DOCUMENT RESUME

ED 234 017

SP 022-945

TITLE

An Evaluation of the Nutrition Services for the

Elderly. Volume IV. Appendices

INSTITUTION

Kirschner Associates, Inc., Albuquerque, N. Mex.;

Opinion Research Corp., Princeton, N.J.

SPONS AGENCY

Administration on Aging (DHHS), Washington, D.C.

PUB DATE CONTRACT May 83 105-77-3002

NOTE PUB TYPE

274p.; For related documents, see SP 022 942-946.

Statistical Data (110)

EDRS PRICE DESCRIPTORS

MF01/PC11 Plus Postage.

Delivery Systems; Dining Facilities; Eating Habits; Federal Programs; *Food Service; Health Programs; Homebound; Loneliness; Nutrition; *Older Adults; *Outreach Programs; Participant Characteristics; Participation; Physical Health; Program Evaluation;

*Research Methodology; Social Isolation

IDENTIFIERS

Congregate Dining; Meal Programs; Mutrition

Services

ABSTRACT

This document is part of a five-volume nationwide study of Nutrition Services operations and elderly citizens participating in congregate dining and home delivery services authorized by Title III-C of the Older Americans' Act. This volume contains all technical appendices and is intended as a resource document. The Methodology Appendix is included as well as 29 other appendices that report, in detail, the analytic techniques used and measures of statistical significance referred to in other volumes. (JMK)

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Volume IV

APPENDICES

AN_EYALUATION OF THE NUTRITION SERVICES
--- FOR THE ECDERLY

Conducted for

THE ADMINISTRATION ON AGING OF THE DEPARTMENT OF HEALTH AND HUMAN SERVICES

May 1983

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Volume IV
APPENDICES

AN EVALUATION OF THE NUTRITION SERVICES FOR THE ELDERLY

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DEPARTMENT OF HEALTH AND HUMAN SERVICES

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KIRSCHNER ASSOCIATES, INC. Albuquerque, New Mexico 87016

OPINION RESEARCH CORPORATION Princeton, New Jersey 08540

Contract # 105-77-3002

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Overview of the Report

The evaluation of the Nutrition Services for the Elderly was jointly conducted by Kirschner Associates, Inc. and Opinion Research Corporation. The Final Report is available in five separate volumes.

This volume (Volume IV) contains all technical appendices and is intended as a resource document. The Methodology Appendix is included as well as twenty-seven others that report in detail the analytic techniques used and measures of statistical significance referred to in other volumes.

Other volumes of the Final Report include:

Volume I: EXECUTIVE SUMMARY

Volume II: ANALYTIC REPORT

- Executive Summary
- Wave I vs. Wave II Program Operations
- Program Impacts
- Supportive Services
- Contributions
- Priority Elderly
- Home-Delivery Service

Volume III: DESCRIPTIVE REPORT

This volume presents an explication of the evaluation data base. It is intended as a resource volume, as its findings have been refined and subjected to the focused analyses presented in Volume II: ANALYTIC REPORT. The volume includes:

- Program Characteristics
- 7 Interviews with Participants and Non-Participants

Volume V: QUESTIONNAIRES

This volume contains the questionnaires used by the contractors in executing the evaluation. It is intended as a resource volume.

METHODOLOGY APPENDIX

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I. Overview of the Study

This evaluation of AOA Title III nutrition services for the elderly was originally designed as a longitudinal study, intended to examine representative samples of nutrition service providers and their congregate meal sites at yearly intervals. The first, baseline, set of data was gathered during 1976, consistent with the longitudinal design. ¹ time 91 congregate sites were visited, representing 89 nutrition service providers scattered over 40 states. The data gathered can be conceptualized as two related studies: (1) A project review, consisting of interviews with staff members at various levels in the nutrition service hierarchy plus data gathered from provider records and visits to each of the 91 congregate sites; and (2) Interviews of the elderly, consisting of interviews with Title III nutrition service participants and with elderly persons who were eligible for, but not receiving, service. The project review was conducted by staff of Kirschner Associates and the elderly interviews were conducted by staff of Opinion Research Corporation (ORC). Since Kirschner Associates and Opinion Research Corporation gathered data independently, potential biasing of one set of data by the other was minimized. However, because instrument development and data gathering activities were closely coordinated, the resultant total available data base affords many opportunities for collaborative analyses drawing upon both the project, review and elderly interview components.

Wave II was originally scheduled to be conducted soon after Wave I was completed, but the second wave of data collection (the principal subject of the present report) did not occur until 1982. Thus, some planned longitudinal aspects of the study have been lost. At present the evaluation may be considered either as a six-year follow-up study or as two independent studies of nutrition services, separated by a six-year interval.

In most major respects, the methodology used in 1982 was consistent ,with that used in 1976. In certain details the methodology changed from

Two prior reports provide detailed descriptions of the original methodology of the evaluation: (1) Longitudinal Study Design for Evaluation of the National Nutrition Program for the Elderly, Kirschner Associates, Inc., September, 1974; and (2) Longitudinal Evaluation of the National Nutrition Program for the Elderly; Report on First-Wave Findings, Opinion Research Corporation and Kirschner Associates, Inc., January, 1979.

the original to the present wave. Virtually all of these changes involve the <u>project review</u> component. For example, in 1976, many nutrition providers were not under the jurisdiction of area agencies on aging, and consequently representatives of one or more other agencies were interviewed at some locations. In 1982, all service providers were overseen by an area agency, and consequently no "other agency" representatives were interviewed.

Because of other structural changes in program operation and shifts in interests of the Administration on Aging, some original questions were deleted from the 1982 interview forms. For example, questions about provider history and specific questions about interagency relationships were dropped. Many questions about funding and operating costs were dropped because first-wave experience revealed that useful data could not be obtained within the resources available for this evaluation.

Finally, many of the originally open-ended questions included in the project review were restructured on the basis of 1976 data to better permit quantitative analyses. In large measure, however, the project review methodology followed in 1982 was comparable to that in 1976. In the more detailed description presented below, the 1982 methodology will be summarized and, where relevant, departures from the 1976 procedures will be pointed out.

In the <u>elderly interviews</u> component of the study, there was very little change in interview content and other procedures. However, there were two major departures from the original design (and 1976 procedures): (1) elimination of one of the two comparison groups of non-participating elderly studied during 1976 and (2) introduction of a separate sample of home-delivered meal recipients. These changes are discussed later.

The following sections of this appendix describe the 1982 methodology for this evaluation and summarize the consistencies and differences between the 1982 and 1976 waves of data collection.

In 1981 an independent study assessed both the costs and the quality of meals served by Title III funded providers. See Analyses of Food Service Delivery Systems Used in Providing Nutrition Services to the Elderly, Kirschner Associates, Inc., June, 1981.

II. Sample of Congregate Meal Sites

The basic sampling unit of this evaluation was the congregate meal site. For the 1976 data collection wave, 91 sites were selected, representative of all sites operating within the contiguous United States during 1975 which were then receiving AOA Title VII funds. The sample was stratified by region and weighted by number of meals served, thereby assuring representativeness both geographically and in terms of all meals being served under the program.

The 1976 sample served as a starting point for the 1982 sample, but was reduced in size for budgetary reasons and altered to reflect the fact that the number of sites in operation had approximately doubled since the original data collection. Specifically, the 1982 sample consisted of 70 congregate meal sites representing 70 service providers scattered over 29 states. (Tables A-1 and A-2 summarize geographic characteristics of the 1976 and 1982 samples.) The 1982 sample was composed of 34 sites which had been visited in 1976 plus 36 sites which had opened since 1975. The 1976 sites revisited during 1982 were selected randomly from those in the original sample which were still in operation. The 36 new sites in the 1982 sample were selected from a list of all sites in operation during Spring of 1980 which had opened since 1975. The list was stratified by the ten DHHS regions, excluding sites in Alaska and Hawaii. Each site was weighted by the number of meals it served on an average day of operation. Thus, as was the original sample, the sample of 36 post-1975 sites was representative geographically and in terms of all meals being served by ·those sites. Because the entire sample of 70 sites was composed of two subsamples, each representing proportionate subpopulations, the entire 1982 sample was representative of all Title III nutrition services nationwide.



The list of the population of post-1975 sites was obtained during a telephone survey of all 1155 nutrition service providers in operation during Spring, 1980. A report of this survey is included in Analyses of Food Service Delivery Systems Used in Providing Nutrition Services to the Elderly, Kirschner Associates, Inc., June, 1981.

There were minor departures from strict representativeness in selection of the 1976 sample which were not followed in the updating. These details are described in the Report on First-Wave Findings.

TABLE A-1
LOCATIONS OF SAMPLE MEAL SITES

Numbers and Percentages of Sites

<u>Location</u>	1976 Sample (n = 91)	1982 Sample (n = 70)	1980 ¹ Pop.	% of Meals Served ₂ in 1980 ²
By DHHS Regions		•		
I II IV V VI VII VIII IX X	7 (8%) 9 (10%) 10 (11%) 15 (17%) 18 (20%) 12 (13%) 6 (7%) 2 (2%) 8 (9%) 4 (4%)	4 (6%) 7 (10%) 6 (9%) 12 (17%) 14 (20%) 9 (13%) 6 (9%) 2 (3%) 7 (10%) 3 (4%)	(6%) (7%) (10%) (17%) (24%) (12%) (7%) (5%) (8%) (4%)	(6%) (8%) (8%) (17%) (21%) (14%) (6%) (5%) (11%) (4%)
By Five Regions				
Northeast Central Rim South South West	21 (23%) 24 (26%) 22 (24%) 9 (10%) 15 (17%)	14 (20%) 20 (29%) 21 (30%) 2 (3%) 13 (19%)	(18%) (30%) (24%) (9%) (19%)	(21%) (28%) (24%) (7%) (20%)

Percentage distribution of all sites in operation within the contiguous 48 states during Spring 1980, ascertained through a telephone survey of all providers. See <u>Analyses of Food Service Delivery Systems Used in Providing Nutrition Services to the Elderly</u>, Kirschner Associates, Inc., June, 1981.

 $^{^2}$ Percentage of all meals served by all sites within the contiguous 48 states, ascertained through the 1980 telephone survey.

TABLE A-2

SAMPLE SITES BY STATE

Alabama

*Childersburg

Arkansas*

Des Arc

California

*Auberry
*Jackson
Los Angeles
Oakland
Paso Robles
*Taft
Van Nuys

Colorado

*Central City
Sterling

Delaware Lewes

Florida

Fort Lauderdale Jensen Beach

Georgia

*Douglasville

Illinois

*Chicago *Metropolis *W. Frankfort

Iowa

Persia

Kansas

Belleville
*Girard
*Leavenworth

Kentucky

Brownsville Ledbettere *Warsaw

Maryland:

*Grantsville Pikesville

Massachusetts

Brockton *New Bedford *Worcester

Michigan Detroit Pinckney *Trenton

Minnesota

Anoka

Missouri

*Kansas City

Nebraska

*Lincoln

New Jersey

Cherry Hill *Lakewood Parsippany



^{*}Indicates sites sampled during Wave I (1976)

TABLE A-2 (Continued)

New Mexico

Tularosa

New York

Brooklyn *Canastota

*Hempstead

*Watertown

North Carolina

Dunn Kenansville *Lenoir

Ohio

Akron
*Canton
*Cincinnati
Cleveland

Oklahoma

*Henryetta

Oregon:

North Bend *Estacada *Medford

Pennsylvania

*McAlistervillePhiladelphia*Port Allegheny

*Indicates sites sampled during Wave I (1976)

Tennessee

*Kingsport *Old Hickory

Texas

Austin
Decatur
*Houston
LaMarque
*San Antonio
*San Ygnacio

Vermont

*Pittsford

iscons in

Wapun Westboro Wilton

III. Project Review Procedures

A: Data Collection Periods

The 1982 project review was conducted between June 1, 1982 and August 17, 1982. The typical procedure was for one of 29 Kirschner staff members to visit each provider on several occasions distributed over a one-to-two-week period, during which time nutrition service staff members were interviewed, information was retrieved from records, and observations were made at the congregate meal service on three different weekdays. In a few instances the schedule of site operation and/or the distances involved required that only one or two visits be made to the site.

The 1976 project review data were gathered according to the same protocol, between August 9, 1976 and December 12; 1976. The average interval of time lapsed between the 1976 and the 1982 observations and interviews was 69 months, just short of six years.

B. Project Review Data Sources and Instruments

The project review data were gathered during personal interviews with program staff at five levels in the nutrition service hierarchy plus members of providers' advisory councils (where relevant), from provider records, and from observations at each congregate meal site. The staff interviews were scheduled in advance, usually in descending order through the administrative hierarchy, and ranged in length from half an hour to two hours or longer. Each interview followed a structured questionnaire composed of yes-no, multiple-option, and open-ended items. The questionnaires were similar to those used in 1976, although as noted above, there had been some change in the questions included and some restructuring to reduce the number of open-ended questions.

The basic sampling unit of this evaluation was a congregate meal site,, and the staff interviews therefore were conducted with persons responsible for operation of each sample site. (The specific positions interviewed, and the numbers of interviews at each position, are summarized in Table A-3.) None of the intended interviewees refused to participate; the



TABLE A-3 PROJECT REVIEW DATA SOURCES AND SAMPLE SIZE

Questionnaire for State Nutrition Service Directors	29 .
Questionnaire for Area Agency Directors	67
Questionnaire for Nutrition Service (Provider) Directors	70
Questionnaire for Nutritionists/Dieticians	54
Questionnaire for Advisory Council Members	60
Questionnaire for Site Managers	70
Data Collection Form for Records and Operations	70



completion rate was 100%. Thus, the numbers of interviews reveal that the 70 meal sites in the sample are administered by 70 service providers; overseen by 67 area agencies on aging (there are three instances in the sample where two sample sites fall within the same area), across 29 states. Not all providers employ a nutritionist/dietician and not all providers have an active advisory council, so the numbers of those interviews are less than 70. The following paragraphs summarize the content of the respective data collection instruments.

Questionnaire for State Nutrition Service Directors. The 29 state-level respondents were asked questions about the organization and scope of nutrition services within the state, the roles of the state office and frequency of contact with sample providers, and problems associated with the sample provider of with operation of nutrition services generally. Demographic information also was gathered for each state-director interviewed as well as for all other project review interviewees. To obtain these interviews, all state offices on aging were contacted by mail and by telephone to identify the person most cognizant of nutrition services within each state. The appropriate field staff member then scheduled and conducted the interview.

Questionnaire for Area Agency on Aging Directors. The interview with area agency directors was structured to gather information about the needs for and availability of various services for elderly persons within the area. Also gathered was data about the number of nutrition service providers within the area, the reporting and assistance relationships between area agencies and sample providers, and the area agency directors' evaluations of the sample providers' services.

Questionnaire for Nutrition Service Directors. This questionnaire provided an extensive amount of information about the organization and operation of local nutrition services. The directors were asked about policies regarding participant recruitment, monetary contributions by participants and by any staff who ate meals at the congregate sites, the average amount of contributions, availability and nature of various support services to nutrition participants, and their home delivery program. Other



questions addressed policies regarding staff recruitment and selection, volunteerism, staff training, and the role and impact of the advisory council (if one existed). The directors provided rankings and ratings regarding the relative needs of elderly persons within their service area, relative benefits of the nutrition service to participants, alternate strategies for delivering services, and their relationships with area and state agencies. The nutrition service directors questionnaire was lengthy, and was in some instances administered over two sessions, rather than one. In spite of the length of the instrument, almost all of the directors were enthusiastic about contributing to the study and provided detailed responses to the questions posed.

Questionnafie for Nutritionists/Dieticians. This questionnaire was administered only if the nutrition service provider employed or directly received services of a dietician or nutritionist. Fifty-four of the providers did. The nutritionists/dieticians were asked about their roles in the program, their views regarding goals, impacts, and problems with the nutrition services, and the nature of nutrition education activities available through the provider.

Questionnaire for Advisory Council Members. A group interview procedure was used to complete this questionnaire at each of the 60 providers which had active advisory councils. One, two, or three council members were assembled for each interview, depending upon availability of the members. (A total of 97 council members was included in the 60 interviews, including 74 participant members, 7 provider-staff members, 4 area agency staff members, and 12 other-agency-staff members.) The advisory council members were asked to identify areas of council activity, the level of influence of the council, and the nature of council operation. Council members also were asked about their methods for evaluating nutrition service operations, their views on the needs of elderly people, and their opinions about nutrition service operations.

Questionnaire for Site Managers. Like the Nutrition Service Director Questionnaire, the Questionnaire for Site Managers was a long and detailed instrument which often required two or more hours to complete. A major portion of this interview dealt with the availability and nature of various

support services to site participants. In addition, the managers were asked about meal service schedules and operations, staffing, volunteerism, and staff training. They also were asked about participant recruitment practices, participant contributions for meals, and the availability and operation of home delivered meal service through the site. Finally, the site managers were asked to evaluate needs for various services and relative benefits of the nutrition service program to participants. Several of the items of this questionnaire were identical to ones on the Questionnaire for Nutrition Service Directors, permitting some measures of consensus regarding program policy and operation.

Data Collection Form for Records and Observations. This lengthy instrument assembled detailed information obtained from provider records regarding the numbers of persons participating in the congregate and home delivery programs at both site and provider-wide levels and the demographic characteristics of participants. Numbers and demographic characteristics also were recorded for paid staff members and volunteers. As noted above, all 70 sample meal sites were visited, normally on three separate occasions. From these visits, data were recorded concerning the numbers of congregate and home delivered meals prepared (or ordered) and served. Site and provider meals statistics for a recent quarter also were obtained from provider records, thereby providing two independent measures of service level for a given site.

The visits by Kirschner staff to the congregate sites also permitted observation of meal service procedures and a variety of site characteristics including location, facilities, and patterns of interaction among participants and between participants and staff. The meal site environment was evaluated along many dimensions including accessibility, safety, spaciousness, and appearance. The general procedure for making observations was for the Kirschner staff member to use the Data Collection Form as a guide for observation during the three site visits, formulating the actual evaluations of site characteristics following the last visit.

C. Field Work Procedures and Quality Control

Project review data were gathered by 29 Kirschner`field research associates, who were graduate students or practicing professionals in gerontology or a related area of human service. Each associate attended a two-day training session during which the data collection instruments and protocol were studied in detail. The training sessions included role-playing and problem-solving exercises designed to assure a uniform interpretation and administration of the instruments. During field work, central staff members were available by telephone to help the field staff with logistical and procedural details.

Kirschner Associates contacted state and provider-level staff by telephone and/or mail during Spring, 1982, to inform them of the study and request their participation. Opinion Research Corporation staff contacted each sample congregate site by telephone to verify their location. Thus, the nutrition service providers in the sample were generally aware of their selection into the sample prior to their being contacted by a field research associate. The field research associate then scheduled interviews with each staff member at times mutually convenient.

The selection, training, and protocol described above is very similar to that followed for the 1976 field work. The major difference between the two waves was in the number of sites assigned to each field associate. In 1976, no field associate visited more than two sites; most visited only one. In 1982, only two associates were assigned a single site; fourteen associates visited two sites, ten visited three sites, and three visited four sites. Therefore, the evaluations of site characteristics made during 1982 may be more comparative in nature than they were in 1976.

D. <u>Telephone Follow-Up</u>

Following completion of the 1982 project review field work, a telephone follow-up procedure was undertaken to assure that the project review interviews had taken place as reported and to measure the consistency of responses to various types of questions. Random samples of 30 area agency directors, 30 nutrition service directors, and 30 nutritionists/dieticians were recontacted, asked about the original interview and re-administered

several questions. The telephone follow-up provided 100% verification that the original interviews had been completed as reported. The response consistency analyses revealed a high degree of reliability for the most simple, objective questions (for example, questions requiring yes-no or listing responses about program operations) and somewhat lower reliability for more complex evaluative questions (for example rating quality of service or providing percentage estimates of need for various services.) The consistency analyses, plus analyses of missing data and comparisons of alternate sources of information about a given provider, were used to make judgments about how to analyze and interpret the project review data.

IV. <u>Procedures for Interviewing Elderly Participant and Non-Participant</u> <u>Groups</u>

A. Data Collection Periods

During 1982 ORC Site Interviewers conducted personal interviews with elderly participant and non-participant groups from late May, 1982 through July 15, 1982. A team of 3-5 Site Interviewers was assigned to conduct these personal interviews at each of the 70 sample locations.

In the 1976 phase of the evaluation (Wave I), personal interviews with elderly respondents were conducted at two times of the year: August 17 - October 29, 1976; February 4 - March 9, 1977.

B. Overview of Procedures

Procedures used during 1982 were designed to be consistent with the approach employed during 1976. Site interviewers, under close supervision, were responsible for sampling of elderly respondents qualified to be interviewed, locating elderly, securing their permission to be interviewed, and completing the appropriate questionnaire with members of various elderly participant and non-participant groups.

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A detailed report of these analyses and their implications was submitted to AOA: Report on Data Quality for the 1982 Project Review Data, Kirschner Associates, October 7, 1982.

Elderly respondents were qualified to be interviewed if they were 60 years of age or older, or if they were spouses of program participants.

Elderly were interviewed on each day of the week except Monday, because a major portion of the interview was a 24-Hour Distary Recall assessing the previous day's dietary intake. Because Sundays are often atypical dietary intake days, Monday interviews were precluded to avoid biasing the dietary intake data. Also, because the dietary intake analyses employed consumption of a nutrition service meal as an analytic variable, and no sampled congregate meal sites operated on Sundays, Monday interviews were not conducted. (Table A-4 shows the distribution of completed interviews by day of the week.)

Interviewing was conducted primarily during the day. Whenever, possible, Site Interviewers conducted interviews at the respondent's residence so as to minimize intrusion into site activities and ensure confidentiality of responses during the interview.

C. Participant and Non-Participant Groups

Interviews were conducted with four basic groups of elderly respondents:

- Congregate meal site participants
- Neighbors of congregate meal site participants
- Home-delivered meal recipients
- Former congregate meal site participants

Each of these elderly populations was interviewed during the 1976 phase of the evaluation with the exception of hearlier III home delivery program had not yet been initiated. During the earlier study, interviews were also conducted with a sample of elderly who lived in areas which, at that time, were not served by the Title III program. The original design for the 1982 study also called for sampling elderly who lived in locations not yet served by the Title III services. However, due to the substantial growth of the program , relatively few

See <u>Analyses of Food Service Delivery Systems Used in Providing</u>
Nutrition Services to the <u>Elderly</u>, Kirschner Associates, Inc., June, 1981.

TABLE A-4

COMPLETED ELDERLY INTERVIEWS BY DAY OF THE WEEK

Day of Week	Number of Interviews	Percent of Interviews
Sunday Tuesday Wednesday Thursday Friday Saturday Not Reported	8 823 969 797 594 229	* 24% 28% 23% 17% 7% *
TOTAL	3,438	99%1



 $^{^{1}}$ Percent less than 100% due to rounding.

^{*}Denotes a percent less than 1%.

areas within reasonable proximity of congregate sites remained unserved during 1982. Because of the logistical difficulties in sampling elderly who did not have an opportunity to the nutrition program, this comparison group was deleted from the least component of the evaluation. In the 1976 study, this sample was referred to as Comparison Group II.

Below, we briefly describe each of the elderly populations interviewed during Wave II (1982) of the evaluation. (Table A-5 displays the total number of interviews completed with each population and sub-population. Table A-6 shows the distribution of completed interviews by site.)

Congregate Meal Site Participants

This sample includes all elderly who attended congregate dining sites, and is further divided into two sub-groups of elderly; those who recently entered the congregate program, and those who were longer-term participants. The vast majority of recent entrants entered the program within one year of being interviewed by ORC Site Interviewers. Longer-term participants, on the other hand, had nearly all been attending the congregate meal program for more than one year before being interviewed.

Non-Participating Neighbors

Elderly in this population are neighbors of congregate meal site participants and constitute an important comparison group. Although non-participating neighbors qualify to join the program, they elected not to.

Home-Delivered Meal Recipients

This sample includes elderly who receive Title III funded meals delivered to their residences. Not all congregate dining sites have attached Title III home delivery programs.

Former Participants

Elderly in this group were not purposely sampled during either Wave I (1976) or Wave II (1982). These individuals were located and interviewed in the course of Site Interviewers' sampling of other participant and non-participant groups.

TABLE A-5

TOTAL NUMBER OF ELDERLY INTERVIEWS CONDUCTED DURING WAVE II

Elderly.Population	Number of Interviews
Congregate Participants (Recent Entrants)	- 1,735 (857) *
(Longer Term) Non-Participating Neighbors	(878)* 1,039
Home-Delivered Meal Recipients Former Participants	415 249
TOTAL	3,438

*Numbers in parentheses are included in congregate participants



TABLE A-6
TOTAL NUMBER OF ELDERLY INTERVIEWS CONDUCTED DURING WAVE II BY SITE

	Congreg	ate Part	<u>icipants</u>			
		Recent	Longer	Non- Partici- pating	Home Delivered Meal	Former Parti-
	<u>Total</u>	<u>Entry</u>	<u>Term</u>	<u>Neighbors</u>	Recipients	<u>cipants</u>
Lakewood, NJ	28	24	4	20 '	10	2
Watertown, NY	21	17	- 4	19		7
McAlisterville, PA	* 30	14	16	20	. 1	• 1
Metropolis, IL	27	16	. 11	12	11	1
Chicago, IL	24	15	9	14		. 6
Trenton, MI	. 8	5	3	5 -	1 .	6
Canton, OH	23	16	7	- 19		8
Waupun, WI	27	12	15	17	10	6
Leavenworth, KS	26	21	5 .	16 ",	4,5	5
Lincoln, NE	27	15	12	14		8
Childersburg, AL	30	19	11	19	10	3
Douglasville, GA	29	18	<u>11</u>	20	10	Ţ
Lenoir, NC	21	14	7	20	5	8
Kingsport, TN_	17	17		21	14	9
San Ygnacio, TX	35	18	17	. 10		
San Antonio, TX	27	21	6	18		5
Auberry, CA-	25	14	11	16	.2	. 7
Medford, OR	24	21	3	12	11	· / · · · ·
Jackson, CA	30	18	12	21	,	2
Pittsford, VT	29	14	15	11	5 10 <i>i</i>	9
New Bedford, MA.	19	10	9	21 20	_	9
Canastota, NY	18	13	11 10	19	3 12	2
Hempstead, NY	23 29	12	17	18		3
Port Allegheny, PA	30	14	17 16 £	20	10	
Kansas City, MO	30 19	13	6	19	1	11
Cincinnati, OH	26	21	5	20	.	. 3
Warsaw, KY	23	7	5 16	19	i ,	7
Girard, KS [®] Grantsville, MD	21	10	ii	14	14	10
Ft. Lauderdale, FL	24	24		ii		ì
Henryetta, OK	20	6	14	19	10	11
Houston, TX	29	26	3	13	2	2
Central City, CO	9	6	3.	13	7	5
Taft, CA	30	20	10	11	9	1.
Estacada, OR	28	21	7	17	9 10	3
Brockton, MA	22	7	15	11	8	3
Worchester, MA	20	. 3	17	13	10	.,
Cherry Hill, NJ	20 21	6	15	17	*** **	
Parsippany, NJ	22	12	10	10	10	4
Brooklyn, NY	31	16	15	12	10,	2
· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·					, -	



TABLE A-6 (Continued)

	Congreg	ate Part	icipants			
	<u>Total</u>	Recent Entry	Longer Term	Non- Partici- pating Neighbors	Home Delivered Meal Recipients	Former Parti- cipants
Lewes, DE	22	7	15	14		
Pikesville, MD	30	16	14	14		1.
Philadelphia, PA	24	9	15	12	9	2
Jensen Beach, FL	30	15	15	17	- 9	2 3 3 2
Brownsville, KY	24	3	21 7	14	9	3
Ledbetter, KY	10	3		8	₽ 1	2
Dunn, NC	30	10	20	15	10	5
Kenansville, NC	30	8	`22	ى	4	
Old Hickory, TN	26	8	18	14	10	77
W. Frankfort, IL	° 20	10	,10	11	7	2
Pinckney, MI	24	9	$\sqrt{15}$	15	2	
Detroit, MI_	25	7	18	13		
Anoka, MN	18	9	9	4		
Akron, OH	20	10	` 10	18	10	2 6
Cleveland, OH	28	13 .	15	14	10 4	5
Wilton, WI	~ 30	4	26	14	4	5 5
Westboro, WI	30	12	-18	4	7	4
Des Arc, AR	30 *	8	22	16 15	10	5
Tularosa, NM	31	15	16	13	, 2	
Austin, TX	22	8	14	16	6	1
Decatur, TX	27	12	15 15	20	1	
LaMarque, TX	22 30		25	14	10	6
Persia, IA	30 30	5 15	15	18	10	<i>"</i> 2
Belleville, KS	27	12	15	, i3	ığ.	ំ រំ
Sterling, CO	30	7	23	\	10	4
Paso Robles, CA	30	15	15	15	10	2
Los Angeles, CA	26	3	23) 9	iŏ	
Van Nuys, CA Oakland, CA	29	14	15	/ 18	7	1
North Bend, OR	. 8	- T	8/		9	
HOI CII DEIIG, OK				<u> </u>		
TOTAL	1,735	857	878	1,039	415	249

The original design of the Longitudinal Evaluation of the Nutrition Services for the Elderly called for tracking and re-interviewing cohorts of elderly respondents each year over a period of several years. Despite the approximately six-year interval between Wave I and Wave II, it was desirable during Wave II to attempt to track and re-interview as many elderly interviewed in 1976 as possible. ORC attempted to track and re-interview a total of 1,716 elderly who had been congregate participants or non-participating neighbors. Tracking procedures employed at the 34 re-visited Wave I sites yielded an overall interview completion rate of 42 percent. (Table A-7 shows the Wave II disposition of tracked Wave I respondents.)

D. Sampling of Participants and Non-Participan

At each of the 70 sample locations, Site Interviewers were scheduled to complete the following number of interviews:

- 30 congregate meal site participants, and
- 20 non-participating neighbors

During interviewing, however, the scope of work was reduced. On the average, Site Interviewers completed 25 interviews with congregate dining participants and 15 interviews with non-participating neighbors:

At those sampled sites with home-delivered meals programs, Site Interviewers were originally scheduled to complete interviews with 10 home-delivered meal recipients. Fifty-seven of the 70 sample sites had attached Title III home-delivered meal programs, but because the size of site home-delivered programs varied considerably, 10 interviews were not possible at all locations. On the average, approximately 7 home-delivered meal recipient interviews were completed at each of 57 sites. Only one interview was conducted per household unless two elderly individuals residing in the same household were independently sampled by the procedures discussed below.

Procedures used to sample elderly participants and non-participants were designed to be both replicable and consistent with Wave I procedures. Sampling methods employed differed at revisited Wave I sites and sites sampled only during 1982, because substantial efforts were made to track and reinterview respondents from Wave I sites who were interviewed during

TABLE A-7
WAVE II DISPOSITION OF TRACKED WAVE I RESPONDENTS

	Wave I Status							
	Non-Parti-							
	Total	articipa: New	nts Long-term	cipating Neighbors	Total ·			
	1000.	<u></u>						
Wave II Disposition								
Not Living in Area	are content of	and free states of the states	e de la companya de		an engana semina Kanada ang kanada			
Deceased	223	142	81 22%	103 15%	326 20%			
	. 21%	21%	•					
Institutionalized		33 5%	20 5%	16 2%	69 4%			
	5%	e e g		in the second of the second				
Moved	67 6%	49 7%	18 5%	38 6%	105 6%			
				Jr.,				
Lost Track	86 8%	60 9%	26 7%	94 14%	180 10%			
		· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·						
Other	3 *%	3 *%	0%	7 1%	10 . 1%			
		•						
Unable to Interview/ Successfully Tracked		•						
Refused	الر77	55 ~	22 6%	82	159			
*	7%	8%	6%	12%	9%			
Temporarily Out	15	.9	.6	13	28			
of Town	. 1%	1%	2%	2%	2%			
Other	• 44	30	14	27	71			
	4%	4%	4%	4%	4%			
Successfully Interview	<u>èd</u>							
	450	284	ຳ 66	270	720 42%			
	43%	42%	45%	40%	46/0			
No Response								
	28	10 <u>1%</u>	18	20 <u>3%</u>	48 3%			
	3%		<u>5%</u>					
TOTAL	1,046	6 7 5	371	670	1,716			
		• • • • • • • • •		· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·)			
		•	*					

^{*}Denotes less than 1%.

1976-77. Because of these differences, sampling and other procedural details at revisited and newly sampled sites are discussed separately below.

Sampling at Revisited Sites (Pre-1975 Sites)

At each of the 34 revisited sample locations, first priority was given to tracking and scheduling for interview elderly who had been interviewed during Wave I. Tracking efforts occurred during the first 3-4 days of field activity at each site.

a. Congregate Meal Site Participants

Site interviewers first attempted to track Wave I respondents in the following manner:

- Site or service provider records were consulted to update respondents' addresses and/or telephone numbers and, when possible, record their disposition (e.g. moved, deceased, etc.) from these records.
- 2) If a respondent was still living, according to site/service provider records, but there was no information regarding meal program status (i.e. active or not active), or their current telephone number, local telephone books were used to update the telephone number.
- 3) If no telephone listing could be found, or no site/service provider records were available, or the Site Interviewer was unable to contact the respondent the first time they visited the meal site, Site Interviewers were permitted to make one telephone call to the referral person extracted from the respondent's Wave I questionnaire or inquire about their status among current site participants.



- 4) Respondents who were ascertained to be living in the area or for whom a current telephone number was available were contacted by telephone. Site Interviewers made up to 4 total telephone attempts to reach a respondent and secure their cooperation in the study. If after 4 total attempts, respondents living in the area could not be reached, tracking procedures were terminated.
- 5) When Wave I congregate meal site participants were reached by telephone they were screened to determine their current program status.

Tracked respondents were classified into one of three groups:

- 1) Longer-Term Participants had eaten at the meal site within the last three months.
- 2) Home-Delivered Meal Recipients had received a home-delivered meal within the last three months.
- 3) Former Participants had neither eaten at the meal site nor received a home-delivered meal within the last three months.

Regardless of the current status of tracked respondents, successfully completed interviews with this group were applied against the site's target of 30 congregate dining participant interviews.

Supplemental samples of the most recent current congregate dining program entrants were drawn from each site/service provider's attendance records to achieve the target number; of completed interviews. Sampling of this supplemental sample was executed as follows:

1) Lists of the most recent congregate meal sites were compiled from meal site/service provider records. When possible, most recent entrants were oversampled to minimize time spent with records.



- 2) Lists were worked in reverse chronological order by date of program entry, since it was desirable to obtain interviews with the most recent program entrants. To help meet this goal, lists were updated each Friday during the interviewing period. For each new entrant added, the participant who had entered least recently was deleted. Thus, Site Interviewers maintained a weekly updated sample of constant size.
- 3) Site Interviewers worked the sample lists top to bottom, interviewing the most recent entrants first so that the recent entrants added each Friday would have some experience with the program. Site Interviewers attempted to interview them after they had consumed 2 meals, but before they had attended 5 congregate site meals.
- 4) Each person in the sample received up to 4 telephone calls

 to secure cooperation. Some interviews were arranged by

 Site Interviewers if they meet individuals at the meal site

 during sampling and other activities.

All recent congregrate dining participants were administered the interview appropriate for Recent Entrants.

b. Home-Delivered Meal Recipients

Site Interviewers constructed samples of home-delivered meal recipients by consulting meal site/service provider records. Using an nth name selection procedure, home-delivered meal recipients were oversampled 2:1. Each member of the sample received up to 4 telephone calls to arrange an interview. An identical procedure was employed at sites sampled for the first time during Wave II.



c. Non-Participating Neighbors

Samples of non-participating neighbors consisted of tracked Wave I non-participating neighbors and supplemental samples of newly sampled non-participating neighbors during Wave II. Since tracking and reinterviewing elderly who were non-participating neighbors during Wave I was of primary importance, tracking was conducted first. Site Interviewers used the following tracking procedures:

- An initial telephone call was made to contact the respondent. If contact was not made, Site Interviewers made one telephone call to the referral person extracted from the respondent's Wave I questionnaire to obtain a corrected telephone number or the respondent's disposition.
- 2) If a current telephone number was obtained, up to 3 additional calls were attempted to contact respondents and secure their cooperation. If 4 total attempts to directly reach the respondent failed, no further tracking efforts were made.
- 3) When Wave I non-participating neighbors were successfully contacted, they were screened to determine their current program status.

Tracked and successfully contacted Wave I non-participating neighbors who agreed to be interviewed were classified into one of four groups:

- nor received a home-delivered meal; or had never consumed more than 4 congregate or home-delivered meals.
- 2) <u>Longer-Term Participants</u> had eaten more than four congregate meals within the last three months.

- 3) <u>Home-Delivered Meal Recipients</u> had received more than four home-delivered meals during the last three months.
- 4) <u>Former Participants</u> had consumed more than four congregate meals, but longer than three months ago.

Regardless of their current program status, completed interviews with tracked non-participating neighbors were applied against the site's target of 20 non-participating neighbor interviews.

Supplemental samples of non-participating neighbors were also drawn by Site Interviewers when they were in the field conducting interviews with meal site participants. Starting indicators for this areal sample were the residences of meal site participants with whom interviews had been completed. Sampling followed these procedures:

- 1) Using a successfully interviewed congregate dining participants residence as the starting indicator, Site Interviewers faced the starting indicator and sampled every fifth housing unit to the left. Site Interviewers sampled a total of 6 housing units (30 units to the left of the starting indicator) at each starting indicator. A housing unit was defined as a house, an individual residence in a duplex, or an individual apartment in an apartment building. In urban areas, Site Interviewers worked one side of the street. However, when sampling in rural areas, both sides of the road were worked and when cross-roads were encountered, Site Interviewers took a right turn.
- 2) At each sampling point, an in-person attempt was made to ascertain whether any individual 60 years or older resided there. If Site Interviewers were unable to contact someone, they were required to make up to 3 callbacks to determine whether a qualified person resided at the sampled housing unit unless a neighbor could provide the information.

- All persons residing in a sampled housing unit who were 60 years or older were screened to qualify or disqualify them as respondents. Qualified non-participating neighbors were classified as:
 - Non-Participating Neighbors had neither consumed a congregate nor home-delivered meal, or had consumed four or less meals.
 - Former Participants had eaten a congregate meal, but longer than three months ago.
 - In the event that more than one qualified elderly individual resided in a sampled housing unit, a single respondent was selected to be interviewed by referring to the respondent selection form in Figure A-8.
 - In order to ensure that interviews were distributed across all starting points at a given location, Site Interviewers conducted no more than 2 interviews associated with a single starting indicator unless other location starting indicators did not yield an adequate number of qualified elderly.
 - 6) In rural areas, Site Interviewers proceeded no further than 3 miles from a starting indicator to sample 6 out of 30 housing units. This procedural guideline helped ensure that in sparsely populated areas, elderly from adjacent municipalities or political subdivisions with separate Title III services would not be sampled.

Overall, these procedures were designed to be as replicable as possible. These procedures represent an improvement upon procedures used to locate qualified non-participating neighbors during Wave I.

Sampling at Post-1975 Sites

Procedures employed to sample and interview elderly respondents at the 36 sites sampled for the first time during Wave II were somewhat simpler than sampling at the 34 revisited locations.

FIGURE A-8

RESPONDENT SELECTION FORM FOR NEW SAMPLE OF NON-PARTICIPATING NEIGHBORS

List all adults 60 years and older in household. (List all men first, oldest to youngest; then all women, oldest to youngest. Use relationship to male head of household -- son, wife, cousin, etc.)

Resident Number, •		Relationship	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	Age
1			v	•
2	4	<u>Y</u>		
3		The second second	* "	
4 _				
5				
6				

Number of Adults 60 Years or Older in Housing Unit

Housing							7
Unit	-	1	2		4	5	6
5th 10th 15th 20th 25th 30th	•	1 1 1 1 1	2 1 1 2 1 2	2 1 3 2 3 2	3 ¹ 2 2 4 1 4	4 4 5 3 2	3 6 4 2 1 5

If 4 qualified adults resided in the 5th housing unit from a completed participant interview, (i.e. 1st housing unit sampled), the 3rd person listed was interviewed.

a. Congregate Meal Site Participants

Each meal site's target of 30 completed interviews was equally divided, when feasible, between longer-term participants and recent entrants.

- 1) Longer-term participants were those elderly who had entered the program at least 18 months prior to the interviewing.
- 2) Recent entrants consisted of elderly who were a site's most recent entrants.

Sampling for both sub-populations was done by consulting site/service provider participant intake forms.

Using an nth name selection procedure, Site Interviewers oversampled longer-term participants by a 2:1 ratio. All longer-term participants interviewed received the interview designed specifically for them. The sample was randomly worked, with each person receiving up to 4 telephone attempts to secure an interview before being discarded from the sample.

Procedures used to sample and conduct interviews with the most recent entrants were identical to those employed when sampling the supplemental sample of most recent program entrants at revisited Wave I locations.

b. Home-Delivered Meal Recipients

Procedures employed to sample this group of elderly were identical to those used at revisited Wave I sites.

c. Non-Participating Neighbors

Sampling procedure's were identical to those used when constructing the supplemental sample of non-tracked non-participating neighbors at the 34 revisited Wave I sites.

