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ABSTRACT

The resource quide is designed to accompany a manual for students described in SO 009 851. The purpose of the manual is to provide the undergraduate with an overview of the data collected by the Bureau of the Census. To make the manual more effective, this resource quide supplements listings of Census Bureau materials, and indicates how census materials may be acquired. The resource guide also can stand on its own as a useful tool for the classroom teacher of political science. The first chapter presents information about the formats of Census Bureau statistics and how to obtain them. For example, census figures are available in microform, on computer tape, or in printed reports. The second chapter lists the various censuses, emphasizing the population, housing, and governmental censuses. Several appendices conclude the document, including the answers to the exercises of the student manual. Tables and charts are interspersed throughout the document. (JR)

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U.S. CENSUS DATA FOR POLITICAL AND SOCIAL RESEARCH: A RESOURCE GUIDE

· by

Phyllis G. Carter

formerly of the U.S. Bureau of the Census

Division of Educational Affairs
The American Political Science Association
Washington, D.C.
1976



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Preface

The United States Bureau of the Census is often overlooked as a source of data by social scientists. Census statistics are ignored for several reasons. First, many researchers have a prejudice toward designing their own questionnaires and then collecting their own data. Second, many social scientists have serious reservations about the accuracy of census statistics. Third, census data are not used—in far too many cases—because academic researchers are unaware of what materials are available in the Census, either already tabulated or available for tabulation upon request.

All of these attitudes need to be examined. In an era when research money is becoming scarce and the cost of research is soaring, a massive body of statistics, collected in censuses and large sample surveys, should not be overlooked by the academic community. Instead, it should be viewed as a potential goldmine of useful information. Whether the statistics live up to their potential usefulness depends, of course, upon their accuracy. The Census Bureau itself recognizes that there are variations in the accuracy of the figures it prints, and its own estimates of error are on the public record. The academic researcher may also wish to assess the accuracy of census statistics. Nevertheless, overall, the data compare favorably with other sources of statistics utilized by academic researchers. Finally, the academic community should begin to inform itself of the range of material that is available in the Census Bureau; this pamphlet is designed to be a first step in that direction.

The Manual for Students, which accompanies the Resource Guide, is designed to give the undergraduate an overview of the data collected by the Bureau of the Census and to provide him or her with some practice in utilizing statistics of this type. To make the Manual for Students more effective, the Resource Guide supplements the listings of Census Bureau materials, and indicates how census materials may be acquired. Also, Appendix C. p. 97, contains the answers to the student exercises in

Chapter IV of the Student Manual.

The Resource Guide, however, also stands on its own as a useful tool for the classroom teacher of political science. First, through the use of this Resource Guide, the teacher may indicate to students potential sources of information for undergraduate research projects. The census information is



plentiful, cheap, and most of the information of interest to undergraduates will already be in university libraries.

Second, social scientists teaching statistics or research methodology may be interested in assigning census materials as an exercise in critiquing canvassing, collating or testing procedures. Again, the logical starting point for this type of assignment would be the Census Bureau's own publications dealing with errors. (See p. 49.) Third, the political scientist may want to employ this Resource Guide to locate statistics that are of use in his or her own research or in that of his or her graduate-students. In this connection, it should be noted again that the Census Bureau will provide, at cost, information which it has collected even if this information has never been published; it will also cross-tabulate statistics for a private user in different combinations than those already printed. Thus, any statistics which the Bureau has can be obtained, subject to considerations of confidentiality. As the Guide indicates, all these data may be obtained in several formats, including computer tapes.

As in the case of the Manual for Students, the emphasis in this Resource Guide is on statistics of population, housing, and governments; very little information is given on the Census/Bureau's economic statistics.

The American Political Science Association hopes that this Guide, and the accompanying Student Manual, will prove useful to all the members of the profession, and that it will contribute to a greater awareness of the research resources available in the United States.

Chapter 1. The Formats of the Census Bureau Statistics and How to Obtain Them

Census data are available to the public in many forms: printed reports, microfilm, microfiche, computer tapes, and others (e.g., computer printouts). Each format is useful for some purposes. In general, printed reports are better than computer tapes in undergraduate courses for the following reasons:

Lower Cost. The printed reports do not cost as much as the computer tapes; it costs about \$80 for a tape and less than \$5 for most printed reports. Furthermore, there are no programming or computer costs associated with the printed reports.

Ease of Use. Another advantage of the printed reports is that they are easier to use than computer tapes. The tapes require computers and several explanatory documents in addition to the tapes themselves. The printed reports, on the other hand, contain in a single document all that is needed to understand the data: labeled tables, easily read data, an introductory text and appendices that explain relevant concepts, information about statistical reliability, and, in some cases, maps.

Availability. A third advantage of the printed reports is that they are more readily available than are computer tapes. Printed reports can be examined in most libraries or in each of the 42 Department of Commerce Field Offices located throughout the country.

There are some disadvantages associated with printed reports:

Less Information. In the case of 1970 census data products, most printed reports do not provide as much information as the summary tapes. In fact, they usually are a byproduct of the tapes and an abbreviated version of them.

Less Geographical Detail. The printed reports do not provide as much geographical detail as the summary tapes. They do not, for example, contain data by ZIP code areas, census enumeration districts, or block groups

Harder to Manipulate. The data in the printed reports are harder to work with than computerized data, especially for the intensive user, because machines can more quickly and accurately perform many calculations and statistical tests. Most tables in the printed reports do not even show ratios and percentages.



The quarterly Bureau of the Census Catalog lists and describes each printed report and computer tape that becomes available to the public during the period covered by the particular issue. Other materials such as maps, computer programs, and selected special tabulations are also listed. The quarterly issues are cumulative; the final annual issue covers Census Bureau output of the entire calendar year. There are also monthly supplements that list non-periodic (i.e., one-time) publications issued in the specified month.

The Catalog is for sale by the Superintendent of Documents, U.S. Government Printing Office, Washington, D.C. 20402. The current subscription price is \$14.40 for four consecutive issues, and includes 12 month supplements. Single issues vary in price.

All of the publications—but not the unpublished materials such as computer tapes—issued by the Census Bureau and its predecessor agencies through 1972 are listed and described in a single volume with the title Bureau of the Census Catalog of Publications, 1790-1972 (911 p.. U.S. Government Printing Office, \$7.10).

A. Printed Reports

The quickest way to obtain a number of copies of a Government publication for classroom or other use is usually to borrow the publication from a library and to reproduce it on a copying machine. Government publications are not copyrighted.

The Bureau of the Census publications may also be purchased, singly or in multiple copies, at a relatively low cost since the prices charged for them by the U.S. Government Printing Office represent only the cost of printing, binding, and handling additional copies beyond those obtained by the Census Bureau for its own use.

Most Census Bureau publications are available from the U.S. Government Printing Office (GPO). However, because of the large volume of requests for publications received by GPO, there is a backlog of unfilled orders and delays should be expected. If you are ordering several publications, but wish one more rapidly, put it on a separate order form and enclose separate payment for it. Also, GPO Bookstores sometimes have Census Bureau reports on hand for purchase. (See bookstore list, below.)

Remittances must accompany all orders. Checks or money orders for Census Bureau publications should be made payable to the Superintendent of Documents. Coupons issued by the Superintendent of Documents or authorizations to charge to an established Superintendent of Documents deposit account will be accepted as payment.



Government Printing Office Bookstores

Alabama

Birmingham Bookstore Room 102A 2121 Building 2121 Eighth Avenue North Birmingham, Ala. 35203

California

Los Angeles Bookstore Room 1015 Federal Office Building 300 North Los Angeles Street Los Angeles, Calif. 90012

San Francisco Bookstore Room 1023 Federal Office Building 450 Golden Gate Avenue San Francisco, Calif. 94102

Colorado

Denver Bookstore Room 1421 Federal Building U.S. Courthouse 1961 Stout Street Denver, Colo. 80202

Pueblo Bookstore PDDC P.O. Box 713 Pueblo, Colo. 81001

Georgia

Atlanta Bookstore Room 100 Federal Building 275 Peachtree Street NE Atlanta, Georgia 30303

Illinois

Chicago Bookstore Room 1463, 14th Floor Everett McKinley Dirksen Bldg. 219 South Dearborn Street Chicago, Illinois 60604

Massachusetts

Boston Bookstore Room G25 John F. Kennedy Federal Bldg Sundbury Street Boston, Mass. 02203

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Detroit Bookstore Room 229 Federal Building 231 W. Lafayette Blvd. Detroit, Mich. 48226

Missouri

Kansas City Bookstore Room 135 Federal Office Building 601 East 12th Street Kansas City, Mo. 64106

New York

New York Bookstore Room 110 26 Federal Plaza New York, N.Y. 10007

Ohio

Canton Bookstore Federal Office Building 201 Clevelant Avenue SW Canton, Ohio 44702

Cleveland Bookstore New Federal Building 1240 East 9th Street Cleveland, Ohio 44199

Pennsylvania

Philadelphia Bookstore Main Lobby U.S. Post Office 9th and Chestnut Streets Philadelphia, Pa. 19107



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Texas

Dallas Bookstore
Room 1C46.
Federal Building
U.S. Courthouse
1100 Commerce, Street
Dallas, Texas 75202

Washington

Seattle Bookstore 1056 Federal Office Building 909 First Avenue Seattle, Wash. 98104

Washington, D.C.

Government Printing Office 710 North Capitol Street Washington, D.C. 20402

Department of Commerce Lobby 14th & Constitution Ave., N.W. Washington, D.C. 20230

Department of State Building 1st Floor 21st and C Streets, N.W. Washington, D.C. 20520 James H. Forrestal Bldg. 1000 Independence Ave. West Bldg., Room 1-J-001 Washington, D.C. 20024

USIA Building
1st Floor
1776 Pennsylvania Ave., N.W.
Washington, D.C. 20547
Pentagon Building
Main Concourse

South End Washington, D.C. 20310

Wisconsin

Milwaukee Bookstore 190 Federal Bldg. U.S. Courthouse 517 East Wisconsin Ave. Milwaukee, Wis. 53202

Publications of the Bureau of the Census may be reviewed at the U.S. Department of Commerce district offices and Census Bureau regional offices listed below. Also, staff members of these offices are prepared to assist you in locating the statistics you need or to put you in touch with someone who can be of assistance.

U.S. Department of Commerce District Offices.

Albuquerque, N. Mex. 87101, Room 316, U.S. Courthouse Anchorage, Alaska 99501, 412 Hill Building Atlanta, Ga. 30309, 1365 Peachtree St., N.E.

Baltimore, Md. 21202, Room 415, U.S. Customhouse Birmingham, Ala. 35205, Suite 200, 908 South 20th St. Boston, Mass. 02116, 441 Stuart St. Buffalo, N.Y. 14202, 1312 Federal Bldg.

Charleston, W.Va. 25301, 500 Quarrier St. Cheyenne, Wyo. 92001, 2120 Capitol Ave. Chicago, Ill. 60603, 55 East Monroe St. Cincinnati, Ohio 45202, 550 Main St.



Cleveland, Ohio 44114, 666 Euclid Ave. Columbia, S.C. 92204, 2611 Forest Dr.

Dallas, Tex. 75202, 1100 Commerce St.
Denver, Colo. 80202, Room 161, New Customhouse
Jes Moines, Iowa 50309, 210 Walnut St.
Detroit, Mich. 58226, Room 445, Federal Bldg.
Greensboro, N.C. 27402, Room 203, Federal Bldg.

Hartford, Conn. 06103, 450 Main St. Honolulu, Hawaii 96813, 1015 Bishop St. Houston, Tex. 77002, 201 Fannin St. Indianapolis, Ind. 46204, 46 East Ohio St. Los Angeles, Calif. 90024, 11000 Wilshire Blvd.

Memphis, Tenn. 38103, 147 Jefferson Ave. Miami, Fla. 33130, 25 West Flagler St. Milwau kee, Wis. 53203, 517 East Wisconsin Ave. Minneapolis, Minn. 55401, 110 South Fourth St.

Newark, N.J. 07102, 4th Floor, Gateway Bidg. New Orleans, La. 70130, 432 International Trade Mart New York, N.Y. 10007, 26 Federal Plaza, Foley Sq. Omaha, Nebr. 68102, 1620 Dodge St.

Philadelphia, Pa. 19106, 9448 Federal Bldg. Phoenix, Ariz. 85004, 112 North Central Ave. Pittsburgh, Pa. 15222, 1000 Liberty Ave. Portland, Oreg. 97205, 921 S.W. Washington St.

Reno, Nev. 89502, 300 Booth St. Richmond, Va. 23240, 400 North 8th St.

St. Louis, Mo. 63105, 120 South Central Ave. Salt Lake City, Utah 84111, 125 South State St. San Francisco, Calif. 94102, 450 Golden Gate Ave. San Juan, P.R. 00902, Room. 100, Post Office Bldg. Savannah, Ga. 31402, 125-29 Bull St. Seattle, Wash. 98109, 1700 Westlake Ave. North

Bureau of the Census Regional Offices

Atlanta, Ga. 30309, 1365 Peachtree St., N.E.
Boston, Mass. 02116, 441 Stuart St.
Charlotte, N.C. 28202, Suite 800, 230 S. Tryon St.
Chicago, Ill. 60605, 536 S. Clark St., Room 1085
Dallas, Tex. 75202, 1100 Commerce St.
Denver, Colo. 80225, 575 Union Bldg, Box 25207
Detroit, Mich 48226, 234 State St., Room 2100
Kansas City, Kans. 66101, One Gateway Center, 4th and State Streets
Los Angeles, Calif. 90024, 11000 Wilshire Blvd.



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Philadelphia, Pa. 19106, 600 Arch St., Room 9244 New York, N.Y. 10007, 26 Federal Plaza, Room 4102 Seattle, Wash. 98109, 1700 Westlake Ave. North

B. Census Statistics in Microform

Most of the publications of the Census Bureau are available on microfilm, microfiche, or both. At present, Census volumes are usually placed on microfiche within 2 months after the printed publication appears. In addition, some 1970 census summary tape data are available on microfilm.

Microfiche is one of the newest and most inexpensive methods of filing and later retrieving data. It is quite similar to microfilm except that microfiche is reproduced on a 4" x 6" film sheet which is capable of containing 98 pages of printed data. Like microfilm, it requires a special piece of equipment, called a reader, to display the pages with the image enlarged enough to read. An increasing number of libraries are using microfiche. As in the case of microfilm, some installations have additional equipment which reproduces an enlarged image of a page on paper which can be taken to the reader's desk.

The Census publications and summary tape data available on microfilm or microfiche and the organizations from which they may be purchased are listed below:

Decennial Censuses

1790-1890 Censuses, available from:

Publications Sales Branch (NEPS) National Archives (GSA) Washington, D.C. 20408

Publications of the Bureau of the Census, 1793-1917. This set includes the publications from the first 11 censuses, 1790-1890, and a publications list issued in 1917.

The Catalog of National Archives Microfilm Publications, published in 1974, identifies the 42 rolls of this set as T825 of Record Group (RG) 29.

United States Decennial Census Publications, 1790 to 1970. Includes the reports of each of the decennial censuses to date.

1790-1970 Censuses, available from:

Research Publications, Inc. 12 Lunar Drive New Haven, Conn. 06525

Format: Positive microfilm.

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A Guide to the Microfilm Edition of the United States Census Publications serves as a bibliography and reel index.

Form: Positive microfilm.

1960 Census, available from:

Population Division Bureau of the Census Washington, D.C. 20233

1960 Censuses of Population and Housing. Includes PHC(1), Census Tracts; Population, volumes 1 through III; Housing, volumes 1 through VII.

A Microfilm Order Form lists prices for paper copy of the individual reports.

Format: Paper copy or positive microfilm. (See also Research Publications, Inc., above.)

1970 Census, available from:

Customer Services Branch
Data User Services Division
Bureau of the Census
Washington, D.C. 20233

1970 Census of Population and Housing final reports.

Format: Microfiche or paper copy. (See also Research Publications, Inc., above.)

1970 Census Summary Tape data: First Count and Fifth Count (part).

Format: Positive microfilm or paper copy.

Other Publications

Greenwood Press, Inc. 51 Riverside Avenue Westport, Conn. 06880

United States Census Publications, 1820-1945 (exclusive of Decennial Census Publications). Based on entries in: U.S. Library of Congress. Census Library Project. Catalog of United States Census Publications, 1790-1945, Part 2.

A checklist with schedule of prices is available.

In process, *United States Census Publications*, 1946-1967 (exclusive of Decennial Census Publications).

Format: Microfiche.



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Congressional Information Service (CIS) 4720 Montgomery Lane Washington, D.C. 20014

Census publications listed in the American Statistics Index 1974. Annual and Retrospective Edition and its Supplements. Includes publications from the 1970 decennial census.

Format: Microfiche.

