#### DOCUMENT RESUMB

ED 139 969 CE 010 990

TITLE Family Living. Performance Objectives. Criterion

Measures. Home Economics.

INSTITUTION Duval County School Board, Jacksonville, Fla.

PUB CATE [75]

NOTE 165p.: Page 49 may reproduce poorly

EDRS PRICE MF-\$0.83 HC-\$8.69 Plus Postage.

DESCRIPTORS \*Behavioral Objectives; Career Exploration;

\*Criterion Referenced Tests: \*Family Life: \*Family

Life Education; Family Management; Family

Relationship; Family Role; Family Structure; Home

Economics Education; Job Skills; Marriage;

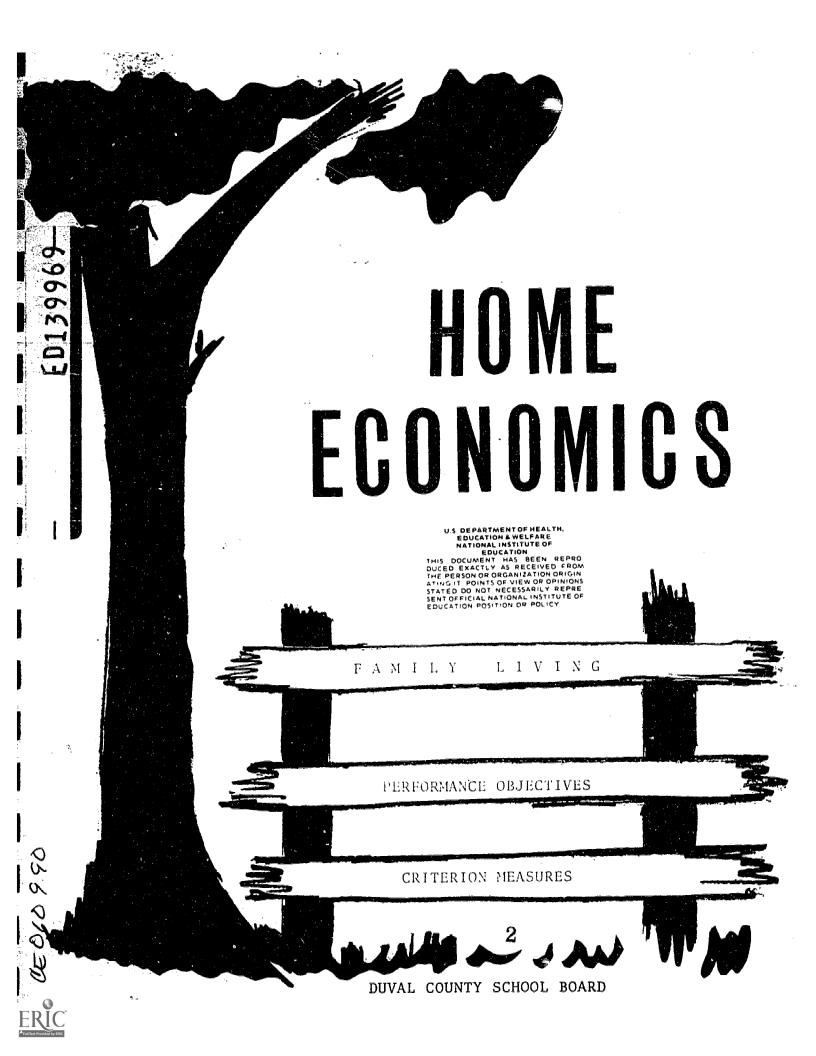
Occupational Home Economics; Personality Development;

Senior High Schools

#### ABSTRACT

Several intermediate performance objectives and corresponding criterion measures are listed for each of eight terminal objectives for a family living course for 10th, 11th, and 12th grade students. The materials were developed for a semester or 1-year course designed to prepare students (1) to exhibit knowledge cf the past, present, and future patterns and purpose of the family; (2) to exhibit knowledge of personality development and demonstrate skills in aprlying this knowledge to his/her own personality development; (3) demonstrate knowledge of the wide variety of careers available to the students, and to develop skills necessary in obtaining and keeping a job; (4) exhibit knowledge of the factors involved in dating, mate selection, and marriage; (5) identify the factors involved in creating a satisfactory marital relationship; (6) recognize and exhibit skills needed to cope with family crises; (7) demonstrate knowledge and skills in money management; and (8) exhibit knowledge of the responsibilities of parenthood. Objectives 3 and 7 would be omitted for the 1-semester course. (This manual and 54 others were developed for various secondary level vocational courses using the System Approach for Education (SAFE) guidelines.) (HD)





Accreditator No. 2618

Grade Level 10-11-12

Course Length - Semester or one-year

# $\underline{G} \ \underline{O} \ \underline{A} \ \underline{L}$

To design, develop, implement and validate a student centered curriculum for Duval County Senior High School students in Family Living. This course may be a semester or a full year course. The semester course omits Objectives 3 and 7. These units are covered in Consumer Education - Home Economics.

# CURRICULUM OBJECTIVE

Upon completion of the course, at least 76% of the students will be able to:

- exhibit knowledge of the past, present and future patterns and purpose of the family;
- 2) exhibit knowledge of personality development and demonstrate skills in applying this knowledge to his/her own personality development;
- demonstrate knowledge of the wide variety of careers available to the students, and to develop skills necessary in obtaining and keeping a job;
- 4) exhibit knowledge of the factors involved in dating, mate selection and marriage;
- 5) identify the factors involved in creating a satisfactory marital relationship;
- 6) recognize and exhibit skills needed to cope with family crises;
- 7) demonstrate knowledge and skills in money management;
- exhibit knowledge of the responsibilities of parenthood.



Co	OURSE FAMILY	LIVING	
TERMINAL PERFORMAN	CE	ACCREDITATION	STANDARD:
OBJECTIVE NO. 1	.0		

After completing a series of planned learnings, 76% of the students will exhibit knowledge of the past, present and future patterns and purposes of the family by correctly completing 70% of the test items.

NO. PERFORMANCE OBJECTIVES NO. CRITERION MEASURES  1.0 See attached	
ANSWERS:	
1. T 11. F	
2. F 12. F 3. F 13. T	
4. F 14. T 5. T 15. T 6. T 16. F	
7. T 17. T 8. T 18. T	•
9. T 19. T 10. F 20. T	



# 1.0 Criterion Measure

DIRECTION	NS: Mark the statements with "T" for TRUE or "F" for FALSE.
1.	The modern companionship family places the personal happiness of man and wife above all else.
2.	Work roles of men and women are usually the same in all cultures.
3.	The teenager stage is the most important one from the standpoint of the influence of parent on the child.
4.	Modern society prepares the majority of males adequately for their role in society as homemakers.
5.	The predominant male/female role expectations in American society see the male as the bread winner, and the female as the child rearer.
6.	Research has shown that love is a necessary ingredient for survival of the human infant.
7.	The family teaches the basic patterns of language.
8.	When the women's role changes in a society, the man's role also must change since men and women have to work together as a team.
9.	Families differ in organization but always involve the kinship group focused on child rearing in a common residence.
10.	The school is the most influential agency of socialization for the child.
11.	The most important family member in teaching the child to love is the father.
	Unlawful plural marriage in our culture is known as monogamy.
13.	The family is society's basic social unit.
14.	While most societies permit polygamy, most people practice monogamy.

# 1.0 Criterion Measure (continued)

15.	The community defines, though not absolutely, the roles of the family members.
16.	Good reliable evidence exists to aid in telling the story of the origin of the family.
17.	Hebrew families were patriarchal and polygamous.
18.	Christianity opposed abortion and promoted premarital chasity.
19.	In colonial America, everyone was expected to get married.
20.	The Black family in America suffered the destruction of their culture shortly after they arrived.

COURSE	FAMILY LIVING
TERMINAL PERFORMANCE	ACCREDITATION STANDARD:
OBJECTIVE NO. 1.0 (cont'd.)	

NO.	INTERMEDIATE PERFORMANCE OBJECTIVES	NO.	CRITERION MEASURES	
1.1	The student will exhibit knowledge of the past and present patterns of families by correctly answering 7 out of 10 questions in the criterion measure.	1.1	See attached	
			ANSWERS:	
			1. d 2. c 3. a 4. b 5. g	
e f			6. e 7. l 8. f 9. k 10. ±	
			. ;	gen i
		8		



# 1.1 Criterion Measure

or more women.

<u>DIRECTIONS</u>: Select the letter of the term in COLUMN B and place in the blank by the correct definition in COLUMN A.

COLUMN	<u>A</u>	<u>co</u>	LUMN B	
1.	The part each individual plays in the family.	a.	Polygan	ny
2	The family make-up.	ъ.	Monogan	ıy
	•	с.	Family	Structure
3.	Marriage of one man to several women.	d.	Family	Roles
4.	Marriage of one man and one woman.	е.	Patriar	chal
5.	The smallest family unit.	f.	Matriar	chal
6.	Family authority in the hands	g.	Nuclear	Family
	of a male.		Polyand	ry
7.	A group of persons united by marriage, blood or adoption.	i.	Marriag	е
0		j.	Hous <b>e</b> ho	1d
8.	Family authority in the hands of a female.	k.	Joint F	amily
9.	An extended family forming a common economic unit.	1.	Family	
	A socially sanctioned union			

COURSE _	FAMILY LIVING
TERMINAL PERFORMANCE	ACCREDITATION STANDARD:
OBJECTIVE NO. 1.0	(cont'd <sub>n</sub> )

.cn	INTERMEDIATE PERFORMANCE OBJECTIVES	NO.	CRITERION MEASURES
1.2	The student will exhib- it knowledge of the purposes of the family by correctly answering 7 out of 10 items in the criterion measure.	1.2	See attached
			ANSWERS:
			1. I 2. H 3. A
			4. B 5. C 6. J
			7. D 8. E 9. F
			10. G
			. 3
			10



#### 1.2 Criterion Measure

<u>DIRECTIONS</u>: Listed below are 10 purposes of families. Match the letter <u>only</u> of the definition of each purpose.

1.	Caring for dependents.
2.	Socializing the child.
3.	Building the foundations of love.
4.	Giving social support.
5.	Giving identity.
6.	Supervising basic learnings.
7.	Teaching gender.
8.	Teaching respect for authority.
9.	Acquiring and transmitting property.
10.	Division of labor.

- A. The child identifies with and becomes attached to his mother.
- B. Teaching children etiquette.
- C. Identification throughout life with our family.
- D. Teaching male and female roles.
- E. Child learns to respect and obey his parents and live by group approved patterns.
- F. Property is passed on by inheritance in the family.
- G. Men, women and children each have their tasks in the home.
- H. Shaping the behavior patterns of the growing child.
- I. Caring for grandparents.
- J. Translating lip movements and sounds into language.



COURSE FAMILY I	LIVING
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TERMINAL	PERF	DRMANCE	
OBJECTIVE	NO.	1.0	(cont'd.)

ACCREDITATION	STANDARD:	

ĺ	<del>:</del>	INTERMEDIATE		
-	NO.	PERFORMANCE OBJECTIVES	NO.	CRITERION MEASURES
	1.3	The student will exhib- it knowledge of the family life cycle and developmental tasks by correctly answering 70% of the criterion test items.		See attached
				ANSWERS:
				1. f 2. b 3. h 4. d 5. a 6. e
				7. c 8. g
	** <u>*</u>			•
				;
				12
			.	

#### 1.3 Criterion Measure

<u>DIRECTIONS</u>: Place the letter <u>only</u> of the phrase in PART B in the blank by the corresponding term in PART A.

# PART A 1. Establishment Phase 2. Childbearing Family 3. Families with Pre-school Children 4. Families with School Children 5. Families with Teenagers 6. Families as Launching Centers 7. Middle Aged Parents 8. Aging Family Members

#### PART B

- a. providing facilities for widely different needs.
- b. meeting the costs of family living at the childbearing stage.
- c. assuring security for the later years.
- d. providing for children's activities and parent's privacy.
- e. reallocating responsibilities among grown and growing children.
- f. establishing systems of intellectual and emotional communication.
- g. facing bereavement and widowhood.
- h. meeting predictable and unexpected costs of family life with small children.

COURSE	FAMILY	LIVING	-
TERMINAL PERFORMANCE		ACCREDITATION	STANDARD:
BJECTIVE NO. 1.0	(cont'd.)		

NO.	INTERMEDIATE PERFORMANCE OBJECTIVES	NO.	CRITERION MEASURES	
1.4	The student will exhib- it knowledge of the changes in the present and future that affect family life by correct- ly answering 7 out of 10 items in the cri- terion measure.	} #f	See attached	
			ANSWERS:  1. f 2. b 3. h 4. d 5. a 6. e 7. c 8. g	,
	μν·		<u>i</u> 4	

DIRECTIONS:	Mark th	e statements	with	"T"	for	TRUE	or	"F"	for

1.4

1.

Criterion Measure

2. The current high unemployment rate and inflation are major contributors to family instability.

is the availability of expanding knowledge.

One change in society which has influenced family life

- \_\_\_\_\_ 3. Fathers are playing an important part in child rearing practices.
- 4. Communes were set up as experimental family structures.
- 5. The family today accords husband and wife relatively equal status in making family decisions.
- 6. In a recent survey, permissive parents are the greatest threat to the American family today.
- 7. The family today has become a cash requiring family unit.
- 8. Some newly accepted life styles becoming socially acceptable in the United States are communal living, live-ins and the extended family.
- 9. Society today accepts divorce as a socially acceptable institution.
- \_\_\_\_\_10. One cause of juvenile deliquency is the lack of a male image in the home.

COURSE	FAMILI BIVING	•
TERMINAL PERFORMANCE	ACCREDITATION STANDARD:	
ORIECTIVE NO. 2.0		

After completing a series of planned learnings, 76% of the students will exhibit knowledge of personality development and demonstrate skills in applying this knowledge to his/her own personality development and interpersonal relationships by correctly answering 70% of the test items in the criterion measure.

NO.	INTERMEDIATE PERFORMANCE OBJECTIVES	NO.	CRITERION MEASURES
		2.0	See attached
			ANSWERS:  PART I: 1. T 6. T 11. F  2. F 7. F 12. T  3. T 8. F 13. T  4. T 9. T 14. F  5. T 10. T 15. T
			PART II: 1. K 5. A 9. L 2. I 6. G 10. D 3. J 7. H 4. B 8. C
			PART III:  1. Sue's values -     a. social status     b. money     c. material possessions  2. Mike's values -     a. money in bank     b. no frills
			PART III:  a. Define the problem b. Determine possible courses of     action c. Analyze possible consequences of     each solution d. Select the best solution e. Carry out the decision

# 2.0 Criterion Measure

PART I -	<u>DIRECTIONS</u> : Mark the statements with "T" for TRUE or "F" for FALSE.
1.	The transmission of physical or mental characteristics from parents to off-spring is called heredity.
2.	Freud believed that a major determinant of personality is a person's body type.
3.	The theory of defense mechanisms in response to one's heredity and environment was developed by Freud.
4.	The environmentalists believe that the child's experiences de ermine his heredity.
5.	To strengthen your self-concept, you need to evaluate the opinions of other people, and reject them if they are not consistent with your self-image.
6.	The major factor in determining whether one has a positive or a negative concept is the mirror image reflected by others to you.
7.	Physical traits are of no importance to the personality.
8.	It has now been proven that heredity has little to do with learning capacity.
9.	If two people of different races marry and have children certain physical traits from both will be dominant and others recessive.
10.	Genes are found in pairs. When the pairs are unlike, one gene dominates the other.
11.	Most social scientists in the field of personality devel opment agree with each other.
12.	Understanding your present personality needs will help you in choosing a marital partner.
13.	Using the decision-making process, the best approach is to determine the possible course of action to solve the problem.



- 2.0 Criterion Measure (continued)
- \_\_\_\_14. The authority on personality, who refers to our personalities as extrovert and introvert, is Freud.
- \_\_\_\_15. It is possible to understand a person's feelings by his non-verbal behavior.
- PART II DIRECTIONS: Using the letter only, match the terms to the correct definitions.

#### **DEFINITIONS**

- \_\_\_\_ 1. -achieving all one is capable of achieving
- \_\_\_\_ 2. -what a person thinks he or she is
- 3. -behavior patterns that must be achieved at a certain time or age
- \_\_\_\_ 4. -what you hope to accomplish
- \_\_\_\_ 5. -what you think is important in your life
- \_\_\_\_ 6. -the part one plays in society
- 7. -characteristic shows up in offspring
- 8. -making choices between alternatives
- 9. -the ability to face your assets and liabilities and handle them intel-ligently
- \_\_\_\_10. -use of evasive mental techniques to solve problems

#### TERMS

- a. values
- b. goals
- c. decision making
- d. defense mechanisms
- e. personality
- f. integrity
- g. role
- h. dominant gene
- i. self-concept
- j. developmental task
- k. self actualization
- 1. maturity

2.0 Criterion Measure (continued)

PART III - DIRECTIONS: After carefully reading the problem below, list the 5 steps in the decision-making process and show the thinking in each step that led to the decision.

Sue and Mike have decided to get married and Mike is planning on buying Sue an engagement ring. Knowing Sue's tastes, Mike realizes that certain values and goals must be reached before selecting the ring.

Sue is from a traditional family and wants a large diamond that will show her new social status. Mike wants to purchase a nice ring, yet at the same time leave money in the bank. Mike's parents have suggested he go to their jeweler and purchase the ring - while at the same time, Sue's grandmother has offered them her diamond ring.

Using the decision-making process, what will be the best solution for the young couple?