E. Verification of Interviews

Overall, ORC verified a random sample of 20% of all completed interviews at each site. This was accomplished in two phases. First, Site Interviewer field supervisors verified a random sample of 10% of their interviewer teams' interviews. Following this, an additional random sample of 10% of each site's interviews was verified by telephone by ORC's WATS. Interviewing Department. During each phase of this quality control process, five key pieces of information were obtained: (1) that the individual had been interviewed, (2) that the interview had been conducted in person, (3) where the interview took place, (4) whether the 24-Hour Dietary Recall portion of the interview had been conducted, and (5) verification of the respondent's address.

F. Questionnaires

Interviewing instruments used during Wave II were slightly modified versions of Wave I questionnaires and consisted primarily of closed-ended questions. For key items, questionnaire wording was retained so that Wave I - Wave II comparisons were possible. Below we describe the components of the questionnaires.

Personal Experience With Nutrition Program

This section queried respondents about attendance frequency, plans for future attendance, length of attendance, how elderly first learned of the services, problems getting to the site, and perceptions of donation/contributions policy.

Copies of all instruments are contained in ORC Site Interviewer's Manual: Longitudinal Evaluation of Nutrition Services for the Elderly, Opinion Research Corporation, April, 1982.

Personal Evaluation of Nutrition Program

Respondents were asked if they were aware of site social activities, shopping assistance, medical assistance and whether they used these services. In addition, elderly rated the site in terms of its overall pleasantness, most and least liked attributes, food palatability, whether they had ever been denied service and whether the service saved them money.

Rersonal Mobility

This section assessed the degree to which respondents were able to get out of their homes and perform normal daily activities such as dressing themselves, maintenance and cleaning of their homes, washing and bathing, etc.

Health

Elderly self-reported health status was gathered by questions in this component of the interview: number of doctor visits, time in bed due to illness, use of aids (e.g. canes, etc.), self-rated eyesight and hearing, overall self-rated health, and health relative to last year.

<u>Eating Habits</u>

Respondents were queried regarding their typical eating habits, e.g. eating enjoyment, eating alone, ability to prepare meals for themselves, awareness and utilization of nutrition education activities at the congregate meal sites.



Psychological Well-Being

This section posed questions concerning whether elderly were looking forward to something particular next week, whether they had enough friends, if they had a confidente and asked them to state how often they had experienced various affective states during the past few weeks (e.g. depression, loneliness).

Social Life

Questions were designed to assess how socially active or isolated respondents were, i.e. whether and how frequently they attended religious activities, membership in clubs or other organizations, how long ago their children had last visited them.

Income Sufficiency

Several questions were posed regarding current weekly household expenditure for food, how well respondents felt the amount of money they had took care of their needs, whether they had enough money for "extras," and whether they supported others.

• Demographics

This section assessed standard demographic characteristics: marital status, age, education, whether elderly lived alone, whether parents were living, income, use of foodstamps and Medicaid, receipt of rent assistance.

Friend/Relative Location

Each respondent was asked to provide the name, address, and telephone number of a person who would know where the respondent respondents move.



24-Hour Dietary Recall

The major portion of this section consisted of one lengthy open-ended question designed to measure the foods elderly had consumed during the previous 24 hours. Respondents were asked to list specific foods, and with the aid of Site Interviewers, used templates and serving cups to estimate portion sizes for food consumed during three periods: Midnight - 11:00 AM; 11:00 AM - 4:00 PM; and 4:00 PM - Midnight. Interviewers recorded specific foods and portion sizes on a list of 125 pre-coded foods. Further details regarding the administration of the 24-Hour Dietary Recall are contained in the next section of the Methodology.

Following the 24-Hour Dietary Recall, elderly were also asked whether they had consumed a nutrition service meal yesterday so that comparisons could be made between those whose dietary intake reflected a nutrition service meal and those whose did not.

Interviewer Observations

The final section of each questionnaire asked Site Interviewers to record a number of observations regarding the person interviewed: whether respondents were realistically oriented, cooperative, and whether they had difficulty comprehending questions or seemed unable to read.

Additional demographic information was also recorded: respondent's gender, race, whether respondents were Spanish speaking and the type of area in which elderly resided (i.e. type of dwelling, estimated age of dwelling, type of area - center 'city, suburb, etc.)



G. Site Interviewer Training

ORC professional staff conducted two day training sessions for Site Interviewers at 11 locations throughout the U.S. from May 10 - May 27, 1983. The majority of Site Interviewers were female over 30 years of age and many had been ORC Site Interviewers for Wave I. Table A-9 lists training locations, training dates, and the sample locations corresponding to each training session. At each location, ORC's training staff consisted of two ORC professional staff and a graduate student in nutrition whose primary role was training Site Interviewers to administer the 24-Hour Dietary Recall. All ORC training staff and nutrition consultants were present at the initial training session held in Princeton, New Jersey. Each training session was divided into two components: Day 1 and Day 2.

1. Day 1

The first day of training was devoted to familiarizing Site Interviewers with study background and objectives. General procedures, ethics, and guidelines for conducting personal interviews in a non-biasing manner were discussed and the importance of confidentiality was reinforced. Additionally, Site Interviewers were trained to administer each of the versions of the questionnaire through a question-by-question review of the instruments. Sampling and tracking procedures and weekly field reporting requirements were covered during Day 1 and Day 2.

2. Day 2: 24-Hour Dietary Recall

The second day of training was devoted almost exclusively to administration of the 24-Hour Dietary Recall. During the morning, the purpose of the instrument was reviewed, the instrument was reviewed food item by food item, Site Interviewers observed a mock interview and were asked to record responses during this mock interview. Each Site Interviewer's coding of the mock interview was reviewed and coding instructions were clarified and problems of interpretation resolved.



4

TABLE A-9 ORC SITE INTERVIEWER TRAINING SCHEDULE

<u>Date</u>	Training Location	Site
May 10-11	Princeton, NJ	Lakewood, NJ Grantsville, MD Cherry Hill, NJ Parsippany, NJ Lewes, DE Pikesville, MD Philadelphia, PA
May 17-18	New York, NY	Watertown, NY McAlisterville, PA Pittsford, VT New Bedford, MA Canastota, NY Hempstead, NY Port Allegheny, PA Brockton, MA Worcester, MA Brooklyn, NY
May 20-21	San Francisco, CA	Auberry, CA Jackson, CA Oakland, CA
May 20-21	Oklahoma City, OK	Henryetta, OK Central City, CO Des Arc, AR Sterling, CO
May 20-21	Kansas City, KS	Leavenworth, KS Lincoln, NE Kansas City, MO Girard, KS Persia, IA Belleville, KS
May 24-25	Portland, OR	Medford, OR Estacada, OR North Bend, OR



	TABLE A-9 (Continued)	
•		
<u>Date</u>	<u>Training Location</u>	Site
May 24-25	Houston, TX	San Ygnacio, TX San Antonio, TX Houston, TX Tularosa, NM Austin, TX Decatur, TX LaMarque, TX
May 24-25	Detroit, MI	Trenton, MI Canton, OH Waupun, WI Cincinnati, OH Warsaw, KY
		Pinckney, MI Detroit, MI Akron, OH Cleveland, OH Westboro, WI
May 26-27	Los Angeles, CA	Taft, CA Paso Robles, CA Los Angeles, CA Van Nuys, CA
May 26-27	Atlanta, GA	Childersburg, AL Douglasville, GA Lenoir, NC Ft. Lauderdale, FL Jensen Beach, FL Brownsville, KY Ledbetter, KY Dunn, NC Kenansville, NC Old Hickory, TN
May 26-27	Chicago, IL	Metropolis, IL Chicago, IL Kingsport, TN W. Frankford, IL Anoka, MN Wilton, WI

Following this, Site Interviewers were introduced to the Portion Size Kits which consisted of equipment that could be used for determining portion sizes:

8 ounce glass
12 ounce glass
2 cup measuring cup
A nest of measuring cups with
1/4, 1/3, 1/2, and 1 cup sizes
1 bowl (equals 2 cups)
2 cups Minute Rice in a sealed container
1 paper plate
Cardboard cut-outs of bottles, cake-slices,
pie slices, pizza slices of different shapes
A nest of measuring spoons with
1 tablespoon, and 1/4, 1/2, and 1 teaspoon sizes
A 6-inch plastic ruler
A wooden gauge to measure meat and other food portion thickness

Site Interviewers conducted mock interviews with their colleagues.

Coding of novel regional foods, problems in measuring portion sizes, and how to correctly record mixed dishes were discussed.

For further information regarding this phase of Site Interviewer training, please refer to the ORC Site Interviewer's Manual.

APPENDIX A1

DETAILED TABULATIONS:

DEMOGRAPHIC PROFILES OF PARTICIPANTS AND NON-PARTICIPANTS.

LIST OF TABLES

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Tables in this appendix include distributions for all elderly subpopulations: TRAC refers to tracked Wave I respondents; NTRAC refers to non-tracked elderly; NEWER and OLDER sites were established post-1975 and pre-1975, respectively.

SECTION 1: DEMOGRAPHICS

BASE = ALL RESPONDENTS

QUESTION 15



SECTION L: INTERVIEWER'S OBSERVATIONS

BASE = ALL RESPONDENTS

QUESTION L7

SEX OF RESPONDENT

	:			PART	ICIPA	NTS				NON PA	RTICIPANTS				
		TOTAL	NEWER SITES		DER S			LONGER TERM	TOTAL	NEWER SITES	OLDER S		<u>HDM</u>	FORMER	<u>TOTAL</u>
TOTAL	٠	1735	903	832	277	555	857	878	1039	472	567 217	350	415	249	3438
MALE		473		214 9 %	62 26 % 2	152 22 %	244 27 %	229 29 % 2	329 6 % 3	157 2% 3	172 72 3 % 30%	100 33 % 2	117 .8% 28	48 1	967 9 % 28 %
FEMALE	4	1256 7	641 3 % 7	615 1 %	215 74% 7	400 78% 7	610 72 %	646 71 % 7	706 4 % 6	313 8% 6	393 145 6 % 69 %	248 67 % 7	296 1% 71	200 8 8	2458 0% 72%
NO RESPONSE	, .; ·.	6	3	* 3	* 0	0 3	3 1%	* 3	* 4	* 2	, 2 0 1% 1%	0 2	2 1% 1	1	13 18 *

NUTRITION

SECTION 1: DEMOGRAPHICS BASE = ALL RESPONDENTS QUESTION 11 MARITAL STATUS

	•	• ,		PAR	TICIPA	NTS		Ý		e e	NON P	ARTICI	PANTS						
		TOTAL	NEWER SITES		LDER S	TES NONT		NT LO		TOTAL	NEWER SITES			SITES C NON	HDI	1 <u>FOR</u>	MER	<u>TOTAL</u>	
TOTAL		1735	903	83	2 277	555	8	57	878	1039	472	56	7 21	7 350	415	5 2/	249	3438	
MARRIED		596	328 34 %	26 36 %	8 91 32 %	177 33%	2 3 2 3	96 • 35%			214 43 %							1240 %	
DIVORCED	· • • •	114	/ 59 7%		5 8 7%	47 3 %			39		25 5%							204	6%
SEPARATED		36	19 2%	1 2%	7 1 2%	16 *	3%	26 3%	10	14 18	8 1%	2%	6 (1%	0 (2%	3 2%	3 1	61 %	2%
WIOOWED	. •	910	. *	46 49%							7 204 478							1773 \$	
NEVER MARRIED		79	51 5 %	. 2 6%	8 11 3%	17 4%	·3 %	30 3 %	49		21 4%	5 %	1: . 4%	7 1/ 3%	28 4 %	7%		159 %	5 %
NO RESPONSE		• 0	0	0	0 0	0	0	0 0	Ó	0		0	0 0	0 ()。 (0	0	1 *	1	*

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SECTION I: DEMOGRAPHICS
BASE = ALL RESPONDENTS
QUESTION 14
LIVE ALONE

TOTAL

ALONE

WITH SOMEONE

NO RESPONSE

PARTICIPANTS PLDER SITES OLDER SITES NEWER STRES RECENT LONGER NEWER ENTRY TERM TOTAL SITES TOTAL OTAL TRAC NONT TOTAL TRAC 1735 832 277 555 857 878 1039 567 217 307 55% 952 l 164 3 57% 59% 206 268 87 181 137 57% 468 47% 40% 52% 61% 376 563 **~ 266** 297 130 167 163 112 43% 56% 53% 60% 48%

SECTION L. INTERVIEWER'S OBSERVATIONS

BASE - ALL RESPONDENTS

QUESTION L8

RACE OF RESPONDENT

\			PART	IČIPAN	TS				NON PA	RTICIPA	NTS					
		NEWER		DER SI	R	ECENT		TOTAL	NEWER		ER SIT		HOM	FORMER	TOTAL	
TOTAL	1735	903		<u>TRAC</u>	NONT _	<u>ENTRY</u> . 857	878	1039		<u>TOTAL</u> 567	217	<u> 350</u>	<u>HDM</u> .		3438	
HISPANIC	72	26	46	9	37	37	35	20	8	12		7	17	6	115 2 %	
AMERICAN INDIAN OR ALASKAN NATIVE	7	1.	*		1 2% *	, o.		1%		0 2	* 1 *	. 1 . 19	2 *	,0,	0 11	*
ASIAN OR. PACIFIC	- 1	* 1	* 0		0 0	0	0 1	* ,3	*• 3	0	0 0	0	0	0	0 4	*
BLACK, NOT OF HISPANIC ORIGIN			66 9 %	25 8 %	41 9 % 7	120 % 1	121 4% 1	157 14 % 1	91 15% 1		30 2 % 14		45 6 11		473 2 % 1	
WHITE, NOT OF HISPANIC ORIGIN					473 6% 85			847 31% · 8			179 35% 83			213 8 8	2814 64 8	2%
NO RESPONSE	7	. 4 *	1%	,	0 1	3	18	10	18		2 . 1% 1	% 1 ¹	8 1	٩	0 21	1%

SECTION 1: DEMOGRAPHICS
BASE = ALL RESPONDENTS
OUESTION 19B

REPORTED AND ESTIMATED 1981 INCOME

	•			PART	ICIPA	NTS						N	ION PAR	TICIF	'ANT	S			•		• [4]	
	TOTAL	NEW SIT			DER S	ITES NON			LONGÉ TER		TOTAL		EWER ITES	OL TOTAL			ES NONT	HDH	! <u>F</u>	ORMER	TOTA	Ľ.
TOTAL	1735	9	03	832	277	55	5	857	87	8	1039		472	567	2	17	350	415	•	249	343	8
UNDER \$2,000 A YEAR	56		26	30 3 %		3 2		33		3	32		16 3	16	3%	3 1'	13	28		11,	12 5 %	7 4%
\$2,000 - \$3,999	396 2	3%	12° 23	184 3 %	69 22 %	11! 25%	5 21 %	169 2	22 0%	7 269	220	21%	98 21	122	22	50 .≁23'	72	129 21 %	31 %	76 31		244
\$4,000 - \$5,999	449 2	6	!31 20	218 6 %	74 26 %	14 ⁴ 27 %	26%	⁻ 221 2	22 6 %	3 261	226	2 2 %	99. 21	127	22	53 25	74	110 21 %	27%	65 26	85 6 %	0 25 %
\$6,000 - \$9,999	, 404 1 2	. 1 3 %	87 . 21	217	72 26 %	14! 26%	5 26%	208 2	196 4 %	5 2 <i>2</i> 1	232	22%	100 21	132	23%	52 249	80	99 23 %	24%	45 18	78 3 %	
\$10,000 - \$13,999	175 1	0%	99 11			. 52 8 %	9%	85 1	9(0%) 101	134	13%	59 \$ 13		13 %	34 16 ⁹	41	20 2 %	,5 %	28 11	35 \	7 10%
\$14,000 - \$17,999	102	6%	60 7	42	"13 5 %	29 5%		58			58		31	27			19	5 %	1%	10	17	6 5 %
\$18,000 - \$21,999	33	24	19	14		1%	2%		1(2%				21 4			5 29	, 8	2%	*	3 [°] 1		2 2%
\$22,000 OR OVER	45	31	29 3			. 14 . 18 '	3%	30	1! 3 %		57	6	33 7	24		3	21	6	1%	. 6 .	114	
DON'T KNOW/REFUSED/NO RESPONSE	75	4%	40 4	35	11 4%		4%	36	3! 4 %	41	46	48	15 31	31		9				5 2	14	

SECTION H: INCOME SUFFICIENCY

BASE = ALL RESPONDENTS

QUESTION H2

INCOME SUFFICIENCY

				PART	ICIPANT	S				NON PAR	TICIPAN	ITS				
	.	TOTAL	NEWER SITES		DER SIT	RI	ECENT LO			NEWER SITES	OLDE			HDM	FORMER	TOTAL
TOTAL		1735	903	832	277	555	857	878	1039	472	567	217	350	415	.249	3438
VERY WELL	• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •	578 349	293 339	285 3	109 4% 39%	176 32%	273 32%	305 359	368 35%	164 35%	204 369	86 40%	118 349	87 21%	86 35%	1119 33%
FAIRLY WELL		905 529	471 529	434 - 5	140 2% 51%	294 53%	446 52%	459 52 [§]	505 49%	214 45%	291 51 9	106. 49%	185 539	- 230 55%	120 48%	1760 51%
POORLY		228 139	127 5 149	101 1	25 2% 9%	76 14%	126 - 15%	102 129	149 8 148	81 17%	68 1,29	25 11%	43 129	87 21%		505 15%
DON'T KNOW	•	19 19	10 19	9	2 1% 1%		11 18	8 19	. 15 \$ 2%	11 2%	4	0	4	9 2 %	0	43 18
NO RESPONSE		5 *	2	3	1 1% *	2	1 *	4 *	2	2 1%	0	0	0	2 1%	2 1%	11





SECTION 1: DEMOGRAPHICS

BASE = ALL RESPONDENTS

QUESTION 110

USE OF FOOD STAMPS

			PART	ICIPA	NTS	_				NON P	ARTICIE	PANTS				Y W	1
	, , , ×	NEWER	Jor	DER S	ITES	RECEA	n ini	NCFD		NEWER		DER S	IŢES				Ž.
	TOTAL		TOTAL	TRAC	NONT	ENTR	<u>Y</u>	TERM	TOTAL	SITES		TRAC	NONT	HDM	FORMER	<u>TOTAL</u>	j
TOTAL	1735	903	832	277	555	85	7	878	1039	. 472	567	217	350	415	249	3438	, () ()
YES, I AM	191		101 10%	35 128	66 12%	12%	6 11%	95 1	97 1 %	9%	49 1 0%	15 9%	7% 1	69 10% 1	28 17%	385 11 % 119	.
YES, SPOUSE	.2	* 1	*	* 0	0 1	*	0	2	2	* 0	0 2	2 *	1%	0	0 1	5 18 *	
YES, BOTH	24	10 2%	14 1%	2% 2%	12 1%	2%	6 2%	8	10 18	7 1%	2% 3	1%	1% 0	0 10	2%	48 2 % 2 %	
NO	1513	800	713	240	473	. 74	0	773	930		513	197	316	335	215	2993 86% 87 %	•
DON'T KNOW	1	* 1	* 0	0	Q. 0	0	1 *	. 0	0	0	0	0	0	0. 0	, 0	0 *	,
NO RESPONSE	4	* 1	* 3	* 0	0 3	1%	4 1%	0.	0	0		0		0 1	* . 1	* 6 *	,

SECTION 1: DEMOGRAPHICS

BASE = ALL RESPONDENTS

QUESTION 111

RECEIPT OF MEDICALD

					PAF	RTICIPA	NTS	ď			NON P	ARTICIP	ANTS				
			TOTAL	NEWE SITE	R	OLDER S	ITES NONT		T LONGER		NEWER SITES		DER SI		HDM	FORMER	TOTAL
TOTAL		* * * * * * *	1735	90	3 83	32 27	7 555	85	7 878	1039	472	567	217	350	415	249	3438
YES, I AM		Y	282	- 15 16%	3 12 17%	29 47 16 %	7 82 17%	12° 15%	1 161 14%	127 18%	64 12%	63 14 %	19 11 %	9% 12	104 2% 2	41 5% 1	554 78 1
YES, SPOUSE			ε	*	2 *	4 *	3 1 1%	*	2 * 4	1%) 7 1%	18 2	* 2	0 1% (7	1 2%	23 *
YES, BOTH	6 .	•	38	3 2 2%	1 2%	17 2%	5 11 2%	18 28 -	8 20 2%	2% 23	3 12 2%	11 2%	2 %	7 2%	12 2%	7 3 %	80 3 %
NO		1 1 47 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1	1391	71 80%	7 6 79%	74 219 81%	9 455 79 %	70 82%	7 684 83%	869 78%	385 84%	484 82 %	187 86% 8	297 16% 8!	280 5% .6	197 7% 7	2737 9% 8
DON'T KNOW	3		11	1%		5 1%	2 3 1%	0	5 6	5 11 1%	1 4 1%	7 1%	5 1%	2 2%	10 1%	2 2%	34 18
NO RESPONSE		•	7	1%	4 1%	3 *	0 3	1%	4 3	* (0	0	0	0 0	2	1 18	* 10

SECTION 1: DEMOGRAPHICS

BASE = ALL RESPONDENTS

QUESTION 112

RENTAL ASSISTANCE (ASKED ONLY OF THOSE WHO RENT A HOME OR APARTMENT)

			PART	ICIPA	NTS					<i>y</i> NO	N PART	ICIPA	NTS						
	TOTAL	NEWER SITES			ITES NON	· RE	CENT LO	NGER TERM	TOTAL	NE L SI	WER - TES T	OLD OTAL			<u>H0</u>	<u>H</u> <u>F</u> (ORMER	<u>TOTAL</u>	
TOTAL	1735	903	832	277	555	5	857	878	1039	•	472	567	217	350	41	5	249	3438	
PERCENT ASKEO	590	321 34 %					287 33¶											1240 8	
MONEY	14	8 1%	1%	1 1%	*	5 1%	6 19	8		_	4 1%	4	0 1%	-	1%	3 1%	1	26	1%
LOWER RENT		82 10%	92 9%														40 16	403 %	
OTHER	6	* 2	*	* 2	1%	*	2 *	4 ,	*	3 1%	. 5 1%	3	1 1%	* 2	1%	6 1%		20	1%
NO		212 21%																	
OON'T KNOW	10			* 3	1%	Ò	5 1%	5	. 4 1%	*	4 1%	0	0	0	0	5 1%	0		18
NO RESPONSE	24	10 1%	14 18	3 28	11 1%	2%	14 29	10	1(1%) 1%	3 1%	7	2 1%	5 1 %	16 18	0 2%	1 *	45	1%

APPENDIX B

DETAILED TABULATIONS:

MOBILITY AND HEALTH CHARACTERISTICS OF PARTICIPANTS AND NON-PARTICIPANTS

LIST OF TABLES

-		<u>Page</u>
Question C1	Frequency of Getting Out of the House	B - 2
Question C4	Difficulty Going Out of Doors	B-3
Question C3	Can Clean/Maintain House/Apartment	B-4
Question D1-D2	Number of Visits to a Doctor Other Than For a Check-up or Physical	B - 5
Question D4	Time in Hospital or Nursing Home in Past Year	B - 6
Question D6	Self-rating of Eyesight	B-7
Question D7	Self-rating of Hearing	B-8
Question D12	Self-rated Current Health	B - 9
Question_D13	Health Relative to Last Year's	B-10
44666.6		

Tables in this appendix include distributions for all elderly subpopulations: TRAC refers to tracked Wave I respondents; NTRAC refers to non-tracked elderly; NEWER and OLDER sites were established post-1975 and pre-1975, respectively.

SECTION C: PERSONAL MOBILITY

BASE TALL RESPONDENTS

QUESTION C1

FREQUENCY OF GETTING OUT OF THE HOUSE

	T		PAR	TICIPA	NTS					NON	PAR	TICIP	ANTS					
				LDER S	ITES	0505	CNT LO	NCED		NEW		OL.	DER S	ITES				4
	TOTAL	NEWER SITES		L TRAC	NONT		ENT LO		TOTAL			TOTAL	TRAC	NONT	, <u>HDM</u>	FORMER	TOTAL	
TOTAL	1735	903	83	2 277	555	ε	857	878	1039	47	72	567	217	350	415	249	3438	
NEARLY EVERY DAY	1405 8	730 1%	67 B1%	5 232 81%	443 84 %	80%	681 79 %	724	707 32%	33 68%	30 70	377 %	134 67%	243 62%	101 69% 2	158 4 %	2371 63% 69%	
EVERY OTHER DAY	165	83 9%	9%	2 22 10%	8% 60	11%	88 10%	77	105 9%	10%	10 9	65 %	23 11%	42 11%	20 12%	28 5%	318 11% 9%	
ONCE OR TWICE A WEEK		60 7%	5 7%	6 19 7%	37 7%	7%	65 8%	51	142 6%	14%	53 13	79 %	38 14 %	41 17%	94 12% 2	37 3%	389 15% 11%	
LESS THAN ONCE A WEEK		20 2%	2% 1	3 3		2%			2% 2%			38 %	16 7%	7% 7%	108 6% 2	19 6%	8% 7%	j
OTHER		10 1%		4 1 不表		0	7 1%	7	21 1%	2% \	13 3			3% 3%		7 1%	131 3% 4%	j.
DON'T KNOW	2		0	2 C	0 2	: *	. 2 *	• 0	0	*	2 *	C	0		_	0 1%	0 *	
NO RESPONSE	0	0 0	0	-	0	0	0	. 0	0	0	0		0		0	_	0 0	

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SECTION C: PERSONAL MOBILITY

BASE = ALL RESPONDENTS

QUESTION C4

DIFFICULTY GOING OUT OF DOORS .

		PARTICIPANTS		NON PARTIC	PANTS	
	NEWER TOTAL SITES	OLDER SITES TOTAL TRAC NONT	RECENT LONGER ENTRY TERM	NEWER	OLOER SITES FAL TRAC NONT HOM	FORMER TOTAL
TOTAL	1735 903	832 277 55 5	857 878	1039 472 5	667 217 350 415	249 3438
NO DIFFICULTY AND WITHOUT HELP	1566 806 90% (760 246 514 89% 91% 89%	784 782 93% 92% 8		73 175 298 121 83% 81% 85% 2	
SOME DIFFICULTY BUT WITHOUT HELP OF ANOTHER PERSON	136 79 8%	57 25 32 9% 7% 9%	the state of the s	114 52 9% 11% 11%	62 29 33 136 11% 13% 10% 3	그 그 그 그 그 그 그 그 그 그 그 그 그 그 그 그 그 그 그
WITH DIFFICULTY AND ONLY WITH HELP OF ANOTHER PERSON		13 6 7 2% 2% 2%	15 14 18 28	51 20 28 5% 4%	31 13 18 154 6% 6% 5% 3	16 250 37% 6% 7%
NO RESPONSE	4 2	2 0 2 * * 0	* 3 1	* * 2	,1 0 1 4 * 0 *	0 11 1% 0 19

SECTION C: PERSONAL MOBILITY

BASE = ALL RESPONDENTS

QUESTION C3

CLEAN/MAINTAIN HOUSE/APARTMENT

			: :		- 4		PA	RTIC	I PAN	TS			· .				NO	N PA	RTI	CIPA	NTS							
				TOTAL		EWER ITES		OLDEI				ENT ITRY		IGER TERM	<u>T(</u>	DTAL		WER TES	<u>T0</u>	OLD TAL	ER S TRAC			HDM	! <u>E</u>	RMER	<u>T0</u>	<u>TAL</u>
TOTAL	*.			1735		903	8	32	277	555		857	٠.	878	1	1039		472		567	217	3	50	415	;	249	3	438
YES				1548	89 %		. 7 9 %	43 89	247 % 8	496 9 %	89%	761 8	39%	787	90%	885	85%	402 {	35%	483 8	176 5%	3 81%	07 81	172 8%	41%	204	2 82%	809 82
NO		· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·		167	10%	84	.9 %	83 10	30 % 1	53 1%	10%	87	 10%.	80	9%	138	13%	58	12%	80 1	40 4%	18%	40 . 1	238 1%	} 57 %	44	18%	587 17
DON'T KN	IOW	•		•	*	4	1%	2 *	0	0 2	*	5	1%	1	*	7	18		1%		18 18	1%	1	* *	1%	1	*	17 ~
NO RESPO	NSE			14	1%	10		4 1	0	0	1%	4	*.	10	18	9	1%	7	2%	2	* 0	0	2	1% 1%	1%	0	0	25 1

SECTION D: HEALTH

BASE = ALL RESPONDENTS

QUESTION D1 MINUS D2

NUMBER OF VISITS TO A DOCTOR OTHER THAN FOR A CHECK-UP OR PHYSICAL EXAMINATION

	•			P	ART	CIPA	NTS	· ·		·					NC	N P	ART	CIP	NTS								
		NF	WER		01.0	ER S	ITÉ	S	RF	CENT	LOI	NGER		0	NE	WER	_	рп	DER S	ITE	S						
	TOTAL		TES	<u>T0</u>	TAL	TRAC	<u> </u>	ONT	E	NTRY		TERM	<u>I</u> (TAL	<u>SI</u>	TES	I	DTAL	TRAC	N	ONT	HD	M [FORME	<u> </u>	OTAL	
TOTAL	1735	5 .	903		832	277	,	555		857		878	. 1	1039	. :	472	·	567	217	7	350	41	5	249	•	3438	
NONE	879	51%	447 5	60%	432	152 52%	55%	280	50%	445	52%	434	49 %	575	55%	259	55%	316	118 56%	54 %	198 • 5	19 7 %	0 46'	12: %	2 49%	1766	51
1 - 2 TIMES	312	18%	164 1	8%	148	56 18%	20 %	92	17%	135	16%	177	20 %	163	16%	86	18%	77	3(14%) 14%	47 1	5 3 %	6 13'	4		572	
3 - 5 TIMES	225	13%	1 18 1	3%	107	27 13%	10%	80 s	14%	105	12%	120	14%	125	12%	51 [°]	11%	74	29 13%) 13%	45 1	3 %	2 10'	% .	3 -13 9	425	12
6 - 10 TIMES	141	8%	86 1	0%	55	16 7 %	6 %	39 8	7%	68	.8%	73	8%	65	6%	29	6%	36	20 6 %) 9%	16	5 %	0 10'	2 () 8 1	266	8
11 - 15 TIMES	90	5%∗				6% 6%	6 %	33 5	6%	51	6%	39	4%	47	5%	15	3%	32	11 6%	5%	21	6% 6%	.8 7'	1 %	9 8 9	184	5
16 - 20 TIMES	14	1%	10	1%	4	* -	19	2	*	. 4	*	10		14		10	2%	4	1%	0	4	1 1%	3 - 3'	8.	5 . 29	46	1
MORE THAN 20 TIMES	41	3 3%	25	3%	23	3%	29	17 8	3%	31	4%	17	2%	29	3%	12	3%	17	3%	5 29	12	3 %	9 7	•	5. 29	111	3
MEAN	3.	2	3.4		3.0	2.4	,	3.3		3.5		2.9		2.9	, ;	2.5	*~	3.3	2.7	7.	3.6	5.	0	3.	1	3.3	

SECTION D: HEALTH

BASE - ALL RESPONDENTS

QUESTION D4

TIME IN HOSPITAL OR NURSING HOME IN PAST YEAR

		•		. 1	PAR	TICIF	ANT	S				,			NC	N P	ART	ICIPA	NTS							÷ :	
	<u> 1</u>	DTAL	NEWI S I T I	ER		LDER L <u>Tr</u> a			REC	CENT	L.O	NGER TERM	10	DTAL	NE	WER TES	· -	OLC OTAL					HDM	<u>F0</u>	RMER	TOT	4 <u>AL</u>
TOTAL		1735	9(03	83	2 27	7	555		857	·	878	1	039		472		567	21	7	350	24	415		249	34	38
NONE		1 325 7	69 76%	94 7	63 7 %	1 20 76%)7 75	424 8	77%	649	76 %	676	77%	794	76%	370		424 7							167 6		10 73%
A WEEK OR LESS	٠.	173 1	: •0%	92 1	8 %0	1 3 10%	11	49	9%	79	9%	94 5 1	11%	93	9%	37		56 1	2 0%	2 10	34	10%	38	9%	32 1		36 10%
MORE THAN A WEEK BUT LESS THAN ONE MONTH		173	10%	83	9% 9%	0 2	27 10	. 63 %	11%	96	11%	77	.9%	104	10%	. 44	9%	60 1	2 1%	3 11	37	10%	91 2	2%	34 1		02 12 %
1 - 3 MONTHS		50	3%	27	3%	3				25		25	3%	39	48		4%								15		41 48
4 - 6 MONTHS	b	2	* 1	2	*	0	Ö (0	0	1	*	1	*	6	18		1%						10		0	0	18 1%
7 - 9 MONTHS		2	*	2	*	0	0 (0	0	2	19	0	0	0	0	.0	0	0	0	0	0	0	3	1%	0	0	5 *
10 MONTHS OR MORE		1	*	0	0	1 *	0 (1	*	. 1	*	. 0	0	1	*	1	*	0	0	0	0	0	3	1%	0	0	5 *
CANNOT RECALL	•	. 7	1%	3	1%	4 _. *	3	1	*	. 2	*	5	0	1	*	0	0	1	*	1. *	0	0	8	2%	1.	*	17
NO RESPONSE		2	. ° *	0	0	2 *	٥.	- 2)	*	Ž	*	0	0	. 1	*	0	0	1	*	0	1	*	1	*	0	0	4 *
					**		٠,			٠,					3	***	٠. `		:			'. 					

્રાં કુકારો આ મુખ્યાના કુકારો ક



SECTION D: HEALTH

BASE = ALL RESPONDENTS

QUESTION D6

SELF-RATING OF EYESIGHT

TOTAL EXCELLENT

GOOD

FAIR

POOR

DON'T KNOW

NO RESPONSE

_		<u> </u>			PART	ICI	PAN	rs			· ·		•	·	N	ON P	ART	ICIP	ANT	S		•					
<u>T</u>	OTAL		EWER ITES	<u>T</u>				NON	- RE	CEN	T LO	NGER	! I	OTAL	N S	EWER I TES	-	OL OTAL					HDM.	FO	RMER	<u> TOT.</u>	AL
	1735	.	903		832	2	77 .	55	5	857	7	878	3	1039).	472		567	2	17	350). <i>i</i>	115		249	34	3в
	155	9%	72	8%	. 83	10%	28 10	5:)%	10%	76	9 %	79	94	87	88	34	78	53	9%	24 11	29 8	8%	11	3%		20 6 %	- (-
	743	43%	361	40%	382	1 46%	25 45	257 5 %	7 46 %	380) 44%	363	41%	477	46 %	214	45 %	263	47 %	39 41	174 8	50%	01 2	4%	103	14: 18	24
	585	34%	324	36%	261	31%	86 31	17: %	32 %	288	34 %	297	34%	309	30 %	144	31%	165	29 %	66 30	99	28%	40 3	4%	74 3	11(0%	08
				16%	106	13%	38 14																		57 2		
	0	0	0	0	O _,	0	0	C	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	*	0	0	4
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٠.					10						•			187										·	19/		1

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SECTION D: HEALTH

BASE = ALL RESPONDENTS



SECTION D: HEALTH

BASE - ALL RESPONDENTS

QUESTION D12

SELF-RATED CURRENT HEALTI



SECTION DE HEALTH

BASE - ALL RESPONDENTS ,

QUESTION D13

HEALTH RELATIVE TO LAST YEAR'S

	PARTICIPANTS NON PARTICIPANTS	9
	OLDER SITES NEWER TOTAL SITES TOTAL TRAC NONT ENTRY TERM TOTAL SITES TOTAL TRAC NONT ENTRY TERM TOTAL SITES TOTAL TRAC NONT	HDM FORMER TOTAL
TOTAL	1735 903 832 277 555 857 878 1039 472 567 217 350	415 249 3438
BETTER	337 163 174 61 113 174 163 162 78 84 27 57 19% 18% 21% 22% 20% 20% 19% 16% 16% 15% 13% 16%	73 50 622 18% 20%
ABOUT THE SAME	1120 588 532 179 353 548 572 684 305 379 146 233 1 65% 65% 66% 65% 66% 66% 67% 67%	181 138 2123 44% 55% (
WORSE	203 170 121 30 03 131 130 100 10	159 59 656 38 % 24%
CAN'T SAY/DON'T KNOW	7 3 4 1 3 4 3 6 5 1 0 1 * * * * * * * * 1% 1% * 0 1% * 0 *	1 0 14
NO RESPONSE	2 1 1 0 1 0 2 18 9 9 5 4	1 2 23 * 18

APPENDIX C1

DETAILED TABULATIONS:

LIFESTYLE - DIETARY, AND AFFECTIVE CHARACTERISTICS OF PARTICIPANTS AND NON-PARTICIPANTS

LIST OF TABLES

•			Page
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Question	E5	Ability to Prepare Hot Meals (At Home) -	C - 3
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Question	G1 .	Attendance at Religious Services	C-5
Question	G6	Membership in Clubs, Lodges, or Other Organizations	C-6
Question	F9E	Frequency of Feeling Depressed or Very Unhappy During Past Few Weeks	C-7
Question	G9	Last Time Saw (Own) Children	8-3
Question	F6	Number of Friends	C-9.
Question	F9H	Frequency of Feeling Lonely or Remote Erom Other People During Past Few Weeks,	≟ C-10

Tables in this appendix include distributions for all elderly subpopulations: TRAC refers to tracked Wave I respondents; NTRAC refers to hon-tracked elderly; NEWER and OLDER sites were established post-1975 and pre-1975, respectively.

CERTION C. CATING HABITS

У

SECTION E: EATING HABITS

BASE = ALL RESPONDENTS

QUESTION E5

ABILITY TO PREPARE HOT MEALS (ASKED ONLY OF THOSE WHO DO NOT PREPARE THEIR OWN MEALS)

				F	ARTI	CIPA	NTS				٠.		NON I	PART	ICIPA	NTS						
	•	TOTAL	NEWER SITES	<u> </u>	OLD OTAL	ER S	ITES NO	RE	CENT NTRY	LONGE TER	R M]	TÓTAL	NEWEI SITE:				I TES NO		HDM	FORMER	TOTA	<u>L</u>
TOTAL	-	1735	903	} •	832	277	. 5	55	857	87	8	1039	47	2	567	217	3!	50 ×	415	249	343	8 '
PERCENT ASKED		357 2		20%	172	52 1%	1 19%	20 22%	188	16 22 %	9 199	285	13: 27%	3 28%	152 2	68 7%	31%	34 24	161 6 3	46 9 %	84 8%	9 25 9
YES		279 1	146 6%	16%	133 1	42 16%	15%	91 169	141	13 1 6%	8 169	232	100 22%	6 22%	126 2	57 2%	26%	69 20'	41 8 10	33 0%	58 13%	5 179
NO			35 4%	4%				22 49	40		5 39		5% 24						106 8 2	9 6 %	22 4%	
DON'T KNOW	٠.	6	* .	*	4.	, 1 *	*	3 1%	3	*	3 *	3	*	2 *	1	* 0	0	1 *	5	1 %	2% 1	8 .19
NO RESPONSE		7	*	*	5	1 1%	*	4 19	4	*	3 *	. 3	*	1. *	2		0	2	9	0 2%	0.	9 19





SECTION E: EATING HABITS

NUTRITION WAVE I

SECTION G: SOCIAL LIFE BASE = ALL RESPONDENTS QUESTION G1/HG1

ATTENDANCE AT RELIGIOUS SERVICES

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						TOTAL	<u>S</u>	ITES	<u> 1</u> 0	OTAL	TRAC	<u>N</u>	IONT	E	VTRY	_	TERM	T	DTAL	SI	TES	10	DTAL	TRA	<u>\C</u> !	NONT	. ,	HDM	FC	RMER	<u>T(</u>	DTAL	
TOTAL						1735		903		832	277	7	555		857		878		1039		472	•	567	21	7	350	4	415		249	3	3438	
MORE	THAN	ONC	E A	WEEK				192	21%	182	6 ¹ 22%	239	118	21%	184	223	190	228	149 1	4%	62 1	3%	87	3 15 %	16 ⁹	52 8	15%	18	4%	44	18%	585 1	7%
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LESS	THAN	ONC	E A	MONTH	,	67	4%	41	5%	26	3%	3 %	17	3%	27	3%	40	5%	57	6%	28	6%	29	5%	1 5	18	5%	19	5%	14	68	157	5%
RAREL	Υ.				•	170 1	0%	100	11%	70	21 9%	89	49	9%	87	10%	83	9%	157 1	5%	67 '1	4%	90		17 17	53 ¥	15%			38		428 1	2%
NEVER						239	4%	115	13%	124	2(15%) 79	104	19%	140	16%	99	11%	263 2	5%	111 2	4%	152	27 %	6 26	96 8	27%	241 5	88	46 3		789 2	
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SECTION G: SOCIAL LIFE



SECTION F: PSYCHOLOGICAL

BASE = ALL RESPONDENTS

DUESTION F9E

NUTRITION WAVE II

SECTION C: SOCIAL LIFE

BASE = ALL RESPONDENTS

QUESTION G9/HG9

LAST TIME SAW CHILD(REN) (ASKED ONLY OF THOSE WHO HAVE AT LEAST ONE CHILD)

٠									F	PARTI	CIP	ANTS							•	NO	N P	ARTI	CIP	ANTS					•		:		ar Ar
į.					-			EWER				SITE		REC	CENT	LON	NGER			NE	WER		010	DER S	ITES	5 		•	: :				
					.]	OTAL	<u>s</u>	ITES	<u>T(</u>	DTAL	TRA	<u>C</u> <u>N</u>	ONT	E	NTRY	_1	FERM	<u>T(</u>	TAL				TAL	TRAC	NO.	ONT	H	洲	FOR	MER	TOTA	īF.	
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PE	ERCENT	ASKI	ED			1393		722		671		2 80%	449	81%	698 8		695		832					178 31%	82%	279 €	29 30%)3 7			271 8%		3 %
TO	ODAY .					318	18%	148	16%	170	5 20%	1 18%	119	21%	173	20%	145	17%	283	27%	133	28%	150	64 26%	29%	86	10 25%)4 2:	5%		75 1%		24
W	I THIN	2 -	3 DA	YS	•	468	3 27%	254	28%	214	7 26%	3 26%	141	25%	228	27%	240	27%	241	: 23%	104	22%		53 24%		84		49 1:			81 4%		
DI	URING	THE I	PAST	WEEK		258	3 15%	ր 1 26 Է	14%	132	4 16%	2 15%	90	16%	125	15%	133	15%	140	13%	62	13%	78	. 2 <u>5</u> 14%	5 12%		15%				4 <u>9</u> 3%	90 14	
DI	URING WEEK		PAST	TWO		96	5 6%	_	6%		1 5%	5 5%	30		46		50			4%		4%		4%	l _5%		4%	• .	4%	:		:	59
DI	URING	THE	PAST	MONTH	:	82		46	5%		1 4%	6 6%	20	4%	34	4%	48	5%	42	4%		4%	•	4%			4%	'	4%	(15 6%		59
D	URING MONT		PAST	THREE	•	54	3%	25	3%	29	3%	1 4%		3%		. 3%	. j	4%	18	2%		.3%		1%	. 1%	, ;	1%		5%		2%	:	39
D	URING MONT		PAST	SIX		3	2%	25		9		3 1%	_	1%		2%		2%		1%		1%		2%	3 1%	· ·	2%	-	2%		2%	58 57	
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SECTION F: PSYCHOLOGICAL

BASE - ALL RESPONDENTS

QUESTION F6

ERIC Full Text Provided by ERIC

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NUTRITION WAVE II

SECTION F: PSYCHOLOGICAL WELL-BEING

BASE - ALL RESPONDENTS

QUESTION F9H

FREQUENCY OF FEELING ...

