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ABSTRACT

The Coast Community College District owns and operates its own UHF television station, KOCE. The content of the TV courses and trends in enrollment are detailed in this report, with emphasis on the spring semester, 1973-74. The report determines the educational and public service needs of the community with respect to televised college courses. Findings include: (1) Enrollment is up 133 percent from initial registration figures in spring 1972-73, (2) More people are enrolling in television courses for reasons other than earning credit toward a degree, (3) More housewives, proportionately, are enrolling in television courses each semester, (4) More women than men continue to enroll in television courses, (5) The average age of television students is rising, with the median age in spring 1973-74 at 34.9 years, (6) Course completion rates for television courses--already lower than those of their on-campus counterparts--are not improving, (7) Students who do not take the final examination are more likely to be enrolled in a TV course only; they have less education beyond high school, consider themselves nonstudents, and have a lower opinion of nearly all course components. (Author/AH)



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KOCE-TV

TELECOURSE EVALUATION

STUDENT REACTION TO TELEVISION COURSES SPRING SEMESTER, 1973-74

OFFICE OF INSTITUTIONAL RESEARCH DECEMBER, 1974

PREFACE

This report describes the proceedings and results of one portion of a research project funded by the Corporation for Public Broadcasting to determine the educational and public service needs of the service area of KOCE, a public UHF television station owned and operated by the Coast Community College District. This report discusses student reaction to television courses offered by the Coast Community College District.

We are indebted to Richard Brightman for the research design and procedures used in this study. We are grateful for the help of Jean Dudley and Chris Yanick who offered clerical assistance throughout the study. Finally, our sincere gratitude is given to the Corporation for Public Broadcasting, in particular, Jack Lyle, Director of Communications Research, for their support.

The Office of Educational Planning and Development has assumed responsibility for all television course research projects; persons wishing additional information about them are asked to contact the Office of Educational Planning and Development, Coast Community College District, 1370 Adams Avenue, Cos.a Mesa, California, 92626. The telephone number is (Area Code) 714 - 556-5555.

Carol E. Teraz Project Researcher Monty Ruth Project Director



Interest in television courses tends toward those things which pertain to the quality of life: fine arts, literature and languages, and consumer and health services. More esoteric subjects, such as physical sciences and mathematics—as well as truly pragmatic areas, such as business and technical training—were not seen as important according to our survey.

Audience Analysis Telephone Survey Coast Community College District, January, 1974, p. 42.

Students are well aware of the limitations of televised instruction, particularly the absence of human interaction and feedback from the instructor and other students; but for most of them, given their present work and family requirements and general life style, the advantages far outweigh the disadvantages. For the most part, the suggestions they make for changes or improvements in their TV courses are not with the intent of making it more like an on-campus class experience, but rather to refine the distinctive nature of this quite individualized way of learning.

Jimbol Legation to Television Courses: Fill Jameston, 1973-74 Coast Community College District, August, 1974, p. 62.

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PREFACE

This report describes the proceedings and results of one portion of a research project funded by the Corporation for Public Broadcasting to determine the educational and public service needs of the service area of KOCE, a public UHF television station owned and operated by the Coast Community College District. This report discusses student reaction to television courses offered by the Coast Community College District.

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For additional information about the project, write to the Office of Institutional Research, Coast Community College District, 1370 Adams Avenue, Costa Mesa, California 92626.

Carol E. Teraz Project Researcher Monty Ruth Project Director



SUMMARY OF FINDINGS

Continuing research conducted by Coast Community College District on television courses and persons who enroll in them has resulted in the identification of certain (rends present during the Spring, 1973-74, semester.

- 1. More people are enrolling in television courses: enrollment is up 133 percent from initial registration figures in Spring, 1972-73.
- 2. More people are enrolling in television courses for reasons other than earning credit toward a degree. Sixty-four percent of the Spring, 1972-73, TV student sample indicated their reason for taking their course was to earn credit; 59.9 percent did so the following fall. Less than half (44 percent) of those sampled during Spring, 1973-74, checked this reason.

This shift can be partially accounted for by the presence, in Spring, 1973-74, of two courses--Freehand Sketching and Connie's Clothing Corner--which are less traditionally academic in content and are oriented more toward development of certain areas of skills. Even in the anthropology and geography courses, both of which satisfy basic requirements in their respective disciplines, less than two-thirds of the students sampled indicated their primary concern was to earn credit.

- 3. More people who can be defined as "non-students"—by virtue of no other, on-camp affiliation or on-going commitment to education beyond high school—are enrolling in television courses. Thirty-nine percent of the Spring, 1973—74 sample indicated they did not consider themselves students of any kind.
- 4. More housewives, proportionately, are enrolling in television courses: each semester this group has constituted the largest single occupational category. In Spring, 1973-74, housewives represented 32.4 percent of all students sampled.
- 5. More women than men continue to enroll in television courses. Women constituted 54.6 percent of the Fall, 1973-74, enrollment; 67.2 percent in Spring.
- 6. The average age of television students is rising; half of all the students sampled in Fall, 1973-74, were above the age of 31.8 years, and in Spring, half were over 34.9 years.
- 7. Although enrollment figures have increased, course completion rates for television courses—lower than those of their on-campus counterparts to begin with—are not improving: Spring, 1972—73: 46.1 percent; Fall, 1973—74: 44.9 percent; Spring, 1973—74: 37.6 percent.



- 8. The results of a spring study conducted on anthropology students indicate that students who are involved in some form of participation and interaction (in this case, experimental groups were asked to maintain one of the following: a TV viewing log, a weekly course diary plus a mid-semester interview, or a diary submitted at three-week intervals) with the institution are more likely to complete their course and achieve at a higher level.
- 9. While we have not yet determined the significance of certain factors as actual determinants in TV students' failure to complete their courses, we do know that students who do not take the course final examination are more likely to be enrolled in a TV course only, have less education beyond high school, and to consider themselves non-students.
- 10. Data gathered through such sampling procedures as student interviews, post-course questionnaires, and course diaries have identified the following areas of student concerns and criticisms regarding their television course experiences:
 - -- the desire for more--and more varied forms of--testing
 - -- the desire for increased availability of review sessions (either in taped form or on campus)
 - -- more continuity among the components of TV lesson, text, and syllabus
 - -- better textual aids, particularly syllabi
 - -- more explanation of the function of these components in relation to one another
 - --- more clearly detailed and more repetitive information in the areas of broadcasts which include the number and title of the lesson being aired; times and dates of testing, seminars, etc., what textual materials accompany which lessons
 - -- greater availability of course materials
- 11. Students who failed to take their final exam assigned a lower ranking to nearly all course components about which they were asked. This fact, together with the problems perceived by students (outlined above), suggests that difficulties encountered in the course itself may be of equal—and possibly greater—significance than those characterizing students' academic background in failure to complete a television course.



Coast Community College District, which owns and operates the non-commercial educational television station, KOCE, has offered community college courses for credit to residents of the Orange County area since Spring semester, 1972-73--some two months after KOCE-TV began broadcasting in November, 1972.

Enrollment of students in the three television courses offered that initial semester totaled 1,388. While television student enrollment for the following semester (Fall, 1973-74) dropped 17 percent to 1,151, it then rose during Spring of 1973-74 to 3,230, an increase of 133 percent over initial registration figures. Final registration figures for Fall, 1974-75 show that 4,952 students enrolled in the six television courses offered. This number represents an increase in total enrollment of 257 percent over Spring, 1972-73.

Another way of charting this growth is calculation of the average course size during each semester. The average enrollment per TV course in Spring, 1972-73 was 463; in Fall, 1974-75, this figure reached 825--an increase of 83 percent. Thus has interest grown in pursuing educational opportunity through enrollment in televised college courses. So, too, has it become increasingly necessary to assess the effectiveness of this kind of learning process and its role in the academic community.

this report is concerned with a area of the process-that of student evaluation of the television courses. To this end, we have again* pursued two major

lines of inquiry: 1) How do students rate the several aspects of these courses?

2) What kind of student enrolls in a television course? The latter question might well be expanded to inquire, what kinds of students enroll, as Spring, 1973-74, the semester with which this report is most specifically concerned, marks the first during which two quite distinct types of courses have been oftend.

Five courses were offered during this semester. Two of them—Identified to the light of the precious an introductory level course in anthropology, and Physical Acquetical approach satisfy basic requirements in the fields of the social industical sciences. Two others, Procho. Photography and Populate and Physical Sciences are teaching basic techniques in sewing, are less academic in their rejentation and are perhaps more aptly described as courses which develop certain creasest shifts. The fifth, Prochood and processes, a business course, seems and described as traditionally academic in content, and yet the student sample for this cases resembles in several respects those of the sketching and sewing lasses.

The observation, then, in a previous report that, "Different subjects...attrust students with somewhat differing backgrounds, tastes, and needs," is borne
out with greater emphasis in the examination of the characteristics and motivations which describe students enhalled in spring TV courses.

I. PROCEDURES

The lat. . . I in this report were gathered in three kinds of simpling procebure.

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The correct to a town receipt a post-ourse evaluation, mailed or the conorganization of the content of the all stockers was hat enrolled in television of the et.

The correct, this, the continuaire, as my or which is termining Aprel of A.



was designed to obtain an evaluation of the particular course as well as a demographic profile of the respondent. While both kinds of information have been obtained as formation begins a student evaluation procedures during previous secenters, that of Spring, 1975 +, is the faitial one for which both forms were sed in a.

and a state of a problem provides are a cashed from three perspect of the control of the perfect of a control of the perfect of the perfect of the control of the perfect of the control o

2. Some a Mary Maintenage et Form a mil Corm P

Student or relied in anthropology, systeming, geography, and family management were asked to maintain form A of a Course Diary (Appendix D) a device the reby students pailed in a weekly evaluation of the lessons they watched, along with information concerning the day, time, TV channel, and location at which the

^{*} This despite the fact that on forms previously used, the occupational category of "homemaker" did not appear.



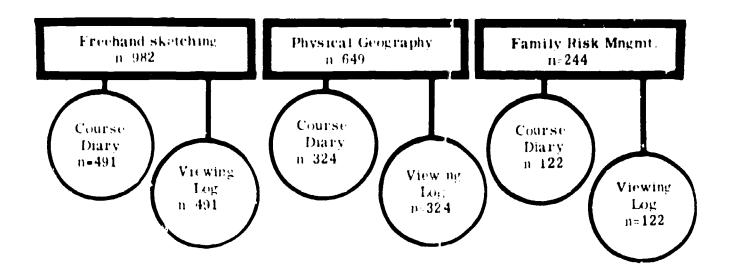


Figure 1
Student Evaluation Procedures:
Freehand Sketching, Physical Geography,
Family Risk Management

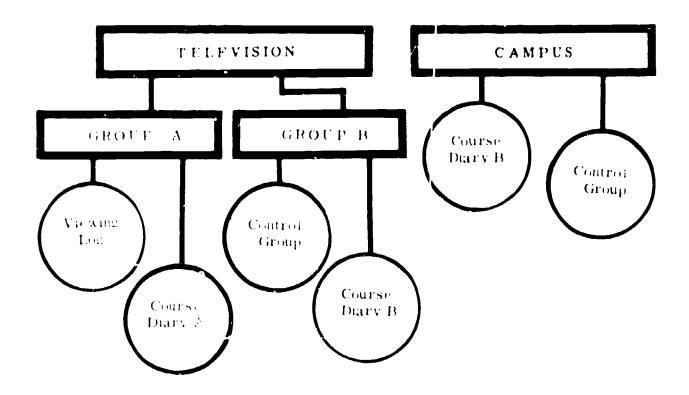


Figure 2



The source viewed. Furth spants were scleeted in the following manner: *iffy to make the content of the librors—with the exception of anti-repolarization polarization and a letter (see Appendix B) inviting them to maintain a diary for the scalester. Executive percent of the students enrolled in anthropolarization scalester. Executive percent of the students enrolled in anthropolarization form A; another 25 percent were invited to keep Form B of the scenario Diary (Appendix E). Fifty percent of the students enrolled in the service converse were also invited to keep the "B" form. The two forms of the diary differed in this respect: The structure of the second did not ask after intermation conversing time, channel, day of viewing, etc., but rather contained specific questions concerning the student's progress and his opinion regarding certain aspects of the course. And, instead of being mailed weekly, the "B" form via designed to author information at three-week intervals during the semester. Figure 1 and 2 demonstrate the models for these student evaluation procedures. See page 4.

No student who kept either form of the Course Diary participated in any other torm of carse evaluation during the semester although each, as a part of the general TV stedent population, was sent a post-course evaluation form.

and Stablet Entre to Low-

Similarly we have distributed in the "A" form of the Course Diary were asked well for a personal interview mid-way through the course (Appendices i and 6). The interviews were reducted between the 22nd of April and the lath of Martin the capture of the range of a family dien West colleges. Their purpose was the capture of the range of a family dien West colleges. Their purpose was the capture of a family dien which there is a student's impression.

The capture of the property of the relevance is a family dien would remain a family dien.

a November of a particular constraint of the feaths, who provided that a first season of the constraint of the constraints.



| | Pasteriouse Evaluation | Course Diary | | Student |
|--|--------------------------------|--------------|--------|-----------|
| minimum seeda (1917), 1997 (F. 7) | and percuriphic Information | Form A | Form B | Interview |
| ayaya sayayan ay say say sayasin ayasin adan da saha hagaban sa da da daga ka dhagasin da da da da saya say sa | 11 | n n | 11 | 11 |
| Anthropy Legy : | 286 | 36 | 29 | 25 |
| Antit | 322 | 46 | - | 27 |
| | 10 | 31 | - | 17 |
| | 49 | 7 | | 4 |
| | 7.2 | _ | 75 | - |
| . 1:49 | 836 | 122 | 103 | 7.3 |

Table I

Table I

Table I

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Total for Islamistical Course Evaluation

TILE PROBLEM OF TRLEVISION SECONDS

of the state of the relevied in statements in the two semesters preceding that of

A second of the control of the problem of the characteristics of which removes the problem of the control of the characteristics and the characteristics of the control of the characteristic and the characteristic of the

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not. Comparable demographic data were not gathered from on-nampus students during the least to the limiting the least comparisons which can be made between them and the TV student sample.

Racial Distribution

Table 11 compares the ricial distribution of television students sampled during the 1973-74 academic year with that of both the college district and Orange County as a whole.

| Description | Orange County | Coast Community College District | TV Student Fall, 1973-74 | TV Student Spring, 1973-74 |
|------------------|------------------|-------------------------------------|-----------------------------|-------------------------------|
| | • | 7, | 9 /1 | ÷ |
| Caucastan | 86.0 | 90.2 | 92.5 | 89.2 |
| Mexican | 11.3 | 7.7 | 1.9 | 2.8 |
| Black | . 7 | .1 | .6 | . 1 |
| Indian | .3 | . 2 | . 6 | . 7 |
| Oriental | 1.3 | 1.4 | . 8 | . 7 |
| Other | . 4 | . 4 | 1.1 | 1.5 |
| Decline to State | | - | 2.5 | 5.0 |
| Totals | 100.0 | 100.0 | 100.0 | 100.0 |

-Data gathered from 1970 U.S. Census and Orange County Progress Report, Vol. 9

Table II
Racial Distribution

Distribution by Age and Sex

While the ratio of male to female students on campus is nearly equal, that for television students shows that increasingly more women are enrolling in TV course. A lable III illustrates, twice as many women than men registered for television courses furing spring, 1976-70, of additional significance is to increasing eacher at women identitying themselves as "homemakers" -- a situation of 12 to an aretain each to the report.



| | Fal l | , 1973-74 | Spring, | 1973-74 |
|---------------------------------------|-----------|------------|-----------|------------|
| Description | On-Campus | Television | On-Campus | Television |
| | 7. | % | % | * |
| Male | 50.7 | 44.8 | 49.3 | 31.2 |
| Female | 49.3 | 54.6 | 50.7 | 67.2 |
| No answer | - | .6 | - | 1.6 |
| % of women identified as "homemaker"* | - | 41.8 | - | 48.2 |

^{*}Data available for TV students only.

Table III
Television Students
Distribution by Sex

Table IV presents the discribution of response from both Fall and Spring, 1973-74 samples to the question regarding (category of) age of television students. The median age was 31.8 years for the fall students sampled and 34.9 years for those in spring. The average age of television students rose from 34.4 years in fall to 37.2 in spring.

| Age | Fall, 1973-74 | Spring, 1973-74 |
|-----------|---------------|-----------------|
| Age | *** /*** | % |
| 15 - 17 | 1.1 | 2.6 |
| 18 - 25 | 22.6 | 15.4 |
| 26 - 35 | 41.8 | 33.3 |
| 36 - 45 | 18.7 | 26.9 |
| 46 - 60 | 13.6 | 16.3 |
| over 60 | 2.2 | 4.2 |
| No answer | ~ | 1.3 |

Table IV

Television Students
Distribution by Age



Marital Status, Number of Dependents

As was the case for the Fall, 1973-74 TV student sample, three in every four students in that for spring are married. Slightly fewer of the spring student sample have legal dependents. However, of those who do, fewer are claimed in spring than in the previous fall semester. Table V.

| Number of | Fall, 1973-74 | Spring, 1973-74 |
|----------------|---------------|-----------------|
| Dependents | % | 7. |
| None | 28.7 | 25.7 |
| One | 13.4 | 14.4 |
| Two | 18.7 | 20.2 |
| Three | 21.7 | 19.1 |
| Four | 8.4 | 9.0 |
| More than Four | 8.6 | 6.7 |
| No Answer | .5 | 4.9 |
| Totals | 100.0 | 100.0 |

Table V

Television Students
Number of Legal Dependents
Fall, 1973-74 & Spring, 1973-74

Distribution of Occupational Categories

1. Fall, 1973-74 and Spring, 1973-74

both semesters. The intent here is not to view the distribution of response in spring in the light of any given category's percent of increase or decrease.

But rather to beconstrate that different sets of courses attract people with



| | Fall, 1973-74 | Spring, 1973-74 |
|---|---------------|-----------------|
| Occupational Category | % | % |
| Angelo Jacob III. Fire visitables. The description of the description | | |
| Business Executive | 4.5 | 3.8 |
| Fine Arts | 1.4 | 2.5 |
| Homemakar | - | 32.4 |
| Military | . 8 | 1.4 |
| Office | 10.3 | 6.7 |
| Professional | 17.3 | 14.9 |
| Retired ** | - | 1.6 |
| Sales/Customer Service | 12.0 | 5.3 |
| Self-Employed | 5.6 | 2.3 |
| Tradesman/Journeyman/ Technician | 11.7 | 6.5 |
| Not Currently Employed | 16.4 | 5.6 |
| Other | 14.8 | 13.3 |
| No Answer | 5.2 | 3.7 |

^{* **}Category not included in Fall, 1973-74 questionnaire.
22.8 percent (extrapolated from the categories of "Not
Currently Employed" and "Other") indicated their occupation as that of "Homemaker."

Table VI
Occupations of Television Students
Fall, 1973-74 & Spring, 1973-74

2. Distribution by Course Enrollment

Table VII lists the frequency of response by TV course enrollment and makes apparent the--in some areas, sharp--contrast among the occupational profiles when compared in this manner.



| Occ upational Ca tegory | Anthropology | Freehand Sketching | Physical Geography | Family Risk Management | Sewing |
|--|--------------|-----------------------|-----------------------|------------------------------|--------|
| | % | % | % | % | % |
| Business Executive | 3.5 | 2.2 | 9.3 | 10.2 | - |
| Fine Arts | 2.5 | 3.7 | 1.9 | - | - |
| Homemaker | 29.7 | 32.6 | 21.5 | 10.2 | 73.6 |
| Military | 1.4 | . 9 | 1.9 | 6.1 | - |
| Office | 7.7 | 4.3 | 12.2 | 8.2 | 4.2 |
| Professional | 9.8 | 22.1 | 9.3 | 20.4 | 8.3 |
| Retired | 1.8 | 1.9 | . 9 | 2.0 | - |
| Sales/Customer Ser. | 6.6 | 4.4 | 6.5 | 6.1 | 1.4 |
| Self-Employed | 2.8 | 1.2 | . 9 | 8.2 | 2.8 |
| Tradesman/Journeyman /Technician | 9.1 | 3.1 | 12.2 | 10.2 | - |
| Not Currently | 7.7 | 6.2 | 1.9 | 4.1 | 1.4 |
| Other Employed | 14.3 | 13.7 | 15.9 | 6.1 | 8.3 |
| No Answer | 3.1 | 3.7 | 5.6 | 8.2 | - |

Table VII
Occupations of Television Students:
Distribution by Course Enrollment
Spring, 1973-74

As the table makes evident, the largest single occupational group in all courses but that of Family Risk Management is "homemaker." Family Risk Management and Freehand Sketching attracted over twice as many "professional" persons than did the other courses. Physical Geography and Family Risk Management entitled approximately three times as many business executives as the other courses. These examples will be recalled when viewing preferences—in terms of time periods the approximately three examined.

Table VIII presents the distribution of response to the question regarding the product in the forboth the fall and Spring 1973-74 TV student and e.



Although approximately two in every three students from both semesters indicated their annual family income was in excess of \$10,000, 62.2 percent from the spring sample checked "\$15.000 or more," compared with 54.4 percent the previous fall.

| Annual Family | Fall, 1973-74 | Spring, 1973-74 |
|---------------------|---------------|-----------------|
| Income | % | % |
| Under \$3,000 | 6.1 | 3.6 |
| \$3,000 - \$5,999 | 4.2 | 4.0 |
| \$6,000 - \$9,999 | 13.4 | 9.6 |
| \$10,000 - \$14,999 | 30.1 | 26.5 |
| \$15,000 or more | 36.5 | 42.6 |
| Decline to State | 9.5 | 10.0 |
| No Answer | .2 | 3.7 |

Table VIII

Television Students
Distribution of Income
Fall, 1973-74 & Spring, 1973-74

Hours Worked

As indicated in Table IX the number of hours worked per week by the spring TV student sample is virtually the same as that for TV students the two previous semesters. It further confirms the fact that students taking television courses are more likely to be unemployed or working full-time.

| Number of Hours Worked | Spring, 1972-73 | Fall, 1973-74 % | Spring, 1973·74 % |
|---|----------------------|-----------------------------|-----------------------------|
| None 1 - 30 More than 30 No Answer | 33.1 17.7 49.2 | 25.9 17.6 55.4 1.1 | 25.1 17.2 51.8 5.9 |

ERIC Founded by ERIC

Period of Day

Daytime, i.e., the hours between 8:00 a.m. and 5:00 p.m., is the period of the day most often worked by relevision students who are employed. As Table X illustrates, this distribution, too, has been consistent over three semesters of sampling.

| | Spring, 1972-73 | Fall, 1973-74 | Spring, 1973-74 |
|-------------------------|-----------------|---------------|-----------------|
| Period of Day | % | % | % |
| Day (8:00 - 5:00) | 59.0 | 64.6 | 59.7 |
| Night (5:00 - 1:00) | 4.4 | 5.6 | 5.4 |
| Graveyard (1:00 - 8:00) | 2.5 | 2.5 | 2.4 |
| Do Not Work | 31.1 | 27.0 | 26.9 |

Table X

Television Students
Period of Day Most Often Worked
Spring, 1972-73 through Spring, 1973-74

Frequency of response in the form, "does not work," is virtually the same in both tables IX and X, and strengthens the observation that an increasing majority of television students are employed —in some capacity. And, as the number of TV students who do not work decreases, those among them identified as "housewives" have increased.

Level of Education

1. Distribution by Course Enrollment

Table XI shows the amount of education completed by television students according to the course in which they were enrolled. Conclusions regarding the distribution of educational achievement must be qualified when looking at three of the courses under consideration, as sizable numbers did not respond to the

among the students when grouped in this manner.

| Course | Anthropology | Freehand Sketching | • | Family Risk Management | Sewing | All Courses |
|----------------------|--------------|-----------------------|-------------|------------------------------|--------|----------------|
| Spring, 1973-74 | 7, | % | % | % | % | % |
| Below 12th grade | 3.5 | 3.4 | . 9 | 4.1 | 5.6 | 3.4 |
| In 12th grade | . 7 | 2.5 | 1.9 | 2.0 | 2.8 | 1.8 |
| High School grad. | 6.3 | 18.3 | 7.5 | 12.2 | 23.6 | 12.9 |
| 0-30 units completed | 37.1 | 28.3 | 27.1 | 73.5 | 59.7 | 36.5 |
| Over 30 units | 31.5 | 23.6 | 32.7 | 8.2 | 8.3 | 25.2 |
| No Answer | 20.9 | 23.9 | <u>29.9</u> | | - | 20.2 |
| Totals | 100.0 | 100.0 | 100.0 | 100.0 | 100.0 | 100.0 |

Table XI
Television Students' Level of Education
Distribution by Course Enrollment
Spring, 1973-74

2. Final Exam Takers vs. Non-Takers

Because we were interested in whether a student's past educational experience had any bearing upon completion or failure to complete a television course, the educational profile of students enrolled in each of the Spring, 1973-74 television courses was viewed from the standpoint of those who took the final examination and those who did not.

Based upon the response obtained (one in every five students did not answer, as Table XI indicates) from all who took the final exam and all who did not. those with less education were less likely to complete their course. Approximately 16 percent of those with no education beyond high school took the final exam compared with 24.4 percent at the same educational level who did not take the final.



