ED 187 507

RC 012 072

AUTHOR

Quezada, Manuela L.; Comp.: Chabran, Richard,

TITLE

so. You Need Intormation About Mexican Americans? Let

ÆRIC Helpi.

INSTITUTION

New Mexico State Univ., University Park. ERIC -\*Chearinghouse on Rural Education and Small

Schools.

SPONS AGENCY

National Inst. of Education (DHEW), Washington,

D.C.

PUB DATE

£eb 80

CONTRACT

400-78-0023

NOTE

50p.: Contains spine small print.

AVAILABLE FROM National Educational Laboratory Publishers, Inc., 813 Airport Boulevard, Austin, TX 78702 (\$6.25, Stock No.

EG-082)

EDES FRICE DESCRIPTORS. MF01/PC02 Pfus Postage.

\*Data Bases: Data Collection: Information

Dissemination: Information Networks: \*Information Retrieval: \*Information Sources: .\*Mexican Americans: Online Systems: Reference Materials: Research Skills:

\*Research Tools: \*Search Strategies: Subject Index Terms: Thesauri; User Satisfaction (Information) \*ERIC: ERIC Clearingnouse Rural Education Small

IDENTIFIERS

Schools

ABSTRACT

The guide is intended to explain and demonstrate by example how to use the Educational Resources Information Center. (ERIC) system, especially to find information pertaining to Mexican Americans. An overview of ERIC and ERIC/CRESS (ERIC Clearinghouse on Rural Education and Small Schools) is given, noting definitions, potential users, type's or materials included in the system, and how the system works. There is an explanation of how to use three ERIC reference tools: "Resources in Education", "Current Index to Journals in Education", and the "Thesaurus of ERIC Descriptors". A. step-by-step explanation of how to search the ERIC information system includes answers to frequently asked questions. The guide includes a list of descriptors and identifiers most often used to find information related to Mexican Americans, as well as a list of ERIC abbreviations, a glossary of ERIC vocabulary, a list, of ERIC clearinghouses and their scopes, and ordering information. An alphabetical list of distributors and/or manufacturers of microfiche readers and microfiche reader-printers is included. (SB)

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ED18750

SO YOU NEED INFORMATION ABOUT MEXICAN AMERICANS?

LET ERIC HELP!

. Compiled by

Manuela L. Quezada

and .\*

Richard Chabran

February 1980

Published by

Educational Resources Information Center (ERIC)
Clearinghouse on Rural Education and Small Schools (CRESS)

New Mexico State University , Las Cruces, New Mexico 88003 Prior to publication, the manuscript was submitted to Information Systems
Development for critical review and determination of professional competence.
This publication has met such standards. Points of view or opinions do not,
however, necessarily represent the official view or opinions of either the ERIC
Clearinghouse on Rural Education and Small Schools or Information Systems
Development.

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This publication was prepared with funding from the National Institute of Education, U.S. Department of Health, Education, and Welfare under contract no. 400-78-0023. The opinions expressed in this report do not necessarily reflect the positions or policies of N/E or HEW.

Cover designed by: Steve Chaistopher

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## INTRODUCTION

Are you looking for studies on the education of Mexican Americans?

Or on the Chicana's concept of self? Or maybe a bibliography on Mexican

Americans in engineering? You don't know where to begin? How about looking at the ERIC system for help in finding some information.

What is in the ERIC system and how can it help you? This guide has been prepared with you in mind. It is not intended to be an exhaustive explanation of the ERIC system but rather a procedure-by-example of the system that will enable you to search the data base for information on your particular area of interest.

A list of the words most often used to index materials pertaining to Mexican Americans is included as an aid to the development of your search strategy.

## ERIC SYSTEM: AN OVERVIEW

### What is ERIC?

ERIC is an acronym that stands for Educational Resources Information Center. It is a national information system operated by the National Institute of Education. It provides ready access to descriptions of model programs, research and development efforts, project reports, speech texts, locally produced materials, and related information that can be used in developing more effective educational programs.

## What does ERIC do?

As an information system, ERIC:

- (1) collects, screens, organizes and disseminates reports;
- (2) produces indexes and a computer data base that lists: materials available in the system;
  - (3) provides copies of documents in education and related fields at a low cost;
  - (4) acts as an archive of educational literature;
  - (5) prepares interpretative summaries, research reviews and bibliographies on critical topics in education and many related areas;
- (6) services information centers across the country; and
- (7) answers questions people using the ERIC system may

### How does ERIC work?

ERIC provides its service through a network of 16 clearinghouses. Each clearinghouse is responsible for a particular educational area. Within its area of responsibility, each clearinghouse selects and processes material for the ERIC system. One of the 16 clearinghouses is ERIC/CRESS: (For a list of the clearinghouses see p. 49.)

## What is ERIC/CRESS?

ERIC/CRESS is the Clearinghouse on Rural Education and Small Schools. It is responsible for acquiring, indexing, abstracting and disseminating information related to all aspects of education of American Indians, Mexican Americans and migrants, as well as outdoor education, education in small schools, and rural education. (See p. 51 for its address.)

#### What does ERIC/CRESS do?

As one of the 16 clearinghouses, ERIC/CRESS:

- (1) answers questions about the operation and utilization of ERIC/CRESS and the ERIC system as a whole;
  - (2) sends newsletters and announcements of current interest in areas of its areas of responsibility;
  - (3) directs workshops and provides consultation services regarding ERIC:
  - (4) provides computer searches of the ERIC data base;
- (5) provides users with listings of ERIC collections nearest them:
- (6) works with linkage groups (special interest, professional, community, etc.) to reach greater numbers of potential users;
- (7) provides authors with a means of distribution for their accepted documents; and
- (8) prepares and distributes bibliographies, synthesis papers, monographs, state-of-the-art papers and reference sheets on all its areas of responsibility. (A list of ERIC/CRESS publications is available free upon request from the clearinghouse-address on p. 51.)

#### Who can use ERIC?

Practically anyone! Teachers, administrators, researchers, library/media/information specialists, organizations, students and parents can use ERIC.

## What can ERIC do for you?

If you are a <u>teacher</u>, ERIC can help you obtain the latest information on pre-service and in-service education, learn about new classroom techniques and materials or "how-to-do-it" projects for personal and professional development.

ERIC can help <u>administrators</u> identify new and significant educational developments, apply new management tools and practices or base budget estimates on the latest research data.

Researchers can use ERIC to keep abreast of their fields, to avoid duplication of research efforts or to obtain full-text documents on completed research.

Library/media/information specialists can use ERIC to compile bibliographies and summaries on specific educational topics, to find answers to specific inquiries or to locate and order documents for local information centers.

ERIC can help <u>organizations</u> keep their members up-to-date on recent developments in all areas of education or related areas.

Students can use ERIC to get the latest information for term papers, theses and dissertations, to obtain information on career development or to build their own low-cost library of information in their area of interest.

ERIC can help parents explore their role in the schools, learn more about how they can help their child at home, understand new legislation on education or learn about continuing their adult education.

# What types of materials can we find in the ERIC system?

Since ERIC's audience is so broad, the ERIC system has a wide variety of materials to satisfy its users. Some of the types of materials found in the ERIC system are:

Annual Réports Bibliographies Biographies Census Reports Children's Books Conference Reports/Papers Curriculum Guides Directories Handbooks Historical Reviews/Literature Reviews Instructional Materials Monographs . National Surveys Program Descriptions/Project Descriptions Program Evaluations; Research Reports Resource Guides Speeches and Presentations State of the Art Papers Teaching Guides Technical Reports Tests, Questionnaires, Measurement Devices

## ERIC REFERENCE TOOLS

In order to search ERIC you will need to use the system's two major indexes, Resources in Education and Current Index to Journals in Education, and the Thesaurus of ERIC Descriptors.

