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ABSTR-ACT

The document is a distributive education (DE) course of study whose major goal is to help students gain the knowledge and skills that will facilitate their work and advancement in management. The nine topics comprising the course are: orientation, importance of distribution, careers, personal development, human relations, job skills, employment, financial management, and business math. The 25 units of instruction are designed to account for approximately 15 weeks of individualized instruction time; the other six weeks are left to the discretion of the DE teacher-coordinator. Each instructional unit includes behavioral objectives, suggested activities for DE teacher-coordinator and students, information sheets, assignment sheets, transparency masters, tests, and answer keys. Units are planned for more than one lesson or class period. The suggested activities are outlined in steps to follow to achieve specific objectives. The teacher activities are largely related to the provision of instructional materials and resources. Information sheets provide a guide for presenting background knowledge. (Author/AJ)

OKLAHOMA TRIBUTIVE EDUCATION

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DEI Course of Study





DISTRIBUTIVE EDUCATION I COURSE OF STUDY

Joe Amos
Curriculum Specialist
Cooperative Education
State Department of Vocational
and Technical Education
Stillwater, Oklahoma

Developed by the Curriculum and Instructional Materials Center For the Division of Distributive Education M. J. DeBenning, State Supervisor

Oklahoma State Board of Vocational and Technical Education

Leslie Fisher, Chairman

Francis T. Tuttle, Director

Ronald Meek, Coordinator, Curriculum and Instructional Materials Center

1973

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Stillwater, Oklahoma 74074

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FOREWORD

There is a high demand for employees in marketing and distribution management.

Opportunities for advancement for the trained employee are available for qualified persons.

The major goals of this publication are to aid the student in gaining these knowledges and developing skills that will facilitate his work and advancement in management.

These curriculum materials are designed to instruct students in the qualities and competencies necessary for success in management.

Suggestions for implementing the curriculum are included to facilitate its use by the DE teacher-coordinator.

Included in the course of study are nine topics and twenty-five units of instruction. The nine topics are designed to account for approximately fifteen weeks of related instruction time for the school year. The student should spend fifteen weeks in individualized instruction and the other six weeks are left to the discretion of the individual DE teacher-coordinator.

Francis T. Tuttle, Director
State Department of Vocational and
Technical Education

M. J. DeBenning, State Supervisor Distributive Education





ACKNOWLEDGMENTS

Appreciation is extended to those individuals who contributed their time and talents to the development of the Distributive Education I curriculum.

The content of this publication was planned and reviewed by:

Oklahoma Distributive Education Teacher-Coordinators

Margaret Byrd Don Decker Bill Fultz Frank Morrison Pat Myers Gus Friedemann

Tulsa East Central Jenks Bixby Barlesville College High Bartlesville Sooner C. E. Donart

Distributive Education Staff

M. J. DeBenning

Ted Best

Teacher, Education Staff

Dr. Lucille Patton,
Chairman, Department of
Vocational Technical
Teacher Education,
Central State University

Dr. J. W. Weatherford Central State University

Dr. Walter L. Starks Oklahoma State University

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The printing staff of the State Department of Vocational and Technical Education are deserving of much credit for printing this publication.

USE OF THIS PUBLICATION

Instructional Units

The Distributive Education I Course of Study includes nine topics. Each topic consists of one or more units of instruction. Each instructional unit includes behavioral objectives, suggested activities for DE teacher-coordinator and students, information sheets, assignment sheets, visual aids, tests, and answers to the test. Units are planned for more than one lesson or class period of instruction.

Careful study of each instructional unit by the DE teacher-coordinator will help him determine:

- A. The amount of material that can be covered in each class period.
- B. The skills which must be demonstrated.
- C. Supplementary material characteristics and filmstrips that must be ordered.
- D. Resource people that must be contacted.

Objectives

Each unit of instruction is based on behavioral objectives. These objectives state the goals of the course thus providing a sense of direction and accomplishment for the student.

Behavioral objectives are stated in two forms: Terminal Objectives stating the subject matter to be covered in a unit of instruction; Specific Objectives stating the student performance necessary to reach the terminal objective.

Since the objectives of the unit provide direction for the teaching-learning process, it is important for the DE teacher-coordinator and students to have a common understanding of the intent of the objectives. A limited number of performance terms have been used in the objectives for this curriculum to assist in promoting the effectiveness of the communication among all individuals using the materials.

Following is a list of performance terms and their synonyms which were used in this material:

Name		Identify		Describe
Label		Select		Define
List in writing		Mark	*	Discuss in writing
List orally	•	Point out	•	Discuss orally
Letter	, 4° 5	Pick out		Interpret
Record	*	Choose	٠,	Tell how
Repeat	• *	Locate	•	Tell what
Give 9	ria.	4	;	Explain



Order Distinguish Construct Arrange Discriminate Draw Sequence -Make List in order Build Classify Design Divide Formulate 1 Isolate Reproduce Sort Transcribe Reduce. Increase Figure Cost

Demonstrate

Show your work
Show procedure
Perform an experiment
Perform the steps
Operate
Remove
Replace
Turn off/on
(Dis) assemble
(Dis) connect

Reading of the objectives by the student should be followed by a class discussion to answer any questions concerning performance requirements for each instructional unit.

DE teacher-coordinator should feel free to add objectives which will fit the material to the needs of his students and community. When a DE teacher-coordinator adds objectives, he should remember to supply the needed information, assignment sheets, and criterion tests.

Suggested Activities

Each unit of instruction has a Suggested Activities sheet outlining steps to follow in accomplishing specific objectives. The activities are listed according to whether they are the responsibility of the instructor or the student.

DE teacher-coordinator: Duties of the instructor will vary according to the particular unit; however, for best use of the material they should include the following: provide students with objective sheet, information sheets, and assignment sheets; preview filmstrips, make transparencies, and arrange for resource materials and people; discuss terminal and specific objectives and information sheets; give test. Teachers are encouraged to use any additional instructional activities and teaching methods to aid students in accomplishing the objectives.

Students: Student activities are listed which will help the student to achieve the objectives for the unit.



Information Sheets

Information sheets provide content essential for meeting the cognitive (knowledge) objectives of the unit. The DE teacher-coordinator will find that information sheets serve as an excellent guide for presenting the background knowledges necessary to develop the skills specified in the terminal objective.

Students should read the information sheets before the information is discussed in class. Students may take additional notes on the information sheets.

Transparency Masters

Transparency masters provide information in a special way. The students may see as well as hear the material being presented, thus reinforcing the learning process. Transparencies may present new information or they may reinforce information presented in the information sheets. They are particularly effective for such activities as learning and locating the parts of a machine.

Transparencies should be made and placed in the notebook where they will be immediately available for use. Transparencies direct the class's attention to the topic of discussion. They should be left on the screen only when topics shown are under discussion. (NOTE: Stand away from the overhead projector when discussing transparency material. The noise of the projector may cause the teacher to speak too loudly.)

Assignment Sheets

Assignment sheets give direction to study and furnish practice for paper and pencil activities to develop the knowledges which are necessary prerequisites to skill development. These may be given to the student for completion in class or used for homework assignments. Answer sheets are provided which may be used by the student and/or DE teacher-coordinator for checking student progress.

Test and Evaluation

Paper-pencil and performance tests have been constructed to measure student achievement of each objective listed in the unit of instruction. Individual test items may be pulled out and used as a short test to determine student achievement of a particular objective. This kind of testing may be used as a daily—quiz and will help the DE teacher-coordinator spot difficulties being encountered by students in their efforts to accomplish the terminal objective. Test items for objectives added by the DE teacher-coordinator should be constructed and added to the test. Progress sheets are provided for student and DE teacher-coordinator to record acceptable performance of skills outlined in assignment sheets.

Test Answers

Test answers are provided for each unit. These may be used by the .DE teacher-coordinator and/or student for checking student achievement of the objectives.



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Page Numbering System

Each Section in this publication is assigned a specific letter:

- A. Orientation
- B. Importance of Distribution
- C. Careers
- D. Personal Development
- E. Human Relations
- F. Job Skills
- G. Employment
- H. Financial Management
- I. Business Math

Pages are numbered consecutively within each section. For example: Personal Development begins with page number D-1. If the page is available as a transparency master, TM appears at the top of the page.

The following key will help to easily identify each section by color:

White - Objectives, Suggested Activities, Transparency Masters, Ideas

Green - Information Sheet
Tan - Assignment Sheets

Yellow - Tests

Pink - Answers to Tests

(NOTE: The effectiveness of this material will depend on you as a DE teacher-coordinator.)



DECA

TERMINAL OBJECTIVE

After completion of this unit, the student should be able to write a sketch of the history of distributive education and Distributive Education Clubs of America, the DECA Tagline, Motto and representation of colors, and label each side of the thiangle. He should also be able to name the purposes of DECA, recognize the parts of the emblem, and recite the creed. Knowledge of this information should be evidenced by scoring eighty-five percent on the unit test.

SPECIFIC OBJECTIVES

After completion of this unit, the student should be able to:

- 1. Match terms dealing with DE to the correct definition.
- 2. Write a paragraph sketching the history of distributive education and DECA.
- 3. Write the label on each side of the triangle which represent a good DE program.
- 4. Name six purposes of DECA.
- 5. Write the DECA Tagline.
- 6. Write the DECA Motto.
- 7. Write what the two DECA Colors represent.
- 8. Identify the parts of the DECA Emblem.
- 9. Demonstrate the ability to repeat the DECA Creed.

.DECA

SUGGESTED ACTIVITIES

- I. DE Teacher-Coordinator:
 - A. Prepare bulletin board.
 - B. Prepare transparency.
 - C. Provide students with objective sheet.
 - D. Provide students with information sheet.
 - E. Discuss terminal and specific objectives.
 - F. Discuss information sheet.
 - G. Give test.

(NOTE; Consult audio visual supplement for suggested films.)

- II. Student:
 - A. Read objective sheet.
 - B. Study information sheet.
 - C. Take test.

INSTRUCTIONAL MATERIALS

- I. Included in this unit:
 - A. Objective sheet
 - B. Information sheet
 - C. Bulletin board idea--The DECA Emblem
 - D. Transparency masters
 - 1. TM 1--Triangle of Good DE Program
 - 2. TM 2-The DECA Emblem
 - E. Test
 - F. Answers to test



4-A

- II. References:
 - a. Oklahoma Association DECA Handbook
 - b. National DECA Handbook

DECA UNIT I

INFORMATION SHEET

I. Terms and definitions

- A. Assistant State Supervisor—Ted Best, designated by State Supervisor, assists the State Supervisor in conducting work; DECA advisor
- B. Career Development Conference-Competition for State Conference winners was National Leadership Conference
- C. DECA=Youth organization of Distributive Education; Distributive Education Clubs of Americal local, state, and national level
- D. DECA blazer-A navy blue blazer with the DECA emblem on the left breast pocket, the official identifying uniform of DECA
- E. DECA Distributor--Official publication of DECA, Inc., sent to each student for membership in DECA

(NOTE: From 1947-1953 M. J. DeBenning and C. K. Reiff edited and published the *DECA Distributor*.)

- F. DECA Foundation-Created to assist and encourage DECA members to continue career study in marketing and distribution; serves as a financing aid for DECA
- G. DECA, Inc.-Adult governing body of DECA made up of DE State Supervisors of each state association
- H. DECA, Inc., Board of Directors--Elected by the members of DECA, Inc.; made up of one student DECA member (a national officer), DECA Chapter Advisor, professional members of DECA, 15 total members
- 1. Distributive Education (DE)--Vocational program involving retail, wholesale, and service occupations, secondary, post secondary, and adult
- J. Distributive occupation--Proprietors, managers, or employees engaged primarily in marketing and merchandising goods and services
- K. National Advisory Board-A group of businessmen which contribute financial support to DECA
- L. Oklahoma State Leadership Conference--Competition for DECA members on the state level

(NOTE: Information on the two types of activities may be found in Oklahoma DECA activities and awards program.)

INFORMATION SHEET

- M. State Supervisor-Person in charge of Distributive Education in Oklahoma;
 M. J. DeBenning
- N. Vocational education--Improve the efficiency of an individual in a specific occupation, either as a preparation for employment or supplementary to the duties of the employed worker
- II. History of distributive education and DECA
 - A. DE began July 1, 1937, Geoge Deen Act
 - B. First state-wide meeting in Oklahoma City spring of 1944
 - C. First National Convention in 1947
 - D. DECA officially adopted in 1947
 - E. DECA, Inc., officially adopted in 1950
 - F. DECA Foundation developed in 1951
 - G. DECA Tagline developed in 1962 by DECA student
 - H. Designed to aid people with career goals in distribution
- III. Triangle of good DE program (Transparency 1)
 - A. Good classroom instruction
 - B. Good supervised work experience
 - C. Good club work participation
- IV. Purposes of DECA
 - A. Intricial part of DE program
 - B. Develop leadership
 - C. Provide social intelligence
 - D. Instill civic consciousness
 - E. Provide vocational understanding
 - F. Develop vocational competence
- V. DECA Tagline--Developing Future Leaders for Marketing and Distribution



INFORMATION SHEET

VI. DECA Motto-Power works with ease; weakness frets continuously

VII. DECA Colors

- A. Blue--Suggests sincerity and genuineness
- B. Gold-Crowning success which comes to one who lives usefully and wisely

VIII. DECA Emblem (Transparency 2)

- A. Leadership development—The distributive education student is given an opportunity to participate in many activities designed to teach him to be not only a leader but also a follower.
- B. Civic consciousness--The distributive education student learns to recognize his obligations to the community
- C. Vocational understanding-Being able to take his place in the world of business
- D. Social intelligence--Through contest and social events the DECA member is given an opportunity to develop poise, and to gain a knowledge of the social graces necessary in our society
- E. Wrapped package--Symbolizes a well-rounded education in preparation for life
- F. Rays of sunshine-Denotes the glowing personal satisfaction resulting from a complete job that has been well done

IX. DECA Creed

I believe in the future which I am planning for myself in the field of distribution, and in the opportunities which my vocation offers.

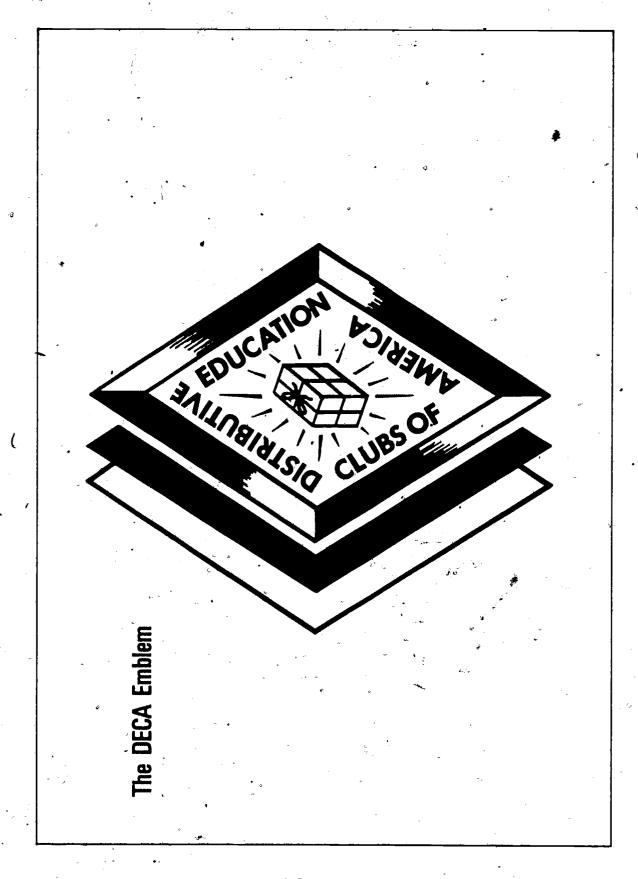
I believe in fulfilling the highest measure of service to my vocation, my fellow beings, my country, and my God-that by so doing, I will be rewarded with personal satisfaction and material wealth.

I believe in the democratic philosophies of private enterprise and competition, and in the freedom of this nation—that these philosophies allow for the fullest development of my individual abilities.

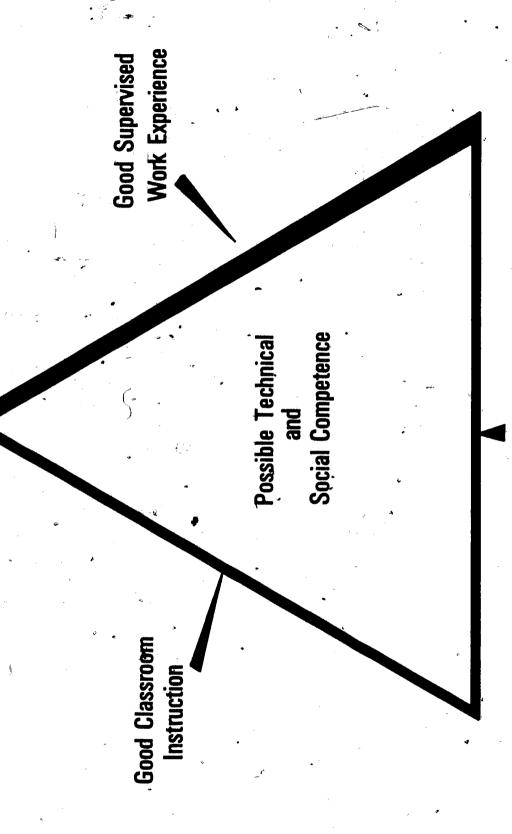
I believe that by doing my best to live according to these high principles, I will be of greater service both to myself and to mankind.



BULLETIN BOARD IDEA

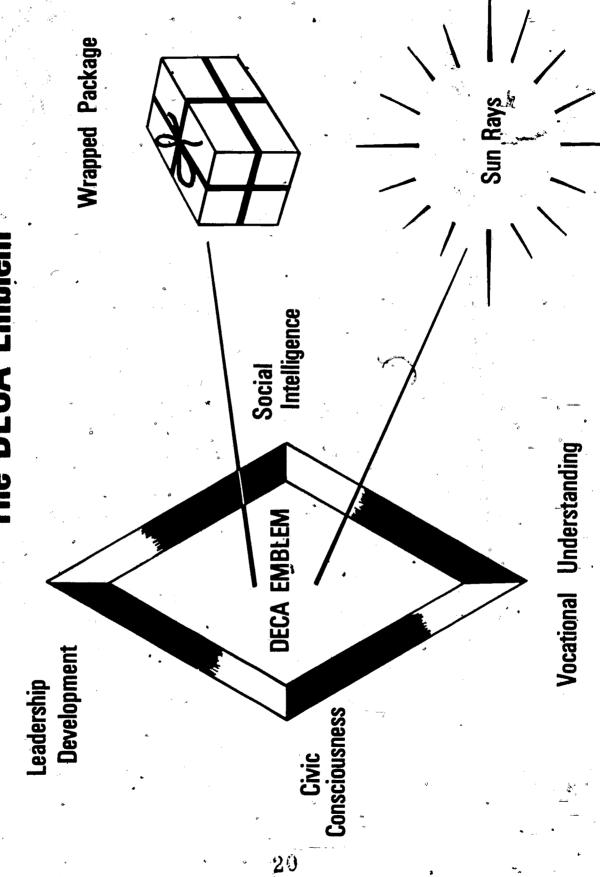


Triangle of Good DE Program



A Good Club Program (DECA)

The DECA Emblem



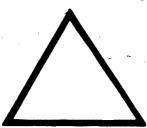
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DECA UNIT |

TEST

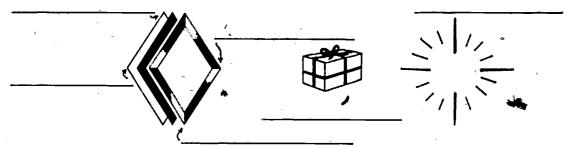
Match the terms to the correct de	finition).
a. Vocational education	1.	Created to assist and
b. Distributive education		encourage DECA members to continue career study in
c. Distributive occupation		marketing and distribution; serves as a financing
d. DECA		aid for DECA
e. DECA, Inc.	2.	Improve the efficiency of an individual in a specific occupation, either as
f. DECA, Inc., Board of Directors	*	a preparation for employment or supplementary to duties of the employed
g. National Advisory Board		worker
h. DECA Foundation	3.	Youth organization of Distributive Education,
i. DECA Distributor		Distributive Education Clubs of America local,
j. State Supervisor		state, and national level
k. Assistant State Supervisor	4.	Person in charge of a distributive education
I. DECA blazer		in Oklahoma; M. J. DeBenning
m. State Leadership Conference	5.	A group of businessmen which contribute financial support
n. Career Development Conference	۵	to DECA
Conterence	6.	Ted Best, designated by State Supervisor, assists the State Supervisor in conducting work; DECA advisor
	7.	Competition for DECA members on state level
• • •	8.	Competition for State Conference winners was National Leadership Conference
	9	A navy blue blazer with the DECA emblem on the left pocket, the official identifying uniform of DECA
ν		

- 10. Vocational program involving retail, wholesale, and service occupations
- 11. Adult governing body of DECA made up of DE State Supervisors of each state association
- 12. Official publication of DECA Inc., sent to each student for membership in DECA
- 13. Proprietors, managers, or employees engaged primarily in marketing and merchandising goods and services
- Elected by the members of DECA, Inc.; made up of one student DECA member (a national officer),
 DECA Chapter Advisor, professional members of DECA, 15 total members
- 2. Write a paragraph sketching the history of Distributive Education and DECA.
- 3. Write the label on each side of the triangle which represents a good DE Program.



- 4. Name six purposes of DECA.
 - a.
 - b.
 - C.
 - d.

- e.
- f.
- 5. Write the DECA Tagline.
- 6. Write the DECA Motto.
- 7. Write what two DECA Colors represent.
 - a. Blue--
 - b. Gold--
- 8. Identify the parts of the DECA Emblem.



9. Demonstrate the ability to repeat the DECA Creed.



DECA UNIT I

ANSWERS TO TEST

- 1. a. 2
 - b. 10
 - c. 13
 - d. 3
 - e. 11
 - f. 14
 - g. 5
 - h. 1
 - i. 12
 - j. 4
 - k. 6
 - 1 0
 - m. 7
 - n. 8
- 2. The following items should be included in the paragraph.
 - a. Began July 1, 1937, George Deen Act
 - b. First state-wide meeting in Oklahoma City spring of 1944
 - c. First National Convention in 1947
 - d. DECA officially adopted in 1947
 - e. DECA, Inc., officially adopted in 1950
 - f. DECA Foundation developed in 1951
 - g. DECA Tagline developed in 1962 by DECA student
 - h. Designed to aid people with career goals in distribution

3.

Good Classroom Instruction

Good Supervised Work Experience

Possible Technical and Social Competence

- Good Club Program (DECA)
- 4. a. Intrical part of the DE program
 - b. Develop leadership
 - c. Provide social intelligence
 - d. Instill civic consciousness
 - e. Provide vocational understanding
 - f. Develop vocational competence
- 5. Developing Fyture Leaders for Marketing and Distribution
- 6. Power works with ease; weakness frets continuously
 - 7. a. Suggest's sincerity and genuineness
 - b. Crowning success which comes to one who lives usefully and wisely
 - 8. Leadership Development



Vocational Understanding

9. Performance skills will be evaluated to the satisfaction of the DE teacher-coordinator.

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FREE ENTERPRISE SYSTEM UNIT I

TERMINAL OBJECTIVE

After completing this unit, the student should be able to match terms to their proper definition associated with the free enterprise system. He should be able to select the essential ingredients which free enterprise is comprised, label the circular flow chart of our free-market system, and discuss ways free enterprise affects consumers. This knowledge will be evidenced by scoring eighty-five percent on the unit test.

SPECIFIC OBJECTIVES

After completion of this unit, the student should be able to:

- 1. Match terms accociated with the free enterprise system to the correct definition.
- 2. Select from a list the essential ingredients of which free enterprise is comprised.
- 3. Label the circular flow chart of our free enterprise system.
- 4. Select from a list methods the government uses to influence the free-market system.
- 5. Discuss ways our free enterprise system affects consumers.
- 6. Write a short report illustrating the opinion of individuals concerning the free enterprise system.



FREE ENTERPRISE SYSTEM UNIT I

SUGGESTED ACTIVITIES

- I. DE /Teacher-Coordinator:
 - A. Provide students with objective sheet.
 - B. Provide students with information and assignment sheets.
 - C. Make transparencies.
 - D. Discuss objectives.
 - E. Discuss information sheet.
 - F. Order "The National Economy" (See additional references.)
 - G. Give test.

(NOTE: Consult audio visual supplement for suggested films.)

- II. Student:
 - A. Read objective sheet.
 - B. Study information sheet.
 - C. Complete assignment sheet.
 - D. Take test.

INSTRUCTIONAL MATERIALS

- I. Included in this unit:
 - A. Objective sheet
 - B. Information sheet
 - C. Transparency masters
 - 1. TM 1--Profit Creates Jobs
 - 2. TM 2--Free Market System
 - D. Assignment Sheet #1--Free Enterprise System



- E. Test
- F. Answers to test

II. References:

- A. Mason, E. R. Marketing and Distribution. Dallas, Texas: Greg Division, McGraw-Hill Book Company, 1968.
- B. Wiget, D. J. The Free Enterprise System. Ohio State University.
- C. Wilson, W. H. Consumer Economic Problems, Seventh Edition. Dallas, Texas: South-Western Publishing Company, 1966.

III. Additional References:

A. "The National Economy", Science Research Associates, 259 East Erie Street, Chicago, Illinois 60611, cost \$5.95, 2-24 participants, 1-12 teams.

The game is concerned with the development of a hypothetical National Economy. The business community is grouped into three separate segments producing three kinds of goods: consumer, luxury, producer goods.

B. Oklahoma Council on Economic Education. Dr. Clayton Millington, Executive Vice-President, 215 College of Business Administration, Oklahoma State University, Stillwater, Oklahoma 74074.

Materials and information can be obtained from the above source.

FREE ENTERPRISE SYSTEM UNIT I

INFORMATION SHEET

I. Terms and definitions

- A. Economic system--The way a nation uses its natural and man-made resources
- B. Free enterprise-An economic system that allows individuals and businesses to make their own choices about what they will do to earn a livelihood and how they will spend their money.
- C. Private property-Portions of income that one keeps, regardless of whether it is kept as money, invested in bonds, or held in the form of material assets.
- D. Free-market system--A system of freedom of choice
- E. Competition-The effort of two or more business firms or individuals acting independently to attract a customer
- F. Profit-The reward of business risk
- II. Essential ingredients of which free enterprise system is comprised
 - A. Private property

(NOTE: Private property may be used to earn more income.)

B. Free markets

(NOTE: Consumers have freedom of choice and their choices determine what shall be made, how much, and the price to be paid for it.)

- C. Profit motivation (Transparency 1)
- D. Competition
 - 1. Lowers prices
 - 2. Improves products
 - 3. Creates new products
- III. The free market system

(NOTE: Circular flow chart, Transparency 2)

- A. What to produce
- B. How much to produce

INFORMATION SHEET

- C. How to produce
- D. How production is shared
- IV. Methods the government uses to influence the free-market system
 - A. What to produce
 - 1. Collects taxes
 - 2. Taxes luxuries
 - 3. Pays farmers more than market price
 - 4. Makes production of narcotics illegal except as controlled
 - B. How much to produce
 - 1. Pays farmers not to use land
 - 2. Pays subsidy to airlines
 - 3. Regulates rates and competition of public utilities and public transportation
 - 4. Gives special tax inducements to businesses for expansion
 - C. How to produce
 - 1. Controls working conditions of women and children
 - 2. Controls public education
 - 3. Regulates use of resources, such as oil, gas, and water
 - D. How production is shared
 - 1. Legislates hours of work, overtime, minimum wages
 - 2. Taxes profits and income
 - 3. Controls employment practices
 - 4. Operates businesses in competition with private businesses



INFORMATION SHEET

V. Ways the free enterprise system affects consumers

CHARACTERISTIC

EFFECT ON CONSUMER

Private property

Savings (part of income not spent) may be invested in property, which in turn produces an income; thus, private property increases ability of consumers to maintain a high level of living.

Free markets

Balance between supply and demand of goods and services wanted by consumers at prices consumers can pay is maintained through consumers exercising their economic freedoms in the form of "economic voting." Markets are sensitive to consumers' economic votes.

All goods and services consumers want and demand are the products of free enterprise.

Profit motivation

Without the possibility of making profit, businesses that produce the products and services that consumers want and need would not be started; hence, the products and services would not be available, and the jobs in business on which consumers are employed would not exist.

Businesses, spurred by the hope of greater profit, improve present products and services and develop new ones which indirectly benefit consumers.

Competition

Producers and sellers are automatically limited by competition in the prices they demand from consumers; thus, unrestricted but fair competition among producers and sellers results in reasonable prices and better products and services for consumers.



Profit Creates Jobs

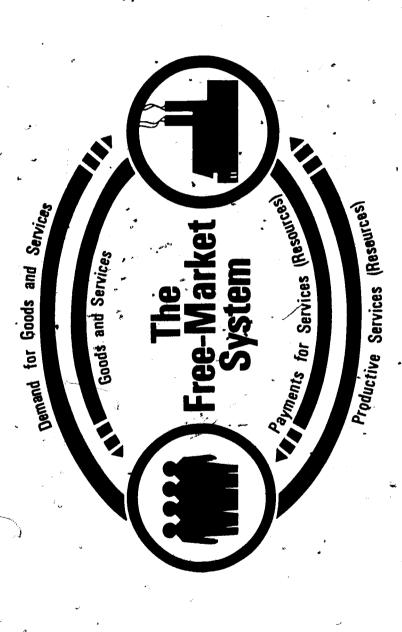
No Profits = No Capital

No Capital = No Tools

No Tools = No Jobs

Therefore Jobs Profits

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Explanation of Chart

- l. What to Produce.
- 2. How Much to Produce.
- 3. How to Produce.
- 4. How Production is Shared.

- The demand for or purchases of goods and services (representing income to producers).
- The delivery of goods and services produced for and purchased by consumers at the prices offered.
- The furnishing of and use of resources (goods and services) in a production process to satisfy wants.
- Payments for use of resources in the form of wages, rent, interest, profits.

FREE ENTERPRISE SYSTEM UNIT I

ASSIGNMENT SHEET #1-FREE ENTERPRISE SYSTEM

Name		Date	<u> </u>
	Inquire what the essential features and charatwo students who are not taking this cou		

Directions: Prepare a report in outline form, omitting the names of the persons you interviewed, in which you give the composite ideas that each of the four groups has about free enterprise.

businessmen, and two neighbors.

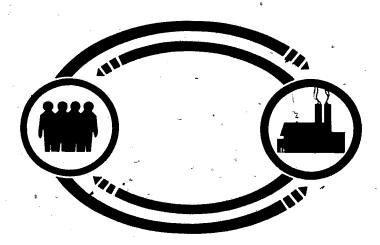


FREE ENTERPRISE SYSTEM UNIT I

TEST

1.	Match the following terms to th	e correc	t definition.
	a. Economic system	1.	An economic system that allows
	b. Free enterprise		individuals and businesses to make their own choices
v	c. Private property		about what they will do to earn a livelihood and
•	d. Free-market system		how they will spend their money
	e. Competition	2.	The reward of business risk
	f. Profit	3.4	A system of freedom of choice
		4.	The way a nation uses its natural and man-made resources
		5.	Portions of income that one keeps, regardless of whether it is kept as money,
			invested in bonds, or held in the form of material assets
	• • • · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	6.	The effort of two or more business firms or individuals acting independently to attract a customer
2.	Place an "X" in front of each of of which free enterprise is comp	the follorised.	owing which are essential ingredients
٥	a. Public property		
	b. Private property		
	c. Assets		
	d. Free markets	ė v	
	e. Profit motivation		t.
	f. Competition		

3. Label the circular flow chart of our free enterprise system.



	a. Collects taxes
	b. Pays farmer more than market price
,	c. Controls public education
	d. Gives special tax inducements to business for expansion
	e. Pays subsidy to airlines
	f. Pays farmers not to use land
5.	Name four characteristics concerning ways our free enterprise system affects
	consumers and discuss the effects.
	consumers and discuss the effects.
	consumers and discuss the effects. CHARACTERISTIC EFFECT ON CONSUMER
	consumers and discuss the effects. CHARACTERISTIC EFFECT ON CONSUMER a.

FREE ENTERPRISE SYSTEM UNIT 1

ANSWERS TO TEST

- 1. a. 4
 - b. 1
 - c. 5
 - d. 3
 - · e. 6
 - f. 2
- **2.** b
 - ď
 - е
 - f

3.



- 4.
 - b
 - C
 - d
 - е
 - f

5. Discussion should include:

CHARACTERISTIC

EFFECT ON CONSUMER

Private property

Savings (part of income not spent) may be invested in property, which in turn produces an income; thus, private property increases ability of consumers to maintain a high level of living.

Free markets

Balance between supply and demand of goods and services wanted by consumers at prices consumers can pay is maintained through consumers exercising their economic freedoms in the form of "economic voting." Markets are sensitive to consumers' economic votes.

All goods and services consumers want and demand are the products of free enterprise

Profit motivation

Without the possibility of making profit, businesses that produce the products and services that consumers want and need would not be started; hence, the products and services would not be available, and the jobs in business on which consumers are employed would not exist.

Businesses, spurred by the hope of greater profit, improve present products and services and develop new ones which indirectly benefit consumers.

Competition

Producers and sellers are automatically limited by competition in the prices they demand from consumers. Thus, unrestricted but fair competition among producers and sellers results in reasonable prices and better products and services for consumers.

6. * Evaluated to the satisfaction of the DE teacher-coordinator.

MARKETING DISTRIBUTION SYSTEM UNIT II

TERMINAL OBJECTIVE

After completing this unit, the student should be able to match terms to their proper definition associated with the marketing distribution system. He should be able to list the significance of marketing, functions of marketing and kinds of markets and construct a chart showing the channels of distribution. This knowledge will be evidenced by scoring eighty-five percent on the unit test.

SPECIFIC OBJECTIVES

After completion of this unit, the student should be able to:

- 1. Define the term marketing distribution system.
- 2. List the significance of marketing as it pertains to our economy.
- 3. List the eight functions of marketing.
- 4. List the five kinds of markets.
- 5. Construct a chart showing the channels of distribution.
- 6. Conduct research in the library and interview a businessman for a short report to be given orally in class discussing one of the five kinds of markets.



MARKETING DISTRIBUTION SYSTEM UNIT II

SUGGESTED ACTIVITIES

- I. DE Teacher-Coordinator:
 - A. Provide students with objective sheet.
 - B. Provide students with information and assignment sheets.
 - C. Make transparencies.
 - D. Discuss terminal and specific objectives.
 - E. Discuss information and assignment sheets.
 - F. Order "Probe". (See additional references.)
 - G. Give test.

(NOTE: Consult audio visual supplement for suggested films.)

- 11. Student
 - A. Read objective sheet.
 - B. Study information sheet.
 - C. Complete assignment sheet.
 - D. Take test.

INSTRUCTIONAL MATERIALS

- I. Included in this unit:
 - ⁶A. Objective sheet
 - B. Information sheet
 - C. Transparency master: TM 1--Channels of Distribution
 - D. Assignment Sheet #1-Kinds of Markets
 - E. Test
 - F. Answers to test





11. References:

- A. Mason, E. R. Marketing and Distribution. Dallas, Texas: Greg Division, McGraw-Hill Book Company, 1968.
- B. Wiget, D. J. The Free Enterprise System. Ohio State University.
- C. Wilson, W. H. Consumer Economic Problems, Seventh Edition. Dallas, Texas: South-Western Publishing Company, 1966.
- III. Additional reference--"Probe," Parker Brothers, Inc., \$7.95, Salem, Massachusetts 01970.

This game can be used effectively to teach terminology and spelling in the various areas of marketing.

MARKETING DISTRIBUTION SYSTEM UNIT II

INFORMATION SHEET

- I. Definition of marketing distribution system--Process through which goods and services reach the consumer
- II. Significance of marketing as it pertains to our economy
 - A. Directs, goods from producer to consumer
 - B. Thirty-three percent of the working force is in distribution
 - C. Well-being of our country is determined by
 - 1. Productivity
 - 2. Consumption
 - 3. Employment
- III. Functions of marketing
 - A. Assembling and buying
 - 1. Assembling

(NOTE: Accumulating or gathering goods from various sources.)

- 2. Buying
 - a. Agreement on prices and terms of purchase, date of shipment or delivery, and transfer of title
 - b. Determination of needs
 - c. Selection of sources of supply from which to purchase
 - d. Determination of quality and suitability of the goods
- B. Storing

(NOTE: Provides a physical supply of manufactured and processed goods to assume delivery to customers within a reasonable time.)

Example: Goods such as room air-conditioners and circulation fans are used during only a few months of each year require storage.

Goods having a fairly steady demand and those that are perishable require very little storage.

- C. Grading and standardizing
 - 1. Grading--The process of separating the supply of a commodity into classes according to established standards.
 - a. Eggs
 - 1) A
 - 2) B
 - 3) C
 - b. Meat (beef)
 - 1) Canner
 - 2) Cutter
 - 3) Utility
 - 4) Commercial
 - 5) Standard
 - 6) Good
 - 7) Choice
 - 8) Prime
 - 2. Standardizing-The process of preparing a definition or description of the various qualities of a commodity
 - a. Apple
 - 1) Well-colored
 - 2) Without blemishes
 - 3) Mature
 - b. Oranges
 - 1) Juice
 - 2) Eating



- D. Selling--To create or stimulate demand for goods
 - 1. Personal selling--Practiced by the retail salesperson who serves the customer both by providing information and demonstrating the product
 - 2. Non-personal selling--Used to stimulate consumer demand
 - a. Newspaper
 - b. Magazine
 - c. Radio
 - d. Television
 - e. Billboards
 - f. Display
- E. Merchandising-The process of actually filling demands .
 - 1. Arrangement of counter and other store facilities
 - 2. Display of goods
 - 3. Window displays
 - 4. Procedure and personnel for showing and demonstrating goods to prospective customers
 - 5. Delivery service
 - 6. Systematic credit policy
 - 7. Installation and repair service for goods
- F. Transporting and communicating
 - 1. Transporting--The change in the location of goods after they are transferred from seller to buyer
 - a. Airlines
 - b. Railroads
 - c. Trucklines
 - d. Pipelines
 - e. Ships
 - f. Barges

2. Communication--A link between sellers and buyers of commodities

Example:

Orchids ordered by cablegram from Hawaii may be delivered by air in Chicago

within twenty-four hours

- a. Telephone
- b. Telegraph
- c. Radiotelephone
- d. Postal services
- e. Cablegram
- G. Financing--Providing for the money that is invested in the goods while they move to the consumer
- H. Risk taking-Speculation on our organized market
 - 1. Fire
 - 2. Theft
 - 3. Breakage
 - 4. Physical deterioration
 - 5. Obsolescence
 - . 6. Changes in the price level
 - 7. Changes in customers' wants and demands

IV. Kinds of markets

- A. Wholesale--Practice of trading in large lots
 - 1. Accomodates most producers and manufacturers in the entire range of commodities in a particular industry
 - 2. Large lot is one hundred cases, a carload, or an entire shipload of goods



- B. Commission-A wholesale market in which commission men operate
 - 1. Commission man-Takes physical possession of the goods offered by a producer and handles the sale of them to wholesalers or retailers.
 - 2. Commission-A fee the commission man receives for his service
- C. Auction-One in which buyers congregate and bid for products that are offered for sale
 - 1. · Fruits
 - 2. Tobacco
 - 3. Furs
 - 4. Livestock
- D. Retail--The final outlet in the distributing system

(NOTE: There are more retail organizations than any other type of business.)

- 1. Grocery store
- 2. Department store
- 3. Service station
- 4. Meat market
- 5. Shoe store
- 6. Clothing store
- E. Organized market--A place where buyers and sellers congregate for the purpose of trading in securities or products

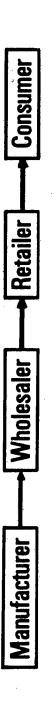
(NOTE: Organized market is referred to as an exchange.)