When viewed by course enrollment, the same correlation exists—in varying degrees—for all courses but sewing. Here, the opposite situation exists—and sharply so: of those who took the final examination, 55.3 percent had some education beyond high school. The educational level of eighty—three percent of those who did not take the exam had also progressed beyond high school.

| Course | Below 12th Grade | In 12th Grade | High School Grad. | 0-30 Credits | Beyond 30 Credits | no Answer | Totals | |
|--------------------|------------------------|---------------------|-------------------------|-----------------|-------------------------|--------------|--------|--|
| | % % | | % | %, | % | 7. | % | |
| Anthropology | | | | | | | | |
| Takers | 2.6 | .9 | 6.1 | 36.5 | 31.7 | 22.2 | 100.0 | |
| Non-Takers | 7.6 | - | 7.6 | 39.6 | 28.3 | 16.9 | 100.0 | |
| Freehand Sketching | | | | | | | | |
| [akers | 2.7 | 1.3 | 16.1 | 29.0 | 23.7 | 27.2 | 100.0 | |
| Non-Takers | 4.4 | 4.4 | 24.4 | 26.7 | 23.4 | 16.7 | 100.0 | |
| Physical Georaphy | | | | | | ŀ | | |
| Takers | 1.2 | - | 6.1 | 29.3 | 34.1 | 29.3 | 100.0 | |
| Non-Takers | - | 8.7 | 13.1 | 21.7 | 21.7 | 34.8 | 100.0 | |
| Family Risk Mgt. | | | | | | | | |
| Takers | - | 2.8 | 13.9 | 75.0 | 8.3 | - | 100.0 | |
| Non-Takers | 15.4 | - | 7.7 | 69.2 | 7.7 | - | 100.0 | |
| Sewing | | | | | | İ | | |
| Takers | 7.9 | 5.2 | 31.6 | 50.0 | 5.3 | - | 100.0 | |
| Non-Takers | 2.9 | - | 14.7 | 70.6 | 11.8 | - | 100.0 | |

Table XII

Television Students' Level of Education Takers vs. Non-Takers: By Course Enrollment Spring, 1973-74

Enrollment in On-Campus Course

Whether or not a student who is taking a television course is also enrolled in an an-appearance seems to have difficult bearing an completion of the DV or in Table to a retire to that the Lag 1 days (10 and the time) and a second to the course of the cou



were enrolled in a television course only: when viewed by individual course enrollment, "non-takers" who were not concurrently enrolled on campus ranged from nearly 59 percent (anthropology) to 85.3 (sewing). Table XIII below.

| Category | Anthropology Non-Takers | Non-Takers | | Family Risk Management Non-Takers | Sewing Non-Takers | All Courses Non-Takers |
|--|----------------------------|------------|-------|--|----------------------|------------------------------|
| | * | 7. | 7. | ^ | | |
| Enrolled in one campus course Not enrolled | 47.2 | 30.0 | 39.1 | 38.5 | 14.7 | 33.3 |
| in on-campus course | 58.8 | 70.0 | 60.9 | 61.5 | 85.3 | 66.7 |
| Totals | 100.0 | 100.0 | 100.0 | 100.0 | 100.0 | 100.0 |

Table XIII

TV Students Not Taking Final Exam:
Presence/Absence of On-Campus Enrollment
Spring, 1973-74

While students taking the final examination were more likely to be enrolled in an on-campus course as well, the difference is not nearly as great as that for students who did not take the exam. Table XIV shows that 53.4 percent of all "takers" were also enrolled on campus—slightly more than half—whereas only a third of the "non-takers" were. Further, the distribution by individual course enrollment shows that in Freehand Sketching, more students who took the final were enrolled in that course only; in the sewing class, half the "takers" were enrolled on campus, half were not.



| Description | Anthropology | | | Family Risk Management | Sewing Takers | A11 Courses Takers | |
|--|--------------|--------------|--------------|------------------------------|------------------|--------------------------|--|
| Takers | | Takers | Takers | Takers | lakers | | |
| 7 | · · | % | % | " | % | | |
| Enrolled in on- campus course | 60.4 | 39.3 | 68.3 | 66.7 | 50.0 | 53.4 | |
| Not enrolled in on-campus course | 37.8 | 59.8 | 31.7 | 33.3 | 50.0 | 45.6 | |
| No Answer | 1.8 | 9 | | | | 1.0 | |
| Totals | 100.0 | 100.0 | 100.0 | 100.0 | 100.0 | 100.0 | |

Table XIV

TV Students Taking Final Examination:
Presence/Absence of On-Campus Enrollment
Spring, 1973-74

Current Academic Status

1. Spring, 1973-74 Compared With Previous Samples

In order to further define TV students' academic activity, we asked if they were at the present time full- or part-time students. The response of the Spring, 1975-74 sample, when compared with those from the two previous semesters, indicates that, increasingly, students taking television courses do not consider themosty students—on a full- or part-time basis. Of students who do, considerably fewer are attending community colleges; over twice as many indicated they were extension/TV students dering spring as did the previous fall semester. Table XV following.



| Academic Status: | Spring, 1972-73 | Fall, 1973-74 | Spring, 1973-74 |
|--------------------------------|--------------------|------------------|---------------------------|
| TV Students | X | % | X |
| Yes: High School | 3.0 | 1.9 | 1.6 |
| Extension/TV | 8.2 | 4.7 | 12.2 |
| California State University | 3.5 | 3.9 | 3.2 |
| Community College | 52.4 | 63.8 | 39.0 |
| University of California | _ | .8 | 1.0 |
| No | 31.6 | 24.5 | 39.1 |
| No Answer Totals | 1.4 | 100.0 | $\frac{3.9}{100.0}$ |

Table XV

Academic Status of Television Students
Spring, 1973 through Spring, 1974

2. Final Exam Takers Versus Non-Takers

In each of the Spring, 1973-74 television courses, one-third (Geography) to two-thirds (Freehand Sketching) of the students not taking the final examination had no additional educational involvement. Fifty to eighty percent of all those taking the final in each of the spring courses considered themselves students in some capacity. In all courses, the majority of exam-takers presently in school were in a community college; in all courses but those of Freehand Sketching and Sewing, those presently in school who did not take the final were also community college students. Interestingly, a larger percentage of non-takers in Freehand Sketching and Sewing indicated their present status as that of extension/IV student. Courses offered during spring attracted more students currently enrolled in four-year institutions than those of any previous



semester. Fewer of these students, however, completed their TV courses. Table XVI.

| Academic Status Spring TV Students | Anthropology | Freehand Sketching | | | Sewing | All Courses |
|--------------------------------------|--------------|-----------------------|--------------|--------------|--------------|----------------|
| | #/ /2 | % | 7, | X . | * | 7. |
| Not Currently Enrolled: | | | | | | |
| Takers Non-Takers | 27.0 39.5 | 49.6 66.7 | 19.5 34.8 | 19.4 46.1 | 34.3 58.8 | 34.3 54.0 |
| Currently Enrolled: | | | | | | } |
| Extension/TV Takers Non-Takers | 7.8 11.3 | 14.7 11.1 | 11.0 13.0 | 11.1 7.7 | 26.3 17.7 | 12.1 |
| High School | | | | | ļ | |
| Takers Non-Takers | 1.7 3.8 | 1.3 1.1 | - | - 7.7 | 2.6 | 1.3 |
| Community College | | | | | | |
| Takers Non-Takers | 57.0 35.9 | 29.9 10.0 | 60.9 34.8 | 55.6 15.4 | 31.6 14.7 | 46.0 |
| Four-Year Institution | | | | | | |
| Takers Non-Takers | 3.9 3.8 | 3.6 5.5 | 3.7 4.4 | 2.8 15.4 | 5.2 5.9 | 3. 7 5. 6 |
| No Answer | | | | | | |
| Takers Non-Takers | 2.6 5.7 | .9 5.6 | 4.9 13.0 | 11.1 7.7 | 2.9 | 2.6 6.1 |

Table XVI

Academic Status of Television Students: Takers vs. Non-Takers Spring, 1973-74



Reason for Enrollment in a Television Course

1. Spring, 1973-74 Compared With Previous Samples

Evidential of the fact that television courses offered through Coast Community College District are, increasingly, drawing students with varying academic backgrounds and differing educational goals is the fluctuation apparent in students' reasons for enrolling in a TV course. Spring, 1973-74 marks the first instance in which more than half the students sampled indicated their primary motive for taking a course was one other than earning credit toward a degree.

Table XVII.

| Spring, 1973 | Fall, 1973 | Spring, 1974 |
|--------------|-----------------------------|---|
| 7. | * | z |
| 2.5 | . 8 | .9 |
| 63.6 | 59.9 | 44.0 |
| 11.6 | 14.4 | 15.7 |
| 22.0 | 20.6 | 33.6 |
| 1.0 | 2.8 | 2.4 |
| | 2.5 63.6 11.6 22.0 | 2.5 .8 63.6 59.9 11.6 14.4 22.0 20.6 |

Table XVII

Reasons for Taking TV Course:
Spring, 1973 through Spring, 1974

2. Distribution by Course Enrollment

A look at the distribution of this response for anthropology and geography students shows that the frequency conforms much more closely to the composite filtres shown from earlier samples (Table XVII above) than to that for the other



courses offered in Spring, 1973-74. Early in this report reference was made to both freehand Sketching and the sewing class as courses less academic in orientation and focused more on development of skills and talent. In the last few pages, various tables have demonstrated that three in every five students enrolled in these two courses were not enrolled in other on-campus courses; 54 and 46 percent respectively indicated they considered themselves neither fullor part-time students. Further, these differences were exacerbated when viewed from the standpoint of students who took the final examination and those who did not.

Students' reasons for enrolling in television courses, when arranged by course enrollment, show that in Freehand Sketching and Sewing, far fewer students indicated earning credit toward a degree as their primary consideration for taking the course. Table XVIII below.

| Category | Anthropology | Freehand Sketching | Physical Geography | Family Risk Management | Sewing | All Courses |
|--|--------------|-----------------------|-----------------------|------------------------------|--------|----------------|
| | 7. | x | X. | 7. | Z | χ |
| High School Credit | 1.8 | . 6 | - | | 1.4 | 1.0 |
| Earn Credit Toward College Degree | 62.2 | 26.4 | 59.8 | 36.7 | 31.9 | 44.0 |
| Professional/ Occupational Advancement | 6.3 | 27.0 | 7.5 | 16.3 | 13.9 | 15.7 |
| General Interest | 24.5 | 41.0 | 24.3 | 38.8 | 47.2 | 33.6 |
| Other | 1.7 | 1.9 | 3.7 | 2.0 | 5.6 | 2.4 |
| No Answer | 3.5 | 3.1 | 4.7 | 6.1 | - | 3.3 |

Table XVIII

Reasons for Taking TV Courses:
By Course Fnrollment
Spring, 1973-74



3. Final Exam Takers Versus Non-Takers

Table XIX illustrates the distribution of reasons for taking a television course between those who took the final exam and those who did not. In each of the courses, from 35 to 65 percent of the students who indicated that "general interest" was primarily responsible for their enrollment did not take the final exam. Further, the percentage of general interest students in Freehand Sketching and Sewing, higher than those in the other courses to begin with, also reflect a much higher percentage of "non-takers."

| Category | Anthropology | Freehand Sketching | Physical Geography | Family Risk Management | Sewing 7 | All Courses |
|--|--------------|-----------------------|-----------------------|------------------------------|--------------|----------------|
| High School Credit Takers Non-Takers | 2.7 | . 9 | - | - - | 2.6 | 1.3 |
| Earn Credit Toward College Degree Takers Non-Takers | 64.4 54.7 | 27.7 22.2 | 67.1 39.1 | 36.1 38.5 | 42.1 20.6 | 48.2 |
| Professional/ Occupational Advancement Takers Non-Takers | 7.0 | 31.3 | 7.3 | 19.4 7.7 | 18.4 8.8 | 17.4 |
| General Interest Takers Non-Takers | 20.9 37.7 | 35. 3 55. 6 | 21.9 34.8 | 36.1 46.2 | 31.6 64.7 | 27.9 49.8 |
| Other Takers Non-Takers | 1.7 | 2.2 | 2.4 8.7 | 2.8 | 5.3 5.9 | 2.3 |
| No Answer Takers Non-Takers | 3.9 | 2.7 | 1.2 8.7 | 5. 5 7. 7 | | 2.9 |

Table XIX
Reasons for Taking TV Courses
Takers vs. Non-Takers
Spring, 1973-74



On-Campus Activities

Nearly nine in every ten IV students sampled indicated that transportation was available to and from a campus or community learning center. Students were also asked if there tore reasons which prevented them from attending on-campus classes: 417 of them (nearly 50 percent) indicated that there were. Of this group, 161, or 38 percent, were housewives. While it seems clear, then, that there are reasons preventing IV students from on-campus attendance, lack of transportation is not among them.

Visiting Campus in Conjunction with TV Courses

When asked it TV students should wisit campus as part of their course experience, over one-third of all students sampled answered in the affirmative; an additional 5% per ent said yes, occasionally. Of the 271 housewives identitied in the spring sample, 90 percent felt TV students should visit a college campus.

Contact With On-Campus Course Facilitator

Nearly all of the 73 students who completed an interview with us endorsed the concept of a source facilitator. However, when asked if they themselves had surjusted the facilitator for their source, less than 16 percent indicated to exact. The same assism was cased in the jost-course evaluation; nearly 5 percent said they had never initiated any contact. Of those who had, over one-court, held i "selfem," and an idditional 15 percent said "occasionally." hess than two percent of the spring IV student sample had frequent contact with a sample trailitator.



k Student Interviews are discussed on pp. 86-97.

The overall average of 55 percent who did not contact a course facilitator included proportionately more students not taking the final examination, as Table XX shows.

| No Contact With Course Facilitator | Anthropology | Freehand Sketching | | Family Risk Management | Sewing | All Courses |
|---------------------------------------|--------------|-----------------------|------|------------------------------|--------|----------------|
| | Z Z | % | 7. | Z | 7. | * |
| Students Taking Final Exam | 52.2 | 51.8 | 52.4 | 52.8 | 15.8 | 49.8 |
| Students Not Taking Final | 66.0 | 73.3 | 69.6 | 84.6 | 52.9 | 68.5 |

Table XX

Non-Contact With Course Facilitator
Exam Takers vs. Non-Takers
Spring, 1973-74

Ease of Access to Course Pacilitator

Students who <u>did</u> contact the facilitator for the course in which they were enrolled were asked if they encountered any difficulty in the process. More than eight in every ten students indicated it was "very easy" to "fairly" so; an additional 14 percent said it was difficult. Under four percent checked "impossible." There was no appreciable difference in ease of access to course facilitators between students taking the final examination and those not taking it.

Attendance at On-Campus Study Sessions

A majority of students in all spring television courses--with the exception of generalize life of attendant the study sessions. More of those who did attend, however, also took the final examination. Table XXI following.



| Attendance at On-Campus Study Session | Anthropology | Freehand Sketching | , • | Family Risk Management | Sewing % | All Courses |
|---|--------------|-----------------------|------|------------------------------|----------|----------------|
| Takers | 33.5 | 18.3 | 52.4 | 33.3 | 23.7 | 29.8 |
| Non-Takers | 17.0 | 7.8 | 8.7 | | 5.9 | 9.4 |

Table XXI
Students Who Attended Study Sessions
Takers vs. Non-Takers
Spring, 1973-74

XXII shows the distribution of their response by class. The number of students who checked "other" is sufficiently large to warrant restructuring of the question; an alternative such as "did not feel study session was necessary," seems a likely one. Differences are great enough among courses in areas such as student lack of awareness of the one-campus review sessions to suggest the existence of less than adequate communication.

| Person For Non-Attendance at Study amadema | Anthropology | Freehand Sketching | | | Sewing | All Courses |
|--|--------------|-----------------------|-------|-------|--------|----------------|
| | | | '' | 9/ | % | " |
| Inconvenient Time | 37.8 | 6.2 | 45.5 | 18.9 | 19.0 | 22.4 |
| Didn't Know of it | 19.2 | 52.1 | 10.9 | 43.2 | 53.5 | 36.9 |
| Not Very Helpfil | 4.2 | . 4 | 7.3 | | _ | 2.2 |
| Discontinued Course Prior to First Session | 6.2 | 6.1 | 16.4 | 13.5 | 8.6 | 8.0 |
| Other | 35.8 | 33.9 | 25.5 | 18.9 | 13.8 | 30.8 |
| No. Answer | 3.1 | 8 | 5.5 | 5.4 | 5.2 | 3 |
| lotals | 100.0 | 100.0 | 100.0 | 100.0 | 100.0 | 100.0 |



Housewives

through the sampling device of the post-course questionnaire constituted the largest single occupational grouping: 32.4 percent. Table VII, page 11, reflects the number of housewives enrolled in each of the spring TV courses. As such, the specific characteristics of this sub-group warrant separate examination, particularly in view of their potentiality as a logical target for television courses.

1. Age, Number of Dependents

Housewives, when compared to the balance of the spring TV student sample, are older (their average age is 37.9 years versus 36.9 years for "all other students"); twice as likely to have dependents living at home (fifteen percent have no dependents, in contrast to thirty percent of the rest of the sample), and are more likely to list larger numbers of dependents. Seventy percent of them indicate they have two or more, compared with 48 percent of "all other students."

2. Work Habits

Although virtually the same number (two-thirds) from both the housewife grouping and that of all other respondents in the sample indicated their work sphedules did not vary appreciably, the response of the former to questions regarding the period of day worked the most and the number of hours worked per week was strikingly different. Figure 3 following.



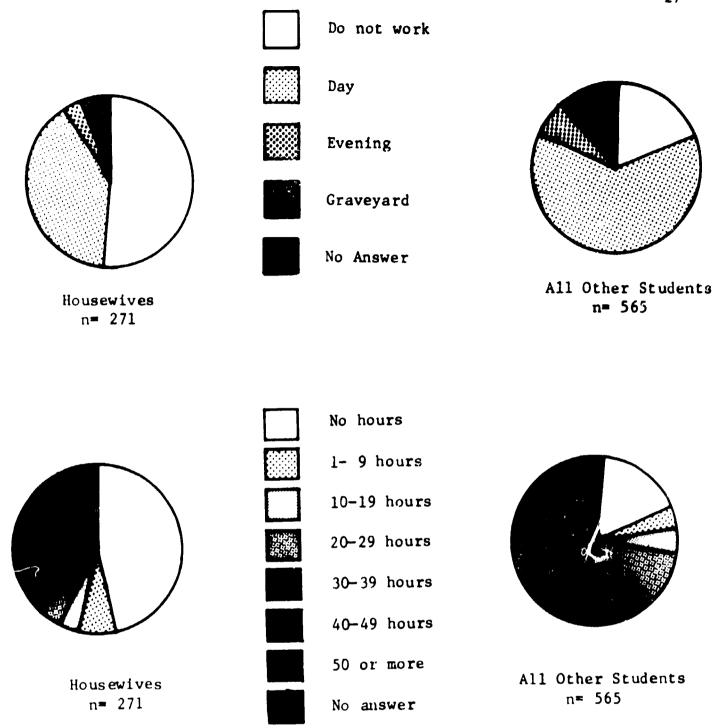


Figure 3
Work Habits of TV Students:
Housewives vs. All Other Students
Spring, 1973-74

During the two previous semesters, more than 80 percent of the housewives sampled indicated they did not work. As Figure 3 demonstrates, slightly less than half (46.5 percent) of the spring sample do not. Also, one in every ten housewives sampled prior to spring said she worked in excess of 50 hours per week. Sixteen percent of the spring sample checked this category. This fact, coupled with the distribution of response in the areas of 1-40 hours of work



per week suggests a lessening of the tendency to equate work with activities outside one's home.

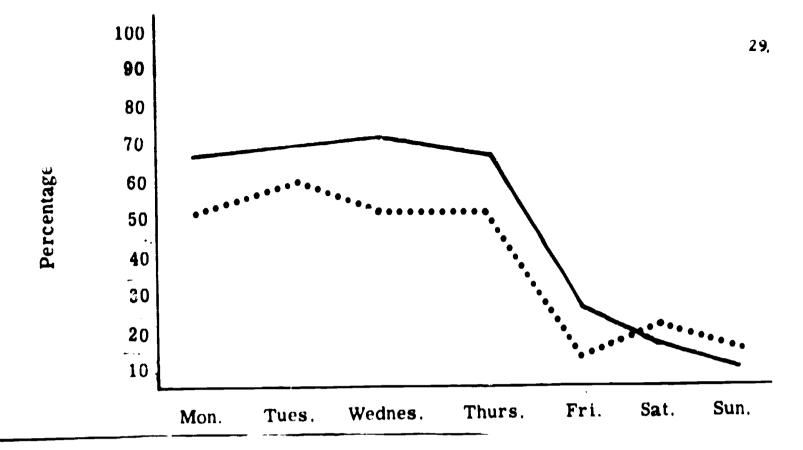
3. Viewing Preferences: Days of Week, Times of Day

Figures 4 and 5 compare the preferred viewing times during both the week and the day between housewives and all other students. Both groups indicated that the days Monday through Thursday are more preferable, but a stronger concentration in the preference of housewives is evident: 66.7 percent versus 51 percent.

Differences in the daily routines between housewives and all other students are pointed out in selections of preferred hours for lesson viewing: nearly 46 percent of housewives' responses are in the "1 p.m. - 4 p.m." category (versus only 18 percent of other students' responses). The combined categories of early evening and evening (4-7 p.m. and 7-11 p.m.) received 84 percent of the "all other students' response contrasted with 59 percent of the housewives'.

Another way of comparing the viewing preferences cited by the two groups is in terms of the <u>numbers</u> of days and hours chosen: housewives indicated an average of 3.3 days preferred for lesson viewing, all other students an average of 2.7. Distribution of housewives' response to (categories of) times preferred averaged 1.9 categories; 1.4 on the part of all other students.

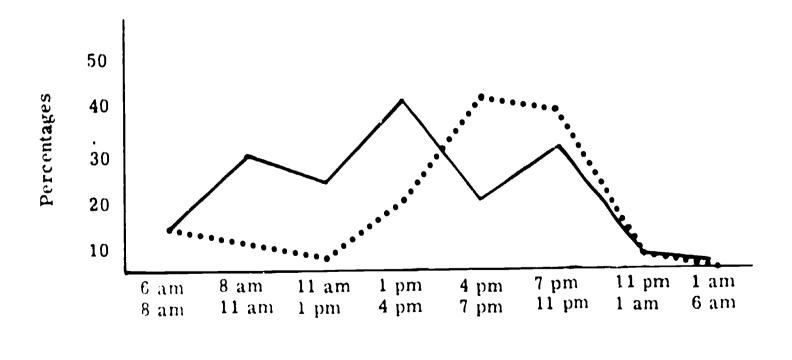




Housewives All Other Students

Housewives

Figure 4
Preferred Days of Week for Lesson-Viewing:
Housewives vs. All Other Students
Spring, 1973-74



All Other Students

Preferred Times of Day for Lesson-Viewing:

Housewives vs. All Other Students

Spring, 1973-74

4. Educational Background

Slightly more than one-third (35.8 percent) of the housewives sampled were also enrolled in an on-campus course during Spring semester, 1973-74. This may be compared to the 53 percent of all other students who were concurrently enrolled. Conversely, half the housewives sampled stated they do not consider themselves students by any definition and slightly more than one-third (34.3 percent) of all other students are thus categorized.

Distribution of response to the question concerning the amount of education completed shows that more housewives, proportionately, have had some college experience (63.5 percent versus 60.9 percent). The concentration of the response, however, is greater in the area of "1 - 30 units completed" for them than for all other students in the spring sample: 42.1 percent versus 33.8.

5. Reason for Enrolling in a TV Course

Asked what the main reason for enrolling in a television course was, more housewives indicate their primary concern is to earn credits. Table XXIII below.

| Reason for Enrollment in TV Course | Housewi ves | All Other Students |
|------------------------------------|-------------|-----------------------|
| | 7. | 7. |
| High School Credit | .7 | 1.1 |
| Credit Toward Degree | 49.5 | 41.4 |
| Professional Advancement | 5.9 | 20.3 |
| General Interest | 41.0 | 30.1 |
| Other | 2.6 | 2.3 |
| No Answer | 3 | 4.8 |
| Totals | 100.0 | 100.0 |

Table XXIII
Reason for Enrollment in TV Course:
Housewives vs. All Other Students
Spring, 1973-74



In conducting another phase of student course evaluation—the student interviewe—we spoke with 73 TV students, 21 of whom were housewives. When we asked the primary reasons for enrollment in a television course, 63.5 percent—including all the housewives sampled—indicated that "convenience" was the determining factor. (The results of all student interviews are discussed on pages 86 - 97.) This choice was not listed under "reasons for enrolling in a television course" in the post—course questionnaire and is unfortunate, considering the response it drew from students interviewed during the semester.

6. Completion Rates

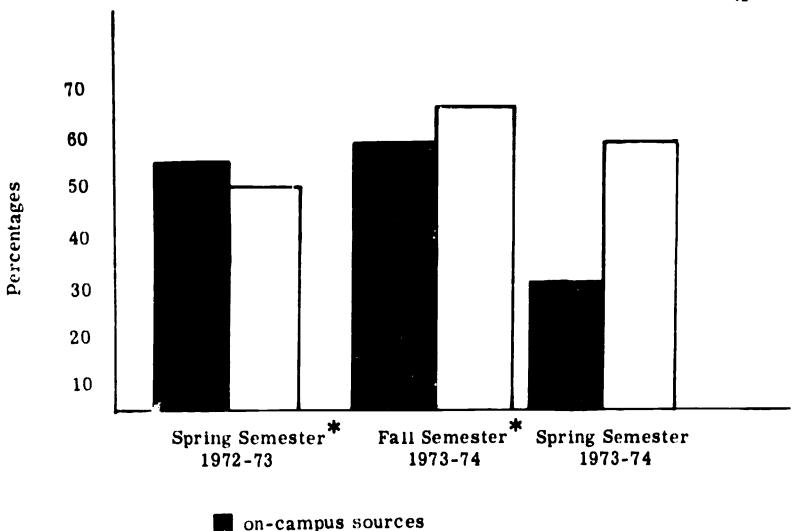
Although more than two-thirds of the housewives sampled completed their television course, i.e., took the final examination, they are not as a group quite as likely to finish courses as are all other students. The latter grouping indicated a 75 percent completion rate; that for housewives was 68.3. All but under two percent in each grouping answered the question, i.e., "Did you take the final examination for this course?"

While completion rates and distribution of grades for all students enrolled in Spring, 1973-74, television courses are examined later in this report, it can be noted here that the percentage of those composing the spring TV student sample who completed their course is tremendously higher than that of the TV student population itself: 73 percent versus 37.6 There would seem to be, then, a rather high correlation between finishing a course and a disposition to answer a questionnaire concerning it.

Sources of Information About Television Courses

When asked how they first learned of the TV course(s) in which they subsequently enrolled, the Spring, 1975-74, student sample cited off-campus sources of information more frequently. This response confirms the trend noted the previous fall semester. Figure 6 demonstrates.





* *Due to multiple answers by some respondents, percentages exceed 100.

Figure 6
Sources of Information About Television Courses
Spring, 1973 Through Spring, 1974

off-campus sources

When grouped according to whether the final examination was taken--and presumably, the course completed--TV scudent samples for each of the spring courses indicated that a larger percentage of "non-takers" (with the single exception of Family Risk Management students) first learned of their course from an off-campus source. Table XXIV compares the distribution of their response.



| Spring, 1973-74 | | ampus rces | Off-Ca Sour | ampus rces | Comb Sou | ined rces |
|------------------------|------------|---------------|----------------|---------------|-------------|--------------|
| Television Courses | n | % | n | <u> </u> | n | % |
| Anthropology | | | | | | 100.0 |
| Exam Takers | 9 0 | 39.1 | 140 | 60.9 | 230 | 100.0 |
| Non-Takers | 16 | 30.8 | 36 | 69.2 | 52 | 100.0 |
| Freehand Sketching | | | | | | |
| Exam Takers | 71 | 31.8 | 152 | 68.2 | 233 | 100.0 |
| Non-Takers | 24 | 27.3 | 64 | 77.7 | 88 | 100.0 |
| Physical Geography | | | | | | |
| Exam Takers | 33 | 40.2 | 49 | 59.8 | 82 | 100.0 |
| Non-Takers | 10 | 43.5 | 13 | 56.5 | 23 | 100.0 |
| Family Risk Management | | | | | | |
| Exam Takers | 13 | 68.4 | 6 | 31.6 | 19 | 100.0 |
| Non-Takers | 6 | 50.0 | 6 | 50. 0 | 12 | 100.0 |
| Sewing | | | | | | |
| Exam Takers | 11 | 30.6 | 25 | 69.4 | 36 | 100.0 |
| Non-Takers | 4 | 13.3 | 26 | 86.7 | 30 | 100.0 |
| All TV CoursesTotals | 278 | 35.0 | 517 | 65.0 | 795 | 100.0 |
| Exam Takers | 218 | 36.9 | 372 | 63.1 | 590 | 100.0 |
| Non-Takers | 60 | 29.3 | 145 | 7 0.7 | 205 | 100.0 |

Table XXIV
Sources of TV Course Information
Exam Takers vs. Non-Takers
Spring, 1973-74

On-Campus Sources

Examination of en-campus sources of information shows that both exam takers and non-takers cited a class schedule or brochure most often. When grouped by course enrollment, however, responses vary sufficiently to warrant demonstration (Table 22% + 1) wine



| | | Class | , | Announcement by | Bulletin | Combined |
|-----------------------------|--------------------|----------|----------------|--------------------|---------------|----------|
| or not | Brochure | Schedule | Counselor | Instructor | Board | Sources |
| | n Ž | n % | ח א | % u | r . | r c |
| Anthropology Evam Takore | 7 76 16 | | 2 2.2 | | | 90 100.0 |
| Non-Takers | 4 25.0 | 10 62.5 | | 1 | 2 12.5 | 16 100.0 |
| Freehand Sketching | | | 7 | c c | 16 22 5 | 0.001 17 |
| exam lakers Non-fakers | 30 42.3 16 69.6 | 7 30.4 | ; ; | 9 1 | | 23 100.0 |
| Physical Geography | | | | | موسوس و ما وي | |
| Exam Takers | 12 36.4 | 17 51.5 | 4 12.1 | | 1 5 | 33 100.0 |
| Non-Takers | | 8 80.0 | 1 | ! ! | | |
| Family Risk Management | | | | | | |
| Exam Takers | 1 | 4 30.8 | 1 | | 1 | 13 100.0 |
| Non-Takers | ŧ | ! | 1 | 3 100.0 | l | 3 100.0 |
| Sewing | | | | | | |
| Exam Takers | 9 81.8 | 2 18.2 | 1 | 1 | 1 | |
| Non-Takers | 4 50.0 | 2 25.0 | 1 12.5 | 1 12.5 | 1 | 8 100.0 |
| All TV CoursesTotals | 107 38.5 | 122 43.9 | | 16 5.8 | 25 8.9 | |
| Exam Takers | 82 37.6 | 95 43.6 | 7 3.2 | 12 5.5 | 22 10.1 | |
| Non-Takers | | 7 | | 4 6.7 | | 0.001 0ر |

Table XXV

On-Campus Sources of Information: Distribution of Response by Course Enrollment Spring, 1973-74



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As Table XXVI makes clear, a mailed brochure was the main source of off-campus TV course information-for both takers and non-takers, although it was cited more often by those not taking the final examination. Word-of-mouth confinues to be somewhat effective (the previous semester found one in every ten students learning of TV courses through a friend).

| Category | Anthropology | Freeland Sketching | | | Sewing | All Courses |
|---|--------------|-----------------------|--------------|--------------|--------------|----------------|
| | , | % | %. | % | % | 7. |
| TV Announcement Exam Takers Non-Takers | `. 6 . 9 | 8.5 i1.1 | 1.2 | - - | 5.3 8.8 | 4.2 7.0 |
| Radio Announce- ment Exam Takers Non-Takers | . 4 | - 1.1 | - - | - | - | . 2 |
| Newspaper Advertisement Exam Takers Non-Takers | 13.1 11.3 | 10.7 | 12.2 | 16.7 23.1 | 18.4 17.7 | 12.6 |
| Mail Brochure Exam Pakers Non-Pakers | 32.2 39.6 | 28.5 41.1 | 30.5 43.5 | | 39.5 38.2 | 29.2 38 0 |
| Friend Exam Takers Non-Takers | 4.1 15.1 | 14.3 | 13.4 | - | - 2.9 | 10.5 |
| Combined Sources Exam Dikers Non-Takers | 60.9 67.9 | 67.8 73.1 | 59.8 56.5 | 16.7 23.1 | 65.8 73.5 | 61.0 |
| No Answer Exam Takero Non-Takers | - 1.9 | . 5 | - | 47.2 53.8 | 5.3 | 3.3 |

Table XXVI

Off-Campus Sourds of Information Distribution of Response by Course Poseliment Spring, 1973-74



1

To further assess students' attitudes toward their TV course experiences, we asked of them the following: whather their course was of direct assistance at the time, whether they would recommend a TV course to someone else, and whether they themselves would enroll in another one. Distribution of their response, shown in Table XXVII, is grouped both by course enrollment and according to whether they took the final examination.

| Category | Anthropology | Freehand Sketching | | Family Risk Management | Sewing | All Courses |
|--|--------------|-----------------------|--------------|------------------------------|--------------|----------------|
| | 7. | % | % | X. | 7, | 7. |
| Students for Whom TV Course Provided Direct Assistance | | | | | | |
| Exam Takers Non-Takers | 66.5 41.5 | 84.4 68.9 | 52.4 26.1 | 72.2 30.7 | 92.1 76.5 | 73.1 56.3 |
| Students Recom- mending Course to Others | | | | | | |
| Exam Takers Non-Takers | 90.4 83.7 | 95.1 93.3 | 74.4 60.9 | 86.1 69.2 | 97.4 85.3 | 90. 2 85. 9 |
| Students Who Would Fnroll in Another TV Course | | | | | | |
| Exam Takers Non-Takers | 87.4 86.8 | 94.6 93.3 | 85.4 73.9 | 97.2 100.0 | 94.7 88.2 | 90.9 89.2 |

Table XXVII

Response:
Exam Takers vs. Non-Takers
Spring, 1973-74

As the table indicates, there is little apparent relationship between whether students feel their course was of direct assistance to them and their willingness both to enroll in another and to recommend TV courses to someone else. In all of the courses, as one might expect, there is a higher correlation between students



taking the exam and perception of assistance from the course in question. Distribution of response for the geography course shows that in all three areas of student evaluation, comparatively fewer students—those taking the final exam as well as those not taking it—endorsed the course.