Readex Microprint Corp. 101 Fifth Avenue New York, N.Y. 10003

Census publications listed in the Monthly Catalog of United States Government Publications, 1958 to date.

A catalog and price list is available.

Format: Microprint.

Customer Services Branch Data User Services Division Bureau of the Census Washington, D.C. 20233

All Census publications containing final data issued January 1968 and subsequently. In addition, some series (e.g., Working Papers, Technical Papers, Current Population Reports) are available from their first issues forward, though they began prior to 1968.

Format: Microfiche or paper copy.

C. Computer Tapes and Special Tabulations

Computer Tapes. Summary Tapes. Most computer tapes available from the Census Bureau are "summary tapes," that is, tapes containing statistical totals for particular geographic areas. These statistical totals (such as counts of people by race, age, income, marital status and other characteristics or of housing units by number of persons per room, rent or value, presence of plumbing facilities, and other characteristics) are like those found in the printed reports; however, the summary tapes often have more tabulations and greater detail in the tabulations.

In addition, the summary tapes are generally useful for further machine processing in order to:

- Obtain totals for some types of areas for which data are not provided separately in the printed reports, namely, ZIP code areas, enumeration districts, and block groups.
- Combine small-area data to obtain data for special-purpose districts (school districts, or commuting areas, for example).



• Compute derived measures (averages, ratios, etc.).

Some summary tapes contain exactly the same statistics that are found in published reports. These tapes are used to summarize further or to rearrange the published data. For example, there are computer tape "copies" of all editions of the County and City Data Book. (A listing of 1970 Census of Population and Housing summary tapes appears p. 13.)

Computer Tapes. Individual Records. Tapes containing basic individual records are in nearly all cases confidential, and, therefore, the Census Bureau cannot sell them although the Bureau can prepare special tabulations of statistics from them. However, certain sets of non-confidential infividual records can be purchased from the Bureau:

Public-use Samples. Public-use samples of basic census records containing the responses to questionnaire items for statistically selected samples of households in the 1970 census are available on computer tape.

No names or addresses appear in the samples, and the geographic areas identified are sufficiently large (250,000 inhabitants or more) to avoid disclosure of information for specific persons or households.

In general, it is possible with these tapes to cross-tabulate any item on the questionnaire with any other item, for the geographic areas identified.

Six different public-use samples (with accompanying technical documentation) are available from the 1970 Census: three from the 5-percent census sample and three from the 15-percent census sample. There is a 5-percent and a 15-percent public-use sample in each of the following categories:

- States. State of residence of each household is provided and, for the larger states, whether the household was urban or rural, metropolitan or non-metropolitan, and whether or not it was within the central city of an SMSA.
- County groups. Every SMSA having a population of 250,000 or more persons is identified, as are subdivisions of SMSA's comprising one or more counties and having more than 250,000 inhabitants. Groups of functionally related counties are identified for the remainder of the country.
- Neighborhood characteristics. The location of the household's residence in one of the nine geographical divisions of the United States is identified. Two features distinguish the contents of these tapes: (1) Location of residence is also identified in terms of size of place or size of urbanized area, and (2) summary characteristics are provided for the neighborhood in which the household is located. Neighborhood characteristics are indicators presented as ratios, e.g., Negro population to the total population, families with low incomes



to total families, housing units lacking complete plumbing to total units, etc., for people and housing units. The "neighborhoods," defined by the Census Bureau, are approximately the same size as census tracts, but no information is given which would permit a user to determine the specific location of the neighborhoods.

Each of the six public-use samples is available in three sizes: one-in-100 primary sample, a one-in-1000 subsample, and a one-in-10,000 subsample. There is also a one-in-100 State public-use sample from the 1960 Census data files, which was created to make possible studies of changes from 1960 to 1970.

For further information, write to the Customer Services Branch, Data User Services Division, Bureau of the Census, Washington, D.C. 20233.

Nonconfidential returns. Nonconfidential returns from some of the public agencies that report on their activities for the Census Bureau's surveys are also available on tape. For example, information is available from each jurisdiction that issues building permits.

Special Tabulations. Special tabulations are prepared, at cost, from the individual records on the computer tapes, to meet specifications of individual users. They can be furnished on tape or punchcards or as computer printout, typewritten copy, or hand-posted tables. Many of the tabulations are available on microfilm, and either reels of microfilm or enlarged prints can be supplied.

Copies of special tabulated information that was furnished to the original purchaser are generally available to subsequent purchasers at a nominal fee which covers the cost of copying and appropriate overhead charges. For example, a special tabulation of 1970 Census data prepared for the Department of Housing and Urban Development provides more detailed data than were published on tenure and race of heads of households (12 categories), for the United States, regions; divisions, States, SMSA's, counties, and places of 25,000 or more inhabitants; these data are available to the public on two reels of computer tape or on four rolls of microfilm.

Requests for estimates of the cost of preparing a special tabulation should specify the geographic areas required and precisely what subjects are desired. The request should include a brief description of the project for which the tabulation will be used. If a tabulation is to be furnished on tape, the request should specify the characteristics required of the tape, e.g. density, parity, language, etc.

General Information. All computer tape purchases are accompanied by descriptions of data, a layout of the record format, the code structure used, and other needed technical documentation.

A potential buyer of computer tapes, before making contact with the Census Bureau, should consult with technical personnel concerning the



characteristics of the computer he expects to use so that in his initial contact with the Bureau he can furnish information on the characteristics required of the type (density, parity, language, etc.) to be processed on his computer.

Requests for tapes or cost estimates for tapes or special tabulations should be sent to the Customer Services Branch, Data User Services Division, Bureau of the Census, Washington, D.C. 20233. As of mid-1976, individual reels of summary tapes and public use sample tapes were priced at \$80.

Summary Tape Processing Centers. Many users of Census Bureau statistics have need for data available only on computer tape but do not have ready access to a computer or do not find it economically feasible to do their own processing. To facilitate access to the statistics they need, the Census Bureau has recognized many organizations—private, public, governmental, and academic—as Summary Tape Processing Centers. The Census Bureau recognizes those organizations and groups that file a statement with the Bureau indicating their intention to service the needs of census data users outside their organization and specifying their planned activities.

The Centers are not franchised, established, or supported by the Census Bureau. Data products of the Census Bureau are available to the Centers on the same basis as to all other data users. The forms which Centers assume, their purposes, and the services they provide are determined by the organizers. Centers establish their own cost structure for service and serve interested clients according to their own procedures.

Some Centers have used the summary tapes purchased from the Census Bureau to prepare other tapes which provide the same information in other formats or in other ways which they feel better serve their customers. In some cases a Center may provide a tape (or other form of data dissemination) containing, for example, selected extracts from 1970 summary tapes or rankings of areas according to selected characteristics, more quickly or at lower cost, or both, than the Census Bureau.

An address list of summary Tape Processing Centers may be obtained by writing to the Data Access and Use Staff, Data User Services Division, Bureau of the Census, Washington, D.C. 20233.

D. Library of the Bureau of the Census

The Library of the Bureau of the Census makes publications available through interlibrary loan, and provides a copying service at cost. Requests from other libraries for publications on interlibrary loan should be directed to: Bureau of the Gensus, Library, Washington, D.C. 20233. The Library is also open for on-site use by researchers who are working in the



subject areas in which it specializes; the physical location of the main library is: Bureau of the Census, FOB 3, Suitland, Maryland.

In addition to holdings of statistical, methodological, and other material in socio-economic fields, the Library has several special collections. Among them are three collections of publications which are of particular interest for political science:

1. United States Census Collection, consisting of the publications issued by the Census Bureau and its predecessor organizations, 1790 to

date.

Foreign and International Collection, consisting of censuses, statistical yearbooks, and statistical bulletins from most countries of the world, and selected publications of the United Nations and its specialized agencies

and other international organizations.

3. State and Local Government Collection, consisting of periodic reports for the five most recent years for all States, all counties, cities with populations of 10,000 and over, townships in New England and Middle Atlantic States, and selected special districts. State codes of law, directories, and research studies on governmental organizations, functions, and activities are acquired. (This collection is used extensively by Census Bureau staff for compilation and review of statistics on governments, so at any particular time there are large numbers of publications that are not available either for interlibrary loan or on-site use by other than Bureau staff. For on-site use, it is physically located in the Governments Division, Bureau of the Census, Scuderi Building, Room 311, 4235 28th Avenue, Marlow Heights, Maryland.)



Chapter 2. Censuses and Surveys

A. List of Censuses

• The table which follows presents the dates of the principal national censuses between 1790 and 1974:*

Population Censuses: Every 10 years, 1790-1970

Housing Censuses: Every 10 years, 1940-1970

Agriculture Censuses: Every 10 years, 1840-1920; every 5 years,

- 1925-1950 and 1954-1974. /

Irrigation Censuses: Every 10 years, 1910-1950; 1959; 1969 Drainage Censuses: Every 10 years, 1920-1950; 1959, 1969

Governments Censuses: Every 10 years, 1850-1900; every 10 years,

1912-1942; every 5 years, 1957-1972

Commercial Fisheries: 1880, 1889, 1908, 1963, 1967

Religious Bodies: Every 10 years, 1906-1936

^{*}The date used to designate each recent census is the date to which most of the data apply. In the case of many earlier censuses, especially Economic and Agriculture Censuses taken at the same time as the Population Census (i.e., in the years ending in 0), the data refer to the year preceding the date used to designate the census.

Censuses of Manufacturing, Mining, Retail Trade, Wholesale Trade, Service Industries, Construction, and Transportation

			T	ype of Cen	• •			
Date	Manufec- turing	Mining	Retail Trade	Wholesale Trade		Construc- tion Industries	Transpor tation	-
1810	X	`\	.					
1820	X	£	*6		•			
1840	/ x	Χ	Į.		•			
1850	- X	X			• •			
1860	X	ΧÌ						
1870	X	X.						
1880	· X	. X					5	
1890	X	×						
1900	· X	Χ .			•			
1905	, X			•				
1910	· X	X			•			
1915	. X							
1920	X	×		•				-
1921	, X , X , X , X				• .			
1923	X						٠.	
1925	X			•	•			
1927	· X		•		•			
1929	X X	×	Х	X		×		٠•.
1931	· X					,		
1933	X		Х	×	X			
1935	X X X	×	X	. X	. X	s X		
1937	X					•		
1939	х х	. X	Х	×	· X	×		•
1947	X	×		•				
1948			X	×	X			
1954	X	×	, X	×	X			
1958	· X	×	X	X	X			
1963	X	X	Χ .	X	×	, i .	X	
1967	X	X	X	X	• X	X	×	
1972	X	. X	X	X	×	X	X	

B. The Census of Population and Housing

The Decennial Census of Population and Housing is the largest undertaking of the Bureau of the Census. Over 193,000 temporary employees were hired for the 1970 census, and 70 million questionnaires were collected and processed. The statistics prepared from the 1970 census have been released in over 1,500 final reports and on more than 2,000 reels of computer tape.

This section presents an overview of the subjects covered in the 1970 census, the geographic areas for which statistics are reported, and the data products.



1. Items of Data Collected*

The following items were collected in the 1970 Decennial Census either on a 100% basis (from all individuals and housing units), or on a sample basis (from 20, 15, or 5 percent of all individuals and housing units).

*The Informational Questionnaire of the 1970 Census of Population and Housing, a composite of the three types of questionnaires used, is reproduced in Appendix A, p. 73.

Population Data Items Collected

		Sample Size		
ltem	100%	20%	15%	5%
Relationship to head of household Sex Color or race Age (month and year of birth) Marital status State or county of birth Spanish origin or descent Country of birth of parents Citizenship Year of immigration	X X X X	×	×	- X X X
Mother tongue Year moved into present house Place of residence in 1965 ¹ School or college enrollment Years of school completed Date of first marriage If married more than once, whether first marriage ended by death of spouse Number of children ever born Veteran status	,	×	× × × ×	∴x x
Vocational training Presence and duration of disability Employment status Hours worked last week Place of work Means and transportation to work Last year in which worked Industry Occupation Class of worker		× × × × ×	X· X	× ×
State of residence in 1965 ¹ . Working, in Armed Forces, or in college 5 years ago Industry 5 years ago Occupation 5 years ago Class of worker 5 years ago Weeks worked last year Wage and salary income Self-employment income Other income	•	××××	:	×

¹Statistics on State of residence in 1965 were collected on a 20-percent basis by means of the 15-percent item on place of residence in 1965 and the 5-percent item on State of residence in 1965.



Housing Data Items Collected²

		Sample Size		
tem	100%	20%	15%	5%
Number of living quarters at address	X			
Francis of quit or quarters 'd	X			
Vacancy status	X			
Ma-aka (mana)	X			
Telephone	X	٠.		
Access to unit	X			
Complete kitchen facilities	X			
Number of rooms	×			
Water supply	X			
Flush toilet	Χ •			
Flush tonet	×	٠.		
Bathtub or shower	â			
Recoment	^			
Tenure	^			
One family hours	. ^			
Commercial establishment on property	^	•		
Value of property	. ^			
Contract rent	. ^.		٠.	
Components of Gross rept		X		
Heating equipment	•	Х		
Year structure built		×		
Teal structure built		· X		
Number of units in structure and whether a trailer	•	· 😧		
Farm residence (acreage and sales of farm products)	•	^`	×	
Source of water	•	•	X	
Sewage disposal	•		Ŷ	
Rethrooms	•		×	
Air conditioning			ŵ	
Automobiles			^	:
Stories, elevator in structure	• -			
Fuel-heating, cooking, water heating				•
Number of bedrooms	' .			
Number of bedrooms	:			
Clothes washing machine				
Clothes dryer	•	,		٠,
Dishwasher:	•			
Food freezer	• .		٠.	
Tolovicion	•			
- Pattery-operated radio	• •			
Second home	• •			

²A number of additional items were collected in two independent sample surveys taken in connection with the Housing Census: The Survey of Components of Change (which measured changes in the Nation's housing stock—new construction, mergers, demolitions, etc.—between 1960 and 1970) and the Survey of Residential Finance.

2. Geographic Areas for Which Data are Presented

United States. This designation includes the 50 states and the District of Columbia.

Conterminous United States. The 48 conterminous States and the District of Columbia. Alaska, Hawaii and outlying areas are excluded.

Puerto Rico and Other Outlying Areas. The Commonwealth of Puerto Rico, the Virgin Islands of the United States, Guam, the Canal Zone, and American Samoa. In addition, population and housing totals are available



for the small outlying areas of Midway, Wake, Canton, and Enderbury Islands, Johnson Island and San Island, the Swan Islands, the Corn Islands, and the Trust Territory of the Pacific Islands.

Regions. The largest geographic areas within the United States for which census data are published. There are four regions—Northeast, North Central, South, and West—although for some purposes the Northeast and North Central regions have been combined. See map on page 19.

Geographic Divisions. There are nine geographic divisions in the United States, and these have been used largely unchanged for presentation of summary statistics since the 1910 Census. Each geographic division is composed of contiguous States, with Alaska and Hawaii also included in one of the divisions. Each is also completely contained within a region. See map on p. 20.

States. The major political units of the United States.

Congressional Districts. Political areas defined by State legislatures or the courts for purposes of electing Congressmen to the U.S. House of Representatives; subject to change based on Population Census counts.

Standard Metropolitan Statistical Areas (SMSA's). Counties (except in New England, where towns are used) containing at least one city having 50,000 or more inhabitants (or a city with at least 25,000 inhabitants, which, together with contiguous places, has a combined population of 50,000 and meets certain other criteria), plus adjacent counties which are metropolitan in character and economically and socially integrated with the central city (or counties).* An SMSA may contain counties in more than one State. (The example in the illustration on page 21 consists of only one county.)

Urbanized Areas. Densely settled areas in and surrounding large cities. Urbanized areas differ from SMSA's, which are composed of complete counties, in that they exclude rural portions of those SMSA counties that are largely metropolitan and may include urban portions of counties that are largely rural. Boundaries of urbanized areas tend to change in each census because they are defined on the basis of population distribution at the time of the census.

Counties. The primary political and administrative divisions of the States. The only major exceptions are Louisiana, where the divisions are called parishes, and Alaska, where 29 census divisions have been created as county equivalents for statistical purposes. There are a number of cities that are independent of any county organization; because they constitute primary divisions within their States, they are accorded the same treatment as counties in the preparation of census tabulations.



^{*}The Office of Management and Budget, Executive Office of the President, determines the SMSA definition. For the complete definition, see that office's publication, Standard Metropolitan Statistical Areas (Revised Edition, 1975).

Minor Civil Divisions (MCD's). The primary political and administrative subdivisions of counties, such as townships, towns, magisterial districts, precincts, etc. Population size varies greatly.

Census County Divisions (CCD's). Relatively permanent county subdivisions used in place of MCD's in 21 States that do not have MCD's

suitable for statistical reporting. Population size varies greatly.

