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ABSTRACT

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This fifth annual survey presents the racial and ethnic distribution of students and staff in California community colleges. The emphasis is changed from previous years, however, to include statistical data on the sex composition of students and staff, and progress by the Chancellor's Office and the colleges in affirmative action efforts, including indepth descriptions of the affirmative action activities of several districts. The percentage of minorities in all student categories and nearly all ethnic classifications increased from fall 1972 to fall 1973. Minority students constitute approximately one-fourth of total college enrollment. Similar increases in minority composition of staff have occurred. During the fall of 1973, women constituted 48 percent of all enrollment and 41 percent of all district personnel. The appendixes, making up the major portion of the report, include statewide statistics on staff and students, the Chancellor's Office minority policy and statistics, the Affirmative Action Program Outline adopted by the Board of Governors, and other affirmative action related documents. (Author/HJK)



US DEPARTMENT OF NEALTH EDUCATION & WELFARE NATIONAL INSTITUTE OF EDUCATION

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RACIAL AND ETHNIC SURVEY

FALL 1973

CALIFORNIA COMMUNITY COLLEGES

> Chancellor's Office Sacramento

July 1974

PREFACE

This fifth annual Racial and Ethnic Survey, required by Title 5 of the Administrative Code, continues the format of previous studies by presenting the racial and ethnic distribution of students and staff in California Community Colleges. The emphasis, however, is changed significantly to include also:

- a. Statistical data on sex composition of students and staff, and
- b. Progress by the Chancellor's Office and Community Colleges in affirmative action efforts, including in-depth description of the specific activities of several districts.

Future surveys will be continued on an annual basis but rely to the maximum extent possible upon federal reporting, thereby reducing district obligations for information. In addition, future surveys will continue to include discussions of progress in affirmative action and show the sex composition, as well as racial and ethnic distribution, of staff and students.

The percentage of minorities in all student categories and nearly all ethnic classifications increased from fall 1972 to fall 1973. Minority students constitute approximately one-fourth of total college enrollment. Similar increases in minority composition of staff have occurred, with minority employees representing nearly 14 percent of all employees. During fall 1973, women constituted 48 percent of all enrollment and 41 percent of all district personnel.

Limited data available suggest there was no significant difference in first-year persistence rates between (a) minority and non-minority students or between (b) men and women students in Community Colleges during 1972-73.

In-depth descriptions of efforts by several college districts indicate the many constraints which must be overcome and problems to be solved in planning, implementing, and evaluating an effective affirmative action program.

Our thanks to all who participated in this effort, particularly to members of the Chancellor's Advisory Committee on Affirmative Action and to Joseph Freitas of the Analytical Studies staff who prepared the report.

Sidney W. Brossman Chancellor

Charles McIntyre Director Analytical Studies

July 1974



CONTENTS

<u>Pa</u>	
Preface	
Contentsi	i
Background	1
Changes in This Year's Survey	2
Survey Results	.3
Survey of Chancellor's Office	5
Status of Affirmative Action Planning	5
Elements of Affirmative Action Planning	7
Description of Affirmative Action Planning by Selected Districts	8
Recent Developments in Affirmative Action	8
Appendix A: Statewide Statistics on Staff and Students, Fall 1973 :	10
Appendix B: Chancellor's Office Minority Policy and Statistics	14
Appendix C: Districts' Responses to Data Collection and Affirmative Action Questionnaire	16
Appendix D: District Responses for Changes in Future Surveys	17
Appendix E: District Data on Students and Staff and Women in Selected Categories, Fall 1973	18
Appendix F: Excerpts from Fall 1972 Report to Board of Covernors Describing Survey Interpretations	29
Appendix G: Elements of Affirmative Action Planning	34
Appendix H: Affirmative Action Program Outline Adopted by Board of Governors, April 1973	40
Appendix I: Descriptive Statements on Affirmative Action Programs from Six Selected Districts	
Appendix J: District Data on Students and Staff, Fall 1972	68



RACIAL AND ETHNIC SURVEY FALL 1973 CALIFORNIA COMMUNITY COLLEGES

BACKGROUND

In the context of EOPS regulations, the California Administrative Code (Title 5, Section 56110) requires that:

An annual ethnic survey of the student population, instructional staff, administrative staff, supportive staff, and noncertificated staff shall be conducted by each college and submitted through the district to the Chancellor.

The Board reviewed the first of these reports in Occober 1970 covering results for fall 1969. At Board request, a one-time survey of minority composition of students in apprenticeship programe 113 also included. Similar surveys, expanded to include vocational educational students and staff, have been reported to the Board each subseque year.

This is the fifth annual report to the Board on the racial and ethnic composition of Community College students and staff. This report focuses less on statistical analysis, emphasizing instead district affirmative planning and implementation. This direction should be more useful to district personnel involved in equal opportunity programs.

Affirmative action planning is considered to be a set of result-oriented procedures with the objective of equal employment opportunity, though the enrollment of students is also implied. Current affirmative action efforts find their legal origins in the Civil Rights Act of 1866, though it was not until 1968 that the U.S. Supreme Court found this Act constitutional. Recent court activity indicates that the 1866 law may have considerable impact upon employers, including educational institutions.

As a concept, affirmative action grew out of civil rights activities of the 1960's and became recognized as an approach for achieving equal employment opportunity by the issuance of Presidential Executive Order 11246 in 1965. This and subsequent executive orders derived statutory basis from the Civil Rights Act of 1964 (Title VI and Title VII). The Equal Employment Opportunity Act of 1972 amended the Civil Rights Act by removing the exemption for educational institutions. Under the new law, the Equal Employment Opportunity Commission is empowered to institute proceedings against any employer of 15 or more employees. This provision effectively encompasses all Community College districts. Further, the Office for Civil Rights of the Department of Health, Education, and Welfare also has concurrent jurisdiction over educational institutions.

Rules and regulations under Executive Order 11246 are established by the Department of Labor and published in the Federal Register. In October 1972 the Department of Labor in cooperation with the Office of Civil Rights published regulations requiring all educational institutions, public as well as private, to maintain a written affirmative action plan.



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Section 1411 of the California Fair Employment Practices Act of 1959, as amended in 1967, states:

It is hereby declared as the public policy of this st that it is necessary to protect and safeguard the right and opportunity of all persons to seek, obtain, and hold employment without discrimination or abridgment on account of race, religious creed, color, national origin, ancestry, or sex.

This Act also defines "affirmative actions" and empowers the Fair Employment Practices Commission to investigate and prevent unlawful employment practices. The Division of Fair Employment Practices "may engage in affirmative actions with employers, employment agencies, and labor organizations in furtherance of the purposes ... as expressed in Section 1411."

The Board of Governors adopted a prototype affirmative action program outline in April 1969 and directed the Chancellor to request Community Colleges to adopt appropriate programs. In September 1971 the Board adopted a "Statement of Policy on Minority Personnel Practices" (Appendix B). Although addressed primarily to the Chancellor's Office, the Statement requested Community College districts to reexamine their personnel practices and adopt affirmative action programs.

In April 1973, the Board adopted a resolution encouraging the Community Colleges in their affirmative action planning and directing the Chancellor to transmit a revised affirmative action program outline (Appendix H) to the districts for their consideration in developing plans. The new outline updated and expanded the one developed in 1969. In keeping with Executive Order 11246, the outline specified development of a plan setting forth goals and objectives and a timetable for implementation, as well as in-depth analysis of problem areas and district follow-up and evaluation of progress. This revised outline added provisions for women, reevaluation of testing procedures used for employment of minorities and women, and programs of in-service training.

CHANGES IN THIS YEAR'S SURVEY

This year's survey was simplified by deleting the section on apprenticeship programs, recognizing

- (a) The need for a broader approach with less emphasis on specific programs.
- (b) That the one-time request by the Board has been satisfied.
- (c) The need to avoid duplication of other efforts by the Chancellor's Office and Division of Apprenticeship Standards.

This deletion made possible redesign of the survey instrument to a single page. While this change appeared to be a change in the data required, the information requested was exactly the same as that of the prior year (less the apprenticeship data).



A questionnaire was included this year to solicit information on:

- a. Student data collection procedures.
- b. Availability and validity of ethnic composition data on the general population at the district level.
- c. In cal board action on affirmative action planning and implementation.
- d. Suggested changes in future surveys.

A third change stems from the problems discussed in last year's report concerning the appropriateness of K-12 ethnic composition as the Community College comparative base of "community composition" and permissible variation from that or any other base (Appendix F). No reference to district K-12 composition appears in this year's report.

Sex composition of selected staff and student categories has been added from data available from other reports (Appendix E).

Much of this year's agenda item is devoted to affirmative action considerations. The Board role in affirmative action is considered and the Chancellor's Affirmative Action Advisory Committee assisted in preparing the aganda item.

SURVEY RESULTS

Categories and racial and ethnic classifications are shown in Appendix A, Tables 1 and 2. Changes in statewide minority composition of Community College students and staff for fall 1971, 1972, and 1973 are shown in Appendix A, Tables 3-8. Table 9 of Appendix A compares the minority composition of K-12 public schools and total enrollment of Community Colleges, fall 1971 and 1973.

The percent of minorities in all three student categories and in nearly all ethnic classifications increased from fall 1972 to fall 1973 (see Tables 4 and 5). The change in pattern of Black and Spanish-surname students in vocational education may be due to continuing difficulties in data reporting. Minority students apparently continue to attend more often on a full-time basis than do other students. Forty-eight percent of all students in fall 1973 were women.

Minorities in each staff category also increased in fall 1973, with the administration category showing the greatest gain (Tables 7 and 8). Of district personnel employed in all categories, 41 percent are women. Table 3, Appendix E, provides greater detail on women students and staff. For districts reporting both parameters, data indicate very little difference in minority composition of the combined staff categories between full-time employees and total employees. Full-time employee data show 14.2 percent minority staff, while 13.6 percent of all employees are reported as minority.

Appendix J provides similar district detail on students and staff for fall 1972.

Appendix C summarizes information about data collection techniques. Seventy-four percent of the colleges use some form of self-identification during registration to identify racial and ethnic minorities. Fifty-one percent have students identify their ethnic background on regular registration forms, while 23% use a special form for this purpose. Some colleges use more than one procedure. Len colleges obtain the information from admissions application.



Persistence characteristics of women and minority students may be analyzed by reference to the only current study in this area being conducted by the Postsecondary Education Commission. A recent progress report,

The Other Side of Persistence, examining "nonpersistence" of the student sample after one year's time, noted:

Percentages of minority group students among those who withdrew during, and discontinued after, the fall term were obtained for comparison with the percentages of minority students in the "al sample. The percentages were similar. Minority ients constituted 22% of the total sample studied and _0% of the nonpersistors for fall 1972 term. The same percentage was found for men and women. The percentage of minority students who withdrew during the term was slightly higher than the percentage which discontinued after the term (22% and 18%, respectively). Thus minority groups students do not appear to differ significantly from other students, with respect to their race, in persistence in their first year of enrollment.

Full-time men and women do not differ with respect to rates of nonpersistence, with fewer than 20% of each group failing to persist beyond the end of the fall term.

... Sixty-three percent of the women in evening classes did not persist beyond the first term, compared with fifty percent of the men. However, men enrolled parttime in day classes exhibited a slightly higher rate of nonpersistence than women (46%, compared with 43%). Time of day of enrollment thus appears to be of somewhat greater significance than sex in determining rates of persistence, when rates for part-time students are compared.

Thus, there do not appear to have been significant differences during 1972-73 in persistence rates between (a) racial and ethnic minorities and non-minorities or between (b) men and women in California Community Colleges. In any case, Commission staff concluded (correctly) that such nonpersistence rates do not accurately measure either success or failure on the part of those enrolled in a Community College:

We conclude that nonpersistence must not be equated with failure because of the large proportion of students with high grades who appear to have achieved their objectives in a single term. More generally, we conclude that early withdrawal or discontinuance is a complex phenomenon that needs to be examined further in the multi-faceted context of student welfare, institutional standards, and the State's interest.



SURVEY OF CHANCELLOR'S OFFICE

Appendix B includes the "Statement of Policy on Minority Personnel Practices" adopted by the Board in 1971 for the Chancellor's Office and a table (1 of Appendix B) comparing the current staff composition with that of April 1971. Percentage of minorities employed has increased almost 4 points and, currently, women constitute 56% of all categories.

In order to comply with a July 1, 1974 deadline, an affirmative action plan for the Chancellor's Office has been prepared for submittal to the State Personnel Board. As in the case of all other state agencies, this plan must include goals to be achieved and the assignment of responsibility to a specific individual as plan enabler.

STATUS OF AFFIRMATIVE ACTION PLANNING

Development of affirmative action programs in California's Community Colleges may be based upon:

- a. Moral commitment to the principle of equal opportunity for all.
- b. Responsibility as an educational institution to provide leadership in this field to the local community.
- c. Legal mandate derived from statutes, executive orders, rules and regulations, and court decisions. Among these are:
 - (1) California Fair Employment Practices Act of 1959, as amended in 1967.
 - (2) Civil Rights Act of 1964.
 - (3) Equal Employment Opportunity Act of 1972.
 - (4) Presidential Executive Order 11246, as amended by Executive Orders 11375 and 11478.
 - (5) Department of Labor Revised Orders No. 4 and No. 14.
 - (6) Education Amendments of 1972.
 - (7) State Plan for Equal Opportunity on Apprenticuship.
 - (8) Griggs vs. Duke Power Company.
 - (9) Rules and regulations as published in the Federal Register.

Federal equal opportunity requirements are administered by a variety of



departments and agencies. Four have special concern for colleges and universities:

- a. The Equal Employment Opportunity Commission administers Title VII of the Civil Rights Act of 1964, amended in 1972 to extend coverage to institutions of education.
- b. The Wage and Hour Division, Employment Standards Administration, Department of Labor, administers the Fair Labor Standards Act of 1938, as amended, including the Equal Pay Act of 1963, amended (1972) to include executive, administrative, and professional employees.
- c. The Office of Federal Contract Compliance, Department of Labor, has authority to develop policy and oversee federal enforcement of Executive Order 11246, as amended by Executive Order 11375 to include sex discrimination.
- d. The Office for Civil Rights, Department of Health, Education, and Welfare, has been designated by the Office of Federal Contract Compliance to be the enforcement agency with respect to affirmative action requirements in educational institutions.

Requirements of Executive Order 11246 are implemented by regulations of the Department of Labor. The Department determines matters of general applicability, including scope of coverage, obligations of employers subject to that coverage, administrative requirements applicable to federal agencies, steps in investigation and enforcement of compliance, and guidance for filing complaints of discrimination.

The Equal Employment Opportunity Commission has been delegated authority derived from the Civil Rights Act of 1964 to investigate discrimination complaints in educational institutions and may refer its findings to the courts for litigation without proceeding through the Department of Justice, as had been the procedure previously.

The Office for Civil Rights is responsible for enforcement of Executive Order 11246, as amended by Executive Order 11375, in institutions of higher education. These orders impose equal employment opportunity requirements on federal contractors and construction contractors in projects receiving more than \$10,000 in federal assistance from the Department of Health, Education, and Welfare. Noncompliance with the nondiscrimination provisions may result in a contract being "cancelled, terminated, or suspended in whole or in part and the contractor may be declared ineligible for further Government contracts." A Community College district may be a federal (prime) contractor.



Overlapping jurisdiction of these agencies is a problem, particularly when different agencies apply differing standards on the same issues. The college and university community should monitor and review federal developments in the area of affirmative action continuously to assure that the several federal agencies involved understand the unique operation of educational institutions.

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Appendices C and D summarize information about local board initiatives in affirmative action policy adoption, affirmative action plan activities, and general features of the plan, if one has been adopted.

As of March 1974, 53 of 68 responding districts, or 78%, indicate their governing boards have adopted aff mative action policy statements, but only 22 districts, or 32%, have accepted plans. An additional 36 districts had plans either scheduled for, or actually under, preparation. Only ten districts, or 15%, were not preparing plans at all. (A similar survey conducted by the Chancellor's Office in November 1972 indicated that of 49 responding districts, 10 had adopted plans, 29 were in some stage of preparation, and 10 were not preparing plans.)

Half the 22 adopted plans include provisions for analyzing student composition. Although all plans are said to establish goals, only 14 specify a timetable for achieving the stated goals.

Appendix D summarizes districts' recommendations for future surveys, including frequency and amount of detail to be included. Seventy-two percent of respondents favored less frequent surveys, while 60% indicated less detail was desirable.

ELEMENTS OF AFFIRMATIVE ACTION PLANNING

Appendix G contains a general description of elements involved in affirmative action planning, implementation, and evaluation, which may prove of value to districts without completed plans. This material has been synthesized from several sources and covers most features of a "comprehensive" affirmative action program, including consideration of student composition.



DESCRIPTION OF AFFIRMATIVE ACTION PLANNING BY SELECTED DISTRICTS

Six districts were asked to prepare a brief description of the development and content of their affirmative action planning efforts, covering the following points:

- a. Events leading up to the development of the plan, including breadth and intrasity of involvement of all elements of college and community.
- b. Brief review of the main features of the adopted plan, including date of adoption and specific goals and timetables.
- c. Strategies for implementing plan and evaluating its effectiveness.
- d. Evaluation of constraints on potential for implementation.
- e. Progress to date in implementation and evaluation of the plan.
- f. Further plans for increasing tempo of implementation and measuring effectiveness.