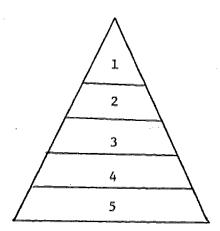
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	TERMINAL PERFORMANCE		ACCREDITATION	STANDARD:
٠,	OBJECTIVE NO. 2.0	(cont'd.)	<del></del>	

NO.	INTERMEDIATE PERFORMANCE OBJECTIVES	NO.	CRITERION MEASURES
2.1	The student will recog- nize the basic needs of all human beings by	2.1	See attached
	correctly answering 70% of the test items in the criterion measure.		··
		28	ANSWERS:
			PART I: 1. a 2. e 3. b 4. a 5. c
	·		PART II: 1. a 7. b 2. e 8. b 3. a 9. d 4. e 10. b
			5. a 11. a 6. e 12. e
			,
	•		
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#### 2.1 Cirterion Measure

PART I - DIRECTIONS: Arrange the following list of Maslow's basic needs in the correct hierarchal order on the pyramid below.



- a. safety needs
- b. love needs
- c. pysiological needs
- d. self actualization
- e. esteem needs

 $\frac{\text{PART II}}{\text{classify the following specific needs listed in PART I,}}$ 

- -to be free from fear
- 2. -to achieve
  - \_\_\_ 3. -to be free from guilt
- \_\_\_ 4. -to gain recognition
- \_\_\_ 5. -to have economic security
- \_\_\_\_ 6. -a measure of conformity
- \_\_\_ 7. -to be loved
- \_\_\_ 8. -to belong
- \_\_\_\_ 9. -to be what one can be
- \_\_\_10. -to love someone
- \_\_\_11. -to have enough to eat
- \_\_\_12. -to share new experiences

COURSE	FAMILY LIVING

TERMINAL I	PERFO	RMANCE	
OBJECTIVE	NO.	2.0	(cont'd.)

# ACCREDITATION STANDARD:

NO.	INTERMEDIATE PERFORMANCE OBJECTIVES	NO.	CRITERION MEASURES	
2.2	The student will exhib- it knowledge of the developmental tasks of teenagers by correctly answering 6 of 9 test items in the criterion measure.	2.2	See attached	
	•			
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•			ANSWERS:	
			1. g 2. e 3. h 4. i 5. j 6. b 7. c 8. i 9. d	
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#### FAMILY LIVING

#### 2.2 Criterion Measure

DIRECTIONS: Below is a list of developmental tasks of teenagers. Using the letter only, match the definition with the task.

- a. Choosing an occupation in line with interest and abilities.
- b. Acquiring knowledge of mate selection, marriage and child rearing.
- c. Becoming involved in causes and projects outside oneself.
- d. Working through the meaning of religious experiences.
- e. Understanding what pubertal changes mean.
- f. Developing mature affection for parents as persons.
- g. Making and keeping friends of both sexes.
- h. Learning what it means to be a boy or girl in one's culture.
- i. Learning the etiquette of social situations.

	1.	Achieve mature relations with same-age mates
	2.	Accept your changing body
	3.	Achieve feminine or masculine social roles
	4.	Achieve assurance of economic independence
	5.	Achieve emotional independence of parents
	6.	Prepare for marriage and family life
<del></del> -	7.	Develop civic competency
	8.	Achieve socially accepted behavior
· · · · · ·	9.	Acquire a set of values and an ethical system to live by



COURSE	FAMILY	LIVING

TERMINAL	PERF	DRMANCE		
OBJECTIVE	NO.	2.0	(cont	'd.)

# ACCREDITATION STANDARD:

	NO.	INTERMEDIATE PERFORMANCE OBJECTIVES	NO.	CRITERION MEASURES
	2.3	The student will exhibit knowledge and skills in recognizing the importance of heredity and environment on personality development by correctly answering 7 out of 10 test items in the criterion measure.	2.3	See attached
				ANSWERS:
				1. H 2. E
				3. Н 4. Е
				5. H 6. E 7. E
				8. H 9. E
				10. н
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#### 2.3 Criterion Measure

DIRECTIONS: Below are some personality traits of individuals. Place an  $\underline{H}$  in the blank to the left of the number of those  $\underline{most}$  influenced by heredity, and an  $\underline{E}$  in the blank to the left of the number  $\underline{most}$  influenced by environment.

	1.	potential muscular co-ordination
	2.	bad temper
	3.	brown eyes
	4.	friendly
	5.	ability to learn
	6.	masculine or feminine behavior
	7.	interests
	8.	body build
<del></del>	9.	values
1	0.	length of life

COURSE	FAMILY	LIVING	
TERMINAL PERFORMANCE		ACCREDITATION	STANDARD:
OBJECTIVE NO. 2.0	(cont'd.)		

NO.	INTERMEDIATE PERFORMANCE OBJECTIVES	NO.	CRITERION MEASURES	
2.4	The student will demonstrate knowledge and skills in recognizing one's own personality traits by correctly answering 70% of the test items in the criterion measure.	2.4	See attached	
** ** j	en e combingue e		ANSWERS:  PART 1: 1. T 6. T  2. F 7. T  3. T 8. T  4. T 9. T  5 T 10. T	
	Marie de la companya		PART II: 1. a 4. c 2. d 5. e 3. f	
			PART III: 1. h 6. g 2. f 7. e 3. c 8. a 4. b 9. i 5. d	
			ned Stylenders graps	
		26	5	



# 2.4 Criterion Measure

PART I -	DIRECTIONS: Mark the statements "T" for TRUE or "F" for FALSE.
1.	Habits and interests affect your personality.
2.	Everyone listens to their conscience.
3.	Personalit is the sum total of all that you are, and the way you influence and are influenced by others.
4.	An example of a problem-solving mechanism is repression
5.	Families are made up of unique personalities.
6.	Toenagers use day-dreaming as a defense mechanism.
7.	Understanding your personality now will help you in your future marriage.
8.	Carl Jung was the Swiss psychiatrist who used the terms introvert and extrovert.
9.	The ego is involved in every social situation.
10.	All of us use defense mechanisms at times, but if they



# 2.4 Criterion Measure (continued)

FART I	<u> DIRECTIONS</u> :	to the terms.
1.	flight	a. running from a problem we fear
2.	empathy	b. outcome is a cross and abusive nature
3.	projection	c. a transfer of affection
4.	displacement	d. you can identify with him/her in a particular situation
5.	rationalization	e. giving to ourselves and other
		satisfactory good reasons for failure f. "passing the buck"
		g. transfer of energy into socially acceptable channels of endeavor

PART III - DIRECTIONS: Below is a list of social scientists associated with theories of personality development. Using the letter only, match the scientist with his theory.

THEORIES	SCIENTISTS
1. No/Lose problem-solving method	a. Skinner
2. introvert, extrovert, ambivert	b. Freud
3. endomorph, ectomorph, mesomorph	c. Sheldon
4. id, ego, super-ego	d. Rogers
5. self-concept	e. Berne
6. "I'm okay - you're okay"	f. Jung
7. games, strokes, life scripts	g. T. Harris
8. behavior modification	h. T. Gordon
9. self actualization	i. Maslow



COURSE	FAMILY	LIVING	 _

TERMINAL PERFORMANCE
OBJECTIVE NO. 2.0 (cont'd.)

ACCREDITATION STANDARD:

NO.	INTERMEDIATE PERFORMANCE OBJECTIVES	NO.	CRITERION MEASURES
	The student will demonstrate knowledge of interpersonal relationship skills by correctly answering 70% of the test questions in the criterion measure.		See attached
			ANSWERS:
			PART I: 1. c 2. e 3. a 4. b 5. d
	,		PART II: 1. e 2. d 3. b 4. a 5. c
			PART III: 1. T 2. T 3. T 4. F 5. T
			. ;
 -		29	

# 2.5 Criterion Measure

PART I -	DIRECTIONS:	Using the letter the definition.	only, match the term to
1.	asking if you understood the expressed by a	feeling	<ul><li>a. paraphrase</li><li>b. behavior description</li></ul>
2.	expressing fee through bodily and actions		c. perception check
3.	testing how we understand and person's comme trying to put into your own	ther nt by his ideas	e. non-verbal behavior
4.		ific observabl <b>e</b> a or value judgm <b>e</b> r	ctions of others without ts
5.	reporting to a reactions to h	nother individual is behavior	your observations of and
PART II	- DIRECTIONS:	Using the letter the definition.	only, match the term to
1.	acknowledging of another per		a. life script b. child data
2.	"taught" conce in the brain f to 5 years old	rom birth	c. ego
3.	"feeling" cond in the brain f to 5 years old	rom birth	<ul><li>d. parent data</li><li>e. stimulus/response</li></ul>
4.	a plan for you while you are carried out counconsciously	r life made young and	
5.	the thinking,	decision-making s	elf



2.5 'Criterion Measure (continued)

PART	III ·	- DIRECTIONS: Mark the statements "T" for TRUE or "F" for FALSE.
	1.	One of the critical factors in communication is listening accurately to verval and non-verbal communication.
	2.	Sending an "I" message is more effective than a "you" message in influencing someone to modify his/ her behavior that is unacceptable to you.
	3.	Anger is almost always expressed as a "you message" that communicates judgment and blame.
	4.	A person who cannot tolerate a lot of things about themselves usually find it easy to tolerate a lot in others.
	5.	Problem solving of parent/child conflicts is usually successful if the child is convinced that his behavior is having a tangible and concrete effect on the parent.



COURSE	FAMILY	LIVING	
TERMINAL PERFORMANCE OBJECTIVE NO. 2.0	(cont'd.)	ACCREDITATION	STANDARD:

NO.	INTERMEDIATE PERFORMANCE OBJECTIVES	NO.	CRITERION MEASURES
2.6	The student will demonstrate knowledge and skills in understanding values and goals by correctly answering 7 out of 10 test items in the criterion measure.		See attached
			ANSWERS:  1. T  2. F  3. T  4. F  5. T  6. T  7. T  8. T  9. T  10. T
			· •
		32	·



# 2.6 Criterion Measure

DIRECTIONS	E: Mark the statements with "T" for TRUE or "F" for FALSE.
1.	Values can be recognized by how we spend our time
	and money.
2.	Values cannot be changed.
3.	Understanding our values can help us to make wise
	choices regarding career, marriage and life goals.
4.	Most Americans have the same high values.
5.	Values are what we believe to be important in life.
6.	Our value systems are developed mostly through
	relationships with or in our families.
7.	Decisions are based upon values.
8.	Values vary within different cultures.
9.	Goals are our objectives.
10.	Children and young adults should be provided with
	experiences that broaden their knowledge and acquaint
	them with new ideas.



COURSE	FAMILY	LIVING
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TERMINAL	PERF	ORMANCE	
OBJECTIVE	NO.	2.0_	(cont'd.)

ACCREDITATION	STANDARD:

NO.	INTERMEDIATE PERFORMANCE OBJECTIVES	NO.	CRITERION MEASURES
	The student will demonstrate knowledge and skills in identifying factors involved in making decisions by correctly answering 70% of the test items in the criterion measure.		See attached
			ANSWERS: (best one)  1. b 2. b 3. b 4. b 5. b 6. c 7. c
			,
		34	



#### 2.7 Criterion Measure

DIRECTIONS: Below are decision making problems. Select the letter of the statement that best solves the problem or expresses your reaction.

- 1. The wife of a famous sports figure is on a talk show. She tells how wonderful their life is together. YOU THINK:
  - a. What a wonderful life they have.
  - b. Travel, personal appearances, separations and the fans must make their life pretty difficult.
  - c. She's helping to promote her husband.
- 2. Your husband is being transferred to another office in another state. The company is providing you with a house; you've got to furnish it. YOU DECIDE:
  - a. To travel with everything you own and make it work there despite the different climate and environment.
  - b. To draw out each room on graph paper then measure appropriate furniture to make sure it will fit. Sell pieces that won't work.
  - c. To ship all your favorite things you couldn't live without and decide to arrange everything when you get there.
- 3. Your family doctor insists you need a vacation right away. The timing couldn't be worse. YOUR REACTION:
  - a. Maybe weekends away will do just as well.
  - b. Your doctor knows you best. You'd better go.
  - c. You know yourself better than anybody. It's not the moment to go, but you will work on the idea and go later.
  - \_\_\_\_4. Your son asks you to take care of his children for half a day because of a last minute emergency, when you already have made other plans.
    YOU:
    - a. Tell your son that he will have to make other arrangements.
    - b. Juggle your other plans and tell him okay.
    - c. Say you'll take care of the children on that day but not at that time.



- 2.7 Criterion Measure (continued)
- 5. You see a friend in the street but it's just not the day you want to speak to her.
  YOU:
  - a. Cross the street or slip into the nearest store out of sight.
  - b. Pass her by with a smile and a brief "talk to you tomorrow."
  - c. Make the effort to stop and talk.
- 6. For years, you've accepted the gifts of clothes from your husband without telling him your true feelings. His latest present is really something you'll never wear happily.

  YOU DECIDE:
  - a. To return it and change it without telling him.
  - b. Tell him frankly and ask him to make the exchange.
  - c. Tell him frankly and ask him if he minds if you go and choose something else.
- 7. You want to rearrange the furniture in the house but you know other members of the family dislike changes.
  - a. Go ahead anyway and surprise them.
  - b. Tell them about your plans ahead of time.
  - c. Tell them about your plans and incorporate their suggestions.





#### FAMILY LIVING

### 2.7 Criterion Measure (continued)

### IF YOUR SCORE IS OVER 40 ----

You're making good quick decisions if you scored 40 or more. You used the important elements of logic to think out your answers in the given situations, just as you do in real life circumstances. You are aware of the ploys that sway other people into emotional decisions. You have a tendency to feel your way intuitively through the trickiest situation, reining your feelings while you skillfully use your mind to explore all the alternatives. When you look back, you most often find you did make the right choice.

#### ---- 30 TO 40 ----

You're doing farily well in your quick decisions if you scored between 30 and 40. Sometimes you need to think ahead a little quicker. Keep probing, exercise your mind to find the alternatives in the situation. The more you practice this technique the better your judgment will get. In any given situation, it's not entirely satisfactory if you come off winning at the expense of others. You will feel a sense of loss so that when you go over the confrontation in your head later, you may wish you'd made another decision at the time.

#### ---- UNDER 30 ----

Your quick decisions could be better if you scored less than 30. Your inner intuitive voice longs to be free. You are quick to make decisions, too quick for your own good sometimes. You can develop a better judgment if you stifle your emotional reaction more often and operate from your cerebral talents. Ask these questions more often: Will I stand the test of time? Will I tire of it quickly? Will more thought now save me money and aggrevation later? Who is the real expert in this field? Is this a well-thought-out, independent decision? How much do I care about this person? This technique will put you in a position to make better quick decisions.



COURSE	FAMILY LIVING
TERMINAL PERFORMANCE	ACCREDITATION STANDARD:
OBJECTIVE NO. 3.0	

After exploring a unit on jobs, 76% of the students will demonstrate knowledge of the wide variety of careers available to the students and develop skills necessary in obtaining and keeping a job as evidenced by responding correctly to 70% of the test items.

NO.	INTERMEDIATE PERFORMANCE OBJECTIVES	NO.	CRITERION MEASURES
		3.0	See attached
			ANSWERS:  TRUE-FALSE  1. T 5. T 9. T 2. T 6. F 10. F 3. T 7. F 11. T 4. F 8. T 12. T
			ABBREVIATIONS  1. C 5. A  2. D 6. H  3. G 7. E  4. F 8. B
			ANSWER BRIEFLY  1. Employer - Employee     1. personal contact     2. good working conditions     3. be honest and objective
			Employee - Employee  1. respect others opinions  2. don't take out problems on others  3. respect personal property
		38	



COURSE	FAMILY LIVING	

TERMINAL	PERF	ORMANCE	
OBJECTIVE	NO.	3.0	(cont'd.)

ACCREDITATION	STANDARD:

NO.	INTERMEDIATE PERFORMANCE OBJECTIVES	ио.	CRITERION MEASURES
		3.0	(continued)  2. Phone:     1. talk to person named in ad     2. find out what the job requires     3. answer all questions asked  Mail:     1. include job experiences     2. activities that might be         useful in the job     3. request personal interview  Person:     1. be prompt     2. use proper grammer     3. be ready to answer all         questions  3. be there on time     be as efficient as possible     be absent only when absolutely         necessary     give at least 2 weeks notice         when leaving the job  4. job analysis outline     resumé     application     interview  5. sign your name and date     attach W-4 form
		39	



### 3.0 Criterion Measure - PART I

DIRECTIONS: Put a T in front of all true statements and an  $\underline{F}$  in front of all false statements. In considering an application for a job, you should con-\_\_\_ 1. sider the physical conditions in which you will be required to work. 2. People work to keep themselves occupied. \_\_\_\_ 3. Resumés give the employer an overall picture of you. When you enter the employer's office it is all right to 4. smoke if you are nervous. 5. appearance. Applications should have blank spaces on them to let 6. the employer know he does not know everything, Ads should always be answered either by a letter or in \_ 7. person. When answering an ad, never tell the interviewer about 8. your personal problems. An employer has the responsibility of providing a good 9. working atmosphere for his workers. The employee has no responsibilities to his employer. 10. Job frauds are becoming more common in today's market 11. because of the high rate of unemployment. Some type of training or preparation is required for 12.

40



every job.

# 3.0 Criterion Measure - PART II

<u>DIRECTIONS</u>: The following abbreviations are often used in writing "help wanted" ads. Match the abbreviation with the correct word.

 1.	expd.	Α.	advancement
 2.	mos.		excellent
 3.	trne.		experienced
 4.	oppty.	D.	months
 5.	advnc.	Ε.	knowledge
 6.	no exp. nec.	F.	opportunity
 7.	knl.	G.	trainee
 8.	exc.	н.	no experience necessary
			furnished
		J.	salary

### PART III

DIRECTIONS: Answer the following questions with brief answers.

1. Relationships in the world of work are very important. Give three rules for better relationships between each of the following:

Employer - Employee	Employee - Employee
2.	2.
3.	3.

2. Name three important things to remember when answering a want ad by phone, by mail, in person.

Phone: 1.	<u>Mail</u> :	Person:
2.	2.	2.
, 3 <b>.</b>	3.	3.

