

DOCUMENT RESUME

ED 203 798

HE 014 066

AUTHOR Hanschke, Roy
 TITLE Colorado Higher Education: A Report of Ethnic Minority Enrollments, 1980.
 INSTITUTION Colorado Commission on Higher Education, Denver.
 PUB DATE 81
 NOTE 57p.: Variable print quality in tables.
 AVAILABLE FROM Colorado Commission on Higher Education, 1550 Lincoln Street, Denver, CO 80203.

EDRS PRICE MF01/PC03 Plus Postage.
 DESCRIPTORS College Freshmen: *College Students; Comparative Analysis: *Enrollment Trends: *Ethnic Groups: Graduate Students: Higher Education; Majors (Students): *Minority Groups: *Private Colleges: *State Colleges: State Surveys: Undergraduate Students
 IDENTIFIERS *Colorado

ABSTRACT

Information on minority enrollment in 1980 in public and private colleges and universities in Colorado is presented. Additional data elements for the 1980 academic year are minority enrollment by subject field and student level, and first-time minority enrollment (i.e., first-time freshmen, first-time graduates). The three sections of the report deal with all Colorado higher education institutions, public and private institutions separately. Among the findings are the following: overall, the number of ethnic minority enrollments in Colorado institutions increased from the fall of 1978 to the fall of 1980: within the private sector, the number of ethnic minority enrollments increased, while in the public sector the number decreased: 13 of the 28 public institutions reported an increase in ethnic minority enrollments; 10 of the 13 private institutions reported increases in ethnic minority enrollments: from 1978 to 1980, Colorado higher education enrollments increased overall in both sectors: from 1978 to 1980 (public and private sectors combined) increases in enrollment occurred for the Asian/Pacific Islander and the Hispanic ethnic minority groups: decreases in enrollment occurred for the Black and American Indian/Alaskan Native groups: in the public sector, only the Asian/Pacific Islander group increased in number of enrollments: in the private sector, all ethnic minority groups, with the exception of the American Indian/Alaskan Native group, increased in number of enrollments. (SW)

 * Reproductions supplied by EDRS are the best that can be made *
 * from the original document. *

HE



COLORADO HIGHER EDUCATION

A REPORT ON ETHNIC
MINORITY ENROLLMENTS

1980

U.S. DEPARTMENT OF EDUCATION
NATIONAL INSTITUTE OF EDUCATION
EDUCATIONAL RESOURCES INFORMATION
CENTER (ERIC)

- This document has been reproduced as received from the person or organization originating it.
- Minor changes have been made to improve reproduction quality.
- Points of view or opinions stated in this document do not necessarily represent official NIE position or policy.

"PERMISSION TO REPRODUCE THIS
MATERIAL HAS BEEN GRANTED BY

Colorado Comm.
on H. E.

TO THE EDUCATIONAL RESOURCES
INFORMATION CENTER (ERIC)."

COLORADO COMMISSION
on
HIGHER EDUCATION

ED 203798

HE 014 066

COLORADO COMMISSION ON HIGHER EDUCATION
1550 Lincoln Street
Denver, Colorado 80203

MEMBERS OF THE COMMISSION

Anne Laird Manvel, Chairman
Michael R. Moore, Vice Chairman
Judy Armagast
A. Edgar Benton
Elmer Chenault
Lena Elliott
Phillip B. Gallegos, Jr.
J. Tyler Makepeace
Lester R. Woodward

ADMINISTRATIVE STAFF

Lee R. Kerschner, Executive Director
Richard A. Laughlin, Deputy Executive
Director/Director of Planning
Frank Armijo, Director of Program
Review and Evaluation
Don Friedman, Special Assistant
Timothy M. Grieder, Director, Outreach
Programs
Roy Hanschke, Research Associate
Mary Kay Hasz, Director of Research
and Special Projects
Jean Hoover, Director, External
Affairs
Marcia Ingerson, Coordinator, Education
Information Centers
Catherine Joseph, Staff Associate
Debra W. Knight, Assistant Director,
Financial Aid
Charles Manning, Associate Executive
Director of Academic Affairs
Kathy Nunn, Director, Administrative
Services
Charlotte Redden, Associate Executive
Director of Financial Affairs
Richard Ross, Assistant Director,
Capital Outlay Program
Lindsay Winsor, Assistant Executive
Director of Student Affairs

ADVISORY COMMITTEE

Legislative Representatives:
Senator Al Meiklejohn
Senator Harvey Phelps
Representative Bob Martinez
Representative Robert J. Stephenson

Governing Board Representatives:

John D. Fuhr, State Board of
Agriculture
Gladys Foster, Trustees of the
Consortium of State Colleges
Alison Robinson, Trustees of the
University of Northern Colorado
Fred R. Schwartzberg, Trustees of
the Colorado School of Mines
David Sunderland, University of
Colorado, Board of Regents
Ross Forney, State Board for
Community Colleges and
Occupational Education

Appointed by the Commission:

Chester M. Alter, Private
Universities and Colleges
Charlene Houston Holzworth, Student
Member
Allen B. Lamb, Colorado Department
of Education
James Harper, Colorado Faculty
Advisory Council
R. Wade Murphree, Colorado Private
School Association

REPORT PREPARED BY: Roy Hanschke, Research Associate

ORGANIZATION OF THE REPORT

	<u>Page</u>
HIGHLIGHTS	i
BACKGROUND	iii
I. <u>Colorado Higher Education - Public and Private Sectors Combined</u>	-1
II. <u>Colorado Higher Education - The Public Sector</u>	-3
III. <u>Colorado Higher Education - The Private Sector</u>	-28
APPENDIX	

HIGHLIGHTS

- Overall, the number of ethnic minority enrollments in Colorado institutions of higher education increased from the Fall of 1978 to the Fall of 1980. Within the private sector, the number of ethnic minority enrollments increased, while in the public sector the number decreased.
- Thirteen of the twenty-eight public institutions reported an increase in ethnic minority enrollments. Ten of the thirteen private institutions reported increases in ethnic minority enrollments.
- From 1978 to 1980, Colorado higher education enrollments increased overall in both the public and private sectors. During this period of time the percentage of ethnic minorities in the enrollment decreased in the public sector and increased in the private sector.
- From 1978 to 1980 (public and private sectors combined) increases in enrollment occurred for the Asian/Pacific Islander and the Hispanic ethnic minority groups. Decreases in enrollment occurred for the Black and American Indian/Alaskan Native groups. In the public sector, only the Asian/Pacific Islander group increased in number of enrollments. In the private sector, all ethnic minority groups, with the exception of the American Indian/Alaskan Native group, increased in number of enrollments.

- Ethnic minorities represented this Fall, 10.6% of Colorado higher education enrollments; 21.7% of Colorado public K-12 enrollments; and 18.85% of the Colorado population (1978 estimate).
- There was a smaller percentage of ethnic minorities enrolled in each of the selected subject fields of Business and Management, Engineering and Physical Sciences, the Life Sciences (Biology and Agriculture), and the legal, medical and dental professions than in the total enrollment, (public and private sectors combined).
- A comparison of reporting years 1976, 1978 and 1980 revealed that each year, women have become a larger percent of the total minority and non-minority enrollments. However, women have comprised a slightly larger percentage of the total non-minority enrollment than they have the minority enrollment.
- In the public sector, approximately 96% of all ethnic minority students were enrolled at the undergraduate level. 91% of all non-minority students were enrolled at the undergraduate level.
- In the public sector, ethnic minorities were the same percentage of first-time freshmen enrollments as they were total undergraduate enrollments. However, ethnic minorities were a slightly larger percent of first-time graduate enrollments than they were total graduate enrollments.

A Report on Minority Enrollments Within Colorado Higher Education, 1980

Background

Two years ago staff of the CCHE prepared a report on minority enrollments in Colorado higher education. That report, covering the two reporting dates of Fall 1976 and Fall 1978, was the first such report from the CCHE. It was prepared in response to an issue statement of the CCHE Master Plan which addressed the need for reliable racial and ethnic data. As a result of that report, presented in April of 1979, a task force (Task Force on Minority Enrollments in Colorado Public Higher Education Institutions) was established by the CCHE to analyze ways of improving enrollment opportunities for ethnic minorities, and based on their findings make recommendations.

The CCHE approved those recommendations at its September 1980 meeting. The attached report incorporates the task force recommendations pertaining to the collection and analysis of ethnic minority enrollment data. It is another step in continuing to monitor the number of ethnic minority students enrolled in the state.

The 1980 data for this report were provided by Colorado colleges and universities of both the public and private sectors via the Higher Education General Information Survey (HEGIS) form entitled, "Fall Enrollment and Compliance Report of Institutions of Higher Education, 1980." This, along with other reports, is submitted to the National Center for Education Statistics on a regular basis. The CCHE receives copies of each report.

In this report, for the first time, Pueblo Vocational Community College is considered as a separate institution rather than as a part of the University of Southern Colorado. Furthermore, changes in enrollment levels

(1980 over 1978) for Colorado Mountain - East and Colorado Northwestern Community College are partially due to the transfer of Steamboat Springs enrollments from Colorado Northwestern Community College to Colorado Mountain College - East.

Further differences in this year's report include the addition of the analysis of minority enrollments by subject fields and student level, and the analysis of "first-time" minority enrollments (i.e., first-time freshmen, first-time graduates). Sincere thanks are given to the Colorado Civil Rights Commission and Dr. George Bardwell of the University of Denver for their cooperation and many hours of effort to assist in making the analysis of this additional data possible.

With only three reporting year's data available, it is difficult to determine whether patterns indicated by the data presented herein are mere fluctuations or actual trends. CCHE will, therefore, continue to monitor minority enrollments through the use of the HEGIS reports and extend patterns of the data over a longer length of time. In addition, as national data are available, comparisons with Colorado will be made to determine compatibility or lack of compatibility with national trends.

For the sake of convenience, this report has been divided into three sections. The first one deals with all Colorado higher education institutions in both the public and private sectors. Sections II and III consider those sectors separately - first the public and then the private sector.

Section I
Colorado Higher Education
(Public & Private Sectors Combined)

From the Fall of 1978 to the Fall of 1980 Colorado institutions of higher education reported an overall increase of 281 minority enrollments, (a 1.6% increase). There were 17,370 minority enrollments in 1978 and 17,651 in 1980. This increase in minority enrollments accompanied an increase of 11,079 in total student enrollments for the same period of time, (a 7.1% increase). As will be seen in Sections II and III, the public sector actually decreased in number of minority enrollments whereas the private sector reported increased numbers.

From 1978 to 1980 statewide non-minority enrollments increased from 134,388 to 144,304 (an increase of 9,916 or 7.4%). Non-resident aliens* increased from 3,553 in 1978 to 4,435 in 1980 for an increase of 882 or 24.8%.

Although minority enrollments increased overall, not all minority groups experienced an increase. The Asian/Pacific Islander and Hispanic groups increased in number. However, the Black and American Indian/Alaskan Native groups decreased in number. (See Table I for details).

Table I displays the percent of the total higher education enrollment which each of the ethnic minority groups comprised for the years 1978 and 1980. It can be seen that percentages have decreased for all groups except Asian/Pacific Islander.

*One of the recommendations presented by the task force, in September of 1980, stated that CCHE not include Non-Resident Aliens as minority students in computing statewide enrollment percentages of minority and non-minority students. In response to this recommendation, changes were made to the data for reporting years 1976 and 1978. Those changes are reflected in this report, and Non-Resident Aliens have been included with non-minorities.

Table I

Colorado Higher Education
Public and Private Sectors Combined
1978 and 1980

Distribution of Ethnic Minority Enrollment by Ethnic Group

	Ethnic Minority Enr. Fall '78	Minority as % of Total Enr. '78	Ethnic Minority Enr. Fall '80	Minority as % of Total Enr. 1980	% of Change in Ethnic Minority Enr. 1978-1980
Black, Non-Hispanic	4,905	3.2%	4,872	2.9%	- .7%
American Indian/Alaskan Native	1,319	0.8%	1,186	0.7%	-10.1%
Asian/Pacific Islander	2,039	1.3%	2,320	1.4%	+13.8%
Hispanic	9,107	5.9%	9,272	5.6%	+ 1.8%
TOTAL	17,370	11.2%	17,651	10.6%	+ 1.6%

Table II

Colorado Higher Education
Ethnic Minority Representation in Higher Education,
K-12 Enrollments, and State Population

(Number of Percent of Total)

	Black Non- Hispanic	American Indian/ Alaskan Native	Asian/ Pacific Islander	Hispanic	White Non- Hispanic	Total
Colorado Higher Education Fall 1980	4,872 (3.0%)	1,186 (.7%)	2,320 (1.4%)	9,273 (5.7%)	144,304 (89.1%)	161,955 (99.9%)
Colorado Public Higher Education Fall 1980	4,077 (2.9%)	1,059 (.7%)	1,956 (1.4%)	8,538 (6.0%)	126,265 (89.0%)	141,895 (100.0%)
Colorado Public K-12 Education Fall 1980	24,320 (4.5%)	3,748 (.7%)	8,799 (1.6%)	81,567 (14.9%)	427,599 (78.3%)	546,033 (100.0%)
Colorado State Population (Est. 6/78, Dept. of Local Affairs)	3.8%	.5%	.9%	13.7%	81.1%	100.0%

Total Minority as Percentage of Total

Colorado Higher	10.6%
K-12 Education	21.7%
Colorado Population	18.85%

Notes: Non-resident alien enrollments are excluded from this data.

Some percentages do not total of 100.0 due to rounding.