## What is Resources in Education?

Resources in Education, called RIE for short, is a monthly publication which announces the recent additions to the ERIC data base. RIE qontains summaries and indexes.

Resumes provide bibliographic information (authors, titles, etc.) of each document and abstracts of 200 words or less of their contents. Citations appearing in the "Document Section" are numbered sequentially by an ED (ERIC Document) number.

ED 145 993

RC 010 180

Chiavacci, Walter P. Davey, William G

The Status of Minorities in the Southwest. A Demographic Profile.

Pub Date 24 Feb 77

Note = 30p., From the collected work, "The Current Status of Minonties in the Southwest papers presented at the Society for Intercul-tural Education, framing, and Research (Chicago, Illinois, February 24-27, 1977). Re-lated documents include RC 010-180-4 EDRS Price MF-\$0.83 HC-\$2.06 Plus Postage.

Descriptors—Academic Achievement, \*American Indians, \*Blacks, \*Census Figures, \*Demography, Enrollment, Family \*Demography, Enrollment, Family (Sociological Unit), Family Income, Heads of Households, Housing Patterns, Labor Force, Marital Status, \*Mexican Americans, Occupa-tions, Place of Residence, Racial Composition, Rural Farm Rysidents, Rural Nonfarm Residents, \*Socioeconomic Background, Statistical Data, Urban Population

Identifiers-Native Americans, "United States

(Southwest)

General demographic data concerning Black Americans, Mexican Americans, and Americans in the Southwest are reported. Data were collected in those states designated by the U.S. Civil Rights Commission as being Southwest": Arizona, California, Colorado, New Mexico and Texas. The tabular information is organized according to general information-population by sex, state, race, and residence, social characteristics—head of household, marital status, size of family, and housing characteristics; economic characterishes—percent of persons in the labor force, income of families, income less than poverty level, class of workers 16 years and older, major occupation groups, and total pay schedule of Federul agencies, and educational characteristics-school enrollment, years of school completed, and percentage of high school graduates per state and race. (NO)

RC 010 181 Underwood, Willard A. Ferguson, Ralph E. Black Americans in the Southwest,

Pub Date 24 Feb 77

Note--28p, From the collected work, "The Cur-

Note-28p7, From the collected work, "The Current Status of Minorities or the Southwest" papers presented at the Society for Intercultural Education, Training, and Research (Chicago, Illinois, February 24-27, 1977). Related documents include RC 010-180-4.
EDRS Price MF-\$0.83 BC-\$2.06 Plus Postage.
Descriptors Academic Achievement, Black Astitudes, Black Population Trends, Black Power, "Blacks, "Changing Attitudes, Culture Conflict, Demonstrations (Givil), Feotionnically Disadvantaged," "Ethnic Status, Family Income, Metropolitan Areas, Political Attitudes, Political Power, Population Growth, Racial Attitudes Social Change, "Sociocultural Patterns, "Sociocultural Patterns, "Sociocultural Patterns, Return Migration, "United States (Southwest)

(Southwest)

The United States Census Bureau estimated the nation's population grew by 10 million people between 1970 and 1975; 85% of this growth oc-curred in the 29 states which constitute the South and West. These states attracted large onmbers of new residents, growing at a much faster rate than the national average of 4.8%. During this five

year period, Arizona was the fastest growing state with an increase of 25% in population. Also more blacks moved to the southern states than left. While the rate of immigration accelerated especially in the Deep South, the large metropolitan areas of the Southwest also registered significant increases in numbers and percentages of black citizens. The status of blacks in the Southwest is reflected in the conditions of blacks generally.
While conditions "have" improved in many aspects, "basic" conditions have not changed substantially for large segments of the black population. This paper discusses the current status of blacks in the Southwest. Topics covered are their political, economic, and social conditions; the economic conditions in the central cities, i.e., Watts in south Los Angeles; and their education. (Author/NQ)

ED 145 995

RC 010 182

Martinez, Reynaldo I... And Others Mexican-Americans in the Southwest.

Pub Date 24 Feb 77

Note-24p., From the collected work, "The Current Status of Minorities in the Southwest papers presented at the Society for Intercultural Education, Training, and Research (Chicago, Illinois, February 24-27, 1977). Re-lated documents include RC 010 180-4; Best copy available

EDRS Price MF-\$0.83 HC-\$1.67 Plus Postage.
Descriptors—Agricultural Labor Disputes, ( tural Interrelationships, Cultural Traits, Culture Conflict, Dissent, Economic Status, Education, Educational Alternatives, Educationally Disadvantaged, Educational Status Comparison, Employment Patterns, \*Ethnic Status, Ethnic Studies, Mexican American History, Americans, \*Political Power, \*Religion, Social

Status, \*Socioeconomic Background Identifiers -- \*Chicanos,

(Sopthwest)
Of the 10 million Mexican Americans in the United States, 90% reside in the southwestern states of California, Colorado, Arizona, New Mexico and Texas. Historically, the acquisition of Spanish speaking citizens by the U.S. has resulted from military conquest. Yet, Mexican Americans did not have a significant political voice until the high fatality rate of Mexican Americans in World War II prompted the formation of the American War II prompted the formation of the American G.I. Forum and the League of United Latin American Citizens. Both groups have served as vehicles for expression of numerous Mexican American concerns and issues. The economic, social and educational levels of this population are "shockingly" low./Most Chicanos do not have the training and background to obtain good paying, jobs. Thus the Chicanos' economic level is a reflector of the educational structure. Social discrimination stemming from an ethnocentric atcrimination, stemining from an ethnocentric atcrimination, stemming from an etimocentric at-titude, prevails despite legal sanctions guarantee-ing equal opportunities. The Chicano movement is slowly changing this; but it is a slow process. Both the Catholic and Protestant churches are also beginning to take a larger role in "El Movimiento". A new religious renaissance is also organing to take a larger role in "El Movimiento". A new religious renaissance is spreading, emphasizing self-assertion, indigenous leadership and a pluralistic spirit of existence. The Chicano's philosophy of education is currently being re-defined to emphasize internal examination of one's self-worth and to provide a specific set of values which provide orientation toward the individual viewed as independent of toward the individual viewed as independent of external measures. (Author/NQ)

The Index Section provides access to summaries by subject, personal author, and institution.

Documents cited in RIE, except where otherwise indicated, are available in either microfiche or paper copy. The price per document is based on the number of pages and is subject to change. (See ordering information on p. 59.)

### What is CIJE?

Current Index to Journals in Education, called CIJE for short, is a monthly guide to periodical literature that indexes more than 700 major educational and education-related journals. CIJE allows you to locate quickly complete bibliographic information plus short summaries (50 words or less) of journal articles; thus you can keep up-to-date on new trends, programs, and experiments in any area of specialization. Articles cited in CIJE are found ONLY in the journals; they are NOT available on microfiche from ERIC.

However, you may obtain a copy or multiple quantities of an article, from many of the journals in CIJE through University Microfilms International (UMI). Article copies are mailed first class within 24 hours of receipt of order. Cost per article is \$4.00 for those articles dated January 1976 to the present; articles dated prior to January 1976 are \$6.00. For further information, contact:

UMI Article Reprint Department 300 North Zeeb Road Ann Arbor, Michigan 48106 Phone: (313) 761-4700

CIJE contains four main sections: Main Entry Section, Subject Index, Author Index, and Journal Contents Index. The Main Entry Section contains full bibliographic information (author, title, source, pages, etc.) and summaries. Entries are arranged in sequence by the EJ (Educational Journal) number.

