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ABSTRACT

Information on the salaries and education of rural school personnel was obtained via 3,445 questionnaires mailed to superintendents of rural schools in 1934-35. Data were received for 183,733 white teachers, 13,072 Negro teachers, 7,569 white principals of rural schools, and 131 principals of Negro schools under the administrative supervision of county, district, union, and similar types of superintendents and located in the open country or in villages and towns of fewer than 2,500 population. Data were presented separately for one-teacher and two-teacher schools, three to six teacher schools and seven or more teacher schools in the open country and in villages or towns. Findings included: as the rural schools became larger the median salaries became progressively higher, ranging from \$535 in the one-teacher white schools to \$979 in the white schools of 7 or more teachers located in the villages and towns; in the Negro schools the differences were similar to those for the white schools, except that the ranges were for the most part narrower; in Delaware and West Virginia, the salaries of the Negro teachers averaged nearly \$1,000 per year and were fully as high as those of the white teachers, if not higher; most of the rural school principals, especially those having charge of high schools, were college graduates; and about 3% of the white teachers and 21% of the Negro teachers in the one-teacher schools had 2 years or less of high school education. (NQ)

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Status and Trends



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UNITED STATES DEPARTMENT OF THE INTERIOR

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2

Pamphlet No. 85



Status and Trends

Ву

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Pamphlet No. 85

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STATUS AND TRENDS

ROM TIME to time the Office of Education has gathered and published data showing the salaries and education of the teachers and principals of rural schools, by States, and summarized for the Nation as a whole. For 4 years, 1921 to 1925, data concerning salaries in these schools were gathered and published annually; since 1925, at 5-year intervals. The school year 1934-35 rounded out the 5-year interval since the last study. The data here presented are for that school year.

Questionnaires similar to those used in the previous studies were sent to the 3,445 county and other superintendents 2 in charge of rural schools in 1934-35. These school officers were requested to furnish data for all teachers and principals employed in the schools under their jurisdiction except those in population centers of 2,500 or more and those operating as independent school districts. Accordingly, this study concerns schools under the administrative supervision of county, district, union, and similar types of superintendents and located in the open-country or in villages and towns of fewer than 2,500 population.

The teachers were grouped according to the size and location of the schools in which they were employed. This classification will be helpful in more definitely placing the problems revealed by the study by types of rural school communities represented. Data are, therefore, presented separately for one-teacher schools, two-teacher schools, schools of three to six teachers located in the open country, schools of three to six teachers located in villages or towns, schools of seven

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¹ Summers, Alex. Salaries of teachers in rural schools in 1922. U. S. Department of the Interior, Office of Education. Rural School Circular No. 5.

^{——} The salaries of country teachers in 1923. U. S. Department of the Interior, Office of Education. Rural School Leaflet No. 24.

^{——} Salaries of rural teachers and length of school term in 1924. U.S. Department of the Interior, Office of Education. Rural School Leaflet No. 39.

Gaumnitz, W. H. Salaries and salary trends of teachers in rural schools. U. S. Department of the Interior, Office of Education. Bulletin 1929, No. 6.

^{——} Status of teachers and principals employed in the rural schools of the United States. U. S. Department of the Interior, Office of Education. Bulletin 1932, No. 3.

Includes county and other superintendents in charge of the administration of rural schools. These officials are known in Virginia as "division superintendents," in New York and Utah as "district superintendents," in New York and Utah as "district superintendents," in Louisiana as "parish superintendents," and in the New England States as "union superintendents." Data were gathered and tabulated separately for white and for Negro schools.

or more teachers located in the open country, and for schools of seven or more teachers located in the villages and towns.

It proved impracticable to separate data for teachers of elementary and secondary schools, as many rural high schools are small and operated in connection with the grade schools. Teachers often divide their time between the elementary and high-school grades, particularly in music, art, agriculture, manual training, and the like. Four out of every five of the principals with whom this study is concerned supervised elementary as well as secondary schools. In the data presented for the larger rural schools there are, therefore, some high-school teachers, the proportion to the whole being comparatively small. Those for the smaller schools relate wholly, or almost wholly, to elementary teachers.

Usable data on salaries were returned by superintendents of 52.9 percent of the school officials to whom the questionnaires were sent. (See table 1.) From eight of the States—Delaware, Maryland, Washington, Wyoming, Nevada, Iowa, Utah, and Indiana—data were received from more than three-fourths of the counties. The first two named showed a return of 100 percent, providing the information from the State superintendents' files. States from which fewer than half of the counties reported totaled 16; of these all but 3 were in the Southern sections of the United States. From three States fewer than one-fourth of the counties reported.

A total of 1,488 separate questionnaires were sent to the county school officers of the 17 States maintaining separate school systems for the races. Of these, 389, or an average of 26.1 percent returned usable data relating to the salary situation (see table 2) in the Negro schools. In each case, except Maryland, Delaware, South Carolina, Florida, and Alabama, the proportion of the counties reporting data for these schools was markedly smaller than for the white schools. It is probable that in many of the counties of the remaining States, especially in the border States of Missouri, Texas, and West Virginia, there were no Negro teachers, or their number was so small as to be regarded as insignificant by the reporting officers.

Data were received for 183,733 white teachers, 13,072 Negro teachers, 7,569 white principals of rural schools, and 131 principals of Negro schools, making a total of 204,505 rural school workers. (See tables 1, 2, and 9.) The numbers of teachers for whom data were supplied are large, even in those States from which the smallest percent of counties reported. Reports from Arkansas, for example, from which 17.3 percent of the counties responded, involved a total of 1,523 teachers and principals of rural schools. The large number of rural teachers involved in this study gives assurance that the data presented in the succeeding tables are fairly representative of the actual situation.

Of all of the teachers for whom data were reported the largest group was that employed in the one-room schools, representing 36.2 percent of the total (tables 1 and 2), 11.1 percent were employed in two-teacher schools; 15.9 percent in schools of three to six teachers in the open country; 3.4 percent in village schools of three to six teachers; 14.2 in open country schools of seven teachers or more; and 19.2 percent in village schools employing seven or more teachers. These percentages vary greatly for the individual States. Some States, e. g., North Carolina, New Jersey, Massachusetts, and Florida, have few one-teacher schools. On the other hand, in some of the middle and western States, e. g., South Dakota, Minnesota, Iowa, Montana, and Nebraska, more than two-thirds of the rural teachers were in one-teacher schools. Even in such populous States as Pennsylvania and New York approximately one-third of the teachers reported were teaching in one-teacher schools.

MEDIAN SALARIES IN 1935, BY STATES, BY TYPES OF BURAL SCHOOLS, AND BY RACES

The salaries in the different classes of rural schools in medians are presented by States for whites and Negroes in tables 3 and 4. The median salary is the one located exactly at the midpoint when all salaries for a given group of teachers of a given State are arranged from the smallest to the largest amount of money paid each teacher. Fifty percent of the teachers, therefore, received salaries for the school year 1934-35 which were higher than these medians and 50 percent of them received smaller amounts. In some States—Illinois, Michigan, Minnesota, Montana, Oregon, Texas, and Washington—the salaries of teachers of the one-room schools range from \$200 per year on one extreme to more than \$1,200 per year on the other; and in other States—Connecticut, Delaware, Indiana, and New York, they cluster closely together. The narrower ranges are usually found in States in which comparatively high salaries are paid to rural teachers and in which State-wide salary schedules are followed.

There are also wide differences among the salaries in the various States, the several types of rural schools, and the two racial groups. In Arkansas the median salary for white teachers of one-room schools was \$260; in California it was \$1,208, a difference of nearly \$1,000 between the State with the highest median salary and that with the lowest. As the rural schools become larger the median salaries become progressively higher, ranging for the Nation as a whole from \$535 in the one-teacher white schools to \$979 in the white schools of seven or more teachers located in the villages and the towns. But for the several classes of teachers the differentials between the State paying the highest salary and that paying the lowest remain about the same, i. e. about \$1,000.



In the Negro schools the differences are similar to those pointed out for the white schools, except that the ranges are for the most part narrower. Generally speaking, the salaries of the Negro teachers are only about half those for the whites. Those of Delaware and West Virginia, however, are exceptions. In these States the salaries of the Negro teachers average nearly \$1,000 per year and they are fully as high as those of the white teachers, if not higher.