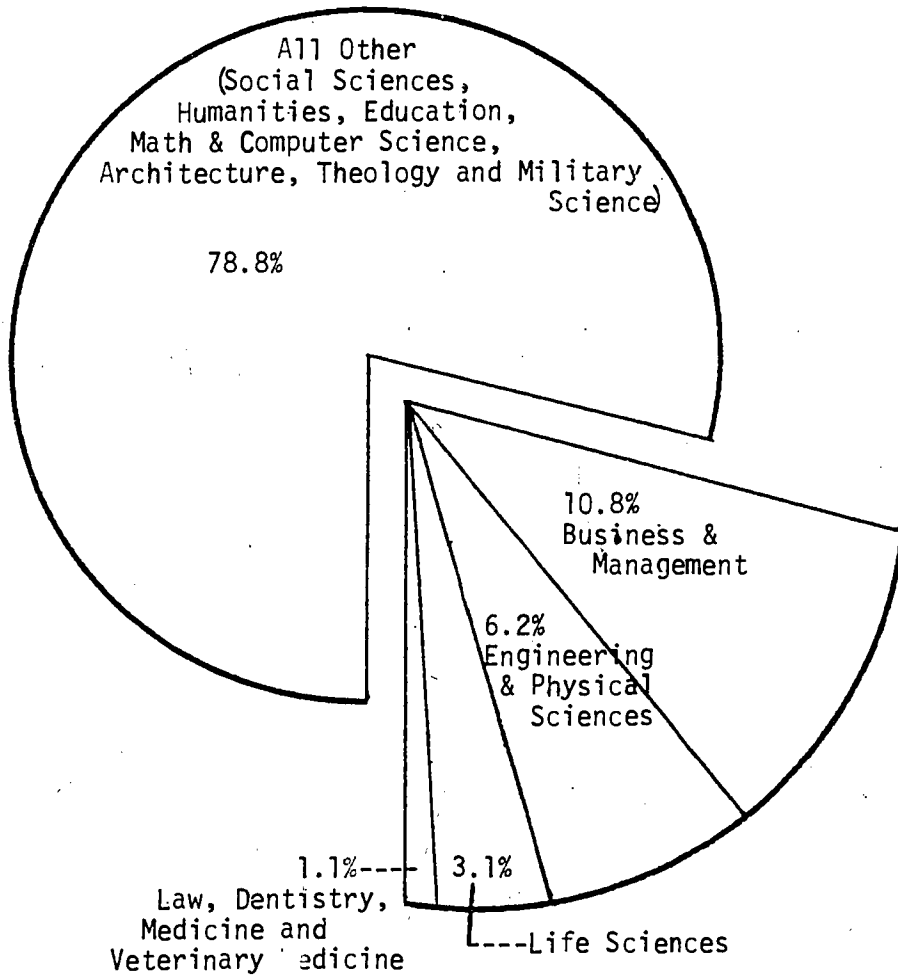
Distribution of enrollments by ethnic group in Colorado higher education are compared to the distribution of enrollments in Colorado elementary/secondary education (K-12) and to the distribution of the Colorado population in Table II. At this time, population figures by ethnic group are not yet available from the 1980 census. Therefore, estimates from the Colorado Department of Local Affairs as of June 1, 1978 were used. For the purposes of this comparison, non-resident aliens were excluded from higher education figures. It can be seen from Table II that the American Indian/Alaskan Native and Asian/Pacific Island minority groups represented similar percentages of the total in higher education enrollments, K-12 enrollments, and state population. More pronounced differences appear, however, in the Hispanic and Black minority categories where both groups represented a smaller percent of the higher education total than the K-12 education total or the state population total.

Overall minority enrollments in Colorado higher education (public and private sectors combined) represented 10.6% of the total enrollments (excluding non-resident aliens), whereas minorities represented 21.7% of the public K-12 enrollments and 18.85% of the Colorado population.

Figure 1 shows the distribution of minority enrollment by subject field grouping. Subject field groups, as reported in Appendix A, were selected for analysis of ethnic minority representation by the National Center for Education Statistics (NCES) and incorporated into the design of the reporting form from which the data were taken for this report. Most minorities, as indicated (78.8%) were enrolled in the category entitled "All Other." The areas not included in this category were intended by NCES to be areas targeted for special observation with regard to ethnic minority enrollments. For convenience of reporting, the fields of Engineering and Physical Sciences have been combined as well as the fields of Biology and Agriculture. (For a more detailed breakdown, see Appendix A.) Since this is the first year that minority enrollments by subject field have been analyzed, possible enrollment changes between subject fields can not be observed at this time.

Figure 2 shows what proportion minorities represented in each of five groupings of subject fields. It can be seen that in each of the fields except the "All Other" ethnic minorities represented less than one-tenth of the total enrollments. Looking at these same subject fields by sex of the student (See Figure 3), it can be seen that nearly equivalent proportions of male and female ethnic minority enrollments occurred in the field of Business and Management. This was the case for the "All Other" category as well. However, in the other subject field categories, men comprised larger proportions of the total enrollment. A similar pattern occurred for non-minorities (except for the "All Other" category in which women comprised the majority of enrollments).

Figure 1.
 Colorado Higher Education
 Distribution of Minority Enrollments
 By Subject Field Groupings
 Fall 1980

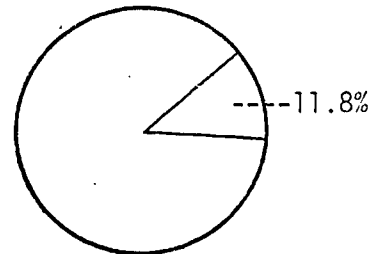


N = 17,651

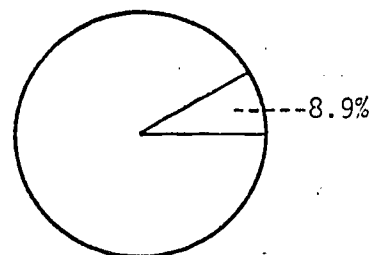
Figure 2.
Colorado Higher Education
Public & Private Sectors Combined

Minority Enrollment as a Percent of
Total Enrollment - By Subject
Field Groups
Fall, 1980

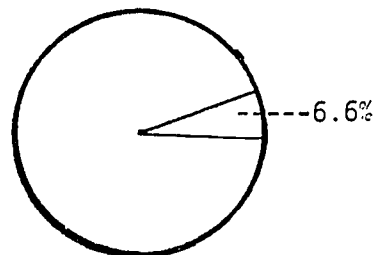
All Other
(Social Science, Humanities,
Education, Math & Computer
Science, Architecture, Theology
& Military Science)



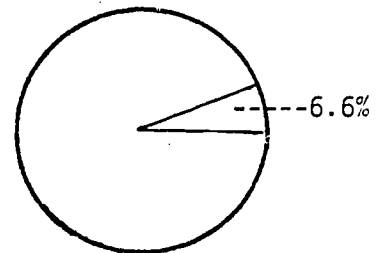
Business & Management



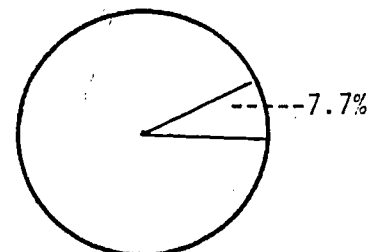
Engineering & Physical Science



Life Sciences (Biology &
Agriculture)



Law, Dentistry, Medicine &
Veterinary Medicine



Note: Includes undergraduate and graduate enrollment.

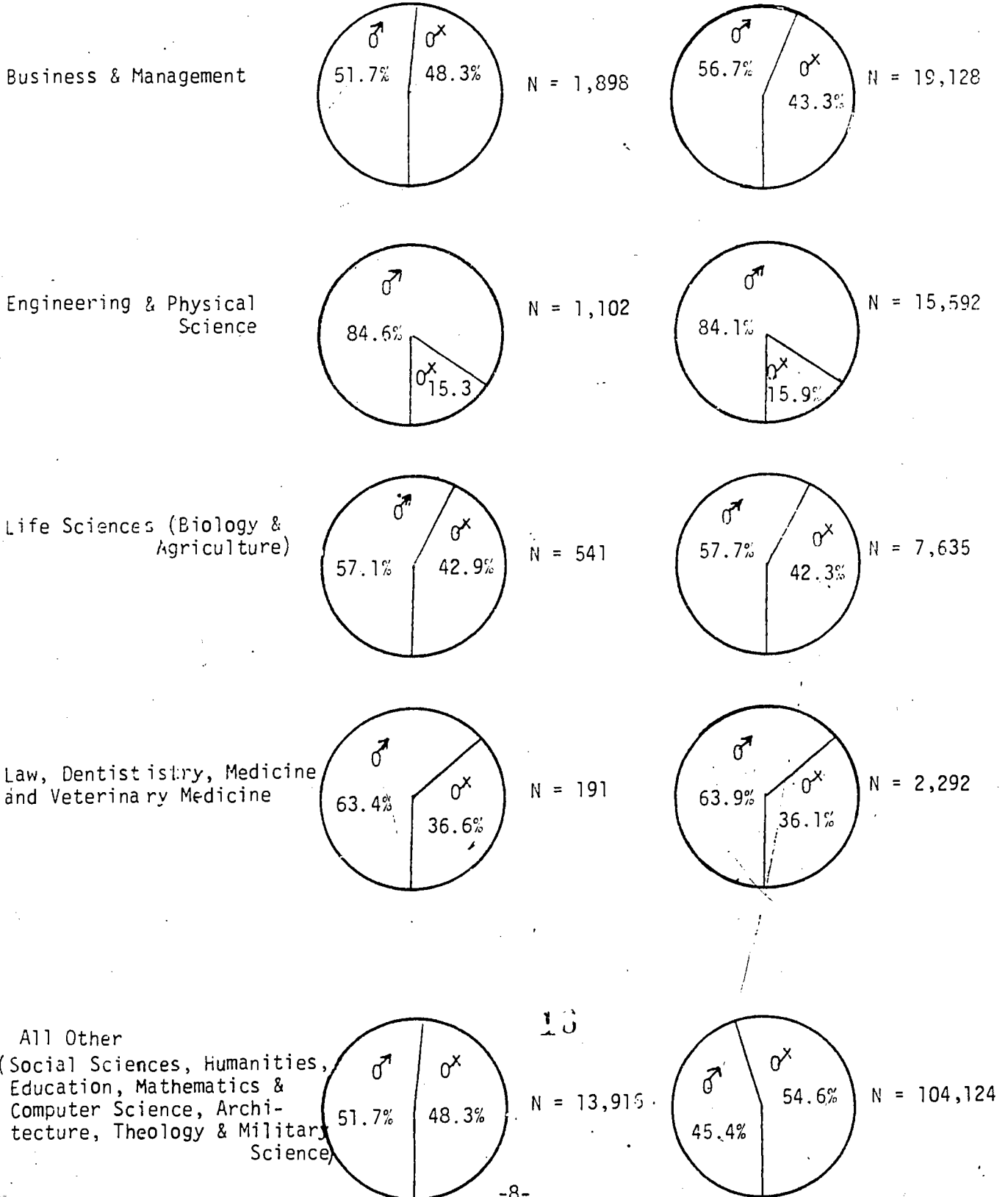
Figure 3.

Colorado Higher Education
Public & Private Sectors Combined
Fall 1980

Distribution of Minority & Non-Minority Male & Female Enrollments by
Subject Field (Undergraduate & Graduate)

Minority Enrollment

Non-Minority Enrollment



A profile of enrollments by sex is given in Figures 4 and 5. Figure 4 displays the percent of enrollments that were male and female in the Fall of 1980. As can be seen, non-minorities (both with and without Non-Resident Aliens included) were closer to parity between male and female enrollments than were minorities. 54.% of minority enrollments were male and 46% female. 51.8% of non-minority enrollments - including Non-Resident Aliens - were male and 48.2% were female. (Excluding Non-Resident Aliens, 51.1% of the non-minority enrollments were male and 48.9% were female.) As will be indicated in Sections II and III, minorities in the public sector were closer to parity on this point than were those in the private sector.

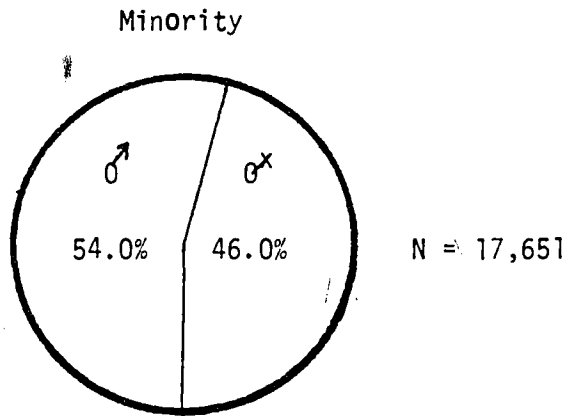
For both minorities and non-minorities, however, there appears to be a trend toward parity in male and female enrollments. (See Figure 5.) In 1976, minority women comprised 41.4% of all minority enrollments. In 1978, this figure had increased to 44.4% and in 1980 it rose to 46.0%. A similar pattern occurred in the data on non-minority enrollments.

Analyses similar to the foregoing, as well as additional analyses of the data for the public and private sectors of Colorado Higher Education, are reported in Sections II and III.

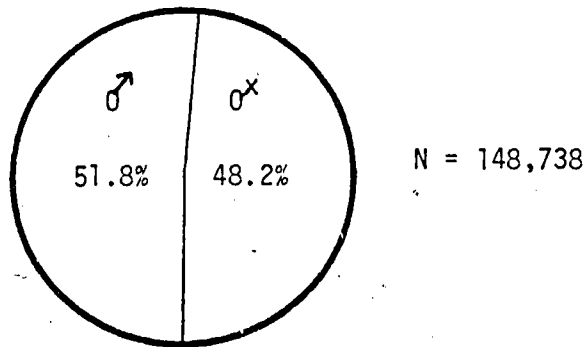
A final consideration of minority enrollments - both sectors combined - deals with a major source of student enrollments, the first-time student. The distribution of first-time freshmen and first-time graduates by minority and non-minority groupings is depicted in Figure 6. The data indicate that for the Fall of 1980 minorities comprised 11.6% of all first-time freshmen and 5.5% of all first-time graduates. Since this data has not been analyzed for

Figure 4.
Colorado Higher Education
Public & Private Sectors Combined
Fall 1980

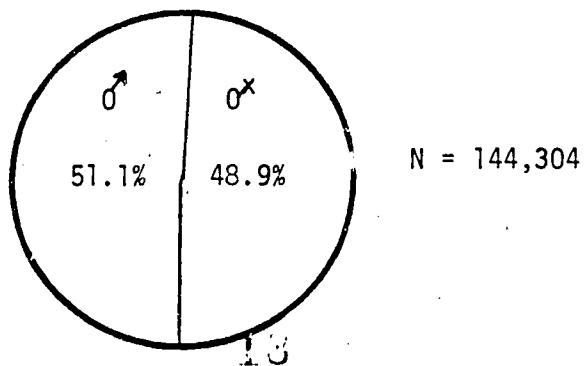
Distribution of Minority & Non-Minority Enrollments by Sex,



Non-Minority (Includes NRA)



Non-Minority
(White - Excludes NRA)*



* Note: NRA = Non-Resident Alien

Figure 5.