H. LONELY OR REMOTE FROM OTHER PEOPLE DURING PAST FEW WEEKS

		ſ		>	*	P	ART	ICIPA	NTS				<u>-</u> -		· · ·	NO	N PA	RTICI	PANT	91						
, i			TOTA		NEWER SITES	 TO		DER S			REC	ENT L	ONGER TERM	T	OTAL	NE S I	WER	O				Н	DM F	FORMER	TOTAL	***
TOTA	L		173		903					-		857			1039				7 2			_	— - 15		3438	
OFTE	N (1)	,	10		55 k	6%	54	- 11 7%	4%	43	8%	63 7	46 %	5%	59	6%	31	2 7%	8 5%			6%		14 6 5	250 %	
SOME	TIMES (2)		35	20	187	21%	167	58 20%	3 21%	109 2	0%	176 · 21	178 %	20 %	172	17%	78 1	9 6%	4 16%	40 18	54 %	1 15%	30 319	54 8 22	710	21%
RARE	LY (3)		33	9 20	168 8	19%	171	58 21%	3 21%	113 2	0%	170 20	169 %	19%	240	23%	106 2	13 2%	4 24%	47 22	87 %	25%	85 209	37 8 15	701 %	
NEVI	R (4)		92	20 53	488 8	54%	432	149 52%	9 54%	283 5	1%	440 51	480 %	55 %	559	54%	253 5	30 4%	6 1 54%	21 56	185 %	1: 53%	23 309	142 5 57	1744 %	51%
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MEAL	V		3.	, 2	3.2		3.2	3,3	3	3.2		3.2	3.2	 ! .	3.3	•	3.2	3.	3 3	.3	3.3	2	.6	3.2	3.2	
- 3												一岁														

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APPENDIX D

- FREQUENCY OF SITE ATTENDANCE/ HOME DELIVERY SERVICE

TABLE OF CONTENTS

	All the second			* -			ray
Question Al	Frequency	of Me	al ^l		*		D-2
Multivariate	Analyses	٠				•	D-3
Illustrative	Tabulations						D-6

This table includes distributions for all elderly subpopulations: TRAC refers to tracked Wave I respondents; NTRAC refers to non-tracked elderly; NEWER and OLDER sites were established post-1975 and pre-1975, respectively.

NUTRITION WAVE I

SECTION A: PERSONAL EXPERIENCE WITH NUTRITION PROGRAM

BASE = SITE PARTICIPANTS, HOME-DELIVERED, FORMER SITE PARTICIPANTS

QUESTION A1/HA1

FREQUENCY OF MEAL

PARTICIPANTS

			OLDER SITE	RECENT I	ONGER TERM	HDM FO	RMER I	OTAL
TOTAL ,	1735	915	820 277	543 855	880	415	227	2377
MONDAY-FRIDAY (EVERY DAY)	648 37%	331 36%	317 114 39% 41%	203 279 37% 339	369 8 42%	340 82%	71 31%	
FOUR TIMES A WEEK!	156 9%	85 9%	71 28 9% 10%	43 63 8% 79		14 3%	10 5%	180 8%
THREE TIMES A WEEK	260 15%		118 42 14% 15%	76 120 14% 14		18 4%	23 10%	301 13%
TWO TIMES A WEEK	221 13%		101 35 12% 13%		108 12%	27 7%	33 15%	281 12%
ONCE A WEEK		83 9%	90 29 7 11% 10%	61 100 11% 129	73	8 2%	20 9%	201 8%
TWO TO THREE TIMES A MONTH	86 5%	49 6 %		27 44 5% 5		0	7 . 3%	93 4%
MONTHLY	51 3%	19 2%	32 7 4% 2%	25 30 5% 39	21 8 2%	*	7 3%	59 2%
LESS OFTEN THAN MONTHLY	90 5%	48 5%	42 10 5%. 4%	32 67 6% 8		s 4 1%	34 15%	128 5%
OTHER	33 2%	26 3%,	7 2 1% 1%	5 23 1% 3	10 18	2 1%	12 5%	47 2%
DON'T KNOW/CAN'T SAY/NO RESPONSE	17 1%	12 1%	5 0 1% 0	5 16 1% 2	1 , 6 , *	1 *	10 4%	
					3 0			



Multivariate Analyses

Multiple regressions were employed to assess the relationships between frequency of meal site attendance and two sets of variables. Separate analyses were conducted for each set of variables.

Independent Variable Set #1

٠	Q.A8	:	Trouble Getting to the Site
	Q.A10	:	Perception of Contributions Policy
	Q. A10a	:	Increased Contribution
	Q.A12	: .	Opinion of Meal Cost
	Q. B2	. :	Awareness of Site Activities
	Q.B3	:	Frequency of Participation in Site Activities
	Q.B4	:	Time Spent Socializing/Visiting Friends at Site
	Q.B9	:	Food Usually Tastes Good
٠		:	Perceived Savings from Eating Service Meal
	Q.B11	:	Awareness of Site Shopping Assistance
	Q.B13	:	Use of Site Shopping Assistance
	Q.B14	:	Awareness of Site Medical Assistance
	O R15		Uso of Sito Modical Assistance

Independent Variable Set #2

٠	Indepen	aeı	nt variable Set #2
			Frequency of Getting Out of the House
	_Q.C3		-Ability to Clean and Maintain Home
•	Q.D1-D2	:	Number of Illness-Related Doctor Visits in Past Yea
	Q.D4	:	Time in Hospital/Nursing Home in Past Year
•	Q.D12	:	Self-rated Current Health
•	Q.D13	: .	Health Relative to Last Year's
	Q.El	:	Eat Alone at Home
	Q. E4	:	Normal Meal Preparation
	Q. E6	:	Frequency of Inviting Others to Eat at Home
	Q.E8	:	Eating Enjoyment
	Q.E9	:	Rated Nutritiousness of Meals Generally Eaten
	Q.F2	:	Anticipating Doing Something Next Week
	Q.F9e	:	Frequency of Feeling Depressed/Very Unhappy During Past Few Weeks
	0.G1	•	Attendance at Religious Services
	Q.G5c	:	Continuing Encouragement from Someone who Attends
	4.200	- ·	Same Religious Services to Attend Meal Site
-	Q.G6		Membership in Clubs, Lodges, or Other Social
J		•	Organizations

Independent. Variable Set #2 (Continued)

Perceived Income Sufficiency 0.H2

Q. I1 : 'Marital Status

Q. 15 Age 🔭 0.16 Education

Reported/Estimated 1981 Family Income 0.19

Gender 0.L7

: Minority Status 0.L8

Isolation

Isolation is a composite variable combining an individual's scores on the following items.

: Live Alone

Q.F6: Have Enough Friends

Q.F7 : Presence of Confidente Q.G8/G9: Have Living Children Who Visit

The higher the score, the more isolated elderly were considered to be.

Results for Congregate Dining Participants

The regression equation for independent variable set #1 accounted for 19.1 percent of the variance for attendance frequency, F, 14 and 1023 df, = 17.1, p < .01. Significant univariate F values were found for each of the following variables in this regression equation:

Q.A8 : F = 7.1, p < .01 Q.A10a : F = 15.1, p < .01Q.B3 : F = 22.3, p < .01: F = 15.7, p < .01Q.B4 0.810 : F = 57.6, p < .01: F = 14.9, p < .01Q.B15 : F = 4.7, p < .05

The regression equation for <u>independent variable set #2</u> accounted for 13.4 percent of the variance for attendance frequency, F, 24 and 1013 df, = 6.5, p < .01. Significant univariate F values were found for each of the following variables in this regression equation: *



Q.G1	F	= 4	2.4	, °p <	01	marines.		
Q.C3	F			p < -			1.	
Q.E6	F	= 2	0.6	, p'<	.01			
Q.H2						(tend	lency)
Q.L7				p < .				
Q.L8	F	= 2	2.6	, p <	.01			
0.16				ר > ם				

Results for Former Participants

The regression equation for independent variable set #1 accounted for 15.6 percent of the variance of past attendance frequency, F, 14 and 105 df, = 1.4, p > .05. Because the optimally weighted combination of independent variables did not yield a statistically significant F value, no further analyses were conducted.

The regression equation for independent variable set #2 accounted for 11.8 percent of the variance of past attendance frequency, F, 24 and 95 df, = 0.5, p > .05. Because the optimally weighted combination of independent variables did not yield a significant F value, no further data are presented.

The lack of statistically significant findings is not surprising given that with independent variable set #1, recall of past attitudes and perceptions was used to predict past behavior, and that with independent variable set #2, current demographic and other characteristics were used to predict past attendance frequency.

Home-Delivered Meal Recipients

Because the vast majority of home-delivered meal recipients received their meals at least four times per week (85%), multivariate analyses were not conducted on this highly skewed distribution.



Illustrative Tabulations

The following bivariate tables are designed to lustrate significant multivalence findings discussed in the text. Question AB (Transportation Diffiguities) was found to be related to attendance frequency, but be a cause the response distribution was highly skewed (i.e., 89% reported "nordifficulty"), and it was unlikely that a bivariate table would reveal its relationship to attendance frequency, this table has been omitted. The following tabulations are included in this appendix:

TabTe	<u>Page</u>
Attendance Frequency by Increased Contribution	D-7
Attendance Energy by Participation in Site Activities	D-8
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Attendance Frequency by Awareness of Site Shopping Assistance	D-12
Attendance Frequency by Use of Site Medical Assistance	D-13
Attendance Frequency by General Mobility	D-14
Attendance Frequency by Ability to Clean and Maintain Home	D-15
Attendance Frequency by Frequency of Inviting Others to Eat	D-16
Attendance Frequency by Perceived Income Sufficiency	D-17
Attendance Frequency by Gender	D-18
Attendance Frequency by Minority Status	D-19
Attendance Frequency by Education	'D-20



QUESTION AT BY ATOA

ATTENDANCE FREQUENCY BY INCREASED CONTRIBUTION

SITE PARTICIPANTS

V. (2.344)			5	ITE PARIT	,IPAN	<i>ا بر</i> دا	12					
	 101	AL	P0ST-19	5 SITES	PRE	-1975 SITE	Sa l	RECENT E	ITRY	LONGER	TERM	
				DID NOT INCREASE	DI INCR	D DID EASE INCRE	NOT D ASE INCI	ID D REASE IN	D NOT CREASE	DID INCREASE	INCREASE	
TOTAL	785			399		364 , 📌	338	280	4,62	- 505	· 1/5	
MONDAY-FRIDAY (EVERY DAY)	298			129 38%	32 %	140.	34%			29%	42%	40%
FOUR TIMES A WEEK	94				6%	38 10%	31 9	29 10	33		22 13% 8	8%
THREE TIMES A WEEK	122				16%	61 17%	41 12%	51 / 189	. <u> </u>	12%	148	19%
TWO TIMES A WEEK		103 12 8	48 14 %		15%	45 12%	43 43 138	30°30 119			128 .	13%
ONCE A WEEK	72	9 % p⇒		7 43 9%	11%	35 10%	13%	31 119		41 13%	8% 24	4 9%
TWO TO THREE TIMES A MONTH) 1 1	39 256 9	2' 5 %) -5 ∜	14 48	20 6%	, 15 . 59		6%	3 6*	2 . 4%
MONTHLY	25	24 3%	1 3%	1 % * 1 3%	3 2%	14 4%	16 5%	11	` 19 }	4%	3%	2%
LESS OFTEN THAN MONTHLY	25	48) 1 78	5 2 ¹	7 ⁴ 7%	14 .48	22 7%	18 ⁴ 7	•	9%	1 26	3%
OTHER		5 2: 1%	?	4 1 18	8 4%	1 *	4 1%	3	8	7.4%	2 *	2%
DON'T KNOW/CAN'T SAY/NO RESPONSE		0	3 1%	2 *	7 2%	2 018	1 *,	4 2		7 1%	0	1 *

NUTRITION WAVE | 11

QUESTION AT BY B3

ATTENDANCE FREQUENCY BY PARTICIPATION IN SITE ACTIVITIES

SITE PARTICIPANTS

		TOTA	L	POST	-1975	SITES	PRI	E-1975	SITES	RE	CENT E	NTRY	LONGER	₹ TERM	
	AL- WAYS	SOME- TIMES	RARELY/ NEVER	AL- WAYS	SOME- TIMES	RARELY/ NEVER	AL- WAYS	SOME- TIMES	RARELY/ NEVER	AL- WAYS	SOME- TIMES	RARELY/ NEVER V	AL- SON	ME- RARELY MES NEVER	//
TOTAL	480	529	449	239	283	230	241	246	219	198	. 248	244	282	281 205	
MONDAY-FRIDAY (EVERY DAY)	229	185 48%	132 35% - 3	120 30% 5	93 50%	60 33% 2	109 16% 4	92 5%	72. 37% 33	83 4				103 65 37%	5 32%
FOUR TIMES A WEEK	•	43 12%				12 8%	25 5% 1	19 0%			21 9%	9 8% 4 ^s	39 % / 14%		10%
THREE TIMES A WEEK	83	95 17%	, 47′ 18%	40 11% 1	57 7%	24 20% 1	43 11% 1	38 8 %	23 15% 11	39 % 20	37 0% 1	20 5% 89	•	58 27 20%	7 13%
TWO TIMES A WEEK			69, 148 1	: 21 15%	44 9%	40 16% 1	28 17% 1	31 2%	29 13% 13	25 % 1	36 3% 1	35 5% 14	24 % 8%	39 34 14%	17%
ONCE A WEEK	36	68 8 %	3 42 13%	11 9%	33 4%) 23 12% 1	25 10% 1	35 0%	19 14% 9	18	38 9% 1	26 5% 11'	18 % 6%	30 16 11%	; 8%
TWO TO THREE TIMES A	14	23 3%	3 31 5%	9 7%	13 4%) 15 5%	5 7%	10 2%	16 4% 7	8 ; 6		19 4% 8'		14 12 5%	2 6%
MONTHLY.	4	ຶ12 18	2 28 2%			3 12 1%			16 4% 7		. •	16 3% 7	1 * *	5 12 28	
LESS OFTEN THAN MONTHLY	6	20 1%) 46 48	4 10%	10 2%	0 25 3% 1	118	10 1%) 21 4% 10	4	14 2%	34 6% 14	2 % 1%	6 12	2 6%
OTHER	2	*	7 18 1%		. 5 1%	5 14 2%	0 6%	0 2	1% 2	2	3 1%	13 18/ 5	0 % 0	4 75	2%
DON'T KNOW/CAN'T SAY/NO RESPONSE	0	0	ı 6	0 1%	0) *	0 2%	0	0 *	0	0 1	* 5 * 2	0 % 0	0 1	
	to con-						•	(36						



QUESTION AT BY B4

ATTENDANCE FREQUENCY BY TIME SPENT SOCIALIZING AT SITE

SITE PARTICIPANTS

	A * *		44. J																					. :
		TOTA	L		FO:	5T-1	975	SII	TES	F	RE-1	1975	SITE	\$	REC	CENT	ENT	RY.		LON	IGER	TERM	1. 	
The state of the s	Α			A	Α	7			A	,	A	an ar'un an an	A		Â			7				. /	A '	
		SOM	B IE	NO	0F	S	SOME	. 1		OF		SOME) - 2	LOT OF TIME		ME 🕠	NO "	· • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •	OF	SOM	_	IT/ NO IME	
en e		TIM								·		TIME		_					,	<i>5</i> / ₅ .		-	156	50.5
TOTAL	737		, i	423					100	1		260				2,7	٠.				•			
MONDAY-FRIDAY (EVERY DAY)	**** L	44%	35%	b 28	8%	45€	•	35%	24	48	449	% 3	36%	317	123	37 8	31	70	2/6	7	100	707		29%
FOUR TIMES A WEEK	1	11%	88	b ∵: 7	7% . ·	114	6 , ,	. 9%		/%	121	*	·//g	0.0		20		*	ייט					•
THREE TIMES A WEEK	126	7 17%	'9 ∛14%	55 1 13	6 3 % /	3 17 9	41	13%	34 16	5 %	63 18	38 % 1	15% 15%	10%	57	18%	33 12	31	12%	69 1	16%	46 15%	24 . 1	15%
⊅TWO TJMES A WEEK	45		, j		E	9	1.1	1.	25		61	25	. : 2	26	46		38	1 29)	47	3	38	23	
ONCE: A WEEK	C4	-	70	EQ.	9	'n	<u> </u>	1	23	•	21	30	2	29	25		41	: 34	,	26		29	18	
TWO TO THREE TIMES A				4 34	1		- 10	3	17	,	10	12	1	14		}	16	. 16	5	11	. /1	16 😽	15	,
MONTHLY) 1 1%	•			_	_					40		47	6		7	7	7	4	٠.	Ŕ	9	, 'u
LESS OFTEN THAN MONTHLY	18	3 3 %	3 3	39	1 9%	10 39	14	4 %	24 5 11	18	8 2	19 2 %	7 %	15 7%	9	3%	23/	ر 35 م	5 13%	g	٠.	10 👡	4	2%
OTHER	[\] 5	1 1%	14	13 %	3%	4 ⁷ 15	. 12 8	? 4%	9	48	1 *	2	1%	4 2%	`	18	3	19	9 3%		*		4	
DON'T KNOW/CAN'T SAY/NO	2	2	·. · · ·	9		1		h.	۲		1	. 1.		3		2	4	g	9	0	0	1,	0	٥0 ،

QUESTION A1 BY B10

ATTENDANCE FREQUENCY BY PERCEIVED SAVINGS FROM EATING AT SITE

SITE PARTICIPANTS

0 /11	TOT	AL		POST-1	975 SITES		PRE-1975 SI	TES
	SAVE A SAVE LOT SOME	SAVE TI	COSTS		SAVE T	COSTS A	SAVE A	SAVE NO- E THING/ COSTS LE MONEY
TOTAL	417 641	375	246	238 - 32	5 191	124 179	316 1	84 122
MONDAY-FRIDAY (EVERY DAY)	214 255 51%	116 40% 31	47 % 19%	122 <u>1</u> 2 51%	9 49 40% 26	21 92 % 17% 51		67 26 36% 21%
FOUR TIMES A WEEK	33 72 8%	29 118 / 8	, 21 % 9%	19 3 8%	2 19 ,10% 10	10 14 % 8% 8	40 3% 13%	10 11 5% 9%
THREE TIMES A WEEK	51 103 12%	65 16% 17	38 \ 16\	28 4 12%	9 37 15% 19	22 23 % 18% 13	54 18 178	28 16 15% 13%
TWO TIMES A WEEK	43 80 10%	52 13% 14	39 % 16%	29 4 , 12%	9 27 15% 14	13 14 % 10% 8	31 3% 10%	25 26 14% 21%
ONCE A WEEK	28 52 7%	50 8% 13	30 % 12%	10 2	7 23 8% 12	18 18 % 15% 10	25)% 8%	27 12, 15% 10%
TWO TO THREE TIMES A	14 21 3%	. 24 3% - 6	£ 20,	8 1 5 4%	1 17 3% 9	8 6 8 68	10° 3% 3%	7 12 4% ,10%
MONTHLY	12 13	7.	18	5		9 7		4 9 2% 8%
LESS OFTEN THAN MONTHLY	9 × 27		24	5 1	3 12	15 4.	14 28 48	12 9 7
OTHER	11 10		6 % 2%	10 4%	7 3 2% 2	6 1 % 5%	3, 18 , 18	3 2% 0
RESPONSE	2 1%	2 1% ,1	3 % 18	2 18	6 1 28 9 5 0	2 0 2%) 1%	1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1

ATTENDANCE FREQUENCY BY PERCEIVED SAVINGS FROM EATING AT SITE SITE PARTICIPANTS

	•				•		-						
			RECE	NT E	NTRY				LC	NÇER	TERN	1	
				3 ⁷⁷			VE					S/	
	SAVE) شر	SAVE		Δ	THI	STS	. A		SAVE	. A	E TH	ING/ OSTS
	101		SOME	LI	TTLE	MO	NEY	, <u>LO</u> 1		OME	LIM	LTE W	<u> </u>
DTAL	197	•	326		193		113	220) 🐠	315	No.	82	133
ONDAY-FRIDAY (EVERY DAY)	78	10%	119	37%	55	28%	22 1	130 9%	62 %	136 4	38	61 34%	25 19%
DUR TIMES A WEEK	12	6%	30	9%	13	7%	7	6% 2	10 8	42 1	4%	16 , 9%	14 119
IREE TIMES A WEEK	24	12%	49	15%	32	17%	13 1	. 2 1% _, .	12%	54 1	7%	33 18%	25 19
O TIMES A WEEK	23	12%	41	13%	25	13%	19 1	20 17%) 9%	39 1	ું 3 % ું	27 15%	20 159
ICE A VIEEK	22	11%	29	99	30	15%	13	* (2%8'√	6 3%	23.	(1) (7名 (3)	20 • 11%	17. 13
OLTO THESE THES	9	48	ا1د		. 11	:. ,	10	.,4	5	10		13 78	10
MONTHS	9					•		-		7	,,,,,		1.0
	9	4%		3%		2%	,	7%	1%		1%	2%	7
SS OFTEN THAN MONTHLY	9	5%	23	7%	18	98.	15	3 % ₹	0.0	4	18	6 3%	9. **7
HER	9	5%	. 7	2%	4	2%	* 3	3%	2 1%	3	18	2 1%	3 2
ON'T KNOW/CAN'T SAY/NO RESPONSE	2	1%	8	2%	. 2	. 19.	3	3%	0	0.	0	0	0

ATTENDANCE FREQUENCY BY AWARENESS OF SITE SHOPPING ASSISTANCE

SI	TE	PA	RTI	CI.	PANTS	

				311	11- 1	MITC								
	· ∄ 0	TAL	POS S	T-1975 ITES		PRE-1	1975 TES		RECEN ENTR	IT RY	L	DNGER TERM	}	
	AWARE	NOT AWARE		NOT E AWARI			NOT AWARE			NOT AWARE		E AY		.r
TOTAL	405	1300	19!	5 700	0	210	600)	179	653	22	6	647	
MONDAY-FRIDAY (EVERY DAY)		434 52 %	10 33%	3 22 ¹ 53%			210 51%) 35%	. 84 47	193 7% 3	12 0%	6 56%	241 , 37	1%
FOUR TIMES A WEEK	5 29	125 7%	10%	4%	109	5	10%	98		146	0.0	70	11	70
THREE TIMES A WEEK	, 55	* 19§ 14%	} ¶5% ;;\$	0 . 10 15%	7 15	25	91 12%	15%	22 12	93 2% 1	3 4%	3 15%	105 16	6%
TWO TIMES A WEEK	54	166	1.	5 9	4	29	77	2	30	82,	2	4	84	
ONCE A WEEK		14(6%		6 6 8%	6	10 *	5% 	12%	•	80 8% 1	2%-1 2%	2 5%	·60	9%
TWO TO THREE TIMES A		76 2%	6 6	3 2%	6 7'	8	38 8	5%		4%	.6 %	18	39	6%
MONTHLY	0	0 49	9 48	0 1	7 3'	%	0	5%	(√ و په 0		0	3 - 1.	
LESS OFTEN THAN MONTHLY	17 (j	7: 4%	2 5%	7 4%	1 6	10 8	. 5%	1 5%	11	55 6 %	8%	6 ; 3%	17	3%
OTHER	2 **	2: 1%	9 2%	2 2 1%	4 - 4	%	0	5 1%	1	20 1%	3%	1 *	9	2 %
DON'T KNOW/CAN'T SAY/NO RESMINSE	2	1 18	1 1%	1 0	9 1	4	*	2 , 1%	2	10 1%	28	0	1	*
***		1 120	1		i, li		•	90	1	9 41	4	*		

QUESTION A1 BY B15
ATTENDANCE FREQUENCY BY USE OF SITE MEDICAL ASSISTANCE

CI	TC	DΛ	ÖΤ	10	۵۱	ANTS
- 3	1111	ГΛ	NI	16	ш	כווח

	TOTA		POST-1	97 5 S	PRE-19 SITE)75 :\$	RECENT ENTRY	 	LONGEI TERM	-
	HAVE USED	HAVE NOT USED	HAVE	HAVE NOT USED	HAVE	HAVE NOT USED	HAVE	IAVE NOT JSED	HAVE	HAVE NOT USED
TOTAL	476	427	242	206	234	221	192	209	284	218
MONDAY-FRIDAY (EVERY DAY)	192 40		95 39 %			81 37 %	77 40%	65 31%	115 41%	90 41%
FOUR TIMES A WEEK	53 119	39 8 99	24 10%	21 10%	29 129	1'8 8 4	21 11%	15 7%		24 11 %
THREE TIMES A WEEK	74 16	69 169	33 14%	36 18%	41 189	33 15%	29 15%	32 15%	45 16%	37 17%
TWO TIMES A WEEK	51 11	59 149	30 129	31 15%	21 >99	28 13%	18 9%	27 13%	33 12%	32 15%
ONCE A WEEK	50 10			20 10%			23 12%			17 8%
TWO TO THREE TIMES A MONTH	24 51		17 7%	5 2%		12 5%	6 3%	13 6 %	18 6%	4 28
MONTHLY	10	17 8 49	3 1%		7 39	10,5 5%	.€	9 4%	". 4 18	17)
LESS OFTEN THAN MONTHLY	14 3		* 8- 3%	8	6			19 9%	7 2%	5 2%
OTHER S	5	4	3 4 2 9	3 1%	1 *	t ú	2 1%	, 3 2%	3.	1 *
DON'T KNOW/CAN'T SAY/NO RESPONSE	3 1	1 *		1 1%	1 *	0 2	3 2%	1	0	0

QUESTION AT BY CT
ATTENDANCE FREQUENCY BY GENERAL MOBILITY

SITE	PART	CIP	ANTS

	T01	AL													,			NGER Erm	
	LEAVE HOUSE DAILY	H	OUSE Less	LE HC	AVE JUSE	K	OUSE LEGS	LI ./H	EAVE OUSE AILY	H	LESS	LI Hi	EAVE Duse	H	EAVE OUSE LESS FTEN	LI H(JUSE	HC L	ESS .
TOTAL	1405		328	SIV.	730		173	V.	675		155		681		174		724	,	154
MONDAY-FRIDAY (EVERY DAY)	570 4	0%	77	38	284	39%	44	25 %	286	428	33	21%	247	36%	ns II. t	18%		45%	45 29%
FOUR TIMES A WEEK	139 1	0%	17	5%	74	10%	7	. 4%	65	10%	10	6%	56	8%	.7	4%	83	118	10 6%
THREE TIMES A WEEK	1	5%	1	15%		15%		15%		14%		16%		14%		15%	115	16%	24 16%
TWO TIMES A WEEK	173 1	2%	48 1	15%	95	13%	24	148	78	128	24	16%	85	13%	28	16%	88	12%	20 13%
ONCE A, WEEK		88	1	188		78		198		9%		17%		10%	, ,	18%		6%	27 17%
TWO TO THREE TIMES A MONTH	67	5%	18,	6%	40	5%	9	5%	27	48	9	6%	- 32	5%	11	6%	35	5 %	7. 5%.
MONTHLY	33	2%		6%		2%	. 6	48	20	3%	12	88	23	3%	7	48	10	1%	11 7%
LESS OFTEN THAN MONTHLY	66	5%	_24	7%	34	5%	14	8%	32	5%	10	6%	48	7%	19	11%	18	3%	5
OTHER	23	2%	10	3%	19	3%	7	48	4	18	3 - 3	2%	17	3%	, 6	148	6	18	4 3%
DON'T KNOW/CAN'T SAY/NO RESPONSE	10	1%		2%	8	1%	4	_2%	2	* Q	³	2%	10	18	6	4%	0	·δ.	1 18`

QUESTION AT BY C3

ATTENDANCE FREQUENCY BY ABILITY TO CLEAN AND MAINTAIN HOME

William wer inchesion						SIT	E PAR	TICIP	ANTS	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·		. 14 	
	TO1	 TAL		POST-1 SITE	975 S	PRE-	1975 TES	, ₄₀ 44 M	RECI EN	NT IRY	L	ONGER TERM	
	ABLE		-	BLE UN	ABLE	<u>ABLE</u>	UNA	BLE		UNABLE		UNAE	3LE
TOTAL				805			•			87			80
MONDAY-FRIDAY (EVERY DAY)	30	6%	45%	34%	524		701	37.	, ,		320 39%	41%	41 52%
FOUR TIMES A WEEK	145	0%	10 6 %	76 10%	4, 59	69	98	6 79	59	8%	\$ 86 5%	11%	6 8%
THREE TIMES A WEEK			••	400	0	. 1100		12	107	1	3 130 15%	16%	8 10%
TWO TIMES A WEEK	196 ∌ 1	3%	24 14%	108 13%	11 139	88 k	12%	13 16	97 % 1	1 3%	5 99 17%	9	9 11%
ONCE A WEEK	156 ,1	0%	16 10%	74 9%	8 9	82 8	11%	8 10	92 % 1	2%	8 6 ^t		8 10%
TWO TO THREE TIMES A	78			46		₽.	4%	6	18	38	4 31 5%	J-0	, 5%
MONTHLY	48	3%	_	19 -2%	0	29	4%	3 4	28. \$,	•	2 2%	2%	1%
LESS OFTEN THAN MONTHLY	82	5%	7 4%	44 64	, 4 , 5	38 %	} 5%	3. 4	% 60 %	8%	6 2 78	2 3%	ា 1% ភ
OTHER	31	2%	1 1%	25 39	0	. (5 1%	· 1 点 1	_23 %	3%	0	8	1 14
DON'T KNOW/CAN'T SAY/NO RESPONSE	14	18	2 19	10	1	8 7	7	1	14 18	2%	1%	0	1 19



QUESTION AT BY E6

ATTENDANCE FREQUENCY BY FREQUENCY OF INVITING OTHERS FOR MEALS

SITE PARTICIPANTS

DAY) 26% 32% 45% 27% 29% 45% 26% 35% 45% 21% 28% 40% 32% 35% 50% FOUR TIMES A WEEK 26 57 73 13 29 39 13 28 34 12 23 28 14 34 45 9% 10% 9% 8% 10% 9% 9% 110% 8% 8% 8% 7% 10% 11% 11% THREE TIMES A WEEK 55 84 121 28 43 67 27 41 54 25 36 60 30 48 61 19% 14% 14% 18% 15% 19% 14% 13% 17% 13% 14% 21% 16% 14% TWO TIMES A WEEK 36 80 103 21 45 51 15 35 52 18 33 61 18 47 42 12% 14% 12% 14% 15% 11% 11% 12% 13% 12% 12% 14% 12% 16% 10% ONCE A WEEK 35 64 74 17 35 31 18 29 43 21 36 43 14 28 31 12% 11% 9% 11% 11% 7% 13% 10% 11% 14% 13% 10% 10% 9% 7% TWO TO THREE TIMES A 21 40 25 14 18 17 7 22 8 10 19 15 11 21 10 7% 7% 3% 9% 66 48 5% 7% 7% 4% 8% 7% 2% MONTHLY 13 22 16 2 12 5 11 10 11 8 13 9 5 9 7 58 48 2% 18 4% 1% 8% 4% 3% 5% 5% 2% 3% 3% 2% LESS OFTEN THAN MONTHLY 21 33 35 10 16 21 11 17 14 16 26 24 5 7 11		New York			
SONE- ELY/ OFTEN TIMES NEVER O	u	TOTAL	POST-1975 SITES	PRE-1975 SITES RECENT ENTRY	LONGER TERM
MONDAY-FRIDAY (EVERY DAY) TO 187 382 45 45 276 299 458 266 358 458 218 288 408 328 358 508 FOUR TIMES A WEEK 26 57 73 13 29 39 13 28 34 12 23 28 14 34 45 118 118 118 118 118 118 128 138 178 138 148 218 168 168 178 178 178 178 178 178 178 178 178 17		SOME- ELY/	SOME- ELY/	SOME- ELY/ SOME- ELY/	SOME- ELY/
MONDAY-FRIDAY (EVERY DAY) 77 187 382 41 88 199 36 99 183 31 80 167 46 107 215 268 328 458 278 298 458 268 358 458 218 288 408 328 358 508 218 288 408 328 358 508 218 288 408 328 358 508 218 288 408 328 358 508 218 288 408 328 358 508 218 288 408 328 358 508 218 288 408 328 358 508 218 288 408 328 358 508 218 288 408 328 358 508 218 218 218 218 218 218 218 218 218 21	TOTAL	293 586 849	153 303 443	140 283 406 149 281 421	144 305 428
THREE TIMES A WEEK 55 84 121 28 43 67 27 41 54 25 36 60 30 48 61 19% 14% 14% 18% 14% 15% 19% 14% 13% 17% 13% 14% 21% 16% 14% 17% 13% 14% 21% 16% 14% 15% 11% 11% 12% 13% 12% 14% 12% 16% 10% 10% 9% 11% 11% 12% 13% 12% 14% 13% 10% 10% 9% 17% 11% 11% 12% 11% 11% 11% 12% 13% 10% 11% 13% 10% 10% 9% 17% 11% 11% 11% 12% 13% 10% 11% 11% 13% 10% 10% 9% 17% 11% 11% 12% 14% 13% 10% 10% 9% 17% 11% 11% 11% 11% 11% 11% 11% 11% 11	MONDAY-FRIDAY (EVERY DAY)	77 187 382 26% 32%	41 88 199 45% 27% 29% 45%	36 99 183 31 80 167 8 26% 35% 45% 21% 28% 4	46 107 215 40% 32% 35% 50%
TWO TIMES A WEEK 36 80 103 21 45 51 15 35 52 18 33 61 18 47 42 12% 14% 12% 14% 15% 11% 11% 12% 13% 12% 14% 12% 16% 10% ONCE A WEEK 35 64 74 17 35 31 18 29 43 21 36 43 14 28 31 12% 11% 11% 13% 10% 11% 13% 10% 10% 9% 7% 13% 10% 11% 14% 13% 10% 10% 9% 7% 13% 10% 11% 14% 13% 10% 10% 9% 7% 13% 10% 11% 11% 13% 10% 10% 9% 7% 10% 10% 11% 14% 13% 10% 10% 9% 7% 10% 10% 11% 11% 11% 11% 11% 11% 11% 11	FOUR TIMES A WEEK	26 57 73 9% 10%	13 29 39 9% 8% 10% 99	13 28 34 12 23 28 % 9% 110% 8% 8% 8%	14 34 45 78 108 118 118
ONCE A WEEK 35 64 74 17 35 31 18 29 43 21 36 43 14 28 31 12% 11% 11% 12% 13% 10% 11% 14% 13% 10% 10% 9% 7% 13% 10% 11% 14% 13% 10% 10% 9% 7% 13% 10% 11% 14% 13% 10% 10% 9% 7% 13% 10% 11% 14% 13% 10% 10% 9% 7% 10% 10% 10% 9% 7% 10% 10% 10% 9% 7% 10% 10% 10% 10% 10% 10% 10% 10% 10% 10	THREE TIMES A WEEK	55 84 121 19% 14%	28 43 67 14% 18% 14% 159	27 41 54 25 36 60 % 19% 14% 13% 17% 13% 1	30 48 61 14% 21% 16% 14%
TWO TO THREE TIMES A 21 40 25 14 18 17 7 22 8 10 19 15 11 21 10 78 78 38 98 68 48 58 88 28 78 78 48 88 78 28 MONTHLY 13 22 16 2 12 5 11 10 11 8 13 9 5 9 7 58 48 28 18 48 18 88 48 38 58 58 58 28 38 38 28 LESS OFTEN THAN MONTHLY 21 33 35 10 16 21 11 17 14 16 26 24 5 7 11 28 38 68 38 68 38 118 98 68 38 28 38 58 58 58 28 38 28 38 58 58 58 28 38 28 38 58 58 58 28 38 28 38 58 58 58 28 38 38 28 38 58 58 58 28 38 38 28 38 58 58 58 28 38 38 28 38 58 58 58 28 38 38 28 38 58 58 58 58 28 38 38 28 38 58 58 58 58 28 38 38 28 38 58 58 58 58 58 28 38 38 28 38 58 58 58 58 58 58 58 28 38 58 58 58 58 58 58 58 58 58 58 58 58 58	TWO TIMES A WEEK	36 80 103 12% 14%	21 45 51 12 % 15% 119		
MONTHLY 13 22 16 2 12 5 11 10 11 8 13 9 5 9 7 58 48 28 18 48 38 58 58 58 28 38 38 28 LESS OFTEN THAN MONTHLY 21 33 35 10 16 21 11 17 14 16 26 24 5 7 11 78 58 48 78 58 58 58 28 38 38 28 OTHER 5 15 13 3 15 8 2 0 5 4 11 8 18 18 58 DON'T KNOW/CAN'T SAY/N 4 7 4 2 5 0 2 2 4 4 6 0 0 0 1	ONCE A WEEK	35 64 74 12% 11%	17 35 31 9% 11% 11% 79	18 29 43 21 36 43 % 13% 10% 11% 14% 13% 1	14 28 31 10% 10% 9% '7%
THER DON'T KNOW/CAN'T SAY/N 4 4 7 4 2 5 0 2 2 4 4 6 0 0 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1	TWO TO THREE TIMES A		38 9 18 17	7 22 8 10 19 15 % 5% 8% 2% 7% 7%	
OTHER. 78 5% 4% 7% 5% 5% 8% 6% 3% 11% 9% 6% 3% 2% 3% OTHER. 5 15 13 3 15 8 2 0 5 4 11 8 1 4 5 2% 2% 1% 2% 5% 2% 1% 0 1% 2% 4% 2% 1% 1% 1% DON'T KNOW/CAN'T SAY/N 4 4 7 4 2 5 0 2 2 4 4 6 0 0 0 1	MONTHLY		2 12 5 28 18 48 19	11 10 11 8 13 9 % 8% 4% 3% 5% 5%	5 9 7 2% 3% 3% 2%
DON'T KNOW/CAN'T SAY/N 4 4 7 4 2 5 0 2 2 4 4 6 0 0 1	LESS OFTEN THAN MONTHLY			11 17 14 16 26 24 % 6% 3% 11% 9%	5 7 11 6% 3% 2% 3%
	OTHER				1 4 5 2% 1% 1% 1%
A section of the second of the	DON'T KNOW/CAN'T SAY/N	4 4 7 18 18	1% 4 2 5 1% 3% 1% 1	0 2 2 4 4 6 8 0 18 18 38 18	7 0 0 1 18 0 0 *

QUESTION AT BY H2

ATTENDANCE FREQUENCY BY PERCEIVED INCOME SUFFICIENCY

SITE PARTICIPANTS

	m = 1	101	AL		P	OST-	1975	SIT	ES	PK	E-19	75 SI	TES		RECEN	IT ENI	RY	` l	ONCER	TERM		
	VERY	FAIRI WELI	.Y . <u>P</u> C						ORLY				OORLY			IRLY	<u>Poorly</u>		FAIRI WELI		ORLY	
TOTAL	578	909	j	228	2	93	471		127	285	4	34 -	101	2	73	446 .	126	305	45	9	102	}
MONDAY-FRIDAY (EVERY DAY)	185	341 32 %	38 ∜	105	46%	82 _ 28	185 %	39 \	56 4	103 4%	16% 36%	63 389	49	48%	73 27 9	149 5 _ 34	54		! 19! 37%			
FOUR TIMES A WEEK	50	83 9 %. ,	•	٠.	98,	្ញ11	8	8	*.	18 7%	6%	45 109	12	12%	17 6 9	36 5 8	9	33 7%	4: 11%	7 10 %	12	
THREE TIMES A WEEK	77	14! 13%	5 16 %	35	, , 15%	42 14	74 %	16%	20 1								19					
TWO TIMES A WEEK	84	99 15 %	11%	34	15%	44 15	54 %	1,1%	19 1	40 5%	14%	45 109	15	5 15%	37 149	50 s 11	23 %	47 18 %				11%
ONCE A WEEK		7! 14%		13	6 %	36 12	38	8%	• 9	45 7%	16%	41 109	<i>t</i> 8	4%	11 15 1	50 11	9) 29 13%		. 4	· 4%
TWO TO THREE TIMES A MONTH	34	6%	5 5%	6	3%	18 6	27 8	6%	4	16 3%	6 %	19 59	.	} }⁄⁄2%	21 89	21	3 ²	2% 2%	4% 4%	5 , 5%	4	4%
MONTHLY	20	28 3%		2	1%	9	9	2%	1	11 1%	48	19 · 49	1 8 5	1%	12 49	16 8 4	1%	1%,	(≟ 1) , 3%	2 3%	: 1	1%
LESS OFTEN THAN MONTHLY	29	5 %	6 %	_		15 5	31 %	7%								40 s 9	3	2%		4 3%		2
OTHER		. 2%							1	.1% .1%		4 19		0		10 8 2	128	18	18,	2%		0
DON'T KNOW/CAN'T SAY/NO RESPONSE		1%				4 2	_		6	5%	0	4 19) 0			5 %		() ()	T 1		



NUTRITION ' WAVE II

QUESTION AT BY L7 ATTENDENCE FREQUENCY BY GENDER BASE = SITE PARTICIPANTS

TOTAL #ALE FEMALE 473 1256 MONDAY-FRIDAY (EVERY 200 447 42% 36% FOUR TIMES A WEEK 49 106 10% 8% THREE TIMES A WEEK 76 184 15% TWO TIMES A WEEK 55 164 12% 13% ONCE A WEEK 32 140 7% 11% TWO-TO THREE TIMES A 21 65 400 65% MONTH 4% 5% MONTHY 8 43 2% 3% LESS OFTEN THAN MONTHLY 18 71 4% 6% OTHER 8 25 2% DON'T KNOW/CAN'T SAY/NO 6 11 19 19 19 19 19 19 19 19 19 19 19 19		TOTAL PARTICIPAN	rs •		
MONDAY-FRIDAY (EVERY DAY) 200 447 DAY) 42% 36% FOUR TIMES A WEEK 49 106 10% 8% THREE TIMES A WEEK 76 184 16% 15% TWO TIMES A WEEK 55 164 12% 13% ONCE A WEEK 32 140 7% 11% TWO-TO THREE TIMES A MONTH 21 65 MONTHLY 8 43 2% 3% LESS OFTEN THAN MONTHLY 18 71 4% 6% OTHER 8 25 2% 2% 2% DON'T KNOW/CAN'T SAY/NO 6 11 OCC		MALE FEMA	LE		
FOUR TIMES A WEEK FOUR TIMES A WEEK 10% 10% 8% THREE TIMES A WEEK 76 16% 15% TWO TIMES A WEEK 55 164 12% 13% ONCE A WEEK 32 140 -7% 11% TWO TO THREE TIMES A WONTH 4% 5% MONTHLY 8 43 2% 3% LESS OFTEN THAN MONTHLY 18 6% OTHER 8 25 2% DON'T KNOW/CAN'T SAY/NO 6 11	TOTAL	473 12	56		
THREE TIMES A WEEK 76 184 168 158 TWO TIMES A WEEK 55 164 128 138 ONCE A WEEK 32 140 78 118 TWO-TO THREE TIMES A MONTH 48 58 MONTHLY 8 43 28 38 LESS OFTEN THAN MONTHLY 18 71 48 68 OTHER 8 25 28 DON'T KNOW/CAN'T SAY/NO 6 11					
TWO TIMES A WEEK 55 164 128 138 ONCE A WEEK 32 140 78 118 TWO-TO THREE TIMES A MONTH 48 58 MONTHLY 8 43 28 38 LESS OFTEN THAN MONTHLY 18 71 48 68 OTHER 8 25 28 DON'T KNOW/CAN'T SAY/NO 6 11	FOUR TIMES A WEEK		- Parit	The state of the s	
12% 13% ONCE A WEEK 32 140 7% 11% TWO-TO THREE TIMES A MONTH 4% 5% MONTHLY 8 43 2% 3% LESS OFTEN THAN MONTHLY 18 71 4% 6% OTHER 8 25 2% 2% DON'T KNOW/CAN'T SAY/NO 6 11	THREE TIMES A WEEK				***
TWO-TO THREE TIMES A 21 65 65 68 78 71 68 68 71 68 68 71 68 71 68 68 71 68 71 68 71 68 71 71 71 71 71 71 71 71 71 71 71 71 71	TWO TIMES A WEEK				
MONTH 4% 5% MONTHLY 8 43 2% 3% LESS OFTEN THAN MONTHLY 18 71 4% 6% OTHER 8 25 2% 2% DON'T KNOW/CAN'T SAY/NO 6 11	ONCE A WEEK			~7	
2% 3% LESS OFTEN THAN MONTHLY 18 71 4% 6% OTHER 8 25 2% DON'T KNOW/CAN'T SAY/NO 6 11		21 4%			
0THER 8 25 2% 2% DON'T KNOW/CAN' SAY/NO 6 11	MONTHLY				
2% 2% DON'T KNOW/CAN'T SAY/NO 6 11	LESS OFTEN THAN MONTHLY	18 4%	71 6%		2 1 2 1 2 1 2 1 2 1 2 1 2 1 2 1 2 1 2 1
	OTHER	. 8 2%	25 _, 2%		
The state of the s	DON'T KNOW/CAN'T SAY/NO RESPONSE	6 1%	11 18		96.



