ED 101 582

PL 006 662

AUTHOR TITLE

NOTE

Sullivan, Richard E.
Portuguese-English Title VII Program (Providence, Rhode Island, July 15, 1973). Final Evaluation Report.

INSTITUTION

Rhode Island Univ., Kingston. Curriculum Research and

Development Center.

SPONS AGENCY
PUB DATE

Providence School Dept., R.I.

15 Jul 73 184p.

EDRS PRICE DESCRIPTORS

MF-\$0.76 HC-\$9.51 PLUS POSTAGE

*Bilingual Education; Curriculum Development;

*English (Second Language); Evaluation Methods;
Instructional Staff; *Language Instruction;
Management; *Portuguese; Program Attitudes; Program Descriptions; *Program Evaluation; Second Language Learning; Student Attitudes; Teacher Developed Materials; Team Teaching; Testing

IDENTIFIERS

Elementary Secondary Education Act Title VII; ESEA

Title /VII

ABSTRACT

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This report is the last in a series on the four-year Providence Bilingual Project at Fox Point School. The evaluation is provided by the Curriculum Research and Development Center, University of Rhode Island, and follows guidelines established by the Office of Education. Part 1 deals with instructional evaluation. The project objective, the mastery of both English and Portuguese speaking, listening, reading, and writing skills by all students, is stated, followed by a description of the ethnic background of the participants. Pretesting and posttesting procedures are described as well as their results. A test of self-concepts and attitudes showed generally positive attitudes. Process evaluation produced changes such as articulation of itermediate objectives and the implementation of a kindergarten program. These changes are dealt with in the section on instructional recommendations. A *eacher survey focused on team' teaching and Portuguese curriculum neéds. A section on staff development discusses the use of the Brown University inservice program and the Rhode Island College Portuguese Curriculum Materials Center. Part 2 management evaluation, deals with planning and operating the project, its impact on the participants, objectives for the current year, management, and bi-weekly reports. A parent questionnaire indicates positive attitudes toward the program. The report is fully illustrated with tables and appendixes. (AM)



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FINAL EVALUATION REPORT

Portuguese-English Title VII Program - 1972-73

Providence, Rhode Island

July 15, 1973

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This report was prepared by the Curriculum Research and Development Center of the University of Rhode Island under a contract with the Providence School Department and is principally the work of Dr. Richard E. Sullivan.

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Introduction

This is the Jast in a series of reports dealing with the 1972-73 Providence Bilingual Education Project. Funded under Title VII of the Elementary and Secondary Education Act of 1965, as amended, this was the fourth year of operation for this project.

The Curriculum Research and Development Center, University of Rhode Island (CRDC-URI) entered into a contractual relationship with the project to provide formative and summative instructional evaluation services as well as the monitoring and evaluation of a number of ancillary activities.

Role of CRDC

The CRDC has provided services to the Providence Title VII project since the Summer of 1969. The evaluation guidelines established by the Office of Education for Title-VII programs have been followed. These guidelines specified both process and product instructional evaluation as well as indentifying the components of community involvement, staff development and curriculum development as areas to which evaluation activities were to be addressed.

Each of these areas has been addressed in both Interim and Final Evaluation Reports - the former emphasizing process and the latter product evaluation.

The comprehensive nature of Title VII program (valuations requires continuous interaction among program staff and the evaluator. The CRDC has provided, as part of the contractual responsibility, one day a week on-site, engaged in primarily process monitoring of the various components. During the 1972-73 program year, the evaluator assumed primary responsibility for implementing the testing schedule.

Description of the Program

The Providence Bilingual Project has been housed since its inception at the Fox Point School. The school provides educational services for a district in Providence in which a number of Portuguese-speaking people have lived for many years. The immigration quota changes which occurred during the 1960's resulted in an influx of Portuguese speakers from mainland Portugal, the Azores and the Cape Verde Islands.

In addition to the second and third generation Luso-Americans and the newly-arrived immigrant, the district also contains within its boundaries numbers of faculty and students from nearby academic institutions.

The Bilingual program at the Fox Point School has as a comprehensive long-term objective, mastery of speaking, listening, reading and writing skills in both Portuguese and English for all students. During the 1969-70 school year, the program dealt with children in grades one and two. Each year, a grade has been added so that the children in the program have continued to participate. During the 1972-73 program year, ten classrooms were involved - a Portuguese-dominant and an English-dominant room for grades one through five. The children receive varying amounts of instructional time in second language depending upon grade.

Each class was staffed by a teacher and an aide. All of the instructional aides were fluent in Portuguese as were all of the Portuguese-dominant teachers. (All of the English-dominant teachers had professional certifications; this fourth year, several of the Portuguese-dominant teachers had emergency certification and were working toward professional certification.) The project was also

staffed with a curriculum writer/coordinator and a project director.

The former person spent the majority of his time working with the program teachers in the development of curricula materials in Portuguese.

Participants in the Program

The majority of Portuguese in the Fox Point area come from the Azores. As can be seen from Table 1, all students in the Portuguesedominant classrooms, with five exceptions, were born outside the continental United States. Twenty-two children in the Englishdominant classrooms were born outside of the continental United States. A number of English-dominant students have parents born outside the continental United States. Students have been assigned to first grade classes on the basis of teacher evaluation of proficiency in English. The rationale for assessing proficiency in English has been the fact that research has indicated that children who lack fluency of age/grade peers in their native language will have difficulty in learning a second language successfully. Coupled with this linguistic rationale has been the educational/administrative philosophy that children manifesting a significant language departure from the average developmental level for their age need to spend all the available time in acquiring the experiences and skills for success with their native language.

Conceived as a federal education activity having a developmental program philosophy, the Title VII mandate embraces a multitude of dimensions in attempting to identify and explore significant questions in areas which, until very recently, were virtually unexplored.

Table 1 - Birthplace

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ə	Cape Verd	
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	, , , s.u	
	Other	
Student	Azores Cape Verde	17 4 21 22 4 4.
Sto	Portugal	
•	. s.U	
	•	Fort, Dom. Fng. Dom.
	Classroom	
	2	Grade 1 Grade 2 Grade 2 Grade 3 Grade 4 Grade 4 Grade 5 Grade 5

Data Collection and Results

The procedures utilized for pretest data collection were detailed in the Interim Report. The posttesting schedule, as presented in the Final Evaluation Design, was modified somewhat for the following reasons:

- 1) The schedule was implemented approximately 12 days late because of extensive testing in the building being conducted as part of the Title I program and the Rhode Island. State Testing Program.
- 2). The desire to gather information relating to the performance of the Portuguese-dominant children on the California Achievement Series, the: instruments chosen to replace the Gates-MacGinitie Series for the 1973-74 program year in grades 4-6.

The latter modification resulted in the use of the California Achievement Series with the fourth grade Portuguese-dominant class.

A number of children in this class were also tested with the appropriate instructional level form of the Gates-MacGinitie Reading Test. This procedure will be detailed later in the report.

Table 2 contains the results of pre and posttesting. Both first grades and the Portuguese-dominant second grade were pretested in their entirety with the Murphy-Durrell Reading Readiness Test. This decision was based upon the instructional level obtained from the Botel Word Recognition Test. Children in other grades were tested with this instrument if they scored at the readiness level on the Botel. During the year all of the first grade English-dominant children and a number of children in other grades progressed to the first grade reading level and were posttested with Form A of the Gates-McGinitie Reading Tests. These results are indicated by an asterist. The average achievement of those children in Grade 1 places them above the 50th percentile in both vocabulary and comprehension. The 50th percentile is that achievement Jevel reached by the average reader making satisfactory progress.

Table 3 contains the average yain made on the various forms of the Gates

Table 2

Pretest and Posttest Mean Grade Equivalent Scores, Gates-MacGinitie Reading Tests, California Achievement Series (Grade 4 only), Fox Point Elementary School, 1973

					· <u>·</u>								
	,	,	•	ີກຕີ	<u>Grade</u>			•			•		•
1.00 s	•	•	Test Level	<u> </u>	Voc Po	ab.	Con Po	ip.		•	•	•	•
•		•	A*	15	. 2	.4	~ 200	-3		•		•	
		•	•		Grade	· 🚣 .			•		1		
,	. •	`— :		Engl	1sh Dom	<u>inant</u>	• .	· .•	••		• •		•
•	•	Test Level	<u>N</u>	Pre	Vocab.	<u>st</u>	Pre Pre	omp.	Post	4		·	•
,. c		A	3	2.9	3	.3	2.5		3.5		•	•	
	•	B •	2	2.3	3	.1	2.5		3.2	•	•		•
		C	1	.4.1	6	.1	5.1	•	5.6	:			
		A*	.9		2	.3	•	,	2.2	•	•	c.	•
,	<u>En</u>	nglish	Dominar	<u>it</u> .	Grade	3 .	•	Por	tugue	se Domin	nant_	•	
Test Level	N	Voça Pre	Post	Com Pre	ip. Post		est evel	<u>N</u>	Yoc Pre	ab. Post	· Con	Post	٠.
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· B	5 ,	. 3.0	4.0	2.8	3.3		B	4	2.2	3.3		⟨3.8	
C	5	3.8	4.7	3.9	4.5	:	C	3	2.9	3.8	2.4.	3.1	
D	1	5.3	6.1	5.2	6.3	•	A* .	6	•	/1.9		2.3	•
										•			

^{*}Thuse students were pretested with the Murphy-Durrell Reading Test. During the year, they progressed to the first grade reading level for which Form A of the Gates-MacGinitie was appropriate.

Table 2 (continued)

	•		•)		Grade 4						
· •	. Er	nglish	<u>Domina</u>	<u>nt</u>	•		Pot	rtugue:	se Domi	nant	
Test Level	<u>N</u>	<u>Voca</u>	Post	<u>Com</u>	Post	Test Level	<u>N</u>	Voc:	Post	<u>Cor</u> <u>Pre</u>	np. Post
В	3	3.4	3.8	6 3.1	3.9	'B	<i>₄</i> 3	1.9	3.2	2.1	3.1
C	`6	2.5	3.6	2.5	4.0	Califor					•
D	12	5.3	6.5	5.4	6.1	Achieve Șeries		2.2	2.9	2.5	3.6
	<u>Er</u>	nglish	Domina	nt .	Grade 5		Poi	rtugues	se Domi	nant	
Test Level	N	Voca Pre	Post	Con Pre	p. Post	Test <u>Level</u>	<u>N</u>	Voca Pre	Post	<u>Cor</u> <u>Pre</u>	Post
	•	•		2 % 5	•	В	1	1.6	2:4	1:9	1.9
С	14	2.7	3.9	3.5	4.2	C	7	2.4	3.0	2.4	2.8
D'	10	6.4	7.3	6.6	7,2	D	5 .	4.1	4.8	4.6	5.9

Table 3

Gains by Grade and Language Dominance on the Appropriate Instructional Levels of the Gates-MacGinitie Reading Tests, Fox Point Elementary School, 1973

			Gr	ade 2	_	•	>
,	•		English	Dominant			
•	,	Test Level	<u>N</u>	Gain in Vocab.	Months Comp.	•	•
		Á,	3	4.0	10.0		•
,		· B	2	9.0	7.0	, • .	
	•	C	1	20.0	5.0	• •	
			Gr	ade 3	ea.		
V	Englis	h Dominant			Portugue	se Domina	<u>nt</u>
Test <u>Level</u>	<u>N</u>	Gain in Vocab.	Months Comp.	Test Level	<u>N</u>	Gain i	n Months Comp.
Ā	2	4.0	10.0	A	, 2	4	6
В	5	9.5	5.5	В	4	11.5-	17
C	5	9.5	6.5	C	3	9	7.5
D	1 1	8	11.0	•	•		•
		,	Gr	ade 4			
	English	n Dominant	· • ·	·	Portugue	se Domina	<u>nt</u>
Test <u>Level</u>	<u>N</u>	Gain in Vocab.	Months Comp.	Test Level	<u>N</u>	Gain in Vocab.	n Months Comp.
· В	. 3	4.0	8.0	В	3	12.0	9.0
C	, 6	10.5	14.0	Califo Achiev			
D	12	11.0	6.8		N=10	6.0	10.0

Yable 3 (continued)

	•		Grad	<u>e 5</u>			
	Englis	h Domina	<u>nt</u>		Portugu	ese Domina	nt
iest <u>Level</u>	. <u>N</u>	Gain Vocab.	in Months Comp.	Test Level	. <u>N</u> .	Gain i	n Months Comp.
	•	V	,	B .	e 1	8.0	0.0
E	14	11.0	v 6.5	, C	7	6.0	4.0
Đ	10	8.5	6.5	D	5.	. 7.5	12.0

McGinitie. This information was placed in a separate table primarily because the method of computation utilized might cause confusion if the results were placed along side the mean grade equivalent scores found in Table $\underline{2}$.

Gains were determined for each student by subtracting the pretest from the posttest score. These were then averaged to obtain the mean gain for each form.

Table 4 contains the average gain within grade and for all grades combined. While this gross measure has some value in describing the general pattern of progress in the areas of Vocabulary and Comprehension, Tables 2 and 3 provide data more meaningful for determining the specific nature of change for the various reading levels within each grade. Forms A, B, C and D correspond to reading grade levels of 1, 2, 3 and 4, respectively. It is also important to note the number of students for whom scores were available on a particular test. Gains based upon a larger number are more meaningful from an evaluation standpoint than those based upon one or two students.

The overall pattern of change indicates that gains for all grades clustered around the average gains made by children across the country who are progressing satisfactorily. This observation has even greater significance in light of the following:

- 1. Teachers reported that approximately 20-25 days were devoted to testing over and above the testing schedule for previous years. This is equal to approximately one month of instruction.
- 2. The children participating in the program receive instruction in two languages; however, the school day is no longer than in any other school in the system.

The overall satisfactory progress would tend to support the theory underlying the bilingual concept, namely the transfer of language skills from the first or native language to the second or school-acquired language. By grade 3, the



Table 4

Mean Gain Expressed in Grade Equivalent Scores Within Grades; Mean Gain for All Grades, Fox Point Elementary School, 1973

•	<u>English</u>	<u>Dominant</u>	<u>Portugues</u>	e Dominant
Grade	Vocabulary	Comprehension	Vocabulary	Comprehension
2.	11.0 mo.	7.3 mo. /	u	
3	7.8 mo.	8.3 mò.	8.2 mo.	10.2 mo
4	8.3 mo.	10.0 mò.	9.0 mo./	8.0 mo.
5	9.8 mo.	6.5 mo.	8.1 mo.	9.2 mo.
*		Mean Gain All	Grades Combined	
	· Vocabulary	Comprehension	<u>Vocabulary</u>	Comprehension
	9.2 mo.	8.0 mo.	8.1 mõ.	9.2 mo.

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range of reading ability between English-dominant and Portuguese-dominant children has decreased markedly over grades 1 and 2. This is not to say that all students are reading on grade level. The data suggests that in grades 4 and 5 a number of children are reading below grade level. They do, however, have higher average comprehension scores than vocabulary scores again suggesting the language transfer theory as it relates to specific comprehension skills. The acquisition of vocabulary is not as influenced according to the theory. Increasing the emphasis upon English vocabulary acquisition should result in greater comprehension of both oral and written material. A recommendation was made in an earlier report to introduce sight vocabulary words into the first grade Total Reading Program. This was done during the past Spring and should be continued as part of the second grade instructional program for the Portuguese-dominant children.

The 6.5 month Comprehension gain for grade 5 can be explained by the fact that a number of students had pretest scores at the upper end of the scale where a change of one or two correct can have a greater influence on the grade equivalent than do scores near the cluster near the middle of the scale. Several of these students who had posttest scores several points lower, resulted in a sizeable change in grade equivalent scores.

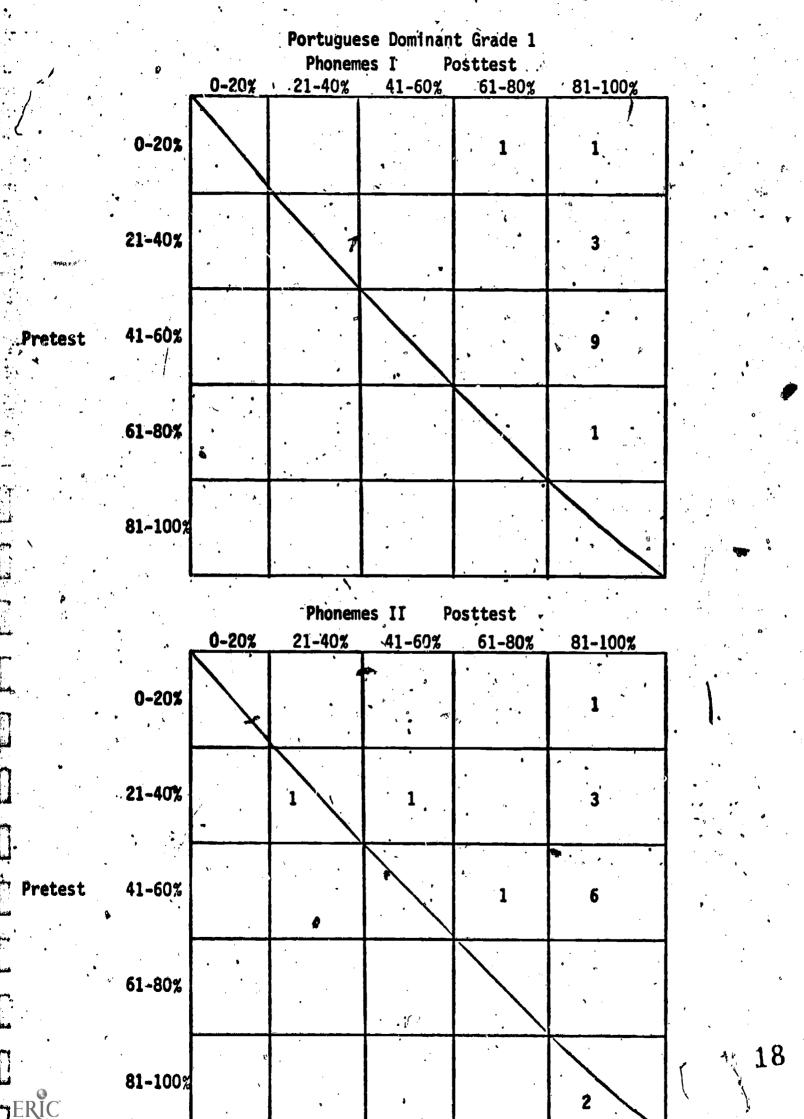
The California Achievement Series, subtests Vocabulary and Comprehension is, in the opinion of this writer, a somewhat more difficult instrument than the Gates-McGinitie, especially for grades 1-3. This instrument was selected because it does not emphasize speed as much as others including the Gates. This factor tends to result in greater accuracy if the student is made aware of the fact that he need not hurry.

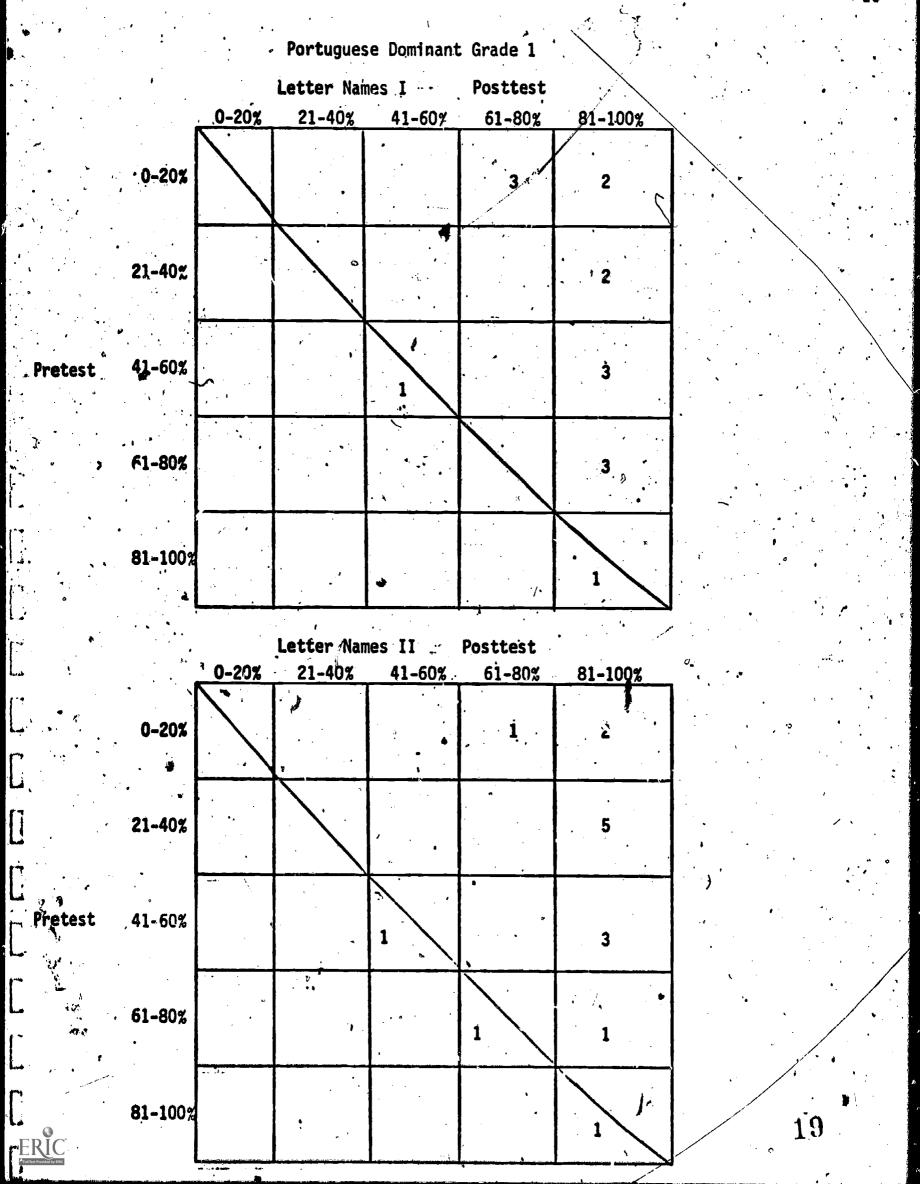
Murphy-Durrell Reading Readiness Test.