- 3. What responsibilities does an employee have to his job?
- 4. List the steps involved in preparing for the job interview?
- 5. List two important things to remember when filling out an income tax return.
  - 1. 2.



COURSE	FAMILY	LIVING	nen
TERMINAL PERFORMANCE		ACCREDITATION STAND	ARD:
OBJECTIVE NO. 3.0	(cont'd.)		

NO.	INTERMEDIATE PERFORMANCE OBJECTIVES	NO.	CRITERION MEASURES
3.1	The student will collect and analyze information on job opportunities by correctly answering 7 out of 10 questions in the criterion measure.	3.1	See attached
			ANSWERS:
			1. T 6. F 2. T 7. T 3. F 8. T 4. T 9. T 5. T 10. F
<u></u>			
	·		***
			; !
		42	



# 3.1 Criterion Measure

DIRECTIONS	: Mark the following statements with "T" for TRUE or "F" for FALSE.
1.	It is important to collect as much information as possible in your particular area of interest.
2.	The study of job occupation is important in determining ahead of time if individual needs and wants will be met.
3.	The majority of people employed as professional workers have not completed 12 years of school.
4.	Summer and part time jobs are helpful in preparing you for a full time job.
5.	An individual needs to have an alternate plan in choosing careers.
6.	Hobbies and interests are not important to job selection.
7.	It is important to identify what qualifications are necessary for a particular job before presenting an application.
8.	Employment agencies are one source of information as to what jobs are available in your particular area.
9.	In looking for information in a particular job area, it is important to discover job conditions and benefits and how they will effect your job performance.
10.	It is not important to check on advancement possi- bilities in earnings when deciding on a job.

COURSE	FAMILY LIVING
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TERMINAL PERFORMANCE
OBJECTIVE NO. \_\_\_\_3.0 (cont'd.)

	NO.	INTERMEDIATE PERFORMANCE OBJECTIVES	NO.	CRITERION MEASURES	
	3.2	The student will evaluate and develop a plan to prepare for, obtain and succeed at a job or career of his choice by correctly answering 7 out of 10 questions in the criterion measure.	3.2	See attached test	
				ANSWERS:	
		İ		ANSWERS.	
				1. T 6. T 2. T 7. T 3. F 8. T 4. T 9. T 5. T 10. F	
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4

#### FAMILY LIVING

### 3.2 Criterion Measure

done.

Mark the following statements with "T" for TRUE or DIRECTIONS: "F" for FALSE. 1. Filling out an application for a job is probably the most important thing you will do in securing employment. An application helps the employer decide if the 2. applicant is worthy of consideration. On a job interview it is not important for you to З. know the employers company or products. \_ 4. Applicants can be rejected on grounds of parent friction. The main purpose of a resumé is to give the employer a brief outline of your qualifications. A pleasing personality is important to job advance-\_ 6. ments and success. 7. It is an important trait to be able to accept constructive criticism on the job. When answering a want ad by letter, be sure to talk \_ 8. to the person named in the ad. When answering a want ad by phone, be sure to talk 9. to the person named in the ad. Employers are not concerned with the relationships 10. of employees as long as the work is successfully

COURSE	FAMILY	LIVING	

TERMINAL I	PERF	DRMANCE	_	
OBJECTIVE	NO.	3.0	(cont'd	.)

ACCREDITATION	STANDARD:				

-) n					
	NO.	INTERMEDIATE PERFORMANCE OBJECTIVES	NO.	CRITERION MEASURES	
	3.3	The student will iden- tify taxation principles and recognize regular paycheck deductions by correctly answering 7 out of the following 10 questions in the cri- terion measure.	3.3	See attached test	
		Here is a second se			
			·	ANSWERS:	
r TE				1. E 6. C 2. H. 7. A 3. B 8. I 4. G 9. D 5. F 10. J	
e - yese	rgy rosso.		·		· • ' ' ' ' ' ' ' सम्बद्ध

### 3.3 Criterion Measure

<u>DIRECTIONS</u>: Match the following questions with its correct answer.

1.	F.I.C.A.
2.	U.S. Withholding Tax
3.	W-2 Form
4.	State Withholding Tax
5.	Gross Income
6.	Net Income
7.	Local Tax
8.	I.R.S.
9.	W-4 E
10.	Department of Treasurery

- A. How much you own.
- B. Shows how much has been withheld.
- C. Your disposable income.
- D. Keeps employers from withholding taxes.
- E. Deals with Social Security.
- F. Total earnings.
- G. How much you buy.
- H. Federal Income Tax depends on income and number of dependents.
- I. Collects taxes.
- J. Responsible for developing, distributing and collecting Federal revenues.

COURSE	FAMILY	LIVING	

TERMINAL	PERF	ORMANCE	_	
OBJECTIVE	NO.	3.0	(cont	d.)

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		COURSE I	FAMILY	LIVING	
	TERMINA OBJECTI	L PERFORMANCE VE NO. 3.0 (cont'd.)		ACCREDITATION STANDARD:	, <u>-</u>
S. S					
		INTERMEDIATE PERFORMANCE OBJECTIVES	NO.	CRITERION MEASURES	
	3.4	The student will cor- rectly complete steps involved in filling out	3.4	.See attached	
		an income tax return by successfully answer- ing 18 out of 26 ques- tions in the criterion	1		
,		measure.			
				(answer sheet attached)	
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a la	Grand
Cros d Forein , de connection 68	107. Yours 1- State Att & Student
Filing Status (check only one)	Exemptions Regular / 65 or over / Blind Later -
1 [W Simple	Ga Yourself . [] [] tater member of hears
2 Married filing joint return (even if only one had income) 3 Married filing separately. It seems is also fining rive segments.	b Spoure
3 Married filling separately. If spouse is also fining give spouse's social security number in designated space above and enter full many	c First names of your dependent children who lived with you
here 1-	
4 Unmarried Head of Household (See instructions on page 5)	tate
5 Widow(er) with dependent child (Year space died (> 19 )	d Number of other dependents (from line 26)
6 Presidential Election   No you wish to designate \$1 of your tages	s for this fund? . Yes   No finte: If you street time "Yo
Campaign Fund If just return, does your spause wish to	o disagnate \$1? . Yes . No you have remote your reach.
g 9 Wages, salaries, tips, and other employee compensat	(Attach forms Viol. If girrent ions ion page 3.) 9 / 45/65   c s
10a Dividends (if over \$100, fore form) \$	s Exclusion \$ Balance to 10c
11 Interest income (if over \$400, use form 1040)	
6 If you want IRS to figure your tax, ship the rest of this pa	ege and see instructions on page 3.
Off line 12 is under \$10,000, find tax in Tables 1-12 and	
11 Interest income (if over \$400, use form 1040).  12 Total (add lines 9, 10c, and 11) (Adjusted Gross Inc.  3 If you want IRS to figure your tex, skip the rest of this part of this 12 is under \$10,000, find tex in Tables 1–12 and 13 If line 12 is \$10,000 or more, enter 15% of line 12 but not more your tex.  3 If line 12 is \$10,000 or more, enter 15% of line 12 but not more your tex.  4 Subtract line 13 from line 12	re than \$2,000 (\$1,000 if time 3 checked) .   13   1.4
설명 15 Multiply total number of exemptions claimed on line 7	167 \$750
16 Taxable income (subtract line 15 from line 14)	to the Co amount on line 16 grand The Rate (al.), Y or Z, and exter un line 17, on that.) 16
	THE CONTROL OF THE PROPERTY OF
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Form 1040A (1974)	Prior 2
17 Tax, check if from: Tax Tables 1-12 OR Tex	trate Schodule X, Y, or Z
17 Tax, check if from: Tax Tables 1-12 OR Tex  18 Credit for contributions to conditions for public office (see ins	Structions on page 6)
17 Tax, check if from: Tax Tables 1-12 OR Tex.  18 Credit for contributions to condidates for mublic office (see ins.  19 Income tax (subtract line 13 from line 17). If less time zero,	tructions on page 6)
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17 Tax, check if from: Tax Tables 1-12   OR   Tex  18 Credit for contributions to condidates for public office (see ins  19 Income tax (subtract line 13 from line 17). If less than 70.0,  20a Total Federal income tax withhold (attach Forms W-2 to from  b Excess FICA tax withhold (two or more employers—see instructions on  c 1974 estimated tax payments (include amount alloyed as credit from 1973  21 Total (add lines 20a, b, and c)  22 If line 19 is larger than line 21, onter BALANCE DUE IDS  23 If line 21 is larger than line 19, enter amount OVERPAID  24 Amount of line 23 to be REFUNDED TO YOU  25 Amount of line 23 to be credited on 1975 estimated tax. In 25  26 Total number of dependents listed in column (a). For Under penalties of perpay, 1 declare that I have examined this return, including accomponent and complete. Declaration of preparer tother than tapayer; is based on all interpretation of preparer tother than tapayer; is based on all interpretations of preparer tother than tapayer; is based on all interpretations of preparer tother than tapayer; is based on all interpretations of preparer tother than tapayer; is based on all interpretations.	tructions on page 4)  cutter zero  (i)
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Spouse's signature (If filing jointly, BOTH must sign even if only one had Income)

Address (and 211' Code)

P U.S. GOVERNMENT FAMILIES OFFICE : 1914--O-540-202 E.1. NO. 73-0667115

Preparer's Emp. Ident, or Sac. Sec. ho.

#### 3.4 Criterion Measure

DIRECTIONS: Using the information below, correctly fill in the income tax form.

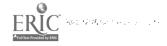
Joseph Jay worked for 13 weeks before April 30. His weekly wages were \$42, from which his employer withheld 40¢ for income tax and \$2.46 for social security tax. For that entire period, his wages totaled \$546, of which \$5.20 was withheld for income tax and \$31.98 for social security tax.

Joe continued working at the Super Service Station through the summer. On April 30, he had filed Form W-4E, certifying that he had no tax liability for 1973 and expected to have none for 1974, so his employer did not withhhold income tax from Joe's pay after April 30. From May until he returned to school, Joe earned \$900 from which his employer withheld \$52.65 for social security tax.

When Joe returned to school he received two copies of Form W-2 from his employer. The Federal Income Tax Information section shows the \$5.20 of income tax withheld from Joe's wages before April 30, and Joe's total earnings of \$1,446 (\$546 + \$900) from wages that normally would be subject to withholding.

The Social Security Information section shows \$84.63 of social security (FICA) tax withheld (\$31.98 before April 30 plus \$52.65 after). No entry appears in the total FICA wages box because Joe's wages for social security and for income tax withhholding purposes were the same (\$1,446.).

Since Joe must file an income tax return to claim a refund for the income tax withheld from his wages before April 30, he must attach Copy B of the W-2 Form to his return. If he forgets to attach the W-2 Form, the Internal Revenue Service will have to write to him to ask for it. This will hold up the processing of his return and delay his refund.



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Ę,	12 Total (add lines 9, 10c, and 11) (Adjusted Gross Inco	ume)			12		_
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COURSE	FAMILY LIVING
TERMINAL PERFORMANCE	ACCREDITATION STANDARD:
OBJECTIVE NO. 4.0	

After completing a series of planned learnings, 76% of the students will exhibit knowledge of the factors involved in dating, mate selection and marriage; and demonstrate skills in applying this knowledge by correctly answering 70% of the test items in the cri-Serion measure.

	NO.	INTERMEDIATE PERFORMANCE OBJECTIVES	NO.	CRITERION MEASURES
	angio angi, ktiliminana	·	4.0	See attached
	. **	·		
				ANSWERS:  PART A: 1. D 4. A  2. B 5. E  3. C
	·			
		· ·		PART B: 1. 0 6. 0 2. 0 7. + 3. 0 8. 0 4. 0 9. 0
				4. 0 9. 0 5. 0 10. 0
				PART C: 1. a, j 2. a, g
				3. i 4. e 5. h
*	·			6. a 7. b 8. c 9. f, d
				9. f, d
			<i>17</i> .	52

### 4.0 Criterion Measure

### PART A - CASE STUDY #1

### CHUCK AND PAM... "SHOULD I LET HER PAY HALF?"

It was their fifth date. Chuck had bought expensive tickets to a downtown movie, and had just laid out a five dollar bill for a sausage-mushroom pizza and sodas. When they got to their table, Pam asked thoughtfully, "What do you think about a guy paying for everything on a date?" Pam admitted that she wasn't exactly sure how she felt. But she'd been talking about it with some girls at lunch, and she was beginning to wonder if it was really fair. "Like if you always pay, then you have more say in where we go and what we do. Besides, I know you're saving for college, and it's not as if I don't have any money of my own."

Chuck was a little taken back. Most girls expected a guy to pay. But on second thought, he realized they could afford to see a lot more first run movies if Pam paid her share. Yet part of Chuck didn't like the idea of going Dutch. He wanted to "date" Pam.

"But why can't I be an equal participant on dates?" Pam countered. They discussed all the angles, and came up with a new system. Dates would be special things like a concert or a dance. Chuck would pay for everything. Other times they'd be "doing things together," like bowling or getting a hamburger, and they'd both chip in, or take turns treating. They felt like they'd come up with the perfect, rational solution.

Chuck's parents raised their eyebrows over the plan. His father grumbled, "I don't care what women's liberation says, in our society the man pays." His mother agreed. "If you're that short of money, we can help you out," she offered.

Chuck felt himself wavering. Even if Pam felt it was okay to buy her own movie ticket, it wouldn't look right to most of the other people on line. Pam was being just a bit too way out, he decided.



### FAMILY TVING

### 4.0 Criterion Measure (continued)

Pam's parents didn't think much of the idea either. "If this boy wants to date you, he should be happy to pay," pronounced her father. "It's a sign that he's responsible, and that he values you." And her mother cautioned, "I think you're making a mistake, honey. You'll be taking away Chuck's role as provider. That's not good for his masculine image. It's a good way to drive a boy away."

DIRECTIONS: After reading the alternatives below, select which group had the most influence on their possible final decision.

- A. Peer Group
- B. Parents
- C. Chuck's Opinion
- D. Pam's Opinion
- E. Society

Pam will pay her half on a date. 1.

Chuck pays all expenses on a date.

3.

All our friends split the cost. 4.

Accept the rigid dating etiquette. 5.



4.0 Criterion Measure (continued)

### PART B - CASE STUDY #2

Bill and Mary have been dating for three months since their meeting on the FJC campus. They are very much in love and plan to be married next month. Bill is 19 years old and comes from a large Italian family. His father is a carpenter and his mother stays home to take care of the family. Bill dropped out of school at age 16 and left home because of family squabbles. He has had many jobs and is presently employed as a welder at the shipyards, and at night attends Florida Junior College to improve his welding skills. His hobby is motorcycle racing and he spends most of his leisure time at races or working on his cycle. Bill has had several previous girlfriends but was never engaged. has agreed to get married because he feels "-- after all, if it doesn't work out we can always get a divorce." Bill is Catholic by birth but does not attend church.

Mary is 18 years old and is the only child of two school teachers. Her Italian parents were divorced when she was eight years old. Mary is presently attending Florida Junior College; is in her sophmore year; plans to transfer to the University of North Florida to become a music teacher. She has taken piano lessons since she was five, and sings in her church choir at the Baptist Church. She likes to attend classical music concerts and the ballet. Mary has suffered emotionally due to her parents divorce and has always planned to marry only once, for life. Bill is her first boyfriend as she would not date while in high school.

<u>DIRECTIONS</u>: Below are 10 factors that research has shown to be useful in predicting the success or failure of a marriage. Place an  $\underline{0}$  beside the factors in the case study that predict failure, and  $\underline{a}$  + beside the factors that predict success if Bill and Mary do marry.

	1	*	5	i	m	i	1	a	ŗ	i	t	У	C	£	а	2	e

- 2. similarity of attitudes and interest
- \_\_\_\_ 3. similarity of occupational background



4.0	Criterion Measure (cont	inued)
	4. similarity of	educational lev <b>e</b> l
	5. similarity of	level of living
	6. emotional clim	ate of childhood home
	7. similarity of	nationality and race
	8. similarity of	religious faith
	9. wholesome sex	attitudes
	10. the will to su	cceed
PART	people in the correction of the start leave at the end of  a. ushers b. bridesmaids c. maid of honor d. bride	the letter only, list the following of order as they would enter the of a wedding, and as they would a wedding.  f. bride's father g. bride's mother h. best man i. minister j. groom's mother
	e. groom	j. groom's mother
	PROCESSIONAL	RECESSIONAL
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	2 7	2.
	3 8	3
	4 9	4.
	5	5



COURSE	FAMILY LIVING

TERMINAL	PERF	DRMANCE		
<b>CBJECTIVE</b>	NO.	4.0	(cont'd.)	)

NO.	INTERMEDIATE PERFORMANCE OBJECTIVES	NO.	CRITERION MEASURES
4.1	The student will recognize some of the patterns, purposes and problems of dating in our culture by correctly asnwering 70% of the test questions in the criterion measure.		See attached
			ANSWERS:  PART A: 1. e 2. a 3. d 4. a 5. d
			PART B: 1. E 2. F 3. C 4. A 5. B 6. D 7. G 8. H
			9. J 10. H
•			
		57	

#### 4.1 Criterion Measure

PART A - DIRECTIONS: Select the letter of the correct response and place in the blank to the left of the number. 1. In our culture, dating serves the purpose of a. meeting needs for approval b. preparing the young person for the "give and take" of marriage c. helping develop standard's regarding what is desirable in a mate d. all of the above. 2. Dating is a progressive process which starts with a. "palling" around in groups b. going steady c. pair dating d. double dating e. none of the above. 3. The parents' objections to young person's dating usually center around the following reasons: a. they feel they are too young b. they don't trust their judgment c. they don't approve of their friends d. all of the above e. none of the above. Disadvantages of going steady are a. the emotional problems of breaking-up b. knowing that you have a date for special occasions c. provides an opportunity to really know another person d. all of the above e. none of the above. A code of conduct for dating is the responsibility of a. the parents b. the peer group c. the church

d. the individuals involved

e, all of the above.

