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State Board of Education, Springfield.

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Monitoring: *Title I Evaluation and Reporting

System

ABSTRACT

Designed for use in a workshop entitled, "Organizing Information," this handbook provides a kit of materials for monitoring a Titled evaluation and for providing evaluation technical assistance. The handbook is divided into four sections. There are checklists which can be used to gather needed information to monitor programs. Facts and data for the evaluators use and distribution to school districts is included. Reference materials consist of background information on important topics. Examples of actual evaluation reports, questionnaires, and articles are illustrated. Reference materials for establishing a Title I program explain how to target schools, grade levels, and students who would be eligible for the program. An interpretation guide for evaluation results is also included in the materials. (DWH)





PROGRAM EVALUATION

A Handbook of Monitoring and Technical Assistance Aids

Presented by

Rose Maye Nan Simpson Agnes Smith

Allerton House Monticello, IL

July 16, 17, 1981



Educational Testing Service One American Plaza Evanston, Illinois 60201

312-869-7700



Illinois State Board of Education 100 North First Street

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Springfield, Illinois 62777 217/782-4321



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ACKNOWLEDGEMENTS

This handbook was prepared for the use of state Title I staff in Illinois. Many of these staff helped to shape the contents by responding to questionnaires and by providing examples to include. Thanks to all who contributed,

Staff of several technical assistance centers also provided ideas and examples. We thank the directors and staff of Region II, Region III, and Region VII TACs for examples; of Regions VIII, IX, and X for the Interpretation Guide; and Region I for ideas we incorporated into the Reference sheet on local evaluation reports.

The handbook was produced by the Region V Technical Assistance Center. Special thanks go to the graphics center for assistance in design and formatting.

Rose Maye
Title I Evaluator
.Illinois State Board of Education

Nan Simpson
Illinois State Coordinator
Region V Technical Assistance Center

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About the meeting

The theme of the meeting is "Organizing Information." We will return often to the theme, as we consider ways of collecting, analyzing, and using evaluation data. You have helped to shape the agenda by contributing ideas and materials. You will contribute to the success of the meeting by sharing your experience and insights with all of us.

About the handbook ...

This is your kit of materials for monitoring Title I evaluation, and for providing evaluation technical assistance. Included are several useful transparencies, complete with instructions on how to use them.

The handbook organizes information in two ways. Each section contains a variety of materials on related topics. The sections correspond to our meeting agenda. All materials are color coded:

| WHITE - | CHECKLISTS | You can use to gather the information you need to monitor programs and provide technical assistance |
|------------|----------------|---|
| BLUE , | FACTS AND DATA | for your own use, and to distribute to districts who request them |
| YELLOW | . REFERENCE | material, background information on important topics |
| GREEN | EXAMPLES | of actual evaluation reports, questionnaires and articles |

FIGURING NCE GAINS

a score conversion digest

What you do

○ Why you do it

Convert each pretest raw score to an expanded standard store, using the tables in the booklet corresponding to the test level students took. Now convert each posttest raw score to an expanded standard score, again using tables in booklet for the test level students took. Note that if pretest and posttest were different test levels, you will need two booklets to complete this step. Cross out all scores of any student for which you do not have both a pretest and a posttest score-Find the average pretest standard Find the average posttest standard

A raw score is the number of items correct. Raw scores are not suitable for averaging, so must be converted to standard scores, which can be added and averaged. Standard scores are a uniform way of expressing student performance on a given subtest. Most tests base percentile tables on standard scores, so it is nocessary to obtain standard scores as the first step of finding percentiles and NCEs. The average pretest standard score expresses the group performance at pretest time in standard score units.. Similarly, the average posttest standard score expresses group performance at posttest time.

Convert the pretest average standard score to a percentile, using the booklet for the level recommended by the publisher for this grade and time of year. Be sure you use the right table! The norms table will specify the grade and time of year, and will include a separate column for each subtest.

2) Percentiles can be converted directly to NCEs, so are a necessary step in the conversion process. For local reporting, you may find percentiles more useful than NCEs, as they give group (or individual) rank at a particular time of year. The percentile you obtain for both pretest and posttest compares the average performance of this group to the performance of the norming group who took the test at the same time of year.

TEST IDIOSYNCRACIES:

SAT 73

score.

does not have standard score-percentile tables. For this test, convert the average standard score to an "equivalent" raw score, using tables from step 1 above. Convert the equivalent raw score to a percentile score using raw score-percentile tables.

ITBS 71

uses a grade equivalent in place of an expanded scale score. Convert each raw score to a GE. Convert each GE to an NCE (fall and spring tables are available). Average NCEs for pretest and posttest.

SDRT/MT Do not use these tests out of

level. Do not change levels from pretest to posttest. Be sure to obtain the supplementary booklet containing spring norms, as the regular manual contains fall norms only.

Using the tables supplied on the state evaluation form, convert the pretest percentile to an NCE.

Convert the posttest percentile to an

Subtract pretest NCE from posttest . NCE to obtain gain.

Since percentiles must not be averaged; they must be converted to NCEs to find average gains. NCEs are similar to percentiles except they are equal interval, and so may be averaged together over many classes, projects or districts. The gain you obtain for each group should be considered with other data as you evaluate your Title I project.





ILLINOIS STATE BOARD OF EDUCATION

Department of Planning, Research and Evaluation Program Evaluation and Assessment Section 100 North First Street Springfield, Illinois 62777

TITLE I TEST SCORES RÉPORT

| County-District Code | | | | | | | | | |
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Page Number

(Regular Term Only) SECTION A - TEST INFORMATION 1. PROJECT NAME Individualized Developmental Program in Reading and Mathematics 2. PRETEST DATE Month Day 3. POST TEST DATE Month Day 5. TEST NAME Stanford Diagnostic 1976 1 56. YEAR 0 | 5 | 1979-80 4. SCORING METHOD 7. SUBTEST Red Level Both Hand Scored Machine Scored 8. NAME AND POSITION OF PERSON/NAME OF COMMERCIAL SCORING SERVICE WHICH COMPUTED NCE GAIN PRETEST POST TEST SUBTEST FORM LEVEL ISBE Test Form Administered Form B Form B Use LEVEL EST SUBTEST FORM Test Level(s) Administered Red Red Only p. 87 11 Norms Table Page(s) SECTION C - NCE COMPUTATION SECTION B - STUDENT TEST_SCORES 1. Enter the number of students listed below who are enrolled in private Number of students in Section B 6 with both pre and post test scores Report scores only for students with both pretest and post test results POST TEST SCORES PRETEST SCORES POST TEŚT PRETEST Sum of the Standard STANDARD RAW STANDARD RAW SCORE'S STUDENT ID NUMBERS Scores recorded in SCORES SCORES SCORES Section B 1662 2056 76 334 36 273 340 41 284 79 02 Standard Score Meer 276 82 349 37 03 (stem 2 divided by 331 <u>74</u> 255 277.0 31 item 1 to one dec-04 342.6 (mal place) 349 💞 294 82 46 05 • Complete Step 4 only if standard score to percentile tables are not provided with your test. 333 280 83 <u>39</u> 06 6 4a Norms Table Test 07 Level(s) 80 09 On-Level Equiva-10 ient Mean Raw Scores 13 14 Norms Table Test Red Red Level (s) 15 16 b. On-Level Percentile **6**5.0 17 22.0 Rank Socres 18 19 6. Mean NCEs 20 58.0 34+0 21 22 NCE Gain = Post Test NCE - Pretest NCE (If the Post Test NCE is 23 greater than or equal to the Pretest NCE, enter a plus sign(+) in the box. Otherwise, enter a minuse 24 + 24. sign (-) in the box and out the total NCE in the space provided Check if more student scores are reported on back side.

SECTION B - STUDENT TEST SCORES (Continued)

| 2. Report scores only for students with both pretest and post test results. | ·_ | r SCORES | POST TES | T SCORES | 2. Report scores only for students with both pretest and post test results. | PRETEST | SCORES | POST TES | T SCORES |
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| 61 | | | ╫ | | 99 | | • | | |
| 62 | <u> </u> | | 11 | | | | 1 | | |

PRELIMINARY CHECK OF MODEL A1 TEST SCORE REPORT (ISBE 20-52)

| • • | | 1 - | 5 ° | 0k | ay | ? ` |
|--------------------|--|---|-----------------------------|-----------------------|------------|-------------|
| Make su two-dig | CHT CORNER OF FORM The all boxes are filled in. The district-assigned code which in the district. | e "Project No identifies | umber" is a each project | : : | | |
| attenti | ickly to be sure all blanks are on to the following items in Se | | | | | |
| each ap | pears "okay" or "?". | | | • | | |
| Item No | A "project" includes only one | subječt area | • | . 🗆 | , , | |
| 5. | Test name should be completely | spelled out | | | | |
| 6 ' | "Year" refers to date of test (not current school year). | publication , | , , | ´ ' □ | - , | |
| . 7 | Subtest means the particular s See glossary for a definition | subject repor of subtest. | ted on this | form. | ' | |
| 9 10 11 | Must be filled out for pretest possible to administer different posttests. | and posttes ent levels fo | t, as it is r pre and | · · · | · _ | Ö |
| SECTION 1 2 | Werify that each pretest raw sard score. Do the same for poonly exception is for Iowa Tes | score is conv osttest raw s st of Basic S | erted to a s cores. (The | stand- C |] | , |
| | Check to see there are no "mis score there must be a posttest | ssing values. | " For each ice versa. | pretest C | | |
| Verifyi | C: NCE COMPUTATION ng this section requires norms Items 1, 5b, and 7: | tables. As | a prelimina | ry check, | - | • |
| `1 | Make sure the N reported correpre and posttested from Section | esponds to th | e number of | students [|] | |
| 5b | Is the difference between pret than 15 percentile points? If | test %ile 'and E so, check t | posttest % he question | ile more C column. |] | |
| 7 , | A gain of less than 0, or more It may indicate problems with | e than 15 sho Model Al pro | uld be quest cedures. | tioned. | j . | . 🗆 |
| Repeat | this preliminary check for a torks alongside each other). Sha | are a copy of | the checkl | ist with th | e Titl | your e I |

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EVALUATION CHECKLIST

If you want to run a quick check on your evaluation planning and procedures, this checklist may be useful.

| ; | | YES | NO_ |
|------------|---|-----------|-----------|
| Test | <u>Selection</u> | | • |
| `1. | Have you selected tests (or subtests) which match your Title I curriculum content? | ·, | · ———— |
| 2. | Do the tests you have selected have both Fall and Spring norms? | · . | · |
| 3. | Have you checked to see if any groups of your Title I students should be tested with out-of-level tests? , | · | |
| Test | Administration | ۸. | • |
| 1. | Are you satisfied that those who are to administer the tests understand the importance of following testing instructions exactly? | | |
| 2. | Have you planned and adhered to make-up procedures for participants who may be absent on regular testing day(s)? | • | • |
| Test | : Scoring | * | • |
| 1. | Are you satisfied that scoring (if done manually) is being done correctly and accurately? | | |
| 2. | Are you converting all scores to NCE form for reporting to the State Department of Education? | | · • |
| 3. | Is scoring, converting, and recording work being checked to detect systematic errors? | | |
| <u>Oth</u> | er Special Considerations | | |
| 1. | Is participant selection based on criteria other than pre-test scores? | | |
| 2. | Are both pre-testing and post-testing being done at test publisher's norming times? | · · · · · | |
| 3. | Is the same form of the same test (or subtest) being used for both pre-test and post-test? | | |

If you can answer "yes" to all of these items, you can be confident that your evaluation efforts will produce an accurate assessment of the academic impact of your Title I project.

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| County-District Code | | | | | | | | | |
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TITLE I TEST SCORES REPORT

(Regular Term Only)

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| Individual | ized Develo | pmental Prog | ram in Rea | 5. TEST NAME | | | ۸. | | |
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| • | , | | <u></u> | 7. SUBTEST | | | | | |
| Machine Sci | ored X Ha | and Scared | Both | Total Re | ading | • | | | |
| 8. NAME AND POSI | TION OF PERS | NAME OF COM | TERCIAL SCORE | NG SERVICE WHI | сн сом | PUTED NCE GA | iN | | • |
| Title I Te | acher / | | | · - | ٠ | | | | |
| • - | | PRETEST | | ST TEST | ISBE | P TEST | SUBTEST | FORM | LEVEL |
| 9 Test Form Adm | | Form B | · Fo | rm B | Use | <u>E</u> | SUBTEST | FORM | LEVEL |
| 10 Test Level(s) Ac | | <u>Red</u> | | Re d | Only | P TEST | 3001231 | " | . |
| 11 Norms Table Pa | ge(s) | p.87 | | 0.87∖ | + | <u> </u> | | | |
| • | SECTION B | - STUDENT TE | ST SCORES | | 1 | SECTION'C | - NCE CO | OMPU | TATION , |
| 1 Enter the numb | per of students list | ed below who are e | enrolled in private | 0- | 1. Nus | mber of students both pre and po | in Section | B - N | = 6 |
| 2 Report scores only for students with both pretest and | PRETES | T SCORES | POST TE | ST SCORES | <u> </u> | | • RRETE | ST" | POST TEST |
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| Check if more | e student scores ar | e reported on back s | ide. | | sp. | ace provided | ii tiic | | |

SECTION B = STUDENT TEST SCORES (Continued)

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ILLINOIS STATE BOARD OF EDUCATION

Department of Planning, Research and Evaluation Program Evaluation and Assessment Section 4 100 North First Street Springfield, Illinois 62777

ITLE I EVALUATION REPORT

(Regular Term Only) INSTRUCTIONS: The submission deadline for this form is detailed in the current Forms Calendar. Comp above address. Questions may be referred to the Program Evaluation and Assessment Section at 217/782-4823. SECTION I - GENERAL INFORMATION LEGAL NAME OF DISTRICT Plains XYZ School District DISTRICT ADDRESS (Street, City, Zip Code) AYZ, Illinois 800 South Main Street HONE (Include Area Code) NAME OF TITLE I DIRECTOR PERSON RESPONSIBLE FOR TITLE I EVALUATION (If different from Director) PHONE (Include Area Code SECTION II - STUDENT PARTICIPATION INFORMATION STUDENT PARTICIPATION BY PROJECT AREA. Record the total number of students who participated in the listed categories. Public students are those Title I students enrolled in public schools; nonpublic students are those Title I students enrolled in private or parochial schools, local N/D students are those Title I students residing in institutions for the care of neglected and/or delinquent children. If a student receives services in more than one project area, include the student in the count for each applicable area. PUBLIC NONPUBLIC PROJECT AREA STUDENTS **STUDENTS** N/D-30 Reading 30 Other Language Arts (excluding reading) 30 Mathematics Other Academic (specify) Vocational English (for limited English background) Special for Handicapped Supportive Services a. Attendance. Social Work. Guidance. Psychology b. Health/Nutrition Pupil/Transportation d Other (specify) STUDENT PARTICIPATION BY GRADE. Record an unduplicated count of students enrolled in Title I projects by grade level. Leave blank any grade levels which are not served by Title I projects. GRADE LEVEL TOTAL 12 10 Pre-K 5 .30 10 9 10 PUBLIC NON-2 Indicate the number in local institutions for the neglected or delinquent STUDENT PARTICIPATION BY ETHNIC GROUP: Record the total D. . Indicate the total number of flublic school number of students enrolled in Title I projects by ethnic group attendance areas with students who were eligible to receive Titla I services during **ETHNIC GROUP** the regular term. American Indian or Alaskan Native Asian or Pacific Islander Indicate the total number of public school 10 Black, not of Hispanic Origin attendance areas with students who actually 10 Hispanic received Title I services. White, not of Hispanic Origin SECTION III .- PARENT PARTICIPATION INFORMATION RECORD THE TOTAL NUMBER OF ELECTED MEMBERS OF AN ADVISORY COUNCIL WHO: Yes 1. Were parents of Title I public school students Yes Were parents of Title I nonpublic school students Received training (not necessarily Title I funded training) related to advisory council activities - -