- V. Channel of distribution-The route taken by goods from the manufacturer to consumer.
 - A. Manufacturer to consumer
 - B. Manufacturer to wholesaler to retailer to consumer
 - C. Manufacturer to agent to wholesaler to retailer to consumer
 - D. Manufacturer to large-scale retailer to consumer

Channels of Distribution

The major routes that goods take from manufacturer to consumer are:

A consumer may be either an individual or industrial user. Many agricultural products are marketed through this method Consumer Manufacturer



This route is commonly used for many food products and other commodities.



The agent frequently is a commission man who serves between the producer and wholesaler or between the wholesaler and the retailer.



Usually in cases of this kind the retailer serves both as a wholesaler and a retailer. Many large supermarkets fall in this class.

MARKETING DISTRIBUTION SYSTEM UNIT II

ASSIGNMENT SHEET #1-KINDS OF MARKETS

Select for study one of the five kinds of markets. Begin your study with library materials and information, then extend it by interviewing a businessman in your community who is engaged in the operation of that particular kind of market. Write a report that indicates your understanding of the kind of market you chose and the special purposes it serves in the distribution process. Be prepared to give information orally in class.

MARKETING DISTRIBUTION SYSTEM UNIT II

TEST

1.	Define marketing distribution system.									
2.	List the significance of marketing as it pertains to our economy.									
	a.									
6	b.									
	c. °									
	2)									
	3)									
3.	List the eight functions of marketing.									
•	a. b.									
~ Y	c. d.									
	e.									
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	g.·									
ه د	h.									
4.	List the five kinds of markets.									
	a.									
	b									

d.

						٥		
_	Camataurat	_			41			distribution.
5.	Construct	а	cnart	snowing	tne	channels	OT	distribution.

a.

b.

C.

d.

6. Conduct research in the library and interview a businessman for a short report to be given orally in class discussing one of the five kinds of markets.



MARKETING DISTRIBUTION SYSTEM

ANSWERS TO TEST

- 1. Process, through which goods and services reach the consumer
- 2. a. Directs goods from producer to consumer
 - b. Thirty-three percent of the working force is in distribution
 - c. Well-being of our country is determined by
 - 1) Productivity
 - 2) Consumption
 - 3) Employment
- 3. a. Assembling and buying
 - b. Storing
 - c. Grading and standardizing
 - d. Selling
 - e. Merchandising
 - f. Transporting and communicating
 - g. Financing
 - h. Risk taking
- 4. a. Wholesale
 - b. Commission
 - c. Auction
 - d. Retail
 - e. Organized market
- 5. a. Manufacturer to consumer
 - b. Manufacturer to wholesaler to retailer to consumer
 - c. Manufacturer to agent to wholesaler to retailer to consumer
 - d. Manufacturer to large-scale retailer to consumer
- 6. Evaluated to the satisfaction of the DE teacher-coordinator.

PURPOSE OF DISTRIBUTIVE EDUCATION UNIT I

TERMINAL OBJECTIVE

After completion of this unit, the student should be able to state the function of distributive education training. He should be able to select five career opportunities available in distributive education training and conduct research on each career and report to the class. This knowledge will be evidenced through presenting a report and by scoring eighty-five percent on the unit test.

SPECIFIC OBJECTIVES

After completion of this unit, the student should be able to:

- 1. Match terms associated with careers in distributive occupations to correct definitions.
- 2. Select from a list the objectives of distributive education.
- 3. Select from a list elements of distributive education instruction.
- 4. Select from a list the individual gains from distributive education.
- 5. Name four important factors to consider when selecting a career.
- 6. List five of the twenty-two occupational areas in distributive education.
- 7. Conduct research on five careers in distributive occupations and report to the class.

PURPOSE OF DISTRIBUTIVE EDUCATION UNIT I

SUGGESTED ACTIVITIES

- 1. DE Teacher-Coordinator:
 - A. Prepare bulletin board.
 - B. Provide student with objective, information, and assignment sheets.
 - C. Discuss terminal and specific objectives.
 - D. Discuss information and assignment sheets.
 - E. Contact local businessmen to talk on careers.
 - F. Give test.

(NOTE: Consult audio visual supplement for suggested films.)

- II. Student:
 - A. Read objective sheet.
 - B. Study information sheet.
 - C. Prepare questions to ask guest speaker.
 - D. Complete assignment sheet.
 - E. Take test.

INSTRUCTIONAL MATERIALS

- Included in this unit:
 - A. Objective sheet
 - B. Information sheet
 - C. Bulletin board idea-Part of a Complete Program
 - D. Assignment Sheet #1--Select and Collect Information on Careers
 - E. Test
 - F. Answer to test



II. References:

- A. Operations and Procedures for Distributive Education. Oklahoma State Department of Vocational and Technical Education, 1515 West Sixth Avenue, Stillwater, Oklahoma 74074.
- B. Vocational Educational and Occupations. Distributive Education Section, Dictionary of Occupational Titles, U.S. Office of Education Classification, Distributive Education, 1515 West Sixth Avenue Stillwater, Oklahoma 74074.
- C. U.S. Department of Labor. Dictionary of Occupational Titles. Volume II, 1965.
- D. Vocational Agriculture III. Curriculum Guide, State Department of Vocational and Technical Education, Curriculum Materials Center, 1515 West Sixth Avenue, Stillwater, Oklahoma, 1972.

PURPOSE OF DISTRIBUTIVE EDUCATION UNIT I

INFORMATION SHEET

I. Terms and definitions

- A. Distributive education—Vocational program involving retail, wholesale, and service occupations; secondary, post secondary, and adult training
- B. Career--Course of continued progress in the life of a person in a series of related occupations
- C. Career pattern-Sequence of occupation in the life of an individual that makes up a career
- D. Occupation-Group of related jobs in an area of work
- E. Occupational choice-Process one goes through eliminating some occupations and retaining others until an occupation has been chosen

II. Objectives of distributive education

- A. To offer balanced, comprehensive, instructional programs in all areas of distribution and marketing
- B. To aid in improving techniques of distribution
- C. To develop an understanding of the social and economic free competitive society
- D. Training of students on sophomore, junior, and senior levels; DE I, DE II, and DE III
- E. Train students in mid-management on the post secondary level
- F. Adult training

III. Elements of distributive education instruction

- A. Related classroom instruction
- B. Supervised on-the-job or laboratory training
- C. DECA
- (NOTE: These are instructional activities through which the DE student is able to channel his efforts to accomplish his goal.)
- D. A study of businesses performing distributive functions



- E. A study of marketing, including buying, selling, pricing, wholesaling, retailing
- F. A study of the consumer's role in the marketing process
- G. A study of career opportunities in distribution
- IV. Individual gains from distributive education
 - A. Acquire knowledge necessary for good job performance
 - B. Learn to work better with people and for people
 - C: Learn while earning
 - D. Learn to assume responsibilities
 - E. Develop personality and poise
 - F. Find promotional opportunities more readily
 - G. Develop leadership potential
- V. Important factors to consider when selecting a career
 - A. Type of work
 - B. Educational training
 - 1. High school
 - 2. Vo-tech training
 - 3. Post high school
 - C. Financing needed to enter
 - D. Means of obtaining the job
 - E. Entry level requirements
 - F. Advancement possibilities
 - G. Licensing or certification
 - H. Working conditions
 - I. Health and physical requirements



- J. Earnings and benefits
- K. Future outlook
- VI. The twenty-two occupational areas in distributive education (USOE Code-04...thru 04 distributive business, others)
 - A. Advertising services—Organized subject matter and learning experiences related to planning, development, placement, and evaluation tasks performed by distributive employees and management personnel in demand creation and sales promotion activities utilizing displays, merchandising aids, and mass media in such enterprises as advertising agencies, display houses, retail and wholesale establishments, and production industries
 - 1. Market research analyst
 - 2. Copy writer
 - 3. Advertising lay-out man.
 - 4. Production manager, advertising
 - 5. Manager, display
 - 6. Buyer, time and space
 - 7. Advertising assistant
 - 8. Direct-mail specialist ,
 - 9. Manager, advertising
 - 10. Director, advertising
 - 11. Manager, advertising agency
 - 12. Account executive
 - 13. Director, merchandising displays and specialties department
 - 14. Public-relations man
 - 15. Dealer-contact man
 - 16. Public program supervisor
 - 17. Sales-service man



- 18. Counter clerk
- 19. Salesman, trading stamps
- 20. Leaseman
- 21. Salesman, radio and television time
- 22. Salesman, art
- 23. Salesman, signs and displays
- 24. Salesman, advertising
- 25. Salesman, signs
- 26. Display man
- 27. Decorator
- 28. Advertising-display rotator
- 29. · Sample distributor
- 30. Sample distributor
- 31. Attendant, traveling display
- 32. Sign writer, hand
- B. Apparel and accessories--Organized subject matter and learning experiences related to the variety of sales, fashion coordination, and sales supporting tasks performed by distributive employees and management personnel in retail and wholesale establishments primarily engaged in selling clothing of all kinds, including related articles for personal wear and adordinate.
 - 1. Fashion coordinator
 - 2. Sample girl
 - 3. Salesperson, orthopedic shoes
 - 4. Salesman, footwear
 - 5. Salesman, men's and boy's clothing
 - 6. Salesman, uniforms
 - 7. Salesman, women's and girl's apparel



- 8. Salesperson, corsets
- 9. Salesperson, fashion accessories
- 10. Salesperson, furs
- 11. Salesperson, men's furnishings
- 12. Salesperson, shoes
- 13. Salesperson, infant's and children's wear
- 14. Salesperson, men's and boys' clothing
- 15. Salesperson, millinery
- 16. Salesperson, women's garments
- 17. Salesman, leather goods
- 18. Salesman, textile designs
- 19. Salesman, shoe leather and findings
- 20. Salesman, jewelry and optical goods
- 21. Salesperson, jewelry
- 22. Fur-storage clerk
- 23. Stock girl, women's apparel
- C. Automotive--Organized subject matter and learning experiences related to the variety of sales and sales-supporting tasks performed by distributive employees and management personnel in retail, wholesale, and service establishments engaged in selling, renting, storing or caring of cars and trucks, and in selling automotive parts, accessories and equipment
 - 1. Spare-parts field representative
 - . 2. Manager, parts
 - 3. Service manager
 - 4. Manager, storage garage
 - 5. Manager, vehicle leasing and rental
 - 6. Service-management specialist



- 7. Service representative
- 8. Salesman, automobile
- 9. Salesman, automobile parts
- 10. Salesman, house trailers
- 11. Salesman, motor vehicles and supplies
- 12. Salesperson, automobile accessories
- 13. Salesperson, parts
- 14. Car locator
- 15. Appraiser, automobile
- 16. Automobile-repair-service salesman
- 17. Car-wash supervisor
- 18. Parking lot attendant
- 19. Dispatcher, car rental
- 20. Car-rental clerk
- D.... Finance and credit--Organized subject matter and learning experiences related to the tasks performed by distributive employees and management personnel in institutions engaged in deposit banking and related services, extending credit in the form of loans, services allied with the exchange of securities and commodities, or consumer credit and collections
 - 1. / Broker-and-market operator, grain
 - 2. Broker's floor representative
 - 3. Manager, financial institution
 - 4. Bank cashier
 - 5. Foreign-exchange trader
 - 6. Reserve officer
 - 7. Securities trader
 - 8. Supervisor, credit union
 - 9. Credit analyst



- 10. Brokerage clerk
- 11. New-accounts teller
- 12. Safe-deposit clerk
- 13. Salesman, securities
- 14. Salesman, financial service
- 15. Salesman, investment and tax counseling service
- E. Floristry-Organized subject matter and learning experiences related to a variety of sales and sales supporting tasks performed by distributive employees and management personnel in retail and wholesale establishments engaged in selling floral arrangements, cut flowers, growing plants, artificial plants, and related items for ornamental use
 - 1. Floral designer
 - 2. Salesperson, flowers
 - 3. Salesman, florist supplies
- F. Food distribution-Organized subject matter and learning experiences related to a variety of sales and sales-supporting tasks performed by distributive employees and management personnel in establishments primarily engaged in selling food for home preparation and consumption, or selling a general or commodity line of food products at wholesale
 - 1. Broker
 - 2. Commission man, livestock
 - 3. Commissary man
 - 4. Manager, doughnut shop
 - 5. Cashier, courtesy booth
 - 6. Checker, bakery products
 - 7. Commission man, agricultural products
 - 8. Salesmån, livestock
 - 9. Salesman, food products

- 10. Groceryman; journeyman
- 11. Salesperson, food
- 12. Buyer
- 13. Peddler
- 14. Route supervisor
- 15. Salesman-driver
- 16. Salesman-driver's helper
- 17. Department head, supermarket
- 18. Cashier-checker
- 19. Bakery girl
- 20. Bagger
- G. Food services--Organized subject matter and learning experiences related to the sales and sales-supporting tasks performed by distributive employees and management personnel in establishments serving prepared foods and drinks for consumption on their own premises or at a place designated by the customer
 - 1. Manager, food concession
 - 2. Manager, catering
 - 3. Manager, liquor establishment
 - 4. Manager, restaurant or coffee shop
 - 5. Food checker
 - 6. Salesman, food-vending service
 - 7. Salesman, hotel and restaurant equipment and supplies
 - 8. Salesman, vending and coin machines
 - 9. Lunch-truck driver
 - 10. Coin-vending-machine collector -
 - 11. Wine steward



- 12. Steward
- 13. Hostess, restaurant or coffee shop
- H. General merchandise-Organized subject matter and learning experiences related to a variety of sales and sales-supporting tasks performed by distributive employees and management personnel engaged primarily in selling various types of merchandise at retail in department stores, junior department stores, variety stores, general merchandise stores, discount stores, and catalog houses
 - 1. Buyer
 - 2. Buyer, assistant
 - 3. Manager, store
 - 4. Manager, merchandise
 - 5. Director, service
 - 6. Junior executive
 - 7. Manager, trainee
 - 8. Marker
 - 9. Cashier
 - 10. Collector
 - . 11. Adjustment clerk
 - 12. Sales-check writer
 - 13. New-account clerk
 - 14. Salesperson, yard goods
 - 15. Salesperson, cosmetics and toiletries
 - 16. Salesperson, china and glassware
 - 17. Salesperson, silverware
 - 18. Salesperson, general
 - 19. Salesperson, flying squad
 - 20. Sales attendant

- 21. Sales clerk
- 22. Auctioneer
- 23. Personal shopper
- 24. . . . Comparison shopper
- 25. Demonstrator
- 26. Manager, department
- 27. Bridal consultant
- 28. Deliveryman
- Hardware, building materials, farm and garden supplies and equipment-Organized subject matter and learning experiences related to various sales and sales supporting tasks performed by distributive employees and management personnel in establishments engaged primarily in selling one or more of the following product lines at retail, at wholesale, or to contractors: hardware, paint, wallpaper, lumber to did in materials, supplies and equipment for home construction, or farm and garden supplies and equipment
 - 1. Manager, service department
 - 2. Contract clerk
 - 3. Salesman, building and construction equipment and supplies
 - 4. Salesman, construction machinery
 - 5. Salesman, hardware supplies
 - 6. Sålesperson, general hardware
 - 7. Salesman, cattle and poultry food supplements
 - 8. Salesman, dairy supplies
 - 9. Salesman, farm and garden equipment and supplies
 - 10. Salesman, poultry equipment and supplies
 - 11. Salesman, tractor and farm implements
 - 12. Salesperson, lawn and garden equipment and supplies
 - 13. Yardman

- J. Home furnishings-Organized' subject matter and learning experiences related to various sales and sales-supporting tasks performed by distributive employees and management personnel in retail and wholesale establishments engaged primarily in selling home furnishings such as furniture, household appliances floor coverings, draperies, and specialized lines of home items
 - 1. Second-hand furniture dealer
 - 2. Appliance-service supervisor
 - 3, Appraiser, furniture
 - 4. Salesman, upholstery and furniture repair
 - 5. Floor-coverings estimator
 - 6: Salesman, custom drapery
 - 7. Salesman, floor coverings
 - 8. Salesman, housefurnishings
 - 9. Salesperson, curtain and drapery
 - 10. Salesperson, furniture
 - 11. Salesperson, hi-fi
 - 12. Salesman, gas-or-electric appliances
 - 13. Salesman, household equipment
 - 14. · Salesman, radio and television parts
 - 15. Salesman, sewing machine
 - 16. Salesperson, television and appliances
 - 17. Drapery and upholstery estimator
 - 18. Furniture inspector
- K. Hotel and lodging-Organized subject matter and learning experiences related to the tasks performed by distributive employees and management personnel in establishments which provide lodging, lodging and meals, convention facilities, and other services on a year-round or seasonal basis to the general public or to an organization's membership
 - 1. Manager, hotel
 - 2. Manager, motel



- 3. Manager, resident
- 4. Manager, front office
- 5. Manager, traveling
- 6. Manager, convention
- 7. Desk clerk
- 8. Hotel clerk
- 9. Travel clerk
- 10. Sales representative
- 11. Manager, lodging facilities
- 12. Manager, boarding house
- 13. Bell captain
- 14. Baggage porter
- 15. Bellman
- 16. Doorman
- 17. Room-service clerk
- 18. Superintendent, service
- 19. Receiving-room clerk
- 20. Attendant, lodging facilities
- 21. Couple, lodging facilities
- 22. Club boy
- 23. Checkroom attendant
- L. Industrial marketing-Organized subject matter and learning experiences related to the tasks-performed by sales and management personnel in establishing market potentials and selling goods and services to business and institutional buyers for use in their operations
 - 1. Manager, sales
 - 2. Manager, utility sales and service



- 3. Manager, branch
- 4. Manager, industrial organization
- 5. Manager, technical service
- 6. Salesman, industrial relations
- 7. Salesman, business services
- 8. Salesman, printing
- . 9. Salesman, weather forecasting service
- 10. Salesman, canvas products
- · 11. Salesman, paper and paper products
- 12. Salesman, pressure-sensitive tape
 - 13. Salesman, chemicals and drugs
 - 14. Salesman, plastic products
- 5 15. Salesman, rubber goods
 - 16. Salesman, abrasives
 - 17. Salesman, foundry and machine shop products
 - 18. Salesman, metals
 - 19. Salesman, wire rope
 - 20. Salesman, machinery
 - 21. Salesman, lubricating equipment
 - 22. Salesman, radiographic inspection services
 - 23. Salesman, safety equipment
 - 24. Salesman, textile machinery
 - 25. Salesman, ultrasonic equipment
 - 26. Salesman, welding equipment
- 27. Salesman, communication equipment



28.	Salesman,	printing	supplies
	Quitalinain,	P	ombb

- 29. Salesman, bottles and bottling equipment
- 30. Salesman, church furniture and equipment
- 31. Salesman, cordage
- 32. Salesman, office machines
- 33. Salesman, school equipment and supplies
- 34. Salesman, commercial equipment and supplies
- 35. Salesman, dental and medical equipment and supplies
- 36. Salesperson, surgical appliances
- 37. Salesman, medical equipment and supplies
- 38. Salesman, veterinarian supplies
- 39. Salesman, precision instruments
- 40. Salesman, engineering supplies
- 41. Manufacturer's representative
- 42. Salesman, containers
- 43. Salesman, religious supplies
- 44. Salesman general
- M. Insurance-Organized subject matter and learning experiences related to the tasks performed by sales and management personnel for insurance carriers of all types, or by agents representing carriers and brokers dealing in the sale or placement of insurance contracts with carriers
 - 1. Special agent
 - 2. Insurance examiner
 - 3. Estate planner
 - 4. Underwriter
 - 5. Hospital-insurance representative



- 6. Manager, insurance
- 7. Manager, insurance office
- 8. Investigator
- 9. Placer ·
- 10. Claim adjuster
- 11. Claim examiner
 - 12. Life underwriter
 - 13. Salesman, insurance
- N. International trade--Organized subject matter and learning experiences related to the tasks performed by distributive employees and management personnel in a variety of business establishments concerned with export sales, trade controls, foreign operations, attitudes, monetary problems, and other elements in international marketing
 - 1. Manager, export
 - 2. Import-export agent
 - 3. Customs-house broker
- O. Personal services-Organized subject matter and learning experiences related to the tasks performed by sales and management personnel in establishments primarily engaged in providing services; generally, these services are concerned with personal improvement and the care of a person or his apparel; included in this category are laundries and dry cleaning establishments, shoe repair shops, funeral homes, photographic studios, and dance or art studios
 - 1. Manager, photograph galler or studio
 - 2, Photographer, street
 - 3. Director, funeral
 - 4. Manager, barber shop
 - 5. Manager, beauty shop
 - 6. Manager, cemetery.
 - 7. Manager, sales



- 8. Superintendent, laundry.
- 9. Manager, branch store
- 10. Dry-cleaning superintendent
- 11. Repair estimator
- 12. Service-establishment attendant
- P. Petroleum Organized subject matter and learning experiences related to the variety of sales and sales-supporting tasks performed by distributive employees and management personnel in retail or wholesale establishments engaged in the distribution of petroleum products
 - 1. Manager, contracts
 - 2. Field representative
 - 3. Manager, bulk plant-
 - 4. Manager, store
 - 5. Manager, leasing
 - 6. Leaseman
 - 7. Permit agent, geophysical prospecting
 - 8. Salesman, oil field supplies and equipment
 - 9. Dispatcher, oil
 - 10. Automobile-service-station attendant
 - 11. Automobile-self-serve-service-station attendant
- Q. Real estate--Organized subject matter and learning experiences related to tasks performed by persons who act for themselves or as agents for others in real estate brokerages or other firms engaged in buying, selling, appraising, renting, managing, and leasing of real property
 - 1. Manager, industrial development
 - 2. Manager, franchise promotion
 - 3 Property-rental agent
 - 4. Real-estate agent

- 5. Manager, apartment house
- 6. Manager, housing project
- 7. Manager, property
- 8. Manager, rental department
- 9. Market master
- 10. Superintendent, building
- 11. Business broker
- 12. Right-of-way agent
- 13. Appraiser, real estate
- 14. Real-estate-location writer
- 15. Building consultant
- 16. Memorial counselor*
- -17. Salesman, real estate
- 18. Sales representative
- R. Recreation and tourism-Organized subject matter and learning experiences related to the variety of sales, counseling, and sales-supporting tasks performed by distributive employees and management personnel in establishments primarily engaged in providing amusement, recreation, entertainment, recreational supplies and equipment, or travel services; this instructional program is also designed for employees and management personnel engaged in other travel serving businesses who assume responsibilities for stimulating the local economy through tourism
 - 1. Caméra girl
 - 2. Director, tourist
 - 3. Manager, golf club
 - 4. Manager, theater
 - 5. Director, hobby shop
 - 6. Booking agent

- 7. Business agent
- 8. Advance man
- 9. Director, recreation center
- 10. Ticket, seller
- 11. Travel counselor
- 12. Salesperson, photographic equipment and sucreties
- 13. Salesman, amusement and sporting goods
- 14. Salesman, hobbies and crafts,
- 15. Salesperson, sporting goods
- 16. Salesman, musical instruments and accessories
- 17. Salesman, piano and organ
- 18. Salesperson, sheet music
- 19. Salesman, novelties
- 20. Salesman, publications
- 21. Salesperson, books
- 22. Salesperson, pets and pet supplies
- 23. Salesperson, stamps or coins
- 24. Salesman, club membership
- 25. Deskman, bowling floor
- 26. Recreation facility attendant
- 27. Director, recreation
- S. Transportation—Organized subject matter and learning experiences related to the physical movement of people, personal effects and products, the sales, storing, and sales-supporting tasks performed by distributive employees and management personnel in enterprises engaged in passenger and freight transportation, public warehousing, and services incidental to transportation.



- 1. Airplane stewardess, chief
- 2. Director, transportation
- 3. District sales representative
- 4. Manager, operations
- 5. Manager, regional
- 6. Superintendent, airport
- 7. Dispatcher, chief
- 8. General agent, operations .
- 9. Manager, bus transportation
- 10. Manager, locker plant
- 11. Manager, station
- 12. Manager, terminal
- 13. Manager, traffic
- 14. Manager, warehouse
- 15. Port-traffic manager
- 16. Station master
- 17. Superintendent, cold storage
- 18. Superintendent, division
- 19. Superintendent, pipe lines
- 20. Superintendent, transportation
- 21. Toll collector
- 22. Rate clerk
- 23. Traffic agent
- 24. Crating-and-moving estimator
- 25. Salesman, material-handling equipment

26.	Salesman, aircraft
27.	Salesman, aircraft equipment and parts
28.	Salesman, boats and nautical equipment
29.	Salesman, marine supplies
30.	Salesman, railroad equipment and suppl

- 31. Porter, pullman
- 32. Airplane stewardess
- 33. Bus hostess
- 34. Hostess, train
- 35. Baggageman
- 36. Driver supervisor
- 37. Railway-express agent
- 38. Baggage-and-mail agent
- 39. Reservation clerk
- 40. Documentation supervisor
- 41. Supervisor, ticket sales
- 42. Schedule analyst
- 43. Reservation agent
- 44. Airplane-dispatch clerk
- 45. Transportation agent
- 46. Road supervisor
- 47. Dispatcher, bus and trolley
- 48. Taxi driver
- 49. Bus driver
- 50. Ticket agent



- 51. Warehouse traffic man
- 52. Materials-handling foreman
- 53. * Material handler
- T. Retail trade, other-Include here other organized instructional programs and learning experiences, emphasized in sales and sales supporting tasks performed by distributive employees and management personnel in establishments engaged in selling merchandise purchased for resale to customers for personal, household, business or farm use, which are not listed above; specify
 - 1. Salesman, house to house
 - 2. Solicitor
 - 3. Sales closer
 - 4. Laborer, stores
- U. Wholesale trade, other Include here other instructional programs and learning experiences emphasized in sales and sales supporting tasks performed by distributive employees and management personnel in places of business engaged primarily in selling goods to retailers, industrial, commercial, institutional and professional users, or bringing buyer and seller together, which are not listed above; specify
 - 1. Manager, distribution warehouse
 - 2. Wholesaler
 - 3. * Salesman, dress trimmings
 - 4. Salesman, fuel
 - 5. Salesman, general merchandise
- V. Distributive education, other-Include here other organized instructional programs and learning experiences, emphasized in marketing functions performed by employees, managers and/or proprietors in establishments engaged in selling products or providing services to individuals and business establishments, which are not classifiable as either retail or wholesale in nature and function; specify
 - 1. Purchasing agent
 - 2. Sales development clerk

- 3. Contract clerk
- 4. Salesman, pest control service
- 5. Salesman, protective service
- 6. Salesman, public utilities
- 7. Salesman, soft-water service

Part of a Complete Program Physical Education Science History SCHOOL Distributive Education Mathematics English

BULLETIN BOARD IDEA

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PURPOSE OF DISTRIBUTIVE EDUCATION UNIT I

ASSIGNMENT SHEET #1-SELECT AND COLLECT INFORMATION ON CAREERS

You are approaching the most important time in your life. This is the time when you must choose a career to pursue upon completion of your high school program. Much time, thought, and preparation should be given, because the career you are about to select will more than likely become the way of life for you. Select five careers that you would like to pursue after graduation and collect as much information as possible about the career. Using this outline prepare your reports. When the report has been given to the class, return this to the instructor.

Career selected:	4	• /	_		
Level within the o	ccupation:	- /			
What type of educ	ational training	is needed?		A_	
Does the career se	ected provide	means for advan	cement?	· · · ·	
What type of work	king conditions	does the career	centain?		
What are the proce	dures for obta	ining the job?			
What are the expec	ted earnings an	d benefits derive	d from the care	er previou	sly selected?
	# 	, ·	•	-	
Discuss in a short p	aragraph the rea	asons for making	such a selectio	n on the c	areen choice.
ů V	·	* ·		**************************************	
•			~	41	•
Since you have con	nducted research	h on the career,	has your attit	ude change	ed? If so, in

By using this assignment sheet, make a report to the class.

what way? Discuss in a short paragraph.

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Level within the occu	pation:			
What type of education	onal training is neede	ed?	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	
Does the career select	ed provide means fo	r advancement?	• •	
What type of working	conditions does the	career contain?	<u> </u>	*
What are the procedur	es for obtaining the	job?	ų ,	
What are the expected	earnings and benefits	s derived from the c	areer previously	selected?
A	Δ,	•		43
Discuss in a short parag	graph the reasons for	making such a select	ion on the caree	er choice.
	٤	•		4
				*
Since you have conduction what way? Discuss in	cted research on the a short paragraph.	career, has your at	titude changed?	If so, in
w M	•	,	•	
	• • •			
	*			

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Level	within the c	occupation:					
What	type of educ	cational tra	aining is nee	ded?	•	•	*
Does 1	the career se	lected pro	vide means	for advancem	nent?		
What	type of wor	· king condi	tions does t	he career co	ntain?	-	
What	are the proc	edures for	obtaining, t	he job?	~ <u>`</u>		
What a	are the expe	cted earnin	ngs and bene	fits derived fr	om the caree	r previously	selected?
			•		• . •		
Discus	s in a short (paragraph t	the reasons fo	or making suc	ch a selection	on the caree	r choice.
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الت		-	•	· **	ů.		•
	you have co way? Discuss				s your attitud	de changed?	If so, in
				• .			

By using this assignment sheet, make a report to the class.



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Career selected:
Level within the occupation:
What type of educational training is needed?
Does the career selected provide means for advancement?
What type of working conditions does the career contain?
What are the procedures for obtaining the job?
What are the expected earnings and benefits derived from the career previously selected?
Discuss in a short paragraph the reasons for making such a selection on the career choice.
Since you have conducted research on the career, has your attitude changed? If so, in what way? Discuss in a short paragraph.

By using this assignment sheet, make a report to the class.



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Career selected:
Level within the occupation:
What type of educational training is needed?
Does the career selected provide means for advancement?
What type of working conditions does the career contain?
What are the procedures for obtaining the job?
What are the expected earnings and benefits derived from the career previously selected?
Discuss in a short paragraph the reasons for making such a selection on the career choice.
v .
" ************************************
Since you have conducted research on the career, has your attitude changed? If so, in what way? Discuss in short paragraph.
By using this assignment sheet, make a report to the class.



PURPOSE OF DISTRIBUTIVE EDUCATION UNIT 1

TEST

••	mater the following terms to the confect ('• <u> </u>
· .	a. Distributive education	1.	Group of related jobs in an area of work
-	b. Career c. Career pattern d. Occupation e. Occupation choice	2.	Course of continued progress in the life of a person in a series of related occupations
,,		3.	Process one goes through eliminating some occupation and retaining others until an occupation has been chosen.
		4.	Vocational program involving retailil, wholesale, and service occupations; secondary, post secondary, and adult training
		5.	Sequence of occupation in the life of an individual that makes up a career
2:	Place an "X" in front of each of the following education.	which ar	e objectives of distributive
, ,	a. Adult training	ي ند . ه	
	b. Train student in mid-management	on the	post secondary level
à* ·	c. To aid in improving techniques of	f distribι	ition
	d. To develop an understanding of competitive society	the 'so	ocial and economic free
•	e. Train students for a trade	•	
-	f. Training of students on sophomor	e, junior	, and senior levels
	g. To offer balanced, comprehensive, of distribution and marketing	instruction	onal programs in all areas
	1.		- **

3.	Place an "X" in front of each of the following elements of distributive education instruction.	ń
	a. A study of career opportunities in distribution	,
•	b. A study of the consumer's role in the marketing process	
	c. A study of marketing including buying, selling, pricing, wholesaling retailing	j,
	d. DECA	
,	e. Related classroom instruction .	
	The work experience is the most important part	
\rightarrow \tag{\cdots}	g. Supervised on-the-job training	
	h. A study of business performing distributive functions	
4.	Place an "X" in front of each of the following that are individual gains from distributive education.	n
• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •	a. Learn while earning	¥
	b. Develop personality and poise	
•	c. Acquire knowledge necessary for good job performance	
•	d. Learn to work better with people and for people	
	//e. Learn to assume responsibilities	
•	f. Find promotional opportunities more readily	
5.	Name four of the eleven factors to consider when selecting a career.	
¢,	a.	.
-	b.	'y
	C. •	••
	d.	
6.	List five of the twenty-two occupational areas in distributive education.	
-	a.	
•	b.	
-		

d.

e.

7. Conduct research on five careers in distributive occupations and report to the class.

PURPOSE OF DISTRIBUTIVE EDUCATION UNIT I

. ANSWERS TO TEST

- 1. a. 4
 - b. -2
 - c:. 5
 - **d**. 1
 - e. 3
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- 5. a. Type of work
 - b. Educational training
 - c. Financing needed to enter
 - d. Means of obtaining the job
 - e. Entry level requirements
 - f. Advancement possibilities
 - g. Licensing or certification
 - h. Working conditions
 - i. Health and physical requirements
 - j. Earnings and benefits
 - k. Future outlook
- 6. a. Advertising services
 - b. Apparel and accessories
 - c. Automotive
 - d. Finance and credit
 - e. Floristy
 - f. Food distribution
 - g. Food services
 - h. General merchandise
 - i. Hardware, building materials, farm and garden supplies and equipment
 - j. Home furnishings
 - k. Hotel and lodging
 - I. Industrial marketing
 - m. Insurance
 - n. International trade
 - o. Personal services
 - p. Petroleum **

- q. Real estate
- r. Recreation and tourism
- s. Transportation
- t. Retail trade, other
- u. Wholesale trade, other
- v. Distributive education, other
- 7. Evaluated to the satisfaction of the DE teacher-coordinator.

GOOD GROOMING UNIT I

TERMINAL OBJECTIVE

After the completion of this unit, the student should be able to establish through personal appearance the ability to be well groomed. This knowledge should be evident by his or her personal appearance and by achievement of eighty-five percent on the unit test.

SPECIFIC OBJECTIVES

After completion of this unit, the student should be able to:

- 1. Match terms associated with good grooming.
- 2. Select essentials of body cleanliness when given a list of alternatives.
- 3. Name three elements of complexion care.
- 4. Select essentials of well-groomed hair.
- 5. Name five factors to consider in selecting a hair style.
- 6. Select factors that are hair problems.
- 7. Name five factors that describe good posture.
- 8. Identify the essentials of hand and nair care.
- 9. Name four factors which contribute to good health.
- 10. Demonstrate the ability to evaluate his or her own grooming practices using the check list provided in this unit.

GOOD GROOMING

SUGGESTED ACTIVITIES

- 1. DE Teacher-Coordinator:
 - A. Prepare bulletin board.
 - B. Provide student with objective sheets, information sheets, and assignment sheets.
 - C. Discuss terminal and specific objectives.
 - D. Discuss information and assignment sheets.
 - E. Contact local businessman to talk on "How Grooming and Health Habits Affect Commercial Business."
 - F. Take test.

(NOTE: Consult audio visual supplement for suggested films.)

- II. Student:
 - A. Read objective sheet.
 - B. Study information sheet.
 - C. Prepare question to ask guest speaker.
 - D. Complete assignment sheets.
 - E. Take test.

INSTRUCTIONAL MATERIALS

- I. Included in this unit:
 - A. Objective sheet
 - B. Information sheet •
 - C. Bulletin board idea--We Are What We Dol
 - D. Assignment sheets
 - 1. Assignment Sheet #1a-The Way You Look (Men)

 (NOTE: Give to student before unit is taught.)

2. Assignment Sheet #1b--The Way You Look (Women)

(NOTE: Give to student before unit is taught.)

3. Assignment Sheet #2--Grooming Self-Analysis

(NOTE: For the points on Assignment Sheet #2 use 6-Always, 4-Usually, 2-Occasionally, and 0-Never. Total the score and compare it to the rating scale.)

Rating Scale:

100-114

You take pride in your appearance

85-99

You'd probably pass inspection

70-84

You're not really trying

Less than

70

Your best friend won't even tell you

E. Test

F. Answers to test

II. References:

- A. Cooperative Vocational Education Course of Study Stillwater, Oklahoma: State Department of Vocational and Technical Education, Curriculum and Instructional Materials Center, 1972.
- B. Kimbrell, Grady and Ben Vineyard. Succeeding in the World of Work, First Edition. Bloomington, Illinois: McKnight and McKnight Publishing Company, 1970.
- C. Newton, Roy and H. Green. How to Improve Your Personality, Third Edition. Dallas, Texas: Gregg Division, McGraw-Hill Book Company, 1963.
- D. Oklahoma Vocational Home Economics Education, Commercial Foods Management and Production Course of Study. Stillwater, Oklahoma: State Department of Vocational and Technical Education, Curriculum and Instructional Materials Center, 1971.



GOOD GROOMING UNIT I

INFORMATION SHEET

I. Terms and definitions

- A. Anti-perspirant--An odorless preparation that keeps one dry and also destroys unpleasant odors
- B. Astringents--Lotions that contain some alcohol and are to be patted on the face
- C. Conspicuous-Something that is obvious or noticeable and not in good taste
- D. Cuticle-Thin, dead skin at the sides and base of a fingernail or toenail
- E. Deodorant-A preparation that destroys unpleasant odors, but dues not necessarily keep one dry
- F. Immaculate-Spotlessly clean
- G. Lubrication-A substance used to make the skin smooth and soft
- H. Manicure-To file and buff nails and trim the cuticles

II. Essentials of body cleanliness

- A. Daily bath or shower
- B. Daily use of a deodorant or anti-perspirant
- C. Daily use of foot powder or spray
- D. Use only lightly scented colognes, after-shave lotion, or body powders
- E. Brush teeth after every meal, if possible
- F. / Have teeth checked every six months by a dentist
- G. Use mouthwash morning and night
- H. ' Change undergarments daily
- 1. Be clean shaven
- J. Finger nails clean and trimmed
- K. Hair neat, clean, and shiny

- III. Elements of complexion care
 - A. Proper cleansing
 - 1. Consider your own skin type
 - a. Normal
 - 1) Soft and smooth
 - 2) No flaky patches
 - 3) No blemishes
 - b. Oily skin
 - 1) Greasy shine.
 - 2) Blackheads and pimples
 - c. Dry
 - 1) Tight feeling
 - 2) Tendency to develop little lines, around the eyes and lips
 - d. Combination-skin that does not fit into any of the preceding categories
 - 2. Keep items that contact face immaculate
 - B. Proper stimulation
 - 1. Outdoor exercise
 - 2. Proper diet
 - _ 3. Massages
 - C. Protection from sun, wind, and air pollution
 - 1. Lubricating creams and lotions for dry skin
 - 2. Greaseless moisturizers for normal or oily skin
- IV. Essentials of well-groomed hair
 - A. Shampoo frequently (at least once a week)
 - B. Brush regularly with clean brush

- C. Control dandruff
- D. Cut or trim regularly
- E. Select becoming style for face and particular job
- F. Keep hair care equipment clean
- V. Factors to consider in selecting a hair style
 - A. Shape of face

(NOTE: Emphasize pleasing features of face.)

- B. Figure
- C. Personality
- D. Texture, body, and thickness of hair
- E. Job requirements
- F. Time needed to maintain particular style
- VI. Hair problems
 - A. Dandruff
 - B. Dry
 - C. Oily
 - D. Limp, lifeless
 - E. . Fine
 - F. Coarse
 - G. Curly
 - H. Baldness
 - I. Split ends
 - J. Over bleaching
- VII. Factors of good posture
 - A.. Shoulders erect
 - B. Chest high

- C. Head erect
- D. Abdomen flat
- E. Body weight on both feet
- VIII. Essentials of hand and nail care
 - A. Hands kept clean
 - B. Protected against dryness and chapping
 - C. Nails kept clean and manicured
- IX. Factors of good health habits
 - A. Three well-balanced meals daily
 - · B. Proper amount of sleep
 - C. Fresh air
 - D. Moderate exercise.
 - E. Regular physical checkups

BULLETIN BOARD IDEA

We Are What We Do!

Choose Good Food

No Smoking, Use of Drugs or Narcotics, No Drinking

Get Proper Exercise

Have Correct Posture

Adequate Rest and Sleep

GOOD GROOMING UNIT I

ASSIGNMENT SHEET #1a-THE WAY YOU LOOK (MEN)

Your appearance probably is more important to your success than you think, for your customers form their first impression of you by the way you look. Check yourself on these points.