SALARY TRENDS BY STATES AND BY TYPES OF RURAL SCHOOLS

Data showing State by State trends in the salary medians of rural teachers and principals are presented for the various types of schools and for 5-year intervals in tables 5 to 7, medians for the various classes of teachers being available for 1925, 1930, and 1935, and for the principals for 1930 and 1935. Besides showing the gain or loss in the salary status of rural school employees over a period of time, including the critical period of the recent economic depression, these medians show the salaries paid when the data for whites and Negroes are combined by States and by classes of schools.

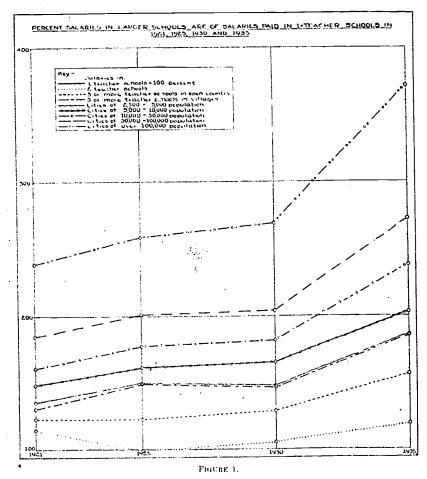
While the medians combining the data for the two races indicate much the same salary conditions as those shown in tables 3 and 4, they reveal the fact that the greatest reductions took place in the smaller schools and in those States where rural school salaries have always been in the middle or lower salary brackets. In Miehigan the salaries in one-teacher schools were reduced more than 50 percent during the period from 1930 to 1935; in four other States-Arkansas, Kansas, Nebraska, and South Dakota-the median salaries for these schools were lowered from 40 to 50 percent; and in Iowa, Minnesota, North Dakota, and Oklahoma, from 35 to 40 percent. It is signifieant that all the States, except Michigan, which are cited here as showing the most serious salary cuts are in the midwest, apparently reflecting the agricultural difficulties of this region. In a few instances, for example, the one-teacher schools of Virginia and Kentucky, the salaries remained fairly constant for the period; in Delaware and West Virginia substantial gains rather than losses were recorded.

RURAL SCHOOL SALARIES COMPARED WITH THOSE IN CITY SCHOOLS

Data presented in table 8 summarize for the Nation as a whole the salary status of the several classes of rural teachers and make possible comparisons with salaries of teachers employed in the cities classified on a population basis. The table reveals that salary reductions due to the depression fell heaviest upon the teachers in the smallest rural schools and lightest upon those employed in the largest cities. In

prosperous times rural teachers' salaries were lower; during the time of financial strain reductions were greater.

The tendency of the teachers of the smaller schools to lose out in their effort to secure better salaries is unmistakable when salary medians are compared for the 14-year period from 1921 to 1935. At the beginning of the period the median salary of teachers in cities of



more than 100,000 population, for example, was 238.8 percent of that in the one-teacher schools; in 1925 it was 258.6 percent; in 1930 it was 268.8 percent; by 1935 the median salary in these largest cities had become 371.3 percent, or nearly four times as great as that in the one-teacher schools. These growing disparities are portrayed in the above figure.

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EDUCATIONAL STATUS AND TRENDS OF TEACHERS AND PRINCIPALS OF RURAL SCHOOLS

The county superintendents also reported information on the number of years of school work beyond the elementary grades done by 175,441 white teachers, 12,426 Negro teachers, and 7,569 white rural school principals, and 131 Negro school principals. These data were classified and tabulated for groups similar to those for salaries. Thus detailed distribution showing educational accomplishments became available for each of the several classes of rural schools as well as for each State. Table 9 presents a summary of these distributions for the Nation as a whole, giving both the number and the percent of persons with varying amounts of education.

Summary of the education of the rural school personnel in 1935.—In 1935 there obviously were still a good many rural teachers, especially in the smaller schools, who had 2 years or less of high-school education, the percentages being about 3 for white teachers and 21 for Negroes, in the one-teacher schools. On the other hand there were a few teachers in all classes of rural schools who had received 8 years or more of education after completing the elementary school. These teachers were, of course, for the most part employed in the larger schools. For the Nation as a whole the number with 8 years or more of education was 24.3 percent for all classes of white rural schools and 9.2 percent for the Negro schools. Most of the rural school principals, especially those having charge of high schools, were college graduates; nearly a third of them had also pursued some post-graduate work.

Status and trends in the educational qualifications of rural teachers.— Tables 10 to 13 present for 1930 and 1935 two types of indices whereby the educational status and trends of the several classes of teachers and of the various States can be compared. The first column of data for each period shown gives by States the percentages of the total number of a given class of rural teachers who had had "4 years or less" of clucation beyond completion of the elementary grades; the second shows in percents those who had "6 years or more" of such education. The education of none of those included in the first group had exceeded that provided in the high school. These teachers must, therefore, be thought of as having had scarcely any training for the teaching profession. The second group includes those who had completed a 2-year normal school course, or its equivalent of college education. This level of education is now widely accepted as representing the minimum amount of education necessary for assuming the duties of teachers.

The data presented in these tables show that in many of the States there were improvements in the education of the teachers in 1935 over 1930. For example, in Georgia 92 percent of the white teachers in one-room schools reported not more than a high-school education in 1930; by 1935 the percentage was 53. In Mississippi the percentage was reduced from 87.4 to 69.7; in Arkansas from 81.2 to 48.4; and in Iowa from 80.7 to 62.3. In many States which in 1930 had comparatively few teachers with high-school education only, proportionate reductions are even greater. For example, in Colorado there was a reduction from 40.3 percent in 1930 to 1.8 percent in 1935; in Idaho from 18.9 to 1; in Connecticut from 43.7 to 6.6; in Oklahoma from 40.8 to 6.8; and in South Dakota from 40.7 to 4.9. In only one State—Florida—was the percentage of white teachers in one-room schools with 4 years or less of high-school education greater in 1935 than in 1930; in three other States—Kansas, Pennsylvania, and Vermont—little change was effected during the period.

In nost of the States reduction in the percentages of the poorly trained teachers was greater in the larger than in the smaller rural schools. For the Nation as a whole the teachers of one-teacher schools for whites show percentages of 44.1 in 1930 and 22.5 percent in 1935, a reduction in the number of untrained teachers of nearly one-half; for the two-teacher schools for whites the percentages were, respectively, 36 and 12.5, or a reduction of nearly two-thirds; in schools with three or more teachers for white children the percentages of teachers with a high-school education or less were not only smaller for both periods but the proportionate reductions were greater, there being for the Nation as a whole about seven-tenths fewer such teachers in these larger schools in 1935 than in 1930.

Marked progress was made during the 5-year period in raising standards of qualifications for teaching to that of 2 years of college grade work. In some States—Arizona, Maryland, Nevada, New Hampshire, Rhode Island, and Washington—between 90 and 100 percent of the teachers had reached this standard in 1935, even in the smaller schools. In other States—Arkansas, Florida, Georgia, Iowa, Minnesota, Mississippi, Wisconsin—only about 20 percent of the rural teachers had attained to the standard indicated.

Generally speaking, tables 11 and 13 show conditions and trends in the education of teachers of the rural schools for Negroes to be similar to those presented in tables 10 and 12 for the white teachers. The major differences are that the levels attained in most of the States are somewhat lower for the Negro teachers and the progress made during the 5 years was not quite as great. Data reported for Delaware and West Virginia prove an exception to this generalization.



