	35.95
1+	(Champing 2	4	Cen	524	10.35	164	35.03	76.15	15.1\$	4.05	4.05	18.5\$	94.18	97.46	13.7\$	28.85
	- विकास	12		735	9.05	193	29.0\$	57.35	25.75	1.13	15.4	15,6\$	91.05	57.1\$	18.23	24.63
ان.	Lioman	Ħ	(PI)	311	1 19.63	94	37.64	85.5	1.0\$	0.63	12,25	22,5\$	92.35	1 56.95	13.85	29.35
32	! h.i	13	Con	573	6.85	173	32.55	0.05	99.65	0.05	0.25	1 17.53	89.25	1 56.5\$	5.9\$	37.55
	l Julian Redeath Son	11		162	7.7%	56	33.35	26.45	23,64	0.05	¥6.23	19.85	74.25) 56.0% 56.0%	3.39 8,2 5	51.53 35.73
	f Gortina	-	Com	621	11.15		33.08	0.05	99.75	0.03	0.05	15.35	86.64	55.7\$	3.95	40.43
	Vie Occupan	1	(SW)	346	17.13	88	30,85	46.55	22.8\$	12.75	17.35	22.35	91.6\$	52.6\$	13.38	34.1%
٠٧.	taxabelt	1	Gin	435	13.85	189	50.45	67.85	6,45	9.25	15.4		89.0%	52.2	16.65	31.33
**	- e1805	_	Gar	940	12.7%	400	48.95	61.35	3.75	2.75	30.6%	23.8	90.35	51.65	10.7%	37.7%
**!	houly	Я	Cean	416	10.35	194	52,61	73.15	0.0\$	1.05	26.05		94.25	19.5	23.35	26.95
٠,	ALL INVINO		Gen	3.5 616	21.5% 5.2%	89 281	34.9 5 48.4 5	43.75	32.0% 100.03	9.5\$	12.65	22.55 31.05	84.0 5 83.6¢	48,0% 45.1%	17.5% 8.4%	34.55 46.43
11	l Garver Liekerisch	16		653	15.75	316	57.45	0.0%	99.5\$	0.0	0.03	50.23	84.53		7.45	48.5\$
11	Landares	•	Gen	452	15.73		52.15	40.35	11.15	6.04	41.2		83.63		17.03	39.44
- 4	Arenten		Gran	398	14.63	195	45.75	74.95	4.05	7.53	10.6%	26.45	89.7\$		21.45	35.43
74	i dage Park	12	(km	503	7.45	238	49.95	38.95	52.3	0.8\$	8.0\$	18.35	85.35	1 40.65	5.8	53.52
r	Chraie	9		628	5.98	365	62,6\$	0.05	100.0\$	0.05	0.0	37.68	62.0%	40.35	9.25	50,5
4 .	ice van Hurk	. 5	Con	347	15.35	130	神.報	34.0%	1,25	1.7%	62.85	30.35	88.23	39.25	17.6%	
	(Autout)	19		696	6.85	281	43.65	0.1 \$ 0.0 \$	99.7\$	0.0\$	0.1\$	26.35	85.25		8.5\$	
4	í åouth ,},eru F, wer Voe	17 7	Gen Voc	723 200	: 7.5\$ 5.5\$	355 80	53.3 5 42.6 5	0.03	99.6% 100.0%	20.0 20.0	0.15 0.05	23.95 19.15	83. 65 69.0 5) 36.0% 38.0%	10.75	51.35 53.0\$
	Literah	17		359	8.6%		45.7%		100.0%	0.05	0.05	35.44	77.73		6.78	56.0
	Lineon Park	3		274	11.75		49.43	8.8	65.7\$	0.73	23.05	28.95	73.04		10.9%	
ч,	Laturet	16	Gen	752	10.25	359	53.45	0.0%	100.0\$	40.0	0.05	37.3	80,66	36,35	7.8%	55.9.
			_										. .			
	Englaned		Gon		6.23		53.5\$		99.08			40,25	83.05		10.33	
	l Greger Viz. Litera		Voc Gen	217 773	3.7% 7.9%		54.8 \$ 47.7 \$	0.% 1.7%	99.1\$ 58.7\$	0.0% 0.1%	0.03 38.75		63.6% 87.6%] 32.7% 30.9%	7.45 17.66	
	i dan	6		569	15.14		55.6%	12.15	25.83		61.73		84.53			
	Burtaton +	ě		322	14.96		47.35		37.35	0.35	57.15		81.15		16.5%	
	Lurajut	10	Çen	569	6.35		55.35		76.45	0.25	22.5		79.35		9.5%	
	Lore.	5	Cen	597	13.7\$	218	42.45	36.0\$	19.61		21.7%	32.75	84.15	29.80		
	l Kara "Pala		Skin	454	5.56		50,25	0.78	99.3	0.01	0.0\$		63.55		9.98	
	In-lable	-	Gen	632	1 4.15		58,5 1		99,65	0.03	0.05		89.25			
) Masur Nov. Career François	• .	War: Gen	87 558	10.35 11.55		59.7 % 56.3 %		100,01	0.05	0.05		78.25 86.25			
	Deptite		GEN	1,067	11.55		56.15		10.85	0.65	81.15		88.95			
	Cottana		Gen	₩O.	4.5%		48.13		99.65	0.0%	0.05		79.65			
<i>56.</i>	district.		Cien	508	13.8	221	50.9	4.75	1.85	0.05	92.11	46.85	93.35	1 25.05	35.08	40.0%
	Todah		Gen	563	8.95		51.84	10.15	75.7\$	0.23	13.%	31.75	86.01	29.66	8.53	67.0%
	that go		GA	658	5.05		57.44		99.5	0.03	0.35	<u> </u>	85.5%			
	(Brokei)		Cent	546	4.63		57.33		99.61		0.0	i ' '.	17.75			
	i te linger		Gen	589 457	i 11,0%ii i 8,1≸i		48.0\$ 53.6\$			0.85	25.5		74.95			
	i italiey		Gon	573	4.75		53.25			0.0%	0.25 0.25		74.65 80.35			
	Auton		Com	882			62.1\$		-:,	_		27.45	69.5			
	,	•					••••	* ****	,,,,,	V	~~~		-21.00		7.20	11100
	14			33 440		4000	ha de				.9.64					
٠,	TOTAL REPORT TO	تغياة		33,142	9.2 7	12,804	42.85	21.45	62.6\$	1.9\$	13.53	25.5 5 	85.0\$	1 47.1 5	11,69	41.35
7%,	17.3				i i			i				i		i		
. 44					į i	j		Ì				İ		İ		
. **	and thuck are	L:		10,597	8.6\$		26.01					13.25	89.05		10.8	15.7%
4, 22	1921 DEAD TOTA			10,544	10.75		¥7.38	22.45			11.55	27.3	85.15			
F# :	LAN THERD TOTAL	Li:		11,942	1 8.5≸	5,808	53.5%	1 4.5	71.6%	1.25	22.4%	34.75	82.35	26,28	13.07	60.78
					1 1 1 1	1		i				1		! !		
	aggreat, grance,	e ne	Mar	169	7.55	94	65.35	6.98	61.05	0.0%	30.25	71.85	22,63	3.85	22,62	73.64
			,			,,		176			J-4 -		+		-2 +46	124-6

PERCENT OF Top Third 59.25 26.55 30.35 42.75 RACE IN EACH Hild Third 33.05 31.95 45.55 34.45 TRUBO OF CLASS Law Third 7.65 41.25 21.25 22.95

Spec. Sch. 0,2\$ 0.5\$ 3.0\$ 0.6\$



The Dropout Rate for the 21 schools with the highest proportions of entrants reading at or above normal levels was 26%, while the rate for the mid-range schools was 47%, and that of the lowest schools was 54%. Not surprisingly, only three of the 21 schools with the most well-prepared students had more than 15% of their entering students overage (Bogan - 19%, Washington - 20%, and Simeon Vocational - 20%).

At the other end of the scale, seven schools had fewer than a quarter of their entering students with normal or above reading scores. However, Graduation Rates at all of these schools exceeded the proportion of normally reading entrants by at least 19 percentage points. In fact, the Graduation Rate at each of the schools in the lowest third (ranked by proportion with normal reading scores) exceeded the normal reading rate by at least 10 percentage points! Thus the schools receiving the most poorly prepared students seem to do more with those students than do the schools receiving the highest proportion of adequately prepared students. these lowest schools did quite well, considering the preparation of the students they received. Though only one received more than a third of its students at normal reading rates, Senn (58%), Harrison - before it closed (53%), Bowen (52%), Orr (52%), and Collins (52%), all graduated more students than dropped out.

Several other schools had Graduation Rates below their normal reading rates: Hubbard (-8%), Roosevelt (-2%), Schurz (-1%), Kelly (-3%), Robeson (-1%), and Crane (-2%). All these schools but Hubbard were in the mid-range of the normal reading rates (between 36% and 57% of the entering class with normal or above reading scores)

Other schools which did significantly better than their normal reading rates (17 points higher) were Hirsch, Flower, Harlan, Sullivan, and Young.

Fifty-nine percent of all White students enrolled in the 21 schools with the highest proportion of normal reading rates, while only 27% of Blacks were in these schools; 43% of all Hispanics were in these echools. Only 7% of Whitee, 23% of Hispanics, and 21% of all Asians were enrolled in the lowest third of schools ranked by reading scores. These last two groups also had high proportions of students without any recorded reading scores (students with limited English proficiency are not tested on English reading). However, the largest proportion of Black students (41%) were enrolled in those schools which received the most poorly prepared students. In fact, 12 of these schools were all Black, and four others were majority Black. Four were majority Hispanic (Juarez, Clemente, Wells, and Harrison).



While these comments relate 8th grade reading scores to eventual Graduate/Dropout Rates, no conclusion is available on the reading rates of graduates of these schools.

4. RACE

A. Whites

White students entering high school in 1978 overwhelmingly entered schools with other White students. 65% of all White students went to schools whose entering class was more than 60% White. Further, these Whites predominantly encountered Hispanics and Asians in the minority population in their schools. In only three of these 23 schools did Blacks outnumber Hispanics and Asians.

Dropout Rates in the heavily White schools were significantly lower than in the schools with few Whites. In the schools more than two-thirds White, more than two-thirds graduated, and almost that many graduated from the schools which were between one-third and two-thirds White in the entering class. In the schools less than a third White, the Dropout Rate rose to 46%. Schools with no Whites had a slightly higher Dropout Rate of 47%.

While most of the 11 schools with two-thirds White enrollments graduated over 65%, two (Kelly - 47%, and Roosevelt - just under 50%) had fewer Graduates than Dropouts. Amundsen (54%) Hubbard (60%), and Foreman (62%) were also below 65%. Foreman (20%), Amundsen (15%), and Roosevelt (14%) all had high Transfer Rates (students leaving the system).

Among the 11 schools with more than one-third White entering students, Lane (65% White) had an 84% Graduation Rate, and five others were above 65%. Lakeview (48%), had the lowest Graduation Rate. Among the schools with less than a third Whites entering, Young (81%) and Kenwood (80%) had high Graduation Rates.

The schools more than one-third White had fewer than 20% of their entering students overage, while schools with less than a third White entrants had more than a quarter of entering students overage. Only Amundsen (26%), Lakeview (26%), Kelvyn Park (30%), and Senn (33%) had more than a quarter overage, and the later three had significant numbers of Hispanics, among whom it is less unusual to begin high school overage. Some schools, with less than a third White entering students, had low levels of entering students overage: Metro (4%), Lindbloom (5%), Young (8%), Kenwood (10%), and CVS (10%).



	l Lovol Data - Class of 196 CAR TIME FRANCE	2		RAN	K COLLEGE	D SEC MEN	CSSM1. ANIT	IK.			PERCENT P	DECEMBER 1	PERCENT
			90990	DECPOUT	1000					OFFEED W	HOPPIN.	wo H	HOM HOLE
RANK	UNGT ASSUME. NAME	DIST TIP		PATE 	STIM	BACK	ASTAN	HISPARIC	}		SECURES	\$001625	SCORES
1	1230 Rogan	15 Gen	300	1 10.85	95.75	0.05	0.35	3.75	19,35	95.75	82.75 79.05	9.75 10.05	7.75
2	1580 Taft 1330 Foresse	1 (Tep.	509 311	18,25 37,66	91.05 85.55	6.75	0.65	1,85 12,25	22.51	95.9 5 92. 35	56.95	13.85	11.05 29.35
4	1670 Hubbard	15 Gen	341	40.45	05.35	2.95	1.25	9.75	22.65	93.55	68.05	11.15	20,85
5	1630 Hashington	20 Gent 4 Gent	369 529	23.51 35.01	83.55 76.15	0.35	0.65 4.05	13.86 4.05	19.65 18.55	97.邸 94.15	71.05 57.45	8.7% 13.7%	20.35 28.85
6	1560 Steinmtz 1210 Anundam	2 Gen	398	· 5.75~	74.95	15.15 4.05	7.55	10.65	26.45	89.73	43.23	21.45	35. 4
8	1480 Hitter	2 Quan	392	21.95	74.35	10,25	11.5\$	2.95	14.95	93.25	71.25	14.15	14.75
9	1420 Kennedy	12 Cen 8 Cen	370 416	1 29.5% 52.6%	73.25 73.15	24.65 0.05	0.05	2.25 26.05	16.群 22.4 5	91.95 94.25	69.55 49.55	9.25	21 ,45 26 ,95
11	1400 Kally 1520 Roosevalt	8 Gen 1 Gen	435	50.45	67.45	6.4	1.05 9.25	15,45	20.95	89.05	52,25	23.35 16.66	31.35
	l substant				es 00		_		-				
12 13	i 1440 Lane i 1530 Sebum	3 Tec	: 652 940	15.95 48.95	64.95 61.35	12.15 3.75	11.95	10.85 30.65	2.75	90,25 90,35	95.65 51.65	3.25 10.75	0.25 ~~.75
14	1820 Ourie	12 Gen	735	29.05	57.35	四.75	1.15	15,45	15.66	91.05	57.15	18.25	24.55
15	1070 Prosser Voo	4 Voc	326 386	22.95	54.75	22.05	1.35	27.25	0.35	68.15	72.85 52.66	24.4	2,85
16 17	1610	1 Gen 2 Gen	346 325	30.65 39.95	45.75 43.75	22.6 32.0	12.7% 9.5%	17.35 12.65	22.35	91,65 84,05	48.05	13.35 17.55	34.15 34.55
18	1430 Lakerias	3 Cen	452	52.15	10.35	11.15	6.05	41,25	25.4	83.66	43.66	17.05	39.4
19	1340 Cago Park	12 Qen	503	48.95	38.95	52.3	0.65	8.05	18.35	65.35	40.85	5.45	53.5
20 21	1540 Sorat 1490 Horsen Park	2 Gen 18 Gen	597 469	42.44 27.15	35.45 35.45	19.65 63.15	21.75	21.75 1 0.65	2.76	84.15 92.55	29.65 60.45	30.23 4.73	40.05 34.55
22	1410 Kelvyn Park	5 Cen		1 44,45	34.05	1.2	1.75	62,85	30.35	68.23	39.25	17.65	19.23
23	1810 Young	9 Gen	959	19.05	27.55	52.2	5.55	12.25	7.95	83.45	63.15	31.15	5.7\$
24	1110 Richards Voc	11 Voc	182	33.35	36. 4	23.66	0.08	46.25	19.65	74.25	56.05	8.23	35.78
25	1800 Hetro, Chicago	11 0 en	48	40.05	25.05	64.65	0.05	0.35	1 4.23	67.5 5	91.75	2.15	6.35
26 27	1710 Keracod 1640 Walls	14 Cen 6 Cen	516 569	19.4 5 95.6 6	17.85 12.15	72.95 否.部	2.75 0.05	1.66 61.75	9.5% 34.9%	80.45 84.55	70.35 30.85	12,2 5 18,5 5	17.年 50.85
28	1590 Tilden	13 Cen		51.45	10.15	75.75	0.23	13.95	31.78	86.0\$	20.66	6.5\$	67.05
29	1620 Lincoln Park	3 Qen		1 49,45	8.45	65.75	0.75	23.05	28.95	73.05	36.55	10.95	52,66
30 31	1640 Clemmte 1890 Juarez	6 Gen		56.15 50.95	7.35	10.65	0.65 0.05	81.15 1 92.15) 30.65 46.65	88.95 93.35	26.35 25.05	14.66 35.05	59.05 40.05
32	1370 Harrison +	8 Com	T::	7.3	4.75	37.35	0.35	57.15	36.15	61.15	30.75	16.55	52.65
33	1830 Orr	5 Qen		1 48.05	3.15	69.15	0.85	5.3	30.55	74.95	21.75	11.4	66.95
34 35	l 1240 Bowen l 1020 Cregier Yoc	19 (Jan 9 Vot	* - =	1 好.形 54.65	1,7\$	58.7% 99.1%	0.1\$ 0.0\$	38.75 0.05	32.53 40.35	87.65 63.66	30.93 32.73	17.66 7.45	51.51 59. 5 5
37 36	1 1300 Parregut	10 Gen		55.35	0.95	76.4	0.23	22.5	32.45	79.35	30.23	9.5\$	60.35
37	1760 King, N.L.	14 Cen		50.2	0.75	99.35	0.05	0.05	34.05	63.55	28.05	9.95	62.15
36 ~~	1320 Robeson	16 Carr		1 57.46 (22.15 (0.35	99.53 99.55	0.05 0.05	₹0,0 ≹0,0	50.25 13.05	84.55 82.75	44.15 85.05	7.45	48,55 12.95
39 40	l 1160 Westinghouse Voc l 1310 Penger	20 Gen		56.35	0.23	99.15	0.05	0.75	29.75	86.25	26.95	10.8	62,45
41	1450 Lindbloom	15 Tes		1 22.05	0.25	95.65	3.75	0.35	4.95	82.15	81.35	17.05	1,66
42 43	1350 Harlen 1510 fhillips	19 Cen		43.66 57.46	0.15	99.75 99.55	0.05 0.05	0.1\$ 0.3\$	26.35 38.25	85,24 85.54	39.44 23.55	8.5 \$ 5.9 \$	53.25 70.55
	1220 Austin	7 Gen		62.15		99.75	0.05	0.25		69.5\$	18.4	9.95	71.63
		40.4								74	20 44	4 94	56.05
46 46	l 1380 illesh l 1850 Carver	17 Gen 20 Gen		45.75 48.45			0.05 0.05	0.05 0.05		77.75 83.65	37.35 45.15	6.7% 8.4%	70.45 46.45
_	l 1860 Corlisa	20 Ger	417	33.65	0.05	99.75	0.0\$	0.05		65,66	95.78	3.95	40.45
48	1460 Hanley	8 Gen	7.47	53.25	0.05	99.65	0.05	0.23	36.4	80.35	19.75	7.05	73.35
49 50	i 150 Signon Voo i 1550 Sout 1 Shore	16 Voc 17 Gen		34.15 53.35	0.05 20.0	100.05	0.0\$ 0.0\$	0.0\$ 0.1\$	1 20,25 1 23.95	85.05 83.85	75.65 38.05	5.85 10.75	18,4\$ 51.3\$
51	1040 Flower Voc	7 Vot		42.66			0,05	0.05		69.05	38.05	9.03	53.05
52	1250 Calumet	16 Gen		53.45	0.05		0.05	0.05		80.66	36.55	7.8	55.95
53 54	l 1010 Chicago Voc. l 1680 Englaced	11 Voc 16 Ger		1 27.15 53.55	0.05	99.5\$ 99.5\$	0.05 0.05	0.51 0.25	9.51 40.25	67.45 63.05	死.多 39.8	4,85 10,35	9 .95 54 .95
55	1 1380 Collina	8 Car	440	48.15	0.05	99.6	0.05	3.05	33.45	79.85	26.15	9.35	64.55
56	1360 Harper	15 Gar		53.65	0.05		0.05		35.24	79.65	21.25	7.05	71.5
57 58	1390 Hyde Park 1470 Harshall	14 Oer 9 Oer	*	37.66 57.35	0.05	100.05 99.65	0.0\$ 20.0	0.05 0.05	15.55 36.66	89.75 77.75	57.75 22.25	6, 4 9.5	35.95 68.35
59	1270 Cruns	9 00		62.65	0.0		0.05			82,05	40.35	9.23	50.5\$
	1030 Durber Voc	11 Voc		28.05	0.05		0.05		11.35	89.15	62.95	5.95	11.25
61 62	1870 Julian 1280 DuSable	18 Ger 13 Ocur		32.5\$ 58.5\$	0.05 0.05		80.0 80.0			89.25 89.25	56,55 27.75	5.95 7.15	37.5 3 69.2 3
	1050 Hear No. Pareer No.			59.75			0.05			78.25	27.66		58.65
	SISTEMEDE TOTALS		33,142	42.65 	21.45 	62,6\$	1.95	13.5\$	25.55 	85.0\$	था.१इ	11.66	41.35
	SURVES THE THERE	wite	1,355	33.25	79.65					93.55	63.35		22,85
	SUDULS ONE THEFT !		5,982	35.5	1 49.58				19.55	88,66 82,66	56.55 27 H		29.75 49.51
	Less than a thord t Sole les activités des		11,911 10,648	47.25	9.25 0.05				1 29.4		37. 4 46. 6	13.15 7.4	49.51 45.65
	SPECIAL SINCES TO		154	65.35	l 6.95		_		 71.85		3.85	22.66	73.66
			••	See Third				•			J1-0	_,-	· - • · ·

Two Thirds 48,65 1.55 29.25 One Third 41.75 6.45 95.55 Third lame 6.65 40.35 18.25 Hone 0.05 51.25 9.15 Spec. Seb. 0.25 0.55 3.05 8.5 61.8 13.77 0.55 0.55

ERIC Full Text Provided by ERIC

Schools more than two-thirds white had 94% of their students remain for their whole high school career in the schools in which they originally enrolled. Students in schools more than a third White remained 89% of the time. Students at schools with less than a third White had higher levels of transfers.

Schools more than two-thirds White received 73% of their students with normal or above normal reading scores. Those with a third White had 56% with normal scores. Schools with less than a third White entering students had only 37% with normal reading scores, while those with no Whites had 47% with normal scores. The higher level of students with below normal or missing scores in the less than a third White schools is probably the result of the number of Hispanics in those schools without reading scores (students with limited proficiency in English who are not tested for English reading skills).

Among the schools which were two-thirds White, Bogan received 83% reading at or above normal rates. However, two schools (Amundsen - 57%, and Kelly - 50%) had more than half their entering students reading below normal rates or missing scores. Among the schools more than a third White, Lane had 97% of its students reading at or above normal rates, while seven schools had more below or without scores than at normal rates, with Senn (70%) and Kelvyn Park (61%) the worst. Among schools less than a third White, only Metro (92%), CVS (85%), Westinghouse (85%), Dunbar (83%), and Lindbloom (81%) had high levels of students entering with normal reading rates.

Dropout Rates for White students did not vary significantly for schools more than two-thirds White and those between one-third and two-thirds White (33% and 34% respectively). Whites in schools with less than a third White entrants drop out more frequently (48%). However, rates at individual schools vary significantly within each group. Among the predominantly White schools, Bogan had only 11% of its White students drop out and Taft only 17%. At the same time, Kelly (57%) and Roosevelt (52%) had more Whites drop out than graduate. Among schools one-third White, four had 16% of their Whites drop out. Three schools, all with 40% or fewer Whites, had more than half the Whites drop out (Lakeview -61%, Gage Park - 54%, and Kelvyn Park - 50%). The Dropout Rate for all students at these three schools was lower than that for Whites - which was also the case at Kelly and Roosevelt. For the 8 schools between 1% and 12% White, Dropout Rates for Whites were all over 50%; one (Lincoln Park) was at 90% and four above 75% (Wells, Orr, Juarez, and Tilden).



	AF .MDY-CRCCOD PAR						runk opder	EY PENCEN	r ware				TABLE	13
	l Luvel Outo - Class o :XR 1796: Frues:	er type	ĸ							WITE	BLACK	MATER	HESPACIC	OVERALL
RAIK !		DEST	TYPE	PRESIDENT	PROTTS MULES	ENACK COLLOGICS	BOCITED W DD	MATAN CALLEDNAG	ENFOLLED HUSPANIC	DROPOUT RATE	DROPOUT RATE	DROPOUT	DROPOUT	DROPOUT
1	Bogoun	15	Oten	299	96,0\$	0,0	0,0	0,35	3.75	1 10.95	22 29	0.05	9.1\$	10.85
5	Tare	1	Cen	508	90.95					1 17.15	31.35	0,0\$	33.3	18.25
3 4	llubbard Forumn	15	O'An Jaim	339 310	55.\$ 65.\$\$	2.95 1.05	0.35			39.45 37.45	33.35 0.05	50.0\$ 0.0\$	50.0\$ 46.7\$	40.35 37.65
5	Manugton	an an	Gen	364	84.65		0.35		· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	22.65	0.05	33.35	24.05	23.15
6	Stoirmeta	4	Cen	519	76.75	15.23	0,0\$	4.05	4.05	36.05	34.23	16.75	33.35	34.85
7 !	Assertan	S	Gen	398	76.5%	4.15	0,85			47.95	61.55	30.85	29.4	45.75
9	Hother Kally [©]	2	Chan Chen	376 412	75.15 73.35		0,0\$ 0,08			21.55 56.65	38.9\$ E308	9.85 25.05	22.25 40.75	21.95 52.66
10	Kannady	12	Cen	370	73.25		0.05			8.3	41.75	23,00 236	37.5	29.53
11 (Rocewelt	1	Gen	432	68.35		0.55	-	-	51.66	57.15	22.6%	54.58	50.1\$
12	Lane	3	Teah	681	64.95		0.25				21.25	3.35	5.3	15.95
13 (14)	Subura Curie	4 12	China China	921 728	62.45 57.66		0.05			48.45 22.95	58.15 35.45	13.0\$ 13.3\$	99.35 43.85	48.35 29.15
15	Prosent Voc	Ä	Voc	326	54.18		0.8			27.53	15.46	0.05	19.23	22.95
16	Van Ste ten	1	Cen	343	46.64	23.05	0.05			30.95	34.15	21,25	31.05	30,85
17 ; 18	Sullivan	Ş	Qen.	319	4.5		0.35			35.15	43.5	12.53	28.65	31.95
19	Lakovieu Gago Park ⁰	3 12	Chan Chan	448 501	40.45 38.95					60.5\$ 54.15	59.05 47.08	33.35 25.05	44.45 37.85	52.15 48.75
30	Horgan Park	18	Cen	464 1	35.65					23.5\$	28.46	0.05	66.75	26.95
21	Septe •	2	(Am)	593	35.44					42.35	50.58	38.55	37.25	12.3
22	l Kelvyn Prk	5	Cen	346	33.65						66.75	16.73	41.75	44.45
23 24	Young Richards Voo	9 11	Gen Voc	543 175	28.4 27.4				***		14.75	3.45 etg	23.都 29.每	18.66 32.55
8	Hotro, Chicago	ii	Cen	48	5.0						41.45	ERR	25.05	\$0.05
36	liamood	14	Clan	489	18.66	76.95	0,0	2.95	1.65	6.75	22.25	16.75	0,0\$	18.95
27	Wells	.6	Cen Com	568 1	12.15				7.1	, ,,,,,,	47.75	238) 10: 67	妈.您	5.4
28 1 29 1	i Tilden Luncoln Park	13	Con Con	559 1 270 1	10.25 8.95					1 77.15	48.05 43.85	100.05	94.75 94.05	51.75 49.25
30 i	Clepente	ő	Citin	1,056	7.4		-,,			66.25	55.15	16.75	95.15	56.1\$
31	Jurez		Gen	497	4.85					17.8	28.65	201	49.45	50.25
32 33	i isurison + Orr	9	Clen	319 l 577 l	4.75 3.15					1 54.55 1 78.65	41.15 44.45	209 33. 35	51.05 52.85	47.15 47.35
34	nort Bosen	7 19	Cen	764 1	1.77					1 61.5	52.46	9.0 5	39.85	47.13
75	Crepter Voc	ý	Voc	216	0.95				- .	0.05	55.35	EXA	ERR	54.65
36	Parragut	10	Gen	564 I	0.95					50.08	53.65	0.0\$	61.75	55.3
37 38	King,M.L. Robeson	14 16	Cen	453 653	0.15					0.0\$ Exr	50.66 57.35	err Dar	2701 2701	50.25 57.35
39	Westinghouse Voc	7	Voc	431	0.25					0.05	22.25	ERR	E101	22.15
40	Foger	20	Cen	558 I	0,25	99.15	0.0	0.05	0.75	0.05	56.75	EXT	100.05	56.35
41	naploas	15	Tech	614	0.25					0,05	22.05	19.05	100.05	22.05
42 1	erlan Rullus	19 11	Clean Clean	692 649	0.1 % 0.1 \$						43.55 57. 年	ERR Err	100.0\$ 50.0\$	43.6\$ 57.4\$
	Austin •	7	Com	878 I							62,0\$	ERA	100.0\$	62.15
45		9	Qan	597							62.6\$	130	F707	62,65
46	·· 	9	Oen	542	0.05						57.25	ER	PRCI	57.35
47 1 48		11 16	Vac Vac	1,029 484	20.0 20.0						27.15 34.15	274R 1210A	40.0\$ 1778	27.18 34.18
49		17	Gen.	359	0.05					:	45.75	包袱	ERR	45.75
	Hour No. Caroon Hags	-	Voc	86 J	0.05						59.75	EAR	E148	59.75
51 52	Mandey Flower Voo	8 7	n You	568 199	0.05 20.0					ž	53.25 42.65	en Endr	570R 550R	53.25
53		13	Gen	627	0.05					I	58.45		278	42.6 4 58.4 5
54 I	Carver	20	Cen	613 i	0.0\$		0,0\$	· .		1270A	48.4	ETOR	ENR	48.45
55	Calumet	16	Gen	749	0.05					E76	53.45	22781	ENR	53.45
50 1 57 1	Corling Hauper	20 15	Gen	613 495	0.0\$ 0.0\$				* '.) 1278 1 1278	33.5\$ 53.5\$	1700 1700	100.0≸	33 5 5 53.6 6
58	Julian	18	Cen	572	0.05						32.51	i.uh	0.05	32.53
59	South Shore	17	Gen	719	0,0%	99.75	0.15	0.05	0.15	ERR	53.25	ERR	0.05	53.25
60	Englescod	16	Gen	580 1						1 1200	53.05	ESTR CTUD	100.05	53.18
61 1 62 1	i Hyde Park Collins	14 8	Gen Gen	722 l 439 l	0.05		0.05 20.0				37.66 48.15	EKR Erk	1274R 1274R	37.61 48.15
63		11	Voc	607							28.05	Eldt	0.0\$	27.95
	SISTRI WILLE TOTALS			32,810	21.6	62.8	0.11	1.9	13.65	34.65	45.15	19.4	16.95	12.75
AVE														
CACE						_							_ =	
392 530	SOROLS TWO-THERE I			4,319	80.11									
539 518	SCHOOLS CASE THAT IS WA		D WATT	5,930 (E 10.895 (49.77 5.77							20.65 13.27		
571	SUPPLIES WITH NO WHEN			11,428								ERR		
			•											
	ирсел ор Race U: tach			hirds White hird White	949.99 41.77									
	GROUPING			than a thir										
			No ish		.01									



. 56

Minorities attending predominantly White schools do better than members of their race systemwide. The Black Dropout Rate at these schools was 40% (7% higher than for Whites), compared with 45% systemwide; Hispanics were at 39%, compared with 47% systemwide. Black Dropout Rates were lower (37%) at schools one-third White (versus White rates of 34%), but Hispanic rates increased to 40%. Among schools less than a third White, Dropout Rates for all these groups increased: Whites -46%, Blacks - 44%, and Hispanics, 46%. Black and Hispanic rates were 47% and 50% at all minority schools. Thus, Hispanics and Blacks clearly do better at schools with at least a third White students. Black and Hispanic Dropout Rates were lowest at Prosser Vocational (15% and 19% respectively), lower than the White rate (28%) and the overall Dropout Rate (23%).

Whites (11%) transferred out of the Chicago Public School system more than Blacks (7%) but less than Hispanics (14%). The overall Transfer Rate is 9%. Generally, as the proportion of Whites decreased, the Transfer Rate increased. For schools over two-thirds White, the Transfer Rate was 10%; for one-third White schools, 12%; for less than a third White, 14%. Among schools with more than 10% Whites, the highest Transfer Rates for Whites were at Sullivan (45% White, Transfer Rate 22%), Foreman (86% White, Transfer Rate 20%), Kenwood (19% White, Transfers 18%), and Wells (12% White, Transfers 17%). Lincoln Park (21%), Juarez (25%), Harrison (27%), and Orr (22%) had between 3% and 10% White entering students and high Transfer Rates among those few White students. Only Clemente (9%) had a low White Transfer Rate in this group. Hispanic Transfer Rates were generally higher than White Transfer Rates, particularly in schools more than a third White. Hispanic Transfer Ratss were highest at Sullivan (32%), Von Steuben (30%), and Foreman (21%). Black Transfer Rates were generally lower than White rates.

