DOCUMENT RESUME

ZD 127 454 CE 007 634

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TITLE Learning Stations: A Dynamic Approach to Career

Education.

INSTITUTION Rutgers, The State Univ., New Brunswick, N.J.

Curriculum Lab.

SPONS AGENCY New Jersey State Dept. of Education, Trenton. Div. of

Vocational Education.

POB DATE Jul 75 NOTE 92p.

EDRS PRICE MF-\$0.83 HC-\$4.67 Plus Postage.

DESCRIPTORS Activity Units; Career Education; *Career

Exploration: Elementary Education: Elementary School

Mathematics: *Individualized Curriculum;

*Instructional Materials; Language Arts; *Learning Activities: Learning Laboratories: Skill Development:

Social Studies; Social Values

IDENTIFIERS *Learning Stations

ABSTRACT

This curriculum guide presents career education material in the form of learning stations, which are individualized, independent skill- or content- oriented activities, that can be used by elementary school teachers to provide opportunities for pupils to use a skill or acquire an ability. Objectives, directions for completion, materials required, evaluation procedures, and, when appropriate, answer keys and illustrations are provided at each station. The 42 stations are designed for and grouped under Science and Social Studies (9), Language Arts (7), Mathematics (6), Social Values (7), and Miscellaneous (13). Introductory material indicates that (1) use of stations can stimulate growth in self-direction, self-discipline, responsibility, creativity, ability to follow directions, and social interaction; (2) use of this type of program requires the leacher to have individual weekly conferences with each pupil in order to evaluate the academic progress, plan directions for the pupil to continue learning, and monitor progress by spot-checking, observation, informal conferences and periodic testing; (3) all questions, instructions, and illustrations contained in this guide should be mounted on poster board. An evaluation form for the booklet and a list of references are provided. (TA)

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State of New Jersey
Department of Education
Division of Vocational Education



LEARNING STATIONS: A DYNAMIC APPROACH TO CAREER EDUCATION

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Vocational-Technical Curriculum Laboratory Rutgers - The State University Building 4103 - Kilmer Campus New Brunswick, New Jersey

July, 1975 Publication #0009



This publication is one of a series of curriculum documents in career education written under the statewide curriculum development project conducted by the New Jersey Curriculum Management Center.

Materials developed under this project are published by the New Jersey Vocational-Technical Education Curriculum Laboratory in order to ensure the widespread availability of these materials to practitioners in the rield at a reasonable cost.

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INTRODUCTION

Elementary education is a period of exploration and self-discovery. Emphasis at this time should be on our man-made environment, the impact of technology, understanding the world of work, and the dignity of work.

The dissemination of this process should be done with a team approach if it is to be successful. Therefore, the writer is presenting the following material in the form of learning stations that can be used by the teachers in the elementary school setting. These stations should result in the following for each individual student:

- l. Appraisal of oneself in relation to how people differ in skills, interests, and abilities and how these affect an individual's cureer development.
 - 2. Appreciation of all types of work and the people who do them.
 - 3. Realization of the importance of school to life and work.
- 4. Understanding the amount of practice and knowledge that is essential to attain "skill" status.
- 5. Awareness that jobs and job opportunities change and retraining may be required in some jobs.
 - 6. Work is seen as a need for creative expression.
- 7. Understanding the influences and pressures of economic, cultural, and political aspects of society in life and work.
- 8. Understanding the effect of attitudes and personality factors such as social, personal, emotional in school as well as job success.
 - θ_{\star} . Knowledge of a wide variety and number of levels of occupations.



10. Ability to plan and select occupationally oriented experiences and how they contribute to a foundation for career planning suitable to his own individuality.



LEARNING STATIONS

The learning station is a single individualized, independent skill or content-oriented activity; an opportunity to use a skill or acquire an ability. Each station indicates the objective of the activity, directions for completion and some type of evaluation procedure.

Learning particular skills or facts is not the only outgrowth to expect from use of learning stations. Teachers will also notice growth in self-direction, self-discipline, responsibility, creativity, ability to follow directions, social interaction, and emotional stability.

Use of this type of program requires the teacher to have individual weekly conterences with each pupil in order to evaluate the academic progress and plan directions for the pupil to continue learning. The teacher must also monitor progress by spot-checking, observations, informal conferences and periodic testing. Children may keep their own records.

ALL QUESTIONS, INSTRUCTIONS AND ILLUSTRATIONS SHOULD BE MOUNTED ON POSTER BOARD. ALSO, EACH FINISHED STATION SHOULD BE COVERED WITH TRANSPARENT CONTACT PAPER FOR DURABILITY.

Although the learning stations included in this booklet have not made use of audio-visual aids such as the record player, cassett recorders and tapes, filmstrip projector, movie projector, and overhead it is highly recommended that these also be implemented either with these stations or with others that you will establish at a future date. There are many materials available dealing with Career Education that can easily be made into a learning station. Such an example might be to



allow a child to listen to a record or tape, look at a transparency, a filmstrip, or a movie concerning Career Education. His assignment would be to answer questions dealing with the material (this would be previously prepared by you, the teacher, either in the form of written questions or a mimeographed sheet). His answers could then be checked either with an answer key or during a teacher-pupil conference.

When constructing a learning station one should keep in mind the important materials that can be used. I have found the following supplies to be most helpful in learning stations:

Oaktag, poster-board -- large, assorted colors (there can always be cut to size)

File Folders

Construction paper -- large, assorted colors

Yarn

Contact paper -- transparent (to be used on all stations)

Colored pencils

Rulers

Scissors

Razor Blade

(lue (Rubber cement is great)

Magic markers -- thick and felt tip

Scotch/masking tape

Paper clips

Brass paper fasteners

Punch

Stapler

Typewriter 9

Paper

Picture file

Old books/magazines to cut up

Old textbooks/workbooks to cut up

Paper plates

Drapery pin-on nooks

Boxes -- assorted cartons, gift boxes

Again, all of these might not be used in the stations contained in this manuscript, but you will find uses for such materials as well as others you will add to the list as you progress in the program.



1. DEVELOPING A TOOL

Objective:

To become aware that change in industrial materials affects the way we work.

Directions:

1. Read the following paragraph:

Suppose you needed to develop a tool as the men in the early days did. You are to improve it so that the task can be done more quickly. Suppose you had to dig a foundation for a house, how could you improve a stick, which is being used for a tool so that it is more efficient?

- 2. Look at the illustrations below and read each question carefully.
 - 3. Answer all the questions on the paper provided.

Evaluation:

Teacher-pupil conference.

Materials Required:

Fine-tip pens for the illustrations; paper for the children to answer the questions.

Questions:



1.	What v	sou1d ye	vu add	to the	stick to	enable
	you to	move :	the dir	t from	the plac	e where
	the fo	ounda t io	n will	be to	another	spot?
	/ * ** · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·					
						·



2. You have something to hold the dirt, but because it is heavy you have to move slowly. What right you add to speed up the job?



what animal night you get so that you wouldn't have to pull, push or lift the tool?



As the hole gets deeper, what would you add so that the unimal wouldn't have to go to the bott m of the hole each time? Remember you still want to bring the dirt out.



- 5. It a triend its inted an engine, how could you use it for your task?
- 6. What kind of equipment is used to dig foundations?



2. LET'S JUST PRETEND

Objectivet

To consider some of the effects environmental change has on the way people work and play.

Directions:

1. Read the following list of incidents which could happen to you.

Your father is transferred by his company to another town.

