DOCUMENT RESUME

ED 255 666 CE 041 130

TITLE Standards for Excellence in Trade and Industrial

Education.

INSTITUTION Vocational Industrial Clubs of America, Leesburg,

VA,

SPONS AGENCY Department of Education, Washington, DC.

PUB DATE May 85

CONTRACT 300-83-0041

NOTE 74p.

PUB TYPE Guides - Non-Classroom Use (055)

EDRS PRICE MF01/PC03 Plus Postage.

DESCRIPTORS Advisory Committees; Educational Philosophy;

Educational Quality; Inservice Teacher Education;

Postsecondary Education; Preservice Teacher Education; Program Effectiveness; *Program

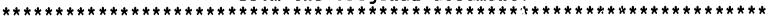
Evaluation; Secondary Education; *Standards; *Teacher

Certification; *Teacher Education; *Trade and

Industrial Education

ABSTRACT

This publication presents standards for high quality trade and industrial education. Introductory materials include background on the standards project and information on using the standards. The three primary objectives of the project were to develop: standards for trade and industrial education that are common to all instructional programs at the secondary and postsecondary level, standards for trade and industrial education teacher education programs, and standards for certification of shop, laboratory, classroom and related teachers of trade and industrial education (identified as Levels I, II, and III). Each of the three objectives in the complete set of standards is composed of a set of topics. Each topic has a standard statement to describe the standards and subsequent criteria to be used in assessment. Following each criterion are three columns, one of which is checked during a review to indicate whether the criterion can be deemed as exceeding the standard, meeting the standard, or being below the standard. On the last page of each standard topic is a section entitled "summary of this topic." A "program profile" form is provided after the last page of the standards. (YLB)





STANDARDS FOR EXCELLENCE

IN

TRADE AND INDUSTRIAL EDUCATION

These standards for excellence in trade and industrial education may also be used by states which no longer use the specific title of trade and industrial education, providing the change is in essence a name change only, and the purpose and philosophies identified under the new title are consistent with the purposes and philosophies identified in the standards for excellence in trade and industrial education.

A Project of the Vocational Industrial Clubs of America, Inc.

Leesburg, VA 22075

for

The United States Department of Education

U.S. DEPARTMENT OF EDUCATION
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BACKGROUND

The Standards Project

In October 1983, the Vocational
Industrial Clubs of America, Inc.
(VICA) began a twenty-month project for
the U.S. Department of Education to
research and produce national standards
for excellence in trade and industrial
education. The project "Standards for
Excellence in Trade and Industrial
Education" is designed to define
"models of quality" for exemplary trade
and industrial education programs. The
three primary objectives of the
project, as stated by the U.S.
Education Department, were:

- To develop standards for trade and industrial education which are common to all trade and industrial education instructional programs at the secondary and postsecondary levels
- To develop standards for trade and industrial education teacher education programs
- To develop standards for certification of shop, lab, classroom, and related teachers of trade and industrial education programs.

From October 1983 through January 1984, a literature review was conducted and a status report was prepared, which was then reviewed with the technical advisory group. This document includes a historical overview of the development of trade and industrial education, teacher education, and teacher certification. It provided a frame of reference for conclusions that led to drafts of the standards in the initial form.

The results of the literature search are included in the "Report of the

Review of the Literature" submitted to the U.S. Department of Education. The document is available through ERIC.

Representatives from industry, education, labor, professional associations and other critical groups served as a Technical Advisory Group, (TAG) and on the Review and Expert Committees. A modified "Delphi" study design was used with activities structured to permit experts knowledgeable of trade and industrial education requirements to arrive at a consensus of opinion concerning each objective.

Development of the Standards

In the second phase the status report provided the background for an "item pool" initial draft of components of the standards.

The first draft of the standards in item pool form was considered by the Review Committee. The comments of the Review Committee were tabulated for presentation to the Expert Committee.

The third phase involved the Expert Committee in a workshop in June just prior to the VICA National Leadership Conference and United States Skill Olympics. The Expert Committee responded to the same draft of standards (in item pool form) prior to the workshop. During the workshop, the recommendations of both the Review and the Expert Committees were considered and from this information recommendations were prepared for the review of the U.S. Department of Education. The draft then was presented to the Technical Advisory Group in early September for review and comments.



Background

Phase four provided for validation of the standards during a three-day workshop.

The standards were validated by approximately thirty people who were invited to participate in the validation meeting prior to the December 1984 American Vocational Association Convention in New Orleans, Louisiana. The participants were selected representing the same cross sections as in the three other committees, and from a pool of names suggested by the standards Technical Advisory Group and trade and industrial state supervisors. Also in the pool were names of individuals from education, business, industry, and labor who expressed interest in the project or volunteered to assist and had not been involved in previous activities. This ensured that the validation workshop was conducted by an unbiased group.

The recommendations of the validation workshop participants were reviewed by the Technical Advisory Group in February 1985, and the revisions were submitted to the Department of Education before publication.

During phase five the standards were published and distributed in the Spring of 1985.

The development of standards that are applicable to all trade and industrial instructional programs at the secondary and postsecondary levels, as well as adult training and retraining, should help to unify trade and industrial education and enhance program quality nationwide. National standards for

teacher education programs will no doubt eliminate some of the variance found among states in teacher education programs. Standards for certifying teachers will assure teacher quality, a nationwide concern in the 1980's.

This publication includes the standards for all three objectives. These standards for high quality trade and industrial education will provide guidelines to the states as they search for material to maintain excellence in both their vocational programs and teacher education programs and seek to alleviate certification reciprocity problems for teachers.

The standards developed under this U.S. Department of Education contract are included in this document.

It is hoped the standards will be utilized as a mirror to determine strengths and weaknesses for program review. They could serve as models for schools, districts, area centers, and states that wish to develop, modify or adopt standards to maintain excellence in trade and industrial education programs.

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APPLICATION OF STANDARDS

Using the Standards

An understanding of the three objectives and the classification of the standards is critical before conducting a review of a trade and industrial education program. The set of standards includes three objectives, each with a set of topics.

The overall objective includes
Philosophy, State and Local
Supervision, Advisory Committees,
Curriculum and Instructional Planning,
VICA, Instructional Staff, Facilities
and Equipment, Personnel Services, and
Special Needs.

Standards for teacher education include Institutional Characteristics, Qualifications of Trade and Industrial Teacher Educators, Internships/Inservice, Preservice/Survival Skills, Program Competencies, Special Populations, and Sex Equity.

The standards for certification are identified as Levels I, II, and III, and address how the trade and industrial occupational competency is evaluated and the work experience requirements. Trade competency testing, initial certification requirements, and requirements for subsequent levels of certification are also addressed.

The actual program review using the standards is not complicated, once one has become familiar with the overview of the standard topics. Each topic has a standard statement to describe the standards and subsequent criteria to be used in assessing the standard.

The process for conducting a review includes checking one of three columns after each criteria. The criteria can be deemed as exceeding the standard, meeting the standard or below the standard by checking the appropriate column.