Portuguese-dominant children in grades 1 and 2 were administered the Murphy Durrell Reading Readiness Test. This instrument has been used for several years with success in these classes. The results of pre and posttesting are found in Table 5. The matrix allows for the simultaneous display of pre and posttesting which this writer has found effective with criterion-referenced instruments. Both pre and posttest scores were grouped into quintiles (0-20% success,....8]-100% success). Entries to the right of the diagonal indicate gain; those to the left indicate a decrease in score from pretest to posttest.

Table 5

Pre-Post Results of Murphy-Durrell Readiness Test Expressed in Quintils Representing Levels of Mastery, Fox Point Elementary School, 1973





Portuguese Dominant Grade 2

Phonemes I Posttest 0-20% 21-40% 41-60% 61-80% 81-100% 0-20% 21-40% 41-60% Pretest 61-80% 81-100% Phonemes II Posttést 0-20% 21-40% 41-60% 61-80% 81-100% 0-20% 21-40% 41-60% Pretest 61-80% 81-100% 22

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Portuguese Dominant Grade 2

to the		0-20%	Letter Na 21-40%	mes I 41-60%	Posttest 61-80%	81-100%
	0-20%		\	a	,	
	21-40%					
Pretest	41-60%			1		e
	61-80%					1
	81-1002					20
	•	0-20%	Letter Na 21-40%	mes II 41-60%	Posttest 61-80%	81-100%
	0-20%		Laurence	•	1.	
	21-40%		1			
[] Prétest	41-60%	,				1
	61-80%			• /		2
CERÎC	81-100%			. /.		18
Full Text Provided by ERIC		•	lu	/.	And the second second second	<u> </u>

For example, in the Portuguese Dominant first grade/class, 9 children met with 41-60% success on the Phonemes I pretest and 81-100% success on the posttest. On the Phonemes II pretest, 1 child met with 21-40% success on the pretest and 21-40% success on the posttest. The greatest positive changes occur in the upper right hand corner; the greatest negative changes in the lower left hand.

The results for grade 2 suggest that the majority of children had mastered the skills being measured upon entry and that the instrument may be appropriate. The instructional changes instituted during the 1971-72 program year in the Grade one reading program have, in part, contributed to the generally higher scores, according to the teachers involved. Another factor is familiarity with the instrument. The students were exposed to the instrument two times in grade 1 prior to pretesting in grade 2. It is not possible at this time to separate quantitatively the effects of familiarity and the impact of the modified first grade instructional program. During pretesting in the Fall of 1973, an attempt will be made to assess quantitatively the differential effects of practice and the Total Reading program as reflected in the phonemes and letter name skill areas.

With four exceptions, all children in the Portuguese-dominant first grade achieved 80% success on the four subtests at the time of posttesting. The Total Reading program is almost exclusively a phonics approach to beginning reading and the results for Phonemes I and II reflect this orientation.

Cooper-McGuire Diagnostic Word Analysis Tests

These criterion-referenced instruments were first used in the 1971-72 program year. This writer had discussed their use at length with the authors as well as project staff and a decision was made to introduce them in the Spring of 1972. The instruments were developed originally for use in staff



development programs, as being part of a professional development instructional package. In March of 1971, the instruments became available for use and this writer conducted a brief in-service with the Title VII teachers which served to orient the teachers to the use of the instruments:

T The instruments may be used in individualized reading programs. or in the more traditional group-reading organization. The orientation of the reading program in the Fox Point Bilingual Program has been small group basal with some supplementation, with other texts. The instruments provide an assessment of specific work-analysis skills. Each instrument is tied to a behavioral objective and the objectives are arranged in a hierarchy of difficulty paralling the introduction of skills in most basal series. The rationale underlying mastery of these on-route objectives is that success with these skills will be reflected in the comprehensive end-of-program achieve**ment.** The Cooper-McGuire Tests should be considered as providing a measure of skills mastery; the comprehensive achievement tests require the application of these skills in new situations.

The objectives selected for each child are a function of his reading instructional level. If a child met the criterion of 80% mastery on the pretest, the child moved on to another skill area and was given another pretest. Rather than include each objective in this narrative, they are reproduced in full in the Appendix.

Those children who did not reach the mastery level at the time of posttesting will begin with these skills in September. The fact that some children did not achieve the 80% criterion level does not mean that the objective was not met. With several exceptions, posttest scores were higher than pretest scores, indicating that those children made progress in the skill areas.

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Self-Concept and Attitudes

An abundance of literature, both theoretical and research in nature, indicates that a healthy self-concept and positive attitudes are necessary if children are to profit from the cognitive and sociomemotional experiences provided by the schools as a societal mandate.

A great deal has also been written suggesting that the schools have not been particularly sensitive to the needs of children whose culture and/or language differs from the middle-class patterns. This lack of sensitivity, it has been suggested, has resulted in a generalized alienation to school for many.

The Fox Point bilingual program has had a objective dealing with selfconcept since the first year of operation. During the past program year, a
format known as the Faces instrument was utilized with two sets of itemsgrades, 1 and 2 received 15 items dealing with self and school; grades 3,4 and
5 were asked to respond to 22 items dealing with self, school and reading.

The instruments were administered in the classroom to children in groups of 3 or 4 by the instructional aide. Table 6 contains, in summary form, percentages pre and post of positive, negative, and, in some cases, neutral responses. Samples of the items and answer format are found in the Appendix.

The percentages of positive responses increased in all cases from pre to posttesting.

Children who had high positive scores on the pretest showed very little change overall. Children who had lower positive and, therefore, higher negative scores on the pretest, increased the number of positive responses resulting in the higher posttest scores for each class. The results suggest that the majority of children in the program have positive, quite stable, self-concept and attitudes toward school. It is important in an on-going program addressing self-concept and attitudes that once change is made, it be



SUPPATION IN PERCENTAGES OF POSITIVE, NEUTRAL, AND NEGATIVE RESPONSES TO SELF-CONCEPT AND ATTITUDE MEASURES

FOX POINT ELEMENTARY SCHOOL, 1973

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Post Pre Post Pre Pre </th <th>_</th> <th>Postti</th> <th>Ive %</th> <th>Neu</th> <th>itral %</th> <th>Negat</th> <th>fve &</th> <th></th> <th>Posit</th> <th>× 5</th> <th>•</th> <th>Neutra</th> <th>34</th> <th>Xe.</th> <th>ative 1</th> <th></th>	_	Postti	Ive %	Neu	itral %	Negat	fve &		Posit	× 5	•	Neutra	34	Xe.	ative 1	
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maintained. During the 1973-74 program year attention will be directed to monitoring those children who showed substantial changes in order that any regression be identified and steps taken to eliminate it.

PROCESS EVALUATION

As in past project years, the Project Director assumed a portion of the responsibility for process evaluation in keeping within his functions as an administrator in the Providence School System.

In addition, process evaluation responsibilities have been assumed by Professor Nelson Vieira of Brown University. During the 1971-72 project year, the evaluator became involved in monitoring aspects of the instructional process.

During the 1971-72 program year, the evaluator introduced the Cooper-McGuire on-route objectives and accompanying tests as in an effort to assess a number of implicit process objectives that had not been articulated.

Several changes have resulted from the process monitoring. These included, for the 1972-73 year, minor adjustments in the amount of time for the English language portion of the program, an increase in the amount of sight vocabulary introduced at the primary level, and a re-examination of some of the functions of the instructional.

During the 1972-73 year, the process monitoring emphasized the planning phase of the sixth year of operation as well as the various un-going instructional components especially English instruction. This function was implemented through the use of classroom observation, formal meetings with the teachers and formal meetings with the English curriculum writer.

Each of those having responsibility for process monitoring utilizes a different scheme for monitoring. Professor Vieira utilizes Politzer's "Performance Criteria for the Foreign Language Teacher;" Mr. Piccirilli, Project Director, utilizes guidelines set down by the Providence School Department and the evaluator, in dealing with instructional process, utilizes the intermediate objectives when stated as well as attempting to determine the nature and extent of intermediate objectives when not stated.

As stated in earlier reports, the lack of intermediate objectives in some areas has been a perceived weakness of the project. Since that observation was made last year, efforts by project management have been directed to this area. One of the changes in the responsibilities of the instructional aider has been on the increased amount of time devoted to individual and ad hoc small group instruction.

All classes utilize formal grouping procedures for reading and language arts and children having difficulty with specific tasks are assisted by the. aides. They have demonstrated increased competence with this task as a result of having participated in the Brown University in-service program.

Efforts should continue during the 1973-74 program year to articulate intermediate or on-route objectives and to relate these to a time line. A record-equing system similar to that implemented with the Cooper-McGuire intermediate objectives would assist in organizing for the teacher, and for project management.

INSTRUCTIONAL RECOMMENDATIONS

The recommendations which follow are based upon the evaluator's formative as well as summative evaluation activities. A number of these have been discussed with appropriate staff members and the Project Director during the year.

- 1. A portion of the 1973-74 Brown University in-service program should be devoted to the articulation of process objectives in arithmetic and language arts, excluding reading. The final phase of the sixth year program development should include the articulation of process objectives in social studies.
- 2. The amount of time devoted to vocabulary development should be examined at each reading instructional level. A portion of the time appointed to reading each week should be devoted to this activity. It is suggested that all children have mastery of the Dolch 220 Service Words and 90 Common Nouns no later than the end of the second year of the program.
- 3. The project should continue to consider ways to further individualize the instructional program for students and institute more team planning/teaching. As curriculum materials become more plentiful, especially in Portuguese, the transition to "open" education can be more easily facilitated.
- 4. A clerical person should be available to assist with materials development. Much of the time spent in developing instructional materials and making them available is devoted to production activities, the supervision of which could be a part of the responsibility of the curriculum writers.
- 5. The duties and responsibilities of the curriculum writers should be more clearly defined. Production activities and graphics could better



be handled by a clerk.

6. The project management should develop a kindergarten component to be implemented during the 1974-75 year. The program could be conceived as a school-wide bilingual program serving all of the eligible children in the district. From a language development standpoint, the earlier intervention of the bilingual concept has considerable research support. In addition, the kindergarted year would allow for a screening period to identify more effectively those children, both Portuguese and Englishdominant, whose verbal abilities are such that all of the available instructional time be devoted to English instruction.

TEACHER SURVEY

A questionnaire was given to each teacher in the program in an effort to assess teacher percaptions of program areas toward which attention might be given during the 1973-74 program year. Table 7 contains the results of this questionnaire. The areas of major concern included team planning/teaching and the need for more curriculum materials in Portuguese. Specifically, three teachers stated that the number one need was for a curriculum writer in Portuguese.

Curriculum Development. The project employed a full-time curriculum writer during the 1971-72 program year. This person left the program to accept a directorship in another community. A considerable amount of material was developed during the 1971-72 year and utilized during the 1972-73 year. In the -1972-73 program year, 2 one-half time curriculum writers were employed by the project--one, fluent in Portuguese, worked closely with the Portuguese classroom teachers. Because of health problems, she was not able to be in attendance every day and could not provide all the services desired by the teachers. The second one-half time curriculum writer was a trained reading specialist who provided classroom services formerly not available on a regular basts. In addition, she worked closely with the language consultant, Professor Nelson Vierra, in assuming some of the day-to-day responsibilities in the Portuguese curriculum area. Samples of materials developed by the consultant and curriculum writer appear in the Appendix. This evaluator spoke with several of the teachers regarding the need for the Portuguese curriculum writer and determined that more reading materials geared to specific skill areas and seat work to accompany these reading materials were desired by the intermediate level teachers. The bulk of the materials that were available were at the primary level. During the 1972-73 program year the language consultant and Mrs & Becher began the development and trial

TABLE 7

RESPONSES TO TEACHER QUESTIONNAIRE Fox Point Elementary School, Spring, 1973

·	1. More team planning/ceaching. 1 3 2 3 3
<u> </u>	2. More instructional materials for English instruction as the a. First b. Second c. both language(s) (underline)
	3. More instructional materials for Portuguese instruction as the a. First b. Second (2) c. both language(s) (3) (underline) 1 3 2 3
	4. A longer school day. 1 2 3
	5. More curriculum development assistance in PSL. 1 2 1 3
	6. More curriculum development assistance in ESL. (1) (2) 1 (3)
•	7. More curriculum development assistance in Portuguese as a First Language.
	8. More curriculum development assistance in Portuguese as a Second Language
	9. More audiovisual materials to accompany equipment available to you.
	10. More frequent contacts with parents. 1 2 3
	11. Please, feel free to add to this list. Be sure you indicate the priority with a 1, 2, or 3.
	Portuguese curriculum writer - Steachers.

Please return in the accompanying envelope before June 19, 1973 to Raisa Williams.

use of reading materials modeled on the SRA instructional package or kit format. A number of stories and comprehension activities were developed during the Spring of 1973 and used on a trial basis. The evaluator has attended two curriculum development work sessions at which time the reading and comprehension material found in the Appendix was developed. The curriculum consultant and curriculum writer functioned well as a team—an in—depth knowledge of reading complimented the consultant's knowledge of Portuguese literature and language.

In addition to developing reading materials, some attention has been directed to Portuguese culture in the social studies, ar thmetic, especially measurement and science.

A number of materials were received from other Portuguese Title VII projects during the 1972-73 program year. A cataloging procedure was established and these materials were made available to the teachers as they were processed.

The organization of the program has been based upon the self-contained classroom with informal grade level planning on an irregular "perceived need" basis. Within classrooms children have been grouped for some subjects such as reading. As curriculum materials in Portuguese become increasingly available one of the significant changes that should be considered is to move toward more formalized within-grade and acrossgrade level planning.

STAFF DEVELOPMENT

The 1972-73 program year had two dimensions in this component:

- 1. the Brown University in-service program.
- 2. Your one-day workshops focusing upon the Portuguese Curriculum Matérials Center at Rhode Island College.

Professor Nelson Vieira of Brown University has provided consultation services to the project in the form of on-site visits to assist with curriculum development and language teaching. In addition, he has directed the in-service program. Consisting of a 3 week summer institute and 4 Saturday workshops during the past year became increasingly individualized with the introduction last summer of a series of instructional modules in linguistic theory, curriculum development and teaching techniques. The growing individualization has been the result of comments to Professor Vieira and the evaluator by teachers who felt the need for devoting more time to the curriculum needs of specific grades.

Participants during the 1972-73 year included teachers from Providence, Pawtucket and Fall River. The emphasis for most teachers was curriculum development. Teachers from Pawtucket and Fall River who were new to their respective projects spend more time with applied linguistic theory and teaching strategies.

Fewer Providence teachers were involved during the 1972-73 year than in past program years. The three newer teachers on the project staff attended all sessions as well as three of the teachers who have been involved with the project since 1969. The evaluator interviewed teachers and received positive statements regarding the in-service, consultant services provided by Professor Vieira. The most frequent reason given for choosing not to participate in some or all of the workshop sessions was that the experienced teachers felt they had to respond to other in-service demands



on their time, specifically reading workshops and that after attending for three summers they desired a vacation. They indicated that Professor Vieira provided valuable services in the classroom with specific language or methodological problems.

The on-site consultation services provided by Professor Vieira are provided two days a week. The evaluator has worked closely during the past two years with Professor Vieira and he has observed that, uniformly, his services are valued by the project staff. During the 1972-73 program year, he worked closely with Mrs. Becher, the English Curriculum writer, in planning the sixth year program. The evaluator attended a meeting called by Mrs. Becker in May. In attendance were Professor Vieira, Mrs. Becker, Mr. Aica and Mr. Augusta, the fifth grade teacher; Miss Gonsolves, the sixth grade teacher in the 1973-74 program and Mr. Piccirilli, Project Director.

The meeting was devoted to grouping children for instruction and examining instructional materials.

Four one-dry workshops were held in the Spring at the Curriculum Materials Center, Rhode Island College. Mr. Picciriii successfully negotiated with the Office of Education and the OE funded Materials Acquisition Center, San Diego, California to obtain approximately 2500 textbooks and other curriculum-related materials in Portuguese. Designed for use by teachers as well as interested community members, a small number of adult oriented books were housed in the Fox Point branch of the Providence Public Library.

The four workshops dealt with specific curriculum-related themes-testing, reading, culture, and general curriculum development. All Title VII projects in southeastern New England were invited to send representatives to the workshops and all projects were represented at one or more of the all-day sessions. The evaluator attended the session dealing with culture. The decision to



house the curriculum materials at Rhode Island College was due to the fact that the College's Instructional Materials Center had the facilities and the expertise to effectively deal with the cataloging and circulation of the collection.

During the 1973-74 program year an evaluation will be undertaken to determine the use or these materials.

The Center also houses project-developed curriculum materials that are distributed among the Portuguese Title VII projects. In addition, all documents of a proposal and evaluation nature are to be housed in the Center.

. An evaluation of the 1972 Summer Institute is found in the Appendix.

Final Management Evaluation

This evaluation report has been prepared in accordance with the five management functions identified by the U.S. Office of Education - planning, installing, operating, communicating and evaluating. A discussion of these components comprises Section 1; Section 2 deals with the impact of the project on participating groups; Section 3 addresses specific objectives stated for the current year; Section 4 is a monitoring system used for several years in this project to identify and fix responsibility for management tasks; Section 5 contains the bi-weekly project activity reports prepared by the evaluator for (1) communicating with the Project Director, and (2) providing a formal record of a number of activities undertaken by the Project Director or the evaluator.

Section I - Management Components Narrative

While all five of these components have existed since the first year of the program, not all of them have received the same emphasis. For example, planning was a key component prior to and during the first year of operation. During the second year, the operating component received increasing emphasis. During the third year, communication emerged as a component of priority. In the fourth year, planning again received high priority.

I. Planning

1. Were individuals and groups affected by the program's operation involved in the planning of activities?

A number of community people continue to be employed as aides within the project; however, obtaining on-going participation from numbers of Luso-Americans in the community has not been completely

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to participation in school-related activities. Over the past several years, many attempts have been made to obtain Luso-American representation at Advisory Council meetings as well as P.T.A. meetings. The cultural expectency is to leave education to the professionals. In addition, many parents work second or third shifts and cannot easily attend.

A series of meetings were held with the Middle School administration and appropriate staff to discuss the 6th year plan.

A building meeting should be held prior to or shortly after the beginning of school to acquaint all with the plans for the year and to provide an opportunity for possible input into the on-going planning process.

2. Were special efforts made to gain the support of individuals or groups whose anticipated reaction might be neutral or negative?

To the best knowledge of this evaluator, there are no groups who, during the past year, were neutral or negative toward the program.

Only one parent out of 58 interviewed indicated they would prefer that their children not participate during the next program year. The parent questionnaire is contained later in this report.

The evaluator undertook a survey of all certified Fox Point staff in order to obtain information in a number of areas that would be useful for planning future programs. The results are found in another section of this report.

Jacinto Ferreira, a former Portuguese embassy employee who is fluent in Portuguese, has served for several years as community liaison person, assisting parents, children and community people with the variety of problems newly-arrived immigrants face.

- 3. Were resources (equipment, materials, personnel) necessary for the operation of each component identified and made available in order that component activities would not be delayed or altered?
 - (a) Equipment There were not problems in this area.
 - (b) Materials The usual kinds of materials such as paper, pencils, and English texts were in adequate supply.

 Earlier reports detailed the lack of Portuguese texts and materials. Efforts initiated last year and expanded, have resulted in the development and acquisition of many materials. There is still a need for more materials, especially at the intermediate grades and efforts should continue to develop and acquire appropriate materials.
 - (c) Personnel With the exception of the 1/2-time Portuguese curriculum writer, personnel were available and instruction was undertaken and carried out without delay. Several times when a teacher was absent, Mrs. Becker substituted so as to insure that the program continued uninterrupted.
- 4. Were all sources of technical assistance identified and services secured and utilized to meet program-planned needs?

Mrs. Adele Becker, a reading specialist who had several years experience in the school was hired as a 3/5 time English Curriculum writer. The 1-time Portuguese Curriculum writer was not in attendance everyday due to health reasons. Professor Vieira worked with Mrs. Becker to fill the void caused by her absence.

5. Were alternative resources identified in the event that selected contractors, consultants, suppliers, etc. did not provide services according to specification?

There were no problems in this area to the best knowledge of the evaluator.

Was the needs assessment conducted on a broadly-based planning group that was able to provide a variety of perspectives on the problem?

The needs assessment reflected information obtained from a variety of sources that was used to update and modify the original assessment



of needs. The long-range 5-year plan includes installing a program component in the middle school in the 1973-74 program year. Plans have been finalized. To the best knowledge of this evaluator, the Advisory Council has not yet had the opportunity to discuss in detail expansion to the middle school. This should be planned as one of the first items during the upcoming year.

7. Is needs assessment data represented in the kinds of program priorities and component activities included within the project?

The 1972-73 program was operationalized after needs were assessed. During the year, several minor revisions were made as operations are compared with the priorities of the acquisition of speaking, listening, reading and writing facilities in two languages. The program follows closely the concept of bilingual education. In addition, formative and summative evaluation data has been utilized in decisions regarding the time priorities allocated to various components.

8. Were alternate approaches to meeting specified needs considered?

As a demonstration program operating within the philosophy of bilingual education, alternatives have been identified in many areas.

As yet, significant movement toward individualized instruction has not been noted. However, progress is being made through the use of the Cooper-McGuire instruments. Efforts to further individualize should continue.

9. Were performance objectives in both product and instructional process established for each component?

Performance objectives were stated for all instructional components.

In addition, objectives were stated in the affective domain. Instructional

Process objectives for reading have been included in the Appendix.

There is a need for articulation of on-route objectives in other areas.

Specific management objectives are found in Section II. The management function could possibly be further strengthened through the introduction of a PERT chart or other similar system of detailing a comprehensive view of management function for a program year. A recommendation to this effect was made in the 1971-72 Final Report and in the 1972-73 Interim Report.