TABLE 1.—NUMBER OF WHITE TEACHERS CLASSIFIED BY STATE AND BY SIZE AND LOCATION OF RURAL SCHOOLS REPORTED BY COUNTY, DISTRICT, AND OTHER RURAL SUPERINTENDENTS,

		== == 1. :	: : : : : : : : : : : : : : : : : : :							
State	In 1- tencher schools	lon, ver schools	n country servois having	In tewn	schools having 7 or	village schools having	Total num- ber of teachers report- ed-	Total num- ber of coun- ties 1 in each State	Total num- ber of coun- ties report- ing	Percent of counties reporting
1	2	3	4	5	5	7	8	9	10	11
Continental United States.	65, 975	18, 167	28, 602	6, 429	27, 232	37, 328	183, 733	3, 445	1, 822	52, 9
Alabama Arizona Arkansas California Colorado	441 127 284 1, 057 807	664 110 180 729 285	1, 305 159 265 1, 254 552	107 56 21 268 77	1, 286 31 109 538 268	637 391 307 1,928 542	4, 440 874 1, 166 5, 774 2, 531	67 14 75 58 63	32 10 13 38 38	47. 8 71. 4 17. 3 65. 5 60. 3
Connecticut Delaware Florida Georgia Idaho	76 88 103 237 211	36 20 122 439 208	62 296 737 213	53 144 18	93 342 499 139	177 356 547 794 239	383 619 2, 463 2, 850 1, 028	16 3 67 159 44	9 23 26 51 19	56. 3 100. 0 38. 8 32. 1 43. 2
IllinolsIndianaIowa	4, 557 1, 081 7, 547 4, 120 2, 265	391 588 207 438 963	685 1, 072 295 949 795	585 343 100 252 66	303 2, 745 731 383 871	2, 533 1, 643 2, 152 1, 276 164	9, 054 7, 472 11, 032 7, 418 5, 124	102 92 99 105 120	45 69 79 62 56	44. 1 75. 0 79. 8 59. 0 46. 7
Louisiana. Maine. Maryland Massachusetts Michigan	70 983 379 143 2,399	98 369 362 140 374	232 288 3, 026 95 380	282 213	747 50 74 155	698 212 335 882	1, 889 2, 207 3, 767 1, 068 4, 403	64 119 22 73 83	23 80 122 49 37	35. 9 67. 2 100. 0 67. 1 44. 6
Minnesota Mississippi Missouri Montana Nebraska	120 1,651	452 186 170 179 276	396 779* 196 234 331	12 15 74 38 181	142 1, 523 296 252 257	92 333 394 400 617	5, 704 2, 956 2, 781 2, 711 5, 055	87 82 114 50 93	57 31 28 40 55	65. 5 37. 8 24. 6 71. 4 59. 1
New Hampshire New Jersey New Maxico New York	170 240 200 257 3, 208	28 140 194 197 607	81 60 286 313 512	9 159 331 34 116	10 98 236 2,454	86 265 820 3, 235	374 874 1, 935 1, 037 10, 132	5 48 21 31 204	4 26 14 20 106	80. 0 54. 2 66. 7 64. 8 52. 0
North Carolina North Dakota Ohio Oklahoma Oregon	160 2, 758 1, 330 1, 614 743	288 223 468 1, 166 393	582 851 878 974 523	33 94 279 10 34	1, 910 200 2, 263 993 298	840 388 2,902 106 662	3, 913 4, 514 8, 120 4, 763 2, 053	100 53 88 77 36	40 37 43 44 24	40. 0 69. 8 54. 5 57. 1 66. 7
Pennsylvania Rhode Island South Carolina South Dakota Tennessee	3, 324 30 ,79 3, 045 791	797 6 222 108 1, 324	1, 373 17 355 257 1, 437	592 22 60 67 70	1, 263 251 119 985	2, 878 35 713 291 241	10, 227 110 1, 680 3, 887 4, 848	66 10 46 68 95	38 6 10 43 38	57. 6 60. 0 21. 7 63. 2 40. 0
Texas	733 55 648 591 769	1, 401 104 176 415 548	2, 356 333 123 608 642	50 295 102 32 166	565 255 51 1, 411 697	174 907 214 909 1,582	5, 279 1, 949 1, 314 3, 966 4, 404	254 34 77 88 39	95 27 53 40 34	37. 4 79. 4 68. 8 45. 5 87. 2
West Virginia Wisconsin Wyoming	2, 152 4, 031 685	641 667 68	711 650 184	251 262 13	875 321 143	993 1, 224 214	7, 5, 623 7, 155 1, 307	55 72 23	32 61 19	58, 2 70, 8 82, 6

¹ County, district, town, and other units of rural school administration.

3 Supplemented by reports from State departments of education.

3 Includes data from all white schools of 3 or more teachers in the State except those from Baltimore and Baltimore County. Principals as well as teachers included. Data could not be separated.

TABLE 2.—NUMBER OF NEGRO TEACHERS CLASSIFIED BY STATE AND BY SIZE AND LOCATION OF RURAL SCHOOLS REPORTED BY COUNTY, DISTRICT, AND OTHER RURAL SUPERINTENDENTS, 1934-35

State	In 1- teacher schools		In open country schools having 3 to 6 teachers	and village schools having 3 to 6	country schools having 7 or more	village schools having 7 or	Total num- ber of teachers report- ed	116.2	Total num- ber of coun- ties report- ing	Per- cent of coun- ties report- ing
1	2	3	1	5	6	7	8	9	10	11
Totals	5. 139	3, 718	2, 770	316	648	451	13,072	1,488	389	1.82
Alabama. Arkansas. Delaware. Florida. Georgia Kentucky. Louisiana Maryland.	817 166 44 138 689 241 -221 330	367 90 40 136 365 50 154 222	201 36 105 150 51 83 3 249	33 13 23 33 53 9	72 7 43 15 7	56 14 86 41 32	1, 549 319 107 505 1, 341 366 511 801	67 75 3 67 159 120 64 22	31 9 13 25 46 40 18 122	46.3 12.0 100.0 37.3 28.9 33.3 28.1 100.0
Mississippi Missouri North Carolina Oklahoma	606	622 475 98	326 629 40	12 47 15	142 21	87	1,606 31 1,760 276	82 114 100 77	24 9 35 19	29. 3 7. 8 35. 0 24. 7
South Carolina. Teunessee Texas. Virginia. West Virginia.	. 343	290 195 198 378 38	227 157 262 228 23	35 5 6 37 11	103 116 7 54 21	61 18 49 7	995 834 742 1, 169 160	46 95 254 88 55	10 27 25 35 11	21. 7 28. 4 9. 8 39. 8 20. 0

1 County, district, and other rural school units.
2 Data supplemented by report from State department of education.
3 Includes data for teachers and principals of all schools of 3 or more teachers except those of Baltimore and Baltimore County. Data could not be separated.

TABLE 3 .- MEDIAN SALARIES OF WHITE TEACHERS, REPORTED BY TYPES OF RURAL SCHOOLS AND BY STATE IN 1934-35

State	1-teacher schools	2-teacher schools	3-to-6- teacher schools in open country	3-to-6- teacher schools in towns and villages	7-or-more teacher schools in open country	7-or-more teacher schools in towns and villages	All classes
1	2	3	4 .	5	6	7	8
Continental United States.	\$535	8671	8790	8893	\$ 859	8 979	8730
Alabama	427 1,066 260 1,208 663	440 958 373 1,341 731	477 1,070 427 1,356 844	489 1, 433 (1) 1, 446 1, 073	625 1, 150 559 1, 399 892	670 1, 298 486 1, 501 999	502 1, 198 410 1, 378 770
Connecticut	963 1, 109 542 370 681	954 (1) 590 377 687	1, 143 608 452 682	1,008 405 487 (3)	1, 160 634 473 778	1, 144 1, 182 712 555 894	1,072 1,162 644 460 727
Illinois. Indiana Iowa. Kansas. Kentucky.	446 450	685 861 495 555 530	812 884 598 746 614	870 890 640 800 448	858 1, 100 645 787 782	914 1,010 795 892 565	664 892 462 533 537
Louisiana Maine Maryland Massachusetts Mchigan	540 1, 050 960	719 590 1, 100 1,068 570	669 3 1, 141 1, 039		809 622 1, 293 863	840 852 1, 231 938	800 579 1, 127 1, 143 543

Yewer than 25 cases.
 Median for teachers and principals of all schools for whites of 3 or more teachers in Maryland, except Baltimore County.



TABLE 3.—MEDIAN SALARIES OF WHITE TEACHERS, REPORTED BY TYPES OF RURAL SCHOOLS AND BY STATE IN 1934-35—Continued

Štate	1-teacher schools	2-teacher schools	3-to-6- teacher schools in open country	3-to-6- teacher schools in towns and villages	7-or-more teacher schools in open country	reacher	i
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8
Minnesota Mississippi Missouri Montana Nobraska Newada New Hampshire New Jersey New Mexico New York North Carolina North Dakota Ohio Oklahoma	942	\$625 405 451 790 556 1, 200 930 1, 013 7, 015 517 545 877 648	\$834 444 539 956. 706. 1, 345 963 1, 027 800 1, 255 572 679 932 680	(1) (1) \$540 1, 038 697 (1) 1, 020 1, 086 875 1, 353 634 642 927 (1)	\$947 478 588 1,000 699 (1) 1,026 785 1,470 612 767 976	\$1,015 583 641 1,092 788 1,526 1,085 1,286 1,431 633 779 1,044	\$494 465 467 737 495 1, 218 966 1, 116 763 1, 234 598 490 938
Oregon Pennsylvania Rhode Island South Carolina. South Dakota Tennessee. Texas Utah Vermont Virginia. Washington. West Virginia Wisconsin. Wyoming.	619 756 870 482 450 472 613 639 560 545 712 829 626 574	658 769 (1) 492 534 484 666 777 595 560 805 805 875 708	532 729 586 679 706 736 624 880 917 842 805	(1) 906 (1) 738 702 556 733 746 773 563 932 1, 036 870 (1)	698 933 1, 002 599 798 877 751 1, 010 706 661 926 943 887 992	810 922 1, 036 1, 095 763 842 681 786 964 921 651 985 950 991	635 767 836 1, 125 634 472 560 677 862 619 631 896 893 697 720

¹ Fewer than 25 cases.