### 4.1 Criterion Measure (continued)

PART B - DIRECTIONS: When young people dine out, they quite frequently find the following culinary terms listed on restaurant menus. Using the letter only, match the culinary term with its definition.

### DEFINITIONS CULINARY TERM foods ordered and paid 1. A. au jus for separately B. au gratin \_\_ 2. ice cream served on top of pie or cake C. table d'hote 3. a complete meal served D. torte for a fixed price E. a la carte \_\_ 4. served with natural juice F. a la mode \_\_ 5. foods covered with sauce, G. vin sprinkled with cheese or bread crumbs H. entree \_\_\_ 6. a small, rich cake I. hors d'oeuvres \_\_\_ 7. French, meaning "wine" J. au \_\_\_ 8. small portions of food served as a first course \_\_\_\_ 9. French, meaning "with" \_\_\_\_10. main course of a meal



COURSE	FAMILY LIVING
TERMINAL PERFORMANCE ORIECTIVE NO. 4.0 (cont	ACCREDITATION STANDARD:
OBJECTIVE NO. 4.0 (cont	4.7

NO.	INTERMEDIATE PERFORMANCE OBJECTIVES	NO.	CRITERION MEASURES
4.2	The student will exhibit knowledge of male/female roles in our culture as they affect dating and mate choice by correctly answering 70% of the test questions in the criterion measure.	4.2	See attached
			ANSWERS:
			1. T 2. T 3. F 4. T 5. T 6. F 7. T
			8. T 9. F 10. T
			÷
		60	



# 4.2 Criterion Measure

DIRECTIONS	S: Mark the statements with "T" for TRUE or "F" for FALSE.
1.	Direct efforts of women to assume the initiative in
	dating activities are still subject to considerable
	criticism.
2.	No division of society is so universal among mankind
	as that separating male from female.
3.	Men are more oriented toward persons, women toward
	possessions.
4.	There are still distinct male and female subcultures.
5.	Males and females differ in physical strength.
6.	Men are far better coordinated in speech.
7.	To be masculine in our culture involves physical
	courage and sexual aggressiveness.
8.	All cultures have developed conceptions of what a male
	and a female must be like to fit into social life.
9.	Sexual assertiveness is, in our culture, considered
	acceptable feminine behavior.
10.	Acceptance of one's roles as biologically and cultur-
	ally defined is evidence of wholesome development.



COURSE	FAMILY LIVING

TERMINAL	PERF	DRMANCE	
<b>OBJECTIVE</b>	NO.	4.0	(cont'd.)

NO.	INTERMEDIATE PERFORMANCE OBJECTIVES	NO.	CRITERION MEASURES
4.3	The student will recog- nize the development and complexity of love, and establish criteria to use in evaluating his/her relationships by correctly answering ll out of 15 test items in the criterion meas- ure.		See attached
			****
			ANSWERS:
			PART A: 1. L 6. L 2. I 7. L 3. I 8. L 4. I 9. L 5. I 10. L
¢			PART B: A. 3 B. 4 C. 1 D. 2 E. 5
			· •
			62

4	. 3	Cri	terion	Mass	21120

PART A - DIRECTIONS:	Place an <u>I</u> besi with infatuatio terms associate	n and an <u>L</u> be	eside the
1. outgoing 2. frustration 3. guilt 4. instantane 5. insecurity	eous reactions	6. motive 7. share 8. focus person 9. laste	ing s on other on
<u>PART B</u> - <u>DÍRECTIONS</u> :	Arrange the foltone the correct deve		
	A. puppy love B. infatuation C. self-love D. likes person E. mature love	of same sex	



COURSE	FAMILY LIVING

TERMINAL	PERF	DRMANCE	
OBJECTIVE	NO.	4.0	(cont'd.)

NO.	INTERMEDIATE PERFORMANCE OBJECTIVES	NO.	CRITERION MEASURES
4.4	The student will recognize the purpose of the engagement period and its effects on marital life by correctly answering 70% of the test items in the criterion measure.	4.4	See attached
			ANSWERS:
			PART I: 1. T 9. T 2. T 10. F 3. T 11. F 4. T 12. T 5. F 13. T 6. F 14. T 7. F 15. T 8. T
			PART II: 1. f 2. a 3. e 4. c 5. d
	·		. ;
	· •		64



# 4.4 Cirterion Measure

PART I -	<u>DIRECTIONS</u> : Mark the statements with "T" for TRUE or "F" for FALSE.
1.	Statistics show that many couples, who apply for a marriage license, do not return to obtain it.
2.	Pre-marital counseling should involve more than a routine physical examination.
3.	Young people today need more preparation for marriage than the average home provides.
4.	A determination to succeed is an important factor in marital success.
5.	Marriage is likely to correct basic weaknesses of the personality.
6.	Elopement eliminates a waiting period.
7.	Engagements are put in the newspaper on Sunday and Monday only.
8.	Being engaged means you have chosen the one you wish to spend the rest of your life with.
9.	The engagement ring is placed on the fourth finger because that finger contains a vein that runs directly to the heart.
10.	The female selects her own ring and then shows it to her perspective mate.
11.	A relative of the bride should be the first to give her a shower.
12.	Getting engaged with no clear idea as to when the wedding will take place defeats the purpose of the engagement.
13.	A discussion on future goals and values should take place before marriage.
14.	The broken engagement serves as a warning sign that the marriage would not have worked.
15.	A long engagement eliminates "spur of the moment" mar- riages.



4.4 Criterion Measure (continued)

PART II - DIRECTIONS: Select the <u>letter only</u> of the definition and place in the blank of the corresponding term.

TERM	DE	FINITION
1. elop		after marriage each partner becomes
2. co <b>n</b> j	ugal love	more concerned with the other partner's needs
3. homo	gamy b.	a period of time after which a couple agrees to marry each other
4. pre-	marital	. •
4. pre- coun	seling c.	includes the physical and emotion- al aspects of marriage
5. annu	lment	•
-		declaring a valid marriage never took place

e. likes marry likes

f. running off to get married

COURSE	FAMILY LIVING

TERMINAL PERFORMANCE
OBJECTIVE NO. 4.0 (cont'd.)

NO.	INTERMEDIATE PERFORMANCE OBJECTIVES	NO.	CRITERION MEASURES						
4.5	The student will recognize the steps involved in planning a wedding by correctly answering 70% of the test items in the criterion measure.	4.5	See attached						
			ANSWERS:  PART I: 1. T 6. F 2. T 7. T 3. T 8. T 4. T 9. T 5. T 10. T						
			PART II: 1. G 6. B 2. B 7. B 3. G 8. B 4. G 9. B 5. G 10. G						
			· ;						
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PART	<u>I</u> -	- DIRECTIONS: Mark the statements with "T" for TRUE or "F" for FALSE.
	1.	The government has an interest in our marriage.
	2.	Many variables, such as personality of each, can affect the future of a marriage.
	з.	Marriage can be referred to as a union of personalities.
	4.	In any marriage there will be problems.
<del></del>	5.	A successful marriage is a growth process for both people involved.
g. a*	6.	The majority of marriages today are not meeting the needs of the partners.
	7.	One function of the marriage ceremony is to impress upon the couple, relatives and friends the changing status of the pair, both legally and psychologically.
<del></del>	8.	An invitation to a church wedding always requests "the honour of your presence."
	9.	A Bridal Consultant's service is free.
1	.0.	Rice symbolizes fertility for the new couple and appeases evil spirits.
PART	II	- DIRECTIONS: By using the letter $\underline{B}$ (for bride) or the letter $\underline{G}$ (for groom), identify who is responsible for payment of the following.
	1.	engagement ring 6. pictures
	2.	invitations 7. boutonnieres
	3.	honeymoon 8. flowers for the church/wedding
	4.	bride's bouquet 9. fees for organist/soloist
<del></del>	5.	marriage license10. clergy fee



	COURSE	FAMILY LIVING	
TERMINAL PE	RFORMANCE	ACCREDITATION STANDARD:	
OBJECTIVE N	<b>10.</b> 5.0		

After completing a series of planned learnings, 76% of the students will exhibit knowledge of the factors involved in creating a satifactory marriage relationship by correctly answering 70% of the test questions in the criterion measure.

NO. INTERMEDIATE PERFORMANCE OBJECTIVES NO. CRITERION MEASURES  5.0 See attached  ANSWERS:  1. F 14. F 2. T 15. F 3. T 16. T 4. T 17. T 5. T 18. F 6. F 19. T 7. F 20. F 8. T 21. F 9. T 22. T 10. F 23. F 11. T 24. T 12. F 25. F 13. T 12. F 25. F 13. T					
ANSWERS:  1. F 14. F 2. T 15. F 3. T 16. T 4. T 17. T 5. T 18. F 6. F 19. T 7. F 20. F 8. T 21. F 9. T 22. T 10. F 23. F 11. T 24. T 12. F 25. F 13. T		NO.	INTERMEDIATE PERFORMANCE OBJECTIVES	NO.	CRITERION MEASURES
ANSWERS:  1. F 14. F 2. T 15. F 3. T 16. T 4. T 17. T 5. T 18. F 6. F 19. T 7. F 20. F 8. T 21. F 9. T 22. T 10. F 23. F 11. T 24. T 12. F 25. F 13. T				5.0	See attached
1. F 14. F 2. T 15. F 3. T 16. T 4. T 17. T 5. T 18. F 6. F 19. T 7. F 20. F 8. T 21. F 9. T 22. T 10. F 23. F 11. T 24. T 12. F 25. F 13. T			•	""	
1. F 14. F 2. T 15. F 3. T 16. T 4. T 17. T 5. T 18. F 6. F 19. T 7. F 20. F 8. T 21. F 9. T 22. T 10. F 23. F 11. T 24. T 12. F 25. F 13. T				1	
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1. F 14. F 2. T 15. F 3. T 16. T 4. T 17. T 5. T 18. F 6. F 19. T 7. F 20. F 8. T 21. F 9. T 22. T 10. F 23. F 11. T 24. T 12. F 25. F 13. T	16 17 5	3 - 4 - 1 - 1 - 1 - 1 - 1 - 1 - 1 - 1 - 1		1	ANSWERS:
2. T 15. F 3. T 16. T 4. T 17. T 5. T 18. F 6. F 19. T 7. F 20. F 8. T 21. F 9. T 22. T 10. F 23. F 11. T 24. T 12. F 25. F 13. T	7				1. F 14. F
4. T 17. T 5. T 18. F 6. F 19. T 7. F 20. F 8. T 21. F 9. T 22. T 10. F 23. F 11. T 24. T 12. F 25. F 13. T					2. T 15. F
5. T 18. F 6. F 19. T 7. F 20. F 8. T 21. F 9. T 22. T 10. F 23. F 11. T 24. T 12. F 25. F 13. T	e is a	.ee.		,	3. T 16. T
6. F 19. T 7. F 20. F 8. T 21. F 9. T 22. T 10. F 23. F 11. T 24. T 12. F 25. F 13. T					
8. T 21. F 9. T 22. T 10. F 23. F 11. T 24. T 12. F 25. F 13. T	ing.				6. F 19. T
9. T 22. T 10. F 23. F 11. T 24. T 12. F 25. F 13. T	54	٠			
10. F 23. F 11. T 24. T 12. F 25. F 13. T	Ŷ.				
11. T 24. T 12. F 25. F 13. T		1			
12. F 25. F 13. T	(64) (10)				
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# 5.0 Criterion Measure

DIRECTION	S: Mark the statements with "T" for TRUE or "F" for FALSE.
1.	A sympathetic personal friend is ordinarily an excellent counselor when marital conflicts arise.
2.	The solution of marital conflict often lies more in learning to live with the problem.
3.	Communication as an aid in the solution of marital conflict is being stressed increasingly by authorities in the field.
4.	Some degree of frustration undoubtedly characterizes all marriages.
. 5.	One source of marital conflict is a shifting in sex roles which makes partners unsure of what to expect of each other and of what is expected of them.
6.	If the first years of marriage are harmonious the later years are sure to be also.
7.	If marital adjustments are well accomplished in the first year or two of marriage, any future marital difficulties will have been prevented.
8.	Patterns of behavior and interaction developed early in marriage are frequently persistent and hard to modify.
9.	Many of the early marital adjustments of husband and wife are definitely different because of the fact one is a male and the other female.
10.	If a husband or wife still feels the need for personal privacy after marriage, this is evidence of marital dissatisfaction.
11.	One danger to marital happiness is that the spouses so over-romanticize marriage that the only possible out-come is disillusionment.
12.	In case of arguments in early marriage the first step toward settlement is to find who is right.
13.	Several studies agree the wife probably has more major



5.0	Cri	terion Measure (continued)
<del></del>	_14.	The competitive spirit of society when carried into mar- riage adds zest and makes the couple work harder for marital success.
	_15.	A lack of companionship in the later years of marriage means that the couple was mismated in the beginning.
	_16.	More and more, husbands seem willing to help with house-hold duties and child-care responsibilities.
<u>,;,</u>	_17.	Ordinarily the husband-father more than the wife-mother gives the family its status in the community.
<del></del>	_18.	The responsibilities, permissible activities, and limits of masculine-feminine roles are being more and more firmly fixed.
	19.	For most young men and women, marriage is the first time they have had to try seriously to understand the ways of the other sex.
<del></del>	20.	Role expectations and practices are determined more by personal preference and desire than they are by cultural influences, e.g., socio-economic class.
	21.	The women in a family are less likely than the men to be regarded as causing in-law problems.
	.22.	The wife/mother-in-law relationship is less likely to be the focus of trouble than the husband/mother-in-law relationship.
· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	23.	Employment of women outside the home has been found to be an important cause of divorce and juvenile delinquency.
	24.	Women who marry and leave their jobs often miss them very much.
<del> </del>	25.	Any infant whose mother works is handicapped in his ad-



COURSE	FAMILY LIVING	

TERMINAL 1	PERF	DRMANCE	
OBJECTIVE		5.0	(cont'd.)

e Par er S	ia er			/
	NO.	INTERMEDIATE PERFORMANCE OBJECTIVES	NO.	CRITERION MEASURES
	5.1	The student will recognize the areas of adjustment which occur in marriage by identifying 11 out of 15 test items in the criterion measure.		See attached
	,			ANSWERS:
				PART A: 1. C 6. C
	·			2. L 7. E 3. E 8. E 4. C 9. C 5. L 10. L
	**			PART B: a. 4 b. 2 c. 1 d. 5 e. 3
				1 × 1
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### FAMILY LIVING

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PART A - DIRECTIONS: Put an "E" before those adjustments most likely to occur in the early years of marriage; an "L" beside those adjustments most likely to occur in later years of marriage; a "C" beside those adjustments which continue throughout marriage.
1. Little things such as habits of daily living
2. Deciding on amount of time each will spend on community activities.
3. In-law relationships.
4. Religious beliefs.
5. Planning for retirement.
6. Working out affectional relationships.
7. Combining circle of friends.
8. Establishing authority patterns.
9. Working out household routines.
10. Deciding on methods of discipline to use with children.
PART B - DIRECTIONS: Rank the following areas of adjustment according to likelihood of conflict - such as: 1 for most likely and 5 for least likely.
a. religious activities
b. spending family income
c. affectional relationships
d. mutual friends
o lo la la rea

COURSE	FAMILY LIVING	
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TERMINAL I	PERF	ORMANCE		
OBJECTIVE	NO.	5.0	(cont'd.	)

ACCREDITATION	STANDARD:	

NO.	INTERMEDIATE PERFORMANCE OBJECTIVES	NO.	CRITERION MEASURES
5.2	The student will recognize the types of adjustments used in marriage as evidenced by correctly identifying 3 out of 5 methods listed in the criterion measure.		See attached
	٠		
			ANSWERS:  1. E 2. C 3. B 4. D 5. A
			74



#### 5.2 Criterion Measure

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DIRECTIONS: Below is a list of types of adjustment used in marriage. Using the <u>letter only</u>, match the type of adjustment with the correct definition.

1. each partner agrees to accept differences by agreeing to disagree

2. satisfactory agreement to both by each "giving in" to a certain extent

3. constant quarreling and bickering

4. one partner gains all, while other loses all

5. one partner is conflict-shy and avoids trouble

at all costs

- A. martyrdom
- B. hostility state
- C. compromise
- D. concession
- E. accommodation

COURSE	FAMILY LIVING
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TERMINAL	PERFO	RMANCE	
OBJECTIVE	_	5.0	(cont'd.)

MCRONII.

ACCREDITATION	STANDARD:	

NO.	INTERMEDIATE PERFORMANCE OBJECTIVES	NO.	CRITERION	MEASURES		•
5.3	The student will recognize and use current communication skills in solving marital problems as evidenced by correctly answering 70% of the test items in the criterion measure.		ANSWERS:  PART A:  PART B:	1. d 2. e 3. b 1. c 2. a 3. b	4. c 5. a 4. f 5. e 6. d 6 7 8. +	
	,			4. +	9. +	
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PART A	- DIRECTIONS: Behavior modification by marriage counselors to help conproblems. Using the letter only, with the correct definition.	uples solve marital
	behavior is followed by a desirable consequence	a. modeling b. systematic
2.	identifying and withdrawing the specific behavior reinforcer	desensitization  c. assertive training
3.	listing a hierarchy of situations, training in relaxation, and then pair-	d. selective reinforcement
	ing state of relaxation with the items	e. extinction
	insisting on their legitimate rights as persons	
5.	interacting with people who exhibit desired response	
PART B	- DIRECTIONS: Below are the steps no/lose method of solving conflicthrough 6, arrange the steps in torder.	ts. By numbering 1
	a. Brainstorm solutions.	
	b. Evaluating alternativ	e solutions.
	c. Identify and define p	roblem.
	d. Follow-up to evaluate	how it worked.
	e. Implementing the solu	
	f. Deciding on the best	solution.



