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ABSTRACT

This is one of a series of computer modules designed for use by secondary students. This module contains a simulation of a cash register, student instructions and worksheets, and the STORE program and related data programs and subroutines. The module will require one fifty-minute class period per student, spent at the computer. Also included in the module are worksheets, a statement of objectives, and teaching suggestions. (MK)

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COMPUTER MODULE FOR USE

IN A

MATHEMATICS LABORATORY SETTING

STORE

by

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A Publication of

University of Denver
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Pre-College Mathematics

Dr. Ruth I. Hoffman, Director

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The module may be used in the following ways.

1. It may be used by individuals or pairs of students.
2. Individual students who have successfully completed the module may assist other students, especially in handling the computer portions of the module. Thus, this module can be used concurrently with other individual projects.

MATERIALS

Contained in the module:

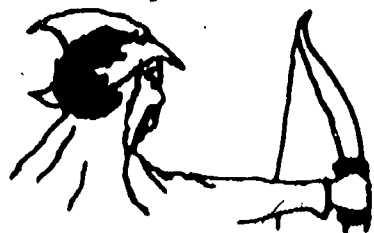
1. Student instructions and worksheets.
2. The STORE program, along with related data programs and subroutines.

Teacher must provide:

1. Computer access
2. Occasional updates of the program data.

TIME SCHEDULE

It is expected that this module will require one fifty-minute class period per student, spent at the computer. Manual filling-out of the worksheets could be done as homework.



OBJECTIVES

- .The student will come into contact with realistic foodstore prices.

3

- .The student will learn some of the procedures of a cash register clerk, such as making change, totalling cash register amounts, etc.
- .The student will learn how sales tax for food and non-food items is computed.
- .The student will learn some of the procedures of a food store inventory clerk, in keeping track of products and ordering.
- .The student will be introduced to the concept of meeting a budget.
- .The student will exhibit arithmetic skills in disguised drill.



OVERVIEW

This module is actually a simulation of a cash register. The STORE program does essentially all the things which a cash register does, totalling sales, indicating change, etc. In addition, the program does some things most cash registers don't do: it figures sales tax, keeps track of inventory, etc. There are cash registers, in some of the major department stores, which have already taken over inventory responsibilities; this is probably a trend of the future.

EVALUATION PROCEDURE

No posttest should be required for this module.

The student will turn in his completed worksheets, along with his computer output. He will previously have checked these himself for discrepancies.

4

The student may be penalized for serious errors in his own calculations, but should not be penalized for errors in using the computer program. If necessary, he should be required to rerun the program. Errors of one cent or so should be regarded as insignificant since they may be attributable to computer round off methods.

OUTLINE



- A. The cards #1 - 6 and student worksheets #6a - 6e are virtually self-explanatory.
- B. Teaching Suggestions
 1. Alert students will want to know why such items as Kleenex appear under both food and non-food headings. This information is authentic. The category of an item in a grocery store is determined by which department of the store orders and stocks the item.
 2. The program is written in the Fortran computer language, and format requirements will cause the most trouble in running the program. Fortran is designed for IBM card input, and every space is meaningful. It is essential that a number be in the right space. For this reason, the student is instructed to input item numbers in a four-space field: 3 is 0003 or blank-blank-blank-three; 24 is 0024. If he doesn't do this results will be extremely in error, or even overflow the program, resulting in meaningless output. When an item is purchased by the pound, the number of pounds should be indicated as

follows: Item number (four-space field), two spaces, and the decimal equivalent of the number of pounds, always including a decimal point. This is explained in the worksheet instructions, and it must be followed exactly.

(It should be made clear to the students that they need only input, for the program, the item number of the product they are buying, and, in the case of products bought by the pound, the number of pounds, according to the format given above.)

This whole area is one in which students who have completed the module can be very helpful to those that follow.

3. In the interest of verisimilitude, the data in the program should be periodically updated, reflecting changes in actual prices. Students could secure revised data as fieldwork; and, optionally, for the last worksheet, students could be sent to an actual supermarket, to see how much they could get for a specified amount of money.

The method of updating the data on the computer will vary from system to system, but on most systems it should present no difficulty.