On the last page of each standard topic there is a section identified as "Summary of this topic". In this section a space is provided to record the number of criteria which are marked "Below Standard". By subtracting this number from the total number of criteria for the topic, the number of criteria that are marked "Meets Standard" and "Exceeds Standard" can be determined.

A "Program Profile" form is provided after the last page of the standards. The information recorded for each topic in the "Summary of the topic" space can then be transferred to the program profile form for an overview of the results of the program review.

A space is provided to summarize comments and provide additional information on strengths and weaknesses.

In the process of assessing trade and industrial education programs the "Program Profile" form can be used to identify topics which indicate a need for deficiency correction.

For state use the format of the standards should be compatible with state assessment forms now in use, where the present system used is satisfactory.

Finally, the topic under Program Review suggests criteria to be used as guidelines for program review and follow-up. See topic K, page 35.



STANDARDS FOR EXCELLENCE IN TRADE AND INDUSTRIAL EDUCATION

DEFINITION OF TRADE AND INDUSTRIAL EDUCATION

This definition was developed in March 1982 by the National Trade and Industrial Education Leadership Committee invited by the U.S. Department of Education for the purpose of updating the present definition appearing in Handbook VI. 1

TRADE AND INDUSTRIAL EDUCATION - Trade and industrial education and training prepares individuals for employment in the industrial and service sectors of the economy. Trade and industrial education serves in-school and out-of-school youth and adults who need, want and may profit by instruction that prepares individuals to enter, advance or retrain for employment consistent with manpower and labor market needs. Trade and industrial occupations are classified on multiple levels of employment ranging from operatives to semi-skilled and skilled craftspersons and technicians of less than baccalaureate degree.

Trade and industrial education includes training for apprenticeable trades, technical occupations and other industrial and service occupations. These involve, but are not limited to, layout, designing, producing, processing, assembling, testing, maintaining, servicing or repairing; cooperative programs with industry; middle management, and supervisory development, entrepreneurship and other special training for industrial programs which ensure economic growth and development in the industrial sector; and emergency industrial mobilization training programs and services.

Trade and industrial education and training curriculums are derived from occupational analysis and involve the hands-on development of job skills and other complementary skills as an integral part of each curriculum related to leadership and responsibilities of citizenship through active participation in the Vocational Industrial Clubs of America, Inc. (VICA) as the recognized organization for trade and industrial education students. In addition, the curriculum includes mastery of complementary technology; related mathematics and science; technical communication skills; drawing, art and/or design; occupational safety and hygiene; labor and industrial relations and management; and other directly related and supplementary experiences. Instruction may be part-time or full-time and may be provided in a formal institution setting on the secondary and postsecondary level or cooperatively on the job.

Putnam, John F., and Chismore, W Dale. Standard Terminology for Curriculum and Instruction in Local and State School Systems. State Educational Records and Reports and Reports Series, Handbook VI. U.S. Department of Health, Education, and Welfare, Office of Education, OE-23052. Washington, D.C.: U.S. Government Printing Office, 1970.



-5-

STANDARDS FOR TRADE AND INDUSTRIAL EDUCATION WHICH ARE COMMON TO ALL TRADE AND INDUSTRIAL EDUCATION INSTRUCTIONAL PROGRAMS AT THE SECONDARY AND POSTSECONDARY LEVELS.

A.	PHILOSOPHY A current, comprehensive and written philosophical statement is available and serves as a foundation and framework for trade and industrial education programs and services. Philosophical statements include planning, developing, implementing, evaluating and updating. teria	che app	ease eck orop spon	the riat	e Moreo
1.	Trade and industrial education programs and services are committed to the involvement of business, industry, labor and other consultants in the development of a philosophical statement. COMMENT:				
2.	Trade and industrial education programs and services are designed for initial employment and for horizontal and vertical mobility. COMMENT:				
3.	Trade and industrial education programs are designed for and are accessible to in-school youth, out-of-school youth, and adults who need, who want, who elect, and who may profit by organized instruction consistent with labor market needs and employment practices. COMMENT:				
4.	Trade and industrial education programs and services provide for the development of skills and knowledge in current technology. COMMENT:				
5.	Trade and industrial education programs and services may provide the related technical and supplemental instruction for apprentices. COMMENT:				
6.	Trade and industrial education programs and services are designed to provide leadership skills. COMMENT:				



T&I	STANDARDS, OVERALL Philosophy	SEL S	AND P.C.	MARKE
7.	Trade and industrial education programs and services are provided throughout each individual's occupational life span. COMMENT:			
8.	Trade and industrial education programs and services are under public supervision with adequate provision for financial support and accessibility regardless of geographic area. COMMENT:			
9.	Trade and industrial education programs and services provide for the development of computational, communication, scientific, and social experiences that are central to human resource development. COMMENT:			
10.				
11.	Trade and industrial education programs are articulated with prevocational programs and apprenticeship or postsecondary programs to provide a smooth transition for any student on a career ladder in the program in which he/she is enrolled. COMMENT:			
Sum	mary of this topic:			
	/			
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	Total number of criteria "met" and "exceeded"			
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Organization and Administration (State)

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B. ORGANIZATION AND ADMINISTRATION, STATE SUPERVISION

Administrators and Supervisors provide management of and direction for the trade and industrial program. These personnel perform leadership functions that ensure attainment of all program goals.

Criteria

- 1. The state supervisory staff responsible for trade and industrial programs:
 - a. are certifiable trade and industrial teachers;
 - b. have a minimum of 3 years successful vocational teaching experience;
 - c. have successful supervisory experience in trade and industrial education at the local level;
 - d. have satisfactorily completed a graduate program with a major emphasis in trade and industrial education.
 COMMENT:

COMMENT:

- 2. The state supervisory staff is responsible for the leadership development, approval, and evaluation of trade and industrial education programs and services in conformance with standards established by the state board for vocational technical education. COMMENT:
- 3. The state supervisory staff responsible for the coordination and supervision of trade and industrial education recommends certification requirements for trade and industrial personnel.

 COMMENT:
- 4. The state supervisory staff is responsible for the state administration and supervision of the Vocational Industrial Clubs of America.

 COMMENT:



Organization and Administration (State) T&I STANDARDS, OVERALL 11. The state supervisory staff assumes leadership for developing a public information program for legislative bodies, boards of education, advisory committees and other appropriate public and private organizations to promote trade and industrial education statewide. COMMENT: 12. The state supervisory staff provides leadership and assistance in the development and utilization of student competency testing. COMMENT: 13. Provisions are made for state supervisory staff to annually attend national and regional trade and industrial education meetings to keep abreast of current professional developments. COMMENT: 14. State supervisory staff provide leadership for articulation of trade and industrial programs with prevocational programs, apprenticeship programs, and postsecondary programs. COMMENT: Summary of this topic: Number of criteria for this topic Minus number marked below Total number of criteria "met" and "exceeded"



- C. ORGANIZATION AND ADMINISTRATION, LOCAL SUPERVISION
 - 1. The governing board, administration, and instructional staff support trade and industrial education as an integral part of the system or institutional plan for vocational education.