BE 20-51 (1/81)

No

DID YOUR AGENCY PROVIDE TITLE I FUNDS FOR PARENT ADVISORY COUNCIL ACTIVITIES?

| . <i>:</i> | • | , . | ** . | • • | ,, | , | | • |
|------------|-------------------|----------------------|---------------------------------------|-----------------------------------|---------------------------|---|---------------------------------------|-----------------------------|
| • | _, , , | • | . | | | | | |
| • | : | • | · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · | · . | | | | |
| 4 ° | RECOR | D THE N | UMBER OF PARENTS O | | | E INVOLVED IN THE F | LEOWING TITLE LAC' | NITIES |
| | | · | | FITLE I AC | AIVIIY | 1 | | • . |
| | . 1 | Particip | ated in Project planning, | implementation, and | d/or evaluation | | 18 | ° • |
| • | 2 | . Worked | as volunteers in the Title | 1 classroom | · · | | 18 | -: - - \ |
| | ٠ غ | Werked portation | Las voluntedes <u>outside</u> t | he Title I classipoir | leg.chapero | ned activities, provided tra | | |
| , D | RECOR | | UMBER OF PARENTS C | F NON-TITLE IST | UDENTS WHO | WERE INVOLVED IN A | ÝY OF THE TITLE I | 3 |
| ٠Ę. | RECOR | D THE A | VERAGE NUMBER OF | NDIVIDUÁLS WH | O ATTENDED ents, communit | SCHOOL ADVISORY CO y members, school staff, et | UNCIL MEETINGS | 25 |
| Ξ | · · | · , s | SECTION IV - TITL | E I STAFF AND | TRAINING I | NFORMATION - REGI | ULAR SCHOOL TERM | |
| ' A | - RECOR JOB CL | D THE TO ASSIFICA | OTAL FULL-TIME EQU ATION. | VALENTS OF STA | AFF EMPLOYE | D IN TITLE I PROJECTS | DURING THE REGULA | R SCHOOL TERM BY |
| • | • | | | JOB CLASS | IFICATION | | FULL TIME EQUIVALENT | |
| | | | Administrative Staff | | . * r | | .50 | |
| • | | ŧ | · Teachers | · | , | | 2.00 | , |
| | | | Teacher Aides | · 🐞 | | " , | 2.00 | • • |
| | | | Curriculum Specialists | | | | 1 | • |
| | b | | Staff Providing Suppo | rting Services | , , | <u> </u> | * | , , |
| • | | - | Clerical Staff | , ' | • | · | | , |
| | | | Other (List) | P | ** | • | | - |
| В | RECOR | TO THE T | | ITLE I AND NON 1 AND JUNE 30 O | TITLE I STAF | F BY JOB CLASSIFICA | TION WHO RECEIVED | TITLE I FUNDED |
| | ,,,, | | | SIFICATIONS | | TITLE I STAFF | NON-TITLE, | 1 . |
| , | | 'Admin | istrative Staff | | _ | .50 | 0. | |
| | • | Teaché | | 3 | • | 2.00 | . 0 | |
| | •. | Teache | er Audes | | ·, · | 2.00 | 0 | |
| | • | 2 | itum Specialists | - | | | • • • • • | . / . , |
| • | ` | Others | | • | • | | | |
| - | • | Others | , | SIGNATU | JRES AND V | ERIFICATION | | |
| _ | a I hore | dhy car | tify that to the he | t of my know | ledge the in | <u>formation provided</u> | in this report is tru | •,∖• ue. complete and . |
| .,, | accur | | y mar ny ma | | | , • | , | <u> </u> |
| , , | <i>-</i> | | • | | | | · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · | |
| | 4.1 | | , | • | | | • | , |
| • | • | • | • | | | | | |
| | | | , , | , | • | | · | * * * |
| | • | | Date | | Sig | nature of Title I Director | , | • |
| | ٠, | | | · | 1 | . • | | • |
| _ | | | Date | | 1 A Signation | re of District Superintende | ent . | |



ILLINOIS STATE BOARD OF EDUCATION
Department of Planning, Research and Evaluation
Program Evaluation and Assessment Section
100 North First Street
Springfield, Illinois 62777

TITLE I EVALUATION REPORT (Regular Term Only)

| | .tior | s may be | IRIALLEQ | to the Pr | ográm Ev | aluation | and Asses | sment Se | ction at a | 217/782-4 | mplete a 823. | and subm | it one cor | y of this | form to the |
|--|---|--------------------------|----------------|------------------------|-----------------------------------|---|------------------------------------|-----------|--|-------------------------------------|------------------|-------------|---------------|-----------------|---|
| | / | | | | SECTIO | NI - | GENER | AL INF | ORMAT | IGN | | | | <u> </u> | <u> </u> |
| LEGAL AMÉ | . • | | | | XYZ | Scho | 001 D | istri | .ct | | | OUNTY | Piai | ns | · |
| DISTRICT AD | DRESS (| Street, Ci | ty, Zip C | lode) | 800 | Sout | th Ma | in St | reet | XY | z, i | llino | ois | 62777 | 7 |
| NAME OF TIT | 1 5 1 0 18 | ECTOR | | | | | | | | | • | | Include A | rea Code) |)· |
| | CE 10111 | 201011 | | • | J., | W. Di | irect | or | | | | 217/ | 195-5 | 610 | |
| PERSON RESI | PONSIBL | E FOR T | TTLE I E | VALUAT | | | | | | | | HONE (| nclude A | rea Code) | |
| | | ' . | | | | | valua | | | • | | 217/ | <u> 195-5</u> | 610 | |
| | • | | ` : | SECTION | v II - | STUDE | NT PAR | TICIPA | TION IN | IFORM/ | TION | | | | • |
| . A | e i studen Tutle i st | its enrolle udents re | N BY PR | OJECT A | REA. R s, nonpub ins for th | ecord the olic stude ie care of | e total numers are the fineglecter | mber of s | tudents v | vho partic | ipated in | e or paro | CITIES SCHO | 1013, 1000 | c stùdents ar N/D student nore than one |
| , , | , _P | ROJECT | AREA | . 9 | | | | DENTS | | | ONPUBI | | | LO? | D |
| 1 Reading | | | | | | | | 30 | | | 5 | | | | 0 |
| 2 Other Lar | nguage Ar | ts (exclud | ding read | ing) | | | | 30 | | | 5 | | | | 0 |
| 3 Mathemat | | | | | | | , | 30 | | | 5 | | | (| 0 |
| 4 Other Aca | ademic (si | pecify) | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| 5 Vocationa | | | | <u> </u> | | | | • | | | | | + | | |
| 6 English (f | or limited | l English | backgrou | iuq) , | | | | | | | _ | | | | |
| 7 Special for Handicapped | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| 8 Supportiv | Supportive Services a Attendance, Social Work, Guidance, Psychology | | | | | | , | | | | | | | | |
| b Health | h/Nutritio | φ , | · · · · | | | | • | | | | | | - | | |
| | Transport | | <u> </u> | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| 4 d Other | | | | | , | | | | <u> </u> | | | | | 1 | |
| B. STUDEN levels who | IT PARTI | CIPATIO | N BY GI | RADE, R I projects. | ecord an | undupho | | | ents enro | lled in 1 it | le i proje | ects by gr | ace level | Leave Di | ank any grad |
| | | | | | | <u>r </u> | GRADE | _ | | 1 0 | <u> </u> | T 10 | 1 11 | 12 | TOTAL |
| | Pre-K | К | 1 | `2 | 3 - 3 | 4 | 5 | 6 | 7 | 8 | 9 | 10 | - 11 | '' | |
| PUBLIC | * | • | | | 7 | 10 | 1,0. | 10 | <u>`</u> | | | ļ | ļ | | 30 |
| NON. | , | | | ' | | | 3 | 2 | | | | | <u> </u> | <u>"</u> | 5 |
| Indicate | the numb | eran loca | l institut | tions fór t | he neglec | ted or de | linquent | | 41 | | · · · · · | | • • • • • | <u>i.</u> | <u> </u> |
| C. STUDEN | T PARTI | CIPATIC | N BY E | THNIC GI | ROUP: by,ethn | Record ti ic group. | he total | atte | ndance a | total nun reas with eceive Ti | studen | ts who 🛚 | /ere | • | |
| | ETHN | IC GROL | JP | | | TOTAL | | the | regular | term. | 116 1 46 | 141063 00 | | _ | |
| American In | dian or A | laskan N | ative | | | | | | | | * | | | 1 | <u> </u> |
| Asian or Pac | | | | | Ţ. | | | | | **** = *** | F | nulhica sat | 1001 | | |
| Black not o | f Hispanic | Origin | , _ | | 4— | 10 | | atte | ndance a | total nur reas with | students | who actu | ally | | |
| Hispanic 10 received Title I services. | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| White, not o | f Hispani | c Origin | | 050510 | <u> </u> | 15 | NT PAR | TICIDA | TION II | VEORM. | ATÌON | | | | |
| | | | 111050 | SECTIO | | | | | | IL WHO: | 111011 | | _ | | |
| - | | | | OF ELECT | | | | · | | | , | | | <u>1</u> 5 | <u> </u> |
| 2 Wer | e parents | of Title I | , nonpub | · lic school | students | • ~ ••••• | | | | | | | · | 3 | 3 |
| 3. Rec | eived traii | ning (not | necessar | ily Title I | funded & | raining) r | related to | advisory | council a | ctivities · | · | | | 18 | 3 |
| , 0, 1,00 | g | J | | | • | | | | | | · | | | | |
| . X Yes | , [| No · | DID YO | UR AGEN | CY PRO | VIDE T | ITLE I FL | JNDS FO | R PARÉI | NT ADVI | SORY C | OUNCIL | ACTIVIT | TES? | |

| | | • | | • | | | | | | | | | | |
|----|------------|------------|---------------------------------------|--------------|--------------|---------------------|------------|------------------|------------|--------------|-------|--------|-------|-------|
| | | | • | | ` | | 1 | | • , | - ~ | | | | |
| | | | · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · | | | | | | | | | | | |
| (; | RÉC | ORD THE N | JMBER OF PAR | ENTS OF T | TLELIST | <u>UDENTS</u> W | HO WERE IN | VOLVED IN | T IE FOU | OWING TITE | LIACT | V. FIE | 5 | |
| | • | | | | TITLE | IACTIVIT | Y | | | NO. OF | TITLE | PARE | NIS | |
| | | 1 Parti iu | sated in project p | langing unpl | ementatio | n and/ <u>or ev</u> | aluation | <u> </u> | <u> </u> | | _ 18_ | | | • |
| | • | | 1 as volunteers <u>in</u> | | ۵ | . A: | | | | | 18 | | | |
| | | | as volunteers on, etc.) | utside the T | itte 1 class | sroom (e.g., | chaperoned | ectivities, prov | ided trans | | 18 | t | | |
| D | REC | ORD THE N | UMBER OF PAR | ENTS OF N | ON-TITLE | I STUDEN | TS WHO WE | RE INVOLVE | D IN ANY | OF THE TITLE | | 3 | , | |
| E, | | | VERAGE NUMB | | | | | | | CIL MEETING | ss | 25 | | |
| _ | | · . | SECTION IV - | TITLE | STAFF A | ND TRAI | NING INFO | RMATION - | REGUL | AR SCHOOL | TERM | | • | |
| Α | REC JOB | ORD THE T | OTAL FULL-TIN | ME EQUIVAL | ENTS OF | STAFF EN | APLOYED IN | TITLE I PRO | JECTS DU | RING THE RI | GULAF | SCHO | OL TE | RM BY |
| | | İ | `. | | JOB CL | .ASSIFICAT | rion | | | FULL-TIN | | • | • | ø |
| | | • | Administrativ | e Staff | • | | • | • . | ٠. | .50 | • | | | |
| | | | Teachers | ** | | · | • | | | 2.00 | _ | | | |
| | | | · - | ٠., | .; | • | _ | <u> </u> | |) | | | | |

RECORD THE TOTAL NUMBER OF TITLE I AND NON TITLE I STAFF BY JOB CLASSIFICATION WHO RECEIVED TITLE I FUNDED TRAINING ANY TIME BETWEEN JULY 1 AND JUNE 30 OF THE PROJECT YEAR

Teacher Aides

Clerical Staff

Other (List)

Curriculum Specialists

Staff Providing Supporting Services

2.00

| JOB CLASSIFICATIONS | TITLE I STAFF | NON-TIFLE I STAFF |
|------------------------|---------------|----------------------|
| Administrative Staff | 1 | . 0 |
| Teachers | .3 | 0 . |
| Teacher Aides | 3 | 0 |
| Curriculum Specialists | | |
| Others | , | |

SIGNATURES AND VERIFICATION

I hereby certify that to the best of my knowledge the information provided in this report is true, complete and accurate.

6/30/81 J. Signature of Title 1 Director

6-30-8/ S. Signature of District Superintendent



ILLINOIS STATE BOARD OF EDUCATION

Don't

Department of Planning, Research and Evaluation Program Evaluation and Assessment Section 100 North First Street
Springfield, Illinois 62777

TITLE I PROJECT SUMMARY (Regular Term Only)

INSTRUCTIONS: The submission deadline for this form is detailed in the current Forms Calental Implete one confirming to the areas of reading, language arts, and math in grades 2-12 in your district. Attach all "The Gore Reports" (ISBE 20-52) pertaining to this project. Submit the entire package to the above address. Questions may be referred to the Program Evaluation and Assessment Section at 217/782-4823.