You are told that the street in front of your house is going to be repaired and no one will be able to use the street for two weeks.

Your mother has to go out of town to stay with your grandmother who is ill and you don't know how long she'll be gone.

The electricity in your town is shut off and cannot be repaired for two weeks.

2. Pick one incident and pretend that it has happened to you.
With your imagination write a short story telling how your life would be different if this really did happen to you.

rvaluation:

Share your story with your classmates during sharing time.

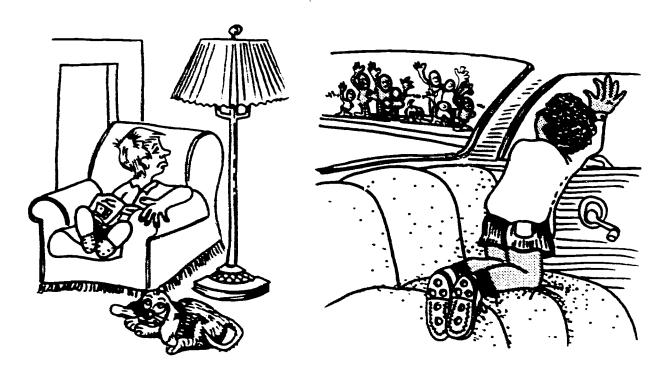
Materials Required:

Fine-tip pens for the illustrations; paper for the children's stories.





List should be centered
on the poster = board.





3. YESTERDAY - TODAY

objective:

To become aware of how new environments change the ways people spend their leisure time.

Directions:

- 1. Read the paragraph below the picture (see illustration).
- 2. Fill in the columns Yesterday and Today.
- 3. Answer the questions that follow.

i ya kwaziom:

leacher-pupil evaluation during a calss discussion.

Materials Required:

Felt-tip pens for the illustration; contact to cover the station; mimeographed sheets containing the following information for



The picture on the left shows a place where people used to go on michles. Today it has been changed by things that you see in the picture on the right. Using your paper list the activities which may have taken



place in the "yesterday" column and the kinds of leisure-time activities you could do in the "today" column.

YESTERDAY	TODAY		
en man changes land, how does	this change the way people use it?		
e there any activities that wo	ould stay the same?		



4. WORK AT HOME WORKSHEET

Objective:

To be aware of the chores and jobs you have at home.

Directions:

1. Read the following questions:

Name the jobs and chores you do at home.

Name jobs outside the home that are similar and require the same skills.

What do you like about these jobs?

What don't you like about these jobs?

What other jobs at home would you rather do?

What jobs does your mother perform during a day?

What does your father do where he works?

Do your brothers and sisters have chores to do also?

2. Copy the questions on your paper and after each answer them with at least two sentences. Include all that you feel is important.

Evaluation:

Teacher-pupil conference.

Materials Required:

You will need the material mentioned above on a typed sheet that has been placed on a piece of caktag, and paper for the children's answers.



5. WORKERS IN DIFFERENT LANDS

Objective:

To be aware of jobs that people have in a foreign country and weat jobs are available in our community.

Directions:

- 1. Copy the two charts found below on your paper (see illustration).
- 2. Follow the instructions found above each. Also those below the second chart.

Evaluation:

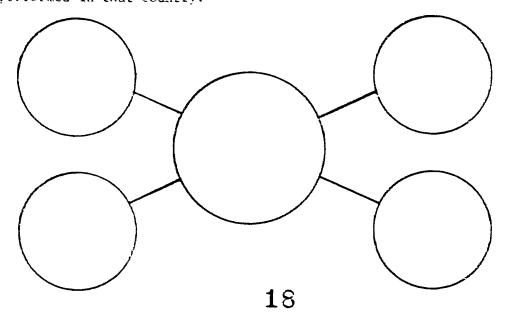
Share your responses with the class during social studies discussion time.

Materials Required:

Paper for the children's charts and responses.

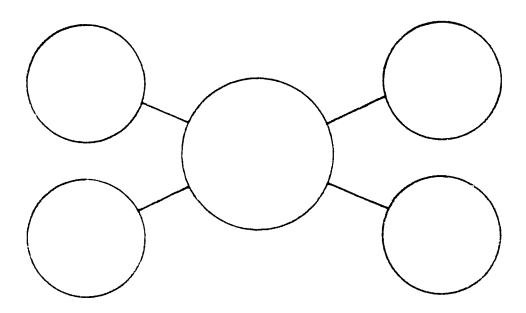
Illustration:

In the center circle write the name of a foreign country you have studied and in the surrounding circles write the names of jobs that are performed in that country.





In the center circle write the name of your community and in the circles corresponding to the ones above, write the names of jobs in your community that are similar.



Write a sport story that describes what these workers do.



6. WORKERS IN THE SCHOOL

Objective:

To lientify workers in the school.

Lirections:

- 1. Look at the pictures (see illustration).
- 2. Identify each occupation by writing a title under each.
- 3. Write a paragraph about each job picture as shown. Be sure to include in each what these people do for you and the school.

Tyalbation:

Check your answers to the job titles with the answer key and share your paragraphs during your teacher-pupil conference time.

Materials Required:

Fine-tip pens for the illustrations or a pencil; paper for the children's responses; an answer key.

Answer Key:

Center picture - students

Top picture - principal

Left top picture - counselor

Left bottom picture - nurse

Softom picture - teacher

Right bottom picture - cafeteria worker

Right top picture - custodian







7. STOP AND GO

Objective:

To be able to differentiate which jobs are easy to find, which are available, but not many in number, and which are harder to find.

Directions:

1. Read the following job titles.

Athlete Building Worker Butcher Bus Driver Barber Business Executive Bookkeeper Bank Officer Auto Salesman Assembly Line Worker Appliance Serviceman Cook Nurse Police Officer Pharmacist Service Station Attendant Secretary Shoe Repairman School Counselor Teacher - elementary Economist Farm Equipment Mechanic Geologist Trainman Waiter, Waitress

Carpenter Computer Operator Dental Assistant Dentist Doctor Dancer Singer Actor and Actress Musician Engineer Lawyer Meteorologist Oceanographer Plumber Programmer Stewardess Social Worker Truck Driver Telephone Operator Fire Fighter Forester Jeweler Veterinarian Hotel Manager

2. Place a green circle next to the jobs that are easy to find, a yellow circle next to those jobs that are available, but not many in number, and a red circle next to ones that are harder to find.



- 3. Underline the ones that interest you.
- 4. Look up any job titles you don't know.

nvaluation:

Check your list with the answer key.

Materials Required:

Mineographed sneets with the job titles listed on them; red, arcen, and yellow crayons; an answer key (this could be a mineographed spect that has the circles already placed where they belong).



ANSWER KEY TO STOP AND GO

athlete - green

building worker - red

butcher - red

bus driver - red

barber - red

business executive - green

bookkeeper - red

bank officer - green

auto salesman - yellow

assembly line worker - yellow

appliance serviceman - green

cook - red

nurse - green

police officer - green

pharmacist - yellow

service station attendant - yellow

secretary - green

shoe repairman - red

school counselor - green

teacher - elementary - red

economist - green

farm equipment mechanic - red

geologist - green

trainman - red

waiter; waitress - yellow

carpenter - green

computer operator - green

dental assistant - green

dentist - green

doctor - green

dancer - red

singer - red

actor and actress - red

musician - red

engineer - green

lawyer - green

meteorologist - green

oceanographer - green

plumber - green

programmer - green

stewardess - green

social worker - yellow

truck driver - yellow

telephone operator - green

fire fighter - yellow

forester - red

jeweler - red

veterinarian - green

hotel manager - green

8. OCCUPATIONAL CLUSTERS

Objective:

To be able to identify different jobs relating to each cluster.

