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#### ABSTRACT

The purpose of this guide is to provide assistance for home economics teachers in gaining insight in working with mildly disabled students as individuals and as members of a mainstreamed class. Preceding the four major parts of this document are descriptions of the following related elements: characteristics of eighth and ninth grade students and provisions for their needs (including typical mild mentally and/cr physically disabled learners); adult skills for living; group learning centers and group learning center teaching modules. The objectives, generalizations, and basic concepts of the learning center teaching module presented in this document are outlined in part 1. Two major plans for, developing a learning center teaching module on the topic of consumer education are presented in part 2. (The plans are designed to be included in either a foods or clothing unit appropriate for an eighth or ninth grade mainstreamed class.) Each plan includes an overview of the use of learning centers, directions for using learning centers, a guide for learning center activities, and tips for classroom management. Part 3 contains the student materials needed for group learning centers, and part 4 contains the materials needed by the teacher. (A related document, CE 016 746, reports the research and development of this guide.) (BM) \*

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# GROUP LEARNING CENTERS

**Illustrated for Home Economics** 

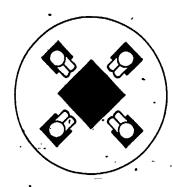
A Strategy for Use in Classes

Mainstreaming Disabled Students

# Published under Exemplary Grant

Career Education Division
Department of Public Instruction
Grimes State Office Building
Des Moines, Iowa 50319

Vinder Supervision of lowa State University College of Home Economics Department of Home Economics Education Ames, Iowa 50011



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A Strategy for Use in Classes
Mainstreaming Disabled Students

PUBLISHED UNDER EXEMPLARY GRANT from Career Education Division Department of Public Instruction Grimes State Office Building Des Moines, Iowa 50319

ERIC

Under Supervision of
Iowa State University
College of Home Economics
Department of Home Economics Education
Ames, Iowa 50010

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#### FOREWORD

The group learning center teaching modules and supporting materials presented here are based on a study, "Procedures for Teaching Skills for Living in Classes Where Mildly Handicapped Pupils are Integrated with None handicapped Pupils," conducted by the Home Economics Education Department at Iowa State University. The study was funded by the Career Education Division, Iowa Department of Public Instruction. The research bases for these materials and the procedures followed in their development may be obtained from the final report of this project available from the Career Education Division, Iowa Department of Public Instruction.

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#### INTRODUCTION

Home economics educators are concerned, as is the trend in all education today, in the development of the student as a total person. Emphasis is being placed on the importance of social experiences within the classroom which contribute to the growth and development of the whole child. Because many disabled children have been isolated in separate classrooms, they have had limited opportunities to develop the social skills necessary to function in our complex society.

Due to recent federal legislation increasing numbers of disabled students are being integrated into regular classrooms. This movement to include physically and/or mentally disabled students in regular classes is referred to as mainstreaming or integration. The definition of mainstreaming accepted for the development of materials in this guide was:

Mainstreaming consists of providing a meaningful learning environment in a least restrictive setting for students of a range of potentials and limitations, including those with disabilities; that nurtures growth as individuals and group members.

Home economics classes are often mainstreamed. While the teachers are willing to work with disabled students, many have had little experience with or knowledge of exceptional children as a group.

The purpose of this guide is to provide assistance for home economics teachers in gaining insight in working with mildly disabled students as individuals and as members of a mainstreamed class.

An illustration of one teaching/learning strategy, based on group learning centers, is developed for use in a mainstreamed home economics classroom. When integrating students of varying abilities within a common classroom,

group learning centers provide a setting for social experiences which promote the acquisition of social skills. Through the planned activities included in the centers, provisions can be made to meet the educational needs of all students—the typical, the mildly mentally disabled and/or the mildly physically disabled. The use of learning centers facilitates providing meaningful hands on activities in a nonlaboratory setting.

The group learning center teaching module presented in this guide is appropriate for an 8th or 9th grade mainstreamed class which includes girls and/or boys. The topic of consumer education—the consumer has the right to know—is used for the focus of the module which is designed to be included in either a foods or clothing unit. The teaching module can provide guidance for the home economics teacher in developing group learning centers in other subject mat—ter areas.

The first half of this guide is organized to present pertinent background information on the characteristics of 8th and 9th grade students—the typical, the mildly physically disabled and the mildly mentally disabled. A brief discussion is included of skills for living and those competencies which can be acquired by adolescents. In conclusion the use of group learning centers is more fully examined.

The second half of the guide is devoted to the group learning center teaching module, which includes two separate plans for the use of learning centers. Included in the teaching module are teacher directions for implementing each plan and a complete listing of student materials necessary to set up the learning centers. Many of these materials are provided for duplication; others are fully described to facilitate their collection.



#### CHARACTERISTICS OF LEARNERS

A mainstreamed home economics class is composed of students from three different groups: the typical, the mildly mentally disabled and/or the mildly physically disabled. The teacher, working with these three groups within a common classroom, is likely to be more successful if she has a clear picture of each group, keeping in mind that there are as many or more similarities between groups as there are differences. The characteristics of these three groups and the characteristics common between groups are provided below.

Following the listings of characteristics are the provisions made in the learning center activities designed for this guide to meet the needs of the three groups in a main-streamed class.

Characteristics of 8th, 9th Grade Students

# A: Characteristics Found in All Groups of 8th and 9th Grade Students

Certain characteristics are generally true of 8th and 9th graders as a group. Individually, they may show wide variations in relation to any one characteristic.

Conforms to peer standards and behavior.

Emulates behavior of older or prestigious models.

Is easily influenced or swayed by ideas, beliefs, and tastes of others.

Tends to be intolerant and critical of self and others, exaggerates imperfections.

Tests his/her control and influence over others, sometimes cruelly.

Enjoys group activity and friendships, tending to form somewhat exclusive groups.

Is very sensitive to criticism, rejection, inadequacies, and failure: unsure of himself/herself,

·Is establishing own identity and independence.

Displays behaviors that are erratic and unp

May spend much time "daydreaming."

Is competitive and highly motivated by tangible reward and/or praise.

Is concerned about sexuality and reproduction and his/her own masculinity or femininity.

May worry about concerns over which he/she has little or no control.

Alternates between extremes of energy and fatigue.

Tends to have poor posture and clamsy, awkward move-

May voice a wide variety of physical complaints.

May be careless and negligent about nutrition, rest, and health practices.

Is active, noisy, and boisterous.

Is subject to wide mood wariations and lacks emotional control.

Is highly self conscious and feels himself/herself to be "on display."

May be preoccupied with his/her own appearance and dress.

Needs to feel included.

Engages in incidental learning.

Places high priority upon status and approval from peers.

# B. Characteristics Found in the Typical Student

There were no characteristics found only in the typical student which were not shared by the physically and/or mentally disabled student.

# Characteristics Found in Students with Mental Disabilities

As was true for 8th and 9th grade students as

in als, 8th and 9th grade mentally disable students exhibit wide variations from individual to individual. However, the following characteristics are more likely to be found in the mentally disabled as a group than in the general population.

Has learning curve similar but much slower than the normal child.

Lags behind classmates 1-1/2 to 3 years in basic skills.

Develops at 1/2 - 3/4 the rate of the average child.

Performs better in oral than written testing situations.
Is limited in generalizing ability.

Transfers concrete learnings with help.

Retains, knowledge that has been overlearned.

Possesses limited powers of self-evaluation.

Limited ability to use power of concentration for long periods of time.

Is primarily concerned with the "here and now."

Lacks inner motivation; is outer motivated.

Is limited in judgement and decision making ability.

Does not find repetitious or monotonous tasks distasteful.

# D. <u>Characteristics Found in Students with Physical Dis-abilities</u>

Wide individual variations are found in the physically disabled. As a group, however, they are likely to exhibit the following characteristics.

Has personal appearance that may indicate some physical limitation.

Feels rejected by peers when judged by physical appearance.

May or may not accept orm disability, and possible appearance, as permanent.

May be overly rejecting or overly demanding of help from others.

Has difficulty in establishing ones self as an adult; difficult to attain society's "signs of maturity":

...marriage-parenthood

...economic independence

...independent living

May be stronger or weaker physically than he/she appears to be.

# E. Commonalities Among Typical and Physically Disabled Students

Is developing a sense of social consciousness; may strongly espouse a 'cause'.

May be very persistent in learning skills.

Can conceptualize and reason abstractly and can use abstract rules and generalizations to solve problems.

Is capable of considering various ways of solving a problem, can examine the probable consequences of possible alternatives, and can take responsibility for the outcomes of own decisions.

Delights in personal discovery of truths and inconsistencies.

May be acutely sensitive to injustice and to right or wrong.

Tends to view right or wrong as absolutes.

Is within the "normal" range of intellectual ability.

# F. Commonalities Among Typical and Mildly Mentally Disabled Students

May not be physically as strong as he/she may appear to be.

Normal physical appearance with wide variations.

# G. Commonalities Among Mildly Mentally Disabled and Physically Disabled Students

May lag behind normal children in motor development (both gross and fine).

Has low tolerance for frustration.

May withdraw from activity in classroom, or may exhibit aggressive behavior.

Lacks self-confidence.

May be lagging in social development.

May become passive - resistive by refusing to participate actively within the class, and then may engage in surreptitious disruptive behavior.

Can become an obtrusive behavior problem whose acting out, hyperactivity and extreme distractibility disrupt the activities of the rest of the class.

May have a poor self image.

# Provisions for Needs

The characteristics found in the three groups of learners—typical, mildly mentally and/or physically disabled students—were used as a guide in developing learning center activities which would meet the needs of and be meaningful to each of the three types of students working together in the terogeneous groups within the same classroom. Considering the similarities and differences of the characteristics among these three groups of students, activities were designed which would:

- 1) encourage tutorial help from peers.
- 2) provide ways to involve teacher aids and resource teachers.
- 3) involve actual "hands-on" objects to give emphasis to concrete rather than abstract experiences.
- th) furnish "hands-on" objects commonly found in the student's home environment.
- 5) use a wide variety of short meaningful activities calling for direct participation to accommodate short attention span and need for short term goals. Present new concepts in more than one way to contribute to greater retention.
- 6) reinforce concepts from learning center to (learning center to encourage "overlearning" of concepts.
- 7) provide visuals, a variety of posters with brief information and large bold print, and illustrations from magazines and newspapers.

- 8) provide items on tests which include visuals and illustrations; require simple marking of answers.
- 9), use case studies to relate activities in classroom to everyday experiences.
- 10) encourage participation by all in making group de-
- 11) furnish tapes for low-level readers or nonreaders, or for those with visual disabilities.
- 12) encourage decision-making through optional activities (Plan. 1), and offer opportunity to choose according to individual abilities and interests.
- ing for responses by "checking" rather than writing.
- 14) place emphasis upon oral and visual activity rather than reading or writing.
- 15) use materials highly structured and accompanied by brief and concise yet specific directions.

#### SKILLS FOR LIVING

Skills for living needed by adults to function as effective individuals, family members, and members of society, grew out of a study of general education and special education goals. A comparison of the two types of goals revealed that the needs of the disabled were similar to those of all individuals. During adolescence competencies can be achieved which lead to the development of these skills for living as the adolescent matures. The subject matter of home economics provides many opportunities for the adolescent student to participate in activities which contribute to the acquisition of these competencies.

The adult skills for living are presented below with the corresponding competencies for adolescents listed at the side. An asterisk indicates the competencies to which the activities illustrated in the learning center teaching module in this guide contribute.

### Skills for Living

#### Adulthood

1. Maintain a strate of physical and psychological
well being

2. Identify personal values.

and philosophy

- Early Adolescence
- a. Apply principles of nutrition in the selection of food consumed
- b. Follow sanitary procedures and safety practices in the environment.
- c. Accept responsibility for establishing regular routines that contribute to a healthy body
- d. Be aware of health services available to a teen-ager
- a. Clarify personal values to guide behavior and make choices
- b. Identify short and long term goals

#### Skills (continued)

3. Develop one's own potential

- 4. Respect and get along with people with whom one works, and lives
- 5. Use knowledge and acquire attitudes basic to a satisfying family life
- 6. Communicate ideas, verbally and nonverbally
- 7. Select and participate in leisure time activities that provide self-satisfaction
- 8. Appreciate culture and beauty in various forms
- 9. Earn a living
- 10. Manage one's money and other resources

- .\*a. Accept self as a worthy individual
  - b. Accept one's own femininity or masculinity
  - c. Recognize one's strengths' and weaknesses.
  - d. Develop an awareness of the significance of continuous self-improvement
  - a. Be aware of the interdependence of youth and parents or guardaans
  - b. Comprehend qualities needed for living effectively with family members and others
- a. Comprehend what contributes to a satisfying family life
- b. Realize there are commonalities among families and yet each family is unique
- \*a. Communicate ideas, verbally and nonverbally
  - a. Explore and become involved in a variety of leisure time activities
- a. Be willing to take advantage of opportunities to explore beauty and culture in a variety of forms
- a Explore the satisfactions of earning money
- b. Comprehend the reciprocal responsibilities of the employer and employee
- c. Explore possible directions of career choice
- \*a. Be aware of personal, resources in addition to money
  - b. Develop skills in relation to management of money, time and energy

#### Skills (continued)

- ll. Use skills of critical thinking in examining and using information and in problem-solving
- 12. Adjust to changes in personal life, family life, and society
- 13. Adjust to forces of nature and understand the physical environment
- 14. Accept civic responsibility as a participating member of the community, state, and nation

- \*a- Identify alternative solutions to problems and recognize possible outcomes of each solution
  - b. Accept the consequences of their decisions
- \*c. Decide when information is reliable
  - a. Recognize that change is part of life
- \*b. Realize that continuing education throughout the life time is a way of coping with change
- a. Realize that man is subject to the forces of nature
- b. Realize the limitations of resources in our physical environment and personal obligation for conservation
- \*a, Accept the necessity for laws and law enforcement
- b. Use community facilities with care
- c. Accept the responsibility for being a contributing member of school and/or community activities

# GROUP LEARNING CENTERS

The definition of home economics learning centers which guided the development of the teaching module for learning centers is:

Home economics learning centers are teaching/ learning environments established either within or outside the classroom for the purpose of assisting small groups of learners, working either individually or as a group, to achieve one or more specified educational objectives. Each center contains the necessary instructional aids to be used in the accomplishments of the objective(s).

Group learning centers, used within the home economics classroom, facilitate instruction for students of a range of intellectual abilities in a mainstreamed class situation because they:

- 1. Encourage all students to develop social skills through small group interaction.
- 2. Encourage involvement of all students. Mentally disabled students are much more likely to participate actively in small groups than in large groups.
- Provide opportunity for individualized instruction to meet the educational needs and goals of all students through group rather than independent study. Reinforcement or enrichment activities can be offered as needed.
- Free the teacher during the class period to give personalized help to students as needed as the learning center activities are self-directed.
- 5. Provide opportunity for tutorial help as needed, either by peers, resource teachers, or para professionals.
- 6. Encourage the teacher to provide meaningful "hands on" activities for areas that may be primarily academic in nature.

- 7. Help the nondisabled student gain greater appreciation for the disabled individual as a person with needs and differing abilities, as they work closely together to accomplish a common objective.
- 8. Contribute to the acquisition of living competencies—communicating the verbally and nonverbally, respecting and getting along with people with whom one works and lives; and accepting oneself as a worthy individual.

. A model of the functioning of this instructional strategy is below:

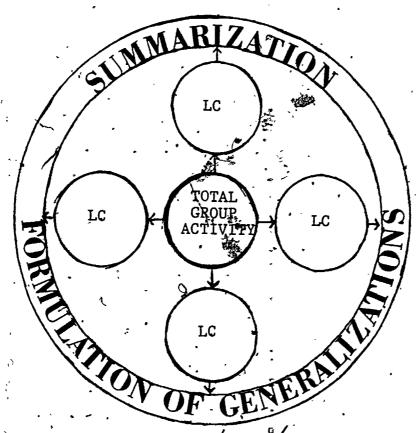


Figure 1. Model of learning center (functioning) .

The total group activity is directed by the teacher for introduction; group activities are completed in the learning centers to achieve one or more educational objec-

tives, and the total class (lead by the teacher or groups) summarizes and formulates generalizations.

Because grouping students is an integral part of the learning center strategy, selective criteria were established to guide the teacher in dividing a mainstreamed class into learning center groups. These criteria were:

- 1. group size minimum 3 students maximum 5 students
- 2. academic ability heterogeneously grouped
- 3. social compatibility student preferences among classmates

# GROUP LEARNING CENTER TEACHING MODULES

CONSUMER EDUCATION -- The consumer has the right to know Provisions are made to include the module as part of either a food or clothing unit

Part 1 - Objectives, Generalizations, Concepts
These materials are the same for both plans

Part 2 - Plan 1 -- Plan 2

Each contains: Overview of the plan

Directions for using learning centers

Guide for learning center activities

Tips for classroom management

Part 3 Student materials for group learning centers
Organized by objectives

Part 4 - Materials for the teacher

#### TEACHING MODULE, - PART 1.

#### Objectives and Generalizations

Theme: The consumer has the right to know

Objectives and Generalizations:

Objective A: The student will be better able to identify sources of consumer information.

#### Possible generalizations:

- 1) Labels, hang-tags, user pamphlets, and packaging of products usually provide consumer information.
- 2) Current consumer information may be found in articles and advertisements in magazines and newspapers.
- 3) Government agencies, business and professional groups, and private nonprofit organizations are all possible sources of consumer information.
- Objective B: The student will be better able to analyze consumer information for completeness and reliability.

#### Possible generalizations:

- 1) Reliable consumer information is true and unbiased.
- 2) Sources of consumer information vary in the completeness of information they provide.
- Because manufacturers want to sell their product(s), their advertising may be biased.

Objective C: The student will be better able to recognize that federal laws regulate product labeling so that consumer knows what he/she is buying.

#### Possible generalizations:

Clothing

- 1) Labels on fabrics and garments are required by law to include percent of each fiber used in order of predominance.
- 2) Law requires that care instructions be attached to all garments and given with all fabrics.



#### Food

- 1) Labels on food are required by law to clearly name the product, give the weight, amount of contents, manufacturers name and address, and list all ingredients for most roots.
- .2) Law requires specific nutrition information to be given on labels of foods that have been fortified, or for which special nutritional claims are made by the manufacturer.
- 3) Mean and poultry products must have a federal inspection symbol.
- Objective D: The student will be better able to identify how advertising appeals to consumers to sell products.

Possible generalizations:

- 1) Advertising may primarily present facts about the product.
- 2) Advertisements appeal to consumers by picturing products attractively.
- 3) Advertising may use emotional appeals to sell products.

## Concepts to be Acquired

Concepts taken from the generalizations associated with each objective have been grouped into three categories. In both plans the teacher concepts are specifically those the teacher needs to introduce or have introduced to the class as a whole before the students go into the learning centers. Any of these concepts may be omitted if the class has acquired them previously and the teacher thinks that it is not necessary to repeat them. A suggested description of the teacher concepts appears on pages 187-188.

Activities are provided in the learning centers for the student concepts, to encourage the students to internalize the concepts.

Reinforced concepts are those recurring from one objective to another.

#### Objective A:

# Teacher Concepts:

consumer consumer informa-/ mation current consumer. information sources of consumer information advertisementsuser pamphlet

#### Student Concepts:

hang-tags labėls user pamphlets packaging of productslabels articles-magazines, advertising newspapers magazines, newspapers sources of consumer information: government agencies business-professional groups private nonprofit organizations

# Reinforced Concepts:

sources of consumer information hang-tags

#### Objective B:

#### Teacher Concepts:

reliable true, unbiased biased

### Student Concepts:

reliable consumer information -true & unbiased biased advertising product advertis-

#### Reinforced Concepts:

advertising sources of consumer . information

#### Objective C:

#### Teacher Concepts:

labels federal laws percentage. consumer poultry fortified foods special nutritional claims ingradients meat & poultry prod.

### Student Concepts:

Clothing: fiber content care instructions Foods: nutrition label information

federal inspection symbol (meat & poultry)

### Reinforced Concepts:

labels consumer Objective D:

Teacher Concepts:

emotional appeals, picturing attractively expiration date Students Concepts:

emotional appeals
factual advertisements
picturing attractively

Reinforced Concepts:

consumer advertising factual advertisements

### TEACHING MODULE - PART 2

#### Plan 1

# Overview of use of learning centers

There are four learning centers in the classroom. Each learning center is devoted to group activities associated with the accomplishment of one of the four module objectives. A group is assigned to each learning center. After completing the activities in one center, each group rotates to the next center, and continues this rotation until all students have the opportunity to work on all objectives. (The membership of the groups does not change.)

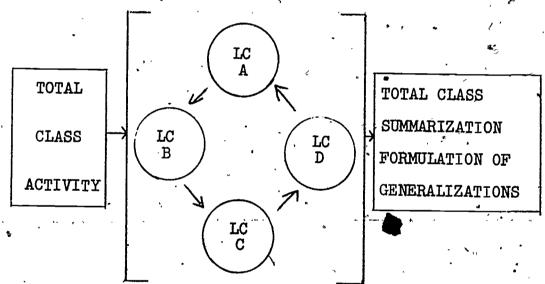


Figure 2. Plan 1 flow chart

A total class activity precedes the learning center activity for introduction and follows at the end for summarization. All materials necessary to complete all of the activities in a learning center are contained in that center.

# Directions for using learning centers

During the total group activity at the beginning of the module the teacher needs to:

- 1) introduce to the class the way they will function in group learning centers. (Suggested information appears p. 186.
- 2) divide the class into groups following these criteria:
  - a) group size minimum 3 students maximum 5 students
  - b) academic ability heterogeneously grouped
  - c) social compatibility student preferences among classmates
- 3) present a short introduction to-
  - a) arouse interest in consumer information
  - b) introduce teacher concepts briefly

    (Tapes of the teacher concepts for each objective may be placed in the corresponding learning center, if any group needs to clarify a concept during the rotation among centers, the tape could be played.)
- 4) assign each group to a specific center to begin the group activities.

After the groups begin to function as a group in the learning centers, because the activities are self-directed, the teacher is free to offer assistance to any group or individual as needed. In addition the groups are to be rotated when the activities are completed by the groups in each center. When rotation occurs the teacher will need

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<sup>\*</sup>For classes containing more than 20 students, duplicate learning centers (or) develop another objective.

to replace the consumable materials, i.e., the student directions packet, worksheets and poster boards which have
been used and handed in by the previous group in each
center. The items which need to be replaced in the learning centers upon rotation are marked "+" in the list of materials needed in the centers in the "Teacher Guide for
Learning Center Activities" provided for each objective.

At the conclusion of the rotation period, when each group has completed the activities in each learning center, all groups come together again for total class activity. The teacher again assumes leadership and guides the class in formulation of generalizations and/or summarization. A formal evaluation device could be administered at this time if the teacher desires. (An evaluation device for each area, food and clothing, is included on pages 189-197.)

#### Guide for learning center activities

On the following pages are presented a "Teacher Guide for Learning Center Activities" for each objective of the module.

In the first column is a complete list of materials needed for each learning center. Items listed followed by a page reference are provided in the section "Student Materials" and can be duplicated by the teacher for use in the learning centers. A description is given of each of the remaining items which the teacher will need to collect. Some of these items are specifically designated for foods or clothing; the advertisements, publications, labels, etc., can be selected by the teacher to contribute to either area chosen.

Column two contains a brief description of the student activities to be accomplished in each learning center and enables the teacher to become quickly acquainted with these



activities. More complete and detailed directions for the activities are provided for the students in the group directions packets placed in each center. (See Teaching Module Part 3.)

TEACHER GUIDE FOR LEARNING CENTER ACTIVITIES PLAN 1

OBJECTIVE A (food or clothing) The student will be better able to identify sources of consumer information.

#### Materials Needed in Learning Center

### Learning Center A

+1 copy Group Directions and Activities A (pp. 58-59)

- A selection (at least 2 per student) of varied sources of consumer information (either food or clothing) including: hang-tags, labels, packaging, user pamphlets, newspaper and magazine ads, articles from newspapers and magazines
- +1 copy per student Activity Sheet A (food, p. 68) (clothing, p. 69)
- +1 copy Case Study B foods
  (p. 70) or —
- +1 copy Case Study B -clothing (p. 71)

Poster - "Where to get Printed Consumer Information" (p. 74)

+ need to be replaced as groups rotate

#### Student Activities -Learning Center

The students will locate and follow Group Directions packet, and...

- 1. Each take one Activity
  Sheet A and select two
  sources of information-fill in sheet A according to directions.
- 2. As a group read Case Study Sheet B (one person read, aloud). Following directions on sheet B, with each member of group contributing from the information collected on sheet A, fill out chart on B. Hand in worksheets.
- 3. Study poster on sources of consumer information.
- 4. Examine consumer publications to see who publishes them.
- 5. Complete Activity Sheet "C" with group.
- 6. Choose a consumer publication to order.

TEACHER GUIDE FOR LEARNING CENTER ACTIVITIES PLAN 1

OBJECTIVE A (continued)

Materials Needed in Learning Center

Student Activities -Learning Center

Selection of consumer publications from a variety. of sources (see suggestions of sources, p. 79)

+1 copy Activity Sheet C (p. 78)

Poster "Writing for Information" (p. 74)

(Copies of sheets used on poster available on pp. 75-77)

NOTE: Teacher please write in name and address of representative from your school's district.

+Stationery and envelopes (for return also)

Letter writing sumplies red pencil small coins for change cellophane tape +stamps (for return envelopes also)

Teacher decide whether students or school will supply postage. 7. Write a letter to publisher or to a congressman to get chosen publication, using poster as a guide.

Hand in All Materials

tneed to be replaced as groups rotate

TEACHER GUIDE FOR LEARNING CENTER ACTIVITIES

OBJECTIVE B (food or clothing) The student will be better able to analyze consumer information for completeness and reliability.

#### Materials Needed in Learning Center

#### Learning Center B

- +1 copy Group Directions and Activities B (pp. 82-91)
  - 1 per student booklet,
    "What Kind of Information (pp. 109-114)
  - Tape and tape cassette containing material in booklet above
- Envelope A containing 8
  numbered items: a mixture
  of biased and unbiased labels, ads, booklets, hangtags, etc.; and a small
  envelope containing answer key
- Poster "How Much Information" (food p. 215) (clothing p. 115)

#### FOODS:

- \*1 spaghetti ad (p. 116)
- \*1 apple juice ad (p. 117)
  - 2 strainers
  - 2 bowls
- + · 2 jars spaghetti sauce--Hunts \* Ragu
- \*or any current ads available that make a claim or comparison that can be tested in classroom.
- +need to be replaced as groups

#### Student Activities . Learning Center

The students will locate and follow Group Directions packet and...

- 1. All students will read the booklet for background information needed to complete the other activities, and/or listen to tape.
- 2. As a group, students will determine which items are biased and which are unbiased. They will answer the questions on their group activity sheet.
- 3. As a group, students will study the poster. Then they will sort an envelope of items into 3 packets, much, some, little information.

#### FOOD

4. As a group, students will try the test as shown in the spaghetti ads. After they have cleaned up, they will answer the questions on the group activity sheet.

#### CLOTHING

4. As a group, students will test the paper towels for absorbency. After they have cleaned up they will answer the questions on the group activity sheet.

# TEACHER GUIDE FOR LEARNING CENTER ACTIVITIES PLAN 1

OBJECTIVE B (continued)

#### Materials Needed in Learning Center

#### CLOTHING:

l copy Bounty ad (p. 118)
+ 4 brands of paper towns
(2 sheets each)
Bounty & Hy-Vee, Gala, Generation or any 3 available

4 coffee cups

1 set measuring spoons

+Poster board
magic markers
scissors
tape or paste
magazines and newspapers

2 illustrations of biased TV ad.

+ FOOD: 1 with biased script (p. 120)

l without script (p. 119)

+ CLOTHING:

FRIC

1 with biased script (p. 122)

1 without seript (p. 121)

+Crossword puzzles (p. 123)

#### Student Activities -. Learning Center

Optional

Students may choose to do any of the optional activities—as they have time. Students (individually or as a group) will find examples of unbiased and biased consumer information. Some may be brought from home. They may make a small poster showing biased and unbiased information.

Optional

6. Students (individually or as a group) will decide on an item or product they might like to buy. Then they will look for information about the item. They will keep track of the numbers of sources they used to find out about the product.

Optional
7. Students will analyze TV
ad and try to decide why
it is biased. Then they
will rewrite it so it is
unbiased. They might like
to act it out if there is
a quiet corner.

Optional
8. Students individually will try to complete cross-word puzzles.

9. Students will spend the last 10 min. summarizing what they have learned.

Hand in All Materials

+ need to be replaced as groups rotate

TEACHER GUIDE FOR LEARNING CENTER ACTIVITIES PLAN 1

OBJECTIVE C (clothing) The student will be better able to recognize that federal laws regulate product labeling so the consumer knows what he/she is buying.

#### Materials Needed in Learning Center

Learning Center C (clothing)

- +1 copy Group Directions and Activities C (clothing) (pp. 126-128)
  - 3 booklets Fabric Labeling Laws (pp. 149-152)
  - 3 booklets Look to the Label Cooperative Extension Service, ISU, Pm 733
  - tape and tape cassette of material in Fabric Labeling Laws above
  - a selection of fabric bolt ends - one marked with red
- + envelope marked A containing one of each care labels (p. 157)
  - cellophane tape
  - one example of each care label (p. 157) individually mounted on numbered cards

Student Activities - \* Learning Center

The students will locate and follow Group Directions packet and...

- 1. Read one of the two reference booklets provided in the learning center' and/or listen to tape of / lower reading level booklet.
- 2. Use information on fabric bolt ends to complete activities with group.
- 3. & 4. Use sets of numbered care labels to complete activities with group, answering questions and filling in correct numbers.
- 5. Examine sample garments to find permanently attached care labels.
  Select 2 garments to use in checking individual sheets B Care Labels in Garments.
- 6. Compile information from individual check sheets "B" on Group Tally Sheet

<sup>+</sup> need to be replaced as groups rotate

OBJECTIVE C (clothing) (continued)

#### Materials Needed in Learning Center

- with sewn-in care labels
  (NOTE: provide garments with
  a variety of care labels
  recommending distinctly different types of care and
  laundry methods. Pin a letter on each garment for
  identification. Locate
  this Learning Center where
  garments can best be displayed.)
- +1 per student: B-Care Labels in Garments (p. 153)
- +1 per group: Group Tally Sheet C (p.154) with directions (p.154)
  - 1 "Fiber Rummy" card game (pp. 155-156)
  - pencil and paper for scor-.
    ing

#### Student Activities -Learning Center

- 7. Using information on Group Tally C, answer questions as a group.
- 8. Play card game with group.