4. The Student Worksheet #6e may be done in conjunction with a field trip.

This unit will acquaint you with the operation of a grocery store. As a buyer, you will be exposed to purchasing, to buying items which are priced by the pound, and to the difference between the sales tax on food and non-food items. You will see how a sales clerk operates a cash register. You will be exposed to the problems of an inventory clerk - - ordering and stocking. And you will be given a sample exercise in budgeting your grocery expenses.

The next pages contain a list of the items available at "COMPUTER DISCOUNT FOODS". They are divided into four categories: Groceries, Meats, Produce; and Non-Food Items. The sales tax, in Denver, on food items is 3% and on non-foods, it is 6%. Meats and Produce are sold by the pound. (Produce, basically, is fresh fruits and vegetables.)

The information on the next pages is divided into six columns. The first column contains the item number of each commodity. The second indicates whether the item is a grocery, meat, produce, or a non-food item. The third column is the name of the product; the fourth column is its price. The last two columns show the maximum and minimum amounts of each item kept in stock. Thus, for example, potato chips: 90 bags are the most kept in stock; when the number of bags drops below 15, it is time to order some more. If there were only 14 bags left, the stock clerk would order $90-14=76$ bags -- that is, enough to bring the total back to 90.

GROCERIES

THE SALES TAX IS 3%

ITM#	DPT	ITEM	PRICE		
4	GR	Campbell's Soup	.23 each	15	5
5	GR	Wonder Bread	.60 each	18	5
6	GR	Sintons 2% Qt.	.73 each	49	9
7	GR	Caravelle	.09 each	94	9
8	GR	Snails Escargot - 12	1.83 each	47	20
9	GR	Canada Dry Gin-ale	.65 each	797	200
10	GR	Milk	.69 each	90	15
11	GR	Potato Chips	.49 each	90	15
12	GR	Cookies	.77 each	90	15
13	GR	Cheddar Cheese	.65 each	90	15
14	GR	Crackers	.77 each	90	15
15	GR	Welch's Jam	.69 each	90	15
16	GR	Del Monte Corn	.29 each	90	15
17	GR	Sigman's Bologna	.29 each	90	15
18	GR	Hostess Twinkies	.16 each	90	15
19	GR	6-Bottle Deposit	.30 each	89	15
20	GR	Bounty	.43 each	98	15
21	GR	Sugan	.59 each	99	15
22	GR	Flour	.43 each	99	15
23	GR	Graham Crackers	.65 each	99	15
24	GR	Cookies	.42 each	99	15
25	GR	Fig Bars	.37 each	99	15
26	GR	Charmin	.43 each	98	15
27	GR	Cake Mix	.30 each	98	15
28	GR	Frosting	.41 each	99	15
29	GR	Corn Oil	.96 each	99	15
30	GR	Pears	.22 each	99	15
31	GR	Mr. Clean	.96 each	99	15
32	GR	Blu-Boy	.79 each	99	15
33	GR	Kunners Ketchup	.27 each	99	15
34	GR	Betty Crkr. Frsting	.41 each	99	15

MEATS

THE SALES TAX IS 3%

35	MT	Hamburger	.90 /lb.	90	15
36	MP	Sirloin Steaks	1.89 /lb.	90	15
37	MT	N.Y. Steak	2.39 /lb.	99	15
38	MT	Top Sirloin	2.59 /lb.	99	15
39	MT	Sirloin	1.69 /lb.	99	15
40	MT	Rilet	2.98 /lb.	99	15
41	MT	T-bone	1.89 /lb.	99	15
42	MT	Rd. Steak	1.49 /lb.	99	15
43	MT	Rib Eye	2.35 /lb.	99	15
44	MT	Cube Steak	1.49 /lb.	99	15
45	MT	Chicken	.59 /lb.	89	15
46	MT	Turkey	.95 /lb.	99	15
47	MT	Ham Hocks	.89 /lb.	99	15
48	MT	Shank Ham	.89 /lb.	99	15
49	MT	Ham	.98 /lb.	99	15
50	MT	Rib Roast	1.49 /lb.	99	15
51	MT	Sausage	q.89 /lb.	99	15
52	MT	Liver	1.29 /lb.	99	15
53	MT	Bacon	1.39 /lb.	99	15
54	MT	Rump Roast	1.19 /lb.	99	15
55	MT	Pearch	1.10 /lb.	99	15
56	MT	Lamb Chop	2.19 /lb.	99	15
57	MT	Spare Rib	1.49 /lb.	99	15
58	MT	Veal Cutlet	2.25 /lb.	99	15
59	MT	Kidneys	1.19 /lb.	99	15
60	MT	Hot Dogs	.98 /lb.	99	15