B. BLACKS

Black students, like White students, overwhelmingly entered high school with members of their own race. Three-fourths (76%) went to schools in which the entering class was more than 95% Black. Another 15% went to majority Black schools; only 9% went to schools in which the entering class was not majority Black. In 6 of the 25 schools with less than a majority of Black entering students, Hispanics were the largest racial group; at the other 19, Whites predominated.



	ear the prime	•			1996	· Ulexies	OF LINE	OH: 020				PERCENT	PECENT	PERCENT
RANK	UNIT ANNUAL NAME	DLST	THE	PATERIORO FRESHON	DROPOUT RATE	MUTE	HAX	MIEN	HESPANIC	OVER	CONTROL SCHI		W0 3007623	BELOH NORM SCORES
1	1850 Carver	20	Gan	616	48,/3	0.0\$	100,0\$	0.05	0.05	31.05		45.15		46.45
2	1390 flydo Park	14	Oma Comp	724	37.66	0.05	100.05	0.05	0.05	15.55	T 1711	27.77		35.95
3	1250 Calumet 1150 Status Voc	16 16	Oem Voc	152 484	53.45 34.15	0.05	100.05	80,0 80,0	0.05 l	37.25 20.25		多.多 75.每		55.95 18.45
5	1360 liureh	17	GOEN	359	45,75	0.05	100,05	0.05	0,05	35.45		37.35		56,0\$
5	1270 Crune	9	0en Vaa	628	62,65	0.05	100.05	O,ME	0.05	37.66		40.35	9.25	50,51
7 8	1040 Flower Voc 1050 Near No. Career Hear	7	Voc Voc	200 67	42.65 59.75	0.05	100,05	\$0,0 \$0,0	0,05 20,0	19.15 38.4		38.0\$ 27.65	9.05 13.85	53.05 58.65
ğ	1280 DuSable	13	Gen	632	58.58	0.05	99.85	0.05	0,05	36.85	89.25	27.75	7.15	65.25
10	1870 Julian	18	Oma	573	32.55	0.05	99.8	0.05	0.25	17.55		56.55		37.55
11 12	1460 Hunley 1360 Hurper	8 15	Comp.	573 457	93.25 53.65	80.05 80.0	99.85 99.85	0.05 0.05	0.25 (0.25 (多.标 35.21	= = -	19,75	7.01 7.05	73.35 71.65
13	1880 Collins	Ď	Om	440	48.15	0.05	99.8	0.05	0.05	33.4		26,15		64.5\$
14	1160 Westinghouse Voc	7	Voq	433	22,15	0.25	99.6	0.05	0.05	13.05		55.05		12.95
15 16	1350 Harian 1860 Corlian	19 20	Com.	696 (621 (43,65 33,66	0.13	99.75 99.75	0,0\$ 20,0	0.1% T	25,31 15,31	=	38,44 55.75		93.25 40.45
17	1030 Durber Voo	11	Voo	606	28.05	0.05	99.75	0.0	0.25	11.3		82,95		11.25
18	1220 Austin	7	Qm,	882	62.15	0.15	99.75	0.05	0.25	27.4		18,45		71.4
19 20	1470 Hardhall 1950 South Shore	9 17	Comp.	546 723	57.35 53.35	0.05	99.66 99.66	0.05 20.0	0.05	36,66 23.91	1	2.25 38.05		68,35 51,35
21	1327) Robeson	16	Con	656	57.46	0.35	99.53	0,0\$	0.05	50.2		44.15		48,5\$
22	1510 Rullipa	11	Gen	858	57.46	0.15	99.55	0,05	0.35	36.2		23.55		70.55
23 24	1010 Chicago Voc. 1760 King N.L.	11 14	You Con	1,031 454	27.15 50.25	0.05	99.95 99.35	40.0 40.0	0.55	9.51 34.01		55.35 28.05	4.55 9.45	9.95 62.15
ä	1 1310 Fergor	20	Con	958	56.35	0.25	99.15	0.05	0.73	29.77		26.95	T	62.45
26	1020 Crester Voo	9	Voo	217	54.85	0.95	99.15	0,05		40.3	63.65	32,71	7.45	59.95
थ	1 1680 Englanced	16	Cen Teon	594 1 616	53.5	0.05	99.05 95.05	0.05		40.2		34.85		54,95
28	1450 Lindbloco	15	techi	010	22,0\$	0.25	A2*00	3.75	0.35	4.30	62,15	81.35	17.05	1,65
29	1 1300 Farregut	10	Cén	569	95.35	0.95	76.45	0.25		32.4		30.25		60.35
30	i 1590 Tilden	13	Can	563	51.85	144.5	75.77	0.25		31.77		29.65 70.35		67,05
31 32	1710 Kerwood 1830 Orr	14	Gen Gen	516 589	19.45 48.05	17.65	72,95 69.15	2.75 0.85		9.51 30.51		21.77		17.45 66.95
3 3	1620 Lincoln Park	3	Cen	274	49.45	8.85	65.75	0.75		28.9		36.53		52.65
34	1900 Metro, Chiango	11	Omn.	48	40,06	25.05	64,66	0.05		4.2		91.77		6,35
35 36	1470 Horgan Park 1240 Bown	18 19	(Cen Cen	16 9 773	27.15 47.75	35.45 1.75	63.1% 58.7%	0.25 0.18		27.44 32.51		60.85 30.95		34.51 51.51
37	1340 Cogo Park	12	Clean	503	48,95	38,95	52.35	0.85		18.3		10.85		53.51
36	181 7 Young	9	Gen	959	19.05	27.5	52.25	5.53	12.3	7,9	83.45	63.19	31,15	5.75
39	l 1370 Hurriagn +	8	Gen	322	47.35	4.75	37.3	0.35	57.15	36.11	81.15	30.75	16.55	52.85
40	1570 Sullivan	2	Omp.	325	39.95	43.75	32.05	9,5\$	12,65	22.5	84.05	48.0		34.5%
•	1640 Wila	6	Omn.	569	55.64	12.15	25.8	0.0				30.8		50.65
42 43	1820 Curie 1420 Kernedy	12 12	Cen	735 370	29.04 (29.55 (57.3 73.25	25.71 24.66	1.1 5		15,61 16,81		57.11 69.51	+.	
44	1110 Richards Voq		Voo	182	33.35	26.45	23,66	0.01		19.0	74.25	96.0	8.25	5.7
45	1610 W.n Steuben	1	Clen	346	30.84	46.53	22.8	12,75				92.6		
46 47	i 1070 Prosser Voc i 1540 Sem	4 2	Voo Gen	386 597	22.95 42.45	99.75 35.05	22.05 19.65	1.35				72.8F 29.8F		
48	1 1960 Steinmetz	4	Oten	524	35.05	76.15	15.15	4,05		18.5		57.4		
49	1440 Lane	3	Tech	982	15,95	64.95	12,15	11.95		2,71		96,69		
50 51	1930 Lakoview 1840 Cleanate	3	Oen Oen	452 1,067	52.1 5 56.1 5	40.35 7.35	11 .15 10.85	6,05 0,65		36.49 30.66		43.66 26.3		
-	1 1480 Phther	2	Oran Oran	382			10.25	11.55				71.2		
	1 1000		- -	#00			. 100	A 44				70 A	40.00	
53 54	1580 Taft 1520 Rousevalt	1	Clens Clen	509 435	18.25 50.45)91.05 67.5	6.75 6.45	0.65 9.25		8.51 20.91		79.01 52.21		
-	1210 Amendaen	ż	Cen	398	45.75	74.95	4,05	7,58				43.2	21.45	35.45
56	1 1530 Seltura		Clan	940	48.95	61.35	3.75	2,75				51,61		
57 58	1670 lh#tord 1890 Juarez	15 8	Cen Cen	341 508	40.4% 50.9%	65.35 4.75	2,95 1.85	1,25 0,05				68.01 25.01		
59	1410 Kelvyn Park	5	Cen	347	44.45	34.08	1.25	1.75		30,3		39.2		43.25
	1 1330 Foreman	4	Clon	311	37.66		1.05	0,61				56.9		
61 62	1630 Weahington 1400 Kelly	20 8	Oen Oen	369 416	23.55 52.66	63.51 73.15	0.35 0.05	0.85 1.05				71.01 49.81		
	1 1230 Bogan	-	Gen	300			0.05	0.35				82,77		
	SYSTEMIDE TOTALS			33,142	42.85	21.45	62.6\$	1,95	13.5\$	l 25.5	85.05	47.11	11.6	41.35
	Orotombe tobes			231145	1		OC. 0P	1930	13426	~,,,	• •	70.01		47120
					!	!								
	30100LS 975 ELACK			16,020	1 46.45	 0.1\$	99.5\$	0.1	0.15	l 27.5	82,65	44.4	7.9	47.65
	22100L2 508 - 948 B			4,863	41.15	15.15	65.05	1.2	17.35	ļ 24.5	5.25	41.77	12.6	45.5%
	30H00LS 105 - 495 H	LACK		7.139	36.95	43.05	19.15	5.95	31,35			52,6f	_	32,0\$
	SORDLE LISS THAN I	JA AL	A.I.	4,874	1 39.8 5	66.35 !	2.95	2.49	27.45	24.19 	92.51	54.9	16.11	29,0
	SPECIAL SCHOOLS TOT	ALS		159	65.35	6.95	61,0\$	0.0	30.23	71.8	22,66	3.8	22.6	73.65
					95\$ Back		76.95	9.15						
					505 Flank	10.45	15.23	9.15						
					10\$ 53,eck Lesso	43.25 0.05	6,6 5 0.7 1	51 .51 27 .3 1						
						4100	V.1P	~ 1 4 30						



Dropout Rates were higher in all Black (46%) and majority Black (41%) schools than in schools with between 10% and 49% Blacks (36%). The Dropout Rate in schools with less than 10% entering Blacks was 40%. However, Dropout Rates varied significantly among all Black and majority Black schools. Some all Black schools had quite low Dropout Rates: Lindbloom Tech. (22%), Westinghouse (22%), CVS (27%), and Dunbar Vocational (28%). However, a majority of the all Black schools (15 of 28) had more students drop out than graduate. The worst Dropout Rates were at Crane (63%) and Austin (62%). Among the majority Black Schools, Young (19%), Kenwood (19%), and Morgan Park (27%), had low Dropout Rates. Two schools, Farragut (55%) and Tilden (52%), had more drop out than graduated.

Surprisingly, overage statistics varied only moderately between all Black, majority Black, and minority Black schools (28%, 25%, and 20% respectively). But individual schools varied dramatically. All Black schools go from half of the entering class being overage (Robeson, 50%) to less than 5% overage (Lindbloom). Cregier Vocational and Englewood (both at 40%) also had very high proportions of overage entrants. CVS (10%), Dunbar Vocational (11%), Westinghouse Vocational (13%), Corliss (15%), Hyde Park (16%), Julian (18%), and Flower Vocational (19%) all had low numbers of overage entrants among the all Black schools. None of the majority Black schools had more than a third of entering students overage. Four had low proportions of overage entrants: Metro (4%), Young (8%), Kenwood (10%), and Gage Park (18%).

Transfers within the Chicago system were much more common in all Black and majority Black schools (18%) than in schools with few (12%) or no Blacks (7%). At some schools, nearly one of three students transferred to another Chicago Public School: Cregier Vocational (36%), Flower Vocational (31%), and Austin (30%). On the other hand, some majority Black schools had relatively few transfers: Morgan Park (7%), Julian (10%), and Dunbar Vocational (10%).

All Black (56%) and majority Black (50%) schools received more than half their students with below normal or missing reading scores. At schools in which Blacks were a minority, this rate fell to 47%; and in schools with less than 10% Black, the rate was 45%. However, within these groups, schools varied widely. Among the all Black and majority Black schools, Metro received 92% reading at or above normal rates, and CVS (85%), Westinghouse Vocational (85%), Dunbar Vocational (83%), and Lindbloom (81%) also did well. But seven schools had more than three-fourths of their students reading below normal levels or missing scores: Austin (82%), Manley (80%), Harper (79%), Orr (78%), Marshall (78%), Phillips (77%), and Tilden (75%).



DIEP OUT STEDE-ORGIOD PUBLIC STROLLS School Latest 1982 - Class of 1982 SIX YEAR TIPE . THE STIME BLACK MATEA HESPANIC OFFICE EMEROIG | WHITE H MX ASTAM HISPANIC I DECEPOUT DROPOUT DECROEF DECEROLIT DROPOUT DIST TIPE PRESIDEN | ENGLISD ENGLISD PROLED ENGLISD RANK I SCHOOL WAVE RATE RATE MIE RATE MATE Степе 100.05 9 Con SA) 0.05 0.0 0.05 EXT 62.65 270 62.65 201 Ø٥ 59.75 58 14 Nour No. Garger Hum 3 Voc 86 0,0\$ 100.00 0.0\$ 0.05 PR EΝ 59.75 0.0 Diffable. (len 627 100.0 0.05 3 0.05 238 ₽0R **ETO** 58.45 749 613 100.00 53.体 48.城 0.00 STIP. Calcust 16 Con ERR Ðθ 53.45 0.05 **200**1 0.06 20 100.05 0.06 210 Curver Con 20 48.45 B 479 0.05 100.05 0.05 0.05 LR.15 Col 1 ina Onn END FERR 48.15 0.05 359 199 100.05 0.05 17 Gen 0.06 明.75 42.6 EM ERR KLreb 45.75 Flower Voc 7 Voc 0.05 100,06 0.05 0.0\$ **270**1 12.64 0.05 100.05 0.0 0.05 37.66 larde Park 0en 722 37.66 Đũ 16 Voc 100,00 0.05 ₽¢. 34.15 10 Steware Voc 0.0\$ 0.05 Ø0 BRR 34.15 20 11 613 0.05 99.55 0.05 0.05 ERR Cortisa 33.5 33.5% 12 You 607 0.05 99.65 0,0\$ 0.25 200 28.05 27.98 Duniser Voc 0.05 580 Digitation 16 Gen 0.05 99.郡 0.05 0.ಪ ΣRR 13 53,0\$ 100.05 53.15 18 0.05 99.部 99.部 32.55 53.25 572 **Z**TH 14 Julian Gen 0.05 0.25 20 10.0 32,58 15 16 Hanloy Oto FÉA 0.05 0.23 ERR ER 20 53.25 0.05 ERR ERR 542 99.版 0.0\$ 0.0\$ 0.05 | Marshal 1 4 Onn 57,2 ERR 239R 57.35 45 0.05 15 7 230R 17 Harner Onn 93.55 100.00 53.64 0.05 20.0 0.25 Mentinghouse Voc Woo 431 99.85 0.05 22.25 53.25 18 0.05 200 22.15 719 0.13 17 Č4n 0.05 99.75 0.05 19 South Short ERR 53.25 Harlen 0.15 99.75 0.05 43.5 Ø 100.05 43.65 20 19 Con 692 0.15 0.05 16 Gen 653 0.3 0.05 57.3 Robasan 99.75 0.05 ĐΨ 57.35 99.75 99.44 99.55 22 Antin 878 0.15 0.05 0.25 100,0\$ 62.05 ESR. 100.05 Gen 23 Phillips 11 Gan 849 0.15 0.05 0.25 100.05 57.4 ĐĐ 57.45 50,0\$ 0.05 40.05 Change Voc. 11 Voc ,029 0.05 0.5% 27.15 ĦŔ 27.15 99.35 99.15 99.15 99.88 453 ð Kug,fl.L. 19 Case. 0.75 0.05 0.05 0.05 50.66 HORA. 50.25 918 0,05 0.75 | 0.05 | 0.35 | 56.25 56.茅 ዓ.暴 26 Penyar 20 Cain. 0.25 0.05 ERR 100.05 0.95 Voc 55.35 22.05 21 Creation Non 9 216 0.05 0.05 D.O. (7) B 614 0.25 3.75 0.05 Lindbings Tech 19.05 100.05 28 15 22.04 29 14 Gen 489 18.65 76.95 2.95 1.65 1 6.75 22.25 16.75 0.05 18.95 Kencord 561 0.95 76.25 0.25 10 Con 22.75 50,0\$ 53.66 0.05 61.75 55.35 Farregut 10 77.15 559 0,25 14.05 48,0\$ 100.05 31 Tilden 13 Cen 75.75 54.75 51.75 577 70.05 0.95 26,0\$ 44,45 33.35 52.A 32 Œт 5 Cen 3.15 47.3 54.05 33 Lincoln Park 8,9 66.3 0.75 23.35 **89.5**3 43.66 0.0 19.25 270 48 0,0\$ 0,2\$ 8.35 | 36.45 41.45 3.0 6.11 Hetro, Chicago Gen 25,04 64.66 ĐĦ 40.05 63.4 59.3 23.58 61.57 35.B 35 Morgan Park 18 Con 0.05 25.95 38.95 12.53 52.45 14.75 39.85 23.每 47.75 18.66 764 1.75 0.05 36 B ween 19 Cen 0.15 37 33 3.45 28.45 53.M 27,05 54.15 543 Young 9 Cen 5.75 B.OS I 25.05 37.55 48.73 47.0S 12 501 0.8 Gage Park Com 52.35 37.66 ETIR 47.15 39 40 8 4.75 0.35 57.4 | **54.56** 41.15 51.05 Circ **319** Harrison . 32,68 12.9 35.15 12.5 20,61 Cen 319 44.53 9.75 43.5 39.95 **Sullivan** 2 23.95 0.05 61.44 78.95 外.都 55.66 **4**T Wells Çen 12.15 47.75 ÐØ 15.45 3.W 41.78 43.65 728 57.68 22,95 14.35 29.15 42 Orie 1.15 43 Kennedy 370 73.25 0.0\$ 3.3 ΞŪ 37.55 29,58 27.46 46.44 54.75 12.25 230 29.9 32.55 Vac 175 10.0 48.05 26.B Richards Voc **30.8**5 343 386 593 12.8 30.95 34.75 21.2 31.05 45 Von Stauben Class 17.55 21.23 19.25 22.% 22,0\$ 27.5 15.45 0.05 ШÁ ħ Voc Prosper Voc 38.53 16.73 21.4 37.25 35.44 76.71 19.45 42.35 36.05 21.45 12.35 Sem 50.58 47 2 Onn 33.35 15.25 4.05 34.25 4.5 (Inn MF. Statements 519 60.9 11.95 10.85 15.65 21.25 15.95 881 448 12.15 25.3 Tech 3.35 bo 3 Lane 10.4 7.4 91.55 | 81.25 | 11.23 60.55 33.3 44.45 Can 6,0\$ 59,0\$ 52.15 ٩Ò Lakerter 1,056 10.65 0.65 66.25 55.15 16.73 55.75 56.15 51 Clemente 21.55 10.3 2.95 21.98 Mather Cen 378 75.15 11.46 9.8 52 33.35 508 90.95 6.75 0.66 1.45 1 ir.15 31.35 0.05 18.25 53 Teft 9.35 15.5% 10.6% 54,ex 29,4 57.15 Romeye)t Cen 432 68.36 6.雰 51.65 22,44 50.15 **30.6** 388 921 4.15 47.95 40.45 Out 76,53 7.75 61.53 45.71 55 Acurdoca 13.05 58.15 50.25 Schurz Cen 62.4 3.8 2.75 31.15 48.35 15 8 **65.8** 2.95 39.46 77.66 33.35 20,61 50.05 40.35 Hubbard Con 339 1.25 9.75 4.85 0.05 49.45 50.25 June 58 Con 477 93.66 1.75 41.75 44.45 346 310 33.85 1.25 63.05 50.00 66.71 16.71 59 Kelvyn Park 5 Cen 85.45 84.44 37.4 22.6 1.05 0.65 12.31 0.06 0.05 37.年 Onn 46.71 ā 60 Foresteen 0,05 24.05 20 0.35 14.05 33.35 23.15 61 62 364 Whethington Cen 15 Gan 299 96.05 0.05 3.75 10.9 0.05 9.15 10.65 U.35 Boscon 73.35 52.65 25.71 25.05 40.75 Kelly **46.9**5 62.65 13,65 1 34,66 112.7% SYSTEMADIE TOTALS 32,810 1 21.65 1.95 45.15 19.45 AVE. CLASS 0.1**5** 15**.4**5 15,69 99.66 0.15 0.15 18.25 46.45 19.05 61.15 46.46 SDIOTES 95-A 567 4,779 65.75 17.44 41.05 477 BLACK 1.35 38.B 40.75 11.15 46.05 2000LS 501 · 5.95 2.55 7,083 43.25 31.35 30.75 39.25 47.35 36.95 SCHOOLS 108 - 498 PLACK 19.25 19.5 505 27.51 CORDULY LESS THAN 10% BLACK 0.55 18.85 19.75 29**6** O PERCENT OF RACE 954\$ Black 0.3 76.8 3.75 15.25 6.61 10.45 43.23 9.75 50\$ - 94\$ Black CREAPING 105 - 495 Black 0.75 Under 10\$ Black 45.55 19.05



Thus, the picture that emerges is that there are two, quite different, types of all Black or majority Black schools. Some received well prepared students, few of whom were overage (Metro, CVS, Westinghouse Vocational, Dunbar Vocational, Lindbloom Tach.). Close behind were schools like Simeon Vocational (76% normal or above but only 20% overage) and Kenwood (70% normal, 10% overage). Except for Metro (60%) and Simeon (66%), all of these schools graduated more than 70% of their students. Quite different were schools like Austin, Manley, Harper, Orr, Marshall, Phillips and Tilden, all of which received more than three-fourths of their students unprepared for high school level work. 19 other schools had less than half their entering students reading at normal or Thus 26 of 38 all Black or majority Black above rates. schools started out with a majority of their students unprepared for high school work, and with more than half of these students already overage. Five other schools (Young 63%, Morgan Park - 61%, Hyde Park - 58%, Julian - 56%, and Corliss - 56%) had between half and two-thirds of their students adequately prepared. Among the 25 schools in which Blacks were a minority, only 10 have more than half their students enter with below normal or missing scores, and five of these schools had large Hispanic populations. Six of the 25 have more than 70% at or above normal reading scores.

Black Dropout Rates were highest in all Black schools (46%) and in schools with virtually no Blacks (47%). Only small differences existed in majority Black and minority Black schools (41% vs. 39%). But, as already noted, Dropout Rates among individual all Black schools and majority Black schools varied significantly. At the all Black schools, the overall Dropout Rate and the Dropout Rate for Blacks was obviously identical. Thus, Lindbloom (22%), Westinghouse Vocational (22%), CVS (27%), and Dunbar Vocational (28%) all have low Fifteen schools had more Dropouts than Graduatss. rates. However, in majority Black schools, Black and Overall Dropout Rates diverged. In most of these schools, Black Dropout Rates were lower than the overall rates when Hispanics, rather than Whites, were the next largest group. When Whites were the next largest group, Black rates were usually higher than the overall rates. However, at Bowen (59% Black, 39% Hispanic) the Dropout Rate for Blacks was 12 points higher than for Hispanics (52% vs. 40%). In the aggregate, White Dropout Rates were two points lower than Black rates, but at half the schools, Black rates were lower than White rates, often by a large margin (e.g., Tilden by 29 points, Lincoln Park by 46 points, and Gage Park by 7 percentage points). In schools in which Blacks were a minority, Blacks generally do better than the systemwide average (45% for Blacks), and quite well at Prosser Vocational (15%) and Lane (21%). In schools with less than 10% Black entrants, Dropout rates varied from 29% (Juarez) to 67% (Kelvyn Park).



The Transfer Rate (out of the Chicago system) was quite low (7%) in all Black schools, but Robeson (16%) stands out from the rest. Among majority Black schools, only Kanwood had a high Black Transfer Rate (14%). But Whites and Hispanics had high rates at a number of these schools: Orr (White - 22%, Hispanic - 17%), Lincoln Park (White - 21%, Hispanic - 21%), Kenwood (White - 18%, Hispanic - 13%), and Tilden (White - 16%, Hispanic - 18%). Black Transfer Rates in minority Black schools were high only at Lakeview (22%) and Sullivan (18%, but White - 22%, and Hispanic - 32%, rates were even higher).

C. Hispanics

Half of all Hispanic students went to school in the five schools which were majority Hispanic in the 1978 entering freshman class. A fourth went to schools between 25% and 49% Hispanic, and a fourth went to schools whose entering classes were 5% to 24% Hispanic. Thus, Hispanics attended school with members of other racial groups more than either Whites or Blacks. 98% of all Hispanics were enrolled in only 28 of the system's 63 regular high schools.

The Dropout Rate progressively declined with the declining concentration of Hispanic students. More than half (53%) of all students attending majority Hispanic schools dropped out, while just under half (48%) of students in schools more than 25% Hispanic did. Only 36% dropped out from schools 5% to 24% Hispanic; but schools with less than 5% Hispanics, which enrolled 58% of all students in the system, equalled the systemwide Dropout Rate of 43%. Among the five majority Hispanic schools, three (Clemente - 56%, Wells - 56%, and Juarez - 51%) had more Dropouts than Graduates. Harrison (47%) and Kelvyn Park (44%) did slightly better. Among the six schools with sizable Hispanic minorities, two (Kelly -53%, and Lakeview - 52%) had more Dropouts than Graduates. Richards Vocational, however, had a significantly lower Dropout Rate of 33%. Two of these schools were majority White (Schurz and Kelly), two majority Black (Orr and Bowen) and two mixed but with more Hispanics than others (Richards Vocational and Lakeview). Only two of the 17 schools between 5% and 24% Hispanic had Dropout Rates over 50% (Farragut - 55%, and Tilden - 52%). Lane (15%), Young (19%), and Prosser (23%) had low Dropout Rates. Six of these schools were majority Black, eight were majority White, and three were mixed.

Schools over 50% Hispanic had the highest proportion of overage entering students in the system, 35%. Schools with only 5-24% Hispanics had the lowest figure (20%), while schools with significant Hispanic minorities and schools without Hispanics were close to the systemwide average of 26%. Juarez led all Hispanic schools with 47% entering overage (second systemwide only to Robeson), and none of the majority Hispanic schools received less than 30% overage.



DECREA

DREP OUT STUDY OF CHICADO FUBLIC SCHOOLS COTHOL LAMBE DAKA - CLASS OF 1982 SDLYEAR TONE FRAME MAK OHOENED EX AEXICIAL HIZBYNICO

					= 5 0 c - 5	v = u n →	
	SPECIAL SCIENCES POIALS	33471.5 505 H12940.C 3041.5 575 - 495 H129 5341.5 58 - 286 H129 5341.5 575 H12940.C	SERVIDE VIAS	1620 Limnin Park 1300 Parragut 1500 Sern 1000 Parragut 1500 Sern 1000 Parragut 1500 Sern 1500 Sern 1500 Poresen 1500 Von Saudem 1520 Auchin 1500 Parrage 1100 Foresen 1500 Parrage 1100 Foresen 1500 Steinnetz 1500 Steinnetz 1500 Steinnetz 1500 Steinnetz 1700 Ramady 1500 Steinnetz 1700 Ramady 1500 Parrager 1100 Pauler 1	111C Ruchards Voc 1430 Lakories 1240 Stoven 1530 Schurz 1400 Kelly	1890 Juanes 1840 Cleanta 1840 Kalayn Park 1840 Walls 1370 Hurrison +	K OUT ASSIST, NAME
	STATO	M 22 HIZPANIC HIZPANIC M HIZPANIC					OUST TOPE
	بة 	2.813 3.352 7,641 19,090	33,142		84838a 	 R2#28	ENTERING PROGESING
505 ill.spart 4.35 255 ill.spart 16.05 53 ill.sparte 51.15 Lees 0.05	\$	Kaka Lake	,5 28		5	53588 88638	I BOUDEC
0.15 day	6.9 #	15 5 6 6 6 6 6 6 6 6 6 6 6 6 6 6 6 6 6 6	21.45	. e szzeriedeszerők keleteten a szereszereszereszereszereszereszereszer	7787777 975 - 58	ingir.	NICOTAL DESCRIPTION
S I S I	61.8	823 E	£	**************************************	**************************************	経過な過程 2011日1	
9977 2 8 24	8	84 8 8	1		22252	######################################	VERTER HETERY
70.65 70.65 70.65	Ä	松谷科 0.12公马	3.5		7 7 7 7 7 7 7 7 7 7 7 7 7 7 7 7 7 7 7	32825 22825	HISPANCE
;	71.8	7888 3283	34 52	かれて不可能なではなるをでするとのできない。 あまままからではなるない あっていい こうかい こうかい こうかい しゅうしょう いいしょう いいしょう いいしょう いいしょう いいしょう いいしょう アントー・・・・・・・・・・・・・・・・・・・・・・・・・・・・・・・・・・・・	**************************************	**#** %*&&*	100 SE
	*	###	.9₹ ₽ .	。 行行的现在时间的外外的现在分词 计多数分析的现在形式的现在分词 医内内内外外外外外外外外外外外外外外外外外外外外外外上, 对于这种种类型的种种类型的一种一种一种一种一种一种一种一种一种一种一种一种一种一种一种一种一种一种一种	对发酵类对的 表配配易表表	# <i>#¶##</i> = \$ \$ \$ \$ \$	KS GBO
	3.8	<i>\$687</i> 8883	4.3	***************************************	7 #5#77 7458	<i>74008</i> 22230	SOURCE SECOND
	22.65	2 555	11.65	ないないないないないないないないないないないないないないないないないないない	offour Verkur Verkur	ettor Bærøk	FENCENT SOURCES
	73.65	77## 28#7	13	各种的现在分词的现在分词的现在分词的现在分词的现在分词的现在分词的现在分词的现在分词	化物型代数的	##### ################################	SCHOOL STATES



Hispanic schools varied in their retention of their originally entering students. Juarez had a high transfer rate for students leaving the system (14%), but had only 7% transfer to another Chicago school. At the other extreme, Harrison had 15% transfer out of the system and 19% transfer to other Chicago schools. Richards Vocational had only 8% leave the system, but 26% transfer to other Chicago schools, which looks suspiciously like students are being pushed out of Richards into the general high schools. Orr also had about 25% transfer to other Chicago schools.

Majority Hispanic schools received 71% of their students with below normal reading scores or without scores. be remembered that students in level A of Bilingual education programs are not tested for English reading proficiency. of students in heavily minority Hispanic schools are in the same category. Juarez received only 25% of its students with normal reading scores; 40% were below normal and 35% had no recorded scores. Clemente received only 26% with normal scores (59% were below normal, 15% without scores). comparison, Kelvyn Park looked good at only 61% below or missing, but that figure was close to the proportion of entering students who were Hispanic (63%): 43% were reading below normal and 18% were without scores. Among the minority Hispanic schools, Richards Vocational had only 44% below normal or missing scores, but Orr had 78%, though only 26% of its entrants were Hispanic. Thus, heavily Hispanic high schools received high concentrations of students who were ill-equipped to do high school work in English, and were already overage. It is not surprising that their Dropout Rates exceed their Graduation Rates.

The Dropout Rate for Hispanics in majority and minority Hispanic schools closely followed the overall Dropout Rates for these schools in the aggregate. However, White students in majority Hispanic schools dropped out more frequently (63% vs. 52% for Hispanics), while Blacks did better than Hispanics (48%). Whites also did worse in heavily minority (25%-49%) Hispanic schools (53%), with Black till at 48%, but Hispanic Dropout Rates dipped to 44%. Hispanic Dropout Rates continue to decline with declining concentrations, to 40% (for 5%-24% Hispanic schools) and 34% in schools with less than 5% Hispanics enrolled. Among the majority Hispanic schools, Kelvyn Park Hispanics had the lowest Dropout Rate (42%) with Juarez next (49%). Clemente (56%), Wells (55%), and Harrison (51%) all had more Hispanics drop out than graduate. All of these schools also had high rates of transfers to other school The outcomes of these transfers out of the system are unknown. At some heavily minority Hispanic schools, Hispanics did better: Richards Vocational (30%), Bowen (40%), and Kelly (41%). The lowest Hispanic Dropout Rates at schools with more than 5% Hispanic were at Prosser Vocational (19%), Metro (25%), and Lane Tech. (25%).



99.75

99.35

99.15

62.85

14.15

0.05

0.05

0.05

1.95

0.55

1.95

0.05

0.05

0.05

13.65 I

74.45

ETOR

0.05

0.0%

34.65

63.25

52.邸

33.75

21.85

97.B

50.64

55.3

45.16

47.65

48.45

40.65

45.46

ERR

ERIR

ΕM

19.45

16.73

23.65

20.45

13.45

EDIR

Đ٨

ΣROR

46.00

52.25

44.23

39.75

33.75

97.35 50.25

54.85

12.75

52.5%

DR.18

36,18

42.65

0.多

0.75

0.95

21.65

10.95

SCHOOLS 255 - 495 HESP	enc 7,568 1	34.5%	29.95	1.95	33.66 1
SCHOOLS 55 - 295 HESP		47.86	31.15	5.65	14.96
SCHOOLS LEED THIN 55 I		10.45	68.55	0,6\$	0.55
PERCENT OF RACE IN EACH IROUPING	50+\$ Itiapanio 25\$-19\$ Hispanio 5\$-24\$ Hispanio Undor 5\$ Hispanio	4.35 16.15 51.15 27.95	1.媒 4.撰 11.媒 81.基	2.15 10.05 70.65 17.35	46.55 24.95 25.35 2.15

653

453

216

£,810 1

2,786 1



61

62

61

AVE: CAY

557

549

HIGH

540

Shheam

Kint.M.L.

CrayLer Voo

SYSTEMADE TOTALS

SCHOOLS MURE THAN 50% HESPANIC

SCHOOLS 255 - 495 HESPANIC

16 Gen

14 COME.

q

Voc

H. DISTRICT ANALYSIS

Districts with the best Graduation Rates received the best students. A district's Graduation Rate correlatee highly with its percent of entering students reading at or above normal rangs. Four of the eix districts graduating less than half of their students (Dietricts 16, 8, 17, 13, 10, and 6) had more than 70% of their entering students with reading scores more than two years behind grade level or missing. Similarly, in these six dietricts over a quarter of the entering students (over a third in 5 of the 6) were overage. Thus, the high schools in theee districts were receiving etudents who were already in trouble academically.

The districts with the best Graduation Rates are located on the outer fringe of the city or along the lakefront. Only District 11, among Inner City dietricts, ranked higher than a Fringe district (# 4), and special conditions make theee distinctions fuzzy. Dietrict 11 has a number of non-geographic high echools, while District 4 is a mixture of inner city and fringe areas. All of these inner city districts are overwhelmingly minority in their student enrollments. The Dropout Ratee in these inner city districts range from 38% to 57%.

The Dropout Rates between Fringe and Lakefront dietricte and those in the Inner City are markedly different. The combined rate for Fringe and for Lakefront districts is 34.4% and 35.2% respectively, but is 47.9% for Inner City Inner City dietrict schools were overwhelmingly districts. minority in their entering class, together enrolling only 6% 83% of all Whites attended schools in Fringe or Lakefront districte, and moet of the remaining Whitee attended Kelly or Washington High Schools, majority White schools in otherwise Inner City districts. The high schoole in Fringe and Lakefront Districts received better prepared students than did echools in Inner City districts. Fringe and Lakefront district schools, in the aggregate, received 59% and 54% of their students reading at or above normal ranges. Only 40% of Inner City district students had reading scoree at or above Similarly, less than 20% of Fringe and Lakefront students were overage, while 30% of Inner City students were, and, as we have already mentioned, in five of these districts, more than a third were overage.



School Lovel Data		1982										•	
SIX YEAR TIME FIGH	k.	17/TERUIC	Thates n	DROPOUT					1 (1879)	OMPLETED	PERCENT ₩ MORANL	PENCENT	PERLETT
SCHOOL NAME	DIST TYP		TRANSFT R RATE	RATE	MOTE	BLACK	ASIAN H	ESPANIC	ACE	ORTE SON	300923	₩°0 £1 900æ3	19101 10161 300623
·			i	i					1	-			
Roccevelt	1 0en	435	13.85	50.45	67.85	6.4%	9.25	15.45	20.95		52,25	16, 66	31.35
Von Steubun Duft	1 Cen 1 Gen	346 509	1 17.15	30.85 1 18.25	1 46.5%	22.85 6.75	12.75	17.35	1 22.35 1 8.55		52,6 \$ 79.0 \$	13.35 10.05	34.1% 11.0%
Arandoon	2 Com.	398	14.65	1 75.75	74.95	4.05	7.55	10.64	26.45		43,25	21.4%	35.4%
Sum	2 Cen	597	1 13.75	1 42.45	36.05	19.6%	21.75	21.	32.75		29.85	30.23	40.0%
Dul Livan	2 Cen	325	21.55	34.98	43.75	32.0%	9.55	12.68	22.5		48.05	17.5\$	34,55
Hather	2 Çen	362	10.23	21.95	174.3	10.25	11.58	2.95	14.95		71,25	14.15	14.75
Henriko. Career Ma Lakevteu	gn 3 Voer 3 Gen	87 452	10.35	59.7% 52.1%	0.05 40.35	100.05	0.0\$ 6.0\$	0.0% 41.25	38.45 26.45		27,6 \$ 43,6 \$	13.65 17.05	58 .6\$ 39. 4\$
Lucoin Park	3 Cen	274	11.75	49.45	8.65	65.73	0.75	23.0%	28.95		36.5\$	10.95	52.6\$
Lane	3 Teest		9.45	15.95	64.95	12.15	11.95	10.85	2.75		96.65	3.25	0,25
- Kilzun Cog, (Prose		_	50.0	100.08	50.05	0.05	0.0\$	0.06	100.0		0.0\$	0.05	100.0%
Schurz	4 Cen	940	12.75		61.35	3.75	2.75	30.65	23.6		51.68	10.75	37.7%
Foreign Steumetz	4 Cen 4 Cen	311 524	1 19.65	37.65 35.06	85.55 76.15	1,0\$ 15.1\$	0.6\$ 4.0\$	12,25	22.51 18.51		56.9\$ 57.4\$	13.8%	29.33
Prosser Voc	4 Voc	36	9.65	22.95	54.75	22.05	1.35	21.25	8.35		72.85	13.7% 24.4%	28.8% 2.8%
Orn	5 Gen	569	11.05	48.05	i 3.1\$	69.1\$	0.85	25.5	30.51		21.75	11.6	66.9\$
Kedvyn Burk	5 Cen	347	15.35	44,45	34.05	1,25	1.75	62.85	30.35	88,25	39.25	17.65	43.25
libu Qu. Andersen	6 BYOL		10.0	72,25	8.3	16.75	0.0	73.35	76.7		6.75	35.06	58.35
Clumate Wells	6 Gen 6 Gen	1,067 569	1 11.5%	56.15	12.15	10.85	0.6\$	81.15 61.73	30.6		26.35	14.65	59.0 5
tickeren Oncupation			1 (.05	55.65 100.05	0.05	25.6英 100.0%	0.05	0.03	34.95 100.01		49.0ر 0.0\$	18.5\$ 100.0\$	50.83 0.0\$
Austun	7 Clen	882	5.66	62.1\$	0.15	99.75	0.0		27.49		10.43	9.95	71.8%
Flower Voc	7 Voc	200	1 5.55	42.65	0.05	100.0\$	0,0\$	0.05	1 19.15		36,02	9.0%	53.0%
Neutinghouse Voc	7 Voc	433	3.5	22.15	0.25	99.8	0.0\$	0.0\$	13.05		85.0 \$	2,15	12.9/
Manley Callin	8 Gan	573	4.75	53.25	0.0	99.85	0.0\$	0.25	36.41	80.3%	19.75	7.05	73.35
Kelly Juarez	8 Gen 8 Gen	416 508	10.35	52.65 50.95	1 73.15	0.0% 1.8%	1.0\$	26.0\$ 92.1\$	22.49 46.88		19. 5 25.0\$	23.35 35.06	26.9% 40.0%
Collins	8 Gen	140	9.55	48.15	0.05	99.85	0.05	0.05	33.40		26.1	9.35	64.55
Hurrison +	8 Cean	322	14.95		4.75	37.35	0.35	57.15	36.11		30.75	16,5\$	52.85
Crane	9 Gen	628	5.95	62.6%	0.05	100.0\$	0.0\$	0.05	37.6		40.35	9.25	50.5%
Marala)]	9 Gen	546	4,65	57.3	0.0	99.65	0.0\$	0.0	36.69		22.25	9.5	68.3/
Crugier Voc Chandung	9 Voc 9 Spec	217 3 87	3.75	54.85 27.66	0.95 46.53	99.15 47.75	0.0\$	0.0% 5.8%	40.35 36.01		32.75 26.45	7.4\$ 36.8\$	59.9% 36.8%
Your	9 Cen	. 559	10.25	19.05	27.5	52.25	5.5\$	12.75	7.9		63.1\$	31.1%	5.7%
industrial Skills	10 Voc	10	10.0\$	100.05	0.0\$	70.05	0.0\$	20.05	1 100.01		0.05	60,0\$	40.0%
Fiaregut	10 Gen	569	6.35	55.3	0.95	76.45	J.25	22.5\$	32.4		30,25	9.53	60.3
Phillips	11 Gen	858	5.06	57.46	0.1	99.5	0.0\$	0.35	38.25		23.55	5.9	70.5
Hetro, Chicago Dunbar Voc	17 Gen 11 Voc	48 608	6.35	40.05 28.05	25.0\$ 0.0\$	64.65 99.75	0.05	8.35 0.25	4,25 11.35		91.75 82.95	2.1% 5.9%	6. 35 11.25
Chicaro Voc.	17 Voc	1,031	6.5\$			99.55	0.0\$	0.5	9.57	-	85.3	4.85	9.9%
fuy Critical Ting So			0.0		83.35	16.75	0.05	0.06	100.01		0.0\$	100.0\$	40.0
Sage Purk	12 Gen	503	7.45	48.95	38.95	52.3	0.85	8.05	18.35		40.85	5.85	53.5
hadertis Voc. #	12 Voc	132	7.75		26.45	23.64	0.0\$	46.25			56.08	9.25	35.75
Kermedy Ourse	12 Gen 12 Gen	370 735	6.5%		73.25 57.35	24.65 25.75	0.0\$	2.25 15.46	16.69		69.5 \$	5 25 18.25	21 .45 24 .65
Dulable	13 Gen	632	4.15		0.05	99.85	0.0	0.0\$	36.8		57.15 27.75	7.15	65.25
Trilden	13 Gen	563.	1 8.95		1 10.15	75.75	0.25	13.95	31.79		29.65	8.5\$	67.06
Kun, M.L.	14 Gen	454	5.5	50.25	0.75	99.35	0.0	0.0	34.01		28.0	9.95	62.15
ibde fark	14 Gen	724	5.85		0.03	100.05	0,0\$	0.05	15.5		57.75	6.45	35.95
K en vool Harper	14 Gen 15 Gen	516 457	14.9\$ 8.1\$		17.85	72.95 99.85	2.7%	1.65	9.55 35.25		70.35 21.25	12, 25 7,0 5	17.45 71.85
ippperq uniter	15 Gen	341	11.45		85.3	2.95	1.25	9.75			68.01	17.15	20.85
Lindbroom	15 Tent		10.45	22.0	1 0.25	95.65	3.75	0.35	1 4.9	82.15	81.35	17.0\$	1.6\$
hązn	15 Gen	300	7.75	10.65	95.75	0.05	0.35	3.75	19.35		82.75	9.75	7.75
Rotegren Shoules and	16 Cien.	658	15.7%		0.35	99.5%	0.0\$	0.0	50,2		44.15	7.45	48.5\$
Englawood Calumet	16 Gen 16 Gen	594 752	1 6.25	l 53.5\$ l 53.4\$	1 0.0%	99.05 100.05	0.0\$	0.25 0.05	40.25 37.25		34.85 36.35	10.35 7.85	54.95 55.95
Sireon Voc	16 Voc	484	6.6\$	34.15		100.05	0.03	0.05	20.2		75.8	5.85	18.45
Suta Shore	17 Gen	723	7.5%			99.65	0.0\$	0.15			38.06	10.73	51.35
Hush	17 Gen	359	8.65	45.7%	0.05	100.05	0.05	0.0\$	1 35.49	77.75	37. 35	6.75	56.05
ignian -	18 Gen	573	6.85			99.85	0.0	0.25	17.51		56.55	5.95	37.55
Horgan Park	18 Gen	469	6.65			63.15	0,25	0,6\$	27.69		60,8\$	4.75	34.55
Jans II. Thorp Issen	19 EVOC 19 Gen	; 79 1713	5.1% 7.9%			97.5% 58.7%	0.05	2.55 38.75	61.55 32.57		2 .5\$ 30. \$ \$	2,5% 17,6%	94.95 51.55
(kr)an	19 Cen	696	6.85			99.75	0.05	0.15			38.45	8,5\$	53. 25
Late Cores (Bowen)	19 Spec		1 0.05			100.0\$	0.0\$	0.0\$	100.01		0.0\$	0.06	100.0\$
fath.	20 Clean	558	11.5%	56.35	0.25	99.15	0.05	0.75	29.79	86,25	26.9	10.65	62.45
Carver	20 Gen	616	5.25		0.0	100.03	0.0	0.0%	31.0		45.15	8.45	46.45
Corling Variation	20 Gen 20 Gen	621 369	11.15			99.73 0.35	0.0\$ 0.8\$	0.0\$ 13.8\$	1 15 .35 1 19 .8 5			3.95	40.45 20.35
Washington	to neu	309	: 7.95	23.5%	83.5% 	0.39	U • CVP	12100	 13*03	, 31.00	71.0\$	8.75	20.35
			i	i	i				i <u></u>				
CANTON SCHOOLS		33,142	9.25	42.8	21.45	62,65	1.95	13.5\$	25.5	85.0\$	47.15	11.6\$	41.3

[#] Fighter's Vocational is listed in District 12, where it is located, not in District 11 from which it is administered.