These statements were prepared by Yuba, Ventura, State Center, Grossmont, Pasadena, and Peralta Community College Districts and appear in Appendix I.

RECENT DEVELOPMENTS IN AFFIRMATIVE ACTION

The State Board of Education recently approved Title 5 regulations which alter its role in affirmative action planning. Among the findings are that:

- a. The State Board of Education finds that school districts employ a disproportionately low number of racial and ethnic minority teachers and a disproportionately low number of women and members of racial and ethnic minorities in administrative positions.
- b. Minority staff members tend to be concentrated in ethnically imbalanced schools.
- c. It is educationally sound for students from the majority group to have positive experiences with minority people which can be provided, in part, by having minority teachers, counselors, and administrators at schools where the enrollment is largely made up of majority group students.
- d. In general, it is educationally important for all students to learn from, develop positive experience with, and observe in responsible roles, persons of diverse religions, ages, ethnic backgrounds, and national heritages.



- e. In order for school districts and offices of county superintendents of schools to increase representation of diverse groups, there should be policy direction from the State Board of Education which requires such agencies to adopt and implement affirmative action employment plans.
- f. In adopting these regulations, it is the intent of the State Board of Education to require educational agencies to adopt plans for increasing the numbers of persons at all levels of responsibility who belong to groups which are or have been under-represented in the past.
- g. Each public education agency will develop and implement an affirmative ection employment program for all operating units and at all levels of responsibility within its jurisdiction. The Affirmative Action Employment Program shall have goals and timetables for its implementation. The plan will be a public record within the meaning of the California Public Records Act (Government Code Sections 6250 through 6260).
- h. By definition "public education agency" means the State Department of Education, each county superintendent of schools, and the governing board of each school district in California except Community College districts.
- i. Goals are not "quetes" and do not prescribe any final number or percentage of employees (they should relate both to the qualitative and quantitative needs of the employer).
- j. The Department of Education shall develop and disseminate to public education agencies guidelines to assist such agencies in developing and implementing affirmative action employment programs and shall render assistance to such agencies in carrying out the requirements of this chapter.

Another significant recent event was the decision of the U.S. Supreme Court not to hand down a ruling in the case of <u>DeFunis</u> vs. <u>Odegaard</u>. Some time ago a student, Marco DeFunis, brought suit against the University of Washington School of Law on the basis of race discrimination. In this instance the student, a Caucasian, was refused entrance to the school because the University was emphasizing admission of minority students. Subsequent to initiating legal action, DeFunis was admitted to the School of Law and has completed his studies. The Supreme Court refused to rule on the case on the basis that the specific question under litigation was now moot. Nevertheless, an important question has been raised and will have to be answered eventually.

Indicative of steps being taken at lower court levels is the settlement announced recently by the U.S. District Court in Los Angeles that three local racetracks and their employees' union have agreed that 60% of all new employees trained will be members of minorities or women. This program is to continue until the percentage of employees at the three tracks equals the racial and sex composition of Los Angeles County.



APPENDIX A

Total Number of Students by Category and Percentage Distribution by Minority Classification, Statewide, Fall 1973 Table 1.

		W	N I W	O R	I I	O R I T I E S	S 3		
Student Category	Total	Total Minority	Averican Indian	Asian	Black	Spanish Sumane	Other	Nan- Nan- Minority I	No Response
Full-time Enrollment	317,836	82,914	3,079	14,225	27,327	30,932	7,351	222,171	12,751
Total Enrollment	885,001	206,241	7,844	39,636	70,747	78,715	18,299	635,189	43,571
Vocational Education Students	290,836	70,455	2,697	8,909	26,863	25,018	6,968	210,040	10,341

Total Number of Staff by Category and Percentage Distribution by Minority Classification, Statewide, Fall 1973 Table 2.

14	by MI	nority Clas	by Minority Classification,	Statewide	Statewide, Fall 19/3	-			an a designation of the second	
		W	I N	0 R	II	3 I	S		semiferinteisderes, 4 4 -4m -	
Staff Category	Total	Total Minority	American Indian	Asian	Black	Spanish Surname	Othe r	Non- Minority	No Response	
Administration	1,192	147	Ŋ	14	92	84	4	1,045	ı	
Faculty & Other Cert.	28,027	3,126	99	620	1,158	1,145	137	24,874	27	
Vocational Ed. Staff	11,259	1,066	30	187	407	384	28	10,193	ì	
Classified Personnel	12,729	2,907	43	326	1,353	1,072	113	9,811	1	

APPENDIX A

Table 3. Percentage of Students by Minority Classification, Statewide, Fall 1971

Student Category	Total Minority	American Indian	Asian	Black	Spanish Surname	Other
Full-time	22.9	1.0	3.6	7.6	8.7	2.0
Total	22.3	1.0	3.1	7.9	8.5	1.8
Vocational education	20.5	.9	3.0	5.6	9.4	1.5
Apprenticeship	18.1	.9	1.1	4.8	10.2	1.1

Table 4. Percentage of Students by Minority Classification, Statewide, Fall 1972

Student Category	Total Minority	American Indian	Asian	Black	Spanish Surname	Other
Full-time	25.1	1.0	4.3	8.4	9.2	2.3
rotal	23.7	.9	3.7	8.1	9.0	2.0
Vocational education	23.3	.9	3.2	7.5	9.8	1.8
App renticeship	19.9	1.0	1.6	6.0	10.4	. 8

Table 5. Percentage of Students by Minority Classification, Statewide, Fall 1973

Student Category	Total Minority	Ame ri can Indian	Asi <i>a</i> n	Black	Spanish Surname	Other
ull-time	27.2	1.0	4.7	9.0	10.1	2.4
otal	24.5	.9	3.6	8.4	9.4	2.2
ocational education	25.1	1.0	3.2	9.6	8.9	2.5



Table 6. Percentage of Staff by Minority Classification, Statewide, Fall 1971

Staff Category	Total Minority	American Indian	Asian	Black	Spanish Surname	0ther
dministration aculty and other	8.5	.2	.6	4.7	3.0	~
certificated	9.4	. 2	1.7	3.8	3.3	.5
Vocational education	8.7	.1	1.9	3.5	2.7	.5
Classified	21.4	. 3	1.7	10.6	8.0	.6

Table 7. Percentage of Staff by Minority Classification, Statewide, Fall 1972

Staff Category	Total Minority	American Indian	Asian	Black	Spanish Surname	Other
dministration aculty and other	9.7	.5	.9	4.9	3.2	.2
certificated	10.7	. 2	2.0	4.1	3.9	.5
ocational education	8.3	.2	1.8	3.2	2.8	.3
lassified	22.7	.5	2.1	10.6	8.9	.6

Table 8. Percentage of Staff by Minority Classification, Statewide, Fall 1973

Staff Category	Total Minority	American Indian	Asian	Black	Spanish Surname	Other
dministration Faculty and other	12.3	. 4	1.1	6.4	4.0	.3
certificated	11.2	.2	2.2	4.1	4.1	.5
Vocational education	9.5	. 3	1.7	3.6	3.4	.5
Classified	22.9	.3	2.6	10.6	8.4	.9



APPENDIX A

Table 9. Percentage Distribution of Minorities in Public Schools K-12 and Total Enrollment of Community Colleges, Fall 1971 and 1973

Category	Total Minority	American Indian	Asian	Black	Spanish Curname	Other
K-12:						
Fall 1971	29.7	.4	2.3	9.9	16.0	1.1
Fall 1973	30.5	•5	3.0	9.8	17.2	n.a.
Percent change of total minority composition	2.7					
Community Colleges:						
Fall 1971	22.3	1.0	3.1	7.9	8.5	1.8
Fall 1973	24.5	•9	3.6	8.4	9.4	2.2
Percent change of total minority composition	9.9					



APPENDIX B

BOARD OF GOVERNORS CALIFORNIA COMMUNITY COLLEGES

STATEMENT OF POLICY MINORITY PERSONNEL PRACTICES

The Board of Governors of the California Community Colleges directs the Chancellor to exhaust every reasonable means to hire and promote only members of ethnic minority groups in an effort to achieve an equitable balance among employees reflecting the minority ratio of students in California Community Colleges.

To help reach this goal the Chancellor shall widen and intensify staff recruiting efforts in coordination with the State Personnel Board and other sources, take full advantage of waivers available under civil service regulations and testing procedures to reach the aforementioned goal, seek civil service examinations open to those outside state service, and take steps to seat minority members on civil service oral examination panels.

The Chancellor's plan to name a representative committee of individuals to serve as a Chancellor's Advisory Committee on Minority Personnel Practices in California Community Colleges, Community College Districts and the Chancellor's Office is supported by the Board of Governors.

The Board of Governors, having issued an Affirmative Action statement in April 1969, now renews its call to California Community Colleges and Community College districts to re-examine their own minority personnel practices and adopt Affirmative Action programs, if they have not already done so.

The Chancellor's intention to continue the function of the staff committee on minority personnel practices, with members representing all levels of employees in the Chancellor's Office from clerical through assistant chancellor, is supported by the Board of Governors. The Board also endorses the committee's work, with the help of the State Fair Employment Practices Commission, in organizing two staff minority awareness training sessions.

The Board of Governors supports Assembly Concurrent Resolution 157 of the 1971 legislative session, requesting the State Personnel Board, with cooperation of state agencies, to expand opportunities for disadvantaged and minority personnel in state employment, with reports to be made to the Legislature.

In striving to reach an equitable ratio of minority staff, the Board of Governors endorses the Chancellor's moves to fill some positions from the ranks of the disadvantaged through the Career Opportunities Development Program of the State Personnel Board, as set forth by the Governor.

Board of Governors Action No. 710931

Certified Adopted: September 16, 1971



18

APPENDIX B

Percentage Distribution of Chancellor's Office Staff by Category and Racial and Ethnic Classifications, 1971 and 1974, and Sex, 1974 Table 1.

		A	April 1971	ŗ~ł				January	ry 1974		
Category	Total	Total Minority	Asian	Black	Spanish Surname	Total	Total Minority	Asian	Власк	Spanish Surname	Women
Chancellor	<u></u>	i	l	i	ı	Ч	1	ı	ł	1	ļ
Vice Chancellors		ı	l	ì	ļ	a	50.0	ı	50.0	•	I
Assistant Chancellors	~	ı	1	ı	•	ĸ	ı	į	ı		t
Deans ·	9	16.7	t	16.7	1	9	16.7	ı	16.7	ı	ŧ
Specialists	22	22.7	I	9.1	13.6	30	33.3	ı	16.7	16.7	23.3
Other Professional	12	8.3	i	1	8.3	72	8.3	8.3	ſ	ı	41.7
Clerical	88	21.4	10.7	7.1	3.6	342	23.8	7.1	7.1	9.5	97.6
Temporary Help	<u>[</u>	42.9	14.3	ı	28.6	9	16.7	ŧ	1	16.7	₹99
Total	81	19.7	4.9	6.1	8.7	102	23.5	3.9	9,8	8.6	55.
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Responses to Selected Questions from Fall 1973 Racial and Ethnic Survey Questionnaire Relative to Data Collection and District Affirmative Action Planning

1.0

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1. How are racial and ethnic data collected at your college for this survey? (Circle all appropriate items) Responses (100) Number Percent a. Self-identification during registration on special 23 23.0 Self-identification during registration on regular b. student forms 51 51.0 Identification during registration by observation 10 10.0 Classroom surveys by instructors (partially) 4 4.0 College-wide sample by staff 1 1.0 Other: (1) Self-identification on admissions application 10 10.0

(2) "Estimates based on percentages"

2.	Has your Board adopted an affirmative action policy statement?	Respo	mses
	(As of March 1, 1974)	Number	Percent
	a. Yes b. No c. No response	53 15 1	76.8 21.7 1.4
	Total	69	100.0

3. Has your Board adopted an affirmative action plan? Responses (As of March 1, 1974) Number Percent 22 31.9 a. Yes 28 40.6 b. Under preparation Scheduled for c. 8 preparation 11.6 d. Not preparing plan at this time 14.5 10 1.4 No response 1 e. 69 Total 100.0

		Respons	es (22)
_		Number	Percent
ε	. Analyze staff composition?	22	100.0
ł	Analyze student composition?	11	50.0
C	. Identify areas of under-or over-representation?	16	72.7
ć	i. Estabiish goals?	22	100.0
6	e. Specify timetable for achieving aid ted goals?	14	63.6



Responses to Selected Questions from Chancellor's Office Fall 1973 Racial and Ethnic Survey Questionnaire Relative to Districts' Perceptions of Survey

1. What changes do you recommend in the Board of Governor's racial and ethnic survey?

			9 28.1		
			Number	Percent	
3.	More	frequent surveys	9	28.1	
) ,		frequent surveys	23	71.9	
.	More	detail	8	40.0	
i.	less	detail	12	60.0	

- 2. Typical suggestions for future changes:
 - a. "District surveys for purpose of achieving equal opportunities for minorities should be sufficient."
 - b. "Once every other year."
 - c. "Provide state funding to offset cost of preparation."
 - d. "Eliminate subject area breakdowns."
 - e. "Frequency of surveys is not as important as the quality of the survey itself."
 - f. "Surveys do not bring about change. Only developing and implementing a plan will cause change."
 - g. "Survey each semester."
 - h. "Coordinate all surveys required by Chancellor's Office and other state and federal agencies."
 - i. "Less frequent, neither student nor staff composition changes dramatically enough to warrant studies more often than 3-5 years."
 - j. "Keep the report constant so trends can be more readily seen."
 - k. "A separation of Filipino students from Asian or Oriental categories. Their problems are more nearly akin to those of the Spanish Surname group."
 - 1. "Most needed are updated 1970 census data . . . for district and for the state . . . ethnic and sex composition for population and labor force.
 - "Further, some attention should be given to common definitions and procedures for identifying ethnic minorities. We doubt the accuracy and, hence, usefulness of much of the present data."
 - m. "There should be a more precise method of comparing those eligible to attend community colleges and those enrolled. K-12 ethnic background is not necessarily a valid method"
 - n. "I suggest you adopt immediately . . . form required by the Federal Government."



Table 1. Fall 1973 District Data by Student Category and Racial and Ethnic Classification

				4 E N	Ò R	i T I	£ \$			
bi otr	rick and Category	Total	Total Minority	American Indian	Asian	Black	Spanish Surname	Other	Non- Minority	No Response
ALLAN HANCOCK	Full-time students foral students Voc. Educ. students	11,021	22.2	reported 1.9 reported	3 . 6	4.7	12.0	-	77.8	<u>-</u>
ANTELOPE VALLEY	full-time students Total students Voc. Educ. students	1,353 4,246 3,287	8.2 8.5 8.9	0.1 0.2 0.2	0.7 0.7 0.6	4.1 4.0 4.3	3.2 3.5 3.8	0.1 0.1	91.8 91.5 91.1	
BARSTOW	Fill-time students Fotal students Voc. Educ. students	578 1,455 711	34.1 29.6 26.9	0.9 1.2 1.0	1.0 1.0 0.6	10.7 0.8 8.0	19.4 17.6 16.0	2.1 1.4 1.3	65.9 70.4 73.1	-
BUTTE	Full-time students **Total students ∀oc. Educ. students	2,115 4,362 773	11.7 11.8 9.0	2.0 1.8 1.5	0.8 0.7 0.6	0.9 0.9 0.4	2.2 2.0 1.9	5•7 6•4 4•6	88.3 88.2 91.0	14.6 38.5 38.0
CABRILLO	Full-time students Total students Voc. Educ. students	2,995 7,064	9.1 8.3 Data not	0.5 0.6 reported	2.9 2.2	0.7	4.9 4.2	0.1 0.7	90.9 91.7	**
CERRITOS	Full-time students Total students Voc. Educ. students	5,437 17,494 8,707	18.4 18.6 17.8	1.0 0.9 0.9	2.6 2.2 2.3	1.3 1.3 1.4	12.3 13.0 12.4	1.3 1.2 0.9	81.6 81.4 82.2	0.1 0.1 0.1
CHAFFEY	Full-time students Total students Voc. Educ. students	3,522 8,912 4,355	17.3 15.6 15.6	0.4 0.4 0.4	1.1 0.6 0.6	2.7 2.4 2.4	12.1 11.5 11.5	1.0 0.7 0.7	82.7 84.4 84.4	-
CITRUS	Full-time students Fotal students Voc. Educ. students	3,245 8,594	19.3 17.8 Data not	0.9 0.8 reported	2.0 1.5	2.2	10.3	3.9 3.6	80.7 82.2	-
COACHELLA VALLEY	Full-time students Total students Voc. Educ. students	1,290 3,540 1,292	19.1 15.8 36.2	0.5 0.4 0.4	1.7 1.0 1.6	2.9 2.6 4.3	13.6 11.6 29.6	0.2 0.1 0.3	80.9 84.2 63.8	-
*COAST	F_ll-time students Total students Voc. Educ. students	9,510 38,114 21,183	7•5 7•5 7•5	0.7 0.7 0.7	1.5 1.5 1.5	0.3 0.3 0.3	3.1 9.1 3.1	1.8 1.8 1.8	92.5 92.5 92.5	3.6 3.6 3.6
COMPTON	Full-time students Total students * Voc. Educ. students	1,671 5,847 3,920	83.5 91.4 90.1	0.7 0.3 0.1	0.8 0.4 2.6	56.4 80.0 79.6	9.6 5.1 6.0	16.0 5.6 1.8	16.5 8.6 9.9	2.1
CONTRA COSTA	*Full-time students *Total students *** Voc. Educ. students	8,736 24,441 7,517	23.2 19.8 8.9	0.6 0.7 0.5	2.1 1.8 1.1	13.9 11.3 2.7	5.2 5.0 3.7	1.3 1.2 0.9	76.8 80.2 91.1	11.5
EL CAMINO	Full-time students Total students Voc. Educ. students	7,188 23,560 11,459	20.0 19.2 19.8	1.2 1.1 1.0	3.8 3.7 4.0	6.9 7.0 7.0	4.0 4.0 4.2	4.1 3.5 3.5	80.0 80.8 80.2	-
FOOTHILL	*Full-time students *Total students Voc. Educ. students	8,217 24,495 2,061	14.9 14.5 17.9	1.0 1.4 1.3	3•7 3•5 4•8	3•5 3•1 3•3	4.5 4.5 7.2	2.1 1.9 1.3	85.2 85.5 82.1	6.3 8.3