 COMMENT:
- 2. Trade and industrial education programs are established and maintained based on labor market information, occupational opportunities and student needs and interests.

 COMMENT:
- 3. Sufficient funds are budgeted and expended to operate and maintain an effective trade and industrial program.
 - a. The program has an annual written budget.
 - b. Budgeted funds for supplies, equipment, and resource materials are sufficient to fully achieve program goals and objectives.
 - c. Budgeted funds are available for professional staff development.
 - d. Budgeted funds are designated to support a local VICA chapter.
- 4. There is a certified vocational trade and industrial educator employed with the responsibility of administering and supervising trade and industrial programs. COMMENT:
- 5. The person charged with the responsibility for supervision and administration of the trade and industrial programs participates in activities and decisions related to the operation of these programs. COMMENT:



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T& I	STANDARDS, OVERALL, Org	ganization and Adminis	cration (nocal)	Ser.		Cr s	"
6.	Maximum class sizes for trade and following criteria:	d industrial programs	are based on th	е			
	a. available space;						
	b. appropriate work stations;						
	c. safety considerations;						
	d. type, mode and method of ins	truction.					-
7.	There is an effective public rel objectives, activities and accomprogram. COMMENT:	ations program that pr plishments of the trad	omotes the e and industria	1			
8.	Program and fiscal records are m state, and federal policies and of trade and industrial educatio occupational classifications and COMMENT:	guidelines. Planning on programs utilize sta	and operations				7
9.	An occupational advisory committed development, operation and evaluation industrial education program. COMMENT:	ee provides input into	the trade and				
10.	Local education agencies develop evaluation to ensure standards of education programs. COMMENT:	o and use a three-year of excellence for trade	plan of and industria	L			
11.	Provision is made for trade and involved in local, state, region activities. COMMENT:	industrial personnel t nal and national staff	o become development				
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T&I STANDARDS, OVERALL

Organization and Administration (Local)

12. Local programs are articulated with prevocational, postsecondary and/or apprentice training.

COMMENT:

Summary of this topic:

Number of criteria for this topic

Minus number marked below

Total number of criteria "met" and "exceeded"

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Minus number marked below

Total number of criteria "met" and "exceeded"

	Advisory (Committees /	(E)	W.	N. C.
5.	Occupational advisory committees (craft committees) consist representatives who possess expertise and competency in the field of trade and industrial education. COMMENT:	of specified			
Sum	mary of this topic:				
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E. CURRICULUM AND INSTRUCTIONAL PLANNING

The curriculum in trade and industrial education is designed to prepare for entry into an occupation, promotion or upgrading in a specific occupation or cluster of occupations. It includes an outline of subject matter and/or learning experiences planned to accomplish the stated objectives.

The curriculum is based on an analysis which includes current knowledge and skills required in the occupation. The curriculum should be revised periodically by the instructor to reflect technological changes with the assistance of labor, management, advisory committees, consultants, administrators, and trade associations.

The curriculum should be identified with the Vocational Education and Occupational Information Data Systems, re: The Carl D. Perkins Vocational Education Act, Part C - Section 421, 422, and 423.

Criteria

- 1. The trade and industrial education program is directly related to present and future employment and career opportunities.

 COMMENT:
- 2. Local vocational administrators, certified trade and industrial teacher educators, representatives of state departments of education, employment and training agencies, manpower agencies, organized labor, business and industry participate in planning and revising the program of instruction. COMMENT:
- 3. Data to be considered in the curriculum plan include labor market studies, demographic information, population studies, and specific community surveys.

 COMMENT:
- 4. Each trade and industrial education program has a definition and a classification code that is part of the National Center for Education Statistics (NCES) vocational education data collection system.

 COMMENT:

-16-



10.	Instructional content of	of trade and industrial education programs
	includes applications of	of mathematics, scientific principles, oral and
	written communication s	skills and employability skills.
	COMMENT:	

- 11. Trade and industrial education programs offer opportunities for direct contact with industry, development of social awareness, interpersonal skills, citizenship and leadership skills as an integral part of the program. The opportunities are provided by the trade and industrial education teachers.

 COMMENT:
- 12. The instructional program is supported by an annual board-approved budget that considers program needs and the number of students enrolled. Included are:
 - a. staff compensation;
 - b. facility operation and maintenance;
 - c. equipment rental and purchase;
 - d. materials and supplies;
 - e. instructor travel:
 - f. transportation expenses related to instruction;
 - g. substitute teachers:
 - h. instructor inservice education;
 - i. VICA activities;
 - j. professional and technical development;
 - k. equipment maintenance;
 - 1. contractual services.

COMMENT:

1017	STANDARDS, OVERALL CUlticulum and instruction	SE'S	ACC.	A CENT
13.	A plan is developed and utilized for vertical and horizontal articulation of the curriculum with educational institutions and apprentice programs in an identified geographical area. COMMENT:			
14.	A listing of recommended tools, equipment, instructional aids and reference materials is provided for each trade and industrial program. COMMENT:			
15.	Current and technically accurate instructional materials and textbooks are utilized in the instructional program. COMMENT:			
16.	Community resources are identified and utilized to enhance the quality of the instructional program. COMMENT:			
17.	Lesson plans and/or student Learning Activities Packages are developed. They clearly state:			
	a. instructional objectives;			
*******	b. activities;			
	c. evaluation;			
	d. resources to be utilized during instruction.			
	COMMENT:			
18.	Instructors and students have access to, and the use of, pertinent and current printed and audio visual materials. COMMENT:			
19.	Safety instruction is an integral part of the instructional program and is provided prior to student laboratory activities. COMMENT:			
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Curriculum and Instruction

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- 20. Instruction in personal, tool, machine and equipment safety is documented and maintained in personnel records for each student. COMMENT:
- 21. The requirements for instruction in trade and industrial education programs are determined by the manipulative, mathematical, scientific and communications skills required in the occupation.
 - a. Full-time skilled preparatory trade and industrial education programs operate for a minimum of 3 consecutive periods per day for a minimum of 1080 clock hours of instruction. Where other patterns than daily classes are utilized an equivalent time block is provided.
 - b. Fractionalized/skilled preparatory trade and industrial education programs operate for no less than 2 consecutive periods per day depending upon the level of skill needed for entry into employment (can be semi-skilled or limited-skill).
 - c. In secondary vocational programs where mathematics and science concepts are taught as a part of the technically related instruction, one credit for mathematics and one credit for science is awarded towards graduation.
 - d. Carnegie units are granted for vocational trade and industrial education classes on the same basis used for other secondary subjects.
 - e. The number of students enrolled in a trade and industrial education program will be determined by the facilities, equipment, and work stations, but shall not exceed a 20:1 student to teacher ratio.

COMMENT:

- 22. Records of student completion of occupational competencies are maintained for each course, and are available to students.

 COMMENT:
- 23. Occupational competencies achieved by students who have completed a program are measured by standardized competency based tests.

