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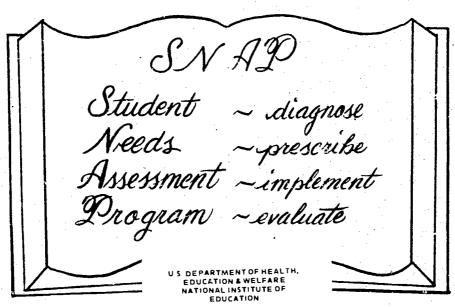
ABSTRACT

Parental involvement is supplementary to the main line approach of the Special Needs Assessment Program (SNAP) whose main thrust is the diagnosis and remediation and/or partial alleviation of pupil needs by the child's teacher. This Parent Perception Project is an approach which provides for the involvement of parents in the process of identifying needs which they feel their children may have to an unusual degree. It is assumed that a school will have completed the teacher assessment of pupil needs before going this project. Many schools may then wish to involve parents by providing them with the opportunity to identify their Children's needs, or to find out if there are discrepancies in perception of a child's needs between parents and teachers. It is for these schools that this manual of direction is written. The manual includes information on the purpose and procedure of the SNAP program and on the responsibilities of principals, teachers, and parents. Words of caution and advice are offered to those who administer the program. These suggest that members of the teaching staff be fully informed on all aspects of the project, and that the supplementary program be administered after the school has completed the SNAP program. It is also suggested that special attention be given to many parents in the lower socioeconomic category, and that administrators not be discouraged if/a small minority of parents voice their objections to the program. / (Author/AM)

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MANUAL OF DIRECTIONS FOR PARENT PERCEPTION PROJECT:

A Supplementary Project of the Special Needs Assessment Program

Developed as a part of an inter-institutional research grant awarded to the Consortium of Laboratory Schools of the Academic Affairs Conference of Midwestern Universities and funded by the Illinois Board of Higher Education.

1974-75

Dr. V. L. Replogle, Director Metcalf School Illinois State University Normal, Illinois 61761



ACKNOWLEDGMENTS

Gratitude is expressed to the staff of the Metcalf
Laboratory School who piloted the Parent-Perception component
of SNAP. Likewise, gratitude is accorded to the Illinois
Board of Higher Education which funded the research project,
the Student Needs Assessment Program, awarded to the Laboratory
School Consortium of the Academic Affairs Conference of MidWestern Universities. We also thank the many Metcalf School
parents (83%) who cooperated in this project.

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INTRODUCTORY STATEMENT

Parent-Perception Project: An Extension of SNAP

The Parent-Perception Project is an approach which provides for the involvement of parents in the process of identifying needs which they feel their children may have to an unusual degree.

The involvement of parents is supplementary to the "main line" approach of the Student Needs Assessment Program (SNAP). The central thrust of SNAP provides for the diagnosis and remediation and/or partial alleviation of pupil needs by the child's teacher(s). It is assumed that a school will have completed the teacher assessment of pupil needs before doing the parent-perception project. However, many schools may wish, in addition, to involve parents by providing them an opportunity to identify the needs of their own children. A school may wish to find out if there are discrepancies in perception of a child's needs between parents and teachers. Thus it is for these schools that this manual of directions is written. And since the parent perception approach is an extension of SNAP (which focuses on teacher involvement) this Manual of Directions is likewise to be used as an extension to the Student Needs Assessment Program.



Purpose of Parent-Perception Project

It is generally accepted that when parents are actively involved in the education of their children the child will benefit. This project encourages direct parent participation. Thus, it is the purpose of the parent-perception project to provide parents with an opportunity to think deeply about problems and needs which their child may have and to identify those needs when they evidence them to an unusual degree.

Historically, parent involvement in schools has been largely focused on the somewhat limited area of academic achievement. This project, however, provides for a much wider spectrum of parent involvement. For example, in addition to the more formal area of school achievement parents are participating in the assessment of needs their child may have in the areas of physical, emotional, social, self-concept, school behavior, and home behavior. It is believed once a school staff knows the parent's feelings regarding their child's needs and how the assessment of these needs may differ between teacher(s) and parent(s), this information will make it possible for the school to meet the personal and curricular needs of that child more effectively.

Procedures of Parent-Perception Project

The procedures for implementing the Parent-Perception Program are detailed below:

It is realized that one will necessarily need to adapt certain procedures to a particular school and/or home situation.

 Orient staff at a faculty meeting to procedures to be used in Parent-Perception Program. Teachers will examine



- parent survey instrument (see Appendix A). Questions will be answered and general procedures described.
- 2. Distribute the special survey instrument for each child to parents and/or guardians. Appropriate written information concerning the purpose of the program, utilization of data, and insurance of confidentiality of parent responses should accompany the instrument. (see Appendix B)
- 3. Distribution of the survey-instrument to parents will be done by first class mail. The mailing enclosure should contain the following:
 - -- appropriate number of Parent Survey Instrument for each child currently enrolled in your school.
 - -- addressed envelope (without postage) for returning completed Parent Survey Instrument(s).
 - -- Letter to parents (Appendix B) which provides the necessary information for completion and return of survey instrument (see 2 above). For example, the completed survey instrument should be returned to the principal's office or to their child's homeroom teacher. A deadline date of approximately one week will be indicated for the return of the completed instrument(s).

