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ABSTRACT

In order to determine the preferences and perceptions of Native Alaska students attending Bureau of Indian Affairs (BIA) boarding schools, a survey instrument was devised to reveal the BIA student's background; future plans; and his projected feelings relative to school facilities, personnel, curricula, and interpersonal relationships. Respondents (N=558) represented Anchorage, Fairbanks, Southeast Alaska, Bethel, and Nome; ranged in age from 10 to 21 years (mean average age was 17.1); came from large families; and included 294 males and 261 females. Survey results indicated: (1) school facilities, teachers, and courses were generally satisfactory; (2) there was a preference for attending school in Alaska (40% attended school outside Alaska); (3) there was some evidence of teacher discrimination (55% of the sample wanted more Native teachers: 36% did not care; and 8% responded negatively): (4) 91% of the sample wanted more Native culture and history in the curriculum; (5) there was evidence of intragroup conflict among American Indians, Aleuts, and Eskimos (85% felt such conflict caused problems); (6) language arts, social studies, and work experience courses were the most important subject areas: (7) future plans included finishing high school (3.2% did not intend to finish; 28% planned to go to college; 12% planned to attend a vocational school; 20% planned to get a job after high school; and 30% had no definite plans). (JC)

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SURVEY OF ATTITUDES AND PERCEPTIONS

ALASKA BIA BOARDING SCHOOL STUDENTS.

JUNE 1971

RO 00 9045

SURVEY OF ATTITUDES AND PERCEPTIONS ALASKA BIA BOARDING SCHOOL STUDENTS JUNE 1971

Sally=Roulston

This study was made in an attempt to determine the attitudes, likes and dislikes of Alaska Native high school students attending BIA Boarding Schools.

Included in this report:

- --Description of survey population
- --Future plans
- -- School facilities and operations
- --Student ranking of school/staff/self
- --Inter-personal relationships
- --Student's preferences of courses offerings and suggested additions.

1. Purpose of Study:

The purpose of this study is an attempt to determine the likes and dislikes, and attitudes of the BIA Boarding School students from Alaska. A survey instrument was devised to reveal the student's background, future plans, projected feelings about his school situation, his ranked importance of curricula offered, and his suggestions for added curricula.

The questionnaire was sent out to 909 students presently enrolled at Chemawa Indian School, Chemawa, Oregon; Chilocco Indian School, Chilocco, Oklahoma; Mt. Edgecumbe Boarding School, Mt. Edgecumbe, Alaska; and Wrangell Institute, Wrangell, Alaska. Over 630 questionnaires were returned, but 558 returns representing 61% of the students were received in time to be computerized.

A summary of the results is to be made known to the students at the beginning of the 1971-72 school year. Special attention will be given to the curriculum suggestions of the students by Division of Education and the schools involved. An opportunity for student/ staff discussion of problem areas, namely curriculum, school-plant facilities, and intra-personal-professional relationships is suggested as a plan of action to implement a better school climate for the Alaska BIA Boarding School students.

2

Students from all geographical areas of Alaska, located by five Central agencies, were represented in the study.

There were 558 responses from 909 students.

Anchorage Agency 73 (13.1 %). Bethel Agency 229 (41%).

Fairbanks Agency 86 (15.4%). Nome Agency 136 (24.4%).

Southeast Agency 34 (6.1%).

The agency areas are outlined on the map. The key gives the number and percentage of students involved from each area. Each defined area could suggest a general representation of the following tribal

groups: Anchorage: A composite of Indian, Aleut and Eskimo Bethel: Predominately Eskimo Nome: Eskimo

Fairbanks: Eskimo and Athabascan Indian

Southeast: Predominately Indian (Tlingit, Haida, and Tsimpsian)



STUDENTS SURVEY RESPONDENTS

The range of chronological age of the students surveyed was from ten years to 21 years. The mean age of the respondents was 17.1 years. There were 294 males and 261 females (3 did not indicate sex). The majority of the students came, from a family of 5 to 9 children. The mean number of siblings was 5.6.

Table I shows the rotal number of 9th, 10th, 11th grade students who attended the four Boarding Schools in 1970-71, and the agency or area where the students are from.

TABLE I

	Notice of the second	OTIES OF		N. Pallinger.	JHLO2,)
ANCHORAGE	29	1	71	29	130	4
BETHEL	152	19	115	82	368	
FAIRBANKS	31	4	90	15	140	;
NOME	63	12	75	45	195	,
SOUTHEAST	28	7	38	3	76	٠
TOTAL	303	43	389	174	909	í

Table II shows the number of survey respondents from each agency, and the percentage of the Alaskan BIA Boarding School population they represent. Percentages are rounded.

TABLE II

CHEMAWA

AGENCY	# of Stu. from Agency	# of Stu. respondents	% of respondents from Agency	% of School responses
ANCHORAGE	29	21	43%	11
BETHEL	152	93	61	51
FAIRBANKS	31	13	41	7
NOME *	63	43	68	24
SOUTHEAST	28	12	42	7
TOTAL	303	182	, 60	

CHILOCCO INDIAN SCHOOL

AGENCY	# of Stu. from Agency	of Stu. respondents	of respondents from Agency	% of School response
ANCHORAGE	1	1	100%	5
BETHEL	19	10	52	46
FAIRBANKS	4	2	50	9
NOME	12	9	75	41
SOUTHEAST	7	0	0	0
,		<u> </u>	:	
TOTAL	43	22	51	

Table II shows the number of survey respondents from each agency, and the percentage of the Alaskan BIA Boarding School population they represent. Percentages are rounded.

TABLE 11 (continued)

•		MT. EDGECUI	BE SCHOOL	
	# of Stu.	# of Stu.	% of respondent	s % of School
AGENCY	from Agency	respondents	from Agency	responses
ANCHORAGE	71	40	56%	17%
BETHEL	115	58	59	29
FAIRBANKS	90	57	· 63	25
NOME	75	48	64	21
SOUTHEAST	38	19	50	8
TOTAL	389	232	60%	

	•	WRANG	ELL			
	1 # of Stu.	# of Stu.	% of respondents	% of Scho	001	
AGENCY	from Agency	respondents	from Agency	responses	3	
ANCHORAGE	29	- 11	37%	9%	<u>.</u>	
BETHEL	82	58	71	48	(
FAIRBANKS	15	14	94	11	t	
NOME	45	36	80	30	· 	
SOUTHEAST	3	3	100		1	
		, ,				
TOTAL	174	122	70%		4	

FUTURE PLANS OF STUDENT RESPONDENTS

Three questions were asked regarding future plans:

- * [14] 1. Do you plan to return to school this fall?
 - [15] 2. If you do not plan to graduate, what is the reason?
 - [16] 3. If you do plan to graduate what are your future plans?

Responses from the total sample to question number 1 [14] "Do you plan to return to school this fall?" were:

Yes - 93.7%No - 3.2% Don't know - 2.0% No response - 1.1%

Response to the second question indicated 31.6% of the total sample population did not intend to graduate. See explanation on page 7.

Table III shows the number of students from each area and the reasons given for not planning to graduate.

TABLE III

	ANCH	BETH.	FBKS	NOME	SO.E.	TOTAL	/ % OF	MALE	MALE	FEMAL	E FEMALE
	NO.	NO.	NO.	NO.	NO.	RES.	TOTAL	NO.	%	NO.	·%
NEEDED AT HOME	2	17	2	8_	2	31	5.6%	18	6.1	13.	5.0
DON'T LIKE SCHOOL	0	1	1	1	0_	3	0.5	3	1.0	0,	0.
POOR GRADES	2	3	4	6	0	15	2.7	.8	2.7	7	2.7
GETTING MARRIED	1	2	_1	0	0	4	0.7	1_	0.3	3 ^ξ	1.1
MILITARY SERVICE	1	5	1_	4	11	12	2.2	10	3.4	2	0.8
OTHER PLANS	14	55	10	28	4	111	19.9	54.	18.4	57,	21.8
TOTAL	20	83	19	47	7_	176	31.6	94		82	-

^{*} Numbers in brackets [] indicate item number on original questionnaire.

There was a total number of 543 students who responded to question 3 [16]. It would follow that only 15 (558-543) would reply to question 2 [15]. However, a misunderstanding on the part of the students responding and a misinterpretation by the Keypunch operation make a discrepancy in the data. The source documents reveal that a very large percentage of the "other plans" write-in response was an answer stating "I do plan to graduate", or "I want to graduate". Therefore, the 19.0% response to "other plans" is not an accurate account nor is the total 31.6% an accurate description of the percentage of students who do not plan to graduate. It would be more accurate to estimate that about 12% do not plan to graduate, for teasons listed in Table III, and for write-in reasons such as:

- 1. hunting, fishing, trapping for family (1) 2. stay home (1)
- too personal (1).

Table IV gives the number and percentages of students from each Agency and their future plans.

[16] If you do plan to graduate, what are your plans after graduation?

-	AN	CH.	ВЕТ	THEL	FB	KS:	NON	Œ,		· so.	Ε.	MAI	Æ	FEN	IALE
	NO.	%	NO.	%	NO.	%	NO.	%		NO.	%	NO.	%	nó.	%
COLLEGE VOCAT. SCHOOL GET A JOB GETTING MARRIED NO DEFINITE PLANS		34 22 17 1 23	49 32 55 4 71	21 14 24 2 31	22 6 19 2 26	7 22 2	45 19 25 0 37	33 14 18 0 27		15 6 0 0	18 0 0	83 55 59 1 76	28.2 19 20 0.3 26	73 24 51 6 86	28.0 9.2 19.5 2.3 33.0
OTHER PLANS NO RESPONSE TOTAL NO. RESPOND.	2 0 73	3	12 6 223	5	4 7 79	5 8	9 1 135	7/	'	1 1 34	3	11 .285	4	16 256	6.1

Write-in responses to "other plans" included military service (4) Nurse's training (4) Business School (3) Dental-aide (2) Navy-Waves (2) Peace Corps (1) stay home (2) Teacher's aide (1). The other 9 responses were not in reply to the questions asked.

FACILITIES

Over half the students of the total school population indicated that the places they had to study were good. 25% felt the places were too noisy and 9% felt the study areas were too crowded. 66% of the Cheman students and 64% of the Chilocco students reported that the study areas were good at their schools. 47% (110) of the Mt. Edgecumbe students said the study areas were good, but 30% (69) thought that they were too noisy. From Wrangell, 62% (75) of these students reported good study areas and 27% (33) found them too noisy.