III. STUDENT EVALUATION OF TELEVISION COURSES

This section of the report is concerned with student evaluation of television courses. The data were obtained through three types of sampling procedures: a post-course questionnaire, two forms of a Course Diary, and student interviews conducted mid-way through the semester. These procedures are described in some detail on pages 2-5 of the report. It should be noted here, however, that none of these respondent groups are mutually exclusive, i.e., an indeterminate number of students who returned a post-course evaluation also kept a form of the Course Diary, and all who completed a student interview maintained the "A" form of the diary.

and data on grade distributions. These kinds of information have been used in the post on a comparative basis between semesters and as a measurement of students' actual achievements in the courses under consideration. Of additional significance thus semester is the student evaluation process for which the anthropology course served as the model (Figure 2, p.4): It demonstrates that there is a significance difference between both the withdrawal rate and the distribution of grades found in all scaples which participated in some form of student evaluation during the semester and those of the control group.

Post Course student Evaluation

All students who were enrolled in the five television courses during Spr. 36, 1973-74, were mailed a post-course questionnaire. Eight hundred thirty six, or



25.9 percent, of the 3,320 enrollees returned the form. Table XXVIII shows the response according to course enrollment and those taking or failing to take the final exam.

| Anthropo!ogy | Freehand Sketching | | Family Risk Management | Sewing | All Courses |
|--------------|-----------------------|--|--|--|--|
| 283 | 314 | 107 | 49 | 72 | 836 |
| | | | | | |
| ĺ | | | | | |
| 26.9 | 32.8 | 16.5 | 20.1 | 24.8 | 25.9 |
| : | | | | | |
| ĺ | | | | | |
| 230 | 224 | 82 | 36 | 38 | 610 |
| • | | | | | |
| | | | | | |
| 53 | 90 | 23 | 13 | 34 | 213 |
| 1 | | | | | |
| 3 | 8 | 2 | - | - | 13 |
| | 283 26. 9 230 | 283 314 26.9 32.8 230 224 53 90 | 283 314 107 26.9 32.8 16.5 230 224 82 53 90 23 | 283 314 107 49 26.9 32.8 16.5 20.1 230 224 82 36 53 90 23 13 | 283 314 107 49 72 26.9 32.8 16.5 20.1 24.8 230 224 82 36 38 53 90 23 13 34 |

Table XXVIII

Post-Course Evaluation Student Sample Distribution by Course Enrollment Exam Takers vs. Non-Takers Spring, 1973-74

One section of the post-course evaluation form requested students to rank various aspects of the course on the following scale: (1) bad, (2) poor, (3) adequate, (4) very good, (5) excellent. And, because a student who completes his course (takes the final examination) tends to assess his experience somewhat differently, all responses were grouped according to whether or not the final was taken. Mean scores were then calculated from the rank distribution by both croups and are presented on a comparative basis for each course.



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1. Anthropology

In all but one of the variables, the response of students who took the final examination for this course resulted in higher mean scores than that of students who did not. The single exception was that in which "non-takers" assigned a higher ranking to "TV Lessons" than did students who took the final.

| | | Exam Takers | Non-Takers | Combined Scores |
|-----|----------------------------------|-------------|------------|--------------------|
| | Sample Number | 230 | 53 | 383 |
| | Category | X | x | x |
| 1. | Text | 4.24 | 4.18 | 4.23 |
| 2. | Sv11abus | 4.40 | 4.18 | 4.36 |
| 3. | Amount and kind of Information | | | |
| | provided by facilitator | 3.88 | 3.74 | 3.86 |
| 4. | Content of Exams | 3.94 | 3.75 | 3.92 |
| 'n. | Scheduling of Exams | 4.06 | 3.14 | 3.94 |
| ħ. | Grading Procedures | 3.83 | 3.64 | 3.81 |
| 7. | fV Lesson: | 4.29 | 4.40 | 4.31 |
| 8. | Pace of TV Lessons | 4.04 | 3.94 | 4.03 |
| 9. | Schedule of TV Broadcasts | 4.01 | 3.48 | 3.92 |
| 0. | Quality of TV Reception | 4.05 | 3.76 | 3.99 |
| 1. | Scope and balance of information | | <u>.</u> | 1 . |
| | presented in lesson | 4.18 | 3.89 | 4.13 |
| 2. | Relevance of course materials | | | |
| | for your needs | 4.16 | 3.82 | 4.10 |
| 3. | Visiting experts and guests on | | | |
| | TV Tesson | 4.25 | 4.07 | 4.22 |
| 4. | Overall Academic Onality | 4.27 | 4.06 | 4.23 |
| 5. | Rating of this course compared | | | |
| | to others taken | 4.16 | 3.78 | 4.09 |

Scale: (1) bad, (2) poor, (3) adequate, (4) very good, (5) excellent

Table XXIX

Mean Scores
Anthropology Post-Course Eviduation
Spring, 1973-74



2. Freehand Sketching

Table XXX compares the ranking of course components by those taking the final exam and those who did not. It will be noticed that, as was the case with the anthropology student sample, non-tikers in Freehand Sketching assigned the only high ranking to "TV Lessons."

| | | Exam Takers | Non-Takers | Combined Scores |
|------|----------------------------------|-------------|------------|--------------------|
| | Sample Number | 224 | 90 | 314 |
| | Category | x | x | x |
| 1. | Text | 4.39 | 4.27 | 4.37 |
| 2. | Syllabus | 4.31 | 4.05 | 4.25 |
| 3. | Amount and kind of information | | | |
| | provided by facilitator | 4.04 | 3.80 | 3.99 |
| 4. | Content of Exams | 4.19 | 4.10 | 4.19 |
| 5. | Scheduling of Exams | 4.28 | 3.63 | 4.18 |
| 6. | Grading Procedures | 4.10 | 3.60 | 4.05 |
| 7. | TV Lessons | 4.36 | 4.42 | 4.38 |
| 8. | Pace of TV Lessons | 3.68 | 3.40 | 3.61 |
| 9. | Schedule of TV Broadcasts | 4.25 | 3.78 | 4.12 |
| 10. | Quality of TV Reception | 4.05 | 4.03 | 4.05 |
| 11. | Scope and balance of information | | | |
| | presented in lesson | 4.42 | 4.16 | 4.35 |
| 12. | Relevance of course materials | | | |
| | for your needs | 4.35 | 4.07 | 4.27 |
| 13. | Visiting experts and guests on | | | |
| | TV lesson | 3.94 | 3.51 | 3.87 |
| 14. | Overall Academic Quality | 4.37 | 4.14 | 4.31 |
| 15. | Rating of this course compared | | | 1 |
| . /• | to others taken | 4.31 | 3.92 | 4.21 |

Scale: (1) bad, (2) poor, (3) adequate, (4) very good, (5) excellent

Table XXX

Mean Scores Freehand Sketching Post-Course Evaluation Spring, 1973-74



3. Physical Geography

Physical Geography was the only spring television course to have been offered during a previous semester. Table XXXI compares the mean scores where available from both the Spring, 1972-73 and 1973-74 geography student samples. Exam takers from both the Spring, 1972-73 and 1973-74 geography student samples. Exam takers from both selectors ranked the majority of the course components higher than did those not taking the final. When the behavior of each set of exam takers is contrasted, these from the latter sample gave eight of the twelve variables available for a serious a higher ranking. Half of those components received a lower ranking to those not taking the exam in Spring, 1973-74. Non-takers from both samples a signed the same mean scores to the content and scheduling or exams; the difference in ranking these two components, bowever, is greater between takers and non-takers in Spring, 1973-74 than between those in the previous sample.

Overall, Geography received a slightly more favorable response the second time it was offered. Mean scores in areas such as the function of the course facilitator and the comparison for Geography with other courses taken indicate that problems present in Spring, 1972-73 were still there in Spring, 1973-74. Perhaps most significant is the fact that any analysis of post-course student response to the course-both time it was offered--occurs wholl; within the range of the value of "3" (adequacy) only.

Table XXXI follows:



| | Exam Sp.71 | Fa kers Sp. 74 | 1 | akers Sp. 74 | | ed Scores Sp. 74 |
|--|---------------|--------------------------|--------------------------|--------------------------|------------|--------------------------|
| A STATE OF THE STATE OF | | 8.73 | (65) | (23) | (229) | (107) |
| Category | :: | x | x | x | × | x |
| 1. Fost 2. Syllabous Amtics Find at Lite. | - | 3.7 4.2 | - | 3.4 3.6 | - | 3.7 4.1 |
| position to a literature. on the interpolation in the many | | 3.5 3.7 3.6 | 3. 1 3. 1 3. 2 | 2.8 3.1 3.2 | 3.2 3.4 | 3.4 3.6 3.5 |
| c. shaling by a single d. besseld e. Pare of "Malescas" | 3.4 | 3.6 3.6 3.3 | 3.0 3.4 3.0 2.8 | 3.2 3.2 3.9 3.6 | 3.4 | 3.6 3.5 3.3 3.8 |
| A. Sile Eller of Width aleader A. Sile Eller of Width aleader A. Sile Person of Display (Children) | | 3.9 | 3.9 | 4.0 3.2 | 3.9 | 3.7 |
| Presented in Lesson 12. Selection of Course Mat 13. Selector Your Meeds | Ĭ | 3.0 | - | 3.5 | - | 3.6 |
| 13. Visiting Experts and Treater of TV Leason 14. Overall Not reside public | 1. C | 3.6 3.6 | 3.8 3.6 | 3.5 3.4 | 3.4 | 3.6 3.6 |
| 15. mating in the Course Calle | en 3.4 | 2.3 | 3.3 | 3.1 | 3.4 | 3.3 |

Scale: (1) bad. (2) poor, (3) adequate, (4) very good, (5) excellent

Table XXXI

Mean Scores Physical Geography Post-Course Evaluation Spring, 1972-73 a Spring, 1973-74

4. Fimily disk Management

Strients taking the final examination ranked two-thirds at the course variables at a nigher level than did students not taking the final examination. Reasons wasterlying the higher ranking by non-takers for two aspects of the course are results unlerstandable. The mean score of 4.5 assigned to the information provides to the arso fi flitator is based on the response of two people, both of whom found the facilitator easy to contact. The remainder of those sampled



who did not take the final in Farly Risk Management had no occasion to contact the tacilitator. Smother variable of source evaluation—that concerning the quality of TV reception—has no necessary relationship to whether the respondent took the final examination.

Although 50 percent of the students enrolled in Family Risk Management were invited to maintain a Course Diary, so few responded (finally, only seven students) that discussion of this data as excluded from the following section of the report.

| | | Exam Takers | Nom Vakers | Combined Scores |
|-------------|--|-------------|---------------------------------------|--------------------|
| | Sumple Number | 36 | 13 | 49 |
| | The state of the s | X | × | × |
| ì. | Text | 3.47 | 5. 57 | |
| 2. | Sv*ta: : | 4.00 | | 4 |
| 3. | Amount on kint of informat | | | |
| | provide facilitator | 3.75 | 4 | 7 7 7 |
| ٠. | Control of axams | 3.36 | | |
| | A Section of the sect | 3.92 | | |
| | · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · | 3.59 | i | • . |
| • | | 4.00 | 4.:1 | • • • |
| ì | $\mathcal{M}_{AB}(x_0) = x_0 + x_0 + x_0 + x_0 + x_0$ | 3.97 | | |
| ٠. | School wreadeas | 3.89 | • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • | • |
|). | constate or W becoption | 3.83 | , , , , | • |
| ١. | Scope and balance of informati | 3.86 | 4.14 | 3. 4! |
| , | presented in lesson Relovance of course materials | 1.70 | | |
| 2. | tor your needs | 3.91 | 3.87 | 7.45 |
| }. | Visiting experts and guests on | , , , , , | | • |
| " | AV There or | 3.65 | 3.62 | 4.1. |
| ٠. | Overall A idemic Quality | 1 3.83 | 4.14 | 3.88 |
| · · | Rating of this course ompared | | | |
| • | to others taken | 3.61 | 4.12 | 3.71 |

Scale: (1) bid, (2) poor, (3) adequate, (4) very good, (5) excellent

Lable XXXII

Mean Scores
Family Risk Management Post-Course Evaluation

Spring, 1973-74



. Sewing

Nearly one-fourth of the course aspects were assigned a higher ranking by students who did not take the final examination. A mean score of 4.12 for "exams" clearly refers to the mid-term examination and suggests that whatever the difficulties appeared by the non-takers, they were able to evaluate this test on a part from its scheduling and grading aspects, both of which received a lower ranking.

| | | Exam Takers | Non-Takers | Combined Scores |
|-----|----------------------------------|-------------|------------|--------------------|
| - | Sample Number | 38 | 34 | 72 |
| | Category | x | × | X |
| 1. | Text | 3.64 | 2.64 | 3.14 |
| 2. | Svllabus | 3.34 | 3.17 | 3.29 |
| 3. | Amount and kind of information | | | |
| | provided by facilitator | 4.33 | 4.00 | 4.22 |
| 4. | Content of Exams | 3.97 | 4.12 | 4.00 |
| 5. | Scheluling of Lxams | 3.97 | 3.62 | 3.88 |
| r . | Grating Pro Chires | 4.09 | 3.75 | 4.02 |
| 7. | IV Lesson. | 4.14 | 4.22 | 4.17 |
| ٦. | Pare of IV Lessons | 3.74 | 3.19 | 3.51 |
| 9. | Schedule of TV Broalcasts | 4.05 | 3.83 | 3.46 |
| 10. | Quality of IV Reception | 4.08 | 3.77 | 3.94 |
| 11. | Scope and balance of information | | | |
| | presented in lesson | 3.94 | 3.75 | 3.86 |
| 12. | Relevance of course materials | | | |
| | for your needs | 3.86 | 3.87 | 3.86 |
| 13. | Visiting experts and guests on | | ! | |
| | TV lessen | 3.97 | 4.19 | 4.04 |
| 14. | Overall Academic Oculity | 4.19 | 4.15 | 4.18 |
| 15. | Pating : this course compared | | | |
| | to others taken | 4.07 | 3.86 | 3.96 |

Scale: (1) bad, (1) poor, (3) adequate, (4) very good, (5) excellent

Table XXXIII

Mean Scores Sewing Post-Course Evaluation Spring, 1973-74



Non-takers sampled from the sewing class, as well as non-takers from all classes but geography, assigned the variable "TV Lesson" a higher ranking than did those who took the final examination. The only explanation at hand is at best testative. Stemming from remarks proffered by anthropology students only, it has a total description of the anthropology students only interval and here eat that qualification. Some of the anthropology students interval well out their lessons to have what could be termed a high "entertainment tactor," with was per gived to be somewhat distracting.

Course Mary Chorms A and B)

It is interesting to note that, asked if they maintained a Course Diary during the senester, 23 percent of all students sampled through the post-course questionnaire indicated they had. When compared with the number of students who did in that keep one or the other form of the diary, this response can only be termed wildly inaccurate. And, since all questionnaires were returned on an anonymous basis, one can only speculate on the reasons prompting a response of inconsistent with the actual figures (see Table I).

Students who <u>lid</u> maintain one or the other form of a lowest Diary rinke various course components on a lesson-by-lesson basis. The emany of the same variables were also ranked by the post-course student sample on an overall basis, we have compared these responses in order to see if any significant differences existed.

Additional purposes to which data gathered from Course Diaries have been put are described as follows:

Lesson Analy Is

As a means of identifying those lessons within each course under consideration which were rated substantially above and below average by the students

Titles of each lesson are given in full in Appendices H through J.



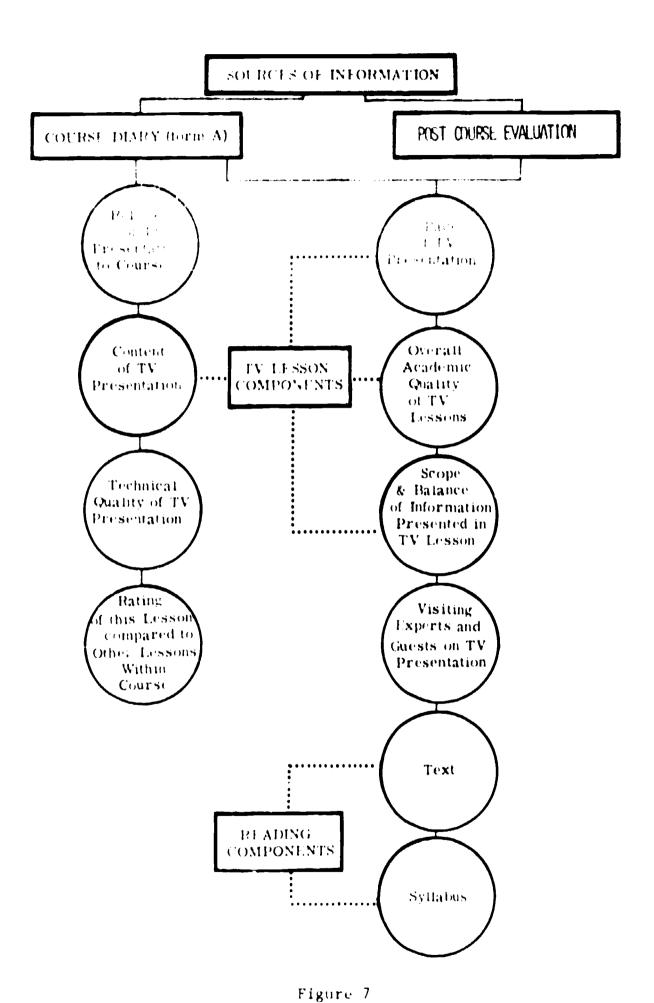
keeping Course Diaries, a criterion level was established for each of the ten evaluation criterion. The interval was set as one standard deviation above and below the mean course evaluation score for that criterion. All lesson evaluation scores falling outside that interval are considered to be sufficiently better or worse than the average score to warrant attention. Instances of lesson evaluations which fall outside the established criterion levels are discussed along with each course presentation.

When combining several criteria to form more general evaluation scales, the mean scores for each criterion were added together. The standard deviation for the resulting aggregate scale is calculated by summing the variances of each criterion included in the scale and then taking the square root of the sum. We designed two categories of this type: one which contains aspects of the lesson itself (TV Lesson Criteria) and one which includes materials supplementing the lesson (Reading Criteria). Data obtained from this procedure are presented in Tables L and L1: "TV Lesson Components: Content, Scope & Balance, Face, Overall Academic Quality: Physical Geography, Freehand Sketching, Anthropology; Spring, 1973-74," (page 78) and "Reading Components: Text & Syllabus; Physical Geography, Freehand Sketching, Anthropology; Spring, 1973-74," (page 79).

IV Course Viewing Patterns

Students who kept the "A" form of the Course Diary furnished the following information on what may be termed TV student "lesson-viewing behavior;" the name, day, time, channel, and location of each lesson being evaluated. If the lesson was viewed a second time, the same information was obtained. These data are presented for each course and, reflecting as they do student lesson-viewing setting at the compared with information gathered on student viewing preferences (by days of the week and times during the day).





Sources of Information:
Evaluation Procedures
for
Freehand Sketching

Prechand Sketching
Physical Geography
Lamily Risk Management



1. Physical Geography

Table XXXIV shows the mean scores assigned to those course components asked about in the Course Diary, as well as those—where present—from the post-course evaluation sample. Both text and syllabus were assigned a slightly lower rating by those keeping the Course Diary; the balance of course variables available for comparison, with the exception of that for "Visiting Experts and Guests," are ranked higher by diary keepers. With regard to"... Experts and Guests ...," most of the geography students sampled in the post-course evaluation indicated this aspect of the course was "not used or observed," while lesson analysis revealed that the size of response from Course Diary keepers fell sharply for this variable in all lessons except numbers 5, 8, 14, 18, 24, 28, and 37.

| | Category | Course Diary Evaluation | Post-Course Evaluation |
|-----|------------------------------------|----------------------------|---------------------------|
| | | X | <u> </u> |
| a) | Content of TV Presentation | 3.81 | _ |
| b) | | 3.54 | 3.25 |
| c) | |] | J |
| - / | to Course | 3.93 | - |
| d) | - | 3.59 | 3,68 |
| e) | | 3.83 | 4.08 |
| f) | • | | |
| | Presentation | 3.70 | - |
| g) | Scope and Balance of Information | | |
| | Presented in TV Lesson | 3.73 | 3.54 |
| h) | Visiting Experts and Guests in | | |
| | TV Lesson | 3.43 | 3.57 |
| 1) | Rating of Lesson Compared with | | |
| | Others in Course | 3.71 | - |
| j) | Overall Academic Quality of Lesson | 3.73 | 3.60 |

Table XXXIV

Scale: (1) bad, (2) poor, (3) adequate, (4) very good, (5) excellent

Mean Scores
Comparison of Course Diary Evaluations
and Post-Course Student Evaluations
Geography
Spring: 145-57.



| Lesson | Sumple Number | Content of Presentation | Page of TV Presentation | Relevance of Presentation to Course | Text Readings for Lesson | Syllabus Readings for Course |
|------------|------------------|----------------------------|----------------------------|---|--------------------------|---------------------------------------|
| 4111777 | | - Land | • * | × | × | × |
| | | - | I | • | | • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • |
| 1 _ 1 \ | a Remonse | | | | İ | |
| | 1.2 | 3 | , 33 ÷ | 3.75 | 3.50 | 1.41 |
| • | 1 (1 | 1 | 9, | 4.2.7 + | 3.89 + | |
| , | 1 | | . , . | 3. 75 | 3.29 - | |
| b , | • | | | 1.13 + | 4.17 + | 1, 4. |
| .~ | F •- | | | υ <u>.</u> 9 7 | . 1777 | t. · · · |
| ζ, | 1 | , 8° | 4. | 4.20 + | 3.85 | 3. nij |
| | | · | 1 . *x . | ÷.1)0 | 3.78 | 3.17 |
| 11 | ! . | .12 • | 3.61 | 4.07 | 3.62 | 4.00 |
| 1 1 | | 124 | j. a. + | 1.29 + | 3.86 |) ? |
| 13 | . • | 4.0% | भू द्व | 4.12 | 3.65 | 5. 35 |
| 1. | 2.3 | 3.28 - | 2.96 - | 3.60 - | 3.43 |). /H |
| 15 | 2.5 | 3.92 | 3.60 | 4.15 + | 4.04 + | ', . ()() |
| 16 | , y , ; | 3.92 | 3.68 | 4.04 | 3.83 | 3.96 |
| 17 | 3.7 | 1. 12 + | 3.76 + | 4.12 | 3.90 + | 3.87 |
| 18 | . , | 1,00 | 3,68 | 4.09 | 3.81 | 3.95 |
| 19 | 20 | 3.95 | 3.65 | 3.93 | 3.80 | 3.94 |
| 20 | 2 | 4.09 + | 3.77 + | 4.00 | 3.82 | 3.83 |
| 21 | 1 + |). iŠ•• | 3. TH | 3.89 | 3.71 | 3.67 |
| 22 | 29 | 3.50 - | 3.42 | 3.65 - | 3.55 | 3.53 - |
| 23 | 20 | 3.55 - | 3.42 | 3.65 - | 3.68 | 3.59 - |
| 24 | 21 | 3.76 | 3.65 | 3.95 | 3.32 - | 3.61 - 3.85 |
| 25 | 14 | 3.79 | 3.57 | 3.93 | 3.57 | 4.15 + |
| 26 | 14 | 4.14 + | | 4.00 | 3.86 3.86 | 4.00 |
| 27 | 1.4 | 3.71 | 3.50 | 3.69 - | 2 51 | 2 02 |
| 28 | 19 | 3.79 | 3.32 - | 4.06 | 3.47 | 3.73 |
| 29 | 16 | , , , , | 3.47 | 3.79 | 3.62 | 3.92 |
| 30 | 13 | 3.62 | 3.54 | 3.92 3.78 | 3.20 - | 3.50 - |
| 31 | 18 | 3.59 | 3.24 - | 3.75 | 3.33 - | 3.62 - |
| 3.2 | 16 | 3.50 - | 3. 37 3. 36 | 3.79 | 3.36 - | 3.62 |
| 33 | 1.4 | 3.79 | 3.67 | 4.00 | 3.45 | 3.60 - |
| 31, | 12 | 4.00 | 3.54 | 3.85 | 3.50 | 3.67 |
| 35 36 | 13 | 3.85 | 3.60 | 3.90 | 3.50 | 3.50 - |
| 36 | 10 | 4.00 | 3.56 | 4.19 + | 3.80 | 4.07 + |
| 37 98 | 16 17 | 3.76 | 3.59 | 3.88 | 3.47 | 3.88 |
| | 14 | 3.79 | 3.57 | 4.07 | n # 7 | 3.85 |
| 39 40 | 16 | 3.75 | 3.37 | 3.62 - | 3.37 - | 3.93 |
| 41 | 16 | 3.44 - | 3.40 - | 3.56 - | 3.62 | 3.87 |
| 42 | 13 | 3.92 | 3.62 | 3.85 | 3.77 | 4.08 + |
| | o Response | | | | women or the | |
| Criteri | en Papa- | 3.59 - 4.04 | 3.36 - 3.71 | 3.74 - 4.12 | 3.42 - 3.88 | 3.65 - 4.01 |
| | | | | | | |

Table XXXV is continued on the next page.



