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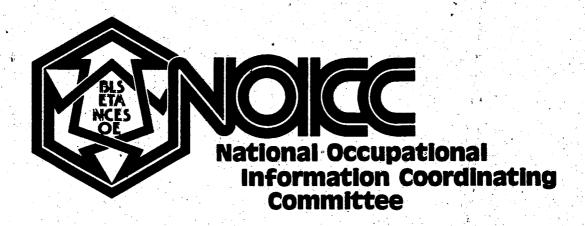
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#### **ABSTRACT**

"Classification Structures for Career Information" was created to provide Career Information Delivery Systems (CIDS) staff with pertinent and useful occupational information arranged according to the Standard Occupational Classification (SOC) structure. Through this publication, the National Occupational Information Coordinating Committee provides technical assistance to states to assist them in converting their existing CIDS to a SOC structure. A secondary purpose of the publication is to provide counselors with a compendium of occupational information compiled from a great variety of sources. The publication is organized in three volumes. This first volume, divided into three parts, contains the 1980 Standard Occupational Classification (SOC) codes and titles in a four-level taxonomy. Subtitled "Occupational Statements." this volume is primarily designed for counselor/client use. It also contains information useful to people using the SOC to classify information obtained from surveys, preparing information for a CIDS, or for other technical purposes. The Occupational Statements contain a brief guidance-oriented definition for each of the 834 categories contained in the 1980 SOC. Each definition is identified with both the SOC title and its code. In those cases where a SOC category has been assigned Dictionary of Occupational Titles (DOT) codes and titles, this additional information is included: sample work activities, hours of work, travel, and sample places of work. [This document contains part 2 of volume I--SOC numbers 4499 (administrative support occupations) to 6560 (mining occupations).] (KC)



# CLASSIFICATION STRUCTURES FOR CAREER INFORMATION

OCCUPATIONAL STATEMENTS, VOLUME I

PART 2 SOC Numbers 4499 to 6560

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# CLASSIFICATION STRUCTURES

FOR

# CAREER INFORMATION

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# 4499 ADMINISTRATIVE SUPPORT OCCUPATIONS, INCLUDING CLERICAL

These workers perform jobs that enable an organization to run smoothly. They may work as secretaries, typists, or stenographers. Others run computers, computer-related equipment, or other office machines. Some gather and file data while others keep inventories, disperse materials, or fill out forms. They may investigate claims, provide various kinds of information, or collect debts and serve notices. Some plan and supervise the work of others.

# 45 SUPERVISORS: ADMINISTRATIVE SURPORT OCCUPATIONS, INCLUDING CLERICAL

These workers supervise the activities of others who perform jobs that help an organization to run smoothly. They determine the work that needs to be done by such workers as file clerks, information clerks, office machine operators, bill collectors, and distributing clerks. They establish work procedures, assish workers, and set up work schedules. They train workers, review work for neatness and accuracy, and find ways to improve efficiency.

#### 4511 SUPERVISORS; GENERAL OFFICE OCCUPATIONS

These workers supervise clerical staff who perform routine duties in an office. They set up work procedures, prepare work schedules, and see to it that office work runs smoothly. They assign duties to office workers and check their work for neatness and accuracy. They listen to workers' complaints and try to resolve them. They also train staff and may prepare letters and forms, and take dictation, check inventories, order office supplies, and keep payroll and other records.

#### SAMPLE WORK ACTIVITIES

- Direct the activities of workers who process applications and claims
- Prepare correspondence and take dictation
- Check applications for errors Answer questions on the phone
- Supervise workers who do clerical work
- Schedule work hours for staff to make sure enough workers are available for around-the-clock shifts
- † Irain new employees and evaluate their work
- + Take inventories of equipment and supplies
- Check records for completeness and accuracy Supervise clerical workers who keep payroll records

#### HOURS OF WORK/TRAVEL

- Generally, these Jobs involve a standard 35-40 hour work week, during regular office hours.

- Government Asencies
- Hespitals and clinics
- Rusiness offices
- Insurance companies
- Police departments
- Non-profit organizations



# 4512 SUPERVISORS; COMPUTER AND PERIPHERL EQUIPMENT OPERATORS

These people supervise the activities of workers who operate computers and related machines. They train workers and see that the machines are cleaned and cared for. They set up work schedules, assign duties to workers, and help solve work problems. They prepare report forms and compile reports on the progress of work. They also develop methods to process information used by computers. They wire control boards to prepare machines for different operations. They also hay make minor changes in computer programs.

#### SAMPLE WORK ACTIVITIES

- Set up work schedules and assign duties to workers
- Train new workers in the use of computers and related equipment
- Operate a computer system to test new and revised programs
  Make minor changes in computer routines so the output (information coming out of a computer system) will be in a different format
- Help COMPUTER OPERATORS locate and correct errors
   Follow a diagram to wire a computer control board for a particular operation
   Check equipment operators' work for neatness and exactness
- Solve work problems
- Prepare written instructions for workers

#### HOURS OF WORK/TRAVEL

Mans organizations use their computers 24 hours a day. Therefore, some workers in these Jobs may have evening or night shifts. Most workers have a standard 35-40 hour work week.

#### SAMPLE PLACES OF WORK

- Manufacturing firms
- Wholesale and retail trade companies
- Banks
- Government asencies
- Insuance companies
- Companies and firms that provide data processing services

# 4513 SUPERVISORS; SECRETARIES, STENOGRAPHERS, AND TYPISTS

These people supervise workers who type, take dictation, or perform similar clerical tasks. They determine work procedures and prepare work schedules. They give spoken and written instructions to workers, assign them duties, and check their work for neatness and correctness. They also study office procedures and plan ways to make work so more smoothly. They help workers solve problems and may work along with them. They also write reports and keep records.

#### SAMPLE WORK ACTIVITIES

- Assign workers to take dictation for executives
- Assign recorded messages to workers for them to transcribe
- Check typed copy for neatness, spelling, and punctuation
   Supervise the activities of workers who prepare letters, records, reports, insurance policies, and other clerical matter
   Advise staff members in the techniques and style of dictation and letter writing
- Recommend changes in procedures that will save time, money, and labor
   Assign new workers to experienced workers for training
- Evaluate workers' performance
- Recommend that workers be promoted, transferred or fired
- Keep worker time records



#### HOURS OF WORK/TRAVEL

Most of these workers keep standard office hours. Occasional overtime work may be required in some Jobs.

#### SAMPLE PLACES OF WORK

- Banks
- Business and industrial firms
- Doctors', lawsers', and other professionals' offices Federal, State, and Local Government asencies
- Insurance companies
- Real estate firms

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#### 4514 SUPERVISORS; INFORMATION CLERKS

These people supervise workers who compile and give out information and provide other services to the public. They determine work procedures and prepare work schedules. They give instructions, assign duties, and review work for neatness and exactness. They also look for ways to improve work efficiency. They handle complaints and adjust errors. They may hire, train, and dismiss workers. They may prepare reports, order supplies, and keep time and other records. They also may perform duties of the workers they supervise.

# SAMPLE WORK ACTIVITIES

- Talk with management and check past records to determine staff, budget, and equipment needs
- Recruit, hire and train workers
- Explain work practices and procedures to workers
- Assign shifts to workers
- Order supplies
- Keep weekly attendance sheets and send them to payroll
- Write business letters and reports
- Talk with people to obtain information

- Direct and review the work of staff Keep records of work activities Review forms for completeness and accuracy
- Issue instructions on schedules changes Listen to conversation between workers and callers to make sure that accurate information is being given out
- Prepare daily worker and activity reports
- Arrange for speakers to address satherings
- Recommend that workers be promoted or fired
- Supervise workers who:
  - . Handle complaints at a telegraph office
  - Admit patients and prepare hospital records
  - Interview recele on rublic issues
  - Give bus schedules information to
  - callers Greet and welcome motorists at

- highway information centers
- . Take and record reservations at the front desk of a hotel
- Reserve seat space for passengers on airline flights
- . Sell tickets and check bassase at a railroad station

#### HOURS OF WORK/TRAVEL

- Some of these jobs may require work during evenings, weekends, and holidays.



#### SAMPLE PLACES OF WORK

- Airline companies

Automobile clubs

Firms that conduct public surveys

Hospitals

Hotels and convention centers

Government agencies

- Motor transportation companies

Railroad companies

Telephone and telegraph companies

#### 4516 SUPERVISORS, CORRESPONDENCE CLERKS AND ORDER CLERKS

These people supervise clerks who process orders for products and prepare a company's correspondence. They plan work procedures, prepare work schedules, and see to it that work is completed on time. They assign duties to workers and check their work for neatness, exactness, and conformance to company policies. They resolve worker and customer complaints, prepare work reports, and may help workers complete difficult tasks. They also keep work records and may hire, train, and fire workers.

#### SAMPLE WORK ACTIVITIES

- Supervise workers who take service orders and handle complaints from phone or water company customers
  - . Watch workers handle service calls to see if they are accurate, polite, and following company policy
  - Recommend ways to resolve customers' complaints
- Spot check order records for SCCUTSCY
- Answer questions about services
   Compile records for accounting
- Purposes
- Supervise workers who prepare classified ads
  - Review ads and suggest ways to make them more effective
  - . Review customer accounts and approve

credit

- . Edit ads
- . Train new workers
- Supervise workers who prepare gas and electric-power service orders
  - Route service orders to service departments and centers Review completed orders for accuracy
  - and completeness
- Answer telephone questions from customers, contractors, and building inspectors about the progress of orders
- Supervise workers who prepare letters and perform other clerical duties in an insurance office .
  - . Read correspondence, study policy records, and examine replies prepared by workers
  - . Proofresd letters for style,
- appearance, spelling, and grammar . Return faults work to workers with instructions for revisions
- Supervise workers who take customer orders for products
  - . Write letters to customers to answer their questions or advise them

#### HOURS OF WORK/TRAVEEL

- Generally these SUPERVISORS work a standard 35-40 hour week during regular office hours.

#### SAMPLE PLACES OF OWRK

Advertising agencies

Department stores
 Gas, heat, power, and light companies

Insurance companies

- Newspapers

Printing and publishing companies

Telephone companies

- Water companies

#### 4519 SUPERVISORS; RECORDS CLERKS

These records supervise workers who compile, file, and maintain records. This includes workers who shelve library books, rent out safety deposit boxes, keep office records, or code data processing forms. They determine work procedures, prepare work schedules, and see to it that work runs smoothly. They train workers, assign duties, and check work for neatness and accuracy. They prepare reports, handle complaints, adjust errors, and solve difficult work problems. They also may perform duties of the workers they supervise.

#### SAMPLE WORK ACTIVITIES

- Supervise library workers who replace books and other materials on shel**ves** 
  - Train and direct workers in shelving books according to a library system. Check shelved books to make sure

they were put in the proper places

- . Count the number of materials placed on shelves to record shelving activity
- Supervise workers who rent out safety deposit boxes at a bank
  - , Record the time at which the vault
  - is opened and closed Authorize the forcins, servicins, and repair of safety-deposit box locks
- Approve or disapprove rentals and requests to open safety-deposit boxes
  - Train new employees and assign them to duties
- Supervise workers who keep central records files
  - . Direct and assist workers in searching files to find lost or missing records
  - . Direct and assist workers in

- disposing of old files
- Recommend changes in work procedures to improve work efficiency
- Supervise workers who compile and maintain personnel records
  - . Compile reports of absences, salaries, and other matters of interest to management
  - Evaluate work done and return faults work with instructions for corrections
- Conduct periodic Job-performance reviews
- Assign experienced workers to train new workers
- Supervise workers who to prepare records for data processing
- Supervise workers who prepare and send out customer bank statements and keep check files.
- Supervise workers who record securities transactions Supervise workers who compute insurance premiums

#### HOURS OF WORK/TRAVEL

Generally, these SUPERVISORS keep resular office hours.



- Banks and other financial firms
- Government asencies
- Insurance companies
- Manufacturing companies

- . Private businesses
- . Public and private libraries
- . Real estate firms

#### 4521 SUPERVISORS; FINANCIAL RECORD PROCESSING OCCUPATIONS

These people supervise workers who compile, review, prepare, and maintain financial and related records for a business. They determine work procedures, prepare work schedules, and see to it that the work soes smoothly. They assign duties to workers and check their work for heatness, accuracy, and conformance to company policies. They help workers handle work problems and may hire, train, and fire workers. They also keep work records, reports, and may perform other duties in addition to supervising workers.

#### SAMPLE WORK ACTIVITIES

- Supervise workers who:
- Review schedules and records to plan and schedule work activities
- Assign experienced workers to train new workers
- Assign workers to prepare receipts, bills, and reports
- Examine reports and documents for completeness and accuracy Help workers solve problems in tracing the sources of billing errors Direct the maintenance and storage of records, such as maps, deeds, and agreements
- Talk with supervisors and company representatives to solve problems and resolve complaints

- Direct the preparation of sovernment reports Review and approve payroll deductions Help workers in the analysis of rate information Check payrolls for accuracy

- Review and correct customer accounts
   Examine and correct bookkeepins and accounting entries of other workers
   Pressre shipping documents and related reports

#### HOURS OF WORK/TRAVEL

Generally these jobs involvee a standard 35-40 hour work week during normal office hours.

#### SAMPLE PLACES OF WORK

- Banks and other financial institutions
- Business or industrial firms
- Shipping and water transportation companies

#### 4522 SUPERVISORS; DUPLICATING, MAIL, AND OTHER OFFICE MACHINE OPERATORS

These people supervise workers who operate office machines used to copy material or prepare and They may work in the duplications department or mail room of a business or in a handle mail. post office. They plan work procedures, prepare work schedules, and see to it that work is completed on time. They assign duties to workers, check their work for neatness and accuracy, and recommend ways to improve work efficiency. They also handle complaints and help workers complete difficult tasks. They may hire and train workers and keep work records.

#### SAMPLE WORK ACTIVITIES

Supervise workers in the duplicating department of a print spop

. Study requests for copying service and decide the best method of completing the orders Keep files that show the due date

and status of Job orders Examine material in process and suggest improved methods of

" reproduction

. Oversee machine maintenance program . Talk with reorle who need printing services to determine the methods and materials they prefer to be used

. Order materials needed by workers

- Supervise clerks who open, sort, and route mail and prepare material for mailing

 Read letters and determine where they should be sent

. Inform clerks of where to route mail

. Compute the amount of postage

required on outsoins mail Use a postage meter to compute the

cost of mail permits Interview job applicants and recommend that persons be hired

Train new employees

. Keer worker records

- Supervise workers who wrap and address printed material, such as magazines, books, and newspapers

Revise mailing lists

. Inspect work stations to make sure that material is wrapped and addressed in time to meet delivers schedules , Record where materials were sent,

working from shipping and mailing reports . Keer a file of bus, train, and airplane schedules and Postal mailing

Supervise workers who Process mail in a post office

. Keep records of processed mail, mail in process, and changes in worker assignments

HOURS OF WORK/TRAVEL

- Some of these jobs may require some evening or weekend work. Others involve a standard 35-40 hour work week during regular office hours.

SAMPLE PLACES OF WORK

Any business or industry that handles its own duplicating or copying activities

Printing and publishing companies U.S. Fostal Service

#### 4523 CHIEF COMMUNICATIONS OPERATORS

These people supervise workers who operate telephone and telegraph equipment. They work in places such as telephone offices, business firms, and airports. They determine work procedures, prepare work schedules, and see to it that work is properly done. They assign duties to workers, check their work for neatness and accuracy, and recommend ways to improve work efficiency. They also hadde complaints and difficult, work problems. They may hire, train, and fire workers and keep work records.

#### SAMPLE WORK ACTIVITIES

- Supervise workers who operate telegraphic typewriters
  - Assish duties to workers and watch them send and receive messages
- Direct workers who file letters, messages, instructions, and reports Transfer operators to different work stations to insure an even work load
- Supervise workers who operate telephone switchboards at a telephone central office



 Conduct on-the-job training for new operators

Help operators place unusual types

of calls

 Discuss service problems with customers

- Supervise workers who receive and send messages at an airport terminal
  - Receive telephone or radio requests for equipment repair
  - Phone the proper authorities in case. of an emergency, such as a bomb threat
  - Record work activities in a los
- Supervise telephone operators in a telephone office or an industrial firm
  - Assign switchboard positions to operators
  - . Keer worker attendance records
  - . Keep a los of all incomins and
- outsoins long distance calls
- . Compile a plant phone directory
- Relieve operators of their duties,

when necessary

#### HOURS OF WORK/TRAVEL

Some of these jobs may require shift work and/or weekend work.

# SAMPLE PLACES OF WORK

- Aireorts
- Business and industrial firms
- Telephone and telegraph companies

#### 4524 SUPERVISORS; MAIL AND MESSAGE DISTRIBUTION CLERKS

These workers supervise workers who distribute messages and mail and perform related clerical duties. They determine work procedures, prepare work schedules, and instruct the staff in day-to-day operations. They assign duties to workers and check their work for accuracy and completeness. They also prepare work reports and investigate customer complaints. In some jobs, they are also responsible for maintaining time and personnel records and for hiring, training and firing workers.

#### SAMPLE WORK ACTIVITIES

- Supervise and coordinate the activities of workers involved in sorting and delivering mail and/or messages
- Determine work procedures
- Prepare work schedules
  Instruct staff in day-to-day operations
  Assign duties to workers and evaluate their work
  Study ways to improve worker performance
- Prepare work reports
- Investigate and resolve customer complaints Keep worker records
- Hire, train, and fire workers

#### HOURS OF WORK/TRAVEL

- Most of these workers have a standard 35-40 hour work week, with no travel required. However, MAIL AND POSTAL CLERK SUPERVISORS was have to work at night or on weekends.



#### SAMPLE PLACES OF WORK

- Business and industrial firms
- Post offices
- Telephone and telegraph companies

# 4525 SUPERVISORS; MATERIAL RECORDING, SCHEDULING, AND DISTRIBUTING CLERKS

These people supervise workers receive, store, mark and issue, or ship supplies. They study assignments to determine the workers, materials, and supplies needed to meet work schedules. They assign duties to workers and direct their activities. They also recommend ways to improve work methods and conditions. They may prepare production or other reports, order materials, and check materials received. They may hire, train, and fire workers. They also may perform some or all of the duties of the workers they supervise.

#### SAMPLE WORK ACTIVITIES

- Supervise workers who:
  - , Order, receive, store, issue, and ship materials and supplies in a stockroom, warehouse, or yard
  - Prepare soods for shipment
     Clean, assemble, and pack supplies and equipment in a hospital central supply room
  - Attach price tass to soods in a retail store
  - . Determine rates for shipping goods
- . Prepare duty rosters for airline flisht crews
  - Prepare work schedules for telephone company workers
  - . Compile production and sales reports
  - . Distribute materials and tools to production workers
  - Store, issue, and keep records of ammunition or explosives
- Direct workers to furnish supplies and equipment
- Direct workers to arrange stock and order supplies and equipment
- Check purchase orders and work stations to determine the type and amount of marking tags required for each shipment of goods
- Help worders mark and tas merchandise Study shipping rates and routes to find ways to reduce transportation costs
- Plan and prepare work force schedules, using information such as budget estimates and customer demands
- Inspect films being issued to make sure that they are properly packaged and identified Dispatch workers to inspect products and check the amounts received
- Review inspection reports and lab tests to make sure that products meet specifications Plan the lawout of storage areas
- Advise workers on the care of items received and stored Keep worker time records for payroll purposes

#### HOURS OF WORK/TRAVEL

- Many of these jobs may require some night work and overtime, including work on Saturdays, Sundays, and holidays. This is particularly true when shipments have been delayed or when materials are needed immediately on production lines.

- Manufacturing plants and factories
- Wholesale houses
- Retail stores
- Hospitals Utility companies
- Airline companies
- Telephone companies
- Oil refineries and pipeline companies
- Laundry Flants

Ammunition plants - Textile mills

#### 4528 SUPERVISORS; ADJUSTERS, INVESTIGATORS, AND COLLECTORS

These records supervise workers who do such things as adjust insurance claims, collect overdue payments, or collect money from coin boxes. They plan work activities, prepare work schedules, and see to it that work soes smoothly. They assish duties to workers and check their work for exactness and neatness. They handle worker and customer complaints and prepare work reports. They may keep time and personnel records and oversee preparation of payrolls. They also may hire, train, and fire workers. They also may.

#### SAMPLE WORK ACTIVITIES

- -.Supervise the activities of workers who make changes to insurance policies
  - . Review letters from agents requesting policy changes and assign them to workers for proper action
    - Interpret insurance policies for
- workers . Check the amounts of premiums computed by workers for accuracy
- Supervise workers who collect overdue charge-account payments
  - . Review account records to determine which customers are late in pasing their accounts
  - Develop form letters to be used in collection attempts
  - Orsanize the workload of staff, based on the number of late accounts
  - Review letters of complaint from customers and assign them to workers
- for handling 🤏
- . Advise workers on how to handle difficult work problems
- Recommend changes in policy and procedure to management, based on workflow
- . Talk with or write to customers to explain what action is being taken to resolve their complaints
- Assign workers to collect money from meters, pay phones, or vending machines
  - . Count money collected and compute the amount due to agents

#### HOURS OF WORK/TRAVEL

Generally, these jobs involve a standard 35-40 hour work week, with little or no travel required.

- Retail stores
- Business offices
- Insurance companies
   Banks and other financial firms
   Credit card companies
- Vendins machine companies

# 4529 SUPERVISORS, MISCELLANEOUS ADMINISTRATIVE SUPPORT OCCUPATIONS

These people supervise workers who receive, pay out, and/or keep records of money for a business. These workers include bank tellers, cashiers, food checkers, and clerks who prepare purchase orders and receipts. They determine the workers and supplies needed, establish work procedures, assign duties. They hire and train new workers, explain company policies, and enforce rules. They resolve customer and worker complaints. They count and deposit money received, keep accounts and other records, and authorize payments. They also handle complaints and other problems and may perform some or all of the duties of the workers they supervise.

# - SAMPLE WORK ACTIVITIES

- Supervise workers who receive, pay out and keep records of money in a bank
  - . Train workers in customer service and banking procedures Approve checks for payment

. Resolve customer complaints

. Use an adding machine to balance

- tellers' reports . See to it that enough money is on hand to meet legal and business demands.
- Supervise workers who receive payments for goods or services in a store; hotel; or similar Place
  - . Relieve workers during peak work periods
  - Search records to help workers locate and correct errors on customers' bills
- . Compare cash register totals with receirts in the resister
- . Keer custody of operating funds
- Total funds received, endorse checks, and prepare bank deposit slips
- Plan and supervise the activities of food checkers and cashiers in a large food-service business
  - . Establish food-checking stations to support dining rooms, bars, clubs, and social functions

. Hire and train workers

- . Watch food-checking, billing, and cashiering activities
- . Compile reports for accounting and manadement purposes
- Supervise workers who accept payments for gas and electric-power bills

Supervise clerical workers in the field office of a construction project Supervise workers in the purchasing-and-claims department of a ferryboat service

- Supervise workers who type letters, prepare purchase orders, and obtain price quotations

#### HOURS OF WORK TRAVEL

Some of these SUPERVISORS may work evenings or on Saturdays.

- Hotels and restaurants
- Retail stores, including grocery and department stores
- Race tracks
- Utility companies Construction companies
- Water transportation companies



# 46-47 ADMINISTRATIVE SUPPORT OCCUPATIONS, INCLUDING CLERICAL

These workers perform jobs to help a business or organization run smoothly. They work as bank tellers, hotel clerks, or correspondence clerks. They operate office machines for financial recordkeeping or duplicating. Some interview people to complete forms while others maintain information in files. Some process library materials or examine insurance claims. Others may collect debts or work as inventory clerks.

#### 461 COMPUTER AND PHERIPHERIAL EQUIPMENT OPERATORS

Workers in these occupations operate and tend computers or the equipment that issued with computers. They may read programmers' instructions and set up a computer run. Or they may operate the machinery that loads the computers, the printers, and the equipment used for computer output. They may be responsible for card-to-tape machines, card sorters, and They watch for problems with the computer or peripheral equipment and try to solve those problems.

# **4612 COMPUTER OPERATORS**

-COMPUTER OPERATORS control and tend computers used to process business, scientific, engineering, and other data. They read special instructions prepared by PROGRAMMERS and decide what computer equipment should be set up for each job. To process the input, they first load the computer with the correct cards, tapes, or disks, and then they start the computer. While it is running, they watch for error lights or other signals that indicate problems. When problems occur, they may locate and solve them or stop the program.

#### SAMPLE WORK ACTIVITIES

- Follow instructions for operating a computer
- Set control switches on computer equipment
- Select tapes and punchcards and load them into the computer Move switches to clear computer systems and start computers Watch machines and control panels for error lights
- Type commands into computer consoles
- Notify a supervisor when errors occur Wire control panels of equipment

#### HOURS OF WORK/TRAVEL

COMPUTER OPERATORS may work day, evening, or night shifts, as many organizations use their computers 24 hours a day.

- Manufacturing firms
- Wholesale and retail trade companies:
- Banks
- Government agencies
- Insurance companies Companies that provide data processing services for a fee
- Computer centers in colleges and universities



#### 4613 PERIPHERAL EQUIPMENT OPERATORS

PERIPHERAL EQUIPMENT OPERATORS operate machines that are used along with computers. machines include devices used to load data into computers; (such as tape drives and disk drives); as well as printers and other devices used to retrieve computer output. Also included are stand-alone equipment, such as card-to-tape machines; card sorters; and collators (machines that arrange material in a certain order). These workers set up and adjust these machines; load and upload input cards or tapes. load and unload input cards or tapes, and unload and sort computer output such as cards or

#### SAMPLE WORK ACTIVITIES

- Tend a machine that sorts computer cards into groups
- Place cards in a feedbox and push buttons on a control panel to sort them

- Remove sorted cards from bins Remove Jammed cards to clear a sorting machine
- Mount reels of magnetic tape onto spindles
- Set suides, keys, and switches to prepare machines for operation
   Wire control panels according to a diagram
   Watch computer cards in a machine for signs of creases or tears
   Unload cards from a machine and label them
   Separate and sort printed output forms, using a special machine

- Operate machines that process data from punched cards into printed records
- Install a control panel, using wrenches and a screwdriver
- Tend machines that copy printed material or punched cards Tend machines that remove carbons from printout sheets and separate the sheets

#### HOURS OF WORK/TRAVEL

As computer centers in many organizations operate 24 hours a day, PERIPHERAL EQUIPMENT OPERATORS may work day, evening, or night shifts.

#### SAMPLE PLACES OF WORK

- Manufacturing firms
- Wholesale and retail trade companies
- Ranks
- Government asencies
- Insurance companies
- Companies that provide data processing services for a fee
- Computer centers in colleges and universities

# 462 SECRETARIES, STENOGRAPHERS, TYPISTS

Workers in these occupations take dictation, type, and perform other duties to run an office. They may record and type letters, reports, and other information. They may run other office equipment, do filing, receive callers, and make appointments. Some workers answer letters, write reports, and do research. Some specialize in medicine, law, or science. Some supervise other workers.



#### 4622 SECRETARIES

SECRETARIES set appointments, deal with callers, take dictation, and type. typing is done in word processing centers, they often handle a number of other duties. These duties range from filing, routing mail, and answering the phone to more responsible work such as answering letters, doing research, and writing reports. Some SECRETARIES specialize in a certain area, such as medicine, law, science, or education. Some supervise a clerical staff.

#### SAMPLE WORK ACTIVITIES

Compose and type routine letters

Keep an inventory of office supplies

Look through law books to find court decisions that pertain to cases your employer may be handling

- Type medical charts, reports, and letters - Send bills to patients

Welcome new members to an organization and issue membership cards
 Receive and deposit funds for lunches, school supplies, and student activities
 Read scripts and prepare notes for each scene in a play
 Send invitations and arrange for food service for a business or social dinner

#### HOURS OF WORK/TRAVEL

(No Information)

#### SAMPLE PLACES OF WORK

- Banks, insurance companies, real estate firms, sovernment asencies, and other places that provide services to the public.
  Doctors', lawyers', and other professional offices

- Any industry

#### 4623 STENOGRAPHERS

STENOGRAPHERS take dictation of letters, reports, and other worded materials. They may take dictation using either shorthand or a stenotype machine that prints symbols as certain keys are pressed. Experienced STENOGRAPHERS can take difficult dictation. For example, they may sit in on meetings or proceedings and later give reports or word-for-word records of what was said. Some specialize in taking dictation in foreign languages. Others work for business people who travel.

#### SAMPLE WORK ACTIVITIES

Use a shorthand machine to record everything that is said in a meeting

Transcribe dictation on a smecial typewriter that produces punched cards or tape Use a typewriter to transcribe dictated material and eprepare metal plates used in an

addressing machine Dictate notes into a recording machine for other workers to transcribe

Listen to a tared recording and type what is heard

#### HOURS OF WORK/TRAVEL

- Most STENOGRAPHERS work 35-40 hours per week during regular office hours.
- A few of these jobs may require some travel, but most do not.



# SAMPLE PLACES OF WORK

Banks

Insurance companies

Government asencies and other establishments that provide services to the public Doctors', lawsers' and other types of professional offices
Various businesses and organizations

#### 4624 TYPISTS

TYPISTS make typed copies of handwritten, printed, and recorded words. They may do other office tasks, such as answering the phone, filing, and running office machines. They may plan and type tables, prepare reports using many source materials, and make master copies of reports to be reproduced. They may listen to a recording and type what is heard.

#### SAMPLE WORK ACTIVITIES

- Type reports, business letters, and shipping tickets from handwritten copy

- Add numbers on an adding or calculating machine

Listen to a tare and type what is heard Keer records and files of completed work

Make cories of completed work, using a corving machine Sort and distribute mail and answer the phone

Check totals on report forms or bills Watch a movie and type a brief description of each scene

#### HOURS OF WORK/TRAVEL

- TYPISTS frequently are able to obtain part-time work.

# SAMPLE PLACES OF WORK

Banks, savings and loan companies, and other financial firms

Insurance companies

- Real estate firms Federal, state, and local sovernment asencies

Motion picture studios Television stations

- Hotels, motels, and restaurants
- Hospitals, clinics, and doctors' offices Lawsers offices

- Ans industry

#### 463 GENERAL OFFICE OCCUPATIONS

People in these Jobs do seneral clerical work. They type, file, record information, answer the phone, and perform other similar tasks that help an office run smoothly.

# SAMPLE WORK ACTIVITIES

Answer the Phone, deliver messages, and run errands.

- Count, weish, or measure materials

Sort and file records Stamp or number forms by hand or machine

- Prepare and send out bills, policies, invoices, and checks

Operate office machines such as typewriters, adding machines, and copiers Post charges to service accounts Operate a telephone switchboard to take or relaw information

Schedule appointments

Compute and record payment of fees

#### HOURS OF WORK/TRAVEL

Generally these jobs do not require travel.
Most of these jobs involve a standard 35-40 hour work week. However, evening and weekend work may be required in some Jobs.

#### SAMPLE PLACES OF WORK

- Companies that provide transportation

Schools and colleges

Federal, state, and local sovernment asencies

Telephone and telegraph companies
Financial firms, such as banks and savings and loan companies

Hospitals, clinics, and doctors' offices

- Nonprofit organizations, such as animal shelters

Police stations Business offices

**464 INFORMATION CLERKS** 

These workers sather and provide information. They may interview people in order to complete forms or records. They may work in hotels, helping guests check in or out, and insuring good service. Others help plan travel routes, make reservations, and issue tickets. Some answer questions about insurance, stock prices, mortgage requirements, or other things. Some help people complete transactions, listen to complaints, write letters, or perform other clerical tasks.

#### 4642 INTERVIEWING CLERKS

records. They may talk to reorie to set information that is needed to complete forms of record, They may talk to reorie in person or by phone. They ask specific questions of reorie, record their answers, and help reorie fill out forms. Some also sort, classify, and file completed forms. INTERVIEWING CLERKS talk to people to set information that is needed to complete forms or

#### SAMPLE WORK ACTIVITIES

- Talk with hospital patients to find out their names, addresses, and ases
- Set up times for people to be examined at a clinic
- Call credit bureaus, employers, and personal references to check people's credit standins
- Talk with people to learn about their buying habits or opinions

- Keer records of deposits and payments and phone customers who have not raid their accounts on time
- Interview people who want to open a checking account and record the information they provide onto forms

Talk with recele to find out about their work problems

- Phone Job applicants to offer them Jobs



#### HOURS OF WORK/TRAVEL

(No Information)

#### SAMPLE PLACES OF WORK

Medical centers, such as hospitals or clinics

Federal, state, and local government agencies

- Nonrofit organizations, such as rehabilitation centers
- Any large business or store that has charge accounts
- Banks and loan companies
- Public opinion survey firms

#### 4643 HOTEL CLERKS

HOTEL CLERKS register guests, assign them to rooms, and issue them their room keys. They also sive out mail and messages, answer questions about hotel services, keep guest records, prepare bills, and collect payments. They may sell items such as candy or newspapers and deposit items for suests in the hotel safe.

#### SAMPLE WORK ACTIVITIES

- Assign hotel suests to rooms and instruct bellhors to help them with their lussage Sort and stack incoming mail and messages
- Give and receive messages by phone, switchboard, or teletype machine
- Keer records of which rooms are available
- Make and confirm reservations
- Sell tobacco, candy, and newspapers Deposit suests' valuables in a hotel safe

#### HOURS OF WORK/TRAVEL

- Many of these Jobs require evening or night work.
- Some of these jobs may involve shift work.

#### SAMPLE PLACES OF WORK

- Hotels
- Motels
- Motor lodges
- Resorts

#### 4644 RESERVATION AGENTS AND TRANSPORTATION TICKET CLERKS

Some plan travel routes and schedules and obtain These CLERKS help people who travel. reservations for people on planes, trains, buses, or boats. They also do such things as plan auto trips, prepare travel information, reserve hotel rooms, and issue travel tickets. Others help passengers safely board the correct train or plane.



#### SAMPLE WORK ACTIVITIES

Plan travel routes and figure out ticket costs, using schedules and rate books

Answer questions about travel schedules and places to stay

Prepare travel booklets that contain tickets, schedules, and travel sussestions Plan trips for members of auto clubs

Inform people about the need for visas and other documents required for foreign travel

Provide people with suides, directories, brochures, and maps Check plane tickets to make sure passengers have the right flight or seat Assign train space to passengers

#### HOURS OF WORK/TRAVEL

- Some of these jobs may involve shift work. - Some of these jobs require evening or night work.

#### SAMPLE PLACES OF WORK

Travel agencies

Airline and steamship companies

Bus and train companies

Hotels

Government agencies

#### 4645 RECEPTIONISTS

RECEPTIONISTS are often the first person callers see when they visit a place or organization. They greet customers or visitors, determine their needs, and refer them to people who can help them. Their daily duties depend upon where they work. Those in medical offices, may obtain information from patients. In beauty shops, they set up appointments. In large businesses, they give ID cards to callers and arrange for escorts. Many RECEPTIONISTS also do other things, such as they are the properties and arrange for escorts. things, such as type, answer the phone, file and sort mail.

#### SAMPLE WORK ACTIVITIES

- Obtain callers' names and arrange for appointments with persons they wish to see

Record the names of callers, the times they visited, the nature of their business, and the rersons called upon Collect and distribute mail and messages

- Issue passes to visitors

Phone clients to remind them of their appointments

- Give travel information to bus or train passengers Greet visitors to a military base, and record their names, home addresses, and the times they
- Caution park visitors about fires, wild animals, and travel hazards

#### HOURS OF WORK/TRAVEL

A few of the Jobs may require evening or weekend work. Generally, these Jobs do not require travel.

#### SAMPLE PLACES OF WORK

23

- Doctors' and dentists' offices

- Hospitals and nursing homes

Insurance companies

- Banks

- Factories and plants
- Transportation companies

Military bases

- Historical societies
- Any place that is open to the public

# 4649 INFORMATION CLERK, N.E.C.

These CLERKS provide information and assistance to customers. They answer people's questions about such matters as insurance, stock prices, travel services or mortgage requirements. They may answer questions by phone or letter or in person. Some assist people in completing transactions such as overseas phone calls, loan applications, or room reservations, Some receive and answer complaints of callers. They also may compile information, write letters, fill out forms, and perform other clerical duties.

#### SAMPLE WORK ACTIVITIES

- Take phoned-in requests for information about credit applicants
  - . Identify callers by a code
  - . Type inquiry details on the keyboard
  - of a machine Read information from computer printouts or displays
- Check the accuracy of loan applications
  - . Frepare a file for each loan

transaction in a bank

- . Compare applications for loans
- against credit reports Approve loans and prepare checks
- . Prepare insurance records, credit reports, and copies of loan applications
- Prepare payment books and mail them

to customers

- Complete mortgage transactions after loans have been approved
  - . Check loan papers for completeness
  - Answer busers' and sellers' questions about the details of the transactions
- . Get buyers and sellers to sign
- necessary documents Operate office machines to compute figures
- Answer phoned-in questions about the activities and programs of an auto club
  - . Receive and record complaints about road conditions

Help prepare traffic surveys

- Tell callers about car insurance and financing
- Contact operators in other countries to place international calls
- Answer phone calls from customers who want information about the stock market
- Provide travel information to tourists at a state information center Write letters to answer questions about fishing and hunting regulations
- Answer requests for information about insurance policies

#### HOURS OF WORK/TRAVEL

- Generally, these CLERKS keep regular office hours.

- Automobile clubs
- Banks and other financial firms
   Government asencies
- Hotels and convention centers

- Information service Kirms

Railroad and other transportation companies State land offices

Telephone companies

# 466 CORRESPONDENCE CLERKS AND ORDER CLERKS

Workers in these occupations help customers place ads, order products, or settle problems. They may help customers write ads for newspapers or masszines. Or they may process requests for products. They inform customers of availability, costs, and shipping dates. Some clerks handle letters and calls from customers who want information, have complaints, or request special orders. Clerks fill out forms, take payments, write receipts and keep records.

#### 4662 CLASSIFIED AD CLERKS

These CLERKS take orders for ads and help prepare the ads to be printed in a newspaper, magazine, or some other publication. Some talk with customers to find out what words they want in ada and when they want the ads to appear in print. They use a rate schedule to figure out the costs of the ads. They also fill out order forms, take payments, write receipts, and keep order records. Others help space and arrange ads on pages or check current ads to see how many more days they should be run.

#### SAMPLE WORK ACTIVITIES

Talk with customers on the phone or in person to take orders for classified ads

Figure out the total charges for ads and collect payments from customers
 Measure and draw outlines of ads on dummy copy sheets, using a pencil and ruler

Arranse ads on sheets so that those of competing customers do not appear on the same page
 Mark ads that have expired and note the number of days others should run
 Figure out the total number of lines available for new ads

# HOURS OF WORK/TRAVEL

- CLASSIFIED AD CLERKS who prepare copy may be required to work late at night and on weekends.

#### SAMPLE PLACE OF WORK

- Newspaper companies
- Masazine companies
- Advertising companies

## 4663 CORRESPONDENCE CLERKS

CORRESPONDENCE CLERKS answer letters concerning such matters as requests for goods, special orders damage claims, credit information, incorrect billings, and roor service. incomins mail and sather information needed to make replies. They may type or dictate a reply, prepare a form letter, or send the customer's letter to the appropriate person or department for a reply. Some also keep files of letters sent, received, or requiring further action.



# SAMPLE WORK ACTIVITIES

Answer a letter about a damage claim or an incorrect billings

Obtain the records needed to answer a request for information

Draft and type letters to customers to let them know that their letters were received and

their requests are being processed Attach information to customers letters for replies by other workers

Send letters to other departments for replies Keep files of letters received, sent, and requiring further action -

Prepare reports of letters processed

#### HOURS OF WORK/TRAVEL

CORRESPONDENCE CLERKS senerally work from 35-40 hours a week, during regular office hours.

# SAMPLE PLACES OF WORK

Any business, firm, or industry that receives large amounts of/mail from the public or from customers

#### **4664 ORDER CLERKS**

ORDER CLERKS process requests from customers or company employees for products, services, or materials. They may receive orders by mail, phone, order form, or directly from people. In some cases, they phone or write to people to inform them of prices, shipping dates, delays, or other information about their orders. They may send orders to departments to be filled and follow up on orders to make sure of prompt delivery. Some help prepare written contracts for goods or handle service orders and complaints.

#### SAMPLE WORK ACTIVITIES

Sort orders into groups for delivery to service centers

Quote freight rates and give information on truck arrivals to trucking firm customers Talk with people by phone or in person to take orders for products, services, or materials Receive and record requests from auto club members for emersency road service Fill out service cards or product order forms Answer phoned-in reports of sas leaks and arrange for service crews to be dispatched

Process mailed in orders for merchandise Issue route slips to truck drivers who pick up donated clothins and furniture Receive and process requests from hospitals for blood

Review incoming orders for completeness

Contact customers to set needed information Keep records of services provided to customers

HOURS OF WORK/TRAVEL

ORDER CLERKS senerally work from 35-40 hours per week; during regular office hours.

#### SAMPLE PLACES OF WORK

- Lisht, heat, and power companies

Telegraph and telephone companies

Companies that repair or install electrical equipment

Printing and publishing companies

Department stores

Nonprofit organizations, such as Goodwill and the Salvation Army

Medical service firms, such as blood banks

Any business that delivers soods or customer services

Sur Alegan

#### - 469 RECORD\_CLERKS

These workers compile information, file it properly, and make it available to others. gather or verify information for employee records, noting work history or skills. They may work as file clerks, classifying and sorting documents and materials, then retrieving them for other workers to use. Others work in libraries and shelve books, check books in and out for users, or process new materials. Some workers process balloting information or financial records.

# 4692 PERSONNEL CLERKS EXCEPT PAYROLL AND TIMEKEEPING

PERSONNEL CLERKS sather and file information on the training, skills, job duties, work history, and traits of a firm's employees. They also may compile and type reports from worker records. Many have other duties as well. They may prepare and mail forms or letters, act as receptionist, or check job applicants' references:

#### SAMPLE WORK ACTIVITIES

- Keep records of the selection and placement of workers in civil service positions

- Mail out application forms - Answer applicants questions about salaries and benefits

Check applications to make sure they are complete and accurate

File application forms, test papers, and records Record information on file cards

- Type reports and forms
- Talk with job applicants to get information such as work experience, education, training, and interests
- Call applicants for jobs to tell them that they have been accepted or rejected Compile personal information about the families of military workers Write to references to find out about an applicants' social and moral background Photograph or fingerprint new workers

- Keep insurance records on employees Record information on workers such as name, address, earnings, absences, and amount of sales Compile detailed bills for services received by hospital patients

#### HOURS OF WORK/TRAVEL

- Generally, these workers have a standard 35-40 hour workweek.