Percentage composition of minorities and non-minority derived from appondents' data only

**Excludes student, exclusively enrolled in classes for adults

**Incomplete data reported (either total program was not reported on all campuses reported data)

-18-



Table 1. Fall 1973 District Data by Student Category Control of the Category and Racial and Ethnic Classification

				M 1 N	O R	1 7 1	E 8			- 1987 - 1 1988:
Distri	ct and Category	Total	Total Winorit,	American	Asian	Black	Spanish Surname	Other	i Non-	No Response
FREMONT NEWARK	Full-time students fotal students Voc. 'duc. students	1,292 5,383 1,615	12.8 12.8 12.8	0.5 0.4 0.4	2.0 2.0 2.0	1.2 1.2 1.2	8.7 8.7 8.8	0.3 0.3 0.3	87.2 87.2 87.2	-
CAVILAN	full-time students Total students Voca (duca students	916 2,008	42.1 37.9 Vata not	1.0 0.7 reported	4.6 3.9	1.7	32.0 30.5	2.8 1.7	57.9 62.1	:
GLENDALE	Full-time students Total students Voc. tduc. students	2,473 6,656 3,174	18.8 13.6 24.1	0.6 0.6 1.0	6.: 3.7 7.1	0.4 0.2 0.6	5•7 3•4 9•9	5.7 5.7 5.5	81.2 86.4 75.9	<u> </u>
*GROSSMONT	Full-time students Total students Voc. iduc. students	4,910 12,945 6,632	7.9 6.7 6.6	1.4 1.0 1.2	1.0 0.8 0.8	1.2 1.1 1.2	3.0 3.2 2.8	1.2 0.7 0.7	92.1 93.3 93.4	0.4 0.5 0.8
HARTNELL	Full-time students Total students Voc. tduc. students	2,421 5,626	37-7 31-1 Data not	1.4 1.0 reported	3.4 2.8	3.1 2.7	17.4 15.9	12.4 8.7	62.9 68.9	:
IMPERIAL.	Full-time students Total students Voc. Educ. students	1,414 3,25; 2,447	53.4 47.3 48.5	0.9	1.3 1.0 1.1	4•9 9•3 3•5	43.1 35.6 38.8	3.7 6.2 5.4	46.6 52.7 51.2	:
•KERN	full-time students Total students Vcc. Educ. students	5,695 15,633 1,989	22.7 19.5 19.3	0.4 0.4 0.4	1.1 0.9 0.5	5.5 4.9 5.2	15.3 11.4 13.0	0.4 1.9 0.2	77-9 80-5 80-7	11.5 14.9 15.5
LASSEN	Full-time students fotal students Yoc. Iduc. students	1,791	7.3	reported 1.0 reported	0.7	1.9	3-2	0.4	92.7	-
*LONG BEACH	Full-time students fotal students Yoc. iduc. students	5,370 25,800 10,791	17.5 18.6 19.4	1.9 1.4 1.8	1.5 1.7 1.1	7.1 7.0 8.1	4.6 6.2 5.9	2.4 2.2 2.5	82.5 81.4 80.6	4.5 6.7 5.9
*LOS ANGELES	Full-time students fotal students Voc. Educ. students	39,355 107,417 39,715	46.6 44.3 44.9	0.6 0.6 0.7	5.6 5.9 4.4	22.2 20.5 26.7	16.5 16.0 10.9	1.6 1.8 2.3	59.4 55.7 55.1	5.6 7.6 2.4
LOS RIOS	Full-time students Total students Voc. Educ. students	13,235 20,154 11,053	25.6 25.4 27.4	2.8 3.0 3.2	7.4 6.8 6.0	7•7 7•7 9•3	5.4 5.5 6.9	2.3 2.4 2.5	74.4 74.6 72.6	9.2 12.5 21.7
MAR I II	Full-time students Total students Voc. I duc. students	3,718 8,213 2,437	7•7 6•4 11•5	0.6 0.6 0.6	1.6 1.5 1.3	2.9 2.2 2.5	2.6 2.2 2.1	5.0	92.9 93.6 88.5	- -
*MENDOCI NO	Full-time students Total students Voc. Educ. students	236 1,446 517	16.4 8.0 10.4	4.9 2.5 2.8	2.7 2.0 0.5	0.9 0.5 0.5	8.0 3.0 6.6	•	89.6 92.0 89.6	4.7 29.9 59.0
M ERCED	Full-time students Total students Voc. Educ. students	2,329 6,821 1,388	29.0 24.3 24.0	1.3	2.0 1.3 1.2	7.5 6.6 5.7	14.6 12.3 11.7	9.6 3.0 3.2	71.0 75.7 76.0	1.0 1.2 0.3

ercentage composition of minorities and non-minority derived from respondents* data only ERIC actudes students ractually enrolled in classes for adults recomplete data reported (either total program was not reported or not all campuses reported data)

Table 1. Fall 1973 District Data by Student Category BEST COPY ANNUABLE and Reciel and Ethnic Classification

				M 1 N	0 R	1 1 1	£ \$		İ	
'i ate	rict and Gategory	Total	Total Minority	American Indian	Asian	Black	Spenish Surname	Other	Non- Ninority	Na Re spo ns
NONTER! Y PENINCULA	full—time students Total students Voca Educa students	3,029 7,161 2,018	35.0 26.1 26.6	0.5 0.6 0.7	4.9 4.2 3.6	16.0 12.0 12.1	4.7 4.2 4.5	6.9 5.1 5.7	67.0 73.9 73.4	9.0 10.2 7.3
MT. SAN ANTONIO	*Full-time students *Total students Voc. tduc. students	6,349 16,932 8,936	26.9 27.2 18.1	1.7 1.4 0.3	0.9 0.8 0.8	4.9 4.5 2.1	14.2 14.0 10.9	7.2 6.5 3.9	71.1 72.8 81.9	8,6 19.0
Mr. SAN Jacinto	Full-time students Tofal students Yoc, fduc, students	533 2,016 1,146	18.0 10.2 15.0	3.6 2.0 1.7	2.3 1.0 0.8	5.6 2.0 1.9	. 6.6 5.2 10.6	•	82.0 89.8 85.0	-
NAPA	full-time students lotal students Voc. Educ. students	1,723 4,660	13.8 11.1 Data not	0.8 0.8 reported	2.4 1.4	1.5 1.0	9.1 7.9	-	86.2 88.9	-
NORTH ORANGE	Full-time students ** Total students ** Voc. Educ. students	10,418 25,554 5,695	11.9 12.8 19.8	0.7 0.9 0.9	1.7 1.7 1.7	0.6 0.6 0.4	6.2 6.7 8.0	2, 8 2, 9 2, 9	88.1 87.2 96.2	1.9 2.6 2.9
OCEANS I DE - CARLSBAD	Full-time students Total students Voca Educa students	1,166 3,011 753	25.0 25.0 24.8	4.0 4.0 4.2	3.9 4.0 4.0	6.0 6.0 5.8	9.9 10.0 9.8	1.0 1.0 0.9	75.0 75.0 75.2	-
PALOMAR	Full-time students Total students Voc. Educ. students	3,576 8,751 4,155	13.6 13.7 12.9	1.9 1.7 1.8	1.3 1.2 1.3	1.4 0.9 0.8	5.8 7.1 6.4	3.1 2.8 2.6	86.4 86.3 87.1	-
PALO YERDE	Full-time students Total students Voc. Educ. students	213 549 123	46.0 31.0 22.8	4.2 1.8 3-3	4.7 2.0 0.8	17.8 12.2 2.4	19.2 14.9 16.3	•	54.0 69.0 77.2	-
PAS ADENA	Full-time students Total students Yoc. Educ. students	6,886 16,912	25.1 24.3 Data not	0.5 0.4 reported	3.5 3.1	12.5	7.7 8.1	0.9	74.9 75.7	9.9 2.7
PERALTA	*Full-time students *Total students **Total students	16,533 27,274 6,770	50.0 53.5 53.7	1.4 1.5 1.3	6.9 6.8 6.8	36.8 39.5 37.6	4.9 4.7 6.6	0.5 1.0 1.4	50.0 46.5 46.3	4.9 9.1
HANCHO SANTIAGO	full-time students Total students Voc. Educ. students	3,706 12,294	19.4 16.7 Data not	0.9 0.8 reported	0.4 0.4	6.2 4.4	11.5	0.4	80.6 83.3	-
REDWOODS	Full-time students Total bludents Voc. Educ. students	Fall data not reported								
RIG HONDO	Full-time students Total students Yoc, Educ, students	4,304 12,121 6,229	32.4 31.4 31.8	1.5 1.5 1.5	1.6 1.4 1.4	0.3 1.0 1.3	28.9 27.4 27.6	•	67.6 68.6 68.2	-
R IVERS IDE	rull-time students Total students Voc. !duc. students	3,938 12,195 6,825	24.3 21.8 22.6	0.2 1.4 1.5	1.0 1.0 0.9	9.8 7.7 8.2	7.8 7.7 8.4	5.5 4.1 3.6	75-7 78-2 77-4	-

[&]quot;Percentage composition of minorities and non-minority derived from Tespondents' data only "of scludes students exclusively enrolled in classes for adults ""Incomplete data reported (either total program was not reported or not all campuses reported data)

Table 1. Fall 1973 District Data by Student Category and Recial and Ethnic Classification

			rac191	يوريس بدعد					Angelini mana	pinione
Distr	ict and Category	Total	Total	M I N American	O R	1 T 1	E 8		Non-	î Li No
		· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	Minority	Indian	Asien	Black	Surnese	Other	Mineril,	Response
CADRELOACH	full-time students	1,787	5.5	0.8	1,1	0.6	2.2	0.8	94.5	_
CADDLEBACK	iutal students Voca iduca students	4,680 751	5.7	0.7	0.8 0.6	0.7	2.7 4.2	0.7 1.2	94.3 92.3	
		, , ,	-			••,	-		720)	
SAN BERN-	full-time students	4,486	25.4	0.9	0.9	8.9	13.8	0.8	74.6 76.2	-
ARDI W	iotal students Voce iduce students	15,940 7,836	23.8	0.9	0.9 0.8	7.3 7.6	11.9 13.1	2.8 4.4	76.2	- •
-						-				,
SAN DII GO	full-time students	14,579	28.0	0.2	2.0	11.5	12.8	1.4	72.0	i -
	* Voc. i duc. students	56,595 14,406	22.3 19.0	0.2 0.2	2.1 1.3	8.4 10.1	10.9	1.3	77-7	
									 	:
SAN FRAM	full-time students	18,372 47,772	61.0 51.9	0.8 0.6	29.8 21.3	13.1 13.1	19.4 12.7	3.9 4.2	39.0 48.1	6.4
C1200	Vuc. I duc. students	12,540	51.2	0.4	16.6	14.9	12.9	6.9	48.8	10.6
What warms a section										
*SAN JOAQUIN	Full-time students Total students	5,148 13,722	30.6 24.5	1.0 1.0	4.7 9.4	6.4 5.4	14.3	4.1 2.8	69.4	2.0 1.4
	Voc. €duc. students	4,207	22.8	1.3	3-3	7.1	7.8	3.2	75.5 77.2	1.9
	Full-time students	4,107	04.4		1.0					
SAN JOSE	fotal students	15,205	24.4	1.4 1.1	1.9 1.9	5.5 4.1	14.5 12.8	1.2 0.9	75.6 79.3	-
	Voc. fduc. students	1,720	29.1	1.1	2.8	5.2	18.8	1.2	70.9	•
SAN LUIS	full-time students	1,452	11.0	1.0	1.2	1.9	5.3	2,2	89.0	6.4
OB1SP0	Total students Voc. iduc. students	4,254	8.4	1.1	0.6	1.1	4.9	1.2	91.6	7.0
	Anc. 1 doc. 24 dout 4	3,309	10.6	1,1	1.1	0.9	5-7	1.8	89.4	0-5
1	Full-time students	8,185	22.3	0.3	4.2	5.1	6.1	6.7	77-7	10.0
SAN MATEO	* Total students * Yoc. "dus. students	17,051 2,767	19.6 21.6	0.4	3.2 4.1	5.1 5.1 3.6	5.9 5.9	5.6 8.1	80.4 78.4	11.8
						,,,,	,,,,		1004	
SANTA	Full-time students	5,022	14.9	0.8	1.1	2.1	10.9		85.1 85.1	-
BARBARA	Yotal students You. Educ. students,	7,175	Data not	0.8 reported	1.1	2,1	10.9	~	85.1	-
Comments of the Section of the Secti				-						
SANTA	Full-time students	872	12.2	1.6	1.0	9-7	5.8	-	87.8	•
CLAR I TA	Total students Yoc. Fduc. students	2,165 575	5.2 2.4	1.4 0.5	0.7 0.3	2.3 1.0	4.8 0.5	-	90.8 97.6	-
-										
SANTA	Full-time students Total students	4,641 14,398	16.7 14.8	0.8	5.0	4-7	9.9 4.2	2.2	89.9	-
MONICA	Voc. Educ. students	6,393	15.4	0.6 0.7	3.8 4.5	4.2 2.2	4.1	2.0 4.0	85.2 84.6	3.6
			51.5							
*SEQUOTAS	full-time students ! Total students !	2,476 3,323	26.0 24.3	1.0	3.1 2.6	5.9 9.7 4.7	18.1 17.0	-	74.0 75.7	7.9 10.0
	Voc. (duc. students.	916	27.5	i.í	2.0	4.7	19.7	-	72.5	6.6
	Full-time students	2,862	9.0			• 4	2.0		21.5	40.5
●GHAC TA	Total students	9,240	7-7	3•3 2•7	1.1 0.7	1.4 1.1	9.2 3.2	-	91.0 92.3	40.9 97.4
	Voc. fduc. students	1,434	7.2	3.4	•	1.1	2.6	-	92.8	96.8
	Full-time students	2,452	7.5	1.0	2.2	0.6	2.7	-	92.5	
SIERRA	Total students Voc. Educ. students	5,000	7.5 6.7	1.4	1.7	0.4	3.7 3.2	•	93.3	-
	Singents		Data not	25		_				

efferentiate composition of minorities and non-minority derived from respondents' data only excludes students exclusively enrolled in classes for adults in complete data reported (either total program was not reported or not all campuses reported data)

Table 1. Fall 1973 District Data by Student Category Prot Programment and Racial and Ethnic Classification

