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ABSTRACT

Eighty-six instructors of seiness communication at four-year institutions responded to a survey designed to determine (1) who teaches business communication, (2) That commuses were offered, (3) which departments offered business communication courses, (1) class sizes, (5) number of assignments gives, (6) number of instructors involved in publishing and consulting, and (7) the qualifications of business communication instruction. The Europects were chosen randomly from the membership list of the American Business Communication Association. The find men responsed time nost business communication instructors had tenure and mere well-established in their careers. Of the sample schools, 54 required undergraduate besiness majors to take one basiness communication course, and 13 did not require any courses in busiless communication. Most business communication courses were offered by the business education departments and the majority of such courses had a class size of more than 30 students. More than half of the respondents reported giving 13 or more assignments a semester in theiress communication. Sixty of the respondents had published attackes in the past three years, and more than half were involved in consulting. Sixty of the subjects had doctorates, largely in husiness education. and most had ten or more years of teaching experience. [1]

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WHO IS QUALIFIED TO TEACH BUSINESS COMMUNICATIONS

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# WHO IS QUALIFIED TO TEACH BUSINESS COMMUNICATIONS

#### INTRODUCTION

#### A. Background

Business Communication is a growing area. Most schools offer courses in business communication, and AACSB is now emphasizing the importance of the subject.

Business communication is slowly establishing itself as a discipline, yet there are no generally accepted qualifications. Most instructors come to the field by accident.

From the very beginning of our involvement with ABCA we have been impressed with the diversity in the backgrounds of the people who are members of ABCA. Dissertation topics run from literature to education, to business. While we know that one of the reasons why ABCA conventions are so interesting is the fact that members have different backgrounds and many interests, this diversity can also cause problems.

If a department wants to offer a course in consumer behavior, the department hires a marketing professor with a specialization in consumer behavior. If a department needs an 18th century literature specialist, it advertises for the appropriate degree and specialization. In business communications, on the other hand, it is much harder to establish criteria for qualifications since there are almost no doctoral programs in this discipline.

## B. Purpose

The research concentrated on written business communication classes. We conducted a survey to find information on the following questions:

Who teaches business communications?

What courses are offered?

Which departments offer business communication courses?

How large are classes

How many instructors are in rolated in the string and consulting?

What are the qualifications of pusition instructors?

Based on the survey we would like to the recommendations in the areas of:

ABCA membership

Programs and course offerings

Class size and assignments

Qualifications of business communication instructors

We believe that standard callification as be of help in hiring, tenure and promotion decisions. They ald also be beneficial in career planning, AACSB accreditation, and the exelement of a professional identity for business communication.

We would like to emphasize that a are suggesting qualifications for a full academic career at a

#### C. Method

We took a systematic random sample of ABCA members who teach at 4-year institutions in the U.S. The apple is based on the ABCA membership list of September 1979. Foreign members were left out because the educational systems may be quite different from the U.S. system. The questionnaires were sent to 160 people. Eight hix people responded. Two of the returns could not be used. Several questionnaires were not complete - not all questions were answered. This stady has several limitations. Only ABCA members were contacted, this eliminated many institutions and instructors. We do not know the percentage of business communication instructors who are members of ABCA.

At Illinoi: State University, for example, out of wine people who teach in the russiness communication area, only three members of ABCA.

FINDINGS AND DISCUSSION

#### A. Experience of Respondents

Table 1. Promisional Background of Respondents

£	Numbe	Number of Terror ses					
Number of years		l numt xperi∈	0" /ea <b>rs</b>	Year and and institutes.		·	
0-3		. 3		1.			
4-6	•	7		, 15		*	
7-10		Ċ		7 -	. t		
More than 10		6.					

The above table shows that people have more than 0 years of teaching experience. Only 10 respondent have less than 7 years of experience. Fifty-seven people have been at their current institutions for more than seven years.

Out of the sample 62 people have tenure, and 35 hold the rank of Associate Professor, 27 are Full Professors.

These findings show that ABCA members are well established in their careers. Based on the sample one can draw the conclusion that ABCA has very few members who are at the beginning of their careers. This is unfortunate because at the beginning the support of ABCA through publications and conferences can be of great help to the new instructor of business communications. We suggest several reasons for the imbalance in membership.

