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ABSTRACT

This document reports on the success of a drug abuse education project after one year of implementation. Three of seven objectives were not achieved because the curriculum guides necessary for reaching those objectives were not produced. Significant progress was made on the following objectives: (1) determine and meet instructional and educational needs by constructing a list derived from a survey of the school personnel; (2) identify and put into operation a plan by which the school will work with community, civic, religious, and fraternal organizations in a program of drug abuse education; (3) select teachers from each grade to develop teaching methods, procedures, and written curriculum materials; and (4) hold an adult education class which will emphasize factual information, attitudes, and communication methods. The project engaged in dissemination activities of five types, including: (1) intra-district communications, (2) media dissemination, (3) project presentations, (4) cooperation with other agencies and institutions, and (5) requests and visitors. The appendix provides summaries of teacher training and adult workshops, and of priority ranking instruments of faculty and administration. (Author/PC)



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This report contains the interim evaluation of the Drug
Abuse Prevention Education Project for project year O1, funded
by ESEA Title III. The report is divided into the following
sections:

- I. Evaluation of project objectives
- II. Summary of dissemination activities
- III. Appendix
 - Section A. Summary of teacher training workshops.
 - Section B. Summary of adult workshops.
 - Section C. Summary of priority ranking instruments by faculty and administration.
 - Section D. Title III evaluation team report.



I. EVALUATION OF PROJECT OBJECTIVES



- OBJECTIVE 1 At the completion of Project Year 01 80% of the students participating will increase their know-ledge and understanding of drugs by 80% as determined by a pre and post test developed by a research consultant.
- OBJECTIVE 2 At the end of Project Year 01 60% of our 2295 students will develop attitudes and judgments necessary to cope with their exposure to drugs and the effects of drug abuse.
- OBJECTIVE 3 By the end of Project Year O1 the level of incidence in drug use among the students will be measurably reduced by a minimum of 40% as determined by a comparison of local and county law enforcement records concerning "hard" drug abuse prior to the program and at the completion of Project Year O1.

Objectives 1, 2, and 3 were not achieved because the curriculum guides necessary for reaching these objections were not produced until after the 1972-73 school year (project year 01). In addition, the faculty training workshops were not consleted until April.

However, the curriculum will be implemented during project year 02, thus objectives 1, 2, and 3 will hopefully be met by the end of the 1973-74 school year.

OBJECTIVE 4 - During the first six weeks of Project Year 01 the instructional and educational needs will be determined by constructing a list derived from a survey of the school personnel.

In September of project year 01, a survey of instructional and educational needs was conducted among the faculty and administration of the De Soto Public, St. Rose of Lima, and Redeemer Lutheran. For the most part the results of the survey were used as the format for the faculty workshops that began in November of project year 01. The summary of the survey is listed in the appendix.

Twenty hours of drug abuse workshops were conducted for faculty and staff of the De Soto Public and Parochial schools on two successive weekends in November and afterschool sessions in February and April. Teachers from neighboring school districts were invited to attend as observers.

The evaluation of the faculty training workshops was conducted by administering a pre and post inventory, designed to measure teacher attitudes related to drugs as well as level of teacher knowledge related to drugs. The inventory was developed by Box and Cockriel of the University of Missouri, under the Auspises of another ESEA title III project.



In keeping with the theme that ran throughout the workshops that drug education isn't a problem that needs to be attacked in the home and school but one that must be dealt with by all levels of society, a significant shift of opinion about this issue was noted. An overwhelming majority of participants were in favor of either school, parents, or community organizations playing a role in drug education while a very slim minority disagreed as this being their role. As was hoped, the percentage of people who were undecided was cut by 50% meaning that an opinion was formed and that learning took place. This finding is consistent with the pre and post questionnaire data in general: as a result of the workshops there was a significant shift from the "undecided" column with the direction of the newly emerging shifts in the positive direction.

The data supports a belief that indeed a drug abuse problem exists in their schools and communities with the trend toward a greater percentage of those queried at the end of the workshop (75%) feeling that a problem exists in the community as opposed to 69.79% who felt that a problem exists in the schools. This is interpreted in light of the fact that the workshop brought about a decrease in the percentage (2.68%) of those who felt a drug abuse problem exists in the community while there was an increase of 11.75% who felt there exists a problem in the schools. While both these results reflect a preponderance of agreement that there is a problem in both the schools and communities, it is somewhat curious that the workshop brought about the changes noted. It occurs to the writer of this evaluation that surely a rise in the belief that a problem exists in the schools would bring about a corresponding rise in the belief that a problem exists in the community in that the former is part of the latter. It can be said that the workshop narrowed the gap as to where the drug abuse problem actually does exist (school as opposed to community) to just over 5 percentage points wheras prior to the instruction given 19.64% more people thought the problem seemed to be a realization that drug abuse is a pervasive problem that can extend into any segment of American life rather than being isolated to the alleyways of the community.

The pre and post test data further suggested that almost 50% of those who believed at the beginning of the workshops that young people experiment with drugs because they were poorly informed came to see drug experimentation as some other artifact i.e., escape from boredom, curiosity, pleasure seeking. There was a corresponding belief that proper education will not, in itself, bring about a reduction of the drug abuse problem. There was a rather dramatic shift in the reliance that the participants were willing to place on education as the whole answer. It was suggested during the course of the sessions that in addition to education one of the best ways to control drugs is to deal with psychological, social, and economic faults that may cause people to resort to drugs in the first place: this could account for the shift in total reliance on education and information as the key to controlling the problem.

In relation to the issue of whether education can be an effective component of reducing drug abuse, 94.79% of those polled in the post test believed that young people do indeed have a right to adequate public instruction with regard to drugs and 100% of those who disagreed with this dictum recanted at the end of the training period.



OBJECTIVE 5 - To identify and put into operation by the end of Project Year Ol the plan by which the school will work with community, civic, religious, and fraternal organizations in a program of drug abuse prevention and education.

A Community Advisory Committee for the drug abuse prevention project was formed during project year 01. The committee is made up of twenty-one members, representative of a good cross section of the community, including students and minority groups.

The committee serves as a sounding hoard for community awareness and reaction to the project and offers suggestions and advice accordingly.

The committee held five regular meetings during the project year and several sub-committee meetings.

During project year, the committee evolved from a purely advisory group to one of advice and involvement. The group successfully promoted "Operation CONDEMN," a program for ridding medicine cabinets of unnecessary medicines. About \$4,000.00 worth of outdated drugs and medicines were turned in by area residents. The committee also sponsored a visit to the junior and senior high schools by the Missouri Division of Mental Health's new Alcohol and Drug Abuse Mobile Unit.

OBJECTIVE 6 - During Project Year 01 fifteen (15) selected teachers, representative of each grade level will develop teaching methods, procedures, and written curriculum materials for drug education and prevention.

Fifteen teachers began a drug abuse prevention curriculum writing project on Saturdays in April and May, and daily during the month of June. A curriculum consultant and eight students were present and involved in a substantial number of the sessions.

The curriculum guides were produced in three volumes:

Secondary Level (7-12) 132 pp.
Intermediate Level (4-6) 185 pp.
Primary Level (K-3) 168 pp.

The curriculum guides incorporates the values systems, valuing skills, and decision-making together with the imparting of accurate drug information.

OBJECTIVE 7 - During the second semester of Project Year O1 an adult education class consisting of a minimum of 20 adults (unlimited enrollment) will be held which will emphasize factual information, attitudes, and communication methods.

Twenty hours of drug abuse workshops for adults and parents began in February of project year 01. Ten successive two hour sessions were held on Monday evenings. The same basic training format as that employed for faculty and staff was utilized, however, more emphasis was placed on the role of the parent. The average attendance for all ten sessions was about 60.

The same instrument used to collect data from teachers on the knowledge and attitude variables was used to evaluate the project's adult training program.



The adult or community group, according to the data yielded by using a pre and post test questionnaire, demonstrated a degree of change, in terms of knowledge about drugs and their attitude about drug abuse, that was a good deal more dramatic than that of the school personnel. While the school personnel tended to make rather subtle shifts in attitudes and knowledge, over 50% of the adult group shifted their position on the continuum from undecided to a rating that clearly demonstrates that real gains in knowledge occured and that attitudes were formed that reflect the goals and objectives of the workshop.

On many key items, partice 'arly those that related to factual information, there were shifts in answers ook which means that such a degree of learning took place that the post test swers were directly opposite those given in the pre test. This more highly significant degree of change may be an artifact of the adult group coming to the training with beliefs and opinions about drug abuse that were more inaccurate and open to myths than those of the teacher group who have, as a group, been exposed somewhat to more objective, factual data.

Whether or not this is the case, the post test data on the adult group certainly indicate that those participants are now feeling a good deal more enlightened about drug abuse and consequently are more able to intelligently discuss it with their children and better understand many of the facts and issues that eluded them prior to the workshop.



II SUMMARY OF DISSEMINATION ACTIVITIES



The Drug Abuse Prevention Education project engaged in dissemination activities of five types during project year 01. 1) intra-district communications, 2) media dissemination, 3) project presentations, 4) cooperation with other agencies and institutions, and 5) requests and visitors.

1. Intra District Communications

This type of dissemination consisted mainly of announcements, notices, and requests for information. For the most part intra district communications was carried out orally between the project director and school staff personnel.

2. Media Dissemination

Coverage of the activities of the project appeared in 46 separate articles in six different newspapers in Jefferson and St. Francois counties. References to the project were made in Drug Dependencies a publication of the Missouri Division of Mental Health. The project director had an article about drug abuse education published in th March issue of the Missouri State Teachers Association magazine; School and Community. The project director appeared on two interview and call-in type radio programs aired by local stations.

3. Project Presentations

The project director presented programs to some 800 persons at the following clubs and organizations:

Modern Woodsmen of America
Grandview PTA
Missouri U., Mental Health Seminar
Festus-Crystal City Lions Club
Festus N.Y.C. and Mainstream staff
De Soto N.Y.C. and Mainstream staff
Ozark Trails Dist. Scout Leaders
Hillsboro O.E.O. Staff
De Soto National Guard
De Soto PTA
Jefferson County Guidance Counselors Ass'n.
De Soto Rotary Club
Athena Community Teachers Ass'n.