PRODUCE

THE SALES TAX IS 3%

61	PR	Potatoes	.17 /lb.	90	15
62	PR	Lettuce	.39 /lb.	90	15
63	PR	Apples	.25 /lb.	90	15
64	PR	Apples	.23 /lb.	20	50
65	PR	Oranges	.29 /lb.	91	15
66	PR	Grapes	.49 /lb.	90	15
67	PR	Watermelon	.49 /lb.	25	20
68	PR	Canteloupe	.25 /lb.	90	15
69	PR	Lettuce	.33 /lb.	90	15
70	PR	Cabbage	.18 /lb.	25	15
71	PR	Corn	.10 /lb.	25	25
72	PR	Radish	.14 /lb.	25	5
73	PR	Green Bean	.69 /lb.	90	15
74	PR	Mushrooms	.99 /lb.	90	15
75	PR	Peaches	.43 /lb.	90	15
76	PR	Carrots	.21 /lb.	90	15
77	PR	Artichokes	.30 /lb.	90	15
78	PR	Avocodoes	.26 /lb.	90	15
79	PR	Bannanas	.27 /lb.	90	15
80	ER	Cucumber	.33 /lb.	25	5
81	PR	Tomato	.29 /lb.	25	25
82	PR	Potato	.31 /lb.	25	5
83	PR	Onions	.26 /lb.	90	15
84	PR	Celery	.34 /lb.	90	15
85	PR	Pears	.33 /lb.	90	15
86	PR	Plums	.29 /lb.	90	20
87	PR	Grapefruit	.31 /lb.	25	25
88	PR	Squash	.24 /lb.	90	15
89	PR	Pumpkin	.04 /lb.	90	15
90	PR	Okra	.59 /lb.	90	15

NON-FOODS

THE SALES TAX IS 6%

91	NF	Tide Detergent	1.23 each	89	15
92	NF	Cascade	.49 each	99	15
93	NF	Joy Dish Whg. Dtg.	.83 each	99	14
94	NF	Ajax Detergent	.89 each	99	15
95	NF	Downy Softener	1.57 each	99	15
96	NF	Clorox Bleach	.35 each	99	15
97	NF	Tide Detergnt	.49 each	89	15
98	NG	Paper Towels	.39 each	89	15
99	NF	Kleenex	.33 each	88	15
100	NF	Playboy Mag	1.00 each	86	15

To buy from COMPUTER DISCOUNT FOODS, you must input the item number of each purchase. As the store might stock up to 9,999 items, four digits are allowed for item numbers; this must be allowed for when you record a purchase. Thus, item No. 4, Campbell's Soup, must be inputted as 0004; No. 25, sugar, must be inputted as 0025 (blanks may be substituted for leading zeroes).

If an item is priced by the pound, you must also input the number of pounds you buy. This number must be a decimal number, and it must include the decimal point. Space two after the item number, and then put in the number of pounds. Thus, if you bought 1 1/2 pounds of hamburger, you would input 0041, two spaces, 1.5. If you bought one pound of cabbage, item No. 76, you would input 0076, space two, 1.0.

If you do all this properly, COMPUTER will record each item and its price, and total your shopping list.

There are three special commands to input instead of grocery item numbers:

- 0003 will total any particular purchase.
- 0002 indicates a refund (bottle returns, coupons, etc.)
- 0001 closes the cash register for the day.

When your shopping list is through, always input 0003 before 0001.

The cash register in the STORE program starts with a thousand dollars in it. It makes change automatically. If you are a clerk, you need to know how much money is left in the register at the end of the day. (No provision is made in the program for armed robbery.)