 COMMENT:

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25.	Trade on a e COMMEN	darra	ndustrial ed ole basis.	lucation programs	are available	to all students			
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Curriculum and Instruction (Industrial Cooperative Education)

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INDUSTRIAL COOPERATIVE EDUCATION

Cooperative education is a method of instruction that contributes to the student's education and to his or her employability.

The purpose of industrial cooperative education is to prepare students for employment in trade and industrial occupations. The written philosophy statement influences thought and action for the cooperative programs.

Criteria

- 1. Industrial cooperative education training is provided in a variety of industrial areas. COMMENT:
- 2. A certified coordinator for industrial cooperative education is employed to serve a maximum of 30 students.

 COMMENT:
- 3. The coordinator is active in seeking job training stations in the industrial community.

 COMMENT:
- 4. The coordinator has had experience both as a teacher and a skilled worker.

 COMMENT:
- 5. The coordinator visits the student on-the-job at least once a month, or twice during a grading period, and more often as needed.

 COMMENT:
- 6. An advisory committee, including representatives of both the school and community, assists in planning and coordinating the industrial cooperative education program.

 COMMENT:



Curriculum and Instruction (Industrial Cooperative Education)

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- 7. Provision is made for compliance with all legal requirements relating to the employment of youth.

 COMMENT:
- 8. Provisions are made for the cooperative student to receive in-school individual supervision and instruction for a minimum of one hour per day correlated with on-the-job work-site experience which must be at least 15 hours per week.

 COMMENT:
- 9. Job placement is approved by the coordinator only where learning opportunities exist consistent with the student's career goals, and exploitation of the worker is unlikely.

 COMMENT:
- 10. On-the-job experiences are planned to assist students in the development of effective theory and knowledge as well as manipulative skills. COMMENT:
- 11. Secondary students enrolled in trade and industrial cooperative education programs will receive one Carnegie unit of credit for each hour of classroom instruction and one unit of credit for on-the-job experience annually.

 COMMENT:
- 12. Provision is made to provide coordination services beyond the regular school day and school year for trade and industrial cooperative education programs.

 COMMENT:
- 13. Schedule provisions ensure a sufficient time allotment, or block of time, in work and classroom activities to accomplish the goals of the program.

 COMMENT:



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T&I S	STANDARDS, OVERALL Curriculum and Instruction (Industrial Cooperative Education)	BILES.	Water of the state
C	Industrial cooperative programs are revised periodically in the light of the information obtained through evaluation procedures.		
5	training program (memorandum) is on file for each student and is signed by the employer, student, parent, and coordinator.		
•	Records showing scholastic achievement, work-related experience, and employer evaluations of each student are maintained.		
ē	Reports of the effectiveness of the on-the-job phase of the program are made periodically to the school by the employer.		
1	Credit toward a certificate or diploma is granted for successful completion of supervised or cooperative work, apprentice training or celated apprentice instruction. COMMENT:		
Summa	ary of this topic:		
	Total number of criteria "met" and "exceeded"		



Curriculum and Instruction (Specialized Programs for Business and Industry/Adult Supplementary)

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SPECIALIZED PROGRAMS FOR BUSINESS AND INDUSTRY/ADULT SUPPLEMENTARY

Vocational education administrators are strongly encouraged to be flexible in meeting the needs of business/industry. While most of the standards in the entire set apply equally well to such courses, some points are readily apparent as to be inappropriate, i.e., teacher education standards, student club activities, length of course, etc.

Criteria

- 1. Trade and industrial education programs make provision for business/industry oriented training programs designed to meet specific needs. COMMENT:
- 2. Specialized programs for business and industry address:
 - a. the upgrading of experienced people to new technology;
 - b. remedial programs to make it possible for experienced people to progress in new technology courses;
 - c. programs for experienced people to progress to entirely new but specific areas of employment.

 COMMENT:
- 00.1.11.1.1
- 3. Adult Supplementary courses are organized around those special skills and knowledge needed to update or upgrade groups of individuals, based upon the needs of the industry or industries involved. COMMENT:
- 4. The length of Adult Supplementary courses may vary depending upon the complexity of the skills needed.

 COMMENT:

Summary of this topic:

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T&I	STANDARDS, OVERALL	Leadership Skill Development	STATE OF	ACCE I HOW
F.	LEADERSHIP SKILL DEVELOPMENT FOR STUDENTS PROGRAMS THROUGH VICA	IN TRADE AND INDUSTRIAL		
	The Vocational Industrial Clubs of American organization serving the trade and industrial occupation students. VICA is an integral	rial, technical and health		

Criteria

program.

- 1. Opportunities are provided for all trade and industrial students to participate in the Vocational Industrial Clubs of America (VICA) in each occupational section under the guidance of their instructors. COMMENT:
- 2. The occupational sections in local VICA units provide opportunities for participation and recognition of achievement in activities at the local, district, state, national and international levels. COMMENT:
- 3. VICA activities are designed to provide opportunities for a unique liaison between trade and industrial programs and labor and industry. COMMENT:
- 4. VICA is an integral part of the instructional program and is financially supported from state and local sources. COMMENT:
- 5. The local school administration is responsible for the administration and supervision of the Vocational Industrial Clubs of America. COMMENT:



r&I	STANDAR	DS, OVERALL	Leadership Skill	Development	SELET!	HOURS OF	Mari Linguage
6.	The loc	al balanced VICA program includes	:				
	a. com	munity service activities;					
	b. pub	olic relations/publicity activities	s;				
	c. Ski	11 Olympics;					
	d. lea	dership development activities;					
	e. way	s and means activities;					
	f. saf	ety activities;					
	g. soc	cial activities.					
Sum	mary of	this topic:					
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Instructional Staff

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G. INSTRUCTIONAL STAFF

The instructional staff is both professionally and technically competent to provide students with a quality, comprehensive trade and industrial program.

NOTE: See teacher education and certification program standards for more specific criteria.

Criteria

- All trade and industrial instructors are occupationally proficient, and meet state certification requirements and recognized industry certification standards, when applicable.
 COMMENT:
- 2. The instructor uses available supplemental services and resources in the instructional process to help meet individual student needs. COMMENT:
- 3. The instructor is provided with information processing and other instructional support services.
 COMMENT:
- 4. Job descriptions are on file for all instructional staff. COMMENT:
- 5. The instructor is technically current in the occupation taught.

 COMMENT:
- 6. The instructor is involved in assessment of current labor market area needs, placement and follow-up for students who complete or leave a program.

 COMMENT:



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T& I	STANDARI	OS, OVERALL		Instructiona	l Staff	SEL ST	WALL COME	SEE STATE
7.	The inst evaluati COMMENT:	ing instruction	ent in planning, orga n his/her specific pr	nizing, directing ograms.	, and			
8.	local in	ndustrial trainim el responsible fo el.	d implements instructing coordinators, industructions apprentice training	try representativ	es,			
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Facilities and Equipment

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H.	FACIL	ITIES	AND	EQUIPMENT
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Adequate facilities and equipment are provided to assist in achieving the program goals and course objectives.