- 5.3 Criterion Measure (continued)
- PART C DIRECTIONS: Below is a list of basic principles of
  "fighting fairly" in a marital disagreement, as advocated
  by Dr. George Bach. Place a "+" by each correct behavior
  and a "-" by each incorrect behavior.

  \_\_\_\_\_\_ 1. changing the subject
  \_\_\_\_\_\_ 2. listen to the other person
  \_\_\_\_\_\_ 3. state a specific gripe
  \_\_\_\_\_\_ 4. ask for a specific gripe
  \_\_\_\_\_\_ 5. bring up the past
  \_\_\_\_\_\_ 6. use sarcasm
  \_\_\_\_\_\_ 7. label your partner
  \_\_\_\_\_\_ 8. ask for feedback

give feedback when requested

\_\_\_\_10. withdraw from the fight

1	COURSE	FAMILY LIVING
TERMINAL PERF	ORMANCE	ACCREDITATION STANDARD:
OBJECTIVE NO.	6.0	

After completing a series of planned learnings, 76% of the students will recognize family crises and develop skills necessary for handling them by correctly answering 70% of the test items in the criterion measure.

NO.	INTERMEDIATE PERFORMANCE OBJECTIVES	NO.	CRITERION MEASURES
		6.0	See attached
p de de	No. The Control of Section 2.	,	ANSWER:  PART I: 1. I 6. H 2. C 7. G 3. J 8. F 4. K 9. B 5. E 10. A
			PART II: 1. F 6. T 2. T 7. F 3. T 8. F 4. T 9. F 5. F 10. A
			79



# 6.0 Criterion Measure

PART I - DIRECTIONS: Using the letter only, match the agency to the service it offers.

SERVICES OFFERED	AGENCY
l. Assists families with crises.	A. Child Guidance Clinic
2. Assists with drinking problems.	B. Division of Family Services
3. Helps senior citizens with advice.	C. Alcoholics Anonymous
4. Helps people cope with the mental illnesses.	D. Legal Aid Association E. G J E O
5. Where low income familie	F. Welfare Division
can go for help.	G. Vital Statistics
6. Anyone who can't afford a lawyer can go here for	H. Legal Aid Society
legal aid7. For information about a	I. Family Consultation Service
death.	J. Community Planning
8. If you are hungry, home- sick or ill you can call	Council  K. Recovery Incorporated
9. Helps handicapped people	•
10. Helps with guidance and counseling of young children.	
PART II - DIRECTIONS: Mark the "F" for I	statements with "T" for TRUE or
1. The tendency to have a children has been incr	ging parents live with the married easing.
2. A common pattern is fo parents and to try to	r children to interfere with aging



6.0 Criterion Measure (continued)

3.	Some divorce courts are now attempting to personal vent divorce by providing counseling facilities to couples comtemplating divorce.
4.	Poverty has a numbing, paralyzing effect which often destroys family interaction.
5.	Divorce rates are lowest among marriages with no denominational affiliation.
6.	One out of two (or one half) teenage marriages end in divorce within five years.
7.	Crises can serve to strengthen as well as to disorgan- ize families.
8.	The best way to help a small child face and understand the family crisis of death is to remove him from the situation until the funeral is over.
9.	For the sake of the children and their adjustment, keeping the parents together is certainly preferable to divorce.
10.	The idea of group protective arrangements to help families meet crises has had a very poor reception in the American society.





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COURSE	FAMILY	LIVING	<del></del>
TERMINAL PERFORMANCE		ACCREDITATION	STANDARD:
OBJECTIVE NO. 6.0	(cont'd.)		

NO.	INTERMEDIATE PERFORMANCE OBJECTIVES	NO.	CRITERION MEASURES		
6.1	The student will recognize family crisis situations and demonstrate skills in dealing with a crisis by correctly answering 70% of the test items in the criterion measure.		See attached	e <sup>ren</sup>	
					. *
			ANSWERS:	al deg	
			1. T 2. T 3. F 4. F 5. T 6. T		
			7. T 8. T 9. F 10. T		
			, ,		
	,				
	e.			** %	r <sub>e</sub> y de s
		2.0			



## 6.1 Criterion Measure

DIRECTION	S: Mark the statements "T" for TRUE or "F" for FALSE.
1.	Family crises may either build slowly and be long in coming to a head, or they may burst quickly and unexpectedly.
2.	Whether a family meets a crisis successfully is largely determined by the existing psychological strengths and organization of the family.
3.	Any crisis can be met if the family has adequate financial resources.
4.	In a family crisis friends, neighbors and other relatives should stay away from the family.
5.	A sudden crisis can often be a unifying factor in family relations.
6.	No one is ever fully prepared for a crisis.
7.	Within the community there are many agencies whose prime purpose is to assist families with crisis.
8.	Whether a situation is really a crisis depends a great deal on the definition given it by the family.
9.	Enough foresight and pre-planning can ward off any family crisis.
10.	A family crisis results when a family encounters a situa-



COURSE		FAMILY LIVING
TERMINAL PERFORMANCE OBJECTIVE NO. 6.0	(cont'd.)	ACCREDITATION STANDARD:

NO.	INTERMEDIATE PERFORMANCE OBJECTIVES	NO.	CRITERION MEASURES
6.2	The student will analyze causes of divorce and recognize the effects it has on family life by correctly answering 70% of the test items in the criterion measure.	6.2	See attached
			1. T 2. T 3. F 4. T 5. T 6. T 7. T 8. T 9. T 10. F
	·		. ;
		14	84



# 6.2 Criterion Measure

DIRECTION	S: Mark the statements "T" for TRUE or "F" for FALSE.
1.	The first years of marriage bring the most divorces.
2.	One way to avoid marriage failure is to know the factors that lead to failure.
3.	Liberal divorce laws do not lead couples to make hasty trips to the divorce court.
4.	Many divorces are granted to couples whose marriages could have been saved if more help and time were available.
5.	"Grounds" are what the state recognizes as legal reasons for divorce.
6.	Divorce presents many problems of adjustments to the children involved.
7.	Most divorces occur during the early years of marriage.
8.	Adjustment problems after divorce are related to left- over emotions and attitudes, readjustments to concept of self, rearranging personal habits and readjusting to social life.
9.	An annulment ends a valid divorce.
10.	The legal causes of divorce are usually the real causes.





COURSE	FAMILI	LIVING	
TERMINAL PERFORMANCE	(	ACCREDITATION	STANDARD:
OBJECTIVE NO. 6.0	(cont'd.)		<del></del>

NO.	INTERMEDIATE PERFORMANCE OBJECTIVES	NO.	CRITERION MEASURES
6.3	The student will be aware of problems associated with aging and recognize the skills needed to overcome the problem by correctly answering 70% of the test items in the criterion measure.	6.3	See attached
			ANSWERS:
			1. T 2. T 3. T 4. T 5. F
			6. T 7. T 8. T 9. T 10. T
	• ,		•
			·
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## 6.3 Criterion Measure

DIRECTION	$\underline{S}$ : Mark the statements with "T" for TRUE or "F" for FALSE.
1.	Social security benefits have enabled more and more elderly people to maintain homes of their own.
2.	For the aging couple, opportunities for travel, for developing recreational interests and for reflective thought and emotional interaction may increase.
3.	Aging is a continuing process to which adjustments are always being made.
4.	Preparation for old age should begin in childhood.
5.	As people grow older they seem to make ties with both close and distant relatives less than they did in earlier years.
6.	One health problem of the aging family is poor appetites.
7.	Housing, clubs and recreational facilities have been set up to help the aging find themselves and enjoy life.
8.	As parents grow older their major concern is for financial security in today's rising market.
9.	Boarding homes are licensed by the Hotel and Restaurant Commission, which checks safety and sanitation.
10.	Having a permanent place of residence is an important developmental task for the aging family.



COURSE	FAMILY LIVING

TERMINAL PERFORMANCE
OBJECTIVE NO. 6.0 (cont'd.)

ACCREDITATION STANDARD:

NO.	INTERMEDIATE PERFORMANCE OBJECTIVES	NO.	CRITERION MEASURES
6.4	The student will accept the inevitability of bereavement and recognize the responsibility of family members involved by correctly answering 70% of the test items in the criterion measure.		See attached
			ANSWERS:
			1. T 2. T 3. F 4. T 5. T 6. F 7. T 8. T 9. T 10. T
		88	

## 6.4 Criterion Measure

DIRECTION	S: Mark the statements "T" for TRUE or "F" for FALSE.
1.	A death in the family breaks the family unity and requires major adjustments.
2.	Rituals associated with death and burial usually have a religious significance.
3.	A death in a fam y is a major expense and can be covered by health insurance.
4.	Each state has set up their own laws regulating procedures after death.
5.	Everyone should have a will no matter how small their estate may seem.
6.	It is not important for the funeral home director to give you an itemized list of expenses.
7.	A major expense to keep in mind when planning a funeral is the cost of the casket or urn.
8.	Cremation is not a substitute for a funeral.
9.	Everyone should have a lawyer or executor appointed to help settle the estate after a death in the family.
10.	Since family life is disrupted by death, family members need to be reassured that their family unity has not



COURSE	FATILI	LIVING	
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TERMINAL PERFORMANCE		ACCREDITATION STANDARD:	
OBJECTIVE NO6.0	(cont'd.)		<del></del>

NO.	INTERMEDIATE PERFORMANCE OBJECTIVES	NO.	CRITERION MEASURES
6.5	The student will recognize acoholism as a problem and its effects on family life by correctly answering 70% of the test items in the criterion measure.	6.5	See attached
7 '	**		,
	·		
			ANSWERS:
			1. T 2. T 3. F
			4. F 5. T 6. T 7. T 8. F 9. T 10. F
			· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·
			· ,
		:	
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6.5 Cr	iterion Measure
DIRECTIO	NS: Mark the statements "T" for TRUE or "F" for FALSE.
1.	Alcoholism is one of the major teenage health problems in our society today.
2.	It takes two hours for the body to burn up each ounce of alcohol consumed.
3.	Alcohol contains no calories.
4.	Drink alcohol on a cold night and it will keep you warm.
5.	When a drinker is unable to stop or control his drink-ing, and when that drinking interfers with his normal living patterns, then the person is an alcoholic.
6.	It is difficult to cure alcoholism completely, but an individual can be treated so that he or she can lead a happy fruitful existance.
7.	A hospital, clinic, AA group, Halfway House and the Salvation Army are possible places for alcoholics to go for help.
8.	All states require individuals to be 18 years of age

9. Today more people are turning to alcoholism because they can't cope or face their own problems.

in order to drink.

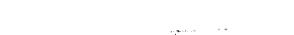
\_\_\_\_\_10. It is not important for the family members to understand the problem of alcoholism.

COURS	FAMILY	LIVING	
TERMINAL PERFORMANCE OBJECTIVE NO. 6.0	_ (cont'd.)	ACCREDITATION STANDARD:	

NO.	INTERMEDIATE PERFORMANCE OBJECTIVES	NO.	CRITERION MEASURES
6.6	The student will recognize forces adversely affecting family life and society and demonstrate skills in finding possible solutions by correctly answering 70% of the test items in the criterion measure.	6.6	See attached
			ANSWERS:
			1. T 2. T 3. F
			4. T 5. T 6. T
			7. T 8. T 9. T 10. T
ı	*****		10. 1
			The same
			* ************************************
•			3.0
			. 92

# 6.6 Criterion Measure

DIRECTION	IS: Mark the statements "T" for TRUE or "F" for FALSE.
1.	Good mental health is related to a satisfactory adjustment to life.
2 .	Studies show that a high percentage of delinquents and criminals are from broken families.
3.	Changes in economic status does not call for a develop-ment of new self-concept and role behavior.
4.	Poverty in the family can be accepted by family members or can be resented and become a basis for other crises.
5.	The attitude of families living in poverty is influenced by their acceptance by society.
6.	A possible cure for delinquency can be found by changing the home environment - either by taking the delinquent out of the home or eliminating the problems in the home.
7.	Mental illness may be caused by organic injuries to the nervous system or by stress situations.
8.	You can not apply for unemployment until 30 days has elapsed since your last pay check.
9.	Money is important for survival in our present society.
10.	Basic needs are met in the family and are transferred to younger generations.



COURSE	FAMILY LIVING	
TERMINAL PERFORMANCE	ACCREDITATION STANDARD:	
OBJECTIVE NO	*.	_

After completing a unit of study, 76% of the students will demonstrate knowledge and skills in money management by correctly completing 70% of the test items.

NO.	INTERMEDIATE PERFORMANCE OBJECTIVES	NO.	CRITERION MEASURES
		7.0	See attached
	•	e	ANSWERS:  PART I - TRUE OR FALSE  1. T 5. T 9. F 13. F  2. F 6. F 10. T 14. T  3. T 7. F 11. T 15. F  4. T 8. T 12. T
			PART II ~ MULTIPLE CHOICE  1. B
			PART III - PROBLEM 1. 200 points 4. 200 points 2. 150 points 5. 400 points 3. 250 points 6. ves
			PART IV - MATCHING  1. E 6. A  2. B 7. F  3. C 8. G  4. H 9. L  5. D 10. J
	;		PART V - TRUE OR FALSE  1. T 6. T 2. T 7. T 3. T 8. T 4. T 9. T 5. F 10. T



# 7.0 Criterion Measure

PART I -	- DIRECTIONS:	Mark the st FALSE. Cor	atements with rect any falso	$\frac{T}{2}$ for TRUE or $\frac{F}{2}$ for statements.
1.	After having should be ablalong without	le to do his	budgeting mer	few years, a person ntally, and thus get
2.	A budget is m family makes ing according	it out and	be successful takes the resp	if one member of the consibility for spend-
3.	The primary p	urpose of s	aving is to la	ter attain long range
4.	The major rea	son for mak under cont	ing a spending	record is to bring
5.	Flexible expe	nses become	fixed expense	s when you buy on
6.	The family's budget develofamily spendi	ped from go	ld closely res vernment compi	emble a standard led averages of
7.	Having a budg goals.	et will ass	ure you of att	aining long range
8.	The essence o goals by adju	f budgeting sting your s	is the matchi	ng of resources to
9.	If a person m	akes a budge rol h <b>i</b> s sper	et it shows th	at he has the will
10.	The best way savings a fix	to assure me ed expense i	eeting your sa in your budget	vings goal is to make
11.	You must be a	t least 18 y	years old to m	ake a will.
12.	To be effection the probate co		l must be prov	ed in and allowed by
13.	The law provide least one dol			ave each child at
14.			often as the particular of the property of the contract of the	person desires pro-
15.	A life insura	ice program	is a good subs	stitute for a will.



7.0.	riterion measure (continued)
PART II	- DIRECTIONS: Multiple Choice - choose the best answer.
1.	What does the Truth-In-Lending Act say that a store must do A. lower its finance charges B. tell the yearly finance rate and the total finance charge C. sell things for cost only
2.	Joe's friend Lew wants to take out a loan from the bank to buy a car. Which loan is cheaper?  A. a secured loan - with the car as security  B. an unsecured loan
3.	Which of these usually have the higher interest charges? A. bank B. finance companies
4.	Which of these usually have higher interest charges? A. credit union B. finance companies
5.	There's one very good type of place to get a loan, but you have to be a member before you can borrow from it. This is: A. a bank B. the credit union C. a finance company
PART II	I - DIRECTIONS: Refer to the credit rating score card in I.P.O. 4.4. Fill in the following blanks with the correct number of points using the problem below.
has held	e modernization applicant earns \$115 per week from a job he d for eight years. He has a good credit record and has been a home for 11 years.
<ol> <li>Ler</li> <li>Cre</li> <li>Equ</li> </ol>	come  ngth of time on job  edit experience  lity in property  tal:
6. Wou	ıld he be a good credit risk? Yes No



## 7.0 Criterion Measure (continued)

PART IV - DIRECTIONS: Using the <u>letter only</u> in Column A, match with the definition in Column B.

### COLUMN A

- A. policy
  B. landlord
  C. condominium
  D. closing costs
  E. depreciation
  G. mutual company
  H. appraisal
  I. stock company
  J. administrator
  K. premium waiver
- F. premium L. executor

### COLUMN B

	1.	Terms used to describe the wearing out of property or the loss in value because of age and use.
	2.	The owner of a house that is occupied by another.
	3.	A group of apartments in one building where a family buys and owns one apartment separately from all other apartment owners.
	4.	An examination of property by an expert and the setting of its value.
	5.	Extra costs incurred when buying a house.
	6.	An insurance contract.
	7.	Periodic pay ents made to the insurance company.
	8.	An insurance company owned by policyholders.
	9.	The person appointed by the will of another person to settle the estate of that person.
1	LO.	Appointed by the court to settle an estate.
PART	<u>v</u> -	$\frac{\texttt{DIRECTIONS}\colon}{\texttt{FALSE}}\colon\;\;\; \underset{\texttt{FALSE}}{\texttt{Mark}}\;\; \texttt{the statements with } \underline{\texttt{T}}\;\; \texttt{for TRUE or } \underline{\texttt{F}}\;\; \texttt{for}$
	1.	The cost of owning and operating an automobile demands a large portion of the budget of many families.
<del></del>	2.	In general, the higher the purchase price of the car, the greater the percentage of depreciation.

## 7.0 Criterion Measure (continued)

(Part V	continued)
3.	Many consumers purchase small automobiles because they are more economical to operate.
4.	When buying a used car, it is best to buy from a dealer who is known to be reputable.
5.	Health care expenditures are usually average for most families.
6.	Large panels and the tops of tables are less liable to war if they are made of vencer.
7.	The quality of rugs and carpets is largely dependent upon pile, backing and fibers.
8.	No product is worth buying unless it is worth more to the buyer than the money he spends for it.
9.	When buying an appliance make sure there is a local repair shop in your district.
10.	Purchase major $a_{i,j}$ liances only from a reliable dealer that stands behind his products.