4. Cooperation With Other Agencies and Institutions

Information and materials concerning the Drug Abuse Prevention Education Project have been disseminated as a result of close and continuing cooperation with a number of agencies and institutions involved in dealing with the drug abuse problem. These activities include:

- a. Presentation made to graduate counseling class at St. Louis University
- h. Assisting the Hillsboro School Districts and the Social Service Dept. of Farmington State Hospital in planning drug abuse workshops
- c. Providing the U. of Missouri extension service with information and materials for drug abuse presentations.
- d. Information dissemination as a result of membership and active participation in the Drug and Substance Abuse Council of Metropolitan St. Louis



- e. Discussions and informational exchanges with staff members of Malcolm Bliss Mental Health Center.
- f. Discussions and informational exchanges with staff members of the Alcohol Treatment Center, Farmington State Hospital.

5. Requests and Visitors

Information about, and materials produced by the project were disseminated throughout the project year by visits to the project or by telephone and written requests.

Requests

During project year OI requests for curriculum guides were received from:

- 1. Hazelwood School District
- 2. Parkway School District
- 3. Farmington School District
- 4. Hillshoro School District
- 5. Arcadia Valley School District
- 6. Flat River School District
- 7. Northwest School District
- 8. Richard L. King, Coordinator of Curriculum Services, Missouri State Dep't. of Education
- 9. Murray Hardestv, Director of Drug Education, Missouri State Dep't. of Education
- 10. Dr. George R. Truckey, Southeast Missouri State University
- 11. Potosi School District

It is anticipated that the requests for curriculum guides will be much more numerous during project 02, as the guides were not printed until July of the second project year. An article describing the curriculum guides and their availability has been submitted to School and Community for publication in the October 1973 issue.

During project year 01 requests for information and materials were received from:

- 1. Hazelwood School District
- 2. Parkway School District
- 3. Ferguson-Florissant School District
- 4. Benton, Ill., Public Schools
- 5. Hillsboro School District
- 6. Arcadia Valley School District
- 7. Bell and Howell Company
- 8. U. of Mo. Extension Service
- 9. Jefferson College
- 10. North County School District
- 11. Division of Youth Services, State of Florida

Visitors

The project was visited on several occasions during project year O1. Visitors represented the following organizations and agencies:



- 1. Clifford W. Cammon, Missouri House or Representatives
- 2. Missourf Division of Mental Health
- 3. Malcolm Bliss Mental Health Center
- 4. Jetferson-Franklin Community Action Corporation
- 5. University of Missouri
- 6. Jefferson County Sheriff's Office
- 7. De Soto Police Department
- 8. Regional Community Alcohol Program
- 9. Mental Health Association of greater St. Louis
- 10. Members of a graduate curriculum course, Southeast Missouri State University
- 11. Jefferson County Juvenile Court
- 12. De Soto VFW

In addition an Advisory Council team from the Title III office in Jefferson City spent three days in January evaluating the project. A copy of the council's report is located in the appendix of this report.

In general it would seem that most dissemination activities of the project have been successful. The cooperation extended the project by local newspapers and radio stations has been excellent. The project director has been well received in presentations given to various community and school groups.

Probably the low point of the dissemination process centered around a lack of understanding of the project by other nearby school districts in the early months of project year 01. Hopefully, this situation has now been reversed.

Since the curriculum guides have now been produced, it is anticipated that dissemination activities will be greatly increased during project year 02.



III. APPENDIX

SECTION A. SUMMARY OF TEACHER TRAINING WORKSHOPS



FACULTY AND STAFF DRUG ABUSE WORKSHOP PRE TEST

DRUG ABUSE PREVENTION EDUCATION ESEA, Title III De Soto Public Schools

DRUG ATTITUDINAL INVENTORY

The purpose of this survey is to determine the attitudes, awareness, and know-ledge of faculty concerning drugs.

This is completely anonymous survey. Do not sign your name.

This is not a test. Answer each question with the first response that comes to your mind. Please answer the questions as honestly and as sincerely as possible.

The term <u>DRUG</u> in the survey will include stimulants, depressants, narcotics, hullucinogens, and alcohol or any other drugs except tobacco products not prescribed by a physician or taken as directed for medical purposes. The term <u>ADDICT</u> refers to any person physically dependent on heroin, morphine, opium or barbiturates.

	Check One
Year of birth	Elementary Teacher Secondary Teacher Administrator
	Other(fill in)



Listed below are a number of statements. Circle the letter (answer) as to what degree you agree or disagree with each statement. Circle only one for each statement.

		Strongly Agree	, Agree	Undecided	Disagree	Strongly Disagree
	Pre Test	21.43	48.21	10.72	16.07	3.57
1.	Parents should be responsible for				_ •	
	drug education.	A	B	C	D	E
2.	Pre Test Schools should be responsible for	32.14	55.36	8.93	2.68	.89
	drug education.	Α.	В	C	D	<u> </u>
	Pre Test	19.64	50.00	20.54	8.93	.89
3.	Community organizations should be	4	_		_	_
	responsible for drug education.	A	B	C	D	E
4.	Pre Test There is a drug abuse problem in	22.32	55.36	19.64	2.68	
7.	your community	A	8	c	D .	E
	Pre Test	2.68	14.29	26.79	42.85	13.39
5.	The drug abuse problem in the schools					
	has been exaggerated by the media	_	_	_	_	_
	(c.g. newspaper, radio, T.V., etc.).	A	В	C	D	E
•	There is a drug abuse problem in your	9.82	48.22	25.89	12.50	3.57
C •	school.	A	В	С	D	E
	Pre Test	14.29	50 00	19.64	14.28	1.79
7.	An important reason for drug abuse is		20 44			
	that drugs are easy to get.	A	В	C	D	E
_	Pre Test	4.47	23.21	16.96	45.54	9.82
ช.	Permissiveness of parents is the single	e				
	most important factor in drug use by young people.	A	В	C	D	E
	Pre Test	26.79	57.14	8.04	6.25	1.78
9.	An important factor in drug abuse is t		2,12,	0.01	0.25	2
	personality of the individual.	A	В	C	D	E
١	Pre Test		31.25	31.25	27.68	2.68
10.	At moderate amounts, the effects of an	_				
	drug are determined more by personal a social factors than by the drug itself		В	C	D	E
	Pre Test	12.50	39.29	16.07	29.46	2.68
11.	Drug abusers have specific personality		2222			
	problems.	A	B	C	ם	E
	Pre Test	3.57	14.29	15.18	59.82	7.14
12.	The drug abuser is a victim of social	A	•	c	D	E
	forces beyond his control.	A	B			_
13.	Pre Test Drug abuse is a problem created by the	2.68	6.25	23.21	54.46	13.40
	laws intended to control it.	A	В	C	D	£
	Pre Test	10.71	24.11	13.39	37.50	14.29
14.	The danger of ADDICTION exists in the	•	-	4	•	t
	person, not in the drugs.	A	В	C	D	E



		Strongly	_			Strongly
	Dec. Thomas	Agree	Agree		Disagree	
15.	Pre Test Young people experiment with Irugs	6.25	33.93	18.75	33.93	7.14
'	because they have not been properly					
	informed or instructed about their					
	use and abuse.	A	В	c	D	E
	Pre Test	7.14	44.64	27.68	16.97	3.57
16.	If people are properly instructed	,,,,	*****	27100	10.77	2.37
	about drugs, the amount of drug abus	se				
	will go down.	A	B	C	Ð	E
	Pre Test	33.93	59.82	3 .5 7	2.68	
i/.	Young people who may be tempted					
	(and who way have the opportunity)					
	to use drugg have the right to rdequate public instruction.	A	79	c	•	-
	•		B	C	D	E
18.	Pre Test There is a typical type of person	2.68	15.18	16.96	53.57	11.61
101	who abuses drugs.	A	В	С	D	E
	Pre Test		39.29	25.89	31.25	3.57
19.	Young people who experiment with		37.27	23.07	31.23	2.27
	drugs do so to prove they are grown					
	up.	A	В	С	D	E
	Pre Test	7.14	55.36	18.75	15.18	3.57
20.	Young people who experiment with dra	ugs				
	do so from fear of not being accepte	ed. A	B	C	D	E
	Pre Test	6.25	50.89	25.00	16.07	7.79
44.	Drug abuse is a major factor in		_	_	_	_
	juvenile delinquency.	A	B	C	D	E
22	Pre Test	8.93	25.89	24.11	35.71	5.36
44.	Young people who misuse alcohol and	_				
	drugs should be judged by society in the same manner adults are judged.	а . А	В	c	D	E
	Pre Test	10.71	60.72	19.64	8.04	.89
23.	Availability of alcohol and its use		00.72	19.04	6.04	.07
	society helps create a dependence	-,				
	upon it to meet social demands.	A	В	C	D	E
	Pre Test	16.96	67,86	10.71	4.47	
24.	Marijuana is used by some people in		•			
	the same sense as others would use					
	alcohol.	A	B	C	D	E
	Pre Test	1.79	8.93	34.82	41.07	13.39
25.	Marijuana stimulates creativity.	A	В	C	D	E
26	Pre Test	2.68	11.61	43.75	33.03	8.93
20.	Marijuana stimulates the sex drive. Pre Test	A 1 70	B	C 25 71	D 47 22	E 12 50
27	Marijuana users are easily recognize	1.79 ed. A	2.68 B	35.71 C	47.32 D	12.50 E
41.	Pre Test	6.25	17.85	39.29	29.47	7.14
28.	Moderate use of marijuana is not has		A/ . UJ	J7 • &7	£7.41	F . 17
	ful.	A	B	C	D	E
	Pre Test	·	16.07	29.46	41.07	13.40
29.	Most people use LSD to get a greater	r				
	insight into their personality.	A	B	C	D	E
	- -					