Places. In Decennial Censuses, any delimited concentrations of population (such as cities, towns, and villages), regardless of the existence of legally prescribed boundaries, powers, or functions.

Incorporated Places. Cities, towns, etc., that are incorporated in accordance with the laws of their respective States, regardless of size, with the following exceptions: Towns in New England, New York, and Wisconsin and the boroughs of Alaska are considered to be MCD's and are not recognized as places.

Unincorporated Places. Concentrations of population, such as towns and villages, that are not incorporated. In the 1970 Census, data were published for each place with 1,000 or more inhabitants unless it was included in an urbanized area. If it was, data were not published separately for it unless the place had 5,000 or more inhabitants.

Census Tracts. Subdivisions of SMSA's (and of some cities and counties outside SMSA's), averaging 4,000 population each. Tract boundaries do not cross county lines. Tract boundaries are determined by a local committee, subject to Census Bureau approval. Tracts were designed initially to be relatively homogeneous with respect to population characteristics, economic statis, and living conditions.

Wards. Political subdivisions of many incorporated places, used for purposes of voting and representation. Population totals have been published for nearly 4,500 wards in cities with 10,000 or more persons.

ZIP Code Areas. Established by the U.S. Postal Service to facilitate the delivery of mail. ZIP code areas do not coincide with census areas, and change according to postal requirements. (Data for ZIP code areas are given the Fifth County summary tape but not in the printed reports.)

Enumeration Districts. Administrative divisions set up by the Census Bureau for control of the enumeration in areas where a door-to-door canvass was made by enumerators. The average population was 800. (Data for enumeration districts are given in computer tapes but not in the printed reports.)

Block Groups. Groups of city blocks in the areas where the census was taken by mail, averaging 1,000 population, which are the equivalent of enumeration districts. (Data for block groups are given in computer tapes but not in the printed reports.)

Blocks. Usually well defined pieces of land bounded by streets or roads. However, blocks may be irregular in shape and may be partially bounded by railroad tracks, streams, or similar identifiable features. Blocks do not cross census tract boundaries but may cross other boundaries such as city limits. Statistics for blocks are tabulated for all cities of 50,000 or more



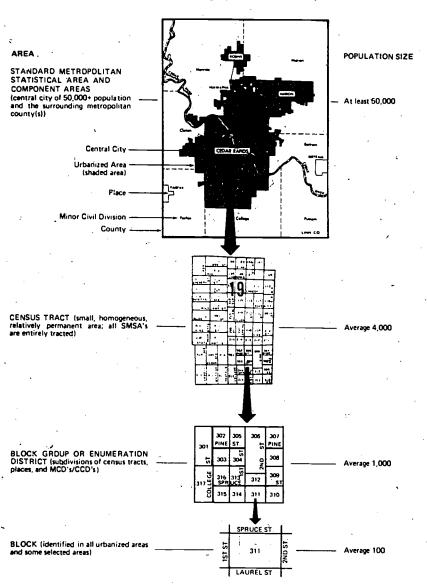
(at the time of the Census) and the urbanized areas of these cities. The Census Bureau also collected and tabulated data for blocks on a contract basis for more than 900 other areas.



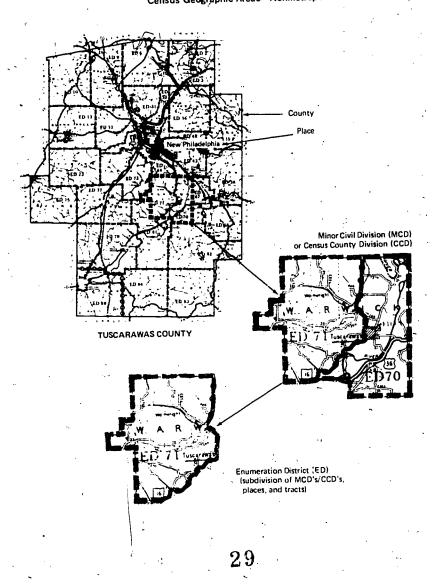
27



FIGURE 1a. Census Geographic Areas—Metropolitan

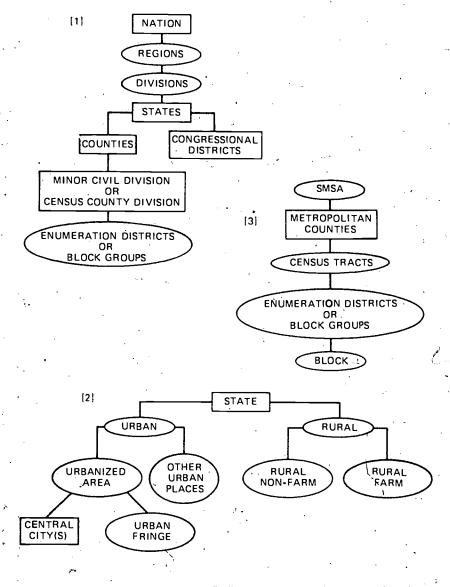


Census Geographic Areas—Nonmetropolitan



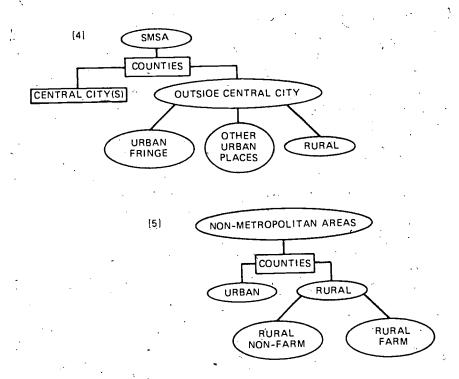
Census Bureau Geographic Units— Their Hierarchical Relationships

As shown below, governmental and statistical definitions of geographic areas intermingle; e.g., SMSA's are defined according to county boundaries. The chart also demonstrates that urban and rural areas are components of both metropolitan and nonmetropolitan areas. Most non-metropolitan counties have urban areas and most SMSA's have some rural areas.





Chapter 2 23



ABBREVIATIONS: 1

SMSA STANDARD METROPOLITAN

STATISTICAL AREA

MCD MINOR CIVIL DIVISION

CCD CENSUS COUNTY DIVISION

ED ENUMERATION DISTRICT

BG BLOCK GROUP

KEY:

GOVERNMENTAL UNITS

STATISTICAL UNITS

3. Publications from the 1970 Census

Publications from the 1970 Census that contain only population statistics are entitled 1970 Census of Population reports. Publications that contain only housing statistics, or that contain primarily housing statistics with just a few population statistics, are entitled 1970 Census of Housing reports. Those in which population and housing statistics are of equal importance are entitled 1970 Census of Population and Housing reports. All these reports appeared in three phases: preliminary, advance, and final (which supercedes the other two).

There are more than 1500 final 1970 census reports. They generally may be purchased from the Government Printing Office (GPO), though some are no longer in stock. The reports are listed in the following sections. Reports which are out of stock at GPO may be purchased from the Census Bureau. However, they are generally only available on microfiche or paper copy prepared from the microfiche, as described in the earlier section, "Census Statistics in Microform." Information on price and availability of reports may be obtained from the Subscribers Services Section, Bureau of the Census, Washington, D.C. 20233.

The descriptions of 1970 census reports in the following sections cover the basic characteristics of the reports, such as types of statistics presented and geographic areas reported. More detailed guidance, permitting location of specific tables in numerous 1970 reports, is available through the *Index to Selected 1970 Census Reports* by Paul T. Zeisset (U.S. Government Printing Office, 380 p., \$3.70).* The Index primarily consists of an alphabetized listing of tables according to their variables, such as age, race, or income and is exhaustively cross-referenced. An abbreviated report title and table number are given for each entry, so that tables of interest can be looked up easily.

Population Census, Vol. 1

Series PC(1)-A Number of Inhabitants

Series PC(1)-B General Population Characteristics

Series PC(1)-C General Social and Economic Characteristics

Series PC(1)-D Detailed Characteristics

Housing Census

Vol. 1

Series HC(1)-A General Housing Characteristics Series HC(1)-B Detailed Housing Characteristics

Vol. II Series HC(2) Metropolitan Housing Characteristics

Vol. III Series HC(3) Block Statistics

Population and Housing Census

Series PHC(1) Census Tract Reports

Series PHC(2) General Demographic Trends for Metropolitan Areas



^{*}The following series of publications are included in the Index:

a. Final Reports, 1970 Census of Population

Volume 1. Characteristics of Population. This volume consists of 58 numbered parts, some published in two separate volumes and some bound together into one volume, as shown on the chart below. Each volume has a hard cover.

Each of these 58 parts consists of four chapters, A, B, C, and D. Each chapter was first issued as a separate paperbound publication in one of four series—each Chapter A in series PC(1)-A, each chapter B in series PC(1)-B, each chapter C in series PC(1)-C, and each chapter D in series PC(1)-D.

Each Chapter A, Number of Inhabitants, which also is a report in series PC(1)-A1 through PC(1)-A58, presents final population counts for the following areas:

State
Standard metropolitan statistical areas
Counties (by urban and rural residence)
County subdivisions
Incorporated places
Unincorporated places of 1,000 or more

For Puerto Rico the population counts are presented for the island, standard metropolitan statistical areas, municipios, barrios, and places of 1,000 inhabitants or more.

For each of the other outlying areas, the counts are presented for the area, its principal districts or islands (by urban and rural residence, where appropriate), district or island subdivisions, and places.

Each Chapter B, General Population Characteristics, whether issued alone for as a report in series PC(1)-B1 through PC(1)-B58, presents statistics for items collected on a 100-percent basis, i.e., age, sex, race (except in the reports for Puerto Rico and the other outlying areas), marital status, and relationship to head of household, for the following areas:

State (or Puerto Rico or other outlying area)
Standard metropolitan statistical areas
Urbanized areas
Counties

The Index does *not* include the "subject reports" in the PC(2) and HC(7) series, or other reports that provide national data but do not generally include data for States, cities, or smaller areas.

The best available summary of those reports not covered in the Index, including many not in any specific 1970 Census series but related to its use, is *Data Access Description* No. 39. Reports Related to the 1970 Census of Population and Housing.



County subdivisions
Places of 1,000 or more

Each Chapter C, General Social and Economic Characteristics, which is also a report in series PC(1)-C1 through PC(1)-C53, presents statistics on:

Áge **Nativity** Place of birth Parentage Mother tongue Spanish heritage Years moved into present residence Residence in 1965 School enrollment Years of school completed Vocational training Veteran status Marital history Families and their composition

Fertility
Work disability
Employment status
Weeks worked in 1969
Activity 5 years ago
Place of work
Means of transportation to
work
Income
Poverty status
Occupation
Industry
Class of worker

Items such as sex and race are also presented in cross-classifications. For States with large Negro and/or Spanish-heritage populations, the reports present selected data for these groups.

Statistics are presented for some or all of the following areas:

State (by urban, rural nonfarm, and rural farm residence)
Standard metropolitan statistical areas
Urbanized areas
Counties
Places of 2,500 or more

For Puerto Rico, similar data for some but not for all of the above categories are presented. For Puerto Rico the statistics are given for municipios (by urban, rural nonfarm, and rural farm residence), in addition to the areas listed above.

Each Chapter D, Detailed Characteristics, which is also a report in series PC(1)-D1 through PC(1)-D53, presents detailed statistics for most of the population items collected on a sample basis, cross-classified by age, sex, race, and other characteristics, for the following areas:

State (by urban, rural nonfarm, and rural farm residence)
Standard metropolitan statistical areas of 100,000 inhabitants or more
Central cities of standard metropolitan statistical areas of 250,000 inhabitants or more
Cities of 100,000 inhabitants or more

For Puerto Rico, the areas are the island (by urban, rural nonfarm, and rural farm residence), standard metropolitan statistical areas, and cities of 50,000 inhabitants or more.

For areas with large Negro and/or Spanish-heritage populations, the

reports present selected characteristics for these groups.

15-

There are no series PC(1)-C or PC(1)-D reports for the outlying areas. Chapter A for each outlying area presents statistics on the number of inhabitants, and Chapter B presents statistics equivalent to those in Chapters B, D, and D for the States.

The following charts list all the volumes and series of reports described above.

1970 Census of Population, Volume I, Parts 1-58

Areas	Part No.	No. of : Pages	Areas	Part No.	No. of Pages
U.S. Summary			New Jersey		
Section 1	1	584	Section 1	32	600
Section 2	'	1,115	Section 2		1,128
Alabama	2	1,064	New Mexico	33	752
Alaska	3	544	New York		
Arizona	. 4	880	Section 1	- 34	704
Ar kansas	5	1.020	Section 2	. 34	1,976
California	-	•	North Carolina	35	1,160
Section 1		1,136	North Dakota	36	612
Section 2	· 6	2,008	Ohio '		,
Colorado	7	880	Section 1	27	876
Connecticut	7 8 9	1,156	Section 2	37	1,284
Delaware	ğ	628	Oklahoma	38	1,012
District of Columbia	10	588	Oregon	39	716
Florida		, 500	Pennsylvania	,	
Section 1		588	Section 1		736
Section 2	11	1.108	Section 2	40	1,204
•	12	1,360	Rhode Island	41	688
Georgia Hawaii	13	604	South Carolina	42	1,116
	14	604	South Dakota	43	652
Idaho 3	14	. 004	Tennessee	44	1,236
Illinois Section 1		836	Texas		.,
Section 2	15	780	Section 1		- 1,260
	16	1,500	Section 2	45	1,512
Indiana	17	1,076	Utah "	46	712
lowa	18	1,078	Vermont	47	528
Kansas	,19	1,168	Virginia	48	1,440
Kentucky	20	1,172	Washington	49	980
Louisiana	21		West Virginia	50	808
Maine		596	Wisconsin	50 51	1,144
Maryland	22	1,072		52	524
Massachusetts	-23	1,316	Wyoming Puerto Rico	52 53	1,460
Michigan	24	1,472		54	. 1,400
Minnesota	25	1,020	Guam 🤛	5 4 55	
Mississippi	26	884	Virgin Islands	56	
Missouri	27	1,144	American Samoa	50 57	264
Montana	28	604	Canal Zone	5/	
Nebraska	29	. 845	Trust Territory of	-	
Nevada	30	616	Pacific Islands	58	1
New Hampshire	31	580			• "

28 Chapter 2

1970 Census of Population, Series PC(1)-A, -B, -C, -D Reports
(Final Report, Volume I, Characteristics of the Population)

PC(1)-A, Number of Inhabitants PC(1)-B, General Rocal Population of Characteristics Population of Pages Pages						·
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Virginia 48 46 172 421 867 Washington 49 39 104 270 628						
Washington 49 39 104 270 628						
	West Virginia	5 0	36	105	289	443



1970 Census of Population, Series PC(1)-A, -B, -C, -D Reports (continued)

Areas	Report No.	PC(1)-A No. of Pages	PC(1)-B No. of Pages	PC(1)-C No. of Pages	PC(1)-D No, of Pages
Wisconsin Wyoming Puerto Rico Guam Virgin Islands American Samoa Canal Zone	51 52 53 54 55 56 57	54 26 49 11 10 10	165 65 154 86 61 48	349 165 516	640 335 844 3
Trust Territory of the Pacific Islands	58	. 16	75	·	

¹ Section 1 (1,084 pages) and Section 2 (924 pages).

Volume II. Subject Reports. All the subject reports, each of which is 'also a report in series PC(2)-1A through PC(2)-10B, are listed below. Detailed information and cross-classifications generally are provided on a national and regional level. In a few reports, data for States or standard metropolitan statistical areas are shown.

· ·	1	·
	Report No.	No. of Pages
Title	1A	540
National Origin and Language	18	244
		236
Persons of Spanish Origin	10	156
		160
n minne in the United States	• • -	232
		220
. ALTER AND ENDONNERS THE UNITED STORY		300
State of 8irth	2A 2B	460
A A A A A A A A A A A A A A A A A A A		460
		552
		396
		424
		332
Family Composition	4A 48	204
		332
Marital Status	40	856
		556
		380
		284
1 Ass_inmont		366
		456
		284
		204
		1,270 236
Veterans Occupational Characteristics	7A	848_
Occupational Characteristics		

²Section 1 (788 pages) and Section 2 (720 pages).

³No series PC(1)-C or -D reports for Guam, Virgin Islands, American Samoa, and Canal Zone, and Trust Territory of the Pacific Islands.

(continued)

Title	Report No.	No. of Pages
Industrial Characteristics	78	412
		531
Occupation and Residence in 1966	7D	308
		152
		156
		512 .437
		856
Low-Income Areas in Large Cities	9A	500
		912
State Economic Areas	10A	184 480

Series PC(S1), Supplementary Reports. These reports present miscellaneous population data, such as special compllations that could not be accommodated in Volumes I and II reports, and also selected tables from those reports, to permit distribution of the particular figures in an inexpensive format. Examples are shown below.