DEFINITION OF TITLE I PROJECT: A uniform set of methods, materials, personnel and activities which define an instructional treatment. A project may span several grade levels or operate in more than one building as long as it consists of essentially the same activities and instructional materials and is directed at the same learning objectives for all the students it serves.

| activities and instructional mat | terials and is directed at the | ne same lea | rning obje | ctives to | or all the | students | it serves. | | : | | |
|--|--------------------------------|----------------------------|------------|--|------------|------------|-----------------------|-------------|--------|---------|--|
| 1. SEVEN-DIGIT COUNTY-DISTR | RICT CODE | • | 2 | 2. NUMBER OF TEST SCORE REPORT PAGES FOR TOTAL PROJECT | | | | | | | |
| 1 4 | 00100 | | | | | • | 17. | | | | |
| 3. TWODIGIT PROJECT NUMBER | 4. PROJECT NAME | | | | \$1 | | | | | | |
| R65 2 5 20 | · | | | | • | | | | | | |
| 5. PROJECT SUBJECT AREA (| Check one), | • | • | | | • | | | • | | |
| x Reading | , | | •. | • | | 4 | | | • | , | |
| X Lànguage Arts | | | • | ~ | | | | • - | | | |
| X Math | , | • | | | | • | · | • | | | |
| POOLEGE MEMBERCHIR | GRADE GRADE | GRADE 4 | GRADE G | RADE | GRADE | GRADE | GRADE | GRADE 10 | GRADE | GRADE | |
| 6. PROJECT MEMBERSHIP AS OF OCTOBER 1, 1980 | 2 3 | - | 9 | | • | | , | | | | |
| • , | | 10 | 10 | 10 | | , | | • | | | |
| | Answer Questions | 7 through | 11 for Gra | des 2, 6 | 3 anid 10 | Only | | | , | | |
| | GRADE 2 | | | GRAI | DE 6 | · \ | <u> </u> | <u>, GR</u> | ADE 10 | | |
| 7. PROJECT SETTING Check applicable boxes. If | Regular classroom | | ∏∻R | egular c | lassroom | , | Regular classroom | | | | |
| "other" is checked, enter the primary project setting | Pull-out | D. Pu | ıll-put - | \ | | Pull-out | | | | | |
| in the space provided. | Laboratory | L | aborato | ry | | Laboratory | | | | | |
| - | Other (specify be | low) | x o | ther (sp | ecify bel | ow) ^ | Other (specify below) | | | | |
| | | | | • | | | | | | | |
| • • | | | | | | | | | | | |
| 8. AVERAGE NUMBER OF | | | | | | (| 1 | • | | | |
| HOURS PER WEEK OF | | - - | | • 4 | 10 | _ | | | • | • | |
| 4 'AVERAGE NUMBER OF | | , | | | 34 | | | | | · | |
| WEEKS OF INSTRUC- | | , | | | - · · | | | | | • | |
| | | · | | | | | | | _ | . • | |
| TO STUDENT TO STAFF | | | l | .5 | | .0. | r | udent | : | aff | |
| | Student S | taff | • Stud | ent | Sta | 111 | 51 | | - 30 | <u></u> | |
| 11. WERE ANY STUDENTS TESTED OUT-OF-LEVEL? | Yes _ | No | | Yes | × |] No . | | Yes | · [| No ° | |
| Provided by ERIC 5 20.58 78/811 | | _ | • | 4 111 | <u> </u> | • | | <u> </u> | , - | • | |



ILLINOIS STATE BOARD OF EDUCATION *
Department of Planning, Research and Evaluation
Program Evaluation and Assessment Section
100 North First Street
Springfield, Illinois 62777

TITLE I PROJECT SUMMARY (Regular Term Only)

The submission deadline for this form is detailed in the current Forms Calendar. Complete one copy of this form for a project in the areas of reading, language arts, and math in grades 2-12 in your district. Attach all "Title I Test Score Reports" (ISBE 20-52) pertaining to this project. Submit the entire package to the above address. Questions may be referred to the Program Evaluation and Assessment Section at 217/7824823.

DEFINITION OF TITLE I PROJECT: A uniform set of methods, materials, personnel and activities which define an instructional treatment. A project may span several grade levels or operate in more than one building as long as it consists of essentially the same activities and instructional materials and is directed at the same learning objectives for all the students it serves.

| 1, SEVEN-DIGIT COUNTY-DIST | RICT CODE | <u> </u> | REPORT PAGES FOR TOTAL PROJECT |
|--|------------------------------------|--|---------------------------------------|
| | 0 1 0 0 0 1 | | 5 |
| 3. TWO DIGIT PROJECT NUMBE | | 1 | · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · |
| 0 1 | Ti | tle I Reading | |
| 5. PROJECT SUBJECT AREA (| Check one) | | |
| X Reading Language Arts | | | • |
| Math | | | · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · |
| 6. PROJECT MEMBERSHIP AS OF OCTOBER 1, 1980 | GRADE GRADE 4 | 10 10 | GRADE GRADE GRADE 12 |
| | Answer Questions 7 through GRADE 2 | 11 for Grades 2, 6 and 10 Only GRADE 6 | GRADE 10 |
| T PROJECT SETTING | GRADE 2 | | |
| 7. PROJECT SETTING Check applicable boxes. If | Regular classroom | X Regular classroóm | Regular classroom |
| "other" is checked, enter the primary project setting | Pull-out | Pull-out | Pull-out - |
| in the space provided. | Laboratory | Laboratory | Laboratory |
| | Other (specify below) | Other (specify below) | Other (specify below) |
| • | | , . , | |
| 8. AVERAGE NUMBER OF HOURS PER WEEK OF | | 3 | 1 |
| INSTRUCTION | | 3 | |
| 9. AVERAGE NUMBER OF WEEKS OF INSTRUC- TION | | 34 | , 1 |
| 10 STUDENT TO STAFF RATIO | Student Staff | 5 1 Student Staff | Student Staff |
| 11. WERE ANY STUDENTS TESTED OUT OF LEVEL? | Yes No | x Yes No | Yes No |
| RIC 20-56 (6/81) | | 10 | |

ILLINOIS STATE BOARD OF EDUCATION Opportment of Planning, Research and Evaluation Program Evaluation and Assessment Section 100 North First Street Springfield, Illinois 62777

20-58 (1/81)

TITLE I EVALUATION REPORT

| INSTRUCTI | ONS: Co | mplete a | nd subm | it one co | py of tl | | the abov | e ado | dress by | Sept | ember 15, | 191 | | Jane Co | | 6 |
|--|--------------------------|-------------------------|------------------------|-------------------------|---------------------|------------------------|-----------------------------------|-----------------|--|---------------|--|-------------------------|-----------|---|--|-------------------------------|
| Evaluation a | nd Assessi | nent Sect | ion at Z | 1// 82-41 | | ION I - | OENE | 2 4 1 | INFO | DAAA | TION | —6 | | <u>/</u> | -11 | |
| LEGAL NAM | F OF DIS | TRICT | | | SEC I | <u> </u> | GENE | 1AL | ANTO | NIVIA | TION | 10 | OUNTY | | — U | |
| | | | XYZ | Scho | 001 | Distri | ict | | | - | | | • | Plai | ns (| |
| OISTRICT A | DRESS | Street, C | | | | | | _ | | | | | | | | |
| • | | | 800 | Sou | th M | ain St | treet | | | | | | | | | • |
| NAME OF TI | TLEIDH | RECTOR | | | <u></u> | | c | | | | | F | HONE (| Include A | rea Code |) . |
| PERSON RES | NA SOLO | e ton | राका द्वा | =\/A+1(A | TION 7 | If different | from Oir | ector. | | | | | HONE | Include A | res Code | |
| PERSON HES | SPONSIBI | LEFUR | 1116611 | EVALUA | CITON C | | | BCCOT | , | | | - [| 110112 | | | • |
| | | | | SECTIO | <u> </u> | STUDE | NT DAD | FICI | PATIO | NI IN | FORMA | TION | | | | |
| A. STUOEN | T PARTI | CIPATIO | NI RV DO | OFCT | AREA | Record th | e total nu | mher | r of studi | ents | who partic | upated in | the liste | ed categor | ies. Publ | ic students are |
| those Titl | e I studen Title I st | ts enrolie udents re | d in publ siding in | ic school institutii | s, nonpu ons for | iblic sturier | nts are tho neglected area. | se i i I and | itle i stuc i/or delii | TANTS | enrolled nt childre | n private n. If a st | udent re | CDIAL SCDO | ois, tocat | N/D students fore than one |
| - | Pi | ROJECT | AREA | _ | | | STL | JBL1 | | | | ONPUBL TUDEN | | | LOCAL | N/D |
| 1 Reading | | | | • | | | 3 | | | | | 5 | | | | |
| 2. Other Lar | nguage Ar | ts (exclud | ling readi | ing) | | | 3 | _ | | \dashv | | 5 | | | | |
| 3 Mathema | tics | | | | | | 3 | 0_ | | \rightarrow | <u>. </u> | 5 | | | | <u>-</u> |
| 4 Other Ac | ademic (si | pecify) | _ | | | | | | | | | | | 11 | | |
| 5 Vocation | | _ | | | | | | | | _ | | | | | | |
| 6 English (f | | | backgrou | nd) | | | • • | | | \dashv | _ | | | | | 1 |
| 7 Special fo | or Handica | pped | | _ | | | | | | \dashv | _ | | | | | <u> </u> |
| Supportive Services a Attendance Social Work, Guidance, Psychology | | | | | • . | | | ./ | 1 | | | | | | | |
| b Health/Nutrition | | | | | | | | | | _ | | | | | | |
| c. Pupil Transportation | | | | | | | | | ائــــــــــــــــــــــــــــــــــــ | | | | | | | |
| d. Other (specify) B. STUDENT PARTICIPATION BY GRADE. Record an unduplicated count of | | | | | | | _ | 1 | | | , | | <u> </u> | | | |
| B. STUDEN | T PARTI | CIPATIO | N BY GF | RADE. F | Record a | n <u>unduplic</u> | ated coun | t of s | students | enrol | led in Tit | e i proje | cts by gr | ade level | Leave bi | ank any grade |
| , | 1011 410 110 | . 301 100 2 | | <u>p.o,oo.o.</u> | | G | RADE LE | VEL | | | | _ | | <u></u> | | TOTAL |
| | Pre-K | К | 1 | 2 | 3 | 4. | 5 | 6 | · | 7 | 8 | 9 | 10 | 11 | 12 | |
| | | | | ١. | | 1 10 | 10 | ٥ | | | | ٠ | | | ` | 30 |
| Local N/D | ļ | | <u> </u> | - | <u> </u> | 10 | 10 | 9 | | | | | - | | | 50 |
| Public | | | | ~ | | | 3 | 2 | , | | • | | | | | 5 |
| Non- public | | | l. | ŀ | | | | | | | | | | · | | |
| C. STUCEN | T PART | ICIPATION S enrolled | N BY | ETHNIC I project: | GROU s by eth | P: Recoi nic group. | rd the to | tal | SIGNATURES AND VERIFICATION | | | | | | | |
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| A. Record to | he total f | ull-time e | quivalen | ts of staf | f emplo | yed in Title | e I project | s' | | 1 | ٠.,, | છે | | • | | |
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REFERENCE

SOME TESTING TERMS

used in Title I evaluation

Test

The name of a complete test battery.

Some commonly used tests are Gates

McGinitie, California Achievement

Test (CAT), Stanford Achievement

Test (SAT), Iowa Test of Basic

Skills (ITBS

Subtest

The name of a specific component of a test for which a score may be obtained. Subtests measure subjectarea objectives. Examples of subtests are Reading Comprehension, Vocabulary, Mathematics Concepts, Total Reading, Total Mathematics. Subtest names may differ stightly among different publishers tests.

Level

The version of a test intended for students of a particular age/grade level. Levels may be denoted by colors (red, green ...), by letters (A, B ...), by numbers (Level 17, Level 18 ...), or by descriptive words (primary, elementary ...).

Form

Many publishers offer two comparable versions of their tests. The forms differ in the exact items contained, but both forms contain identical subtests and levels. Forms are indicated by letters (Form P, Form Q), or by numbers (Form 1, Form 2).

Out-of-level testing

Students tested out of level are given a test level which more closely matches their level of performance than does the "publisher-recommended" level for their age and grade. Another name for out-of-level testing is functional level testing.

Expanded Standard Score

Publishers of major tests develop this score system which links all levels of the test. Each subtest has its own expanded standard score. You can use expanded standard scores to compare student growth over several months or years in a given subject (subtest) area. For instance, you could describe student progress, in Reading Comprehension or Math Computation over one or more years. ' Since each subtest standard score is developed independently, it is not appropriate to compare math and 3 reading standard scores, or even "reading comprehension" and "reading total" standard scores. Since a standard score can easily be converted to a percentile corresponding to students' grade and time of year, the expanded standard score is an important requirement for out-oflevel testing.

Norms

Norms are tables which enable you to compare the performance of individual students or groups of students with the performance of a large sample of students in the same grade who took the test at the same time of year. Norms are usually reported as percentiles and stanines. When using norms tables it is important to pay attention to the grade, time of year (often expressed as "beginning of year," end of year"), and subtest.

REFEREZCE

INTERPRETING NCEs: A Synopsis

Pretest, Posttest, and Gain NCEs

You work with three NCE scores: The average pretest NCE, the average posttest NCE, and the average NCE gain for one or more groups of students. Since an NCE score is similar to a percentile, you can interpret a pretest or posttest much like you would a percentile. On the reverse of this page is a comparison of NCEs and percentiles.

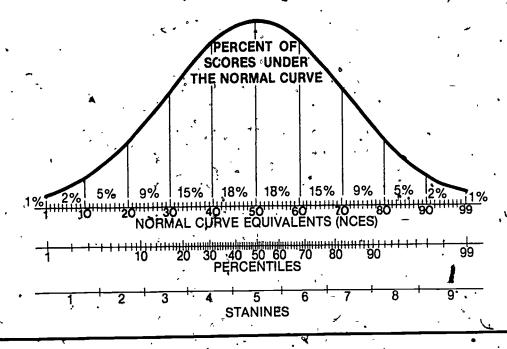
NCE GAINS

When you calculate the NCE gain by subtracting average pretest NCE from average posttest NCE, you have a gain score which is one indicator of the effectiveness of your Title I program. How can you interpret this gain? Here are two points to consider:

- 1. Group size. You can be more confident of the meaningfulness of an average gain score when it is based on many students rather than on few students. In small groups, each student's performance has a large influence on the average gain. Scores of a student who got exceptionally lucky on the posttest, or one who did much more poorly than s(he) should have, contribute just as much to the group average as scores of a student who demonstrated his true performance level. The same is true in large groups, of course, but these fluctuations in individual performance tend to cancel each other when more students are tested. In technical terms, we say the average (or mean) of a large group is more stable. The reverse of this page displays a table which shows, for different group sizes, the confidence you can have in average NCE gains. From this table, you can see the advantage of combining all students in the same grade who had similar Title I instruction, so the averages are based on as many students as possible.
- 2. Comparisons. A gain score, by itself, gives you little information to interpret. You will probably want to compare your project gains with some external standards. For example, you might compare your fourth grade math NCE gain with:
 - · Math gains in other grades this year.
 - Last year's fourth grade math gains:
 - Statewide fourth grade math gains.
 - Nationwide fourth grade math gains.

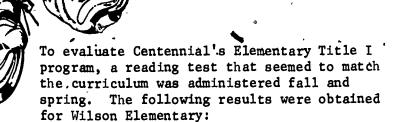
FOR MORE INFORMATION ON INTERPRETING NCE GAINS, SEE the "INTERPRETATION GUIDE" in the pocket of this handbook.

NCEs are similar to percentiles, except that NCEs consist of equal-sized unites, while percentiles are smaller in the "average" score range, and larger in the very high and very low score ranges. Here is a comparison of NCEs and percentiles for a normal distribution of student test scores.



Use this table to find out how much confidence to place in your NCE group gains. For example, suppose you have a group of ten students for which you calculate a mean gain of NCEs. The table tells you that the true gain is probably between .7 (6-5.3 NCEs) and 11.3 (6+5.3 NCEs). Suppose your group numbers thirty students, and you again calculate a gain of 6 NCEs. In this case, the true gain probably lies between 3 (6-3.0) and 9 (6+3.0). See the booklet, "Interpretation Guide" for more details on using this table.

| C | lass Size | Error (NCEs) | Class Size | Error (NCEs) | Class Size (N) | Error (NCEs) | Class Size (N) | (NCEs) |
|---|---------------------------------------|---|--|---|--|--|---|---|
| 3 | 2 3 4 5 '6 7 8 9 | 16.0 11.3 9.2 8.0 7.2 6.5 6.1 5.7 5.3 | 11 12 13 14 15 16 17 18 19 | 5.1 4.8 4.6 4.4 4.3 4.1 4.0 3.9 3.8 | 20 21 22 23 24-25 26 27-28 29-30 31-32 | 3.7 3.6, 3.5 3.4 3.3 3.2 3.1 3.0 2.9 | 33-34 35-37 38-40 41-43 • 44-47 48-50 75 100 150 200 | 2.8 2.7 2.6 2.5 2.4 2.3 1.9 1.6 1.6 |



| Grade | N | Pretest_ | Posttest | NCE Gain |
|-------|----|---------------------------|----------|----------|
| 3 , | 27 | 34+2 | 36.3 | 2.1 |
| , 4 | 28 | 34 ₁ 2 30.8 | 31.1 | .3 |
| 5 | 10 | . 21.7 | 25.8 | 4.1 |

While there were positive gains at all grades, the gain's were small.