	STUDY OF						DESTRUCTED	73 RANGE	D EX DAY	POUT BAT	B			TA	EL E 19
	ovel Date TIPE Flui			entendo	TRANSFER	DECENUT					i over	COPPLETED	PERCENT W NORSE.	PERCENT Wo B	PERCERIT PLON HORM
RANKI!!	DISTRICT	THE	(\$00)	770250427	L RATE	NATE	WETE	MACK	ASTAN S	Certific .	ACE	0000 SIM	SEDIES	SCORES	800R23
1 111	6	Linety	-	1,696	12.75	55.66	9.05	16.05	0.45	74.35 22.55	33.75 33.66		27.15	16.65	96.35
2	10	imoty		579	6.4	56.15	0.9	76.3	0,25	6.53	37.45		ಕ್ಕಾಗ	10.	59.9
3 4	13 17	incty		1,195 1,082	6.45	5.4	1 1.5	89.55 99.75	0.15	0.15	27.75		25,25 37,85	7.55 9.35	66.0 \$ 52. ¢ \$
	Ä	Imety		2,259	7.94 9.25	1 1975 1 19 4	v.0% 15.1%	50.65		33.75	31.13 35.55		37.00 29.35	18.15	52.66
5 111 6 111	16	Innoty	. 3	2,488	10.03		0.15	99.61	0,25 0.05	.05	33.05		57.75 57.75		46.45
	10	broty				50.95			0,0\$		22,35		40.05	7.95 7.65	
7 !!!	1	innoty		1,516	1 4.95	1 48,05	0.15	99.75		0.15					52. 4
8	9	Imety		2,037	7.5	1 5.55	9.65	84.55	1.5	3.66	29.4		40.35	16.35	43.45
9	5	Limpty	NA.		12.66	46.75	14.55	13.95	1.25	39.35	30.5		29,25	13.75	58.15
10	19	Imoty		180.0	1 7.2	46.3	0.95	79.15	0,1\$	19.55	31,2		32.	12.75	54.55
11 111	20	Inacti	3	2,164	9.05	1 41.95	19.35	82.75	0.15	2.5	24.35		41.96	7.8	44.4
12	•	Prince		2.163	12.65	39.25	67.25	9.35	2.55	19.65	19.65		57.95	14.35	28,25
13 L	11	Inaty			6.05	1 37.5	0.75	96.75	0.05	0.55	19,66		63.95	5 .68	30.5%
14	2	Leannt	. K		l 14.65	37.05	努.季	16,25	13,75	13.13	1 3.3		45.75	22.15	32.25
15	10	Latefink	. 3	1,694	1 8.5\$	35.0\$	5.65	91.65	0,5	0.5	1 18.65	83.15	53,65	9.15	37.35
16	12	Prings	: S M	1,790	1 7.9	1 35.25	52.3	32.75	0.75	13.75	17.05	68.25	55,0\$	11.邸	33.25
17	3	Lakernt	H	1,695	11.5\$	32.75	1 45.95	3.0	7.9	20.35	15.15	85.15	69.25	8.75	22.15
18	15	Pringe	54	1,710	9.95	32.15	33.5	61.66	1.66	2.75	19,01	85,0\$	62,9	11.95	25.28
19 111	1	Prings	1	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	1 11.66		1 71.25	10.95	6.75	10.5%	16.4	92,45	62.95	13.13	24,05
20 111	18	Printe			6.75	30,05	15.9	63.35	0.1\$	0,4	22,0		58.45	5.45	36.25
					1		1				I				

62,65

1.9 13.9 25.5

41.3

11,6\$

33.142

	STUDY OF			IC 50100L2		DESTRUCTS	S OROMOZZ	D BK WE	a or an	Y AID IN	100 B.	DROPOUT RAS	TB	1	ARLE 20
	TOE PRO		-	,,,,									PENCENT	PERCENT	PERCENT
					THUSTER	DELECTOR	1			1	OVER	ONTO	W HORNE,	Wo I	BEAN HORK
EMOC]	DISTRICT	TIFE	Œ	Mister	I MATE	I PATE	LWETE	BLACK	ASTAN H		ACE	C101G 202H	3000	900)\$123	300753
111					l	I	1				1				
1 111	18	Iring	SH	1,042	6.75	30.05	I 15.55	83.3	0.1\$	0.45	22.0	90,75	58,45	5.45	36.25
2	1	Pringe		1,290	1 11,65	32,0\$	1 71.25	10.95	6.75	10.55	16 . ♥	92.45	62,95	13.15	24.05
3 111	15	Prings	SH	1,714	9.55	1 32.15	1 33.55	61.66	1.65	2.75	19.05	85.0 5	62.95	11.95	25.25
4 111	•2	Prings	34	1,790	1 7.95	1 35.25	52.3	32.75	0.75	13.75	17.05		55.04	11.郡	33.25
5 111	4	Pringe	166	2,163	1 12,65	39.25	1 67.25	9.3	2.55	19.每	19.65	91.1\$	57.5	19.35	28.25
1 111	3	Lakefint	. N	1,695	1 11.55	32,75	1 45.95	25.06	7.95	20.35	15.15	85.15	69.25	8,75	22.15
2 111	10	Leight	. 3	1,694	I 8.5\$	36.05	5.66	91,6\$	0.55	0.5	16.65	63.1≴	53.6\$	9.15	37.33
3 111	2	Lakefint	. H	1,702	14.65	37.05	5.3	16.25	13.75	13.1\$	25.3	67.4	45.75	22.15	32.25
1 111	51	inacty	. 3	2,551	6.05	37.85	0.75	98.75	0.05	0.5\$	19.65	87.25	63.95	5.65	30,95
2	20	imety	9	2,164	9.05	1 41.95	1 14.35	82.75	0.1\$	2.55	24.35		47.95	7.邸	44.44
3 111	19	Innoty	3	1,549	1 7,25	16.3	0.95	79.15	0.15	19.55	31.2		32.66	12.75	54.55
4 !!!	5	imety	- IM		12.65	1 46,75	10.55	43.95	1.25	39.35	J 30.5%		28.25	13.75	58.15
5 111	Ģ	Impty	W	29-0-	7.5%	1 47.55	9.65	84.5\$	1.55	3.65	29.4		40.35	16.35	
6 111	7	Lumty	W	1,516	1 4.95	48.05	0.15	99.75	0.05	0.15	22.3		40.05	7.65	52,45
7 111	16	Lumby	9		10.0	50.55	0.15	99,6\$	0.05	.0\$	38.0		45.75	7.95	46.45
0 111	•	Limoty		2,259	9,25	50.85	15.15	50,6\$	0.25	33.75	35.5		29.3	18.15	
9	17	Innety			1 7.95	50.8	0.0	99.75	0.0	0.15	27.75		37.85	9.35	
to III	13	Imety			6.45	55.4	1 4.84	88.55	0.15	6.5	34.4		26,25	7.8	66.03
11 }}	16	Innoty			6.45	56.15	1 0.95	76.3	0.25	22.5	33.64		29.75	10. W	
12	6	imoty	Mi	1,696	12.75	56,66	9.05	16.05	0.4	74.35	33 .75 	85. 1≴	27.15	16.65	56.3
				33,142	9.25	12.85	21.46	62.65	1,55	13.5\$	75.5	85.0\$	47.15	11.65	81.3

DRIP CUT	Sady 💇		FUEL1	C SHOULS			1	DETRICES	Œ		D CECURA	RUCAL	y and races	DH	DROPOUT RAC	8		•	MALE 21
School L	ovel Deta	- Qass	of 19	62															
COL YEAR	TIPS FRAN	E															PENCENT		PORTOR
				BALEKLING	:	THEFT	- 1	DECEOUT	t				- 1	OVE	R COMPLETED	w	HORNAL	w/o	HON HOLF!
RAZECI 1	DISTRICT	TYPE	(3200)	PEHEN	1	IMTE	ı	MATE	11	act to	HLACK	ASTAN	HEISPANEC	80	E ORDO SCH		SD0#85	\$000 f E5	\$00ME25
111					1		ı		Ĺ				- 1						
1 111	1	Pringe	H	1,290	1	11.65	ŧ	32.05	ı	71.25	10,98	6.75		16.			62.9	13.15	24.05
5 111	3	Lacint	N	1,695	ı	11.55	ı	32.75	1	45.95	25.05	7.95	20.34 1	15.	ば あば		69,25	0.73	22.15
3 111	2	Laksint	, H	1,702	ı	14,65	ı	37.05	ı	95. 3 5	16.25	13.75	13,15	25.	5 67.45		45.75	22.15	32.25
9 111	4	Prings	181	2,163	ı	12.65	ı	39.25	ı	67,25	9.3	2,5	19.85	19.	55 91.15		57.58	14.35	26.25
5 111	5	imety		936	Ì	12,65		46.75	ì	19.55	43.91	1.25		30.	55 T9.55		28,25	13.75	58,15
6 111	6	Innoty		1,696	į	12.75		56,66	Ĺ	9.05	16.05	0.45					27.15	16.65	
7 111	14	Lekfint		1,694		8.53	,	36,0\$		c 44	91.66	o.As	0.55	18.	65 83.15		53.65	0.46	37.35
					ł		:		:	5.65		0.05		19.				9.15 5.66	
8 !!!	11	Innety		2,551	:	6.05	١.	37.65	!	0.75	98.75						63.95		
9 111	20	Tuncth		2,164	!	9.0	!	41.95	!	14.35	82.75	0.15		24.			47.95	7.5	
10 : ! !	19	Irmoty		1,549		7.25		46.3	ļ.	0.95	79.15	0.19		31 .			32,65	12.75	
11 111	16	Density		2,488	Ļ	10.05		50.55	Ļ	0.15	99.65	0.0		30.			45.75	7 95	
12	17	limoty	3	1,082	ı	7.9	Ļ	50.65	ı	0.08	99.75	0.05		27.			₹.₩	9.3	
13	13	Immty	3	1,195	ı	6.45	ı	势.够	ı	4,5	68.45	0.15	6.55	34.	क अ.स		ಹ ,ಘ	7.8	66.03
14 [2]	18	Printe	Ser	1,012	ī	6.75	ι	30,0\$	ı	15.95	83.35	0.15	0.45	22.	05 90.79		58.45	5.45	36.25
15 111	15	Prince		1,710	i	9.55		32,15	Ĺ	33.65	61.65	1.61		19.	0\$ 85,0\$		62,95	11.9	
16 11	12	Prings		1,790	ì	7.95		35.3	i	52,35	32.73	0.75		17.			55.05	11,85	
17 111		T		. 078		* 44		- cf		. 44	Sh ce	1 66	3,65	20	45 78.66		ho sel	16.35	to let
	9	Investy		2.037	:	7.9	٠.	47.55	!	9.65	84.5\$	1.55		29.			40.3		
16 111	7	Innety		1,516	!	1.95	!	48.05	!	0.15	99.73	0.0		22.			40.05	7.65	,
19 [[]	8	inety		2,259	į	9.25	!	50,85	į.	15.15	50.65	0.2		35.			.7.35	18.15	
20 111	10	Imoty	•	579	!	6.45	ŀ	56.1\$	ŀ	0.95	76.3	0,2	22.55	33.	fs 19.61		29.75	10.4	59.95
				33,142	i	9.25	i	42.5	ľ	21.4	62,65	1.9	13.58	25.	55 OS	,	47.15	11.6	41.33



When the districts are grouped geographically, some other facts appear. Districts on the northside and the southwest side had the highest Graduation Rates (66% and 67%). Westside districts had the highest Dropout Rates (50%). Students from the North and Northwest districts transferred out of the Chicago Public Schools at half again the rate of other sections of the city (13% vs. about 8%). 61% of all Whites went to school in the North and Southwest side districts; er 25% attended in Northwest districts. More than half (56%) of Blacks attended Southside schools and 23% on the The remaining 20% were spread among North, Westside. Northwest and Southwest district schools. As might be expected, North and Southwest district schools received fewer overage students (under 20%) and more students reading at or above normal levels (59%). West (65%) and Northwest (59%) districts received the most poorly prepared students (those reading below normal or without reading scores). Five districts had fewer than 30% of their entering students with normal or above test scores; the worst was on the Southside (District 13 in the Englewood area, 26%), two were on the Westside (Districts 8 - 29%, and 10 - 30%), and two were on the Northwest side with heavy concentrations of Hispanics (Districts 6 - 27%, and 5 - 28%).

H. SPECIAL SCHOOLS

There were 256 freshmen who entered high school in specialized schools. Half of these were in minth grade in two Educational and Vocational Guidance Centers (Thorp and Andersen) before entering full high schools after minth grade. These schools are for students who need special help. Their students were predominantly overage (62% and 77%) and below normal or missing reading scores (98% and 93%). Thorp was 98% Black; Andersen was 73% Hispanic and 17% Black. However, 42% of Thorp's students eventually graduated, while only 28% of Andersen's did.

Spaulding is a school for multiply handicapped students or student: who are hospitalized or homebound and taught by tutors. 32% of Spaulding's original freshmen transferred into regular high schools before completing their high school career. Spaulding graduated 72% of its students.

Five other special schools had a few entering students: Industrial Skills Center, Ray Graham Training School, Wilson Occupational (a branch of Prosser), Las Casas (a branch of Bowen), and McLaren Occupational. These schools primarily handle special education students and receive most of their students as transfers from regular high schools.



DHIP OUT STUDY OF OUTCASS PUBLIC SCHOOLS outcomes for extering students - special schools

33,142

TABLE 22 School Level Onto - Class of 1982 SIDE YEAR TIME FRAME PLEACENT PERCENT PERCENT I OVER COLUMNIA WO DALOW NOW.
I AGE OFFICE SQUI SCORES SCORES SCORES ENTERIO TRACTER DECEOUT DIST TYPE FRESHEN ! RATE ! RATE | WALTE BLACK ASTAULBUSPANIC | AGE OFFICE SQL SCHOOL HAVE Spaulding 9 Spec 29.9% | 27.65 | 46.55 47.75 0.0% 5.85 1 36.05 67.8 26.43 36.8° 36.83 19 DVCC dated 11. Thorp 5.15 2.55 | 61.55 79 1 58.15 ! 0.05 97.55 0.0 3.85 2.55 94.9% 2.54 21.7 6 FVOC 72.25 | 8.35 73.35 | 76.75 6.7% ibn Chn Andersen 60 1 10.0% 16.73 0.0% 35.04 58.3 10 10.05 100.05 0.05 70.0% 20.0, 1 100.0% 100.05 Allie lainteubal 10 Voc 0.0\$ 0.05 60.0% 40.0% 0.0% | 100.0% 0.05 1 25.0% | 83.3% 16.73 6 0.05 100.0\$ 0.0% 100.0% Ray Graham Tring Sch. 11 Spec 0.0% Unition Occ. (Prosser 4 Speci -1 50.05 100.0% | 50.0% 0.05 0.0 0.05 1 100.05 100.0% 0.0% 0.05 100.0% 0.0% 100.0% Las Casas (Bruen) 19 Spen 1 0.05 0.01 0.05 | 100.05 100.0 0.05 0.05 0.0 100.0 100.0% 0.05 100.03 0.05 | 100.05 Holaren Occupational 7 Spec 1 0.05 100.03 40.0 0.0\$ 100.0\$ 0.0% 0.0% 30.2% 71.8% 65.35 6.95 61.05 SPICIAL DOHOULS TOTALS 159 7.55 22.66 3.8% 73.6% 22.6%

1.9% 13.5% 25.5%

85.0%

47.15 11.65

41.35

9.25 | 42.85 | 21.45 62.65

SISTERVIDE TOTALS

IV. THREE YEAR COMPARISONS The Classes of 1982, 1983, and 1981

In order to analyze three consecutive years of student outcomes, it is necessary to find ways to compare similar data. At the end of the year in which a student's class graduates, about 10% of the class is still enrolled in a Chicago Public School. During the next two years, all but about one half of one percent complete their high school career, by transferring, graduating, or dropping out. Thus, for accurate results, the best point from which to analyze the outcomes of an entering freshman class is in the fall, two years after the normal graduation date (six years after entry). September 30th was chosen as the best cut-off date, from the data available for this study.

However, in order to compare the three most recent years, it is impossible to employ this method: a six-year analytic time frame for the Class of 1984 will not be possible until September 30, 1986. Therefore, it was recessary to find some approximation which will accurately predict the final data. After careful examination of alternatives, it was determined that by using the September 30th following a class's normal graduation as a cut-off date, and excluding from consideration those students who were still active, Graduation and Dropout Rates citywide were very close to the final rates after six The Dropout Rate for the Class of 1982 varied by only one-half of one percent, between the approximate data (which will be henceforth referred to as "trend data") and the results determined after six years. Therefore, systemwide trend data, while not final, can be expected to be quite accurate.

However, when trends are examined at the local school level, the same degree of precision cannot be assumed. At schools with high Graduation Rates, the number of remaining actively enrolled students is likely to be significantly lower than at schools with much lower Graduation Rates. Thus, it is to be expected that the number of still active students will not be distributed evenly among all schools. This phenomenon introduces a degree of uncertainty in doing trend analysis for the most recent years. Additionally, school-level delays in reporting data may slightly increase the margin of error for the most recent year. Of course, long term trend analysis, using a six year time frame, would not suffer from these complications. However, the trend analysis included in this section is for the three most recent years, and should, therefore, be treated cautiously.



A. THREE YEAR COMPARISONS - SYSTEMWIDE

Comparisons of the Classes of 1982, 1983, and 1984 reveal that the number of students who entered high school declined significantly between 1983 and 1984. Since enrollment has been declining for the system as a whole for more than 15 years, this decline, at first, does not appear unusual. However, closer scrutiny disclosed that the enrollment decline was not spread generally across all groups. In fact, the decline is almost entirely restricted to entering 14 year olds:

	Ente	3	
AGE	<u>1982</u>	1983	<u> 1984</u>
13-	928	907	938
14	21,056	20,638	17,899
15	6,759	6,772	6,541
16+	925	1,000	1,024

It appears this change in the enrollment pattern reflects the implementation of a newly enforced promotion policy which first affected students entering high school in the Fall of 1980, those who would become the Class of 1984. This policy was designed to retain in elementary schools those students whose reading scores were the furtherest below grade level. When reading scores were examined, the enrollment decline was again disproportionately linked to decreases in entrants reading below normal reading levels:

READING	<u>1982</u>	<u>1984</u>	CHANGE	PERCENT
Normal +	14,499	13,358	-1,141	- 7.9%
Below Norm	11,998	8,359	-3,639	-30.3%
w/o scores	3,828	3,489	- 399	- 8.9%

This policy seems to have reduced the number of normal aged entrants and worked to raise the percentage of students reading at or above normal levels for the Class of 1984. However, it must be anticipated that this policy would raise the number of overage students entering the Class of 1985. This policy appears to have had greater effect on males than on females, though significantly affecting both sexes:

GENDER	<u>1982</u>	<u>1983</u>	1984
Males(14)	9,767	9,620	8,035
Females(14)	11,289	11,018	9,864

The number of entering males dropped by 1,585 (down 16%) between 1983 and 1984, while the number of females dropped by



only 1,154 (down 10%). The effect of this policy was to increase the percentage of overage students, both male and female, but not the actual numbers, in the Class of 1984.

PERCENT OVERAGE

GENDER	<u>1982</u>	<u>1983</u>	1984		
Male Female	4,572 (31%) 3,112 (21%)	4,562 (31%) 3,210 (22%)	4,359 (34%) 3,211 (24%)		
Total	7,684 (26%)	7,782 (27%)	7,570 (29%)		

As the students retained in 1980 moved on into high school in 1981, as part of the Class of 1985, that class would experience an increase in overage students, both percentagewise and in actual numbers. A corresponding increase in the Dropout Rate can be expected for the Class of 1985!

There were few changes in the racial composition of the Class of 1984 when compared with the Class of 1982. Blacks declined slightly and Hispanics increased slightly:

RACE	1982	<u> 1983</u>	<u>1984</u>
Black	62%	60%	60\$
White	228	23%	22%
Hispanic	13*	15%	15%
Asian	2*	3%	3\$
Amer. Indian	0.1%	0.2%	0.2%

However, the decrease in 14 year old entrants did 1 t affect the races in the same way. White 14 year olds entering school in September 1980 were 17% less than in the preceding year; Blacks were 11% less; and Hispanics were 10% less. These figures probably reflect the effect of the promotion policy, at least in part. The higher decrease for White youth, however, may also reflect White flight from the threat of desegregation. In September 1980 the Chicago Board of Education entered into a well publicized, court approved, Consent Decree in which it agreed to end the existence of predominantly White schools. Because the Board would not make available data on reading scores by race, it is impossible to distinguish between the effects of the promotion policy and of threatened desegregation for these White students.

RACE	1982	<u> 1983</u>	1984	CHANGE		
Black	12,783	12,228	10,834	-11 \$		
White	5,384	5,300	4,384	-17 \$		
Hispanic	2,410	2,502	2,260	-10 \$		



CHANGES IN THE DROPOUT RATE

The Dropout Rate for the Class of 1984 showed a drop of 3% from that of 1982, primarily as a result of these changes in enrollment occasioned by the implementation of the promotion policy. However, it should be expected that the Dropout Rate for the Class of 1985 would be even higher than that for 1982 with increased numbers of overage students.

	<u> 1982</u>	<u> 1983</u>	<u> 1984</u>
Dropout Rate	42.4**	41.6%	39.5%

The Dropout Rate decreased more for males that it did for females, reflecting the higher retention of males as a result of the promotion policy:

GENDER	<u> 1982</u>	<u> 1983</u>	<u> 1984</u>
Males	49.5%	47.98	45.78
Females	3∍.6%	35.5%	33.8%

The Dropout Rate declined more for Blacks and Hispanics than for Whites, a fact which seems to indicate that the promotion policy had greater impact on those races than on Whites. This fact also gives support to the potential impact of the desegregation consent decree on the White entrants of the Class of 1984. slf more leaving White 14 year olds were reading at or above normal levels, a smaller reduction in the Dropout Rate would be expected.

RACE	<u> 1982</u>	<u> 1983</u>	<u> 1984</u>
Black	45%	448	428
White	33%	34%	338
Hispanic	478	46	43%

The decrease in the Dropout Rate between 1982 and 1984 was greater for Black and Hispanic males than for White males or females of any of these racial/ethnic groups, except Hispanic females whose rate was erratic.

Black	Male	54 %	52 %	50 %
	Female	38 %	3 7 %	36 %
White	Male	37 %	38%	36 %
	Female	29 %	29%	29 %
Hispanic	Male	54 %	50 %	48 %
	Female	39 %	42 %	37 %

The Dropout Rate for 14 year olds dropped 2% between 1983 and 1984 (from 34% to 32%), but had already dropped 3% in 1983, though the decrease in that year had been offset by increases in the other age groups. The departure of White 14 year olds reading at normal levels may have minimized the decrease in the Dropout Rate for this age group systemwide.

*This "trend" number varies by 0.4% from the six year rate (42.8%).



(3)
FRIC
Full Text Provided by ERIC

THEUS 23	PERCENT CHANCE PARTY	图 格朗克格尔格拉格拉拉拉拉拉拉拉拉拉拉拉拉拉拉拉拉拉拉克 医克克克克克克克克克克克克克克克克	\$\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\	o	6. 8. 8. 8. 8. 8. 8. 8. 8. 8. 8. 8. 8. 8.
.	1984vaß2 CHANTE	(198) (198)	£ £3 8 8888888888888	_{ဃဃ} ភដ႘ဗၺሄ <mark>农</mark> ヒ表志ಡឧ೪೪盐 <mark>೪</mark> ೪೩₹	(3,176) (3,781) (946) 1,180
DIT CHANGES	1981 17101 1980	我们就就是这里是这种的一种的。 我们就是我们是是这种的一种的。	¥8828888888888888888888888888888888888	£382258835835823883585	26.86.00 200.88.00 200.00
OCT INE	1983 1974 1989	286238882383882888388 286238882383883888 286238882383888	~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~	84888888888888888888888888888888888888	28,031 8,215 9,859 9,804
	SPETAL PATE	######################################	**************************************	经由证据的对象的证据的证明的的证明的证明的证明的证明的证明的证明的证明的证明的证明的证明的证明的证明	666,00 0,679 9,848 8,924
20100.5		H H H H H H H H H H H H H H H H H H H	0 m 1 m 2 m 2 m 4 m 0 8	13 0en 14 0 0en 15 0en	
OF STUDY OF OPTICION FUBLIC LOVEL Data	ACCUMENT.	UNLT # SOUL MAPE 1050 Mear No. Career Nat 1250 Austin 1250 Calumet 1340 Cage Park 1350 Parian 1510 Mullipa 1550 Cauch Shore 1350 Pairwagat 1650 Melis 1350 Poteson 1590 Tilden 1690 Melisy 1240 Baren 1160 Meringrouse Noo 1150 Latervier 1270 Creme 1870 Creme 1870 Creme 1870 Creme 1870 Creme 1870 Creme 1870 Creme 1870 Creme 1870 Creme 1870 Creme 1870 Creme	1480 lather 1760 Cing, M.L. 1000 Cregier Voc 1390 lyde Park 1070 Prosser Voc 1530 Schurz 1580 Tart. 1580 Tart. 1690 Committee 1400 Kally 1570 Sullivan 1310 Freger 1030 Durhar Voc 1210 American 1330 Foresen 1690 Linchlorn 1490 brigan Park 1690 identicipan	1280 Daseble 1470 febretall 1380 Hresh 1520 Rosewalt 1910 Chicago Voc. 1710 Keracod 1560 Steirmetz 1870 Carie 1370 Herrison - 1540 Sam 1870 Aulian 1870 Aulian 1870 Aulian 1870 Callins 1770 Remedy 1270 Began 1870 Callins 1780 Callins 1790 Element Voc 1790 Flower Voc 1790	SYCTEMENTON, TOTALS TOP THERE TOTALS HOW THERE TOTALS LOW THERE TOTALS
Diens of Control	X		かいのは、これには、これには、これには、これには、これには、これには、これには、これに	282823882882888	

B. SCHOOL LEVEL COMPARISONS

Changes in Enrollment

Systemwide, enrollment in the entering freshman class declined by 3,176 students between the Classes of 1982 and 1984. While two-thirds of all schools experienced decreases in their entering classes, a third experienced increases. Apparently missing data distorts the picture for three schools, Near North Career Magnet, Gage Park, and Austin. Five other schools lost more than a third, when compared with their 1982 class: Calumet (49%), Harlan (37%), Von Steuben (36%), Phillips (34%), and South Shore (34%). The size of the entering class at 22 schools declined by more than 20%, and another ten lost more than 10%. But 12 schools gained more than 10%, led by Lincoln Park (60%, with the addition of a new Baccalaureate program designed to appeal to Near North White students), Metro (40%), Kelvyn Park (31%, following an influx of Hispanics in that part of the city), and Lane (29%). Except for Lane, the ten schools with the largest percent enrollment increases all had smaller than average class size.

Changes in the Dropout Rate

Systemwide, the Dropout Rate declined by almost three percentage points between 1982 and 1984, using these early measures, with comparable data. However, this change did not occur uniformly across all schools. Thirty-four schools reduced their Dropout Rates, but at 29 schools, the rate went Three schools reduced their Dropout Rate by more than ten percentage points (Fenger, down 16.3%; Englewood, 11.7%; Harlan, 10.4%). 11 other schools reduced the Dropout Rate by at least 5%. Of these 14 schools, all but Roosevelt, Metro, and Lincoln Park (which by 1984 had added a specialized program attractive to White students) were virtually all-minority schools. Among these all-minority schools, only Lindbloom and Julian had received high proportions of well-prepared students in 1982. Nine of these 14 schools had 1982 Dropout Rates above 50%. Fenger, Englewood, and Marshall all moved down on the ranking of schools with the worst Dropout Rates, with Fenger improving its ranking by 26 Fenger and Englewood each moved into the mid-range of schools in 1984. Thus, the largest school-level reductions in the Dropout Rate happened, for the most part, at schools which had the most severe problems.

But at a number of schools, the Dropout Rate rose. The Dropout Rate at ten schools rose by more than 5%, with Cregier Vocational experiencing the largest increase (12%). Among these ten schools, Bogan (89%) and Sullivan (44%) had had significant concentrations of Whites in the 1982 entering class. Only three of these schools, Cregier Vocational, Manley, and Farragut, had been in the worst third of schools in 1982. Hirsh and Orr dropped into the third of all schools with the worst Dropout Rates, losing 20 and 11 places,



	OUT STUDY OF CHECKED FUELD	SOHOOLS	c	Hances II	THE PROPOU	RATE -	- Rauk Order:	Change	1982 to 1984		TABLE 24
	i Lovoj Dato Pakan (Chranevore)		1000	1000	1983	1983	4000	100h	100%03	1 984va 83	1984va82
Hags:	TEAN CLERACULARES		1982 DROP	1982 DROP	1905	DROP	1984 Drop	1984 DROP	1984ve62 Chance	CHANCE 1304AS02	1904VBK2 RANK
HANK	URIT # SCHOOL NAME	dist type	RATE	RANK	MIE	RANK	RATE	RANK	DROPOUTS	DROPOUTS	CHANCE
t	i 1310 Femger	20 Gen	58.5\$	8	49.85	26	42.15	34	-16.35	-7.6%	(26)
2	1680 Englewood	16 Ge n	57.85	10	53,73	19	46.1%	28	-11.75	-7.65	(18)
3	1350 Harlan 1270 Orane	19 Gen 9 Gen	45.04	34 1	40.1≸ 65.6≸	38	34.65	42 8	-10.45	-5.5\$	(8) (7)
	1 1950 Lindbloom	9 (Jan 15 Teah	67.05 21.85	55	18.35	3 60	58 .3 5 14 .05	62	-8.7% -7.8\$	-7.35 -4.35	(7)
6	1520 Roosevelt	1 Gen	50.95	22	46.75	29	43.15	31	-7.75	-3.5%	(9)
7	1220 Austin	7 Gen	62,65	2	54.5%	18	55.5\$	11	-7.1%	0.95	(9)
8 9	1620 Lincoln Park	3 Cen. 9 Cen	49.65 60.35	26 4	44,95 51.25	32 24	₹2.7 5 53.55	32 15	-6.85 -6.75	-2. 25 2. 45	(6) (11)
10	1760 King, M.L.	14 Cen	52.1%	21	55. 25	17	23.75 45.75	29	-6.35	-9.5%	(8)
11	1870 Julian	18 Gen	30,7%	47	34.1\$	43	3.2	53	-5.5%	-8.95	(6)
12	1 1890 Juanez	8 Clen	53.08	19	41.35	36	47.5%	25	-5.55	6,25	(6)
13 14	1800 Metro, Chicago 1590 Tilden	11 (Gars 13 (Gars	五.译 54.英	40 16	34.1\$ 55.6\$	42 16	29.85 49.05	46 24	-5.35 -5.35	-4.15 -6.35	(6) (8)
15	1360 Harper	15 Gen	54.73	14	59.25	9	49.85	21	-4.95	-9.45	(7)
16	1560 Steirmetz	4 Cen	34.25	42	33.4%	45	29.45	47	4.85	برن. با ن .	(5)
• • •	1840 Clemente	6 Gen	55.8	12	60.05	6	51.23	20	-4.65	-8.8	(8)
18 19	1240 Bowen 1810 Young	19 Cen 9 Gen	48.45 17.85	30 60	41.35 18.55	37 59	44.35 13.65	30 63	4.15 4.05	3.0% -4.7%	0 (3)
20	1030 Durber Voc	11 100	27.05	50	26,9\$	51	23,1\$	54 54	-3.9\$	-3.75	(3) (4)
21	1210 Jeurdaen	2 Gen	45.53	32	50.6\$	25	42,25	33	-3.24	-8.47	άĬ
22	1910 Senn	2 Gen	43.65	37	88.9\$	1	40.5%	38	-3.25	_18.4 %	(1)
23	1040 Flower Voc	7 Voc	43.95	36	44.0\$	33	40.8%	37	-3.15	-3.25	(1)
24	1530 Sohuz	4 Gen	49.75	క్ర	45.25	31	46.6%	26	-3.15	1.4	(1)
25 36	1060 Corliss 1 1320 Robeson	20 0en 16 Gen	31.5\$ 59.4\$	46 6	32.0 \$ 60.1 \$	48 4	28.45 56.75	50 9	-3.15 -2.75	-3.65 -3.45	(4) (3)
27	1580 Tart	1 Cen	17.25	61	17.95	61	14.73	60	-2.55	-3.25	1
28	1150 Stimoun Von	16 Voo	33.3	##	32.35	47	31.05	45	-2.2 5	-1.35	(1)
29	13/10 Gage Park	12 Ozn	48.6%	27	43,35	34	46.5%	27	-2.25	3.25	0
30 31	1250 Calumet 1 1390 Hyde Park	16 Gan 14 Gen	54.25 36.95	17 39	55.61 35.41	14 41	52.6% 36.0%	17 41	-1.6% -0.9%	-3.1\$ 0.6\$	0 (2)
32	1850 Carver	20 Gon	50.05	24 .	55.68	15	49.25	23	-0.8	-6.35	1
13	1480 listher	2 Gen	20.05	58	22.25	56	19.25	58	-0.8\$	-5.4%	0
34	1010 Chicago Voo.	11 Voo	26.8	51 51	23,65	54 50	26.13	51	-0.75	2.5	0
35 36	1 1630 (ashington 1 1440 (ane	20 Gen 3 Tech	22,65	54 62	21.0% 16.9%	58 62	22.8% 14.3%	55 61	0.2\$ 0.8\$	1.9\$ -2.6\$	(1)
37	1070 Prosser Voc	4 Voc	21.45	56	25.6%	52	22.4%	56	0.95	-3.2	ċ
345	1330 Foremen	4 Gen	35.15	41	39.45	39	36,35	40	1.25	-3.1%	1
30		12 Gon	29.73	48	23,6%	55	31.23	**	1.45	7.68	4
40 41	1670 Hubbard 1710 Kenstood	15 Gen 14 Gen	40.好	38 59	32,8% 24 .0%	46 53	42.1% 21.3%	36 57	1.75	9.35 -2.75	2 2
42	1430 Lakevies	3 Gen	52.25	20	59.45	7	54.65	14	2,45	-4.8%	Ğ
h s	1050 Court Chause	17 0-	en of	10	lin ad	27	#£ =#	10	- mt		٥
43 44	1950 South Shore 1820 Curie	17 Gen 12 Gen	54.0\$ 26.5\$	18 52	49.7% 27.3%	27 50	56.5% 29.2 5	10 48	2 .5\$ 2 . 7\$	6.85 1.95	8 4
45	1280 DuSable	13 Gen	59.78	5	67.65	2	62,5%	3	2,95	-5.0\$	2
116	1610 Von Steuben	1 Gen	29.15	49	33,7\$	耕村	32.15	43	3,0\$	-1 .6%	6
47	1490 Hongan Park	18 Gen	25.15	53	28.35	49	28.5%	49	3,4%	0.35	4
48 49	1510 Phillips 1400 Kelly	11 Gen 8 Gen	58.1 \$ 48.6 \$	9 28	60,1≸ 45,8≸	5 30	61.6 \$ 52.2 \$	5 18	3.5% 3.6%	1 . 5% 6 .ዛሄ	4 10
50	1050 Near No. Career M		62.5\$	3	59.45	8	66.7%	2	4,25	7.35	1
5 1	1880 Collins	8 Com	48.5%	29	52.4%	22	53,1\$	16	4.5\$	0.65	13
52 63	3/0 Harrison +	8 Quan.	46.93	31	53.45 56.75	20	51.5 5	19	4.75	-1 . 93	12
53 54	1640 Wells 1830 Orr	6 Gen 5 Gen	55.55 50.25	13 23	56.4%	12 13	60.35 55.45	6 12	4.7 % 5.2 %	3.6\$ -0.9\$	7 11
55	1410 Kelvyn Park	5 Gen	44.05	35	53.34	21	49.3	22	5.25	4.15	13
56	1 1160 Westinghouse Voe	7 Voc	20.45	51	21.45	57	25.7%	52	5.3\$	4.25	5
5 7 58	1110 Richards Voc 1 1300 Farrount	11 Voc	32,95	45	42.4 \$	35	38,5%	39	5.6\$	-3.95	6 8
	1 1300 Farrugut 1 1460 Hanley	10 Oen. 8 Com	54.63 56.63	15 11	58 .8 \$ 51 .9 \$	10 23	60.35 62.35	7 4	5.6\$ 5.7\$	1.5% 10.4%	7
	1570 Dullivan	2 Chen	34,25	43	38,23	40	42.15	35	7.95	3.95	8
	1.230 Nogan	15 Gan	10.05	63	10.63	63	18.35	59	8.35	7.7%	4
62 63	1 1380 litrah 1 1020 Crepter Voc	17 Gen 9 Voo	45.35 59.35	33 7	47.35 57.55	28 11	55.1\$ 71.4\$	13 1	9.8 5 12.1 5	7.85 13.95	20 6
V)	I land craftes, loc	y 100	29+3#	'	⊅(<u>+</u> 3#	"	11,448	'	12+12	13,99	u
	CYCTEFMIDE TOTALS		42,4\$		41.1%		39,2\$		-3,25	-2.0\$	
	TOP THEIR TOTALS 1300 THEIR TOTALS 2 SANTOT CHEIR WAL		切.明 35.65 叫.75		44,5% 34,0% 46.3%		38,85 32,85 46,05		-8.55 -2.85 3.35	-5.65 -1.25 1.85	
							7	7			