After the deadline has passed for returning the completed instrument, the principal's office will determine those parents who have not responded. Late responding parents will be sent another letter urging them to return their instrument promptly. (See appendix C) Finally, after 3 or 4 days, the names of those parents who still have not returned their instruments will be given to their child's homeroom teacher. The teacher then communicates with the parents by conference, telephone, etc. in a final effort to improve the percentage of returns. Some parents may need to be reassured that their child's educational program may be enhanced and individualized if the parents cooperate by giving the school the benefit of



their thinking on the instrument.

- 4. Data will be treated in a variety of ways. They include finding answers to the following:
 - --What kinds of problems do parents perceive their children as having? How do mothers and fathers differ in perceiving their child's problems?
 - --How do children's problems as perceived by their parents compare with those noted by their teachers as to:

type of problem most frequently identified
type of problem most frequently identified
for boys only and for girls only
type of problem most frequently identified
for various age groups of children
type of problem most frequently identified
as related to the child's position in
the sibling constellation
type of problem most frequently identified
as related to occupation of household head.

- --Other comparisons are possible depending on the interest of the local school staff.
- 5. Parent(s) and the child's teacher may wish to discuss differences in perceived needs of a specific child. Agreement may be reached on desirable curricular changes for the child as well as other treatment procedures deemed desirable in alleviating a child's pressing needs and/or problems.

Responsibilities of the Principal

The principal must provide both enthuasium, support, and leadership to faculty and parents. Specific responsibilities include:

1. Orient teaching staff to purpose and procedures to be used in the parent-perception project. (Since the staff will already have completed an assessment of the needs of their pupils, they will be familiar with many aspects of the project.) Parent's Survey Instrument (Appendix A) should be distributed and examined by the staff.



- Select a committee of interested teachers to serve in an advisory capacity to the principal for the project.
- 3. Explain procedures to be used in the distribution and collection of the parent survey instrument to staff.
- 4. Agree with staff on how parent responses will be used and treated. Explore and discuss with staff various ways of securing responses from parents who do not return the assessment instrument on time (may differ from procedures suggested in above).
- 5. Prepare forms for summarizing and comparing parent responses wi teacher responses. Table I Summary of Problems Identified by Teachers (Appendix D), Table II Summary of Problems Reported by Parents (Appendix E). These forms provide the necessary information and data for a variety of comparisons and treatment.
- If appropriate, prepare information for the computer, to secure data relevant to the purpose of the project.
- 7. Prepare report and summary of significant findings of parent-perception program.

Responsibilities of the Teacher

- Needs to understand and be familiar with purposes and procedures of the parent-perception project. Interprets program to those parents who desire additional information (other than received in printed materials.)
- 2. Receive completed survey instruments from parents.
- Telephones and/or arranged in other ways to stimulate cooperation from parents who are tardy in returning survey instruments.
- 4. Cooperates in study and treatment of data obtained.

Responsibilities of the Parent(s)

- 1. Complete parent survey instrument and return to school.
- Cooperate with school in finding solution to problems and needs identified in Parent-Perception Program.



Some Cautions and Advice

To those who administer the Parent Perception Program, we would like to offer the following "cautions," "don't forgets," and "be sure to do" kinds of advice.

- 1. Be sure that members of the teaching staff are fully informed on all aspects of the project since they will be answering questions and interpreting procedures to parents, by virtue of the fact that they are the ones whom parents know best. A positive attitude by the teachers will help insure the success of the program
- 2. The Parent Perception Program should be administered after the school has completed the Special Needs Assessment Program. Thus, the staff will be familiar with the basic instrument used by teachers in identifying the problems of children.
- 3. Do not be upset if a very small minority of parents voice their objections to the program. Of approximately 350 parents, Metcalf School encountered only two negative responses from parents.
- 4. Be sure to check mailing enclosures to parents carefully. It is easy to omit essential materials.
- 5. Act with dispatch in follow-up activities to secure responses from non-responding parents. If parents are given too much time to respond, they will tend to put the instrument aside and forget it. In spite of clear directions, some parents will not return the Needs instrument on the basis that they do not perceive their child as having any significant problems.
- 6. The Parent Teacher Conference is an excellent time for the teacher to ask a late responding parent to complete the survey instrument.



Be sure that the instrument is completed prior to the conferences, since the parents may be influenced by what the teacher reports during the conference.

7. Special attention will need to be given to many parents in the lower socio -economic category. Some parents will not be able to read your communications. In this case, the school social worker or guidance counselor may be called on to assist.

4



APPENDIXES



Child's Name:	
Code No.	