Colorado Higher Education
Public & Private Sectors Combined

Distribution of Minority & Non-Minority Enrollments by Sex
For 1976, 1978, & 1980

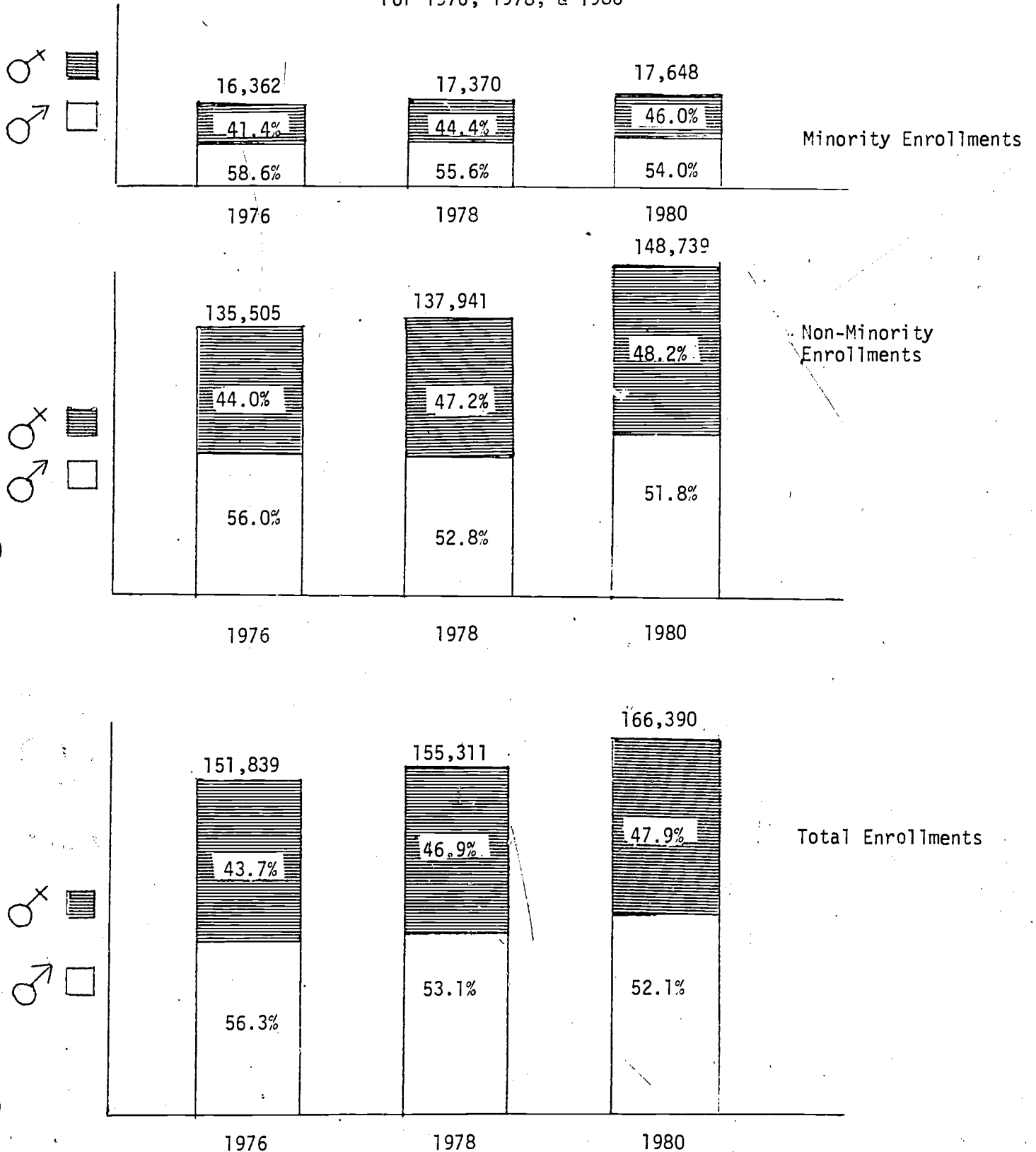
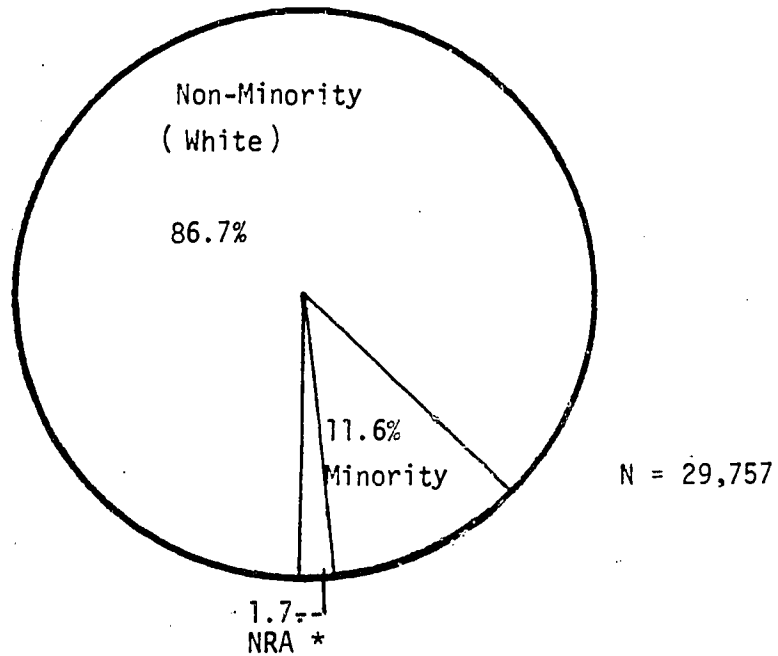
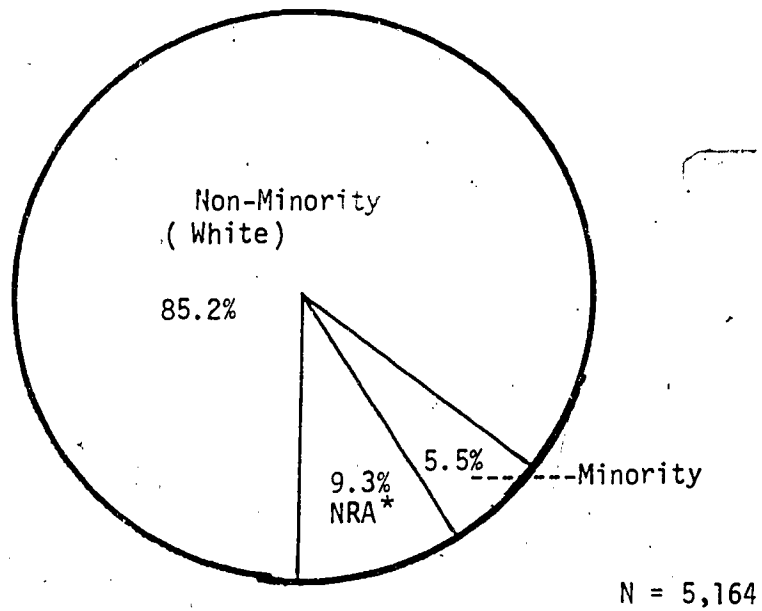


Figure 6.
 Colorado Higher Education
 Distribution of First-Time Students by Minority & Non-Minority Groups
 (Public & Private Sectors Combined)
 Fall 1980.

First-Time Freshmen



First-Time Graduates



* Note: NRA = Non-Resident Alien

years previous to 1980, no comparisons can be made with former reporting years. CCHE, however, will continue to monitor first-time minority enrollments in order to report future trends. (Sections II and III report similar percentages for the public and private sectors separately.).

Section II Colorado Higher Education The Public Sector

One hundred and thirty-six fewer minority enrollments were reported in 1980 than in 1978 for the public sector of Colorado Higher Education, (a .9% decrease). There were 15,766 minority enrollments in 1978 and 15,530 minority enrollments in 1980. The decrease in minority enrollments in the public sector occurred in spite of a 6.9% or 9,374 increase in overall public sector enrollments. As a result, minority groups represented a smaller portion of total public sector enrollments in 1980 than in 1978, (11.6% in 1978, 10.7% in 1980).

Looking at minority representation among four-year and two-year institutional groupings, the data revealed that minorities continue to represent a larger percent of the enrollment at the two-year institutions than at the four-year institutions. (See Table III.) Over this same period of time Non-Resident Alien enrollments increased by 816 (a 27.7% increase) and White Non-Hispanic enrollments increased by 8,694 (a 7.4% increase).

Although total ethnic minority enrollments in the public sector decreased from 1978 to 1980, one of the four minority groups was reported as having

Table III

Colorado Public Higher Education
Distribution of Ethnic Minority Enrollment By
Ethnic Minority Group

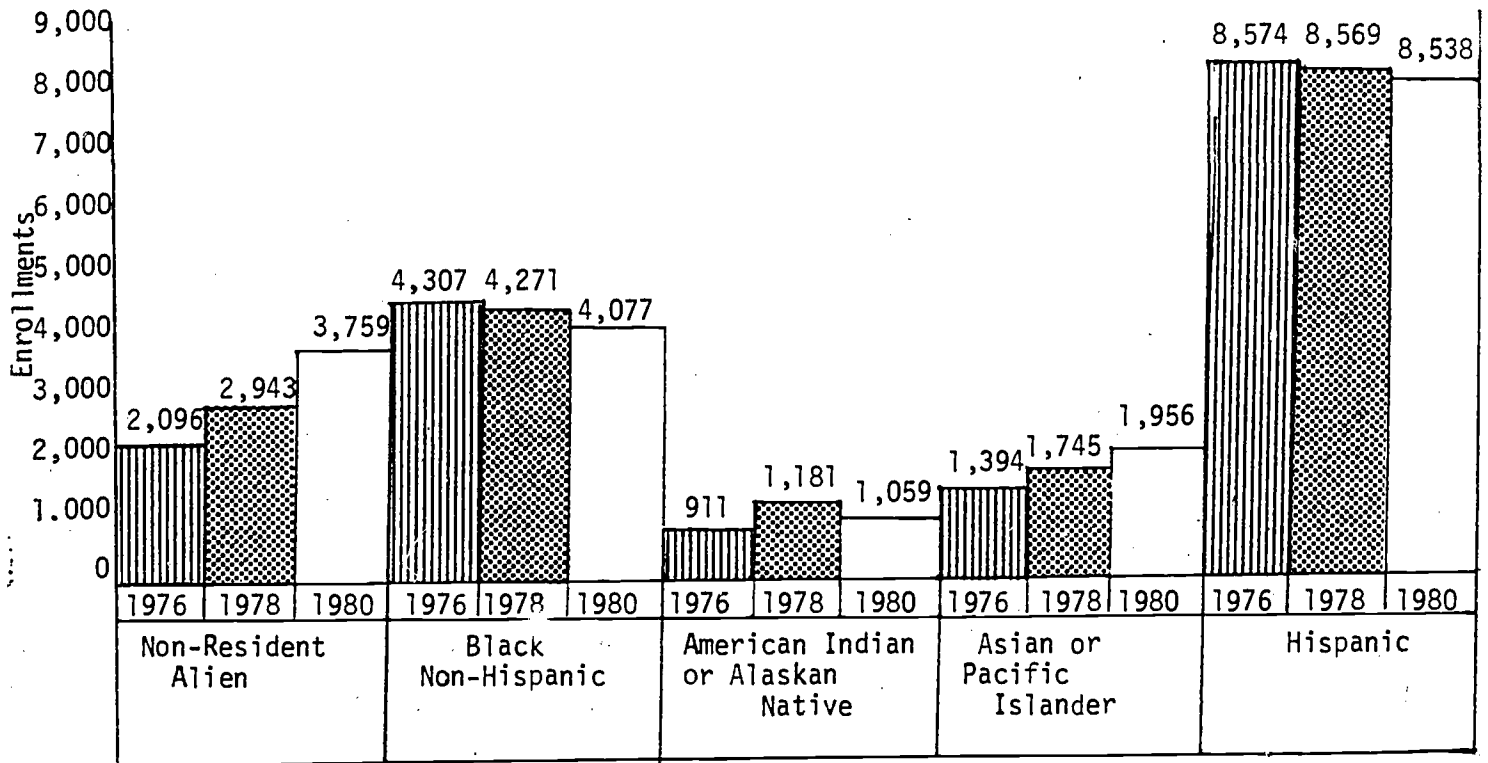
	Ethnic Minority Enr. Fall '78	Minorities as % of Total Enr. Fall '78	Ethnic Minority Enr. Fall '80	Minorities as % of Total Enr. Fall '80	% of Change in Ethnic Minority Enr. 1978 to 1980
Total Public Sector					
Black, Non-Hispanic	4,271	3.1%	4,077	2.8%	- 4.5%
American Indian/Alaskan Native	1,181	0.9%	1,059	0.7%	-10.3%
Asian/Pacific Islander	1,745	1.3%	1,956	1.3%	+12.1
Hispanic	8,569	6.3%	8,538	5.9%	- 0.4%
TOTAL-	15,766	11.6%	15,630	10.7%	- 0.9%
Four-Year Institutions					
Sub-Total	9,747	10.2%	4,690	9.6%	- 0.6%
Two-Year Institutions					
Sub-Total	6,019	15.5%	5,940	13.3%	- 1.3%

an increase in enrollment. (See Table III.) The Asian/Pacific Islander group gained 211 enrollments - an increase of 12.1%. Figure 7 reports increases and decreases by ethnic minority groups as well as Non-Resident Alien enrollments over the reporting years 1976, 1978 and 1980.

Figure 8 shows the distribution of public sector minority enrollments by subject field groupings. (Selection of groupings, as reported in Appendix B, was done by NCES for their purposes of analysis of ethnic minority representation.) Most minorities, as indicated, (12,546 or 80.3%) enrolled in the category entitled "All Other". The remaining 3,081 (19.7%) minority enrollments were in the fields of Business and Management, Engineering, Physical Sciences, Life Sciences, Law, Dentistry, Medicine and Veterinary Medicine. (For a more detailed breakdown, see Appendix B.) Since this is the first year that minority enrollments by subject field have been analyzed by the CCHE, no indications of enrollment changes between subject fields can be observed at this time.

As before mentioned, minority enrollments comprised 10.7% of the total public sector enrollments for the Fall of 1980. Figure 9 shows the percent of total which minorities comprised for five groupings of subject fields. Although minority enrollments in the professions of Law, Dentistry, Medicine and Veterinary Medicine, combined, were the smallest of those groupings shown in Figure 8, they represented a larger percent of total enrollment than all but one other single grouping of subject fields - that being All Other. For each of the subject field groups, (except All Other) minority enrollments represented less than one-tenth of total enrollments.