Directions:

1. Read the following list of occupational clusters.

Manufacturing Occupations
Construction Occupations
Distribution and Marketing Occupations
Environmental Occupations
Agriculture and Natural Resources Occupations
Public Service Occupations
Health Occupations
Recreation Occupations
Personnel Service Occupations
Eusiness and Office Occupations
Consumer and Homemaking-Related Occupations
Marine Science Occupations
Transportation Occupations
Fine Arts and Humanities Occupations
Communications and Media Occupations

- 2. Write the names of these clusters on your paper.
- 3. Leaving space next to each so that you may write three job titles next to each.
- 4. Take the job titles from the "job pocket" and hook the three job titles that belong with each occupational cluster on the drapery pin-
- 5. Now write next to each occupational cluster name the jobs that you chose.
- to Remove all the job titles from the drapery pin-on hooks and place them back into the "job pocket."



uvaluation:

Check your answers with the answer key.

Materials Required:

Drapery pln-on books placed next to each occupational cluster name; job titles typed on pieces or outtag with a hole at the top; paper punch; a job pocket made of oaktag; paper for the children's answers, answer key.

Absolg Kar -- Ob Tilles

Manufacturing -- baking, textile, and shoe industry

Construction -- electricians, masons, and custodial services

Distribution and Marketing -- actomotive, real estate, and petroleum

Confronmental -- forests, recreation, and oceanographer

Agriculture and Natural Resources -- nursery technician, geologist, citrus industry

Facility Service -- policeman, trachers, clergyman scalin -- chiropractor, psychologist, social worker scoreution -- arts and crafts, ataletics, winter sports forsonnel Service -- counselors, psychiatrists, employment agencies business and Office -- accountants, tellers, auditors tensorer and Homemaking-Selated -- baker, cook, food and nutrition Marine Science -- aquarist, sea duty technician, seamanship Transportation -- railroad engineer, snipping, routeman fine Arts and Furantities -- commercial artist, printing, pattern makers demonstration and Media -- telephone, publications, graphic artist



9. JOB REQUIREMENTS

Objective:

To improve student work-study skills and become more aware of job requirements.

Directions:

- l. Select five job titles from the Alphabetical Listing of Career Briefs (or a similar pamphlet). You may use the job titles from the previous station.
- 2. Using the encyclopedia, the dictionary, and other available sources pertaining to jobs write in paragraph form about the requirements needed to attain the positions chosen.
- 3. Remember to include various requirements such as: ability, location, hours, wages, schooling reeded, benefits, etc.

Evaluation:

Pupil-teacher conference.

Materials Required:

Magic markers for the names of the requirements (see illustration); paper.

Purpose: ABILITY
Directions: LOCATION
Evaluation: HOURS
WAGES
SCHOOLING
BENEFITS



10. FEELINGS

Objective:

To be able to express one's feelings in a paragraph.

Directions:

Think what things make you angry and write a paragraph about your anger and the different feelings that accompany this anger.*

*Remember -- people get angry, dogs get mad.

Lyalus ion:

Pupil-teacher conference.

Materials Required:

Magic markers for the illustration; paper for the children's answers.





11. JOB OPPORTUNITIES

Objective:

To be able to list the job opportunities available in our area.

Directions:

1. From the booklets provided (teacher supplies these) and your own knowledge of your area, list the jobs available at the present time.

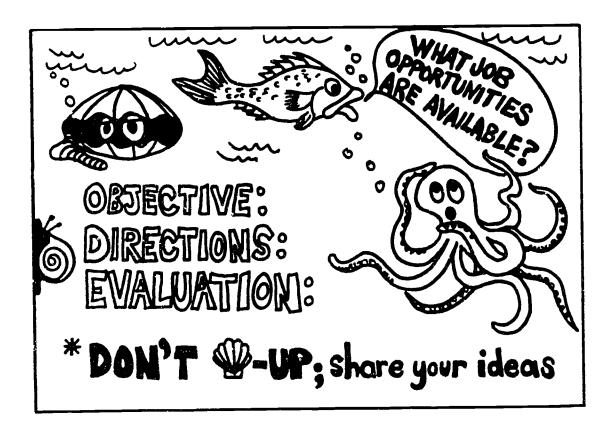
Evaluation:

Compare your list with a classmate and see if you thought of as many jobs as your friend.* Were the jobs similar in nature?

*Don't —up share your ideas.

Materials Required:

Magic markers for the illustrations; paper.





12. DOCTOR, LAWYER, INDIAN CHIEF? (Which will you wear?)

Objective:

To be able to write a short story about your future career.

Directions:

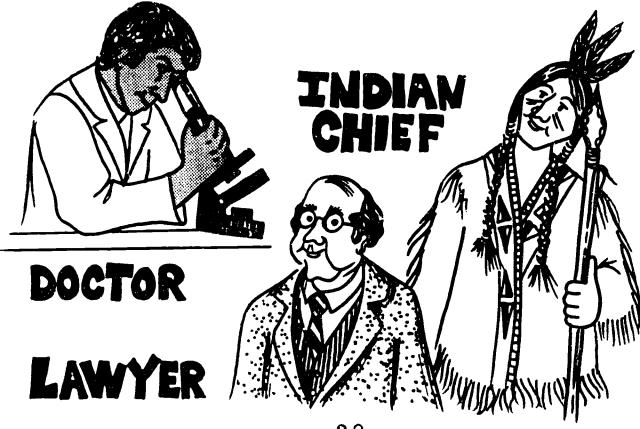
- 1. From what you have read, seen, heard, and experienced, write a short story about what you would like to do when you go into the field of work.
 - 2. Mention why you would choose the job.

Evaluation:

Class sharing time.

Materials Required:

Magic Markers for the illustrations; you may want to use pictures instead of illustrating this station.





13. WHERE AM I GOING?

Objective:

To be able to briefly explain the career decision making procedure.

Directions:

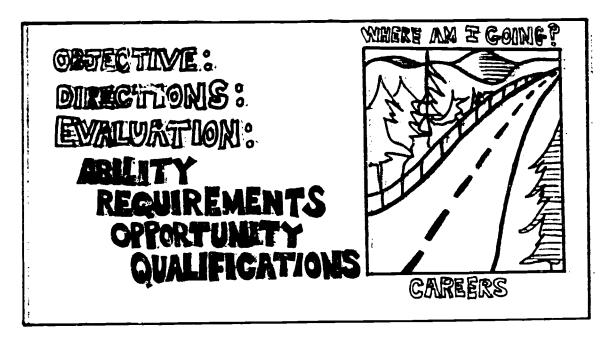
- 1. Study the picture (as illustrated below and entitled Where Am I going?; the word Careers could be placed at the bottom of the picture).
 - 2. List several steps involved in making a career decision.
- 3. Feep in mind that there is a difference between ability and interest.

Evaluation:

Pupil-teacher conference (before seeing me have you done what's been asked?).

Materials Required:

A fine tip pen for the illustration; paper for the children's answers.





14. SCRAMBLED EGGS

Objective:

To be able to unscramble the words relating to career education.