NUTRITION WAVE II

QUESTION A1 BY L8

ATTENOANCE FREQUENCY BY MINORITY STATUS

SITE PARTICIPANTS

	T01	AL	POST-1 SIT	975 ES	PRE-197	5 S	RECENT ENTRY	L.	ONGER TERM
	MINO- RITY	NON- MINO- RITY	M1N0-	NON- MINO- RITY	MINO- M	I NO- ∵	NO MINO- MIN RITY RI	10~ MINO	NON- - MINO- RITY
TOTAL	•			696				597 164	· ` 710 `
MONOAY-FRIOAY (EVERY OAY)	161 50%	485	95 \$ 47%	232 339	66 56%	253 369	71 2 5 45%	08 90 30%	277 55% 39%
FOUR TIMES A WEEK	21 79	134	9 8 48	71	12 8 10%	63 9%	3 2%		. 74 11% 10%
THREE TIMES A WEEK	. 20%	149	b 21%	149	18%	14%		13%	108 19% 15%
TWO TIMES A WEEK	.30 - 98	189 139	18 8 9%	100 149	12 - 10%	89 13%	20 13%	92 10 13%	97 6% 14%
ONCE A WEEK		155 119	14 8 7%	68 101	3 2%	87 12%	10 6%	90 7 13%	65 4% 9%
TWO TO THREE TIMES A MONTH	8 2%	78 69			1 1%	36 5%	6 4%	38 2 5%	40 1% 6%
MONTHLY	0 0	51 , 49	0 8 0	19 3%	0	32 4%		30 0 4%	0 3%
LESS OFTEN THAN MONTHLY	10 3%	79 69		40 69	. 2%	39 5%	-	59 3 8%	20 2% 3%
OTHER	Š 2%	28 29	. 20-	21 34	0	7. 1%	2 1%	21 3	-
DON'T KNOW/CAN'T SAY/NO RESPONSE	5 2%	12 19	4 2%	\ 8	1 1%	4 1%	5' 3%	11 0 2%	0 * •

QUESTION AT BY 16

ATTENDANCE FREQUENCY BY EDUCATION

SITE PARTICIPANTS

/															\sim									`
	Ţ	OTAI	L	å		POS	,T-1	975 :	SITE	:5	PRE-	197!	5 SITI	ES		RECF	INT E	NTRY	/	1	.ONGE	R TER	М	
	YEARS	YE	EARS	MOI	JRE 18	YEARS	5. <u>Y</u> E	EARS	<u>M0</u>	ORE	0 - 8 YEARS	YE	EARS	MORE	<u>E</u> 44	EARS	YEAR	RS M	MORE	YEA	ARS Y	YEARS		
TOTAL				1	Y				•		348				٠.	Parameter St.	, ,							100
MONDAY-FRIDAY (EVERY DAY)	309 _	43%	243	35%	90 30%	153	41%	127	36%	46 · 279	156 %, <i>l</i>	45%	11600 ~31	44 44	33%	130 41	10	5 . 299	43 6 21	1 6%	79 451	138 8	428	17 * 34%
FOUR TIMES A WEEK	60	8%	66	9%	28 98	32	9%	29	8 %	19 119	28	8%	37 1	9 1 % 🟑) ∲78	15 !	3 5%	5 99	12	78 j	45 11'	31, 8	9 ₈	16 12%
THREE TIMES A WEEK											48 *								22 % 13					
TWO TIMES A WEEK					39 . 13%						49 8												? .1 13%	
ONCE A WEEK	, 53'	7%	. 80	12%	40 139	28	. 7%	37	10%	18 119	25 %	7%	,43 1:	2 <i>2</i> 2%	<u>!</u> 17%	26	4 38	7 13የ	27 8 1	7%	27 7'	33 8 ⊤	1 10%	13 9%
TWO TO THREE TIMES A POINTH	27	48	43	6%	16 5ŧ	1 19	<u>4</u> 5%	18	5%	12 7%	8	2%	25 .	784	3%;	11	2 3%	3/69	10 6 6	6%	16 48	20 %) 6%	6
MONTHLY	19	3%	21		10 3%						11					_		_	5 k 3			_		5 4%
LESS OFTEN THAN MONTHLY	38	5%	31	4%	21 7%	21	· 68	14	48	13 • 89	17 %	Š\$	1,7	8 5%	} 6 % _	23	2 /%	5. 79	19 11:	2% >	15 41	6	2%	2
OTHER	-12	2%	13	•	8	9		,11	3%	6	3	18.	2***	2 1%	2 18	. 8	1864	1 39	4 :	3%	4 111	2	0	4 . 3%
DON'T KNOW/CAN'T SAY/NO RESPONSE	9	1%	8	1%	,2 1%	,	18	6	2%	2 19	° 3	18	ار کر این	0 1%	0	, 7	28 k	7 29	2 8 , 1	1%	0 0	. 1	* ,	, 0 °
		,•			١.	. }	i ş	ar 1		(٦Q				•	·		,						

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APPENDIX E

LIKELIHOOD OF FUTURE ATTENDANCE AMONG FORMER CONGREGATE PARTICIPANTS

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Multivariate	Analyses
Illustrative	Tabulations

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. \$	

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₹E-4



Multivariate Analyses -

Multiple regressions were employed to assess the relationships between former participants! likelihood of future congregate service attendance and two sets of variables. Separate analyses were conducted for each set of variables.

Independent Variable Set #1

	7 1		
	Q.A8	. :	Trouble Getting to the Site
	Q.A10°	:	Perception of Contributions Policy
	Q.A10a		Increased Contribution
	Q.A12		Opinion of Meal Cost
	Q.B2	:	Awareness of Site Activities
	Q.B3	: '	Frequency of Participation in Site Activities
	Q.B4	:	Time Spent Socializing/Visiting Friends at Site
	Q.B5	\$	Pleasantness of Meal Site
	Q.B9	: .	Food Usually Tasted Good
	Q.B10	•	Perceived Savings from Eating Service Meal
	Q.B11		Awareness of Site Shopping Assistance
٠.	Q.B13	:	Use of Site Shopping Assistance
	Q.B14	:	Awareness of Site Medical Assistance
	O R15	•	Use of Site Medical Assistance

Independent Variable Set #2

_	Q.C1 🙉:	Frequency of Getting Out of the House
	0.C3 ⁸ :	Ability to Clean and Maintain Home
•	0.D1-D2:	Number of Illness-Related Doctor Visits in Past Year
	0.D4 :	Time in Hospital/Nursing Home in Past Year
	0 D12 :	Self-rated Current Health
	Q.D13 :	Heal'th Relative to Last Year's
		Eat Alone at Home
	0.E4 :	Normal Meal Preparation
	Q.E6 " >	Frequency of Inviting Others to Eat at Home
	Q.E8 :	Eating Enjoyment
	0.E9 :	Rated Nutritiousness of Meals Generally Eaten
	Q.)F2 :	Anticipating Doing Something Next Week
_	- β .∤F9e :	Frequency of Feeling Depressed/Very Unhappy During
_	Ar.	Past Few Weeks
•	Q.G1 :	Attendance at Religious Services ·
	Q.G5c :	Continuing Encouragement from Someone who Attends
		Same Religious Services to Attend Meal Site
	Q.G6 :	Membership in Clubs, Lodges, or Other Social
	• •	Organizations



Independent Variable Set #2 (Continued)

0.142: - Perceived Income Sufficiency

Q. I1 Marital Status

Q. I5 Age 🐃

0.16 Education

Q. 19 Reported/Estimated 1981 Family Income

0.L7 Gender -

Q.L8 Minority Status

Isolation

Isolation is a composite variable combining an individual's scores on the following items.

Q.I4 : Live Alone Q.F6. : Have Enough Friends : Presence of Confidante

Q.G8/G9: Have Living Children Who Visit

The higher the score, the more isolated elderly were considered to be.

Results for Former Participants

The regression equation for <u>independent variable set #1</u> accounted: for 18.8 percent of the variance in likelihood to participate in the future, F, 14 and 112 df, = 1.9, p < .05. Significant univariate F values were found for the following variable in this regression equation:

The regression equation for independent variable set #2 accounted. for 27.8 percent of the variance in likelhood to attend in the future, F, 24 and 102 df, = 1.6, p < .05. Significant univariate F'values were found for each of the following variables in this regression equation:

$$Q.C3: F = 4.1, p < .05$$

 $Q.I1: F = 5.0, p < .05$

Participants and Home-Delivered Meal Recipients

Because more than 9 out of 10 current participants and home-delivered meal recipients intended to remain actively enrolled in the services, multi-variate analyses to predict this intention were not conducted.

Illustrative Tabulations

The following bivariate tables are designed to illustrate multivariate findings discussed in the text.

, <u>Table</u>			<u>Page</u>
Likelihood of Future Atte Eating at Site	ndance by Perceive	ed Savings from	E-5
Likel hood of Future Atte Maintain Home	ndance by Ability	to Clean and	E-6
Likelihood of Future Atte	ndance by Marital	Status	E-7



NUTRITION WAVE 11

QUESTION A4A BY B10

LIKELIHOOD OF FUTURE ATTENDANCE BY PERCEIVED SAVINGS FROM EATING AT SITE

FORMER PARTICIPANTS

	SAV A LO	S	AVE .	NAVE THI A CO	VE IO- NG/ ISTS INEY	٠,٠
TOTAL	2	5	81	66	59	
VERY LIKELY	-1	2 48%	16 20%	8 12%	5 . 9%	
FAIRLY LIKELY		5 20%	24 30%	19 29%	15` 26%	-
NOT VERY LIKELY		3 1 2%	20 25%	17 . 26%	22 37%	•
NOT LIKELY AT ALL		5 20%	19 23%	18 27%	15 25%	
NÖ ÖPINION		0	2 2%	3 5%	2 3%	
NO RESPONSE		0	. 0	- 1 · · · · 1%	0	
	100	n .			•	

PREPARED BY OPINION RESEARCH CORPORATION

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QUESTION A4A BY C3

LIKELIHOOD OF FUTURE ATTENDANCE BY ABILITY TO CLEAN AND MAINTAIN HOME

	FORM PARTICI	PANTS
	ABLE L	INABLE
TOTAL	204	44
VERY LIKELY	41 20%	2 4%
FAIRLY LIKELY	60 29%	7 16%
NOT VERY LIKELY	-54 27%\	1,1 25%
NOT LIKELY AT ALL	41 20%	22 50%
NO OPINION	6 3%	2 5%
NO RESPONSE	2 1%	0



QUESTION A4A BY 11

LIKELIHOOD OF FUTURE ATTENDANCE BY MARITAL STATUS

	***	,
• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •	FORI PART PAN	ICI-
,	MAR- RIED	NOT MAR- RLED
TOTAL	75	173
VERÝ LIKELY	17 23%	26 15%
FAIRLY LIKELY	22 29%	44 25%
NOT VERY LIKELY	21 28%	, 45 , 26%
NOT LIKELY AT ALL	13 1.7%	.50 29¶
NO OPINION	2 3%	6 49
NO RESPONSE	0	2 ' 19

APPENDIX F

ELDERLY CHARACTERISTICS RELATED TO PERCEIVED SITE CONTRIBUTIONS POLICY

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				<u>Pag</u>
Multivariate	Analyses			F-2
Illustrative	Tabulations		•	 F-5



Multivariate Analyses

Multiple regressions were utilized to assess relationships between perceived site contributions policy and two sets of variables. Separate analyses were conducted for each set of variables.

Independent, Variable Set #1

			· ·
	Q.A1	:	Frequency of Attendance
	Q.A8		Trouble Getting to the Site
	Q.A10a	:	Increased Contribution
		:	
	0.B2		Awareness of Site Activities
		:	Frequency of Participation in Site Activities
	0.B4	•	Time Spent Socializing/Visiting Friends at Site
			Food Usually Tastes Good
		:	Perceived Savings from Eating Service Meal
•	Ò.B11	:	Awareness of Site Shopping Assistance
	0.B13	:	Use of Site Shopping Assistance
	Ò.B14	: ;	Awareness of Site Medical Assistance
. (0.B15		Use of Site Medical Assistance

Independent Variable Set #2

	Q.C1	:	Frequency of Getting Out of the House
	Q.C3	•	Ability to Clean and Maintain Home
	Q.D1-D	2:	Number of Illness-Related Doctor Visits in Past Year
		۲.	Time in Hospital/Nursing Home in Past Year
	Q.D4	•	
٠	Q.D12	:	Self-rated Current Health
	Q.D13	:	Health Relative to Last Year's
	0.E1	:	Eat Alone at Home
	Q.E4	•	Normal Meal Preparation
	Q.E6	:	Frequency of Inviting Others to Eat at Home
	Q. E8	:	Eating Enjoyment
	Q. E9	:	Rated Nutritiousness of Meals Generally Eaten
	Q. F2	:	Anticipating Doing Something Next Week
İ	Q.F9e	•	Frequency of Feeling Depressed/Very Unhappy During
1	Q.I.SC.	• •	Past Few Weeks
•	Q.G1	:	Attendance at Religious Services .
	Q.G5c	:	Continuing Encouragement from Someone who Attends
	4.000		Same Religious Services to Attend Meal Site
	Q.G6		Membership in Clubs, Lodges, or Other Social
	4.30	•	Organizations
			UI MUII IEU UI VIIJ



Independent Variable Set #2 (Continued)

Q.H2 : Perceived Income Sufficiency

Q.Il : Marital Status

Q:15 : Age

Q.16 : Education_

Q.19 : Reported/Estimated 1981 Family Income

Q.L7 : Gender

Q.L8 : Minority Status

<u>Isolation</u>

Isolation is a composite variable combining an individual's scores on the following items.

Q.I4 : Live Alone

Q.F6: Have Enough Friends Q.F7: Presence of Confidante

O.G8/G9: Have Living Children Who Visit

The higher the score, the more isolated elderly were considered to be.

Results for Congregate Dining Participants

The regression equation for independent variable set #1 accounted for 17.1 percent of the variance in perceptions of site contributions, F, 14 and 1029 df, = 8.0, p < .01. Significant univariate F values were found for each of the following variables in this regression equation.

Q.A1 : F = 7.2, p < .01 Q.A10a : F = 76.7, p < .01 Q.B4 : F = 5.7, p < .05 Q.B14 : F = 6.3, p < .05

The regression equation for independent variable set #2 accounted for 2.9 percent of the variance in perceptions of site contributions, F, 24 and 1436 df, = 1.79, p < .05. Significant univariate F values were found for each of the following variables in this regression equation:

Q.C1
$$F = 7.5, p < .01$$

Q.E4 $F = 5.9, p < .05$

Results for Former Participants

The regression equation for <u>independent variable set #1</u> accounted for 38.7 percent of the variance in perceptions of site contributions policy, F, 14 and 96 df, = 4.3, p < .01. Significant univariate F values were found for each of the following variables in this regression equation:

The regression equation for <u>independent variable set #2</u> accounted for 12.9 percent of the variance in perceptions of site contributions policy, F, 24 and 178 df, = 1.1, p > .05. Because the optimally weighted combination of independent variables did not yield a significant F value, no further data are presented. Former participants' <u>current</u> lifestyle and demographic characteristics were weak predictors of their recall of past events.

Results for Home-Delivered Meal Recipients

The regression equation for independent variable set #1 accounted for 22.2 percent of the variance in perceptions of site contributions policy, F, 10 and 258 df, = 7.3, p < .01. Significant univariate F values were found for each of the following variables in this regression equation:

The regression equation for <u>independent variable set #2</u> accounted for 22.3 percent of the variance in perceptions of site contributions policy, F, 23 and 215 df, = 2.7, p < .01. Significant univariate F values were found for each of the following variables in this regression equation:



Illustrative Tabulations

The following bivariate tables are designed to illustrate most significant multivariate findings discussed in the text. Tables are presented for those variables for which response distributions are not highly skewed. The following tabulations are included in this appendix:

<u>Table</u>				• <u>Page</u>	::/-: :::::::::::::::::::::::::::::::::
Perception of	Contributions	Policy	by Frequency of Attendance	`F-6	
Perception of	Contributions	Policy	by Increased Contribution	F-7,	8
Perception of (Visiting F		Policy	by Socializing at the Site	F-9	
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Perception of Usually Eat		Policy	by Whether Elderly	F-12	
Perception of Membership	Contributions	Policy	by Club/Organization	F- 13	•
Perception of	Contributions	Policy	by Age	F-14	

QUESTION A10 BY A1

PERCEPTION OF CONTRIBUTION POLICY BY FREQUENCY OF ATTENDANCE

SITE PARTICIPANTS

*1				•		•				· · · · · ·							
		•		TOTAL		POST	1975 S	ITES	PRE-	1975/5	ITES	RECI	NT ENT	RY	LON	CER TE	RM
	_		4-5 TIMES PER WEEK	1-3 TIMES PER WEEK	LESS OFTEN		TIMES PER	LESS	TIMES PER	TIMES PER		TIMES PER	TIMES PER		TIMES PER	PER	•
TOTAL		er e	804	654	260	409	340	142	395	314	118	343	• 334	164	461	320	96
DONATION	; ; ;	ó	578 , 729		170	301 · 8 749	241 8 719	91 649	277 70%	210 679	79 5 67 ⁵	235 8 •699	222 67%	105 649			65 68%
CHARGE		•	125 16 ⁵	141 8 228	71 279		75 8 229	I.	55 14%				77 8 23%			64 209	25 26%
FREE	•,	,	98 129		17 79	, , , ,	24 5 79		61 15%	37 129	8 5 7 ⁹			11 79		27 89	6 6%
DON'T KNOW'			3	1 *	2 19	1 *	0	1 19	2 1%	1 *	1	2 8 1	. , 1 k *	2 19	1 *	0	0
ÑO RESPONSE			0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0

NUTRITION

QUESTION A10- BY A10A/HA8A

PERCEPTION OF CONTRIBUTION POLICY BY INCREASED CONTRIBUTION

SITE PARTICIPANTS

	,	TOTAL		POST-197	5 SITES	PRE-197	5 SITES	RECENT	ENTRY	LONGER TE	RM (
	<u> </u>	DID D NCREASE IN		DID INCREASE	DID NOT INCREASE	DID INCREASE	DID NOT INCREASE	DID INCREASE	DID NOT INCREASE I	DID D NCREASE IN	ID NOT CREASE
TOTAL	•	785	737	421	399	364	338	280	462	505	275
DONATION		591 75%	. 599. 819		327 % 82	\$ 282 \$ 7	272 7% 80		361 % 78%	387 77%	238 879
CHARGE	•	194 25%	138 199	112 27		82 % 2:	_	76)% 27	101 % 22%	118 23%	ৰ্ব্ব7 13
FREE /		0.0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
DON'T KNOW		0	0	0	0	0	0	0	°. 0	0	0
				*			/833				

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QUESTION A10 BY A10A/HA8A PERCEPTION OF CONTRIBUTION POLICY BY INCREASED CONTRIBUTION

*			FORMER PAR	TICIPANTS	HOME DELIVERED	MEALS	
			INCREASED	DIDN'T INCREASE	INCREASED	DIDN'T INCREASE	
	TOTAL		50	148	105	166	
~	DONATION		28 56%	108 73%	64 61%	106 64%	44
	CHARGE	: .	22 44%	40 27%	41 39%	60 36%	
	FREE		0	0	0	0	
	DON'T KNOW		0	0	0	0	



QUESTION A10 BY 84

PERCEPTION OF CONTRIBUTION POLICY BY FREQUENCY OF SOCIALIZING AT SITE

SI	TE	PART	ICI	PANTS	

				<u></u>			1			· .					
		TOTAL		POST	1975	SITES	PRE-	1975 S	ITES	RECE	NT ENT	RY	LONG	ER TER	M
	A LOT OF TIME		A BIT/ NO TIME		SOME TIME		A LOT OF TIME	SOME	A BIT/ NO TIME		SOME	A BIT/ NO TIME			A BIT/ NO TIME
TOTAL	737	571	423	376	311	213	361	260	210	313	274	267	424	297	156
DONATION		393 699		288 779	223 3 729	130 6 61%	262 72%	170 65%	136 65%	233 75%	175 64%	163 61%	317 75 %	218 73 %	103 66%
CHARGE			105 25%				57 16%		46 22%		60 22%	71 27%	69 16 %	-57 19 %	34 22%
FREE	69 99	57 8 109	52 12%	27 79	20 s	24 8118	42 12%	37 14%	28 13%	32 10%	35 13%	33 12%	37 9 %	22 8%	19° 12%
DON'T-KNOW-	2'	4 19	0	2	0	0	0	4 2%	0	1 *	4. 18	0	1 *	0	0

NUTRITION WAVE II QUESTION A10 BY B14 PERCEPTION OF CONTRIBUTION POLICY BY AWARENESS OF SITE MEDICAL ASSISTANCE . SITE PARTICIPANTS P0ST-1975 S1TES RECENT ENTRY PRE-1975 LONGER TOTAL SITES **TERM** NOT NOT NOT -NOT AWARE . AWARE ÀWARE **AWARE** AWARE AWARE **AWARE** 451 TOTAL 279 460 197 **23**0 246 507 323 304 347 186 118 289 135 169 **DONATION** 70% ___59% 69% 64% 67% 110 23% 82 162 80 63 47 59 51 CHARGE 18% 18% 23% 20% 26 FREE 77 60 31 34 10% 8% 15%

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DON'T KNOW

NUTRITION WAVE T

QUESTION A10 BY C1

PERCEPTION OF CONTRIBUTION POLICY BY GENERAL MOBILITY . (FREQUENCY OF GETTING OUT OF THE HOUSE)

$f^{\prime\prime}$			SITE PARTICI	PANTS /		HOME	
Jor and the second	TOTAL	POST-1975 SITES	PRE ^J 1975 SITES	RECENT ENTRY	LONGER TERM	DELIVERE	D ·
Agent.	LEAVE LEAVE HOUSE HOUSE LESS DAILY OFTEN	LEAVE LEAVE HOUSE HOUSE LESS DAILY OFTEN	LEAVE LEAVE HOUSE HOUSE LESS DAILY OFTEN	HOUSE LESS		LEAVE HOUSE LE	ISE SS
TOTAL	1405 328	730173	675 155	(68x/7,174/	7724 77154	101. 3	11
DONAT ION	999 210 71% 64	539 103 8 74% 60%	460 107 68% 69	464 107 58% 1628	535 744 67	1 1 -	25 40%
CHARGE	254 85 18% 20	138 49 5% 19% 28%	116 36 5. 17% 23	(2) 中国的 (1) (2) (2) (2) (2) (2) (2) (2) (2) (2) (2	125 36 178 23		90 29%
FREE	146 33 10% 10	51 21 0% 7% 129	95 12 14% 8	82 18 \$ 128 108	63 15 9% 10	16 % 16%	92 30%
DON'T KNOW	6 0 1% ~0	2 0	4 0 18 0	5 0 18 0	1 0 * (5) 5%	1%
NO RESPONSE	0 0	0 0	0 0		0 0	0	0

QUESTION ATO BY ET

QUESTION A10 BY E1 PERCEPTION OF CONTRIBUTION POLICY BY WHETHER ELDERLY USUALLY EAT ALONE

	•	•	:		- a			SITE PAR	TICIPAN	TS		. ·	
				тоти	AL	POST-1 SITE		PRE-19 SITE		RECENT ENTRY		LONG TER	
3	•		. · ·	ALONE	NOT ALONE	ALONE	NOT ALONE	ALONE	NOT ALONE	ALONE A	NOT LONE	ALONE	NOT ALONE
TOTAL			·	1002	729	520	382	482	347	486	369	516	360
DONATION	•	. • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •		7 25 7 29	482 66%	376 72%	265 69%	349 72%	217 63%	341 70%	230 63%	384 74%	252 70%
CHARGE				192 199	147 · 20%	106 20%	81 21%	86 18%	66 19%	100 21%	78 21%	92 18%	69 19%
.FREE	e grande de		•	80 85	99 6 14%	36 7%	36 10%	44 9%	63 18%	41 8%	60 16%	39 8%	39 11%
DON'T KNO	W	THE STATE OF		5 19	1.1	2 1%	0		1	1%	. *	1 *	0
NO RESPON	SE	•	*/* *	0 0	0	0	0	0 0	0 0	0	0 0	0	0



QUESTION HAB BY G6 PERCEPTION OF CONTRIBUTION POLICY BY CLUB/ORGANIZATION MEMBERSHIP

	HOI OELIVI MEAI	REO
	MEMBER	NOT A MEMBER
TOTAL	86	327
OONAT I ON	50 589	135 8 41%
CHARGE	19 229	90 8 28%
FREE	15 189	95 29%
OON'T KNOW	2 29	7 2%
NO RESPONSE	0	0



NUTRITION WAVE II

QUESTION HAB BY 15

PERCEPTION OF CONTRIBUTION POLICY BY ACE

	·	. IK	HOME DELIVERED MEALS				
	,	. · .	LT 75	75+	-		
TOTAL	1	·	135	277			
DONATION		•	67 49%	116 42%	•.		
CHARGE			31 23%	79 28%			
FREE			36 27%	74 27%			
DON'T KNOW			1 1%	8 3%	. :		
NO RESPONSE		- 	0	0			

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APPENDIX G

INCREASED CONTRIBUTIONS

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Multivariate Analyses

Multiple regressions were employed to assess relationships between elderly having increased their contributions and two sets of variables. Separate analyses were conducted for each set of variables.

Independent Variable Set #1

Q.A1	:	Frequency of Attendance
Ò. A8	: .	Trouble Getting to the Site
Q. A10	· :	Perception of Contributions Policy
Q.A12	:	Opinion of Meal Cost
Q.B2	:	Awareness of Site Activities
0.83	:	Frequency of Participation in Site Activities
Q.B4	:	Time Spent Socializing/Visiting Friends at Site
Q.B9	:	Food Usually Tastes Good
Q.B10	:	Perceived Savings from Eating Service Meal
0.B11	:	Awareness of Site Shopping Assistance
Q.B13	:	Use of Site Shopping Assistance
0.B14	:	Awareness of Site Medical Assistance
Q.B15	:	Use of Site Medical Assistance

Independent Variable Set #2

Q.C1 :	Frequency of Getting Out of the House
0.03	Ability to Clean and Maintain Home
0.D1-D2:	Number of Illness-Related Doctor Visits in Past Yea
Q.D4	Time in Hospital/Nursing Home in Past Year
0.D12 :	Self-rated Current Health
Q.D13 :	Health Relative to Last Year's
	Eat Alone at Home
	Normal Meal Preparation
Q.E6 :	Frequency of Inviting Others to Eat at Home
	Eating Enjoyment
0.E9 :	Rated Nutritiousness of Meals Generally Eaten
Q.F2 :	Anticipating Doing Something Next Week
Q.F9e :	Frequency of Feeling Depressed/Very Unhappy During Past Few Weeks
Q.G1 :	Attendance at Religious Services
Q.G5c :	Continuing Encouragement from Someone who Attends Same Religious Services to Attend Meal Site
Q.G6 :	Membership in Clubs, Lodges, or Other Social Organizations



rependent Variable Set #2 (Continued)

N : Perceived Income Sufficiency

.II : Marital Status

.15 \ : Age

Q.16 / Education

Q.19 1 Reported/Estimated 1981 Family Income

0.L7 1 Gender

Q.L8 / :\ Minority Status

Isolation

Isolation is a composite variable combining an individual's scores on the following items.

Q.I4 : Live Alone

Q.F6: Have Enough Friends Q.F7: Presence of Confidante

O.G8/G9: Have Living Children Who Visit

The higher the score, the more isolated elderly were considered to be.

Results for Congregate Dining Participants

The regression equation for independent variable set #1 accounted for 10.0 percent of the variance of increasing contributions, F, 14 and 1029 df, = 8.2, p < .01. Significant univariate F values were found for each of the following variables in this regression equation:

Q.A1 : F = 10.7, p < .01Q.A10 : F = 76.7, p < .01

The regression equation for independent variable set #2 accounted for 6.7 percent of the variance of increasing contributions, F, 24 and 1420 df, = 4.2, p < .01. Significant univariate F values were found for each of the following variables in this regression equation:

Q.G5c : F = 9.5, p < .01Q.L8 : F = 49.0, p < .01



Results for Former Participants

The regression equation for independent variable set #1 accounted for 20.5 percent of the variance of increasing donations, F, 14 and 96 df, = 1.77, p > .05. Because the optimally weighted combination of independent variables did not yield a statistically significant F value, no further data are presented.

The regression equation for <u>independent variable set #2</u> accounted for 20.7 percent of the variance of increasing contributions, F, 24 and 174 df, = 1.9, p<.05. Significant univariate F values were found for each of the following variables in this regression equation:

Results for Home-Delivered Meal Recipients

The regression equation for <u>independent variable set #1</u> accounted for 23.3 percent of the variance of increasing contributions, F, 10 and 258 df, = 7.8, p< .01. Significant univariate F values were found for each of the following variables in this regression equation:

Q.A10
$$F = 22.9, p < .01$$

Q.B10 $F = 5.4, p < .05$

The regression equation for <u>independent variable set #2</u> accounted for 16.6 percent of the variance of increasing contributions, F, 23 and 203 df, = 1.8, p < .05. A significant univariate E value was found for the following variable in this regression equation:



Illustrative Tabulations

The following bivariate tables are designed to illustrate most significant multivariate findings discussed in the text. Tables are provided for those relationships whose response distributions were neither highly skewed nor based upon very small sample sizes:

<u>Table</u>	2		Page
Increased	Contribution	by Frequency of Attendance	G-6
Increased	Contribution	by Perception of Contribution Policy	G-7,8
Increased	Contribution	by Minority Status	G-9
Increased	Contribution	by Perceived Savings from Service	G-10



NUTRITION WAVĚ I

QUESTION ATOA BY AT

INCREASED CONTRIBUTION BY FREQUENCY OF ATTENDANCE

 $\mathbf{BASE} \ = \ \mathbf{THOSE}_{\mathbf{S}} \mathbf{WHO} \ \mathbf{DO} \ \mathbf{NOT} \ \mathbf{EAT} \ \mathbf{FREE}$

SITE PARTICIPANTS

•	•	,			Ţ	OTAL		POST	-1975	SITES	PRE	-1975 S	ITES	RECE	NT ENT	RY	LO	VGER TE	RM
•		•		W.F	TIMES PER	1-3 TIMES PER WEEK	LESS	TIMES		LESS OFTEN	TIMES PER	1-3 TIMES PER WEEK	LESS	TIMES	TIMES PER		TIMES PER	PER	LESS OFTEN
TOTAL					804	654	260	409	340	142	395	314	- 118	343 .	334	164	461	320	96
PERCENT	ASKED		•	٠,٠	. 703 879	592 5 919	241 5 93%	371 5 919	316 939	132, 8 931	332 849	276 8 88%	109 929	288 849	299 90%	151 \ 929	5 415 6 909	293 929	90 94%
YES		•		÷	∝ 392 .49¶	287 449			146 6 439	59 6 42		141 8 45%		147 8 348					
NO				-	300 37%	295 459	134 529		167 6 499	72 5 519		128 % 41%		167 8 498			133 6 29	110 8 349	31 32%
NO RESP	ONSE			•	11 18	/	5 29	4 5 19	3 6 19	1 6 19	7 8 25	7 8 28	4 3	4 8 19	2 1%	1 19	7 8 25	8 8 39	4 4%





NUTRITION WAVE II

QUESTION A10A BY A10

INCREASED CONTRIBUTION BY PERCEPTION OF CONTRIBUTION POLICY

BASE = THOSE WHO DO NOT EAT FREE

SITE PARTICIPANTS.

	and the second			0						
	TOTA	 L	POST-	1975 SITES	PRE-197	75 SITES	RECI	NT ENTRY	LONG	ER TERM
	DON- ATION C		DON- ATION	CHARGE	DON- ATION	CHARGE	DON- ATION	CHARGE	DON- ATION	CHARGE
TOTAL	1211	339	642	187	569	152	573	/ 178	638	161
PERCENT ASKED	1211 100%	339 	642 100%	187 ° 100%	569 100%	152 100%	573 100%	178 100%	638 100%	161 100%
YES	591 49%	194 57%	309 48%	112 60%	282 50%	82 54%	204 36 %	76 43%	387 61%	118 73%
NO	599 49%	138 41%	327 51%	72 39%	272 48%	66 43%	361 63%	101 57%	23B 37%	37 23%
NO RESPONSE	21 2%	7 2%	6 1%	3 2%	15 3%	4 3%	8 19	1 1%	13 2%	6 4%

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NUTRITION WAVE I

QUESTION ATOA BY ATO-

INCREASED CONTRIBUTION BY PERCEPTION OF CONTRIBUTION POLICY

	DON- ATION	CHARGE
TOTAL	185	111
PERCENT ASKED	185 100%	111 100%
YES	64 35%	41 37%
NO	106 57%	60 54%
NO RESPONSE	15 8%	- 10 9%

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NUTRITION WAVE

QUESTION A10A/HA8A BY L8
CONTRIBUTION INCREASE BY MINORITY STATUS

BASE = THOSE WHO DO NOT EAT FREE

			•	- 51	TE PART	ICIPANT	rs .				FORME	.R
	то	TAL		975 ES	PRE-19 SIT	ES	RECEN ENTR	I			PANTS	
		NON- MINO- RITY	MINO- RITY	NON- MINO- RITY	MINO-	MINO-	MINO- M	INO-	MINU-	MINU-	MINO- N	1110
TOTAL		1407					157		164	710	36	213
PERCENT ASKED	199 62 %	1346 96%	151 74%	674 97%	- 48 41%	672 95%	88 56%	662 95%	111 68%	684 969		189 89 %
YES	72 22%	709 5 50%	55 27%	362 52%	17 14%	347 49%	22 14%	258 37%	50 30%		4 11%	
NO	124 399	612 43%		304 44%	29 25%	308 43%	64 41%	397 57%	60 379	309	1	
NO RESPONSE	3 19	25 2%	1 *	8 19	2 2 %	17 29	2 1%	7 1%			1 3%	13 6%



NUTRITION WAVE II

QUESTION ATOA BY BTO

INCREASED CONTRIBUTION BY PERCEIVED SAVINGS FROM SERVICE.

HOME DELIVERED MEALS

		SAVE A LOT	SAVE SOME	SAVE A BIT	SAVES NOTHING/, COSTS MONEY
TOTAL	•	91	165	91	50
PERCENT ASKED	•	59 65%	119 72%	67 74%	39 78%
YES		28 31%	39 24%	20 22%	14 28%
NO	G	28 31%	70 42%	39 43%	21 42%
NO RESPONSE		3 3%	10 6%	8 9%	. 4

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APPENDIX H

PERCEIVED SAVINGS ASSOCIATED WITH SERVICE ATTENDANCE AND HOME-DELIVERY SERVICE

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				Page
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Multivariate Analyses

Multiple regressions were employed to assess the relationships between perceived savings associated with Service attendance/home-delivery and two sets of variables. Separate analyses were conducted for each set of variables.

Independent Variable Set #1

Q.A1	:	Frequency of Attendance
0.A8	•	Trouble Getting to the Site
Ò.A10	:	Perception of Contributions Policy
0.A10a	•	Increased Contribution
		Opinion of Meal Cost
		Awareness of Site Activities
0.83	:	Frequency of Participation in Site Activities
0.B4	:	Time Spent Socializing/Visiting Friends at Site
Q. B5	:	Pleasantness of Meal Site
Q.B9		Food Usually Tastes Good
Q.B11	:	Awareness of Site Shopping Assistance
0.B13		Use of Site Shopping Assistance
	•	Awareness of Site Medical Assistance
0.B15	2	Use of Site Medical Assistance

Independent Variable Set #2

Q.C1		Frequency of Getting Out of the House Ability to Clean and Maintain Home
Q.C3		ADITITY to Clean and Maintain nome
Q.D1-	-D2:	Number of Illness-Related Doctor Visits in Past Yea
Q.D4	:	Time in Hospital/Nursing Home in Past Year
Q.D12	2 :	Self-rated Current Health
Q.D13	3:	Health Relative to Last Year's
0.E1		Eat Alone at Home
0.E4		Normal Meal Preparation
0.E6		Frequency of Inviting Others to Eat at Home
0.E8		Eating Enjoyment
		Rated Nutritiousness of Meals Generally Eaten
Q. E9		Anticipating Doing Something Next Week
Q. F2	•	Anticipating boing something next neek
Q.F96	e :	Frequency of Feeling Depressed/Very Unhappy During
		Past Few Weeks
Q.G1		Attendance at Religious Services
0.G5	c :	Continuing Encouragement from Someone who Attends
	٠ ،	Same Religious Services to Attend Meal Site
Q.G6	•	Membership in Clubs, Lodges, or Other Social
4.00		Organizations



Independent Variable Set #2 (Continued)

Q.H2 : Perceived Income Sufficiency

Q. I1 : Marital Status

Q. I5 : Age

0.16 : Education

Q.19 : Reported/Estimated 1981 Family Income

0.L7 : Gender

.Q.L8 : Minority Status

<u>Isolation</u>

Isolation is a composite variable combining an individual's scores on the following items.