Hand in All Materials

TEACHER GUIDE FOR LEARNING CENTER ACTIVITIES PLAN 1

OBJECTIVE C (food) The student will be better able to recognize that federal laws regulate product labeling so the consumer knows what he she is buying.

Learning Center C (foods)

+1 copy Group Directions and Activities C (foods) (pp. 136-139)

+ need to be replaced as groups rotate

The students will locate and follow Group Directions packet and...

1: Examine poster on information law required on food labels

OBJECTIVE C (food) (continued)

#### Materials Needed in Learning Center

Poster "Information Required on Food Labels" (p. 158)

Envelope marked #1 containing food labels (one per student)

Sack marked #2 containing
food containers (one per
student) such as milk, sour
cream, pop, bags which
contained chips, etc.

1 per student - booklet on meat inspection (p.161-162)

Tape and tape cassette of material in booklet above

Labels marked "7" from soup containing meat

Labels marked "8" from soup without meat

(enough for one per student)

Labels marked "9" hang-tags which you find attached to fresh chicken (on wing)

- 3 booklets Nutrition Labels (p. 159-160)
- 3 booklets Nutrition Labels on Food, Cooperative Extension Serivce, ISU, Pm 597

tape and tape cassette of material in booklet Nutrition Labels above

rotate replaced as groups

# Student Activities Learning Centers

- 2. Find the four required things on labels drawn from envelope #1 and sack #2.
- 3. Share required information found on labels with group.
- 4. List other information found on labels:
- 5. Read booklet on meat inspection, and/or play accompanying tape.
- 6. Compare labels marked "7" and "8", and answer questions.
- 7. Examine labels marked "9" and answer questions.
- 8. Read one of the booklets on nutrition labeling, and/or listen to accompanying tape.
- 9. Use boxes marked #1 and

  #2 to compare nutritional information and answer questions, and dry measuring cups to visualize size of servings.
- 10. Use boxes marked #3 and labels marked #4 to compare nutritional information and answer questions. Dried beans or rice will be measured onto plate to show standard servings.

OBJECTIVE C (food) (Continued)

Materials Needed in Learning Center

Student Activities - . Learning Center

- l per student: Kraft Macaroni & Cheese dinner boxes
  marked #3 and labels from
  canned main dish with nutrition label marked #4
- 1 per student: boxes of pudding marked #1 and gelatin marked #2
- 1 set dry measuring cups and 1 liquid measuring cup
- 2 plates

small bag dry rice or macaroni, or beans

TEACHER GUIDE FOR LEARNING CENTER ACTIVITIES PLAN 1

OBJECTIVE D (food or clothing) The student will be better able to identify how advertising appeals to consumers to sell products.

#### Learning Center D

- +1 copy Group Directions and Activities D (pp. 164-169)
- 1 each advertising definition cards to stand in center (pp. 180-182)
- \*1 set (3-4) <u>factual</u> ads, marked #1 (see \* footnote on next page)
- 1 Emotional Advertising Sheet #2 (p. 184)

The students will locate and follow Group Directions packet, and...

- 1. Read definition cards.
- Look at factual ads #1 and name kinds of facts they find on activity sheet.
- Check as a group activity sheet #3.
- 4. Look at emotional advertising page #2 and name each picture.

tneed to be replaced as. groups rotate

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OBJECTIVE: D (continued)

#### Materials Needed in Learning Center

- \*1 set ads marked #3 (3 one having emotional appeal lettered A, B, C)
  - 2 sheets marked X and 0 (each sheet 8 x11 with a picture of a product pasted on it)
- \*1 set (3) attractive appeal ads marked #7.
  - 1 set (3) ads marked #9
     (each should include a
     "cents-off" coupon)
- +1 "Let's Ask Others" sheet for each member of group (p. 183)

Colored markers

\*The ads used for this objective should be selected to illustrate the definitions on the Advertising Definition Cards used in each center. All ads are cut from magazines and newspapers to illustrate focus of unit food or clothing.

#### Student Activities -Learning Center

- 5. Look at the ads marked #3 and discuss and answer the questions in the group activity sheet.
- 6. Using sheets marked X and 0, design two advertisements on these sheets for the products pictured one with emotional appeal, the other factual.
- 7. Place ads marked #7 face down on the table. Read through checksheet. Turn over ads one at a time with each member of group telling first thing noticed on the ad. Mark all answers on the checksheet (one member of group).
- 8. Discuss and briefly answer questions that follow in the group activity sheet.
- Look at ads marked #9. Read and answer questions on group activity sheet.
- 10. Each student take a copy of "Let's Ask Others" and obtain responses over-night.
- 11. Summarize "Let's Ask Others" on sheet attached to group activity packet.

Hand In All Materials

<sup>+</sup> need to be replaced as groups rotate

Tips for classroom management

- 1. Prace all materials needed for each learning center in a box or plastic dishpan, clearly labeling the box and each item with the letter of the corresponding learning center. Place a box in each center.
- 2. Ask one member of each group to see that all materials are returned to the box at the end of each period. (As the groups rotate the same illustrative materials will be used four times.)
- 3. Ask one member of each group to act as group leader to see that the group worksheets are filled out and all members are encouraged to participate. As the groups rotate, also rotate leadership roles so all students have an opportunity to acquire leadership skills.
- 4. Duplicate the paper supplies for each objective (directions, worksheets) on separate colors for easier identification: for example--Objective A on yellow, Objective B on green, etc.
- 5. As the groups rotate have fresh consumable supplies ready to restock each learning center. These are indicated with a "+"con the "Teacher Guide".
- 6. Providing a tape in each learning center of the teacher concepts associated with the specific objective of the center will reduce the number of questions from the students as they rotate.
- 7. Resource teachers or older students are frequently willing to tape the material in the booklets.
- 8. The formal evaluation device may be read to a poor or nonreader and the responses marked for him/her.
- 9. Individual activities, for example the letter writing in Objective 'A, may be completed in the resource room.

## TEACHING MODULE > PART 2

#### Plan 2

## Overview of use of learning centers

There are four learning centers in the classroom. All learning centers are devoted to the same objective; each center contains specific activities directed toward the development of one generalization associated with that objective. A group of students is assigned to each center. As the activities are completed in all learning centers, the groups report (teach-back) to the total class a summary of the activities in each learning center. Not all students have the opportunity to work on all generalizations directly, but have the opportunity to conclude the generalizations as the students from each center report (teach-back) to the total class. This process is repeated for each objective contained in the module.

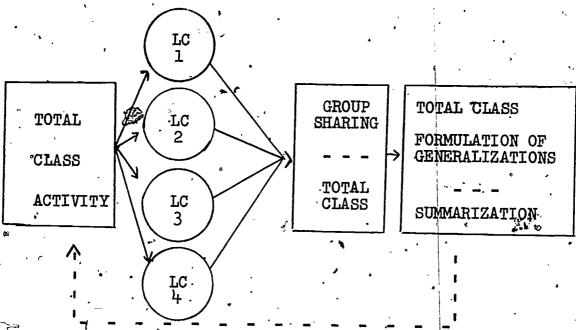


Figure 3. Plan 2 flow chart

A total class activity precedes the learning center activities for introduction and follows at the conclusion for summarization and formulation of generalizations. All materials necessary to complete the activities in a learning center are contained in that center.

## Directions for using learning centers

During the total group activity at the beginning of the unit the teacher needs to:

- 1) introduce to the class the way they will function in group learning centers. (Suggested information appears p. 186.):
- \*2) divide the class into groups following these criteria:
  - a) group size minimum 3 students maximum 5 students
  - b) academic ability heterogeneously grouped
  - c) social compatibility student preferences among classmates
  - 3) present a short introduction to -
    - a) arouse interest in consumer information.
    - b) introduce teacher concepts associated with bobjective A.
- 4) assign each group to a specific center to begin the activities in that center.

After the students begin to function as a group in the learning centers, because the activities are self-directed, the teacher is free to offer assistance to any group or individual as needed. When the four groups have completed the activities in the individual learning centers, all groups come together for total class activity as all groups report

<sup>\*</sup>For classes containing more than 20 students, duplicate one learning center (or) develop another generalization for each objective.

(teach-back) a summary of the activities in their learning centers. The teacher may guide the class in summarization at the conclusion of the four group reports.

This process is repeated for each module objective:
the teacher introduces to the total class the teacher concepts for an objective, groups complete the activities associated with a specific generalization related to the objective in the learning centers, the total class participates in listening to and giving reports, the teacher guides a summarization.

When the activities have been completed for all four module objectives, a total class activity is guided by the teacher for formulation of generalizations and summarization. A formal evaluation device may be administered at this time if the teacher desires. (An evaluation device for each area, food and clothing is included on pages 189-197.)

### Guide for learning center activities

-FRĬC -.

On the following pages are presented a "Teacher Guide for Learning Center Activities" for each objective in the module.

In the first column is a complete list of materials needed for each learning center. Items listed followed by a page reference are provided in the section "Student Materials" and can be duplicated by the teacher for use in learning centers. A description is given of each of the remaining items which the teacher, will need to collect. Some of these items are specifically designated for foods or clothing; the advertisements, publications, labels, etc., can be selected by the teacher to contribute to either area chosen.

Column two contains a brief description of the student activities to be accomplished in each learning center and enables the teacher to become quickly acquainted with these activities. More complete and detailed directions for the activities are provided for the students in the group direction packets placed in each center. (See Teaching Module, Part 3.)

TEACHER GUIDE FOR LEARNING CENTER ACTIVITIES PLAN 2 .

OBJECTIVE A. (food or clothing) The student will be better able to identify sources of consumer information.

#### Materials Needed in Learning Center

#### Learning Center 1-A

- 1 copy Group Directions and Activities 1-A (pp. 60-62)
- A selection (at least 2/student) of sources of consumer information (either food/clothing) including: hang-tags, labels, packaging, user pamphlets, newspaper and magazine ads, articles from newspapers and magazines
- 1 copy/student Activity Sheet A (food p. 68) (clothing p. 69)
- 1 copy Case Study B Foods (p. 70)
- 1 copy Case Study B Clothing (p. 71)
- A copy "Sources of Consumer Information - C" for each student (p. 72)

#### Student Activities -Learning Center

The students will locate and follow Group Directions packet and...

- 1. Each take one Activity
  Sheet A and select 2
  sources of information-fill in Sheet A according
  to directions.
- 2. As a group read case study
   Sheet B one person read
  aloud. Following directions on Sheet B, with each
  member of group contributing from the information
  collected on sheet A, fill
  out chart on B.
- 3. As a group look at the chart on sheet B and answer the question in the Group Activity Sheet. One student write in the answers.

## OBJECTIVE A (food or clothing) (continued)

#### Materials Needed in Learning Center

#### Student Activities -Learning Center

- 4. Each take one copy of sheets marked C. Read through sheet to be sure they understand the directions. Each will take the sheet and use before class tomorrow to take a poll on consumer information.
- 5. Summarize responses from Sheet C using the summary sheet D in the Group Activity Sheet.
- 6. Plan a report for the total class following instructions in the Group Activity Sheet.

Hand in All Materials

#### Learning Center 2-A

- 1 copy Group Directions and Activities 2-A (pp. 63-64)
- a magazine
- a newspaper
- \*Activity Sheet A 1 copy p.73
- \*Activity Sheet B 1 copy p.73 scissors
  - 2 poster boards

magic markers

paste or tape

\*Activity Sheets A &B may need to have items rewritten, to suit specific magazine or newspaper The students will locate and follow Group Directions packet and...

- 1. Using magazines and newspapers, fill out Activity Sheets A and B, working in small groups within the learning center.
- 2. Working as a total group,
  discuss and briefly answer questions on Group
  Activity Sheet. One member write in answers.
- 3. Mount examples found in #l on poster board and label these (one-newspaper: onemagazine).

OBJECTIVE A (food or clothing) (continued)

Materials Needed in Learning Center

Ź-A

Learning Center 3-A

l copy Group Directions and ` Activities 3-A (pp.64-65)

poster - "Where to Get Printed Consumer Information" (p. 74)

Selection of consumer publications from a variety of sources (see suggestions of sources p. 79)

1 copy Activity Sheet C (p.78)

available bulletin board space in classroom

Materials for preparing bulletin board, pins, yarn, etc.

Learning Center 4-A

1 copy Group Directions and Activities 4-A. (pp.66.67)

Poster - "Where to Get Printed Consumer Information (p. 74)

Selection of consumer publications (see suggestions of sources p. 79)

Student Activities Learning Genter

4. Plan a report for the total class including the information from #2 and illustrating with the posters.

Hand in All Materials

The students will locate and follow Group Directions packet and...

- 1. Study poster.
- 2. Examine consumer publications to see who publishes each.

Complete Activity Sheet C with group.

- 3. Plan and make a bulletin 👟 board with group.
- 4. Assist the group in instructing classmates about where to get printed consumer information using bulletin board made by group.

Hand in All Materials

students will locate and follow Group Directions packet and...

- 1. Study poster.
- 2. Examine selection of consumer publications and lists of publications to choose one he/she would like to have.

OBJECTIVE A (food or clothing) (continued)

Materials Needed in Student Activities Learning Center Learning Center

#### 4-A

Poster "Writing for Information"(p. 74)

Copies of sheets used on poster available on (pp: 75-77)

NOTE: Teacher pléase write in 4. name and address from your school's congressional district.

Stationery and envelopes (for return also)

Other letter writing supplies red pencils small coins for change cellophane tape stamps (for return envelopes, also)

Teacher decide whether students or school will supply postage

3. Write a letter to publisher or to congressman to get the publication he/she selected using poster."Writing for Information" as a guide.

Instruct classmates about how to get printed consumer information by mail, using poster.

Hand in All Materials

#### TEACHER GUIDE FOR LEARNING CENTER ACTIVITIES PLAN 2

OBJECTIVE B (food or clothing) The student will be better able to analyze consumer information for completeness and reliability.

#### Learning Center 1-B

1 copy Group Directions and Activities 1-B (pp. 92-94)

1 per student - booklet, "What Kind of Information" (pp. 109-114)

The students will locate and follow Group Directions packet and...

1. All students will read the booklet and/or listen to the tape for background information needed to complete the other activities.

OBJECTIVE B (continued)

Materials Needed in . Learning Center

#### Student Activities -Learning Center

#### 1-B

Tape and tape cassette containing material in booklet above

Envelope A - containing 8 numbered items: a mixture of biased and unbiased labels, ads, booklets, hang-tags, etc. -- and a small envelope containing answer key

magazines and newspapers paste or tape posterboard magic markers

- 2. As a group, using envelope A, students will determine which items are biased and which are unbiased. will answer the questions on their group activity
- 3. Group will make summary statements concerning what they have learned.
- 4. As a group; students will find examples of biased and unbiased consumer information. They will make a poster to use as a basis for presenting their information to the rest of the class.

#### Hand in All Materials

#### Learning Center 2-B

- 1 copy Group Directions and Activities 2-B (pp. 94-98)
- l per student booklet, "What Kind of Information" (pp. 109-114)
- Tape and tape cassette containing material in booklet above
- Poster "How Much information" (food p. 115) (clothing p. 115)

The students will locate and follow Group Directions packet and ...

- 1. All students will read the booklet and/or listen to the tape for background information needed to complete the other activities.
- 2. As a group, students will. study the poster. Then they will sort an envelope of items into 3 packets-much, some, little information.

OBJECTIVE B (continued)

Materials Needed in

Student Activities -Learning Center

2-B

Envelope B containing (5-8).
items: labels, hang-tags,
ads, packaging to illustrate varying amounts of
information

Learning Center

Magazines and newspapers

- 3. Students (individually or as a group) will decide on an item or product they might like to buy. Then they will look for information about the item. They will keep track of the number of sources they used to find out about the product.
- 4. As a group, the students will summarize what they have learned.
- 5. As a group, students will use one item from activity #3 to plan a way to teach what they have learned to the rest of the class, and/or use the poster.

Hand in All Materials

Learning Center 3-B (foods)

- 1 copy Group Directions and Activities 3-B-Foods (pp. 98-101)
- l per student booklet "What'
  Kind of Information"
  (pp. 109-114)
- Tape and tape cassette containing material in booklet above

The students will locate and follow Group Directions packet and...

- All students will read the booklet and/or listen to the tape for background information needed to complete the other activities.
- 2. As a group, students will try the test as shown in the spaghetti ad. After they have cleaned up, they will answer the questions on the group activity sheet.

OBJECTIVE B (continued)

Materials Needed in Learning Center

#### Student Activities -Learning Center

3-B (foods)

\*1 spaghetti ad (p. 116)

2 strainers

2 bowls

2 rubber scrapers

2 jars spaghetti sauce Hunts, Ragu

\*l apple juice ad (p. 117).

Magazines and newspapers Labels, hang-tags, etc.

1 copy per student - Information Sheet - foods.
(p. 107)

\*or any current advertisements available making a claim or comparison that can be tested in classroom.

# Learning Center 3-B (clothing)

- 1 copy Group Directions and Activities 3-B-clothing (p. 102-105)
- l per student booklet "What Kind of Information" (pp. 109-114)
- Tape and tape cassette containing material in booklet above
- 1 copy Bounty Ad (p. 118)
- 4 brands of paper towels (2 sheets each) Bounty & Hy-Vee, Generation, Gala or any 3 available

- 3. As a group, students will analyze the apple juice ad and answer questions on the group activity sheet.
- 4. Individually, students will look for 2 examples of consumer information. They will look for statements of facts and decide if they can judge the statements to be true.
- Students will summarize what they have learned.
- 6. As a group, students will plan a way to teach what they have learned to the rest of the class.

Hand in All Materials

The students will locate and follow Group Directions packet and...

- 1. All students will read the booklet and/or listen to the tape for background information needed to complete the activities.
- 2. As a group, students will test the paper towels for absorbency. After they have cleaned up, they will answer the questions on the group activity sheet.

OBJECTIVE B (continued)

#### Materials Needed in Learning Center

#### 3-B (clothing)

4 coffee cups

#### measuring spoons

1 copy per student - Information Sheet--clothing (p. 107)

Magazines, newspapers, labels, hang-tags, etc.

#### Learning Center 4-B

- 1 copy Group Directions and Activities 4-B (p. 105-106)
- 1 per student booklet "What
  Kind of Information"
   (p. 109-114)
- Tape and tape cassette containing material in booklet above
- Illustrations TV ad (one with script, one without) food (pp. 119-120) clothing (pp. 121-122)

Props from department or home

#### Student Activities -Learning Center

- 3. Individually, students will look for 2 examples of consumer information. They will look for statements of facts and decide if they can judge the statements to be true.
- 4. Students will summarize what they have learned.
- 5. As a group, students will plan a way to teach what they have learned to the rest of the class.

Hand in All Materials

The students will locate and follow Group Directions packet and...

- 1. All students will read the booklet and/or listen to the tape for background information needed to complete the other activities.
- 2. As a group, students will determine why the ad is biased. They will rewrite the ad so it is unbiased.
- 3. As a group, the students will summarize what they have learned.
- 4. As a group, the students will present the biased and unbiased skits to the class and explain what they have learned about biased and unbiased advertising.

Hand in All Materials

OBJECTIVE B (continued)

Materials Needed in	Student Activities -					
Learning Center	Learning Center					
All Learning Centers:  Crossword Puzzle (p. 123) - if time permits						

TEACHER GUIDE FOR LEARNING CENTER ACTIVITIES PLAN 2
OBJECTIVE C (clothing)

## Materials Needed in Learning Center

# Learning Center 1-C (clothing)

- 1 copy Group Directions and
  Activities 1-C (clothing
  pp. 129-130)
- 3 booklets Fabric Labeling Laws (pp. 149-152)
- 3 booklets Look to the Label Cooperative Extension Service, ISU Pm 733
- tape and tape cassette of material in Fabric Labeling Laws above
- a selection of fabric bolt ends-one marked red X
- envelope marked A containing one each care labels (p. 157)

cellophane tape

poster sheet and markers

#### Student Activities -Learning Center

The students will locate and follow Group Directions packet and...

- 1. Read one of the booklets and/or listen to tape.
- 2. Examine bolt ends and use information found to complete activities in packet with group.
- 3. Make poster showing kinds of information found on bolts and what is required by law. Prepare report for class.

Hand in All Materials

· 200

TEACHER GUIDE FOR LEARNING CENTER ACTIVITIES. PLAN 2

## OBJECTIVE C (continued)

#### Materials Needed in Learning Center

Learning Center 2-C (clothing)

- 1 copy Group Directions and Activities 2-C (clothing pp, 130-131)
- 3 booklets Fabric Labeling Laws (pp. 149-152)
- 3 booklets Look to the Label Cooperative Extension Service ISU Pm 733
- tape and tape cassette of material in Fabric Labeling Laws above
- with sewn-in care labels
  (NOTE: provide garments
  with a variety of care labels calling for distinctly
  different types of care and
  laundering methods. Attach
  a letter to each garment
  for identification.)
- \_\_\_\_\_\_l. per student: B-Care Labels in Garments (p. 153)
  - 1 per group: Group Tally Sheet C (p.154), with directions (p. 154)

Learning Center 3-C (clothing)

- 1 copy Group Directions, and Activities 3-C (clothing p. 132)
- 3 booklets Fabric Labeling Laws (pp. 149-152)

#### Student Activities -Learning Center

The students will locate and follow Group Directions packet and...

- Read one of the reference booklets and/or listen to tape.
- 2. Examine sample garments.
  Select two to use in checking Individual Sheets B Care Labels in Garments.
- 3. Tally and rank information from Sheets (B) into Group Sheet (C).
- 4. Use results on Tally Sheet (C), discuss results and answer questions.
- 5. Mark each student on sheet B as directed.
- 6. Participate with group in showing classmates where care labels are found on various garments and the different kinds of care recommendations they might give.

#### Hand in All Materials

The students will locate and follow Group Directions packet and...

- 1. Read one of the booklets and/or listen to tape.
- 2. Play card game "Fiber Rummy" with group.

OBJECTIVE C (continued)

Materials Needed in Learning Center

3-6 (clothing)

3 booklets - Look to the Label Cooperative Extension Service ISU Pm 733 📜

tape and tape cassette of material in booklet Fabric. Labelings

card game Tiber Rummy" (pp. 155-156)

large paper sheets and markers Hand in All Materials . ئـ سوائي – -

Learning Center 4-C (clothing) \*

- 1 copy Group Directions and Activities 4-C (clothing pp. 133-135)
- 3 booklets Fabric Labeling Laws (pp. 149-152)
- 3 booklets & Look to the Label Cooperative Extension Service ISU Pm 733

tape and tape cassette of ma-terial in booklet Fabric Labeling Laws above

one example of each care label (p.157) individually mounted on numbered cards

envelope A - containing one care label (p.157) for each member of class.

Student Activities Learning Center

3. Begin making enlarged fiber blend labels to use to teach classmates.

> Show class percentages of fibers commonly found in fibers.

The students will locate and follow Group Directions packet and...

- Read one of the booklets and/or listen to tape.
- 2. &3. Use sets of numbered care labels to complete activities with group, answering questions and filling in correct numbers.
- Plan and direct game for entire class.

Hand in All Materials

OBJECTIVE C (food) The student will be better able to recognize that the federal laws regulate product labeling so the consumer knows what he/she is buying.

#### Materials Needed in Learning Center

#### Learning Center 1-C (food)

1 copy Group Directions and Activities 1-C (food pp. 139-140)

Poster "Information Required on Food Labels" (p. 158)

Envelope marked #1 containing food labels (one per student)

Sack marked #2 containing food containers (one per student) such as milk, yogurt, pop; bags which contained chips, etc.

### Learning Center 2-C (food)

- 1 copy Group Directions and. Activities 2-C (food pp. 141-143)
- 3 booklets Nutrition Labels (p. 159-160)
- 3 booklets Nutrition Labels on Food, Cooperative Extension Service, ISU, Pm 597

#### Student Activities -Learning Center

The students will locate and follow Group Directions packet and...

- 1. Study poster on information law requires on food labels.
- 2. Each student find the 4
- required things on labels drawn from envelope #1 and sack #2.
- 3. Share information found on labels with group.
- 4. List with group other information found on labels.
- 5. Plan a skit for class dramatizing why it is worthwhile to take the time to examine food labels while shopping.

### Hand in All Materials

The students will locate and follow Group Directions packet and...

- Read one of the two booklets on nutrition labeling and/or listen to tape.
- 2. Use boxes marked #1 and #2 to compare nutritional information and answer questions, and dry measuring eups to visualize size of servings.

OBJECTIVE C (food) (continued)

Materials Needed in

Learning Center

# Student Activities Learning Center

#### 2-C (food)

- tape and tape cassette of material in Nutrition Labels above
- l per student boxes of pudding marked #1, and boxes of gelatin marked #2
- 1 set dry measuring cups
- l per student: Kraft Macaroni & Cheese dinner boxes marked #3, and labels from canned main dish with nutrition label marked #4
- I liquid measuring cup
- 2 plates

small bag dried rice or macaroni or beans

### Learning Center 3-C (food)

- 1 copy Group Directions and Activities 3-C (food pp. 143-145)
- 3 booklets Nutrition Labels (p. 154-160)
- 3 booklets Nutrition Labels on Food Cooperative Extension Service, ISU, Pm 597
- tape and cassette of material in booklet Nutrition Labels above
- 'l per student boxes of pudding marked #1 and boxes of gélatin marked #2
  - 1 set dry measuring cups

- 3. Use boxes marked #3 and labels marked #4 to compare nutritional information and answer questions. Dried foods will be measured onto plate to show standard servings.
- 4. Using two booklets plan a report to share with class-mates information on nutritional labeling.

Show plan to teacher.

#### Hand in All Materials

The students will locate and follow Group Directions packet and . . ,

- 1. Read one of two booklets on nutrition labeling and/or listen to tape.
- 2. Use boxes marked #1 and #2 to compare nutritional information and answer questions, and dry measuring cups to visualize size of servings.
- 3. Use boxes marked #2 and labels marked #4 to compare nutritional information and answer questions. Dried foods will be measqured onto plates to show standard veryings.

OBJECTIVE C (food) (continued)

Materials Needed in Learning Center

Student Activities Learning Center

3-C (food)

- l per student: Kraft Macaroni 4. & Cheese Dinner boxes : marked #3 and labels, from canned main dish with nutrition label marked #4
- 1 liquid measuring cup
- 2 plates

small bag dried rice or macaroni or beans

Learning Center 4-C (food)

- 1 copy Group Directions and Activities 4-C (food pp. 146-147)
- 1 per student booklet on
   meat inspection (pp.
   161-162)

tape and tape cassette of material in booklet above

labels marked "7" from soup with meat

labels marked "8" from soup without meat

labels (enough for one per student) marked "9" - hangtags which you find attached to fresh chicken (on wing) or reproduction of one

Poster paper and markers or Overhead projector supplies to Use the booklets and labels and boxes, plan a report to help rest of class
become familiar with nutrition labels.

Hand in All Materials

The students will locate and follow Group Directions packet and...

- 1. Read the booklet and/or/ listen to tape.
- 2. Complete Activity Sheets "D" and "C" with group (in packet).
- 3. Make enlarged drawings of U.S. inspection circle and grade shields to show.
- 4. Plan with group how to teach class what they learned about meat inspection:

Hand in All Materials

OBJECTIVE D (food or clothing) The student will be better able to identify how advertising appeals to consumers to, sell products.

#### Materials Needed in Learning Center

#### Learning Center 1-D

- 1 copy Group Directions and Activities 1-D (pp.169-172)
- l each Advertising Definition
  Cards to stand in center
  (pp. 180-182)
- \*1 set ads marked #2 (5 ads . including examples of each - emotional, attractive, factual - numbered on bottom)
- 1 set (3) ads marked #9 (each
  should include a "centsoff" coupon)
- 1 "Lets Ask Others" sheet for each member of group (p. 183)
- NOTE: Teacher will need to help one member of group call supermarket manager-- questions contained in Group Directions (may be after school).

#### Student Activities -Learning Center

The students will locate and follow Group Directions packet and...

- 1. Read the definition cards.
- 2. Look at the set of ads marked #2 and decide if each is mostly factual, emotional, attractive. Teacher check answers.
- Discuss questions on Activity Sheet. Answer briefly, using ads marked #9.
- 4. Before class next day each student take poll on sheet, "Let's Ask Others".
- 5. Choose one student to phone supermarket to inquire about use of coupons.
- 6. Summarize replies to questionnaire. Plan summary for total class.

Hand in All Materials

\*The ads used for this of jective should be selected to illustrate the definitions on the Advertising Definition Cards used in each center. All ads are cut from magazines and newspaper to illustrate food or clothing.

OBJECTIVE D (continued)

Materials Needed in Learning Center

Learning Center 2-D

- 1 copy Group Directions and Activities 2-D (pp.173-174)
- 3 Advertising Definition "Cards <u>sfactual</u> (p. 181)
- \*1 set (3-4) <u>factual</u> ads. marked #1
  - l poster board colored markers magazines and newspapers scissors

\*The ads used for this objective should be selected to illustrate the definitions on the Advertising Definition Cards used in each center. All ads are cut from magazines and newspaper to illustrate food or clothing.

Learning Center 3-D

- 1 copy Group Directions and Activities 3-D (pp.175-177)
- 3 Advertising Definition Cards - attractive (p. 180)

Student Activities Learning Center

The students will locate and follow Group Directions packet and...

- 1. Read definition cards factual.
- 2. Look at packet of ads, #1 name kinds of facts-fill in check sheet in activity packet.
- 3. Read aloud directions and fill out check-sheet #3 in activity packet. Answer questions at bottom of page.
- 4. Look at magazines and newspapers to select 2 factual ads. Mark A and B. Answer questions on the Group Activity Sheet.
- 5. Plan and prepare a factual poster to advertise a school club bake sale.
- 6. Prepare a report to give to the total class.