Directions:

1. Copy the words (scrambled) found below.

upaoccionts	enebftis
proemyde	ealrn
ojb	ailbity
oscohl	ovaticonla
utfuer	uidangec
orwk	uisbenss
terestin	erecras
cunommiyt	poporuntiesti

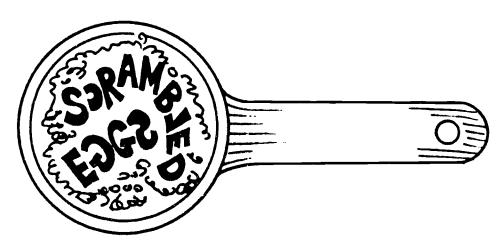
2. Next to each word write the correct spelling.

Evaluation:

Check your answers with the answer sheet provided.

Materials Required:

Paper for the children's answers.





ANSWER KEY TO SCRAMBLED EGGS

OCCUPATIONS BENEFITS

EMPLOYED LEARN

JOB ABILITY

SCHOOL VOCATIONAL

FUTURE GUIDANCE

WORK BUSINESS

INTERESI CAREERS

COMMUNITY OPPORTUNITIES



15. CAREERS CALLING

Objective:

To be able to use the Yellow Pages of a telephone book.

Directions:

1. Answer the questions found below:

Suppose you moved to this city. How could you find out the kinds of jobs people there have?

Look at the Yellow Pages provided.

What if you wanted to repair appliances, or work with motor vehicles, or be a salesperson? Could you find a few places where each of these job skills might be needed?

Suppose you wanted to work helping people with their problems. Can you find several places you might seek a job?

What other kinds of jobs do people work at in your city?

Evaluation:

Check your answers with the answer key (this will vary from classroom to classroom).

Materials Required:

An answer key (one to go with the Yellow Pages you have); the Yellow Pages from a local phone book; paper for the children's answers.

33.7



16. MIX AND MATCH

Objective:

To be able to match job titles with different job interests.

Directions:

- 1. Match the correct titles with the interest by connecting the yarn from one fastener to the other.
- 2. Copy on your paper the list of interests and next to each the titles you chose to go with that particular interest.
- 3. Remember to unwrap the yarn when you have completed the exercise.

Evaluation:

Check your answers with the answer key.

Materials Required:

A piece of poster-board with the job interests listed on the left side with a brass fastener next to each and on the right side the list of job titles with one fastener on the left of each group; yarn should be connected to the fasteners on the job interest side; brass fasteners should be placed on the poster-board after the contact has been put on; paper for the children's answers; an answer key should also be contacted.



JOB INTERESTS AND JOB TITLES FOR MIX AND MATCH

Literary Work -office clerk, secretary, bookkeeper, typist, hotel clerk, ticket agent, accountant Scientific Work -sales clerk, union leader, politician, door-to-door salesman, travel agent Artistic Work -nurse, nurse's aid, home economist, practical nurse, religious leader, orderly Outdoor Work -doctor, laboratory technician, physicist, draftsman, space scientist, chemist, dictician Clerical Work -newspaper reporter, librarian, teacher, newscaster, editor, advertising writer, author Mechanical Work -pro-athlete, house painter, gardener, gas-station attendant, farmer, sports instructor Social Service Work -artist, photographer, musician, actor, hair stylist, cartoonist, furniture designer, architect Persuasive Work -heavy-machinery operator, auto mechanic, TV or radio repairman, air-conditioner installer



ANSWERS TO MIX AND MATCH

Literary Work -- newspaper reporter, librarian, teacher,

newscaster, editor, advertising writer,

author

Scientific Work -- doctor, laboratory technician,

physicist, draftsman, space scientist,

chemist, dietician

Artistic Work -- artist, photographer, musician, actor,

hair stylist, cartoonist, furniture

designer, architect

Outdoor Work -- pro-athlete, house painter, gardener,

gas-station attendant, farmer, sports

instructor

Clerical Work -- office clerk, secretary, bookkeeper,

typist, hotel clerk, ticket agent,

accountant

Mechanical Work -- heavy-machinery operator, auto mechanic,

TV or radio repairman, air-conditioner

installer

Social Service Work -- nurse, nurse's aid, home economist,

practical nurse, religious leader,

orderly

Persuasive Work -- salesclerk, union leader, politician,

door-to-door salesman, travel agent



17. \$500.00 -- FOR WHAT?

Objective:

To assist students in realizing how money can change the way people work and play.

Directions:

1. Read the short story that follows:

Your father explains that he has just received a refund of \$500.00 on last year's income tax. At first he was going to use it for some equipment for his job, but he decided that he could get along without it. He would like you to have some ideas.

Your brother suggests buying a new lawn mower. It would make the mowing much easier. He also suggested a new TV or a mini-bike for fun.

Your sister suggested a dishwasher and then a hair dryer.

Your mother suggested a vacation and your brother would like to go to Disneyland and your sister a big city.

Father is surprised at all the suggestions. He also adds that perhaps they could think of other things to spend the money on.

Mother feels that it is important to plan how to spend it, so that all get as much benefit from it as possible. Father agrees and adds that they could put some in a saving account and use it later.

The final decision at this point is not to make a snap decision before thinking it over. He also mentions that all should think of ways the money benefits the entire family.

2. Answer the following questions in written form.

W hat things could the family spend the money for that would improve their work?

What things could change the family's recreational habits?

If your father asked you how to spend the \$500.00 what would you suggest?



Evaluation:

Teacher-pupil conference.

Materials Required:

The information mentioned above and on the previous page, typed and glued on poster-board, stick-on numbers and letters for the title; paper for the children's answers; if desired, illustrations of one hundred dollar bills (five in number) placed around the station.



15. DIBNER DOLLARS

Objective:

fo be able to estimate the cost of food per adult based on labor, supplies, and margin.

Directions:

- 1. Pick your favorite meal, saled, and dessert.
- J. List them.
- 3. Place your estimated price by each one.
- 4. lotal this.
- Multiply the price by the number of people you will be serving.
- 6. Estimate the cost to be paid to the cook for preparation.
- 7. List the actual cost of the food purchased.
- 8. Add (6) and (7) and subtract from (5).
- 9. List the profit gained (this is the answer to (8).

Evaluition:

find out from a restaurant if this is the procedure that they follow. Be prepared to present your findings to the class.

Materials Required:

A menu, or parts of a menu, glued at various spots on the station; paper for the arithmetic work.



19. MONEY

Objective:

To help students see that money can be used to change the way people work and play.

Directions:

1. Read the introduction that follows:

The development of the system of money was a slow process. Read the captions below each illustration. On your paper tell how you think each kind of system of money would effect the way you work and play, if it existed today.



A. Long ago people took care of themselves. If they had too much of something they gave it away to friends and realtives.



B. Next a system of Barter developed. This means people exchanged one thing for another.

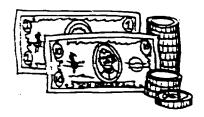




C. Since commodities were not of equal value, people sometimes had to take something they didn't want in order to make the trade come out evenly.



D. Then people traded items that were in high demand for whatever they needed. In some cases, things like a block of salt were used.



E. A regular system of money with coins and bills of different value developed.





F. When countries began to trade with each other it was necessary to compare the value of the coins of one country with the coins of another country.

ivaluation:

Class sharing time.

Materials Required:

Fine tip pens for the illustrations; paper for the children's answers; pictures may be substitued for illustrations.