		Strongly Agree	Agree	Undecided	Disagree	Strongly Disagree
30.	The effects of LSB viry w. Test arong	17.86	58.03	21.43	2.68	
	individuals.	A	В	C	D	E
31.	Marijuana usage is harmful to health.	4.46 A	31.25	47.32	14 29	2.68 £8
	Pre Teut	4.46	8.93		27.68	33.04
32.	The use of marijuana should be legalize Pre Test		B	C	D 0.82	1 70
33.	Marijuana is frequently a "stepping	14.29	64.29	9.82	9.82	1.78
	stone" to experimentation with					
	ocher druge.	A	В	C	Ð	E
21	Pre Test		14.29	22.32	56.25	7.14
34.	Noderate use of stimulant drugs to	•	•			••
	stay awake is not harmful to health.	A 1 70	B 25 90	C 26 70	D 25.71	E
35.	Pre Test Most people who use LSD use it in the	1.79	25.89	26.79	35.71	9.82
	same sense as others who use marijuana.	A	В	C	D	E
	Pre Test	.89	11.61		49.10	20.54
26.	If a drug does not cause physical need			_, _,		
	(ADDICTION), its use should be legal.	A	В	C	D	g
	Pre Test	1.78	27.68	23.21	26.79	20.54
37.	Free drugs for ADDICTS would slow	•		•	•	
	down the crime rate.	A	B .89	C 10.72	D 44.64	E 42.86
22	The use of LSD could be helpful to	.89	• 07	10.72	44.04	42.00
J O.	most persons.	A	В	С	D	E
	Pre Test	.89	16.07		45.54	8.04
39.	The use of amphetamines (stimulants)					
	and barbiturates (depressants) are					
	not as harmful as many common health					
	hazards such as smoking.	A	B	C	D	E
	Pre Test	4.46	19.64	30.36	36.61	8.93
40.	Seing ADDICTED to drugs should be	A		•	10	•
	against the law. Pre Test	A	B 8.04	C 44.64	ນ 39.28	E 8.04
41	It is more likely that the average		8.04	44.04	39.20	0.04
74.	person will have a good LSD "trip"					
	than a poor "trip".	A	В	C	D	E
	Pre Test	3.57	14.29	C 35.71	39.29	7.14
42.	Moderate use of marijuana is not					
	hermful to your body or to the way			_	_	_
	you think.	A	B 50 00	C	D	E
/3	Pre Test	21.43	50.89	15.18	10.71	1.79
45.	There is an increasing need for laws	A	В	С	D	E
	to control drugs that are abused. Pre Test	10.71	64.29		6.25	1.79
44.	Most people who use marijuana use it		3,127	20.20		- • · •
₹-₹ \$	for the same reasons others use					
	alcohol.	A	В	C	ď	E

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	OF.					
		Trongay	A: ree	Un ter I ded	Disagree	Strongly Jisagree
,		30.61	53.57	4.46	4.46	.90
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	Present	2.68				1 79
+75 +	Those the contract of the back finite.					
	Supplement of the control of the con	A	E	C	1)	1.
<i></i>	Pre-Fest 2 and rest by	12.50	64.29	18.75	4.46	
, •	and a sign of a section.					
	greature in the second	is	b		D	E
٠.	Pro Tost The Tost of the Section	3.57	40.18	49.11	7.14	
	the state of the s	Ä	**	C	b	E
	Pro Test		66.07		9.82	
4)	True MAR and possible counit violent			-		•.
	Carlotta	A 2 49	B	C 96	D 22.14	€ 6.25
7.73	Pro fest from Note 11 to consist	2.68	16.07	42.86	32.14	0.25
	Section 6 Control of	A	В	C	D	E
٠.	Pre Test	5.36	33.93	23.21	33.04	4.46
٠ 1 د	Students as in soming drups because a problem.	Α	Ľ	С	D	E
	Pro Test	••	4.46		49.11	14.29
- 1	Occasion talm a shot of herein, you -				_	a.
	will a grantery by Addition	A 70	B	C	D	Ľ
:3	Pre fest These has replaced as a marijuana	1.78	25.00	49.11	20.54	3.57
	supering in relating prisical problem	s. Λ	B	С	D	Z
_	Pre Test	3.57	8,04	25.89	46.43	16.07
7 •	American Archite, all saids an Applica.	A	5 21 25	C 28.57	D 30.36	E 4.46
. زر:	Pre Test Pardotic Application to a problem be-	5.36	31.25	40.37	30.30	4.40
	cause it or ated a population of					_
	erimicali.	Α	B	C	D	E
56	Pre Test Drug Abasers have sea more often and	3.58	7.14	44.64	40.18	4.46
,,,	with a prester number of different			•		
	people than non-mers.	Λ	B	C	D	E
٤.7	Pre Test	3.58	16.96	25.89	35.71	17.86
37.	Laws offending marijuana control are too strict.	Λ	B	С	D	E
	Pre Test	1.78	4.46	20.54	49.11	24.11
5 8.	Most drug musers come from deprived	4	9	•	n	E
	poor sity neighborhoods. Pro Test	A 4.46	B 30.36	C 24.11	D 33.93	7.14
39	Feople bicomic Abbit.F3 because nobody	4.40	30,30	# 4. TT	33.73	,
•	stops them from becoming ADDICTS.	Α	B	C	D	E
- ,	Pre Test	8.03	31.25	16.07	33.04	11.61
ut,	of feel that themsome about marifulna - wite line acalth apply to me.	À	ß	С	Ð	£
	Pre Test	1.79	8.04	39.29	40.17	10.71
ůL.	The wie or non-narcotle drups is a					·
·-	problem because it creates a populatio	n A	В	С	מ	E
	of an individue		ט	~	•	-
OIC.		: • •				-

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		Strongly Agree	Agree	Undecided	Disagree	Strongly Disagree
62.	I feel that warnings about drugs other	10.72	34.82	16.96	25.00	12.50
	than marijuana apply to me.	Λ	В	C	D	E
63.	Pre Test Teachers are the appropriate personnel	7.14	37.50	40.18	13.39	1.79
	for instructing about drugs.	A	В	C	D	E

Please circle the degree to which you believe the use of Amphetamines (stimulants) will probably lead to.

			Very <u>High</u>	High	Modest	Slight	Negligible or No
64.	Addiction	Pre Test	10.71 A	48.22 B	30.36 C	6.25 D	4.46 E
65.	Accidents	Pre Test	12.50 A	54.46 B	24.11 C	8.04 D	.89 E
66.	Embarrassment to sel	Pre Test f or others	12.50 A	36.61 B	37.50 C	8.03 D	5.36 E
67.	Legal involvement:	Pre Test arrest	13.39 A	40.18 B	33.93 C	9.82 D	2.68 E
68.	Future career affects	Pre Test ed negatively	19.64 A	41.07 B	25.00 C	13.40 D	.89 E
69.	Continued use	Pre Test	19.65 A	56.25 B	22.32 C	.89 D	.89 E
70.	Undesirable change is	Pre Test a behavior	23.21 A	43.75 B	26.79 C	4.46 D	1.79 E
71.	Undesirable change in	Pre Test personal values	28.57 A	36.61 B	25.00 C	6.25 D	3.57 E

Please circle the degree to which you believe the use of barbiturates (depressants) will probably lead to.

		Very <u>Hizh</u>	High	Modest	Slight	Negligible or No
72. Addiction	Pre Test	12.50 A	50.00 B	25.00 C	9.82 D	2.68 E
73. Accidents	Pre Test	17.86 A	50.89 B	24.11 C	5.35 D	1.79 B
74. Embarrassment to self	Pre Test	11.61	37.50	32.14	14.29	4.46
	or others	A	B	C	D	E
75. Legal involvement: a	Pre Test	9.82	28.57	36.61	16.07	8.93
	Trest	A	B	C	D	E
76. Future career affecte	Pre Test	21.43	39.29	30.36	4.46	4.40
	d dagatively	A	B	C	D	B
77. Continued use	Pre Test	19.64 A	48.21 B	27.68 C	3.57 D	.90 E
78. Undesirable change in	Pre Test	23.21	41.07	26.79	5.36	3.57
	behavior	A	B	C	D	E
79. Undesirable change in	Pre Test	28.57	34.82	25.90	6.25	4.46
	personal values	A	B	C	D	E



Please circle the degree to which you believe the use of LSD will probably lead to.

	Very High	High	Modest	<u>Slight</u>	Negligible or No
Pre lest 80. Addiction	35.71	31.25	15.18	8.93	8.93
	A	B	C	D	E
Pre Test 81. Accidents	64.29 A	32.14 B	2.68 C	.89 D	E
Pre Test 82. Embarrassment to self or others	47.32	32.14	17.86	.89	1.79
	A	B	C	D	E
Pre Test 83. Legal involvement: arrest	52.68	28.57	12.50	5.36	. 89
	A	3	C	D	É
Fre Test 84. Future career affected negatively	58.03	26.79	7.14	5.36	2.68
	A	B	C	D	E
Pre Test 85. Continued use	47.32	26.79	15.18	6.25	4.46
	A	B	C	D	E
Pre Test 86. Undesirable change in behavior	58.04 A	28.57 B	10.71 C	2.68 D	E
Pre Test 87. Undesirable change in personal values	58.04	25.89	11.61	3.57	. 89
	A	B	C	D	E

Please circle the degree to which you believe the use of Heroin will probably lead to

		Very High	High	<u> Hodest</u>	<u>Slight</u>	Negligible or No
	Pre Test	75.00	20.54	4.46		£
88.	Addiction	A	B	C	D	
	Pre Test	50.00	34.82	10.71	2.68	1.79
PR	Accidents	A	В	С	Ð	E
U ,	Pre Test	45.54	29.46	18.75	4.46	1.79
OΛ	Embarrassment to self or others	A	В	С	D	Ē
70.	Pre Test	65.18	26.79	7.14	.89	
Δ1		A	В	C	D	E
71.	Legal involvement: arrest Pre Test	64.29	28.57	7.14		
		A	8	C	D	Ē
92.	Puture career affected negatively Pre Test	71.43	24.11	2.68	.89	.89
		A	В	C	D	E
93.	Continued use Pre Test	63.39	25.89	8.04	2.68	
		_		6.04 C	D	E
94.	Undesirable change in behavior	A 20	27.49	8.03	-	
	Pre lest	64.29	27.68	0.03	D	E
95.	Undesirable change in personal values	A	B	U	U	_

Please circle the degree to which you believe the use of Marijuana will probably lead to.

	Pre ·	Test	Very High 6.25	High 17.86	Modest -22.32	<u>811ght</u> 25.89	Negligible or No 27.68
96. Addiction	Pre	Test	5.35 A	27.68 B	26.79 C	26.79 D	13.39
97. Accidents 98. Embarrassment		Test others	9.82 A	23.21 B	31.25 C	22.32 D	13,40

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Please circle the degree to which you believe the use of Marijuana will probably lead to. (Continued)

	Very <u>High</u>	Righ	Modest	S11ght	Negligible or No
Pre Test	13.40	35.71	35.71	14.29	.89
99. Legal involvement: arrest	A	ß	С	D	E
Pre Test	10.71	25.90	35.72	16.96	10.71
100. Future career affected negatively	A	B	C	Ð	E
Pre Test	10.71	32.14	31.25	17.86	8.04
101. Continued use	A	В	С	D	E
Pre Test	11.61	24.11	31.25	22.32	10.71
102. Undesirable change in behavior	A	В	С	` D '	· R
Pre lest	11.61	27.68	35.71	13.39	11.61
103. Undesirable change in personal values	A	B	C	D	E

Please circle the degree to which you believe the use of Alcohol will probably lead to.