Hair

- 1. Is your hair neatly combed and brushed?
- 2. Do you wash your hair at least once a week?

Hands 3

- 1. Are your hands and nails clean?
- 2. Are your nails short and neatly shaped?

Cleanliness

- 1. Do you bathe daily?
- 2. Do you use body deodorant daily?
- 3. Do you brush your teeth at least twice a day, especially on rising and before retiring?
- 4. Is your face clean?
- 5. Is your face freshly shaved?

Outer Dress

- 1. Are your clothes conservative and businesslike?
- 2. Do you carry a clean handkerchief?

Shoes and Hosiery

- 1. Do your socks harmonize with your attire?
- 2. Are your socks long enough to avoid exposing bare shins?
- 3. Are your business shoes polished at all times?
- 4. Are the heels neat (not worn down)?
- 5. Do your shoes fit and are they comfortable when walking and standing?



ASSIGNMENT SHEET #1a

Facial Expression

- 1. Is your facial expression pleasant?
- 2. Do you have an alert facial expression?



GOOD GROOMING UNIT I

ASSIGNMENT SHEET #1b-THE WAY YOU LOOK (WOMEN)

Your appearance probably is more important to your success than you think, for your customers form their first impression of you by the way you look. Check yourself on these points.

Hair

- 1. Is your hair style in good taste (not extreme in style)?
- 2. Does your hair show evidence of frequent brushing?
- 3. Do you shampoo your hair at least once a week?

Hands

- 1. Are your hands and nails clean?
- 2. Are your nails of conservative length and neatly manicured?
- 3. Is the nail polish you use in good taste and always look fresh?

Cleanliness

- 1. Do you bathe at least once a day?
- 2. Do you use a body deodorant?
- Do you brush your teeth at least twice a day, especially on rising and before retiring?
- 4. Is your face clean?
- 5. Is your makeup neat and in good taste?

Out Dress

- 1. Are your clothes stylish, yet appropriate for the occasion?
- 2. Do you carry a clean handkerchief or tissue?

Shoes and Hosiery

- 1. Are hose without runs, snags, or pulls?
- 2. Do your shoes harmonize with your attire?
- 3. Are your shoes clean and/or polished at all times?
- 4. Are the heels neat (not worn down)?



ASSIGNMENT SHEET #16

Accessories

- 1. Is your jewelry conservative and in good taste?
- 2. Do your accessories complement your clothes?

Facial Expression

- 1. Is your facial expression pleasant?
- 2. Do you have an alert facial expression?

GOOD GROOMING UNIT I

ASSIGNMENT SHEET #2-GROOMING SELF-ANALYSIS

Directions: Rate Yourself on each of the following questions. Use a scale of "A" for Always, "U" for Usually, "O" for Occasionally, and "N" for Never. Place the appropriate letter in the blanks preceding the statements.

1.	Do you take a bath or shower daily?
2.	Do you use an effective deodorant or anti-perspirant daily?
3.	Do you use a foot spray or powder daily?
.4.	Do you shave as often as needed?
5.	Do you put on clean undergarments daily?
6.	Do you put on clean hosiery daily?
7.	Do you wash your face thoroughly at least twice a day (more often if you have only skin?
· 8.	Do you push cuticles back as you dry hands and feet after bathing?
9.	Do you use hand cream daily?
10.	Do you check fingernails daily and repair as necessary?
11.	Do you wash hair weekly (more often if needed)?
12.	Do you brush hair vigorously every day?
13.	Do you have hair cut or trimmed regularly?
14.	Do you use a dandruff shampoo and/or cream rinses and conditioner if needed?
15.	Do you brush your teeth at least twice daily?
16.	Do you use a mouthwash daily?
17.	Do you get enough sleep and rest so that you feel refreshed?
18.	Do you take a good look at yourself in a full length mirror before leaving the house?
19.	Do you take a few minutes during the day to comb your hair?
TOTAL	



GOOD GROOMING UNIT I

TEST

4		. j		
1,	- Waten-tr	ne-following terms to	the-co	rrect definition.
	a.	Anti-perspirant	1.	A substance used to make the skin smooth and soft
	b.	Cuticle	2.	To file and buff nails and trim
	c.	Immaculate		the cuticles
	d.	Manicure	3.	Something that is obvious or noticeable and not in good taste
	e.	Lubrication	4	114
	f.	Conspicuous	4.	An odorless preparation that keeps one dry and also destroys unpleasant odors
	g.	Deodorant		# ·
	h.	Astringents	5.	Thin, dead skin at the sides and base of a fingernail or toenail
	٠		6. ့	Spotlessly_clean
			7.	Lotions that contain some alcohol and are to be patted on the face
		i i	8.	A preparation that destroys unpleasant odors, but does not necessarily keep one dry
	Place an cleanlines		of the	e following which are essentials of body
	a.	Daily bath or shower		
	b.	Fingernails polished w	eekly	
	c.	Hair spray used often		
	d.	Change undergarments	daily	
	e.	Daily use of foot pov	vder o	r sprav
		e e		* ***
		Brush teeth after ever	y mea	, IT DOSSIDIE
	g.	Girls shave legs daily		
~	Name thr	ee elements of comple	exion c	arė.

-	b.	,
	c.	•••
4,	Place an "X" in front of each of the following which ar	e essentials of
	well-groomed hair.	
•	a. Brush regularly with clean brush	•
	b. Select becoming style for face and particular job	
	c. Keep hair care equipment clean	,
	d. Cut or trimmed regularly	q
: 5.	Name five factors to consider in selecting a hair style.	
	a	, /
	b.	
		al d
٥	C. ,	
	d	
	e.	
. 6.	Circle the letter in front of each of the following that are factors o	f hair problem s.
	a. Body	,
	b. Dry	
-	c. Oily	
i	d. Hairspray	
	e. Over bleaching	•
	f. Diet	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·
) c	g. Curly	
· 7.	Name five factors which describe good posture.	eş.
•	a.	
ė'	b.	į.
J	ć.	
	d.	
İ	e	
T.		

8.	Place an "X" in front of each of the following care.	ng which are essentials of hand and nail
-	a. Hands kept clean	
	b. Nails kept clean and manicured	
***	c. Hands protected against dryness	and chapping
9.	Name four factors which contribute to g	ood health.
` 4,	a.	
	b.	Ł
	c. (4)	•
*	d.	
10.	Demonstrate the ability to evaluate his of the check list provided in this unit.	or her own grooming practices using

GOOD GROOMING UNIT I

ANSWERS TO TEST

1. a. 4

b. 5

c. 6

d. 2

e. 1

f. 3

a. 8

h. 7

2. a

d

6

f

3. a. Proper cleansing

b. Proper stimulation

c. Protection from sun, wind, and air pollution

4. ⊸ a

b

C

d

5. Any five of the following:

a. Shape of face

b. Figure

c. Personality

d.

e,

f.

b

а.

b.

6.

Texture, body, and thickness of hair

Time needed to maintain particular style

Job requirements

Shoulders erect

Chest high

	c. Head erect	•
	d. Abdomen flat	•
	e. Body weight on both feet	-
8.	a	
	b	•
•	c	
9.	Any four of the following:	
•	a. Three well-balanced meals daily	
فيستني	b. Proper amount of sleep	•
	c. Fresh air	·
	d Moderate exercise	•
	e. Regular physical checkups	
` 10. ¨	Performance skills will be evaluated to the scoordinator.	atisfaction of the DE teacher-
		`
	~	



WARDROBE UNIT_II

TERMINAL OBJECTIVE

After completion of this unit, the student should be able to select the essentials of clothing appropriate for a job and factors to consider in planning a wardrobe. He should be able to evaluate his grooming and wardrobe habits and plan a wardrobe. This knowledge will be evidenced by scoring eighty-five percent on the unit test.

SPECIFIC OBJECTIVES

After completion of this unit, the student should be able to:

- 1. Match terms associated with wardrobe to the correct definition.
- 2. Select the essentials of clothing appropriate for a job.
- 3. Name four factors to consider in selecting colors for a wardrobe.
- 4. Select factors to consider in selecting clothing for a wardrobe.
- 5. Demonstrate the following:
 - a. Evaluate your grooming habits and wardrobe.
 - b. /Develop a wardrobe plan.

WARDROBE UNIT II

SUGGESTED_ACTIVITIES

- 1. DE Teacher-Coordinator:
 - A. Prepare bulletin board.
 - B. Provide students with objective sheet.
 - C. Provide students with information and assignment sheets.
 - D. Discuss terminal and specific objectives.
 - E. Discuss information and assignment sheets.
 - F. Give test.

(NOTE: Consult audio visual supplement for suggested films.)

- II. Student:
 - A. Read objective sheet.
 - B. Study information sheet.
 - C. Complete assignment sheets.
 - D. Take test.

INSTRUCTIONAL MATERIALS

- Included in this unit:
 - A. Objective sheet
 - B. Information sheet
 - C. Bulletin board idea Let's Improve Our Looks
 - D. Assignment sheets
 - 1. Assignment Sheet #1-Evaluation of Grooming and Wardrobe Habits (Women's Form)
 - 2. Assignment Sheet #2-Evaluation of Grooming and Wardrobe Habits (Men's Form)
 - 3. Assignment Sheet #3-Making a Wardrobe Plan

- E. Test
- F. Answers to test

II. References:

- A. Distributive Education II Coursé of Study, Stillwater, Oklahoma: State Department of Vocational and Technical Education, Curriculum and Instructional Materials Center, 1971.
- B. Tolman, Ruth. Charm and Poise for Getting Ahead. Bronx, New York: Milady Publishing Corporation, 1967.
- C. Whitcomb, Helen and Rosalind Lang. Charm. Dallas, Texas: Gregg Division, McGraw-Hill Book Company, 1971.
- D. Wood, Merle W. and Margaret A. McKenna. *The Receptionist*. Dallas, Texas: Gregg Division, McGraw-Hill Book Company, 1966.

WARDROBE UNIT II

INFORMATION SHEET

I. Terms and definitions

- A. Conservative-More traditional or moderate styles of clothing
- B. Coordinate--To mix or match articles of clothing so that they may be worn together
- C. Harmonize-To combine colors and styles to produce a pleasing effect
- D. Horizontal-Lines traveling across from left to right
- E. Intensify--To make brighter or more vivid
- F. Undertones--Colors seen through and modifying another color.
- G. Vertical--Lines traveling up and down
- H. Wardrobe--Clothes one has or owns
- II. Essentials of clothing appropriate for a job
 - A. Spotlessly clean and well pressed
 - B. Free from rips, tears, missing buttons, or sagging hemlines
 - C. Conservative in color
 - D. Conservative in style

(NOTE: Do not wear clothes with extreme hem lengths or necklines.)

- E. Shoes kept clean, polished, and in good repair
- F. Hosiery free from snags and runners
- G. Undergarments appropriate for outer garments
- H. Jewelry kept simple, not overpowering
- I. Well fitting

(NOTE: Clothing does not have to be the latest in fashion to be appropriate for work; but it must be clean, neat, and well fitting.)



INFORMATION SHEET

- III. Factors to consider when selecting colors for wardrobe
 - A. Skin and facial coloring

(NOTE: Select colors that repeat the most desirable undertones of your skin. Avoid colors that repeat undesirable undertones.)

- 1. Olive coloring-colors with yellow undertones
- 2. Pale coloring--pastels and greyed tones
- 3. Pink and white coloring-colors with red or blue undertones
- B. Eye color

(NOTE: Try to highlight your eyes by matching or accenting the strongest color.)

- 1. Blue eyes--blues, blue-greens
- 2. Green eyes--greens, greys, reds
- 3. Brown eyes-oranges, golds, beiges, blues
- 4. Hazel eyes-greens, browns, blues, corals, golds
- C. Hair color

(NOTE: Select those colors which fall opposite of your hair color on the color wheel so you will intensify or complement your hair color. Avoid colors that are too vivid.)

D. Personality and/or mood

(NOTE: Wear colors in which you feel comfortable. Avoid colors you dislike.)

- 1. Reds and yellows cheer you
- 2. Blues, greens, and violets calm you
- E. Job

(NOTE: Avoid colors that show soil easily or that are overly bold.)

- F. Colors with which the item will be worn
 - 1. Accent dark colors with light or bright colors.
 - 2. Accent light colors with dark colors



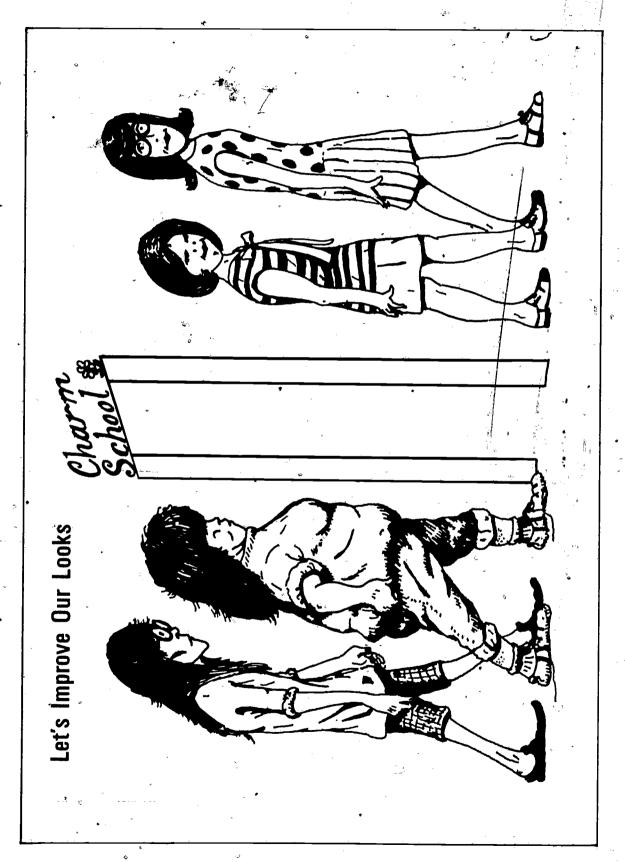
INFORMATION SHEET

- 3. Accent neutral colors with bright colors
- 4. Accent bright colors with neutral or dark colors
- IV. Factors to consider in selecting clothing for a wardrobe
 - A. Fit and comfort
 - B. Appropriateness
 - C. Personality
 - D. Figure
 - E. Price of items

(NOTE: The price of clothing items will need to be considered in relation to entire clothing budget.)

- F. Workmanship
- G. Fabric
- H. Care
- I. Color
- J. Style
- K. Life expectancy of garment
 - L. Life expectancy of fashion
- M. Number of garments in wardrobe with which the item can be worn

BULLETIN BOARD IDEA



WARDROBE UNIT II

ASSIGNMENT SHEET #1-EVALUATION OF GROOMING AND WARDROBE HABITS (WOMEN)

Is your grooming up to business standards? Rate yourself on the following items. Give yourself 4 points for each "Always," 2 points for each "Sometimes," and no points for "Never." When you have completed the form, total the score and compare your rating with the rating scale provided. Do not hand in evaluation sheet.

1.	Does your outfit coordinate with your hair, eyes, and complexion?
2. * , ·	Are your clothes spotlessly clean and pressed?
3.	Do your clothes coordinate attractively?
4.	Do you check garments for split seams, ripped hems, or loose buttons before wearing?
5.	Do you protect clothing from perspiration stains?
. 6.	Do you have nonwashable garments cleaned often?
7.	Do you wash undergarments and hosiery after each wearing?
. 8.	Do you check hosiery for runs and snags before wearing?
9.	Do you keep shoes brushed, polished, and in good repair?
10. 🖟	Do you avoid lounging at home in your work clothes?
11.	Do you protect dress with a makeup cape when applying cosmetics or combing your hair?
12.	Do you wear a good bra?
13.	Do you wear a girdle?
[°] 14.	Do you clean out your handbag often to get rid of unnecessary items?
15.	Do you avoid wearing loud dangling bracelets or exotic jewelry to the office?
16.	Do your shoes and accessories coordinate with your clothing?
17.	Do you wear shoes with good support and comfortable heels when you must stand for long periods of time?
TOTAL	
RATING	SCALE:
60 - 68 50 - 59 Below 50	You meet business standards Employer may grudgingly tolerate you Better get to work! You'll never get a promotion that way

WARDROBE UNIT II

ASSIGNMENT SHEET #2-EVALUATION OF GROOMING AND WARDROBE HABITS (MEN)

Directions: Is your grooming up to business standards? Rate yourself on the following items. For each "Always," give yourself 4 points, give yourself 2 points for each "Sometimes," and no points should be given for "Never." After completing the evaluation, total your score and compare it to the rate scale provided. Do not hand in evaluation sheet.

1.	Is your suit pressed, and are the pants well creased?
2.	Is your clothing free from stains or spots?
· 3.	Do you wear a fresh shirt daily?
4.	Do you put on clean socks and underwear daily?
5.	Does your tie harmonize with your shirt and suit?
6.	Are your socks smooth and free from wrinkles at the ankles?
· 7.	Do you avoid wearing white socks with dark pants?
8. ,	Are your socks long enough to avoid exposing bare skin when you sit?
· 9.	Are your shoes shined and in good repair?
10.	Do you wear a deodorant or anti-perspirant to protect your clothing from stains?
11.	Do your shoes harmonize with your clothing?
12.	Do you carry a clean handkerchief?
13.	Is your tie neatly knotted?
14.	Are your clothes conservative and businesslike?
15.	Do you have nonwashable items cleaned frequently?
16.	Do you check clothes for soiled spots, missing buttons, or split seams before wearing?
TOTAL	
RATING	SCALE:
58 - 64 50 - 57	You meet business standards Employer may grudgingly tolerate you

Better get to work! You'll never get a promotion that way

Below 50

WARDROBE ... UNIT !! .

ASSIGNMENT SHEET #3-MAKING-A WARDROBE PLAN

Before planning your wardrobe, answer the following questions.

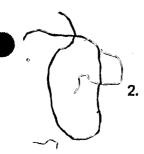
- a. What colors predominate in your wardrobe?
- b. What items in your wardrobe are most flattering to your figure? Least flattering? Why?
- c. What additional items are most needed in your wardrobe? Business dresses? Coats? Shoes? Make a list of these items.
- d. Look through your closets and drawers. Are there items that you rarely wear because you have nothing to coordinate with them? List these.
- e. Decide approximately how much you will spend on clothing per month. Keep the plan flexible. If you have to make a large purchase one month, cut back the next month to help balance the budget.

(NOTE: Plan your clothing budget around those items that are most needed in your wardrobe.).

f. My clothing budget averages \$____ per month.

Make a plan for your fall or spring wardrobe. Review the questions above to see what items are most needed. Outline your planned purchases for the season selected and complete the information requested for each item on the chart.

(NOTE: If you like, include sketches or pictures of items to be purchased.)



ASSIGNMENT SHEET #3

Item	Color	Style and Line	Fabric	Care	Duration	*Complements
	*	٠		A ^{rri}		a case
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•			~ -			→

WARDROBE UNIT II

TEST

1.	Match th	ne following terms to	the co	rrect definition.
		Horizontal Undertones	1.	To mix or match articles of clothing so that they may be worn together
		Coordinate	2.	Colors seen through and modifying another color
. • .	a.	Harmonize Vertical	3.	Lines traveling across from left to right
* *		Conservative	' 4.	To combine colors and style to produce a pleasing effect
-4		Intensify .	5.	Lines traveling up and down
0 0	n,	Wardrobe	6.	More traditional or moderate styles of clothing
,	•	• и	7.	Clothes one has or owns
			8	To make brighter or more vivid .
2.	Place an appropria	"X" in front of each	item be	elow that is essential for making clothing
i	"a.	The latest in fashion		
	b.	Well fitting		
A service of the serv	c.	Undergarments appro	priate f	or outer garments
1	d.	Bold, bright colors		
**	e.	Low necklines or mi	ni skirt	,
	f,	Spotlessly clean and	well pr	essed
3.	Name for	ur factors to consider	in sele	ecting colors for a wardrobe.
*	a.			
	b.		•	
	¢.	one con		• • •
*	· ·			· di

4.	Place an "X" in front of each of the following which are factors to consider in selecting clothing for a wardrobe.
<i>-</i>	a. Personality
	b. Fabric *
v	c. Care
	d. Color
•	e. Style
	f. Figure
	g. Number of garments in wardrobe with which the item can be worn
5.	Demonstrate the ability to:
	a. Evaluate your grooming habits and wardrobe.
	b. Develop a wardrobe plan.

WARDROBE UNIT II

. ANSWERS TO TEST

1.	а.	3
	b.	2
	. c:	1 *
	d.	4
•	e.	5*

- f. 6
- y. c
- h. 7
- 2. b
- 3. Any four of the following:
 - a. Skin and facial coloring
 - b. Eye color
 - c. Hair color
 - d. Personality and/or mood
 - e. Job
 - f. Colors with which the item will be worn
- **4.** a
 - b
 - C
 - đ
 - е
 - f
 - (
- 5. Performance skills will be evaluated to the satisfaction of the DE teacher-coordinator.

PERSONALITY UNIT III

TERMINAL OBJECTIVE

After completion of this unit, the student should be able to define personality and attitude and list reasons for a desirable personality and steps to improve personality. He should be able to select desirable personality traits, attitudes and methods of showing positive attitude. This knowledge will be evidenced by scoring eighty-five percent on the unit test.

SPECIFIC OBJECTIVES

After completion of this unit, the student should be able to:

- 1. Define attitude and personality.
- 2. List five reasons for having a desirable personality.
- 3. Select from a list eleven desirable personality traits and attitudes.
- 4. Select from a list eight ways to show positive attitude.
- 5. Name five steps to personality improvement.
- 6. Evaluate your dassmates most desirable traits and his most negative traits.

PERSONALITY

SUGGESTED ACTIVITIES

- I. DE Teacher-Coordinator:
 - A. Prepare bulletin board.
 - B. Prepare transparency.
 - C. Provide students with objective sheet.
 - D. Provide students with information and assignment sheets.
 - E. Discuss terminal and specific objectives.
 - F. Discuss information and assignment sheets.
 - G. Divide into buzz groups and discuss annoying mannerisms observed in others. Select a member of the group to report on those mannerisms discussed.
 - H. After completing assignment sheets, provide students with scoring and analysis for Assignment Sheet #1 (#1, taken prior to instruction)
 - I. Give test.

(NOTE: Consult audio visual supplement for suggested films.)

- II. Student:
 - A. Read objective sheet.
 - B. Study information sheet.
 - C. Complete assignment sheets.
 - D. Score assignment sheet.
 - E. Participate in buzz groups.
 - F. Take test.

INSTRUCTIONAL MATERIALS

- I. Included in this unit:
 - A. Objectives sheet
 - B. Information sheet

- C. Bulletin board idea-Attitudes for Success
- D. Transparency master: TM 1-Pot of Goals
- E. Assignment sheets
 - 1. Assignment Sheet #1--How Do You Get Along with Others?
 - 2. Assignment Sheet #2-Personality Improvement
 - 3. Assignment Sheet #3--Classmate's Evaluation
- F. Scoring and analysis for Assignment Sheet #1
- G. Test
- H. Answers to test

II. References:

- A. Business and Office Vocational Education. Columbia, Missouri: Instructional Materials Laboratory, University of Missouri, 1969.
- B. Hiserodt, Donald D. *Psychology and Human Relations in Marketing*. Dallas, Texas: Gregg Division, McGraw-Hill Book Company, 1963.
- C. Newton-Green. How to Improve Your Personality. Dallas, Texas: Gregg Division, McGraw-Hill Book Company, 1963.
- D. Orientation to the World of Work, Part I. Lubbock, Texas: Home Economics.
 Instructional Materials Center, Texas Tech University, 1971.
- E. Self-Improvement: Vocational, Educational, and Personal. Michigan State University, Department of Secondary Education and Curriculum, 1970.



PERSONALITY UNIT III

INFORMATION SHEET,

1. Terms and definitions

- A. Attitude--The way you act, feel, or think that shows others what you are like
- B. Personality--What people see when they look at you and what they hear when you speak

II. Reasons for desirable personality

- A. Acceptance by others
- B. Acquiring a job
- C. Keeping a job
- D. To gain personal satisfaction
- E. To gain recognition
- F. To learn to profit by failure as well as success

III. Desirable personality traits and attitudes (Transparency 1)

(NOTE: Employers look for desirable personality traits and attitudes. Students who possess such qualities may become employable in distribution.)

- A. Adaptability--Adjusting easily to new situations
- B. Cooperation-Working harmoniously with others toward some desired goal
- C. Courtesy--Being polite and having manners
- D. Dependability--Doing what you say and completing duties assigned to you
- E. Enthusiasm--Being eager to help or to take part in some activity
- F. Honesty-Being truthful in all things
- G. Initiative-Doing things without having to be told
- H. Loyalty-Sticking up for or supporting a firm
- I. Patience-Taking the time to do things right
- J. Self-control-Being able to control one's temper and emotions
- K. Tact-Being able to say the right thing at the right time

INFORMATION SHEET

IV. Show positive attitude

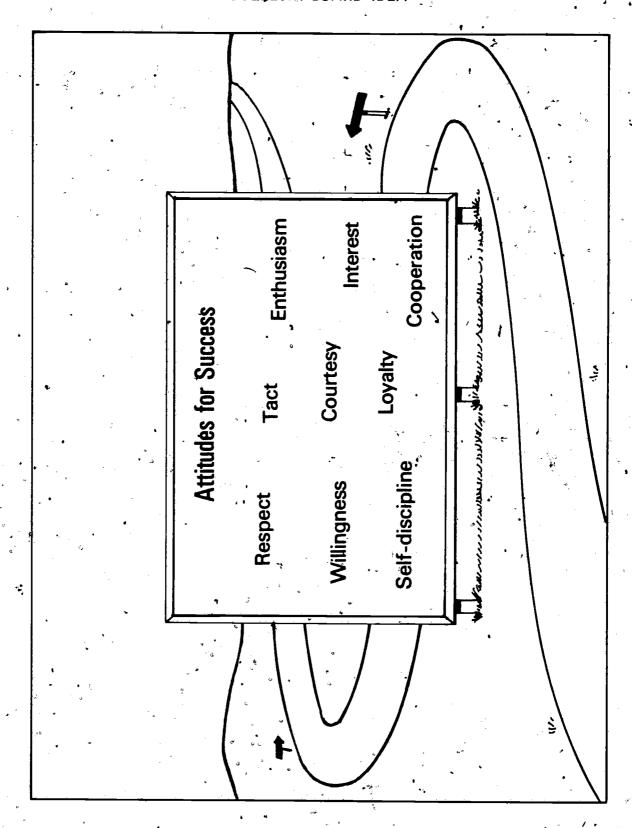
(NOTE: A positive attitude helps one identify with himself and others.)

- A. Open your ears, close your mouth, and learn to listen
- B. Avoid gossip
- C. Objectionable traits are self-defeating
- D. Ask questions and remember the answers
- E. Develop.confidence in yourself
- F. Respect for and encouragement of associates
- G. Having a desire to succeed in what we do
- H. Practice desirable traits
- V. Steps to personality improvement (Assignment Sheet #2, and #3)
 - A. Realize the need for improvement
 - B. Have a desire to improve
 - C. Evaluate your strong and weak points
 - D. Develop a plan for improvement
 - E. Follow through with your plan

VI. Classmate's traits

Example: Desirable trait - loyal to friends Negative trait - lack of initiative

BULLETIN BOARD IDEA



WILL

Pot of Goals

Initiative

SATSFACTION) Pailence Honesy Coures Self-Control Enthusiasm Tact Dependability PERSONALITY TRAITS RAINBOW OF Cooperation Adaptability Loyalty

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PERSONALITY UNIT III

ASSIGNMENT SHEET #1-HOW DO YOU GET ALONG WITH OTHERS?

A successful person should know how to get along with others. By the results of this self-test, you will see how you are doing. Check your answers.

- 1. You meet a person you immediately do not like. You would:
 - a. Try to find a topic of conversation of common interest.
 - b. Avoid the person.
 - c. Try to put him or her in his place.
- 2. You are offered a job for which you are not fitted. You would:
 - c. Try to bluff through it.
 - b. Refuse to try.
 - a. Admit your inadequacy and offer to learn on the job.
- 3. When dealing with people, such as sales clerks, waitresses, etc., you:
 - a. Usually smile and say something pleasant.
 - b. Are nice if they are pleasant to you.
 - c. Treat them impersonally.
- 4. You have been overcharged in a store. You would:
 - b. Pay the bill without saying anything.
 - c. Tell the clerk he has cheated you.
 - Ask the clerk to recheck the bill.
- 5. When you meet a person who is badly crippled, you:
 - c. Try to avoid him or her.
 - b. Go out of your way to be especially nice.
 - a. Treat the person as you would anyone else.



ASSIGNMENT SHEET #1

- 6. A friend has just bought a suit which you think is unbecoming. He or she asks if you like it. You would say:
 - c. "It looks terrible."
 - a. "I think you'll be happy with it."
 - b. "How's the weather today?"
- 7. You honestly feel that you:
 - a. Are interested in most people.
 - c. Are bored by most people.
 - b. Are only really comfortable with your own clique.
- 8. In a store you are in no hurry, but the person after you is rushed. You:
 - b. Make your selection because it is your turn.
 - a. Suggest to the person to go ahead of you.
 - c. Take an extra long time just to calm him or her down.
- 9. When you meet people of different races or religions, you:
 - b. Have a secret feeling of fear.
 - a. Consider them as human beings much like yourself.
 - c. Are convinced your way of life is superior.
- 10. After a picnic you find there is no trash basket. You would:
 - a. Take the papers, bottles, and food home with you.
 - c. Leave it on the ground.
 - b. Try to hide the trash on the property.

PERSONALITY

SCORING AND ANALYSIS FOR ASSIGNMENT SHEET #1

Scoring

Give yourself 5 points for every "a" answer and 3 points for every "b" answer. No points for "c" answers. Add up your score.

Analysis

35 to 50 points: You are very good in your relationship with others all of the time because you respect others and greet them with interest and courtesy. You are liked by your friends and those with whom you deal in a casual way.

18 to 34 points: You do very well with others most of the time, but you are sometimes self-centered and forget to put yourself in the other person's shoes. Try working toward more, of those "a" answers, and you will find that living is more pleasant than it is now.

O to 17 points: You are having trouble-either because you are too shy or too aggressive. You know which! Good human relationships are like anything else in life; they take practice. Select someone you know who is truly gracious; analyze his or her actions, then adapt those traits to your own personality.

PERSONALITY UNIT III

ASSIGNMENT SHEET #2-PERSONALITY IMPROVEMENT

Truthfully	y anşı	ver the following	questions.		- &_,	e "	p.
1.	Do y	ou feel that you	ur personality o	an be impi	roved? yes \	no	
2.	Do y	ou want to impr	ove your perso	nality? yes_	no	, maybe	
•	(NOT assign	E: If you can ment; if you an	answer "yes" swer "no" do	to the ab	ove question te this assig	ns, complete the	nis
3.	List	those traits and	mannerisms tha	at you find	most object	ionable in othe	rs.
4.		you guilty of th		ioned traits	and manne	erisms? yes	
		E: Be truthful ve in others are,				the very faults v	NO.
5 .	Deve	lop a plan _e to im	prove your pe	rsonality in	those weak	areas.	
٠	a.	Observe others v qualities you wis	who possess qu sh you didn't h	ialities you nave.	want and t	hose who posse) 35 _
	b.	Compare the dif	ferences betwee	en the two	£	v.	
	C	Try to figure∞ou quality or poor	t what makes th quality.	ne difference	between po	ssessing that go	od
-		Specifically obser		, facial expt	essions, dress,	, carriage, gestur	es,
		Concentrate on o that area.	ne area of your	personality	at a time an	d work to impro	ve
	- -	yc hi: — • • • wi	ou get. Ask the s work to show	other pers	on questions re interested	thers every chan about himself in him. Soon yo ou will forget yo	or ou
		Don't become dis			not work im	mediately. It tak	(es

PERSONALITY UNIT III

ASSIGNMENT SHEET #3-CLASSMATE'S EVALUATION

- 1. Make a list of students in your class. Beside each name, write that person's most desirable trait(s) and his most negative trait(s). (Do not be ugly or mean but sincere. Use these to help each other improve.)
 - 2. Write a list and hand it to your instructor.
- 3. Your instructor will cut apart the lists you hand in, separate them according to the student's name and then hand each class member's comments concerning that individual to him.
- 4. Review your evaluation sheet and use it as a guide in planning your self-improvement program.

PERSONALITY UNIT III

TEST

1. *	Define the following terms.
	a. Personality
* /	b. Attitude
2.	List five reasons for having a desirable personality.
_ /	a.
,	b.
	C. &
,	d
	e,
3.	Place an "X" in front of the items which most clearly describe desirable personality traits and attitudes.
	a. Adaptability
	b. Enthusiasm
, , a	c. Sloppy work habits
	d. Loyalty
	e. Self-control
	f. Honesty
	g. Patience
*	h. Unable to take criticism
	i. Laziness
•	j. Cooperation
	k. Dependability
	I. Snobbish

	m. Initiative	· ·
,	n. Tact	
	o. Courtesy	v.
	p. Hard headed	*
4.	Place an "X" in front of the item which most clearly shows ;	oositive attitudes.
	a. Open your ears, clost your mouth, and learn to I	isten
	b. Argue if you think you are right	· •
	c. Ask questions and remember the answer	
ند	d. Wanting to succeed in what we do	,
٠,	e. Objectionable traits are self-defeating	<i>u</i>
	f. Be honest if it doesn't jeopardize your job	
	g. Practice desirable traits	
	h. Develop confidence in yourself	
	i. Respect for and encouragement of associates	u.
g	j. Avoid gossip	•
5.	Name five steps to personality improvement.	
	a. *	• 04
	b.	,
	c.	
g.	d	\u
	е.	Ů.
6. _@	Demonstrate the ability to evaluate your classmates most de his most negative traits.	sirable traits and
•		•
·		9



PERSONALITY UNIT III

ANSWERS TO TEST

1.	a.	What	people	see	when	they	look	at	you	and	what	they	hear	when	YOL
•		speak				• '			•			•			•

- b. The way you act, feel, or think that shows others what you are like
- 2. a. Acceptance by others
 - b. Acquiring a job
 - c. Keeping a job
 - d. To gain personal satisfaction
 - e. To gain recognition
 - f. To accept failure as well as success
- **3.** a
 - b
 - Ч
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 - f
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- **4**. s
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5. a. Realize the need for improvement

- b. Have a desire to improve
- c. Evaluate your strong and weak points
- d. Develop a plan for improvement
- e. Follow through with your plan
- 6. Performance skills will be evaluated to the satisfaction of the DE teacher-coordinator.

HUMAN BEHAVIOR UNIT I

TERMINAL OBJECTIVE

After completion of this unit, the student should be able to distinguish between good and poor forms of behavior. He should be able to identify traits that make one either delightful or irritating to work with. This knowledge will be evidenced through student activities and by scoring eighty-five percent on the unit test.

SPECIFIC OBJECTIVES

After completion of this unit, the student should be able to:

- 1. Match terms associated with human relations to the correct definition.
- 2. Name the reason ninety percent of the people are fired from their jobs.
- 3. List the six essential characteristics of an employee.
- 4. List the six undesirable characteristics of an employee.
- 5. Name two problems that may be created by the worker who is "just putting in his time."
- 6. ' Identify traits that make one either pleasant or irritating to work with.

HUMAN BEHAVIOR UNIT I

SUGGESTED ACTIVITIES

- I. DE Teacher-Coordinator:
 - A. Prepare bulletin board.
 - B. Provide students with objective sheet.
 - C. Provide students with information sheet.
 - D. Discuss terminal and specific objectives.
 - E. Discuss information sheet.
 - F. Give test.

(NOTE: Consult audio visual supplement for suggested films.)

- II. Student:
 - A. Read objective sheet.
 - B. Study information sheet.
 - C. Take test.

INSTRUCTIONAL MATERIALS

- I. Included in this unit:
 - A. Objective sheet
 - B. Information sheet
 - C. Bulletin board idea-Straight "A" in Human Relations
 - D. Test
 - E. Answers to test
- -II. References:
 - A. Whitcomb. Language Charm. Dallas, Texas: Gregg Division, McGraw-Hill Book Company, 1971.





- B. Oklahoma Cooperative Vocational Education Course of Study. Stillwater, Oklahoma: State Department of Vocational and Technical Education, Curriculum and Instructional Materials Center, 1972.
- III. Additional reference--Experiences in Human Relations kits, Selection Research Inc., 620 North 48th, Lincoln, Nebraska 68505.

Kit contains twelve games for use in Human Relations unit. Price \$35.





INFORMATION SHEET

1. Terms and definitions

- A. Compromise-Mutual agreement made by concession on both sides
- B. Criterion-Standard by which something is judged
- C. Dependability-Quality of being reliable
- D. Dignity-Formal reserve of one's manners and language
- E. Honesty-One's truthfulness in all words and deeds
- F. Improvise-To make do with what one has
- G. Initiative-Ability to proceed without being told
- H. Morale--State of mind which reflects an individual's attitudes toward his job, fellow employees, and employers
- II. Reason ninety percent of the people are fired from their jobs- Inability to get along with others
- III. Essential characteristics of an employee
 - A. Prompt
 - B. Accurate
 - C. Reliable
 - D. Honest
 - E. Initiative
 - F. Dependable
- IV. Undesirable characteristics of an employee
 - A. Disloyalty
 - B. Inconsiderate
 - C. Tardiness
 - D. Lack of initiative



INFORMATION SHEET

- E. Carelessness
- F. Poor attitude
- V. Problems that may be created by the employee who is "just putting in his time"
 - A. Low morale among other employees
 - B. Costly to company
- VI., Traits that make one either pleasant or irritating to work with
 - A. Pleasant
 - 1. Sense of humor
 - 2: Perserverance
 - 3. Tolerance
 - 4. Energy
 - 5. Enthusiasm
 - 6. Self-confidence
 - 7. Consideration of others
 - 8. Doing more than one's share
 - 9. Proper grooming and personal cleanliness
 - B. "Irritating
 - 1. Hums or whistles
 - 2. Gossips
 - 3. Overuses the telephone for personal calls
 - 4. Fusses with hair or uses strong perfume
 - 5. Chews gum or smokes thoughtlessly
 - 6. Interrupts frequently
 - 7. Uses foul language
 - 8. Criticizes or belittles others
 - 9. Says unkind things
 - 10. Improper grooming and cleanliness



BULLETIN BOARD IDEA

D Straight "A". in Human Relations	is a		ity	iness	ve	less
REPORT CARD	Grade Subject	. Attitude	Adaptability	Ambitiousness	Appreciative	Attentiveness
POR1					4	

HUMAN BEHAVIOR UNIT I

TEST

1.	Match the following terms to	o the correct definitions.
•	a. Compromise	1. Ability to proceed without being told
er s	b. Criterion	2. Quality of being reliable
-	c. Dependability	
	d. Dignity	3. One's truthfulness in all words and deeds
a	e. Honesty	4. State of mind which reflects
	f. Improvise	an individual's attitudes toward his job, fellow employees and employers
	g. Initiative	and employers
Carles and the same of the sam	h. Morale	5. Mutual agreement made by concession on both sides
•		6. Standard by which something is judged
1	•	7. Formal reserve of one's manners and language
N "	•	8. To make do with what one has
2.	Name the reason ninety perc	ent of the people are fired from their jobs.
3.	List the six essential characte	ristics of an employee.
	a. , %	
e e	b.	
	C:	•
	d.	
	e. (en e

4.	List the six undesirable characteristics of an employee.		
	a,		
	b. '	•	
,	C	,	
<i>*</i> · · · ·	d.	ŕ	
# #	e.	•	
	f.	•	
₽.	Name two problems that may be created by the worker in his time."	who is "just putting"	
	a.		
	b.		
6.	Place a "P" in front of each trait below that would make with. Place an "I" in front of each trait that would make with.	one pleasant to work one irritating to work	
	a. Sense of humor	¥ r	
•	b. Hum or whistles	 u	
-	c. Tolerance	A .	
	d. Fusses with hair or uses strong perfume	i.	
•	e. Doing more than one's share	•	
	f. Uses foul language	,	
ł	g. Enthusiasm		
•	h. Overuses the telephone for personal calls	ļ! •	
	i. Perserverance	96	
	i. Chews gum or smokes thoughtlessly		
	k, Consideration of others		
	I. Says unkind things	·	
	m. Energy		
	n. Gossips	•	



o. Interrupts frequently.