E.I 174 15.1 RC 502 684
The Importance of Dependency in Nitrive
American-White Contact Gurian, Jay, Amorican
Indian Quarterly, v3 n1, pp16-36, Spr 77

"American Indians, "Dependents, "Culture

"Annerican Indians, "Dependents, "Culture Conflict, "Psychological Needs, "Cultural Background, "Majority Attitudes, Anthropology, Security (Psychology), ["American Indian History]

Making is distinction between positive and negative dependency, this article examines the tradition of dependent relationships among American Indians. (ICE)

RC 502 685
Rationale for a Field-Based Research and
Development Project for Multicultural-Bilingual
Education Fernandez, Rafuel, NABE: The Journal of the National Association for Bilingual
Education, v) n3, pp 11-32, May 77

Bilingual Education, \*Cross Cultural Training.

\*Bilingual Education, \*Cross Cultural Training, \*Educational Legislation, \*Educational Objectives, \*Field Studies, \*Instructional Design, Models, Literature Reviews, Demonstration

Bilingual education needs an instructional design which considers totally its special nature and encompasses a plan for implementing a sound integral education program through a sequential and articulated curriculum supported by relevant instructional materials. A field-based project consisting of experimental and control schools for the design's development is proposed. (NQ)

Authors' names are given in full when available in the Author Index. If two people are responsible for an article, both names are listed. If an article has three or more authors, only the first author is listed.

Saldate, Macarlo, IV
And Who Assesses the Bilingual 'Teacher's
Language Proficiency?

EJ 171 598 Salkind, Neil J. The Development of Reflection-Impulsivity and Cognitive Efficiency Sullis, Joan
Who Will Participate Now? The Professional
Parents EJ 170 958 Salmon-Cox, Leslie. Conceptions of Research and Development for Education in the United States EJ 172 351. Salzman, Jerry
Marketing and Distribution: Is Distributive EducaMannower Needs? EJ 171 098 Sanucore, Joseph Interdisciplinary Strategies, Independent Study, and Career Planning EJ 171 607 Sanehez, Bonnie M. General Education and the Two-Year College Occupational Student EJ 172 278 Faculty Evaluation in the Community College EJ 172 287 Sanchez, Rossura Symposium on Linguistics and the Chicano: Introduction EJ 172 400 La gramatica transformacional y el estudio del espanol chicano. (The Transformational Grammar and the Study of Chicano Spanish) Presupposition: A Pragmatic Notion EJ 172 403

Ganes, Paul A.

ANOVA Tests for Homogeneity of Variance:
Nonnounality and Unequal Samples

BJ 174 698

Testing Complex a Priori Contrasts on Means
from Independent Samples

EJ 174 699

Gun Jennifer
Mildly Retarded Adults: Their Attitudes Toward
Retardation

EJ 173 639

Garbarino, James
The Human Ecology of Child Maltreatment: A
Conceptual Model for Research

EJ 173 123

Garbin, Albeno P.
Social-Personal Characteristics and Occupational
Choice Processes of Female Flight Attendants
EJ 173 203

Garcia, Herlinda
Staffing Patterns in a Bilingual Education Program: The Role of the Monolingual Teacher
EJ 174 157

Garcia, Jesus
From Bloody Savages to Heroic Chiefs
EJ 174 177

Gonipers, Gordon E.
Creating Sound Effect for the School Play
EJ 174 011
Gonino, Vince

Gonzalez, Juan
Staffing Patterns in a Bilingual Education Program: The Role of the Monolingual Teacher
EJ 174 157

Goodman, Ernest
The Education of Children Gifted in the Visual
Arts
EJ 172,941

Gnodman, Gag
The Relationship of Authoritarianism and Behavior Modeling in Prospective Teachers
F1 173 111

Goodrich, Gregory L. Training Eccentric Viewing

Multipurpose Facility

EJ 173 718

· EJ 174 608

Gondrich, Hubbard C. Vocabulary Development with Contextual Clues EJ 173 747

Gondsell, David R.
Exchanging Discoveries of Eighteenth Century
Scientists EJ 174 259

f

The Journal Contents Index is arranged alphabetically by journal title and date. This index includes all journals and the articles that appear in that particular issue. Each article is listed in EJ number sequence under the journal title.

Monthly Labor Review Dec 7.7

Educational Attainment of Workers, March 1977 EJ 172 999 Monthly Labor Review Nov 27.
Reshaping a Statistical Program To Meet Legislative Priorities EJ 172 997 Efforts To Improve Estimates of State and Local Unemployment MOSAIC Nov/Des 77' Small Projects; Large Impacts EJ 174 445 NABE: The Journal of the National Association for Bilingual Education May Rationale for a Field-Based Research and Development Project for Multicultural Bilingual Education EJ 174 152 Alternative Forms of Immersion for Second Länguage Teaching - EJ 174
Meaningful Bilingual Bicultural Education: EJ 174 154 Culture in the Bilingual-Bicultural Curriculum EJ 174 155 The Contribution of Linguistics to Bilingual-Bicultural Education EJ-174 156 Staffing Patterns in a Bilingual Education Program: The Rele of the Monolingual Teacher
EJ 174 157 El Efecto de la Educaciun Bilingue Bicultural en los Autoconceptos y las Actitudes de Ninos Hispanicos A Dean Views Billingual Education EJ 174 159 NASPA Journal Sum 7 A Life-Centered Student Affairs Program Identification and Analysis of Activities Related to Developmental Tasks of College Students NASPA Student, Affairs Cost Study Students, Students Everywhere But How Do We Get Them to College 11 173 179 Get Them to Conege What Do You Profess, Professor? EJ 175°180 Student Consumer Protection in Posticeondary EJ 173'181 EJ 173 180 Applying Environmental Management Strategies in Residence Halls EJ 173 182 Redefining a Tradițional Student Personnel Posi-EJ 173 182 EJ 173/183 NASSP Bulletin Feb 78 Dysfunction in School Administration The Principal's Next Challenge: The Twentieth Century Art of Managing Stress EJ 173 486 Crises Administration: Is There a Solution? EJ 173 487 Managing Conflict in Educational Settings
EJ 173 488 Conflict Resolution in High Schools. A Modest Propusal 1 EJ 173,489
A Modest Strategy for Reducing School Conflict Teacher-Administrator Conflict: Can It Be Resolved? EJ 173 491 Managing School Piscal Affairs: Ten Guidelines. Tort Liability of Teachers and Principals EJ 173 493 Measuring Community Attitudes Toward Education EJ 173 494 Student Absenteelsma A Survey Report EJ 173 495 Minimum Proficiencies and the Fire Art of Buction Standards #1 173 496

ERIC

Each issue of CIJE includes an alphabetical listing of journals regularly covered by the ERIC cleaninghouses. Information given includes the price, publisher and the cleaninghouse responsible for indexing the

Monthly Labor Review 111, \$20.00, sc \$2.40; RA: UM1: Regional Offices of the Bureau of Labor Statistics or The Superintendent of Documents, U.S. Government Printing Office, Washington, D.C. 20401/(CE)

MOSAIC q. \$8.55; RA: UMI; Superintendent of Documents, U.S. Government Printing Office, Washington, D.C. 20402 (SE)

Multivariate Behavioral Research q, \$15.00, inst. \$24.00, sc \$6.50; RA: UMI; Business Mgr., Multivariate Behavioral Research, Texas Christian University, Fort Worth, Texas 76129 (TM)

Music Educators Journal 9 (yr. \$12.00, sc \$1.50; RA: UMI; 1902 Association Dr., Reaton, Va. 22091 (AA\*)

NABE: The Journal of the National Association of Bilingual Education q. \$10.00, \$2. \$3.00; Las Americas, L. A. Publishing Co., 37 Union Sq. West, New York, N.Y. 10003 (RC)

NALLD Journal q, \$9.00; National Association of Language Laboratory Directors, Middlebury College, Sunderland Hall, Middlebury, Vt. 05753 (FL\*)