SPECIAL NEEDS OF PUPILS: A SURVEY INSTRUMENT FOR SCHOOL PARENTS

A Laboratory School Consortium Project Academic Affairs Consortium of Midwest Universities

TO THE PARENT: Please circle from the list below those terms which apply to an unusual degree to each child in the family who attends Metcalf School. The definition of "to an unusual degree" for using this instrument is: A Problem which you as a parent feel seriously affects the adjustment of your child to the school situation and seriously prevents him from doing his best work.

Questionnaire completed by: (Please underline) Mother Father Guardian

- 5. Behavior in school: Pupil appears to Physical problems: Pupil appears to 5A. have absences without good reasons 1A. have a height problem 5B. be repeatedly tardy 1B. have a weight problem make little effort to succeed 5C. 1C. be undernourished disturb the learning environment 5D. 1D. have poor fine muscle coordination use poor work habits 1E. have poor big muscle coordination 5E. 5F• need continuous supervision 1F. have chronic medical problems be unable to delay gratification 1G. have speech disorders 5G. 6. Achievement in school: Pupil appears to Emotional problems: Pupil appears to be difficult to motivate 6A. 2A. be withdrawn 6B. work below capacity 2B. lack emotional control
 - 2C. be suspicious, not trustful of others
 - 2D. be moody, often depressed
 - 2E. be hyperactive, nervous
 - 2F. be overly anxious
- 3. Social problems: Pupil appears to
 - 3A. be lonely, an isolate
 - 3B. be inconsiderate of others
 - 3C. be rejected by peers
 - 3D. use a conflicting value system
 - 3E. be belligerent, aggressive
 - 3F. be overbearing
 - 3G. be untrustworthy, undependable
 - 3H. have a negative attitude
- 4. Self-concept: Pupil appears to
 - 4A. have a low self-concept, feel unimportant
 - 4B. feel "I can't"
 - 4C. have too low a level of aspiration
 - 4D. have too high a level of aspiration
 - E. harbor self-pity

- 7. School situation appears to
 - 7A. be non-supportive of home

6D. be weak in oral expression

6E. be poor in writing skills

7B. overindulge and overprotect child

lack sufficient reading skills

be a potential school dropout

need changes in his school program

have difficulty in following directions

- 7C. reject this child
- 7D. provide too little supervision
- 7E. lack skill in helping child
- 7F. exert excessive pressure
- 7G. lack positive stimulation

COMMENTS:

6C.

6F.

6G.

6H.

13

ILLINOIS STATE UNIVERSITY

FOUNDED IN 1857
BLOOMINGTON-NORMAL 61761

METCALF LABORATORY SCHOOL

EDUCATIONAL RESEARCH SERVICES

Phone: 309 438-3653

February 6, 1974

Vernon L. Replogle, Director
Paul Dohrmann, Assistant Director
William Pourlbarg, Assistant Director and
Coordinator of Special Education

Dear Parents:

Metcalf School is attempting to improve the learning experiences of children through a research plan known as the <u>Student Needs Assessment Program</u>. One part of the plan is to have parents identify those problems which they feel that their child may have to an unusual degree. To help us with this, each parent or guardian is being asked to complete the enclosed questionnaire for each child in your family who attends Metcalf school.

Whereever possible, we would like <u>each</u> parent to complete the questionnaire <u>independently</u>, thus we are including two questionnaires for each child.

Please note that you are to circle only those items which you feel describe your child to an unusual degree. Unusual degree means a problem which you feel seriously affects the adjustment of your child to the school situation and seriously handicaps him or her from doing the best work possible. Data will be compiled and made available only to you and your child's teacher. Should data be published it will be in an anomyous form in order to insure the confidentiality of your responses.

We feel that your responses will provide the school with important data that will enable teachers to help your sons or daughters more effectively by adjusting instructional materials and modifying curricular experiences, personal responses, and teaching methods for them.

After completing the questionnaire(s) please return to Metcalf School Office, or to your child's homeroom teacher in the enclosed envelope by February 20, 1974.

We thank you for your cooperation.

Sincerely,

V. L. Replogle,

Project Director of Student Needs Assessment Program

VR:ajk

Enclosures



Ø

APPENDIX C

ILLINOIS STATE UNIVERSITY

FOUNDED IN 1857
BLOOMINGTON-NORMAL 61761

METCALF LABORATORY SCHOOL

Phone: 309 / 438-3653

EDUCATIONAL RESEARCH SERVICES

Vernon E. Replogle, Director
Paul Dehrmann, Assistant Director
William Paurlberg, Assistant Director and
Coordinator of Special Education

TO:

FROM:

RE:

Return of Completed Parent Survey Instruments

DATE:

We are compiling the results of the Parent Survey Instrument regarding the needs of children. We are ready to process the data, and we therefore, urge you to return your Parent Survey Instrument(s) as soon as possible.

ajk



TABLE 1 - SUMMARY OF PROBLEMS AS IDENTIFIED BY TEACHERS

Appendix D

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TABLE 1A - SUMMARY OF PROBLEMS AS IDENTIFIED BY TEACHERS

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REPORTED BY PARENTS

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TABLE 2A - SUMMARY OF PROBLEMS

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