II. ; Installation

1. Did prerequisite actions take place as planned before component activities were initiated?

There were no serious problems that this evaluator was aware of caused by failure to take prerequisite action. Adequate planning resulted in a successful Portuguese Festival with Mr. Piccirilli absent due to a death in the family.

2. Did the organizational pattern provide for effective coordination among staff and between staff and advisory groups?

There were no serious problems related to the organizational pattern. The addition of Mrs. Becker as Curriculum Writer enhanced the operation of the program. She was in regular contact with all teachers regarding primarily curricula matters. She facilitated the interaction among the teaching staff and the in-service staff by being free from teaching responsibilities on a full-time basis. No ojectives were stated for this component and it is recommended that several be articulated in order to more clearly define the responsibilities attached to the position.

Staff meetings were he i as necessary for planning. This evaluator attended several of those. A more formalized meeting schedule will become necessary during the 1973-74 program year as a portion of the program leaves the building.

3. Were staff responsibilities clearly assigned and delineated and efforts made to resolve potential problems in areas of joint responsibility?

Reference was made earlier to the possibility of clarifying the responsibilities for the position of curriculum writer/coordinator.

As in many schools where federal programs operate, there is an interface of administration responsibilities having the potential for jurisdictional dispute.

regarding certain management responsibilities, there were none during the current year that the evaluator was aware of. The responsibilities of the contracted services provided to the project were clearly spelled out in the respective contracts and no problems arose. Responsibilities of aides and teachers have been partially circumscribed by state, local regulations and contracts. There were no serious problems with either group during the year.

4. Were contractor's services and products provided according to specifications so that the component activities could begin as planned?

There were no problems in this area to the best knowledge of this evaluator.

III. Operating or Directing

1. Was sufficient authority delegated so that the project manager, staff and advisory groups could carry out their jobs?

Providence School Department to insure that the program could be implemented on schedule. The project director serves on a half-time basis, the remainder of his time is spent as ESL Coordinator for the system. The curriculum writer assumed some former director responsibilities in the area of curricula development and the continuance of this portion will become increasingly important during the next year when plans are implemented and materials continue to be developed for the middle school.

As the opinion of this evaluator, the project director has served effectively during the 1972-73 program year in allowing the staff and various other components to carry out their respective functions.

2. Did the program manager in correcting a problem consider several alternatives and involve appropriate staff, administrative officials or advisory groups in his consideration?

The manager was faced with several problems during the year which were resolved after consultation with a variety of individuals and groups. These problems included qualified staff and appropriate materials. The decision to house the Portuguese Curriculum materials involved a number of people as well as the consideration of a number of sites.

3. Did the program manager receive needed support services, personnel and leadership from within the school system?

There were a number of support services provided the project by the Providence School Department. Whenever the potential existed, these services reflected the bicultural thrust of the program. For example, the physical education teacher planned several activities of a cultural nature. The building principal, in a number of instances, facilitated the activities of the project. Most notably was the "Portuguese Festival" open house. During the 1972 - 1973 year, the Providence School Department administrative personnel participated in the first year of a realignment of the administrative structure. The new structure should facilitate the implementation of certain management functions, especially in the areas of planning and operation.

4. Were cask assignments made and job positions developed so that the workload was reasonably allocated?

During the fourth year of operation, there were no major changes in teaching or paraprofessional task assignments. As mentioned earlier, health problems experienced by the 1/2 time Portuguese Curriculum Writer resulted in the 3/5 time English Curriculum Writer assuming somewhat of an overload.

IV. Communication

1: Did the program staff provide the director with timely information on problems so that solutions could be found as quickly as possible?

The project director maintained close contact with the staff. He was assisted by the English curriculum writer who had very close contact with the teachers. A formal mechanism for communication does



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not exist currently. With the move to the Middle School more formalized communication will be necessary. This system should be devised prior to the beginning of school.

2. Did the organization of the project staff facilitate communication?

There were no problems in communication among the project staff.

On several occasions, when the Project Director was out of the building on visits to other schools, the curriculum writer was able to answer questions which arose within the building.

3. Did the program manager consult with those to be affected by a change in the project plan and allow for feedback and further modification before the revised plan was implemented?

Staff meetings occurred to discuss program modifications. The evaluator attended two of these - one dealing with the Cooper-McGuire instruments and the second dealing with the sixth year program.

Ouring both meetings, teachers provided feedback to the Project Director.

Because all of the staff, as well as the manager are housed in close proximity discussion among staff and management is continuous and feedback is an on-going activity.

4. Were types of media selected for specific communication purposes determined by the nature of the information to be presented and the specific recipient groups?

All communications from the school to home were in both English and Portuguese. Aides and the community liaison person visited homes for discussions of specific issues.

The Project Director has maintained communication with Portuguese projects in the Northeast as well as California. Several teams of visitors from the bilingual programs spent a considerable amount of time during the

communication with these projects subsequent to their visits.

The parent interviews conducted during the past Spring were designed to communicate with the parents as well as to gather information.

5. Did the communication system provide a mechanism for a flow of ideas and suggestions from those concerned and interested in the project to the project manager?

Feedback in the form of reports was provided by the evaluator and auditor. Communication from home was in note or telephone when initiated in the home. Specific information needed by the manager from home was obtained by the aides, teachers or the community liaison person.

The Portuguese Festival program provided the opportunity for large numbers of community people, staff and administrators to interact in a social senting. Designed as a communication mechanism, this program dealt mainly with the social aspects of the Portuguese culture dance, song, food and drink. In addition, a Portuguese book display attracted much interest.

6. Was a mechanism established for periodically reviewing and disseminating information about the status of the project?

These mechanisms were referred to earlier in the report. They tend, because of the compactness of the project, i.e., housed under one roof, to be informal; however, formal mechanisms do exist in the form of Advisory Council meeting, Title VII evaluation and audit meetings, and staff meetings. In addition the Application for Continuation contains information about the status of the project. All Title VII projects received a copy of this as well as appropriate divisions of the LEA, SEA and O.E.

V. Evaluation

The project has used the Murphy-Durrell and the Gates-MacGinitie

1. Were evaluation instruments developed, locally pretested?

instruments for several years after pretesting in 1969. These instruments are relevant to the English reading skills which are an important

component of the program.

The CRDC - URI has for the past two years been developing and field testing a series of instruments in the areas of Portuguese language readiness and achievement. The achievement tests have been administered to samples of children at the Fox Point School. A report for the 1972-1973 year was prepared and delivered to the Project Director.

We're evaluation techniques and instruments determined as an integral part of the performance objective developmental process?

Performance objectives for the 1972-1973 project year were developed by management in concert with the CRDC. Recommendations in earlier portions of this report address the need for more on-route objectives in arithmetic and language arts.

Were evaluation findings utilized expeditiously by the project staff in adjusting or modifying program operations to correct problems?

Teacher-made tests were used continuously in formative evaluation.

The Cooper-McGuire instruments were valuable in making decisions about instruction and grouping. The results of pretest data analysis were presented to the project director for use in the project.

The teachers were most receptive to the concept of the Cooper-McGuire Tests - individual diagnosis of specific strengths and weaknesses. The teachers indicated that a plan for reducing the amount of paper work in the form of record-keeping would be helpful.



4. Were evaluation responsibilities clearly assigned for process and product evaluation, both instructional and management?

Contracts with the CRDC and Brown University detailed responsibilities.

5. Were evaluation procedures coordinated with the independent educational audit process?

The O.E. procedures establishing evaluation and audit parameters were followed. Several meetings were held between the evaluator and auditor to discuss reports and the project. Communication in writing and via telephone also occurred during the year between the evaluator and auditor.

6. Was technical assistance utilized in the development of evaluation procedures where identified areas of weakness existed?

Professor Nelson Vieira has been increasingly involved during the past project year in the development of curricula materials. The evaluator has attended the in-service and has provided assistance in areas other than evaluation and testing. Mr. Piccirilli plans to hire a full-time Portuguese curriculum writer for the 1973-74 program year.

PARENT QUESTIONNAIRE

A survey of the parents of children enrolled in the Title VII program has been conducted during each program year. An extensive survey of language use was conducted during the 1971-72 program to obtain detailed information regarding the out-of-school language environment.

As in the 1971-72 program year, the interview procedure was utilized with 60 systematically selected families. The interviewers for the current year were a male-female team. The evaluator has employed the team approach successfully in the past when conducting face-to-face interviews in urban environments. In addition to gathering data useful to project management the interview technique as employed allows for dissemination of information about the program to those who request information or who have a less than complete understanding as indicated by their responses. A training seminar was held at which time the interview schedule was examined and procedures designed to elicit responses were discussed and the role of dissemination was discussed.

Six names were selected from each of the 10 classes in the following way:

- 1. The register was used for names and addresses.
- 2. The seventh name in each register was the first name selected.
- 3. Three families were selected from the list of boys and three from the list of girls.
- 4. If duplications occurred either within classes or between classes, the next name in the register was selected.

This sampling procedure was utilized in order to allow for a meaningful face-to-face interview situation. Other procedures were considered such as telephone and mail. It was decided that the interview would be the most meaningful.

The results of the interviewing are found in Tables 8 and 9.



PARENT QUESTIONNAIRE ON BILINGUAL EDUCATION

PORTUGUESE-DOMINANT PARENTS

BEST COPY AVAILABLE

1.	Husband	and/or	wife of	Portuguese	ancestry?	(Underline	one or	both)
						•		

Husband 2

Wife 2

Both 26

2. Why did you want your children to attend the bilingual class? Do you understand the purpose of the bilingual program? Yes 13 No 8

Both languages 10 Likes the idea 1

Portuguese languages 16 English language 3

3. Do you want your child(ren) enrolled in the bilingual class next year?

Yes 30 No 0

Why? Both languages 9
Portuguese languages 16
English languages 3
Cultural awareness 2

4. Do you think that it is easier or harder for your children in the bilingual class than it would be in another class?

1. easier 1
2. harder 5

3. about the same $\frac{24}{2}$

Why

5. What have your children gained from attending bilingual classes?

Both languages 22

Cultural 1

Portuguese languages 6

English languages 1

6. What do you hope they will gain?

Both languages 21 Cultural 1

Portuguese languages 6 Regular subjects 1

English languages 1

7. What language do your children speak to you? (Please circle one number.)

1. Only portuguese 21

2. Mostly Portuguese 4

3. Only English 2

4. Mostly English 1

5. English and Portuguese equally 2

0.	and sisters?
·	1. Only Portuguese 7 2. Mostly Portuguese 9 3. Only English 4 4. Mostly English 7 5. English and Portuguese equally 3
9.	What language do your children speak when they play with their friends outdoors?
ı	1. Only Portuguese 5 2. Mostly Portuguese 5 3. Only English 11 4. Mostly English 5 5. English and Portuguese equally 4
10.	Have you visited Fox Point for special programs or parent meetings?
5	Yes 11 No 19
11.	Do you feel that all students should learn another language? Yes 30 No 0
12.	(If yes to question 11) When do you feel they should begin to learn another language?
•	1. Kindergarten 13 2. Early Elementary 16 3. Later Elementary 1 4. Middle School/Junior High 0 5. Senior High 0
13.	Should the Providence School Department provide financial support for such programs?
	Yes 30 No 9 If no please explain.
•	

PARENT QUESTIONNAIRE ON BILINGUAL EDUCATION

ENGLISH-DOMINANT PARENTS

1.	Husband	and/or	wife o	f Portug	uese ances	try? (U	Inderline	one	or	both
----	---------	--------	--------	----------	------------	---------	-----------	-----	----	------

Husband 16

Wife 16

Neither 8

2. Why did you want your children to attend the bilingual class? Do you understand the purpose of the bilingual program? yes 23

Both languages 11 recommended attendance 4

Cultural purposes 4

To keep up their native language 7

3. Do you want your child(ren) enrolled in the bilingual class next year?

Yes _26_

No _____

'In doubt

/Why?

Both languages 9 Cultural purposes 10

4. Do you think that it is easier or harder for your children in the bilingual class than it would be in another class?

1. easier $\sqrt{\frac{5}{6}}$ 2. harder $\frac{5}{6}$

3. about the same 17

Why?

- 5. What have your children gained from attending bilingual classes?

 Both languages 22

 To learn English 1

 Cultural purposes 3

 Not much 2
- 6. What do you hope they will gain?
 Both languages 23 American culture 1
 English languages 3
 Portuguese languages 3
- 7. What language do your children speak to you? (Please circle one number.)
 - 1. Only Portuguese 2
 - 2. Mostly Portuguese 1
 - 3. Only English 20
 - 4. Mostly English 4
 - 5. English and Portuguese equally 2

PARENT QUESTIONNAIRE ON BILINGUAL EDUCATION

8.	What language do your children speak when they talk to their brothers and sisters?
	1. Only Portuguese 1 2. Mostly Portuguese 3 3. Only English 21 4. Mostly English 2 5. English and Portuguese equally 0
9.	What language do your children speak when they play with their friends outdoors?
	1. Only Portuguese 1 2. Mostly Portuguese 0 3. Only English 22 4. Mostly English 2 5. English and Portuguese equally 3
10.	Have you visited Fox Point for special programs or parent meetings?
	Yes 17 No 11
11.	Do you feel that all students should learn another land age?
	Yes 23 No 6 If no, please explain.
12.	(If yes to question 11) When do you feel they should begin to learn this language?
	 Kindergarten 12 Early Elementary 13 Later Elementary 1 Middle School/Junior High 1 * Senior High 1
13.	Should the Providence School Department provide financial support for such programs?
	Yes 27 No 1 . If no, please explain.
· •	Should be shared equally between the State and Federal Government.

Twenty-eight interviews were completed with English-dominant parents. Two of the families originally selected were not available after several call-backs. Two more families were selected, but a mutually convenient time for the interview could not be arranged.

The responses strongly indicate positive perceptions of the program.

A number of parents appear to have an incomplete knowledge of the purposes of bilingual education. This is especially true among the parents of Portuguese-dominant children. Past surveys have indicated that the working schedules of these parents prohibits their attending functions during the school day or during the evening. The development of a Portuguese newsletter as a cooperative staff-student activity should have an impact upon parental awareness. A copy of the second edition is found in the Appendix.

The language used outside of school reflects in general the language dominance of the home. Four Portuguese-dominant parents indicated that only English was used by children when talking to siblings, but eleven parents indicated its use when talking to friends, suggesting that the home plays a greater role in first language maintenance than does the more heterogeneous neighborhood.

All of the Portuguese-dominant parents and 82% of the English-dominant parents indicated that students should learn a second language. The remaining 18% of the English-dominant parents left the decision to the individual.

Of those interviewed (58), 57 stated that a second language should be introduced during the elementary school years. Of this total, 55 felt that the introduction should be no later than the early elementary years.

All but one of those interviewed (57) felt that the Providence School Department should provide financial support for such language programs.



General Impact on Participating Groups

I. Parents

Parent involvement has increased somewhat during the past year. Obtaining on-going parental involvement, especially the Portuguese-dominant parents, has been one of the major tasks undertaken by Mr. Piccirilli. He has implemented several strategies to increase involvement of the non-English speaking parents including making available teachers and aides to act as interpretors at meetings, both formal and informal.

The open house in June was well attended by parents and children. These were activities for all, including teen-agers.

II. Community

While many of the comments regarding parents apply to the community, several newspaper articles dealing with the project reached the larger community of greater Providence.

III. Teachers

During the 1972-73 year the teachers became increasingly involved in curriculum development and assessment of pupil performance. A number of teachers continued their involvement in the in-service program and expanded their professional contact to include teachers from Fall River and Pawtucket. This evaluator accompanied a team visiting the project from Connecticut and observed the teachers interacting with these visitors. The discussion was very stimulating to all and the visitors left with a great deal of practical information for implementing bilingual education programs.

There is no question that the Fox Point bilingual staff has received from the program as much as they have given.

IV. Students

Based upon results of the formative and summative evaluation, the children are progressing both cognitively and affectively at very satis-factory rates overall. The instructional evaluation detailed these results. Field trips brought the children into direct contact with the larger community in very meaningful ways. The development of a park area adjacent to the school in the historic Fox Point harbor area has been an effort of many parents of Fox Point children as well as staff members, including the principal. The realization of this facility will add a new dimension for the children as well as heightening community pride.

V. Educational Institutions

Reference has already been made to the impact of the project on other Title VII projects. The University of Rhode Island and Brown University have continued to be intimately involved in the Providence bilingual program. Rhode Island College has begun to become involved in bilingual education with a thrust provided in the Portuguese materials deposited there.

The evaluator represented the project at the national meeting of Teachers of English to Speakers of Other Languages in May. The evaluator met with other Title VII evaluators, project directors and staff members to discuss both theoretical and applied issues dealing with bilingual education.

Prof. Nelson Vieira and the English Curriculum writer attended a national bilingual conference held at San Diego in April. At this meeting Professor delivered a formal paper dealing with the project.

1972-73 Management Objectives

This section of the Final Report deals with the managment objectives articulated for the 1972-73 program year. Earlier reports have detailed pre-project as well as the first, second and third year of operation. This report deals with management activities from July, 1972 to June, 1973. Activities from July, 1972 to January, 1973 were reported in the Interim Report.

Two significant activities occurred during the period covered by this report:

- (1) Implementation of the fifth year classes and
- (2) Planning for the sixth year and the attendant extension of the project to the Nathan Eishop Middle School.

As detailed in the Interim Report, the fifth-year program was implemented on schedule and planning was underway for the sixth-year program.

The objectives and evaluation follow:

1. Schedule and implement monthly staff meetings to review evaluation data, current needs and anticipated future needs. Periodically review instructional objectives both on-route and terminal.

This objectives was only partially realized during the 1972-73

year. As mentioned in the Interim Report, several meetings in the

h. were cancelled due to unanticipated conflicts. During the

Spring, several meetings were cancelled because the project director

was involved in central staff meetings dealing with new programs.

Communications with staff members have been continuous and the English

curriculum writen assumed some responsibility for calling and chairing

meetings at request of the project director. Efforts, should continue



to be made in the 1973-74 program year to implement meetings as scheduled. This will be more important, since a portion of the program will operate in another building.

2. Obtain applications and interviews for new positions during the 1972-73 year as well as in anticipation of the 1973-74 program year.

At the time of this writing, the sixth grade position will be filled by the 1972-73 fourth grade teacher. The fourth grade position has been filled by a male teacher, according to the project director.

3. Plan for implementation of the 1972-73 program year in Grade 6 at the area middle school.

Plans have been finalized for the sixth-year program.

Ms. Adele Becker was assigned primary responsibility for scheduling meetings and worked with Professor Vieira as well as the 5th and 6th grade teachers in developing the program. The teacher-made curriculum materials are currently being prepared by Miss Gonsolves in the Brown Summer Institute.

4. The Parent Advisory Council will meet periodically to be provided information related to the project as well as to provide the project director and staff with information necessary for maintaining effective school-community relations.

The rescheduled April meeting was devoted to a discussion of the Portuguese Festival, according to the project director. The evaluator was unable to attend.



5. The project director will make arrangements with the Providence Journal-Bulletin for an interview to discuss the project, especially the middle school phase. The project director will make arrangements with Interrobang, the publication of the Rhode Island State Department of Education for an interview focusing upon the educational implications of the bilingual concept.

Newspaper articles dealing with the project have appeared in local newspapers during the 1972-73 program year. In addition, an article focusing on the Providence bilingual program appeared in Materiales en Marcha, a nationally disseminated publication of the Materials Acquisition Project, San Diego, California. At the time of this writing, the State Department of Education publication, Interrobang, has not been contacted.

 The project director will keep accurate financial records of all project-related expenditures.

This objective was addressed in the Interim Report.

7. The project director will keep accurate records of all visitors to the project during the 1972-73 program year.

This objective was addressed in the Interim Report.

8. The project director will establish procedures for making available to eligible projects the materials acquired during the Summer of 1972 from the Materials Acquisition Project in San Diego, California.

Consisting of approximately 3,000 volumes, the project director has, since the Interim Report, held four one-day workshops designed, in part, to familiarize Portuguese teachers with the materials.

Many teachers have borrowed materials for use in their respective programs. During the 1973-74 program year, an assessment should be made to determine the specifics of circulation.



Management Recommendations

Based upon the management evaluation, the majority of management functions operated smoothly during the 1972-73 program year. A decision to move the fourth grade classes to the west wing, joining the fifth grade classes, should further facilitate communication among all building teachers and staff. Planning for the sixth year has been completed and materials are presently being prepared. The recommendations which follow are addressed to areas of perceived weakness during the 1972-73 program year, or to areas of potential weakness during the 1973-74 year.

- 1. A more detailed description of the responsibilities of the curriculum writers should be articulated.
- 2. A curriculum clerk should be available on at least a ½-time basis to develop and disseminate curricular materials under the supervision of the curriculum writers.
- 3. A schedule of staff meetings should be developed prior ... to the start of school.
- 4. Greater efforts should be made to plan cooperatively with all involved parties pre and posttesting. Planning should be undertaken as soon as school opens in September.
- 5. A PERT-type multidimensional management system should be considered. While a number of components of such a system are in operation and can be, in part, considered as contributing to the overall success of the project, growing size and complexity of operation will require such a management system.

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Date or Time Interval Prior to start of year

	•		Instructional	Variable	,
		Organization	Content	L	Facilities
	Student				
	.eacher		Project Director 5 <u>th</u> grade program	to finalize n	
aldsiyay	Administrator	7			Two classrooms to be designated for the project
[snoitutits	Educational Specialist		BEST COPPY AWAILANGE		
	Family		v		
	.Community				
	Remarks: Fifth time a	ี่ grade program to continue to inc allotment for English instructioก	ານe to increase ຈຣtructiບົກ	Administration	

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or Time Interval Prior to start of year

Aryman .			Instructional	1 Variable	
		Organization.	Content	1	Facilities
	Student				"
·					
	Teacher				
əldsinsV	Administrator		secure tests an for fifth grade	and materials e program	•
stitutional	Educational Specialist				
nI	Faurily				· ·
	Community				
	Remarks:			Administration	C.