The social facilities at all four schools seem to be good from the student's viewpoints. 70.4% (393) of all the students reported them as good. 11.6% (65) felt they were too crowded. The same level or percentages was consistent in each of the four schools.

Most of the classrooms at all 4 schools were reported as being adequate with good lighting, good equipment and comfortable desks.

Over half were reported as being neither too hot nor too crowded.

Table V shows the response of the total sample of students.

The report from each of the 4 schools was not different enough from the Total sample to be shown on separate tables.

Numbers in Table are percentages

WHAT DO YOU THINK ABOUT THE CLASSROOMS AT YOUR SCHOOL?

		MOST OF THEM 1	MORE THAN HALF OF THEM 2	LESS THAN HALF OF THEM 3	NONE OF THEM	NO RESPONSE 5	<u></u>
[47]	TOO HOT	18	20	39	18	5	
[48]	TOO CROWDED	20	22	28	24	6	
[49]	HAVE GOOD			_	_	•	
	LIGHTING	68	13	9	5	, 5	
[50]	HAVE GOOD EQUIPMENT	39	28	23	5	5	11
[51]	HAVE COMFORTABLE	E				\$	J. J.
	DESKS	40	20	22	13	5	



SCHOOL RULES

60% of the total sample of students felt that the rules at their school were "about right" as compared with "too strict", or "not strict enough". 23% felt the rules were too strict and 15% felt they were not strict enough.

Table VII shows now students from each school, agency and age group replied to the question:

[37] Are the rules in your school

1.) too strict 2.) just right 3.) not strict enough
TABLE VII

SCHOOLS	1	2	3	N/R	AGENCY	1	2	. 3	N/R
CHEMAWA (182) CHILOCCO (22) MT. EDGECUMBE (232) WRANGELL (122)	24 23 19 32	61 64 63 50	15 9 16 16	4 2 2	ANCHORAGE (73) BETHEL (229) FAIRBANKS (86) NOME (136) SOUTHEAST (34)	18 25 24 27 9	59 58 59 60 76	19 17 13 13	4
AGE GROUP 14 & UNDER (25) 15 & 16 (171) 17 & 18 (249) 19 & OVER (96)	48 25 19 24	40 57 66 59	12 16 14 17	2 1	MALE (294) FEMALE (261)	19 29	64. 55:	. 16 . 15	1

Numbers in table are rounded percentages.

N/R means NO RESPONSE.

The opinions were asked about which students should be allowed weekend passes without parents' permissions. The students were asked to indicate if they thought those students over 17 or 18 years old, all students, or no students should have this privilege [38]

In Table VIII the replies of the students are shown by the percentage in each age group. Numbers in Table are rounded percentages. Rows total 100%.

TABLE VIII

[38] Which students do you think should be allowed weekend passes without parents' permission?

			T .	•	<u> </u>
AGE OF STUDENT RESPONDING	Stu. over 18 yrs.	over 17 yrs.	A11	None	no response
19 and over (96) 17 & 18 (249) 15 & 16 (171) 14 & under (25) Total Sample (558)	65 32 18 16 32	12 26 13 8 18	19 32 59 68 39	4 7 9 4 7	0 3 1 4 4

/ FOOD & MEALS

A small percentage (11.5%) of all the students surveyed said the meals at the schools were "excellent" while half the student rated them "pretty good". 32% felt they were "not so good", and 6% said they were "very poor". Table IV shows how students rated the food served at their schools.

[41] IS THE FOOD THAT IS SERVED AT YOUR SCHOOL:

1. Excellent 2. Pretty good 3. Not so good 4. Very poor

TABLE IX
Numbers are rounded percentages. Rows total 100%.

	EXCELLENT	PRETTY GOOD	NOT SO	VERY POOR	NO RESPONSE
CHEMAWA CHILOCCO MI. EDGECUMBE WRANGELL	14 5 4 23	56 41 41 58	· 25 41 46 14	4 9 9 4	1

[42] IS NATIVE FOOD SERVED ENOUGH?

CHEMAWA 2 18 30 45 CHILOCCO 5 14 14 59	O RESPONSE
MT. EDGECUMBE 1 19 39 37 WRANGELL 4 19 34 39 TOTAL SAMPLE 2 18 34 41	4 4 5

[43] IS ENOUGH MEAT SERVED?

	TOO OFTEN	SOMETIMES	NOT ENOUGH	NEV ER	NO RESPONSE
CHEMAWA CHILOCCO MT. EDGECUMBE WRANGELL TOTAL SAMPLE	32 36 27 25 29	53 41 57 60 55	11 18 13 7	1. 0 0 3	3 5 3 5 4

FOOD AND MEALS

[44] IS ENOUGH FRUIT SERVED?

	TOO OFTEN	SOMET TMES	NOT ENOUGH	NEVER	NC RESPONSE
CIIFMAWA	32	53	11	1	3
CHILOCCO	36	41	18	0	5 ;
MT. EDGECUMBE	27	57	13	0	3
WRANGELL	25	60	7	3	5
TOTAL SAMPLE	29	47	18	1	5

Response to the questions "Do you have a good place to fix yourself an in-between snack?" and "Is there a good place to buy an in-between meal snack?" are shown in Table X.

TABLE X *

[45] DO YOU HAVE A GOOD PLACE TO FIX YOURSELF AN IN-BETWEEN MEAL SNACK?

	OFTEN ENOUGH	NOT OFTEN ENOUGH	NEVER	NO	RESP	ONSE
CHEMAWA CHILOCCO MT. EDGECUMBE WRANGELL TOTAL SAMPLE	29 46 30 31 31	42 36 44 40 42	28 18 24 25 25		1 0 2 4 2	a da durant groupe

[46] IS THERE A GOOD PLACE TO BUY AN IN-BETWEEN MEAL SNACK?

	EXCELLENT	FAIRLY GOOD	NOT VERY GOOD	NO	NO	RESI	PONSE
CHEMAWA	26	47	17	9		1	i
CHILOCCO MT. EDGECUMBE	36 22	41 50	18 1,5	5 12		0 1	*
WRANGELL TOTAL SAMPLE	11 21	39 46	19 17	29 14	•	2 2	*

Numbers in Table are rounded percentages.

STUDENT RANKING OF SCHOOL/STAFF/SELF (SCHOOL)

Question [54] asked for a school ranking. Tables below show by school the response on a five point scale to the question:

[54] HOW DO YOU RANK YOUR SCHOOL SO FAR AS BEING WHAT YOU NEED?

TABLE XI

				•	Mt.	•
			CHEM	. CHIL	. EDGE.	WRANGELL .
1.	VERY GOOD	*	10%	. 9%	13%	12%
2.	BETTER THAN OTHER SCHOOLS LI	KE IT	24	2.	25	18 ,
3.	AVERAGE		53	50	· 47	52
4.	BELOW AVERAGE		9	14	12	11 5
5.	VERY POOR		2	0	2	1 3
6.	NO RESPONSE		2	_ 4	1_	<u>6</u> .
•	•		100%	100%	100%	100%

Question [61] "IF YOU COULD CHOOSE AGAIN; WHAT KIND OF SCHOOL WOULD YOU CHOOSE?" is shown by the total sample response in Table IX.

TABLE XII

1.	BIA inside Alaska	48%
2.	BIA outside Alaska	25%
3.	Public School outside Alaska	3%
4.	Public School inside Alaska	14%
5.	Other (name)	. 5%
	No response	
	•	100%

The 5% of the students who named "other" as their choice indicated that they preferred to be in a school closer to home or in the Boarding Home School program.

SCHOOL RANKING

Table XIII gives the response to the question:

"WHAT DO YOU LIKE ABOUT YOUR SCHOOL?"

Each area is rated on a three point scale:

1. Best 2. Somewhat 3. Not at all 4. No response

TABLE XIII .

	States and the states of the s							**			
	CHEMAWA CHILOCCO						. '				
-	1	2	3	4	<u> %</u>	<u> </u>	_1_	2	3	4	<u> </u>
THE SUBJECTS	41	50	3	6	100%		59	36	0	.5	100%
THE TEACHERS	32	58	5	5	100		55	36	5	4	100
DORM STAFF	30	5'	9	6_	100		32	45	14	9	100
THE OTHER STUDENTS	39	49	5	7	100		32	59	5	4	100
BEING AWAY FROM HOME	17	56	21	6	100		27	41	27	5	100
·		MT.	EDGECU	MBE				WRAI	NGELL		3
	1	2	3	4	%		1.	2	3	4	. %
THE SUBJECTS	41	52	2	5	100%		38	54	3	5	100%
THE TEACHERS	24	69	1	6	100		·33 ⁻	53	8	6	100
DORM STAFF	22	57	15	6	100		30	49	15	6	100
THE OTHER STUDENTS	43	49	3	5	100		50	39	6_	5	100
BEING AWAY FROM	13	46	33	8	100		15	49	30	6 -	100

MEDICAL FACILITIES

Table XIV is ranking of the Medical Facilities at each school.

TABLE XIV

[60] DO THE DOCTORS AND NURSES AT THE CLINIC GIVE THE STUDENTS THE UNDERSTANDING AND TREATMENT THEY NEED?

1.	ALL THE TIME	CHEMAWA 58%	CHILOCCO 54%	MT. EDGECUMBE	WRANGELL 35%	Į.
2.	MOST OF THE TIME	30%	32%	39%	44%	
3.	NOT VERY OFTEN	9%	14%	14%	16%	1
4.	NONE OF THE TIME	1%	0%·	. 0%	1%	- 1 4 5 6 - 1 - 2
5.	NO RESPONSE	2%	0%	3%	4%	

The question "llow do you rank your teachers so far as being good at teaching their subjects?" was asked. A four point scale was used to rank five categories of competency from very good to very poor.

Figure 1 shows the response of the total sample of the population. By school, agency, grade, male and female, the comparison of opinion indicated very little difference in the mean response.

TOTAL SAMPLE (558)

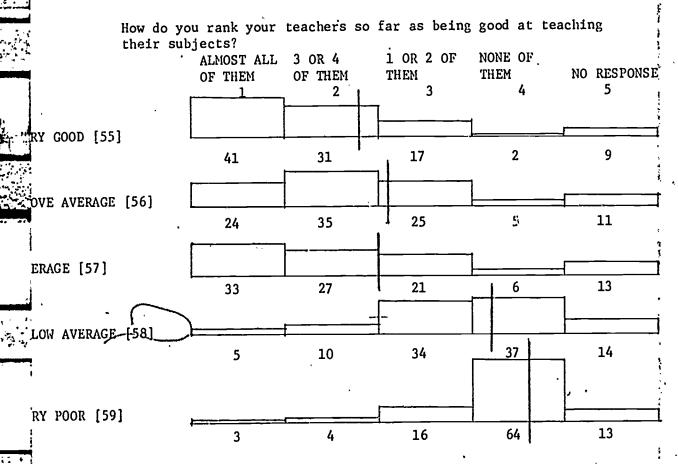


FIGURE 1.
NUMBERS IN GRAPH ARE ROUNDED PERCENTAGES.
VERTICAL LINE INDICATES MEAN.