BEST COLD MAILABLE

| Lesson – 83 Veriet – 83 | ople oct | re hnfed? Saffry of The Fresentation | Scope & Bai. Of info. Presented ir W Lesson | Visiting Experts & Presentation | Rating of Lesson Compared w/ Others in Course | Overall Academic Onality of Lesson |
|----------------------------|-----------------|--|---|---------------------------------|---|---|
| | | 3 | Š | X | × | × |
| | | | | | | |
| 1 - + 5 - | Terreto opolico | ક. ક.મક | 4, 1, | 3.20 | 3.73 | 3.64 |
| • | |)0 | 10 + | 3.87 | 4.12 + | 4.00 + |
| | . 9 | 3.75 | 4.00 + | 4.44 | 4.12 + | 4.10 + |
| f., | 13 | | 3.67 | 3.00 | 3.64 | 3.80 |
| 7 | | ,,,,, | 3.56 | 4.31 + | 3.81 | 3.62 |
| R | 10 | 3.75 | 3.60 | 0.00 | 3.67 | 3.67 |
| 9 | 15 | 3, 38 - | 3.50 - | 3.75 | 3.60 | 3.80 |
| 10 | * * | 3. H2 | 1 | 3.75 | 3.87 | 3.80 |
| 1 | 16 | 4.00 + | 3. 87 | 3.75 | 4.06 + | 3.93 |
| 12 | 1.6 | 4.12 + | 3.93 | 3.71 | 3.92 | 4.00 + |
| 1.3 | 24 | 3.87 | 3.92 | 2.64 | 2.96 - | 3.24 - |
| 1.4 | 25 | 3.52 | 3.12 - | 3.75 | 3.80 | 3.88 |
| 15 | 25 | 3.80 | 3.88 | 2.83 | 3.72 | 3.96 + |
| 16 | 25 | 3.52 | 3.68 | 1 | 3.80 | 3.88 |
| 1 7 | 30) | 3.84 | 3.87 | 2.86 | 3.95 | 3.95 + |
| 18 | 7. 6. | 3.73 | 3.91 | 3.95 | 3.80 | 3.80 |
| 19 | 2 0 | 3.45 - | 3.75 | 3.25 | 3.91 | 3.77 |
| 20 | ^ <u>^</u> | 3.77 | 3.85 | 3.60 | i i | 3.53 |
| 21 | 19 | 3.63 | 3.68 | 3.00 | 3.63 | 3.50 - |
| 22 | 20 | 3.50 - | 3.50 - | 3.40 | 3.35 - 3 3.50 | 3.60 |
| 23 | 20 | 3.60 | 3.55 | 3.00 | 4.10 + | 3.86 |
| 24 | 21 | 3.81 | 3.90 | 4.39 + | | 3.79 |
| 2.5 | 14 | 3.64 | 3.86 | 3.25 | 3.71 | 4.07 + |
| 26 | 1.4 | 3.93 + | 3.93 | 3.33 | 4.00 + | 3.64 |
| 27 | 1.4 | 3.50 - | 3.64 | 3.67 | 3.43 - | 3.58 |
| 28 | 19 | 3.68 | 3.74 | 3.37 | 3.37 - | |
| 29 | 16 | 3.50 - | 3.64 | 3.50 | 3.60 | 3.60 |
| 30 | : } | 3.49 | 3.62 | 3.00 | 3.54 | 3.62 |
| 31 | 1 > | 3.32 | 3.71 | 3.00 | 3,59 | 3,59 |
| 32 | ln | 3.37 - | 3.53 | 3.40 | 3.50 | 3.50 - |
| 3 3 | 1 1 | 3.77 | 3.38 - | 3.00 | 3.50 | 3.64 |
| 34 | • • • | 3.50 - | 4, 25 + | 5.00 + | 3. 92 | 4.00 + |
| 35 | 13 | 3.69 | 3.62 | 5.00 + | 3.54 | 3.62 |
| 36 | :0 | 3.50 - | 3.80 | 5.00 + | 3,60 | 3.60 |
| 3.7 | 16 | 3.91 | 4.00 + | 4.19 | 4,00 + | 3.94 + |
| 38 | 1.7 | 3.56 | 3.59 | 3.25 | 3, 53 | 3.41 - |
| 39 | 1 4 | 3.79 | 3.71 | 3.50 | | 3.57 |
| 40 | 16 | 3.62 | 3.56 | 3.00 | 3.69 | 3.56 |
| 41 | 16 | 5.53 | 3.56 | 2.67 | 3.56 | 3.40 |
| 4 🚣 | 13 | 3.77 | 3.62 | 2.33 | 3.69 | 3.69 |
| 43-45 No. 3 | Certification | | | | ; | |
| | | 1. 11 = 1. 54 | 3. 77 3.94 | 2.31 = 4.29 | 3.46 - 3.45 | 3.52 - 3.9 |

Table WWW Mean Scores, Geography Less in Analysis, Spring, 1973-74



As the previous table illustrates, the most striking examples of lesson evaluation to fall outside the established criterion range are:

Rated consistently high

Lesson No. 5: "The Quaking Earth"

Leaden No. 6: 'Faulting and Folding"

less in the life "Weathering of Rocks"

Lesson No. 76: "Latent Energy of the Atmosphere"

Tesson No. 37: "Soil Formation Processes"

Rated consistently low

Losson No. 14: "Erosion-Leveling by Gravity"

Lesson No. 22: "Solar Energy and the Earth's Response"

Lessons in which three or more variables fell below the established criterion range are:

Lesson No. 23: "The Air We Breathe"

Lesson No. 27: "Clouds: Sign Posts Aloft"

Lesson No. 31: "Catastrophic Weather"

Lesson No. 32: "Climatic Patterns of the Low Altitudes"

Lesson No. 33: "Middle and High Latitudes Climatic Patterns"

Lesson No. 41: "Major Vegetation Patterns of the Biosphere"

The frequency with which ranking of course variables, when considered in terms of the course overall, fell outside the established criterion levels is demonstrated in Table XXVI along with their "high - low" distribution.



| | Category | Frequency of Occurance Outside Criterion Level | Above Criterion Level | Below Criterion Level |
|------------|--|--|-----------------------------|-----------------------------|
| | | 7, | 7, | 97 12 |
| 1 / | Contint of a Creentation | 30.8 | 50.0 | 50.0 |
| ٠., | Process Tresentation | 25.6 | 40.0 | 60.0 |
| e) | Pelevince of TV Presentation to Course | 30.8 | 50.0 | 50.0 |
| d) | Text Readings for Lesson | 28.2 | 44.5 | 54.5 |
|) | Svllabus Readings | 33.3 | 38.5 | 61.5 |
| f) | Technical Quality of TV Presentation | 30.8 | 33.3 | 66.7 |
| g) | Scope and Balance of Information Presented in TV Lesson | 20.5 | 50.0 | 50.0 |
| h) | Visiting Experts and Guests in TV Presentation | 17.9 | 85.7 | 14.3 |
| i) | Rating of this Lessen compared With Others in Course | 25.6 | 60.0 | 40.0 |
| j) | Overall Academic Latity of Lesson | 30.8 | 66.7 | 33.3 |

Table XXXVI

Description:

Frequency of Occurence Outside Criterion Level Physical Geography Spring, 1973-74

The evaluation scales, "TV Lesson criteria" and "Reading Criteria," for Physical Geography are presented in Tables L and LI in conjunction with those for the other courses under consideration.



Course Diary (Form A) , Physical Geography, Spring, 1973-74

| ļ | | 1 | 1 | 1 | | | | | | | | | 1 | BE: | ST | C | 0P | Y | ΛVI | î.L | AE | 3LE | | | | | | | | | | _5 | 3 |
|---|------|-----------------------|---|-----------|--------|----------|-----------------|-----|------------|----------|-------|---------------|-------|-------|-----------|------|----------|------|-------|----------|------|------|----------|------------|----------|----------|----------|-------------|------|-------|------------------|-------|-------|
| | | | N/A | <i>''</i> | ας |) • I | 12.5 | • | • | ı | • | ı | ı | 1 | | 4.5 | ı | ı | • | i | ı | ı | | 20.0 | 1 | ı | ł | 1 | | 43.8 | 1 | | |
| | | s of Day | 6- 8:59 | ž | | 12.5 | | | | | | | | 28.0 | | | | | 26.3 | | | • | - | ., | . | 9 | • | 7. | 7 | 12.5 | • | 60.09 | 33.3 |
| | | ng: Times | 3- 5:59 | ₽¢ | | 81.3 | | | | 62.5 | | | 26.0 | 60.0 | 0.79 | 59.1 | 55.0 | 68.2 | 63.2 | 60.09 | 65.0 | 76.2 | | | • | | • | 71.4 | | • | • | 1 | ı |
| | | First Lesson Viewing: | 12- 2:59 | 61 | 1 | | 1 | 1 | ı | ı | ı | ı | ı | ı | ı | ı | ı | • | 1 | ı | ı | ı | ı | 1 | | 5.3 | | 7.1 | 5. | | 1 | 20.0 | 33.3 |
| | | irst Les | 10- | Z | | ا بخ | | 9.1 | 1 | | | 4.0 | • | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | I | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 7.1 | 5.3 | 6.7 | 7.1 | 5.9 | ı | 7.1 | 1 | 1 |
| | | | 65:6 9:59 | * | | · · | ı | | 6.3 | | _ | 0.4 | | | | | | | 10.5 | | | | | | ı | • | • | 7.1 | • | | l | 20.0 | • |
| | | _ | N/A | z | |) · . [| 6.3 | | | 1 | 1 | 0.7 | 1 | 1 | ı | | 5.0 | ı | 10.5 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 50.0 | 1 | 1 | - | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | l | ı |
| | | Week | Sun. | to: | | 55.8 | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| | | Days of 1 | Sat. | a s | | 1 | 1 1 | ı | ı | ı | ı | 4.0 | 4 | ı | ı | 1 | | ı | ۱ | ı | ı | 1 | ı | ı | ı | ı | ı | • | ı | 1 | · | · | I |
| | | | Fri. | 23 | | 1 | 43,8 | | ı | 68.8 | ı | 1 | 0.77 | l | 8.0 | 50.0 | 1 | 4.5 | 42.1 | I | 1 | 52.4 | 1 | 7.1 | 42.9 | l | 6.7 | 42.9 | 1 | 1 | 21.4 | · | ı |
| | | . Viewing: | Ë. | 5-1 | | ر م | | | ı | ı | ı | ı | ı | ı | 1 | ı | ı | ı | 1 | ı | 1 | ı | ı | ı | • | ı | 1 | 7.1 | | 1 | 1 | · | 1 |
| | | Lesson | Wed. | ** | | 1 6 | 0.00 | ı | ۵. د . | 6.3 | · · · | 78.0 | 8.0 | 8.0 | 56.0 | | 5.0 | 54.5 | l | . | 65.0 | ı | 14.3 | 14.3 | 7.1 | 5.3 | 46.7 | 1 | 5.5 | 6.3 | 7.1 | 20.0 | 33.3 |
| | | First | = | : | | 1 | i i | 5 | • • | 1 | ı | 4.0 | 0.7 | ļ | ı | ı | ı | t | 1 | ı | ı | 4.7 | ı | 1 | 1 | I | 1 | 1 | 1 | ' | ı | 1 | l |
| | | | Mon. | ., | | | ~ ~ | 5.5 | | <u>.</u> | (| 0:7 | 8.0 | 68.0 | 1 | 9.1 | 60.0 | 13.6 | 10.5 | 80.0 | 1 | 9.5 | 50.0 | 7.1 | 7.1 | 63.2 | ı | 7.1 | 41.2 | 6.3 | ı | Ö | 33.3 |
| | | | c c | | n | <u> </u> | <u>د</u> ا ب | 2 - | - <u>-</u> | <u> </u> | | , 10 1 (1) | · ~ : | 52 | ام د . | . c. | 50 20 | , c | 16 | 50 | 20 | 21 | `7 | ` <u>†</u> | 14 | 19 | 15 | 77 | 17 | 16 | ; ; ; | | ~ |
| | Part | | 4 5 8 8 3 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 | Teachers | - 3 | - 7 - 1 | in 4 | o r | · 1 | 7 | | | . ~ . | | - | | 9. | r- | oc. | 61 | C | -1 | 51 | e. | 57 | 25 | 9.7 |) t~ C | 30 | o : | <u> </u> | ~ | 2. |

Part I continued on next page.

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| | | | · | 6 2 | | 62 | 182 |
| | | | | | | | |
| 0.0 | 100. | _• | 100. | - 100. | 100. | - 100. | |
| _• | 100.0 | _• | _• | 100. | 100. | | |
| _: | - 18 | _: | - 18 | - 100. | | - 100. | - 100. |
| _: | 100. | _: | 100. | - 100. | 100. | | 100. |
| | 100. | | 100. | - 100. | - 100. | 100. | - 100. |
| | 50. | | 50. | 50. | - 50. | 50.0 50.0 | - 50. |
| 0.0 | 100 | | 100 | 100. | - 100. | - 100. | - 100. |
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| | 100. | | 100. | - 100. | - 100. | - 100. | - 100. |
| 1 | | 1 | | | | 1 | 1 |
| 0.0 | 100. | - 100. | - 100. | - 100. | - 100. | 100. | 100. |
| | | 1 | | 1 | 1 | - 1 - 100.00 | - 100.00 |
| ı | 1 | 1 | | | | 1 | i |
| 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | | 1 | 100.0 | 1 |
| ı | | | | | | | |

KABC, Channel 7:

---6:30 a.m. ---6:30 a.m. Wednesday----Friday----Monday----

---3:00 p.m., 7:00 p.m.

Broadcast Schedule: Physical Geography

---3:00 p.m., 7:00 p.m., ---3:00 p.m., 7:00 p.m., ----3:00 - 4:30 p.m. -----Xepubs andag.

Vednesday------Friday------

Nonday-----

ROCE, Channel 50:

TV Student Lesson Viewing Patterns 1st & 2nd Viewings Physical Geography, Spring, 1973-74 Table XXXVII

ERIC

| | | | 1 | Days of | Week | | | Tim | es of | Day |
|---|------|------|------|---------|------|------|------|------|-------|------|
| | Mon. | Tue. | Wed. | Thurs. | Fri. | Sat. | Sun. | A.M. | P.M. | Eve. |
| | 7. | 7. | 7, | 7 | 7. | 7 | 7 | 7, | 7 | ሄ |
| Actual Viewing Behavior (Course Diary) | 24.9 | . 8 | 18.7 | . 4 | 16.1 | . 2 | 36.2 | 9.3 | 64.0 | 22.9 |
| Viewing Preferences (Post-Course Evaluation) | 19.4 | 18.7 | 15.1 | 15.8 | 8.6 | 7.9 | 14.4 | 41.9 | 6.8 | 51.3 |

Table XXXVIII

Distribution of Response Viewing Behavior vs. Viewing Preferences Geography, Spring, 1973-74

The number of Tuesday, Thursday, and Saturday viewings shown in the distribution of student lesson-viewing (Table XXXVII) were shown to be among those which occurred at campus media centers. All other viewings, with virtually no exceptions, took place in students' own homes. Approximately 6.4 percent of the time, Physical Geography was seen on KABC, Channel 7; 87 percent on KOCE.

2. Freehand Sketching

cathe XXXIV presents the mean scores assigned by Course Diary keepers to various course components, as well as those--where present--from the post-course evaluation sample. All variables available for comparison were assigned a higher mean score by the post-course evaluators. With regard to "Visiting Experts and Guests," most of these statents indicated this aspect of the course was "Not Used or Observed," while course planty students left the space blank except for lessons 21 and 25. As lesson analysis for Freehand Sketching shows (Table XL, pp. 58-59), these two lessons were assigned mean scores of 4.08 and 4.00 respectively.



| | Category | Course Diary Fvaluation | Post-Course Evaluation |
|------------|---|----------------------------|---------------------------|
| - | | × | ¥ |
| a) | Content of TV Presentation | 4.17 | - |
| b) | Pace of TV Presentation | 3.59 | 3.61 |
| c) | Relevance of TV Presentation to Course | 4.32 | - |
| d) | Text | 4.03 | 4.37 |
| e) | Syllabus | 4.08 | 4.25 |
| f) | Technical Quality of TV Presentation | 3.88 | - |
| g) | Scope and Balance of Information Presented in TV Lesson | 4.03 | 4.35 |
| h) | Visiting Experts and Guests in TV Presentation | 1.57 | 3.87 |
| i) | Rating of Lesson Compared With Others in Course | 4.01 | - |
| j) | Overall Academic Quality of Lesson | 4.00 | 4.31 |

Scale: (1) bad, (2) poor, (3) adequate, (4) very good, (5) excellent

Table XXXIX

Comparison of Course Diary Evaluations and Post-Course Student Evaluations
Freehand Sketching
Spring, 1973-74



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Freehand Sketching Lesson Evaluation

| Lesson Number | Sample Number | Content of Presentation | Pace of TV Presentation | Relevance of Presentation to Course | Text Readings for Lesson | Svllabus Readings for Course |
|------------------|------------------|-------------------------|----------------------------|-------------------------------------|--------------------------|------------------------------------|
| | | | | | | |
| 2 | 17 | 4.47 + | 3.71 | 4.59 + | 3.70 - | 4.00 |
| 3 | 29 | 4.43 + | 3.48 | 4.59 + | 4.12 | 4.12 |
| 4 | 26 | 4.37 + | 3.56 | 4.65 + | 4.20 | 4.07 |
| 5 | 32 | 4.10 | 3.25 - | 4.53 + | 3.95 | 4.10 |
| 6 | 32 | 4.13 | 3.03 - | 4.52 | 3.95 | 4.00 |
| 7 | 38 | 4.30 | 3.38 | 4.46 | 3.96 | 4.10 |
| 8 | 38 | 4.37 + | 3.73 | 4.39 | 3.87 | 4.05 |
| 9 | 35 | 4.11 | 3.29 - | 4.34 | 3.84 | 4.06 |
| 10 | 32 | 4.29 | 3.72 | 4.37 | 3.85 | 4.00 |
| 11 | 33 | 4.09 | 3.33 - | 4.48 | 3.95 | 3.94 |
| 12 | 35 | 4.31 | 3.74 | 4.43 | 3.95 | 4.18 |
| 13 | 38 | 4.18 | 3.66 | 4.37 | 3. 95 | 4.30 |
| 14 | 34 | 4.24 | 3.65 | 4.41 | 4.00 | 4.18 |
| 15 | 35 | 3.91 - | 3.46 | 4.24 | 4.14 | 3.91 - |
| 16 | 29 | 4.07 | 3.44 | 4.31 | 4.17 | 4.37 |
| 17 | 26 | 4.12 | 3.43 | 4.15 | 4.05 | 4.23 |
| 18 | 23 | 4.13 | 3.61 | 4.22 | 4.21 | 4.25 |
| 19 | 26 | 4.15 | 3.52 | 4.20 | 3.94 | 4.29 + |
| 20 | 25 | 4.22 | 3.35 - | 4.17 | 4.12 | 4.15 |
| 21 | 26 | 4.19 | 3.85 + | 4.27 | 3.81 - | 4.12 |
| 22 | 20 | 4.10 | 3.80 | 4.40 | 3.85 | 4.00 |
| 23 | 26 | 3.96 - | 3.58 | 4.08 - | 4.07 | 3.94 |
| 24 | 26 | 3.88 - | 3.62 | 4.12 | 4.14 | 4.07 |
| 25 | 27 | 4.00 | 3.63 | 4.11 - | 4.25 + | 4.06 |
| 26 | 20 | 4.10 | 3.85 + | 4.00 - | 4.29 + | 4.15 |
| 27 | 15 | 4.13 | 3.73 | 4.13 | 4.64 + | 4.40 + |
| 28 | 16 | 4.19 | 3.87 + | 4.31 | 4.36 + | 4.14 |
| 29 | 1.7 | 3.82 - | 3.47 | 3.82 - | 3.77 - | 3.70 - |
| 3() | 22 | 4.27 | 4.24 + | 4.33 | 3.83 | 3.67 - |
| riterio | n Range | 4.00 - 4.35 | 3.36 - 3.62 | 4.12 - 4.52 | 3.83 - 4.23 | 3.92 - 4.25 |

Table XL is continued on the next page.



| Lesson Number | Sample Number | Technical Quality of TV Presentation | | Visiting Experts & Guests in TV Present&tion | Rating of Lesson Compared w/ Othe:a in Course | Overall Academic Quality of Lesson |
|------------------|------------------|--|--------|---|---|---|
| | | x | x | χ | X | x |
| 1 | 14 | 4.07 + | 4.23 + | 0.00 | 4.43 + | 4.08 |
| 2 | 17 | 4.06 + | 4.19 + | 0.00 | 3.82 - | 3.94 |
| 3 | 29 | 4.14 + | 4.11 | 0.00 | 4.19 | 4.31 + |
| 4 | 26 | 4.04 | 4.16 | 0.00 | 4.21 + | 4.19 + |
| 5 | 32 | 3.91 | 3.97 | 0.00 | 3.90 | 4.00 |
| 6 | 32 | 3.75 | 3.90 | 0.00 | 3.82 - | 3.90 |
| 7 | 38 | 4.05 | 3.97 | 1.50 | 4.27 + | 4.19 + |
| 8 | 38 | 4.00 | 4.05 | 2.00 | 4.30+ | 4.14 |
| 9 | 35 | 3.71 - | 4.11 | 0.00 | 3.71 - | 3.97 |
| 10 | 32 | 3.91 | 4.25 + | 0.00 | 4.05 | 4.16 |
| 11 | 33 | 4.03 | 4.03 | 0.00 | 3.87 | 4.03 |
| 12 | 35 | 3.91 | 4.24 + | 0.00 | 4.23 + | 4.15 |
| 13 | 38 | 3.97 | 4.19 + | 0.00 | 3. 9 7 | 4.16 |
| 14 | 34 | 3.79 | 4.18 | 0.00 | 3.91 | 4.06 |
| 15 | 35 | 3.78 | 3.81 - | 0.00 | 3.94 | 4.00 |
| 16 | ; 29 | 3.93 | 3.93 | 0.00 | 4.11 | 4.21 + |
| 17 | 26 | 3.76 | 3.74 - | 0.00 | 3.83 | 3.83 - |
| 18 | 23 | 3.73 | 4.09 | 0.00 | 4.05 | 4.14 |
| 19 | . 26 | 3.96 | 4.04 | 0.00 | 3.92 | 3.96 |
| 20 | 25 | 3.92 | 4.08 | 0.00 | 3.92 | 4.00 |
| 21 | 26 | 4.00 | 4.16 | 4.08 + | 4.15 | 3.96 |
| 22 | 20 | 3.60 - | 4.00 | 0.00 | 4.00 | 3.79 - |
| 23 | 26 | 3.76 | 3.88 | 3.00 + | 4.00 | 3.71 - |
| 24 | 26 | 3.58 - | 3.88 | 5.00 + | 3.81 - | 3.68 - |
| 25 | 27 | 4.00 | 4.04 | 1.00 | 3.80 - | 3.85 |
| 26 | 20 | 3.90 | 4.00 | 1.00 | 3.89 | 3.84 |
| 27 | 15 | 4.13 + | 4.00 | 0.00 | 4.14 | 3.93 |
| 28 | 16 | 3.81 | 3.93 | 2.00 | 4.06 | 4.07 |
| 29 | 17 | 3.47 - | 3.65 - | 4.00 + | 3.75 - | 3.76 - |
| 30 | 22 | 3.91 | 4.05 | 4.29 + | 4.29 + | 4.20 + |

Table XL

Mean Scores
Lesson Analysis: Freehand Sketching
Spring, 1973-74



As the preceding table illustrates, only one lesson was rated consistently high and one consistently low: No. 1, "Drawing as an Undeveloped Resource," and No. 21, "Touchstones, Research and Appreciation," respectively.

Lessons in which three or more variables were rated above the established criterion range are:

Lesson No. 2: "Elements of Drawing"

Lesson No. 3: "Alignment"

Lesson No. 4: "Shading as Darkness"

Lesson No. 30: "Utilization"

Lessons in which three or more variables fell below the established criterion range are:

Lesson No. 9: "Six Levels of Drawing"

Lesson No. 15: "Vertical and Perpendicular"

Lesson No. 23: "Shading and Shadows"

Lesson No. 24: "Looking Up"

The frequency with which ranking of course variables, when considered in terms of the course overall, fell outside the established criterion levels is demonstrated in Table XLI along with their "high - low" distribution.



| | Category | Frequency of Occurance Outside Criterion Level | Above Criterion Level | Below Criterion Level |
|------------|---|--|-----------------------------|-----------------------------|
| | | z | Z | z |
| a) | Content of Presentation | 30.0 | 55.6 | 44.4 |
| b) | Pace of TV Presentation | 26.7 | 37.5 | 62.5 |
| c) | Relevance of TV Presentation to Course | 30.0 | 55.6 | 44.4 |
| d) | Text Readings for Lesson | 23. 3 | 57.1 | 42.9 |
| e) | Syllabus Readings | 13.3 | 25.0 | 75.0 |
| f) | Technical Quality of TV Presentation | 26.7 | 50.0 | 50.0 |
| g) | Scope and Balance of Information Presented in TV Lesson | 26.7 | 62.5 | 37.5 |
| h) | Visiting Experts and Guests in TV Presentation | 16. 7 | 100.0 | - |
| i) | Rating of this Lesson Compared With Others in Course | 40.0 | 50.0 | 50.0 |
| j) | Overall Academic Quality of Lesson | 33. 3 | 50.0 | 50.0 |

Table XLI

Description:
Frequency of Occurence Outside Criterion Level
Freehand Sketching

Spring, 1973-74

The evaluation scales, "TV Lesson Criteria" and "Reading Criteria," for Free-hand Sketching are presented in Tables L and LI, in conjunction with those for the other courses under consideration.