		Pre Test	Very High 13.40	High 31.25	Modest 37.50	Slight 16.96	Negligible or No
2 % . I	Addiction		A	В	C	D	B
1.75.	Accidents	Pre Test	42.86 A	41.07 B	12.50 C	3.57 D	E
225. 2	imbarrassment to self	Pre Test or others	35.71 A	37.50 B	22.32 C	2.68 D	1.79 E
0 07. I	Legal involvement: ar	Pre Test rest	13.39 A	35.71 B	31.25 C	17.86 B	1.79 E
703. r	Suture career affected	Pre Test negatively	20.54 A	33.04 B	31.25 C	10.71 D	4.46 E
109. 0	Continued use	Pre Test	23.21 A	44.64 B	20.54 C	8.93 D	2.68 E
110. t	Indesirable change in	Pre Test b ehavior	29.46 A	33.04 B	26.79 C	8.03 D	2.68 E
111. U	Judesirable change in	Pre Test pe rsonal values	25.89 A	25.89 B	30.36 C	12.50 D	5.36 E

In your opinion what is the relative importance of each of the following possible causes of drug abuse.

		Low 🚤			<u>-</u>	. Hich
112. Academic pressure	Pre Test felt by student	16.07 A	18.75 B	35.71 C	17.86 D	11.61 B
123. Curiosity, advent	Pre Test u re	2.68 A	6.25 B	15.18 C	35.71 D	40.18 E
114. Rebellion against	Pre Test authority	2.68 A	8.93 B	22.32 C	34.82 D	31.25 E
115. Social pressure	Pre Test	5.36 A	5.36 B	25.00 C	33.03 D	31.25 E
116. Generation gap	Fre Test	13.40 A	22.32 B	35.71 C	17.86 D	10.71 E
127. Search for values	Pre Test	11.61 A	16.07 B	41.07 C	16.96 D	14.29 E
113. Desire to be "cool	Pre Test " or "in" or "hip"	4.47 A	10.71 B	17.86 C	31.25 D	35.71 B
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FACULTY AND STAFF DRUG ABUSE WORKSHOP POST TEST

DRUG ABUSE PREVENTION EDUCATION ESEA, Title III De Soto Public Schools

DRUG ATTITUDINAL INVENTORY

The purpose of this survey is to determine the attitudes, awareness, and know-ledge of faculty concerning drugs.

This is completely anonymous survey. Do not sign your name.

This is not a test. Answer each question with the first response that comes to your mind. Please answer the questions as honestly and as sincerely as possible.

The term <u>DRUG</u> in the survey will include stimulants, depressants, narcotics, hullucinogens, and alcohol or any other drugs except tobacco products not prescribed by a physician or taken as directed for medical purposes. The term <u>ADDICT</u> refers to any person physically dependent on heroin, morphine, opium or barbiturates.

	Check One
Year of birth	Elementary Teacher Secondary Teacher Administrator
	Other(fill in)



Listed below are a number of statements. Circle the letter (answer) as to what degree you agree or disagree with each statement. Circle only one for each statement.

		Strongly Agree	Agree	<u>Undecided</u>	<u>Disagree</u>	Strongly Disagree
1.	Parents should be responsible for drug education.	27.08 A	54.17 B	6.25 C	10.42 D	2.08 E
2.	Schools should be responsible for drug education.	28.13 A	61.46 3	3.13 C	7.28 D	L
3.	Community organizations should be responsible for drug education.	20.83 A	59.37 B	9.38 C	9.38 D	1.04 E
4.	There is a drug abuse problem in your community	19.79 A	55.21 B	20.83 C	4.17 D	E
5.	The drug abuse problem in the schools has been exaggerated by the media (e.g. newspaper, radio, T.V., etc.).	9.38 A	22.92 B	25. 0 0 C	35.42 D	7.28 E
6.	There is a drug abuse problem in your school.	14.58 A	55.21 B	19,79 C	10.42 D	E
7.	An important reason for drug abuse is that drugs are easy to get.	10.42 A	53.12 B	11.46 C	22.92 D	2.08 E
ε.	Permissiveness of parents is the single most important factor in drug use by young people.	6.25 A	15.63 B	18.74 C	43.75 D	15.63 E
9.	An important factor in drug abuse is the personality of the individual.	h ∉ 1.67 A	52.08 B	2.08 C	4.17 D	E
10.	At moderate amounts, the effects of any drug are determined more by personal and	nd ba	65.63	9.38	8.33	2.08
11.	Drug abusers have specific personality problems.		B 43.75 B	15.63 C	D 15.63 D	1.04 E
12.	The drug abuser is a victim of social forces beyond his control.	7.29 A	23.96 B	16.68 C	43.75 D	8.32 E
13.	Drug abuse is a problem created by the laws intended to control it.	2.08 A	12.50 B	25.00 C	53.13 D	7.29 E
14.	The danger of ADDICTION exists in the person, not in the drugs.	18.75 A	46.88 B	6.25 C	22.91 D	5.21 E



		Strongly Agree		Undec1ded	Disagree	Strongly Disagree
15.	Young people experiment with drugs because they have not been properly informed or instructed about their use and abuse.	2.08 A	20.83 B	10.42 C	48.96 D	17.71 E
16.	If people are properly instructed about drugs, the amount of drug abuse will go down.	4.17 A	2 5. 04	21.88 C	40.62 D	7.29 E
17.	Young people who may be tempted (and who may have the opportunity) to use drugs have the right to adequate public instruction.	23.96 A	70.83 B	5.21 C	D	E
18.	There is a typical type of person who abuses drugs.	5.21 A	26.04 B	12.50 , c	45.83 D	10.42 E
19.	Young people who experiment with drugs do so to prove they are grown up.	1.04 A	35.42 B	20.83 C	38.54 D	4.17 E
20.	Young people who experiment with drugs do so from fear of not being accepted.	9.38 A	67.71 B	9.37 C	13.54 D	E
21.	Drug abuse is a major factor in juvenile delinquency.	4.17 A	46.87 B	22.92 C	26.04 D	E
22.	Young people who misuse alcohol and drugs should be judged by society in the same manner adults are judged.	5.21 A	18.75 B	14.58 C	51.04 D	10.42 E
23.	Availability of alcohol and its use by society helps create a dependence upon it to meet social demands.	16.67 A	68.75 B	5.21 C	9.37 D	E
24.	Marijuana is used by some people in the same sense as others would use alcohol.	30.21 A	65.62 B	1.04 C	3.13 D	E
25.	Marijuana stimulates creativity.	A 1.04	16.67 B 10.42	22.92 C 21.88	55.21 D 58.33	5.21 E 8.33
	Marijuana stimulates the sex drive. Marijuana users are easily recognized.	A	B 6.25 B	C 9.38	D 64.58	E 19.71
	Moderate use of marijuana is not harmful.		37.50 B	C 30.21 C	D 19.79 D	2.08 E
29.	Most people use LSD to get a greater insight into their personality.	A	30.21 B	27.08 C	35.42 D	7.29 L

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		Strong, Agree	•	Undecided	i Disagree	Strongly Disagree
3 0.	The effects of LSD vary widely among individuals.	14.58 A	75.00 B	6.25 C	4.17 D	E
21.	Marijuana usage is harmful to health.	2.08 A	13.54 B	48.96 C	28.13 D	7.29 E
32.	The use of murijuana should be legalize	5.21 ed. A	8.33 B	29.17 C	31.25 D	26.04 E
22.	Marijuana in frequently a "stepping scole" to appealmentation with other drugs.	11.46 A	60.41 B	16.67 C	9.38 D	2.08 E
34.	Moderate use of stimulant drugs to scay awake is not harmful to health.	A	10.41 B	18.75 C	65.63 D	5.21 E
35.	Most people who use LSD use it in the same sense as others who use marijuana	1.04 . A	30.21 B	20.83 C	36.45 D	11.46 E
≟€.	If a drug does not cause physical need (ADDICTION), its use should be legal.	A	7.29 B	15.63 C	58.33 D	18.75 E
37.	rec drugs for ADDICTS would slow own the crime rate.	1.04 A	34.38 B	18.75 C	33.33 D	12.50 E
38.	the use of LSD could be helpful to asst persons.	A	6.25 B	8.33 C	47.92 D	37.50 E
٠٦.	The use of amphotomines (stimulants) and barbiturates (depressants) are not as harmful as many common health hazards such as smoking.	A	21.88 B	17.71 C	47.91 D	12.50 E
40.	heing ADDICTED to drugs should be against the law.	A	15.62 B	29.17 C	44.79 D	10.42 E
41.	it is more likely that the average person will have a good LSD "trip" than a poor "trip".	1.04 A	22.92 B	38.54 C	32.29 D	5.21 E
42.	Moderate use of marijuana is not harmful to your body or to the way you think.	4.17 A	30.20 L	29.13 C	34.37 D	3.13 E
43.	There is an increasing need for laws to control drugs that are abused.	10.42 A	42.70 B	17.71 C	26.04 D	3.13 E
44.	Most people who use marijuana use it for the same reasons others use alcohol.	16.67 A	75.00 B	6.25 C	2.08 D	E