The students from each area showed very little difference from the total population in ranking themselves with their classmates as being above average, average, or below average. Figure 2 shows the perceived self ranking of the total sample of students.

[53] HOW DO YOU THINK YOU RANK IN COMPARISON WITH YOUR CLASSMATES?

1. HIGH 2. ABOVE 3. AVERAGE 4. BELOW 5. LOW AVERAGE AVERAGE

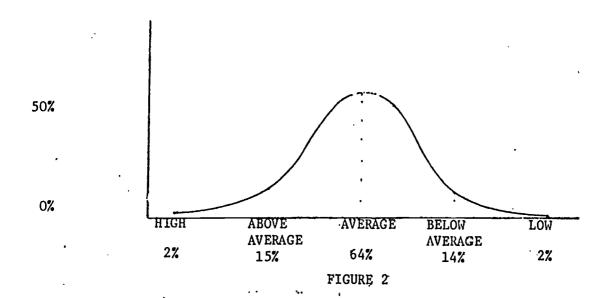


Figure 3 gives the total sample responses to the question:

[52] DO YOU THINK YOU ARE PLACED IN A GRADE

- 1. Too high for you to do good work
- 2. Just right for you
- 3. Too low for you to do good work

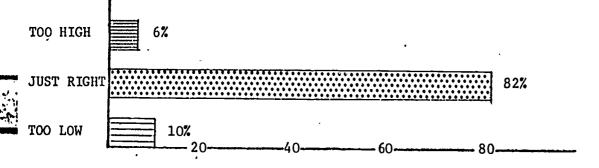


FIGURE 3

19



INTER-PERSONAL RELATIONS PREJUDICE IN SCHOOL, AND INTRA-GROUP CONFLICT

In a student attitude study done at Chemawa Indian School in the spring of 1969, by Robert L. Morrow, there were implications of conflict between the staff and students and among the students themselves. Answers by students, to open ended questions regarding feelings of the staff toward them, indicated some concern about a lack of understanding on the part of the teachers. In an attempt to determine the feelings the Alaskan Boarding School students had in this area, four questions were asked:

- [33] 1. Do you feel that the teachers are against Natives?
- [34] 2. Would you like to have more Native teachers?
- [35] 3. Would it be helpful to you to have more Native culture taught?
- [36] 4. Do you think that the way Aleuts, Eskimos and Indians feel about each other causes problems?

INTER-PERSONAL RELATIONS

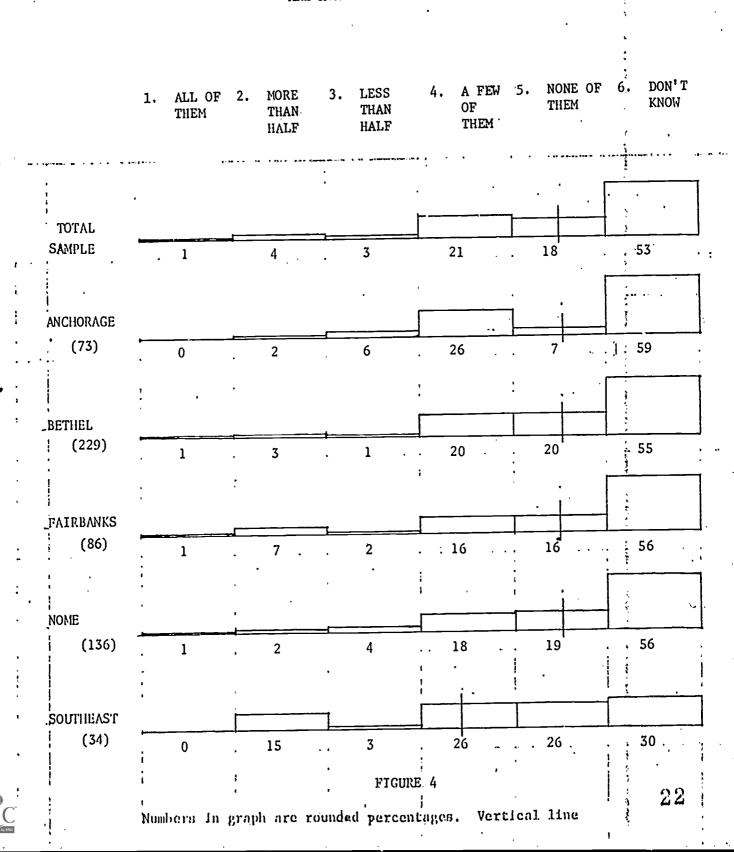
Figure 4 shows that students from the Southeast area of Alaska perceive more feelings of prejudice (44%) from the staff at the schools than do the students from the other areas.

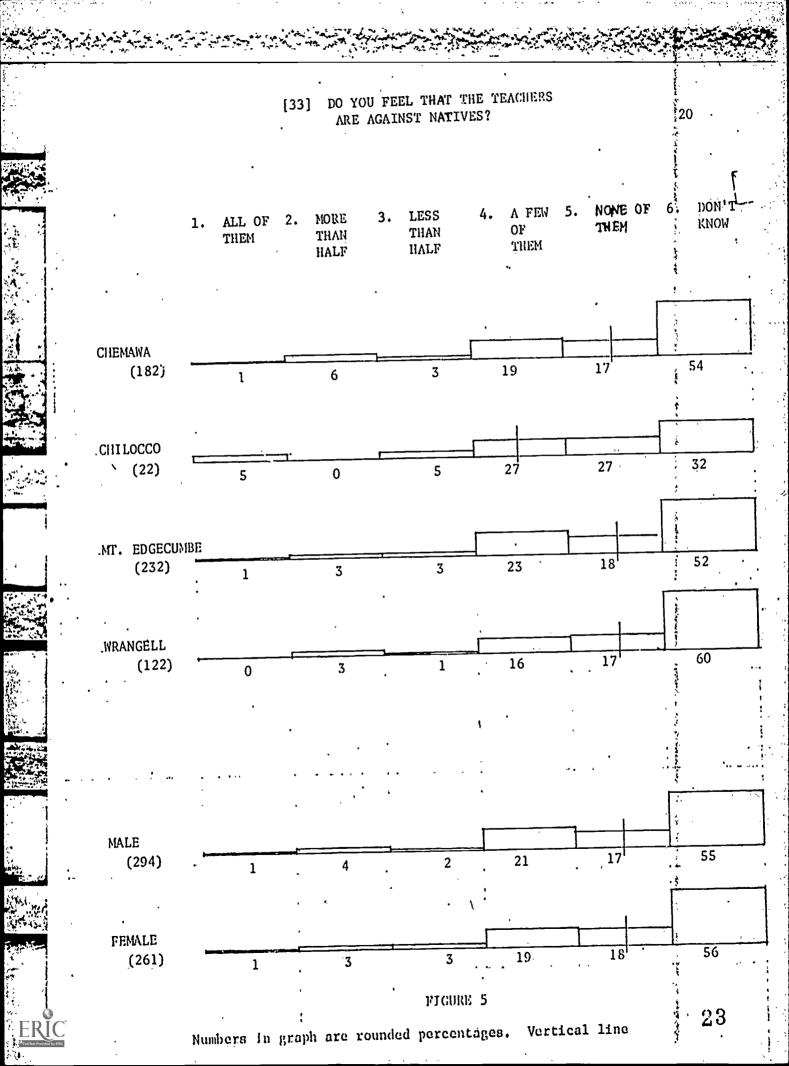
The response to the second question [34] implies that more than half the students would like to have more Native teachers in their schools. However, Figure 7 shows that a significant number of students replied that they "don't care".

The replies to the third question on Native Culture are shown graphically on pages 23 and 24. The positive response is further augmented by the students' suggestions for additional curriculum that they would like to see added, (item #76 on questionnaire). A list of these students' suggestions is found on page 57.

Figures 10 and 11 on pages 25 and 26 give by percentage the response to the question on intra-group conflict.

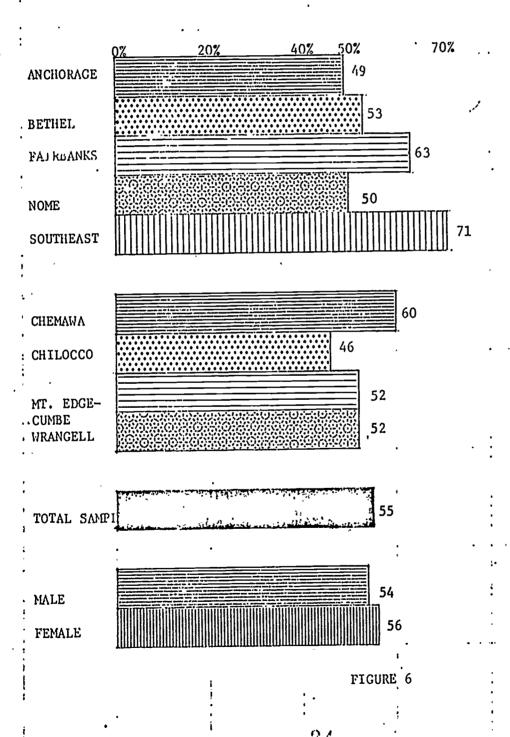
[33] DO YOU FEEL THAT THE TEACHERS ARE AGAINST NATIVES?





THE FOLLOWING GRAPH SHOWS ONLY THE POSITIVE RESPONSE TO THE QUESTTON:
[34] WOULD YOU LIKE TO HAVE MORE NATIVE TEACHERS?

. YES 2. NO 3. DON'T CARE NUMBERS SHOW PERCENTAGES.



[34] WOULD YOU LIKE TO HAVE MORE NATIVE TEACHERS?

