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#### **ABSTRACT**

Estimated 1980-81 income and expenditure data for public elementary and secondary schools in each state and several outlying jurisdictions of the United States are presented in this statistical report. These figures were collected prior to the end of the school year. (A comparison of previous years' estimates with the certified figures made available later is provided to help readers assess the reliability of the estimates.) The information is presented in the form of charts and tables with brief introductory paragraphs highlighting major trends and patterns in the data. The tables cover sources, types, and totals of revenue and nonrevenue receipts, and types and totals of expenditures, capital outlay, and debt service for each state. Charts show present expenditure per pupil and teacher salary levels in each state in rank order. (PGD)



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# Estimates of Local Public School System Finances 1980-81



# **Highlights**

Estimated total expenditures for public elementary and secondary schools for the 1980-81 school year is \$99.1 billion including capital outlay and debt service. This amount represents a 9.6-percent increase over the \$90.4 billion estimated for the 1979-80 school year.

In 1980-81 the estimated current expenditure per pupil in average daily attendance is about \$2,350, an increase of 12.2 percent over the 1979-80 estimate.

Estimated revenue receipts for the 1980-81 school year for the 50 States and the District of Columbia are estimated to be \$99.8 billion. This amount represents an increase of \$8.1 billion (8.7 percent) over the \$91.8 billion estimated for 1979-80.

The trend continued toward a larger proportion of the revenue receipts coming from State sources (an estimated 46.8 percent) than from local sources (44.1 percent). The Federal share (8.4 percent) is not expected to change appreciably.

Estimates of average classroom teacher salary, prepared in the fall of the 1980-81 school year, are 7.4 percent higher in 1980 than in 1979. However, the Consumer Price Index increased 11.7 percent from October 1979 to September 1980 indicating a decline in average classroom teacher salaries when measured in constant dollars.



# Estimates of Local Public School System Finances 1980-81

by

Lena M. McDowell

National Center for Education Statistics



U.S. Department of Education T. H. Bell Secretary

Office of Educational Research and Improvement Donald J. Senese
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#### **National Center for Education Statistics**

"The purpose of the Center shall be to collect and disseminate statistics and other data related to education in the United States and in other nations. The Center shall . . . collect, collate, and, from time to time, report full and complete statistics on the conditions of education in the United States; conduct and publish reports on specialized analyses of the meaning and significance of such statistics; . . . and review and report on education activities in foreign countries."--Section 406(b) of the General Education Provisions Act, as amended (20 U.S.C. 1221e-1).



#### **Foreword**

The National Center for Education Statistics (NCES), in cooperation with State education agencies, conducted its 27th annual fall survey of public elementary and secondary school systems during the 1980-81 school year. This report presents data on anticipated revenue and nonrevenue receipts, estimated expenditures, and estimated average salaries paid to classroom teachers in the 1980-81 school year. The Other NCES publications presenting data from the fall 1980-81 survey include Students and Staff of Public Elementary-Secondary Schools, Fall 1980, Public Elementary and Secondary School Statistics for Large Cities: 1980-81, and the early release, Statistics of Public Elementary and Secondary School Systems, Fall 1980. Some figures in this report will vary from those reported in the early release because of imputation for missing values (see appendix A).

The information published herein and tabulated in other forms is used extensively as a reference source by government agencies, professional and lay organizations, and industry groups for planning, legislative development, and market research. In addition, the data are used by the press and other communication media to inform the public on the current status of public education in America. Many of these data are incorporated into other publications such as the *Digest of Education Statistics, The Statistical Abstract of the United States,* and *The Condition of Education*.

Norman N. Beller, Assistant Administrator Division of Elementary and Secondary Education Statistics

Stafford Metz, Chief Institutional Surveys Branch



# **Acknowledgments**

The data in this report were provided through the assistance of research and statistics personnel in each State department of education, the District of Columbia, and the outlying areas of the United States. The National Center for Education Statistics expresses appreciation to the officials and their staff for their cooperation in making this publication series possible.

Recognition is also given to members of the Institutional Surveys Branch for their assistance in preparing this publication. Typing of the manuscript was the responsibility of Frances N. Greaves. Lee R. Wolfe, Patricia Kuch and Jeffrey Williams provided technical input in the preparation of the manuscript and text tables. David Barnes and Kenneth Ferguson of Automated Sciences Group, Inc. (ASG), under contract, were responsible for the programming of the detailed statistical tables.

### For More Information

The computer tape containing all survey information is now available. Inquiries concerning the tape should be directed to the Statistical Information Office, National Center for Education Statistics, 1001 Presidential Building, 400 Maryland Avenue SW., Washington, D.C. 20202, telephone (301) 436-7900.

Information about the Center's statistical program and a catalog of NCES publications may also be obtained from the Statistical Information Office.

For additional information about the survey, contact Lena M. McDowell, Division of Elementary and Secondary Education Statistics, telephone (301) 436-6729.



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## Introduction

This report presents estimated revenue and nonrevenue receipts and school expenditures (including average salaries paid to classroom teachers). Data were collected for the 1980-81 school year from each State on all public elementary and secondary education in the United States, the District of Columbia, and some outlying areas under U.S. jurisdiction.

Estimates are provided because actual finance data become available for each State up to 1 year after the close of the fiscal year. Actual finance data must be certified by a Chief State School Officer or his authorized representative. Furthermore, financial records of local education agencies (LEA's) are audited after the close of the year as required by State and intermediate governments. Even if no auditing were required, finance data could not be collected before the close of the school fiscal year because financial transactions are continuous. The fiscal year end provides a cutoff date for the ongoing process of collecting and spending money. These financial estimates, therefore, are collected prior to the end of the school year and published as soon as possible to insure the availability of a complete set of data. Whenever actual finance data become available, they are published in the NCES publication, *Revenues and Expenditures for Public Elementary and Secondary Education*. The latest available publication in this series is the 1978-79 edition, by Lee R. Wolfe.

All estimates must be used with caution. To give the reader a framework for determining the "reliability" of the estimates contained herein, a comparison of estimated and actual finance data for previous years was made and is included in this report as appendix B.

Actual data are somewhat higher than estimated data for the same year with the exceptions of capital outlay and interest on debt. For 1979-80, estimated data is within 5 percentage points of actual data except for revenue from Federal sources, nonrevenue receipts, and interest on debt. Tables 1 and 2 in appendix B show the detailed results of these comparisons. Of course, these are national comparisons and the State level estimates may be less stable.

Estimated data rather than actual data were used to make comparisons between 1979-80 and 1980-81 in the report, although the actual financial data are available for 1979-80. The 1979-80 estimated data were used for comparison so as not to misrepresent the amount of change for the 2 years. Although the amount of increase from 1 year to the next is about the same for estimated as for actual data, actual data tends to run higher than estimated data for the same year. Therefore, if actual rather than estimated 1979-80 data had been used for comparison with estimated 1980-81 data, the increases in revenues and expenditures would have been under-represented.

A description of survey procedures and coverage appear in appendix A. The report form with accompanying instructions to respondents is presented in appendix C.



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# **Estimated Receipts**

### **Revenue Receipts**

For the 1980-81 school year, the estimates of total revenue<sup>1</sup> for the 50 States and the District of Columbia from Federal, State, intermediate and local sources was \$99.8 billion. This amount represents an increase of \$8.1 billion (8.7 percent) over the \$91.8 billion estimated for 1979-80.

Of the total amount of revenue the States anticipated receiving for the operation of public elementary and secondary schools in school year 1980-81, an estimated \$8.4 billion (8.4 percent) was from Federal sources, \$46.8 billion (46.8 percent) from State sources, \$626 million (0.6 percent) from intermediate sources, and \$44.0 billion (44.1 percent) from local sources (see table A).

Revenue receipts reported on a percentage basis by source varied greatly from State to State (table B). The Federal portion of revenue ranged from about 3 percent for Alaska and New Jersey to 17 percent for Mississippi and South Carolina. The proportion of revenue from State sources differed even more, ranging from 9 percent for New Hampshire to about 80 percent for Alaska and 82 percent for Hawaii. Local revenue sources as a percent of the total revenue (excluding the District of Columbia and Hawaii)<sup>2</sup> had a low of about 13 percent for Washington to a high of about 84 percent for New Hampshire. Of the local revenue receipts reported nationally, 86 percent was from property taxes and 14 percent was received from other local sources (table 2A).

Table A.—A comparison of estimates of revenue and nonrevenue receipts, by type and source: 1979-80 and 1980-81

(Dollars in thousands)

Receipts	Estimated 1979-80	Estim <b>a</b> ted 1980-81	Amount of change	Percent change
Total receipts				
Total revenue receipts	<sup>1</sup> \$91,819,082	\$99,840,529	\$8,021,447	+ 8.7
Total nonrevenue receipts	<sup>1</sup> 3,596,961	3,825,890	228,929	+ 6.4
Source of revenue receipts				
Federal	<sup>1</sup> 7,673,662	8,409,652	735,990	+ 9.6
State	<sup>1</sup> 44,169,319	46,773,964	2,604,645	+ 5.9
Intermediate	<sup>1</sup> 494,290	626,439	132,149	+ 26.7
Local	<sup>1</sup> 39,4 <b>81</b> ,851	44,030,474	4,548,623	+ 11.5
Revenue receipts from State				
Unrestricted G-I-A <sup>2</sup>	<sup>1</sup> 33,611, <b>9</b> 85	36,557,056	2,945,071	+ 8.8
Restricted G-I-A <sup>2</sup>	<sup>1</sup> 10,557,334	10,216,908	<b>- 340,426</b>	- 3.2

Revised from 1979 published data.

2 Grants-in-aid.

2 In Hawaii and the District of Columbia all revenues from other than Federal sources are included as State revenue. The data are shown as reported in tables 1 and 2.



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<sup>1</sup> Revenue receipts are defined as additions to assets which do not incur an obligation that must be met at some future date, do not represent exchanges of property for money, and are available for expenditures. Monies that support expenditures for vocational rehabilitation and personnel salaries for such supplementary services as State libraries and museums, teacher retirement, and teacher placement are not included. State contributions to retirement systems, pension funds, and social security are included.