10000	100 to 10			M I N	O R	1 7 1	E \$			
Distr	rict and Sategory	Total	Total Minority	American Indian	Asian	Black	Spenish Surname	Other	Non- Minority	No Respons
SISKIYOU	Full-time students Total students Voc. Educ. students	629	Data not Sep Data rot	reported 0.£ reported	-	1.9	1.0	•	9 6.5	•
COLANC	Full-time students *Total students *Voc. Educ. Students	2,772 7,269 2,356	25.9 23.4 24.1	0.7 0.6 0.6	5.1 3.8 4.1	13.1 11.2 11.7	3.0 3.1 3.1	4.0 4.6 4.5	74.1 76.6 75.9	0.3 1.4
SONOMA COUNTY	*Full-time students *fotal students Voc. Educ. students	4,549 11,656 1,542	9.5 7.6 9.3	1.7 1.2 1.8	1.5 1.1 1.4	1.7 1.2 1.0	3.3 2.6 3.7	1.4 1.5 1.3	90.5 92.4 90.7	0.5 0.9
SOUTH COUNTY	Full-time students Total - tudents Vuc. Educ. students	4,461 14,990 4,775	18.4 18.7 18.4	0.4 0.3 0.4	3.0 3.0	4.0 4.0 4.1	6.0 6.2 6.0	5.0 5.2 4.9	81.6 81.3 81.6	-
STATE CENTER	Full-time students Total students *Voc. Educ. students	6,270 9,757 4,956	32.4 30.7 31.9	0.7 0.7 0.8	4.8 4.2 3.5	5.9 5.2 6.2	19.0 18.3 20.1	2.0 2.2 1.1	67.6 69.3 68.1	- 4.4
SWELTWATER	Full-time students Total students Voc. Educ. students	3,354 3,482 5,632	27.3 23.5 23.5	0.4 0.4 0.4	1.2 0.9 0.9	3.2 2.7 3.0	15.8 14.0 13.6	6.7 5.4 5.6	72•7 76•5 76•5	-
VENTURA COUNTY	Tull-time ciudents Tutal students Voc. Educ. students	8,621 20,935 5,167	21.5 1r.0 19.6	0.9 1.1 0.8	2.0 1.8 2.0	3.5 2.7 3.6	13.1 10.6 11.8	2.0 1.8 1.4	78.5 82.0 80.4	-
VICTOR VALLEY	Full-time roudents lotal student Voc. Educ. Students	787 2,592 751	19.9 17.0 1/.1	1.4 1.1 0.9	1.7 1.5 1.5	7.9 6.6 6.4	5•3 4•9 4•7	3•7 2•9 2•7	80.1 83.0 83.9	-
21111	**Full-time students **Total students **Yoc. Educ. students	619 674 283	35.3 34.3 31.9	-	2.4 2.6 2.3	9.1 8.8 6.5	20.3 19.6 20.2	3.4 3.3 3.1	64.7 65.7 68.1	6.1 7.6 8.1
WEST KERN	Full-time students Total students Voc. Educ. students	317 869 182	11.0 6.1 6.0	-	3.2 1.3 1.6	3.2 1.3 2.2	2.8 2.6 1.1	1.9 0.9 1.1	89.0 93.9 94.0	-
WEST VALLEY	Full-time students Total students Voc. Educ. students	4,959 15,012 6,703	11.5 11.1 11.3	2.0 2.1 2.1	2.6 2.6 2.6	0.7 0.6 0.9	5.9 5.7 5.7	0.2	88.5 88.9 88.7	
YOSEMI FE	Full-time students Total students Voc. Educ. students	£,450 13,651 10,506	14.7 13.5 13.5	2.5 2.3 2.5	1.9 1.7 1.7	2.0 2.2 1.9	8.0 7.1 7.3	0.3 0.2 0.1	85.3 86.5 86.5	14.0 24.2 29.6
YUBA	Full-time students Total students Voc. Educ. students	2,441 5,640 1,404	25.2 19.9 19.7	1.6 1.3 2.3	4.3 2.9 2.0	5.4 5.3 4.6	8.4 6.3 7.0	5.4 4.0 3.8	74.8 80.1 80.3	-
*FC TAL	Full-time students Total students Voc. Educ. students	317,836 885,001 290,836	27.2 24.5 25.1	1.0 0.9 1.0	4.7 3.6 3.2	9.0 8.4 9.6	10.1 9.4 8.9	2.4 2.2 2.5	72.8 75.5 74.9	4.0 4.9 3.6

Table 2. Fall 1973 District Data by Staff Category and Racial and Ethnic Classification

				M I N	O R) T (E S	<u></u>	1771 Ib. 1	
Distri	ct and Category	Total	Total Minority	American Indian	Asian	Black	Spanish Surname	Other	Non- Minority	No Response
*ALLAN HANGCCK	Administration Faculty Voc. Educ. Etatf Classified	16 105 20 97	1 % # 1 • 7 20.6	- - - -	1.0	6.3 1.9 6.2	12.5 2.9 - 11.3	1.0	81.3 93.3 100.0 79.4	- B
ANTELOPE VALLEY	Administration Faculty Voc. Educ. Staff Classified	6 140 60 60	8.6 5.0 6.7	- - - -	1.4 3.3	2.9	4.3 1.7 6.7	-	100.0 91.4 95.0 93.3	
BARSTOW	*Administration † aculty foc. Educ. Staff Classified	3 39 28 30	5•1 33•3	3•3	3.3	10.0	5.1 20.0		100.0 94.9 100.0 66.7	-
BUTTE	*Administration *Faculty - Voc. Educ. Staff *Classified	11 79 39 63	7.6 2.6 12.7		2.5 2.6 1.6	5.1 4.8	4.8	1.6	100.0 92.4 97.4 87.3	# -
CABRILLO	Administration Faculty Voc. Educ. Staff Classified	9 257 68 127	11.1 7.0 2.9 6.3	- - -	1.6 1.5	11.1	2.7 1.5 3.9	1.6 0.8	88.9 99.0 97.1 93.7	-
CERRITOS	Administration Faculty Voc. Educ. Staff *Classified	26 533 293 210	3.8 14.1 11.6 13.3	1.1 1.0 0.5	1.3 1.4 1.4	1.5	3.8 9.9 7.5 11.4	0.2	96.2 85.9 88.4 86.7	-
CHAFFEY	Administration Facult; Voc. Educ. Etaff Classified	10 336 279 176	6.5 11.5 18.2	0.4	0.7 0.6	1.8 1.1 2.3	4.5 5.7 15.3	0.3 3.6	100.0 93.5 88.5 81.8	•- - -
CITRUS	Administration faculty Voc. Educ. Staff Classified	10 145 41 153	10.0 11.7 2.4 20.7	10.0	0.7	2.8 2.4 2.0	3.4 11.8	4.1 - 6.5	90.0 88.3 97.6 79.1	-
COACHELLA VALLEY	Administration Faculty Voc. Educ. Staff Classified	4 252 113 104	8.3 10.6 20.2	- - -	1.2	0.8 0.9 8.7	6.3 9.7 11.5	-	100.0 91.7 89.4 79.8	-
COAST	Administration Faculty Voc. Educ. Staff Classified	52 1,142 619 545	7•7 2•8 3•€ 5•0	-	0.9 1.5 0.7	1.9 0.4 0.6 0.6	5.8 1.4 1.3 3.7	0.2	92.3 97.2 96.4 95.0	-
COMPTON	Administration Faculty Voc. Educ. Staff Classified	20 260 82 121	€0.0 35.4 37.8 36.4	0.4	2•3 3•7 0•8	50.0 28.1 29.3 29.8	10.0 4.6 3.7 5.8	-	40.0 64.6 62.2 63.6	*
CONTRA COSTA	Admiristration Faculty Voc. Educ. Staff Ulrusified	35 654 223 307	17.1 11.3 9.9 17.9	0.2 0.9	2.0 1.3 1.3	14.3 6.4 5.4 12.1	2.9 2.6 2.2 4.6	0.2	82.9 88.7 90.1 82.1	-
EL CAMILIC	Administration facult, voc. Educ. Ptaff Classified	36 630 251 346	5.6 6.5 7.6 13.6	0.2	2.5 2.1 3.2	5.6 2.4 1.4 4.9	1.3 4.3 5.5	- -	94.4 93.7 92.2 86.4	-
F00TH ILL	Administration faculty Voc. Educ. Staff Glassified	36 907 67 427	11.1 9.2 7.5 19.4	0.2	5.6 3.4 6.0 6.1	2.6 1.5 4.2	5.6 3.1 - 8.9	- -	88.9 90.8 92.5 80.6	-

ERICIncomplete data reported (either total program was not reported or not all campuses reported data)

farcentage composition of minorities and non-minority derived from respondents data only

Table 2. Fall 1973 District Data by Staff Category and Racial and Ethnic Classification

				M I N	0 R	1 7 1	E S			
Distri	t and Category	Total	Total Minority	American Indian	Aeian	Black	Spanish Surname	Other	Non- Minority	No Response
FREMONT NEWARK	Administration Faculty Voc. tipe. taff Classified	10 173 67 59	10.0 6.4 4.5 18.6	- - -	10.0 4.6 4.5 3.4	- - -	1.7	-	90.0 93.6 95.5 81.4	
GAVILAN	Administration * Facult, * Yoc. iduc. I taff Classified	6. 51 21	11.8 19.0 Data not	- - reported	- - -	-	9.8 19.0	2.0	100.0 88.2 81.0	<u>-</u> -
GLE NDALE	Administration faculty You. Educ. Staff Classified	10 222 95 78	3.6 1.1 3.8	1 1 1	0.5	-	3.2 1.1 3.8	-	100.0 96.4 98.9 96.2	-
GROSSMOTIT	Administration Faculty Voc. : duc. Staff Classified	15 223 170	9.0 Data not	0.9 reported 1.2	2.7 1.2	1.3	4.0 1.8		100.0 91.0 93-5	-
HARTNELL	Administration Faculty You, Educ. Staff Classified	6 241 111 93	11.2 6.3 24.7	 	0.8 0.9 3.2	1.8 5.4	5.8 3.6 15.1	4.6	100.0 88.8 93.7 75.3	-
IMPERIAL	Administration Faculty Voc. Educ. Staff Classified	8 129 66 103	6.2 7.6 22.3	0.8	3.0	0.8 1.5 2.9	3.9 3.0 19.4	0.8	100.0 93.8 92.4 77.7	-
KERN	** Administration ** Faculty Voc. Educ. Staff ** Classified	35 418 273 2€3	5.7 9.3 6.6 23.6	0.5	1.0 2.2 0.4	1.9 1.1 9.9	5.7 5.7 3.3 13.3	0.2	94.3 90.7 93.4 76.4	- -
LASSETI	Administration Faculty Voca Educa Staff Classified	5 32 19	20.0 3.1 Data not	reported		20.0	3.1		80.0 96.9 100.0	-
LONG BEACH	Administration Faculty Voc. Educ. Staff Classified	20 252 386 223	10.0 10.4 7.8 7.6	0.1 0.3 0.4	5.0 1.3 0.8 0.4	5.0 3.8 3.9 3.6	4.5 2.3 2.7	0.8 0.5 0.4	90.0 89.6 92.2 92.4	
LOS ANGELES	Administration Facult/ Voc. Educ. Staff Classified	88 3,604 1,257 1,690	14.5 15.5 15.0 42.1	0.1 0.1 0.2	3.4 3.1 2.3 4.0	8.0 7.1 7.1 30.2	3.4 4.9 4.9 /.4	0.3 0.6 1.2	85.2 84.5 85.0 56.9	-
LOS RICO	Administration Faculty Voc. Educ. Staff Classified	54 1,274 214 409	18.5 9.7 7.0 20.8	1.8 0.2 0.2	1.8 2.6 1.9 4.6	9•3 3•7 3•3 8•8	5.6 3.1 1.4 6.6	0.2 0.5 0.5	81.5 90.3 93.0 79.2	- - - -
MARITI	Administration faculty Voc. Educ. Ttaff Classified	15 336 127 134	6.7 8.0 10.2 10.4	0.6 0.7	1.8 3.1 1.5	3.0 3.9 5.2	6.7 2.7 3.1 3.0	02 02 02 02 02	93•3 92•0 89•8 89•6	-
ME TIDOC 1 TID	Administration Faculty You, Iduc, Deaff Classified	4 93 30 12	25.0 2.2 5.3	- - 8•3	2 2 -	-	25.0 2.2	-	75.0 97.8 100.0 91.7	-
MERCED	Administration Faculty Voc. Educ. Staff Glassified	7 244 27 38	12.7 2.7 24.5	0.4 -	: :8	3.3 2.7 4.1	9.0 20.4	-	100.0 87.3 97.3 75.5	-

Table D. Fall 1973 District Data by Staff Category and Racial and Ethnic Classification

BEST COPY AVAILABLE

				HIN	O R	1 7 1	E S			
Distri	ct and Category	Total	Total Minority	American Indian	Asian	Black	Spenish Surname	Other	Non- Minority	No Response
MAIS HAY NO MA	Administration facult, voc. iduc. taft Classified	8 127 39 99	15 9.3 5.1 6.4	-	1.6 7.1	12.5 3.1 5.1 20.2	4.7	4.0	87.5 90.7 94.9 63.6	
MT. A. ANIONIO	Administration Faculty Voc. iduc. Itaff Classified	28 549 528 296	10.7 9.5 12.7 17.9	- 0.2 0.2	0.5 0.6 0.3	7.1 2.9 3.8 6.8	3.6 3.3 5.5 8.1	2.6 2.7 2.7	89.3 90.5 87.3 82.1	20 20 20
MT. NAV PAU NEU	Administration Faculty Voc. Educ. Staff Classified	5 71 27 35	4.2 8.6	- - -	-	1.4	1.4	1.4	100.0 95.8 100.0 91.4	-
NAPA	Administration Faculty Voc. Educ. Staff Classified	71	Data not Data not Data not 11.3	reported reported reported -	1.4		9•9		88.7	-
*NORIH DRAMGE	Administration Faculty Voc. Educ. Staff Classified	38 484 313 311	5•3 7•0 4•2 11•3	2.6 1.4 1.0 0.3	2.6 2.1 1.6 1.0	0.4 0.3 1.6	2, 9 1.3 7.4	0.2	94.7 93.0 95.8 88.7	-
COMANS LDE = CARLOBAD	Administration Faculty Voc. Educ. Staff Classified	7 146 43 62	- 6.8 2.3 25.8	- - -	4.8	3.2	6.2	0.7 2.3 1.6	100.0 93.2 97.7 74.2	-
'ALOMAR	Administration faculty Voc. Educ. Staff Classified	11 361 183 142	8.6 4.4 19.0	1.9	0.6	2.2 1.6 0.7	3.9 2.7 14.8	2.1	100.0 91.4 95.6 81.0	-
3 A1 0_ VI RD:	Administration Faculty Voc. Educ. Staff Classified	5 42 12 5	14.3 20.0	- - - -	-	4.8	9.5 20.0	- - -	100.0 35.7 100.0 80.0	
PANALENA	Administration **Facult; Voc. Educ. Staff Classified	25 380 306 394	20.0 10.5 15.0 34.5	0.5	2.4 2.6 2.3	12.0 5.8 8.2 22.6	8.0 2.4 3.9 8.6	0.3 0.5	80.0 89.5 85.0 65.5	
•i FRALTA	Administration Facult, Yoc. Educ. Staff FClassified	32 835 280 333	40.6 29.7 29.6 51.9	0.4 0.4 0.6	3.1 5.1 4.6 9.5	31.3 20.7 21.8 36.5	6.2 3.5 2.5 5.3	0.4	59.4 70.3 70.4 48.1	0.6
RANCHO ANTIACO	Administration "Taculty Voc. Educ. Staff Classified	29 394 221 230	10.3 8.1 7.2 26.1	- 0.3 0.5 0.4	0.8 1.4 1.3	6.9 2.0 1.8 5.7	3.4 4.6 3.6 17.8	0.5 0.9	89.7 91.9 92.8 73.9	-
REDWOOD";	Administration faculty Voc. Educ. Staff Classified	Fall data not report	e d							
R+0 +0*00	Administration Faculty Vuc. 'duc. Itaff Classified	10 457 244 151	20.0 9.8 9.4 21.9	0.4	10.0 2.6 2.0	0.9 1.6 0.7	10.0 4.8 5.3 21.2	1.1	80.0 90.2 90.6 78.1	**************************************
R1V) R. 156	Administration Facul Voc. (duc. Haff Olyssified	11 397 149 175	9.1 6.0 6.7 20.6	29,	0.7	3.0 4.7 7.4	9.1 3.0 1.3 11.4	-	90.9 94.0 93.3 79.4	

**Incomplete data reported (mither total program was not reported or not all campuses reported data

			Mac1a1						•	,,
0:		70409		M I N	O R	1 7 1	E S		•	lu.
Vistri	ct and Category	Total	Total Minority	American Indian	Asian	Black	Spanish Surname	Other	Non- Minority	No Response
SADDLEBACK	Administration faculty Voc. Educ. Staff Classified	5 154 48 78	3•9 4•2 6•4	0.6 1.3	•	-	3.2 4.2 5.1		100.0 96.1 95.8 93.6	- -
CAN BERN- ARDINO	Administration **Faculty **Voc. Educ. Staff Classified	12 191 123 175	16.7 9.4 16.3 21.7	1.6 -	1.0 2.4	8.3 3.1 1.6 8.0	8.3 5.2 9.8 13.7	- 0 _• 8	83.3 90.6 83.7 78.3	- - -
SAN DIEGO	Administration Faculty Voc. Educ. Staff Clausified	62 2,202 788 423	14.5 10.0 4.7 17.0	0.3 0.4 0.9	1.0 0.1	9•7 3•4 1•5 7•3	3.2 4.4 2.3 6.6	1.6 0.9 0.4 2.1	85.5 90.0 95.3 83.0	- - -
SAN FRANCISO	Administration Faculty Voc. Educ. Staff Classified	60 1,628 481 510	30.0 22.6 18.1 43.3	- 0.6	5.0 8.4 4.6 8.8	15.0 7.3 7.3 24.7	5.0 5.5 4.0 5.5	5.0 1.4 1.7 4.3	70.0 77.4 81.9 56.7	-
niugaol naz	Administration Faculty Voc. Educ. Staff Classified	11 234 199 185	13.7 6.5 26.5	- - -	3.0 1.5 8.6	5.6 3.0 11.4	5.1 2.0 6.5	- - -	100.0 86.3 93.5 73.5	• • •
*SAN JOSE	Administration Faculty Voc. Educ. Staff Classified	16 225 82 198	12.5 14.7 8.5 25.3	0.4	0.9 1.2 2.0	6.3 5.8 4.9 6.1	6.3 7.6 2.4 16.7	- - -	87.5 85.3 91.5 74.7	- - -
SAN LUIS OBISPO	*Administration *Faculty Voc. Educ. Staff *Classified	7 71 100 69	28.6 9.9 4.0 10.1	- - -	1.4 2.0 1.4	1.4	28.6 7.0 1.0 5.8	1.4 1.0 1.4	71.4 90.1 96.0 89.9	- - -
**CAN MATEO	Administration Faculty Voc. Educ. Staff Classified	36 511 144 245	16.7 11.7 11.8 16.3	0.4	3•3 4•9 2•4	11.1 4.3 5.6 8.2	5.6 3.1 1.4 4.9	0.6 0.4	83.3 88.2 83.7	- -
SANTA BARBARA	Administration **Faculty **Voc. Educ. Staff Classified	13 165 43 146	23.1 10.9 7.0 18.5	1.2	0.7	3.6 2.3 4.1	29.1 6.1 4.7 12.3	1.4	76.9 89.1 93.0 81.5	- -
SANTA CLARITA	Administration Faculty Voc. Educ. Staff Classified	7 90 41 50	5.6 4.9 4.0	-	1.1	3• 3 4• 9	2.0	1.1	100.0 94.4 95.1 96.0	-
SANTA MONECA	Administration Faculty Voc. Educ. Staff Classified	13 495 194 121	7•7 9•1 6•2 22•3	0.2 0.8	1.4 3.1 1.7	3.6 3.1 14.9	7•7 3•6 5•0	0.2	92•3 90•0 93•8 77•7	-
SEQUOINS	Administration Faculty Voc. Educ. Staff Classified	11 131 43 167	- 3.1 2.3 38.9	-	- -	0.8 12.6	2.3 2.3 26.3	•	100.0 96.9 97.7 61.1	-
CHASTA	*Administration *Faculty Voc. Educ. Staff Classified	10 130 53 134	10.0 2.3 1.9 5.2	1.5	0.8	10.0	1.5 1.9 1.5	-	90.0 97.7 98.1 94.8	- - -
SIERRA	Administration Faculty Voc. Educ. Staff Clausified	9 189 102 96	3•7 2•9 15•6	30	1.6 1.0 8.3	1.0	1.1 1.0 3.1	1.1	100.0 96.3 97.1 84.4	<u>.</u>