1. Many people come to the area by accident. They don't plan to make a career out of business communications. They teach a course occassionally and therefore see their involvement as temporary.

2. Many new instructors are not aware of ABCA since it is not a "departmental" area like management, marketing etc.

## B. Business Communication Programs

Out of our sample only 5 institutions offer a major, 3 are planning a major, whereas 73 institutions do not offer a full program. Nine institutions offer a minor in the area.

While the number of programs seems to be increasing, it is probably unlikely that a majority of schools will offer majors in business communications. The field is perceived as a service to the business functions or as a useful supplement.

#### C. Course Offerings

Of our sample 54 institutions require undergraduate business majors to take one business communication course. Ten institutions require two courses; eighteen institutions do not require a course in business communication.

The following is a list of courses required.

Table II. Titles of Required Courses in Business Communication

Title*	Number of institutions requiring the course
Business Communication (Correspondence)	48
Oral Communication	3
Report Writing	7
Technical Writing	2
Administrative Communication	1
Information Writing	1
Leadership & Management Communication	
Principles of Communication	1
Organizational Communication	1

<sup>\*</sup>Not all respondents listed the titles of required courses.



It is no surprise that most institutions recurse the "basic" course, Business Communications.

We were interested what kind of busin. \_\_\_\_mmunication courses the various institutions offer. It was obvious \_\_\_\_ the remarks that many respondents did not list all courses offered by their institutions which could be classified as business communication courses but only those they were familiar with.

The sample of titles listed is interesting. It seems there are several standard courses which are offered by a majority of the institutions, and then there are the more adventuresome courses. For people who would like to expand their offerings and are looking for new ideas, this list might be helpful.

Table III. Titles of Business Communication Courses

Business Communication 77 Technical Writing 39 Report Writing 38 Research Writing 27 Oral Business Communication 23 Supervisory Communication 5 Advanced Business Communication 4 Administrative Communication 3 Interpersonal Communication 2 Communication Problems in Management 2 Legal Writing 2 Employment Communication 1 Organizational Communication 1 Business Writing 1 Principles of Communication 1 Leadership and Management Communication 1 Executive Communication 1  Executive Communication 1  Executive Communication 1  Executive Communication 1  Executive Communication 1  Executive Communication 1  Executive Communication 1	Titles	Number of institutions offering this course	
Report Writing Research Writing Oral Business Communication Supervisory Communications Organizational Communication Advanced Business Communication Administrative Communication Interpersonal Communication Communication Problems in Management Legal Writing Employment Communication Organizational Communication Business Writing Principles of Communication Leadership and Management Communication			· .
Research Writing 27 Oral Business Communication 23 Supervisory Communications 13 Organizational Communication 5 Advanced Business Communication 4 Administrative Communication 3 Interpersonal Communication 2 Communication Problems in Management 2 Legal Writing 2 Employment Communication 1 Organizational Communication 1 Business Writing 1 Principles of Communication 1 Leadership and Management Communication 1			• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •
Supervisory Communications Organizational Communication Advanced Business Communication Administrative Communication Interpersonal Communication Communication Problems in Management Legal Writing Employment Communication Organizational Communication Business Writing Principles of Communication Leadership and Management Communication	Research Writing		· ·
Organizational Communication Advanced Business Communication Administrative Communication Interpersonal Communication Communication Problems in Management Legal Writing Employment Communication Organizational Communication Business Writing Principles of Communication Leadership and Management Communication	Oral Business Communication	<del>_</del>	•
Advanced Business Communication Administrative Communication Interpersonal Communication Communication Problems in Management Legal Writing Employment Communication Organizational Communication Business Writing Principles of Communication Leadership and Management Communication	Organizational Communication	5	
Administrative Communication Interpersonal Communication Communication Problems in Management Legal Writing Employment Communication Organizational Communication Business Writing Principles of Communication Leadership and Management Communication	Advanced Business Communication	4 .	
Communication Problems in Management 2 Legal Writing 2 Employment Communication 1 Organizational Communication 1 Business Writing 1 Principles of Communication 1 Leadership and Management Communication 1	Administrative Communication	3	•
Legal Writing 2 Employment Communication 1 Organizational Communication 1 Business Writing 1 Principles of Communication 1 Leadership and Management Communication 1	Interpersonal Communication Communication Problems in Management	2	
Employment Communication   1   1   1   1   1   1   1   1   1		2	
Business Writing Principles of Communication Leadership and Management Communication	Employment Communication \	]	
Principles of Communication 1 Leadership and Management Communication 1	Organizational Communication		
Leadership and Management Communication	Principles of Communication	1.	
Executive Communication	Leadership and Management Communicati	ion ]	
	Executive Communication	! /-	•