		Strongly Agree	Agree	Undecided	Disagree	Strongly Disagree
45.	There should be laws controlling the sale of LSD.	35.42 A	54.17 B	5.21 C	4.16 D	1,04
46.	Those who regularly use marijuana experience emotional problems.	4.16 Λ	34.38 B	31.25 C	26.05 D	4.16 E
47.	Marijuana, or the reaction to it by our society, can result in serious problems for the user.	14.58 A	63.54 B	15.63 C	5.21 D	1.04 E
48.	methaphetamine or "speed" has become a popular alternative to LSD use.	6.25 A	52.09 ຜ	31.25 C	8.33 D	2.08 E
49.	Drug ADDICTS frequently commit violent crimes.	12.50 A	52.08 B	19.79 C	15.63 D	E
50.	Drug ADDICTS are more opt to commit sex crimes.	3.12 A	13.54 B	21.87 C	51.05 D	10.42 E
51.	Students begin abusing drugs because of pushers.	A	18.75 D	14.59 C	61.45 D	5.21 E
52.	Once you take a shot of Heroin, you will immediately be ADDICTED.	A	1.04 B	9.38 C	64.58 D	25.00 E
53.	Those who regularly use marijuana experience increasing physical problems.		11.45 B	39.59 C	40.63 D	7.29 E
54.	Once an ADDICI, always an ADDICT.	1.04 A	4.17 b	12.50 C	59.37 D	22.92 E
55.	Narcotic ADDICTION is a problem because it creates a population of criminals.	5.21 A	31.25 B	18.75 C	41.67 D	3.12 E
56 .	Drug abusers have sex more often and with a greater number of different people than non-users.	2.08 A	4.16 B	26.05 C	59.38 D	8.33 E
57.	Laws affecting marijuana control are too strict.	6.25 A	17.71 8	31.25 C	39.58 D	5.21 E
58.	Most drug apusers come from deprived poor city neighborhoods.	1.04 A	6.25 B	6.25 C	68.75 D	17.71 E
59.	People become ADDICTS because nobody stops them from becoming ADDICTS.	3.12 A	25.00 B	16.67 C	50.00 D	5.21 E
60.	I feel that warnings about marijuana affecting health apply to me.	7.29 A	27.08 B	15.63 C	36.45 V	13.55 E
61.	The use of non-narcotic drugs is a problem because it creates a population of criminals.	A	10.41 B	16.67 C	62.50 D	10.42

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BEST COPY AVAILABLE		Strongly Agree	Agree	Undecided Disagree		Strongly Disagree	
62. I feel that warnings about drugs than marijuana apply to me.	other	7.29 A	45.83 B	11.46 C	27.09 D	8.33 E	
63. Teachers are the appropriate pers for instructing about drugs.	onnel	5.21 A	50.00 B	26.04 C	17.71 D	1.04 E	

Please circle the degree to which you believe the use of Amphetamines (stimulants) will probably lead to.

	Very High	High	Modest	Slight	Negligible or No
64. Addiction	12.50	45.83	31.25	9.38	1.04
	A	B	C	D	E
65. Accidents	13.54	48.96	30.21	4.17	3.12
	A	B	C	D	E
66. Embarrassment to self or others	12.50	47.92	27.08	9.37	3.13
	A	B	C	D	E
67. Legal involvement: arrest	11.46	30.21	35.42	15.62	7.29
	A	B	C	D	E
68. Future career affected negatively	14.58	43.75	27.08	10.42	4.17
	A	B	C	D	E
69. Continued use	20.83 A	61.46 B	15.63 C	2.08 D	E
70. Undesirable change in behavior	2u.84	44.79	27.08	6.25	1.04
	A	B	C	D	E
71. Undesirable change in personal values	19.79	42.71	28.13	7.29	2.08
	A	B	C	D	E

Please circle the degree to which you believe the use of barbiturates (depressants) will probably lead to.

	Very High	H1gh	Modest	Slight	Negligible or No
	15.63	43.75	29.16	9.38	2.08
72. Addiction	A	В	C	D	E
	15.63	45.83	32.29	6.25	
73. Accidents	A	В	C	D	E
	11.46	36.46	38.54	11.46	2.08
74. Embarrassment to self or others	A	В	C	D	E
	9.38	22.92	36.45	18.75	12.50
75. Legal involvement: arrest	A	В	C	Ø	E
76. Future career affected negatively	12.50 A	44.79 B	30.21 C	9.38 D	3.12 E
77. Continued use	17.71 A	57.29 B	25.00 C	D	E
78. Undesirable change in behavior	19.79 A	43.75 B	30.21 C	5.21 D	1.04 E
79. Undesirable change in personal values	15.63 A	43.75 B	30.20 C	7.29 D	3.13 E



Please circle the degree to which you believe the use of LSD will probably lead to.

	Very High	<u> High</u>	Hodest	Slight	Negligible or No
80. Addiction	22.92 A	35.42 B	17.71 C	ن 14.5 D	9 .3 7
81. Accidents	42.71 A	48.96 B	7.29 C	1.04 D	E
82. Embarrassment to self or others	35.42 A	52.08 B	9.38 C	2.08	1.04 E
83. Legal involvement: arrest	28.13 A	46.87 B	21.88 C	2.08 D	1.04 E
84. Future career affected negatively	33.33 A	48.96 B	11.45 C	3.13 D	3.13 E
85. Continued use	22.92 A	48.96 B	16.66 C	7.29 D	4.17 E
86. Undesirable change in behavior	36.46 A	50.00 B	8.33 C	5.21 D	E
87. Undesirable change in personal values	34.38 A	45.83 B	11.46 C	6.25 D	2.08 E

Please circle the degree to which you believe the use of Heroin will probably lead to

e G.	Very High	High	Modest	Slight	Negligible or No
88. Addiction	64.58 A	31.25 B	4. 1 7 C	D	E
89. Accidents	42.71 A	38. 5 4 B	16.67 C	2.08 D	E
90. Embarrassment to self or others	39.59 A	37.50 B	19.79 C	2.08 D	1.04 E
91. Legal involvement: arrest	50.00 A	42.71 B	7.29 C	ם	E
92. Future career affected negatively	53.13 ▲	38.54 B	7.29 C	D	1.04 E
93. Continued use	59.38 A	36.46 B	4.16 C	D	E
94. Undesirable change in behavior	54.17 A	35.42 B	10.41 C	D	E
95. Undesirable change in personal values	55.21 A	34.38 B	9.37 C	1.04 D	E

Please circle the degree to which you believe the use of Marijuana will probably lead to.

96. Addiction	Very	High	<u>Modest</u>	811ght	Negligible
	High	10.42	33.33	27.08	or No
	1.04	B	C	D	28.13
	1.04	12.50	43.75	33.33	9.38
97. Accidents	A	B	C C	D	E. 30
_98. Embarrassment to self or others	2.08	18.75	34.38	31.25	13.54
	A	B	C	D	E

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Please circle the degree to which you believe the use of Marijuana will probably lead to. (Continued)

	Very High	<u>High</u>	Modest	Slight	Negligible or No
99. Legal involvement: arrest	3.13	31.25	38.54	25.00	2.08
	A	B	C	D	E
100. Future career affected negatively	5.21	21.88	30.20	34.38	8.33
	A	B	C	D	E
101. Continued use	3.13	20.83	45.83	23.96	6.25
	A	B	C	D	E
102. Undesirable change in behavior	4.17	22.91	37.50	28.13 .	. 7.29
	A	B	C	D	E
103. Undesirable change in personal values	4.17	28.13	32.29	27.08	8.33
	A	B	C	D	E

Please circle the degree to which you believe the use of Alcohol will probably lead to.

	Very High 13.54	<u>High</u> 42.72	<u>Modest</u> 27.08	Slight 14.58	Negligible or No 2.08
104. Addiction	A	В	С	D	E
105. Accidents	48.96 A	35.42 B	12.50 C	3.12 D	E
105. Embarrassment to self or others	33.33 A	41.67 B	21.88 C	3.12 D	E
107. Legal involvement: arrest	17.71	34.38	33.33	13.54	1.04
	A	B	C	D	E
108. Future career affected negatively	23.96	31.25	33.33	10.42	1.04
	A	B	c	D	E
109. Continued use	34.37	38.54	21.88	4.17	1.04
	A	B	C	D	E
110. Undesirable change in behavior	30.21	33.33	30.21	5.21	1.04
	A	B	C	D	E
111. Undesirable change in personal values	28.13	34.37	29.17	5.21	3.12
	A	B	C	D	B

In your opinion what is the relative importance of each of the following possible causes of drug abuse.

	Low ←				-> High
112. Academic pressure felt by student	7.29 A	18,75	36.46 C	29 p17	8.33
113. Curiosity, adventure	6.25 A	10.42 B	12.50 C	³⁷ 5 ⁵⁰	33.33 E
114. Rebellion against authority	7.29 A	12.50	16.67 C	39.59 D	23.95
115. Social pressure	6.25 A	10.42 B	16.67 C	33 3 33	33.33
116. Generation gap	7.29 A	21.88 B	39.58	27,08	4.17
111. Search for values	5.21	14.58	33.33	33 33	13.55
118. Desire to be "cool" or "in" or "hip"	8.33 A	13.54	15.63	31.25	31.25

(1)

SECTION B.
SUMMARY OF ADULT WORKSHOPS



DRUG ABUSE PREVENTION EDUCATION ESEA, Title III De Soto Public Schools

DRUG ATTITUDINAL INVENTORY

The purpose of this survey is to determine the attitudes, awareness, and knowledge of workshop participants.

This is completely anonymous survey. Do not sign your name.

This is not a test. Answer each question with the first response that comes to your mind. Please answer the questions as honestly and as sincerely as possible.

The term <u>DRUG</u> in the survey will include stimulants, depressants, narcotics, hullucinogens, and alcohol or any other drugs except tobacco products not prescribed by a physician or taken as directed for medical purposes. The term <u>ADUICT</u> refers to any person physically dependent on heroin, morphine, opium or barbiturates.

Year of birth	
Sex	
Resident of De Soto School District	[] Yes
	[] No



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Listed below are a number of statements. Circle the letter (answer) as to what degree you agree or disagree with each statement. Circle only one for each statement.