ERIC Full Task Provided by EBIC

	it stildy of i Lovel Date	CHICAGO FABILIC SCH		T 1984 DROPO	able 25 Ut mate
			ENTER	CLASS OF	DROP
		-	TOTAL	1984	RATE
RANK	HOE † TURU	DCL, NAME	1984	DRCPOUT	1984
1		gier Voc	150	95	71.45
2		r No. Career Hagn	3	2	66.75
3 4			564 341	334 200	62,5\$ 62,3\$
	1510 Ph1		470	279	61.65
6	1640 Wel		344	173	60.3\$
	1300 Par		321 376	182	60,3\$ 58,3\$
	1270 Crea 1320 Rob		405 210	193 199	56.7 \$
		th Shore	442	230	56.5%
	1220 Aus		139	71	55.53
	1830 Orr 1380 Hir		420 323	204 161	55.15 55.15
	1430 Lak		308	147	54.65
15	1470 Har	ehall	462	219	53.5\$
	1880 001		461	226	53.15
	1250 Cal. 1400 Kal		338 325	162 157	52,65 52, 25
	1370 Har		309	134	51.5%
	1640 Cla		830	356	51.25
21	1360 Haz	ber	310	140	49.85
22	1/10 Ke)	vyn Park	410	167	49.35
23	1850 Car	Ver	438	193	49,25
	1590 T11		327	129	49.05
	1890 Jus 1530 Seb		336 736	143 298	47.5% 46.6%
	1340 Cag		240	105	46.5\$
	1680 Png	land	337	147	46.15
	1750 Kin 1240 Box		351 501	150 193	将.7% 44.3≸
	1 1240 Box 1 1520 Roo	• • •	407	151	43.15
	1620 Lin	ooln Park	415	156	42.75
	1210 Am		349	125	12.2
	1310 Fer 1570 Su	•	463 270	166 96	42.1\$ 42.1\$
	1670 HA		312	117	42.15
37	1040 Flo	wer Voo	207	80	40.85
	1540 Ser		620 205	212 72	40.55
	1110 Ric 1 1330 Pot	mards Voc	280	95 95	38.5% 36.3%
	1390 Hyd		563	186	36.0%
42	1 350 Hau	rlan	405	127	34,65
43	1 1610 Var	n Steuben	205	60	32,15
	1420 Ker	medy	374	115	31,25
_	1150 Sin		552	163	31.0%
	1 1800 Met 1 1560 Sta	cro, Chicago	56 520	14 137	29.85 29.45
	1820 Oz		719	193	29,25
49	1490 Hoi	rgan Park	422	107	28.53
50	1 1860 Cos		466	123	28,4%
-		loago Voc. stinghouse Voc	977 309	234 74	25.15 25.75
	1870 Jul		598	138	25,25
54		ther Voc	523	108	23,15
		shington	341	69 6 6	22,85 22 M
	1 1070 Pro 1 1710 Ken	osser Voc nanci	323 525	99	22. 45 21 .35
58	1 1480 MM		290	51	19,25
59	1 1230 Box	gen.	335	59	18.35
	1 1580 Tai 1 1440 Las		429 1,065	59 137	14.7 5 14 .35
	1450 Lu		568	68	14.05
	1810 You		471	59	13.85
	SC	STEMUDE TOTALS	26,492	9,399	39.6\$



respectively, on the ranking of all schools. Bogan (up 8%) and Westinghouse (up 5%), had the largest increases in their Dropout Rates among the schools with the lowest rates. These changes left Young, Lindbloom, and Lane as the three schools with the lowest Dropout Rates—the system's most elite magnet school, and its two elite technical schools.

Changes in the Transfer Rate

Systemwide, there was virtually no change in the Transfer Rate. Only seven schools experienced a significant change in the number of students transfering out of the Chicago Public Schools. At five schools, the Transfer Rate went up by more than 5%: Tilden (9%), Metro (9%), Cregier Voc (7%), Marshall (6%), and Crane (5%). This made the rate at all these schools above 11%, With Tilden at 20% and Metro at 16%. With changes at other schools, that gave Tilden the highest rate in the city and Metro in sixth position. The Transfer Rate declined more than 5% at two schools: Von Steuben (9%) and Sullivan (8%), but this still left Sullivan eighth highest on the list.

Changes in Entering Reading Scores

The percentage of continuing students who entered high school reading at or above normal rates increased between 1982 and 1984 by 5% systemwide. Correspondingly, the Dropout Rate decreased by 3%. When the Dropout Rate for each Stanine (reporting category of reading scores) was compared, there were only minimal, and mostly offsetting, changes between 1982 and 1984. When the high schools were ranked by change in the Dropout Rate, the third of all schools with the largest reductions showed, in the aggregate, the largest increases in the percentage of entering students with normal or above reading scores (up 8%). This is primarily a one-time result of the implementation of the new promotion policy which decreased the number of Below Normal readers, not as a result of increases in the numbers of normal or above readers. next third had a 6% increase in the proportion of students with normal rates. The third of all schools which showed increases in their Dropout Rates showed a miniscule increase in the proportion reading at normal rates (up 1%), but ten of these 21 schools showed decreases in the percent reading at normal or higher rates. It may be that the promotion policy was not implemented fully at the elementary feeders for these schools. Thus, in the aggregate, it appears that when entering reading scores rise, high school Dropout Rates fall.

However, when the individual schools are examined, the record is not quite so straightforward. Among the schools with the largest decreases in their Dropout Rates, three had gains of more than 10% in the proportion reading at normal levels: Lincoln Park (26%, largely as a result of the initiation of a new program attracting middle-class White students), Englewood (19%), and Fenger (12%). Three schools received a lower proportion reading normally: Metro (down 15%, but still at 78% in 1984), Flower Vocational (-4%), and Roosevelt (-3%). The entering class at Metro is so small,



	UT STUDY OF CHECKED PUBL	IC SCHOOLS	CHANCES IN	DEFOUT	rate for real	ODG CATHORIES -	Penked	by Changes in	n Dropout Rate	•	TABLE 26
	Lovel Data 3 - COLPARDIO 1982 and 1	CH! MOR	1982	1984	CHANCE	1982	1984	CHANGE	l 1982	1984	CWICE
rak I		OVENALL. D/O RATE		HORNAL	HOHME. D/O RATE	BELOW NORM BELOW	NORM RATE		M'o inoranio D/O RATE D/O	#1001B	W'o score D/O RATE
. !	1310 Ferger	_47 Af	l most	20.45	0.00	l shoot	100 AP	-16 . 0\$		72 cđ	0.25
1	1890 Juanez	-17.0% -12.0%	39.5\$ 39.1\$	30,15 33,75	-9.5 1 -5. 1 5	64,95 61,75	48.95 50.05	-11.75		72.郊 52.郊	1.95
3 1	1350 Harlan	-10.65		20,25	-12,4%	53.9%	51.0\$	-2.95	50.95	49.0%	-1.95
4 [1270 Crane	-9.65	54,95	48.35	-6,64		65.45	-11.35	61.58	70.75	9.25
5 I	1220 Austin ®	-9.0¢		50.0	1.65		52,0\$	-11.55		82,23	3.45
7	1660 Englemend 1800 Hetro, Chicago	-7.85 -7.55		36,25 30.35	-7.5\$ -5.0\$		58.53 22,23	1.15 -27.85		73.85 0.05	7.85 0.05
8	1470 Harshall	-7.25		33.35	-8.1\$		58,95	-6.5%		69.05	-1 .8\$
9	1520 Roosevelt	-7.15	47.85	44.45	-3,45	57.45	43.85	-13.65	50,0\$	49.15	-0.9\$
10	1620 Lincoln Park	-6. W		32,95	-13,65		65.15	12,5		46.23	0.01
11 12	1760 King,M.L. 1450 Lindbloom	-6.35 -5.65		35.15 14.35	-8.35 -5.55	56.05 44.45	50.75 33.35	-5.35 -11.15		52,95 28,95	1.75 0.65
13	1240 Bosen	-5,25		26.75	-9.85	54.55	58.85	4,25	49,25	53.35	4.15
14 (1840 Cleannte	-5.25	47.5%	38,6%	-8.95		56.5\$	-1.45		64.65	2,6\$
15	1000 Flower Voo	-5.15		31.75	4,95	48.85	42,5%	-6.35	47.15	46.23	-0.95
16 (17 (1030 Durbor Voo 1210 Amerikaan	-5.04 -1.94		19.95 33.65	-7.75 2.05	17.35	50.05 43.45	32.75 -12.85	32,35	37.05 56.95	4.85 2.05
18	1530 Sahara	4.65		37.05	-4.0\$	56.25 63.25	60,25	-3.05	54.95 46.95	47.15	0,25
19	1870 Julian	-1.55		20.75	-0.7%	45,78	36,48	-9.4%		37.53	3.05
20 [1590 Tilden	4.55		46,63	-1.15		51.18	-5.15		60,64	2.75
21 (22 (l 1560 Steirmetz l 1390 ilyde Park	-3.35 ∶ -3.35 ∶		23,95 26,75	-1,25 2,75		39.85 54.55	-6.9 5 -8.0 5		50,95 25.05	-0.75 -2.95
73	1860 Corliss	-3.05		20.75	1.05	49.75	39.25	-10.53		65.0F	-7.25
24	1360 Hurper	-2 1		44.95	4.95		52.8	-1.64	73.15	78.95	5.95
25 [1850 Carver	-2,45		35.25	0.5\$		59,9	-3,45		63.4%	2,15
26 27	1340 Gage Park [©] 1150 Simon Voo	-2.35 -2.15	1 42.6% 1 33.0%	37.75 28.85	-1.85 -1.25	52,5\$ 31,1\$	57.05 43.35	4.45 : 12.35	1 60.9% 1 40.75	60.05 42.35	-0.9\$ 1.6\$
28	1580 Tage	-2.15		10.9%	-2.8 5		28,65	-1,8\$		31.05	-3.1\$
29	1810 Young	-1.95	14,95	13.75	-1,2\$		40.05			22,15	-1.8%
30	1070 Proceer Voc	-1.5%		20.15	-1.15	50.0%	42,95	-7.15	22.15	18.8	-3.35
31 1 32 1	1480 tether 1540 Senn =	-1.45 -1.05	16.05	15.2 \$ 28.0 \$	-0,9\$ 0.5\$		21 .45 48,25	-5.13	39.05	35.9	-3.15 2.75
33	1 1320 Robeson	-0.8\$		47.64	0,95		73.95	1.4% 6.5%	51.6% 82.1%	54.33 B2.96	0.85
34 i	1250 Calumet	-0.5\$		35.95	-6.13	59.5\$	62,7\$	3.25		73.25	0.45
35	1010 Chicago Voc.	-0,35		24.55	-0.4\$		48,25		l 38,1\$	37.15	-1.05
36	1400 Kelly ⁶	-0.1\$		44,65	-3.5%	1 58 .85 1 Estr	67.25	8,4\$ 278	55.35	52.15	-3.25
37 38	1440 Lane 1610 Von Steuben	0.45 0.85		13.5% 20.4%	0,35 -2,05		47.15		1 21.15 1 34.5\$	22,25 36,0\$	1,25 1,5\$
39	1950 South Shore	1,64		43.65	-0,1\$		64,65			63.55	0.35
40	1510 Phillips	1,6%	42,45	43.65	1,25		64.15	2,35	1 71.15	75.66	4.5\$
41	1820 Ourrie	1,8\$		26.35	5.85		38.5%			23,4	-5.6\$
42 (43 (1300 Parragut 1430 Lakevicar	2.35 2.35		45.95 49.25	6,25 0,8 5		60.75 56.7%			65.15 63.55	3.15 2.75
44	1280 DuSable	2.6%		49.05	4.45		69.01	4.95		77.85	-2,25
45	1880 Collins	2,75		34.45	3,64		62.85	6.35	48.6%	46.95	-1.85
46	1330 Forezan	3.45		31.15	6.13		43.35			59.3	4.48
47 48	1710 Kenyood 1420 Kennedy	3.5% 3.7%		17.45 21.45	2,25 0.55		59.5% 54.9%	24.05 -0.55	15,25	19.05	-0.5\$ 1.5\$
49	1670 Hubbard	3.85		33,6%	0.1%		60,95			64.05	4.05
50	1490 Horgan Park	4.05	18.15	19.25	1.0\$	38,1\$	49.5	11.5%	27.85	35.05	-2.8\$
51 (1640 Wells 1110 Richards Voc	4.8 5		42.15 27.65	-6.4\$ -0.9\$		66.75 48.55	12.7 5 4.8 5		72.好 15.华	-0.35 1.15
52 (53 (1160 Westinghouse Vo	4.85		21.75	3.5		40.53 32,1\$		16.75	0.05	-16.7%
54	1410 Kelvyn Park	4.95	l 36,5%	39.65	3.05	1 48,25	55,25	6.95	l 51.1\$	51.25	0.15
95	1830 Orr	5.15	31,15	48.6%	17.5\$	55.35	56.85	1.53	1 59,6\$	61.48	1.75
56 1	1460 Hanley	5,84		43.4% 48.1%	2.4 4 10.5 \$		66,3\$			81.65	1.6\$ 1.6\$
57 5 58 1	1370 Harrison + 1230 Bogan	6.95 7.75		14.7%	5.35		52.95 40.75	4.95 つって	1 60,5% 12,0%	62,25	0.05
59	1630 Washington	7.95		25.35	9,13		35.95			50.05	5,6\$
60 (1330 Harah	8.5	32,4\$	38,25	5,95	52,8%	64.13	11.35	47.85	52.4	4.65
61 (62)	1570 Sullivan 1020 Grader Voc	10.15 12.86		33.75	9.75		50,6%			55.25 B4.64	2,2\$ 0.0\$
63	1050 Hear No. Chrose	39,35		52,5\$ 100,0\$	5.9 5 70.64	74.45	79.5\$ E768	15 .95 Errir		75.03	
• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •		•••	. = /4.4	100,100	••••	• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •			. ,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,	,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,	
	SISTEMBE TOTAL	2,75	29.5 \$	28,35	-1,25	56,2 5	56 .0 %	-0,25	t 50 .9\$ t	51 .3	0.45
	TOP THERD TOTAL MID THERD TOTAL LON THERD TOTAL	-8.75 -3.25 4.75	l 26,5\$	29,38 25.66 31.25	-6,5% -0,9% 4,2%	55,98	52,8\$ 55,1\$ 59.0\$	-0.75		55 .46 43.96 55.56	1.75 -1.25 0.95

that large percentage swings occur for only a few students; in this case, nine additional students were counted in 1984, eight of whom were below normal in reading. Metro received half of its Class of 1982 as transfers from other Chicago high schools; the outcomes of these students are generally recorded against their school of original enrollment in this study. of the 21 schools with most reduced Dropout Rates lost enrollment in their entering classes, and these losses were primarily among students reading below normal. Aside from Austin (for which the data appear to represent delayed reporting), the largest enrollment declines were at Englewood (-39%), Harlan (-33%), and Tilden (-33%). At each of these schools, the decreases were primarily among students reading below normal (Englewood--90%, Harlan--77%, Tilden--89%). schools actually added students reading at normal rates; Lincoln Park leading the way with 143 new students reading at or above normal. The next largest increases were at Steinmetz (46), Fenger (37), and Julian (25). All other increases in normal scoring entrants were below 10.

Thus, the picture which emerges for schools with the largest reductions in their Dropout Rates is one of declining enrollments, and loses of more below level entrants than students reading at normal rates. The result was, in the aggregate, an increase in the proportion reading at normal levels of 8%. Correspondingly, the Dropout Rates for these schools decreased by 9%. Together, the 1982 Dropout Rate for these schools had been 48%; in 1984, the rate was 39%, the systemwide Dropout Rate. However, a word of caution must be included. To the extent that schools delayed reporting outcome data on Class of 1984 students who were still actively enrolled after their classmates had graduated, these figures will be somewhat distorted. It would be expected that students entering with normal reading rates would be more likely to complete their schooling in four years, leaving a disproportionately larger percent below normal among those for whom records are delayed.

When the school by school records are examined closely, however, it becomes apparent that, among these schools with the largest decreases in Dropout Rates, changes in the reading scores of entering students is not all that was happening. Decreases in the Dropout Rates for both Below Normal and Normal scoring entrants were in evidence (about 6% for each). Among the nine schools with more than a 7% decrease in their Dropout Rates, all had sharp decreases in Dropout Rates for at least one reporting reading score category, indicating that in addition to receiving fewer students who were reading at lower levels, these schools were doing some things which helped more students to graduate. Eight of these 21 school reduced their Dropout Rates below 50% and now graduated more than those who dropped out. However, it is also possible that lower numbers of Below Level entrants allowed teachers to give more help to the remaining students in this class.



DICE OUT CALLY OF QUICAGO PUBLIC SCHOOLS.

CHANGES IN DICPOUT RATE RELATED TO CHANGES IN EMPILLMENT IN READING CATEGORIES

		School Lovel Date					.								
rank 1	wat ø	SCHOOL HAVE	CHANGE CVERALL D/O RATE	1982 HORMAL ENROLL			S CHANCE HORNAL ENFOLL	1982 BELOW BURGLL	RIO	REFOR	\$ CHANCE BELON ENROLL	1982 MISSINO ENGLL	MUSSEDIO		S CHARLE MESSERI DIRCLE
1		Fenger	-17,0 5	139	176	37	26.66	 312	215	-97	-31 .1 \$	60	53	- 7	-11.75
2		Junez	-12,05	104	98	-6	-5.8	173	92	-81	-46.85	177	157	-20	-11.35
3		Hartan	-10.65	258	211	ना	-18.23		165	-166	-50,25	58	56	-2	-3.45
4 (5 (Creme Austin *	-9.6% -9.0%	201 162	165 40	-36 -122	-17.95 -75.35		176 80	-70 -549	-28.5% -87.3%		47 80	-11 -7	-19.0 \$ -8.0 \$
6		Phylescod	-7.8 5	206	195	-11	-65.35		112	-206	-64,85		50	-11	-1a.05
7		Hetro, Chicago	-7.53		38	1	2.75		10	8	400.05	i	1	0	0.05
8		Harmall	-7.25	105	110	5	4.85	307	311	4	1.35		45	-6	-11.85
9		Rocsevelt	-7.15	215	185	-30	-14.05		119		3,5%		65	-7	-9.75
10 11		Linnoln Perk King, M.L.	-6.4% -6.3%	96 116	2 39 104	143 -12	149.05 -10.35		112 219	-23 -37	-17.0\$ -14.5\$		29 39	0 -6	0.0\$ -13.3\$
12		Lindbloom	-5.65	466	475	9	1.9%		11	2	22,25		103	-2	-1.95
13	1240	Bowen	-5,2\$	218	201	-11	-5.0%	338	208	-130	-38.5%	136	124	-12	-8.85
14		Clemente	-5.25	250	263	3	1.35		395	-133	-25. 25	154	137	-17	-11.05
15 16		Flower Voc Dumber Voc	-5.1\$ -5.0\$	63 458	66 451	3 -7	4.85 -1.55	l 89 l 58	119 24	30 -34	33.7% -58.6%	18 36	14 32	4	-22,25 -11,1\$
17		Amendson	4.95 l	159	160		0.6\$	127	93	-34	-26.85	85	79		-7.15
18	1530	Schurz .	-1.6 %	449	390	-59	-13.1\$	306	229	-77	-25.25	101	90	-11	-10.9\$
19		Jul tan	-4.5%	306	331	25	8.25		181	-7	-3.75		29	-5	-14.73
20 (21		Tilden Steirmetz	라.5% (라.1% (118 287	106 333	-12 46	-10.2 \$ 16.0 \$		166 118	-138 -22	-15.4\$ -15.7\$		43 62	-5 -5	-10.4% -12.7%
22		Hyde Park	-3.35		341	-50	-12. 8		132	-87	-39.75		43	-3	-6.5%
23		Corl iss	-3.0%	320		-42	-13.1\$	206	181	-5	-12,1\$	24	21	-3	-12.5\$
24		Harper	-2.85	87	73		-16,1\$		197	-90	-31.4%	32	25	-7	-21.95
න ' න		Carver Gage Park ®	-2.4% -2.3%	253 205			-19.05 -41.55	l 250 I 269	169 91	-81 -178	-32.45 -66.25		49 26	-3 -3	-5.85 -10.35
27		Simbon Voc	-2.1\$	352		102	29,0\$		63	-20	-24.15		21	-J	-3.6\$
28		Taft	-2.15	391		-115	-29.45	50	51	1	2,05	51	48	-3	-5.95
29		YOUTE	-1.95				6,25	28	7	21	-75.05		167	-6	-3.5%
30 31		Prosser Voc Hither	-1.5% -1.4%				-5.85 -30.85	11 52	7 43	4	-36.4% -17.3%		88 52	-6 -2	-6.4% -3.7%
32		Seren 9	-1.03		206		16.45	239	194	-45	-18.8%			-16	-8.9%
33		Robeson	-0.85	257	241	-16	-6.25	283	124	-159	-56.25	1 49	45	-4	-8.23
34		Calumet	-0.5%			-134	-54.05		175	-190	-52.15		54	-5	-8.5%
35 36		Chicago Voc. Kelly *	-0.3\$ -0.1\$				2.35 -23.95	93 1 112	60 73	-33 -39	-35.5% -34.8%		43 81	-7 -14	-14.0% -14.7%
50 57		Lano	0.4%				0.45		13		100.05			-1	-3.65
33		Kin Stauban	0.85	176		_	-36.4%	101	56	-45	_44.6 %	46	42		-8.7%
39		outh Shore	1.63						196	-142	42.05			-5	-6.65
40 41		Phillips Currie	1.6\$ 1.8 \$						309 116	-186 -37	-37.6 5 -24. 25			الـ 13-	-8.25 -9.85
42		Serratut	2.35			_			185	-103	-35.8		47	-7	-13.05
43	1430	Lakevieu	2.35	l 181	131	-50	-27.65	195	108	47	-30,35	77	73	4	-5.25
114		DuCable	2.6\$						304	-60	-16.5%		41	4	-8.95
45 46		Collins Foruman	2.7 5 3.4 5						248 70		-0.8≸ -16.7≸			よ	-12.2\$ -9.3\$
47		Kenwood	3.5%						47	-40	-46.0\$	62	58	4	-6.5\$
48	1420	Kennedy	3.75	235	197	-38	-16,2\$	1 51	85		39.35	34	33	-1	-2.95
49		Hubbard	3.85						70		4.55				-13.25
50 51		lbrgan Rurk Walls	4 .0% 4.5 %						117 154	-25 -103	-17.6\$ -40.1\$				-9.1\$ -7.6\$
52		Richards Voc	4.8\$						104		76.3%				-6.72
53		Westinghouse Vo	4.85	l 354	267	-87	-24.6%	J 51	30		41.25				-12.5%
54 55		Kelvyn Park	4.95						169 245		28,0% -25,8%				-6.6 % -12.1 %
5 5 56	1830 ! 1460	Menley	5.1 % 5.8 %						222 222		-34.75				-12.13 -5.05
97	1370	Hurrison +	6.95	88	68	. 0	0.05	145	141		-2.85	t 53	52	-1	-1.95
. Pri		Dogun	7.75						21	5	22,75				
59 60		Hashington Historia	7 .9% 8 .5%		-						4.4% -12.0%				
61		Sullivan Buran	10.15								4.05				-8.8
62		Cregier Voc	12,85			-16	-26.7\$	1 98	85	-13	-13.35	1 16	16	0	0.05
63	1 1050	Hear No. Career	39.3\$	l 19	2	-17	-89.5\$	1 43	0	-1 3	-100.05	11	11	0	0.0\$
		SYSTEMIDE TUTAL	-2.7\$	14,499 	13,358	(1,141) -7,95	11,998 	8,359	(3,639)	-30.3\$	† 3,828 I	3,489	-339	₽.%
				į			_	j				į			
		THE THIRD TUTAL	-8.75		4,343					(1,756)					
		MED THEFD TOTAL	-3.25 4.75		5,776 3,163					(1,492) (483)					
C			**15		J, 103	,,,,,	, ,,,,,,,,		_ , , , ,	- 1431	***	. •••			



Among the schools whose Dropout Rates worsened, only a few experienced sharp decreases in the proportion of students reading at normal rates. Richards Vocational increased its enrollment by 35 students, but had 45 more reading below normal, thus dropping its propertion of normal scoring entrants by 14%; this meant that for the class of 1984, only 42% entered reading at or above normal rates. Nine other schools also showed decreases in the proportion reading at normal levels. These ten schools represent more than half of all schools with decreases in reading scores for entrants. The other 11 schools, in the third of all schools with increasing Dropout Rates, showed increases in the proportion with normal reading scores. Thus, they were doing more poorly with better prepared students. Most notable was Collins, with an 11% increase in the proportion reading at normal levels (still to only 38% for the Class of 1984), but whose Dropout Rate rose by 3% (to 51%). However, among the nine schools whose Dropout Rate worsened by more than 5%, only Orr had a significant rise in the proportion of entrants at normal levels. All had significant increases in Dropout Rates for at least one reading level category. For six of the nine, their 1984 Dropout Rate was over 50%. Only Bogan (18%), Washington (28%), and Sullivan (41%) had fewer Dropouts than Graduates. Enrollment decreases for these 21 schools were less sharp than for the other two-thirds of Chicago's high schools, averaging only down 12.5%. Three of these schools, Kelvyn Park, Richards Vocational, and Collins, had significant enrollment increases; Kelvyn Park and Richards absorbed some of the growth in the Northwestside Hispanic community.

The schools in the mid-range (between a 3.3% reduction in the Dropout Rate and a 2.3% increase in it) had a moderate increase in the proportion of students reading at normal levels on entry. Six had moderate declines in the proportion at normal levels. Robeson had a dramatic increase in the proportion received at normal levels (up 15%, to 59% in the Class of 1984) but the school's Dropout Rate was only slightly reduced (-0.8%) despite receiving better prepared students. However, Robeson also reported 179 fewer students, which may be the effect of the new promotion policy. In the aggregate, these schools with only minor changes in the Dropout Rate had lower than the systemwide average rate and received higher proportions of their students reading at or above normal.

In summary, it may be said that as the proportion of students reading at or above normal increases, the Dropout Rate decreases. But, if the change in reading scores is merely the one-time effect of delayed entry into high school in the year in which the policy is first implemented, that change must be considered an anomaly, and not taken as a sign of improvement in the Dropout Rate. Its effect is likely to be negative in the following year.



Individual schools varied on their capacity to capitalize on the changes in their entering students. Some, like Fenger, in addition to receiving better prepared students, also decreased the Dropout Rates for both those reading below normal and those at or above normal levels. Others, such as Robeson and Collings, seem to have done worse, even though receiving better prepared students. However, if systemwide, rather than ideosycratic, factors are considered, the correspondence between rising reading scores and failing Dropout Rates cannot be ignored. But, for significant reduction of the Dropout Rates, rising reading scores must reflect improved student performance rather than artificial changes in the composition of the entering class.

Changes in Age of Entry and Student Outcomes

When the Classes of 1982, 1983, and 1984 are compared for changes in the age of entry, there are few changes between 1982 and 1983, but major changes between 1983 and 1984, as has already been noted. The system had 2,808 (14%) fewer 14 year old entrants in the Class of 1984. The Dropout Rate for 14 year old students dropped 2%. On the school level, the pattern of change is more evident. The third of the schools which lost the largest percent of their 14 year olds, had a decrease of three percentage points in their Dropout Rate. Some large decreases in the Dropout Rate for this age (e.g., Clemente's rate dropped 13%), were offset by some increases in the Dropout Rate, particularly in previously predominantly White schools (e.g., Hubbard, Washington, and Bogan). The mid-range schools also had their Dropout Rate for 14 year olds decrease by 3%, with the largest decrease at Julian. The lowest third had 17 schools which increased their 14 year old enrollment, and their aggregate decrease in the Dropout Rate was under 1%. A number of these schools are selective in their entrance requirements (and thus, would be less susceptible to the promotion policy), others were very small and statistically more volatile, and some seemed not to be affected by the policy's implementation in their feeder schools, particularly in Districts 8 and 9.

Changes in Racial Composition and Outcomes

There were small changes in the racial composition of the classes entering high school in September 1978, 1979, and 1980. Systemwide, Blacks and Whites declined slightly, while Hispanics increased slightly. The Dropout Rates for all three groups decreased, but the changes for Whites (down 0.5%) and Blacks (-1.9%) were relatively small. The change for Hispanics (down 4.4%) was more significant. Transfer Rates for Blacks increased slightly (up 1.1% to 9.0%), for Whites decreased slightly (-1.4% to 10.5%) and stayed about even for Hispanics (at 14.4%).



		Y OF CHICAGO PUBLI	C SONOOLS	ď	HANGES IN 14	YEAR OLD	enimins -	Renk Order	ed by 1984 Ch	ande tron	1983	TABLE 28
	. [.@VQ] .! DATA (1	Pata Vikindsi Ny hindra	CR CHANGES	CIANTE	OWKE \$	DIME	CHANCE 1	CHANGE !	1982	1983	1984	84 wz 83
	-		83 vn 64 6	3 va 04	83 vs 84 83		83 vs 84 8	33 va 84 1	DROP RATE DR	OP RATE DR	OP RATE	DROP RATE
HARK	WIIT #	SCHOOL HAVE	13-	13-	14	14	OVERACE	OVERICE	14	14	14	14
1 :	1050	Near No. Cureer H	began1	-100.0\$	-135	-99.35	-110	-98.25	48.9%	46.35	100.0\$	53.75
2		Astin	-8	-80.0%	-358	-79.65	-164	-80.35	56.8%	50.25	45.8	-4.5%
3 1		Juarez	-1 -1	-11.15	-146 156	-52.1\$ -51.1\$	10	5.4%		25.45	30.85	5.4%
4 5		Calumet Cage Park	0	-80.0\$ 0.0\$	-156 -133	-44.35	-31 -14	-14.25 -17.35		44.1% 39.6%	44.6 \$ 38.9 \$	0.5% -0.7%
6		Lakevier	Ŏ	0.05	-90	-33.86	-1	-0.8%		50.75	46.7%	
7 1		Robeaun	4	28.65	-106	-32.95	-64	-27.65	50.0%	50.73	52.5\$	1.8%
8 1		Farragut	-1 1	-12.5\$ 25.0\$	-91 -84	-32.25 -29.15	-20 -37	-13.5% -24.0%		48.9 5 47,25	52.0 \$ 42.8 \$	
9 1		Tilden Hubbard	3	50.0\$	-85	-27.9\$	21	33.95		28.35	34.95	
11		Mashington	Ŏ	0.05	-9 3	-27.75	-10	-9.7%	18.1\$	15.05	17.85	2.8\$
12		listher	-8	-50.0%	-76	-27.15	13	20.0%		18.65	16.85	
13 14		South Shore	-7 -10	-63.6% -12.5%	-105 -157	-26.0% -24.5%	-8 0	-5. 4% 0.0%		41.5≸ 17.9≸	47.85 14.05	
15		Contras	-16	-66.75	-120	-24.23	-20	-16.4%		27.95	24.5%	
16		hells	0	0.0	-50	-23.85	27	17.65	50.0\$	51.45	44.1%	-7.35
17		King, M.L.	~2 -2	40.0%	66 56	-23.15	- 75	-36.95		45.8%	39.9	
14 ; 19		Clazante Hestanghouse Voc	10 -14	90.9 5 -53.8 5	-126 -62	-20.4% -18.3%	-80 -1	-20.2 5 ∣ -4.5 5 ∣		51.0\$ 21.7\$	37.6% 24.9\$	
טי.		Tart	-6	-37.5%	-75	-17.05	- <u>,</u>	-8.5		14.35	12.39	
21 (1 Newson	-1	-20.03	-48	-16.6\$	43	91.53		8.5%	10.45	2.0%
!		Earper	1	10.0%	-58 23	-16.1\$	1	0.7%		40.65	35.5%	
- 23 (Dunbar Voc Down	5 +8	18.5% -50.0%	-73 -52	-14.6% -14.5%	23 -23	54.8 % -11.0%		26.0\$ 35.2\$	22.23 34.95	
¥		Foresen	6	ERR	-34	-14.4%	2	2.95		35.1\$	30.8	
ני.		Kerwood	20	62.5	-65	-13.7%	-7	-10.0%		21.58	17.05	
777		Phillips	1	16.75 30.05	-42 -44	-13.1\$ -12.8\$	23 23	-20.9 \$ 26.4 \$		52.85 24.15	54.9 \$	
. i (tbrøn Park Von Steuben	- 1	-57.1\$	-19	-11.95	23 11	21.65		24.65	26,25	
70		turion	-4	-33.3	-36	-10.%	16	18.4\$	39,25	35.05	29.7%	-5.3\$
31		Promer Voc	4	30.8%	-34	-10.95	-5	-15.6%		23.73	23.85	
32: }}		Schurz Julian	1 2	11.15 9.55	-58 -53	-10.4% -10.3%	~#0 ~3	-0.95 -26.53		39.0% 29.9%	38.95 19.75	
34		Lipe	15	15.6\$	-102	-10.0%	-10	-22.73		17.25	14.58	
"5		Kermedy	3	100.05	-26	-8.3\$	15	23.4%	25.35	19.65	24.1%	4.5\$
36		Anundaen	1	8.3%	-20	-7.6%	48	-7.95		46.0%	37.35	
37 35 ∃		Harper Richard Voc	3	25.0\$ 150.0\$	-17 -10	-7.6\$ -7.2\$	-67 13	-40.9% 2?.0%		54.13 35.73	46.01 32.51	
30		Ourrie	3	21.45	-39	-6.73	33	26.0%		22.63	25.0	
90 (-	Crone	-1	-9.1%	-19	-6.6\$	-78	-44.65		56.5\$	51.5	
41		One	-13	-76.5%	-14	-5.45	4	-2.35 85.05		50.0\$ 41.3\$	42.2	
42 113		Colling Carver	4 17	50.0% 242.9%	-13 -7	-5.11 -2.75	96 1	0.63		44.15	33.59 39.49	
444		Himh	-2	-33.3%	4	-2.7%	69	66.35	41.1≸	42.23	41.5	
85		Steinuetz	11	122.23	-10	-2.5%	3	2.9%		28.1%	27.2	
96 167		Roosevelt	1 -6	20.0% -18.8%	-7	-2.4% 0.5%	35 11	43,2\$ 11.6\$		44.1 % 30.1 %	39.71 27.21	
47 : 43) ilyde Purk) Manley	-5	-35.7%	2 3	1.6%	32	28.6\$		41.95	54,2	
49		YOUE	بد.	-5.9%	ğ	2.45	-38	-60.35	16.95	18.4%	14.0	4.45
50		Dutable	5	83.3%	8	2.75	-1	-0.45		58.5%	54.51	
51 63		Kolly Harrison •		75.0% _44.4%	6 5	2.75 2.75	20 -15	28.65 -11.45		47.5% 45.4%	49.15 46.25	
53		Singon Voo	7	77.85	13	3.05	7	8.85		29.05	29.27	0.25
54	1010	Chicago Voc.	9	17.6\$	28	3.5%	14	17.95	1 25,25	22.65	24.97	2.3%
65 54		Senn Spelmonet	-£	-8.0%	16	4.73	40	-14.45		38.94	35.0	
56 97) Finglewood) Kelvyn	2	28.6 % 40.0 %	15 21	8.4% 11.1%	45 61	-25.05 46.65		37.1% 48.8\$	33.95 40.35	
94		Sullivan .	ĩ	14.33	20	12.01	12	19.0%		30.1%	41.15	
54	1 1470) ttustell	4	30.85	37	14.85	-3	-1.9%		37.45	43.17	5.75
50		Orașier Voa	-3 -6	-60.0% -60.0%	13	16.5%	1	7.7%		49.35	64.69 ~ ~	
6 1 5,2) Flower Voc) Metro, Chicago	-5 -0	-66.75		35.66 35.36	-3 1	-5.6\$ 12.5\$		37.95 29.05	35.21 27.01	
63		Lincoln Park	ō	0.0%		64.35	45	54.26		44.75	31.9	
		SYSTEMETOTAL	S 31	3.44	(2,808)	-13.6\$	(205)	-2.6%	37.0%	33.8\$	31.77	-2.1\$
		TOP THURD TOTALS		-22.8% 13.0%		-32.5\$ -10.6\$	(546) (60)			34.35 32.05	31.11 28.9	
		LOW THEIRD TOTALS		9.25		5.75	170			35.4\$	34.77	



But there were significant changes in the entering classes of individual high schools. Differences for Blacks were minimal, though the percent attending schools in which there were less than a majority Blacks nearly doubled, from 7% in the Class of 1982 to 12% in the Class of 1984. Still 74% of all Blacks went to all-Black high schools, and another 14% went to majority Black schools. But for Hispanics and Whites, there were some significant changes. In the Class of 1984, 57% of all Hispanics attended high schools with a majority of Hispanics in the entering class. The percent attending schools whose entering class was 25%-49% Hispanic declined by 10%. The opposite phenomenon was true for Whites. percent attending schools whose entering class was two-thirds White was cut in half (from 49% to 24%). The percent attending schools with more than a third White in the entering class rose from 42% to 60%, and those in schools with less than a third Whites rose from 9% to 15%. Thus, Hispanics increasingly tended to enter schools with other Hispanics, while Whites, more and more, found themselves entering schools with persons of other races.