Table B.—State rankings of estimated receipts, by source as a percent of total estimated revenue receipts for public elementary and secondary education: 1980-811

Federal receipts	State receipts	Local and "other" receipts
Mississippi	Hawaii <sup>2</sup> 81.8	District of Columbia <sup>2</sup> 83.7
South Carolina	Alaska79.6	New Hampshire
District of Columbia 16.3	Washington	Nebraska70.7
Hawaii	New Mexico 69.8	Connecticut
Louisiana	Kentucky	Vermont
Arkansas	Delaware	Michigan
Tennessee	Alabama	New Jersey
Alabama13.9	California	Rhode Island 60.2
New Mexico	North Carolina 64.0	Massachusetts 60.1
Georgia12.8	Idaho60.2	Maryland
North Carolina	Mississippi	South Dakota
South Dakota	West Virginia 57.9	Oregon
Kentucky	Minnesota56.6	Wisconsin
Delaware	Florida	lowa
Oklahoma11.8	Indiana	New York
West Virginia	Louisiana	Illinois <b>54</b> .3
Texas	Georgia54.9	Colorado
Fiorida10.5	Utah	Nevada
	Oklahoma	Ohio
Virginia9.8	Arizona52.5	Virginia
California	Arkansas	Kansas
Missouri 9.4		
Montana 9.3	South Carolina 49.7	Pennsylvania
Illinois 8.9	Maine	Missouri
Arizona 8.7	Montana47.0	Tennessee
lo <b>wa</b> 8.4	Texas	Maine
North Dakota 8.4	North Dakota45.0	Texas
Ohio 8.2	Pennsylvania	Wyoming
<b>Ma</b> ine 8.1	Nevada43.8	Utah
Pennsylvania 8.0	Kansas	Indiana
Utah	Tennessee	Minnesota37.0
Vermont 7.3	Colorado	North Dakota
Kansas 7.1	New York	Arizona
Wisconsin 7.1	Ohio	Montana35.9
New Hampshire 7.0	Virginia39.8	Arkansas
Nebraska 6.8	lowa	Florida
Oregon 6.7	Missouri	Oklahoma32.9
Indi <b>ana</b> 6.6	Illinois36.9	South Carolina
Washington 6.5	Wisconsin35.8	Georgia32.3
lowa 6.4	Maryland	Idaho
Minnesota 6.3	Massachusetts	West Virginia
Rhode Island 6.1	Rhode Island	Louisiana
iniodo lolaria i i i i i i i i i i i i i i i i i i		California
Wyoming 6.1	Wyoming	North Carolina
Colorado 5.9	New Jersey	
Massachusetts 5.7	Oregon	Mississippi
Connecticut 5.5	Michigan	Delaware
Maryland	Connecticut	Alabama
Michigan 5.3	South Dakota	Kentucky
Nevada 4.9	Vermont	Alaska
New York 4.8	Nebraska17.9	New Mexico
New Jersey 3.4	New Hampshire 9.4	Washington
Alaska 2.7	District of Columbia <sup>2</sup> 0.0	Hawaii 2.4

Revenue receipts from intermediate source are not ranked. Therefore, percents for a given State will not add up to 100.0 percent.

In Hawaii and the District of Columbia all revenue from other than Federal sources are included as local revenue (in the case of the District of Columbia) or State revenue (in the case of Hawaii) except that Hawaii received a small amount of revenue from "other" sources.



#### Nonrevenue receipts

Nonrevenue receipts consist of receipts that either incur future obligations or result from changing the form of an asset from property to cash and decreasing the amount and value of school property. Money received from loans, bond sales, sale of property purchased from capital funds, and proceeds from insurance adjustments are included as nonrevenue receipts. Bond sale receipts are chiefly used for capital outlay.

Total estimated nonrevenue receipts for 1980-81 amounted to \$3.8 billion or 3.8 percent of total receipts. For the 1980-81 school year, these estimates of nonrevenue receipts increased 6.4 percent over estimates reported for the 1979-80 school year (see table A).

Four States estimated nonrevenue receipts to be more than 10 percent of total receipts—Wisconsin 10.1, Illinois 10.6, Utah 11.0, and Nevada 14.5. All other reporting States estimated the percentage to be between 0.1 through 8.6 percent in nonrevenue receipts (table 2A).

# **Estimated Expenditures**

#### **Total Estimated Expenditures**

The total expenditures estimated for all local public elementary and secondary education amounted to \$99.1 billion for the 1980-81 school year, an increase of 9.6 percent over the same estimate of \$90.4 billion for 1979-80. The total includes expenditures for elementary and secondary schools, other programs, capital outlay, and debt service payment. Debt retirement is not included since it would be a duplication of expenditures made and reported in preceding years.

Of the estimated \$99.1 billion total, \$88.6 billion was for the operation of elementary and secondary schools, \$1.3 billion for other programs, \$6.7 billion for capital outlay, and \$5.8 billion for debt service payment. The estimate of operation of elementary and secondary schools increased by 10.3 percent over the amount estimated for the 1979-80 school year. Total debt service, which includes redemption of principal payment, shows an increase of 2.9 percent over the previous year (see table C). However, when computing interest payments to other than public housing authorities (PHA's) for the same period, a decrease of – 1.8 percent is shown. For a more detailed breakdown of expenditures, see table 3.

Although the national proportion of expenditures for elementary and secondary school current operations was large (about 89 percent of total outlays), some States were expecting to have a considerably lower proportion of current expenditures to total expenditures. Utah, Washington, Wyoming, and Nevada each estimated that expenditures for school operations would be between 72 and 77 percent. Capital outlay estimates were high in Wyoming, Washington, and Utah (between 21 and 23 percent), and school estimates were low. In Nevada, the proportion of estimated capital outlay was moderate (13.5 percent), and interest on debt was high at 9.0 percent of the total outlays (table 3A).

Table C.—Comparison of estimates of national expenditures, by type of expenditures: 1979-80 and 1980-81

Type of expenditures	1979-80	1980-81	Difference	Percent change
Total expenditures	\$90,428,410 <sup>2</sup>	\$99,135,875	\$8,707,465	+ 9.6
Current elementary & secondary operations	80,341,789	88,607,427	8,265,387	+ 10.3
Other programs	1,161,723	1,318,902	157,179	+ 13.5
Capital outlay	6,304,952 <sup>1</sup>	6,720,681	415,729	+ 6.6
Total debt service <sup>2</sup>	5,672,768 <sup>1</sup>	5,835,673	162,905	+ 2.9

Revised from 1979 published data.



<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>2</sup> Includes redemption of principal to other than PHA's.

## Current Expenditures Per Pupil In Average Daily Attendance

The estimated national average current expenditure per pupil in average daily attendance (ADA) for the 1980-81 school year was \$2,350, 12.2 percent higher than the 1979-80 estimate of \$2,095. Alaska reported the highest per-pupil cost, \$5,010, followed by \$3,682 for the District of Columbia. The lowest per-pupil cost, \$1,384, was estimated by Alabama¹ followed by \$1,458 for Tennessee (see chart A, page 6).

#### **Average Salaries of Classroom Teachers**

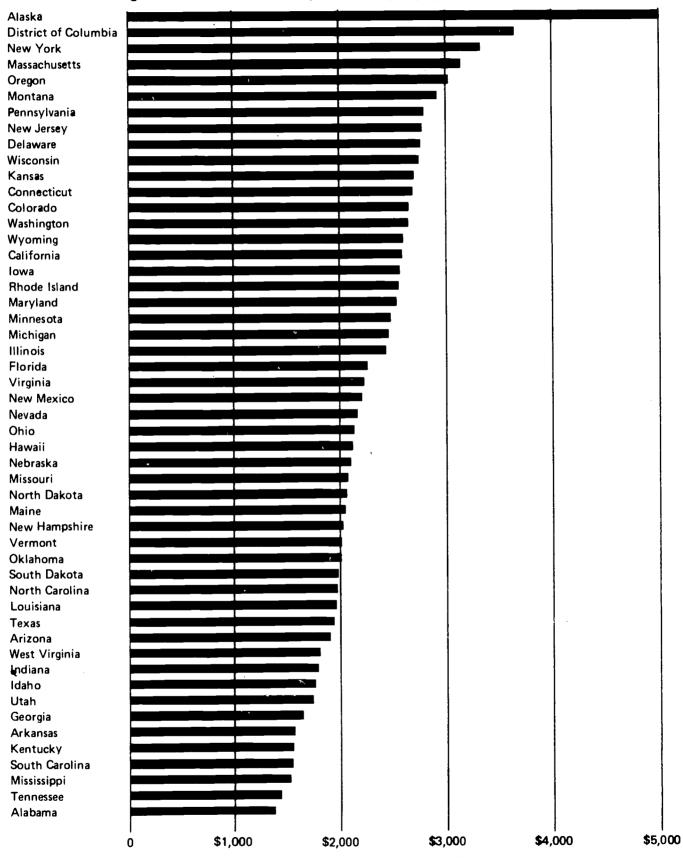
The estimated average annual salary of classroom teachers for the United States in 1980-81 was \$17,360 compared with \$16,170 in 1979-80, representing an increase of approximately 7.4 percent. Classroom teachers' average salaries varied greatly among the States, ranging from \$13,000 for Mississippi to \$29,000 for Alaska<sup>2</sup> and \$22,883 for the District of Columbia (see chart B, page 7).

<sup>2</sup> The figure shown here for Alaska is not necessarily the highest in real terms since the purchasing power of the dollar is significantly lower in Alaska than in other areas of the United States.



<sup>1</sup> Although it is useful for many purposes to rank the States by expenditures per ADA, great care must be taken in interpreting these data. No good price index exists with which to rank the States in terms of costs of education inputs. A look at the average teachers' salaries by State in chart B, will, however, give the reader an idea of the considerable difference that exists in teachers' salaries from State to State, a major component of current expenditures.

Chart A. - Ranking of estimated current expenditures per pupil (ADA)1, by State: 1980-81

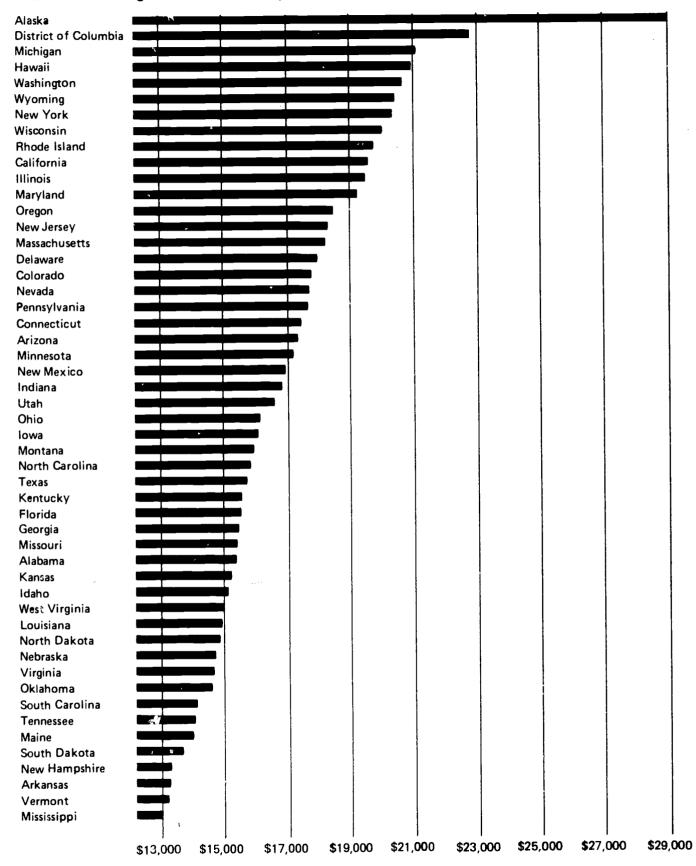


<sup>1</sup>Average daily ettendence

Expenditure per pupil

ERIC

Chart B. - Ranking of estimated salary of classroom teachers, by State: 1980-81





# **Detail Tables**



Table 1.—Estimated receipts for public elementary and secondary education, by type of receipt and source of State or outlying area: United States, 1980-81