Udite of 11Me Interval August-15, 1972

Facilities Administration. Evaluator.... Method Instructional Variable Content certain management responsibilities Final decision to be made by September 15 regarding curriculum writer Evaluation Design and evaluator to discuss implementation of Organization. to discuss the Meeting with Administrator BEST COPY AVAILABLE Educational Specialist Community Teacher Student Remarks: Family Institutional Variable

, }			Instructional	Vartable	
? I	DEST COPY AVAILABLE	Organization	Content	Method	Facilities
	Student		a		
					•
	Teacher	8			g
	Administrator	Application distributed for curriculum writer position	Þ		
	Educational Specialist				
L	Family				
<u></u>	Community		G		
<u></u>	Remarks:			Administration.	

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RIC"			Instructional	1 Variable	
BES	BEST COPY AVAILABLE	Organization	Content	L	· Facilities
	Student				
	Teacher				
JEdainaV	Administrator	Coordinate testing schedule in terms of Title I program.			Determine space for individual and small
60 [sertutional	Educational Specialist				
ı	Fautly				
	Community				i i
	Remarks: Revisions the Title	made in testing scl I proposal testing	schedule based upon ng program	Administration	

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RIC.			Instructional	l Varfable	
M	BEST COPY AVAILABLE	Organization	Content	Method	Facilities
	Student	•	·		
·	Teacher				
aldsinsV	Administrator				
Stitutional	Educational Specialist	•	Professor Vieira to	to begin	
uI.	Fauily				
	Community	y		,	
•	Remarks:			Administration	

		· ·		Instructional	Variable	/
. •	BE	BEST CORY AVAILABLE	Organization	Content		Facilities
•		Student				
		Teacher				
	AldainsV	Administrator	Schedule staff meetings for 1972-73 program year			
,	[snottutiter	Educational Specialist				
	, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,	Family				
	-	- Community				
	,	Remarks: Tentative	tive schedule formulated		Administration	

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Facilities Administration... Method Instructional Variable Remarks: Locating space for individual testing a problem Content Implement testing Organization. program on some days Administrator -BEST COPY AVAILABLE Educational Specialist Community Teacher **Student** Family eldeinsV [anoilutitan]

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•			Instructional	Variable	
		Organization	Content	٠ ا	Facilities
	Student				
	Teacher				'n
əldsirsv	Administrator	Contact established with Middle School re: 6th grade			
[snottutita	Educational Specialist				
n]	Family				
	Community				
	Remarks: A meet for th	A meeting was held with Mr. Jon for the 6th grade program was d	nes and the plan discussed	Administration	

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-			Instructional	Variable	
		Organization.	Content	Method	Facilities
	Student			• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •	
	Teacher	Review of Cooper-			
		McGuire testing and		•	1
		plan for use during			
əldsinsV	Administrator	current year			
fanoitutita	Educational Specialist				₽
nĬ	Fautly	,	7.2.		Y (1, 1)
.	Community				c
	Remarks: Evalua	Evaluator and Project Director	r met with teachers	Administration	

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	•		Instructional	Varfable	
		Organization	Content	Method	Facilities
	Student				\
		ď			
	Teacher				
•				•	
aldstrsV	Administrator	Curriculum writer hired for Portuguese program on a ½ time basis	5		
Stitutional	Educational Specialist	a		o.	
nI	Family				
	Commun1 ty				•
	Remarks:			Administration	

ERIC Follest Provided by ERIC

0 Facilities Administration... Project Director to assess quality of the instructional Method program through observation of glassroom|performance Instructional Variable Content The Project Director utilized the format for teacher evaluation used by the Providence School Department Organization. Administrator Educational Specialist Community Teacher Remarks: Student Faunily Institutional Variable

ERIC Provided by ERIC

Facilities responsibility for coordinating curricylum development Method Middle School staff to discuss in deta 1 the 6th Instructional Variable Project Directof and Curriculum Writer met with grade program. |Mrs. Becker has assumed primary Content Organization Administrator Educational Specialist Community Remarks: Teacher Student Family Institutional Variable

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Administration....

...agement Monitoring Matrix

Date . Time Interval February 1973

			Instructional	Variable	
		Organization	Content	1	Facilities
	Student		*		
	Teacher				
əldsinsV	Administrator				Project Director to determine space available for second
stitutional	Educational Specialist				
uI	Family				
	Commûnîty				
	Remarks:			Administration	

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agement Monitoring Matrix

ERIC Full Text Provided by ERIC

Date

Time Interval

on-going

Facilities Administration.. Method Instru-tional Variable Content coordinate all Organization Administrator Educational Specialist Community Remarks: **Teacher** Student Family Institutional Variable

nagement Monitoring Matrix

Date . Time Interval

February,

<u></u>		v	2	Instructional	Variable	
• ·			Organization	Content	1	Facilities
		Student	•		o	
		Teacher	Project director, teachers, and English curriculum writer plan			
aldains	variable .	Administrator	monthly bilingual newspaper			
Lituoitutita	יו רמבוסטשן	Educational Specialist		•		
u[ut	Family				
		Community			ť	
drawerres Mandalala	:A·	Remarks:			Administration	

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			Tactional	Variable	
<u></u>		Organization	Content	Method	Facilities
	Student				
	Teacher		Project director schedules 4 one-day work-hops at	tor schedules k~hops at	
eldainaV	Administrator		Curriculum Resource Center at Rhode Island College	m Resource Center Island College	
fitutional '	Educational Specialist		1		
uI	Family	V			
<u> </u>	Community				
	Remarks:			Administration	

F agement Monitoring Matrix

Date (Time Interval February

		\ \ \	Instructional	l Variable	
		Organization	Content		Facilities
	Student			ţ	
,	Teacher				
,	Administrator	spring mesting date established			o o
fanotautita	Educational Specialist				
u I	Family	for Advisory Council meeting		, ,	1
,	Community				
	Remarks:			Administration	

. Na Jement Monitoring Matrix

Date or ime Interval February 1973

			Instructional	Variable	
		Organization	Content	Method	· · Facilities
· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	Student	•			
, ,	Teacher		•		
9[dsinsV	Administrator				4
stitutional ist	Educational Specialist	Interim Evaluation Report delivered to Project Director	o		
, .	Family				
·	Community			o	
	Remarks:			Administration	

ement Monitoring Matrix

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ERIC Provided by ERIC

Date or me Interval March, 1973

Facilities Administration.. discuss the 6th year program specifically Project Director evaluator and middle school staff meet to continuation of bilingual Method newspaper Instructional Variable ۸. English Curriculum writer unable to attend due to illness Content Organization Administrator Educational Spe (alist Community Remarks. Teacher Student Family Institutional Variable

			Instructional	Variable	
		Organization	Content	L	Facilities
	Student	o			
-	Teacher				
eldsinsV	Adminîstrator				Project Director, Curriculum writer and evaluator plan tentative revised posttesting
fanoitutita	Educational Specialist				
ı I	Family	••			
	Community				
	Remarks: Schedule s finalized	le subject to further revision ized Title I testing schedule.	evision based upon edule.	Administration	

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				Instructional	Variable	
4	•		Organization	Content	Method	Facilities
		Student				
 				•		
		Teacher				
		(a			, o
	yariable	Administrator	Application for Continuation: Title VII completed			
,	stitutional	Educational Specialist				
 	ıİ .	Family				
	t t	Community				
		Remarks:			Administration	

Date or me Interval

Mai ement Monituring Matrix

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	· · ·		Instructional	.tariable	
		Organization	Content	Method	Facilities
	Student				
	Teacher		0		
eldstasv	Administrator	Tests ordered for posttesting			
stitutional	Educational Specialist				
uI	Family				
r., 144,	Community			, en	
	Remarks:		•	Administration.	

Date or ime Interval April,

gement Monitoring Matrix

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gement Monitoring Matrix

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ime Interval Daite or

April, 1973,

Language Consultant
and Curriculum
writer to attend
National Bilingual/
Bicultural Conference Facilities Administration.... Method Instructional Variable Content Organization Administrator Educational Specialist Community Remarks: Teacher Student Family Institutional Variable

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				1	
	•		Instructional	l Variable	
	3.	Organization	Content	Method	Facilities
antigyettä välkäntäänään sala tirpineysystyinys	Student			,	
	Teacher				
eldstasv	Administrator				
Stitutional	Educational Specialist		monitoring of evaluator and	instruction by Professor Vieira	,
uľ	Family				
	Csamunity			o	4
	Remarks:			Administration	

agement Monitoring Matrix

ERIC.

Date c I'me Interval

May, 1973

Facilities Administration.... Method Instructional Variable Content Parental interviews are conducted in the home Organization. Administrator Educational Specialist Community Regarks: Teacher Student Family Institutional Variable

agement Monitoring Matrix

Date c Time Interval

			Instructional	Variable	
	ė.	Organization	Content	Method	Facilities
	Student				
	Teacher				
Variable	Administrator				final plans are completed for Portuguese Festival
fanotiuitis	Educational Specialist	•			
ur	Family		7		
	Community		·		
	Remarks:	,		Administration	

M .gement Monitoring Matrix

Date or ime Interval June, 1973

			Instructional	Vzriable	6
		Organization	Content		Facilities
,	Student				
	S.		•	ď	•
	Teacher		3	a ¹ ,	
Variable	Administrator	posttesting completed by CRDC			
Stitutional	Educational Specialist				
uI .	Family				
normal management of the second of the secon	Comminity				
, '	Remarks: Final S	Schedule for testing del	delayed 12 days	Administration	

PROJECT ACTIVITY REPORT

This report is intended to provide a continuous documentation of project activities and may include any problem (s) and recommendation (s) related to the evaluation and management of the project.

To:	Frank Piccirilli	
Project	Fox Point Title VII	·Date February 6.1973
Frequency	Bi-weekly	Report No. 13
ſ	No change in status from last report.	
I.] The following problems/activities/reco	ommendations are noted for
1.	. Joyce Cooney will assist with the CRDC	instrurents.
2.	. Send me the schedule for the Spring Adv	isory meeting.

Distribution:	•	Report prepared by:
[} evaluator	90	l .
•	90	(signature)
[] project director	•	•

PROJECT ACTIVITY REPORT

This report is intended to provide a continuous decumentation of project activities and may include any problem (s) and recommendation (s) related to the evaluation and management of the project.

To:	Frank Piccirilli	
Projec	t Fox Point Title VII	Date August 15 1972
Freque	ncy Bi-weekly	
· · · · · ·	[] No change in status from last report [] The following problems/activities/r the period covered by this report.	recommendations are noted for
	1. Botel Reading and Gates-MacGinitie Read	ding tests ordered; to .
2		4
•		

Report prepared by:

(signature)

Distribution:

evaluator.

[] project director

PROJECT ACTIVITY REPORT

This report is intended to provide a continuous decumentation of project activities and may include any problem (s) and recommendation (s) related to the evaluation and management of the project.

To: Frank Piccirilli		· .	
Project Fox Point Title VII		1	DateAugust 29. 1972
Frequency Bi-weekly	•		rt No. 2
			*

- [X] No change in status from last report.
- [] The following problems/activities/recommendations are noted for the period covered by this report.

Distribution:

Report prepared by:

I	3	evaluator	

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(signature)

[] project director

ERIC

PROJECT ACTIVITY REPORT

This report is intended to provide a continuous decumentation of project activities and may include any problem (s) and recommendation (s) related to the evaluation and management of the project.

the eva	luation a	ind managemen	it of the pr	coject.			*
To: Fr	a nk Pic	cirilli				•	
Project	Fox Poi	nt Title VII			· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	Date Septemb	er 12, 1972
Frequen	cy Bi-we	ekly	· ·		R	eport No	3
	[] No	change in st	atus from 1	last report	: •		, '. '
		e following particle for the following period covered to the following period covered to the following period covered to the following period to the following period covered to the following period			ecommendat	ions are note	d for
1.	Need to	revise and	coordinate	the testin	g schedule	e in terms	• • •
	of the	Title I prog	ram. At th	is time o	ur pretest	ing overlaps	
	in term	s of schedul	ing and als	o in terms	of instru	ments (Croft	program)
2.	The Bot	el may be us	ed by the T	itle I pro	gam to det	ermine instru	uctional
	level.			•		•	
a			/	•	•		•

Distribution:

Report prepared by:

PROJECT ACTIVITY REPORT

This report is intended to provide a continuous decumentation of project activities and may include any problem (s) and recommendation (s) related to the evaluation and management of the project. /

To: Frank Piccirilli		_
Project Fox Point Title VII		Date September 26, 1972
Frequency Bi-weekly		Report No. 4
	•	5

- No change in status from last report.
- [] The following problems/activities/recommendations are noted for the period covered by this report.
- Mrs. Becker has assisted me in setting up the testing schedule in terms of Title I.
- A Portuguese-speaking aide will be necessary for testing the Portuguese dominant children in Grade 2.

7. .	•	* 1.		•	_
27	~ A	40 u	·	TAII	÷

(signature)

evaluator

project director



PROJECT ACTIVITY REPORT

This report is intended to provide a continuous decumentation of project activities and may include any problem (s) and recommendation (s) related to the evaluation and management of the project.

To: Frank Piccirilli	- 	, 			
Project Fox Point Title VII	· ,'	· .	Date_	October	10, 1972
Frequency Bi-weekly	,		Report	· No5	

- [] No change in status from last report.
- [] The following problems/activities/recommendations are noted for the period covered by this report.
- Please schedule a meeting with the aides to train them to administer
 the Faces instrument.
- 2. The Cooper-McGuire instruments are being used in all but Grade 5. I spoke with Mrs. Pasley regarding the introduction of sight vocabulary in the Spring to the Portuguese dominant children as a supplement to Total Reading.

Distribution	n:
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evaluator

[] project director

11 Mecull

Report prepared by:

PROJECT ACTIVITY REPORT

This report is intended to provide a continuous decumentation of project activities and may include any problem (s) and recommendation (s) related to the evaluation and management of the project.

To: Frank	Piccirilli			•		
Project Fox	Point Title VII		_Date_	October	24,	1972
Frequency	Bi-weekly		Report	No.	6	
<u> </u>	No change in statu	from last report.	-		·	

Di	lst	ribution:	. Re	port prepared by:	
Į	1	evaluator	•		<u></u>
Į		project director	96	(signature)	
1	1	llieunii-		,	•

^[] The following problems/activities/recommendations are noted for the period covered by this report.

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CURRICULUM RESEARCH AND DEVELOPMENT CENTER

PROJECT ACTIVITY REPORT

This report is intended to provide a continuous documentation of project activities and may include any problem (s) and recommendation (s) related to the evaluation and management of the project.

To: Fran	ik Piccirilli		•	4.5
Project Fo	x Point Title VII	Date_	NOvember	7, 1972
Frequency	Bi-weekly -	Report	No	7
. []	No change in status from last report.		•	
	The following problems/activities/recomments the period covered by this report.	ndations	are noted	for

A meeting should be scheduled to discuss the relationshir of the the Title I program with the Title VII program. Several teachers see a need for the Title I services but are unclear as to the specific nature of the current program.

Report prepared by:

ll	evat	uator
----	------	-------

roject director

Micardi

PROJECT ACTIVITY REPORT

This report is intended to provide a continuous decumentation of project activities and may include any problem (s) and recommendation (s) related to the evaluation and management of the project.

To: Fra nk	<u>Piccirilli</u>				•		· · ·
Project F	ox Point Title VII			Date	November	21,	1972
Frequency_	Bi-weekly			•	t No	8	
	No change in sta	tus from 1	ast report.		- 74		

- [] The following problems/activities/recommendations are noted for the period covered by this report.
- Self-concept assessment completed. The Portuguese Achievement Test is being recopied to be compatable with your VTR equipment.

Distribution:

Report prepared by:

evaluator

project director

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CURRICULUM RESEARCH AND DEVELOPMENT CENTER

PROJECT ACTIVITY REPORT

This report	1,6	intended to	provide a co	ontinuous	dacumentation	of project	
activities	and	may include	any problem	(s) and	recommendation	'(s) related	to
		•	ent of the p		•		•

To: Frank Piccirilli				-	,	٠,	•	•
Project	Fox Point Title VII				_Date	<u></u>	her 5	·1972
_ :	Bi-weekly	R.			Report l			\
ľ	X No change iú sta	tus from	last report.		•			

The following problems/activities/recommendations are noted for the period covered by this report.

Distribution:

evaluator

(signature)

Report prepared

] project director

LUM ESEARCH AND DEVELOPMENT CENTER

PROJECT ACTIVITY REPORT

this report is intended to provide a continuous decumentation of project activities and may include any problem (s) and recommendation (s) related to the evaluation and management of the project.

To: Frank Piccirilli			
Project Fox Point Title VII		Date	- December 19, <i>)</i> 972
Frequency Ri-weekly		•	t No. 10
[] No change in s	tatus from last repo	rt.	0
[] The following	problems/activities/ ered by this report.	recommendations	are noted for

1. The two new fifth grade ceachers should receive some instruction in the use of the Cooper-Mcguire materials as I did with all the teachers last year.

Distribution	on:
--------------	-----

Report prepared by:

evaluator

project director

100

PROJECT ACTIVITY REPORT

This report is intended to provide a continuous decumentation of project activities and may include any problem (s) and recommendation (s) related to the evaluation and management of the project.

To: Frank Piccirilli		<u> </u>	•	
Project Fox Point Title VII		. Date_	January 9. 1973	
Frequency Bi-weekly		Report	No. 118	
[X] No change in status fr	om last report.	• .		

[] The following problems/activities/recommendations are noted for the period covered by this report.

Distribution:

1 evaluator

[] project director

101

(signature)

Report prepared by:

11 Microsia

BEST COPY AVAILABLE PROJECT ACTIVITY REPORT

This report is intended to provide a continuous decumentation of project activities and may include any problem (s) and recommendation (s) related to

end evaluation and management	or the p	roject.			•		,
To: Frank Piccirilli						• (<i>!</i>
Project Fox Point Title VII			*	Date_	January	23, 1973	,
Prequency Bi-weekly				Report	No. 12		₹
[] No change in sta	itus from	last rep	ort.		•	•	•
[] The following protection the period cover l. Dr. Purnell is ready	red by thi to implem	s report ent the	testing f	or test	revision	• •	
purposes. This inclu	•	•	S		•	1	•
achievement tests. A necessary.	quiec are	a for the	a i v i dua i	cescing	WIII De		
	•	•	•				
	1	•			•		

Distribution:	"	Report prepare	ed by:	· •	
[] evaluati	,	•			
[] project director	102	(si	gnature)	•	,
11 Stirmile	•		•	•	

PROJECT ACTIVITY REPORT

This report is intended to provide a continuous decimentation of project activities and may include any problem (s) and recommendation (s) related to the evaluation and management of the project.

To:	Frank Piccirili
Project_	Fox Point Title VII Date February 20, 1973
Frequenc	y bi-weekly * Report No. 14
A A	[] No change in status from last report.
	[] The following problems/activities/recommendations are noted for the period covered by this report.
-	1. Interim Evaluation Report to be ready February 28.
3.	2. Joyce Cooney would prefer to use the stage for all of her testing if

Distribution:

[] evaluator

[] project director

103

(signature)

Report prepared by:



PROJECT ACTIVITY REPORT

This report is intended to provide a continuous decumentation of project activities and may include any problem (s) and recommendation (s) related to the evaluation and management of the project.

To:	Frank Picci	ri le			-			
Project	Fox Point T	itle VII		*		Date_	March 6,	1973
	bi-weekly	. •	,,		•	Report	No. 15	
/						-		

- [X]. No change in status from last report.
- The following problems/activities/recommendations are noted for the period covered by this report.

Distribution;

Report prepared by:

() evaluator

[] project director

104

PROJECT ACTIVITY REPORT

This report is intended to provide a continuous decumentation of project activities and may include any problem (s) and recommendation (s) related to the evaluation and management of the project.

To:	Frank Piccirilli	1	•	
Project	Fox Point Title VII		.•	Date March 20, 1973
rrequency_	bi-weekly			Réport No. 16
· · ·] No change in status	from last re	eport.	
ſ	The following problem the period covered			dations are noted for
•				

1. Plan a meeting for early April to plan posttesting schedule.

Dia	trib	utio	n?
		46.70	** *

[] evaluator

105

(signature)

Report prepared by:

[] project director



PROJECT ACTIVITY REPORT

This report is intended to provide a continuous decumentation of project activities and may include any problem (s) and recommendation (s) related to the evaluation and management of the project.

To:	Frank Piccirilli		·		
Project	Fox Point Title VII	••	,	Date	April 3, 1973
		· ,	8		
Frequency	bi-weekly			Report	t No. <u>17</u>
	A CONTRACTOR OF THE CONTRACTOR			• • •	

- [X] No change in status from last report.
- [] The following problems/activities/recommendations are noted for the period covered by this report.

Distribution:

] evaluator

[] project director

Report prepared by:

 106°

PROJECT ACTIVITY REPORT

This rep	ort is	int	ended to	prov	ide a c	ontin	uous	decumentation	of	roject	
activi ti	es and	may	include	any	problem	(a)	and	recommendation	(s)	related	to
the eval	uation	and	. managem	ent c	of the p	rojec	t.				

Ta:]	rank Pic	cirilli						_			• 5	
Project_	, ,	For Point	Title '	A II	4	•			Date_	Apri	1 17,	1973	•
Frequency	<u> </u>	oi-weekly			, 1			å.	_Report	No.	18_		
ı	1	No chan	ge in s	tatus	from la	st rep	ort.	•		0	. 4	, ,	
. 1	ĺ		lowing prior cover					mmend	ations	are	noted	for	
	1.		ts shou				Teach	ers Co	llege	Press	. ∕See	at-	\$ •

I met with Adels Becker regarding a tentative final

						•	
lstribution		•	•	•	Report	prepared	by
	* .						

[] evaluator

] project director

,107

(signature)

testing schedule.

PROJECT ACTIVITY REPORT

This report is intended to provide a continuous decumentation of project activities and may include any problem (a) and recommendation (a) related to the evaluation and management of the project.