Figure 7.
 Colorado Higher Education
Minority, With Non-Resident Alien, Enrollment by Ethnic Group



Ethnic Categories & Non-Resident Alien

Figure 8.
Colorado Higher Education
Distribution of Minority Enrollments by
Subject Field Groupings
Fall 1980
(Undergraduate & Graduate Combined)

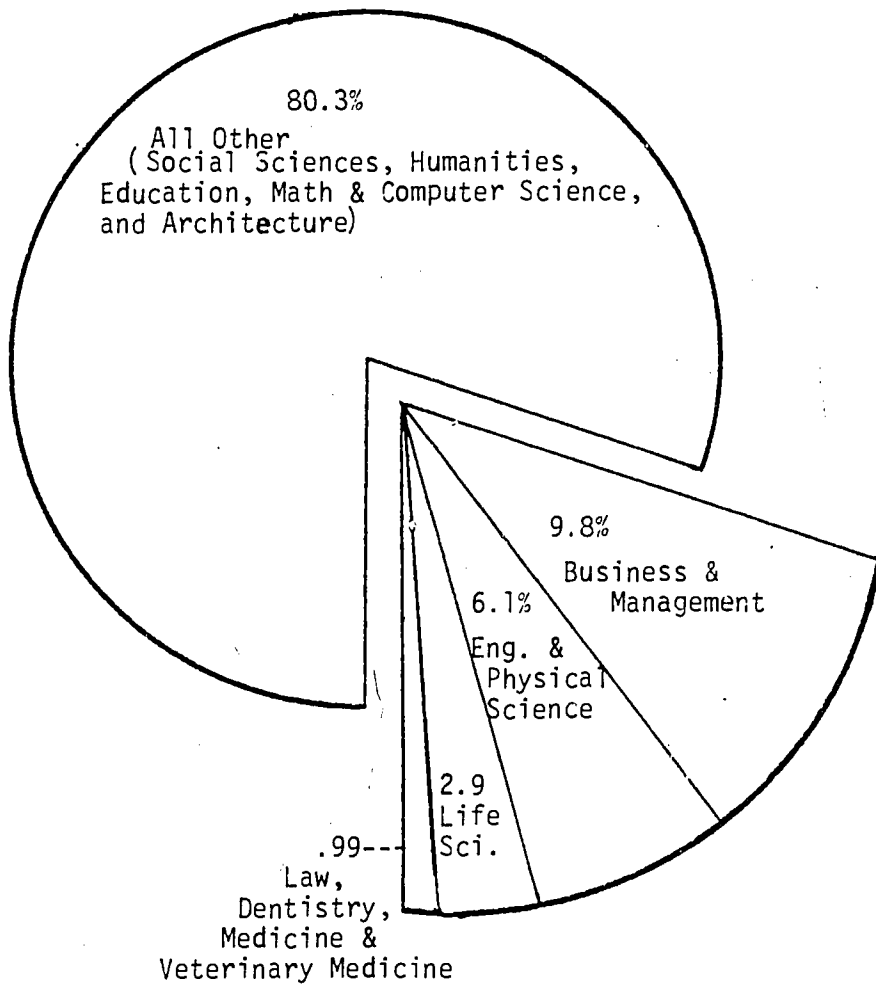


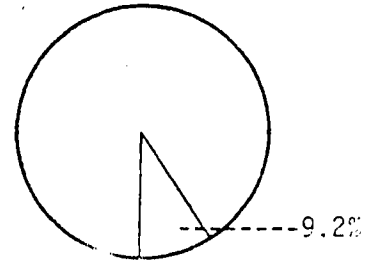
Figure 9.

Colorado Public Higher Education
Minority Enrollment as a Percent of Total Enrollment by
Subject Field Groups

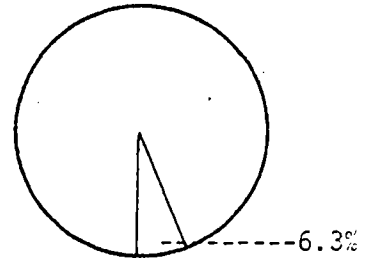
Fall 1980

(Undergraduate & Graduate Combined)

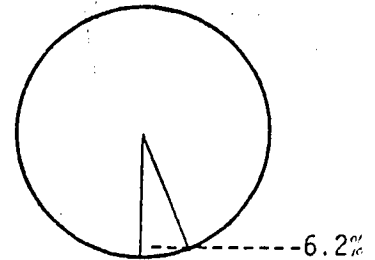
Business & Management



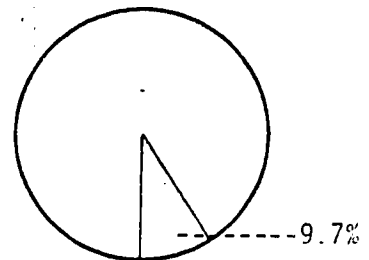
Engineering & Physical Science



Life Sciences (Biology & Agriculture)

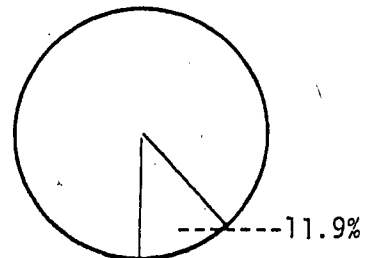


Law, Dentistry, Medicine, and Veterinary Medicine



23

All other
(Social Sciences, Humanities, Education
Mathematics & Computer Science, & Architecture)



Looking at these same subject field groupings by sex of student (See Figure 10.) it can be seen that male and female minority enrollments were nearly equal for the subject field groupings of Business and Management and the All Other category. Data for the other three subject groupings revealed greater disparity, the largest percent difference being in the fields of Engineering and Physical Sciences. Non-minority males and females were closest to parity in the subject field grouping of Business and Management. In the All Other category women outnumbered men in enrollment. In each of the other subject groupings the men outnumbered the women, the largest disparity being reported in the fields of Engineering and Physical Science as was also the case for ethnic minorities.

An overall profile of enrollments by male and female is given in Figures 11 and 12. Figure 11 displays the percent of enrollments that were male and female in the Fall of 1980. Among non-minorities parity had essentially occurred. If Non-Resident Alien enrollments are included, male non-minority enrollments exceeded female enrollments at 50.6% of the total. With Non-Resident Aliens excluded, female enrollments exceeded male enrollments. For ethnic minorities, parity had not occurred. Males still held the majority of enrollments at 53% of the total. For both non-minorities and minorities, however, there appears to be a trend toward a larger percentage of female enrollments. (See Figure 12.) The increase in female enrollments is particularly dramatic among minorities where a 12.5% increase occurred from 1976 to 1978, and a 2.2% increase from 1978 to 1980 (this is a 14.9% increase from 1976 to 1980).

Figure 10.

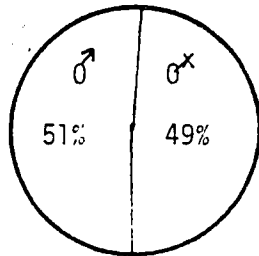
Colorado Public Higher Education
 Distribution of Male & Female Minority & Non-Minority Enrollments by
 Subject Field (Undergraduate & Graduate)

Fall 1980

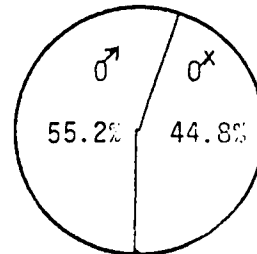
Minority Enrollments

Non-Minority Enrollment

Business Management

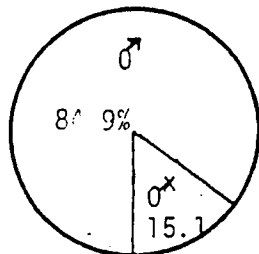


N = 1,534

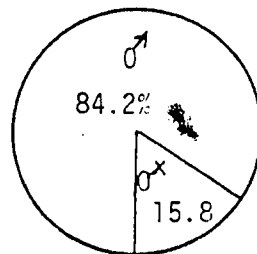


N = 15,088

Engineering & Physical Sciences

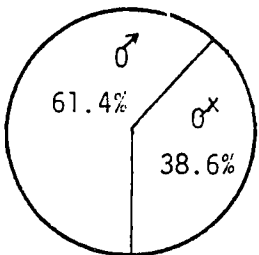


N = 942

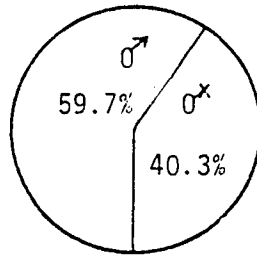


N = 13,998

Life Sciences (Biology & Agriculture)

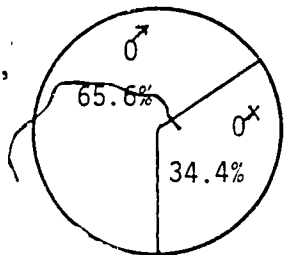


N = 451

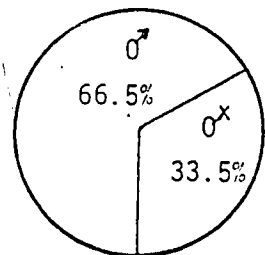


N = 6,869

Law, Dentistry, Medicine, and Veterinary Medicine

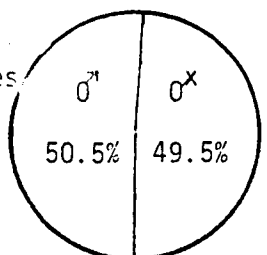


N = 154

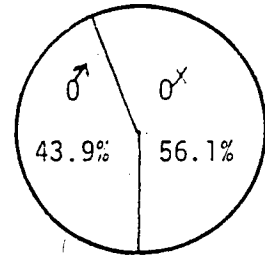


N = 1,437

All Other
 (Social Sciences, Humanities,
 Education, Mathematics &
 Computer Sciences &
 Architecture)



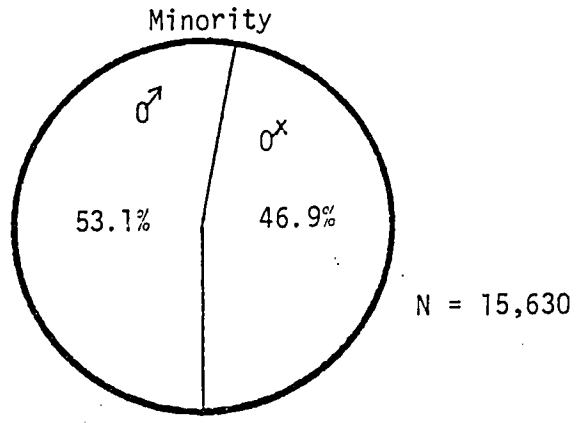
N = 12,546



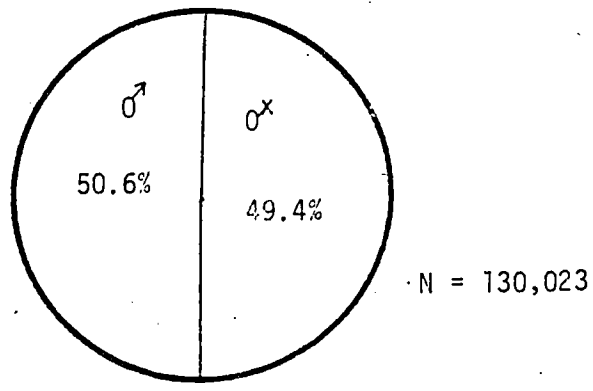
N = 92,581

Figure 11.

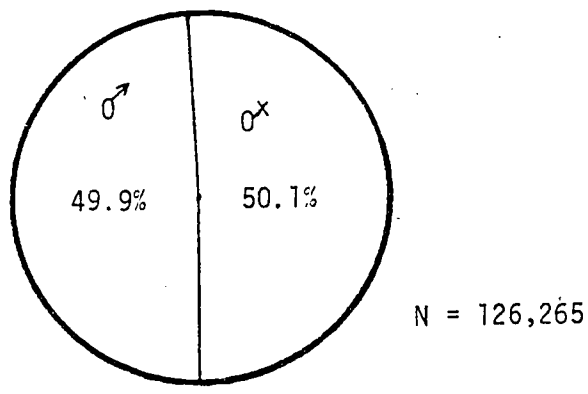
Colorado Higher Education
Distribution of Minority & Non-Minority Enrollments By
Sex
Fall 1980



Non-Minority (Includes NRA)



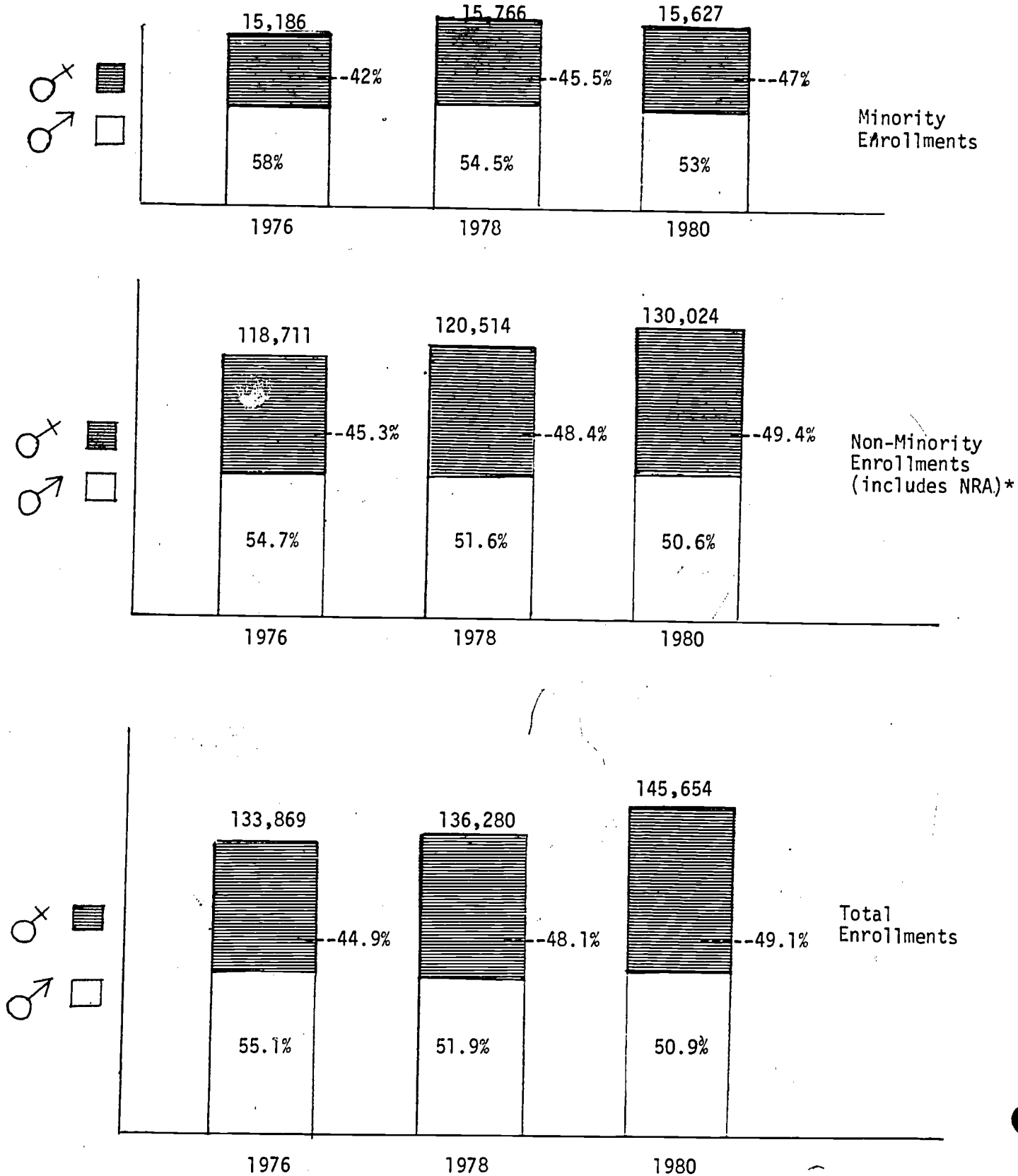
Non-Minority
(White - Excludes NRA) *



*Note: NRA = Non-Resident Alien

Figure 12.