1. YES 2. NO 3. DON'T 4. NO CARE RESPONSE

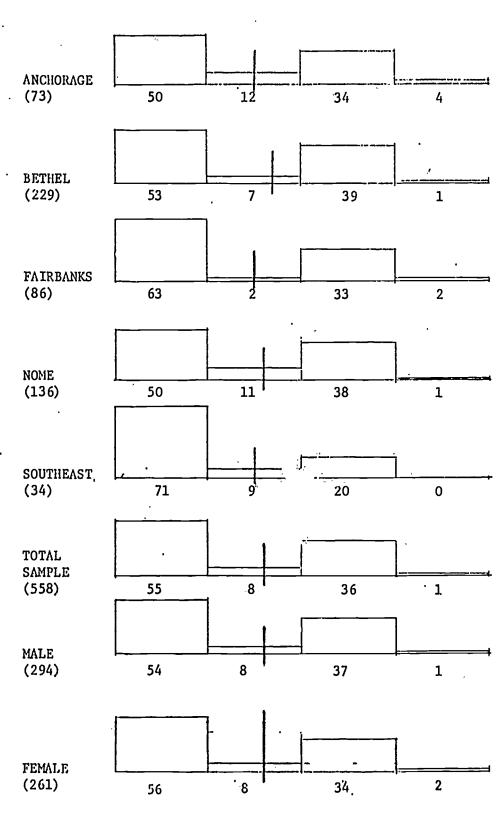


FIGURE 7

[35] WOULD IT BE HELPFUL TO YOU TO HAVE MORE NATIVE CULTURE TAUGHT?

1. VERY 2. HELP 3. NOT AT 4. NO RESPONSE WHAT

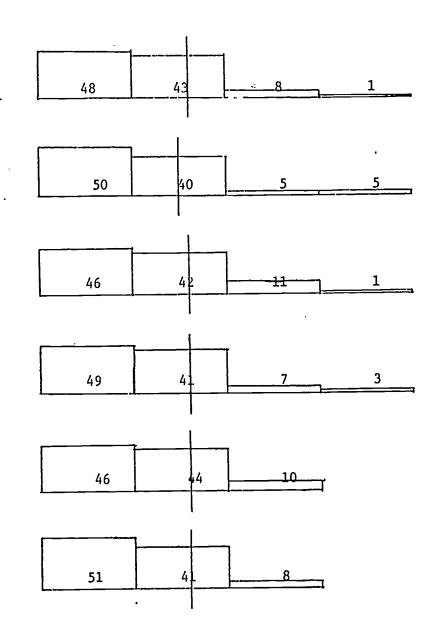


FIGURE 8

Numbers in graph are rounded percentages. Vertical line indicates mean.

26

CHEMAWA

CHILOCCO

MT. EDGE-CUMBE

WRANGELL

N = 122

MALE N=294

FEMALE

N=261

N = 232

N=22

N = 182

[35] HOULD IT BE HELPFUL TO YOU TO HAVE MORE NATIVE CULTURE TAUGHT?

1. VERY 2. SOMEWHAT 3. NOT 4. NO HELPFUL HELPFUL AT ALL RESPONSE

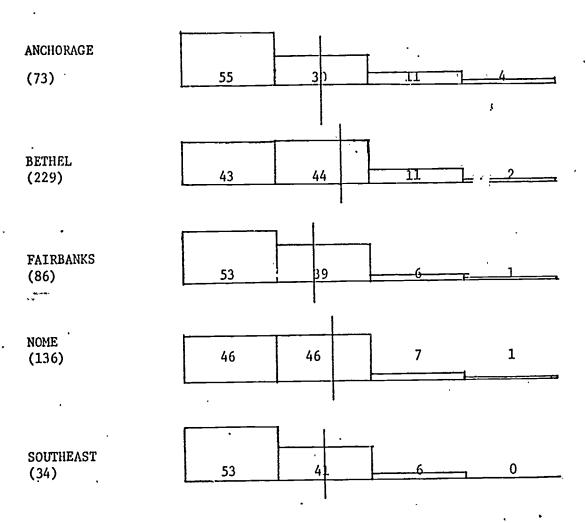


FIGURE 9

Numbers in graph are rounded percentages. Vertical line indicates mean.

TNTRA-GROUP CONFLICT [36] DO YOU THINK THAT THE WAY ALEUTS, ESKINDS, AND INDIANS FEEL ABOUT EACH OTHER CAUSES PROBLEMS?

1. QUITE 2. A FEW 3. NO PROBLEM

TOTAL SAMPI.E 33 N=558 **ANCHORAGE** , N=71 30 BETHEL : N=223 40 44 **FAIRBANKS** N=84 36 NOME N=134 24 SOUTHEAST N=34 1,8 FIGURE 10

Numbers in graph are rounded percentages.

Vertical line indicates

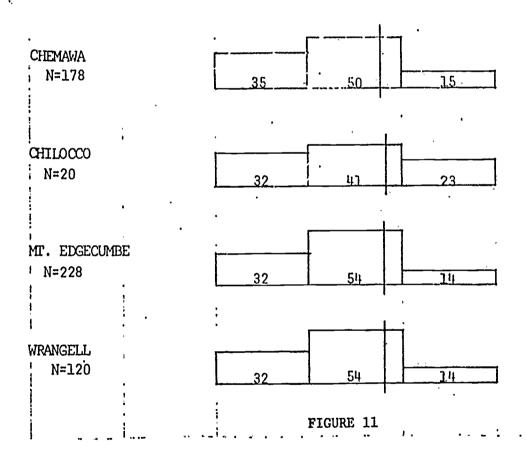
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/ INTRA-GROUP CONFLICT

[36] DO YOU THINK THAT THE WAY ALBUTS, ESKINOS, AND INDIANS FEEL ABOUT EACH OTHER CAUSES PROBLEMS?

1. QUITE 2. A FEW 3. NO PROBLEM

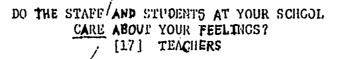


Numbers in graph are rounded percentages. Vertical lines indicate mean.

STUDENT/STAFF RELATIONSHIP

To ascertain the students' attitudes toward the staff at the school they attended, they were asked to rate on a four point scale how many of the staff cared about their feelings, how much help they received from the staff and students, and from whom they solicited help. Figures XII to XXV show the responses by schools, agencies, male, female, and by age and grades to question #1. Tables XV and XVI show response by schools to questions 2 and 3.

- 1. Do you feel the staff and the students at your school <u>care</u> about your feelings?
- 2. Do you get much help with your school work from those listed?
- 3. Do you ask for help with your school work when you need it?



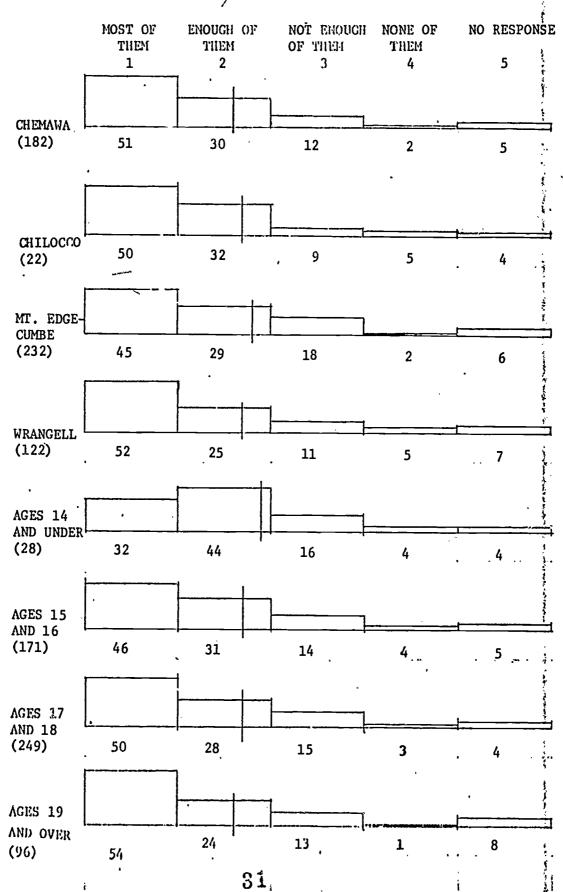


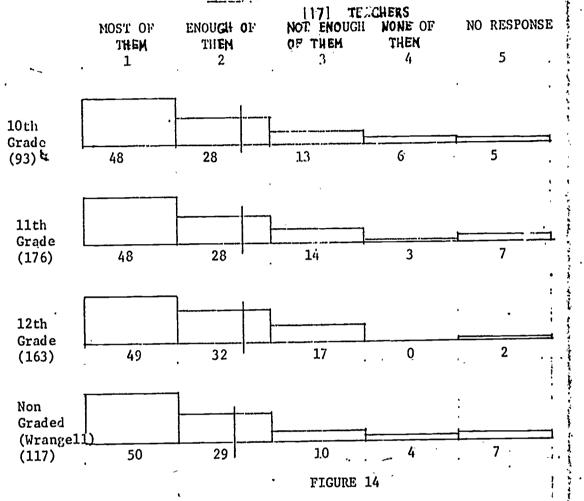
FIGURE 12

DO THE STAFF AND STUDENTS AT YOUR SCHOOL CARE ABOUT YOUR FEELINGS? [17] TEACHERS NONE OF NO RESPONSE ENOUGH OF MOST OF THEM THEM THEM OF THEM 1 2 ANCHORAGE (73) 10 25 15 45 BETHEL 50 29 15 $(229)^{\circ}$ **FAIRBANKS** 19 (86) NOME 32, 50 (136)SOUTHEAST 29 53 (34) MALE . 12 29 52 (294) FEMALE 29 17 46 (261)TOTAL SAMPLE 49 (558)29 14

30

DO THE STAFF AND STUDENTS AT YOUR SCHOOL CARE ABOUT YOUR FEELINGS?