____p. Self-confidence

____q. Criticizes or belittles others



HUMAN BEHAVIOR . UNIT I

ANSWERS TO TEST

- 1. a. 5
 - b. 6
 - c. 2
 - d. 7
 - e. 3
 - f. 8
 - g. '
 - h.., 4
- 2. Inability to get along with others
- 3. a. Prompt
 - b. Accurate
 - c. Reliable
 - d. Honest
 - e. Initiative
 - f., Dependable
- 4. a. Disloyalty
 - b. Inconsiderate
 - c. Tardiness
 - d. Lack of initiative
 - e. Carelessness
 - f. Poor attitude
- 5. a. Low morale among other employees
 - b. Costly to company

6. a. F

b. 1

c. P

d. 1

e. P

f. 1

g. P

h. I

i. F

, ,

K, P

1. 1

1116 F

n. I

o. I

p. P

q. 1

CUSTOMS AND POLICIES UNIT II

TERMINAL OBJECTIVE

After completion of this unit, the student should be able to recognize benefits of working for a firm. He should be able to list areas in which companies have basic policies, sources for finding information on customs and policies, and employees' responsibilities to a firm. Knowledge of this material will be evidenced by a score of eighty-five percent on the unit test.

SPECIFIC OBJECTIVES

After completion of this unit, the student should be able to:

- 1. Match terms relating to business customs and policies to the correct definitions.
- 2. Select from a list benefits of working for most business firms.
- 3. List three areas in which most companies have basic policies.
- 4. List four of the eight sources for finding information on a company's customs and policies.
- 5. List four employees' responsibilities to a firm.



CUSTOMS AND POLICIES UNIT II

SUGGESTED ACTIVITIES

- I. DE Teacher-Coordinator:
 - A. Prepare bulletin board.
 - B. Provide students with objective sheet.
 - C. Provide students with information sheet.
 - D. Discuss terminal and specific objectives.
 - E. Discuss information sheet.
 - F. Invite a personnel manager from a local business to speak on company policies and customs.
 - G. Order "The Performance Game" and "The Firm". (See additional references)
 - H. Give test.

(NOTE: Consult audio visual supplement for suggested films.)

- II. Student:
 - A. Read objective sheet.
 - B. Study information sheets.
 - C. Take test.

INSTRUCTIONAL MATERIALS

- I. Included in this unit:
 - A. Objective sheet
 - B. Information sheet
 - C. Bulletin board idea-Company Benefits
 - D. Test
 - E. Answer to test



II. References:

- A. Shilt, Carmichael, Wilson. Business Principles and Management. Fifth delicin. Dallas, Texas: Southern-Western Publishing Company, 1967.
- B. Richert, Meyer, Haines. Retailing Principles and Practices. Fifth Edition. Dallas, Texas: Gregg Division, McGraw-Hill Book Company, 1968.
- C. Oklahoma Cooperative Vocational Education Course of Study, Stillwater, Oklahoma. State Department of Vocational and Technical Education. Curriculum and Instructional Materials Center, 1972.

III. Additional references:

- A. "The Performance Game," Training Development Center, 2 Pennsylvania Plaza, New York, New York, \$75.00. 6 24 participants, 2 8 groups. Participants are organized into three-man teams. Teams are assigned a task and are concerned with qualitative and quantitative standards. Allows participants the opportunity to: conduct job analysis, develop job performance criteria, and to participate in a performance appraisal interviews.
- B. "The Firm," Science Research Associated, 259 East Erie Street, Chicago, Illinois. \$5.95. 6 24 participants; 1 4 teams. The participants are organized
 into teams for the purpose of providing the opportunity to experience the economic principles of running a business. Role assignments are made and rotation among roles is encouraged.



CUSTOMS AND POLICIES UNIT II

INFORMATION SHEET

- I. Terms and definitions
 - A. Fringe benefits-Supplemental benefits (incentives) a business provides for its employees besides wages and/or salaries
 - B. Hiring-Beginning of employment
 - C. Policies--Objectives and standards of a business
 - D. Public relations--Promotion of goodwill
 - E. Salaries--Compensation of executives, supervisors, or other employees who are paid on a basis rather than an hourly rate
 - F. Security--Precautions taken to protect secret business files and information
 - G. Separation-Termination of employment
 - H. Wages-Compensation paid on an hourly basis
- II. Benefits of working for most business firms
 - A. Salaries and/or wages
 - B. Fringe benefits
 - Insurance and hospitalization programs
 - 2. Pension and retirement plans
 - 3. Paid vacations and holidays
 - 4., Sick leave
 - 5. Stock and/or profit sharing plans
 - 6. Medical facilities
 - 7. Tuition refunds and/or other educational programs
 - 8. Employee discounts
 - C. Personal satisfactions



- III. Areas in which most companies have basic policies .
 - A. Employee benefits and working conditions
 - 1. Hours of work
 - 2. Dress regulations
 - 3. Equal employment opportunities
 - B. Security precautions
 - 1. Security regulations

Examples: Keys, shoplifting prevention

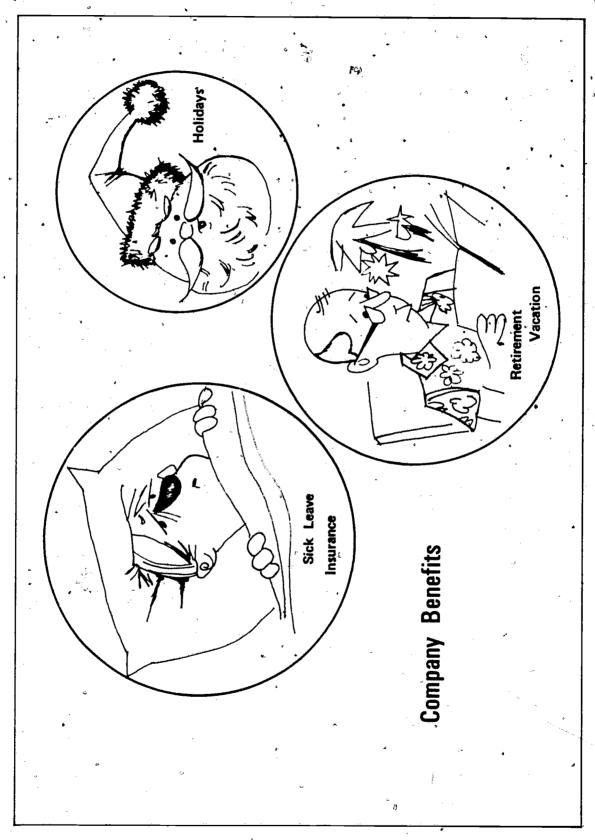
2. Methods for controling confidential information

Examples: Price codes

- C. Public relations
 - 1. Internal
 - 2. External
- IV. Sources for finding information on a company's customs and policies
 - A. Training manual
 - B. Newsletters, bulletins, and other literature
 - C. Advertisements
 - D. Financial reports
 - E. Fellow employees
 - F. Articles in the news media
 - G. In-service training programs
 - H. Departmental meetings
 - I. Management

- V. Employee's responsibilities
 - A. Know your company
 - B. Know your job
 - C. Promote goodwill
 - D. Be ethical

BULLETIN BOARD IDEA



CUSTOMS AND POLICIES UNIT II

TEST

1.	Match the following terms to the correct of	definition	ns.
•	a. Fringe benefits	1.	Termination of employment
	b. Hiring c. Policies	2.	Beginning of employment
	d. Public relations	3.	Promotion of goodwill
÷	e. Salaries	. 4.	Compensation paid on an hourly basis
	f. Securityg. Separationh. Wages	5.	Supplemental benefits (incentives) a business provides for its employees besides wages and/or salaries
		6.	Precautions taken to protect secret business files and information
		7.	Objectives and standards of a business
,		* 8.	Compensation of executives, supervisors, or other employees who are paid on a basis rather than an hourly rate
2.	Place an "X" in front of each item which business firms.	is a ber	nefit of working for most
•	a. Sick leave	·st	•
	b. Time off for good behavior	* 2	•
	c. Medical facilities	3	. ^
٥	d. Paid vacations and holidays		

	e. Salaries and/or wages
	f. Personal satisfactions
٠	g. Insurance and hospitalization programs
	h. Pension and retirement plans
	i. Stock and/or profit sharing plans
and the Section of th	i. Tuition refunds and/or other educational programs
ė,	k. Fringe benefits
	. I. Employee discounts
3.	List three areas in which most companies have basic policies
•	a.
•	b.
	C
4	
4.	List four of the eight sources for finding information on a company's customs and policies.
W	a. *
	b.
	c.
ه	d
5.	List four employee's responsibilities to a firm.
•	a.
	b
	c. •3
٠.	d.

CUSTOMS AND POLICIES UNIT II

ANSWERS TO TEST

1. a. 5

b. 2

c. 7

d. 3

e 9

f ¢

a 1

h . 1

2. a

C

d

е

f

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h

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k

1

- 3. a. Employer benefits and working conditions.
 - b. Security precautions
 - c. Public relations

- 4. List any four of the following:
 - a. Training manual
 - b. Newsletter, bulletins, and other literature
 - c. Advertisements
 - d. Financial reports
 - e. Fellow employees
 - f. Articles in news media
 - g. In-service training programs
 - h. Departmental meetings
 - i. Management
- 5. a. Know your company
 - b. Know your job
 - c. Promote goodwill
 - d. Be ethical

INTRODUCTION TO BASIC SELLING UNIT I

TERMINAL OBJECTIVE

After completion of this unit, the student should understand the function of retail selling. He should be able to demonstrate in a role playing situation, the ability to do a sales demonstration. Knowledge of this material will be evidenced by demonstration and by scoring eighty-five percent on the unit test.

SPECIFIC OBJECTIVES

After completion of this unit, the student should be able to:

- 1. Define retail selling and customer.
- 2. Match the general levels of sales occupations to the correct function of each.
- 3. Select from a list the attributes of a good salesperson...
- 4. Match the basic steps of a retail sale to the correct definition.
- 5. List four reasons the approach is important.
- 6. List the three types of sales approaches.
- 7. List three ways to judge a good approach.
- 8. Select from a list three ways a salesperson may determine the customer's needs.
- 9. Select from a list the six elements of a successful sales presentation.
- 10. List three reasons customers may raise objections about a product.
- 11. Select from a list the five methods the salesperson may use in overcoming customers—objections—about a product.
- 12. List two customer reactions telling the salesperson to close the sale.
- 13. Select from a list verbal signals that the customer is ready to buy.
- 14. List three reasons for suggestion selling.
- 15. Select from a list the procedures for making correct change.
- 16. Fill out a sales slip correctly when given the information.



- 17. Prepare a written dialogue for:
 - a. The approach.
 - b. Sales presentation.
 - c. Methods of overcoming objections.
 - d. Closing the sale and suggestion selling.
- 18. Demonstrate in a role playing situation the ability to do a sales demonstration.

INTRODUCTION TO BASIC SELLING UNIT I

SUGGESTED ACTIVITIES

- I. DE Teacher: Coordinator:
 - A. Provide students with objective sheet.
 - B. Provide students with information and assignment sheets.
 - C. Discuss terminal and specific objectives.
 - D. Discuss information and assignment sheets.
 - E. Use role-playing as a procedure for teaching sales demonstration.
 - F: Give test.

(NOTE: Consult audio visual supplement for suggested film. This unit should be broken down for testing purposes.)

- II. Student:
 - A. Read objective sheet,
 - B. Study information sheet.
 - C. Complete assignment sheets.
 - D. Take test.

INSTRUCTIONAL MATERIALS

- I. Included in this unit:
 - A. Objective sheet
 - B. Information sheet
 - C. Assignment sheets
 - 1. Assignment Sheet #1--The Approach
 - 2. Assignment Sheet #1a-Sales Presentation
 - 3. Assignment Sheet #1b--Overcoming Objections
 - 4. Assignment Sheet #1c-Closing the Sale and Suggestion Selling
 - 5. Assignment Sheet #2--Sales Demonstration



- D. Test
- E. Answers to test

II. References:

- A. Richert, Meyer, Haines. Retailing Principles and Practices. Fifth Edition. Gregg, McGraw-Hill, 1968.
- B. Bodle, Corey. Retail Salling. Gregg, McGraw-Hill, 1972.
- C. Piper. Merchandising Mathematics Distributive Education Series. South-Western Publishing Company, December 18, 1967.
- D. Supermarket Checker Education. Dayton, Ohio: The National Cash Register Company, 1968.

INTRODUCTION TO BASIC SELLING

INFORMATION SHEET

- I. Terms and definitions
 - A. Retail selling--Helping customers make satisfactory purchases
 - B. Customer--Anyone who buys the goods for sale in a retail store
- 11. General levels of sales occupations
 - A. Salescierk
 - 1. Has little to do with solving customer buying problems
 - 2. Receives payment for merchandise
 - 3. Wraps or boxes merchandise
 - 4. Stocks shelves, keeps record of sales, takes inventory
 - 5. Is lowest level in order of responsibility and reward
 - B. Salesperson
 - 1. Helps customer solve minor buying problems
 - 2. Emphasizes selling points and suggests items
 - 3. Prepares sales slips, receives payment, and bags or wraps merchandise
 - 4. Places merchandise on display, prepares inventories, requisitions merchandise from stockroom
 - 5. Is second highest in order of responsibility and reward
 - C. Salesman
 - 1. Helps customer who needs detailed information
 - 2. Answers technical questions about merchandise
 - 3. Demonstrates the merchandise
 - 4. Gives estimates or quotes prices
 - 5. Is familiar with credit and trade-in allowances
 - 6. Prepares sales contracts
 - 7. Is highest level in order of responsibility and reward

- III. Attributes of a good salesperson
 - A. Courteous
 - B. Interested
 - C. Friendly
 - D. Helpful
 - E. Cooperative
 - F. Tolerant
- IV. Basic steps of a retail sale
 - A. Approach-Gains the attention of the customer
 - B. Determining the need-Helps the customer select the item that best fits his needs
 - C. Presentation-Part of the sale where the salesperson attempts to turn the interest for the merchandise into the customer's desire to own it
 - D. Overcoming objections--Listens to customer's objections and uses them to strengthen his presentation
 - E. Closing the sale-The customer agrees to buy the merchandise
 - F. Suggestion selling-Tries to increase the amount of the sale by suggesting additional merchandise
- V. Reasons the approach is important
 - A. Creates a favorable impression on the part of the customer toward the salesperson and the store
 - B. Puts the customer at ease
 - C. Builds customer confidence in the salesperson
 - D. Starts the selling process
- VI. Types of sales approaches
 - A. Greeting or personal
 - 1. Makes customer feel important
 - 2. Uses the customer's name

Example:

"Good morning, Mr. Morrison, do you remember the camera you were asking about the other day? It just arrived."

B. Merchandise

- 1. Used when customer is already looking at merchandise
- 2. May be used to open the sale
- 3. Most profitable in terms of sales

Example:

Salesperson: (Approaching a customer who is looking at a sport shirt)
"This shirt is eighty percent Dacron and twenty percent cotton and requires no ironing. It will hold its shape and color no matter how many times it is washed."

Customer: "Completely washable? No ironing? That's a dream. What colors do you have?"

C. Service

- 1. Offers assistance to the customer
- 2. Will always direct the customer's attention to his needs or wants
- 3. Is used if the customer is not looking at merchandise
- 4. Customer and item desired are unknown to the salesperson
- 5. Customer waits for salesperson to approach

Example: "Good morning, have you found what you are looking for?"

- VII. Ways to judge a good sales approach
 - A. Place emphasis on the customer
 - B. Direct the customer's attention to the merchandise
 - C. Let the customer know that he is the first concern of the salesperson (NOTE: Use Assignment Sheet #1.)
- VIII. Ways a salesperson may determine the customer's needs
 - A. Listen attentively
 - B. Ask a few well-chosen questions
 - C. Select the item that best fits the customer's needs



- IX. Elements of a successful sales presentation
 - A. Handle the merchandise properly

(NOTE: Handling the merchandise properly gives value to the goods. A customer will respond to the quality of the merchandise when the salesperson shows high regard for it.)

- B. Know what merchandise to show
 - 1. If the customer has stated a particular style, color, or size, show the merchandise that he has requested
 - 2. If no particular style, color, or size has been requested, show something you think he will like

(NOTE: Ask questions to determine this.)

3. If several price lines are available, begin with the merchandise in the middle range

(NOTE: This may not be true in all cases.)

- C. Know how much merchandise to show--Enough to allow a sufficient choice
 - 1. If there is too much the customer will become confused; remove those items that do not appeal to the customer
 - 2. If too little merchandise is shown, the customer may be restricted in his selection
 - 3. Show only two or three items at a time
- D. Demonstrate the merchandise
 - 1. Involve the customer in the merchandise demonstration
 - 2. Let the customer handle the item
 - 3. Appeal to the five senses
 - a. Hearing
 - b. Sight
 - c. Touch
 - d. Smell
 - e. Taste

(NOTE: When the five senses are involved, the customer proves to himself that the merchandise will do what the salesperson says it will.)



E. Give product information

- 1. Salesperson must be prepared to discuss with the customer the features of the item
- 2. Give as much information about the product as is necessary to assist the customer in making the decision

F. Sell the benefits

- 1. The customer does not buy merchandise; he, buys what the merchandise will do for him
- 2. Remember to sell what the merchandise will do to satisfy his needs

(NOTE: Use Assignment Sheet #1a.)

- X. Reasons for customer objections
 - A. The customer is not convinced of his need
 - 1. The salesperson has not presented the item in relation to a buying motive
 - The salesperson must show the customer that he has a need for the item
 - B. The customer has insufficient information on which to make a buying decision

(NOTE: The salesperson must give complete product information to convince the customer to buy.)

- C. The price is too high
 - 1. If the salesperson has given the customer information about the product that will justify the price, the resistance may be avoided
 - 2. A less expensive item should be shown
 - 3. Salesperson can offer the use of a charge account or a layaway plan
- XI. Methods the salesperson may use in overcoming customers' objections about a product
 - A. "Yes, but"

Example:

Customer:

They are lovely dishes, but too delicate for everyday use. They would break easily.

Salesperson:

Yes, they are delicate in appearance, but that's what makes them so lovely. In spite of their delicate appearance, they are guaranteed for five years.

B. Superior point

Example:

Customer:

This mower seems to weigh a lot. I'm afraid it will be

hard to push.

Salesperson:

The mower is heavier than others. The manufacturer made it heavier in order to improve its wearing qualities. If you will notice it has wheels that are a little larger that others and also are equipped with ball bearings. We have sold this type for several years and our

customers have been very satisfied.

C. Direct Denial

Example:

Customer:

This luggage would not stand up under the rough

treatment it would get when I travel.

Salesperson:

I think you will find, sir, this luggage will withstand any amount of rough treatment. Let me show you. (He jumps on it and kicks it.) See, with a cloth I can wipe

off the smudge, and it still is new.

D. Questions

Example:

Customer:

The action of the keys on this typewriter doesn't seem to be as smooth and easy as that of another make I

have looked at.

Salesperson:

Don't you think that the use of a ball bearing in a typewriter will ensure better key action than the use

of a plain bearing?

. Customer:

Yes, I think so.

Salesperson:

Did you know that our machine is the only one on the market that is equipped with ball bearings at the

point where the action of the keys is greatest?

E. Boomerang

Example:

Customer:

The heels on these boots are too high

Salesperson:

The high heels are the newest thing this season. They are featured in all the fashion magazines. And I know

you want to be fashionable.

Customer:

Of course I want to be fashionable, but are you sure

they are the newest style?

Salesperson:

High heels are featured in this month's issue of Men's

Wear. Let me show you.

Customer:

They do look sharp. Let me try a pair.

(NOTE: Use Assignment Sheet #1b.)

XII. When to close the sale *

A. When the customer is reacting favorably toward the product

B. When the customer's reaction indicates there is no longer a reason not to buy

XIII. Recognizing buying signals

A. "I could charge it, couldn't I?"

B. "Does your service department install these?"

C. "My wife would just love to have this."

D. "The price is reasonable."

E. "You did say you have free alteration?"

XIV. Reasons for suggestion selling

A. Increase sales

B. Increase profits

C. Maybe customer needs item and did not remember

Example:

Item Purchased		Related Item
Baseball glove Blouse Camera Mens' shoes Sweater	. •	Ball, bat Skirt Films, flashbúlbs Socks, polísh Scarf

(NOTE: Use Assignment Sheet #1c.)

XV. Procedures for making change

- A. Place money on drawer
- B Repeat the amount of the purchase and the amount of money received
- C. Count out the amount of change silently to yourself from the amount of the purchase to the amount received
- D. Repeat the amount of the purchase and the amount received to the customer
- E. Count out the change into the customer's hand building from the amount of the purchase to the amount received
- F. Receive the customer's approval

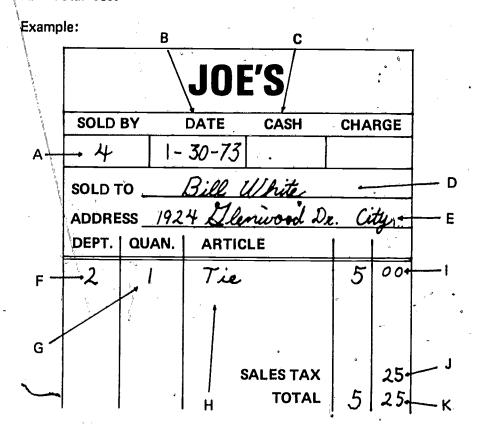
Example:

Change is usually given in the fewest pieces possible. If you receive a \$5 bill in payment of a purchase amounting to \$2.32, you will give the customer 3 pennies, 1 nickel, 1 dime, 1 half dollar, and 2 \$1 bills. As you hand the customer the change, you say,"Two thirty-two, thirty-five, forty, fifty, three, one is four, and one is five."

· · ·	AMOUNT	AMQUNT) c	DENOMINATIONS OF CHANGE							
	OF SALE	RECEIVED	1¢	5¢		25¢			\$5	\$10	
Sample	\$ 2.32	\$5 bill	3	1	1		1	2			
а	3.85	\$5 bill		1	1			1			
b	8.68	\$10 bill	2	1		1		1		Γ	
С	12.35	\$25 check		1	. 1		1	2		1	
d	23.56	Two \$20 bills	4	1	1	1		-1	1	1	
е	47.19	Two \$20 bills One \$10 bill	1	1.		1	1	2			
'f	.35	\$10 bill		1	1		1	4	1		
g	1.51	\$20 bill	4		2	1		3	1	1	
h	12.77	\$30 check *	3		2			2	1	1	

XVI. Procedure for filing out sales slip

- A. Name or number of salesperson
- B. Complete date
- C. Check cash or charge
- D. Full name of person or firm sold to
- E. Complete address
- F. Department number
- G. Number of items
- H. Description or name of article
- I. The article cost
- J. Tax
- K. Total cost



INTRODUCTION TO BASIC SELLING UNIT |

ASSIGNMENT SHEET #1-THE APPROACH

1.	Some standard forms of approach are given below. Some of these approaches are good; some are poor; others are questionable. Since no one approach can suit all situations, it is difficult to say which may be the most satisfactory one to use. Keep in mind that you will have this problem to face in almost any
	kind of store.
	Place a G before those that you think_are good, and a P before those you think are poor, and a zero before those that are questionable. Underscore those that use the merchandise approach.
	1. Are you looking for something?
	2. Is anyone helping you?
•	3. Good morning, Mrs. Rineer. May I help you?
	4. Are you being taken care of?
	5. May I show you some of these socks?
	6. May I help you?
	7. Something for you?
	8. Anything in particular you wanted?
	9. Now dearie, what may I do for you?
	10. Are you next, lady?
	11. Do you wish attention?
	12. What do you want?
	13. Something in handkerchiefs?
•	14. One ninety-three.
	15. Yes, Ma'am?
	16. Are you looking, or did you wish to buy something.
	17. Garden tools?
n .	18. Can I tempt you with anything today?

2.



19	7. That is \$2.87. How do you like it?
20	O. Good morning!
2	1. This portable phonograph is specially priced today.
22	2. This is a dandy value
23	3. Shirts today?
2	4. Do you want to buy some of them cards?
25	5. Is someone waiting on you?
(NOTE:	This should be used for the purpose of class discussion.)
Below as ask lead	re some problems where you are to assume the salesperson's role and ing questions to find out what the customer needs:
1.	Mr. Hill comes into your bookstore and asks, "I should like to get a book."
*	
	5 _{V.}
2.	A lady comes into your electrical appliance store and says, "I should like to look at some lamps."
3.	An elderly housewife comes into your department and says, "We need a rug for the house."
- п	
2	

4. A man enters your drugstore and says, "Let me have some cough medicine."

ASSIGNMENT SHEET #1

5. A man and his son come into your clothing store; The man greets you with, "He wants to get a hat."

- 6. A lady comes into your toy department and says, "I should like some type of educational toy for my child."
- 7. Lady in bookstore: "I should like to get some bridge prizes."
- 8. Hesitant young man in a dress shop: "I should like to get a sweater."
- 3. Prepare a written dialogue for a merchandise approach using the following items: transistor radio, electric hand mixer, sweater, hairdryer. This will be presented to the class.

INTRODUCTION TO BASIC SELLING UNIT |

ASSIGNMENT SHEET #1a-SALES PRESENTATION

Using one of the products in Assignment Sheet #1, write a dialogue for only the sales presentation. This will be presented to the class.

INTRODUCTION TO BASIC SELLING UNIT I

ASSIGNMENT SHEET #1b-OVERCOMING OBJECTIONS

- 1. Below is a list of apparent objections. Assume that you are a retail clerk in a department store. Prepare on a separate sheet of paper answers you would give to these reasons for not buying.
 - 1. The price is too high.
 - 2. I must consult my husband first.
 - 3. I'm in a hurry now, but I will be back later.
 - 4. I want to shop around a little.
 - 5. I think I can do better somewhere else.
 - 6. I left my pocketbook at home.
 - 7. If I bought this, I should never balance my budget.
 - 8. I'm too tired to know what I do want.
 - 9. I am afraid this hunting coat will not resist water.
 - 10. This coat is too light in weight to be of any value on a cold day.
 - 11. This bicycle doesn't have a good coaster brake.
 - 12. This wagon is not built strong enough for my boys.
 - 13. Everybody in town will have a dress just like it.

ASSIGNMENT SHEET #1b

2. Using the dialogue from Assignment Sheet #1a, write in some customer objections, then use one method of overcoming these objections.

INTRODUCTION TO BASIC SELLING UNIT I

ASSIGNMENT SHEET #1c-CLOSING THE SALE AND SUGGESTION SELLING

Using the elements of a sales presentation (closing the sale and suggestion selling), write a dialogue with the product chosen in Assignment Sheet #1a.

INTRODUCTION TO BASIC SELLING UNIT I

ASSIGNMENT SHEET #2-SALES DEMONSTRATION

Using all previous assignment sheets, put together a complete sales demonstration. This demonstration will be presented to the class. It will be evaluated by the rating sheet provided in this unit.

1.	Name of product	•
		*
2.	Salesperson	
•	Customer	

Your dialogue will follow. This should be given to the DE teacher- coordinator prior to the presentation to the class.

ASSIGNMENT SHEET #2-SALES DEMONSTRATION RATING SHEET

HIGH SCHOOL DIVISION

Rating Sheet

THE SALESPERSON	Excellent	V. Good	Good	Fair	Poor	PARTICIPANTS - SCORE
approached the customer correctly for the selling situation	5	4	3	2	1	4
used an appropriate greeting	* 5	4	٠3	2	1	
was groomed properly	5	4	3	2	1	•
spoke clearly and distinctly	5	4	3	2	i	5
determined customer needs	5	4	3	2	*1	
showed the merchandise . effectively	10	8	6	4	2	
was interested in customer's problem	. 5	4	3	2	1	•
met objections taetfully	10	8	. 6	4	2	•
used sufficient merchandise information	_10	8	6	4	2.	•
demonstrated merchandise effectively	10	8.	6	4	2	
used suggestive selling	10	8	6	4	2	
closed the sale effectively	10.	8	6	4	2	4
change making, wrapping and sales slip procedure	10	8	6	4	2	•

THE DECA HANDBOOK --- 1972

INTRODUCTION TO BASIC SELLING UNIT I

TEST

1.	Define the following terms:	•	•
	a. Retail selling		•
	b. Customer		
2	Match the general levels of sales occupations	s to the	correct function of each.
	a. Is lowest level in order of responsibility and reward	1.	Salesclerk
		2 . 5.	Salesperson
	b. Has little to do with solving customer buying problems	3.	Salesman
	c. Prepares sales contracts	*	**************************************
	d. Answers technical questions about merchandise	·.	•
	e. Is second highest in order of responsibility and reward	·	**************************************
	f. Is familiar with credit and trade-in-allowances	• ~	
÷ .	g. Helps customer solve minor buying problems	•	·
Ť	h. Places merchandise on display		
	i. Demonstrates the merchandise	•	
	j. Helps customer who needs detailed information	1	• • • •
and the state of the state of	k. Stocks shelves	. , ,	
•	l. Is highest level in order of responsibility and reward	e P	

3.	Place an "X" in the blank preceding each it salesman.	em that	is an attribu	ite of a goo
	a. Interested	-		
	b. Friendly			
	c. High pressure	•	¥	
	d. Helpful	•	,	(
	e. Chooses his customers	1		
	f. Courteous	-	· 	 .
	g. Cooperative	•		•.
	h. Tolerant		· · ·	
4.	Match the basic steps of a retail sale to th	e corre	ct definition.	e i od
	a. Helps the customer select	1.	Presentation	,
v	the item that best fits his needs,	2.	Overcoming	
	b. Part of the sale where the	*	Objections	
`	salesperson attempts to turn the interest for the	3.	'Closing the	sale
	merchandise into the customer's desire to own it	4.	Suggestion	selling
	c. Gains the attention of the	5.	Determining need	the
•	customer	6.	Approach	
	d. Tries to increase the amount of the sale	o.	· ipprodon	
•	e. The customer agrees to buy the merchandise		• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •	
	f. Listens to customer's objections and uses them to strengthen his presentation	Ÿ		
5 .	List four reasons the approach is important	· ·	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	* ** 7
	a			, -
	b.	•		
	C.		*	•
	d • • •		,	_

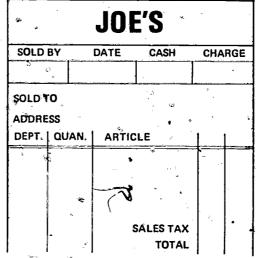
о.	List the three types of sales approaches.
	a. 1
	b.
	C.
7.	List three ways to judge a good approach.
	a.
	b
	C.
8.	Place an "X" in the blank preceding each item that are ways a salesperson madetermine the customer's needs.
·	a. Select the item that best fits the customer's needs
•	b. Ask a few well-chosen questions
	c. Listen attentively
	d. Determine what you think the customer's needs are
9.	Place an "X" in the blank preceding each item that is an element of a successful sales presentation.
	a. Handle the merchandise properly
	b. Close the sale
	c. Sell the benefits
	d. Give product information
. 6.5	e. Appeal to the five senses
5.	f. Promote good-will
i .	g. Demonstrate the merchandise
·	h. Know what merchandise to show
	i. Know how much merchandise to show
10.	List three reasons customers may raise objections about a product.
	å.
	b.

	Place an "X" in the blank preceding each item that are methods the salesperson may use in overcoming customers' objections about a product
-	a. Yes, but
	b. Superior point
	c. Sales person knows best
•	d. Questions
4	e. Direct denial
	f. Boomerang
	List two customer reactions telling the salesperson to close the sale.
	a.
	b.
	Place an "X" in the blank preceding each items that are verbal signals that the customer is ready to buy.
	a. "The price is reasonable."
	b. "You did say you have free alteration?"
	c. "Is this in style?"
	d. "I could charge it, couldn't 1?"
	e. "Does your service department install these?"
	List three reasons for suggestion selling.
٠	· a
	b.
	c.
	Place an "X" in the blank preceding each of the items that are procedures for making correct change.
	a. Receive the customer's approval
	b. Repeat the amount of the purchase and the amount of money received
	c. Count out the amount of change silently to yourself from the amount of the purchase to the amount received



- d. Count out the change into the customer's hand building from the amount of the purchase to the amount received
- e. Repeat the amount of the purchase and the amount received to the customer
- f. Place money on drawer.
- 16. With information given below fill out a sales slip.

You are salesperson number 8, working in department 5. You just made a cash sale today. Sold to John H. Brown, 824 South Third, City; 4 shirts at \$5.00 each. The total sale is \$21.00. Using the local sales tax rate, compute the sales tax



- 17. Prepare a written dialogue for:
 - a. The approach.
 - b. Sales presentation.
 - c. Methods of overcoming objections.
 - d. Closing the sale and suggestion selling.

This will have been completed by using Assignment Sheets 1, 1a, 1b, 1c.

18. Demonstrate in a role playing situation the ability to do a sales demonstration. (Assignment Sheet #2)

(NOTE: If this has not been completed prior to the test, ask the instructor when the above activity should be completed.)

INTRODUCTION TO BASIC SELLING UNIT I

ANSWERS TO TEST

- 1. a. Helping customers make satisfactory purchases
 - b. Anyone who buys the goods for sale in a retail store:
- 2. a. 1.1
 - **b.** '-
 - c. §3
 - d. 3

 - f. 3

 - g. 2
 - h. 2
 - i. 3
 - j. 3
 - k. 1
 - I. 3
- **3**. a
 - b
 - d
 - Ť
 - g
 - h
- 4. a. 5
 - b. 1
 - c. 6

	d.	4
	e.	3
	f.	2
5.	" a.	Creates a favorable impression on the part of the customer toward the salesperson and the store
	b.	Puts the customer at ease
	c.	Builds customer confidence in the salesperson
	d	Starts-the selling process
6.	a.	Greeting or personal
	b :	Merchandise '
	c.	Service
7.	a.	Place emphasis on the customer
	° b.	Direct the customer's attention to the merchandise
c	c.	Let the customer know that he is the first concern of the salesperson
8.	a	
	b	•
	c	
9.	a	
·	c.	
	d	
	•e	
	g	
	h٠	
	i	
10.	a.	The customer is not convinced of his need
	b.	The customer has insufficient information on which to make a buying decision
	C.	The price is too high

11.

e

f«

12. a. When the customer is reacting favorably toward the product.

b. When the customer's reaction indicates there is no longer a reason not to buy

13. a

b

d

е

14. a. Increase sales

b. Increase profits

c. Maybe customer needs and did not remember

15. a

b

C

d

_

16.



JOE'S					
SOLD	вү	DATE	CASH	CHA	RGE
8			1		
SOLD T	00	ohn	H. Br	ows	ι
ADDRE	ss	824 50	outh This	d 0	ity
DEPT.	QUAN.				
5	4	shirt	\$ \$5.00	x1 20	00
			SALES TAX		00
			TOTAL	2/	00

- 17. Evaluated to the satisfaction of the DE teacher-coordinator.
- 18. Evaluated by the use of the Sales Demonstration Rating Sheet by the DE teacher-coordinator.

BUSINESS LETTER UNIT II

TERMINAL OBJECTIVE

After completion of this unit the student should be able to organize and write a business letter. This knowledge will be evidenced by a score of eighty-five percent on the unit test.

SPECIFIC OBJECTIVES

After completion of this unit, the student should be able to:

- 1. List five ways to create a good "first impression" in letter writing.
- 2. List three commonly used letter styles.
- 3. List two types of letter punctuation.
- 4. Arrange in proper order the parts of a business letter when given the parts.
- 5. List the three characteristics of a good business letter.
- 6. Write a business letter using block style.

BUSINESS LETTER UNIT II

SUGGESTED ACTIVITIES

- I. DE Teacher-Coordinator:
 - A. Provide students with objective sheet.
 - B. Provide students with information and assignment sheets.
 - C. Discuss terminal and specific objectives.
 - D. Discuss information and assignment sheets.
 - E. Give test.

(NOTE: Consult audio visual supplement for suggested films.)

- II. Student:
 - A. Read objective sheet.
 - B. Study information sheet.
 - C. Complete assignment sheet.
 - D. Take test.

INSTRUCTIONAL MATERIALS

- 4. Included in this unit:
 - A. Objective sheet
 - B. Information sheet
 - C. Assignment Sheet #1-Writing a Business Letter
 - D. Test
 - E. Answers to test
- References:
 - A. Meehan, Oliverio, Pasewash. Secretarial Office Procedures. Eighth Edition. Dallas, Texas: South-Western Publishing Company, 1972.
 - B. Oklahoma Cooperative Office Education, Course of Study. Stillwater, Oklahoma: State Department of Vocational and Technical Education, Curriculum and Instructional Materials Center, 1972.

BUSINESS LETTER UNIT II

INFORMATION SHEET

- 1. Ways to create a good "first impression" in letter writing
 - A. Use of proper margins, indentions, and spacing
 - B. Parts of the letter are correctly placed according to the style selected
 - C. No obvious erasures and no strikeovers
 - D. It is clean
 - 1. No smudges
 - 2. No fingermarks
 - E. Type is even and clear

II. Letter styles

A. Modified block



OKLAHOMA STATE DEPARTMENT OF VOCATIONAL AND TECHNICAL EDUCATION

FRANCIS TUTTLE, DIRECTOR 🖜 1515 WEST SIXTH AVE., • STILLWATER, OKLAHOMA 74074 • A.C. (405) 377-2000

October 3, 1972

Mg. M. C. Smith Sears, Roebuck and Company 1944 Dearborn Street Chicago, Illinois 60613

Dear Mr. Smith;

Subject: Order No. 1653

The fifteen desks we ordered arrived today. However, only one of these desks is the correct model. Our order No. 1653, dated September 2, 1972, specifically indicated Model 426.

We need these desks for the opening of our new office on November 1, 1972, and we are wondering what you can do about this awkward situation. We definitely do not want the metal desks that were sent by mistake.

Sincerely yours,

Ron Meek Coordinator

RM/t1r

We hope we will hear from you immediately regarding the action you are taking.

B. Bločk



OKLAHOMA STATE DEPARTMENT OF VOCATIONAL AND TECHNICAL EDUCATION

FRANCIS TUTTLE, DIRECTOR . 1818 WEST SIXTH AVE., . STILLWATER, OKLAHOMA 74874 . A.C.-(406) 377-2006

October 3, 1972

Mr. M. C. Smith Seara, Roebuck and Company 1944 Dearborn Street Chicago, Illinoia 60613

Dear Mr. Smith:

Subject: Order No. 1653

The fifteen deaks we ordered arrived today. However, only one of these deaks is a correct modal. Our order No. 1653, dated September 2, 1972, specifically indicated Model 426.

We need these deaks for the opaning of our new office on November 1, 1972, and we are wondering what you can do about this awkward situation. We definitely do not want the metal desks that were sent by mistake.

Sincerely yours,

Ron Meek Coordinator

RM/t1r

We hope we will hear from you immediately regarding the action you are taking.

C. Simplified

(NOTE: Eliminates the salutation and the complimentary close.)



OKLAHOMA STATE DEPARTMENT OF VOCATIONAL AND TECHNICAL EDUCATION

FRANCIS TUTTLE, DIRECTOR 🍨 1515 WEST SIXTH AVE. 🛊 STILLWATER, OKLAHOMA 74974 . A.C. (495) 377-2800

October 3, 1972

Mr. M. C. Smith Sears, Roebuck and Company 1944 Dearborn Street Chicago, Illinois 60613

The fifteen desks we ordered arrived today, However, only one of these desks is the correct model. Our order No. 1653, dated September 2, 1972, specifically insicated model 426.

We need these desks for the opening of our new office on November 1, 1972, and we are wondering what you can do about this awkward situation. We definitely do not want the metal desks that were sent by mistake.

Ron Meek Coordinator

RM/tlr

We hope we will hear from you immediately regarding the action you are taking.