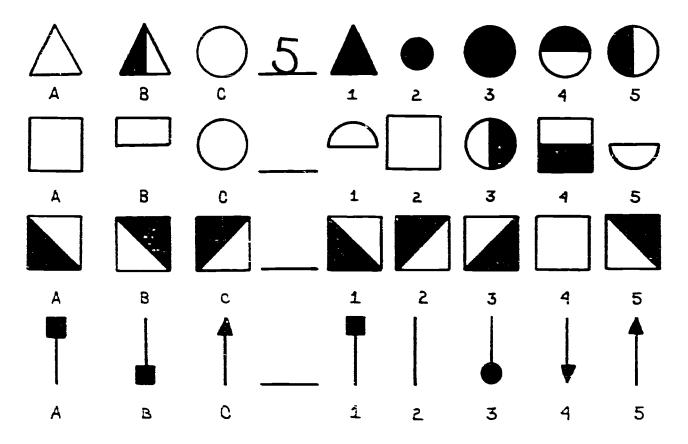
20. RECOGNIZING SHAPES (Aptitude Test)

Objective:

To give the student practice in taking a test realted to recognizing shapes.

Directions:

- 1. In each row below there is a problem in which A is related to B in some way.
 - 2. Find the rule by which A is changed to make B.
- 3. Use the same rule to find out how C should be changed.
 One of the figures at the right side of the page is the correct answer.
 The first one is done for your.
 - 4. Copy the chart and fill in the answer blanks.





Evaluation:

Check your answers with the answer key.

Materials Required:

Paper for the children's drawings and answers, and a paper caddie.

CLUE: This station should be done when Finding Errors is done.

ANSWER KEY:

ς.

1

- 1

.



21. MAY I TAKE YOUR ORDER?

Objective:

To give the student an opportunity to see what it would be like to be a waitress or waiter and to reinforce basic math skills.

Directions:

- 1. Pretend you are a waitress (waiter) in a restaurant and are responsible for serving five tables.
- 2. Using the menu provided, add the prices and total the clocks for each table.
 - 3. Be sure to calculate the tax:

swalustion:

Check your answers with the answer key.

Materials Requirec:

A menu (from a local restaurant); five guest checks (or an illustrated card resembling such) with the food orders written on them; a tax table or the children can figure the percentage on their own; magic markers for the title; paper for the children's answers; you will provide an answer key that relates to the guest checks you provided.



22. WRITING A CHECK

Objective:

To give one practice in writing a check for services rendered.

Directions:

- 1. Practically everyone in the world of work at one time or another writes a check for something that has been purchased.
- 2. Look at the sample check below and copy it on your paper (Make ten different checks).
- 3. Fill in the information required and use the following amounts for each: \$50.00, \$27.00, \$483.00, \$1,000,000.00, \$13.45, *8.95, \$13.72, \$99.99, \$81.77, \$3457.69.
 - -. Make sure you didn't forget anything and check your spelling.
- 5. Next, take the amount that you would be most likely to spend and tell me in a short story what you purchased, why, and what you plan on doing with the item.

Evaluation:

Check your answers with the answer key.

Materials Required:

A sample check (or illustration); paper for the children's answers; an answer key.



CHECK NO. 101

MEMO	(leave blank or write what was purchased))
	Date	19
Pay to the Order of	(answers will vary)	Amount \$
(Amounts	found below)	Dollars
773-128-943	((Child's name)
ANSWER KEY:		
\$50.00	Fifty and 60/100	Dollars
\$27.00	Twenty-seven and 00/100	Dollars
\$483.00	Four hundred and eighty-three and 00/100	DDollars
\$1,000,000.00	One million and 00/100	Dollars
\$13.45	Thirteen and 45/100	Dollars
\$5.95	Eight and 95/100	Dollars
\$10.72	Ten and 72/100	Dollars
399.99	Ninety-nine and 99/100	Dollars
\$81.77	Eighty-one and 77/100	Dollars
\$3.457.69	Three thousand four hundred fiftueseved	256 59 2 90



23. I'M HAPPY BECAUSE . . .

Objective:

To develop an awareness to self-worth and importance.

Directions:

- 1. Write a paragraph or two telling why you are happy.
- 2. Remember to include when you feel this way, your attitude at the time, and why you think it's important to be happy.

Evaluation:

Teacher-pupil conference.

Materials Requried:

Magic markers for the illustration; paper for the children's





24. I'M UNHAFPY WHEN?

Objective:

To become aware of feelings.

Directions:

- 1. Write a few paragraphs relating to what makes you unhappy.
- 2. Include when you feel this way and how you react to these feelings.
- 3. Remember we can't be happy all the time so let your feelings out of the bag.

Evaluation:

Pupil-teacher conference.

Materials Required:

An illustration done in time-tip pens; apper.

Make sure your children understand that this will not be shared with anyone but you.







25. HAVE YOU TRIED???

Objective:

To be aware that school is related to work and life.

birections:

- 1. Write a composition about the importance of doing your best and trying in your school work.
- 2. Remember that what you do now affects your future -pour jor = your life. All should be mentioned in your paper.

nvaluarigm:

Sharing time with your classmates.

Materials Required:

A piece of Oaktag with the information mentioned above written on it; felt tip pens for the drawing; a picture of an ostrich; paper.





26. SELF-ANALYSIS

Objective:

To be aware of individual strengths and weaknesses.

Directions:

Copy the following statements on your paper.

- I like to be on time.
- I like people.
- I like to play ball.
- I am honest.
- I want to be a leader.
- I believe in fair play.
- I like to go to school.
- I like to work alone.

People like me.

Sometimes I'm moody.

- I usually finish work on time.
- I have a hobby.
- I get mad sometimes.
- I help with jobs at home.
- I like to do odd jobs.
- I cooperate with others.

Now write the word <u>yes</u> or <u>no</u> next to each statement. Remember to be honest with yourself. Under the statements write a paragraph on your strengths and weaknesses.



Evaluation:

Discuss your answers with your teacher and parents.

Materials Required:

Paper.



27. A LOOK AT MYSELF

Objective:

To stimulate thinking regarding how personality affects career choice.

Directions:

Copy the following questions.

Am I the type of person who can follow instructions?

Do I like doing a task exactly the same way each time?

Do I mind being told how to do a certain task or job?

Do I express my ideas clearly, both orally and in writing?

Do I enjoy writing?

Do I enjoy speaking?

Do I enjoy working by myself?

Do I enjoy working with others?

Do I prefer working outdoors?

Do I enjoy meeting new people?

Do I enjoy working with my hands?

Do I remain calm when:

Taking a test in school?
Eaving plans changed?
Losing an argument?
Losing something important?
Participating in sports?

Answer all the questions. Remember your interests, achievements, artitudes and personality all affect your choice of a career.

Evaluation:

Teacher-pupil conference.



Materials Required:

Paper for the children's work.



28. ASSESSING VALUES

Objective:

To provide an opportunity for the student to think about personal values.

Directions:

Check the values or jobs which are of most importance to you, after you have copied the material found below. Remember you may check more than one.

EDUCATION

Learning a skill or trade	
Getting good grades	
Finishing high school	
Doing your best	
Doing more work than is asked of you	
Getting by as easily as possible	

LEISURE

Having a hobby	
Going to sports events	
Participating in sports	
Reading	
Listening to music	
Joining clubs	·
Helping with jobs around the house	
lust having fun	



Loafing			
Being one of the	gang		
Participating in	school	activities	
Participating in	church	activities	

Now pick one from each section (1 and II) and write a paragraph or two why this value or goal was most important to you.

Evaluat'

Teacher-pupil conference.

Materials Required:

Paper for the children's responses.



-7. WIMI 3 INC KIUNI JUB!