COURSE	FAMILY	LIVING	
TERMINAL PERFORMANCE OBJECTIVE NO	(cont'd.)	ACCREDITATION	STANDARD:
OPPERITATION - 110	(20112 2-)		

NO.	INTERMEDIATE PERFORMANCE OBJECTIVES	NO.	CRITERION MEASURES
NO. 7.1	After research and investigation of current prices and wages, the student will allocate his/her anticipated income to meet his/her wants and needs by filling out the attached budget form. 70% of the students will balance anticipated income with anticipated expenses citing valid community sources.	NO. 7.1	See attached forms
			99



TOTALS:

7.1 Criterion Measure

В	UD	G	EΤ	WO	RK	SH	EI	${f I}$ ${f T}$
_		_						

- Write down all assets both bring to the partnership.
   List all immediate operating expanded
- 3. Subtract one-time expenses from your assets.
- 4. If you don't have enough to pay, decide what to do
  - a. try for a bank loan

TENTATIVE BUDGET

- b. charge to bank credit card
- c. open a department store charge account
- d. borrow from relatives or friends.
- 5. Budget for ongoing expenses out of expected income.

I.	Income #1		
	Deductions #1  Taxes (12%)  SS (5.6)  Other: (Union dues, etc.)	#2	
		× • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •	···
BALAN	CE FOR BUDGET		
II.	Savings (for emergency fund) (for future goals) Insurance - Life Insurance		
11.	Expenses: Housing Expenses Rent Water Gas Electricity Telephone		



7.1	Criterion Measure (continued)		
	Heat Garbage Sewer Insurance Taxes		
2.	Food Groceries At home Eaten out Paper items, soap, etc.		
3.	Clothing (may be budgeted sep Last years total clothing pur #1 #2		
	Clothing expenses Dry cleaning Laundry Shoe repair		
4.	Transportation Gas Maintenance Insurance Car payments Yearly inspections License		
5.	Credit Payments Credit cards Charge accounts Other monthly expenses		
6.	Medical Care Insurance	:	
	Dental Doctors Medicine		
7.	Personal, Recreation, Gifts - Entertainment Newspapers, books, magazines Recreation Social club dues Church and charit Gifts Personal allowance #1	# 2	



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TIRMINAL PERFORMANCE
OBJECTIVE NO. \_\_\_\_\_\_\_(cone'd.)

ACCREDITATION STANDARD:

NO.	THIERMEDIATE PERFORMANCE OBJECTIVES	NO.	CRITERION MEASURES
7.3	The student will demonstrate knowledge and skill in using bank services by correctly answering 70% of the test items.	7.2	See attached lost
	1		AUSWERS:
*		No. 2. a management of the control o	MATCHING  1. G 6. I  2. E 7. G  3. A 8. F  A. H 9. P  5. D 10 T
			TRUF-WATON 4 P 2. 7 5. F 3. T
		a com about the same access	COMPLET PER DLLOVING Answer shows a same to observand deposit a in staches.
			Prepared and Charle dampson Turben  Long Memorians and E-milly T-o-school  Spendald '  Iniversity on Fibrida  Gainesville, Fi
		Andrews of the contract of the	
,,			
		modeled -determined programmed by the second	102

# 7.2 Criterion Measure

		<del></del>	
The RIGGS NATIONAL BANK	CASH	DOLLARS //Lo	74 000 W
94 58 1629 613	HUMBER 3	263 263	COLON AGE
DATE DEPOSIT TO THE ACCOUNT OF	LANKUT 4 	3.0.7	THED ITEMS. SOLTO-PET DANKS GOLL
ADDRESS 123 Shady Lane Dr.	7		S AND OTH
CITY NEW TOWN STATE Fla ZIE 3230	TOTAL	485	73 Supply

7.43			
ŋ			in the two cases and
Nº 1. 1. 11 175		15 0 18 2	
The state of the s	PLEASE FILL IN ACCOUNT NUMBER	Culinité otto	15-3
TORKE DIKKONIKY	Fix Edward Bro		919 931
POR	Company Allen March	all 5/102.	12/11
BALBROZIND /// //	Emerhandred sixt	ytwo and gay	Lother
ANT BATORIT 485 72	Z. RIGGS NATIONAL BANK	7,703	
more 585 72 1	. DUPONT GIRCLE BRAILEIL	David M. Ju	·
ANT THES CIE. 162 92	1910 MASSACHUSTTO AVENUE, M. W.	Surver 11 Ge	nes
masma 4/280	#0540**0003#	The state of the s	-
And Marie of the State of the S	A BANK CONTRACTOR CONT	film Crim general	

7.2	riterion Measure		
DIRECTI	ONS: To the left of the number write the correct definition.	the	<u>letter</u> only of
1.	to put money in an account	Α.	payee
2.	the amount of money in your account	В.	check
2	Cathan and a said	С.	deposit
<u> </u>	the name of the person or organization to whom money is to be paid by check	D.	cleared check
		Ε.	balance
4.	the person who is paying the money by check	F.	reconcile
5.	a check that has been cashed, returned to your bank and	G.	bank statement
	recorded on your account	н.	maker
6.	a check that has been written, but not cashed or cleared	I.	outstanding check
-		J.	endorse
/ ·	the bank's record of your checking account	Κ.	traveler's check
8.	to make sure your records agree with the bank's records		
9.	a written order to your bank to pay money from your account		
10.	to sign your name on the back		

### TRUE - FALSE

of a check

- 1. An endorsement is the signature on the front of the check.
  - 2. A restrictive endorsement restricts what can be done with a check.
- 3. A transfer endorsement is used to transfer a check made out to you to someone else.
- 4. Bank drafts are the most common check used by people when they're traveling.
- 5. When the word "certified" is stamped on a check, it means the check is no good.



## 7.2 Criterion Measure (continued)

<u>DIRECTIONS</u>: Fill in the following check and deposit slip according to the information given.

### CHECK WRITING -

Make a check payable to Edward Brown for the amount of \$162.92

### DEPOSITING MONEY -

Fill out a deposit slip for the following amounts:

4 pennies 5 nickles 2 dimes
7 quarter 5 half dollars
2 one-dollar bills
10 five-dollar bills
4 ten-dollar bills
1 twenty-dollar bill

three checks in the amount of: \$16.20 \$89.00 \$263.79



# 7.2 Criterion Measure (continued)

The RIGGS NATIONAL BANK  of Washington, D. C.  PLEASE INDICATE ACCOUNT NUMBER  DEPOSIT TO THE ACCOUNT OF	CHECKS LIST SEP ARATELY BY GANK AUMDER BANK USE ONLY NO. ITEMS	CASH  1 2 3 4 5 6	DOLLARS	CENTS	AND OTHER ITEMS ARE RECEIVED FOR THIS BANK'S COLLECTION ACRESING	ORIGINAL
ADDRESSSTATEZIP	L	TOTAL			CHECKS DEPOSIT TIONS OF	

70 19	PLEASE FILL IN ACCOUNT NUMBER	15-3 19 540
FOR	leiki ordonef	Jellun
ANY SEPORT	The RIGGS NATIONAL BANK  of Washington, D. C.  DUPONT CIPILE BRANCH  1913 MASSACHUSETTS AVENUE, N. W.	
ANT THIS CIL.	1:0540=00031:	



COURSE	FAMILY LI <b>V</b> ING

TERMINAL I	PERF(	DRMANCE		
OBJECTIVE	NO.	7.0	(cont'	d.)

ACCREDITATION STANDARD:

NO.	INTERMEDIATE PERFORMANCE OBJECTIVES	NO.	CRITERION MEASURES
.3	The student will demonstrate knowledge and skill needed to devise a savings plan appropriate to individual and family needs by correctly answering 9 out of 12 questions.	7.3	See attached test
			ANSWERS:
•			1. A, E, G 2. E 3. B, E
			4. F 5. D, E, G 6. C
			7. H
	·		
			,
			·
			· •
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### - 7.3 Criterion Test

<u>DIRECTIONS</u>: Match the <u>letter only</u> of the correct statement to the savings institution listed.

	1.	credit unions
<del></del>	2.	savings and loans
	3.	commercial banks
	4.	insurance policies
<del></del>	5.	Government Savings Bond
	6.	commercial bonds
	7.	stocks

- A. usually pays highest interest rates on savings deposited
- B. insured up to \$40,000 per account
- C. best assured rate of return on investment
- D. safest investment up to any amount
- E. readily available
- F. lowest return on investment
- G. can use payroll deductions
- H. most speculative form of savings

	COURSE	FAMILY	LIVING	The control of the co
	er.			
TERMINAL	PERFORMANCE		ACCREDITATION	STANDARD:
OBJECTIVI	$3 \text{ NO.} \qquad 7.0$	(cont'd.)		

NO.	INTERMEDIATE PERFORMANCE OBJECTIVES	NO.	CRITERION MEASURES
7.4	The student will demon- strate knowledge and skills in the use of credit to obtain goods and services as evi- denced by answering 70% of the attached test.	7.4	See attached test
			ANSWERS:
			PART I - MATCHING  1. G 6. J  2. K 7. A  3. B 8. L  4. D 9. F  5. I 10. E
Ÿ			PART II - TRUE-FALSE  1. T 6. T  2. T 7. T  3. T 8. T  4. T 9. F
, = *			5. F 10. F
-	er disease John		
	·		
		-	
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		100	•

#### 7.4 Criertion Measure

PART I	- MATCHING		
1.	buying things and paying later	Α.	creditor
2.	one of a series of payments to pay off a debt	В.	interest
,		c.	borrower
3.	how much you pay to use borrowed money	D.	principal
4.	the amount you borrow or finance	Ε.	service charge
E	collar takes head and when	F.	contract
<b>3.</b>	seller takes back goods when buyer fails to meet payments	G.	credit
6.	the amount you owe at any one	н.	default
	time on your account	ı.	repossession
	person who buys something on time or borrows cash	J.	balance
8.	property put up to secure a loan	к.	installment
<u> </u>	a written agreement that says you will pay	L.	collateral
10.	added charge for using credit		
PART II	- TRUE-FALSE		
1.	The Fair Credit Reporting Act tells can be on file and reported about y tion can be used.	whou,	at types of information and how the informa-
* * *			
2.	The Truth in Lending Law must list amount and the annual percentage raon a credit agreement.	in te	writing the dollar of the finance charge
3.	The true cost of credit is the tota pay directly or indirectly for obta		

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21 4 48 A-(24)

7.4	Criterion Measure (continued)
5	. Retail credit is the most expensive form of credit.
6	. Credit should be used only as a last resort in buying good and services and meeting family needs.
7	. Finance companies are more likely to loan money to a poor credit risk than a bank.
8	An established credit rating is as good as money in the bank.
9	Credit is a free gift.
10	If you lose a credit card and report it immediately, you are only responsible for charges up to \$45.00.

# 7.4 Criterion Measure (continued)

PART III - CREDIT RATING PROBLEM - Banks and other agencies which lend money have a way of rating those who apply for credit. Here is a standard form used by many banks. Fill in the blanks in the first column.

	The bank wishes to know the foll	owing:	POINTS BASED	POINTS BASED
			ON PRESENT	ON FUTURE
	Income:			
30.0	How long on present job?			
	Gredit experience?			
	Equity in real estate?			
	Down payment you can make on pur	ahaaa?		
,	From information below fill out	Chase!		
	credit rating above.	your		]
±.	Income per week			11
	under \$75	POINTS		
	\$76 to \$100	0		1
	Over \$100	150		
,	Wife earning	200		
	•	50		
	Length of time on job			
+4	Less than a year	0		
	One to four years	100		·
	Four to ten years	150		
	Over ten years	250		
	Credit experience	220		
	None None		1	
	Favorable for 6	. 0		
	Favorable for 6 months (1 source Favorable for 6 months			
		100		
	Good record from many	ce)		,
	Good record from previous loans from bank	_	11	19 marks and
	Unfavorable credit references	100		
		-100		
	Equity on property			
٠	Little or unknown but do own	100	!!	
	Equity twice minimum or			
	5 years ownership	200	]]	
	Property owned clear	300		······································
	Renting experience	ļ		
	Renting present residence		- 11	,
•	less than 1 year	-100	H	
	Renting present residence from	-100		
	1 to 5 years	o	[]	
	Renting present residence more	· -		
	than 5 years	100	- 11	
; ,	-	100		
*	Down payment you can make 0 to 10%			
		0		1
	10% to one third	100		
	Over a third	200		
	(A score of 600 will usually get y	ou small 1	oans)	
				•

# 7.4 Criterion Measure (continued)

(Part III continued) On the basis of your present life style, are you eligible for a loan? YES NO

If the answer is no, go back and change the necessary factors to make you eligible and fill in the second column.

PART IV - Fill in the following department store credit card application with the correct information.

# SAMPLE CREDIT APPLICATION

Heed of Household (PLEASE PRINT)	CFWST NAME)	(MIDDLE NAME		(LAST NA	ME)			
F this is a SEARS REV	OLYING CHARGE ACCO	UNT application, pr	int names of oth	ìer mėm.	1			
bers of family authori	zed to buy or your acco	ount. Additional cre	dit cards will b	e issued.				
Relling Address					Z			
·, ·			<del></del>					
Past Office.		-			Resi	dence Phone No		
		Stat	·	(ZIP CODE)	Bysi	ness Phone No		-
Previous ☐ Yes Sears Account ☐ No	At objet Sours store				Is accoun	t 🗇 Yes Date fi	nai	
E1 114			(ACCOUNT NO	.,	paid in fi	ill 🗋 No paymer	t made	
If your account	le world in hill on the							
	is paid in full or if	YOU DAYS NOT NO	ed a Sears of	coount, p	lease an	wer questlo	ns belo	w
Married Wide	wed Spouse's reed First Name	Number of dependents	How to			Rent Rent C	7	
fonthly rent or	. Name		present	address	Own 🗀	Furnishe Unturn	shed Bos	rd (
lorigage payment \$	iandio	rd					_	
ormer address (if less than		CATHLET A	100RESS) '		(CITY AND	STATE)	(ZIP CO	DE)
years at present address)_		·				Hon lon		
mployer	(STREET ADDRESS)	(CITY	AND STATE)		<del></del>	(ZIP (		
aw long with				Time ca	nd.	(ZIF (	:ODE)	
resent employerQcc	i patrico	Social Sec. No.		or Badge N		Net earnings \$	Monthly	, ,
ormer employer (if less than						- earnings \$	Weekly	L
ne year with present employ	w)				· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	How long		
ame of pouse's employer		Address ofspouse's employ	rer			Spouse's	*	
eme of						weekly income \$.		
ur Benk	(STREET ADD	RESS)		CITY AND STA	751		Savings —Checking	
Mala other income. If any			· ·	CITT AND SIA	167	(ZIP CODE)	Loan	C
Second action incomes it suit						(LOAN AC	C'T NO.1	
counts at ) 1 (MAME O		(STREET ADDRESS)					Ореп	_
or nk loens, 2	,	ISTREET WOOKESS)	(CITY AND STATE)	C	ZIP CODE)	(ACCOUNT NO,)	Closed	, 5
ince, etc. ) (RAME OF	FLESS) (	STREET ADDRESS)	(CITY AND STATE)		LIP CODE)	(ACCOUNT NO.)	Open Closed	. 8
riative or vional Reference							610360	ليبا
AND KEIGIBILE	STREET ADDRESS	)	<del></del>	(CITY AND ST.	ATÉ)	(ZIP CODE)		
The spa	ces teniow are to be filled	i in when you order	merchandise the					
		y e.e. di usi		· is to be s	usched to y	our property		
out number or other definit party in which material is to	Procession of	<del></del>	Cost of property \$		Amount Mortga	of		
me of person					RIVI 1 <u>2</u> 3)	***************************************		
ding logal titla			me and address mortgage holder					

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COURSE	FAMILY LIVING
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TERMINAL PERFORMANCE
OBJECTIVE NO. 7.0 (cont'd.)

ACCREDITATION STANDARD:

NO.	INTERMEDIATE PERFORMANCE OBJECTIVES	NO.	CRITERION MEASURES
ger de er	The student will demonstrate knowledge and skills needed to draw up a plan for his estate, by correctly answering 14 out of 18 questions in the criterion measure.	7.5	See attached test
			ANSWERS:  PART I - 1. spouse, children 2. spouse 3. children 4. father, mother 5. brothers & sisters  PART II- 1. G 2. B 3. J 4. A 5. H 6. J 7. C 8. K 9. D
			10. J

# 7.5 Criterion Measure

PART I - Fill in the blanks in the following statements with the following words listed on the left. Some words may be used more than once.

Spouse	The Florida	st	atute on distribution of property when
Brothers	a man dies w	71.E	hout a will is:
Sisters			iving and equally.
Children			e no children, then to the
Father «	3. If there	15	no spouse, then all to the
Mother	4. If there grandchil	are dre	no surviving spouse or children or en, then to the and
Grandchidren	5. If there	are	none of the foregoing, then to the
PART II - MATC	HING - Place the c	th orr	e <u>letter only</u> of the definition beside ect term.
1. testat		Α.	person named in the will to administer your estate
2. intesta 3. adminis		в.	die without a will
4. executo		с.	agreement before marriage to which wife waivers dower rights
5. recipro	ocal will	D.	proceeding involved in carrying out the will
6. dower			
7. pre-nup	tial	Е.	a person appointed by the court to handle the affairs of a minor
8. hologra	phic will	F.	wife's built-in inheritance rights
9. probate	:	G.	person who makes the will
10. trust		н.	simultaneous wills leaving their respective estates to each other
		ı.	provides certain assets go to a named person under certain terms and condi-

- J. court appointed executor
- K. hand written will

1.5

tions -



OURSE	FAMILY	LIVING

TERMINAL PERFORMANCE
OBJECTIVE NO. 7.0 (cont'd.)