- Finance, insurance, and real estate firms
- Manufacturing companies
- Federal, state, and local sovernment asencies Any business or industry that has a large number of employees
- Hospitals



#### 4694 LIBRARY CLERKS

LIBRARY CLERKS do many of the routine tasks involved in running a library. librarians order and organize materials and make it easier for patrons to find and check out materials. They check books in and out, sort and shelve library materials, repair damaged books, and answer routine questions. They may keep files of special materials. They may help in the busing and processing library materials or drive bookmobiles to take library materials. to patrons in different areas of a town.

#### SAMPLE WORK ACTIVITIES

- Select talking books to be mailed to blind patrons

- Prepare books for mailing

Drive a bookmobile or special truck over an assigned route to take library books to patrons Place books and magazines on shelves Stamp dates on library cards and file cards

Collect fees for overque books
Compile reports of the number of books issued and the amount of fines collected
Resister library patrons to permit them to borrow books
Tend a microfilm machine that records information about borrowers and items issued to them

Check issue cards to see what books are overdue and who has them Type notices to let borrowers know items are overdue issue books, films, and recordings inspect returned books for damage

Find books and other materials for patrons Use mending tape, paste, and a brush to repair books Answer phoned-in inquiries about books and services

File cards in catalog drawers

Replace borrowed materials in stacks or files

Truck or carny materials between shelving areas and the issue desk

# HOURS OF WORK/TRAVEL

- LIBRARY CLERKS who work in sovernment or other special libraies usually work a regular 40-
- In public, college, and university libraries, LIBRARY CLERKS may work weekend and evening
- In elementary and high schools, LIBRARY CLERKS work regular school hours.

#### SAMPLE PLACES OF WORK

- Public libraries

Large companies or businesses that have libraries Colleges and university libraries

Fublic school systems libraries

- Private libraries

- Federal sovernment, especially in the Department of Defense and the Library of Congress

#### 4696 FILE CLERKS

FILE CLERKS keep office records accurate, up-to-date, and properly placed. They classify, store, update, and find office materials on request. They examine new materials and store them for future use according to a system. When these records are requested, they locate them for the borrower. They also keep records of materials removed from the files and make sure they are returned. In small offices, they often do other things, such as type, sort mail, or run office machines.



#### SAMPLE WORK ACTIVITIES

- File letters, cards, invoices, and other records by letters of the alphabet
- Read incoming material and sort it according to a filing system
- Place materials in file cabinets, drawers, boxes, or in special filing cases Search for information contained in files
- Remove material from files when requested
- Trace missing file folders Type file folder labels

Mark or stamp codes on material Classify fingerprints and record and file information about them

Clip out articles and pictures in newspapers and file them for future use

Keep files of warns for stock reference

Store bank records and see that outdated records are destroyed keep files of taped material in a library

#### HOURS OF WORK TRAVEL

Most FILE CLERKS have a standard 35-40 hour work week. - Many of these jobs offer opportunities for part-time work.

#### SAMPLE PLACES OF WORK

- Any large office or business that keeps files or records, but especially:

Banks and finance companies

4699 RECORDS CLERKS, N.E.C.

These reorle compile, record, file, or check information needed for a variety of purposes, Some workers record information on insurance policies. Others check school records to see whether students are elisible to graduate, or some may count ballots and prepare official records. Some keep records of deliveries to customers, compile financial records, weather charts, or train schedules.

#### SAMPLE WORK ACTIVITIES

- Compute refunds on insurance policies, using a calculator, adding machine, and rate tables

Examine students' academic records to see whether they are elisible for graduation Interview fishersmen to compile information about methods and fishing locations Count voting ballots and prepare official reports of election results Compile records of the number of newspapers or magazines delivered to each city carrier or dealer

Convert information obtained from records and reports into codes for processing by keypunch

Keep records of sussestions received by a committee Keep records of credit cards reported lost by customers

- Compile information about service calls to power company customers - Record information about products to be returned to a manufacturer because of defects or

 incorrect deliveries
 Sort forms, letters, checks, receipts, and bills for filing or mailing
 Compile data to help a trust department in a bank settle estates and accounts that are under. erobate.

- Compile records about stock and bond transactions - Compile dails stock market quotations Prepare and keep records of savings deposits and withdrawals in a bank Compile records of phone company customers' changes of address and services

- Record the time each train arrives and departs from a train station
   Check the accuracy of insurance company records
   Keep record of money; valuables, and other articles taken as evidence in criminal cases
   Compile credit information on reople
- Compile credit information on record Compile information on patients! diets for use by hospital staff Assemble weather charts and bulletins for use in making air flight plans

- Collect military intelligence information from maps, charts, briefings, and reports
- Tas and arrange articles for sale at an auction

#### HOURS OF WORK/TRAVEL

These people work in a wide variety of industries. Work hours and travel requirements vary. However, many of these Jobs typically involve a standard 35-40 hour work week.

#### SAMPLE PLACES OF WORK

- Insurance companies
- Schools, including colleges and universities

Government asencies

Printing and publishing companies

- Retail stores Light, heat, and power companies Banks and other financial institutions Hospitals and clinics

- Telephone companies Wholesale trade firms
- Airline companies
- Any industry

#### 471 FINANCIAL RECORD PROCESSING OCCUPATIONS

These workers operate machines that compute and record financial information for a company. They may operate machines that total bills, print invoices, or check inventories. They may run bookkeeping machines that account for monies paid into or out of a firm. Others operate payroll machines and compute wases for workers. They may calculate weights and shipping rates, Thes was run transfer securities, or/compile financial records.

#### 4712 BOOKKEEPERS AND ACCOUNTING AND AUDITING CLERKS

These CLERKS compute and record numerical data (information) to keep sets of financial records complete, current, and accurate. They keep business and account records and may compile reports that show all money received and paid out by a firm. They work with business records, such as invoices, ledgers, vouchers, and bank balances. They use adding machines, calculators, and other business machines to total lists of figures and to compute interest, payroll, or other figures.

# SAMPLE WORK ACTIVITIES

- Audit time and material charges on work orders
- Keep accounting records and prepare reports for banks, businesses, power companies, government offices, or other firms Keep current records of funds on deposit in foreign banks

Check the accuracy of figures recorded by other workers

Compile credit card data from vouchers and compute charges and payments due Compile reports for bank examiners who audit accounts

Compile and maintain records of a firm's stock and bond transactions. Receive and process checks, drafts, and coupons at a bank

- Keep records of mortsase loans in a loan firm Compute the interest and principal payments on loans
- Send checks, drafts, and other items to a clearinghouse for exchange and settlement with other banks

Keep records of stocks, bonds, trust deeds, and mortsages held by a bank

- Compute interest on loans, notes, and bonds
- Return unraid checks to customers or other banks so that accounts can be balanced

Total and balance checks received at a bank

Keer records of dividends on insurance policies
Compile data to figure the cost of lost or damaged goods carried by a railroad
Count and record the number of betting tickets cashed at a race track
Calculate the weight of ships' carso to compile reports used in assessing tariffs
Compile reports on the value of properties acquired by a bank through forclosure of loans

#### HOURS OF WORK/TRAVEL

These clerks senerally keep resular office hours.

#### SAMPLE PLACES OF WORK

- Business firms
- Schools.
- Hospitals
- Nonprofit organizations Government agencies
- Banks and other financial firms Insurance companies

# 4713 PAYROLL AND TIMEKEEPING CLERKS

PAYROLL AND TIMEKEEPING CLERKS keep records of the times people work and the wases they earn. They add up work hours from timesheets and other records and figure out the wages earned by workers. They may keep daily records of the times workers arrive at and depart from work. They use calculators and posting machines to compute and record hours worked, earnings, deductions, net wages, and other information. They enter this and other information onto record cards, check stubs, and payroll sheets.

#### SAMPLE WORK ACTIVITIES

- Use a posting machine to record flight times and milage flown by flight officers
- Compile workers' time and production records
- Compute the total time worked by employees
   Calculate the time worked and the units produced by piece-work workers
   Compile payroll data from timesheets and other records to prepare computer input forms
   Enter wase data onto payroll records
   Keep records of sick leave pay
   Keep records of soods produced by groups of workers

- Enter net wages on earning record cards, checks, check stubs, and payroll sheets

# HOURS OF WORK/TRAVEL

Generally, these workers have a standard 35-40 hour work week.

# SAMPLE PLACES OF WORK

- Any business or industry that must prepare payrolls



#### **4715 BILLING CLERKS**

BILLING CLERKS prepare invoices or bills for soods and services provided to customers by a business or firm. They look at purchase and shipping records to see what goods or services were delivered and then use price lists or rate tables to find the costs of these items. They total the charges and prepare detailed bills to be sent out to customers. They also may prepare reports on accounts.

#### SAMPLE WORK ACTIVITIES

Review bills of lading and other shippings records to find the amount of goods shipped Type the name of the shipper, and the weight, destination, and costs of goods on forms Keep files of items received from or returned to vendors

Use an adding machine to total the costs of goods shipped to customers. Record sayings balances and loan information onto people's bank account records

Figure out the service charges for bank services

- Type invoices that list the items sold, amounts due, credit terms, and date of shipment
   Total and record the amount of money collected on A COD route
   Prepare final bills for mailing to electric power customers

#### HOURS OF WORK/TRAVEL

- Generally, these workers have a standard 35-40 hour work week.

#### SAMPLE PLACES OF WORK

- Any business or industry
- Bank and finance companies
- Manufacturing companies
- Government asencies
   Public utilities
- Railroad companies
- Companies that ship parcels or freight

#### 4716 COST AND RATE CLERKS

These CLERKS compute costs and calculate rates for soods, services, and the shipment of soods. They study vouchers, rate tables, billing statements, and other records to compile information needed to compute costs or rates. They use adding machines and calculators to total lists of figures and compute rates and charges, describe their findings, They may prepare charts, graphs, or reports that

#### SAMPLE WORK ACTIVITIES

- Compile reports to make sure that shipping companies are asked to pay the correct harbor fees
  - Compare information on statements, records, and reports with a ship's manifest
  - Calculate the amount of tariff, based on the ship's manifest
- Prepare reports of findings
- Inspect sheds and warves to determine repairs needed
- Read service meters to determine charses to be made
- Study existing freight rates and tariff laws and recommend changes in the rate practices of an air-, water, rail-, or motor-freight company



- . Study proposals for changes in rates, rules, or resulations received from shippers or carriers
- . Review existing regulations and decisions that sovern rates

. Advise shippers and carriers of revised rates

Compile rate-manual sections that - Provide rate information to passengers traveling on motor trips

. Talk with customers to set information on proposed trips

Study maps to select and measure travel routes

Use a rate table to sather rate

information based on type of vehicle, distance, toll costs, and other factors

cover items such as handling costs,

fuel costs, and classes of freight. Prepare revised rate schedules

. Compute rates, using a calculator

- Compile and compute freight rates, passenger fares, and other charges for transportation services
  - . Classify freight according to a rate-book description

. Calculate and record storage and ' redelivery charges

a. Answer mail or phone inquiries from shippers resarding rates, routing, packing, and other matters

- Check and revise freight and tariff charges on bills for freight shipments - Review gas or electric power rates to see if they conform to regulations

. Review reports and rate assignments for completeness and accuracy

. Review special rate accounts to determine charges that will benefit customers

- . Compile information for reports on costs, revenues, and amount of sas or electricity used
- . Draw graphs and charts that show changing trends
- Compute duties, tariffs, and weight and price information for imported or exported goods
  - Convert foreign money figures into U.S. money figures, using rate charts
- Examine vouchers sent to an insurance carrier by doctors and approve or disapprove payments

Calculate the amount of charges to be made for various types of incurance.

Count the number of words in telegrams and compute customer charges.

Compile production or sales cost reports for departments in a business.

Prepare reports of the labor and equipment costs of loading and unloading ship cargoes.

#### HOURS OF WORK/TRAVEL

- COST AND RATE CLERKS senerally keep regular office hours.

- Water freight companies
- Air freisht lines
- Motor freight lines
  Railroad freight lines
  Light, heat, and power companies
- Import/export firms
- Insurance companies
- Telephone companies Nonprofit organizations



#### 4718 BILLING, POSTING, AND CALCULATING MACHINE OPERATORS

These people operate machines used by firms to record information, determine bills and inventories, and do math calculations. Some workers prepare customer statements. The machine then computes the balances and required payments. Others record a firm's money matters on a bookkeepins machine that calculates balances and produces summary reports. In other jobs, workers use adding machines or calculators to compute payrolls and invoices and do other statistical work.

#### SAMPLE WORK ACTIVITIES

- Sort documents to be posted, such as checks and debit items

- Type on a bookkeeping machine to record a firm's money transactions

- Operate a machine similar to a cash register to compute restaurant patrons' bills for food

and beverages Compile and compute freight and passenger charges - Use a comptometer to compute railroad freight charges

- Operate a billing machine to prepare bills, statements, and invoices to be sent to customers

Core information from office records
Post figures from adding machine tapes onto records
Use an auditing machine to add sales slip totals
Press keys and move levers to feed data into a calculating machine
Tend a machine that computes the volume of gas flowing through a meter
Operate a proof machine to sort and record bank transactions

#### HOURS OF WORK/TRAVEL

- Most of these workers keep regular office hours. However, those who work in hotels and restuarants may work during evening and weekend hours.

#### SAMPLE PLACES OF WORK

- Banks and other financial firms
- Insurance companies
- Wholesale and retail stores

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Hotels and restaurants .

- Railroad and other transportation companies Firms that specialize in preparing bills
- Gas, light, water, and other utility companies

# 472 DUPLICATING, MAIL, AND OTHER OFFICE MACHINE OPERATORS

These workers run machines that copy documents, calculate financial data, or perform other tasks in a business office. They may run machines that collate information, process checks, calculate bills and print statements, count money, or emboss metal addressing plates. Workers must set up machines and adjust the controls. They may load the machines or feed such materials as paper, glue, or coins into machines during operation.

# 4722 DUPLICATING MACHINE OPERATORS

These people operate or tend equipment that can copy documents such as letters, bills, drawings, and invoices. The machines, they use include mimeograph, stencil, and copying machines. They keep the machines loaded with paper and see that they machines. They keep the machines loaded with paper and see that they are set up for the proper numbers and sizes of copies to be made. They also may collate the copied pages of lengthy documents, by hand or using machine.



#### SAMPLE WORK ACTIVITIES

- Load paper into feed trays

Adjust machines for speed, size of paper, and flow of ink Keep records of the number of copies made

Reer records of the number of corles made

Place master cories on the drum of a durlicating machine.

Use an offset-durlicating machine to make cories of charts, schedules and bulletins

Turn a handwheel and ink fountain screws to control the flow of ink in a corier

Select paper stock for color, size, or thickness

Clean and file master cories or plates

Lock paper in a clamping frame on a corring machine

Write page numbers or titles on cories of Braille-embossed pages

Tend equipment that photographs deeds, bills, and checks

#### HOURS OF WORK/TRAVEL

DUPLICATING MACHINE OPERATORS typically work from 35-40 hours per weeks during normal office hours

#### SAMPLE PLACES OF WORK

- Banks

- Insurance companies

Wholesale and retail stores Firms that specialize in providing business services, such as preparing bills, mailing circulars, and corsing and collating records and reports

Schools, colleges and universities

- Any business or industry that requires large amounts of material to be copied

# 4723 MAIL PREPARING AND HANDLING MACHINE OPERATORS

These workers operate and tend machines used to open incoming mail and to prepare bills and letters for mailing. Some of the machines fold and insert enclosures. Others address, seal, and stamp envelopes. The OPERATORS set up, load, and control these machines. They also may remove processed items from the machines and stack them.

# SAMPLE WORK ACTIVITIES

- Operate a machine used to print addresses and code numbers on envelopes, accounting forms, and packages

Position plates, stencils, or tapes in a machine Place articles to be addressed in a loading rack Adjust the flow of ink in a machine unit

- Use a wrench and pliers to set machine steps and selections
  Use a typewriter or embossing machine to make corrections on plates used to address mail

Keer files of addressing plates

Tend a machine that folds ads, forms, letters, or other paper sheets
Turn knobs to adjust folding rollers, side guides, and stors in a folding machine
Tend a machine that inserts printed matter into folders or envelopes
Stack inserts into machine feedboxes
Tend a machine that seals envelopes

- Tend a machine that attaches address labels to ads
- Remove labeled articles from machines and stack them

#### HOURS OF WORK/TRAVEL

Generally, these workers have a standard 35-40 hour week.



#### SAMPLE PLACES OF WORK

- Banks

- Insurance companies

Wholesale and retail stores Firms that specialize in providing such business services as preparing bills and mailing circulars

#### 4729 OFFICE MACHINE OPERATORS, N.E.C.

These people operate special office machines, such as those used to prepare addressing plates, list and total bank items, assemble pages in order, or sort and count money. Some tend machines used to mount microfilm onto cards, or to sort and record checks. They may operate one or more machines. Hany of the machines they use must be set up for operation. To do this, the operator may adjust settings, margins, or other controls. They also may load or feed coins, checks, glue, paper or other materials into the machines.

# SAMPLE WORK ACTIVITIES

- Operate a machine to emboss lettering on metal plates used in addressing machines or
  - . Adjust the plate carriage for the size of plate
  - Read cory to be embossed
  - . Turn a handwheel to set the

lettering tool in position . Pull a lever to lower the tool and emboss the letters on the plate

- Set automatic controls to space letters, words, and lines
- Tend a machine that assembles pages of printed material in numerical order
  - . Adjust controls that regulate the stroke of a paper pusher
  - . Place pages to be assembled in

holding trays

- . Start the machine and remove assembled pages
- Tend a machine that mounts microfilm onto file cards
  - . Insert rolls of microfilm into the machine
  - . Fill the machine hopper with presorted cards
- . Pour specified amounts of slue into the hopper
- Start the machine and watch it operate
- Operate a machine to sort, record, and prove checks from out-of-city banks
  - . Sort checks, drafts and credit letters according to bank
  - . Endorse checks and other items by hand or machine
- Operate a machine to list and total items to be collected from banks
  - . Make copies of transit letters and outsoins checks
  - . List transit items, using an adding machine or calculator
- Sort and count paper money, using a money counter
  - . Check money for fake or worn bills
  - . Sort bills according to their value and insert them in the machine
  - . Check totals resistered on the
- machine assinst the amount of deposit reported, using an adding machine. Bundle and wrap counted money
- Sort, count, and wrap coins, using various machines
  - Feed coins into the hopper of a
  - machine that counts and bass them . Remove, seal, and weish bass of
- counted money Wrap coins, using a coin-wrapping machine
- Tend a machine that separates, trims, and addresses receipt forms

Adjust the machine to address the forms and separate them for mailing Check processed forms for correct printings trimmings and separation Chanse machine ribbons

## HOURS OF WORK/TRAVEL

Generally OFFICE MACHINE OPERATORS keep resular office hours.

# SAMPLE PLACES OF WORK

- Banks and other financial institutions
- Businesses offices

# 473 COMMUNICATIONS EQUIPMENT OPERATORS

These workers may send or receive messages by telegraph, telephone, radio, or teletype. may receive messages from alarm systems or transmit wirerhotos. They may work as switchboard operators, helping customers and clients make calls or arranging conferences. Others may send or receive coded messages, transfer large sums of money by wire, or direct the transfer of materials, such as petroleum, to distributors.

### **4732 TELEPHONE OPERATORS**

These records operate telephone switchboards to connect callers. They listen with headsets and use pushbuttons, dials, or special pluss to connect phone lines. Most work in telephone central offices or large businesses. A few work in rolice stations, military bases, telegraph offices, airports, or operator training centers. Those who work in telephone offices help callers reverse charges, find phone numbers, arrange conference calls, and contact help in an They also record billing information for calls made. emersencs.

# SAMPLE WORK ACTIVITIES

- Operate a switchboard to put through long-distance calls
- Watch signal lights, plus cords into a trunk-Jack, and press buttons to connect callers Put tickets into time-stamping devices to record the times that toll calls were made Look at charts to figure out the charges for pay-phone calls

- Send messages on private telegraph wires or phones Receive and send police messages
- Call for ambulances or fire trucks, when requested Operate the communication system at an airport
- Look up phone numbers for callers
- Put through calls between offices in an business center

### HOURS OF WORK/TRAVEL

- Many TELEPHONE COMPANY and BUSINESS OPERATORS work between 35 and 40 hours a week, often
- during regular office hours.

   TELEPHONE COMPANY OPERATORS and OPERATORS in hotels, hospitals, and other places where phone service is needed on a 24-hours basis, often work on shifts and on holidays and weekends.

   Some OPERATORS work split shifts -that is, they are on duty during the peak calling periods in the late mornings and early evening and have time off in between.

   Some OPERATORS work only part-time.

#### SAMPLE PLACES OF WORK

Telephone and telegraph companies

Manufacturing firms

Hospitals

Department stores

Businesses that have a large number of phones.

- Military services

- Airports

- Government asencies - Police stations

## **4733 TELEGRAPHERS**

People in these Jobs operate telegraph equipment to send and receive signals or messages for customers or businesses. Some use special typewriters to transfer bank funds and securities. Others use telegraph keys and teletype machines to send and receive train orders and messages. They sometimes send and receive messages in code. Hany of these workers perform clerical or other office duties in addition to sending and receiving messages.

### SAMPLE WORK ACTIVITIES

Type, code, and decode messages

Use a telegraphic typewriter to transfer bank funds

- Keep records of bank funds transferred Read incoming messages to see if they contain errors Paste messages on a tape attachment to transmit them Press telegraph keys to send messages in Morse code Sell train tickets and forward bagsage and freight Notify waterway officials of accidents and distress calls

## HOURS OF WORK/TRAVEL

TELEGRAPHERS who work at train stations or telegraph offices often work during nights and weekends. Also, they often work on shifts.

### SAMPLE PLACES OF WORK

- Telegraph companies

Railroad wards and stations

- Government asencies

- Banks and financial institutions

# 4739 COMMUNICATIONS EQUIPMENT OPERATORS, N.E.C.

These reorle send and receive messages. They work in diverse settings and use different kinds of equipment. They may operate a switchboard, radio, alarm, or wire hoto machine. Some relay messages to direct the flow of oil to and from an oil plant. Some provide telephone answering services for clients. Some listen in on the business calls of phone company workers to make sure that correct and courteous service to being given. Some wire photos to newspapers. Some operate alarm systems to send and receive messages about fires or intruders.



# SAMPLE WORK ACTIVITIES

- Send messages between the central office, ripeline terminals, and rumping stations of an oil distribution plant
  - Use a switchboard to relaw messages to direct the flow of oil and sas
  - Send, receive and post information on oil stocks
- . Receive reports of the pumping schedules
- Type reports and records and keep
- Operate a switchboard to provide a telephone answering service for clients
  - . Greet callers and sive the client's
    - name or Phone number Record and deliver messages, give out information, and relaw calls
- Place Phone calls for clients in e**merse**ncies
  - Date and keep files of messages
- Listen in on phone calls between telephone operators and customers to see whether proper service is being given
  - Plus the headphones into the switchboard, listen to conversation, and record errors
  - . Give the list of errors to supervisors for action
- Operate a wirephoto machine to send news photographs to newspapers and magazines
  - . Insert photographs into a camera chamber that has a device which scans and transmits photographs over
- telegraph wires . Adjust controls to resulate the processes of the machine
- Operate a fire alarm system, radio transmitter and switchboard to send and receive messages about fires
  - . Receive incoming fire calls by phone or alarm system
  - Question callers and look at the city map to see if the fire is in the service area
  - Determine the number of units needed to respond to the fire
- . Use a radio to notify the fire department
- Send messages from the scenes of fires, such as requests for more help
- and medical assistance Record the date, time, and type of call received or sent.

- Keep files of fire calls
- Read and record coded signals received by a security-signaling system
  - . Interpret coded signals received on the signal board
    - Report alarms to the police or fire " department
- . Record changes in customers' opening and closing schedules . Prepare daily activity reports

## HOURS OF WORK/TRAVEL

- Many of these Jobs may require evening and weekend work.

### SAMPLE PLACES OF WORK

- Gas and oil pipelines and distribution centers
- Firms that provide business services, such as telephone answering
- Telerhone companies
- Newspaper and madazine companies City and State law adencies
- Local fire departments
- Any business that operates its own security alarm system



# 474 MAIL AND MESSAGE DISTRIBUTING OCCUPATIONS

Workers in these occupations handle mail and other messages. They may work in post offices selling stamps, sorting mail, or answering customer questions. Some deliver mail to private homes and businesses. They sort mail and carry new mail back to the post office. In private industry and government agencies, some workers sort mail that has been delivered. They open it, stamp it, and route it to the appropriate place. Some workers deliver mail, packages, telegrams, and messages between businesses or individuals.

## 4742 POSTAL CLERKS, EXCEPT MAIL CARRIERS

POSTAL CLERKS process mail in local post offices and large mail processing centers. rostal clerks sort, mail. They separate incoming and outgoing mail into groups of letters, magazines, parcels, and newspapers. They also feed letters through stamp-canceling machines and sort mail by ZIP code for delivery or routing. Some work at public counters selling stamps, post cards, and stamped envelopes. They also register, insure, and weigh mail and compute the cost of mailing items. A few give tests to POSTAL CLERKS.

### SAMPLE WORK ACTIVITIES

- Sort incoming mail into slots or bags, according to where it is going next
- Feed letters into an electric canceling machine move mail from place to place in a post office
- Give tests to postal clerks to see what they know/about cits, state and regional addresses Sell postage stamps, post cards, and stamped envelopes
- Issue money orders
- Place mail into slots, according to addresses, of names of persons
- Weish parcels on a scale and compute the mailing/cost based on weisht and destination Fill out forms for complaints about mail service
- Answer People's questions about mail regulations

### HOURS OF WORK/TRAVEL

- POSTAL CLERKS who sort mail may have to work at night or on weekends, because most large post
- offices process mail around the clock.
  POSTAL CLERKS who work at counters rarely have to work at nights, but may work on Saturdays.
- Some POSTAL CLERKS work on a part-time basis.

### SAMPLE PLACES OF WORK

- The US Postal Service

## 4743 MAIL CARRIERS, POST OFFICE

MAIL CARRIERS walk or drive over planned routes to deliver and collect mail. In the early mornings, they pick up their mail at the post office and arrange it for delivery. They then deliver the mail to places along their routes. They also collect postage-due and delivery fees for registered, certified, or insured mail. When they have completed their routes, they return to the post office with the mail they have sathered from places along their routes. They also turn in mail receipts and fees collected during the day.

## SAMPLE WORK ACTIVITIES

Drive a mail truck to deliver mail in a county area Pick up mail from roadside mailboxes

Insert mail into slots of a mail rack to sort it for delivers

Arrange mail for delivery according to locations along the route Collect mail fees from people and have them sign receipts for mail Enter changes of address in a route book Readdress mail to be forwarded Deliver packages to businesses and homes

# HOURS OF WORK/TRAVEL

Most MAIL CARRIERS besin work early in the morning in some cases as early as 4 a.m., if they have routes in the business district.

Some MAIL CARRIERS work on a part-time basis.

# SAMPLE PLACES OF WORK

- The US Postal Service

# 4744 MAIL CLERKS, EXCEPT POST-OFFICE

These CLERKS prepare incoming and outsoins mail for distribution. When letters are received in an office, they stamp them with the date and then open, read, and sort them. They sort mail by destination and type, such as "bills", "orders", and "payments". Once the mail is sorted, they route it to the proper person or office for handlins. They also prepare outsoins mail by sealing and stamping envelopes and packages. They may keep records of letters received and sent out. They also may use mail preparing and handling machines to process mail.

# SAMPLE WORK ACTIVITIES

- Sign receipts for mail and record when it arrived - Open and sort mail and stamp it with the date it was received

Type routing slips

- Record the names of reorle who sent letters to transfer stocks - File records and receipts for stock transfer orders - Mail letters, ads, and sample goods to possible customers

Open envelopes by hand or machine
 Readdress mail that cannot be delivered due to incomplete or incorrect addresses
 Keep a ledger of mail received and distributed
 Take outsoing registered mail to the post office

- Operate a machine that addresses, weighs, and bundles magazines or catalogs for mailing

### HOURS OF WORK/TRAVEL <

- Generally, these workers have a standard 35-40 hour work week, during regular office hours.

### SAMPLE PLACES OF WORK

- Companies that print and publish items such as madazines, catalogs, and pamphlets - Financial institutions, including banks and trust companies, mortgage associations, savings

and loan commanies, brokerases, and exchanses Wholesale and retail commanies and stores

- Any business, firm, or industry that sends or receives large amounts of mail.



#### 4745 MESSENGERS

MESSENGERS run errands and deliver letters, packages, and messages to homes, between departments, or to other businesses. Their work duties depend upon the job. Some deliver and pick up mail in a bank or business. Others deliver telegrams or packages to homes. In some jobs they may furnish workers with clerical supplies and deliver messages between offices. In other jobs, they sort and hand out mail, file articles and records, and do other small tasks that make office work so more smoothly.

### SAMPLE WORK ACTIVITIES

- Phone railroad workers to tell them when to report to work
- Gather checks and legal documents from departments in a financial firm.
- Deliver checks and securities and set receipts for them:
- Deliver and rick up mail inside a bank Drive a car to rick up and deliver items
- Deliver messages, telegrams, and packages to businesses and private homes Walk, ride a bike, or take a cab to deliver items
  Open, sort, and hand out mail in a business office
  Collect, seal, and stamp outgoing mail
  Mark and file articles and records
- Deliver ads for an advertising agency
- Take items to and from offices in a building Insert items in a carrier and route them through tubes to different locations

### HOURS OF WORK/TRAVEL

Generally, MESSENERS have a standad 35-40 hour work week,

# SAMPLE PLACES OF WORK

- Printing and publishing firms, such as newspaper and magazine companies
- Banks, stock brokerages, and other financial firms
- Railroad companies
- Motion picture studios
- Telegraph offices
- Any office, business, or agency that must send letters, messages, or packages

# 475 MATERIAL RECORDING, SCHEDULING, AND DISTRIBUTING CLERKS

These workers keep track of materials, equipment, and work schedules. Some work as inventory clerks, receiving and dispersing goods and equipment from storerooms. Some control the flow of work or materials between company departments or dispatch materials and workers to work sites. Some work as meter readers, materials checkers, samplers, or expeditors. They check soods, measure use of products, or insure that production or service work runs smoothly.

### **4751 DISPATCHERS**

DISPATCHERS send out workers, materials, and equipment as required by work orders. They review work orders and schedules and notify workers of repair or other work needed or materials that should be delivered. They may talk with department supervisors to find out how work is progressing and compile reports on the progress of work. DISPATCHERS also keep records of work orders received and relayed. DISPATCHERS work in many different settings and jobs. Hany have other duties in addition to those described.



## SAMPLE WORK ACTIVITIES

Schedule times for cars to be repaired

Notify garage workers to deliver cars

Prepare work orders and send them to service crews

Schedule service calls

Send out service carry
Send out service crews to repair phone lines or sas mains
Call customers to see if they are pleased with repair service work
Keep records of service calls and work orders
Use a radio-telephone to dispatch orders and relay messages
Take phoned-in requests for repair work and relay the requests to a maintenance crew

Order supplies for repair workers Dispatch ship pilots to ships entering or leaving a port

Notify security guards of work assignments Issue equipment to guards

Broadcast orders to police radio patrol units Keep records of the number and types of railroad ensines available Select tusboat captains from a roster and notify them to report to work Dispatch long-distance buses according to a schedule

Send taxis out to people who call and request them

Send workers out to repair roadways and other structures

## HOURS OF WORK/TRAVEL

In many jobs, DISPATCHERS may be asked to work evening or night shifts. This is particularly true in utility, taxicab, and transportation companies and in police departments, where DISPATCHERS are needed 24 hours a day.

### SAMPLE PLACES OF WORK

- Light, heat, and power companies

Telephone companies and telegraph companies

City or county waterworks plants

Service darages

Gas companies

Police departments Taxicab companies

- Industrial plants

- Shirping and other water transportation companies
- Railroad and bus lines
- Companies that provide security guards and services

# 4752 PRODUCTION AND PLANNING CLERKS

These workers plan and schedule work activities in a business to insure that production or service schedules are met. They estimate the number of workers and amount and types of materials needed and then arranse for them to be provided. They schedule workers' time, relay work orders and schedules to departments, and compile work reports. They also may coordinate flow of materials and equipment between departments.

# SAMPLE WORK ACTIVITIES

- Plan and schedule work activities to make sure that production or service schedules are met - Study blueprints or drawings to determine the type and amount of material and equipment

needed to make products Review production schedules and talk with department supervisors to determine the material

required

Prepare production schedules for products Study production schedules and staffing tables to determine the number of workers required Notify workers of their assignments

Adjust schedules to meet emergencies caused by increased production demands Arranse for materials to be transferred between departments Coordinate the activities of workers in various departments

Schedule the flow of work between departments to maintain production schedules Review daily records of activities, records of materials received and used, and reports from various workers

Prepare and type reports

Schedule work on sarments received for alterations at a retail store

Prepare schedules for the maintenance of military equiquent Compile weekly assignment schedules for workers in the production department of a plant

Compile schedules for an advertising agency to make sure that artwork, copy, and layouts are prepared on schedule

Schedule due dates for work in a keyrunch department. Determine the flight times of airplanes

- Prepare schedules for bus or streetcar lines
- Gather parts required to complete electric units
  Estimate the labor and material costs of printing and binding books, pamphlets and other printed matter
- Relay scheduling information to workers on a car assembly line Advise railroad repair shors when locomotives need an oil change Compile duty rosters for air flight crews Schedule work for a train crew and keep their time records Assign taxi cabs to taxi drivers and keep records of their assignments and trips

- Keep records and reports of tests performed by power company crews

### HOURS OF WORK/TRAVEL

(No Information)

#### SAMPLE PLACES OF WORK

- Manufacturing plants
- Railroad companies
- Airline companies
- Truckins firms
- Lisht, heat, and power companies
- Construction companies Retail trade stores
- Printing and publishing companies
- Photofinishing plants

- Oil compani**e**s

## 4753 TRAFFIC, SHIPPING, AND RECEIVING CLERKS

These workers keep track of all shipments of goods leaving or arriving at a place of business. Before goods are shipped, they check to see that orders have been filled correctly. They may fill orders themselves, by obtaining goods from the stockroom and packaging them for shipment. They also may truck goods to the loading dock and direct their loading. They check incoming shipments to make sure orders have been correctly filled. They keep recorded incoming and outgoing shipments and may arrange for adjustments when goods are lost or damaged.

# SAMPLE WORK ACTIVITIES

- Record information "about incomins and outsoins freights such as destination, sending department, and charses

Read Shipping orders to determine the amount and type of transportation needed Contact carriers to make arrangements for loading products Ship customers' parcels by railway express

Weish parcels and refer to rate charts to compute charges

- Sort parcels and place them in bins or sacks; according to their destinations Check the identity of freight cars entering a railroad ward to be loaded
- records and prepare reports on the amount and value of fuel oil bought, received, stored, and used in electric-senerating plants

Count, weigh, or measure items to be shipped Stamp or slue shipping instructions on crates or containers Place materials into envelopes, boxes, or other containers to be shipped or mailed Book freight shipments on boats or ships

Sort orders for film processins and route them to processins units

Receive articles returned by customers and route for repair
 File copies of invoices, cost estimates, and letters from customers
 Unpack and examine incoming shipments

Reject damaged items and record shortages Route incoming goods to the proper departments Book freight shipments on boats or ships

Count cattle, hoss, or sheep as they are unloaded from trucks in a stockyard

# HOURS OF WORK/TRAVEL

Night work and overtime, including work on weekends and holidays, may be necessary when shipments have been delayed or when materials are needed on production lines.

### SAMPLE PLACES OF WORK

- Factories

- Wholesale houses

Retail stores

Warehouses -

### 4754 STOCK AND INVENTORY CLERKS

STOCK and INVENTORY CLERKS receive: unrack, store, and issue goods and merchandise. They control the flow of supplies in and out of stock rooms. They report damaged or spoiled goods, keep track of the number of items in storage, and reorder things that are in short supply. They also may check the items for quality and amount, and sometimes make minor repairs or adjustments. Sometimes they label, pack, crate, or address goods for delivery.

### SAMPLE WORK ACTIVITIES

- Remeive, store, and issue items such as:
  - . Ad mats used in printing newspapers

. Movies, films, slides, and

- videotapes kept in film library
  Explosive materials used at a factory, mine or building project
  Spare parts used in a repair shop
  Tool and equipment used in an

- industrial plant Linens and uniforms kept in supply by a hotel, clinic, or hospital , Items kept at a movie studio prop
- room

- Equipment, materials, and supplies at a warehouse or storage ward . Supplies aboard a ship
- . Bread and bakery products to be delivered by route drivers
- . Foodstuffs in a storeroom that furnishes a kitchen
- Cloth samples used to show customers fabrics that are available
- Athletic supplies used by a sports t.pan
- Compile reports of stock on hand and the kind and amount of items sold
- Compile information from shippins and receiving papers, orders, contracts, and accounting records
- Post information to ledsers or other records

- Post information to ledgers or other records
   Order stock as needed
   Compile records of the amount, kind, and value of goods on hand
   Prepare reports of inventories, prices and shortages
   Obtain parts from the stockroom and give them to workers
   Record the amount, size, and style of parts handed out to workers
   Copy code numbers onto work tickets to show where materials are located
   Direct workers to weigh or count stock and record the amount received
   Fill customers' mail and phone orders for merchandise
   Fill orders for sample products for sale workers or customers



## HOURS OF WORK/TRAVEL

(No Information)

## SAMPLE PLACES OF WORK

- Factories
- Warehouses
- Wholesale firms
- Retail stores
- Airlines Government asencies
- Schools
- Hospitals
- Railroad yards
- Any organization that keeps large amounts of goods on hand

# 4755 HETER READERS

METER READERS so to homes and businesses to check meters that resister the amount of electricity, steam, sas, or water used by customers. They record the amount used, and then check, watch for, and report any damage to the meters. They may walk or drive a truck along their assigned routes to take the meter readings. They also may collect overdue payments from customers and stop service when bills remain unpaid.

# SAMPLE WORK ACTIVITIES

- Walk or drive alons an assisted route to take readings of meter dials attached to homes or other buildings
- Check meters and their connections for defects, damage, and improper use Fill out form used to note and describe meter damage, and improper use Turn off customers, electricity or water when they have not paid their bills
- Collect payments for bills that are late in being paid Return meter readings to the business office so they can be used in billing customers

# HOURS OF WORK/TRAVEL

- METER READERS senerally have a standard 35-40 hour work week.

# SAMPLE PLACES OF WORK

- Light, heat, and power companies
- Water companies
- Gas companies

# 4756 HEIGHERS, MEASURERS, AND CHECKERS

These people check, weigh, measure, and count materials, products, or equipment and record information about them. They also may compute the costs, value, or size of items. This information may be used for billing, quality control, or production and payroll records. These people work in a variety of Jobs and settings. Some weigh sarbage, check aircraft parts, score tests, check shipments of goods, or time TV news reports.



### SAMPLE WORK ACTIVITIES

- Check weigh-in markings on tobacco units and record their ID numbers, grades, and weights
- Estimate the size of loads on a truck entering a dump and collect fees based on the size of the load and the material dumped

Weish incomins raw cotton and compute and record sinning charges
 Heasure each board in a stack of lumber and compute the total footage of the stack
 Read tickets attached to bundles of towels and record the number of bundles wrapped by each

worker

Record the sardage, weight, and lot number of processed cloth.
Use a weigh scale, counting device and tally sheet to add up the amount of raw materials such as fish, field cross, or steel insots

Weish samples of products before and after waste is removed from them Compile records of the amount, kind, and condition of carso unloaded from a ship Compute the cubic feet required to store carso aboard a ship

Weish and record the weisht of filled containers and the carso of loaded vehicles
Record the amount of susarcane, cloth, and tobacco received for shippins .
Check to make sure that parts listed on packing and loading sheets are aboard aircrafts
Verify the condition, value, and type of articles bought, sold, or produced assinst records or reports

- Measure tanks to determine the amount of liquids they can hold - Compute the cost of ads, based on their size, date, and position in a publication - Use a scoring machine or key to grade and score aptitude or ability tests

- Use a storwatch to time radio or TV commercials and public service announcements - Weish and mark the price on produce in a self-service storery store

HOURS OF WORK/TRAVEL

(No Information)

## SAMPLE PLACES OF WORK

- Companies that handler producer sell or receive items such as:
  - Asricultural products

Knit soods

. Sugar

· Leather products

Tobacco

Aircraft

- , Textiles

Shipping companies

Companies that give and score psychological and other tests

- Any business or industry that keeps records of items shipped, received, produced, or Processed

### 4757 SAMPLERS

SAMPLERS collect samples of products or materials to check them for defects, send them for testing, or mail them to customers. They often mark and file the samples for later use in filling orders or preparing reports. Some check products to see if they meet customer specifications. These Jobs involve work with such products as paper, crude oil, phone equipment, cloth, milk, and raw cotton.

# SAMPLE WORK ACTIVITIES

Cut samples of paper products to certain sizes and mank them with customer order numbers,

batch numbers, and grade and color of paper
- Mail samples of paper products to customers
- Compare blueprints of products with orders received from customers to make sure products meet specifications

Contact customers to find out whether products were delivered
 Take samples from the top, middle, and bottom of a tank of crude oil
 Four crude oil samples into bottles and send them to a lab for testins
 Write reports that describe the findings of tests on crude oil

- Examine returned phone equipment to see if it can be adapted for use - Check cloth samples mounted in books to make sure they match the color and weave of samples approved by customers

- Collect milk samples from farms, dairy plants, and tank trucks for lab studies - Pour milk samples in sterile bottles and weigh them on a scale - Remove samples of cotton from bales to classify them

#### HOURS OF WORK/TRAVEL

(No Information)

# SAMPLE PLACES OF WORK

Industrial firms

- Carpet and rus manufacturers
- Textile mills and outlets
- Companies that make electrical equipment
- Companies that make or distribute paper products
- Companies that sell asricultural products
- Firms that provide business services

### **4758 EXPEDITERS**

EXPEDITERS try to see to it that production or service work runs smoothly and goods are delivered on schedule. They keep production records, write special orders, and perform services for customers. Some check work schedules and orders to see what materials will be needed and inform supervisors of the location, availability, and condition of materials. Others decide the order in which items will be made or repaired, compile reports on the progress of Job orders, contact vendors to make sure supplies are shipped on time.