This change was most noticeable with the Class of 1984. In the fall of 1980, as the Class of 1984 was enrolling in high school, the Board of Education and the United States Department of Justice entered into a consent decree to eliminate the racial isolation of Whites in the Chicago Public Schools. It is evident that the planning for desegregation had some impact on freshman enrollments for the Class of 1984. However, it had much greater impact on entering freshmen in the succeeding classes. This change had some impact on members of the Classes of 1983 and 1984, for in a number of schools, the racial composition changed significantly while they were enrolled. Data to describe these changes were taken from the annual Racial Census of the Chicago Public Schools.

The Racial Census for the six years from October 1978 to October 1983 (the entering fall of the Class of 1982 to the senior year of the Class of 1984) showed some significant systemwide racial changes. Overall, enrollment declined by 21%. The percentage of white students decreased 7%, with most of the increase in the Hispanic community (up 5%). schools gained more than 10% in enrollment: Near North Career Magnet (110%, more than doubling in size), Lincoln Park (47%, reflecting the new baccalaureate program), Kelvyn Park (20%) and Juarez (17%), reflecting inche sus in the Northwestside and Southwestside Hispanic communities, and Kenwood (15%). Five other schools increased by less than 2.5%. One school closed (Harrison, whose students were transferred to Farragut). Fourteen others lost more than a third of their students; all but Lakevie were inner city all-Black schools. Austin (57%) and Calumet (53%) lost more than half of their enrollment during this period.



0.35

0.25

0.05

0.66

0.05

0.05

A OF

51.75

18.15 | 36,65 |

0.05

19.05 I

-5.25

-0.45 -1.35

5.45

27.85

-26.85

-9.9 -17.9

0.0\$

0.05

0,2

0.3

0.06

-51.75

27.35

11.25

8.65

-0.25 0.06

3.5\$

School Land Die 1978-79 19601.110 RACIAL COOLE CLAPAGEMENT PRODUIT || WALES OU REM XIALE STEEL 16 - 69 DECLIED || 1978-79 1978-79 1978-79 1978-79 1978-79 | CHANGE CH IDEE & SCHOOL HAND DEST TYPE CONLLAD (303) (247) (684) (534) 28.55 39.75 0.65 1230 Bugan 2,155 -14.15 II 98,15 0.05 0.0\$ 15 0.15 1.85 15.80 1,584 1,863 2,088 1,991 2,470 2,898 -15.66 || -36.75 || 1.56 -5.4 -5.3 1 (30 Foreman Quen. 89,25 0.15 0,15 9.05 -0.15 0,25 5.75 91,66 84,23 89,98 86,08 1670 Habbard Can. 1.05 0.15 6.05 23.35 -0.15 -0.75 13.75 Clan -25,66 || -12.75 || 3,15 -31.45 -31.45 21.45 2.35 1420 Kennedy 12 13.35 0.15 -0.15 -3.05 10.65 (253) (347) (906) 16 to Manhungton 0.15 0.45 1.45 0.65 9.55 0.15 19.85 0.3 20 0.15 2.05 3.15 -14.05 0.25 -11.35 20.65 160 Reimmin -31.35 || -31.45 || 1940 Taft 95.75 2.75 0.13 0.95 25.95 19.65 0.35 3.5 95.04 67.25 65.25 1570 Sullivan 2 Om 1,396 (439)10,65 10.15 -26.65 18.75 0.65 -1.05 8.05 24.15 0.15 3,247 1,492 3,922 1,831 Gan -5.9 1870 Qurte 12 0.25 11 0.05 0.55 10.75 1.75 0.15 2.4 21.65 16,65 16.66 28.05 1070 Prosper Voc 1 (181) -9.55 || -20.75 || 1.25 13.05 0.15 -5.2 12.每 0.05 -0.15 -2.5 -2.5 Om 67.25 9.75 14.7% 0.05 2.15 9.35 1530 Orthura (810) 0.35 0.25 73.25 28.35 1520 Romewalt (152) 1.05 0,3 0.3 Om 4.35 || 13.25 5.5 0.05 1110 Richards Vol Voc 800 (14) -1.# || 26,5 0.45 44.95 -20.65 20.85 0.15 0.45 -0.75 -29.95 || 20.15 || 19.55 36.45 -0.33 16.85 100'0 Crepter Voc 9 Voo 1,010 (302)80.15 0.15 0.35 -19.55 19.95 0.03 -0.12 1,510 1,699 2.35 8.45 1410 Kelvyn Park 2.15 7.45 0.25 1.95 9.45 7.95 59.45 | 2.95 | 16.35 | -18,25 -17,25 5 2 2 Comp 304 -0.85 -0.13 (67) 80.23 5.13 3.63 Clan 1480 Hither -3.95 0.16 0.45 1210 Anunckeen Clan 1,718 (309) -18.05 73.75 1.75 -16,8 4,45 0.15 74.95 25.05 24.85 12.35 1400 Kally * 8 Om 2,139 -19.95 || -15.15 0.8 0.13 0,5\$ 0.15 13.95 1800 Hutro, Chicago 11 Con 3 Tech 2 Con 342 4,516 0.35 || 60.25 9.65 21.55 1,7 0.35 10.65 17.25 -0.95 -0.25 15.05 -14.66 0.35 0.3 3.77 99 (79) 68.15 5.1½ 7.25 11.05 23.05 1000 Lane -13.15 9.61 35.66 40.71 159) Seen • 2,536 -3,15 2.75 3.05 -0.3 1.85 -11.75 58.15 6,75 14:8) ftergu, forte 18 320 2,210 (409) 0,85 10.5 0,05 -0.25 3.9 -18.05 || -11.15 Con Con Con 35.65 5.25 11.55 -1.3 -0.3 (:03) 0.65 103) Lakeviau 3 1,955 -10.15 || 5.8 51.25 -10.15 0.05 -0.25 1,337 (1,337)-100.05 | | 12.66 0.05

DIAMER STON OF ORCHOO RELIC LORDER.

1770 Harriston e

1620 Lincoln Park

10:0 few flo. Cureer High

1 (II) Furtend

1240 Issen

10

19

DECLUBE OWCE \$ OWCE HERTE BLACK MER DID ASIAN WITTE BLACK MER DID ASTAM HISP ЮЗР 4,65 (28,992) -20.65 total 140,549 25.66 60.25 0.15 12.35 Renal survey total numbers 1.65 0.54 0.15 1.15 1.91 (set ter and some ha)

1.25

2.05

6.25

60.55

61.15

100.0

-28.04

-29.65 ||

109.85 ||

17.05 II

(185)

(955)

537

509

3,207 489

1,083

District Study (F) School Level Data	GIICAX	PULL	TC 30100T2	,		METE OUTO	1 953 - Schoo 1982	La Nankod 1983	by Change 1984	in White Dr COUNCE	rollwert 1982	1963	T#8 1964	LE 30 CHANCE
THED CEPNICON -	WITE	3	1902	1983	1984	CHANCE	PETC237T	PERENT	PERCENT	PERENT	PEKEN	PERENT	193022011	PERCENT
			ENTERINA	DATERNO	ENTERLIS	12ATEROD	MATE	MOTE	MOTE	MUTE	i wate	MOTE	WITE	18 07E
OCHOOL RAFE	DIST	TYPE	FRESHEN	TESTEN	/TESHEN	Prozaten		BOKILLED	GRITISE	DAUTTED	i dropovit i	DIFFERENCE	DROPOUT	DECECUT
Paddat	15	Gen.	319	357	312	(7)	86.5				38.95	31.15	37.25	-1.75
Porvense	4	Chart	268	302	260	(8)	05.00				34.95	40.35	38.55	3.65
Same	•	Com	829	794	736	(93)	60.45				1 48,45	백.땅	49.35 32.55	1.05
Sto ments	- 1	(Jeen	485	516	520	35	75.9				34,78	35.65 18.93	19.54	-2.15 -2.15
क्षियं ज ्या	20	Gen	338	443	341	3	65,25 27,75	82,6 5 21.0 5			21.75 41.55	64.95	70.8	29,45
Richertin Voc	11	(ba	159	195	205	₩	1 58.95		17.66			26.05	31.25	10.95
Curio	12	Gen.	662	716 376	719 349	97 (7)	77.25				20.35 1 47.15	51.65	41.95	-5.25
/carstam	2	Çem.	356 330	382	374	45	76.05	75.73				17.25	20.35	-5.45
Vesting:	12	Gun	32) 392	378	314 407	15	69.40	63.65			92.65	52.35	48.05	-4.65
lianevalt.	11	Gen Gen	392 80	14 44	96	16	30.25	31.65			36.46	18.25	50.05	13.65
Hetro, Chiangs	2	Oran	548	571	609	61	35.74				42.65	100.05	48.9	6.13
Stron *	1	Com	406	397	309	(98)	11.3				59.66	64.15	68.25	3.65
Lai.ov i sir Taga	•	Gen	489	901	MAN .	(45)	91.2					15.35	13.95	-2.55
itajan Purk	18	Con	426	₩o	4:2	(4)						20.15	25.03	4.95
Streetor No.	10	Von	373	58	323	(50)					3.45	33.65	29.85	4.43
tagar ta:	15	Gan	291	313	335	44	96.60					10.53	16.66	6.54
kožvym Park	5	Čen	312	35	409	97	33.3					65,66	59.66	10.23
(grif reasu	ź	Gan	291	236	270	(21)						45.53	43.65	10.0%
intra-	ž	Oct.	360	358	289	(71)						19.66	18.75	-1.15
Charler Voo	Ģ	You	179	136	150	(24)						23R	EZRA	ENR
Kelly *	á	Čen	355	276	325	(30)						52,25	労. 切	3.35
tarm	3	Teach	825	1,162	1,065	240	i 66.11					18.6\$	16 ,2\$	3.4%
ilun :a ch e	8	0en	283	323	309	25	1 4.97	5.60	5.69	0.95	1 60.0%	72.75	56.35	-, 73
Paraut	10	Com	487	437	327	(160)	1,0	0.9	2,4	1.4	50,0\$	100.08	100,05	50.02
DOM	19	Oan	674	584	501	(173)	1 1.66	1.71	1.0	-0.66	1 72.75	50.05	50.05	-22.75
Nour 16. Cartour Ha	ຍກ 3	W	73	247	3	(*0)	0.0	4.07	0,0	40,0	E302	60.01	220 0	ERR
Lacoun Park	3	Con		261	413	156	9.5	20.71	22,3	12.95	1 89.53	61.15	29.66	-59.9\$
TITAL OWEND THE	100L3		10,821	11,448	10,801	(20)	l 93.31	50.11	47.51	-5.85	l 31.5\$	31,66	31.85	0,23
TOTAL - IDIE THAN	105 CI	ALE	9,047	9,596	9,248	201	1 63.2	58, 6 5	54.1	9.05	l 31,25	31.25	31.65	0.4.



Of the 63 regular high schools, 28 experienced significant racial change during this period. 23 of these schools experienced White enrollment declines of more than 10%, led by Bogan, whose White percentage was nearly cut in half (from 98% White to 52% White). All of the other predominantly White high schools of 1978 experienced sharp declines in White proportions. With the exceptions of Curie, Prosser Voc., Roosevelt, Richards Voc., and Mather, these declines occurred amid sharply declining enrollments. At these five named schools, enrollments held fairly steady, with minorities replacing decreases in White enrollments. At three schools, racial change primarily involved minorities. Harrison closed and Farragut absorbed most of its students, a change which primarily affected Blacks and Hispanics (Farragut ended up 54% Black, 46% Hispanic). Bowen shifted towards an even distribution, as it lost more Blacks than Hispanics. North Career Magnet more than doubled in size, going from all-Black to 18% White, Asian, and Hispanic. Lincoln Park, adding a baccalaureate program, increased its enrollment by half, lifting its White enrollment to nearly one third. However, in-school segregation of this program may mitigate the apparent gain in racial interaction.

The Dropout Rates for Whites in schools which, for the Class of 1982, had more than two-thirds of their entrants who were White decreased at all schools except Bogan (up 7%), Foreman (up 4%), and Kelly (up 3%). Among the schools which had been more than a third White, Dropout Rates for Whites uniformly increased, except for Gage Park (down 3%). largest increases were at Curie (up 11%, to 31%), Kelvyn Park (up 10%, to 60%), and Sullivan (up 10%, to 44%). Among the schools less than a third White in the entering Class of 1982, some wild alterations took place. Lincoln Park's White Dropout Rate dropped 60% (from 90% to 30%) as the school went from 6% White to 34% White, and the Whir s who were attracted were from a higher socio-economic class. In the same area, the old Cooley High became the Near North Career Magnet, with an almost completely new student body, thus explaining the few entering students for the Class of 1984. Meanwhile, at Richards Vocational, the White proportion of the entering class declined from 28% to 16% and the White Dropout Rate soared by 29% to 71% of all Whites.

Overall, Black Dropout Rates decreased by 2%. The decreases were largest in the all-Black schools, where the aggregate reduction in the Dropout Rate was 4%, and in the majority Black schools, where the rate dropped 3%. However, these are the schools which were most affected by the new promotion/retention policy which affected the Class of 1984. The Dropout Rate rose for schools with more than a 10% Black minority (4%), but declined sharply for students in entering classes less than 10% Black.