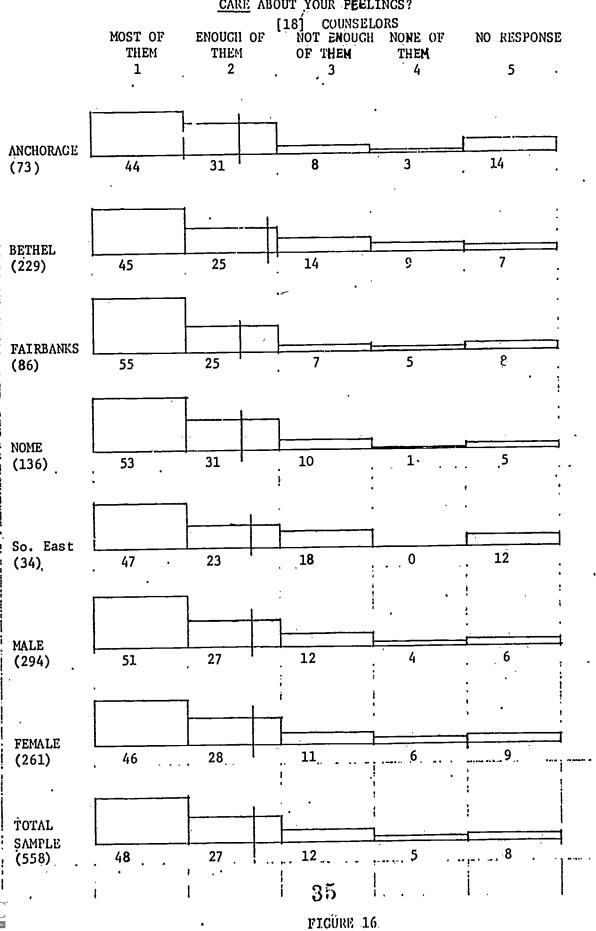
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Numbers in graph are rounded percentages. Vertical line indicates mean.

33

DO THE STAFF AND STUDENTS AT YOUR SCHOOL CARE ABOUT YOUR PEELINGS?



12

DO THE STAFF AND STUDENTS AT YOUR SCHOOL CARE ABOUT YOUR FEELINGS? [18] COUNSELORS MOST OF ENOUGH OF NOT ENOUGH NONE OF NO RESPONSE THEM THEM OF THEM THEN 1 2 3 5 10th GRADE 28 48 13 (93) 11th CRADE 27 10 5 51 (176)12th GRADE 5 54 . 28 12 1 (163)Non Graded (Wrangell)

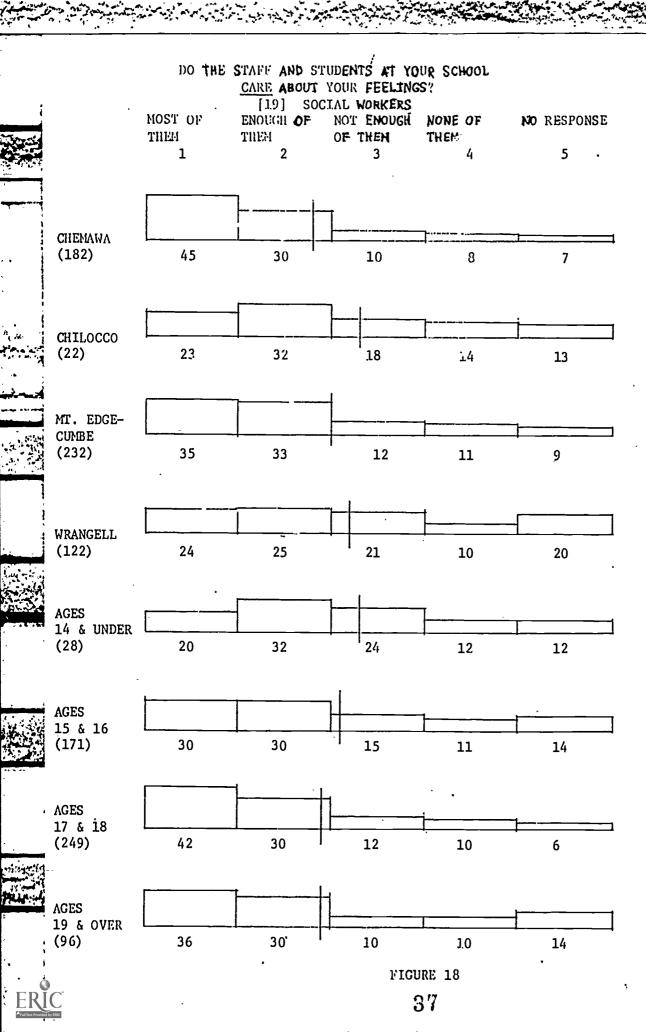
41.

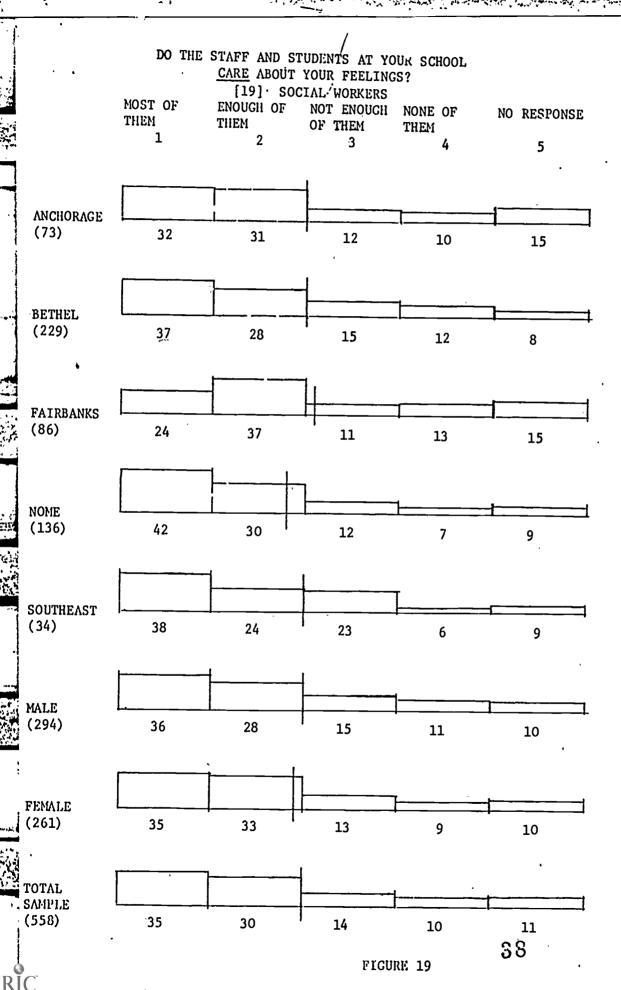
(117)

27

FIGURE 17

12

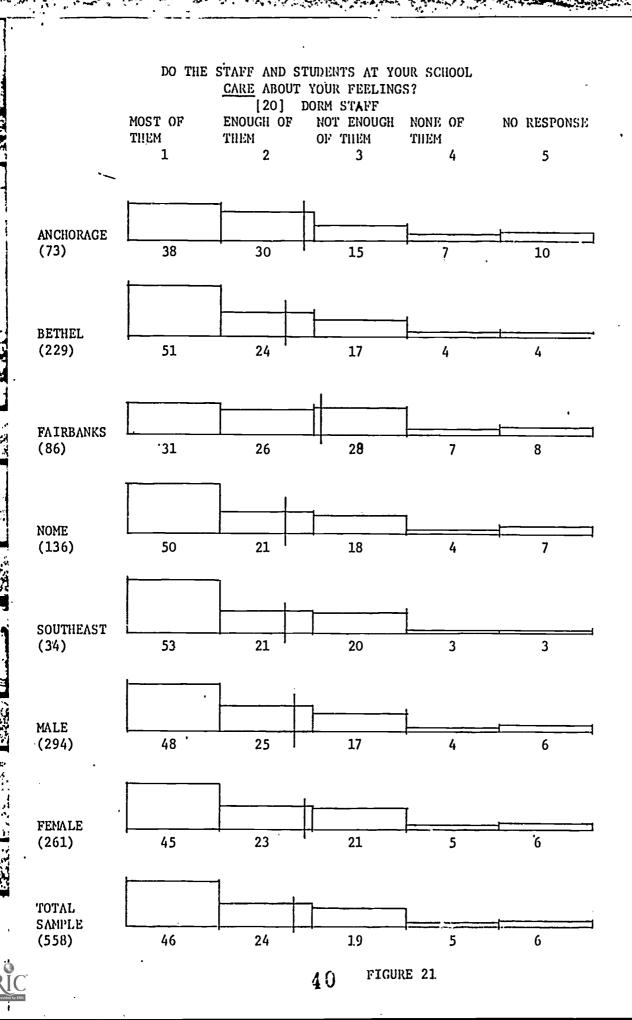




Numbers in graph are rounded percentages. Vertical line indicates mean.

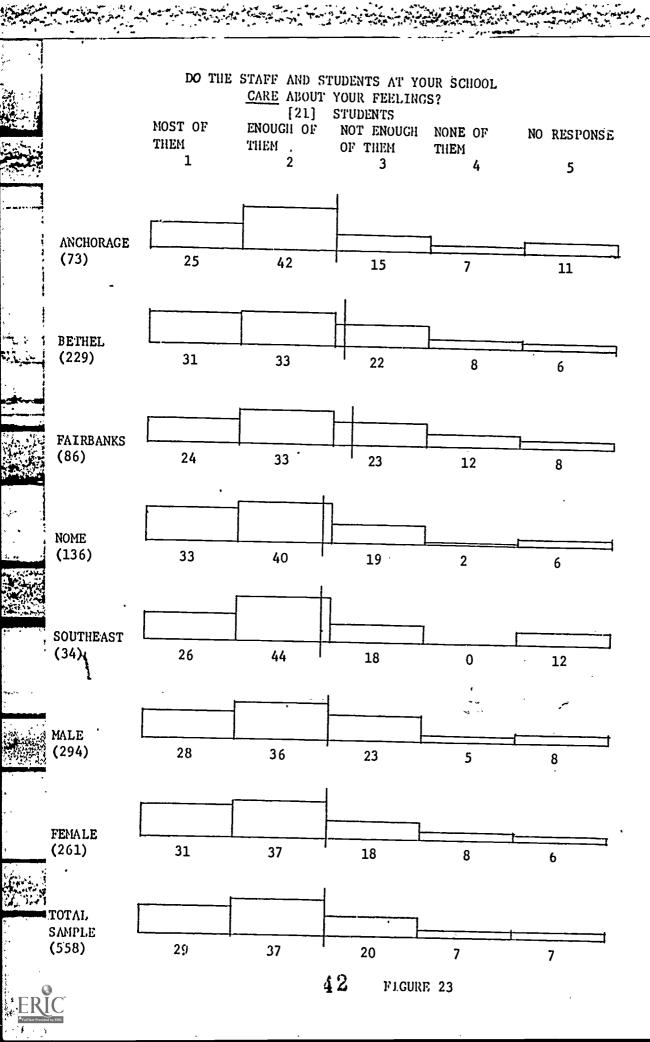
DO THE STAFF AND STUDENTS AT YOUR SCHOOL CARE ABOUT YOUR FEELINGS? [20] DORH STAFF NOT ENOUGH NONE OF NO RESPONSE HOST OF ENOUGH OF OF THEN THEM TUEM THEM 5 2 1 3 CHEMANA (182)50 , 17 24 5 CHILOCCO 18 (22) 1; 45 9 14 MT. EDGE-CUMBE (232)41 26 23 5 5 WRANGELL (122)51 23 13 5 8 AGES 14 & UNDER (28) 32 8 24 8 28 **AGES** 15 & 16 19 5 (171)46 26 4 AGES * 17 & 18 23 (249)19 5 48 5 **AGES** 19 & OVER (96)48 24 15 3 10 39 FIGURE 20