To:	Frank Piccirill	l f	,	المالية مرسية المستدرية	Supermittel and States	• .
Project	Fox Point Title	VII	* 10 ¹⁶		Date May.1, 1973	· ·
Prequency	bi-weekly	•	à		Report No. 19	
			The second secon			

- [] No change in status from last report.
- [] The following problems/activities/recommendations are noted for the period covered by this report.
- 1. The parental interview forms will be given to the team shortly. Interviews will be conducted in late afternoons and evenings.
- 2. The final list of names has been selected from the registers.

Dis	tri	but	dok	÷

project disector

Report prepared by:

[] e	valuator
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108



PROJECT ACTIVITY REPORT

This report is intended to provide a continuous decumentation of project activities and may include any problem (s) and recommendation (s) related to the evaluation and management of the project.

To:	Frank Piccirilli	·		_)	•	٠.
Project	Fox Point Title VII	•		_Date_	May	15, 1973	
Prequency	bi-weekly		•	Report	No	20	
		211		_ •			

- [] No change in status from last report.
- [] The following problems/activities/recommendations are noted for the period covered by this report.
- 1. I met with the reading teachers and Mrs. Becker. Posttesting will be delayed until state testing and Title I testing is completed.
- 2. The Teacher Survey forms have been distributed with a return envelope.

Distribution:

Report prepared by:

[] evaluator

project director

109



CURRICULUM RESEARCH AND DEVELOPMENT CENTER

PROJECT ACTIVITY REPORT

Thin report is intended to provide a continuous decumentation of project activities and may include any problem (s) and recommendation (s) related to the evaluation and management of the project.

To:	Frank Piccirilli		•
Project_	Fox Point Title VII	DateMa	y 29. 1973
Frequency_	bi-weekly	Report No.	21
ſ	No change in status from last report.	•	
t	The following problems/activities/recomme the period covered by this report.	ndations are	noted for
. 1.	Posttesting has begun. The self-concept a has been completed.	and attitudes	measure
2.	V		

D1a	tribution	
		•

evaluator

project director

	•	
Report	prepared	by:

(signature)

CURRICULUM RESEARCH AND DEVELOPMENT CENTER

PROJECT ACTIVITY REPORT

This report is intended to provide a continuous decumentation of project activities and may include any problem (s) and recommendation (s) valated to the evaluation and management of the project.

To:	Frank Piccirilli	200			•	, •	,
Project	Fox Point Title VII	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	<u>(i)</u>	Date_	June	12, 19	73
Frequency	bi-weekly			_Report	No	22	· .
ſ] No change in status	from last repor	rt.	N/ ₁	•.•.	. •	
ľ] The following problethe period covered		recommend	ations	are not	ed for	•
1	. Posttesting is comp	oleted except for	the rema	ining a	bsentee	S. '	•
2	. All but one teacher	survey form has	been ret	urned.			

Distribution:		Report prepared	by:	
[] evaluator	111	*		

[] project director

APPENDIX A

SELF-CONCEPT AND ATTITUDE INVENTORIES

1/2

1.	I'm glad I am me
2.	I never worry about anything.
3.	I find it easy to talk in front of the class.
4.	I am glad I am my age.
5.	I'm a lot of fun to play with.
6.	I usually do things the right way.
7.	Most other kids like me
8.	I'm doing the best work that I can.
9.	I like to answer questions in class
10.	I can usually do my school work.
11.	I am smarter that most kids.
12.	Most teachers like me.
13.	New things are easy for me to understand.
14.	I try very hard to finish things.

Other people usually like my ideas.

Pupils will need a pencil. Have them put their name and grade at the top of the paper. Say. "I would like to know how you feel about school and some things that happen in school. I am going to read 18 sentences and I want you to put an 'X' on the face that shows how you feel about what the sentence says." Explain the 326 21 15 happy face and the sad face as representing good (happy) and bad (sad) feelings. Phrases that appear in parentheses should be included when the student is bilingual. All sentences should be introduced with the following phrase:

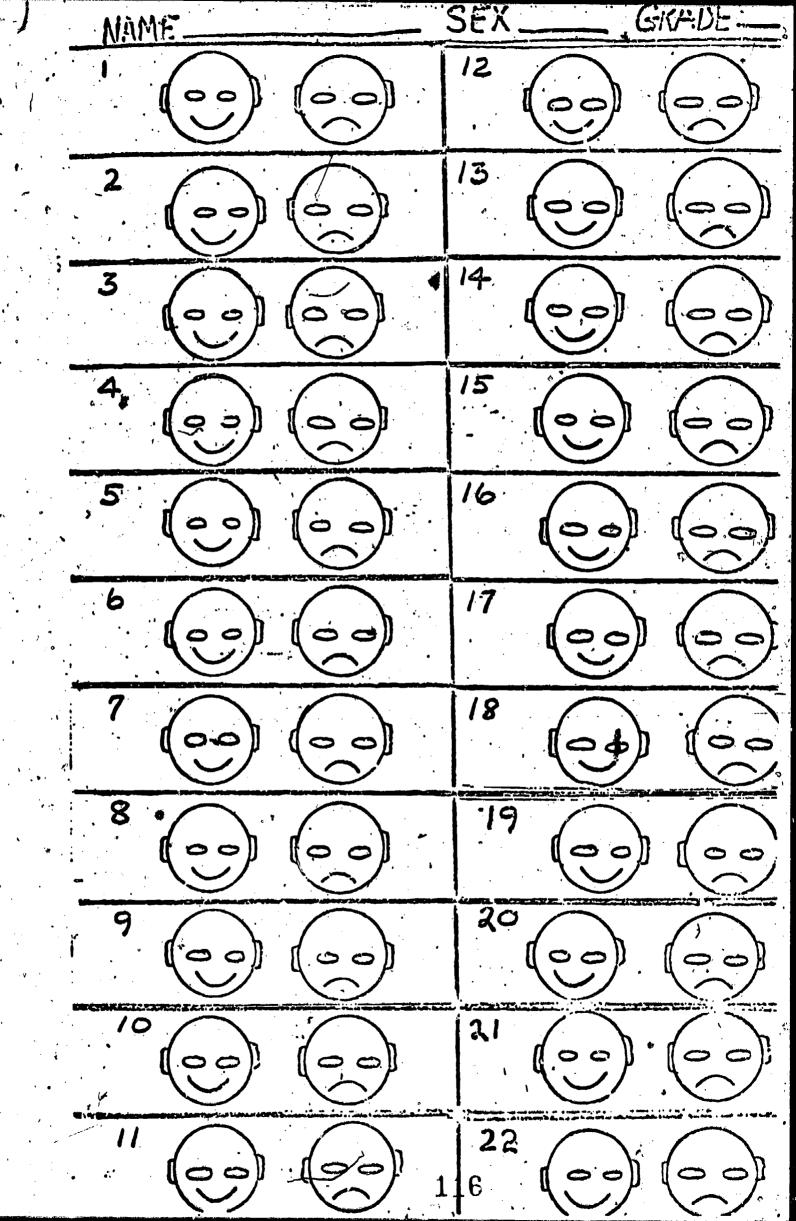


YES YES YES YES YES YES YES YES YES YES. YES YES YES YES

YES

No No No No No No No No 16 16 No 16 No 116 No

·/115



ERIC Full Text Provided by ERIC

APPENDIX B

PRE AND POSTTEST RESULTS FOR THE COOPER-MCGUIRE

GRADE 1 ENGLISH DOMINANT

RI Given groups of four letters, the learner will be able to select and mark the letter he hears with 80% accuracy.

Numb	er Correct	Number	of Ch Pre	nildren Post	Numbe	r Correct	Number	of Chi	ldren'
•• .*₽	26,/26		12	22	•	25/26	•	2	2
	24/26	,	3,	3	F *	, 23/26		3 + 1	0
: •	21/26		2.	. 1	• •	20/26	•	4.	1.
•	1/26	•••	•	₩.	· •	•	,		

R2 The learner will be able to write the letters of the alphabet in scrambled order. as dictated by the teacher with 80% accuracy.

Number Correct	Number of Children Pre Posto	Number Correct	Number of Children Pre Posc
26/26	2 14	25/26	. 2 * 2
23/26	4 4	22/26 ,	1 1
. 21/26	1	20/26	1
0/26 (No data was a	17 vailable for seven	students)	

R3 Given three pictures whose names begin with different sounds, the learner will be able to mark the one beginning with the same sound as two dictated words with 80% accuracy.

Number Correct	Number of Children Pre Post	Number Correct	Number of Children Pre Post
100%	17 . 26	90%	6 0
80%	1 0	70%	2 0

R4 When the teacher says the separate elements of a word, the learner will be able to blend them and say the word with 80% accuracy.

118

Number Correct	Number of Children Pre Post	Number Correct	Number	of Chi Pre	ldren Post
100%	11 12	80%		6	3
90% 60%	2 0	40%	•	1	0
0% (No data was	:2 0 available for five	students)		,	•

R5 Given four choices, the learner will be able to mark the word that is the same as the first word with 80% accuracy.

Pre Post Pre Post Pre Post 4 1 1 5	•	lumb	er Correct		4.4	Number Correct	Number	•	
, 60%			100%		21 25	'80%		Pre Post	•
		ŗ	60%	• 1			•,		3

PI The learner will be able to recognize the consonant corresponding to the sound he hears at the beginning of two dictated words with 80% accuracy.

Num	ber Correct	Number	of Ci	hildren I	Number Correc	t Number of Children	
Part 1	- 10/10	•	Pre 16	Post 17	9/10	Pre Post	
	8/10	•	1	0	7/10	1 0 •	
Part 2	- 10/10		Pre 13	Pos.t	9/10	Pre Post	
	8/10		3	.0	6/10	1 0	

P2 The learner will be able to recall the sound of a given consonant and match it to a picture beginning with the same sound with 80% accuracy.

Number Correct	Number of C	Children Nu Post	mber Correct Number of Children Pre Post
Part 1 - 12/12	. 18	22	10/12 3 0
9/12	1	0	
Part 2 - 12/12	Pre , 16	Post 21	10/12 Pre Post
8/12	2 .	0	71/12 2 0
9/12	1	0	

P3 The learner will be able to make new words by substituting initial consonant sounds in known words with 80% accuracy.

Numb	er Correct	Number 1	of C Pre 15	hildren Post	Number Correct	Numb	er of Ch Pre	•	,	•
	10/12	•	2	. 0	غ/12 ،	•	• 1	0.	•	e _p .
Part 2	12/12	•	Pre 16	Post 21	11/12	:	Pre 1	Post 0	•	
	9/12		3	ð	• 7/12	•	, 1	0		
	5/12		1	0	0/12	•	1	U	•	• ,

P5 The learner will be able to recognize the consonant corresponding to the sound he hears at the end of two dictated words with 80% accuracy.

Number Correct Number of Children Number Correct Number of Children

Part 1 -	10/10	8 14	9/10	4	4
	8/10	3 2	7/10	3	.1
	6/10 3/10 '	2. 50	5/10	2	2
Part 2 -	6/6 4/6 3/6	13 19 0 1 5 3	5/3 2/6	6	3
	0/6	1 0		o	

P6 The learner will be able to indicate whether a given consonant sound is heard at the beginning, middle, or end of a dictated word with 80% accuracy.

Number Correct Number of Children Number Correct Number of Children

100%	Pre 5	Post 14	90%	Pre 4	Post 5
80%	4	4	70%	3	0
60%	5	0	50%	2	0

GRADE 2 ENGLISH DOMINANT

RI Given groups or four letters, the !earner will be able to select and mark the letter he hears with 80% accuracy.

Number Correct	Number	of Ch	ildren	Numbs	er Corre	ct	Number	of Ch	ildren
26/26		Pre 6	Post 7		24/26	,	Section 1	Pre	Post
21/26		1	0	•	•	•		•	

R2 The learner will be able to write the letters of the alphabet in scrambled order, as dictated by the teacher with 80% accuracy.

Numb	er Correct		f Children Pre Post	Number Correct	Number of Children Pre Post
	26/26	•	1 6	25/26	1 0
<i>a</i>	24/26	•	1 0	20/26	., 1 0
٠.	18/26	•	1 0	17/26	1 0.
,	0/26	: ` .	1		

R3 Given three pictures whose names begin with different sounds, the learner will be able to mark the one beginning with the same sound as two dictated words with 80% accuracy.

Number Correct	Number of Chi Pre	ldren Numbe Post	r Correct	Number of Children Pre Post
100%	4	7	907	2 0
80%	1	0		

R4 When the teacher says the separate sound elements of a word, the learner will be able to blend them and say the word with 80% accuracy.

Number Correct	Number	ofCh	ildren	Number Correct	Number	of Ch	illdren,
100%	•	Pre 5	Post · 7	80%	•	Pre 2	Post 0

R5 Given four choices, the learner will be able to mark the word that is the same as the first word with 80% accuracy.

Number Correct	Number	of Ch	ildren	Number Correct	Number	of Ch	ildren
100%	•	Pre 3	Post 6	80%	•	Pre 3	Post 1
40%		1,	0	16	21		
				₹ '			

P1 The learner will be able to recognize the consonant corresponding to the sound he hears at the beginning of two dictated words with 80% accuracy.

_a Number Correct	Numbe			Numbe	er Correct	•			
Part 1' - 10/10	• 5	Pre 16	Post 20	•	9/10 8/10 1/10	, Pre 4 0	Post	, ,	3
7/19		·	- 0		1210	/	U ,	* **	
Part 2 - 10/10	•	20 · 20	Post 22		8/10	Pre 2	Post	•	٠

P2 The learner will be able to recall the sound of a given consonant and match it to a picture beginning with the same sound with 80% accuracy.

Number Correct	Number		Number Correct		of Child		
Part 1 - 10/10 9/10		Pre Post 17 20	8/10		3	4	
7/10		3 0	4/10		1	0 1	•
3/10	•	1 0 ~	•	2		: .	•
Part 2 - 10/10		Pre Post 14 18	9/10		Pru P 3	ost 3	-
8/10		2 0	7/10	. •	1	0	
5/10	•	1 0,				•	

*P3 The learner will be able to make new words by substituting initial consonant sounds in known words with 80% accuracy.

Correct	Number			Number Corr	ect	, Number`	_		•
10/10		17	18	9/10		, c	1	. 2	
3/10	•	2	0	•		i o		· 3	•
10/10	• .	Pre 15	Post 20	, 9/10	•		Pre 2	Post '	,,
3/10		1	0	7/10	٠.,		η.	0	
5/10	•	1.	0	5/10		d	. 1	0	
	Correct 10/10 3/10 10/10 3/10 5/10	10/10 3/10 10/10 3/10	Pre 10/10 17 2 Pre 10/10 15 15 17 17 17 17 17 17 17 17 17 17 17 17 17	Pre Post 10/10 17 18 3/10 2 0 Pre Post 10/10 15 20 3/10 1 0	Pre Post 17 18 9/10 3/10 2 0 Pre Post 10/10 15 20 9/10 3/10 1 0 7/10	Pre Post 10/10 17 18 9/10 3/10 2 0 Pre Post 10/10 15 20 9/10 3/10 1 0 7/10	Pre Post 10/10 17 18 9/10 3/10 2 0 Pre Post 10/10 15 20 9/10 3/10 1 0 7/10	Pre Post 9/10 1 3/10 2 0 Pre Post 9/10 Pre Post Pre 10/10 15 20 9/10 2 3/10 1 0 7/10 1	Pre Post 9/10 1 2 1 3/10 2 0 Pre Post 10/10 Pre Post 10/10 Pre Post 2 2 3/10 1 0 7/10 1 0

P4 The learner will be able to use the context plus the initial consonant sound to figure out unknown words with 80% accuracy.

Number Correct Number of Children Number Correct Number of Children

Pre Post
16 16

Pre Post
9 80%
Pre Post
5 9 80%

60%
(No data available for two children)

P5 The learner will be able to recognize the consonant corresponding to the sound he hears at the end of two dictated words with 80% accuracy.

•	Numbe	er Correct	Number	of, Ch	ildren Post	Number	r Correct	Number				•
Part	t 1 -	10/10	, '	10	13	•	9/10	•	Pre 2	Post 2		,
	. <u>.</u>	8/10	•	2	1		4/10		1	0	*	
		3/10		1	0,	•	• • •		r		· •	
Par	t 2 -	6/6 5/6		Pre 15 0	Post 16 1		4/6		Pre 1	Post 0	· ·	
	•	3/6		1			· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·				•	.•

P6 The learner will be able to indicate whether a given consonant sound is heard at the beginning, middle, or end of a dictated word with 80% accuracy.

ָ,	Number Correct	Number	of (Pre	Children Post	Number Correct	Number of Children Pre Post
	100%		9 ·	12	90%	3 2
•	80%		2	2	60%	1 . 0
%	40%		1	0	•	

GRADE 3 ENGLISH DOMINANT

		Dwa	•	•	Doct		
. 26/26		Pre 1			Post 1	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	•
· •							
72.7	The learn	or will	ho shle	to writ	e the l	ottore :	of th
	bet in so						
· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	ccuracy.						
Mumber Corr	ect Numbe	er of Chi	ldren N	lumber Co		umber o	f Chi
		Pre			Post	•	
24/25	.	1	•	1.			
		,	· ·	. \			·
R3 .	Given thr	cee pictu	res who	se names	begin	with di	ffere
	ls, the le	-			_		
	the same	" ·					-
Humber Corr	ect Numbe	er of Chii	ldren N	lumber Co		umber o	f Chi
100%	, a	1	•	•	Post		
						· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	
word, with Mumber Corn	When the the lear 80% accuracy	rner will racy.	be abl	le to ble Number Co	end them	and sa	y Lne
word, with	the lear 80% accur	rner will racy. er of Chi	be abl	le to ble Number Co	nd them rrect N	and sa	y Lne
word, with number Corn 70%	the leaves 80% accuracect - Number	rner will racy. er of Chi Pre 1	be abl	le to ble	end them errect N Post	and sa	y Lne
word, with Wember Corn 70%	the lear 80% accur ect Number	rner will racy. er of Chi Pre 1	ldren h	le to ble Number Co	end them errect N Post 1 will be	and sa umber o	y _nef Chi
word, with rember Corr 70% R5. word	the lear 80% accur ect Number	rner will racy. er of Chi Pre 1 ur choice the same	ldren hes, the	le to ble Number Co	rrect No Post I will be ord with	and sa umber o able t 80% ac	y _ne f Chi o mar
word, with Wember Corn 70%	the lear 80% accur ect Number	rner will racy. er of Chi Pre 1 r choice the same er of Chi	ldren hes, the	le to ble Number Co	end them errect N Post will be erd with errect N	and sa umber o able t 80% ac	y _ne f Chi o mar
word, with rember Corr 70% R5. word	the lear 80% accur ect Number	rner will racy. er of Chi Pre 1 ur choice the same	ldren hes, the	le to ble Number Co	rrect No Post I will be ord with	and sa umber o able t 80% ac	y _ne f Chi o mar curac
word, with Rember Corr 70% R5. word Rumber Corr	the lear 80% accur ect Number	rner will racy. er of Chi Pre 1 r choice the same er of Chi	ldren hes, the	le to ble Number Co	end them errect N Post will be erd with errect N	and sa umber o able t 80% ac	y _ne f Chi o mar
word, with Mumber Corn 70% R5. word Mumber Corn 100%	Given for that is the cet Number	rner will racy. er of Chi Pre 1 r choice the same er of Chi Pre 1	es, the as the	le to ble Number Co	orect Norect November 1 November	and sa umber o able t 80% ac umber o	f Chi o mar curac f Chi
word, with Mumber Corn 70% R5. word Sumber Corn 100%	Given for that is the learn	rner will racy. er of Chi Pre 1 r choice the same er of Chi Pre 1	es, the as the ldren h	le to ble Number Co	end them errect N Post will be erd with errect N Post l ognize t	and saumber o	f Chi o mar curac f Chi onant
word, with Member Corr. 70% R5. word Member Corr. 100%	Given for that is the learnest Number	rner will racy. Pre 1 r choice the same er of Chi Pre 1 her will to the s	es, the as the ldren h	le to ble Number Co	end them errect N Post will be erd with errect N Post l ognize t	and saumber o	f Chi o mar curac f Chi onant
word, with Mumber Corr. 70% R5. word Mumber Corr. 100% P1. corredicts	Given for that is the learn sponding ated words	rner will racy. Pre 1 ar choice the same er of Chi Pre 1 her will to the s	es, the as the ldren has be able sound he was the lower	le to ble Number Co learner first wo Number Co e to reco e hears a	will be ord with rect N Post	and saumber o	f Chi
word, with Member Corr. 70% R5. word Member Corr. 100%	Given for that is the learn sponding ated words	rner will racy. Pre 1 r choice the same er of Chi Pre 1 her will to the s er of Chi er of Chi	es, the as the ldren has be able sound he was the lower	le to ble Number Co learner first wo Number Co e to reco e hears a	will be ord with rect N Post	and sa umber o able t 80% ac umber o	f Chi
word, with Mumber Corr. 70% R5. word Mumber Corr. 100% P1. corredicts	Given for that is the learn sponding ated words	rner will racy. Pre 1 r choice the same er of Chi Pre 1 her will to the s er of Chi er of Chi	be able to be accurately accurate	le to ble Number Co learner first wo Number Co e to reco e hears a	will be ord with Post I	and sa umber o able t 80% ac umber o	y Lne f Chi omar curac f Chi onant g of
word, with Mumber Corr 70% R5. word Mumber Corr 100% P1. corre dicts Mumber Corr	Given for that is the learn sponding ated words	rner will racy. er of Chi Pre 1 re choice the same er of Chi Pre 1 to the s with 80 er of Chi Pre 7 0	be able sound he ldren in be able sound he cound	learner first wo learne	will be ord with Post I	able to 80% acumber of the conseginnin	y _ne f Chi omar curac f Chi ore f
word, with Mumber Corr 70% R5. word Mumber Corr 100% P1. corre dicts Mumber Corr 1 - 10/10 9/10	Given for that is the learn sponding ated words	rner will racy. er of Chi Pre 1 re choice the same er of Chi Pre 1 to the s with 80 er of Chi Pre 7 0	be able to be accurately accurate	learner first wo learne	will be rect No Post of with rect No Post of the borrect No Post of	able to 80% acumber of the conseginnin	f Chi o mar curac f Chi onant g of
word, with Mumber Corrections 100% Pl. corrections Correction 1 - 10/10	Given for that is the learn sponding ated words	rner will racy. er of Chi Pre 1 re choice the same er of Chi Pre 1 to the s with 80 er of Chi Pre 7 0	be able sound he ldren in be able sound he cound	learner first wo learne	will be rect No Post of with rect No Post of the borrect No Post of	able to 80% acumber of the conseginnin	y ne f Chi

P2. The learner will be able to recall the sound of a given consonant and match it to a picture beginning with the same sound with 30% accuracy.