^{*}Full-time staff only
**Incomplete data reported (either total program was not reported or not all campuses reported de a)
***Hercentage composition of minorities and non-minority derived inom respondents data only

and Racial and Ethnic Classification

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District	t and Gategory	Total	Total Ninority	American Indian	Asian	Black	Spanish Surname	Other	Non- Minority	No Respons
SISKIYOU	Administration Faculty Voc. Educ. Staff Classified	5 41 36	Data not	reported	••	8.3	-		100.0 100.0 91.7	-
SOLA NO COUNTY	Administration Faculty Voc. Educ. Staff Classified	6 128 35 95	9.4 14.3 20.0	1.1	2.9 3.2	6.3 5.7 8.4	3.1 5.7 5.3	2.1	100.0 90.6 85.7 80.0	-
SONOMA	Administration Faculty Voc. Educ. Staff Classified	15 456 66 124	6.4 7.3	0.4	0.9	1.5	3.1 4.0	0.4	100.0 98.6 100.0 92.7	
SOUTH COUNTY	Administration Faculty Voc. Educ. Staff Classified	19 530 179 161	15.8 8.3 7.8 23.6	5.3 0.4 - 1.9	2.1 2.2 3.1	10.5 1.7 2.2 5.0	3.4 2.2 11.2	0.8 1.1 2.5	84.2 91.7 92.2 76.4	-
STATE LENTER	Administration Faculty Voc. Educ. Staff Classified	26 377 169 187	3.8 12.2 8.3 18.2	3.8 0.3 -	1.6 1.8 4.3	3.7 0.6 2.1	6.6 5.9 11.8		96.2 87.8 91.7 81.8	
SWEETWATER	Administration Faculty Voc. Educ. Staff Classified	10 351 62 1 <i>2</i> 0	10.0 12.5 17.7 18.3		2.6 3.3	2.3 3.2 2.5	10.0 7.1 9.7 12.5	0.6 4.8	90.0 87.5 82.3 81.7	2 2
VENTURA COUNTY	Administration Faculty Voc. Educ. Staff Classified	22 784 343 264	4.5 8.8 10.5 11.7	0.6	1.5 1.2 0.4	1.4 0.6 0.4	4.5 5.9 7.9 11.0	0.3	95.5 91.2 89.5 88.3	-
VICTOR VALLEY	*Administration *Faculty Voc. Educ. Staff *Classified	5 58 58 48	6.9 15.5 16.7	2.1		1.7 8.6 6.3.	5•2 6•9 8•3	100 20 20 80	100.0 93.1 84.5 83.3	-
WEST HILLS	Administration Faculty Voc. Educ. Staff Classified	5 47 16 38	7.9	-		-	7.9	-	100.0 100.0 100.0 92.1	-
WEST KERN	Administration Faculty Vota Educa Staff Classified	3 43 11 17	2.3 3.1	-	2.3 9.1	-	-		100.0 97.7 90.9 100.0	-
VALLEY	Administration Faculty Voc. Educ. Staff Classified	16 484 167 231	12.5 7.0 7.8 14.4	0.4	1.1 1.2 1.8	1.8 3.6 2.7	12.5 3.1 1.8 8.1	0.7	87.5 93.0 92.2 85.6	5.6 3.9
YOSEMITE	Administration Faculty Voc. Educ. Staff Classified	20 572 414 265	1.6 1.9 7.5	- 0.5 1.1	0.7 0.4	0.3 0.5 1.5	0.9 1.0 4.5		100.0 98.4 98.1 94.5	
YUBA *	* Administration * Faculty Voc. Educ. Staff Classified	2 124 46 119	15.3 10.3 19.3	1.7	4.8 2.2 3.4	4.0 2.2 5.0	4.0 6.5 6.7	2.4 2.5	100.0 34.7 89.2 80.7	
TOTAL	Administration Faculty Voc. Educ. Staff Classified	1,192 28,027 11,259 12,729	12.3 11.2 9.5 22.3	0.4 0.2 0.3 0.3	1.2 2.2 1.7 2.6	6.4 4.1 3.6 10.6	4.0 4.1 3.4 8.4	0.3 0.5 0.5 0.9	87.7 88.8 90.5 77.1	0.1

Full-time staff only
**Incomplete data reported (either total program was not reported or not all campuses reported data)
**Percentage composition of minorities and non-minority derived from respondents data only

BEST COPY AVAILABLE
Percentage of Women in Selected Enrollment and Staff Categories,
By District, Fall 1973 Table 3.

District	Total Errollment	Classified Personnel	Full-time Cor- tificated Staff	Administrative Staff
Allan Hancock	42.2	63.9	26.2	6.7
Antelope Valley	43.5	60.0	37.8	· · · ·
Barstow	40.3	60.0	17.1	23.5
Butte	45.3	65.1	22.5	9.6
Cabrillo	50.0	61.4	28.9	-
Cerritos	44.5	54.8	28.7	21.3
Chaffey	45.5	54.0	33.5	21,4
Citrus	43.9	60.8	24.8	20.0
Coachella Valley	50.2	56.8	25.7	8.3
Compton	49.4	55.6	30.0	14.3
Contra Costa	47.8	48.4	32.5	14.9
El Camino	45.9 44.5	59.6	24.8	9.5
Foothill	47.5	49.7	24.4	15.2
Fremont-Newark	52.1	52.5 64.4	26.7	12.7
Gavilan	46.7	68.8	N.A.	-
Glendale	57.3	68.3	18.4	100
Grossmont	45.2	67.4	30.8	13.0
Hartnell	36.8	48.4	25.9 24.0	19.0 14.3
pperial	47.1	69.7	N.A.	10.0
Kern	44.7	68.4		14.9
Lassen	44.0	73.7	33•5 3•3	41.7
Long Beach	50.8	63.2	29.5	10.5
Los Angeles	44.6	48.4	36.0	18.9
Los Rios	45.0	60.8	27.6	15.0
Marin	58.9	48.9	30.1	8.7
Mendocino	56.2	84.6	35.0	11.1
Merced	45.8		20.6	18.2
Monterey	42.0	56.1 N.A.	24.3	17.4
Mt. San Antonio	43.6	56.8	29.4	19.0
Mt. San Jacinto	42.3	55.9	17.9	20.0
Napa	51.9	67.6	36.5	9.1
North Orange	53.1	57.9	28.7	9•3
Oceanside-Carlabad	43.9	71.4	22.8	9.1
Palomar	46.2	76.1	26.9	21.7
Palo Verde	54.7	100.0	30.0	20.0
Pasadena	58.9	54-3	N.A.	N.A.
Peralta	46.1	56.9	N.A.	N.A.
Rancho Santiago	45.5 45.5	55.7 57.1	31.6	18,6
Redwoods Rio Hondo	47.7		22.0	5.0
Riverside	37.4	56.3	32.5	27.3
Saddleback	46.7 49.8	56.6	N.A.	N.A.
San Bernardino	44.1	57.7	23.9 N.A.	12.5
San Diego	53.0	49.7	28.9	N.A.
San Francisco	52.7	67.4 47.9	29.6	13.6 18.6
San Joaquin Delta	42.2	38.9	25.6	15.2
San Jose	3c 4	61.6	30.0	5.6
San Luis Obispo	48.1	50.7	Ñ.A.	12.5
San Mateo	49.9	59. 4	26.0	13.9
Canta Barbara	57.8	59.6	28.6	15.0
Santa Clarita Valley	42.1	54.0	32.6	22.2
Santa Monica	52.0	52.7	Ñ.A.	N.A.
Sequoiss	46.7	64.0	20.0	23.1
hasta	53.2	61,2	22.6	8.3
Sierra	43.1	60.6	18.8	•
Siskiyou	56.7	69.4	15.0	•
Colano	38.8	56.8	31.1	16.7
onoma	52.9	51.6	25.7	21.4
outh County	45.1	54.8	28.9	13.8
State Center Sweetwater	45.5	60.4	N.A.	-
veetwater Ventura	41.6	60.8	30.4	15.2
Victor Valley	44.1 45.1	61.0	20.7	8.1
vest Hills	50.5	60.9	24.6	28.6
Vest Kern	49.0	68 .4 64. 7	9.3	16.7
Vest Valley	51.5	53.4	15.8 26.2	16.7
osemite	46.4	58.0	25.3	8.3
uba	49.3	62.2	20.2	8.0
-		VERE	EV. E	
		~~	· -	
		32		
Hate	47.8	32 56.8,	28.5	14.7

(Excerpts from Fall 1972 Racial and Ethnic Survey Report to Board of Governors)

1. Comparison Base

One of the unresolved questions of racial and ethnic surveys is what constitutes racial or ethnic imbalance. This is a two-part problem:

- a. An appropriate base for comparison must be determined, and
- b. A range of acceptable variation from that base must be established.

Presumably, the appropriate comparative base for a Community College is the ethnic composition of the "community" it serves. The federal census is generally accepted as the best source of such information. There are, at least, two problems with census data for purposes of this survey:

- 1. Census data are not readily available in a format that coincides with specific Community College service areas.
- 2. Updating of federal census data is not currently available.

Following the procedure of prior surveys, this report employes the racial and ethnic composition of public elementary and secondary schools as the surrogate measure of community composition.

There are serious inequities incumbent in the use of K-12 racial and ethnic survey of public schools data as the measure of ethnic composition of a Community College's service area. The following table illustrates the variability encountered between published 1970 census data and comparable categories of the fall 1970 K-12 Department of Education ethnic survey for selected counties:

County and Category	American Indian	Asian	Black	Other Non White
Fresno				
(A) 1970 Census	. 5		4.9	2.3
(B) Fall 1970 K-12	. 3	1.9	6.1	.4
(C) K-12 Deviation as % of Census	-40.0%	-9.5%	24.5%	-82.6%
Kern				
(A) 1970 Census	.6			2.0
(B) Fall 1970 K-12	.3	.6	ö. 8	.6
(C) K-12 Deviation as % of Census	-50.0%	20.0%	19.3%	-70.0%
Monterey				
(A) 1970 Census	.5			4.8
(B) Fall 1970 K-12	. 2	3.3	6.8	3.0
(C) K-12 Deviation as % of Census	-60.0%	83.3%	38.8%	-37.5%
Napa and Solano SMSA				
(A) 1970 Census	.5			2.6
(B) Fall 1970 K-12	. 3	1.8	9.9	
(C) K-12 Deviation as % of Census	-40.0%	80.0%	47.8%	-34.6%
· ·	3.3			

San Diego				
(A) 1970 Census	. 4	.8	4.6	2.0
(B) Fall 1970 K-12	.3	1.2		1.6
(C) K-12 Deviation as % of Census	-25.0%	50.0%		-20.0%
San Francisco				
(A) 1970 Census	.4	9.8	13.4	4.9
(B) Fall 1970 K-12	.3		28.2	5.4
(C) K-12 Deviation as % of Census	-25.0%	74.5%	110.4%	10.2%
San Joaquin				
(A) 1970 Census	. 4	2.6	5.4	3.5
(B) Fall 1970 K-12	.3		7.2	2.3
(C) K-12 Deviation as % of Census	-25.0%	7.7%	33.3%	-34.3%
Santa Barbara				
(A) 1970 Census	. 4	1.1	2.4	1.7
(B) Fall 1970 K-12	.2	1.4	3.3	
(C) K-12 Deviation as % of Census	-50.0%	27.3%	37.5%	-82.4%
Sonoma		•		
(A) 1970 Census	.8	.6	1.0	1.0
(B) Fall 1970 K-12	1.0	.8	1.3	.5
(C) K-12 Deviation as % of Census	25.0%	33.3%	30.0%	-50.0%

The extreme example in the table is the City and County of San Francisco where the black students in public schools K-12 represent more than twice the composition of blacks in the population at large. Obviously, the relative balance of City College in this group of students is entirely dependent on which base the comparison is made.

Continued reliance on K-12 ethnic data is also questionable because the Department of Education does not seem committed to a survey made annually.

If Community College racial and ethnic composition is to be compared with that of its community, then better indices than K-12 composition are needed. Further, comparison bases for staff composition should differ from that used for students.

2. Acceptable Variation

The range of permissible absolute variation in percentage points from the measure of "community" composition varies among agencies and has changed from year to year in this series of reports. Two years ago the report to the Board of Governors used a ± 3 range, while last year's report used an average range of ± 7 percent. The California State Department of Education uses as its guideline Section ..4021(c) of Title 5 of the California Administrative Code, which states in part:

For purposes of these regulations a racial or ethnic imbalance is indicated in a school if the percentage of pupils of one or more racial or ethnic groups differs by more than 15 percentage points from that in all the schools of the district.

The Nevada State Department of Education has adopted a similar policy with a \pm 18% range.

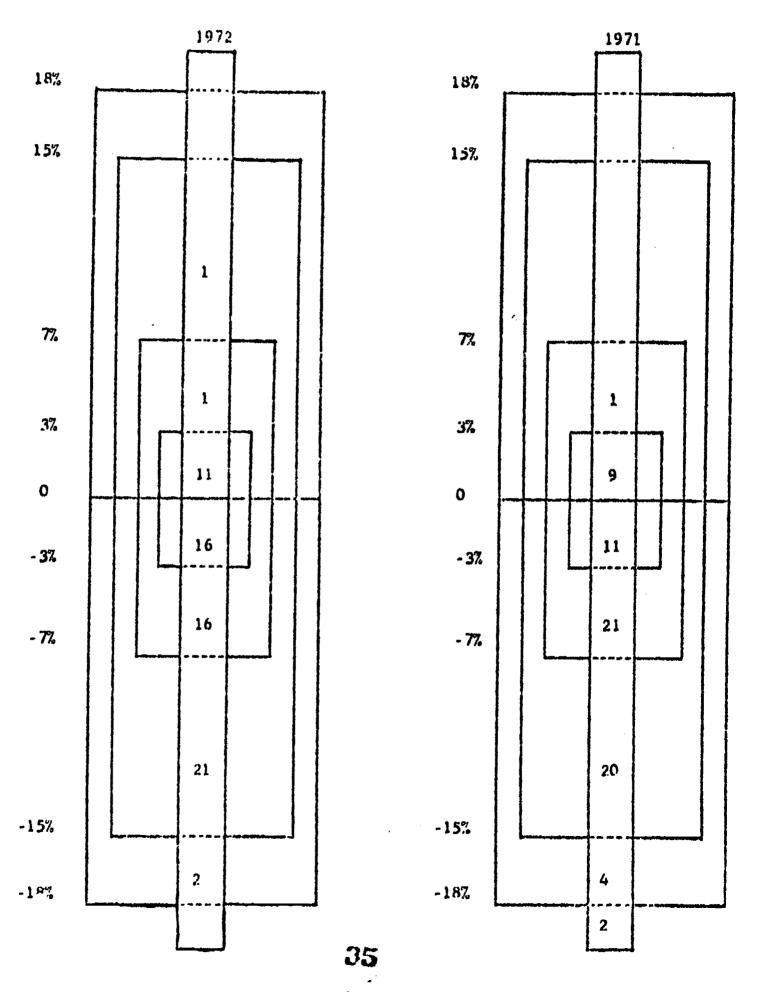


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34

Figure 1. DISTRICTS RANKED IN INTERVAL GROUPINGS
BY PERCENT DIFFERENCE BETWEEN THEIR
MINORITY COMPOSITION AND K-12 COMPOSITION

TOTAL ENROLLMENT



The implications of these various ranges for determining the number of districts out of balance are illustrated by Figure 1 in terms of total enrollments for fall 1972 and 1971. For instance, there were in the fall of 1972 twenty-seven districts with total enrollment of minority students within \pm 3% of their K-12 composition. Forty-four districts were within \pm 7% and all but two are within \pm 15%. All districts are in balance by Nevada's definition.