Colorado Public Higher Education
 Distribution of Minority & Non-Minority Enrollments by
 Sex for 1976, 1978, & 1980



* Note: NRA = Non-Resident Alien -22-

In attempting to further locate, within the public sector, where the decrease in minority enrollments took place, the data was analyzed by two-year and four-year sectors, by sex within sector, and by institution. The data (as displayed in Table IV) by two-year and four-year sectors revealed that both sectors contributed to the decrease with 79 fewer minority students enrolled in 1980 in the two-year sector than in 1978, and 57 fewer in the four-year sector. The data displayed by sex and sector (Table IV) indicates that the decrease of 136 minority enrollments was due primarily to male enrollment decreases in the two-year sector (-309) and secondarily to female enrollment decreases in the four-year sector (-75). (For more detail, see Appendix D.)

Considering the data institution by institution (see Table V and Appendix E.) it can be seen that the largest decreases occurred at Trinidad State Junior College and Adams State College. CCHE discussed with the staff of Trinidad State Junior College possible reasons for the reported decrease in ethnic minority enrollments. The area in which the number of ethnic minority students decreased the most was identified as that consisting of part-time unclassified students. In 1978, Trinidad State Jr. College reported that 61.4% of their total enrollment consisted of ethnic minorities. Many of those were reported as part-time unclassified students. The staff of Trinidad State Jr. College, at that time, attributed this high percentage of ethnic minorities to the establishment of their Mining and Soil Technology programs which drew heavily from the Hispanic mining employees. In 1980, Trinidad State Jr. College reported a much smaller percentage of Hispanics compared to White, Non-Hispanics in the part-time unclassified category. The institution staff attributed this shift from a majority of Hispanics to a majority of White, Non-Hispanics to the failure of Hispanic part-time un-

Table IV

Colorado Public Higher Education
 Minority Enrollments by Two-Year & Four-Year Institutions
 By Sex for 1976, 1978, & 1980

Sector by Sex of Student	1976	1978	1980	Difference between 1978 & 1980
Two-Year Institutions				
Male	3,502	3,495	3,186	-309
Female	2,345	2,524	2,754	+230
Sub-Total	5,847	6,019	5,940	-79
Four-Year Institutions				
Male	5,301	5,091	5,109	+18
Female	4,038	4,656	4,581	-75
Sub-Total	9,339	9,747	9,690	-57
Total	15,186	15,766	15,630	-136

Table V

Colorado Public Higher Education
 Minority Enrollment Increases or Decreases by Institution
 Compared to Overall Enrollments by Institution
 From 1978 to 1980

Institution with Increases in Minority Enrollments	Amount of Increase	+ Increase - Decrease in Overall Enrollment	Institutions with Decreases in Minority Enrollments	Amount of Decrease	+ Increase - Decrease in Overall Enrollment
Four-Year Institutions					
UC - Denver	292	+	Adams State Col.	445	-
Mesa	32	+	UC - Colo. Spgs.	55	+
CSU	98	-	UC - HSC	36	-
USC	41	-	Metropolitan	33	+
UNC	29	+	UC - Boulder	19	+
WSC	25	+			
Colo. - Mines	14	+			
Two-Year Institutions					
CMC - East	235	+	Trinidad S.J.C.	482	+
Pikes Peak CC	153	+	Arapahoe CC	245	-
Aims CC	93	+	C.C.D. - Auraria	203	-
C.N. CC*	83	-	CMC - West	48	+
C.C.D. - North	34	+	C.C.D. - Red Rocks	33	-
Lamar CC	3	+	Otero Jr. Coll	23	+
			Morgan CC	14	+

* Changes reflect transfer of Steamboat Springs Campus Enrollments from CNCC to CMC - East between 1978 and 1980.

NJC and PVCC are not included under institution with increases in minority enrollment due to the fact that no data were available for NJC for 1978, and that PVCC was a part of USC in 1976 and 1978.

classified students to report their proper ethnic origin. Trinidad State Jr. College staff indicated that probably one-half of the students indicating a White, Non-Hispanic origin are actually Hispanics in origin. The institution staff assumes that this is a difficult problem which they will face in future reporting years as well.

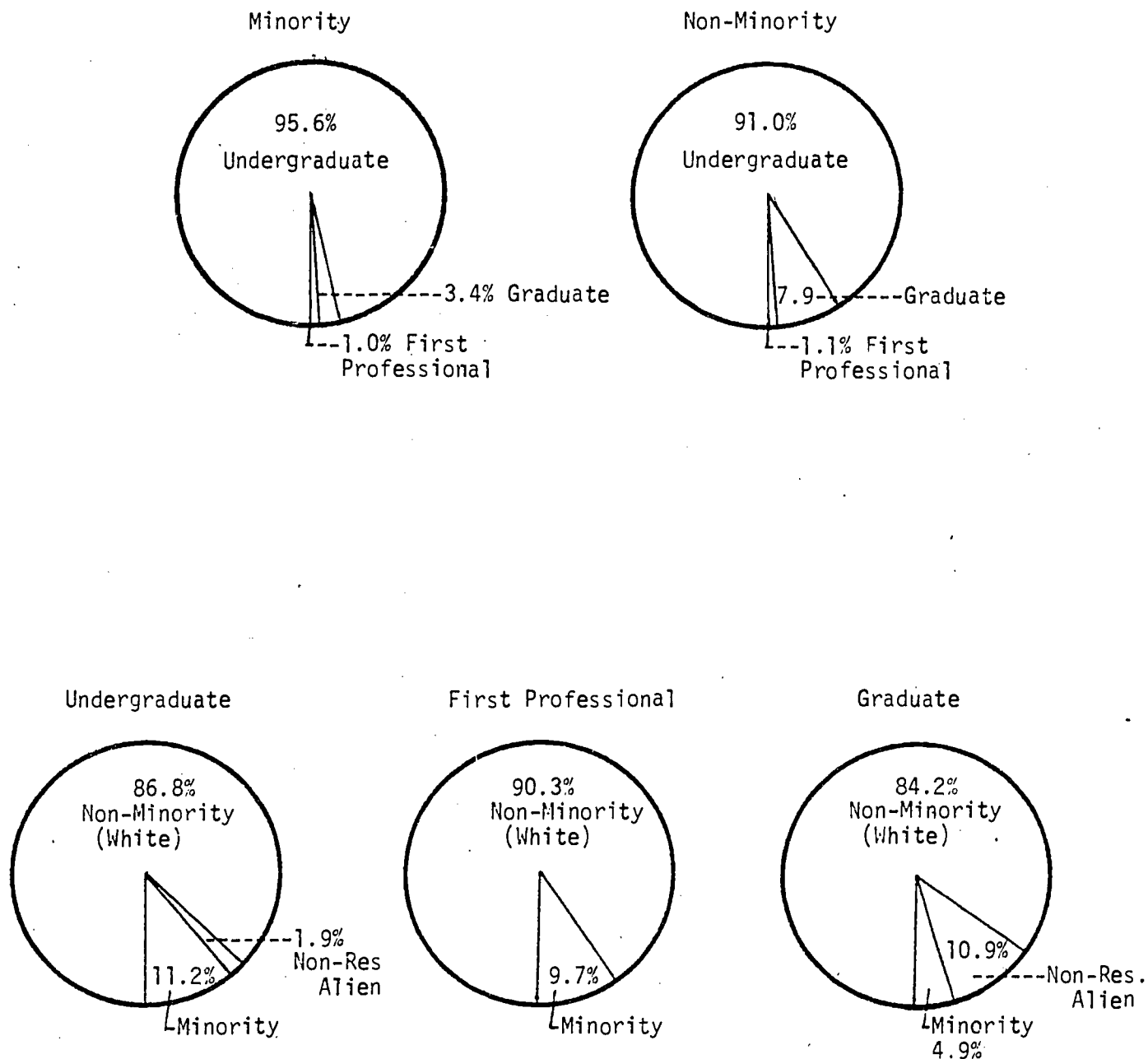
CCHE staff also discussed with staff at Adams State College their decline in ethnic minority enrollments. Adams State College staff indicated an awareness of the reported decline and a concern to try to determine cause.

Other decreases occurred at Arapahoe Community College and the Community College of Denver - Auraria Campus. All of these institutions except Trinidad State Junior College experienced a decrease in overall enrollment as well. Thirteen of the twenty-eight public institutions experienced increases in minority enrollments. The largest increases in minority enrollment from 1978 to 1980 occurred at the University of Colorado - Denver, Colorado Mountain College - East, and Pikes Peak Community College respectively.

An analysis of minority enrollments by level (see Figure 13) revealed that this past Fall 95.6% were undergraduate enrollments. By comparison, non-minority undergraduate enrollments comprised 91.0% of the total. Minority graduate enrollments were 3.4% of the total, whereas for non-minorities 7.9% of the total were graduate. For both minorities and non-minorities, first professional enrollments comprised a very small percent of total enrollments (1.0% and 1.1% respectively). Looking at total enrollment for each level separately, the data revealed that minorities comprised approximately one-tenth of the enrollments at the undergraduate and first professional levels and about one one-twentieth of the graduate enrollments.

Figure 13.

Colorado Public Higher Education
 Minority & Non-Minority Enrollments by Level
 Fall 1980



A final area of consideration in analyzing minority enrollments is that of first-time students. The distribution of minorities and non-minority groups among first-time freshmen and first-time graduates in the Fall of 1980 is displayed in Figure 14. As can be observed, minorities comprised 11.2% of the first-time freshmen enrollments and 5.4% of the first-time graduate enrollments. In comparison, minorities comprised 11.2% of all undergraduate enrollments and 4.9% of all graduate enrollments. Since this is the first year an analysis has been made of first-time minority enrollments by the CCHE, a comparison with previous years' data can not be made. CCHE staff will continue to monitor this data in future reporting years.

Section III Colorado Higher Education The Private Sector

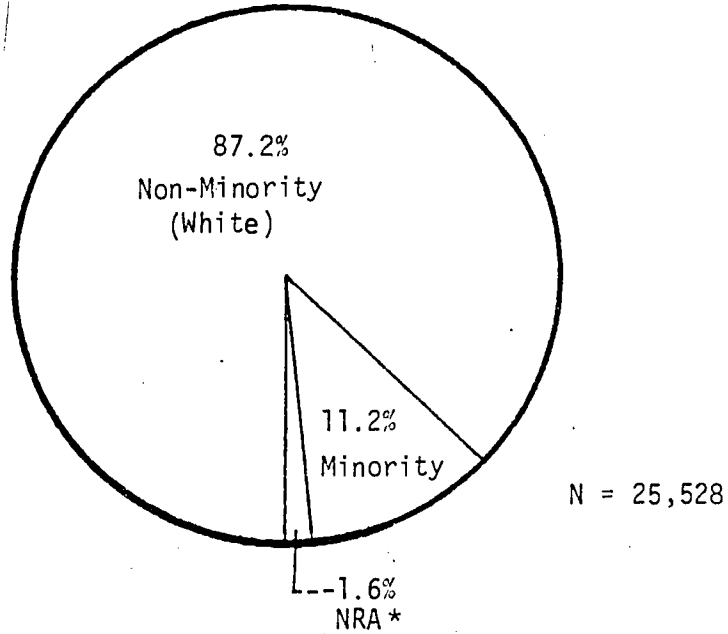
Unlike the public sector, Colorado Higher Education's private sector increased in number of ethnic minority enrollments over the period from 1978 to 1980. The number of minorities enrolled in the private sector in the Fall of 1980 was 2,021 - an increase of 417 students (or 26%) over the 1978 figure. At the same time, overall private sector enrollments increased from 19,031 in 1978 to 20,736 in 1980 (an increase of 9%). Ethnic minorities represented 9.7% of the 20,736 students enrolled.

Table VI displays increases and decreases which occurred in minority enrollments by individual minority groups. The data revealed that all groups with the exception of the American Indian/Alaskan Native group experienced an increase in enrollments (1980 over 1978).

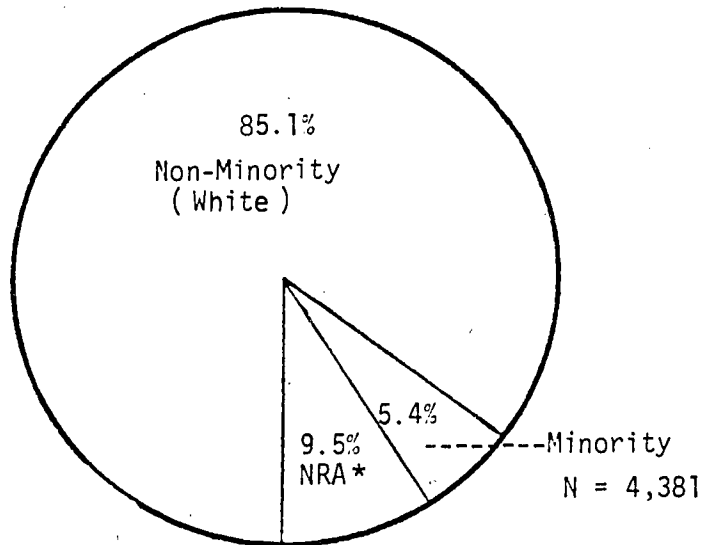
Figure 14.

Colorado Public Higher Education
Distribution of First-Time Student By
Minority & Non-Minority Groups
Fall 1980

First-Time Freshmen



First-Time Graduates



*Note: NRA = Non-Resident Alien

Table VI

Colorado Private Higher Education
Distribution of Ethnic Minority Enrollment By
Ethnic Minority Group

	Ethnic Minority Enr. Fall '78	Minorities as % of Total Enr. Fall '78	Ethnic Minority Enr. Fall '80	Minorities as % of Total Enr. Fall '80	% of Change in Ethnic Minority Enr. 1978 to 1980
Black, Non-Hispanic	634	3.3%	795	3.8%	+25.4%
American Indian/Alaskan Native	138	0.7%	127	0.6%	- 8.0%
Asian/Pacific Islander	294	1.5%	364	1.8%	+23.8%
Hispanic	538	2.8%	735	3.5%	+36.6%
TOTAL	1,604	8.4%	2,021	9.7%	+26.0%

Note: Percentages do not always add to totals due to rounding.

Private sector ethnic minority data, analyzed by subject field groupings, revealed similar findings to that of the public sector. Results are displayed in Figure 15. As indicated, most minority students in the private sector were enrolled in the subject field grouping, All Other.