Course Diary (Form A) Freehand Sketching, Spring, 1973-74

| Lessenn nomber Mann. Tu. Wed. Th. Fr. Sat. Sun. NAA 9:59 11:59 7:59 8:59 11:59 NA 1 3 7 | | | First |] esson | νίewing | •• | Days of V | Week | | , | First L | Lesson V | Viewing: | Time of | f Day | |
|--|----------------|------|----------|---------|-------------|---------------|----------------|----------|------------|------------|-----------|----------|----------|------------|-------------|------------|
| 1 57.1 35.7 7.2 - 7.2 - 7.2 3.3 14.3 1 | esson umber | Mon. | Tu. | Wed. | Th. | > - | Sat. | Sun. | N/A | -9 9:59 | 다. 5:1 | 12- | | 6- 8:59 | 9- 11:59 | N/A |
| 114 57.1 35.7 - | | Z | 2 | 2 | 7 | 2 | Z | × | 2 | 2 | × | × | ** | × | ~ | H |
| 2 11.5 4.6.8 3.5.5 - <t< td=""><td></td><td>۲.</td><td>ς.</td><td>ı</td><td>ı</td><td>ı</td><td> </td><td>,</td><td>ł</td><td>·</td><td>-</td><td>7 3</td><td>۰</td><td></td><td></td><td></td></t<> | | ۲. | ς. | ı | ı | ı | | , | ł | · | - | 7 3 | ۰ | | | |
| 3 2.9 34.5 5.4.6 3.4 - 17.3 - - 79.3 20.7 5 2.8 3.8 11.5 19.2 4.2 - 17.3 - - 76.9 15.4 6 3.0 4.6 3.3 4.0 - 16.7 - - 79.3 20.7 9 3.4 40.5 3.2 - - 16.7 - - 79.3 20.7 10 3.7 4.7 40.5 3.2 - - 18.2 - - - 76.9 15.4 11 3.7 4.7 40.0 - 16.7 - - - 70.3 20.7 - - 18.2 - - 18.2 - - 19.5 - - 19.0 19.5 - - 19.0 19.2 - - 19.0 - 19.2 - - - - <td>_</td> <td>1</td> <td><u>ښ</u></td> <td>ij</td> <td>٥.</td> <td>ı</td> <td>•</td> <td>1</td> <td>ı</td> <td></td> <td>) I</td> <td>7</td> <td>• •</td> <td></td> <td>1 1</td> <td>, ,</td> | _ | 1 | <u>ښ</u> | ij | ٥. | ı | • | 1 | ı | |) I | 7 | • • | | 1 1 | , , |
| 4 26 3.8 11.5 99.2 42.5 3.1 - - 75.9 15.4 - - 75.9 15.4 - - 73.3 - - 73.9 28.1 - - 73.3 - - 73.9 28.1 - - 73.9 - - 73.9 - - 73.9 28.1 - - 73.3 - - 73.9 28.1 - - 73.9 - - 73.9 23.1 - - 73.9 - - 73.9 - - 73.9 - - 73.9 - - 13.6 - | C4 | 4 | 4. | ٠ | | ı | ۲. | ı | ı | 1 | ' | 1 | | 20.7 |) |) |
| 5 3.4 50.0 3.1 - 12.5 - - 71.9 28.1 - 73.3 29.3 - 78.4 20.5 3.2 - 78.4 21.6 21.6 21.6 - 78.4 21.6 21.3 | ~ | 3. | Ξ. | 9. | 2. | ı | ~ | ı | ı | 1 | <u>'</u> | ı | 76.9 | 15.4 | 1 | 7.7 |
| 6 30 6.7 3.3 40.0 - 16.7 - 2.7 - 2.9 - 2.9 - 2.9 - 2.9 - 2.9 - 2.9 - 2.9 - 2.9 - 2.9 - 3.3 40.5 - 2.9 | (*) | 4. | o. | • | 1 | 1 | 7 | | ı | · | ' | ı | | 28.1 | I | : , |
| 7 40.5 43.2 - - 13.5 - - 78.4 21.6 - - 78.4 21.6 - - 78.5 13.5 - - 13.5 - - 66.5 13.5 - - 66.5 13.5 - - 60.0 13.5 - - 60.0 13.5 - - 60.0 13.5 - - 60.0 13.5 - - 60.0 13.5 - - 60.0 13.5 - - 60.0 13.5 - - 60.0 13.5 - - 60.0 13.5 - - 60.0 13.5 - - 60.0 13.5 - - - 60.0 13.5 - - - - - - 60.0 13.5 - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - </td <td>(*)</td> <td>9</td> <td>m.</td> <td>æ.</td> <td>ö</td> <td>ı</td> <td>é.</td> <td></td> <td>l</td> <td>3.3</td> <td>1</td> <td>ı</td> <td>73.3</td> <td>23.3</td> <td></td> <td>ı</td> | (*) | 9 | m. | æ. | ö | ı | é. | | l | 3.3 | 1 | ı | 73.3 | 23.3 | | ı |
| 9 37 45.7 46.5 32.4 - 18.9 - - - 60.0 13.5 - 13.5 - - 60.0 17.2 - 18.9 - - - 60.0 17.2 - 18.9 - - - 60.0 17.2 - - 80.0 17.2 - - 80.0 17.2 - - 80.0 17.2 - - 80.0 17.1 - - 80.0 17.1 - - 80.0 17.1 - - 80.0 17.1 - - 80.0 17.1 - - 80.0 17.1 - - 80.0 17.1 - - 80.0 17.1 - - 80.0 17.1 - - - - - 80.0 17.1 - - - - - - - - - - - - - <td< td=""><td>~ (</td><td>· 0</td><td><u>ښ</u></td><td>1</td><td>ı</td><td>ı</td><td>•</td><td>1</td><td>2.7</td><td></td><td>'</td><td>1</td><td>78.4</td><td>21.6</td><td>1</td><td>•</td></td<> | ~ (| · 0 | <u>ښ</u> | 1 | ı | ı | • | 1 | 2.7 | | ' | 1 | 78.4 | 21.6 | 1 | • |
| 9 45.7 42.9 2.8 - - 80.0 17.2 10 33 - 6.2 - | © (∞ (| ; | Š | 0 | 2. | , | • | 1 | 1 | 1 | ' | ı | 86.5 | 13.5 | 1 | ı |
| 0 33 - | 6 | ۶. | 2. | 2. | ı | ı | • | , | | 2.8 | 1 | <u>'</u> | 80.0 | 17.2 | 1 | , |
| 1 33 51.5 30.3 - 6.1 - 12.1 - - 85.7 11.4 - 85.7 11.4 - 85.7 11.4 - 85.7 11.4 - 85.7 11.4 - 85.7 11.4 - 85.7 11.4 - 85.7 11.4 - 85.7 11.4 - 85.7 11.4 - 85.7 11.4 - 85.7 14.7 14.7 14.7 14.7 14.7 14.7 14.7 14.7 14.7 14.7 14.7 14.7 14.8 - - - 14.7 14.8 - - - - 14.7 14.7 14.8 - - - - 14.7 14.8 - | 0 | 1 | ۳. | 2. | m. | ı | œ | : | 3.0 | 1 | ا | 1 | 81.8 | 12.1 | 1 | 6.1 |
| 2.8 2.8 - 85.7 111.4 3.8 57.9 28.9 - 25.7 - - 86.2 15.8 - - 86.2 15.8 - - 86.2 15.8 - - 86.3 14.7 16.7 - <t< td=""><td>~1</td><td></td><td>ö</td><td>ŧ</td><td>9</td><td>1</td><td>2.</td><td>1</td><td>--</td><td>1</td><td>'</td><td><u> </u></td><td>87.9</td><td>12.1</td><td>1</td><td>ı</td></t<> | ~ 1 | | ö | ŧ | 9 | 1 | 2. | 1 | - - | 1 | ' | <u> </u> | 87.9 | 12.1 | 1 | ı |
| 3 38 57.9 28.9 2.6 - 10.5 - - 10.5 - - 18.3 14.7 - 88.3 14.7 - 88.3 14.7 - 88.3 14.7 - 88.3 14.7 - 88.3 14.7 - 79.3 10.7 - - 79.3 10.7 - - 79.3 14.7 - 79.3 12.5 17.6 - - - 79.3 14.7 - - - 79.3 12.5 17.6 - - - 79.3 14.7 - - - 79.3 12.5 | ~ 1 (| 5. | ۶. | 2. | 2. | , | 5. | 1 | ı | 2.8 | ' | | 85.7 | 11.4 | 1 | ı |
| 4 34 - 5.9 41.2 35.3 - 17.6 - - 6.5 17.6 - 76.5 17.6 - 76.5 17.6 - 76.5 17.6 - 76.5 17.6 - 76.5 17.6 - 76.5 17.6 - 76.5 17.6 - 76.5 17.6 - 76.5 17.6 - 76.1 18.0 - - 76.1 18.0 - - 76.1 18.0 - - 80.0 12.0 - - 76.1 18.6 - - 76.1 18.6 - - 76.1 18.6 - - 76.1 18.6 - - 76.1 18.6 - - 76.1 18.6 - - 76.1 18.6 - - - 76.1 18.6 - - - 76.1 18.6 - - - 76.1 18.6 - - | m) (| .' | œ . | ٠; | , | ı | Ċ | 1 | 1 | | <u>'</u> | ı | 84.2 | 15.8 | , | ı |
| 54 38.8 - - 76.5 17.6 - 6 29 41.4 37.9 - 10.3 - - 79.3 20.7 - 8 25 56.0 40.0 - - - 79.3 12.0 - 9 27 58.6 33.3 - - - - 77.1 14.8 - - - 77.1 14.8 - - - 77.1 14.8 -< | *) (| | ٠. د | | ٠. د | , | 7 | 1 | 1 | 1 | ' | 1 | 85.3 | 14.7 | 1 | • |
| 25 5.0.9 3.4.4 41.4 37.9 - - - 79.3 20.7 - - 79.3 20.7 - - 79.3 20.7 - - 79.3 20.7 - | ^ v | | ۶, | , , | - - - | ı | æ ∙ | 1 | 1 | ı | · | | 76.5 | 17.6 | 1 | 5.9 |
| 8 24 20.8 12.4 41.7 8.3 - 16.7 - - 80.0 12.0 8 24 20.8 12.4 41.7 8.3 - 16.7 - - 87.5 12.5 9 27 55.6 33.3 - - - 7.4 - - 79.2 12.5 1 27 53.0 29.6 7.4 - - - 7.7 14.8 - 2 20 - 5.0 35.0 40.0 - - - 75.0 10.0 3 27 51.9 33.3 - - - - - 75.0 10.0 3 27 51.9 33.3 - - - - 10.0 - - 85.2 7.4 4 26 3.9 7.7 7.7 - 3.8 84.6 - - - 85.2 7.4 5 28 60.7 17.9 7.1 3.6 3.9 7.7 7.7 - 3.6 85.7 10.7 6 19 - - 6.7 - 15.8 5.3 - - - 100.0 7 15 37.5 37.5< | o r | | ÷ (| | 7 | ı | o · | 1 | 1 | 1 | ' | <u> </u> | 79.3 | 20.7 | ı | 1 |
| 24 20.8 12.4 41.7 8.3 - | · 0 | | · • | , , | | ı | ه ، | 1 | 1 | ı | ' | 1 | - | 12.0 | ı | 8.0 |
| 24 20.8 - 41.7 33.3 - 4.2 - 77.8 12.5 - 1 27 63.0 29.6 7.4 - - 77.8 14.8 - 12.5 2 20 - 5.0 35.0 40.0 - 10.0 - 77.8 14.8 - 3 27 51.9 33.3 - - 10.0 - - 77.7 - 85.2 7.4 - 4 26 3.9 3.9 57.7 15.4 3.9 7.7 - 3.8 84.6 - 5 28 60.7 17.9 7.7 - 3.8 84.6 - 5 19 - - 10.7 - - 3.6 85.7 10.7 6 19 - - 52.6 26.3 - 11.8 - - - 94.7 5.3 7 64.7 35.3 - - - - - - - - - 8 16 - - - - - - - - - - - <td< td=""><td>,,,</td><td></td><td>4 6</td><td></td><td>•</td><td>,</td><td>ġ.</td><td>1</td><td>,</td><td>ı</td><td>1</td><td>1</td><td>87.5</td><td>12.5</td><td>ı</td><td>•</td></td<> | ,,, | | 4 6 | | • | , | ġ. | 1 | , | ı | 1 | 1 | 87.5 | 12.5 | ı | • |
| 1 27 63.0 29.6 7.4 - - - 77.8 14.8 - - 77.8 14.8 - - 77.8 14.8 - - 77.8 14.8 - - 77.8 14.8 - - 77.9 10.0 - - 77.9 10.0 - - - 77.4 - - - 85.2 7.4 - - - 85.2 7.4 - | , , | | ÷ | | ÷ (| ı | | 1 | 7.4 | • | ' | 1 | | 14.8 | ı | 11.1 |
| 2 20 - |) - | | 1 0 | | ÷ , | | • | 1 | 1 | • | ı | ı | 79.2 | 12.5 | , | 8.3 |
| 3 27 51.9 33.3 - - - 11.1 3.7 - 85.2 7.4 - 4 26 3.9 57.7 15.4 3.9 7.7 - 3.8 84.6 - 5 28 60.7 17.9 7.1 3.6 - 10.7 - 3.6 85.7 10.7 6 19 - 52.6 26.3 - 15.8 5.3 - 94.7 5.3 7 15 33.3 46.7 - 6.7 - 13.3 - 100.0 - 8 16 - 6.3 - - 93.7 - 9 17 64.7 35.3 - - 93.7 - 9 17 64.7 35.3 - - - 93.7 9 17 64.7 35.3 - - - - - 13 - - - - - - - - 10 - - - - - - - - 11 64.7 35.3 - - - - | 2 - | | ٠, | ٠, | C | ı | | · I | 0 | ! ! | l (| | ~ u | 7.00 | | , , |
| 4 26 3.9 3.7 7.7 - 3.8 84.6 - - - 3.6 85.7 10.7 - 3.8 84.6 - - - - - 3.6 85.7 10.7 - - 94.7 5.3 - - 94.7 5.3 - - 94.7 5.3 - - 94.7 5.3 - - 94.7 5.3 - - 94.7 5.3 - - - 94.7 5.3 - - - 94.7 5.3 - - - 94.7 5.3 - - - - 94.7 5.3 - | 3 2 | _ | 3 | | , } | ! | ; ; | 3.7 | | 1 | | | 25.2 | | · · | 13.0 |
| 5 28 60.7 17.9 7.1 3.6 - 10.7 - 94.7 5.3 - 6 19 - - 52.6 26.3 - 15.8 5.3 - - 94.7 5.3 - 7 15 33.3 46.7 - 6.7 - 13.3 - - - 100.0 - 8 16 - 6.3 - - 93.7 - - 9 17 64.7 35.3 - - - 93.7 - 0 22 4.6 - 59.1 36.4 - - - - - | 4 2 | | | 7. | 5. | 3.9 | • | 7.7 | ı | 7.7 | | 3.8 | 84.6 | , | ı | |
| 6 19 - - 52.6 26.3 - 15.8 5.3 - - 94.7 5.3 - 7 15 33.3 46.7 - 6.7 - 13.3 - - 100.0 - 8 16 - 6.3 37.5 - 12.5 6.3 - - 93.7 - 9 17 64.7 35.3 - - - - 93.7 - 0 22 4.6 - - - - - - 90.5 - | 5 2 | ö | | | | , | _• | | ı | 1 | • | | 85.7 | 10.7 | , | • ; , |
| 7 15 33.3 46.7 - 6.7 - 13.3 - - - 100.0 - - 93.7 - - 93.7 - < | . | 1 | 1 | 2. | 6. | 1 | • | 5.3 | ı | , | | | 94.7 | 5.3 | ı | ı |
| 8 16 - 6.3 - - 93.7 - 9 17 64.7 35.3 - - - - - - - - 0 22 4.6 - 59.1 36.4 - - - - - 90.5 - | 7 | | 9 | 1 | | ı | ٠ | ı | ı | • | 1 | , | 100.0 | | ı | ı |
| 9 17 64.7 35.3 - < | œ | 1 | 9 | 7 | 7 | ı | | | 1 | 6.3 | • | ı | 93.7 | ı | ı | ı |
| 22 24.6 - 59.1 36.4 - - - - 90.5 9.5 - | 6 | | 'n. | t | ı | ì | ı | ı | ı | 1 | 1 | ı | 83.4 | 11.8 | ı | 62 |
| | 2 | • ' | | 6 | 9 | | 1 | <u> </u> | 1 | l | l . | | 90.5 | 9.5 | ı | |

Part I

| | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | Bŧ | SI | ר כ | :C? | Þγ | ří. | * 1 | ة راقدمه | , ., <u>.</u> , | Ξ | |
|---------------|----------|----------|----------------|----------|-------|------|------|--|-------|-------|----------|-------|----------|-------|---------------|---------|-------|-------|----------|-------|-------|------|-------|-------|-------|-------|--------|-------|-------------|--------------------|-------|--------|
| f Dav | 9-11:59 | <i>%</i> | ŧ | 1 | 1 | t | ı | 1 | ı | ı | ı | i | ı | ı | 1 | i | 1 | 1 | 1 | ı | ş | • | ı | ı | 1 | į | • | 1 | • | 1 | ı | • |
| Time of | 6-8:59 | , | 20.0 | ۳. | 20.0 | 33.3 | 1.1 | 20.0 | ı | 33.3 | 1 | 1 | 14.3 | 1 | 20.0 | | 1 | 1 | 22.2 | 33.3 | l | 62.5 | l | 1 | ı | 1 | | 1 | , | 1 | , | 1 |
| Vicaing: | 3-5:59 | 4 | 80.0 | 1.6.7 | 80.0 | 66.7 | 88.9 | 8.0.0 | 100.0 | 1.99 | 10.0 | 100.0 | 85.7 | 100.0 | 80.0 | . 100.0 | 100.0 | 100.0 | 77.8 | | 100.0 | • | 100.0 | • | 100.0 | 100.0 | 100.0 | 0.001 | 100.0 | 0.001 | • | 100.0 |
| Second Lesson | 12-2:59 | | ı | 1 | ı | ı | ı | 1 | 1 | ı | ł | i | 1 | 1 | i | 1 | ı | ı | ı | i | I | ı | 1 | ı | ı | ı | ì | ı | | ı | • | ı |
| Second | 10-11:59 | 7 | 1 | 1 | ı | | ı | ı | ı | ı | 1 | | | 1 | ı | ı | I | 1 | ı | 1 | ı | 1 | 1 | ı | ŀ | ı | ı | ı | 1 | ı | , | 1 |
| | 6-6:59 | | 1 | 1 | 1 | l | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | ı | ı | 1 | ı | ı | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | ı | ı | i | ı | 1 | ı | 1 | ı | ı | - ' |
| | Sun. | - | 1 | ı | 1 | ı | 1 | 1 | , | 1 | 1 | 1 | ı | 1 | ı | ı | ı | ı | • | ı | ı | 1 | ı | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | | 1 | _ |
| Week | Sat. | | ı | 13.3 | 20.0 | 33.3 | 66.7 | 7:0.0 | 25.0 | ı | 8.13 | 30.0 | 14.3 | 1 | 20.0 | 16.7 | 42. 8 | , | 22. | ĉi | | ı | 16 | | | 2 5 | | | , | , | - | |
| Day of | řri. | | 1 | ı | ı | 1 | 1 | 1 | | · | 1 | ۱ | . , I | 1 | I | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | I | 1 | | 1 | | 1 | ı | ı | | 1 | ı | ı | |
| Viewing: | i | † † 1 | , | 33.3 | 1 | 500 | | 0.01 | ı | 100.0 | 13.0 | 70.0 | s. | 100.0 | 20.0 | 83.3 | 28.6 | 0.001 | 01 | 44.4 | 0.0. | 37.5 | 33. 1 | 200.7 | 16.7 | 80.0 | 25.0 | 100.0 | ı | 100.0 | ı | 100.00 |
| Tuosson V | Wed. | • -• | 20.0 | 33.3 | 0.00 | 1 | | (· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · | 1 | ı | 1 | 1 | - :- | 1 | 1 | ı | 1 | ı | | 33.3 | 50.0 | 5.5 | 50.0 | 1 | 1 | ı | ı | 1 | 1 | ı | ı | 1 |
| | = | 1 | ○, ○, ○, | ı | 10.07 | | - | 10.0 | 75.0 | ı | 6, 8, 15 | ı | 7 | ı | <u>ي</u> 2 | ı | 14.3 | i | .; . | • | 0.0 | ı | 1 | ı | 60.00 | ı | . 6.5. | I | 50.03 | 1 | 0.001 | 1 |
| Second | Mon | | 1 | , | ı | ; | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | | 1 | | 1 | 7.+ | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | ı | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | ı | 1 | ı | 1 | 1 |
| | , ; . | , | V. | <i>~</i> | - | ~** | 3 | 0: | - 7 | ٤ | | 0. | ı | ÷ | | £ | 1 - | . • | <i>3</i> | - | Ĭ, | X | | ~ | ٤. | 1/2 | • | | ~ · | 4 | *; | : 1 |
| - | | | | r ; | • | • | ^ | , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , | ٠, | ٠, | ÷ | | | · . | | • | | - | • | ľ | 5 | - 1 | · : | ~; | ·•` | | | £, | , | <u>, 1</u> | ÷ - 1 | Ē |
| | , | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | • | 1 | | | |

Novel Broadcast Schedule:

3.30 F

¥.m.q (: 30 p.m.*

Freemand Sketching, Spring, 1973-74 TV Student Lesson-Viewing Patterns 1st & 2nd Viewings Table XLII

| | | | Days | of Wee | k | Q -4-15-20-5 40- | - | Ti | mes of | Day |
|---|------|------|------|--------|--------|-------------------------|-------|---------------|--------|------|
| | Mon. | Tue. | Wed. | Thurs. | Fri. | Sat. | Sun. | A.M. | P.M. | Eve. |
| | 7, | 7. | 7, | 7, | 7. | 7. | x | X | X | z |
| Actual Viewing Behavior (Course Diary) | 28.3 | 22.3 | 19.5 | 16.4 | : ! | 12.5 | - | - | 79.8* | 16.7 |
| Viewing Preferences (Post-Course Evaluation) | 17.7 | 21.9 | 19.7 | 20.3 | 6.8 | 8.1 | , 5.5 | . 26.8 | 51.4** | 21.8 |

^{*}Concentrated between 3:00 - 6:00 p.m.

Table XLIII

Distribution of Response Viewing Behavior vs. Viewing Preferences Freehand Sketching, Spring, 1973-74

Virtually all Freehand Sketching students sampled through the Course Diary viewed their lessons at home; only in isolated instances did they use campus media centers' facilities.

As Table XLII indicates, some portion of the student sample found it necessary to view lessons a second time. This information reflects students' concern (discussed in the "Student Interviews" section of the report) with the rapidity of lesson pace. Many said they solved this problem, in effect, by watching the lessons again. There is no correlation between those lessons which contained aspects ranked either above or below established criterion levels (p. 61) and sizable numbers of recorded second viewings.

3. Anthropology (Course Diary Forms A and B)

the procedure by which TV student samples were obtained for these two forms of Course Diary evaluation is discussed on pp.3-5 of the report. Figure 7, page 47,



^{**62} percent of this response is concentrated in the area of 4:00 p.m. and after.

illustrates the sources of information for each of the course variables which anthropology students were asked to rank.

Not only have additional data been provided for this course (through the device of the Course Diary "B" form), but the evaluation procedure was as well the basis for a study, the results of which are discussed in the section, "TV Course Completion Rates and Grade Distribution."

Table XLIV shows the mean scores assigned to those course components inquired after in both forms of the Course Diary, as well as those--where present--from the post-course evaluation sample. In all aspects of measurement to which both forms of the diary were addressed, a higher ranking was assigned by those maintaining the "B" form of the diary. In those areas for which there is a response from the post-course student sample, the mean scores are higher than those assigned by the "B" form diary keepers.

Table XLIV follows:



| Category | Course Diary "A" Form | "В" Гоги | Evaluation |
|---|-----------------------|----------|------------|
| | X | X | X |
| Content of TV Presentation | 3.94 | 4.24 | - |
| Pace of TV Presentation | 3.80 | 4.00 | 4.03 |
| Relevance of TV Presentation to Course | 3.94 | 4.25 | - |
| Text Readings | 3.81 | 4.07 | 4.23 |
| Syllabus Readings | 3.83 | 4.27 | 4.36 |
| Technical Quality of TV Presentation | 4.00 | 4.09 | - |
| Scope and Balance of Information Presented in TV Lesson | 3.88 | 4.02 | 4.13 |
| Amount of Information Presented in Lesson | - | 3.98 | - |
| Organization of Ideas Presented in Lesson | - | 4.11 | - |
| Visiting Experts and Guests in TV Lesson | 3.90 | 4.14 | 4.22 |
| Rating of this Lesson Compared With Others in Course | 3.79 | 4.03 | - |
| Overall Academic Quality of Lesson | 3.91 | 4.03 | 4.23 |

Scale: (1) bad, (2) poor, (3) adequate, (4) very good, (5) excellent

Table XLIV

Comparison of Course Components: Course Diary Forms A and B, Post-Course Evaluation Anthropology, Spring, 1973-74



BEST COPY AVAILABLE

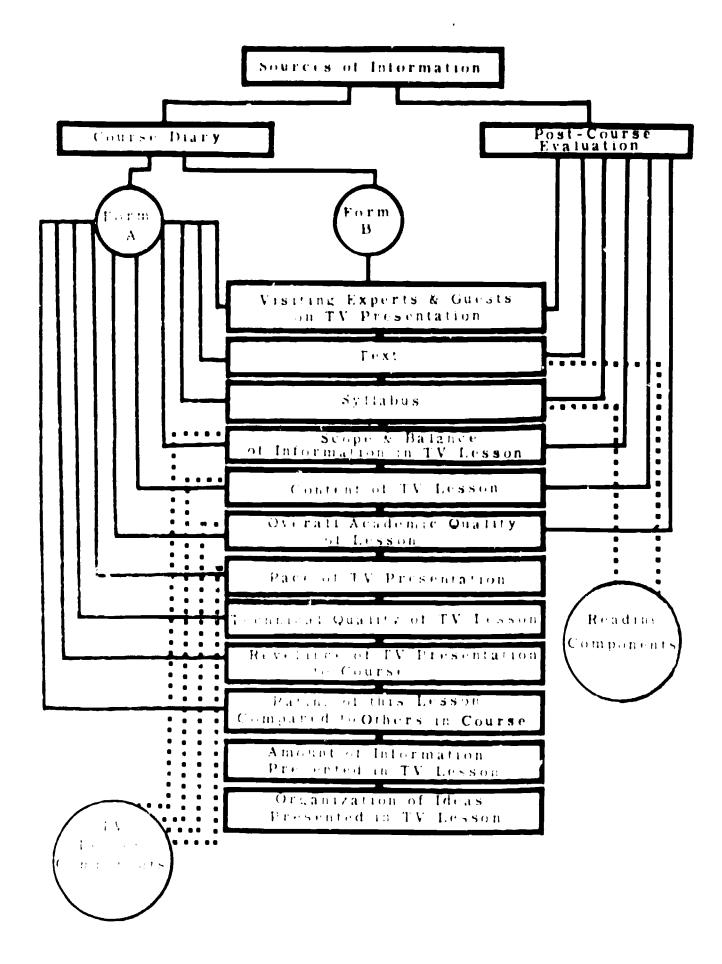


Figure 8

Sources of Information:
Evaluation Procedures
for
Archropology



Anthropology
Lesson Evaluation
Course Diary "A" Form

| Lesson Number | Sample Number | Content Presentation | Pace of TV Presentation | Relevance of Presentation to Course | Text Readings for Lesson | Syllabus Readings for Course |
|-------------------|------------------|-------------------------|----------------------------|---|--------------------------------|------------------------------------|
| | | $\overline{\mathbf{x}}$ | $\overline{\mathbf{x}}$ | x | x | ₹ . |
| $1 \rightarrow N$ | o Response | | | | | |
| 6 | 8 | 1.62 + | 4.12 + | 4.12 | 4.50 + | 4.12 + |
| 7 | 30 | 4.00 | 3. 6 6 | 4.24 + | 4.07 + | 4.00 + |
| 8 | 31 | 4.13 | 3.87 | 4.26 + | 4.19 + | 4.00 + |
| 9 | 3.1 | 4.22 + | 3.91 | 4.16 | 3.90 | 3.87 |
| 10 | 31 | 3.94 | 4.06 | 4.03 | 3.90 | 3.87 |
| 11 | 3 ' | 3.31 | 3.72 | 3.87 | 3.94 | 3.72 |
| 12 | : 3 | 4.24 + | 4.09 + | 4.15 | 3.84 | 3.76 |
| 13 | , j.j. | 3.68 | 3.68 | 3.96 | 3.79 | 3.67 - |
| 14 | 23 | 3.96 | 3.73 | 4.04 | 3.54 - | 3.88 |
| 15 | | 3.64 - | 3.68 | 3.68 - | 3.84 | 3.92 |
| 16 | . 3 | 3.57 - | 3.65 | 3.71 - | 3.57 - | 3.67 - |
| 17 | | 3.90 | 3.64 | 3.90 | 3.45 - | 3.82 |
| 13 | 2.1 | 3.67 - | 3.48 - | 3.86 | 3.81 | 3.81 |
| 19 | | +.00 | 3.87 | 4.17 | 4.04 | 3.92 |
| 20 | | 1.90 | 3.57 | 4.15 | 3.81 | 4.00 |
| 21 | | 5.92 | 3.87 | 3.58 - | 3.73 | 3.78 |
|)) 6- 8- | | | 3.82 | 3.76 | 3.62 | 3.68 - |
| 23 | | 3.95 | 4.05 | 4.05 | 3.47 - | 3.90 |
| 24 | 19 | 3,68 | 3.32 - | 3.84 | 3.84 | 3.58 - |
| 25 | | 4.09 | 4.09 + | 4.00 | 3.73 | 3.82 |
| 26 | •) | 4.00 | 3.78 | 3.87 | 3.7 3 | 3.91 |
| 27 | - · · | 3.47 - | 3.35 - | 3.41 - | 3.88 | 3.71 |
| 28 | 24 | 3.31 | 3.67 | 3.57 - | 3.52 - | 3.71 |
| 29 | i | 4.17 | 4.22 + | 4.06 | 3.83 | 3.83 |
| 30 | ¥ . | 4.36 + | 4.29 + | 4.14 | 3.71 | 3.93 |
| riterio | on Manager | 3.68 - 4.20 | 3.55 - 4.06 | 3.72 - 4.17 | 3.58 - 4.04 | 3.71 - 3.9 |

Table MIV is continued on the next page



| Lesson Number | Sample Number | Technical Quality of TV Presentation | Scope & Bal. of Info. Presented in TV Lesson TV | Visiting Experts & Guests in Presentation | Rating of Lesson Compared w/ Others in Course | Overall Academic Ouality of Lesson |
|------------------|------------------|--|---|---|--|------------------------------------|
| | • • | ₹ | * | × | × | * |
| 1 - 5 N | o response | | | , was as a | and the second s | |
| 6 | 8 | 4.50 + | 4.12 + | 5.00 + | 4.29 + | 4.25 + |
| 7 | 30 | 4.18 | 3.83 | 3.59 | 3.83 | 4.07 |
| 8 | 31 | 4.23 | 4.07 | 3.90 | 3.90 | 4.19 + |
| 9 | 32 | 4.39 + | · .09 + | 3.68 | 4.10 + | 4.22 + |
| 10 | 31 | 4.27 + | 3.94 | 3. 93 | 3.97 | 3.97 |
| 11 | 32 | 4.29 + | 3.84 | 4.10 | 3.71 | 3.94 |
| 12 | 33 | 4.33 + | 4.27 + | 4.41 + | 4.25 + | 4.22 + |
| 13 | 28 | 4.04 | 3.93 | 4 26 | 3.64 | 3. 96 |
| 14 | 25 | 3.96 | 3.81 | 4.12 | 3.62 | 3.85 |
| 15 | 25 | 3.88 | 3.80 | 3.65 | 3.62 | 3.83 |
| 16 | 23 | 3.91 | 3.78 | 3.45 - | 3.70 | 3.83 |
| 17 | 21 | 4.15 | 4 .0 0 | 3. 76 | 3.91 | 3.91 |
| 18 | 21 | 4.10 | 3.71 | 3.65 | 3.62 | 3.71 |
| 19 | 24 | 3.61 - | 3.83 | 3.83 | 3.92 | 3.87 |
| 20 | 21 | 3.95 | 3.76 | 3.79 | 3.67 | 3.81 |
| 21 | 24 | 3.91 | 3.75 | 3.50 - | 3.62 | 3.83 |
| 22 | 22 | 3,86 | 3.77 | 3.62 | 3.59 | 3.82 |
| 23 | 21 | 3.89 | 4.00 | 4.11 | 3.90 | 4.05 |
| 24 | 19 | 3.61 - | 3.79 | 3.59 | 3.53 | 3.63 - |
| 25 | 23 | 4.00 | 4.00 | 3.77 | 3.78 | 3.87 |
| 26 | 23 | 4.05 | 3.74 | 3.85 | 3,52 - | 3.64 - |
| 27 | 17 | 3.56 - | 3.47 = | 3.67 | 3.29 - | 1.53 - |
| 28 | 21 | 3.55 - | 3.62 - | 3.88 | 3.50 - | 3.50 - |
| 29 | 18 | 3.82 | 4.06 | 3.83 | 4.06 + | 4.11 |
| 30 | 1.4 | 4.00 | 4.14 + | 4.57 + | 4.21 + | 4. 21 + |
| | in kanse | 3.74 - 4.26 | 3.70~ 4.07 | 3.54 - 4.26 | 3.53 - 4.05 | 3.70- 4.1 |