### SAMPLE WORK ACTIVITIES

- Review production schedules and work orders to see what materials are needed to process
- Check inventory records to see what materials are on hand

- Direct workers to move materials to work areas

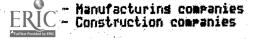
- Record the type and amount of materials sent to work areas Place items late in being processed at the front of a production line
- Compile production reports
- Phone, visit, or write to vendors to make sure soods will be shipped on time
- Arranse for workers who travel to set food service and transportation
- Arranse for sifts to be wrapped
- Take orders for greeting cards, decorated cakes, or cut flowers
  Arrange for defective goods that are covered by a warranty to be replaced
  Keep records of items in layaway
  Approve customers' checks

- Resolve customer complaints and requests for refunds and exchanges Phone people or businesses to tell them air freight has arrived
- Oversee the loading of cargo onto a plane

## HOURS OF WORK/TRAVEL

(No Information)

### SAMPLE PLACES OF WORK



- Retail stores

- Restaurants, cafeterias, and food chains
- Shoe repair shops - Airline companies

# 4759 HATERIAL RECORDING, SCHEDULING, AND DISTRIBUTION CLERKS, N.E.C.

These workers examine orders for soods and services and see to it that the orders are processed promptly. They receive, store, and issue materials. They schedule the use of materials or services and keep records of materials on hand, in use, or in production. They may sort items and mark them with prices or codes so that they can be found quickly. They also may compile records, prepare reports, and order needed materials.

# SAMPLE WORK ACTIVITIES

- Record information about castings poured in a foundry

Keer records of articles lost, found, and claimed in a store Keer records of chemicals, materials, and equipment received for testing in a lab Stamp, stencil, or tag packages, and boxes of store goods to indicate delivery routes Sort garments according to lot and size numbers

Remove sales-slip stubs from packages at a loading dock and sort the stubs to keep records of store deliveries

- Study engineering drawings to compile lists of parts needed to build airplanes - Keep records and files of blueprints, drawings, and engineering documents required by departments in avelant

Attach price tickets to merchandise in a store Check addresses on shipping tags or labels to see if they are correct and readable Record the price, name of buser, and grade of tobacco on tickets attached to piles of tobacco sold at an auction

Compute the time airplanes and their parts are in use each day

- Notify the inspection department when parts are due for an inspection Compile and record information about repair work done by railroad crews
- Write purchase orders for materials needed to repair railroad tracks and beds Compile and keep workers' production records

HOURS OF WORK/TRAVEL

(No Information)

# SAMPLE PLACES OF WORK

Factories

Retail stores

Wholesale dealerships

Airline companies
 Railroad companies

Any business that must schedule the use of materials or services

## 478 ADJUSTERS, INVESTIGATORS, AND COLLECTORS

These workers sather information about individuals and businesses. They may work for insurance companies, investigating and settling claims. They may examine financial records to make credit reports or determine eligibility for financial aid. Others contact people to arrange for payment of overdue accounts and debts. They gather evidence, interview people, recommend action to be taken, and write reports of their findings.



## 4782 INSURANCE ADJUSTERS, EXAMINERS, AND INVESTIGATORS

These people study insurance claims to see whether clients' policies cover them for particular losses. They also determine the amount of loss suffered by clients. They talk with clients to try to settle claims, and may approve payments to them. They use reports, physical evidence, and witnesses' reports to investigate claims. Many of these workers specialize in a certain type of claim, such as auto, home, life, or property damage or loss.

## SAMPLE WORK ACTIVITIES

Prepare reports and insurance-claim forms
Study claim forms and other records to determine people's insurance coverage
Talk with, phone, or write to claimants and witnesses

Study police and hospital records Inspect property damage

Determine the extent to which a company is responsible for covering people's losses
Prepare reports that describe claim investigations
Talk with insured persons to try to settle claims
Recommend legal action when claims cannot be settled
Compare information on claim forms with that in company records

Check claim forms to make sure they are complete Use a calculator to figure out the amounts of claims

### HOURS OF WORK/TRAVEL

- ADJUSTERS may have to work evenings or weekends in order to interview witnesses and

Since most companies provide 24-hour claim service, some ADJUSTERS always must be on call. On occassion, experienced ADJUSTERS may travel to the scene of a disaster, such as a hurricane or a riot, to work with local personnel. Some claims may require travel to other countries

CLAIM EXAMINERS have desk jobs, but occasionally may have to travel. Their average workweek is 35 to 40 hours, but they may work longer during reak claim loads or when quarterly or searly statements are prepared.

## SAMPLE PLACES OF WORK

Insurance companies

Independent adjusting firms that contract their services for a fee - Banks, financial firms, and other business firms that hire ADJUSTERS to represent them in claims against insurance companies

### 4783 INVESTIGATORS AND ADJUSTERS, EXCEPT INSURANCE

These workers investigate people and/or businesses applying for credit, work, insurance, or loans. Some check business practices to make sure regulations are being followed. Some investigate customer complaints about products, services, or billings. These workers contact people by phone, mail, and in person to gather information about the persons, businesses, or complaints they are investigating. They often must travel to conduct interviews, trace debtors, check public records, or make inspections. They prepare reports of their findings and may take or recommend actions to resolve complaints or problems.

### SAMPLE WORK ACTIVITIES

- Investisate claims for repayment due to defective auto parts
  - . Examine auto parts claimed to be defective and approve or disapprove the claim
- Help dealers handle unsettled claims by consulting with customers
- Prepare reports of claims handled



- Phone or write to references listed on credit application forms to check applicants' credit. standing
  - . Type information on credit application forms
  - Give information about people's credit standing to credit bureau workers
- Record information about lost or stolen charge cards in customers' account records
  - . Alert merchants to watch for stolen credit cards
  - Notify other workers to issue new charge cards to customers
- Visit railroad offices to examine records that show whether the correct tariff rates are being charged
  - Compute and check tariff rates; using a calculator and rate books
  - . Instruct agents to correct errors in tariff rates:
- . Compile reports listing the names and locations of agents using incorrect tariffs
- Investigate people or businesses applying for credit, employment, insurance, or loans
  - . Contact former employers and neighbors to find out about people's past health and behavior
  - Examine public records to check on
- people's past residences, arrest/ records, and unpaid taxes Obtain people's credit ratings from
- Investigate customer complaints about utility bills and services
  - . Check past weather reports to see if they help explain increased power HERGE
  - Review meter books and accounting records to see if they contain errors
- Order tests to detect faulty meters
- . Talk with customers in person or by phone to explain the reasons for hish utility bills

#### HOURS OF WORK/TRAVEL

- Many of these jobs require local travel. A few jobs may require trips out of town that last several days.

Some of these Jobs may require some evening and/or weekend work.

### SAMPLE PLACES OF WORK

- Auto manufacturing companies
- Banks and finance companies Credit bureaus
- Department stores and other retail stores
- Federal and State agencies
- Insurance companies
- -- Law firms and attorney's offices
- Railroad companies

## 4784 CLERKS, SOCIAL WELFARE

SOCIAL WELFARE CLERKS interview and investigate people applying for public aid. They talk with applicants to get information, such as size of family, health problems, and income. They advise applicants of requirements and opportunities for public aid, such as financial aid or low rent housing. They also give out information on community sources of aid. They check information obtained from applicants by contacting employers and public agencies. They record personal and financial information about applicants and determine whether aid should be transferd, or charged. They also prepare and keep records of assigned cases. granted, denied, or changed. They also prepare and keep records of assigned cases.

### SAMPLE WORK ACTIVITIES

- Interview and investigate people who wish to apply for public low-rent housing
  - . Process applications for public . housing
  - . Talk with applicants to set information, such as size of family, health and social problems, and income
  - . Advise applicants of housing requirements and opportunities
  - Contact employers and Public asencies to check applicant

- information
- . Give out information on community sources of social and financial aid
- . Determine whether applicants meet requirements for aid, based on asency rules and policies
- . Compute rent charges, based on applicants' income
- .. Receive and record security deposits
- Interview appliants to determine if they meet requirements for public aid
  - . Interpret and explain rules and regulations for grants Record personal and financial
  - information obtained from applicants
  - . Determine whether aid should be
- sranted, denied, or chansed . Approve the amount of srants . Prepare and keep records of assisned cases

HOURS OF WORK/TRAVEL

SOCIAL WELFARE CLERKS generally keep regular office hours.

SAMPLE PLACES OF WORK

Federals state, and local sovernment agencies

## 4786 BILL AND ACCOUNT COLLECTORS

These workers contact people to arrange or collect payments for unpaid bills or accounts. Their main job is to convince people to pay their bills. Some keep files of information on debtors, the kinds and amounts of unpaid bills, and past payments made. They may contact the debtor by phone or mail or in person. Sometimes, they must search for debtors. They may repossess goods or discontinue services when payments are overdue. Other workers in this group collect money from coin boxes, pay phones, or parkins meters.

### SAMPLE WORK ACTIVITIES

- Call customers to let them know that their accounts are late in being paid
- Mail form letters to customers to encourage them to pay their bills
   Talk with people to find out why their bills have not been paid on time
- Order goods to be repossessed or services to be stopped
  -Sorty read, answer and file letters from customers
   Trace customers' new addresses by inquiring at the post office or questioning their former neishbors
- Call customers to tell them their checks have bounced Keer records of collections made
- Use special tools to enter and start a car being repossessed
   Collect coins from parking meters or pay phones

### HOURS OF WORK/TRAVEL

- Some of these jobs involve local travel to locate debtors or to collect money from coin boxes and meters.
  - Some workers in this group may work during evening and weekend hours.

# SAMPLE PLACES OF WORK

- Business office

Ranks and loan companies

- Collection asencies - Public utilities

- Repossession **ase**ncies

## **4787 LICENSE CLERKS**

LICENSE CLERKS issue licenses and permits to qualified applicants. Some give tests to applicants to see if they meet licensing requirements. They issue driver's, liquor, marriage, dow, or other licenses and permits. They question applicants to get required information. They record this information on prepared forms and collect required fees. They also answer people's questions about licensing requirements. Some give tests to applicants to see if they meet requirements.

## SAMPLE WORK ACTIVITIES

- Record the names, addresses, and other necessary information about recole who are applying

Collect the required fees from applicants Give oral and written tests to people, as required for licenses

- Advise dos owners about dos license laws

### HOURS OF WORK/TRAVEL

Most LICENSE CLERKS have a standard 35-40 hour work week.

### SAMPLE PLACES OF WORK

- Federal, state and local government agencies that issue licenses and permits

- City halls

- County court houses

## 479 MISCELLANEOUS ADMINISTRATIVE SUPPORT OCCUPATIONS, INCLUDING CLERICAL

These workers perform varied tasks to help business operations run smoothly. They may work as bank tellers, taking deposits or keeping accounts records. Others work as proof-readers, checking copy for grammatical or typographical errors. Some work in data entry jobs, typing material into computer storage systems, while others compile statistical data for graphs and reports. Others work as teacher sides, classify fingerprints, serve court orders, or compute taxes.

### 4791 BANK TELLERS

BANK TELLERS cash checks for bank customers and help them deposit and withdraw money from their accounts. In small banks, TELLERS also may sort checks, total credit and debit slips, and prepare monthly statements for depositors. In large banks, tellers often specialize. One TELLER, for example, may sell savings bonds while another takes deposits for Christmas club accounts. Others may keep loan records, handle foreign monies, sell traveler's checks, or compute interests on savings accounts.

### SAMPLE WORK ACTIVITIES

- Receive checks and cash for deposit

Enter deposits in passbooks or sive customers receipts

Check customers' bank balances and cash checks - Order daily cash supplies and count incoming cash

Prepare cash for shipment
 Compute bank service charses

Use adding machines, change makers, and other office machines

Take home-mortage payments Buy and sell foreign moneys

- Type loan forms, such as notes, contracts, and loan renewals - Open accounts in other countries

Examine bond coupons to find the date they were issued, the payment date, and the amount due

### HOURS OF WORK/TRAVEL

- BANK TELLERS usually have a standard 35-40 hour work week.

A few TELLERS work evenings or on Saturdays, but most work during weekdays.

## SAMPLE PLACES OF WORK

→ Banks, savings and loan companies, and other #uch financial institutions

### 4792 PROOFREADERS

PROOFREADERS read written or typed materials to check for mistakes. They may either mark the errors they find or correct them. Some look for errors in grammar, spelling, and punctuation in copy (written matter to be reproduced in printed form), and then use special codes to mark the errors they find. Others read proof (trial copies) aloud so another worker can mark the errors. A few specialize in proofing Braille copy prepared for the blind, by sliding their finders over the raised letters to feel for errors.

### SAMPLE WORK ACTIVITIES

- Read a proof of printed copy to look for and mark errors
- -- Return marked proof for correction

- Check corrected proof assinst copy

- Correct proof while another worker reads the copy aloud Read copy while another worker marks errors on the proof Compare a proof copy of Braille writing against the original script in a book or newspaper

- Look up rules of Srammar - Use printer's symbols to mark errors

### HOURS OF WORK/TRAVEL

Some PROOFREADERS may work during nights and weekends.

- Some PROOFREADERS work part-time.

### SAMPLE PLACES OF WORK

- Publishing commanies
- Printing companies

Newspapers Government agencies

Companies or organizations that prepare materials for the blind to read Any organization that prepares a large amount of written material for publication

# **4793 DATA ENTRY KEYERS**

DATA ENTRY KEYERS prepare input for computers and machines by punching patterns of holes computer cards to represent numbers, letters, and characters. They use machines similar to a typewriter, or special machines that convert what they type to holes in cards or to magnetic impulses on tapes or disks. In most newer systems, the machine is equipped with an electronic screen that displays information as it is entered. Some workers typeset, check input, prepare braille, or code messages.

# SAMPLE WORK ACTIVITIES

-- Type coded commands on a computer terminal keyboard to enter and store data

Proofread a printout to correct keying errors

Type coded commands to a computer so it will produce finished copy .
Read instructions to find out how to set a computer to format text in a certain way

- Operate an electric typewriting machine to typeset master copies, such as stencils and photooffsets, so copies can be made Move levers to control the spacing between characters typed

Set stors to control marsins of typed materials

Operate a machine, similar to a typewriter, to impress dots in metal sheets for making braille books

Load decks of punch cards or reels of magnetic tare into a machine Use a worksheet to type a computer program

Set switches and press keys to generate magnetic impulses onto tape to record data Operate a special typewriter that punches holes in tape or paper so that letters or reports can be reproduced from it

Operate an on-line computer typewriter terminal to enter data into a computer

HOURS OF WORK/TRAVEL

(No Information)

## SAMPLE PLACES OF WORK

Manufacturing firms

Wholesale and retail trade companies

Banks

Government agencies

Printing and publishing companies

Insurance companies

Fires that provide data programmes services for a fee

### 4794 STATISTICAL CLERKS

These CLERKS compile statistics (numbers that describe things or events) and put them in table form for charts and graphs. They may use adding machines, calculators, or computers. help prepare directories, survey findings, medical reports, opinion polls, or census reports. Others compute the amount of electricity used by customers, the amount of gas handled by pipelines, or the amount of money which should be budgeted for projects.

## SAMPLE WORK ACTIVITIES

- Compile names, addresses, and other facts or opinions

- Arrange information by name, location, sex, or other headings - Compute the amount of electricity used by customers and record the amounts used on record forms for billings purposes

Compile reports from measurement charts to show how much sas was produced and sold Compile daily records of the number of admissions to a hospital Compile information from production and sales records and present it in chart form

## HOURS OF WORK/TRAVEL

(No Information)

## SAMPLE PLACES OF WORK

Contracting firms that conduct surveys and polls

Light, meat and power companies

Government asencies

Advertising asencies

Hospitals and clinics Gas pipeline companies Business offices

### 4795 TEACHER AIDES

TEACHER AIDES help teachers with teachins and nonteachins activities. They do such things as listen to students read, help students find information, and prepare special classroom projects. They also grade papers, check homework, and keep health and attendance records. Some may type, file, and copy materials for teachers to use. They may also prepare teaching set up occurred to and support of the property and support to the property and materials, set up equipment, and supervise students during lunch and recess.

### SAMPLE WORK ACTIVITIES

- Use an electric marking machine to grade papers

- Compute grades for tests
- Average test grades to compute students' grades for a course - Call the roll and prepare attendance
- Use answer sheets to grade homework

Pass out workbooks, pencils, and other materials to students Keep order in the library and halls Set up and operate equipment such as slide and film projectors

Collect money and keep records

## HOURS OF WORK/TRAVEL

TEACHER AIDES may work on a full-time or part-time basis. They usually work during the 10month period when schools are in session.

# SAMPLE PLACES OF WORK

Public and private elementary and secondary schools



# 4799 ADMINISTRATIVE SUPPORT OCCUPATIONS, INCLUDING CLERICAL, N.E.C.

People in these jobs perform a wide range of clerical and other duties to help organizations operate smoothly. They often work in places other than business offices. Some coordinate the use of prizes on a TV same show. Some classify fingerprints in a police station. Some code and decode foreign cables. Some compile news stories for use on radio or TV. Some convert reading material to braille for use by the blind. These are only a few examples of the duties these workers may perform.

# SAMPLE WORK ACTIVITIES

- Coordinate the use of prizes on TV same shows
- Compile information needed to process mortsage loans
- Operate a Braille typewriter to copy reading matter for use by the blind Operate equipment to copy police records
  Transfer people's fingerprints onto cards
- Code and decode cables that relate to foreign trade
- Compile schedules of ads and public-service announcements for a radio station
- Cory music onto manuscript paper
- Address envelopes, cards, and packages
- Perform clerical duties in a court of law Keep files and records of aircraft operations
- Record information on horseraces for use in a racins publication Authorize credit charges against customers' accounts
- Process and keep records of real estate loans
- Read newspapes and magazines for articles on a certain subject and mark articles to be clipped
- Rent safe-deposit boxes to bank customers

# HOURS OF WORK/TRAVEL®

These people work in a variety of Jobs and Settings. Work hour requirements vary. Many keep regular office hours. Some may work evenings and weekends. A few Jobs require local travel to serve court orders on people.

## SAMPLE PLACES OF WORK

- Radio and TV broadcasting stations
- Bands and other financial institutions
- Schools
- Nonprofit organizations Printing and publishing companies
- Government agencies, including police departments
- Insurance companies
- Airline companies Business services

### 4999 SERVICE OCCUPATIONS

These workers perform a variety of public and personal services. They may work in private households, cleaning or caring for children. They may work in health care facilities, helping patients and assisting in treatment. Others work as waitresses, cooks, barbers, guides, ushers, or transportation attendants. Some work in protective services as firefighters and Police. Others perform business maintenance or protective services.

# 50 PRIVATE HOUSEHOLD OCCUPATIONS

These workers are employed in private households to perform a variety of services. They may be day workers who clean houses, care for children, or cook. Others may do only cookins, serving, and menu planning. In large, formal households, butlers, and housekeepers supervise other staff who clean, cook, and care for children. Some household workers are responsible only for the care of children.

## **502 DAY WORKERS**

DAY WORKERS do housecleaning chores, make beds, care for children, cook, and perform other services in private homes. They are hired by the hour or day to do this work. They often have several employers. Some specialize in a certain type of service, such as housecleaning or child care, but the duties of most workers change from day to day.

## SAMPLE WORK ACTIVITIES

- Clean and dust furniture, hallways, and bathrooms
- Change bed linens and make up beds
- Wash and iron clothing by hand or machine
- Watch over children Wash windows?
- Wax and polish floors

### HOURS OF WORK/TRAVEL

- Many DAY WORKERS work part-time. They may work half-days or only two or three days a week
- These workers must travel to and from people's homes to provide services.

## SAMPLE PLACES OF WORK

- Private households
- Companies that provide housecleaning and similar services

## 503 LAUNDERERS AND IRONERS

These people wash and iron clothes and household linens for one or several private families. They may be hired by the hour or day. They may do this work in their homes or at their employers' homes. Most of these workers do only laundry work, but a few do other household chores as well.



## SAMPLE WORK ACTIVITIES

Sort laundry items by color and fabric and load them into a washing machine

Adjust machine settings for temperature, water level, and wash time

Measure and add determent, bleach starches, and fabric softeners, as required Remove items from the washer and load them into a dryer Sort, iron, and fold dried articles

## HOURS OF WORK/TRAVEL

- Hans LAUNDERERS and IRONERS work part-time.

- Some of these workers travel to reople's homes to provide their services.

### SAMPLE PLACES OF WORK

Private households

## 504 COOKS, PRIVATE HOUSEHOLD

People in these Jobs prepare and cook food for private families or households. They also plan menus and order food supplies. Some serve meals and clean the kitchen as well. Others have helpers who perform chores like peeling vesetables and cleaning the kitchen. These COOKS prepare meals according to recipes or to suit an employer's tastes. They may prepare dishes for special diets. Some PRIVATE HOUSEHOLD COOKS live in their employer's home.

# SAMPLE WORK ACTIVITIES

- Plan menus and order food supplies

- Wash, trim, and prepare vesetables and meats for cookins - Follow a recipe to prepare and bake breads and pastries

- Boil, broil, fry, and roast meats

Clean rots and rans and other cooking utensils Preserve and can fruits and vesetables

Prepare dinners and serve them to old or disabled persons

# HOURS OF WORK/TRAVEL

- PRIVATE HOUSEHOLD COOKS who live with families may work long or irregular hours.
- These COOKS may sometimes have to work during weekends and on holidays.

## SAMPLE PLACES OF WORK

- Private households



### 505 HOUSEKEEPERS AND BUTLERS

HOUSEKEEPERS and BUTLERS supervise the staff and the operation of large households. They usually are responsible for hiring and firing the other household employees. Besides these duties, BUTLERS receive and announce guests, answer the phone, serve food and drinks, and may act as personal attendants. HOUSEKEEPERS order food and cleaning supplies and keep records of household expenses. Often, these workers live in the employer's home.

### SAMPLE WORK ACTIVITIES

- Inform new household workers of the employer's wishes
   Instruct new staff in work methods and routines
- Assign workers to cook, serve meals, wash and iron, and do other household duties
- Adjust work activities to suit family members Oversee the serving of meals Set tables
  Mix and serve drinks
  Answer the rhone and deliver messages

- Announce suests
- Serve food and drinks during meals Clean and polish silver
- Wax floors and wash windows
- lay out clothes for family members to wear Polish shoes

### HOURS OF WORK/TRAVEL

- HOUSEKEEPERS and BUTLERS who live in the employer's home may sometimes work long or irregular
- These workers may sometimes have to work during weekends and on holidays.

### SAMPLE PLACES OF WORK

Private households

### 504 CHILD CARE WORKERS, PRIVATE HOUSEHOLD

People in these jobs take care of children in a private home. They may care for one or more children in an employer's home or in their own homes. Some rear homeless or parentless children as members of their own families. CHILD CARE WORKERS bathe children, prepare their meals, wash their clothes, and supervise their play, care for babies, sterilize bottles, prepare and change dispers. These workers may care for children on an hourly, daily, or fulltime basis.

### SAMPLE WORK ACTIVITIES

- Schedule activities for children, such as exercise, rest, and play periods
- Amuse children by reading to them or playing sames with them Prepare and serve meals or formulas Sterilize bottles and equipment used for feeding infants

- Bathe and dress young children

- Bathe and dress souns thildren

   Take children on walks and outings

   Wash and iron children's clothes

   Keep children's rooms neat and tidy

   Schedule activities for children such as exercise, rest and play periods

   Take foster children to their parents' home during weekends and holidays

   Write reports about children's progress and behavior for a welfare asency



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### HOURS OF WORK/TRAVEL

- Some of these workers may be employed on an hourly or daily basis. They may work during days
- CHILD CARE WORKERS who live in an employer's home may care for children during evening and
- weekend hours CHILD CARE WORKERS who rear children in their own homes must meet children's needs daily, throughout the day and night, and on weekends and holidays.

### SAMPLE PLACES OF WORK

- Private households

# 507 PRIVATE HOUSEHOLD CLEANERS AND SERVANTS

People in these jobs perform a variety of tasks to help keep private homes clean and neat and to serve family members. Some plan and prepare meals, do dishes and laundry, polish furniture, vacuum, make beds and do other light household tasks. Others do heavy household work, such as washing windows and floors, painting fences, mowing lawns, and repairing doors and fixtures. Some of these workers live in the employer's home. Others report to work at private homes on a resular or part-time basis.

## SAMPLE WORK ACTIVITIES

- Plan meals and order food and household supplies
- Prepare and serve meals and refreshments
- Wash dishes and clean silverware Help children bathe and dress
- Use a vacuum cleaner, mors, broom, and cleaning solutions to clean floors and windows
- Change bed linens and make up beds
- Wash, mend and iron clothins and household articles Answer the doorbell and phone
- Clean bathrooms
- Beat and vacuum russ
   Wax and polish floors
- Remove and hans draperies
- Clean and oil furnace
- Repair broken screens and doors
- Paint fences, sarases and sheds Mow and rake the lawn Groom, feed, and exercise pets

## HOURS OF WORK/TRAVEL

- HOUSEHOLD WORKERS who live in an employer's home may have long or irregular hours. Sometimes, they may be required to work during nights, weekends, or holidays. - Some HOUSEHOLD WORKERS work part-time.

### SAMPLE PLACES OF WORK

- Private households



# 509 PERSONAL ATTENDANTS, COMPANIONS, AND OTHER PRIVATE HOUSEHOLD OCCUPATIONS

These people provide personal services to people in private homes. PERSONAL ATTENDANTS take care of an employer's clothing, prepare baths, run errands, pack clothing for travel, and perform similar services as requested. COMPANIONS generally work for an elderly or handicapped person or someone recovering from an illness. They do such things as help them take care of social and business affairs, accompany them on trips and outings, and entertain their clients by reading aloud or playing sames. Some jobs require that workers be able to drive.

# SAMPLE WORK ACTIVITIES

- Brush, clean, press, and mend an employer's clothing
- Help an'employer dress
- Pack clothins for travel Clean an employer's quarters
- Bus clothins for an emploser
- Drive a car to perform errands
- Mix and serve drinks and refreshments
- Shampoo and groom an employer's hair Give shaves and give massages, Take care of a client's social or business affairs
- Play cards and other sames with an employer

## HOURS OF WORK/TRAVEL

- Some of these jobs may require travel to take clients to appointments, run errands, or accompany clients on trips and outings.
- Generally, these Jobs require some evening, weekend, and holiday work, that workers be available to serve the employer on a 24-hour basis. Some Jobs require

## SAMPLE PLACES OF WORK

- Private homes

## 51 PROTECTIVE SERVICE OCCUPATIONS

These workers provide public and private protective services. They may work as crossing guards, body guards, or security guards in buildings or armoured vehicles. Others may work as investigators or undercover agents. In public service, they may work as police or detectives, enforcing laws, investigating crimes, and patrolling areas to insure public safety. Others work as firefighters or inspectors, preventing, fighting, or investigating fires.

### 511 SUPERVISORS: SERVICE OCCUPATIONS, PROTECTIVE

These workers supervise and coordinate the activities of workers in protective service occupations. They may supervise the training of suards, firefighters, inspectors, detectives, They may plan work activities and schedules, enforce discipline, and handle They may speak before community groups, testify in court, write reports, and or police. complaints. Perform many of the duties of the workers they supervise.



# 5111 SUPERVISORS: FIREFIGHTING AND FIRE PREVENTION OCCUPATIONS

These people supervise and direct the activities of workers who try to prevent, control, and put out fires. They also do such things as inspect homes and public buildings for fire hazards and speak before community groups to warn them of such hazards. Their work duties include training new workers, keeping work records, and writing reports. They also direct firefighting activities at fire sites.

## SAMPLE WORK ACTIVITIES

- Train workers to use firefighting equipment to put out different types of fires
- Inspect fire stations, firetrucks, and equipment to see that they meet set standards Determine the nature and extent of fires, and the danser to nearby buildings

- Direct firefishting activities at the site of a fire Inspect homes and other buildings for fire hazards
- Keep worker and equipment records Plan and direct fire drills
- Prepare reports of fire calls, describing the location and cause, and the amount and type of
- Use a radio to talk with firefighters from an airplane to find what help they need and to tell them about changing conditions

# HOURS OF WORK/TRAVEL

- Many of these Jobs require shiftwork.
- Hans of these Jobs involve night, weekend work and some overtime work.
- These SUPERVISORS may travel to make inspections, study fire hazards, attend meetings, or give talks before groups.

### SAMPLE PLACES OF WORK

- City and county fire departments
- Airports Large manufacturing firms
- Insurance companies
- State agencies
- Military services

# 5112 SUPERVISORS; POLICE AND DETECTIVES

These people supervise police who keep law and order, detect and prevent crimes, control traffic, and investigate criminal cases, They study assignments and determine the workers, materials, and supplies needed to complete them. They establish work procedures, assign duties, and enforce discipline. They train new officers, explain police rules and laws, and enforce safety rules. They prepare reports and recommend ways to improve work methods, and conditions. They also may and perform many of the duties of the officers they supervise.

### SAMPLE WORK ACTIVITIES

- Supervise correction officers at a prison
  - Conduct roll calls of officers and
  - assign duties . Direct the release or transfer of prisoners
  - Investigate inmate disturbances, such as fights
- Help handle unruly inmates
- Keep prison records and prepare reports
- Review work records to determine staff members that suited for assignments
- Supervise the activities of staff in a jail

- . Establish rules, and procedures to be followed by Jailers
- · Prepare work schedules and assign duties
- . See that inmates are available for trials or hearings
- Escort inmates to courts, hospitals,
- or other places
- . Direct the search of inmates and prison areas
  - . Inspect facilities for cleanliness
- Write dails activits reports
   Prepare orders for supplies
- Supervise police officers assigned to patrol duty
  - Inspect uniforms and equipment
  - · Cruise in a car to watch officers on distu
- Report dansers in streets or sidewalks, such as holes or leaking sas mains
- Direct the activities of officers who sather, classify, and identify evidence and keep police department records
  - Plan a police record-keeping sytem
  - . Keep an evidence file for active criminal cases
  - . Direct officers who prepare

- statistical and activity reports . Review reports for accuracy before
- they are released. Prepare budgets for the unit
- Supervise officers assigned to a police precinct station
  - Take responsibility for the safekeeping of money and valuables taken from prisoners . Supervise offficers as they search
- . Supervise staff who send and receive radio messases
- Supervise law officers who handle community social problems
  - . Talk with social service agencies and public groups to develop programs to meet community needs
  - Sponsor events, such as dances and
- ball sames for neishborhood youths . Give lectures on police department functions and soals
- Direct the activities of highway patrol officers
  - Prepare reports on traffic
  - conditions in the patrol area Direct officers in the safe use and
  - ~ care of police vehicles
- Supervise detectives who investigate murder cases
  - . Go to the scene of a crime and take charse of the investigation order person in the area of a crime
- to be held for auestioning See that bodies are photographed in the position in which death occured
- Direct officers who investigate persons suspected of law violations, such as sambling, prostitution, or drus dealins
  Direct detectives who investigate auto thefts, and armed robberies
- - . Assign detectives to public satherings to protect the public from pickpockets and other criminals

### HOURS OF WORK/TRAVEL

- Police protection must be provided around the clock. Therefore, some **POLICE** and **DETECTIVE** SUPERVISORS are on duty over weekends, on holidays, and at night. The scheduled workweek for these workers usually is 40 hours. However, they are subject to call any time their services

are needed and may work overtime in emersencies.
These jobs may require travel to transport prisoners, make inspections, collect information, and attend community and police meetings.

## SAMPLE PLACES OF WORK

- Federal, State, and Local sovernment asencies concerned with law and order, including:



. City and county police and sheriff's departments

State bureaus of investigation Federal Bureau of Investigation

State highway patrols Military prisons

Harbor patrols

### 5113 SUPERVISORS; GUARDS

GUARD SUPERVISORS direct the activities of swards and related workers in stores, factories, museums, prisons, and other places where people or property need protection. They plan work activities and prepare work schedules. They assign duties to workers and check their work to make sure it meets with policies and procedures. They handle complaints and may assist workers in performing their duties. They prepare work reports and may keep time and personnel records. Some are responsible for hiring, training, and firing workers.

## SAMPLE WORK ACTIVITIES

- Interpret security rules and direct guards to enforce them

- Direct activities during fires, storms, riots, or other emergencies

Inspect buildings and grounds Test alarm systems and fire extinguishers to make sure they work properly

See that safety rules are posted and enforced

Train workers in protective procedures, first aid, and fire safety

Assign store detectives to shifts at various locations, based on their skills and experience

Evaluate worker performance

Explain to workers how to detect and catch shoplifters
Act as an undercover agent in a retail store to detect dishonest or incompetent workers
Prepare detailed reports of investigations
Contact business to sell security services

Inspect workers for proper clothing Keep records of workers' daily activities

## HOURS OF WORK/TRAVEL

(No information)

### SAMPLE PLACES OF WORK

Retail stores

Security agencies

Industrial plants

Institutions, such as reformatories, prisons, mental hospitals, and museums

Government agencies

# 512 FIREFIGHTING AND FIRE PREVENTION OCCUPATIONS

These workers inspect buildings and wooded areas to find fire hazards and prevent fires. They may provide educational programs in fire prevention and safety. They may investigate the causes of fires, enforce fire laws, and arrest suspected arsonists. Others work as firefishters, putting out fires and rescuing people, animals, and property. They give first aid to injured individuals and drive emergency vehicles.



## 5122 FIRE INSPECTION AND FIRE PREVENTION OCCUPATIONS

People in these Jobs inspect buildings and forest areas to detect fire hazards and recommend ways to prevent fires. They prepare reports of their inspections and may testify in court about their findings. They also investigate the causes of fires, enforce fire laws, and test firefishting equipment. They may arrest and detain recole suspected of starting fires. Sometimes, they talk to school groups to warn children of the dangers of fire. They also may sive first aid in emersencies and help fight fires.

## SAMPLE WORK ACTIVITIES

- Recommend safe methods of storing materials which easily catch fire Inform building owners of unsafe conditions, such as faulty wiring

- Issue summons for fire hazards not corrected Keep files of inspection records Investigate the causes of fires or explosions Interview witnesses to set the facts about fires
- Arrest people suspected of startting fires
- Testify in court about information obtained during a fire investigation Examine fire sites and collect evidence
- Instruct school children in the dangers of fires
- Patrol an industrial plant to look for fire hazards
   Take temperature and pressure readings from instruments
   Inspect and test firefishting equipment and sprinkler systems
- Enforce sovernmental fire resulations in forest and lossing areas
- Receive and relaw emersency calls, using a two-way radio
- Put out small fires in a forest

### HOURS OF WORK/TRAVEL

Many of these workers travel to make site inspections, interview witnesses, and study fire hazards.

# SAMPLE PLACES OF WORK

- Federal, state, and local government agencies
- Manufacturing firms
- Insurance companies
- Lossins companies

## 5123 FIREFIGHTING OCCUPATIONS

FIREFIGHTERS work as members of a team to control and put out fires and to protect lives and property from this hazard. They use firefishting equipment such as hoses and ladders as well as chemicals, axes, crowbars, and many other tools and materials to fight fires. They may operate emersency vehicles or parachute from planes. They clean and service their equipment, take part in fire drills and training programs, and inspect areas for fire hazards. They also sive first aid to the injured.

## SAMPLE WORK ACTIVITIES

- Direct a stream of water or chemicals into a fire
- Climb a ladder to fight a fire in the upper level of a building or to help people escape Use an axe, chisel, crowbar, electric saw, or other power equipment to make openings in buildings

- Give first aid to injured persons
   Use a portable two-way radio to talk with other workers during a fire
   Clean buildings, equipment, and grounds
   Inspect the scene of a fire to see what help is needed
- Compile records and type reports

Help remove trapped or injured passengers from the wreckage of a plane

Take part in a fire drill

- Take courses that teach different firefishting techniques

Parachute form an airplane into a forest Use a compass and map to locate forest areas Collect equipment and supplies dropped from airplanes

- Fell trees, dis ditches, and cut and clear brush - Shovel dift onto fires

Walk or drive through a burned area to look for hot spots that might restart a fire

### HOURS OF WORK/TRAVEL

In some cities, FIREFIGHTERS are on duty for 24 hours, then off for 48 hours, and receive an extra day off at intervals. In other cities, they work a day shift of 10 hours for 3 or 4 days, a night shift of 14 hours for 3 or 4 nights, have 3 or 4 days off, and then rereat the cycle. However, in many large cities FIREFIGHTERS work a standard 40-hour week. In addition to scheduled hours, FIREFIGHTERS often must work extra hours when they are

bringing a fire under control. However, duty hours may include some time when they are free

to read, study, or pursue other interests.

### SAMPLE PLACES OF WORK

- City and county fire departments

- Fire departments on federal property

- Forestry industries

- Airports

Large manufacturing plants

- Federal and state asencies concerned with the preservation of our natural resources

- Any industry concerned with the preservation of our natural resources

## 513 POLICE AND DETECTIVES

These workers provide public protective services. They way direct traffic, sive first aid, arrest lawbreakers, investigate crimes, or patrol areas by boat, helicopter, or auto. work with rescue squads or become experts in firearms or finserprints. Other workers maintain order in Jails and Prisons. They supervise prisoners and may settle disputes. bailiffs, serving court orders or providing security in courtrooms. Some work as

# 5132 POLICE AND DETECTIVES, PUBLIC SERVICE

These workers enforce law, prevent crime and protect the public. Their duties range from controlling traffic to solving criminal cases. Many specialize in a particular work area such as customs patrol, protective services, traffic safety, crime prevention, or narcotics and vice. Some work in special units such as motorcycle squads, harbor or helicoptor patrols, rescue squads, or youth aid services. Work duties vary.

### SAMPLE WORK ACTIVITIES

- Patrol city housing projects and parks to prevent crimes and keep the peace

- ratrol city nousing projects and parks to prevent crimes and keep the Peace
- Do investigations to prevent or solve criminal cases.
- Arrest people who sell or use illegal drugs
- Investigate traffic accidents to get details about what happened
- Fly a plane to patrol hishways and enforce traffic laws
- Walk an assigned beat to prevent crime and arrest violators
- Drive a highway patrol car to enforce state motor vehicle and criminal laws
- Watch crime suspects to get information about them
- Visit stores and movie theaters to detect, prevent and solve crimes
- Prevent people from illegally entering the country
- Take finderprints at the scene of a crime

Write activity reports

### HOURS OF WORK/TRAVEL

- The scheduled workweek for POLICE OFFICERS and DETECTIVES is 40 hours, but they may work overtime in emersencies.
- Some POLICE OFFICERS are on duty over weekends, on holidays, and at night.

### SAMPLE PLACES OF WORK -

- Local, City and State police departments
- State Investigation Agencies
- Federal asencies such as the Federal Bureau of Investigation and the Border Patrol

### 5133 CORRECTIONAL INSTITUTION OFFICERS

CORRECTIONS OFFICERS are charged with the safekeeping of persons who have been arrested and sent to prison or Jail. They keep order within the institution, enforce rules, and may counsel inmates. They watch everything inmates do. They also assign work duties and instruct on specific tasks, search inmates and cells for items such as weapons or drugs, settle disputes between inmates and enforce discipline. Some guard inmates from a tower. Others escort and guard prisoners outside.

## SAMPLE WORK ACTIVITIES

- Search prisoners for weapons, valuables, and druss
- Lock prisoners in cells
- Serve meals to prisoners in a Jail
- Prepare arrest records on prisoners Question prisoners to set information needed to solve crimes
- Take aliens who have illegally entered the country into custody
- Escort aliens to places such as courts, hospitals, Jails, or holding centers Watch inmates in a prison to prevent riots or escapes Inspect locks, window bars, and doors for signs of tampering

- See that prisoners obey rules.
- Guard prisoners being transported to a Jail: courthouse, prison, or mental ward Direct inmates during work assignments
- Escort prisoners to and from a visiting room or medical office

# HOURS OF WORK/TRAVEL

- CORRECTIONS OFFICERS usually work an 8-hour day, 40-hour week.

  Because prison security must be provided around the clock, some CORRECTION OFFICERS must work during weekends, holidays, and nights.
- During emergencies, these workers may put in ovetime.

# SAMPLE PLACES OF WORK

- State correctional institutions such as prisons, prison camps, and reformatories
- City and county jails or other institutions run by local governments
- Federal correctional institutions
- Federal asencies such as the Immigration and Naturalization Service



# 5134 SHERIFFS, BAILIFFS, AND OTHER LAW ENFORCEMENT OFFICERS

These people enforce laws, keep order in courts, serve summonses, and provide police and detective services in rural areas. Their duties may range from issuing parking tickets to directing the activities of a sheriff's department. They study new laws and methods to detect crimes and enforce laws. They assign duties to police, handle work problems and complaints, train new officers, and enforce discipline. They prepare budgets and reports and order equipment and supplies. They may also drive a police car, search suspects, and evict people from property.

## SAMPLE WORK ACTIVITIES

- Patrol a section of a city to issue parking tickets

- Investigate complaints against the department

- Provide security for social functions in a community
   Give public talks about traffic safety and crime prevention
   Review summonses, arrest orders, and other court orders to see that they meet State and
- Prepare legal notices for selling unclaimed property Check division accounts and money records for accuracy

Write division activity reports

- Review duty loss and assish officers to posts
- Inspect officers' uniforms and check their patrol cars to see that they conform to standards Dispatch first aid units, sniper teams, and search-rescue units during emergencies
- Conduct hearings in cases of officer misconduct
- Train officers in police techniques
- Oversee arrests, fingerprinting, and related procedures Supervise investigations of drug traffic and auto thefts
- Patrol an assigned area to enforce laws, investigate crimes, and arrest violators
- Take control at traffic accidents to direct traffic, help accident victims, and determine the
- causes of accidents Transport or escort prisioners Serve subponess and summonses
- Escort defendants to and from the courtroom and stand suard during\_court proceedings

### HOURS OF WORK/TRAVEL

The scheduled workweek for LAW ENFORCEMENT OFFICERS is usually 40 hours. -However, police protection must be provided around the clock. Therefore, some officers are on duty over weekends, on holidays, and at night. POLICE OFFICERS are subject to call any time their services are needed and may work overtime in emergencies.

Some of these jobs require the use of police vehicles to control traffic, patrolestreets, and transport suspects and criminals. Travel may also be required to attend meetings, collect evidence, serve summonses, and sive talks before community groups.

### SAMPLE PLACES OF WORK

- County sheriffs' departments Federal, state, and local courtrooms

# 514 GUARDS

These workers protect people and property. They may work at railroad or street crossings, helping traffic or children cross hazardous areas safely. They may guard buildings against fire, theft, or illegal entry. Some work as life guards on ski patrols, insuring the safety of individuals. Others may work as undercover agents in stores, watching for shoplifters. may drive armoured cars or act as body suards.