Title	Report No.	No. of Pages
Distribution of the Negro Population, by County	. 1	
		17
Age at First Marriage and Children From Rose for the Live	. 3	ii
States: 1970		10
United States: 1970 Educational Attainment by Age, Sex and Race for the United States: 1970	35	6.
United States: 1970 Characteristics of Negro Immigrants to Selected Metropolitan		1,1
Areas: 1970	47	34
Interstate Migration by State: 1970 Social and Economic Characteristics by Detailed Industry		20
for the United States: 1970	49	12

. b. Final Reports, 1970 Census of Housing

The following tables list the final reports of the 1970 decennial Census for Housing:

Volume 1, Housing Characteristics for States, Cities, and Counties. Consists of 58 numbered parts, some bound together into one volume, as shown below. Each volume is hardbound.



	Report	No. of			No. of
State	No.	Pages	State	No.	Pages
U.S. Summary	1	524	New Hampshire	31	1.41
Alabama	. 2	295	New Jersey	32	351
Alaska	3	128	New Mexico	33	171
Arizona	4	168	New York	34	427
Arkansas	. 5	263	North Carolina	35	335
California	6	656	North Dakota	36	170
Colorado	7	218	Ohio	37	508
Connecticut	8 9	231	Oklahoma	38	263
Delaware	9	124	Oregon	39	187
District of Columbia	10	-101	Pennsylvania	40	425
Florida	11	374	Rhode Island	41	153
Georgia	12	412	South Carolina	42	224
Hawaii	13	133	South Dakota	43	185
Idaho	14	169`	Tennessee	44	285
Illinois	15	-464	Texas	45	779
Indiana	16	313	Utah	46	173
lowa	17	300	Vermont	47	112
Kansas	18	177	Virginia	48	392
Kentucky	19	439	Washington	49	203
Louisiana	20	273	West Virginia	50	219
Maine	21	149	Wisconsin	51	290
Maryland	22	234	Wyoming	52	124
Massachusetts	23	326	Puerto Rico	53	316
Michigan	24	266	Guam [*]	54	
Minnesota	25	268	Virgin Işlands	55	
Mississippi	26	248	American Samoa	56	122
Missouri	27	-248	Canal Zone	57	122
Montana	28	176	Trust Territory of		
Nebraska	29	230	the Pacific Islands	158	
Nevada	30	. 143	•		

Each part contains two chapters, A and B. Each chapter was issued as a separate paperbound report in series HC(1)-A or Series HC(1)-B.

Each Chapter A, General Housing Characteristics, also issued as series HC(1)-A1 through HC(1)-A58, presents statistics on:

Tenure	Units in structure
Kitchen facilities	Mobile homes
Plumbing facilities	Telephones -
Number of rooms	Value
Persons per room	contract rent
•	Vacancy status

for some or all of the following areas:

State (by urban and rural residence)
Standard metropolitan statistical areas
Urbanized areas
Counties

Places of 1,000 inhabitants or more

For Puerto Rico the statistics are presented for the island (by urban and rural residence), standard metropolitan statistical areas (by central city and urban balance), urbanized areas, municipios, and places of 1,000 or more.



For the outlying areas, all the housing data are included in chapters A; no chapters B were issued for these areas. The statistics are presented for the area, its principal districts or islands (by urban and rural residence, where appropriate), district or island subdivisions, and places.

Each Chapter B, Detailed Housing Characterics (also issued as a report in series HC(1)-B1 through HC(1)-B53, contains detailed housing data for each State, Puerto Rico, and a U.S. summary, for the following areas:

State
Standard metropolitan statistical areas
Urbanized areas
Counties (by urban and rural residence)
Places of 2,500 inhabitants or more

For States with large Negro and/or Spanish-heritage populations, the reports present selected data for these groups.

The following chart lists the reports described above.

1970 Census of Housing, Series HC(1)-A, -B Reports (Preprints of Volume I, Housing Characteristics for States, Cities, and Counties)

		HC(1)-A, General, Housing Characteristics	HC(1)-B, Detailed Housing Characteristics No. of Pages		
Area	Report No.	No. of Pages			
U.S. Summary	1	241	261		
Alabama	2	98	275		
Alaska	2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 10	46	98		
Arizona ` \	4	64	118		
Arkansas	5 ·	84	193		
California	6	235	433		
Colorado	7	659	168		
Connecticut	8	103	1 <u>34</u>		
Delaware	. 9	53	. 85		
District of Columbia		16	106		
Florida	11	137	252		
Georgia	12	109	313 🗀 🌣		
Hawaii	13	56	20		
Idaho	14	66	125		
Illinois	15	164	313		
Indiana	16	128	248		
lowa .	. 17	96	218		
Kansas `	18	81	• 211		
Kentucky	19	102	260		
Louisiana	20	92	194		
Maine	21	64	98		
Maryland	22	90	155		
Massachusetts	23	144	196		
Michigan .	24	127	253		
Minnesota	¹ 25	86	194		



1970 Census of Housing, Series HC(1) A, -B Reports (continued)

Area	Report No.	HC(1)-A No. of Pages	HC(1)-B No. of Pages	
Mississippi	26	72	196	
Missouri	27	105	242	
Montana	28	54	135	
Nebraska .	29 5	64	179	
Nevada ,	30	62	103	
New Hampshire	31	··· 60	· 93	
New Jersey	32	147	` 216	
New Mexico	33	59	124	
New York	34	170	266	
North Carolina	35	100	243	
North Dukota	36	54	131	
Ohio	37	189	331	
Oklahoma	38	82	· 192	
Oregon .	39	66	132	
Pennsy Ivania	40	173	266	
Rhode Island	41 .	63	107 :	
South Carolina	42	· 81	157	
South Dakota	43	55	141	
Tennessee	44	. 84	. 212	
Texas	45	206	584	
Utah	46	64	121	
Vermont	47	44	82	
Virginia ,	48	105	301	
Washington	49 °	72 '	145	
West Virginia	50	. 75	155	
Wisconsin	51	104	199	
Wyoming	. 52	44	91	
Puerto Rico	53	110	227	
Guam	54	58		
Virgin Islands	55	·· 33		
American Samoa	56	22	none	
Canal Zone	57	23	issued	
Trust Territory of the				
Pacific Islands	58	39	•	

Volume 11. Metropolitan Housing Characteristics, consists of 248 reports, identified also as reports in series HC(2)-1 through HC(2)-248. There is one report for each of the 243 standard metropolitan statistical areas in the United States and the four in Puerto Rico, and a U.S. summary.

Each contains the following data in considerable detail:

Occupancy and vacancy characteristics

Utilization characteristics (number of rooms, number of persons, persons per room, number of bedrooms)

Plumbing (plumbing facilities, bathrooms)

Structural characteristics (units in structure, year structure built, elevator in structure)

Equipment and appliances (heating, air conditioning, automobiles, second home, clothes washer, clothes dryer, dishwasher, and home freezer)



Financial characteristics (value, rent, etc.)

Household characteristics (household composition and income)

The reports for Puerto Rico contain similar data, plus data for the housing items asked only in that island.

For U.S. standard metropolitan statistical areas with large Negro or Spanish-heritage populations, the reports present statistics for these groups.

Statistics are presented for:

Standard metropolitan statistical area

Central city of SMSA

Other cities of 50,000 inhabitants or more within the SMSA

All of these reports are listed below.

1970 Census of Housing, Series HC(2), Vol. II, Metropolitan Housing Characteristics

Standard Metropolitan Statistical Area	Report No.	No. of Pages	Standard Metropoliten Statistical Area	Report No.	No. of Pages
United States and			Bloomington-Normal, II!.	28	60
Regions 2	1	472	Boise City, Idaho	29	50
Abilene, Tex.	2 3	50	- Boston, Mass.	30	148
Akron, Ohio	3	65	Bridgeport, Conn.	'31	66
Albany, Ga.	• 4	65	Bristol; Conn.	32	51
Albany-Schenectady-			Brockton, Mass.	33	51
Troy, N.Y.	5 6	69	Brownsville-Harlingen-		
Albuquerque, N. Mex.	6	66	San Benito, Tex.	34	84
Allentown-Bethlehem-			Bryan-College Station, Te	x. 35	5 9
Easton, PaN.J.	. 7	68	Buffalo, N.Y.	36	75
Altoona, Pa.	8	50	Canton, Ohio	37	50
Amarillo, Tex.	9	50	Cedar Rapids, Iowa	38	50
Anaheim-Santa Ana-			. Champaign-Urbana, III.	39	60
Carden Grove, Calif.	10	140	Charleston, S.C.	40	66
Anderson, Ind.	11	50	Charleston, W. Va.	41	50
Ann Arbor, Mich.	12	50	Charlotte, N.C.	42	66
Appleton-Oshkosh, Wis.	13	50	Chattanooga, Tenn. Ga.	43	66
Asheville, N.C.	14	50	Chicago, III.	44	201
Atlanta, Ga.	15	67	Cincinnati, Ohio-KyInd	. 45	56
Atlantic City, N.J.	16	58	Cleveland, Ohio	46	103
Augusta, GaS.C.	17	60	Colorado Springs, Colo.	47	50
Austin, Tex.	18	82	Columbia, Mo.	48	58
Bakersfield, Calif.	19	48	Columbia, S.C.	49	66
Baltimore, Md.	20	94	Columbus, GaAla.	50	68
Baton Rouge, La.	21	66	Columbus, Ohio	51	67
Bay City, Mich.	22	50	Corpus Christi, Tex.	52	66
Beaumont-Port Arthur-			Dallas, Tex.	53	127
Orange, Tex.	23	82	Danbury, Conn.	54	51
Billings, Mont.	24	. 50	Davenport-Rock Island-		
Biloxi-Gulfport, Miss.	25	59	Moline, Iowa-III.	55	68
Binghamton, N.Y. Pa.	26	50	Dayton, Ohio) 56	76
Birmingham, Ala.	. 27	66	Decatur, III.	J 57	50



1970 Census of Housing, Series HC(2), Vol. II (continued)

Denver, Colo. 58 109 Lafayette-West Lafayette, Ind. 106 61 Der Moines, Iowa 59 51 Lafayette, Ind. 106 61 Dubuque, Iowa 61 50 Lake Charles, La. 107 51 Dubuque, Iowa 61 50 Lancaster, Pa. 108 50 Durham, N.C. 63 64 Larvedo, Tex. 110 60 Eire, Pa. 65 50 Las Vegas, Nev. 111 50 Eire, Pa. 65 50 Las Vegas, Nev. 111 50 Evansville, IndKy. 67 58 Lawon, Okla. 113 50 Evansville, IndKy. 67 58 Levington, Ky. 115 50 Fall River, Mass. Al. 68 52 Levington, Nev. 115 50 Faytreville, N.C. 70 58 Lincoln, Nebr. 117 50 Film, Mich. 72 67 Lorain-Elyria, Ohio 119 50 Fort Smith, Ark-Wis. <th>Standard Metropolitan Statistical Area</th> <th>Report No.</th> <th>No. of Pages</th> <th>Standard Metropolitan Statistical Area</th> <th>Report No.</th> <th>No. of Pages</th>	Standard Metropolitan Statistical Area	Report No.	No. of Pages	Standard Metropolitan Statistical Area	Report No.	No. of Pages
Des Moines, Iowa	Denver Colo	58	109	Lafavette-West		ί.
Detroit, Mich. Dubuque, Iowa Wis. Durham, N.C. 63 64 Lancaster, Pa. Lansing, Mich. 109 50 Laredo, Tex. 110 60 Durham, N.C. El Paso, Tex. Elegne, Oreg. Eleyene, Oreg. Evansville, IndKy. Elal River, MassR.I. 68 52 Evansville, IndKy. Eride, Pa. Evansville, IndKy.					106	61
Dubuque, lowa Duluth-Superior, Minn. Wis. Durham, N.C. 62 59 Durham, N.C. 63 64 Lansing, Mich. Erie, Pa. 65 50 Lansing, Mich. Erie, Pa. 66 66 El Paso, Tex. 66 66 El Paso, Tex. 67 58 Eugene, Oreg. Eugene, Oreg. Eugene, Oreg. Eugene, Oreg. Eugene, Oreg. Evansville, IndKy. Fall River, Mass. R.I. Fargo-Moorhead, N. Dak Minn. Fayetteville, N.C. Fitchburg-Leominsmer, Mass. Flint, Mich. Fort Lauderdale- Hollywood, Fla. Fort Smith, Ark-Wis. Fort Wayne, Ind. Fort Smith, Ark-Wis. Fort Wayne, Ind. Fort Smith, Ark-Wis. Fort Wayne, Ind. Fort Wayne, Ind. Fort Wayne, Ind. Fort Wayne, Ind. Fort Gadsden, Ala. Gainesville, Fla. Galveston-Texas City, Tex. Gary-Hammond-East Chicago, Ind. Grean Rapids, Mich. Grean Rapids, Mich. Grean Bay, Wis. Greensboro-Winston- Salem-High Point, N.C. Green Bay, Wis. Greensboro-Winston- Salem-High Point, N.C. Green Bay, Wis. Greensboro-Winston- Salem-High Point, N.C. Green Wis, Greensboro-Winston- Salem-High Point, N.C. Berry Corn. Be					107	51
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1970 Census of Housing, Series HC(2), Vol. II (continued)

1970 Census of Housing,	Series I	IC(2), V	ol. II (continued)		
Standard Matropolitan Statistical Area	Report No.	No. of Pages	Standard Metropolitan Statistical Area	Report No.	No of Page
Norwalk, Conn.	153	51	Scranton, Pa.	200	50
Odessa, Tex.	154	50	Seattle-Everett, Wash.	201	84
Ogden, Utah	155	. 50	Sherman-Denison, Tex.	202	59
Oklahoma City, Okla.	156.	76	Shreveport, La.	203	65
Omaha, Nebrlowa	157 ·	76 66	Sioux City, Iowa-Nebr.	204	50
Orlando, Fla.	158 159	66	Sioux Falls, S. Dak.	205	50
Owensboro, Ky. Oxnard-Ventura, Calif.	160	50 77	South Bend, Ind.	206	50
Paterson-Clifton-	100	,,	Spokane, Wash.	207	50
Passaic, N.J.	161	85	Springfield, III.	208	50 48
Pensacola, Fla.	162	. 65 58	Springfield, Mo.	209	,51
Peoria, III.	163	50 50	Springfield, Ohio Springfield-Chicopee-	,210	/31
Petersburg-Colonial		50	Hølyoke, MassConn.	211 /	⁄ 6€
Heights, Va.	164	67	Stamford, Conn.	212	51
Philadelphia, PaN.J.	165	117	Steubenville-Weirton,	-7	•
Phoenix, Ariz.	166	110	/ Ohio-W. Va.	213	69
Pine Bluff, Ark.	167	58	/ Stockton, Calif.	/214	59
Pittsburgh, Pa.	168	47	Syracuse, N.Y.	215	5
Pittsfield, Mass.	169	51 <i>/</i>	Tacoma, Wash.	216	50
Portland, Maine	170	51 _č	Tallahassee, Fla.	217	59
Portland, OregWash.	171	51 [,]	Tampa-St. Petersburg, Fla	. 218	108
Providence-Pawtucket-			Terre Haute, Ind.	. 219	51
Warwick, R.IMass.	172	19	Texarkana, TexArk.	220	59
Provo-Orem, Utah	173	/ 59	Toledo, Ohio-Mich.	221	66
Pueblo, Colo	174	66	Topeka, Kans.	222	50
Racine, Wis.	175	50	Trenton, N.J.	223	66
Raleigh, N.C.	176	47	Tucson, Ariz.	224	6
Reading, Pa.	177 178	50 ∿ 50	Tulsa, Okla.	225	67 58
Reno, Nev. Richmond, Va.	179	67	Tuscalóosa, Ala.	226	
Roanoke, Va.	180	50	Tyler, Tex. Utica-Rome, N.Y.	227 228	. 50 . 59
Rochester, Minn.	181	50 50	Vallejo-Napa, Calif.	229	. 60
Rochester, N.Y.	182	66	Vineland-Millville-	223	•
Rockford, III.	183	50	Bridgeton, N.J.	230	61
Sacramento, Calif.	184	92	Waco, Tex.	231	50
Saginaw, Mich.	185	48	Washington, D.CMdVa		120
St. Joseph, Mo.	186		Waterbury, Conn.	233	5
St. Louis, MoIII.	187	93	Waterloo, Iowa	234	50
Salem, Oreg.	188	50	West Palm Beach, Fla.	235	6
Salinas-Monterey, Calif.	189	69	Wheeling, W. VaOhio	236	50
Salt Lake City, Utah	190	58	Wichita, Kans.	237.	6
San Angelo, Tex.	191	50	Wichita Falls, Tex.	238	5
San Antonio, Tex.	192	82	Wilkes Barre-Hazteton, Pa		55
San Bernardino-Riverside		185	Wilmington, DelN.JMd		6
Ontario, Calif.	193		Wilmington, N.C.	241	5
San Diego, Calif.	194	101.	Worcester, Mass.	242	5
San Francisco-Oakland,	105	214	York, Pa.	243	5
Calif.	195	214	Youngstown-Warren, Ohio	0 224	70
San Jose, Calif.	196 197	103 58	Caguas, P.R.	245	99
Santa Barbara, Calif. Santa Rosa, Calif.	198	50	Mayaguez, P.R.	246 247	99 99
Savannah, Ga.	199	68	Ponce, P.R. San Juan, P.R.	247	93 170



Volume III, Block Statistics, consists of 278 reports, also identified as reports in series HC(3)-1 through HC(3)-278, showing data for approximately 1.7 million city blocks.