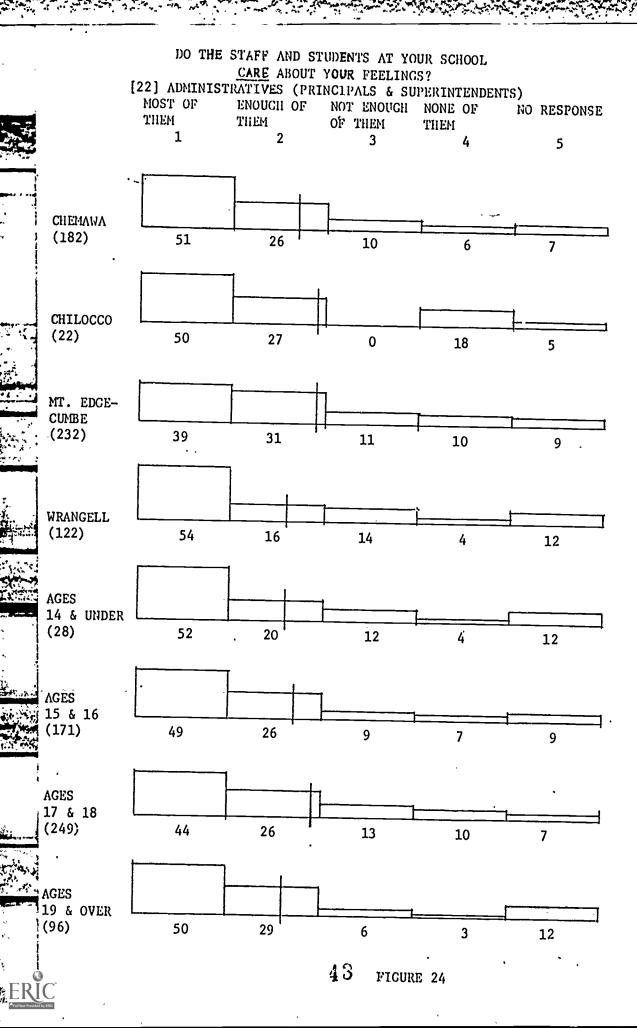




DO THE STAFF AND STUDENTS AT YOUR SCHOOL CARE ABOUT YOUR FEELINGS? [21] STUDENTS NOT ENOUGH NONE OF NO RESPONSE MOST OF ENOUGH OF OF THEM THEM THEM. THEM · 5 3 1 CHEMAWA 20 26 -40 (182)CHILOCCO 14 18 27 3; (22) MT. EDGE-CUMBE 23 7 35 28 (232)WRANGELL 15 37 35 . (122)**AGES** 14 & UNDER 12 16 20 48 (28)AGES 15 & 16 17 42 31 (171) AGES 17 & 18 6 35 21 (249) 30 ACES 19 & OVER 10 23 27 31 (96)FIGURE 22

41





DO THE STAFF AND STUDENTS AT YOUR SCHOOL CARE ABOUT, YOUR FEELINGS? [22] ADMINISTRATIVES (PRINCIPALS & SUPERINTENDENTS) NOT ENOUGH NONE OF MOST OF ENOUGH OF NO RESPONSE OF THEM THEM THEM THEM 5 ANCHORAGE (73) 21 45 12 14 BETHEL (229) 47 25 12 **FAIRBANKS** (86) 24 37 11 13 15 NOME 32 10 7 (136)47 SOUTHEAST 14 12 (34) 59 3 12 MALE (294)50 24 13 5 8 FEMALE (261) 43 29 9 10 9 LATOT SAMPLE (558) 46 26 11 9

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44

FIGURE 25

Table XV gives the percentages of students who receive help with school work from those listed.

TABLE XV

DO YOU GET MUCH HELP WITH YOUR SCHOOL WORK FROM THOSE LISTED BELOW?

1. Most of the time 2. Enough of the time 3. Not enough of the time 4. None of the time 5. No response.

			CHEMAWA					CHILO	cco		ŧ	
		1	2	3	4	5	1_	2	3	4	5	
[23]	TEACHERS	62	24	10	1	3	50	32	14	0	4	
[24].	COUNSELORS	15	30	21	26	8	23	27	18.	27	5	
[25]	DORM STAFF	21	26	24	24	5	27	14	1 8	27	8	
[26]	SOCIAL WORKERS	17	25	18	31	9	23	27	18	18	14	
[27]	OTHER STUDENTS	31	29	21	15	4	18	23	32	23	4	

		MT.	. EDGEC	UMBE			WRANGELL				•
		1	2	3	4	5	11	2	3	4	. 5
[23]	TEACHERS	58	25	13.	1	3	66	23	6	1	4
[24]	COUNSELORS	19	25 .	26	25	5 -	16	23	25	25	12
[25]	DORM STAFF	18	23	26	27	6	26	21	21	21	11
[26]	SOCIAL WORKERS	18	20	18	36	8	14	21	16	31	18
[27]	OTHER STUDENTS	32	35	16	12	5	33	30	19	10	8

NUMBERS IN TABLE ARE ROUNDED PERCENTAGES



43

Table XVI shows by percentage from whom help is solicited by the students.

TABLE XVI

DO YOU ASK FOR HELP WITH YOUR SCHOOL WORK WHEN YOU NEED IT? (CHECK ONE SPACE FOR EACH)

1. Most of the time 2. Enough of the time 3. Not enough of the time. 4. Never 5. No response

		CHEM	AWA			C HILOCCO ⊀						
· 	1	2	3	- 4 '	5		1	2	3	4	<u>}5</u> _	
TEACHERS	70	18	7	2	3		64	23	5	5	3	
COUNSELORS	15	22	21	35	7		18	23	14	41	4	•
DORM STAFF	23	23	21	27	6		5	23	32	32	8	
OTHER STUDENTS	30	32	21	11	6		9	23	32	27	9	
OTHER (name)	12	88	0	0	0		73 ⁻	0	0.	0	ź7	
								•			\$	
		እሮኮ	EDGECU	MRF				SJRAN	GELL		Ì	
	1	2	. 3	4	5	11	. 1	2	3	4	<u>. 5</u>	<u> </u>
TEACHERS	55	22	17	3	3	s	71	16	7	0	6	* 4*
COUNSELORS	16	18	1.9	39	8		13	19	.19	38	11	
DORM STAFF	15	19	23	37	6		24	22	24	20	10	••
OTHER STUDENTS	33	32	22	7	6		34	30	20	8	8	
OTHER (name)	88	0	0	0	12		13	86	0	0	, 1	

NUMBERS IN TABLE ARE ROUNDED PERCENTAGES.

1. 1.

CURRICULUM PREFERENCES AND SUGGESTED ADDITIONS

The following pages (45 to 56) show by percentages the curriculum that students in each school and from each agency think is most important for them.

47

On page 57 the suggested curriculum additions are listed.

TABLE XVII

Total Sample (558) Numbers in table are percentages

	and want?	l Very important	Somewhat important	Not important at all	No Response
68.	Language Arts, (English, Literature Speech, Writing, Foreign Language)	, 42	24	3	ý].
69.	Science & Math	39	26	3	32 ·
70.	Social Studies (History, Political Science, Psychology, Sociology)	31	32	5	32
71.	Business Education	42	23	3	32
72.	Music & Art	10	34	22	33
	•				
73.	Home Economics	26	31	10	33
74.	Industrial Education (Woodworking shop, Metal working shop, electricity & electronics)	30	19	18	33
75.	Work experience (Medical Aide, Dental Aide, Business Education, Cooking)	39	23	5	33
	The high percentage	of 'ho respor	nse" is due to	the late maili	ng .
	of this last part of	the question	maire to the (Chemawa student	
	body. Only 20% of C	hemawa's retu	irns made the o	computer deadli	ne.
				-	



(see Chemawa response next page.)

TABLE XVIII Chemawa (182) Numbers in table are percentages

Very important Not important No Rr sponse		What subjects are the and want?	the most important ones for what you need 1 2 3 4						
(English, Literature, Speech, Writing, Foreign Language) 15 4 1 80 69. Science & Math 11 8 1 80 70. Social Studies 9 (History, Political Science, Psychology, Sociology) 9 9 1 81 71. Business Education 13 7 0 80 72. Music & Art 2 9 8 8 80 73. Home Economics 7 11 2 80 74. Industrial Education (Woodworking shop, Netal working shop, electricity & electronics) 13 3 4 80 75. Work experience			•						
69. Science & Math 11 8 1 80 70. Social Studies 9	68.	(English, Literature	,		,	•			
70. Social Studies 9 (History, Political Science, Psychology, Sociology) 9 9 1 81 71. Business Education 13 7 0 80 72. Music & Art 2 9 8 8 80 73. Home Economics 7 11 2 80 74. Industrial Education (Woodworking shop, Notal working shop, electricity & electronics) 13 3 4 80 75. Work experience		Foreign Language)	15	4		80			
(History, Political Science, Psychology, Sociology) 9 9 1 81 71. Business Education 13 7 0 80 72. Music & Art 2 9 8. 80 73. Home Economics 7 11 2 80 74. Industrial Education (Woodworking shop, Netal working shop, electricity & electronics) 13 3 4 80 75. Work experience	69.	Science & Math	11	8		<u>80 ·</u>			
Sociology 9 9 1 81	70.	(History, Political		9	***				
72. Music & Art 2 9 8 80 73. Home Economics 7 11 2 80 74. Industrial Education (Woodworking shop, Netal working shop, electricity & electronics) 13 3 4 80 75. Work experience		Sociology')	9	9	<u> </u>	81			
73. Home Economics 7 11 2 80 74. Industrial Education (Woodworking shop, Netal working shop, electricity & electronics) 13 3 4 80 75. Work experience	71.	Business Education	13	7		80			
74. Industrial Education (Woodworking shop, Netal working shop, electricity { electronics) 13 3 4 80	72.	Music & Art	2	9	8	80			
(Woodworking shop, Netal working shop, electricity & electronics) 13 3 4 80 75. Work experience	73.	Home Economics	7	11	2	80			
	74.	(Woodworking shop, Notal working shop, electricity &		3	4	80			
Dental Aide, Business Education,	75.	(Medical Aide, Dental Aide,		·	; ; ;				
Cooking) '13 6 1 80	•	Cooking)	' 13	6		· 80			

The high percentage of no response from Chemawa students is due to late mailing of questions 68 to 75. (see preceding page.)