Criteria

- 1. Facilities and equipment for trade and industrial education programs:
 - a. are readily accessible to all students to be served;
 - b. are up-to-date and meet industry quality and standards;
 - c. are adequate to meet the needs of the course of study and maximum class enrollment;
 - d. are designed or modified to accommodate students with physical handicaps or other educational needs;
 - e. are conducive to good learning activities and conform with all safety and environmental standards.

COMMENT:

- 2. Adequate facility space is provided for:
 - a. tool and equipment storage;
 - b. materials and supplies;
 - c. student work storage;
 - d. instructional personnel needs;
 - e. adult education classes if facilities are shared;
 - f. are maintained in an orderly, safe, clean, and attractive condition.

COMMENT:

- 3. An up-to-date inventory maintenance system is in place. COMMENT:
- 4. First aid services are provided and accessible to all students and staff.
 COMMENT:



T&I	STANDARDS, OVERALL Facilities and Equipment	SEL C	In the second	ARTIC ST
5.	Facilities and equipment meet all current local, state, and federal health and safety regulations. COMMENT:			
6.	Corrective maintenance and repair is performed within a reasonable time following written notification to the appropriate administrator by the instructor. A copy of the notice is on file in the instructor's office. COMMENT:			
7.	A schedule for the regular service and maintenance of equipment is followed and records are on file in the instructor's office. COMMENT:			
8.	Lighting is appropriate for the activities performed within the facility. COMMENT:			
Sum	mary of this topic:			
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Services for Students

I.	PERSONNEL SERVICES FOR STUDENTS			
	Trade and industrial education program applicants meeting entrance requirements are served regardless of their race, sex, creed, age, or national origin. Student recruitment, enrollment and counseling services are provided to students enrolled in trade and industrial education programs to enable them to profit from the instruction and expect employment upon completion of the program.			
<u>Cri</u>	<u>teria</u>			
1.	Requirements for enrollment in trade and industrial education programs do not consider the applicant's race, sex, creed, or national origin. Comment:			
2.	Trade and industrial education programs are sequential, and should begin with broad laboratory based prevocational experiences. COMMENT:			
3.	Students enrolled in trade and industrial education programs have access to guidance services. a. Guidance and testing services are provided to all students, to measure their interest, aptitudes and abilities, as part of the program admissions procedure.			
	b. Continued guidance services are provided to students enrolled in the trade and industrial education program to assist in developing career goals.			
	COMMENT:	; 		
4.	A student recruitment effort is conducted to identify prospective trade and industrial education students and provide them with program and occupational information. COMMENT:			,
5.	School staff assist students enrolled in trade and industrial education programs by providing information regarding:			
	a. job descriptions and employee qualifications;		; 	
	b. possibilities for advancement;			
	c. employment outlook;		_	
				1



T& I	STANDARDS, OVERALL Services for Students	SEL SE	AND AS	A RECEIO
	d. wages and salary;			
	e. job placement services;			
	f. work environment;			
	g. work ethics.			
6.	The school has written admission policies and requirements for all trade and industrial education programs which are published and widely disseminated in the community. COMMENT:			
7.	Students enrolled in trade and industrial education programs are provided the opportunity to participate in student activities. COMMENT:			
8.	The trade and industrial education instructor assesses each student's progress, both in skill and related knowledge, on a regular basis and assists each student, when necessary, to obtain additional help. COMMENT:			
9.	Placement services are provided for each student enrolled in the trade and industrial education program. COMMENT:			
10.	Supplemental services are available to assist students with special needs to attain program goals. COMMENT:			
Sum	mary of this topic:			
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T& I	STAN	DARDS, OVERALL	Special	Needs	SEL G	HEZ P	THE PERSON
J.	SPEC	IAL NEEDS					
	impe unde hand indu	ial needs describes students with unique character de their ability to develop occupational skills. Instanding of these characteristics of students who dicapped, disadvantaged, or gifted/talented is help strial education instructors as they design or moderial needs learners.	A broad are oful to tr	ade and			
Cri	<u>teria</u>	<u>.</u>					
1.	serv	lents identified as having special needs are providuces to assist them in accomplishing their goals istrial education programs.					
	a.	Education methods, instructional materials and proschool facilities are designed or modified in order individualized instruction for special needs students	er to prov				
	b.	The trade and industrial education instructor is passistance from special education, guidance, school and rehabilitation services and is assisted by a tother personnel in the laboratory.	ol psychol	ogists.			
New Branch	c.	Students identified as special needs are provided activities consistent with their abilities.	learning				
	COMM	ENT:		•			
2.	requ	those cases where an Individualized Education Prograired, it shall be based on an assessment of the ordernments and student abilities by the IEP team.					
	a.	The IEP team will include the trade and industrial teacher or designated representative at the time objectives are being written and at the annual upon time the student is in the program.	educationa	al			
		The IEP will be reviewed and revised periodically	by the II	P team.			
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Program Review

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K. PROGRAM REVIEW

A systematic, continuous evaluation program exists and utilizes standards to assess all elements of trade and industrial education programs.

Criteria

- 1. Each trade and industrial education curriculum is reviewed annually and forms the basis for the assessment of equipment and facilities, instructional activities, job placement, utilization of advisory committee, and institutional support.

 COMMENT:
- 2. Results obtained from program curriculum review are used to promote, develop and improve the instructional program.
 COMMENT:
- 3. A written course of action is developed for overcoming each deficiency.
 COMMENT:
- 4. Recommendations for correcting deficiencies are reported to appropriate decision makers. COMMENT:



T&I	STANDARDS, OVERALL Program Review	SEL G	HERRE	Waste of
5.	The state staff in cooperation with teachers and teacher educators annually evaluate the preservice and inservice needs of teachers of vocational trade and industrial education. These activities include but are not limited to:			
	a. student teaching centers;			; ;
-	b. technical competencies;			
	c. professional and pedagogical competencies;			
	d. occupational experience;			1
	e. effective use of VICA in the classroom;			
	f. competencies for teaching students who are handicapped, academically disadvantaged, or limited English proficient. COMMENT:			
	Number of criteria for this topic Minus number marked below Total number of criteria "met" and "exceeded"			



STA	NDARDS FOR TRADE AND INDUSTRIAL EDUCATION TEACHER EDUCATION PROGRAMS	St. C.	HER ST	ANGEL DE
is edu sec be	primary objective of trade and industrial teacher education standards to develop and/or improve the teaching skills of trade and industrial cation teachers who are teaching or preparing to teach at the ondary, postsecondary or apprentice levels. These individuals should occupationally competent and should have been given instruction in, as I as demonstrated, essential teaching tasks.			
A.	INSTITUTIONAL CHARACTERISTICS			
	Institutions approved to provide teacher education/professional development for the trade and industrial teacher recognize the nontraditional characteristics of the majority of trade and industrial education teachers and provide programs and services to students in the teacher education program to enable them to perform the skills or tasks essential to successful teaching in a trade and industrial program.			
<u>Cri</u>	<u>teria</u>			
1.	The trade and industrial education teacher education program maintains and utilizes a Program Advisory Committee. COMMENT:			
-				
2.	The Program Advisory Committee is made up of instructors, administrators, state staff, students and business/industry/labor. COMMENT:			
3.	The institution has an agreement with a national or state occupational competency testing service under which occupational assessment is provided. COMMENT:			
4.	The trade and industrial education teacher education program has an established policy relative to evaluation of the occupational experience for the purpose of granting college or university credit.			
5.	A system exists to evaluate the occupational experience of candidates for the teacher education program based on the state requirements for certification. COMMENT:			



6. The major/technical skills are identified to ens has acquired the necessary competencies reflecti he/she is seeking certification and will teach (major). COMMENT:	ng the area	in which
---	-------------	----------

- 7. A file is maintained by the institution for each applicant's occupational experience verification.