The reports are for cities and their urbanized areas, and also for some communities outside urbanized areas that contracted for the Census Bureau to provide block statistics from the 1970 Census at the local area's expense.

In addition to housing data, the reports include some population data. For particular items of data provided for each block (except for the numerous cases in which "Three dots '...' indicate that data are being withheld to avoid disclosure of information for individual housing units, or that the base for an average, percentage, or rate is too small for it to be shown") see the column headings below:

Blocks Within Census Tracts

						·			Occup	led hou	sing units
					Year	-round t	nousing	units		Owner	
						Lack-	Unit	s in	<u> </u>	Lack- ing	
	Percer	nt of to	tal pop	ulation		some or all		Struc-	1		Aver-
Total popu- la-	Ne-	in group quar-	Un- der 18	62 years and		plumb- ing facili-	One- unit struc-	of 10 or		plumb- ing facili-	

	:			Oc	cupied	housin	g units	- 1		
	· ·			Renter						
Ow	ner		Lack- ing some	Aver-	Aver-		1.01 or mo persons per room	re	*	With room- ers.
Aver- age value	Per-		or all plumb- ing	age	con- tract rent	Per-	Wit , all plum	per-	With female head	board
(dol- lars)	cent Negro	Total	facili- ties	of rooms	(dol)	cent Negro		i- house holds	of family	lodg- ers

Included with each report (except those for block areas by special contract) is a set of Metropolitan Map Series maps showing in detail the location of each of the numbered blocks in the area covered by the particular report. A set of maps for an urbanized area consists of from two to 137 mapsheets, from 17" x 22" through 34" x 44" in size, printed in two colors. There are more than 3,200 mapsheets in all.

Examples of the block statistics reports are listed below.



Series HC(3), Vol. III, Block Statistics

Urbanized Area	Report No.	No. of Pages	Urbanized Area	Report No.	No. of Pages
Alabama:			Idaho:		0.5
Birmingham	1	129	Boise City	64	35
Gadsden '	2 ;	43	Illinoist, 🧺 🚧		
Huntsville	3	35	Aurora-Elgin	65	· 73
Mobile	Ā	66	Bloomington-Normal	66	33
Montgomery	5	34	Champaign-Urbana	67	32
Tuscaloosa	6	32	Chicago, III.		
Urbanized Areas	7	32	Northwestern Ind	. _. 68	716

Volume IV, Components of Inventory Change (also identified as series HC(4)-1 through HC(4)-16) consists of a report for each of 15 selected standard metropolitan statistical areas shown below and a summary for the entire United States.

The reports contain statistics on the counts and characteristics of the components of change in the housing inventory—new construction, conversions, mergers, demolitions, and other additions and losses—between 1960 and 1970. Data are also given on the housing units that remained the same during the period, and on the characteristics of units occupied by "recent movers."

The data are based on a sample survey taken in the fall of 1970.

Area	Report No.	No. of Pages	Area	Report	No. of Pages
U.S. and Regions	1	504	Miami, Fla.	10	112
Atlanta, Ga.	ż	112	New York, N.Y.	11	112
	3	112	Philadelphia, PaN.J.	√ 12	112
Boston, Mass Buffalo, N.Y.	4	112	St. Louis, MoIII.	13	112
Chicago, III.	5	112	San Francisco-Oakland,		
Cleveland, Ohio	6	112	Calif.	14	112
Detroit, Mich.	7	112	Seattle-Everett, Wash.	15	112
Houston, Tex.	. 8	112	Washington, D.C. Md. Va	16	113
Los Angeles-Long Beach, Calif.	9	112	·	4,	

Volume V, Residential Finance is a one-volume report (856 p.) based on a sample survey conducted in the spring of 1971 regarding the financing of privately owned nonfarm residential properties. Statistics are shown on the amount of outstanding mortgage debt, manner of acquisition of property, homeowner expenses, and other characteristics of the owners, properties, and mortgages, for the United States as a whole and for the four regions.

Volume VI, Plumbing Facilities and Estimates of Dilapidated Housing is a one-volume report (504 p.) presenting data on "substandard" housing



units for counties and cities, based on the number of units lacking plumbing facilities combined with estimates of the number of units with all plumbing facilities but in a dilapidated condition.

Volume VII, Subject Reports (also identified as HC(7)-1 through HC(7)-9). Each report is devoted to a particular subject, as shown below. Detailed information and cross-classifications generally are provided on a national and regional level.

Title	Report No.	No. of Pages
Housing Characteristics by Household Composition	1	648
Housing Characteristics by Household Composition	. 2	996
Space Utilization of the Housing Inventory	3	472
Space Utilization of the Housing Inventory	4	464
Mover Households	5	812
Mobile Homes	. 6	608
Geographical Aspects of the Housing Inventory	7	200
Geographical Aspects of the Housing Inventory	. 8	336
Housing of Selected Racial Groups	9	164

Series HC(S1), Supplementary Reports. This is an open series presenting miscellaneous types of housing data such as special compilations that could not be accommodated in the regular final reports and selected tables from large reports, to permit distribution of the particular figures in an inexpensive format. Some examples of the reports are the following:

Title	Report No.	No. of Pages
Summary Housing Characteristics for the United States, Regions, Divisions, and States: 1970	. 1	9
General Housing Characteristics for the United States, by Metropolitan and Urban-Rural Residence: 1970	. 2	8
Characteristics of Occupied Housing Units by Household Composition and Tenure, for the United States: 1970	. 3	6
Made in 1967-1971 and in 1957-1960, for the	. 18	.12
Income of Owners of Mortgaged Properties Acquired in 1967-1971; for the United States: 1971	. 19	8
Purchase Price of Mortgaged Homeowner Properties Acquired in 1967-1971, for the United States: 1971		8

c. Final Reports, 1970 Census of Population and Housing

Some final reports of the 1970 Census cover both population and housing statistics.

Series PHC(1), Census Tracts, consists of 241 reports, each for a standard metropolitan statistical area, as shown below.



Social, labor force, and income characteristics of the population, as well as occupancy, utilization, structural equipment, and financial characteristics of housing units are presented for component counties and places of 25,000 inhabitants or more in the SMSA as well as for the individual census tracts.

Separate tables provide the same kind of data on Negroes and persons of Spanish heritage for each census tract with 400 or more persons in these populations groups. Each report includes a set of tract outline maps—generally, several large mapsheets per SMSA.

(About 100 other counties and places outside SMSA's were subdivided into census tracts for the 1970 Census. Complete-count and sample data for these non-SMSA tracted areas were tabulated on the Second and Fourth Count summary tapes but were not published in the PHC(1) reports. However, photocopies of data corresponding to that in the PHC(1) reports are available for purchase. For further information, write to the Customer Services Branch, Data User Services Division, Bureau of the Census, Washington, D.C. 20233.)

1970 Census of Population and Housing Series PHC(1), Census Tracts

Standard Metropolitan Statistical Area	Report No.	No. of Pages	Standard Metropolitan Statistical Area	Report No.	No. of Pages
Abilene, Tex.	1	69	Birmingham, Ala.	26	130
Akron/Ohio	2	101	Bloomington-Normal, III.	27	55
Alban∳, Ga.		63	Boise City, Idaho	28	67
Albany Schenectady-Tro	у, 🖺		Boston, Mass.	29	302
N.Y/.	4	115	Bridgeport, Conn.	30	92
Albuquerque, N. Mex.	5	101	Bristol, Conn.	31	49
Allentown-Bethlehem-			Brockton, Mass.	32	57
Easton, Pa., N.J.	6	99 .	Brownsville-Harlingen-		
Altoona, Pa.	7	55	San Benito, Tex.	33	96
Amarillo, Tex.	8	73	Bryan-College Station,		
Anaheim-Santa Ana			Tex.	34	50
Garden Grove, Calif.	9	315	Buffalo, N.Y.	35	159
Anderson, Ind.	10	.64	Canton, Ohio	36	106
Ann Arbor, Mich	, 11	89	Cedar Rapids, Iowa	. 37	60
Appleton-Oshkosh, Wis.	12	95	Champaign-Urbana, III.	38	48
Asheville, N.C.	13	61	Charleston, S.C.	39	93
Atlanta, Ga.	14	192	Charleston, W. Va.	40	67
Atlantic City, N.J.	15	63 /	Charlotte, N.C.	41	115
Augusta, GaS.C.	16	69	Chattanooga, Tenn. Ga.	42	88
Austin, Tex.	17	75	Chicago, III.		
Bakersfield, Calif.	18	105	Part I	43	589
Baltimore, Md.	19	335	Part II	43	312
Baton Rouge, La.	20	86	Cincinnati, Ohio·Ky.	44	206
Bay City, Mich.	21	55	Cleveland, Ohio	45	274
Beaumont-Port Arthur-			Colorado Springs, Colo.	46	82
Orange, Tex.	22	.96	Columbia, Mo.	47	56
Billings, Mont.	23	50	Columbia, S.C.	48	104
Biloxi-Gulfport, Miss.	24	63	Columbus, Ga. Ala.	49	99
Binghamton, N.YPa.	25	85	Columbus, Ohio	50	196

1970 Census of Population and Housing, Series PHC(1) (continued)

	Report		Standard Metropolitan	Report	
Statistical Area	No.	Pages	Statistical Area	No.	Pages
Corpus Christi, Tex.	51	77	Kalamazoo, Mich.	98	63
Dallas, Tex.	52	284	Kansas City, MoKans.	99	278
Davenport-Rock Island-			Kenosha, Wis.	100	61
Moline, lowa-III.	53 -	93	Knoxville, Tenn.	101	109
Dayton, Ohio	54	150	Lafayette, La.	102 .	∴58
Decatur, III.	55	67	Lafayette-West Lafayette		
Denver, Colo.	56	250	Ind.	103 .	63
Des Moines, Iowa	57	70	Lake Charles, La.	104 :	. 73
Detroit, Mich.	58	565	Lancaster, Pa.	105	86
Dubuque, Iowa	59	49	Lansing, Mich.	106	100
Duluth-Superior, Minn	7		Laredo, Tex.	່ :107 ູ	53
Wis.	. 60	80	Las Vegas, Nev.	108	78
	61	82	Lawrence-Haverhill,		
Durham, N.C.	62	81	MassN.H.	109	
El Paso, Tex.	63	63	Lawton, Okla.	110	54
Erie, Pa	64	80	Lewiston-Auburn, Maine		49
Eugene, Oreg.			Lexington, Ky.	112	87
Evansville, IndKy.	65 66	70 57	Lima, Ohio	113	95
Fall Fiver, MassR.I.	66	57		114	68
Fargo-Moorhead, N. Dak-	67	62	Lincoln, Neb. Little Rock-North Little		00
_ Minn.	67	63	Pool: Asl	115	85
Fayetteville, N.C.	68	72	Rock, Ark.		83
Fitchburg-Leominster,	~	-	Lorain-Elyria, Ohio	116	63
Mass.	69	62 .	Los Angeles-Long Beach	,	
Flint, Mich.	70	90	Calif.		
Fort Lauderdale			Part I	117	754
Hollywood, Fla.	71	109	Part If		397
Fort Smith, Ark. Okla.	.72	62	Louisville, KyInd.	118	147
Fort Wayne, Ind.	73	81	Lowell, Mass.	119	63
Fort Worth, Tex.	74	166	Lubbock, Tex.	120	63
Fresno, Calif.	75	134	Lynchburg, Va.	121	57
Gadsden, Ala.	76	56	Macon, Ga.	122	97
Gainesville, Fla.	77	57	Madison, Wis.	123	98
Galveston-Texas City, Tex	ĸ. 78	80	Manchester, N.H.	124	56
Gary-Hammond-East			Mansfield, Ohio	125	50
Chicago, Ind.	79	101	McAllen-Pharr-Edinburg	,	
Grand Rapids, Mich.	80	125	Pa.	126	98
Great Falls, Mont.	81	56	Memphis, TennArk,	127	135
Creen 8ay, Wis.	82	56	Meriden, Conn.	128	48
Greensboro-High Point,			Miami, Fla.	129	219
N.C.	83	161	Midland, Tex.	130	55
Greenville, S.C.	84	82	Milwaukee, Wis.	131	228
Hamilton-Middletown,	, • •	-	Minnespolis-St. Paul,		
Ohio	. 85	70	Minn,	132	270
Harrisburg, Pa.	86	84	Mobile, Ala.	133	110
Hartford, Conn.	87	117	Modesto, Calif.	134	85
	88	147	Monroe, La.	135	64
Honolulu, Hawaii	89	297	Montgomery, Ala.	136	81
Houston, Tex.	03	231	Muncie, Ind.	137	62
Huntington-Ashland,	90	90	Muskegon-Muskegon	,	52
W, VaKyOhio				138	63
Huntsville, Ala.	91	86	Heights, Mich.		93
Indianapolis, Ind.	92	180	Nashville-Davidson, Ten	n. 139	
Jackson, Mich.	93	56	New Bedford, Mass.		56
Jackson, Miss.	94	75	New Britain, Conn.	141	55
Jacksonville, Fla.	95	87	New Haven, Conn.	142	83
Jersey City, N.J.	96	114	New London-Groton-		
Johnstown, Pa.	97	68	 Norwich, Conn. 	143	69



1970 Census of Population and Housing, Series PHC(1) (continued)

42 Chapter 2					A.
 1970 Centus of Population	and 4	lousina	, Series PHC(1) (continued)		Ø.
					
Standard Metropolitan I	Report	No.	Standard Metropolitan	Raport	No. of
Statistical Area	No.	Pages	Statistical Area		Pages
New Orleans, La.	144	182	Santa Barbara, Calif.	191	96
New York, N.Y.			Santa Rosa, Calif. \	192	72
Part 1		622	Savannah, Ga.	193	74
Part 2	145	396	Scranton, Pa.	194	68
Part 3	.4.40	524	Seattle-Everett, Wash.	195	199
Newark, N.J.	146	336	Sherman-Denison, Tex.	196	57 05
Newport News-Hampton,	4.47	- 22	Shreveport, La.	\ 197 198	95 57
Va.	147	73	Sioux City, Iowa-Nebr.	199	54
Norfolk-Portsmouth, Va.	148	176 56	Sioux Falls, S.D.	200	.82
Norwalk, Conn.	149 150	63	South Bend, Ind. Spokane, Wash.	201	87
Odessa, Tex.	150	· 56	Springfield, III.	202	72 .
Ogden, Utah	152	180	Springfield, Mo.	203	69
Oklahoma City, Okla.	153	120	Springfield, Ohio	204	\ 68
Omaha, Nebraska-Iowa	154	112	Springfield-Chicopee-		./-
Orlando, Fla. Oxnard-Ventura, Calif.	155	125	Holyoke, MassConn.	205	9 _A
Paterson-Clifton-Passaic,			Stamford, Conn.	206	63
N.J.	156	149	Steubenville-Weirton,	,	- '
Pensacola, Fla.	157	72	Ohio-W. Va.	207	66
Peoria, III.	158	78	Stockton, Calif.	√208	113
Philadelphia, PaN.J.	159	574	Syracuse, N.Y.	209	119
Phoenix, Ariz.	160	190	Tacoma, Wash.	210	. 82 ·
Pine Bluff, Ark.	161	56	Tallahassee, Fla.	211	65
Pittsburgh, Pa.	162	352	Tampa-St. Petersburg, F	la. 212	171
Pittsfield, Mass.	163	50	Terre Haute, Ind.	213	65
Portland, Maine	164	63	Texarkana, TexArk.	214	65
Portland, OregWash.	165	192	Toledo, Ohio-Mich.	215	135
Providence-Pawtucket-		·	Topeka, Kans.	216	68
Warwick, R.I. Mass.	166	157	Trenton, N.J. 3	217	72
Provo-Orem, Utah	167	66	Tucson, Ariz.	218	91
Pueblo, Colo.	168	79		219	123
Racine, Wis.	169	55	Tuscaloosa, Ala.	220	63 64
Raleigh, N.C.	170	77 65	Tyler, Tex.	221 222	87
Reading, Pa.	171	65 67	Utica-Rome, N.Y.	222	103
Reno, Nev.	172 173	67 107	Vallejo-Napa, Calif.	223	103
Richmond, Va.	174		Vineland-Millville- Bridgeton, N.J.	224	56
Roanoke, Va.	175	61	Waco, Tex.	225	77
Rochester, Minn.	176	141	Washington, D.CMd\		403
Rockford III	177	87	Waterbury, Conn.	227	69
Rockford, III. Sacramento, Calif	178	173	Waterloo, Iowa	228	63
Saginaw, Mich.	179.	62	West Palm Beach, Fla.	229	93
St. Joseph, Mo.	180	62	Wheeling, W. VaOhio	230	69
St. Louis, MoIII.	181	31,2	Wichita, Kans.	231	109
<u>_</u> .	182	73	Wilkes-Barre-Hazelton,	*	
Salem, Oreg. / Salinas-Monterey, Calif.	183	90	Pa.	233	81
Salt Lake City, Utah	184	99	Wilmington, Del-N.J.:M	ld. 234	107
San Angelo, Tex.	185	59	Wilmington, N.C.	235	63
San Antonio, Tex.	186	179	Worcester, Mass.	236	94
San Bernardino-Riverside		j	York, Pa.	237	74
Ontario, Calif.	. 187	/224	Youngstown-Warren, O	hio 238	132
San Francisco-Oakland,	/	i	Mayaguez, P.R.	239	111
					116

Series PHC(2), General Demographic Trends for Metropolitan Areas. These are 52 reports, one for each State and the District of Columbia, and a U.S. summary, as shown below.