	Total	Revenue receipts by source (in thousands)					Pe	rcent of reve	nue receipts by sour	ce .	Nonrevenue	
State or other area	receipts (Cols. 3 + 12) (in thousands)	Total (Cols. 4, 5, 8 + 7)	Federal	State	Intermediate	Local	Federal	State	Intermediate	Local	receipts (In thousands)	State or other area
1	2	3	4.	5		7	•	9	10	11	12	13
Total 60 States and D.C.	\$103,666,419	100,840,528	<b>#8,400,652</b>	946,773,984	¥628,438	\$44,030,474	8.4	46.8	0.6	44.1	\$3,825,880	Total 50 States and D.C
leberne	1,096,990	1,056,983	147,145	<b>688</b> ,01 <b>0</b>	0	211,428	13.9	<b>66</b> .1	0.0	20.0	40,277	Alaba
Jacks	406,106	406,106	10,813	323,287	0	72,008	2.7	79.8	0.0	17.7	0	
risone	1,143,553	1,143,553	59,138	600,749	32,407	1411,259	8.7	52.5	2.8	36.0		Arizo
riceness	763,246	722,236	2104,104	371,327	(3)	246,805	14.4	51.4	0.0	34.2	41,012	Arkan
alifornia	11,371,300	411,271,100	41,079,100	7 <b>,363,900</b>	<b>•123</b> ,000	2,005,100	9.6	€5.5	1.1	23.8	100,200	Califor
	1,631,308	1,\$35,\$83	90,964	640,126	640	803,863	5.9	41.7	0.0	52.3	95,715	Color
olorado	1,415,363	1,411,000	78,000	397,625	***	\$36,375	5.5	28.2	0.0	66.3	74,363	Connect
onnecticut	321,292	316,292	37,900	210,560	ŏ	68,172	11.9	66.6	0.0	21.6	5,000	Delay
signature	329,265	329,265	53.005	210,340	ŏ	275,600	18.3	0.0	0.0	83.7	0	Dietrict of Colur
istrict of Columbia	3, <b>378,86</b> 1	3,312,600	345,680	1,841,208	ŏ	11,124,721	10.5	55,6	0.0	34.0	66,252	Flo
oride			• • • •		=		1			32.3	14.627	Geo
eorgia	2,087,169	2,072,542	265,666	1,138,437	0	1686,419	12.8	54.9	0.0		<sup>12</sup> 1,225	Ha
<del>wei</del>	349,913	328,688	51,956	265,500	0	17,744	15.8	81.8	<b>0</b> .0	2.4	25,500	id
sho	467,625	462,125	32,250	<b>278</b> , 157	4,730	146,566	7.0	60.2	1.0	31.8	25,500 606,331	
inois	5,739,346	5, 133,015	465,905	1,882,331	0	2,784,779	8.9	36.9	0.0	54.3	83,929	liii ind
diena	2,023,602	1,969,673	129,916	1,081,500	4,537	743,720	6.6	55.2	0.2	38.0	•	
	1 405 005	1.480.915	93,433	569,997	1,793	795.692	6.4	39.0	0.1	54.5	24,710	
<b>WO</b>	1,495,625	.,,	75,071	465.060	717	533,463	7.1	42.8	0.1	50.1	45,000	Ka
nsas	1,109,301	1,084,301	155,000	<b>95</b> 6,500	, , ,	237,000	12.4	68.6	0.0	19.0	60,000	Kent
Intucky	1,307,500	1,247,500		<b>86</b> 0,000	ő	460,000	14.9	56.2	0.0	29.9	83,000	Louid
pulaiena	1,603,000	1,540,000	230,000	229,000	o o	202,000	8.1	48.8	0.0	43.1	15,000	
laine	464,000	469,000	38,000				1					
laryland	1,884,381	1,883,932	104,006	659,467	0	¹1,120,45 <del>9</del>	5.5	35.0	0.0	<b>59</b> .5	449	Mary
assechusetts	3,253,583	3,244,184	183,766	1,112,018	0	1,948,400	5.7	34.3	0.0	60.1	9,399	Massachus
ichigen	4,750,848	4,605,848	243,081	1,392,616	5,000	12,965,151	5.3	30.2	0.1	64.4	145,000	
innesota	2,365,965	2.250.743	131,799	1,274,718	12,482	831,744	5.9	56.6	0.6	37.0	115,242	Minne
ississippi	780,492	756,069	128,868	448,825	1,000	176,386	17.1	59.4	0.1	23.4	25,423	Miesie
	•		484 407	741.923	104,371	895,830	9.4	38.6	5.4	46.6	65.800	Miss
liesouri	1,969,391	1,923,591	181,467	208.000	35.000	159,000	9.3	47.0	7.9	35.9	13,700	Mon
lontana	466,700	443,000	41,000		28,500	441,000	6.8	17.9	4.6	70.7	12,500	Nebr
ebraaka	636,500	624,000	42,500	112,000	26,500 0	1,195,573	4.9	43.8	0.0	51.3	154,448	Ne
evade	445,752	381,304	18,693	167,038	0	1287,308	i	-3.6 9.4		<b>83</b> .7	14,936	New Hamp
ew Hampehire	368,372	343,436	23,9 <b>6</b> 6	32, 143	•		7.0		0.0		•	
ew Jersey	3,800,467	3,739,887	128,051	1,253,705	0	2,358,131	3.4	33.5	0.0	63.1	² <del>6</del> 0,600	New Ji
ew Mexico	662,750	644,408	87,815	449,539	0	107,114	13.6	<b>69.8</b>	0.0	16.6	18,282	New Mo
ew York	9.962.483	9,720,000	465,000	3,955,000	0	5,300,000	4.8	40.7	0.0	54.5	7 <b>2</b> 62, <b>48</b> 3	
orth Carolina	2,115,718	2,070,718	260,000	1,324,718	0	486,000	12.6	64.0	0.0	23.5	45,000	North Car
orth Dakota	280,788	263,660	22,143	118,646	26,257	96,614	8.4	45.0	10.0	36.6	17,128	
	· ·	·		•	n	2,159,600	8.2	40.6	0.0	51.2	335.900	
hio	4,553,100	4,217,200	346,900	1,710,700	30,000	390,000	11.8	52.7	0.0 2.5	32.9	85,000	Oklah
kishoms	1,270,000	1,185,000	140,000	625,000		390,000 777, <b>64</b> 8	6.7	33.1	2.5 1.9	58.3	48,798	Or
regon	1,363,190	1,334,392	89,947	441,927	24,870 0	7/7,648 2,516,843		33.1 43.9		48.2	199,848	Pennsyl
nneytvania.	5,425,404	5,225,5 <b>56</b>	415,926	2,292,787	-		8.0		0.0	60.2	51 <b>5</b>	Rhode
node Island	393,028	392,513	24,009	132,092	0	236,412	6.1	33.7	0.0			
uth Carolina	1,040,753	1,004,753	170,299	499,261	10,976	324,217	16.9	49.7	1,1	32.3	36,000	South Ca
outh Dekota	291,300	294,800	36,000	76,800	3,300	166,700	12.6	27.0	1.2	59.2	6,500	South D
MUNICIPAL CONTRACTOR C	1,372.589	1,265,231	175,596	537,402	, 0	1542,233	14.0	~ 42.8	0.0	43.2	117,358	Tenn
	6,202,075	6,019,244	666,701	2,748,478	15,321	12,588,744	11,1	45.7	0.3	43.0	182,831	
	759 818	711,818	54,423	363,736	0	273,467	7.6	53.9	0.0	38.4	88,200	************
<b>wh</b> and a second					0	150,779	7.3			66.9	3,343	<b></b>
ermont	232,218	228,875	16,740	61,366	0	150,779	9.8	26.8 39.8	0.0	50.4	93,318	
irginie	2,436,806	2,343,467	229,758	932,138	•			39.8 76.4	0.0	12.6	147.626	
fashington	2,292,483	2,144,667	140,468	1,639,105	94,351	270,933	6.5		4.4	30.8	30,000	West V
est Virginia	763,626	733,626	<b>2</b> 2,648	424,695	0	1226,283	11.3	57.9	0.0			
facontin	2,546,837	2,288,523	163,416	819,771	4,607	11,300,729	7.1	36.8	0.2	56.8	258,314	NAA
/yorning	364,736	334,918	20,271	112.606	62,580	139,461	6.1	33.6	18 7	41.6	29,818	

See footnotes at end of table



Table 1.—Estimated receipts for public elementary and secondary education, by type of receipt and source of State or outlying area: United States, 1990-81—Continued

	Total receipts	Revenue receipts by source (in thousends)						Percent of revenue receipts by source				
State or other area	(Cols. 3 + 12) (in thousands)	Total (Cols. 4, 5, 6 + 7)	Federal	State	Intermediate	Local	Federal	State	Intermediate	Local	Nonrevenue receipts (In thousands)	State or other area
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13
Outlying areas:												Outlying areas:
American Samos				ORT			l <del></del>					American Samos
Guam	<b>66</b> ,067	67,812	9,780	9,780	0	48,252	14.4	14.4	0.0	0.0	245	
Trust Territory			NO REPO	RT			-		NO REPOR NO REPOR			Puerto Rico
Virgin lelends				RT					NO REPOR			Virgin lelande
DOD Overseas Schools	-			RT			-		- NO REPOR		<del></del>	DOD Oversees Schools
Northern Merienes			NO REPO	RT -			l —		NO REPOR	T		Northern Mariena

"Includes other sources.

Includes \$35,250 school food service funds. (Does not include \$10,014 value of commodities.)

\*Column & included in column 7.

"Revised from 1979 published data.

\*Excludes #30,000,000 for State-operated voc tech schools for grades 9 through 12.

fincludes \$31,000,000 for child nutrition programs.

'NCES estimetes.

\*Includes opening fund balances of \$18,039,957.

\*Includes opening fund belence from other sources of \$51,989,122.