"The district evaluation results showed a program average gain of 26.4 NCEs (Normal Curve Equivalent) which is incredible," the report said. The 26.4 NCE means students' academic achievement advanced two years and six months. The normal gain is one year.

REFEREZCE

ELEMENTS OF A GOOD EVALUATION REPORT

An evaluation report is an important document. A well written report is a powerful tool for informing and, if necessary, persuading. Good evaluation reports are written with the reader in mind. The two key elements are reader rapport and organization.

Reader Rapport

Who will read the evaluation report.
Teachers? Parents? The School Board?
Principals? Probably most of these, and perhaps others as well. Each person will look for answers to his/her own questions. The report should make this easy for the reader to do. Here are some ways to help the reader glide smoothly through the report.

- 1. Use a table of contents. Major section headings should be identified. Sections of special interest to teachers, administrators, etc., might be noted in subheadings.
 - 2. Include charts, tables, and above all, graphs! Pictures really are worth a thousand words. A graph can convey more information in easy-to-digest form than any other display format. Label all graphs and charts, so that they can be read without assistance from the text.
 - Write short sentences, using fiftycent words only when a ten-cent word will not do. Usually a ten-cent word will be better.
 - 4. Consider how the report will look when typed. Be generous in the user of section headings and subheadings, so the reader won't feel lost. Lots of "white space" helps, too.
 - 5. Pay special attention to the introductory and concluding sections. These form the reader's first and last impressions of the evaluation. You want to shape those impressions.

Organization .

There is no single best way to organize any report. Here is one way, which you might find useful to stimulate your own thinking.

- 1. Program Goals. A clear statement of the goals of the program will set the stage for the details which will follow. A description of how the goals were developed may be helpful.
- 2. Program objectives and activities.

 What specific objectives were associated with each of the broad goals? What activities were carried out to meet these objectives? Remember that activities may include such things as staff training, and schedule planning as well as actual contact with students.
- 3. Evaluation Design. What questions need to be answered? What information should be gathered to answer these questions; and how is the information to be analyzed?
- Results. The findings should be concisely described. Tables and graphs are a big help here.
- The evaluation report culminates in these. Many people (unfortunately) read only conclusions. This is the place to present a synopsis of program effectiveness, linked to the information supporting those conclusions. Recommendations should flow from conclusions.

ERIC

Full Text Provided by ERIC

E.S.E.A. TITLE I READING PROGRAM EVALUATION 1979-80

Twenty-four students completed the 1979-80 E.S.E.A. Title I Reading Program having been pre-tested-during October 1979 and post-tested in May 1980 with appropriate forms of Gates-MacGinitie Reading Tests, (1978 edition). Two participating students moved away from our school district during the year and four others were transferred out of Title I classes because of significant improvement in their reading ability during the early part of the academic year. Eight students from grade 1 also received reading instruction during the latter part of the academic year. Test scores of these students could not be included in the test score report because of A-1 regulations but spring achievement scores may be incorporated as part of a longitudinal evaluation survey.

Average daily attendance was approximately thirty-six students, each receiving thirty minutes of reading instruction in the Title I classroom in addition to their regular classroom reading instruction. At the special request of a grade 3 teacher who had most of the low reading ability students from grade 3, an extended effort was made to accommodate the lowest reading ability group for a longer (1 hour) period of time during most of the academic year. There is indication that this has been very effective in view of the improvement of on-level percentile rank scores obtained by this group.

Considering over-all program effectiveness the Normal Curve Equivalent (mean, N.C.E.) gains were:

- +.13 for grade 4 students
- + 10 for grade 3 students
- + 13 for grade 2 students

This is a respectable gain in all areas from last year and undoubtedly the near ideal conditions of being in the same building in a sound-proof room contributed a great deal to this improvement. Communication between the Title I teacher and regular classroom teachers was also better served by this arrangement and an exchange of diagnostic information particularly with teachers new in our district was carried out in accord with suggestions from the previous years evaluation report.

Recommendations for Future Title I Reading Programs

Continue to project proposed program effectiveness by expressing objectives in grade level gain and maintain the grade level standards which determine needs of students as in the 1979-80 program proposal.

Compute test results after October tests are given and complete the Fall, Spring, Fall, Longitudinal evaluation of long term gains of student reading ability. Since a system of permanent coding of student identification is now in effect, future longitudinal evaluation could best be effected by Spring, Spring, Spring score result comparisons. This should really be done on an annyal basis rather than attempt to follow Model A-1 guideline requirements of every three years.

END OF YEAR NARRATIVE TITLE I PROJECT

Our Title I programs of remedial reading and developmental kindergarten have come of a successful conclusion this year.

Our remedial reading students in grades 1 - 4 engaged in a number of success oriented activities during the year. The program was able to dismiss two students during the year and work with five first grade students. The teacher felt much was actually accomplished during the year, even though the test results were not indicative of it. She feels the post-testing comes too late and the children didn't really try (as their scores were lower in spring than fall). For this reason we are going to move our testing up two weeks and hope to get a better indicator.

Our developmental kindergarten contained a full complement of students in the class of ten. Next year six will be going on to regular first grade and four others will go on to regular kindergarten. The program goals were not completely met, possibly due to behavioral problems experienced with two of the students, but both the teacher and I, feel that great gains were made.

Our parent advisory council met three times this year. It was my goal that parents involved with the PAC should know as much as possible about the workings of both our programs. They also became involved in seeing what types of information are required to apply for the federal funds.

My biggest disappointment came in the area of PAC. Not many parents became involved, even though I believe those that did gained some insight into the program's working.

Most of our Title I parents and others in the school and community took part in the needs assessment for next year.

Our remedial reading teacher took part in two workshops put on locally by the Illinois State Board of Education Program Services Team. She believed much was gained by her attendance at these meetings. As director, I attended a session in Rock Island area that was mostly concerned with the fiscal part of Title I and another on completion of the application put on by the PST.

Three of our teachers reviewed the application with me this year and gained some insight into the program preparation. Other staff members were involved as they worked with the Title I staff.

In conclusion, I think our programs had a good year. I feel many people became involved and more familiar with the workings of Title I. With this as my first year as director, I look for better things to come from Title I, if the funds don't disappear too quickly.

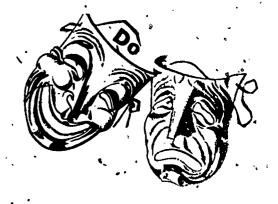
Tenth grade reading scores reported

SOMEWHERE, U.S.A. — Test scores released today showed that there were far fewer 10th grade students in the above-average range and far more 10th grade students in the belowaverage range than would be normal. That comparison is based on a national scale, including children from suburban, private, and urban school districts.

The All Inclusive Test of Proficiency is given every year to tenth grade students. The test measures student progress in reading, language,

arithmetic, and study skills. results of the test are provided to the school board each year by the superintendent in a written report.

The results of the December test showed 5.6% of the 10th graders were in the above-average range, where normally 23% of the children should have been. About 51.3% were in the average range, where there should normally be 54%. About 43% were in the belowaverage range, where it would be normal to have 23%.





Half of County Flunks Test

ANYWHERE, ID. Test scores released today showed that 50% of county students scored below the national average on tests of basic skills. In some schools the percentages were even higher. In one school,

60% of the students failed.

The Idaho Basic Skills Test is given each spring to students in grades 3, 6, and 9. The test measures students' progress: in vocabulary, reading comprehension, spelling, math concepts, math computation, social studies, and science. Scores are reported to the school board in grade equivalents and in percentiles.

At the end of the sixth grade, for example, students are expected to get a grade equivalent score of 6.8, or sixth grade, eighth month. Countywide, only shalf of all sixth graders met that standard.

The figure below shows that schools in the suburbs fared better than inner city schools. In Parkwood; for example, the average sixth grader got a grade equivalent score of 7.2 or seventh grade, second month, Meadowbrook sixth graders, on the other hand, scored 6.4, nearly a full year behind Parkwood students.

COUNTY-WIDE TEST RESULTS Spring 1980 Grade 6

| School . | Average Grade Equivalent | Average Percentile |
|--------------|--------------------------------|-----------------------|
| Adams | 6.6 | . 47 . |
| Cherry Hill | 6.9 | 52 |
| .Hanover | 6.8 | 50 |
| Mendowbrook | 6.4 | 44 |
| Parkwood | 7.2 | 60 |
| / Rainbow | 6.6 | 47 |
| Williams | 6.9 | 52 |
| County,Total | 6.8 , | 50 |
| | | |

Continued on Page 28, Column 3

USING EVALUATION DATA FOR PROGRAM IMPROVEMENT

Interview Protocol

One purpose of evaluating Title I projects is to provide data showing student gain at the state and national level. An equally important reason for evaluation is to provide data useful for making program improvements. This interview guide consists of a few questions to ask the district evaluator and some suggestions you may wish to make. Ask to see concrete evidence where possible. 1. Which groups in this district regularly see coples of the Check if there is evidence of evaluation report? [Title I teachers? Classroom teachers? Principals? information . dissemination. Parents? School Board?]. 2. Do you prepare an evaluation report narrative in addition Check if you to the forms sent in to the state? see such a report. 3. Do you collect more evaluation information than you report \(\subseteq \text{Check if yes.} \) on the state forms? [For example, teacher attitude toward program, parent interest, student attitude.] If so, is this information shared with teachers, parents, principals? 4. How do you use evaluation information to plan the next ·
Check if there is evidence year's program? information is used for planning.

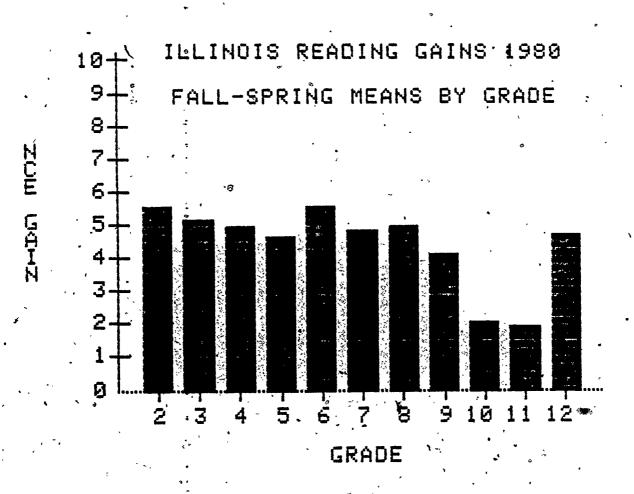
5. Do you have difficulty in using evaluation results for program planning?

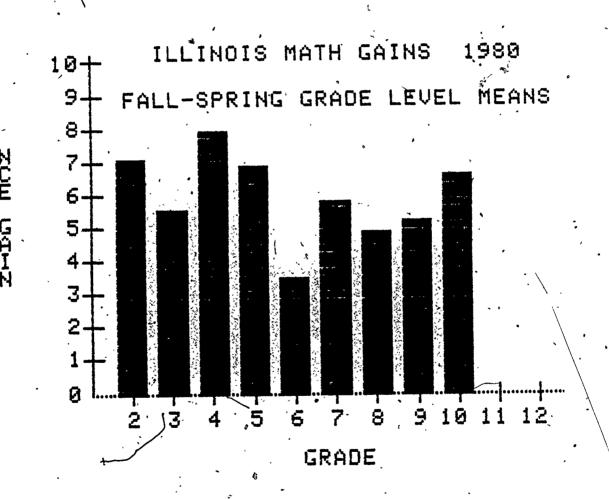
[Use the space to record major kinds of problems. Can suggest sources of help including inservices by state staff.]

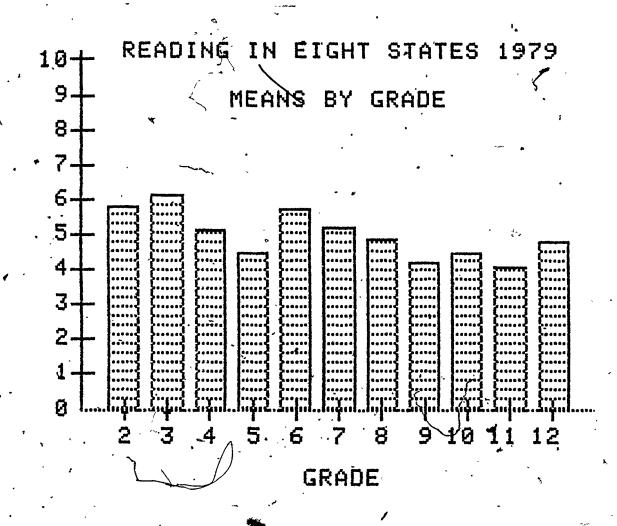
Spend a few minutes reviewing responses to questions for which you could a not check the box. You may wish to use results to plan training activities in your region.

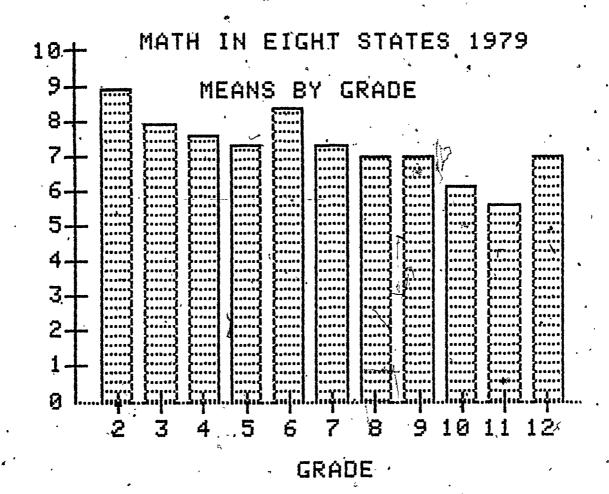
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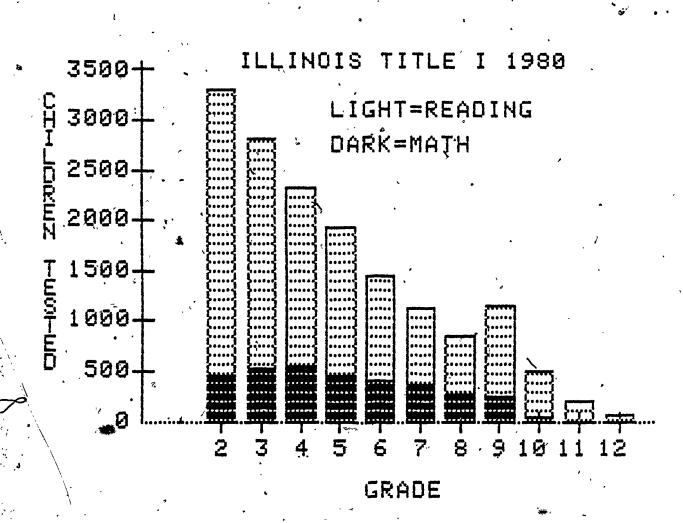
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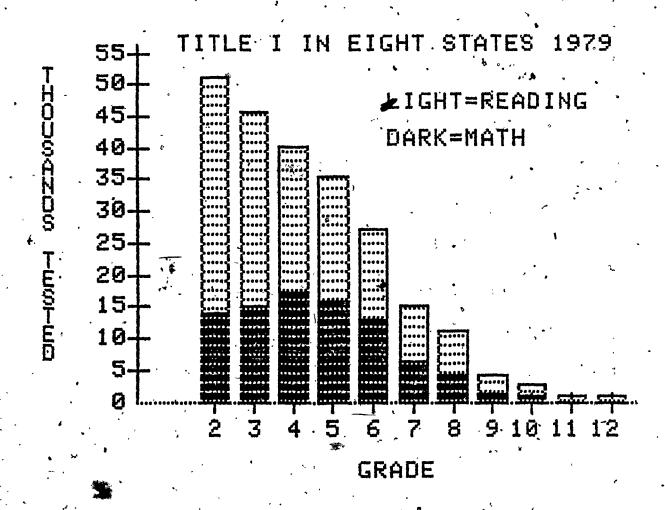












RHHEHZCH

a nutshell

A

A sustained effects study is an examination of student achievement over a period of months or years to determine if gains made during a single school year are sustained.