These reports present comparative 1960 and 1970 data on selected population and housing subjects—age, race, tenure, vacancy status, plumbing facilities, persons per room, value, and contract rent—for the State and for each standard metropolitan statistical area (by inside and outside central city).

1970 Census of Population and Housing, Series PHC(2), General Demographic Trends for Metropolitan Areas, 1960 to 1970

State	Report No.	No. of Pages	State	Report No.	No. of Pages
J.S. Summary	1	122	Missouri	27	37
Alabama	2	38	Montana	28	24
Alaska	3	13	Nebraska	29	32
Arizona	4	23	Nevada	30	23
Arkansas	5	40	New Hampshire	31	28
California	5 6	65	New Jersey	32	49
Colorado	7	26	New Mexico	33	20
Connecticut	8	45	New York	34	41
Delaware	9	22	North Carolina	35	<u>3</u> 7
District of Columbia	10	16	North Dakota	36	25
Florida	11	44	Ohio	37	73
Georgia	12	45	Oklahoma	38	31
Hawaii	13	20	Oregon	39	29
Idaho	14	20	Pennsylvania	40	58
Illinois	15	50	Rhode Island	41	. 27
Indiana	16	54	South Carolina	42	30
lowa	17	42	South Dakota	43	23
Kansas	. 18	29	Tennessee	44.	35
Kentucky	19	43	Texas	45	- 88
Louisiana	20	33	Utah .	46	27
Maine	21	27	Vermont	47	15
Maryland	22	29	Virginia	48	45
Massachusetts	23	53	Washington	49	21
	24	48.	West Virginia	50	36
Michigan	25	37	Wisconsin	51	43
Minnesota Mississippi	26	26	Wyoming	52	15

Series PHC(3), Employment Profiles of Selected Low-Income Areas. This series consists of 76 reports covering selected low-income areas in 51 cities and seven sets of rural counties, and a U.S. summary, as shown below.

The reports contain detailed socio-economic data derived from sample surveys conducted during the latter part of 1970 and early 1971 on employment-related problems in low-income areas. Statistics are presented on the demographic characteristics of the population by the most important labor force and socio-economic factors, including value or rent of housing units and number of rooms, for each race and Spanish-origin group.



1970 Census of Population and Housing, Series PHC(3), Employment Profiles of Selected Low-Income Areas

•	Report	No.	ĺ	Report	No. of
Area	No.	Pages	Area ·	No.	Pages
	140.	Lañas	——————————————————————————————————————	140.	Lafas
United States Summary-	. `		Milwaukee, Wis. '	35	262
Urban Areas	1	260	Atlanta, Ga.	36	194
New York, N.Y			Cincinnati, Ohio	37	262
All Survey Areas	2	331	Buffalo, N.Y.	38	262
New York, N.Y	_	•••	San Diego, Calif.	39	350
Puerto Rican Populati	ion		Miami, Fla.	40	350
of Survey Areas	3	331	Kansas City, Mo.	41	262
Manhattan Borough, New		001	Denver, Colo.	42	262
York City—Summary		351	Indianapolis, Ind.	43	262
Manhattan Borough, New		331	New Orleans, La.	44	263
York City—Area 1	5	262	Oakland, Calif.	45	262
		202		⊲ 46	262
Manhattan Borough, New	6	252	Tampa, Fla.		
York City—Area II	О	352	Portland, Oreg.	47	194
Brooklyn Borough, New			Phoenix, Ariz.	48	264
York City-Summary	7	332	Columbus, Ohio	49	262
Brooklyn Borough, New	_		San Antonio, Tex.	50	194
York City—Area I	8	329	Dayton, Ohio	51	262
Brooklyn Borough, New		-	Rochester, N.Y.	52	262
York City—Area II	9	262	Louisville, Ky.	53	262
Brooklyn Borough, New			Memphis, Tenn.	54	194
York City-Area III	10	350	Fort Worth, Tex.	55	262
Bronx Borough, New			Birmingham, Ala.	56	262
York City	11	262	Toledo, Ohio	57	264
Queens Borough, New			Akron, Ohio	- 58	262
York City	12	194	Norfolk, Va.	59	262
Los Angeles, Calif.—			Oklahoma City, Okla.	60	262
Summary	13	350	Jersey City, N.J.	61	262
Los Angeles, Calif.—			Providence, R.I.	62	194
Area I	14	262	Omaha, Nebr.	63	262
Los Angeles, Calif.—			Youngstown, Ohio	64	262
Area II	15	262	Tulsa, Okia.	65	262
Chicago, IIISummary	16	263	Charlotte, N.C.	66	262
Chicago, III.—Area I	17	262	Wichita, Kans.	67	262
Chicago, III.—Area II	18	194	Bridgeport, Conn.	68	262
Philadelphia, Pa.—			Selected Rural Counties	-	
Summary	19	263	in Alabama	69	249
Philadelphia, Pa.—Area !	20	262	Selected Rural Counties	03	243
Philadelphia, Pa.—Area !!		262	in Appalachia	70	305
Detroit, Mich.	22	262	Selected Rural Counties	,0	303
	23	262	in Arkansas	71	252
San Francisco, Calif.	. 24	193	Selected Rural Counties	71	252
Washington, D.C.	25			72	187
Boston, Mass.		262	in California	12	107
Pittsburgh, Pa.	26	262	Selected Rural Counties	70	440
St. Louis, Mo.	· 27	262	in Missouri	73	118
Beltimore, Md.	28	262	Selected Rural Counties		
Cleveland, Ohio	29	262	in North Carolina	74	252
Houston, Tex.	30	262	Selected Rural Counties		
Newark, N.J.	31	262	in New Mexico	75	244
Dallas, Tex.	32	262	Zuni Reservation, N. Mex	c. 76	"111
Minneapolis, Minn.	33	194			
St. Paul, Minn.	34	194	=		



4. 1970 Census Summary Tapes

Approximately 2,000 reels of computer-readable summary tapes with statistical data from the 1970 Census are available to the public. These tapes contain tallies of responses to inquiries on the census questionnaires, summarized by census block, enumeration district, tract, or other geographic area, in more detail than appears in the printed reports.

The tapes were produced in six "Counts," i.e., computer runs. The term "count" is used to refer to the tapes in a way somewhat analogous to the way in which the term "series" is used for groups of publications. Except for Files A and B of the Fifth Count (for selected ZIP code areas), the

tapes were prepared on a State-by-State basis.

An outline of the content of these summary tapes follows on page 82. More complete information on their content is given in Data Access Descriptions and the Index to 1970 Census Summary Tapes, discussed later. The technical documentation for the First through Fourth Counts is found in Part 2 of the 1970 Census Users' Guide; documentation for the Fifth and Sixth Counts (as well as the First through Fourth) is available for purchase from the Customer Services Branch (see address below). All of these documents are described below on pages 46-47. The geographic areas for which data are presented in the various Counts are shown on page

Many data users shy away from even considering the use of data from the summary tapes because they feel they would need some knowledge about computers in order to obtain and use the tapes. In fact, no knowledge of computers is required. All the data user must do is familiarize himself with the descriptions of the contents of the tapes (in the Data Access Descriptions, technical documentation, indexes, etc.) and then make arrangements to obtain the desired tables for the geographic areas of interest from a Summary Tape Processing Center (see page 11) or an equivalent processing center.

To order tapes or documentation, or to obtain cost information, write to Customer Services Branch, Data User Services Division, Bureau of the

Census, Washington, D.C. 20233.

"Data Access Descriptions" on the Content of the Summary Tapes. Data Access Descriptions (DAD's) are small publications issued from time to time on a variety of topics considered useful to persons interested in Census Bureau\data.

Probably the best and most complete descriptions of the contents of the 1970 Census summary tapes (excluding the descriptions in the technical documentation supplied to purchasers of the tapes) are available in six Data Access Descriptions, as follows:



1970 Census of Population and Housing: Summary Tapes Available

Тере	Geographic area covered	No. of tables and data cells* for each area	No. of
First Count: **	,	- Section at ear	in file
File A File B	Enumeration districts (or block groups)	55 tables containing 400 100-percent population and housing data cells	104
Second Count:	States, counties, congresional districts, minor civil divisions (or census county divisions), and places	s- Same as above	58
File A	Census tracts	93 tables containing 3,500 100-percent population and housing data cells	108
File B	States, SMSA's and their component counties, urbanized areas, minor civil divisions (or census	Same as above	155
	county divisions), and places	•1	O
Third Count File:			
Fourth Count:	Census blocks	38 tables containing 250 100-percent population and housing data cells	240
Population File A	Census tracts	Sample data: 127 tables, 7,100 population data cells	143
Population File B	Minor civil divisions (or census county divisions)	127 tables, 7,100 popula- tion data cells	123
Population File C	States, counties, SMSA's and component areas, places	127 tables, 14,500 popula- tion data cells	94
Housing File A	Census tracts	Sample data: 200 tables, 6,600 cells	201
Housing File B	Minor civil divisions (or census county divisions)	200 tables, 6,600 cells	191
Housing File C	States, counties, SMSA's and component areas, places	200 tables, 12,000 cells	106
fth Count:		· .	
File A	3-digit ZIP code areas, outside SMSA's	53 tables containing 900 sample population and housing data cells	1
1 116 15	5-digit ZIP code areas, in SMSA's	Same as above	12
File C**	Minor civil divisions (or census county divisions), census tracts, enumeration districts or block groups	Same as above	205



1970 Census of Population and Housing: Summary Tapes Available (continued)

Tape	Geographic area covered	No. of tables and data cells* for each area	No. of reels in file	
Congressional District File	States and congressional districts	75 tables with 1,100 sample population and housing data cells	1	
Sixth Count:	•	1	•	
Population	States, SMSA's, metro- politan counties, central cities with 50,000+ population	Sample data: 92 tables, 150,000 data cells	189	
Housing	States, SMSA's, metro- politan counties, non- metropolitan counties with 50,000+ population, cities with 50,000+ popu- lation, central cities	Sample data: 348 tables, 110,000 data cells	206	

^{*}A data cell is a single tally in a tabulation. For example, a tabulation of total population by single years of age from "under 1" to "100 or more" would have 101 data cells.

First Count Summary Tapes from the 1970 Census of Population and Housing (DAD No. 13)

Second Count . . . (DAD No. 26)

Third Count (Block) . . . (DAD No. 25)

Fourth Count . . . (DAD No. 22)

... Fifth Count for ZIP Codes, Counties, and Smaller Areas (DAD No. 36)

Sixth Count : . . (DAD No. 30) -

For the first through the fifth counts, the descriptions include the exact categories of each variable in each table. DAD No. 30 provides a summarized description of the very detailed Sixth Count tables. Copies of these Data Access Descriptions may be obtained free-of-charge from the Data Access and Use Staff, Data User Services Division, Bureau of the Census, Washington, D.C. 20233.

Index to 1970 Census Summary Tapes, by Paul T. Zeisset. This Index (U.S. Government Printing Office, 215 p., price when issued \$2.60) is an exhaustive alphabetical listing of the items of data in the summary tape tables. As in the case of the Index to Selected 1970 Census Reports, each table is referenced under each of its variables, and for each the universe is given; the format differs from the index to the printed reports, in that (1) the index refers to one of the six "Counts" and to the table number within that Count, instead of a printed report, and (2) the geographic areas for



^{••}See microform section (p. 6-7) for information about First and Fifth Count microform.

which the data are presented are not shown because each Count gives data for all of the geographic areas associated with that Count.

1970 Census Users' Guide. This Guide provides all of the technical information needed to extract information from a 1970 Census summary tape, including, for example, the data fields on a tape and their location, for Counts 1 through 4. (Counts 5 and 6 are not covered.) The Guide was issued in two parts. Part 1 contains the type of general background information on the 1970 Census that is needed for use of the 1970 statistics in any form. Part 2 contains technical documentation for Count 1 through 4. The Guide is no longer in print. However, copies are available for reference in many libraries, Summary Tape Processing Centers, university computer centers, and related organizations.

Key to Geographic Areas Summarized on Summary Tapes

				_		•		
	1st :	2nd	3rd	4th-P/ 4th-H	 5th	6th-P	6th-i-	 ı
1. State	x :			U,RF,RNI		U,RF,RN		
State Level Components						O,111 ,1114	' ^	
2. Total Urbanized Areas								
(UA's) State				×				
3. Central Cities of UA's								
(Urban Portion)	7	K		X				
4. Urban Fringe of UA's	,	K		X				
5. Urban Places with 10,000						:		
or more population								
outside UA's	>	(Χ.				
6. Urban Places with 2,500-					*			
10,000 population								
outside UA's	>	(×				
7. Rural Places with 1,000-					t)			
2,500 or more population	٠,	(
8. Other Rural Areas	,	Ċ						:
9. Total Standard Metropoli-								
tan Statistical Areas in						٠.		
State		,		J,RF,RNF			×	•
10. Central Cities of SMSA's				- ,,			^	. *
(Urban Portion)	>	ζ.		×	•		Х	
11. Other Territory of SMSA's	L	R2		J,RF,RNF			â	
12. Non-SMSA Territory in		,		-,,			^	
the State	L	J,R	1	J,RF,RNF			χ.	
SCA's, SMSA's, and SMSA		,		-,,			^ .	
Components								
13. Standard Consolidated Are	_	v						
14. SMSA		ÿ		J,RF,RNF				
15. Each County in the SMSA		X X		J,RE,RNF				
16. Each Central City or city		^	,	J,RF,RNF		X	X	
with 50,000 or more popu-								
lation inside the SMSA	•							
(Urban Portion)		_						
17. Balance of each SMSA		X		X		X	X	
11. Permire of 68cu 2M2V	U	,R		J,RF,RNF				

Key to Geographic Areas Summarized on Summary Tapes (continued)

	1st	2nd	3rd	4th-P 4th-F		th (th-P	6th-H	_
Urbanized Area Components 18. Each Urbanized Area 19. Each Central City of the UA (Urban Portion)		×		×	,				
20. Urban Fringe of the UA				×					
Places 21. Places with 2,500 or more population, includ-	\	~.		. х					
ing New England towns 22. Places (including New England towns) with	X	X	•	^					
1,000-2,500 population 23. incorporated places less than 1,000 population	.× ×	. х							
24. Place segments within MCD	X							•	
Other Areas 25, County 26, Counties above 50,000	x	U,R		U,RF,I	RNF	•		×	
population only 27, MCD	X	X		X					
28. Tract (inside SMSA's and other tracted areas)		x	×	3 X	٠.				
29. Enumeration District or Block Group 30. Block (inside UA's and	X	,t.	ه				(•	
contract block areas) 31. Congressional District 32. Zip code areas	×		×	-		×			

¹Where U,RF,RNF appears this particular summary is subdivided into 3 components: Urban, Rural Farm, and Rural Nonfarm. This applies to all Fourth Count tables - EXCEPT Fourth Count housing tables 108-200.

C. Evaluations of Census Statistics: Population and Housing

The following is a list of studies of the foliability and sources of error in the 1970 Census of Population and Housing statistics. Price information and ordering instructions may be obtained from the Subscribers Services Section, Bureau of the Census, Washington, D.C. 20233.