DITTY OUR STUDY OF		TC BUILDER	3		BLACK CONCO						***	7481	
- Salend Lovel Sista - Theo (12 PARCENT)		1982	1983	1969	CHACE	1982 PERCENT	1983 PERCENT	1984 FEREDIT	CHACE (1982 PENCENT	1983 PERUDAT	1984 Percent	CHANCE PERCENT
		OFFICIO	DATA		DARKUD	EAX	BLACK	BLACK	TLACE	BLACK	HAX	HAX	ILACK
SCHOOL NAME	शक्त राष्ट्र	PERM	NEHO:	PERIOR	PRESENTA	BACOTTED	(950LL)D		 GETTONG	DROPOUT	DECEPOUR	DECLORE	DECEMBER
Richarda Voc	11 Vac	159	195	205	46	8.4	31.35	₩.₩	21.75	25,35	39.3	37.95	11,66
letro, Chiasgo	11 Om	*0	44	56	16	57.55	54.58	78.65	21.15	33.3	37.55	25.04	-8.35
fishbard Paressin	15 Om 4 Om	319 288	57 302	312 280	(7) (8)	2,25 1,05	5.95 4.06	22.15 18.25	19.95 17.25	33.35 0.05	52. % 3.4	54,25 34,75	20.95 外.75
Colours	4 Com	829	794	735	(93)	3.45	10.66	14,85	11,45	51.25	50.05	46.35	-7.95
Reimstr	4 Own	485	516	520	35	15,55	16.15	25.0	9.55	36.13	23.6	30.05	-6.15
Process: Voc Horsen Park	4 Voc 16 Oso	373 426	358 440	323 122	(50) (4)	22,3	27.75	30,05	7.85	14.55	15,66	17.2	2.86
Kennady Kennady	10 Uses	329	385	3714	45	42.每	62.5 19.6	69.7% 28.9%	7.25 7.05	27,25 44.66	28,25 43.55	30.05 51.95	2.95 7.35
Taft	1 0=0	489	501	444	(45)	6.15	7.05	11.95	5.6	20.66	43.35	31.35	2.75
Manhire ton	20 Own	338	443	341	3		2,35	4.75	4.45	0,0\$	14.35	35.75	35.7
Sullivan Itopsvalt	2 Oan. 1 Oan	291 392	236 378	270 40 7	(21) 15	30.95 6.65	29,25 7,75	34,85 9.15	3.95 t 2.75 t	43.75 56.05	41.65 13.35	48.65 60.05	5.15 4.05
Baran	15 Cen	291	313	335	44	0.05	0.65	1.65	1.88	298	0.05	14.75	LSOR
Amuntuan	2 0m	356	376	349	(7)	4,55	1.3	6,0\$	1.55	61.55	53.3	43.65	-17.8
Senn *	2 Oun	548 312	<u> </u>	609	61	19.5	18,75	20.0	0.5	52.66	49.8	45.5 3	-7.1%
Kolvyn Park Oresier Voo	5 Chara 5 Vexa	174	325 135	409 150	97 (24)	1.05 1 98.95	99.35	1,5\$ 99.3\$	0.5% T 0.5% T	100.05	100,0\$ 57.1\$	90.05 71.25	-20.0\$ 11.2\$
Kally •	å Own	355	296	325	(30)	0.05	0.05	0.05	0.06	Elen	E301	20	ERIO.
Helinor	2 (m)	360	358	209	(<u>71</u>)		9.86	9.35	-0.45	37.5	45.25	34.85	-2.75
Qu10 tano	12 Oct. 3 Teach	662 625	716 1,162	719 1, 06 5	57 290	24,85 10.95	22,6 \$ 13,2 \$	23.66 9.05	-1.15	33.66 19.55	29.55 19.15	29.66	-1.05
LAOVICE	j Gen	406	397	308	(98)		11.15	6.85	-1.96 -3.35	:	73.05	18.65	-0.75 13. 3 5
	• • •			•	****		****			- 121	, ••	****	
Гантара	10 Cum	467	437	327	(160)	76.4	79.45	01.35	5.06		55.7	58.45	5,25
Limoin Park	3 Otto	क्रा	251	413	156		46.4	59.15	-6.71	₹.	4.7	48.05	5.35
Roten Harrison +	19 Can 8 Can	674 283	584 323	501 309	11121	1 59.65 1 37.15	47.15 24.55	47.35 21.05	-12.多(-16.15(53.15 40.25	45.55 46.48	49.85 45.95	-3. 3 5.7 1
Hoor Ro. Career M		73	247	3	(70)		68.75	33.35	-66.75		60.15	100.05	37.58
	-												
TOTALS GRAEDIG S	2000	10,821	11,448	10,801	(20)	23.05	22.95	24.35	1.35	43.95	42.75	43.25	-0.75
1011427 4330444		,0,00,	,	•	1007			6413-				43144	
TUTAL -104 HOTE	(CD(CLE)	9,047	9,596	9,248	201	15.25	16.5\$	19.65	4.55	38.15	36,5\$	39.25	1,25
TOTAL THERS		1,774	1,852	1,553	(221)	63,25	56,25	52.45	-10,85	50.95	51.9	51.85	0.95
*****		•		1477		, -,,		*=	-1040			27000	***
		_	_										
DROP OUT STUDY OF School Level Data TYPED TEMPARESON	- HISPANCE	1982 (2/02/03/03	19 63 (300) (300)	1984 2002201G	CANCE CANCE MIZANCE (M	1982 PISICENT INSPANCE	1963 PERCENT HESPANCE	1964 PERCENT HISPANIC	Le by Perce CHWEB PEXCENT MESPANIC	1982 PERCENT NEESPANTO	1963 PERCENT NESPANIC	HIZPANIC H	CHACE PISCENT ELSPANIC
School Level Data	- HISPANCE	1982	1983		CISNOER	1982 PISICENT	1983 PERCENT	1964 FERCENT	CHWEE PEXCENT	1982 PERCENT NEESPANTO	1963 PERCENT NESPANIC	1984 PERCENT	CHACE PISCENT ELSPANIC
School Level Data TYPED (EMPARESCHI - SCHOOL NAME Felvyin Park	- Hispance Dest type 5 Om	1982 19702000 19702 31423 312	1963 BITERIO PRESIDEN 325	19/11000C PRESIDEN 409	CHACK BATERINA FRESHEN ST	1982 PISICENT INTERVIEC EACLED	1983 PERCENT HISPANC ENGLISH 63.75	1984 FERIZER (ESPARIC ERECLIED 68.95	CHWIE PENISHT MISPANIC SURTLIND	1982 PERCENT NELSPANIC DHOREUT 41.31	1983 PERCENT HESPANIC DRIPKAIT 47.88	1984 PERCENT HESPANIC I DROPOUT 44.75	CHANGE PINCENT ELSPANIC DROPOUT 3.46
School Level Data TTEED (EMPARISON - SCHOOL NAME Fellys Burk Richards Voc #	- HESPANICES DEST TYPE 5 Own 12 Year	1982 ENTEXION PRESENTEN 312 159	1963 BITEXTOXI PRESIMEN 325 195	79/11/10/G 77/2/39/E04 409 205	ALCONOCE SOLUTION ALCONOCE SOLUTION DE CAMPAGE CONTRACTOR DE CAMPA	1982 PRICENT PRICEC PACLLED 63.55 47.25	1983 PERCENT HISPANC DROLLED 63.71 47.25	1984 FERCENT (ILSPANIC ENGLIED 68.95 37.66	CHMUE PEXENT MESPACIC SOCILIO -9.65	1982 PERCENT NEESPARIC DIADREUT 41.35 41.35	1983 PERCENT HESPANCE DROPART 47.85 34.65	1984 PERCENT HESPANIC I DROPOUT 44.75 27.95	CHANGE PIRCEAT ELSPANIC DROPOUT 3.45 -1.55
School Level Data TTEED CEPARISON - SCHOOL NAME Relayin Burk Richards Voc # Lakevier	HESPANICS DEST TYPE 5 Own 12 Vec 3 Own	1982 12/1521030 12/162314620 312 15/9 406	1963 60020000 70230001 325 195 397	19/18/19/19 1409 205 308	C1990E 19015010 19651400 97 46 (98)	1982 PERCENT PERCENT PARCE PAR	1983 PERCENT HESPARC ENCLLED 63.75 47.25 43.65	1984 FERCENT HISPANIC BOOLLED 68.95 37.66 53.95	CHMUE PEXICAT MILEPARTIC SARTILLED 5.53 -9.66 12.65	1982 PERCENT HESPANIC DIAGRETIT 41.35 29.45 44.15	1963 PERCENT HESPARIC DROPOUT 47.65 34.65 54.78	1984 PERCENT HISPANIC I DROPOUT 44.75 27.95 46.66	CHACE PISCENT ESPANC DROPOUT 3.46 -1.55 2.55
School Level Data TTEID (IMPARISON - STRICE NAME Felvyin Park Richards Voc # Lakevier Schurz Kelly #	HESPANICS DEST TYPE 5 Own 12 Yea 3 Own	1982 (2772)(3)0 (71023)(42) 312 159 406 829 355	1983 60027000 77623H6H 325 195 397 794 296	9/18/9/10/10 7/18/9/10/10 409 205 308 736 325	ALCONOCE SOLUTION ALCONOCE SOLUTION DE CAMPAGE CONTRACTOR DE CAMPA	1982 PRICENT TOPAGE LACULED 63.55 T7.25 41.15 29.25 26.88	1983 FERENT HISPARC DROLLED 63.71 47.25 43.66 32.66 21.35	1984 FENCENT (ILSPANIC ENSCLLED 68.95 37.66 53.95 34.68	CHITE PENCENT MESPARIC SATULED 5.53 -9.64 12.65 5.64 -1.65	1982 PERCENT MESPANIC DIOPEUT 41.31 29.46 44.19 53.91	1963 PERCEIT HISPARIC DROPOUT 47.85 34.65 54.75 46.65 46.23	1984 PERCENT HESPANIC I DROPOUT 44.75 27.95 46.66 45.75	CHARE PHICENT ILSPANIC DROPOUT 3.46 -1.58 -2.56 -8.25 2.05
School Level Data TTEED CEPARCHON STRICT NAME Felvyn Park Richards Voc # Lakevier Schutz Kelly * Sonn *	- HISPANICE DEST TYPE 5 Own 12 You 3 Own 4 Own 6 Own 2 Own	1982 (2772)(310 (71023)(42)(312 159 406 829 355 548	1963 60027000 71623H601 325 195 397 794 296	201521104 205 308 736 325 609	C1904ER: ENTERIOR FRESHERN 97 46 (90) (93) (30) (30)	1982 PRICENT TURNEC LACULED 63.55 TU.25 41.15 41.15 23.25 23.35 21.55	1983 FERENT HISPARC DROLLED 63.71 47.25 43.66 32.66 21.35 0.48	1984 FEREDIT 10.SPARTO 2001LLED 68.95 37.66 53.95 34.66 29.96 24.95	OMME PERCENT MISPARIC SARTLED 5.53 -9.64 12.65 5.64 -1.65 2.95	1982 PERCENT MESPANIC DIOPOUT 41.31 41.31 44.15 39.51 39.51	1963 PERCENT HESPARIC DROPCAT 47.85 34.65 34.65 54.71 46.65 46.23	1984 PRICENT HESPANIC I DROPOUT 44.75 27.95 46.66 45.75 41.45 40.85	CHARE PIRCENT INSPANIC DROPOUT 3.46 -1.58 -1.58 2.56 -8.26 2.06 2.36
School Level Data TTEED (TEPARISON - STRICE NAME Felivian Parit Richards Voc # Lakevian Schurz Kelly * Som * Princer Voc	- HISPANICE DEST TYPE 5 Own 12 Yea 3 Own 4 Own 6 Own 2 Own 4 Yea	1982 (37021000 (7023100) 312 159 406 829 355 548 373	1983 SITE FROM 1982 1982 1985 1985 1985 1987 1994 296 571 358	78634634 78634634 409 205 308 736 325 609 323	CISHER ENTERNE FRESHEN 97 46 (98) (93) (93) (50) 61 (50)	1982 PRICENT INTERNACE E-ACULED 63.55 IT.25 41.15 41.15 21.25 21.25 21.25 21.25 21.25	1983 FENCINE HISPARC EMCLLED 63.71 47.25 43.65 32.65 32.65 21.35 0.45 22.35	1984 FENCENT (ILSPANT) (ILSPANT) (IR	OMNUE PERCENT MISPARIC SAFELLED 5.53 -9.64 12.65 5.66 -1.65 2.95 -1.85	1982 PSRCENT NESPANC DIOPEUT 41.33 29.46 74.17 53.97 39.53 39.51 18.66	1963 FERCE/IT HESPARIC DROPCAIT 47.85 34.65 34.65 54.71 46.65 46.25 0.05	1984 PERCENT HESPANIC I DROPOUT 44.75 27.95 46.66 45.75 40.85 14.85	0980E PI3CEAT ILSPANIC DROPOUT 3.46 -1.55 2.56 -8.25 2.06 2.35 -3.66
School Level Data TTEED CEPARCHON STRICT NAME Felvyn Park Richards Voc # Lakevier Schutz Kelly * Sonn *	- HISPANICE DEST TYPE 5 Own 12 You 3 Own 4 Own 6 Own 2 Own	1982 197021010 190231421 312 159 406 829 325 548 373 662	1963 60027000 71623H601 325 195 397 794 296	201521104 205 308 736 325 609	C1904ER: ENTERIOR FRESHERN 97 46 (90) (93) (30) (30)	1982 PRICENT TURNEC LACULED 63.55 TU.25 41.15 41.15 23.25 23.35 21.55	1963 FERCENT HISPARC ENCLLED 63.71 47.25 43.66 32.65 21.65 21.65 22.65 22.65 22.65 22.65 22.65	1984 FENCENT HISPARTIC PROCLED 68.95 37.66 53.95 34.95 24.95 24.95 19.86 27.15	OMME PERCENT MISPARIC SARTLED 5.53 -9.64 12.65 5.64 -1.65 2.95	1982 PERCENT MESPANIC DIOPEUT 41.31 29.46 39.51 39.51 39.51 18.66	1963 PERCENT HILSPARIC DROPCAT 47.65 34.65 54.78 46.63 46.63 19.48 22.38	1984 PERCENT HESPANIC I DROPOUT 44.75 27.95 46.75 45.75 41.45 40.85 14.85 26.25	CHARE PIRCENT INSPANIC DROPOUT 3.46 -1.58 -1.58 2.56 -8.26 2.06 2.36
School Level Data TTEED CEPARISON - SCHOOL NAME Kelvyn Burk Richards Voc # Lakevier Schurz Kelly * Somn * Princer Voc Ourte Roomveit Sulliven	- HISPANICE DEST TYPE 5 Own 12 Yea 3 Own 4 Own 6 Own 2 Own 12 Yea 12 Yea 12 Own 12 Own 12 Own 12 Own 12 Own 12 Own 13 Own 14 Own 15 Own 16 Own 17 Own 18 Own	1982 27023000 7023000 312 159 406 829 375 548 373 662 392 291	1963 SITEXING FRESHEN 325 195 397 794 296 571 358 716 378 236	778534631 409 205 308 736 325 609 323 719 407 270	G990ER 90TE/GDD FRESH CDA 97 46 (98) (93) (30) 61 (50) 57 15 (21)	1982 PRODUC VISPAGE SACULED 63.55 V7.25 V1.55 21.55 21.55 21.56 21.56 14.65 13.46	1963 FENCENT HISPARC DROLLED 47.25 47.25 43.66 32.66 21.35 0.46 22.36 22.36 16.56 17.48	1984 9250200 1639MEC 2000LLED 37.66 53.95 34.86 24.95 24.95 24.95 24.95 24.95 19.86 21.66	OWNE PERCENT MISPARIC SATILLED 5.55 -9.66 12.65 -1.65 2.95 -1.65 6.65 1.46	1982 PERCENT HESPANIC DIOPEUT 41.33 29.45 39.51 39.51 39.51 39.51 39.51 54.31 54.31	1963 PERCENT HISPANIC DENERAL TO SHARE SHA	1984 PERCENT HESPANIC I DROPOUT 44.75 45.66 45.71 41.45 40.88 14.85 37.35 39.45	CHARGE PRINCENT SINGLE DROPOUT 3.45 -1.55 -2.53 -8.25 -2.06 -3.85 -16.05 -17.05 -16.65
School Level Data TTEED CEPARISON - SCHOOL NAME Kelvyn Burk Richards Voc # Lakevier Schurz Kelly * Somn * Princer Voc Oute Roceaveit Gulliven Hashington	- HISPANICE DEST TYPE 5 Own 12 Yea 3 Own 4 Own 6 Own 2 Own 1 Yea 1 Own 1 Own 2 Own 2 Own 2 Own 2 Own 1 Own 2 Own 2 Own	1982 27023000 7023000 312 159 406 829 375 548 371 662 291 330	1963 SITEXING FRESHEN 325 195 397 794 296 571 358 716 376 296	78634634 409 205 308 736 325 609 323 719 407 270 341	98-028 98-03-04-04 98-04-04 98-04-04 99-04-04-04 99-04-04-04-04-04-04-04-04-04-04-04-04-04-	1982 PRODUC PRODUC PACULED 63.5% 97.25 41.15 29.25 21.25 21.25 21.26 13.46 13.46 13.46	1963 FENCENT HISPARC DROLLED 63.71 47.25 43.66 21.35 0.46 22.35 20.45 16.55 17.45 14.25	1984 9290200 1039MDC 20001LED 68.95 57.66 53.95 34.66 24.95 24.95 24.95 19.66 27.16 21.66 21.70	OWNEE PERCENT MISPARIC SOUTLLED 5.55 -9.66 12.65 5.66 -1.65 2.95 -1.45 6.56 1.46 6.46	1982 PERCENT HESPANIC DROPEUT 41.33 29.45 39.55 39.55 39.55 42.25 54.35 54.35 52.75	1963 PENCERT HISPANIC DROPAIT 47.88 34.69 45.49 46.45	1984 PERCENT HESPANIC I DROPOUT 44.75 45.66 45.75 41.46 40.66 14.65 37.35 39.46 29.75	CHARGE PRINCENT SEPART C DROFOUT 3.45 -1.55 2.55 -2.56 -3.66 -17.05 -17.05 7.05
School Level Data TTEED CEPARISON - SCHOOL NAME Kelvyn Burk Richards Voc # Lakevier Schurz Kelly * Somn * Princer Voc Ourte Roomveit Sulliven	- HISPANICE DEST TYPE 5 Own 12 Yea 3 Own 4 Own 6 Own 2 Own 12 Yea 12 Yea 12 Own 12 Own 12 Own 12 Own 12 Own 12 Own 13 Own 14 Own 15 Own 16 Own 17 Own 18 Own	1982 27023000 7023000 312 159 406 829 375 548 373 662 392 291	1983 BITEXTOLE PTEXIMEN 325 195 397 799 296 296 378 216 378 236 443	790294034 409 205 308 736 325 609 323 719 407 270 341 280	G990ER 90TE/GDD FRESH CDA 97 46 (98) (93) (30) 61 (50) 57 15 (21)	1982 PRODUC VISPAGE SACULED 63.55 V7.25 V1.55 21.55 21.55 21.56 21.56 14.65 13.46	1963 FENCENT HISPARC DROLLED 63.71 47.25 43.66 21.35 0.46 22.35 20.46 16.55 14.25 14.25	1984 FENCENT (ILSPANIC EMPCILED 68.95 57.66 57.66 53.95 34.66 29.96 24.95 24.95 24.95 21.66 27.15 21.66	OMME PERCENT MISPANIC SARTLED 5.55 -9.66 12.65 -1.65 2.95 -1.65 12.25 6.46 1.46 6.46	1982 PERCENT HESPANIC DROPEUT 41.33 29.45 39.51 39.51 39.51 42.23 42.23 54.33 30.60	1963 PERCENT HESPARIC DRICKIT 17.66 17.66 145.66 145.66 145.66 19.	1984 FERCENT HESPANIC I DROPOUT 44.75 46.66 45.75 41.45 49.85 14.85 25.25 37.45 29.75 39.45	CHARGE PIREDIT ILSPANIC DROPOUT 3.45 -1.58 -2.55 -8.25 -2.08 -2.36 -3.65 -16.05 -17.05 -10.13
School Level Data TTEED (TEPARCEON - STRICE NAME Fellym Park Richards Voc # Lakevier Schurz Kolly # Sonn 0 Prencer Voc Carte Roomerit Salliven Hauhington Poregen Lone Histro, Chiongo	- HISPANICS DEST TYPE 5 Own 12 Yea 3 Own 4 Own 6 Own 6 Own 12 Own 1 Own 1 Own 2 Own 1 Own 1 Own 2 Own	1982 1970230403 190231403 312 1599 406 829 325 538 373 662 392 291 338 288 825 40	1983 BITEXTOLE FTESHEN 325 195 397 794 296 571 58 716 378 226 443 430 1,162 44	790294034 790294034 409 205 308 736 325 609 323 719 407 270 341 280 1,066 56	98 (98) 97 (98) 98 (98) (98) (98) (90) (93) (30) (50) 57 15 (21) 3 (8) (8)	1982 PERCENT TEPARCE LACULED 63.55 41.15 29.25 21.55 21.55 21.55 14.85 13.45 13.45 13.45 13.45 10.75 10.05	1963 PENCENT INSPANCE DISCLLED 63.71 47.25 43.66 32.66 32.66 21.35 20.96 16.55 17.65 14.25 12.15 9.13	1984 9200200 10.59MIC 20001LED 68.55 53.55 53.55 24.56 24.55 21.66 14.65 21.71 13.66 11.55	OMNUE PERCENT MLSPANIC SURVLLED 5.55 -9.66 -1.65 -1.65 -1.65 -1.64 -1.64 -1.64 -1.64 -1.65 -1.64 -1.65	1982 PERCENT MESPANIC DIOPETE 41.33 29.46 44.15 39.53 39.53 18.66 42.25 54.33 22.75 22.75 25.06	1963 PERCENT HISPANIC DIRECTOR 47.00 54.70 54.70 54.70 54.70 54.70 55.70	1984 PERCENT HESPANIC I DROPOUT 44.75 46.64 45.76 41.48 40.48 40.48 25.25 37.35 39.46 29.76 39.46 29.76 39.46	CHACE PRODUT 3.46 -1.58 -2.56 -8.25 -3.66 -17.06 -17.06 -10.13 -2.50
School Level Data TTEED (TEPARESCH - SCHOOL NAME Felvyn Park Richards Voc # Lakevier Schurz Kelly # Sonn * Princer Voc Osta Roosevelt Salliven Hauhington Ference Lone Hattro, Chlongo Halbard	- HISPANICS DEST TYPE 5 Own 12 Yea 3 Own 4 Own 8 Own 12 Own 12 Own 14 Own 20 Own 15 Own 16 Own 17 Own 18 Own 19 Own 19 Own 19 Own 19 Own 19 Own 19 Own 19 Own 19 Own 19 Own 19 Own 19 Own 19 Own 19 Own 19 Own 19 Own 19 Own	1982 2470230403 7102314031 312 159 406 829 325 548 373 662 392 291 338 288 40 319	1983 BITEXTOLE FTESHEN 325 195 397 794 296 571 58 716 302 26 4413 302 1,162 44 357	7878291634 7782391634 409 205 308 736 325 609 323 719 407 270 341 280 1,065 56 312	GSMER BITESTOD FRESHEDI 97 86 (90) (93) (30) 61 (50) 77 15 (21) 3 (8) 280 16 (7)	1982 PRODUC PRODUC PACULED 63.55 47.25 41.15 29.25 21.55 21.55 21.55 14.85 13.45 13.45 10.75 10.75 10.75	1963 PENCENT INSPANCE DISCILLED 63.75 47.25 43.66 32.66 21.35 0.45 22.46 16.55 17.45 12.65 12.65 12.65 7.35	1984 9290200 1039MIC 24904420 24904420 53,95 34,35 24,55 21,56 14,35 21,75 13,56 11,55 11,55 11,55	OMNUE PERCERT HLSPARTC SURTLLED 5.55 -9.66 -1.65 -1.65 -1.65 -1.65 -1.46 6.46 1.46 6.46 1.46 6.47 2.75 2.75	1982 PERCENT HESPANC DIOPETE 41.37 41.37 42.37 43.37	1963 PERCENT HISPANIC DIRECTOR 19,466 94,766 46,25 94,766 46,25 95,26 45,25 95,26 45,25 95,26 45	1984 PERCENT HESPANIC I DROPOUT 44.75 46.66 45.75 41.46 40.88 14.85 25.25 37.35 39.45 29.75 39.45 29.75 39.45 29.75 39.45 29.75 39.45 29.75 39.45 29.75 39.45 29.75 39.4	CHACE PRODUCT 3.45 -1.55 -2.55 -8.25 -3.65 -10.05 -17.05 -10.13 -2.56 -0.35
School Level Data TTEED CEPARISON - SCHOOL NAME Felvyn Burk Richards Voc # Lekevier Schurz Kelly # Sours # Princer Voc Carte Roccovelt Salliven Machington Person Lane History Chiongo Halberd Acandom	- HISPANICE DEST TYPE 5 Own 12 Yea 3 Own 4 Own 6 Own 2 Own 1 Own 1 Own 2 Own 1 Own 1 Own 3 Teats 11 Own 2 Own 2 Own 2 Own 3 Teats 11 Own 2 Own 2 Own 2 Own 2 Own 3 Teats 2 Own 2 Own 2 Own 2 Own 3 Teats 1 Own 2 Own 2 Own	1982 27023000 7023000 312 159 406 829 373 662 291 330 288 825 40 319 356	1963 SITEXTUCE FIESTHEN 325 195 397 799 296 571 302 26 493 302 1,162 49 357 376	7978394634 409 205 308 325 609 323 719 200 1,065 56 312 349	G990ER BRESIDED FRESIDED FRESIDED FRESIDED (90) (93) (30) 61 (50) 57 15 (21) 3 (8) 280 16 (7) (7)	1982 PRODUC PRODUC LACULED 63.55 67.25 67.25 61.15 29.25 21.55 21.55 21.55 14.85 13.45 13.45 13.45 10.75 10.75 10.75 9.75	1963 FENCENT INSPANCE DISCULLED 63.71 47.25 43.66 32.66 32.66 21.35 20.46 22.36 17.35 16.55 17.45 12.15 7.35 16.86	1904 9290200 1039MDC 20001120 53.95 34.85 24.55 19.45 21.66 14.85 21.75 13.66 11.55 11.95 11.95	OMNUE PERCEAT MESPARIC SARELLED 5.55 -9.66 12.65 -1.65 2.95 -1.65 12.55 6.65 1.45 6.46 1.46 6.47 2.15 7.35	1982 PERCENT HESPANIC DIOPEUT 41.33 29.45 39.55	1963 PERCENT HISPANIC DINEVALT 47.88 34.66 34.76 46.25 0.08 12.35 45.25 45.25 45.25 45.25 45.25 45.25 45.25 49.35 49.35	1984 PERCENT HESPANIC I DROPOUT 41.75 46.66 45.75 41.45 40.85 14.85 29.75 39.45 29.75 39.45 29.75 39.45 41.8	THE PROPERTY OF THE PROPERTY O
School Level Data TTEED (TEPARESCH - SCHOOL NAME Felvyn Park Richards Voc # Lakevier Schurz Kelly # Sonn * Princer Voc Osta Roosevelt Salliven Hauhington Ference Lone Hattro, Chlongo Halbard	- HISPANICS DEST TYPE 5 Own 12 Yea 3 Own 4 Own 8 Own 12 Own 12 Own 14 Own 20 Own 15 Own 16 Own 17 Own 18 Own 19 Own 19 Own 19 Own 19 Own 19 Own 19 Own 19 Own 19 Own 19 Own 19 Own 19 Own 19 Own 19 Own 19 Own 19 Own 19 Own	1982 2470230403 7102314031 312 159 406 829 325 548 373 662 392 291 338 288 40 319	1983 BITEXTOLE FTESHEN 325 195 397 794 296 571 58 716 302 26 4413 302 1,162 44 357	7878291634 7782391634 409 205 308 736 325 609 323 719 407 270 341 280 1,065 56 312	GSMER BITESTOD FRESHEDI 97 86 (90) (93) (30) 61 (50) 77 15 (21) 3 (8) 280 16 (7)	1982 PRODUC PRODUC PACULED 63.55 47.25 41.15 29.25 21.55 21.55 21.55 14.85 13.45 13.45 10.75 10.75 10.75	1963 FENCENT HISPARC DROLLED 63.71 47.25 43.66 21.35 0.46 22.35 16.55 17.48 14.25 12.66 12.15 9.13 16.56 6.66	1984 9290200 1039MDC 20901LED 53,95 34,65 24,55 24,55 24,55 21,75 11,65 11,55 11,55 11,55 11,55 11,55 11,55 11,55	OMNUE PERCERT HLSPARTC SURTLLED 5.55 -9.66 -1.65 -1.65 -1.65 -1.65 -1.46 6.46 1.46 6.46 1.46 6.47 2.75 2.75	1982 PERCENT HESPANIC DIOPETE 41.33 29.46 39.53 39.53 18.66 42.25 54.33 22.77 22.55 25.00 53.60	1963 PERCENT MEMBER TO BENEVAT MEMBER TO BENEVAT SHARE	1984 PSRCERT HESPANIC I DROPOUT 44.75 45.66 45.71 41.45 40.88 14.83 37.35 39.45 29.71 39.46 13.23 0.36 43.63 17.15	CHACE PRODUCT 3.45 -1.55 -2.55 -8.25 -3.65 -10.05 -17.05 -10.13 -2.56 -0.35
School Level Data TTEED CEPARCHON - STREEL NAME Felvyn Park Richards Voc # Lakevier Schurz Kelly # form * Princer Voc Carte Rossevelt Calliven Hauhington Poressan Lone Hatterd Acandoon Steinmets Bogen Hatter	- HISPANICS DEST TYPE 5 Own 12 Yea 3 Own 4 Own 6 Own 12 Own 12 Own 12 Own 13 Own 15 Own 11 Own 15 Own 15 Own 15 Own 15 Own 15 Own 15 Own 16 Own 17 Own 18 Own 18 Own 19	1982 2970230403 312 1599 406 829 355 548 373 662 291 330 288 825 40 319 356 485 291	1963 6002/0046 7028/1604 325 195 337 794 296 376 236 403 302 1, 162 44 357 376 516 516 516 516 516	79029000 79029000 409 205 308 736 325 609 323 719 407 270 341 280 1,065 56 312 349 520 329	98-028 98-029 98-66 (90) (93) (30) 61 (50) 57 15 (21) 3 (8) (8) (8) (7) (7) (7) (7)	1982 PRODUC PROCES 11/29 AGC 12/29 41/15 29/25 21/25 2	1963 PENCENT INSPANC DECLLED 63.75 47.25 43.66 32.66 32.66 21.35 20.95 16.55 17.45 14.25 12.15 9.13 7.35 16.86 6.86 5.95	1984 9290200 10.59400 2800420 68.95 34.65 29.95 29.95 29.95 21.66 14.65 21.75 11.55 11.55 11.55 11.55 11.55 11.55	OMNUE PERCENT MLSPANC SARCLED 5.55 -9.65 12.65 -1.65 -1.65 12.75 6.76 1.46 8.46 1.46 9.75 2.15 7.35 2.65 3.05 2.65	1982 PERCENT HESPANC DIOPETE 41.37 41.37 42.37 43.37	1963 PERCENT HILL SHARE THE SHARE TH	1984 PERCENT HESPANIC I DROPOUT 44.75 45.66 45.75 41.48 40.48 25.25 37.35 39.46 13.25 0.05 53.66 43.85	CHACE PRODUCT 1.55 -1.55 -2.55 -3.55 -16.05 -17.05 -17.05 -17.05 -18.65 -17.05 -18.65
School Level Data TTPED (TEPARESCH - STICCE NAME Kelvyn Park Richards Voc # Lakeviar Schurz Kelly # Som * Princer Voc Carte Roopsvelt Salliven Haubington Porigen Lone Histor, Chiongo Haibard Anandsen Steirmetz Bogon Hatter Kernoly	- HISPANICS DEST TYPE 5 Own 12 Yea 3 Own 4 Gen 6 Own 2 Own 12 Own 1 Own 1 Own 1 Own 2 Own 1 Ow	1982 1970210100 190211421 312 159 406 829 355 598 373 662 291 336 288 825 40 319 356 483 360 329	1963 BITEXTOLE FTESHEN 325 195 337 794 296 571 58 716 376 206 403 302 1, 142 40 377 376 516 313 328 328	786594634 409 205 308 736 325 609 321 719 407 270 341 280 1,056 312 339 520 335 329 520 371	GSMER BITEIRD FIESHER 97 46 (90) (93) (30) 61 (50) 77 15 (21) 3 (8) 240 16 (7) (7) (7)	1982 PRICE TO THE PART OF THE	1963 PENCENT INSPANCE DECLLED 63.71 47.25 43.66 32.66 21.35 20.95 16.55 17.85 12.45 9.13 7.35 16.86 2.66 2.66 2.65	1984 9290200 1039400 24904420 24904420 53,95 34,85 24,95 24,95 21,16 14,85 21,76 11,95 11,	OMNUE PERCENT MLSPANIC SARCLED 5.55 -9.66 12.65 -1.65 -1.65 -1.64 6.45 1.44 6.45 7.35 -2.15 7.35 2.15 2.15 2.15 2.15 2.15 2.15	1982 PERCENT HESPANC DIOPETE 41.33 49.46	1963 PERCENT MERCAT MERCAT WAS ASSESSED TO SENSO OF SENSO	1984 PERCENT HESPANIC I DROPOUT 44.79 46.64 45.78 46.64 46.78 46.7	ではは では では では では では では では では では
School Level Data TTEED CEPARCHON - STREEL NAME Felvyn Park Richards Voc # Lakevier Schurz Kelly # form * Princer Voc Carte Rossevelt Calliven Hauhington Poressan Lone Hatterd Acandoon Steinmets Bogen Hatter	- HISPANICS DEST TYPE 5 Own 12 Yea 3 Own 4 Own 6 Own 12 Own 12 Own 12 Own 13 Own 15 Own 11 Own 15 Own 15 Own 15 Own 15 Own 15 Own 15 Own 16 Own 17 Own 18 Own 18 Own 19	1982 2970230403 312 1599 406 829 355 548 373 662 291 330 288 825 40 319 356 485 291	1963 6002/0046 7028/1604 325 195 337 794 296 376 236 403 302 1, 162 44 357 376 516 516 516 516 516	79029000 79029000 409 205 308 736 325 609 323 719 407 270 341 280 1,065 56 312 349 520 329	98-028 98-029 98-66 (90) (93) (30) 61 (50) 57 15 (21) 3 (8) (8) (8) (7) (7) (7) (7)	1982 PRODUC PROCES 11/29 AGC 12/29 41/15 29/25 21/25 2	1963 PENCENT INSPANCE DISCLED 63.75 47.25 43.66 32.66 32.66 21.35 10.48 20.56 11.25 11.25 12.65 12.65 12.65 12.65 12.65 13.13 16.86 2.66 2.66 2.66 2.66 2.66 2.66 2.66	1984 9290200 1039MIC 24901420 24901420 53,95 34,35 24,55 21,56 14,35 21,75 13,56 11,	OMNUE PERCENT MLSPANC SARCLED 5.55 -9.65 12.65 -1.65 -1.65 12.75 6.76 1.46 8.46 1.46 9.75 2.15 7.35 2.65 3.05 2.65	1982 PERCENT HESPANIC DIOPETE 41.33 49.45	1963 PERCENT AND AND AND AND AND AND AND AND AND AND	1984 PERCENT HESPANIC I DROPOUT 44.79 46.64 45.78 46.64 46.78 46.7	日本の 日本の 1.35 1.35 2.35 2.35 2.36 2.36 2.36 3.66 7.06 7.06 10.36 7.06 10.36 10.36 10.37 3.88 11.88 8.87 8.87 8.88
School Level Data TTEED (TEPARESCH - STICCE NAME Kelvyn Park Richards Voc # Lakevier Schurz Kelly # Somn * Prencer Voc Oute Roomvelt Salliven Haulington Poregen Lone Hittro, Chlongo Halbard Anandoen Steirmetz Engen Hatter Kernody Taft	- HISPANICS DEST TYPE 5 Own 12 Yea 3 Own 4 Own 6 Own 2 Own 12 Own 1 Own 2 Own 1 Own 2 Own 1 Own 2 Own 1 Own	1982 197021010 19021101 312 159 106 829 255 548 392 291 336 405 319 356 405 319 356 405 329 409	1963 SITE X 1961 FT 1221 MEN 325 195 397 794 296 5716 376 226 447 302 1, 142 44 357 376 516 313 356 516 313 356 516 313 356 516 313 356 516 313 357	78051101 78051101 409 205 308 325 609 323 719 407 270 341 280 01,065 312 349 520 315 289 374 444	GSMER BATESTOD FRESH (90) (90) (93) (30) 61 (50) 77 15 (21) 3 (8) 240 (71) (77) (45)	1982 PRODUC PRODUC LACULED 63.53 67.25 67.25 61.15 21.55 21.55 21.55 14.85 13.35 12.25 10.71 10.00 9.35 4.35 2.65 2.15 10.71	1963 FENCENT INSPANCE DISCLED 63.71 47.25 43.66 32.66 32.66 32.66 20.96 12.45 12.66 12.45 12.66 12.66 5.93 16.86 16.86 1	1904 9290200 1039MIC 20001120 53,95 54,55 24,55 19,56 21,66 14,56 21,75 13,66 11,56 11,56 11,56 11,56 11,56 11,56 11,56 11,56 11,56 11,56 11,56 11,56 11,56 11,56 11,56 11,56	OMNUE PERCEPT MESPARIC SARELLED 5.55 -9.66 12.65 -1.65 2.95 -1.65 1.45 6.45 1.45 6.45 2.15 7.35 3.04 2.65 3.15 2.65 3.15 2.65 3.15 2.65	1982 PERCENT HESPANIC DIOPETE 41.33 44.15 53.95 39.55 18.66 18.67	1963 PERCENT AND AND AND AND AND AND AND AND AND AND	1984 PERCENT HESPANIC I DROPOUT 47.95 46.66 45.75 41.45 40.85 37.45 39.45 39.45 17.15 43.8	ではは では では では では では では では では では
School Level Data TTEED CEPARISON SCHOOL NAME Felvyn Burk Richards Voc # Lekevier Schurz Kelly # Somn @ Princer Voc Oste Rossoveit Salliven Hauhington Felven Lone History Chicago History Steirmetz Bogen Halber Kernoly Tart Hoppen Bark	- HISPANICS DEST TYPE 5 Own 12 Yea 3 Own 4 Own 8 Own 12 Own 1 Own 1 Own 1 Own 2 Own 1 Own 2 Own 1 Own 2 Own 1 Own	1982 27723000 7102314231 312 159 406 829 373 662 372 291 338 825 400 319 356 485 291 360 329 495	1963 SITEXTUCE FIEST FEN 325 195 397 798 296 571 308 236 443 302 1, 162 44 357 376 516 313 358 501 440	7863464 409 205 308 325 609 321 719 407 270 341 280 1,065 56 312 349 520 374 444 422	GSMER: BATESTOED FRESH (SR) (SR) (SR) (SR) (SR) (SR) (SR) (SR)	1982 PRODUC PRODUC LACULED 63.53 67.25 67.25 61.15 21.55 21.55 21.55 14.85 13.35 12.25 10.71 10.00 9.35 4.35 2.65 2.15 10.71	1963 FENCENT INSPANCE DISCLED 63.71 47.25 43.66 32.66 32.66 32.66 20.96 12.45 12.66 12.45 12.66 12.66 5.93 16.86 16.86 1	1904 9290200 1039MIC 20001120 68.93 37.66 53.93 24.53 19.85 21.66 14.86 21.75 13.66 11.58 11.93 16.66 7.35 5.75 5.95 4.66 0.71	OMNUE PERCEPT MESPARIC SARELLED 5.55 -9.66 12.65 -1.65 2.95 -1.65 1.45 6.45 1.45 6.45 2.15 7.35 3.04 2.65 3.15 2.65 3.15 2.65 3.15 2.65	1982 PERCENT HESPANIC DIOPETE 41.33 44.15 53.95 39.55 18.66 18.67	1963 PERCENT AUSTRALIC DESCRIPTION OF THE SECOND OF THE SE	1984 PERCENT HESPANIC I DROPOUT 47.95 46.66 45.75 41.45 40.85 37.45 39.45 39.45 17.15 43.8	日本の 1.3 1.3 1.3 1.3 1.3 1.3 1.3 1.3 1.3 1.3 1.3 1.3 1.3 1.3 1.3 1.3 1.3 1.3 1.3 1.3 1.3 1.3 1.3 1.3 1.3 1.3 1.3 1.3 1.3 1.3 1.3 1.3 1.3 1.3 1.3 1.3 1.3 1.3 1.3 1.3 1.3 1.3 1.3 1.3 1.3 1.3 1.3 1.3 1.3 1.3 1.3 1.3 1.3 1.3 1.3 1.3 1.3 1.3 1.3 1.3 1.3 1.3 1.3 1.3 1.3 1.3 1.3 1.3 1.3 1.3 1.3 1.3 1.3 1.3 1.3 1.3 1.3 1.3 1.3 1.3 1.3 1.3 1.3 1.3 1.3 1.3 1.3 1.3 1.3 1.3 1.3 1.3 1.3 1.3 1.3 1.3 1.3 1.3 1.3 1.3 1.3 1.3 1.3 1.3 1.3 1.3 1.3 1.3 1.3 1.3 1.3 1.3 1.3 1.3 1.3 1.3 1.3 1.3 1.3 1.3 1.3 1.3 1.3 1.3 1.3 1.3 1.3 1.3 1.3 1.3 1.3 1.3 1.3 1.3 1.3 1.3 1.3 1.3 1.3 1.3 1.3 1.3 1.3 1.3 1.3 1.3 1.3 1.3 1.3 1.3 1.3 1.3 1.3 1.3 1.3 1.3 1.3 1.3 1.3 1.3 1.3 1.3 1.3 1.3 1.3 1.3 1.3 1.3 1.3 1.3 1.3 1.3 1.3 1.3 1.3 1.3 1.3 1.3 1.3 1.3 1.3 1.3 1.3 1.3 1.3 1.3 1.3 1.3 1.3 1.3 1.3 1.3 1.3 1.3 1.3 1.3 1.3 1.3 1.3 1.3 1.3 1.3 1.3 1.3 1.3 1.3 1.3 1.3 1.3 1.3 1.3 1.3 1.3 1.3 1.3 1.3 1.3 1.3 1.3 1.3 1.3 1.3 1.3 1.3 1.3 1.3 1.3 1.3 1.3 1.3 1.3 1.3 1.3 1.3 1.3 1.3 1.3 1.3 1.3 1.3 1.3 1.3 1.3 1.3 1.3 1.3 1.3 1.3 1.3 1.3 1.3 1.3 1.3 1.3 1.3 1.3 1.3 1.3 1.3 1.3 1.3 1.3 1.3 1.3 1.3 1.3 1.3 1.3 1.3 1.3 1.3 1.3 1.3 1.3 1.3 1.3 1.3 1.3 1.3 1.3 1.3 1.3 1.3 1.3 1.3 1.3 1.3 1.3 1.3 1.3 1.3
School Level Data TTEED CEPARCHING STRICE NAME Kelvyn Park Richards Voc # Lakeviar Schurz Kelly # Sown © Princer Voc Carte Roopsveit Calliven Hashington Pougen Lone Histor, Chicago Halbard Acundoen Steinmetz Bogen Hattier Kernody Tart Horgan Park Cregier Voc	- HISPANICS DEST TYPE 5 Own 12 Yea 3 Own 4 Gen 8 Own 2 Own 12 Own 1 Own 1 Own 15 Own 15 Own 15 Own 16 Own 17 Own 18 Own 19 Own 19 Own 19 Own 19 Own 19 Own 19 Own 19 Own 19 Own 19 Own 19 Own 19 Own 19 Own 19 Own 19 Own 19 Own 19 Own 19 Own	1982 1970210100 19021401 312 159 406 829 355 598 373 662 291 336 288 291 319 356 489 329 489 486 179	1963 BITEXTURE 712214EN 325 195 396 576 576 576 576 516 302 1,162 44 357 376 516 313 358 362 501 440 136	78034634 409 205 308 736 325 609 321 719 407 270 341 280 1,055 56 312 349 520 339 520 339 520 339 520 344 422 150	GSMER BITESTED FRESHEDS 97 46 (90) (30) 61 (50) 77 15 (21) 3 (8) 240 16 (7) (7) (7) 35 14 (7) (45) (45) (45)	1982 PRODUC PRODUC LACULED 63.55 47.25 41.15 29.25 21.55 21.55 21.55 13.45 13.45 13.45 10.05 9.15 9.35 2.65 2.15 10.05 9.15 10.05 9.15 2.05 2.05 2.05 2.05 2.05 2.05 2.05 2.0	1963 PENCENT INSPANCE DISCLED 63.75 47.25 43.66 32.66 32.66 21.35 10.48 20.48 11.25 11.25 12.66 12.66 12.66 2.66 2.66 5.95 1.05 0.05 0.05	1984 9290200 1039400 24904420 24904420 253,95 24,95 24,95 24,95 21,16 14,85 21,76 11,95 11	CHATE PERCENT MESPANIC SARCLED 5.55 -9.66 -1.65	1982 PERCENT HESPANC DIOPETE 41.37 42.37 44.37 44.37 44.37 44.37 44.37 42.37 43.37	1963 PERCENT THE SENSE TO SENS	1984 PERCENT HESPANIC I DROPOUT 47.98 46.66 41.48 40.48 37.48 13.48 13.48 17.11 26.33 33.38 100.08	では位と PMORT 1. 55 - 1. 55 - 2. 55 - 3. 55 - 17. 65 7. 65 7. 65 7. 65 8 7. 75 8 9 7. 75 8 9 7. 75 8 9 7. 75 8 9 7. 75 8 9 7. 75 8 9 7. 75 8 9 7. 75 8 9 7. 75 8 9 7. 75 8 9 7. 75 8 9 7. 75 8 9 7. 75 8 9 7. 75 8 9 7. 75 8 9 7. 75 8 9 7. 75 8 9
School Level Data TTEED (TEPARCEON - STICCE NAME Kelvyn Park Richards Voc # Lakeviar Schurz Kelly # Sonn © Prencer Voc Curte Roomovelt Salliven Haulington Poregen Lone History Chlongo Halbard Anandom Steirmetz Bogan Hatlier Kernoly Taft Horgan Park Cregior Voc	- HISPANICS DEST TYPE 5 Own 12 Yea 3 Own 4 Gen 8 Own 12 Own 12 Own 15 Own 15 Own 15 Own 15 Own 16 Own 17 Own 18 Own 19 Own 19 Yea	1982 197021010 19021010 19021010 312 1999 106 829 255 530 289 373 662 291 336 289 291 356 409 319 356 409 426 474	1963 SITE X 1961 FT 1221 MEN 325 195 376 716 376 276 497 377 376 516 313 358 362 501 440 136	78781610 778731614 409 205 308 325 609 323 719 407 270 341 280 1,065 56 312 349 520 371 444 422 150	GSMER: SMESIUD FRESHERI 98 46 (90) (93) (30) 61 (50) 57 15 (21) 3 (8) 240 (77) (17) 45 (45) (45) (46) (24)	1982 PRODUC PRODUC LACULED 63.55 67.25 61.15 21.55 21.55 21.55 21.55 11.60 13.45 13.45 13.45 13.45 13.45 13.45 13.45 13.45 13.45 10.00 9.15 9.15 2.05 2.05 2.05 3.15	1963 PENCENT INSPANCE DISCILLED 63.73 47.25 43.66 32.66 32.66 21.35 10.48 20.48 11.25 11.25 12.65 12.65 12.65 12.65 12.65 12.65 13.66 2.66 5.95 4.25 1.05 0.05 0.05 0.05	1984 9250207 1039MIC 24501LED 53.95 34.55 24.55 24.55 21.66 14.55 11.55 11.55 11.55 11.55 11.55 11.55 11.55 11.55 11.55 11.55	OMNUE PERCEPT HESPARTC SARTLLED 5.55 -9.66 12.65 -1.65 2.95 -1.65 12.45 6.46 1.46 8.46 1.46 2.15 7.35 2.16 7.35 2.16 7.35 2.16 7.35 2.16 7.35 2.16 7.35 2.16 7.35 2.17	1982 PERCENT HESPANIC DIOPETE 41.33 49.45	1963 PERCENT OF SERVICE OF SERVIC	1984 PERCENT HESPANIC I DROPOUT 47.98 46.66 47.98 46.66 47.98 46.66 47.98 46.66 47.98 47.98 47.14 47.1	日本の 日本の 日本の 日本の 日本の 日本の 日本の 日本の
School Level Data TTEED CEPARCHING STRICE NAME Kelvyn Park Richards Voc # Lakeviar Schurz Kelly # Sown © Princer Voc Carte Roopsveit Calliven Hashington Pougen Lone Histor, Chicago Halbard Acundoen Steinmetz Bogen Hattier Kernody Tart Horgan Park Cregier Voc	- HISPANICS DEST TYPE 5 Own 12 Yea 3 Own 4 Gen 8 Own 2 Own 12 Own 1 Own 1 Own 15 Own 15 Own 15 Own 16 Own 17 Own 18 Own 19 Own 19 Own 19 Own 19 Own 19 Own 19 Own 19 Own 19 Own 19 Own 19 Own 19 Own 19 Own 19 Own 19 Own 19 Own 19 Own 19 Own	1982 1970210100 19021401 312 159 406 829 355 598 373 662 291 336 288 291 319 356 489 329 489 486 179	1963 BITEXTURE 712214EN 325 195 396 576 576 576 576 516 302 1,162 44 357 376 516 313 358 362 501 440 136	78034634 409 205 308 736 325 609 321 719 407 270 341 280 1,055 56 312 349 520 339 520 339 520 339 520 344 422 150	GSMER BITESTED FRESHEDS 97 46 (90) (30) 61 (50) 77 15 (21) 3 (8) 240 16 (7) (7) (7) 35 14 (7) (45) (45) (45)	1982 PRODUC PRODUC LACULED 63.55 47.25 41.15 29.25 21.55 21.55 21.55 13.45 13.45 13.45 10.05 9.15 9.35 2.65 2.15 10.05 9.15 10.05 9.15 2.05 2.05 2.05 2.05 2.05 2.05 2.05 2.0	1963 PENCENT INSPANCE DISCULLED 63.71 47.25 43.66 32.66 32.66 32.66 32.66 32.66 12.15 14.25 16.56 12.15 7.35 16.56 5.95 1.05 0.01 0.01 0.01 0.01 0.01	1904 9250200 1039MIC 20501LED 53.95 34.55 24.55 19.56 14.56 11.55 11.56 11.56 11.56 11.56 11.56 11.56 11.56 11.56 11.56 11.56	OMME PENEDET HESPARIC SARTLLED 5.55 -9.66 -1.65 -1.6	1982 PSPCENT HESPANC DIOPEUT 41.33 44.14 53.94 39.55 182.77 182.	1963 PERCENT AND AND AND AND AND AND AND AND AND AND	1984 PERCENT HERMIC I DROPOUT 47.95 46.66 45.75 41.85 45.75 41.85 43.85	では位と PMORT 1. 55 - 1. 55 - 2. 55 - 3. 55 - 17. 65 7. 65 7. 65 7. 65 8 7. 75 8 9 7. 75 8 9 7. 75 8 9 7. 75 8 9 7. 75 8 9 7. 75 8 9 7. 75 8 9 7. 75 8 9 7. 75 8 9 7. 75 8 9 7. 75 8 9 7. 75 8 9 7. 75 8 9 7. 75 8 9 7. 75 8 9 7. 75 8 9 7. 75 8 9
School Level Data TTEED CEPARCHON - STREEL NAME Felvyn Park Richards Voc # Lakeviar Schurz Kelly # Sown # Princer Voc Carta Rossoveit Callivan Hauhington Poressan Lone Hatterd Acandesen Steinmetz Bogen Hatter Kennoly Tart Horgen Park Cregior Voc Biaen Lirooln Park Farrigant Harrigan Harrigan Harrigan Harrigan Harrigan	- HISPANICS DEST TYPE 5 Own 12 Yea 3 Own 4 Own 6 Own 2 Own 12 Own 12 Own 15 Own 15 Own 15 Own 15 Own 16 Own 17 Own 18 Own 18 Own 19 Own 10 Own	1982 1972 1972 1972 1999 1006 829 373 662 399 390 390 390 390 390 390 390 390 390	1963 1962/1004 1962/1004 1955 337 195 337 196 338 236 302 1, 162 443 302 1, 162 443 302 1, 162 443 303 303 303 303 303 303 303 303 303	78594694 409 205 308 736 325 609 323 719 407 270 341 280 1,066 56 312 339 329 379 442 450 401 402 450	CHARTE PROTECTION FRESH (90) (93) (90) (93) (90) (93) (90) (93) (90) (93) (90) (93) (90) (93) (90) (93) (90) (93) (90) (93) (93) (93) (93) (93) (93) (93) (93	1982 PRODUC PRODUC LACULED 63.55 97.25 41.15 29.25 21.	1963 PENCENT INSPANCE DECLLED 63.71 47.25 43.66 32.66 32.66 21.35 20.96 16.55 17.45 12.15 9.13 7.35 16.66 2.66 2.65 2.65 2.65 2.65 2.65 2.65	1904 9200200 10.57400 20.00 20.00 20.00 20.00 20.00 21.66 11.50 11	CHARLE PERCENT HESPANIC SARCELIAD 5-9.66 12.66 12.66 12.66 11.67 12.66 1.68 1.68 1.68 1.68 1.68 1.68 1.68 1	1982 PERCENT HESPANIC 100 PEUT 41.33 44.15 44.35 44.15 44.35	1963 PERCENT TO SEE TO	1984 PERCENT HESPANIC I DROPOUT 47.95 45.76 41.45 40.45 37.76 43.75 43.76 17.14 56.33 39.55 177.14 56.33 39.55 53.65 53.	ではは では では では では では では では では では
School Level Data TTEED CEPARCION - STRICE NAME Felvyn Park Richards Voc # Lakevian Schiry Schiry Francer Voc Ozia Roccoveit Salliven Machington Ferenen Lone Hathard Anandeen Steinmetz Bogen Hather Kermody Tark Oregier Voc Braen Lirooln Park Farregat Farregat	- HISPANICS DEST TYPE 5 Own 12 Yea 3 Own 4 Own 6 Own 2 Own 12 Own 12 Own 15 Own 15 Own 15 Own 15 Own 16 Own 17 Own 18 Own 18 Own 19 Own 10 Own	1982 19722010 197221010 197221010 312 1999 1006 829 291 328 291 328 291 329 499 402 407 407 407 407 407 407 407 407 407 407	1963 6002/0046 7028/161 325 195 337 794 296 571 302 1, 162 443 302 1, 162 443 356 362 564 362 564 362 564 363 564 362 564 363 364 364 364 364 364 364 364 364 3	78634634 409 205 308 325 609 321 719 200 1,066 56 312 319 520 319 520 319 520 319 520 319 520 319 520 319 520 319 520 319 321 321 321 322 323 323 323 323 323 323	GSNEE: SHEETEN ST 46 (98) (93) (30) 61 (50) 57 15 (21) 3 (8) 240 (71) 45 (46) (24) (24) (173) 156 (160)	1982 PRODUC PRODUC LACULED 63.55 97.25 41.15 29.25 21.	1963 PENCENT INSPANCE DECLLED 63.71 47.25 43.66 32.66 32.66 21.35 20.96 16.55 17.45 12.15 9.13 7.35 16.66 2.66 2.65 2.65 2.65 2.65 2.65 2.65	1904 9200200 10.57400 20.00 20.00 20.00 20.00 20.00 21.66 11.50 11	CHICE PERCENT HESPANIC SANCELIAD 5-9.66 12.66 12.66 12.66 12.66 1.47 12.76 12.	1982 PERCENT HESPANIC 100 PEUT 41.33 44.15 44.35 44.15 44.35	1963 PERCENT TO SEE TO	1984 PERCENT HESPANIC I DROPOUT 47.95 45.76 41.45 40.45 37.76 43.75 43.76 17.14 56.33 39.55 177.14 56.33 39.55 53.65 53.	日本の 日本の 日本の 日本の 日本の 日本の 日本の 日本の
School Level Data TTEED CEPARCHON - STREEL NAME Felvyn Park Richards Voc # Lakeviar Schurz Kelly # Sown # Princer Voc Carta Rossoveit Callivan Hauhington Poressan Lone Hatterd Acandesen Steinmetz Bogen Hatter Kennoly Tart Horgen Park Cregior Voc Biaen Lirooln Park Farrigant Harrigan Harrigan Harrigan Harrigan Harrigan	- HISPANICS DEST TYPE 5 Own 12 Yea 3 Own 4 Own 6 Own 2 Own 12 Own 12 Own 15 Own 15 Own 15 Own 15 Own 16 Own 17 Own 18 Own 18 Own 19 Own 10 Own	1982 1972 1972 1972 1999 1006 829 373 662 399 390 390 390 390 390 390 390 390 390	1963 1962/1004 1962/1004 1955 337 195 337 196 338 236 302 1, 162 443 302 1, 162 443 302 1, 162 443 303 303 303 303 303 303 303 303 303	78691691 409 205 308 325 609 323 719 407 270 341 280 1,065 312 349 520 313 520 319 520 315 209 374 442 150 501 413 327 309 5	CHARTE PROTECTION FRESH (90) (93) (90) (93) (90) (93) (90) (93) (90) (93) (90) (93) (90) (93) (90) (93) (90) (93) (90) (93) (93) (93) (93) (93) (93) (93) (93	1982 PRODUC PRODUC LACULED 63.55 97.25 41.15 29.25 21.	1963 PENCENT INSPANCE DECLLED 63.71 47.25 43.66 32.66 32.66 21.35 20.96 16.55 17.45 12.15 9.13 7.35 16.66 2.66 2.65 2.65 2.65 2.65 2.65 2.65	1984 920200 1039MIC 20021LED 53.95 34.85 24.95 21.66 14.65 21.76 11.55 11.56 11.56 11.57 5.75 5.75 5.75 5.75 73.15	CHARLE PERCENT HESPANIC SARCELIAD 5-9.66 12.66 12.66 12.66 11.67 12.66 1.68 1.68 1.68 1.68 1.68 1.68 1.68 1	1982 PERCENT HESPANIC 100 PEUT 41.33 44.15 44.35 44.15 44.35	1963 PERCENT OF SERVICE OF SERVIC	1984 PERCENT HERMIC I DROPOUT 47.95 46.66 47.95 40.85 37.95 39.85 43.95	ではは では では では では では では では では では
School Level Data TTEED CEPARCHON - STREEL NAME Felvyn Park Richards Voc # Lakeviar Schurz Kelly # Sown # Princer Voc Carta Rossoveit Callivan Hauhington Poressan Lone Hatterd Acandesen Steinmetz Bogen Hatter Kennoly Tart Horgen Park Cregior Voc Biaen Lirooln Park Farrigant Harrigan Harrigan Harrigan Harrigan Harrigan	- HISPANICS DEST TYPE 5 Own 12 Yea 3 Own 4 Own 6 Own 7 Own 12 Own 12 Own 13 Own 15 Own 15 Own 15 Own 15 Own 16 Own 17 Own 18 Own 18 Own 19 Own 19 Own 10 Own 11 Own 11 Own 11 Own 12 Own 13 Own 14 Own 15 Own 16 Own 17 Own 18 Own 18 Own 19 Own	1982 1972 1972 1972 1999 1006 829 373 662 399 390 390 390 390 390 390 390 390 390	1963 1962/1004 1962/1004 1955 337 195 337 196 338 236 302 1, 162 443 302 1, 162 443 302 1, 162 443 303 303 303 303 303 303 303 303 303	78594694 409 205 308 736 325 609 323 719 407 270 341 280 1,066 56 312 339 329 379 442 450 401 402 450	CHARTE PROTECTION FRESH (90) (93) (90) (93) (90) (93) (90) (93) (90) (93) (90) (93) (90) (93) (90) (93) (90) (93) (90) (93) (93) (93) (93) (93) (93) (93) (93	1982 PRODUC PRODUC LACULED 63.55 97.25 41.15 29.25 21.	1963 PENCENT INSPANCE DISCULLED 63.71 47.25 43.66 32.66 32.66 32.66 12.66 12.66 12.66 12.66 12.66 5.95 4.25 1.05 0.05 0.07 19.75 69.35 19.95 69.35	1984 9250207 1039MIC 24501420 58,58 53,58 24,58 24,58 21,66 14,58 21,76 13,66 11,58	CHRICE PERCENT MESPACIC 5-9.66 12.68 -1.68 -1.68 -1.68 -1.68 1.48	1982 PERCENT HESPANIC 100 PEUT 41.33 44.15 44.35 44.15 44.35	1963 PERCENT WAS AS AS AS AS AS AS AS AS AS AS AS AS A	1984 PERCENT HERMIC I DROPOUT 47.95 46.66 47.95 40.85 37.95 39.85 43.95	ではは では では では では では では では では では
School Level Data TTEED CEPARCION - SCHOOL HAVE Fellyin Parit Richards Voc # Lakeviar Schilly * Sonn * Princer Voc Carle Romovelt Salliven Hauhington Foressen Lone Hatter Kernoly Tart Hospin Parit Cresion Voc Branen Lincoln Bark Farregat Harrison • Hear No. Gareer M	- HISPANICS DEST TYPE 5 Own 12 Yea 3 Own 4 Own 6 Own 12 Own 12 Own 13 Own 15 Own 15 Own 15 Own 15 Own 16 Own 18 Own 18 Own 19 Own 10	1982 197021000 197021000 197021000 312 159 100 159 100 100 100 100 100 100 100 100 100 10	1963 6002/0046 7022/1464 325 195 397 794 296 571 392 1, 162 447 377 376 516 313 368 362 591 493 376 516 313 323 247	78691691 409 205 308 325 609 323 719 407 270 341 280 1,065 312 349 520 313 520 319 520 315 209 374 442 150 501 413 327 309 5	GSMER: BATESTOD FRESH (SR) (90) (93) (30) 61 (50) 57 15 (21) 3 (8) 240 (17) (17) (15) (45) (45) (45) (45) (45) (24)	1982 PRODUCT PRODUCT LACULED 63.53 67.25 61.15 77.25 21.55 21.55 21.55 13.45 14.45 14.45 14.45 14.45 14.45 14.45 14.45 14.45 1	1963 PENCENT INSPANCE DECLLED 63.71 47.25 43.66 32.66 21.35 20.46 16.55 17.45 12.15 9.13 7.35 16.66 2.65 2.65 2.65 2.65 2.65 2.75 4.25 1.05 0.05 0.07 19.75 19.75 19.75 19.75	1904 9200200 10.57400 20.00 20.00 20.00 20.00 20.00 21.66 11.50 11	CHARLE PERCENT HESPANIC SANCELLED 5-9.66 12.66 -1.66 -	1982 PERCENT HESPANIC DIOPETE 41.33 49.45	1963 191200 THE PARTY TO SEE T	1984 PERCENT HESPANIC I DROPOUT 47.95 46.66 45.75 41.45 40.45 37.76 39.76 30.76 30.76 30.76 30.76 30.76 30.76 30.76 30.76 30.76 30.76 30.76 30.7	日本の 日本の 日本の 日本の 日本の 日本の 日本の 日本の
School Level Data TTEED CEPARISON - STICE NAME Felvyn Park Richards Voc # Lakeviar Schurz Kelly # Sown # Princer Voc Caria Roopoveit Salliven Hauhington Poressen Lone Hathard Acandoen Steinmetz Bogen Hathard Horgan Hather Kennoly Tark Horgan Park Cregior Voc Biaen Limooln Park Farregat Havrison # Havrison	- HISPANICS DEST TYPE 5 Own 12 Yea 3 Own 4 Own 6 Own 12 Own 12 Own 13 Own 15 Own 15 Own 15 Own 15 Own 16 Own 18 Own 18 Own 19 Own 10	1982 1972 1972 1972 1999 1006 1999 1006 1999 1006 1999 1006 1999 1006 1006	1963 1972/1961 7123/1961 325 1955 377 799 296 371 376 576 576 576 576 576 576 576 576 576 5	78634634 409 205 308 325 609 327 200 1,066 56 312 320 329 374 442 150 501 403 327 309 374 442 150	CHARTE PROTECTION FRESH (90) (93) (90) (93) (90) (93) (90) (93) (90) (93) (90) (93) (90) (93) (90) (93) (90) (93) (90) (93) (93) (93) (93) (93) (93) (93) (93	1982 PRODUC PRODUC LACULED 63.55 97.25 41.15 29.25 21.	1963 PENCENT INSPANCE DISCULLED 63.71 47.25 43.66 32.66 32.66 32.66 32.66 32.66 17.25 16.56 12.15 9.13 7.35 16.26 5.95 1.05 0.06 0.71 20.35 19.3	1984 9290200 1039400 24904420 24904420 24905 24,58 24,58 24,58 11,	OMNUE PERCENT HESPARTC SARTLLED 5.55 -9.66 -1.65	1982 PERCENT HESPANIC 100 PEUT 41.33 42.35 42.35 42.45 42.35 42.45	1963 PERCENT WAS AND THE PROPERTY OF THE PROPE	1984 PERCENT HESPANIC I DROPOUT 47.56 45.75 46.67 41.48 40.48 45.75 41.48 45.75 41.48 45.75 41.41 47.45 43.4	ではは では では では では では では では では では