Hand in All Materials

The students will locate and follow Group Directions packet and...

1. Read definition cards - attractive

OBJECTIVE D'(continued)

Materials Needed in Learning Center

.3-D

- \*1 set (3) attractive appeal ads, marked #1
  - 2 ads marked A and B (one black and white, one with attractive colors)

magazines

scissors

\*The ass used for this objective should be selected to illustrate the definitions on the Advertising Definition Cards used in each center All ads are cut from magazines and newspaper to illustrate food or clothing.

Learning Center 4-D

- 1 copy Group Directions and Activities 4-D (pp. 177-179)
- 3 Advertising Definition Cards emotional (p. 182)
- 1 Emotional Advertising Sheet #2 (p. 184)

Student Activities -Learning Center

- 2. Read through activity sheet #1 (out loud) Place ads face down on table, turn over one at a time, each member telling first thing noticed. Mark immediate impression on Activity Sheet #1. Continue until all pictures are turned up.
- 3. Read, discuss, briefly answer questions on direction sheet.
- 4. Look at ads A and B, dis- cuss and answer questions in direction sheet. One member write brief answers
- 5. Look through magazines to find two attractive ads. Plan report for rest of class. This will include having all class members respond to pictures as in activity #2, marking responses on blackboard.

Hand in All Materials

The students will locate and follow Group Directions packet and...

- 1. Read the definition cards emotional.
- 2. Complete sheet #2, fill in blanks.
- 3. Look at the set of ads (#2) and answer questions in the direction sheet.

OBJECTIVE D (continued)

Materials Needed in Learning Center

4-D

- \*1 set ads marked #3 lettered A, B, C (3 - one having emotional appeal)
- 2 sheets marked X and 0 (each sheet 8 xll with a picture of a product pasted on it)

magazines

scissors

\*The ads used for this objective should be selected to
illustrate the definitions on
the Advertising Definition
Cards used in each center.
All ads are cut from newspapers and magazines to illustrate food or clothing.

Student Activities -Learning Center

- 4. Using pictures on sheets marked X and 0, the group will create two advertisements on the sheets for the product pictured, one with emotional appeal, the other factual.
- Find examples of ads using emotional appeals pictured on sheet #2.
- 6. Plan a report for the rest of the class.

Hand in All Materials

#### Tips for classroom management

- 1. Place all materials needed for each learning center in a small box or plastic dishpan clearly marking the box and each item with the letter and/or number of the corresponding learning center. Place each box in a learning center.
- 2. Resource teachers or older students are frequently willing to tape materials from the booklets.
- 3. The formal evaluation device may be read to a poor or nonreader and the response recorded for him/her.
- 4. Individual activities, for example letter writing in Objective A, may be completed in the resource room.
- 5. For activity 5, learning center 1-D, a phone call by the teacher to the supermarket manager a day preceding the student call, gives the manager a chance to prepare appropriate answers.
- 6. During the introduction to the module the teacher might find it helpful to decide with the class criteria for evaluating group reports (teach-back).

#### TEACHING MODULE - PART 3

Student Materials for Group Learning Centers

Organized by objectives.. Each a separate color for easier identification.

Directions for Use

Group Directions and Activities Packets 
Cut apart on dotted lines
Assemble by
Plan number--upper left corner
Learning center letter and/or number--upper right
corner

Page number--lower right corner Staple into half sheet packets

Booklets -

Cut on dotted lines Fold on solid line Assemble following page numbers Staple as needed

Posters -

Pictures are provided as an example

Activity Sheets -

Use as provided (or) Cut apart on dotted lines

Other Materials -

Follow directions given on individual pages

OBJECTIVE A

LEARNING CENTER A PLAN 1

## GROUP DIRECTIONS AND ACTIVITIES

•			,
MEMBERS:			
		er .	•
	•		

ACTIVITY #1: IN THE CENTER OF YOUR TABLE ARE EXAMPLES OF DIFFERENT KINDS OF SOURCES OF CONSUMER INFORMATION. EACH STUDENT TAKE ONE COPY OF ACTIVITY SHEET A. CHOOSE 2 SOURCES OF INFORMATION FROM THOSE IN YOUR CENTER. EACH STUDENT FOLLOW THE DIRECTIONS ON TOP OF ACTIVITY SHEET A AND FILL OUT ONE SHEET.

1

Α.

ACTIVITY #2: AFTER ALL MEMBERS OF YOUR GROUP HAVE FIN-ISHED SHEET A, HAVE ONE MEMBER OF YOUR GROUP READ ALOUD THE CASE STUDY ON SHEET B. FOLLOW THE DIRECTIONS ON SHEET B, AND COMPLETE THE ACTIVITY AS A GROUP. HAND IN ALL COM-PLETED WORKSHEETS TO BE CHECKED BY YOUR TEACHER.

ACTIVITY #3: WITH YOUR GROUP READ THE POSTER IN YOUR LEARNING CENTER WHICH SHOWS SOURCES OF PRINTED CONSUMER INFORMATION.

ACTIVITY #4: IN YOUR LEARNING CENTER YOU WILL FIND A COLLECTION OF CONSUMER PAMPHLETS, LEAFLETS, AND OTHER PUBLICATIONS FROM VARIOUS SOURCES. AS YOU LOOK AT THESE WITH YOUR GROUP, CHECK TO SEE WHO OFFERS EACH PUBLICATION. THEN COMPLETE ACTIVITY SHEET "C" AS A GROUP. HAND IT IN TO YOUR TEACHER TO BE CHECKED.

3

1

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ACTIVITY #5: FROM THE COLLECTION OF RUBLICATIONS IN YOUR LEARNING CENTER, CHOOSE ONE YOU WOULD LIKE TO HAVE TO KEEP OR TO GIVE TO SOMEONE YOU KNOW.\* EACH DO ONE OF THE FOLLOWING:

- A. WRITE A LETTER DIRECTLY TO THE COMPANY OR ORGAN-IZATION ASKING FOR A COPY.
- B. WRITE A LETTER TO ONE OF YOUR CONGRESSMEN ASKING HIM TO SEND YOU A COPY IF PUBLISHED BY THE U.S. GOVERNMENT.

USE THE POSTER IN YOUR LEARNING CENTER, "WRITING FOR IN-FORMATION", TO HELP YOU IN WRITING YOUR LETTER. SHOW YOUR LETTER TO YOUR TEACHER TO BE CHECKED BEFORE IT IS MAILED.

Notice whether you must pay a charge for the publication before making your choice.

LEARNING CENTER A-1 PLAN 2

GB JP DIRECTIONS AND ACTIVITIES

MEMBERS:	•	4	•	•		• •
THIS HOUSE .		•		*	٠	

ACTIVITY #1: THE CENTER OF YOUR TABLE ARE EXAMPLES OF DIFFERENT KINDS OF SOURCES OF CONSUMER INFORMATION. EACH STUDENT TAKE ONE COPY OF ACTIVITY SHEET A. CHOOSE 2 SOURCES OF INFORMATION FROM THOSE IN YOUR CENTER. EACH STUDENT FOLLOW THE DIRECTIONS ON TOP OF ACTIVITY SHEET A AND FILL OUT ONE SHEET.

2

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ACTIVITY #2: AFTER ALL MEMBERS OF YOUR GROUP HAVE FINISHED SHEET A, HAVE ONE MEMBER OF YOUR GROUP READ ALOUD THE CASE STUDY ON SHEET B. FOLLOW THE DIRECTIONS ON SHEET B, AND COMPLETE THE ACTIVITY AS A GROUP.

2

A-1

ACTIVITY #3: AS A GROUP LOOK AT THE CHART ON SHEET B AND ANSWER THE FOLLOWING QUESTIONS. ONE GROUP MEMBER WRITE DOWN YOUR ANSWERS.

1. FOR YOUR CASE STUDY WHAT SOURCE(S) OF INFORMATION?

**'** ;

A-1

ACTIVITY #4: ONE MEMBER READ ALOUD: IN YOUR CENTER THERE ARE SHEETS MARKED "C". EACH MEMBER OF YOUR GROUP TAKE ONE COPY. BEFORE CLASS TOMORROW, EACH PERSON ASK THREE PEOPLE (ADULTS AND FRIENDS) WHAT SOURCES OF INFORMATION THEY USE BEFORE MAKING A PURCHASE. RECORD ANSWERS ON SHEET C. READ THROUGH SHEET C'NOW TO BE SURE YOU UNDERSTAND HOW TO USE IT. IF YOU NEED HELP, ASK YOUR TEACHER. BE SURE TO TAKE THIS SHEET WITH YOU WHEN YOU LEAVE CLASS TODAY.

Ø

A-7

ACTIVITY #5: YOUR GROUP WILL HAVE 10 MINUTES AT THE BEGINNING OF CLASS TOMORROW TO SUMMARIZE THE ANSWERS YOU RECEIVED ON YOUR SHEETS (C): USE THE FORM (D) ON THE NEXT PAGE. THEN PLAN A REPORT TO SHARE WITH YOUR CLASSMATES. INCLUDE:

- 1. WHAT ARE DIFFERENT SOURCES OF CONSUMER INFORMATION (SHOW AN EXAMPLE OF EACH).
- 2. THE SUMMARY YOU MADE ON FORM D.

HAND IN ALL OF YOUR PAPERS TO YOUR TEACHER AFTER YOUR REPORT.

2

A-1

SUMMARY D

NUMBER OF PEOPLE WHO USED:

LABELS

HANGTAGS

PACKAGING

USER PAMPHLETS

'NEWSPAPER ADS

MAGAŽINE ADS

OTHER SOURCES USED:

6

#### LEARNING CENTER A-2 PLAN 2

## GROUP DIRECTIONS AND ACTIVITIES

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MEMBEDC.			•	•	_		

ACTIVITY #1: IN YOUR LEARNING CENTER THERE IS A NEWSPAPER AND A MAGAZINE. IF YOUR LEARNING CENTER HAS 4 OR MORE MEMBERS, DIVIDE INTO TWO GROUPS. ONE GROUP WILL USE THE NEWSPAPER, ONE GROUP THE MAGAZINE. IF YOUR LEARNING CENTER HAS 3 OR LESS MEMBERS, WORK AS ONE GROUP, FIRST WITH THE NEWSPAPER, THEN WITH THE MAGAZINE: IF YOU ARE WORKING WITH THE MAGAZINE, YOUR GROUP WILL USE SHEET A, IF YOU ARE USING THE NEWSPAPER, SHEET B. AFTER YOU HAVE FINISHED FOLLOWING THE DIRECTIONS ON THESE SHEETS, YOU WILL WORK ALL TOGETHER. AGAIN ON ACTIVITY #2.

2

A-2

ACTIVITY #2: AS A TOTAL GROUP USING ACTIVITY SHEET B AND A AND YOUR EXAMPLES, DISCUSS AND BRIEFLY ANSWER THE FOLLOW-ING QUESTIONS. HAVE ONE MEMBER WRITE YOUR ANSWERS.

- 1. DO BOTH OF THESE SOURCES GIVE CONSUMER INFORMATION?
- 2: WHICH PROVIDES MORE INFORMATION ABOUT WHERE TO BUY A PRODUCT?
- 3° WHICH GIVES YOU MORE GENERAL INFORMATION ABOUT FOOD OR CLOTHING?
- 4. WHEN WOULD THE MAGAZINE BE MOST HELPFUL?
- 5. WHEN WOULD THE NEWSPAPER BE MOST HELPFUL?

ACTIVITY #3: USING SOME OF THE EXAMPLES YOU HAVE CUT OUT, MOUNT THESE ON TWO POSTERS TO SHOW THE KINDS OF CONSUMER INFORMATION YOU FIND IN MAGAZINES AND NEWSPAPERS. USE MARKERS TO LABEL YOUR EXAMPLES. PLAN A REPORT AND HOW YOU WILL PRESENT IT FOR THE REST OF YOUR CLASS. USE YOUR POSTERS TO ILLUSTRATE, INCLUDE THE FOLLOWING:

- 1. EXPLAIN DIFFERENT KINDS OF CONSUMER INFORMATION YOU FIND IN MAGAZINES AND NEWSPAPERS.
- 2. DISCUSS THE QUESTIONS YOU ANSWERED IN #2--GIVING YOUR ANSWERS.

YOU WILL HAVE 5-7 MINUTES FOR YOUR REPORT.
TURN IN YOUR WORKSHEETS TO YOUR TEACHER.

3

LEARNING CENTER A-3 PLAN 2

GROUP DIRECTIONS AND ACTIVITIES

•.		
MEM	BERS	:
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ACTIVITY #1: WITH YOUR GROUP, READ THE POSTER IN YOUR, LEARNING CENTER WHICH SHOWS SOURCES OF PRINTED CONSUMER INFORMATION.

ACTIVITY #2: IN YOUR LEARNING CENTER YOU WILL FIND A COLLECTION OF CONSUMER PAMPHLETS, LEAFLETS, AND OTHER PUBLICATIONS FROM VARIOUS SOURCES. AS YOU LOOK AT THESE WITH YOUR GROUP, CHECK TO SEE WHO OFFERS EACH PUBLICATION. THEN COMPLETE ACTIVITY SHEET C AS A GROUP.

ACTIVITY #3: WITH YOUR GROUP MAKE A BULLETIN BOARD TO SHOW YOUR CLASSMATES:

- SOME OF THE TYPES OF SOURCES FROM WHICH THEY MAY GET CONSUMER PUBLICATIONS, AND
- SOME OF THE KINDS OF PRINTED MATERIALS THESE SOURCES OFFER.

IN THE CENTER OF A BULLETIN BOARD IN YOUR CLASSROOM, MOUNT THE POSTER YOU STUDIED ON SOURCES OF PRINTED CONSUMER IN-SELECT SOME OF THE MOST INTERESTING AND READABLE FORMATION. PAMPHLETS AND BOOKLETS FROM THE COLLECTION IN YOUR CENTER & PLACE EACH ON THE BULLETIN BOARD BESIDE ITS PICTURED SOURCE. USE PIECES OF YARN (OR SOMETHING SIMILAR) TO CONNECT EACH PAMPHLET TO ITS SOURCE. MAKE A TITLE FOR YOUR BOARD AND MAKE SUBTITLES NAMING THE GROUP THAT PUBLISHED EACH BOOK-ĹET.

PLAN A REPORT FOR YOUR CLASS TO EXPLAIN DIFFERENT SOURCES OF INFORMATION, AND THE TYPES OF INFOR-MATION AND PRINTED MATERIALS THESE SOURCES OFFER. USE YOUR BULLETIN BOARD TO ILLUSTRATE YOUR REPORT.

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LEARNING CENTER A-4 PLAN 2

# GROUP DIRECTIONS AND ACTIVITIES

MEMBERS:	:		
1			
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ACTIVITY #1: WITH YOUR GROUP STUDY THE POSTER IN YOUR LEARNING CENTER WHICH SHOWS SOURCES OF PRINTED CONSUMER INFORMATION.

ACTIVITY #2: LOOK AT THE PUBLICATIONS AND THE LISTS OF PUBLICATIONS FROM VARIOUS SOURCES IN YOUR LEARNING CENTER. NOTICE WHICH MATERIALS ARE FREE AND WHICH ARE AVAILABLE FOR A CHARGE.

2

A-4

ACTIVITY #3: EACH GROUP MEMBER CHOOSE A PUBLICATION YOU WOULD LIKE TO HAVE TO KEEP OR TO GIVE TO SOMEONE YOU KNOW. THEN DO ONE OF THE FOLLOWING:

- 1. WRITE A LETTER DIRECTLY TO THE COMPANY OR ORGANIZATION ASKING FOR A COPY.
- 2: WRITE A LETTER TO ONE OF YOUR CONGRESSMEN ASKING HIM TO SEND YOU A COPY IF A U.S. GOVERNMENT PUBLICATION. USE THE POSTER IN YOUR LEARNING CENTER, "WRITING FOR INFORMATION" TO HELP YOU IN WRITING YOUR LETTER. SHOW YOUR LETTER TO YOUR TEACHER TO BE CHECKED BEFORE IT IS MAILED.

A-4

ACTIVITY #4: PLAN HOW YOU WILL TEACH YOUR CLASSMATES HOW THEY CAN GET PRINTED CONSUMER MATERIALS BY MAIL. YOU WILL HAVE 7 MINUTES LATER IN THE CLASS PERIOD IN WHICH TO REPORT TO THE CLASS. USE THE POSTER TO HELP YOU PREPARE YOUR REPORT. THEN HAVE EACH MEMBER OF YOUR GROUP SHOW THE CLASS WHAT HE ORDERED (IF YOU HAVE A SAMPLE COPY) AND TELL WHERE HE/SHE WROTE TO GET IT.

	NAME		<u></u>	<del></del>
ACTIVITY SHEE	T A -	`FOOD .		
KINDS OF SOURCES OF INFORMATION	You c	HOSE•	•	,
1.	*	HODE •		
2.	<del></del>			
	*	<del></del> ·		,
IN THE TWO COLUMN BELOW CHECK (X	) THE	TNFORMA	ም ለቤብጥ	የልጥ ማስ፣፣
FIND ON EACH OF YOUR SOURCES.	,		-	mi 100
	*	. 7	•	•
r		SOURCE	<u>l</u> sg	URCE 2
PRODUCT NAME				
PRODUCT VARIETY OR STYLE		ř <del>–                                    </del>		<del></del>
COOKING INSTRUCTIONS			<u> </u>	
INGREDIENTS	•	, <del>-</del>	<b>-</b>	<del></del> .
		· <del></del>	<del>-</del> -	
WEIGHT OR VOLUME		<del>``</del>	<del></del> ,	
SERVING IDEAS	٠.			
PICTURE OF PRODUCT			<u> </u>	<u> </u>
EXPIRATION DATE		<u> </u>		· · · · · ·
NUTRITION INFORMATION				
PRICE	*			
WHERE TO BUY	• `		<del>,</del> .	<del></del>
SIZE OF SERVINGS	জ			
NUMBER OF SERVINGS	٠,	٠	<del>-</del> -,	
NAME OF MANUFACTURER	6	•	<del>-</del>	<del></del>
ADDRESS OF MANUFACTURER		·	<del>_</del> . <del>_</del> _	<u> </u>
OTHER INFORMATION: LIST BELOW			- <i>'</i>	

ERIC

NAME

ACTIVITY SHEET A - CLOTHING
KINDS OF SOURCES OF INFORMATION YOU CHOSE:
1
2
IN THE TWO COLUMNS BELOW CHECK (X) THE INFORMATION THAT YO FIND ON EACH OF YOUR SOURCES.
SOURCE 1 SOURCE 2
PRODUCT NAME
FIBER CONTENT OF FABRIC
CARE INSTRUCTIONS
INSTRUCTIONS FOR USE OR WEARING
WEIGHT OF FABRIC
PICTURE OF PRODUCT
SPECIAL FEATURES OR FABRIC FINISH
PRICE
WHERE TO BUY
COLOR -
SIZE
NAME OF, MANUFACTURER #
ADDRESS OF MANUFACTURER
OTHER INFORMATION: LIST BELOW

GROUP	MEMBERS:						
	. '		•	-	•		
	-				=-		
		3					
,	,	_	•				

#### ACTIVITY SHEET B - FOOD

CASE STUDY:

BILL HAS DECIDED TO GIVE A VICTORY PARTY FOR THE FOOTBALL TEAM AND WANTS TO SERVE HAMBURGERS AND POTATO CHIPS. HE WANTS TO SPEND WISELY AND STILL SERVE GOOD FOOD. WHERE CAN BILL FIND INFORMATION TO HELP HIM BUY HAMBURGERS AND CHIPS?

DOWN THE LEFT SIDE, OF THIS SHEET ARE LISTED SOME TYPES OF INFORMATION THAT WOULD HELP BILL. ACROSS THE TOP OF THE SHEET ARE LISTED SOURCES OF INFORMATION. HAVE ONE MEMBER OF YOUR GROUP CHECK (X) THE KINDS OF INFORMATION EACH GROUP MEMBER FOUND ON THE SOURCES USED FOR ACTIVITY A. (TWO GROUP MEMBERS MAY HAVE USED THE SAME KIND OF SOURCES.)

	LABELS	HANG- TAGS	USER PAMPHLETS	MAGAZINE ADS	MAGAZINE ARTICLES	NEWSPAPER ADS	PACKAGINGS
PRODUCT NAME =			τ.				
PRODUCT VARIETY OR STYLE						تحر	
COOKING INSTRUCTIONS						<del>Ø</del>	-
INGREDIENTS	·	2 a			- 1		
WEIGHT OR VOLUME							
SERVING IDEAS	200					·	
PICTURE OF PRODUCT							
EXPIRATION DATE						,	
NUTRITION INFORMATION	•				•		<u> </u>
PRICE							
WHERE TO BUY			<del></del> -				$\leftarrow$
SIZE OF SERVINGS		,					
NUMBER OF SERVINGS	•						
NAME OF MANUFACTURER	<b>,</b> -				<del></del> -		
ADDRESS OF MANUFACTURER			<del></del>	<del></del>			
the second secon	لـــــــا	I		<del></del>			

· GROUP	MEMBERS:	,	
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•	,		7.

# ACTIVITY SHEET B - CLOTHING

#### CASE STUDY:

JANE WANTS TO BUY A NEW PAIR OF JEANS WITH MONEY SHE RE-CEIVED FOR HER BIRTHDAY. SHE HOPES TO FIND A PAIR SHE LIKES THAT ARE EASY TO TAKE CARE OF, AND WILL WEAR A LONG TIME. WHERE CAN SHE GET INFORMATION TO HELP HER GET A GOOD BUY ON JEANS?

DOWN THE LEFT SIDE OF THIS SHEET ARE LISTED SOME TYPES OF INFORMATION THAT WOULD HELP JANE CHOOSE A PAIR OF JEANS. ACROSS THE TOP OF THE SHEET ARE LISTED SOURCES OF INFORMATION. HAVE ONE MEMBER OF YOUR GROUP CHECK (X) THE KINDS OF INFORMATION EACH GROUP MEMBER FOUND ON THE SOURCES USED FOR ACTIVITY A. (TWO GROUP MEMBERS MAY HAVE USED THE SAME KIND OF SOURCES.)

	LABELS	HANG- TAGS	USER PAMPHLETS	MAGAZINE ADS	MAGAZINE ARTICLES	NEWSPAPER ADS	PACKAGINGS
PRODUCT NAME							
FIBER CONTENT OF FABRIC '							$\Box$
CARE INSTRUCTIONS		,					$\vdash$
INSTRUCTIONS FOR USE OR WEARING					•		
WEIGHT OF FABRIC			٠,				<b></b>
PICTURE OF PRODUCT							-
SPECIAL FEATURES OR FABRIC							-
FINISH		•	ĺ				.
PRICE				<u>~~~</u>			
WHERE TO BUY	<del>-/</del>		<del></del> -	<u></u>	-4		
COLOR				<del>.          </del>			$\dashv$
SIZE							-
NAME OF MANUFACTURER			<del></del> -				
ADDRESS OF MANUFACTURER							
WANTED OF THE OF WOLDER	——1	1					
•						_	

NAME		_
	·	

# SOURCES OF CONSUMER INFORMATION - C

A. READ ALOUD THE SOURCES LISTED THEN ASK --\*
"WHAT SOURCE OF INFORMATION WOULD YOU USE TO OBTAIN
INFORMATION BEFORE DECIDING TO BUY A PRODUCT?"

<del></del>			¢.
SOURCES	, ,	PERSONS ASKED	
	NO. 1	NO. 2	NO. 3
LABELS	<del></del>		
HANGTAGS	and the second second second second		. 8
PACKAGING	,	4	
USER PAMPHLETS			
NEWSPAPER ADS	. 1	. t.	<del>-;</del> .
MAGAZINE ADS			
ARTICLES IN MAGAZINES OR NEWSPAPERS			•

DID THE PEOPLE YOU TALKED TO SUGGEST OTHER SOURCES OF IN-FORMATION? LIST THEM BELOW.

\*Each person may want to list more than one source.

# ACTIVITY SHEET A - MAGAZINE

DIRECTIONS: AS A GROUP LOOK THROUGH THE MAGAZINE AND SEE IF YOU CAN FIND AN EXAMPLE OF EACH OF THE FOLLOWING.\*
CUT IT OUT AND MARK THE NUMBER ON THE EXAMPLE.

- 1. A NEW PRODUCT(S) -- ARTICLE OR ADVERTISEMENT
- 2. AN AD WITH A COUPON
- 3. AN ARTICLE ABOUT FOOD OR CLOTHING
- 4. AN AD SHOWING NEW CLOSHING STYLES.
- 5. A NEW RECIPE
- 6. TWO EXAMPLES OF ADS OR ARTICLES THAT GIVE HELPFUL CONSUMER INFORMATION YOU MIGHT USE.

\*YOU MAY NOT FIND ALL OF THESE.

# ACTIVITY SHEET B - NEWSPAPER

DIRECTIONS: AS A GROUP LOOK THROUGH THE NEWSPAPER AND SEE IF YOU CAN FIND AN EXAMPLE OF EACH OF THE FOLLOWING .\* CUT IT OUT AND MARK THE NUMBER ON THE EXAMPLE.

- 1. IF YOU WANTED TO BUY SOME FISH -- WHERE COULD YOU GO?
- 2. A FABRIC SALE
- 3. A RESTAURANT HAVING A SPECIAL SALE
- 4. ENTERTAINMENT AVAILABLE
- 5. AN INFORMATIVE ARTICLE ABOUT FOOD OR CLOTHING
- 6. TWO EXAMPLES OF ADS OR ARTICLES THAT GIVE HELPFUL CONSUMER INFORMATION YOU MIGHT USE.

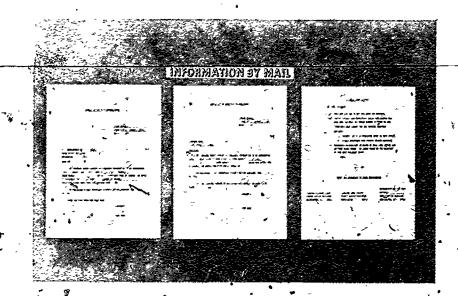
\*YOU MAY NOT FIND ALL OF THESE.

POSTER - WHERE TO GET PRINTED CONSUMER INFORMATION

WHERE TO GET CONSUMER

# PUBLICATIONS Extension Servicelows State University FIGURESION Government Agencies-Federal Agencies-Federal Agencies-Federal Product Testing Organizations Trade Associations, and Business and Professional Organizations Trade Associations, and Business and Professional Organizations

POSTER - WRITING FOR INFORMATION



# CHECK YOUR LETTER

### BE SURE YOU HAVE

- .A) TOLD WHO YOU ARE OR WHY YOU WANT THE MATERIAL.
  - B) STATED CLEARLY AND COMPLETELY WHICH PUBLICATION YOU WANT AND INCLUDED THE ORDER NUMBER IF THERE IS ONE.
  - C) EXPRESSED YOUR THANKS FOR THE SERVICE PROVIDED.
- 9D) ENCLOSED:
  - 1) PAYMENT, IF IT IS REQUIRED (WRAP OR TAPE COINS).
  - 2) A SELF-ADDRESSED AND STAMPED RETURN ENVELOPE.
- E). ADDRESSED AN ENVELOPE IN WHICH, TO MAIL YOUR LETTER AND WRITTEN "HAND CANCEL" IN LARGE PRINT ON THE ENVELOPE IF YOU HAVE ENCLOSED COINS.

# NAMES AND ADDRESSED OF YOUR CONGRESSMEN

SENATOR RICHARD CLARK SENATE OFFICE BUILDING WASHINGTON, D.G. 20510

SENATOR JOHN ULVER
SENATE, OFFICE BUILDING
WASHINGTON, D.C. 20510

REPRESENTATIVE FOR YOUR DISTRICT:

HOUSE OFFICE BUILDING WASHINGTON, D.C. 20515

# SAMPLE LETTER DIRECTLY TO PUBLISHER

(YOUR SCH	00L)	
CYOUR CIT	Y), (STATE)	, (ZIP)
*	, 1977	, .

(COMPANY NAME)
(CITY, STATE, ZIP CODE)

# GENTLEMEN:

AM LEARNING ABOUT SOURCES OF CONSUMER INFORMATION
IN MY HOMEMAKING CLASS. I WOULD LIKE TO HAVE A COPY OF
YOUR ROOKLET, (TITLE)
ORDER NUMBER, WHICH YOU OFFER FREE OF
CHARGE, (OR WHICH YOU OFFER FOR A CHARGE OF
I AM ENCLOSING A SELF-ADDRESSED STAMPED RETURN
ENVELOPE, AND IN COIN.
I WILL BE LOOKING FORWARD TO RECEIVING THIS BOOKLET.
The second secon

SINCERELY,

YOUR NAME

# SAMPLE LETTER TO A CONGRESSMAIN

<u>.</u> .	YOUR SCHOOL)
	YOUR CITY), (STATE), (ZIP)
	PRIL, 1977
, .	· · · ·
U.S. REPRESENTATIVE (NAME	
HOUSE OFFICE (BUILDING)	
WASHINGTON, D.C. 20515	
*	
DEAR REPRESENTATIVE	
and the second s	and the same of th
I AM LEARNING ABOUT SOURCE	S OF CONSUMER INFORMATION
IN MY HOMEMAKING CLASS. I WOUL	D LIKE TO GET A COPY OF
(TITLE OF PAMPHLET)	
'Cala'	VAILABLE FREE OF CHARGE
(OR WHICH IS AVATIABLE FOR	A) BROM (NAME
(OR WHICH IS AVAILABLE FOR OF SOURCE).	TO YOU PLEASE HAVE THIS
PUBLICATION SENT TO ME?	TED TOO THEM HAVE THE
I AM ENCLOSING A SELF-ADDR	ÉSSED STAMPED RETURN
ENVELOPERAND ¢ IN COIN.	- Danie Britain Britain
THANK YOU VERY MUCH FOR YO	UR HELP
	INCERELY,
	, J.

#### ACTIVITY SHEET "C"

COLUMN I LISTS TYPES OF SOURCES OF PRINTED CONSUMER MATERIALS. FIND PUBLICATIONS OFFERED BY A PARTICULAR COMPANY, DEPARTMENT OR GROUP OF EACH TYPE OF SOURCE AND WRITE IN THE INFORMATION ASKED FOR IN COLUMN II. YOUR GROUP MAY WANT TO CHOOSE A SECRETARY TO WRITE YOUR ANSWERS IN COLUMN II.