Number Correct Number of Children Number Correct Number of Children

Num	ber Correct Num		nimes com. c'v	inmoer or Curraren
PART 1 -	12/12	Pre Post		
PART 2 -	12/12	Pre Post 6 7	11/12	Pre Post 1 0
	10/12	1 0		
Num	ting initial		in known words	ords by substitu- with 80% accurac number of Children
PART 1 -	12/12	Pre Post 10 12	10/12	Pre Post
	8/12	1 0	4 000 •	
PART 2 -	12/12 11/12	PRe Post 8 9	10/12	PRe Post 2 0
Mark	initial cons	rner will be able	gure. out junknow	
PART 1,-	100%	Pre / Post 8	80%	PRe Post
	40%	- 1 0	a .	
PART 2 -	100% 90%	Pre Post 7	80%	Pre Post 1 1

p5. The learner will be able to recognize the consonant corresponding to the sound he hears at the end of two dictated words with 80% accuracy.

Number Correct Number of Children Number Correct Number of Children

P. r 1 -	10/10	•	Pre 7	Post 7		3/10	•	, Pre	Post 0
PART 2 -	6/10 10/10		Pre 7 .	Post 1	125	2/10 8/10.	, '	Pre 1 0	Post 0 4

P6. The learner will be able to indicate whether a given consonant sound is heard at the beginning, middle, or end of a dictated word with 80% accuracy.

Number Correct Number of Children Number Correct Number of Children

100%	-	.	Pre 4	Post 9		90%		Pre5'	Post 3
80%			· 2 .	. 1	· /:	70%	•	2 .	1
50%	•	•	1	0			•		•

P7. The learner will be able to recognize the consonant blend or digraph he hears at the beginning of two dictated words with 80% accuracy.

Number Correct Number of Children Number Correct Number of Children

PÅRT 1 -	20/20	•	Pre 4	Pošt 7 -	19/20	•	Pre 4	Post 2
	18/20 17/20		. 2	0				
PART 2 -	14/14		Pre	Post 3	13/14		Pre	Post 2
	12/14	, j	1	1	8/14		1	0

P8. The learner will be able to make new words by substituting initial consonant blends and digraphs in known words with 80% accuracy.

Number Correct Number of Children Number Correct Number of Children

31/32			Pre 2	Post 3	30/02		Pre· 2	Post 4
29/32		}	2	2	28/32	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	3	1
26/32			1	0	24/32		2	1.1
24/32		•	2	0	22/32	• •	1	0
20/32	. !	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	1	Ó	19/32	• •	. 1	0
16/32	٠.	••	1	0	32/32	•	Ò	6

P9. The learner will be able to recognize the consonant blend or digraph he hears at the end of two dictated words with 80% accuracy.

Number Correct Number of Children Number Correct Number of Children

14/16 0 2 13/16 2 0 11/16 1 0	16/16 14/16	Pre Post 10 13	•	15/16	•	Pre 5	Post 3
		2 2	•	11/16		1	0

P10. The learner will be able to recognize and write the vowel he hears in a dictated word with 80% accuracy.

Number Correct Number of Children Number Correct Number of Children

19/20			Pre 1	Post 3		•	18/20	•	Poe	Post 2	•
20/20 16/20	•	•	0. 1	5			15/20		3	0	
13/20		•.	. 1	0	• .	•	12/20	•	1	0	
11/20	•		1	0	:			•	•		

Pll. The learner will be able to differentiate between the long and short vowel sounds with 80% accuracy.

Number Correct Number of Children Number Correct Number of Children

10/10		Pre	Post	9/10		Pre Post 2 3
- 5/10	•	1	2 .	7/10 3/1 0		2
6/10 2/10		3	1	1/10	:	1

Sl. The learner will be able to identify the simple endings that denote tense (ed, ing), number (s, es), person (s, es), possession ('s), and comparison (er, est) when inflected forms of words are dictated with 80% accuracy.

Number Correct Number of Children Number Correct Number of Children

	 Pre	Post		Pre	Post
10/10	5	7	9/10	1	3
8/1 0	2	0			

GRADE 3 PORTUGUESE DOMINANT

R1 Given groups of four letters, the learner will be able to select and mark the letter he hears with 80% accuracy.

Number Correct	Number",	of Children Pre Post	Number Correct	Number of Children Pre Post
26/26 24/26	•	4 * 6	25/26	1 2
23/26		2 0	22/26	2 ' 0
21/26	•	1 1.		

R2 The learner will be able to write the letters of the alphabet in scrambled order, as dictated by the teacher with 80% accuracy.

	Number Correct	Number	of Children Pre Post	Number Correct	Number	of Children Pre Post	•
•	26/ 26 25/26 23/ 26	•	2 5, 0 .1 1 1	24/26 20/26	u •	1 2	••
	18/26	•	2 0	13/26		2 0	
	8/26		1 0				.•

R3 Given three pictures whose names begin with different sounds, the learner will be able to mark the one beginning with the same sound as two dictated words with 80% accuracy.

Number Correct	Number	of Chi	ldren Post	Number	Correct	Number of	Children
100%	•	1	1	•	• •		

R4 When the teacher says the separate sound elements of a word, the learner will be able to blend them and say the word with 80% accuracy.

4 - 4*	Number of Children Pre Post	•	Number of Children Pre Post
100%	3 5	80%	2 3
60%	4 / 2	40%	1
0%	1	•	<i>9</i> 18 €

R5 Given four choices, the learner will be able to mark the word that is the same as the first word with 80% accuracy.

Number Correct Number of Children Number Correct Number of Children
Pre Post

ERIC

The learner will be role to recognize the constnant corresponding to the sound he hears at the beginning of two dictated words with 80% accuracy.

74 s.	Number Corr	rect Number		Number Cornect			•
Part	1 - 10/10		Pre Post 9 11	9/10	Pre	Post 3	
	8/10	•	1	7/10	2	0	•
	6/10		2 . 0	3/10	1	0	
Part	2 - 10/10	\ \ \	Pre Post 16 19	9/10	• Pre	Post 2	4
	8/10 (No data	available f	2 1 or one studen	t)	• • • • • • • •		•

P2 The learner will be able to recall the sound of a given consonant and match it to a picture beginning with the same sound with 80% accuracy.

Number (Part 1 - 12/	,	Number	of Children Pre Post 8 9	Number Correct	Number	of Children Pre Post 2 1	
10, (No d	/12 ata avai	lable f	1 or one studen	t)			
Part 2 - 12		,	Pre Post 7 7 0 1	10/12		Pre Post 2 2	
9/	12	•	2 0	8/12		1 0	

P3 The learner will be able to make new words by substituting initial consonant sounds in known words with 80% accuracy.

	mber Corré - 12/12	ct Number	of Children Pre Post 11 12	Number Correct 8/12	Number of Children Pre Post 1 0	
Part 2	- 12/12		Pre Post 8 9	11/12	Pre Post 2 1	•

P4 The learner will be able to use the context plus the initial consonant sound to figure out unknown words with 80% accuracy.

Number Correct	Number	of C Pre	hildren Post	Numl	ber Correct	Number	of Chi	ldren Post	
Part 1 - 100%		8	8	1	80%	•	2	3	
60%	•	1	0	*	•	•	•		.•
*Part 2 - 100%		Pre 5	Post 8	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	80%		Pre 2	Post 0	
ERIC 60%		1	Ô		129		•		, •

P5 The learner will be able to recognize the consonant corresponding to the sound he hears at the end of two dictated words with 80% accuracy.

Number Correct Number of Children Number Correct Number of Children
Pre Post
10 10 ...

Pre Post
Part 2 - 10/10 11 11

P6 The learner will be able to indicate whether a given consonant sound is heard at the beginning, middle, or end of a dictated word with 80% accuracy.

Nu	mber	Cor	rrect	Number	of Pre		Number	Correct	Number of	Children Pre Post
	1	00%	.	•	.3	7		90%		1 3
(1	. 8	0%			4	1	in the transfer	70%		1
	6	0%	•		. 1	, jo		50%		1 0
	. 3	0%			, 1 .	0				

P7 The learner will be able to recognize the consonant blend or digraph he hears at the beginning of two dictated words with 80% accuracy.

Number Correct Number	of Chi PRe	ildren Post	Numbe		Number	of Children Pre Post	•
Part 1 - 20/20	3	. 5	•	19/20		5 3	•
. 18/20	1	2	3. 7	17/20		1	
Part 2 - 14/14 12/14	Pre 5	Post 7	./.	9/14		Pre Post	. 1
12/14 7/14	ĭ	Q		1/14	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	1 0	

P8 The learner will be able to make new words by substituting initial consonant blends and digraphs in known words with 80% accuracy.

	Numb	er Correct	Number of Ch Pre	ildren Post	Number Correct	Number of Children Pre Post	
•••	• •	32/32- 30/32 29/32	0	4 3 0	31/32 28/32	2 0	
	•	24/32	3	. 0	22/32	1 0	
٠,		20/32	1	0	•		s

P9 The learner will be able to recognize the consonant blend or digraph he hears at a the end of two dictated words with 80% accuracy.

Number Correct Number of Children Number Correct Number of Children

Pre Post
16/16 1 7 15/16 6 2

14/16 2 0

P10 The learner will be able to recognize and write the vowel he hears in a dictated word with 80% accuracy

Si The learner will be able to identify the simple endings that denote tense (ed, ing), number (s, es), person (s, es), possession ('s), and comparison (er, est) when inflected forms of words are dictated with 80% accuracy.

Number Correct Number of Children Number Correct Number of Children
Pro Post
10/10 8 9 9/10 3 2

\$2 The learner will be able to identify the root word in an inflected form (having an ending) or in a derived form (having a prefix or suffix) with 80% accuracy.

Number Correct Number of Children Number Correct Number of Children

Dawt 1 ...

Part 2 -	90%	•	Pre 1	Post 1	80%		Pre 2	Post ∘3	
	70%		ĭ	រី	60%	.• ;	1	0	•
• • • • •	50% 4		3	. 0	20%	,	1	0	

R1 Given groups of four letters, the learner will be able to select and mark the letter he hears with 80% accuracy.

Number Correct Number of Children Number Correct Number of Children

•	a day day da	- Pre	Post		Pre	Post
· .	26/2 6。	12	16	25/26	3	2
	24/26	3	0		•	

R2 The learner will be able to write the letters of the alphabet in scrambled order, as dictated by the teacher with 80% accuracy.

Number Correct Number of Children Number Correct Number of Children

•		Pre	Post		Pre	Post
26/26		7	13	25/26	2	9
24/26	•	1	4	23/26	1	0
19/26		2	1	18/26	. 1	0
17/26	•.	1	0 :	.16/26	2	0
15/26	•	1.	0			

R3 Given three pictures whose names begin with different sounds, the learner will be able to mark the one beginning with the same sound as two dictated words with 80% accuracy:

Number Correct Number of Children Number Correct Number of Children

•	·	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	Post		Pre Post
100%	•	12	13	90%	2` 2
80%	:	, 2	0	60%	1 0

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R4 When the teacher says the separate sound elements of a word, the learner will be able to blend them and say the word with 80% accuracy.

Number Correct Number of Children Number Correct Number of Children Pre Post

Pre Post

R5 Given four choices the learner will be able to mark the word that is the same as the first word with 80% accuracy.

Number Correct Number of Children Number Correct Number of Children

	•	•	Pre	Post	.	•	•	Pre	Post
100%			6	7			•	• 1	•

Pl The learner will be able to recognize the consonant corresponding to the sound he hears at the beginning of two dictated words with 80% accuracy.

Number Correct Number of Children Number Correct Number of Children

	•						
PART 1 -		Pre 1	Post 3	9/10		Pre 2	Post 0
	7/10	1	•				.1
PART 2 -	9/10	Pre 4	Post	8/10	•	Pre	Post 0
	10/10	. 0	4	•	•		

P2 The learner will be able to recall the sound of a given consonant and match it to a picture beginning with the same sound with 80% accuracy.

Number Correct Number of Children Number Correct Number of Children

PART' 1	- 12/12	Pre 3	Post 4	10/12	Pre	
	9/12	1	0	11/12	. 0	1
PART 2	- 12/12 10/12	Pre 3 0	Post 3. 1	7/12	Pre 1	Post 0

P3 The learner will be able to make new words by substituting initial consonant sounds in known words with 80% accuracy.

Number Correct Number of Children Number Correct Number of Children

PART 1 -	12/12	Pre 4	Post 4	i v		
PART 2 -	12/12	Pre 3	Post 7	11/12	Pre 2	Post 2
	10/12	, ,	0	8/12	3	0

P4 The learner will be able to use the context plus the initial consonant sound to figure out unknown words with 80% accuracy. Number Correct Number of Children Number Correct Number of Children

Pre Post Pre 16 0... PART 1 -1001 16

Pre Post Pre Post PART 2 -100% . 17 .14

P5 The learner will be able to recognize the consonant corresponding to the sound he hears at the end of two dictated words with 80% accuracy. Number Correct Number of Children Number Correct Number of Children

PART 1 -	10/10	Pre 13	Post 15	9/10		Pre 2	Post 1	et
_(No data	8/10 was availab	l ole for one stu	0 dent)	4/10	• ••	1 .	0	,•
PART 2 -	6/6	Pre 13	Post 14	5/6	· P	re 3	Post 1	

P6 The learner will be able to indicate whether a given consonant sound is heard at the beginning, middle, or end of a dictated word with 80% accuracy.

Number Correct Number of Children Number Correct Number of Children Pre : Post Pre Post 1002 90% 3 9 0 701 208 Ô 60Z 101

P7 The learner will be able to recognize the consonant blend or digraph he hears at the beginning of two dictated words with 80% accuracy.

Number Correct Number of Children Number Correct Number of Children

	r Correct	Pre Post	18/20	Pre	Post 2
PART 1 -	19/20 12/20 0/20	1 0 1 0	6/20 20/20	1 0	0 5
PART 2 -	14/14	Pre Post	13/14	Pre	Post 2
	11/14 6/14	1 0	9/14	1	0

P10 The learner will be able to recognize and write the vowel he hears in a dictated word with 80% accuracy.

		Correct	t Number	of Children Pre Post	Correct	Number	of"Chi Pre	Idren Post
••		20/20		2 11	 19/20	•	1	0 .
	•	19/20		2 1	17/20	*	2	0'
•		16/20	•	1	15/20	•	2	0
	,	14/20		2 0	12/20	ar.	1.	0
		11/20		1 0	9/20	·	2	0

Pll The learner will be able to differentiate between the long and short

yowel	sounds Number	with 80% Correct	Number of	/. of Chi	ldren Post	Number	_	Number	of Chil	ldren Post
10 M + company 4+ +	· · · .	10/10	•	5	9	,	9/10		1.	. 5
. / .		8/10 7/10		1	0	•	6/10		.2 .	0
• • •	, • , •	5/10.	• •	1	0		4/10	•	4	0
•	•	3/10	•	1.	0 "		2/10	•	1) O :
		1/10		· 1	0	*	• •		• /	/

P12 The lear rer will be able to identify the vowel heard and record whether its sound is long, short, or r-controlled with 80% accuracy.

Number Correct Number of Children Number Correct Number of Children

;	14/15	ininet	Pre Pos	iren Numb Str B	13/15	Number	ofreh 6	iddren 1	
	12/15		1 3	?	11/15	:	1	. 0	
	10/15		1)	9/15		1	0	
	8/15 6/15		2 0) 	7/15. 15/15		3 0	0 11	

(ed, ing), number (s, es), person (s, es), possession ('s), and comparison (er, est) when inflected forms of words are dictated with 80% accuracy.

Number Correct Number of Children Number Correct Number of Children

10/10	nanze, e	Pre Post		9/10	- Pre	Post
10/10	· ·	, 11		3/10	•	3
7/10	•	1 0		6/10	1	0
2/10	• •	1 0		8/10	0	2
, ,	•	•	•			

S2 The learner will be able to identify the root word in an inflected form
(having an ending) or in a derived form (having a prefix or suffix) with 80%accuracy
Number Correct Number of Children Number Correct Number of Children
Pre Post

PART 1 - 100%	•	Pre 7	Post 11	90%	• • • •	5	Post 4
80%		3	3	70%		2	0
60%		1:	0		(to#

PART 2 - 100%

\$3 The learner will be able to divide a compound word into its component parts with 80% accuracy.

W t 'Sti	Number Correct	Number of C	hildren Post	Number Correct	Number of Ch	ildren Post
	100%	12	13	903	2	4
	80%	1 '	į	70%	. 1	0
	60%	1 .	0	302	1	Ó

\$4 The learner will be able to write the two words for which a contraction stands with 80% accuracy.

Number Correct Number of Children Num

	rumper correct	number o	T Children	number correct	Mulimer	or cn	riaren
, sin	100%	P	re Post 4 9	, 90%	•	Pre 4	Post 5
	80% .	•	2 ,	70%	t d në	2	0 °
•	60%		1 0	40%		1	0.
	10% (No data was a	vailable f	2 0 or one stude	ent)		•	

\$7 The learner will be able to indicate the number of syllables heard in a word by counting the vowel sounds with 80% accuracy.

			of Children Pre Post		Number of Children Pre Post
	100%	, in the second	7 12	95%	2 1'
	90%		2 3	75%	1 0
	70% 40%		1 0	45%	1 0

71 The learner will be able to recognize the consonant corresponding to the sound he hears at the beginning of two dictated words with 80% accuracy.

Number Correct	Number of Pre	Children Number Post	Correct Mumber o	f Children	0
Part 1 - 10/10	12,	12	•	·	
Part 2 - 10/10	2	12	-1		

P2 The learner will be able to recall the sound of a given consonant and match it to a picture beginning with the same sound with 80% accuracy.

Number Correct Number of Children Number Correct Number of Children
Pre Post
11 - 10/10 11 11
Part 2 - 10/10 1: 11

P3 The learner will be able to make new words by substituting initial consonant sounds in known words with 80% accuracy.

Number Correc			Number	Correct	Number	of Childre	:n
Part 1 - 10/10.	Pr 1!	e Post i 15	·			*** 14	
Part 2 - 10/10	. Pr	e Post					

P4 The learner will be able to use the context plus the initial consonant sound to figure out unknown words with 80% accuracy.

Number Correct	Number of Children Pre Post	Number Correct Number of Children
Part 1 - 100%	15 15	
Part 2 - 100%	Pre Post	Pre Post
60%	1 0	

P5 The learner will be able to recognize the consonant corresponding to the sound he hears at the end of two dictated words with 80% accuracy.

Pre

Post

Number Correct	Number of Children	Number Correct	Number of Ch	ildren
Part 1 - 10/10	Pre Post 10 11	9/10	Pre	Post 3
8/10	1 0	138,7/10	· 2	0

Post

Pre

P6 The learner will be able to indicate whether a given consonant sound is heard at the beginning, middle, or end of a dictated word with 80% accuracy.

	Number Correct	orrect Number of Children		Number Correct	Number of Children	
. , .	100%	Pre 7	Post 12	90%	Pre Post	•
	80%	. 3	0	60%	1 0	

P7 The learner will be able to recognize the consonant blend or digraph he hears at the beginning of two dictated words with 80% accuracy.

		Number Correct	Number of Children	A 5.
3	7	19/20	3 3	
1	., 2	17/20	3 0	N
1	0.	12/20	1 0	- 0
Pre 2	Post 6	13/14	Pre Post 3 4	n •
2	2 2	11/14	2 Q	
2	0	8/14	1 0	
	Pre 3 1	Pre Post 3 7 1 2 1 0. Pre Post 2 6 2 2	Pre Post 3 7 19/20 1 2 17/20 1 0 12/20 Pre Post 2 6 13/14 2 2 11/14	Pre Post Pre Post 1 2 17/20 3 0 1 0 12/20 1 0 Pre Post Pre Post Pre Post 2 6 13/14 3 4 2 2 11/14 2 0

P8 The learner will be able to make new words by substituting initial consonant blends and digraphs in known words with 80% accuracy.

Number Correct	Number of Children Pre Post	Number Correct	Number of Children Pre Post	
44/48	1 3	42/48	1	*
43/48 41/48	0 2 2 2	40/48,		•
39/48	1	36/48	2	
35/48	2	29/48 48/48	1	•
26/48	1	47/48	0 3	

P9 The learner will be able to recognize the consonant blend or digraph he hears at the end of two dictated words with 80% accuracy.

Number Correct	Number of Children	Number Correct	Number of Children
16/16	2	14/16	. • 3
13/16	3	12/16.	1
11/16	. 2	1.39 10/16	1

ERIC

P10 The learner will be able to recognize and write the vowel he hears in a dictated word with 80% accuracy.

lumber Correct	Number of Pre	Children Post	Number Correct	Number	of Children Pro Post
20/20	3	7	19/20		1 5
18/20	21	3	17/20	,	2 0
⊭16/2 0 .	4	0	14/20	,	. 2 0
12/20	1	0		•	

P11 The learner will be able to differentiate between the long and short vowel sounds with 80% accuracy.

Number Correct	Number of Pre	Children Post	Number Correct	Number	of Children Pre Post
10/10	4	7 ×	9/10		2 3
7/10	. 2	0	6/10	•	1 0
5/10	2	0	4/10	,	2 0

P12 The learner will be able to identify the vowel heard and record whether its sound is long, short, or r-controlled with 80% accuracy.