Q.I4 : Live Alone

Q.F6: Have Enough Friends

Q.F7 : Presence of Confidente

Q.G8/G9: Have Living Children Who Visit

The higher the score, the more isolated elderly were considered to be.

Results for Congregate Dining Participants

The regression equation for <u>independent variable set #1</u> accounted for 11.7 percent of the variance of perceived savings, F, 14 and 1029 df, = 9.7, p < .01. Significant univariate F values were found for each of the following variables in this regression equation:

Q.A1 : F = 65.6, $\phi < .01$ Q.A8 : F = 5.7, p < .05Q.B5 : F = 6.4, p < .05Q.B9 : F = 10.8, p < .01

The regression equation for <u>independent variable set #2</u> accounted for 2.8 percent of perceived savings, F, 24 and 1407 df, = 1.7, p $\stackrel{?}{\sim}$.05. Significant univariate F values were found for each of the following variables in this regression equation:

0.01: F = 8.0, p < .01, 0.66: F = 12.6, p < .01



Results for Former Participants

The regression equation for independent variable set #1 accounted for 16.0 percent of the variance of perceived savings, F, 14 and 96 df, = 1.3, p > .05. Because the optimally weighted combination of independent variables did not yield a statistically significant F value, no further analyses were conducted.

The regression equation for <u>independent variable set #2</u> accounted for 11.4 percent of the variance of perceived savings, F, 24 and 176 df, = 0.9, p > .05. Because the optimally weighted combination of independent variables did not yield a significant F value, no further data are presented.

Results for Home-Delivered Meal Recipients

The regression equation for independent variable set #1 accounted for 6.7 percent of the variance of perceived savings, F, 10 and 258 df, = 1.8, p > .05. Because the optimally weighted combination of independent variables did not yield a statistically significant F value, no further data are presented.

The regression equation for <u>independent variable set #2</u> accounted for 8.9 percent of the variance of perceived savings, F, 23 and 211 df, = 0.9, p > .05. Since a statistically significant F value was not obtained, no further data are presented.

Illustrative Tabulations

The following bivariate tables are designed to illustrate multivariate findings discussed in the text. If a given independent variable's distribution was highly skewed, and, therefore, it was unlikely to reveal an observable difference in a simple crosstabulation, it is omitted from the following:

<u>Table</u>			Page
Program Saves Money by Frequency	of Attendance		H-5
Perceived Savings by General Mobi (Frequency of Getting Out of	lity the House)		н-6
Perceived Savings by Frequency of (At the Respondent's Home)	Inviting Other	rs to Eat	H-7



QUESTION B10 BY A1 -

TOTAL

SAVE A LOT

SAVE SOME

SAVE A LITTLE

SAVE NOTHING

COSTS MONEY

DON'T KNOW

NO RESPONSE

PROGRAM SAVES MONEY BY FREQUENCY OF ATTENDANCE

SITE PARTICIPANTS

]	OTAL	, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,	POST-	1975 S	ITES	PRE-	1975 S	ITES	RECE	NT ENT	RY	LON	CER TE	RM
TIMES	1-3 TIMES PER WEEK	LESS	TIMES PER	1-3 TIMES PER WEEK	LESS	TIMES Per	1-3 TIMES PER WEEK	LESS	4-5 TIMES PER WEEK	TIMES Per	LESS	4-5 TIMES PER WEEK	TIMES PER	LESS OFTEN
804	654	260	409	340	142	395	314	118	343	334	164	461	320	96
	122 19 ⁹		141 34 %	67 20%	28 . 20%	106 27%	55 18 1	18 159	90 26 9	69 21 %	36 22 %	157 349	53 174	10 11 %
	235 36	71 279	161 39 9	125 37 4	33 23%	166 42 4	110 35%	38 329	149 6 449	119 369	50 30 %	178 399	116 36 4	21 22 4
	167 26	61 249	68 179	87 26%	35 25%	77 199				87 26 1	36 22 9		80 25 9	
57 7		47 189	23 69				47 159				21 134		55 179	26 27%
11			8 29		•	-	7 29	11 10	" ·1			10 . 29	7	6 6%
17				8 2 %		•			7	14		10 25		7 7%
0			0	0	0	0. 0	0) '.		0	0	0	0	1 1%

MUTRITION WAVE II

QUESTION BIO BY C1

PERCEIVED SAVINGS FROM EATING AT SITE BY GENERAL MOBILITY

(FREQUENCY OF GETTING OUT OF THE HOUSE)

			•		SITE F	ARTICI	PANTS	~			•	OME
	TOTAL	L .	POST-1		PRE-1 SITE		RECENT ENTRY		LON(VERED
	LEAVE H	LESS	LEAVE	LEAVE HOUSE LESS OFTEN	LEAVE HOUSE	LEAVE HOUSE LESS OFTEN	LEAVE '	LEAVE HOUSE LESS OFTEN	LEAVE HOUSE DAILY	LEAVE HOUSE LESS OFTEN	LEAVE HOUSE DAILY	LEAVE HOUSE LESS OFTEN
TOTAL 4	1405	328	730 ,	173	675	155	681	174	724	154	0	0.,
SAVE A LOT	345 25%	70 21%		36 219	143 6 219	34 22		36 219	186 261	34 22	• 0	0
SAVE SOME	539 , 38%	102 31%	271 37%	54 319	268 8 409	48 319	265 391		274 6 389	41 6 27	• 0	0
SAVE A LITTLE	294 21 %	81 25%	150 20%	41 249	144 6 219	40 26	152 229	41	142 191	40 26	• 0	0
SAVE NOTHING	149 1·1%	52 16%	71 10%	30 179		22 141	70 8 109	21 : 129		3 ¹ 1 20	0	0
COSTS MONEY	35 2%	10 3%	19 3 %	4 2		6 45	14 8 29		21 6 31	2	% 0	0
DON'T KNOW	42	13	17	8 51	25 4 9	5		7	21 b 39		• 0 • 0	0
NO RESPONSE	1	0	0	0	. 1	0,0	0	O	1 *	0	0	Q



PUESTION HIO BY EG

PERCEIVED SAVINGS FROM EATING AT SITE BY FREQUENCY OF INVITING

OTHERS TO EAT

SITE PARTICIPANTS .

1	,																			
	,	,	T	OTAL		POS	T-19	75 SI	TES	PRE-	1975	SITE	5	RECEN	T ENTR	Y	LONG	er ter	М .	
, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,			S OFTEN T		RAR- ELY/ NEVER		50	ME-	•	OFTEN			.Y/	often t	OHE-	•	OFTEN T	OME-		
TOTAL			293.	586	849	15	3 :	303	443	140	- 283	4	06	149	281	421	144	305	428	
SAVE A LOT	1				230 \$ 27 \$				136 31 %		56						30 21			
SAVE SOME					311 \$ 37\$				154 35 %		103					160 38 4	48 33 \	116 38 \		
SAVE A LITTLE	•				175 \$ 20 \$			68 22 %	91 20 %		68		84 21 %		68 24 4	95 23 4		68 22 \	80 19 \	
SAVE NOTHING	, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,	•	38 13 4		91 114				40 9 \					13' 9 %	33 12 4	44 1,04		38 13 4	47 114	1
COSTS MONEY	,		5 2 4			,			9 2 \					3 24	14 5 \	4	2	10 3	11 34	!
DON'T KNOW			9						13 3 %			3%	14 3 %	5 3 %	9. 3 \	13 3 4	4 3 4	9 3 \	14	
NO RESPONSE			1	0			0 -	0	0	1	%	0	0	0	0,	0	1	0	0	

APPENDIX I

PLEASANTNESS OF CONGREGATE SITES

	TABLE OF	CONTENTS		
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		₩.		
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	, 🔨 .			
	1	-1		





Multivariate Analyses

Multiple regressions were employed to assess the relationships between how "pleasant' elderly felt congregate sites were and two sets of variables.

Independent Variable Set #1

0.A8 :	Trouble Getting to the Site
Q.A10 :	Perception of Contributions Policy
Q.A10a :	Increased Contribution
0.A12 :	Opinion of Meal Cost
Q.B2 :	Awareness of Site Activities
0.83 :	Frequency of Participation in Site Activities
Q.B4 :	Time Spent Socializing/Visiting Friends at Site
Q.B9 :	Food Usually Tastes Good
Q.B10 :	Perceived Savings from Eating Service Meal
Q.B11 :	Awareness of Site Shopping Assistance
0.B13 :	Use of Site Shopping Assistance
0.B14 :	Awareness of Site Medical Assistance
n pie	Hen of Site Medical Assistance

Independent Variable Set #2

0.C1 :	Frequency of Getting Out of the House
0.C3 :	Ability to Clean and Maintain Home
Q.D1-D2:	
Q.D4 :	Time in Hospital/Nursing Home in Past Year
Q.D12	Self-rated Current Health
Q.D13	Health Relative to Last Year's
	Eat Alone at Home
	Normal Meal Preparation
	Frequency of Inviting Others to Eat at Home
• -	
7	Eating Enjoyment
Q.E9 :	Rated Nutritiousness of Meals Generally Eaten
	Anticipating Doing Something Next Week
Q.F9e :	Frequency of Feeling Depressed/Very Unhappy During
	Past Few Weeks
	Attendance at Religious Services
Q.G5c :	Continuing Encouragement from Someone who Attends
	Same Religious Services to Attend Meal Site
Q.G6 :	Membership in Clubs, Lodges, or Other Social
	Organizations



Independent Variable Set\#2 (Continued)

Q.H2 : Perceived Income Sufficiency Q.I1 : Marital Status Q.I5 : Age

0.16 Education

0.19 Reported/Estimated 1981 Family Income

0.L7 : Gender

: Minority Status Q.L8.

Isolation

Isolation is a composite variable combining an individual's scores on the following items.

0.I4 : 'Live Alone

: Have Enough Friends 0.F6

Q.F7 : Presence of Confidente Q.G8/G9: Have Living Children Who Visit

The higher the score, the more isolated elderly were considered to

Results for Congregate Dining Participants

The regression equation for independent variable set #1 accounted for 7.1 percent of the variance of elderly ratings, F, 14 and 976 df, = 5.4, p < .01. Significant univariate F values were found for each of the following variables in this regression equation:

Q.A10a : F = 3.8, p < .05Q.B2 : F = 11.1, p <.01 Q.B4 : F = 19.0, p <.01 Q.B9 : F = 4.9, p <.05 Q.B10 : F = 6.6, p <.05

The regression equation for independent variable set #2 accounted for 5.8 percent of the variance of elderly ratings, F, 24 and 966 df, = 2.5, p < .05. Significant univariate F values were found for each of the following variables in this regression equation:

Q.F9e: F = 5.1, p <.05 Q.G1: F = 12.9, p <.01 Q.16 : F = 4.9, p < .05



Results for Former Participants

The regression equation for independent variable set #1 accounted for 21.5 percent of the variance of elderly ratings, F, 14 and 100 df, = 2.0, p < .05. A significant univariate F value was found for the following variable in this regression equation:

Q.84
$$F = 5.1, p < .05.$$

The regression equation for independent variable set #2 accounted for 32.2 percent of the variance of elderly ratings, F, 24 and 90 df, = 1.8, p < .05. Significant univariate F values were found for each of the following variables in this regression equation:

Q.C3 F = 4.0, p < .05 Q.F9e F = 11.5, p < .01 Q.G1 F = 9.0, p < .01

Illustrative Tabulations

The following tables are designed to illustrate multivariate findings discussed in the text. If a given independent variable's distribution was highly skewed, and therefore, it was unlikely to reveal an observable relationship in a simple crosstabulation, it is omitted from these tables. Tables illustrating the "post-dictive" power of former participants' current lifestyle and demographic characteristics on their memories of how pleasant sites were are also omitted due to the rather tenuous nature of these relationships.

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QUESTION B5 BY A10A

PLEASANTNESS OF SITE BY INCREASED CONTRIBUTION

SITE PARTICIPANTS

		TOTAL		P0ST-19	75 SITES	PRE-197	5 SITES	RECENT	ENTRY	LONGER	TERM
	<u>.</u>	DID DI NCREASE INC	D NOT REASE	DID INCREASE			DID NOT INCREASE		DID NOT- INCREASE I		DID NOT INCREASE
TOTAL		785	737	421	, / 39	9 364	338	280	462	505	275
VERY PLEASANT		668 85 %	606 82			4 309 84% 8	272 15% 81	and the second second	374 8 819		
FAIRLY PLEASANT	•	105 14 %	116 16			9 49 15% 1		42 7% 15			38 14%
NOT TOO PLEASANT	•	8	11 2			3 5 18	1 %	281	8 29		1
VERY UNPLEASANT		1	1	1	*	1 0 *	0	0	0	1	1 18
DON'T KNOW		2 *	2	. 2	1%	2 0 0		1) 1	1	1	1
NO RESPONSE		1 *	° 1		0	0 1 0	*	1	1	0	. 0

QUESTION B5 BY B4

PLEASANTNESS OF SITE BY FREQUENCY OF SOCIALIZING AT SITE

N 1 1		
SITE	PARTI	CIPANTS

	,	·			. 011		1011	•				و المراجعة		.=-	
		TOTAL POST-1975 SITES PRE-1975 SITES RECENT ENT								IRY	Y LONGER TERM				
le v	A LOT OF TIME	SOME			SOME	A BIT/ NO TIME	A LOT OF TIME	SOME	A BIT/ NO TIME	A LOT OF TIME	SOME	A BIT/ NO TIME	A LOT OF TIME	SOME TIME	AT 21/16
TOTAL	737	571	423	376	311	213	361	260	210	313	274	267	424	297	156
VERY PLEASANT	. **		303 4% 725	340 8 909	260 849	159 • 75%	332 929	217 84%	144	283 909	230 84	193 \$ 72%	389 92 \	247 834	110 70%
FAIRLY PLEASANT	-		102 6 % 249				25 79	41 16%	54 26%	28 98	43 16	61 8 . 238		46 15 ₁	
NOT TOO PLEASANT	. 4	3 18		1					10 5%			9 3%	2 1	2 , ° 1 ₁	38
VERY UNPLEASANT	1	2	1 * *	0	1 *	1	1	1	0	0	0		1	2	1
DON'T KNOW	1		_	2 8 19		2			0 0	0	0	2 1%	2	0	0
NO RESPONSE	() 0 0	2 0 *	0	0	0	0	0	2 1%	0	0	2 18	, 0	0	

NUTRITION, WAVE I

QUESTION B5 BY B4

PLEASANTNESS OF STEE BY FREQUENCY OF SOCIALIZING AT SITE

	FORMER	PARTICIPA	NTS	
	A LOT OF TIME	SOME TIME	A BIT/	
TOTAL	58	82	104	
VERY PLEASANT	48 83%	62 76%	54 52%	
FAIRLY PLEASANT	10 17%	19 23%	39 37%	
NOT TOO PLEASANT	0	1 18	6 6%	
VERY UNPLEASANT	0	0. 0.	3 3%	
DON'T KNOW	0	0	2 2%	e e
NO RESPONSE	0	0	0	

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QUESTION B5 BY F9E

PLEASANTNESS OF SITE BY FREQUENCY OF FEELING DEPRESSED/VERY UNHAPPY

	1	٩١,	,		,: \$1	TE PAR	RTICIPANI	15								
		TOTAL			75 SITI	ES	PRE-19	975 SI	TES	REC	ENT ENT	RY	LON	M		
	OFTEN/ SOME- TIMES I	RARELY I	#' (OFTEN/ SOME- TIMES RA	IRELY NE		OFTEN/ SOME- TIMES R/			OFTEN/ SOME- TIMES R/	ARELY N		OFTEN/ SOME- TIMES I	RARELY	NEVER	
TOTAL	488	433	793	255	207	431	233	226	362	257	215	372	231	218	421	
VERY PLEASANT	387 79 ⁹			207 819	167 81%	379 88%	180 % 77%	188 839	316 878	203 1 79%			184 8 809		369 \$ 88\$	
FAIRLY PLEASANT	88 18 ⁹		89 % 11%			47 119	43 % 19%		42 129	,		42 5 119			47 8 118	
NOT TOO PLEASANT	8 29	•	5 % 1%	1 *	3 1%	2 19	7 8 38	4 21	3 % 1%		3	2 0	1			
VERY UNPLEASANT	1 *	1	2	0	1 1%	1	1 *	0	1 *	0	0	0	,	1	2	
DON'T KNOW	2	0	2	2 1%	0	2 *	0	0	0	<u></u>	0	2 19	2 % 1!	8 0		
NO RESPONSE	2 .	, 0	0	0	0	0	2 1%	0	0	· 2	0	0	0 0	0))	

QUESTION B5 BY C1

TOTAL

VERY PLEASANT

FAIRLY: PLEASANT

NOT TOO PLEASANT

VERY UNPLEASANT

DON'T KNOW

NO RESPONSE

PLEASANTNESS OF SITE BY FREQUENCY OF ATTENDING RELIGIOUS SERVICES

SITE PARTICIPANTS

	1								100						2.5
	Ţ	OTAL		POST-	-1975 (SITES	PRE-1	975 S	ITES	RECI	ENT ENTI	RY	LON	ER TER	M ,
	, A	ONCE A	LESS	A	ONCE A	LESS	MORE THAN ONCE	A	LESS	MORE THAN ONCE A	A	LESS	MORE THAN ONCE A	ONCE A	LESS
	WEEK	WEEK	OFTEN	WEEK	WEEK	<u>often</u>	WEEK	MEEK	OFTEN	WEEK	WEEK ()FTEN	WEEK	WEEK	OFTEN
nic etc.	374	716	644	192	372	339	182	344	305	184	322	351	190	394	293
	325 879	607 8 859	521 8 819	166 869	313 8 849	282 839	159 879	294 859	239 781	160 879	272 5 84%	276 79 9	165 871	335 85¶	245 83%
	44 129		110 179		53 b 149		21 12 9		56 199		45 5 14%	67 19 %		52 13%	43 15%
	5 15	6 b 19	9 1 19	3 29	3	0	2 1%	3 19	9	3 3 21	2 1%	7 2%	2 19	4 19	2 18
	0	1 *;	3 19	0	0	2 19	0	1 *	1 *	0	0	0	0	1	3 18
	0	3 *	1	0	3 19	1 *	0	0	" 0 0	0	.1 *	1°.	0	2 1%	0
•	0	2	0	0	0	0	0	2	0	0	2 1%	0	0	0	0

QUESTION B5 BY 16

PLEASANTNESS OF SITE BY EDUCATION

SITE PARTICIPANTS

		T01	TAL .		POST-	1975 SI	TES	PRE-1	975 SITE	\$	RECI	NT ENTF	ξ Y	LONG	R TERM	
		0 - 8 YEARS		MORE	0 - 8 YEARS	9-12. Years	MORE	0 - 8 YEARS	9-12 YEARS		0 - 8 YEARS			0 - 8 YEARS	tana a Laboration	MORE
TOTAL	å	721	699	303	373	354	170	348	345	133	320	368	164	401	331	139
VERY PLEASANT		613 859	589 849	242 80%	315 84%	302 85%	139 82 %	298 86	287 83%	103 77 %	268 849	304 8 831	132 80%	345 869	285 861	110 1 79%
FAIRLY PLEASANT		95 / 139	101 159	53 17%	52 14%	48 14 9	29 17%	43 12	53 15%	24 18%	45 14 ⁵	58 169	29 3 18%	50 129		24 3 17%
NOT TOO PLEASANT	3	and the second	6 19			,1 *	10	4			5 1 ⁵			3 19	2 19	3 28
VERY UNPLEASANT		1	1	2 1%	0	1 *	1		0				0	1	1 *	. 2 28
DON'T KNOW		2 . 19	2	0		2 19	0		0		0		0	2 15	Ò	
NO RESPONSE		2	0		0	0.	0	2	0	0	2	0	0	0		0

QUESTION BS BY B10

PLEASANTNESS OF SITE BY SAVINGS FROM EATING AT SITE

SITE PARTICIPANTS

, · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·		•				TIL PA		,,,,,					
		TOTAL				PO	ST-1975	SITES		, ,	PRE-197	5 SITES	
		SAVE A LOT	SAVE SOME	Ä	SAVE NO- HING/ COSTS MONEY	SAVE A LOT	SAVE SOME	SAVE A LITTLE	SAVE NO- THING/ COSTS MONEY	SAVE A LOT	SAVE SOME	SAVE T	SAVE NO- HING/ COSTS MONEY
TOTAL		417	641	375	246	238	325	191	124	179	316	184	122
VERY PLEASANT		378 91%	546 85 1	303 819	182 5 749	216 91%	275 85	160 849	90 729	162 90%	271 86 %	143 789	92 75%
FAIRLY PLEASANT		35 8%	88 149	61 169		21 5 9%	47 149	27 14	31 25%		41 13%	34 189	27 · 22%
NOT TOO PLEASANT		4 1%	6 19	4 19	5 3 21	1:	7 2 19	0	2	3 2%	4	4 29	3 3%
VERY UNPLEASANT	. ,	0	0	3 19	0	0	0	2 1	0	0	0	1 19	0
DON'T KNOW		0	1 *	2	1	0	1 *	2 1	1 8 ,19	0	0	0	0
NO RESPONSE		0	0	2 . 19	0	0	0	0	o O	0	0	,2 19	0

NUTRITION WAVE II

QUESTION B5 BY B10
PLEASANTNESS OF SITE BY SAVINGS FROM EATING AT SITE

			- P	1	SITE PA	RTICIPA	ANTS	
		RECENT	ENTRY			LONGER		
	SAVE A LOT	SAVE SOME	SAVE A LITTLE	SAVE NO- THING/ COSTS MONEY	A	SAVE SOME	SAVE A LITTLE	SAVE NO- THING/ COSTS MONEY
TOTAL	197	326	193	113	220	315	182	133
VERY PLEASANT	174 88%	275 84 9	157		204 18 939	271 86		
FAIRLY PLEASANT	21 11%	45 149	32 3 1		14 6 % 69			
NOT TOO PLEASANT	. 2 1%	5 29	2	_	2 2% 19	1	2	2
VERY UNPLEASANT	0	0	0		0 0	0	3 2	0
DON'T KNOW	, 0 , 0	1 *	0	0 1	1% 0	0	2	0
NO RESPONSE .	0	0	2	. –	0 0	0	0	0

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APPENDIX J

AWARENESS OF SITE NUTRITION EDUCATION

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Illustrative	Tabulations	•		•	J-4



Multivariate Analyses

Multiple regressions were utilized to assess the relationships between elderly awareness of site education activities and two sets of variables.

Independent Variable Set #1

	8A. 0	:	Trouble detting to the Site
	Q.A10	•	Darcantian At CONCITOUCIONS Policy
	Q.A10a	•	Increased Contribution
•	Q.A12	•	Uninion of Medi COSC
	0.B2		Awareness of Sitt Attivities
	Q.B3	·	Frequency of Participation in cite Activities
	Q.B4	•.	Time Spent Socializing/Visiting Friends at Site
	0.B9	•	Food Usually Tasted Good
	4 · –	•	Perceived Savings from Eating Service Meal
	Q.B10		belcelved 244 tide chousing 2644 to mean
	Q.B11	:	Awareness of Site Shopping Assistance
	Q:B13	'•	Use of Site Shopping Assistance
	0.B14	:	Awareness of Size Medical Assistance
	0.B15	•	Use of Site Medical Assistance

Independent Variable Set #2

15 miles	a gathfung Out
Q.C1 :	Frequency of Getting Out of the House
0.03.	Ability to Clean and Maintain Home
0 01-02+	Number of Illness-Related Doctor Visits in Past lear
Q.D4	Time in Hospital/Nursing Home in Past Year
0.04	cale in Hospitalith
4.012 :	Self-rated Current Health
Q.D13 :	Health Relative to Last Tear's
Q.E1 :	Fat Δlone at Home
0.E4 :	Normal Moal Preparation
0.E6	Frequency of Inviting Others to Eat at Home
	Friedfield of Transport
Q.E8 :	Eating Enjoyment
Q.E9 :	Rated Nutritiousness of Meals Generally Eaceil
Q.F2 \:	Anticipating DOING Something Nove Week
Q.F9e	Frequency of Feeling Depressed/Very Unhappy During
Q.136 .	note the Mooks
	Past Few Weeks
Q.G1 :	Attendance at Religious Services
Q.G5c :	Continuing Encouragement from Someone who Attends
	Camp Doligious Services to Attend Meal Sive
0.06	Membership in Clubs, Lodges, or Other Social
Q.G6 :	Membership in orazo, adages, or Other soora
<i>\</i>	Organizations
Λ	



Independent Variable Set #2 (Continued)

Q.H2 : Perceived Income Sufficiency

Q.II : Marital Status

Q.I5 : Age

Q. 16 : Education

Q.19 : Reported/Estimated 1981 Family Income

Q.L7 : Gender

Q.L8 : Minority Status

Isolation

Isolation is a composite variable combining an individual's scores on the following items.

Q.14 : Live Alone

Q.F6 : Have Enough Friends Q.F7 : Presence of Confidante

0.G8/G9: Have Living Children Who Visit

The higher the score, the more isolated elderly were considered to be

Results for Congregate Dining Participants

The regression equation for independent variable set #1 accounted for 9.6 percent of the variance of awareness, F, 15 and 1028 df, = 7.3, p < .01. Significant univariate F values were found for each of the following variables in this regression equation:

Q.A10 : F = 6.7, p < .01 Q.B2 : F = 36.7, p < .01 Q.B3 : F = 13.9, p < .01 Q.B4 : F = 9.8, p < .01 Q.B14 : F = 14.1, p < .01

The regression equation for <u>independent variable set #2</u> accounted for 9.2 percent of the variance of awareness, F, 24 and 1193 df, = 5.0, p < .01. Significant univariate F values were found for each of the following variables in this regression equation:

Q.C1 : F = 10.3, p <.01 Q.D13 : F = 4.6, p <.05 Q.F9e : F = 8.2, p <.01 Q.H2 : F = 8.2, p <.01 Q.L7 : F = 9.2, p <.01 Q.L8 : F = 8.1, p <.01



Results for Former Participants

The regression equation for <u>independent variable set #1</u> accounted for 19.2 percent of the variance of awareness, F, 15 and 95 df, = 1.5, p > .05. Because the optimally weighted combination of independent variables did not yield a statistically significant F value, no further analyses were conducted.

The regression equation for <u>independent variable set #2</u> accounted for 17.1 percent of the variance of awareness, F, 24 and 135 df, = 1.2, p > .05. Because the optimally weighted combination of independent variables did not yield a significant F value, no further data are presented.

Illustrative Tabulations

The following tables are designed to illustrate multivariate findings discussed in the text. If a predictor variable was highly skewed or an analysis was based upon a small sub-sample, and hence it was unlikely to yield an observable difference in a cross-tabular format, it has been excluded from the following illustrative tables.

<u>Table</u>			<u> Ýage</u> ,
Awareness of Site of Contribut	Nutrition Education Policy	ion by Perception	J - 5
Awareness of Site of Participa	Nutrition Education in Site Activ	ion by Frequency vities	J-6
Awareness of Site	Nutrition Educating at Site (Visiti	ion by Frequency ing With Friends)	Accessor of the first of the second of the s
	Nutrition Education Assistance	ion by Awareness	J-8
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Awareness of Site Sufficiency	Nutrition Educati	ion by Perceived Inco	me J-14



QUESTION E14 BY A10

AWARENESS OF SITE NUTRITION EDUCATION BY PERCEPTION OF CONTRIBUTION POLICY

SITE PARTICIPANTS

	,	Ţ	FOTAL		POST	[-1975 S	ITES	PRE-	1975 SIT	ES	RE(CENT ENTI	RY	LOI	NGER TERI	M
	v.	DON- ATION	CHARGE	FREE	DON- ATION	CHARGE	FREE	DON- ATION	CHARGE	FREE	DON- ATION	CHARGE	FREE	DON- ATION	CHARGE	FREE
TOTAL	1 1	1211	339	179	642	187	72	569	152	107	573	178	101	638	161	78
YES	• .	675 56			385 2 % 60 %		33 % 46	290 6% 519			249 % 439		30 30	426 679		45 \$ 58\$
NO.	\ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \	326 27 ⁵	100		157 98 258		27 % 37	169 7 % 30	46 30	43 8 40	195 \$ 349		44 8 43	131 6 209	48 309	
DON'T KNOW		209 17		34 % 19	99 98 159	37 % 20%		110 7% 19		22 8 21	129 % 235		27 8 27			s a Treat
NO RESPONSE		1	1 *	0	1 *) *	0		0		0 % 0	0	10	0	1	0	0



QUESTION E14 BY B3

AWARENESS OF SITE NUTRITION EDUCATION BY FREQUENCY OF PARTICIPATION IN SITE ACTIVITIES

SITE PARTICIPANTS

					·											
		TOTAL		POST	-1975 S	ITES	PR	-1975	SITES	RE	CENT E	NTRY	LO	ICER TE	RM	
						at the second second				RARELY/ NEVER						
TOTAL		480	529	449	239	283	230'	241	246	219	198	248	244	282	281	205
YES		324 689								94 '% 43%				1 1		
NO	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	103 219								67 38 318						
DON'T KNOW		53 119		127 b 289						57 5% 26%						
NO RESPONSE		0	1	1	0					1.			1			

QUESTION E14 BY B4

AWARENESS OF SITE NUTRITION EDUCATION BY FREQUENCY OF SOCIALIZING AT SITE

SITE PARTICIPANTS

			T	OTAL		POST-	1975 9	SITES	PRE	1975 S	ITES	RECE	NT ENT	RY	LONG	ER TER	M	
				SOME	A BIT/ NO TIME	A LOT OF TIME	SOME	A BIT/ NO TIME		SOME		A LOT OF TIME		NO :	- 6	SOME	A BIT/ NO TIME	
TOTAL			737	571	423	376	311	213	361	260	210	313	274	267	424	297	156	
YES			474 64%	285 50%	166 39%							167 53 1					75 48 %	
NO			166 23%	180 32%	158 37%	74 20%		82 39%			76 36%		107 39%			73 25%		
DON'T KNOW		;	97 13 %	104 18%	99 24%	43 11%	52 179		54 159		47 22%		63 3 23%	68		41 14%)
NO RESPONSE			0,0	2	0	0	1 *	0	0	1 1%	0	0	1	0	0	1	0	

NUTRITION

QUESTION E14 BY B14

MARENESS OF SITE NUTRITION EDUCATION BY AWARENESS OF SITE SHOPPING ASSISTANCE

SITE PARTICIPANTS

				J	IF LUM	ICII MIII				
	TOTAL		POST-1			1975 ES	RECEN ENTR		LONCI TERI	
	AWARE /	NOT AWARE	AWARE	NOT AWARE	AWARE	NOT AWARE	AWARE	NOT AWARE		NOT AWARE
TOTAL	911	476	451	279	460	197	404	230	507	246
YES	587 64%	200 42%		135 49 9		65 \$ 33\$	222 559	71 31%	365 72%	129 53%
NO	196 22%	220 46%	93 219	107 389			107 269	131 5 57%	89 18%	89 36%
DON'T KNOW	127 14%	55 12%	57 139	37 5 139	70 15		75 19 9	27 12%	52 10%	28 11%
NO RESPONSE	1	1 *	1 *	0	0		0	1 *	1 *	0

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QUESTION E14 BY C1

AWARENESS OF SITE NUTRITION EDUCATION BY GENERAL MOBILITY

(FREQUENCY OF GETTING OUT OF THE HOUSE)

SITE PARTICIPANTS

	TOTAL		POST-197 SITES	5	PRE-197 SITES		RECENT ENTRY		NGER ERM
	HOUSE	LESS F	EAVE HO	ESS I	LEAVE HO	ESS I	LEAVE HOU HOUSE LE	ISE LEAVE	LESS
TOTAL	1405	328	730	173	675	155	681 1	74 724	154
YES	780 55%	145 44%	426 58%	82 47%	354 53%	63 41%	307 45%	54 473 31% 6	91 5% 59%
NO	390 28%	115 35%	186 26%	60 35%	204 30%	55 35%	224 33%	75 166 43% 2	
DON'T KNOW	233 17%		117 16%	31 18%	116 17%	37 24%	-	45 84 26% 1	23 2% 15%
NO RESPONSE	2	0,	1,	° 0	1 *	0	1 *	0 1	* 0

QUESTION E14 BY D13

AWARENESS OF SITE NUTRITION EDUCATION BY SELF-RATED CURRENT HEALTH RELATIVE TO LAST YEAR'S

		SITE PARTICIPANTS		
	TOTAL BETTER SAME WORSE	POST-1975 SITES PRE-1975 SITES BETTER SAME WORSE BETTER SAME WORSE		LONGER TERM BETTER SAME WORSE
TOTAL	337 1120 269	163 588 148 174 532 121	174 548 131	163 572 138
YES	187 600 135 56% 54% 5	95 333 78 92 267 57 0% 58% 57% 53% 53% 50% 47%		
NO	88 325 89 26% 29% 3	36 156 52 52 169 37 3% 22% 26% 35% 30% 32% 31%		
DON'T KNOW	61 195 44 18% 17% 1		43 120 30 5 25% 22% 23°	
NO RESPONSE	1 0 1	1 0 0 0 0 1 1% 1% 0 0 0 0 19	0 0 1 0 0 1	1 0 0 18 0 0





QUESTION E14 BY F9E

AWARENESS OF SITE NUTRITION EDUCATION BY FREQUENCY OF FEELING DEPRESSED/VERY UNHAPPY

SITE PARTICIPANTS

	T	OTAL) (00 qp) (to 40) 40 Al	POST-19)75 SII	ES	PRE-1	1975 SIT	ES	REC	ENT EN	TRY	LON	GER TEF	W
	OFTEN/ SOME- TIMES R	ARELY 1		OFTEN/ SOME- TIMES RA	ARELY 1		OFTEN/ SOME- TIMES R		· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	OFTEN/ SOME- TIMES R	ARELY	NEVER	OFTEN/. SOME- TIMES	RARELY	NEVER
TOTAL	488	433	793	255	207	431	233	226	362	257	215	372	231	218	421
YES	215 44 %			121 47%		266 62¶		114 \$ 50\$		91 \$ 36 \$					293 5 % 70 %
NO	170 35%		215 8 278	91 36%		106 24%	79 1 341		109 1 30%	100 \$ 39%		125 % 349	70 % 30		90 1% 21%
DON'T KNOW	102 21%		106 13 1	43 17%	43 21 %	59 14%	59 25%			65 8 25%			37 % 16		38 48 98
NO RESPONSE	-1 *	0	0	0	0	0	1 18	0	0	1 *	0	0	0	0) 0



QUESTION E14 BY L7

AWARENESS OF SITE NUTRITION EDUCATION BY GENDER

SITE PARTICIPANTS

	 					• • • • • •				5. C. C. C.	
in the second se		TOT	[AL	P0ST-1 S111		PRE-	1975 TES	RECEN ENTR		LONGE TERM	
	M	ALE	FEMALE	MALE I	FEMALE	MALE	FEMALE	MALE F	EMALE	MALE	FEMALE
TOTAL	•	473	1256	259	641	214	615	244	610	229	646
YES		219 46%	702 56%	124 48%	381 59 1	95 44 %	321 52%	89 37%	271 . 45%	130 57%	431 67%
NO		159 34%	346 28%	82 32%	164 269	77 36%	182 30%	89 36%	210 34%	70 30%	136 21%
DON'T KNOW		95 20%	206 16%	53 20%	95 15 9	42 20%	111 18%	66 27%	128 21%	29 13%	78 12%
NO RESPONSE		0	2) 0 0	1 *	0	1 *	0	1 *	0	↓ 1 *

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NUTRITION

VAVE II

QUESTION E14 BY LB

AWARENESS OF SITE NUTRITION EDUCATION BY MINORITY STATUS

c	•	TE	PAR	TIC		HTC
- 3		16	PAK		משו	NI.

* .														
	•	TO	TAL	POST- S I		PRE-1	975 TES	RECE ENT		LON(
		MINO- RITY	NON- MINO- RITY	MINO-	NON- MINO- RITY	MINO- RITY	NON- MINO- RITY	MINO- RITY	NON- MINO- RITY	MINO- RITY	NON- MINO- RITY			
TOTAL	• .	321	1407	203	696	118	711	157	697	164	710			
YES		156 49%	765 54%	105 52%	399 57%	51 43 %		50 32%	311 45%	106 65%	454 64 %			
NO		123 38%	381 27%	73 36%	173 25%	50 42%	208 29%	74 47%	224 ° 32%	49 30%	157 22%			
DON'T KNOW		42 13%	259 19%	25 12%	123 , 18%	17 15%	136 19%	33 21%	161 23%	9 5%	98 14%			
NO RESPONSE		0	2	0	1 *	0	1 *	0	1	0 0	1 *			

QUESTION E14 BY H2

AWARENESS OF SITE NUTRITION EDUCATION BY PERCEIVED INCOME SUFFICIENCY

		e e					SITE PAR	TICIPA	NTS							
			TOTAL		POST	1975	SITES	PRE	-1975	SITES	REC	ENT EN	TRY	LO	NGER TI	ERM
			FAIRLY WELL	POORLY	Lei L	FAIRLY WELL	POORLY		FAIRLY WELL	1		AIRLY WELL	POORLY		FAIRLY WELL	POORLY
TOTAL		578	905	228	293	471	127	285	434	101	273	446	126	305	459	102
YES	•	321 55	481 \$ 539	111 499		262 \$ 56			219 % 51			189 6 439			292 5% 649	64 63 4
NO		- 1	258 299	63 279	79 \ 27				127 \$ 29	and the second second	. 15	152 8 349			106 5% 231	18 184
DON'T KNOW		80 14	164 9 189	54 8 249	41 8 14	1		39 % 14	87 % 20		53 19	104 \$ 235		27 % 9		20 19%
NO RESPONSE		0	2	0	0	1.*	0	0	1), *	0	0	. 1	0	0	1	0



APPENDIX K

PARTICIPATION IN SITE NUTRITION EDUCATION

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Multivariate	Analyses	•		•	K-2
Illustrative	Tabulations			•	K-4

Multivariate Analyses

Multiple regressions were utilized to assess the relationships between elderly participation in site nutrition education and two sets of variables.

Independent Variable Set #1

0.A8	:	Trouble Getting to the Site
0.A10	:	Perception of Contributions Policy
Q. A10a	:	Increased Contribution
Q.A12	:	Opinion of Meal Cost
Q. B2	•	Awareness of Site Activities
Q.B3	:	Frequency of Participation in Site Activities
Q. B4	:	Time Spent Socializing/Visiting Friends at Site
Q.B9	:	
	:	
Q.B11 -		Awareness of Site Shopping Assistance
Q.B13	:.	Use of Site Shopping Assistance
Q.B14	:	Awareness of Site Medical Assistance
n R15	• .	Use of Site Medical Assistance

Independent Variable Set #2

	Q.C1	:	Frequency of Getting Out of the House
	Q.C3	: .	Ability to Clean and Maintain Home
	0.D1-D2	2:	Number of Illness-Related Doctor Visits in Past Year
	Q.D4	•	Time in Hospital/Nursing Home in Past Year
	Q. D12		Self-rated Current Health
	0.D13		Health Relative to Last Year's
			Eat Alone at Home
	Q.E1		
	~ ·	:	Normal Meal Preparation
	Q.E6		Frequency of Inviting Others to Eat at Home
	Q.E8		Eating Enjoyment
	Q.E9	:.	Rated Nutritiousness of Meals Generally Eaten
	0.F2	:	Anticipating Doing Something Next Week
	Q.F9e	:	Frequency of Feeling Depressed/Very Unhappy During
	7		Past Few Weeks
	0.G1		Attendance at Religious Services
. '	Q.G5c		Continuing Encouragement from Someone who Attends
	q. apc	•	Same Religious Services to Attend Meal Site
	0.06		Membership in Clubs, Lodges, or Other Social
	Q.G6	•	
		٠,	Organizations



Independent Variable Set #2 (Continued)

Q.H2 : Perceived Income Sufficiency

O.II : Marital Status

Q.15 : Age

0.16 : Education

Q.19 : Reported/Estimated 1981 Family Income

O.L7 : Gender

Q.L8 : Minority Status

<u>Isolation</u>

Isolation is a composite variable combining an individual's scores on the following items.

Q.I4 : Live Alone

Q.F6: Have Enough Friends

Q.F7 : Presence of Confidente

Q.G8/G9: Have Living Children Who Visit

The higher the score, the more isolated elderly were considered to be.