# Column I -- Type of Source

Extension Service of Iowa State University and U.S. Department of Agriculture

U.S. Government

State, County, or Local Government

Private Businesses or Companies

A Trade Association or a Business or Professional Organization

Nonprofit Product Testing Organizations

**ERIC** 

Column II -- Publication You Found From This Source

title of publication)

(title of publication).

(title of publication)

(government department producing it)

(title of publication)

(government department producing it)

(title of publication)

(company name and address)

title of publication)

(name of association or or ganization producing it)

(name of publication)

(name of publishing organization)

#### ACTIVITY SHEET "C"

FOR TEACHERS - ON THIS SHEET YOU WILL FIND SPECIFIC EXAMPLES OF SOURCES OF PRINTED CONSUMER INFORMATION. FOR OBJECTIVE A YOU WILL NEED TO PROVIDE ONE EXAMPLE (OR MORE) FROM EACH SOURCE.

TYPE OF SOURCE:

Extension Service of Iowa State University and U.S. Department of Agriculture

(or Agricultural Research Stations)

#### U.S. Government

(Dept. of H.E.W., Children's Bureau publications, Federal Trade Commission, Office of Economic Opportunity, Food and Drug Administration, Office of Public Affairs).

State, County, or Local Government

(State or County Health Department, Dept. of Social Services, Mental Health Clinics).

Private Businesses or Companies

(J.C. Penney Co., Sears Roebuck, Scholastic Magazine publications (particularly Co-Ed paperbacks), Proctor & Gamble, Power Company that serves your area, ... Household Finance Corp., Maytag Go. (Newton), Avon Co., any pattern companies or manufacturers of sewing notions or fabrics, VanHeusen Shirt Co., Sperry & Hutchinson Co.)

A Trade Association or a Business or Professional Organization

(American Medical Assoc., Bar Association, Better Business Bureau, Ins. Info. Institute; Amer. Dairy Assoc., American Dental Assoc., International Fabricare Institute, National Assoc. of Home Builders, ILGWU, National Institute of Real Estate Brokers, National Goodware Manufacturers Assoc.)

Nonprofit Product Testing Organizations:

Consumer's Union, Publ. of Consumer's Reports, Consumer's Research, Inc., Publisher of Consumer Bulletin) OBJECTIVE

83

LEARNING CENTER B

GROUP DIRECTIONS, AND ACTIVITIES

<b>MEMBERS</b>	:
+	

ACTIVITY #1: IN YOUR LEARNING CENTER YOU WILL FIND A BOOKLET "WHAT KIND OF INFORMATION?" THE INFORMATION IN THE BOOKLET WILL HELP YOU DO THE REST OF THE ACTIVITIES. YOUR TEACHER HAS A TAPE WHICH SOME OF YOU MAY USE AS YOU FOLLOW ALONG IN YOUR BOOKLET. WHEN EACH MEMBER OF YOUR GROUP HAS FINISHED READING YOU MAY GO ON TO ACTIVITY #2.

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### ACTIVITY #2:

A. AS A GROUP, LOOK AT THE COLLECTION OF CONSUMER INFORMATION IN ENVELOPE A. DISCUSS EACH ITEM WITH YOUR GROUP AND DECIDE WHICH ONES CONTAIN BIASED INFORMATION AND WHICH ONES CONTAIN UNBIASED INFORMATION. WRITE THEIR NUMBERS IN THE CORRECT COLUMN.

BLASED UNBLASED

B. IN THE ENVELOPE YOU FOUND A SMALLER ENVELOPE MARKED "DO NOT OPEN YET!" YOUR GROUP MAY OPEN IT NOW AND CHECK YOUR ANSWERS. IF YOU DISAGREE WITH THE ANSWER KEY, REVIEW THE INFORMATION IN THE BOOKLET. IF YOU STILL DISAGREE, CHECK WITH YOUR TEACHER.

1	В
c.	BELOW ARE 2 LISTS OF POSSIBLE PLACES, OR SOURCES,
-	WHERE CONSUMERS GET INFORMATIONONE IS MARKED BIASED
	AND ONE IS MARKED UNBIASED. USE THE SAME ITEMS IN
	ENVELOPE A: IN THE BIASED COLUMN PUT AN X BY THE
• ,	SOURCES IN YOUR ENVELOPE WHICH CONTAINED SOME BLASED
•	INFORMATION IN THE UNBIASED COLUMN PUT AN O BY THE
e.	SOURCES WHICH CONTAINED UNBIASED INFORMATION. NOTE:
	SOME SOURCES MAY BE MARKED IN MORE THAN ONE COLUMN.
	<u>DIASED</u> <u>UNBIASED</u>
***************************************	LABELSLABELS
	_ADVERTISINGADVERTISING
	_PACKAGING OR BOXESPACKAGING OR BOXES
	_PAMPHLETS OR BOOKLETSPAMPHLETS OR BOOKLETS
<u>.</u>	HANGTAGS \HANGTAGS \
1	<b>→</b> B
ACT.	IVITY #3:
	AS A GROUP, STUDY THE POSTER CONTAINING LABELS, HANG-
	TAGS, ADVERTISING AND/OR PACKAGING IN YOUR LEARNING
	CENTER. NOTICE THAT SOME ITEMS GIVE YOU MUCH INFORMA-
	TION AND SOME GIVE YOU VERY LITTLE INFORMATION. SOME
٠ .	INFORMATION IS HELPFUL TO THE CONSUMER AND SOME IS NOT.
	1. WHICH ITEM CONTAINS THE MOST INFORMATION? A B C
	2. WHICH ITEM CONTAINS THE LEAST INFORMATION? A B C
	3. WHICH ITEM ATTRACTED YOUR ATTENTION FIRST? .A B C

ERIC

PAMPHLETS OR BOOKLETS

HANGTAGS

B-f

ACTIVITY #: FOOD

A. AS A GROUP, LOOK AT THE ADVERTISING ON SPAGHETTI SAUCES. ADVERTISEMENTS OFTEN SAY THAT THEIR PRODUCTS ARE "BEST" IN SOME WAY, AND MAY OFFER SOME TYPE OF PROOF. ADVERTISING IS REQUIRED BY LAW TO BE TRUE. IS HUNTS SPAGHETTI SAUCE REALLY THICKER THAN RAGU SPAGHETTI SAUCE? TRY THE SAME TEST AND SEE!

DIRECTIONS: YOUR TEACHER WILL HAVE THE FOLLOWING SUPPLIES READY FOR YOUR GROUP:

- 2. STRAINERS
- 2 BOWLS
- 2 RUBBER SCRAPERS
- 2 JARS OF SPAGHETTI SAUCE

B-f

OPEN BOTH JARS OF SPACHETTI SAUCE. HAVE 2 MEMBERS OF YOUR GROUP POUR THE SPACHETTI SAUCE INTO THE STRAINERS. NOTICE WHICH SAUCE RUNS THROUGH THE STRAINER FIRST. NOTE: REMEMBER WHICH BRAND OF SAUCE YOU POUR INTO WHICH STRAINER! WORK IN THE KITCHEN IF POSSIBLE.

AFTER YOU HAVE NOTICED WHICH SAUCE RUNS THROUGH THE STRAINER FIRST, PUT THE SPAGHETTI SAUCE BACK INTO THE PROPER JARS AND PUT THEM INTO THE REFRIGERATOR. CLEAN UP ANY MESS ACCORDING TO YOUR USUAL CLASS ROUTINE. (CHECK WITH YOUR TEACHER IF NECESSARY.)

TURN THE PAGE AND GO ON WITH PART B.

						`		B-f
ъ.	ANS	SÆR THE	- <sub>E,</sub> ÒTTÓMI <i>N</i>	, IG QUESTT	ONS.			
	a 1.	WAS ONE	SAUCE T	HICKER T	HAN THE	OTHER?	,	· .
٠	· .	Y	es	NO		CAN'T TE	LL.	,
,	2.	F YOUR	Answer Ints	WAS <u>YES,</u> RAG	WHICH (	ONE WAS	THICKER	<b>?</b>
· .,	3.	WAS THE	INFORMA	nt noit	PHE AD 1		•	•
٠,	4.		· · ·	NO		ANT TE	LL.	* * *
•	•	MAKE A	CHOICE OF	L MHICH ?	emation Spagheti	YOU WOU I SAUCE	TINAW CLI VIIR OT	.TO
~; (	*	YE	ទ	NO	<u>·</u> D	ON'T KN	OW.	
, <sub>U</sub>	5.	IF YOU LIKE TO	MARKED <u>N</u> KNOW.	O, LIST A	FEW OT	HER FAC	rs yoð	MOULD
	• •	•	•	•	• '		•	
	.' .		• ' · · ·	~S.	•		٠.	9
 1	,					·		
_	•	•	* ,,.		•		*	B-f
C.	AS A	GROUP, ER THE I	LOOK AT	THE AD F	OR APPLI	E JUICE.	THEN	
* * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * *	<b>1</b> .	WHAT DOE	ES THE AD EE BEST A	VERTISER PPLE JUI	SAY WH	ICH MAKE UY? NAM	s you 1 E 2 THI	HINK NGS.
	•		1		,	· • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •	٠	
-	.2.	IS THIS	AD TRUE?	/Y	ES .	NO .	Υ!ΔΝ:π	म्ब्रह्म
	3 1	HOW COUL SOME WAY	D'YOU DE	TERMINE :	IF THE A	D IS TR	UE'? SU	GGEST
•	•	<b>.</b>	•	•		,		

ACTIVITY #+: CLOTHING

A. AS A GROUP, LOOK AT THE COPY OF THE BOUNTY PAPER TOWEL PACKAGES. THIS IS A TYPE OF ADVERTISING -- NOT IN A MAGA-ZINE OR ON TV BUT ON A LABEL OR PACKAGE. NEW BOUNTY CLAIMS TO BE "EXTRA ABSORBENT". NEW BOUNTY IS 30% MORE ABSORBENT. (MORE ABSORBENT THAN WHAT? OLD BOUNTY, OR OTHER PAPER TOWELS?) THE MANUFACTURER WOULD LIKE US TO THINK THAT NEW BOUNTY IS THE BEST PAPER TOWEL TO BUY. . LET'S SEE IF IT IS MORE, ABOSRBENT THAN OTHER PAPER TOWELS. WORK IN THE KITCHEN IF POSSIBLE.

DIRECTIONS: IN YOUR PACKET YOU WILL FIND 4 SAMPLES OF PAPER TOWELS; BOUNTY, (HYVEE, CALA, AND GENERATION OR. 3 THE TEACHER PROVIDES) (2 SHEETS OF EACH). YOUR TEACHER WILL HAVE READY FOR YOU:

4 COFFEE CUPS 1 SET MEASURING SPOONS

LOOSELY CRUMPLE ONE SHEET OF BOUNTY PAPER TOWEL INTO ONE CUP, AND ONE OF EACH OF THE OTHER 3 KINDS INTO THE OTHER 3 CUPS. INTO EACH CUP POUR 4 TABLESPOONS OF WATER. EXACTLY: LIGHTLY PRESS THE PAPER TOWELS INTO THE WATER. THEN REMOVE THE PAPER TOWELS. LET THEM DRIP OVER THE CUP A LITTLE BIT, BUT DO NOT WRING THEM OUT. NOTE: REMEMBER WHICH PAPER TOWEL WAS IN WHICH CUP! MEASURE THE AMOUNT OF WATER LEFT IN EACH CUP AND SUBTRACT IT FROM 4 TO FIND OUT HOW MUCH WATER EACH PAPER TOWEL ABSORBED. YOU MAY REPEAT THE EXPERIMENT TO BE SURE OF YOUR RESULTS. CLEAN UP ANY MESS AND THEN ANSWER THE QUESTIONS ON THE NEXT PAGE.

'\_ B-c B. HOW MUCH WATER DID EACH PAPER TOWEL ABSORB? HYVEE . GALA GENERATION (OR 3. THE BOUNTY TEACHER PROVIDED) WHICH ONE WAS THE MOST ABSORBENT? 10 2. WAS THE INFORMATION ON THE PACKAGE TRUE? YES. NO CAN'T TELL IS THIS ALL OF THE INFORMATION YOU WOULD WANT BEFORE YOU DECIDED WHICH PAPER TOWEL TO BUY? YES NO CAN'T TELL IF YOU MARKED "NO", LIST A FEW OTHER FACTS YOU - WOULD LIKE TO KNOW. WHAT OTHER DIFFERENCES DID YOU NOTICE ABOUT THE 6. DIFFERENT TYPES OF PAPER TOWELS? DESCRIBE THE DIFFERENCES BRIEFLY. HOW IS YOUR MATH?! CAN YOU FIGURE OUT HOW MUCH EACH PAPER TOWEL COST? USE THE FOLLOWING INFORMATION: (INFORMATION MAY VARY DEPENDING ON LOCALITY) 100 BOUNTY PAPER TOWELS/\$.63 120 HYVEE PAPER TOWELS/\$.55 ..94 GALA PAPER TOWELS/\$:63 150 GENERATION PAPER TOWELS/\$.63

ACTIVITY #5(OPTIONAL): LOOK THROUGH SOME MAGAZINES AND NEWSPAPERS, AND FIND AN EXAMPLE OF UNBIASED AND BIASED CONSUMER INFORMATION. (CHECK WITH YOUR TEACHER IF THERE ARE NO MAGAZINES OR NEWSPAPERS IN YOUR LEARNING CENTER.) YOU MAY ALSO LOOK AT HOME THIS EVENING FOR LABELS, HANG-TAGS, ETG. NOTE: IF YOU CAN'T FIND EXAMPLES OF ONE OR THE OTHER, MAKE UP ONE AND SKETCH OR WRITE IT ON A SHEET OF PAPER.

PREPARE A SMALL POSTER USING THESE 2 ITEMS AND, THE PIECE OF POSTER BOARD OR A SHEET OF PAPER. UNDERLINE WITH MAGEC MARKER THE PART THAT IS BIASED; OR EXPLAIN IN YOUR OWN WORDS WHY ONE EXAMPLE IS BIASED. EXPLAIN WHY THE OTHER ITEM IS UNBIASED.

ACTIVITY #6 (OPTIONAL):

- 1. CHOOSE A PRODUCT OR ITEM THAT YOU OR YOUR FRIENDS MIGHT-BUY.
- 2. USING SOME OF THE RESOURCES IN THE TEARNING CENTER (MAGAZINES, NEWSPAPERS) FIND SOME INFORMATION ABOUT THAT ITEM. (CHECK WITH YOUR TEACHER IF THERE ARE NO MAGAZINES, NEWSPAPERS IN YOUR LEARNING CENTER.)
- 3. LIST THE KINDS OF INFORMATION YOU FOUND.
- 4. WHAT ELSE WOULD YOU LIKE TO KNOW ABOUT THE PRODUCT?
- 5. WHERE COULD YOU FIND THE'S INFORMATION? (LABEL, PACKAGE, ETC.)

TRY TO FIND SOME INFORMATION BEFORE CLASS TOMORROW: AND BRING IT WITH YOU! USE THE FORM ON THE FOLLOWING PAGE TO RECORD THE INFORMATION FOR THIS ACTIVITY. EXTRA FORMS ARE IN YOUR LEARNING CENTER LABELED ACTIVITY #6: INFORMATION SHEET. YOU MAY DO THIS ACTIVITY INDIVIDUALLY OR AS A GROUP.

## INFORMATION SHEET

ACTIVITY #6:

- 1. ITEM OR PRODUCT:
- 2. SOURCE OF INFORMATION: ..
- 3. KINDS OF INFORMATION:
- 4. OTHER INFORMATION WE WOULD LIKE:
- 5. WHERE COULD YOU FIND MORE INFORMATION?:
- 6. CAN YOU USUALLY FIND ALL OF THE INFORMATION YOU WOULD LIKE IN ONE PLACE?

YES \_\_\_\_NO \_\_\_DON:I KNOW

13

1

В

ACTIVITY #7 (OPTIONAL): AS A GROUP, LOOK AT THE ILLUSTRATION AND SCRIPT OF A BIASED TV ADVERTISMENT.

- 1. WHY IS THE AD BIASED? EXPLAIN BRIEFLY.

В

ACTIVITY #9: AS A GROUP, SPEND THE LAST 10 MINUTES OF THE PERIOD SUMMARIZING WHAT YOU HAVE LEARNED ABOUT CONSUMER / INFORMATION, INCLUDING THE FOLLOWING: BIASED AND UNBIASED INFORMATION, RELIABLE INFORMATION, TRUE ADVERTISING, AMOUNT OF CONSUMER INFORMATION. A GOOD WAY TO START WOULD BE FOR EACH GROUP MEMBER TO TELL ONE THING HE/SHE HAS LEARNED. WRITE YOUR STATEMENT OR STATEMENTS IN THE SPACE BELOW.

HAND IN ALL MATERIALS TO THE TEACHER.

1

LEARNING CENTER 1-B PLAN 2

#### GROUP DIRECTIONS AND ACTIVITIES

members:	1		•
		4	3

ACTIVITY #1: IN YOUR LEARNING CENTER YOU WILL FIND A BOOK-LET."WHAT KIND OF INFORMATION?" THE INFORMATION IN THE BOOKLET WILL HELP YOU DO THE REST OF THE ACTIVITIES. YOUR TEACHER HAS A TAPE WHICH SOME OF YOU MAY USE AS YOU FOLLOW ALONG IN YOUR BOOKLET. WHEN EACH MEMBER OF YOUR GROUP HAS FINISHED READING, YOU MAY GO ON, TO ACTIVITY #2.

2

1-B

#### ACTIVITY #2:

A. AS A GROUP, LOOK AT THE COLLECTION OF CONSUMER INFOR-MATION IN ENVELOPE A. DISCUSS EACH ITEM WITH YOUR GROUP AND DECIDE WHICH ONES CONTAIN <u>BIASED</u> INFORMATION AND WHICH ONES CONTAIN <u>UNBIASED</u> INFORMATION. WRITE THEIR NUMBERS IN THE CORRECT COLUMN.

BIASED

UNBIASED

B. IN THE ENVELOPE YOU FOUND A SMALLER ENVELOPE MARKED "DO NOT OPEN YET". YOUR GROUP MAY OPEN IT NOW AND CHECK YOUR ANSWERS. IF YOU DISAGREE WITH THE ANSWER KEY, REVIEW THE INFORMATION IN THE BOOKLET. IF YOU STILL DISAGREE, CHECK WITH YOUR TEACHER.

1-B

C. BELOW ARE 2 LISTS OF POSSIBLE PLACES, OR SOURCES, WHERE CONSUMERS GET INFORMATION - ONE IS MARKED BIASED AND ONE IS MARKED UNBIASED. USE THE SAME ITEMS IN ENVELOPE A. IN THE BIASED COLUMN PUT AN X BY THE SOURCES IN YOUR ENVELOPE WHICH CONTAINED SOME BIASED INFORMATION. IN THE UNBIASED COLUMN PUT AN O BY THE SOURCE WHICH CONTAINED UNBIASED INFORMATION. NOTE: SOME SOURCES MAY BE MARKED IN MORE THAN ONE COLUMN.

BIASED	;	UNBIASED		•	•
LABELS		LABELS		*	
ADVERTISING		ADVERTISIN	īG		٠,
PACKAGING OR BOX	ES . <u>-</u>	PACKAGING	OR	BOXES	3
PAMPHLETS OR BOO	KLEŢS _	PAMPHLETS	0R	воокт	ETS
HANGTAGS	· — —	HANGTAGS			
7	•	•		•	3

2

1**-**B

ACTIVITY #3: AS A GROUP, MAKE A SUMMARY STATEMENT OR STATEMENTS ABOUT THE SOURCE OR SOURCES WHICH ARE MOST LIKELY TO CONTAIN BIASED INFORMATION. WRITE IT BELOW.

ONE WAY TO START WOULD BE FOR EACH GROUP MEMBER TO TELL ONE THING HE/SHE LEARNED FROM ACTIVITY #1.

ACTIVITY #4: LOOK THROUGH SOME MAGAZINES AND NEWSPAPERS, AND FIND IN EXAMPLE OF UNBIASED AND BIASED CONSUMER INFORMATION. (CHECK WITH YOUR TEACHER IF THERE ARE NO MAGAZINES OR NEWSPAPERS IN YOUR LEARNING CENTER.) YOU MAY ALSO LOOK AT HOME THIS EVENING FOR LABELS, HANGTAGS, ETC. NOTE: IF YOU CAN'T FIND EXAMPLES OF ONE OR THE OTHER, MAKE UP ONE AND SKETCH OR WRITE IT ON A SHEET OF PAPER.

AS A GROUP PREPARE A SMALL POSTER USING THESE 2 ITEMS ANDTHE PIECE OF POSTER BOARD SO YOU CAN TEACH THE REST OF YOUR
CLASS WHAT YOU HAVE LEARNED ABOUT BIASED INFORMATION. UNDERLINE WITH MAGIC MARKER THE PART THAT IS BIASED, OR EXPLAIN
IN YOUR OWN WORDS WHY ONE EXAMPLE IS BIASED. EXPLAIN WHY
THE OTHER ITEM IS UNBIASED. YOU WILL HAVE ABOUT 7-10 MINUTES TO MAKE YOUR PRESENTATION TO YOUR CLASS.

HAND IN ALL MATERIALS TO THE TEACHER.

5

LEARNING CENTER #2-B
PLAN .2

GROUP DIRECTIONS AND ACTIVITIES

MEMBERS:	·	
•		•

ACTIVITY #1: IN YOUR LEARNING CENTER YOU WILL FIND A BOOK-LET "WHAT KIND OF INFORMATION?" THE INFORMATION IN THE BOOKLET WILL HELP YOU DO THE REST OF THE ACTIVITIES. YOUR TEACHER HAS A TAPE WHICH SOME OF YOU MAY USE AS YOU FOLLOW ALONG IN YOUR BOOKLET. WHEN EACH MEMBER OF YOUR GROUP HAS FINISHED READING, YOU MAY GO ON TO ACTIVITY #2.

ACTI	YITY	.#2:
------	------	------

A.	AS A GROUP, STUDY THE POSTER CONTAINING LABELS, HANG-
	TAGS, ADVERTISING AND/OR PACKAGING IN YOUR LEARNING
٠,	CENTER. NOTICE THAT SOME ITEMS GIVE YOU MUCH INFORMA-
	TION AND SOME GIVE YOU VERY LITTLE INFORMATION. SOME
	INFORMATION IS HELPFUL TO THE CONSUMER AND SOME IS
	NOT.

	NOT.	• •	
	1:	WHICH ITEM CONTAINS THE MOST INFORMATION?	
•		AB	′Ċ
	2.	WHICH ITEM CONTAINS THE LEAST INFORMATION?	
	1	B	C
	3•	WHICH ITEM ATTRACTED YOUR ATTENTION FIRST?	
	-	A \B	C
			٠ 2
.2 .			 2≟B
	•		Z <b>-</b> D

- B. AS A GROUP, LOOK AT THE ITEMS IN ENVELOPE B. SORT THEM ACCORDING TO HOW MUCH USEFUL INFORMATION THEY GIVE A CONSUMER-MUCH, SOME, VERY LITTLE. PUT THE ITEMS IN THE CORRECT POCKETS AT THE BOTTOM OF THE DISPLAY.
  - 1. WHAT SOURCES CONTAINED MUCH OR SOME INFORMATION?

    CHECK (X) THE ITEMS (IF THEY WERE IN YOUR ENVELOPE.)

·	_LABELS · .
•	_ADVERTISING '
, <i>´</i>	PACKAGING OR BOXES
•	PAMPHLETS OR BOOKLETS
•	HANGTAGS

2.	WHAT SOURCES CONTAINED VERY LITTLE INFORMATION CHECK (X) THE ITEMS (IF THEY WERE IN YOUR ENVE
	LOPE.)
	LABELS
	ADVERTISING N
	PACKAGING OR BOXES
	PAMPHLETS OR BOOKLETS
• '	HANGTAGS

2**-**B

# ACTIVITY #3:

- CHOOSE A PRODUCT OR ITEM THAT YOU OR YOUR FRIENDS MIGHT BUY.
- 2. USING SOME OF THE RESOURCES IN THE LEARNING CENTER (MAGAZINES, NEWSPAPERS) FIND SOME INFORMATION ABOUT THAT ITEM. (CHECK WITH YOUR TEACHER IF THERE ARE NO MAGAZINES, NEWSPAPERS IN YOUR LEARNING CENTER.)
- 3. LIST THE KINDS OF INFORMATION YOU FOUND.
- 4. WHAT ELSE WOULD YOU LIKE TO KNOW ABOUT THE PRODUCT?
- 5. WHERE COULD YOU FIND THIS INFORMATION? (LABEL, PACKAGE, ETC.) TRY TO FIND SOME INFORMATION BEFORE CLASS TOMORROW AND BRING IT WITH YOU.

USE THE FORM ON THE FOLLOWING PAGE TO RECORD THE INFORMATION FOR THIS ACTIVITY.

YOU MAY DO THIS ACTIVITY INDIVIDUALLY OR AS A GROUP.

- 1. ITEM OR PRODUCT:
- 2. SOURCE OF INFORMATION:
- 3. KINDS OF INFORMATION:
- 4. OTHER INFORMATION WE WOULD LIKE:
- 5. WHERE COULD YOU FIND MORE INFORMATION? >
- 6. CAN YOU USUALLY FIND ALL OF THE INFORMATION YOU WOULD LIKE IN ONE PLACE?

YES	NO .	DON'T	KNOW
	*14		
	. <del></del>		

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2 **2−B** 

ACTIVITY #+: AS A GROUP, MAKE A SUMMARY STATEMENT OR STATEMENTS ABOUT WHAT YOU HAVE LEARNED CONCERNING THE AMOUNT OF USEFUL INFORMATION YOU FIND IN VARIOUS SOURCES OF CONSUMER INFORMATION. WRITE IT IN THE SPACE BELOW. ONE WAY TO START SUMMARIZING IS FOR EACH GROUP MEMBER TO STATE ONE THING THEY LEARNED FROM THIS ACTIVITY.

2-B

ACTIVITY #5: USE THE ITEM THAT YOU CHOSE FOR ACTIVITY #3. IF YOU LACH CHOSE AN ITEM, DECIDE ON ONE TO USE FOR THIS ACTIVITY. PRESENT TO YOUR CLASS THE FOLLOWING INFORMATION:

- 1. WHERE YOU FIRST HEARD OF THE ITEM (FRIEND, TV, MAGAZINE).
- 2. HOW MANY DIFFERENT SOURCES YOU FOUND WHICH CONTAINED SOME INFORMATION ABOUT THE ITEM. NAME THE SOURCES.
- 3. WHICH SOURCE OR SOURCES OF INFORMATION WERE THE MOST USEFUL TO YOU?
- 4. DID YOU NEED TO CHECK MORE THAN ONE SOURCE TO FIND ALL OF THE INFORMATION YOU WOULD LIKE TO HAVE?

USE ANY MATERIALS AVAILABLE (PICTURE, EXAMPLES, POSTERS) TO MAKE YOUR PRESENTATION INTERESTING. YOU WILL HAVE ABOUT 7-10 MINUTES FOR YOUR REPORT.

HAND IN ALL MATERIALS TO THE TEACHER.

8

LEARNING CENTER 3-B PLAN 2 - FOODS

GROUP DIRECTIONS AND ACTIVITIES

MEMBERS:		٠	_ •		, -		
, -	. ,		<del></del> ,	•	-	• • *	٠,

ACTIVITY #1: IN YOUR LEARNING CENTER YOU WILL FIND A BOOK-LET "WHAT KIND OF INFORMATION?" THE INFORMATION IN THE BOOKLET WILL HELP YOU DO THE REST OF THE ACTIVITIES. YOUR TEACHER HAS A TAPE WHICH SOME OF YOU MAY USE AS YOU FOLLOW ALONG IN YOUR BOOKLET. WHEN EACH MEMBER OF YOUR GROUP HAS FINISHED READING, YOU MAY GO ON TO ACTIVITY #2. .2

3-B-f

### ACTIVITY #2:

- A. AS A GROUP, LOOK AT THE ADVERTISING ON SPAGHETTI SAUCES. ADVERTISEMENTS OFTEN SAY THAT THEIR PRODUCTS ARE "BEST" IN SOME WAY, AND MAY OFFER SOME TYPE OF PROOF. ADVERTISING IS REQUIRED BY LAW TO BE TRUE. IS HUNTS SPAGHETTI SAUCE REALLY THICKER THAN RAGU SPAGHETTI SAUCE? TRY THE SAME TEST AND SEE: DIRECTIONS: YOUR TEACHER WILL HAVE THE FOLLOWING SUPPLIES READY FOR YOUR GROUP--
  - 2 STRAINERS
  - 2 BOWLS
  - 2 RUBBER SCRAPERS
  - 2 JARS OF SPAGHETTI SAUCE

2

2

3-B-f

OPEN BOTH JARS.OF SPAGHETTI SAUCE. HAVE 2 MEMBERS OF YOUR GROUP POUR THE SPAGHETTI SAUCE INTO THE STRAINERS. NOTICE WHICH SAUCE RUNS THROUGH THE STRAINER FIRST. NOTE: REMEMBER WHICH BRAND OF SAUCE YOU POUR INTO WHICH STRAINER! WORK IN THE KITCHEN IF POSSIBLE.

AFTER YOU HAVE NOTICED WHICH SAUCE RUNS THROUGH THE STRAINER FIRST, PUT THE SPAGHETTI SAUCE BACK INTO THE PROPER JARS AND PUT THEM INTO THE REFRIGERATOR. CLEAN UP ANY MESS ACCORDING TO YOUR USUAL CLASS ROUTINE. (CHECK WITH YOUR TEACHER IF NECESSARY.)

TURN THE PAGE AND GO ON WITH PART B.