Table ELV

Mean Scores
Lesson Analysis: Anthropology
Course Diary "A" Form
Spring, 1973-74



Anthr potogwiess m Evaluation course Plany "%" form

| | | 00 0 1 1 0 0 01 0 1 00 0 | | ; >: | · × | × |
|--------------|--------------|-----------------------------|---|-------------|-------------|-------------|
| | 0.130.30.35 | | 3.91 | | , m | 3.87 - |
| | | r | 3.05 | ٠, | 4.30 | • |
| | | | | ٠. | • | 6. |
| | | / T | 57: | 4.30 | 4.39 | 4.13 |
| | | | • • • • | C. | • | 4.17 |
| | | | | | 17 . J | ₹.38 ÷ |
| | | (C) | 4.29 | σ. | | 4.31 + |
| | • | . O. | ~; | ЭC | • | 4.31 + |
| • | ٠ | • | ~~· | | • | • |
| • | 1 | • | 7.00 | • | • | 4.31 + |
| ± 1 | • | 7.69 | · | 0. | • | |
| 3 | **** | • | ٠, | | • | 7.00 |
| 5 | • | • | | | • | |
| | | + 85.7 | ٠. | 7.00 | 4.22 | 7.00 |
| ₹4. V | | • | • | | • | • |
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| | • | • | +05.7 | vň. | • | • |
| | ٠÷ • | • | 4.83+ | 7 | • | + |
| Sterlion Par | 3.98 - 4.51 | 3.70 - 4.30 | 4.03 - 4.47 | 3.80 - 4.35 | 4.03 - 4.51 | 3.88 - 4.30 |

| | 1 1 | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | BES | ST | C | JP' | Y / | AVI | AJL | AD | LE | • | | | | | | | • | 7,1 |
|--|-----|------|-------|----------|------|------|----|-----|----------|-----|-----|---|--------|--------|------------|-----|------------|--------|---|---|------|---------------|--------|------|---|---------|-----|---------|---|-------|---------|-------------|-----|
| ander A. J. P. J. J. J. P. J. J. J. P. J. P. J. J. P. J. J. P. J. | 124 | 5 | | : | 1.23 | 00.4 | | 10: | <u>.</u> | 57: | 57: | | 3.88 | | 00.+ | 90: | 3.34 | • | 33 | ~. | | | 3.60 - | | • | 3.80 | 0. | 4.25 | , | | 4.66. + | 3.74 - 4.33 | |
| Mating of Lesson Compared with Others in Course | | | | | | ٥. | ,a | 4 | 0 | | | | | | | | | | • | | | ٠ | | | • | 7.00 | - | | 4.17 | 40.7 | + 61: | 3.75 - 4.31 | |
| | | | 3.76 | | • † | 4.25 | | Ξ. | . 0. | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | œ | 3.93 - 4.42 | |
| Organization of Ideas Presented in IV Lesson | | ά | · \$6 | 3 | 7 | • | • | | 71 | | | | | . 7 | | | | | | | | | | 7.00 | | • | | | | 4.36+ | | 3.88 - 4.35 | |
| Tressent of the Control of the Contr | × | ~ | | . | | | 3 | | | • | 5. | | x x | " " | 1 ~ 6. | | + *** | ¥ | * | ~ | 4.00 | | C) | | • | | | | | 6. | | 3.67 - 4.24 | |
| | | | | • • | • | \$ | * | | ; | | - · | | | | · · | | <i>r</i> . | r : | • ()· ·· | • | Cr. | - C+ C+ C+ C+ | 97 | | | 1 1/4 1 | t s | 15. | C1 -1 -1 -1 -1 -1 -1 -1 -1 -1 -1 -1 -1 -1 | ~; | • | | ~~ |
| | | مو د | | | • | | | | | | | 7 | .* | | - T | | • | | ŧ | : | | | | | - | ţ | | • | | | | | |

Table XLVI Nom Stores, Lesson Analysis: Anthropology, Course Diary "B" Form Spring 1973-74

ERIC

As table XLV illustrates, students keeping the "A" form of the Course Diary ranked the following lessons consistently high:

Lesson No. 6: "Primate Behavior"

Lesson No. 12: "Ethnographic Fieldwork"

Lesson No. 39: "Anthropology Today"

Those in which three or more variables were ranked above the established criterion levels are:

Lesson No. 7: "Paleolithic Era"

Lesson No. 8: "Neolithic Era"

Lesson No. 9: "Civilization"

These students ranked the following lessons consistently low:

Lesson No. 16: "Economic Organization"

Lesson No. 27: "Encultaration"

Lesson No. 28: "World View"

One identional lesson contained three or more variables ranked below the established riterian level:

Tes on to. 24: "Religion and Magic: Fart I"

Examination of Table MAVI shows that ranking of course variables was sufficiently different on the part of the two student samples that the only lesson to take the controlless of ablacies of ablacies of ablacies of ablaction levels established from both groups was the last leason of the course, "or repolary loday." Lesson 16, "Economic Organization," and have a recommendately box by the "A" group, fell below contain of the "B" or "orders arms."

The trule of the waste waste star at a who kept the "3" form of the diary ranked to be till at a 1 cm of the diary ranked



Lesson No. 18: "Status and Role"

Lesson No. 30: "Anthropology Today"

One additional lesson contained three or more variables ranked above the established criterion level:

Losson 29: "Cultural Change"

Those lessons rated consistently low:

Lesson No. 1: "Introduction"

Lesson No. 2: "A Course of Study"

Lesson No. 21: "Crisis Rites"

Lesson No. 23: "Social Control"

Those in which three or more variables were ranked below established criterion levels:

Lesson No. 11: "Ethnology"

Lesson No. 14: "Cultural Ecology"

Lesson No. 16: "Economic Organization"

Lesson So. 22: "Governance"

Fible XLVIII compares the frequency, in terms of all lessons, with which mean scores from both the "A" and "B" form lesson analyses tell outside the criterion levels established for each course variable. It illustrates as well the distribution of eccurrence carbove and below each established criterion level. Thirty percent of all means a creation Course Diary "A" form lesson analyses fell outside established in the confidence of the first percent were above level, and 48.0 were below. Thintive rest in 28 percent of all mean scores from the "B" form lesson malysis were all that the confidence of the

was valuated availed. "Is less in Criteria" and "designe Criteria" for both



| ST COPY FURILABLE | Frequency of Occurrence Outside Criterion Level | Above Criterion Level | Below Criterion Le ve l |
|---|---|-----------------------------|---|
| | · /2 | % | ************************************** |
| Content of Presentation Course Diary "A" Form Course Diary "B" Form | 32.0 20.0 | 50.0 33.3 | 50.0 66.7 |
| Pace of TV Presentation Course Diary "A" Form Course Diary "B" Form | 32.0 30. 0 | 62.5 33.3 | 31.5 66.7 |
| Relevance of Presentation to Course Course Diary "A" Form Course Diary "B" Form | 28.0 26.7 | 28.6 75.0 | 71.4 25.0 |
| Text Readings Course Diary "A" Form Course Diary "B" Form | 32.0 33.3 | 31.5 | 62.5 50.0 |
| Sallabus Readings Fourse Diary "A" Form Course Diary "B" Form | 28.0 26.7 | 57.1 37.5 | 42.9 62.5 |
| lectorical Quility of TV Presentation course Diary "A" Form Course Diary "B" Form | 36.0 36.7 | 55.6 54.5 | 44.4 45. 5 |
| Scope and Balance of Information Presented in TV Lesson Course Diary "A" Form Course Diary "B" Form | 24.0 36.7 | 66.7 36.4 | 33.3 63.6 |
| Amount of Information Presented in Lesson Course Diary "A" Form | - | : | |
| Source Olary "B" Form Organization of Ideas Presented in | 33.3 | 50.0 | 50.0 |
| Joseph Course Diury "A" Form Course Hury "F" Form | - 26.7 | - 37.5 | - *:•. • 5) |
| Visiting Experts and Auests in IV Lesson course Clary "A" Form | 20.0 26.7 | 50.0 50.0 | 50.0 50.0 |
| Enting of this lessen compered with the recipies the constant of the compered with some source belong "A" Born to some of important born. | 5.2.0 20.0 | 62.3 33.4 | 3 4343 |
| erill detrict mulity of besson | | | |

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Description:

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Tutological Course process (1911)



rse blary (Form "A") addrapology, Sprin, 1973-74

| 1 | | ļ | 1 | | | | | | | | | | | | | BE | SI | C | CF | γ | | 7.1 | lΛ | 31 | E | | | |
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| 21.0 | | | † ! | ^.· | • | | ~ | j J | 7. | 15.1 | , | | 10.0 | (A) | | 1 | 2.5 | 6 | သင် | • | 7. | 10.5 | | ••• | 11.8 | , | 22.2 | 2 |
| ino f | - C 2 | 6 | | | 50.0 | 5. 7. G | 53.1 | - 0.03 | 40.6 | 39.4 | 35 | | 0.55 | 50.0 | 36.4 | 38.1 | 33.3 | 38.1 | 37.5 | 5.07 | 7. | 30.8 | 43.5 | 41.7 | 29.4 | 52.4 | 50.0 | 62.5 |
| i | - E | 7 | | 7.67. | 36.7 | 5.17 | ~ · · | X | 4.75 | 7.56 | , · · · · · · | 50.0 | 2.05 | 5.7 | 50.0 | 5. | 50.0 | 4 | 7 | 50.0 | 47.6 | 52.6 | 52.2 | • | • | • | 22.2 | • |
| 15.1 | -1 10 | * | • : : : : ! | • | į | ı | , | ı | ÷.÷ | ⊃. ~ | J | ٠ | ſ | ı | 1 | ı | , | ı | ı | ı | ı | 1 | , | ı | j | 1 | 5.6 | |
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| ļ | | == | | | | | • | | | - | | | | | | | • | | | | - | | | | | | - | |
| ; | | | ! | ı | ŧ | 1 | | | ÷ | ~·· | , | i | i | | ı | x. | t | i | \1 | ı | ı | i | t | • | ı | ı | ı | 1 |
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| | | | | | | | | Bí | ESI | 0 | :01 | PY | A | + p; + | LA | OL | .C. | | | | | | | | | | |
|-----------------|------------------------|------------|-------|----------|-------------------|-------|-----------------|------------|-----------|----------|---------------|----------------|---------------|----------|--------------|-------|----------|-------------|--------------|-------|--------------|----------|---------|-------|-----------|------------|---------|
| e of Day | 9-11:59 | 7 | ı | ı | 20.0 | 33.3 | 25.0 | • | í | 1 | 70.0 | ı | ı | 1 | ı | • | 50.0 | • | • | ı | 1 | ı | ı | 1 | 33.3 | 1 | 1 |
| ng: Time | 6-8:59 | z | , | 1 | 20.0 | 33.3 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 33.3 | ı | ı | ı — | 100.0 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | ı | ı | 1 | 1 | 33.3 | ı | 100.0 |
| on Viewing: | 3-5:59 | K : | 100.0 | 100.0 | 0.09 | 33.3 | 75.0 | 100.0 | 100.0 | 100.0 | 0.09 | 66.7 | 100.0 | | 100 0 | i | 50.0 | 100.0 | • | 100.0 | 100.0 | 100.0 | 100.0 | 100.0 | 33.3 | | i |
| Second Lesson | 12- 2:59 | 2 | - | ı | ı | 1 | 1 | ı | 1 | 1 | ı | 1 | ı | 1 | ı | ı | ı | 1 | | 1 | ı | ı | I | 1 | ţ | 1 | 1 |
| Se | 10-11:59 | × | 1 | 1 | ı | 1 | ı | ı | , | 1 | ı | 1 | ı | ı | 1 | ı | • | ſ | ı | 1 | 1 | ı | ı | ı | ı | ı | 1 |
| | 65:6-9 | * | 1 | ı | ı | 1 | ı | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | ı | 1 | ı | ı | 1 | ı | 1 | ı | ı | ı | ı | ı | i | 1 | 1 | 1 |
| | | | | | | | | | | - | | | • | | | | | | | | | | | | | - | |
| ya: | Sun. | 5-4 | 1 | ţ | 1 | ı | ı | ı | 1 | ı | ı | 1 | ŧ | ı | ı | ı | 1 | 1 | ı | 1 | ı | 1 | ı | ı | 1 | ı | 1 |
| ay of week | Sat. Sun. | 3-2 | - | 50.0 | 20.0 | | 25.0 - | - 12.99 | - 12.99 | 25.0 | - 0.05 | 33.3 - | | - 2.99 | 50.0 | 1 | - 0.09 | - ' ' ' 299 | 50.0 | | - 0.09 | | | | 1 | · · | 1 |
| Day of | i. Sat. | | - | - 50.0 - | - 20.0 | | .0 25. | - 66.7 - | - 66.7 - | | - | | | | | 1 | - 50.0 - | - 66.7 | | | | | 1 | | 1 | | 1 |
| Viewing: Day of | Fri. Sat. | | | - 50. | 20. | 1 | 25.0 25. | <u>.</u> . | | - 25. | - 70 | - : 33. | | - 66. | - 50. | ì | - 50.0 - | 99 - | 50. | - 100 | - 50. | - 50. | 100.0 | i | 33.3 | - | 1 |
| ing: Day of | l. Th. Fri. Sat. | k.2 | | 50. | - 20. | 1 | 50.0 25.0 25. | ! | 33.3 - | - 25. | 60.0 - 40.0 | - : 33. | 50.0 - 50.0 | - 66. | 50.0 - 50. | 1 | - 50. | 99 - | 50. | 100. | - 50. | .00 | ı | 1 | 66.7 33.3 | | 100.00 |
| Wlewing: Day of | fh. Fri. Sat. | | | 50. | 20.0 60.0 - 20. | 1 | 50.0 25.0 25. | | 33.3 - | | - 60.0 - 40.0 | 31. | - 50.0 - 50.0 | 66. | - 50.0 - 50. | 1 | 50. | 99 96 | - 50.0 - 50. | 100. | - 50.0 - 50. | .00 | 100.0 | 1 | 66.7 | | |
| Wlewing: Day of | . Wed. Th. Fri. Sat. | | 1 | 50. | 20.0 60.0 - 20. | 33.3 | - 50.0 25.0 25. | 33.3 | 33.3 - |) 25. | - 60.0 - 40.0 | 3 33.3 33. | - 50.0 - 50.0 | 66. | 50.0 - 50. | 1 | | 99 96 | - 50.0 - 50. | 100. | - 50.0 - 50. | .05 | 100.0 | | 66.7 | | |
| Wlewing: Day of | in. Wed. Th. Fri. Sat. | | 0.001 | 50.0 50. | - 20.0 60.0 - 20. | 33.3 | - 50.0 25.0 25. | 33.3 | 33.3 - | 55.0 25. | - 0.09 70.09 | 33.3 33.3 333. | 50.0 - 50.0 | 33.3 66. | 50.0 - 50. | 100.0 | 50.0 50. | 99 96 | - 50.0 - 50. | 100. | 50.0 - 50. | 50.0 50. | 100.0 - | :00:0 | - 66.7 | 100.0 | - 100.0 |

ı

Table XLVIII TV Student Lesson-Viewing Patterns 1st & 2nd Viewings Anthropology, Spring, 1973-74

adaust Sane faller

*repeat



| | | | Days | of We | ek | | | Tim | es of D | ay |
|---|------|------|---------|--------|----------|----------|------|------|---------|------|
| | Mon. | Tue. | Wed. | Thurs. | Fri. | Sat. | Sun. | Λ.Μ. | P.M. | hve |
| | - | /1, | + 5 | ۸ | <u>,</u> | <i>3</i> | 7, | 2 | 7. | /5 |
| Actual Viewang Behavior (Course Diary V) | 29.3 | 18.0 | 21.9 | 9.4 | _ | 19.6 | - | 2.1 | 42.6 | 53.0 |
| Viewing Preferences (Post-Course Evaluation) | 20.7 | 20.7 | 19.0 | 18.1 | 5.4 | 8.6 | 7.5 | 28.7 | 36.1** | 35.2 |

^{*50.0} percent of response is concentrated between 6:00 - 8:00 p.m.

Table XLIX
Distribution of Response:
Viewing Behavior vs. Viewing Preferences
Anthropology, Spring, 1973-7.

Half a dozen students indicated they viewed a lesson at one or the other campus media centers; the great majority of viewing was done in students' own homes. And, walle it is impossible to discern to what extent present availabilates of leaves viewing structures students' expressed viewing preferences, all processed and leaves indicated that the first four days of the week are more onwealest for waterlag lessons.

In order of the repeacy between the viewing patterns of the overall student sample, structured as fact order to be a randhed the design of their viewing preducences. Is in the arms of even type week to coming the clewing day. Europing from an invertible weekers to a solution of eights. Waste enter initiate a preference for meriting as a randhed to a a total and the companies of the entering to the arms of the companies of the entering to the entering to the entering th

^{60.5} percent of response is concentrated in area of 4:00 p.m. and after.

| Lesson Number | Physical Geography | Freehand Skotching | Course Diary "A" Form Cultural Anthropology | Course Diary "B" Form Cultural Anthropology |
|------------------|-----------------------|-----------------------|---|---|
| | x | x | × | x |
| 1 | - | 16.7 + | - | 14.6 - |
| 2 | _ | 16.3 + | _ | 14.1 - |
| 3 | - | 16.3 + | - | 15.5 - |
| 4 | 14.4 | 16.3 + | i - | 16.7 |
| 5 | 15.7 + | 15.3 - | - | 16.3 |
| 6 | 16.1 + | 15.0 - | 17.1 + | 17.3 + |
| 7 | 14.5 | 15.8 | 15.6 | 16.9 |
| 8 | 14.3 | 16.3 + | 16.3 + | 17.0 + |
| 9 | 14.5 | 15.5 | 16.4 + | 17.3 + |
| 10 | 14.7 | 16.4 + | 15.9 | 16.9 |
| 11 | 15.4 | 15.5 | 15.3 | 15.9 |
| 12 | 15 9 + | 16.4 + | 16.8 + | 16.5 |
| 13 | 15.5 | 16.2 | 15.2 | 16.0 |
| 14 | 12.6 - | 16.1 | 15.3 | 16.2 |
| 15 | 15.3 | 15.2 - | 15.0 - | 16.9 |
| 16 | 15.2 | 15.7 | 14.8 - | 15.6 - |
| 17 | 15.7 + | 15.1 - | 15.5 | 17.0 + |
| 18 | 15.5 | 16.0 | 14.6 - | 17.4 + |
| 19 | 15.1 | _ 15.7 | 15.6 | 17.0 + |
| 20 | 15.5 | 15.6 | 15.0 - | 16.1 |
| 21 | 14.6 | 16.2 | 15.4 | 14.8 - |
| 22 | 13.9 - | 15.7 | 15.2 | 15.6 - |
| 23 | 14.1 | 15.1 - | 16.0 | 13.9 - |
| 24 | 15.2 | 15.1 - | 14.4 - | 15.6 - |
| 25 | 15.0 | 15.5 | 16.0 | 15.6 - |
| 26 | 15.8 + | 15.8 | | 3 |
| 27 | 14.5 | 15.8 | 15.1 | 16.7 17.0 + |
| 28 | 14.4 | 16.1 | 14.6 - | 16.9 |
| 29 | 14.2 | 14.7 - | 16.6 + | 17.2 + |
| 30 | 14.4 | 16.8 + | 17.0 + | · · · |
| 31 | 14.1 | 10.0 T | 17.0 + | 18.8 + |
| 32 | 13.9 - | _ | | |
| 33 | 14.2 | <u>-</u> | _ | _ |
| 34 | 15.9 + | _ | _ | _ |
| 35 | 14.6 | _ | ·- | _ |
| 3n | 14.9 | _ | _ | _ |
| 37 | , | _ | _ | _ |
| }. }. | 15.5 | _ | _ | - |
| 30 30 | 14.4 | _ | _ | |
| | 14.6 | - | _ | _ |
| •() •1 | 14.2 | - | _ | _ |
| | 13.8 | ~ | _ | - |
| 42 | 14.8 | ensis | _ | _ |
| ÷ 3 | - | | _ | - |
| • • • • • | • | - | ~~~ | un. |
| • , | | ~ | - | |



The first of the property of t

| Lesson Kumber | Physical Geography | Freehand Sketching | Course Diary "A" Form Cultural Anthropology | Course Diary "B" Form Cultural Anthropology |
|------------------|-----------------------|-----------------------|---|---|
| | × | x | x | x |
| 1 | - | 8.00 | - | 8.78 + |
| 2 | - | 7.70 - | - | 8.69 |
| 3 | - | 8.24 | j – | 8.89 + |
| 4 | 7.41 | 82.7 | - | 8.69 |
| 5 | 8.00 + | 8.05 | _ | 8.60 |
| 6 | 7.04 - | 7.95 | 8.63 + | 8.07 |
| 7 | 8.08 + | 8.06 | 8.07 + | 8.24 |
| 8 | 7.91 + | 7.92 | 8.19 + | 7.86 - |
| 9 | 7.54 | 7.90 | 7.77 | 7.63 - |
| 10 | 7.44 | 7.85 - | 7.77 | 7.93 - |
| 11 | 7.62 | 7.89 | 7.66 | 8.00 |
| 12 | 7.93 + | 8.13 | 7.60 | 8.44 |
| 13 | 7.61 | 8.25 | 7.45 | 8.11 |
| 14 | 7.22 | 8.18 | 7.42 | 8.22 |
| 15 | 8.04 + | 8.05 | 7.74 | 7.76 + |
| 16 | : 7 .7 8 + | 8.54 + | 7.23 - | 8.43 |
| 17 | 7.78 + | 8.28 | 7.27 - | 8.88 + |
| 18 | 7.76 | 8.46 + | 7.62 | 9.02 + |
| 19 | 7.74 | 8.23 | 7.96 + | 8.74 + |
| 20 | 7.66 | 8.27 | 7.81 | 8.17 |
| 21 | 7. 38 | 7.93 | 7.51 | 7.83 - |
| 22 | 7.08 - | 7.85 - | 7.30 - | 7.67 - |
| 23 | 7.27 | 8.01 | 7.37 - | 7.50 - |
| 24 | 6.93 - | 8.21 | 7.42 | 7.83 - |
| 25 | 7.42 | 8.31 | 7.55 | 7.83 - |
| 26 | 8.01 + | 8.44 + | 7.64 | 8.79 + |
| 27 | 7.86 + | 9.04 + | 7.59 | 8.64 |
| 28 | 7.38 | 8.51 + 7.47 - | 7.24 - | 8.33 8.85 + |
| 29 30 | 7.20 7.54 | 7.50 - | 7.64 | 8.95 + |
| 31 | 6.70 - | 7.50 | - | - 0.73 |
| 32 | 6.96 - | _ | _ | |
| 33 | 5.97 - | _ | | _ |
| 34 | 7.05 - | _ | _ | _ |
| 35 | 7.17 ~ | _ | - | - |
| 36 | 7.()0 - | _ | - | _ |
| 37 | 7.87 + | - | - | - |
| 38 | 7.35 | - | - | - |
| 39 | 7.42 | | - | - |
| 40 | 7.31 | - | · - | - |
| 41 | 7.50 | | - | |
| 42 | 7.85 + | <u>-</u> | 1 · | - |
| Range | 7.19 - 7.77 | 7.86 - 8.37 | 7.38 - 7.91 | 7.98 - 8.71 |

Table LI Reading Components: Fext & Syllabus Felevision Lessons Spring, 1973-74



Completion Rates and Grade Distributions

Included in this report are data on completion rates and grade distributions. They are treated as a measurement of students' achievements in the courses under consideration, and, in the case of anthropology, to show a relationship between a higher level of achievement, a decreased withdrawal rate, and involvement in some form of evaluation process. These data are examined in terms of the information they provide for each course and on a comparative basis where appropriate. Discussion of the evaluation procedure used for the anthropology course is reserved for the final part of this section.

1. Geography

Table LII shows that while enrollment in Physical Geography rose--both on campus and for the TV course--during Spring, 1973-74, the rate of completion rose fractionally for the course on campus and fell nearly 27 percent for its television counterpart.

| | Total Registration | Tota n Complet | | |
|--------------------------|-----------------------|-------------------|--------------|--|
| | n | n | % | |
| On Campus (day college) | | | | |
| Spring, 1972-73 | 190 | 130 | 68.4 | |
| Spring, 1973-74 | 225 | 156 | 69. (| |
| On Campus (eve. college) | | | | |
| Spring, 1972-73 | - | _ | - | |
| Spring, 1973-74 | 67 | 46 | 68.7 | |
| Television | | | | |
| Spring, 1972-73 | 406 | 166 | 40.9 | |
| Spring, 1973-74 | 649 | 194 | 29.0 | |

Table LII

comparison of Completion Lates

Physical Geography

[pring, 1972-73], Opring, 1973-74



Table LIFE compares the grade distribution for Physical Geography between semesters and between on-campus and television students as well. Like the completion rate, the level of academic achievement above the grade of C remained virtually the same for on-campus students: 48.4 percent in Spring, 1972-73 and 48.1 the following spring. Distribution of grades for the two groups of television students shows that fewer of the Spring, 1973-74 students had a level of achievement above C: 40.8 percent versus 47 percent the previous year.

These statistics for the on-campus geography course, then, remained virtually unchanged for the two semesters studied; those for the TV course show that completion rates and distribution of grades, lower than those for the on-campus course to begin with, decreased the second time the course was offered.

| | A | В | С | D | F | Credi |
|------------|--------------|------------------------|------------------------------------|------------------------------------|---|---|
| n | % | % | 7. | 7. | % | % |
| | | | | | | |
| 130 156 | 21.5 17.9 | 26.9 | 36.2 34.0 | 9.2 | - | 6.2 |
| | | ! | | · • | ! | i ! : |
| 46, | 15.2 | 26.1 | 32:6 | 6.5 | - | 19.6 |
| | | | | | | |
| 166 194 | 15.1 8.3 | 31.9 32.5 | 28.3 | 4.8 | - | 19.8 |
| | 130 156 | n % 130 21.5 156 17.9 | n % % 130 21.5 26.9 156 17.9 30.2 | n % % % % 130 21.5 26.9 36.2 34.0 | n % % % % % % % % % % % % % % % % % % % | n % % % % % % % % % % % % % % % % % % % |

Table LIII

Percentage Grade Distribution Physical Geography Spring, 1972-73 & Spring, 1973-74



2. Freehand Sketching

Spring, 1973-74 was the first time Freehand Sketching was offered; there was no on-campus counterpart to the course. Table LIV combines information on registration and completion figures with that on the distribution of grades earned, and shows that slightly more than three in every four students who completed the course earned a grade above C.

| | • to me chammens around any or again. | | Dist | ribution | of Gr | ades | |
|-----------------------|---------------------------------------|------|------|----------|-------|------|--------|
| Total Registration | Total Completion | Λ | В | С | D | F | Credit |
| n | n % | % | 7, | % | % | % | % |
| 982 | 438 44.6 | 31.1 | 45.2 | 13.7 | _ | - | 10.0 |

Table LIV

Registration & Completion Figures
Percentage Grade Distribution:
Freehand Sketching
Spring, 1973-74

3. Family Risk Management

Table LV combines these data for Family Risk Manageme t, also offered for the first time during Spring, 1973-74. It snows that 74 percent of all students who completed the course achieved a grade above C.

| | | | | Distri | lbution | of Gra | des | |
|-----------------------|-----------|----------------|------|--------|---------|--------|-----|--------|
| Total Registration | Torip. | otal Letion | A | | C | 1) | F | Credit |
| n | n | | Đ | | Z |] | X | 7. |
| 244 | 85 · · | 34.8 | 32.9 | 41.2 | 22.4 | 3.5 | - | |

Ta51e 1.V

Registration a Completion Figures

Deriventage Grade Distribution:

Find Iv Risk Management

Jering, 1975-74



4. Anthropology

Table LVI shows the registration and completion figures for both on-campus and television anthropology classes. Slightly more than two in every three students who enrolled in either day or evening classes on campus completed the course; four in ten of the anthropology students did so.

| | Total Registration | Total (| Completion | |
|--|--------------------|------------|--------------|--|
| | n | n | % | |
| On Campus Day College Eve. College | 511 232 | 351 135 | 68.7 66.8 | |
| Television | 1,065 | 444 | 41.7 | |

Table LVI

Comparison of Completion Rates for Anthropology

Spring, 1973-74

| | | A | В | С | D | F | Credit |
|---|------------|--------------|--------------|--------------|------------|-----|------------|
| | n | % | % | % | % | % | ' |
| On Campus Day College Evening College | 351 155 | 21.1 14.8 | 33.9 30.3 | 34.2 40.6 | 3.1 7.1 | 3.1 | 4.6 6.5 |
| Television | 444 | 18.9 | 26.4 | 40.3 | 3.8 | - | 10.6 |

Table LVII

Percentage Grade Distribution
 Anthropology
 Spring, 1973-74

The grade distribution figures for on-campus and TV anthropology students show that the percentage of professional above the same for both HV students and evening college on-campus students: 45 percent. Fifty-five percent of on-campus day students achieved a level above C.



Completion Rate ; and Grade Distribution: Experimental vs. Control Groups

As Figure & illustrates, certain students enrolled in both television and on-campus anthropology classes participated in three types of evaluation procedures. One group was invited to keep a weekly Course Diary ("A" form) and completed, as well, a student interview midway through the semester. A second was asked to mail in a Course Diary ("B" form) at three-week intervals. A third group was requested to keep a viewing log of all television shows watched by their household for a week near the beginning of the semester and one near its end. Half the students enrolled in an on-campus class were also asked to maintain a Course Diary (the "B" form). All students were chosen at random; all experimental groups were mutually exclusive.