Objective:

To be able to identify likes that a person has with the type or job he might be suited for.

Direct on: :

- 1. Put a check in the blank space to the left of the job for each area, after you have copied the sentences and the answers on your paper.
 - 2. Your paper will be checked for neatness and proper bandwriting.

Evaluation:

Check your answers with the answer key.

Materials Required:

Handwriting paper for the children's answers.

Sentences and answers:

- Bill W. likes to work outdoors. He is good with his hands. Bill might like to be a
 - ____a. car salesman.
 - ____b. carpenter.
 - c. newspaper reporter.
- 2. Jane A. likes social service work. She enjoys helping people. Jane might like to be a
 - a. nurse.
 - b. bookkeeper.
 - . . . c. model.
- 3. John L. is interested in persuasive work. He likes to sell people ideas and products. He is also interested in mechanics. John might like to be a
 - , a. hotel clerk.
 - b. machinery salesman.
 - e. TV repairman



	4.	Mary B. is interested in clerical work. She likes details, accuracy, and working indoors. Mary might like to be a
		a. hair stylist. b. salesclerk. c. computer operator.
	5.	Don S. is interested in literary work. He likes to read and write. Don is also interested in science. He might like to be a
		a. lawyer. b. medical writer. c. vocational counselor.
	6.	Beth S. is interested in artistic work. She likes to create things with her hands, especially with materials. She might like to be a
		a. librarian. b. switchboard operator. c. dress designer.
	7.	Chuck G. is interested in mechanical work. He likes to work with tools, machines, and fix things. He might like to be a
		a. car or insurance salesman. b. tabulating-machine operator. c. telephone installer.
	8.	Barbara S. is interested in scientific work. She likes to solve problems or invent things. She might like to be a
		a. bank teller. b. interior decorator. c. dietician.
ANSWER KE	ː ː	
	l.	b 5. b
	2.	a 6. c
	3. 4.	7. c 8. c
	• •	VI V



30. SHOP TALK

Objective:

To match the sentence descriptions with the job occupations.

Directions:

Copy the nine sentences found below on your paper.

I handle mostly long-haul shipments.

We're heading south at a cruising speed of 25 knots.

I got a bad printout because of a system failure.

How much fire and theft coverage do you need?

Take five.

It needs new pistons and a battery.

I birdied two and eagled three.

I check into my key station every hour.

I prepare briefs and try cases.

Next to each sentence place the name of the job occupation. This information may be obtained from the illustrations. Pick one type of occupation you would like to pursue and in a paragraph tell why you chose this particular one.

Evaluation:

Check your answers with the answer key and share your paragraph with the group.

Materials Required:

Paper; illustrations of occupations.



SHOP TALK







SHOP TALK -- ANSWER KEY

- 1. Truck Driver
- 2. Ship Captain
- 3. Computer Programmer
- 4. Insurance Salesperson
- 5. Movie Director
- 6. Auto Mechanci
- 7. Golf Pro
- 8. Night Watchman
- 9. Lawyer



31. OCCUPATIONAL PREFERENCES

Objective	:	
	To	become aware of individual preferences in the world of work.
*. *		
Direction:		
	1.	Fill in the form that follows, after you have copied it on
your pape	r.	
	2.	Then answer each question accurately.
Name		Grade
Age	·	Boy Girl
School		
		List three jobs that you are thinking about:
	2.	What is your father's job?
		What does he do at his job?
	3.	List jobs that other members of your family hold.
	4.	If you could have whatever job you wanted, what would you
		choose?



Svaluation:

Sharing time with the class (if you wish to do so); otherwise teacher-pupil conforence.

Materials Required:

Paper for the children's responses.

NOIE: If time permits the children may illustrate the last $\sigma u \varepsilon$ tion on the back of their answer sheet.



32. WHAT DO YOU LIKE TO DO MOST?

Objective:

To be aware of what a personality test is and having the opportunity to take one.

Directions:

- 1. Below you will find a list of things to do in groups of three. Pecide which of the three activities in each group you would like to do most. Put an X in the first space.
- 2. Decide which of the three activities you would like <u>least</u> and put an X in the second space.
- 3. This is to be read from the station, but done on your mimeographed sheet.
- 4. Remember you are to pretend you can do all the things that are listed.

1.	Repair cars.		
	Design new cars.		
	Sell cars.		
2.	Discover a cure for a disease.		
	Write an article about a disease.	or and more than a section of the	
	Help someone overcome a disease.		
3.	Work at a telephone switchboard.		
	Repair telephone lines.	Company Sept. 10 Sept	
	Install telephones in homes.		



4.	Visit a big tobacco farm.		
	Visit a newspaper office.		
	Visit an airplane factory.		
5.	Draw a picture of a dog.	man programmes a series	
	Build a doghouse.	-	
	Write a story about a dog.	· =	
6.	Plin a school dance.		
	Collect tickets at the door.	******	
	Decorate the dance hall.		
7.	Sort mail in a post office.		
	Grow vegetables.	* **** :	
	Care for old people.		
8.	Conduct a meeting.		
	Keep track of dues and expenses.		
	Write what happens at a meeting.		
9.	Teach a child how to swim.		<u>.</u>
	Fix a toy for a child.	F 41 miles	
	Explain electricity to a child.		***
10.	Work in an office.		
	Work on a ranch.		
	Sell insurance around the country.		
11.	Manage a political campaign.		·* =
	Design campaign posters.		÷ •
	Answer the phone at headquarters.		
12.	Wait on people in a store.		No. No. Law-
	Sell from door to door.		
	Write advertisements.		



13.	Prepare pay checks in an office.		
	Repair office equipment.		
	Interview people for work.		T
14.	Write a play.		
	Direct a play.		-
	Paint scenery for a play.		
15.	Do research on improving a product	va naživoti lija gajama spis ža n	
	Persuade people to use a new product.	N validity designation spir as	and the second of
	Figure out the cost of producing a product.		
16.	Teach first aid at a camp.	Marketon I descriptions des via	
	Teach arts and crafts at a camp.	11 207 Mr. stein Mr. 41	
	Teach sports at a camp.	en somm den angem gen det	
17.	Draw plans for houses.		
	Help build houses.	r same. Yn naen mys ny	
	Sell houses.		
18.	Visit a chemical laboratory.		
,•	Visit a weather station.	no mine man any complete	
		Constitution of the Consti	ere e gaz razar - eller v
	Visit a large prison.		
14.	Write newspaper articles.		· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·
	Deliver newspapers by truck.	** **********	***************************************
	Bill customers for newspapers.		\$1000 at the same same s.
20.	Pilot an airliner.	***************************************	
	Make airline reservations.	1	
	Sell airline service.	productional sign of	William at the Co
21.	Repair factory machinery.		
	Inspect factory products.		
	Check factory workers' health.	undigabilita appropria	***************************************



22.	Create oil paintings.	
	Paint houses.	
	Fill out orders for paint.	

Evaluation:

Your answers will be discussed at a teacher-pupil conference. Only a counselor can give you a true account of your responses and if you have one in your school perhaps you could share your answers with him/her.

Materials Required:

Mimeographed sheets containing questions 1-22.



33. WHAT DO YOUR ANSWERS TELL YOU?

Objective:

To get an idea of what your interests are and to realize that success can be related to interest.

Directions:

- 1. Review your answers to the questions on the station about "What do you Like to do Most?"
- 2. From the answers you choose under the Most list, determine your major interests.
 - 3. Look at the eight interest areas listed below.
- 4. Copy them on your paper and in front of one, two or three areas place a star indicating that this is the area you are most interested in.