A sustained effects study is sometimes called a longitudinal study. Program regulations require a sustained effects study at least once every three years.

D EFFECTS in

Purpose

The purpose of the sustained effects requirement is to encourage each district to take a close look at its Title I program (or portions of the program). Projects which are under consideration for revision are aspecially suitable for including in a sustained effects study.

Testing

A minimum of three sets of test scores on the same students are required. These represent testing at the beginning of the project, at the end of the project, and at some time point twelve or more months after the pretest. Since most people will find it easiest to use the evaluation pretest and posttest as the first two data points, the best test to use for collecting the third data point is the same test series. Of course, the test level used for the third data point should be the level appropriate for students current performance.

Requirements

The sustained effects study should be done on one or more groups of students who

- were enrolled in a Title I program for at least one school year during grades 2-12,
- received Title I instruction in a basic skill area (reading, language arts, or math).

Options

Since the purpose is to encourage a close look at a portion of the Title I program, you need not try to include all students in the third data point. You may choose to

- focus on one grade level,
- focus on one subject area,
- focus on a sample of students within a grade level (but be careful not to choose too small a sample.
 See the reference sheet on interpreting NCEs for details).

. . .

Sustained Effects Data Worksheet

| Dietrict/Comty | , , | • | | Gra | de Lev | el (one per p | age) | |
|---------------------------|-----------------------------|--|-----------|--|---------------|---------------------------------------|------------------|--|
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| Data (check one | e) in Building | TH DI | Strict _ | | | | | |
| Project Setting | Code (encircle one | e) 1 2 | 3 4 5 6 | 7 Sub | jecț (| check one) Ma | thRea | iding |
| TEST IDENTIFICA | ATION Test Name/Edition, | /Year | Subtest | . Used | Level | (s) Form | Testing Dates | Make-up Dates |
| Day of the same | | 1 | | 6 | | 1,50 | , | i |
| Pretest | | | | | | | | |
| Posttest | | | | | | | | |
| Sustained Effects Test | | • | | | • | | <u>[</u>] | |
| | Use of Sampl (check one) | ing | | | | INDIVIDUAL PUI | PIL DATA | |
| Continuing St | tudents Only Total Gr | oup | : | Pretes | t | Posttest | Sustained | Effects Test |
| Exited Studen | nts Only Represen | tative Sa | mple | | | | RAW | Standard |
| | Student Name or Number | | · | Standard | Scores | Standard Scores | Scores | Scores |
| 1, | 1 | | | | | | | |
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| | mg g g | Gran | d Totals: | | | , , | , | , |

| Sustained Effects Evaluation | | | ي . |
|--|--------------|----------|----------------------------|
| EVALUATION ISSUE: | , <u>,</u> , | **, | |
| | | , | |
| Evaluation Data | PRETEST Y | POSTTEST | SUSTAINED EFFECTS, TEST |
| PUPIL GRADE LEVEL(S) | | | |
| TESTING SCHEDULE | FALL | FALL | FALL |
| Check Fall or Spring | SPR ING | SPR I NG | SPRING |
| for each data point and indicate year. | YEAR | , YEAR | YEAR |
| To Compute Average Standard Scores | | • | |
| 1. NUMBER (N) OF STUDENTS WITH ALL THREE TEST SCORES. | > | N = | • |
| 2. STANDARD SCORE SUMS FROM PAGE 1. | | | |
| 3. AVERAGE STANDARD SCORES (WHOLE NUMBERS) ITEM 2 + ITEM 1 | | , | |
| To Compute Average NCE Scores | , | 1 | |
| INDICATE NORMS BOOKLET(S) USED | | | |
| INDICATE NORMS TABLES USED | | | |
| DOES TEST HAVE STANDARD SCORE TO PERCENTILE TABLES? | | | |
| If yes, go on to Staps 5, 6 and 7. If no, do Steps 4, 5, 6 and 7. | | - | .* |
| +. EQUIVALENT AVERAGE RAW SCORES | | | |
| 5. PERCENTILE RANK SCORES | , | | |
| 6. NCE SCORES | | | |
| To Compute Average Sustained Effects | rQ. | | |
| 7. POSTTEST NOE - PRETEST NOE - POSTTEST NOE - | | | |

MOVING TOWARD A TITLE I PROGRAM

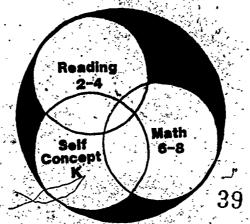
TARGETING

DISTRICT NEEDS ASSESSMENT

SELECTING STUDENTS

DIAGNOSING STUDENT NEEDS

TITLE I PROGRAM



REEMREZOE

DISTRICT NEEDS ASSESSMENT

Purpose of a DISTRICT NEEDS ASSESSMENT-

A District Needs Assessment serves two main purposes. It helps to identify the content areas most important to include. It also helps to determine which grade levels to serve. A good needs assessment will not only collect data relevant to these two purposes, it will also document procedures used to rank order the options so that the most beneficial program can be developed.

Collecting the data

Two kinds of data should be available.

- Objective data on recent school achievement, representing all children in the proposed geographic area. These data may include standardized test scores (or summaries of test score information), criterion referenced test scores, results of district-developed tests. For the basic skills, test data should be available for each grade level and subject area.
- Survey data from a representative sample of concerned groups in the district. These will probably include title I teachers, classroom teachers, parents, school administrators, and school board members. All respondents should have the opportunity to express their views on both the needed content area and on the grade level to serve, and should be asked to indicate priorities. It would be desirable to provide survey respondents with summary test data to aid them in their choices.

Organizing the data

Any collection of data is useful only if it is organized in such a way that it is clear and comprehensible. Computer printouts, stacks of question-naires, or school records can contribute nothing to useful decisions if they remain isolated, unconsolidated information. Three steps will help the needs assessment go smoothly.

- Develop a one page summary of the available objective data.
- Design a <u>one page</u>, easy-to-fill out survey questionnaire.
- Develop a <u>one page</u> form on which to survey results.

55

Date: //

EACH YEAR TITLE I MUST CONDUCT A "NEEDS ASSESSMENT" OF THEIR SCHOOL. PLEASE CHECK THE AREA THAT YOU FEEL MOST NEEDS THE HELP OF A TITLE I PROGRAM.

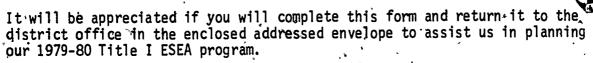
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PARENT ADVISORY COUNCIL®

TITLE I PARENT NEEDS ASSESSMENT



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REFEREZC

SELECTING STUDENTS FOR TITLE I

Selecting students to participate in Title I can be accomplished only after two prior decisions have been made. First, when the buildings offering Title I have been identified. Second, after the subject areas and grade levels have been determined. Once these decisions are made, the student selection process must identify those children most in need of Title I help. And the process must be as objective as possible.

Sources of Data

Test scores and teacher judgment are the two best sources of information for selecting students. Each has certain strengths. Scores from a valid and reliable test are likely to be the best possible measure of students' current achievement. The judgment of teachers who have close daily contact with pupils will identify certain needs, such as poor study habits, that test'scores will not reveal. Both sources of data also have weaknesses, however. No test measures all the behaviors important in scholastic success. And the judgment of one teacher regarding a particular pupil is likely to differ somewhat from the judgment of another teacher about that same pupil.

A good student selection procedure , makes use of both sources of data in a way which capitalizes on the strengths and minimizes the weakness of each.

Using Test Scores

For test scores to contribute meaningfully to the student selection process, there should be

- a score for each student in the group of potentially eligible students.
- an established procedure for incorporating test score data into student selection decisions. For example, one might decide to serve only pupils below the 30th percentile

Using Teacher Judgment

Teachers work closely with students for extended periods of time. When recommending students to participate in Title I, teachers can consider many factors, such as motivation, test-taking skills, and other characteristics not measured by tests. A carefully developed questionnaire provides valuable information to aid in student selection. Here are some guidelines for making the best possible use of teacher judgment.

- Develop a list of pupil characteristics that can be measured better by teacher knowledge than by a test.
 These might include attitude, work habits, skills in specific (rather than global) curriculum objectives.
- Choose an item format that will allow for
 - A range of responses (for example, a five part scale ranging from "always" to "never," or "excellent" to "poor").
 - Numerical values assigned to each response option. It is easiest to work with numbers for which a larger value indicates greater need for Title I.
- Before the teachers use the rating scale or questionnaire, hold a training session. Review each item, and discuss the meaning of the highest and lowest ratings.

 These are called the "anchors" of the scale. A good follow-up would be to summarize the anchors, and prepare a one-page description for teachers to refer to while completing the rating scale for each child.



Combining Test Scores and Teacher Ratings

Establish the rules for using both test scores and teacher ratings. Suppose, for example, your teacher rating question-naire has a possible high score of 50 (perhaps there are 20 items, each with a maximum value of 5 indicating high need for Title I). Some possible selection rules might be:

- Serve all students with test scores below the 20th percentile, and all students with a teacher rating greater than 35.
- Serve all students with test scores below the 30th percentile, except for those students with a teacher rating below 20.
- Serve all students with a teacher rating above 40, and serve any students not included in this group whose test scores fail below the 25th percentile.

Allow for the exceptions to the rule that will inevitably come up. For instance, students new to the district may not have comparable tests scores. Test scores of bilingual children may not be a valid measure of their achievement. In such case, a carefully developed teacher rating scale can play an important part in selecting students for participating in Title I.

VARIATIONS IN FORMATS FOR GRAPHIC CHECKLIST RATING SCALES

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| | Performance Factor | Consistently Superior | Sometimes Superior | Consistently Below Average | |
| - | Comprehends written material, draws conclusions, explains meanings. | | t l | | 3 |
| (f) | Comprehends writte | n material | , | | , /` |
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| | 15 | 13 | 11 9 | 7 5. | • |
| | Consistentl Well | у | Usually O.K., Above average | Passable but below average | Poor work, no understanding |
| (g) | Comprehends writte | n material | Judge the ext | ent to which th | e student under- |

stands the fifth grade reader. Consider his ability to make inferences, draw conclusions, and comprehend the material -

Poor 1-6; Average 7-18; Good 19-25 20

RHFHRHZCH

WHEN MODEL A1 IS NOT APPROPRIATE.

Some programs cannot be evaluated using Model Al. Here are a few examples of programs for which Model Al evaluation is not appropriate:

- Summer programs
- Short, intensive programs during the school year (one quarter, one semester)
- Early childhood programs (Grade 1 and below)
- Programs in which the emphasis is not basic skills (e.g., health, self concept, attitude)

Is evaluation required for programs such as these? YES! Here are some guidelines.

Do test if your program emphasizes academic skills. Although you will not be able to obtain normative (percentile) scores, you can still obtain measures of growth. Forexample, you could

- Test at the end of summer program using Model Al test. Compare the average standard score at conclusion of program with average standard score obtained by those students on the spring Model Al posttest. In effect, you use the spring scores as "pretest" scores for the summer program.
- Use)a criterion-referenced test as a pretest and posttest. You may express the gain as an increase in the number of correct answers, or, better still, as an increase in the number of objectives mastered.
- Use teacher-developed tests as pre- and posttests. If several groups will receive similar instruction, seek to develop a test that can be used for all students receiving comparable instruction.

If your program is primarily affective/ supportive (or includes substantial non-cognitive emphasis), collect measures of these outcomes. You might consider the use of

- Self-report attitude questionnaires.
- Behavior checklists--filled out by teacher.
- Evidence of subsequent school improvement as reported by parents, classroom teachers.

Prepare a concise summary of your evaluation results. This might take the form of a table, graph or chart. Most people find a graph helpful for quickly assimilating information. A brief narrative should point out

- The program objectives.
- How the objectives were met (program design).
- Evaluation design.
- Evaluation results.
- · Recommendations.

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HOW TO USE SCORE CONVERSIONS TRANSPARENCY

This transparency is a great help in explaining the concepts of score conversions, and out of level testing. Practice a few times with this sample script, and you will soon become an expert.

Open up gates so only the bottom layer is projected.

This picture illustrates two levels of a typical standardized test. Notice that Level A is intended for fourth graders, Level B is intended for fifth graders. Let's assume that we're working with the reading test in the fall of the year. Notice that the two levels of the test overlap. Also notice that a raw score from either level may be converted to an expanded scale score. The expanded scale score (or standard score) links both levels of this test.

Overlay the short red arrow (lower gate).

Assume a fourth grader takes Level A of this test. The first thing we do with his or her raw score (which on this example is about 18 out of a possible 40) is convert the raw score to an expanded scale score. The teacher's manual for Level A will have a table for doing this. In this example, we obtain a scale score of 400.

Now we want to convert the scale score to a percentile. The percentile will tell us how this student compares with a sample of fourth graders who also took this test in the fall.

Leaving red arrow in place, also overlay short green arrow (left gate).

We find the table in the Level A manual that shows the scale score and percentile values for beginning of fourth grade. We see that a scale score of 400 converts to the 40th percentile. This student scored better than 40 percent of the children in the norming sample.

At posttest time we would find the scale score in the same way, but we would use the end-of-year table to find the percentile.

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(Continued from other side)

Remove both gates.

Suppose we have a <u>fifth</u> grade Title I student, and we feel that Level B, the recommended level, is too difficult. We can give this student Level A instead.

Overlay short red arrow (lower gate).

We convert the raw scale to an expanded scale score, using the table in the Level A manual.

Now we want to find the percentile which tells, how this student compares with other fifth graders. To do this we find the beginning of year standard score to percentile table in the Level B manual.

Leave red arrow overlay. Overlay long green arrow (right gate).

And we see that a scale score of 400 converts to a fifth grade percentile of about five. This student performs better than five percent of students in the norming sample.

You can see from these examples that the expanded scale score serves to link together the levels of a test. A scale score from a single student or an average scale score from a group of students, can be converted to a percentile which expresses performance in comparison with other students in the same grade who took the test at the same time of year.