### 5142 CROSSING GUARDS

CROSSING GUARDS watch over street or railroad crossings to make sure that people who are driving or walking are safe. They warn people of approaching traffic and may escort them across streets or other crossings. Some direct traffic at road building projects or at school crossings. Others control railroad-crossing gates.

## SAMPLE WORK ACTIVITIES

- Guard street crossins during hours when children are going to or from school Direct the actions of children and traffic to make sure children cross streets safely Write down the license numbers of cars that fail to observe traffic signals
- - Escort children across streets

- Place caution signs near crossing lanes
   Place caution signs near crossing lanes
   Stop speeding drivers and warn them to slow down
   Guard a railroad crossing to warn drivers and walkers of approaching trains
   Listen for trains from a watchtower
   Press buttons to flash warning signal lights and lower railroad crossing gates
   Place traffic control signs and markers along a road building site
   Direct traffic through detoung

- Warn road builders of cars that fail to heed signals

# HOURS OF WORK/TRAVEL

CROSSING GUARDS at school crossings may work part time, before and after school hours. CROSSING GUARDS at railroad sites may work during evenings, nights, weekends and holidays.

### SAMPLE PLACES OF WORK

- Schools
- Construction companies
- Railroad companies -°State hishway departments

### 5144 GUARDS AND POLICE, EXCEPT PUBLIC SERVICE .

These people protect or suard people and property. Some investigate fires, thefts or other matters for individuals or businesses. Some drive armoured cars to transport money or valuables. Some escort people to protect them from bodily harm. Some suard business property against fire, theft, and illegal entry. Some investigate the illegal use of credit cards, investigate thefts in a store or locate missing people.

### SAMPLE WORK ACTIVITIES

- Guard shipments of valuables carried by a railroad
- Drive an armoured van to transport money and valuables Screen airline passengers and visitors for weapons, explosives, and other forbidden articles Guard plant grounds, warehouses, or other property to control traffic to and from buildings and srounds

- Guard property against fire, theft, vandalism, and illegal entry
  Investigate cash shortages occuring in the sales section of a department store
  Investigate cases of fraud involving the use of charge cards reported lost or stolen
  Conduct private investigations to locate missing persons
  Patrol hotel or motel property to maintain order and enforce rules and laws
  Investigate people suspected of obtaining utility services through fraud or error
  Mork in a store as an undercover operator to check on the honesty of the staff and
  company rules are being followed
  Keep order and enforce standards of behavior at sports events



## HOURS OF WORK/TRAVEL >

- Some of these jobs require travel to transport valuables, conduct investigations, or protect people from harm. A few Jobs, such as PRIVATE INVESTIGATOR or PRIVATE EYE may occasionally
- require long distance travel. . Hang of these Jobs involve some evening and/or weekend work: 'Some Jobs offer opportunity for temporary or part-time work.

### SAMPLE PLACES OF WORK

- Railroad companies
- Private investigation firms Armoured car firms
- Airline companies
- ★ Security firms
   Retail stores
- Industrial plants
- Public utilities
- Hotels and restaurants
- Golf courses and other recreation facilities ... Any business or industry

# 5149 PROTECTIVE SERVICE OCCUPATIONS, N.E.C.

People in these Jobs try to protect people and animals from harm. They also may rescue and care for people or animals who have suffered injuries or have other problems. Some maintain order and safe conditions on school buses. Some safeguard, swimmers or skiers. Some investigate cases of animal cruelty or neglectar or help relocate wild animals found in overcrowded areas. Some pick up stray or unlicensed animals and them to a pound or shelter. These workers enforce regulations and may keep records and write reports.

### SAMPLE WORK ACTIVITIES

- 🛪 Maintain discipline and safety on a school bus
  - . Direct the loading of students onto a school bus
  - . Ride a school bus to prevent
  - misbehavior and damage Take part in bus safety drills
- Investigate animal cruelty and neglect charges
  - . Interview witnesses to set
    - information
  - Inform records of the renalties for violating the humane acts of the law . Feed starving animals and free
  - trapped animals
- Take abused animals to a shelter for treatment and care
- . Inspect animal quarters for violations of the law
- , Write activity reports
- Conduct surveys to estimate the number of birds and animals in an area
  - Recommend changes in hunting and
  - trapping seasons
    Recommend that animals in overpopulated areas be moved
  - Tranquilize and relocate deer, bear, and other animals
- Take pictures of/areas damaged by bears, of other wild animals
- Give talks about wildlife to civic; school, and sports groups about wildlife
- Patrol ski trails and slope areas to help skiers and report the condition of trails and
- Watch activities in swimming areas to prevent accidents and help swimmers : - Capture and impound unlicensed, stray, and uncontrolled animals
  - - Investigate complaints of animal bite cases







 Supply food, water, and personal care to animals in a round or shelter

#### HOURS OF MORK/TRAVEL

Jobs such as ANIMAL TREATMENT INVESTIGATOR, WILDLIFE CONTROL AGENT, and DOG CATCHER require travel to investigate claims of animal abuse and to catch and relocate animals. SKI PATROLLERS and LIFEGUARDS often must work during weekends.

# SAMPLE PLACES OF WORK

Schools

Federal and State agencies concerned with wildlife management and preservation

Humane societies and animal protection agencies

Ski resorts

Swimming pools and beaches

Private companies that provide protective services

# 52 SERVICE OCCUPATIONS, EXCEPT PRIVATE HOUSEHOLD AND PROTECTIVE

These workers provide services to people in businesses, institutions, health care, facilities, and restaurants. They may provide such personal services as barbering or aiding patients with grooming. Others may assist health professionals in hospitals and dentist offices. Some work in entertainment facilities, helpins with costumes or seating. Others work as cooks or waitresses in restaurants.º Some workers provide cleaning and building maintenance services.

### \*521 FOOD AND BEVERAGE PREPARATION AND SERVICE OCCUPATIONS

Workers in these occupations prepare or serve food or beverages. They may cook food for restaurants, cafeterias, hospitals) or hotels, they may also work as short order cooks at lunch counters and fast food restaurants. Some serve customers at food counters, fountains, or in cafeteria lines. Bartenders prepare alcoholic and other drinks for customers. Workers must keep work areas clean, inventory supplies, and may keep records.

## 5211 SUPERVISORS; FOOD AND BEVERAGE PREPARATION AND SERVICE OCCUPATIONS

These people supervise workers who prepare and serve food in restaurants, hotels, and other eating places. They plan the types and amounts of foods to be prepared, the order in which tasks should be done, and the number of workers needed. They assign duties to workers and check their work. They inspect work areas for cleanliness, and order supplies and equipment as needed. They may be responsible for hiring, training, and firing workers. They may keep time, production and stock records. They also may plan menus and help prepare foods.

### SAMPLE WORK ACTIVITIES

- Schedule dining reservations Arrange parties or special services for diners
- Escort suests to their tables

Handle customer complaints
Assign tasks to dining room workers
Inspect serving stations for neatness and cleanliness
Order linens and other dining room supplies for tables and serving stations

Approve invoices or bills for payment

Keer records of all the cash received in a day

Plan banquets, receptions, and other social functions Suggest food courses and wines to customers

- Select recipes and plan menus Take inventory of supplies and equipment
- Instruct cookins personnel in the fine points of cookins Cook and carve meats and prepare food dishes

Supervise kitchen personnel aboard a ship

Compile supply, overtime, and cost control records

#### HOURS OF WORK/TRAVEL

- Some of these jobs may involve early morning , evening, weekend, and/or holiday work,  $_{o}$ 

A few of these jobs involve food preparation aboard ships and trains. These jobs require travel,

#### SAMPLE PLACES OF WORK

- Restaurants, clubs, and hotels

- Airline, ship, and train companies - Schools, hospitals, and other institutions

Private industries

#### **5212 BARTENDERS**

BARTENDERS prepare and serve alcoholic and nonalcoholic drinks for customers in bars, lounses, restaurants, and clubs. They take drink orders from workers who serve customers and from patrons seated at the bar. They mix drinks to order, using many types of liquor plus soft drinks, fruit juices, cream, and soda water. They also serve snacks, order supplies, collect payments, and keep bar areas clean. Those who own their bar keep records, hire, train, direct staff.

## SAMPLE WORK ACTIVITIES

- Mix liquor, soda water, sugar, and other ingredients to prepare cocktails:

Serve bottled beer or draw drausht beer from kess Sell unopened bottles of alcoholic beverages to be taken from the premises

Place bottled goods and glasses to make attractive displays

Slice and pit fruit for decorating drinks

- Prepare snacks such as pickles, cheese, and cold meats - Order liquor and supplies

 $^{\hbar}$  - Wash and sterilize glasses

Take payments for drinks and return the correct chanse

## HOURS OF WORK/TRAVEL

Many BARTENDERS work overtime.

Many BARTENDERS work at night and on weekends.

Some BARTENDERS work a split shift. Some BARTENDERS work on a part-time basis.

#### SAMPLE PLACES OF WORK

- Restaurants and bars
- Hotels

Private clubs and lounses

Private parties such as banquets and dances held in restaurants, hotels, or private homes

## 5213 WAITERS AND WAITRESSES

WAITERS AND WAITRESSES take food and drink orders from customers in restaurants, clubs, and other eating places. They also serve the food and drink to customers, make out checks, and Some have other duties as well, such as removing dirty dishes and take pasments. sometimes take setting tables.

## SAMPLE WORK ACTIVITIES

- Give menus to customers, answer their questions about foods and services, and suggest foods and drinks they might like
- Write food and drink orders on checks or tickets and take them to the kitchen

- Total the charges for foods and drinks and return correct change
   Carve meat, bone fish, and prepare special dishes or desserts at customers' tables
   Take dirty dishes from tables and replace them with clean dishes and linen Serve drinks to customers seated at tables in a bar or cocktail lounge.

## HOURS OF WORK/TRAVEL

- Some WAITERS AND WAITRESSES work split shifts--that is, they work for several hours during the middle of the day, take a few hours off in the afternoon and then return to their jobs for the evening hours
- WAITERS AND WAITRESSES are expected to work on holidays and weekends. Many work during Most evenings or early morning hours.
- Because of the wide range in dining hours, these jobs offer a good opportunity for part-time
- WAITERS AND WAITRESSES who work aboard ships or trains may travel long distances and spend much of their time away from home.

## SAMPLE PLACES OF WORK

- Restaurants
- Clubs
- Lunchrooms - Hotel dining rooms
- Railroad dining cars
- Passenger ships

#### 5214 COOKS, EXCEPT SHORT ORDER

These people plan menus and cook foods in restaurants, hotels, hospitals, and other places where meals are served. Their duties depend upon the size and kind of establishment. In small restaurants, one cook may prepare all food with the aid-of kitchen helpers. In large eating places, kitchen staffs often include several COOKS and many helpers. Each COOK usually has a specialty. HEAD COOKS or CHEFS direct kitchen staff, plan menus, and buy food supplies.

#### SAMPLE WORK ACTIVITIES

- Design and prepare decorated foods and attractive food displays
- Prepare breads, rolls, and biscuits
- Prepare, season, and cook soups, vesetables, meats, and desserts Use blenders, mixers, strinders, slicers, and other kitchen tools to prepare foods Follow recipes to prepare specialty foods such as fish and chips, tacos, and pastries Plan and cook foreign-style dishes, dinners, and desserts
- Use leftover meats to prepare meat loaves and salads

Mix and measure ingredients to make pies, tarts, and cobblers

- Use a measuring cup, spoon, and scale to measure flour, water, and weast for pizza dough

- Barbecue Pork, beef, and chicken - Prepare foods for school children to eat - Hold ice cream or sherbets into shares - Prepare special diet foods

- Cook foods aboard a ship or train
   Order supplies and keep records and accounts

## HOURS OF WORK/TRAVEL

COOKS in restaurants and institutions may work during evenings and on holidays and weekends. COOKS employed in public and private schools work during the school year only, usually for 9 months.

## SAMPLE PLACES OF WORK

- Restaurants and hotels
- Schools and colleges
- Government asencies
- Factories
- Private clubs
- Airport restaurants
- Hospitals and rest homes

## 5215 SHORT-ORDER COOKS

SHORT-ORDER COOKS work at lunch counters, snack bars, diners, and fast food restaurants. cook foods that take a short time to prepare, cook, and serve. They also may take food orders from customers and serve the food to them at counters or tables. In some Jobs, they have other tasks such as as carving meat, making coffee, and taking payments for foods.

## SAMPLE WORK ACTIVITIES

- Take food orders from customers at a lunch counter
- Carve meat and fill orders from a steam table
- Prepare sandwiches and salads Prepare beverages at a snack bar
- Serve foods to customers over a counter
- Cook hamburgers and hot doss
- Fry bacon and ess: \*
  Take payment for foods or write out charge slips

## HOURS OF WORK/TRAVEL

SHORT-ORDER COOKS may work during evenings, holidays, and weekends.

## SAMPLE PLACES OF WORK

- Fast-food restaurants
- Lunch counters Snack bars
- Coffee shors
- Diners and dinette shops



# 5216 FOOD COUNTER, FOUNTAIN, AND RELATED OCCUPATIONS

These people serve foods in places that offer fast service or special food delivery. Some work in carryouts, soda fountains, and cafeterias. Others serve foods to hotel suests or hospital patients in their rooms, or to drive-up customers in their cars. They take food orders, serve food and drinks and may take payments. At soda fountains or diners, they may also cook, fix sandwiches, and prepare ice cream dishes. In cafeterias they fill trays with desserts and salads or meats and side orders.

#### SAMPLE WORK ACTIVITIES

- Take food orders from drive-up customers and deliver the orders to their cars

- Present checks to customers and take payments for services

- Serve food to diners seated at a counter
   Call food orders into the kitchen and pick up and serve the orders when they are ready
   Prepare fountain drinks, sandwiches, and salads
   Carry foods on trays or carts to deliver them to hotel guests in their rooms

- Serve customers of a take-out counter with food that will be eaten elsewhere - Serve sandwiches, drinks, and candy to workers in a plant canteen - Prepare and serve soft drinks and ice cream dishes at a soda fountain

- Clean glasses and dishes

Prepare food traus and deliver them to hospital patients 🤌 - Serve food from counters and steamtables to cafeteria patrons - Brew coffee and tea

Use a cash register to total checks.

#### HOURS OF WORK/TRAVEL

- Workers in these jobs often work on weekends and holidays. Some work during the evenings. Many COUNTER WORKERS in fast-food restaurants and cafeterias work part-time. Some work split lunch-dinner shifts and have a few hours off in the middle of the day.

#### SAMPLE PLACES OF WORK

- Fast-food restaurants
- Hotel and motel restaurants Coffee shors, all-night diners, and other places where short-order foods are prepared

Cafeterias

- Hospital food services
- Drus store soda fountains and ice cream parlors Drive-in restaurants

- Drive-in theater snack bars
- Canteens in plants, factories, and businesses

#### 5217 KITCHEN WORKERS, FOOD PREPARATION

These workers prepare cold cuts, seafood, salads, fruits, sandwich fillings, and other foods. They work in hotel or restaurant kitchens or other places where foods are prepared. Many specialize in preparing a certain type of food. Some bone and carve meats, for example, or remove shells from seafood. Others make coffee, tea, and hot chocolate or prepare salads, appetizers, and other cold dishes. In large restaurants, they often work under the direction of a head cook or chef.

## SAMPLE WORK ACTIVITIES

- Clean and prepare shrimp, oysters, and clams

- Remove meat from lobster shells and arrange it in cocktail glasses
- Mix ketchup, horseradish, lemon Juice, and other ingredients to make sauces for seafood
- Use carving knives and meat-slicing machines to carve roast beef and chicken

Butcher and clean chickens, ducks, and fish

- Cut meat and cheese and weish them on a scale

- Cut and trim meat to size as ordered by a customer

Prepare salads, fruits, melons, and selatin desserts Brew coffee, tea, and hot chocolate

Premare sandwiches to customer order

# HOURS OF WORK/TRAVEL

- KITCHEN WORKERS may sometimes have to work during evenings, weekends, and holidays.

#### SAMPLE PLACES OF WORK

Restaurants and hotel dining rooms

Coffee shors and cafeterias

Grocery shops, supermarkets, and butcher shops

Delicatessens and ouster bars

Catering businesses Large shire

Hospitals

Colleges and universities

## 5218 WAITERS' AND WAITRESSES' ASSISTANTS

These people work in restaurants and other places where food and drinks are served. They do many tasks to allow waiters, waitresses, and bartenders more time to serve customers. They clear and reset tables, for example, and carry soiled dishes to the kitchen. They clean up spilled food and broken dishes. They may serve water, bread, and butter to customers and clean coffee pots. Some help bartenders keep the bar supplied with liquor, mixes, and ice. Others carry food and equipment to steamtables and serving counters.

## SAMPLE WORK ACTIVITIES

- Carry trays of food to customers' tables in a cafeteria
- Go through & dining room and serve coffee to customers

- on through a dining room and serve coffee to customers
   Carry dirty dishes from the dining room to the kitchen
   Set tables with silverware, glassware, and fresh linens
   Supply service bars with soups, salads, and desserts
   Serve ice water and butter to patrons
   Clean and polish coffee urns and milk dispensers

- Run errands
- Stock coolers with wines and bottled beer Slice and pit fruits used to decorate drinks
- Wash and polish slasses and bar equipment
- Clean up spilled foods

## HOURS OF WORK/TRAVEL

- Hans workers in this group work during evenings and on weekends and holidays. Many of these workers work part-time. Some DINING ROOM ATTENDANTS work only a few hours a day during the lunch or dinner period. Others work both periods but may take a few hours off in the middle of the day.

## SAMPLE PLACES OF WORK

- Restaurants .
- Bars or taverns Hotel dining rooms
- Cafeterias

# 5219 MISCELLANEOUS FOOD AND BEVERAGE PREPARATION OCCUPATIONS

These workers do routine tasks to help with food preparation and service. They carry and hand out supplies to kitchen workers, help prepare breads and pastries, wash and peel fruits and vesetables, and wash dishes and pans. They help keep kitchen areas clean and orderly. They may sweep and mor floors, scrub counters, polish silver, defrost and clean iceboxes, and set up banquet tables. Some call out food orders in a drive-in or fast-food restaurant. Some prepare food trays or stock food dispensing machines.

breads

and work areas

#### SAMPLE WORK ACTIVITIES

- Assist a baker in a restaurant
  - Carry and hand out supplies, such as flour and baking pans
  - Mix, knead, or share dough for
  - bread, or rolls Grease pans used to mold or bake
- Help pastry shop workers prepare pastries
  - Mix and share dough to make ries; cakes and cookies
  - Wash and cut fruits for desserts and
  - Pies
  - Wash and scour pots and pans
- Assist workers who prepare foods for hotels, restaurants, or ready-to-serve packages.
  - . Wash, reel, cut, and seed vesetables and fruits
  - . Clean, cut, and grind meats
  - Dir food items in crumbs or batter to bread them
  - Stir and strain sours and sauces
  - Weish and measure ingredients
  - . Carry pans, kettles and trays of

. Place dough in an oven to bake . Clean bakery utensils, equipment,

- food to work stations:
- . Remove sarbase
- Sweep and mop floors
   Wash worktables, walls, and meat blocks
- . Scrape food from dirty dishes
- . Polish silver and set up banquet tables
- Operate a dishwashing machine in a ship's galley

  - Place slasses in a rack?
     Defrost and clean iceboxes
  - Stack serving stations with dishes and other supplies
- Stock automatic food dispensing machines on passenger trains
- Call out food orders in a drive-in or fast-food restaurant
- Prepare meal trays in a commissary kitchen

## HOURS OF WORK/TRAVEL

- These jobs may require evening, weekend, and holiday work.
- Many of these jobs offer opportunities for part-time work.

## SAMPLE PLACES OF WORK

- Restaurants and hotel dining rooms
- Bakery and pastry shops
- Ship kitchens
- Hospitals and other live-in institutions that have kitchens
- Railroad companies
  - Food catering businesses

- Butcher shops

Fastfood restaurants

- Airline terminal restaurants

- Businesses that prepare food for vending machines

## **523 HEALTH SERVICE OCCUPATIONS**

These workers help patients and health professionals. They may assist dentists with procedures or take x-rays. Others may perform tasks in hospitals, such as mixing drug preparations or cleaning work areas. Others may take temperatures, bathe patients, and clean patients, rooms. Some help patients get around, run errands, answer call bells, and, in patients, homes, help with meals and laundry.

## 5232 DENTAL ASSISTANTS

DENTAL ASSISTANTS work with dentists as they examine and treat satients. They make the patients comfortable in the dental chair, prepare them for treatment, and obtain their dental records. They hand the dentist the proper tools and materials and keep patients' mouths clear by using suction or other devices. They prepare materials for making impressions and restorations, and process x-ray film. They also instruct patients in oral health and prepare instruments for sterilization. Some perform clerical duties as well.

## SAMPLE WORK ACTIVITIES

- Take and record medical and dental histories

Make impressions of people's teeth for the dentist to study Sterilize instruments and equipment

Instruct patients in the care of their teeth and sums, as prescribed by the dentist

Prepare tray setups for dental procedures
 Keep patient treatment records
 Pour, trim, and polish study casts

Clean and polish dental tools

- Tell patients how to control plaque

Keep appointment records and take payments for dental services

#### HOURS OF WORK/TRAVEL

Most DENTAL ASSISTANTS work during regular office hours.
 Some DENTAL ASSISTANTS work part-time.

# SAMPLE PLACES OF WORK

Private dental offices

Dental schools \
Hospital dental departments

State and local public health departments

Private clinics

Federal sovernment offices, especially in hospitals and clinics of the Public Health Service, the Veterans Administration, and the military services

#### 5233 HEALTH AIDES, EXCEPT NURSING

HEALTH AIDES work under the direction of doctors or other health specialists. Their duties range from cleaning work areas and equipment to treating patients and performing clerical tasks. They may mix drug preparations, label medicines, run errands, or assist in examining patients. Some drive an ambulance to pick up and deliver patients.

## SAMPLE WORK ACTIVITIES

- Mix drug preparations, as directed by a pharmacist
  - . Label drugs, chemicals, and medicines
  - Deliver drus orders and run errands
- Wash and sterilize bottles, beakers, and other glassware
- . Compute the charges for drugs
- Give massages and heat treatments to patients, as directed by a physical therapist
  - Apply traction devices to patients
  - to relieve their pain
    Compile information about patients
    and their progress during therapy
  - Train patients to use crutches, canes, walkers, and wheelchairs
- . Take inventory and order supplies
- . Help plan and conduct programs to
- restore patients' health Design equipment for clients that will help them be more self-sufficient
- Perform routine lab tasks related to processing blood
  - . Examine blood stock to make sure all units are in proper condition
  - Schedule blood processing runs
- Help a doctor during physical exams of patients
  - Write histories of patients'
  - accidents or illnesses. Help lift patients onto an examining täble
  - Take and record patients' temperature and blood pressure
  - Answer the Phone, schedule appointments, and fill out insurance forms
  - . Prepare and mail out patients' bills
- Prepare treatment rooms for the examination of patients
- Hand instruments and materials to a doctor, as directed
- Help prepare dressings and develop x-rays
- Help patients dress and undress
   Take patients to and from treatment class
- Prepare bodies, specimens of human organs, and the morgue room to help a doctor examine corpses
  - . Law out surgical instruments and lab supplies needed for exams
  - Take finserprints and x-rays to identify dead persons
- Drive an ambulance to transport sick or injured persons

#### HOURS OF WORK/TRAVEL

Some of these Jobs may involve evening, night, and/or weekend work. Others involve a standard 35-40 work week during regular office hours.

#### SAMPLE PLACES OF WORK

- Hospitals and clinics
- Pharmacies
- Doctors' offices
- Morsues Medical laboratories



## 5236 NURSING AIDES, ORDERLIES, AND ATTENDANTS

These workers perform a variety of duties to care for sick and injured people. They answer patients' bell calls, deliver messages, serve meals, and make beds. They also feed, bathe, and dress patients. They may take temperatures and help patients set around. Some may store or move medical supplies and clean patients' rooms. They may work in hospitals, nursing homes, or patients' homes. In patients' homes they may also clean laundry, plan meals, shop for food, and prepare meals.

## SAMPLE WORK ACTIVITIES

- Help women during childbirth
- Care for aged or handicapped patients in their homes
- Wash and iron patients' laundry Furchase and prepare foods for people who are recovering from an illness
- Help patients bathe and dress
- Give patients alcohol rubs
- Read to or play cards with patients
- Visit several homes to provide day-to-day health care to patients
   Give first aid to injured workers in a plant
- Serve food traus and feed patients who need help
- Push patients around in a wheelchair or help them to walk
- Hold instruments for doctors and nurses who are treating patients Record the liquid intake and output of patients
- Lift patients into and out of beds
- Empts bed pans

## HOURS OF WORK/TRAVEL

- ATTENDANTS, ORDERLIES, and AIDES in hospitals usually work 40 hours a week or less.
- Many or these workers must sometimes work during nights, weekends, and holidays.
- HOME ATTENDANTS often work part-time.

## SAMPLE PLACES OF WORK

- Hospitals
- Nursing homes Private households
- Public health and welfare agencies
- Private health care asencies
- Community health or welfare organizations

# 524 CLEANING AND BUILDING SERVICE OCCUPATIONS, EXCEPT PRIVATE HOUSEHOLD

Workers in these occupations insure that buildings are safe and clean. They was clean rooms in businesses, hotels, or hospitals. Some do minor repair work, empty trash, and clean floors and restrooms. Others inspect buildings for pests that they exterminate. Other workers operate freight and passenger elevators, give information, and help deliver supplies and equipment as needed. Some workers supervise the work of others, keep records, and order supplies and equipment.



# 5241 SUPERVISORS; CLEANING AND BUILDING SERVICE WORKERS

These people supervise workers who provide cleaning, maintenance, and other building services in hotels, schools, factories, and other places. They interview, hire, train, and assign duties to workers. They issue supplies and equipment to workers, keestrack of supplies on handy and order more supplies as needed. They check work to see that it meets standards and handle service complaints. They keep time records and may recommend that workers be fired or promoted. They also plan work shifts to meet service demands.

#### SAMPLE WORK ACTIVITIES

- Check work to make sure it meets standards of cleanliness.
- Take inventories of stock to make sure enough supplies are on hand
- Investigate complaints about housekeeping service and equipment Examine rooms, halls, and lobbies to see if they need remodeling Train new workers in housekeeping duties

Supervise room preparations for banquets and conventions.

- Instruct workers to collect and arrange items needed for a convention: such as displays, and microphones
- Supervise workers who handle bassase, operate elevators, and clean public areas in a hotel Supervise workers who provide housekeeping services for a ship's officers and crew Order supplies, such as soap, scrub brushes, and mops

Supervise workers who provide pest control services

#### HOURS OF WORK/TRAVEL

Some of these Jobs was involve evening or weekend work.

## SAMPLE PLACES OF WORK

- Hotels and motels
- Hospitals and nursing homes
- Schools
- Apartment complexes
- Ship lines
- Manufacturing companies
- Business offices Companies that provide housecleaning and maintenance services

#### 5242 MAIDS AND HOUSEMEN

MAIDS and HOUSEMEN clean rooms in hotels, motels, hospitals, dormitories, office buildings, and others such places. They also may provide services to suests or residents. They clean wards, bedrooms, baths, offices, and halls. They also deliver laundry, make beds, and replace soiled linens and drapes. They may move and arrange furniture, turn mattresses, and deliver TV sets, cribs, rollaway beds and other items to rooms. Some also may clean swimming pools, driveways, and sarase areas.

## SAMPLE WORK ACTIVITIES

- Make beds and vacuum carrets
- Wash bedframes, brush mattresses, and remake beds after patients leave the hospital

Keer storage rooms neat and orderly

Remove patients' traus and dishes Sort, count, and fold towels and other linens in a school dorm, hotel, or beauty parlor

- Move furniture, hand drames, and roll carrets - Premare sample rooms for sales meetings - Decorate rooms for banquets

Deliver baby cribs and ironing boards to suests in their hotel rooms Collect soiled linens for laundering

## HOURS OF WORK/TRAVEL

some jobs, MAIDS and HOUSEMEN was be required, to work at night and on weekends and holidays

Some MAIDS and HOUSEMEN work part-time.

## SAMPLE PLACES OF WORK

- Hospitals and nursing homes

Hotels, motels, and tourist homes

Restaurants and clubs

School and college dormitories Beauty parlors, barber shops, and other businesses

## **5244 JANITORS AND CLEANERS**

JANITORS and CLEANERS keep office buildings, hospitals, stores, and apartment houses clean, and They fix leaky faucets, empty trash, service restrooms, and, mow lawns, in good condition. They also do minor painting and carpentry jobs, wet-mor floors, vacuum carpets, dust furniture, make minor repairs, and kill insects. They use many different tools, and cleaning materials. Some do heavy cleaning work. They may wash walls and windows, move furniture, shovel snow, and remove heavy trash.

## SAMPLE WORK ACTIVITIES

- Swee⊳ floors and scrub shower stalls∼in a solf.club locker room
- Adjust controls to heat or cool rooms
- Clean soot from chimness Clean rooms where workers shower and change clothes
- Clean and polish lighting fixtures in an office building
- Cut and trim grass at an apartment complex Use power equipment to remove snow around office buildings Carry supplies to departments in a factory or plant
- Arranse boxes, and materials in a neat and orderly manner
- Clean lint, dust, oil, and grease from machines in a Plant
- Scrub processing tubs and tanks Pick up trash on plant grounds
- Clean lab equipment such as slassware and metal instruments

- Clean walls and ceilings in offices Sweep the floors of a cotton-bale plant Clean, wax, and polish floors by hand or machine
- Replace furnace filters-

## HOURS OF WORK/TRAVEL

- Many JANITORS and CLEANERS work evening hours. Some jobs, however, such as SCHOOL CUSTODIAN call for dautime work.
- In buildings requiring 24-hour maintenance, JANITORS and CLEANERS may work on shifts.
- Many people in these Jobs work part-time.

## SAMPLE PLACES OF WORK

- Office buildings
- Factories
- Schools
- Apartment houses / Hospitals

- Recreation facilities, such as theaters and stadiums
- Firms that supply building maintenance services on a contract basis Stores and businesses Nonprofit organizations
- Utility companies
- Ans industry

# **5245 ELEVATOR OPERATORS**

These workers operate elevators to move people and freight between floors in a building. They may also sive information and directions to passengers and help them get on and off the elevator. Some may use handtrucks to remove materials and equipment from the elevator and deliver them where they are wanted.

# SAMPLE WORK ACTIVITIES

- Push buttons and move levers to control the movement of an elevator
- Open and close the safety sate and door of an elevator at each floor where stops are made
- Tell passensers where to find offices, products, or people -
- Load materials onto and off of the elevator

HOURS OF WORK/TRAVEL

(No Information)

## SAMPLE PLACES OF WORK

- Department stores.
- Office buildings A
- Warehouses
- Apartment buildings
- Hŏtels
- Industrial and commercial firms

#### 5246 PEST CONTROL OCCUPATIONS

Rats, mice, and common household insects, such as flies and roaches, ruin flood and spread diseases. Termites eat wood, and mosquitos carry diseases. PEST CONTROLLERS protect people and property from these vermin. They inspect and treat restaurants, hotels, food stores, homes, and other places to locate and destroy pests. They use chemicals, roisonous gases, and mechanical traps to kill pests that infect buildings and surrounding areas.

## SAMPLE WORK ACTIVITIES

- Release poisonous sas and set traps in buildings to kill termites, beetles, and other pests Inspect buildings to identify pests that are causing damage and to determine how to treat them
- Use handtools and rower tools to cut orenings in buildings to get to infested areas Bore holes in concrete around buildings to inject chemicals to kill termites. Spray chemicals from a tank to kill mosquitos in drainage ditches Place poison bait in storm sewers to kill rats

- Measure rooms with a rule to figure out how much bug killer to use and how much it will cost Discharge gas into buildings through a hose

- Carry lumber and tools to worksites
  - Crawl under buildings to femove litter before spraying there

## HOURS OF WORK/TRAVEL

Some PEST CONTROLLERS work overtime during spring and summer months when more sests are

PEST CONTROLLERS who service restaurants and stores may sometimes work at nights.

## SAMPLE PLACES OF WORK

Private pest control firms

Federal, state, and local sovernment asencies

# 5249 CLEANING AND BUILDING SERVICE OCCUPATIONS, N.E.C.

People in these jobs provide services to help keep hotels, motels, lodges, office buildings, apartments, and similar places clean and comfortable. They may perform clerical, housekeeping, or maintenance duties. Some register and assign quarters to guests, collect fees, issue supplies and maintain lawns at a tourist camp, motel, or lodge. Some deliver, install, and service air-freshening devices in apartment, office, and other buildings. Some repair, replace, and clean light fixture parts in these and similar places.

## SAMPLE WORK ACTIVITIES

- Perform a variety of clerical, housekeepins, and maintenance duties at a tourist camp, resort or trailer park
  - . Inform suests of services and facitities available
  - . Resister suests, assish them rooms or trailer spaces, and collect rents from them
- . Issue soar, towels, and other
- supplies to suests Sweep and mor floors Mow lawns and keep recreation areas nest and clean
- Deliver, install, and service air-freshening and air-cleaning devices in buildings
  - . Drive a delivery truck to deliver air-freshening devices and chemical refills to customers' buildings' Attach dispensers to walls, using
- . Refill dispensers with chemicals that freshen the air
- Use a wire brush to clean dispensers Clean toilet bowls and washbasins, with brushes, sponses, and cleaners
- Replace parts to light fixtures used in buildings
  - . Use handtools to repair switches and sockets
  - . Replace bulbs, tubes and switches
- Clean fixtures and lamps
- Order and keep a supply or bulbs; tubes, and replacement parts

## HOURS OF WORK/TRAVEL

. handtools

AIR PURIFIERS and LIGHT FIXTURE SERVICERS Tupically drive throughout an assigned territory to They also may make service trips upon request by service buildings in their area. businesses.

# SAMPLE PLACES OF WORK

Apartment complexes and office buildings

Motels, tourist camps, trailer parks, vacation resorts; and lodges

Companies that provide air deodorizing products and services

Companies that provide maintenance services

## 525-6 PERSONAL SERVICE OCCUPATIONS

These workers perform services for others. They may work as hairdressers or barbers, cutting and styling hair or giving manicures and shaves. Others may work in some area of entertainment. They may take tickets at events, usher people to seats, aid performers with costumes, make travel arrangements, or act as tour guides. Others help travelers with luggage, provide social service assistance, or help children with grooming or play in schools, homes, or hospitals.

# 5251 SUPERVISORS; PERSONAL SERVICE OCCUPATIONS

People in these Jobs direct the activities of workers who provide personal services to customers. The workers they supervise may be CADDIES, AIRLINE ATTENDANTS, PORTERS, USHERS, or other service workers. Their work duties differ somewhat, depending on the specific Job. SUPERVISORS plan work schedules, explain company policies to workers, and enforce safety and other rules. They resolve work problems and may assist workers, keep work records, order needed materials, and may hire, train, and fire workers.

## SAMPLE WORK ACTIVITIES

- = Make sure workers are using the right procedures and materials to cut and style customers
- Direct workers to be polite to customers and to keep their work areas neat and clean
- Order equipment and supplies for workers to use Settle customer complaints

- Make out work schedules for hotel PORTERS Advise workers on what to do when customers make unusual requests
- Hire and train new workers Call BELLHOPS to take hotel suests to their rooms Inspect workers for neatness and uniform dress
- Train workers to lead exercise sessions in a health club
- Prepare contract forms for patrons to obtain health club services Assisn CADDIES to solfers

- Train workers who tend rides at an amusement park
  Supervise workers who deal cards in a sambling house
  Explain sambling rules to patrons
  Keep records of workers' time
  Evaluate workers' performance
  Supervise workers who store guests' coats, hats, and other personal items in a cheekroom

#### HOURS OF WORK/TRAVEL

Many of these jobs require evening and weekend work.

# SAMPLE PLACES OF WORK

- Barber shops and beauty parlors
- Amusement parks and recreation centers
- Theaters
- Gambling houses
- Airline companies
- Health clubs
- Golf courses
- Motels and restaurants Hospitality houses
  - Any industry or place where personal services are provided



#### 5252 BARBERS

BARBERS cut, trim and style hair. They may also color or straighten hair and fit hairpieces. Many BARBERS offer other services, such as hair and scale treatments, face massages, shaves, and shampoos. As part of their jobs, they must keep their scissors, combs, and other instruments clean and in good condition. They clean their work areas and may sweep the shop as well. Those who own or manage a shop also order supplies, pay bills, keep records, and hire workers.

## SAMPLE WORK ACTIVITIES

Cut, blow dry, trim, and taper hair

Use scissors, clippers, combs, and blow-out suns

Put lather on men's beards and shave them

Use a razor to shape hair around people's temples and necks Hassage a customer's face, neck, and scalp

Style customers' hair Shampoo and due hair

Put shaving lotions on faces and necks

## HOURS OF WORK/TRAVEL

Most full-time BARBERS work more than 40 hours a week, and a workweek of over 50 hours is not

and lunch hours are usually busy times for BARBERS, abut they may take time off Saturdays during slack periods.

## SAMPLE PLACES OF WORK

- Barber shops
- Unisex salons
- Government agencies
   Hotel and department store barber shops
- Militäry services
- Home barber shops

## 5253 HAIRDRESSERS AND COSMETOLOGISTS

The main task of HAIRDRESSERS and COSMETOLOGISTS is to help people look attractive. They shampoor cut, and style hair and advise on hair care. They often straighten, curl, bleach, or due hair. They may give manicures and facials; advice on the use of makeup; and clean and style wiss and hairpieces. Most make appointments and keep records of products used by their regular customers. Those who run their own shors hire and supervise workers, keep records, and order supplies.

## SAMPLE WORK ACTIVITIES

- Clean, shape, and rolish customers' finsernails and toenails
- Use a brush or applicator to apply bleach, due, or tint to color customers' hair Shampoo hair with water and liquid soap

Rinse hair with water, lemon, vinesar, or prepared lotion Use clippers, scissors, razors, and blow-wave suns to style hair Apply waving lotion to hair and wind the hair around rollers Shape and color eyebrows and eyelashes

Read a movie script to decide what hair styles actors and actresses should have Create new hair styles for patrons Arrange hair on wide according to pictures or photos Spray hair with lacquer to keep it in place to

- Apply makeur, beards, and wiss to performers - Put makeur on movie or TV stars to make them look older of younser

- Apply greasepaint to the arms and less of performers

Prepare dead bodies for burial by cleaning and styling hair, giving manicures, and applying makeup

## HOURS OF 'WORK/TRAVEL

- Many full-time HAIRDRESSERS and COSMETOLOGISTS work more than 40 hours a week, including
- during evenings and on Saturdays when beauty salons are busiest A number of HAIRDRESSERS and COSMETOLOGISTS work part-time.

## SAMPLE PLACES OF WORK

- Beauty salons

Unisex shors

Barber styling shops

Department stores, hospitals and hotels where beauty or hair care services are offered

Motion picture studios
 For yourself, as an independently employed HAIRDRESSER or COSMETOLOGIST

#### 5254 ATTENDANTS; AMUSEMENT AND RECREATIONAL FACILITIES

These people provide services to people at amusement or recreational places, such as solf courses, bowling alleys, pool halls, and carnivals. They issue equipment to people and may help them schedule the use of facilities. They collect fees for sames played, and inform players of rules concerning dress, conduct, or equipment. They also may repair, sell, or rent out equipment. They may provide services such as carrying solf bass or racking pool balls. They may tend rides at a carnival or fair or entice passers by to enter side shows.

## SAMPLE WORK ACTIVITIES

- Work as a desk clerk at a bowling alley

- Rack pool balls at a poolroom

- Schedule the use of solf courses, tennis courts, and softball diamonds - Repair, rent, or sell ice skates and equipment at an ice-skating rink

- Tend a powered lift to transport skiers up a slope - Carry solf bass around a solf course for players

Drive a vehicle equipped with a trailer that picks up solf balls from a fairway Guess the weight of patrons at an amusement park

- Encourage people to take part in sames at concession booths in parks, carnivals or similar Places
- Try to attract patrons to carnival events by calling out information about the novelty of events

Tell patrons how to operate rides at a carnival or fair

- Drive a train.ride at a park or carnival
- Tend equipment designed to amuse, excite, or mustify patrons of a fun house
- Show patrons how to guide crafts, such as rowboats, canoes, and motorboats

Collect tickets or cash fare for amusement rides

- Play poker at a **sambling** house

- Help patrons mount and ride animals at an amusement park Drive a horse-drawn vehicle to carry people on sightseeing tours

## "HOURS OF WORK/TRAVEL

· Many of these jobs involve weekend and evening work. Many Jobs offer opportunity for temporary or part-time work.



## SAMPLE PLACES OF WORK

Carnivals, fairs, and other amusement facilities

Gambling parlors or houses

Recreation facilities, such as solf courses, tennis courts, sandlot and softball fields, and ·Public parks

Skating rinks

Bowling alleys Billiard parlors and pool halls

- Ski resorts

#### 5255 GUIDES

GUIDES escort individuals or groups on trips, cruises, and tours. Some take people on trips to hunt, fish, ride horseback, camp, or climb mountains. They way plan these trips and instruct party members. Others escort people around a city or on tours through museums, factories, historical sites, TV stations, or other places of interest. They may make travel arrangements and often point out items of interest. In some jobs, GUIDES direct or escort patients and visitors in a hospital.

## SAMPLE WORK ACTIVITIES

- Figure out the best route and sites for hunting and fishing trips
- Arrange horse, boat, plane, or other transportation for fishing trips

- Teach others to use hunting and fishing gear

Prepare meals at a campsite
 Give first aid to injured fishermen

Organize and lead a mountain-climbing group Instruct reorle in the use of mountain-climbing equipment

Plan a foreign trip for tourists Help tourists set passports and visas

Drive a sightseeing bus to art galleries, museums or battlefields and describe points of interest along the way

Pack horses with supplies for camping trips Entertain dude ranch guests with songs and stories

Escort foreign visitors around a city

- Tell tourists about the size, value and background of historical sites
- Take groups of people through a factory or plant and explain how the machines operate
- Lead tours through radio and TV stations

Guide plant visitors to offices or departments Direct or escort hospital visitors to specific areas in the hospital.

#### HOURS OF WORK/TRAVEL

- GUIDES who lead hunting, fishing, mountain-climbing, or camping parties often work during evenings and weekends. They may travel long distances to conduct expeditions or lead
- GUIDES who escort foreign visitors, lead tour groups in a city, or escort hospital visitors may work on weekends or during evening hours.

For some GUIDES, work may be seasonal.