<u>Literary work</u> — people interested in literary work like to read, write and teach.

Scientific work — People interested in scientific work like to solve problems or invent things.

Mechanical work — people interested in mechanical work like to use machines and tools and fix things.

Clerical work -- people interested in clerical work like details, accuracy, and working indoors.

<u>Persuasive work</u> — people interested in persuasive work like to deal with others and sell them ideas and products.

<u>Outdoor work</u> -- people who like to work outdoors usually do well as farmers, foresters, construction workers, and so on.

<u>Social service work</u> — people interested in social service work enjoy helping others.

<u>Artistic work</u> — people interested in artistic work like to create things with their hands using design, colors, and materials.



Evaluation:

Discuss your findings with your teacher, parents, and fellow students. (If there's a guidance consolor in your school, it would be advisable that you discuss your findings with this person).

Materials Required:

The station "What do you like to do Most?": a prepared mimeographed sheet with the eight interest areas and definitions for future reference (optional); paper.



34. AN INTERVIEW

Objective:

To assist students in obtaining information about how people change and also stay the same.

Directions:

1. Read the information that follows.

One way we can collect and gather information is by conducting an interview. Radio, television, and newspaper reporters use this method of gathering information. To organize an interview, the reporter plans ahead of time who to interview and what will be asked.

2. Now pretend you are such a person and copy the following and fill in the information required. There should be two done; one should have your own answers and the other should be an interview of another person in the school. (Remember the interview of the other person should be planned ahead of time).

Α.	Name of person interviewed
В.	What year were you born?
с.	What is jour occupation?
J.	What do you think has been the most important historical event that has happened in your lifetime?
E.	What do you think has been the most important invention in your lifetime?
. ,	What do you think has been the most important discovery in your lifetime?
G.	What other things do you think will change in your lifetime?



Evaluation:

Class sharing time with your fellow students and teacher.

Materials Required:

Paper.



35. JORKER INTERVIEW

Objectives:

To enlarge the student's knowledge of the working world.

Directions:

- 1. Make an appointment with a person in the school (ex. teacher, secretary, principal, nurse, librarian, custodian, etc.).
- 2. Ask one or more of them the following questions. You will have to have a copy of these questions -- so at this time write them on the paper provided.
- A. What is the name of your job!
- B. What do you do on the job?
- C. What do you find interesting about your job?
- D. What education or special training is needed for your job?
- m. What tools or special equipment do you use on your job?
- F. Does your job require a lot of extra time?
- 6. Do you work nights or weekends?
- H. Does your work setting appeal to you?
- 1. Are people with your skill generally in demand?
- J. What are some qualities needed for job success?
- K. What other careers have you considered?

Clue: You might have to do this station on two different days. One day to copy the questions and another to interview.

Fralintion:

Teacher-pupil conference and class sharing time.



Materials Required:

Paper; you may use mimcographed sheets for the questions, but if you do, remember to change the directions.



30. TIME WILL TELL ALL ABOUT ME

Objective:

To be aware that one changes and so do his interests and tastes.

Directions:

- 1. Answer the mimeographed sheet thoroughly.
- me. You will fill in the second item at the end of the year. Be nonest in answering all the questions as you will be the only one to see this survey.
- 3. When you have completed the form seal it with tape and place it in your folder.

Evaluation:

Self-evaluation at the end of the year. (1/1/ %) set will not be shown to one coluding the teacher unless you wish to share it with someon.

Maley tekn or mirea:

in decaranted specis; tape.

MIMED SAPRET SPEETS: TOTAL URAL TELL ALL ASOUT ME

- - ·	My neight: fit it.	ft in	
<u>.</u> .	My weight: lbs.	lbs.	
3.	My Sest fried:	- Andrews Committee Commit	
	The tains I worry chost posts of the community		
5.	M: favorite fond:		
٠.	No favor, e sono:		



7.	The person I admire most:
	My favorite TV program:
	Ma favorite color:
	at I want to be when I grow up:
11.	The latest thing I have rearned to do in math:
13.	My newest friend:
	The thing I want most:
	My favorite gage:
	The last fime I was really scared:



37. JOB PREFERENCE SURVEY

Objective:

To be aware of your interests and recognize whether your job interests have anything in common.

Directions:

- 1. Fill in the mimeographed form provided for you.
- 2. Make sure that you have answered all the questions and have followed the directions correctly.
- 3. If you need more space than is provided turn your paper over and finish your answer on the back.

Evaluation:

Discuss this form with your teacher during your scheduled conference time.

Materials Required:

Mimeographed sheets containing the information found below.

MIMEOGRAPHED SHEET: JOB DUEFE	RENCE SURVEY
Name:	Age:
Grade:	Teacher:
List all the jobs that you have	e been interested in since you were in
kindergarien. You do not have	to full in all the blanks.
. 4 -	
3	
3	<u></u>
•	0



otice a	any thing	s whi	ch to	o or i	more of	f these	e jo	bs h	ave i	n cor	mor	1?	
Traine tal territoria cula	name again de la companya de la comp		eta eta eta eta e n errorea e	warder das discounted to deliver and a	. ayan mara seleki seringanya ya seriki	alik ayan nerga yan dan dan		, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,					
- Colonia Colonia	. Compare the second of the second of				. garcanile bada sa , _s epan d e								
	au i delegateurisminisminisminisminisminisminisminismi	en de de la compa								···			
	a filhe on	the	list	above	which	could	bе	cons	idere	d to	be	in	t
eme th	e gene en												



38. SOCIAL SECURITY . ATION

Objective:

To practice filling out the form for a Social Security Number.

Directions:

- 1. Fill in the form found in the pocket.
- 2. Check to make sure you have filled in all the items.
- 3. Check your spelling and punctuation.
- 4. Remember neatness is important when you are applying for a job.

Evaluation:

Review your form with your teacher at your teacher-pupil conference.

Materials Required:

A pocket for the mimeographed forms: the application for a Social Security Number: mimeographed sheets containing the application; the original application; a copy of the application for a Social Security number follows:



APPLICATION FOR SOCIAL SECURITY NUMBER

	ormation furnished on this form	is Confiden		not write in the ove space.
See	Instructions on Back. Print in	n black or d	ark blue :	ink or use typewriter.
1.	Print Full Name (First Nam You will use in work or business	ne) (Middle	or Initi	al) (Last Name)
2.	Print Full Name Given you at Birth		6.	Date Mo. Day Yr. of Birth
•	Flace (City) (County i	if known)	(State)	
	of Birth		7.	Your Present Age (last birthday)
⊸.	Mother's Full Name at her Birth	(Maiden Nar	ne) 8.	Your sex Male Female
5.	Father's Full Name (Regardless living or m		9.	Your color or Race White Negro
	have you ever before applied for or had a Social Security, Railroad, or Tax Account number?	No Dor	n't Know	Yes
		If yes, pri	int State ou applied	in which you applied and Social Security
		State	Date	Number
1.	Your Mailing (Number & Street) Address	(City)	(State	e) (Zip Code)
2.	Today's Date			
3.	Sign your name here (Do not pri	הני		



39. FINDING ERRORS (Aptitude Test)

Objective:

To acquaint you with the type of questions that might appear on an aptitude test and give you practice in taking such a test.