HOW TO USE SCORE INTERPOLAT

One step in the process of calculating NCEs requires the conversion of an average standard score to a percentile. It sometimes happens that there is no tabled percentile value corresponding to a given standard score. In such a situation, you will need to interpolate to find the correct percentile. This transparency shows the steps of interpolation.

| Display the bottom transparency. | Suppose, for example, that a portion of the norms table looks like this. |
|--|--|
| Overlay the next transparency with the red "306" | You have obtained a mean standard score of 306, and you find that there is no percentile which corresponds to a standard score of 306. 306 is between 304 and 307. |
| Overlay the first blue transparency | In fact, 306 is two-thirds of the way between 304 and 307. The total distance from 304 to 307 is three. The distance from 304 to 306 is two. So we know that the percentile we need is two-thirds of the way between 40 and 44. |
| Overlay the second blue transparency | The distance between 40 and 44 is four.—So we need to find two-thirds of that distance, or two-thirds of four, |
| Overlay green transparency | and add the fraction to 40, the lower percentile value. Two-thirds of four is .66. Add this to 40, and obtain an interpolated percentile of 42.66, which you may round to 43. |



3.

Friday October 12, 1979

Part VIII

Department of Health, Education, and Welfare

Office of Education

Financial Assistance to Local Educational Agencies to Meet the Special Educational Needs of Educationally Deprived and Neglected and Delinquent Children—Evaluation Requirements

An Equal Opportunity/ Affirmative Action Employer
Printed by the Authority of the State of Illinois
February 1980: 1.3M 2032NL-20

DEPARTMENT OF HEALTH, EDUCATION, AND WELFARE

Office of Education

45 CFR Parts 116 and 116a

Financial Assistance to Local
Educational Agencies To Meet the
Special Educational Needs of
Educationally Deprived and Neglected
and Delinquent Children—Evaluation
Requirements

AGENCY: Office of Education, HEW. ACTION: Final Regulations.

SUMMARY: These final regulations govern the evaluation of programs and projects authorized by title I of the Elementary and Secondary Education Act of 1965. The regulations are required by the Education Amendments of 1974 and 1978. For projects conducted by local educational agencies (LFAs). the regulations provale evaluation standards and amend existing requirements governing frequency of evaluation. These regulations also specify models for evaluating the effectiveness of LFA projects providing instructional services in reading, language arts, or mathematics. Other title I requirements resulting from the Education Amendments of 1978 were published as a Notice of Proposed Rulemaking on June 29, 1979 (44 FR

EFFECTIVE DATE: These regulations are expected to take effect 45 days after they are transmitted to the Congress. They are transmitted to the Congress several days before they are published in the Federal Register. The effective date is changed by statute if Congress disapproves the regulations or takes certain adjournments. If you want to know the effective date of these regulations; call or write the Office of Education contact person.

FOR FURTHER INFORMATION CONTACT: Dr Judith Burnes. Office of Evaluation and Dissemination, U.S. Office of Education. Room 3040. FOB 6, 400 Maryland Avenue. SW., Washington. D.C. 20202. Telephone: 202—245–8364.

SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION: A Notice of Proposed Rulemaking published in the Federal Register on February 7, 1979 (44 FR 7914) proposed to amend parts 116 and 116(a) of 45 CFR to implement certain evaluation requirements resulting from the Education Amendments of 1974 and 1978. The regulations specify models and standards for the evaluation of projects conducted by LEAs.

Several changes in the final regulations resulted from comments received in response to the proposed rules. These include a change in the deadline for the State evaluation report, the inclusion in the biennial report of data from projects conducted since the last report, the elimination of a requirement for sending two local reports to the Office of Education, the reduction of reported project data to cover a sample of grades, and the use of title I funds for required long-term evaluations. Other issues raised by the commenters included the appropriate requirements for long-term evaluations, whether "language arts" programs include programs to teach English to non-English speaking children, and how data resulting from the models will be used at the local, State, and national

The required evaluation models represent an improvement over the practices and procedures of many locally conducted title I evaluations. Technical questions remain, however, concerning such issues as the extent to which the different models yield comparable data. These issues are currently under investigation by the Office of Education. As further technical analysis leads to refinements in either the models or the process for reporting evaluation results, revisions in the regulations may be needed. The Commissioner intends to reconsider, and if necessary, revise the regulations after a three-year period, based on information available at that time. Representatives of State educational agencies (ŞEAs) and LEAs will be invited to participate in this review.

Evaluation activities in title I have several purposes. They include an assessment of the effectiveness of title I services and, for the purpose of revision and improvement, the identification of strengths and weaknesses of individual projects. Although the required models are concerned with only the most common title I objectives—achievement gains in reading, language arts, and mathematics—SEAs and LEAs are encouraged to evaluate all of their project objectives and to collect whatever data to needed for local decision making.

Section making.

Section 187 requires the
Commissioner to publish a title I policy
manual. The manual will provide policy
guidance concerning the evaluation
requirements. A draft of the evaluation
section of the policy manual is currently
available and may be obtained by
writing to the address at the beginning
of this document. Detailed procedures
for implementing each of the models are

contained in a User's Guide, also available from that address.

In addition, a technical assistance center has been established in each HEW region to assist SEAs and LEAs with title I evaluation matters.

During March of 1979 the Commissioner held public meetings on the proposed regulations in Boston, Mass.: Atlanta. Georgia: Kansas City, Missouri; and San Francisco, California. Interested parties were also given 45 days to make written comments on the proposed regulations. The Appendix summarizes the comments received and the Commissioner's responses to them.

Citation of Legal Authority

The reader will find a citation of statutory or other legal authority in parentheses on the line following each substantive provision.

(Catalog of Federal Domestic Assistance Number 13,428, Educationally Deprived Children—Local Educational Agencies)

Dated: August 1. 1979.

Mary F. Berry.

Acting U.S. Commissioner of Education.

Approved: October 5, 1979.

Patricia Roberts Harris,

Secretary of Health, Education and Welfare.
The Commissioner amends Parts 116
and 116a of 45 CFR to read as follows:

PART 116—FINANCIAL ASSISTANCE TO LOCAL EDUCATIONAL AGENCIES AND STATE AGENCIES TO MEET THE SPECIAL EDUCATIONAL NEEDS OF EDUCATIONALLY DEPRIVED, HANDICAPPED, MIGRANT, AND NEGLECTED AND DELINQUENT CHILDREN—GENERAL PROVIS!ONS

Subpart B—Duties and Functions of State Educational Agencies

 Section 116.7 is amended by revising paragraph (a) as follows:

§ 116.7 Reports by State educational agencies.

(a) Evaluation reports. The SEA shall submit to the Commissioner a report evaluating the effectiveness of title I programs and projects in meeting the special educational needs of participating children. This report must contain information about programs and projects conducted since the last report.

(1) For programs and projects authorized by part B, subparts 1, 2, and 3 (State programs for migratory children, for handicapped children, and for neglected or delinquent children), this report is due on February 1 of each year.

(2) For programs and projects authorized by part A, subpart 1 (basic grants to local educational agencies), this report is due on February 1, 1981

and February 1 of every second year thereafter.

(Section 172 of the Elementary and Secondary Education Act as amended by the Education Amendments of 1978)

PART 116a—FINANCIAL ASSISTANCE TO LOCAL EDUCATIONAL AGENCIES TO MEET THE SPECIAL EDUCATIONAL NEEDS OF EDUCATIONALLY DEPRIVED AND NEGLECTED AND DELINQUENT CHILDREN

2. Section 116a is amended by adding Subpart F to read as follows:

Subpart F-Evaluation

116a 50 Technical standards. 116a.51 Local educational agency evaluation models: general.

116a 52 Requirements of the models.

116a 53 Alternative models. 116a 54 Frequency of local educational

agency evaluations.

116.55 Local educational agency reporting.

116.56 State educational agency reporting.

1164.56 State educational agency reporting.
1164.57 Allowable costs.

Authority: Tyle 18 the Elementery and

Authority: Title 1 of the Elementary and Secondary Education Act as amended by Pub. L. 95-561, unless otherwise noted.

Subpart F-Evaluation

§ 116a.50 Technical standards.

A local educational agency (LEA) shall explain in its application how its evaluation plan (required by § 116a.22(b)(3)) is consistent with the following technical standards. The State educational agency (SEA) shall use those same standards in determining the adequacy of the LFA's plan.

(a) Representativeness of evaluation findings. The evaluation results are 4 computed so that the conclusions apply to the persons or schools served by the title I project. This may be accomplished by including in the evaluation either all or a representative sample of the persons or schools served by the project.

(b) Reliability and validity of evaluation instruments and procedures. The proposed evaluation instruments—

(1) Consistently and accurately measure the objectives of the project; and

(2) Are appropriate, considering factors such as the age or background of the persons served by the project.

(c) Evaluation procedures that minimize error. The proposed evaluation procedures minimize error by including—

(1) Proper administration of the evaluation instruments;

(2) Accurate scoring and transcription of data; and

(3) Use of analysis procedures whose assumptions are appropriate for the data.

(d) Valid assessment of achievement gains in reading, language arts, and mathematics. In assessing the effectiveness of regular school year title I reading, language arts, and mathematics projects in grades 2 through 12, the proposed evaluation procedures yield a valid measure of (1) the title I children's performance after receiving title I services compared to (2) an estimate of what their performance would have been in the absence of title I services. As used in this subpart, a language arts project does not include a project designed to teach English to non-English-speaking children.

(Section 183 of the Elementary and Secondary Education Act as amended by the Education Amendments of 1978)

§ 116a.51 Local educational agency models: general.

(a)(1) An LEA shall use one of the models in section 116a 52—or an approved alternative—in the evaluation of each regular school year title I project that provides instructional services in reading, language arts, or mathematics, in grades 2 through 12.

(2) The models require that the LEA administer a test (i) before or at the beginning of services for the project period (pretest) and (ii) after or at the end of the project period (post-test). Examples or appropriate pre- and post-test periods include fall-to-fall testing, fall-to-spring testing, and spring-to-spring testing.

(b)(1) The models compare the posttest scores of title I children to an estimate of what their post-test scores would be if they had not received title I services ("expected performance").

(2) Each model provides a different method for estimating expected performance using the scores of children not receiving title I services who are tested at the same time of year.

(c) With any of the three models, the LEA may use a test with or without national norms.

(Section 183 of the Elementary and Secondary Education Act as an anded by the Education Amendments of 1578)

§ 1162.52 Requirements of the models.

(a) Norm-Referenced model. An LEA using the Norm-Referenced model shall—

(1) Administer a pre- and post-test to title I children; and

(2) Estimate expected performance using the performance of children in a norm sample developed (i) locally, (ii) by the SEA, or (iii) by a test publisher.

(h) Comparison Group model An LEA using the Comparison Group model shall-

(1) Identify a comparison group of educationally disadvantaged children who—

(i) Are similar to title I children with respect to eduationally relevant factors (such as age, socio-economic status, and previous achievement); and

(ii) Are not receiving title I or similar compensatory education services:

(2) Administer a pre- and post-test to both the title I children and the children in the comparison group; and

(3) Estimate expected performance for the title I children by using the test scores of the children in the comparison group.

(c) Regression model. An LEA using the Regression model shall—

(1) Administer a pretest to a group of children in title I eligible schools at grade levels to be served by title I. In the Regression model only, the pretest may consist of a test, teacher judgment of student performance, or a composite of these:

(2) Establish a cutoff score and provide title I services to those children scoring below the cutoff. Children scoring above the cutoff are the comparison group for the evaluation; and

(3) Administer a post-test to both groups and estimate expected performance using the pre- and post-test scores for the comparison group.

(Section 183 of the Elementary and . Secondary Education Act as amended by the Education Amendments of 1978)

§ 116a.53 Alternative models.

(a) An LEA may use an alternative to one of the three models in § 116a.52 for the evaluation of regular school year reading, language arts, or mathematics projects in grades 2 through 12. An alternative model would provide a method for estimating expected performance that differs from methods provided by the three models.

(b) The use of an alternative model must be approved first by the SEA and then by the Commissioner.

(c) To be approved, an alternative a model must yield a valid measure of—

(1) The title I children's performance in reading, language crts, or mathematics:

(2) Their expected performance; and

(3) The results of the title I project expressed in the common reporting scale established by the Commissioner for SEA reporting (see \$116a.50(c)(1))

(d) The read of for using an alternative model may be submitted to the Commissioner by the LEA or the

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(e) The request must indicate how the alternative model meets the three requirements of paragraph (c).

(f) The Commissioner responds to the request in writing within 30 days.

(Section 183 of the Elementary and Secondary Education Act as amended by the Education Amendments of 1978)

§ 116a.54 Frequency of local educational agency evaluations.

(a)(1) An LEA shall evaluate the effectiveness of its title I projects at least once every three years in accordance with a schedule established by the Commissioner.

(2) This evaluation must include an assessment of achievement gains of title I children compared to an estimate of their expected performance in the absence of title I services.

(3) The LEA shall measure the achievement gains over a period of approximately either nine or twelve months. (Examples of appropriate testing intervals include fall-to-fall testing, fall-to-spring testing, and spring-to-spring testing.)

(b) At least once during the three-year period, the LEA shall collect additional information needed to determine whether the achievement gains measured over nine or twelve months are sustained over a longer period of time. (Examples of appropriate testing cycles for this long-term evaluation include fall-spring-fall testing. Fall-full-fall testing, and spring-spring testing.

(Section 124 of the Elementary and Secondary Education Act as amended by the Education Amendments of 1978)

§-116a.55 Local educational agency reporting.

(a)(1) An LEA shall report to the SEA the results of its evaluations conducted in accordance with the schedule established by the Commissioner.

(2)(i) In reporting the results of measurements of educational achievement in regular school year projects in reading, language arts, or mathematics in grades 2 through 12, the LEA shall use the common reporting scale estalished by the Commissioner unless the SEA approves some other form of local reporting.

(ii) If the SEA approves another form of reporting, the LEA shall include sufficient information to enable the SEA to convert the achievement results to the common scale.

(b) Unless requested by the SEA, the LEA is not required to include in its evaluation report the results of the long-term evaluations required by \$ 1160.54(b).

(c)(1) The LEA shall retain all of the 9

data used to develop its report to the SEA for a period of five years from the date of the report or until any pending Federal audit has been resolved.

(2) The data to be retained must include—

(i) A record of all individual scores, with an identifying code so that pre- and post-test scores can be matched, in regular school year projects in language arts, or mathematics in grades 2 through 12; and

(ii) The name, form, level, and date of publication of any tests administered.

(Section 183 of the Elementary and Secondary Education Act as amended by the Education Amendments of 1978)

§ 116a.56 State educational agency reporting.

(a) Sampling plan. An SEA shall submit, for the approval of the Commissioner, a proposed sampling plan designed to ensure that evaluations are conducted in a representative sample of its LEA's in any school year. The proposed plan shall be developed according to the schedule and criteria specified by the Commissioner.

(b) Annual performance report. To provide nationwide information about the recipients of title I services and the types of services delivered, the SEA shall provide, in its annual performance report the following information for all regular and summer projects for all, or a representative sample of, LEA's:

(1) The number of title I participants by type of services received;

(2) The number of participants, by grade, who attend public schools; and

(3) The number of participants, by grade, who attend nonpublic schools; and

(4) Other information requested by the Commissioner. (This may include, for example, information about Parent Advisory Councils and teacher training.)