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Table 2.—Estimated revenue and nonrevenue receipts for elementary and secondary education, by source and by State or outlying area: United States, 1980-81

					(In the	ousends of dollar	s)					
	Total					Revenue	receipts					
	Total revenue and	Total		Local rec	eipts			State receipts		7	Total	
State or other area	nonrevenue receipts (Cols. 3 + 12)	revenue receipts (All sources) (Cols. 4 + 7 + 8 + 11)	Total local	Property taxes	Other local	Total intermediate Receipts	Total State	Unrestricted grants-in- aid	grants-in- grants-in-	Total Federal receipts	nonrevenue receipts	State or other area
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13
Totel 50 States and D.C.	\$103, <b>66</b> 6,419	\$99,840,529	\$44,030,474	\$37,601,344	\$6,429,130	\$626,439	\$46,773,964	\$36,567,066	\$10,216,90 <b>8</b>	<b>66,409,652</b>	\$3,825,890	Total 50 States and D.C.
Alabama	1,096,860	1,056,583	211,428	114,140	97,288	0	696,010	0	888,010	147,145	40,277	Alabama
Naska	406,106	406,106	72,008	67,333	4,673	0	323,287	315,990	7, <b>297</b>	10,813 <b>99</b> ,138	U	Alaeka
Anzona	1,142,563	1,143,563	411,259	383,328 235,533	27,931	32,407 0	600,749 371,327	600,749 328,078	43,249	104,104	41.012	Arkansas
Arkanese	763,248	722,236	246,805 2,686,100	11,950,600	11,272 734,500	123,000	7,383,900	16,568,200	825.700	1,079,100	100,200	
California	11,371,360	11,271,100				-	l .	566.852	73,274	90,964	96,715	Colorado
Colorado	1,631,308	1,536,593	803,863	669,429	144,434 0	640 0	640,126 397,625	276,200	73,274 *121, <b>425</b>	78,000	4,363	Connecticut
Connecticut	1,415,363	1,411,000	936,375	936,375 62,694	. 5,478	0	210,560	2/6,200	210,580	37.580	5,000	Delaware
Delaware.	321,292 329,266	316,292 329,266	68,172 275,600	. 02,004	275.600	ŏ ″	210,300	0		53,666	0	District of Columbia
District of Columbia	3,378,861	3,312,609	1,124,721	978,151	146,570	ō	1,841,208	1,580,888	280,340	346,660	66,252	Florida
				592,944	75,475	0	1,138,437	74,565	1,063,872	265,665	14,627	Georgia
Georgia	2,087,169	2,072,542 328. <b>68</b> 8	<b>668</b> ,419 7,744	362,5 <del>71</del>	7,744	Ö	268,988	74,300	266,566	51,966	*21,225	Hawei
Hawaii	340,913 487,625	462,125	146.988	115,000	31,988	4,730	278,157	235,100	43,067	32,250	25,500	
Idaho	5,739,346	5,133,015	2,784,779	2,639,000	145,779	0	1,892,331	1,496,071	397,260	465,905	606,331	Hinois
Indiana	2,023,602	1,959,673	743,720	562,081	181,639	4,537	1,081,500	1,081,500	0	129,916	63,929	Indisna
	1,465,625	1,460,915	796,692	745,205	50.487	1,793	589,907	520,461	49,546	*93,433	24,710	lowe
kowe	1,109,301	1,064,301	533,463	466,276	67,187	717	455,050	377,603	77,447	75,071	46,000	Kaneet
Kentucky	1,307,500	1,247,500	237,000	162,400	74,600	0	865,500	791,500	64,000	156,000	60,000	Kentucky
Louisiens	1,603,000	1,540,000	480,000	190,000	270,000	0	860,000	825,000	25,000	230,000	63,000	Louisians
Maine	484,000	469,000	202,000	200,000	2,000	0	229,000	229,000	0	38,000	15,000	Maine
Maryland	1.884.381	71,883,932	1,120,459	1,029,027	91,432	0	669,467	659,467	0	104,006	449	
Massachusetts	3,253,583	3,244,184	1,948,400	1,871,865	76,535	0	1,112,018	946,031	166,967	163,766	9,389	Massachusetti
Michigan	4,750,848	4,605,848	2,965,151	2,612,290	362,861	5,000	1,392,616	1,146,000	247,616	243,081	146,000 115,242	Michigan
Minneeota	2,365,986	2,250,743	<b>63</b> 1,744	679,401	152,343	12,482	1,274,718	1,130,342	*144,376	131,799 128,858	25,423	
Mississippi	780,492	755,069	176,3 <b>9</b> 6	150,000	26,386	1,000	448,825	25,000	423,825		•	
Missouri	1,989,391	1,923,591	896,830	714,148	181,664	104,371	741,923	0	741,923	181,467	65,800	Miesour
Montana	456,700	443,000	159,000	131,000	28,000	35,000	208,000	201,000	7,000	41,000	13,700 12,500	Montane
Nebraska	636,500	624,000	441,000	425,000	16,000	28,500	112,000	75,000	37,000 627	42,500 18,683	64,448	Nevade
Nevada	445,752	381,304	196,573	65,869	129,704	0	187,038 32,143	166,411 8,043	24,100	*23.9 <b>8</b> 5	14,936	New Hampshire
New Hampshire	358,372	343,436	287,308	278,025	9,283	-	1			,	•	
New Jersey	3,600,467	3,739,867	2,358,131	2,193,240	184,891	0	1,253,706	1,156,104	98,601	128,051 87,815	*60,600 18,2 <b>8</b> 2	
New Mexico	662,750	544,408	107,114	56,632	50,482	0	449,539	394, <b>608</b> 3,936,000	54,871 20,000	485,000	*262.463	New York
New York	9,982,463	9,720,000	*5,300,000	5,000,000 436,000	30( 000 50,000	0	3,965,000 1,324,718	3,93E,000 1,239,718	25,000 85,000	280,000	46,000	North Caroline
North Carolina	2,115,716	2,070,716	486,000 96,614	436,000 88,106	8,508	26,257	118,646	109,504	9,142	22,143	17,128	North Dakoti
North Dekota	290,788	263,660		•	•	20,237	1	1,549,894	160,806	346,900	336,900	Ohic
Ohio	4,553,100	4,217,200	2,159,600	2,077,536	82,065 30,000	30.000	1,710,700	1,549,894 366,000	270,000	140,000	85,000	Oklehomi
Oklehome	1,270,000	1,186,000	390,000	380,000 735,331	30,000 42,317	24,870	441,927	425,461	16,476	<b>89</b> ,947	48,798	Oregor
Oregon	1,383,190	1,334,392 5,225,55 <b>6</b>	777,64 <b>8</b> 2,51 <b>6,84</b> 3	2,087,943	428,900	24,570	2,292,787	1,577,579	715,208	415,926	199,846	
Pennsylvania	5,425,404 393,028	5,225,500 392,513	2,510,643	227,109	9,303	ŏ	132,092	114,329	17,763	24,009	5 <b>15</b>	Rhode Island
Rhode Island		•		291,717	32,500	10.976	499,261	8,250	491,011	170,299	36,000	South Carolina
South Carolina	1,040,753	1,004,753	324,217 1 <b>68,70</b> 0	291,717 158,300	12,400	3,300	76,800	69.400	7,400	36,000	6,500	South Dakota
South Dakota	291,300	294,500 1,255,231	542,233	286,251	12,400	.5,500	537,402	460,628	76,774	175,596	117,368	
Tennessee	1,372,5 <b>89</b> 6 202,075	6,019,244	2,588,744	2,419,257	169,487	15,321	2,748,478	2,748,478	0	666,701	152,831	Texa
Texas Utah	799,818	711,618	273,457	215,484	57,973	0	383,738	0	363,736	54,423	86,200	
		•	150,779	143,094	7.685	0	61,356	41,616	19,740	16,740	3,343	, Vermon
Vermont	232,218	228,875 2.343,497	150,779 1,181,5 <del>8</del> 1	33,182	1,148,409	ő	932,138	225,500	706,630	229,758	93,318	Virgini
Virginia	2,436,806 2,292,483	2,343,467 2,144,857	270.933	233,125	37,808	94,351	1,639,105	1,161,173	477,932	140,468	147,626	Washington
Washington	763,626	733,626	228,283	195,468	30,815	0	424,695	150	424,546	82,646	30,000	West Virgini
Winconun	2,546,837	2,288,523	1,300,729	1,227,443	73,286	4,607	819,771	667,587	132,184	163,416	258,314	
TYROUGH HERE!	364,736	334,918	139,461	122,015	17,446	62,580	112,606	108,006	6,600	20,271	29,818	Wyomin

See footpotes at end of table



# Table 2.—Estimated revenue and nonrevenue receipts for elementary and secondary education, by source and by State or outlying area: United States, 1980-81—Continued

--- NO REPORT -

					\iii the	ousands of dollars)						
	Total revenue and nonrevenue receipts (Cole. 3 + 12)		Revenue receipts									
State or other area		Total revenue	Local receipts			State receipts				Total		
		receipts	receipts (All rourses)	Total local	Property taxes	Other local	Total intermediate Receipts	Total State	Unrestricted grants-in- aid	Restricted grants-in- aid	Total Federal receipts	nonrevenue receipts
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13
Outlying areas: merican Sernoa sern erto Rico ust Territory gin Islanda JD Overseas Schools	68,057	67,812	48,252 NO REP NO REP	ORT	48,252	0	9,780	0	NO REPORT — 9,780 NO REPORT — NO REPORT —	9,780	245	Outlying areas:  American Sam Gua Puerto Ri Trust Territo Virgin Islan

NO REPORT ---

¹Revised from 1979 published data.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>3</sup>Excludes \$30,000,000 for State operated voc-tech schools for grades 9 through 12.

<sup>\*</sup>NCES estimate.

<sup>\*</sup>Column 5 included in column 6.

<sup>\*</sup>Actual 1980 data.

<sup>\*</sup>Includes donation of \$13,938.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>2</sup>Does not include an estimated \$150,000,000 State share of teacher retirement and social security.

<sup>\*</sup>Includes \$1,428,486 grants to State-operated institutions.

<sup>\*</sup>Excludes capital funds.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>16</sup>Previous years' figures inadvertently included retirement,

Table 2A. — Estimated revenue and nonrevenue receipts for public elementary and secondary education, including percent nonrevenue of total receipts and local receipts by source and by State or outlying area: United States, 1980-81