·2	. •	3-B-f
В.	ANSU	? THE FOLLOWING QUESTIONS:
		WAS ONE SAUCE THICKER THAN THE OTHER?
	•	YES NO CAN'T TELL
-	2.	IF YOUR ANSWER. WAS YES, WHICH ONE WAS THICKER?
		HUNTS RAGU /.
•	3.	WAS THE INFORMATION IN THE ADTRUE?
•		YESNOCAN'T TELL
	4.	IS THIS ALL OF THE INFORMATION YOU WOULD WANT TO MAKE A CHOICE OF WHICH SPAGHETTI SAUCE TO BUY?
		YES NO CAN'T TELL
	5.	IF YOU MARKED NO, LIST A FEW OTHER FACTS YOU WOULD LIKE TO KNOW.
=		
		4
2		3-B-f
	•	
		7 #3: AS A GROUP, LOOK AT THE AD FOR APPLE JUICE.
THEN	•	WER THE FOLLOWING QUESTIONS:
,	1. ¥	WHAT DOES THE ADVERTISER SAY WHICH MAKES YOU THINK IT IS THE BEST APPLE JUICE TO BUY? NAME 2 THINGS.
	2	IŞ THIŞ AD TRUE? YESNOCAN'T TELL
•		HOW COULD YOU DETERMINE IF THE AD IS TRUE? SUGGEST SOME WAYS BELOW.

·3-B-f·

ACTIVITY #+: USING SOME OF THE MAGAZINES, NEWSPAPERS, LABELS OR HANGTAGS AVAILABLE FROM YOUR TEACHER, EACH MEMBER OF YOUR GROUP CHOOSE 2 ITEMS OF CONSUMER INFORMATION WHICH STATE FACTS ABOUT THE PRODUCT. LOOK FOR THE FOLLOWING INFORMATION: (USE THE INDIVIDUAL ANSWER SHEETS MARKED ACTIVITY #+)

- 1. WHAT ARE SOME OF THE FACTS STATED IN THE ITEM OF CONSUMER INFORMATION? LIST A FEW.
- 2. CAN YOU TELL IF THE INFORMATION IS TRUE? YES. NO
- 3. IS THERE SOME WAY YOU COULD FIND OUT IF THE INFORMATION IS TRUE? YES \_\_\_\_\_NO
  HOW?

6

2

-B-f

ACTIVITY #5: AS A GROUP, SUMMARIZE WHAT YOU HAVE LEARNED ABOUT TRUE INFORMATION IN ADVERTISING. USE THE QUESTIONS YOU ANSWERED CONCERNING THE 2 ADS TO HELP YOUR THINKING. WRITE YOUR SUMMARY STATEMENTS BELOW. ONE WAY TO SUMMARIZE MIGHT BE FOR EACH GROUP MEMBER TO STATE ONE THING THEY LEARNED FROM THE ACTIVITY.

ACTIVITY #6: IN YOUR GROUP, PLAN A WAY TO TEACH THE REST OF THE CLASS WHAT YOU HAVE LEARNED ABOUT TRUE ADVERTISING. YOU MAY USE ANY OF THE MATERIALS IN THE LEARNING CENTER TO MAKE YOUR PRESENTATION INTERESTING. YOU WILL HAVE 7-10 MINUTES TO PRESENT YOUR INFORMATION TO THE CLASS:

HAND IN ALL MATERIALS.

LEARNING CENTER 3-B PLAN 2 - CLOTHING

GROUP DIRECTIONS AND ACTIVITIES

MEMBERS:

ACTIVITY #1: IN YOUR LEARNING CENTER YOU WILL FIND A BOOK-LET "WHAT KIND OF INFORMATION?" THE INFORMATION IN THE BOOKLET WILL HELP YOU DO THE REST OF THE ACTIVITIES. YOUR TEACHER HAS A TAPE WHICH SOME OF YOU MAY USE AS YOU FOLLOW ALONG IN YOUR BOOKLET. WHEN EACH MEMBER OF YOUR GROUP HAS FINISHED READING, YOU MAY GO ON TO ACTIVITY #2.

2

3-B-c

## ACTIVITY #2:

A. AS A GROUP, LOOK AT THE COPY OF THE BOUNTY PAPER TOWEL PACKAGE. THIS IS A TYPE OF ADVERTISING -- NOT IN A MAGAZINE OR ON TV, BUT ON A LABEL OR PACKAGE. NEW BOUNTY CLAIMS TO BE "EXTRA ABSORBENT". NEW BOUNTY IS 30% MORE ABSORBENT. (MORE ABSORBENT THAN WHAT? OLD BOUNTY, OR OTHER PAPER TOWELS?) THE MANUEACTURER WOULD LIKE US TO THINK THAT NEW BOUNTY IS THE BEST PAPER TOWEL TO BUY. LET'S SEE IF IT IS MORE ABSORBENT THAN OTHER PAPER TOWELS. WORK IN THE KITCHEN IF POSSIBLE.

DIRECTIONS: IN YOUR PACKET YOU WILL FIND 4 SAMPLES OF PAPER TOWELS: BOUNTY, (HYVEE, GALA, AND GENERATION)

(OR 3 THE TEACHER PROVIDES) (2 SHEETS OF EACH ONE).

YOUR TEACHER WILL HAVE READY FOR YOU:

4. COFFEE CUPS : ESET MEASURING SPOONS

109

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`3-B-c

LOOSELY CRUMPLE ONE SHEET OF BOUNTY PAPER TOWEL INTO ONE CUP, AND ONE OF EACH OF THE OTHER 3 KINDS INTO THE OTHER 3 CUPS. INTO EACH CUP POUR 4 TABLESPOONS OF WATER.

MEASURE EXACTLY: LIGHTLY PRESS THE PAPER TOWELS INTO THE WATER. THEN REMOVE THE PAPER TOWELS. LET THEM DRIP OVER THE CUPS A LITTLE BIT, BUT DO NOT WRING THEM OUT. NOTE: REMEMBER WHICH PAPER TOWEL WAS IN WHICH CUP! MEASURE THE AMOUNT OF WATER LEFT IN EACH CUP AND SUBTRACT IT FROM 4 TO FIND OUT HOW MUCH WATER EACH PAPER TOWEL ABSORBED. YOU MAY REPEAT THE EXPERIMENT TO BE SURE OF YOUR RESULTS. CLEAN UP ANY MESS AND THEN ANSWER THE QUESTIONS ON THE NEXT PAGE.

<b>-</b> , <b>-</b>	-' -	
2	•	3-
<b>B</b> . ′	`	
	ı.	HOW MUCH WATER DID EACH PAPER TOWEL ABSORB?
		BOUNTY (HYVEE ' GALA GENERATION) (OR 3 THE
	٠.	TEACHER PROVIDED
	2.	WHICH ONE WAS THE MOST ABSORBENT?
	3.	WAS THE INFORMATION ON THE PACKAGE TRUE?
ı		YES NO CAN'T TELL
ν-	4.	IS THIS ALL OF THE INFORMATION YOU WOULD WANT BEFORE YOU DECIDED WHICH PAPER TOWEL TO BUY?
١,		YES NO CAN'T TELL
	5.	IF YOU MARKED NO, LIST A FEW OTHER FACTS YOU WOULD LIKE TO KNOW.

		<b>ح</b> ,	-	•				-3 <b>-</b> B-
	` .	6.	WHAT OTHE TYPES OF BRIEFLY.	R DIFFERE PAPER TOW	NCE DID ELS?- DE	YOU NOTI ESCRIBE 1	CE-ABOU HE DIFFI	THE PRENCES
		<b>7.</b>	HOW IS YOU EACH SHEET INFORMATION LOCALITY)	I OF PAPE	R TOWEL	OU FIGURE COST? U MAY VAF	ISE THE P	OLLOWIN
		1	100 BOUNT 120 HYVEE 94 GALA 150 GENER	PAPER TO PAPER TOW	WELS/.\$. ELS/\$.63	55		•
			EACH SHEET	r costs: Unty	c **		- *	• • •
			HY.	VEE			,	,
		•	GA	LA ♥	i.		* *	
	-		GEI	NERATION				
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,		2	• ′ •	-	÷	•	,	3-B-
	•	ACTIVIT	y #3: USII	NG SOME O	F THE MA	GAZINES.	NEWSPAF	EBS.
. •	, ;		OR HANGTAGS					
			OF YOUR GRO					

WHAT ARE SOME OF THE FACTS STATED IN THE ITEM OF CONSUMER INFORMATION? LIST A FEW.

TION WHICH STATE FACTS ABOUT THE PRODUCT. LOOK FOR THE FOLLOWING INFORMATION: (USE THE INDIVIDUAL ANSWER SHEETS

2. CAN YOU TELL IF THE INFORMATION IS TRUE?

MARKED ACTIVITY #3.) \_.

3. IS THERE SOME WAY YOU COULD FIND OUT IF THE INFORMATION IS TRUE? YES \_\_\_\_\_NO HOW?

2

3-B-c

ACTIVITY #1. AS A GROUP, SUMMARIZE WHAT YOU HAVE LEARNED ABOUT TRUE INFORMATION IN ADVERTISING. ONE WAY TO SUMMARIZE MIGHT BE FOR EACH GROUP MEMBER TO STATE ONE THING THEY HAVE LEARNED FROM THE ACTIVITY. WRITE YOUR SUMMARY STATEMENTS BELOW.

ACTIVITY #5: IN YOUR GROUP, PLAN A WAY TO TEACH THE REST OF THE CLASS WHAT YOU HAVE LEARNED ABOUT TRUE ADVERTISING. YOU MAY USE ANY OF THE MATERIALS IN THE LEARNING CENTER TO MAKE YOUR PRESENTATION INTERESTING. YOU WILL HAVE 7-10 MINUTES TO PRESENT YOUR INFORMATION TO THE CLASS.

HAND IN ALL MATERIALS.

7

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LEARNING CENTER 4-B

GROUP. DIRECTIONS AND ACTIVITIES

MEMBERS:	 	· ·	,-	÷ .	
•	•	ø	7		
			•		

ACTIVITY #1: IN YOUR LEARNING CENTER YOU WILL FIND A BOOK-LET "WHAT KIND OF INFORMATION?" THE INFORMATION IN THE BOOKLET WILL HELP YOU DO THE REST OF THE ACTIVITIES. YOUR TEACHER HAS A TAPE WHICH SOME OF YOU MAY USE AS YOU FOLLOW ALONG IN YOUR BOOKLET. WHEN EACH MEMBER OF YOUR GROUP HAS FINISHED READING, YOU MAY GO ON TO ACTIVITY #2.

4-B

ACTIVITY #2: AS A GROUP, LOOK AT THE ILLUSTRATION AND SCRIPT OF BLASED TV ADVERTISING.

- 1. WHY IS THE AD BLASED? EXPLAIN BRIEFLY.
- 2. WRITE THE TELEVISION AD AGAIN SO IT CONTAINS TRUE, FACTUAL INFORMATION, INSTEAD OF BIASED INFORMATION. PLAN-A SKIT WITH YOUR GROUP MEMBERS ACTING THE PARTS OF THE TV ACTORS. DECIDE ON ANY "PROPS" YOU MIGHT NEED TO BRING FROM HOME.

2

2

4<del>.</del>B

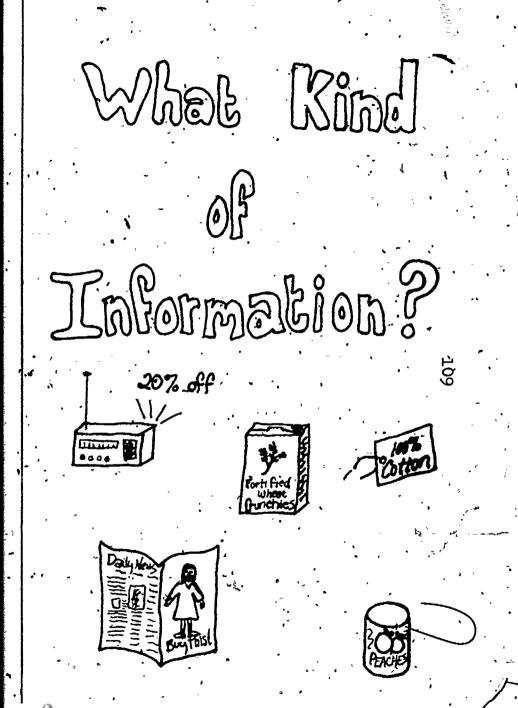
ACTIVITY #3: AS A GROUP, SUMMARIZE WHAT YOU HAVE LEARNED ABOUT BIASED ADVERTISING. A GOOD WAY TO START IS FOR EACH MEMBER TO STATE ONE THING EACH HAS LEARNED, WRITE YOUR SUMMARY STATEMENT OR STATEMENTS BELOW.

ACTIVITY #4: PRESENT THE BIASED SKIT FIRST. ASK THE REST OF THE CLASS IF THEY CAN TELL WHY THE AD WAS BIASED. THEN PRESENT THE SKIT THE WAY YOUR GROUP WROTE IT, SO IT IS UNBIASED, AND PRESENTS TRUE, FACTUAL INFORMATION.

HAND IN ALL MATERIALS.

# INFORMATION SHEET - CLOTHING

ACT	IVITY #3:
1.	WHAT ARE SOME OF THE FACTS STATED IN THE ITEM OF CONSUMER INFORMATION? LIST A FEW.
2.	CAN YOU TELL IF THE INFORMATION IS TRUE? YES NO
3•	IS THERE SOME WAY YOU COULD FIND OUT IF THE INFORMATION HOW?
•	e de la companya del companya de la companya de la companya del companya de la co
<b>-</b> -	B-3
	INFORMATION SHEET, - FOOD
ACT:	IVITY #1:
1.	WHAT ARE SOME OF THE FACTS STATED IN THE ITEM OF CONSUMER INFORMATION? LIST A FEW.
2.	CAN YOU TELL IF THE INFORMATION IS TRUE? YES NO
	IS THERE SOME WAY YOU COULD FIND OUT IF THE INFORMATION IS TRUE?  YES NO HOW?



<u>IC</u> 11

How do you spend your money? What kinds of things do you buy? Jeans? Shirts? Pizza? Snacks? There are lots of places we can get information to help us make choices when we buy things. Sometimes the information is helpful:



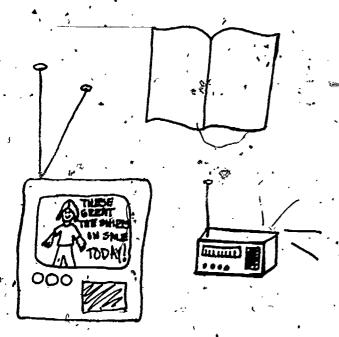


but sometimes it doesn't help us at all!

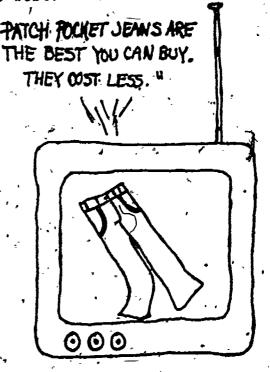
Let's find out how we can choose information that is helpful to us.

#### **ADVÉRTISING**

Manufacturers (people or companies who make products such as clothing, furniture, or canned goods) want us to know about their products. They provide us with information in advertising in magazines, newspapers, TV and radio.

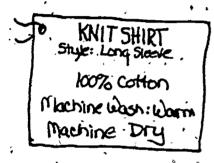


The information we get from advertising is required by law to be accurate, or true. However, manufacturers often tell us only the good points about their products. They don't tell us everything we would like to know about the product. This kind of information is slanted, or biased, information because it makes us think their product must be the best.



#### **HANGTAGS**

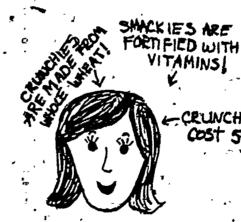
ne information on hangtags is usally true, factual information.



wever, some hangtags contain very



Unbiased information provides us with true, reliable facts which help us in making choices:

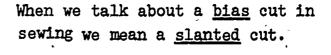


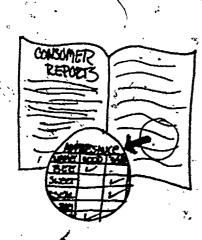
118

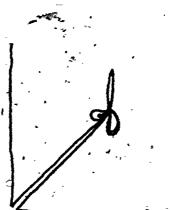
ERIC

#### CONSUMER MAGAZINES

Consumer's Union is a nonprofit group which tests and compares the performance and quality of products. They report the results of their tests in a magazine called <u>Consumer Reports</u>.







10

When we talk about biased information we mean information which is slanted in one direction. We get biased consumer information in the form of extreme statements (best, most, least); usually without any proof.

SMACKIES ARE THE BEST BREAKFAST, CEREAL.

ore the best you can buy!

CRUNCHES ARE
THE BEST BREAKFAST
CERBALL

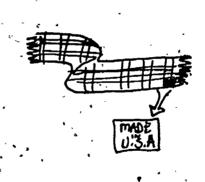


#### LABELS & PACKAGING

Labels and packaging usually contain true, factual information.

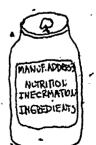
Once in a while, labels or packages also contain some biased information.

Some labels and packagings provide the consumer with more information than others.





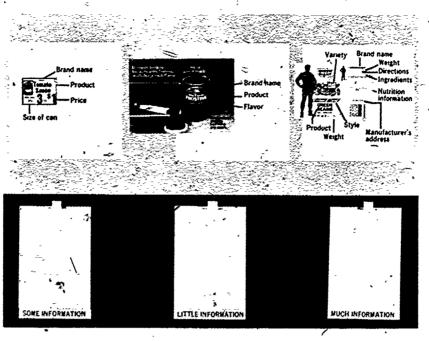




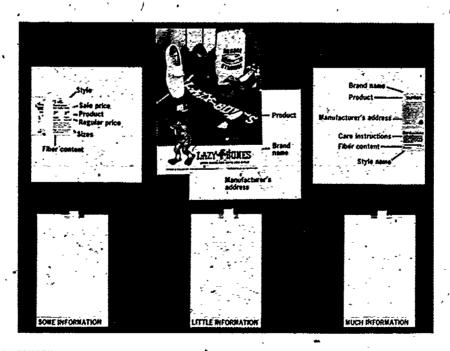
120

ERIC

## POSTER "HOW MUCH INFORMATION"



FOOD

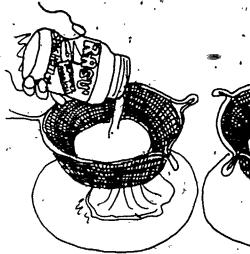


CLOTHING

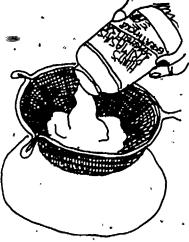
·Hunt's Prima Salsa. 116
"It's Thicker and zestier Than Requ"

an illustration of an ad that makes a claim that can be tested





Ragu - comes through strainer in a matter of seconds

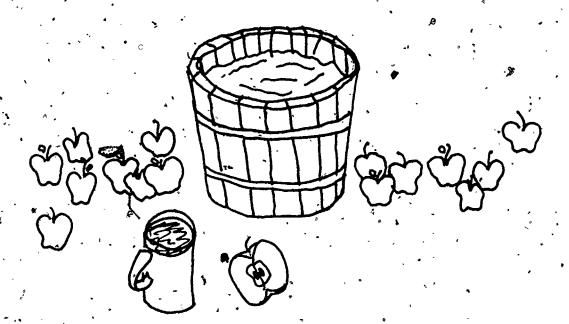


Hunt's Prima Salsait stays in the strainer



A REPRODUCTION

# APPLETIZING

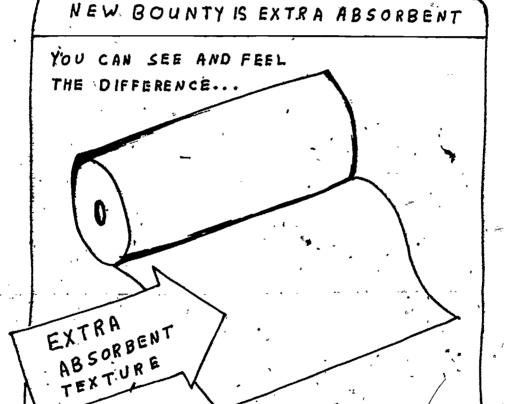


The best tasting apple juice you can buy is also themost economical.

Tree Top Frozen Concentrated Apple Juice is one of the best pure fruit juice values around. One 12 ounce frozen can makes 48 ounces of pure, refreshing apple juice. And it costs a lot less per ounce than bottled or canned apple juice.

an illûstration of an ad that makes a claim that can be tested





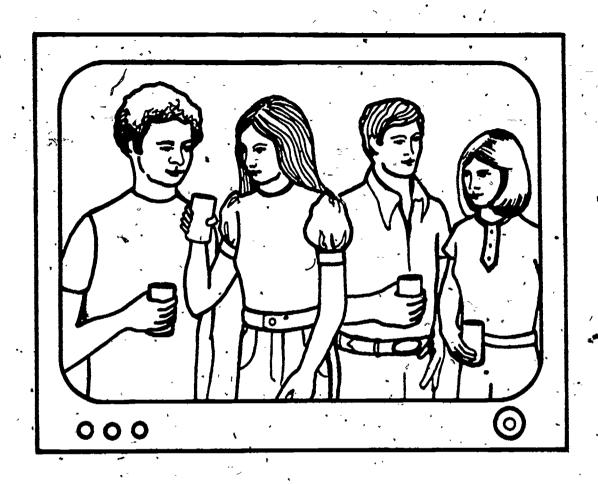
Extra Absorbent Bounty is made a new way. Every Sheet absorbs 30% more to give you more wiping and drying power.

New Bounty is also thicker-with more thirsty fibers in every sheet-so we've reduced the number of sheets on a roll from 75 to 60 to still fit easily on built-in dispensers. Roll-for-foll, new Bounty absorbs more than ever before.

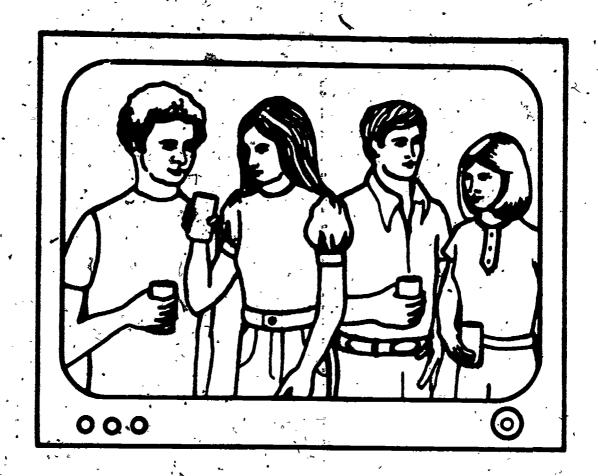
Put NEW Extra Absorbent Bounty to work on the biggest and toughest spills in your kitchen.

Peplica of Bounty Paper Towel Package

119 TV ADVERTISEMENT



#### TV ADVERTISEMENT



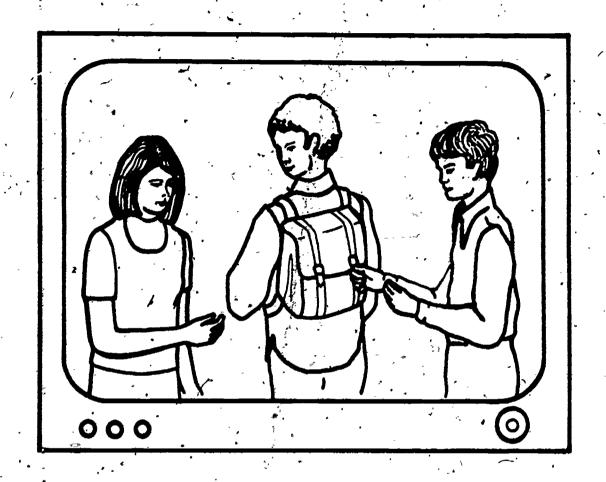
Teen #1: "This sure is a neat party!"

Teen #2: "It sure is! The best part is the Frosty Fruit Drink!"

Teen #3: "It's the best fruit drink there is!"

Teen 4: "At my next party I'm going to serve Frosty Fruit Drink!"

121 TV ADVERTISEMENT





Teen #1: "Hey Dave, where did you get that neat back pack?"

Teen #2: (Dave or "I got it at the Teen Shop. It's the kind everyone else is buying."

Sally)

"It must be the best kind." Teen #3:

"Of course it's the best, all the kids are buying them." Teen #2:

"If we want to be part of the group maybe that's the kind we should get." Teen #1:

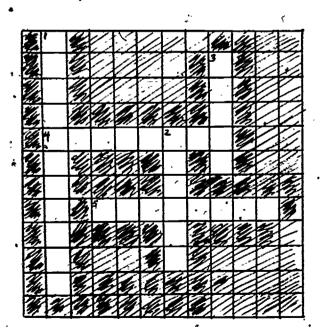
"Yes. Teen #3: Let's go get our back pack at the

Teen Shop."

# IF YOU HAVE TIME:

#### CONSUMER CROSSWORD PUZZLE

DOW	<u>₩</u> ,*			• •	, ,
1.	By his product.	a manufacturer	lets you	know abou	t
2.	tion	information is	slanted in	n one dire	ac−.
·3•	A with information	on a produc	t provides	the cons	īmėi
<u>ACR</u>	noss	\$. <b>1</b>	•	•	*
4.	Information you	can believe is	*-		
5.	<sup>1</sup> A	is someon	ne who use:	s products	3.



OBJECTIVE C

C - CLOTHING
F - FOODS

LEARNING CENTER C (CLOTHING) PLAN 1

## GROUP DIRECTIONS AND ACTIVITIES

· · · _											
						,			•	-	
ACTIVITY	<i>#</i> 1:	EACH	MEMBER	OF	YOUR	GROUP	READ	ONE	0F	THE	TWO
REFÉRENCE											

ACTIVITY #2: WITH YOUR GROUP EXAMINE THE FABRIC BOLT ENDS.
PROVIDED IN YOUR LEARNING CENTER. LIST ON THE NEXT PAGE
ALL THE TYPES OF INFORMATION THAT YOU FIND ON THEM.
PUT AN X IN FRONT OF EACH THING ON YOUR LIST THAT IS INFORMATION REQUIRED BY LAW. YOU MAY HAVE TO CHECK BACK TO
YOUR BOOKLETS TO DO THIS.

1 C-c

INFORMATION FOUND ON FABRIC BOLT ENDS:

CENTER AND/OR LISTEN TO THE CASSETTE TAPE.

MEMBERS:

DID YOU FIND ANW BOLT THAT DID NOT GIVE THE REQUIRED INFOR-MATION? YES OR NO (CIRCLE YOUR ANSWER)

FIND THE SAMPLE FABRIC BOLT END THAT IS MARKED WITH A RED X. IMAGINE THAT YOU HAVE DECIDED TO BUY A FABRIC FROM THIS BOLT. SELECT THE CARE LABEL FROM ENVELOPE A THAT SHOULD BE GIVEN TO YOU WHEN YOU PURCAHSE THIS FABRIC. ATTACH THE CORRECT CARE LABEL HERE.

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ACTIVITY #3: EXAMINE SAMPLE FABRIC CARE LABELS ON THE CARDS IN YOUR CENTER TO ANSWER THESE QUESTIONS WITH YOUR GROUP:

LABEL NUMBER

- 1. WHICH LABELS WARN THAT A HOT IRON SHOULD NOT BE USED ON THE FABRIC?
- 2. WHICH LABELS TELL YOU TO DRY CLEAN INSTEAD OF WASHING?
- 3. WHICH LABEL WARNS THAT THIS FABRIC SHOULD NOT BE DRY CLEANED?
- 4. WHICH LABEL WARNS THAT THE FABRIC SHOULD BE WASHED 'ALQNE AND NOT WITH OTHER GARMENTS?
- 5. WHICH LABEL TELLS YOU THE FABRIC CAN BE WASHED IN THE MACHINE IF THE MACHINE IS SET FOR "DELI-CATE" OR GENTLE "?
- 6. WHICH LABEL RECOMMENDS HAND WASHING OF THIS FABRIC?
- 7. WHICH LABEL SAYS THIS FABRIC SHOULD BE DRIED BY HANGING IT ON THE CLOTHESLINE?
- HANGING IT ON THE CLOTHESLINE?

  8. WHICH LABELS RECOMMEND THAT THE FABRIC BE TUMBLED DRY IN A CLOTHES DRYER?
- 9. HOW MANY OF THESE LABELS SAY MACHINE WASH WARM?

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ACTIVITY #4: USE THE SAME CARDS OF LABELS TO DISCUSS AND ANSWER QUESTIONS WITH YOUR GROUP:

WRITE BEST ANSWER BELOW

- WHICH FABRIC WOULD COST MOST TO TAKE CARE OF?
- 2. WHICH WASHABLE FABRIC WOULD TAKE THE LEAST AMOUNT OF TIME AND EFFORT TO TAKE CARE OF?
- 3. WHICH FABRIC WOULD REQUIRE THE MOST EXPENSIVE AMOUNT OF HOME LAUNDRY EQUIPMENT?

  EXPLAIN WHY BELOW.

1

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ACTIVITY #5: EACH GROUP MEMBER CHOOSE 2 OR 3 ARTICLES OF CLOTHING FROM THE SAMPLE GARMENTS IN YOUR LEARNING CENTER AND <u>EACH WORK ALONE</u> IN COMPLETING SHEET B— CARE LABELS IN GARMENTS, FOLLOWING THE DIRECTIONS AT THE TOP OF THE SHEET.

ACTIVITY #6: WHEN ALL GROUP MEMBERS HAVE FINISHED CHECK-ING THE GARMENTS FOR ACTIVITY #5--USE THE GROUP TALLY SHEET "C" TO TALLY THE TOTAL CHECKS MADE ON THE INDIVIDUAL SHEETS "B" BY ALL OF YOUR GROUP MEMBERS. CHOOSE ONE PERSON TO MARK YOUR GROUP SHEET. FOLLOW THE DIRECTIONS WHICH ARE ATTACHED TO THE GROUP TALLY SHEET C.

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ACTIVITY #7: USING THE RANKINGS FROM GROUP ACTIVITY SHEET.
"C", DISCUSS WITH YOUR GROUP WHICH KINDS OF CARE INSTRUCTIONS ARE MOST COMMONLY FOUND ON THE GARMENTS IN YOUR
CENTER. WERE SOME INSTRUCTION ITEMS NOT FOUND ON ANY OF
THE GARMENTS EXAMINED? LIST THESE BELOW.