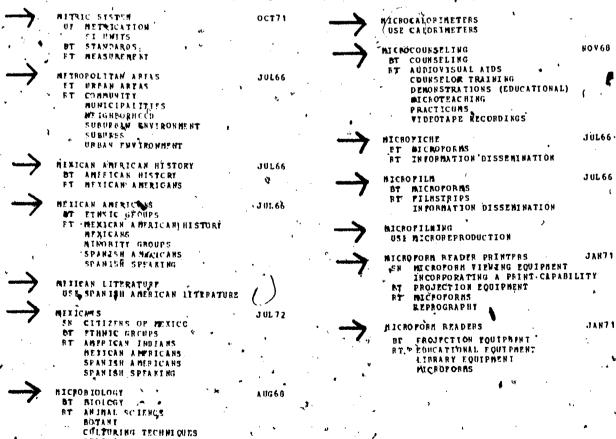
NASPA Journal q, \$6.00, sc \$1.50; RA: UMI; NASPA Central Office, Portland State University, 724 S.W. Harrison St., P.O. Box 751, Portland, Oregon 97207 (CG\*)

NASSP Bulletin 9/yr, mcm. \$40.00, lib. \$30.00, se \$4.00; UMI: National Association of Secondary School Principals, 1904 Association Dr., Reston, Va. 22091 (EA\*)

## What is the Thesaurus of ERIC Descriptors?

PHASIDLOGY PLANT ECTENCE . 20010G1

The <u>Thesaurus of ERIC Descriptors</u> is an alphabetical listing of the terms used for indexing and searching in the ERIC system. These terms, called descriptors, provide the subject headings used in RIE and CIJE indexes. The Thesaurus can also be used to suggest additional concepts, to refine concepts or to avoid synonyms for the same concept.



### What are descriptors?

Descriptors allow an indexer to describe the subject of a document so that it may be stored in the ERIC data base and later retrieved. Descriptors are terms or short phrases representing concepts and general ideas discussed in the document. Descriptors (by themselves or in combination) should adequately represent the ideas and concepts found in the document.

## What do UF, NT, BT, RT and SN mean?

Terms following UF (Used For) are synonyms (having the same or nearly the same meaning) of the main term. These terms are not used for indexing.

NT (Narrower Term) is used to indicate terms which are more specific in meaning than the main term. These terms are used for indexing.

BT (Broad Term) is used to indicate terms used for concepts which are more general in meaning than the main term.

RT (Related Term) is used to indicate terms that are closely related in meaning to the main term.

SN (Scope Note) is a brief statement of the intended usage of that term. It may be used to clarify an ambiguous term (one which can be understood to mean two or more things) or to restrict the usage of that term.

BEHAVIOR CHAINING-SN PROCESS OF LEARNING A BEHAVIOR BEHAVIOR PODIFICATION USE BEHAVIOR CHANGE CHANGE LEARNING PROCESSES BEHAVIOR PATTERNS ASSOCIATION (FSYCHOLOGICAL)
CONTINGENCY, NAMES HERT SH COMPLEX ACTS HADE UP OP DISTINGUISHABLE LESSER ACTS PATTERNED BEHAVIOR HT AROUSAL PATTERNS READING HABITS RECIDIVISH BEHAVIOR CHANGE JOIN CHANGE
COMPLETE OF PARTIAL ALTERATION IN
THE OBSERVABLE ACTIVITY OR
RESPONSE OF A PERSON AS A RESULT
OF A LPARNING PEPERIPHCE
BEHAVIOR HODIFICATION
BURNAVIOR DEVELOPMENT
BEHAVIOR SPRECH MARITS
STAPE ROLE
STUDENT ROLE
STUDY MARITS BEHAVIDE TEACHER BOLE A APPECTIVE BEHAVIOR ANIMAL BEHAVIOR ATTACHMENT BEHAVIOR ATTEMDANCE PATTERNS ADTTEM BEHAVIOR
BEHAVIORAL OBJECTIVES
BEHAVIOP PATTERNS
CHANGE AGENTS
CHANGE STRATEGIES
CHANGING ATTITUDES
CONFITONING AUTTSH BEHAVIOR CONFINGENCY HANAGEMENT
COUNSPLING
HABIT POR HATION
HODDLING (PSYCHOLOGICAL)
NONDIRECTIVE COUNSELING
OVERT RESERVATION
PERSONALITY CHANGE
REACTIVE DEHAVIOR
SPNSORY DEFRIVATION
TPACHES REHAVIOR CONFINGENCY HANAGEMENT BEHAVIORAL OBJECTIVES BEHAVIOR CHANGE CONCEPTUAL TENFO DISSANT YHTAGEZ POHNTOIT IDENTIFICATION (PSYCHOLOGICAL)
INTERTION TEACHES BEHAVIOR LANGUAGE UNIVERSALS
PARANDID BENAVIOR PPRSPECTIVE TAXING PRETEND PLAY FROCESS POUCATION THERROLISVED ROLVEHIE BEHAVIOR CHANGE HABIT FORMATION FACE IS FOUCATION
PSTCHOLOGICAL PATTERNS
PEACTIVE BRHAVIOR
ROLD HODELS
SCHIZOMERIA
SCHIZOMERIA
SOCIAL BENAVIOR
SPORT HAMBED BEHAVIOR DEVELOPMENT ANIHAL PERAVIOR ATTACHMENT BEHAVIOR BEHAVIORAL COUNSELING BIBLIOTHEPAPY BEVELOPMENTAL STAGES PEACHER PEHAVIOR NATURE NUPSURE CONTROVERSY PREYEND PLAY FROMATIONARY PERIOD

PATIONAL THERAPY BELP ACTUALS ATTOM SOCIAL BEHAVIOR \*\*\*1'j

ERIC

#### When and how are new terms added to the Thesaurus?

New terms are added to the Thesaurus' as they are needed. New descriptors are introduced based on the subject matter covered by the document and journal articles which are entered into the ERIC system. However, before a term can become a descriptor, it has to undergo a review.

What do I do when I can't find a particular term in the Thesaurus of ERIC Descriptors?

When you can't find a particular term in the Thesaurus, don't worry. In addition to descriptors, identifiers are used to further describe a document or article. Identifiers are proper nouns and may be persons, geographical locations, trade names, programs, models, tests, legislation, organizations, equipment, etc. Identifiers may also be terms being considered for descriptors.

#### SEARCHING ERIC

When using the ERIC system, you can search the indexes by hand (manually) or by computer. The most common search method is the "subject" type done manually. However, the method used will depend on how much information you need and, since researching using a computer is not free, how much time and money you have. The cost of a computer search varies; so be sure to check the Directory of Search Services.

### How do I'do a manual search?

STEP ONE: First, you need to become familiar with the ERIC vocabulary. Use the <u>Thesaurus of ERIC Descriptors</u> to identify words that describe your topic. If additional descriptors (key words) are needed, use the narrower terms (NT), broader terms (BT) or related terms (RT) listed, under the main term you have chosen.

STEP IWO: Next, you need to consult the monthly issues of Resources in Education (RIE). Turn to the Subject Index. Look under the descriptors you have chosen. Look at the titles listed under that descriptor. Do you see any that relate to your research needs?

STEP THREE: If so, then turn to the Documents Section in the front of the RIL issue. Use the ED number (found at the end of the title in the subject index) to find the entry. Remember that all entries in this section are arranged sequentially by ED number. When you have found the ED number, you can read the abstract of the document. Besides the ED number and abstract, the entry gives you the source of the document, the sponsoring agency, publication date, number of pages, price of the document in microfiche (MF) or papercopy (PC) (or where you can obtain the document if it is not available in MF or PC), and the ERIC descriptors used to index the document. From the abstract, you can decide if you want to read the full document.