Results for Congregate Dining Participants

The regression equation for independent variable set #1 accounted for 9.6 percent of the variance of participation, F, 15 and 1028 df, = 7.3, p < .01. Significant univariate F values were found for each of the following variables in this regression equation:

Q.A10 : F = 5.5, p < .05 Q.B2 : F = 20.2, p < .01 Q.B14 : F = 4.1, p < .05

The regression equation for independent variable set #2 accounted for 5.6 percent of the variance of participation, F, 24 and 1439 of, = 3.5, p < .01. Significant univariate F values were found for each of the following variables in this regression equation:

Q.C1 : F = 10.8, p < .01 Q.F9e : F = 4.0, p < .05 Q.G5c : F = 8.6, p < .01 Q.L7 : F = 6.9, p < .01 Q.16 : F = 4.6, p < .05

Results for Former Participants

The regression equation for independent variable set #1 accounted for 19.5 percent of the variance of participation, F, 15 and 95 df, = 1.5, p > .05. Since the optimally weighted combination of independent variables did not yield a statistically significant F value, no further data are presented.

The regression equation for <u>independent variable set #2</u> accounted for 10.4 percent of the variance of participation, F, 24 and 187 df, = 0.9, p > .05. Because a significant F value did not obtain, no further data are presented.

Illustrative Tabulations

The following bivariate tables are designed to illustrate multivariate findings discussed in the text. Tables are provided for those relationships whose distributions were neither highly skewed nor based upon small sub-samples.

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Participate in Site Nutrition Education by Educat	ion K-10







QUESTION E15 BY A10

PARTICIPATION IN SITE NUTRITION EDUCATION BY PERCEPTION OF CONTRIBUTION POLICY

BASE = THOSE WHERE SUCH IS AVAILABLE

SITE PARTICIPANTS

			T0	TAL		P0S1	-1975 SI	TES	PRE-1	975 SITI	: ES	R	ECEN	NT ENTR	?Y	LON	IGER TERM	
W.			 DON-			DON:			nnn-	,		DON-				DON-	CHARGE	
TOTAL		• • • • • •	1211	339	179	642	187	72	569	152	107	573		178	101	638	161	78
PERCENT ASI	KED	•	 675 569	175 5 529		385 60 ⁹	90 48	33 \$ 46\$	290 51 9	85 56	42 8 39	249 % 4	3%	82 469	30 30	426 % 679	93 589	45 \$ 58\$
YES	•	A)	496 419	123 369	59 33 ⁹	290 4 45	65 8 35	25 % 35%	206 369	58 s 38	34 % 32	161 28 2	8%	51 29	22 % 22	335 % 539	72 8 45	37 % 47%
NO			176 159	51 \ 159	16. 8 9	93 % 14		8. % 11%	83 1 159	27 18	8			31 17				8 10%
DON'T KNOW	ļ. 	· · ·	2 *		0	1 *	0		1 *	0	0))	*	0	0	1 *	0	0
NO RESPONS	E	;	1	1 *	0	1 *	1	0 % 0	0	0	0))	0	0	0	1 *	1 1	8 0

QUESTION E15 BY B14

PARTICIPATION IN SITE NUTRITION EDUCATION BY AWARENESS OF SITE MEDICAL ASSISTANCE

SITE PARTICIPANTS

• • •												
		TOTAL		POST-1		PRE-1 SITI		RECEN ENTR		LON TEI	GER RM	
•	· .	AWARE	NOT WARE	AWARE	NOT AWARE	AWARE	NOT AWARE	AWARE	NOT AWARE	AWARE	NOT AWARE	
TOTAL		911	476	451	279	460	197	404	230	507	246	•
PERCENT ASKED	7	587 64%	200 42%	300 679	135 48%	287 629			71 31%	365 729		•
YES	···	435 48%	146 31%	230 519	101 36%	205 459	45 8 23%	143 35%	46 20%	292 58		
NO		149 16%	54 11%	68 15 9	34 12%		20 10%	78 19 9	25 11%	71 149	29 12%	
DON'T KNOW		1 *	0	0	0	1 *	00	1 *	0	0	0 0	
NO RESPONSE		2 *	0	2	0	0	0	0	0	2 *	0	

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QUESTION E15 BY C1

PARTICIPATION IN SITE NUTRITION EDUCATION BY GENERAL MOBILITY

(FREQUENCY OF GETTING OUT OF THE HOUSE)

BASE = THOSE WHERE SUCH IS AVAILABLE

SITE PARTICIPANTS

								`.			
		ATOTA	L	POST-19		PRE-1 SITE		RECENT ENTRY		LONG Ter	ER M
		LEAVE HOUSE	LESS	LEAVE I	LEAVE HOUSE LESS OFTEN	LEAVE HOUSE	LEAVE HOUSE LESS OFTEN	LEAVE HOUSE	LEAVE HOUSE LESS OFTEN	LEAVE HOUSE	LEAVE HOUSE LESS OFTEN
TOTAL*	e englise. Sa	1405	328	730	173	675	155	681	174	724	154
PERCENT ASKED		780 56%		426 58%		354 5 529			54 3 319	473 \$ 65 %	91 59%
YES		576 41%	102 31%	316 43%	64 ['] 37 ⁹	260 399			34 5 20 ⁵	376 5 52%	68 44%
NO		201 14%	42 13%	108 15%	17 10		25 16		20 11 ⁵	_	22 14%
DON'T KNOW		2 *	0	1	0	1 *	0	1 *	0	1 *	0
NO RESPONSE		1	·. 1 .	1 *	1 1	0 8 0	0	0	0	1 *	1 1%

QUESTION E15 BY F9E

PARTICIPATION IN SITE NUTRITION EDUCATION BY FREQUENCY OF FEELING DEPRESSED/VERY UNHAPPY

BASE = THOSE WHERE SUCH IS AVAILABLE

SITE PARTICIPANTS

	10	TAL		POST-19	75 SIT	ES	PRE-1	975 SITE	ES	RECE	NT ENT	RY	LONG	ER TERM	
	OFTEN/ SOME- TIMES RAI	RELY N		OFTEN/ SOME- TIMES RA	RELY N		OFTEN/ SOME- TIMES RA	ARELY NE		OFTEN/ SOME- TIMES RA	IRELY N	• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •	OFTEN/ SOME- TIMES R/	ARELY N	EVER
TOTAL	488	433	793	255	207	431	233	226	362	257	215	372	231	218	421
PERCENT ASKED	215 44%	232 54%	472 609	121 47 %	118 57%	266 621		114 50%			89 41%	179 48 %	124 54%		293 70%
YES	148 30%	174 40%	352 449			198 469	61 8 26%		154 43%	55 21%		118 329		* * <u></u>	234 56%
NO	66 14 %		118 159	33 8 13%		66 15 %			-52 14%	36 14%	29 13%	61 16%	30 13%	14 May 2	57 148
DON'T KNOW	0	1	1 *	0	0	1	0	1 *	0	0	1	0	0	0	1 *
NO RESPONSE	1	0	1 *	1	0	1 *	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	6	1 *

QUESTION E15 BY L7

PARTICIPATION IN SITE NUTRITION EDUCATION BY GENDER

BASE = THOSE WHERE SUCH IS AVAILABLE

SITE PARTICIPANTS

				J						
	тот	TOTAL		1975 ES	PRE-1 SI1	1975 TES	RECE ENT		LONGER TERM	
	MALE	FEMALE	MALE	FEMALE	MALE	FEMALE	MALE	FEMALE	MALE	FEMALE
TOTAL	473	1256	259	641	214	615	244	610	229	646
PERCENT ASKEO	219 46%	702 56%	124 48%	381 59%	95 44%	321 52%	89 36 %	271 44%	130 57%	. 431 67 %
YES	149 32%	526 42 %	83 32%	295 46%	66 31%	231 38%	54 22 9	179 29%	95 41%	347 54%
NO	70 15%	172 14%	41 16%	83 13%	29 14%	89 14%	35 14%	91 15%	35 15%	81 13%
DON'T KNOW	0	2	0	1 *	0	1 *	0 0	1 *	0 0	1 *
NO RESPONSE	0	2	0	2	0	0	0	0	0	2 *

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QUESTION E15 BY 16

PARTICIPATION IN SITE NUTRITION EDUCATION BY EDUCATION

BASE = THOSE WHERE SUCH IS AVAILABLE

SITE PARTICIPANTS

$H_{ij} = \frac{1}{2} \left(\frac{1}{2} - \frac{1}{2} \right)$																
		TO	TAL.		POST-	1975 SI	TES	PRE-19	75 SITE	ES	RECE	NT ENTF	} Y	LONGE	r term	
		0 - 8 YEARS		MORE	0 - 8 YEARS			-								MORE
TOTAL		721	699	303	373	354	170	348	345	133	320	368	164	401	331	139
PERCENT ASKED		356 499			202 54%											
YES	•	272 389	281 40%	40%	154 41%	153 431	70 s 41%	118 349	128 379	52 k 39%	83 261	105 3 299	46 28%	189 479	14	
NO		81 119	109 16%	52 17%							30 91					
DON'T KNOW		2	0	0	1	0	0	1 *		0	•	0		1	0	0
NO RESPONSE		1	1 *	0	1.	1 *	0	0		0	0	0	0	1	1	0

APPENDIX L

AWARENESS OF SITE SHOPPING ASSISTANCE

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			•			,	ray
Multivariate	Analyses	:					L-2
Illustrative	Tabulations				:		 L-4



Multivariate Analyses

Multiple regressions were utilized to assess the relationships between awareness of site shopping assistance and two sets of variables.

Independent Variable Set #1

Q.A1 :	Frequency of Attendance
O. A8 :	Trouble Getting to the Site
Q.A1O:	Perception of Contributions Policy
Ò.A10a :	Increased Contribution
	Opinion of Meal Cost
	Awareness of Site Activities
Q.B3 :	Frequency of Participation in Site Activities
Q.B4 :	Time Spent Socializing/Visiting Friends at Site
Q.B5 :	
0.B9 :	Food Usually Tasted Good
0.B10 :	Perceived Savings from Eating Service Meal
0.B13 :	Use of Site Shopping Assistance
Q.B14 :	
. ∩ R15 •	Use of Site Medical Assistance

Independent Variable Set #2

		
0.C1	:	Frequency of Getting Out of the House
Ò.C3	:	Ability to Clean and Maintain Home
Q.D1-D	2:	Number of Illness-Related Doctor Visits in Past Year
Q.D4	:	Time in Hospital/Nursing Home in Past Year
Ò.D12	:	Self-rated Current Health
Ò.D13	:	Health Relative to Last Year's
Q.E1	:	Eat Alone at Home
Ò.E4	:	Normal Meal Preparation
Ò.E6	:	Frequency of Inviting Others to Eat at Home
0.E8	:	Eating Enjoyment
Q.E9	:	Rated Nutritiousness of Meals Generally Eaten
Q.F2	:	Anticipating Doing Something Next Week
Q.F9e	:	Frequency of Feeling Depressed/Very Unhappy During
4		Past Few Weeks
Q.G1	:	Attendance at Religious Services
Q.G5c		
		Same Religious Services to Attend Meal Site
Q.G6	:	Membership in Clubs, Lodges, or Other Social Organizations

Independent Variable Set #2 (Continued)

Q.H2 : Perceived Income Sufficiency

Q.Il : Marital Status

Q. I5 : Age

Q. I6 : Education

Q.19 : Reported/Estimated 1981 Family Income

0.L7 : Gender

Q.L8 : Minority Status

Isolation

Isolation is a composite variable combining an individual's scores on the following items.

Q.I4 : Live Alone

Q.F6 : Have Enough Friends
Q.F7 : Presence of Confidante

Q.G8/G9: Have Living Children Who Visit

The higher the score, the more isolated elderly were considered to be.

Results for Congregate Dining Participants

The regression equation for independent variable set #1 accounted for 81.9 percent of the variance of awareness, F, 14 and 1029 df, = 331.9, p < .01. Significant univariate F values were found for each of the following variables in this regression equation:

Q.A1 : F = 11.9, p < .01 Q.B3 : F = 6.6, p < .05 Q.B14 : F = 4.5, p < .05

The regression equation for independent variable set #2 accounted for 8.2 percent of the variance of awareness, F, 24 and 1419 df, = 5.3, p < .01. Significant univariate F values were found for each of the following variables in this regression equation:

Q.Cl : F = 9.4, p < .01 Q.E9 : F = 5.6, p < .05 Q.F2 : F = 4.9, p < .05 Q.F9e : F = 7.2, p < .01 Q.L7 : F = 6.8, p < .01 Isolation F = 4.5, p < .05



Results for Former Participants

The regression equation for independent variable set #1 accounted for 92.2 percent of the variance of awareness, F, 14 and 96 df, = 80.6, p < .01. Significant univariate F values were found for each of the following variables in this regression equation:

The regression equation for <u>independent variable set #2</u> accounted for 17.0 percent of the variance of awareness, F, 24 and 180 df, = 1.5, p > .05. Because the optimally weighted combination of variables did not yield a statistically F value, no further data are presented.

Results for Home-Delivered Meal Recipients

The regression equation for <u>independent variable set #1</u> accounted 88.0 percent of the variance of awareness, F, 10 and 258 df, = 188.5, p < .01. Significant univariate F values were found for each of the following variables in this regression equation:

The regression equation for <u>independent variable set #2</u> accounted for 11.5 percent of the variance of awareness, F, 23 and 218 dF, = 1.2, p > .05. Because the optimally weighted combination of independent variables did not yield a statistically significant F value, no further data are presented.

Illustrative Tabulations

The following bivariate tables are designed to illustrate multivariate findings discussed in the text. If a predictor variable's distribution was highly skewed or a relationship was based upon a small sample size, and thus, it was unlikely to reveal an observable relationship in a cross-tabular format, it has been excluded from these illustrative tables.

<u>Table</u>			Page
Awareness of Site Attendance	Shopping Assistance	by Frequency of	L - 6
Awareness of Site Contribution	Shopping Assistance	e by Perception Of	L-7



Awareness of Site Shopping Assistance by Frequency of Participation in Site Activitie Awareness of Site Shopping Assistance by Awareness of Site Medical Assistance L- Awareness of Site Shopping Assistance by Use of Site Medical Assistance L- Awareness of Site Shopping Assistance by General Mobility (Frequency of Getting Out of the House) L- Awareness of Site Shopping Assistance by Frequency of Feeling Depressed/Very Unhappy L- Awareness of Site Shopping Assistance by Gender L-		
Participation in Site Activitie Awareness of Site Shopping Assistance by Awareness of Site Medical Assistance Awareness of Site Shopping Assistance by Use of Site Medical Assistance L- Awareness of Site Shopping Assistance by General Mobility (Frequency of Getting Out of the House) L- Awareness of Site Shopping Assistance by Frequency of Feeling Depressed/Very Unhappy L- Awareness of Site Shopping Assistance by Gender L-	<u>Table</u>	<u>Page</u>
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Assistance Awareness of Site Shopping Assistance by General Mobility (Frequency of Getting Out of the House) L- Awareness of Site Shopping Assistance by Frequency of Feeling Depressed/Very Unhappy L- Awareness of Site Shopping Assistance by Gender L-	Awareness of Site Shopping Assistance by Awareness of Sit Medical Assistance	:e
(Frequency of Getting Out of the House) Awareness of Site Shopping Assistance by Frequency of Feeling Depressed/Very Unhappy L- Awareness of Site Shopping Assistance by Gender L-		cal L-10
Depressed/Very Unhappy L- Awareness of Site Shopping Assistance by Gender L-		′ L-11
		eling L-12
Awareness of Site Shopping Assistance by Isolation L-	Awareness of Site Shopping Assistance by Gender	L-13
	Awareness of Site Shopping Assistance by Isolation	L-14

QUESTION U11 BY A1

AWARENESS OF SITE SHOPPING ASSISTANCE BY FREQUENCY OF ATTENDANCE

SITE PARTICIPANTS

																****		- No 1
	· ·	IOTAL	140-446-	POST-	1975 \$	SITES	PRE-	1975 \$	SITES	RECE	NT ENT	RY	LON	IGER TE	ERM .	F	ORMER	4 m 4 4
	PER	TIMES PER	LESS	4-5 TIMES PER WEEK	TIMES PER	LESS	TIMES PER	PER	LESS		TIMES PER	LESS	4-5 TINES PER WEEK	TIMES PER	LESS	PER	1-3 TIMES PER WEEK	LESS
TOTAL -	804	654	260	409	340	142	395	314	118	343	334	164	461	320	96	89	82	68
YES	239	135 211	29 11 1	111 274	71 5 214	12 9	128 329	64 201	17	92 279	66 201	19 12			10 10	for the same of the	9 k 11%	7 10%
NO .		\$504 771	226 87%			128 90				247 729			312 4 689	249 6 78 9		71 80%	•	59 87 %
DON'T KNOW	6 1	13 8 29		_	1 *		4					4 2	•	2 19	,1 19	0	4 5%	2
NO RESPONSE	0 4 0	2		0			0	1 *		0	2		0	0	0	0	0	0

QUESTION B11 BY A10 AWARENESS OF SITE SHOPPING ASSISTANCE BY PERCEPTION OF CONTRIBUTION POLICY FORMER PARTICIPANTS DON-1 CHARGE FREE PREPARED BY OPINION RESEARCH CORPORATION



OUESTJON BII BY B3

TOTAL

NO

DON'T KN

NO RESPONSE

AWARENESS OF SITE SHOPPING ASSISTANCE BY FREQUENCY OF PARTICIPATION IN SITE ACTIVITIES

SITE PARTICIPANTS

TOTAL			POST-1975 SITES			PRE-1975		SITES	RECENT ENTRY			LONGER TERM		
AL-	SOME- TIMES	RARELY/ NEVER	AL- WAYS	SOME-	RARELY/ NEVER	AL- WAYS	SOME- TIMES	RARELY/ NEVER	AL- WAYS	SOME- TIMES	RARELY/ NEVER	AL- WAYS	SOME- R	ARELY/ NEVER
480	529	.449	239	283	230	241'	246	219	198	248	244	282	281	205
150 31	j22 v 123	95 21	69 \$ 29	60	44 18 19	81 349	62 8 25	51 5% 23%	60 30	56 % 23	45 38 18	90 % 329	66 24%	50 ,249
324 68	401 8 76	, .346 % <i>>77</i>	168 \$ 70	, 221 8 78	183 3% 80'	156 8 659	180 73	163 38 759	133 67	. 187 % 75	194 88 80	191 689	214 76%	152 74 9
4° 4.	6 8 – il	3 8, 2	1 1	2	3 % 1	3 } 19	4	5 2% 2%	3	5 % 2	5 2% 2	•	1	3 29
2	0	0.	1	0)) 0			0	2′	0 % (0	0		0

QUESTION B11 BY B14

AWARENESS OF SITE SHOPPING ASSISTANCE BY AWARENESS OF SITE MEDICAL ASSISTANCE

SITE PARTICIPANTS

		*******				\$ 110HP
,		TOTAL	POST-1975 SITES	PRE-1975 / REC		HOME DELIVERED MEALS
		NOT AWARE AWARE	AWARE AWARE	NOT AWARE AWARE AWARE	NOT NOT AWARE AWAR	
TOTAL		911 476	451 279	.460 197 404	230 507 24	6 -88 227
YES		275 69 30% 15	128 35 8 28% 13%	147 34 111 328 178 2	D 644 (#2.)	8' 35 13 15% 40% 6%
NO		627 405 69% 85		306 162 285 67% 82% 71		8 51 213 85% 58% 94%
DON!T KI	YOW."	8 18 *	2 0 1% 0	6 1 7 18 18 6	1	0 2 1 1 0 2% *
NO RESPO	ONSE.	1, 1	0 † 0 *	1 0 1 * 0 7	1 0 1	0 0 0

WAVE 11

QUESTION B11 BY B15 .

AWARENESS OF SITE SHOPPING ASSISTANCE BY USE OF SITE MEDICAL ASSISTANCE

**************************************	HOME DELIVER MEALS	RED ·	
	<u>USE</u>	DON'T USE	
TOTAL	47	39	
YES	23 49% 24	12 319 26	
	° 51%	679	
DON'T KNOW	0	1 29	
NO RESPONSE	0_	0_	
The second secon	0	. 0	



NUTRITION WAVE II

QUESTION B11 BY C1

AWARENESS OF SITE SHOPPING ASSISTANCE BY GENERAL MOBILITY

(FREQUENCY OF GETTING OUT OF THE HOUSE)

SITE PARTICIPANTS

	•				•		V	* * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * *	2 3 5 5 50	•′ .
	1077	L L			PRE- SIT		RECENT ENTRY		LONGE TERM	
	LEAVE HOUSE DAILY	LEAVE HOUSE LESS OFTEN		LEAVE HOUSE LESS OFTEN	LEAVE HOUSE DAILY	HOUSE	HOUSE	IOUSE LESS	LEAVE H	EAVE 10USE LESS OFTEN
TOTAL	1405	328	730	173	675	155	681	1)4	724	154
YES	333 249	7.2 2.29			185 % 27		151 22%	28 16%	182 25%	44 28%
ÑO	1049 759		577 8 79	123 % 71	472 % 70		511 [#] 8 75%	140 81%		109 71%
DON'T KNOW	21 - 19	7 29	ե _ր 4	3 % 2		4 ^{\$} 8 39		6 3%	1%	1 18
NO RESPONSE	2 *	0	1 *	0	1 *	°0.	2	0	0	0



QUESTION BILL BY FOE

AWARENESS OF SITE SHOPPING ASSISTANCE BY FREQUENCY OF FEELING

DEPRESSED/VERY UNHAPPY

/ SITE PARTICIPANTS

,		*	- A	1.							, 	ادغام خادات				## > ##			
.•••		· ·	•		T(TAL		POST-1	1975 \$11	ES	PRE-	1975 SIT	ES ,	REC	ENT ENT	RY	LONGE	R TERM	1
)) :			OFTE SOME TIME	•	RELY	<u>never</u>	OFTEN/ SOME- TIMES I	RARELY I	<u>NEVER</u>	OFTEN/ SOME- TIMES	RARELY N	EVER	OFTEN/ SOME- TIMES R	ARELY N		OFTEN/ SOME- TIMES RA	RELY N	VER
TOTAL		• •		48	8	433	793	255	207	431	233	226	362	257	215	372	231	218	421
YES				13	7 28%	101 23	163 8 2]!	66 269	45 8 229	80 199	//1 k/ 31	56 % 25%	83 23	68 27%	44	67 189		57 26%	96 23%
NO			· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	34	2 70%	324 75	618 8 78	185 729	162 8 789	347 809	157 6 67	162 % 72%	271 75	181 * % 70%	164 76%	296 80%	161 70%,	160 73%	322 76%
DON'T	KNOW	t .			9 2%	8) 10 % 1	8 , 2º	0 k 0	3 19	5 k 2	8 8 38	7 2'	8 % 3%	. 7 3 %	7	1	18	3 18
NO RES	SPONSE	y".		a	0	0	2	0	0	1 *	0	0	1 *	0	0	2	0	0	0

NUTRITION WAVE II

QUESTION B11 BY L7

YES

DON'T KNOW

NO RESPONSE

AWARENESS OF SITE SHOPPING ASSISTANCE BY GENDER

SITE PARTICIPANTS

		<u></u>				,			
тот	AL	POST-1 SITE		PRE- S I	1975 TES	REC EN		LONG	
MALE	FEMALE	MALE F	EMALE	MALE	FEMALE	MALE	FEMALE	MALE	FEMALE
473	1256	259	641	214	615	244	610	229	646
79 17%	325 26%	40 16%	155 24%	39 18%	170 28%	35 149		44 19%	182 28%
 389 82%	906 72%	216 83%	481 75%	173 81%	425 69 %	205 849	446 73%		460 71%
5 1%	23 ූ 2%	3 1%	4	2 1%	19 3 %	4 29	19 3%	1 1%	4
0 0	2 *	0 0	1 *	0	1 *	0 0	² *	0	0 20:0

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NUTRITION

QUESTION B11 BY ISOLATION INDEX AWARENESS OF SITE SHOPPING ASSISTANCE BY ISOLATION

SITE PARTICIPANTS

			T(OTAL	•		-1975 ITES			-1975 ITES			CENT NTRY			ONGER TERM	
			ISOL	ISOL-	EXTR- EMELY ISOL-		MORE ISOL-	EXTR- EMELY ISOL- ATED	LESS ISOL-	MORE ISOL-	EXTR- EMELY ISOL- ATED	ISOL-	MORE ISOL-		ISOL-	MORE E	
TOTAL			438	285	297	226	142	149	212	143	148	224	127	156	214	158	141
YES	: 	r	100 23	55 % 19		47 21	27 % 19	31 9% 21	53 % 25	28 5% 20	42 3 289		20 % 16	35 % 239	55 26	35 229	38 27%
NO				226 8 79	219°	178	1.13	. 117	153 % 72	113 28 0 79	102 98 699	173	104	116	158	122	103
OON'T KNOW	al e		7 2	, %	5 2% 2%		2		ه (⁶	2	4 1% 3 ⁹		3	5 % 39	1 *	1 19	& 0 0
NO RESPONSE	5.		1 0	w. 0	0		· 0	0 0	0			. 0 . 0) <u>(</u>	0), 0		0 0	0

INOEX VALUES RANGE FROM 5 TO 14 LESS ISOLATEO = \$5-7 MORE ISOLATED = 8 EXTREMELY ISOLATED = 9-14





APPENDIX M

UTILIZATION OF SITE SHOPPING ASSISTANCE

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Multivariate Analyses

Multiple regressions were employed to assess the relationships between elderly awareness of site shopping assitance and two sets of variables.

Independent Variable Set #1

0.A1 :	Frequency of Attendance
₹ Q.A8 :	Trouble Getting to the Site Care
Q.A10 :	Perception of Contributions Policy
	Increased Contribution
	Opinion of Meal Cost
	Awareness of Site Activities
0.B3 :	Frequency of Participation in Site Activities
0.B4 :	Time Spent Socializing/Visiting Friends at Site
Ò.B5 :	Pleasantness of Meal Site
*0.B9 :	Food Usually Tastes Good
∞0.B10 :	Perceived Savings from Eating Service Meal
0.B11 :	Awareness of Site Shopping Assistance
0.B14 :	Awareness of Site Medical Assistance
0.B15 :	Use of Site Medical Assistance

Independent Variable Set #2

Q.C1	:	Frequency of Getting Out of the House
0.C3	• •	Ability to Clean and Maintain Home
0.01-02	i post	Number of Illness-Related Doctor Visits in Past Year
0.D4	•	Time in Hospital/Nursing Home in Past Year
0.D12	:	Self-rated Current Health
	•	Health Relative to Last Year's
Q.D13		
• •		Eat Alone at Home
	:	Normal Meal Preparation
~ Q.E6	:	Frequency of Inviting Others to Eat at Home .
0.E8	:	Eating Enjoyment
Q.E9	:	Rated Nutritiousness of Meals Generally Eaten
Q.F2	•	Anticipating Doing Something Next Week
0.F9e		Frequency of Feeling Depressed/Very Unhappy During
Q.136	• .	Past Few Weeks
Q.G1	:	Attendance at Religious Services
Q.G5c	•	Continuing Encouragement from Someone who Attends
4.400	•	Same Religious Services to Attend Meal Site
Q.G6	:	Membership in Clubs, Lodges, or Other Social
, ,	•	Organizations
and the second second		· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·



Independent Variable Set #2 (Continued)

0.H2:4%: Perceived Income Sufficiency

Q. I1 Marital Status

Q.15 Age

Education Q. I6

Q.19Reported/Estimated 1981 Family Income in

0.L7

Q.L8 Minority Status

Isolation

Isolation is a composite variable combining an individual's scores on the following items.

Q. I4 : Live Alone

Q.F6 : Have Enough Friends

Presence of Confidante Q.F7

Have Living Children Who Visit

The higher the score, the more isolated elderly were considered to be.

Results for Congregate Dining Participants

The regression equation for independent variable set #1 accounted for 81.4 percent of the variance of service utilization, F, 14 and 1029 df, = 321.5, p < .01. A significant univariate F value was found for the following variable in this regression equation:

Q.B3 :
$$F = 5.4$$
, p < .01

The regression equation for independent variable set #2 accounted for 4.9 percent of the variance of service utilization, F, 24 and 1435 df, = 3.1, p < .01. Significant univariate F values were found for each of the following variables in this regression equation:

$$Q.C1 : F = 6.8, p < .01$$

$$0.012 : F = 3.9, p < .05$$

$$0.F9e : F = 5.2, p < .05$$

$$0.17 \cdot : F = 4.2, p < .05$$

$$0.19$$
: $F = 9.3$, $p < .01$

Isolation
$$F = 8.3$$
, $p < .01$



Results for Former Participants

The regression equation for independent variable set #1 accounted for 92.4 percent of the variance of service utilization, F, 14 and 96 df, = 82.8, p < .01. Significant univariate F values were found for each of the following variables in this regression equation:

0.A1	F = 6.5	p < .05
O.A10	F = 8.5.	p < .01
Q.B2	F = 4.0,	p < .05
Q. B5	F = 6.2	p < .05

The regression equation for <u>independent variable set #2</u> accounted for 16.5 percent of the variance of service utilization, F, 24 and 187 df, = 1.5, p > .05. Because the optimally weighted combination of independent variables did not yield a statistically significant F value, no further data are presented.

Results for Home-Delivered Meal Recipients

The regression equation for independent variable set #1 accounted for 86.5 percent of the variance of service utilization, F, 10 and 258 df, = 165.4, p < .01. Significant univariate F values were found for each of the following variables in this regression equation:

The regression equation for independent variable set #2 accounted for 8.3 percent of the variance of service utilization, F, 23 and 221 df, = 0.9, Because the optimally weighted combination of independent variables divised a statistically significant F value, no further data are presenced.



Illustrative Tabulations

The following bivariate tables are designed to illustrate multivariate findings discussed in the text. If a predictor variable's distribution was highly skewed or a relationship was based upon a small sample size, and thus, it was unlikely to reveal an observable relationship in a cross-tabular format, it has been excluded from these illustrative tables.

Use of Site Shopping Assistance by Frequency of Socializing at Site	M-6
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Use of Site Shopping Assistance by Annual (1981) Family Income	° M-12
Use of Site Shopping Assistance by Isolation	M-13



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QUESTION B13 BY B3.

USE OF SITE SHOPPING ASSISTANCE BY FREQUENCY OF SOCIALIZING AT SITE

DASE = THOSE'WHO SAY HELP IS OFFERED

SITE PARTICIPANTS

		TOTAL	P()ST-197	5, SITES	************* **********************	PRE	1975 S	ITES	RE	CENT EN	ITRY	LON	GER TERM	
		SOME" RARI TIMES, NE	ELY/ AL Ver way	- SOM	RARE NEV	LY/ Er 'W	AL- S IAYS, 1	SOME- R	ARELY/ NEVER	AL-	SOME - R	ARELY/ NEVER	AL- VAYS	SOME- RA TIMES N	RELY/ EVER
TOTAL	480	529	449 23	9	2	30	241 `	246	219	198	248	244 -	282	281	205
PERCENT ASKED	150 31%	122° 23%	95 21%	9. 29 V	60 713	44 19%	81 34%	°62 25%	51 23%	60 - 30%	56 239	45 18%	90 32%	66 23%	50 24%
WHENEVER OFFERED	63 13%	29 5%	17	711	15 5%	9.	36 15%	14 6%	8	24 12%	12 50	6 2%	39 14%	17 6%	11 5%
ONLY OCCASIONALLY	35 7%		16	68	21 7%		21 9%			11° 6%	15 69	,		23 8%	12 6%
NEVER USED	51 11%	54 10%	59 2 13%				23 10%		34 16%		,			26 9%	25 12%
DON'T KNOW	0	0	1 *	0	0	1	0	•0 0	.0	0	0	0	0	0	1,
NO RESPONSE	1 *	1 *	2 *	0 /	0	2 1%	1 *	1	0	1 1%	1	1 *	0	, 0 0	1

QUESTION B13 8Y C1

QUESTION B13 8Y C1
USE OF SITE SHOPPING ASSISTANCE BY GENERAL MOBILITY

(FREQUENCY OF GETTING OUT OF THE HOUSE)

8ASE = THOSE WHO SAY HELP IS OFFERED

, ∰				• *	SILE	RITCIF	ייייי	1.1.1.1.1.1	·	
•	ATOL	L	POST-1 SITE		PRE-19 SITES	75	RECENT ENTRY		LONGE TERM	
•	LEAVE HOUSE	LEAVE HOUSE - LESS I OFTEN	LEAVE/ HOUSE	LESS		LESS !	LEAVE I HOUSE	LESS	LEAVE H HOUSE	
TOTAL	1405	3.28	730	173	675	155	681	174	724	154
PERCENT ASKED ~	333 24%	72 22%	148 20%			25 16%	151 22%	28 16%	* 182 25%	
WHENEVER OFFERED	93 7%	28 9%		17 10%			38 6%	•	-	20 13%
ONLY OCCASIONALLY	.78 6%	15 5%	31 4%	11 6%		4 3%		3 29	49 7%	12 8%
NEVER USED	155 11%	29. 9%	.74 10%	, 19 , 11%	81 12%	10 6%	79 12%		76 10%	12 8%
DON'T KNOW	. 3	0	. 3	0.	0	0	2	, 0	1 *	,0
NO RESPONSE	4 *	0	*2 *	0	∞2 *	0	*	0	1 *	0 .

QUESTION B13 BY D12

USE OF SITE SHOPPING ASSISTANCE BY SELF-RATED CURRENT HEALTH

BASE = THOSE WHO SAY HELP IS OFFERED

SITE PARTICIPANTS

/		9		100	^				. •				·		
	TOT	ÁL		POST-1	975 SI	TES	, PRE-	1975 S	ITES	REC	NT ENI	ſŖŸ	LON	GER TEI	RM
f.	EXCEL-	COOD/ F AVC	AIR/ E	XCEL- (COOD/ I	FAIR/ POOR	EXCEL- Lent	GOOD/ AVG	FAIR/ POOR	EXCEL- LENT	GOOD/	FAIR/ POOR	EXCEL- LENT	GOOD/	FAIR/ POOR
TOTAL.	220	1073	427	110	539	246 '	110	534	181	110	521	223	110	552	204
PERCENT ASKED		240 22%	117 27%	23 21%	107 , 20%	62 25%	21 198	133 259	55 ,305	18 169	101 199	60 8 27	26 % 24	139 8 25	57 6 - 28%
WHENEVER OFFERED	15 7%	69 6%	36√ 8%	7 6%	28 5%	20 8%	8 7%	41 89	16	5 5 5,5	. 25 s 59	16 8 7	10 % 9	44.	20 10%
ONLY OCCASIONALLY	6	.60 6%	27 6%			`12 `5%	12	34 64	15 89	0	23 49	9	6 t	37 % 7	
NEVER USED		108 10%	51 12%	12 11%	≠51 .9%	27.	10 9%	57 5 118	24 5 , 13 ⁹	12 8 11 ⁹	51 109	33 15	10 % 9	57 % 10	and the second second
DON'T'KNOW	0	2 ,	1 *	Q A	2	1 (*	0	0		_	1 *	1 *	0	1	0
NO RESPONSE	1 *	1	2	0	0	2 1%	* 1 18	\^1 } ^**	. 0	1	1 *	, 1	0	0	1 *

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NUTRITION WAVE II

QUESTION B13 BY F9E

USE OF SITE SHOPPING ASSISTANCE BY FREQUENCY OF FEELING

DEPRESSED/VERY UNHAPPY

BASE = THOSE WHO SAY HELP IS OFFERED

SITE PARTICIPANTS

		٠٠.		01112 171						
	ŢO	TAL	P0ST-197	5. SITES	PRE-19	75 SITES	RECE	NT ENTRY 🖖	LONGER TERI	1
	OFTEN/ SOME- TIMES RA	RELY NEVER	OFTEN/ SOME- TIMES RAR	ELY, NEVER	OFTEN/ SOME- TIMES RA	RELY NEVER	OFTEN/ SOME- TIMES RAI		OFTEN/ SOME- TIMES RARELY Y	NEVER
TOTAL /	488	A33 _Q 793	′255	207 431	233	226 362	257	215 372	231 - 218	421
PERCENT ASKED	137 • 28%	101 163 23% 21%	66 5 26%	45 × 80 22% 19	71 % 30%	56 83 25% 23	68 % 26%	44 67 20% 18%	69 57 30% 269	
,	• • •	a			•		•			
WHENEVER OFFERED	41 . 8%	30 · 49 7% 6%		12 24 6% 6			17 % 7%	11 ' 18 5% 5%		31 % 7%
ONLY OCCASIONALLY	34 1 7%	19 38 4% 5%	15 6%	6 ' 19 3% 4		13 19 6% 5	11. % '4%	7 14 38 48	23 12 10% 6	24 8 68
NEVER USED	56 11%	52 75 12% 99	28 11%	27 37 13% 9	28 % 12%	25 ** 38 11% 10	36 % 14%	26 34 128 9%	20 26 9% 129	
DON'T KNOW	3 1%	0 0'	, 3 1%	0 0	0	0 0	2 1%	0 0	1 0 * 0	O. O
NO RESPONSE	3 1%	0 1, 0 *	2 1%	0 0	1	0 1	2 1%	0 1	1 0 * 0	0 0

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QUESTION B13 BY C6

USE OF SITE SHOPPING ASSISTANCE BY MEMBERSHIP IN CLUBS/ORGANIZATIONS

BASE = THOSE WHO SAY HELP IS OFFERED

SITE PART

3.4	TOTA	L g	POST- SIT	1975 ES , ,	PRE-197 SITES	75	RECENT ENTRY		LONGE TERM	
		NOT A MEMBER		NOT A MEMBER M		NOT A MEMBER M				NOT A MEMBER
TOTAL	801	927	432	470	369	457	357	495	444	432
PERCENT ASKED	157 20%	246 27%		124 26%			71 20%	107 22%	86 19%	
.WHENEVER OFFERED	4 ⁸ 9 6 %	72 8%	21 5%	34 . 7%	28 8%	-38 8%	20 6%	₹6 58	29 · 7%	46 119
ONLY OCCASIONALLY	36 4%	57 6%	13	29	23 , 6%	28 6%	17 5%	15 3%	19 4%	42 10%
NEVER USED	70 9%				34 9%	55 12%	ø33 9%	62 13%	37 8%	50 12*
DON'T KNOW	1 *	2	1	2	0 0	o	0 '	2 *	1.	0
NO RESPONSE	1 *	3	0	2	1	1	1	2 *	· 0 0	i



NUTRITION WAVE IF

QUESTION B13 BY L7
USE OF SITE SHOPPING ASSISTANCE BY GENDER
BASE = THOSE WHO SAY HELP IS OFFERED

SITE PARTICIPANTS

			,		
	TOTAL	POST-1975 SITES	PRE-1975 SITES	RECENT ENTRY	LONGER TERM
	MALE FEMALE	MALE FEMALE	MALE FEMALE	MALE FEMALE	MALE FEMALE
TOTAL,	473 1256	259 641	214 615	244 610	229 646
PERCENT ASKED	79 [°] 325 17% 2	40 155 6% 15% 24%		35 143 14% 23%	44 182 5 19% 28%
WHENEVER OFFERED	16 105 3%`	7 48 8% 3% 79	9 57 s 4% 9%	5 41 2% 7%	11 64 5% (10%
ONLY OCCASIONALLY	12 81 3%	5 37 6% 2% 6%	7 44 s 3% 7%	5 27 2% 4%	7 54 ° 3% 8%,
NEVER USED	48 135 10% 1		22, 68 10% 11%	23 72 9% 12%	25 63 11% 10%
DON'T KNOW	1 *. 4	f 1 2 * * *	o o	0 2	1 0
NO RESPONSE	2 2	, 1 1 * * *	1 1	2 1 1% *	0 1

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NUTRITION - WAVE II

QUESTION B13 BY 19
USE OF SITE SHOPPING ASSISTANCE BY ANNUAL FAMILY INCOME

BASE = THOSE WHO SAY HELP, IS OFFERED

			•		SITE	PARTIC	IPANTS			
	101	ΓAL	POST-	1975 > TES		1975 TES	RECEI ENTI		LONG TER	
%	LT. \$6K	\$6K+	LT \$6K	\$6K+	LT \$6K	\$6K+	LT \$6K	\$6K+	\$6K	\$6K+
TOTAL	901	759	469	394	432	365	423	398	478	361
PERCENT ASKED	283. 31%	111 15%	136 29%	56 14%	147 34%	55 15%	115 27%	59 15%	168 35%	52 14%
WHENEVER OFFERED	103 11%	15	47 10%	7 2%	56 13%	® 8 2%	38 ₉ 9%	7 2%	65 14%/	8 2%
ONLY OCCASIONALLY	68 8%	23	31: 7%	11 3%	_*	- 12 - 3%	21 5%	10 3%	47 10%	13
NEVER USED	108 12%	71 9%	55 12%		53 12%	35 10%		41 10%		- 30 8%
DON'T KNOW	1 *	°2 ★ ø	1	2 1%	0	ِ وَ 0	1 *	1 *	, O	*1
NO RESPONSE	*	0 0	2 *	0	1	0	*	, o.	1 *	°0 0



QUESTION B13 BY ISOLATION INDEX

USE OF SITE SHOPPING ASSISTANCE BY ISOLATION.