ACTIVITY #8: (OPTIONAL) PLAY THE FIBER RUMMY CARD GAME WITH THE OTHER MEMBERS OF YOUR GROUP. READ THE DIRECTION SHEET BEFORE BEGINNING TO PLAY.

HAND IN ALL MATERIALS.

6



LEARNING CENTER 1-C (CLOTHING)
PLAN 2

# GROUP DIRECTIONS AND ACTIVITIES

			-
MEN	1RF	:RS	•

ACTIVITY #1: EACH MEMBER OF YOUR GROUP READ ONE OF THE TWO REFERENCE BOOKLETS ON FABRIC LABELING LAWS IN YOUR LEARNING CENTER AND/OR LISTEN TO THE TAPE.

ACTIVITY #2: WITH YOUR GROUP, EXAMINE THE FABRIC BOLT ENDS
PROVIDED IN YOUR LEARNING CENTER. LIST ON THE NEXT PAGE
ALL THE TYPES OF INFORMATION THAT YOU FIND ON THEM.
PUT AN X IN FRONT OF EACH THING ON YOUR LIST THAT IS INFORMATION REQUIRED BY LAW. YOU MAY HAVE TO CHECK BACK TO
YOUR BOOKLETS TO DO THIS.

2

1-C-c

### INFORMATION FOUND ON FABRIQUBOLT ENDS:

- 1. DID YOU FIND ANY BOLT THAT DID NOT GIVE THE REQUIRED INFORMATION? YES OR NO (CIRCLE YOUR ANSWER)
- 2. FIND THE SAMPLE FABRIC BOLT END THAT IS MARKED WITH A RED X. IMAGINE THAT YOU HAVE DECIDED TO BUY A FABRIC FROM THIS BOLT. SELECT THE CARE LABEL FROM ENVELOPE A THAT SHOULD BE GIVEN TO YOU WHEN YOU PURCAHSE THIS FABRIC. ATTACH THE CORRECT CARE LABEL HERE.



2

· 1-C-c

ACTIVITY #3: MAKE A POSTER (OR OVERHEAD PROJECTOR TRANS-PARENCY) TO SHOW YOUR CLASSMATES WHAT KINDS OF INFORMATION ARE GIVEN ON THE END OF FABRIC BOLTS AND WHICH INFORMATION IS REQUIRED BY LAW. YOU WILL HAVE 5-8 MINUTES FOR THE MEMBERS OF YOUR GROUP TO PRESENT THIS INFORMATION TO YOUR CLASS. PLAN FOR EACH OF YOUR GROUP MEMBERS TO PARTICIPATE.

HAND IN ALL MATERIALS.

3

LEARNING CENTER 2-C (CLOTHING).
PLAN 2

#### GROUP DIRECTIONS AND ACTIVITIES

MEMBERS:	•	•	•	4
•		<del></del>	•	

ACTIVITY #1: EACH GROUP MEMBER READ ONE OF THE TWO REFERENCE BOOKLETS PROVIDED IN YOUR LEARNING CENTER AND/OR LISTEN TO THE TAPE.

ACTIVITY #2: EACH GROUP MEMBER CHOOSE 2 OR 3 ARTICLES OF CLOTHING FROM THE SAMPLE GARMENTS IN YOUR LEARNING CENTER AND EACH WORK ALONE IN COMPLETING SHEET B--CARE LABELS IN GARMENTS; FOLLOWING THE INSTRUCTIONS AT THE TOP OF THE SHEET. WHEN ALL MEMBERS HAVE FINISHED, GO TO ACTIVITY #3.



2

2-C-c

ACTIVITY #3: USE THE GROUP TALLY SHEET C TO TALLY THE TOTAL CHECKS MADE ON THE INDIVIDUAL SHEETS B BY ALL OF YOUR GROUP MEMBERS. CHOOSE ONE PERSON TO MARK YOUR GROUP SHEET. FOLLOW THE DIRECTIONS WHICH ARE ATTACHED TO GROUP TALLY SHEET C.

ACTIVITY #+: USING THE RANKINGS FROM GROUP TALLY SHEET C, DISCUSS WITH YOUR GROUP WHICH KINDS OF CARE INSTRUCTIONS ARE MOST COMMONLY FOUND ON THE GARMENTS IN YOUR CENTER. WERE SOME INSTRUCTION ITEMS NOT FOUND ON ANY GARMENTS EXAMINED? LIST THESE BELOW.

ACTIVITY #5: ON YOUR INDIVIDUAL ACTIVITY SHEET B, PUT AN X IN FRONT OF THE INSTRUCTION ITEMS YOU WOULD MOST WANT TO FIND ON A SHIRT OR BLOUSE YOU WANTED TO BUY.

2

2

2-C-c

ACTIVITY #6: YOUR GROUP WILL HAVE 5-8 MINUTES IN WHICH TO HELP YOUR CLASSMATES BECOME FAMILIAR WITH CARE LABELS PERMANENTLY ATTACHED TO CLOTHING.

WHEN YOUR TEACHER TELLS YOU IT IS YOUR GROUP'S TURN, SHOW YOUR CLASSMATES THE DIFFERENT PLACES WHERE THE CARE LABELS ARE FOUND ON SEVERAL DIFFERENT ITEMS OF CLOTHING. USE THE SAMPLE GARMENTS YOU USED FOR YOUR LEARNING CENTER ACTIVITY: CHOOSE GARMENTS THAT HAVE VERY DIFFERENT KINDS OF CARE RECOMMENDED AND READ TO THE CLASS THE RECOMMENDED CARE ON EACH LABEL. PLAN YOUR REPORT SO EVERY GROUP MEMBER KNOWS WHAT TO DO!

HAND IN ALL MATERIALS.

2



LEARNING CENTER 3-C. (CLOTHING.)
PLAN 2

GROUP DIRECTIONS AND ACTIVITIES

MEMBERS:		_	_	_					-	_	
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ACTIVITY #2: WITH THE OTHER MEMBERS OF YOUR GROUP, PLAY THE CARD GAME, FIBER RUMMY, AFTER READING THE RULE SHEET. THIS GAME HAS BEEN DESIGNED TO HELP YOU TO BECOME FAMILIAR WITH COMMON COMBINATIONS AND PERCENTAGES OF FIBERS IN FABRICS AND ON LABELS.

2

3-C-c

ACTIVITY #3: YOUR GROUP WILL HAVE 5-8 MINUTES TO TEACH YOUR CLASSMATES WHAT THE LAW SAYS ABOUT INFORMATION THAT MUST BE PROVIDED ON FIBER CONTENT OF FABRIC AND CLOTHING. MAKE SOME ENLARGED LABELS TO SHOW YOUR CLASSMATES THAT PERCENTAGES OF ALL FIBERS USED IN A FABRIC MUST BE LISTED IN ORDER OF THE PREDOMINANCE. USE THE SHEETS AND MARKERS PROVIDED IN YOUR CENTER. IN MAKING YOUR LABELS TRY TO USE FIBER PERCENTAGES COMMONLY FOUND IN FABRICS (LIKE THOSE. ON THE RUMMY CARD). YOU MAY WANT TO MAKE A BULLETIN BOARD TO DISPLAY YOUR LABELS TO YOUR CLASS FOR YOUR GROUP PRESENTATION.

HAND IN ALL MATERIALS.

LEARNING CENTER 4-C (CLOTHING)
PLAN 2

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7 unour	DIRECTIONS	A NIT	ACTIVITIES
		777/17	ひつ エエ A エ ゴ エ エ D

MEMBERS:
ACTIVITY #1: EACH GROUP MEMBER READ ONE OF THE TWO REFERENCE BOOKLETS PROVIDED IN YOUR LEARNING TER AND/OR LISTEN TO TAPE.
. • /
ACTIVITY #2: EXAMINE SAMPLE FABRIC CARE LABELS ON THE CARDS IN YOUR CENTER TO ANSWER THE QUESTIONS ON THE FOLLOWING PAGE. CHOOSE ONE MEMBER OF YOUR GROUP TO MARK THE ANSWERS.
ANDWERD.
· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·
2 4-C-c
LABEL NUMBER 1. WHICH LABELS WARN THAT A HOT IRON SHOULD NOT
BE USED ON THE FABRIC?  2. WHICH LABELS TELL YOU TO DRY CLEAN INSTEAD OF WASHING?
3. WHICH LABEL WARNS THAT THIS FABRIC SHOULD NOT BE DRY CLEANED?
4. WHICH LABEL WARNS THAT THE FABRIC SHOULD BE
WASHED ALONE AND NOT WITH OTHER GARMENTS?  5. WHICH LABEL TELLS YOU THE FABRIC CAN BE WASHED IN THE MACHINE IF THE MACHINE IS SET FOR "DELICATE" OR "GENTLE"?
6. WHICH LABEL RECOMMENDS HAND WASHING OF THIS FABRIC?
7. WHICH LABEL SAYS THIS FABRIC SHOULD BE DRIED
BY HANGING IT ON THE CLOTHESLINE?  8. WHICH LABELS RECOMMEND THAT THE FABRIC BE
TUMBLED DRY IN A CLOTHES DRYER?  9. HOW MANY OF THESE LABELS SAY MACHINE WASH
WARM?

ACTIVITY #3: USE THE SAME CARDS OF LABELS TO DISCUSS AND ANSWER QUESTIONS WITH YOUR GROUP:

WRITE BEST ANSWER-BELOW

- 1. WHICH FABRIC WOULD COST MOST TO TAKE CARE OF?
- 2. WHICH WASHABLE FABRIC WOULD TAKE THE LEAST AMOUNT OF TIME AND EFFORT TO TAKE CARE OF?
- 3. WHICH FABRIC WOULD REQUIRE THE MOST EXPENSIVE AMOUNT OF HOME LAUNDRY EQUIPMENT?

  EXPLAIN WHY BELOW.

3

2

4-C-0

ACTIVITY #+: YOUR GROUP WILL HAVE 10 MINUTES TO LEAD A GAME WHICH WILL HELP YOUR CLASSMATES TO BECOME FAMILIAR WITH FABRIC CARE LABELS. PLAN NOW TO GET READY FOR THE GAME.

WHEN YOUR TEACHER TELLS YOU IT IS TIME TO START THE GAME:

- 1. GIVE A SAMPLE FABRIC CARE LABEL FROM ENVELOPE A TO EACH MEMBER OF YOUR CLASS.
- 2. DIVIDE THE CLASS DOWN THE CENTER INTO 2 TEAMS OF EQUAL SIZE,
- 3. APPOINT ONE MEMBER OF YOUR GROUP TO KEEP SCORE OF THE BLACKBOARD.
- 4. YOUR OTHER GROUP MEMBERS WILL TAKE TURNS CALLING OUT SHORT ITEMS OF CARE INFORMATION (SUCH AS: "DRY CLEAN ONLY" OR "LINE DRY", ETC.) FROM THE CARD OF CARE LABELS YOU USED FOR YOUR GROUP ACTIVITIES. SKIP AROUND RANDOMLY FROM ONE LABEL TO ANOTHER IN CHOOSING WHICH ITEMS TO CALL OUT SO THAT EVERYONE WILL HAVE A FAIR CHANCE. (cont. next page)

2

4-C-c

# ACTIVITY #+ (CONT.)

- 5. SCORE A POINT FOR A TEAM WHENEVER A MEMBER OF THAT TEAM IS THE FIRST IN THE CLASS TO FIND ON HER CARE LABEL THE PARTICULAR ITEM THAT HAS BEEN CALLED OUT.
- 6. TOTAL THE POINTS SCORED TO PICK THE WINNING TEAM.
- 7. GATHER UP THE LABELS AND RETURN THEM TO ENVELOPE A AT THE END OF THE CLASS PERIOD.

HAND IN ALL MATERIALS.

LEARNING CENTER C (FOODS)

GROUP DIRECTIONS AND ACTIVITIES

MEMBERS:	<u> </u>	•	,
-			
•	•		

ACTIVITY #1: WITH YOUR GROUP, STUDY THE POSTER IN YOUR CENTER THAT TELLS YOU WHAT INFORMATION THE LAW REQUIRES ON FOOD LABELS.

ACTIVITY #2: EACH GROUP MEMBER DRAW ONE LABEL OUT OF EACH
--ENVELOPE #1 AND SACK #2. USING THE POSTER AS YOUR GUIDE,
FIND ON YOUR TWO LABELS EACH OF THE FOUR THINGS THE LAW
SAYS MUST BE ON THEM.

- C-f

ACTIVITY #3: WHEN ALL GROUP MEMBERS HAVE FOUND THE REQUIRED INFORMATION ON THEIR LABELS, HAVE ONE GROUP MEMBER READ ALOUD EACH POINT FROM THE POSTER. AS EACH POINT IS READ, GO AROUND YOUR GROUP AND HAVE EACH PERSON SHOW WHERE THAT PARTICULAR INFORMATION IS FOUND ON HIS OR HER TWO LABELS.

ACTIVITY #+: WITH YOUR GROUP, LIST BELOW ANY OTHER INFOR-MATION YOU FIND ON ANY OF YOUR LABELS THAT IS NOT REQUIRED BY LAW.

OTHER INFORMATION:

1

C-f

ACTIVITY #5: READ THE BOOKLET "MEAT INSPECTION LAW".
YOU MAY WANT TO LISTEN TO THE CASSETTE TAPE AS YOU READ.

ACTIVITY #6: USE THE LABELS MARKED #7 AND #8 IN YOUR LEARNING CENTER TO ANSWER THESE QUESTIONS AS A GROUP--ONE MEMBER WRITE DOWN YOUR ANSWERS.

- 1. WHAT CONSUMER PROTECTION INFORMATION IS REQUIRED BY LAW TO BE GIVEN ON LABEL #7 THAT IS NOT GIVEN ON LABEL #8?
- 2. EXPLAIN WHY THIS INFORMATION IS NOT REQUIRED ON BOTH OF THESE LABELS.

. - .

C-f

ACTIVITY #7: LOOK AT LABEL #9, WHICH IS A HANGTAG YOU MIGHT FIND ATTACHED TO THE WING OF CHICKEN OR OTHER POULTRY. USE LABEL #9 TO ANSWER THESE QUESTIONS WITH YOUR GROUP.

- 1. WHICH GOVERNMENT MARK OR SYMBOL ON THIS LABEL IS REQUIRED BY LAW? (UNDERLINE CORRECT ANSWER.)

  CIRCLE OR SHIELD
- 2. EXPLAIN WHAT THE CIRCLE MARK TELLS YOU?
- 3. EXPLAIN WHAT THE SHIELD MARK TELLS YOU?
- 4. WHAT OTHER KIND OF FOODS CAN YOU THINK OF THAT MIGHT HAVE A SIMILAR SHIELD MARK?

-1	C-f
A	ACTIVITY #8: EACH GROUP MEMBER READ ONE OF THE TWO BOOK-
I	LETS ON NUTRITION LABELS. YOU MAY WANT TO PLAY THE CAS-
ន	SETTE TAPE AS YOU READ.
A	ACTIVITY #9: USE BOXES "1" AND 12" TO ANSWER THESE QUES-
Τ	TIONS AS A GROUP.
S	TOHN WANTS TO CHOOSE THE MORE NUTRITIOUS OF THESE TWO DESAGERTS TO FIX FOR HIS FAMILY. HE NEEDS ANSWERS TO THESE QUESTIONS.
1	. WHAT IS THE SIZE OF ONE SERVING OF #1? CUP(S
	WHAT IS THE SIZE OF ONE SERVING OF #2? CUP(S
	FIND A METAL MEASURING CUP THE SAME SIZE AS ONE SERVING OF 1 AND 2. TURN IT UPSIDE DOWN ON A PLATE TO GET THE IDEA OF HOW BIG ONE STANDARD SIZE SERVING READLY IS.
2	2. WHICH DESSERT WOULD HAVE MORE PROTEIN IN (CIRCLE ANSWER
3	ONE SERVING? 1 or 2 WHICH DESSERT WOULD HAVE MORE VITAMIN C IN
_	ONE SERVING? 1 or 2 WHICH WOULD HAVE MORE CALORIES IN 1 SERVING? 1 or 2
7	C-f
	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·
A	ACTIVITY #10: USE THE INFORMATION FROM LABELS 3 AND 4 PRO-
V	TIDED IN YOUR LEARNING CENTER TO COMPLETE THIS ACTIVITY
T.	VITH YOUR GROUP
**	ATTR TOOK GROUP.
J F	VANE IS CHOOSING BETWEEN THESE TWO FOODS (3 & 4) TO PREPARE FOR LUNCH. HELP HER TO COMPARE THE NUTRITION INFORMATION ON THE LABELS BY ANSWERING THE QUESTIONS BELOW:
J F C	FOR LUNCH. HELP HER TO COMPARE THE NUTRITION INFORMATION ON THE LABELS BY ANSWERING THE QUESTIONS BELOW:  1. HOW MANY SERVINGS ARE THERE IN BOX "3"?
J F C	VANE IS CHOOSING BETWEEN THESE TWO FOODS (3 & 4) TO PREPARE FOR LUNCH. HELP HER TO COMPARE THE NUTRITION INFORMATION ON THE LABELS BY ANSWERING THE QUESTIONS BELOW:
J F C 1	TANE IS CHOOSING BETWEEN THESE TWO FOODS (3 & 4) TO PREPARE FOR LUNCH. HELP HER TO COMPARE THE NUTRITION INFORMATION ON THE LABELS BY ANSWERING THE QUESTIONS BELOW:  1. HOW MANY SERVINGS ARE THERE IN BOX "3"?  2. HOW MUCH FOOD FROM BOX "3".IS IN ONE SERVING AFTER IT
J F C 1	VANE IS CHOOSING BETWEEN THESE TWO FOODS (3 & 4) TO PREPARE FOR LUNCH. HELP HER TO COMPARE THE NUTRITION INFORMATION ON THE LABELS BY ANSWERING THE QUESTIONS BELOW:  1. HOW MANY SERVINGS ARE THERE IN BOX "3"?  2. HOW MUCH FOOD FROM BOX "3".IS IN ONE SERVING AFTER IT IS PREPARED?  CUP(S)
J F C 1 2	TANE IS CHOOSING BETWEEN THESE TWO FOODS (3 & 4) TO PREPARE FOR LUNCH. HELP HER TO COMPARE THE NUTRITION INFORMATION ON THE LABELS BY ANSWERING THE QUESTIONS BELOW:  1. HOW MANY SERVINGS ARE THERE IN BOX "3"?  2. HOW MUCH FOOD FROM BOX "3".IS IN ONE SERVING AFTER IT IS PREPARED?  CUP(S).  3. HOW MANY SERVINGS ARE THERE IN CAN "4"?  4. HOW MUCH FOOD FROM CAN "4" MAKES ONE SERVING

⊥ .		C-f	
ACTI	IVITY #10: (CONTINUED)	_	
6.	WHICH CONTAINED CIVES MITTOTON INFORMATION FOR		
-		or	1
<del>-7•</del> -	ONE SERVING OF "3" HAS CALORIES: ONE SERV-	<del>,</del> -	
•	ING OF "4" HAS CALORIES. THEN WHICH FOOD	÷	
0	HAS MORE CALORIES IN ONE SERVING?	ór	4
8.	ONE SERVING OF "3" HAS GRAMS OF PROTEIN:		
	ONE SERVING OF "4" HAS GRAMS OF PROTEIN.		
	INDIN MILLOR POOD DAG MORE PROTEINS	יידר	4
9.	ONE SERVING OF "3" HAS HOW MUCH OF ONE DAY'S RECOMMENDED AMOUNT OF VITAMIN A? ONE SERVING	<b>-</b> ′	•
	OMMENDED AMOUNT OF VITAMIN A? ONE SERVING		•
	OF "3". HAS HOW MUCH OF ONE DAY'S RECOMMENDED		
	AMOUNT OF VITAMIN A? % THEN WHICH FOOD IS A BETTER SOURCE OF VITAMIN A?		١.
10	ONE CERTIFIC OF ALTHUM HAD HOLD DECIDED DAYING DEC	or	4
10.	ONE SERVING OF "3" HAS HOW MUCH OF ONE DAY'S REC-	<del>-</del>	
P	OMMENDED AMOUNT OF CALCIUM? %: ONE SERVING OF THE HAS HOW MUCH OF ONE DAY'S RECOMMENDED AMOUNT	٤.	
•	OF CALCIUM?, %. THEN WHICH FOOD IS A BETTER		
			},
77		or	
	THI ANT WE NI ACTN AND RIBORIAVING	, <del>,</del>	1.
12.	AFTER LOOKING AT ALL OF THE ABOVE INFORMATION	Vor	-T
	THIAMINE, NIACIN, AND RIBOFLAVIN?  AFTER LOOKING AT ALL OF THE ABOVE INFORMATION, WHICH OF THESE TWO MAIN DISH FOODS WOULD YOU	7	
	RECOMMEND TO JANE AS THE MORE NUTRITIOUS? 3	· 07°.	4
			- <del>-</del>
	LEARNING CENT	ZR 1.	-C-f
	(FOODS)		-
	PLAN 2		
•	CDOID DIDECUTONS AND ACMINIMIES		
	GROUP DIRECTIONS AND ACTIVITIES	•	
MEME	BERS:		1
			/

ACTIVITY #1: WITH YOUR GROUP, STUDY THE POSTER IN YOUR CENTER THAT TELLS YOU WHAT INFORMATION THE LAW REQUIRES ON FOOD LABELS. .

ACTIVITY #2: EACH GROUP MEMBER DRAW ONE LABEL OUT OF EACH --ENVELOPE #1 AND SACK #2, PROVIDED IN YOUR LEARNING CENTER

USING THE POSTER AS YOUR GUIDE FIND ON YOUR TWO LABELS EACH OF THE FOUR THINGS THE LAW SAYS MUST BE ON THEM.

ACTIVITY #3: WHEN ALL GROUP MEMBERS HAVE FOUR THE REQUIRED INFORMATION ON THEIR LABELS, HAVE ONE GROUP MEMBER READ ALOUD EACH POINT FROM THE POSTER. AS EACH POINT IS READ GO AROUND YOUR GROUP AND HAVE EACH PERSON SHOW WHERE THAT PARTICULAR INFORMATION IS FOUND ON HIS OR HER TWO LABELS.

1-C-f

ACTIVITY #+: WITH YOUR GROUP LIST BELOW ANY OTHER INFOR-MATION YOU FIND ON ANY OF YOUR LABELS THAT IS NOT REQUIRED. BY LAW.

ACTIVITY #5: WITH YOUR GROUP PLAN A SKIT TO PERFORM TO-MORROW TO SHOW YOUR CLASSMATES WHAT THE LAW REQUIRES TO BE GIVEN ON FOOD LABELS. PLAN TO TAKE NO LONGER THAN 577 MINUTES TO PRESENT YOUR SKIT. SEE SKIT DIRECTIONS, NEXT PAGE.

2

2

1-C4f

#### SKIT DIRECTIONS

YOU MAY BEGIN YOUR SKIT BY ACTING OUT THE FOLLOWING SITUATION:

BOB AND RON MEET BETTY AND MOLLY SHOPPING AT THE GROCERY STORE AND WALK ALONG WITH THE GIRLS AS THEY FINISH THEIR SHOPPING. RATHER IMPATIENTLY THE BOYS ASK THE GIRLS WHY THEY TAKE SO LONG TO LOOK AT THE CANS AND BOXES OF FOODS BEFORE MAKING THEIR CHOICES. BOB SAYS, "WHEN MY MOM SENDS ME TO THE STORE, I JUST GRAB THE CAN THAT HAS THE BEST LOOKING PICTURE. I CAN REALLY GET SHOPPING DONE FAST." CONTINUE WITH THIS CONVERSATION IN PLANNING WHAT EACH GROUP MEMBER WILL SAY IN YOUR SKIT. HAVE THE GIRLS EXPLAIN WHAT INFORMATION THEY GET FROM EXAMINING THE LABELS AND WHAT USE THAT INFORMATION MIGHT BE TO THEM. YOU MIGHT WANT TO BRING A FEW FOOD CONTAINERS OR LABELS TO CLASS TOMORROW TO USE IN YOUR SKIT. CHECK THE POSTER YOU STUDIED IN YOUR CENTER / CTIVITIES TO BE SURE YOU HAVE PLANNED TO INCLUDE ALL FOUR POINTS OF INFORMATION IN SOME WAY.

HAND'IN ALL MATERIALS.

LEARNING CENTER 2-C-F (FOODS)
PLAN 2
GROUP DIRECTIONS AND ACTIVITIES

MEMBERS:	-		
ACTIVITY #1: EACH GROUP MEMBER READ ONE OF THE THE PHLETS ON NUTRITION LABELS PROVIDED IN YOUR LEARN THERE IS A TAPE TO GO WITH ONE OF THE PAMPHLETS WE MAY WANT TO PLAY ON A CASSETTE RECORDER AS YOU'RE	IING MICH	CENT	ER
ACTIVITY #2: AS A GROUP, USING BOXES "1" AND "2" THE QUESTIONS ON THE NEXT PAGE. CHOOSE ONE PERSO GROUP TO MARK THE ANSWERS. WHEN YOU HAVE FINISHE YOUR TEACHER CHECK YOUR ANSWERS.	N IN	YOU	
2	🛴	 2 <b>-</b> 'C-	 f
JOHN WANTS TO CHOOSE THE MORE NUTRITIOUS OF THESE	TWO		
DESSERTS TO FIX FOR HIS FAMILY. HE NEEDS ANSWERS			E •
QUESTIONS			
1. WHAT IS THE SIZE OF ONE SERVING OF #1?	c	UP(S	;)
WHAT IS THE SIZE OF ONE SERVING OF #2?	C	UP(S	3)
FIND A METAL MEASURING CUP THE SAME SIZE AS ONE SERVING OF 1 AND 2. TURN IT UPSIDE DOWN ON A PLATE TO GET THE IDEA OF HOW BIG ONE STANDARD SIZE SERVING REALLY IS.		RCLE	
2. WHICH DESSERT WOULD HAVE MORE PROTEIN IN ONE SERVING?	ANS 1	WERS or	i) 2
3. WHICH DESSERT WOULD HAVE MORE VITAMIN C IN ONE SERVING?	1	or	2
4. WHICH DESSERT WOULD HAVE MORE CALORIES IN ONE SERVING?	1	or	2
			2
			_

11. WHICH FOOD HAS MORE OF THE THREE B VITAMINS.

THIAMINE, NIACIN, AND RIBOFLAVIN?
12. AFTER LOOKING AT ALL OF THE ABOVE INFORMATION,

WHICH OF THESE TWO MAIN DISH FOODS WOULD YOU RECOMMEND TO JANE AS THE MORE NUTRITIOUS?

or

or

or

ACTIVITY #+: YOU WILL HAVE 8 MINUTES IN WHICH TO TEACH YOUR CLASSMATES WHAT YOU HAVE LEARNED ABOUT REQUIRED NUTRITION LABELING ON FOODS. USE THE TWO PAMPHLETS IN YOUR LEARNING CENTER TO DECIDE EXACTLY WHAT INFORMATION YOU WILL INCLUDE IN REPORTING TO YOUR CLASS. PLAN ON PAPER WHICH PART OF THIS INFORMATION EACH OF YOU WILL TELL YOUR CLASSMATES. SHOW YOUR PLAN TO YOUR TEACHER.

HAND IN ALL MATERIALS.

LEARNING CENTER 3-C-f (FOODS)
PLAN 2

· GROUP DIRECTIONS AND ACTIVITIES.

MEMBER	S <u>:</u>	<u> </u>	,	<u> </u>		•,		
.*	•	. ,-	-	•	-	-	•	

ACTIVITY #1: EACH GROUP MEMBER READ ONE OF THE TWO PAM-PHLETS ON NUTRITION LABELS PROVIDED IN YOUR LEARNING CENTER. THERE IS A TAPE TO GO WITH ONE OF THE PAMPHLETS WHICH YOU MAY WANT TO PLAY ON A CASSETTE RECORDER AS YOU READ.

ACTIVITY #2: AS A GROUP, USING BOXES "1" AND "2", ANSWER THE QUESTIONS ON THE NEXT PAGE. CHOOSE ONE PERSON IN YOUR GROUP TO MARK THE ANSWERS. WHEN YOU HAVE FINISHED HAVE YOUR TEACHER CHECK YOUR ANSWERS.

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JOHN WANTS TO CHOOSE THE MORE NUTRITIOUS OF THESE TWO DES-SERTS TO FIX FOR HIS FAMILY. HE NEEDS ANSWERS TO THESE

# QUESTIONS:

WHAT IS THE SIZE OF ONE SERVING OF #1? CUP(S) WHAT IS THE SIZE OF ONE SERVING OF #2? CUP(S) FIND A METAL MEASURING CUP THE SAME SIZE AS ONE SERVING OF 1 AND 2. TURN IT UPSIDE DOWN ON A PLATE TO GET THE IDEA OF HOW BIG ONE STANDARD SIZE SERVING-REALLY IS. (CIRCLE

answers) 2. WHICH DESSERT WOULD HAVE MORE PROTEIN IN ONE SERVING? or

WHICH DESSERT WOULD HAVE MORE VITAMIN C IN ONE SERVING?

2

WHICH DESSERT WOULD HAVE MORE CALORIES IN ONE SERVING?

3-C-f

ACTIVITY #3: AS A GROUP, USING THE INFORMATION FROM LABELS "3" AND "4" PROVIDED IN YOUR LEARNING CENTER COMPLETE THE ACTIVITY BELOW WITH YOUR GROUP.

JANE IS CHOOSING BETWEEN THESE TWO FOODS (3 & 4) TO PREPARE FOR LUNCH. HELP HER TO COMPARE THE NUTRITION INFORMATION. ON THE LABELS BY ANSWERING THE QUESTIONS BELOW.

1. HOW MANY SERVINGS ARE THERE IN BOX "3"?
2. HOW MUCH FOOD FROM BOX "3" IS IN ONE SERVING AFTER IT IS PREPARED? -CUP(S)

HOW MANY SERVINGS ARE THERE IN CAN "4"?
HOW MUCH FOOD FROM CAN "4" MAKES ONE SERVING? CUP(S)

MEASURE OST THE ABOVE AMOUNTS OF DRY MACARONI ON A PLATE SO THAT YOU CAN VISUALIZE HOW MUCH IS IN A STANDARD SERVING.