- III. Types of letter punctuation
 - A: Open-Omits punctuation after salutation and complimentary close
 - B. Mixed--Punctuation after salutation and complimentary close
- IV. Parts of a letter
 - A. Letterhead
 - B. Date
 - C. Inside address
 - D. Salutation
 - E. Subject
 - F. Body
 - G. Complimentary close
 - H. Signature
 - I. Typed name
 - J. Title 🧭
 - K. Reference initials
 - L. Enclosure notation
 - M. Carbon copy notation
 - N. Postscript

Example: (Next page)



FRAN	CIS TUTTLE, DIRECTOR		A NA STATE DÉPARTMENT OF V TH AVE., • STILLWATER, C			Property of the Control of the Contr
	p	Octob	er 3. 1972			
4. 1	. В	U.C.COD	49 277 5	11		
, c —	Mr. M. C. Smith Sears, Roebuck an 1944 Dearborn Str Chicago, Illinois	eet		•		
, D —	Dear Mr. Smith;		• .	1		
E	Subject: Order	No. 1653				
F	one of these desk	s is the co	red arrived today. prect model. Our or edifically indicated	der No. 1653,		
general de la companya de la company	on November 1, 19	72, and we ation. We d	the opening of our n are wondering what definitely do not wa take.	you can do ab	out	•
к _	RM/tlr	G —	-Sincerely yours, -Ron Mel Ron Meek Coordinator	<u>e</u> ,	1	
L _	Enclostre	-	٠			
		v ·				•
M;-	ce Mr. R. L. Beat				rain *	₩.
N -	We hope we will by you are taking.	near from y	ou immediately regai	ding the acti	ton .	
A.	Printed Letterhead	. F.	Body	· . K.	Reference Initials	
В.	Date	G.	Complimentary Close	Ľ.	Enclosure Notation	
c.	Inside	н.	Signature		A.	
· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	Address	1.	Typed Name	M.	Carbon Copy Notation	
D.	Salutation /	J.	Title	. N.	Postscript	•
Ε.	Subject				· • ·	

r

INFORMATION SHEET

- V. Characteristics of a good business letter
 - A. States purpose
 - B. Gives the necessary facts
 - C. Follows company policies and procedures

BUSINESS LETTER UNIT II

ASSIGNMENT SHEET #1-WRITING A BUSINESS LETTER

Using the plan below, write a letter requesting information concerning some product of your choice. You need this information to construct a manual.

Use current date, your address, full block letter style and closed punctuation. Also use parts of a business letter that are needed.

- 1. Make an outline
- 2. Make a rough draft
- 3. Check spelling, grammar, accuracy, form, and completeness
- 4. Turn final draft in to DE teacher-coordinator

BUSINESS LETTER UNIT II

	TES		*
1.	List five ways to create a good "f	rst impression" in letter wr	iting.
	a.	•	.3
	b. .		
	c.	₹.	Λ
	d		
	· e.	•	
2.	List three commonly used letter st	yles.	
	a. •		
	b.	,	
	с.		
à.	List two types of letter punctuatio	n.	
	a. *		
	b.		y .
4.	Arrange in proper order the parts of b A; place them in proper order by		
	Column A	Column B	Sa.
	a. Date	1	*
•	b. Postscript	2	' .
	c. / Carbon copy notation	3	
	d. Salutation	4	*
~	e. Typed name	5	
	f. Reference initials	6	
	g. Subject	7	

	'n.	Letternead	· 8	_
	i.	Signature	9	_
	<u> </u>	Enclosure notation	10,	
	k	Body	······································	<u>-</u> -
	1.	Inside address	12	
	. .m.	Complimentary close	13	_
	n.	Title	14	_
5.	List	the three characteristics	f a good business lett	er.
	a.	v	•	-
	b.	٠	•	
-	c.	•		
6.	Writ	e a business letter using bl	lock style.	

BUSINESS LETTER UNIT-II

ANSWERS TO TEST

- 1. a. Use of proper margins, indentions, and spacing
 - b. Parts of the letter are correctly placed according to the style selected.
 - c. No obvious erasers and no strikeovers
 - d. It is clean
 - 1) No smudges
 - 2) No fingermarks
 - e. Type is even and clear
- 2. a. Modified block
 - b. Block
 - c. Simplified
- 3. a. Open
 - b. Mixed
- l. 1. h
 - **2.** a
 - 3.
 - 4. d
 - 5.
 - 6. k
 - 7. m
 - **8.** i
 - 9.
 - 10. r
 - 11.

12.

13. d

14. , b

- 5. a. States purpose
 - b. Gives the necessary facts
 - c. Follows company policies and procedures
- 6. Evaluated to the satisfaction of the DE teacher-coordinator.

TELEPHOÑE UNIT III

TERMINAL OBJECTIVE

After completion of this unit, the student should be able to demonstrate in role play situations the ability to correctly handle incoming calls, place both local and long distance calls, and use the telephone directory. Knowledge of this material will be evidenced by a score of eighty-five percent on the unit test.

SPECIFIC OBJECTIVES

After completion of this unit, the student should be able to:

- 1. Define terms associated with telephone communications.
- 2. Select from a list those factors that contribute to the success of business calls.
- 3. List four ways telephone courtesy is expressed.
- 4. Select examples of appropriate procedure for planning a business call.
- 5. List five examples of the appropriate procedure for answering a business call.
- 6. List five purposes of the telephone directory.
- 7. List the three organizational units in the telephone directory.

TELEPHONE UNIT III

SUGGESTED ACTIVITIES

- I. DE Teacher-Coordinator:
 - A. Provide students with objective sheet.
 - B. Provide students with information sheet.
 - C. Discuss terminal and specific objectives.
 - D. Discuss information sheet.
 - E. Schedule teletrainer.
 - 1. Address: Western half of Oklahoma

Mrs. 'Carol' Suttles, Representative Southwestern Bell Telephone Co. 707 North Robinson, Room 1002 Oklahoma City, Oklahoma 73102

Phone: 405-236-7395

2. Address: Eastern half of Oklahoma.

Mrs. Alnoma Dinger, Representative Southwestern Bell Telephone Co. 1720 South Boulder, Room #120 Tulsa, Oklahoma 74119

Phone: 918-585-6250

- F. Demonstrate proper procedures for using the telephone.
- G. Give test.

(NOTE: Consult audio visual supplement for suggested films.)

- II. Student:
 - A. Read objective sheet.
 - B. Study information sheet.
 - C. Take test.

INSTRUCTIONAL MATERIALS

- I. Included in this unit:
 - A. Objective sheet
 - B. Information sheet
 - .C. Test
 - D. Answers to test
- II. "References:
 - A. Book: *Teletraining for Business Studies*, American Telephone and Telegraph Company, 1965.
 - B. Oklahoma Cooperative Vocational Education Course of Study. Stillwater, Oklahoma: State Department of Vocational and Technical Education, Curriculum and Instructional Materials Center, 1972.
 - C. Booklets: *
 - 1. The Secretary and the Telephone
 - 2. Tips for Succeeding in Business by Telephone
 - 3. Telephone Personality Tips
 - 4. How to Succeed in Business by Telephone
 - *All from the American Telephone and Telegraph Company through Southwestern Bell Telephone Company.

TELEPHONE UNIT III

INFORMATION SHEET

I. Terms and definitions

- A. Area code--A three-digit number which designates the section of the country being called
- B. Classifications--Descriptive headings in the yellow pages under which different types of business may be found

Examples: Physicians, lawyers, architects

- C. Cross references--Referral notes which provide other headings where listings may be located
- D. Trademark headings-Headings that list dealers and distributors under specific brand-name products
- II. Factors that contribute to the success of business calls
 - A. Choice of words
 - 1. Giving clear explanations
 - 2. Avoiding slang expressions
 - 3. Using short, simple, descriptive words
 - 4. Using expressions of courtesy
 - 5. Using person's name when possible

B. Tone of voice

- 1. Speaking directly into mouthpiece
- 2. Using normal conversational tone
- 3. Speaking clearly and distinctly
- 4. Speaking unhurriedly-not too fast or too slowly
- 5. Varying tone quality



- C. Personal interest and attention to the phone conversation
 - 1. Listening carefully
 - 2. Expressing real interest in other person's point of view
 - 3. Letting the other person tell his story completely and with as little interruption as possible
 - 4. Asking appropriate questions
- III. Ways telephone courtesy is expressed
 - A. Answering the call pleasantly and promptly
 - B. Using proper identification
 - C. Clearly stating the purpose of the call
 - D. Using such phrases as "please" and "thank you"
- IV. Appropriate procedure for planning a business call
 - A. Writing down pertinent information
 - B. Gathering necessary materials
 - C: Determining best time to call
 - D. Determining type call to be made

 (NOTE: This might refer to direct dialing, person to person, or station-to-station.)
- V. Appropriate procedure for answering a business call
 - A. Answering promptly
 - B. Identifying firm and oneself
 - C. Offering assistance
 - D. Taking a message
 - E. Transferring call



- VI. Purposes of the telephone directory
 - A. To provide lists of those who have telephones, their telephone numbers, and addresses
 - B. To aid in locating certain types of businesses
 - C. To provide useful information about the locality
 - D. To serve as a source for checking the spelling of names
 - E. To serve as a guide for the use of telephone services
- VII. Organization of the telephone directory
 - A. Introductory pages
 - B. Alphabetical pages
 - C. Yellow pages

TELEPHONE UNIT III

TEST

	•	c. Cross references-
• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •		d. Area code
	2.	Circle the letter preceding each item below that contributes to the success of business calls.
		a. Using person's name as seldom as possible
		b. Using louder than normal conversational tone
•		c. Varying tone quality
•	•	d. Speaking more slowly than normal
		e. Asking appropriate questions
*	•	f. Using short, simple, descriptive words
		g. Using slang expressions
•	•	h. Using expressions of courtesy
	3.	List four ways telephone courtesy is expressed.
	•	a.
e de la companya de l	, f	b.
		C
ŀ		d.

Define the following terms.

Trademark headings-

Classifications-

4.	Place an "X" in the blank prededing each item that is an example of appropriate procedure for planning a business call.	8
•	a. Determining type call to be made	٠
	b. Gathering necessary materials	
	c. Writing down pertinent information	
	d. Planning to call at noon	
 a	e. Determining best time to call	
າ 5 .	List five examples of the appropriate procedure for answering a business call	·.
	a.	
	b	
* *	C.	
	d.	
	e.	
6.	List five purposes of the telephone directory.	,
· ·		
	a.	
	b.	
	C. ↑	
	d	
	e;	
7.	List the three organizational units in the telephone directory.	
	a	
	b. 7	
	c.	
	• •	

TELEPHONE UNIT III

ANSWERS TO TEST

- 1. a. Descriptive headings in the yellow pages under which different types of businesses may be found
 - b. Headings that list dealers and distributors under specific brand-name products
 - c. Referral notes which provide other headings where listings may be located
 - d. A three-digit number which designates the section of the country being called
- 2. 1 C

е

T

h

- 3. a. Answering the call pleasantly and promptly
 - b. Using proper identification
 - c. Clearly stating the purpose of the call
 - d. Using such phases as "please" and "thank you
- 4. a

h

C

е

- 5. a. Answering promptly
 - b. Identifying firm and oneself
 - c. Offering assistance
 - d. Taking a message
 - e. Transferring call



- 6. a. To provide lists of those who have telephones, their telephone numbers. and addresses
 - b. To aid in locating certain types of businesses
 - c. To provide useful information about the locality
 - d. To serve as a source-for checking the spelling of names
 - e. To serve as a guide for the use of telephone services
- 7. a. Introductory pages
 - b. Alphabetical páges
 - c. Yellow pages

FINDING THE RIGHT JOB UNIT I

TERMINAL OBJECTIVE

After completing this unit student should be able to find job openings through various methods and to match his qualifications to the requirements of jobs being offered. Knowledge of this information should be evidenced by scoring eighty-five percent on the unit test.

SPECIFIC OBJECTIVES

After completing this unit, the student should be able to:

- 1. Match terms associated with finding a job.
- 2. Select from a list sources for finding a job.
- 3. Match the correct employment agencies to their characteristics.
- 4. List the five things to remember when taking an employment test.
- 5. Identify subject areas which might be covered on employment tests.
- 6. List five of the seven ways to find the right job.
- 7. Indicate knowledge of the three types of classified ads by compiling an example of each.
- 8. Demonstrate the ability to:
 - a. Complete the sample employment test.
 - b. Complete the assignment sheet--Finding the Right Job for Yourself.

FINDING THE RIGHT JOB UNIT I

SUGGESTED ACTIVITIES

- I. DE Teacher-Coordinator:
 - A. Provide students with objective sheet.
 - B. Provide students with information and assignment sheets.
 - C. Discuss terminal and specific objectives.
 - D. Discuss information and assignment sheets.
 - E. Invite guest speaker from the Oklahoma State-Employment Service to talk on finding a job to match your qualifications.
 - F. "Secure copy of "The Career Game" (See additional references.)
 - G. Give test.

(NOTE: Consult audio visual supplement for suggested films.)

- II. Student:
 - A. Read objective sheet.
 - B. Study information sheet.
 - C. Complete assignment sheets.
 - D. Take test.

INSTRUCTIONAL MATERIALS

- I. Included in this unit:
 - A. Objective sheet
 - B. Information sheet
 - 2. Assignment sheets
 - 1. Assignment Sheet #1--Knowing Three Types of Classified Ads
 - 2. Assignment Sheet #2--Sample Employment Test



- 3. Assignment Sheet #3--Finding the Right Job for Yourself
- 4. Answers to Assignment Sheet #2
- D. Test
- E. Answers to test

II. References:

- A. Kimbrell-Vineyard. Succeeding in the World of Work. Bloomington, Illinois: McKnight and McKnight Publishing Company, 1970.
- B. Oklahoma Cooperative Vocational Education Course of Study. Stillwater, Oklahoma: State Department of Vocational and Technical Education, Curriculum and Instructional Materials Center, 1972.

III. Additional References:

- A. V/EW. Oklahoma State Department Vocational and Technical Education, 1972.
- B. U.S., Labor Department, Occupational Outlook Handbook. Washington, D.C.: Government Printing Office, 1972.
- C. U.S., Labor Department, *Dictionary of Occupational Titles*. Washington, D.C.: Government Printing Office, 1965.
- D. "The Career Game" by Chapman and Dwyer. Educational Progress Corporation, 8538 East 41st Street, Tulsa, Oklahoma 74145. Cost: \$75.00

(NOTE: See your guidance counselor--A copy may be available in your school.)

"The Career Game" is designed for group or individual situations. (There is no limit on the number of players.) It is planned to motivate extensive exploration of career information and opportunities by those who use it.



FINDING THE RIGHT JOB UNIT I

INFORMATION SHEET

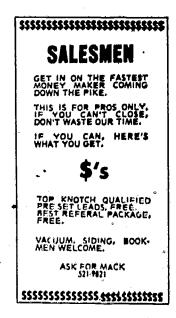
1. Terms and definitions

- A. Classified ads--Ads grouped together under appropriate headings, generally toward the back part of a newspaper
- B. Blind ads-Advertisements placed in the Help Wanted section of the Classified ads that do not identify the company placing the ad
- Help Wanted ads-Advertisements placed in the classified section of the newspaper requesting applicants for job offerings
 - D. Employment Wanted ads--Ads placed in the newspaper by individuals who are seeking employment
 - E. Fee agencies-Commercial employment agencies which charge a commission or set price for their services

11. Sources for finding jobs

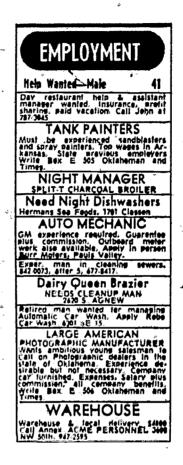
- A. DE teacher-coordinator
- B. Family and friends
- C. High school agencies, counselors, principal, and others
- D. Newspapers--Classified ads
 - 1. Blind ads

Example: 🧓



2. Help Wanted ads

Example:



3. Employment Wanted ads

Example:



- E. Employment agencies
 - 1. Government
 - 2. Youth opportunity centers
 - 3. Commercial
- F. Direct Calling

III. How employment agencies operate

- A. Government-Oklahoma State Employment Service
 - 1. Services offered free to any state resident
 - 2. Applicants interviewed and counseled by local office
 - 3. Applicants tested to determine interests, abilities, needs for training, and/or education

B. Youth opportunity centers

- 1. Provide same services as state employment service assisting youth only
- 2. Geared to specific interests of youths, helps students combine work and study schedules

C. Commercial

- 1. Charge a fee for services
- 2. Charge a fee only if placed through them.
- 3. Fee usually must be paid in two or three large installments
- 4. May have agreement with some employers whereby employer pays fee
- IV. Things to remember when taking employment tests
 - A. Keep calm
 - B. Follow directions carefully
 - C. Go through test in order "
 - D. Mark answers carefully
 - E. Write clearly
- V. Subject areas which might be covered on employment tests
 - A. Vocabulary
 - B. Grammar
 - C. Mathematics

- D. Spelling
- E. Reading comprehension
- F. Reasoning
- G. Skills
- H. Psychological items
- I. Proofreading
- J. Filing
- VI. How to find the right job
 - A. Examine interests
 - B. Determine goals for the future
 - C. Analyze personal qualities
 - D. Know job skills
 - E. Analyze the jobs available to find the specific skills and rates of accuracy required
 - F. Take employment tests to evaluate specific job skills
 - G. Match skills to those required for specific jobs



FINDING THE RIGHT JOB UNIT I

ASSIGNMENT SHEET #1--KNOWING THREE TYPES OF CLASSIFIED ADS

: ₹

Using a newspaper, collect the three types of classified ads: Blind, Help Wanted, and Employment Wanted ads. Bring the ads to class and be prepared to show your examples in class.

FINDING THE RIGHT JOB UNIT I

ASSIGNMENT SHEET #2-SAMPLE EMPLOYMENT TEST

The following employment test has fifty-five questions. Answer each question as carefully and completely as possible. Be sure to follow the specific directions for each section.

Directions: Each question below gives several suggested spellings for a word. Decide which spelling is correct and circle the letter preceding that word.

- 1. a. Propposal
 - b. Propossal
 - c. Proposal
 - d. Propossal
 - e. None of these
- 2. a. Bookeeping
 - b. Bookepping
 - c. Bookkeping
 - d. Bookkeeping
 - e. None of these
- 3: a. Iteniary
 - b. Itinerary
 - c. Itenerary
 - d. Itehirary
 - e. None of these
- 4. a. Conferance
 - b. Conference
 - c. Confference
 - d. Conferience
 - e. None of these

- 5. a. Transferrable
 - b. Transferable
 - c. Transfferable
 - d. Transferible
 - e. None of these

Directions: In the following sentences, circle the word which makes the sentence correct.

- 6. You should (of, have) participated in the promotion.
- 7. John formerly served on the city (counsel, council).
- . 8. He is (confident, confident) that you will enjoy the play.
- 9. I would (advice, advise) her to stay in London another week.
- 10. The documentary contained more than (thirty, 30) pages of directions.

Directions: Punctuate correctly the following sentences:

- 11. The reference book Charm and Poise for Getting Ahead is now available at Martins Book Store
- 12. Examinations will be given for a number of different positions for example typist and general clerk secretary office manager and bookkeeper
- 13. The meeting is now scheduled for December 12 1972
- 14. Our district manager Mr Carther will call on you
- He said I appreciate the trouble you have gone through to get me elected gentlemen but you can't tell me how to vote in this election

Directions: Solve each of the following problems and circle the letter preceding the correct answer.

- 16. Which number in the following group of numbers represents the smallest amount?
 - a. 3
 - b. 1
 - c. :95
 - d. 732



	e	.05		
47			*	
17. .	Sui	ubtract: 150.07 - 2.3 =	*	**
	a.	147.77	• •	•
	, b.	148.04	_	·
	¢.	149.84	•	
	, d.	157.77	•	
	e.	None of these		•
18.	Fin	nd: 6% of \$379.20=	U	
	a.	\$22.74	·	
	b.	\$22.75	ν, ,	
	c.	\$227.42		0 P
	d.	\$227.52		7. 1
	e.	None of these		·
19.		nat number is missing from the series?		
				•
	67 a.	59 51 43 27 38	,	
	b.	37	02	
	с.	34		
	d.	35.		
	e.	None of these		
20.		re pounds of paper sells for \$2.00; how many pounds	can vou bi	iv for 80¢?
	a.	3	ou you be	., 101 00 7
	b.	1, 1/2		
	C.	.95	° 0	# #
	d.	4		at .
	е.	None of these		
		-		

21.	\$273.75	.*	•		_			
22.	61 1/3		-		• •		· 	·
23.	90 10/16 _						· _ 	
24.	100%			<u> </u>		•	·	
25.	\$6,372.15	,			*			

Directions: Below are ten pairs of names and numbers. If the two sets are exactly the same, circle the "S", if they are different, circle the "D".

Ex	ample: A. A. Glensen Martin Matthews Newton Domestics	A. H. Glensen Marlin Matthews Newton Comestics	S S S	D D D
26.	Gurney Bascombe	Garney Bascombe	S	D
27.	Robert's Florals	Roberta's Florals	S	D
28.	M. N. Wojciechowsi	M. N. Wojciechowski	s	D
29. ຶ	Paul J. Siegelman	Paul J. Siegelman	S	D
30. \	Williams, Owens, & Scott	Williams, Owens & Scott	S	D
31.	Liebster & Liebsten	Liebsten & Liebsten	S	D
32.	Groves & Oppenhiemer	Groves & Oppenheimer	S	D
33. *	A376-5972147	A367-59772147	S	D
34.	AV-372249576	AV-3724295676	S	D
35.	P. F. DeSimone	F. P. DeSimone	s	D

Directions: Proofread the paragraphs below and punctuate. Circle spelling errors, and make any other additional corrections as necessary, such as deleting words, underscoring, etc., to create grammatically correct paragraphs.

36 - 50. In planning your new office you have probably accumulated a great deal of up to date information on the subject of carpeting. However there is something which you may not have considered in detail - the use of decorative tiles as an attractive flooring throughout your office



This is a question which should be considered seriously. When a young architect decides to build a dream office the idea that tiling can be used to compliment the floor plan appears out of the question. Unless you are well acquainted with the newest patters in decorative tiles however, you have no idea of the unusual affect that some of these patterns may have in office styling

Directions: In each of the following problems, select the names that would be first if the names were arranged in alphabetical order. Circle the letter preceding that name.

51. a. Victor Gongala

55. a. P. C. Payton 🏅

b. Anita Dubcheick

b. The Kline Corp. .

c. Martha Carter

c. T. G. Products, Inc.

d. - Carol Eisler

d. Lawson's Hotel

e. Carl Schwartz

e. Alice Payne

- 52. a. Top Quality Motel
 - at top addition more
 - c. T. A. Tremont

The 201 Cleaners

- e. The Victory Corp.

Wilkins Market

53. a. S. James Santos

d.

- b. San Francisco Tools, Inc.
- c. S. A. Sampler
- d. Sands Aircraft Co.
- e. San Diego Suppliers
- 54. a. Elizabeth Barnes
 - b. Allen E. Bates
 - c. Anna Benson
 - d. AA Products
 - e. Andrew Jamisen



FINDING THE RIGHT JOB UNIT I

ASSIGNMENT SHEET #3-FINDING THE RIGHT JOB FOR YOURSELF

Directions: Use section VI of the information sheets as a guide in answering the questions below.

1.	What are your interests? List below your favorite school subjects, the types of
	work you like to do, and the types of activities in which you like to participate.
	Include also those things you particularly dislike.

Likes

Dislikes

- 2. What distributive occupation do you hope to have in five or ten years?
- 3. Where do you hope to be in five or ten years? In a small town? A large city? Working for a governmental agency?
- 4. List three to six types of skills, training, and/or experiences needed to reach your occupational goal. (Specify occupational goal.)

я

b.

C.

d.

e.

f

5.	Analyze	your	personal	qualities.	List	your	good	qualities	and	poor	qualities
	below.					*					

Good Qualities

Poor Qualities

6. List your basic job skills. Are you a good listener? Talker? Reader? Are you good at spelling? Mathematics? Punctuation? List your strong and weak points below.

(NOTE: Review the results of Assignment Sheet #2 for an estimate of this.)

Strong Points

Weak Points

- 7. List your specific job skills. Include your rate of accuracy for each skill. Also, list each specific office machine you can operate.
- 8. Name two distributive jobs for which you are considering applying.

a.

h

9. List the job skills and training needed for these jobs. Consult the Occupational Outlook Handbook, and Dictionary of Occupational Titles, and/or VIEW occupational cards for this information.

Job ¹	"Α".	Jo	b	"B".	·
------------------	------	----	---	------	---

10. Compare those skills required for the jobs mentioned above to your job skills.



FINDING THE RIGHT JOB UNIT I

ANSWERS TO ASSIGNMENT SHEET #2

- 1. c
- 2. d
- 3. b
- 4. b
- 5. b
- .6. have
- 7. council
- 8. confident
- 9. advise
- 10. thirty
- 11. The reference book, Charm and Poise for Getting Ahead, is now available at Martin's Book Store.
- 12. Examinations will be given for a number of different positions; for example, typist and general clerk, secretary, office manager, and bookkeeper.
- 13. The meeting is now scheduled for December 12, 1972.
- 14. Our district manager, Mr. Carther, will call on you.
- 15. He said, "I appreciate the trouble you have gone through to get me elected, gentlemen, but you can't tell me how to vote in this election."
- 16. e
- 17. a
- 18. t
- 19. d 🤎
- **20**. c
- 21. Two hundred seventy-three dollars and seventy-five cents



ANSWERS TO ASSIGNMENT SHEET #2

- 22. Sixty-one and one-third
- 23. Ninety and ten-sixteenths
- 24. One hundred percent or 100 percent
- 25. Six thousand three hundred seventy-two dollars and fifteen cents
- 26. D
- 27. D
- 28. D.
- 29. S
- 30. S
- 31. D
- 32. D
- 33. D
- 34. D
- 35. D
- 36 50.

In planning your new office, you have probably accumulated a great deal of up-to-date information on the subject of carpeting. However, there is something which you may not have considered in detail - the use of decorative tiles as attractive flooring throughout your office.

This is a question which should be considered seriously. When a young architect decides to build a dream office, the idea that tiling can be used to compliment the floor plan appears out of the question. Unless you are well acquainted with the newest patterns in decorative tiles, however, you have no idea of the unusual affect that some of these patterns may have in office styling.

- 51.
- .52. b
- **53. c**
- 54. c
- 55. b

FINDING THE RIGHT JOB UNIT I

TEST

1.	Match to	erms associated with	finding	a job	to the correct definition.
	, *a.	Classified ads	•	1.	Ads placed in the newspaper by individuals
•	b.	Blind ads	4	~	who are seeking employme
	c.	Help Wanted ads.		2.	Ads grouped together under appropriate headings,
c -	d.	Employment Wante	ed ads ,		generally toward the back part of a newspaper
	e.	Fee agencies			
		,		•	Commercial employment agencies which charge a commission or set price for their
				•	services
•	3 			•	Ads placed in the Help Wanted section of the Classified ads that do not identify the company placions the ad
10		· v.	. 6	_	Ads placed in the classified section of the newspaper requesting applicants for job offerings
			•		-
2.	Place an	"X" in front of the	ose sourc	ces for	finding a job.
2	a.	Family and friends	•	. *	en e
	b.	High school agencie	s, couns	elors,	principal, and others
		Classified ads			
	d.	Employment agencie	es	•	
	e.	DE teacher coordina	itor		

3.	Match the correct employment agencies to their characteristic.
	X for Government
	O for Commercial
, ya	P for Youth opportunity centers
	a. Charge a fee for services
. .	b. Geared to specific interests of youths; helps students combine work and study schedules
<u>.</u>	c. Charge a fee only if placed through them
	d. Provide same services as state employment service assisting youth only
•	e. Services offered free to any state resident
	f. May have agreement with some employers whereby employer pays fee
-	g. Applicants interviewed and counseled by local office
•	h. Applicants tested to determine interests, abilities, needs for training, and/or education
	i. Fee usually must be paid in two or three large installments
4.	List the five things to remember when taking employment tests.
	a.
	, b .
· .	c :
	d
	e.
5.	Place an "X" in front of each of the following which are subject areas which might be covered on employment tests.
	a. Spelling
	b. Mathematics
	c. Vocabulary
•	d. Protocol
	e. Grammar



	T. Reading comprehension
	g. Reasoning
•	h. Skills
1.	i. Psychological items
	j. Dating
:	k. Proofreading
	I. Filing
6.	List five of the seven ways to find the right job.
	a.
1 -	b.
*	 C.
	d.
•	e.
7.	Indicate knowledge of the three types of classified ads by completing the appropriate assignment sheet.
8	Demonstrate the ability to:
•	a. Complete the sample employment test.
	b. Complete the assignment sheetFinding the Right Job for Yourself.
	(NOTE: If this has not been accomplished prior to the test, ask the instructor when the above activities should be completed.)

FINDING THE RIGHT JOB UNIT I

ANSWERS TO TEST

- 1. a. 2
 - b. 4
 - c. 5
 - d. '
 - e. 3
- 2. a
 - b
 - С
 - d
 - (
- 3. a. C
 - b. F
 - c. O
 - d. P
 - e. X
 - f. O
 - g. X
 - h. X
 - i. 0
- 4. a. Keep calm
 - b. Follow directions carefully
 - c. Go through test in order
 - d. Mark answers carefully
 - e. Write clearly

5. a

b

.c

е

f

g

h

i

k

ı

- 6. Any five of the following are correct.
 - a. Examine interests
 - b. Determine goals for the future
 - c. Analyze personal qualities
 - d. Know job skills
 - e. Analyze the jobs available to find the specific skills and rates of accuracy required
 - f. Take employment tests to evaluate specific job skills
 - g. Match skills to those required for specific jobs
- 7. Performance skills will be evaluated to the satisfaction of the DE teacher-coordinator
- 8. Performance skills will be evaluated to the satisfaction of the DE teacher-coordinator.

TERMINAL OBJECTIVE

After completion of this unit, the student should be able to prepare a personal data sheet. This knowledge will be evidenced by demonstration and by scoring eighty-five percent on the unit test.

SPECIFIC OBJECTIVES

After completion of this unit, the student should be able to:

- 1. Define personal data sheet.
- 2. List five reasons for preparing a personal data sheet.
- 3. Place in order steps in preparing a personal data sheet.
- 4. List six standards that a personal data sheet should meet.
- 5. Prepare a personal data sheet.

SUGGESTED ACTIVITIES

- I. DE Teacher-Coordinator:
 - A. Provide students with objective sheet.
 - B. Provide students with information and assignment sheets.
 - C. Discuss terminal and specific objectives.
 - D. Discuss information and assignment sheets.
 - E. Give test.

(NOTE: Consult audio visual supplement for suggested film.)

- II. Student:
 - A. Read objective sheet.
 - B. Study information sheet.
 - C. Complete assignment sheet.
 - D. Take test.

INSTRUCTIONAL MATERIALS

- I. Included in this unit:
 - A. Objective sheet
 - B. Information sheet
 - C. Assignment Sheet #1--Preparing a Personal Data Sheet
 - D. Test
 - E. Answers to test
- II. Reference--Blackledge, Walter; Blackledge, Ethel; and Keily, Helen. You and Your Job. Cincinnati, Ohio: South-Western Publishing Company, 1967.

INFORMATION SHEET

- 1. Definition of personal data sheet--A written statement of all the facts about an applicant that might be of any possible interest to an employer
- II. Reasons for preparing personal data sheet
 - A. Written in logical concise form

≯

- B. Contains all the essential facts
- C. Decides whether applicant has the qualifications needed for a particular position
- D. Answers questions employer may ask
- E. Aids in filling out an application
- III. Steps in preparing a personal data sheet
 - A. Write personal information first
 - 1.° Name
 - 2. Address
 - 3. Tèlephone
 - 4. Education
 - 5. Age
 - 6. Weight
 - 7. Height
 - 8. Health
 - 9. Marital status
 - B. Show subjects studied which will help employer
 - C. List student activities
 - D. Show special skills or training
 - E. Show business experience
 - F. Give at least three references
 - 1. Present or former teacher
 - 2. Former employer
 - 3. Minister
 - 4. An acquaintance

G.	Example	of	a	complete	personal	data	sheet	

Name:

John Doe

Address:

1924 Glenwood Dr.

Photo Here

Blackwell, Oklahoma 74631

Telephone:

377-7808

Education:

Junior at Blackwell High School majoring in

business

Age:

17

Health:

Excellent

Weight:

1,75

Marital status:

Single

Height:

6 ft. 1 in.

Subjects studied:

Typing--Two semesters

Business law-Two semesters

Consumer economics--One semester

Retail merchandising--One semester

Business English-Two semesters

Distributive Education I--Two semesters

Student Activities:

President, sophomore class
Reporter--DECA
Chairman, Young People's Church Fund
football, basketball, track

Special Skills:

Type fifty words per minute; trained in the operation of cash register and adding machine

Business Experience:

Carry out for Fay's Grocery during summer months
Sales person for Hunt's Department Store during Christmas

References:

Mr. Ocie Anderson, Principal Blackwell High School, Blackwell, Oklahoma Mr. Joe Amos, DE Teacher Coordinator, Blackwell High School,

Blackwell, Oklahoma Mr. Kenneth Bradley, Manager, Hunt's Department Store, Blackwell,

Mr. Kenneth Bradley, Manager, Hunt's Department Store, Blackwell Oklahoma

Date Compile	d	
Signature	-	9



- IV. Standards that a personal data sheet should meet
 - A. Well organized
 - B. Neatly typed
 - C. Error free
 - D. In outline form
 - E. Limited to one page, if possible
 - F. Honest about qualifications and experience

ASSIGNMENT SHEET #1--PREPARING A PERSONAL DATA SHEET

Prepare a personal data sheet using the format and standards given in the information sheet.

TEST

1.	Define personal data sheet.
2.	List five reasons for preparing a personal data sheet.
	a.
	b.
	C.
	d.
	e.
3.	Place in order, using numerals one through six, steps in preparing a personal data sheet.
	a. List student activities
	b. Show business experience
	c. Give at least three references
	d. Write personal information first
v	e. Show special skills or training
	f. Show subjects studied which will help employer
4.	List six standards that a personal data sheet should meet.
	a.
	b.
	C.
	d.
	e.
	f.
5.	By using Assignment Sheet #1, prepare a personal data sheet.



ANSWERS TO TEST

- 1. A written statement of all the facts about an applicant that might be of any possible interest to an employer
- 2. a. Written in logical concise form
 - b. Contains all the essential facts
 - c. Decides whether applicant has the qualifications needed for a particular position
 - d. Answers questions employer may ask
 - e. Aids in filling out an application
- 3. a. 3
 - b. 5
 - c. 6
 - A :
 - e. 4
 - f. 2
- 4. \a. Well orgainzed
 - b. Neatly typed
 - c. Error free
 - d. In outline form
 - e. Limited to one page, if possible
 - f. Honest about qualifications and experiences
- 5. Evaluated to the satisfaction of the DE teacher-coordinator. *

APPLICATION FORM UNIT III

TERMINAL OBJECTIVE

After completion of this unit, the student should be able to complete an application form. This knowledge will be evidenced by demonstration and by scoring eighty-five percent on the unit test.

SPECIFIC OBJECTIVES

After completion of this unit, the student should be able to:

- 1. Define application form.
- 2. List three of five reasons an application form should have sales appeal.
- 3. List three points to help give an application form sales appeal.
- 4. Select from a list nine rules to follow when completing an application form.
- 5. Complete an application form.

APPLICATION FORM UNIT III

SUGGESTED ACITVITIES

- I. DE Teacher-Coordinator:
 - A. Provide students with objective sheet.
 - B. Provide students with information and assignment sheets.
 - C. Discuss terminal and specific objectives.
 - D. Discuss information and assignment sheets.
 - E. Give test.

(NOTE: Consult audio visual supplement for suggested film.)

- II. Student:
 - A. Read objective sheet.
 - B. Study information sheet.
 - C. Complete assignment sheet.
 - D. Take test.

INSTRUCTIONAL MATERIALS

- i. Included in this unit:
 - A. Objective sheet
 - B. Information sheet
 - C. Assignment Sheet #1--Completing Application Form
 - D. Test
 - E. Answers to test
- II. References:
 - A. Blackledge, Walter, Blackledge, Ethel, and Keily, Helen. You and Your Job. Cincinnati, Ohio: South-Western Publishing Company, 1967.
 - B. Activities and Awards Program of Youth Activities for Oklahoma D.E. Students, Revised 1972.

APPLICATION FORM UNIT III

INFORMATION SHEET

- I. Definition of application form-A form to be filled out with important information when applying for employment
- II. Reasons an application form should have sales appeal
 - A. Competition with other applicants
 - B. Promote outstanding qualities
 - C. Obtain job more quickly
 - D. Receive a better salary
 - E. Rapid comparison by employer
- III. Points to help give an application form sales appeal
 - A. Always keep it neat
 - B. Be accurate
 - C. Complete the application form by filling in every blank
- IV. Rules to follow when completing an application form
 - A. Look over entire application form before beginning
 - B. Follow instructions carefully and exactly.
 - C. Write neatly and legibly
 - D. List all experience
 - E. List all training
 - F. Fill in all blanks
 - 1. Question is not self-related--Write "not applicable"
 - 2. No answers--Write "none"
 - 3. Asked expected salary--Write "open" if not sure what is appropriate



- G. Use personal data sheet
- H. Upon completion check form for completeness, accuracy, and correct spelling
- I. Remember, try to self oneself by the information given on the application form

APPLICATION FORM UNIT III

ASSIGNMENT SHEET #1--COMPLETING APPLICATION FORM

Complete this application form. Your personal data sheet will be helpful.

Do not print

APPLICATION FOR EMPLOYMENT

Date		,	Positi	on applied for	: 		<u>.</u>		
Name	··. · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·			it	.,		•		
Address	·	-	<u> </u>		Teleph				
	(Street or RF	D) (City)	(State)	·				
Previous a	ddress		· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·		Social Security No				
Birthdate_		<u> </u>	. <u> </u>	Birthp	lace				
	(Month)	(Day)	(Year)		(City)	(State)			
CHECK A	LL THAT APP	LY:	·						
	Male Single		_Own_home		Number and	lumber and age of dependents:			
			_Board _Live_(Paren	ts)	Relationship of dependents:				
Widowed			_With(Relat _Purchasing)	ives)	Business or occupations of father:				
	Separated		. , .		(or Husban	nd)			
Nature of Recent illn	ort: Number _ any physical de essesst physical exar	efects			•	<u> </u>			
EDUCATIO)N		grade pleted	Name of School	Location	Major Subject	Year Graduated		
Elementa	ary		3 4 7 8			<u> </u>			
High		1 2	23 4				· · · · · · · · · · · ·		
Business Vocation		1 2	3 4	,	<u> </u>	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	į		
College o Universit		1 2 5 6	3 4		· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·		· <u> </u>		
Night or Correspon	ndence	1 2	3 4	1	,				
Correspon	ndence of any other						•		

What are	e your hob	bies?		
in case	of illness o	r emergency, notify: Name	·	·
•		Address		<u> </u>
•		Relationship	Teleph	one
Why do	you feel q	ualified for the position for which you	are applying?	· · ·
<u>-</u>			· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	
		PREVIOUS EMPLOYM (Last employment firs		
	e.e.	•		
From	То	Name & address of employer	Department-position duties - salary	Reason for Leaving
M onth	Month			<u> </u>
Year	Year			
Month	Month		· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	•
/ear	Year		,	
,			•	
onth	Month			· · ·
'ear	Year	•		•
		·		
lonth	Month			· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·
ear .	Year		•	
*	• .	PERSONAL REFERENCE	756	
		(Do not give names of relatives or fo	ormer employers)	
	Name	Address	Occupation	
•	. ** .		<u> </u>	
			<u> </u>	
	<u>-</u> .,	Do Not Write In Space B	lelow	,
nterview	ed by:	Personality		<u>-</u>
		Ambition and initiative		
Other remarks:		CalmnessPhysical qualities		
10		Intelligence		
<i>‡</i>	-	Appearance and grooming Work best suited for		-



APPLICATION FORM UNIT III

TEST

1.	Define application form.
2.	List three of five reasons an application form should have sales appeal.
	a.
	b.
	c.
3.	List three points to help give an application form sales appeal.
	a
b	b. • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •
	C
4.	Circle the letter in front of each of the rules to follow when completing an application form. .a. Fill out as fast as possible
	b. Remember, try to sell oneself by the information given on the application form
•	c. Use personal data sheet
	d. Upon completion check form for completeness, accuracy, and correct spelling
	e. List all training
1	f. Fill in all blanks
	g. List all experience
2	h. Follow instructions carefully and exactly
	i. Write neatly and legibly



5.