# D. Departments Involved in Teaching Business Communication

The following table provides a detailed breakdown where business communications courses are taught. Again, not everybody answered all the questions. This, for example, is the reason that we have 77 respondents list Business Communication as a course title but based on the following table only 68 departments offer the course. We do not believe that the results would be significantly altered by complete questionnaire answers.

Table IV Departments Teaching Business Communication Courses

Courses	Departments				
	ness Educa Dn ce Adminis Dn ness Jement Jement cion unications unications unications unications unications er of Tim	Offered in Busi- ness Area			
Business Communication Report Writing Technical Writing Oral Communication Research Writing Supervisory Communication Organizational Communication Administrative Communication Administrative Writing Executive Communication Business Writing Advanced Business Communication Employment Communication Principles of Communication Leadership and Management Communication	30  3  16  5  1  2  1  10  68  55  36  29  1  - 2  1  1  3  - 16  24  55  36  29  55  36  29  55  36  29  55  36  29  55  36  29  55  3  4  1  1  1  1  - 3  18  14  14  17  75  3  4  1  1  1  1  - 2  8  55  29  18  18  14  14  17  17  18  18  14  18  18  18  18  18  18  18	) 5 7			

As the table shows Business Education teaches by far most of the courses. This is particularly true for Business Communication and Report Writing. It seems where business is not divided into departments, the general Business Department teaches the courses.

The cases where Management Departments teach Business Communication, Report Writing, Technical Writing might be explained by the fact that a number of Business Colleges do not have a Business Education Department any more, therefore another department took over that function.

Office Administration Departments often are an outgrowth of Business Education Departments. Communication Departments seem to gradually get into the area of business communication.

The only area where English is leading is in Technical Writing.

Based on our sample most business communication courses are taught in the business area.

#### E. Class Size

We had hoped this survey would show that only Illinois State University had business communication courses in excess of 15 students, and as a result of this survey, we might be able to reduce our classes. Unfortunately this was not to be.

In 33 cases business communication classes have more than 35 students, the majority has more than 30 students enrolled in those classes. The lower enrollments (up to 19) tended to come from English Departments.

Report Writing fared somewhat better. The majority of the report writing classes are under 30 students with the average being in the 25-29 range.

Table V. Class Size

		·
	/ Number o	f Institutions
· · · · · ·		
Number of Students		
	Business Communications	Report Writing
Under 15 15 - 19 20 - 24 25 - 29 30 - 34	3 2 8 19 <b>Q</b> 19	1 2 10 13 7
35 or more	33	9

The above finding is particularly interesting in connection with the number of assignments given. More than 50% give more than 13 assignments in Business Communications. In only 9 cases were there fewer than 10. Based on this sample we suggest that instructors with fewer than 10 assignments reevaluate the requirements they set. On the other hand one wonders about the workload considering that the majority of the classes have more than 30 students, and the instructor requires at least 13 assignments. With two sections of business communications a semester – and many teach 4 sections – this comes to 690 papers a semester.

In Report Writing there is no clear pattern for assignments. An evaluation in this case is more difficult because the numbers do not indicate how complex or long the reports are.

#### F. Graduate Business Communications

About 70% of our sample have a graduate business program. 50% of the respondents indicated that business communication courses were available for graduate credit but only base 5% require a business communication class in their graduate business program. There is obviously much room for expansion in this area.

## G. Publications and Consulting

Of our sample, 60 people published 184 articles during the last three years and slightly over half of those (106) were in the area of business communications. More than half the sample is involved in consulting or in house training.