Directions:

- 1. There are different types of aptitude tests. These tests show what kirl of a job you might do well at. Some test mechanical aptitude, some cleri of a sme musical, and many others. The following test is to see how well you recognize errors.
- 2. Compare each line of the COPY at the bottom of the page with the same line in the first list. Each "word" or "abbreviation" or "figure" in the copy which is not exactly the same as in the first list is ONE error.
- 3. In each line, mark every word or abbreviation or figure that is wrong.
- 4. Count the errors in each line and write the total number in the space at the right. If there are no errors, write "NONE." The first line has been done for you.

Evaluation:

Check your answers with the answer key.

Materials Required:

Mimestraphed heets for the children (containing the test); an answer key should also be provided (this can be a mimeographed sheet corrected).



FINDING ERRORS

9. Mr. John Wilkins

10. Mrs Ann Macmanus

Nam	e	<u>A</u>	mount
1.	Dr. Allan Axelrod	\$	6590.30
2.	Mr. Charles Kissel		1858.00
١.	Miss Alicia Gomez		4221.54
4.	Prof. Frank Miller		1324.99
5.	Mrs. Russell Tyler		2873.12
5.	Dr. Satuel Rubenstein		3650.42
7.	Miss Frances Parris		5871.93
š.	Mr. Richard Schiffer		5021.65
ş.	Dr. John Wilkens		4675.02
13.	Mrs. Anne McManus		6333.63
Cop	<u>v</u>	<u>Amount</u>	No. of Errors
i.	Mr. Allen Axelrod	S 6#50.30	4
2.	Mr. Charles Kissell	1585.00	
3.	Miss Alice Gomez	<221.45	
÷.	Ptof. Frank Miller	1324.99	
٥.	Mr. Russell Taylor	2572.13	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·
۵.	Dr. Samuel Rubenstien	3650.43	
7.	Miss Francis Faris	5781.95	
S.	Mr. Richard Shiffer	5021.65	



4767.23

რა35.33

FINDING ERRORS: ANSWER KEY

1.	Mr. Allén Axelrod	\$6950.30	4
2.	Mr. Charles Kissel1	1885.00	4
3.	Miss Alic∉, Gomez	4221.45	4
4.	Prof. Frank Miller	1324.99	None
5.	Mr/. Russel/Táylór	2872.13	6
o.	Dr. Samuel Rubenstien	3650.4 3	3
7.	Miss Franc∤s Pa√is	W. 1 85	5
5.	Mt. Richard Shiffer	5001.p5	1
9.	Mr. John Wilkins	4181.20	7
10.	Mrs/Ann MacManus	6336.83	4

Remember errors are mistakes or letters, punctuation, or numbers that have been copied incorrectly or omitted entirely.



40. REFERENCES

Objective:

To become acquainted with the type of a format that you may fill out relating to references.

Directions:

- 1. Most companies will ask for references when you apply for a job. They will ask about your good qualities and especially about your reliability. (A good reference is a priest, minister, or rabbi, or someone who is well known in your neighborhood, also a teacher or school principal, and your previous bosses).
- 2. Make sure in advance that these people will give you a recommendation.
 - 3. Copy the following form on your paper, in triplicate.

YOUR REFERENCES:

1.	Name
	Address
	Telephone Number
	Occupation
	How long has this person known you?
	In what capacity has this person known you?
	Is this person related to you in any way?
	(If yes, state relationship).
Fil	l in all the information required. When you have completed
the	three tell briefly why you chose these people.



Evaluation:

Teacher-pupil conference.

Materials Required:

Paper for the children's responses.



41. SUMMER JOBS -- HOW TO LOOK FOR THEM

Objective:

To become aware of how you might look for a summer job, when you are of working age.

Directions:

Read the following list of how to go about finding a summer job.

- 1. Talk to your teacher first (a guidance counselor, if available).
- 2. Go to your local State Employment Office as soon as possible.
 - 3. Read the "Help Wanted" columns in your local newspaper.
- 4. Visit all the small businesses in your neighborhood such as factories, stores, theaters, and restaurants.
- 5. Tell all your friends and relatives, even people you don't know well, that you are looking for a jcb.
- 6. Place your own ad in the "Positions Wanted" section of your local newspaper.
- 7. If you can't find a job that uses your special skills, be willing to try something else.
 - 8. Try going into business for yourself.

Now take four of these and write how you would go about finding a summer job by utilizing these suggestions.

Evaluation:

Discuss your findings with your teacher during your teacherpupil conference. Also share your thoughts and ideas with your classmates.



Materials Required:

Paper for the children's answers; newspaper clippings of "Want Ads" and various words written with felt tip pens around the border of the station (such as teacher, State Employment Office, businesses, Striends, relatives, counselor, etc.) -- optional.



42. SUMMER JOBS -- I CAN'T FIND ONE

Objective:

To be aware that there are alternatives if you are not able to time employment.

Wilections:

- 1. I is a still good ways to spend your summer and get valuable experies a same same for the future, even is you haven't produced a job.
 - 2. Completing to ewing: Volunteer work, apprenticeship, unmer person.
- 3. Write a permerona about each of these and how they will some propertience and skills for the future. Remember to mention what type of jobs are available for volunteer work and apprenticeships.

Istiantico:

Share your results with the class during class discussion time.

Materials Required:

Paper for the children's answers.



Following the explementation of the program the following concepts should result:

W th has dignity.

People work for different rewards or staisfactions.

We work to neet personal and social needs.

Cetting along with others is necessary for work.

Some workers produce goods, others produce services.

Our work fits into the work others do.

Watching other people at work helps us find out about jobs.

There are many different kinds of jobs.

All jobs belong to one of a number of job families.

We need special training for most jobs.

We all need information about jobs.

Scholls part of getting ready for a job.

We all differ in our abilities, interests, attitudes, and values.

We are qualified to perform in many different occupations.

What we become may depend on what we can do and what occupations are seeded.

Tach. logical and sociological changes eliminate and create jobs.

there is live determines too kinds of work we can find.

cocinctics which we getre. Who, we are not working, such as hobbies, arrest ear concer choice.

How we feel about things affects our career emotees.

Our job selections will all their cur total life.

Several other in reant aspects presented are:

Definite consects of Career Education have been established.

Occupational information has been introduced into the curriculum.



Respect for all occupations has been developed.

Guidance in decision-making skills and definite direction has taken place. $\,$

Special projects have evolved.

Behavioral objectives produced are:

The classroom atmosphere has been improved.

The teachers were challenged.

Parents have become involved.

Students are excited.

Each student has developed a positive self-image.

The concepts, aspects, and behavioral objectives mentioned are most important, but the culmination of the entire project is that the needs and challenge of today's students have been met.



EVALUATION:

1.	Did you feel this: oklet was informative?
2.	Were you able to use the learning stations in your classroom?
3,	Did ou find the stations too easy or too difficult for your grade
	level?
4.	Were the instructions explicit enough to enable you to construct
	the learning stations?
5.	Were you able to adapt this type of an approach within your program?
6.	Did your students enjoy this approach to learning?
7.	Did the students enjoy any particular type of station?
8.	Did the students enjoy one particular station more than others? If
	so please specify.
9.	Were the suggestions concerning the materials that could be used
	helpful to you?
10.	Were there results that indicated that the behavioral objectives were
	met:
11.	Vere the illustrations beneficial?
12.	Was the table of contents helpful to you in finding the type of
	tation you desired to reproduce?
13.	low would you revise this booklet so that it would be more useful
	to you and your classroom situation?
14.	If you indicated in number i3 that you wouldn't revise the booklet
	please state why you feel this way.



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