TABLE 4.—MEDIAN SALARIES OF NEGRO TEACHERS, REPORTED BY TYPES OF RURAL SCHOOLS AND BY STATE IN 1934-35

						2002 0	U
State	l-teacher schools	2-teacher schools	3-to-6- teacher schools in open country	3-to-6- teacher schools in towns and villages	7-or-more teacher schools in open country	tenoner	•
1	2	3	. 4	5	6	7	8
Continental United States	\$263	\$287	\$378	\$391	\$428	\$388	\$315
Alabama Arkansus Delaware Florida Georgia Kentucky Louisiana Maryland Mississipi Missouri	205 231 1, 124 332 (*) 460 (*) 518 (*) 384	229 254 1, 127 278 (1) 511 201 584 (1)	287 287 204 266 006 265 265 (1)	341 (1) (1) 426 250 (1) (1)	(1) 425 (1) (1)	360 (1) 361 352 332	233 246 1, 121 323 (*) 486 219 575
North Carolina Oklahoma South Carolina Tennesseo Texas Virginia West Virginia	350 490 (*) 367 381 358 916	362 572 (1) 427 577 360 930	397 627 228 476 632 412	(1) 245 (1) (1) (1) 473	(1) 377 424 (1) 471	432 (1) 402 (1) 455	384 382 558 (1) 420 497 374 937



Fewer than 25 cases.
 Median is less than \$200.
 Includes data from all Negro schools in the State of 3 or more teachers, except those from Baltimore County principals as well as teachers included. Data could not be separated.

TABLE 5.—MEDIUM SALARIES, 1925, 1930, AND 1935, FOR BOTH WHITE AND NEGRO TEACHERS IN 1-TEACHER AND 2-TEACHER SCHOOLS

	· · .	1-t	eacher :	chools			2-tes	cher s	cnoois	
State				Percent or dec					Percent or dec	
	1925	1930	1935	5-year period, 1930–35	10-year period, 1925-35	1925	1930	1935	5 year period, 1930-35	10-year period, 1925-35
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	,	18	11
Continental United States	8 76°,	\$788	8517	-34.4	22.1	8754	8829	\$620	-25.2	-17.8
Alabama Arizona Arkansas California Colorado	1, 297	(1) 1,337 447 1,360 907	266 1,066 238 1,208 603	-20.3 -46.6 -11.2 25.9	-22.4 -18.8 -42.1 -6.9 -24.2	398 1,323 545 1,374 1,012	4£5 1, 288 537 1, 482 1, 078	377 958 322 1,341 731	-17. 1 -25. 6 -40. 0 -9. 5 -32. 2	-5.3 -27.6 -41.2 -3.8 -27.8
Connecticut	1,053	1, 079 969 513 (1) 943	963 1, 115 360 (1) 681	-10.8 +15.1 -29.8	-8.5 +42.8 -4.3	1,056 845 588 395 995	1, 182 1, 028 615 322 1, 062	954 (³) 402 311 667	-19.3 -34.6 -18.6 -37.2	-12.2 -31.6 -21.2 -33.0
Illinois. Indiana. Iowa. Kansas. Kantucky.	702 869	829 892 736 754 482	556 854 446 450 469	-34.0 -4.3 -39.4 -40.3 -2.7	-20.8 -1.7 -37.4 -35.8 -5.8	898 898 817 820 560	933 974 821 905 641	685 861 495 555 529	-26.6 -11.6 -39.7 -38.7 -17.5	-23.7 -4.1 -39.4 -32.3 -5.5
Louisiana	631 614 820 950	(1) 643 1, 035 977 942	(³) 540 744 960 449	-16.0 -28.1 -1.7 -52.3	-12, 1 -9, 3 +1, 1 -48, 0	695 749 1, 042 1, 068 952	603 758 1,052 1,102 1,049	281 590 981 1,068 573	-53. 4 -22. 2 -6. 7 -3. 1 -45. 4	-60. 0 -21. 2 -5. 9 0 -40. 0
Minnesota Mississippi Missouri Montana Nei-raska	760 300 674	779 (¹) 639 939 785	474 (3) 433 650 455	-39. 2 -32. 2 -30. 8 -42. 0	-37. 6 -35. 8 -28. 8 -37. 0	907 329 697 1, 042 920	926 (¹) 699 1, 076 943	625 (3) 451 790 556	-32.5 -35.5 -26.0 -41.0	-31. 1 -35. 3 -24. 2 -39. 6
Navada. New Hampshire New Jersey. New Mexico. New York	1, 043 783 1, 045	1, 139 914 1, 118 798 992	934 858 942 719 890	-18.0 -6.1 -15.7 -9.9 -10.3	-10.5 +10.0 -9.9 -7.8 -2.7	1, 265 931 1, 157 872 1, 052	1, 344 960 1, 252 826 1, 166	1, 200 930 1, 013 727 1, 015	-3.7 -19.1 -12.0	
North Carolina North Dakota Ohio Oklahoma Oregon	384 690 880 777	457 724 913 830 936	381 438 853 509 618	-16. 6 -39. 5 -6. 6 -38. 7 -35. 0	8 -36. 5 -3. 1 -34. 5 -30. 3	923 936 872	161 943 975 933 978	407 545 877 642 658	-10. 1 -31. 2	-41.0 -6.3 -26.4
Pennsylvania	854 326 860	847 960 (1) 874 557	756 (2) (2) 450 454			967 673 965	582 1, 120 346 973 604	769 (2) 252 534 478	-27. 1 -45. 1 -20. 9	-62.6 -44.7 +2.1
TexasUtahVermontVirginiaWashington	814	714 432	545 639 560 473 712	-28.6 -21.6 +9.5	-21.3 -18.2 $+18.5$	842 734 468	703 881 757 478 1,150	661 777 595 470 805	-11.8 -21.4 -1.7 -30.0	-7.7 -13.3 +.4 -30.2
West Virginia	731 869	816 898 856		-30.3	-28.0	1,012	\$48 1,001 1,100	878 708 774	-29.3	-30.0

[!] Median less than \$300.



Fewer than 25 cases.

Median less than \$200.

TABLE 6.—MEDIAN SALARIES OF BOTH WHITE AND NEGRO TEACH-ERS OF 3-OR-MORE TEACHER SCHOOLS IN OPEN COUNTRY AND IN VILLAGES AND TOWNS IN 1925, 1930, AND 1935