Not all students who were approached agreed to participate; of those who did, not all completed which ever evaluation procedure in which they were involved. The difference in rates of completion and level of academic achievement between those who did participate (with varying degrees of persistence) and those in the control group was much more than had been anticipated. The results of the study, which are presented in table form on page 85, seem a rather significant testimony to the premise that if a student—and most especially a television student—can be engaged in some form of on—going participation, of interaction, with the institution, he is more likely to complete his course and, as well, achieve at a higher level.



| | | On Car | npus | n en me en en en en en en en en en en en en en | Televisio | n | |
|--------------|-----------|------------------------|------------------|--|------------------------|----------------|------------------|
| | | Course Diary Form B | Control Group | Course Diary Form A | Course Diary Form B | Viewing Log | Control Group |
| | n | 30 | 143 | 36 | 28 | 32 | 130 |
| | | % | % | % | % | % | * |
| | A | 35.7 | 11.9 | 16.7 | 7.1 | 18.8 | 6.9 |
| DISTRIBUTION | В | 32.1 | 25.2 | 13.9 | 17.9 | 15.6 | 10.8 |
| FRIBI | C | 28.6 | 30.1 | 38.9 | 17.9 | 25.0 | 15.4 |
| DIST | D | 3.6 | 3.5 | - | - | - | 1.5 |
| GRADE | F | - | - | - | - | - | - |
| | CR | - | - | 11.1 | 17.9 | 12.5 | 3.8 |
| PERCENTAGE | NCR | - | - | 8.3 | 10.7 | 9.4 | 23.9 |
| PERCI | Withdrew | - | 28.7 | 11.1 | 21.4 | 18.8 | 37.7 |
| (| Incomplet | e - | .6 | - | - | | - |
| | Total | 100.0 | 100.0 | 100.0 | 100.0 | 100.0 | 100.0 |

Table LVIII

Completion Rates & Percentage Grade Distribution:
Control vs. Experimental Groups
Anthropology, Spring, 1973-74

As the table illustrates, 37 percent of the control group withdrew from the television course, compared with 11.1, 21.4, and 18.8 percent respectively of the experimental groups. The number of students receiving "no credit" did not exceed 10 percent in any of the experimental groups; 24 percent of the control group were in that category. And, while slightly more than 17 percent of the control group received a grade above C, the range for the same level of achievement in the experimental groups was between 25 and 34.4 percent.

A final note of interest here is the fact that, while students who maintained the "B" form of the Course Diary assigned generally higher mean scores to course



aspects about which they were asked--than did those of the "A" group--so did fewer from this group complete the cours or achieve higher grades.

IV. TV STUDENT INTERVIEWS, SPRING, 1974

We interviewed a rotal of 73 students enrolled in television courses during the Spring, 1973-74, semester. The majority of the sample were women (61.6 percent), as Table LIX indicates. All who furnished us with information in this format were drawn from the sample TV student population which kept a Course Diary ("A" form) throughout the semescer.

| Course | Men | Women |
|--|-------------------|--------------------|
| | n | n |
| Anthropology Freehand Sketching Physical Geography Family Risk Management | 7 7 11 3 | 18 20 6 1 |
| Totals | 28 | 45 |

Table LIX
Television Student Interviews

For slightly more than 70 percent of the sample, this was the initial experience in taking a television course. Sixty percent indicated they are presently enrolled in other, on-campus classes (compared with 80 percent of those interviewed the preceding semester); of these, one in four are taking 10 or more units.

Althours als 17 percent defined themselves primarily as students, nearly two-triples of these interviewed are working toward a degree or certificate. It is interesting to note that while over three-fourths of the students enrolled in both the course of the students enrolled in both less than half at those taking freehand Sketching expressed concern mount obtaining



Risk Management class also said that the classification of "general interest student" most aptly described them.

Nearly two in three of the spring sample selected "convenience" as the deciding factor in taking a relevision course. This can be compared to the preceding semester, when slightly less than half of those interviewed chose convenience and another 29 percent indicated a need for units as the overriding consideration.

Forty-two percent learned of the TV course in which they subsequently enrolled through a mailed brochure, as opposed to only nine percent the preceding semester. On-campus sources of TV course information as determinants—namely, brochures and class schedules—decreased from 52.9 percent in the fall to 29.6 in the spring.

These factors—coupled with the decreased number of students (21.2 percent in factors 17.8 in spring) who defined themselves primarily as students, the increase of those enrolled in a TV course only, or who are taking a course for reasons other than working toward a degree—indicate that televised education is to a bing more to the population who are not "students" by any of the traditional coefficients.

While the apporting of students interviewed felt the concept of a facilitator was apportung reven though most said they had no occasion to contact theirs), a famile all voices appears with the overall course program and the coordination of its appearance, their relations in these areas of questionning will be discussed in a proceeding entry in the specific strengths and weakness that a case areas are as a particular and a composition of the specific strengths and weakness that are strength and a composition of the specific strength with Table LXI, so laborated transfer and a composition of the specific strength with Table LXI, so laborate transfer and a composition of the specific strength interview form and the student interview form



1. Anthropology

Students enrolled in this course almost unanimously had a favorable reaction to televised instruction as a way of learning. They stressed the responsibility and self-discipline necessary to make the experience a productive one.

When asked what they would identify as the best features of the course, their answers centered around the course structure (organization was evaluated as consistently good), the learning opportunities present through the use of ethnographic filming, and what could be termed the personality or presence of the instructor.

Criticisms were more varied. Those directed toward the TV lessons included numerous complaints about guest speakers, many of whom were adjudged boring, too technical, or liable to wander too far afield of the subject. Three students found the lesson formats boring; one cited poor visual aids.

Although anthropology students assigned a mean score of 4.04, i.e., "good" to the course text and syllabus, this overall assessment was qualified by a fairly high level of discontent, particularly with reference to the syllabus. It was criticized because of its high price--"ridiculous"--and what many felt to be its lack of relatedness, along with the text, to the TV segment of the course. Some students expressed the opinion that the syllabus and text were good and went well with the televised portions. Those who indicated they were satisfied with the reading materials, however, were outnumbered by those who expressed, in varying degrees, dissatisfaction.

Student response to questionning about course examination(s) was based on one quiz and a midterm, and probably is more reflective of individual ability than of test content: evaluation ranged from opinions that the tests were easy estimatered after material which had been adequately covered, to very difficult whose tests to be a first rector's advance preparation, organization and emphasis on what to study. This opinion range seemed equally weighted at either extreme.



when asked what could be done to improve the course, students had a variety of suggestions, some of which were concise and well thought out. One wished to see a traiter which would conclude each program by 1) inviting students to contact campus with any questions, 2) providing information on this procedure, and 3) specifying time and location of tests and study sessions. Taped review sessions were recommended, as were additional quizzes, specified assignments, and guest speakers who could communicate on less erudite levels. A few felt the lack "mman support" (92 percent of those interviewed said they had had no reason to contact the course facilitator and did not anticipate doing so); some saw on-campus study or review sessions as desirable.

In general, taen, students indicated they liked their experience (at least to the date of the interview) in anthropology. Their concern and their critical cisms to used much more on components other than the televised lessons. As is discussed in the following pages, students enrolled in anthropology are joined by those in other courses in these kinds of critical commentary. Overall, assessment of this occurse reflected confidence on the students' part that they were gramping the material presented, even though in some cases there were disconsiderable, "It works."

2. Freehand Sketching

The object of the trial course was the most enthusiastic yet encountered.

The object is fixed to rectioned reservation to who elearted endersement or Cline and the seatiment, "It's too fast," or a fixed trial or the rapid base. Although the seatiment, "It's too fast," or a fixed trial or the same time." was quite widespread, no constitution of the course to drive over and over, students and other according to the instructor, the simplicity of the course trains, which is a confident of the course trains.



When asked about aspects of the course other than that of the TV lessons, students critical of text, syllabus, or examination were very few in number. Only one student was less than approving of the syllabus, saying it contained no pictures. Of the text, one person said it didn's provide enough help, that it lacked explanation and another said it was expensive and he didn't use it much. Most said these materials were correlated well with the lessons, that they summarized what the instructor was teaching, were explicing and prepared one well for the midterm.

Reaction to the midterm was very favorable; st dents saw it as "a great way to give a test," as simple and comprehensive, and indicated they had been well prepared.

Quaried about possible improvements in the class, students suggested in various ways that the pace be slowed, e.g., have longer sessions, allow more time to complete sketches. Over half the students we spoke with indicated that the letter received at the course's beginning was less than "very helpful; answered all questions." Several of these said they didn't receive the letter; the others indicated there wasn't much to it. One student, interjecting a note of humor, referred to the letter as "pretty sketchy."

Perhaps the dominant theme of student opinion regarding Freehand Sketching was the knowledge that, with each succeeding lesson, they were learning to draw. They could chart their own progress simply by seeing what Mr. MacIntyre was doing and then trying it on their own. Their rewards, so to speak, were real and immediate, and may possibly explain their overall lack of anxiety or criticism about grading and exams. Perhaps six or seven students interviewed defined themselves as "arterstal" or "irt teachers," the others had had previous experience in drawing which range from "come" to "none at all." Yet favorable reaction to this course transpended the grade of professed experience and artistic ability.

 $^{^*}$ by these by table to take the midterm at the scheduled times, the test was made asset to be appeal library.



3. Geography

The subjective, opinion gathering area of all the student interviews began with the question, "From your experience so far, how do you feel about televised instruction as a way of learning?" Since the majority (seventy percent) of the sample indicated this was their first occasion to enroll in a TV course, their answers were predicated largely on their impressions, their perceived degree of "success," etc., in this first course. Thus, favorable impressions resulted in cases where students feir they were doing well and conversely, if trouble were encountered in the particular course, attitudes toward televised instruction as a way of learning tended to be less than enthusiastic.

The course Physical Geography is a case in point. Most students whom we interviewed were critical; only a few volunteered comments to the effect that... televised learning (in general) seems good because of its flexibility and non-interference in one's work day, schedule, etc.

Criticism extended to all components of the course. The complaints that Physical Geography was too difficult for a "beginning level course" are explainable in large legree by negative comments concerning the course structure: "unor-yanized... ittempts to cover too much—the choice of experiments are poor;" the pace, with a service felt to be too fast; the instructor's presentation—"he uses termened by the doesn's explain"—and the lessons' abrupt endings. Students felt tree warres suffered from poor technical coordination and lack of clarity and warrety in presential visual information.

Iwo referes togeths approved of the textbook used, according it "depth...
and applicability to course," but the majority of those interviewed felt the text
was the first or, so to bailed, and was sufficiently unrelated to concepts, the
constraint of wad of the stability per vived themselves responsible, as to be of
the concepts of the concepts of the first order of the major complaint here was
the first of the first ulty in obtaining it.



Lack of communication regarding course goals, the expectations of the instructor, information regarding testing--both in terms of content and procedure--that was felt to be missing or unclear was a source of considerable frustration to most of the students with whom we talked. The few who did attend a review session were very dissatisfied with it; they felt the facilitator to be unprepared and unconcerned.

and the second of the second o

Questionning regarding the midterm examination failed to produce a single favorable comment. Aside from the most often repeated statement that the test was "hard," this student assessment was qualified in two main areas: the wide-spread feeling that there was inadequate preparation for the exam (and therefore an absence of knowing what to expect) and that the exam itself covered too much material.

Students suggested revising the structure of the television lessons, slowing the pace, and a much more extended definition of terms. In this course more than in any of the others was the felt need for two-way communication on an on-going basis. A partial solution to the problem was seen by some students to be a text which is coordinated with the course and a system of testing which would enable more frequent measurement of academic progress.

4. Family Risk Management

Since the number of students enrolled in Family Risk Management to complete an interview was only four, their responses—while interesting—cannot, with any reliability, be considered indicative of student response to the course. Therefore, while their answers are included in Table LIX, which shows the distribution of response to part of the interview form, their course evaluation is not detailed.



| | Barrings sugs - gibi, pepris, a round occión social segundante galones disperimenta como en la como en la casa como co | n en la marija (francisca) en la colonia de enfrancista de francisca a canada de | Number | Percent |
|----------|--|--|-----------------|---------------------|
| | | | | |
| 1. | why did you decide to take a TV c | course? | | |
| | Interest in course Convenience | | 6 54 | 7.1 63. 5 |
| | Need units | | 12 | 14.1 |
| | Interest in this medium of preser | ntation | 2 | 2.4 |
| | Job advancement or promotion | | • | - |
| | Other | | 11 | 12.9 |
| | because it's easy | 1. | | |
| | a friend took it | .i. 1 | | |
| | love to draw (sketching) It's free | 1 | | |
| _ | know + GWC instructor | Ī | | |
| | qualitied under G.I. bill | 1 | | |
| | want an education | 1 | | |
| | gas line shortage | 1 | | |
|) | Is this your first TV class? | | | |
| | Yes | | 50 | 70.4 |
| | No | | 21 | 29.6 |
| | What other(s) have you taker | 1? | | |
| | psychology | 6 | | |
| | consumer contest | 7 | | |
| | geography law | 3 4 | | |
| | history of art | 8 | | |
| | course through another | | | |
| | school | 1 | | |
| 3. | How did you first learn about you | ur present cour | se? | |
| | TV announcement | | 3 | 4.2 |
| | Radio announcement | | - | - 8.4 |
| | Newspaper | | 6 7 | 9.9 |
| | Brothure picked up on campus Brothure picked up off campus | | 3 | 4.2 |
| | Schedul, of classes | | 8 | 11.3 |
| | other | | | |
| | friend | | 8 | 11.3 |
| | malied brochure | | 30 | 42.3 |
| | looken for IV class at regi | stration | 4 1 | 5.6 1.4 |
| | from a instructor from a counselor on campus | | 1 | 1.4 |
| | Thus, a country for our company | | - | |
| . | In which class are you enrolled? | | | |
| | Anthropology | | 25 27 | 34.2 |
| | Maria a como Alesta de Lordona. | | $\frac{27}{17}$ | 37.0 23.3 |
| | - Seograpsy Family wisk Management | | , | 5.5 |
| | . this parties is the incident | Total | $\frac{4}{73}$ | 100.0 |
| | | | | |



| | | Number | Percent |
|----|---|--|--------------|
| 5. | And you presently enrolled in other, on- ampus courses: | १९५८ (म. १९४८) १८६४ (सम्बद्धाः स्थापन्तः स्थापन्तः । इ.स.च्या | |
| | No | 29 | 39.7 |
| | Yes How many units? | 44 | 60.3 |
| | 1-3 | 11 | 25.0 |
| | 4-6 7-9 | 7 | 15.9 |
| | 10 or above | 13 12 | 29.5 27.3 |
| | high school classes | 12 | 27.3 |

The Balance of Table Reflects Distribution

| of Response by Course | | | | | | | | | | |
|-----------------------|---|--------------------|------------------------------|----------------|----------------------|--------|----------------------|---------------|----------------------|-----------------------------------|
| | | | | Fr | Freehand | | Physical | | mily | |
| | | Pology | | Sk | | | Geography | | | Total |
| 6. | How would you rate the letter you received from the instruc- tor when you began the course? Very helpful; answered all questions Helpful, but left out important information | n | % | r | | n | % | n | | 1 % |
| | | | | | | | | : | | |
| | | 19 | 76.0 | 13 | 48.2 | 9 | 52.9 | 2 | 50.0 | 58 9 |
| | | ٠ 4 | 16.0 | 5 | 18.5 | 6 | 35.3 | 1 | | 21.9 |
| | Left out information | $\frac{2}{25}$ | $\frac{8.0}{100.0}$ | <u>9</u> 27 | $\frac{33.3}{100.0}$ | 17 | $\frac{11.8}{100.0}$ | $\frac{1}{4}$ | $\frac{25.0}{100.0}$ | $\frac{19.2}{100.0}$ |
| 7. | Have you contacted the facilitator for your course? | | | | | | | | | |
| | Yes: by telephone by actual mesting (was he or she easily available to you?) yes: | 2 1 1 2 | 8.0 | 5 5 1 | 22.2 | 3 3 | 17.6 | _ | - | 15.1 |
| | No: don't feel it necessary tried, couldn't reach intend to, haven't yet other | 23 22 - 1 | 92.0 | 21 21 | 77.8 | | 82.4 | 4 | 100.0 | 84.9 |
| d. | How important is the facilitator? | 1 | | | | | : | | , (| |
| | Every course should have them available Depends on the course Not necessary Other | 21 3 1 - 25 | 84.0 12.0 4.0 100.0 | 6 | 77.8 22.2 | 1 1 | 88.2 5.9 5.9 | - | 100.0 | 83.6 13.7 2.7 - 100.0 |

(Responses to questions 9 through 16 are omitted in this table: cheir purpose was to supply information on a subjective, individual opinion basis. Responses to these questions are dealt with at appropriate places in discussion of courses.)



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| | | pol | hro- ogy | Ske | ehand tching | Geo | | Ris | k Mg. | 9: |
|-----|--|--------------|-----------------------------|------------------------|--------------------|-----------------------|--------------------------|-------|------------------------|----|
| | How many working television sets are there in your household? | | <u> </u> | | <u> </u> | n | <u> </u> | n. | % | |
| | One set Two sets Three sets Four sets Five sets | 110 111 3 | 40.0 44.0 12.0 4.0 | 11 7 4 4 1 | | 7 9 - 2 - | 41.2 52.9 - 5.9 | 3 - 1 | 75.0 - 25.0 - | |
| 18. | Does it often happen that others in the household want to view a program at a time that would prevent you from watching a TV lesson? | | | | | | | | | |
| | Yes, very often Yes, but not very often Seldom Never | 5 - 20 | 20.0 - 80.0 | 1 1 25 | 3.7 3.7 92.6 | 1 1 1 15 | 5.9 5.9 88.2 | 1 - 3 | 25.0 - 75.0 | |

Table continues on next page.



| 4 4 | COPY AVAILABLE | | | |
|--|---|--|--|--|
| All Courses n % 46 63.0 27 37.0 | 13 17.8 7 9.6 27 37.0 21 28.8 5 6.8 | 2 2.7 5 6.8 57 78.2 9 12.3 | 6 8.2 35 47.9 28 38.4 4 5.5 73 100.0 | 35 47.9 36 49.4 2 2.7 73 100.0 |
| Family Risk Management n 2 4 100.0 | 75 | 1 25.0 3 75.0 | 1 1 1 1 | 1 25.0 3 75.0 |
| Physical Geography n 3 76.5 4 23.5 | 2 11.8 2 11.8 10 58.8 2 11.3 1 5.9 | 1 5.9 16 94.1 | 1 1 1 1 | 8 47.1 9 52.9 17 100.0 |
| eeeh eerc | 5 18.5 4 14.8 7 25.9 8 29.6 3 11.1 | 1 3.7 2 2 7.4 19 70.4 6 18.5 | 1 1 1 1 | 14 51.9 13 48.1 27 100.0 |
| Anthropology n (20 80.0 5 20.0 | 6 24.0 1 4.0 7 28.0 1 44.0 | 1 4.0 1 4.0 19 76.0 4 16.0 | i 1 1 1 | $\begin{array}{cccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$ |
| How would you classify yourself? Student working toward degree General interest student Son-student | rincipal secupation? ed r wages/salary | What is your position in your household? Single, live alone Single, live with non-relatives Single, head of household Husband or wife Son or daughter How many hours a day would you estimate that you watch television? | Less than one hour One-two hours Two and one-half-four hours More than four How is your reception of Channel 50, | |
| .61 | ė | : | 23. | |



Distribution of Response TV Student Interviews Spring, 1973-74



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| `. | Serie O. Bellie. | (n=25) Authorphoge | (n-27) Freehand Sketching | (n-17) Physical Geography | (n-4) Family Risk Management |
|----|---|-----------------------|---------------------------------|---------------------------------|------------------------------|
| | | X | x | x | х |
| ١. | fext book | 4.04 | 3.81 | 3.58 | 2.50 |
| • | Amount of info. provided by cam- pus facilitator | 3.66 | 3.75 | 3.33 | _ |
| _ | Content of exams | 3.87 | 4.20 | 3.06 | 3.33 |
| • | Scheduling of exams | 3.72 | 3.80 | 3.26 | 3.50 |
| | Grading procedure | 3.75 | 3.66 | 3.33 | 4.00 |
| | TV lessons | 3.90 | 4.07 | 3. 26 | 4.50 |
| | Pace of TV lessons | 3.68 | 3.68 | 2.82 | 3.75 |
| • | Schedule of TV lesson broadcasts | 3.64 | 3.75 | 3.58 | 3.75 |
| • | Quality of TV broadcast recept. | 3.60 | 3.03 | 3.64 | 4.50 |
| • | Scope & balance of info. in lesson | 3.64 | 4.23 | 3.64 | 4.00 |
| | Relevance of course materials for your needs | 4.00 | 4.11 | 3.40 | 3.00 |
| • | Visiting experts & guests in lessons | 3.68 | 2.50 | 3.00 | 4.00 |
| • | Overall academic quality | 4.25 | 4.04 | 3.93 | 4.33 |
| • | Rating compared with other courses | 4.04 | 3.79 | 3.41 | 4.00 |

LABLE LXI

Mean Scores of Spring, 1973-74 TV Courses (taken from IV Student Interviews)



Television courses offered to date through Coast Community College District are those of an introductory or entry level in their particular discipline. The great majority of people who take these courses do not have the background in the subject necessary for content evaluation; criticism of course orientation or subject presentation is virtually absent. Rather, the focus of concern for these students is in the areas of information flow, course organization, and clarity of detail.

Many of these concerns, voiced in previous semesters, were still being articulated in Spring, 1973-74. They may be summarized as follows: the desire for more--and more varied forms of--testing, increased opportunity for review sessions (either taped or on-campus), better synthesis of course components (lesson, text, and syllabus), better textual aids, particularly syllabi, more explanation of the function of these components in relation to one another, greater availability of course materials. Students stressed again and again their desire for more clearly detailed and repetitive information in lesson broadcasts: the number and title of the lesson being aired, times and dates of testing, seminars, etc., and what textual materials accompany which lessons.

These, then, are the problems students perceive in their TV course experience. Coupled with the fact that the majority of TV students, through three semesters of data gathering, do not seek out their course facilitator or attend on-campus a given, etc., these areas of concern are seen to be most effectively resolved through present channels of ommunication. It has become increasingly obvious that the main advantage of taking a course in one's own home is that of convenience. The other students interviewed indicated this directly; while not asked of set a nvenience was a determining factor, students sampled through the post-course passitionnaire have provided enough related data to demonstrate that convenience is a secondariation of the students students enroll because of a need for credits toward a tagree or cut of general interest, they opt for the televised course because it



can be taken at home. Fransportation is not seen as a problem by the majority, nor--from the average family income indicated--would money seem to be, although there is no way, given the way in which the data were gathered, to substantiate this. One factor, clearly, is important--that of time--which commands priorities in work, in family life, and of which there seems little to spare in pursuit of a desired education.

The factor of convenience assumes added significance when one considers the trend--demonstrated earlier in this report--of the increasing attraction television course offerings are having for people who can by no traditional definition be labeled college students. (Of the students who responded to the question regarding the amount of precious education, only one-fourth indicated more than a year of college had been completed. Slightly less than half were concurrently enrolled on campus and forty percent did not consider themselves as students in any capacity.)

As the offering of different kinds of television courses are drawing more so-called "non-students," course completion rates have been falling: 46.1 percent in Spring, 1972-73; 44.9 percent in Fall, 1973-74; and 37.6 percent in Spring, 1973-74. Since there is an increase in the number of students indicating that their main reason for taking a course is one of "general interest" (one-third of the Spring, 1973-71, student simple,) it may be that these students are not that concerned with inhibite the class in the first place. We do know from the post-course evaluation response (which comprised 50.2 percent of all Spring TV students who completed their course) that more (48.1 percent) of the students who took the final examination were metivated by exclusive credit as their first consideration. More than one in four, however, the Ref "general interest." Forty-nine percent of the respondents who did not take the final (19.6 percent of the 2,016 non-takers) indicated their products their first consideral interest," yet in additional neether; list he k the earning of credit toward a degree.



While the manufactures, to make any definitive statements regarding the particles of the decrease, we are the control of the courses, we are the of the season of the courses, we are the off, with season of the control of the caperions of the course of th

Willy interviews with stable to mring the semester have provided these kinds of intights and chabled, to a pertain extent, these conclusions, certain of the real gathered from the post-correct angle confirm them. No less than two thirds-confirmations of the classes, to percent-of the course variables for all IV areas offered gring a mester received a higher ranking from studenal who took to the classes.

The factor of the report we fill assed the results of the experiment consected and the consected beauty asset from the fact that we received beauty assessment of the evaluation process the experimental in the evaluation process the experimental interpretation of the experimental angles of with irresponding to the experimental angles of with irresponding to their respectively. I mention the experimental interpretation is the experimental interpretation of the experimental interpretation in the experimental interpretation of the experimental interpretation of the experimental interpretation in the experimental interpretation of the experime

The first and the present of cing press fores is a less ellent one in plant. For, one to the restrict of the original of these carefled in Freehand Sketsming, disjects with a specific present of the press first of the present of th



answer, "I don't know/I'm not sure--I haven't getten my grade yet." Virtually of) the Prechand sketching students we sampled knew from lesson to lesson the skills they were requiring; the cest scores were seen largely as a confirmation of their progress. The majority of all students interviewed felt that two tests-a mili-term examination and a final--were not sufficient, particularly given the lack of other ways in which their rate of learning could be measured. The lack of patricient testing was further qualified by dissatisfaction with the existing . reduling: a mid-term examitor the initial test was viewed as too far along in the wayse. Type stadenes were willing to fome to campus for more frequent quinzes; thers lesired pail-in tests. Many found mastery of large amounts of information regulated by mid-semester to be difficult. More frequent and earlier testing would party several purposest it would involve students more quickly, furnish them with the blod of measurement for which they indicate a need, provide additional experson with the work important area of how-to-take-a-test, and by covering smaller The rolling one of only two opporthe flex to flex law set is rectorily one's progress.