 COMMENT:
- 8. Preservice education consisting of a minimum of 30 clock hours and a program of inservice, on-site teacher assistance will be provided during the first year of service for trade and industrial education personnel.

 COMMENT:
- 9. The trade and industrial education teacher education program uses a performance or competency based system of instruction and assessment for all students.

 COMMENT:
- 10. The institutional plan for the student teaching experience provides for trade and industrial education teacher educators to select the site and supervise student teachers for those individuals who are pursuing baccalaureate degrees or otherwise require a laboratory/student teaching/field experience to meet certification requirements. COMMENT:

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r&i stani	DARDS, TEACHER EDUCATION Institution	nal Characteristics	SEL SEL	A RELEGI	A Reference	180
ll. Insti educa	tutional support for trade and industrial education programs is evident through the following	cation teacher g criteria:				
a. a	dequate travel funds;					
b. a	dequate faculty;		_			
c. a	dequate support staff;		 			
d. i	nteragency cooperation;					
e. a	dequate operating expenses;					
f. p	rofessional and technical development;					
	ualified trade and industrial education progra	m leader.				
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T&I	STANDARDS, TEACHER EDUCATION Qualification-T&I Teacher Educators	Ser S		Parce.	3
В.	QUALIFICATIONS OF TRADE AND INDUSTRIAL EDUCATION TEACHER EDUCATORS				
Trace expe	de and industrial education teacher educators shall have expertise and eriences in trade and industrial education.				
Cri	<u>teria</u>				
1.	Trade and industrial education teacher education faculty members have been certified teachers in a trade and industrial education program area and meet existing state requirements for a trade and industrial education teacher certificate. COMMENT:				
2.	Teacher education faculty members possess a minimum of a master's degree with an emphasis in trade and industrial education. COMMENT:				
3.	Faculty members shall have at least three years of successful trade and industrial education teaching experience, in a state approved program. COMMENT:				T
Summ	mary of this topic:				
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T&I	STANDA	RDS, TEACHER EDUCATION	Inter	rnships/Inservice	SEL ST.	ALC:	HAGE
c.	INTERN	SHIPS/INSERVICE					
con	tinuing	is a critical component of the education of trade and industo all trade and industrial ed	trial education (teachers and is			
Cri	teria						
1.	leader	and industrial education teads ship for teachers to return t ecialized schools to update t T:	o trade and indus	stry, workshops,			·
2.	inserv	and industrial education tead rice activities for the contin scupational competencies. T:					
3.	instru person	and industrial education tead action to meet the unique prof a making the transition from i and industrial education tead T:	essional developmendustry and the	ment needs of the			
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Preservice/Survival Skills

D. Co	OMPETENCY PROFILE FOR PRESERVICE/SURVIVAL SKILLS			
The trade and industrial education teacher education program identifies and provides the survival skills and competencies that a beginning trade and industrial education teacher should have prior to teaching. This could include an intensive one or two week workshop or orientation program that is designed to provide emergency assistance for the beginning trade and industrial teacher who has no training in professional vocational education course work.				
Criter	<u>cia</u>			ı [
1. Th	ne survival skills/preservice competencies in the trade and industrial teacher education program include:			
a.	employ the principles of learning as applied to teaching;			
b.	demonstrate methods and/or techniques of teaching trade and industrial education subjects;			-
c.	conduct an occupational analysis;		-	
d.	develop a weekly instructional plan;			
e.	prepare lesson plans;	+		
f.	develop and effectively use instructional sheets;			
g.	use of teaching aids;			
h.	use of audio-visual aids;			
i.	provide instruction at students' level and rate of learning;		_	
j.	select instructional materials and references suited to students' levels and interests;			
k.	select appropriate jobs and other learning activities based on students' needs, aptitudes, interests and abilities;			
1.	evaluate and record students' achievements;			\dashv
m.	maintain progress charts and records of individual student achievement;			
	-42- 44 May 1985			



T&I STA	NDARDS, TEACHER EDUCATION Preservice/Survival Skills	SEL SE	WEE TO	Rick.
n.	develop and implement a safety and first aid program;			
0.	use safety practices in teaching the operation of equipment;			+
р.	develop students' positive attitudes toward safe practices and safety consciousness in job performance;			_
্ব∙ COM	implement and maintain a VICA chapter.			
	·—···-•			
NOTE:	The preservice/survival skills holy the new tonday a training			_
	The preservice/survival skills help the new trade and industrial teacher make the initial transition from industry to the classroom; at the same time the trade and industrial teacher education program competencies might include some of the same skills. The regular teacher education program is designed to cover the skills and knowledge in depth; consequently it could include skills listed in the preservice list. A competency based program with individualized modules is designed to provide the flexibility to meet individual needs.			
Summary	of this topic:			
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Teacher Education Competencies T&I STANDARDS, TEACHER EDUCATION TRADE AND INDUSTRIAL EDUCATION TEACHER EDUCATION PROGRAM COMPETENCIES A teaching competency is defined as the knowledge, skills, and attitudes necessary to perform a critical teaching task. Successful performance as a teacher requires a solid understanding of both one's technical subject matter area and competence in the professional teaching skills and knowledge. While both types of learning are essential to teachers, in competency based programs, the focus is on acquiring the teaching skills needed to carry out the instructional process effectively. The following competencies have been identified as part of the certification requirements for students enrolled in trade and industrial teacher education programs and are the result of extensive research. The Performance Based Teacher Education (PBTE) system is based on 100 modules which incorporate 384 originally validated competencies. This study was conducted by The National Center for Research in Vocational Education.* Criteria Students enrolled in the trade and industrial education teacher education program develop the following competencies: Program Planning Interpret and use findings of community surveys; Organize, operate, utilize, and maintain a program advisory committee. COMMENT: Program Development 2. a. Utilize occupational analysis; Identify and utilize planning information from available resources; c. Develop program goals and objectives which reflect correct industry practices; d. Utilize appropriate student information in program planning. COMMENT: *Available from American Association for Vocational Institutional Materials, 120 Engineering Center, The University of Georgia, Athens, Georgia 30602.