Look over entire application form before beginning

Using Assignment Sheet #1, complete an application form.

APPLICATION FORM UNIT 111

ANSWER TO TEST

1.	Α	form	to	be	filled	out	with	important	information	when	applying	for
	ëmployment				- ·		•	·			,	

- 2. Any three of the following:
 - a. Competition with other applicants
 - b. Prompte outstanding qualities
 - c. Obtain job more quickly
 - d. Receive a better salary
 - e. Rapid comparison by employee
- 3. a. Always keep it neat
 - b. Be accurate
 - c. Complete the application form by filling in every blank
- l. b
 - C
 - d
 - е
 - Ť
 - g
 - h

İ

5. Evaluated to the satisfaction of DE teacher-coordinator.

JOB INTERVIEW UNIT IV

TERMINAL OBJECTIVE

After completion of this unit, the student should be able to select from a list examples of proper dress and grooming and be able to demonstrate proper conduct during the job interview. Knowledge of this information will be evidenced by demonstration and by a score of eighty-five percent on the unit test.

SPECIFIC OBJECTIVES

After completion of this unit, the student should be able to:

- 1. Name five ways to prepare for the interview.
- 2. Select from a list eight ways to make a good first impression at the interview.
- 3. Select from a list the examples of proper dress and grooming for the interview.
- 4. Identify examples of proper conduct during the job interview.
- 5. Select from a list the attitudes an employer looks for during the job interview.
- 6. Demonstrate the following:
 - a. Answer questions the employer might ask.
 - b. Evaluate his conduct during the job interview using the check sheet provided in this unit.
 - c. Write a follow-up letter.



JOB INTERVIEW UNIT IV

SUGGESTED ACTIVITIES

- 1. DE Teacher-Coordinator:
 - A. Provide students with objective sheet.
 - B. Provide students with information and assignment sheets.
 - C. Discuss terminal and specific objectives.
 - D. Discuss information and assignment sheets.
 - E. Have students role play job interview.
 - F. Have a guest speaker from the community speak on the qualities and qualifications he looks for in a prospective employee.
 - G. Give test.

(NOTE: Consult audio visual supplement for suggested films.)

II. Student:

- A. Read objectives sheet.
- B. Study information sheet.
- C. Complete assignment sheets.
- D. Take test.

INSTRUCTIONAL MATERIALS

- 1. Included in this unit:
 - A. Objective sheet
 - B. Information sheet
 - C. Assignment heets
 - 1. Assignment sheet #1--Answering Questions the Employer May Ask
 - 2. Assignment Sheet #2-Evaluating the Job Interview
 - 3. Assignment Sheet #3-Writing a Follow-up Letter



- D. Test
- E. Answers to test

II. References:

- A. Keily-Walters. How to Find-and Apply for a Job. Second Edition. Dallas, Texas: Southwestern Publishing Company, 1968.
- B. Blackledge-Blackledge-Keily. You and Your Job. Dallas, Texas:
 ——Southwestern Publishing Company, 1967.
- C. Oklahoma Cooperative Vocational Education Course of Study. Stillwater, Oklahoma: State Department of Vocational and Technical Education, Curriculum and Instructional Materials Center, 1972.



JOB INTERVIEW UNIT IV

INFORMATION SHEET

- . Ways to prepare for the interview
 - A. Call or write for appointment
 - B. Learn about the company
 - C. Find out name of interviewer
 - D. Know the kind of job for which one is applying
 - E. Review personal qualifications

(NOTE: Use your personal data sheet.)

- 11. Making a good first impression
 - A., Go alone for the interview
 - B. Be on time
 - C. Be careful of one's appearance
 - D. Stand erect
 - E. Look pleasant
 - F. Introduce oneself in a quiet, easy way
 - G. Sit erect and avoid signs of nervousness
 - H. Be ready to take an employment test
- III. Proper dress and grooming for the interview
 - A. Body clean, odor free, and freshly shaven
 - B. Hair neat, clean, and trimmed
 - C. Hands and nails clean and in good condition
 - D. Make-up fresh and natural looking
 - E. Teeth brushed; mouthwash used
 - F. Clothing cleaned and pressed



INFORMATION SHEET

- G. Clothing conservative
- H. Hosiery clean and free from runs
- I. Socks clean and coordinated with suit
- J. Shoes clean and polished
- IV. Proper conduct during the interview
 - A. Greet interviewer with warm smile
 - B. Call interviewer by name (NOTE: Mr., Miss, Mrs., or Ms.)
 - C. Introduce oneself
 - D. Shake interviewer's hand firmly
 - E. Be seated only after the interviewer's request
 - F. Sit and stand erect
 - G. Let employer take the lead in conversation
 - H. Answer questions completely
 - I. Be polite and courteous
 - J. Make an extra effort to express oneself clearly
 - K. Be sincere and enthusiastic
 - L. Avoid irritating or distracting habits
 - 1. Smoking, chewing gum, eating candy
 - 2. Giggling or squirming in chair
 - M. Do not try to flatter the interviewer
 - N. Tell the truth about oneself and job experiences
 - O. Be positive
 - P. Watch for a sign the interview is over
 - Q. Thank interviewer for his time
 - R. Leave promptly



INFORMATION SHEET

- V. Attitudes employer looks for during the interview
 - A. Enthusiasm and interest
 - B. Dedication and dependability
 - C. Alertness and quickness of mind
 - D. Honesty and integrity
 - E. Desire to work
 - F. Desire to help others
 - G. Desire to improve oneself

JOB INTERVIEW UNIT IV

ASSIGNMENT SHEET #1-ANSWERING QUESTIONS THE EMPLOYER MAY ASK

Directions: Remember that once you are in the job interview, it is your job to "sell yourself" to the employer. You must be prepared to answer any questions that he may ask in a manner that would leave a favorable impression. Think about each of the following questions. Then write possible answers to each question remembering the direct, positive, and enthusiastic approach is the best.

1. Why do you want to work?

2. Have you had any experience in this type of work?

3. Are you presently employed?



JOB INTERVIEW

5.	. •	Would	you	Бe	available	on	a	permanent	basis	in	June?

6. Have you participated in any sports?

7. Why do you think you might like to work for us?

8. How could you contribute to our organization?

9. What personal characteristics would you say are necessary for success in this field?

10. Do you have any financial obligations?

11. Are you living with your parents?

12. Do you have a steady girl-boy?

13. Have you ever had any difficulty with the police other than a parking violation?

14. Would you be able to work all day Saturday and Sunday?

15. How are you doing in school: attendance record? Grades?

16. What do you think we should pay you?

17. What do you hope to be doing five or ten years from now?

18. When can you start to work?

19. • Do you have transportation?

JOB INTERVIEW UNIT IV

ASSIGNMENT SHEET #2-EVALUATING THE JOB INTERVIEW

Do you handle yourself properly during a job interview? Rate yourself using the check list below. Then have someone also rate you and compare the two ratings. This should help you to identify those areas in which you are strong and those in which you need improvement.

		Yes	NO	Not Sure
How you	looked:			
1.	Clothing clean and well-pressed?	*	-	÷
2.	Clothing conservative in style and color and appropriate for applying for a job?		•	Nonemon Andrews (American
3.	Body clean and free from odor?	**************************************		
4.	Hair trimmed, clean, combed?	·		
5.	Shoes clean and polished?			*
How you	acted:		-	
6.	Greeted interviewer with a smile and called him/her by name? (Mr., Miss, Mrs. or Ms.)	-	· ·	
, 7.	Stated your name proudly?		, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,	
* 8.	Shook interviewer's hand firmly?		*	
9.	Sat only when asked to do so?	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	3	·
10.	Looked interviewer in the eye?			## hallangarani sish #
11.	Listened carefully to what interviewer had to say?	**************************************		•
12.	Took the time to think questions through before answering?	· -	-	



13.	for the firm	rather than n could do for you?	•	*********	,	•
14.	Spoke well o employers and					7
· 15.	Refrained fro	m arguing with ?	enterna, springer		·	•
16.	Showed your	desire to work?	-		٠ 	
17.	Were courteon	us and tactful?	**********	-		
18.	Were enthusia school, work, general?		0	•	•	
19.	Asked question and the company	ons about the job pany?	•	· ,	•	
20.	Were prepared employer how benefit to his	v you could be of	***************************************			
21.	Did not chew eat candy?	gum, smoke, or			-	
22.	Stuck to the answered the but completel	questions briefly		Martin Strategy and American Strategy and Am	general-dajinagi	
23.	Thanked the his time before	interviewer for re leaving?	***************************************	÷		
24.	Left promptly	/?		e,		
		Total Points:	d mainte main		· .	
Give yoursely for each "po	f three points foor". Add your	or each "good", two points for the total	points for east	ach "fair",	, and one	point
· Ra	ting scale:	64 - 72 Superio)ř -	ş *		
		57 - 63 good		•	•	• •
, a		50 - 56 fair				



40 - 49 poor

JOB INTERVIEW UNIT IV

ASSIGNMENT SHEET #3--WRITING A FOLLOW-UP LETTER

Directions:

- 1. Write a follow-up letter thanking the employer for the interview. Use any form you wish or follow the format of the sample follow-up letter on the next page.
- 2. Make sure your letter meets the following standards.
 - a. Typed perfectly
 - b. Clean, neat, and attractively arranged on the paper
 - c. Free from spelling, punctuation, and grammatical errors
 - d. Sent within a day or two after the interview
- 3. Your follow-up letter might include the following points:
 - a. An expression of appreciation for interviewer's time and interest
 - b. A summary of your qualifications and interest in the position
 - c. Your name, address, and phone number (to make it easier for your employer to contact you)
- 4. Make this last bid for the job a prime example of your excellent work habits. Make the letter as clean, neat, and well-worded as you possibly can.

SAMPLE FOLLOW-UP LETTER

820 North Monroe Stillwater, Oklahoma 74074 September 1, 1972

Mr. John Jones Personnel Manager John's Department Store 407 Main Street Stillwater, Oklahoma 74074

Dear Mr. Jones:

Thank you for interviewing me for the salesman's job in your store. I feel thin working for John's Department Store would be enjoyable and that I could do the selling and general work which the position requires. I hope to have the opportunity to prove my worth.

The application form you gave me is enclosed.

I will be available for work September 5. You may call me at my home after 3:30. The number is 377-3307.

Sincerely yours,

Miss Judith Jamison

Enclosure

JOB INTERVIEW UNIT IV

TEST

1.	Name five ways to prepare for the interview.
	a.
	b. ·
	с.
	d.
	e.
2.	Place an "X" in front of the following examples of ways to make a good first impression at the job interview.
	a. Introduce oneself in a quiet, easy way
	b. Be on time
	c. Sit erect and avoid signs of nervousness
	d. If smoking, offer one to the interviewer
	e. Be ready to take an employment test
	f. Stand erect
	g. Make sure to read anything the interviewer writes down
	h. Look pleasant
	i. Be careful of one's appearance
	j. Go alone for the interview
3.	Circle the letter in front of each of the following which are examples of proper dress and grooming for the interview.
	a. Strongly scented perfume or cologne
	b. Teeth brushed; mouthwash used
	c. Shoes cleaned and polished
	d. Hands and nails clean and in good condition

*	
	e. Hair neat, clean, and trimmed
	f. Clothing conservative
	g. Clothing cleaned and pressed
	h. Body clean, odor free, and freshly shaven
4.	Place an "X" in front of each of the following which are examples of proper conduct during the job interview.
	a. Sit down if interviewer is on the phone when entering room
	b. Be positive
	c. Try to flatter interviewer
2	d. Leave promptly
	e. Be sincere and enthusiastic
	f. Watch for a sign the interview is over
	g. Be polite and courteous
5.	Circle the letter of each item below which is an attitude the employer looks for during the interview.
	a. Desire to work alone
	b. Alertness and quickness of mind
	c. Dedication and dependability .
•	d. Sarcasm and impatience
	e. Desire to improve oneself
	f. Honesty and integrity
	g. Enthusiasm and interest
3.	Demonstrate the following:
	a. Answer questions the employer might ask.
	b. Evaluate one's conduct during the job interview using the check sheet provided in this unit.
	c. Write a follow-up letter.
:	(NOTE: If this has not been accomplished prior to the test, ask the instructor when the above activities should be completed.)

JOB INTERVIEW

ANSWERS TO TEST

- 1. a. Call or write for appointment
 - b. Learn about the company
 - c. Find out name of interviewer
 - d. Know the kind of job for which one is applying
 - e. Review personal qualifications
- 2. a

b

C

C

3.

C

d

е

g

h

b

ď

е

f

5. b

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e

f

g

6. Performance skills will be evaluated to the satisfaction of the DE teacher-coordinator.

SOCIAL SECURITY UNIT V

TERMINAL OBJECTIVE

After completion of this unit, the student should be able to discuss the Social Security Act and ways the Federal Wage and Hour Law applies to the student. He should be able to identify the types of protection he may receive through these laws. This knowledge will be evidenced by a score of eighty-five percent on the unit test.

SPECIFIC OBJECTIVES

After completion of this unit, the student should be able to:

- 1. List three of the four ways the Federal Wage and Hour Law applies to the training program.
- 2. Discuss the history of the Social Security Act, when it was passed, what protection it offers, and its major purpose.
- 3. List the divisions of the Social Security Act.
- 4. Select from a list the benefits which are paid from Social Security funds.

SOCIAL SECURITY UNIT V

SUGGESTED ACTIVITIES

- I. DE Teacher-Coordinator:
 - A. Provide students with objective sheet.
 - B. Provide students with information sheet.
 - C. Discuss terminal and specific objectives.
 - D. Discuss information sheet.
 - E. Give test.

(NOTĘ: Consult audio visual supplement for suggested films.)

- II. Student:
 - A. Read objective sheet.
 - B. Study information sheet.
 - C. Take test.

INSTRUCTIONAL MATERIALS

- I. Included in this unit:
 - A. Objective sheet
 - B. Information sheet
 - C. Test
 - D. Answers to test
- II. References:
 - A. Wage and Hours Public Contract Division. Regional Director, 34D Mayflower Building, 411 North Akard Street, Dallas, Texas 75201.
 - B. Social Security Administration, U.S. Department of Health, Education, and Welfare. *Your Social Security*. SSI-35. Washington, D.C.: U.S. Government Printing Office, 1971.
 - C. Social Security Administration, U.S. Department of Health, Education, and Welfare. Your Social Security--Earnings Record. SSI-44. Washington, D.C.: Government Printing Office, 1970.

SOCIAL SECURITY UNIT V

INFORMATION SHEET

- I. Federal Wage and Hour Law
 - A. Provides minimum wage rate and overtime standards
 - B. Applies to worker engaged in interstate or foreign commerce or the production of goods for such commerce
 - C. Students are subject to the law unless exempt by student- learner certificate
 - D. Principle regulations
 - 1. Age restrictions
 - 2. Minimum wage and overtime pay
 - 3. Hours of work
 - 4. Hazardous occupations
 - 5. Insurance -
 - 6. Minimum wage exemptions

(NOTE: If student does not have a Social Security Card, see that he gets one.)

- II. Social Security Act
 - A. Passed in 1935
 - B. Provided services and protection
 - 1. Payments to elderly
 - 2. Financial compensation to jobless workers during a fixed period of time
 - 3. Aid to needy, blind, aged, and neglected
 - C. Financed by a payroll tax on both employer and employee
 - D. Responsibility of Internal Revenue Service for the collection of payroll taxes
 - E. Amended in 1938 to include survivors' and dependents' benefits
 - F. Made necessary by conditions of modern life and our increased dependence on money for income



INFORMATION SHEET

- G. Major purpose was to provide protection for old age and periods of unemployment through social insurance
- III. Division of the act
 - A. Retirement
 - B. Survivors
 - C. Disability
 - D. Health
- IV. Benefits paid from Social Security funds
 - A. Monthly retirement benefits-Payable in full at age 65, reduced benefits as early as age 62
 - B. Monthly survivors benefits are payable to:
 - 1. Widow at 62
 - 2. Unmarried children under 18
 - 3. Children 18 or over if disabled before age 18
 - 4. Widow at any age if she is caring for child under 18
 - 5. Widow as early as age 50 if she has a severe disability
 - 6. Dependent parents 62 or over
 - 7. Dependent widower 62 or over
 - 8. Extended to students going to college
 - Monthly disability benefits-Payable to one before 65 if a severe disability has lasted at least 12 months
 - D. Medicare-A two part health insurance program for older people

SOCIAL SECURITY UNIT V

TEST

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SOCIÁL SECURITY UNIT V

ANSWERS TO TEST

- 1. Any three of the following:
 - a. Provides minimum wage rate and overtime standards
 - b. Applies to worker engaged in interstate or foreign commerce or the production, of goods for such commerce
 - c. Students are subject to the law unless exempt by student-learner certificate
 - d. Principle regulations
 - 1) Age restrictions
 - 2) Minimum wage and overtime pay
 - 3) Hours of work
 - 4) Hazardous occupations
 - 5) insurance
 - 6) Minimum wage exemptions
- 2. Discussion should include:
 - A. Passed in 1935
 - B. Provided services and protection
 - 1) Payments to elderly
 - 2) Financial compensation to jobless workers during a fixed period of time
 - 3) Aid to needy, blind, aged, and neglected
 - °C. Financed by a payroll tax on both employer and employee
 - D. Responsibility of Internal Revenue Service for the collection of payroll taxes
 - E. Amended in 1938 to include survivors' and dependents' benefits
 - F. Made necessary by conditions of modern life and our increased dependence on money for income
 - G. Major purpose was to provide protection for old age and periods unemployment through social insurance

- 3. a. Retirement
 - b. Survivors
 - c. Disability
 - d. Health
- **4**. a
 - b
 - d
 - е

BUDGETING UNIT I

TERMINAL OBJECTIVE

After completion of this unit, the student should be ables to list his own resources and formulate a plan for making a budget based on his income, expenses, and goals. This knowledge will be evidenced by scoring eighty-five percent on the unit test.

SPECIFIC OBJECTIVES

After completion of this unit, the student should be able to:

- 1. List four advantages of budgeting.
- 2. State the three basic steps involved in budgeting.
- 3. Name five aspects of good money management.
- 4. List three rules to use in spending money wisely.
- 5. Construct a budget that fits one's income.

BUDGETING UNIT I

SUGGESTED ACTIVITIES

- 1. DE Teacher-Coordinator:
 - A. Provide students with objective sheet.
 - B. Provide students with information and assignment sheets.
 - C. Discuss terminal and specific objectives.
 - D. Discuss information and assignment sheets.
 - E. Invite guest speaker to discuss the management of money.
 - F. Give test.

NOTE: Consult audio visual supplement for suggested films.)

II. Student:

- A. Read objective sheet.
- B. Study information sheet.
- C. Complete assignment sheet.
- D. Take test.

INSTRUCTIONAL MATERIALS

- 1. Included in this unit:
 - A. Objective sheet
 - B. Information sheet
 - C. Assignment Sheet #1-Construct a Plan for a Budget
 - D. Test
 - E. Answers to test



II. References:

- A. Kimbrell-Vineyard. Succeeding in the World of Work. Bloomington, Illinois: McKnight and McKnight Publishing Company, 1970.
- B. Price-Musselman-Hall-Weeks. General Business for Everyday Living. Third Edition. Dallas, Texas: Gregg Division, McGraw-Hill Book Company, 1966.
- C. Oklahoma Cooperative Vocational Education Course of Study. Stillwater, Oklahoma: Oklahoma State Department of Vocational and Technical Education, Curriculum and Instructional Materials Center, 1972.

BUDGETING UNIT I

INFORMATION SHEET

- I. Advantages of budgeting
 - A. Helps one live on money earned
 - B. Eliminates wasteful habits of spending money
 - C. Helps achieve long-range plans
 - D. Gives valuable experience and develops competency in money management .
- 11. Basic steps involved in budgeting
 - A. Estimating income
 - B. Planning expenses for estimating ways income is to be used
 - C. Putting the plan into action
- III. Good money management
 - A. Live within income
 - B. Buy wisely
 - C. Use things bought properly
 - D. Set goals
 - E. Save
- IV. Rules to follow to spend money wisely
 - A. Make a spending plan
 - 1. Buy what one needs and wants
 - 2. Get more for the money
 - B. Think ahead and decide
 - 1. What is needed now
 - a. Food
 - b. Medicine
 - c. Rent
 - d.' Clothes

INFORMATION SHEET

- 2. What is needed later
 - a. Trip
 - b. Gifts
 - c. Furniture
- C. Try again if one plan does not work

BUDGETING UNIT I

ASSIGNMENT SHEET #1-CONSTRUCT A PLAN FOR A BUDGET

Use the following steps as a guide to plan and budget your income.

STEP 1: KNOW YOUR INCOME

- a. Under "income from" write down where you get your money.
- b. Under amount" write down how much you get from each place.
- c. "Add" all money received and write down after "Total."

1st WEEK

*Income from

AMOUNT

Total \$

2nd WEEK

Income from

AMOUNT

Total \$

3rd WEEK

Income from

AMOUNT

Total \$

4th WEEK

Income from

AMOUNT

Total \$

STEP 2: KNOW YOUR EXPENSES

- a. Some expenses, such as food and carfare, come every day and every week.
- b. Expenses such as rent, gas, and water come only once a month.

(NOTE: Be sure to include rent, food, carfare, clothes, cleaning, car wash, church, savings, etc.)

LIST YOUR EXPENSES

Everything you must buy and/or pay for this month.



What it might cost.

When it must be paid.

STEP 3: SET UP YOUR SPENDING PLAN

- a. After "income" write the total amount you get each week as you figured in Step 1.
- b. Under "expenses" write the items you will pay for each week as in Step 2.
- c. Under "amount planned" write the amount you plan to spend for each item.
- d. Under "amount spent" write the amount you did spend for each item.

•	1st WEEK			nd WEEK	•		
Income you	will get \$		Income you	will get \$			
Expenses	Amt. Planned	Amt. Spent	Expenses	Amt. Planned	Amt. Spent		
	\$	\$		\$	\$ -		
Total	\$	\$	Total	\$	\$		
	3rd WEEK	,	41	h WEEK	° ý		
Income you	will get \$	· ·	Income you will get \$				
Expenses	Amt Planned	Amt. Spent	Expenses	Amt. Planned	Amt. Spent		
	\$	\$		\$	\$		
Total	\$	\$	Total	\$	\$		

Complete the second, third, and fourth weeks-you may have to change your plan.



BUDGETING UNIT I

TEST

	·
1.	List four advantages of budgeting.
	a.
	b.
	C. *
	d.
2.	State the three basic steps involved in budgeting.
	a.
٠	
	b.
	C.
3.	Name five aspects of good money management.
	a
	b.
	C.
	d.
	e.
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4.	List three rules to use in spending money wisely.
÷	a.
	b
	C.
ō.	Construct a budget that fits one's income.
ر.	(NOTE: If this has not been accomplished prior to the test, ask the instruct when the above activity should be completed.)

BUDGETING UNIT I

ANSWERS TO TEST

- 1. a. Helps one live on the money earned
 - b. Eliminates wasteful habits of spending money
 - c. Helps achieve long-range plans
 - d. Gives valuable experiences and develops competency in money management
- 2. a. Estimating income
 - b. Planning expenses for estimating ways income is to be used
 - c. Putting the plan into action
- 3. a. Live within income
 - b. Buying wisely
 - c. Use things bought properly
 - d. Set goals
 - e. Save
- 4. a. Make a spending plan
 - b. Think ahead and decide .
 - c. Try again if one plan does not work
- 5. Evaluated to the satisfaction of DE teacher-coordinator.

CREDIT UNIT II

TERMINAL OBJECTIVE

After completing this unit, the student should be able to decide for himself when to use credit, to determine the cost of credit, and to tell how the Truth-In-Lending Act affects him. This knowledge will be evidenced by scoring eighty-five percent on the unit test.

SPECIFIC OBJECTIVES

After completion of this unit, the student should be able to:

- 1. Match credit terms associated with credit to the correct definition.
- 2. Write four guidelines for buying on credit.
- 3. List and explain the six C's of credit.
- 4. Name the two basic ways consumer credit can be classified.
- 5. Name six noninstallment sales credit plans.
- 6. Calculate the difference in cost of buying on single-payment loan and installment loan.
- 7. Discuss in writing the Truth-In-Lending Act.



CREDIT UNIT II

SUGGESTED ACTIVITIES

- I. DE Teacher-Coordinator:
 - A. Provide students with objective sheet.
 - B. Provide students with information and assignment sheets.
 - C. Make transparencies.
 - D. Discuss terminal and specific objectives.
 - E. Discuss information and assignment sheets.
 - F. Give test.
- II. Student:
 - A. Read objective sheet.
 - B. Study information sheet.
 - C. Complete assignment sheets.
 - D. Take test.

INSTRUCTIONAL MATERIALS

- I. Included in this unit:
 - A. Objective sheet
 - B. Information sheet
 - C. Transparency Master #1--Use Credit Wisely
 - D. Assignment Sheet #1--Calculate Interest Rates
 - E. Test
 - F. Answers to test



II. References:

- A. DeBrum-Haines-Malsbary-BCrabbe. General Business for Economic Understanding. Tenth Edition. Dallas, Texas: South-Western Publishing Company, 1971.
- B. Price-Mussleman-Hall-Weeks. General Business for Everyday Living. Third Edition. Dallas, Texas: McGraw-Hill Book Company, Gregg Division, 1966.
- C. Kimbrell-Vineyard. Succeeding in the World of Work. First Edition. Bloomington, Illinois: McKnight and McKnight Publishing Company, 1970.
- D. Warmke, Roman F., Eugene D. Wyllie and Beulah E. Sellers. Consumer Decision Making. Cincinnati: South-Western Publishing Company, 1972.
- E. Wilhelms-Heimerl-Jelley. Consumer Economics. Third Edition. Dallas, Texas: McGraw-Hill Book Company, Gregg Division.
- F. Warmke-Wyllie-Wilson-Eyster. Consumer Economic Problems. Eighth Edition. Dallas, Texas: South-Western Publishing Company.
- G. International Consumer Credit Association, 375 Jackson Avenue, St. Louis, Missouri 63130.
- H. List of Materials on Money and Banking for Secondary School Teachers, 1970, available from Banking Education Committee, American Bankers Association, 90 Park Avenue, New York, New York, 10016.



CREDIT UNIT II

INFORMATION SHEET

I. Terms and definitions

- A. Bill--A form generally used to show charges for services
- B. Budget plan-A type of plan in which a customer makes a purchase and pays for it in equal payments over a period of three months
- C. Capacity-The factor in credit that has to do with a customer's ability to earn
- D. Character--The factor in credit that has to do with a customer's honesty and probable willingness to pay
- E. Conditional sales contract--An agreement whereby the buyer can take possession of the article and use it
- F. Credit--A promise to pay at a future time for something of value that is received now
- G. Credit card-An identification card which permits a person to obtain goods and/or services on credit
- H. Credit memorandum--A form showing the detailed record of returned merchandise
- 1. Creditor-The person who sells on credit or makes a loan
- J. Credit rating--An individual's reputation for paying his debts on time
- K. Credit union--A cooperative association which accepts deposits and makes small loans to its members
- L. Debtor-One who borrows and promises to pay later
- M. Discount--The interest deducted in advance from the total amount borrowed
- N. Down payment--An amount of money paid on the purchase price of an item at the time of purchase
- O. Endorser--A person who signs a note and is responsible for payment if the original borrower does not pay
- P. Finance charge--The amount of money that a merchant charges to cover his cost of handling a particular credit account



- Installment buying. The method of purchasing merchandise and promising to make weekly, monthly, or sometimes annual payments on it
- R. Mortgage-Something of value pledged to insure payment of a loan
- S. Open charge account--The method of purchase whereby the seller agrees to let the buyer purchase what he wants during an "open" period and pay in full at the end of the period
- T. Proceeds--The net amount of money one receives from a loan; often the discount is subtracted from the principal
- U. Promissory note--A written promise to repay borrowed money at a definite time
- V. Receipt--A written acknowledgment that money, goods, or services have been received
- W. Repossess--The taking back of merchandise that was sold on credit if payments were not made as agreed
- X. Retail credit bureau--An organization which keeps records on persons in a community who have done business on credit with local firms
- Y. Security-Something of value pledged to insure payment of a loan
- Z. Uncollectible account--The amounts owed by credit customers who do not pay their bills

II. Guidelines for using credit

- A. Use credit for items which have a higher price than one can afford with one or two paychecks
- B. Use credit for goods which have a long useful life
- C. Use individual income as a guide on which to base credit
- Make a large down payment, reduce monthly payments, and lower interest
- E. Estimate future income and expense before using credit
- F. Avoid temptation in using credit after one item has been paid off
- III. The six C's that count for credit (Transparency 1)
 - A. Character--A sincere attitude for paying bills
 - B. Capacity--An ability to repay



- C. Capital--Owning more than one's debt
- D. Conditions--Satisfying agreements between the parties
- E. Collateral--Possessions set aside as security for debts
- F. Common sense--Ability to use credit wisely

(NOTE: "These six C's Count for Credit" might be explained as each of the six C's is important. Use the above definitions together and they make a good credit risk.)

- IV. Basic classifications of consumer credit
 - A. Loan credit
 - B. Installment credit
- V. Noninstallment credit sales plans
 - A. Open charge account
 - B. Budget account
 - C. Revolving charge account
 - D. Travel plans
 - E. Bank credit card.
 - F. Teen-age account
- VI. Single-payment loan cost
 - A. Calculated on percentage
 - B. Interest stated in dollar terms
 - C. Straight time
 - D. Formula: Principal x Rate x Time

Example: Bob borrowed \$500 from the bank at 5% interest for 24 months

500 x .05 x 2 25 x 2 \$50 interest

VII. Installment loan cost

- A. Calculated on unpaid balance
- B. Calculated each month
- C. Increases cost of loan

Example:

Bob borrowed \$500 and he must pay back \$25 a month for 24 months

\$500 - \$25 x 24 \$660 - \$500 \$160 interest

VIII. Truth-In-Lending Act (a disclosure law)

- A. Passed in 1968
- B. Affects all businesses which extend credit
- C. Discloses annual rate of interest
- D. Discloses annual amount of dollars
- E. Discloses total number of dollars paid as finance charge
- F. Informs of disclosure before signing

Use Credit Wisely

ERIC Full Text Provided by ERIC

Six "C's" That Count For Credit

Capacity

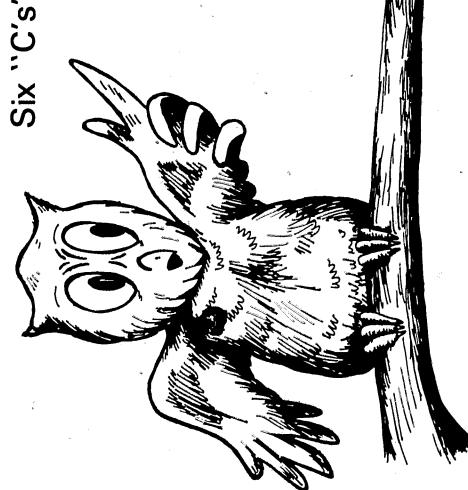
Character

Capital Conditions

.

Collateral

Common Sense



295

CREDIT UNIT II

ASSIGNMENT SHEET #1-CALCULATE INTEREST RATES

- 1. Calculate the cost of borrowing on single-payment loan in the following problems.
 - a. \$300 at 6% interest for 20 months
 - b. \$100 at 6% for 6 months
 - c. \$500 at 10% interest for 20 months
- 2. Calculate the cost of borrowing on installment loan in the following problems.
 - a. \$300 to be paid back at \$19.24 per month for 20 months
 - b. \$100 to be paid back at \$18.15 per month for 6 months
 - c. \$500 to be paid back at \$30.92 per month for 20 months

CREDIT UNIT II •

ANSWERS TO ASSIGNMENT SHEET #1

- 1. a. \$30.00
 - b. \$3.00
 - c. \$83.33
- 2. a. \$84.80
 - b. \$8.90
 - c. \$118.40

CREDIT UNIT II

TEST

	- 6		
1.	Match the following terms to the	correct	definition.
	a. Credit	1.	Something of value
	b. Debtor		pledged to insure payment of a loan
	c. Security	2.	A promise to pay at a future time for something of value
	d. Capacity		that is received now
	e. Discount	3.	The method of purchase whereby the seller agrees
	f. Finance charge	*	to let the buyer purchase what he wants during an
	g. Proceeds		"open" period and pay in full at the end of the
	h. Open charge account		period period
	i. Installment buying	4.	A form generally used to show charges for services
	j. Bill	5.	The net amount of money one
	:		receives from a loan after the discount is subtracted from the principal
	in the second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second	. 6.	One who borrows and promises to pay later
		7.	The method of purchasing merchandise and promising to make weekly, monthly, or sometimes annual payments on it
ı		8.	The factor in credit that has to do with a customer's ability to earn
	•	9.	The amount of money that a merchant charges to cover his cost of handling a particular credit account
•	•	10.	The interest deducted in advance from the total

2.	Write foui	guidelin	es for u	sing cre	dit.		4	•	
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3. °	List the si	× C's and	define	each in	the fol	lowing	phrase:	"These six	c C's Count
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4.	Name the	two basi	c classifi	cations	of cons	sumer (credit.		y
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f.

- 6. Calculate the difference in the cost of borrowing on
 - a. Single-payment loan
 - b. Installment loan .

in the following problem:

Mr. Bill Right can borrow \$150 for 6 months at 10 percent interest and repay the principal and the interest at the end of the 6 months; or he can borrow \$150 and repay it in 6 monthly payments of \$25 plus the interest.

7. Discuss the Truth-In-Lending Act.

CREDIT UNIT II

ANSWERS TO TEST

- 1. a. 2
 - b. 6
 - c. 1
 - d. 8
 - e. 10
 - f. 9
 - g. 5
 - h. 3
 - i. 7
 - j. 4
- 2. Any four of the following:
 - a. Use credit for items which have a higher price than one can afford to pay with one or paychecks
 - b. Use credit for goods which have a long useful life
 - c. Use individual income as a guide on which to base credit
 - d. Make a large down payment, reduce monthly payments, and lower interest
 - e. Estimate future income and expenses before using credit
 - f. Avoid temptation in using credit after one item has been paid off
- 3. a. Character--A sincere attitude for paying bills
 - b. Capacity--An ability to repay
 - c. Capital--Owning more than one's debt
 - d. Conditions--Satisfying agreements between the parties
 - e. Collateral--Possessions set aside as security for debts
 - f. Common sense--Ability to use credit wisely



- 4. a. Loan credit
 - b. Installment credit
- 5. a. Open charge account
 - b. Budget account
 - c. Revolving charge account
 - d. Travel plans
 - e. Bank credit card
 - f. Teen-age account
- 6. a. Single-payment loan

Cost: \$7.50

$$\frac{150}{1}$$
 × $\frac{10}{100}$ × $\frac{6}{12}$

$$\frac{150}{1}$$
 x $\frac{1}{10}$ x $\frac{1}{2}$ = \$7.50

- b. Installment loan cost: \$26.25
- 7. Discussion should include the following:
 - a. Passed in 1968
 - b. Affects all businesses which extend credit
 - c. Discloses annual rate of interest
 - d. Discloses annual amount of dollars
 - e. Discloses total number of dollars paid as finance charge
 - f. Informs of disclosure before signing

BANKING SERVICES UNIT III

TERMINAL OBJECTIVE

After completion of this unit, the student should be able to match terms and definitions, name advantages of having a checking account, describe the types of checking accounts, identify the types of endorsements, and demonstrate the ability to use checking account forms. This knowledge should be evidenced through demonstration and by scoring eighty-five percent on the unit test.

SPECIFIC OBJECTIVES

After completion of this unit, the student should be able to:

- 1. Match ten terms associated with checking accounts with their definitions.
- 2. Name two advantages of having a checking account.
- 3. List the two types of checking accounts.
- 4. Demonstrate the ability to use a checking account by correctly filling out:
 - a. A signature card.
 - b. Deposit slips.
 - c. Check stubs.
 - d. Checks.
 - e. A bank reconciliation form.
 - f. Endorsements of checks when given the type of endorsement.



BANKING SERVICES UNIT III

SUGGESTED ACTIVITIES

- I. DE Teacher-Coordinator:
 - A. Provide students with objective sheet.
 - B. Provide students with information and assignment sheets.
 - C. Discuss terminal and specific objectives.
 - D. Discuss information and assignment sheets.
 - E. Invite a guest speaker from a bank.
 - F. Arrange field trip to a local bank.
 - 1. If a group tour is impossible, perhaps two or three people could make this visit and report to the class.
 - 2. If there is more than one bank in the community, a comparison might be made between their services.
 - G. Give test.

(NOTE: Consult audio visual supplement for suggested films.)

- II. Students:
 - A. Read objective sheet.
 - B. Study information sheet.
 - C. Complete assignment sheets.
 - D. Take a field trip to a local bank.
 - E. Take test.

INSTRUCTIONAL MATERIALS

- I. Included in this unit
 - A. -Objective-sheet
 - B. Information sheet



- C. Assignment sheets
 - 1. Assignment Sheet #1--Endorsing Checks
 - 2. Assignment Sheet #2--Individual Checking Account
- D. Answers to assignment sheets *
- E. Test
- F. Answers to test

II. References:

- A. Parsky, Larry M. *Mathematics for Everyday Living, Book VII*. Johnstown, Pennsylvania: Mafex Associates, Inc., Box 519, 1969.
- B. Alft, Elmer C. Your Oklahoma Banks. Oklahoma City, Oklahoma: Oklahoma Bankers' Association.

III. Optional teaching aids--Pamphlets

- A. Teacher's Guide to Banking
- B. Student's Guide to Banking
- C. Using Bank Services
- D. The Story of American Banking
- E. Personal Money Management

(NOTE: The five booklets above are available in quantity through your local commercial banker he will order from Oklahoma Bankers' Association, 643 N.E. 41, Oklahoma City, Oklahoma 73102.)

F. Know Your Money, Treasury Department, U.S. Secret Service.

(NOTE: For sale by the Superintendent of Documents, Government Printing Office, Washington, D.C. 20402.)