	Total		Percent	Г		Local re	ceipts	_				
	Total Total		nonrevenua									
State or other area	nonrevenue receipts	nonrevenua receipte	receipts of total receipts	Total number	local percent	Property number	taxes percent	Other number	percent			
	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10			
Total 50 States and D.C.	\$103,666,419	\$3,825,890	3,7	\$44,030,474	100.0	\$37,601,344	85.4	\$6,429,130	14.0			
	1,096,860	40,277	3.7	211,428	100.0	114,140	54.0	97,288	46.0			
Mabama		40,277 N	0.0	72,006	100.0	67,333	93.5	4,673	6.9			
Alaska .	406,106	o n	0.0	411,259	100.0	383,328	93.2	27,931	6.1			
Arizona	1,143,563	•	5.4	246,805	100.0	235,533	95.4	11,272	4.0			
Arkanses	763,248	41,012			100.0	1,950,600	72.6	734,500	27.4			
California	11,371,300	100,200	0.9	2,666,100					18.0			
Colorado	1,631,308	<b>9</b> 5,715	F.9	803,863	100.0	659,429 935,375	<b>82.0</b> 100.0	14.434 0	0.0			
Connecticut	1,415,353	4,353	0.3	935,375	100.0			5.478	8.0			
Delawere .	321,292	5,000	1.6	68,172	100.0	62,694	92.0		100.0			
District of Columbia	329,265	0	0.0	275, <b>60</b> 0	100.0	0	0.0	275,600	13.0			
Florida	3,378,861	66,252	2.0	1,124,721	100.0	978,151	87.0	146,570				
Georgia .	2,087,169	14,627	0.7	668,419	100.0	592,944	88.7	75,475	11.3			
Hawaii	349,913	21.225	6.1	7,744	100.0	0	0.0	7,744	100.0			
	487.625	25.500	5.2	146,988	100.0	115,000	78.2	31.988	21.			
ldaho	5,739,346	606,331	10.6	2,784,779	100.0	2,639,000	94.8	145,779	5.			
Illinois Indiana	2,023,602	63,929	3.2	743,720	100.0	562,081	75.6	181,639	24.			
indierie		•		795.692	100.0	745,205	93.7	50,487	6.			
lows	1,485,625	24,710	1.7			466,276	87. <b>4</b>	67,187	12.			
Kansas .	1,109,301	45,000	4.1	533,463	100.0		68.5	74,600	31.			
Kentucky	1,307,500	60,000	4.6	237,000	100.0	162,400	68.5 41.3	270,000	58.			
Louisiana	1,603,000	63,000	3.9	460,000	100.0	190,000			1,			
Maine	484,000	15,000	3.1	202,000	100.0	200,000	99.0	2,000				
Maryland .	1,884,381	449	0.0	1,120,459	100.0	1,029,027	91.8	91,432	8.			
Massachusetts	3,253,583	9,399	0.3	1,948,400	100.0	1,871,865	96.1	76,535	3.5			
	4,750,848	145,000	3.1	2,965,151	100.0	2,612,290	88.1	352, <b>6</b> 61	11.5			
Michigan	2,365,965	115,242	4.9	831,744	100.0	679,401	81.7	152,343	18.			
Minnesota	780,492	25,423	3.3	176,386	100.0	150,000	85.0	26,386	15,			
Mississippi	•					· ·	79.7	181,684	20.			
Missouri .	1,969,391	65,800	3.3	895,830	100.0	714,146	82.4	28,000	17.			
Montana .	456,700	13,700	3.0	159,000	100.0	131,000			3.			
Nebreske	636,500	12,500	2.0	441,000	100.0	425,000	96.4	16,000	<b>66</b> .			
Nevada	445,752	64,448	14.5	1 <del>95</del> ,573	100.0	65,869	33.7	129,704				
New Hampshire	358,372	14,936	4.2	287,308	100.0	278,025	96.8	9,283	3.			
•	3,800,487	60,600	1.6	2,358,131	100.0	2,193,240	93.0	164,891	7.			
New Jersey		18,282	2.8	107,114	100.0	56,632	52.9	50,482	47.			
New Maxico	662,750	262.483	2.6	5,300,000	100.0	5,000,000	94.3	300,000	5.			
New York	9,982,483	45,000	2.1	486,000	100.0	436,000	89.7	50,000	10.			
North Carolina	2,115,718		6.1	96,614	100.0	88,106	91.2	8,508	8.			
North Dakota	290,786	17,128					06.0	92.065	3.			
Ohio	4,553,100	335,900	7.4	2,159,600	100.0	2,077,535	96.2	82,065	3. 7.			
Oklahome	1,270,000	85,000	6.7	390,000	100.0	360,000	92.3	30,000	7. 5.			
Oregon	1,383,190	48,796	3.5	777,648	100.0	735,331	94.6	42,317				
Pennsylvenia	5,425,404	199,848	3.7	2,516,843	100.0	2,087,943	83.0	428,900	17			
Rhode Island	393,028	515	0.1	236,412	100.0	227,109	96.1	9,303	3.			
	1,040,753	36,000	3.5	324,217	100.0	291,717	90.0	32,500	10.			
South Carolina	291,300	6,500	2.2	168,700	100.0	156,300	92.6	12,400	7.			
South Dekote		117,358	8.6	542,233	100.0	286,251	52.8	255,982	47.			
Tennessee	1,372,589	182,831	2.9	2,588,744	100.0	2,419,257	93.5	169,487	6			
Taxas .	8,202.075	182,831 88,200	11 0	273,457	100.0	215,484	78.8	57,973	21			
Utah	799,818					•		7,685	5.			
Vermont	232,218	3,343	1.4	150,779	100.0	143.094	54.9	1,148,409	97.			
Virginia	2,436,805	93,318	3.8	1,181,591	100.0	33,182	2.8		14.			
Weshington	2,292,483	147,626	6.4	270,933	100.0	233,125	86.0	37,808				
West Virginia	763,626	30,000	39	226,283	100.0	195,468	86.4	30,815	13. 5			
Wisconsin	2,546,837	258,314	10.1	1,300,729	100.0	1,227,443	94.4	73,286				
Wyoming	364.736	29,518	8 2	139,461	100.0	122,015	87.5	17,446	12			
Outlying ereas:												
American Samoa					NO REPORT	0		n				
Guam	68,057	245	0.4	0		U		U				
Puerto Rico					NO REPORT							
Trust Territory					NO REPORT							
Virgin Islands					NO REPORT							
DOD Oversess Schools					NO REPORT							
Northern Merianes					NO REPORT							



Table 3. — Estimated expenditures and related data for public elementary and secondary education, by State or outlying area: United States, 1980-81

		Ехр	enditures (in thouser	nda)		An: cur	nu <b>s</b> i rent	Average annu
		Current e	xpenditures			expen per pu	diture pli in	selary for-
State or other area	Total	Elamentary		Capital	Total debt	Augusta	Average	Class
	axpenditures	and	Other	outlay	service	Average deity	daily	Class- room
		secondary	programa <sup>z</sup>	1		membership	ettendance	teachers
· ·		schoole <sup>1</sup>		5	6	7		+
1	2	3	4		, ,		•	<u> </u>
Total 50 States and D.C.	1999,135,875	<b>#88,607,176</b>	\$1,31 <b>8,902</b>	\$6,720,681	45,835,873	\$2,188	\$2,350	\$17 <b>,36</b> 0
Alabama	1,006,372	967,303	7,2 <b>9</b> 3	81,843	20,421	1,331	1,384	15,413
Naska	476,904	404,336	1,115	57, <b>499</b>	*30,828	4,869	5,010	29,000
Arizona	1,103,550	925,491	0	148,314	81,606	1,882	•1,914	17,356
krikansas	7 <b>68</b> ,672	657,560	1,900	90,262 431 500	40,941	1,490 72,424	1,571 <b>*2,584</b>	13,270 19,648
Celifornia	11.242,472	10,493,500	52, <b>60</b> 0	421,500	658,672			•
olorado	1,532,345	1,351,947	30,670	111,783	82,291	2,562	2,656	17,734
onnecticut	1,374,460	1,326,000	500	23,860	75,100	2,481	2,697	17,440
Oslawera	270,240	249,863 214,543	3,000	8,377	26, <b>90</b> 0 0	2, <b>5</b> 57 3,202	2,761 3,6 <b>8</b> 2	18,025 22,883
Platrict of Columbia	316,064	316,543 3,142,920	22,987	1,521 237,313	125,371	3,202 2,0 <b>8</b> 1	3,002 2,262	15,5 <b>6</b> 3
lorida	3,460,021		·			•		•
Georgia	1,946,011	1,625,736	19,200	274,777	61,369	1,554	1,652	15,444
lawaii	354,633	315,420	2,616	36,197 46,000	*3,191 15,100	1,939	2,121 1.780	20, <b>99</b> 3
daho	392,165 4 652 477	337,900 4.738,547	165 21,1 <b>88</b>	46,000 261,135	15,100 340,821	1,662 2,258	1,780 2,441	15,1 <b>46</b> 19,51 <b>8</b>
linois	4,652,477 2,062,572	4,236,547 1,677,296	21,1 <b>00</b> 16,063	240,459	149,481	2,298 1,687	1,793	16,876
							•	
<b>&gt;</b> ₩ <b>0</b>	1,396,925	1,273,333	3,312	100,537	55,665	2,426	2,560	16,150
eness	1,079,259	983,023	6,152	71,971 46,000	41,520 65,000	2,554 •1,457	2,714 •1,569	15,25 15,5 <b>8</b>
entucky	1,050,372	*961,700 1,400,000	6,672 4,500	83,000	70, <b>89</b> 7	1,611	1,972	14,900
ouisiana	1,518.397 473,493	423,400	13,000	27,093	26,500	1,925	2,055	13,99
	•	·	•					
faryland	1,816,494	1,683,002	15,419	92,614	92,203	2,319	2,541	19,28
/assachusetts	3.038.610	2,914,854	9,292	35,828	284,20 <b>8</b> 283,463	2,857 72,300	3,174 2,461	16,28 21,05
dichigan	4,730,954	4,215,296 1,751,638	80,420 51,050	281,785 176,854	133,650	2,335	2,484	17,18
Ainnesota	2,030,251 761,790	689,771	3,000	62,554	27,652	1,464	1,536	13,000
Aissouri	1,759,104	1,615,881	25,123	88,800	76,800	71,943	2.079	15,42
Aontana	465,500	413,000	8,000	37,500	20,000	2,785	2.948	15,96
lebraske	583,426	556,000	1,900	14,426	28,800	2,019	2,105	14,67
levede	396,220	305,638	1,323	53,511	56,316 31,574	2,155	2,179	17,70
lew Hampshira	342,108	325,510	1,204	B,517	21,574	2,001	2,033	•13,27
law Jersey	3,655,487	3,177,506	332,000	41,433	188,948	2,512	2,791	18,30
lew Maxico	704,814	571,588	2,802	123,302	30,483	2.108	2,219	16,94
lew York	9,251,000	B,488,000	183,000	350,000	675,000	3,023	3,358	20,40 15,85
lorth Carolina	2,219,000	2,100,000	14,000 340	105,000 16,068	0 10,1 <b>6</b> 3	1, <b>56</b> 9 1,979	1,992 2,062	14,86
lorth Dekote	249,612	230,441		*	•	·		
Ohio	4,095,800	3,867,400	66,000	93,100	193,576	1,985	2,143	16,20
klehome	1,259,290	*1,094.000	16,000	136,190	54,100	*1,906	*2,007	14,64
Oregon	1,473,037	1,273,274	3,613	167,175	62,416	2,830	3,049 2,79 <b>8</b>	16,50 17,69
Pennsylvania	5,492,707	4,863,600	101,308	199,810	407,704 20,657	2,564 2,452	2,796 2,559	19, <b>8</b> 0
Rhode Island	362,750	349,358	1,082	5,406				
South Carolina	1,028,626	905,653	11,264	88,866	45,470	1,505	1,560	14,10
South Dekote	273,500	°239,400	2,900	28,900	6,100	*1,884	*1, <b>99</b> 5	13,63
ennesses	1,337,037	1.176.179	16,054	135,568	33,433	1,372	1,458	14,07
exac	6,140,941	5,10 <b>8,606</b>	22,1 <b>8</b> 2	621,905 182,415	*649,374 40,746	1,628 1,648	1,955 1,742	15,71 16,61
Jtah	781,806	561,645	15,000					
/ermont	195,402	182,678	64	8,591	16,166	1,904	2,017	13,23
/irginia	2,367,736	2,072,104	38,576	205,779	143,990	2,071	2,223	14,64
Veshington	2,519,376	1,868.827	36,493 15,616	566,513 55,130	95,105 19,510	2, <b>488</b> 71,697	2,653 1,616	20,70 14,94
Vest Virginia Visconsin	739,629 2,167,011	660,853 2,001,185	27,645	100,760	122,745	2,594	2,769	*20,0 <b>6</b>
Vyoming	335,249	255,482	1,097	68,740	23,943	2,433	2,596	20,43
Outlying erees:								
American Samoa					REPORT -			
Guam	43,200	33,248	0	9,952	0	12,922	1,203	22,25
Puerto Rico					REPORT			
rust Territory					REPORT			
/irgin Islands OOD Overseas Schools			-		REPORT			_
OD Overseas Schools					REPORT			

<sup>•</sup> Includes fringe benefit payment



Includes estimated value of commodities donated by the U.S. Department of Agriculture.