	3-or-n	ore teac		ols in op		3-or-1	nore tea	cher schools in villages and towns			
State				Percent or de	increase crease					Increase crease	
	1925	1930	1935	5-year period 1930-35	10-year perio-i 1925–35	1925	1930	1935	5-year period 1930–35	10-year period 1925–35	
1	2	. 3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	
Continental United States	8948	\$1,017	\$809	-20.5	-14.7	81, 124	81, 157'	8 960	-17.0	14. 6	
Alabama Arizona Arkanses Califernia Colorado	1,318	613 1, 381 674 1, 557 1, 210	519 1, 167 441 1, 369 873	-15.3 -15.5 -34.6 -12.1 -27.9	-4.8 -11.5 -41.8 -7.8 -27.9	621 1,428 807 1,541 1,241	904 1,344 796 1,559 1,285	617 1, 309 478 1, 495 1, 008	-31.7 -2.6 -39.9 -4.1 -21.6	6 -8.3 -40,8 -3.0 -18.8	
Connecticut Delaware Florida Georgia Idaho	1 811	1, 193 996 678 616 1, 074	1, 154 588 449 723	+15.9 -13.3 -27.1 -32.7	+9.9 -27.5 -15.3 -36.3	1, 259 1, 031 803 616 1, 173	1,339 (¹) 952 598 1,170	1, 132 1, 178 659 528 865	-15.5 -30.8 -11.7 -26.1	10. 1 +14. 5 17. 9 14. 3 26. 3	
Illinois Indiana Iowa Kansas Kentucky	1, 077 990 691	987 1, 120 1, 095 1, 050 829	830 946 631 755 677	-15.9 -15.5 -42.4 -28.1 -18.3	-16.4 -10.7 -41.4 -23.7 -2.0	1,044 1,081 1,174 1,066 798	1, 120 1, 148 1, 176 1, 097 811	904 999 787 879 534	-19.3 -13.0 -33.1 -19.9 -34.2	-13.4 -7.6 -33.0 -17.5 -33.1	
Louisiana Malne Maryland Massachusetts Michigan	882 929 1, 240 1, 101 1, 042	890 926 1, 263 1, 242 1, 086	776 656 1, 126 1, 141 754	-12.8 -29.2 -10.8 -8.1 -30.6	-12.0 -29.4 -9.2 +3.6 -27.6	1,001 946 1,191 1,224 1,181	951 971 1 (1) 1, 220 1, 181	828 759 (¹) 1,200 893	-12.9 -21.8 -2.4 -24.4	-17.3 -19.8 -2.0 -24,4	
Minnesota Mississippi Missouri Montana Nehraska	1,075 603 886 1,212 1,106	1, 111 656 862 1, 079 1, 011	881 440 567 974 746	-20.7 -32.9 -34.2 -9.7 -26.2	-18.0 -27.0 -36.0 -19.6 -32.5	1, 178 816 908 1, 277 1, 111	1, 141 916 921 1, 277 1, 102	1,004 589 629 1,086 771	-12.0 -35.7 -31.7 -15.0 -30.0	-14.3 -27.8 -30.7 -15.0 -30.6	
New Hampshire New Hersey New Mexico New York	1, 430 975), 204 9' 4 1, 255	1, 797 1, 063 1, 367 1, 021 1, 421	1, 345 974 1, 027 794 1, 438	-25.2 -8.4 -24.9 -22.2 +1.2	-5.9 1 -14.7 -18.6 +14.6	1, 558 1, 053 1, 322 1, 163 1, 291	1, 615 1, 102 1, 482 1, 073 1, 459	1, 581 1, 062 1, 230 875 1, 428	-2.1 -3.6 -17.0 -18.5 -2.1	+1.5 +.8 7.0 24.8 +10.6	
North Carolina North Dakota Ohlo Oklahoma Oregon	719 1,012 1,058 910 1,162	833 995 1, 136 958 1, 160	562 695 963 689 833	-32.5 -30.2 15.2 -28.1 -28.2	-21.8 -31.3 -9.0 -24.3 -28.3	729 1,083 1,082 965 1,146	868 1, 129 1, 236 952 1, 184	611 744 1,033 792 920	-29.6 -34.1 -16.4 -16.8 -22.3	-16.2 -31.3 -4.5 -17.9 -19.7	
Pennsylvania Rhode Island South Carolina South Dakota Tennessee	910 1, 121 637	1,004 1,133 802 1,065 743	910 1, 336 509 750 639	-9.4 +17.9 -36.5 -29.6 -14.0	-3.0 +24.3 -44.1 -33.1 3	1, 095 1, 057 929 1, 152 886	1, 166 1, 161 913 1, 101 752	1,010 1,146 747 786 648	-13, 4 -1, 3 -18, 2 -28, 6 -13, 8	-7.8 +8.4 -19.6 -31.8 -26.9	
Texas		776 1, 137 941 730 1, 274	685 819 727 646 906	-11.7 -28.0 -22.7 -11.5 -28.9	-10, 9 -23, 8 -12, 5 -10, 0 -28, 0	851 1, 053 936 798 1, 424	865 1,064 985 830 1,350	763 908 871 678 981	-11.8 -14.7 -11.6 -18.3 -27.3	-10.3 -13.8 -6.9 -15.0 -31.1	
West Virginia Wisconsin Wyoming	890 1, 186 1, 240	897 1, 133 1, 229	935 859 923	+4.2 -24.2 -24.9	+5, 1 -27, 6 -25, 6	951 1, 294 1, 322	981 1, 190 1, 281	904 962 986	-1.7 -19.2 -23.0	+1.4 -20,1 -25,4	

 $^{^{\}dagger}$ Data included with those for 3-or-more teacher schools in open country.

Table 7.—MEDIAN SALARIES, 1930 AND 1935, OF BOTH WHITE AND NEGRO PRINCIPALS, BY 3 CLASSES OF RURAL SCHOOLS

				Pric	icipals of	_			
	Eleme	ntury sel only	nools	menta	with bo ry and pupils	th ele- high-		anized h hools onl	
State	1930	1935	Percent de- crease, ¹ &-year period 1930–35	1930	1	Percent de- crease, ¹ 5-year period 1930–35	1930	1935	Percent de- crease, ¹ 5-year period 1930–35
. 1	. 2	3	4	3	6	7	8	9	10
Continental United	\$1, 550	\$1, \$34	-20.4	\$2,091	81, 547	-26.0	4 ـنـ, 181	\$1,654	-94.9
Alabama	1, 200 1, 325 2, 620 2, 154 1, 671	3 900 3 1,990 3 1,200 2,192 3 1,250	-25. 0 1 +50.2 -54. 2 1 +1. 8 -25. 2	1, 481 1, 922 2, 922 3, 297 2, 335	1,588 3,550 1,033 2,750 1,588	1 +7.2 1 +84.7 -64.6 -16.6 -32.0	2, 627 1, 888 3, 250 3, 249 2, 068	2 1,900 2 2,450 (3) 2,935 3 1,800	-27. 7 1 +29. 8 -0. 7 -13. 0
Connecticut. Delaware. Florida. Georgia. Idaho.	1.380 1	1,650 1,950 483 467 1,050	-9.7 +41.8 -65.0 -45.8 -17.2	3, 100 2, 088 1, 997 1, 618 1, 990	2,550 2,178 1,290 1,000 1,500	-17. 7 1 +4.3 -35. 4 -38. 2 -24. 0	³ 2, 483 (³) ³ 2, 441 ³ 1, 373 ³ 1, 904	2, 350 (³) 3 1, 150 2 1, 250 3 1, 550	-5. 4 -52. 9 -9. 0 -18. 6
Illinois	1, 522 1, 158 1, 265 1, 250 826	1, 417 1, 118 3 1, 119 668 1, 017	-6.9 -3.5 -11.5 -46.6 1+23.1	2, 184 2, 124 1, 866 2, 101 1, 677	1, 629 1, 404 1, 195 i, 325 1, 298	-25. 4 -33. 9 -36. 0 -36. 9 -22. 6	2, 574 1, 681 1, 739 2, 080 2, 1, 513	1,883 1,250 1,150 3 1,100 3 1,213	-47. 1 -19. 8
Louislana Maine Marylazd Massachusetts Michigan	1, 200 (4) 1, 588 1, 600	³ 761 ³ 725 (⁴) ³ 1, 433 (⁵)	-37. 9 -39. 6 -9. 8	2, 062 1, 726 2, 756 2, 600 2, 062	1,577 1,650 (4) 2,575 1,528	-23. 5 -4. 4 -1. 0 -25. 9.	2,350 1,663 3,100 2,530 1,799	3, 000 31, 170	-20.6 -3.8 1+18.6 -35.0
Minnesota Mississippl Missourl Montana Nebraska	1,250 1,155 1,016 1,828 1,360	³ 825 680 3 667 3 1, 850 3 1, 050	-34, 0 -41, 1 -34, 4 1+1,2 -22, 8	1, 975 1, 610 1, 291 2, 268 1, 763	1,583 1,070 1,090 1,894 1,370	-19.8 -33.5 -22.5 -16.5 -22.3	1,838		-36.0
New Hampshire New Hampshire New Jersey New Mexico New York	(3) 3 1, 296 2, 247 3 1, 462 1, 947	1,900 1,300 2,260 850 2,763	1+.3 1+.6 -41.9 1+41.9	3, 162 2 2, 031 3, 119 1, 523 2, 825	2, 275 2, 200 2, 950 1, 620 2, 789	-28. 1 1 +8. 3 -5. 4 1 +6. 4 -1. 3	2, 812 1, 100	2,750	1+6.9
North Carolina North Dakota Ohio Oklahoma Oregon	- 1,040 - 1,443	638 3 1, 400 1, 288 2 1, 100 1 1, 063	-44. 3 1 +34.6 -10. 7 1 +1. 8 -22. 4	2, 145	1, 134 1, 400 1, 979 1, 308 1, 233	-38. 7 -18. 4 -14. 3 -23. 3 -42. 5	2, 150 1, 895 2, 167 1, 810 1, 907	1, 200 1, 490	-33.7 -21.9
Pennsylvania Rhode Island South Carolina Seuth Dakota Tennessee	(4)	1, 248 2, 050 2 975 3 1, 100 886		2, 052 1, 865 1, 731	1, 250 1, 100 1, 085	-39. 1	1,600 1,515 1,667	3 1, 400 3 967 1, 620	-12.5 -36.2
Texas. Utah. Vermont. Virginia. Washington	1, 150 1, 422 1, 033 924 1, 901	1,205 1,205 1,117 687 1,350	-15.3 1 +8.1 -25.6	2, 207 2, 325 1, 649	1 1, 700	-15.8 -18.3	2, 194	980 31,758 31,800 31,813 1,640	-19.9 -23.7 -5.4
West Virginia	1, 130	1, 219 933 1, 800	-29.3	2,363	1,850 1,769 1,825	-25. 1	2, 357 2, 013 2, 600	1,840 1,560 1,2,025) -22,5