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T& I	STANDARDS, TEACHER EDUCATION Teacher Education Competencies	St. Co.	ANDARG	MARKER
3.	Development of a Course of Study			
	a. Prepare course description and outline;			
	b. Develop student performance objectives;			
	c. Develop units of instruction;	+		
	d. Determine students' needs and interests;			
	e. Select, prepare and utilize instructional materials;	+		_
	f. Develop lesson plans and structure learning activities.	+		
	Instructional Execution a. Demonstrate competence in managing individualized instruction in actual instructional settings;			
k	Demonstrate competence in conducting small and large group instruction;			
C	Demonstrate ability to direct students in laboratory experiences;			-
Ċ	Demonstrate manipulative skill in teaching a lesson;			
	Demonstrate the ability to present a complete classroom lesson;			\dashv
£	 Operate and incorporate the use of audio-visual equipment in instructional programs; 			
g	. Develop and use media materials;			-
h	Exhibit the ability to stimulate student interest through good questioning and discussion techniques;			
i	. Maintain student discipline;			
j	Develop student leadership activities.		 -	
	-45- May 1985			



T& I	STA	NDARDS, TEACHER EDUCATION Teacher Education Competencies	SEL CO	HILLES	A Referen
5.	Lab	oratory Management			
	a.	Maintain student competency and attendance records;	1		
	b.	Provide a safe instructional environment;			
	c.	Provide instruction in safety attitudes and practices and maintain appropriate records;			
	d.	Plan and manage a program budget;			
	е.	Plan and manage a supply, tool and equipment inventory;	-		
	f.	Develop and implement a plan for preventive maintenance and equipment replacement;			
	g.	Maintain good housekeeping practices in the lab and classroom;			
	h.	Develop a student duty roster system;			
	i.	Develop and manage student work stations;			
· ·	j.	When appropriate, manage customer service;			
	COMI	Demonstrate a knowledge of teacher liability. MENT:			
		-46- May 1985			

T& 1	STA	NDARDS, TEACHER EDUCATION Teacher Education Competencies	Serve	MEC.	PERC
6.	Voc	ational Industrial Clubs of America, Inc. (VICA)			
	To enc	establish, supervise and conduct a VICA student organization that ompasses a balanced program of work:			
	a.	Incorporate VICA as an integral part of the instructional program;			
	b.	Encourage and motivate students to participate in VICA activities that include public relations, community service, safety, and social awareness;			
	c.	Prepare VICA members for leadership roles;			
	d.	Assist students in developing and financing a yearly program of work;			
	e.	Coordinate VICA activities with business and industry;			
	f.	Coordinate skill olympics and other student recognition activities.			
	COM	MENT:			
7.	Stu	dent Evaluation			
	a.	Establish student performance criteria;			
-	b.	Assess student attitudes, knowledge and skill development;			
	c.	Develop instruments for assessing technical and manipulative skills;			
· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	d.	Determine grades and/or evidence of mastery;	!		
	е.	Keep student records;			
-	f.	Use the results of standardized measuring instruments for student assessment;			
	g. COMI	Assess student performance in apprentice training programs. MENT:			

æI S	TANDARDS, TEACHER EDUCATION Teacher Education Competencies	St. St.	HERE STATE	
3. P	rogram Evaluation			
а	. Utilize a student follow-up study;			
h	. Utilize an employer follow-up study;			
C	Determine the extent to which the program meets current occupational needs;			
	. Identify the components of a comprehensive programs evaluation system.			
	OMMENT:			
9. I	nowledge of Related Organizations and Agencies			
ε	. Student organizations;			İ
t t	. Professional organizations and trade associations;			
(. Government agencies and civic organizations;			
(. Private Industry Councils (PIC):			
	e. Business, industry and labor;			
	Training resources;			
	g. Apprentice training.			
	-48- May 1985		!	



T&I ST	'ANDARDS, TEACHER EDUCATION Teacher Education Competencies	BEL	LANDAR	ANDARE OF
10. Pr	inciples of vocational education include the following topics as ey relate to trade and industrial education.			
a.	History;			
b.	Philosophy;	 	 	
C.	Legislation;		 	
d.	Local/state structure;	 	 	
e.	Articulation;		-	
f.	Student recruitment;	-		
g.	Student placement;		-	
h.	Student guidance;			
i.	School/community relations;	-		
j.	Employability skills;			
k.	Current issues and future trends;			
1.	Community resources;			
m.	Cooperative/internship programs;			
n.	Labor Department services and programs;			
ÇOM	Apprentice programs. MENT:			
il. In	dustrial cooperative education competencies:			
a.	Enroll students in industrial cooperative program;			
b.	Secure training stations for the industrial cooperative programs;			
·····				
	i 		*	
			į	
ERIC.	-49- 51 May 1985			

T&I	STANDA	ARDS, TEACHER EDUCATION Teacher Education Competencies	No.	HILE	Meri
		f	1	4 6	707 9
	c. Es	stablish guidelines for the industrial cooperative programs which sclude:			
		• placement of students on-the-job;			
		• attendance;			
		• transfers and terminations;			
		• evaluation procedures;			
		• employer-employee relations.			
	d. Pr	epare for student related instruction;			
	e. Co	ordinate on-the-job instruction;			
	f. Es	tablish linkages with apprentice and preapprentice programs.			
	COMMEN	l ∔ ē .			
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Special	Populations	St. ST.			
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F.	SPECIAL	POPULATIONS	AWARENESS	AND	INFORMATION
				* # 11	THE OWN TION

Students in trade and industrial education teacher education programs develop instruction for disadvantaged and handicapped students in trade and industrial education.

Criteria

1.	Work	with	psychologists	and	other	professionals	to	interpret	roporto
	COMMI	ENT:				Professionars	LU	Incerbrer	reports.

- 2. Describe legal basis for disadvantaged and handicapped education. COMMENT:
- 3. Describe roles of lay and professional persons. COMMENT:
- 4. Define handicapping conditions. COMMENT:
- 5. Adapt tools and equipment for the handicapped.* COMMENT:
- 6. Participate in the IEP process. COMMENT:

*"Catalog for Adaptation of Machinery and Tools for Handicapped Students" is available from the University of Wisconsin Vocational Studies Center in Madison, Wisconsin.