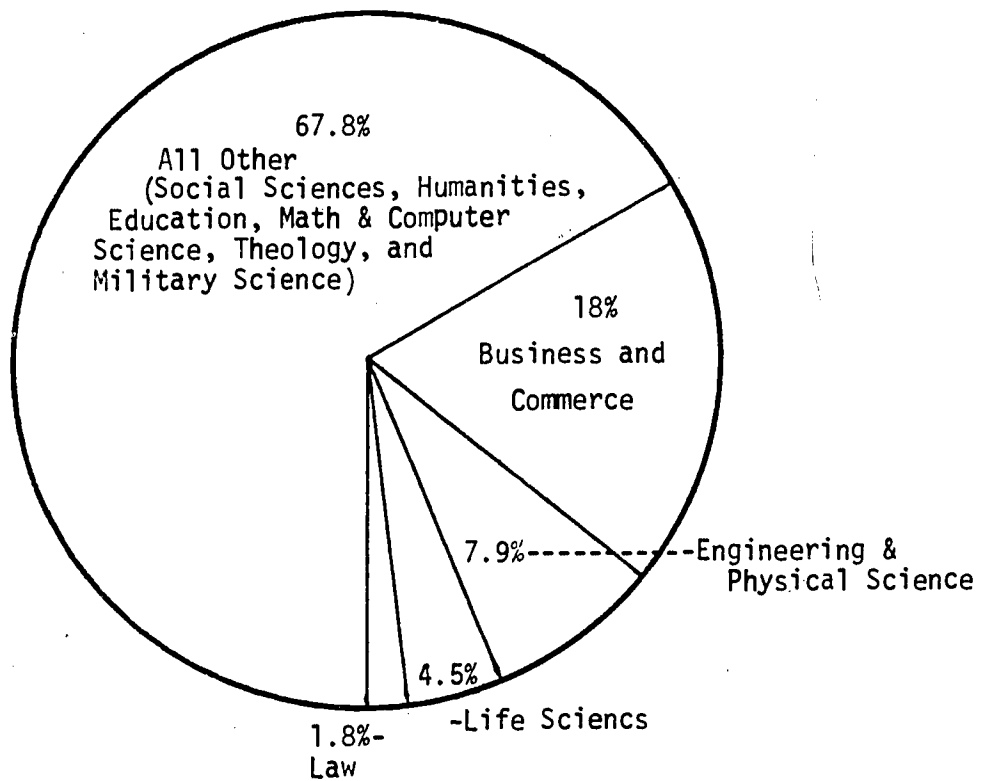
The intention of the National Center for Education Statistics in their formulation of these subject field groupings was to target certain fields for observation with regard to minority enrollments (For a more detailed analysis by subject field see Appendix C.) Among those fields, minority enrollments in Business and Commerce represented a larger portion than any other field. Since this is the first year that minority enrollments by subject field have been analyzed, no indications of enrollment changes between fields can be observed at this time.

Figure 16 displays the percent of the total that minority enrollments comprised for each of the five subject field groupings. As can be observed, minority enrollments comprised approximately from one-tenth to one-twelfth of each subject field group except Law, where they comprised a smaller proportion.

Looking at these same subject field groupings by sex of enrollment (See Figure 17) it can be seen that for all subject fields except Life Sciences, where females comprised almost two thirds of the total) minority male enrollments exceeded minority female enrollments in number. The two subject fields in which male and female enrollments came the closest to being equal were Business and Management and Law. The greatest inequity existed in the fields of Engineering and Science where minority male enrollments comprised

Figure 15.

Colorado Private Higher Education
Distribution of Minority Enrollments by
Subject Field Groupings
Fall 1980

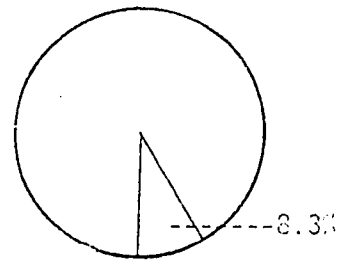


N = 2,021

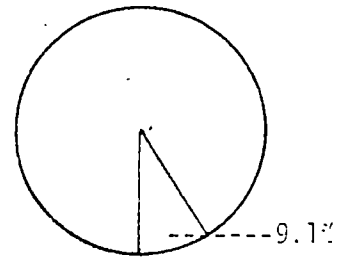
Figure 16.

Colorado Private Higher Education
Minority Enrollment as a Percent of Total Enrollment
Subject Field Groups
Fall 1980

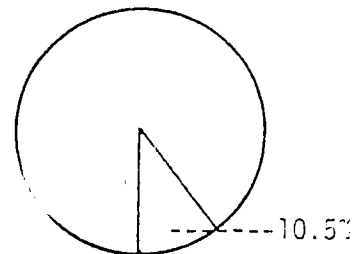
Business & Management



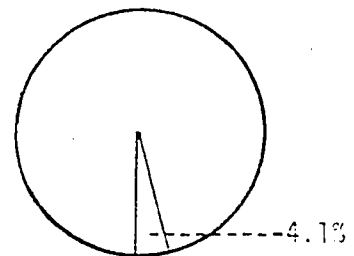
Engineering and Physical Science



Life Sciences (Biology)



Law



All Other
(Social Science, Humanities, Education
Math & Computer Science, Theology,
and Military Science)

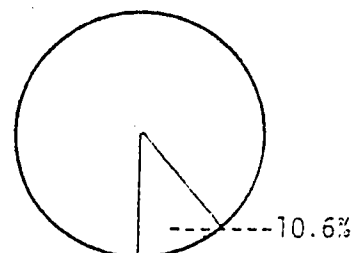


Figure 1.

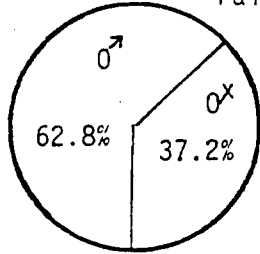
Colorado Private Higher Education
 Distribution of Male & Female Minority & Non-Minority Enrollments by
 Subject Field Groups

Minority Enrollment

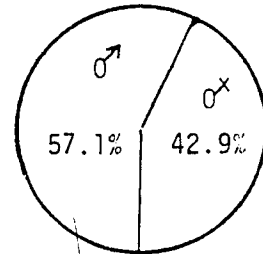
Fall 1980

Non-Minority Enrollment

All Other
 (Social Sciences,
 Humanities, Education,
 Math & Computer Science,
 Theology, and Military
 Science)

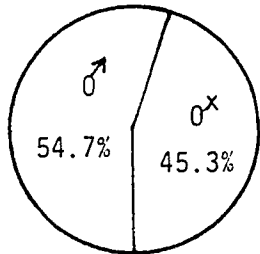


N = 1,370

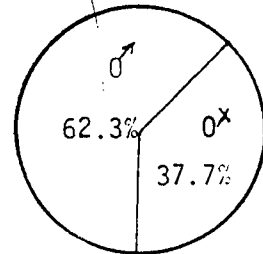


N = 11,543

Business & Management

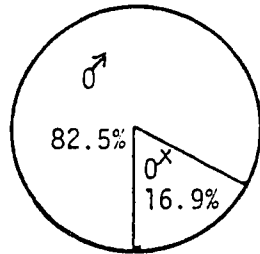


N = 364

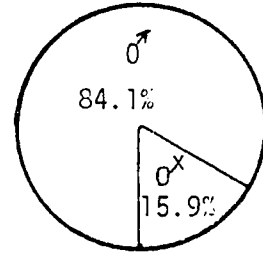


N = 4,040

Engineering & Physical
 Science

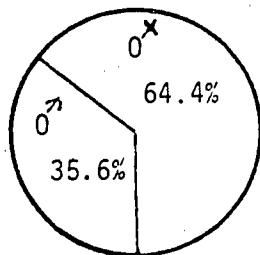


N = 160

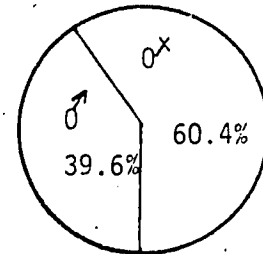


N = 1,594

Life Sciences (Biology)

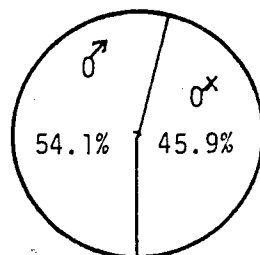


N = 90

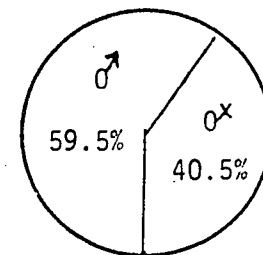


N = 766

Law



N = 37



N = 855

about four fifths of total enrollment. Similar results occurred in analyzing non-minority enrollments by sex for each of the five subject field groupings.

A summary profile of enrollments by sex of student is given in Figures 18 and 19. Figure 18 displays the percent of enrollments that were male and female in the Fall of 1980. A similar distribution is revealed for both minority and non-minority enrollments - male enrollments comprising approximately three fifths of the total. A comparison of data from years 1976, 1978 and 1980 reveals, however, that each year the proportion of females in the total enrollment has increased for both minorities and non-minorities. (See Figure 19.)

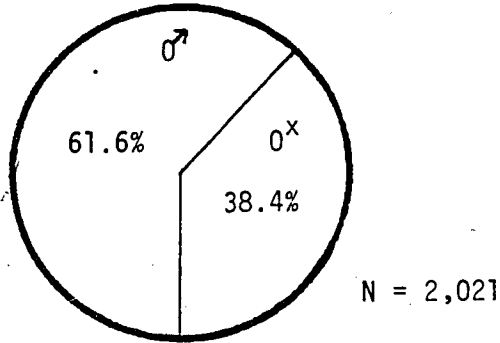
Further analysis of the data determined which institutions contributed most to the overall increase of 417 minority enrollments (1980 over 1978). (See Table VII for display.) Results indicated that the Air Force Academy reported the largest increase of any institution. The next largest increases were reported by Regis College and then the University of Denver. Increases in ethnic minority enrollments at Regis College were reportedly due to the number of ethnic minority students who enrolled in an adult evening school program recently begun. Altogether ten of the thirteen private institutions reporting 1978 and 1980 data indicated increases in minority enrollments. All but one of these also reported increases in overall enrollments during the same period of time. Only three colleges reported decreases in minority enrollments. (For more detail, see Appendix F.)

Figure 18.

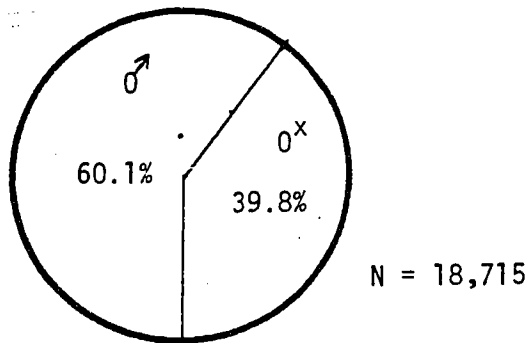
Colorado Private Higher Education
Distribution of Minority & Non-Minority Enrollments by
Sex

Fall 1980

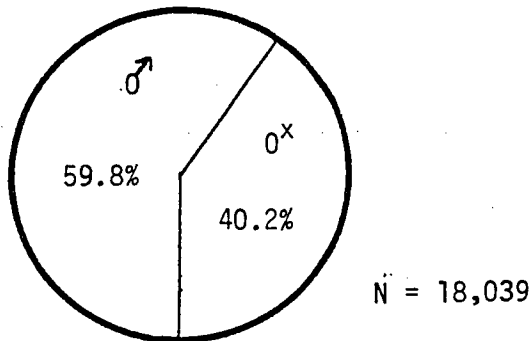
Minority



Non-Minority (Includes NRA)



Non-Minority (Excludes NRA)*



*Note: NRA = Non-Resident Alien

Figure 19

Colorado Private Higher Education
Distribution of Minority & Non-Minority Enrollments by
Sex for 1976, 1978, & 1980