G. 4000 Years of Banking, The National Cash Register Company, Dayton, Ohio.

BANKING SERVICES UNIT III

INFORMATION SHEET

I. Terms and definitions

- A. Account--A record of all financial transactions and the dates; shows the current balance
- B. Account number--Numerical identification given to a bank account
- C. Balance--Amount of money in a checking account
- D. Bank statement--Bank's record of deposits made and checks drawn (cashed) against the checking account
- E. Check-Written order presented to a person's bank to pay money to someone else
- F. Checking account—An account where a depositor may write checks against money on deposit in the account
- G. Currency-Paper money
- H. Deposit-To put money into a checking account
- I. Endorse--Payee puts his signature on the back of the check so he can cash it
- J. Endorsement-Payee's signature on the back of the check
- K. Payee--Person, firm, or organization to whom the check is made out
- L. Service charge-Cost charged by the bank for maintaining the checking account
- M. Abbreviated date.-The month is written either as a word abbreviation or a number abbreviation

II. Advantages of having a checking account

- A. Money can be lost or stolen, but a check can have payment stopped
- B. Bills can be paid by mail
- C. A check can be written for any amount of money in the checking account
- D. Canceled checks serve as proof of payment
- E. Checks can only be cashed when properly endorsed



- III. Types of checking accounts
 - A. Individual
 - 1. Only one person can legally write checks
 - 2. Usually used by single people
 - B. Joint
 - 1. Two or more persons can legally write checks
 - 2. Most common with married people
- IV. Signature card
 - A. Must be filled before you open a checking account
 - B. Procedure
 - 1. Print full name on line 1
 - 2. Print address on line 2
 - 3. Print name of the place where you work on the first part of line 3
 - 4. Write signature on the second part of line 3; same signature should be used in writing all checks
 - 5. If opening a joint account, the other person must print his place of employment and write his signature on line 4
 - 6. Print name and address on lines 5, 6, 7, and 8 the way you want your name and address to appear on all checks, if you want specially printed checks

_	Example.	*
		ACCOUNT NUMBER 0031-2555-1
(1)	NAME Doe, Robert A.	Doe, Martha J.
(2)	ADDRESS 1456 West Brum.	Big Town, Okthona 12345
(¹ 5)	EMPLOYMENT Machine Tool Co. 15 North St., Big Town, Okla. EMPLOYMENT	* Robert a Doe
(4)	EMPLOYMENT Smith Variety Store 4207 Main St., Big Town, Ohla.	x Martha J. Doc
/e.\	ACCOUNT CAPTION AND ADDRESS S. Robert A. Doe	•
(5) (6)	6. Martha J. Doe	The First National Bank authorizes to recognize the above signature (s) in payment of funds or transactions or other business.
(7) (8)	7. 1450 West Bryan	actions of other phainess.
(0)	8. Big Town, OKla. 12345	



V. Deposit slip

A. Fill out in order to put cash or checks in checking-account.

B. Procedure

- 1. Print full name on line 1
- 2. Print address on line 2
- 3. Print account number on line 3 (assigned by the bank)
- 4. Print the date on line 4
- 5. Put the amount of paper money where "currency" is printed
- 6. Put the amount of cents where "coin" is printed
- 7. List each check separately on the lines where "checks" is printed
- 8. Add the total amount of money deposited (currency, coin, and checks) and place this answer on line 8
- 9. If the bank teller is to give you back some money, he must list this amount of money on line 9.
- 10. To get the total of the deposit, the teller, must subtract the amount on line 5 from line 4 and write the total deposit on line 10

Example:

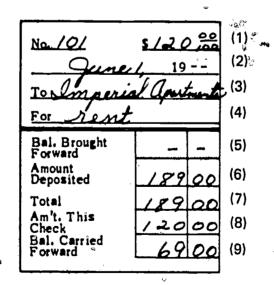
Deposit To The Account Of		DOLLARS	CENTS
	CURRENCY	48	00
Robert A. Doe	COIN		75
1456 West Bryan, Big Town, Okla.	CHECKS	286	24
ACCOUNT Checks and other items are received			<u> </u>
NUMBER 0031-2555-1 for deposit subject to the terms and conditions of this bank's collection agreement	TOTAL OF	334	99
,	LESS CASH RECEIVED	-	
DEPOSITED IN	AMOUNT OF DEPOSIT	334	99
FIRST NATIONAL BANK			
Detroit, Michigan			}

VI. Check stub

- A. One's record of money deposited or spent
- B. Should be filled out before the check is written

C. Procedure

- 1. Write the check number and the amount of the check on the top line
- 2. Write the date
- 3. Write the name of the person or company (payee) to whom the check is written
- 4. Write the purpose of the payment
- 5. Enter the balance of the checking account("Balance Carried Forward" from the previous check stub) after the printed "Balance Brought Forward"
- 6. If a deposit was made, enter the amount after "Amount Deposited"
- 7. To get total, add "Amount Deposited" to "Balance Brought Forward"
- 8. Enter the amount for the check after "Amount This Check"
- 9. To get "Balance Carried Forward" subtract "Amount This Check" from the "Total"



VII. Check

- A. Pill out, sign, and remove from the stub
- B. Use ink, write legibly, and do not mark over

(NOTE: If you make a mistake, tear up the check and start over void that stub.)

C. Procedure

- 1. Number your checks in order
 - a. Helps keep them in order
 - b. Helps identify lost or stolen checks
- 2. Write the date; this should be the date the check is written
- 3. Write the name of the payee after the printed words, "Pay to the Order of"
- 4. Write the numerical amount close to the dollar sign
- Write the amount in words beginning as far to the left as possible (NOTE: The numerical amount and the amount in words must be the same.)
- 6. Write your legal signature at the bottom right of the check (NOTE: This signature must be the same as the one written on the signature card.)

No. 10.2	\$169.70	FIRST NATIONAL BANK	1
Tune	10, 19	- Qune 10 19	(2
For Car in	Jakil Amel	PAY TO THE FLY D	(3
Bal. Brought Forward Amount	4,900	One hundred sette neve and the Dollars] (2 (!
Deposited Total Am't. This	3 2 9 93 3 4 9 93	Robert A. Sammuels Rita Sammuels	
Check Bal. Carried Forward	169 70	Account No. Robert a Semmuela	(6



VIII. Reconciling the bank statement

- A. Bank statement sent out each month with the canceled checks paid during that month
- B. Should be compared with your records
- C. Procedure
 - 1. Arrange canceled checks in numerical order--101, 102, 103, etc.
 - 2. Match each check with the check stub
 - a. Compare the amount on the check with the amount on the check stub to make sure they are the same
 - b. Place a check mark on each stub that has a canceled check
 - 3. Stubs without checks mean that the bank has not received the checks yet
 - a. These are called "outstanding" checks
 - b. List and total these on the bank reconciliation form
 - 4. If all deposits were not shown on the statement, total these and write this total on the bank reconciliation form
 - 5. Write down on the bank reconciliation the check stub balance from the last check stub
 - 6. Follow the procedures outlined on the bank reconciliation form
 - 7. The "corrected check stub balance" and the "corrected bank statement balance" on the bank reconciliation form should be the same amount

(NOTE: If these two amounts are not the same and your computation is correct, then the bank should be notified immediately to check for an error in their records.)



EXAMPLE:

· BANK STATEMENT

Balance	Deposits	Checks	-	harge	Present Balar		
Previous	+ -		<u>-</u>	ervice			
				Deposits	Checks		
be g	(x)			2	8		
			!	NUM	BER -		
Hunning	ten Weeds, Michigan				5-31-69		
Mr. and Mrs. Allan R. Sweet 2131 Brooks Road				ACCOUNT NUMBER 0031-2211-6 STATEMENT PERIOD			

BANK RECONCILIATION FORM					
I.	CHECK STUB BALANCE	\$ 45.94			
	A. Less Service Charge	\$			
	B. Corrected Check Stub Balance (Subtract Service Charge From The Check Stub Balance.)	\$ <u>45 /</u>			
11.	BANK STATEMENT BALANCE	\$			
	A. Total Outstanding Deposits	\$			
	B. (Add Outstanding Deposits To Bank Statement Balance.)	<u>عباد پی تینوب</u> .			
	C. Less Outstanding Checks:				
	No\$				
	No				
	No\$	• ,			
	Total Outstanding Checks	\$			
	D. Corrected Bank Statement Balance (Subtract Total Outstanding Check Total From Answer B).	\$ <u></u>			

IX. Types of endorsements

A. Blank endorsement

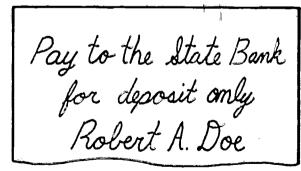
- 1. Payee signs his signature on the top of the back of the check
- 2. If lost, the check could be cashed by the finder just by adding his endorsement

Example:



B. Restrictive endorsement

- .1. Made when a check is to be deposited into an account
- 2. Write at the top of the back of the check "Pay to the (name of the bank) for deposit only" and then sign name
- 3. If lost, no one can cash this check because it can only be deposited into the payee's account



C. Full endorsement

- 1. Payment of the check is made only to a specific person or company
- 2. If lost, the check cannot be cashed by the finder
- 3. Write at the top of the back of the check "Pay to the order of (name of person or company)" and sign name

Example:

Pay to the order of Mary Doe Robert A. Doe

BANKING SERVICES UNIT III

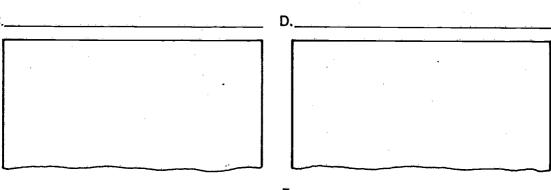
ASSIGNMENT SHEET #1-ENDORSING CHECKS

1. In the blank under each endorsement below, write the kind of endorsement shown. (Blank, restrictive, or full)

Pay to the order of Martha Doe First National Bank for deposit only Marvin Cantrell Pay to the order of Jean Smith Pay to the order of Harris Drug Casper Payne Elen Hall Pay to the order of Carter Electric Co. Robert Doe Connie Day Pay to the Federal Pay to the order of John Edwards Lavings and Loan
For deposit only
C. Flowers Ellis Matthews

ASSIGNMENT SHEET #1

- 2. Endorse the checks below as indicated and in the space under each check write the kind of endorsement.
 - a. Pay to the City Bank for deposit only, Paul Price
 - b. Pay to the order of Sam Coffey, Charles Hughes
 - c. Jack L. Brown
 - d. Pay to the order of Best's Department Store, Bob L. Alexander
 - e. Pay to the National Savings and Loan Association for deposit only, Howard Kirk



BANKING SERVICES UNIT III

ASSIGNMENT SHEET #2-INDIVIDUAL CHECKING ACCOUNT

 Gary Jones wants to open an individual checking account. Use the following information to fill out a signature card:

NĂME: Gary M. Jones

ADDRESS: 12 Pryor Drive, Elkburg, Oklahoma 43210

PLACE OF EMPLOYMENT: Harry's Auto Sales, 1114 West Seventh, Elkburg, Oklahoma 43210

ACCOUNT NO.: 1002-4444-7

- 2. Fill out the necessary forms deposit slips, check stubs, and checks for Mr. Jones as follows:
 - a. On October 1, 197_, Gary M. Jones deposited \$15.00 in currency, \$.43 in coin, and checks for \$102.14 and \$12.52.
 - b. Mr. Jones wrote a check for \$75.50 for a car payment to Westwood Loan Company on October 1, 197. This is check no. 101.
 - c. Dr. Ralph Lewis received a check for \$15.00 for an office call on October 2, 197.
 - d. On October 5, 197, Mr. Jones wrote a check to Smith's Garage for car repair in the amount of \$20.75.
 - e. On October 8, 197_, Mr. Jones deposited \$10.00 in currency and a check for \$103.52.
 - f. Mr. Jones wrote a check to Federal Oil Company for \$13.96 for payment of bill on October 9, 197_.
 - g. On October 12, 197_, Mr. Jones wrote a check to Glen's Service Station for an oil and filter change. The check was for \$7.75.
 - h. Mr. Jones bought a coat from Black's Men's Wear on October 14, 197_. He wrote a check for \$29.95.
 - i. On October 15, 197_, Mr. Jones wrote a check to Flynn's Department Store for \$32.12. He bought some shirts.
 - j. Mr. Jones had to have new lenses for his eye glasses on October 20, 197_, he wrote a check to Oklahoma Optical Company for \$24.00 for these lenses.

ASSIGNMENT SHEET #2

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ASSIGNMENT SHEET #2

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ASSIGNMENT SHEET #2

3. Mr. Jones received this bank statement. Reconcile his check stub balance with the bank statement balance on the bank reconciliation form.

(NOTE: Use information from part 1 and 2 of Assignment Sheet #2.)
BANK STATEMENT

	FIRS	T NATIONAL I	BANK			
12 Pry	ary M. Jones or Drive g, Oklahoma	43210		1002-4 STATEME 10-1-7_	T NUMBER 1444-7 INT PERIOD 10-31-7 MBER 7 Checks	
Previous Balance	Deposits	Checks	_	ervice harge	Present Balar	ice
\$.00	\$243.61	\$219.03 °		\$.50	\$24.08	
p	LEASE EXAMINE AT	ONCE, REPORT AN	Y ERRO	OR DIRECTLY		

BANK RECONCILIATION FORM					
1.	CHECK STUB BALANCE	\$	-		
	A. Less Service Charge	\$			
	B. Corrected Check Stub Balance (Subtract Service Charge From The Check Stub Balance.)	"	\$		
11.	BANK STATEMENT BALANCE	\$	- ;		
	A. Total Outstanding Deposits	\$	_		
	B. (Add Outstanding Deposits To Bank Statement Balance.)	\$	-		
	C. Loss Outstanding Checks:				
	No * _\$		4		
	No\$				
	No\$				
	Total Outstanding Checks	\$			
	D. Corrected Bank Statement Balance (Subtract Total Outstanding Check Total From Answer B).	., ,	\$		

BANKING SERVICES UNIT III

ANSWERS TO ASSIGNMENT SHEETS

Assignment Sheet # 1

- 1. a. Blank
 - b. Restrictive
 - c. Full
 - d. Full
 - e. Full
 - f. \Blank
 - g. Restrictive
 - h. Full
- 2. a. Restrictive
 - b. Full
 - c. Blank
 - d. Full
 - e. Restrictive
 - f. Blank

Assignment Sheet # 2

· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	<u> </u>		
ACCOUNT NUM	IBER /002 -	4444-7	
NAME Gary M. Jones			
ADDRESS 12 Proper Stave Clabera O	Slahoma	43210	
Harris Cuto Sales X Sar			્ક
EMPLOYMENT SIGNATURE	y //). Jos	ter.	
x			
ACCOUNT CAPTION AND ADDRESS		•	
5 The First 6 the above signactions or of	National Bank au mature (s) in payn her business.	thorizes to rec sent of funds or	ognize trans-
8,	-		÷
2.	•	· · ·	, - ,
Deposit To The Account Of		DOLLARS	CENTS
Gares M. Sones	CURRENCY COIN	15	43
2 Grear the Claberg Oblatione 43		114	66
ACCOUNT NUMBER 1003 - 4444 - 7 Checks and other items are received for deposit subject to the terms and	a.		
Date October 197 agreement	TOTAL OF		-
Unite Occupied 14	ABOVE ITEMS LESS CASH RECEIVED	130	09
DEPOSITED IN	AMOUNT OF DEPOSIT	130	09
FIRST NATIONAL BANK Detroit, Michigan			
		<u>.</u>	
Deposit To The Account Of		DOLLARS	CENTS
Deposit to the Account of	CURRENCY		00
Fren M. Jones	COIN		00
12 Auger Brive Classer Glehema	433/CHECKS	103	152
ACCOUNT NUMBER 1002-4444-7 Checks and other items are received for deposit subject to the terms and conditions of this bank's collection.	92 ·		
Date Ctope 8 197 agreement	TOTAL OF ABOVE ITEMS		
	LESS CASH RECEIVED	113	52
DEPOSITED IN	AMOUNT OF DEPOSIT	213	52
FIRST NATIONAL BANK	1	e.	
Detroit, Michigan	<u> </u>		



NO DI 675.50 CATE DEC. 1.67 TO HEATTWARD TO LEAR PROMERT ALL MOST FORD MAIN MISSING 1012 1012 AND TOTAL PROMERT AND TOTAL MAIN TRACKING MAIN TRAC	Boulder Bank and Trust Company Tulsa Onla Cct. / 197 86-1263 1062 Par to the Sectional Oran Company \$ 25,50 Cheventy- Live and 500 Dollars 1: 106 2 m 1 26 31:
MO 000 8 8 00 CATE (CT 02 07) TO MA . Religible FOR	Boulder Bank and Tolsa. Onla. Oct. 2 197 86-1263 DAY TO THE OR Ralph Series \$15.00 DOLLARS 1: 20 6: 21: 26:31:
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BANK STATEMENT

FIRST NATIONAL BANK ACCOUNT NUMBER Mr. Gary M. Jones 12 Pryor Drive 1002-4444-7 STATEMENT PERIOD Elkburg, Oklahoma 43210 10-1-7_- 10-31-7 NUMBER 2 7 Daposits Checks Previous Balance Service Deposits Checks Present Balance Charge \$.00 \$243.61 \$219.03 \$.50 PLEASE EXAMINE AT ONCE. REPORT ANY ERROR DIRECTLY TO OUR AUDITOR WITHIN FIVE (5) DAYS.

BANK RECONCILIAT	tion form
I. CHECK STUB BALANCE	\$ <u>24.58</u>
A. Less Service Charge	\$,50
B. Corrected Check Stub Balance (Subtract Service Charge From The Check Stub Balance.)	\$ <u>24.08</u>
II. BANK STATEMENT BALANCE	\$ 24.08
A. Total Outstanding Deposits	\$.00
B. (Add Outstanding Deposits To Bank Statement Balance,)	\$
C. Less Outstanding Checks:	
No\$, j
No\$	
• No	•
Total Outstanding Checks	\$.00
D. Corrected Bank Statement Balance (Subtract Total Outstanding Check Total From Answer B).	\$ <u>24.08</u>

BANKING SERVICES UNIT III

TEST

Match these terms to the correct definition in the blank.	definition. \	Write the number of the correc
a. Account	1.	An account where a depositor may write checks
b. Account number		against money on deposit in the account
c. Balance		
d. Bank statement	2.	Cost charged by the bank for maintaining the checking account
e. Check		account
f. Checking account	3.	To put money into a checking account
g. Deposit	4.	Amount of money in a checking account
h. Endorse	5.	Numerical identification
i. Endorsement	J.	given to a bank account
j. Service charge	6.	Payee's signature on the back of the check
	7.	A record of all financial transactions and the dates; shows the current balance
	8.	Bank's record of deposits made and checks drawn
9 · · ·	e v	(cashed) against the checking account
	• 9.	Payee puts his signature
		on the back of the check so he can cash it
U	10.	Written order presented to a person's bank to pay money to someone else

2.	Name	two	advantages	of	having	а	checking	account
4 .	Hairie	LAAC	auvantayes	U	Having	а	- CHECKING	account

a.

b.

3. List the two types of checking accounts.

a.

b.

4. Demonstrate the ability to use a checking account by correctly filling out:

- a. A signature card.
- b. Deposit slips.
- c. Check stubs.
- d. Checks.
- e. A bank reconciliation form.
- f. Endorsements of checks when given the type of endorsement.

(NOTE: This is to be completed prior to the test by using Assignment Sheets #1* and #2.)

BANKING SERVICES UNIT III

ANSWERS, TO TEST

- 1. a. 7 °
 - b. 5
 - c. 4
 - d. 8
 - e. 10
 - f.
 - a. 3
 - h q
 - i. 6
 - j. 2
- 2. Any two of the following:
 - a. Money can be lost or stolen, but a check can have payment stopped
 - b. Bills can be paid by mail
 - c. A check can be written for any amount of money in the checking account
 - d. Canceled checks serve as proof of payment
 - e. Checks can only be cashed when properly endorsed
- 3. a. Individual account
 - b. Joint account
- 4. Performance skills will be evaluated to the satisfaction of DE teacher-coordinator.

GENERAL INSURANCE UNIT IV

TERMINAL OBJECTIVE

After completion of this unit, the student should be able to discuss in writing general information concerning types of insurance. He should also be able to discuss the different types of automobile insurance available and additional coverage available. Knowledge of this information will be evidenced by a score of eighty-five percent on the unit test.

SPECIFIC OBJECTIVES

After completion of this unit, the student should be able to:

- 1. Match terms associated with insurance to the correct definition.
- 2. List two common types of insurance.
- 3. Select from a list those items that are basic concepts of insurance.
- 4. Name two types of life insurance.
- 5. List the three standard types of protection in automobile insurance.
- 6. Select from a list those items that are true of automobile insurance.
- 7. Name the six basic coverages under standard automobile insurance.
- 8. Select from a list facts about liability insurance.
- 9. Select from a list those items that deal with collision automobile insurance.
- 10. Select from a list those items that deal with comprehensive automobile insurance.
- 11. List three facts about uninsured motorist insurance.
- 12. List three of the four facts about classification of drivers.
- 13. List three ways to save on automobile insurance.



GENERAL INSURANCE UNIT IV

SUGGESTED ACTIVITIES

- I. DE Teacher-Coordinator:
 - A. Provide students with objective sheet.
 - B. Provide students with information sheet.
 - C. Discuss terminal and specific objectives.
 - D. Discuss information sheet.
 - E. Have guest speaker on insurance.
 - F. Give test. 🛫 🔑 🐉

(NOTE: Consult audio visual supplement for suggested film.)

- II. Student
 - A. Read objective sheet.
 - B. Study information sheet.
 - C. Take test.

INSTRUCTIONAL MATERIALS

- I. Included in this unit:
 - A. Objective sheet
 - B. Information sheet
 - C. Test
 - D. Answers to test
- II. References:
 - A. Oklahoma Cooperative Vocational Education Course of Study. Stillwater, Oklahoma: State Department of Vocational and Technical Education, Curriculum and Instructional Materials Center, 1972.



- B. A Teacher's Guide for Insurance: A Business and Office Curriculum Project.
 Department of Vocational Education, Colorado State University, Fort Collins, Colorado, 1971.
- C. 1972 Life Insurance Fact Book. Institute of Life Insurancee, 277 Park Avenue, New York, New York, 1971.
- D. Huebner-Block-Cline. *Property and Liability Insurance*. Seventh Edition. New York: Appleton-Century-Crofts, 1968.

GENERAL INSURANCE UNIT IV

INFORMATION SHEET

1. Terms and definitions

- A. Application-A statement of information made by a person applying for insurance
- B. Beneficiary-The person named in the policy to receive proceeds at death of insured.
- C. Policy--The document stating terms of contract that is issued to policyholder by company
- D. Premium--The payment or consideration one makes as policyholder agreed to in policy for insurance
- E. Liability--When one is negligent and therefore liable for injury or damage caused to someone else
- F. Collision-Insurance pays for damage to one's car regardless of the burden of negligence
- G. Comprehensive-Insures auto against glass breakage, fire, theft, and all weather elements
- H. Uninsured motorist--Coverage for holder to recover loss for bodily injury caused by a person having no liability insurance
- II. Common types of insurance
 - A. Life
 - B. Automobile
- III. Basic concepts of insurance
 - A. Shares economic loss
 - B. Spreads risk over a large group
 - C. Each person pays a small portion of each loss
 - D. Replaces value only



INFORMATION SHEET

- IV. Types of life insurance
 - A. Term--Provides protection for life
 - B. Permanent
 - 1. Cash value
 - 2. Loan value
 - 3. Assurance of having coverage at advanced age
- V. Three standard types of protection in automobile insurance
 - A. Liability--Very important to have
 - B. Collision--Can get \$50 or \$100 deductible
 - C. Comprehensive--Can get \$50 or \$100 deductible
- VI. Items that are true of automobile insurance
 - A. Responsibility to other property as well as to one's car
 - B. Reduces jeopardizing future income
 - C. Only way most people can protect themselves against automobile risk
 - D. Company assumes responsibility for settling claims
- VII. Basic coverages under standard automobile insurance
 - A. Body injury liability
 - B. Property damage liability
 - C. Medical payments
 - D. Comprehensive physical damage
 - E. Collision
 - F. Protection against uninsured motorist
- VIII. Facts about liability insurance
 - A. Protects one regardless of who is at fault
 - B. Pays for damage to others when one is at fault



INFORMATION SHEET

- C. Compulsory in some states
- D. Sold by casualty companies
- E. Ninety percent of all claims settled out of court
- F. 10/20/10--25/50/25--100/300/100

(NOTE: First number refers to thousands of dollars company will pay for injury to one person. Second number refers to amount paid for injuries resulting from one accident. Third number refers to amount paid for property damage.)

- G. Damage to owner's car not covered
- H. Cost varies from one area to another
- IX. Items that deal with collision automobile insurance
 - A. Pays damage to automobile
 - B.. Need not be at fault to collect
 - C. Premium depends on make and model of car
- X. Items that deal with comprehensive automobile insurance
 - A. Damage to owner's car is covered such as glass breakage, fire, and theft
 - B. Premium depends on make and model of car
- XI. Uninsured motorist insurance
 - A. One is insured if the other driver has no insurance
 - B. Part of liability policy
 - C. Covers only death or personal injury
- XII. Facts about driver classification
 - A. Poor driving record-Charged more
 - B. Unmarried young male-Highest
 - C. Under 25 years of age-High
 - D. Unmarried young female-High



INFORMATION SHEET

- XIII. Ways to save on automobile insurance
 - A. Safe driver discounts
 - B. Driver education discount
 - C. Two or more cars discount

GENERAL INSURANCE UNIT IV

TEST

1.	Match the following terms to the	correct	definition.
	a. Application	1.	Insures auto against glass
	b. Beneficiary		breakage, fire, theft, and all weather elements
	c. Policy	2.	The document stating terms of contract that is issued
	d. Premium		to policyholder by company
	e. Liability	·3.	When one is negligent and
į.	f. Collision		therefore liable for injury or damage caused to someone else
,	g. Comprehensive		· Clac
*	h. Uninsured motorist	4.	Coverage for holder to recover loss for bodily injury caused by a person having no liability insurance
	₽	5.	A statement of information
	-	e.	made by a person applying for insurance
•		6.	The person named in the
٠	*		policy to receive proceeds at death of insured
		7.	The payment or consideration one makes as policyholder agreed to in policy for insurance
	•	8.	Insurance pays for damage to one's car regardless of the burden of negligence
2.	List two common types insurance.		
	a.		
	b.	****	₩. ·'

3.	Place an "X" in front of those items that are basic concepts of insurance.
	a. Shares economic loss
	b. Spreads risk over long periods of time
	c. Replaces value only
	d. Each person pays a small portion of each loss
4.	List two types of life insurance.
	a. • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •
	b.
5.	List the three standard types of protection in automobile insurance.
	a.
	b.
	c.
6.	Place an "X" in front of those items that are true of automobile insurance.
	a. Only way most people can protect themselves against automobile risk
	b. Company assumes responsibility for settling claims
	c. Reduces future income
*	d. Responsibility to other property as well as to one's car
7.	Name the six basic coverage under standard automobile insurance.
,	a.
	b.
	C. • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •
	d.
	e.
	f.
8.	Place an "X" in front of those items that are facts about liability insurance.
	a. Protects one regardless of who is at fault
	b. Pays for damage to others when one is at fault



-	c. Compulsory in all states
	d. All claims are settled in the courts
	e. Cost varies from one area to the other
9.	Place an "X" in front of the following items which deal with collision automobile insurance.
	a. Pays damage to automobile
	b. Premium same for all automobiles
ŕ	c. Need not be at fault to collect
	d. Pays same amount for each accident
10.	Place an "X" in front of the following items which deal with comprehensive automobile insurance
	a. Glass breakage
	b. Fire
	c. Theft
	d. Collision with other cars
	e. Premium same for all cars
11	List three facts about uninsured motorist insurance
•	a.
	b.
	C
12.	List three of the four facts about classification of drivers.
	a.
	b.
	C.
13.	List three ways to save on automobile insurance.
ب	a.
	b.
	c.

GENERAL INSURANCE UNIT IV

ANSWERS TO TEST

- 1. a. 5
 - b. 。6
 - c. 2
 - d. 7
 - e. 3
 - f. 8
 - g. 1
 - h. 4
- 2. a. Life 🖔
 - b. Automobile
- 3. 🐪 a

C

d

- 4. a. Term
 - b. Permanent
- 5. a. Liability
 - b. Collision
 - c. Comprehensive
- 6. a

b

d

- 7. a. Body injury liability
 - b. Property damage liability
 - c. Medical payments
 - d. Comprehensive physical damage

- e. Collision
- f. Protection against uninsured motorist
- .8.

b

ø

9. a

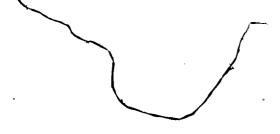
Č

10. a

b

11. a. One is are insured if the other driver has no insurance

- b. Part of liability policy
- c. Covers only death or personal injury
- 12. Any three of the following:
 - a. Poor driving record-Charged more :
 - b. Unmarried young male-Highest
 - c. Unmarried young female-High
 - d. Under 25 years of age-High
- 13. a. Safe driver discounts
 - b. Driver education discount
 - c. Two or more cars discount



WHOLE NUMBERS UNIT I

TERMINAL OBJECTIVE

After completion of this unit, the student should be able to solve problems involving the four basic operations of whole numbers, give the place value of a six digit number, and round off whole numbers up to thousands. This knowledge will be evidenced by scoring eighty-five percent on the unit test.

SPECIFIC OBJECTIVES

After completion of this unit, the student should be able to:

- 1. Identify the parts of subtraction, addition, division, and multiplication problems.
- 2. Name the place values in a six-digit numeral.
- 3. Round five numbers to nearest 10's, 100's, or 1,000's.
- 4. Solve stated problems using the four basic operations.

WHOLE NUMBERS UNIT I

SUGGESTED ACTIVITIES

- I. DE Teacher-Coordinator:
 - A. Provide students with objective sheet.
 - B. Provide students with information and assignment sheets.
 - C. Discuss terminal and specific objectives
 - D. Have students take pre-test. (Assignment Sheet #1)
 - E. Discuss information and assignment sheets.
 - F. Give test.

(NOTE: Consult audio visual supplement for suggested films.)

- II. Student:
 - A. Read objective sheet.
 - B. Take pre-test.
 - C. Study information sheet.
 - D. Take test.

INSTRUCTIONAL MATERIALS

- I. Included in this unit:
 - A. Objective sheet
 - B. Information sheet
 - C. Assignment sheets
 - 1. Assignment Sheet #1--Pre-Test
 - 2. Assignment Sheet #2--Place Value
 - 3. Assignment Sheet #3--Rounding
 - 4. Assignment Sheet #4-Addition



- 5. Assignment Sheet #5--Subtraction
- 6. Assignment Sheet #6--Multiplication
- 7. Assignment Sheet #7-Division
- D. Answers to assignment sheets
- E. Test
- F. Answers to test

II. References:

- A. Spann, Margaret. *Vocational Related Math.* Stillwater, Oklahoma: State Department of Vocational and Technical Education, 1972.
- B. Piper B. Edwin. *Merchandising Mathematics*. Dallas, Texas: South-Western Publishing Company, 1967.

WHOLE NUMBERS

INFORMATION SHEET

1. Terms and definitions

- A. Addends-The numbers that are added together
- B. Sum or total--The answer to an addition problem
- C. Minuend-The number from which another number is being subtracted
- D. Subtrahend--The number which is being subtracted
- E. Difference-The answer to a subtraction problem
- F. Factors--Numbers that are multiplied
- G. Product--The answer to a multiplication problem
- H. Divisor--The number by which you divide
- I. Dividend--The number that is divided
- J. Quotient--The answer to a division problem
- K. Remainder--The number that is left over when division is completed

11. Place value--143,285

- A. 1--Hundred thousands
- B. 4--Ten thousands
- C. 3--Thousands
- D. 2--Hundreds
- E. 8--Tens
- F. 5-Ones or units

III. Rounding numbers-14,827

- A. Nearer ten-14,830
- B. Nearer hundred--14800



6-1

IV. Basic operations

A. 'Addition

Example: 486 21 1213 1720

B. Subtraction

Example: 4017 141 3876

C. Multiplication

Example: 143 49 1287 572 7007

D. Division

Example: 12) 156 12) 36 36 36

, * v#

WHOLE NUMBERS UNIT !

ASSIGNMENT SHEET #1-PRE-TEST

Section Score WHOLE NUMBERS Name

Put answers to problems in the blocks provided.

Add and Check:

- 1. 7 + 3 + 9 + 4 + 8 + 16 = 2. 279 3. 4789 637 6837 738 5393 457 + 4579 962 + 444
- 4. 569397 + 379688

Subtract and Check:

- 5.
 4131
 6.
 38332
 7.
 402302
 8.
 40050

 953
 19049
 91559
 8592
- 9. 238 10. 5698 11. 8030 12. 409 x 8800 = $\frac{x}{79}$ $\frac{x}{209}$ $\frac{x}{90}$ 690

Divide and Check:

13.** 15. 16.

4 7604 9 27648 26 157664 54 96498

ASSIGNMENT SHEET #1

Put answers to problems in the blocks provided.

Add and check:

Subtract and Check:

21.
$$32$$
 22. 23.5 23. 72.519 24. $632 - 2.79 = \frac{-6.17}{2.360}$

Multiply and Check: ,

25. 23.3 26. 1.869 27. 5.766 28. 47.3 x .095 =
$$\frac{\times 4.3}{\times 37}$$
 $\frac{\times 37}{\times 8.01}$

Divide and Check:

WHOLE NUMBERS UNIT I

ASSIGNMENT SHEET #2--PLACE VALUE

1.	Give the place va	lue of each digit in the number 678,924.
	a. 6	
	b 7	
	c. 8	•
	d. 9	
	e. 2	
۰	f. 4	
2.	Give the numeral	for the following word numbers.
	a.	One hundred two
	b.	Three hundred forty-seven
	c.	Thirty-six dollars
	d.	Five thousand four hundred eleven
	e.	Twenty-three thousand forty-one dollars
	f.	Three hundred forty-seven thousand, five hundred eighty-nine

WHOLE NUMBERS UNIT I

ASSIGNMENT SHEET #3-ROUNDING

- 3 1. Round to the nearer ten.
 - a. 35

f. 67,807

b. 326

g. 91,017

c. 468

h. 834

d. 9630

i. 903

e. 475

- j. 678,943
- 2. Round to the nearer hundred.
 - a. 670

f. 68,924

b. 8920

g. 893

c. 4675

h. 4756

d. 91,349

i. 89,204

e. 6793

- j. 8910
- 3. Round to the nearer thousand.
 - a. 6789

f. 89,002

b. 46,572

g. 6734

c. 693,420

h. 56,099

d. 67,900

i. 86,743

e. 86,740

j. 91,900

WHOLE NUMBERS UNIT I

ASSIGNMENT SHEET #4-ADDITION

								•
1. ADD:					•			
1.	2.	3.	4.	5.	6،	V.	7.	8.
16	96	·· 17	34	56	51		36	79
94	14 🐣	21	25	24	37		74	24
71	53	72	51	. 75	42		69	15
39	57	45	18	35	23		41	95
65 <u>15</u>	12 <u>68</u>	21 24	61 <u>1-1</u>	72 <u>38</u>	14 <u>33</u>		28 16	77
15	<u>50</u>	24	1-1.	<u>30</u>	<u> 55</u>		<u> 10</u>	<u>39</u>
9.	10.	11.	12.	. 13.	14.		15.	16.
35	12	33	83	17	25		76	45
12	65	12	27	83	13		34	65
63	33	65	12	10	72		12	26
18	14	67	65	62	81		98	84
31	83	43	33	17	18		39	12
61 45	13	19	67	31	11		71	64
45 12	82 64	91 23	43 15	81 29	72 25		15 81	34 83
23	14	67 67	85 ₋	15	, <u>13</u>		14	<u>27</u>
	<u></u>	<u> </u>		<u></u>	·			
· 17.	18.	19.	20.	21.	22.	23.	24.	
\$18.09	\$10.10	\$ 1.75	\$17.26	\$12.37	\$ 1.27	\$32.46	\$ 6.05	5
.78	1.21	16.29	9.04	1.56	10.48	.74	13.12	
4.46	15.57	1.25	40.76	42.83	. 15.09	1.26	1.98	
12.26 .93	7.75 .09	75.03 8.42	.39	9.03 .72	3.23 .35	16.27 3.45	.19 .46	
.93 .07	30.01	.94	.68 1.39	8.12	9.26	11.92	.84	
17.99	9.96	16.05	11.18	28.11	1.84	4.12	15.13	3
1.24	18.72	.59	18.11	5.39	7.78	.93	17.49)
8.92	12.48	8.27	2.79	.07	19.72	3.17	8.27	
15.55	8.93	13.03	10.06	13.60	12.29	19.18	18.03	3_

2. Complete the following problems, using horizontal and vertical addition:

WHOLE NUMBERS UNIT I

ASSIGNMENT SHEET #5-SUBTRACTION

Subtract:

							•
1,	75 56	2.	84 <u>57</u>	, 3.	4635 3187	4.	. 4178 <u>1539</u>
5.	218 119	6.	983 656	7.	771 289	_8	. 53 - <u>39</u>
9.	74 <u>26</u>	10.	62 29	11.	77 39	12	2. 123 <u>67</u>
13.	111 79	14.	204 	15.	356 178	16	378 179
17.	4890 362	18.	365 209	19.	6720 4890	20.	7650 2312
21.	\$4815 3927		22.	\$51,425 50,535		23.	\$27,312 25,497
24.	\$19,621 	e e	25:	\$6783 2499		26.	\$577 199
27.	\$30,020 		28.	\$75,892 3,475	د	29.	\$167,890 98,002

WHOLE NUMBERS UNIT I

ASSIGNMENT SHEET #6-MULTIPLICATION

Find the product.

Ð	•			
1. °	2.	3.	4.	5.
3245 6	1203 <u>3</u>	2421 <u>4</u>	5103 5	4356 7
6.	7.	8.	9.	10.
481 	3758 6	4256 4	908 <u>6</u>	3497 9
11.	12.	13.	14. 15.	16.
56 <u>54</u>	43 79	62 92	67 79 85 29	89 <u>45</u>
17 .	18.	19.	20. 21.	22.
79 <u>86</u>	86 68	89 <u>59</u>	76 57 36 73	43 <u>98</u>
	**	•		
23.	24.	25.	26.	27.
892 864	719 <u>396</u>	728 830	654 <u>951</u>	913 <u>537</u>
28.	29.	30.	31.	32.
825 619	586 741	483 <u>921</u>	375 <u>381</u>	483 926

WHOLE NUMBERS UNIT I

ASSIGNMENT SHEET #7--DIVISION

Solve the division problems:

- 1. $7)\overline{49}$ 2. $3)\overline{813}$ 3. $4)\overline{48}$
- 4. 3)750

- 5. 5)830
- 2)6704 6.
- 7. 3)1206
- 9)279

- 9. 29)8507
- 10.
- 62)7739
- 11. 28)5212

- 34)5950 12.
- 13.
- 17)8364
- 14. 71)18,318

- 43)10,965 15.
- ୍ୱୀ6. 56)7616
- 17. 92)30,084

- 18. 37)26,679
- 19. 7)4228
- 20. 15)24,090

- 15)4530 21.
- 22.
- 26)52,260
- 23. 13)91,169

- 34)17,238 24.
- 36)10,080 25.
- 26.

- 27. 321)110,424
- 28. 417)12,093
- 29.
- 558)65,844

17)53,040

- 30. 713)161,149
- 31.
- 308)165,432

F

WHOLE NUMBERS UNIT I

ANSWERS TO ASSIGNMENT SHEETS

Assignment Sheet #1

^a 1.	47	• •	12.	3599200	23.	70.159
			12.	3333200	۷۵.	70.159
2.	3517		13.	1901	24.	629.21
3.	21598	**************************************	14.	3072	25.	100.19
4.	949085	•	15.	6064	26.	. 69 . 153
5.	3178		16.	1787	27. * _	46.18566
6.	19283 °		17.	34.28	₃ 28.	4.4935
7.	310743		18.	172.53	29.	.005
8.	31458		19.	78.27	30.	5.46
9.	18802		20.	79.26	31.	20,000
10.	1190882		21.	[°] 25.83	32. _	91.86
11.	5540700		22.	17.49	ŧ	,

Assignment Sheet #2

- 1. a. hundred thousands
 - b. ten thousands
 - c. thousands
 - d. hundreds
 - e. tens
- 🚜 f. ones or units
- 2. a. 102
 - b. 347
 - ç. \$36
 - d. 5,411
 - e. \$23,041
 - f. 347,589

Assignment Sheet #3

- 1. a. 40
 - b. 330
 - c. 470
 - d. 9630°
 - e. 480
- 2. a. 700
 - b. 8900
 - c. 4700
 - d. 91,300
 - e. 6800 .
 - a. 7000
 - b. 47,000
 - ∘c. 693,000
 - d. 68,000
 - e. 87,000
- Assignment Sheet #4
 - 1. 300
 - 2. 300
 - 3. 200
 - 4., 200
 - 5. 300
 - 6. 200
 - 7. 264
 - 8. 329
 - 9. 300
 - 10. 380
 - 11. 420 :
 - 12. 430

- f. 67,810
- g. 91,020
- ħ. 830
- i. 900
- j. 678,940
- f. 68,900
- g. 900
- h. 4800
- i. 89,200
- j. 8900
- f. 89,000
- g. 7000
- h. 56,000
- i. 87,000
- j. 92,000
 - 13. 345
 - 14. 330
 - 15. 440
 - 16. 440
 - 17. \$80.29
- ³18. \$114.82
 - 19. \$141.62
- 20. \$111.66
- 21. \$121.80
- 22. \$81.31
- 23. \$93.50
- 24. \$81.56

2. 1. 193

2. 188

Assignment Sheet #5

1.	19	9:	48	17.	4,528	25.	\$4,284
2.	27	10.	33	18.	156	26.	\$378
3.	1,448	11.	38	19.	1,830	27.	\$20,021
4. ⁻	2,639	12.	56	20]	5,338	28.	\$72,417
.5. ,	99	13.	32	21.	\$888	29.	\$69,888
6.	327	14.	126	. 22.	\$890	ŕ	
7	482	15,	178	23.	\$1,815		ب ر
8.	14	16.	179	24.	\$1,475		4

Assignment Sheet #6

i.	19,470	11. °	3,024	_. 21.	4,161	31.	142,875
2.	3,690	12.	3,397	22.	4,214	32.	447,258
3.	9,684	13.	5,704	23.	770,688		•
4.,	2,5650	14.	5,695	24.	284,724		.
5.	30,492	15.	2,291	25.	604,240		,
6.	3,367	16.	4,005	26.	621,954		
7.	22,548	17.	6,794	, 27.	490,281		
8.	。 17,024	18.	5,848	28.	510,675	•	
9.	5,448	19.	5,251	29.	434,226	. 4	
10.	31,473	20.	2,736	30.	444,843		

24-i

Assignment Sheet #7

[°]14. 258 1. 7 2. 271 15. 255 3. 12 136 16. 4. 250 17. 327 5. 166 18. 721 R 2 6. 3352 19. 604 7. 402 20. 1606 8. 31 21. 302 9. 295 R 15 22. 2010 23. 10. 124 R 51 7013 11. 186 R 4 24. 507 12. 175 25. 280 13. 492 26. 3120°

344

29

118

226 R 11

538 R 272

27.