(CIRCLE WHICH CONTAINER GIVES NUTRITION INFORMATION · ANSWER) FOR A BIGGER SERVING SIZE?

(continued on next page)

2 3-C-f 7. ONE SERVING OF "3" HAS \_\_\_\_\_ CALORIES: ONE (Circle) CALORIES. THEN WHICH FOOD HAS MORE CALORIES IN ONE SERVING? GRAMS OF PROTEIN: 8. ONE SERVING OF "3" HAS ONE SERVING OF "4" HAS GRAMS OF PROTEIN. THEN WHICH FOOD HAS MORE PROTEIN? or9. ONE SERVING OF "3" HAS HOW MUCH OF ONE DAY'S RECOMMENDED AMOUNT OF VITAMIN A?\_\_\_\_ % ONE SERVING OF "4" HAS HOW MUCH OF ONE DAY'S REC-OMMENDED AMOUNT OF VITAMIN A? % THEN WHICH FOOD IS A BETTER SOURCE OF VITAMIN A? 10. ONE SERVING OF "3" HAS HOW MUCH OF ONE DAY'S RECOMMENDED AMOUNT OF CALCIUM? 1 %: ONE. SERVING OF "4" HAS HOW MUCH OF ONE DAY'S REC-OMMENDED AMOUNT OF CALCIUM? % THEN WHICH FOOD IS A BETTER SOURCE OF CALCIUM? 11. WHICH FOOD HAS MORE OF THE THREE B VITAMINS. THIAMINE, NIACIN, AND RIBOFLAVIN? 12. AFTER LOOKING AT ALL OF THE ABOVE INFORMATION. WHICH OF THESE TWO MAIN DISH FOODS WOULD YOU RECOMMEND TO JANE AS THE MORE NUTRITIOUS?, 2 3-C-f

ACTIVITY #4: YOU WILL HAVE 8 MINUTES IN WHICH TO HELP THE REST OF YOUR CLASS BECOME FAMILIAR WITH THE NUTRITION IN-FORMATION GIVEN ON FOOD LABELS. PASS OUT TO YOUR CLASS-MATES THE LABELS YOU USED IN YOUR GROUP ACTIVITIES. (TWO OR THREE STUDENTS MAY SHARE A LABEL.) EACH MEMBER OF YOUR GROUP THEN TAKES TURNS ASKING YOUR CLASSMATES TO LOOK FOR SOMETHING YOU HAVE LEARNED MUST BE ON A NUTRITION LABEL. PLAN NOW (ON PAPER) JUST WHAT FACTS EACH OF YOU WILL ASK YOUR CLASSMATES TO LOOK FOR.

HAND IN ALL MATERIALS.

LEARNING CENTER 4-C-f (FOODS) PLAN 2

GROUP DIRECTIONS AND ACTIVITIES

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ACTIVITY #1: READ THE BOOKLET, "MEAT INSPECTION LAW", THAT IS IN YOUR LEADING CENTER. YOU MAY WANT TO LISTEN TO THE TAPE AS YOU F

ACTIVITY #2: WITH YOUR GROUP, COMPLETE ACTIVITY SHEETS C AND D ON THE NEXT TWO PAGES. CHOOSE ONE GROUP MEMBER TO WRITE YOUR ANSWERS ON EACH SHEET. WHEN YOU ARE FINISHED HAVE YOUR TEACHER CHECK YOUR ANSWERS.

2

4-C-f

## ACTIVITY SHEET C

USE THE TWO LABELS, #7 AND #8, IN YOUR LEARNING CENTER TO ANSWER THESE QUESTIONS AS A GROUP.

- 1. WHAT CONSUMER PROTECTION INFORMATION IS REQUIRED BY LAW TO BE GIVEN ON LABEL #7 THAT IS NOT GIVEN ON LABEL #8?
- 2. EXPLAIN WHY THIS INFORMATION IS NOT REQUIRED ON BOTH OF THESE LABELS.

4-C-f

#### ACTIVITY SHEET D

LOOK AT LABEL #9, WHICH IS A HANGTAG YOU MIGHT FIND AT-TACHED TO THE WING OF CHICKEN OR OTHER POULTRY. USE LABEL #9 TO ANSWER THESE QUESTIONS WITH YOUR GROUP.

- 1. WHICH GOVERNMENT MARK OR SYMBOL ON THIS LABEL IS REQUIRED BY LAW? (UNDERLINE CORRECT ANSWER)

  CIRCLE OR SHIELD
- 2. EXPLAIN WHAT THE CIRCLE MARK TELLS YOU?
- 3. EXPLAIN WHAT THE SHIELD MARK TELLS YOU?
- 4. WHAT OTHER KIND OF FOODS CAN YOU THINK OF THAT MIGHT HAVE A SIMILAR SHIELD MARK?

\_\_\_\_

2

ACTIVITY #3: YOU WILL HAVE 5-8 MINUTES IN WHICH TO TEACH YOU CLASSMATES ABOUT MEAT AND POULTRY INSPECTION:

DRAW OR TRACE BOTH THE CIRCLE INSPECTION MARK AND THE SHIELD MARK FROM YOUR BOOKLET ON POSTER PAPER TO SHOW YOUR CLASS-MATES WHAT THESE MARKS LOOK LIKE. EXPLAIN TO THEM WHAT EACH SYMBOL MEANS, WHICH ONE IS REQUIRED BY LAW; AND WHY THEY MIGHT NOT BENFOUND ON ALL SMALL CUTS OF MEAT IN THE GROCERY STORE. DECIDE WHICH PART OF THE INFORMATION EACH GROUP MEMBER WILL PRESENT TO YOUR CLASS.

HAND IN ALL MATERIALS.

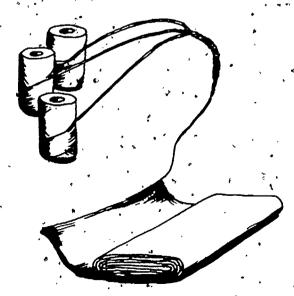


You have learned that law requires fiber content and care instruction information to be given with fabrics and garments.

A third thing the law requires on clothing labels is the name of the company that made the fabric or garment. Consumers often need this information.

Fabrics are made of yarns woven (or knit) together.

These yarns were made from smaller fibers twisted or spun together.



Fabrics made of different fibers need different care and laundering. To help you know the best way to take care of each fabric, the law says:

laundry or care instructions must be on labels sewn into clothing.

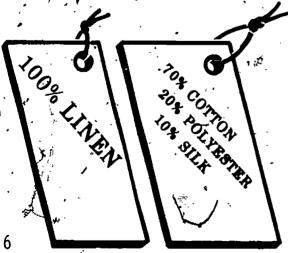
care instruction labels like , these must be given to you when you buy fabrics for sewing.

2

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To help you judge how a fabric will behave (or what "qualities" it will have) the law says each fiber used in a fabric must be listed on the label or bolt; beginning with fibers used in largest amounts.

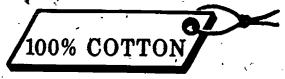


Fabrics can be made of many different kinds of fibers. These different fibers will behave differently.

Some examples of what to expect of fibers:

- 1. Nylon is very strong.
- 2. Rayon and acetate are weak but cheap to buy.
- 3. Wool is very warm.
- 4. Cotton is cool to wear.
- 5. Polyester does not wrinkle.

Sometimes a fabric is made of just one kind of fiber like.



Often fabrics are mixtures or "blends" of two or more different fibers like.

70% WOOL 20% NYLON 10% SILK Blended fabrics will behave like both fibers used in them. For example, ''polyester'' may be blended with cotton for a summer shirt.

Cotton alone would wrinkle. Rolyester alone would be too hot.

5

NAME	•	

### B - CARE LABELS IN GARMENTS

CHOOSE 2 OR 3 GARMENTS FROM THOSE IN YOUR LEARNING CENTER. WRITE THE LETTER FROM THE GARMENTS YOU CHOSE ON THE TOP LINE OF THE CHECK SHEET. FIND THE PERMANENTLY ATTACHED CARE LABEL ON EACH GARMENT. CHECK (X) BELOW ALL THE TYPES OF CARE INSTRUCTIONS THAT ARE FOUND ON EACH OF YOUR GARMENT LABELS UNDER THE RIGHT LETTER.

CARE INSTRUCTIONS	****		GARMENT FICATION	LETTER
DO NOT DRY CLEAN	•			
DO NOT USE CHLORINE BLEACH		, · .		
WASH SEPARATELY	,			
WASH BY HAND	•			
WASH IN COLD WATER	•			
WASH IN WARM WATER	۵			
IRON WITH COOL IRON,	•			······
WASH IN WASHING MACHINE ON GEN DELICATE CYCLE	NTYLE OR		,	
NEEDS NO IRONING	·			· `
NEEDS LITTLE IRONING				
LAY FLAT TO DRY		,		
HANG TO DRIP DRY			<del></del>	
TUMBLE DRY (IN DRYER)	. , , ,			
REMOVE PROMPTLY (FROM DRYER)	,		<u>~</u>	
CLEAN BY FURRIER METHODS ONLY	*		, <i>,</i> , ,	
WIPE CLEAN WITH A DAMP CLOTH				• .
DRY CLEAN ONLY	•			· · ·
OTHER INSTRUCTIONS (LIST BELOW	۸) <u> </u>		<u> </u>	
•				

#### GROUP TALLY SHEET "C"

WEMBERS.	*	

GO ACROSS ONE L TO ON ALL SHEETS AND ADD UP THE TOTAL NUMBER OF CHECKS BY EACH CARE INSTRUCTION ITEM. WRITE THIS TOTAL NUMBER IN COLUMN I, "TOTAL", ON THE APPROPRIATE ITEM LINE. FOR EXAMPLE: IF A TOTAL COUNT OF 3 CHECKS WERE MADE ON ALL YOUR GROUP MEMBER'S INDIVIDUAL SHEETS BON THE LINE FOLLOWING THE INSTRUTION "WASH BY HAND", WRITE THE NUMBER "3" ON YOUR GROUP TAL SHEET C IN COLUMN I: WHEN YOU HAVE F NISHED ADDING UP ALL OF THE CHECKS, IN COLUMN II, RANK E. H CARE INSTRUCTION ITEM IN ORDER OF TOTAL NUMBER OF CHECK, DACH RECEIVED, AS 1ST, 2ND, 3RD, ETC. THUS, NUMBER "1" SHOULD BE WRITTEN IN COLUMN II AFTER THE INSTRUCTION MOST OFTEN FOUND ON THE GARMENTS YOUR GROUP EXAMINED, NUMBER "2" Y THE INSTRUCTION CHECKED NEXT MOST OFTEN, ETC. UNTIL ALL CARE INSTRUCTION ITEMS RECEIVING ANY CHECKS HAVE BEEN RANKED.

CARE INSTRUCTIONS	COLUMN I TOTAL	COLUMN II RANK
DO NOT DRY CLEAN		•
DO NOT USE CHLORINE BLEACH	£.	
WASH SEPARATELY		<del></del> -
WASH BY HAND		
WASH IN COLD WATER		<del></del>
WASH IN WARM WATER	•	
IRON WITH COOL IRON		<del></del>
WASH IN WASHING MACHINE ON GENTLE OR DELICATE CYCLE		;
NEEDS NO IRONING	,	
NEEDS LITTLE IRONING	£ 5	<del>-,</del>
LAY FLAT TO DRY		
HANG TO DRIP DRY	<u> </u>	
TUMBLE DRY (IN DRYER)		
REMOVE PROMPTLY (FROM DRYER)	<u> </u>	
CLEAN BY FURRIER METHODS ONLY	<u> </u>	
WIPE CLEAN WITH A DAMP CLOTH :	•	
DRY CLEAN ONLY	,	
OTHER INSTRUCTIONS (LIST BELOW)	<del></del>	
		<del></del>

#### \"FIBER RUMMY" DIRECTIONS

Shuffle cards and deal 6 to each player (face down). Place remaining cards face down in center of table to be the drawing pile. Turn top card from pile face up beside the pile to start the "discard pile".

Each player tries to get rid of his cards by forming identical sets of 3 or 4 cards.

Player at dealer's left begins game by drawing the top card from either the drawing pile or the discard pile. If possible he then lays down one or more "sets" of cards face up in front of him. Next he discards one card on the discard pile. A player may draw and discard only one card at each turn, but he may lay down any number of "sets" or "hits" that he has.

A "hit" is the 4th card of a set when only 3 cards in a set have been played. Any player, after drawing a card to begin his turn, may play a "hit" card on any set displayed on the table which was played by any of the players. If a player makes an error in playing either a set or a hit in which the cards are not identical in information given, any other player may call "error". The first player calling "error" on the set or hit played may then choose

one card in his hand to give to the player who committed the error, AFTER the erring player has finished his turn.

The player who is first to use all the cards is the winner. If all the cards in the discard or draw piles are used before any player uses all the cards in his hand, then the game ends and the player with the fewest cards in his hand is the winner.

To Make A "Fiber Rummy" Deck:

- 1. Cut 44 pieces of heavy paper or cardboard 2" x 3".
- 2. Reproduce the page Figures for "Fiber Rummy" 4 times.
- 3. Cut these 4 pages apart on the solid lines, and mount each oblong on one of the cardboard pieces.
- 4. You now have a "Fiber Rummy" deck containing 44 cards.
- Duplicate a direction sheet for each deck.

## FIGURES FOR "FIBER RUMMY"

	-	1	
85% WOOL 15% NYLON	90% WOOL 10% SILK	100% WOOL	_ 100% SILK
+	+		
E 363)		E STEER	
80% LINEN 20% RAYON	88% NYLON 12% SPANDEX	100% COTTON	70% COTTON 30% DACRON POLYESTER
			+
80% ACRYLIC 20% ACETATE	100% ARNEL -TRIACETATE	100% NYLON	"FIBER RUMMY"
			,

180.

## FABRIC CARE LABELS

MACHINE WASH WARM

MACHINE WASH WARM

LINE DRY

MACHINE WASH WARM

LINE DRY

MACHINE WASH WARM

Tumble Dry - Remove Promptly

MACHINE WASH WARM
Tumble Dry • Remove Promptly

	MACHINE WASH A WARM DELICATE CYCLE TUMBLE DRY LOW. USE COOL IRON	MACHINE WASHAA WARM DELICATE CYCLE TUMBLE DRY LOW, USE COOL WON	1
	*MACHINE WASH WARM DO NOT DRY CLEAN	MACHINE WASH WARM DO NOT DRY CLEAN	
	HAND WASH SEPARATELY USE COOL IRON	HAND WASH SEPARATELY USE COOL INON	
	DRY CLEAN ONLY	DRY CLEAN ONLY	
-	DRY CLEAN PILE	DRY CLEAN PILE FABRIC METHOD ONLY	
	-WIPE-WITH DAMP CLOTH ONLY	WIPE WITH DAMP - CLOTH ONLY	!
,	MACHINE WASH WARM SEPARATELY TUMBLE DRY	MACHINE WASH WARM SEPARATELY TUMBLE DRY	!!!

POSTER - "INFORMATION REQUIRED ON FOOD LABELS"

## FEDERAL LAW REQUIRES

that food labels give these four things



#### NUTRITION LABELING

. LAW NOW REQUIRES THAT NUTRI-TION FACTS BE ON LABELS FOR:

- A ALL FOODS THAT HAVE VITAMINS OR MINERALS ADDED
  - B ALL FOODS THAT CLAIM TO BE ESPECIALLY "NUTRITIOUS. o

SOME COMPANIES PRINT NUTRITION AMOUNTS ON ALL FOOD LABELS, EVEN IF THEY ARE NOT REQUIRED.

IF THE LABEL SAYS:

"PROTEIN-20" >

IT MEANS THAT ONE SERVICE OF THIS FOOD GIVES YOU ABOUT 20% OF THE PROTEIN YOUR BODY NEEDS EACH DAY. THE TOTAL DAILY NEED FOR ANY NUTRIENT FOR A DAY WOULD BE 100%.

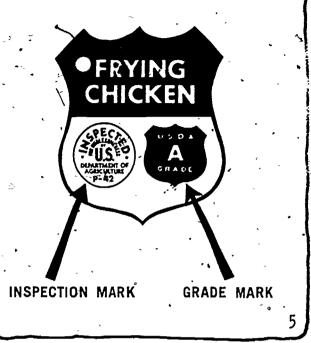
LARGER NUMBERS MEAN MORE OF A NUTRIENT. FOR EXAMPLE, CANNED CARROTS WITH "VITAMIN A-60" ON THE LABEL HAVE MUCH MORE VITA-MIN A THAN GREEN BEANS WITH "VITAMINE A-10" ON THE LABEL.



NUTRITION LABELING



On poultry you might find a hang-tag like this which gives both government marks.

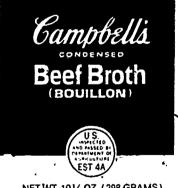


The large sections of the butchered animal are stamp a with this mark to show they came from a clean inspected, plant.

SUS 200 DEPARTMENT OF AGRICULTURE P-42

Not every small piece of meat you buy will have this mark on it, as the larger section of animal was stamped before it was cut into smaller steaks and roasts.

Any canned or processed food that contains even a little meat or poultry must show the inspection mark on the label.



NET WT. 101/2 OZ. (298 GRAMS) 93/4 FLUID OUNCES

INGREDIENTS: BEEF BROTH, YEAST, EXTRACT AND HYDROLYZED VEGE TABLE PROTEIN, SALT, MONDSODIUM GUITAMATE, SIGAR, CARAMEL COLOR, FLAVORING AND CITRIC ACID

CAMPBELL SOUP COMPANY
CAMBEN, N.J. USA 08101

OF SHE SHE SHE SHE SHE SHE

2



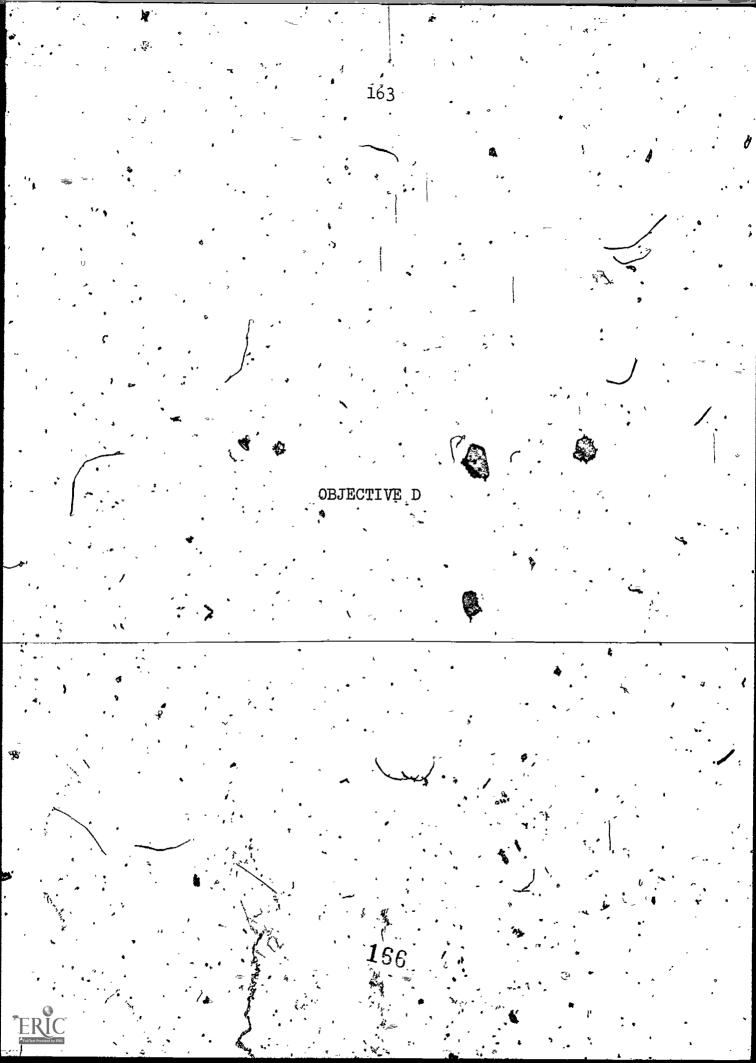
Do not confuse the circle inspection mark with this mark which might also be found on meat and poultry or on other 🥍 kinds of foods.



This shield mark tells you the grade or quality of the food, . It' gives helpful information but is not required by law.

One way our government protects consumers is by checking the cleanliness of the factories where, meat and poultry is packed.





# IEARNING CENTER D PLAN 1 GROUP DIRECTIONS AND ACTIVITIES

MEMBERS:	•				•	• .	٧.	≘	,	*	*
7	*		٠,		<del>: .</del>	<del>,</del> -		G .	- ·	<del>,                                    </del>	
ACTIVITY TABLE.	#1:	READ	THE	CARDS	STAN	DINĢ	IN	PHE C	ENTER	OF :	TÔ ÛI
ACTIVITY LEARNING YOU CAN TURN H AMPLE:	FIND O	IN THE	SE A BER	DO TOW.	MAN Y	DTFF	ERE	YT KI	MDS O	IN YOF FAC	CIS
1.	x sorwing minagement	*	4		.6.		. 4%	÷			
2.	_	• .		₹	7.			· 65:	• • •	Ì	
3. '4. •	٠,	-	•		8.	* `	4	-39+° 	. •		· U
· 5.	-			, -	.9.	k		_			, }
)• ·	•-	•	-		10.		3.		•		1
	* • =			~ ~ =				:	i.		
ACTIVITY BELOW THA THIS AS A	GROU	P.	IDEK	· MOST	VMPOI	ESIDE RTANT	THE IN	FIVE A FAC	STAT TUAL	TEMEN AD,	TS DO
THE A C	BRAN	D. NAMI LIS GI	IS VEN	PICTUE	ŒD	,	•	•	•,		~
THE WHE	COST	' IS G	VEN	ys Thi	S PF	ODUC	T HE	GETS	SOME	OF	I Tr
A R THE	ECIPE SIZE ORS A	IS GI OR WE	VEN CIGHT SLE (	TT '70'	E PR	ODUC!	T IŞ	GIVE	Ň '	•	·
YOU THE THE	ARE NAME BUYE	TOLD W OF TH	HERE E PR	YOU COUCT ARE PR	AN E	UY TI				•	•
, UTH	EKO:		•		•• •	•				·	
AS, A 'ĞROU WHY DID Y	P DIS OU CH	CUSS A	ND A HESE	nswer five	ON T STAT	HE BA	ACK (	OF TH	is sh	eėt–	- -

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ACTIVITY #+: STUDY THE SHEET MARKED #2. AS A GROUP DISCUSS THE DRAWINGS, AND DECIDE WHICH WORD AT THE BOTTOM OF THE PAGE BEST DESCRIBES EACH. WRITE THE WORD UNDER THE PICTURE.

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1.

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ACTIVITY #5: AS A GROUP LOOK AT THE ADS MARKED #3. ANSWER THE FOLLOWING:

- A. WHICH ADS MAKE AN EMOTIONAL APPEAL? A B C
  B. CHOOSE AN AD THAT MAKES AN EMOTIONAL APPEAL.
  WRITE THE LETTER HERE.
  LOOKING AT THIS AD, DISCUSS AS A GROUP AND BRIEFLY
  ANSWER THE FOLLOWING QUESTIONS: (ONE MEMBER OF THE
  GROUP RECORD YOUR ANSWER)
  - 1. WHAT EMOTIONAL APPEAL IS USED? (MAY REFER TO SHEET #2 AND STANDING CARD)
  - 2. HOW IS THE APPEAL MADE?
    PICTURE WORDS BOTH
  - 3. BRIEFLY EXPLAIN HOW THIS WAS DONE.

D

ACTIVIT #6: TAKE THE TWO SHEETS MARKED X AND O. USING THE PRODUCTS PICTURED MAKE EACH SHEET INTO AN AD-ONE USING AN EMOTIONAL APPEAL, THE OTHER WITH A FACTUAL AD. (IF THERE IS NO BRAND NAME SHOWN, FIRST DECIDE ON THE PRODUCT YOU WILL ADVERTISE. YOU MAY WRITE YOUR AD ON THE PICTURE SHEETS.)

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ACTIVITY #7: TAKE THE ADVERTISEMENTS MARKED #7 AND TURN-FACE DOWN ON TABLE. HAVE ONE MEMBER OF THE GROUP READ ALOUD THE LIST OF WORDS ON THE ACTIVITY SHEET #1 ON THE FOLLOWING PAGE. TURN OVER ONE ADVERTISEMENT AT A TIME. GOING QUICKLY AROUND THE TABLE EACH MEMBER TELL THE GROUP THE FIRST THING YOU NOTICED ON THE AD. RECORD ALL ANSWERS ON ACTIVITY SHEET #1. CONTINUE UNTIL ALL ADS ARE TURNED OVER.

ACTIVITY SHEET #1

PLACE AN X BY EACH WORD AS IT IS NAMED: ADVERTISEMENT:

1 2 3

COLOR

BRAND NAME

PEOPLE

PICTURE OF FOOD

NAME OF PRODUCT

WHERE SOLD

CLOTHES WORN

ACTIVITY #8: USING ACTIVITY SHEET #1, AS A GROUP DISCUSS THE FOLLOWING QUESTIONS. HAVE ONE MEMBER WRITE YOUR ANSWERS UNDER THE QUESTION.

- A. WHAT ITEM WAS NOTICED FIRST IN THE ADS BY MOST GROUP MEMBERS?
- B. WHAT WAS SECOND?

BACKGROUND

OTHER (LIST BELOW)

- C. WHY DID THESE TWO ITEMS CATCH YOUR ATTENTION?
- D. WHY DO ADVERTISERS USE COLORFUL, ATTRACTIVE PICTURES IN ADS?

ACTIVITY #9: TAKE THE ADS MARKED #9. HAVE ONE OF YOUR GROUP Y BERS READ ALOUD THE FOLLOWING INFORMATION:

MANY PRODUCTS OFFER A "CENTS-OFF" COUPON, HOPING THE CONSUMER WILL TRY THE PRODUCT. YOU WILL FIND COUPONS ON ADVERTISING OF "NEW" PRODUCTS JUST PUT OUT BY A COMPANY. THE COUPON IS A FACT--ANY GROCER WILL TAKE THE AMOUNT WRITTEN ON THE COUPON OFF OF THE PRICE OF THE PRODUCT WHEN YOU BUY IT.

LOOK AT THE ADS AND DISCUSS AS A GROUP THE FOLLOWING QUESTIONS. HAVE ONE MEMBER RECORD YOUR ANSWERS.

Ą.	DO YOU	OR YOUR	MOTHER	EVER	USE	COUPONS?	•	•
	NO	· YES	WHY?		a `	6	,	

B WOULD YOU TRY A NEW PRODUCT YOU HAD NOT USED BEFORE IF YOU WERE GIVEN A "CENTS-OFF" COUPON? WHY OR WHY NOT?

C. DO THE COUPONS HAVE AN EXPIRATION DATE: NO\_\_\_\_YES\_\_\_
WHAT DOES THIS DATE MEAN?

ACTIVITY #10: INCLUDED IN YOUR LEARNING CENTER IS A SHEET FOR EACH OF YOU, "LET'S ASK OTHERS". BEFORE CLASS TOMORROW. EACH OF YOU ASK 3 PEOPLE (A TEACHER, A PARENT, A FRIEND) THE QUESTIONS ON THE SHEET AND RECORD THEIR ANSWERS. READ THESE NOW SO YOU WILL UNDERSTAND THE QUESTIONS. YOU MAY WISH TO ADD ANOTHER. IF YOU DO, ASK YOUR TEACHER TO O.K. THE ITEM BEFORE YOU ADD IT.

ACTIVITY #11: SUMMARIZE ALL THE REPLIES TO "LET'S ASK OTHERS" ON THE SUMMARY SHEET (NEXT PAGE).

### LET'S ASK OTHERS - SUMMARY

NUMBER OF PEOPLE WHO USE COUPONS

NUMBER OF PEOPLE WHO DO NOT USE COUPONS

NUMBER WHO USE ALL COUPONS

NUMBER WHO USE SOME COUPONS .

NUMBER WILLING TO TRY NEW PRODUCT

OTHER

ANSWER AS A GROUP: ARE "CENTS-OFF" COUPONS USEFUL TO ADVERTISERS?

WHY?

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2.

3.

HAND IN ALL MATERIALS.

11

LEARNING CENTER 1-D PLAN 2

GROUP DIRECTIONS AND ACTIVITIES

•	MEMBERS	:
•		

ACTIVITY #1: READ THE DEFINITION CARDS IN THE CENTER OF THE TABLE. THEY WILL HELP YOU UNDERSTAND THE WORDS ATTRACTIVE, EMOTIONAL, AND FACTUAL WHEN USED IN ADVERTISING

ACTIVITY #2: AS A GROUP LOOK AT THE SET OF ADS MARKED #2. ON THE OTTOM OF EACH AD IS A NUMBER. AS A GROUP LOOK AT EACH AD AND DECIDE IF IT IS MOSTLY FACTUAL, EMOTIONAL, OR ATTRACTIVE. CIRCLE THE WORD OR WORDS BELOW THAT BEST DESCRIBES EACH AD. MORE THAN ONE WORD MAY BE CIRCLED.

- 1. EMOTIONAL FACTUAL ATTRACTIVE
- 2. EMOTIONAL FACTUAL ATTRACTIVE
- 3. EMOTIONAL FACTUAL ATTRACTIVE
- 4. EMOTIONAL FACTUAL ATTRACTIVE
- 5. EMOTIONAL FACTUAL ATTRACTIVE

HAVE YOUR TEACHER CHECK YOUR ANSWERS!

2 I\*-D.

ACTIVITY #3: TAKE THE ADS MARKED #9. HAVE ONE OF YOUR GROUP MEMBERS READ ALOUD THE FOLLOWING INFORMATION:

MANY PRODUCTS OFFER A "CENTS-OFF" COUPON, HOPING THE CONSUMER WILL TRY THE PRODUCT. YOU WILL FIND COUPONS ON ADVERTISING OF "NEW" PRODUCTS JUST PUT OUT BY A COMPANY. THE COUPON IS A FACT--ANY GROCER WILL TAKE THE AMOUNT WRITTEN ON THE COUPON OFF OF THE PRICE OF THE PRODUCT WHEN YOU BUY IT.