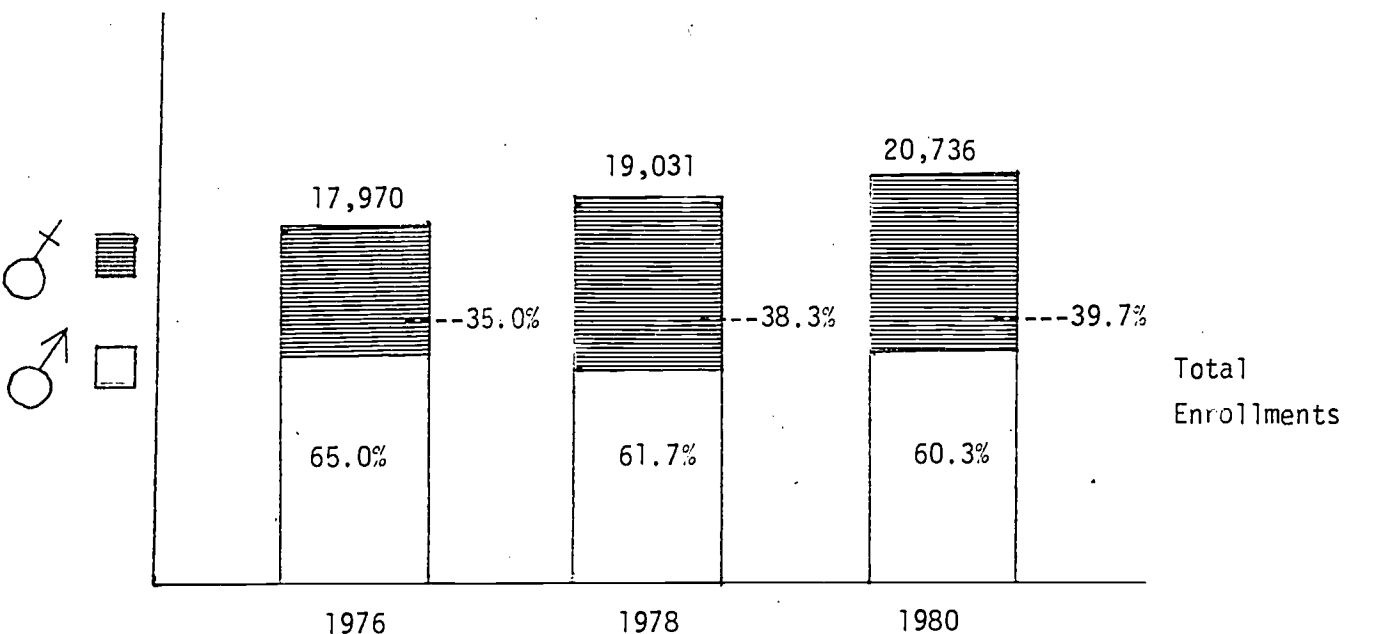
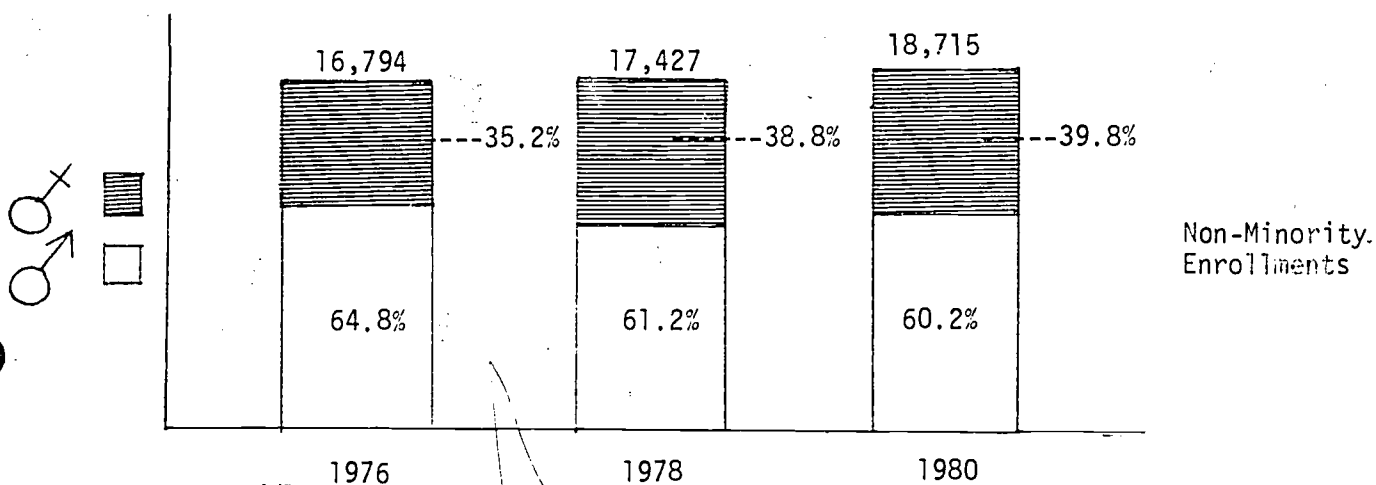
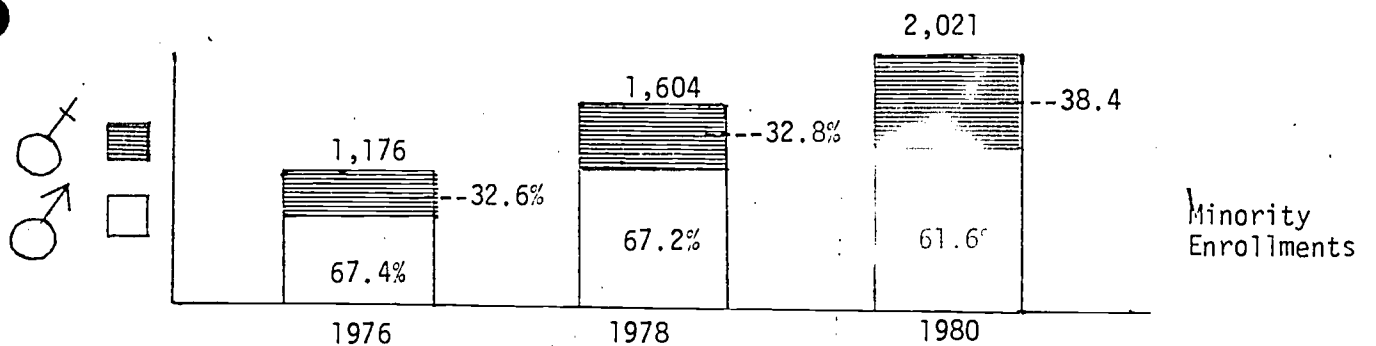


Table VII

Colorado Private Higher Education
 Minority Enrollment Increases or Decreased by Institution
 Compared to Overall Enrollments by Institution
 From 1978 to 1980

Institutions with Increases in Minority Enrollments	Amount of Increase	+ Increase - Decrease in Overall Enrollments	Institutions with Decreases in Minority Enrollments	Amount of Decrease	+ Increase - Decrease in Overall Enrollments
Colorado College	2	+	Rockmont College	1	+
Colo. Women's Col.	8	+	Western Bible	2	-
Loretto Hts. Col.	49	+	Nazarene Bible	16	-
Regis College	116	+			
Univ. of Denver	93	+			
Iliff Seminary	3	+			
St. Thomas Sem.	5	-			
USAF Academy	128	+			
Colo. Tech. Col.	14	+			
Intermountain Bible	1	+			

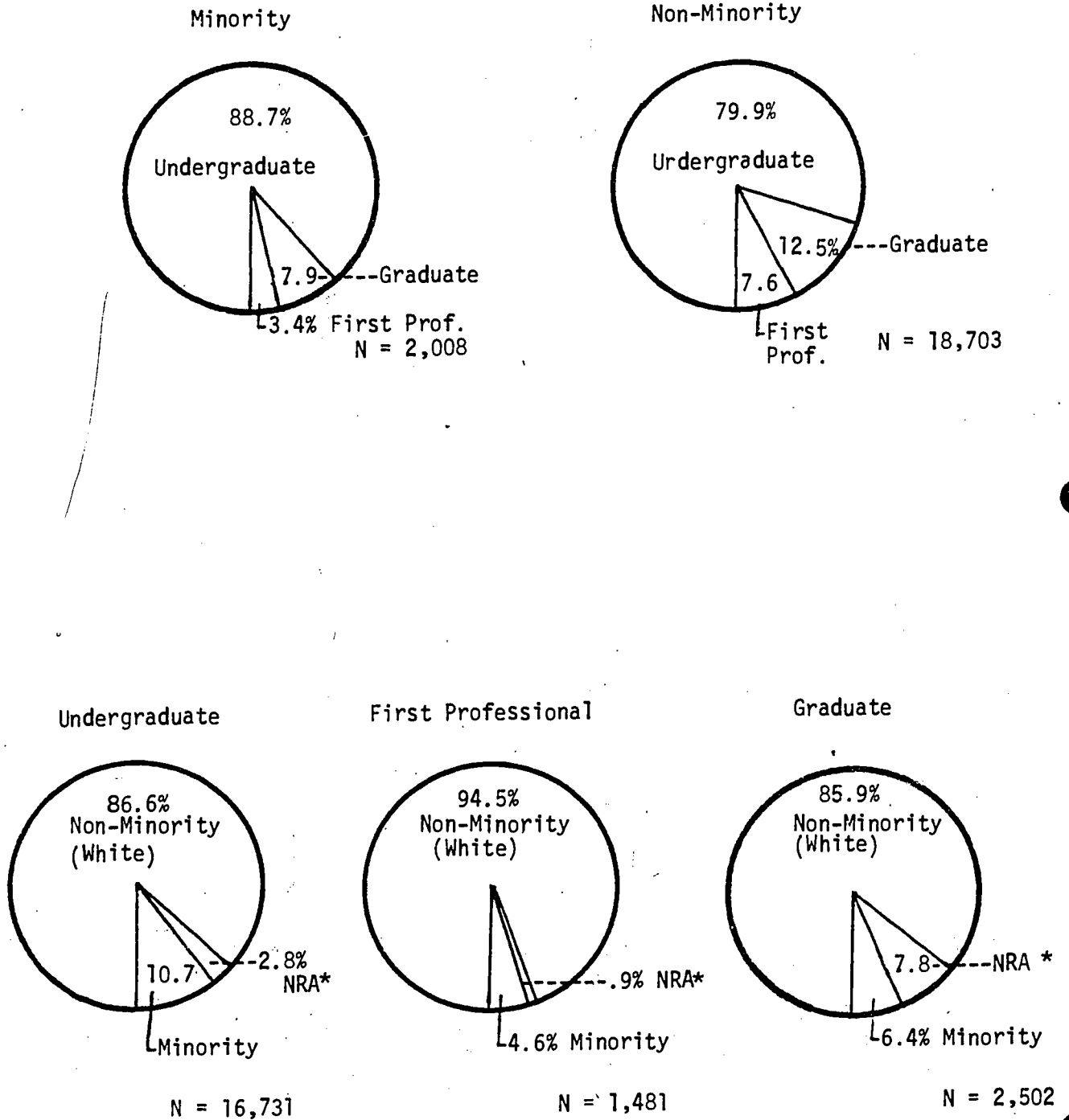
Note: No 1978 data were available for Conservative Baptist Theological Seminary. CBTS reported 17 minority enrollments for the Fall of 1980.

An analysis of minority enrollments for 1980 by level (see Figure 20.) revealed that approximately eight out of ten non-minorities and approximately nine out of ten minorities were classified as undergraduate. The remainder were classified as graduate and first professional. Looking at each level separately, minorities comprised approximately one out of every nine undergraduate, one out of every sixteen graduate, and one out of every twenty-two first professional enrollments.

The final area to be considered is that of first-time students. Figure 21 displays the distribution of minorities and non-minority groups among first-time freshmen and first-time graduates in the Fall of 1980. As the figures indicate minority students comprised 13.8% of all first-time freshmen and 6.1% of first-time graduates. In comparison, minorities comprised 10.6% of the total undergraduate enrollment and 6.4% of the total graduate enrollment. Since this is the first year CCHE has analyzed first-time minority enrollments, a comparison with previous years' data can not be made. CCHE staff will continue to monitor this data in future reporting years.

Figure 20.

Colorado Private Higher Education
Distribution of Minority & Non-Minority Enrollments By
Level
Fall 1980

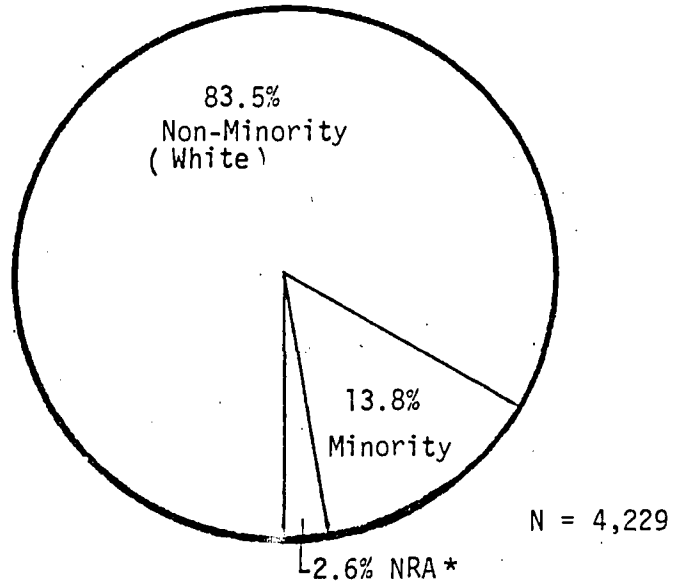


Note: Some % may not total to 100.00% due to rounding.

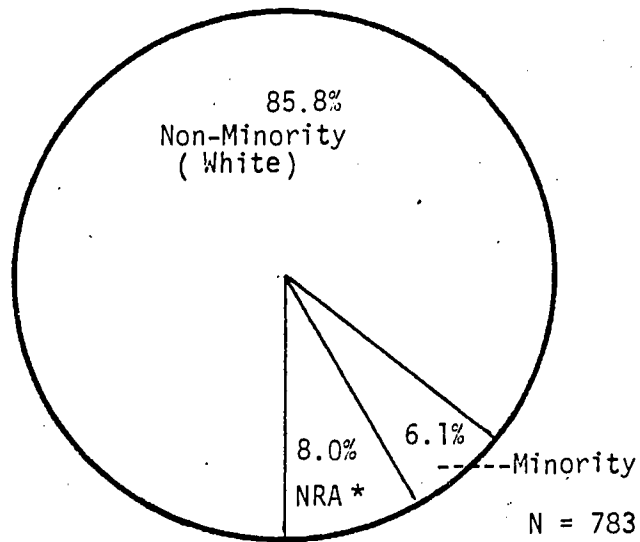
*NRA = Non-Resident Alien

Figure 21.
 Colorado Private Higher Education
 Distribution of First-Time Students by
 Minority & Non-Minority Groups
 Fall 1980

First-Time Freshmen



First-Time Graduates



Note: Percentages may not total to 100.00 due to rounding.
 * NRA = Non-Resident Alien

Appendix A
 Colorado Higher Education
 Public & Private Sectors Combined
 Distribution of Minority Enrollments By
 Subject Field
 Fall 1980

	Number	%
Agriculture & Natural Resources	129	.7
Architecture & Environmental Design	56	.3
Biological Sciences	412	2.3
Business & Management	1,901	10.8
Engineering	893	5.1
Physical Sciences	209	1.2
Law	66	.4
Dentistry	14	.08
Medicine	91	.5
Veterinary Medicine	20	.1
All Other	<u>13,860</u>	<u>78.5</u>
Total	17,651	99.98

Appendix B

Colorado Public Higher Education
Distribution of Minority Enrollments By
Subject Field

Fall 1980

	Number	%
Agriculture & Natural Resources	129	.8
Architecture & Environmental Design	56	.4
Biological Sciences	322	2.1
Business & Management	1,537	9.8
Engineering	777	5.0
Physical Sciences	165	1.1
Law	29	.2
Dentistry	14	.09
Medicine	91	.6
Veterinary Medicine	20	.1
All Other	<u>12,490</u>	<u>79.9</u>
Total	15,630	100.09

Appendix C

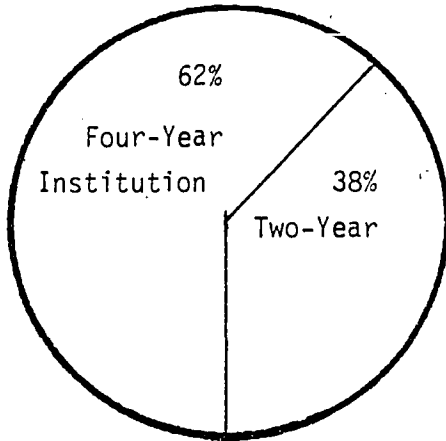
Colorado Private Higher Education
 Distribution of Minority Enrollments By
 Subject Field
 Fall 1980

	Number	%
Agriculture & Natural Resources	0	---
Architecture & Environmental Design	0	---
Biological Sciences	90	4.5
Business & Management	364	18.0
Engineering	116	5.7
Physical Sciences	44	2.2
Law	37	1.8
Dentistry	0	---
Medicine	0	---
Veterinary Medicine	0	---
All Others	<u>1,370</u>	<u>67.8</u>
Total	2,021	100.00

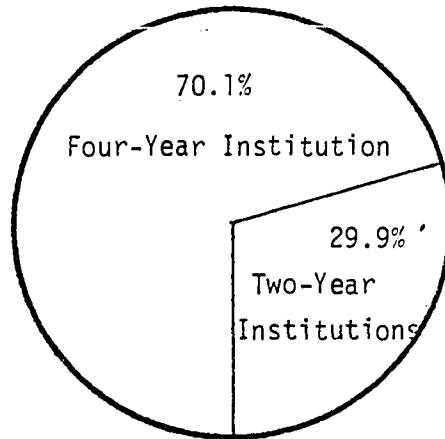
Appendix D

Colorado Public Higher Education
Distribution of Minority & Non-Minority Enrollments by
Two-Year & Four-Year Institutions