Based on these findings one can draw the conclusion that business communication professors belonging to ABCA are demanding in class and active in professional development and research.

Table VI. Publications during last 3 years

Number of articles published	Total number of people publishing	Number of people publishing in business communications
0 1 2 3 4 5 6 more than 6	25 16 14 7 6 7 4	16 11 6 4 3 2

#### H. Qualifications

We asked respondents to indicate their academic backgrounds as undergraduates and graduates, both at the masters and doctorate level. Out of 84 people, 60 had a doctorate.

As pointed out before, in most cases business communication courses are taught in Business Education Departments. It is therefore not surprising that more than 50% had their doctorates in Business Education or related areas (32 in Business Education, 2 in Secretarial Education.)

If one includes other business areas, the figures show that 40 out of 60 have doctorates in business. These people have a good business background to teach business communication. The second single largest area is English. Eleven people have doctorates in English (8 in English, 2 in Comparative Literature, one in Rhethoric). They have a solid background in language.

Not surprisingly, the business people do not have special preparation in language arts, and the English people do not have any business.

Five of the people with English backgrounds teach in Business Education Departments. Not one person with a business background is teaching business communication in an English Department. On the whole, people seem to be hired into departments for which they have the proper paper qualifications. The guestion that comes up is whether there are criteria that can be set up

for qualifications in business communications. Very often instructors with English backgrounds teach business communication because that is where the opening was. Often people with business education backgrounds teach business communication because, as part of typing, they always taught business correspondence. The problem is that a literature background and language skills are not substitutes for business knowledge. A business background on the other hand is not enough either. What is needed for effective business communication instruction is a synthesis of these two areas; language skills, analytical and critical thinking, and a knowledge of business.

Most ABCA members have acquired these qualifications through experience. Yet it would be desirable to formalize the qualifications more specifically since AACSB is emphasizing business communication as a requirement for accreditation.

Table VII Academic Backgrounds of Business Communication Instructors

Areas	Bachelor	. Masters	Doctorate
Accounting	2	•	
Adult Education	,		1
Business Administration	-13	10 MBA	2
Business Economics	]		
Business Education	30	38`	32
Communication	]	2 ·	5
Curriculum and Instruction	· ·	· ,	1.
Education	. 1	3.	1
Educational Administration	1		•
Educational Psychology	<b>1</b>	1	7
Electrical Engineering	1		<u> </u>
English	15	15	10
Finance	1		•
Government	]		-
Industrial Psychology	•		]
Journalism -	1	" <b>1</b>	abo estate
Linguistics		2	
Management	, 3 ,	2	2
Marketing	. ]		1
Mathematics	1		1.1
Personnel		en e	, "
Philosophy	. 1		
Public Relations	1	_	•
Secretarial Education	1	]	2
Speech Communication	2 \	and the second second	
		\ \\ \\ \\ \\ \\ \\ \\ \\ \\ \\ \\ \\ \	

#### A. Experience of Respondents

As pointed out before, the survey indicates that most ABCA members have many years of experience and that few beginning instructors join. This may be due to the fact that many people come to the discipline by accident.

ABCA would do well on recruiting those who are just getting into business communications. A drive might also be conducted among graduate students who are interested in teaching in the area of business communications. This might help to create a stronger professional identity for the area.

## B. Programs and Course Offerings

Most institutions teach the traditional courses: Business Communications, Report Writing, Technical Writing, however, the offerings are growing as the variety of course titles suggests. There is room for development at the graduate level.

#### C. Class Size and Assignments

Classes are too large at most institutions. Standards are high in terms of numbers of assignments.

We recommend that instructors with classes of over 35 students use the results of this survey to try and reduce class size.

## D. Qualifications

It is doubtful that many business communication instructors planned a career in this field when they were undergraduate or even graduate students. While some programs are being developed in the area, most business communication instructors come from and will continue to come from a variety of backgrounds.

This diversity can give the discipline strength. However, when a person has to prove that he/she is qualified to be hired, to get promotion, tenure, and recognition, the lack of standard qualifications can be a burden.

The survey indicates that hiring decisions may not be based primarily on a person's ability to teach business communication but rather on the traditional qualifications for that department - English literature, Business education subjects.