28.

29.

30.

31.

WHOLE NUMBERS UNIT I

TEST

1.	Identify the parts of the following operations from the list of words. Write the
	number of the correct word in the blank. Some of the words may be used
•	more than once.

364 (a) -298 (b)	a.	1.	Factor
68 (c)	b.	~ 2. _.	Remainder
36 (d) x10 (e)	C.	3.	Sum
360 (f)	d.	4.	Difference
11 (g) 12(j))135 (h)	e.	5.	Divisor
132 3 (i)	. <u> </u>	6.	Minuend
	g.	7.	Subtrahend
789 (k) 340 (k)	h.	8.	Product
1494 (I)	i.	9.	Dividend
	j.	10.	Quotient
:	k.	11.	Addend
*		, •	

- 2. Give the place values in the numeral 602,412.
 - ă. 6--
 - b. 0--
 - c. 2--
 - d. 4--
 - e. 1--
 - f. 2--

- 3. Round:
 - a. 146 to the nearer hundred
 - b. 148,251 to the nearer ten
 - c. 7962 to the nearer thousand
 - d. 485 to the nearer hundred
 - e. 12,421 to the nearer thousand
- 4. Solve the following:
 - a. 367 b. 3526 c. 39,670 2140 <u>- 908</u> 234 <u>672</u> 6,790
 - d. 375 e. 6248 f. 29 609 x23
 - g. 32 6892 h. 36,489 -20,892

WHOLE NUMBERS UNIT I

ANSWERS TO TEST

- 1. a. 6
- g. 10
- b. 7
- h. 9
- c. 4
- i. 2
- d.
- j. 5
- e. 1
- k. 11
- f. 8
- I. 3
- 2. a. Hundred thousands
 - b. Ten thousands
 - c. Thousands
 - d. Hundreds
 - e. Tens
 - f. Units or ones
- 3. a. 100
 - b. 148,250
 - c. 8000
 - d. 500
 - e. 12,000
- 4. a. 3179
 - b. 2618
 - c. 46,694
 - d. 8625
 - e. 2,028,352
 - f. 21
 - g. 215 R 12
 - h. 15,597

TERMINAL OBJECTIVE

After completion of this unit, the student should be able to multiply decimal numbers correctly locating the decimal point in the product. This knowledge should be evidenced by scoring eighty-five percent on the unit test.

SPECIFIC OBJECTIVES

After completion of this unit, the student should be able to:

- 1. Multiply and locate the decimal point in ten stated problems.
- 2. Solve three problems using 10, 100, or 1000 as a factor.



SUGGESTED ACTIVITIES

- I. DE Teacher-Coordinator:
 - A. Provide students with objective sheet.
 - B. Provide students with information and assignment sheets.
 - C. Discuss terminal and specific objectives.
 - D. Discuss information and assignment sheets.
 - E. Give test.
- II. Student:
 - A. Read objective sheet.
 - B. Study information sheet.
 - C. Complete assignment sheets.
 - D. Take test.

INSTRUCTIONAL MATERIALS

- I. Included in this unit:
 - A. Objectives
 - B. Information sheet
 - C. Assignment sheets
 - 1. Assignment Sheet #1-Locating Decimal Points
 - 2. Assignment Sheet #2--Multiplying Decimals
 - 3. Assignment Sheet #3--Multiplying by 10, 100, 1000
 - D. Answers to assignment sheets
 - E. Test
 - F. Answers to test



II. References:

- A. Nelson, Gilbert D., Frank C. Moore, Carl Hamburger, and Philip Becker. General Mathematics for the Shop. Boston, Massachusetts: Houghton-Mifflin Company, 1951.
- B. Brown, Walter C. Basic Mathematics. South Holland, Illinois: Goodheart-Willcox Company, 1968.
- C. Gold, Marvin and Robert E. Carlberg. *Modern Applied Mathematics*. Boston, Massachusetts: Houghton-Mifflin Company, 1971.
- D. Brown, Kenneth E., Daniel W. Sander, and Leonard Simon. General Mathematics, Book I. Dallas, Texas: Laidlaw Brothers, 1964.
- E. Spann, Margaret. Vocational Related Math. revised. Stillwater, Oklahoma: State Department of Vocational and Technical Education, 1972.



MULTIPLYING DECIMALS

INFORMATION SHEET

- 1. Multiplying decimal numerals
 - A. Multiply the same as with whole numbers

(NOTE: In writing the multiplication problems the decimal points do not have to be in column.)

- B. Total the number of decimal places to the right of the decimal point in both of the factors being multiplied
- C. Locate the decimal point by starting at the extreme right digit in the answer and count off as many places to the left as the total of B indicates

197.50045 5 places

2.31 x .014

2.31 2 places

.014 3 places

924

231
.03234 5 places

(NOTE: The zero was added to provide the fifth place as needed.)

- II. Multiplying by -10, 100, or 1000
 - A. Multiplying by 10-Move the decimal point one place to the right Example: 1.45 x 10 = 14.5
 - B. Multiplying by 100-Move the decimal point two places to the right Example: $1.45 \times 100 = 145$
 - C. Multiplying by 1000-Move the decimal point three places to the right Example: $1.45 \times 1000 = 1450$

' (NOTE: A zero had to be added to get the third place.)



ASSIGNMENT SHEET #1-LOCATING DECIMAL POINTS

(NOTE: Total the number of decimal places to the right of the decimal point in both the factors. This total represents the correct number of decimal places in the product.)

Examples:

$$4.2 \times 0.3 = 1.26$$

$$1.4 \times 0.49 = 0.686$$

$$1 + 1 = 2$$
 places

$$1 + 2 = 3$$
 places

- 1. Using the examples above, explain how the decimal point was located in each of these problems.
 - a. $14.7 \times 0.13 = 1.911$
- d. $0.002 \times 15.4 = 0.0308$
- b. $0.07 \times 0.004 = 0.00028$
- e. $15 \times 1.5 = 22.5$
- c. $2.5 \times 7.5 = 18.75$
- f. $0.008 \times 0.9 = 0.072$
- 2. Correctly place the decimal points in these products. Add zeros when needed.
 - a. $224 \times 2.4 = 5376$
- g. $22.4 \times 0.24 = 5376$
- b. $2.24 \times 0.024 = 5376$
- h. 0.0224 x 0.24 = 5376
- c. $0.688 \times 0.45 = 30960$
- i. $68.8 \times 0.45 = 30960$
- d. $6.88 \times 0.45 = 30960$
- j. 6.88 x 4.5 = 30960
- e. $3.61 \times 5.7 = 20577$
- k. $0.361 \times 5.7 = 20577$
- f. $36.1 \times 5.7 = 20577$
- 1. $0.361 \times 0.057 = 20577$

ASSIGNMENT SHEET #2-MULTIPLYING DECIMALS

Directions: Rewrite and multiply these problems. Locate the decimal point in the product.

- 1. $2.64 \times 3.1 =$
- 2. $120 \times .33 =$
- 3. $2.25 \times .51 =$
- 4. 35 x 8.5 =
- 5. $26.4 \times 3.8 =$
- 6. $7.02 \times .92 =$
- 7. .83 x .55 =
- 8. 28.2 x .9 =
- 9. $.069 \times .01 =$
- 10. $7.52 \times 3.01 =$
- 11. $32.1 \times 29.9 =$
- 12. $.168 \times 12 =$
- 13. $78 \times 9.1 =$
- 14. 69.3 x .75 =
- 15. $.043 \times 2.4 =$
- 16. $574 \times .34 =$
- 17. $10.52 \times .54 =$
- 18. $9.06 \times 4.3 =$
- 19. $21.6 \times .3 =$
- 20. 60.1 x 8.2 =

ASSIGNMENT SHEET #3-MULTIPLYING BY 10, 100, 1000

Directions: Multiply these problems.

11.
$$69.239 \times 100 =$$

16.
$$.892 \times 10 =$$

12.
$$5.766 \times 10,000 =$$

13.
$$2,801 \times 10 =$$

18.
$$47.3 \times 100 =$$

19.
$$.0957 \times 100 =$$

ANSWERS TO ASSIGNMENT SHEETS

Assignment Sheet #1/-

1. a.
$$1 + 2 = 3$$

b.
$$2 + 3 = 5$$

c.
$$1+1=2$$

d.
$$3 + 1 = 4$$

e.
$$0 + 1 = 1$$

f.
$$3 + 1 = 4$$

5.376 g,

.05376

h. .005376

.30960

30.960 i.

d. 3.0960

30.960 j.

20.577

k. 2.0577

f. 205.77

.020577 I.

Assignment Sheet #2

959.79 11.

2. 39.60 12. 2.016

3. 1.1475 13. 709.8

4. 297.5

51.975 14.

15. .1032

5. 100.32

6. 6.4584 16. 195.16

7. .4565 17. 5.6808

8. 25.38

38.958 18.

492.82

.00069 9.

6.48 19.

10. 22.6352

20.

Assignment Sheet #31

1.	28,700 . ~	•	11.	6,923.9
2.	.351		12.	57,660
3.	3,099	1 ~	13.	28,010
4.	4,450		14.	816
5.	648	•	15.	810.8
6.	39.67	*	16.	8.92
7.	3,780	•	17.	6,690
8.	6.4		18.	4,730
9.	3.684	6	19.	9.57
10.	.064		20.	617.5

TEST

- 1. Multiply and/or locate the decimal points in these ten problems.
 - a. $2.6 \times 4.7 = 1222$.
 - b. $936 \times .06 = 5634$
 - c. $8.03 \times 9.2 = 73876$
 - d. .119 x .05 595
 - e. $.39 \times .25 = 975$
 - f. 9
 - g. 1.3 98
 - h. 92.07 7.392
 - i. 16 x 1.5 =
 - j. 9.5 x .76 =
- 2. Solve these three problems using 10, 100, or 1000 as a factor.
 - a. 8.76 x 100 =
 - b. $.0816 \times 1000 =$
 - c. 68.4 x 10 =

ANSWERS TO TEST

- 1. a. 12.22
 - b. 56.34
 - c. **73.876**
 - d. .00595
 - e. .0975
 - f. 7.2
 - g. 127.4°
 - h. 680.58144
 - i. 24.0
 - j. 7.22
- 2.. a. 876
 - b. 81.6
 - c. 684

TERMINAL OBJECTIVE

After completion of this unit, the student should be able to write fractions as decimals and percents, decimals as fractions and percents, and percents as fractions and decimals. This knowledge should be evidenced by scoring eighty-five percent on the unit test.

SPECIFIC OBJECTIVES

After completion of this unit, the student should be able to:

- 1. Write ten fractions as decimals and percents.
- 2. Write ten percents as fractions and decimals.
- 3. Write ten decimals as fractions and percents.
- 4. Convert whole or mixed numbers to fractions, decimals, and percents.

SUGGESTED ACTIVITIES

- I. DE Teacher-Coordinator:
 - A. Provide students with objective sheet.
 - B. Provide students with information and assignment sheets.
 - C. Discuss terminal and specific objectives.
 - D. Discuss information and assignment sheets.
 - E. Demonstrate and discuss procedures outlined on the assignment sheets.
 - F. Give test.
- 11. Student:
 - A. Read objective sheet.
 - B. Study information sheet.
 - C. Complete assignment sheets.
 - D. Take test.

INSTRUCTIONAL MATERIALS

- I. Included in this unit:
 - A. Objective sheet
 - B. Information sheet
 - C. Assignment sheets
 - 1. 'Assignment Sheet #1--Write Fractions as Decimals and Percents
 - 2. Assignment Sheet #2--Write Percents as Fractions and Decimals
 - 3. Assignment Sheet #3--Write Decimals as Fractions and Percents
 - 4. Assignment Sheet #4--Convert Whole or Mixed Numbers to Fractions, Decimals, and Percents



- D. Answers to assignment sheets
- E. Test
- F. Answers to test

II. References:

- A. Olivo, C. Thomas and Thomas P. Olivo. Basic Mathematics Simplified.

 Albany, New York: Delmar Publishers, 1972.
- B. Spann, Margaret. *Vocational Related Math.* revised. Stillwater, Oklahoma: State Department Vocational and Technical Education, 1972.

INFORMATION SHEET.

- 1. Writing fractions as decimals and percents
 - A. Fractions as decimals-Divide the numerator by the denominator

- B. Fractions percents
 - 1. Express the fraction in decimal form
 - 2. Move the decimal point two places to the right
 - 3. Place the % symbol after the number

Example:
$$\frac{7}{33}$$
 $\frac{.2121}{...} = .2121 = 21.21\%$ $\frac{66}{40}$ $\frac{33}{70}$ $\frac{66}{40}$ $\frac{33}{33}$

(NOTE: Percent means that some number is being compared to 100.)

- 4. Multiply the numerator and denominator by that number which will change the denominator to 100
- 5. Drop the denominator
- 6. Add the % symbol

Example:
$$\frac{3}{4} = \frac{3}{4} = \frac{25}{25} = \frac{75}{100} = 75\%$$

INFORMATION SHEET

- II. Expressing percents as fractions and decimals
 - A. Percents as fractions
 - 1. Drop the percent symbol
 - 2. Place the number over 100

(NOTE: Reduce to simplest form.)

Examples:
$$38\% = \frac{38}{100} = \frac{19}{50}$$

$$33 \ 1/3\% = \frac{33 \ 1/3}{100} = \frac{\frac{100}{3}}{100} = \frac{1}{3}$$

- B. Percents as decimals
 - 1. Drop the percent symbol
 - 2. Move the decimal point two places to the left

Examples:
$$74\% = .74$$

 $33\frac{1}{3}\% = .33\frac{1}{3}$

- III. Expressing decimals as fractions and percents
 - A. Decimals as fractions
 - 1. If there is one decimal place, drop the decimal point and place the number over 10

Example:
$$.4 = \frac{4}{10} = \frac{2}{5}$$

2. If there are two decimal places, drop the decimal point and place the number over 100

Example:
$$.75 = \frac{75}{100} = \frac{3}{4}$$

3. If there are three decimal places, drop the decimal point and place the number over 1000

Example:
$$.375 = \frac{375}{1000} = \frac{3}{8}$$

(NOTE: Do not forget to reduce 'to simplest form.)

INFORMATION SHEET

- B. Decimals as percents
 - 1. Move the decimal point two places to the right
 - 2. Place the percent symbol after the number

Examples:

4 = 400%

.37 = 37%

IV. Whole or mixed numbers to fractions, decimals, and percent equivalents

Mixed or Whole number	Fractions	Decimals	Percent
12 1/2	1/8	.125 or .12 1/2	12 1/2%
20	1/5	.20	20%
25	1/4	.25	25%
33 1/3	1/3	.33 1/3	33 1/3%
37 1/2	3/8	.375 or .37 1/2	37 1/2%
40	2/5 <i>*</i>	.40	40%
50	1/2	.50	50%
60	3/5	.60	60%
62 1/2	5/8	.625 or .62 1/2	.62 1/2%
66 2/3	2/3	.66 2/3	66 2/3%
75	3/4	.75	75%
80	4/5	.80	80%
87 1/2	7/8	.875 or .87 1/2	87 1/2%
1 -	1 *	1.00	100%

PERCENT

UNIT III

ASSIGNMENT SHEET #1--WRITE FRACTIONS AS DECIMALS AND PERCENTS

- 1. Express each fraction as a decimal.
 - a. 1/8
 - b. 1/4
 - c. 1/2
 - d. 3/4
 - e. 5/8
 - f. 7/20
 - g. 7/16
 - h. · 1/9
 - i. 4/9
 - j. 4/5
- 2. Express each fraction as a percent.
 - a. 1/4
 - b. 2/9
 - c. 7/10
 - d. 3/4
 - e. 2/2
 - f., 9/11
 - g. 1/3
 - h 4/9
 - . 2/6
 - j. 5/8

ASSIGNMENT SHEET #2-WRITE PERCENTS AS FRACTIONS AND DECIMALS

- 1. Express each percent as a fraction.
 - a. 50%
 - b. 25%
 - c. 33 1/3%
 - d: 36%
 - e. 28%.
 - f. 14 2/7%
 - g. 21%
 - h. 45%
 - i. 66 2/3%
 - j. 70%
- 2. Express each percent as a decimal.
 - a. 47%
 - b. 15%
 - c. 33.3%
 - d. 62%
 - e. 75%
 - f. 3%
 - g. 16.8%
 - h. 1 9%
 - i. 10%
 - j. 50%

ASSIGNMENT SHEET #3--WRITE DECIMALS AS FRACTIONS AND PERCENTS

1.	Exp	ress each	decimal	as a	fraction.
	a.	.5			c
	b.	.8			-
	c.	.7			
	d.	.25			
	e.	.68			- Consequen
	f. .	.55			
	g.	.94			
	h.	.375			-
	i.	.875			٠
	j	.212			

- 2. Express each decimal as a percent.
 - a. :12
 - b. .19
 - c. .7
 - d. .29
 - e. .37
 - f. .42
 - g. .5
 - h. .523
 - i. .746
 - j. 3.75

ASSIGNMENT SHEET #4--CONVERT WHOLE OR MIXED NUMBERS TO FRACTIONS, DECIMALS, AND PERCENTS

Fill in the blanks on the following chart

1

	nole or xed Numbers	Fractions	Decimals	Percents
1.	12 1/2			12 1/2%
2.		1/5		20%
3.	25			
4.	_. 33 1/3	1/3		
5.		3/8	.375 or .37 1/2	37 1/2%
6.	<u> </u>	2/5	"	·
7.	<u>.</u>	1/2	.50	
8.	60			
9.		5/8	.625 or .62 1/2	
10.		2/3		
11.	75			
12.		4/5	1 	
13.	·			87 1/2%
14.	· ·			100%

ANSWERS TO ASSIGNMENT SHEETS

Assignment Sheet #1

- 1. a. .125
 - b. .25
 - c. .50
 - d. .75
 - e. .625
- 2. a. 25%
 - b. 22 2/9% or 22.22%
 - c. 70%
 - d. 75%
 - e. 100%

- f. .35
- g. .4375
- h. .1111--
- i. .444---
- j. .80
- f. 81.81% or 81 9/11%
- g. 33 1/3% or 33.33%
- h. 44.44% or 44 4/9%
- i. 33 1/3% or 33.33%
- j. 62 1/2% or 62.5%

Assignment Sheet #2

- 1. a. 1/2
 - b. 1/4
 - c. 1/3
 - d. 9/25
 - e. 7/25
- 2. a. .47
 - b. .15
 - c. .333
 - d. .62
 - e. .75

- f. 1/7
- g. 21/100
- h. 9/20
- i. 2/3
- j. 7/10
- f. .03
- g. .168
- h. .09
- i. .10
- j. .50

Assignment Sheet #3

_ 1.	а.	1/2	f.	11/20
:. ' =	b.	4/5	g.	47/50
	c.	7/10	h.	3/8
	d.	1/4	i.	7/8
	e.	17/25	j.	53/250
	•			,
2.	a.	12%	f.	42%
	b.	19%	g.	50%
	c.	70%	h.	52.3%
	d.	29%	i.	74.6%
	∘e.	37%	j.	375%

Assignment Sheet #4

1.	1/8	.125 or .12 1/2	
2.	20	.20	• •
3.	1/4	.25	25%
4.	.33 1/3	.33 1/3%	
5.	37 1/2	, 'k	
6.	40	.40	40%
7.	50	50%	
8.	3/5	.60	60%
9.	62 1/2.	62 1/2%	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·
10	66 2/3	.66 2/3	66 2/3%
11.	3/4	.75	75%
12.	80	.80	80%
13.	87 1/2	7/8	.875 or .87 1/2
14.	1	1	1.00

TEST

1.	Write	the	following	fractions	20	decimale	and	narcante
• •			10110111119	11 40 610113	us	uccilliais	anu	Dellelia.

a. 1/3

f. 1/8

b. 2/3

g. 2/7

c. 3/25

h. 1/5

d. 7/9

i. 5/6

e. 7/16

j. 📝 2/10.

2. Write the following percents as fractions and decimals.

a. 8%

f. 32%

b. 12%

g. 45%

c. 19%

h. 72%

d. 22%

i. 250%

e. 29%

j. 100%

3. Write the following decimals as fractions and percents.

a. .14

f. .66

b. .25

g. 1.75

c. /.375

h. 3.80

d. .46

i. .875

e. .50

- j. 1.875
- 4. Performance on objective four will be evaluated by Assignment Sheet #4.

ANSWERS TO TEST

- 1. a. .33---; 33 1/3% or 33/33%
 - b. .666---; 66 2/3% or 66.66%
 - c. .12; 12%
 - d. .777---; 77 7/9% or 77.77%
 - e. .4375; 43.75% of 43 3/4%
 - f. .125; 12.5% or 12 1/2%
 - g. .2857; 28.57%
 - h. .20; 20%
 - i. .833---; 83 1/3% or 83.33%
 - j. .20; 20%
- 2. a. 2/25; .08
 - h. 3/25; .12
 - c. 19/200; .19
 - d. 11/50; .22
 - e. 29/100; .29
 - f. ± 8/25; .32
 - g. 9/20; .45
 - h. 18/25; .72
 - i. 5/2; 2/50
 - j. 1/1; 1
- 3. a. 7/50; 14%
 - b. 1/4; 25%
 - c. 3/8; 37.5% or 37 1/2%



- d. 23/50; 46%
- e. 1/2; 50%
- f. 33/50; 66%
- g.<u>7/4;</u> 175%
- h. 19/5; 380%
- i. 7/8; 87.5% or 87 1/2%
- j. 15/8; 187.5% or 187 1/2%
- 4. Evaluated to the satisfaction of the instructor. (Assignment Sheet #4)

WAGES UNIT IV

TERMINAL OBJECTIVE

Upon completion of this unit, the student should be able to figure his wages if he is paid on an hourly basis or on a commission basis. This knowledge will be evidenced by scoring eighty-five percent on the unit test.

SPECIFIC OBJECTIVES

After completion of this unit, the student should be able to:

- 1. Solve seven problems on wages when given the number of hours worked and rate per hour.
- 2. Solve six problems when employee is paid a base pay plus a commission on his sales for the week.

WAGES UNIT IV

SUGGESTED 'ACTIVITIES

- I. DE Teacher-Coordinator:
 - A. Provide students with objective sheet.
 - B. Provide students with information and assignment sheets.
 - C. Discuss terminal and specific objectives.
 - D. Discuss information and assignment sheets.
 - E. Give test.
- II. Student:
 - A, Read objective sheet.
 - B. Study information sheet.
 - C. Complete assignment sheets.
 - D. Take test.

INSTRUCTIONAL MATERIALS

- I. Included in this unit:
 - A. Objective sheet
 - B. Information sheet
 - C. Assignment sheets.
 - 1. Assignment Sheet #1--Hourly Pay
 - 2. Assignment Sheet #2-Hourly Wages Involving Overtime
 - 3. Assignment Sheet #5--Rate of Commission
 - D. Answers to assignment sheets
 - E. Test
 - F. Answers to test



II. References:

- A. Huffman, Harry, Ruth M. Twiss, and Leslie J. Whale. *Mathematics for Business Occupations*. New York: McGraw-Hill Book Company, 1968.
- B. Brown, Kenneth E., Daniel W. Sander, and Leonard Simon. General Mathematics, Book I. Dallas, Texas: Laidlaw Brothers, 1964.
- C. Lennes, N. J. and L. R. Traver. Lennes Essentials of Arithmetic. Dallas, Texas: Laidlaw Brothers, 1964.
- D. Kravitz, Wallace W. and Vincent Brant. Consumer Related Mathematics. New York: Holt, Rinehart, and Winston, Inc., 1971.
- E. Spann, Margaret. *Vocational Related Math.* Second revised edition. Stillwater, Oklahoma: State Department of Vocational and Technical Education, 1972.



WAGES UNIT IV

INFORMATION SHEET

I. Wages from hourly earnings

Example:

A. Regular hours x base rate = regular pay

40 (regular hours) \times \$1.68 (regular rate) = \$67.20 regular

Overtime hours x 1 1/2 base rate = overtime pay

Example: 6 1/2 (overtime hours) \times \$2.52 (overtime rate) = \$16.38

overtime pay

C. Regular pay + overtime pay = total pay or gross pay

Example: \$67.20 (regular pay) + \$16.38 (overtime pay) = \$83.58 total

pay

- 11. Earnings on a commission basis
 - A. Express the rate of commission as a decimal fraction
 - B. Multiply the number of dollars on which the commission is to be paid by the decimal fraction
 - C. Add the answer in Step B to the base pay

Example: A salary of \$40.00 per week plus a 7% commission on all

sales. Total sales \$990. How much does he earn altogether.

7% = 7/100 = .07.07 x 990 = \$69.30

\$40.00 + \$69.30 = \$109.30



WAGES UNIT IV

ASSIGNMENT SHEET #1--HOURLY-PAY

- John has a job washing dishes in a cafe. He works five days per week, eight hours per day. He is paid \$1.00 for each hour he works.
 - a. How many hours does he work each day?
 - b. How many hours does he work per week?
 - c. How much does he earn each day he works?
 - d. How much is his pay for the week?
 - e. If he only worked four days one week, how much would his pay be for that week?
- 2. Jim works as a janitor in an office building. He works eight hours per day Monday through Friday and four hours on Saturday. He is paid \$1.00 for each hour he works.
 - a. How many hours does he work per week?
 - b. How much does he get paid for a week?
 - c. Suppose he took a Saturday off one week, what would his pay be for that week?
- Jim has a job working in a supermarket. He works seven hours per day Monday through Friday and five hours on Saturday. He is paid at a rate of \$1.00 per hour.
 - a. How many hours does he work per week?
 - b. How much would his pay be for one week?
- 4. Frank has a job working in a gas station. He works eight hours a day, six days per week. He is paid \$1.25 for each hour he works.
 - a. How many hours does he work per day?
 - b. How many hours does he work each week?
 - c. How much does he earn per day?
 - d. How much is his weekly wages?
- 5. John works for a nursery. He works five days per week, eight hours per day. He is paid at the rate of \$1.25 for each hour he works.
 - a.\ How many hours does he work each day?
 - b. What is he paid per hour?



ASSIGNMENT SHEET #1

- c. .. How much does he earn per day?
- d. How many hours does he work per week?
- e. How much does he earn per week?
- 6. Harry works in a furniture shop. He works eight hours per day, six days per week. He is paid at the rate of \$1.50 per hour.
 - a. How many hours does he work per week?
 - b. What is his pay per week?
- 7. Figure out the following problems:
 - a. . 40 hours @ \$1.52 per hour
 - b. 20 hours @ \$1.00 per hour
 - c. 48 hours @ \$1.50 per hour
 - d. 35 hours @ \$1.10 per hour
 - e. 44 hours @ \$1.30 per hour
 - f. 40 hours @ \$1.15 per hour
 - g. 44 hours @ \$1.60 per hour
 - h. 40 hours @ \$1.38 per hour
- 8. Joe Brown works in a factory. He is paid by the hour at the rate of \$1.55 per hour. He works eight hours per day, Monday through Friday. Figure out the following problems.
 - a. How much would his daily pay be?
 - b. How many hours did he work a week?
 - c. How much did he earn per week?
- 9. Frank Jones works in a supermarket. He is paid by the hour at the rate of \$1.25 per hour. He works eight hours per day Monday through Friday and four hours on Saturday.
 - a. How much did he earn for each eight hour day he works?
 - b. How many days per week did he work?
 - c. How many hours does he work a week?
 - d. What are his earnings for the week?



ASSIGNMENT SHEET #1

- Jack Stapolsky has a job working in a bakery. He is paid by the hour at the rate of \$1.15 per hour. He works seven hours per day Monday through Saturday. Figure out his pay for the week.
 - a. How many hours does he work per week?
 - b. How much did he get paid for each day he worked?
 - c. What is his weekly wage?
- 11. Compute these wages.
 - a. 40 hours @ \$1.80 per hour
 - b. 40 hours @ \$1.35 per hour
 - c. 40 hours @ \$1.23 per hour
 - d. 40 hours @ \$1.35 per hour
 - e. 40 hours @ \$1.42 per hour
 - f. 40 hours @ \$1.39 per hour
- 12. Below is an account of the weekly pay roll for a certain company. Find the total number of hours each man worked and the wages for each. Also find the company's total payroll for the week.

Name	M.	Т.	W.	Т.	F.	'S.	⊱ Hr.	Rate	Wages
a. John Doe b. Pete Smith c. Amos Jones d. David Roe e. Ellison West f. Jerry Hill g. Artie Bell h. John Reed i. Ray Watson i. Charles Pierce	7 4½ 5 4 5 6 5	6 5½ 5 5 5 6 5 7½ 7	6 6 5 6 5 7 5 7 6	6 5 6 6 5 7 6 7½ 6	6½ 6 7 6 6 5 7½ 6 0 5	7½ 6 7¼ 6½ 6 5 5 6 0 4	ą Ą	\$1.50 \$2.00 \$1.60 \$2.00 \$1.45 \$1.50 \$1.40 \$1.30 \$1.75 \$1.80	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·

WAGES UNIT IV

ASSIGNMENT SHEET #2-HOURLY-WAGES-INVOLVING-OVERTIME

Complete the following payroll table. Overtime is figured 1 1/2 times regular hourly wage.

	Number of Hours	Rate per Hour	Rate for Overtime	Regulår Wages	Overtime Wages	Total Pay
1.	50	\$1.50				
2	48	2.00 ч	u .			
3.	54	.80				٠
4.	44	8.00				
5.	, 20	6.00				
6.	60	3.00	` ;	•		
à 7. *	51	5.00		:		
8.	58	2.75	· 1	•	r v	
9.	54	6.50	н '	·		
10.	60 /	10.00		•	·	
11.	75	20.00				
12.	52	1.00		,		
13.	34 . *	1.25				٥
14.	48	1.40	*			
15.	. 60	2.10		and the same and t	. E _U	



ASSIGNMENT SHEET #3-RATE OF COMMISSION

Complete the following table.

	<u>_</u>		I		
	Weekly Base Pay	Week's Sales		Rate of Commission on Sales	Total Pay
1.	\$ 75.09	\$ 950.00)	3%	
2.	50.00	1800.00	0	10%	
3.	100.00	1200.00)	3 0 %	
4.	160.00	850.00)	8%	
5.	120.00	800.00)	12%	·
6.	75.00	1000.00		5%	
7.	120.00	800.00	1	6%	
8.	60.00	750.00	,]	15%	
9.	65.00	1000.00		8 %	
10.	45.00	4500.00	,	5%	
11.	80.00	900.00		20%	
12.	95.00	2450.00		12%	z, b
13.	100:00 «	430.00		25%	
14. 。	55.00	1500.00		15%	
15.	80.00	3000.00	•′	5%	

WAGES UNIT IV

ANSWERS TO ASSIGNMENT SHEETS

Assignment Sheet #1

- 1. a. 8 hours
 - b. 40 hours
 - c. \$8.00
 - d. \$40.00
 - e. \$32.00
- 2. a. 44 hours
 - b. \$44.00
 - c. \$40.00
- 3. a. 40 hours
 - b. \$40.00
- 4. a. 8 hours
 - b. 48 hours
 - c. \$10.00
 - d. \$60.00
- 5. a. 8 hours
 - b. \$1.25
 - c. \$10.00
 - d. 40 hours
 - e. \$40.00
- 6. 🎉 a. 48 hours
 - ³ b. \$72.00
- 7. a. \$60.80
 - b. \$20.00
 - c. \$72.00





	d.	\$38.50			
	e.	\$57.20			
	f.	\$46.00		į.	
	. g.	\$70.40			
	h.	\$55.20			
8.	a.	\$12.40	•		Ų
	b.	40 hours		•	
	C.	\$62.00			
9.	a.	\$10.00			
	b.	6 days	٥		
	c.	44 hours		Ì	
	d.	\$55.00			
10.	a.	35 hours			
	b.	\$8.05			
	C.	\$48.30	• •		
11.	a.	\$72.00	•	j.	
	b.	\$54.00		•	
•	C.	\$49.20			•
	d.	\$54.00 .			v
	e.	\$56.80		ō	
	f.	\$55.60		Ť	<i>\$</i>
12.	٥	Hours			Wage
	a.	39		\$	58.50
	b.	33 1/2			67.00
" и	c.	36 1/4			58.00
	d.	32 1/2		•	65.00
	e.	34	-		49.30

f.

30

45.00

•			•			
	g. 38 1/2		53.90			r
	h. 33 👫	è.	42.90			
	i. 27 1/2		48.13			
	j. 35		63.00			
	k.	Total	\$550.73			•
Assign m	nent Sheet #2		ى			
1.	\$ 2.25	\$ 60.00	\$ 22.50	\$ 82.50		
2.	3.00	80.00	24.00	104.00	٥	
3.	1.20	32.00	16.80	48.80		
4.	12.00	320.00	48.00	368.00		
5.	9.00	240.00	90.00	330.00		
· 6.	4.50	120.00	90.00	210.00		
7.	7.50	200.00	82.50	282.50	v	
8.	4.13	150.00	74.34	224.34 。		
9.	9.75	260.00	136.50	396.50	Q.	
10.	15.00	400.00	300.00	700.00		•
11.	30.00	800.00	750.00	1550.00		
12.	1.50	40.00	18.00	58.00		
13.	1.88	42.50	†	42.50		į.
14.	2.10	56.00	16.80	72.80		
15.	3.15	84.00	63.00	147.00		
Assignm	ent Sheet #3	-	*	٥		•
1.	\$103.50	9. \$145	.00 5.	\$216.00	13.	\$207.50
2.	-\$230.00	10. \$270	.00 6.	\$125.00	14.	\$280.00
3.	\$460.00	11. \$260.	.00 7.	\$168.00	15.	\$230.00
4.	\$228.00	12. \$389.	.00 8.	\$172.50		



WAGES UNIT IV

TEST

1. Solve these problems on wages.

	No. of Hours	Rate per Hour	Rate for Overtime	Regular Wages	Overtime Wages	Total Pay
a.	15	\$ 1.60	A STATE OF THE STATE OF	,	et.	
b.	12	1.25	., ;	<i>\$</i>	•	,
c.	17	.90			•	ir I
d.	22	1.50			,	
e.	8	1.65				~.
f.	60	1.60				
g.	54	2.70			,	

2. Mrs. Smith is a photograph. For each class photograph he takes he is paid \$8.25. For each individual student photograph he is paid \$0.55. Last week, Mr. Smith took 15 class photographs and 221 individual student photographs. How much did he earn last week?

3. Find the total weekly earnings for each employee listed in the following table.

	Employee ,	Weekly Base Salary	Week's Sales	Rate of Commission	Total . Pay
a.	1	\$ 30.00	\$ 500.00	2%	,
b.	2 ~	48.00	2000.00	3%	
c.	3	. 50.00	250.00	4%	2.4
d.	4	30.00	6000.00	5%	
e.	5	60.00	1060.00	6%	
f.	6	45.00	990.00	3 1/2%	

WAGES UNIT IV

ANSWERS TO TEST

1.	Rate for Overtime	Regular Wages	Overtime Wages	Total Pay
a.				\$ 24.00
b.				15.00
c.				15.30
d.			<u> </u>	33.00
e.				13.20
f.	\$2.40	\$64.00	\$48.00	112.00
g.	\$4.05	\$68.00	\$56.70	124.70

- 2. \$245.30
- 3. a. \$40.00
 - b. \$108.00
 - c. \$60.00
 - d. \$330.00
 - e. \$123.60
 - f. \$79.65

Audio-Visual Supplement

This supplement was written to benefit the teacher in DE I. The films, filmstrips, and slides recommended cannot all be used since the demand for these is great. However, a wide selection of materials is listed from which to choose. These audio-visual materials need to be booked as early as possible to assure coordination of scheduling. All these materials may be obtained from:

Oklahoma State Department, Curriculum 1515 West Sixth Stillwater, Oklahoma 74074

A key to the listing includes: F. denotes film, F.S. refers to filmstrip, and S. designates slides.

A. Orientation

Unit 1 **DECA**

F. Tell It Like It Is Association Sterling Films 8615 Directors Row Dallas, Texas PH. (214) 638-6791³

> Book this film as soon as possible for this school year. There are only forty copies, and they are in great demand. Give one or two alternate dates when ordering this film.

F. Second Effort.

Color 30 min., 1968

Color, 30 min., 1968

Selling is compared to the game of football by Vince Lombardi. We must keep going back to the fundamental if we are to succeed.

State Department of Vocational and Technical Education Curriculum and Instructional Materials Center 1515 West Sixth Avenue Stillwater, Oklahoma 74074

Personal Development

Unit 1 Good Grooming F.S. Young Fashion Forecast: Spring F.S. Young Fashion Forecast: Fall F.S.

Unit III Personality

F.S. F.Ş. Your Person and Personality Your Personality: You Others Know F.S. Your Attitude is Showing

Does It Matter How I Look

Human Relations

Unit II **Custom and Policies**

F. Your Job: Good Work Habits Color, 13 1/2 min., 1970 Your Job: You and Your Boss F. Color, 16 min., 1970 Your Job: Fitting In Color, 15 min., 1970 Keeping Your Job Is Work Color, 12 min., 1972

F. Job Skills

F.S.

Unit 1 Basic Selling

F. % Make It Happen F.S. Selling As a Career F.S. Techniques in Selling F.S. Sales Clerk Procedures S. Successful Selling. Ideas

Know Your Product

Unit II **Business Letter** Take a Letter From A to Z Color, 18 min., 1971 Unit III. Telephone Bell Telephone Company G. Employment Unit I Finding The Right Job Your Job: Finding the Right One Color, 13 min., 1970 Getting a Job is a Job Color, 20 min., 1968 Unit III Application Form Your Job 'Application F.S. F.S. How to Apply for a Job F. Your Job: Applying for It Color, 13 1/2 min., 1970 F. Applying for a Job Color, 13 1/2 min., 1971 Unit IV Job Interview F.S. Job Interview Tips Financial Management Unit 1 Budgeting F.S. Receiving, Checking, and Marking Unit II Credit F.S. Credit: Consumer Resource F.S. Credit Union F.S. Charge Account Application F. Credit: Capital Idea Color, 18 min., 1970 F.S. Charge Card and Chargestatements Unit III Banking Services F.S. Bank Loan Unit ! General Insurance F.S. Automobile Insurance