You shop at COMPUTER and buy the following:

- 2 cans Campbell's soup
- 1 package Hostess Twinkies
- 1- 1/4 pounds hamburger
- 1 pounds oranges
- 1 package Tide detergent
- 1- 1/2 pounds onions
- 1 box Kleenex

Separate this list into food and non-food items and fill out the tables below:

FOOD ITEMS

ITEM NO.	ITEM NAME	UNIT PRICE	AMOUNT	TOTAL PRICE
_____	_____	_____	_____	_____
_____	_____	_____	_____	_____
_____	_____	_____	_____	_____
_____	_____	_____	_____	_____
_____	_____	_____	_____	_____
_____	_____	_____	_____	_____
_____	_____	_____	_____	_____

NON-FOOD ITEMS

ITEM NO.	ITEM NAME	UNIT PRICE	AMOUNT	TOTAL PRICE
_____	_____	_____	_____	_____
_____	_____	_____	_____	_____
_____	_____	_____	_____	_____

Total Price of all Food Items: _____
 Sales Tax on Food Items (at 3%): _____
 Total for all Non-Food Items : _____
 Sales Tax for Non-Food (at 6%) _____
 Total Amount Paid: _____

You give the clerk a five-dollar bill. How much change do you get back? _____

Check your answers on the STORE Program.

Make up a shopping list of your own of from five to ten items.
Use the space below, and separate foods from non-foods.

FOODS

No.	Name of Item	Unit Price	Amount	Total Price

NON-FOODS

- What is the total cost of your food items? _____
- What is the total cost of non-food items? _____
- What is the total amount of sales tax
(for food and non-food)? _____
- What is the total amount you pay? _____
- Determine what size bill you give the clerk: _____
- What is your change? _____
- Check your answers on the STORE program.



You are a sales clerk at COMPUTER DISCOUNT FOODS. You start with \$1000.00 in your cash register. After ringing up the shopping lists on Student Worksheets # 1 and 2, you close the register for the day. How much money is there now in the register?

In addition to the shopping lists on Student Worksheets # 1 and 2, you have one more customer before you close your cash register for the day. This customer returns two six-pack cartons of bottles, and his bottle deposit is refunded (the deposit is \$.05 per bottle). How much money is there in the register?

Use the next page to make up three short shopping lists. In the second column, indicate whether each item is Grocery, Meat, Produce or Non-Food. If you ring up all three of these sales, how much money will you have in your cash register? (Remember that the sales tax on Non-Foods is 6%, while on everything else it is 3%.)

Use the STORE Program to check your answers. At the end of the program, the computer will indicate what items the store needs to reorder, and how many of each of these items are left. Using the last two columns of the original stock lists, indicate how many of each of these items need to be ordered.

Number	Item	Amount Needed
_____	_____	_____
_____	_____	_____
_____	_____	_____
_____	_____	_____
_____	_____	_____
_____	_____	_____
_____	_____	_____
_____	_____	_____
_____	_____	_____
_____	_____	_____



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Number	Item	Amount Needed

List 1

No.	Department	Name	Unit Price	Amt.	Price

Total sales tax _____

Total amount spent _____

List 2

Total sales tax _____

Total amount spent _____

List 3

Total sales tax _____

Total amount spent _____

The following programs were written by Terry Garyet of George Washington High School, Denver, Colorado. These programs are suitable to be run on the Univac Fortran system and will probably need modification for other systems.