(c) Biennial evaluation report. The SEA biennial evaluation report (required by § 116.7(a)) shall contain information about programs and projects conduced since the last report. To provide nationwide information about the effectiveness of regular school year projects offering instructional services in reading, language arts, or mathematics in grades 2 through 12, each SEA shall include the following information for all or a representative sample of LEAs:

(1) A statewide average, by grade level, of achievement gains resulting from title I participation, expressed in the common reporting scale established by the Commissioner.

(2) For a sample of grade levels. information by grade level relating levels of achievement gain to—

(i) The number of hours of project exposure:
(ii) The pupil-per-instructor ratio; and

(iii) Project enrollment.

(3) If applicable, the number of projects excluded because of erroneous or missing data and the reasons for their exclusion

(d) The SEA shall retain all the data used to develop its report for a period of five years from the date of the report or until any pending Federal audit has been resolved.

(Sections 172 and 183 of the Elementary and Secondary Education Act as amended by the Education Amendments of 1978; 45 CFR 74.82)

§ 116a.57 Allowable costs.

(a) Title I funds may be used for evaluation activities to—

(1) Identify specific strengths and weaknesses of a project:

(2) Determine the results of a project;

(3) Disseminate the results of title I evaluations.

(b) In addition to the requirements concerning the supplementary nature of title I funds (§ 116:40), other rules governing title I expenditures (§ 116a.22(b)(4)(ii) and (iii)), and Appendix C of 45 CFR 74, the following rules apply to the use of title I funds to support the purchase, administration, scoring, and analysis of evaluation instruments. Except for cases in which data meeting these needs are already available, title I funds may be used—

(1) To test title I participants for evaluation purposes;

(2) In the Comparison Group model, to test an appropriate number of educationally disadvantaged children who are at the same grade level(s) as title I participants, but who are not receiving title I services:

(3) In the Regression model, to test an appropriate number of children in title I eligible schools who are at the grade levels served by title I;

(4) In cases in which a test without national norms has been used for evaluation purposes, to administer to all, or a representative sample of title I participants, a test with national norms. This will permit the LEA or SEA to convert its evaluation results to the common scale; and

(5) To test an appropriate number of children no longer receiving title I services to determine whether achievement gains measured over nine or 12 months are sustained over a longer period of time (as require aby \$ 116a.54(b)).

(c) Title I funds may not be used for—
(1) General district wide or statewide

testing programs;
(2) Establishing local or State norms;

(3) Research and development activities, such as the development and field testing of new instruments.

(Section 183 of the Elementary and Secondary Education Act as amended by the Education Amendments of 1978)

ERIC AFUIT TEXT Provided by ERIC

53



EXAMPLES



ILLINOIS STATE BOARD OF EDUCATION

Department of Planning, Research and Evaluation Program Evaluation and Assessment Section 100 North First Street Springfield, Illinois 62777

TITLE I EVALUATION REPORT

(Summer Term Only)

INSTRUCTIONS: Complete and submit one copy of this form to the above address by September 15, 1981. Questions m Evaluation and Assessment Section at 217/782-4823. GENERAL INFORMATION SECTION I LEGAL NAME OF DISTRICT COUNTY School District Plains XYZ DISTRICT ADDRESS (Street, City, Zip Code) ·XYZ, 62777 -800 South Main Street Illinois NAME OF TITLE I DIRECTOR PHONE (Include Area Code) J. W. Director 217/195-5610 PERSON RESPONSIBLE FOR TITLE I EVALUATION (If different from Director) PHONE (Include Area Code) 217/195-5610 J. Evaluator SECTION II - STUDENT PARTICIPATION INFORMATION STUDENT PARTICIPATION BY PROJECT AREA. Record the total number of students who participated in the listed categories. Public students are those Title I students enrolled in private or parochial schools; local N/D students are those Title I students residing in institutions for the care of neglected and/or delinquent children. If a student receives services in more than one project area, include the student in the count for each applicable area. PUBLIC NONPUBLIC ' LOCAL N/D **PROJECT AREA** STUDENTS STUDENTS Ū 30 Resding <u>30</u> 0 Other Language Arts (excluding reading) <u>30</u> 0 Other Academic (specify) Vocational English (for limited English background) Special for Handicapped Supportive Services Attendance. Social Work, Guidance, Psychology Health/Nutrition **Pupil Transportation** Other (specify) STUDENT PARTICIPATION BY GRADE. Record an <u>unduplicated</u> count of students enrolled in Title I projects by grade level. Leave blank any grade levels which are not served by Title I projects. GRADE LEVEL TOTAL 12 Pre-K K 5 0 10 10 30 10 Local N/D 5 2 3 **Public** Nonpublic 0 STUDENT PARTICIPATION BY ETHNIC GROUP: Record the total SIGNATURES AND VERIFICATION number of students enrolled in Title I projects by ethnic group. **ETHNIC GROUP** TOTAL I hereby certify that to the best of my knowledge the information American Indian or Alaskan Native provided in this report is true, complete and accurate. Asian or Pacific Islander 10 Black, not of Hispanic Origin 10 Hispanic White, not of Hispanic Origin 15 SECTION III - TITLE I STAFF AND TRAINING INFORMATION SUMMER SCHOOL TERM Record the total full-time equivalents of staff employed in Title I projects during the summer term by job classification. JOB CLASSIFICATION Full*Time Equivalent 1.0 Administrative Staff Signature of Title I Director 2.0 Teachers 2.0 Teacher Aides Curriculum Specialists Staff Providing Supporting Services Signature of District Superintendent Clerical Staff ier (List) 20-58 (1/81)

| | 1461 | EKRAL 111 | LE I RE | ADING PROGRAM | <u> </u> | | | | |
|-----------------------------------|--------------------------|-------------|----------|---------------------------------------|------------|---|----------|------------|----------|
| NAME | · , , , . | | | GRADE | | ST <u>· </u> | S | - | - |
| SCH00L | | ·• | BIRTHD | ATEYr. Mo. :[| A | SE | | - - | |
| Assigned Basal | Reading Leve | 1, Sept. 1 | 19 | • | | | , c | <u> </u> | |
| Personality: | Aggressive | <u></u> | Normal | Ap | pathetic | | | • • | |
| REASONS FOR RE | FERRAL: (P1 | ease check | call th | at apply) | | * | • | | |
| All Grades: * | ICIENCIES - | . \. | † | SPECIAL PROBL | <u>EMS</u> | , | | 4 ; | |
| Vocabi | | , • | , | ·Visual | • | | • | • *· | , |
| | ehension tic Analysis | , | | Auditory Emotiona | | | • | | |
| Struct | tural Analysis | | • | Immaturi | ty | • | | - | • |
| Word-l | by-word reader | • • . | , | Hyperact Withdraw | | * | - | | |
| Grades 5,6,7,8 | B only: | `. | , | Social M | aladjus | tmént | | - | |
| | ng·maps ng graphs | * | _ | Poor att | | | • | | |
| Readii | ng in the cont | ent areas | • ' | Poor att | itude | • | | • | |
| | reference mat | erials | | | • | | | | |
| us mg | | | | • | | | • | - | |
| | | | | , | * | | <u>.</u> | | |
| | | | • | , | * | | Classro | om Teac | he |
| | | | • | · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · | • | - (| Classroo | om Teac | he |
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| Additional Cor | mments: | ATEST STANI | | TEST RESULT | • | SCORE | EXP. |] DIFF. | he |
| Additional Cor | mments: | , | | - / | | | | • | her |
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| Additional Cor TEST DATE ADMINIST | EREDd | | | - Vocabula | ry | SCORE | EXP. |] DIFF. | he |
| Additional Cor TEST DATE ADMINIST | EREDd | | | - Vocabula | ry | SCORE | EXP. |] DIFF. | he |
| Additional Cor TEST DATE ADMINIST | EREDd | | | - Vocabula | ry | SCORE | EXP. |] DIFF. | he |



TITLE I REFERRAL DATA FORM (To be completed by the classroom téacher)

TITLE I IS DIRECTED TOWARD THOSE STUDENTS WHO WILL MOST BENEFIT FROM REMEDIATION. IT CANNOT SERVE CHILDREN WHOSE MAJOR PROBLEMS ARE EMOTIONAL, SOCIAL AND/OR DISCIPLINE.

The criteria for selecting Title I participants is:

- 1. Composite reading and/or mathematics district-administered standardized achievement test score
 - K-2 Deficiency of 6 months or more 3-5 Deficiency of 1 or more years

 - 6-9 Deficiency of 2 or more years
 - Recommendation of classroom teacher, principal and/or reading specialist.

PARENT'S NAME

TELEPHONE NUMBER

ADDRESS -

Parent permission.

GRADE

CHILD'S NAME

ACHIEVEMENT TEST SCORES

FIER NUMBER

AGE '

SCHOOL

Please complete this form for any student who would qualify for the Title I program.

| • | | Comprehension | App 1 i | Average cation_ | | | • |
|---|---|---|---------|---------------------|--|--|---|
| P.le | ase answer the following question | s below. | | • | and . | | |
| 1. 2. 3. 4. 5. 7. 8. 10. 11. 12. 13. 14. 15. 17. | Has a narative attitude toward so that been retained one or more gravill probably be retained this y is absent frequently. Is a discipline problem. Has a short attention span. Is hard of hearing: Has speech disability. Is or may be visually handicappe Performs poorly on standardized | ed. (using above criter functioning. self. school and education. rades. /ear. | ia) | | Yes Yes Yes Yes Yes Yes Yes Yes Yes Yes | NO NO NO NO NO NO NO NO NO NO NO NO NO N | |
| | | n. | TE | • | | | |



TITLE I PROGRAM





In order to evaluate the Title I programs and plan for next year, we would appreciate your cooperation in completing this evaluation form.

Please circle one answer for each of the following questions.

| 1. | Have the children who attended | i the reading/math program show | n any/improve- |
|------|---|--|------------------|
| _ | ment in the classroom? | | |
| | YES - | SOMEWHAT | NO / * |
| 2. | Did the program help the child | iren in the areas in which they | were deficient |
| ¢. | YES | SOMEWHAT | NO |
| 3. | Has there been a positive char and classwork? | nge in the children's attitude | toward school |
| | y YES | SOMEWHAT | N o " |
| 4. | Do the children display a more | e positive self-concept? | |
| . ; | YES | SOMEWHAT | NO - L |
| 5. | Did you attend any workshops | conducted by Title I personnel? | •• |
| | YES | NO | •• |
| 6. | Were these workshops beneficia | al? | , |
| , | YES | SOMEWHAT | NO |
| 7. | Which of the following areas year? | of the program could be improve | d upon next |
| • | SCHEDULING CONTENT | INSERVICE OTHER (please | e elaborate) |
| ~ `ŧ | | | <u>.</u> |
| | • | · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · | |
| 8. | Additional comments: | | · . |
| 9. | Please complete the attached rating each child: | rating sheet using the followin F - Fair P - Poor | ng marks for |

TITLE I STUDENT COMMENT FORM

Here we are at the end of the Title I Program. We would like to know how you feel about the time you have spent with us. Please answer the following questions.

| Do you for Is math Is readi | enjoy the ti eel better a any easier i ng any easia you like ba | about scho for you no er for you | ol? w? now? | | Yes Yes Yes Yes | No No No | | 9 |
|-----------------------------|---|--|-------------------|--|--------------------------|----------------|----------|--------|
| | · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · | | | • | | | | 17.0 |
| What did | you like le | east about | : the scho | 001? | | • | | |
| | • | , | | | | , | | |
| change? would ha | ere going to (For examp ve liked to ve liked to | le, someth do less, | ning you v | would li | ke to do | more, s | omethin | ig you |
| | • | | • | 1 | • | <i>t</i> s | • | · / |
| | • | · . | | | | | | |
| | | | | • | | «, · | . • | . * * |
| What oth program? | er suggesti | ons do you | ı have th | at would | help us | to imp | rove our | • |
| ·• · | , | | | • | • | | | • |
| ٠. | | | | <u>.</u> | | <u> </u> | | |
| | , | | <i>,</i> , | <u> </u> | , | | | • |
| : | | | ,. | <u>, , é</u> | , | • | | |
| | | | , | `` | | • | | |
| | | ~~ | ,, | `\ | | • | | |
| | | ~~ | ,, | `````````````````````````````````````` | | | | |

Please sign if you desire. If you would rather not sign, please fill out questionnaire and return unsigned.



TITLE I PROGRAM

PARENT EVALUATION FORM



DATE

| - | | |
|------|--------|---|
| Dear | Parent | • |

Your child has been participating in the Title I program. The main goals of the program are to improve your child's skills, attitude, and self-concept. We are requesting your help in evaluating our success. Your frank and honest opinion is very important in answering the form below:

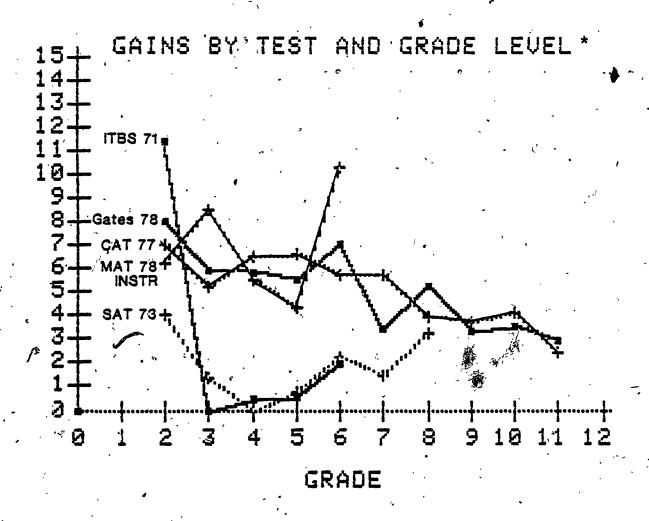
Please circle one answer for each of the following questions below.

| , , | · | | |
|-----|--------------------------------|---------------------------|----------------------------------|
| 1. | Has your child shown | improvement in reading/ma | · tb? |
| • | YES | SOMEWHAT | • NO |
| 2. | Has there been a posit | tive change in your child | 's attitude? |
| | YES . ** | . SOMEWHAT | NO |
| 3. | Does your child enjoy | being in the Title I pro | gram? |
| • | YES | SOMEWHAT | NO |
| 4. | Does your child bring | home books from school? | |
| | YES | SOMETIMES | NO . |
| 5. | Does your child use th | nese books? | |
| ŧ | YES | SOMETIMES | NO |
| 6. | Do you have to force | the child to study? | |
| • | YES | SOMETIMES | , NO , |
| 7. | Does your child show a | an interest in reading "j | ust for fun?" |
| | YES | SOMETIMES | NO |
| 8. | Does your child use h | is/her math skills at hom | ne? |
| | YES | SOMETIMES | NO |
| 9. | Does your child get a | long well with his/her pl | aymates/classmates? |
| | YES | SOMETIMES | NO . |
| | How do you feel that you have. | we can help your child? | Please write any suggestion that |

COMPLIANCE CHECKLIST .

Documentation should be on file for each of the listed items. The district may wish to maintain a separate folder for each item.