Plus (+) indicates increase.
Fewer than 25 cases reported.



No data. Included with data for teachers

TABLE 8.—MEDIAN SALARIES RECEIVED BY TEACHERS OF RURAL AND OF CITY SCHOOLS, 1925, 1930, AND 1935

Type of schools	1925	1930 2	1930 2 1935		Percent decrease		Percent salaries in larger schools are of those of 1-room schools				
				5 years, ³ 1930-35	10 years, 1925-35	1921 3	1925	1930	1935		
1	2	3	4	3	6	.7	8		10		
1-teacher	\$761 754 948 1, 124	\$788 829 1,017 1,157	\$517 620 809 960	-34. 4 -25. 2 -20. 5 -17. 0	-32.1 -17.8 -14.7 -14.6	100.0 113.3 123.4 130.5	100.0 99.1 124.6 147.7	100. 0 105. 2 129. 1 146. 8	100, 0 119, 9 156, 5 185, 7		
All rural schools	871	996	700	24. 4	-19.6	119. 9	114.5	·117.5	125 4		
2,500 to 5,000 5,000 to 10,000 10,000 to 30,000 20,000 to 100,000 More than 100,000	1, 129 1, 231 1, 754 1, 528 1, 968	1, 162 1, 303 1, 428 1, 609 2, 118	961 1,050 1,231 1,412 1,922	-17. 3 -19. 4 -13. 8 -12. 2 -9. 3	-14.9 -14.7 -9.1 -7.6 -2.3	135, 7 148, 2 161, 2 184, 1 238, 8	148. 4 161. 8 177. 9 200. 8 258. 6	147. 5 165. 4 181. 2 204. 2 263. 8	186. 9 203. 1 238. 1 273. 1 871. 8		
All city schools	1, 648	1,771	1,555	-19. 3	-5. 8	196.9	216.6	224.7	800.8		

Data for city schools include data for elementary teachers only. Taken from the following National Education Association Research Bulletins: For 1925, vol. III, 1925, p. 15; for 1931, Vol. IX, 1931, p. 167; for 1935, vol. XIII, 1935, p. 6.

Data for city schools are for 1939-31, in consequence the percentages given for these centers in column 5 art for 4 years instead of 5.

Data secured from: Salaries and Salary Trends of Teachers of Rural Schools, Office of Education Bulletin 1929, No. 6, p. 36.

Located in open country.

Located in villages and towns.

TABLE 9.--DISTRIBUTION OF TEACHERS AND PRINCIPALS OF RURAL SCHOOLS IN THE UNITED STATES WITH VARYING AMOUNTS OF EDUCATION, 1935

	E	ducation	in yea	rs beyon	d the ele	mentary	grades—	Number	distribu	tion
Type of school	1 year or less	2 years	3'years	4 years	5 years	6 years	7 years	8 years	9 years	Total
1	1	3	4	5	6	7	- 8	,	10	11
			Т	ЕЛСНІ	ers of	WHIT	в всно	ols	<u> </u>	·——-
1-teacher 2-teacher 3-to 6-teacher 1-3-to 6-teacher 1-7-or-more-teacher 1-7-or-more-te	819 156 125 13 91 75 47 1, 235	887 215 268 20 277 232 1,899	926 337 302 53 180 195	11, 551 1, 499 1, 429 343 854 1, 139	21, 800 3, 869 3, 562 627 1, 892 2, 211 33, 961	18, 807 7, 308 10, 533 2, 250 7, 337 9, 816 58, 051	4, 481 2, 175 3, 709 919 4, 389 5, 267	3, 154 1, 754 6, 713 1, 623 8, 920 13, 789 35, 953	515 300 909 235 1, 897 2, 729 6, 594	62, 940 17, 622 27, 550 6, 083 25, 821 35, 425
		·	<u>'</u> Т	EACHE	RS OF	NEGR	о всно	OLS	l	<u> </u>
1-teacher 2-teacher 3- to 6-teacher 1 3- to 6-teacher 2 7-or-more-teacher 1 7-or-more-teacher 3	628 200 72 7 9	382 221 107 23 24 2	467 290 117 23 15 12	754 678 343 54 53 30	1,011 517 518 65 114 68	1, 102 866 765 91 121 121	321 289 283 48 94 71	141 152 336 43 101 134	53 49 85 13 19	4, 859 3, 562 2, 626 367 550 462
Total.	916	759	924	1,921	2, 593	3, 066	1, 106	906	235	12, 426

¹ Schools located in open country.



³ Schools located in villages and towns.

TABLE 9.—DISTRIBUTION OF TEACHERS AND PRINCIPALS OF RURAL SCHOOLS IN THE UNITED STATES WITH VARYING AMOUNTS OF EDUCATION, 1935—Continued

;	'Type of school	1 year or less	2 years	3 years	4 years	5 years	6 years	7 years	8 years	9 years	Total
,	1	or less		4	5			8		10	11
					!	1		Е ВСИС			
	Elementary	13.	29	20	155	183	671	562	1, 187	250	3, 07
	Elementary and high. High school only	5 1	4	9	125 20	70 13	151 29	194 51	1,429 454	1,577 367	3, 56 93
	Total	19 ,	33	29	300	268	851	807	3, 070	2, 194	7, 50
	• •			PF	INCIP.	ALS OF	NEGR	o sch	ools		1
	All types of schools	8	19	28	14	7	4	17	28	6	18
		I	Educatio	on in yea	rs beyon	d the el	ementar	y grades-	-Percent	distribu	tion
	Type of school	1 year or less	2 years	3 years	4 years	5 years	6 years	7 years	8 years	9 years	Total
	.,	12	13	14	15	16	17	18	19	20	21
				т	ЕАСНІ	ers of	WHIT	Е 8СИС	ools		
÷	1-teacher2-teacher	1.3	1.4	1.5	18.4 8.5	34. 6 22. 0	29. 9 41. 5	7. 1 12. 3	5. 0 9. 9	0.8	
	3- to 6-teacher 1 3- to- 6-teacher 2 7-or-more-teacher 1	.4	1.0 .3 1.1	1. 1 . 9 . 7	5. 6 3. 3	12.9 10.3 7.3	38. 2 37. 0 28. 4	13. 5 15. 1 17. 0	24. 4 26. 7 34. 5	3. 3 3. 9 7. 4	
	7-or-more-teacher 2	1	1.1	1.1	3. 2 9. 6	6, 2	31.9	14.9	38. 9 20. 5	3.8	
			<u> </u>	<u> </u> 1	EACH:	ERS OF	NEGF	O SCH	ools	1	
	1-teacher	12.9	7.9	9.6	15, 5	20.8	22.7	6.6	2.9	1.1	Ī
	2-teacher 3- to 6-teacher1	5.6 2.7	6.2	8. 2 4. 4	19. 0 13. 1	22. 9 19. 7	29.1	8. 1 10. 8	4. 3 12. 8	1.4	
*	3- to 6-teacher 2 7-or-more-teacher 2 7-or-more-teacher 2	. 1.6	4.4		14.7 9.6 8.4	17. 7 20. 7 14. 7	24. 8 22. 0 26. 2	17.1	18.4	3.5	
	Total	7.4	-	7.4	15. 4	20.9	24. 7	_	-	-[
			!	P	RINCH	ALS O	F WHI	re sch	ools		<u></u>
	Elementary Elementary and high		. 1	. 3		2.0	4, 2	5.4	40.1	44.3	1
	High school only			.4	4.0	-	-		-	-	
				<u>'</u>	RINCH	ALS O	F NEG	RO SC1	loors	 -	<u> </u>
		,	1	T	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
	All types of schools	6. 1	14.5	21.4	10.7	5. 3	3.0	13.0	21.4	4.6	<u> </u>
	¹ Schools located in	оред сс	ountry.			2 Schoo	ls locate	d in villa	ges and	towns.	
	•	•				. 0					
	•					18					

¹ Schools located in open country.