Includes estimated expenditures for summer schools, adult education, community service (such as public libraries operated by school districts, expanditures for nonpublic schools where authorized by law, community colleges and technical institutions under the jurisdiction of local boards of education).

Does not include total for redemption of principal to other than PHA's.

Total includes redemption of principal to other than PHA's.

Includes NCES estimates for interest payments to other than PHA's and/or redemption of principal to other than PHA's.

Acceptable.

<sup>NCES estimate.
Revised from 1979 published date.

Revised from 1979 published date.</sup> 

Table 3A.—Percentages of total estimated expenditures by function for public elementary and secondary education, by State or outlying area: United States, 1960-81

Expenditures (in thousands)

		Current expe	j	Debt	
State or other areas	Total expenditures	Elementary and secondary schools	Other programs	Capital outlay	service
1	2	3	4	5	6
<del></del>		<u> </u>			
Total 50 States and D.C.	100.0	89.4	1.3	6.8 7.5	'2.5 0.9
Niabama	100.0	90.9 <b>84</b> .8	0.7 0.2	7.5 12.1	2.9
Alaska	100.0 100.0	83.9	0.2	13.3	2.9
Arizona	100.0	86.5	0.2	11.7	2.5
California	100.0	93.3	0.5	3.7	2.4
Colorado	100.0	88.2	2.0	7.3	2.5
Connecticut	100.0	96.5	0.0	1.7	1.8
Delaware	100.0	92.5	1.1	<b>3</b> .1	3.3
District of Columbia	100.0	99.5	0.0	0.5	0.0
Florida	100.0	90.8	0.7	6.9	1.6
Georgia	100.0	<b>83</b> .5	1.0	14.1	1.4
Hawaii	100.0	88.9	0.7	10.2	0.1
Idaho	100.0	86.2	0.0	11.7	2.1 2.9
Illinois	100.0	91.1	0.5 0.9	5. <b>6</b> 11.7	2.9 6.1
Indiana	100.0	81,3			
lowa	100.0	91.2	0.2	7.2 <b>6</b> .7	1.4 1.7
Kansas	100.0	91.1 91.6	0. <b>6</b> 0.6	4.4	3.4
Kentucky	100.0 100.0	92.2	0.3	5.5	2.0
Louisiana	100.0	89.4	2.7	5.7	2.1
		92.5	0.8	5.1	1.5
Maryland	100.0 100.0	95.9	0.8	1.2	2.6
Massachusetts	100.0	89.1	1.7	6.0	3.2
Minnesota	100.0	96.3	2.5	8.7	2.5
Mississippi	100.0	90.5	0.4	8.2	0.8
Missouri	100.0	91.9	1.4	5.0	1.7
Montana	100.0	88.7	1.7	8.1	1.5
Nebraska	100.0	95.1	0.3	2.5	2.1
Nevada	100.0	77.1	0.3	13.5	9.0 2.0
New Hampshire	100.0	9 <del>5</del> .1	0.4	2.5	
New Jersey	100.0	<b>86</b> .9	9.1	1.1	2.9
New Mexico	100.0	81.1	0.4	17.5 3.8	1.0 2.5
New York	100.0	91,8 94,6	2.0 0.6	3.6 4.7	0.0
North Carolina	100.0 100.0	92.3	0.0 0.1	6.4	1.1
North Dakota			1.6	2.3	1.7
Ohio	100.0	94.4 86.9	1.3	10.8	1.0
Oklahoma	100.0 100.0	86.4	0.3	11.3	2.0
Pennsylvania	100.0	88.5	1.8	3.6	6.0
Rhode Island	100.0	96.3	0.3	1.5	1.9
South Carolina	100.0	88.0	1.1	8.6	2.2
South Dakota	100.0	87.5	1.1	10.6	0.8
Tennessee	100.0	88.0	1.2	10.1	0.7
Texas	100.0	83.2	0.4	13.4	3.1
Utah	100.0	71.8	1.9	23.3	2.9
Vermont	100.0	93.5	0.0	4.4	2.1
Virginia	100.0	87.5	1.6	8.7 22.5	2.2 1.9
Washington	100.0	74.2	1.4 2.1	22.5 7.5	1.1
West Virginia	100.0 100.0	<b>8</b> 9.3 92.3	1,3	4.6	1.7
Wyoming	100.0	76.2	0.3	20.5	3.0
Outlying Areas:		<del></del>			
American Samos		N	O REPORT		
Guam	100.0	77.0	0.0	23.0	0.0
Puerto Rico			O REPORT-		
Trust Territory			O REPORT		
Virgin Islands			O REPORT		
Northern Marianas			O REPORT		
-					_

<sup>1</sup> Computed on basis of interest payments to other than PHA's and payments to PHA's only.



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Table 4. - Estimated expenditures of capital outlay and debt service, for public education, by type: United States or outlying areas, school year 1980-81

(Expenditures in thousands)

	Capital outley						Debt service			
State or other area	Total capital	Land and improve-	New building and	Remodeling and improve-	Equip Vehicles and	oment Furniture and	Total debt	Interest Pay- ments to other trian	Payments to	Redemption of principal to other
,	outley	ments	additions	ments	trans- portation	ather equipment	service	PHA's <sup>1</sup>	PHA's¹	than PHA's
1		3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11
		<u>'</u>				<del></del>				
Total 50 States and D.C.	<b>96,720,68</b> 1	\$1,666,702	\$2,780,608	\$1,202,375	\$2 <b>39,86</b> 1	<b>*483</b> 1,135	<b>\$5,835,673</b>	\$1,851,832	\$637,2 <b>84</b>	\$3, <b>346,5</b> 57
Alebama	81,843	(*)	41,870	14,939	6,867	18,167	20,421	8,825	1,108	10,48
Alaska	<b>57,498</b> 14 <b>6,</b> 314	0 78,579	51,749	0 19, <b>96</b> 0	0	5,750 22,200	430,528	13, <del>9</del> 54	0	16,574
Arkaness	90,262	5,3 <b>9</b> 0	5, <b>000</b> 52,4 <b>8</b> 4	11,610	9,006 8,417	33,200 14,361	81,606 40,941	31,745 1 <b>8,6</b> 75	75	49,861 21,991
Celifornia	421,500	43,500	(°)	230,300	15,000	132,700	656,672	89,000	²185,872	381,800
Colorado	111,783	8,937	48,718	0	6.839	49,289	82,291	37,342	603	44,346
Connecticut	23,960	€,837 €00	11,000	(*)	'930	711,330	75,100	24,000	100	51,000
Delewere	8,377	<b>76</b> 12	0	4,600	'5 <b>8</b> 7	72,578	26,900	9,000	, 50	17,900
District of Columbia	1,521	0	0	0	7521	1,000	0	0	Ō	(
Florida	<b>237</b> ,313	2, <b>363</b>	167,087	54,127	1,9 <b>0</b> 0	11,768	125,371	56,163	698	68,570
Georgie	274,777	8,300	211,008	1,993	16,446	36,881	61,369	26,078	220	35,071
Heweli	36,197	73, <b>63</b> 1	720,111	78,283	103	6,069	13,191	400	0	*2,791
Idaho	46,000	46,000	(*)	(*)	(*)	(*)	15,100	8,100	0	7,000
Minois	261,136	18,956	180,396	(*)	14,408	49,375	340,821	99,680	33,927	207,214
Indiana	240,4 <b>50</b>	13,086	158,864	53,658	14,962	0	149,481	6,832	119,923	22,726
lows	100,537	9,383	31,718	20,306	24,640	14,490	55,666	19,743	0	35,922
Kanese	71, <b>971</b>	8,501	11,383	24,894	4,038	23,155	41,520	18,072	41	23,407
Kentucky	48,000	5,1 <b>9</b> 0	26,200	2, <b>900</b>	1,575	10,135	65,000	36,000	0	29,000
Louisiana	<b>83</b> ,000	5,000	48,000	15,000	6,000	9,000	70,897	30,000	7897	40,000
Maine	27,083	'900	15,000	5,500	3,900	72,093	26,500	10,000	0	16,500
Meryland	92,814	2, <b>533</b>	42,047	33, <b>86</b> 5	520	13,829	92,203	27,259	0	64,944
Massachusetts	35,828	0	24,265	0	888	10,675	284,208	78,636	0	205,572
Michigan	281,785 176,864	21, <b>778</b> 12, <b>845</b>	218,080 81,747	0 31,7 <b>6</b> 7	0 10,799	43,917 36,696	283,463 133, <b>6</b> 50	150,963 50,486	2,500 223	130,000 82,941
Mississippi	62,564	12,	51,554	4,000	7,000	30,030	27,652	6,465	223	21,187
		4 500		0					_	
Missouri	86,800 37,500	4, <b>500</b>	70,100 35,000	0	6,000 2,500	8,200 0	7 <b>6,80</b> 0 20,000	29,000 7,000	. 300 . 0	47,500 13,000
Nebraska	14,426	400	2,360	78,978	4,200	500	28,800	12,100	. ,	16,700
Nevade	53,511	2,280	38,449	7.963	115	4,704	56,318	14,509	21,239	20,570
New Hampshire	8,517	7,096	('')	(")	548	774	21,574	6,877	Ô	14,697
New Jersey	41,433	(11)	(**)	41,433	(**)	(**)	188,948	104,548	0	84,400
New Mexico	123,302	5,522	92,929	6,353	1,348	15,150	30,493	7,122	ō	23,361
New York	360,000	360,000	(*)	(*)	(*)	(*)	675,000	230,000	0	445,000
North Carolina	105,000	105,000	(*)	(*)	(*)	(*)	0	0	0	0
North Dakota	16,066	1,260	7,300	2,100	2,306	3,100	10,163	2,763	0	7,400
Ohio	93,100	8,517	56,3 <b>9</b> 6	9,310	3,165	18,713	193,576	69,300	0	124,276
Oklehome	136,190	8,000	100,000	4,190	5,000	19,000	54,100	13,000	100	41,000
Oregon	167,175	(**)	(**)	167,175	(**)	(''')	62,418	28,559	7216	33,643
Penneylvania	190,810	7,360	112,500	46,250	6,600	25,110	407,704	67,219	260,770	79,715
Rhode island ,	5,406	0	361	3,014	320	71,691	20,657	6,904	0	13,753
South Carolina	86,866	8,080	81,500	(*)	(12)	21,276	45,470	21,591	1,254	22,625
South Dekota	128,900	2 000	(11)	28,900 17,665	(11) 5 545	(11)	6,100	2,300	0	3,800
Tennesses	136,568 821,905	3, <b>908</b> 821,905	94,929 0	17, <b>56</b> 5 0	5,545 0	13, <b>63</b> 1 0	33,433 649,374	9,206 4183,466	30 74,782	24,197 481,126
Utah	182,415	(11)	('')	182,415	(")	(")	40,746	22,748	74,782	18,000
	8,591	340		748			•		0	
Vermont	8,591 206,779	340 4, <b>96</b> 7	4,253 125,201	748 33,262	1,0 <b>9</b> 6 16,179	2,154 26,150	18,166 143,990	4,069 50,357	0 7918	14,097 92,715
Washington	<b>586,5</b> 13	32,718	363,189	90,372	15,938	74,296	95,105	47,545	918	47,5 <b>6</b> 0
West Virginia	\$5,130	- 996	31,000	7,107	7,660	8,667	19,510	8,230	ŏ	11,280
Wisconsin	100,760	5.647	51,162	17,628	4,149	22,174	122,745	35,933	1,488	96,324
Wyoming	86,740	<b>94</b> 5	37,942	0	3,764	26,389	23,943	9,930	. 0	14,013
Outlying areas:										
American Samoe						EPORT				
Guem	9,962	10	215	0	8,500	1,227	0	0	0	0
Trust Territory						EPORT				
Virgin islands						EPORT				
DOD Oversees Schools						EPORT -				