Number Correct	Number of Pre	Children Post	Number Correct	Number	of Chi	ldren Post
15/15	2	10	14/15	•	1	2
13/15	6	3	12/15		2	0
11/15	1.	0	10/15	•	2	0
9/15	1	0			•	•

P13 The learner will be able to dientify the letters representing the vowel digraph or diphthong he hears when these sounds are dictated with 80% accuracy.

Number Correct	Number of Children Pre Post	Number Correct	Number of Children Pre Post
10/10	8 12	9/10	6 1
4/10	1 0	8/10	0 3

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P14 The learner will be able to indicate the vowels he hears in dictated words of one or more syllables with 80% accuracy.

Number Correct	Number of Chi	ldren	Number Correct	Number	of Ch	ildren		
100%		Post 8	90%	•	Pre	Post 1		
40%	. 1	0	80%	•	0	2	,	. <i>.</i>

P15 Given statements of the most common vowel principles, the learner will be able to indicate which one applies to a given word with 80% accuracy.

Number Correct Numbe		er of Children	Number Correct	Number of Children
	10/10	Pre Post 3 5	8/10	Post 0
	7/10	3 0	9/10 💪	2 2

P16 Given a list of nonsense words, the learner will be able to mark the vowels to indicate whether they are long, short, r-controlled, or unsounded with 80% accuracy.

Number Correct	Number	lumber of Children			Number Correct	Number of Children Pre Post		
10/10	•	Pre 5	j	Post 6	8/10		Pre 1	Post 0
7/10		1		0	9/10_	•	0	1

P17 Given a list of nonsense words, the learner will be able pronounce them according to the letter sounds and vowel principles that have been taught with 80% accuracy.

Number	r Correct	Number	of Children		Number Correct Number of Chi				laren
•	100%	-	Pre 4	Post 6	95%		•	Pre	Post
	90%	, ,	2	2			, '	•	

S1 The learner will be able to identify the simple endings that denote tense (ed, ing), number (s, es), person (s, es), possession ('s), and comparison (er, est) when inflected forms of words are dictated with 80% accuracy.

Number Correct	Number of Ch	idldren	Number Correct	Number	of. Chi	ldren
10/10	Pre 4	Post	9/10		PRe	Post
6/10	2	° 0	· · ·			•

S2 The learner will be able to identify the root word in an inflected form (having an ending) or in a derived form (having a prefix or suffix) with 80% accuracy.

Number		Number	of Pre	•	Numbe	er Correct 9/10	Number	of Chil	ldren Post	
	0/10	:	1	0		8/10	**************************************	0	1	•
Part 2°-	10/10		4.		•	9/10		3	•	
•	8/10		. 2			6/10	•	1		
	4/10		1			•			• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •	

S3 The learner will be able to divide a compound word into its component parts with 80% accuracy.

Pre Post Pre Post 10/10 1 2 9/10 1 (No data was available for one student)	Number Correct	Number of Chi	ldren Numb	er Correct	Number	of Children
	10/10	Pre	Post	a/10	-	Pre Post
		available for	z one studen			

S4 The learner will be able to write the two words for which a contraction stands with 80% accuracy.

Number Correct	Number	of Ch	ildren	Number Correct	Number	of Ch	ildren
			Post	•		Pre	Post
10/10		21	22	9/10	•	1	0.

S5 The learner will be able to identify prefixes and suffixes in a list of derivatives with 80% accuracy.

Number Correct		F Childre		r Correct	Number	of Chi	ldren Post
20/20	2	12	•	19/20		1	3
18/20	3	2	, t	17/20		1	5
16/20	. 2	2 2		15/20		4	0
14/20	3	9 0		13/20	•	1	.0
11/20	2	2 0	•	9/20	r 4	3	0
3/20	1	0	•	1/20		1	0

S6 Given a list of prefixes and suffixes, the learner will be able to identify the affix to be added to a given root word to make sense in a sentence with 80% accuracy.

Number Correct	Number		-	rrect	Number			. •	\ .
90%	,	Pre Post	t 80%	•.		Pre 4	Post 9	•	
60%	.	4 3	<u>.</u> 50%		· ·	1	0		
40%	•	4 0,	30%			1	0	•	
20%	•	1. 0 0 5	10%	•	•	2	0		•

S7 The learner will be able to indicate the number of syllables heard in a word by counting the vowel sounds with 80% accuracy.

Number Correct	Number		Number Correct	Number of Children
100%		Pre Post	95%	Pre Post
90%		3 ?	85%	, 1 0
80%		1		

S8 The learner will be able to apply vowel principles to syllables and indicate whether the vowel sound in a syllable is long, short, or r-controlled with 80% accuracy.

•	Number	Correct	Number	of Children	Number Correct	Number of Children
'est	,	00%		Pre Post 5 14	80%	Pre Post
,	7	0%		0 1	90% 40%	0 5 5

S9 Given a list of two-syllable nonsense words, the learner will be able to divide them into syllables according to the principles of syllabication with 80% accuracy.

Number Correct	Number of Ch	ildren-	Number Correct	Number o	f Children
100%	Pre 3	Post 9	90%.	:	Pre Post 8 .
80%	10	6	70%		1 2
60%	4	•			•

ERIC

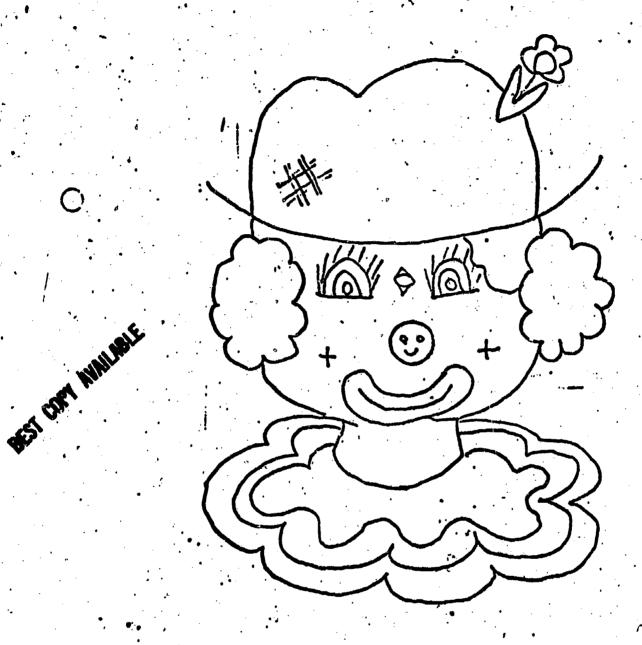
\$10 Given a list of two-syllable nonsense words, the learner will be able to prenounce them, making application of vowel sounds and principles to syllables with 80% accuracy.

Number Correct	Number of C	hildren	Numb	er Correct	Number	of Ch	11dren
100%	Ďa	Post 7			· · · · ·		Post 2

APPENDIX C

BILINGUAL NEWSPAPER

BILINGUAL MONTHLY REPORT



0. JORNAL BILINGUE

5A. CLASSE

Escola PRIMARIA DE

145,

FOV POINT ELEMENTARY



Dear Parents and Students:

The bi-lingual program at Fox Point is now in its fourth year and as its director, I would like to take this opportunity to share my enthusiasm with you.

As parents and students having cultural, family and neighborhood interests in the Portuguese program, you realize the satisfaction that its success has fostered.

The Portuguese children have progressed in their newly acquired language, English, while continuing to learn in thier native Portuguese This has served to instill the confidence necessary for success, while maintaining the rich heritage they have brought with them.

The American children have delighted in learning the language and culture of their neighbors and friends, while continuing their regular school curriculum. City - wide testing programs have verified the progress and growth of these youngsters.

Through a special program worked out on the junior high school level, the fifth grader's entering Nathan Bishop in the fall will have an opportunity to continue their instruction in Portuguese language and culture, providing a continuity of instruction and a smooth transition to their new school.

As always we are interested in parent comments and suggestions. You too, are an integral part of our program.

BEST COPY AVAILABLE

Frank Picorilli
Bilingual Director

Caros Pais e Alunos:

O programa bilingue de Fox Point está agora no quarto ano de existência. Na qualidade de director deste programa, gostaria de aproveitar esta oportunidade para partilhar convosco o meu entusiasmo.

Como país e alunos interessados no programa Português, vos compreendeis a satisfação proporcionada pelos bons resultados do programa.

As crás crianças portuguesas têm progredido na sua nova língua, o Inglês,
ao mesmo tempo que continuam a aprender em Português. Isto tem - nos
dado a confiança necessária para se obter bons resultados, enquanto se
procura manter a rica herança cultural que as crianças ja possuiam.

As crianças americanas tem revelado interesse em aprender a língua e a cultura dos vizinhos e amigos, ao mesmo tempo que estudam o seu currículo escolar normal.

Um sistema de exames abrangendo toda a cidade permitiu-nos verificar o bom aproveitamento dossnossos alunos.

Por um programa especial destinado aos primeiros anos da escola secundaria, os álunos do quinta classe que vão frecuentar a Escola Mathan Bishop em Setembro, vão ter ocasião de continuar o estudo da língua e cultura portuguesa, o que lhes vai proporcionar continuidade de estudo e uma transição gradual para a sua nova escola.

Ca ficamos a espera dos comentarios e sugestões dos pais. Vos sois

Frank Piccirilli

Director do Programa Bilingue

Bilingual Monthly Report

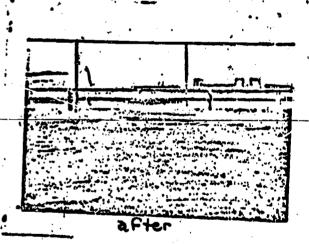
We have just started this Newspaper; a project which is Bilingual, Portuguese and English. We would like to tell you some things we do. We have a pledge. This is how it goes.

I give my pledge as an American to save and faithfully to defend from waste the natural resources of my country- it's soil and minerals, it's forest's, waters, and wildlife.

by, Rana Consalves







'Here's Your Chance

Here's your chance to join the F.P.S. environment club.

Just fill out one of these forms, and give the other to

your best friend and send it to room 5. You will recieve a

membership card. NO Money, just your oath.

I hereby pledge my oath to keep Fox Foint School 148	I hereby pledge my oath to keep Fox Point School clean.
616mature	signature-
Fark H. Blank and Arma Pires Editors	



or guese at the same time is better than sarning only one language.

am able to speak to them. If they speak o me in Portuguese I am still able to peak to them.

I also think it is more exciting and un to know two languages.

I think learning two ranguages is a very difficult thing for some students. When somebody apeaks to me in English! exciting thing.

> I like the way we learn the languag at the same time and the way that we mix them together'.

> > Ana M. Pires

Manuel Felicio

Poitugues é a segunda Lingua

Porque goits de aprender Português En gosto de aprender Portugués porque i a lingua dos mus avos. Muitos dos mus amigos e viginhos saben falar Portugués e en gosto de falar conveles e entender o que els digens. Quando vou à loja ou ao supernerrado aqui em Tox Point ha caixas eicritas em Fortugues com produtes importades de Portugal. E simpre bom saber mais uma lingua porque isio pode apudar a gente a viajar e arranjar un bom traballo concer per exemples horiedered da aviação. En taiense goeto de len as Lever poite quecier que contra na viewe to ca de v 374 & Point

Newspaper Assignment

Editors: Anna Pires Mark Blank

Reporters:
Michael Cortez
David Pereira
Joe Vieira
Michael Medeiros
Paula Cordoso
Michael Fortes

Photographers:
Paul McCrico
Michael Paiva

Artists:

Manny Felicio

Mary Jo Maciel

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Rana Gonsalves
Maria Dosilva
Luccinda Montrand
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Lucy Salva

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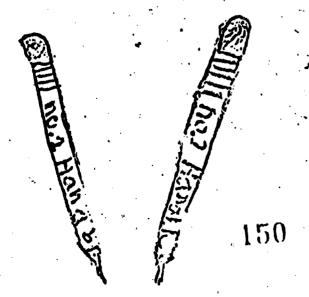
Iditorial Writers:

Jack Bonges

Danny Califor

Gilbert Salva

Roger Persons



Editorials

I do not like the lunch room because it is to noisey: Here are some rules to follow.

- 1. No running
- 2. Weit your turn in the food line.
- 3. Remain in your seat.
- 4. Be quiet when the whistle blows.
- ". Make-sure
 under your
 seat is
 clean when
 you leave it.

Gilbert Silva

I think that some of the high grades should have a little time to have some fun and to think of new ideas

REST COPY NYMINSIE

Some rooms should get together and Observe our lovely environment.

and learn about our environment.

Other people should pick up papers, bottles, cans and put them neatly into bage.



Ha varias coisas que eu gostava de modificar na escola. Gostava que os alunos mais velhos dessem bom exemplo aos pequeninos, não atirando papeis para o chão.

Gostava também que pudessémos ter carteiras novas, próprias para a nossa idade.

Na biblioteca ja ha alguns livros
portugueses, mas eu penso que precisamos mais. E ainda outra coisa,
precisamos novos pinceis porque os
que temos são muito grossos.

y Jack Borges

Civic Center

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No dia 17 de Janeiro de 1973, nos fomos dar um passeio ao Civic Center, que fica na cidade de Providence.

Eu gostei muito deste passeic. Vimos uma baildrina a dançar e os soldados.

Tambem vimos jogar ao basquetebal e

ao hoquei. Gortei muito. Fomos na

camioneta e foi muito bonito. Estavam la 15,1

muitas possoas a assistir.

by Fatima Polxinho



How We betour Books for the

Fox Point Library

Books for the
Library are brought
with money through
the School Department.
The Librarian orders
the books from book
suppliers. Then in
a month or two the
newly ordered books
arrive at the Fox
Point Library.
When new books
arrive, there is

zuch work to be
done before the
students can check
the new books out
of the Library.
For a person
to become a Librarian she needs at
least 4 or 5 years
of college.

Interviewed by

Joe Vieira

ilss Argentieri;

WEST TOP! HIRITAGE

Ginls

Gymnastic

. Competition

The following girls competed in a State Gymnastic competition on Sat. Feb 3, 1973 at the Ponagansett High School. We left school at 7:30 a.m. and returned at 4:00 p. m. The girls were in the Squat Vault



we did not win any ribbons, but each girl did an outstanding job and represented our school with pride. We hope that next year we can take more girls and enter more events.

Stephcale Miller
Maria Teixeira
Maria da Silva
Maria Macia M

152

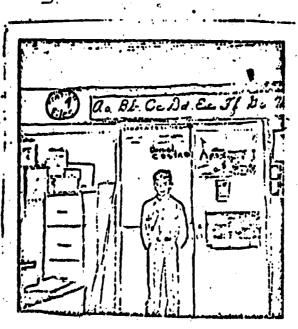
event competeing along

ERIC Full Text Provided by ERIC

On January 8,1973 room 5 started a new contest called "Student of the Week". The teacher puts an index card on each desk. Whenever the children are good or make good marks they get a point on their index card. At the end of the week whoever has the most points is the Student of the Week. This week Daniel Castro was the Student of the Week. The Student of the Week receives a blue ribbon and gets his name posted on a big poster. Here is a picture of one of the recent Student of the Weeks.

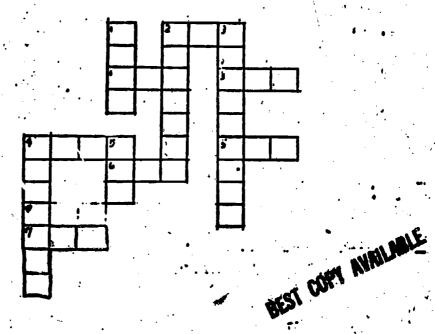
Katherine Schacht and Luccinda Montrond

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153

A CROSSWORD PUZZLE



ACROSS .

- 1. Used to drink hot bev-
- erage.
- 2. There is an empty that Tony always plays in.
- 3. 97 years is ____
- 4. You tell the by a clock.
- .5. Used to play baseball.
- 6. Something little kids say when they are having fun.
- 7. The country your in.

DOWN

- 1. Past tense of come.
- 2. At the airport a
- 3. You can get stuck with a thorn from a.
- 4. The little child went -----the tunnel.
- 5. A lambs mother----

by,

Jessica Hough

answers on last page,

he civic center

Our trip to the Civic Center was an exciting one. They had entertainment which varied from active sports to a mild fashion show. The Rhode Island Hockey Team exhibited their practice which they have every day.

Rhode Island State
Ballet demonstrated
their new style of
ballet which was
more exciting then
the old fashion way
which is very calm.

y Michael Fortes



What's wrong with the Boston Bruins

"Well" the Boston Bruins won last year. But no one knows if they will win the Championship this year. Some of their players left the team for various reasons. Jerry Cheevers and John McKenzie left because they wanted more money then the Boston Bruins would pay them. Cheevers decided to take the

offer of the American Hockey Association. They have
also been hurt by
injuries to important
players, like Bobby
Orr and Phil Esposito.

Recently coach Tom
Johnson was fired because of his failure
to get the team on the
winning track.

hichoel

ERIC Full Teat Provided by ERIC

Ecologia

Aqui na America ha muito lixo pelos caminhos. Na escola estão a fazer postais para não atirarem papeis para o chão.

Mrs. Sharp deu alguns milloes de dolares para limpar o rio de Providence.

Agora esta melhor, mas a agua não esta clara como dantes. A senhora tem muito desgosto por ver um lugar tão bonito assim desprezado. A classe do Mr. Augusta esta a dar-nos um bom exemplo indo apanhar papeis que se encontram nos jardins da escola.

Maria Toresa Monte

Modificações

para a escola

Eu gostava quando nos
fossem para a cafetaria para
nos não falar e quando nos
irmos comprar a comida para
nes não empurar ninguem. E
para nos ficar-mos nos nossos
bancos e não meter papeis para
o chão.

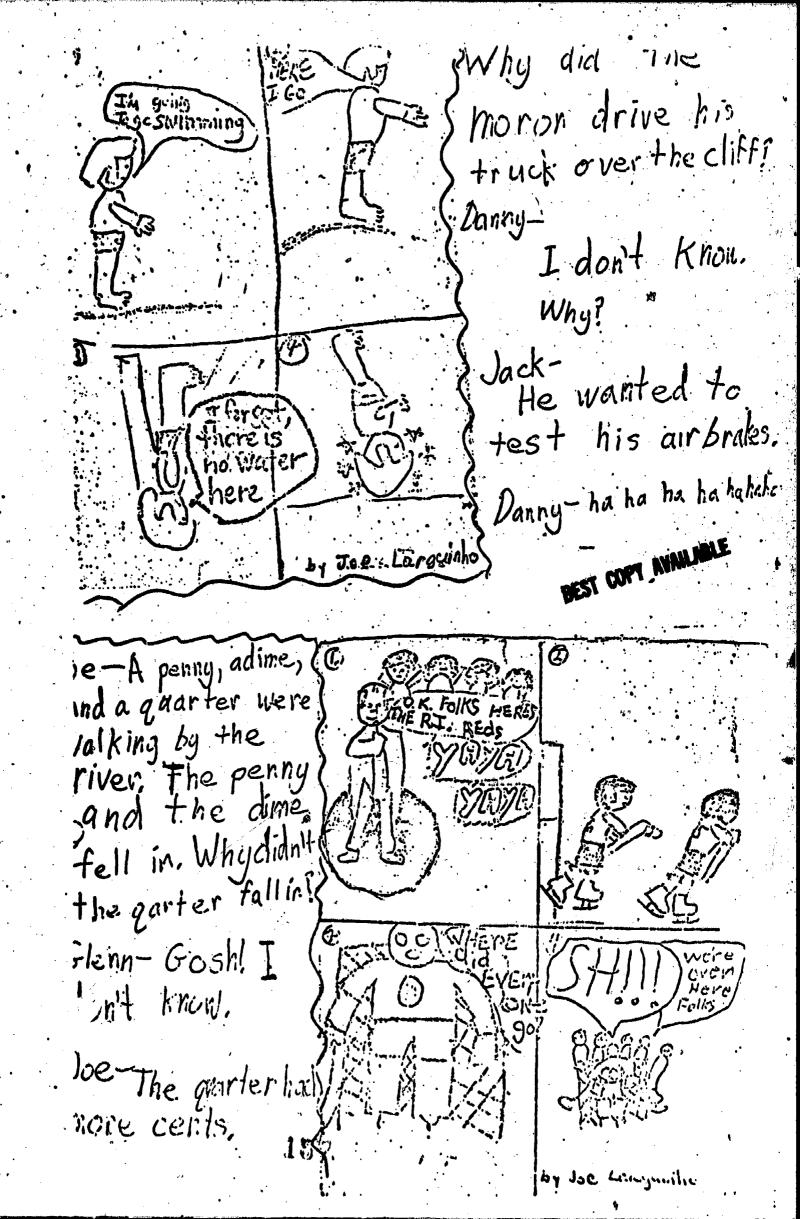
Eu gostava que aquele bucado de terreno de fronte de jardim que fosso mais limpo. Eu ja vi cochciras mais limpos.