STEP FOUR: Finally, if you decide you want to read the full document, locate the microfiche (again by its ED number) at an ERIC depositony (contact an ERIC clearinghouse for a complete listing) and read it on a microfiche reader (a machine which magnifies and projects the images ! from the microfiche onto a screen).

### Now let's do a manual search.

Suppose you were doing a paper on "preparing teachers to work in a bilingual program." First you identify key descriptors from the ... Thesaurus like "Bilingual Education" and "Teacher Education."

THEOUGH THE TEACHING OF REGULAR THROUGH THE TEACHING OF REGULAR SCHOOL COURSES IS BOTH THE MATIONAL LANGUAGE AND A SECOND TAROUNGS BIL!NGUALISE BILINGUAL SCHOOLS BILINGUAL STUDENTS BILINGUAL TEACHER AIDES BILINGUAL TEACHERS BILINGUAL TEACHERS
LDUCATIONAL POLICY
ENGLISH (SECOND LANGUAGE)
IHMPRSTON PROGRAMS
INTERCULTURAL PROGRAMS
LANGUAGE DOFTHANCE
LANGUAGE PRECEMENT
LANGUAGE FRANTING LEVELS
LANGUAGE HAINTENANCE
LANGUAGE PROGRAMS
MULTICULTURAL PROCATION HULTICULTUPAL EDUCATION AUITILINGUALISM NON ENGLISH SPEAKING OPPICIAL LANGUAGES TECOND LANGUAGE LEARNING. SECOND LANGUAGES

TEACHER EDUCATION TEACHTR PREPARATION TEACHTR TRAINING TRACHTR TRAINING EDUCATION INSERVICE TEACHER PROCATION PERFORMANCE BASED TEACHER BOUCATION PRESERVICE EDUCATION STUDENT TEACHING
TEACHER EDUCATION
PROFESSIONAL EDUCATION
AFELLIATED SCHOOLS
CLINICAL FROVESSORS COOFERATING TEACHERS
BDUCATION BAJORS THISTITUTES (TEAT HING PROGRAMS)
LABORATORY SCHOOLS LABORATORY TRAINING HASTER TEACHERS HETHOUS COURSES . HETHOUS TEACHERS HICROTEACHING PRACTICUMS PROTOCOL MATERIALS SCHOOLS OF EDUCATION SCIENCE INSTITUTES SCHMER INSTITUTES
SUBMER INSTITUTES
TEACHER BACKGROUND
TEACHER CENTERS
TEACHER CIPTIFICATION TEACHER EDUCATORS TRACHERS TEACHERS COLLEGES TEACHING EXPERIENCE

Remember, if you need additional descriptors, use the narrower terms, broader terms or related terms listed under the main descriptor.

Next you consult the monthly issues of RIE. Turn to the Subject Index section and look under the term "Teacher Education."

Teacher Education

chtion.

Career Education in Counselor Education. ED 133 484

Career Education in Elementary Teacher Education.

ED 133 488 Career Education in Secondary Teacher Education.

ED 133 487 Career Education in Special Education Personnel Preparation.

EQ 133 483 Gareer Education in Vocational Teacher Edu-

Commission for Teacher Proparation and Licensing: A Report of Bilingual/ Cross-Cul-tural Educational Credentialing Requirements. ED 134 007

Community Resources for Teacher Preparation in Career Education.

ED 133 485

Curriculum for Oradunte Program to Prepare Vocational Education Curriculum Specialium (VECS). Installation Guide. ED 133 563 Curriculum Planning: Ways to Go. ED 133-769 A Description of Del Mod and Its Final Evaluation, Final Report, Volume 1. The Development of Guides for Teache Preparation in Driver Education. Exploring New Directions in Teacher Educa-tion. Experiments in the Preparation and Training of Teachers in Asia. Federal Education Programs and Their on Teacher Education. Language Assistant Training A Refort of Work Supported by the Nuffield Foundation: ED 114 005 Pluralism and the American Teache Preparation of Personnel to Serve the Handicapped 1964-1974: Bibliography of Research Reports, Demonstration Projects, / m/id Other Materials. Working Paper #1. Preparing Educators in USOE Region VII for Rural and Non-urban Schools. ED 134 3 /Educator/ The Real World of the Teacher Look to the Near Future ED 134/566 Social Studies Student Teaché They Really Learn? ED 13/4 493 Special Education Systems Simplation Model: Teacher Training Emplosis. Statistical Comparisons of Pre and Post Del Mod Data, Final Report, Volume V. Summetive Evaluation: Hel/avior Management

Do you see any title which may be relevant to your search? Assume you are interested in the document titled "Teachers for Multicultural Education." To find more information about the document turn to the Documents Section in the front of the RIE issue. Using the ED number, let's find the citation. Remember all entries in this section are arranged in sequence by ED number.

Training Program, Technical Report 31.2

Technology as Contunt: Can Teacher Educa-

Why Children's Literature Belongs in the En-

Teachers for Multicultural luducation

glish Department.

ED 133 985

ED 134 569

ED 134 569 95 SP 010 756

Rivlin, Harry N Gold, Hillon J.

Teachers for Multicultural Education.
Fordham Univ., New York, N.Y.
Spons Agefice—Office of Education (DHEW),
Washington, D.C.
Pub Date Jun 75
Note—155. Work was developed by Multicultural Component/Fordham University Teacher
Corps
EDRS Pile MF-\$0.63 HC-\$1.67 Plus Postaga.
Descriptors—\*Acciliuration, \*Cross Cultural
Training, Cultural Awareness, Cultural Differences, \*Cultural Pluraliam, Educational
Philasophy, Educational Trends, Intercultural
Philasophy \*Teacher Education, \*Teacher
Responsibility \*Teacher Role
Developing teachers for multicultural education
and school administration today so that educators
with help their students learn to live in a multicultural society. In an earlier view, public
schools were considered the "great equalizers"
anding America's social institutions. The assumplon was that admeness resulted in equality. One

12

ERIC

13

of the problems with this thinking was that im posing assimilation upon different cultural and ra cial groups rarely achieved a sense of equality. The myth also existed that public schools encouraged upward mobility among the immigrantsand minority groups. The death of the melling pot myth received official recognition in the United States with the passage of Title IX of the Elementary and Secondary Education Act, popularly known as the Ethnic Heritage Studies Program. At the same time, the American Associa-tion of Colleges for Teacher Education issued a comprehensive statement, entitled "No One Model American," on the melting pot's successor, multicultural education. Multicultural education is the public school's response to a revital-ized cultural pluralism, which has become a predominant value in the American social fabric. Cultural pluralism views the United States as a multicultural society and stresses a new in-terpretation of the word "different"--different means simply different, not better than or worse. The teacher is the key parson in developing a program and curriculum that will meet the goals of cultural pluralism and multiquitural education. (MM)

Remember, along with the abstract is given the source of the document, its sponsoring agency, publication date, number of pages, price of the document in microfiche or papercopy and the ERIC descriptors used to index this document.

If you want to read the full document, locate it (again by ED number) on microfiche in the available ERIC collection. (A complete list of the ERIC collections is available upon request from ERIC/CRESS.)

## What if I want to do a manual search of CIJE?

The steps are the same for searching CIJE as they are for RIE. However, in the Main Entries section of CIJE, you will find only a short annotation of the article, the journal name, volume and number, pages on which the article is found in that issue, the date of that issue and the ERIC descriptors used to index that article. REMEMBER, CIJE citations are NOT available on microfiche from ERIC.

## What are the double slash (4/) marks after the ED number in the index?

Double slash marks mean that the document is not available on microfiche. However, you may order it yourself from the person or organization listed under "Availability" in the Documents Section of RIE.

## Can I do a manual search of ERIC only by subject?

No. Remember that the RIE issues also have indexes for search-ing by authors and institutional sources. The search process is the same except that you look at the Author Index or Institutional Index first instead of the Thesaurus.