² Schools located in villages and towns.

TABLE 10.—PERCENT OF WHITE TEACHERS OF 1- AND 2-TEACHER SCHOOLS REPORTED AS HAVING "4 YEARS OR LESS" AND "6 YEARS OR MORE" OF EDUCATION BEYOND THE ELEMENTARY GRADES, 1929-30 AND 1934-35

		1-teache	r schools			2-teache	r schools	
State	119	30 	19	K35	19	30	19	135
	4 years or less	6-years or more			4 years or less	6 years	4 years or less	6 years or more
1	3	3	4	3	6	7.	8	,
Continental United States	44.1	24. 0	22. 5	42. 8	36.0	39. 0	19. 5	65. 5
Alabama Arizona Arkansis California Colorado	40.3	20, 0 98, 8 10, 5 64, 3 29, 0	20, 3 1, 6 48, 4 15, 9 1, 8-	36, 1 98, 4 19, 5 80, 1 75, 8	30. 0 66. 5 40. 7 36. 8	40, 5 96, 8 17, 6 57, 2 41, 4	18.5 .2 44.4 9.9 1.8	41, 3 98, 2 26, 9 85, 0 88, 2
Connecticut Delaware. Florida. Georgia. Idaho.	57 7	35. 3 31. 3 30. 6 5. 9 69. 1	6, 6 13, 6 69, 5 53, 0 1, 0	80. 8 62. 5 20. 7 18. 2 90. 1	26. 1 78. 0 50. 0 73. 3 37. 0	46. 4 16. 0 37. 1 18. 3 40. 4	19. 4 10. 0 51. 7 42. 1	77. 8 70. 0 35. 6 25. 5 95. 3
Illinois. Indiana Iowa Kansas Kentucky	46. 2 35. 9 80. 7 66. 3 54. 8	18, 1 33, 1 9, 5 17, 1 25, 1	12.8 5.7 62.3 52.6 21.6	82, 2 88, 2 16, 9 27, 3 48, 1	43. 6 35. 8 68. 0 50. 5 30. 6	29, 1 41, 6 17, 8 28, 4 49, 2	9. 7 2. 2 43. 8 31. 2 12. 8	53, 8 94, 8 32, 8 46, 4 65, 3
Louisiana Maine Maryland Massachusetts Michigan	31. 0 33. 0 28. 5 33. 1	44. 0 48. 1 62. 7 16. 5	6. 4 11. 7 2. 6 9. 4 5. 5	60. 3 68. 2 94. 8 78. 4 49. 3	23. 8 22. 1 13. 2 32. 9	46. 2 66. 1 75. 7 24. 5	6.4 5.2 8 6.2 1.2	60. 3 84. 7 96. 7 79. 1 72. 9
Minnesota. Missisippi. Missouri. Montana. Nebraska.	51. 5 32. 4 58. 2	9. 8 5. 6 25. 1 39. 1 13. 1	5. 3 69. 7 37. 0 14. 0 33. 2	21. 0 16. 0 32. 2 53. 1 32. 1	21. 5 82. 3 32. 1 39. 5 21. 6	34. 6 12. 0 38. 6 33. 7 39. 7	2. 6 51. 6 20. 8 4. 5 17. 5	63. 8 26. 6 55. 2 79. 2 63. 8
Nevada New Hampshire. New Jersey. New Mozico. New York.	26. 9 23. 8 33. 9 31. 6	61. 4 62. 3 40. 1 25. 7	5.3 15.9 11.0 8.7	95. 0 91. 2 67. 7 49. 7 64. 2	30. 2 20. 4 26. 7 28. 8	62. 9 55. 7 55. 8 36. 5	7. 1 14. 1 7. 1 3. 9	86, 4 90, 0 77, 6 66, 4 74, 7
North Carolina. North Dakota. Ohio. Oklahoma. Oregon.	51. 2 54. 4 37. 3 40. 8 22. 2	24. 2 15. 2 25. 9 31. 3 44. 6	17. 0 19. 8 12. 6 6. 8 10. 0	59. 1 32. 6 66. 7 70. 3 85. 3	46. 5 14. 0 14. 9 32. 2 21. 9	24. 4 57. 0 45. 2 43. 0 53. 9	12.9 4.3 11.3 3.0 11.7	67. 4 76. 6 74. 9 79. 5 86. 0
Pennsylvania. Rhode Island South Carolina South Dakota. Tennessee.	25. 1 31. 4 42. 9 40. 7 47. 4	60. 4 54. 3 28. 6 12. 8. 18. 0	20. 0 6. 7 19. 2 4. 9 14. 0	. 63. 1 90. 0 71. 2 30. 6 31. 6	17. 2 16. 7 20. 8 34. 5 39. 4	68, 2 58, 3 55, 4 38, 1 27, 9	15. 1 14. 5 2. 8 11. 2	67. 4 100. 0 74. 3 68. 4 48. 7
Teras Utah Vermont Virginia Washington	55, 2 19, 4 16, 4 38, 2 5, 2	19. 9 63. 9 35. 1 30. 3 88. 0	24.7 13.8 6.5 2.8	47. 6 73. 2 61. 1 64. 3 93. 3	47. 6 8. 1 15. 5 35. 5 2. 8	27. 2 77. 0 34. 5 34. 0 95. 0	16. 7 42. 3 6. 5	59, 2 94, 0 62, 4 65, 9 65, 5
West Virginia Wisconsin Wyoming	55. 3 29. 1 25. 4	26, 5 9, 5 32, 1	34. 3 13. 8 7. 8	35. 5 16. 2 39. 5	43.3 31.2 2.5	38. 2 29. 2 52. 5	25. 2 12. 3 15. 1	52. 3 37. 3 65. 2





TABLE 11.—PERCENT OF NEGRO TEACHERS OF 1- AND 2-TEACHER SCHOOLS REPORTED AS HAVING "4 YEARS OR LESS" AND "6 YEARS OR MORE" OF EDUCATION BEYOND THE ELEMENTARY GRADES, 1929-30 AND 1934-35

		1-tonche	schools		2-teacher schools				
State	1930		1935		1930		1935		
	4 years or less	6 years or more	4 years or less	6 years or more	4 years or less	6 years or more	4 years or less	6 years or more	
1	2	3	4	5	6,	7	8	٠,	
Continental United States	75. 3	13.0	45. 9	33. 3	66.4	16.1	39. 0	38. 1	
Alabama Arkansas. Delaware. Florida. Georgia.	83. 0 43. 4 81. 5	3. 3 10. 2 45. 3 15. 4 5. 7	60. 4 71. 7 9. 1 48. 4 69. 4	14. 1 24. 7 88. 6 37. 9 12. 7	68. 6 75. 7 53. 6 71. 4 91. 9	6. 6 16. 8 28. 5 16. 7 6. 5	48. 3 51. 9 2. 5 51. 5 73. 4	25. 4 \$8. 8 82. 5 41. 7 15. 5	
Kentucky Louisiana Maryland Mississippl Missouri	78. 9 92. 4	30. 6 15. 5 5. 6 19. 1	15.7 51.6 92.9 59.1	67. 8 24. 0 97. 3 4. 3 36. 4	26. 7 76. 4 86. 7 83. 3	43.3 12.3 8.5 16.7	15. 1 35. 7 0 76. 9	73. 6 30. 5 97. 3 9. 7	
North Carolina	52. 7 24. 4 72. 7	13. 6 29. 9 5. 6 16. 0 18. 7	30, 5 3, 8 68, 8 22, 0 20, 9	29. 1 66. 4 21. 5 34. 6 55. 9	63. 6 46. 9 92. 3 56. 6 57. 0	15. 9 46. 8 2. 6 22. 0 25. 4	21. 3 5. 1 42. 5 25. 4 10. 8	41. 8 67. 3 31. 4 40. 0 65. 1	
Virginia		11.0 23.::	14. 4 20. 7	51. 7 56. 9	54.3 34.6	16. 6 38. 5	19. 6 14. 6	46. 6 61. 0	