U.S. Bureau of the Census. 1970 Census of Population and Housing: Evaluation and Research Program, PHC(E)-1--. Washington, D.C., U.S. Government Printing Office, 1973- . Includes the following, to date (April 1976):



²Where U,R appears the summary is divided into two components: Urban and Rural.

³Tract summaries on the Third Count are given for those tracts or parts of tracts within the area for which block statistics are provided.

PHC(E)-1. The Quality of Residential Geographic Coding. 1973. 15 p.

PHC(E)-2. Test of Birth Registration Completeness, 1964 to 1968. 1973. 8 p.

PHC(E)-3. Results and Analysis of the Experimental Mail Extension Text. 1973. 25 p.

PHC(E)-4. Estimates of Coverage of Population by Sex, Race, and Age: Demographic Analysis. 1973. 31 p.

PHC(E)-5. The Coverage of Housing in the 1970 Census. 1973. 48 p.

PHC(E)-6. Effect of Special Procedures to Improve Coverage in the 1970 Census. 1974. 24 p.

PHC(E)-7. The Medicare Record Check: An Evaluation of the Coverage of Persons 65 Years of Age and Over in the 1970 Census. 1973. 28 p.

PHC(E)-8. Coding Performance in the 1970 Census. 1974 et p.

PHC(E)-9. Accuracy of Data for Selected Population Characteristics as Measured by Reinterviews. 1974. 70 p.

PHC(E)-10. Accuracy of Data for Selected Housing Characteristics as Measured by Reinterviews. 1975. 107 p.

PHC(E)-11. Accuracy of Data for Selected Population Characteristics as Measured by the 1970 CPS-Census Match. 1975. 122 p.

D. Census of Governments*

1. Items of Data Collected

The following items of data were collected by the Bureau of the Census in the 1972 Census of Governments:**

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^{*}Appendix B contains a reproduction of Selected Basic Questionnaires from the 1972 Census of Governments.

^{**}Data for the Federal Government were compiled from Federal records. In general, data for other government units or related organizations were gathered by means of data-collection forms completed for the areas covered by local officials or by Census Bureau representatives. Sales prices of real-property transfers were verified by contact with individual buyers or sellers. Items collected for screening or other purposes are excluded from this table; only those items tabulated for the 1972 Census of Governments are included.

See footnotes at end of table s = sample

		Govern Related	Governmental Units or Related Organizations			
v · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	ut .	***	<i>(</i> ,	ities ships	,	
	Federal Government	States	Counties	Municipalities and Township	Special Districts	School Districts
em l	ш.О					
nployment: Number of employees	. x .	×	X X	×	X	
By type of employment (run-time,	. ×	X X	×	X X	X	X. X
By type of retirement coverage	. ^	·^ X	×	x	x	x
disability insurance		X	X	X	×	X X
Belonging to employee organization.		X X X	, X , X X	X X X	X X X	X
Payroll for October 1972	^	` â	â	· x	X -	
By type of employment (full-time, part-time)		X	X	X	×	X .
Labor relations: Type of labor relations policy Written contractual agreements:		X		X er	×	. x
Number in effect Oct. 15, 1972	: {1	×	×	^ x ·		x
Oct. 15, 1971 and Oct. 15, 1972 Written memoranda of understanding: Number in effect Oct. 15, 1972		, X	X	x	x	x
Oct. 15, 1971 and Oct. 15, 1972	E11 ·	X	X	×	×	×
Work stoppages: Number of stoppages, Oct. 1971- Oct. 1972		X	X X	×	X	X
Duration	•	×	x	х		,X X
Noninstructional employees	• • •	×	X	×	x	^
governmental function		÷x	x x	X	X	X
Final method of resolution used Retirement systems: Type of coverage	, (×	X X	×	×	×
Basis of membership Number of members: Active		, x	X	×	, x	×
Inactive	iodic	×	×			×
payments, by type of beneficiary Amount of benefits paid to beneficial receiving periodic payments, by type)6 · ·	, x	×	: ×	x	X
Number of lump-sum payment recipion	ents,	×	· ×	y ×	. ×	` ;X
Amount of lump-sum payments, by: type of recipient		. x	×	(.	: ×	X

		Go Re	vernmelated.C	ental Ur Organiza	its or tions	s or	
Îtem	Federal Government	States:	Counties	Municipalities and Townships	Special Districts	School Districts	
Whether active members covered by Federal OASDHI	٠.,	v		•			
Finances:	•	Х	×	Х	Х	Х	
Revenue produced during fiscal year							
ending in 1971-72				•			
By source.	•			X1	χl		
Portion allocable to college-grade	. X	Х	Х	X	x	X	
activities						^	
Intergovernmental revenue, by purpose		Х	X_	~ X		×	
Dy level of government fromh:_L		1				.,	
raceived					`		
MAILING OF SUDOLUNATO FARING THE P	•	. ×	X	X	Х	X	
expenditure during tiscal year ending in	•		X	Х	X		
1371-72:	•		•				
By purpose and type	. x	×	v	.!			
r of tion allocable to college-grade		^	Х	X	X	X	
activities		Х	χ.	.~ v			
Operating expenditures		â	â	X	.,	X	
Capital Outlay	×	â	â	â	X	X	
' ayılısılı to otner gövernmente hu		^	^	^ .	X	Х	
purpose and type	- X	×	×	x	X	v	
Employee benefits, by type	Х	X	X	â	â	X	
Indebtedness	Х	Х	X	â	â	.x	
Long-term debt, amount outstanding:			•		•	.^	
At beginning of fiscal year		·X	Χ.	X	X	Х	
At end of fiscal year		Х	X	X	ŵ.	â.	
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^{1&}quot;Small" governments only; i.e., those with less than \$5,000 in revenue and/or \$200,000 indebtedness in 1967.

2. Geographic Areas for Which Data are Presented

In addition to statistics of the Federal and State governments, which are well defined in the United States, statistics are collected for the following types of local governments:

Counties, found throughout the nation except in Connecticut, Rhode Island, and limited portions of a few other States. In Alaska, the counties are officially designated as "boroughs" and in Louisiana as "parishes." (Data for city-county consolidated governments, such as San Francisco and Denver, were classified and reported as municipalities.)

Municipalities, in which a municipal corporation provides general local government to a population concentration within a defined area.

Townships, including governmental units officially designated as "towns" in the New England States, New York and Wisconsin, and some "plantations" in Maine and "locations" in New Hampshire as well as governments designated as townships in 13 other states. Unlike municipalities, township governments serve inhabitants of areas defined without regard to population concentrations.



²Tabulated, but not published.

³For selected jurisdictions.

⁴Cities of 50,000 or more population only.

⁵Sales price verified by seller or Buyer.

s = sample

School districts. Only independent school districts are separate units of government. Dependent school systems are operated by governments other than the school districts; in 1972 these systems were found in 25 States, but constituted only about 6 percent of the total.

Special districts, usually established to perform a single function such as provision, maintenance, or operation of hospitals, transit systems, water supply, etc. Some special districts are intercounty, inter-State, or regional.

3. Publications from the 1972 Census

Final Reports. All final reports of the 1972 Census of Governments are for sale by the Government Printing Office. Price information and ordering instructions may be obtained from the Subscribers Services Section, Bureau of the Census, Washington, D.C. 20233.

An itemization of these printed reports follows:

- Vol. 1. Governmental Organization (477 p.).
- Vol. 2. Taxable Property Values and Assessment-Sales Price Ratios:
 - Part 1. Taxable and Other Property Values (96 p.).
 - Part 2. Assessment-Sales Price Ratios and Tax Rates (152 p.).
- Vol. 3. Public Employment:
 - No. 1. Employment of Major Local Governments (200 p.).
 - No. 2. Compendium of Public Employment (432 p.).
 - No. 3. Management-Labor Relations in State and Local Government (76 p.).
- Vol. 4. Government Finances:
 - No. 1. Finances of School Districts (100 p.).
 - No. 2. Finances of Special Districts (92 p.).
 - No. 3. Finances of County Governments (220 p.).
 - No. 4. Finances of Municipalities and Township Governments (332 p.).
 - No. 5. Compendium of Government Finances (632 p.).
- No. 6. Finances of the Commonwealth of Puerto Rico (28 p.).
- Vol. 5. Local Government in Metropolitan Areas (637 p.).
- Vol. 6. Topical Studies:
 - No. 1. Employee-Retirement Systems of State and Local Governments (57 p.).
 - No. 2. State Reports on State and Local-Government Finances (72 p.). Bibliography.
 - No. 3. State Payments to Local Governments (120 p.).
 - No. 4. Historical Statistics on Governmental Finances and Employment (148 p.).
 - No. 5. Graphic Summary of the 1972 Census of Governments (56 p.).



Vol. 7. (State reports; not published because of lack of funds.) Vol. 8. Guide to 1972 Census of Governments (280 p.).

4. Computer Tapes

The 1972 Census of Governments tapes contain data for each of the local governments (rather than aggregated for the smaller units as they are in the printed reports). The cost is \$80 per reel, including technical documentation.*

GOV:D35 Government Employment Files. The government employment file is subdivided into three separate tape files:

1. File A provides data for each of the approximately 72,270 State and local governmental units identified.

2. File B provides data for each of 3,118 county areas within the United States.

3. File C provides data for each State and the District of Columbia (and includes a U.S. summary) for nine levels:

State and local governmental total
State governments
Local government total
Local governments in standard metropolitan statistical areas
Counties
Municipalities
Townships
School districts
Special districts

Data are given on the number of full-time and part-time employees classified by governmental function; October 1972 payrools, also classified by governmental function; retirement and insurance coverage extended to full-time employees; and data related to membership in employees organizations.

The entire file is on approximately 17 reels of computer tape.

GOV:D36 Government Finance Files. The government finance files are also subdivided into three Separate files corresponding to those listed above for the Government Employment File.



^{*}Note: For further information on the content of the tapes described below, write to: Chief, Governments Division, Bureau of the Census, Washington, D.C. 20233.

For cost estimates and for technical information on the tapes themselves (the format, computer language, etc.), write to: Customer Services Branch, Data User Services Division, Bureau of the Census, Washington, D.C. 20233.

Data are given on revenue from taxes, intergovernmental revenues, service charges, utility charges, expenditures classified by governmental function and by object of expenditure, debt transactions, and cash and security holdings at the close of the fiscal year ended during the period July 1, 1972, to June 30, 1973.

The entire file is on approximately 23 reels.

GOV:M3 Governmental Unit Name and Address File. This file includes each of approximately 73,600 local units, and covers the following:

· Counties

Municipalities

Townships

School districts (both independent school districts and dependent school systems)

Special districts

The name and location of the seat of governmental activity is given for each of the units of local government (and dependent school systems) enumerated in the 1972 Census.

This file is on one reel of computer tape.

E. Major Data Items Collected in the 1972 Economic Censuses

		Ec	onomi	Censu	ses	
<u> </u>	Minera! Industries	Manufacturing	Wholesale Trade	Retail Trade	Selected Services	Construction
Number of employees:						
Production (Construction) workers— quarterly	× × ×	X X X	×	×	X	X X X
Payrolls: Production (Construction) workers wages . All other employees	X X X	X X X	×	×	×	X X X
Operating expenses including payroll	•		χ.			•
Supplemental labor costs: Legally required Voluntary programs Total	X. X.	X X X	X ¹ X ¹ X ¹	. X ¹ X ¹ X ¹	X ¹ X ¹ X ¹	
Production worker man-hours quarterly	х	х			•	
Cost of materials, etc Materials, supplies, etc.	X	x	x1		3	×



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N		Ecc	nomic	Cunsus	es `	
tem	Mineral Industries	Manufacturing	Wholesale Trade	Retail Trade	Selected Services	Construction
Specific materials Products bought and resold Fuels consumed Specific fuels consumed Purchased electricity Contract work Total Inventories: By state of fabrication	× × × × ×	× × × × × ×	X1 X1		. * .	××
Total Capital expenditures: New structures and additions New machinery and equipment Used plant and equipment Mineral development and exploration Total	X	××××	X X ¹ X ¹ X ¹	X ¹ X ¹ X ¹	X ¹ X ¹ X ¹	×××××××××××××××××××××××××××××××××××××××
Quantity of electricity: Purchased Generated Electricity sold Gross value, fixed assets: Buildings and other structures Machinery and equipment	X X X	××××		•		×
Mineral properties Total Total Sales (receipts): Merchandise (commodity) lines Value of shipments or products Specific products	×	x x x	X¹ X X	X¹ X X	X ¹ X	×
Legal form of organization Water use Rental payments, total Building and structures Machinery and equipment	×	X X X X	X X1 X1 X1	X X ¹ X ¹ X ¹	X X1 X1 X1	×

¹Data collected on a sample basis only. Totals will be available only at the U.S. level. For the census of wholesale trade, sample includes merchant wholesalers only.

²Used plant and equipment collected separately.

F. Other Statistics of Interest to Pc"tical Scientists

1. Congressional District Data Book

The Congressional District Data Book presents more than 300 items of information from the 1970 Census and from recent election statistics for each district of the 93rd Congress. Special tabulations from the 1970 Census files were prepared to provide population and housing statistics by congressional district; this publication is the primary source for these data.

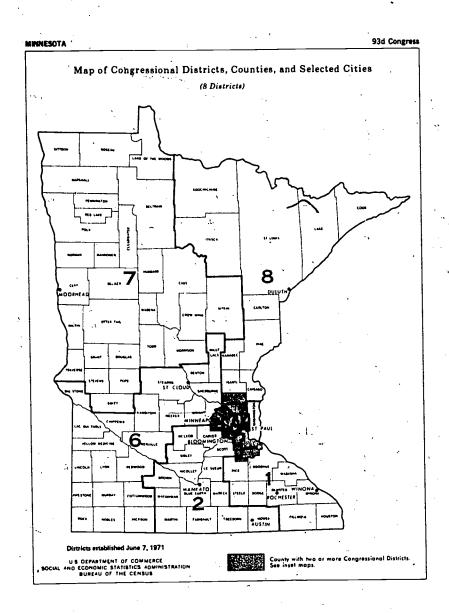
For each State there is a map showing congressional districts, counties, and selected cities. There are also detailed inset maps, when necessary, for counties that are split by congressional district coundary lines.

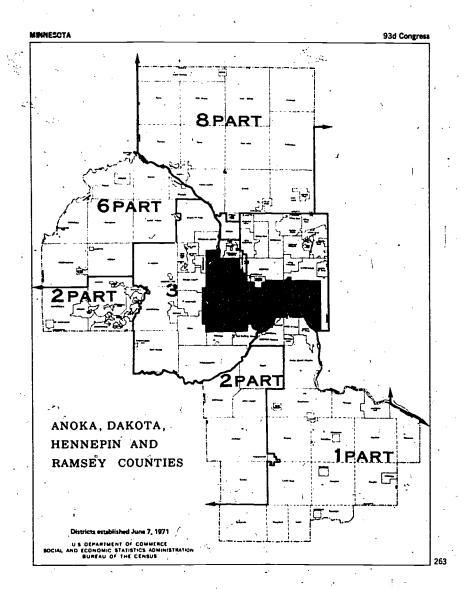
Both the Congressional District Data Book: 93rd Congress, and three later separate reports for States that changed their congressional districts prior to the 1974 elections,* include definitions and explanations of the statistics. Sample pages of the section on Minnesota (including the State map, one of the inset maps, and data for congressional districts, excluding the data for places of 10,000 or more inhabitants are reproduced on pages 92 for purposes of illustration.)

2. County and City Data Book

The County and City Data Book presents in one volume a variety of statistical information for counties, standard metropolitan statistical areas (SMSA's), cities, urbanized areas, and unincorporated places. As an aid to researchers the column headings for the tables in the 1972 edition are reproduced on pages 65-72.

Tapes and punchcards containing the statistics included in the last five editions are available for purchase; for further information write to the Customer Services Branch, Data User Services Division, Bureau of the Census, Washington, D.C. 20233.





Appendix A:

1970 Census of Population and Housing: Informational Questionnaire





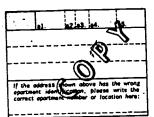
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UNITED STATES CENSUS

This is your Official Census Form Please fill it out and mail it back

on Census Day, Wednesday, April 1, 1970



How To Fill This Form

if you need more help, call the Census office.

Your answers are CONFIDENTIAL. The law (Title 13, United Status Code) requires that you answer the questions to the best of your

Your answers will be used only for st purposes and cannot, by law, be disclose person outside the Census Bureau treason whatsoever.

The householder should make sure that the information is shown for everyone here.

If a boarder or roomer or anyone else prefera not to give\the householder all his information to enter om the form, the householder should give at least his name, relationship, and sex in questions I to 3, then mail back the form. A Census Taker will call to get the reat of the information directly from the person.