		Strongly Agree	Agree	Undecided	<u> Disagree</u>	Strongly Disagree
1.	Parents should be responsible for drug education.	38.98 A	44.07 B	6.78 C	10.17 v	E
2.	Schools should be responsible for drug education.	23.73 A	66.10 B	6.78 C	3.39 D	Ĺ
3.	Community organizations should be responsible for drug education.	22.03 A	38.98 B	25.42 C	13.57 D	E
4.	There is a drug abuse problem in your community	38.98 A	37.29 B	18.65 C	5.08 D	E
5.	The drug abuse problem in the schools has been exaggerated by the media	3.39	22.03	23.74	28.81	22.03
	(e.g. newspaper, radio, T.V., etc.).	A	В	С	D .	E
ઇ.	There is a drug abuse problem in your school.	22.03 A	37.29 B	32.21 C	6.78 D	1.69 E
7.	An important reason for drug abuse is that drugs are easy to get.	35.59 A	37.29 B	15.26 C	11.86 D	E
8.	Permissiveness of parents is the single most important factor in drug use by young people.	11.86 A	20.34 B	18.65 C	45.76 D	3.39 E
9.	An important factor in drug abuse is the personality of the individual.	e22.04	45.76 B	8.47 C	22.04 D	1.69 E
10.	At moderate amounts, the effects of any drug are determined more by personal and social factors than by the drug itself.	d 3.39 A	32.21 B	30.51 C	25.42 D	8.47 E
11.	Drug abusers have specific personality problems.	16.95 A	37.29 B	22.03 C	23.73 D	E
12.	The drug abuser is a victim of social forces beyond his control.	1.69 A	15.26 B	27.12 C	-54.24 D	1.69 E
13.	Drug abuse is a problem created by the laws intended to control it.	8.47 A	6.78 B	16.95 C	47.46 D	20.34 E
14.	The danger of ADDICTION exists in the person, not in the drugs.	6.78 A	33.90 B	11.86 C	35.59 D	11.87 E



•	•	Strong Agree	•	Undec 1ded	Disagree	Strongly Disagree
15,	breause they have not been properly informed or instructed about their	13.56	47.46	6.78	25.42	6.78
	use and abuse.	A	В	С	מ	E
15.	If people are properly instructed about drugs, the amount of drug abuse will yo down.	20.34 A	49.15 E	22.03 C	8.48 D	E
17.	Young people who may be tempted (and who may have the opportunity) to use drugs have the right to	30.51	55.93	5.08	6.79	1.69
	adequate public instruction.	A	В	c	D	E
13.	There is a typical type of person who abuses drugs.	6.79 A	15.25 B	10.17 C	55.93 D	11.86 E
19.	Young people who experiment with drugs do so to prove they are grown	10.18	35.59	15.25	35.59	3.39
	up.	A	B	C	D	E
29.	Young people who experiment with drugs do so from fear of not being accepted.	10.17 A	57.63 B	11.86 C	20.34 D	E
	Drug abuse is a major factor in juvenile delinquency.	13.56 A	47.46 B	13.56 C	23.73 D	1.69 E
72.	Young people who minume alcohol and drugs should be judged by society in the same number abilts are judged.	15.26 A	25.42 B	3.39 C	47.46 D	8.47 E
23	Availability of acohol and its use by society helps create a dependence upon it to meet social demands.	15.26 A	59.32 B	10.17 C	10.17 p	5.08 E
24.	Marijuana is used by some puople in the same sense as others would use	25.42	67.80	6.78	_	
	alcohol.	A 1.69	B 11.86	C 35.59	D 42.38	E 8.48
	Marijuana stimulates creativity.	A 8.48	B 16.95	C 35.59	5 33.90	E 5 .08
25.	Marijuana stimulates the sex drive.	A 1.69	B 15.25	C 42.38	D 37.29	E 3.39
27.	Marijuana users are easily recognized.	A	F	c	D	E
23.	Moderate use of marijuana is not harm-ful.	1.69 A	13.56 B	22.04 C	44.07 D	18.64 E
29.	Most people use LSD to get a greater insight into their personality.	5.08 A	20.34 B	40.68 C	27.12 D	6.78 E

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		St congly Agree		<u>Undecided</u>	Disagree	Strongly Disagree
37.	The offects of ISD work withly among individuals.	3.39 A	49.16 B	35.59 C	10.17 D	1.69 E
31.	Marijuana usage is harmful to health.	22.03 A	45.76 B	25.43 C	5.09 D	1.69 E
32.	The use of marijuana should be legalize	1.69 sd. A	1.69 B	16.96 C	27.12 D	52 .5 4 E
33.	Marijuana is frequently a "stepping stone" to experimentation with other drugs.	32.20 A	59.33 B	6.78 C	1.69 D	E
34.	Moderate use of stimulant drugs to stay awake is not harmful to health.	1.69 A	3.39 B	13.56 C	54.24 D	27.12 E
35.	Most people who use LSD use it in the same sense as others who use marijuans.	1.69 A	30.52 B	42.37 C	18.64 D	6.78 £
35.	If a diug does not cause physical need (ADDICTION), its use should be legal.	A	8.47 B	10.17 C	52.54 D	28.82 E
37.	Aige drugs for ADDICTS would slow from the crime rate.	5.09 A	11.86 B	13.56 C	37.29 D	32.20 E
.3.	The use of LSD could be helpful to most persons.	5.08 A	В	13.56 C	37.29 D	44.07 E
39.	The use of amphetamines (stimulants) and barriturates (depresants) are	5 00	1 40	35 / 3	(2.27	25 /2
	not as harmful as many common health hazards such as smoking.	5.09 A	1.69 B	25.43 C	42.37 D	25.42 E
40.	Taing ADDICTED to drugs should be against the law.	20.34 A	27.12 B	23.73 C	16.95 D	11.86 E
41.	It is more likely that the average person will have a good LSD "trip" than a poor "trip".	1.69 A	11.86 B	49.15 C	22.04 D	15.26 E
42.	Moderate use of marijuana is not harmful to your body or to the way you think.	A	8.47 B	20.34 C	57.63 D	13.56 E
43.	There is an increasing need for laws to control drugs that are abused.	33.90 A	42.38 B	5.08 C	5.08 D	13.56 E
44.	Most people who use marijuana use it for the same reasons others use alcohol.	13.56 A	57.63 B	16.95 C	10.17 D	1.69 E



	BEST COPY AVAILABLE	Strongly Agree	Acree	<u>Undecided</u>	Disagree	Strongly Disagree
	There should be true controlling to a size of LSD.	61.02 A	28.82 B	1.69 C	6.78 D	1.69 Ł
45.	Those who regularly use marijuana esperience emocional problems.	15.26 A	45.76 E	32.20 C	6.78 D	£
.7.	darijuana, or the reaction to it by our society, can result in serious problems for the user.	27.12 A	49.16 B	22.03 C	1.69 D	E
- j	disthaphetamine or 'speed' has become a popular alcornative to LSD use.	13.56 A	30.51	55.93 C	D	E
. 6.	Drug ADDICTS irrequently commit violent crimes.	40.68 A	42.37 B	11.86 C	5.09 D	E
57.	Drug ADDICTS are more apt to commit sex crimes.	18.64 A	18.64 B	37.29 C	23.74 D	1.69 E
51.	Scudents begin abusing drugs because of pushers.	13.56 A	54.24 D	8.47 C	16.95 D	6.78 E
52.	Once you take a shot of Heroin, you will immediately be ADDICTED.	3.39 A	8.48 B	40.68 C	38.98 D	8.47 E
	Those who regularly use marijuana experience increasing physical problem Game of ACDIGI, 12.473 an ADDICI.	13.56 is. A 5.09 A	38.98 £ 18.64 b	C	8.48 D 40.68 D	E 16.95 E
	Narcotic ADDICTION in a problem be- cause it creates a population of criminals.	18.64 A	35.59 B	27.13 C	16.95 D	1.69 E
56.	Drug abusers have sex more often and with greater number of different people than non-users.	6.78 A	18.64 B	44.07 C	27.12 D	3.39 E
57.	Laws affecting marijuana control are too strict.	1.69 A	1.69 B	18.65 C	42.38 D	35.59 E
Se.	Most drug abusers come from deprived poor city neighborhoods.	1.69 A	5.09 B	18.64 C	50.85 D	23.73 E
59	People become ADDICTS Lecause nobody atops them from becoming ADDICTS.	5.08 A	23.73 B	16.95 C	47.46 D	6.78 E
40	. I feel that warnings about marijuana affecting health apply to me.	15.25 A	33.90 B	16.95 C	23.73 D	10.17 E
6. 1	The use of non-narcotic drugs is a problem because it creates a population of criminals.	ion 1.69 A	3.39 B	47.46 C	44.07 D	3.35 E

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	BEST COPY AVAILABLE	Sermaly		<u>Undecided</u>	Disagree	Strongly Disagree
62.	I feel that warnings about drugs other than marijuana apply to me.	A	44.15 B	8.47 C	16.95 D	16.96 E
63.	Teachers are the appropriate personnel for instructing boot drugs.	5.08 A	28.81 B	30.52 C	23.73 D	11.86 E

Please circle the degree to which you believe the use of Amphetamines (stimulants) will probably lead to.

£ /.	A 4 4 4	Very High 32.20	<u>kigh</u> 44.08	Modest 20.34	Slight 1.69	Negligible or No
04.	Addiction	A	В	C	D	£
65.	Accidents	32.20 A	50.85 B	13.56 C	3.39 D	E
66.	Embarrassment to self or others	33.90 A	44.07 B	20.34 C	1.69 D	E
- 67.	Legal involvement: arrest	30.51 A	45.76 B	15.25 C	5.09 D	3.39 E
68.	Future career affected negatively	37.29 A	44.08 B	11.86 C	5.08 D	1.69 E
69.	Continued use	45.76 A	40.68 B	11.87 C	1.69 D	E
70.	Undesirable change in behavior	45.76 A	38.98 B	10.17 C	5.09 D	E
71.	Undesirable change in personal values	42.37 A	35.59 B	13.56 C	8.48 D	E

Please circle the degree to which you believe the use of barbiturates (depressants) will probably lead to.

	Very <u>High</u> 28.81	High 45.76	Modest 16.95	<u> 511ght</u> 8.48	Negligible or No
72. Addiction	A 38.98	B 28.82	С 22.03	D 8.48	E 1.69
73. Accidents	A 32.20	B 30.51	C 28.81	D 8.48	E
74. Embarrassment to self or others	A 35.59	B 23.73	C 22.03	D 15.26	E 3.39
75. Legal involvement: arrest	A 38.93	B 35.59	C 13.57	D 11.86	E
76. Future career affected negatively	A 45.76	B 33.90	c 13.56	D 5.09	g 1.69
77. Continued use	A 40.69	35.59	C 18.64	D 5.08	E
78. Undesirable change in behavior	A 42.37	B 32.20	. C 15.25	D 10.18	E
79. Undesirable change in personal values	A	В	C	D	E



Please circle the degree to which you believe the use of LSD will probably lead to.

	Very High	High	<u> Modest</u>	S11ght	Negligible or No
80. Addiction	52.54 A	25.42 B	13.56 C	3.39 D	5.09 E
81. Accidents	62.71 A	33.90 B	3.39 C	D	E
82. Embarrassment to self or others	50.85 A	33.90 B	11.86 C	3.39 D	ĸ
83. Legal involvement: arrest	52.54 A	32.21 B	13.56 C	1.69 D	E
84. Future career affected negatively	50.85 A	35.59 B	10.17 C	3.39 D	E
85. Continued use	57.63 A	28.81 B	8.48 C	3.39 D	1.69 B
86. Undesirable change in behavior	64.41 A	28.81 B	5.09 C	1.69 D	E
87. Undesirable change in personal values	66.10 A	25.42 B	6.79 C	1.69 D	E

Please circle the degree to which you believe the use of Heroin will probably lead to

	Very High	High	Modest	<u>Slight</u>	Negligible or No
83. Addiction	74.58	22 103	3 t ³⁹	D	E
89. Accidents	61.02 A	22.03 B	13.56 C	3 b 39	E
90. Embarrassment to self or others	61.02 A	22.03 B	15.26 C	1 b 69	E
91. Legal involvement: arrest	67.80 A	25.42 B	5.09 C	1 b 69	E
92. Future career affected negatively	72.88 A	18.64 B	5.09 C	3 , 39	E
93. Continued use	81.36 A	16.95 B	c	D	1.69
94. Undesirable change in behavior	71.19 A	23.73 B	3.39 C	1.69 D	E
95. Undesirable change in personal values	76.27	15.25 B	6.79 C	D	1.69 E

Please circle the degree to which you believe the use of Marijuans will probably lead to.