### What do I do if I can't find my topic indexed in an Issue of RIE or CIJE?

First, check the Thesaurus to make sure that the term (descriptor) you are using is one allowed in the ERIC system. If you still cannot find it, search in other issues of RIE or CIJE. Keep in mind that the materials submitted to ERIC are announced on a monthly basis; therefore, it is quite likely that some months won't have documents related to your topic.

### is the manual search the quickest and easiest way to search the ERIC system?

No. The quickest and easiest way to search the ERIC system is to have a computer search run on your particular topic. A computer search is easier when you are considering a question or topic which is broad, when you require an in-depthiliterature review or when your question has many aspects to it.

#### How can I get a computer search done?

First, see if your library offers computer services; if not, consult the Directory of Search Services (available from ERIC/CRESS) for the nearest searching facility. You may also contact one of the 16 clearinghouses by mail, phone or in person, and they will run the computer-assisted literature 'search for you. The ERIC clearinghouse can also direct you to an organization that performs searches.

A search specialist will then help you translate the subject of your search into terms from the <u>Thesaurus of ERIC Descriptors</u>. The search specialist will probably ask you questions or have a form that is designed to obtain information that can be translated into a search formula. You should try to be very crear about the information you give to answer the questions.

## What questions will the search specialist ask?

Typical questions which the search specialist will ask are:

What is the purpose of this search? \*

Do you want a broad general coverage of the topic or a very concise (tightly defined) coverage of the topic? (Keep in mind that with a broad general coverage you may get some irrelevant information; with a concise coverage you may miss a few useful items.)

What type of document (i.e., journal article, conference report, curriculum guide, evaluation report) are you most likely to need?

What age or school level will you be working with?

What media or teaching method are you interested in?



Do you have a date restriction? For example, do you want only those documents from 1970 to the present or from 1960 through 1970?

Remember to be as clear as you can when answering any of the questions you are asked.

## Thinking of a computer search?

Suppose you are interested in "the involvement of Mexican American parents in the reading education of their children." To obtain a computerassisted search, take the following steps.

First, contact your library, your nearest search facility, ERIC/CRESS, one of the 16 ERIC clearinghouses or another organization which conducts computer-assisted searches.

Then, work with their search specialist to translate your topic into ERIC descriptors or terms. These terms would be "Mexican Americans," "parent participation," "reading" and others.

Next you would decide whether you want broad or concise coverage, what age or school level, type of document and date range.

Now the search specialist can translate your request into a search formula,

## What do I get when I receive my computer search?

Usually you will receive complete abstracts (just like the summaries in RIE and main entries in CIJE) for every ERIC document or journal article related to your topic. Now you do not have to take the time to locate all of the articles in the indexes because you have a complete listing of pertinent documents with their respective abstracts so you can review the selected material and choose those documents of most interest for in-depth-study.



## ADDING MATERIALS TO ERIC

When you used ERIC, was there a lack of information on your topic? Do you know of some specific documents which you did not find in your ERIC search? You can help make ERIC a better information system by sending this information to an ERIC clearinghouse for possible inclusion in the system. Only through your comperation and the cooperation of those generating and producing documents can ERIC provide comprehensive coverage of the literature of education and related areas. REMEMBER, ERIC depends on the flow of documents from users, authors, and institutions to its clearinghouses. If you have prepared a report, a speech or a paper, you can help other people with interests similar to yours by sending it To ERIC for possible inclusion in the data base.

## What do I get for submitting my document to ERIC?

ERIC does MOT pay you for submitting your document to ERIC. However, as a contributor of documents that have been accepted by ERIC, you can benefit in the following ways:

Amnouncement:

Your document is announced to some 5,000 organizations receiving the monthly RIE.

Publicity:

If you wish to sell copies of your document, you can have its availability announced to users in RIE, thus publicizing it.

Dissemination:

Your document is reproduced on microfiche and distributed (at no cost to you) to the more than 700 ERIC collections in the United States and abroad.

Always "In Print":. Your document will always be available and never go out of print.

## How can I submit documents to FRIC?

You send a copy (2 if possible) of the clearest print available (a good xerox copy is fine) to ERIC/CRESS or the clearinghouse most suitable for the topic of your paper. When submitting documents, you should indicate that you want the document to be considered for possible inclusion in the ERIC system. It would help if you would include an abstract of your document. If your materials deal with Mexican Americans, send them to:

Information Specialist for Mexican American and Migrant Education (ERIC Clearinghouse on Rural Education and Small Schools:

Box 3AP, New Mexico State University
Las Cruces; New Mexico 88003

or

to one of the other clearinghouses listed on p. 51.

If I am searching ERIC for information pertaining to Mexican Americans, what are some of the most often used Descriptors and Identifiers?

ERIC has a wide variety of information pertaining to the education of Mexican Americans and related areas, e.g., the arts, economics, culture, health, history, literature, labor, language, politics and social sciences. Among the most often used descriptors are the following (consult the ERIC Thesaurus for additional descriptors):

#### <u>Çulture</u>,

Acculturation
Biculturatism
Cultural Activities
Cultural Awareness
Cultural Background
Cultural Differences
Cultural Education
Cultural Events
Cultural Factors
Cultural Interrelationships
Cultural Isolation
Cultural Pluralism
Culture Conflict
Latin American Culture
Spanish Culture

#### Education

Academic Achievement
Academic Aspiration
Academic Performance
Achievement
Adult Basic Education
Adult Education
Adult Education
Adult Education
Aspiration
Bilingual Education

## Education (con't)

Bilingualism Bilingual Schools Bilingual Students Bilingual Teachers Career Education Community Colleges Compensatory Education Compensatory Education Programs Computer Assisted Instruction Concept Formation. Curriculum, Curriculum Design Curriculum Development Curriçulum Guides Early Childhood Education Education • Educational Assessment Educational Attitudes Educational Change Educational Disadvantagement Educational Discrimination Educational Finance Educational Improvement. Educational Innovation Educational Needs Educational Objectives Educational Opportunities

## Education (con't)

Educational Planning Educational Policy Educational Problems Educational Programs Educational Strategies Educational Television Elementary Education Elementary Grades Elementary Schools Elementary Secondary Education Equal Education Higher Education Institutes (Training Programs) Instructional Materials Instructional Programs Intelligence Tests Intervention Junior Colleges Learning Activities Migrant Education Motivation Physical Sciences Pilot Projects Preschool Education Preschool Programs Primary Grades Reading Achievement Reading Instruction Reading Programs. Reading Research Reading Skills Reward School Integration Science Instruction Secondary Education Standardized Tests Task Performance Teacher Attitudes Teacher Education Teaching Guides Teaching Methods Teaching Techniques Vocational Education

## Educational Levels

Adult Education
Adult Basic Education
Early Childhood Education

### Educational Levels (con't)

Elementary Education
Elementary Secondary Education
Higher Education
High School Equivalency Programs
Intermediate Grades
Junior Colleges
Junior High Schools
Preschool Education
Primary Education
Post Secondary Education
Secondary Education
Senior High Schools

### Economic

Economic Development
Economic Disadvantagement
Economic Factors
Economic Status

### Health

Alcoholism
Child Rearing
Drug Abuse
Health Services
Identification (Psychological)
Interaction Process Analysis
Mental Health
Nutrition

## History

American History
History
Mexican American History
Social Studies
Social Studies Units
United States History

### <u>Labor</u>

Agricultural Laborers
Employment
Employment Opportunities
Equal Opportunities (Jobs)
Job Training
Manpower Development
Migrant Workers
Occupational Aspiration