#### ACCREDITATION STANDARD:

NO.	INTERMEDIATE PERFORMANCE OBJECTIVES	NO.	CRITERION MEASURES
7.6	The student will demonstrate knowledge and skills needed to select housing suitable for the individual and/or family needs and wants by correctly answering 70% of the criterion test items.	1 1	ANSWERS:  PART I - RENTING  1. F 6. T 2. T 7. T 3. F 8. F 4. T 9. T 5. T 10. F
* WA DISK SHALE STATE OF			PART II - BUYING A HOME  1. T 6. T 2. T 7. T 3. F 8. T 4. T 9. T 5. F 10. T
			PART III - BUYING A MOBILE HOME  1. T 6. T 2. T 7. T 3. F 8. T 4. T 9. F 5. F 10. F
			PART IV - BUYING A CONDOMINIUM  1. T 6. T 2. F 7. F 3. T 8. T 4. F 9. T 5. T 10. T
***			
		1 1 6	

# 7.6 Criterion Measure

<u>DIRECTIONS</u>: Mark the following statements with "T" for TRUE or "F" for FALSE.

	PART I - RENTING
1.	The rent for an apartment always includes water, heat, electricity and gas.
2.	If you plan on moving, a landlord can keep the last months rent deposit unless you notify him between the first and fifteenth of the month.
3.	A landlord does not have to pay interest on a security deposit if held longer than 6 months.
4.	A landlord can evict a tenant for refusing to renew a lease.
5,	Bringing unauthorized pets into an apartment is grounds for eviction.
6.	As a renter, you are required to put a damage deposit down before you are able to rent an apartment.
7.	It is the responsibility of the landlord to keep stairways well lighted and clean.
8.	As a tenant, you have to keep your apartment clear of roaches and other small bugs.
<u> </u>	The average lease agreement is for one year, with a special clause for servicemen.
10.	It is cheaper for one to live in an apartment than for two.
	PART II - BUYING A HOUSE
1.	In order to secure a government insured VA or FHA loan, the buyer must live in the property.
2.	Government loans cannot be applied for through banks and private agencies making conventional loans.
3.	Taxes are based upon the assessment of a house, and this is usually about one-third of the value of a house.
4.	A deed is the document that describes the whole contract between the buyer and the seller.

7.0	Circerion Measure (Continued)
	3. An abstract has the deed and the mortgage recorded on it.
<u>.</u> (	6. It is unwise to make a large down payment on a house as interest rates on a large loan are not as high.
	7. The location of a house has an influence on the re-sale value.
	On an amortized mortgage, regular monthly payments are made paying interest and cutting down the principal (or the amount borrowed) at the same time.
9	Zoning laws are made for the protection of property owners but residents have an opportunity to vote on whether the zoning laws may be changed.
10	Your city hall or courthouse personnel can provide informa- tion concerning zoning laws and ordinances.
Light a r.	PART III - BUYING A MOBILE HOME
1	. Two important factors to focus on in buying mobile homes are workmanship and materials.
2	. Today's mobile homes are highly immobile.
3	. Mobile homes depreciate in value more slowly than other types of housing - generally about 50% of their value after ten years.
4	. Mobile homes offer one of the lowest initial costs, as well as some of the lowest maintenance costs among the various types of housing available.
5	. Mobile home loans are not subject to the Truth-In-Lending Law.
6	A major problem area in mobile homes is the high concentra- tion of combustible materials due to the home's small size.
7	. A mobile home park owner can evict you if you change the use of the land to some other use.
8	. The owner of a mobile home shall secure the mobile home to the ground by the use of anchors and tie-downs so as to resist wind over-turning and sliding.

7.6 C	riterion Measure (continued)
9.	Insurance shall be issued before the mobile home has been tied down.
10.	The landlord can not put any restrictions on the sale of the tenant's mobile home within the park.
	PART IV - BUYING A CONDOMINIUM
1.	It is considered an unfair or deceptive act, under Florida law, for the developer of a condominium to fail to furnish a written disclosure describing the transfer of control over the units to the unit buyers.
2.	A person who purchases a condominium on the basis of mis- leading advertising will not be entitled to recover damages for his loss under Florida law.
3.	After a condominium transaction is closed, the buyer has cause for action against the seller for damages for one year after the closing date.
4.	Funds deposited by the buyer with the developer of a condominium can be used for paying commissions and advertising necessary to sell other units in the condominium.
5.	All condominium owners pay a share in maintenance costs plus regular mortgage payments.
6.	In buying a condominium, you should find out if the renter has reserved the right to rent unsold units.
<u></u> 7.	An advantage of condominium living is that you are free from restrictions and can do exactly what you wish.
**** **** <b>8</b> •	The best way to find out about a condominium is to talk with the unit owners.
<u> </u>	Every condominium has its own mini-government or it will not work.
<u> </u>	A condominium owner has the same income tax breaks as a homeowner.

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TERMINAL PERFORM OBJECTIVE NO.	ANCE 7.0 (cont'd	1.)	ACCREDITATION	STANDARD:
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NO.	INTERMEDIATE PERFORMANCE OBJECTIVES	NO.	CRITERION MEASURES
7.7	The student will demon- strate the ability to use a systematic proc- ess for purchasing major and/or portable appliances by accurate- ly filling out 70% of	7.7	Checklist attached
 See a state and a second of the second of th	the items on the attached checklist.	-	(Answers can be taken from "Sears Portable Appliance Selection and Use", and also "Modern Consumer Education" appliances booklet)
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#### 7.7 Criterion Measure

#### GUIDELINES FOR PURCHASING APPLIANCES

Select one appliance you are most interested in purchasing, either now or in the future, and compare it by using the following guide-line in three (3) different stores.

(SAMPLE FORM)

MODEL							
1	2	3					

1. Amount of money to spend:

- 2. Selection Criterion:
  - A. Specifications:
    - 1. finishes
    - 2. dimensions or size
- 3. construction
  - 4. style or model
  - 5. special features (3)

3. Buying Information:

- A. advertisements (3)
- B. consumer publications (3)
- C. comparative shopping (3 stores)

4. Consumer Protections:

- A. seals
- B. standards
- C. guarantees and/or warranties

5. Care and Use:

- A. installation
- B. operating instruction
- C. energy costs
- D. ease of cleaning



COURSE	FAMILY LIVING
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TERMINAL PERFORMANCE	ACCREDITATION STANDARD:
OBJECTIVE NO. 7.0 (cont'd.	)

		INTERMEDIATE PERFORMANCE OBJECTIVES	NO.	CRITERION MEASURES	
		The student will demonstrate knowledge and skills needed to select furniture and floor coverings suitable for individual and/or family needs and wants by correctly answering 3 out of 5 items in the criterion measure.	7.8	See attached test	
				ANSWERS:	
				1. a 2. e 3. d	
	-5 - <u>}</u>			4. e , 5. a	
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## 7.8 Criterion Measure

# FURNITURE - FLOOR COVERINGS

DIRECTION	Select the one best answer and place the <u>letter only</u> in the blank.
	Furniture should be selected in accordance with a. an over-all plan for the home b. what is on sale c. what the decorator suggests d. the latest styles in magazines e. all the above.
	Home furnishings should  a. be durable  b. be pleasing to the individuals involved  c. fit one's needs  d. fit one's budget  e. all the above.
	The quality of upholstered furniture may be determined by a. listening to the salesman b. examining the frames and construction c. information on the attached labels d. b and c e. all the above.
	The quality of rugs and carpets may be determined by a. examining the thickness and height of the pile b. the type of construction c. the type of fibers used i. information on the label e. all the above.
i i t c	In order to obtain maximum satisfaction, furniture and floor coverings should be purchased from a. reliable dealers o. door to door salesman c. mail-order d. local salvage store a. all the above.



COURSE	FAMILY LIV	ING	
TERMINAL PERFORMANCE OBJECTIVE NO. 7.0	(cont'd.)	ACCREDITATION	STANDARD:

NO.	INTERMEDIATE PERFORMANCE OBJECTIVES	NO.	CRITERION MEASURES	
7.9	The student will demonstrate knowledge and skills needed to purchase and maintain a car as evidenced by correctly answering 7 out of 10 test items in the criterion measure.		See attached test	<b>*</b>
			ANSWERS:	
			1. B 6. A 2. C 7. A 3. B 8. B 4. C 9. B 5. A 10. C	
			. ;	
	·			r
,	,	12	4	14.



#### 7.9 Criterion Measure

#### PURCHASING AND MAINTAINING A CAR

DIRECTIONS: Circle the letter only of the correct answer.

- Suppose the front tires of a car are worn down on one side. 1. The basic problem is probably
  - a. the tires
  - b. the wheel alignment.
- 2. A good road test of a car should require
  - a. no more than a trip around the block
  - b. about 5 minutes
  - c. 20 minutes or more.
- About how many miles is the average car driven per year? з.
  - a. 5,000
  - ь. 10,000
  - c. 20,000
- Emil's car caught fire and burned up. The insurance company 4. paid Emil for the car. His losses from the fire were paid because he had
  - a. liability insuranceb. collision insurance

  - c. comprehensive insurance.
- Which car will probably lose the most this year in depreciation? 5.
  - a. a new Pontiac sedan
  - b. a 3-year old Pontiac sedan
  - c. a 5-year old Pontiac sedan.
- Carl just bought a new Mercury. Which will probably cost him the most this year?
  - a. depreciation
  - b. insurance
  - c. gas and oil.
- The "10" in 10/30/5 liability insurance stands for 7.
  - a. \$10,000
  - b. 10 accidents
  - c. 10 years.
  - Suppose you have 10/30/5 liability insurance. Under Florida's 8. no-fault law this is
    - a. too little
    - b. the least anyone should have
    - c. more than minimum.



- 7.9 Criterion Measure (continued)
- 9. Which one of these three car owners has the best combination of insurance?
  - a. Alice, who carries collision and comprehensive
  - b. Joan, who carries comprehensive and uninsured motorist coverage
  - c. Linda, who carries liability and medical payments coverage
- 10. In 10/30/5 liability insurance, which number stands for coverage against property damage?
  - a. 10
  - ъ. 30
  - c. 5

COURSE	FAMILY LIVING
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TERMINAL	PERF	DRMANCE		
OBJECTIVE	NO.	7.0	(cont'd.)	)

ACCREDITATION	STANDARD:
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	INTERMEDIATE PERFORMANCE OBJECTIVES	NO.	CRITERION MEASURES
7.10	The student will demonstrate knowledge and skills needed to buy and use insurance to protect the individual and family as evidenced by correctly answering 7 out of 10 test items in the criterion measure.	7.10	See attached test
			ANSWERS:
			1. c 6. c 2. a 7. b 3. a 8. b 4. b 9. d 5. a 10. d
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# 7.10 Criterion Measure

DIRECTIO	ONS: Select the one best answer and place the <u>letter only</u> in the blank to the left of the number.
1.	The basic principle underlying insurance programs is that for a group of persons, losses a. are uncertain b. are already known c. should be shared by a group as a whole d. cannot be determined.
2.	The basic need for insurance is that the losses for an individual a. are certain but unknown b. cannot be determined c. are known but uncertain d. can be eliminated.
3.	A premium in insurance is  a. the amount paid for protection  b. a retard for buying protection  c. the past of his tax assessment  d. a dividend paid the policyholder.
4.	The beneficiary named in a life insurance policy is the person  a. whose life is covered  b. to whom the policy payments are made  c. who pays the premiums  d. who applies for the protection.
5.	The greatest protection against large losses due to illness is obtained through insurance covering a. major medical expenses b. hospital expenses c. surgical expenses d. medical expenses
6.	Insurance companies make loans against life insurance policies and charge a. no interest b. high interest c. relatively low interest d. compound interest.

7.10	Criterion	Measure	(continued)
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- 7. A provision in a health insurance policy that requires the policyholder to share in medical expenses is (a/an)
  - a. elimination provision
  - b. co-insurance clause
  - c. non-cancellable clause
  - d. incontestable provision.
- 8. A life insurance policy may contain the provision that premiums will not have to be paid if the insured is physically disabled for a period of at least six months. This provision is called
  - a. special benefit
  - b. extended coverage
  - c. waiver of premium
  - d. automatic coverage.
- 9. Life insurance premiums cost the most when they are paid
  - a. annually
  - b. semi-annually
  - c. quarterly
  - d. monthly
- \_\_\_\_10. When a person stops paying premiums on a life insurance policy (other than term), he may choose to
  - a. accept the cash values of the policy
  - b. let the policy stay in force for its full amount for a period of time
  - c. accept a policy for a reduced amount paid up for life
  - d. all of these choices are available.

COURSE	FAMILY LIVING	
TERMINAL PERFORMANCE	ACCREDITATION STANDARD:	
OBJECTIVE NO. 8.0		_

After completing a series of planned learnings, 76% of the students will exhibit knowledge of the responsibilities of parenthood as evidenced by correctly completing 70% of the test items.

	NO.	INTERMEDIATE PERFORMANCE OBJECTIVES	NO.	CRITERION MEASURES
			8.0	See attached
				e
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	z.		130	
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#### KEY TO CRITERION MEASURE - 8.0

#### PART I:

1. T 2. T 3. F

4. T

5. T

#### PART II:

A - 1. 2.

6.

B - 1.

6.

C - 1.

6.

3.

7. 8.

2. 3.

7. 8.

2. 3.

7. 8.

4. 5.

9. 10.

5.

9. 10.

9. 10.

#### PART III:

A - 1. T 2. F

4. T 5. F 6. T 7. T 8. T

10. T

3. т

B - 1. A

4. D

9. T , 7. C

10. B

2. B

3. A

5. C 6. B

8. A

9. D

C - 1. E

2. B 3. C

4. A 5. C

#### PART IV:

1. F

2. T

3. T

4. T

5. F

6. T

7. T 8. T

9. T

10. F

11. T

12. T 13. T

14. F

15. F

16. T

17. T

18. T 19. T 20. T

21. T

22. T 23. T

24. T

25. F

26. T

27. F 28. F

29. F 30. F

PART	<u>I</u> -	DIR	ECT	IONS	<u>s</u> :	Mar "F"	k t	he r F	sta ALS	ter E.	nen	ts	wi	L <b>t</b> h	"T"	for	: т	RUE	or
	1.		ev ily				th	ere	ar	e e	exa	ct.	Lу	tw	elve	sta	ıge	s i	n the
	<b>.</b>					fa of										ngth	a a	<b>c</b> c o	rding
	3.	par	tic	ipat	e 1	ess	in	ho	use	ho I	.d	dut	ti€	es,	bab	s in y ca dfat	re	an	t and d
	4.	Com			es a	re	try	ing	to	рı	οv	ide	e f	or	the	edu	ca	tio:	n of
	5.	One men twe	t of	E a	chi	1d	est is	in the	flu qu	enc ali	es ty	or of	ı t	he he	emo rel	tion atio	al ns	de <sup>,</sup> hip	velop be-
PART	II -	A	Ī		er,	c.h										ft o tha			bе
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		2.	skir	ı co	lor					_		7.	t	a1€	nts				
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		4. 1	bad	tem	per					_		9.	i	ndi	vid	uali	tу		
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8.0	Criterion	Measure	(continued)
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В	- DIRECTIONS: A normal child's development may be classified as: A.) physical, B.) social, C.) emotional and D.) intellectual. Classify the following abilities by using the above letters
1.	only. balances erectly 6. parallel plays
2.	learns to share7. shows independence
3.	alternates feet 8. throws ball over-hand
4.	compares two objects 9. classifies objects
5.	shows self-control10. smiles
	- DIRECTIONS: Below is a characteristic profile of five age groups. Using the letter only, match the correct age to the behavior profile.
	a. 1 to 2 years old b. 2 to 3 years old c. 3 to 4 years old d. 4 to 5 years old e. 5 to 6 years old
bec	t friends - are of same sex; play in small groups; ome discouraged easily; competition is keen. Enjoy rning new skills.
2. Lea	rning to talk; enjoys playing "peek-a-boo"; plays ng parallel lines rather than cooperative.
in	ative stage; isn't able to play cooperatively; speaks short sentences; may throw temper tantrum when over-
per	es games with movement; can't sit still for long iods; likes to "work with" tools; loves dramatic play; ks during play.
twe	y good imagination; hasn't made clear distinction be- en what is true or what is make believe; may have ginary playmate; likes to have familiar stories read



# 8.0 Criterion Measure (continued)

	•	ber, check those accomplishments that would need a special environment to develop an inherited characteristic.
		1. soloist on TV musical 6. missionary
		2. basketball player 7. policeman
		3. store clerk 8. artist
		4. doctor 9. horse jockey
		5. student10. race car driver
PART	III	A - $\overline{\text{DIRECTIONS}}$ : Mark the statements "T" for TRUE or "F" for FALSE.
	1.	The better the discipline, the fewer the punishments.
	2.	The children are unhappy, restless or rebellious, chances are that the parents have done something wrong.
	 ⊌'•	A child's development follows a pattern that is continuous and orderly.
——————————————————————————————————————	4.	A child's development proceeds from general to specific responses.
	5.	Each child passes over at least one stage during his development process.
<del></del>	6.	Environment has a major impact on the child's character.
	7.	Development is caused by maturation and environment.
	8. I	ncentive is one factor influencing the development of a child.
	9.	A three to four year old child usually dresses, feeds and washes himself.
1	0.	four to five year old child likes to be creative.

# 8.0 Cirterion Measure (continued)

-- D - DIRECTIONS: Children are frequently classified into stages within approximate age groups. Match the stage below with the approximate age.