	Very High	High	Modest	Slight	Negligible or No
96. Addiction	23.73	27.12 B	30.51	10.17	8.47
97. Accidents	20.34 A	33.90 B	25.42 C	13.56 D	6.78
	23.73	32.20 B	22.03	15.25	6.7 <u>9</u>
98. Embarrasement to self or others	••	_	<u> </u>		



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Please circle the degree to which you believe the use of Marijuana will probably lead to. (Continued)

99. Legal involvement: arrest	Very <u>High</u> 28.81 A	High 32.21 B	Modest 22.03 C	<u>Slight</u> 13.56 D	Negligible or No 3.39
100. Puture career affected negatively	22.03	38.98	20.34	15.26	3.39
	A	B	C	D	E
101. Continued use	28.81	33.90	27.12	8.48	1.69
	A	B	C	D	R
101. Undesirable change in behavior	25.43 A	37.29 B	15.25 C	18.64 D	3.39
103. Undesirable change in personal values	28.82	35.59	15.25	15.25	5.09
	A	B	C	D	R

Please circle the degree to which you believe the use of Alcohol will probably lead to.

··· /ddiction	Very High 40.68	High 22.03	<u>Modest</u> 28.81	Slight 8.48	Negligible or No
	A 62.71	B 32.20	C 5.09	Ð	E
2. Accidents	A 54.24	B 30.51	C	D 3.39	E
196. Tabarrasament to celf or others	A 38.98	B	C	D	E
Legal involvement: arrest	A	B	15.26 C	11.86 D	E
12. Auture career affected uegatively	A	37.29 B	11.86 C	11.86 D	E
FOO. Continued use	47.46 A	27.12 B	22.03 C	3.39 D	E
11. Undesirable change in behavior	47.46 A	28.81 B	11.86 C	10.18 D	1.69
Mil. Unde irable change in personal values	47.46 A	33.90 B	8.47 C	6.78 D	3.39 B

In jour opinion what is the relative importance of each of the following possible causes of drug abuse.

	Low				High
112. Academic pressure felt by attedrat	18.64 A	18.64 B	37.29 C	8.48 D	16.95 E 35.59
100. Curiosity, adventure	10.17	13.56	13.56	27.12	35.59
	A	B	C	D	E
	18.64	10.17	8.48	35.59	27.12
11. Rebellion against authority	A	B	C	D	2
	10.17	18.64	23,74	35.59	11.86
1.5. Social pressure	A	B	C	D	E
	20.34	11.87	35.59	16.95	15.25
11. Generation gap	A	B	C	D	B
	18.64	16.95	35.59	15.26	13.56
. Search for values	A 11.86	B 6.48	C 3,39	30.51	45.76
Desire to be "cool" 'hip"	A	3	C	D	8

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COMMUNITY ADULT DRUG ABUSE WORKSHOP POST TEST

DRUG ABUSE PREVENTION EDUCATION ESEA, Title III De Soto Public Schools

DRUG ATTITUDINAL INVENTORY

The purpose of this survey is to determine the attitudes, awareness, and knowledge of workshop participants.

This is completely anonymous survey. Do not sign your name.

This is not a test. Answer each question with the first response that comes to your mind. Please answer the questions as homestly and as sincerely as possible.

The term <u>DRUG</u> in the survey will include stimulants, depressants, narcotics, hullucinogens, and alcohol or any other drugs except tobacco products not prescribed by a physician or taken as directed for medical purposes. The term <u>ADDICT</u> refers to any person physically dependent on heroin, morphine, opium or barbiturates.

Year of birth	3	
Sex	•	
Resident of De Soto School I	District [] 1	?es
	[] :	lo



Listed below are a number of statements. Circle the letter (answer) as to what degree you agree or disagree with each statement. Circle only one for each statement.

		Strongly Agree	y <u>Agree</u>	<u>Undecided</u>	Disagree	Strongly Disagree
1.	Parents should be responsible for drug education.	50% A	40% B	C	10% 0	£
2.	Schools should be responsible for drug education.	25% A	50% B	15 2 C	10% D	Ŀ
3.	Community organizations should be responsible for drug education.	25% A	55% 8	102 C	10% D	E
4.	There is a drug abuse problem in your community	35% A	50% B	c	15% D	Ē
5.	The drug abuse problem in the schools has been exaggerated by the media (e.g. newspaper, radio, T.V., etc.).	15% A	10% B	5% C	55% D	15% E
6.	There is a drug abuse problem in your school.	15% A	65% B	5% C	. 5% D	E
7.	An important reason for drug abuse is that drugs are casy to get.	25% A	70% B	C	5% D	E
2.	Permissivences of parents is the single most important factor in drug use by young people.	10% A	40% B	15% C	30% D	5% E
9.	An important factor in drug abuse is the peraposality of the individual.	e 45% A	25% B	20% C	5% D	5% E
10.	At moderate amounts, the effects of any drug are datermined more by personal an social factors than by the drug itself.	d 25%	55% B	5% C	15% D	E
11.	Drug abusers have apecific person lity problems.	15% ▲	45% B	5% C	30% 3	5% £
12.	The drug abuser is a victim of social forces beyond his control.	A	15% B	10 7 C	75% D	E
13.	Drug abuse is a problem created by the laws intended to control it.	A	5% B	10 2 C	60% D	25% B
14.	The danger of ADDICTION exists in the person, not in the diags.	30% A	30% B	10 Z C	25% D	5% E

	•	Strongly Agree		Undec 1 ded	Disagree	Strongly Disagree
15	because they have not been properly					
	informed or instructed about their use and above.	102	45%	10%	30%	5%
16		. A	В	С	a	E
10	. If people are peoperly instructed about drug , the meant of drug abuse	5%	70%	5%	20%	
	WILL D. Comme	A	B	C	ď	E
17	Young pools who may be tempted (and who tay have the opportunity) to use draps have the right so	30%	55%	5%	10%	
	adequate public instruction.	A	B	С	D	E
	There is a typical type of person the abuses drugs.	102 A	15% B	102 C	45% D	20% E
13.	Young people who experiment with drugs do so to prove they are grown	5%	65%	10%	20%	
	пр	A	B	C	D	E
2).	Toung people who experiment with drugs do so from fear of not hein concepted.	A	75% B	10% C	15% D	E
21.	Drug abuse is a major factor in juvenile delinquency.	15% A	55% B	10% C	20% D	E
22.	Young people who advance alread and laugh sheet a polytopy of the in-		40%	25%	25%	10%
A	the name number a bilts are judged.	A	В	С	D	E
23.	Availability of a shell and its use by society helps element a dependance upon it to must sector depends.	45% A	45% B	5% C	5% D	E
24.	Marijuma is used by come puple in the same same all the world use alcohol.	25% A	70% B	c	5% D	E
25.	Marijuan: stimulates creativity.	A	10% B	15% C	65% D	10Z E
25.	Marijuana crimulates the sex drive.	A	15% B	15% C	65% D	5% E
27.	Marijuana umera are navily recognized.	A	5% B	102 C	65% D	20% E
23.	Moderate use of tarijuana is not hara- ful.	Α	5 %	55%	40%	
24		A	B	C	D	E
23.	Most prople use LSD to get a greater lasigit into Elect patternity.	A	45% B	20% C	35% D	E
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		Strongly Agree		Undecided	Disagree	Strongly Disagree
30). The effects of LSD vary widely among	25%	70%	5%		
	individuals.	A	В	c	D	£
31	. Marijuana usage is harmful to health.	102	40% B	45%	_5%	
	. The use of marijuana should be agalized	 d. A	5% 8	C 5% C	D 40% D	E 50% E
33	. Marijuana is frequently a "stepping stone" to experimentation with	15%	55%	15%	15%	
	other drugs.	A	В	C	D	E
34	. Moderate use of stimulant drugs to stay awake is not harmful to health.	A	10% B	С	65%	25%
35	. Most people who use LSD use it in the			· ·	D	E
	same sense as others who use marijuans.	A	60% B	C	40% D	E
36	If a drug does not cause physical need	5%			60%	35%
	(ADDICTION), its use should be legal.	A	В	C	D	E
37.	Tree drugs for ADDICTS would slow		10%	15%	65%	10%
	lown the crime rate.	A	B	C	D	E
28.	The use of LSD could be helpful to	5%	10%		45%	40%
	most persons.	A	B	C	D	E
39.	The use of amphatemines (stimulants) and barbiturates (depressants) are not as harmful as many common health hazards such as smoking.	A	5% B	15% C	40% D	40% E
40.	Being ADDICTED to drugs should be	5%	20%	35%	40%	
	against the law.	A	B	C	102 D	E
41.	It is more likely that the average person will have a good LSD "trip" than a poor "trip".	A	40% B	10% C	50% D	E
42.	Moderate use of marijuana is not harmful to your body or to the way you think.	5% A	5% 13	25%	60%	5%
		•	٥	C	D	E
	There is an increasing need for laws to control drugs that are abused.	40% A	35% B	C	20% D	5% E
14.	Most people who use marijuana use it for the same reasons others use alcohol.	10% A	80% B	c	5% D	5% E