BASIC*DPS003A.STORED DATA

1	1	.000	0	0
2	2	.000	0	0
3	3	.000	0	0
4	4	CAMPBELL'S SOUP	.231	6 5
5	5	WONDER BREAD	.601	13 5
6	6	SINTONS 2X QT.	.731	48 9
7	7	CARAVELLE	.091	94 20
8	8	SNAILS ESCABOT-121	.831	47 20
9	9	CANADA DRY GIN-ALE	.651	797 200
10	10	MILK	.691	83 15
11	11	POTATO CHIPS	.491	88 15
12	12	COOKIES	.771	88 15
13	13	CHEDDAR CHEESE	.651	89 15
14	14	CRACKERS	.771	90 15
15	15	WELCH'S JAM	.691	89 15
16	16	DEL MONTE CORN	.291	90 15
17	17	SIGMAN'S BOLOGNA	.291	89 15
18	18	HOSTESS TWINKIES	.161	88 15
19	19	6-BOTTLE DEPOSIT	.301	89 15
20	20	BOUNTY	.431	98 15
21	21	SUGAR	.591	99 15
22	22	FLOUR	.431	99 15
23	23	GRAHAM CRACKERS	.651	99 15
24	24	COOKIES	.421	99 15
25	25	FIG BARS	.371	98 15
26	26	CHARMIN	.431	98 15
27	27	CAKE MIX	.301	96 15
28	28	FROSTING	.411	98 15
29	29	CORN OIL	.961	99 15
30	30	PEARS	.221	97 15
31	31	MR. CLEAN	.961	99 15
32	32	BLU-BOY	.791	99 15
33	33	KUNNERS KETCHUP	.271	98 15
34	34	BETTY CRK. FRSTNG	.411	99 15
35	35	HAMBURGER	.902	82 15
36	36	SIRLOIN STEAKS	1.892	90 15
37	37	N.Y. STEAK	2.392	99 15
38	38	TOP SIRLOIN	2.592	99 15
39	39	SIRLOIN	1.692	99 15
40	40	FILET	2.982	98 15
41	41	T-BONE	1.892	98 15
42	42	RD. STEAK	1.492	99 15
43	43	RIB EYE	2.352	99 15
44	44	CUBE STEAK	1.492	99 15
45	45	CHICKEN	.592	87 15
46	46	TURKEY	.952	98 15
47	47	HAM HOCKS	.892	99 15
48	48	SHANK HAM	.892	97 15

49	49HAM	.982	96	15
50	50RIB ROAST	1.492	93	15
51	51SAUSAGE	1.892	99	15
52	52LIVER	1.292	99	15
53	53BACON	1.392	98	15
54	54RUMP ROAST	1.192	97	15
55	55PEARCH	1.102	97	15
56	56LAMB CHOP	8.192	95	15
57	57SPARE RIB	1.492	97	15
58	58VEAL CUTLET	2.852	99	15
59	59KIDNEYS	1.192	99	15
60	60HOT DOGS	.982	95	15
61	61POTATOES	.173	90	15
62	62LETTUCE	.393	90	15
63	63APPLES	.853	88	15
64	64APPLES	.233	0	50
65	65ORANGES	.293	89	15
66	66GRAPES	.493	88	15
67	67WATERMELON	.493	84	20
68	68CANTELOUPE	.253	90	15
69	69LETTUCE	.333	90	15
70	70CABBAGE	.183	85	15
71	71CORN	.103	22	25
72	72RADISH	.143	25	5
73	73GREEN BEAN	.693	90	15
74	74MUSHROOMS	.993	90	15
75	75PEACHES	.433	90	15
76	76CARROTS	.213	90	15
77	77ARTICHOKES	.303	90	15
78	78AVOCODOES	.863	90	15
79	79BANANAS	.273	90	15
80	80CUCUMBER	.333	25	5
81	81TOMATO	.293	25	25
82	82POTATO	.313	24	5
83	83ONIONS	.263	26	15
84	84CELERY	.343	90	15
85	85PEARS	.333	90	15
86	86PLUMS	.293	90	20
87	87GRAPEFRUIT	.313	25	25
88	88SQUASH	.243	90	15
89	89PUMPKIN	.043	90	15
90	90OKRA	.593	90	15
91	91TIDE DETERGENT	1.234	86	15
92	92CASCADE	.494	99	15
93	93JOY DISH WASH. DTG.	.534	98	14
94	94AJAX DETERGENT	.894	99	15
95	95DOWNY SOFTENER	1.574	99	15
96	96CLOROX BLEACH	.354	98	15
97	97TIDE DETERGNT	.494	89	15
98	98PAPER TOWELS	.394	88	15
99	99KLEENEX	.334	81	15
100	100PLAYBOY MAG	1.004	82	15