This report adopts no specific definition of balance A measure of balance is dependent upon a number of elements:

- 1. The current extent of minority group representation within the school system.
- 2. The availability of minority group persons for employment or enrollment.
- 3. The need for training or recruitment programs in the area and/or the need to assure demand for those in or from existing training or recruitment programs.
- 4. The impact of programs upon the existing labor or enrollment force.
- 5. The adequacy of data reporting.

3. Absolute or Relative Comparison

Among the problems resulting from the approach to the analysis of racial and ethnic survey data discussed above is that adjustment is not made for differences in the relative size of a particular group among the districts. What may appear at first glance to be two or more districts doing equally well in reflecting the K-12 composition may, in relation to the size of the group in question, not be true.

If, rather than an absolute measure of difference, a relative measure of difference is calculated a considerably modified picture emerges from the data. Such a relative measure could be referred to as an Index of Difference and its derivation would be as follows:

or

What this Index does is to adjust the absolute difference between the college composition and K-12 composition for the relative size of that particular group within the K-12 distribution. For a given absolute difference value, the smaller the relative size of the group involved, the greater the difference in the index.



The table below explains this concept utilizing full-time student data of selected minority subgroups for specific districts:

		A	В	C (A-B)	D* Index of Difference	
	Minority Category and District	Percentage Composition in K-12	Percentage Composition in Community Colleges	Absolute Difference in %		
1.	American Indian:					
	Redwoods	5.0	5.8	.8	16.0	
	Sonoma	1.1	1.9	.8	72.7	
2.	Black:					
	North Orange	.4	.3	(.1)	(25.0)	
	Riverside	7.8	7.7	(.1)	(1.3)	
	Kern	6.3	5.4	(.9)	(14.3)	
	Solano	12.7	11.7	(1.0)	(7.9)	
3.	Mexican-American:					
	Imperial	52.7	42.0	(10.7)	(20.3)	
	Rancho Santiago	21.8	11.4	(10.4)	(47.7)	

^{*}Column D = $\frac{\text{Column C}}{\text{Column A}} \times 100$

Drawing from the first example in the table, it is evident that, although the absolute difference between the K-12 American Indian composition and college composition of Redwoods and Sonoma districts is an identical .8% (Column C), the Index of Difference is 16.0 and 72.7 (Column D), respectively. This could be interpreted to mean that rather than being equal in this respect, Sonoma has done 4.5 times as well as Redwoods. But, even this approach does not get to the fundamental matter of difficulty of goal achievement. It may be that a wide variety of conditions in the Sonoma district converge to make such achievement comparatively simple relative to conditions at College of the Redwoods.

ELEMENTS OF AFFIRMATIVE ACTION PLANNING

Executive Order 11246 embodies two concepts: nondiscrimination and affirmative action. A clear nondiscrimination policy statement must be a part of a district's governing board's commitment to equal educational and equal employment opportunities. Affirmative action entails more than mere neutrality or impartiality. As the phrase implies, there must be an undertaking of positive action to overcome the long-time effects of systematic and institutional forms of exclusion and discrimination. Nothing in the executive order requires, however, an institution to eliminate or dilute standards which are necessary to the successful performance of its educational functions. The affirmative action concept does not require that any unqualified person be employed or promoted. Basic elements of a comprehensive "affirmative action" program include:

- 1. Establishment and implementation of nondiscriminatory policies and practices on student admissions and personnel employment.
 - a. A policy statement that affirms the commitment to affirmative action and that assures that no one will be discriminated against because of race, color, creed, religion, sex, marital status, or national origin.
 - b. A policy statement on student recruiting, admissions, and retention practices including such elements as:
 - 1) Elimination of de facto deferential admissions procedures and practices.
 - 2) Special efforts to recruit minority and women students.
 - 3) Special efforts to recruit women into traditionally male-dominated fields.
 - 4) Provide in-service training to faculty and other staff dealing directly with students to become more aware of special needs of minority and women students.
 - 5) Develop programs in all aspects of college activities (academic, vocational, athletic, co-curricular, etc.) which reflect the needs of the entire community.
 - 6) Develop funding sources to substantially decrease or eliminate educational costs to all economically disadvantaged students.
 - 7) Evaluation of curriculum and course material by each academic discipline to determine that they reflect and include the contributions of minorities and women.
 - 8) Establish exchange programs with colleges of predominantly minority student-bodies.
 - 9) Provide services that will increase the potential of disadvantaged students to persist in college.



- c. A policy statement on recruitment, appointment, retention, and promotion of employees including such elements as:
 - 1) General provisions:
 - a) Affirmative support for the rights of minorities and women to equal employment commensurate with their individual qualifications.
 - b) Equal pay and benefits for equal work.
 - c) Elimination of discrimination against minorities and women in all phases of personnel transactions.
 - d) Pregnancy, or possible pregnancy, shall not preclude the consideration of women for employment.
 - e) Inclusion in benefits program of maternity leave and an option for child-rearing leave.
 - 2) Recruiting and selection provisions:
 - a) Commitment to establish recruitment goals and timetables for overcoming imbalances in all job classifications.
 - b) Preparation of written job descriptions including required qualifications, duties and responsibilities, and anticipated duration of each position.
 - c) Positions to be advertised to the maximum practicable extent in the relevant recruiting areas.
 - d) Recruiting area to be realistically determined without regard to geographical limits.
 - e) Evaluation of selection process to insure freedom from bias.
 - f) Commitment to train and sensitize all individuals involved in recruitment, selection, and related functions in the philosophy of affirmative action to minimize potential for bias.
 - 3) Retention and promotion provisions:
 - a) Commitment to in-service training programs as needed to achieve affirmative action goals.
 - b) Commitment to develop goals and time-table for advancement of minorities and women.
 - c) Encouragement to all employees to advance to higher positions or positions with greater potential.
 - d) Establish procedures for identifying and preparing women and minority employees for supervisory and administrative positions.



e) Evaluation of employment status of women and minorities with emphasis on:

(1) Persons having longer periods of service than normal for position astained.

- (2) Persons in lower level positions holding qualifications comparable to those required for higher level positions.
- (3) Persons in lower level positions performing duties comparable to those assigned to persons in higher level positions.
- f) Conditions of work, rights and benefits, salary and leave policies, and termination or layoff shall be nondiscriminatory.
- 4) Grievance procedures:

Commitment to establish procedures for timely and open hearing of complaints of noncompliance with affirmative action program.

- d. A description of the assignment of responsibility for the development, implementation, and evaluation of affirmative action program.
 - 1) Recommend procedures and methods for overcoming underutilization of minorities and women.
 - 2) Develop a search strategy for locating minorities and women students and job applicants.
 - 3) Recommend strategies to increase the available pool.
 - 4) Conduct periodic demographic studies of college enrollments, local and scate populations, and labor force and job market data.
 - 5) Coordinate in-service human relations training programs.
 - 6) Advise all staff on nature, purpose, and intent of laws, executive orders, policies, regulations, etc., relative to affirmative action.
 - 7) Assist in the investigation of affirmative action complaints.
 - 8) Prepare periodic evaluations of district affirmative action program.
- e. Dissemination of the written affirmative action plan, both internally and externally, through various media to supervisory personnel, academic and staff personnel, students, potential employees, and the community.
- 2. Analysis of the composition of the student hody and the community from which students are drawn and the current workforce and labor market to identify categories in which minorities or women are admitted to or employed by the institution in significantly fewer numbers than would be



expected from the availability of qualified minorities or women in the appropriate recruiting area.

- a. An analysis of the student body and of the institution's "community" to identify student categories in which significantly fewer minorities and women are enrolled than would be expected from their availability in the appropriate "community." The most difficult and complex technical problem in the development of affirmative action programs for institutions of higher education is the collection of data on the availability of minorities and women in the appropriate recruiting area. Generally, 1970 census documents provide the most complete and accurate information. Furthermore, census information is now available in greater detail than in prior years. However, data aggregated by Community College districts are not readily available and the problem of updating information now four years old remains.
- b. A utilization analysis to identify academic and staff employment categories in which significantly fewer minorities or women are employed than would be expected from their availability in the qualified labor force. The procedure for conducting the required utilization analysis is incorporated into the program. This analysis requires development of both workforce information by ethnic or racial group and sex and intormation on the availability of minorities and women for employment in academic and staff positions. Workforce data should indicate:
 - 1) Employment status
 - a) Permanent
 - (1) Full-time
 - (2) Part-time
 - b) Temporary
 - (1) Full-time
 - (2) Part-time
 - 2) Classification of employees by Federal Occupation Codes (example):
 - a) Officials and managers
 - b) Professionals
 - c) Technicians
 - d) Office and clerical
 - e) Craftsmen
 - f) Operatives
 - g) Laborers
 - h) Service workers
 - 3) Ethnicity, race, and sex:
 - a) American Indian
 - b) Asian
 - c) Black
 - d) Spanish Surname
 - e) Other non-Caucasian
 - f) Caucasian



4) Identification of underutilization:

pret copy manager

(Informational note)

The University of California has adopted a two-part procedure for defining underutilization:

- a) An analysis of workforce data is conducted to identify any underutilization of total minorities or total women in each Federal Occupational Code. A "utilization ratio" is obtained by dividing the percent of employees in each F.O.C. who are either minorities or women by the estimated percent of total qualified persons in the work force of the appropriate recruiting area who are either minorities or women. Underutilization exists when the utilization ratio equals .90 or less (i.e., when the percent of minorities or women employes is 90% or less of the estimated percent of qualified minorities or women available for employment). No underutilization is considered to exist if the percent of potential utilization of minorities or women represents less than half of a position.
- b) A second analysis is conducted to identify any "substantial disparity." In the employment of a particular minority group or of either men or of women of a particular minority group. Similar utilization ratios are calculated and substantial disparity exists when a ratio equals .75 or less for a particular group or category.
- 3. Goals and timetables designed to correct problem areas that emerge from student-body and workforce analyses:
 - a. Goals are numerical objectives fixed realistically in terms of the problem to be solved and the potential for solution in the relevant job market or student pool.
 - b. Goals and timetables should reflect that which can be reasonably expected from putting forth every good faith effort to make the overall affirmative action program work. They need not be rigid, but must be attainable.
 - c. Goals should be significant, measurable, and attainable.
 - d. Goals should be specific results with a timetable for achievement.
 - e. Failure to achieve stated goals does not in itself require a conclusion of noncompliance.
 - f. Goals and timetables should be re-evaluated periodically.
- 4. An operational system of audit and reporting to assist in the implementation and monitoring of the affirmative action program. The purpose of this process is to identify problem areas and to determine if affirmative action efforts are effective. Reporting and monitoring systems will differ from institution to institution according to the nature of the goals and programs established, but all should be sufficiently organized to provide a ready indication of whether or not the program is succeeding.



5. Broad participation and responsibility given faculty and staff in the process of developing an information base, determining potential employee availability, establishment of goals and timetables, and monitoring and evaluating the effectiveness of the plan. The success of the affirmative action program may well be largely dependent upon the willingness and ability of faculty and staff to assist in the development and implementation of all appropriate elements of the plan.

AFFIRMATIVE ACTION PROGRAM OUTLINE ADOPTED BY BOARD OF GOVERNORS APRIL 1973

Introduction

U. S. Presidential Order 11246 and subsequent amendments and federal regulations prohibit recipients of federal contracts from discrimination in employment on the basis of race, color, religion, sex, or national origin. Community College districts with such contracts in excess of \$10,000 are required to have a written affirmative action plan.

The Board of Governors of the California Community Colleges requests boards of trustees to recruit more district and campus minority and women applicants without lowering employment standards. Testing procedures and methods used for hiring minorities and women should be re-evaluated to insure that such tests do not discriminate against minorities and women.

The Board of Governors requests Community College districts to consider the following outline to adopt affirmative action plans which set goals and objectives and provide time schedules for implementation.

- A. An in-depth analysis of problem areas should be conducted, and the following references should be considered in developing an affirmative action plan:
 - 1. Civil Rights Act of 1964 (Title VI-A and Title VII-A, as amended by the Equal Employment Act of 1972).
 - 2. Education Amendments of 1972 (Title IX).
 - 3. Presidential Executive Order 11246 as amended by 11375.
 - a. Department of Labor regulation (41CFR, Chapter 60).
 - b. Revised Order 4.
 - c. Health, Education and Welfare Higher Education Guidelines.
 - 4. California Fair Employment Practices Act (Part 4.5, commencing with Section 1410 of Division 2 of the California Labor Code).
 - 5. State Plan for Equal Opportunity on Apprenticeship.
 - 6. California Code of Fair Practices (Executive Order issued October 1, 1971).



- B. An affirmative action plan should include at least the following:
 - 1. Statement of policy that sets goals and objectives and provides a time schedule for implementation.
 - 2. Equal employment and affirmative action plan in construction and vendor contracts.
 - a. Hiring practices for women and minorities.
 - b. Provisions for on-the-job training.
 - c. Apprenticeship-hiring practices.
 - d. Program for upgrading women and minorities on the job.
 - 3. Program for women and minority employees.
 - a. Goals and objectives for hiring.
 - b. Re-evaluation of testing procedures and validation of methods to insure against discrimination.
 - c. Recruitment programs.
 - d. On-the-job training for upgrading.
 - e. Retention programs.
 - 4. Program for women and minority administrators.
 - a. Goals and objectives for hiring.
 - b. Re-evaluation of testing procedures and validation of methods to insure against discrimination.
 - c. Schedule for upgrading.
 - d. On-the-job intern programs.
 - e. Retention programs.
 - 5. Program for women and minority students.
 - a. Goals and objectives for enrollment.
 - b. Programs to prepare students for an occupation or transfer to a four-year college.
 - c. Re-evaluation of testing procedures and validation of methods to insure against discrimination.
 - d. Counseling.
 - e. Financial aids.
 - 6. Advisory committee, including community representatives, and program of community understanding of problems of women and minorities.
 - 7. In-service training for district employees regarding affirmative action implementation.
 - 8. District follow-up and evaluation.



APPENDIX I

DESCRIPTIVE STATEMENTS

ON AFFIRMATIVE ACTION PROGRAMS

FROM SIX SELECTED DISTRICTS

	Faxe
YUBA COMMUNITY COLLEGE DISTRICT	43
VENTURA COMMUNITY COLLEGE DISTRICT	46
STATE CENTER COMMUNITY COLLEGE DISTRICT	49
GROSSMONT COMMUNITY COLLEGE DISTRICT	52
PASADENA AREA COMMUNITY COLLEGE DISTRICT	55
PERALTA COMMUNITY COLLEGE DISTRICT	57



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AFFIRMATIVE ACTION PLANNING; brief discussion of context in which planning has taken place.

1. EVERYS LEADING UP TO THE DEVELOPMENT OF THE PLAN, INCLUDING BREADTH AND INTENSITY OF THE PLANTAVEMENT OF ALL ELEMENTS OF COLLEGE AND COMMUNITY.

For many years there had been informal concern with the operation of the college relative to the Civil Rights Action of 1954, Title VI. On January 7, 1965, the Yaba College Governing Board had adopted HEW Form 441 covering contractual relationships. The adoption, by the State Legislature, of the EOPS program stimulated further action upon the part of the college. Immediately upon learning of the availability of the program, Yuba College wrote one of the first applications and was awarded \$57,465 for the 1969-70 academic year.

As part of the planning for writing the first EOPS application, the college numeri an advisory committee made up of persons from the community, the student body, the faculty, and the administration. This initial committee was intimately involved in developing our first plans for the EOPS program and, therefore, indirectly, Affirmative Action. The initial plan has stood the test of time, since EOPS applications for each succeeding year, approved by the Advisory Committee, have included the basic components developed for the first plan.

Addressive recruiting of minority students was the prime aspect of the EOPS opposition, made possible by having available money for grant funds. Since the college has consistently operated on a very tight district budget, the availability of State funds definitely accelerated the development of Affirmative Action, as "action" rather than "theory" on this campus.

II. BRIEF REVIEW OF THE MAIN FEATURES OF THE ADOPTED PLAN, INCLUDING DATE OF ADOPTION AND SPECIFIC GOALS AND TIMETABLES.

Following inauguration of the first EOPS program, involving as it did all impacts of Affirmative Action for students, including formation of an Ethnic Studies Division, planning toward a complete Affirmative Action Program intensified on the campus, but primarily the work was done by administrative personnel, with the advice of individuals from the EOPS Advisory Committee and the Ethnic Studies Division Staff.

Mid-year during 1971-72, a one-page policy statement was ready for submission to the Governing Board and, on August 2, 1972, this was adopted as the "GOVERNING BOARD POLICY, YUBA COLLEGE AFFIRMATIVE ACTION PROGRAM". This statement included outside contracts, minority students, minority certificated and classified employees, minority administrators, and work toward developing a community understanding. This action upon the part of our Governing Board gave official direction to the efforts of staff members interested in developing a comprehensive program.

Assistant Superintendent responsible for aspects of the plan which would deal with students, faculty, and curriculum; the Business Manager responsible for aspects of the plan which would deal with classified personnel and contracts. Committees were utilized, in both cases, but the Vice President elected to work very closely with the Academic Senate in developing the aspects of the plan for which he was responsible. At each stage of development, progress reports were given the President-Superintendent; he, in turn, elected to deeply involve the President's Cabinet, which body acted in an advisory capacity as elements of the plan were developed.