- 1. Data on selection of eligible attendance areas: Enrollment records, free lunch records, etc. Include data from private schools, if applicable. 116.20*
- 2. The budget and financial records system. 116.42(c)*
- 3. Needs assessment data: Information from standardized tests and surveys, including worksheets. 116a.21*
- 4. Data to support the priority ranking of needs. 116a.21(a)(b)*
- 5. Documentation for any supportive services being provided with Title I funds. 116.40(b), 116a.21(a) through (f)*
- 6. Documentation concerning performance objectives for each phase of the project. 116a.22(b)*
- 7. Pre-test information. 116.47*
- 8. The criteria used by the district for selecting participants. 116a.21(d)(e)*
- 9. Individual records of participating children. 116.47, 116a.21(f)*
- 10. The school's plan for evaluation. 116.43*
- 11. Previous year's project evaluation and how it affected program planning for the current year. 116.43*
- 12. Information on plans for inservice training for professional and paraprofessional personnel. 116.36*
- 13. Evidence of dissemination of information concerning the project within the district and to the community., 116.44*
- 14. Data on participation by private schools—letters, memorandums, record of telephone calls, etc. 116a.23*
- 15. The list of parent council members and records of meetings. (The evaluation team will interview representative parents of children participating in a program.) 116a.25*
- 16. Information on the role of parents in program planning and implementation. 116a.25*
- 17. The Comparability Report and supporting data—including worksheets. 116a.26*
- -18. The most recent audit, internal CPA. 116.42(c)*
- 19. Job descriptions for administrators, supervisors, teachers, and aides. Time sheets for part-time persons. 116.40*
- 20. Certification records for Title I staff. Letter of approval for teacher aides. (School Code, State of Illinois)
- 21. Equipment inventory. 116.42*
- 2. Revisions and amendments, if any.
- 23. Financial records to support the maintenance of fiscal effort from State and local funds. 116.19*
 - * Federal Register, September 28, 1976 Pages 42905 42921



1980 ILLINOIS RESULTS, PLOTTED ONLY
FOR READING SUBTESTS FOR WHICH
THERE ARE MORE THAN 60 STUDENTS
PER GRADE LEVEL

NEEDS ASSESSMENT AND TITLE I

Introduction

Title I Rules and Regulations require that each application from a local school district be based upon a needs assessment. The assessment must be completed annually. It must be conducted in all eligible attendance areas, and, finally, it must include all children residing in those areas.

The purpose of the assessment is to determine priority needs for the expenditure of Title I funds. In as much as Title I is an educational program for educationally disadvantaged youth, it should be concerned with student needs in the basic academic areas. With this emphasis, the assessment has become a comparative assessment among reading, mathematics, and language arts.

Although all school districts conduct a needs assessment upon which to base their program, some districts are more formal in their approach and document the procedures which they follow in deriving those needs. Some are more complete by including both objective and subjective data, and some involve several people in the process, while others limit input to a very few, do not document findings, and base decisions about program on an incomplete procedure.

This paper attempts to describe a model for Title I needs assessment which meets the requirements of the rules and regulations and which, if adopted, can enhance the process. The model consists of two (2) phases which are described. It begins with an analysis and summary of all achievement test scores, a presentation of the findings to interested parties (parents, teachers, and board members), and a survey of their perceptions of needs based upon those findings, and, finally, a ranking of those perceived needs.

Phase I: The Compilation and Analysis of Objective Data

The first phase of the process begins with a compilation of all available achievement test scores obtained from the district-wide testing program. The data is tabulated and summarized into a manageable form according to the categorical grouping of children required by the application. Those categories are:

- 1. Pre-School/Kindergarten
- 2. Early Elementary
- 3. Later Elementary
- 4. Secondary
- 5. Private School Children
- 6. Other Groups (Handicapped, Dropouts, etc.)

The data gleaned from this <u>review</u> is typically called "An Analysis of Achievement Test Scores" and will eventually be shared with persons who will participate in the decisions concerning Title I programming. For example, upon examination, an elementary school district may find the following information concerning the achievement of its students:



AN ANALYSIS OF ACHIEVEMENT TEST SCORES FOR DENION ELEMENTARY SCHOOLS

| Early Elementary (Grades 1-4) | Reading | Math | Language Arts |
|--|---------|--------------|---------------|
| Children at or above grade level | 50% | 25% . | 75% |
| Children six months below grade level to grade level | 50% | 50% | . 25% |
| Children one year to six months below grade level | ٠, | 25% | , |
| Children more than one year below grade level | | | |
| · | | | |
| Later Elementary (Grades 5-8) | | · | · - |
| Children at or above grade level | 50% | 25% | 75% |
| Children six months below grade level to grade level | 50% | 25% | 25% . |
| Children one year to six months below grade level | | . 25% | • |
| Children more than one year below grade level | • • | 25% | |

An analysis reveals that, at the early elementary level, 75% of children are below grade level in math; 50% are below grade level in reading; and 25% are below level in language arts.

Later elementary data reveals essentially the same condition. 75% are below grade level in math; 50% are below grade level in reading; and 25% are below grade level in language arts.

In this illustration, students at both early and later elementary levels are scoring lower in mathematics than reading or language arts. However, it does not necessarily follow that the greatest need is mathematics. One must realize that data obtained from test scores is not the sole determinant upon which to make programmatic decisions. The analysis enhances the decision-making process, but, in the end, individuals must make decisions based upon other information as well as achievement test scores.

Although in the previous example more children scored lower in mathematics than reading and may therefore suggest that math is a greater need, perhaps the reading scores are higher only because the Title I program is a reading project. Or perhaps mathematics is less important than reading or language arts.

To further complicate matters, the district does not have unlimited Title I funds. The question may then arise as to whom to serve. Is it more important to serve early elementary children or those at the later elementary level? These questions can only be answered by individuals based upon value judgments.

Phase II: Administering the Survey

Upon completing the analysis of achievement test scores, the information should be presented to such groups as the Parent Advisory Council, to the school board, and to the teachers. This may be done through a written report or by oral presentations. With this information, the groups involved in the decision-making process can make more informed judgments.

Following the completion and analysis of the test scores and the sharing of the information with the various groups, the next logical step is to survey their opinions based upon the analysis.

The survey need not be lengthy. If designed the right way, it need not be more than one page in length. Nor should the survey necessarily be given to every person of the community. To ask any individual what is the greatest need of the students without knowledge about achievement levels of the pupils in the various subjects has limited value. It is, therefore, important that the survey be taken in conjunction with and only after the objective data is presented to the respondents. The needs assessment survey instrument appended to this paper is one page in length and contains two (2) items. It requires very little writing on the part of the respondent. Although it is designed for an elementary district, it may be adapted for either a high school or unit district.

In as much as the district is required to seek advice from the same groups concerning program design and evaluation, the survey can be expanded to serve this purpose also. Such questions as, "Is the project worthwhile?" and "Should first grade students be served?" etc., can be asked.

In accordance with the law which requires that all groups (including pre-schoolers, dropouts, etc.) be assessed to determine their need, the first item of the survey instrument fulfills that requirement. It does not necessarily follow, however, that all their needs must be met. It must be recognized that Title I funds are limited and all needs cannot be met. This recognition leads to the second and final item on the survey which forces the respondent to make a choice concerning needs which should be given priority.

After having completed the survey, the results should be tabulated and summarized according to some kind of rating system. Assume, for example, that only five (5) persons had responded to the request to rank the priority needs for the early elementary group and they responded in this way:

| . , | lst Perso | <u>1</u> | 2nd Person | 3rd Person | 4th Person | 5th Person | TOTAL |
|----------------------------------|--------------|----------|---------------|---------------|---------------|---------------|--------|
| Reading Math Language Arts | 2 1 3 | • | 1 2 3 | . 1 2 3 | 3 2 1 | 1 2 3 | 8 9 |

Reading received eight (8) points. Math received nine (9) points, and language arts received thirteen (13) points. With the lower score meaning a higher priority, the ranked needs for the early elementary level should be first reading, followed by math, and finally language arts. After the survey data is summarized for all groups and needs are rated and ranked, the whole process is complete. The dicision about where to spend the funds should be made and the process should be described. Appended to this paper is a sample summary of the needs assessment procedure conducted by the Denton Elementary School District.

SAMPLE FORMAT - Olstributed by ISDE for LEA discretionary use only. Format may be modified and/or copied to meet Title I planning needs. Oo not return to ISBE.

TITLE I NEEDS ASSESSMENT SURVEY .

| The purpose of this surve he implemented. Please t | ey is to determine the highest priority needs of the children of our school so that a ake a few minutes of your time to respond to the following items. | Footbass sis |
|---|---|--------------------------|
| 1 Please rate in order of | priority the needs of students in each category: 1 - most important, - | importance, etc. |
| 1. (16836 1846 111 01 031 0 | PRE-SCHOOL AND KINDERGARTEN | |
| | Language Development Self Concept Development | e dring |
| | Social Skills Psycho Motor Skills Pre-Reading | |
| | Other (please specify) | |
| | EARLY ELEMENTARY (Grades) | |
| | · | . • • • |
| | Reading | |
| | Language Arts Other (please specify) | |
| | LATER ELEMENTARY (Grades | |
| | Reading | · |
| | Math Language Arts Other (please specify) | , |
| · · · · · · | | |
| | OTHER GROUPS (Handicapped, Dropouts, Private School Children) | |
| , | | · |
| • | Reading , ; | • |
| | Math | • • |
| , | Language Arts | · . |
| , | Other (please specify) | |
| | listed below are more important to serve? Ple | ase rank the needs in or |
| 2. If a limited amour of priority. 1 = r | nt of funds were available, which needs listed below are more important to serve? Ple nost important, 2 = second in importance, etc. | |
| | | |
| • , • , | Pre-School and Kindergarten Activities | : |
| • | Early Elementary Reading | √ • |
| | Later Elementary Reading | • |
| | Early Elementary Math | |
| ···· | Later Elementary Math | |
| , | Early Elementary Language Arts | • |
| · | Later Elementary Language Arts | |
| · . | Handicapped Program | • |
| · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · | Dropout Program | |
| | Other (please specify) | <u> </u> |
| | Other (please specify) | |

ANNUAL TITLE I NEEDS ASSESSMENT FOR THE DENION ELEMENTARY SCHOOL DISTRICT

1980-81 School Year

The Denton Elementary School District has one attendance center serving students from kindergarted through the eighth (8) grade. The enrollment is approximately 320 pupils.

In compliance with Title I Rules and Regulations, an armual needs assessment was conducted during the month of May, 1980, for the 1980-81 school year. The purpose of the assessment was to determine priority needs for expenditure of Title I funds.

The process began with an analysis of achievement test scores obtained from the California Achievement Test, 1977-78, which is given to all second, fourth, sixth, and eighth grade students during the first week of May each school year.

The results of that analysis are as follows:

| Early Elementary | Reading | Math | Language Arts |
|--|----------|-------|---------------|
| (Grades 1-4) | . | ~ | . % |
| Children at or above grade level " | 50% | 25% | , 75% |
| Children six months below grade level to grade level | | 50% | 25% |
| Children one year to six months below grade level | • | , 25% | |
| Children more than one year below grade level | • | | |

| Later Elementary (Grades 5-8) | eading | <u>Math</u> | Language Arts |
|--|--------|------------------|---------------|
| Children at or above grade level | `50% | 25% _e | 75% |
| Children six months below grade level to grade level | 50% | 25% * | 2,5% |
| Children one year to six months below grade level | | 25% | |
| Children more than one year below grade level | ٠. | 25% | |

An analysis reveals that, at the early elementary level, 75% of children are below grade level in math; 50% are below grade level in reading; and 25% are below level in language arts.

Later elementary data reveals essentially the same condition. 75% are below grade level in math; .50% are below grade level in reading; and 25% are below grade level in language arts.

The results of the analysis were shared with the parent advisory committee, with the school board, and with the teachers of the district through an oral presentation to each group. Immediately following the presentation, the groups discussed the implications of the findings and were asked to complete a survey of opinion which is attached.

A total of twenty (20) persons completed the survey. The instrument required the respondents to rank the needs of all students. Based upon a rating system in which a lower score meant a higher ranking, the results are as follows:

| Pre-School-Kindergarter | 1 |
|---|--------------|
| 1 | TOTAL POINTS |
| 1. Language Developmer | nt |
| Self-Concept Develo Pre-Reading Skills | opment 40 |
| 3. Pre-Reading Skills | 55, |

| Ear | ly Elementary (1-4) | • |
|----------------|------------------------------------|----------------|
| | • | TOTAL POINTS |
| 1. 2. 3. | Reading . Math Language Arts | 32 42 46 |
| Lat | ter. Elementary (5-8) | • |
| • | ~ | TOTAL POINTS |
| 1. 2. 3. | Reading Math Language Arts | 30 40 50 |

The second item of the survey required the respondents to further selimit the needs by forcing choices among the various possibilities for a Title I program. The same rating system was utilized as was employed for the first item of the survey. A lower score meant a higher rating. The results are as follows:

| Ran | king of Needs | |
|-----|------------------------------------|---------------|
| , | • | TOTAL POINTS |
| 1. | Early elementary reading | 28 |
| 2. | Later elementary reading | . 36 |
| 3. | Later elementary math | .48 |
| 4. | Early elementary math | 49 |
| 5. | Later elementary Language arts | 58 ° , |
| 6. | Early elementary Language arts | 74 |
| 7. | Pre-School-Kindergar Activities | rten 120 |
| 8. | Handicapped program | 140 |

Based upon this analysis, the priority needs ranked in order of importance are:

- Early elementary reading
 Later elementary reading
 Later elementary math

In as much as Title I funds are limited, the district has chosen to establish a reading program in grades one (1) through eight (8).

PART II - Program Plan for FY 1981 P.L. 95-561, Section 124(b)

SECTION I - NEEDS ASSESSMENT (Federal Register, Section 1:16a.21 and P.L. 95:561, Section 1:24(b)

A. DETERMINATION OF THE NEEDS OF ALL CHILDREN RESIDING IN ELIGIBLE ATTENDANCE AREAS

Describe in order of priority the basic needs of each of the listed groups of children living in eligible Title I areas for which you provide education or may provide Title I services, according to the grade grouping used in your school system. Indicate the sources of information, including specifically identified objective educational measurements and consultations with teachers, parents, and persons knowledgeable of the needs of the children who reside in the eligible attendance area(s).

Also include, as a source, data from past evaluations of Title I projects. Documentation of this assessment must be maintained in district files. For Neglected and Delinquent programs - see special form from State Education Agency.

- Preschool Although no achievement test scores were available for all children of this group, a survey of parents, teachers, and board members indicates that language development, the development of self-concept, and pre-reading skills are priority needs at this level.
- 2 Early Elementary (grades 1-4). Based upon an analysis of achievement test scores, and a subsequent survey of parents, teachers, and board members, the priority needs are: (1) reading, (2) math, and (3) language arts.
- 3. Later Elementary (grades 5-8). Based upon an analysis of achievement test scores, and a subsequent survey of parents, teachers, and board members, the priority needs are: (1) reading, (2) math, and (3) language arts.
- 4. Secondary (grades ______). N.A.
- 5 Private School Children The needs of private school children as determined by the private school officials are the same as the public school, and these students will participate if they meet the eligibility criteria.
- 6. Other groups who may be served (dropouts, handicapped, non-English speaking) There are no dropouts or non-English speaking pupils in the district. As a result of the survey of needs of moderately handicapped students, the needs were found to be the same as other groups. The more severely handicapped are either institutionalized or other more appropriate programming is provided.
- B. If for any reason this project is not being designed to meet the highest ranking needs as listed (Section 1, Part A) justification and rationale must be given

The highest ranking need of the students of Denton Elementary School District is reading. This project is being designed to meet that need.

C. Describe any specific activities or services that may be available through other public and private agencies. Explain the arrangements for coordination with the Title I program. (Federal Register, Section 116.41).