BASIC*DPS003A.STORE

- 1 @XQT DPS003A.STORE
- 2 @ADD DPS003A.STOREDATA

BASIC*SMN.STORE/SOURCE

```

1  @ASB,T TEMP,F14///K88
2  @BRKPT PRINTS/TEMP
3  @ASB,T 9,F14///188
4  @ASB,T 10,F14///188
5  @ASM,I ,ADD
6  AXRS
7  S(0)
8  PF FORM 18,6,18
9  CSF1 ' @COPY,I 9.,DPS003A.STOREDATA'
10 CSF2 '@BRKPT PRINTS/TEMP'
11 CSF3 '@BRKPT PRINTS'
12 CSF4 ' @ADD TEMP.'
13 S(1)
14 ADD* LA A0,(3,CSF2)
15 ER CSFS
16 PPRINT (PF 1,5,CSF1)
17 LA A0,(3,CSF3)
18 ER CSFS
19 LA A0,(2,CSF4)
20 ER CSFS
21 J 1,X11
22 END
23 @ASM,E BASIC*DPS003A.DATE/BORALNIK,DATE
24 @ASM,E BASIC*DPS003A.DECOCT/BORALNIK,DECOCT
25 @RFOR,IS STORE,STORE
26 INTEGER DEPT(1000),ID(1000,3),INV(1000),CUST,REORD(100
0), REFNO,TA
27 CB(4),ACCNT
28 REAL PRICE(1000),NET,TOTLK(150),CHRG(10)
29 CALL DATE(IMO,IDY,IYR)
30 IR=0
31 TAG(1)='GR'
32 TAG(2)='MT'
33 TAG(3)='PR'
34 TAG(4)='NF'
35 TOTLC=0
36 CUST=0
37 SALE=0
38 TTAX=0
39 TONG=0
40 CPNTTL=0
41 REFUND=0
42 REFNO=0
43 RES=1000.
44 DO 10 I=1,100
45 10 READ(5,15)(ID(I,J),J=1,3),PRICE(I),DEPT(I),INV(I),REOR
D(I)
46 15 FORMAT(3X,3A6,F4.2,I1,2I4)
47 5 WRITE(6,22)
48 22 FORMAT(1MO,'UNIVAC DISCOUNT FOODS'/1H , 'DEPT ITEM',6X,
'ITEM',6X,'P