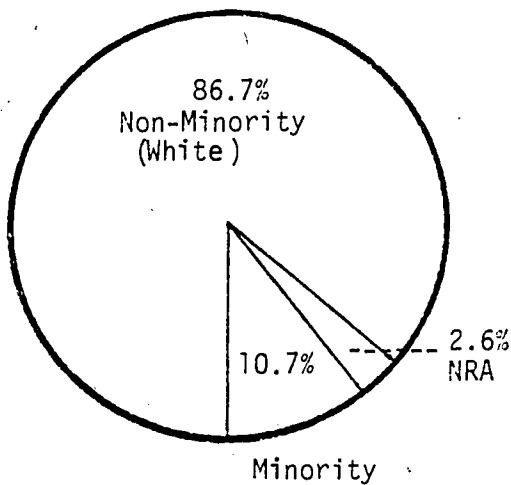
Minority



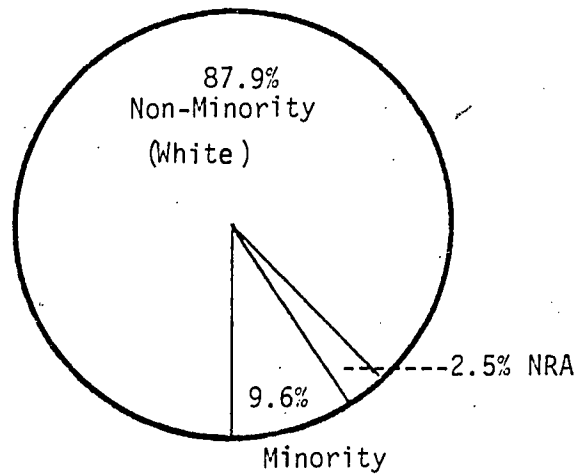
Non-Minority



Two-Year



Four-Year



Note: Some % do not equal 100% due to rounding

APPENDIX E

Colorado Higher Education
 Minorities as a Percent of Total Enrollments
 By Institution - Fall 1980

The Public Sector			
Institution	Total Enrollment	Minority Enrollment	% of Minorities
Adams State College	1,840	361	19.6%
Colo. School of Mines	2,907	82	2.8%
Colorado State University	18,083	866	4.8%
Ft. Lewis College	3,299	315	9.5%
Mesa College	3,873	125	3.2%
Metropolitan State College	14,464	2,277	15.7%
Univ. of Colo. - Boulder	21,878	1,714	7.8%
Univ. of Colo. - Colo. Spgs.	4,787	433	9.0%
Univ. of Colo. - Denver	9,101	1,078	11.8%
Univ. of Colo. - Health Sciences Center	1,363	169	12.4%
Univ. of Northern Colorado	10,830	818	7.6%
Univ. of Southern Colorado	5,279	1,346	25.5%
Western State College	3,152	106	3.4%
Sub-Total	100,856	9,690	9.6%
Arapahoe Community College	6,176	252	4.1%
Comm. College of Denver - Auraria	3,504	933	26.6%
Comm. College of Denver - North	4,758	727	15.3%
Comm. College of Denver - Red Rocks	4,663	393	8.4%
Lamar Community College	437	59	13.4%
Morgan Community College	516	46	8.9%
Otero Jr. College	881	202	22.9%
Pikes Peak Community College	5,862	1,081	18.4%
Pueblo Vocational Community College	754	283	37.5%
Trinidad State Jr. College	1,865	398	21.3%
Aims Community College	4,714	792	16.8%
Colo. Mountain College - East*	4,645	453	9.8%
Colo. Mountain College - West	3,282	126	3.8%
Colo. Northwestern College*	1,040	110	10.6%
Northeastern Jr. College	1,701	85	5.0%
Sub-Total	44,798	5,940	13.3%
Public Total	145,654	15,630	10.7%

* Enrollments from the Steamboat Springs campus were transferred from Colorado Northwestern Community College to Colorado Mountain College - East between 1978 and 1980 reporting years.

APPENDIX F

Colorado Higher Education
 Minorities as a Percent of Total Enrollments
 By Institution - Fall 1980

The Private Sector			
Institution	Total Enrollment	Minority Enrollment	% of Minorities
Colorado College	1,955	172	8.8%
Colorado Women's College	509	59	11.6%
Loretto Heights College	929	124	13.1%
Regis College	2,023	267	13.2%
Denver University	8,136	575	7.1%
Conservative Baptist Theological Seminary	399	17	4.3%
Intermountain Bible College	90	2	2.2%
Nazarene Bible College	510	20	3.9%
Iliff School of Theology	359	12	3.3%
St. Thomas Seminary	146	16	11.0%
U.S. Air Force Academy	4,610	685	14.9%
Colorado Technical College	577	48	8.3%
Rockmont College	290	18	6.2%
Western Bible College	203	6	3.0%
Sub-Total	20,736	2,021	9.7%

Public & Private Sectors Combined			
Grand Total	166,390	17,651	10.6%

Note: Yeshiva Toras Chaim Seminary data was not available for this report.

The Public Sector

Institution	Non-Resident Alien			Black, Non-Hispanic			American Indian or Alaskan Native			Asian or Pacific Islander			Hispanic			Total Minority (Excludes Non-Resident Alien)		
	1978	1980	% + or -	1978	1980	% + or -	1978	1980	% + or -	1978	1980	% + or -	1978	1980	% + or -	1978	1980	% + or -
	Adams State College	22	38	+ 72.7%	61	22	- 63.9%	15	10	- 33.3%	45	9	- 80.0%	685	320	- 53.3%	806	361
Colo. School of Mines	248	255	+ 2.0%	4	8	+100.0%	4	3	- 25.0%	24	28	+ 16.7%	36	43	+ 19.4%	68	82	+ 20.6%
Colo. State Univ.	471	479	+ 1.7%	185	178	- 3.9%	55	59	+ 7.3%	204	218	+ 6.9%	324	411	+ 26.9%	768	1066	+ 12.8%
Ft. Lewis College	29	43	+ 48.3%	19	10	- 47.4%	175	173	- 1.1%	12	9	- 25.0%	109	123	+ 12.8%	315	315	- 0.0%
Mesa College	0	17	+100.0%	12	14	+ 16.7%	23	0	- 100.0%	12	11	- 8.3%	46	100	+117.4%	93	125	+ 34.4%
Metro State College	50	103	+106.0%	1,019	927	- 9.0%	103	109	+ 5.8%	97	225	+132.0%	1,091	1,016	- 6.9%	2,310	2,277	- 1.4%
Univ. of Colo.-Boulder	517	613	+ 18.6%	458	422	- 7.9%	94	111	+ 18.1%	437	442	+ 1.1%	744	739	- 0.7%	1,733	1,714	- 1.1%
Univ. of Colo.-Colo. Spgs.	14	78	+ 28.6%	190	160	- 19.2%	13	16	+ 23.1%	96	86	- 10.4%	181	171	- 5.5%	489	433	- 11.3%
Univ. of Colo.-Denver	235	209	+ 23.0%	241	336	+ 39.4%	50	53	+ 6.0%	193	305	+ 58.0%	302	304	+ 27.2%	795	1,078	+ 37.2%
Univ. of Colo.-Health Sciences Center	0	5	+100.0%	41	30	- 26.8%	14	13	- 7.1%	59	42	- 28.8%	91	84	- 7.7%	205	169	- 17.6%
Univ. of Northern Colo.	156	260	+ 66.7%	299	265	- 11.4%	38	38	0.0%	97	51	- 47.4%	5	421	+ 19.4%	789	810	+ 3.7%
Univ. of Southern Colo.*	242	377	+ 55.8%	218	208	+ 32.1%	47	28	- 40.4%	28	46	+ 64.3%	1,012	984	- 2.8%	1,305	1,346	+ 3.1%
Western State College	10	22	+120.0%	18	20	+ 11.1%	9	10	+ 11.1%	5	7	+ 40.0%	49	69	+ 40.8%	61	106	+ 30.9%
Sub-Total	1,994	2,519	+ 26.3%	2,773	2,680	- 3.4%	640	623	- 2.7%	1,309	1,519	+ 16.0%	2,005	4,868	- 3.1%	9,747	9,690	- .6%
Arapahoe Comm. Coll	189	267	+ 41.3%	139	69	- 50.4%	46	36	- 21.7%	36	30	- 16.7%	276	117	- 57.6%	497	252	- 49.3%
CC Denver - Auraria	294	308	+ 32.0%	567	471	- 16.9%	71	64	- 9.9%	90	80	- 11.1%	460	318	- 22.1%	1,136	933	- 17.9%
CC Denver - North	50	150	+200.0%	127	118	- 7.1%	45	72	+ 60.0%	81	96	+ 18.5%	440	441	- 0.2%	693	727	+ 4.9%
CC Denver - Red Rocks	67	204	+204.5%	62	62	0.0%	52	70	+ 34.6%	44	31	- 29.5%	268	230	- 14.2%	426	393	- 7.7%
Lamar CC	7	5	- 28.6%	15	8	- 46.7%	0	0	0.0%	3	0	- 100.0%	38	51	+ 34.2%	56	59	+ 5.4%
Morjon CC	58	30	- 48.3%	6	1	- 83.3%	1	5	+400.0%	3	4	+ 33.3%	50	36	- 28.0%	60	46	- 23.3%
Otero Jr. College	12	0	- 100.0%	30	14	- 53.3%	7	10	+ 42.9%	3	5	+ 66.7%	185	173	- 6.5%	225	202	- 10.2%
Pikes Peak CC	111	91	- 18.0%	459	501	+ 9.2%	52	72	+ 38.5%	77	82	+ 6.5%	340	426	+ 25.3%	928	1,081	+ 16.5%
Pueblo Vocational CC	N/A	0	N/A	N/A	13	N/A	N/A	6	N/A	N/A	2	N/A	N/A	262	N/A	N/A	283	N/A
Trinidad State Jr. Coll	108	43	- 60.2%	29	42	+ 44.8%	39	14	- 64.1%	27	3	- 88.9%	790	339	- 57.1%	800	398	- 50.3%
Atms CC	39	46	+ 17.9%	28	20	- 28.6%	42	31	- 26.2%	50	51	+ 2.0%	579	679	+ 17.3%	699	792	+ 13.3%
Colo. Mtn College-East	5	0	- 100.0%	3	17	+700.0%	80	27	- 66.3%	0	28	+250.0%	127	301	+200.0%	219	453	+107.0%
Colo. Mtn. College-West	3	0	- 100.0%	7	0	- 100.0%	106	20	- 81.1%	19	15	- 21.1%	42	83	+ 97.6%	174	126	- 27.6%
Colo. Northwestern Coll	12	11	- 8.3%	26	14	- 46.2%	0	5	+ 100.0%	0	2	+ 100.0%	1	89	+ 88.0%	77	110	+307.4%
Northeastern Jr. Coll	N/A	5	N/A	N/A	31	N/A	N/A	4	N/A	N/A	5	N/A	N/A	45	N/A	N/A	85	N/A
Sub-Total	949	1,240	+ 30.7%	1,498	1,397	- 6.7%	541	436	- 19.4%	436	437	+ 0.2%	3,544	3,670	+ 3.6%	6,019	5,940	- 1.3%
Public Total	2,943	1,779	+ 27.7%	4,271	4,077	- 4.5%	1,181	1,059	- 10.3%	1,745	1,956	+ 12.1%	8,569	8,538	+ 0.4%	15,766	15,630	- 0.8%

The Private Sector

Colorado College	0	4	+ 20.0%	49	57	+ 16.3%	13	10	- 21.1%	27	32	+ 18.5%	81	73	- 9.9%	170	172	+ 1.2%
Colo. Women's College	9	5	- 44.4%	30	33	+ 10.0%	5	2	- 60.0%	6	1	- 83.3%	10	23	+130.0%	51	59	+ 15.7%
Loretto Heights Coll	20	23	+ 15.0%	22	37	+ 68.2%	7	0	- 100.0%	10	16	+ 60.0%	36	71	+ 97.2%	75	124	+ 65.3%
Reynolds College	19	40	+110.5%	85	110	+ 29.4%	7	21	+299.0%	17	42	+147.1%	42	94	+123.8%	151	267	+ 76.8%
Denver University	490	507	+ 3.5%	160	194	+ 15.5%	79	62	- 21.5%	93	126	+ 35.5%	142	193	+ 35.9%	402	575	+ 19.3%
Cons. Baptist Theo. Sem.	N/A	2	N/A	N/A	5	N/A	N/A	0	N/A	N/A	8	N/A	N/A	4	N/A	N/A	17	N/A
Miss School of Theo.	0	7	+ 75.0%	6	9	+ 50.0%	0	0	0.0%	2	2	0.0%	1	1	0.0%	9	12	+ 33.3%
St. Thomas Seminary	0	0	0.0%	2	1	- 50.0%	0	0	0.0%	2	1	- 50.0%	7	14	+100.0%	11	16	+ 45.5%
US Air Force Academy	11	16	+ 45.5%	231	306	+ 32.5%	19	27	+ 42.1%	133	129	- 3.0%	174	223	+ 28.2%	557	685	+ 23.0%
Colo. Tech. College	11	35	+218.2%	13	18	+ 38.5%	2	0	- 100.0%	2	3	+ 50.0%	17	27	+ 58.8%	31	48	+ 41.2%
Rockmount College	4	9	+125.0%	3	10	+233.0%	1	2	+ 100.0%	2	2	0.0%	13	4	- 69.2%	19	18	- 5.3%
Western Bible College	2	3	+ 50.0%	2	2	0.0%	2	0	- 100.0%	0	0	0.0%	4	4	0.0%	0	6	+ 200.0%
Nazarene Bible College	0	4	+ 100.0%	23	13	- 43.5%	3	2	- 33.3%	0	2	+ 100.0%	10	3	- 70.0%	36	20	- 44.4%
Intermountain Bible Coll	0	1	+ 100.0%	0	0	0.0%	0	1	+ 100.0%	0	0	0.0%	1	1	0.0%	1	2	+ 100.0%
Sub-Total	610	676	+ 10.8%	634	795	+ 25.4%	138	127	- 8.0%	294	364	+ 23.8%	538	735	+ 36.0%	1,604	2,021	+ 26.0%

Public & Private Sectors Combined

Grand Total	3,553	4,435	+ 24.8%	4,905	4,872	- .7%	1,319	1,186	- 10.1%	2,039	2,320	+ 13.8%	9,107	9,273	+ 1.9%	17,370	17,651	+ 1.6%
--------------------	--------------	--------------	----------------	--------------	--------------	--------------	--------------	--------------	----------------	--------------	--------------	----------------	--------------	--------------	---------------	---------------	---------------	---------------

* Note: * PVCC added this year as a separate institution formerly part of Univ. of Southern Colorado.