## SAMPLE PLACES OF WORK

- Travel agencies or businesses that sponsor tours
   Large companies or industries that offer plant tours
   Museums, art galleries, or other places of public interest
   Federal and state agencies or non-rofit organizations that manage or preserve historical
- natural sites
   Radio and TV networks and stations
   Vacation resorts and dude ranches
   Hospitals and large clinics



#### 5256 USHERS

USHERS take tickets, sive out programs, and escort people to their seats in public places. They also may be responsible for turning away people who do not have tickets. They may work during sports events, movies, plays, concerts or other entertainment events. Sometimes they help people search for lost objects or find the restrooms or telephone.

## SAMPLE WORK ACTIVITIES

- Collect tickets and passes from people at an entertainment event
- Refuse to admit people who do not have tickets or who are not properly dressed

- Direct people to their seats
   Give door checks to patrons who wish to leave for a short time
   Count and record the number of tickets collected
   Make sure that only people with press passes set into the press box at a sports event
   Tell theater patrons where the restrooms and telephone are located
- Run errands and set drinks and snacks for people in the press box at a sports event Help people find things they lost during a movie or concert

## HOURS OF WORK/TRAVEL

Many USHERS have to work during nights and weekends. Some work during holidays.

## SAMPLE PLACES OF WORK

Theaters that offer movies, plays, operas, and other entertainment

Any sports stadium, arena, or field

Carnivals or fairs where admission is charsed

Circuses and rodeos

## 5257 PUBLIC TRANSPORTATION ATTENDANTS

People in these Jobs provide services to plane, ship, bus, train passengers to help keep them comfortable and happy. They greet passengers and explain the use of safety equipment. They may serve refreshments or meals, answer questions about travel schedules, routes, and services. They may assist passengers who are ill or help feed and care for children. They may provide passengers with playing cards, pencils, pillows, or other items. Some collect tickets and direct passengers to their seats.

## SAMPLE WORK ACTIVITIES

- Issue sun pads and sports equipment to passengers on the deck of a ship

Carry bassage to passengers' quarters

- Serve cold drinks and snacks to ship passengers Greet plane passengers and assign them to seats Explain the use of safety equipment, such as seat belts, oxygen masks, and life jackets

Serve prepared meals

Advise passengers of arrival and departure times and boarding sates, Answer questions about bus schedules, travel routes, and bus services Hand out masazines, newspapers, and pillows
Warm bottles for babies

Help feed and care for children during a train trip
 Serve snacks in an airline lounge
 Check train passengers' tickets and seat reservations



#### HOURS OF WORK/TRAVEL

PUBLIC TRANSPORTATION ATTENDANTS may work at night, on holidays, and on weekends.

Many FLIGHT ATTENDANTS have 15 days or more off each month, due to limitations on flying

ATTENDANTS who work aboard trains, planes, buses and ships may travel long distances and have to spend nights away from home.

Some of these jobs involve irregular hours.

# SAMPLE PLACES OF WORK

- Railroad companies
- Airline companies
- Bus companies
- Shipping companies

## 5258 WARDROBE AND DRESSING ROOM ATTENDANTS

People in these jobs take care of performers' costumes. They issue and keep records of costumes and may help performers dress. Some direct jockeys to their dressing rooms and inspect them to be sure they have the correct colors (silks), saddle numbers, and riding equipment. Others unpack and pack entertainers costumes. They may also clean, mend, and press costumes and arrange them on racks in the order which they will be worn on stage.

## SAMPLE WORK ACTIVITIES

- Clean and mend the costumes of the cast of a theater production
- Help cast members put on their costumes
   Go on a show tour to pack and unpack costumes for cast members
- Help costumers select outfits for performers to wear on radio and TV
- Alter and repair costumes by hand or using a sewing machine Arrange for entertainers' clothes to be cleaned
- Make sure that Jockeys are dressed properly for races
   Direct workers to clean Jockey rooms
   Saddle horses for Jockeys
   Help Jockeys dress for a race

- Clean saddles, wash silks, and shine boots for Jockeys

## HOURS OF WORK/TRAVEL

- Many people in these Jobs work during mights, and weekends. They may also have irregular
- Some workers in this group travel with entertainers to take care of their costumes.

## SAMPLE PLACES OF WORK

- Motion picture or TV studios
- Theater companies that put on plays, operas, musicals and other productions
- Race tracks



## 5262 BAGGAGE PORTERS AND BELLHOPS

These workers carry bassase and perform other simple services for travelers or for hotel suests. BAGGAGE CHECKERS check in passensers' luggade at plane, bus, or other terminals. They prepare claim checks, attach them to bass, and stack bassase for loading. BAGGAGE PORTERS carry people's luggade onto trains or buses and to cabs and cars. They may also call cabs, assist disabled travelers, and direct people to ticket windows and restrooms. BELLHOPS carry bass for hotel and motel suests. They also run errands and deliver messases.

## SAMPLE WORK ACTIVITIES

- Use a handtruck to take bassage to hotel suests' rooms
- Arranse for freight to be shipped
- Set up display tables for sales persons in a hotel room Arranse for hotel suests' clothes to be cleaned Take arriving hotel suests to their rooms

- Tell suests about services available in the hotel
  Explain how TV's, radios, and night locks are operated
  Page suests in the lobby, dining room, and other parts of a hotel
  Prepare bassage claim checks and attach them to lussage
  Weigh and stack bassage

- Fill out bassase insurance forms
- Carry bassase for plane, train, or bus passensers Call taxicabs for travelers

## HOURS OF WORK/TRAVEL

- BAGGAGE PORTERS AND BELLHOPS often work during nights, weekends, and holidays.
- People in these jobs may work part-time:

#### SAMPLE PLACES OF WORK

- Hotels, motels, travel lodges, resorts, and other lodging places
- Airline, train and bus terminals
- Ship companies that provide passenger service

## 5263 WELFARE SERVICE AIDES

WELFARE SERVICE AIDES provide social services to help handicapped, ill, ased, or needs people. They advise and assist family members in meal-planning, food preparation, child care, and health care. They also help disabled persons dress, set about, and obtain information and services. They may provide these services in people's home, or at hospitals, nursing homes, or social service agencies. They usually work under the direction of social workers.

## SAMPLE WORK ACTIVITIES

- Help members of needs families plan and prepare healthful meals
- "Advise families on how to train, teach, and discipline children

- Give bedside care to people who are ill Train family members to care for a sick relative Talk with social workers to plan ways to help families in need
- Explain basic health and cleanliness principles to people
- Drive a car to take blind people where they need to so Help blind persons dress
- Keep records of services performed



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## HOURS OF WORK/TRAVEL

WELFARE SERVICE AIDES may travel to clients' homes to provide services.

Some of these Jobs require occasional evening and weekend work.

## SAMPLE PLACES OF WORK

- State social service asencies

Public and private welfare asencies, councils, or sroups

- Private homes

- Rest . homes, special schools, and other facilities that provide services to ased or

o handicapped people

## 5264 CHILD CARE WORKERS, EXCEPT PRIVATE HOUSEHOLD

These workers care for children or young adults in such places as boarding schools, orphanages, nurseries, hospitals, and playrooms. They help young children bathe, dress, and eat. They may plan recreational activities for children, instruct them in personal and health habits, and teach them to play sames and sing songs. Some assist handicapped children in a school or institution. Others work in sorority or fraternity houses, where they assign rooms to residents, supervise work and study programs, and chaperone trips and social functions.

#### SAMPLE WORK ACTIVITIES

- Coordinate activities for residents of a boarding school, scrority house, or medical institution
  - . Order supplies and determine the need for resairs and furnishings

Assign rooms to residents

- Help plan recreational activities Supervise work and study programs
- Help residents solve personal problems.
- Chaperone trips and social functions
- Answer the phone and sort and hand out mail
- Help handicapped children while they are in school
  - . Wheel handicapped children to classes, lunchrooms, and treatment
  - Secure children into stretchers and place them in baths or pools for
- therapy treatments
- Help children to walk, board buses, eat, dress, and do other physical activities
- Care for children in a public institution
  - . Awaken children each morning and see that they set dressed, fed, and reads for school
  - . Instruct children in sood health and
- personal habits
- Lead recreational activities
- . Discipline children
- Organize and lead activities in a nursery school
  - Read to small children and teach them to raint, draw, and sins sonss
  - Direct children in eating, resting, and toileting
- Entertain children in the nursers or playroom of a department store, country club, hotel, or theater

## HOURS OF WORK/TRAVEL

Some of these Jobs may require evening and weekend work.

## SAMPLE PLACES OF WORK

Mursers schools

Boarding schools

Orrhanases or live-in institutions for handicapped or exceptional children Sorority and Fraternity houses

Playrooms for children in department stores and other businesses

## 5269 PERSONAL SERVICE OCCUPATIONS, N.E.C.

People in these Jobs provide a wide variety of services to people. For example, some deliver items to duests' hotel rooms. Some post scores at athletic events, or direct patrons to parking spaces at a drive-in movie. Some plan and organize activities for duests at a resort or on a ship. Some chaperone wouths attending social functions. Some saddle horses for duests at a dude ranch.

## SAMPLE WORK ACTIVITIES

- Deliver packages, laundry, and other items to guests' rooms at a hotel or motel

Open doors, hail cabs, answer questions, and provide other services to people visiting a store or hospital

Mow lawns, clean swimming pools, carry supplies, and perform other such tasks at a camp or Park.

Give massages to customers at a bath house, massage parlor, or health club

Check the papers and starting positions of doss in races and sward the doss against injury

and illesal acts Watch players and officals at an athletic event and record the progress of the same on a scoreboard

Dance and talk with patrons at a dance hall Direct patrons to parking spaces at a drive-in movie

Issue swimsuits, towels, and beach chairs to patrons of a private beach, club, or 2001

Service bathrooms aboard a ship and schedule passengers for baths and showers

Provide Passensers on a railroad sleeping car with lunches, drinks, cards, and other articles
 Provide soap and towels to patrons of restrooms in a store, public building, or hotel
 Plan exercise programs for patrons at a reducing salon

 Escort youths on trips to dances or sports events Escort mourners to a chapel where funeral services are held

Clean and polish shoes and boots for customers

## HOURS OF WORK/TRAVEL

These people work in a variety of Jobs and settings. Work hour and travel requirements vary from Job to Job, but may include: short or long distance travel and evening and weekend work.

## SAMPLE PLACES OF WORK

Hotels, boarding houses, restaurants, or other businesses which provide special services for their customers

Gambling houses

Dance halls

Dos or horse race tracks

Drive-in theaters, swimming pools, and other recreational or entertainment businesses

Funeral parlors Railroad companies Passenser ship lines

Dude ranches and other vacation resorts Health clubs and spas

Tattoo parlors Businesses that cremate human bodies Shoe shine shors and stands

## 5499 AGRICULTURAL, FORESTRY, AND FISHING OCCUPATIONS

These workers produce or maintain agricultural products and resources. They was run their own farms or manage operations for a cooperative or corporation. Others was hunt, trap, or fish. Some workers tend animals for food or recreational purposes. They may work in non-food agricultural industries as foresters or loggers. Some are groundskeepers or nursery workers. They may operate equipments inspect crops, keep records, make repairs, and plan production.

# 55 FARM OPERATORS AND MANAGERS

These workers own, operate, and/or manage farms that grow food and non-food products. plan crops and production schedules, buy equipment and supplies, keep farm records, and arrange for the sale of crops. They may hire and supervise other workers, or do some or all of the work themselves. Work may include operating farm equipment and machinery, herding and caring for animals, planting and havesting crops, and repairing farm buildings and equipment.

## 551 FARMERS: WORKING PROPRIETORS

These workers own and operate their own farms. They may grow food or non-food products, such as grains, vegetables, livestock, or horticultural products. They decide what is to be grown and the best production methods. They arrange credit, buy equipment and supplies, and plan production schedules. They may hire other workers to help with chores or do most of the work themselves. They maintain farm records and arrange for the sale of crops.

## 5512 GENERAL FARMERS

GENERAL FARMERS operate farms that produce more than one kind of crop. For example, they may manage a farm that produces fruits, vegetables, grains, and/or livestock. They may own the farm or manage it for a corporation, cooperative, or some other owner. They decide the kinds and amounts of crops to grow and cattle to breed, based on market conditions, weather, and the size and location of the farm. They buy farm equipment and supplies and hire and direct farm workers. They may set up and operate farm machinery, such as trucks, tractors, and harvesters. They also may arrange to sell the farm's products.

#### SAMPLE WORK ACTIVITIES

- Buy feeds, fertilizers, and farm machinery
- Direct farm workers who till the soil and plant and harvest crops
- Select seeds to be planted and livestock to be bred.
- Decide how many hoss, sheep, chickens, or cattle to breed, based on market conditions Help workers hoe and tend field crops such as strawberries, tobacco, or peanuts Set up and operate machinery used to plant and harvest crops

- Arrange for crops and livestock to be sold

#### HOURS OF WORK/TRAVEL

GENERAL FARMERS may be required to work during evenings and on weekends. This is especially true during the harvesting season.

## SAMPLE PLACES OF WORK

Large farms owned by corporations or cooperatives Self-owned farms

## 5513 CROP, VEGETABLE, FRUIT, AND TREE NUT FARMERS

These people own or rent farms that produce one or more crops. They plan and direct the planting, cultivating, harvesting, and marketing of crops. They select, and purchase seed, fertilizer, and farm equipment and machiners. They determine the number and kind of workers to be hired and the land to be tilled. They hire, train, and fire farmhands. They operate and may make minor repairs to farm equipment. They also keep business records and arrange for crops to be sold and shipped.

## SAMPLE WORK ACTIVITIES

- Study local growing conditions and market demands to decide what crops to grow

Decide when and how to plant, cultivate, and irrigate crops

Explain work techniques and safety rules to farmhands Operate equipment to plow, harrow, and fertilize the ground and plant seeds Attach farm equipment to a tractor

Plan harvesting, based on weather conditions and the riseness of the crops

- Operate harvesting equipment

- Sell crops or store them for future sale Arrange with a buser for the sale and shipment of crops

## HOURS OF WORK/TRAVEL

Many CROP FARMERS may have to work from sunup to sundown during the planting and harvesting seasons.

## SAMPLE PLACES OF WORK

- Farms that produce grain crops, vegetables, fruit and/or tree nuts

## 5514 LIVESTOCK, DAIRY, POULTRY, AND FISH FARMERS

These FARMERS breed and raise animals and arrange to sell them or their products to busers. They may raise cats, doss, horses, wild birds, fish or other animals. Their work duties include: feeding animals; building cases, pens, and fences; cleaning animals, equipment, and grounds; and treating animals for minor injuries or illneses. They may milk cows, shear sheep, skin snakes or furred animals, or sather esss or hones. They also may keep records of animals, such as their weight, diet, and breeding.

## SAMPLE WORK ACTIVITIES

- Breed cats, suinea piss, mice, and monkess
- Clean cases, sens, wards, and hutches Examine animals for signs of illness or injury

- Hire an animal doctor to treat animals with serious illness or injury - Arranse for the sale of animals to hospitals, research centers, pet shops, and food processing plants

Buy or capture breeding stock . Kill animals and remove their pelts

- Arrange with busers for the sale of pelts and breeding stock

  Breed and raise livestock, such as beef cattle, dairy cattle, goats, horses, sheep, or pigs Select the pasture, range, and crop lands to graze animals and produce feed crops

Mix feed and feed supplements

Castrate, dock, and dehorn animals Brand, tattoo, or attach tass to animals so they can be identified

- Clean barns and stalls, and sterilize milking equipment
- Breed and raise canaries or chickens

- Vaccinate poultry against diseases Collect, inspect, and pack eggs for shipment Breed and raise wild birds, such as pheasant or quail

Trim the bills of birds to prevent injury

- Exhibit prize birds at shows

- Raise bees to produce hones and pollinate crops - Breed and raise snakes for shows, or for their venom and skins

Seawn and raise fish for sale

- Cultivate and harvest beds of shellfish, such as clams and owsters

## HOURS OF WORK TRAVEL

- Owners and operators of farms which raise animals may rarely set the chance to be away, animals require daily care.

## SAMPLE PLACES OF WORK

- For farms

Livestock ranches Catering farms Foultry farms

- Some bird farms
- Reptile farms Worm farms Fish farms

- Shellfish farms
- Farms which specialize in breeding and raising animals to be sold to pet stores, research laboratories, or food processing plants

## 5515 HORTICULTURAL SPECIALTY FARMERS

These FARMERS grow and sell nursery products, such as trees, shrubs, flowering plants, and mushrooms. They use many different types of farm tools, equipment, and machines to plant, tend, and harvest these crops. They also decide the kinds and amounts of crops to grow and select and purchase the equipment and materials needed. Some hire and supervise farm workers and helpers. They also arrange for the sale of crops and may provide customers with instructions in caring for nursery products.

## SAMPLE WORK ACTIVITIES

- Select seedlings to plant and grow

Use cutters and wire to train the branches of small trees to grow into certain shapes

Plan what acrease to use for growing shrubs or flowers Set up work schedules for farm workers - Hire-field workers and assish them to plant, water, or weed flower or tree crops - Inspect field crops for insects or diseases

- Keer worker and production records
  Arranse with customers for the sale of crops
  Plant and position plants to make attractive displays
  Check devices that control the times plant foods are applied to crops
- See that plants are treated with the proper chemicals Cut leaves and stems from parent plants to grow new plants
- Check the heat and dampness in areas where plants are grown Use gardening tools and power equipment to plant and cultivate lawns

- Plan the landscape for a private home or business

HOURS OF WORK/TRAVEL

(No Information)

#### SAMPLE PLACES OF WORK

- Nurseries and greenhouses - Horticultural farms

Private homes and businesses

## 552 FARH MANAGERS

These workers manage farms for corporations, cooperatives, or other owners. They may manage food-producing farms or horticultural farms that raise nursery products. They determine the products to be grown, the size of the crops, and the best production methods. They implement production plans, arranging credit, purchasing equipment and supplies, and hiring and supervising workers. They maintain farm records, conduct inspections, and arrange for products to be sold.

# 5522 HANAGERS; GENERAL FARM

These people manage large farms that produce crops and livestock. They may manage farms for a corporation, cooperative, or some other owner. They are responsible for raising, harvesting, packing, and marketing the farm's products. They decide on the number of acres to plant or animals to breed, and may arrange with banks to get credit. They buy farm equipment and supplies, hire and fire workers, and prepare reports. They also supervise workers who keep accorded. payroll and other records.

#### SAMPLE WORK ACTIVITIES

- Study market conditions to figure out how may acres to plant
   Talk with bank officials to obtain credit
   Buy tractors, seed, fertilizer and farm chemicals
   Hire and fire farm workers
   Prepare reports that describe how well a farm is doing
   Supervise office workers who prepare payrolls and keep records
- Look at fields to see when crops will be ready for harvesting Decide when and where crops should be sold

# HOURS OF WORK/TRAVEL

GENERAL FARM MANAGERS often work long or irresular hours.

#### SAMPLE PLACES OF WORK

Any farm, including those owned by large coporations, cooperatives, universities, and independent owners



# 5523 MANAGERS; CROP, VEGETABLE, FRUIT, AND TREE NUT FARMS

These people manage farms that produce one or more crops for cash sale. They may manage a farm for a commercial company or for some other owner. They plan and direct the planting, cultivating, harvesting, and selling of the crops. They buy farm equipment and supplies and keep production and other farm records. They also hire, fire, and supervise farm workers.

## SAMPLE WORK ACTIVITIES

- Plan and conduct field studies to develop new types of hybrid crops
- Select and inbreed plants that will produce greater yield
- Talk with farmers to arranse contracts for raising hybrid corn .
  Decide what areas of a farm should be planted
  Oversee workers who fertilize land and harvest crops
- Inspect equipment used to clean and grade produce
- Hire, fire, transfer, and promote workers
- Keep records of farm production and parent stock
- Direct the activities of workers who lay out new citrus groves. Study soil to find out what type of plant food it needs

## HOURS OF WORK/TRAVEL

FARM MANAGERS sometimes work long and irregular hours.

#### SAMPLE PLACES OF WORK

- And large crop, vegetable, fruits, or tree-nut farm Including:
  - . Apple orchards
  - . Tomato or strawberry farms or
  - greenhouses
  - . Hybrid seed farms

- . Farms owned by large corporations or cooperatives
- Farms or experimental stations operated by colleges or universities

## 5524 MANAGERS; LIVESTOCK, DAIRY, POULTRY, AND FISH FARMS

These people manage farms, businesses, or agencies concerned with the raising, breeding, and care of animals. This includes animal breeding companies, dairy farms, fish hatcheries, roultry farms, and same farms and preserves. They plan, develop, and implement policies and procedures for operations these concerns. They direct operations through on-site supervisors. They approve purchases of supplies and equipment, and conduct on-site inspections to make sure that rules and policies are being followed. They also prepare budgets, contracts, and that rules and policies are being followed. management reports.

## SAMPLE WORK ACTIVITIES

- Manage a company that specializes in breeding cows for herd owners
  - . Hire, train, and supervise breeding technicians
  - Speak at farm group meetings Judge cattle shows

  - Organize and supervise sales and
  - service activities Publish articles to inform people of
- Manage a dairy farm

- new breeding developments
- . Keer customer, breeding, and herd records
- , Collect payments from customers
- . Order supplies, equipment, and materials



- Work through supervisors to direct farm activities, such as the breeding of livestock, feeding and milking of cows, and the storage of milk
- Review milk production records to determine cattle that are not productive
- Manage a public or private fish hatchery
  - Talk with scientists and fishers workers to set information about fish
  - Oversee the trapping and spawning of
  - Write reports required by State and

- Inspect facilities and equipment to make sure they meet cleanliness standards
- . Call an animal doctor when cows are calving
- Prepare farm activity reports for farm owners

Federal laws

- . Prepare budget reports and receive and disperse funds
- Approve the hiring and firing of workers
- Direct activities at a private or State game breeding farm or game preserve
  - Read technical papers to find out about the breeding, rearing, habits, diets, diseases, and treatments of animals
- ---- Direct the selection, pairing, and rearing of same animals
  - 🌭 🕠 Examine animals for signs of illness Determine the number of birds or animals that must be hunted or killed to keep the proper balance of animals
  - Manage a roultry hatchery
    - . Arrange with farmers to supply eggs
    - . Fremare hatching schedules, based on market forecasts
    - Arranse for the sale of chicks to farmers or businesses

#### HOURS OF WORK/TRAVEL

- Some of these jobs require routine travel to inspect farms or same preserves within a local area. Some jobs may require travel to speak at farm group meetings or judge cattle shows.
- These Jobs may involve some evening, weekend, and overtime work.

# SAMPLE PLACES OF WORK

- Fublic or private fish hatcheries
- Public or private same preserves and breeding farms
- Poultry farms or hatcheries
- Companies that specialize in breeding cattle
- Any large farm or corporation that raises or breeds animals

## 5525 MANAGERS; HORTICULTURAL SPECIALTY FARM

These people manage farms or nurseries where trees, shrubs, flowers, vegetables and similiar products are grown. They decide the types and numbers of plants to grow, and select and buy the necessary materials and equipment. They have and assign duties to workers who plant, raise, and harvest nursery crops. They also direct office activities, such as the preparation of reports, office records, and payrolls. They may arrange contracts for the leasing of land, purchase of trees, or sale of products.



# SAMPLE WORK ACTIVITIES

- Plan and direct the operations of tree farms
  - Arranse contracts for the lease of private farm land
  - Purchase wild trees for harvesting
  - Issue instructions to supervisors on the planting, harvesting, and shipping of trees
- . Contract for trucks to haul trees from cutting areas to sorting wards
  - Hire workers and assign them duties, such as planting seedlings, and pruning, harvesting, and shipping trees
- Manage a nursery at which trees, shrubs, flowers, and vegetables are grown for sale
  - Determine the types and amounts of plants to be grown, based on weather and market demand
  - and market demand Select and bus seed, plant food, and disease control equipment
  - . Work through supervisors to direct
- the activities of workers who plant; tend, pot, transplant, and harvest plants
- Direct clerical, record keeping, accounting, and marketing activities

## HOURS OF WORK/TRAVEL

(No Information)

## SAMPLE PLACES OF WORK

- Wholesale and retail nurseries
- Garden shops
- Tree farms

## 5% OTHER AGRICULTURAL AND RELATED OCCUPATIONS

These workers produce, cultivate, and/or harvest agricultural products. They may work as food producers on farms and ranches or as fishers and hunters. Others may work with non-food agricultural products, maintaining grounds, harvesting timber, or trapping for furs. Workers may care for animals for food, recreational, or scientific purposes. Others may grade or inspect agricultural products, operate equipment and machinery, or maintain irrigation systems.

## 561 FARM OCCUPATIONS, EXCEPT MANAGERIAL

These workers plant and tend crops, care for animals, operate and repair farm machinery, and do seneral farm chores. They may breed, raise, and harvest marine animals in fisheries and shellfish beds. They may plant, cultivate, and harvest fruits, nuts, grains, or vesetables. Others care for livestock or milk cows. Workers care for farm buildings and machinery, maintain fences and irrigation canals, and drive farm equipment.

#### 5611 SUPERVISORS; FARM WORKERS

These people supervise workers who plant, cultivate, and harvest crops and attend divestock. They plan and direct farm work based on their knowledge of farm procedures, workers, and equipment. They hire and assign duties to workers, enforce safety and other rules, and may perform farm work. They provide workers with required tools and equipment, and may arrange work contracts, housing, and transportation for them. They also may prepare payrolls and keep production records.



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#### SAMPLE WORK ACTIVITIES

Talk with management to plan the supplies, machinery, and work force needed to produce crops

Study soil, water supplies, wind currents, and land contours to plan areas to be farmed Determine the number and kind of workers needed to perform required work

Hire and train farmworkers Distribute seed to workers and tell them which acres to plant

Arrange contracts for migrant workers to work on farms during certain seasons
Arrange for workers to be transported to job sites
Assign workers to weed, irrigate, and harvest crops
Supply farm implements and machinery to a field crew and tell them how to cultivate, harvest, and pick crops

- Issue ladders, pruning tools, and picking bags or baskets to workers - Determine harvesting dates and methods

flan and direct the storage and shipment of crops Determine the amount and type of feed to give animals

Inspect stables and animals for cleanliness

Treat ill or injured animals

Order supplies, such as animal feed and bedding

Study animal health records to plan activities, such as breeding, dehorning, and the sale of calves

- Enforce rules to promote safety and prevent waste - Investigate complaints and settle disputes between workers

Prepare payrolls and production records

## HOURS OF WORK/TRAVEL

- Many types of farming are seasonal in nature. Workers on crop farms may have to work from sunup to sundown during the planting and harvesting seasons. They often work fewer than 6 to 7 months a year and must look for other work during the winter months. On farms which raise animals for meat or dairy products, the work is distributed more evenly throughout the year. Since animals must be fed and watered regularly and cows must be milked twice daily workers may rarely get the chance to be away. Some FARM WORKER SUPERVISORS travel with crews of farm workers from one farming area to another. They may spend long periods of time years from home.

#### SAMPLE PLACES OF WORK

- Farms, including:
  - . Breeding farms
  - . Cattle and sheer ranches
  - . Crop, livestock, and dairy farms
  - Fish hatcheries

- Plant specialty farms
- . Poultry farms
- Private or state same farms
   Shellfish farms

## 5612 GENERAL FARM WORKERS

These people do seneral farm work. They work with their hands and many kinds of farm equipment. They may drive tractors, trucks, or other farm machines, They plant, tend, harvest, and store crops and care for livestock and poultry. They maintain farm machinery and repair farm buildings, fences, and other structures. They may haul livestock and produce to market. They thin and weed plants, transplant seedlings, irrigate fields, prune trees and shrubs. They also may treat animals for minor injuries and clean barns.

## SAMPLE WORK ACTIVITIES

- Attach plows, seed drills, and other implements to a tractor
- Operate farm machinery to till the soil and plant, cultivate, and fertilize crops

Thin and weed crops
Mix pest killers, weed killers, and fertilizer and spray them on crops
Ride a planter and brush debris from plow spouts
Plant roots and bulbs by hand
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Cover plants to protect them from the weather

- Set out roles and string wire between them to make fences

- Frune limbs, runners, and buds from trees or vines - Fick, pull, and cut plants by hand to harvest them

Clean farm areas and harvesting machines

Haul feed to livestock

- Repair and maintain tractors, plows, has balers, and milking machines
- Repair farm buildings, fences, and other structures
- Clean barns, stables, pens, and kennels
- Use a hoe to dig seedlings, such as tobacco plants, strawberries, tomatoes, and orchard trees
- Chough earth to clean invidation displace

Shovel earth to clear irrigation ditches

Stack loose hay, using a pitchfork

## HOURS OF WORK/TRAVEL

- WORKERS on crop farms may have to work from sunup to sundown during the planting and harvesting seasons. They often work fewer than 6 to 7 months a year, and must find other work during winter months.

 On farms which raise animals for meat or dairy products, the work is generally steady throughout the year. Because animals must be fed and watered regularly, FARM WORKERS are needed year round.

#### SAMPLE PLACES OF WORK

- Tobacco, strawberry, asparagus, and meat farms
- Wheat, corn, soubeans, and reanut farms

Cattle ranches and dairy farms

- Poultry farms

- Any farm

# 5613 FIELD CROP AND VEGETABLE FARM WORKERS (HAND)

These workers plant, care for, harvest, and store field and vegetable crops by hand. Often, they work as part of a crew of field workers. They do such things as plant roots and bulbs, transplant seedlings, and set up and string bean poles. They may pick crops and carry armloads of them to collection points. They may load and unload trucks and carry supplies to workers in the field. They also may repair fences and buildings and clean farm machines.

#### SAMPLE WORK ACTIVITIES

- Weed and thin crops, using a hoe

Remove tassels, suckers, and weeds from crop areas Carry hads and bailing wire to workers in the fields Clean irrigation ditches, using a shovel

Repair fences and buildings, using carpentry tools

Clear and grease farm machines

Nume seeds into the hopper of a planter Ride on a planter and brush dirt from spouts that push the seeds into the ground

Flant roots and bulbs, using a hoe and trowel (flat tool with a handle) Cover plants with paper or cloth to protect them from the weather Set bean poles and string them with wire or twine Tie vesetables in bunches

Remove the tops from root crops

- Harvest cucumbers, onions, lettuce, and sweet corn using a knife - Carry armloads of vegetables to collection points - Cut seed potatoes into sections to be planted

Fack crops in containers

Sharpen hoes, using a grinding wheel and hand file Pour fertilizer or pest killers into spray containers



## HOURS OF WORK/TRAVEL

- These workers often have to work from sunup to sundown during the planting and harvesting

FIELD CROP WORKERS often work fewer than 6 to 7 months a year, and must find other work during winter months.

## SAMPLE PLACES OF WORK

- Any field crop or vegetable farm, including:
  - . Cotton farms
  - . Hops farms
  - . Potato farms

- · Rice farms
- Tobacco farms
- . Vesetable farms
- For a large corporation that owns many farms

## 5614 ORCHARD AND VINEYARD AND RELATED WORKERS (HAND)

These people work on farms that produce fruit or nut crops. They do much of the physical labor on these farms. They plant, cultivate, spray, prune, and harvest crops. They may lay irrisation pipes to supply water to the crops of light torches to heat them in cold weather. They also may do such things as repair fences and buildings, load and unload trucks, clean and adjust farm machinery; and clear and burn brush. Some work from ladders or platforms or crawl between plant rows to pick rise fruits or nuts.

## SAMPLE WORK ACTIVITIES.

- Plant, cultivate, and harvest crops, such as cranberries, apples, and pecans
- Use shovels, hows, pruning hooks, and shears to plant and prune trees and bushes Spray plants with chemicals to control diseases and insects Remove blossoms from plants to improve fruit quality Lay out irrigation pipes and install sprinklers

- Repair wire fences and farm buildings, using handtools
- Clear, srease, and adjust weeders and harvesters Clear and burn roots and brush Harvest cherries, strawberries, srapes, or oranges by hand
- Carry ladders and buckets to work areas
  Select fruit to be harvested, based on size, shape, and color
  Shake trees and vines to remove fruit
  Place fruit into bass, buckets, or trass

- Empty filled containers into collection boxes and bins
- Measure fruit, using gauges Collect fallen nuts into piles, using a rake
- Use handsaws, pruning shears, and long-handled clippers to cut dead branches from trees
- Climb trees, using climbing hooks and belts

#### HOURS OF WORK/TRAVEL

Many FARM WORKERS have to work from sunup to sundown during the planting and harvesting seasons. They often work fewer than 6 to 7 months a year, and must find other work during winter months.

# SAMPLE PLACES OF WORK

- Any orchard or vineyard, including:
  - . Apple, pear, or peach orchards
  - Cherry orchards
  - . Cranberry farms

- Grape vinewards
- Orange and other citrus groves
- Walnut and recan orchards

- Companies that provide tree-care services to farms land orchards

Large corporations that operate many fruit or tree farms

## 5615 IRRIGATION WORKERS

IRRIGATION WORKERS work on farms in areas that do not set much rain all durins the sear. Thes water crops by controlling the flow of water from irrigation ditches to the fields. They also set up and operate sprinkling systems that pump water through pipes spread on the ground. After a field area is watered, they move the pipes to the next section or field to be watered. These workers also do such things as shovel dirt to fill or clear holes, build levees to keep water from overflowing, and grease and oil pumping equipment.

## SAMPLE WORK ACTIVITIES

Flood fields with water, using pipe sections that are connected to an underground waterline

Connect rise sections, using a wrench

Start a motor that pumps water through a pipeline system

Adjust valves to control the rate at which water flows onto fields

Shovel dirt into holes and low spots in levees

Build levees to keep water from overflowing onto a highway

Grease and oil rumping equipment

Law out strings of pipe in a field Watch moving sprinklers to make sure that water is sprayed evenly over all areas move sprinkler systems from field to field

Shovel or hoe soil to clear ditches so that water \*can flow through them

#### "HOURS OF WORK/TRAVEL

IRRIGATION WORKERS may have to work overtime during extended dry spells.

- Sometimes, IRRIGATION WORKERS have to find other Jobs during winter months.

## SAMPLE PLACES OF WORK

- Farms, including: Cotton, soubean, grain, or other field crop farms
  - . Vesetable or fruit farms
- For a large corporation or cooperative that owns one or more farms
- For a college or university that runs experimental farm stations

#### 5616 FARM MACHINERY OPERATORS

These secole operate machiners to plant, cultivate, spras, and harvest crops, includes harvesters, threshers, pruning saws, and similar farm equipment. The They attach plows or other implements to tractors or other vehicles and drive the machiners in the fields. They may repair and adjust the machiners. They also may perform other farm tasks, such as loading and unloading materials, husking and shelling corn, or hoeing row crops.

#### SAMPLE WORK ACTIVITIES

- Drive and/or operate farm machiners to:



- . Attach farm implements, such as a plow or disc, to a tractor and drive the tractor to the fields Tow harvesting equipment Frepare harvesting machines by

adjusting the speed of cutters, blowers, and conveyors

Move switches, pull levers, and turn knobs and wheels to start and control farm machinery

Load materials into machines used to plant crops

Load fertilizer and weed killer into

# -- Drive and/or operate farm machinery to:

- Plant, harvest, and store crops
- . Level land, till soil, and build
- Cover seeds dropped by an airplane with dirt
- Transfer srain from a combine hopper to a srain truck
   Flood field sections to irrisate

- Thin, hoe, and weed row crops, using hand implements
- Transport materials, supplies,

an airplane, so they can be sprayed onto fields

Set mowing controls on a combine to gut and thresh rice

Mix chemicals used to spray trees

and vines to control weeds and insects use pruning saws and clippers to remove excess growth from trees

Load and unload trucks and repair building and fences Oil and repair farm machinery Husk and shell corn

## workers, and products

- Cut potatoes into sections for use as 'seed
- .-Move and treat straw, manure, and dirt used in mushroom beds
- Operate a truck-mounted sprayer to cover fields with seed, fertilizer, and mulch
- Separate crops from waste materials
- . To clean farm crops
- . Threshe and bale broomcorn straw

## HOURS OF WORK/TRAVEL

These workers often work from sunrise to sunset during the Planting and harvesting seasons. Farm workers often work fewer than 6 to 7 months a year, and have to find other work during winter months.

#### SAMPLE PLACES OF WORK

- Any larse farm, includins:
  - . Dairy farms
  - Fruit and tree nut farms
  - Grain farms
  - Orchards
- Corporations that own several farms
- Soybean, reanut, rice or tobacco farms
- Vesetable farms

# 5617 LIVESTOCK WORKERS

These workers help in the breeding, care, and marketing of livestock. They feed, clean, and groom animals and maintain farm buildings and equipment. They may vaccinate animals and treat them for minor injuries. They may herd animals to pastures or shipping points. They may help birth animals, brand them and keep their breeding or feeding records. They may milk cows, collect eggs, or do similar tasks. Much of their time may be spent washing pens, stalls, and other areas where animals are housed.

#### SAMPLE WORK ACTIVITIES

- Help sheep give birth to lambs
   Attend to cattle, sheep, hoss, and goats on a farm or ranch

- Mix feed, fill feed troughs, and water livestock Herd livestock to pasture for grazing Examine animals for signs of illness or injury Wash and clip livestock

Clamp metal rings into animals' noses to make them easier to handle

Clean stalls and sheds

Repair fences and watering troughs

Train saddle horses Drive livestock to pens, trucks, and railcars, using an electric prod and a whip Weigh animals and record their weight

Scatter sawdust and straw in pens or trucks Wash cows and spray with insect repellants

Scrape dirt from the walls and floors of a dairy

Sterilize milk containers and equipment Shear wool from sheep, using power clippers Tend a milking machine

Skin foxes, weasels, or mink

Clean up droppings and waste in a chicken farm Flace eggs in an incubator to hatch Tie the wings of wild birds to keep them from flying

Gather worms to be used as fish bait

Hitch horses to wasons

Pack earthworms in containers

## HOURS OF WORK/TRAVEL

Employment in these Jobs is usually fairly steady throughout the year, as animals require constant care.

#### SAMPLE PLACES OF WORK

- Cattle farms and ranches
- Horse, sheep, goat, and other animal ranches
- Poultry farms
- Private and State same farms and preserves
- Worm farms

## 5618 MARINE LIFE CULTIVATION WORKERS

These workers catch, breed, care for, and harvest marine life. They work in places such as fish hatcheries, shellfish beds, and shrime ronds. They catch, select, sort, and feed water animals, prepare marine life for shipping, and clean and repair breeding equipment and storage storage tanks. They was use equipment such as nets, shovels, and handtools. They was catch fish from a rowerboat or by walking in water and feeling for shellfish with their bare feet. They was patrol breeding areas to prevent animals from harming crops.

## SAMPLE WORK ACTIVITIES

Secure nets on river banks to direct fish into holding ronds

Catch fish with a hand net

Squeeze female fish to release their esss into a pail Fill hatchers trass with fertilized esss and place the trass in a incubator Addust the volume, depth, and temperature of water containing hish

- Inspect fish esss and pick out dead and off-color esss Sort fish according to size, coloring, and species Scatter food over the surface of water to feed fish Watch fish to see is they are developing diseases
- Transfer mature fish to lakes, using a tank truck
- Brain and clean ronds and troughs, using brushes, chemicals, and water
- Make minor repairs to hatchers equipment ^ ... Paint buildings and maintain grounds at a fish hatchers
- Gather shellfish and drop them into a container
- Drag equipment Dehind a boat to pull shellfish from mud
- Pack and ice shellfish in containers for shipment
  Unload logse shellfish from a boat, using a shovel
  Raise crabs for food markets by catching them from the sea and keeping them in tanks until they grow

Fence ronds to keep marine life from escapins

Patrol shrime ponds on foot or by motorboat to detect animals which might harm the shrime Remove trash, seaweed, and harmful animals from water where fish are grown

HOURS OF WORK/TRAVEL

(No information)

SAMPLE PLACES OF WORK

Government or private fish hatcheries

Shrime hatcheries

Companies or individuals involved in raising and/or breeding fish or shellfish for sales

## **5619 NURSERY WORKERS**

NURSERY WORKERS plant, cultivate, harvest, and care for trees, shrubs, and flowering plants. They work in nurseries, green houses, tree tarms and other places where plants are grown for sale. They pregare the soil and plant, spray, weed and water plants. They also harvest, pack, transport, and store plant crops. They may drive and operate farm machinery. They may trapand poison plant pests and tag plants for identification. They also may help cut and say tree limbs.

## SAMPLE WORK ACTIVITIES

- Drive a tractor to till the soil and plant, cultivate, and spray flowers grown from bulbs
- Operate a harvesting machine to dis up flower bulbs
- Set flowers in water troughs, cartons, and containers Use a handtruck to move flowers and bulbs to different areas in a greenhouse

- Drive a truck to deliver products
  Repair and paint farm structures
  Wash, paint, oil, and help repair farm machiners
- Sow seeds and Plant cuttings Check Plants and soil for serms and insects Adjust fertilizer timing devices
- Read indicators that show how much dampness is in the air Frune and transplant plants
- Work as a member of a crew to hand harvest flowers, such as daffodils and tulips Dis, rake, and screen soil to prepare it for planting Fill growing tanks with water

- Sow grass seed Trap and poison pests, such as moles, gophers, and mice Tie, bunch, wrap, and pack flowers
- Use a wheelbarrow to move shrubs and trees
- Record the names of plants and the dates they were planted Hand tools to a tree surgeon or tree pruner Lower tree limbs and trunk sections, using ropes

HOURS OF WORK/TRAVEL

(No information)

SAMPLE PLACES OF WORK

Nurseries

Greenhouse Plant or lawn and sarden stores Tree farms

## 562 RELATED AGRICULTURAL OCCUPATIONS

These workers care for plants or animals. They may work in parks, greenhouses, cemeteries, or golf courses where they plant shrubs, trim grass, or groom walkways. Others work with animals, used for recreation, sporting, exhibition, or research purposes. They feed and groom animals, and check them for disease or injury. Some workers sort and grade agricultural products while others inspect fields and farms for pests that damage produce and animals.

## 5621 SUPERVISORS; RELATED AGRICULTURAL WORKERS

These people supervise workers who care for plants or animals at places other than farms. example, some supervise workers who keep up the grounds at a cemeters, park, or golf course. Others supervise workers who care for animals at a zoo or dircus. They study assignments and determine the workers and surplies needed to complete them. They plan work schedules, assign duties, explain tasks, and check completed work. They enforce safety rules, handle problems and complaints, and keep work records. They also may hire and fire workers and prepare work. reports.