TABLE 12.—PERCENT OF TEACHERS OF 3-OR-MORE TEACHER SCHOOLS FOR WHITES, REPORTED AS HAVING "4 YEARS OR LESS" AND "6 YEARS OR MORE" OF EDUCATION BEYOND THE ELEMENTARY GRADES IN 1929-30 AND 1934-35

·	3 tea	cou		open	3 teachers or more in towns and villages				
State	1930		1935		1930		1935		
		6 years or more	4 years or less	6 years or more	4 years or less	6 years or more		6 years or more	
1	2	3	4	5	•	7	8	,	
Continental United States	91.9	63.4	6. 6	83. 2	16:5	71.3	4.9	88. 3	
Alabama Arizona	14.4	63. 6 100. 0	9. 5	67. 1 99. 4	9. 6	71. 5 96. 5	5.1	82. 3 97. 9	
Arkansas California	41. 7 12. 1	38. 7 86. 2	17. 6 6. 5	60. C	18.9 13.5	66. 4 78. 4	2.4	85. 5 92. 4	
Colorado	33. 5	54. 2	2.7	92, 2	29. 3	64.3	.2	96. 5	
Connecticut	11.4 51.0	68.3 39.3	7. 1	76.8	40.4	55.3	2.2 2.2	91. 9 93. 3	
Florida	52.8	32.5	31.7	51.7	25. 5	60.6	15.6	75. 2	
GeorgiaIdaho	27. 4 32. 2	59. 2 44. 8	21. 7	49. 9 98. 4	39. 1 20. 6	41. 5 70. 0	9.5	56. 1 99. 2	



TABLE 12.—PERCENT OF TEACHERS OF 3-OR-MORE TEACHER SCHOOLS FOR WHITES, REPORTED AS HAVING "4 YEARS OR LESS" AND "6 YEARS OR MORE" OF EDUCATION BEYOND THE ELEMENTARY GRADES IN 1929-30 AND 1934-35—Continued

•	3 teachers or mor∻ in open country				3 teachers or more in towns and villages				
State	1930		1935		1930		1935		
	4 years or less	6 years or more		0 years or more		6 years or more	4 years or less	6 years or more	
. 1	2	3	4	š	6	7	8	•	
Illinois	28. 7 30. 5 25. 2	63. 1 56. 4 62. 0 54. 5 72. 2	6. 2 1. 3 9. 6 11. 2 3. 9	73. 1 97. 2 84. 4 76. 2 85. 7	24, 5 23, 2 10, 2 28, 0 21, 0	52, 2 69, 4 84, 4 58, 9 67, 7	6. 4 3. 0 5. 3 9. 0 12, 9	81. 9 94. 6 86. 0 82. 2 77. 7	
Louisiana Maine Maryland Massachusetts.	12.4	61.8 77.9	3, 1 .2, 1 .2 5, 8	87. 5 84. 9 98. 9 90. 6	4. 4 13. 2	85, 0 80, 9	1. 5 4. 3	93, 5 90, 6	
Michigan	18, 8	58, 9		92. 4	9.6	73, 2	6, 6	87. 3 96. 5	
Minnesota. Mississippi. Missouri. Montana Nebraska.	28. 5 23. 0 44. 7	74. 9 69. 1 69. 4 47. 4 59. 8	-15, 5 2, 8 3, 3 2, 7	80. 7 72. 1 95. 3 91. 5 82. 2	20. 7 2. 8 19. 5 11. 5 26. 5	64. 8 93. 5 76. 1 83. 9 62. 1	22. 7 1. 3 18. 1 2. 7	73. 9 97. 0 99. 6 80. 5 89. 9	
Nevada N. v Hampshire New Jersey New Mexico New York	14. 2 2. 5	37. 1 48. 1 68. 9 68. 0	7. 7 10. 0 1. 3 5, 2	100. 0 86. 1 81. 6 87. 1 89. 7	27. 0 34. 3 19. 2 17. 6	69. 3 51. 9 61. 1 74. 7	6, 9 7, 5	100. 0 90. 4 85. 8 35. 9 94. 2	
North Carolina. North Dakota. Ohio. Oklahoma. Oregon.	10.8 13.8 23.0	64. 2 79. 1 67. 8 59. 2 80. 9	7. 9 8. 3 5. 7 1. 0 15. 8	82. 4 87. 1 89. 0 93. 4 78. 9	2. 9 11. 5 12. 9 21. 2 15. 1	79, 5 85, 8 - 69, 1 62, 5 72, 2	.6 6.3 4.4 2.3	96. 5 83. 4 90. 7 100. 0 95. 2	
Pennsylvania	8, 3 5, 5 7, 0	72. 5 83. 4 79. 2 72. 7 47, 1	10.7 5.5 .2 4.3	76. 9 100. 0 84. 2 93. 1 74. 0	11. 0 11. 5 8. 6 17. 6	81. 3 75. 0 98. 2 68. 2 60. 2	7. 3 14. 0 2. 7 1. 1 4. 4	83. 6 80. 7 88. 5 93. 6 81. 1	
Texas Utah Ver ont. Virginia. Washington	2.9 4.0 34.1	35, 5 96, 7 40, 0 54, 6 96, 1	7. 1 10. 2 1. 9	60, 2 99, 0 69, 4 75, 5 95, 3	26. 3 1. 3 12. 9 17. 4 2, 1	53, 4 91, 4 58, 3 56, 6 96, 5	1.8 6.6 11.8 4.4	84. 9 91. 7 72. 9 82. 5 97. 4	
West Virginia Wisconsin. Wyoming.	15.9	65, 0 67, 5 86, 7	9. 9 5. 4 3. 2	77. 0 78. 3 89. 7	30. 6 10. 5	57. 9 79. 7 91. 0	8, 3 3, 7	82. 7 86. 9 97. 9	

TABLE 13.—PERCENT OF TEACHERS OF 3-OR-MORE TEACHER SCHOOLS FOR NEGROES, REPORTED AS HAVING "4 YEARS OR LESS" AND "6 YEARS OR MORE" OF EDUCATION BEYOND THE ELEMENTARY GRADES IN 1929-30 AND 1934-35

	3 teachers or more in open country				3 teachers or more in towns and villages			
State	1930		1935		1930		1935	
	4 years or less	6 years or more	4 years or less	6 years or more	4 years or less	6 years or more	4 years or less	6 years or more
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	,
Continental United States	55. 1	27-7	23. 3	. 56.8	47. 1	34. 6	19.3	64.7
Alabama Arkansas	67. 1	31. 1 22. 4 100. 0	29.3 47.8	52.0 47.9	28. 6 52. 4 33. 3	40. 7 35. 7 66. 7	28. 9 75. 0	65. 4 10. 0 100. 0
Delaware Florida Georgia	78. 9 57. 7	11. 1 23. 1	35. 8 32. 6	62.3 47.0	31. 2 74. 0	64. 5 ,22. 0	26. 9 37. 6	69. 0 37. 7
Kentucky	76. 5	100.0 17.6	14. 9 30. 0	76. 1 45. 6	25, 0 60, 0	50.0 24.3	31. 9	100.0 44.
Maryland	80. 6	14.8	48. 9	100. 0 36. 5	70. 6 31. 3	14. 7 62. 4	45.0	35.0
North Carolina	41. 8 47. 5	39. 6 52. 5	12. 2	61. 5 75. 7	39, 1 22, 5	47. 1 55. 0	10.7	69, 2
South Carolina	67. 7 34. 9	25. 8 40. 5 25. 0	42, 5 20, 4 18, 7	25, 4 40, 3 65, 4	69. 2 36. 5 34. 5	29. 5 25. 5 31. 0	17. 9 7. 2	70. 8 61. 8 76. 8
Virginia	60, 6	19.3	19. 8 18, 2	61.4 70.4		16. 9 26. 6	2. 3 26. 3	86.3 63.