Check your answers. Then, mail back this form on Wednesday, April 1, or as soon afterward as you can. Use the enclosed envelope; no stamp is needed.

Your cooperation in carefully filling out the form and mailing it back will help make the cereus successful. It will save the government the expense of calling on you for the information.

FLEASE CONTINUE







5. Answer the questions in this order:

Questions on page 2 about the people in your household.

Questions on page 3 about your house or apartment.

 In Question 1 on page 2, please list each person who was living here on Wednesday, April 1, 1970, or who was staying or visiting here and had no other home.

EXPLANATORY NOTES

This leaslet shows the content of the 1970 census questionnaires. The content was determined after review of the 1960 census experience, extensive consultation with many government and private users of census data, and a series of experimental censuses in which various alternatives were tested.

Three questionnaires are being used in the census and each household has an equal chance of answering a particular form.

80 percent of the households answer a form containing only the questions on pages 2 and 3 of this leaflet.

15 percent and 5 percent of the households answer forms which also contain the specified questions on the remaining pages of this leaflet. The 15-percent form does not show the 5-percent questions, and the 5-percent form does not show the 15-percent questions. On both forms, population questions 13 to 41 are repeated for each person in the household but questions 24 to 41 do not apply to children under 14 years of age.

The same sets of questions are used throughout the country, regardless of whether the census in a particular area is conducted by mail or house-to-house canvass. An illustrative example is enclosed with each questionnaire to help the householder complete



76 Appendix A

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Appendix B: 1972 Census of Governments: Selected Basic Questionnaires

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	Phase 1. Governmen					
Repo	rt Form, G-28, "Loca	I Governme	ent Directory (Card		
(Municip	alities and Township	s)" [Sm	all] (front ar	nd back)		
To municipal and a	swnship officials:		D. M. B. No. 41-570088.			
Census of Governm	Consus in connection with its ents (sutherised by Title 13, S le) is now bringing up to date i I governments in the Hation.	ec.	1977TEMS LOCAL GOVER	US OF GOVE	ECTORY	CARD
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1972 CENSUS OF GOVERNMENTS

Phase 2. Taxable Property Values Survey Report Form, GP-33,

"Survey of Assessed Valuations" (page 1)

Date applied by

Title

Address (Street and number, city, State, 7/P code)

**As of assessment date(s) to which valuations relate

**Talephone

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1972 CENSUS OF GOVERNMENTS

Composite Form for Phases 3 (Governmental Employment) and 4 (Governmental Finances)

Report Form, F-33, "Survey of Local Governmental Finances and Employment, Local School and College Systems" (page 1)

				COMPANY OF THE PARTY OF				
Date supplied by Name				1472 COMMIN OF GOVERNMENTS SURVET OF LOCAL GOVERNMENTAL FINANCES AND EMPLOYMENT LOCAL GLOOD LANG COLLEGE STITE ME				
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- 4. Please complete all sections. If some stams do r your district, do not merely leave them blank, but only or a dash (-) in the reporting space provided.

1972 CENSUS OF GOVERNMENTS

Phase 4. Governmental Finances

Report Form, F-115, "Survey of State-Administered Public Employee Retirement Systems"

(page 1) O.M.B. No. 41-571049, Approval expites June 30 1973 Pome Pitts U.S. DEPARTMENT OF COMMERCE Date supplied by 1977 CEMSUS OP GOVERNMENTS
SURVEY OF STATE ADMINISTERED
PUBLIC-EMPLOYEE RETIREMENT SYSTEMS Tetle In correspondence pertaining to this report, aleese refer to Telephone Number Ending date of fiscal year cavered by this report (Please provide date for your fiscal year that ended between July 1, 1971 and June 30, 1972, and specify the closing date): TO: Bureou of the Consus Governments Division Weshington, D.C. 20233 , ds ----A Census of Governments is conducted each 5 years to provide statistics on various subjects, including public-employee retirement systems. Accordingly, we are writing to all State and locally administered retirement systems in the Nation to obtain the information called for on this form concerning their finances and membership. Will you, therefore, please fill out this questionnaire as soon as possible and return the addressed copy in the enclosed official envelope, which requires no postage. The entre copy — for your files. Your cooperation will be greatly appracrated. GEORGE H BROWN Director Bureau of the Census Enclasure BASIC INSTRUCTIONS AND SUGGESTIONS Deforefilling out this form, please readcarefully each part, and all related gefinitions and instructions. Clude transfers between reserves of the system, and also are investment transactions relating to loans to system members. 3. Please complete all parts of the term. If some stems do not apply to your system, do not metally leave them blank, but enter "None" or a dash in the reporting space provided. more especially.

J. Please report figures for your system's fiscal year which ended between July 1, 1971 and June 30, 1972, and enter the closing date of the reported fiscal year in the space provided above.

2. Report ligures relating to all accounts and reserves:

a. Do not delay reporting to ewait finally audited of your system, including arounts for retirement, figures, if substantially accurate figures can be disability, survivors', and other benefits, as well as supplied on a preliminary basis.

1972 CENSUS OF GOVERNMENTS Phase 4. Governmental Finances Report Form, F-115, "Survey of State-Administered Public-Employee Retirement Systems" (page 2, top) Part I - RETIREMENT SYSTEM COVERAGE A. TYPE OF COVERAGE — Which of the items below best describes the kinds of employees to whom active membership in Your system is available? Please mark #PPI/Cable items. B. BASIS OF MEMBERSHIP - Specify System Coverage applies automatically to eligible amployees General coverage — All amplorees (or all regular or full-time amplorees), as indicated below: [] Coverage applies automatically to most eligible employees, but with membership optional for certain classes, as follows: State employees only State and local government employees Local government employees only Subject only to the following exclusions - Specify School employees —Including nonteaching personnel es well as teachers. Teachers only — Instructional staff (including supervisory personnel, but not other school amplayers). Pelico only Other specific group(s) as follows - Specify System coverage is optional (by employee choice) for all eligible employees Per II - FINANCES OF SYSTEM, FISCAL YEAR Please report below, all Cash receipts and pyments of your system for its fiscal year that ended between July 1, 1971 end June 20, 1972, and its cash and accurity holdings as of the end of that period, faculating to all accounts and reserves of your system, including racepts from all sourcas and psymbols for retirement, disability, survivors' and other benefits, as well as any amounts for administration of the system. Eccled transfers between teserves of the system, and also any investment transactions, or transactions relating to loans to system members. RECEIPTS — $E_{\rm x}$ clude amounts received from sale of invastments, and from repayment of loans made to members. Amount (Omit cents) Employee contributions — Total amounts contributed by all member employees or withhald from their sslaries for financing of benefits. State employees — From employees of the State government, including employees of State Colleges and other State institutions and egencies. Local employaes – From employaes of countries, cities, local Public schools, and other local government agencies. outer tucal government agencies. 2. Government coatributions — Total amounts received from State and local governments for financial support of your system, including any taxes credited directly to the system and amounts appropriated for administration. - State contributions — Fran State government, including State colleges and other State institutions and Agencies. Local governments - From counties, cities, local public schools, and other local government agamcias. Ermings on investments - Interest, dividends, and rents rectived, and other earnings on investments (a.g., net gains on investments, if recorded as receipts of the system) If total amount includes rentals from any State fund or agencies, show such receipts here — 4. Other receipts - Please list below e. Any amounts for transmittal to Federal OASDHI System b. Net proceeds from benefit entertainments, gifts, and the like c. Other - Specify



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1972 CENSUS OF GOVERNMENTS

Phase 4. Governmental Finances

Report Form, F-115, "Survey of State-Administered Public-Employee Retirement Systems" (page 2, bottom)

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Psyments — Exclude amounts paid out for purchase of investments and for loans made to members.				
Benefits poid to former active members or their beneficiaries Periodic benefits for retirement on account of age or service				
b. Periodic benefits for retirement on account of disability	<u> </u>	_		
c. Periodic payments made to survivors		_		
d. Lump-sum (nonrecurrent) payments made to survivors				•
Total, items le fe	M			
Withdrawels - Amounts paid to members or former active members return of Contributions of such members, and any interest on such members.	ers representing uch amounts.	X12	<u> </u>	
3. Other payments — Picose list below a. Administrative expenses				
b. Any amounts transmitted to Federal QASDHI System		_		
c. Net losses on investment transactions, if recorded . es expenses of your, system				
d. Construction or acquisition of property — Specify		1.		
e. Other - Specify			/	
Tetal payments,	iroms 3o to 3o	1 7	eparting bit	11.5
Please indicate the basis for the amounts reported (preferably, par value for bonds and book value for stocks)	Amount 81 and of fracet year	P. Jue	Market value	Cost box vsi
Cosh and deposits – Cash on hand and demand, and time-or savings deposits.	xşi	V_{-}		Ŀ
2. Federal securities —U.5 Tressury obligation, including short-term notes (exclude securities of Federal Land Banks, mortgages guaranteed by GNMA, and the like, see items 6 and 71.				
3. Securities of State and local governments and their agencles	135 /	<u> </u>	ļ.,	<u> </u>
Corperete bands (preferably of per volue) — include debentures.	-	ļ	<u> </u>	<u> </u>
5. Corporate stocks (proforably at book volus) .	142	ļ	-	├-
6. Mortgages — Report obligations of agencies which guarantee mortgage, at item 7.		<u> </u>		↓_
 Other – include leans to members, securities of foreign governments, Federal Land Banks, and the like; exclude real preperty 			_	\perp
8. Total cash and security holdings = Sum of items 1 to 7, above		<u> </u>	<u> </u>	1
9. Value of any investment in buildings and other				

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1972 CENSUS OF GOVERNMENTS

Phase 4. Governmental Finances

Report Form, F-115, "Survey of State-Administered Public-Employee Retirement Systems" (page 3)

Port III - MEMBERSHIP AND BENEFICIA	PI FS	
Please report the figures requested below, as of the last month of yo the month newest. to that permitted by your records. If detailed please enter an estimake and mark it with an asterisk (*).	ur fiscal year re	ported above, or ing for an item.
Vitem .	Number (a)	Amounts paid during month (b)
h. MEMBERS OF YOUR RETIREMENT`SYSTEM (Ecclude bonoficiorius) I. Active members of your system (cuirent coatributors):		
Employed by your State government (including State institutions and agencies)		
b. Employed by local governments (including local agencies)		
Total active members – items le plus lb		
 Inactive members — Former employees and employees on military or other extended leave without pey, but having retained retirement credits. Report below, under B, former active members who are receiving retiremant benefits. 		
B. BENEFICIARIES RECEIVING PERIODIC BENEFIT PAYMENTS. DURING MONTH		
1. Femor octive numbers of system, retired on account of age or service	-	
2. Fermor active members of system, rettrod on account of disability		
3. Servives of decessed former active members (In column (a), report number of payees,)		
C. RECIPIENTS OF LUMP-SUM PAYMENTS DURING MONTH REPORTED		
Withdrawole and other one-time payments (other than leans) made to present or fermer members of system		
Lump-sum (nonrocurront) payments made to survivors of decessed former active members		
D. ENTER HERE THE MONTH AND YEAR TO WHICH FIGURES REPORTED ABOVE APPLY	Month	Year
E. PLEASE INDICATE HERE THE FREQUENCY WITH WHICH PERIODIC P TO BENEFICIARIES OF YOUR SYSTEM. (Mark one)	AYMENTS ARE	MADE
Monthly	-	
[] Que terly		
F. COVERAGE UNDER DASDMI — Please indicate whether any of the active you have reported at Al above, were also covered under the Federal Old Health Insurance program, in connection with their governmental employm.	Age, Survivors, C	or contributors)
[]] All active members, also covered by DASDHI have been considered by DASDHI have been consi		
[[]] None of the active members, as such, covered by OASDHI		Number
[7] Some, but not all, active members, as such, also covered by DASO how many of your active members (current contributors during the reported at Al, above), were also covered under DASDHI?	ionth	
SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION - Please use this space to explain any in or to provide additional information concerning any of the entries on the form		ifficult to classify.
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Appendix C: Answers to the Exercises in Chapter IV of the Student Manual

Answers for Exercises 1-4

Answers to Exercise 1, National Elections

- a (1). Johnson (61.1 percent)
 - a (2). Roosevelt (60.8 percent, in 1936)
 - b (1). Taft (23.2 percent, in 1912)
 - b (2). Davis (28.8 percent)
 - c (1). 1964 (99.522 percent)
 - c (2). 1940 (99.521 percent)
 - c (3). 1912 (65.1 percent)
 - c (4). 1924 (82.9 percent).
 - d. 18

e.

1942 and 1946 (Note: In 1950 both Republican and Democratic Répresentatives received 49.0 percent of the votes cast.)

Answers to Exercise 2, Black-Owned Businesses

	, ,	40	c. Transporta-	
		,	tion and	
	a. All Black-	b. Retail	Public	d. Selected
**	Owned Firms	Trade	Utilities	Services
(1)	\$4,474,000,000	\$1,932,000,000	\$211,000,000	\$ 663,000,000
(2)	\$7,168,000,000	\$2,926,000,000	\$425,000,000	\$1,054,000,000
(3)	60%	51%	105%	59%
(4)	163,072	45,220	16,733	56,077
(5)	194,986	56,617	21,738	.° 68,469
(6)	20%	25%	13%	. 22%
(7)	151,996	55,159	7,520	38,182
(8)	196,596	58,326	10,714	49,102
(9)	29%	6%	42%	29% - :
(10)	16% (16.35	%) · 8% (7.75%	6) 22% (21.	.57%) 13% (13.42%)

Some correct answers to the questions

2-1. Yes and no. The figures indicate that there were increases in the number of black-owned firms and in the number of their paid employees,



but these increases were not nearly as large as the increases in receipts.

2-2. One aspect of the situation appears discouraging. A large part of black-owned business represents self-employment in the service industries and retail trade. This may reflect lack of employment opportunity in higher waged industries and occupations rather than an increase in either income or social status for many of these owners of businesses.

2-3. The question calls for an opinion, and is intended to stimulate thought and discussion and possibly additional research. There probably are no clear and certain answers to the problem.

Answers to Exercise 3, Government Employment and Payrolls

a. The correct figures are shown in the table below. The table might be set up differently, and the absolute figures as well as the percentages might be shown.

Increase in Local Government Employment and Payrolls, 1965-1973 (Percent)

Area	Employment	Payrolls
Central City	67.3	127.0
All U.S. Municipalities		126.8
All Other Local Governments		130.9

Source: U.S. Bureau of the Census, Public Employment, annual (as shown in Statistical Abstract of the United States, 1974, issued by the same agency).

- b. Comments on the table above should include at least the following:
 - (1) Government employment in Central City increased more than twice as much as government employment in all U.S. municipalities combined, and increased considerably more than that of all local governments other than municipalities.
 - (2) Payrolls for government employment in Central City increased no more than that of all U.S. municipalities combined, and less than that of all local governments other than municipalities.
 - (3) Since there has been a great increase in the number of employees of Central City, and a fairly low increase in the total payroll, the salaries of Central City employees have not increased nearly enough in comparison with those of local government employees in general—unless they were much higher in 1965 than other local government salaries.
- c. The correct percentages are shown in the table below. All of the figures might be presented in text, as might the information in the title and source note; the exercise does not specifically call for a table. If figures are shown in a table, it might be set up differently, the column for



"Total payrolls" might be omitted, and the absolute figures as well as the percentages might be shown.

Percent of Total Payrolls of Central City and of All Local Governments Spent for Selected Services, 1973

Area	Total Payrolls	Fire Protection	Police Protection	Sanitation and Sewerage
Central City	100	5.0	10.0	2.5
All Local Governments	100	3.6	7.1	2.5

d. Comments on the table above should include at least the following: The proportion of the payroll of Central City that is devoted to fire protection is 38.9 percent greater than the average for all municipalities in the United States.

Answers to questions

3-1. The comparisons neither support nor negate the contention that the firemen of Central City should have a pay increase.

Answers to Exercise 4, School-Age Population

Answers to assignment

- a. Increase of 9,112,000, or more than 9 million, or from 42,533,000 to 51,645,000, or 21.4 percent
- b (1). 3.5 percent average annual increase
- b (2). 2.5 percent average annual decrease
- c (1). 23.0 percent
- (2). 28.3 percent
- c (3). 24.3 percent
- d (1). Decrease of 2,239,000, or 11.8 percent
- d (2). Decrease of 1,410,000 or 8.4 percent
- d (3). Increase of 700,000, or 4.3 percent

Answers to questions

- 4.1. The legislator was correct in saying that the school-age population has decreased in the last few years and that it will decrease in the future (unless there is a large influx of school-age children into the country.)
- 4.2. An expansion of State Teachers College now almost certainly would just encourage an over supply of teachers. The population of an age to attend the Teachers College can be expected to increase between 1974 and 1980, but the population that graduates will teach is declining.