### SAMPLE WORK ACTIVITIES

- Supervise workers who prepare graves and maintain the grounds in a cemetery
  - . Talk with a manager to plan and schedule ground work

Determine the workers and equipment needed to dis sraves and place markers

. Check work in progress to make sure

instructions are being followed

- . Show workers how to prune shrubs, finish cement, and use casket-lowering devices
- Supervise workers who maintain the grounds in a park, botanical garden, or playground
  - . Plan landscaping tasks
  - . Instruct workers in the care, planting, and pruning of trees and flowering shrubs
- . Direct workers in the urkeer and repair of walks, hedges, swings, and other park equipment
- Supervise workers who take care of the grounds at a golf course
  - . Talk with managers to plan and review work projects
  - Assign workers to fertilize, water, seed, mow, and rake the grounds
- Mix spray solutions
- . Plan changes in a golf course
- . Review soil test results to see what chemicals are needed to treat the soil
- Supervise workers who provide grounds-keeping services on a contract basis
  - . Investigate customer complaints
  - Suggest changes in work procedures
  - and order corrective work done
  - Prepare service estimates
  - . . Prepare work reports for management
- Supervise workers who remove trees that interfere with electric powerlines
  - . Examine work orders to find out the location of trees to be pruned or felled
  - . Drive a truck to transport a crew to
- . Direct the placement of rissins used to hoist tools to workers in trees
- Keep dails work records
- Supervise workers who care for and show birds and animals at a zoo or circus
  - . Watch animals for signs of illness
  - . Oversee the treatment and feeding of
  - . Order sopplies
- animals



(No Information)

## SAMPLE PLACES OF WORK

Apartment complexes

Cemeteries

Circuses and zoos

Federal, state, and private parks

Firms that provide tree removal and related services

Golf courses

Light, heat, and power companies

Motion picture studios
 Museums and botanical gardens

### 5622 GROUNDSKEEPERS AND GARDENERS, EXCEPT FARM

These people take care of lawns, trees, shrubs, flower sardens, and srounds in such places as parks, greenhouses, golf courses, cemeteries, or estates. They may also care for buildings and equipment in these places. Depending upon the specific job, their work duties may range from planting trees, flowers, and shrubs to mowing grass and digging ditches. They may also shovel snow, pick up litter, and repair fences and walks.

#### SAMPLE WORK ACTIVITIES

- Plant and tend trees, shrubs, and flowers in special display areas
- Seed and mow lawns, rake leaves, and keep grounds free of litter
- Cut turf on solf course greens with a hand, power, or riding mower

- Dis graves, using a pick, shovel and hoe - Shovel snow from walks and driveways - Keer park areas, trails, walks, and paths in good condition

Trim hedges, walkway edges, using handtools or hand-held power tools

Repair fences, sates, walls, and walks

## HOURS OF WORK/TRAVEL

- Generally, these Jobs do not require travel. - Most of these Jobs involve a standard 35-40 hour work week. However, part-time work may be available.

#### SAMPLE PLACES OF WORK

- Apartment complexes
- Real estate companies
- Cits or town museums
- Botanical sardens Motion sicture studios
- Large businesses
- Amusement parks
- Cemeteries
- Golf courses
- Private estates



### 5624 ANIMAL CARETAKERS, EXCEPT FARM

These people care for and groom pets and animals kept for sporting, recreation, exhibition, or research purposes. They feed and groom the animals and check them for signs of injury or illness. They may record such information about them as their bloodline, diet, weight, and medical history. They may clean, build and repair pens. They may sterilize equipment used to They may exercise animals and unload and store feed and supplies. treat animals. shoe animals' hooves or trim their toenails.

#### SAMPLE WORK ACTIVITIES

- Attend to the needs of animals in a kennel, pound, hospital, or lab

Feed and water animals according to a schedule

Examine animals for signs of illness and treat them according to instructions

Adjust the temperature and dampness in animals' quarters

Give shots to animals

- Bather shave, clip, and groom animals.
  Measure and mix feed and feed supplements, according to instructions
  Brush and curry animals' coats to clean them and improve their appearance Exercise animals
- Feed, water, and clean the quarters of animals and birds in a zoo or circus Fit, shape, and nail shoes to animals' hooves Remove worn shoes from horses' hooves

Grown doss by combins, clippins, and trimmins their coats Talk to animals to calm them

Wash doss, using perfumed soap or/shampoo Attend fish and other animals in an aquarium Clean fish tanks

### HOURS OF WORK/TRAVEL

(No information)

### SAMPLE PLACES OF WORK

Fet stores

Veterinarians' offices Animal hospitals

Kennels and catteries

Pounds

Circuses, zoos, and amusement parks Blacksmiths, shops Animal research laboratories

For yourself, as a self-employed ANIMAL CARETAKER

### 5625 GRADERS AND SORTERS; AGRICULTURAL PRODUCTS

People in these Jobs sort farm products into groups based on their size, weight, color, or They sort such products as fleece or wool, cotton, clams, fruits, nuts, bulbs, or They sort these products either before they are processed or before they are condition. vesetables. marketed. They also may dispose of dirty or damaged products and bunch, tie, or trim products.

### SAMPLE WORK ACTIVITIES

- Separate fleece or wool according to how clean it is

- Look at cotton samples to see if they are the right color and to check for sand, dirt, and other foreign matter

- Measure tufts of cotton and check to see how fine its fibers are - Sort cotton fibers according to certain grades

Look at cotton fibers through a microscope to see if the cotton is ready for processing.

- Record the grades of cotton on ID tags and shipping or sales slips Stand at a conveyor belt or on the deck of a dredge and sort clams Work with others at a table or conveyor belt to sort bulbs, fruits, nuts, or vegetables by grade, color, and size
- Bunch, tie, and trim produce such as asparagus, carrots and celery-- Pick out the best looking produce to be used on the top layers of boxes.
- Shake fleece to remove dust
- Pick burs, sticks and strings out of wool

- Generally, these workers have a standard 35-40 hour work week.

## SAMPLE PLACES OF WORK

- Sheer ranches
- Wholesale companies that handle farm produce
- Textile mills
- Canneries

## 5627 INSPECTORS; AGRICULTURAL PRODUCTS

These workers inspect farm products for quality before they are sold. They also try ito make sure that products which are to be sold are in good condition. Some search through fields, brush, trees, and warehouses to locate and kill insects, weeds, or other pests that can harm products. Others work in fields or sheds where they inspect and grade farm products and dispose of products. In still other jobs, workers inspect poultry farms to make sure they are clean and that chickens and ess are free from diseases.

### SAMPLE WORK ACTIVITIES

- Search fields and warehouses to find and kill boll weevils and arms worms
- Use spray equipment and chemicals to kill insects and insect essa-Collect samples of infected soil to be studied in a lab Locate and destroy harmful weeds in roadsides and ditches
- Count the number of insects on plants within an area
- Inspect carrots, rose bushes, and tobacco to see if they meet standards Look at, feel, and smell farm products to determine if they are in sood condition Place defective products in waste containers

- Tour farms to see if they are efficient and clean
   Recommend lab tests of diseased chickens and feeds

### HOURS OF WORK/TRAVEL

(No Information)

## SAMPLE PLACES OF WORK

- Federal or state sovernment agencies
- Any large farm
- Asricultural consulting firms



## 57 FORESTRY AND LOGGING OCCUPATIONS

These workers harvest forest products. They may cut timber, clear land, or fell trees. Others trim loss or treetops. They operate machines to cut and haul lumber. Others sort, load, move, or store loss at lossing sites or in lumber yards. They may bind loss into rafts, load loss, onto conveyors, stack loss, or determine how many trees are available for cutting. Some workers plant and care for forests or stands of trees. They grade trees and harvest seedlings,

#### 571 SUPERVISORS; FORESTRY AND LOGGING WORKERS

These reorle supervise workers who fell trees and harvest forest products. They also supervise workers who operate material movins equipment at lossins sites. They study production schedules and decide how many worker hours will be needed to complete jobs. They interpret policies and enforce safety rules. They assign duties to workers, evaluate their work, and help solve work problems. They also hire, train, and fire workers and keep time and production

### SAMPLE WORK ACTIVITIES

- Tour land tracts and estimate how many worker hours it will take to plant, cultivate, or harvest trees
- Talk with management to report land conditions and to get planting instructions Train workers to plant, shear, and harvest trees
- Direct workers to store different grade, or size species of trees
  Oversee work activities to make sure they meet company standards
  Arranse for logs to be transported
  Train workers to fell trees and operate tractors and loading machines
  Instruct workers in safety techniques
  Inspect rigging for defects and unsafe conditions

- Direct workers to repair or replace faulty rissins
   Inform workers of the order in which loss should be removed
   See that equipment is moved to a new site after work at the current site is finished

HOURS OF WORK/TRAVEL

(No information)

### SAMPLE PLACES OF WORK

- Losdins comp**anies**
- Lumber mills - Tree farms
- Forest nurseries

### 572 FORESTRY WORKERS, EXCEPT LOGGING

These workers plant and care for trees. They also may harvest forest products such as Christmas trees, cones, bark, and moss. Some work on tree farm where they clear land, plant seedlings, and prune and fell trees. Some harvest seedlings by walking along rows of trees and dissing clumps of seedlings from the soil. Some work as FORESTER AIDES. These workers compile information on forest areas, clean campsites, and perform other duties to protect and maintain forest areas.



### SAMPLE WORK ACTIVITIES

- Plant, cultivate, and harvest trees at a tree farm or forest nursers
  - . Remove brush, ferns, and other growth from planting areas Plant seedling trees to reforest 1and

. Scatter fertilizer over planted

areas Shear limbs from trees, using a machete and pruning shears

. Select trees for cutting, according

to size, type, or shape

Fell trees, using an ax or chainsaw
 Drag trees from cutting areas and

load them onto trucks

. Grade and tag trees in a sorting

yard . Harvest tree seedlings in a forest

- Compile information on the size, content and condition of forest lands
  - . Walk in a forest to gather information about the land and number of trees ready for harvest, mark trees for lossing

- Record rain, temperture, and soil-moisture sause readings
   Help clear and survey property lines
- . Train conservation workers to plant seeds, put out fires and clean forest areas
- Cut down diseased trees
- Seray thees with chemicals
   Clean caresites and put up signs and 
  fences fences
- Gather greens, tree cones, herbs, moss, and other wild want life by hand
  - . Climb trees to reach comes and tree coughs
  - . Bundle or sack products and deliver them to a buser

#### HOURS OF WORK/TRAVEL

FORESTRY AIDES sometimes must work in remote areas for lens periods of time. In emergencies, such as when fighting fires or controlling floods, they are physically able.
 FORESTRY WORKERS may work part time.

#### SAMPLE PLACES OF WORK

- Christmas tree farms
- U.S. Forest Service
- State sovernments
- Lossins, lumber, and paper companies
- Tree nurseries

Reforestation projects of mining, oil, and railroad companies
 For yourself, as a self-employed FOREST PRODUCTS GATHERER

### 573 TIMBER CUTTING AND RELATED OCCUPATIONS

People in these jobs cut down trees, clear brush, and saw and trim loss. They clear land to prepare it for utility lines or for building, farming, or forestry sites. Some work at lossing sites, saw mills, or lumber companies. They may climb trees and use saws or pruning shears to trim treetops. They may fell trees, using an ax or saw. They may operate machines and vehicles to cut and haul timber. They may saw and chop up branches and load them on a truck. They may split loss into posts or stakes.

## SAMPLE WORK ACTIVITES

- Trim trees to clear the right-of-way for utility lines



. Climb trees to reach branches near wires and transmission towers

Frune treetops, using saws or pruning shears

. Remove broken limbs from wires, using a pole

. Fell trees that interfer with power service, using a chainsaw

- Cut trees, brush and other growth to clear land for construction or forestry activities

, Hoist tools to a tree trimmer

 Fosition and steady ladders used by a tree trimmer

Saw and chop up branches and load them on a truck

Determine the position, direction,

- Operate a lossing tractor to fell trees
  - . Saw felled trees into lengths
  - , Drive a tractor or horses to skid
  - loss to a landing . Load loss onto a truck by hand or using a winch

and depth of cut to be made to fell

Clear brush and debris from the work area using an ax and chainsaw Drive wedges behind a saw to start a

tree falling

. Split loss into posts or stakes

. Stack wood in cord lots

Measure and mark loss for sawing
 Harvest tambark by stripping the bark from trees with an ax

## HOURS OF WORK/TRAVEL

Logging and lumber mill workers may lose working time due to heavy rain, snow, or extreme temperatures.

### SAMPLE PLACES OF WORK

- Any business or industry that does its own land clearing work
- Companies that harvest pulpwood
- Farming operations
- Lossing companies
- Lumber mills
- Paper mills
- Power companies
- Saw mills
- Telephone and telegraph companies

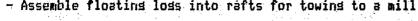
- Wood distilling companies

### 579 LOGGING OCCUPATIONS, N.E.C.

People in these jobs sort, load, move, and store loas and perform related tasks at loasing site or lumber vards. Some measure and mark logs, assemble logs into rafts so they can be towed to a mill. Some determine how much timber is available for marketing. Some load logs onto skids or conveyors to be moved to cutting or shredding machines. Some signal workers where to place logs brought to a landing. Many of these workers use axes, saws, and other logging tools and equipment.

## SAMPLE WORK ACTIVITIES

- Measure and mark logs or felled trees for cutting into sawlogs, or veneer blocks
  - , Inspect trees and loss to determine waste
  - Mark cutting areas on logs, using a
  - measuring tape and crayon Estimate the marketable content of 10gs
- . Use a scale stick to measure entire loads of pulpwood
- . Determine the total board feet of wood lots, using a conversion table
- Inspect los knots and other defects





- . Use a power-driven auser to bore holes in loss
- Bind loss into rafts with a chain or
- cable
- Float logs into designated areas with a pike pole
- Mark loss in a river or rond to show their ownership and intended use
  - Brand the ends of loss with an ax that has raised characters on its head. Paint marks on the ends of loss,
  - using a spray can
- Walk through forest land to gather information about forest conditions
  - Sight over a scale stick to estimate the height and diameter of each tree in a sample lot
  - Prepare reports on timber types and sizes and the condition of forest land
- Select seasoned loss and load them onto skids and conveyors
- Direct the placement of loss brought to a landing
  - Signal workers where to drop logs on a landing
  - . Cut knots and limbs from loss, using / an ax and chainsaw
- Fasten cables around loss so these
- can be moved
- Stack loss in Piles

Most lossing jobs are outdoors. Sometimes, working time and ray may be lost because of heavy. rain, snow, or extreme temperatures,

## SAMPLE PLACES OF WORK

- Lossins mills and camps
- Lumber mills and sawmills

### 58 FISHERS, HUNTERS, AND TRAPPERS

These workers fish, hunt, or trap wildlife. They may catch freshwater or deap sea fish, trapcrab or lobster, or sather sea moss. Others work as hunters. They may capture wild animals to identify, exhibit, sell, or relocate them. They may kill animals for food or fur, or to protect other animals. Trappers capture animals in traps and may skin the animals for their relts.

#### 583 FISHERS

FISHERS catch or sather marine life, such as fish, lobsters, owsters, and seamoss. work alone or as part of a crew. They may fish from the shore or a dock, or dredse, or by wading or diving into the water. They may use spears, hooks and lines, nets, seines, cases, or their hands to catch or gather marine life. They may assemble and repair fishing nets and gear. They also may measure or weigh the catch and store it in containers or the hold of a ship.

#### SAMPLE WORK ACTIVITIES

Operate a seiner skiff to help catch a school of fish Use equipment such as a/seine, hopp, trammel, and net to catch fish

- Fasten, position, and anchor nets Attach flags and lights to buoys to identify net locations
- Haul a net to a boat usins a winch Empts catches from nets Stow fish in the hold of a ship

- Fish for crab, eel, or lobster, using pots (cages with net openings)
- Measure catch with a sause to see if they are legal size Catch fish by stretchins nets across a creek or river Build enclosures from netting to catch and hold fish Catch fish and other marine life with hooks and lines Attach hooks, bait, sinkers, and floats to fishing lines Use a reel or winch to haul catch onto a boat deck
- Pack fish in ice
- Gather or harvest sponses and owsters from the sea bottom
- Wear a wet suit and scuba dear to dather marine life Use a bar to pry abalone from rocks Operate a dredde to harvest marine life

- Use a compass and landmarks to steer a dredge or boat
- Use hooks attached to the end of a role to sather sponses from the sea bottom Gather irish moss from rocks and spread it on the beach to dry and bleach. Use a mower to sather kelp from the bottom of the sea

- FISHERS may work during early morning, day, evening, or night hours.
- Some FISHERS work on sea soins vessels and may spend days or weeks at a time away from home.

#### SAMPLE PLACES OF WORK

- Fisheries
- Private fishing companies that sponser sport fishing
- For yourself, as a self-employed FISHER

## **584 HUNTERS AND TRAPPERS**

These workers hunt, trap, or raise wild animals and birds. They may capture animals to identify, exhibit, sell, or relocate them. They may kill animals for food or furs for to prevent them from harming other animals. They may work alone or as part of a hunting party. They use equipment such as weapons, traps, nets, and poisons to capture or kill animals. may skin animals and cure their pelts. Some workers supervise hunting expeditions or collect and capture sea life.

### SAMPLE WORK ACTIVITIES

- Preed, raise, and protect same animals and birds on a state same form or private same **Preserve**
- Care for breeding stocks in pens
- Select pairs of animals for mating, based on their size, color, visor, and other characteristics
- Mix feed according to formulas
- Clean and fill water and food containers
- Set traps to catch animals that may harm same animals
- Drive birds into coops so that they can be transported Lead an expedition to hunt for and capture sea mammals for research purposes or display
- Plan the food, equipment, and supplies needed for hunting trips
- Inspect hunting equipment Assish workers to mend nets, pack and load food, and do other tasks to prepare for a hunt Hunt, trap, and kill danserous animals to collect bounts
- Use doss to hunt wild animals
- Remove the ears or tail from slain animals to present as evidence of the kill
- Place nets underwater to capture sea mammals, such as whales, porpoises, and dolphins Kill seals for pelts, using clubs
- Set traps with bait or scent
  - Patrol a trapline to remove catch-and reset the traps

- Skin animals, using a knife

Stretch pelts on frames to be cured

- Trap birds to serve as broodstock, or for identification and relocation

## HOURS OF WORK/TRAVEL

HUNTERS and TRAPPERS may work during early morning, day, evening, or night hours. HUNTERS and TRAPPERS may travel to nearby areas or to far away locations. Some spend days or weeks at a time away from home.

## SAMPLE PLACES OF WORK

- Game preserves

- Government asencies
   Companies that sponser hunting expeditions
   Animal societies

- Museums For yourself, as self-employed HUNTERS or TRAPPERS



### 5999 MECHANICS AND REPAIRERS

These workers maintain and repair mechanical equipment and instruments. They may install or repair electrical equipment for communications systems or data processing. Others may work on vehicles, repairing autos or maintaining construction or heavy transportation equipment. Some work on precision instruments, household appliances, watches, cameras, or musical instruments. Some repair, move, or maintain industrial machiners and work to prevent breakdowns.

### AO SUPERVISORS: MECHANICS AND REPAIRERS

These people supervise workers who adjust, maintain, and repair tools and machinery. They determine the workers materials and surplies needed to repair Jobs, and the methods and procedures to be used. They train workers, assign duties, interpret work orders, and solve difficult work problems. They prepare progress reports and recommend ways to improve work methods and conditions. They also enforce safety rules and handle worker and customer complaints. They may perform some or all of the duties of the workers they supervise.

### SAMPLE WORK ACTIVITIES

- Supervise workers who:
  - . Repair and maintain equipment used at a power plant
  - Service cars for an auto dealership
  - Provide repair services at an
  - appliance dealership Repair and service boats
  - Repair and service farm machiners
     Operate and maintain military tanks

  - Build and repair equipment used to load and unload ships' carso
  - . Test engines

- . Repair and maintain bakery equipment
- . Inspect and repair artillery weapons
- Service and repair office machines Install and repair vending machines
- . Inspect and maintain fuel storage systems
- . Repair and maintain fire fishtins equipment
- . Assemble and install industrial machinery
- Talk with managers to plan maintenance programs and schedule inspections
- Review technical papers, catalogs, and other reference materials
- Talk with sales agents to select new supplies
   Talk with contractors to resolve problems in the installation of new equipment
   Review inspection and repair reports and observe repair work in progress
   Help sales workers adjust customers' service complaints

- Hire, transfer, and dismiss workers Develop company policies and procedures for repair services
- Review work orders and inventory reports to plan repair work Test vehicles and equipment, using gauges and other testing devices
- Estimate the cost of reserve, based on labor and materials requirements Help workers repair vehicles and equipment.

  Inspect work for evality

- Resolve worker complaints
- Train workers to install and repair pumps

## HOURS OF WORK/TRAVEL

(No Information)

## SAMPLE PLACES OF WORK

- Airline com**pani**es
- Auto dealerships
- Companies that build engines and turbines Companies that produce bakery products
- Construction companies
- Farm machinery repair shops and dealerships
- Firearms manufacturers Government asencies

- Industrial plants

\_ Lisht, heat, and power companies

- Manufacturins companies

- Military services

- Petroleum refineries

- Ship and boat building and repair firms

Telephone and telegraph companies

Vendins machine companies

- Water transportation companies

### **61 MECHANICS AND REPAIRERS**

These workers maintain and repair mechanical equipment and instruments. They may install or repair electrical equipment for communications systems or data processing. Others may work on vehicles, repairing autos or maintaining construction or heavy transportation equipment. Some work on precision instruments, household appliances, watches, cameras, or musical instruments, Some repair, move, or maintain industrial machinery and work to prevent breakdowns.

### 611 VEHICLE AND MOBILE EQUIPMENT MECHANICS AND REPAIRERS

These workers maintain and repair vehicles and other mobile equipment. They may repair automobiles or auto bodies. Others repair heavy equipment used in construction or on farms. Some work on aircraft ensines, hydraulic systems, or airframe assemblies such as wings. They may assemble rocket parts or work on locomotives. Some work to maintain industrial or refinery equipment and prevent breakdowns.

### 6111 AUTOMOBILE MECHANICS

AUTOMOBILE MECHANICS service and repair cars and other sas-rowered vehicles. While most of these MECHANICS perform a variety of repairs, some specialize in the repair of a certain part of a car such as the brakes, transmissions, or ensine. They use many different handtools, power tools, and testing instruments to do their work.

## SAMPLE WORK ACTIVITIES

- Look at and listen to ensines to find what's not working properly

 Drive cars onto a rack and test them for defects such as bent axles, worn ball joints, and bent steering rods

- Read manuals and study charts to find the right way to fix equipment

- Remove ensines and transmission units from a car, using wrenches and a hoist

 Install or repair equipment, such as radios, air conditioners, power steering units, and power brakes

- Adjust ensines, brakes, wheels, and other parts of a vehicle

- Replace bands, sears, seals, and valves on a transmission unit, using hand and power tools

### HOURS OF WORK/TRAVEL

- Generally, these Jobs do not require travel.
- Most AUTOMOBILE MECHANICS have a resular 35-40 hour work week.

SAMPLE PLACES OF WORK

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- Auto dealerships - Auto repair shops, sas stations, and department stores that have auto service facilities - Federal, state, and local sovernment asencies

Taxicab companies

Auto leasing companies

Auto manufacturers

# 6112 BUS AND TRUCK ENGINE, AND STATIONARY DIESEL ENGINE MECHANICS

These people service and repair ensines used to power industrial vehicles and machiners. This includes bus, truck, tractor, train, and boat ensines as well as ensines used to power machines. They read Job orders and manuals and listen to and test ensines to determine the repairs needed. They remove ensines, take them apart, and repair or replace worn or damaged parts. They may recondition ensine parts and install and connect pipins, controls, and isnition systems. They use mechanics' tools, hoists, Jacks, meters, gauses, and power equipment. equipment.

### SAMPLE WORK ACTIVITIES

Repair and service ensines on industrial trucks and tractors

Read manuals to plan repair work

Overhaul engines, using handtools, welding equipment, and a hoist

Adjust safety devices

Attach timing instruments to engines

- Read meters and gauses on test equipment to determine what is wrong with engines Use hoists, Jacks, and mechanics, tools to remove engines and take them apart

- Use horsts, Jacks, and mechanics' tools to remove engines and take them Inspect engine parts for damage and replace worn or damaged parts Install and repair engines in yachts, tugs, trawlers, and other boats Connect fuel, oil, and waterlines to engines Install engine controls and propellers in boats Repair and maintain diesel engines used to power construction machiners Use lathes, boring machines, and handtools to recondition engine parts Weld and cut parts, using/arc-welding and flame cutting devices Work as an APPRENTICE ENGINE MECHANIC

## HOURS OF WORK/TRAVEL

During warm months, BOAT ENGINE MECHANICS and TRACTOR MECHANICS may work more than 40 hours a week. In the winter, they may work fewer than 40 hours a week. In northern states, some of the winter slack may be taken up by repair work on snowmobiles.

## SAMPLE PLACES OF WORK

- Boat dealerships and repair shops Boat manufacturers Ensine refair shops

- For sourself, as a self-employed diesel ensine mechanic Marinas-operated by Federal, State, or Local sovernments

Frivate marinas

Truck, bus, or automobile repair shops and dealerships

#### 6113 AIRCRAFT ENGINE MECHANICS

These MECHANICS service and repair aircraft engines. Some inspect, test, and addust jet and propeller-driven planes. Others make and assemble rocket engine parts. These workers use handtools, power tools, and precision measuring instruments to do their work. They may specialize in testing hydraulic, electrical power, structural systems or other aircraft systems.



### SAMPLE WORK ACTIVITIES

- Open an engine throttle to full power and look for vibration or noise in engine parts.
- Watch fuel and oil pressure instruments to see if they work correctly . Test landing sear and control systems to see if they meet set requirements

Adjust compasses and other directional equipment
Go on test flights to make in-flight adjustments to controls
Keep records of work to be performed in the shop to prepare planes for delivery
Replace aircraft parts
Measure rocket engine parts, using calipers and micrometers
Assemble rocket engine parts into complete units

## HOURS OF WORK/TRAVEL

Generally, these workers have a standard 35-40 hour work week.

#### SAMPLE PLACES OF WORK

- Companies that manufacture aircraft or aircraft parts
- Airline companies Military services

## **6114 SMALL ENGINE REPAIRERS**

These workers service and repair small engines, such as those found on chain saws, motorcycles, motorboats, and lawn mowers. They also may repair and adjust clutches, brakes, and other machine parts. They listen to the ensines and talk with customers to determine the repair work needed. They take ensines apart, test them, and repair or replace defective parts. They may rebuild motors. They may also clean ensine parts, replace rings and timing devices, and replace faulty wiring. They use precision measuring tools, handtools, and machine tools.

### SAMPLE WORK ACTIVITES

- Repair and overhaul motorcycles and motor scooters
  - . Listen to ensines, check their frames, and talk with customers to determine repairs needed

Connect a test ranel to ensines to measure the generator output and timing

- Use handtools and power tools to
- Test, repair, and rebuild outboard motors
  - . Test outboard motors in a tank and repair, adjust, or replace parts as required

Write test reports that explain why boat motors were rejected

Use electrical testing meters to see if boat motors meet the manufacturer's

remove cylinder heads, grind valves, and scrape off carbon

. Hammer out dents and bends in . vehicle frames

 Repair and adjust clutches, brakes, and drive chains

specifications

Adjust boat motor generators and replace faulty wiring using handtools and a soldering iron

Replace sears, points, piston rings, and spark pluss in outboard motors

- Repair internal combustion ensines used in factors service departments or repair shops
  - . Take engines apart and clean parts: such as calinder heads, and ristons.
  - Use lathes, srinders, and boring machines to rebore cylinders
- Repair engines that power electric generators Repair and service powered saws Repair ensines in lawn mowers and sarden tractors

During warm months, LAWN MOWER and BOAT MOTOR REPAIRERS may work more than 40 hours a week to meet service demands. In the winter, they may work fewer than 40 hours a week. In northern states, some of the winter slack may be taken up by repair work on snowmobiles.

### SAMPLE PLACES OF WORK

- Engine manufacturers

For yourself, as a self-employed repairer

stores and other retail stores that sell and service tools or equipment powered by small ensines or motors

Industries that do their own small ensine repair work

Lawnmower repair shops

Marinas operated by Federal, State, or Local sovenments

 - Motorboat repair shops and manufacturers - Motorcycle repair shops and dealerships

## 6115 AUTOMOBILE BODY AND RELATED REPAIRERS

These workers repair and refinish vehicle bodies. They straighten bent frames, remove dents, and replace crumpled parts that are beyond repair. They may straighten bumpers or replace lass. They may tighten brackets and loose bolts, and make other minor repairs. Some custom equipment at customer's request. They use a variety of equipment and tools, including drills, riveters, welders, hammers, files, screwdrivers, and sanders. Some also use measuring tools and power machinery.

# SAMPLE WORK ACTIVITIES

- Drive a car to listen for noises and look for leaks

Replace worn rubber moldings on car doors and windows

Compute the cost of parts and labor required to repair a truck body or frame Use handtools and power tools to repair trailers

Weld together truck body parts and braces

Measure and mark vinul to be used in car roofs Remove the upholstery from a bus Use wrenches and a cutting torch to remove damaged fenders and grills

File, grind, and sand repaired surfaces Overhaul used and wrecked trailer bodies

Use power shears to cut openings in a car Screw, rivet, and weld new units to trailer sections

- Fill dents with solder or other plastic material

- Use a sledge hammer to remove dents in car bumpers
- Use a glasscutter to cut safety glass to a certain size and shape
- Replace a broken windshield in a car

### HOURS OF WORK/TRAVEL

Generally, these workers have a standard 35-40 work week.

#### SAMPLE PLACES OF WORK

- Automobile body shors

Car and truck dealerships Trucking companies, bus lines, and other organizations that maintain their own motor vehicles

- Motor vehicle manufacturers

Home repair shors

## 6116 AIRCRAFT MECHANICS (EXCEPT ENGINE SPECIALISTS)

These workers service and repair airplanes. They repair hydraulic systems, landing sear, propeller assemblies, and fuel tanks. They also repair airframe assemblies, such as wings and tail units. They work from blueprints and engineering orders. They use handtools, power tools, welders' rivet guns, metal-working machines, and precision measuring devices. They assemble and install rower brake units, carburetors, valves, and significant lines. They also inspect wiring, switches, and controls to make sure thay are in safe operating condition.

### SAMPLE WORK ACTIVITIES

- Review bluerrints and engineering orders to determine the location of aircraft parts
- Connect power and hot air sources to cooling systems, using handtools Observe meter readings and compare them with performance standards Adjust thermostats and air flow control devices

- Repair, replace, and assemble parts, such as winds, fuselage, tail assemblies, and landing dear
- Use power shears, welders, rivet guns, and power drills to repair aircraft frames Use handtools, gauges, and testing equipment to repair worn ensine components

Adjust and repair electrical wiring systems.
Install de-icing equipment and ejection seats
Build special testing equipment used on space vehicles
Clean aircraft parts in cleaning solutions

Measure parts to determine wear, using precision measuring devices
Install pumps and pipelines for airfield fuel systems
Remove dents and scratches from aircraft parts using brushing tools and abrasives
Work under contract as an APPRENTICE while learning to repair aircraft

HOURS OF WORK/TRAVEL

MECHANICS employed by airlines may sometimes work night shifts.

### SAMPLE PLACES OF WORK

- Aircraft manufacturers
- Airline companies Companies that make ready-built aircraft parts or assemblies

- Companies that service their own aircraft

Military services

### 6117 HEAVY EQUIPMENT MECHANICS

These workers repair and service large machines such as bulldozers, graders, and power shovels. Some repair railed vehicles or sea vessels. They operate and inspect machines to find out what is wrong with them. They take machinery apart and use meters and sauges to examine parts for damage and wear. They use mechanics' handtools, Jacks, and cranes or hoists to remove vehicle parts. They may weld, straighten, bolt, and refit structural metal assemblies.

### SAMPLE WORK ACTIVITIES

- Repair, rebuild, and service:



. Cranes, scrapers, and other construction equipment

Powered lossins equipment, such as air compressors and road graders

. Crawler tractors and tanks

 Fuel pumps, water pumps, and control valves on streetcars and buses Railway freight cars and locomotives

 Underground mine cars . Ships and other vessels

Use mechanics' handtools, jacks, and cranes to remove vehicle parts
 Examine parts for damage and wear, using meters and gauges

Replace assemblies, such as transmissions

Test air-control valves, air sires, and airhoses for leaks Remove and inspect wheels, brake assemblies, and roof sections

Check bearings, gaskets, and seals for defects

Repair and replace steel sections, using a welding torch, power wrench, and plumbing tools

Replace window slass Dip parts in solvent to clean them

Weld broken parts

Work below the surface of water in a diving suit to inspect and repair ships

Work as an APPRENTICE while learning to repair railed vehicles

### HOURS OF WORK/TRAVEL

Railroad CAR REPAIRERS may be assigned to night and weekend shifts on the basis of seniority.

## SAMPLE PLACES OF WORK

- Automobile dealerships and repair shops
- Construction companies

Lossins companies

- Mining and quarrying companies - Railroad company repair shops
- Any business that uses heavy equipment

### **6118 FARM EQUIPMENT MECHANICS**

These people service and repair machiners, equipment, and vehicles used on farms to plant, tend, harvest, move, process, and store plant and animal products. This equipment includes tractors, harvesters, pumps, tilling equipment, trucks, balers, combines, and plows. They use many basic handtools and may use power tools or welding and testing equipment to do repair work. They spend much of their time repairing and adjusting equipment brought to a shop, but may travel to farms to make emersency repairs.

# SAMPLE WORK ACTIVITIES

- Look at and listen to machines, motors, and engines to find out what is wrong with them

- Use handtools to take apart defective units on farm equipment - Repair or replace parts, using such tools as a drill press, lathe, welder, grinder, and saw

Oil and adjust machines and equipment Install and repair wiring and motors

Install an irrigation system on a farm Align and adjust drive chains and housings on hay balers and combines Replace carburetors, fuel pumps, and spark pluds in farm machiners

Wash and paint farm machines such as plows and harvesters Fill sas tanks and radiators

- Change tires on farm vehicles

Install and adjust attachments on farm machinery Repair milkins machines

- Use a lathe and drill press to machine metal parts - Cut and fuse metals to make metal parts and pipes
- Install gas, steam, water, and air pipes in dairy equipment



- During planting and harvesting seasons, FARK EQUIPMENT MECHANICS may travel many miles make emersency repairs in farm fields.

### SAMPLE PLACES OF WORK

- Service departments of farm equipment dealerships

- Independent repair shops
  Large farms that have repair shops
  Service departments of farm equipment wholesalers and manufacturers.

### 613 INDUSTRIAL MACHINERY REPAIRERS

These workers install, repair, and service industrial machiners. They keep machines well giled and sreased, replace parts as needed, and use meters and sauses to measure and alian all parts. They also keep up-to-date records of repairs and inspection schedules. They follow bluerints and other technical instructions to dissoose problems and make repairs. They use handtools and They follow bluerrints They use handtools and may use powered tools and machinery.

### SAMPLE WORK ACTIVITIES

- Install, reepair, and service machinery such as:
  - Power steering units
  - Auto servicins equipment
  - Carso winches and other deck equipment
  - Submarines
  - Propellers, pumps, ensines, and steering sear used aboard ships
  - Forsing presses, rolls, and furnaces.
  - Lathes, drill presses, and other production equipment
     Electronic equipment used in

- newspaper shops Linotype machines and related equipment
- Offset presses used in printing operations
- Textile machinery
- . Washers, driers, and other laundry equipment
- . Ovens, conveyors, and slicing machines
- Follow bluerrints, diagrams, and drawings
   Operate machiners to determine why it is not working properly
- Use machinists handtools, chain hoists, and steel rollers to take apart, repair, or replace defective parts
- Use meters and sauses to determine if parts meet specifications. Assemble pumps, cylinders, valves, motors, and controls
- Clean and oil parts. Inspect and replace seals, gaskets, hoses, tubing, motors, pumps, and filters
- Solder broken wires
- Work under contract as an OUTSIDE MACHINIST APPRENTICE while learning to install ship
- Work under contract as a LINOTYPE MACHINIST APPRENTICE while learning how to repair linotype equipment

### HOURS OF WORK/TRAVEL

INDUSTRIAL MACHINERY REPAIRERS may be called upon to make emersency repairs at night or on weekends. Shift work may also be required in some Jobs.

#### SAMPLE PLACES OF WORK

Any industry in which a great deal of machinery is used, including the following manufacturing industries:



- . Carpets and russ
- . Chemicals
- Explosives
- Food Products
- Knit goods
- Machinery
- Railroad companies
- Water transportation companies
- Military services
   Ship building and repair firms
- Forging shops
- Printing and publishing firms
- Laundries
- Oil refineries and pipelines

- Metal products
- , Paper
- . Primary metals
- Rubber
- Textiles
- Transportation equipment

## 614 MACHINERY MAINTENANCE OCCUPATIONS

These workers do routine maintenance of production machiners. They routinely change parts such as blades, rollers, bearings, knives, and guides. They also may fill containers with water, ink, coolants, or other materials. They may oil and grease machiners. They may also take apart, clean, and repair equipment.

### SAMPLE WORK ACTIVITIES

- Remove, replace, and adjust parts of machines, using handtools and a hoist
- Clean equipment, using an airhose
- Change knives in machines
- Remove motors that require major repair and replace them with new motors

   Prepare chemical solutions used to clean equipment

   Repair and replace canvas, leather, or rubber belts used to drive machiners

   Mount printing rollers on machines, using a hoist

- Use a meter to check the speed of machinery
   Thread materials into machines
   Take apart and clean electric equipment, such as wires and conduit fittings
   Replace worn surfaces on polishing wheels
- Replace metal liners used in mills, crushers, and hoppers Operate a shovel to remove rock deposits at a strip mine
- Oil and grease bearings, gears, and other machine parts

### HOURS OF WORK/TRAVEL

- MACHINERY MAINTENANCE WORKERS are found in a variety of industries. Work hours vary from industry to industry. Some workers may work shifts.

### SAMPLE PLACES OF WORK

- MACHINERY MAINTENANCE WORKERS work in almost every type of industry and plant and in many businesses. Some of these include:
  - . Chemical companies
  - . Iron and steel mills
  - , Lisht, heat, and rower companies
  - . Machine shors
  - . Manufacturing plants

- Mines and quarries
- . Ore refineries
- Printing and publishing companies
   Textile mills
- Tobacco companies -



### 615 ELECTRICAL AND ELECTRONIC EQUIPMENT REPAIRERS

These workers install, maintain, and repair electrical and electronic equipment. Jobs range from installing dry cells in batteries to maintaining missile control systems. Some work on communications systems equipment such as TV or telegraph systems. Others install and repair telephones. Some maintain data processing equipment, industrial process control systems. lighting systems, home entertainment equipment, or transformers.

# 6151 COMMUNICATIONS EQUIPMENT REPAIRERS

These workers install, repair, and service communications equipment. This may include telephone, telegraph, radio, or TV equipment. They use handtools, powertools, testing devices, and soldering irons to install and repair equipment. They follow wiring diagrams and blueprints to determine how to repair and assemble parts of electrical systems. They may climb utility poles or so down into underground tunnels to work on equipment. They may drive a truck or patrol an area on foot to inspect, test, and repair equipment.

### SAMPLE WORK ACTIVITIES

- Follow diagrams and blueprints to repair or install electrical equipment
- Use test meters and handtools to test and repair telephone central office equipment
- Adjust dials, coin tracks, springs, and relays on phone equipment-Use cleaning solutions to clean equipment parts
- Repair telephone switchboards on customers' premises Repair radio and TV receivers, radar units, and amplifiers

- Install and repair movie projectors and public address systems
  Inspect, test, and repair aircraft communication and flight control systems
  Drive a truck to inspect, test, and repair electric date crossings and railway signals
  Repair equipment used in telegraph offices
- Use cleaning solutions to clean equipment parts Solder color-coded wires in equipment, following a wiring diagram
- Climb soles to tighten loose wires
- Test and repair aerial, underground, or underwater cables

## HOURS OF WORK/TRAVEL

Some of these jobs may require local travel to install, repair, and service equipment.

### SAMPLE PLACES OF WORK

- Airplane and aerospace manufacturers
- Airline companies
- Companies that manufacture or repair electronic products or parts Radio and TV broadcasting stations Retail stores
- Telephone and telegraph companies
- Any industry that uses electronic communications equipment and does its own repair and service work

### 6152 ELECTRIC MOTOR, TRANSFORMER, AND RELATED REPAIRERS

These workers install, repair, and service electrical equipment, such as motors, transformers, batteries, wiring, and switches. They follow bluerrints or diagrams and use testing devices and handtools. They may test and repair vehicle generators, starters, and motors. They may recondition parts used in electric power systems. They may replace cells in batteries. They may service electrical equipment aboard a ship. These workers take machines apart, replace defective parts, and solder loose connections.

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## SAMPLE WORK ACTIVITIES

- Repair electric solf carts at a solf course or repair shop,
  - . Rewire electrical systems
  - . Test and recharge batteries . Adjust brakes and belts
- Repair welding, brazing, and cutting machines
  - . Inspect machines and watch them prerate to find out what is wrong with them
  - . Take machine apart and replace
- defective parts
- . Solder loose connections
- . Use welding and brazing equipment to reassemble machines
- Test, repair, and rebuild vehicle generators and starters
  - . Clean motor parts in gasoline and examine them for defects
  - Assemble and adjust resaired electric motors
- . Measure the speed, horsepower, and Power usage of motors . Test coils for shorts and grounds
- Clean, assemble, and test motors used on railway vehicles
  - , Scrape the inside of motor cases to remove grease and dirt
  - . Boil transformer cases in chemicals
- to remove grease . Wind new coils on the armatures of used motors

#### HOURS OF WORK/TRAVEL

Some of these workers may travel locally to install, repair, and service equipment. A few perform routine repairs and maintenance aboard a ship. These workers may be away from home for long periods.

### SAMPLE PLACES OF WORK

- Automobile service stations and repair shops
- Chemical plants
- Electrical equipment manufacturers for yourself, as a self-employed repairer
- Golf courses
- Heat, light, and power companies Repair shops that specialize in repairing electric motors Ship lines

## 6153 ELECTRONIC REPAIRERS, COMMERCIAL AND INDUSTRIAL EQUIPMENT

These reorle install, repair, and service electronic equipment used in business and industry. They work with computer, radar, and missile control systems and with systems that control industrial machinery and processes. They use electrical and electronic testing devices to locate and diagnose electrical problems. They interpret wiring diagrams to trace and connect wires. They repair and replace relays, switches, and controls. They replace pluss, wall switches, and appliance cords. They use a variety of handtools to do their work.