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		Strongly Agree	*	Undecided	Disagree	Strongly Disagree
43	sale of Lab.	60% A	40% B	С	D	Ł
46	Those who regularly use marijuana experience emotional problems.	5% A	65% B	15% C	15% D	Ē
47	• Marijuma, or the reaction to it by our laciony, can result in serious problems for the user.	10% A	80% B	5%	5%	
43	 riethaphetamine or "speed" has become popular alternative to LSD use. 	10% Å	65% &	C 15% C	D 10% D	E E
42.	Drug ADDICTS trequently commit violent crimes.	20% Å	45% B	5% C	30% D	E
50.	Drug ADDICTS are wore apt to commit sex crimes.	10% A	10% B	10% C	60% D	10% E
51	Students begin abusing drugs because of pushers.	20% A	65% E	c	10% D	5% E
30.	Cace you take a shot of Heroin, you will immediately be Addicted.	5% A	5% B	10% C	65% D	15% E
	These who regularly use marijuana experience increasing physical problems.		40% B	20% C	30% D	5 % E
	Once on Private although an ADDICT.	10% A	20% B	10% C	45% D	15% E
55.	Marcotic ADDUTION . To problem be- cause it croites a population of criminal	5% A .	50% B	20% C	20% D	5% E
5 6.	brug chusers have sex more often and with a promise number of different people than non-eners.	5% A	10% B	10% C	55% D	20% E
57.	Laws affecting marijuana control are too strict.	A	В	С	80% D	20% E
53. =	liont drug abusers come from deprived poor city wighborhoods.	A	10% B	C	65% D	25% E
59.	People become AFDICTS because nobody stops them from becoming ADDICTS.	102 A	15% B	c	65% D	102 E
=5 0	I feel that warnings about marijuana affecting mealth apply to me.	15% A	402 4	c	15% D	30 2 E
	The use of non-narcotic drugs is a problem because it creates a population of criminals.	A	10%	5%	80%	5%
	·	A 	B	C	D	<u> </u>
ER		• • •				-

	BEST COPY AVAILABLE	Strongly Agree	Agree	<u>Undecided</u>	Disagree	Strongly Disagree
C2.	I feel that warnings about drugs other than carijuana apply to me.	25% A	50% B	c	10% D	15% E
63.	feachers are the appropriate personnel for instructing about drugs.	, A	35% B	20% C	40% D	5% E

lease circle the degree to which you believe the use of Amphetamines (stimulants) will to ably lead to.

		Very High 50%	liigh 40%	Modest 5%	Slight	Negligible or No
ů.	Addiction	A	D D	C C	D D	E
•	Accidents	45%	40%	10%	5%	_
		A 35%	B 55%	С	D 10%	E
40.	Embarrassment to self or others	A 30%	. B 40%	C 15%	D 15%	E
	Legal involvement: arrest	A 40%	B 50%	C 10%	D	E
	future career affected negatively	A 40%	B 35%	C 15%	D 5%	E 5%
	Continued use	A 30%	B 50%	C 10%	រ 5%	E 5%
	Sudesirable change in behavior	A 30%	B 45%	C 5%	D 15%	E 5%
71.	Undesirable change in personal values	A	В	C	D	E

The territories the degree to which you believe the use of barbiturates (depressants) the probably lead to.

		Very lligh 50%	H1gh 302	Modest 15%	Slight 5%	Negligible or No
77.	diction	· A	В	C	D	E
***		40%	30%	20%	10%	_
ï".	atrubition	A	Ħ	C	D	E
		30%	30%	30%	10%	
74	imburrassment to self or others	A	B	C	D	E
		30%	30%	102	30%	
15.	Legal involvement: arrest	A	В	C	D	E
•. •	.	40%	25%	25%	10%	
	Future career affected negatively	A 35%	B 40%	C 20%	D 5%	E
• •	Continued use	A	В	C	D	E
		35%	35%	15%	15%	
	Undesirable change in behavior	A	· B	C	D	E
F		40%	25%	30%	5%	
74.	Undustrable change in personal values	A	В	C	D	E



Please circle the degree to which you believe the use of LSD will probably lead to.

	Very			•	Negligible
	fiigh	High	<u> </u>	Slight	or No
80. Addiction	25% A	50%	10% C	10% D	5% E
81. Accidents	40% A	40% P	10% C	10% D	E
82. Embarrassment to self or others	30% A	50% B	С	20% D	E
83. Legal involvement, arrest	25% A	30% B	35% C	10% D	E
84. Future career affected negatively	30% Λ	40% B	20% C	10% D	E
85. Continued use	20% A	50% B	20% C	10% D	E
86. Undesirable change in behavior	30% A	45% B	5% C	20% D	ï
87. Undesirable change in personal values	25% A	45% 3	10% C	20% D	E

Please circle the degree to which you believe the use of Heroin will probably lead to.

+ 32	Very High	liigh	Modest	Slight	Negligible or No
88. Addiction	80% A	15% B	C	5%))	£
39. Accidents	65% A	15% B	15% C	5% D	E
90. Embarrassment to self or others	60% A	20% B	5% C	15% D	E
91. Legal involvement arrest	60% A	20% B	10% C	10% D	E
92. Future career affected negatively	65% A	15% B	10% C	10% D	£
	65%	20% B	c	15% D	E
93. Continued use	A 60%	25%	10%	5%	
94. Undesirable change in behavior	A 70%	B 10%	C 10%	D 10%	E -
95. Undesirable change in personal values	A	В	С	D	E

Please circle the degree to which you believe the use of Marijuans will probably lead to.

e n - car	Very High 52	<u> High</u> 35%	Nodest . 30%	Slight 5%	Negligible or No 25%
96. Addiction	A	В	C	Ð	E
, or 1,442-0-1	5%	25%	45%	10%	15%
97. Accidents	A	B	C	D	E
y i negaconia	1.0%	35%	30%	15%	10%
Esbarrassment to self or others	A	ij	C	D	E

Please circle the degree to which you believe the use of Marijuana will probably lead to.

99. Legal involvement, arrest	Very <u>Eigh</u> 15%	<u> </u>	Hodest 40%	Slight 15%	Negligible or No
99. Legal involvement, arrest	A	В	C	D	F.
100. Future career affected negatively	A 10%	45% E 35%	35% C 50%	10% D 5%	102 E
101. Continued use	A 10%	3 25%	C 45%	D 15%	E 5%
102. Undesirable change in behavior	л 10%	± 25%	C 55%	D 5%	E 5%
160. Undestrable change in personal values	A	i	C	D	E

Plane circle the degree to which you believe the use of Alcohol will probably lead to.

16/	Very High 35%	High 45%	Modest 10%	<u> 51 ight</u>	Negligible or No
104. Addiction	A	B	C	Ð	E
105. Accidents	70% A	20% B	10% C	D	E
10%. Tharrassment to self or others	60% ^	25% B	10% C	5% D	Ë
107. Legal involvement. arrest	45% A	40% B	15% C	D	E
103. Future career affected negatively	55% A	35% B	10% C	D	E
ing. Continued use	55% A	35% B	5% C	5% D	E
110. Undesirable change in behavior	50% A	30% B	20% C	מ	E
111. Undesirable change in personal values	50% A	25% B	20% C	5% D	E

In your opinion what is the relative importance of each of the following possible causes of drug abuse.

	Low <	- 			→ Hioh
446 4 4 .	15%	15%	35%	15%	⇒ High 20%
112. Academic pressure felt by student	A	В	C	D	E
	10%	10%	40%	10%	302
113. Curiosity, adventure	A	a	С	D	E
	10%	25%	20%	15%	30%
114. Rebellion against authority	A	В	C	D	E
	5%	20%	40%	15%	20%
115. Social pressure	A	В	C	Ð	E
	15%	20%	40%	10%	15%
116. Generation gap	A	В	c	D	E
	20%	20%	302	15%	15%
127. Search for values	A	В	C	ם	E
	10%	15%	15%	35%	25%
1:8 Desire to be "cool" or "in" or "hip"	Λ	, B	C	Ď	E
ERIC					-

41.1

SECTION C.

SUMMARY OF PRIORITY RANKING INSTRUMENTS
BY FACULTY AND ADMINISTRATION

OBJECTIVE 4

131 priority thank a mathematic were issued to faculty and administration of De Soto Public Schools, St. Rose of Link and determent By instruments were completed and returned -- 66% response.

4	BEST CURT AVAILABLE											
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ES 7	6.9	ć	<u> </u>	7 0°,	33.5	2		9.2	5.75	10.34	<i>5</i> .	6.9
PERCENTAGES f	12.64		7:1	12.64	19,34	~;	4. 1.4	10.34	6.9	Ø.	16.34	9',
47 64	10.34	• 6	7.6	8.04	10.34	11.5	 c4	ው ይ	12.64	64	14.94	4.6
4	10.34	,	7: 1	*	10.34	11.5	9.5	10.34	15.54	10.34	ه. ه	5.74
۳۰	2.6	:	3. 44.	3	17.5	16.34	10.34	16.34	14.94	40. r	9. 9	5.73
~	9.			13. :	၁	18.4	70 3	7: 7	12.64	10.34	10.34	1.14
,	1.6		1.14	5.7	1.14	6.62	ۍ ن	11.5	16.35	16.1	.16.34	2.3
	. Pladge of the legal aspects of drig	3 .	ergressional drug education library	Karaledge of the pharmacology of druga	owledge about alcohol and alcoholism	, aight into the youthful drug culture	a written curriculum gulde for drug abuse acuention	in ining in the thea of committation of committee to the section and technology	Enculedge of the sociological aspects of drug abuse	Demonstration of teaching methods used in other schools in the area of drug abuse	Information concerning referral procedures. helping agencies, treatment facilities, etc.10.34 in the area of drug abuse	Ability to evaluate written and audio- visual materials about drug abuse



SECTION D.

TITLE III EVALUATION TEAM REPORT

1.11

147. Subject 1. 14. A. Liber 1. 14.13.

STATE OF A COUNTY OF A SHARE A COUNTY OF A

Bara to a decide control of the property of the care

- 4. It appropriately a large varients a of faculty, print, and no weeklie, have a time to raise and such appreciation for the workship.
- 2. If the total one part in the action the workshops feel that they were worthwalls on the little transfer more of them.
- 5. The strip of areas is a summary too project directors, so all particles are into more in a sectorary at an expectation of the director, and also see unity at 1 ages.
- A. I to 10 to 10 to each their of the control functions as well this students that the rotes of 10 to 10 to 10 to 10 to date, it will be a strong and who are greaters.
- 5. This product is to be served ied for forming and using the Advisory Council to the plante may the committee working with the commutative
- 6. The discontinuation of interrution and the cooperation from the commanital and the two libration on-going activities.

THE STATE OF THE S

RECOMMON MATTERNALE

- There serious to be a contain arount of confusion among some particle parts construct the fature of the project. Recommend a brief cutilize of inture of their contacts of provide the all participants.
- At the next of a construction was diagraphened about the laid on the difference of two controls are draw nin-ase, and drug about the that we result to exist a co.