In the Fall of 1973, this developmental work was completed, and the resulting document presented to the President-Superintendent. This document is entitled "Administrative Organization and Procedures for Implementing the Affirmative Action Program for the Certificated and Classified Employees and Students of Yuba Community College District". On October 3, 1973, the College Governing Board acted to approve this document and it was inserted in the college Faculty Handbook and Policy Manual,



supplementing the 8/2/72 Governing Board Policy, as the college's official Affirmative Action Program. The Vice President is responsible for administering the parts of the program which deal with faculty, students, and curriculum, and the Business Manager for that dealing with classified personnel and contracts; both with the aid of standing committees.

As generalities, goals for students and classified personnel are keyed to ethnic minority populations within the college district; goals for faculty are keyed to ethnic minority populations within the college student body. Timetables for reaching student and classified staff goals are not specifically stated, but are understood to be current. The timetable for reaching certificated staffing goals includes application of a formula built into the program, allowing basically a three-year adjustment period from any time at which the goals of the program are found to be unbalanced.

III. STRATEGIES FOR IMPLEMENTING PLAN AND EVALUATING ITS EFFECTIVENESS.

The principal strategy used in the development of the plan was for those of us particularly interested to solicit the support of key staff members and work through them with the rest of the staff. For the Vice President, this was done through the Academic Senate; for the Business Manager this was done through the Executive Committee of the local chapter of California School Employees Association. Division Chairmen were regarded as key persons to enlist the support of the staff.

The Vice President and Business Manager are specifically delegated responsibility for making the plan a reality. Each was instrumental in designing the committee which will work with them. In the case of the Vice President, we were careful to include both the current and past chief officers of the Academic Senate and the Yuba College Faculty Association, feeling that, between them they could speak for the whole faculty; also included on his committee are representatives of every minority group on campus, including specific women delegates. The Business Managers committee depends upon CSEA to name delegates, with minority representation requested.

Evaluation is dual, in both cases: (1) continuous review by the committee for conformance to the plan, and (2) objective reports and annual review of goals and timetables.

It is to be noted that neither committee contains student representation, although this was discussed. It was decided that student representation could not be effective on a continuing basis. This decision was made upon the basis of evidence from our own campus. For some years, we have specified student membership on each college committee. It has been ineffective, even when ASYC names its representatives, because participation and attendance is very spotty; attendance usually ceases after the first or second meeting of the committee. It may be for other reasons, but we believe it is so because all Yuba College students have very ready access to instructors, Division Chairmen, and all administrative officers; thus, they choose to participate in college governance only on an ad hoc basis, approaching the cognizant individual, division, administrative unit, or committee when they have a real problem with which they are immediately concerned and for which they want a relatively immediate solution.

IV. EVALUATION OF CONSTRAINTS ON POTENTIAL FOR IMPLEMENTATION.

- (a) Little or no student and staff growth. Thanks to the individual concern of faculty and administrators, the goals of the faculty and student aspects of the program were reached even before the formal plan was adopted. This was true also in the areas of classified staff and contracts. The problem is, therefore, minimal because it requires, to a great degree, only efforts to maintain the status quo and enforcement of already functioning procedures.
- (b) Need for In-Service training. Fortunately, for many other reasons, the college early recognized In-Service Training, in its many aspects, as important. Therefore an effective on-going program already exists. In the 1973-74 academic year,



- \$25,000 was directly spent on this program, exclusive of Sabbatical Leaves. if the 1974-75 budget works out as we hope, up to \$48,000, exclusive of leaves, will be available. We do feel this to be an area where State supplemental financial support is very important, if we are to be able to develop the program.
- (c) Adequacy of pool of qualified personnel. We have not as yet found this to be an insurmountable problem, although convincing qualified minority faculty to come to this small rural area is difficult and this may be a problem in the future.
- V. FROGRESS TO DATE IN IMPLEMENTATION AND EVALUATION OF THE PLAN.

The cognizant committees are agreed that we are right on schedule in implementation and evaluation of the plan. Both the administrators involved, and the committee, do have a concern that faculty representation of minority personnel is concentrated in a small number of Divisions, and efforts will have to be made in the future to make representation more uniform throughout the campus. Total representation meets our college goal; individual Divisional representation is not as uniformly spread as we desire it to be. We feel our progress has been so catisfactory because of the commitment of Division Chairmen, officers of the Academic Senate and the Yuba College Faculty Association, and administrators to have a program which exists in action as well as theory. We do not mean to imply that there may not be some very difficult decisions ahead, and some strong differences of opinion of our obligations under the program, but we feel that with the start we have made, a satisfactory program can remain in continuous implementation.



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AFFIRMATIVE ACTION PLANNING: THE VENTURA COMMUNITY

COLLEGE DISTRICT EXPERIENCE

By José L. Bonpua, Jr., Ph.D.

In 1965 Executive Order 11246 was issued by the President of the United States declaring affirmative action a principle of law. In 1967 the State of California amended the Fair Employment Practice Act of 1959 providing for the institution of affirmative action programs. In 1969 the Ventura Community College District responded to these legal mandates by creating the District Advisory Committee on Minority Affairs.

The main aim of the administration and the Board of Trustees in creating the Committee was to afford them good advise in the direction they were going to follow. Through the good counsel of this Committee the District created the position of Affirmative Action Officer in 1971. The current membership of the Committee is composed of a faculty representative from each college, the Affirmative Action Officer representing the District, and 9 community members.

The development of the Affirmative Action Program Manual of the District was initiated early in 1971 when the Affirmative Action Officer presented to the Subcommittee of the Minority Affairs Committee on Affirmative Action, a draft of the proposed AAP. The Subcommittee endorsed the Plan and presented it for formal endorsement by the Minority Affairs Committee.

The first draft was presented before the Board and upon the recommendation of the administration a further study was instituted. As a result of this recommendation, it was thought wise to involve the faculty and administrators in the drafting of the Plan. As a result of this action, an Ad Hoc Committee was formed in 1972. It was during this year that the Board created the District Advisory Committee on the Status of Women. Consequently, the composition of the Ad Hoc Committee included community members of both advisory committees; thus, reflecting a composite representation of administration, community representatives as well as male and female faculty members.

The efforts of the Ad Hoc Committee resulted in the production of the second draft. Too many hours were spent in the writing and too many emotional outbursts from both sides were exhibited. The Ad Hoc Committee can be proud of the candid participation of its conservative, liberal as well as moderate mem-



^{*}District Affirmative Action Officer of the Ventura Community College District.

bers. Racially and sexually, all groups were represented. Evidence of all sorts were taken into account. The Committee deliberated in the morning as well as in the evening and in some instances went into lengthy night sessions. Because of the diversity of opinions presented, the Ad Hoc Committee decided to produce a "majority" and a "minority" report. [These designations do not have anything to do with racial identification.] Both reports were then presented to the Superintendent who in turn made his recommendation to the Board. The Superintendent then called the Affirmative Action Officer to review the "majority report" and directed him to present to him those elements that need to be retained in the AAP Manual. Once this was done, the Superintendent called a Special Committee composed of himself as Chairman, the Affirmative Action Officer, a College President, and the Personnel Director as members. Frank, candid, and honest deliberations ensued. This Special Committee then produced the Superintendent's recommendation to the Board of Trustees.

On July 19, 1973, the Board unanimously approved the AAP Manual and subsequently, the County Counsel gave its stamp of approval as to its legality on July 20, 1973. The AAP Plan has merited the support of a civil rights organization such as the NAACP. The La Raza Faculty Association of the State of California, the Chicano faculties of Moorpark and Ventura College, the Minority Affairs Committee, the Status of Women's Committee as well as the League of Women Voters all enthusiastically endorsed the Plan. To meet the District's good faith efforts, copies of the Plan were sent by registered mail to the California Fair Employment Practice Commission in Sacramento, the Equal Employment Opportunity Commission offices in San Francisco and Washington, D.C., the office for Civil Rights of HEW, and the Chancellor of the California Community Colleges in Sacramento. No negative comments were heard from them to date.

The District's AAP Manual contains specific goals and timetables for ethnic minorities and women in all levels of faculty, administrative and student employment. [For specific details, please refer to the AAP Manual furnished your office.] One important aspect of the goals is the inclusion of students in terms of funding received from both Federal and District funds.

At the present time, the District is in its implementation process. A formal in-service program for those in a position to hire has been approved and will probably be initiated early in the Fall of 1974. A nondiscriminatory pool of applicants is being formed. It is now part of the hiring process to circulate all openings for full time positions. Each college has to have a Screening Committee as well as an Interviewing Committee. These requirements take the form of what we call "Certificated Employment Audit Report-Contract".

In as far as the success of the AAP Manual is concerned, we can only assume from the many requests nationwide for a copy that it is a proto-



type of an affirmative action plan in an educational institution. The Affirmative Action Officer has been officially consulted by colleges and universities and articles on the subject have been published in professional education journals foremost among which are the "Community and Junior College Journal," "the Intellect," "The Community College Social Science Quarterly," and the CJCA NEWS (as guest editorial). Others are in preparation.

The AAP Manual has been published in hardbound by the Eric Clearinghouse at UCLA and is also available in microfiche. To meet the demands of those who request copies, the AAP Manual has been reproduced in tabloid form.

If one carefully examines the Resolution adopted by the CJCA in 1973, one needs only refer to the "Ventura Plan". For in the drafting of said Resolution, the La Raza Faculty Association which held a statewide conference in Fresno, proposed for such a Resolution, and enlisted the assistance of the Affirmative Action Officer of Ventura Community College District. Similarly, during a recent conference of the NAACP Southern Area Conference held in Compton, a Resolution relating to Affirmative Action was passed with his assistance. Such Resolution may now have reached the desks of educational administrators within the Southern Area Conference. In the national level, the Office of Affirmative Action has been very active in urging Federal agencies to change the use of untutored terms in their forms. For example, it is now the practice of the Equal Employment Opportunity Commission to use the term "Asian" for "Oriental" and "Black" for "Negro". Other technical matters were also brought to their attention.

There are still problems to be resolved; issues to be attended to; and sessions needed to synthesize the sensibilities of the insensitive. For as Mr. Justice Felix Frankfurter said in his separate but concurring opinion in Cooper vs Aaron [1958]: "Local customs, however hardened by time are not decreed in heaven... Experience attests that such local habits and feelings will yield, gradually... to law and education".

Affirmative Action programs should address to equal opportunity and treatment. For as Justice John M. Harlan said in his prophetic dissent in <u>Plessy</u> vs <u>Fergusson</u>, over a century ago, "Our Constitution is color blind... In respect of civil rights, all citizens are equal before the law. The humblest is the peer of the most powerful...."



STATE CENTER COMMUNITY COLLEGE DISTRICT

AFFIRMATIVE ACTION PROGRAM

1. Events leading up to the development of the plan, including breadth and intensity of involvement of all elements of college and community

As a result of a recommendation from the Citizens' Resource Committee on Extended Opportunity Programs and Services for the State Center Community College District that the Board of Trustees act in accordance with the Statement of Policy on Minority Personnel Practices adopted by the Board of Governors of the California Community Colleges on September 16, 1971, the Board of Trustees of this District, on May 24, 1972, directed the administration to create a representative committee of certificated and classified employees to develop recommendations for subsequent Board consideration on the subject of affirmative action. The committee consisted of the following persons:

District Office

John S. Hansen, Assistant Superintendent, Education James A. Kelley, Director, Classified Personnel

Fresno City College Representatives

Percy Davis, Faculty Member, Senate Representative Venancio Gaona, Faculty Member, Senate Representative Mary II. McFarland, Faculty Member, Senate Representative (Chairman) Louise M. Najarian, Classified Employee Alfred R. Scampini, Classified Employee Rueben A. Scott, Faculty Member, Senate Representative

Reedley College Representatives

Rudolph J. Bueno, Classified Employee Armando J. Conzales, Faculty Member, Senate Representative Richard H. Hoffman, Faculty Member, Senate Representative Shiz J. Kimoto, Classified Employee Josephine R. Zepeda, Faculty Member, Senate Representative

On August 1, a workshop-type meeting involving District representatives and representatives from private industry and public agencies was held. Representatives of the AAPSC attended a workshop in Los Angeles on September 25 which was sponsored by the Selection Consulting Center on the subject "Implementing Selection Regulations in the Public Sector." The SCC sponsored a workshop on this subject in Fresno on December 5 in which representatives of the Board of Trustees, the Personnel Commission, members of the AAPSC, certificated administrators, and designated classified personnel supervisors participated.



The Affirmative Action Program Study Committee held nine meetings, in addition to a number of meetings by various subcommittees, for perusal of material and development of proposed policy and procedures statements. In addition, two public hearings were held (March 1 at Reedley College and March 5 at Fresno City College) to give interested persons an opportunity to submit suggestions and discuss the proposed documents.

The Board considered the committee's report on June 23, 1973, and subsequently held a joint meeting with the classified Personnel Commission to give further consideration to these materials. At the July 25 meeting, the Board passed a motion unanimously "that the proposed policy on affirmative action be adopted as proposed, that the college presidents and the Superintendent will be responsible for its implementation, and that consideration of the subject of employment of an Affirmative Action Officer be delayed pending review by the newly-appointed Superintendent."

Subsequently, the Personnel Commission took similar action.

Following further study of these materials by the Superintendent's Cabinet, action was taken by this body on November 29, 1973, to adopt regulations and procedures, including report forms, to accompany the policy previously adopted by the Board and approved by the Personnei Commission.

2. A brief review of the main features of the adopted plan including date of adoption and specific goals and timetables

The Affirmative Action Policy at State Center Community College District was adopted by the Board of Trustees on July 25, 1973. The District's implementing plans, procedures, and program were adopted on December 11, 1973. The main features of the plan are as follows:

- 1. On the basis of needs (job openings), the development of an employee recruitment program designed to inform minority persons and females of job openings and to encourage them to apply.
- 2. The establishment of in-service training programs.
- 3. Compilation of race and sex data on the staffs of the District's campuses showing comparisons with earlier years.
- 4. The establishment of goals designed to achieve overall proportions of ethnic minority and women employees that are consonant with the availability of qualified applicants in the relevant job markets.
- 5. The establishment of timetables to be developed and revised annually.



- 6. The creation of a pool of qualified minority and women applicants.
- 7. The appointment of a District Affirmative Action Officer who is responsible to the Superintendent.
- 8. The establishment of an 18-member advisory committee on affirmative action comprised of administrators, faculty, classified personnel, students, and community leaders.

3. Strategies for implementing plan and evaluating its effectiveness

1. Achieved through the implementation of the Plan as outlined in "2" above and as detailed in enclosed copy of the Plan.

4. Evaluation of constraints on potential for implementation

- 1. Little enrollment growth.
- 2. Low rate of turnover of professional staff.
- 3. Few retirements anticipated among administrative personnel.
- 4. Need for in-service training and the development of sensitivity to and a broader commitment to equal employment opportunities.

5. Progress to date in implementation and evaluation of the plan

- 1. The adoption of an Affirmative Action Policy by the Board of Trustees.
- 2. Development of an Affirmative Action Plan.
- 3. The establishment of goals and timetables for periods of one and five years.
- 4. The employment of an Affirmative Action Officer effective June 1, 1974.





AFFIRMATIVE ACTION AT GROSSMONT COLLEGE

The Events Leading up to the Development of the Plan, Including Breadth and Intensity of Involvement of All Elements of College and Community.

In October, 1972, President Erv Metzgar of Grossmont College formulated an Ad Hoc Committee on Affirmative Action. The committee had representation from administration, faculty, students, classified staff, and members of the community having an interest in equal opportunity. It finished writing the first draft of an affirmative action program by January, 1973.

At that time, the document was circulated among all segments of the college community for review and criticism. In addition, the committee held special meetings to explain the document to all members of the staff and to receive feedback concerning the proposed program. Subsequently, the Governing Board held a special meeting for the purpose of discussing the proposed affirmative action program. At the special meeting, the administration made an extensive presentation, tracing the development of affirmative action in higher education. A number of special resource people from the Fair Employment Practices Commission and HEW were also on hand to make presentations.

A Brief Review of the Main Features of the Adopted Plan, Including Date of Adoption and Specific Goals and Timetables.

The Governing Board adopted the Affirmative Action Program on April 9, 1973.

The program has three parts: (1) a statement of policy; (2) an affirmative action program for certificated personnel; and (3) an affirmative action program for classified personnel. Each program has specific objectives, goals, and strategies for implementation. The affirmative action program for classified personnel docur.nts in a very detailed manner the procedures for employment screening, promotions, in-service training, and employee grievances.

Specific goals and timetables in both affirmative action programs are listed under "Objectives and Goals." (Refer to pages 2, 9, and 10 of the accompanying document.)

Strategies for Implementing Plan and Evaluating its Effectiveness.

Both the certificated and classified affirmative action programs spell out in specific terms the procedures for implementation. Some of the main features of the certificated program are the following: appointment of a half-time affirmative action coordinator, a minorities recruitment program, internships for qualifiable individuals, development of specific employment goals and timetables reports, appointment of an affirmative action committee, and appointment of an advisory committee on equal employment opportunity.