LOOK AT THE ADS AND DISCUSS AS A GROUP THE FOLLOWING QUES-TIONS. HAVE ONE MEMBER RECORD YOUR ANSWERS.

A. DO YOU OR YOUR MOTHER EVER USE COUPONS?

NO\_\_\_\_YES \_\_\_\_ WHY?

B. WOULD YOU TRY A NEW PRODUCT YOU HAD NOT USED BEFORE IF YOU WERE GIVEN A "CENTS-OFF" COUPON? WHY OR WHY NOT?

L-D.

C.	DO THE	COT	JPONS	HAVE	AN	EXPIRATION	DATE?	NO	YES_·_
	WHAT I	OES	THIS	DATE	MEA	N?	•	•	~ -

ACTIVITY #4: INCLUDED IN YOUR LEARNING CENTER IS A SHEET FOR EACH OF YOU, "LET'S ASK OTHERS". BEFORE CLASS TOMORROW EACH OF YOU ASK THREE PEOPLE (A TEACHER, A PARENT, A FRIEND) THE QUESTIONS ON THE SHEET AND RECORD THEIR ANSWERS. READ THESE NOW SO YOU WILL UNDERSTAND THE QUESTIONS. YOU MAY WISH TO ADD ANOTHER. IF YOU DO, ASK YOUR TEACHER TO O.K. THE ITEM BEFORE YOU ADD IT.

14

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1-D

ACTIVITY #5: SELECT ONE MEMBER OF YOUR GROUP TO PHONE THE MANAGER-OF A SUPERMARKET IN YOUR TOWN. YOUR TEACHER IS PREPARED TO HELP YOU MAKE THE CALL.

TELL HIM: YOUR NAME

YOUR SCHOOL AND CLASS

WHY YOU WANT TO ASK THE QUESTIONS

ASK HIM: 1. ABOUT HOW MANY "CENTS-OFF" COUPONS DO
CUSTOMERS USE IN YOUR STORE IN A WEEK OR

- ► MONTH?
- 2. WHAT DO YOU DO WITH THEM?
- 3. OTHER? WOULD YOUR GROUP LIKE TO ADD ANOTHER QUESTION?

ACTIVITY #6: IN CLASS TOMORROW YOU WILL HAVE 10 MINUTES TO SUMMARIZE ALL OF THE REPLIES TO "LET'S ASK OTHERS" ON THE SUMMARY SHEET, AND PREPARE A REPORT FOR THE REST OF YOUR CLASS.

BE SURE TO INCLUDE THE RESULTS OF YOUR POLL, THE QUESTIONS YOU DISCUSSED IN YOUR GROUP AND THE REPORT FROM THE GROCERY STORE.

HAND IN DIRECTION SHEETS TO THE TEACHER.

2

1-D

## LET'S ASK OTHERS - SUMMARY

NUMBER OF PEOPLE WHO USE COUPONS
NUMBER OF PEOPLE WHO DO NOT USE COUPONS
NUMBER WHO USE ALL COUPONS
NUMBER WHO USE SOME COUPONS
NUMBER WILLING TO TRY NEW PRODUCT
OTHER

ANSWER AS A GROUP: ARE "CENTS-OFF" COUPONS USEFUL TO ADVERTISERS?

WHY?

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2,

3.

# LEARNING CENTER 2-D PLAN 2

## GROUP DIRECTIONS AND ACTIVITIES

MEMBERS:
ACTIVITY #1: READ THE CARDS STANDING IN THE CENTER OF YOUR TABLE.
ACTIVITY #2: AS A GROUP LOOK AT THE ADS MARKED #1 IN YOUR LEARNING CENTER, AND SEE HOW MANY DIFFERENT KINDS OF FACTS. YOU CAN FIND IN THESE ADS. EACH MEMBER NAME ONE FACT IN TURN. HAVE ONE MEMBER RECORD THE ANSWERS BELOW. FOR EXAMPLE: BRAND NAME.
. 1
2. 7.
· 3.
4.
5.
, <del></del>
2 · · · · · 2-D
ACTIVITY #3: PLACE A CHECK (X) BESIDE THE FIVE STATEMENTS
BELOW THAT YOU CONSIDER MOST IMPORTANT IN A FACTUAL AD. DO
THIS AS A GROUP.
THE BRAND NAME IS PICTURED
A COUPON IS GIVEN THE COST IS GIVEN
WHEN A CONSUMER BUYS THIS PRODUCT HE GETS SOME OF IT
FREE A RECIPE IS GIVEN
THE SIZE OR WEIGHT OF THE PRODUCT IS GIVEN COLORS AVAILABLE (IF CLOTHING)
YOU ARE TOLD WHERE YOU CAN BUY THE PRODUCT
THE NAME OF THE PRODUCT IS GIVEN THE BUYER. CAN COMPARE PRICES WITH OTHER STORES
OTHERS:
AS A GROUP DISCUSS, AND ANSWER ON THE BACK OF THIS SHEET: WHY DID YOU CHOOSE THESE FIVE STATEMENTS?

ACTIVITY #4: YOUR TEACHER HAS AVAILABLE SOME MAGAZINES AND NEWSPAPERS. AS A GROUP SEE IF YOU CAN IDENTIFY TWO FACTUAL ADS. CUT THEM OUT, MARK A AND B. JUST BELOW TELL WHY YOU BELIEVE THEY ARE FACTUAL ADS.

A \_

В.

(HAND IN WITH YOUR ACTIVITY SHEET TOMORROW.)

ACTIVITY #5: YOUR SCHOOL CLUB HAS DECIDED TO HAVE A BAKE SALE TO RAISE SOME MONEY FOR A TRIP. MAKE A FACTUAL POSTER TO ADVERTISE THIS SALE, USING THE MATERIALS PROVIDED IN YOUR LEARNING CENTER. BE SURE TO INCLUDE ALL OF THE FACTUAL INFORMATION NEEDED TO TELL OTHERS ABOUT THE SALE: WHO--WHAT--WHEN--WHY.

- 2

2-D

ACTIVITY #6: NOW YOU ARE READY TO PLAN A REPORT FOR YOUR GROUP TO GIVE TO THE TOTAL CLASS. USING YOUR POSTER (AND THE OTHER ADS IF YOU WISH) EXPLAIN:

- A. THE KINDS OF INFORMATION YOU MAY FIND IN FACTUAL ADVERTISING.
- B. WHY A CONSUMER MAY READ THESE ADS AND BUY THE PRODUCT,
- C. SHOW YOUR POSTER TO EXPLAIN.
  YOU WILL HAVE 5-7 MINUTES TO PRESENT YOUR REPORT.
  TURN IN THIS DIRECTION SHEET TO THE TEACHER, WITH THE ADS
  YOU FOUND IN THE NEWSPAPER AND YOUR POSTER.

HAND, IN ALL MATERIALS.

## LEARNING CENTER 3-D

## GROUP DIRECTIONS AND ACTIVITIES

respond •	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·
ACTIVITY #1: READ THE CARDS STANDING	TN WOULD TEADNITHE CENTER
ACTIVITI #1. IMAD THE CARDS STANDING	IN YOUR LEARNING CENTER.
ACTIVITY #2: TAKE THE ADVERTISEMENTS	MARKED #1. TURN FACE
DOWN ON TABLE. HAVE ONE MEMBER OF TH	
LIST OF WORDS ON THE ACTIVITY SHEET	
PAGE. TURN OVER ONE ADVERTISEMENT AT	A TIME. GOING QUICKLY
AROUND THE TABLE EACH MEMBER TELL THE	GROUP THE FIRST THING
YOU NOTICED ON THE AD. HAVE ONE MEM	BER RECORD ALL ANSWERS.
ON ACTIVITY SHEET #1. CONTINUE UNTIL	L ALL ADS ARE TURNED
OVER.	
	* - * - * - * - * - * - * - * - * - * -
ACTIVITY SHEET	3 <b>-</b> D -
PLACE AN X BY EACH WORD AS IT IS NAME	· · ·
TIMOD AN A DA DAON WOLD AD II ID NAME	1 2 3
COLOR	
BRAND NAME	
PEOPLE	
PICTURE OF FOOD	
. NAME OF PRODUCT	1 2 2
WHERE SOLD	
CLOTHES WORN	
BACKGROUND.	
OTHER (LIST BELOW)	

ACTIVITY #3: USING ACTIVITY SHEET #1, AS A GROUP DISCUSS THE FOLLOWING QUESTIONS. HAVE ONE MEMBER WRITE YOUR ANSWERS UNDER THE QUESTION.

- A. WHAT ITEM WAS NOTICED FIRST IN THE ADS BY MOST GROUP MEMBERS?
- B. WHAT WAS SECOND?
- C. WHY DID THESE TWO ITEMS CATCH YOUR ATTENTION?
- D. WHY DO ADVERTISERS USE COLORFUL, ATTRACTIVE PICTURES IN ADS?

2' 3-I

ACTIVITY #1: NOW AS A GROUP LOOK AT THE TWO ADS MARKED A AND B. DISCUSS AND ANSWER:

- A. WHICH AD WOULD YOU WANT TO READ FIRST?
- B. WHY?
- C. WHY DO ATTRACTIVE ADS SELL PRODUCTS?

3-D

ACTIVITY #5: TOMORROW AS A GROUP YOU WILL HAVE 5-7 MINUTES TO TELL YOUR WHOLE CLASS ABOUT ATTRACTIVE ADVERTISING. WHY NOT REPEAT THE FIRST PART OF ACTIVITY #1, HAVING ALL MEMBERS OF THE CLASS RESPOND, MARKING ALL OF THE RESPONSES ON THE BLACKBOARD. FROM THE MAGAZINES PROVIDED IN YOUR ROOM FIND TWO ATTRACTIVE ADVERTISEMENTS YOU WOULD LIKE TO USE TOMORROW. WHEN YOU HAVE SELECTED THESE, PLAN HOW YOUR GROUP WILL PRESENT THIS ACTIVITY TO THE WHOLE CLASS. ALSO DECIDE WHAT OTHER INFORMATION YOU DISCUSSED TODAY YOU BELIEVE YOU SHOULD SHARE WITH YOUR CLASS ABOUT ATTRACTIVE ADVERTISING.

AT THE END OF YOUR REPORT, HAND IN ALL MATERIALS.

- -

LEARNING CENTER /4-D - PLAN 2

GROUP DIRECTIONS AND ACTIVITIES

MEMBERS:	•	4.	•	, *		• `	4	•	•	• '		
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ACTIVITY #1: READ THE CARDS STANDING IN THE CENTER OF YOUR LEARNING CENTER.

ACTIVITY #2: TAKE OUT THE SHEET MARKED #2. AS A GROUP DISCUSS THE DRAWINGS, AND DECIDE WHICH WORD AT THE BOTTOM OF THE PAGE BEST DESCRIBES EACH. WRITE THE WORD UNDER THE PICTURE.

ACTIVITY #3:	AS	A	GROUP	LOOK	ΑT	THE	ADS	MARKI	ற _#3	A N	Cuido
THE FOLLOWING	•	•		, .	•	•	;	• .	<i>رې ۱۱ و</i>		, Durati

- A. WHICH ADS MAKE AN EMOTIONAL APPEAL? A B C
- B. CHOOSE AN AD THAT MAKES AN EMOTIONAL APPEAL. WRITE THE LETTER HERE.
  LOOKING AT THIS AD, DISCUSS AS A GROUP AND BRIEFLY ANSWER THE FOLLOWING QUESTIONS: (ONE MEMBER OF THE GROUP RECORD YOUR ANSWER.)
  - 1. WHAT EMOTIONAL APPEAL IS USED? (MAY REFER TO SHEET #2 AND STANDING CARD)
  - 2. HOW IS THE APPEAL MADE?
    PICTURE WORDS BOTH
  - 3. BRIEFLY EXPLAIN HOW THIS WAS DONE.

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4-D

ACTIVITY #4: TAKE THE TWO SHEETS MARKED X AND O USING THE PRODUCTS PICTURED MAKE EACH SHEET INTO AN AD-ONE USING AN EMOTIONAL APPEAL, THE OTHER WITH A FACTUAL AD. (IF THERE NO BRAND NAME SHOWN, FIRST DECIDE ON THE PRODUCT YOU WILL ADVERTISE. YOU MAY WRITE YOUR AD ON THE PICTURE SHEETS.)

2

4-D

ACTIVITY #5: FROM THE MAGAZINES PROVIDED BY YOUR TEACHER, SEE IF YOU, AS A GROUP, CAN FIND AN EXAMPLE OF ADVERTISE-MENTS TO SHOW EACH TYPE OF EMOTIONAL APPEAL. USE THE SKETCHES ON THE EMOTIONAL ADVERTISING SHEET #2 YOU LOOKED AT EARLIER AS A GUIDE. LABEL EACH EXAMPLE THAT YOU FIND.

4-D

ACTIVITY #5: USING THE ADS YOU HAVE CREATED, THE ADS YOU FOUND, AND ANY OF THE OTHER MATERIALS IN YOUR LEARNING CENTER, PLAN A REPORT TO TELL THE REST OF YOUR CLASS ABOUT. EMOTIONAL APPEALS IN ADVERTISING. INCLUDE:

THE INFORMATION ON THE CARD ON YOUR TABLE;

THE SHEET MARKED #2, AND EXAMPLES,

THE ADS YOU CREATED AND ANY OF THE OTHER MATERIALS IN THE CENTER.

YOU WILL HAVE: 5-7 MINUTES FOR YOUR REPORT.

HAND IN ALL MATERIALS.

## ATTRACTIVE

MA SI TI TA MOOL OT THABARIT

ENOUGH THAT YOU WANT TO BUY.

ONE THAT LOOKS PRETTY OR MICE

SI <u>AVITDARTIA</u> SI TAHT DA NA

ATTRACTIVE

THE ILEM. WHEN AN AD IS

AN AD THAT IS ATTRACTIVE IS ONE THAT LOOKS PRETTY OR NICE ENOUGH THAT YOU WANT TO BUY THE ITEM. WHEN AN AD IS PLEASANT TO LOOK AT IT IS AN ATTRACTIVE AD

180

181

MIGHT BUY

THE PRODUCT IS ONE THAT TELLS

YOU MOSTLY TRUE THINGS THAT YOU

ENOUGH TRUE THINGS THAT YOU

ARE THEN ABLE TO DECIDE IF

THE PRODUCT IS ONE WHICH YOU

THE PRODUCT IS ONE WHICH YOU

#### FACTUAL

## FACTUAL

A FACTUAL AD IS ONE THAT TELLS
YOU MOSTLY TRUE THINGS ABOUT
A PHODUCT. IT ALSO TELLS YOU
ENOUGH TRUE THINGS THAT YOU
ARE THEN ABLE TO DECIDE IF
THE PRODUCT IS ONE WHICH YOU
MIGHT BUY.

AN AQVERTISEMENT MAY TRY TO MAKE YOU FEEL THAT IF YOU USE OR HEALTHY OR PRETTY OR POPU
THE PRODUCT YOU WILL BE HAPPY
OR SUCCESSFUL. THE AD HAS
APPEALED TO YOUR EMOTIONS:
THROUGH THE USE OF WORDS OR
PICTURES IN THE AD.

### EMOTIONAL

EWOLIONEL

AN ADVERTISEMENT MAY TRY TO

MAKE YOU FEEL THAT IF YOU USE

THE PRODUCT YOU WILL BE HAPPY

OR HEALTHY OR PRETTY OR POPU
LAR OR LIKE ALL YOUR FRIENDS

OR SUCCESSFUL: THE AD HAS

APPEALED TO YOUR EMOTIONS.

THIS APPEAL MAY BE MADE

THROUGH THE USE OF WORDS OR'

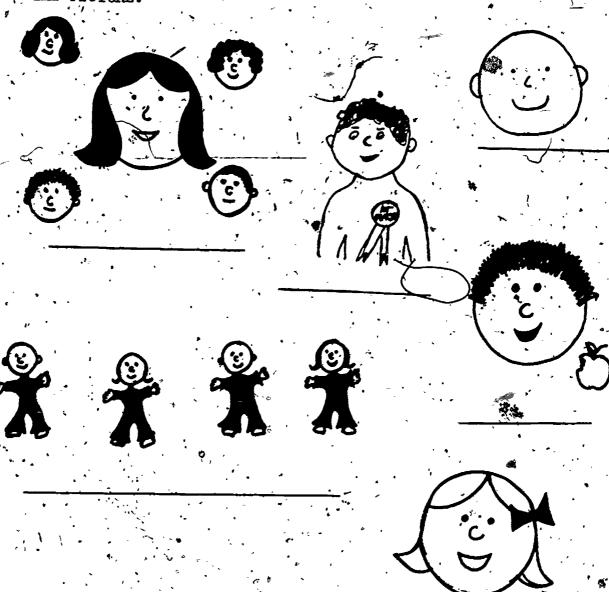
PICTURES IN THE AD

## LET'S ASK OTHERS

QUESTIONS:				1	2 <sup>,</sup> ,	. 3
,	CUT "CENTS-OFF"			YES	YES	YES '
OUT OF	MAGAZINES AND N	EWSPAPERS?	•	NO	NO	NO
2. IF YOU	Answered yes to	NO. 1,	, ,	USE>	USE	. '
DO YOU	USE ALL COUPONS	?				USE ALL
OR'	·	,	٠. م		٠ 4	
DO YOU	USE COUPONS ONL	Y FOR		ं. ः सरकाः <i>र</i>	TICITA	Trob
PRODUC!	rs you know?			USE ' SOME	USE SOME	use -some-
3. ARE YOU	U MORE WILLING TO	o trỳ a <u>ne</u> v	<u>w</u>	YES	YES	YES
PRODUC	T IF YOU HAVE! A	COUPON?		NO '	NO	NO.

## EMOTIONAL ADVERTISING

WRITE UNDER EACH DRAWING THE WORD FROM THE LIST AT THE BOTTOM OF THE PAGE THAT BEST DESCRIBES THE FEELING IN THE PICTURE.



HAPPY SUCCESSFUI PRETTY POPULAR
HEALTHY

BEING LIKE YOUR FRIENDS

TEACHING MODÍTLE - PART 4

Materials for the Teacher

(Plan 1,2)

# Student Introduction to Learning Centers: Suggested Information

Your class is being divided into small groups of four or five students and each group will be assigned to one learning center. In the learning centers there are instructions for planned activities that will help you learn more about different kinds of consumer information. Some activities will be completed by your group working together and some will be done by each student working alone within the group. There are direction sheets or cards in each center which tell you how to do each activity and the order to follow. When your groups enter the center to begin the activities, you should first locate the Group Directions packet. You may ask the teacher for assistance if you have a question about what you are to do. Each center contains all of the materials necessary to complete the activities.

If you finish an individual task earlier than other members of your group, perhaps you can offer to assist someone else.

## SUGGESTED DESCRIPTIONS - TEACHER CONCEPTS

CONSUMER

CONSUMER INFORMATION

anyone who uses goods and services, thus everyone is a consumer.

any information that helps one to more effectively fulfill a consumer role.

CURRENT CONSUMER INFORMATION

the most recent information one may find to use in the role of a consumer; example, newspaper ads.

SOURCES OF CONSUMER INFORMATION

labels hangtags, user pamphlets, packagings, newspapers, magazines, publications of government businesses, and testing organizations are all places where one may obtain consumer information.

USER PMAPHLETS

a booklet or hangtag found with a product or provided by a product manwfacturer which informs the consumer of the proper and most beneficial way to use the product.

RELIABLE

something you can count on to be true, factual, and unbiased.

TRUE-UNBIASED

information based on facts which can be proven.

BIASED.

an opinion that is stated as though it is absolutely true and factual.

LABELS

for purposes of establishing legislation on labeling, labels are interpreted to mean any printed information given with products on labels, hangtags, packages, containers, wrappings, fabric bolts, printed or pasted on the product, or woven into the fabric.

POULTRY

any birds used for food (chicken, turkey, geese, ducks, etc.).

FORTIFIED FOODS

those enriched with vitamins, minerals, or proteins.

SPECIAL NUTRITIONAL -CLAIMS

eclaims (usually in product advertising) that a product is more nutritious than a similar product or is an especially healthy food. INGREDIENTS

MEAT AND POULTRY PRODUCTS.

FEDERAL LAWS

PERCENTAGE

EMOTIONAL APPEALS

PICTURING ATTRACTIVELY

EXPIRATION DATE

the foods in a recipe or anything (food, spices, chemicals) that enters into a processed food product.

foods which contain even very small amounts of meat or poultry, or are made from meat or poultry, (i.e., soups with meat or poultry in the name on the label, canned or frozen pasta main dishes, frozen pizza, etc.).

laws passed by the federal government which regulate the labeling of consumer products.

clothing: based upon 100 parts, the amount of a specific fiber contained in a fabric (ex.: 80% cotton/20% dacron or 80 parts cotton/20 parts dacron).

food: the amount of specific nutrients contained in a food product in relation to the recommended daily allowance established by the federal government.

one method an advertisement may use to convince a person to buy a product; through the use of words and pictures the ad may suggest the consumer would feel prettier, healthier, happier, more popular or successful, or like all of his friends if the product is used.

an ad which is pleasant and appealing to look at (use of color and pictures), and the attractiveness is used to persuade a consumer to stop and read the advertisement.

printed on the label of food products the date indicates the manufacturers' suggested time limit for the sale of the product; it does not mean the product necessarily becomes worthless after this date. On a "cents-off" coupon it indicates the final date the coupon may be used.

#### CONSUMER INFORMATION QUIZ

READ EACH OF THE FOLLOWING QUESTIONS. CIRCLE THE LETTER OF THE BEST ANSWER FOR EACH QUESTION.

1. If a coat label lists these fibers

which fiber is found in the largest amount in the fabric?

- . . A. Polyester
  - B. Cotton
  - C. Rayon
- 2. Which of the following items is the most reliable source of consumer information?

-% Cotton -% Polyester - Rayon

Butterick
Patterns now easier
to fit and
easier
to sew!
New How to sew
Pettern # 3841

Toni Tops 'go with Toss me everything! OP in the washer. I'm washer. I'm mude to look stretch fresh and new Knit Season after season.

PURITAN Sports wear 100% cotton Machine wechwarm

- 3. When buying a fabric for home sewing, the law says you must be able to get information on:
  - A. How to wash or take care of the fabric.
  - B. Amount of shrinkage to be expected.
  - C. Facts about the quality of the fibers used in this fabric.

7. What information required by law is missing from the information on this fabric bolt?

Corkman Co. New York, N.Y.

204 Vela.

A Machine Wash, Warm; Tumble Dry; Remove Promptly

- Mo. 1037 2 Yds. Re lb.
  A. Special fabric finishes
- B. Fabric width
- C. Percent of each fiber

IN COLUMN I IS A LIST OF THE KINDS OF CONSUMER INFORMATION YOU MIGHT NEED TO FIND. IN COLUMN II IS A LIST OF SOURCES OR PLACES WHERE YOU MIGHT GET CONSUMER INFORMATION.

ON THE LINE IN FRONT OF EACH NUMBER IN COLUMN I, WRITE THE LETTER FROM COLUMN II OF THE BEST PLACE TO GET EACH KIND OF INFORMATION.

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V	بدر	נטו	JIIV.	Т

- 1. Fibers in a T-shirt fabric
- 2. Styles of clothing available in the stores in your town
- \_\_\_\_3. How to remake out-of-style clothing
- 4. Comparison of the quality and performance of two irons. Brand X and Y.

#### COLUMN II

- A. Consumer groups that test products
- B. Extension publications
- C. Newspaper ads
- D. Product labels
- E. User pamphlets

THE STATEMENTS BELOW ARE FROM MAGAZINES ADS. READ EACH ONE, AND MARK THE BIASED ADS "B" AND THE UNBIASED ADS "U".

- \_\_\_\_l. /Velcro--"the world's easiest, most versatile \* fastener".
  - 2. "Yellow Canvas Wrapcoat is treated to be water resistant by Jane Charney for Drizzle, 4-16, \$95."
- 3. Connie--The "I have to have it !cause it goes with everything shoe!".

(3)	
7. What information required by 1 information on this fabric bol	aw is missing from the t?
Carkman Co. A	204 Kds. A Machine Wash, Warm; Tumble Dry; Remove
110. 1037 2 Yds. Per 16.	Promptly
A. Special fabric finishes B. Fabric width	
C. Percent of each fiber	
IN COLUMN I IS A LIST OF THE KINDS YOU MIGHT NEED TO FIND. IN COLUMN OR PLACES WHERE YOU MIGHT GET CONS	OF CONSUMER INFORMATION II IS A LIST OF SOURCES UMER INFORMATION.
ON THE LINE IN FRONT OF EACH NUMBE LETTER FROM COLUMN II OF THE BEST INFORMATION.	R IN COLUMN I, WRITE THE PLACE TO GET EACH KIND OF
COLUMN I	COLUMN II
	A. Consumer groups that test products
able in the stores in your town	B. Extension publications
3. How to remake out-of-style clothing	C. Newspaper ads D. Product labels
4. Comparison of the quality and performance of two irons. Brand X and Y	E. User pamphlets
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l. /Velcro"the world's easiest	t, most versatile

2. "Yellow Canvas Wrapcoat is treated to be water resistant by Jane Charney for Drizzle, 4-16, \$95."

3. Connie--The "I have to have it cause it goes with everything shoe!".

(4)

READ THE FIVE ADS AT THE FRONT OF THE ROOM. DECIDE, IF THE AD IS TRYING TO SELL THE PRODUCT BY USING:

- A. Attractiveness appeal
- B. Emotional appeal
- C. Factual appeal

CIRCLE THE LETTER OF THE APPEAL USED.

NOTE: For this test item the teacher mounts five advertisements and places them on a convenient blackboard or bulletin board at the front of the room. The ads should illustrate the three types of appeals listed at the top of this page.

#### CONSUMER INFORMATION QUIZ

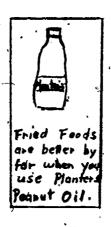
READ EACH OF THE FOLLOWING QUESTIONS. CIRCLE THE LETTER OF THE BEST ANSWER FOR EACH QUESTION.

- 1. If the label lists the ingredients in a can of beef stew as "water, beef, potatoes, carrots, and caramel coloring", which ingredient is contained in the largest amount?
  - A. Beef
  - B. Water

A٠

- C. Caramel coloring
- 2. Which of the following items is the most reliable source of consumer information?

Never-fail
Recipes
from
Planters Pegauts





- When buying cereal advertised as "fortified" or "especially nutritious", the law says you must be provided with information on:
  - A. The amount of protein and calories in the food
  - B. Directions for preparing or serving the food
  - C. The quality grade of the food

4. The nutrition inform	nation
from this food label you that one serving	L tells
you that one serving	; of
this food:	-

- A. Has all the calcium normally needed in one day
- B. Is a better source of protein than Vitamin A
- C. Is a better source of Vitamin A than Vitamin C
- 5. Which item has the most information which is useful to the consumer?

A

В.

PROTEIN.....35

(ASCORBIC ACID)...10

(VITAMIN B1).....15

VITAMIN C

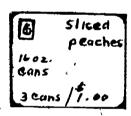
THIAMIN.

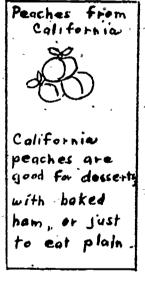
RIBOFCAVIN.....15

CALCIUM ......

IRON......25 VITAMIN B6......

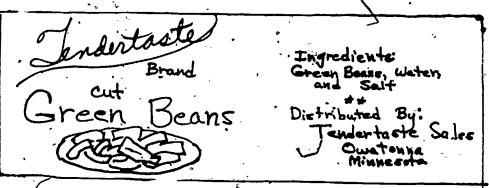
nutrition in formation:	Manufacturers Name + Address
, ~ ,	Peach Halves wt. 16 pz. Ingredients





- 6. Which information below does the law say must be on the label of a frozen food that contains meat?
  - A. The date after which the food should no longer be used
  - B. U.S. shield or mark giving the quality grade
  - C. U.S. inspection mark symbol or circle

7. What information required by law is missing from this label?



- A. Natrition information
- B. Preparation directions
- C. Weight of the food

IN COLUMN I IS A LIST OF THE KINDS OF CONSUMER INFORMATION YOU MIGHT NEED TO FIND. IN COLUMN II IS A LIST OF SOURCES OR PLACES WHERE YOU MIGHT GET CONSUMER INFORMATION.

ON THE LINE IN FRONT OF EACH NUMBER IN COLUMN I, WRITE THE LETTER FROM COLUMN II OF THE BEST PLACE TO GET EACH KIND OF INFORMATION.

#### COLUMN I COLUMN II Ingredients in a frozen A. Consumer groups that pizza test products 2. Which fresh vegetables are B. Extension Publicaavailable in the grocery tions stores in your town C. Newspaper ads 3. How to use leftover foods D./ Product labels 4. Comparison of the nutri-User pamphlets tional value of bread, Brand "X" and "Y"

THE STATEMENTS BELOW ARE FROM MAGAZINE ADS. READ EACH ONE, AND MARK THE BIASED ADS "B" AND THE UNBIASED ADS "U".

- l. Macaroni and Cheddar -- "the tastiest cheddar sauce that ever came out of a package".
- 2. "Pineapple packed in its own juice. No sugar added.
  At Dole, sweetness comes naturally."
- 3. "Make any meatloaf taste even better" with A-l steak sauce.

(4)

READ THE FIVE ADS AT THE FRONT OF THE ROOM. DECIDE IF THE AD IS TRYING TO SELL THE PRODUCT BY USING.:

- A. Attractiveness appeal
- B. Emotional appeal
- C. Factual appeal

CIRCLE THE LETTER OF THE APPEAL USED.

AD -1	A	В	C
AD 2	A	B	.C
AD 3	A	В	C
AD 4	A	B.	C
AD 5	• A	В -	C

NOTE: For this test item the teacher mounts five advertisements and places them on a convenient blackboard or bulletin board at the front of the room. The ads should illustrate the three types of appeals listed at the top of this page.

## ANSWER KEY FOR TESTS

## Either form:

- ,C

- 3. B-E (foods) B (clothing)

Teacher key own choice

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