<sup>Includes tuition, fibrary books, textbooks and instruction column 3.
Column 4 1980 data.
Column 5 included in column 4.
Columns 6 included in column 3.
Columns 4 and 5 included in column 3.
Columns 3, 4, 8 and 7 included in column 5.
Columns 6 included in column 7.
Column 6 included in column 7.</sup> 



<sup>2.</sup> Public school housing suthorities.
3 The decrease is due to the lack of information on payments to housing authorities for California and a decrease for payments to housing authorities in Illinois for 1981.
5 Column 3 included in column 4.
6 Estimates made by NCES.
6 Includes tuition, Morary books, textbooks and instructional aids.

Table 4A.—Percentages of estimated expenditures of capital outlay by type and of debt service by source of payment, for public education: United States or outlying area, school year 1990-81

	<u> </u>		Серіс	al outlay			Debt service		
					Equipment				
State or other area	Total capital outlay	Land and improvements	New building and additions	Remodeling and improvements	Vehicles and trans- portation	Furniture and other equipment	Total debt service <sup>1</sup>	Interest payments to other then PHA's	Paymer to PHA:
	2	3	4	5	.8	7		,	10
								<u> </u>	
Total 50 States and D.C.	100.0	24.8	41.4	17.9	3.8	12.4	100.0	74.4	25.8
labama	100.0	<b>0</b> .0	51.2	18.3	8.4	22.2	<b>100.</b> 0	86.8	11.2
leska	100.0	0.0	90.0	0.0	0.0	10.0	100.0	100.ΰ	0.0
rizona	100.0	53.7	3.9	13.6	6.2	<b>22</b> .7	100.0	100.9	0.0
rkansas	100.0	6.0	~ 5 <b>3</b> .1	12.9	7.1	159	100.0	59.8	0.4
elifornia	100.0	10.3	0.0	54.6	3.6	31.5	100.0	32.4	67.6
								•• •	
olorado	100.0	6.2	43.6	0.0	6.1	44.1	1 <b>00</b> .0	90.4	1.0
onnecticut	100.0	2.5	46.1	0.0	3.9	47.5	100.0	90.6	0.4
elawara	<b>100</b> .0	7.3	0.0	54.9	7.0	30.8	100.0	100.0	0.0
ietrict of Columbia	100.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	34.3	65.7	100.0	100.0	0.0
orida ,	100.0	1.0	70.4	22.8	0.8	<b>5</b> .0	<b>100</b> .0	90.8	1.2
				0.7	8.0	13.4	100.0	99.2	0.0
eorgie	100.0	3.0	76.8	0.7				100.0	0.0
ewaii	<b>100</b> .0	10.0	56.6	17.4	0.3	18.8	100.0		0.0
aho	100.0	100.0	0.0	<b>0</b> .0	0.0	0.0	100.0	0.0	
inois	100.0	6.5	<b>69</b> (F1(3)	0.0	5.5	18.9	100.0	74.6	25.
diana	100.0	5.4	66.1	22.3	6.2	0.0	100.0	5.4	94.
			21 5	20.2	24.5	14.4	100.0	100.0	0.
W8	100.0	9.3	31.5				100.0	\$0.8	0.
BNSSS	100.0	11.8	15.8	34.6	5.8	<b>32</b> .2			
entucky	100.0	11.3	57.0	6.3	3.4	<b>22</b> .0	100.0	100.0	0.
puleiene	1 <b>00</b> .0	6.0	57.8	18.1	7.2	10.8	100.0	97.1	2.
laine	100.0	2.2	55.4	20.3	14.4	7.7	100.0	<b>100</b> .0	0.
			45.0	20 5	0.8	14.9	100.0	100.0	0.6
faryland	100.0	2.7	45.3	36.5			100.0	100.0	0.
faceachusetts	1 <b>00</b> .0	0.0	67.7	0.0	2.5	29.8		98.4	1.
Aichigan	<b>100</b> .0	7.7	76.7	0.0	0.0	15.6	100.0		o.
Minnesota	100.0	7.3	46.2	18.0	6.1	22.4	100.0	90.8	
Aiesiesippi	100.0	0.0	<b>82.4</b>	6.4	11.2	0.0	100.0	100.0	0.
	100.0	5.1	78.9	0.0	6.8	9.2	100.0	<b>90</b> .0	1.5
Aiseouri'	100.0			0.0		0.0	100.0	100.0	Ö.
Aontana	100.0	0.0	93.3		6.7		100.0	100.0	0.
lebraska	100.0	2.8	16.3	48.4	29.1	3.5			59.
levada	100.0	4.3	71.9	14,9	0.2	8.8	100.0	40.6	
lew Hampshira	100.0	₿3.3	0.0	0.0	7.6	9.1	100.0	100.0	0.
lance lanance	100.0	0.0	0.0	100.0	0.0	0.0	100.0	100.0	0.
lew Jersey		4.5	75.4	6.8	1,1	12.3	100.0	100.0	0.
lew Maxico	100.0			0.0	0.0	0.0	100.0	100.0	Ö.
lew York	100.0	100.0	0.0			0.0	100.0	0.0	0.
lorth Carolina	100.0	1 <b>00</b> .0	0.0	0.0	0.0				
forth Dakota	100.0	7.8	45.4	13.1	14.4	19.3	100.0	100.0	0.
)hio	100.0	7.0	59.5	10.0	3.4	20.1	100.0	100.0	0.
	100.0	5.9	73.4	3,1	3.7	14.0	100.0	99.2	0.
Oklahoma				100.0	0.0	0.0	100.0	99.2	0.
Oregon	100.0	0.0	0.0		3.3	12.6	100.0	20.5	9.
ennsylvania	100.0	3.7	56.3	24.1		31.3	100.0	100.0	o.
lhode Island	1 <b>00</b> .0	0.0	7.0	55.8	5.9	31.3		.00.0	
South Carolina	100.0	6.9	69.2	0.0	0.0	23.9	100.0	94.5	5.
outh Dakota	100.0	0.0	0.0	100.0	0.0	0.0	100.0	100.0	0
		2.9	70.0	12.9	4.1	10.1	100.0	99.7	0
ennessed	100.0	100.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	100.0	97.5	2
*exas . ,	100.0			100.0	0.0	0.0	100.0	100.0	ō
lteh	100.0	0.0	0.0						
/ermont	100.0	4.0	49.5	8.7	12.8	25.1	100.0	100.0	0
/irginia	100.0	2,4	60.8	16.2	7.9	12.7	100.0	98.2	1
		5,8	64.1	14.2	2.8	13.1	100.0	100.0	. 0
Vashington	100.0	1,3	56.2	12.9	13.9	15.7	100.0	100.0	0
Veet Virginia	100.0			17.5	4.1	22.0	100.0	90.0	4.
Visconsin	100.0	5.6	50.8 55.2				100.0	100.0	Ö.
Vyoming	1 <b>00</b> .0	0.9	55.2	0.0	5.5	38.4	100.0		U.
Outlying areas:									
American Samoa					_ NG REPORT -				
Suam	100.0	0.1	2.2	<b>0</b> .0	<b>8</b> 5.4	12.3	100.0	0.0	0
uerto Rico					_ NO REPORT -				
Trust Territory					- NO REPORT -				
/irgin Islands									
WILLIAM COMMITTEE					- NO REPORT -				
OD Overseas Schools					- NO REPORT -				

<sup>1</sup> Does not include redemption of principal to other than PHA's.



# Appendixes



# Appendix A

#### Nature and Conduct of the Survey

The public elementary and secondary day school survey has been conducted annually since 1954 by the U.S. Office of Education and the National Center for Education Statistics (NCES).

The survey included estimates of revenue and nonrevenue receipts by source, expenditures by major purpose, average salaries of classroom teachers, estimates of average daily attendance, and average daily membership.

To the extent possible, data are shown for each State and the District of Columbia, and estimates for missing data are included in the national totals and averages. Statistics for the outlying areas are shown separately and are not included in the national totals.

In some tables, national and State totals for fall 1979 are provided for comparison. Some of the data differ from that published in the early release, "Statistics of Public School Systems, Fall 1980," because more complete data became available after the report was released.

The data in this report were furnished by the State education agencies on a report form designed by NCES (Common Core of Data (CCD), part II). A copy of the survey form is shown in appendix B.

Each State report was reviewed, to the extent possible, for internal consistency and for comparability with information received in previous surveys, State publications, and related NCES studies. Letters, telegrams, and telephone calls were used, when necessary, to obtain data from respondents and to resolve questions.

As in any mail questionnaire survey, interpretation of instructions and definitions may vary among respondents. Because public elementary and secondary education is a State and local responsibility, any statistical total for the Nation as a whole reflects a composite of the different reporting practices in the States. The use of standard forms and definitions in collecting data tends to minimize these variations. Any known State deviations from prescribed definitions and instructions are indicated in the footnotes to the various tables.

NCES encouraged each State to obtain the data for its report by conducting a fall survey of local school districts with adaptations of the Federal forms and accompanying instructions. Some States reported from survey data collected for regular annual reports. Financial estimates for 1980-81 were prepared in the State offices, generally from State appropriation records and budgets filed by local school districts.

Some of the data shown in the basic tables may not agree exactly with similar data reported in other NCES publications. Different reporting dates for various surveys may have caused slight variations in published data.

Detailed tables in this report contain statistical data as reported to NCES for each State. Those items not provided by all States have been estimated to provide a national summary for that item.