Individual school rates varied more significantly than these aggregate statistics. Among the all-Black schools, sharp rejuctions in the Dropout Rate wore experienced by Fenger (-16%), Englewood (-11%), and Harlan (-10%). Dropout Rate rose sharply at Cregier Vocational (+11%) and Hirsh (+10%). Among the majority Black schools, the changes were more moderate with the largest decrease at Metro (-8%) and the largest increase at Orr (+9%). Among the minority Black schools, three had major increases in the Black Dropout Rate: Wells (+14%), Lakeview (+13%), and Richards Vocational (+12%). The largest decrease in the Black Dropout Rate was at Senn (-7%). The largest changes occurred among the achools which had enrolled less than 10% Black entrants in the Class By 1980 (for the Class of 1984), four of these twelve schools now had more than 10% Black entrants, and two others had 9%. For these schools with rapid increases in the proportion of entering Black students, the change in the Dropout Rate is deceptive, since for many of them, the number of entering Blacks in the Class of 1982 was so small that proportions were nearly meaningless for comparisons. of the four schools with more than 10% entering Blacks in the Class of 1984, the Black Dropout Rate was about a third (Taft--31%, Foreman--35%), but was considerably higher at the other two (Schurz--46%, Hubbard--54%).

Hispanic Dropout Rates also declined significantly between the Class of 1982 and 1984, with the largest reductions in the schools more than 25% Hispanic (-9%) and more than 50% Hispanic (-6%). Once again, these are the students most likely to have been affected by the new promotion policy. By the Class of 1984, 57% of all entering Hispanic students went to the five majority Hispanic schools (including Harrison, which closed before the studen:s entering there could graduate). The Dropout Rate declined at the two most heavily Hispanic schools, Juarez (95% Hispanic, Dropout Rate down 5%) and Clemente (79% Hispanic, Rate down 5%), but rose at the other three schools, Harrison, Wells, and Kelvyn Park (Rate up 3% at each). Among the six schools enrolling more than 25% Hispanics but less than a majority, the Dropout Rate declined sharply for Schurz (-8%) but changed only marginally at the other schools. Among the schools between 5% and 24% ispanic in the entering class, sharp reductions of the Dropout Rate occurred at Tilden (-25%), Roosevelt (-17%), Curie (-16%), Lincoln Park (-11%), and Foreman (-10%). Large increases were reported at Von Steuben (+12%) and Amundsen (+11%). Proportional changes in the Hispanic Dropout Rate for schools with less than 5% Hispanic entrants are statistically insignificant, due to the few students involved.

In the aggregate, no significant changes in Dropout Rates were found, when the schools which experienced rapid racial change during the years when the students of the Classes of 1982 - 1984 were enrolled were examined. The most dramatic



racial changes happened at Cregier Vocational, which lost all of its White students during this period, Richards Vocational, which lost three-fourths of its White students, and Metro, which lost more than half of its White students. Thus, for all three of these schools, White Dropout Rates for the Class of 1984 largely reflected Dropout Rates for students transferring within the Chicago system, which has already been identified as a high risk situation. Cregier received no White entrants for the Class of 1984; the Dropout Rate for Richards' Whites rose 26% and for Metro, by 14%. however, showed the expected pattern of White flight as its Transfer Rate out of the Chicago system jumped 18% to 25%. But at the other schools experiencing significant decreases in White enrollment, White Dropout Rates changed more than 10% at only three schools: Curie, Kelvyn Park, and Sullivan. Except for Richards, transfers out of the system stayed about even or declined for these schools experiencing rapid racial change. For all these schools, even including Richards, the White Transfer Rate declined by one percent. At Bogan, the school where parents had been most vocally opposed to desegregation, the White enrollment percentage dropped 47%, but the White Transfer Rate was cut in half, from an already low 8% to 3%, and the White Dropout Rate increased moderately, up 6.5% to 17%, still one of the lowest rates in the system.

Somewhat contrary to expectations, Black Dropout Rates increased slightly at schools which were becoming less predominant At a few schools, large increases in Black entering freshmen in the Class of 1984 resulted in large increases in Black Dropout Rates: Hubbard increased from 2% to 22% entering Black freshmen and the Dropout Rate rose from 33% to 54%. went from 1% to 18% Black entrants, and their Dropout Rate rose to 35%. In both of these cases, however, the Class of 1982 numbers were so small that changes in proportions are misleadingly exaggerated. At Lakeview, the proportion of Blacks in the entering class for 1984 actually dropped, while the racial census for Blacks was trebling. The Black Dropout Rate for this smaller group of Black entrants rose 13%. No schools, with any significant number of Black entrants, in this group of racially changing schools had decreases in the Black Dropout Rate of more than 10%, though both Metro and Schurz reduced their rates by 8%.

For Hispanics, larger changes were experienced. Overall, Hispanic Dropout Rates declined for these racially changing schools by about 3%. At some schools with more than 10% Hispanic entrants, the declines were quite large: Roosevelt (-17%), Curie (-16%), and Foreman (-10%). At all three of these schools the Hispanic Dropout Rate was under 38%, considerably below the systemwide Hispanic rate. At none of these schools did the Hispanic Dropout Rate increase by more than 10%. The largest rises in the Dropout Rate at racially changing schools were at Sullivan (+9%) and Washington (+7%). The extent of the effect of the new promotion policies for the class of 1984 on these particular schools is unknown.



R 33 CHARCE PERCENT MATTE MATTE	~ 4 - ~ 4 4 4 4 4 - 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4	W-03400004400 40245698824	20000000000000000000000000000000000000		42.0	を発音を	
TABLE 1984 PESICENT WALTE DACHOTOTOTOTOTOTOTOTOTOTOTOTOTOTOTOTOTOTOT		តន្ទមស្តន្តនួលនេះ ស្តេស្ត្តនៃស្នងនៃនៃ	8050 2008 8000 3 2422 2423 3433 325 25 25 25 25 25 25 25 25 25 25 25 25 2	20.00 20.00 20.00 20.00 20.00 20.00 20.00 20.00 20.00 20.00 20.00 20.00 20.00 20.00 20.00 20.00 20.00 20.00 20.00	33.4	23.65 23.65 33.65 85.05	
1963 FRACENT METER METER		63482223 23223 2323 2323 2323 2323 2323 2	612464 812564 81257 8126 8126 8136 8136 8136 8136 8136 8136 8136 813	を	33,14	22 22 22 22 22 22 22 22 22 22 22 22 22	
E Class 1982 PEXCENT MATTE DRIFFOUT		以现代的现代代码的 新斯曼斯斯斯斯斯斯斯斯	*## - 688 28 28 5 15 0 2 0 2 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0		33.24	8 W & 0	
Auto Bitari OWEE PELISIT METR	2.4.5.3 12.2.3.3 12.3.3.3 13.3.3.3 10.3.3.3 10.3.3.3 10.3.3.3 10.3.3.3 10.3.3.3 10.3.3.3 10.3 10	**************************************	5+5+4451-0+44-44400000 ******************************	26232222222222222222222222222222222222	9°	- ~	-24.54 18.54 1.45.8 1.40.0
Percent W 1984 PERCENT MUTE EMPLES	22035323552 242523435725	Received Serves Received Serves	\$2000000000000000000000000000000000000		21.73	₹. \$. \$. \$.	43000 4450
S Newload by 1983 PERESNE MATTE EXECULED E	8888882542E3 444443444444	3442233420X XXXXXXXXXXXXXXX	1.82.2.2.2.2.2.2.2.2.2.2.2.2.2.2.2.2.2.2	00000000000000000000000000000000000000	22.23	8 2.0.0 3 6 4 4 4	50.95 0.95 0.05
S - Johnals 1982 PENENT MOTE ENGLIFE	名名称的第三人称形式名 《说话题》如此识明是多种的	3333555333362 北京省市公司公司公司公司公司公司公司公司公司公司公司公司公司公司公司公司公司公司公司	822.55.00.00.44.44.4.00.00.00.00.00.00.00.00.0	\$6666666666666666666666666666666666666	3 .2	8.00 8.00 8.00 8.00 8.00	8.5.5 8.5.5 8.00
CHACE BATERIO BATERIO PAGES PA	\$\$£8~6\$\$£8¢	3.5 € € € € € € € € € € € € € € € € € € €	5 3 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5	(38) (38) (38) (38) (38) (38) (38) (38)	(3,381)	(2,268) 681 3,657 (5,392)	- 2/3 1/3 1/3 1/3 1/3 1/3
ABEL COUNTRY NAMESON	erserren	£252252335\$	a e log z v e s s s s s s s s s s s s s s s s s s	B&525853555555555	36,130	27,1 20,23 20,20,23 20,2	Prady Wi Atteorio Each Lyne.
१९६९ व्याप्तस्यास १९६३	# % #%#%#\$#	Raerandarie Personalia	李	**************************************	29,075	48.00.0 480.00.0 75.00.0 133.00.0	2 4 M
IC SCHOOLS 1987 PRESINGS		88822233333333333333333333333333333333	32825828828828858 32825828828828858	88858888855 518888885	29,511	7007 5.4.77 9.9.48 9.165	
	N - N = 8 × N = α − − 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0	는 그 전 후 다 등 등 등 등 등 등 등 등 등 등 등 등 등 등 등 등 등 등	11011100000000000000000000000000000000	本	*	TC METS O WETTE US A TICHO MET JACTES	
HE OUT OTTOF OF OCCUPA- LATER LAND HAS HE HAND THE HAND HAND HAND HAND HAND HAND HAND HAND	lias and That Indexavity F 1999 of Marchael Marc	Lune Arrica Arrica Resident Mer Resident Authorita Copin Ruft Copin Ibrigan Ruft Copin Series Copin	Marty, th caps founds the same we immediately the immediately	Lavier Carles Ca	TITTER TIME	A COLOUR TRANSPORTER AND ACTOR ACCOUNTS TO THE ACCOUNTS AND ACCOUNTS A	

1989 - 1889 - 1889 1989 1989 1989 1989 1989 1989 18	acar ram immor up c	100 /0 0) PICPL	TC 20HOOP?	•		DROPOUT RATI						1003	TABLE	
Heart March Personal Processor Personal Pro	'edicoli fareti (tida) (3038) (1889)(texte)	. 18.4(3		1980	1913	1084	GUME	1982 1982)	198) PERCENT	1984 PEHCEEN	QIAICE PERCENT	1982 1936397	1983 PHAICAMT	1984 PENCNIA	CHANGE
Services 10 Cen 552 187 188 1191 1100.05 199.05 19				DATERDAG	12/06/10/10	ENTERNO	HUMBURG	HLACK	FLACK	SEVE	BLACK	ILACK	HAX	ILACK	HLACK
is later. 6 0 cm 7 0 cm 7 1	141-20 1948)	1742,	,.	114-44-631	**********	. (47-44-44)	*******								
Spice New 10	` आफ ा														
There inc. 7 to 166 165 277 N 1 1 100.05 94.05 100.05 10.05 10.05 10.05 0.05 10.05 0.05		_													-
stand 9 Oza 949 494 376 (188) 1 100.05 (190.05	•				-	-									
The St. Conversity 1 No. 71 200 3 Col. 100.00 86.75 31.33 34.67 10.55 60.15 100.00 20.55 60.15 100.00 20.55 60.15 100.00 20.55 60.15 100.00 20.55 60.15 100.00 20.55 60.15 100.00 20.55 60.15 100.00 20.55 60.15 100.00 20.55 60.15 100.00 20.55 60.15 100.00 20.55 60.15 100.00 20.55 60.15 100.00 20.55 60.15 100.00 20.55 60.15 100.00 20.55 20.15 20.55 20.1															
The state of the control of the cont		•				•		•							
Harter 17 from 318 260 373 5 1 100.06 99.68 99.73 4.38 1 55.38 17.18 95.38 19.00 10.	Carrier Vice	16	Vuq		525		90	100.05	99.85				32.45		-2.15
Anthon 1 for 595 551 595 6 1 100.06 100.06 100.06 100.06 100.06 1 196.6 176.6 162.5 1 - 100.06 164.06 1 1 100.06 1 1 100.06 1 100.06 100.06 1 1 100.06 1 1 100.06 1 1 100.06 1 1 100.06 1 1 100.06 1 1 100.06 1 1 100.06 1 1 1 100.06 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1	Guuret 					_									
States No. 11 No. 1967 596 529 529 198 199,66 99				_				i .				·			
Selection 20 Com 546 638 593 37 99.88 99.77 99.78 -0.28 31.46 22.38 56.8 59.8						-			4-						
Boundary Boundary					-										-
in Journal 60	اوستال	18	Gen	521	689	598		99.85	100.0\$.05		34.15		
Parametis 9 Can 9-56 w89 802 6 1 99.88 100.08 100.08 10.08 10.08 5 1.28 51.28 53.58 4.58 4.58 4.58 4.58 4.58 4.58 4.58 4	Harrey		-		- .										
Accompanies We 7 We 412 356 309 (1931 99.68 97.94 97.75 1.77 20.08 21.86 52.86 5.85 Lister 17 Gen 603 552 442 (227) 99.77 97.75 100.08 0.31 95.68 97.96 89.86 97.97 Accompanies We 7 We 412 356 309 (2001 99.77 97.75 100.08 0.31 95.68 97.96 89.86 97.97 Accompanies We 7 We 412 366 309 309 309 300 (30) 99.77 97.75 100.08 0.31 95.68 97.98 89.86 97.98 Accompanies We 7 We 412 366 309 309 (2001 99.77 97.75 97.38 97.38 Accompanies We 7 We 412 366 309 309 (2001 99.77 97.38 97.38 Accompanies We 7 We 412 366 309 309 (2001 99.77 97.88 97.88 Accompanies We 7 We 412 366 309 309 (2001 99.77 97.88 97.88 Accompanies We 7 We 412 366 309 309 309 309 309 309 309 309 309 309															
Laper 15 Can 399 393 310 (69) 1 99.77 99.78 (70.00 0.31 99.78 99.78 99.78 1.00.00 1.00.31 99.78 99.78 99.78 99.78 1.00.00 1.00.31 99.78 99				• •				A							
**************************************	-	•													
# Filter 19 cm 695 429 495 402 1997 99.88 99.88 99.88 60.88 60.28 56.73 60.88 60.28 56.73 60.88 60.28 56.73 60.88 60.28 56.73 60.88 60.28 56.73 60.88 60.28 56.73 60.88 60.28 56.73 60.88 60.28 56.73 60.88 60.28 56.73 60.88 60.28 56.73 60.88 60.28 60.88 60.74 60.88 60.88 60.74 60.88 60.88 60.88 60.74 60.88 60.88 60.74 60.88 60.8	•	: -				•									
No. 10	it Plat														
A. C. 1 Com 710 598 100 1 99.65 99.65 99.65 99.85 0.75 55.05 60.05 1.55 3.65 60.05 1.55 3.65 60.05 1.55 3.65 60.05 1.55 3.65 60.05 1.55 60.05	*** ·c.	-	(SE	584	565	402	(182)	99.75	99.85	99.85	0.15	59.35	60.25		-2.65
1. 1. 1. 1. 1. 1. 1. 1.	Agt n !														
1911 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1	diana.														
Margar A Sen 504 519 461 610 1 99,25 90,37 99,58 0.65 55,35 49,35 42,22 -16,00	•			_											
Anthon Program (19) Web 174 156 159 129 129 129 138 150						•									
Callette 1	oraya umajar Yos			-		-									
Section 16 Can 171 571 528 53 76.56 83.57 86.17 9.48 21.56 23.08 23.08 1.15 24.48 23.08 1.15 24.48 23.08 1.15 24.48 23.08 1.15 24.48 23.08 1.15 24.48 23.08 1.15 24.48 23.08 1.15 24.48 23.08 1.15 24.48 23.08 1.15 24.48 23.08 1.15 24.48 23.08 1.15 24.48 23.08 1.15 24.48 23.08 23.08 1.15 24.48 23.08 23.08 23.08 1.15 24.48 23.08 23.08 23.08 24.48 23.08 23.08 23.08 24.48 23.08 23.08 24.48 23.08 23.08 24.48 23.08 23.08 24.48 23.08 23.08 24.48 23.08 23.08 24.48 23.08 23.08 24.48 23.08 23.08 24.48 23.08 23.08 24.48 23.08 23.08 24.48 23.08 23.08 24.48 23.08 24.48 23.08 24.48 23.08 24.48 23.08 24.48 23.08 24.48 23.08 24.48	Galatti. •#				_										
Act Act															
12 154. 13 Cen 494 496 227 (137) 76.15 75.86 69.15 -5.06 99.05 94.65 99.75 0.18 11 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1	:.464.0														
Section Sect															
Litzeren from 1 Oan 277 261 413 196 65,65 46,75 99,15 -6,75 42,65 49,73 186,05 5,35 120 120 120 120 120 120 120 120 120 120								1							
Attract Plank 19 Gen 465 440 422 (a) 1 62,76 62,75 69,75 77,78 27,72 28,28 20,003 2.97 **There, July 20 10 Gen 674 596 591 61 57,55 58,54 73,54 21,15 33,33 37,55 25,66 43,54 **There, July 20 60 519 491 491 491 493,15 33,65 33,		_			-										
13 14 15 15 16 17 15 15 16 17 15 15 16 17 15 17 17						_			_						
Peters P		19	Gert	674	584	501	(173)					2			
Appendix 12 Can 435 365 240 (198) 50.08 52.68 27.18 -22.98 46.68 42.86 46.08 -0.68 -0.	Ptin, diasip	- 11	(kg)	40	44	56	16			78.61			37.53	25.04	-8.3
Diff Lian 8 On 203 323 309 75 37.13 29.55 21.05 -16.15 40.25 46.85 45.95 5.73 According 2 Onn 291 795 270 (21) 30.98 29.25 39.88 3.98 49.75 52.73 44.65 48.86 5.15 October 1 October	(146)														
ALLEY 2 OND 291 295 270 (21) 3 0.98 29.28 34.88 3.98 49.78 49.68 48.68 5.18 13.18 13.18 14	Apr Bark	1.7	Cen,	432	386	240	(198)	50.08	52,04	27.15	-22.95	46.63	42.85	40.00	-0,65
ALLEY 2 OND 291 295 270 (21) 3 0.98 29.28 34.88 3.98 49.78 49.68 48.68 5.18 13.18 13.18 14	There is a	A	l'Am	2913	227	300	26	1 37.16	28,51	21.05	_16_15	i an.ac	36. S6	45.QE	5.76
** Pix of the first of the firs				_											
**************************************				•		-									
The Content 1 can 317 217 205 (112) 22.48 12.68 4.98 -71.58 31.38 59.58 40.08 8.88 10.08 11.08	Research Voic	- 11	Voc	159		205		3.3						37.95	
Anterior 1	Au ie														
12 6m 329 362 374 45 21.09 19.65 20.95 7.05 44.65 43.55 51.95 7.25 12 12 12 12 12 12 12					1										
Serve 2 Gen 548 571 609 61 19.53 18.75 20.05 0.53 52.65 89.85 85.53 -7.15															2.00
21 STREATE 4 Gran 405 516 520 35 15.53 16.13 25.06 9.58 23.48 20.00 -6.13 15.53 16.13 25.06 9.58 36.13 23.48 20.00 -6.13 15.13															-7.11
Light 1 Strain	(t sateta														
Servician 1 Gen 406 397 308 (90) 10.75 11.75 6.65 -3.35 64.55 73.05 77.65 13.35 Third 2 Gen 360 3.8 269 (71) 9.75 9.65 9.35 -0.85 37.55 45.25 39.85 -2.75 Alastotic 1 Gen 409 501 444 (45) 6.15 7.05 11.95 5.65 28.65 83.35 60.05 4.07 Alastotic 2 Gen 356 376 349 (71) 4.55 43.35 6.05 1.55 61.53 53.35 31.35 2.77 Alastotic 4 Gen 879 794 736 (93) 3.85 10.65 14.85 11.45 54.25 59.05 34.35 31.35 2.77 Alastotic 17 Gen 319 77.7 312 (71) 2.25 5.95 22.17 19.95 33.35 52.95 54.2 20.95 Alastotic 19 Gen 44.77 400 334 (93) 1.45 2.35 0.95 22.17 19.95 33.35 52.95 54.2 20.95 Alastotic 4 Gen 4.77 400 334 (93) 1.45 2.35 0.95 22.17 19.95 33.35 52.95 54.2 20.95 Alastotic 4 Gen 4.77 400 334 (93) 1.45 2.35 0.95 22.17 19.95 33.35 52.95 54.2 20.95 Alastotic 4 Gen 4.77 400 334 (93) 1.45 2.35 0.95 22.17 19.95 33.35 52.95 54.2 20.95 Alastotic 4 Gen 4.77 400 334 (93) 1.45 2.35 0.95 22.17 19.95 33.35 52.95 54.2 20.95 Alastotic 4 Gen 4.77 400 334 (93) 1.45 2.35 0.95 22.17 19.95 33.35 52.95 54.2 20.95 Alastotic 5 Gen 312 325 400 97 1.05 0.05 1.62 17.25 0.05 56.45 34.73 34.73 Alastotic 7 Gen 291 313 335 44 0.05 0.35 1.55 0.55 10.05 100.05 0	Lear	_	Tech	825	1,162		240	10.95	13.25	9.01	-1.9%	19.55	19,1\$	18.8	-0.15
This is 2 Gin 360 3.88 269 (71) 9.75 9.68 9.38 -0.48 37.55 45.28 34.85 -2.75 (4.4.4.4.4.4.1.1.1.1.1.1.1.1.1.1.1.1.1.1															1.75
Accession 1 Cam 302 378 407 15 6.48 7.78 9.18 2.78 56.08 33.38 60.05 4.07	SubstMultin	1	CE	406	397	306	(98)	i 10.1\$	11.15	6.8	-3.3	64.53	73.05	77.85	13.35
### ### ### ### ### ### ### ### ### ##	the same	,	~ −	140	1 .0	rs ū n.	/945		n bet) yr ed	10 m	21: 44	
Time 1 Gen 409 501 404 (45) 6.15 7.05 11.95 5.85 28.66 83.35 31.35 2.77 htm. class. 2 Gen 356 376 349 (7) 4.55 4.33 6.08 1.55 61.53 53.38 31.35 2.77 htm. class. 2 Gen 809 794 736 (93) 3.48 10.66 14.86 11.55 54.25 50.08 46.35 -7.59 htm. class. 19 Gen 809 794 736 (93) 3.48 10.66 14.86 11.55 54.25 50.08 46.35 -7.59 htm. class. 19 Gen 817 400 334 (93) 1.65 2.35 0.95 -22.17 19.95 33.35 52.95 54.27 20.99 htm. class. 3 Gen 817 400 334 (93) 1.65 2.35 0.95 -0.75 16.75 44.45 50.05 33.35 52.95 54.27 20.99 htm. class. 3 Gen 817 400 334 (93) 1.65 2.35 0.95 -0.75 16.75 44.45 50.05 33.35 52.95 54.27 20.99 htm. class. 3 Gen 812 325 400 97 1.05 4.05 18.25 17.25 0.05 36.45 34.73 34.77 12.10 10.05 36.45 34.35 35.75 20.05 10.05				_	5										
Attacles 2 Gen 356 376 349 (7) 4.55 4.35 6.05 1.55 61.55 53.35 43.05 -17.05 4xture 4 Gen 8.79 794 736 (93) 3.45 10.66 14.85 11.05 54.25 90.06 46.35 -7.56 14.05 19.06 19.06 19.06 19.06 19.06 19.06 54.25 90.06 46.35 -7.56 14.05 19.06 19.06 19.06 19.06 19.06 19.06 54.25 90.06 46.35 -7.56 14.05 19.06 19.06 19.06 19.06 19.06 19.06 19.06 54.25 20.95 54.25 20.95 10.075 10.075 44.05 50.06 334 33.35 54.09 97 10.06 10.05 10.05 10.05 10.05 36.05 34.75 34.75 10.075															
A Care A Care B79 794 736 (93) 3.45 10.65 14.86 11.45 54.25 50.05 46.25 -7.95 Interest 11					-										
Hateriet 19 Can 319 757 312 (7) 2.25 5.95 22.17 19.95 33.35 52.95 54.27 20.95 Acare 8 Gen 44.77 400 334 (93) 1.66 2.35 0.98 -0.75 16.73 44.85 50.05 33.35 External 4 Can 288 302 280 (8) 1.05 4.05 18.27 17.28 0.06 36.47 34.7	ATM2			829	794	736	(93)	3.45	10,6%	14,85	11.45	54.25	50.05	₩.₹	-7.9
Formula 4 Gan 288 302 280 (8) 1.05 4.05 18.25 17.25 0.05 36.45 34.75 34.75 24.75 24.75 Park 5 Gen 312 3.25 409 97 1.05 0.65 1.55 0.55 100.05 100.05 100.05 80.05 -26.05 (8).101.04 20 Gen 338 443 341 3 1 0.38 2.38 4.77 4.45 0.05 14.38 35.75 35.75 35.75 (8).101.04 15 Gen 291 313 355 44 0.05 0.65 1.85 1.85 1.85 1.85 1.85 1.87 0.05 16.75 1288 100.25 6 Gen 355 206 3.25 (30) 0.04 0.05 0.05 0.05 0.05 1.88 1.88 1288 1288 1288 1288 1288 1288														54,23	
21-yr, Park 5 Gen 312 325 409 97 1.05 0.65 1.55 0.55 100.05 100.05 80.05 -20.05 20.	August.														
Company Comp															
### 15 Gen 291 313 335 44 0.08 0.68 1.88 1.88 ERR 0.08 16.75 ERR 0.03 16.75 ERR 0	•	-			_		• •								
12 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1	• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •				-										
29,511 29,075 26,130 (3,381) 62.15 61.75 60.35 -1.85 45.05 44.55 43.55 -1.95 45.15 42.75 -1.95 46.95 45.35 42.75 -1.95 46.95 42.75 42.95	iid.y														
	•	_	•			<u>-</u>		,							
TERRIT: CMUR FOR ILLACK 4,469 3,769 2,948 (1,321) 65.08 68.28 72.08 7.08 40.28 41.48 36.78 -3.48 10.01	it white vals			29, 511	29,075	26,130	(3,381)	62.15	61.75	60.3	-1.85	45.45	M.55	43.55	-1,9
TERETE,: CMUR SON ILLACK 4,269 3,769 2,948 (1,321) 65,005 68,23 72,05 7,05 40,23 41,46 36,75 -3,47 1101L; CMUR TON ERACK 6,112 6,816 7,005 893 19.15 21.00 23,25 41.15 38,88 38,75 42,55 3,86 119.15 (1,22) THATH TON ELACK 4,756 5,066 4,367 (389) 3,35 5.15 5,65 2.35 42.95 50,00 37,95 -5,07 PERCENT 975 76.95 73.55 73.85 -3,25 HLACKS 505 15.15 14,33 13.55 -1,65 DN EACH 105 6,45 8.05 10.35 4.05	'13414' '11 15 (4. C R	1 A: Y		14, 14:	12.7#	11 640	(ana e)	00.64	90.64	(00 e		1 14 04	he 24	ho re	_i1 44
TEMPORE: CANON 108 BEACK 6,112 6,816 7,005 893 19.18 21.08 23.28 4.18 38.88 38.75 42.58 3.6 TEMPORE: CANON 108 BEACK 4,756 5,056 4,357 (389) 3.35 5.18 5.68 2.38 47.98 50.08 37.98 -5.09 PERCENT 975 76.95 73.55 73.88 -3.25 HLACKS 508 15.18 14.38 13.55 -1.66 IN EACH 105 6.45 8.08 10.35 4.05				* .											
ALBERT THAN 10% BLACK 4,756 5,066 4,367 (389) 3.3% 5.1% 5.6% 2.3% 47.9% 50.0% 37.9% -5.0% PERFERNT 9% 76.9% 73.5% 73.6% -3.2% HLACKS 50% 15.1% 14.3% 13.5% -1.6% IN EACH 10% 6.4% 8.0% 10.3% 4.0%															
HLACKS 50% 15.1% 14.3% 13.5% =1.66 IN EACH 10% 6.4% 8.0% 10-3% 4.0%		_	ALK												
HLACKS 50% 15.1% 14.3% 13.5% -1.66 IN EACH 10% 6.4% 8.0% 10-3% 4.0%							97\$	76.99				ı			
								15.15	14,35		-1.66				



bier en studt er e	HI CAOC	PUEN	10 30 100	LS		DROPOUT RA	Tist - School	ja Rankod	by Purcon	nt Hijpanio	Daturara:	C)ians	TAE	LE 35
''X81241 12041 1814 11628 (686/88148) - 1	441.497.46	N em	1000	4083	1984	CHARTE	1982 PEXCENT	1983 PERCE2 0	1984 PEHCEST	CHARLE	1992 PERCENT	1983 PERCEN T	1984 Para <i>21</i> 1	CMIL.
3200. WE				1983 EMTEKNIKO PROZ INC M	DURING	DUFICIO	HESPANIC	НІЗРАДС	Pralita Hispanic I Dirulad I	DIMEL	IILSPANC		ІДЗРАНІС І	Purceant Lipandic Dinopout
							1							
Juante Clarante	8 6	Cen	427 923	400 1,017	334 816	(93) (107)	l 93,4≴ l 61,0≴			1.5%				ન.લ ક.જ
Kelvyn Purk	5	Cen	312	325	409	97	63.5	63.75		5.5%				3.4%
ei irdi	6	Gen	511	365	344	(167)	61.35			7.95			_	2,86
Human •	8	Gen.	283	323	309	26	1 57.66	69.35	73.1\$	15.5\$	50.45	54.95	53.04	2.6%
Rehards Voe	12	Voc	159	195	205	46	1 47.25	47.28	37.61	-9.66	29,47	34,65	27.95	-1.5\$
Likerson	3	Con	406	397	308	(98)	41.15	* *	53.95	12.85				2.5\$
Busin	19	Con	674	584	501	(173)	38.6			12.75	•			-0.73
Selanti Korly	8	Can	829 357		736 325	(93) (30)	1 29.25 1 26.85			5.6 5 -1.8 5				-8,2 5 2.0 5
OFT.	5	Carro	493		408	(85)				-3.85				1.0%
lunuoln Park	3	Gen	257	261	413	156	1 23.35	20.35	13.85	-9.5\$	1 57.45	41.55	46.95	-10.5\$
Fareput	10	Com	487	437	327	(160)	22.4			-7.45	60.45			5.61
Serim	5	Cen	546		609	61	21,5			2.95				2.3
Prusaer Vog Von Staubon	4	Voc Con	373 317		323 205	(50) (112)	21,21 17,01			-1.45	18.65			-3,06
Tilden	13	Cen	311 464		327	(137)				9.85 8.25	27.85 60.71			12.25 -24.95
(Line	12		662		719	57	15.09			12.25	42.2			-16.0%
irenmult	1	Cen	392		407		14.8			6.85	54.3			-17.05
Durityen Undangton	2 20	Com	291 338	236 443	<i>2</i> 70 341	(21) 3	13.49 13.35			1.45 8.45		72.68 35.38		8.64 7.08
Traffs	9	Color	519		971 971	(48)	12.35			0.2				-0.25
i't i vicien	Ą	Com	288	302	280	(8)	12,2	12.60	13.6%	1.45	1 44.45	· · · -	34,45	-10.1\$
Line		Tech	825		1,065	240	10.77			0.85				-9.35
listro, Chupago Hubbard	11 15	Cien	40 319		56 312	16 (7)	l 10.05 l 9.77			-8.25 2.13				-25.03 -0.35
A CELLAN	.,	Com	356		349	(7)				7.35				11.85
Casjo Pauk	12	Gen	438	386	240	(198)	8,0	12.4	12.15	4.15	34.49	41.03	5.0	-9.45
Stornetz	4	Cien	485	516	520	35	1 4.3	6.66	7.35	3.01	l 33.35	32,35	17.15	-16.23
Bujan	15	Cen	291		335	44	3.19			2.61	19.19	14.3		35.94
prpa	2	Cen	360		269	(71)				3.1%				8.9%
Catnorly Fernand	12 14	Cen		-	374 524	45 53	l 2.11			2. 45 -0. 66	28,61 0.09			27.7 5 33.35
Territ	1	Cen	489		ATT)	(45)	1.4			0.1%				4.85
Fonger	20	0en	504	519	463	(41)	0.8			-0.66				-100.Q
The an Burk	18	Cen			122	(4)	0.77			.0\$			33.3	-33.35
Chicago Voo. Lindbloom	11 15	Voc Toch	936 578		977 568	41 (10)	0.49 0.35			0.25 -0.25				25,0\$ -100,0%
(hillips	11	Cen	710	**	470		0.3			-0.35				ERR
Autin	7	Gen	776		139		0.3			1.25				0.05
Harper Darker and	15				310	(89) (134)	0.3			-0.35			Dift.	野田
Inclosed Nation	16 8	Cen. Cen		_	337 341	(140)				0.15 -0.25		. 1970k 1970k	100,0 \$ Err	0, 0\$ Ezkir
भूगो ल्हा	18	Gen.	-	689	598	71	0,2			-0.25			Dir	EER
Durben, Roc	11	Voc			523		0.2			.02				eiar
Ru lan South Shore	19 17	Cen	*		405 442		0.2			0.15				-100,0\$ 100.0\$
Calumet	16	Cen			338								100.0p	F3IB
DuSable	13	Gen	558	551	564	6	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0%	1 5781	ERR	ERR	LEAR
Crusies	9	Oten			376							ENH	ERCR	D U
Simum Vot Curver	16 20	Voc Gen			552 438		0.07					90,09 10.05		(2) det (2) det
Nobesen	16				405		0.00			0.05		ERE	200 2009	
Oregion Vos	9		-		150							100.01		ea
Hestinghouse Voc	7	Voc Voc		•		(103) 41						5.0		ERR COR
Flower Voc Harshall	7	Oct.			462		1 0.00			0.05 0.05		100.00f 1673		er Evr
Ibde Park	14	Qan		554	561	(92)	0,0	•			1	0.07		20
Co. luno	8	Clean		373	461	69	0,0	0 1	0.05	0.05	ETER	1901		6701
Harah Kima 11.1	17 14	Clen					0.00				7	100 .05 E3RR		
Kingallala Noor No. Career May							0.00				•	54.5		ध्य १४६
Corlins	20						i 0.0					EXT		政制
CHITE WIEL TUTALS			29,511	29,015	26,130		l 13.49	14,2	15.25	1,8\$	1 47.0	45.77	42.66	4.4
د شده مسیده د ښونونو		••			B L.F.	facel	- شدو				منة يني			
- STRUCLE AROVE SON (- SCRUCLE 25% - 49% (2,456 2,916	3,014 1,834	3,431 1,068		74.15 33.3				52.49 45.2			-5.5\$ -8.9\$
30110L3 95 + 245 10	LPAG	Ç	6,914	8,596	7,611	(200)	14.8	13.8	15.65	0.85	39.4			-3.84
លាកនេ មេលា 🕏 មេ	LPAG	C	17,006				0.5				32.9			15.0%
					_									
					PERCENT	94 : 취	46.19 24.69							
					IN EACH	53	5.9 5.9							
						Under 55	2,2							



V. ASSESSING THE FINANCIAL IMPACT OF DROPOUTS

In the past year, much has been written about the "Dropout Problem" in Chicago. Parents have proteeted. A coffin has been carried through the streets of the city in a torchlight parade. The personal tragedies associated with being a Dropout have been highlighted: involvement in gangs; crime; inability to get steady, meaningful employment; epidemic adolescent pregnancies; and the cycle of welfare. For the most part, these efforts have focused on the reduced quality of the individual lives of Dropouts. The Panel shares in the anguish of concerned parents and community activists who have helped to focus attention on these personal tragedies.