APPROX	IMATE AGE	STAGE
1.	birth to 18 months	a. prenatal
2.	18 months to 3 years	b. infancy
3.	13 thru 19	c. toddler
4.	conception to birth	d. pre-school
5.	6 thru 8	e. kindergarten
6.	9 thru 12	f. primary
7.	3 and 4 year olds	g. pre-adolescence
8.	5 year olds	h. adolescence
PART IV -	DIRECTIONS: Mark the statements " for FALSE.	T" for TRUE or "F"
1. A	science of child rearing has been n scientific findings and experime	firmly established ntation.
2. E	ffective discipline for growing ch inually in the process of re-exami	ildren must be con- nation and revision.
t	nvironmental conditions, for two since same parents and in the same horifferent in a number of ways.	iblings reared with ne, are always
h	radually giving a child independend ighly as a child rearing practice t t once when he is grown.	ce is recommended more than to give it all
5. C	hild rearing generally makes more of han it does on the mother.	lemands on the father
ti	iddle class parents tend to teach a hrough building a conscience and an ne of guilt.	child control accompanying feel-



8.0 C	riterion Measure (continued)
ta.	
7.	Most authorities believe that children from poorly ad- justed families also tend to be poorly adjusted.
8.	The belief in permissiveness in child rearing has been modified in the direction of more controls based on reason rather than parental authority.
<u> </u>	The better the discipline, the fewer the purishments.
10.	If parents do the best they can to help, children will develop faster than they otherwise might do.
11.	Discipline is the use of power as an instrument of social control.
12.	Over one million children ingest hazardous materials every year.
13.	The kitchen accounts for more accidental poisonings each year than any other area.
14.	The peak age for accidental poisoning is four years of age.
15.	More girls than boys poison themselves.
16.	Over 95% of all accidental poisoning occurs when children are under the supervision of adults.
17.	Prematurity is the number-one cause of death in infants.
18.	Brain damage may result from malnutrition of the mother and the child.
19.	An attorney is needed to make sure that all legal requirements of the law have been met for an adoption.
20.	A court hearing is necessary to legalize an adoption.

Punishment is what parents and others resort to when

The child welfare agency exists to keep children from



their discipline fails.



21.

22.

harm.

8.0 Cr	iterion Measure (cortinued)
23.	The child welfare agency places children who suffer from serious physical, mental or emotional problems in the hands of specialists.
24.	Social workers are given the responsibility of helping a particular child.
25.	In Florida, most children are adopted through public welfare agencies.
26.	The artistic child seems to lack a sense-of-self and regards others in that same way.
27.	The Mongoloid child is not easily recognized by his appearance.
28.	Divorce is always harmful to the children involved; even a very unhappy home is better than a broken home.
29.	The way adopted children turn out depends entirely upon their treatment by the adopting parents.
30.	Parents should be told their child's IQ so they will know exactly how smart their child is.





COURSE	FAMILY LIVING

TERMINAL	PERF(	ORMANCE	
OBJECTIVE	NO.	8.0	(cont'd.)

ACCREDITATION	STANDARD:	

NO.	INTERMEDIATE PERFORMANCE OBJECTIVES	NO.	CRITERION MEASURES	
8.1	The student will recognize the responsibil- ities of parenthood during the family life cycle by correctly answering 7 out of 10 test questions in the criterion measure.	8.1	See attached	
			ANSWERS:	
			1. T 2. T 3. T 4. T 5. F 6. T	
	. ,		7. T 8. T 9. T 10. T	
	7%			
				•
		138		



# 8.1 Criterion Measure

DIRECTI	ONS: Mark the statements "T" for TRUE or "F" for FALSE.
1.	The family is recognized as the most significant in-fluence in determining the kind of person one becomes.
2.	What a baby needs most to promote development is a truly balanced diet of sound nourishment - both physical and emotional.
3.	Men of the future will become more aware of home tasks.
4.	It is the responsibility of the parents to adopt hous-ing arrangements suitable for the life of the child.
5.	Babies are not costly items.
6.	Forty-two percent of mothers today work outside the home and have children under 18 years of age.
7.	All families go through a life cycle.
8.	Parents are responsible for helping their children learn right from wrong.
9.	Children learn through activities with the family and others.
10.	Parents learn through experiences with their children.

COURSE	FAMILY L	LIVING	

TERMINAL :			
OBJECTIVE	NO.	8.0	(cont'd.)

ACCREDITATION	STANDARD:
1	•

NO.	INTERMEDIATE PERFORMANCE OBJECTIVES	NO.	CRITERION MEASURES
8.2	The student will exhibit knowledge of hereditary and environmental factors related to parenthood as evidenced by correctly answering 17 out of 25 questions in the criterion measure.		See attached
			ANSWERS:  PART I: 1. D 2. H 3. H 4. J 5. A 6. B 7. F 8. B 9. C 10. E  PART II: answer chart attached
		140	

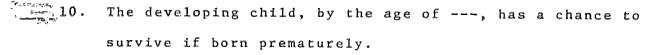
# 8.2 Criterion Measure - ANSWER CHART.

DEFECTS	VIRUS DISEASE	RADIATION	SMOKING	POOR NUTRITION	DRUGS
Smaller Babies		X	x	X	DROOS
Mental Deficiency	x'	x		×	,
Chromosome Damage	·				x
Deafness	×				×
Cataracts	×		··		
Birth Defects			<sub>ar a</sub> rmere	X	<b>x</b>
Stillbirth	x	·		×	
Blindness	<b>X</b> . universal				,



# 8.2 Criterion Measure

PART I -	DIRECTIONS: Using the list below, use the letter of the word (place it in the blank to the left of the number) that best completes the sentence. Some words may be used more than once.
	A. 3rd or 4th month B. embryo C. 7th, 8th, 9th month D. first E. middle of the 7th month and up F. early G. uterus H. placenta I. nine J. fetus
1.	The heart first begins to beat in the month.
2.	The embryo receives food and oxygen through the
3.	Waste is removed from the fetus through the
4.	After eight weeks, the unborn baby is called
5.	The risk from German measies is the greatest during the
	month.
6.	The period of growth when the most rapid change occurs
	is the period of the
<u> </u>	The part of the prenatal development is the most
	critical period of growth.
8.	The period of growth during which growth and development
	of body parts occurs is
9.	The major weight gain in pregnancy occurs during the





to the ---- month.

# 8.2 Criterion Measure (continued)

PART II - DIRECTIONS: Check the box that most appropriately indicates the effect of each environmental influence.

DEFECTE	VIRUS			POOR	
DEFECTS Smaller Babies	DISEASE	RADIATION	SMOKING	NUTRITION	DRUGS
Mental Deficiency					,
Chromosome Damage					
Deafness					
Cataracts					
Birth Defects	·				
Stillbirth					<u>, ,                                  </u>
Blindness					
,	<del></del>	production of		<u></u>	



COURSE	FAMILY LIVING

TERMINAL PERFORMANCE
OBJECTIVE NO. 8.0 (cont'd.)

ACCREDITATION STANDARD:

	NO.	INTERMEDIATE PERFORMANCE OBJECTIVES	NO.	CRITERION MEASURES
	8.3	The student will recognize the principles of child growth and development by correctly answering 14 out of 20 test items in the criterion measure.	8.3	See attached
				ANSWERS:
				$ \begin{array}{cccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$
				PART II: 1. F 6. F 2. G 7. T 3. F 8. T 4. F 9. F 5. T 10. T
4				:
	2 <sub></sub>			
	*			
	·	i come	14	4

## 8.3 Criterion Measure

PART	<u> </u>	the fo	CIONS: Learnings follow an order and pattern. Publiowing in order by numbering from 1 to 10 in the to the left of the sentence number.
		space	to the left of the sentence number.
	<del>** ','</del>	_ 1.	Closes fist on object handed to him.
		_ 2.	Picks up small objects with thumb and two fingers
	• • • •	3.	Gazes briefly at dangling objects.
		_ 4.	Reaches object, grasps, turns, drops and picks up
		_ 5.	Eyes follow moving object.
		_ 6.	Fits objects inside each other.
		_ 7.	Waves both arms toward object, can't get it.
	<del></del>	_ 8.	Strings large beads.
		_ 9.	Reaches for object and closes hand on it.
		_10.	Shows preference for one hand over other.
PART	<u>II</u> -	DIREC	TIONS: Mark the statements with "T" for TRUE or "F" for FALSE.
<u></u>	1.		rents do the best they can to help, children will op faster than they otherwise might do.
	2.	havio	ite of marked individual differences, child be- r does develop rather definite and somewhat pat- d stages.
	3.	As ch	ildren grow older, they always improve with age.
	4.		personality is almost entirely the result of the



0.3	criterion Measure (continued)
	• a <sub>n</sub>
5	Basic personality characteristics, that often remain with an individual throughout his lifetime, can often be observed even in infancy.
6	. If a baby has colic it is a sign that his mother is doing something wrong.
7.	Even hough each infant has his own timetable, it is generally possible to predict the stage an infant will go through as behavior develops.
8.	Whatever the child does with any part of his body gives a clue to the way his mind is functioning.
9.	A child's emotional state depends almost entirely on the way his parents treat him.
10.	There are some ages at which children are more likely to be calmer and happier than at other ages.





COURSE	FAMILY LIVING

TERMINAL PERFORMANCE
OBJECTIVE NO. 8.0 (cont'd.)

ACCREDITATION STANDARD:

	INTERMEDIATE PERFORMANCE OBJECTIVES	NO.	CRITERION MEASURES
8.4	The student will demonstrate knowledge of past and present approaches to child rearing by correctly answering 11 out of 15 test items in the criterion measure.		See attached
i			ANSWERS:
			PART A - 1. A 2. B 3. A 4. B 5. A
	. ,		PART B - 1. E 2. B 3. A 4. C 5. D
		,	PART C - 1. I 2. I 3. D 4. D 5. I
		•	. :
	-		
	1	47	

8	•	4	C	r	1	t	ė	r	i	o	n	M	e	a	s	u	r	e
---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---

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PART A -	<u>DIRECTIONS</u> : Child discipline may be $(\underline{A})$ authoritative - goal obedience or $(\underline{B})$ democratic - goal independence. Using the above underlined letters only, classify the training pattern being used.
	1. Letting the baby cry to avoid "spoiling it".
	2. Answering child's questions honestly.
	3. Forced toilet training.
	4. Increased freedom and responsibility for teenagers.
	5. Commands and rules.
PART B -	DIRECTIONS: Child rearing practices in America have been influenced by the writings of several men. Below is a list of some of those men and their philosophies. Using the letter only, match the lists correctly.
	A. Dr. John Watson B. Puritan Jonathan Edwards C. Sigmund Freud D. Dr. Arnold Gesell E. Dr. Benjamin Spock
1;	Children should be treated with kindness, in a relaxed atmosphere and taught to love rather than fear their parents.
2.	A child is a "young viper in God's sight"; "spare the rod and spoil the child".
3.	Child shaped entirely by habits acquired through contact with environment - treat child like minature adult.
4.	Child's emotional development could be harmed by un- favorable experiences during the early years - result-

ing in neurotic personality defects.

8.4	Cr	iterion Measure (continued)	
	5.	Child's potential for intelligence and person inborn. Child passes through predictable stadevelopment at predictable times.	ality are ges of
PART	<u>c</u> -	DIRECTIONS: Concern with child rearing patter with societal changes. Using the letter only, the following issues as to whether concern is creasing or (D) decreasing.	identify
		l. Helping the culturally deprived child compensate.	
		2. Teaching children to read at earlier age.	

children.

4. Working mothers producing maladjusted

3. Parents urging dating experience too



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TERMINAL	PERF(	ORMANCE	
OBJECTIVE	NO.	8.0	(cont'd.)

ACCREDITATION	STANDARD:	43	1
	114	-	

n P b	The student will recognize problem areas of parenthood as evidenced by answering 70% of the est questions in the criterion measure.	8.5	See attached
			ANSWERS:
- ,	·	e	PART I: 1. d 6. g 2. e 7. a 3. f 8. j 4. c 9. k 5. b 10. i
			PART II: 1. e 2. d 3. b 4. a 5. c
See .			
		150	



## 8.5 Criterion Measure

 $\underline{PART I}$  -  $\underline{DIRECTIONS}$ : Below is a list of specialists whe work with children. Using the letter only from the list of specialists, match with the correct description.

#### SPECIALISTS

- a. general practitioner
- b. pediatrician
- c. speech therapist
- d. physical therapist
- e. allergist
- f. psychologist

- g. ophthalmologisth. orthopedist
- i. orthodontist
- j. podiatrist
- k. dermatologist

#### DESCRIPTIONS:

1.	-helps people overcome or adjust to physical handicaps.
2.	-trained to help people who are made ill by certain substances or situations in the environment.
3.	-helps people overcome emotional or mental handicaps.
4.	-identifies and corrects speech problems.
5.	-a doctor who specializes in the treatment of children.
6.	-treats eye diseases.
7.	-doctor who gives general aid to patients.
8.	-doctor who treats feet.
9.	-doctor who treats skin.
10.	-doctor who treats teeth.





- 8.5 Criterion Measure (continued)
- PART II DIRECTIONS: Below are five major types of brain disorders currently recognized as affecting children.
  Using the letter only, match the term to the corresponding definition.

#### TERM

- a. cerebral palsy
- b. epilepsy
- c. retardation
- d. brain injury
- e. perceptual handicaps

#### DEFINITION:

1.	-one who has difficulty perceiving things in the usual way, and orients poorly in space.
 2.	-something went wrong during pregnancy or birth process resulting in brain damage.
 3.	-special disorder of the nervous system causing the brain to discharge too much electrical energy.
 4.	-brain injury resulting in difficulty in control of movement.
 5.	-child is substantially slower in his behavior than the average.





COURSE	FAMILY LIVING
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TERMINAL	PERF	DRMANCE	
OBJECTIVE	NO.	8.0	(cont'd.)

ACCREDITATION	STANDARD:

NO.	INTERMEDIATE PERFORMANCE OBJECTIVES	NO.	CRITER TON MEASURES
8.6	The student will recognize governmental and community agencies available to assist parents by correctly answering 15 out of 22 test items in the criterion measure.	8.6	See attached
			ANSWERS:
			<ol> <li>h</li> <li>a, f, d</li> <li>a, b, h, c</li> <li>g</li> <li>a, d</li> <li>a, c</li> <li>a, c</li> <li>a, c</li> <li>g</li> </ol>
			9. c, g 10. b, e, f, g
ē			
	·		•
			;
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and the state of t	approximate proper and the second		



## 8.6 Criterion Measure

\_\_\_\_\_10. GJEO

DIRECTIONS	]	Below is a list of community resto the right is a list of the sommunity restored the service service may be offered by more san agency may offer more than or	ervic ce of than	es ava: fered. one age	ilable. The	
	. 1.	Protective Services, Inc.	а.	guidar counse	nce and	
· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	2.	Family Consultation Service	ъ.	chi1d	care	
	3.	Division of Family Services	с.	handic	apped	
	•	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	d.	mental	health	1
	4.	Head Start	e.	physic	al heal	L t h
	5.	Mental Health Association	f.	legal	service	ès
			g.	educat	ion	
	6.	Child Guidance Clinic	h.	child	abus <b>e</b>	
	7.	Vocational Rehabilitation				
	8.	Community School Program				
	9.	Pine Castle Center				



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TERMINAL PERFORMANCE		ACCREDITATION	STANDARD:
OBJECTIVE NO. 8.0	(cont'd.)		

NO.	INTERMEDIATE PERFORMANCE OBJECTIVES	NO.	CRITERION MEASURES
8.7	The student demonstrates an ability to apply problem solving and communication skills to parent/child conflicts by correctly answering 70% of the test items in the criterion measure.	8.7	See attached
			ANSWERS: (attached)
			•
		<b>15</b> 5	
		199	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·



## 8.7 Criterion Measure - ANSWER SHEET

PART A - 1. - a. glad

b. relieved

4. - a. bored

b. stumped

2. - a. proud

b, pleased

5. - a. left behind

b. lonely

3. - a. afraid

b. fearful

#### PART B - 1. sending solution

- 2. blaming, judging, venting secondary feeling
- 3. name calling
- 4. hit and run
- 5. indirect message

# PART C - 1. "I can't read the paper and play, too. I really feel irritated when I can't have a little while alone to relax and read the paper."

- 2. "I'm in a big rush and it really makes me angry to be slowed down by replacing the plug. I don't feel like playing when I have work to get done."
- 3. "I can't enjoy my dinner when I see all that dirt. It makes me feel sick and lose my appetite."



## 8.7 Criterion Measure

## PART A - LISTENING FOR FEELINGS

Below are some typical "messages" children send. Read each - studying carefully for feelings. Write the feeling being expressed in one or several words. Some may have several feelings.

## CHILD SAYS

## CHILD IS FEELING

- 1. Oh boy, only 10 more days until school's out
- 2. Look Daddy, I made an airplane with my new tools.
- 3. Will you hold my hand when we go into the nursery school?
- Gee, I'm not having any fun.
   I can' think of anything to do.
- 5. All the other kids went to the beach. I don't have anyone to play with.

8.7 Criterion Measure (continued)

## PART B - RECOGNIZING INEFFECTIVE MESSAGES

Below is a list of sending errors parents make. Using the list of sending errors below, identify the reason the message is faulty.

## SITUATION AND MESSAGE

FAULTY SENDING BECAUSE

- 1. Kids fighting about which TV program to watch. "Stop that fighting and turn off the TV this minute."
- 2. Twelve-year-old left gate to pool open, endangering two-year-old. "What did you want to do, drown your baby brother? I'm furious with you!"
- 3. Child is disturbing you because he is getting attention of your guests by turning somersaults. Mother says, "You little show-off!"

**2** L...

8.7 Criterion Measure (continued)

(Part B - continued)

## SITUATION AND MESSAGE

FAULTY SENDING BECAUSE

4. Mother angry at child because dishes were not put away after being washed. As child is running off to school bus, Mother shouts, "I am very upset with you this morning. Do you know that?"

5. Mother comes in house and finds livingroom in a mess after she had asked the kids to keep it clean for company. "I hope you both had a lot of fun this afternoon at my expense."

## 8.7 Criterion Measure (continued)

## PART C - SENDING I MESSAGES

Read the situation, examine the "You Message", then write an "I Message".

## SITUATION:

## YOU MESSAGE

I MESSAGE

- Father wants to read paper. Child keeps climbing on lap. Father irritated.
- "You shouldn't ever interrupt someone when he is reading."

 Mother using vacuum cleaner. Child keeps pulling plug out of socket. Mother is in a hurry.

"You are being naughty."

 Child comes to table with very dirty face and hands.

"You're not being a responsible big boy - that's what a little baby might do."

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