TABLE XIX Chilocco (22) Numbers in table are percentages

_	What subjects are the and want?	e most import 1 Very important	tant ones for w 2 Somewhat important	hat you need 3 Not important at all	4 No Response
68.	Language Arts, (English, Literature Speech, Writing, Foreign Language)	68	23	5	4
69.	Science & Math	41	44	3	•
70.	Social Studies (History, Political Science, Psychology,			And a second sec	
	Sociology)	46	50	4	
71.	. Business Education	55	. 41	0	<u>4</u>
72.	Music & Art	9	55	36	
73.	Home Economics	27	50	14	.9
74.	Industrial Education (Woodworking shop, Metal working shop, electricity & electronics)	. 37	36	27	
75.	Work experience (Medical Aide, Dental Aide, Business Education, Cooking)	41	50	9	
	555,11.67			 {	

Mt. Edgecumbe (232) Numbers in table are percentages

	What subjects are the and want?	e most import l Very important	tant ones for w 2 Somewhat important	hat you need. 3 Not important at all	4 No Response
68.	Language Arts, (English, Literature Speech, Writing,	,		· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	
	Foreign Language)	53	34	4	9
69.	Science & Math	47	36	6;	11
70.	Social Studies (History, Political Science, Psychology,			; ; ; ;	
•	Sociology)	41	40	8:	
71.	Business Education	53	34		11
72.	Music & Art	11	43	34	
73.	Home Economics	35	38	15	12
74.	Industrial Education (Woodworking shop, Metal working shop, electricity & electronics)	36	28		12
75.	Work experience (Medical Aide, Dental Aide, Business Education,	·		P or a p	
	Cooking)	51	30		11

Wrangeli (122) Numbers in table are percentages

	What subjects are the and want?	e most import l Very important	cant ones for w 2 Somewhat important	hat you need. 3 Not important at all	4 No Response
68.	Language Arts, (English, Literatüre Speech, Writing, Foreign Language)	, 57	31	6	6
40		*			•
69.	Science & Math	66	28	1 - 1	
70.	Social Studies (History, Political Science, Psychology,			\$. } ;	
,	Sociology)	42	47 ;	4	7
71.	Business Education	60	28	6	6
72.	Music & Art	22	49		10
73.	Home Economics	39	42		7
74.	Industrial Education (Woodworking shop, Metal working shop, electricity & electronics)	44	24	24	8
75.	Work experience (Medical Aide, Dental Aide, Business Education, Cooking)	56	30	هر درونها المام ال	9
	Cooking)	56	30	5 ;	9

TABLE XXII Anchorage (73) Numbers in table are percentages

	What subjects are the and want?	most importan	it ones for wh	nat you need 3	4
		Very important	Somewhat important	Not important at all	No Response
68.	Language Arts, (English, Literature, Speech, Writing, Foreign Language)	48	25	4	23 ·
69,	Science & Math	44	26	5	-25
70,	Social Studies (History, Political Science, Psychology,				
	Sociology)	35	30		25
71.	Business Education	56	17	4	23
72,	Music & Art	12	44	21.	23
73.	Home Economics	36	30	8	26
74.	Industrial Education (Woodworking shop, Metal working shop, electricity & electronics)	38	14	23	25
75,	Work experience (Medical Aide, Dental Aide, Business Education,		•	f ; ;	
	Cooking)	55	16	4	26

TABLE XXIII Bethel (229) Numbers in table are percentages

What subjects are the and want?	1	2	3	4 No
	important	important	at all	Response
	,			
Foreign Language)		19	4	40
Science & Math	31			41
Social Studies (History, Political			n dec	•
Sociology)	24	31		41
Business Education	31	25	3	41
Music & Art	12	30	15	43
Home Economics	21	27		41
Industrial Education (Woodworking shop, Notal working shop, electricity & electronics)	25	19	14	42
Work experience (Medical Aide, Dental Aide, Business Education, Cooking)	31	21	5	43
	Language Arts, (English, Literature Speech, Writing, Foreign Language) Science & Math Social Studies (History, Political Science, Psychology, Sociology) Business Education Music & Art Home Economics Industrial Education (Woodworking shop, Metal working shop, electricity & electronics) Work experience (Medical Aide, Dental Aide,	and want? Very important	and want? 1 Very Somewhat important	Very important Somewhat important Not important at all Language Arts, (English, Literature, Speech, Writing, Foreign Language) 37 19 4 Science & Math 31 27 1 Social Studies (History, Political Science, Psychology, Sociology) 24 31 4 Business Education 31 25 .3 Nusic & Art 12 30 15 Home Economics 21 27 11 Industrial Education (Woodworking shop, Netal working shop, electricity & electronics) 25 19 14 Work experience (Medical Aide, lental Aide, Business Education, Business Education, 19 14

/ TABLE XXIV Fairbanks (86) Numbers in table are percentages

	What subjects are the and want?	most import 1 Very important	tant ones for w 2 Somewhat important	that you need 3 Not importan at all	4 t No Response
68.	Länguage Arts, (English, Literature,	•	•'	; ; ;	
*	-Speech-, Writing-, Foreign Language)	42	29	5	24
69.	Science & Math	43	26	7	24
7 0	Social Studies (History, Paiitical Science, Psychology,	,		3	
	Sociology)	42	27	5	26
71.	Business Education	48	26	3	23
72.	Music & Art	6	35	33	27
73.	Home Economics	26	36	11	27
74.	Industrial Education (Woodworking shop, Notal working shop, electricity & electronics)	28	23	23	26
75.	Work experience (Medical Aide, Dental Aide, Business Education, Cooking)	41	27	7	25

Numbers in table are percentages

	What subjects are the and want?	e most import l Very	cant ones for w 2 Somewhat	hat you need 3 Not important	4 No
		important	important	at all	Response
68.	Language Arts, (English, Literature Speech, Writing, Foreign Language)	, 48	25	1	26
69.	Science & Math	45	27	2	26
70.	Social Studies (History, Political Science, Psychology,			i	
•	Sociology)	32	39	4	25
71.	Business Education	48	24	2	26
72.	Music & Art	8	39	27	26
73.	Home Economics	32	33	9	26
74.	Industrial Education (Woodworking shop, Metal working shop, electricity & electronics)	37	20	17	. 26
75.	Work experience (Medical Aide, Dental Aide, Business Education,			i	
	Cooking)	48	24		24

TABLE XXVI Southeast (34) Numbers in table are percentages

· - .	What subjects are the and want?	e most import l Very important	ant ones for v 2 Somewhat important	what you need 3 Not important at all	4 No Response
68.	Language Arts, (English, Literature	,		- 1	•
	Speech, Writing, Foreign Language)	35	30	3	32
69.	Science & Math	50	12	6;	32
70.	Social Studies (History, Political Science, Psychology,			* (1) mm	
	Sociology)		30	3	38
71.	Business Education	38	29		33
72.	Mușic & Art	15	18	·. 32	.35
73.	Home Economics	24	29		35
74.	Industrial Education (Woodworking shop, Metal working shop, electricity & electronics)	26	21	18	35
75.	Work experience (Medical Aide, Dental Aide, Business Education,			\$	
	Cooking)	27	29	9	35.

TABLE XXVII

Nale (294)

Numbers in table are percentages

	What subjects are the , and want?	e most import l Very important	cant ones for v 2 Somewhat important	what you need, 3 Not important at all	4 Vo Kesponse
68.	Language Arts, (English, Literature Speech, Writing,		• -		
	Foreign Language)	36	25	4	35
69.	Science & Math	37	25	2	36
70.	Social Studies (History, Political Science, Psychology,			•	*
	Sociology)	28	30		37
71.	Business Education	38	24		35
72.	Music & Art	8	32		+
73.	Home Economics	14	33	16	
74.	Industrial Education (Woodworking shop; Metal working shop, electricity & electronics)	50	14	1	35
75.	Work experience (Medical Aide, Puntal Aide, Business Education,				
	Cooking)	27	29	7	37

TABLE XXVIII Female (261) Numbers in table are percentages

	What subjects are the and want?	1	2	3 '	4
		Very important	Somewhat important	Not important at all ;	No Tesponse
68.	Language Arts, (English, Literature, Speech, Writing,			,	in department supplying and registratings.
	Foreign Language)	48	22	3 *	27
69.	Science & Math	41	26	5	28
70.	Social Studies (History, Political Science, Psychology,				
	Sociology)	53	35	5	27
71.	Business Education	46	24	2	28
72.	Music & Art	13	36		29
73.	Home Economics	41	27	4	28
74.	Industrial Education (Woodworking shop, Netal working shop, electricity & electronics)	8	25	37	30
75.	Work experience (Medical Aide, Dental Aide, Business Education,	•	\	Ar San	•
	Cooking)	53	16	3	

The last question [76] asked the students to list subjects that they would like to have added at their schools. Listed below are the additions suggested by the students. Some of the courses would be offered all ready at certain schools, but not at others. There were requests for several courses (such as typing or drivers education) to be offered to more students than is presently being done.

The most frequently suggested subject additions are asterisked.

- 1. Industrial arts/Vocational
 - Heavy equipment*, auto mechanics*, small engine repair*, aviation*, dental and medical aide training, beautician, commercial cooking, electricity, foundry work, radio.
- Arts & Crafts
 Native arts & crafts*, leather work, photography, piano,
 guitar.
- 3. Academic

Native Languages*, Native Culture*, foreign languages, advanced mathematics, college prep courses, Oceanography,
Marine Biology, Anthropology, Sociology, Psychology.

- 4. Co-curricular drivers ed*, typing*, sex education/marriage and family life, shorthand, PE/swimming, riflemanship, outdoorsmanship, vocational information.
- Current Events
 pipeline controversy, Native Land Claims.

SUMMARY

The purpose of the study was an attempt to determine the attitudes and perferences of Alaska BIA Boarding School students relative to their education and to their schools.

of the 900 plus school population, responses to a questionnaire were secured from 61%: the mean age being 17.1 years; with slightly more males than females; and who came from large families. the mean number of siblings being 5.6.