#### <u>Language</u>

Bilingualism Child Language Code Switching (Language) English English (Second Language) English Instruction Language Arts Language Development Language Handicaps Language Instruction Language Programs Language Research Language Role Language Skills Language Usage Sociolinguistics Spanish

#### Literature

Content Analysis
Essays
Literature
Literature Reviews
Novels
Poetry
Spanish American Literature
Spanish Literature
Twentieth Century Literature

#### Media 🐬 .

Audiovisual Aids
Communication (Thought Transfer)
Films
Filmstrips
Mass Media
Programming (Broadcast)

## Politics/Government

Civil Rights
Court Litigation:
Court Cases
Federal Government
Federal Legislation
Federal Programs
Government (Administrative Body)
Rollical Attitudes

### Politics/Government (con't)

Political Influences
Political Power
Political Socialization

### Population

Children College Students \*Culturally Disadvantaged Disadvantaged Groups Disadvantaged Youth Economically Disadvantaged Educationally Disadvantaged Elementary School Students Females High School Students Illegal Immigrants **Immigrants** Low Income Groups Males Mexican Americans Mexicans Migrant Children Migrants Migrant Worker Migrant Youth Minority Group Children Minority Groups Non English Speaking Preschool Children Rural Population Rural Youth Secondary School Students Spanish Americans Spanish Speaking

## Reference Materials

Abstracts
Annotated Bibliographies
Annual Reports
Bibliographies
Children's Books
Children's Literature
Conference Reports
Directories
Doctoral Theses
Library Materials
Library Services



### Reference Materials (con't)

Periodicals
Reading Materials
Reference Materials
Research Review (Publications)
Resource Materials
Supplementary Reading Materials

### Research

Area Studies 4. Census Figures Comparative Analysis Cross Cultural Studies Demography Exceptional Child Research **Interviews** Longitudinal Studies Models Population Trends Program Descriptions Program Development Program Effectiveness Program Evaluation Program Planning Questionnaires Research Statistical Data Tables (Data) Test Blas **Test Construction** Testing Tests

## Social Sciences

Activism
Adjustment (to Environment)
Attitudes
Behavior Change
Behavior Patterns

## Social Sciences (con't)

Changing Attitudes Cognitive Development Cognitive Processes Community Action Community Involvement Community Organizations Discriminatory Attitudes (Social) Ethnic Distribution Ethnic Origins Ethnic Relations Ethnic Stereotypes Ethnic Studies Family Characteristics Individual Characteristics Intergroup Relations, Needs Organizations (Groups) Parent Attitudes Parent Child Relationship Race Relations Racial Discrimination Self Concept Sex Differences Social Discrimination Social Influences Social Problems Social Sciences Social Values Social Patterns Socioeconomic Background Socioeconomic Influences Socioeconomic Status Sociology Stereotypes Student Adjustment Student Attitudes Student Evaluation Student Needs Values

## Among the most often used Identifiers are the following:

Americans of Spanish Origin Chicanismo Chicanas Chicanos Chicano Literature Chicano Studies Curanderismo Hispanics Hispanos Spanish Surnamed

## ABBREVIATIONS

## **Abbreviations**

BT Broad Term

CERIC Central ERIC

CH Clearinghouse'

CIJE Current Index to Journals in Education

ED ERIC Document

EDRS ERIC Document Reproduction Service

EJ Educational Journal

ERIC Educational Résource Information Center

ERIC/CRESS Educational Resource Information Center/Clearinghouse

on Rural Education and Small Schools

GPO: Government Printing Office

IAP Information Analysis Products

MF . Microfiche

N7 Narrower Term

PC Raper Copy

Pubtype Publication Type

RIE Resources in Education

Related Term

SN Scope Note

UF Used For

UMI University of Microfilms International.

Page 23, 24 - blank

## GLOSSARY OF ERIC VOCABULARY

### Glossary of ERIC Terminology

### <u>Abstract</u>

A concisely written, 200-word (or less) narrative description of the subject content and scope of a document. Each citation in RIE includes an abstract.

## Anhotation

A brief (50 words or less), concise explanation or description of a journal article. Annotations are written for journal articles (CIJE entries) whose titles are not sufficient to convey content adequately.

### Author Index

Found in RIE and CIJE; lists personal authors in alphabetical order by last name, with titles of their documents in ERIC and/or articles indexed and the ED or EJ number for each.

## Broader Term (BT)

A Descriptor that is a member of a class that totally contains a smaller class (also represented by a Descriptor) within it. For example, BIBLIOGRAPHIES is a Broader Term to ANNOTATED BIBLIOGRAPHIES. These terms are found in the ERIC Thesaurus.

## Certral ERIC (CERIC)

The organizational unit within NIE responsible for the ERIC network, its budgeting, funding, planning, program development, monitoring and policy setting. All ERIC contractors (e.g., ERIC FACILITY, EDRS, Clearinghouses, CIJE Contractor, etc.) report to Central ERIC.

## Clearinghouse (CH)

A contractor within the ERIC network that takes responsibility for the acquisition and processing of materials in one of the major areas of the field of education, e.g., Information Resources, Higher Education, Educational Management, Early Childhood Education. ERIC Clearinghouses have traditionally seen located within non-profit institutions such as universities or professional associations; the exact number (currently 16) varies with the shifting needs of the aducational community. A list of Clearinghouses, with address and phone numbers, is given in Appendix D.

### Computer Search

Examination by computer of a data base for information on a given topic. Use-ful for its capacity to derive relationships between sets of terms. For example, the computer can look through all the materials on Mexican Americans and all the materials on Library Services, combine the two sets and provide the searcher with only those items which contain both concepts.

### Current Index to Journals in Education (CIJE)

A monthly index to the periodical literature covering over 700 major education and education-related publications. It includes a main entry section with annotations and is indexed by subject, author and journal contents.

### Data Base

A file of data, asually in machine-readable language. The ERIC data base contains the information printed in CIJE and RIE.

### Descriptor

A term of one or more words representing concepts and general ideas found in the ERIC Thesaurus. It is used to describe, characterize or index the subject content of a document or journal article. ERIC users can locate documents and articles by searching RIE and CIJE subject indexes using selected Descriptors.

#### Document Resume

A concise document description including cataloging and indexing information and an abstract for each entry in RIE.

#### Document Resume Section

A section of RIE which includes the document resumes arranged numerically by ED number and grouped alphabetically by clearinghouse prefix initials. A list of these initials is found in the front of the Document Resume section of RIE.

#### **Documents**

'Research papers, speech texts, studies, conference reports, curriculum studies, etc. that have been put into the ERIC system and listed in RIE.

## ED Number

ERIC Document Number -- an accession number assigned to titles in RIE and used to locate abstracts in the resume section as well as the microfiche.

### EJ Number

ERIC Journal Number -- an accession number assigned to titles in CIJE and used to locate article annotations in the Main Entry Section.

### ERIC

The acronym for Educational Resources Information Center.

# ERIC Document Reporduction Service (EDRS)

The ERIC contractor responsible for filming documents, handling subscriptions (standing orders) for microfiche and processing on-demand individual orders for both microfiche and papercopy. Address for ordering is P. O. Box 190, Arlington, Virginia 22210.

## ERIC Processing and Reference Facility

The central computerized facility which accepts data from each Clearinghouse, prepares publications for Government Printing Office, builds and maintains the Thesaurus and produces various products for use in the system. A wide variety of supporting functions are also performed, e.g., acquisitions lexicography, data conversion reference, tape distribution, forms control, scheduling. Address is 4833 Rugby Avenue, Suite 303, Bethesda, Maryland 20014.

## ERIC Tools

A series of printed indexes, directories and cross reference lists providing manual access to the ERIC document collection by title, institutional sources, contract/grant number and clearinghouse number. A descriptor/identifier usage report indicates the number of times various terms have been used in indexing ERIC documents. These are available from the ERIC Processing and Reference Facility.