### SAMPLE WORK ACTIVITIES

- Repair and maintain electrical equipment in a power plant



- . Test equipment, using electrical testing devices
- . Notify plant regionnel of necessary equipment downtime
- . Repair and replace relaws, switches,
- controls, and recording instruments. Interpret wiring diagrams to trace and connect wires
- Clean and repair motors; converters; and generator parts
- Inspect and test circuit breakers and transformers
- Test insulators and bushings for power leakase
- . Keep records of repairs and tests nade
- Work under contract as a Powerhouse Electrician Apprentice while learning the work
- Drive a vehicle and operate a special radio to locate the origin of radio and TV interference caused by powerlines
- Install and adjust electronic equipment in private homes and businesses
   Install and repair computer, radar, missile control, and communications systems
   Train workers in service and repair techniques
- Repair electrical instruments used to locate radioactive material in oil wells Install wiring, switching, and alarm systems
- Replace floor pluss, wall switches, and appliance cords in buildings

- Some of these workers travel locally to install, repair, and service equipment. They usually are not away from home overnight.
- The normal workweek for many of these workers is 40 hours. However, overtime work is often required. Some workers are on call 24 hours a day. Others work rotating shifts—days one week, nights the next.

### SAMPLE PLACES OF WORK

- Light, heat, and power companies
- Companies that manufacture or repair electronic equipment
- Any industry that does its own electrical and electronic repair work

### 6154 DATA PROCESSING EQUIPMENT REPAIRERS

People in these jos install, repair, and service punched-card office machines such as collators, proof machines, and card punches. They may make resular visits to offices to check, adjust, and repair machines. They may install, adjust, or repair machines upon request. They follow charts, bluerints, and diagrams to do their work. They also use handtools such as screwdrivers and wrenches and test equipment such as sauges and volt meters. Some workers specialize in the installation and repair of wiring in these machines.

#### SAMPLE WORK ACTIVITIES

- Read charts, bluerints, and engineering notes to find out about the drive speed and timing of a card punch machine
- Install special parts in machines
- Operate and listen to machines to find out what is wrong with them Measure distances between machine parts to see if they are correct
- Adjust printing and contact brush units

. . .

- Use a voltmeter and chammeter to test electrical parts of machines Read wiring diagrams to find out the lengths, types, and colors of wires and cables in
- Use wrenches, scewdrivers, and a soldering oun to fasten wires and cables

### HOURS OF WORK/TRAVEL

(No Information)



## SAMPLE PLACES OF WORK

Business machine manufacturers

Firms that provide maintenance services to businesses

- Rerair shors

- Large businesses that employ their own full-time repairers

## 6155 ELECTRONIC REPAIRERS, HOME-ENTERTAINMENT EQUIPMENT

mese workers repair and service IV sets, radios, stereds, tape recorders, and other home electronic products Some specialize in repairing one kind of equipment, while others repair several tupes. They talk with outloans to product tupes. several types. They talk with customers to find out what is wrong and check for common problems such as loose connections. They sometimes use wiring diagrams and service manuals to They use test equipment such as volt meters and see how to locate and solve problems. handtools such as pliers, soldering irons, and wire cutters.

## SAMPLE WORK ACTIVITIES

- Test wiring, tubes, resistors, and other parts of a radio

Solder loose radio parts together

Install a radio in a car

Use handtools to replace radio parts Take apart a TV set and replace worn switches and tubes

Use a volt meter to test TV circuits

- Test and adjust a record changer Use a screwdriver and stroboscope to adjust the speed of the turntable on a record player Install and adjust TV sets and antennas

Drill holes in buildings to make openings for TV antenna lines

Install a lightning rod on a TV lead-in wire

1,125

HOURS OF WORK/TRAVEL

(No Information)

## SAMPLE PLACES OF WORK

Customers' homes

TV repair shops

Shops add stores that sell and service TV sets, radios, and other electronic products

#### 6156 HOUSEHOLD APPLIANCE AND POWER TOOL REPAIRERS

These people install, repair, and service household appliances and power tools. They repair small items, such as bench tools, vacuum cleaners, and toasters. They also work on large items, such as ranges, dryers, and air conditioners. They examine the machines, and may refer to manuals to determine what is wrong with them and how to repair them. They take the machines apart, repair or replace damaged parts, test wrings, and grease parts. They use handtools and may use power tools and welding or soldering equipment to make repairs.

### SAMPLE WORK ACTIVITIES

- Install, repair, and service items such as:



Air conditioners

Gas meters and regulators

. Dishwashers, ranges, heaters, and refriserators

Toasters, cookers, lames, and other small home appliances Exectrical handtools and bench tools

Toy electric trains

Examine or listen to appliances to determine what is wrong with them

Follow wiring diagrams to repair and install appliances

Take machines apart and repair or place parts, such as switches, relays, fan motors, and

Replace filters and adjust controls on appliance units

- Use handtools, ripe-threading tools, and power screwdrivers to take apart and repair appliances

Test wiring for broken or worn circuits, using circuit testers
 Use soldering equipment to replace wiring and parts

- Test sas pipelines to locate leaks and faulty pipe connections

Record repairs made in a los book Work as an APPRENTICE to learn how to repair electrical appliances

### HOURS OF WORK/TRAVEL

Some workers repair items brought to a repair shop. Others may drive to customers' homes or businesses to make on-site repairs

#### SAMPLE PLACES OF WORK

- Electrical equipment dealers or repair shops
- Appliance dealers or repair shops

- Tos shops

- Department stores and other retail stores that sell household appliances and/or powertools - For yourself, as a self-employed repairer - Any industry that does its own appliance repairs

### 6157 TELEPHONE LINE INSTALLERS AND REPAIRERS

These workers install and repair wires and cables that connect telephone central offices each other and to customers' phones and switchboards. They use power equipment to dis holes and set up poles to support the cables. They climb poles to attach cables and lay cables below the ground. When wires or cables break, they make emersency repairs. They also make routine checks of phone lines and install terminal boxes that connect phones to outside cables. These workers/use handtools and electronic test equipment.

### SAMPLE WORK ACTIVITIES

- Draw diagrams of telephone cable

Follow a diagram to install and remain phone and telegraph lines Use a power shovel to dis holes for phone poles

- Climb poles or enter sewers to cut telephone feeder lines

- Unreel and string phone lines from pole to pole
- Use a winch to pull phone lines through ducts
- Make resular tests of phone lines between two points
- Ride on a truck-mounted lift to reach cables that need repair.

Use a hacksaw to cut lead sheaths that surround cable
 Twist ends of wire together and solder them in place
 Use a testlame or bell system to test sections of cable

### HOURS OF WORK/TRAVEL

- LINE INSTALLERS and CABLE SPLICERS may be called upon to work long and irregular hours to restore customers' phone service.



### SAMPLE PLACES OF WORK

Telephone and telegraph companies

# 6158 TELEPHONE INSTALLERS AND REPAIRERS

These workers install and repair telephones. They usually travel to work sites in trucks equipped with telephone tools and supplies. They change phones and put in new equipment. They may install a switchboard in an office or change a customer's two-party line to a private line. They also add extensions and replace old phones. When problems in phone service occur, they find the source of the problems and make repairs to restore service. These workers often specialize in servicins a particular kind of phone equipment.

### SAMPLE WORK ACTIVITIES

- Install phone booths and coin collectors
- Repair shone equipment in homes and offices
- Climb soles to attach telephone drop wires
- Put together telephone equipment
- Use handtools and diagrams to put up brackets and connect wire leads Test newly installed equipment
- Repair and replace faults phone equipment

### HOURS OF WORK/TRAVEL

TELPHONE REPAIRERS senerally have a standard 35-40 hour work week. However, they way have to work extra hours when breakdowns occur in lines or equipment.

## SAMPLE PLACES OF WORK

- Telephone companies

## 6159 MISCELLANEOUS ELECTRICAL AND ELECTRONIC EQUIPMENT REPAIRERS

These workers install and repair various types of electrical equipment. This includes electrical systems in cars, trains, aircraft, computers, and industrial machiners. Many workers specialize in a particular type of equipment. Some routinely inspect a company's equipment to locate and correct defects before breakdowns occur. They often work from blueprints or wiring diagrams. They test circuits, replace parts and wiring, and may advise management on the use of electrical equipment. They use testing devices and electricians' handtools.

#### SAMPLE WORK ACTIVITIES

- Repair, install, and adjust items such as:
  - Relays and switches used in aircraft
  - Electrical systems in cars and trucks
  - Motors and lighting fixtures in railroad locomotives and cars
  - Power rails on subway systems
     Gas compressor station controls
- Control panels used to regulate electrical equipment
- Circuit breakers and voltage regulators
- Computer, radar, or mission control devices
- Aircraft refueling systems

Examine systems for short circuits or broken wires



- Follow blueprints and ensineering drawings to repair equipment
- Use special testing devices to test electrical equipment

Take electrical units apart, using handtools Repair or replace defective wiring in ignition, lighting, and safety-control systems

Adjust the timing of ignition systems
Rebuild electical units, such as starters or control panels
Splice wire with a knife or cutting pliers
Connect wires, following wiring diagrams
Solder connections to fixtures, outlets, and equipment

Measure distances with a rule to law out work
Drill bolt holes through castings with a power drill
Drive rivets into holes, using a rivet sun

Build brackets and supports, using metal cutting saws, a drillpress, grinders, and files Talk with manufacturers to suggest changes in the design of control and testing systems Work under contract as an APPRENTICE while learning the electrian's job

#### HOURS OF WORK/TRAVEL

Some of these jobs may require travel to various work sites to inspect and repair relectrical equipment.

#### SAMPLE PLACES OF WORK

- Manufacturing plants, including those that make:
  - . Aircraft
  - . Aluminum
  - Automobiles
  - · Chemicals

- Iron and steel
- Locomotives
- Machinery

- Public utility companies
- Mining companies
- Railroad companies
   Federal, State, and Local sovernments
- Airline companies
- Auto repair shops
- Military services

### 616 HEATING, AIR-CONDITIONING, AND REFRIGERATION MECHANICS

These MECHANICS install, maintain, and repair equipment used to heat and cool buildings and to store food, druss, and other items that can spoil. They may specialize in \installation or repair work or in servicins a particular type of equipment. They inspect and test units for defects, take faulty units apart, and repair or replace parts. They follow blueprints or other technical instructions, and use handtools, power tools, and measuring devices. They may clean parts, replace filters, adjust controls, assemble switches, and cut and connect pipes.

#### SAMPLE WORK ACTIVITIES

- ⊸ Install, service, and repair air conditioning units in private homes and businesses
  - . Check units for defects, by watching and listening to them as they operate Take units apart and repair or

replace parts, such as switches, relays, fan motors, and thermostats. Replace filters and adjust controls

- Install and repair industrial and business refriserating systems

. Follow blueprints, engineering plans, and diagrams

. Lay out reference points for parts of systems, using measuring

instruments

Install mounting brackets in floors

and walls Lift units into position, using a

hoist

Screw, bolt, rivet, and weld, parts to assemble components such as motors, controls, and switches

. Cut, thread, and connect pipe to water or power systems Read gauses to adjust valves,

controls, and pumps Drain oil and pump das from units so they can be worked on . Test lines, units, and connections

for sas leaks

. Record pressure and temperature readings

- Install and repair hot air furnaces and stoves, using handtools and pipe-threading tools
  - . Build concrete foundations for furnaces

Assemble and position heating units

. Install air ducts, smoke pipes, blowers, and stokers

Install fuel pipes

. Connect and adjust timers and thermostats (temperature control devices)

### HOURS OF WORK/TRAVEL

These MECHANICS work in homes, office buildings, factories, and other places that have heating or cooling equipment. They may drive from Job to Job during the work day.

#### SAMPLE PLACES OF WORK

Cooling and heating contractors Fuel oil dealers

- Gas utility companies
- Food chain stores

- School systems - Manufacturers

Any organization that operates large heating, cooling, or refrigeration systems

For yourself, as an independent contractor



## 617 HISCELLANEOUS MECHANICS AND REPAIRERS

These workers install, maintain, and repair various kinds of equipment, machinery, and precision instruments. They may install and maintain heating, air conditioning, and refrigeration equipment. Some work on watches, cameras, thermostats, or control valves. Others tune and repair musical instruments. They may install elevators, ris lines for moving the equipment, or install and maintain beauty equipment, or install and maintain beauty equipment. heavy equipment, or install and maintain heavy, complex machinery.

#### 6171 CAMERA, WATCH, AND OTHER PRECISION INSTRUMENT REPAIRERS

These workers repair and adjust precision instruments and equipment, such as cameras, watches, scales, meters, and special types of handtools. They follow blueprints and diagrams to build, test, and adjust instruments. They assemble electrical components and test circuits and assemblies. They use handtools to take apart, repair, assemble, and adjust instruments. They also may use metalworking machines to make precision parts. They may clean and lubricate equipment parts or file and home sears. They also may install equipment.

## SAMPLE WORK ACTIVITIES

Repair and adjust precision instruments such as:



- Weishing scales
- Gyroscopes.
- Torque wrenches and other precision tools
- Devices that measure and control seed, temperature, force, or chemical properties
- Control systems used in nuclear plants
- Histometers (instruments used to measure the moisture in the air) Fare registers used in taxicabs and

- . subway systems
- . Gas meters . Watches
- Range finders and other optical instru**ment**s
- Cameras and other photographic
- equipment Electric meters and test instruments
- Street lights and traffic signals
- Telephones, burslar alarms, and public.address systems

- Follow blueprints and sketches

- Test circuits in instruments, using meters and gauges Inspect instruments for defects, using a special magnifier
- Adjust meters to correct defective readings
- Take instruments apart and replace worn or damaged parts Straighten, clean, and repaint parts of instruments. Clean meters and adjust their sears

- Line scales into degrees, using a drafter's pen
- Use metalworkins machines and measuring and testing instruments to make parts for precision instruments
- Assemble wires, insulation, and electrical components
- File and home mechanical parts of instruments so that their sears will mesh (fit together)

- Make parts for cameras, using a bench lather grinder, and drill press
  Move equipment using hoists and rollers
  Keep test result records and write reports
  Work under contract as an APPRENTICE while learning the INSTRUMENT TECHNICIAN'S job
  Work under contract as an APPRENTICE while learning the WATCH REPAIRER'S trade

## HOURS OF WORK/TRAVEL

- Some WATCH REPAIRERS work part time out of their homes.
- ELECTRIC METER REPAIRERS install and repair meters in businesses, industrial plants, and private homes. Local travel is generally required. Workers who install and repair medical, industrial, or photographic equipment also may travel locally.

## SAMPLE PLACES OF WORK

- Jewelry stores and watch repair shops
- Watch and clock manufacturers
- Utility companies
- Industrial plants
- Tool manufacturers
- Companies that manufacture and repair precision measuring instruments, such as meters
- Companies that make, repair, and install photographic equipment
- Businesses that specialize in repairing precision instruments and industry that makes or uses precision instruments or equipment

### 6172 MUSICAL INSTRUMENT REPAIRERS AND TUNERS

These workers repair and tune all kinds of musical instruments, including pianos, harps, drums, and horns. Most specialize in one type of instrument. They examine and play the instruments to determine repairs needed. They may replace worn or broken parts, refinish surfaces, slue cracked parts, replace strings, or reshape parts. They may cut out broken sections of instruments and carve replacement parts. They may clean, varnish, and buff instruments to protect and decorate them. They use handtools, tuning devices, and measuring instruments. ()

#### SAMPLE WORK ACTIVITIES

Repair and tune musical instuments such as:

- . Accordions and concertinas
- . Banjos, guitars, and ukeleles
- Pianos and orsans
- Cellos, violoas, and violins
- Brass, wind, and woodwind instruments
  - Harps
- . Drums, cambals, and xalophones
- Inspect and play instruments to determine defects
- Take musical instruments apart, using handtools
- Test keyboards, pedals, and action assemblies on pianos or organs

Recover bellows with sateen and cloth Make replacement parts, using woodworking machines and handtools

Glue cracked parts

Remove cracked or broken sections, using a heated knife and handtools - Cut out broken sections and carve replacement parts
- Reshape parts, using handtools
- Remove dents in metal parts, using a mallet
- Wash metal parts in solutions to remove lacquer and tarnish
- Adjust the pitch of instruments to match with the pitch of a tuning fork

- Clean organ pipes with a vacuum cleaner - Cut new drumheads from animal skin; using scissors - Sand, paint, and clean drum shells

Replace the bow hair of stringed instrument bows

- Fit wood and metal parts together - Put instruments back together and play notes and chords to determine the accuracy of the

### HOURS OF WORK/TRAVEL

Some Jobs require visits to homes or businesses to repair or tune instruments that are difficult to bring to a shop.

#### SAMPLE PLACES OF WORK

- Musical instrument sales or repair shops
- Piano and organ dealers
- Musical instrument manufacturers

#### 6173 LOCKSMITHS AND SAFE REPAIRERS

These people work with locks, keys, safes, vaults, and alarm systems. LOCKSMITHS help people set into cars, buildings, or safes that have been locked by accident or that have broken locks. They may pick locks, make duplicate keys or open locks by listening to the lock dial as it rotates. They also repair and replace worn tumblers, springs, and other parts of locks. SAFE REPAIRERS install and repair safes and vaults. They follow blueprints and use handtools and power tools and machines.

# SAMPLE WORK ACTIVITIES

- Take padlocks, safe locks, door locks and other locks apart to repair them

- Take Padlocks, sare locks, door locks and other locks apart to repair their Put new or remained tumblers into locks to change their combination

  Use a lockpick to open locks without keys

  Open safe locks by listening to lock sounds

  Keep records of company locks and keys

  Install safes and vault doors in banks and other places

  Follow blueprints to install deposit boxes in banks

  Use power drills, taps and dies, and a truck crane to install a valt door

  Remove remain, and reinstall valt and safe equipment
- Use lathes, drill presses, welding equipment, and torches to remove and repair safes

Test locks and locking devices

LOCKSMITHS and SAFE REPAIRERS who handle emergency calls must drive from job to Job. They

work evenings and weekends and sometimes work outside.
Some LOCKSHITHS have contracts with businesses to change safe combinations and rekey locks at

set times. They travel frequently, but have regular rounds and hours. Other LOCKSHITHS work in shops that specialize in repair work, key duplicating, and sales. Travel is not required.

### SAMPLE PLACES OF WORK

- Locksmith shops
- Safe repair shops
- Hardware and department stores that offer locksmith services to the public
- Firms that have a large number of locks that have to be maintained, such as:
  - Government asencies
    - Schools
  - . Large industrial plants
- Safe and lock manufacturers

### 6174 OFFICE MACHINE REPAIRERS

These workers install, service, and repair office machines, such as typewriters, adding machines, cash registers, and copiers. They make regular visits to offices and stores in an assigned area to service customers, machines. They also handle emergency breakdowns. They use handtools, powertools, bluerrints, and electrical test equipment. Many specialize in one type of machine.

### SAMPLE WORK ACTIVITIES

Install and service collators, sorters, and other office machines

Operate machines to test their moving parts and listen for sounds that indicate problems Use meters to test machines and find causes of trouble Adout typewriters so that their type spacing will be even

Use special handtools to bend or straighten type bars

Space and line up upper and lower case characters on typewriter keyboards. Follow wiring charts to put together tabulating machines. Tighten or loosen sears and electrical connections in machines.

Install printing units on punched card office machines
 Follow blueprints and drawings to repair mail-processing equipment
 Test and repair cash registers, using handtools, power tools, and circuit test meters
 Replace faulty tubes and transistors in dictating machines

- Clean and oil the moving parts of machines

## HOURS OF WORK/TRAVEL

OFFICE MACHINE REPAIRERS travel a great deal because they usually visit a number of customers each work day.

#### SAMPLE PLACES OF WORK

Business machine manufacturers and dealers

- Firms that provide maintenance services for business machines - Large companies that employ their own staff of full-time repairers

Repair shors



# 6175 HECHANICAL CONTROLS AND VALVE REPATRERS

These workers install, repair, and adjust mechanical control devices, such as sas regulators, thermostats (temperature control devices), and safets valves. These devices are used in a variets of equipment, including aircraft, power tools, and home appliances. They use handtools and may use power equipment such as metalworking machines, lathes, and strinders. They inspect equipment for defects, clean and repair parts, and may make replacement parts. They often work from blueprints on drawings and use provision instruments to their recombilities. from bluerrints or drawings and use precision instruments to test assemblies.

### SAMPLE WORK ACTIVITIES

- Install, test, repair, and adjust equipment such as:
  - . Pumps, generators, and valves used in rocket ensines and aircraft

. Gas welding equipment

, Pneumatic tools and air motors

. Hydraulic door closers

- . Lubricating equipment . Spray-paint guns and paint-mixing
- machines
- . Safety valves used on railway cars
- . Valves and pipefittings used in oil refinery pipelines
- . Gas meters and electric power meters . Brazins equipment
- Follow sketches, catalogs, parts lists, and charts to repair equipment

- Listen to equipment operate to locate the cause of trouble - Test assemblies for leaks and cycle operations

- Check connections for defects, such as shorts, grounds, and loose pipe joints
- Drill out broken screws or bolts, using an electric hand drill
- Remove scales and rust from parts, using a grinding wheel
- Brush a soap compound on air connections to detect leaks

- Make replacement parts from metal, wood, or plastic, using power tools, a lathe, and a grinder

- Replace defective parts with new or rebuilt ones - Die parts in chemical solutions to clean them

Remove dirt and rust from parts, using an electric wire brush
 Use sandblasting equipment to clean fittings

- Turn setscrews to adjust meters - Screw, solder, or braze parts together to reassemble repaired units

- Order new parts by catalog number, size, and type

- Keep records of repairs made

## HOURS OF WORK/TRAVEL

- These workers may make emergency repairs at night or on weekends. This is particularly true for industrial machinery repairers.

Some of these Jobs require local travel to make service or repair calls at homes or businesses.

### SAMPLE PLACES OF WORK

- Manufacturing plants, including those that produce or process:
  - . Aircraft or rockets

. Chemicals

- Food products
- Instruments and appliances
- . Machinery
- Movie studios
- Welding shops
- Construction companies
- Utility companies
- Home appliance dealerships and repair shops

- . Metals or metal products
- . Paper or paper products
- . Railroad locomotives and cars . Transportation equipment



### 6176 ELEVATOR INSTALLERS AND REPAIRERS

These workers install, repair, and service elevators, escalators, and similar equipment. install this equipment during construction and replace and repair equipment already in place in buildings. To install elevators, they erect steel frames and bolt heavy steel guide rails to shaft walls. They install electrical wires and controls, circuit breakers, and switches. They also assemble elevator cars and car platforms. They use many different handtools, power tools, and testing meters and gauges.

#### SAMPLE WORK ACTIVITIES

- Use test lamps, and volt meters to test elevator motors and switches
- Check escalators and dumb-waiters to make sure they meet safety requirements
- Take apart defective units and repair or replace locks, sears, cables, or wiring Install push-button controls to make elvators more modern
- Oil bearings on elevators
- Study bluerrints to lay out elevator sections Weld brackets to support rails and framework
- Install cables, pumps, and motor foundations
   Connect electric wires to control panels and motors
- Use a hoist to position motors and equipment

### HOURS OF WORK/TRAVEL

- Generally, these workers have a standard 35-40 hour work week.

#### SAMPLE PLACES OF WORK

- Elevator manufacturers
- Local contractors who specialize in elevator maintenance and repair
- Government asencies and business firms that do their own elevator maintenance and repair

### **6177 RIGGERS**

RIGGERS set up and repair ropes, chains, and other devices used to support and position equipment and materials. Some install and repair rissing used on ships to lift and move heavy loads or support masts and sails. In other jobs, they assemble rissing to lift and move equipment, materials, and workers at plants, shippards, and construction sites. ACROBATIC RIGGERS put up equipment for aerial and acrobatic acts in circuses, carnivals, and other shows. RIGGERS use many different kinds of tools and equipment to do their work.

### SAMPLE WORK ACTIVITIES

- Make, install, and repair rissins and weight-handling sear on ships

- Attach hoists and pulling gear to rigging to lift, move, and position machinery Loop and splice cable to form slings and towing bridles
  Splice and tie rope to form nets, ladders, and other rigging
- Sew canvas on rissins, using sail line and sailmaker's tools

- Select and attach sear and braces to rissins
  Install and repair ship's rissins such as masts, booms, and saffs
  Select cable, ropes, pulleys, winches, and blocks to be used in rissins
  Instruct workers who hoist and move loads with rissins
  Use hand tools and power wrenches to set up and ris hoistins equipment Drill holes in a platform and fasten metal plates to hold steel rods
- Stretch wire or rope between steel rods
- Climb ladders to attach ropes, swinsing trapezes, and other rissing to ceilings
- Put up safety nets for his-hwire and trapeze acts



(No Information)

## SAMPLE PLACES OF WORK

Companies that build ships

- Shipping companies

- Construction companies that build roads, buildings, bridges, and other large structures

Manufacturing companies Companies that put on circuses, carnivals, and other shows that use rigging Any company or business that uses rigging

#### **6178 HILLWRIGHTS**

MILLWRIGHTS install, repair, and maintain complex machiners. They perform all tasks required to prepare machinery for use in plants. This way include building concrete or wooden platforms on which heavy machines are mounted, building structures, or directing workers to do the Jobs. They work from bluerrints and use all types of building materials and tools. They do a variety of installation work or specialize in certain types of machiners. They may take apart old equipment to make room for new machines.

## SAMPLE WORK ACTIVITIES

- Build and repair equipment used to load and unload ships' carso
- Install machiners used to emboss, die-cut, and score paper
- Talk with ensineers to plan the lawout of equipment Arrange machine parts on floorspace

- Direct workers to position equipment Put together and install electrical units
- Adjust machine controls Repair and service equipment
- Test hydraulic turbines

- Study bluerrints to see how machines operate Operate machines to see how they work Use wood, cement, and steel to build foundations for machines
- Roll, weld, and rivet machine parts Drill, tap, or ream holes in machine parts Bend and install pipe Test machiners that has been installed

#### HOURS OF WORK/TRAVEL

MILLWRIGHTS employed by construction companies and companies that make and install machinery may have periods of unemployment. Often, these MILLWRIGHTS must travel.

### SAMPLE PLACES OF WORK

- Manufacturing companies
- Construction contractors



## 6179 MECHANICS AND REPAIRERS, N.E.C.

Workers in these Jobs repair and service a wide variety of equipment. For example, some service machine duns and other weapons used by the military. Some repair department store mannequins. Some repair survival equipment, such as life rafts and pressure suits. Some salvade usable parts from wrecked cars, or repair and reline ladles used to pour hot metals. Most use handtools, and some use power tools and machinery as well.

### SAMPLE WORK ACTIVITIES

- Repair wax patterns used in casting processes at a foundry
  - Seal cracks, seams, and joints, using wax and a heated knife
- Repair and reline ladles used to your molten metals
  - Patch cracked ladle linings by covering them with clay
  - . Dry and bake new linings, using a blowtorch
- Repair worn and damaged equipment used by refinery workers
  - Examine rubber boots and sloves and fill them with water to detect leaks
  - . Mend holes in rubber gloves with rubber Patches
- . Mend leaky metal buckets by soldering their holes
- . Grind dull tools with a srinder
- Forse and repair a variety of metal objects in a blacksmith's shop.
  - Heat metal stock in a forse or furnace
  - Hammer stock into specified sizes and shapes
- . Work under contract as an Apprentice while learning the Blacksmith's craft
- Repair broken or cracked casting and forgings
  - Calculate the size, depth, and position of cracks
  - Use airhammers, drills, and grinders to smooth and finish castings
- Salvage usable parts from wrecked cars and trucks
  - . Take vehicles apart, using handtools, bolt cutters, and torches Clean parts and store them in bins
- according to condition and part number . Sort, pile, and load scrap on railroad cars or trucks
- Service machine suns and other weapons used on military aircraft
  - . Take apart, clean, oil, and repair machine sun mounts and bomb hoists
  - · Inspect electric circuits, following wiring diagrams
- Service equipment used to control naval suns
- Repair and replace parts of motors
   Test fire weapons and ammunition
- Repair other equipment such as:
  - . Life rafts, pressure suits and other survival equipment
  - Firefishtins equipment
  - Damaged or worn tents and awnings

  - . Damaged parachutes Dental office equipment

- Wooden and fiberslass boats
- Swimmins rool equipment
- . Mining facilities
- Damased or worn books
  Damased car and truck tires

# HOURS OF WORK/TRAVEL

 These people work in a variety of Jobs and settings. Work hour and travel requirements vary. Many Jobs involve work at a factory or plant, where shift work may be required. Some Jobs may be seasonal. Some Jobs may offer opportunity for temporary or part-time work.

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## SAMPLE PLACES OF WORK

- Foundries
- Ore refineries

- Fibers industries
   Wholesale trade firms
   Military services
   Auto service stations
   Government asencies
   Construction companies
- Companies that make and/or service products such as:
  - . Firearms

  - Hats and caps
    Instruments and appliances
    Pens and pencils
    Plastic products

- . Shirs and boats

- . Sports equipment . Swimmins pools . Textiles and related products
- Any business or industry that makes or uses a large amount of equipment that must be serviced or repaired

## 6299 CONSTRUCTION AND EXTRACTIVE OCCUPATIONS

These workers build and repair structures or remove resources from the ground. They use handtools and heavy equipment which they set up and maintain. They may build houses, construct steel frames for high-rise buildings, or build bridges and roads. Others may wire or plumb buildings, or do finishing work. Workers in extractive occupations may mine for coal, set explosives to loosen earth, or locate and drill for oil deposits.

## 63 SUPERVISORS: CONSTRUCTION AND EXTRACTIVE OCCUPATIONS

These workers supervise the activities of workers or crews who build structures or extract resources from the earth. They determine the workers, materials, and supplies needed to meet work schedules or complete a job. They assign duties and check work. They study work orders, keep work records, and enforce safety rules. They may hire and fire workers, set up and help maintain equipment, and perform some of the duties of the workers they supervise.

## 631 SUPERVISORS: CONSTRUCTION

These workers supervise the activities of other construction workers. overall construction crew activities or they may supervise workers in a particular trade such as carpentry or bricklaying. Supervisors determine the workers, materials, and supplies needed to meet work schedules. They assign duties and check work to insure that it meets company standards and construction codes. They hire workers, enforce rules, and keep records.

## 6311 SUPERVISORS; OVERALL/CONSTRUCTION

These workers supervise and coordinate the activities of construction crews. They study work assignments and determine the workers, materials, and supplies needed to meet work schedules. They interpret work orders, specifications, and technical drawings. They train new workers, assign duties; review completed work; and solve work problems. They order materials and supplies; keep work records; set up equipment; and may perform many of the tasks of the crew members. They also prepare progress reports and recommend ways to improve work methods and conditions.

#### SAMPLE WORK ACTIVITIES

- Supervise one or more crews of workers who do such things as:
  - . Build tunnels or dams
  - . Build hishways, pipelines, or similar construction projects
  - Build houses and buildings Construct manholes and vaults

  - . Install street light poles . Las pipe for phone, power, water,
- and sewage systems
- . Dredse waterways
- . Operate blasting equipment . Maintain wiring, heating, and water supply systems in buildings
- Maintain highways, roads and rightsof-way
- Help sureriors plan construction procedures, work schedules, and material needs
- Read and interpret blueprints and work orders Determine the spacing, line-up, and depth of blast holes
- Direct workers in using equipment

- Plan and coordinate all maintenance to roads in a siven district Check structures to make sure they meet safety resulations Inspect work in progress to see that quality standards and work schedules are being met Compile reports of the costs of completed work



### HOURS OF WORK/TRAVEL

Jobs may require travel to project sites many miles away from home. Some CONSTRUCTION SUPERVISORS spend long periods of time in temporary quarters near construction sites and commute home on weekends.

### SAMPLE PLACES OF WORK

Construction companies

- State and city public works departments

- State hishway departments Utility commanies Construction contractors

## 6312 SUPERVISORS: BRICKHASONS, STONEHASONS, AND HARD TILE SETTERS

These people supervise workers who build or repair structures such as walls, walks, and chimness. They determine the workers and materials needed to complete assignments, plan work methods and procedures, assign duties, and check the quality of work done. They train workers, interpret work drawings, and enforce safety rules. They solve difficult work problems and may perform many of the tasks of the workers they supervise. They may also hire and fire workers, order supplies, set up equipment, keep work records, and write progress reports.

### SAMPLE WORK ACTIVITIES

- Supervise workers who:
  - . Lay brick, tile, cinderblock, or other materials to build or repair walls
  - . Build brick chimneys or smokestacks
- for industrial plants . Build stone structures such as piers
- . Lay walks and curb stones
- Assisn workers to specific duties
- Measure distances and law out the first tier of bricks
   Train new workers in the use of handtools
   Direct workers who raise scaffolds
   Inspect scaffolds for safety

- Inspect work in progress to see that specifications are met
- Keep time and progress records

### HOURS OF WORK/TRAVEL

- These Jobs often require local travel to supervise projects at construction sites. Work hours may be affected by the weather.

## SAMPLE PLACES OF WORK

- Special trade, building, or seneral contracting firms

Government agencies and businesses that do their own construction and alteration work For yourself, as a self-employed contractor for small Jobs such as ratios, walks, fireplaces



### 6313 SUPERVISORS: CARPENTERS AND RELATED WORKERS

These people supervise workers who build, install, and repair wooden structures. They study work assistments and determine the workers, materials, and supplies needed to complete them. They plant work methods and procedures, order supplies, assign duties, and check work to see that standards are met. They train workers, interpret bluepints, and enforce safety rules. They solve work problems and may perform duties of the workers they supervise. They also evaluate worker performance, prepare progress reports, and keep work records.

### SAMPLE WORK ACTIVITIES

- Supervise workers who:
  - . Build, install, and repair wooden
  - structures and fixtures
    Build plasterboard walls and ceilings
  - . Fasten lathing to walls
  - . Prepare walls for painting or papering
- . Build and repair wooden boats,
- floats, and lifecraft Law hardwood floors
- . Build wooden forms to hold concrete
- . Install sky lights, desks, and
- cabinets
- Study bluerints to determine the dimensions of structures
   Use math formulas to estimate the worker hours and materials required to complete jobs
   Prepare cost estimates for work contracts
   Determine the order in which work activities should be done

- Select materials and structural units, such as lumber, premade doors, and paneling
- Train and assist workers
  Law out floor plans and cabinet work, using a rule, framing square, and calibers
  Measure and mark the location of metal framing on walls and ceilings

- Assign specific duties, such as installing cabinets or doors
   Use measuring tools to check the alignment of walls
   Inspect work to see that company standards and building code requirements are met

#### HOURS OF WORK/TRAVEL

- Some of these Jobs require travel to construction sites. A few involve work aboard ships, freighters, or tankers at sea or docked at ports or harbors.

### SAMPLE PLACES OF WORK

- Carpentry contractors and homebuilders
- Government asencies
- Utility companies
- Manufacturing firms
- Construction companies and seneral contractors
- Ship-building firms
- Shirlines
- For yourself, as an independent contractor

# 6314 SUPERVISORS: ELECTRICIANS AND POWER TRANSMISSION INSTALLERS

These people supervise workers who install and remain wiring and electrical equipment. They study assignments and determine the workers, materials, and supplies needed to complete them. They plan work methods and procedures, order supplies, assign duties, and check to see that finished work meets set standards. They train new workers and enforce safety rules. They interpret blueprints and diagrams and handle difficult work problems. They evaluate worker performance, prepare progress reports, and may perform tasks of the workers they supervise.



#### SAMPLE WORK ACTIVITIES

- Supervise Workers who:
  - . Build, maintain, and repair electrical systems of power plants
  - Install and repair wiring and electrical equipment in buildings or
- ships . Repair electrical systems in vehicles
- Plan the wiring and installation of equipment such as motors, generators, and switches

- Read and interpret blueprints and diagrams

- Plan work procedures

- Estimate the worker hours and materials required to complete Jobs
   Assisn specific duties to workers
   Train new workers in the use of testing equipment
   Resolve worker and customer complaints
   Inspect wiring and fixtures to see that they meet building code specifications
- Use test equipment, such as voltmeters, to test circuits and wiring

#### HOURS OF WORK/TRAVEL

- Many of these jobs require local travel to supervise the repair or installation of outdoor or
- A few of these jobs involve work aboard ships or tankers. Workers in these jobs may spend time at sea or at harbors or docks.

#### SAMPLE PLACES OF WORK

- Manufacturing plants, including those that produce:
  - . Automobiles
  - Machinery
  - Chemicals
  - Iron and steel
  - . Aircraft
- Construction companies
- Electrical contractors
- Public utilities, including power plants and telephone companies
- Mining companies
- Railroad companies
- Federal, State, and Local sovernment facilities
- Shipbuilding firms
- Shirlines
- Harbors and docks

#### 6315 SUPERVISORS; PAINTERS, PAPERHANGERS, AND PLASTERERS

These people supervise the activities of workers who paint, plaster, or hans wallpaper. They study work schedules and decide how man's workers will be needed to complete different Jobs: They explain tasks to workers, assign duties, check work, explain company policies, and enforce safety rules. They help workers solve problems and may work along with them, hire and fire workers, or recommend them for promotion. They also train new workers, keep work records, and order materials and supplies.

#### SAMPLE WORK ACTIVITIES

- Explain company policies to workers



 Train new workers in the use of painting equipment

Inspect surfaces to be painted to see if they need to be scraped or sandblasted

. Assign duties to workers who paint

- ships Check poster panels to see what size they are before they are covered with ads
- Study bluerrints to figure out the number of workers and amount of materials which will be needed to plaster
- Show workers how to mix and apply plaster, stucco, and cement Help workers mix and blend paint,
- remove old paint, and repair and clean
- Check rainted surfaces to see if they meet certain standards Inspect plastered surfaces for quality of work

#### HOURS OF WORK/TRAVEL

(No Information)

#### SAMPLE PLACES OF WORK

Building contractors

Organizations that own or manage large buildings such as hotels, offices, factories, and schools

For yourself, as an independent contractor

### 6316 SUPERVISORS: PLUMBERS, PIPEFITTERS, AND STEAMFITTERS

These people supervise workers who install and repair pipes, fittings, and fixtures for sas, oil, water, steam, and waste disposal systems. They plan work schedules, order materials and supplies, and hire and train new workers. They assign duties, check work for quality, enforce company rules, and keep work records. They follow blueprints and use precision measuring tools to plan and check work. They also solve difficult work problems and may perform duties of the workers they supervise.

### SAMPLE WORM ACTIVITIES

- Hire workers for an oil pipeline project

Order tools, materials, and equipment needed to install a high-pressure system in a plant

Train new workers in the use of equipment and tools

Train new workers in the use of equipment and toqis

Explain safety rules and company policies to workers

Assign workers to install hot water systems in new homes and buildings

Inspect bathroom and heating units installed by workers to see if they meet standards

Use micrometers, rulers, and levels to check plains installed in ships

Keek records of workers' time and work done

Recommend that workers be promoted or fired

Help workers install heating and cooling units

Direct workers in repairing fire springleying machines

Direct workers who operate dissins and pipelayins machines

## HOURS OF WORK/TRAVEL

(No Information)

## SAMPLE PLACES, OF WORK

Plumbins and pipefittins contractors Construction companies Government asencies

- Public utilities

- Ship building industries.

- Aircraft manufacturers
- Plants and business where operations require the moving of liquids and gasses through pipes.
- For example:

- . Chemical plants
- . Food-processing plants
- . Petroleum industries
- For yourself, as an independent contractor

## 6318 SUPERVISORS: OTHER CONSTRUCTION TRADES

These people supervise workers who build chimneys, erect structures, move houses, mix concrete, or do similar work at building or mining sites. They study assignments and determine the workers, materials, and supplies needed to complete them. They assign duties to workers and check work for quality. They train new workers, explain company policies, and enforce safety rules. They handle work problems, prepare progress or other reports, and may hire and fire workers. They may set up machines and equipment and often perform some or many of the tasks of the workers they supervise.

#### SAMPLE WORK ACTIVITIES

- Direct workers who repair and maintain railway rights-of-way
  - Issue instructions to workers who build and repair roadways, bridges, and other structures
  - Send work crews and materials to derailment sites to make necessary repairs
- Inspect equipment along the right-of-way to see that standards are met
- . Direct workers who keep time and work records
- Supervise workers who build chimness and similar structures
  - . Read bluerrints and measure distances to law out work
  - Direct workers in setting forms, erecting steel supports, and pouring
- . Watch work in progress to make sure that safety and work standards are met
- Supervise work crews that erect structural steel
  - , Mark locations for new rivet holes
  - Direct workers to drill and ream new holes
  - . Help workers perform tasks, such as riveting, welding, and bolting
- Supervise workers who restore land areas after mining operations
  - Study survey data (information) and talk with mining officials to plan restoration projects
  - . Direct crews to fill, grade, and
- contour land
- . Inspect equipment for safety
- . Keep records of land areas restored
- Supervise a field crew that collects earth samples for lab tests
  - Direct workers who transport bulldozers, trucks, and drilling machines to work areas
  - Record the location, depth, and soil content of earth samples
- Supervise workers who maintain roads and flood-control facilities along power line right-of-
  - Review work orders to determine the
  - types of equipment required for a Job Examine maps and blueprints to determine the location of power lines
- Direct the paving of areas in and around power plants
- . Instruct workers in the use of tractors and road smaders



Supervise workers who do such things as:

. Drive pilings into the ground to make building foundations

- Install tile in buildings Make and repair wooden molds used to cast concrete
- . Cut and set marble slabs used in walls
- . Cut and install glass windows

. Cover roofs with tile

. Repair and overhaul aircraft cabin fixtures

. Prepare and apply concrete to make hishways and dams

. Put up premade houses . Move houses and other buildings

. Erect metal storage tanks

### HOURS OF WORK/TRAVEL

These people often work in offices and at construction sites. They may travel from place place to check or supervise activities at various project sites.

### SAMPLE PLACES OF WORK

- Construction companies

Railroad companies

Mining and quarrying companies Light, heat, and power companies

- Water companies

Concrete mixing companies

- Airlines or aircraft manufacturers Firms that manufacture or move buildings

### 632 SUPERVISORS: EXTRACTIVE OCCUPATIONS

These people supervise workers who drill oil wells or blast and cut materials to be mined. They study production schedules, determine the workers and equipment required, and plan work procedures and schedules. They interpret job orders, assign duties, and enforce safety rules. They also help solve work problems and check work for quality. They keep time and production records, and may order materials and supplies. They also may hire, train, and fire workers.