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T&I	STANDARDS, TEACHER EDUCATION Special Population	ons	LA SECTION	THEFT	10.11
7.	Describe model programs.				
	a. Mainstreaming;				
 	b. Separate/specialized;				T
	c. Institutionalization;				Ť
	d. Individualized instruction.				<u> </u>
			 .		
8.	Identify special education support services that are available. COMMENT:				
Sum	mary of this topic:				
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T&I	STANDARDS, TEACHER EDUCATION	Sex Equity	W.	In the second	I PERCE
G.	SEX EQUITY				
The elic	trade and industrial teacher education program actively rec gible nontraditional candidates to become trade instructors.	ruits			
CRI	TERIA				!
1.	Trade and industrial education instructors are encouraged to key role to increase the enrollment of nontraditional candidated and industrial education programs. COMMENT:	oplay a Mates in			
	Trade and industrial education instructors identify successfor recruitment, placement and retention of female students and industrial education programs or male students in predom female programs. COMMENT:	4			
	Trade and industrial education instructors describe sex equi concepts that may be successfully incorporated into trade an industrial education programs. COMMENT:	ty d			
Summ	ary of this topic:				
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STANDARDS FOR CERTIFICATION OF SHOP, LABORATORY, CLASSROOM AND RELATED TEACHERS OF TRADE AND INDUSTRIAL EDUCATION PROGRAMS The language to describe the various levels of teaching credentials available to teachers of trade and industrial subjects includes various terms in different states. It is not the intent of this project to suggest uniform language for all states, but to determine the minimum recommended requirements for the various levels that should be available to the teacher of trade and industrial subjects. At the same time, recognition should be made of the wide variance in background and/or credentials this individual brings to his/her first teaching position. A. LEVEL I CERTIFICATION Standards appropriate for the certification of the trade and industrial teacher who is entering teaching are established. Criteria 1. The applicant possesses a high school diploma or General Education Development (GED) certificate. COMMENT: 2. The applicant shows evidence of successful occupational proficiency and completion of an appropriate learning period such as a registered apprenticeship, military training, secondary and/or postsecondary, or on-the-job experience in the occupation to be taught. COMMENT: 3. Work experience is evaluated as follows: The applicant verifies at least five years of successful wage-earning experience in the occupation to be taught; AND The wage-earning experience reflects those tasks performed by incumbent workers in the occupation; AND Three years of wage-earning experience are within the past five COMMENT: -54-56 May 1985



- on Electrifications
- 4. The trade and industrial education teacher exhibits personal qualities that contribute to the fulfillment of professional responsibilities.
 - a. The trade and industrial education teacher adheres to a written code of ethics related to performances of professional teaching responsibilities;
 - b. The trade and industrial education teacher demonstrates adequate and appropriate written and oral language skills;
 - c. The trade and industrial education teacher demonstrates positive leadership skills in the classroom, school, and the profession;
 - d. The trade and industrial education teacher adheres to acceptable school policies and practices regarding personal appearance.
- 5. The applicant demonstrates occupational competency through validated current journeyman level or equivalent trade competency examinations. The examinations shall:
 - a. include oral, written, and performance components;
 - b. be administered by qualified professionals:
 - c. be completed prior to employment as a teacher. COMMENT:
- 6. For those occupations requiring state or federal licensure, the applicant holds such a license at the time of application for certification, and maintains the license during the validity of the COMMENT:
- 7. Nondegree and noneducational degree teachers complete a beginning teacher's workshop dealing with basic classroom/laboratory survival and management skills prior to assuming teaching responsibilities. COMMENT:

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	Level 1 Certification	ALV.	
8.	The applicant annually participates in professional development, continuing education or occupational update activities to maintain the validity of Level I Certification. He/she completes at least an 18 semester hour planned sequence (or equivalent quarter hours) of professional education courses during the validity of Level I, consisting of those competencies specified under Teacher Education standard D - Competency Profile Preservice/Survival Skills; or E - Trade and Industrial Teacher Education Program Competencies.		
9.	The Level I Certificate is valid for no more than three (3) years and is nonrenewable. COMMENT:		
Summ	mary of this topic:		

 Number of criteria for this topic
 Minus number marked below
Total number of criteria "met" and "exceeded"



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The trade and industrial teacher continues professional development activities to maintain certification.

Criteria

- 1. The applicant has demonstrated acceptable teaching ability during the validity of the Level I Certificate and has been recommended by the employing agency for Level II Certification.

 COMMENT:
- 2. The applicant completes 24 semester hours or equivalent quarter hours of professional vocational courses approved by the state certifying agency. The 24 semester hours include instruction and demonstrated competence in program planning and development, instructional planning and execution, laboratory management, student evaluation, student organizations, program evaluation, and the principles and philosophy of vocational education. Up to 12* of the 24 credits may be earned through successful completion of a nationally recognized occupational competency examination.

*Note: After Level II, the balance of credit earned through successful completion of a competency examination may be used as determined by an institution offering a trade and industrial teacher education program. Normally this would be accepted as part of the degree requirements.

COMMENT:

- 3. Level II certified trade and industrial instructors annually participate in occupational and professional continuing education activities to maintain occupational and teaching proficiency. These activities may include:
 - a. industry sponsored training programs;
 - o. independent study;
 - c. college courses;
 - d. contract teaching for industry;
 - e. military training programs;
 - f. inservice workshops.

COMMENT:





T&I STANDARDS, CERTIFICATION	Level II	Certification	SEL GO	HE ST	A PROPERTY.
4. The Level II Certificate is valid for no more is nonrenewable. COMMENT:	than three	e (3) years and			
Summary of this topic:	•				
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Level III Certification

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C. LEVEL III CERTIFICATION STANDARDS

The trade and industrial education teacher is particularly vulnerable to obsolescence in his/her program and should be given every opportunity to keep current in his/her field. At the same time his/her teacher preparation should culminate in the same academic standards as that of any other teacher in the public schools.

Criteria

- 1. The applicant has demonstrated at least two years of acceptable teaching ability during the validity of the Level II Certificate and Certification.

 COMMENT:
- 2. During the five-year validity of the Level III certificate:
 - a. The applicant completes an additional 18 semester hours or equivalent quarter hours of professional and occupational development activities of which a minimum of 240 clock hours must be in directly related occupational training;
 - b. All professional and occupational development activities are approved by the appropriate state certifying agency.
- 3. The Level III Certificate is valid for no more than five (5) years and may be renewed every five (5) years upon completion of a combination of six semester hours or equivalent quarter hours of professional vocational courses and state-approved occupational updating activities, and the recommendation of the employing agency with input from the advisory committee.

 COMMENT:

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T&I STANDARDS, CERTIFICATION

Level III Certification

4. The state educational agency responsible for approving trade and industrial education programs develops/adopts a certification standard to ensure that experienced trade and industrial education teachers will be updated annually in their occupational teaching area.

COMMENT:

Summary of	this topic:
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PROGRAM PROFILE

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This project has involved the efforts of many persons. The major groups of professionals who contributed to the development, validation, and final set of standards presented in this document are recognized here. These are (a) project staff, (b) technical advisory group, (c) validation committee, (d) expert committee, and (e) review committee.

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A major strength of this project was the involvement of many individuals representing a geographic cross section of trade and industrial educators at the secondary and postsecondary levels comprised of instructors, local administrators, state staff, teacher educators, and professional organizations. Also involved were people who are on the receiving end of trade and industrial educators' efforts-those who employ our students from business, industry, and labor.

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The Vocational Industrial Clubs of America (VICA) is the national organization for students enrolled in trade, industrial, technical, and health occupations programs. It serves students in public high schools, area vocational schools, community and junior colleges, and other postsecondary institutions. VICA activities are an integral part of these vocational programs incorporating leadership, citizenship, and character development programs and activities into the curriculum. As advocates for these students, VICA is the link between vocational education and industry, and serves teachers, business, industry, and organized labor.

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