```

```

49      CRICE*)
50      20  READ(5,25)ITEM,WT
51      25  FORMAT(14,IX,F5.2)
52      I2=DEPT(ITEM)
53      IF(ITEM.EQ.1)GO TO 100
54      PRC=PRICE(ITEM)
55      IF(ITEM.EQ.3)GO TO 80
56      IF(IR)35,35,50
57      30  TOTLC=0
58      TTLNF=0
59      GO TO 5
60      35  IF(ITEM-2)37,36,37
61      36  IR=1
62      GO TO 56
63      37  IF(INV(ITEM))1000,1000,41
64      1000 WRITE(6,1001)
65      1001 FORMAT(1H,'SORRY, WE ARE OUT OF')
66      GO TO 39
67      41  IF(DEPT(ITEM).NE.4)GO TO 38
68      TTLNF=TTLNF+PRC
69      GO TO 42
70      38  IF(DEPT(ITEM)-1)45,45,46
71      46  PRC=PRC*WT
72      IF(DEPT(ITEM)-3)45,44,45
73      44  INV(ITEM)*INV(ITEM)-WT
74      TOTLC=TOTLC+PRC
75      GO TO 39
76      45  TOTLC=TOTLC+PRC
77      42  INV(ITEM)=INV(ITEM)-1
78      39  WRITE(6,40)TAB(I2),ITEM,(ID(ITEM,J),J=1,3),PRC
79      40  FORMAT(1H,A3,8X,13,2X,3A6,5X,'$',F7.2)
80      GO TO 20
81      50  IF(DEPT(ITEM).NE.4)GO TO 51
82      TTLNF=TTLNF-PRC
83      GO TO 54
84      51  IF(DEPT(ITEM)-1)54,54,53
85      53  PRC=PRICE(ITEM)*WT
86      54  TOTLC=TOTLC-PRC
87      REFUND=REFUND+PRC
88      REFNO=REFNO+1
89      IR=0
90      GO TO 39
91      56  WRITE(6,55)
92      55  FORMAT(1H,'THE FOLLOWING ITEM IS REFUNDED.')
93      GO TO 20
94      80  TAX=(TTLNF*.06)+(TOTLC*.03)
95      TTAX=TTAX+TAX
96      WRITE(6,85)TAX
97      85  FORMAT(1H,8X,'TAX',10X,'$',3X,F7.2)
98      TOTLC=TOTLC+TAX+TTLNF
99      SALE=SALE+TOTLC
100     WRITE(6,90)TOTLC
101     90  FORMAT(1H,8X,'TOTAL',8X,'$',F8.2)
102     551 WRITE(6,521)
103     521 FORMAT('AMT TENDERED?')
104     READ(5,91)AMTND,COUPON,ACCNT

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105      IF(AMTND.LT.TOTALC)GO TO 551
106      91  FORMAT(F7.2,1X,F3.2,1X,I2)
107      CPNTTL=CPNTTL+COUPON
108      IF(ACCNT)93,93,42
109      92  AMTND=TOTLC
110      CHRG(ACCNT)=CHRG(ACCNT)+TOTLC
111      93  CHFC=AMTND-(TOTLC-COUPON)
112      TCNG=TCNG+CHNG
113      WRITE(6,95)AMTND,COUPON,CHNG,IMO,IOY,IYR
114      95  FORMAT(1H,8X,'AMT TENDERED $',3X,F7.2,/1H,8X,'COUPON',
115      ',7X,'$',3X,
116      CF5.2,/1H,8X,'CHANGE ',6X,'$',3X,F7.2/1H,7X,I2,2(' /',
117      I2),/1H,8X,
118      C'THANK YOU'///)
119      CUST=CUST+1
120      TOTLK(CUST)=TOTLC
121      GO TO 30
122      100 WRITE(6,101)
123      101 FORMAT(1H,I10,'CLOSING TOTALS'//1H,'THE FOLLOWING IT
124      EMS SHOULD B
125      CE REORDERED'/1H,'ITEM',8X,'PRODUCT',5X,'NO IN STOCK')
126      DO 105 I=4,100
127      IF(INV(I)-REORD(I))102,102,105
128      102 WRITE(6,103)I,(ID(I,J),J=1,3),INV(I)
129      105 CONTINUE
130      103 FORMAT(1H,14,8X,3A6,4X,14)
131      NET=SALE-TTAX
132      REG=REG+(SALE-CPNTTL-TCNG)
133      WRITE(6,110)CUST,SALE,TTAX,NET,REFNO,REFUND,CPNTTL,REG
134      ,(I,TOTLK(I)
135      C,I=1,CUST)
136      110 FORMAT(1H1,'TOTALS FOR TODAY'/1H,'CUSTOMERS ',14/1H,
137      'GROSS $',F7
138      C.2/1H,'TAXES $',F7.2/1H,'NET',3X,'$',F7.2,/1H,13,1X

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, 'REFUNDS TO
134          CTALLING S', F6.2/1H , 'COUPONS S', F5.2/1H , 'CASH IN REGI
STER S'
135          C, F8.2/1H , 'CUST TOTAL', 150(/1H , 13, 1X, F5.2)
136          DO 120 I=1, 100
137          120  WRITE(9, 125) I, (ID(I, J), J=1, 3), PRICE(I), DEPT(I), INV(I),
RECORD(I)
138          125  FORMAT(13, 3A6, F4.2, 11, 2I4)
139          DO 130 I=1, 10
140          130  WRITE(10, 132) I, CHR8(I)
141          132  FORMAT(12, F6.2)
142          END FILE 9
143          END FILE 10
144          CALL ADD
145          END
146          @MAP, INO , STORE
147          IN ADD
148          IN STORE
149          IN DATE
150          IN DECOCT
151          @RRKPT PRINTS
152          @XGT STORE
153          @ADD BASIC+DPS003A.STOREDATA

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