### SAMPLE WORK ACTIVITIES

- Supervise workers who drill oil and sas wells
  - Flan the delivery of drilling tools, fuel, water, and other surplies to the drill site
  - Direct workers to put up, take down, and move drilling riss
  - Direct crews to operate power units and drilling equipment
- . Order the types of drill bits to be used
- . Direct workers to install devices which control the flow of oil when the wells begin to produce
- Order the maintenance and repair of. equipment
- Supervise workers at a rock quarry
  - . Schedule work assignments

  - Set off explosive charges Compile production and shipping records
  - . Settle work-related disputes
- Direct mining workers who operate bulldczers, conveyors, and other devices to load coal into trucks and railroad cars

. Talk with other supervisors to plan daily work schedules

. Coordinate the use of hoists used to raise and lower equipment, workers, and supplies in an underground mine . Direct workers to unload materials from trucks and railroad cars

, Inspect equipment for defects and schedule needed repairs

. Conduct safety meetings

- Supervise workers who blast, remove, and crush ores in open-pit mines

. Plan the location and drilling of blast holes

Train workers in drilling blast

holes and firing explosives . Direct workers in loading and removing ore from the mine

Direct the loading, unloading, and assembly of a dredge used to mine gravel

. Operate a dredse

Assign new workers to experienced workers for on-the-job training

. Evaluate workers' job performance

and recommend that they be promoted or fired"

. Keep production records

Supervise workers who harvest, transport, and wash raw salt taken from fond beds

### HOURS OF WORK/TRAVEL

Hany of these Jobs require that workers move from place to place, since work at a particular site may be completed in a few months. Some workers may be away from home for weeks or months at a time.

### SAMPLE PLACES OF WORK

- Oil companies

Companies that specialize in drilling or cleaning oil and sas wells. Mining and quarrying companies

- Construction companies

#### **44 CONSTRUCTION TRADES**°

These workers build and repair buildings and other structures. They may work as bricklayers or stone masons, building walls, sewers, smokestacks, abutments, or riers. Others may be tile setters who apply ceramic tile to walls, floors, and ceilings to create decorative coverings. Carrenters build and repair wooden structures such as house frameworks, doors, cabinets, and stairs. Some workers install drawally which may be used instead of plaster on ceilings and walls.

### 641 BRICKMASONS, STONEMASONS, AND HARD TILE SETTERS

Workers in these occupations use various materials to build and decorate structures. They may use brick, concrete, or cinder blocks to build or repair walls, sewers, boilers, furnaces, or smokestacks. They may use stone to build or repair walls, abutments, or piers. Decorative work is done by hard tile setters who apply ceramic tile to walls, floors, and ceilings. Workers use mortar to secure brick and stone. They use cement with tile. Some stone is bolted into place.



#### 6412 BRICKMASONS

BRICKMASONS law bricks, concrete and set cinder blocks, and similar materials to build and repair walls, sewers, boilers, furnaces, smokestacks, and structures. To put up a wall, they first build the corners at each end of the wall and stretch a line between the corners to serve as a suide for lawing the brick. They spread a bed of mortar (cement mixture) with a trowel (a flat metal tool), place bricks on the mortar bed, and then tap them into place. They cut bricks with a hammer and chisel to fit around corners.

#### SAMPLE WORK ACTIVITIES

- Use a trowel to spread a layer of mortar that serves as a base and binder for bricks
- Use a plumb bob, sauseline, and level to determine how to line up bricks.

Assemble an acid-proof brick lining in metal tanks used to store acid

- Repair kilns used to make tile, brick, and sewer pipe Calculate angles and lawers for building walls, arches, columns, and corners Repair chimness by sandblasting, filling in cracks with mortar, applying paint, and installing lightning rods
- Use handtools, spray guns, and sandblasting machines to repair coke ovens

### HOURS OF WORK/TRAVEL

(No Information)

### SAMPLE PLACES OF WORK

- Contracting firms (special trades, building, and general)
- Government agencies or businesses that do their own building and alteration
- Construction firms
  Brick and tile manufacturers
  Foundries
- Chimney cleaning businesses

Coke manufacturers

### 6413 STONENASONS

STONEMASONS build and repair stone structures such as walls, abutments, and piers. They also lay walls, curbstones, and special types of masonry for vats, tanks, and floors. They may work from drawings in which each stone has been marked for placement. To build a stone wall, they set the first layer of stones into a shallow bed of mortar. Then they line up the stones and tap them into place. They may weld or bolt pieces of metal together within the wall to hold the wall in place. They also cut stones into shapes and clean them.

## SAMPLE WORK ACTIVITIES

- Use a hammer, chisels, and other tools to shape a stone before it is set
- Line up stones with a plumbline, and finish Joints between stones with a pointing trowel

- Mend broken marble slabs to restore them to usable condition.

  Apply stone to the surface of structures to decorate them.

  Mix mortar and rour it into a trench to prepare a foundation for setting base stones.

  Use a hoist or skid to remove sections of stone from a truck bed and guide the stones onto a foundation
- Install gravestones at a cemetery
- Set stone to build a pier



#### HOURS OF WORK/TRAVEL

(No Information)

### SAMPLE PLACES OF WORK

- Construction companies

- Contracting firms (special trade, building or seneral)

- Government agencies and businesses that do their own construction and alteration

- Private homes and businesses

#### 6414 TILE SETTERS, HARD

HARD TILE SETTERS apply ceramic tile to walls, floors, and ceilings to create decorative coverings. Since tile varies in color, shape, and size, they may first arrange the tiles on a dry floor according to a plan. When the pattern looks right, they lay the tile, using cement or paste. They must first tack a mesh support to the surface to be tiled. Then they mix and spread the cement, let it dry, apply grout (a very fine cement) and tap each tile into place. They often have to cut tiles to fit into corners.

## SAMPLE WORK ACTIVITIES

- Look at blueprints and measure and mark surfaces to be covered.

- Spread a plaster or cement base over a metal screen that has been cut and attached to floor

- Mix and apply mortar

Put slue on walls and subfloors with a brush and trowel Use hand cutter to cut wall tiles to fit around bathroom fixtures Use handtools to install bathroom fixtures

Wipe grout between tiles and remove excess grout with a wet sponse

HOURS OF WORK/TRAVEL

(No Information)

### SAMPLE PLACES OF WORK

- Construction companies

Building contractors

Schools, hospitals, and private businesses

### 642 CARPENTERS AND RELATED WORKERS

Workers in these occupations use wood and dry wall to build structures. They follow bluerrints to frame and build walls. They finish interior walls with drywall instead of wet plaster. They may work with fiberslass, plastic, or plaster. They may build scaffolds for dry wall They may also build other wooden products such as floors and installation or other work. They may also build o cabinets, Measuring tools and other equipment are used.



### 6422 CARPENTERS

CARPENTERS build, install, and repair all kinds of wooden structures. They also we materials such as plastic or fiberalass. The duties of carpenters vary greatly, build house frameworks, scaffolds, and wooden forms for concrete. They may erec They also work with They may They may erect docks, bridges, and supports for tunnels and sewers; build stairs; install floors, cabinets, doors, and wood paneling; and put up tile. They follow blueprints and use measuring tools, power tools, and a variety of handtools to do their work.

### SAMPLE WORK ACTIVITIES

Work from bluerrints or spoken instructions to build and repair wooden structures of homes and buildings

Mount soundproof tile to walls and ceilings of buildings

Mark cutting and assembly lines on materials, using pencil, chalk, and marking sauge Build stairs and lay out and install wooden partitions

Build roush wooden structures such as concrete forms, tunnel supports, and temporary frame shelters

Construct premade wooden forms to form parts of a ship Use a woodworking machine to build cabinets in a carpenter's shop

Build a ship's structural woodwork and wooden sear

Build and repair wooden boats Repair wooden railroad bridses, trestles, and tunnel supports

Replace decayed, split, or crooked timber on a bridge

Install flooring, wall linings, sidings, and window sills in railroad cars

Mold, bend and laminate wood to form parts of a ship

Build å wooden storage tank Cut, fit and install supporting timbers in an underground mine

Repair doors and windows in mobile homes Put up billboards

Join precut wood, metal, and plastic board pieces to assemble a roof for a building

Make props for movie and theater productions .

### HOURS OF WORK/TRAVEL

(No Information)

### SAMPLE PLACES OF WORK

Contracting and homebuilding firms that construct, remodel, or repair buildings and other structures

Government asencies Utility companies

Manufacturing firms and other large organizations that do their own carrentry work

Boat or shipbuilding firms

Businesses that build or sell signs and billboards

#### 6424 DRYWALL INSTALLERS

These workers install and finish drywall panels. Drywall is often used instead of wet plaster to make walls and ceilings in new buildings. It consists of a thin wall of plaster between two pieces of heavy paper. Some DRYWALL INSTALLERS build metal or wooden frameworks and attach laths (wire mesh) to them so drywall can be applied. They also may fill the Joints between drywall sheets and prepare the walls for painting. At times, these workers may work from ladders and scaffolds.

### SAMPLE WORK ACTIVITIES

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 Fasten drywall panels to wall framing Use handtools and portable power tools to fasten a metal lath to walls and ceiling - Read bluerrints to find out how to install metal framing and drawall panels

- Put up metal framing and laths so drawall can be fastened to them

- Measure and mark cutting lines on drywall with a square, tare measure, and rencil
   Fit and fasten boards on walls with screws and adhesive
   Use a keyhole saw to cut openings in drywall rangls for electrical outlets, vents, or other fixtures
- Nail metal sieces around windows and doors to protect drawall edges

Use an electric hoist to move completed panels

### HOURS OF WORK/TRAVEL

(No Information)

### SAMPLE PLACES OF WORK

Construction companies

Contracting companies that specialize in drawall construction

Companies that build prefabricated buildings or mobile homes

### 443 ELECTRICIANS AND POWER TRANSHISSION INSTALLERS

These workers may install and repair electrical wiring used to distribute electrical power in buildings and ships. Or they may construct, install, and service power lines used to transmit and distribute electrical energy for such things as TV antennas, street lights, trolley cars, lightning rods, and traffic signals. They may erect poles for power lines or work on underground cable systems.

### 6432 ELECTRICIANS

ELECTRICIANS install and repair electrical wiring in buildings and ships. They follow blueprints and building plans and use handtools, power tools, and soldering irons. They connect wiring to light fixtures and power equipment. They install and test switches, relays, and circuit breakers. They may climb ladders to reach and repair equipment.

### SAMPLE WORK ACTIVITIES

- Prepare sketches that show the location of wiring
- Measure, cut, and install electrical conduits, using such tools as a hacksaw and pipe threader

Install fire or burglary alarm systems Splice wires twisting or soldering the wires together Connect wiring to light fixtures and power equipment

Install switches, relays, and circuit breaker panels

Install, inspect, and service lighting systems used at airports

Service and repair neon signs Stand in a tower truck bucket to reach and repair street lights Replace blown fuses, bulbs, and other electrical equipment

Train new workers in electrical repair work Install electrical equipment aboard a ship Work as an APPRENTICE while learning the electrian's Job

### HOURS OF WORK/TRAVEL

ELECTRICIANS usually work 8 hours a day, 5 days a week? However, they may work overtime or during nights and weekends to make emergency repairs.

#### SAMPLE PLACES OF WORK

- Electrical contractors

- Airline companies

Companies that install and remain electrical signs

Lisht, heat, and power companies

- Companies that manufacture premade buildings
- Companies that build and repair ships and boats
- Any industry that does its own electrical installation and repair work

### 6433 ELECTRICAL POWER INSTALLERS AND REPAIRERS

These workers construct, repair, and service electric power lines. This includes power cables and lines for TV antennas, trolley cars, street lights, lightning rods, and traffic signals. They may erect and repair posts or poles that support the wires and cables. They may work on underground cable systems or on overhead cables and lines. They splice, solder, and insulate wires and test them for defects. They follow bluerrints and manuals and use electricians' handtools and testing devices.

#### SAMPLE WORK ACTIVITIES

- Instabl, service, and repair:
  - . Telephone and telegraph lines
  - . Electrical power lines and cables

  - Community TV antenna cables Transformers, fuse boxes, and relays
- in underground substations
- . Poles, feeder cables, and wiring used in street-railway systems
- Climb poles and install lightning rods, phone wires, and other equipment
- Climo poles and install lightning roos, phone wires, and other equipment
   Locate the source of disturbance to an electric powerline, using electrical testing equipment
   Climb poles and towers to replace or repair overhead conductors, switches, and fuses
   Use math to determine the electrical resistance needed on wires
   Connect TV sets to an antenna system >
   Test cables and wiring to detect broken circuits or faulty connections
   String wire conductors between poles
   Splice, solder, and insulate wiring to Join sections of a powerline
   Work as LINE ERECTOR APPRENTICE

## HOURS OF WORK/TRAVEL

- These workers sometimes may work overtime or during nights or weekends to make emergency repairs.

### SAMPLE PLACES OF WORK

- Light, heat, and power companies
- Construction companies
- Any business or industry that installs and maintains its own power systems For yourself, as an independent contractor



### 644 PAINTERS, PAPERHANGERS, AND PLASTERERS.

These workers apply finishes to buildings and equipment surfaces. They may paint walls, equipment, or boats after they clean the surface and prepare it for painting. Others may cover walls, ceilings, signs, and other surfaces with wallpaper, fabric, or other coverings. Some workers finish indoor walls and ceilings with plaster coatings to help make them fireproof and sounderoof.

## 6442 PAINTERS (CONSTRUCTION AND MAINTENANCE)

These PAINTERS put paint, varnish, and other finishes on surfaces of buildings or equipment. First, they sand, scrape, or burn away old paint so that the new paint will stay on properly, When paint is hard to remove, they may loosen it with chemicals or special tools. They also remove grease, fill cracks, and brush off dust. Next, they cover surfaces with primer or sealer. Then they mix the paint and apply it with brushes, rollers, or spray guns. They may work from scaffolds or climb ladders to Paint tall structures.

### SAMPLE WORK ACTIVITIES

- Apply paint, stain, or enamel to decorate and protect surfaces and trim on a building

- APPLY PRINT, Stain, or enamed to decorate and protect surfaces and trim on a Duilding
   Use sandpaper and steel woul to remove old paint from surfaces
   Fill nail holes, cracks, and joints with putty or plaster
   Mix paints, oil, and thinner to prepare paint of a certain color
   Prepare wood and metal surfaces of boats for painting
   Spray or brush hot plastics on surfaces of ships
   Paint walls, furniture, and other parts of a movie set to make them look old
   Apply colored plastic to glass surfaces to reduce glare from sunlight
   Spray a vinyl base cost on the sheetrock walls of mobile homes to make the walls look like plaster
- Remove old paint from railroad freight cars, using a blow torch

HOURS OF WORK/TRAVEL

(No Information)

## SAMPLE PLACES\_OF WORK

- Contracting firms that build, repair, or remodel structures
- Hotels, offices, factories, schools, and other organizations that own or manage large buildings

Construction firms

Companies that build boats and ships

Motion picture studios

Railroad companies

- Private homes and businesses that require painting work to be done

### **6443 PAPERHANGERS**

PAPERHANGERS cover walls, ceilings, signs, and other surfaces with wallpaper, fabric, or other coverings. Before they cover surfaces, they wet or steam any old paper to remove it and apply a sealer so that the new covering will stay on. To cover the surface with the new material, they first measure the area to be covered and then cut strips of covering from a roll, making sure that the patterns at the top and base will match. They then apply paste to the strips, place them on the surface, and smooth them by hand or with a brush.



### SAMPLE WORK ACTIVITIES

- Measure walls and ceilings to find out the number and length of strips of paper needed to

Use sandraper to smooth rough spots on surfaces

Mix paste and use a paste brush to put paste on the backs of strips of fabric Remove old paper with a steam machine, water, or chemical remover and a scraper Staple or tack posters on walls, fences, and poles

Smear paste on a billboard, using a brush

- Use a long-handled brush to smooth and line up poster sections on billboards
- Apply acid to damp plaster to prevent lime from bleeding through a paper covering
- Cut strips from a roll of wallpaper, using shears or a razor

#### HOURS OF WORK/TRAVEL

(No Information)

#### SAMPLE PLACES OF WORK

- Contracting firms that build, repair, or remodel structures
- Construction firms

- Advertising companies

- Private homes and businesses

#### **6444 PLASTERERS**

PLASTERERS finish indoor walls and ceilings with plaster coatings to help make them fireproof and soundproof. They also apply cement, plastic, or stucco to outdoor surfaces and make decorative designs in plaster. They mix and spray or trowel plaster onto supportive wire mesh or directly on surfaces to cover them. They also create attractive plaster finishes and mold special designs to go on walls and ceilings. They use many special tools, including hawks, floats, rods, and sprayers.

#### SAMPLE WORK ACTIVITIES

Follow blueprints or spoken instructions to cover walls with coats of plaster

Direct workers to mix plaster and put up scaffolds

- Seread elaster over wood strips or a masonry base, using a trowel Roushen undercoats of elaster with a scrater (metal scraper) so the next coat of elaster will stick
- Install suide wires on building surfaces to show how thick the stucco should be

Mold and install ornamental plaster panels and trim

Recorate final costs of stucco with small stones

### HOURS OF WORK/TRAVEL

"(No Information)

### SAMPLE PLACES OF WORK

- Independent contracting firms that do plaster work
- Construction companies
- Private homes and businesses



### 645 PLUMBERS, PIPEFITTERS, AND STEAM FITTERS

These workers install pipe systems that carry water, steam, air, or other liquids or sases. They also repair piping systems and put in plumbing fixtures, appliances, and heating and cooling equipment. Some install water, gas, and waste disposal systems in buildings; oil, air, and water lines in engines; or piping systems in planes or ships. Others install complex pipe systems used by oil refineries and nuclear plants. They use wrenches, drills, saws, torches, power machines, and many other kinds of tools and equipment.

### SAMPLE WORK ACTIVITIES

- Cut, bend, and put together sections of pipe to install heat and power systems in ships
- Repair toilets, sinks, and waste disposal systems in homes and businesses

- Install and service oil burners in furnances
  Cut, thread, and bend pipes, using handtools and power tools
  Lay pipe to repair and extend gas lines between gas mains and homes
  Follow bluerints to install air, fuel, and water lines on diesel engines
  Put together and test hydraulic systems in aircraft and missiles
  Install gas-heating units in indústrial boilers

- Assemble sprinkler systems used in yards and buildings Study building plans to put in home drainage systems
- Dis ditches to law gas pipe below streets Deliver and install water-softner tanks
- Cover boilers and cooling units with asbestos or cork to reduce heat loss and deaden sound
- Install gas and water meters

### HOURS OF WORK/TRAVEL

(No Information)

### SAMPLE PLACES OF WORK

- Flumbing, pipefitting, and steamfitting contractors
- Government agencies
- Public utilities

- Ship building companies
   Aircraft manufacturers
   Petroleum, chemical and food-processing industries
- Private homes and business

### **646-7 OTHER CONSTRUCTION TRADES**

These workers help build, maintain, or tear down such structures as buildings, roads, or pipelines. They may operate air hammers or drilling equipment. They may rivet or bolt steel frameworks. Others may roof buildings or install glass. Some operate equipment to spread concrete or asphalt or pack gravel. Workers may pour and finish concrete or lay and repair railroad tracks. Some install carpet and vinyl floor coverings. Some install soft tile.

### 6462 CARPET AND SOFT TILE INSTALLERS

These workers install and replace soft floor covering such as carret and linoleum. They also may install eads that so under carrets, or cover walls and cabinets with metal or plastic tiles. They inspect surfaces to make sure they are firm, dry, and clean, and then prepare the surfaces to be covered by sanding them and filling in cracks. They also measure and mark off areas to be covered. They may cut, slue, and fit flooring; roll out, cut and tack down carret; or use putty, slue, or cement to install soft tile.



### SAMPLE WORK ACTIVITIES

- Remove worn floor covering from floors and law new floor covering
- Measure carret and cut it to the right size to fit a room
-- Law tiles on cement according to a plan
- Sew pieces of carret together by hand
- Cut and trim carret to fit along walls or door openings
- Sweep, scrape, sand, or chip dirt from floors and fill floor cracks with putty, plaster, or

measure and cut rubber, linoleym, or cork tile Spread adhesive cement over a floor to hold tiles to the floor tax tiles on cement according to a plan

Remove excess cement from joints between tiles Apply blocks, strips, or sheets of sound-deadening covering to floors

HOURS OF WORK/TRAVEL

(No Information)

#### SAMPLE PLACES OF WORK

Flooring contractors

- Repair contractors

- Retail stores that sell floor covering and offer home installation

Construction companies

Private homes and businesses

### **6463 CONCRETE AND TERRAZZO FINISHERS**

CONCRETE FINISHERS mix, pour, and finish concrete for many types of construction projects. Work may range from finishing off small jobs, such as patios and floors, to building huse dams and concrete highways. They also color concrete surfaces and make concrete beams, columns, and panels. TERRAZZO WORKERS create attractive walkways, floors, patios, and panels by exposing marble chips or pebbles on the surfaces of finished concrete.

#### SAMPLE WORK ACTIVITIES

- Level, smooth, and shape surfaces of freshly poured concrete, using a straightedge and a screed (a wooden or metal strip used to level fresh concrete)

- Use a power srinder or chisel and hammer to remove rough spots from concrete surfaces
- Mix cement, using a hoe or concrete-mixing machine
- Spread concrete to desired depths
- Use power tools to break up and repair old concrete surfaces
- Mix sand, cement, and water to make cement grout
- Clean chipped concrete with a wire brush
- Spread concrete with a wire brush

Sprinkle colored stone chips on concrete to decorate it

- Apply cement, sand, pigment, and marble chips to floors and stairways to make a strong attractive finish
- Grind and Polish terrazzo surfaces

### HOURS OF WORK/TRAVEL

- CONCRETE and TERRAZZO WORKERS may not be able to work outdoors during rain or freezing westher.



### SAMPLE PLACES OF WORK

- General contracting firms that construct entire projects, such as highways or large buildings

- Concrete work contractors

- Floor contractors

- Local public works departments - Public otilities

- Hanufacturing firms that do their own construction work - Firm that contract to install decorative floors and wall manels

- Private homes and businesses

#### **6464 GLAZIERS**

GLAZIERS install glass and mirrors in structures such as windows, doors, wall, tables, and display cases. Sometimes the glass must be cut before being installed. They measure, mark, and cut the glass to the required shape and size. They secure the glass in place with materials such as putty, rubber gaskets, metal clips, and wood molding. They also may attach metal hinges, handles, or other hardware to the glass. They use handtools and may use power cutters and grinders. They may work high above the ground.

#### SAMPLE WORK ACTIVITIES

### - Install:

. Glass in windows, skylishts, store

fronts, and display cases

Glass surfaces in walls, ceilings, and tabletors

- . Mirrors on walls, ceilings or tables
- . Glass into door frames
- .\_Glass enclosures for showers

- Hark the outline of patterns on slass

- Cut slass, using a slasscutter
- Break off excess slass by hand or with a notched tool
- Fasten slass ranes into moldings
- Smooth putty around the edges of slass ranes to seal joints
- Bolt metal hinges, handles, locks, and other hardware to slass doors

Set slass doors into frames
Set slass doors into frames
Seras slass with a tinting solution to prevent light glare
Use a crane to install large pieces of glass
Work from a scaffold high above the ground
Work under contract as an APPRENTICE while learning the GLAZIERS craft

### HOURS OF WORK/TRAVEL

- When installing large pieces of glass, GLAZIERS work in teams. They occasionally travel to small towns where few reorie, if any, are equipped and qualified to install glass in buildings.

### SAMPLE PLACES OF WORK

- Glass companies
- .. Glazins contractors
- Businesses or asencies that do their own construction work



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### **6465 INSULATION WORKERS**

INSULATION WORKERS fill or line walls, floors, and ceilings with materials such as cork or fiberalass to help keep buildings warm in the winter and cool in the summer. They also install insulation in meat storage rooms and around steam gives and boilers to prevent the transfer or loss of heat. They may paste, wire, tape, or spray the insulation onto surfaces or between surfaces. They use common handtools such as trowels, brushes, scissors, and staple guns, as well as power saws and compressors.

### SAMPLE WORK ACTIVITIES

Blow insulation into spaces within walls, floors, and ceilings Nail slabs of cork or fiberalass to walls

Cover boilers and tanks with asbestos or cork

- Insulate a railroad car
- Cut sheets of insulation into sections, using a handsaw and miter box
- Cover the sas piping in a refrigeration unit with molded plastic
- Climb a ladder to install or remove old insulation

- Apply weatherboard to the outside of buildings, using carpenter's tools

HOURS OF WORK

(No Information)

#### SAMPLE PLACES OF WORK

- Insulation contractors

- Chemical factories, petroleum refineries, powerplants, and similar places which have extensive steam installations for power, heating, and cooling Large firms that have cold-storage facilities

Construction companies

Companies that build or repair trains or railway cars

#### 6466 PAVING, SURFACING AND TAMPING EQUIPMENT OPERATORS

These people operate or tend equipment that spreads or smooths concrete, asphalt, or other materials on roads, parking lots, or airport runways. They also may use equipment that packs gravel, dirt, or other material. They move levers, push pedals, and turn handwheels to start, stor, and control spreading and packing equipment. They also may clean and replace worn machinery parts. Some of the machines these workers use must be driven.

### SAMPLE WORK ACTIVITIES

Operate a machine that spreads and levels hot asphalt on hishways and streets

- Turn valves to resulate the temperature of asphalt
   Hove levers and turn handwheels to lower attachments that spread wet concrete within forms
   Drive and operate a truck equipped with a tank that spread oil on road surfaces - Run a machine that spreads gravel, stone, and cold-mix asphalt on road surfaces
  - Tend gears on the rear of a truck that sprays hot tar on streets
  - Service and repair a machine that presses out concrete curbins on parkins lots
  - Operate a machine that cuts grooves in concrete

Tend a portable unit that heats asphalt Drive and operate a machine that lays, spaces, and ties steel rods used to strengthen concrete highway paving

- Operate a gas-powered machine that packs earth around a form - Operate a machine that breaks up pavement and drives guardrail posts into the earth



#### HOURS OF WORK/TRAVEL

(No Information)

## SAMPLE PLACES OF WORK

- Paving contractors

- Construction companies that work on hishways, dams, or airports

- State highway departments

Railroads companies

### 6467 RAIL AND TRACK LAYING EQUIPMENT OPERATORS

These people operate equipment used to law and repair railroad tracks and rails. Some of these workers drive a vehicle that moves and lays track or rails. Others operate equipment used to maintain and repair tracks. This equipment includes portable grinders, spike pullers, and teake drivers. Still others operate machines mounted on flat-bed railroad tracks. These machines are used to spread and shape crushed rock to form the foundation for railroad tracks and to level and straighten the tracks over the foundation. pus

### SAMPLE WORK APTIVITIES

- Drive a special vehicle over sections of track that are to be removed - Push controls to close a grasping device on a rail section and to lift and move the section

Use a spike puller to pell old spike from tie

Raise rails, using a hydraulic jack

Raise rails, using a hydraulic jack

Operate a machine to cut portions of tie so that the tie plate can be inserted to hold a rail

Drill holes through rails and tie plates so that bolts and spikes can be inserted

Operate a track-wrench machine to tighten or loosen bolts that hold ends of rail together

Spray ties and joints with oil to protect them from the weather

Use controls to start jacks, tampers, and scraper blades on a machine

Use-a power grinder to reshape worn railroad switch points

## HOURS OF WORK/TRAVEL

(No Information)

### SAMPLE PLACES OF WORK

- Railroad companies

Mining companies that use railroad equipment.

### **6468 ROOFERS**

ROOFERS cover the tops of buildings with materials such as asbestos, slate, wood, asphalt, aluminum, or tile to insulate them and make them waterproof. They install and repair various kinds of roofins, including tar and gravel, slate or wooden shingles, and tiles. They also may waterproof walls and floors. They measure, cut, and lay shingles and tiles, and nail or cement them to roofs. Sometimes, they spread hot tar over a roof, cover the tar with layers of roofing felt, and then add gravel to the top.



### SAMPLE WORK ACTIVITIES

- Cut roofing paper to size and nail it to the roof in overlapping strips to form a base for roofing materials

Fasten shingles to a roof with asphalt, cement or nails

- Punch holes in slate, tile, or wooden shingles, using a punch and hammer
- Hop or pour hot asphalt or tar onto a roof base
- Apply gravel or pebbles over the top layer of a roof, using a rake

- Attach shinsles to decks to waterproof them
- Spray roofs with a special foam to bind, seal, or soundproof sections of a structure
- Cut strips of flashing and fit them into angles formed by walls and vents
- Attach premade roof sections to rafters

HOURS OF WORK/TRAVEL

(No Information)

### SAMPLE PLACES OF WORK

- Roofins contractors

-Businesses and sovernment asencies that do their own construction and remair work

- Private homes and businesses

### 6472 SHEETHETAL DUCT INSTALLERS

These workers install heating or air ducts in homes, commercial buildings, and factories. The ducts are part of heating and ventilating systems. Installers follow bluerints and specifications as they fasten duct parts in place using bolts, rivets, or welding. They check fitted parts for conformity to specifications and for leaks or flaws.

### SAMPLE WORK ACTIVITIES

- . position assembled ductwork according to blueprint specifications
- use handtools, rivets, welding, and rower tools to secure ductwork
- . use calipers, scales, and micrometer to check conformance specifications
- . check system for leaks and flaws in installation

#### 6473 STRUCTURAL HETAL WORKERS

STRUCTURAL WORKERS join steel frameworks and other metal parts of structures with bolts, rivets, screws, and other fasteners. They also place steel or iron in forms used to make reinforced concrete. They help erect and put together structures such as buildings, bridges, dams, storage tanks, and playsround equipment. They use blueprints, power tools, hoisting equipment, and a variety of handtools to do their work.

### SAMPLE WORK ACTIVITIES

- Set up equipment to raise and place steel beams
- Fasten steel beams to a hoist, using a chain, cable, or rope
- 'Ride' on a steel beam to suide it into place
- Use a crowbar, Jacks, and handtools to force steel parts into place

Bolt steel or metal parts together Catch hot rivets in a bucket and use tomas to place them in holes

Cut and weld steel parts of

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- Read bluerrints to find out where to place doors, windows, and skylights

- Put together swings, slides, and other playground equipment

-Bend steel rods with handtools or a rodbending machine

### HOURS OF WORK/TRAVEL

- Some STRUCTURAL METAL WORKERS must travel some distance to work sites, while others work close to home.

#### SAMPLE PLACES OF WORK

General contracting firms

- Large steel companies that are involved in the construction of bridges, dams, and large buildings

Government asencies

- Public utilities
- Large industrial firms that do their own construction work

### 6474 DRILLERS, EARTH

EARTH DRILLERS set up and operate many kinds of earth drilling equipment. Some use drilling equipment to tap water deposits or to make space for underground pipes. Others drill holes for poles or posts or for concrete pier foundations. A few drill into the earth to remove soil samples for testing or to prepare holes to be filled with explosives used in mining and construction work.

### SAMPLE WORK ACTIVITIES

- Set up and operate a portable drilling rig to drill a water well

Assemble drilling tools, using handtools or power tools Move levers and pedals and turn handwheels to control the action of a machine that drills wells and lowers casinds into wells

Wells and lowers casinds into wells

Replace drill bits with tools that collect samples of earth or rock

Keep records of drilling progress

Operate a machine mounted on a truck to dig holes for poles or posts

Operate a mounted drilling unit to drill holes for concrete pier foundations

Set up and operate drilling equipment to obtain solid core samples from deep within the earth

Record the depths from which earth core samples were taken

### HOURS OF WORK/TRAVEL

(No Information)

### SAMPLES PLACES OF WORK

Public utilities-

Construction companies

Well drilling companies and contractors State highway departments

Mining companies



### 6475 AIRHANNER OPERATORS

AIRHANNER OPERATORS use drills rowered by compressed air to make holes in or break up ore; rock, and concrete. They may drill holes to help miners blast out rock and ore; for example, or to break up road pavement or concrete structures. They prepare for drilling by connecting air and water lines to the Jackhammer. They pull a trigger to start the drill and then lean on the hammer to guide the drill bit into the surface. At times, they may replace or sharpen drill bits. These workers must be in good physical condition.

### SAMPLE WORK ACTIVITIES

- Connect air and water lines to a jackhammer - Pull a trisser on the hammer and lean on the hammer to suide the drill into rock

- Break up sidewalks and pavements
- Replace or sharpen air-drill bits
- Drill holes in rock to set explosives charges
- Mark desired dimensions on stone, using a rule and chalkline
- Change drills or add lengths as holes get bigger

HOURS OF WORK/TRAVEL

(No Information)

### SAMPLE PLACES OF WORK

- Pavins contractors

- Construction companies

Mining and quarrying companies

### 6476 PILE DRIVING OPERATORS

These workers operate a large machine called a pilé driver that drives wood or steel pilings or posts into the earth. The pilings driven into the earth serve as foundations for structures such as buildings, bridges, and piers. PILE DRIVING OPERATORS use Hand and foot levers and turn valves to position pilings and control the action of the pile driver.

### SAMPLE WORK ACTIVITIES

- Operate a pile driver mounted on skids to drive pilings that will form the foundation of a bridge or building

Move hand and foot levers to control equipment that hoists (or lifts) piling Position the hammer over the top of a pile and move levers and turn valves to start the hammer

HOURS OF WORK/TRAVEL

(No\_Information)

### SAMPLE PLACES OF WORK

Construction companies that work on bridges, piers, or large buildings

### 6479 CONSTRUCTION TRADES, N.E.C.

People in these jobs help build, maintain, or tear down structures, such as buildings, roads and pipelines. Work duties and settings vary. For example, they may install windows and door frames in homes, place lane markers along highways, or apply siding to building walls. They may prepare buildings to be moved or install sprinkler systems. These workers often work as part of a team or crew. They use handtools and may use power tools and equipment as well.

### SAMPLE WORK ACTIVITIES

- Build casing doors in kilns
- Install metal window and door frame
- -- Work under contract as an APPRENTICE while learning to install the ornamental iron work

- Assemble aluminum swimmins pools at worksites
   Install antennas for radio or TV sets
   Tend machines that pump concrete and cement through hoses to coat surfaces
   Dis at archeological sites to unearth potters, bones, and other items
- Install underground pipe for farm irrigation systems
- Install lane markers along paved highways and streets
   Operate a machine to clean rust, scale, and dirt from pipelines
   Apply asbestos, aluminum, and other types of siding to building walls
   Apply liquid glaze and colored chips to floors and walls
   Prepare buildings for moving from one site to another
- Build and repair houses, barns, and sarases according to rough sketches or verbal orders
   Build and repair underground vaults and manholes
   Set up hydraulic jacks used to raise concrete floors and roof slabs
   Attach awnings onto buildings

- Install draperies or venetian blinds in customers' homes

  lend pumps, compressors, or senerators to provide power for tools and equipment

  Install concrete panels to build fences

  Operate equipment to drill holes in walls

  Repair fences and sates around factories, homes, or farms

  Install underground lawn sprinkler systems

- Put up roadside signs and billboards
- Install flags and lights on booths for events such as parades

#### HOURS OF WORK/TRAVEL

CONSTRUCTION TRADES WORKERS may work on a variety of construction projects throughout the Some work mustly on projects in or close to the community in which they live. Others may travel long distances and spend weeks at a time at remote locations.

### SAMPLE PLACES OF WORK

- Construction companies
- Utility companies
- Government agencies, such as State highway departments
- Oil companies
- Companies that produce prefabricated buildings Companies that make and install products such as window shades and fixtures, TV antennas, concrete structures, window slass, and awnings
- House moving companies
- Billhoard companies
  Retail stores that sell and install products, such as drapes, portable swimming pools, or metal fences



### AS EXTRATIVE OCCUPATIONS

These workers remove resources from the ground. They may drill for oil or test for oil deposits. They may place explosives in mines, quarries, or structures to remove or loosen materials. Some operate mining machinery that removes resources, cuts through rock, or moves materials. Others do the physical labor of mining, working as a team to remove minerals, build or repair structures, or assemble, test, or repair equipment.

### **652 DRILLERS, OIL WELL**

OIL WELL DRILLERS operate a variety of drills to take oil from the earth. They also may use specially designed equipment to look for or to test for oil deposits. Some direct the use of special tools and techniques to recover lost equipment or other objects that sometimes block oil wells. Others operate truck-mounted hoists equipmed with a derrick to clean out and restore old and damaged oil or gas wells.

#### SAMPLE WORK ACTIVITIES

- Plan methods and select tools for removing objects such as broken casing, and drill pipe from
- Start gumps which move water, oil, and other fluids through a well to clean it
- Use handtools, power wrenches, and tonss to connect sections of drill pipe

- Move a winch lever to lower tools into an oil well
   Look at instrument readings to determine where items in a well are located
   Operate a drilling rig to drill shallow boreholes to set samples of earth or to place
- Count sections of drill rod to determine the derth of a borehole Start pumps that move mud through drill pipe and boreholes to cool drill bits and flysh out drill-cuttings.
- Keep records of footage drilled and the materials used
   Lower in explosives into a borehole to start the flow of oil from a well

### HOURS OF WORK/TRAVEL

- OIL WELL DRILLERS - may expect to move from place to place, since their work in a particular field may be completed in a few months.

### SAMPLE PLACES OF WORK

- Oil companies or independent drillers

### **653 EXPLOSIVE WORKERS**

People in these Jobs place explosives in open pits, underground mines, quarries, buildings, or other structures. They also set off explosives to loosen or remove earth, rock, or other materials or structures, They study land formations or structures to determine the type and ture and amount of explosive charge to use. They may instruct other workers to drill blast holes or drill them themselves. They connect wires to firing devices and set off charges. These workers must be very careful to see that safety rules are followed.

#### SAMPLE WORK ACTIVITIES

Brill and blast earth and rock to build underground shafts and tunnels for roads and railways Wedse timber structures to prevent cave-ins

Fut together, place, and set off explosive charges to loosen earth, rock, stumps or to

demolish buildings

- Assemble a blasting cap and fuse and place them with the main charge in a hole or near the object to be blasted
- Connect wires to primers and cover charges with clay, sand, or other materials Mark patterns for drill holes

Push plungers or press buttons to set off blasts Explode torredges in bored oil wells to start the flow of oil

Pack dynamite into blast holes with tamping rods
 Move, store, and keep inventories of explosives

Tie lengths of delaying fuses into a pattern to time the order of explosions

#### HOURS OF WORK/TRAVEL

Some EXPLOSIVE WORKERS travel long distances to work sites. They may stay at a particular worksite for several weeks.

#### SAMPLE PLACES OF WORK

- Mining and quarrying companies

Construction companies

Contracting firms that specialize in tearing down old buildings and structures

### **654 MINING MACHINE OPERATORS**

These workers operate equipment used in mining and building projects. For example, some operate equipment to move steel framework within a tunnel during construction. Some use a huse electric chain saw to cut a strip beneath coal defosits to control the direction of the coal as it falls after plasting. Some operate machines to drill holes used for explosives. Some sit or lie in the cab of a machine and operate levers to cut or rip out coal and load it in shuttle cars. Some use torches to cut holes in rock at a quarry.

#### SAMPLE WORK ACTIVITIES

- Set up and operate equipment to move steel framework within a tunnel
  - . Turn a handerank to control a jack

used to lift steel tunnel shields. Move levers to control equipment used to position metal segments

- Set up and operate a truck-mounted machine to bore blasting holes at construction sites
  - . Usé jacks to position the machine 🖰
  - . Move levers to start and operate the drill
- . Install drill stems
- . Use handtools to replace broken or worn drilling machine parts
- Operate a powered machine to cut channels in quarry stone

  - . Las track for the machine . Start and stop the machine, and replace worn or damaged parts when necessary
- Operate a mobile machine to drill blastholes in underground mines
  - Drive a drilling machine into areas where coal, salt, or ore has been undercut
- Heasure undercuttings to determine where holes should be drilled Drill holes to specified depths
- Operate a truck-mounted machine to cut shale from the wall of a mine
  - Use a shovel, sledge hammer, pinch bar, and jacks to put up supports and lay rails



- . Drive the machine over the rails to pit the face of a mine :
- Watch a control panel to detect problems with the machine - Operate a machine used to mine coal in an underground mine
  - . Drive the machine into rosition . Move levers to advance the machine boring head into the coal . Start a machine that mathers coal

and moves it to a shuttle car · Repair oil, and adjust the machine and change its cutting teeth

Cut holes in rock, using a jet piercing torch

#### HOURS OF WORK/TRAVEL

Some of these Jobs may require travel to project sites in out-of-town locations.

### SAMPLE PLACES OF WORK

- Coal and other mining companies

- Construction companies that specialize in large projects such as tunnel and sewers

- Quarries

### 656 HINING OCCUPATIONS, N.E.C.

People in these jobs do much of the day-to-day physical labor at mines, Quarries, and oil drilling sites. They often work as part of a team or crew of workers to build and repair structures. They also may assemble, test, repair, or clean equipment. Some help with safety or blasting operations. Hany of these workers use handtools. Some operate power tools, pumps, jacks, or powered machinery.

### SAMPLE WORK ACTIVITIES

- Repair and issue safety lamps at an underground mine
  - . Clean lamps and batteries, using rass and steel wool
  - Replace faulty or worn parts, such as cables, bulbs, wicks, and batteries
  - . Test batteries for strength
- ... Play batteries into an electric charser to restore their power
  - . Keep records of lamps issued to miners
- Assemble and repair oilfield machinery and equipment
  - . Dig holes and pour concrete to make foundations for derricks
  - . Bolt together pump and ensine parts . Connect tanks and flow lines
- Work as a member of a casing crew at oil well sites
  - : Signal workers to hoist casings onto an oil derrick
  - . Position casing for couplings
- Help another worker advance a plow blade through the face of coal in an underground mine
  - . Pull levers to addust the derth of the cut of a plow blade
  - ·Use an electric buzzer to signal a worker when the machine Flow blade is
- in the proper position Adjust and make minor repairs to mining equipment
- Operate a self-propelled machine to install roof support bolts in understound mines
  - . Position a safety jack to support a

mine roof until bolts can be installed . Place timbers and posts into position to form roof supports

- Load explosives or chemicals into devices used to shoot or burn holes through casings and

earth at oil well sites
Remove mud and muck from the surfaces of stones at a quarry with a rick, shovel, and steam hose

Operate a pneumatic jack on an offshore drilling barge to raise or lower the barge for drilling operations

Mine precious metals from sand and gravel
 Spray water onto the walls, roofs, and floors of underground mine to prevent explosions
 Help another worker pump oil or gas into barges and tankers

# HOURS OF WORK/TRAVEL

 Some of these workers may travel to work at remote mining or oil drilling sites. They may
spend several weeks or months at one site before moving on to a different work location. Other workers commute dails to and from local projects.

### SAMPLE PLACES OF WORK

- Mining and Quarrying companies
- Oil companies
- Water transportation companies

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