The following data elements were imputed by NCES when not provided: revenue receipts for intermediate, other local unrestricted and restricted grants-in-aid, and nonrevenue sources. Also, capital outlay, interest payments to other than Public Housing Authorities (PHA's), payments to PHA's and redemption of principal. The national total for per-pupil expenditures have been estimated for States that did not report their average daily membership (ADM). All derived figures have been indicated by footnotes.

ADM was calculated for nonrespondent States by deriving a historical relation between fall pupil membership and average daily attendance (ADA) and ADM by State, and multiplying the fall 1980 pupil membership by that ratio to obtain the estimated ADM. Nationally, ADM is about 96 percent of fall membership.



# Appendix B

# Comparison of Estimates with "After the Fact" Actual Data

As an indication of the accuracy of estimated receipts and estimated expenditures included in this report, a 4-year and 5-year comparison was made for estimated receipts and expenditures, respectively, with actual receipts and actual expenditures reported by the States for the same years. The results of this comparison are shown in appendix tables B-1 and B-2.

Table B-1.—Estimated receipts as a percent of actual receipts reported by the 50 States and D.C.: 1976-80

	Revenue			Receipts	Nonrevenue	
	Local and Total Fed. State intermediate		<del>-</del>			
1975-76	94.8	86.1	94.4	96.9	92.6	
1976-77	98.7	92.1	98.7	100.0	89.2	
1977-78	99.4	86.0	101.9	99.8	92.9	
1978-79	95.1	78.6	96.2	96.5	79.3	
1979-80	94.7	81.1	97.6	95.2	87.8	

Table B-2. — Estimated expenditures as a percent of actual expenditures reported by the 50 States and D.C.: 1975-80

Expenditures							
	Current <sup>1</sup>	Capital	Interest	Current/ADA <sup>2</sup>			
1974-75	95.9	95.6	103.3	93.0			
1975-76	95.1	101.1	103.9	93.2			
1976-77	99.2	116.7	106.6	97.3			
1977-78	99.3	122.5	103.4	90.0			
1978-79	102.0	114.2	142.8	100.2			
1979-80	97.7	96.9	136.8	96.9			

<sup>1</sup> Includes community services.



Does not include community services.

# Appendix C

# Reproduction of Survey Form

UNITED STATES DEPARTMENT DF EDUCATION
OFFICE OF THE ASSISTANT SECRETARY
FOR EDUCATIONAL RESEARCH AND IMPROVEMENT
NATIONAL CENTER FOR EDUCATION STATISTICS
WASHINGTON, D.C. 20202

COMMON CORE OF OATA
PART II. ESTIMATES FOR SCHOOL YEAR 1980-81

FORM APPROVEO O.M.B. NO. 1850-0067 EXPIRATION OATE: 6/83

DUE DATE

January 15, 1981

This report is authorized by law (20 U.S.C. 1221e-1). While you are not required to respond, your cooperation is needed to make the results of this survey comprehensive, accurate, and timely.

NAME OF STATE

NAME OF PERSON PREPARING THIS REPORT

TELEPHONE NUMBER

ESTIMATES OF THE FOLLOWING VARIABLES FOR LOCAL EQUICATION AGENCIES IN THE STATE FOR SCHOOL YEAR 1980-81 are REQUESTED

ITEM	AMOUNT (rounded to thousands of dollars)	ITEM	AMOUNT (rounded to thousands of dollars)
I. Revenue receipts from:	s	IV. Expenditures for acquisition of property (capital outlay)  A. Land and improvements thereto	s
A. Local sources 1. Property taxes		B. New buildings and additions to buildings	s
2. Other local sources	2. Other local sources \$		s
B. Intermediate sources	\$	D. Equipment 1. Vehicles and transportation	s
C. State sources 1. Unrestricted grants-in-aid	s	equipment  2. Furniture and other equipment	
2. Restricted grants-in-aid	s	V. Debt service	\$
D. All Federal sources	s	A. Redemption of principal	\$
E. Other sources	s	B. Interest payments  C. Other, e.g., payments to housing	\$
E. Gale Marco	1	authorities	s
F. Total Revenues, all sources		VI. Average annual salaries of:	DOLLARS
Total nonrevenue receipts from all sources S		A. Classroom teachers      B. Other professional education personnel (curriculum, guidance, library/media, and remedial)	s
III. Current expenditures for:		and remedial)	WHOLE NUMBERS
<ul> <li>A. Elementary and secondary day school operations</li> </ul>	<b>S</b> .	VII. Average daily attendance	
B. Other purposes, e.g., community services	s	VIII, Average daily membership	<u> </u>

BRIEFLY DESCRIBE THE BASIS FOR THE ABOVE ESTIMATES (Continue on reverse if necessary)

RETURN COMPLETED FORM TO:

NCES/DESES/ISB Presidential Building, Room 205 400 Maryland Avenue, SW. Washington, D.C. 20202

ED FORM 2350.9, 10/81

REPLACES NCES FORM 2350-9, 7/80, WHICH IS DESOLETE



Instructions for Completing Estimates for School Year 1980-81, Part II Form ED (NCES) 2350-9

#### **General**

- 1. This report is to be completed for each State, the District of Columbia, outlying areas, and the 20 largest cities as determined by the 1970 Decennial Census.
- 2. The report is due in the National Center for Education Statistics on or before January 15, 1981.
- 3. All data are to be estimated for the 1980-81 school year.
- 4. In estimating expenditure data, include disbursements from all funds (general fund, debt service fund, etc.) and from all sources (local, county, State, and Federal). Estimated expenditures should be rounded to thousands of dollars.

NOTE: Estimated receipts and expenditures are to be reported only for the operation of local education agencies. Monies to be expended by State Board of Education and State Department of Education for or on behalf of LEAs are not to be included. Such data are to be reported in Common Core of Data - Part VIII.

#### Revenue and Nonrevenue Receipts

Revenue receipts are additions to assets which do not incur an obligation that must be met at some future date, do not represent exchanges of property for money, and are available for expenditure. State contribution to retirement systems, pension funds, and social security are not to be included. Do not include monies that support or aid in expenditures for vocational rehabilitation and salaries of personnel for supplementary services such as State libraries and State museums, teacher retirement, teacher placements, etc.

#### Revenue Sources

- 1. Property Taxes Money derived from taxes levied on real and personal property.
- 2. Restricted Grants-in-Aid Money received as grants-in-aid which must be used for a categorical or specific purpose.
- 3. Unrestricted Grants-in-Aid Money received as grants-in-aid which can be used for any legal purpose desired by the recipient without restriction.
- 4. Other Revenues received from any other source, e.g., gifts and donations, admissions, tuitions, fees, rentals, net proceeds from enterprise activities, etc.

Item IA. Revenue from local sources. Estimate all revenue produced within the school districts and available to the LEA in the amount produced. These LEAs may be as follows: elementary, high, unified, town, city, county, divisions, reorganized, cooperative, dependent, or independent school districts, etc.

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#### Part 11, Form 2350-9, Cont.

item IB. Revenue from intermediate sources. Estimate all funds received from an intermediate administrative unit, or a political subdivision between school districts and the State, and used for public elementary and secondary school purposes. Do not include money collected by an intermediate unit as an agent for the local district, and returned to the local school districts in the same amount as collected (or less only collection costs). This is recorded as revenue from local sources. Funds from taxation and appropriation, income from permanent funds and endowments, and other cash and noncash revenue receipts collected by intermediate units are to be included.

An illustration of revenue from intermediate sources is the case of a county intermediate administrative unit which collects taxes within the several local school districts in the county, and distributes the money thus collected to the local districts on some flat-grant or equalization-aid basis. Another illustration is a county that is not a school unit of any kind, but which may collect and distribute money for school purposes as described in the preceding illustration.

If the school district operating the schools is countywide, the revenue from county sources should be reported as revenue from local sources.

Item IC. Revenue from State Sources. Estimated revenues distributed by the State to intermediate and local school districts. Examples of the kinds of revenue recorded in the accounts under this classification are State grants of money for such things as: General school purposes, Vocational education, Transportation, Special education for exceptional children, Textbooks, Capital outlay, Debt service, Tuition, Consolidation aid, Mining camp aid, Aid for orphans, Library aids, Salaries of officials, Cost-of-living adjustments, Visiting teacher programs, Driver education, Child care centers, and Evening school salaries.

Enter the total of all State money collected by the State and distributed to local education agencies through State taxation and appropriation, State permanent funds and endowments, cash and noncash revenue receipts.

DO NOT INCLUDE funds from Federal sources which are distributed through the State education agency. Such Federal funds are to be included in Item ID.

Item ID. Revenue from Federal sources. Estimate ALL Federal funds going to local school systems either directly or through the State as a distribution agency. Do not include Federal funds going to agencies other than the local public school systems, e.g., that part of ESEA Title I dealing with programs for State operated or supported schools for the handicapped.

Item II. Nonrevenue Receipts. Amounts received which either incur an obligation that must be met at some future date or change the form of an asset from property to cash and therefore decrease the amount of the value of the property. Money received from loans, sale of bonds, sale of property purchased from capital funds, and proceeds from insurance adjustments constitute most of the nonrevenue receipts.



#### Part 11, Form 2350-9, Cont.

- Item IIIA. Current Expenditures. The total charges incurred for the benefit of the current fiscal year, except for capital outlay and debt service. Include here total current expenditures by local school districts (i.e., expenditures for administration, instruction, attendance, health, transportation, and net food service, and other net expenditures to cover deficits for extracurricular activities for students, and maintenance and operation). Include also current expenditures made for vocational technical elementary or secondary education.
- <u>item IIIB.</u> Include current expenditures for other programs under jurisdiction of local boards of education (free summer schools, junior and community colleges, vocational technical schools which do not have an elementary or secondary program for adult education, etc.).
- Item IV. Capital Outlay. An expenditure which results in the acquisition of fixed assets or additions to fixed assets which are presumed to have benefits for more than one year. It is an expenditure for land or existing buildings, improvements of grounds, construction or remodeling of buildings, or initial acquisition and replacement of equipment.
- Item V. Debt Service. Expenditures for the retirement of debt and expenditures for interest on debt, except principal and interest on current loans (loans incurred and to be repaid during the current fiscal year). This includes payments to school-housing authorities and other types of revolving funds maintained by an agency other than the borrower.
- Item VIA. Report the estimated average annual salary for only those teachers employed by LEAs. The estimated average salary should include gross salary before deductions for social security, retirement, health, insurance, i.e., include "Fringes". Average classroom teacher salaries normally will not exceed average instructional staff salaries.
- <u>item VIB</u>. Report the estimated average annual salary for those other professional educational staff, e.g., curriculum specialists, counselors, librarians and media specialists, and remedial specialists.
- Item VII. Estimate the average daily attendance in accordance with the definition thereof in use in your State. ADA is generally defined as aggregate days attended divided by number of days in the school term.
- <u>item VIII</u>. Estimate the average daily membership in accordance with the definition thereof in use in your State. ADM is generally defined as the sum of aggregate days attended and aggregate days absent divided by the number of days in the school term.

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