•	1 30		SIT	TE PARTICIPAN	TS		1	
	TOTAL		POST-1975 SITES	PR	E-1975 SITES	RECENT ENTRY	, sab	LONGER TERM
		- ISOL- I	LESS MORE SOL- ISOL-	ISOL- "ISOL-		LESS MORE E ISOL- ISOL- I ATED ATED	SOL- ISOL-	MORE EMELY ISOL- ISOL- ATED ATED
TOTAL	438, 28	5 297	226 142	149 212	143 148	224 127	156 214	,158 141
PERCENT ASKED	100 5: 23%	5 73 19% 25%	47 27 21% 19			45 20 % 20% 16%		35 38 5% 22% 27%
WHENEVER OFFERED	26 1: 6%	5 28 5% 9%	• •		7 19 6% 5% 13	12 2 % 5% 2%	12 14 8% 7	13 £16 78 88 11%
ONLY OCCASIONALLY		2 16 4% 5%		9 13 18 68		10 5 4% 4%	3 14	7 13 7% 4% 9%
NEVER USED	49 21 11%	7 27 9% 9%	21 14 .9% 10	11 28 0% 7% 1			19 27 12% 13	15 8 3% 9% 6%
DON'T KNOW .	0, ,	0 2 0 1%	0 0		0 0 0	0,0	1 0	0 1
NO RESPONSE	1	1 0 * 0	1 0 * 0	0 0) 1 0 0 1% 0	1, (1)		0 0

FOOTNOTE: INDEX VALUES RANGE FROM 5 TO 14

LESS ISOLATED = 5-7

MORE ISOLATED = 8

EXTREMELY ISOLATED = 9-14

APPENDIX N

AWAREN	ESS OF SITE MEDICAL ASSISTANCE	
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Multivariate Analyses

Multiple regressions were utilized to assess the relationships between elderly awareness of site medical activities and two sets of variables.

Independent Variable Set #1

Q.A8 : Trouble Getting to the Site
Q.A10 : Perception of Contributions Policy
Q.A10a: Increased Contribution

Q.A10a: Increased Contribution Q.A12: Opinion of Meal Cost

Q.B2 : Awareness of Site Activities

Q.B3 : Frequency of Participation in Site Activities Q.B4 : Time Spent Socializing/Visiting Friends at Site

Q.B9 : Food Usually Tasted Good

0.B10 : Perceived Savings from Eating Service Meal

Q.B11 : Awareness of Site Shopping Assistance

Q.B13 : Use of Site Shopping Assistance Q.B15 : Use of Site Medical Assistance

Independent Variable Set #2

Q.C1 : Frequency of Getting Out of the House

Q.C3 : Ability to Clean and Maintain Home

Q.D1-D2: Number of Illness-Related Doctor Visits in Past Year

Q.D4 : Time in Hospital/Nursing Home in Past Year

Q:D12 : Self-rated Current Health

O.D13 : Health Relative to Last Year's

O.El : Eat Alone at Home

Q.E4 : Normal Meal Preparation

0.E6 : Frequency of Inviting Others to Eat at Home

Q.E8 : Eating Enjoyment

Q.E9 : Rated Nutritiousness of Meals Generally Eaten

Q.F2 : Anticipating Doing Something Next Week

Q.F9e : Frequency of Feeling Depressed/Very Unhappy During

Past Few Weeks

0.G1 : Attendance at Religious Services

Q.G5c : Continuing Encouragement from Someone who Attends

Same Religious Services to Attend Meal Site

Q.G6 : Membership in Clubs, Lodges, or Other Social

Organizations



Independent Variable Set #2 (Continued) -

```
: Perceived Income Sufficiency
```

Q.II : Marital Status

Q. 15 Age

: 16س Education

0.I9 : Reported/Estimated 1981 Family Income

Q.L7

Minority Status 0.L8

Isolation

Isolation is a composite variable combining an individual's scores on the following items.

O. I4 : Live Alone

Q.F6 : Have Enough Friends Q.F7 : Presence of Confidante

Q.G8/G9: Have Living Children Who Visit

The higher the score, the more isolated elderly were considered to

Results for Congregate Dining Participants

The regression equation for independent variable set #1 accounted for 76.6 percent of the variance of awareness, F, 14 and 1029 df, = 240.3, p<.01. Significant univariate #F values were found for each of the following variables in this regression equation:

.Q.A10 : F = 6.3, p < .05Q.B2 : F = 7.5, p < .01

: F = 8.4, p < .01Q.B4

0.B11 : F = 4.5, p < .05

The regression equation for independent variable set #2 accounted for 8.1 percent of the variance of awareness, F, 24 and 1163 df, = 4.3, p < .01. Significant univariate F values were found for each of the following variables in this regression equation: 🧲

F = 7.9, p < .01

Q.D12 : F = 6.2, p < .05 Q.F2 : F = 8.6, p < .01

Q. I1 : F = 3.9, p < .05



Results for Former Participants

The regression equation for <u>independent variable set #1</u> accounted for , 81.6 percent of the variance of awareness, F, 14 and 96 df, = 30.3, p < .01. A significant univariate F value was found for the following variable in this regression equation:

Q.B15
$$F = 296.7, p < .01$$

This relationship indicates that those who utilized the service were very likely to be aware of its availability. Because no significant univariate F values did obtain for other factors in this set, no further data are presented.

The regression equation for independent variable set #2 accounted for 26.9 percent of the variance of awareness, F, 24 and 140 df, = 2.1, p < .01. Significant univariate F values were found for each of the following variables in this regression equation:

Q.D12
$$F = 4.3$$
, $p < .05$
Q.I9 $F = 11.0$, $p < .01$

Results for Home-Delivered Meal Recipients

The regression equation for independent variable set #1 accounted for 88.4 percent of the variance of awareness, F, 10 and 258 df, = 197.3, p < .01. Significant univariate F values were found for each of the following variables in this regression equation:

The regression equation for independent variable set #2 accounted for 13.7 percent of the variance of awareness, F, 23 and 164 df, = 1.1, p > .05. Because the optimally weighted combination of independent variables did not yield a statistically significant F value, no further data are presented.

Illustrative Tabulations

The following tables are designed to illustrate multivariate findings discussed in the text. If a given a predictor variable-was highly skewed or an analysis was based upon a small sub-sample, and hence it was unlikely to yield an observable difference in a cross-tabular format, it has been excluded from the following illustrative table.

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Awareness of Site Medical Assistance by Marital Status	N-13



QUESTION B14 BY A10

AWARENESS OF SITE MEDICAL ASSISTANCE BY PERCEPTION OF CONTRIBUTION POLICY

SITE PARTICIPANTS

						A										
	•	Ţ	OTAL		POS	T-1975 S	SITES	PRE-	1975 SIT	ES	RE	CENT ENTI	₹Y	LO	NGER: TER	N
4	: u \	DON- ATION	CHARGE	FREE	DON- ATION	CHARGE	FREE	DON- ATION	CHARGE	FREE	DON- ATION	CHARGE	FREE	DON- ATION	CHARGE	FREE
TOTAL		1211	339	179	642	187	72	569	152	107	573	178	101	638	161	78
YES		670 55	162 % 489	77 5 43	347 38 54 ⁹	80 8 43	23 3% 32	323 % 57	82 - % 54	54 8 50	289 % 50	79 8 449	35 8 34	381 % 60	83 \$ 51	42 % 54 %
NO .		304 25	110 329	60 8 33	186 3% 29	63 31	- 29 18 40	118 % 21	\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\	31 % 29	135 % /241	59 6 339	34 8 34	169 % 26	51 8 32	26 % 33%
DON' T, KNOW		236 20			109 3% 17	44 8 2:	19 3% 26	12 <u>7</u> 5% 22	22	22 % 21	148 8 / 26	39 329	31 31	88 8 14	27 17	10 % 13%
NO RESPONSE		1 *	1	1	0 1% 0	0	1	1 %	1	8 0	/ 1	1 19	1 } 1	8 0	0	0

QUESTION B14 BY B4

TOTAL

YES

DON'T KNOW

NO RESPONSE

AWARENESS OF SITE MEDICAL ASSISTANCE BY FREQUENCY OF SOCIALIZING AT SITE

CI	TC	D	RTI	M	D٨	NTC
31	IC	r	ITI	ы	ГΛ	NIJ

	T	OTAL		POST-	1975 SI	ITES	PRE-	1975 S	ŢES	REÇE	NT ENT	RY	LONG	R TERN	
	A LOT OF TIME	SOME	NO	Á LOT OF TIME	SOME	NO .	OF	SONE	10	A LOT OF TIME	SOME	NO ·	0F	A BIT/ SOME NO TIME TIME	d.
	737	5 / 1	423	376	311	213	361	260	210	313	274	267	424	297 156	
	440 60%	281 499	187 1448	209 55%	150 48%	90 42%	231 64%	131 50%	97 . 46%	178 579	118 43%	106 40%	262 62%	163 81 55% 5	24
	17,7 24%	158 289	141 33%	112 30%	88 28%	79 37%	65 18%	70 27%	62 30%	69 229	75 28 %	86 32%		83 55 28% 3	
•	120 16%	.131 . 239	93 8 22%	55 15%	72 23%	44 21%	65 18 %	59 23%	49 23%	66 219				51 20 17% 1	
	0.	1 1	2	` 0 0		0	.0	0	2	0		2 1%			0

QUESTION B14 BY B11

AWARENESS OF SITE MEDICAL ASSISTANCE BY AWARENESS OF SITE SHOPPING ASSISTANCE

SITE PARTICIPANTS

	•										
		TOTA	L,	POST-19		PRE-19 SITE		ÆĈCENT ENTRY		LONG TER	
		AWARE	NOT AWARE	AWARE	NOT AWARE	AWARE	NOT AWARE		NOT NWARE	AWARE	NOT AWARE
TOTAL		405	1300	195	700	210	600	179	653	226	647
YES	al .	275 689	627 48%				/306 51%				342 5 53%
NO		69 179	405 31%	35 [^] 18%	243 35%		162 27%	31 17%	197 30%		-208 • 32%
DON'T KNOW	•	61 Å 159	265 21%	32 16%	135 19%	5	130 22%	37 21%	168 26%	24 119	97 15%
NO RESPONSE		0	3	.0	1/	0	2 *	0	3	0	0

AWARENESS OF SITE MEDICAL ASSISTANCE BY AWARENESS OF SITE SHOPPING ASSISTANCE

	DELIVERED , MEALS		
	AWARE	NOT AWARE	
TOTAL	64	342	
YES	35 55%	51 15%	
NO	13 20%	213 629	
DON'T KNOW	16 25%	78 239	
NO RESPONSE	0	0	

QUESTION B14 BY C1

AWARENESS OF SITE MEDICAL ASSISTANCE BY GENERAL MOBILITY

(FREQUENCY OF GETTING OUT OF THE HOUSE)

SI	TE	DΔ	PΤ	1	DAN	ITS
.,,			E & 1		T AL	

0	TOTA	L	POST-1		PRE-1 SITE		RECENT ENTRY		LONGI Teri	
	LEAVE	LESS		HOUSE LESS	LEAVE House	LESS	LEAVE I	LESS	LEAVE I	LEAVE HOUSE LESS OFTEN
TOTAL	1405	328	730	173	675	155	681	174	724	154
YES	7 769 55%		379 52%		390 58%			65 .38%	430 59%	77 50%
NO ,	360 26%	115 35%		66 38 \	447 22%	49 324	171 25%	58 33 9		
DON'T KNOW	273 19 %	714 229	137 19%	35 20 %				51 299	105 15%	20 13%
NO RESPONSE	3	0 0	1	0	2	0	3 *•	0	0	0

NUESTION B14 BY D12

TOTAL

YES

NO

DON'T KNOW

NO RESPONSE

WARENESS OF SITE MEDICAL ASSISTANCE BY SELF-RATED CURRENT HEALTH

SITE PARTICIPANTS

) m ed 44 (P()ST-1	 1975 SI	TES	PRE-	1975 . SI	TES	ŘECE	NT ENT	RY	LON	GER TEI	}M
. •	EXCEL-	AVG 1	FAI	IR/ DOR	EXCEL- LENT	GOOD/ AVG	FAIR/ POOR	EXCEL-	COOD/ F AVG	AIR/ POOR	EXCEL- LENT	GOOD/ AVG	FAIR/ POOR	EXCEL- LENT	GOOD/ AVG	FAIR/ POOR
	220	1073	ا	427	110	539	246	110	534	181	110	521	223	110	552	204
	131 601	588 \ 55	%	190 44%	64 . 58	285 3539	å 101 6 41¹	67 61%	'303 57%	89 49	64 96 589	254 499	86 39	67 % 61	334 % 760	104 % 51%
	49	268		152	27 3 25	150 % 28 ⁹	99 40	22 \$ 20\$	118 3 22%	53 29	20 % 189			% 2(8 348
	39	216 % 20		84 201	19	104 % 19	45	20 % 189	112. 21%	' 39 22	25 2 % 23 ⁹	139 8 279	53 21	14 18 1	77 3% 14	8·, 15%
	1	1	,	1:	0	0	1	• 1 % 19	1	, 0	1) 1	1	1,	, '' 0 k	0 . 0) 0

NUTRITION WAVE, II

QUESTION B14 BY F2

TOTAL

/ES

VO.

OON'T KNOW

NO RESPONSE

AWARENESS OF SITE MEDICAL ASSISTANCE BY LOOKING FORWARD TO SOMETHING NEXT WEEK

, SITE PARTICIPANTS

	TOTAL	•	POST-197 SITES		PRE-1975 SITES		RECENT ENTRY	LONGER TERM
	OKING RWARD	NOT	LOOKING FORWARD	<u>NOT</u>	LOOKING FORWARD	NOT	LOOKING FORWARD NOT	LOOKING FORWARD NOT
•	863	870	470	432	393	438	396 460	467 410
."	506 59 %	404 • 47%	252 54%	198 46%	254 65%	206 47%	223 181 56% 39%	283 223 61% 55%
• .	196 23%	279 32%	126 27%	153 35%	70 18%	126` 29%	70 159 ,18% 35%	126 120 27% 29%
	160 18%	185 21%	91 19%	81 19%	X ⁶⁹ 17%		102 118 26% 26%	58 67 12% 16%
	1 *	2 *.	. 1	0	0	2 *	1 2	0 0

QUESTION B14 BY 11

AWARENESS OF SITE MEDICAL ASSISTANCE BY MARITAL STATUS

(NOT MARRIED CATEGORY INCLUDES SEPARATED, WIDOWED, DIVORCED, AND NEVER MARRETED)

			SITE	PARTICIPAN	ITS ,	gr	
	TOTAL	POST-197			ECENT ENTRY	LONGER TERM	
	NOT MAR- MAR- RIED RIED		T AR- MAR- ED RIED	NOT MAR- MAI RIED RIE		MAR*	IÓT VAR- R1ED
TOTAL	596 1139	328 5	575 ' 268	564 /25	6 561	300	578
Yes	-343 · 568 58% 5	0% 54%	478 618	514	かいけんりつおみか	63%	318 55%
NO		04 264	195 53/ 34% 20%	200			178 31%
DON'T KNOW	115 230 19% 2	65 0% 20%	107 50 19% 19%	123	72 148 24% 26	43 148	14%
NO RESPONSE	1	2 0 * 0	1 1	1	1 2	0	10

APPENDIX 0

LUTILIZATION OF SITE MEDICAL ASSISTANCE

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Λ 1



Multivariate Analyses

Multiple regressions were employed to assess the relationships between elderly utilization of site medical assitance and two sets of variables.

Independent Variable Set #1

0.A8 :	Trouble Getting to the Site
Q.A10 :	Perception of Contributions Policy
Q.A10a :	Increased Contribution
	Opinion of Meal Cost
กิดชั	Awareness of Site Activities
U B3'	Frequency of Participation in Site Activities
0.B4 :	Time Spent Socializing/Visiting Friends at Site
ъ0.В9 :	Food Usually Tastes Good
70 B10 .	Perceived Savings from Fating Service Meal
ο B11 · ·	Awareness of Site Shonning ASSISUANCE
Q.B13 :	Use of Site Shopping - Shopping 735 Tance
0 B14	Awareness of Site Medical Assistance

Independent' Variable Set #2

• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •	
Q.C1 :	Frequency of Getting Out of the House
0.02	Ability to I lose sed Mainidil Pyro
0 D1_D2•	Number of Illness_pelated DUCCC' *(Sits in Pasc's~)
0.01-02.	Time in Hospital/Nursing Home in Past Year
Q.D4 :	Time in nospital/Nursing nome 45t real
Q.D12 :	Self-rated Current Health
0.D13 :	Health Relative to Last Year's
	Eat Alone at Home
.Q.Ε4 :	Normal Meal Preparation
0. E6 :	Frequency of Inviting Others to Eat at Home
n FR	Fating Enjoyment
0.E9 :	Rated Nutritiousness of Meals Generally Eaten
0 52 .	Anticipating Doing Compthing NEAL Weak
0.12	Frequency of Feeling Depressed/Very Unhappy During
Q.F9e :	Frequency of reeling pepresson 3 dinappy by
ð	Past Few Weeks
Q.G1 :	Attendance at Religious Services
Q.G5c :	- Continuing Encouvergoment Trull YYMGUNG WAN ATTRIBY
9.000	Same Deligious Services TO AUGING Meal Site
Q.G6 :	Membership in Clubs, Lodges, or Other Social
ų. uo	Organizations
1	UI Yali 12a Ciulis



<u>Independent Variable Set #2</u> (Continued)

Q.H2 : Perceived Income Sufficiency Q.II. : Marital Status

Q. 15 Age

Q. I6 : Education

Q.19 : Reported/Estimated 1981 Family Income

Q.L7 : Gender

Q.L8 Gender Minority Status

Isolation

Isolation is a composite variable combining an individual's scores on the following items.

Q.I4 : Live Alone Q.F6 : Have Enough Friends Q.F7 : Presence of Confidente Q.G8/G9: Have Living Children Who Visit

The higher the score, the more isolated elderly were considered to

Results for Congregate Dining Participants

The regression equation for independent variable set #1 accounted for 75.7 percent of the variance of utilization of site medical assistance, F, 14 and 1029 df, = 229.5, P < .01. A significant univariate F value was found for the following variable in this regression equation:

$$Q.B14$$
 : $F = 2912.1$, $p < .01$

This finding indicates logically, that those who were aware of the service utilized it. Since other significant univariate F values did not obtain, no further data are presented.

The regression equation for independent variable set #2 accounted for 5.2 percent of the variance of utilization, F, 24 and 1435 df, = 3.3, p < .01. Significant univariate F values were found for each of the following variables in this regression equation:

Q.E6 : F = 3.9, p < .05 Q.F2 : F = 4.5, p < .05 Q.G5c : F = 4.0, p < .05 Q.G6 : F = 4.0, p < .05 Q.I1 : F = 5.6, p < .05

Results for Former Participants

The regression equation for <u>independent variable set #1</u> accounted for 80.7 percent of the variance of utilization, F, 14 and 96 df, = 28.6, p < .01. Significant univariate F values were found for each of the following variables in this regression equation:

Q.814
$$F = 296.7, p < .01$$

This demonstrates the finding that those who were aware of the service utilized it. Since other significant univariate F values did not obtain, no further data are presented.

The regression equation for independent variable set #2 accounted for 19.6 percent of the variance of utilization, F, 24 and 186 df, = 1.88, p < .05. Significant univariate F values were found for each of the following variables in this equation.

Results for Home-Delivered Meal Recipients

The regression equation for independent variable set #1 accounted for 86.9 percent of the variance of utilization, F, 10 and 258 df, = 171.3, p < .01. Significant univariate F values were found for each of the following variables in this regression equation:

$$0.811$$
 F = 16.8, p < .01
 0.813 F = 10.0, p < .01

The regression equation for independent variable set #2 accounted for 9.3 percent of the variance of utilization, F, 23 and 220 df, = 1.0, p > .05. Because the optimally weighted combination of independent variables did not yield a statistically significant F value, no further data are presented.

Illustrative Tabulations '

The following bivariate tables are designed to illustrate multivariate findings discussed in the text. If a predictor variable's distribution was highly skewed or a relationship was based upon a small sample size, and thus, it was unlikely that an observable relationship would be yielded in a crosstabular format, the table has been excluded from the illustrative tables.

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NUTRITION WAVE II

QUESTION BIS BY BITZHUS

USE OF SITE MEDICAL ASSISTANCE BY AWARENESS OF SITE SHOPPING ASSISTANCE

BASE - THOSE WHO SAY MEDICAL HELP OFFERED

TIOME DELIVERED MEALS

V	AWARE	NOT AWARE
TOTAL	64	342
PERCENT ASKED	35. 55 %	51 15 %
YES	23 36%	24
NO #	12 19%	26
NO RESPONSE	0	1 *

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QUESTION B15 BY E6

USE OF SITE MEDICAL ASSISTANCE BY FREQUENCY OF INVITING OTHERS TO EAT

BASE = THOSE WHO SAY MEDICAL HELP OFFERED

SITE PARTICIPANTS

		TOTAL		POST-1	975 S	ITES	PRE-1	975 SI	ITES	RECEN	IT ENTR	l Y	LON	GER TE	. , RM
			ELY/	OFTEN]	SOME-	RAR- ELY/ NEVER	SOFTEN T	OME-	RAR- ELY/ NEVER	S	OME-	RAR- ELY/ IEVER		SOME- Times 1	ELY/
TOTAL	293	586	849	153	303	443	140	283	406	149	281	421	144	305	428
PERCENT ASKED	179 61	331 % , 56 ⁵	396 8 47%	79 529	167 55	202 % 46%	100 71%	164 589	194 8 48 %	90 60 1	133 47%	177 428	89 62	198 \$ 659	219 \$ 51 %
YES	93 32	161 8 27	220 26%	43 289	84 \$ 28	113 3 26%	50 36%	77 279	107 8, 26 %	42 289	57 5 20%	92 228	51 35	104 % 341	128 8 30%
NO			175 21%	34° 229	82 ² 8 27	89 '\$ 20%	47· 34%	. 86 309	86 21%			84 20%			
NO RESPONSE	5		1 *			0	3 2%		1		1	1	1.00		0 0
	ų.	A								1.					

QUESTION B15 BY C5C

USE OF SITE MEDICAL ASSISTANCE BY ENCOURAGEMENT TO ATTEND SITE

BASE = THOSE WHO SAY MEDICAL HELP OFFERED

SITE PARTICIPANTS

		TOTAL			POST-1975 SITES		PRE-1975 SITES		T Q Y	LONGER TERM	
	EN COU AGE	 R- (EN- COUR- AGED	NOT EN- COUR- AGED	EN- COUR-	B	EN- COUR- AGED		EN- COUR- AGED	NOT EN- COUR- 'AGED
TOTAL	22	 8	661	136	329	92 .	332	113	267	115	394
PERCENT ASKED			394 60%	60 44%	184 56%	52 57%	210 63%		153 57%		241 61%
YES		3 28%	211 32%	33 24%	102 31%	30 ~33%	109 33%	31 27%		32 28%	145 37%
NO		6 20%	180 27%	26 19%	81 25%	20 22%		19 17%		27 23%	95 24%
NO RESPONSE		3 1%	3 *	1	1 *	2 2%	2 1%		2 1%	3 3%	1 *

QUESTION B15 BY G6

USE OF SITE MEDICAL ASSISTANCE BY MEMBERSHIP IN CLUBS/ORGANIZATIONS

BASE = THOSE WHO SAY MEDICAL HELP OFFERED

		1,		
SI	·TE	PART	ICI	PANTS

			• •				• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •	/		·	
		ATOT	L, '			PRE-1 SIT		RECEI ENTI		LONGE Term	
.		MEMBER	NOT A MEMBER	MEMBER	NOT A MEMBER	MEMBER	NOT A MEMBER	MEMBER	NOT A MEMBER	MEMBER .	NOTLA MEMBER
TOTAL	Fig.	801	927	432	470	369	457	357	495	444	432
PERCENT ASKED		458 579	450 49	240 \$ 56	210 8 45	218 % 59	240 \$ 53	187 529	216 k 44	271 619	234 54%
YES	•	235 291		25	117 \ 25	111 5% 30	122 % 27	80 8 22	111 8 22	155 \$ 359	128 30%
NO		219 [°] 279	207 s 22	115 % 27	91 8 19	104 94 28	116 % 25	106 \$ 30	103 21	113 8 251	104 24%
NO RESPONSE		*	4	1	2	s√ 3 1		1	2	3 19	2 *

QUESTION B15 BY. 11

TOTAL

YES

NO

NO RESPONSE

PERCENT ASKED

USE OF SITE MEDICAL ASSISTANCE BY MARITAL STATUS

(NOT MARRIED CATEGORY INCLUDES SEPARATED, WIDOWED, DIVORCED, AND NEVER MARRIED)

BASE = THOSE WHO SAY MEDICAL HELP OFFERED

	•				SITE PARTICIPANTS								
	TOT	AL	POST- SITI	1975 ES		· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	RECEI Enti	• *	LONGI Teri				
	MAR- RIED	NOT MAR- RIED	B- ED	NOT MAR- RIED	MAR- RIED		MAR- RIED		MAR- RIED	NOT MAR- RIED			
	596	1139	328	575	268	564	296	561	300	578			
	343 58%	568 50%	179 55%	- 272 47%	164 61%	296 52%	154 52%	250 45%	189 63%	318 55%			
	163 27%	313 27%		149 26%		164 29%		126 22%	97 32%	187 32%			
د .	175 29%	252 22%		123 21%	4.1	129 23%		123 22%	89 30%	129 22%			
	5	3	3	0	2	3	2	1	3	2			

APPENDIX P

FREQUENCY OF PARTICIPATION IN SITE ACTIVITIES.

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P-1



Multivariate Analyses

Multiple regressions were employed to assess the relationships between frequency of participation in site activities and two sets of variables. Separate analyses were conducted for each set of variables.

Independent Variable Set #1

Q.A1 : Frequency of Attendance
Q.A8 : Trouble Getting to the Site
Q.A10 : Perception of Contributions Policy
Q.A10a : Increased Contribution
Q.A12 : Opinion of Meal Cost
Q.B2 : Awareness of Site Activities
Q.B4 : Time Spent Socializing/Vjsiting Friends at Site
Q.B9 : Food Usually Tastes Good
Q.B10 : Perceived Savings from Eating Service Meal
Q.B11 : Awareness of Site Shopping Assistance
Q.B13 : Use of Site Shopping - Shopping Assistance
Q.B14 : Awareness of Site Medical Assistance
Q.B15 : Use of Site Shopping Assistance

Independent Variable Set #2

Q.C1 : Frequency of Getting Out of the House : Ability to Clean and Maintain Home 0.C3 Number of Illness-Related Doctor Visits in Past Year 0.D1-D2: Time in Hospital/Nursing Home in Past Year 0.D4 : Self-rated Current Health Q.D12 Health Relative to Last Year's Q.D13 : Q.E1 : Eat Alone at Home Normal Meal Preparation Q.E4 : Frequency of Inviting Others to Eat at Home 0.E6 : Eating Enjoyment 0.E8 Rated Nutritiousness of Meals Generally Eaten 0.E9 Anticipating Doing Something Next Week Frequency of Feeling Depressed/Very Unhappy During 0.F2 Past Few Weeks * Attendance at Religious Services 0.G1 Continuing Encouragement from Someone who Attends 0.G5c Same Religious Services to Attend Meal Site Membership in Clubs, Lodges, or Other Social 0.G6 Organizations



Independent Variable Set #2 (Continued)

Q.H2 : Perceived Income Sufficiency

Q.I1 : Marital Status

Q. I5 : Age

Q.16 : Education

Q.19 : Reported/Estimated 1981 Family Income

Q.L7 : Gender

Q.L8 : Minority Status

Isolation

Isolation is a composite variable combining an individual's scores on the following items.

Q.I4 : Live Alone

Q.F6: Have Enough Friends Q.F7: Presence of Confidente

Q.G8/G9: Have Living Children Who Visit

The higher the score, the more isolated elderly were considered to be.

Results for Congregate Dining Participants

The regression equation for independent variable set #1 accounted for 44.8 percent of the variance of frequency with which elderly participated in site activities, F, 14 and 1029 df, = 59.6, p < .01. Significant univariate F values were found for each of the following variables in this regression equation:

Q.A1 : F = 16.1, p < .01 Q.B4 : F = 111.8, p < .01 Q.B11 : F = 6.6, p < .05 Q.B13 : F = 5.4, p < .05

The regression equation for <u>independent variable set #2</u> accounted for 2.9 percent of the variance of participation frequency, F, 24 and 1421 df, = 1.78, p < .05. A significant univariate F value was found for the following variable in this equation:

Q.L8 : F = 11.8, p < .01

Results for Former Participants

The regression equation for <u>independent variable set #1</u> accounted for 60.3 percent of the variance of participation frequency, F, 14 and 96 df, = 10.4, p < .01. Significant univariate F values were found for each of the following variables in this regression equation:

Q.A1 F = 6.5, p < .05 Q.B4 F = 17.7, p < .01 Q.B10 F = 6.5, p < .05

The regression equation for <u>independent variable set #2</u> accounted for 9.9 percent of the variance of participation frequency, F, 24 and 186 df, = 0.9, p > .05. Because the optimally weighted combination of independent variables did not yield a statistically significant F value, no further data are presented.



Illustrative Tabulations

The following bivariate tables are designed to illustrate multivariate findings discussed in the text. If a predictor variable s distribution was highly skewed or if a relationship was based upon a small sample size, and thus, it was unlikely to yield an observable relationship in a cross-tabular format, the table has been excluded from the following illustrative tables.

<u>Table</u>			e e e e e e e e e e e e e e e e e e e		Page
Frequency of Par Frequency of	rticipation in of Attendance	n Site	Activities	by	P-6
Frequency of Pai Frequency o	rticipation in of Socializing	n Site g at Si	Activities te (Visitir	by ng Friends)	P-7
Frequency of Pai Awareness	rticipation in of Site Shopp	n Site ing Ass	Activities istance	by	P-8
Frequency of Pai Minority Si	rticipation in	n Site	Activities	by	P-9 '



QUESTION B3 BY A1

FREQUENCY OF PARTICIPATION IN SITE ACTIVITIES BY FREQUENCY OF ATTENDANCE

SITE PARTICIPANTS

	. 1	OTAL	******	POST-	·1975 S	SITES	PRE-	1975 S	ITES	REC	ENT EN	TRY.	LO	NGER TI	ERM	F(JRMER	
	T IMES PER	1-3 TIMES PER WEEK		TIMES PER	TIMES Per 🤄	LESS OFTEN	TIMES '	TIMES PER	LESS	TIMES Per	S TIMES PER	LESS	TIMES	TIMES PER	LESS	TIMES	PER	LESS OFTEN
TOTAL	804	654	260	409	340	142	395	314	118	343	334	164	461	320	96	89	82	68
PERCENT ASKED	686 859	576 6 889	214 821	348 % 85f	300 8 881	114 8 80%	338 , 869	276 s 88%	100 . 85	281 3% 82	285 18 85	132 % 80	405 % 88	291 • 91	82 % 85	75 % 841	71 % 87%	47 69%
ALWAYS		168 \$ 26 \$	26 10'	152 % 37	72 % 219	15 % 11%	134 ; 349	96 8 319	. 11	101 36 29	82 34 25	15 i% 9	185` % 40	86 % 27	11 % 11	20 \$ 22'	15 % 18%	
SOMETIMES		238 \$ 36\$	62 5 24'	117 \$ 29	134 \$ 399	31 % 22%	111 , 289	,104 6 339	√ 31 3	103 5% 30	111)% 33	33 38 20	125 % 27	127 % 40	29 % 30	27 % 30°	30 % 37%	
RARELY '	61 89		32 3 12	30°	29 \$ 99	17 % 12%	31 3 89	30 t 104	15 11	24 3% 7	31 /% :	16 % 10	37 % 8	28 18 9	16 & 17	6 8 7	10 % 129	6 8 98
NEVER	101 139	99 % 15%	91 s 35	42 % 10'	58 % 17 ⁹	49 % 35%	' 59 i 159	41 6 139	42 31	,52 6 % 15	50 38 1:	66 38 40			25 % 26			
DON'T KNOW	1	4 1%			4	1 % 1%	1 , *	0	0	0) 1	1 1% 1	1 8 *	, 0 0	0	0		
no response	9 19	8 % 19	2 8 1	7 8 2	3 11	1 % 1%	5 1	5 k 29	1	1 18 *	8 7 k 1	1 2% 1	8 18 29			0	0	1 1%

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QUESTION B3 BY B4

FREQUENCY OF PARTICIPATION IN SITE ACTIVITIES BY FREQUENCY OF SOCIALIZING AT SITE

SITE PARTICIPA	NTS
----------------	-----

<u>.</u>	TOTA	IL .	POST-1975	SITES	PRE-	1975 SI	TES	RECON	T ENTRY	Ш)NGER TEI	RM	F()RMER	e partie
	A LOT OF SOM TIME TIM	AE NO	A LOT OF SOME TIME TIME			SOME		OF SO	A BIT/ OME NO IME TIME	LO OF TIM	SOME			SOME N	A IT/ NO IME
TOTAL	137 57	71 423	376 311	213	361	260	210	313	274 267	42	297	156	58	82 1	04
PERCENT ASKED	681 48 92 \	7 - 314 85 % 74 %	344 270 b 916 8) 154 87% 721	337 b 934	217 83%	160 76%	280 2 89 %	226 197 82 4 7	40	1 261 95% 889	117 75%	54 93%	69 84 %	74 71 %
ALWAYS	327 11 44%	8 35 21% 8%	164 ^ 59 \$ 44\$ 1) 16 19 % 8 ^s	163 45%	59 23%	19 9%	123 39%	56 19 20%	20	62 48% 21	16 \$ 10\$	19 33 %	16 20%	3 3%
SOMETIMES	230 20 31%	5 94 36% 22%	114 125 308 /	; 44 40% 21'	116 324	80 31%	50 24 %	107 34 %	83 58 30 \ 2	12: 2%	3 122 29 % 41	36 238		30 37%	
RARELY	46 5 6%	57 50 10% 12%	21 30 6 6 1) 26 10% 12	25 6 74	27 10%	24 11%	5%	50.0	D\$	7% 10	8 148			
NEVER	67 9 9 %	6 132 17% 319	36 50 10%) 67 16% 31'	31 3 99	46 18%	65 31%	29 . 9%	53 89 19 4 3	. 3 3	8 43 9% 14	43 \$ 28\$	5, 9%	14 17%	45
DON'T KNOW	3	1 1	2 18	1. 1		0	0	2 1%	1, 1	K	1 0 *\ '0	0,	0	0	1 18
NO RESPONSE	8 . 1 1	0 2		5 0 2% 0		5 2 %	2 18	3 1%	5 2 2%		-	8 0			

QUESTION B3 BY B11

FREQUENCY OF PARTICIPATION IN SITE ACTIVITIES BY AWARENESS OF SITE SHOPPING ASSISTANCE

SITE PARTICIPANTS

		*							•	•	
		TO		,	1975 S			RECENT ENTI		LONG Ter	
1		AWARE	NOT AWARE	AWARE.	NOT AWARE	AWARE	NOT Aware	AWARE		AWARE	NOT Aware
TOTAL		405	1300	195	700	210	600	179	653 ·	226	647
PERCENT ASKED	•		1093 2% 84%		587 84%	195 93 4	506 84%	163 919	527 81%	208 92%	566 87%
ALWAYS	•	· ·	324 378 258		168 b 24 %			•	133 20%		191 30%
SOMETIMES			9 401 308 318		221 32%		180 30%		187 29%	66 29%	214 \33%
RARELY		4 4 7) 111 04 94				55 9%	12 79	59 5 9 \$		52 8%
NEVER	•		235 4% 18%		127 18%					22 10%	100 15%
DON'T KNOW		Open C) 7 0 19	- (6 1%	0	1	0	6	0	1
NO RESPONSE		_4	15 1% 1%	3	9 1	1	6	2 19	7 18	2 1%	

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QUESTION B3 BY LB 📝 🔾

FREQUENCY OF PARTICIPATION IN SITE ACTIVITIES BY MINORITY STATUS

					. s	ITE PAR	TICIPAN	TS			
•		****	TOTAL	[*] \$1		Si	975 TE\$	RECE Ent	NT RY	LON TE	GER RM
	4.	MINO- RITY	NON- MINO- RITY	MINO- RITY	NON- MINO- RITY	MINO- RITY	NON- MINO- RITY	HINO- RITY	NON- MINO- RITY	MINO- RITY	NON~ MINO~ RITY
TOTAL		, 321		203 .	696	118	711	157	697	164	710
PERCENT ASKED	<u>, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , </u>		1228 8% 87%	148 73 9	618 89 %	102 86%	610 86 %	112 719	591 85%	138 84 %	637 90 %
ALWAYS		98 3		62 31 %	176 25 %	36 319	204 29 4		161 23 %	62 38 4	
SOMETIMES		89 2	, -	54	•	-35	209		204 8 29%	47 29%	232 33%
RARELY	<u>,</u>	18	135 6% 109	7	70 5 10%	11 99	65 5 9 4		60 9 1	6	75 11 %
NEVER	•		260 1 % 189	18 91	134 199	5 17 11 149	126 189		156 22 9		- 104 15%
DON'T KNOW		_	2 2% *	4 · 29		1 19	0	31	2 *	1 18	0
NO RESPONSE	,	_	15 2% 19	3	9 · 19		6		8 1 9	3 2 %	7

APPENDIX Q

FREQUENCY OF SOCIALIZING AT SITES

TABLE OF CONTENTS

	, <u>Page</u>
Multivariate Analyses	/ Q-2
Illustrative Tabulations	Q-5
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Multivariate Analyses

Multiple regressions were used to assess the relationships between frequency of participation in site activities and two sets of variables. Separate analyses were conducted for each set of variables.

Independent Variable Set #1

0.A1 :	Frequency of Attendance
	Trouble Getting to the Site
Q.A10 :	Perception of Contributions Policy
Q.A10a	Increased Contribution
0.A12 :	Opinion of Meal Cost
0.B2 :	Awareness of Site Activities
0.B3 :	Frequency of Participation in Site Activities
0.B5 :	Pleasantness of Meal Site
0.B9. :	Food Usually Tastes Good
0.B10 :	Perceived Savings from Eating Service Meal
o.Bil :	Awareness of Site Shopping Assistance
Ò.B13 :	Use of Site Shopping - Shopping Assitance
Q.B14~;	Awareness of Site Medical Assistance
Ò.B15	Use of Site Shopping Assistance
	and the second s

Independent Variable Set #2

0.C1 :	Frequency of Getting Out of the House
∞0.03°> :	Ability to Clean and Maintain Home
0 D1-D2:	Number of Illness-Related Doctor Visits in Past Year
0.D4	Time in Hospital/Nursing Home in Past Year
0.D12	Self-rated Current Health
0.012	Health Relative to Last Year's
0.013	Fet Alexa et lleme
Q.EI :	Eat Alone at Home
Q.E4 :	Normal Meal Preparation
	Frequency of Inviting Others to Eat at Home
Q.E8 :	Eating Enjoyment
0.E9 :	Rated Nutritiousness of Meals Generally Eaten
0 F2	Anticipating Doing Something Next Week
0.F9e	Frequency of Feeling Depressed/Very Unhappy During
	Past Few Weeks
Q.G1 :	Attendance at Religious Services
	Continuing Encouragement from Someone who Attends
Q.G5c :	Same Religious Services to Attend Meal Site
	Same Kerryrous Services to Accend mean site
Q.G6 :	Membership in Clubs, Lodges, or Other Social
	Organizations

Independent Variable Set #2 (Continued)

Perceived Income Sufficiency

Marital Status
Age
Education Q. I1

0.I5

Education 0.16

Q. I9 : Reported/Estimated 1981 Family Income

Q.L7 : Gender

: Minority Status 0.L8

<u>Isolation</u>

· Isolation is a composite variable combining an individual's scores on the following items.

0.14 : Live Alone

Q.F6 : Have Enough Friends Q.F7 : Presence of Confidente

Q.G8/G9: Have Living Children Who Visit

The higher the score, the more isolated elderly were considered to

Results for Congregate Dining Participants

The regression equation for independent variable set #1 accounted for 22.3 percent of the variance of socializing frequency, F, 14 and 1029 df, = 21.1, p < .01. Significant univariate F values were found for each of the following variables in this regression equation:

Q.A1 : F = 17.4, p < .01

 $\hat{Q}.A10$: F = 5.7, p < .05

0.B2: F = 96.9, p < .01 0.83. : F = 111.8, p < .01

Q.B14 : F = 8.4, p < .01

The regression equation for independent variable set #2 accounted for 6.4 percent of the variance of socializing frequency, F, 24 and 1437 df, = 4.1, p < .01. Significant univariate F values were found for each of the following variables in this regression equation:

Q.C1 : F = 5.6, p < .05

0.E8: F = 5.8, p < .05 0.G5c: F = 22.9, p < .01

Q.L7 : F = 6.8, p < .01



Results for Former Participants

The regression equation for independent variable set #1 accounted for 34.0 percent of the variance of socializing frequency, F, 14 and 96 df, = 3.5, p < .01. Significant univariate F values were found for each of the following variables in this regression equation:

```
Q.A10a F = 5.7, p < .05
Q.B2 F = 9.9, p < .01
Q.B3 F = 17.6, p < .01
Q.B5 F = 5.0, p < .05
```

The regression equation for independent variable set #2 accounted for 20.9 percent of the variance of socializing frequency, F, 24 and 183 df, = 2.0, p < .01. Significant univariate F values were found for each of the following variables in this regression equation:

```
Q.E1 F = 3.9, p < .05
Q.E6 F = 10.1, p < .01
Q.F9e F = 5.2, p < .05
Q.G5c F = 3.9, p < .05
```



Illustrative Tabulations

The following bivariate tables are designed to illustrate multivariate findings discussed in the text. If a predictor variable is distribution was highly skewed or if a relationship was based upon a small sample size, and thus, it was unlikely to yield an observable relationship in a cross-tabular format, the table has been excluded from the following illustrative tables.