* Let a construct the closed to irring. The mariety and number of courses available to maries and research to the closed to irring. The mariety and number of courses available to maries and research to mest entanciastic response, indicating that ROCE is a court, to entarch on its prearment a extend educational apportunity to the graduation of a even. Inherent in this goal is the centinued commitment on the graduational decomposition of the continued commitment on the graduation of the continued commitment of the graduation of the continued commitment of the graduation of the continued commitment of the continued education of the continued commitment of the graduation of the continued commitment of the continued education of the continued



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APPENDIX A

POST-COURSE STUDENT EVALUATION

&
DEMOGRAPHIC QUESTIONNAIRE

(MAILED TO ALL TELEVISION STUDENTS AT CONCLUSION OF SPRING, 1973-74 SEMESTER)



we was now to throughout the moments to import the following questions? Many thanks.

| | new did you first land about the relevision course? | |
|-----|--|---------|
| | 1. Present up a Problement | 1 2 3 4 |
| . • | og men og skipter og krave vom compteted? | |
| | 1. Proposed to the smaller of the second of | 3 |
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| | | |



| 5. | What time(s) of the day are best? | |
|-----|---|---|
| | 1. 6 a.m 8 a.m | 1 2 3 4 1 2 3 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 |
| 6. | To what extent have you contacted the on-campus course facilitator? | |
| | 1. Often | 1 2 3 4 |
| 7. | Has it been easy to contact the on campus course facilitator? | |
| | 1. Never tried | 1 2 3 4 1 |
| 8. | Did you attend the seminars or study sessions? | |
| | 1. Yes | |
| | If No, why not: | |
| | 3. Inconvenient times | 1 2 3 4 1 |
| ٠. | Which was the most useful television lesson? | |
| | Which was the least useful relevision lesson? | |
| 10. | | |
| | 1. Y., | |
| | It Yes, what subject area is most important to you? | |



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|-----|---|-------------|----------------|-----------|----------|---------|---|---------------------------------|
| 14. | Overall academic quality | | | | | | | |
| 15. | In comparison with on- campus courses in which you may have enrolled, how would you rate this course? | | | | | | | |
| 12. | What TV channel did you motaking this course? | st ofte | n watc | h while | 9 | | | |
| | KABC-TV, Channel 7 KOCE-TV, Channel 50 - Other Please specify | | | | | | $\begin{bmatrix} 1 & 1 \\ 2 & 3 \end{bmatrix}$ | |
| 13. | Did the course assist you | directl | y at t | his ti | me? | | | |
| | 1. Yes | | | | | | $\begin{array}{c c} & 1 \\ \hline & 2 \\ \end{array}$ | |
| 14. | Would you recommend it to | someone | else? | | | | | |
| | 1. Yes | | | | | | $\frac{1}{2}$ | |
| 15. | Why did you select this co | | سيه موسيد در د | | | | | |
| 16. | What could have been done tor you? | to impr | rove th | e cour | 40 | Ì | | |
| 17. | What is your occupation? | | | | | 4.44.40 | | |
| | 1. Business executive = = 2. Fine Arts = = = = = = = = = = = = = = = = = = = | | | | | | 1 | e ign en a suive to reference e |



| • • | 84: | to be your occupation. (continued) | - Continue |
|--------------|-------------|--|--|
| | 8. | Sales/customer service | П 4 |
| | 9. | Self-employed | 1 |
| | 10. | Tradesman/journeyman/technician | 2 |
| | | Not urrently employed | - 3 |
| | 11. | Other | 1-1 4 |
| | 12. | Other | " |
| | | rease specify | |
| 18. | | transportation available to take you to and from ollege campus or community learning center? | |
| | 1. | Yes | <u> </u> |
| | 2. | No | 2 |
| 19. | | it is the most important reason for you to enroll a telecourse? | |
| | 1. | High school credit | 1 1 |
| | 3 | To earn credit toward a college degree | 2 |
| | 3. | Professional or occupational improvement | |
| | ., • | an alternation of the second s |] 3 |
| | | Congress interest | 4 |
| | 4. 5. | Other | 1 |
| |) • | Please specify | |
| 20. | | w many of your legal dependents live in your usehold? | |
| | 1. | One | |
| | 2. | Two | 2 |
| | 3. | Three | 3 |
| | • • | Four | 4 |
| | | Five or pore | 1 |
| | h. | None | 2 |
| | | | |
| 21. | | a regular work day, during which period of time work the most hours? | |
| | 1. • | Dav (3 a.m. to 5 p.m.) | |
| | . • | Night (5 p.m. to 1 a.m.) | 2 |
| | <u> </u> | Graveward (1 a.m. to 3 a.m.) |] 3 |
| | '. . | Do not work | 4 |
|) \ ~ ~ • | | e there reasons which prevent you from attending asses on campus? | |
| | 1. | Yes | |
| | • | • • • | 2 |
| | •. • | If Yes, please specify | programme and the second secon |
| • | , | en en en en en en en en en en en en en e | |
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| | 1. | Less than 83,000 | |
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| | • • | \$15,600 or nore | 1 |
| | î. | Sin,000 or nore | |
| | ١. | Decline to state = = = = = = = = = = = = = = = = = = = | |
| | | | |
| | | 4 10 | |
| 25. | 711 | : is your position in your household? | \ |
| | | | |
| | . • | Single, live alone | |
| | | Single, live with nonrelative(s) | |
| | | Strigge, five with many factor cov | - |
| | ١. | Single, head of household | 4 |
| | ′: . | Bushand or Wife | |
| | ١, | Jen or Daughter | |
| | | | |
| | | | |
| | \ • -, , | were reall or part-time student at this time? | |
| . • | • . | ' | |
| | , | The second secon | |
| | | | 2 |
| | ·` • | Yes, extension, correspondence on TV course | 1 |
| | 3. | Ass, high school | 3 |
| | | Yes, 2-year community college | 4 |
| | •• | Yes, Cilifornia State College or University | |
| | ٠. | This, Uniteditity active the contractions | 2 |
| | · . | Yas, University of California | 1 |
| | | | |
| | | | <u> </u> |
| , | Hora | many bours per week do you work? | |
| | | | F |
| | 1 | None | <u> </u> |
| | , , | | 2 |
| | . • | | 3 |
| |) . | 1:-19 | |
| | , | 20 - 24 | |
| | | -10 - 39 | |
| | ٠, . | (p) = (n) = = = = = = = = = = = = = = = = = = = | 2 |
| | | d or nore |] } |
| | · • | 11/ (-1 - 101) | b and |
| | | | |
| 8.42 | | e is your etunic or racial background? | |
| ·· • | A | to the court of the recommendation | |
| | | | |
| | 1 | Causasion on Wilter | |
| | . • | Medicines Chicago | \ \-\-\-\-\-\-\-\-\-\-\-\-\-\-\-\-\-\-\ |
| | ; . | Name of Black | 3 |
| | | Criental | 4 |
| | ٠. | Specification | |
| | • | werkers indicated and a second | |
| | | 1988 P | |
| | ٠. | Calling to state | 3 |
| | | | |
| | | | 1 |
| | | or profik television students should visit a | |
| | • | | |
| .***. | | Home commus f | |
| | | Hege camus: | |
| 29. | ٠, ٧ | | [] |
| | 1. | | |
| 29. | 1. | | |
| 29. | • | | 1 2 3 |



| 3U • | Please check well age. | |
|------|--|---|
| | 1. 15 - 17 | 1 2 3 4 1 2 |
| 31. | Please check your sex. | |
| | 1. Male | 1 2 |
| 32. | While enrolled in a television course, were you also enrolled in another course that was taught on campus? 1. Yes | |
| 33. | Did you maintain any of the following for the course? | |
| | 1. Course Diary | 1 2 3 |
| 34. | Did you take the final exam for this course? | |
| | 1. Yes | $\begin{array}{c c} & 1 \\ & 2 \end{array}$ |

THANK YOU FOR YOUR HELP.



APPENDIX B

LETTER OF INVITATION

COURSE DIARY FORM A







1370 ADAMS AVENUE + COSTA MESA + CALIFORNIA 92626

NORMAN E WATSON CHANCELLOR

Dear Student:

As part of our evaluation of televised instruction, we are inviting a number of students to maintain weekly diaries of their activities in taking their television courses. Those participating in the study will answer a few questions each week about the television lessons they watched and will be interviewed once during the semester for the purpose of assessing the quality of the television course they are taking. It will require about five minutes per week to keep up the diaries and the interview will be about fifteen minutes long. It will be conducted either on the college campus or at the Coast Community College District administration building.

Students participating in the study will be paid \$10 at the end of the semester. We would like to invite you to join the group who will be working with us this semester to help us improve our television courses. If you would like to do this, please fill out the enclosed form and return it using the postage-paid envelope. Because we can work with only one hundred students, it is important to return the form immediately. Only the first one hundred who reply will be able to join us.

Thank you, and good luck with your college program.

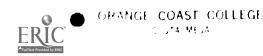
Best regards,

Richard W. Brightman.

Director, Institutional Research Coast Community College District

RWB/cay

Enclosures 2



APPENDIX C

SAMPLE LETTER OF INVITATION
COURSE DIARY FORM B

(SENT TO TV STUDENTS ENROLLED IN CULTURAL ANTHROPOLOGY AND SEWING)



1370 ADAMS AVENUE . COSTA MESA . CALIFORNIA 92626

NORMAN E WATSON - CHANCELLOR

Dear Student:

As part of our program to evaluate college courses, we ask you to join us in examining the Cultural Anthropology course in which you are now enrolled. We will contact you six times during the semester and ask you to answer a few brief questions about five lessons of the course. It should take only a few minutes to answer the questions and we would appreciate your returning the enclosed questionnaire using the postage paid envelope by return mail.

Your information will be kept strictly confidential and will have no relationship to your course grade. Thank you very much for your help.

Sincerely,

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. 111) #

Director, Institutional Research Coast Community College District

RWB/tlh Enclosures (2)

APPENDIX D

COURSE DIARY
FORM A

(MAILED AT WEEKLY INTERVALS)



INSTRUCTIONS

COURSE DIARY

Each week of the semester, answer questions about television lessons watched during the week. Answer the questions only for the <u>one</u> television course for which you are providing information even though you may be enrolled in more than one.

If you did not watch a T.V. lesson during the week, check question I accordingly and skip the remaining questions.

If you watched more than one lesson for the course during the week, write the names of the lessons in the spaces provided in Question 2. Then refer to the lessons as "A," "B," or "C," according to the line on which they are written.



| TALLD | | | | | _ | <u> </u> | |
|-------------|-----------------------|--|-----------------|--------------------|--------------------|----------|------|
| AU N | SE (| DI ARY | | 1 | WEEK OF | | |
| <u>}ues</u> | | *** | | | | | |
| i • | What | t T.V. lessons did you watch this w | cek? | | | | |
| 4 | . جنيد عو | | - | BES | T COPY | AVAILABL | £ |
| - | | | | | | | |
| í | $\overline{\Box}$ | I did not watch a lesson this week | darillarudas. 1 | | | | |
| 2. 1 | | e any of the lessons you watched th | | leggong | vou had | not Wat | ched |
| | | ore? | ALC WEEF | res onio | you muu | iiot wae | |
| [| | No Yes: What were they? A. | | | | | |
| ľ | | В. | | | | | |
| | | D | | | | | |
| | | E | #2 4 | | | د ماء | |
| | | If you answered "No" to questions remaining questions. | #2, do no | ot answe | r any or | tne | |
| | | cellent," 4 for "very good," 3 for d." Write the number in the column lesson(s) you watched this week as | | | | 42. | |
| , | ne₩ | lesson(s) you watched this week as | Lesson A | | estion f | | Le |
| , | | lesson(s) you watched this week as | Lesson A | ed in qu Lesson | estion f Lesson | Lesson | Le |
| | new a) | lesson(s) you watched this week as | Lesson A | ed in qu Lesson | estion f Lesson | Lesson | Le |
| | new a) b) | lesson(s) you watched this week as Content of television presentation | Lesson A | ed in qu Lesson | estion f Lesson | Lesson | Le |
| | a) b) c) | Content of television presentation Pace of television presentation Relevance of television pre- | Lesson A | ed in qu Lesson | estion f Lesson | Lesson | Le |
| | a) b) c) | Content of television presentation Pace of television presentation Relevance of television pre- sentation to course | Lesson A | ed in qu Lesson | estion f Lesson | Lesson | Le |
| | a) b) c) d) | Content of television presentation Pace of television presentation Relevance of television presentation Relevance of television presentation to course Text readings for the lesson Syllabus readings for the 'esson | Lesson A | ed in qu Lesson | estion f Lesson | Lesson | Le |
| | a) b) c) | Content of television presentation Pace of television presentation Relevance of television pre- sentation to course Text readings for the lesson | Lesson A | ed in qu Lesson | estion f Lesson | Lesson | Le |
| | a) b) c) d) | Content of television presentation Pace of television presentation Relevance of television presentation Relevance of television presentation to course Text readings for the lesson Syllabus readings for the 'esson Technical quality of TV | Lesson A | ed in qu Lesson | estion f Lesson | Lesson | Le |
| | new a) b) c) d) e) g) | Content of television presentation Pace of television presentation Relevance of television presentation Relevance of television presentation to course Text readings for the lesson Syllabus readings for the 'esson Technical quality of TV presentation Scope and balance of information | Lesson A | ed in qu Lesson | estion f Lesson | Lesson | Le |
| | new a) b) c) d) e) n) | Content of television presentation Pace of television presentation Relevance of television presentation to course Text readings for the lesson Syllabus readings for the lesson Technical quality of TV presentation Scope and balance of information presented in TV lesson Visiting experts and guests in | Lesson A | ed in qu Lesson | estion f Lesson | Lesson | Le |

Beerle St

| | | | Lesson A | Lesson B | Lesson | Lesson | Lesson |
|----|---|-------------------------------|-------------|-------------|--------|--------|--------|
| | j) Overall academic quality lesson | of this | | | | | |
| 4. | Write in the day of the week first watched the TV lesson(| | | | | | |
| 5. | If you watched the lesson(s) this week, write in the seco | 2 | | | | | |
| ь. | What time(s) during the day watch the lesson(s)? | did you 1st day 2nd day | | | | | |
| 7. | What channel(s) did you wate lesson(s) on? | h the Ist day 2nd day | | | | | |
| 8. | where did you watch the less (Write "home," "campus," "triend's home," etc. | on(s) 1st day 2nd day | | | | | |
| | | Ziiu uay | 1 | 1 | 1 | | |



APPENDIX E

SAMPLE COURSE DIARY FORM B

(MAILED AT THREE WEEK INTERVALS)



BEST COPY AVAILABLE

| Number | Street |
|--------|----------|
| ('Itv | State |
| | Zin Code |

NOTE: It address has changed, please write in correct one in the space provided.
This evaluation sheet is for the following five lessons of the Cultural Authropology course:

1. Introduction

4. Archaeclosy

2. A Course of Study

5. Evolution

3. Culture

West Pro

1. Please evaluate each of the following items for each lesson by writing a "5" tor excellent, "4" for very good, "3" for adequate, "2" for poor, or "1" for bid. Write the number in the column for each of the five lessons.

| | | | LES | SON | |
|---|--------------------|--|--|--|-------------|
| | 1 | 2 | 3 | 4 | 5 |
| | * • • · · · | Course of | Caltana | Lwahaa Luur | Fundad ton |
| | Intro. | Study | Culture | Archeology | r.varue ron |
| a) Content of television presentation | | | | | |
| To Pale of Grevision prosentation | | | | | |
| Pelevines of television presentation | | and the second s | and the second s | a a candida de la calcada de l | |
| le lext readings for lessen | | | | | |
| er Syllabo readings for | | | | | |
| in second all quality of TV , rescalation | | | | | |
| g) cpc and bulmer of care, presented in IV lesson | | | | | |
| Are int or info. presented | | | | | |
| in organization of ideas presented by lesson | | | | ! | |
| in the presentation | | | | a a special special and special specia | |
| lesson a ompared with others for same course? | | | | | |
| 1) Overal academic quality | | | | | |



| 2. | .i) | What was particularly good about Lesson One, Introduction? |
|----|------------|---|
| | b) | What was particularly bad about Lesson One, Introduction? |
| | ٤) | What would you do to make lesson One, Introduction, better if you could? |
| 3. | a) | What was particularly good about Lesson Two, Course of Study? |
| | b) | What was particularly bad about Lesson Two, Course of Study? |
| | c) | What would you do to make Lesson Two, Course of Study, better if you could? |
| 4. | a) | What was particularly good about Lesson Three, Culture? |
| | b) | What was particularly <u>bad</u> about lesson Three, Culture? |
| | c) | What would you do to make Lesson Three, Culture, better if you could? |
| 5. | a) | What was particularly good about Lesson Four, Archeology? |
| | b) | What was particularly bad about Lesson Four, Archeology? |
| | e) | What would you do to mak Lesson Four, Archeology, better if you could? |
| 6. | a) | What was particularly good about Lesson Five, Evolution? |
| | ٠,) | What was particularly bad about Lesson Five, Evolution? |
| | () | What would you do to make Lesson Five, Evolution, better if you could? |



APPEIDIX F

LETTER FOR SCHEDULING STUDENT INTERVIEWS

(SENT TO ALL STUDENTS KEEPING COURSE DIARY FORM A)



1370 ADAMS AVENUE + COSTA MESA + CALIFORNIA 92626

NORMAN E. WATSON - CHANCELLOR

Dear Student:

We're very glad you've decided to participate in our evaluation of television courses. By now you should be receiving your course diaries. If you're not, or if you have any questions, would you please call us at 556-5555.

Interviews are being set up now, to be held on campus Monday through Thursday afternoons from 1:00 to 5:00 for the next few weeks. Please mark at least two choices--more if you can--and return this form to us in the envelope provided.

You'll be sent a card telling you the exact date and time of your interview.

| | Monday_ | Tuesday |
|------|---------|---------|
| 1:00 | | |
| 1:30 | | |
| 2:00 | | |
| 2:30 | | |
| 3:00 | | |
| 3:30 | | |
| 4:00 | | |
| 4:30 | | |

If you can't make it at all during this time, please call us at 556~5555 and we'll arrange another interview time.

Thank you for your help.

Sincerely,

Jean F. Riss

Research Assistant

Coast Community College District

JFR/t1h

APPENDIX G

STUDENT INTERVIEW FORM

(FOR STUDENTS KEEPING COURSE DIARY FORM A)



TV STUDENT INTERVIEW

| 1. | Why did you decide to take a TV course? BEST COPY AVAILABLE |
|----|--|
| | interest in course convenience need units interest in this medium of presentation job advancement or promotion other, please specify: |
| 2. | Is this your first TV class? |
| | 1 yes 2 no: What other have you taken? |
| 3. | How did you first learn about your present course? |
| | TV announcement radio announcement newspaper brochure picked up on campus brochure picked up off campus schedule of classes other: (friend, another college campus, previous course, mailed brochure) |
| 4. | In which class are you enrolled? |
| | 1 History of Art 2 Great Consumer Contest 3 As Man Behaves 4 Family Risk Management |
| 5. | Are you presently enrolled in other, on-campus courses? |
| | 1 yes: How many units? |
| 6. | How would you rate the letter you received from the instructor when you began the course? |
| | very helpful; answered all my questions regarding the course helpful, but left out important information (List) |
| |] [] was not helpful (comment) |
| 7. | Have you contacted the facilitator for your course? |
| | yes: |



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| ('+) | | | | | | | | | | |
|--|------------|---|-------------------------------|------------------|----------------|-------------------------|----------------------|-------------|--------------|--|
| 3 | | don't feel it nece tried, but couldn' intend to, but hav other. | essary t reach en't yet | instr | uctor | a San san ser san sa | . Alle of the second | | | |
| | | important is the fa | | | | | | | | |
| 1 3 | - | every course shoul depends on the typ not necessary other: | ld have toe of sub | hem a | vaila be in | ible g tau | ght | | | |
| F. | 1 - 1 | vour experience so | far, h | ow do | you 1 | feel - | about | tele | vised | instruction |
| ٠. | i* | subjects or areas | ef stud: | : do ∵ | | | | | | |
| | | subjects or areas | | | | | | | | |
| • | | | | | | | | | | |
| w. | | do you think can b | | | | | | | | |
| wi P. | lea | do you think can buse evaluate the following the appropriat | llowing a | | e | м,- | | | | متبدتك بيناسلون جانيل رية فللمبتودك بودائهمينا الماليسية دين |
| wi P. | lea | nse evaluate the fol king the appropriat | llowing a | Used or observed | e | м,- | | | | متيناه بيناسيء جابق بها القاسية فد. بودالهمينة البي |
| William Princer | lea | nse evaluate the fol | llowing a | ispect | s of | the | Adequate no | se you | are | taking by |
| William Princer | lea nec | ase evaluate the following the appropriate | llowing ate box. | Used or observed | s of | the | Adequate no | se you | are | taking by |
| 143 P. 1 | lea nec | Aspect Textbook Amount and kind of | llowing ate box. | Used or observed | s of | the | Adequate no | se you | are | taking by |
| William Princers and Princers a | lenner | Aspect Textbook Amount and kind of information provid | course ed by | Used or observed | s of | the | Adequate no | se you | are | taking by |
| W. P., | len | Aspect Textbook Amount and kind of information provide campus facilitator Content of exams | course ed by | Used or observed | s of | the | Adequate no | se you | are | taking by |
| 141 P.) | len | Aspect Textbook Amount and kind of anfirmation provid campus facilitator Content of exams Scheduling of exam | course ed by | Used or observed | s of | the | Adequate no | se you | are | taking by |



| | | | or Ved | | | | 5 | fri Co | PY AVAILABLE |
|----------------------------|-----|---|-----------------------------|---------------|-----------------|----------------|---------------|-----------------|-------------------------|
| | | | Not Used or Not Observed | Excellent | Very Good | Adequate | Poor | Bad | |
| | | Aspent | (1) | (2) | (3) | (4) | (5) | (6) | Comments |
| | h. | Schedule of T.V. lesson broadcasts | | | | | | | |
| | 1. | Quality of T.V. broadcast reception | | | | | | | |
| - | 1. | Scope and balance of information presented in TV lessons | | | | | | | |
| , and a desired the second | k. | Relevance of course marerials for your needs | | | | | | | |
| | 1. | Visiting experts and guests in relevision lessons | | | | | | | |
| | m. | Overall academic quality | | | | | | | |
| ALES - LEGISTERS | n. | In a mourison with other was a in which you have our 'led, how would you rate this course? | | | | | | | |
| 14. | | o there any aspects of the course assroom situation? | you f | eel w | ou1d | he be | tter | cover | ed in a |
| | 1, | ves: What? | | | | | | | |
| 15. | | | | | | TV co | ourse | you'\ | ve taken? |
| 16. | Wb | at the significant characteris | stic of | the | worst | TV o | ou rs | e אייטיין | ve taken? |
| 17. | *** | on the reing television sets an | re ther | e in | your | house | eho1d | ? | |
| 13. | 2.1 | os in them happen that others from the control of a nime that would prevent the control of sciences. | n your it vou | house from | shold wat ch | want iing : | to v a tel | iew a evisio | television on lesson |
| | | broadcasts. Jan not very often Jane Jan not very often Jan not | e my ho | ome te | ·levis | sion : | set t | o wat | ch lesson |

ERIC

Full Text Provided by ERIC

| 19. | How would you classify yourself? | DEST COFT MANUAGER | |
|------|--|-----------------------|--|
| | student working toward certificate or degree general interest student non-student other: | | |
| 20. | Shat is your principal occupation? | | |
| | student self-omployed employed for wiges or salary housewife other: | | |
| 21. | Where is your position in your lousehold? | | |
| | single, live alone single, live with non-relatives lingle, head of nousehold hisband or wife son or daughter | | |
| 2.1. | How many hours a day would you estimate that you wa | tch television? | |
| 23. | How is your recention of Channel 50, compared to the | at of other stations? | |
| | 1 as good 2 as good 5 better | | |

Thank you for your help.



APPENDIX H

LESSON NUMBER AND TITLE

ANTHROPOLOGY 100

Dimensions in Culture



DIMENSIONS IN CULTURES: A STUDY IN ANTHROPOLOGY

| Program No. | <u>Title</u> |
|-------------|----------------------------|
| 1 | Introduction |
| 2 | A Course of tudy |
| 3 | Culture |
| 4 | Archaeology |
| 5 | Evolution |
| 6 | Primate Behavior |
| 7 | Paleolithic Era |
| 8 | Neolithic Era |
| 9 | Civilization |
| 10 | Population Variation |
| 11 | Ethnology |
| 12 | Ethnographic Fieldwork |
| 13 | Language |
| 14 | Cultural Ecology |
| 15 | Subsistance Patterns |
| 16 | Economic Organization |
| 17 | Technical Development |
| 18 | Status and Role |
| 19 | Marriage and Family |
| 20 | Kinship Systems |
| 21 | Crisis Rites |
| 22 | Governance |
| 23 | Social Control |
| 24 | Religion and Magic: Part 1 |
| 25 | Religion and Magic: Part 2 |
| 26 | Art |
| 27 | Enculturation |
| 28 | World View |
| 29 | Cultural Change |
| 30 | Anthropology Today |



APPENUIX I

LESSON NUMBER AND TITLE

ART

Emehand Tketohing



FRMEHAND SKETCHING

| Program No. | <u>Title</u> |
|-------------|---|
| 1 | Drawing As An Undeveloped Resource |
| 2 | Elements of Drawing |
| 3 | Alignment |
| 4 | Shading as Darkness |
| 5 | Preferred Angle of Vision |
| 6 | The Drawing Compass |
| 7 | Cross Alignment |
| 8 | Timed Practice |
| 9 | Six Levels of Drawing |
| 10 | Elongated Objects |
| 11 | Linear Perspective |
| 12 | Contour Lines |
| 13 | Step Relationships |
| 14 | Ribbon Relationships |
| 15 | Vertical and Perpendicular |
| 16 | Recessed Thicknesses |
| 17 | Forming Thicknesses |
| 18 | Emphasis on Size |
| 19 | Overlapping |
| 20 | Aerial Perspective |
| 21 | Touchstones, 'lesearch & Appreciation |
| 22 | Concentric Foreshortened Circles & Curves |
| 23 | Shading and Shadows |
| 24 | Looking Up |
| 25 | Compound Drawings |
| 26 | Elements of Art |
| 27 | The Secret City |
| 28 | Anatomy |
| 29 | Structure |
| 30 | Utilization |



APPENDIX J

LESSON NUMBER AND TITLE

GECGRAPHY 182-185

artrofiction to Ehyeloal decyraphy



INTRODUCTION TO PHYSICAL GEOGRAPHY

| Program No. | <u>Title</u> |
|----------------|---|
| | |
| 1 | Introduction |
| 2 | Shape of the Earth |
| 3 | The Earth from Space |
| 4 | The Surface of the Earth |
| 5 | The Quaking Earth |
| 6 | Faulting and Folding |
| 7 | Volcanism and the Ring of Fire |
| 8 | Igneous Rocks of the Earth's Crust |
| 9 | Sedimentary Rocks |
| 10 | Metamorphic Rocks and the Rock Cycle |
| 11 | Minerals and Man |
| 12 | Weathering of Rocks |
| 13 | Topographic Maps |
| 14 | Erosion-Leveling by Gravity |
| 15 | Landforms Shaped by Streams |
| 16 | Glaciation and Landforms |
| 17 | Landforms and the Work of Waves & Currents |
| 18 | Wind-Formed Landforms |
| 19 | The Earth's Motions |
| 20 | The Ocean of Air |
| 21 | Our Nearest Star |
| 22 | Solar Energy and the Earth's Response |
| 23 | The Air We Breathe |
| 24 | The Windy Planet |
| 25 | Weather Prediction and Modification |
| 26 | Latent Energy of the Atmosphere |
| 27 | Clouds: Signposts Aloft |
| 28 | The Middle Latitude Cyclone |
| 29 | The Daily Weather Map |
| 30 | Air Masses of North America |
| 3t | Catastrophic Weather |
| 32 | Climatic Patterns of the Low Latitudes |
| 33 | Middle and High Latitudes Climatic Patterns |
| 34 | The Hydrolic Cycle |
| 35 | Soils: An Interface of the Biosphere |
| 36 | Soil Nutrients |
| 37 | Soil Formation Processes Soil Patterns of the World |
| 38 | Environmental Factors and Plants |
| 39 | |
| 40 | Vegetation Structure Major Vegetation Patterns of the Biosphere |
| 41 | The Tropical Habitat, A Paradise? |
| 42 | Tidal Community: An Example of |
| 43 | Interdependence |
| , . | Geothermal Energy |
| , , | Man's Impact Through Time |
| 45 | agn a impace infought time |
| | |



APPENDIX K

LESSON NUMBER AND TITLE

BUSINESS 105

Turking Rick Management



EAMILY RISK MANAGEMENT

| crogram No. | Title |
|-------------|---|
| l | The Concept of Risk & Risk Management |
| 2 | Civil Liability and the Law |
| 3 | "His Day in Court" |
| 4 | Your Liability in Self Defense & |
| | Property Rights |
| 5 | Knowing Your Property Risks |
| 6 | Personal and Personnel Risk |
| 7 | A Homeowners Guide to Insurance: |
| | Declaration |
| 8 | A Homeowners Guide to Insurance: |
| | Fire Contract |
| 9 | A Homeowners Guide to Insurance: |
| | Extended Coverage |
| 1.1 | A Homeowners Guide to Insurance: |
| | Medical & Liability |
| 11 | Homeowner's Non-insurance Tools |
| 12 | The Automobile: A Modern Peril |
| 13 | The Family Auto Insurance Policy |
| 14 | The Auto: Fault or No Fault? Part 1 |
| 15 | The Auto: Fault or No Fault? Part 2 |
| 16 | Life Insurance: An Introduction |
| 17 | Life Insurance: What Policy Should I Buy? |
| 18 | Life Insurance: The Whole Life Contract |
| 19 | Life Insurance: What Price is Right? |
| 20 | Health Protection: Disability Income |
|)) | Insurance Woolth Protection: Modical Expanse |
| 21 | Health Protection: Medical Expense Insurance |
| 22 | Health Protection Medical Maintenance |
| <u>د د</u> | Organization |
| 23 | Health Protection: Practicing Preventive |
| •) | Medicine |
| 24 | Social insurance: An Introduction |
| 25 | Social Insurance: (Social Security) Oasdhi Pt.1 |
| 26 | Social Insurance: (Social Security) Oasdhi Pt.2 |
| 27 | Social Insurance: National Health Proposals |
| 28 | Property and Liability Planning |
| 29 | Personal Loss Planning Part 1 |
| 30 | Personal Loss Planning Part 2 |



APPENDIX L

LESSON NUMBER AND TITLE

SEWING

Jonnie's Slothing Cormer

1



CONNIE'S CLOTHING CORNER

Title

Preview, Equipment, Supplies 1 2 Pattern Symbols, Simple Alterations, Dress Patterns Proparing Fabric, Layout, Pinning, 3 Snipping, Marking, Tailor Basting Stay-Stitching, Darts, Professional Pressing Shoulder Seams, Neck Facings 6 7 Collars The Neckline, A Couple of Hems 8 An Easy Sleeve, Another Hem \mathbf{q} A Tailored Sleeve, Seam Finishes 10 Preparing the Skirt, Last Two Hems 11 Attaching the Skirt and Bodice 12 The Simple Single-Flap Zipper, 13 Finishing Details Zippers! Zippers! Zippers! 14 Patterns 1.5 Skirt Alterations for a Perfect Fit! 15 Pant Alterations for a Perfect Fit! 1.7 Now, The Perfect Fit! Designing Skirts 18 and Pants Wardrobe Selection: Color, Line, Design 19 Fabrics to Select 20 Fibers to Select 21 Jiffy-Simple Skirts and Pants 22 Tailoring Skirts and Pants: Part I 23 Tailoring Skirts and Pants: Part II 24 Bodice and Shirt Alterations for a 25 Perfect Fit! Various Ways to Sew a Dress Together 26 Various Ways to Sew a Shirt Together 27 Various Ways to Sew a Jacket or Coat 28 Designer Details for the \$500 Look 29 Buttonholes and Buttons 30

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