The school facilities, teachers, and courses seemed to be generally satisfactory from the students' viewpoints.

Most students expressed a preference to go to school in Alaska, (almost 40% of the students attend school outside Alaska).

The grade placement of the students seems to be satisfactory to most of them. There was some indication of teacher discrimination, but this may be questioned as being typical of all

55% of the students expressed that they would like more Native teachers, 36% did not care and 8% responded negatively.

students of adolescent age.

A large percentage (91%) of the total sample population think more Native culture and history in the schools would be helpful to them.

There is evidence of intra-group conflict among the Indians, Aleuts, and Eskimos. 85% of the students feel that the conflict causes problems at their schools.



The students seem to feel that the terchers are willing and available to give help with school work and most of the students feel free to solicit help from them.

Subject areas considered important to the students were high in Language Arts, Social Studies and Work Experience courses.

The future plans of the students indicated most will continue their formal education. Only 3.2% do not intend to complete high school, and 2% do not know if they will return to school.

28% plan to attend college and about 12% plan to attend a vocational school. 20% of the students listed "getting a job" as their future plans, while 30% had no definite plans.

CONCLUSIONS

1. Retention.

There has been great improvements in the level of educational attainment of Alaska Native children. In 1958, only 22% of a similar group of students planned to return to school. This study has revealed that 94% of the students enrolled in 1970-71 intend to return. However, there were about 13% of the students who felt they could not complete their high school education. The largest single reason being "needed at home" (6%).

2. Perception of Adequacy.

There is a general perceived adequacy of the educational program facilities, staff, courses and grade placement on the basis of this study.

3. Future Plans.

An estimated 88% intend to graduate from high school, 28% aspire to attend college, 14% intend to go to a vocational school. There is an inter-agency variation of future plans: Southeast Alaska and Anchorage areas have the highest aspirational level. (Southeast (31%) and Anchorage (28%) as compared with Bethel (18%) Fairbanks (17%), and Nome (24%).) It is recommended that environmental factors affecting aspiration of students be investigated.

¹ Dr. Charles Ray: A PROGRAM FOR EDUCATION, University of Alaska, 1958. page 137.

A high percentage of students indicated they had "no definite plans" after graduation (26% of the male and 33% of the female population). It is recommended that reasons for this lack of future planning be investigated. Perhaps more programs could be instigated to aid the students in developing future plans.

إبداء مدوره فتمو أدر مستويدوريا

4. Culture Centered Areas.

- A. 29% of the total sample of the student population surveyed felt a degree of teachers prejudice. There was a difference in perception of prejudice among the agencies. (Highest was Southeast (44%).) Further study may reveal that this is a universal phenomenon of adolescence and not unique to Native students.
- B. There was no overwhelming evidence that students want to move in the direction of total Native domination of the educational process. They do want more Native culture and history, but are not adamant about having Native teachers.

 A substantial minority don't want more Native teachers or don't care.
- C. There was evidence that intra-Native-group conflicts cause problems in the schools. (33% of the students thought it caused quite a few problems, and 52% said it caused a few problems.) It is recommended that the extent of the Cultural prejudice is investigated and means of overcoming the intergroup prejudice is explored.

5. Desire To Stay In Alaska.

Two-thirds (67%) of the students want to go to school in Alaska if they had a choice. This suggests a need for expansion of more secondary educational opportunities in Alaska of all types (including Boarding School Program, Boarding-Home-School Program, and centrally located high schools). Presumably, because of the lack of the educational opportunities in Alaska, many students have had to be placed in situations that would not have been their first choice.

1.	School Number (not on questionnaire)	•
2.	Student Number (not on questionnaire)	
3.	Agency Number (not on questionnaire)	
4.		
5•	Sex Male Female	
6.	Your present grade in school. (circle the number) 1. 12th 2. 11th 3. 10th 4. 9th	
7 •	Number of brothers and sisters. (circle the number) 0	
8 •	Number of brothers or sisters who have graduated from high school. (circle the number) 0 4 8 1 5 9 2 6 10 3 7 11 or more	
9 .	Number of brothers and sisters who are still going to school (circle the number) 0 4 8 1 5 9 2 6 10 3 7 11 or more	
10.	Number of brothers and sisters who have quit school before graduating from high school. (circle the number) 0 4 8 1 5 9 2 6 10 3 7 11 or more	; ,
11 .	What grade in school did your father complete? (circle the n 0 4 8 12 16 1 5 9 13 17 or higher 2 6 10 14 3 7 11 15	number)
12 •	What grade in school did your mother complete? (circle the norm of the first of the norm o	umber)

	*
13,	With whom have you lived most of your life? (circle one number) 1. Both real parents
	2. One real parent
	3. One real parent and one step parent
•	4. Foster or adaptive parents5. Other relatives
	6. Other
14 .	No you plan to return to school this fall?
	1. Yes
	2. No 3. Don't know
15.	If you do not plan to graduate from high school what is the
	reason? (circle one answer) 1. Needed at home
	2. Don't like school
	3. Poor grades
	4. Getting married 5. Military service
	5. Military service 6. Other plans
16 .	If you do plan to graduate from high school what are your plans for
10 .	after graduation? (circle one)
	1. College
	2. Get a job3. Vocational school
	4. Getting married
	5. No definite plans
	6. Other plans
	De the staff and students at your school are short your feelings?
	Do the staff and students at your school <u>care</u> about your feelings? (check one space for each)
	1 2 3 4
	Nost Enough Not enough None of of them of them
	of them of them them them
17 .	Teachers
18 .	Counselors
19 .	Social Workers
20 .	Dorm staff
21 .	Students
22	Administratives (principals & RT)
•	(principals 4 67 superintendents)

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	Do you get much below? (check o	help with you ne space for	ur school wor each) 2	rk from those	listed
^-		Most of the time	linough of the time	Not enough of the time	None of the time
23.	Teachers				•
24 .	Counsclors		groups on manny angly a separate danks.	727 No. 400.0 17 1 446 4	
25 .	Dorm staff				
26 .	Social workers				* · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·
27.	Other students				<u> </u>
	Do you ask for h (check one space		r school worl	k when you nee	ed it?
	From:		Enough of	Not enough	Na
28 .	Teachers	the time	the time	of the time	Never
29 .	Dorm staff				
30 .	Counselors				
31 .	Other students				
32 .	Others (name)				<u> </u>
33 .	lo you feel that number) 1. All of the 2. Nore than 3. Less than 4. A few of t 5. None of th 6. Don't know	em half of them half of them them are nem are	ı are	t Natives? (G	circle one
34 .	Would you like to 1. Yes 2. No 3. Don't care		Native teach	ers? (circle	one number)
35 .	Would it be help (circle one num) 1. Very help 2. Help some 3. Not at all	oer) Lul what	co have more	Native culture	e taught?

	•
36 .	Do you think that the way Aleuts, Eskimos, and Indians feel about each other causes problems? (circle a number) 1. Quite a few 2. A few problems 3. No problems
37 .	Are the rules in your school (circle a number) 1. Too strict 2. Not strict enough 3. About right
38 .	Which students do you think should be allowed week-end passes without parents permission. (circle one number) 1. Students over 18 years old 2. Students 17 years old 3. All students 4. No students at all
39	Is the place you have to study: (circle one number) 1. Cood 2. Too noisy 3. Too crowded 4. Other
40 .	Are the places you have to be with your friends: (circle one numbe 1. Good 2. Too noisy 3. Too crowded 4. Other
41 .	Is the food that is served at your school. (circle one number) 1. Excellent 2. Pretty good 3. Not so good 4. Very poor Give reason for your answer
	Is the following kind of food served enough? (check one space for each) 1 2 3 4 Top often Sometimes Not enough Never
42.	Native foods Too often Sometimes Not enough Never
43.	Neat
44 .	Fruit

	;
45.	Do you have a good place to fix yourself an inbetween meal snack? (circle one number) 1. Often enough 2. Not often enough 3. Rever
46.	Is there a good place to buy an inbetween meal snack? (circle one number) 1. Excellent 2. Fairly good 3. Not very good 4. No
	What do you think about the classrooms at your school?
	Most of More than Less than None o
47.	Too hot them half of them them
48.	Too crowded
49.	Have gcod Lighting
50.	Have good equipment
51.	Have comfortable desks
52.	Do you think you are placed in: (circle one number) 1. A grade too high for you to do good work 2. A grade too low for you to do good work 3. The right grade for you
53,	How do you think you rank in comparison with your classmates? (circle one number) 1. High 2. I rank a little above average 3. I rank about average 4. I rank a little below average 5. I rank very low
54,	Now do you rank your school so far as being what you need? (circle one number) 1. Very good 2. Better than other schools like it 3. Average 4. Below average 5. Very poor

	How do you rank your teachers so far as being good at te their subjects? (check one space for each)	acning 4
•	Almost all 3 or 4 of 1 or 2 of of them them	None of them
55.	Very good	
56.	Above average	<u> </u>
57.	Average	<u></u>
58-	Below average	*
59•	Very poor	*
60.	Do the Doctors and Nurses at the clinic give the student understanding and treatment they need? (circle one number 1. All the time 2. Nost of the time 3. Not very often 4. None of the time	s thé er)
61.	If you chould choose again what kind of school would you (circle one number) 1. B.I.A. Inside Alaska 2. B.I.A. Outside Alaska 3. Public School Outside Alaska 4. Public School Inside Alaska 5. Other (name)	choose?
	What do you like about your school? 1 2 3	*
62.	The subjects Best Somewhat Not at all	ж , ч ,
63.	The teachers	وفائل ديوة وال
64.	The dorm staff	•
65.	The other students	g y
66.	Being away from	*
67.	Other	• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •

	What subjects are the and want?	e most import l Very important	ant ones for v 2 Somewhat important	what you need 3 Not important at all
68 .	Language Arts, (English, Literature Speech, Writing, Foreign Language)	,		· · · · ·
69 .	Science & Math		<u></u>	
70 .	Social Studics (History, Political Science, Psychology, Sociology)	·		
71 •	Business Education			
72 .	Music & Art	6771111	·	
73 •	Home Economics	* •		
74 :	Industrial Education (Woodworking shop, Netal working shop, electricity & electronics)			•
75 .	Work experience (Medical Aide, Dental Aide, Business Education, Cooking)			•
76 •	What subjects would	you like to h	ave added at	your school?
				<u> </u>
				,
		<u></u> .		· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·
		,, _ ,, _ ,		