156



ASI CIPI MINIPALE

oy Jack Borces



Teacher and Staff Hobbies and Past Times

Miss Colwell - swimming

Mrs. Clark - painting, refinishing funiture

Mr. Aica - swimming, chess, reading

Hiss Mazza - water skiing, knitting

Mrs. Hakeman - reading, playing piano

Miss McElory - playing piano, sew-

Mrs. Connors - brading

Miss Schigian - cooking, sewing, handwork

Mrs. Rufo - bowling, sewing, hand-· Work

Mrs. Black - bowling, bingo playing

Miss McCaffrey - painting, cooking reading

Mrs. Lisey - skiir

Mrs. Cambell - reading, dog training guitar

Mr. Sorem - music, nature

Mrs. Catullo - Knitting, reading

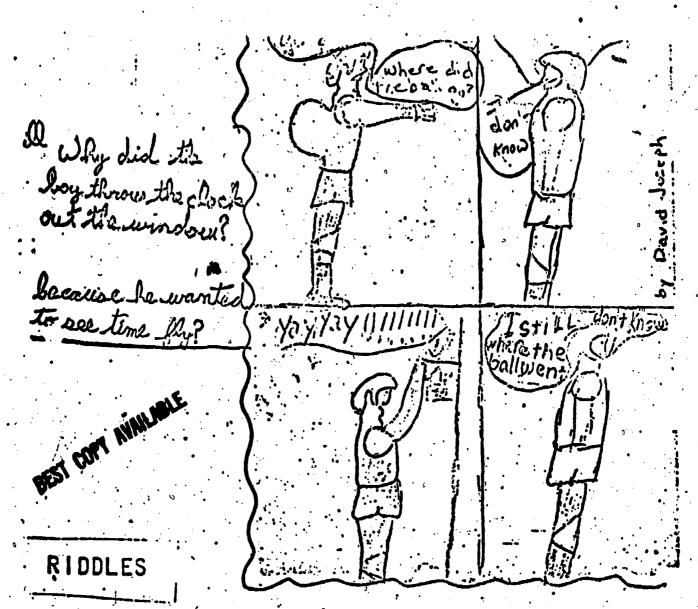
Miss Raffery - reading, kniting, camping, crocketing REST COPY AVAILABLE

What Has Been your Greatest Thrill

as a Teacher

An Interview with Miss Colwell --- A few years ago I had the pleasure of knowing that a boy I had taught English had won the Anthony Medal. He competed in an oral reading test against fifty excellent readers who were born in this country. Imagine the thrill to have been partly responsible for having taught a boy who spoke only Portuguese, and who in four years could excel above so many brilliant students.

158



What did one tonsil say to the other tonsil?

Better get dressed the doctor is going to take us out.

What do you have when you have a new nickle and an old dime?

15 cents.

What is a witches favorite flower?

Poisen ivy.

What state isn't married?

Miss. (Mississippi)

There are two horses. One is trotting dow the road and the other is penned up in a corral. Which one is singing "Don't fonce me in".?

Neither, horses don't sing.

Jessica Hough

159.

Why did the plant go to the foot ball game? Tommy:

Jack: Because he wanted to play.

Tommy: Nope, he wanted to go out to root.

Why did a boy take a ladder to the ball .game?

Ama: Why?

James: Because the Giants were playing.

Michael: Why did the letter arrive wet?

I don"t think i know. Domna:

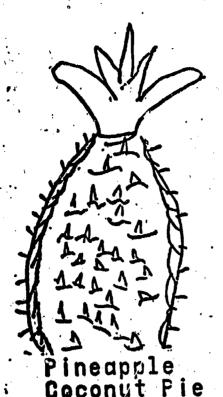
Michael: There was postage dew. ·

Linda: "Mat does your uncle do in the watch factory?

Maria: How should I know?

Linda: lle sits around making faceu.

by Bana Concalyan



Preheat oven to 400 degrees. Beat three eggs. stir in one 8 1/2 ounce can of crushed pineapple, l cup of shredded coconut and white cornsyrup. 1/4 cup sugar 1/4 teaspoon of salt, two tablespoons of melted butter and 1 1/2 teaspoons of van-111a extract. Pour into a prepared gra-. ham cracker crust and bake on lower shelf of" oven about 45 minutes, until center of filling is set.

by, Paula Cardosa

Recipes

Shrimp Cocktail

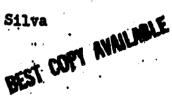
1 tablespoon tomato ketchup or tomato paste, or skinned fresh strained tomatoes.

- 1 tablespoon worcestershire sauce.
- 3 tablespoons whipping cream or evoporated mark.
 seasoning, small amounts of celery salt (or chopped celery) finely chopped onion (optional) little lemon juice, lettuce 1 cup shelled cooked shrimp To garnish: Lemon

the ingredients together and taste to check seasoning and lemon juices. To make cocktail this may be arranged in glasses or small flat dishes. Shred the lettuce very finely so it may be eaten with a spoon or small fork. Top with the shrimp and cover with the sauce. Garnish with lemon wedges or slices. Serve as cold as possible.

by,

Eillen Silva





160

Bolo alemão

250 gramas de manteiga, 250 gramas de agucar, 320 gramas de farinha, 60 gramas de corintos, 100 gramas de passas grandes, 60 gramas de frutas cristalizadas variadas, 5 ovos, 1/2 pacote de agucar, baunilha, raspa de limão e laranja.

Bate-se bem o acucar com a manteiga e

em seguida vão-se-lhe incorporando os ovos

ma a um, o acucar baunilhado, a raspadde

limão e laranja, e depois a farinha.

Barra-se uma forma lisa com um papel bem

untado de manteiga como se fosse para bolo

inglês e vai-se pondo alternadamente na

forma uma camada de massa, depois frutas,

massa, e assim até acabar.

Terminar com massa e enfeitar com algumas frutas; leva-se a cozer ao forno.

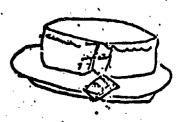
Fátima Peixinho

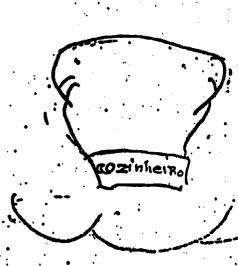
Falta de disciplina na cafetaria

Precisamos de ter mais disciplina ha hora do almoço. Não devemos falar nem empurar ninguém. Também é preciso ficaranos quietos nos nossos bancos e não deixar cair papeis no chão.

Eu também (ostava que aquele bocado de terreno de fronte do jardim fesso mais limpo. Eu ja vi cocheiras mais limpas.

> **by** Jack Borgos









161

Bate-se 100 gramas de manteiga ate

1: ... ficar em c. me. Junta-se de
pois duzentas gramas de açucar e conti
nua-se a bater um pouco mais. A seguir

junta-se seis ovos e continua-se a bater.

Finalmente, duzentas e cinquenta gramas

de farinha e uma colher de sopa de fer
mento. Mistura-se passas de abobora

coberta de nozes picadas. Meçoe-se mais

um pouco e deita-se numa forma untada de

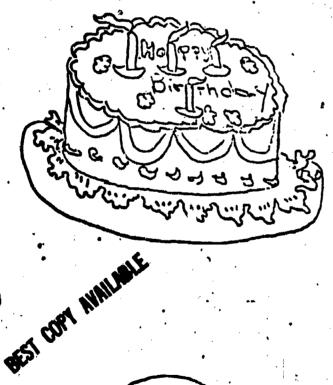
mantei a. Vai ao forno temperatura de

1350.

2/33



Torosa Monis



Bolo de Nozes

Bata-sa duzentas e cinquenta gramas de açucar com seis gemas de ovos. Fagne uma pasta com cem gramas de marmalada e algumas nozes picades, que se junta depois ao aquicar ja batiko com as gemas. Depois de tudo bem incorporado deitam-se seis claras batidas em castelo. Volta-se à bater e por último juntam-se duzentas e cinquenta gramas de farinha aonde se mistura uma colher de chá de fermento em pr. Quando estiver bem batido põe-se numa forma untada de ma 1toiga e vai bo: forno, temperatura 350.

162

Teresa Meniz

Fashions Around the World

shions around the world are different in many ways. Some as like Spain wear long and modest dresses. In the United the dress is very libral. The style ranges from mini skirts the dress is very libral. The style ranges from mini skirts which is very long. The pants are very short and are called the long pants are very wide and baggy. They are called the long pants are very wide and baggy.

he newest "craze" in fashion are pallazo pants. They are long

by Lucy Ribeiro



essword Puzzle Answers

Answers to crossword puzzle

Across
1. nus
2. lot
3. old
4. time
5. bat
6. wee

Down Across Was I right? I hope I was!
Wrong! (HA) 2. Rats!

NAME OF THE PARTY
APPENDÍX D

EVALUATION OF 1972 SUMMER INSTITUTE

LUATION OF INSTITUTE (Summer, 1972)

*	the number one (1) by the offering or offerings you found most valuable. The the number two(2) by the offering(s) you found 2nd most important, 3rd etc.
1.	you did not participate in any of the following, leave it blank. (a) Culture and Civilization classes
_ ,	
	(b) Linguistics 1
•	(c) Writing of Materials
. •	(d) English as a Second Language Practice
	(e) Portuguese as a Second Language class
	(f) Portuguese as a Second Language Lab work
٥.	(g) Reading consultant
	(h) Marcia Reback - Social Studies Consultant
•	(i) Methodology 1 and Demo teaching
'	(j) Methodology 2
	(k) Pre-Test
•	(1) Post-test
	(m) Bilingual Education 1
,	(n) Advanced Portuguese for Luso-Americans
	(o) Bilingual Education 2
•	(p) Foreign Language Consultant
2.	Please list any needs or areas of concern which were not included in the institute
	What is your opinion of this year's individualized program? Why?
i.	Please circle area(s) you feel the bilingual institute should emphasize. a. Linguistic Concerns b. Cultural concerns
.`	C. Teaching methods and strategies d. Materials development
.·• .	f. Second Language Methodology S. Curriculum development h. Other:

ERIC -

•	The s	bilingual institute is
: .		Too long.
j.	3.	Too shor
		Just right I recommend
•	If:	I ran the institute next year, I would throw out:
	Add	
		sure to keep:
•	The	four days of inservice during the school year could best be used in (circle)
•	٨.,	Investigating how best to evaluate students (testing)
	3.	Investigating art and music as vehicles for teaching social studies
	C.	Setting time aside to create new activities
	D.	Further developing skills in teaching reading
. •	· Z.	Continuing to learn about Portuguese culture and civilization.
•	7.	Developing skills in teaching mixed classes
	G.	Other
). B.		ease include any other comments, criticisms, or suggestions.

randiation of Responses to Evaluation of Institute

Item 1

,			•		u	•.	•						·		•	•
Participant .	Culture and		Writing of Materials	_[PSL	PSL (1ab)	Reading Consultant	<u> </u>	Meth 1			Post-test	Bilingual Education 1	i a	Bilingual Education 2	Foreign Language Consultant
		Ь	C	d	е	£	g	h	1	Jj	k	1	m	n	0	P
1 2 3 4 5 6 7	1		1	1												1 2
. 4	1	1	1	2				4 3	 	 						I
5	i		1	1		<u> </u>	1	2	1 '	ļ	3	2	1			1
6		-	1				-	2		-	ند	_2	1		<i>*</i> .	·
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5			1.				1		1 3		<u>'</u>					
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12	1				1	1				1					I	
1	-				1	1	1	1					1			I
14 15 16 17 18 19 20	1		1		- -+		-	 -{	1							
15		1	$\frac{1}{1}$	 -	1	1	2	-	1		2	2				
16	2	2			2	$\frac{1}{1}$	3	2			3	3	1		1	3
3.0	1	4.	1								-	 -		1		
19			1					1		1	2	2		-	1	<u>-</u>
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(Particularly interesting replies are starred)

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	Item 2	Item 3	Item 6	Item 8
•		Gostei imenso da ma- heira como o curso decorreu, pois acho que a preparação de trabalhos a que pro- cedebros e valiosa e vai ser muito util no decorrer do		
		Gostei do curso, devid que cada qual fêz o qu achou mais conveniente as suas classes, en- quanto ao preparo de materials.	ue.	
		Gostei imenso acho que a preparação de tra- balhos foi muito im- portante		
		Professor está inte- grado no corpo docente de uma escola, mas terá de fazer um tra- palho individualizado. Portanto a preparação do professor terá de ser feita através dum programa de trabalho individual.	visual aids, more participation in discussions.	
			•	
7.4		It enabled people to	Add: more emphasis on	
ا هند ا است سم بر		select a wide variety	culture. Keep: PSL + PCC	
		The concerned and in- ormal attitude of both or. Vieira + Dr. O'Cond wade this not only pro- itable but also a very	Add: nothing Keep: Or. Vieira or and Dr. O'Connor	Please have it next summer.
		njoyable experience. think I learned more in weeks here (about tea	1 .	.I.C. I think is line.
EK Full Text Pro	Guidad by ERIC			

	Item 2	Item 3	Item 6	Item 8
	Felt 1972 Institute successful net all needs.	subjects - Can't be enthusiasti enough.	Have a separate in	des Some course on pro- fessional philosophy presented to non- professionals Enjoyed the contributions and
		Very good - doing what is most needed.		
		Excellent - If one is allowed to arrange ones' program, one has a better chance to achieve the objectives that one has set forth.		
		*As far as I am concerned this year's individualized program was the best that ever happened	Add: a few Portugue	se
		ministrators we talk about in- dividualization for students participating in an Institute designed for individualization makes the concept much more		
		practical for us and provides necessary experience for us! *Excellent. With the variance of experience in bilingual	\	
		education, each participant could work in the areas in which he had a need		
1	•	It was, I feel, the best way in which to have the Institute because everyone was free to work on the materials which they found of most interest.	Add: more visiting consultants. Keep: Individualized programs.	I thoroughly enjoyed this institute!
	Teaching of Curriculum Coordination Reory + Practice.	I was initially pleased to hear I could have determined my own	moru from the offeriences.	I enjoyed it very much - I appreciated interractic and exchange of ideas of the 3 communities
۲.,	re demon-	y idea is that the individuation		Keep: Everything as is.
	for consul- b	rogram will be good in the furth out first we need to train the children to use this kind of work	e .	
			169	
	ERIC.		BEST COPY AVAILABLE	

			•
Item 2	Item 3	Item 6	Item 8
students in Meth	I prefer an individualized pro-		
xbeared to	gram where we are allowed to		
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ire should be	gives the participant a chance	1	
e equipment pro-	to take only those courses he		
ded such as film-	feels are interesting to him.		
ip projectors.	In other institutes your pro-	•	312
h person teach-	gram is given to you and many	•	
should have a	times you are forced to take		THE PARTY
a to himself.	courses you have already had		WEST COPY NYMINALE
	or have absolutely no interest		
•	in.		
	*Best yet. Because I could		
	stay with something in which	Throw out:	
	I was interested, finish it,		
•	and move on to something else	Nothing	
	in which I was interested.		
<u>-</u> -	Could concentrate. Could move		
	at own rate.		
	It was very good, because we		
	can give more of ourselves to	•	
	a subject in which we see		
	immediate utility for us.		[
	ood except I found Ling I heav	W Koon a PCI	
	or 3 weeks. Many facts to	y Keep: PSL Throw out:	
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			I think the Institute is
			very well organized.
			very well organized. The courses are very
		•	Very well organized. The courses are very interesting, the pro-
		•	very well organized. The courses are very interesting, the pro- fessors are great. The
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### APPENDIX E

Samples of Portuguese Curriculum Materials

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### SIIO Va SOUDO II

# SEE

174

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PROFIÇÕES

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473

- 1. (ruido de pessoas a falar no interior de uma agência de empregos)

  MECANICO: O senhor o que e ? (Qual a sua profissão ?)

  ( som de marteladas )

  CARPINTEIRO: Eu sou um carpinteiro. O senhor o que e ?

  ( ruido do motor dum carro )

  MECÂNICO: Eu sou um mecânico.
- 2. ( som do motor dum carro )

  MECÂNICO: Eu sou um mecânico. O senhor o que e ? ( Vócê o que e ? )
- 3. (sons de martelo)

  CARPINTEIRO: Eu sou um carpinteiro.
- 4, MECANICO: Ola! O senhor o que e ? ( Que faz o senhor ? )
- 5. CANALIZADOR: Eu sou um canalizador.
- 6. <u>CANALIZADOR</u>: O senhor o que e ?

  <u>CARPINTEIRO</u>: Eu sou um carpinteiro.

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7. <u>CANALIZADOR</u>: Ele o que e ?

<u>CARPINTEIRO</u>: Ele e um mecanico.

<u>ERIC</u>

8. ELECTRICISTA: O senhor o que e?

CANALIZADOR: Eu sou um canalizador.

:1: Letters Kk, I.L.

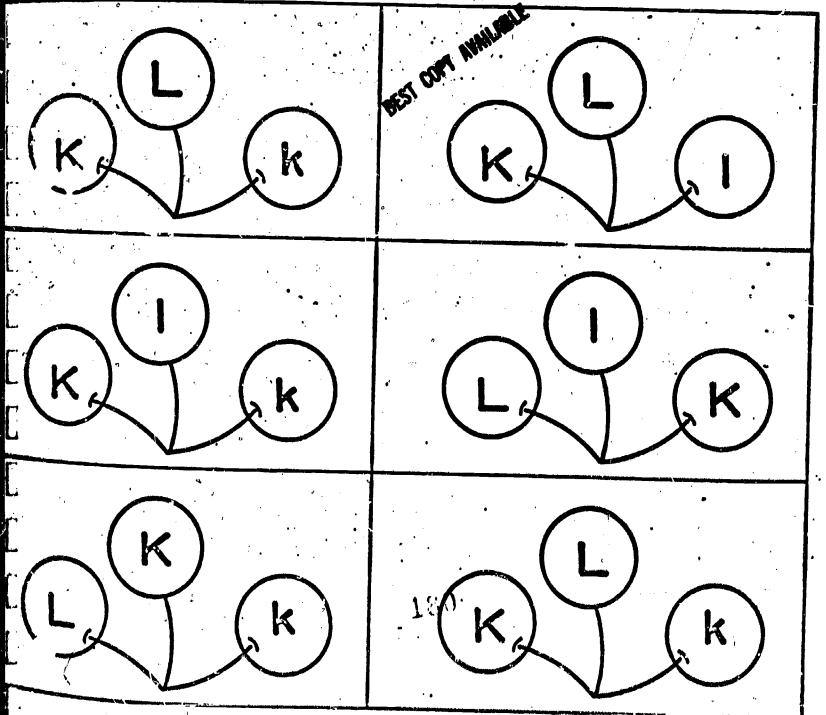
TIONS: Color the partner letters the same color. Make all Kk's red; all Ll's blue.



Dan and Mary Sue need help finding partner letters.



Can you help them?



ERIC*

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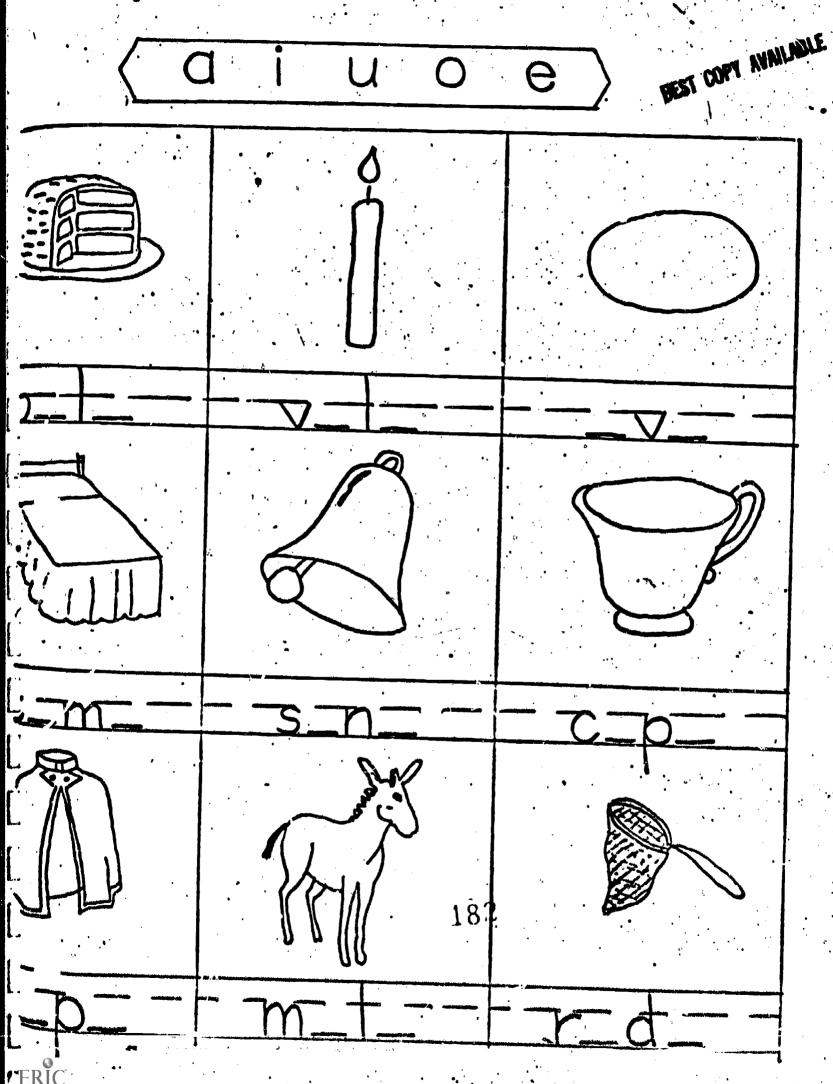
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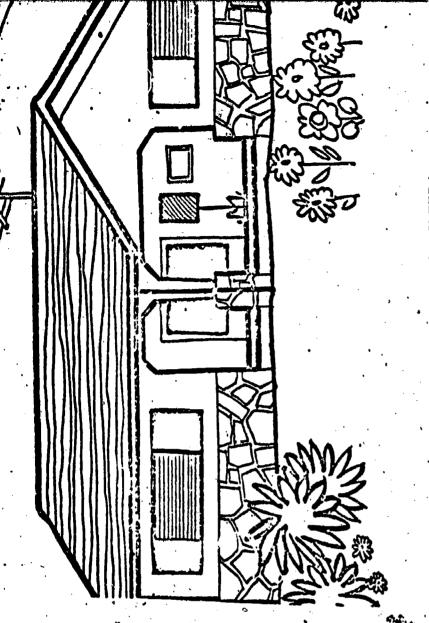
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rçais:Revisão. precções:Diz o nome da gravura.Escreve os vogais que faltam.Colore as gravuras.





### A CASA DA DIVA

183

Esta é a casa da Diva.

Diva vive com o papai, a mamãe, o Dedé e o Pau Na casa vivem também o Mimi, o Lulu e a Bi

- A mamãe cuida da casa.
- A Diva cuida das flôres.
- O Paule cuida dos animais.
- O papai cuida de todos.

rosa ro-sa

casa ca-se

Compreen as palavras moo opubuluquu eric

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