But there is also a policy dimension to such questions. Unfortunately, personal concern often does not seriously effect policy decisions. These decisions more often turn on issues of finance. Too often, such policy decisions are made in such a narrow framework that they end up costing the taxpayer more, rather than less, but the costs are attributed to some other governmental body, in this case, the courts, the welfare system, and the state treasury. In the process, the taxpayer is bilked, and the victims of this short-sighted policy are neglected.

In order to estimate the true costs associated with the Dropout Problem, the Panel has assessed the costs to the Chicago Board of Education of seriously attempting to increase the Graduation Rate, to reduce the number of students who drop out. There are two costs involved here. The Board has recently adopted a Dropout Prevention plan and estimated its costs at \$18.8 million. A second, less obvious cost is the added expense of educating those students if they remained in The Panel has estimated those costs, if every Dropout of the Class of 1982 had been retained until graduation, at \$17.4 million. Thus, together, the Board's total potential annual costs of Dropout Prevention would be \$36.2 million. However, because those additional students would also generate revenues, the net cost to retain students would only be \$3.5 million to the Board, making total additional costs to the Board of \$22.3 million.

But there are also costs to society, often neglected, which are generated as a result of large numbers of individuals dropping out of school. The primary work in this area has been done by Henry M. Levin, in a report to the U.S. Senate Select Committee on Equal Educational Opportunity, "The Costs to the Nation of Inadequate Education," (1972). The Panel's estimates of social costs are based on his calculations, updated, as applied to the Class of 1982. The Panel's estimate is that aggregate lifetime costs to society (in 1982 dollars) of the 12,804 Dropouts from the Class of 1982 are \$451 million in lost taxes, welfare costs, and the losses and costs of crime. Thus, neglect of the Dropout



Problem is estimated to cost the taxpayer \$12.49 for every \$1 of additional resources needed to address the problem. One dollar, spent now to rejuce the number of Dropouts, stands to save the taxpayer \$12 in other costs in the future. A 12 for 1 return on investment would seem hard to turn down.

A. The Coets of Dropout Reduction

The Chicago Board of Education has adopted a Dropout Reduction plan which it has estimated to cost \$18.8 million. It has included that figure in its legislative agenda, and will be lobbying the Illinois General Assembly for funds to support this program. It is advocated as one piece of the educational reform agenda which will be widely debated this There are several other Dropout reduction proposals in the reform agenda advocated by other proponents. In another study, to be released in May, the Panel has analyzed these reform proposals and estimated Dropout Reduction costs to run between \$21.6 million and \$31.5 million, statewide, depending upon how they are shaped and implemented. Chicago costs for these programs would be between \$13.2 million and \$18.7 million, exclusive of summer school costs. The Panel has taken no position on the likelihood of success of any of these programs.

The centerpiece of the Chicago Board's plan is the reinstitution of free summer school for those students most in need of extra help. Currently, students who fall behind or fail can only make up their work by adding another year to their school career. This is a powerful inducement to drop out, as the statistics on overage entrants olearly indicate; three of five overage entrants in the Class of 1982 became Dropouts! Compared with an additional year of school, summer school is a very cheap alternative, as the following data show. For the sake of these estimates, the Board's projected costs of Dropout Reduction will be accepted as \$18.8 million.

Students do not drop out all at one time. Students who drop out as freshmen would have required three additional years of school to stay until graduation. On the other hand, those few students who drop out during their fourth year, would have cost the Board nothing more to educate, since their teachers and books were already in place. Further, there is some flexibility in the capacity of the school system to teach more children at no additional cost, as empty school desks are filled in already functioning classes. But that flexibility is moderate in scope. To estimate the additional costs of retaining Dropouts, the Panel asoribed actual additional costs which would have been incurred at each school from which the students dropped out. Inoremental costs were assessed only as aggregates of students occurred which would require the formation of a new class unit. In addition, continued student enrollment and attendance would generate increased revenues in state aid and oategorical aid or reimbursements. Thus, the net cost to the Chicago Board of Education, \$3.5 million, is less that the total cost to the taxpayer; those total costs



would be \$17.4 million. Even calculating the total taxpayer costs with the prevention effort costs, the full cost of retention for the Class of 1982 would be \$36.2 million.

These costs relate primarily to additional staff required to teach the retained Dropouts. The Panel calculated costs if 25% of the Dropouts stayed in school, if 50% did, and if 100% did. As we calculated the effect at each school, these various percentages of success created different costs, for the incremental thresholds are not crossed as frequently for lower degrees of success. The 12,804 Dropouts of the Class of 1982 primarily left school in their second, third, and fourth years:

_	lst year	2nd year	3rd year	4th year
Dropouts	899	3,533	3,899	4,473

At 100% success in retaining student Dropouts until graduation, the following additional teachers would be required in the following year:

	lst year	2nd year	3rd year	4th year
Teachers		8	148	305

Thus, 461 additional teacher annual salaries would have been required, if all Dropouts in the Class of 1982 had remained in school until their class graduated. The total cost of additional staff would have been \$14,580,047 (see Table 36). Additional costs for books, supplies, educational equipment, transportation, and food would have been approximately \$2,858,500. Total additional cost to the taxpayer would have been \$17,438,547. However, that would not have been the net cost to the Chicago Board of Education. Because it receives revenues from the federal and state governments on the basis of students served or faculty employed and from some local taxes which are responsive to added costs, the Board would have received an additional \$13.9 million in revenue; \$9.9 million from the state, \$2.2 million from the federal government, and \$1.8 million in local taxes. The taxpayer, of course, would have paid for all of those revenues in federal, state, or local taxes. However, the net cost to the Board of Education would have been only \$3,514,618 if all 12,804 Dropouts had remained until graduation. At lower success rates, 50% retention or 25% retention, costs would have been dramatically lower (see Tables 37 and 38). For 25% success in lowering the Dropout Rate, the Board would actually have netted increased revenues of \$511,748! These estimates are built on staff needs of:

	;	lst	year	2nd y	ear	3rd	year	4th	year
50% r	etained				0		56		135
25% r	retained				0		14		51



TABLE 36

ADDITIONAL EDUCATIONAL COSTS IF ALL DROPOUTS REPAIN IN SCHOOL - CLASS OF 1982

SECOND Y	TEAR	THIRD YE	'AR	FOURALLY	EAR	TOTAL - ALL DRO IN SCHOOL	OPOUTS REMAIN
OOST		cost		cost		OST	
Staff Books Suplies Ed:1 Empt Transportation Food	13,602	Books Suplies Bi'l Empt Transportation	67,056	Books Suplies Ei'l Empt Transportation	126,048	Books Suplies Ed [*]). Empt Transportation	\$14,580,047 248,648 115,444 206,706 93,585 \$2,194,117
TOTAL.	\$441,114	TOTAL	\$5,608,103	TOTAL.	\$11,389,330	TOTAL	\$17,438,547
RMENE		REVENUE		REVENUE		REVENTE	
State Aid Food Transportation Pension	144,379 6,158	State Aid Food Transportation Pension			1,337,959	Transportation	\$9,811,912 2,194,117 93,585 1,824,315
TOTAL.	\$827,849	TOTAL	\$4,510,837	TOTAL	\$8,585,243	TOTAL	\$13,923,929
NET COST	(\$386,735)	 	\$1,097,266	Met	\$2,804,087	HET COST	\$ 3,514,618
FIRST YEAR DROPOUTS	SECOLD YEAR TEACHER REQUIRE ENT	SECOND YEAR DROPOUTS	THIRD YEAR TEACHER REQUIREMENT	THIRD YEAR DROPOUTS	FOURTH YEAR TEACHER REQUIREMENT	1	TOTAL ADDITIONAL TEACHER YEARS
899	8	3,533	148	3,899	305	i	461



THERE 37
ADDITIONAL EDUCATIONAL COSES OF 506 OF DROPOUTS HEMAIN DA SCHOOL - CLASS OF 1982

	TAJI	ундно че	AR	FOURTH 1	ŒAR	TOTAL = 505 OF ! Hebbaik in School	
and		loost.		met		110081	
Staff Books Suplies EH'1 Eapt Transportation Food	8,181 3,798 6,801 3,079	Staff Books Suplies But Expt Transportation Food	33,528 15,180		63,024	Braice Suplice Bi+1 Rept Transportation	\$6,040,757 124,324 57,722 103,353 46,792 1,097,059
TOTAL	\$94,049	TOTAL	\$2,234,766	TOTAL.	\$5,141,193	ii total	\$7,470,007
REVERTE		i impore i		 REVENUE			
State Aid Food Transportation Pension	72,190 3,079	State Aid Prod Transportation Pension	355,890	State Aid Food Trensportation Penaion	668,979 28,534	State Aid Foot Transportation Ponsion	\$4,905,956 1,097,059 46,792 755,814
TOTAL	\$398,095	TOTAL	\$2,184,187	TOTAL	\$4,223,369	TOTAL	\$6,805,651
NUT COOT	(\$304,046)	IET	\$ 50,579	NET COST	4917,824	i inet	\$664, 3 56
FUST YEAR DEOPOUTS	SETVED YEAR TEACHER REQUIREMENT	SECOND YEAR DECIPOUTS	THIRD YEAR TEACHER REQUIREMENT	•	Fourth Year Teacher Regulation		TUTAL ADDITIONAL EACHER YEARS
450	0	1,777	56	l 1,950	135	1	191

TABLE 38
ADDITIONAL EDUCATIONAL CUSTS IF 25% INCOPULIS REPORTE IN SCHOOL - CLASS OF 1982

SECOND YEAR		THIRD YEAR		POURTH Y		Total = 25% of deopouts Revain in school	
OCCT .		ORT		COST		10081	
Staff Hocks Suplice En'l Eight Transportation Food	4,090 1,899	Staff Books Suplies Bit1 Eipt Transportation Food	16,764	Rocks Suplies ED:1 Expt Transportation	31,512	Books Suplies Bi+1 Eqpt Trensportation	\$2,095,755 62,162 28,861 51,677 23,396 548,529
TOTAL	\$47,024	TOTAL	#674,605	TOTAL.	\$2,048,751	II TOTAL	\$2,770,380
REVENUE		 Revision		i Irenende		ii Iireveare	
State Aid Food Transportation Pension	36,095	Trensportation	177,945 7,590	State Aid Food Trensportation Pension	334,490 14,267	State Aid Food Trensportation Pension	\$2,452,978 543,529 23,396 251,225
TOTAL	\$199,048	TOTAL	\$1,036,691	TOTAL	\$2,046,399	TOTAL	\$3,282,128
HEST COCCE	(\$152,023)	T200 T381	(\$362,086)	HET COST	\$2,362	!! !!	(4511,748)
FIRST YEAR DIOPOUTS	SPIDIO YEAR TEXGER REQUIRE ENT	 Second Year Decedits	HASY ONDE REMOKST THE COLLEGEN	THURD YEAR	FOURTH YEAR TEACHER REQUIREMENT	1	TOTAL ADDITIONAL EACHER YEARS
225	0	i 883	14	i 975	51	i	65



B. The Social Costs of Dropouts

The flip side of the additional costs to prevent and educate Dropouts is the social costs encountered when individuals do not graduate from high school. It must be noted that not all Dropouts generate social costs. Some individuals are quite successful without a high school degree. This is less true for today's high school students than it was for many who are now adults. Still, there are many enterprises, even in our current economy, for which a high school degree is not necessary: everything from athletes to sales positions, from auto mechanics to manual labor. But, in the aggregate. Dropouts do much more poorly in today's economy than do high school Graduates. The following data are calculated on the differential effects of high school Graduates and Non-graduatee (Dropouts).

Individuals who receive insufficient aducation in our society suffer in comparison to those who have received at least a high school diploma. The individual's lifetime earnings will be substantially lower, and his vocational choices will be severely limited. Inadequate education not only adversely affects the individual, the effect is felt by society in at least three ways:

--Foregone (i.e., reduced) lifetime earnings, and thereby, foregone taxes paid;

-- Increased costs of income maintenance and welfare programs;

-- Increased costs of crime.

1. Lost Income and Tax Revenue

Levin declared there are three reasons why workers with more education are likely to be more productive and are likely to earn more than those with lower educational attainments:

 Additional schooling provides a person with greater skills (numerical and language proficiency, conceptual skills, etc.);

Additional schooling inculcates "work attitudes;"

3. The more schooling, the more adaptable to change a person is likely to be and this adaptability is needed for higher level jobs.

Levin neglects the gate-keeping function of a high school diploma, without which prospects never even get to interview for many jobs.

Lifetime earnings of high school Graduates were compared to lifetime earnings of high school Dropouts, ages 20 - 24, and analyzed by sex and race. Male Dropouts earn 19% less than male Graduates; female Dropouts earn 21% less than Graduates. Black and Hispanic males earn about 75% of White males; White females earn 59% of what White males earn, while Black females earn 55% and Hispanic females 50%. The lifetime earnings lost range from \$204,167 for a White male Dropout to



TABLE 39

FARRIDGS PERMITY OF NOT COMPLETING HIGH SCHOOL

By Rede and Sex

SEX	RACE	CLASS OF 1982 DHOPOUT MARER	S OF WHITE EARNINGS NATIONALLY	H.S.QRAD	LAFETIME EARMINGS H.S. DROPOUT BY SEX RACE	EARLINGS PENALTY OF DROPTING OUT PER STUDING	TOTAL COST TO ECONOMY FROM CPS DROPOUTS CLASS OF 1982
MALE							
	WOTE	1,250	1,00	\$1.089.375	488 0,208	\$204,167	£255,208,333
	BLACK	4,995	0.75	813,281	660,156	153,125	764,859,375
	HISP	1,096	0.75	813,281	660,156	153,125	167,825,000
FRULE		•			•		
	MUE	919	0.59	644,964	508,647	136,317	125,275,687
	BLACK	3,64 5	0.55	593 ,36 7	481,648	111,719	407,217,508
	肥护	711	0.50	541,770	439,765	102,005	72,525,373
						TOTAL	\$1,792,911,276

TABLE 40
STATE AND FEDERA TAX REVENUES NOT COLLECTED
DUE TO DESEFFICIENT EDUCATION

RACE	CLASS OF 1 1982 DROPOUT PAMEER	HICH SCHOOL, GRADUKTE SALARY PER YEAR	STATE TAXES	Federal, Taxes	HICH SCHOOL DROPOUT SALARY PER YEAR	State Tages	FEDERAL TAXES	STATE TAKES LOST OVER LIFETIVE IN CPS DROPOUTS CLASS OF 1982	PEDERAL TAXES LOST OVER LIPETITE BY CPS DROPOUTS CLASS OF 1982	TOTAL EARNUT" LOST TO DOOKNY PHON CPS DROPOUTS CLASS OF 1982
l'ALE	·	·			· ·					
HATTE	1,250	\$24,097	\$494	\$2,690	\$19,560	3/9	\$1,845	\$7,031,250	\$47,531,250	(255,208,333
HLACK	4,995	\$18,073	\$329	\$1,593	\$14,670	235	\$1,054	\$21,128,850	\$121,153,725	764,859,375
11.22	1,096	\$18,073	\$329	\$1,593	\$14,670	235	\$1,054	\$4,636,080	\$26,583,480	167,825,000
Fuwe										
\AOTE	919	\$14,333	\$226	\$1,005	\$11,303	142	\$585	\$3,473,820	\$17,369,100	125,275,687
XAZI	3,645	\$13,186	\$194	\$844	\$10,703	126	\$501	\$11,153,700	\$56,260,575	407,217,508
HESP	711	\$12,039	\$163	\$683	\$9,773	100	\$384	\$2,015,685	59,566,505	72,525,373
							TUTAL	. \$49,439,335	\$278,464,635	\$1,792,911,276



\$102,005 lost by Hispanic female Dropouts (see chart). These lost lifetime earnings represent a considerable loss to the economy of our city, totaling, over 45 years, \$1.8 billion. We have not included the effect of this reduction in the economy into our figures, but have used this data to calculate lost tax revenues.

A loss in personal income by Dropouts is a loss in tax revenues at all levels of government. That means that each individual's tax bill is higher proportionally. Of the \$1.8 billion in reduced earnings for the Dropouts of the Class of 1982, \$278 million represents a reduction in Federal income taxes. Had these students finished high school, their additional lifetime earnings would have generated another \$49 million in state income taxes.

Methodology:

The procedure for calculating lost earnings was adapted from Levin. The data base was taken from census data from "Lifetime Earnings Estimates For Men and Women in the U.S., 1979" (P-60, Number 131). The lifetime earnings have been adjusted for inflation. Since average male and female lifetime earnings were given, calculations were made to adjust for racial differences. Tax Figures were calculated by using the 1984 1040A and state tax forms for annualized earnings (total lifetime earnings divided by 45 years) for each race and gender. There was no adjustment for "ability factors" in increased earnings, nor for possible college enrollment of high school graduates.

2. Welfare and Income Maintenance Costs

Eropouts occasion higher welfare and unemployment costs. Many welfare costs are education related. Aid to Families with Dependent Children (AFDC), medical assistance, and food stamps bear a direct relationship to inadequate education. Eligibility for each of these programs is based on income and employment, two factors directly related to educational attainment. According to Levin, research has shown that the vast majority of AFDC parents have not completed high school. Their employability is low, and even when employed, their earnings are usually too low to make them independent of outside assistance. Just as AFDC costs are dependent on educational attainment, medical assistance for AFDC recipients and food stamps are also educationally related.

General Assistance also bears a relationship to insufficient education. These programs support low income households and suggest the eame type of rela ionship to inadequate education as are apparent in the AFDC programs.

Unemployment compensation also appears to have a



TABLE 41 ESTIMATED COST OF WELFARE EXPENDITURES FIXE! IN ADEQUATE EDUCATION The Class of 1982

	OLASS OF 1982		ESTO ATED
	DROPOUT	OOST PER	CLASS OF 1982
RACE	HUBER	RECEPTENT	DROPOUTS COST
MALE (Unemployment for	50% of Class)		
WHETE:	1,250		
FLACK	4,995		
HISP	1,096		
	7,341	\$5.837	\$21,425,293
FEMALE (AFDC for 50% of		401001	4511-01-03
WHITE	919		
ELACK	3,645		
iDSP	711		
	5,275	\$11,037	\$29,110,371
total	12,616		\$50,535,664
			· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·

ESTIF-WILD HATTORIAL COST OF HILFARM PAPERDITURES FROM INADEQUATE EDUCATION

	1985 (thousands)	cost per recepient
AID TO FAMILIES WITH DEPENDENT CHILDHEN HEDICAL ASSISTANCE (AFDC'S STREE) GENERAL ASSISTANCE FOOD STATES	\$17,727,323 \$9,731,719 \$2,049,477 \$12,907,085	
PUBLIC ASSISTANCE TOTAL	\$42,415,604	\$11,037
ULIMPLONAEIT COLPTASATION	\$19,554,483	\$5,837
UPPER ESA ATE: 50% OF TOLAL PUBLIC ASSISTANCE 25% OF UNIMPLOYIEST COMPENSATION	\$21,207,802 \$4,888,621	
UPPER ESTIMATE TOTAL	\$26,096,423	
LOVER ESTIMATE: 25% OF TOTAL PUBLIC ASSISTANCE 15% OF WEIGHLOWENT OF PENSATION LOVER ESTIMATE TOTAL	\$10,603,901 \$2,933,172 \$13,537,073	
	41313013	
ADPOINT ESTIMATE (MILLIONS)	\$19,816,748	



relationship with the educational level of the recipient. Despite the fact that people who have never held jobs or who only work infrequently are not eligible for benefits (since benefits are related to previous earnings) and people with low earnings receive low benefits, unemployment compensation costs are associated with insufficient education. The "marginal" worker, the one with the least skills, is most susceptible to unemployment during poor economic times. Further, because of limited skills, he is less able to adapt to new technology or look for employment in other fields. Thus, inadequate education is a partial cause of unemployment compensation expenditures.

On a national basis, inadequate education is estimated to be responsible for between \$14.5 billion and \$21.2 billion in welfare expenditures. The Panel estimates inadequate education will be responsible for about \$50.5 million in annual welfare expenditures for the Dropouts of the Class of 1982. Of this amount, \$21.4 million will be expended in unemployment compensation and \$29.1 million in Public Assistance aid(see chart).

Methodology

Only those welfare costs mentioned in the narrative were included and only 25% of medical assistance was calculated to be the share borne by AFDC. The total Public Assistance cost was divided by the number of families receiving AFDC payments to obtain a rate per family. This rate was adjusted for inflation and multiplied against half the number of female Dropouts, the number estimated to qualify for AFDC. The rate per person receiving unemployment compensation was calculated similarly and multiplied by half the number of male Dropouts, the number estimated to qualify for unemployment.

3. Costs of Crime

There is a great deal of research which links crime to inadequate education and which specifically links high school Dropouts to juvenile crime. In studying the national economic impact of crime and related expenditures, only crimes which were likely to decline if educational attainment were raised and which also caused a real sacrifice to the nation's resources were considered. Levin's estimate (adjusted to the current period) is that the economic impact of crime and related expenditures attributable to inadequate education ranged between \$5.6 billion and \$11.4 billion annually.

It is estimated, on the basis of some longitudinal research on children at educational risk, that 51% of male students who became Dropouts will be arrested. Costs for crime and related expenditures were calculated per arrest. If 51% of the Dropouts of the Class of 1982 are arrested, the



TABLE 42 ESTIMATED COST OF CRUME

RACE	CLASS OF 1982 DROPOUT NUMBER	ESTIMATED COST OF CRINE ATTRIBUTED TO THE CLASS OF 1982 DROPOUTS		
MALE				
HLACK	1,250			
HISP	4,995 1,096			
times	1,090			
	7,341	total males	7,341	
FEMALE			·	
witte	919		x 51\$	
HLACK	3 ,64 5			
HTZP	711		x \$19,663	
•				
	19,957		\$73,615,372	
			if 51% of males	
			committed orine	

NATIONAL BOONOMIC IMPACT OF CRIME AND RELATED EXPENDITURES*

UNITED STATES

1985

(millions)

COST OF CRIMES AGAINST PERSONS AND PROPERTY:

HOMICIDE \$2,359
ASSAULT 204 COST PER
ARSON AND VANDALISM 944 ARREST

total \$3,507 \$19,663

PUBLIC LAW ENFORMCEMENT AND CRIMINAL JUSTICE:

POLICE CORRECTIONS PROSECUTION AND DEFENSE COURTS	\$8,781 3,252 393 821
total	\$13,247
PRIVATE COSTS	
PREVENTION SERVICES PREVENTION EQUIPMENT PRIVATE WURSEL INSURANCE	\$ 4,246 629 189 944
	\$6,007
TOTAL (MILLIONS)	\$22,760



economic impact of crime attributable to inadequate education, including the costs of crimes against persons and property, the associated costs of public law enforcement and criminal justice, and other private losses related to crime are in excess of \$73.6 million.

Methodology

Levin's methodology was adjusted for inflation. However, these figures are conservative because they do not account for the increase in the crime rate which has occurred. Thus, the upper estimates of the costs of crime are likely to be more accurate. The costs attributable to the Class of 1982 were calculated by dividing the cost of crime by the number of arrests in those crime categories, and multiplying this rate (cost per arrest) by 51% of the male Dropouts of the Class of 1982. The cost to society for each of these committed crimes is calculated at \$19,663 per arrest.



VI. METHODOLOGY

This report is a longitudinal study of entering freshmen who belonged to the graduating classes of 1982, 1983, and 1984, conducted jointly by the Chicago Panel on Public School Finances and the Department of Research and Evaluation of the Chicago Board of Education. It tracked each entering student by his/her student identification number, noting significant personal characteristics on each file (race, age at entry, gender, and school of entry), and identified the final leave code recorded, and the school from which the student left. Eighth grade reading scores for these students were retrieved from other files and merged with the basic student identification files. The various possible leave codes were combined into three categories: Transfers (primarily those who transfered out of the Chicago Public Schools, but also including those who died -- just over 40 in each of the three classes studied -- or were committed to some residential institution), Graduates, and Dropouts (those who left without graduating or transferring to an accredited day high school, for any of the 13 reasons mentioned in the introduction -- see Appendix for a list of all Leave Codes currently used by the Chicago Public Schools). Each student was then tracked from entry to departura.

The Transfer Rate was determined by dividing the total number of students classified under the combined Transfer codes by the total number of entering frashmen. The Dropout and Graduation Rates were then determined by dividing the number of students in each of those combined categories by the number of students remaining after the Transfers were eliminated. In the course of this study, it was not possible to determine final outcomes of those students who transferred out of the Chicago Public Schools; therefore, these students were excluded from Dropout and Graduation Rates.

Data Collection and Data Problems

In the course of this study, more than 100,000 student records were examined. Individual records were examined only by qualified employees of the Chicago Board of Education. No confidential individual information was disclosed to non-employees. Staff from the Chicago Panel analyzed only aggregate data. These data were drawn from the Board's student data files. Student information and reading scores were drawn from separately maintained files, which prevented an exact match on all files. These files are centrally maintained on the basis of data entry at the local school level. Thus, the data contained in this study represent the most specific, and most accurate, student information available.



previous efforts to analyze the scope of the Dropout problem in the Chicago Public Schools have suffered from an imprecise data base. This is particularly true for those outside studies which have sought to estimate the Dropout Rate from aggregate enrollment data. The Illinois State Board of Education attrition rate suffers from the same imprecision. These estimates are particularly vulnerable to distortion resulting from the inability to track transfers out of the system and the inability to distinguish between newly entering students and those retained (particularly in the free man year) from previous entering classes. By using computerized individual tracking, this study is able to avoid both of these problems.

However, data problems still exist in using this method. Any large, computerized data base suffers from some common problems. Data entry errors are inevitable when dealing with the records of more than 100,000 students. Some students' records are incorrectly coded; others are missing one or more codes. Thus, for the different student characteristics analyzed in this study, the class size will vary (e.g., a small difference for gender vs. race). For most categories, the number of missing codes is quite low. The largest problem of missing information resulted from merging the reading score file with the basic student information file. A mismatch of student identification numbers became an arena for error. However, there are also other reasons for missing reading scores, including those who transferred into the Chicago Public Schools as freshmen (thus, having no recorded eighth grade score), those judged too limited in English proficiency to be tested in English, and those who were absent on the day the tests were administered.

A more serious problem is the purposeful miscoding of students. Various school officials, in order to manipulate the official Dropout Rate, may code students incorrectly. Combining the various codes for leaving school without graduating eliminated one potential abuse of hiding the true scope of droping out by choosing a less pejorative designation than Dropout. The most flagrant abuse of the leave codes was found among those students recorded as Transfers. A visual examination of the destinations of all such students indicated that as many as 50% were recorded improperly, either to destinations which did not exist or to destinations which were not accredited diploma granting high schools. For this study, these students were recategorized as Dropouts. Still, because the Board of Education does not routinely and systematically verify that students transferring are actually enrolled in a proper high school destination, even some of these remaining Transfers may never arrive. In the future, such verification should be standard procedure, and those not enrolled in an accredited school should be counted as Dropouts. However, this problem does not appear to significantly affect the



Dropout Rate identified in this study. Even if 20% of the remaining students recorded as Transfers did not arrive at their destination, the Dropout Rate would rise by less than 1%.

A longitudinal study presents particular data problems not inherent in annual accountings. These problems enhance the reliability of such an approach, but create timing problems for reporting on Dropouts. Annual longitudinal Dropout Rates will provide information on student outcomes for the preceeding four to six years. This study has not developed procedures for interim reporting on classes still enrolled in high school, though such procedures do not appear to be difficult to develop. However, a longitudinal approach discloses a pattern in student enrollment which is often overlooked in Dropout studies: about 10% of Chicago high school students are still actively enrolled after their class has graduated. Thus, final statistics are not available for some time after the normal graduating date of a class. This study uses a cut-off date of September 30th two years following the normal graduation date. Data from the Class of 1982 indicate that less than one-half of one percent were still enrolled at that point. However, this means that "final" statistics are not available until two years after a class graduates. Such a delay would seriously compromise the value of longitudinal data. Happily, it also appears that those students who are still actively enrolled on September 30th of the year their class graduated have outcomes very close to those of the class as a whole. Thus, a fairly accurate proximate Dropout Rate may be determined at that point. For comparisons between classes only recently graduated (specifically the Classes of 1983 and 1984 in this study), a cut-off date of September 30th following graduation, excluding those still actively enrolled, produces significant findings.

Various student characteristics were examined in conjunction with the Dropout Rate. Gender distinctions between males and females were analyzed. Race and ethnicity were examined on the basis of the Board of Education's categories: White, Black, American Indian (generally too few in numbers to make comparisons significant), Asian, and Hispanic. Entry age of students was calculated on the basis of a December 1 cut-off, following Illinois state practice at that time; thus, students who were older than 14 by December 1st of their entering year were considered overage. No data were available on the student information file to indicate socio-economic status. Reading scores were those recorded by the Board of Education as a result of Iowa Basic Skills Tests administered in April of the year preceeding high school entry. Following generally accepted educational guidelines, students testing at Stanine 4 and above were considered to be reading at or above normal reading levels for entry into high



school. Those with scores in Stanines 1 - 3 were considered below normal. Grade equivalents for national norm referenced tests are somewhat misleading, but are provided here. Students tested in the eighth month of their eighth year in school (April of 8th grade) should show a grade equivalence of 8.8. However, since norm referenced tests are designed to show a range of scores which are considered normal, a grade equivalence of 6.8 would be considered the lower limit of a normal reading level for entering freshmen. Stanine and grade equivalents used in this study are:

Grade

	Equivalents	
Stanine 1 Stanine 2 Stanine 3	0.5 - 4.6 4.7 - 5.7 5.8 - 6.7	Below Normal
Stanine 4 Stanine 5 Stanine 6 and above	6.8 - 8.0 8.1 - 9.2 9.3 -13.9	Normal and Above

One final word is necessary to compare the effects of doing a longitudinal study rather than a one-time annual Recently, the Board of Education released a set of Dropout statistics for each high school in the system for the Class of 1984. The rule of thumb comparison for one-time statistics vs. a longitudinal study has been to multiply the annual statistics by four to arrive at a rough approximation of the Dropout Rate for the high school career of an individual Class. On the accompanying chart, the results of these two different means of computing the Dropout Rate are presented, both absolutely, as rele sed, and with the fourfold multiplication. There are significant differences for a number of schools. However, it must be noted that, because the data for this longitudinal study has been more rigorously examined and cleaned, some of the differences reflect the elimination of some abuses mentioned above. Thus, Crane High School, which reported a 1.9% annual Dropout Rate last February (comparable to a 7.6% rate for four years) has a Dropout Rate of 58.3% according to the statistics gathered for this report. Generally, those schools whose reported Dropout statistics were quite high look better on a rigorous longitudinal approach. Uneven temporal distribution of a school's Dropouts (e.g., if a school loses many in the first two years) will tend to inflate the numbers when they are simply multiplied by four. On the other hand, those schools which incorrectly categorized transfers (recorded to inappropriate or non-existent destinations) or narrowly defined Dropout to only one of the 13 appropriate leave codes, generally had much higher Dropout Rates according to the data in this study.



59 68

14

134

568

56

309

13.85 111

14.05

29.85 111

51.53 | | |



60

61

62

63

1810 Young

14FO Lindbloom

1370 Harrison +

1800 Metro, Chicago

2,195

2,133

20

16

Û

1.25

0.85

0.05

0.05

0.35

0.3

12.61

13.25

29.85

51.5%

VII. APPENDIX



CHICAGO BOARD OF EDUCATION

Leave Codes

Code	Use
30	Intra School Reorganization (e.g., Promotion)
31	Transfer to another C.P.S. (full time)
32	Transfer to a Chicago non-public school (or evening school)
33	Transfer to a school out of Chicago
34	Transfer to a residential institution
35	Legally committed to a correctional institution
36	Lost - not coming to school - truant officer cannot locate
37	Temporarily excused due to physical disability
38	Temporarily excused due to certified mental retardation
39	Temporarily excused due to certified emotional disturbance
41	Deceased
42	Terminated (student was in an ungraded program)
44	Miscellaneous leave for involuntary reason (including pregnancy)
45	Graduated from high school
60	Entered verified employment
61	Needed at home
6 2	Enlisted
63	Married
64	Dropout - lack of interest and/or poor scholarship
65	Cannot adjust