	<u>Table</u>					<u>Page</u>
Frequ	uency of Past Soc Donation	ializing at Si	te by Increa	ised		Q-6
Frequ	uency of Socializ Participating in	ing at Site by Site Activiti	Frequency o)f		Q-7
Frequ	uency of Socializ Site Medical Ass		Awareness o	of		Q-8
	Spent Socializin (Frequency of Ge			lity		Q-9
Time	Spent Socializin to Attend	g at Site by E	Incouragement			Q-10
Time	Spent Socializin	g at Site by G	Gender		•.	Q-11



NUTRITION WAVE II

QUESTION B4 BY A10A

FREQUENCY OF PAST SOCIALIZING AT SITE BY INCREASED DONATION

		FORM	ER PART	CIPANTS
		INCRE	ASED _	DIDN'T INCREASE
TOTAL			50	148
A LOT OF TI	ME		12 24%	30 20%
SOME TIME			21 42%	47 32%
JUST A LITT	LE		14 28%	45 30%
NO TIME			. 3 6%	25 17%
DON'T KNOW			0	1 1%
NO RESPONSE			0	, 0 c

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QUESTION B4 BY B3

FREQUENCY OF SOCIALIZING AT SITE BY FREQUENCY OF PARTICIPATING IN SITE ACTIVITIES

SITE PARTICIPANTS

and the second of			•		A		. *	170	* (* * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * *					١.		
		#-4	TOTAL		POST-	1975 SI	TES	PRI	-1975 (SITES	RE	CENT E	NTRY	LO	VGER TERM	
				RARELY/ NEVER			-			RARELY/ NEVER			RARELY/ NEVER		SOME- RA	
TOTAL		480	529	449	239	283	230	241	246	219	198	248	244	282	281	205
A LOT OF TIME			230 449			114 40%				56 8 26%					123 8 44%	68 33 %
SOME TIME		118 25%	205 399	153 8 34%	59 25%	125 44%	80 359	59 8 , 249		73 % 33%	•	•		62 229		72 35%
JUST A LITTLE	•	30 6 %	81 159	141 5 / 32%		37 13%		19 8		66 8 30%	17 98			13 5 59	33 12%	53 26%
NO TIME		5 1%	13 29	· ·	1	7 3%	18 89		6 25	23 % 11%	2 19	,		3	3 1%	12 . 6%
DON'T KNOW		0	0	0 0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
NO RESPONSE		0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	1	0	0	0

QUESTION B4'BY B14

FREQUENCY OF SOCIALIZING AT SITE BY AWARENESS OF SITE MEDICAL ASSISTANCE

SITE PARTICIPANTS

	TOTA			1975 ES		1975 ES	RECEI ENTI		LONG Ter	
•)	AWARE	NOT AWARE	AWARE	NOT AWARE	AWARE		AWARE	NOT AWARE	AWARE	NOT Aware
TOTAL	911	476	451	279	460 4	197	404	230	507	246
A LOT OF TIME	440 48%			112 % 40%					262 52 4	
SOME TIME	281 31%			88 % 32%						
JUST A LITTLE	/ 156 ⁻ 17%	100 21%	76 17	54 % 19%	80 17			59 d 26%		41. 16%
NO TIME	31	41 .9%		25 % 9%	17 4			27 8 128		
DON'T KNOW	1 *	0	1 *	↓ 0 • 0	0		1	0	0	0
NO RESPONSE	2	0	1	0	1 *	0,		0.0	1	0

QUESTION B4 BY C1

TIME SPENT SOCIALIZING AT SITE BY GENERAL MOBILITY

(FREQUENCY OF GETTING OUT OF THE HOUSE)

			NTS

	•				•		MITTOR				
		TOTA	L					RECENT ENTRY		LONG Ter	
		LEAVE House	LESS	LEAVE House		LEAVE	HOUSE LESS	LEAVE HOUSE DAILY	HOUSE	LEAVE HOUSE	LESS
TOTAL		1405	328	730	173	675	155	681	174	724	154
A LOT OF TIME		625 45%						261 \$ 38\$			
SOME TIME		442 31%		244 349		198 29		208 8 318		234 329	
JUST A LITTLE		266 19%	67 21 9			133 209		159 \$ 23 \$			
NO TIME		69 5 %		•		31 50		51 8 89			6 48
DON'T KNOW	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	1	1	1	1 19	, -	. 0	1 *	1	, 0	0
NO RESPONSE		2	0	1	0	1 *	0	1	0	, (1	0



QUESTION B4 BY G5C

TIME SPENT SOCIALIZING AT SITE BY ENCOURAGEMENT TO ATTEND

SI	TE	PART	ICI	Pants
----	----	------	-----	-------

		ATOT	L	POST-1 SIT		PRE-19 SITE		RECENT Entry	and the second second		CER RM	FORM PARTICI	
	\$	EN- COUR- AGED	NOT EN- COUR- ACED	EN- COUR- AGED	NOT EN- COUR- AGED	EN- COUR- AGED	NOT EN- COUR- AGED	EN-	NOT EN- COUR- AGED	EN- COUR- AGED	NOT EN- COUR- AGED	EN- COUR- AGED	NOT EN- COUR- AGED
TOTAL.		228	661	136	329	92	332	113	267	115	394	25	77
A LOT OF TIME		101 44 %	324 49%	60 44%	156 47%		168 51%		117 448	57 49%	207 52%	7 28%	21 27%
SOME TIME		75 33%	210 32%	45 33%	116 35%	30 33%	94 28%	35 31%	80 30%	40 35%	130 33%	6 24%	32 42%
JUST A LITTLE		45 20%	117 18%	27 20%	52 16%	18 20%	65 20%	30 27%	The second second			10 40%	15 20%
NO TIME	•	7 3%	10 1%	4 ,3%	5 2%	, 3 3%	5′ 18	· .	7 3%	3* 3 %	3 1%	2 8%	8 10%
DON'T KNOW		0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1 1%
NO RESPONSE		0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0,	0	0	0 0



QUESTION B4 BY L7

TIME SPENT SOCIALIZING AT SITE BY GENDER

SITE PARTICIPANTS

		TOT	TAL			PRE-	1975 TES	RECE Ent	ENT Try	LONGE TERM	
		MALE	FEMALE	MALE	FEMALE	MALE,	FEMALE	MALE	FEMALE	MALE	FEMALE
TOTAL		473	1256	259	641	214	615	244	610	229	646
A LOT OF TIME	1	169 36%	565 45%				275 45%			87 38%	
SOME TIME		146 31%						63 269	9	and the second second	212 33 %
JUST, A LITTLE		118 25%	215 , 17%		98 15 k		117 19%			47 8 21%	
NO TIME	9 ,	36 8%		18 7%		18 8		25 10%			13 2 4
DON'T KNOW		2	0	2 · 1%		0	0	2 19		0	.0
NO RESPONSE		2	0	1	. 0	1	, 0	1	0,	1	0

APPENDIX R

DISCRIMINANT FUNCTION ANALYSIS

CONGREGATE PARTICIPANTS

۷S.

HOME-DELIVERED MEAL RECIPIENTS

R-1

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Discriminant function analyses were performed to identify characteristics of elderly that significantly discriminated between congregate dining participants and home-delivered meal recipients. Two separate discriminant function analyses were conducted: one utilizing program perception variables as discriminant variables (discriminant variable set #1) and one employing demographic, lifestyle and affective characteristics of respondents (discriminant variable set #2). These variable sets were:

Discriminant Variable Set #1

Trouble Getting to the Site

Perception of Contributions Policy Q.A10 :

Increased Contribution Q.A10a: Opinion of Meal Cost Q.A12

Food Usually Tastes Good Q.B9 Perceived Savings from Eating Service Meal 0.B10

Awareness of Site Shopping Assistance Q.B11

Q.B13

Use of Site Shopping Assistance Awareness of Site Medical Assistance 0.B14

Use of Site Medical Assistance Q.B15

Discriminant Variable Set #2

Frequency of Getting Out of the House 0.C1 :

Ability to Clean and Maintain Home Q.C3

Number of Illness-Related Doctor Visits in Past Year Q.D1-D2:

Time in Hospital/Nursing Home in Past Year Q.D4

Self-rated Current Health 0.D12

Health Relative to Last Year's Q.D13

Eat Alone at Home 0.E1

Normal Meal Preparation 0.E4

Frequency of Inviting Others to Eat at Home 0.E6

Eating Enjoyment Q.E8

Rated Nutritiousness of Meals Generally Eaten Q.E9

Anticipating Doing Something Next Week Q.F2

Frequency of Feeling Depressed/Very Unhappy During Past Few Weeks Q.F9e

Attendance at Religious Services Q.G1

Membership in Clubs, Lodges, or Other Social Organizations 0.G6

Perceived Income Sufficiency Q.H2

Marital Status 0:I1

Age 0.15

Education Q.16

Reported/Estimated 1981 Family Income Q. 19

Gender 0.L7

Minority Status Q.L8



Isolation

Isolation is a composite variable combining an individual's scores on the following items.

Q. I4 : Live Alone

Have Enough Friends Q. F6 Q. F7 Presence of Confidente

Q.F9h : Frequency of Feeling Lonely in Past Few Weeks Q.G8/G9: Have Living Children Who Visit

The higher the score, the more isolated elderly were considered to be.

Results For Discriminant Variable Set #1

This analysis revealed a canonical correlation of +.82 between the linear discriminant function and group membership (i.e., congregate participants vs. home-delivered meal recipients): The discriminant function-correctly classified respondents into these two groups in 92% of cases.

Listed below are variables in the function that maximally discriminated between congregate participants and home-delivered meal recipients. Discriminant variables with larger absolute value standardized discriminant function coefficients better discriminated between the two groups.

Discriminant Variable	Standardized Discriminant Function Coefficient	Univariate F Value & Associated Significance Level (df = 1 and 1,208)
Q. A8	+.98	F = 2,432, p < .01
Q. B14	14	F = 94.7, p < .01
Q. A10	+.10	F = 27.2, p < .01
Q. B11	08	F = 12.9, p < .01
Q. B13	07	F = 7.9, p < .01

Results For Discriminant Variable Set #2

This analysis revealed a canonical correlation of +.63 between the linear discriminant function and group membership (i.e., congregate participants vs. home-delivered meal recipients). The discriminant function correctly classified respondents into these two groups in 89% of cases.



Listed below are variables in the function that maximally discriminated between congregate participants and home-delivered meal recipients. Discriminant variables with larger absolute value standardized discriminant function coefficients better discriminated between the two groups.

Discriminant - Variable	Standardized Discriminant Function Coefficient	Univariate F Value & Associated Significance Level (df = 1 and 1,208)
Q.C1	+.57	F = 384.1, p < .01
Q.C3	+.33	F = 220.7, p < .01
Q.G1	+.32	F = 166.7, p < .01
Q.E6	+.19	F = 148.8, p < .01
Q.D12	+.17	F = 124.5, p < .01
Q.D4	+.15	F = 65.5, p < .01



DISCRIMINANT FUNCTION ANALYSIS

CONGREGATE PARTICIPANTS Vs.

HOME-DELIVERED MEAL RECIPIENTS vs.

FORMER PARTICIPANTS



A multiple discriminant function analysis was conducted to identify demographic, lifestyle, and health characteristics that significantly discriminated between three major samples: current congregate participants, former congregate participants; and home-delivered meal recipients. The discriminant variables used in this analysis included:

Frequency of Getting Out of the House 0.C1 Ability to Clean and Maintain Home 0.C3 Q.D1-D2: Number of Illness-Related Doctor Visits in Past Year Time in Hospital/Nursing Home in Past Year Q. D4

Self-rated Current Health Q.D12 Health Relative to Last Year's Q.D13

Eat Alone at Home Q.E1 Normal Meal Preparation 0.E4

Frequency of Inviting Others to Eat at Home 0.E6 :

Q.E8 Eating Enjoyment

Rated Nutritiousness of Meals Generally Eaten Q. E9

Anticipating Doing Something Next Week Q.F2

Q.F9e : Frequency of Feeling Depressed/Very Wahappy During Past Few Weeks

Q.G1 Attendance at Religious Services

Membership in Clubs, Lodges, or Other Social Organizations, Q.G6 :

Perceived Income Sufficiency 0.H2

Q. I1 Marital Status

0.15 Age Education Q. 16

Reported/Estimated 1981 Family Income Q. 19

0.L7 Gender

Minority Status 🤜 .. Q.L8

Isolation

Isolation is a composite variable combining an individual's scores on following items.

Q. I4 : Live Alone

0.F6 : Have Enough Friends

Q.F7: Presence of Confidente Q.F9h: Frequency of Feeling Lonely in Past Few Weeks Q.G8/G9: Have Living Children Who Visit

The higher the score, the more isolated elderly were considered to be.

Results

This analysis revealed a canonical correlation of +.61 between the linear discriminant function and group membership (i.e., congregate participants, former participants, and home-delivered meal recipients). The discriminant function correctly classified elderly into three groups in 63% of cases.

Listed below are variables in the function that maximally discriminated between the three groups. Discriminant variables with larger absolute value standardized discriminant function coefficients better discriminated between the three groups.

Discriminant Variable	Standardized Discriminant Function Coefficient	Univariate F Value & Associated Significance Level (df = 2 and 4,338
Q.C1	+.55	F = 185.3, p < .01
Q.G1	+.33	F = 83.0, p < .01
Q.C3	+.33	F = 109.2, p < .01
Q.E6	+.19	F = 75.8, p < .01
Q.D12	+.16	F = 61.2, p < .01
Q.D4	+.16	F = 33.5, p < .01



APPENDIX T

DISCRIMINANT FUNCTION ANALYSIS

CURRENT VS. FORMER CONGREGATE
PARTICIPANTS' PERCEPTIONS
OF CONGREGATE SITES

T-1

250



A discriminant function analysis was performed to identify perceptions of congregate meal sites that significantly discriminated between current and former congregate meal program participants. The discriminant variables used in this analysis included:

Q.A8		Trouble Getting to the Site
Q.A10	: 15	Perception of Contributions Policy
0.A10a	:	Increased Contribution
Q. A12	:	Opinion of Meal Cost
Q.B2	:	Awareness of Site Activities
0.B3-	:	Frequency of Participation in Site Activities
Q.B4		Time Spent Socializing/Visiting Friends
0.B5		Rated Pleasantness of Site
0.B9	:	Food Usually Tastes Good
Q.B10	:	Perceived Savings from Eating Service Meal
0.B11	:	Awareness of Site Shopping Assistance
Q.B13		Use of Site Shopping Assistance
0.B14	•	Awareness of Site Medical Assistance
Q.B15	:	Use of Site Medical Assistance
•		

Results

This analysis revealed a canonical correlation of +.30 between the linear discriminant function and group membership (i.e., current vs. former congregate dining participants). The discriminant function correctly classified elderly into these two groups in 70% of cases.

Listed below are variables in the function.that maximally discriminated between current and former congregate dining participants. Discriminant variables with larger absolute value standardized discriminant function coefficients better discriminated between the two groups.

Discriminant . Variable	Standardized Discriminant Function Coefficient	Univariate F Value & Associated Significance Level (df = 1 and 1,178
Q.B11	+.46	F = 9.5, p < .01
Q.B10	+.45	F = 33.2, p < .01
Q.A10a	+.40	F = 15.5, p < .01
Q.B4	+.35	F = 32.4, p < .01
Q.A10	+.29	F = 7.2, p < .01
Q.B13	+.27	F = 4.4, p < .05
Q.B5	+.23	F = 18.5, p < .01



APPENDIX U

DIETARY ANALYSES

U-1

252

Dietary Analysis Update for Wave II

Dietary analyses for Wave I were based upon 1974 RDA's, therefore it was necessary to update the Wave II analyses to reflect 1980 RDA's. Table U-1 provides the RDA values used during Wave I and Wave II.

Since significant changes had been made in nutrient fortification levels for flour, cereal products, and ready-to-eat cereals since Wave I, ORC's nutrient data base was also revised. This computerized data base consists of 125 food items and their nutrient composition. The data base was revised to reflect new enrichment standards for those food items significantly affected by enrichment increases and which are consumed in sufficient quantity to have some impact upon the dietary intake of elderly individuals. New enrichment levels reflect the single maximum enrichment values for thiamin, riboflavin, niacin, and calcium. As an illustration of the magnitude of change, we list below the enrichment standard changes per 100 grams of self-rising flour.

Nutrient ¹	01d Standard	New Standard	Percent Increase
Thiamin Riboflavin Niacin Calcium	.44 mg. .26 mg. 3.53 mg. 110 mg.	.55 mg. .33 mg. 4.41 mg. 331 mg.	25% 50% 25% 301%

Caloric RDA's Used for Supplemental Caloric Intake Analyses2

Sex	Age	RDA Range	RDA
Female	51-75	1,400-2,200 Kcal	1,800 Kcal
Female\	76 or older	1,200-2,000 Kcal	1,600 Kcal
Male	51-75	2,000-2,800 Kcal	2,400 Kcal
Male	76 or older	1,650-2,450 Kcal	2,050 Kcal

Source: Table 7, Handbook 456: Nutritive Value of American Foods in Common Units, U.S. Department of Agriculture.

²Source: Recommended Dietary Allowances (Ninth Edition), Committee on Dietary Allowances, Food and Nutrition Board, National Academy of Sciences, 1980.



TABLE U-1

RDA's Used During Wave I Analyses*

v	<u>Unit</u>	<u>Males</u>	<u>Females</u>
Energy	(Kcal)	2,400	1,800
Protein	(g)	56) 46
Vitamin A Vitamin C	(ÌÚ) (mg)	5,000 45	4,000
Niacin	(mg)	16	12
Riboflavin	(mg)	1.5	1.1
·Thiamin	(mg)	1.2	1.0
Calcium	(mg)	800	•= 800
Iron	(mg)	10	10

*Source: Recommended Dietary Allowances (Revised Edition), Food and Nutrition Board, National Academy of Sciences, 1974.

RDA's Used During Wave II Analyses*

	•		<u>Unit</u>	<u>Males</u>	<u>Females</u>
E P	nergy rotein ,		(Kcal) (g)	2,400 56	1,800 44
٧.	itamin A ^l itamin C		(IU) (mg)	5,000 60	4,000 60
' N R	iacin ^t iboflavin	•	(mg) (mg)	16 1.4	13 1.2
	hiamin alcium		(mg) (mg)	1.2 800	1.0 800
I	ron	•	(mg)	10	10

*Source: Recommended Dietary Allowances (Ninth Edition),
Committee on Dietary Allowances, Food and Nutrition
Board, National Academy of Sciences, 1980.



 $^{^{1}\}mbox{Units}$ of measure and RDA have been calculated in a way comparable to that used during Wave I.

APPENDIX V

DIETARY INTAKE DISCRIMINANT FUNCTION ANALYSES FOR CONGREGATE PARTICIPANTS

V-1



Discriminant function analyses were conducted to identify participant perceptions and characteristics and program operations significantly related to overall dietary intake. Participants were classified into two groups based upon the 24-hour dietary recall: those who met or exceeded 2/3 RDA for at least 7 of 9 key nutrients vs. those who did not meet this criterion. Two separate discriminant function analyses were conducted, one employing Discriminant Variable Set #1 (program perceptions and operations), and one using Discriminant Variable Set #2 (demographic, lifestyle, and health characteristics). Listed below are discriminant variables included in each set.

Discriminant Variable Set #1

```
Frequency of Meal Site Attendance
0.A1
         Perception of Contributions Policy
Q.A10
         Awareness of Site Activities
Q.B2
         Requency of Participation in Site Activities
Q.B3
         Time Spent Socializing/Visiting Friends at Site
Q.B4
Q.B5
          Rated Pleasantness of Site
          Get Enough to Eat From Site Meal
Q.B8
          Food Usually Tastes Good
Q.B9
          Awareness of Site Shopping Assistance
0.B11
          Use of Site Shopping Assistance
Q.B13
          Awareness of Site Medical Assistance
Q.B14
          Use of Site Medical Assistance
0.B15
          Receive Health Care Information Through Site
Q.D14
       : Awareness of Site Nutrition Education
Q.E14
          Use of Site Nutrition Education
Q.E15
0.K5
          Ate at the Meal Site
```

Program Operations (from Program Staff Interviews).

Estimated Cost Per Meal Availability of Special Health-Diet Meals Availability of Special Ethnic-Religious Meals Meal Prepared by Provider Staff or Contractor/Caterer

Discriminant Variable Set #2

Q.C1 :	Frequency of Getting Out of the House
0.03	Ability to Clean and Maintain Home
0.D1-D2:	Number of Illness-Related Doctor Visits in Past Year
Ò.D4 :	Time in Hospital/Nursing, Home in Past Year
Ò.D8 :	mander 9 million Marak
Q.D12 :	Self-rated Current Health
Q.D13 :	Health Relative to Last Year's
0.D17 :	Weight Change During Past Year
0.E1 :	Eat Alone at Home
	Have Hot Meals at Home
0.E4	Normal Meal Preparation
0.E6 :	Frequency of Inviting Others to Eat at Home
	Eating Enjoyment
0.E9	Rated Nutritiousness of Meals Generally Eaten
0.E10	Consume a Vitamin/Mineral Supplement



Anticipating Doing Something Next Week -0-F2 Q.F9e : Frequency of Feeling Depressed/Very Unhappy During Past Few Weeks Attendance at Religious Services 0.G1 0.G5c : Continuing Encouragement from Someone who Attends Same Religious Service to Attend Meal Site Membership in Clubs, Lodges, or Other Social 0.G6 Organizations Weekly Household Grocery Expenditure Q.H1 Perceived Income Sufficiency ✓ Q.H2 Q. I1 : Q. I5 : Marital Status Age Q.16 : Education Q. 19 : Reported/Estimated 1981 Family Income Respondent Received Food Stamps Q. I 10 : Q.I11 : Respondent Receives Medicaid Benefits Respondent Receives Rental Assistance Q. I12 : 0.K3 Ate Differently Yesterday than is Customary Q.L7 Gender Minority Status Q.L8

Isolation/

Isolation is a composite variable combining an individual's scores on the following items.

Q.I4 : Live Alone
Q.F6 : Have Enough Friends
Q.F7 : Presence of Confidante
Q.F9h : Frequency of Feeling Lonely in Past Few Weeks
Q.G8/G9: Have Living Children Who Visit

The higher the score, the more isolated respondents were considered to be.

Results For Discriminant Variable Set #1

This analysis revealed a very modest canonical correlation of \pm .28 between the linear discriminant function and group membership (i.e., whether elderly either did or did not meet/exceed 2/3 RDA for 7 of 9 key nutrients). The discriminant function correctly classified elderly into these groups in 60% of cases which is only marginally higher than an a priori probability of 50%. Because the discriminant function accounted for a small percentage of the variance of dietary intake ($R_{\rm c} = 8\%$), only those discriminant variables that maximally discriminated between the two groups and which had significant univariate F values are listed below as variables that were important discriminators between the two dietary intake groups. Discriminant variables with higher absolute value standardized canonical discriminant function coefficients better discriminated between the two dietary intake groups.

Discriminant Variable	Standardized Discriminant Function Coefficient	Univariate F Value & Associated Significance Level (df = 1 and 741)	
Q.K5	+.81	F = 27.7, p < .01	
Q.B9	+.40	F = 7.3, p < .01	

Results For Discriminant Variable Set #2

This analysis revealed a very modest canonical correlation of +.25 between the linear discriminant function and group membership (i.e., whether elderly did or did not meet/exceed 2/3 RDA for 7 of 9 key nutrients). The discriminant function correctly classified elderly into the two dietary intake groups in 63% of cases which is only marginally higher than an a priori probability of 50%. Because the discriminant function accounted for a small percentage of the variance of dietary intake ($R_C^{-2} = 6\%$), only those discriminant variables that maximally discriminated between the two groups and which had significant univariate F values are listed below as variables that were important discriminators between the two dietary intake groups. Discriminant variables with higher absolute value standardized canonical discriminant function coefficients better discriminated between the two dietary groups.

Discriminant Variable	Standardized Discriminant <u>Function Coefficient</u>	& Associated Significance Level (df = 1 and 741)
Q. I9	+.51	F = 13.8, p < .01
Q. C3	34	F = 4.0, p < .05

V-4

APPENDIX W

DIETARY INTAKE DISCRIMINANT

FUNCTION ANALYSES FOR

HOME-DELIVERED MEAL RECIPIENTS

W-1



Discriminant function analyses were conducted to identify home-delivered meal recipients' perceptions and characteristics and program operations significantly related to overall better dietary intake. Home-delivered meal recipients were classified into two groups based upon the 24-hour dietary recall: those who met or exceeded 2/3 RDA for at least 7 of 9 key nutrients vs. those who did not meet this criterion. Two separate function analyses were conducted, one employing Discriminant Variable Set #1 (program perceptions and operations), and one using Discriminant Variable Set #2 (demographic, lifestyle, and health characteristics). Listed below are the discriminant variables included in each set.

Discriminant Variable Set #1

Q.A1 : Frequency of Home-Delivery Service
Q.A10 : Perception of Contributions Policy
Q.B8 : Get Enough to Eat from Home-Delivered
Meal
Q.B9 : Food Usually Tastes Good
Q.B11 : Awareness of Site Shopping Assistance
Q.B13 : Use of Site Shopping Assistance

Q.B13 : Use of Site Shopping Assistance
Q.B14 : Awareness of Site Medical Assistance

Q.B15 : Use of Site Medical Assistance Q.D14 : Receive Health Care Information

Through Site
Ate a Program Meal

Program Operations (from Program Staff Interviews)

Estimated Cost Per Meal
Availability of Special Health-Diet Meals
Availability of Special Ethnic-Religious Meals
Meal Prepared by Provider Staff or Contractor/Caterer

Discriminant Variable Set #2

Q. K5

Q.C1: Frequency of Getting Out of the House
Q.C3: Ability to Clean and Maintain Home
Q.D1-D2: Number of Illness-Related Doctor Visits in Past Year
Q.D4: Time in Hospital/Nursing Home in Past Year
Q.D8: Difficulty Chewing Food

Q.D8 : Difficulty Chewing Food
Q.D12 : Self-rated Current Health
Q.D13 : Health Relative to Last Year's
Q.D17 : Weight Change During Past Year

0.E1 : Eat Alone at Home

Q.E2: Have Hot Meals at Home Q.E4: Normal Meal Preparation

Q.E6 : Frequency of Inviting Others to Eat at Home

Q.E8 : Eating Enjoyment



Rated Nutritiousness of Meals Generally Eaten

Consume a Vitamin/Mineral Supplement. Q.F2 Anticipating Doing Something, Next Week

- 0.F9e : Frequency of Feeling Depressed/Very Unhappy During Past Few Weeks

Attendance at Religious Services 0.G1

Membership in Clubs, Lodges, or Other Social Organizations Q.G6

Weekly Household Grocery Expenditure Q.H1

Q.H2 Perceived Income Sufficiency

Marital Status Q. I1

Q. 15 Age

Q. 16 Education

Reported/Estimated 1981 Family Income Q. L9

Respondent Receives Food stamps 0.110

Respondent Receives Medicaid Benefits 0.III Q. I12 Respondent Receives Rental Assistance

Ate Differently Yesterday than is Customary Q, K3

Q.L7 Gender

Minority Status

Isolation

Isolation is a composite variable combining an individual's scores on the following items.

Q.14 : Live Aloge 😤 🔠

0.F6 : Have Enough Friends

0.F7 : Presence of Confidente
0.F9h : Frequency of Feeling Lonely During Past Few Weeks
0.G8/G9: Have Living Children Who Visit

The higher the score, the more isolated respondents were considered to be.

Results For Discriminant Variable Set #1

This analysis revealed a canonical correlation of +.46 between the linear discriminant function and group membership (i.e., whether elderly either did or did not meet/exceed 2/3 RDA for 7 of 9 key nutrients). The discriminant fuction connectly classified elderly into the two dietary intake groups in 64% of cases. Listed below are variables that maximally discriminated between the two groups. Discriminant variables with higher absolute value standardized discriminant function coefficients better discriminated between the two dietary intake groups.





Discriminant Variable	Standardized . Univariate F Value Discriminant & Associated Significance Function Coefficient Level (df = '1 and 123)
0'. K5 0. B11	+.70 +.60 F = 11.8, p < .01 F = 0.6, p > .05
Type of Meal Preparation 0.810 0.89	50 F = .6.0, p < .05 50 F = 3.5, p > .05 +.41 F = 1.5, p > .05

Results For Discriminant Variable Set #2

This analysis revealed a canonical correlation of +.41 between the linear discriminant function and group membership (i.e., whether elderly did or did not meet/exceed: 2/3 RDA for 7 of 9 key nutrients). The discriminant function correctly classified elderly into the two dietary elderly in the two dietary intake groups in 64% of cases. Listed below are the discriminant variables that maximally discriminated between the two groups. Discriminant variables with higher absolute value standardized canonical discriminant function in coefficients better discriminated between the two groups.

Discriminant <u>Variable</u>	Standardized Discriminant Function Coefficient	Univariate F Value & Associated Significance Level (df = 1 and 123)
Q.19 Q.E8 Q.D12 Q.D8 Q.L7 Q.D13	+.47 - 46 - 36 - 33	F = 2.2, p > .05 F = 1.1, p > .05 F = 0.1, p > .05 F = 2.6, p > .05 F = 0.6, p > .05 F = 1.4, p > .05
	W-4 2E,	3

APPENDIX X

DIETARY INTAKE DISCRIMINANT FUNCTION ANALYSES FOR NON-PARTICIPATING NEIGHBORS

X-1



A discriminant function analysis was conducted to identify the demographic, health and lifestyle characteristics of non-participating neighbors related to overall better dietary intake. Non-participants were classified into two groups based upon the 24-hour dietary recall: those who met or exceeded 2/3 for at least 7 of 9 key nutrients vs. those who did not meet this criterion. Listed below are the discriminant variables included in the analysis.

Frequency of Getting Out of the House Q.C1 Ability to Clean and Maintain Home 0.C3 Number of Illness-Related Doctor Visits in Past Year 0.D1-D2: Time in Hospital/Nursing Home in Past Year 0.D4 Difficulty Chewing Food 0.D8 Self-rated Current Health Q.D12 0.D13. Health Relative to Last Year's Weight Change During Past Year Q.D17 Q.E1 : Eat Alone at Home Have Hot Meals at Home Q.E2 Normal Meal Preparation Q.E4 Frequency of Inviting Others to Eat at Home 0.E6 Eating Enjoyment Q. £8 Rated Nutritiousness of Meals Generally Eaten Q. E9 Consume a Vitamin/Mineral Supplement 0.E10 Anticipating Doing Something Next Week Q.F2 Frequency of Feeling Depressed/Very Unhappy During Past Few Weeks Q.F9e Attendance at Religious Services Q.G1 Membership in Clubs, Lodges, or Other Social Organizations 0.66 Weekly Household Grocery Expenditure 0.H1 Perceived Income Sufficiency 0.H2 Marital Status 0.I1 Age 0.15 Education Q. I6 Reported/Estimated 1981 Family Income Q.19 Respondent Receives Food stamps 0.I10 Respondent Receives Medicaid Benefits 0.I11 Q. I12 : Respondent Receives Rental Assistance Ate Differently Yesterday than is Gustomary Q.K3 Gender Q.L7 Minority Status Q.L8



Isolation is a composite variable combining an individual's scores on the following items.

Q.I4 : Live Alone
Q.F6 : Have Enough Friends
Q.F7 : Presence of Confidente
Q.F9h : Frequency of Feeling Lonely During Past Few Weeks
Q.G8/G9: Have Living Children Who Visit

The higher the score, the more isolated elderly were considered to be.

The analysis revealed a canonical correlation of +.31 between the linear discriminant function and group membership (i.e., whether elderly either did or did not meet/exceed 2/3 RDA for 7 of 9 key nutrients). The discriminant function correctly classified elderly into the two dietary intake groups in 66% of cases. Listed below are variables that maximally discriminated between the two groups. Discriminant variables with higher absolute value standardized discriminant function coefficients better discriminated between the two dietary intake groups.

Discriminant Variable	Standardized Discriminant Function Coefficient	Univariate F Value & Associated Significance Level (df = 1 and 669)
QI1	+.66	F = 0.0, p > .05
QI9	+.47	F = 17.7, p < .01
QI10	+.44	F = 11.8, p < .01
Q.E1	+.39	F = 2.4, p > .05
Q.E4	+.39	F = 3.8, p = .05



APPENDIX Y

DISCRIMINANT FUNCTION ANALYSIS

TRACKED PROGRAM PARTICIPANTS WHO HAVE REMAINED IN THE PROGRAM

VS.

TRACKED NON-PARTICIPATING NEIGHBORS WHO HAVE REMAINED NON-PARTICIPANTS

Y-1



A discriminant function analysis was conducted to identify Wave II characteristics that differentiated between tracked program participants and tracked non-participating neighbors. The discriminant variables were drawn from five important program impact areas:

Mobility

Frequency of Getting Out of the House 0.C1 Ability to Clean and Maintain Home Q. C3

Use of Aids Q.D5

Health and Institutionalization

Number of Illness Related Doctor Visits in Past Year

Time Bedridden Due to Illness in Past Year Q. D3 Time in Hospital/Nursing Home in Past Year Q.D4

Health Relative to Last Year 0.D13 :

Psychological Well-Being

Mood on Day Interviewed 0.F1 :

Anticipating Doing Something Next Week 0.F2

Frequency of Feeling Bored During Past Few Weeks 0.F9c :

Frequency of Feeling Depressed/Very Unhappy During Past Q.F9e

Few Weeks

Frequency of Feeling Restless During Past Few Weeks Q.F9a Frequency of Feeling Pleased That Things Were "Going 0.F9i

(Respondent's) Way" During Past Few Weeks

Isolation/Social Activity Level

Frequency of Inviting Others to Eat at Home Q.E6

Have Enough Friends Q. F6

Attendance at Religious Services 0.G1 :

Membership in Clubs, Lodges, or Other Social Organizations Q.G6

Isolation: This is a composite variable combining an individual's scores

on the following items:

0.14 Live Alone

Have Enough Friends Q.F6 Presence of Confidante Q.F7

Frequency of Feeling Lonely During Past Few Weeks Q.F9h

O.G8/G9: Have Living Children Who Visit

The higher the score, the more isolated respondents were considered to be.

Income and Perceived Income Sufficiency

Q.H2 : Perceived Income Sufficiency

Q.19 : Reported/Estimated 1981 Family Income

Demographic and Lifestyle Variables

Q.E4: Normal Meal Preparation

Q.II : Marital Status

0. I5 : Age

Q.I6 : Education O.L7 : Gender

Q.L8 : Minority Status

<u>Results</u>

The analysis revealed a canonical correlation of +.41 between the linear discriminant function and group membership (tracked participants vs. non-participants whose program status has not changed since Wave I). The discriminant function correctly classified respondents into these two respondent groups in 68% of cases. Listed below are variables that maximally discriminated between the two groups. Discriminant variables with higher absolute value standardized discriminant function coefficients, better discriminated between the two respondent groups.

 Discriminant Variable	Standardized Discriminant Function Coefficient	Univariate F value & Associated Significance Level (df = 1 and 422)
 G1	+.49	F = 29.3, p < .01
C1	+.48	F = 16.3, p < .01
G6	+.36	F = 12.1, p < .01
Isolation	31	F = 7.5, p < .01
L7	28	F = 6.3, p < .05



APPENDIX Z

DISCRIMINANT FUNCTION ANALYSIS

TRACKED PROGRAM PARTICIPANTS WHO HAVE REMAINED PARTICIPANTS

VS

TRACKED PROGRAM PARTICIPANTS WHO HAVE LEFT THE PROGRAM

Z-1



A discriminant function analysis was conducted to identify Wave II characteristics that differentiated between tracked program participants who had remained participants or left the program since Wave I. The discriminant variables were drawn from five important program impact areas:

Mobility

Frequency of Getting Out of the House Q.C3 Ability to Clean and Maintain Home

Q.D5 : Use of Aids

Health and Institutionalization

Q.D1-D2: Number of Illness Related Doctor Visits in Past Year

Time Bedridden Due to Illness in Past Year 0.D3 Time in Hospital/Nursing Home in Past Year 0.D4

O.D13 : Health Relative to Last Year

Psychological Well-Being

Q.F1 : Mood on Day Interviewed

Q.F2 : Anticipating Doing Something Next Week

Q.F9c :

Frequency of Feeling Bored During Past Few Weeks Frequency of Feeling Depressed/Very Unhappy During Past

Few Weeks

Frequency of Feeling Restless During Past Few Weeks 0.F9g : Frequency of Feeling Pleased That Things Were "Going Q.F9i :

(Respondent's) Way" During Past Few Weeks

Isolation/Social Activity Level

Frequency of Inviting Others to Eat at Home 0.E6

Q.F6 : Have Enough Friends

Attendance at Religious Services Q.G1

Membership in Clubs, Lodges, or Other Social Organizations Q.G6

. Isolation: This is a composite variable combining an individual's scores on the following items.

> Live Alone Q. I4

Q.F6 Have Enough Friends Presence of Confidante Q.F7

Q.F9h : Frequency of Feeling Lonely During

Past Few Weeks

0.68/69: Have Living Children Who Visit

The higher the score, the more isolated respondents were considered to be.



Income and Perceived Income Sufficiency

0.H2 : Perceived Income Sufficiency

Q.19 : Reported/Estimated 1981 Family Income

Demographic and Lifestyle Variables .

Q.E4: Normal Meal Preparation

Q.I1 : Marital Status

Q.15 : Age

Q.I6 : Education Q.L7 : Gender

Q.L8 : Minority Status

Results

The analysis revealed a very modest canonical correlation of +.31 between the linear discriminant function and group membership (i.e. tracked Wave I participants who had either remained in the program or had left it since Wave I). The discriminant functino correctly classified respondents into these groups in 69% of cases. Because the discriminant function accounted for a small percentage of the variance of group membership (R = 10%), only those discriminant variables that maximally discriminated between groups and which had significant univariate F values are listed below as important discriminant variables. Discriminant variables with higher absolute value standardized discriminant function coefficients better discriminated between the two respondent groups.

:	Discriminant Variable	Standardized Discriminant Function Coefficient	Univariate F value & Associated Significand Level (df = 1 and 371)	
	C1	+.67	F = 19.9, p < .01	
	G1	+.32	F = 7.3, p < .01	
	D13	+.30	F = 7.1, p < .01	

APPENDIX AA

DISCRIMINANT FUNCTION ANALYSIS

TRACKED NON-PARTICIPATING NEIGHBORS WHO HAVE REMAINED NON-PARTICIPANTS

VS.

TRACKED NON-PARTICIPATING NEIGHBORS WHO HAVE ENTERED THE PROGRAM

ΔΔ_1



A discriminant function analysis was conducted to identify Wave II characteristics that differentiated between tracked non-participating neighbors who had remained non-participants and those who enrolled in the program since Wave I. The discriminant variables were drawn from five important program impact areas.

Mobility

- : Frequency of Getting Out of the House Q.C1 Q.C3 : Ability to Clean and Maintain Home
- 0.D5 : Use of Aids

Health and Institutionalization

- Q.D1-D2: Number of Illness Related Doctor Visits in Past Year
- Q.D3 : Time Bedridden Due to Illness in Past Year 0.D4 : Time in Hospital/Nursing Home in Past Year
- O.D13 : Health Relative to Last Year

Psychological Well-Being

- : Mood on Day Interviewed Q.F1
- Q.F2 : Anticipating Doing Something Next Week
- Frequency of Feeling Bored During Past Few Weeks Q.F9c :
- Q.F9e : Frequency of Feeling Depressed/Very Unhappy During Past
- Few Weeks
 Q.F9g : Frequency of Feeling Restless During Past Few Weeks
- Q.F9i : Frequency of Feeling Pleased That Things Were "Going'
 - (Respondent's) Way" During Past Few Weeks

Isolation/Social Activity Level

- : Frequency of Inviting Others to Eat at Home 0.E6
- : Have Enough Friends Q.F6
- Q.G1 : Attendance at Religious Services
- : Membership in Clubs, Lodges, or Other Social Organizations

Isolation: This is a composite variable combining an individual's scores on the following items.

- Q. I4
- (: Live Alone Have Enough Friends 0.F6
- Q.F7 : Presence of Confidente
- Q.F9h : Frequency of Feeling Lonely During
 - Past Few Weeks
- Q.G8/G9: Have Living Children Who Visit

The higher the score, the more isolated respondents were considered to be.



Income and Perceived Income Sufficiency

'Q.H2 : Perceived Income Sufficiency

Q.19 : Reported/Estimated 1981 Family Income

Demographic and Lifestyle Variables

Q.E4 : Normal Meal Preparation

Q.II : Marital Status

Q. 15 : Age

Q.I6 : Education Q.L7 : Gender

Q.L8 : Minority Status

Results

The analysis revealed a modest canonical correlation of +.34 between the linear discriminant function and group membership (tracked non-participants who remained non-participants vs. those who enrolled in the program since Wave II. The discriminant function correctly classified respondents into these two groups in 70% of cases. Because the discriminant function accounted for a small percentage of the variance of group membership (R = 11%), only those discriminant variables that maximally discriminated between groups and which had significant univariate F values are listed below as important discriminant variables. Discriminant variables with higher absolute value standardized discriminant function coefficients better discriminated between the two respondent groups.

Discriminant Variable	Standardized Discriminant Function Coefficient	Univariate F value & Associated Significance <u>Level (df = 1 and 218)</u>
L8	+.64	F = 8.4, p < .01
I6	+.41	F = 5.2, p < .05