## Free-text Search

Computerized examination of the records in the data for the presence of a given word or combination of words which are not necessarily descriptors or identifiers.

### Government Printing Office (GPP)

Prints monthly issues of RIE from the magnetic tapes and distributes them to subscribers.

### Identifier

An index term used for a specific entry, e.g., project legislation, person, place, organization, coined term, acronym or equipment. Identifiers are intended to provide additional specialized indexing depth. Major Identifiers are listed in the Subject Index of RIE and CIJE. (See Major Descriptors.)

### Indexing

The process of assigning Descriptors from the Thesaurus and Identifiers to documents and journal articles in order to describe their subject content.

### Information Analysis Products (IAPs)

Publications commissioned and produced by each Clearinghouse within their scope of interest including bibliographies, topical papers, literature reviews, directories and state-of-the-art papers.

### Institution Index

found in RIE, this index lists document titles under the institution responsible for producing them and under their sponsoring agency when applicable. Arranged in alphabetical order by name of university, agency, association.

#### Midrofiche

'A 4" by 6" (105mm x 148mm) flat sheet of film containing reduced images of up to 98 pages per sheet. ERIC prepares microfiche for all Level I and II documents announced in RIE using the COSATI/NMA standard (24x. reduction; 98 frames in a 7 x 14 grid). Microfiche may be made of silver, diazo or visicular film. A microfiche reader or reader-printer is required to read the page image.

#### Minor Descriptor

A Descriptor assigned to a document and appearing in the printed Document Resume section of RIE, the Main Entry Section of CIJE and in the computer record but NOT in the subject indexes of RIE or CIJE. (See Major Descriptor.):



## Narrower Term (NT)

A Descriptor that is a member of a class totally contained in a larger class also represented by a Descriptor. For example, the term ANNOTATED BIBLIOGRAPHIES is said to be a Narrower Term than BIBLIOGRAPHIES because it designates a particular kind of bibliography. These terms are found in the ERIC Thesaurus.

## National Institute of Education (NIE)

Funding agency for ERIC, part of the Department of Health, Education and Welfare (DHEW). Created in 1972 by Congress "to help solve or to alleviate critical problems of American education through research and development," ERIC is part of NIE's dissemination service.

### On-Line System

A system in which a computer terminal is in direct and continuing communication via telephone hookup with the central processor of the computer. With an on-line system, interaction between computer and searcher during the search process allows immediate feedback of results and immediate modification of the search request when desired.

### Oryx Press

The commerical contractor currently responsible for publication and distribution of CIJE, hardbound RIE and CIJE indexes, the ERIC Thesaurus, and selected bibliographies. Address for placing orders is Oryx Press, 2214 North Central at Encanto, Phoenix, Arizona 85004.

## Paper Copy (PC)

A paper copy of a document, usually a full-size photocopy of the original. Earlier editions of RIE referred to paper copy as hard copy (HC).

## Publication Type (Pubtype)

The Publication Type (or Document Type) field designed to carry a three-character numeric code designating a broad category or type of document. It is sometimes followed by one or more Descriptors indicating more specifically the form of the document. The purpose of the field is to describe the form of the document itself, not its <u>subject</u>.



## Journal Contents Index

Located in the back of each issue of CIJE, this alphabetical listing of journals reviewed also indicates the titles of articles indexed from each journal.

### Level 1

A reproduction release is on file from the author or institution for a particular RIE entry. This document is made available throughout the system on microfiche and in paper copy through orders placed with the ERIC Document Reproduction Service (EDRS).

#### Level 2

A reproduction release is on file from the author or institution for a particular, RIE entry stating that the document released may be made available throughout the system on microfiche ONLY. The safeguard is that should the document go out-of-print, there will always be a copy in the ERIC files, which serve an archival function.

#### Level 3

The reproduction release was not given for the material submitted to a Clear-inghouse. The document is only cited with bibliographic information and in abstract. The complete text IS NOT included in the microfiche collection. An availability is always noted for Level 3 materials.

#### Level Descriptors (Education)

Those Descriptors from the Thesaurus which identify the educational level under study or for which a document is geared, e.g., Elementary Education, Primary Grades, Higher Education. (See p. for a complete list of these descriptors.)

#### Main Entry Section

A section of QIJE which includes the article annotation, indexing terms and journal citation. Arranged numerically by EJ number and alphabetically by Clearinghouse prefix initials. (A list of these initials is found in the front of CIJE.)

#### Major Descriptor

A Descriptor representing one of the major concepts contained in a document. Major Descriptors appear in the subject index of RIE and CIJE. In order to

restrict the size of the indexes, no more than six (6) Descriptors may be designated as Major. An asterisk (\*) is used to denote a Major Descriptor in the Document Resume section of RIE and the Main Entry section of CIJE.

### Manual Search

Ecoking up information on a given topic in the annual, semi-annual and monthly issue of RIE and CIJE. Information is listed by subject, author and institution in RIE and by subject, author and journal contents in CIJE.

## Related Term (RT)

A term that is conceptually related in some way to another term. Related lerms may be close in meaning, may have the same Broader Term, may be related in usage or application or may have part-whole relationships. For example, ANNOTATED BIBLIOGRAPHIES sometimes contain ABSTRACTS. These terms are found in the ERIC Thesaurus.

### Reproduction Release

A form signed by an author designating that permission has been given to ERIC for entry of a document into RIE and indicating permissible methods of reproduction.

## Resources in Education (RIE)

The monthly journal of resumes announcing recently completed research reports, descriptions of projects and outstanding programs, and other documents of educational significance. It contains subject, author and institution indexes.

### Retrieval

The process of identifying, locating and obtaining information from a data base.

## Scope Note (SN)

- A. A brief note found in the Thesaurus explaining usage of a Descriptor. Used to restrict usage or to clarify a Descriptor which may have alternate meanings. Not intended as a formal definition.
- B. Also, the explanation of the mission of each clearinghouse which is used to define its acquisitions efforts and subject specialties.



#### Search

A systematic attempt to identify documents on a given topic and/or of a specific type in a data base. Applies to both manual and compliter inquiries. (See Computer Search and Manual Search.)

### Search Interview

The method by which searchers and users discussiand define: the topics to be covered in the search; the type, format, cost and amount of information desired; and the purpose for which the material is to be used.

### Search Strategy

The development of a logical arrangement of sets of terms in order to retrieve relevant materials from the data base. A search strategy is usually exemplified by a series of Descriptors, Identifiers and free-text words arranged in groups and interconnected by logical operators (usually AND, OR and NOT). The selection and arrangement of elements within a set and the combination of the sets can be manipulated to determine the search output. (See Section on Poing a Computer Search.)

#### Set

Any grouping of items of interest used in computer searching, e.g., Instructional Materials Center, Audiovisual Centers, Resource Centers.

#### Source Journal Index

Found in the front of CIJE. This is a list of journals indexed in CIJE, including publisher and address, price, frequency, reprint availability and the two-letter code of the clearinghouse responsible for indexing the journal.

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Found in RIE and CIJE, this index provides access to document and journal afticle titles through the usage of Major Descriptors and Identifiers



# Thesaurus of ERHC Descriptors.

A book containing the structured, controlled vocabulary of over 5,000 educational terms used by ERIC which are called Descriptors. These terms are used in indexing and retrieving documents and journal articles in the ERIC system. New terms are added as necessary and included in the back of the monthly and semi-annual editions of RIE and CIJE.

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## <u>Use</u>

A Thesaurus reference which refers the user from a term which IS NOT a Descriptor to the term which IS used as a Descriptor for the same concept.

## Used For (UF)

Terms following the UF notation in the Thesaurus are synonyms for variant forms of the main term. They ARE NOT Descriptors and CANNOT BE USED in manual searching.

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