To help business communication establish itself as a discipline and to assist instructors to establish themselves as fully qualified professionals, ABCA should set some basic standards for the teaching of business communications. Given the desireability of diversity and given the fact that hardly any institution offers a doctorate in business communication, there should be more than one way to qualify.

In order to be an effective business communication instructor a person has to have an awareness of and a sensitivity to language, acquired through the study of English, and a knowledge of business. Both elements are necessary and full certification should take this into account.

In the academic world - for better or worse - the doctorate is the basis for qualification, therefore any standard has to include the acctorate. We know that people can be excellent teachers and well qualified to teach business communication courses. A number of instructors have years of experience in business to bring to the classroom. As pointed out before, we are making recommendations for full-time academic careers.

We suggest the following three backgrounds and recommend that a person with a background in any one of the areas be considered fully qualified.

1. Doctorate in English plus 15 hours of business courses or five years plus of experience (experience of teaching in the area of business communication at least half time, or appropriate business experience). The 15 hours were not set accidentally. They would provide a person with a basic background in Management, Marketing, Accounting, Finance and Business Law.

- 2. Doctorate in a Business area plus 15 hours of riting courses or five years of experience.
- 3. Doctorate plus 30 hours, 15 of those in writing and 15 in business or 8 years of experience.

The above three possibilities keep the diversity the discipline now has, at the same time the importance of business and language are recognized. Also, as is the case currently, one can become fully qualified through experience.

Appendix

January 21, 1980

Dear ABCA Member:

Have you ever wondered how large business communication classes are at other institutions?

Are you frustrated because the class size of Report Writing was r ised from 25-33 students over the last year?

Have you ever worried or are you worrying more about promotion or tenure in your department because some people feel you are not truly "qualified" for that department?

Who is teaching business communications? What courses do other institutions offer? . . . . .

The purpose of this survey is to obtain statistics on the academic background of business communication instructors, on business communication programs, and class size. The survey is limited to four year institutions.

The result will help you in requesting that your class size not be above the average at other institutions. When it comes to tenure and promotion it may help you in showing that business communication instructors come from many different areas and teach in many different departments.

Please take a few minutes to fill in the enclosed questionnaire and return it to us using the mailing label.

Sincerely,

Iris I. Varner

Carson H. Varner

Carson / Varnes

Normal-Bloomington, Illinois Phone: 309/438-3602 17

Managinalist affirmative Action University

Stevenson Hall Normal, Illinois 61761

## SURVEY OF BUTTNESS COMMUNICATIONS

	Is your institution a. public?		
	b. private?		# g/s /
c	Whar type of institution?		1 × 1
2.	a. 4 year undergrad		•
	b. 4 year undergrad plus masters	<i>i</i>	
	c. 4 year undergrad, plus masters, plus doctor	cal	
^	How many students attend your institution?		· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·
3.	a. Under 3,000	,	
	b. 3,000 - 9,999	١,	
	10 000 1/ 000	·	•
	0000	, P <sup>0</sup> *	
	e. 20,000 or more		`
4	If your institution is divided into colleges,	in which college	do you teach'
+ •	a. Business		
	b. Arts and Science		
	c. Education	,	
	d. Other		, ·
	(please specify)		wery.
•	(brease obserry)		3'
5.	In which department do you teach?		•
٠.	a. English	N .	
	b. Business Education		
	c. Business (all business disciplines in one	department)	
	d. Management		<b>.</b>
٠.	e. Business Communications		
• •	f. Communications (Information Sciences)		
	g. Other		* * ;
	(please specify)		
	(picase specify)		
6.	How many business majors attend your universit	v?	
٠.	a. Under 100		
:	b. 100 - 499	, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,	
	c. 500 - "999		
	d. 1,000 - 1,999		
	e. 2,000 or more		
	e. 2,000 or more		
7	What is your educational background?		
7.	What is your educational background?		
7.	Degree	Major	
7.		Major	
7.	Undergraduate Degree	Minor	- 1 - 1 - 1 - 1 - 1 - 1 - 1 - 1 - 1 - 1
7.	Degree	Minor	
7.	Undergraduate Degree	Minor	orting Field
7.	Undergraduate Degree	Minor	orting Field
7.	Undergraduate Degree  Wasters	Minor Major Minor/or Suppo	orting Field
7.	Undergraduate Degree	Minor	4:

	Dog.	toral	v .		
	DOC	COLAT		Major Minor/or	Supporting Field
			•		
٠.	Dis /.	sertation Title		•	
8.	Yea	rs of teaching experience	the second		
	a.	0 - 3	<i>i</i>	•	•
	b.	\			
		7 - 10	•		
,	<b>d.</b>	More than 10 \	•		
9.	Ves	rs of teaching at current	incriturion		ţ
<i>,</i>		0 - 3	institution.		
		4 - 6		•	
	c.	7 - 10	•		`
	d.	More than 10			<u>,</u>
10	<b>n</b> - 1				<b>\frac{1}{4}</b>
10.		you have tenure? Yes	•		· ·
	b.	No	s. • 1		
			•		
11.		t is your current rank?			; ;
		Instructor	8	<i>t</i> ,	
		Assistant Professor	a de la companya de l		
		Associate Professor Full Professor			
		Other_	e og		
			<del></del> ,	7	
12.	Dое	s your institution have a	business communicat	ions prog	gram as
3. No.	1.	Business Communications m	ajor?	1.	
٠,	. á	a. Yes		t	
, ·		b. No c. In planning	9	1	. Y
	•			n Frat	
	2 • J <sub>15</sub>	Business Communications M	linor		*
	-	a. Yes b. No		*	
:		c. In planning			
	3	Other type of program			2
			please specify)		
•		,	prease specify		**
13.		many business communicati		r institu	tion require
•		ergraduate business majors		*	
	ä	10	and the second second	s s s s s s s s s s s s s s s s s s s	
	D.	12		٠.	S 1 1 1 1 1 2 2 2
	ď.	More than 2		· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	
		Please list titles of rea	uired business comm	unication	201720

ERI

```
What business communications courses does your university offer?
                   Basic Business Communication's
               1.
    Yes
         No
                   Report Writing
               2.
    Yes
         No
                   Technical Writing
               3.
    Yes
         No
               4.
                   Legal Writing
    Yes No
                   Research Writing
               5.
     Yes
               6. Oral Business Communications
     Yes
         No
                   Supervisory Communications
     Yes
        No
               7.
                   Other
               8.
                            (please specify)
    How many of the above courses are offered in your department?
     a. All
         1
     b.
         2
     c.
     ď.
         3 .
     e.
16. What is the maximum class size in your basic business communications course?
     a. Less than 15
        15 - 19
     c. <20 - 24
         25 - 29
     d.
     e. 30 - 34
    f. 35 or more
17. What is the maximum class size in your report writing class?
    a. Less than 15
         15 - 19
     b.
         20 - 24
        . 25 - 29
     d.
         30 - 34
    ٠e٠.
         35 or more
     Does your institution have a graduate business program?
   🤳 a. Yes
     b. n. No
19. Are business communications courses available for graduate credit?
         Yes
     a.
     b.
         No
     Is a business communications class required in your graduate business program?
20
     .a.
         Yes
         No-
     Ъ.
     How many written assignments (in and out of class) do you give in basic
     business communications course. (circle the appropriate)
      1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6, 7, 8, 9, 10, 11, 12, 13 or more, do not teach basic
```

business communications

- 22. How many written assignments do you give in Report Writing?
  1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6, 7, 8, 9, 10, 11, 12, 13 or more, do not teach report writing
- 23. Do you require a long report in Report Writing? a. Yes
  - b. No
- 24. What is the normal full-time teaching load at your institution?
  - a. 0 6
  - ъ. 7-9
    - c. 10 12
    - d. 13 or more
- 25. How many publications have you had in the past three years? 1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6, more than 6
- 26. How many in the area of business communications?
  1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6, more than 6
- 27. Are you involved in consulting or in house training?
  - a. Yes
  - b. No
- 28. If the answer to question 27 is yes, then how many times a year?
  - a. 1 2 =
  - b. 3 4
  - c. 5 6
  - d. More than 6