For the classified program, the main features are the following: candidate screening and interviewing procedures, advertising and aggressive minority recruitment, development of training programs in human relations for supervisors, training programs, specific procedures for promotion, and formulation of an employee grievance committee.



Each year, the Advisory Committee on Equal Employment Opportunity will meet with the president to review annual progress and to make recommendations for the next year. This advisory committee will include representatives from administration, faculty, students, classified staff, the affirmative action coordinator, and two community members.

Evaluation of Constraints on Potential for Implementation

a. Little or no student and staff growth

With the exception of vocational education and adult education, college enrollments are diminishing. Affirmative action programs are limited to relatively few new certificated positions. The potential for diversification of faculties with minorities or women is thus limited to replacements for most contract positions. Classified personnel has considerably more turnover because of the staffing patterns.

b. Need for In-Service Training

Education for the changes involved in the implementing of affirmative action programs must be given top priority. It will be essential for everyone to understand and value persons whose ethnic or racial backgrounds differ from the majority. Competition for qualified minority applicants is accelerated by civil rights legislation. Recruitment for the purpose of creating an applicant pool is a difficult, but essential, first step. Young people should be encouraged to prepare for employment opportunities during the secondary school experience.

c. Adequacy of Pool of Qualified Personnel

Applicants for certificated positions are available in most disciplines. The Health Sciences, Engineering, and Electronics seem to be most difficult to recruit. Classified positions at entry level wages are difficult to retain, a fact which necessitates creating internship training programs for promotable and/or qualifiable employees.

Progress to Date in Implementation and Evaluation of the Plan

The affirmative action program at Grossmont College has been in effect for approximately one year. An affirmative action coordinator was assigned in September, 1973. The first phase goal, assessment, is being finalized. 1972-73 was identified as a base for comparison for all future changes in employment patterns. The report graphs the employee composition of the college as compared to U.S. census data. Where disparities between minority or women occur, goals to increase the recruitment, hiring, or promotion of those minorities are being established.

In-service training in human relations for classified supervisors and administrators is scheduled for May, prior to hiring new employees for 1974-75.

Procedures for recruitment, selection, testing, and interviewing applicants are being revised in cooperation with administration, department chairpersons, the Personnel Office, and the affirmative action coordinator.



Results of the program cannot be measured until the first full year employment patterns can be compared with the base year. Evaluation of affirmative action programs is measured in changing staff patterns in the institution which reflect the diversity of the population.

<u>Further Plans for Increasing Tempo of Implementation and Measuring Effectiveness</u>

A full-time affirmative action coordinator is needed to increase the tempo of the program. There is a need for some budget consideration for purposes of education for the coordinator and to produce the human relations training programs for all campus personnel. Clerical assistance is needed in the tasks involved in office routine.

The assessment report, <u>Progress Toward Equal Opportunity in Employment</u>, lists the following strategy recommendations:

- 1. An improved system for collecting personnel data should be devised, so that information necessary for assessing and reporting is readily available. A computer program is recommended so that retrieval is immediate, current, and accurate.
- 2. All part-time and hourly employees, both certificated and classified, should be included in the data to be collected for supplemental reports.
- 3. The second-phase goals should include training programs for promotable employees.
- 4. Cultural Awareness (educational experiences with the aim of changing attitudes and improving human relations) should be instituted immediately.
- 5. Recruitment of qualified and qualifiable applicants, toward the development of applicant pools, should be continued and increased.
- 6. The refinement of goals and timetables should be initiated immediately.



PASADENA CITY COLLEGE

1870 EAST COLORADO BOULEVARD PASADENA. CALIFORNIA 91106 TELEPHONE 578-7203

OFFICE OF THE ZICE PRESIDENT

May 6, 1974

As the Affirmative Action Officer for the District, I am pleased to have this opportunity to reply to your letter of April 24, 1974, addressed to Dr. Sarafian, concerning the status of our Affirmative Action Program.

After receiving guidelines from HEW in October 1972, we developed an outline of a tentative plan, copy of which was sent to the Chancellor's office as requested. In February 1973, our Board of Trustees approved an Affirmative Action Program which had been developed by the staff. A College-wide affirmative action committee was established composed of certificated and classified members to serve as an advisory group to me.

The main features of the plan include dissemination of pertinent information to all segments of the college community and the communities composing the Pasadena Area Community College District. A general statement, issued by the President, was sent to all departments, as follows: (This College statement had been adopted by the District in 1958, but did not include the words "age" or "sex")

"The Pasadena Area Community College District seeks to recruit, select, and recommend for employment, the best available candidates for any given position solely in terms of legal requirements, merit, and qualifications, without reference to race, creed, national origin, age, ancestry, or sex."

A five-year projection of possible vacancies due to anticipated expansion and retirement was made.

Position vacancy announcements are being sent to outside agencies including those working primarily with ethnic minorities. This list is under constant review to be sure that it is current. In addition, we have encouraged members of our staff to refer applicants for vacancies for which they qualify. Substantial changes have been made in our applications for employment. We no longer ask for an applicant's marital status, sex, date of birth, names of relatives who work with the District, or the traditional "Yes/No" question pertaining to convictions. For this last question, a statement is substituted that applicants with a conviction record must discuss the matter with the Dean of Personnel Services (certificated) or the Personnel Technician (classified). We believe that we have taken every action to assure that applicants will be considered on the basis of education and experience only.



Because of the anticipated decline in enrollment, and because a survey indicating that there will be few retirements within the next five years, we foresee few vacancies in the immediate future. A committee including the Specialist in Chicano Affairs and the Specialist in Black Affairs, holds in-service training sessions for the total staff with emphasis on affirmative action guidelines.

The Affirmative Action Committee has been designated the "watch dog" to implement the plan. We are currently in the process of revising the plan to conform more completely to the guidelines suggested by HEW and FEPC.

As of this writing our staff totals 751 salaried employees. Of that number, 94 are Black, 40 Chicano or Spanish surname, 14 Oriental, and 327 female.

We trust the above information will give your office the brief description of our Affirmative Action Plan you requested.

Sincerely.

E. Howard Floyd Vice President

cc: Dr. Sarafian

PERALTA COMMUNITY COLLEGE DISTRICT

300 GRAND AVENUE . OAKLAND, CALIFORNIA 94610 (415)834-5500

THOMAS W FRYER, JR., CHANCELLOR AND DISTRICT SUPERINTENDENT

May 22, 1974

Cirtis C. Aller President

Booker 1. Jackson, Jr. Vice-President

John C. Anderson, Jr. H. Par Balen Carl Dechaw Jr Hal Michaela Mrs. Constance L. Ormand

This is in response to your request for information concerning our Affirmative Action Plan. I am enclosing some documents that briefly describe the events leading up to the development of the plan.

First, an Ad Hoc Committee of three members of the Board of Trustees developed some specific guidelines for the implementation of our Affirmative Action Program. In a sense, they set a framework for a district-wide committee. The Ad Hoc Committee's recommendations are enclosed. Following Board adoption of the Committee's recommendations, a district-wide committee consisting of representatives from all segments of the district was appointed. Over a period of three to four months this Committee hammered out an Affirmative Action Plan which is now the Board Policy (enclosed).

One of the features of the Plan is the provision for an Affirmative Action Review Council consisting of representatives from the faculty, administration, classified staff, community and the Board of Trustees. All ethnic groups are represented. I am also enclosing minutes of the meetings and will forward additional minutes as they are transcribed.

You will note in the Plan provisions for staff development, monitoring of employment, annual up-dating of information, and requirements for plans to be submitted by each unit of the District (colleges, district office, skills center, etc.). The first annual report submitted by the Director of Personnel is enclosed for your information. The goals as stated by the plans are derived from projected percentages of lower school enrollment and demographic representation in the current census data in the community at large.

Under item 3 of your letter, I would describe our implementation being well developed through the utilization of the Affirmative Action Review Council. I believe you will see such efforts reflected in the minutes of the Council.

A second of the second

. In response to item 4, the most serious constraints on implementation of the plan is the limitations on enrollmen, and staff growth. We have not sufficiently geared up to staff training to our satisfaction, but there are provisions in the Affirmative Action Plan for staff development. One of the members of the Review Council has asked that a specific line item be identified in the budget for staff development affecting affirmative action.

Regarding Item 4c, I would regard budgetary constraints, lack of staff growth and the hiring freeze as being more critical than the pool of personnel. Chancellor Fryer has launched a number of minority recruitment programs resulting in appointments at the District staff level as well as College Administrators. I believe that if districts really work at the national, regional and state-wide levels, qualified minorities can be found.

I will let the minutes of the Council and the report respond to Item 5. The annual assessment of goals, for example, is an on-going responsibility of the staff.

In response to Item 6, there currently is a subcommittee of the Affirmative Action Review Council specifically evaluating each of the plans of the colleges. The subcommittee is under obligation to make specific recommendations for the modification of the District plans as well as developing recommendations for the improvement and effectiveness of the program. When these are received by the Council and submitted to the Board of Trustees for review and action, I will supply them to you. In general, under Item 6, I would state that the Affirmative Action Program is an ongoing activity of the Peralta Community College District. Its periodic review by the internal Review Council is a serious commitment by the Board of Trustees and our Chancellor.

I am also enclosing a Peralta Colleges Bulletin which describes some of the activities of the Review Council.

Paul A. Elsner Vice Chancellor

Educational Services

PAE: mf

Enclosures

cc: Dr. Fryer



REPORT OF AD HOC COLMITTEE -- AFFIRMATIVE ACTION PERALTA COMMUNITY COLLEGE DISTRICT

I. INTRODUCTION

At the June 19, 1972 meeting of the Board of Trustees, an ad hoc committee was formed to examine the affirmative action policies of the District and to meet with representatives from the P.R.E.P.A. organization. Two meetings with the P.R.E.P.A. organization took place: the first on Monday, June 26, with Mr. Higuel Angel, and a second meeting on Thursday, June 29, with other P.R.E.P.A. representatives, during which time a synthesis of forty-five specific demands from P.R.E.P.A. were condensed and presented as follows:

- A. Distribute financial aids to Raza students in all Peralta Colleges in direct proportion to the Raza population (14%) in the District. This includes work-study programs, grants (private and federal), pilot programs, adult and evening education, and all community services projects similar to these. Recruitment of Raza to meet at least 14% Raza population in the District.
- B. Hiring of Raza people on all levels (administrative, faculty, and classified staff) to meet Raza population parity in the District. Immediate tenure to all Raza personnel on all levels now employed.
- C. Raza Community, Faculty and students participation in all committees specifically designed to fulfill above two demands must be a majority of Raza.

The <u>ad hoc</u> committee examined the demands and also reviewed existing District affirmative action programs. While the Board agreed in general principle with the condensed demands, it was felt that not all elements in the above three demands could be specifically met. The most notable of those that could not be implemented were the granting of tenure to all Raza faculty, and the implementation of the demands retroactive to March 14, 1972.

II. CHARGES TO THE ADMINISTRATION

The <u>ad hoc</u> committee recommends that three charges be carried out by the administration:

- A. That all 45 demands or allegations be thoroughly examined and/or investigated.
- B. That the administration investigate specific personnel issues raised at ad-hoc-committee-meetings and respond to the Board of Trustees in executive personnel session.
- C. That the administration immediately set out to review Board Policy Statements on affirmative action.
- III. THE AD HOC COMMITTEE'S GUIDELINES FOR ESTABLISHING AN AFFIRMATIVE ACTION PROGRAM

The <u>ad hoc</u> committee recommends the following guidelines for the drafting of a more comprehensive affirmative action program:



A. Definition

Affirmative action shall be interpreted to mean the aggressive and effective action on the part of all levels--colleges, departments, centers of the Peralta Community College District in the setting and examining of goals in the recruitment, hiring, promotion and retention of women and minority employees within the certificated and classified structure of the District.

B. Goals

The <u>ad hoc</u> committee recommends that goals be stated in both short- and long-term implementation schedules. It was further suggested that short-term goals be expressed in a two- or three-year period, and that long-term goals be expressed within a specific time frame.

C. Commitments to Quality Education

The ad hoc committee further recommends that a rull commitment to the quality of the educational program be made, taking into account the multi-racial setting of the Peralta Community College District. In addition it was suggested that special provisions be built into the District's affirmative action plan that assures the district's commitment to acquire qualified or qualifiable potential employment in the district.

D. Departmental Level Involvement

The <u>ad hoc</u> committee further recommends that the affirmative action plan seriously take into account departmental level involvement and commitment, both at the various instructional level departments and areas defined by function such as maintenance, varehouse, etc.

E. Overall Coordination

An efficient mechanism for overall coordination between district staff and the colleges is further recommended as an essential guideline for the drafting of the District's affirmative action plan.

IV. IMPLEMENTATION

The ad hoc committee recommends the following action steps:

- A. That affirmative action plan be developed for the District Office, the Colleges, and for all departments, and that these plans be reviewed annually for strengths and weaknesses in respect to the ethnic and sexual composition of the staff, the student body, and the other service functions of the colleges including financial aids.
- B. That a districtwide committee for affirmative action be formed with specific authorizations to review, to make recommendations for corrective action and/or to recommend that the Chancellor or the Board of Trustees issue sanctions in respect to a department's performance. This committee is to be supplemented by the <u>ad hoc</u> committee of the Board with full



July 3, 1972

responsibility and authority for action.

C. That technical assistance or an appropriate staff member be provided which would assist with suggestions and technical resources; report status or progress reports at any given time; and to assist in the recruitment of minority and female candidates.

V. SURBIARY

The <u>nd hoc</u> committee proposes that these guidelines for implementation be referred to the Peralta Colleges Council for reactions and recommendations between now and the July 17 meeting of the Board of Trustees, and further recommends that this item be placed back on the Board agenda for consideration at that meeting.

The <u>ad hoc</u> committee wishes to make clear its commitment to have developed a comprehensive affirmative action plan for the District, but seeks to avoid unilaterally developing policy without benefit of the review and reactions through the internal processes of the District.

1 1 1

Ad Hoc Committee:

Mr. Carl Dechow, Chairman Dr. Curtis Aller Mrs. Margaret Hayes





3.03 BASIC AFFIRMATIVE ACTION PLAN

1. It is the present intent of the Perulta District to reach the following proportional representation staffing goals at the end of a five-year period, commencing fall, 1973:

a. Minority

ъ.	Wome	n	• •		OE											-	· <u>·</u>						50.0%
				•	•••	_ 1														_	_	•	54.2%
	(4)	Other	(ir	icl	ud	inį	3 1	Nal	t is	ve	Ar	191	cio	aı	a)	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	1.4%
	(3)	Asian				•	•		•	•	•	•		•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	6.2%
		Chicar																					7.9%
	(1)	Black							•	•		•			•			•	•		•	•	38.7%

The rationale supporting establishment of these five-year goals is stated below.

The staffing goals of the plan will be stated annually for each major racial and ethnic group and women for a five-year period, starting with the fall of 1973. Each year's goal will be incrementally stated in relationship to the five-year goal. Goals will be updated in July of each year, based on year-end performance and based on official indexes of the market's availability of professional staff by subject matter disciplines and general administrative categories, e.g. student personnel administrators, business managers, community services administrators, etc.

A supplemental plan will be prepared prior to November 1, 1973, for the entire Peralta District to show yearly goals which progress toward the five-year goals. In addition, a supplemental plan will be prepared by each College and other administrative units prior to the above date; these plans will also show yearly goals which progress toward the five-year goals.

- 2. a. The above five-year goals reflect two pertinent populations of the Peralta District: (1) The general population (1970 census), and (2) the fall, 1972, pupil population in grades 7-12 in Peralta District schools. In deriving the goals, 40 percent weight was assigned to (1) above, and 60 percent weight was assigned to (2) above.
 - b. The goal for women is tentative, pending further research and analysis.

The present percentages reflected in 2-a. above, plus the resulting weighted goals are as follows:

*Includes people of Hexican and Latin American background.

(continued)



	Grades 7-12 Fall, 1972	General Population 1970 Consus	Weighted %'s
White	38.2	57.2	45.8
Black	46.5	26.9	38.7
Chicano*	7.3	8.8	7.9
Asian Other (including Native American	6.8	5.4	6.2
	1.2	1.7	1.4
	 		-
	100.0	100.0	100.0

The above weighted percentage factors shall be tested annually against available market data supplied by the U.S. Office of Education and the Department of Labor Statistics by three categories: high availability of professional staff, medium availability of professional staff, low availability of professional staff. The availability factor should take into account national regional, and local sources.

- 3. Categories for affirmative action hiring and annual reporting should be:
 (a) administrators, (b) faculty by division/department, and (c) classified staff.
- 4. This plan includes a commitment to obtain ethnic, racial, and sexual proportional representation in the part-time, hourly faculty, as well as a commitment to using this manpower source for recruiting full-time certificated personnel.
- 5. This plan also includes a commitment to obtain racial, ethnic, and sexual proportional representation in the part-time classified and student employment.
- 6. The District's Basic and Supplemental Plans and the Colleges' and other administrative units' plans will be reviewed annually, not later than November 1, and revised as necessary.
- 7. Assuming that the expansion and growth potential of the District within the next few years is limited, heavy emphasis must be placed upon turn-over and attrition, as well as upon the limited number of new positions, as the bases for implementing the District's Affirmative Action program. All appointments will be heavily monitored by the District Director of Personnel in terms of their effect upon the District's Affirmative Action program.
- 8. In addition to national and regional recruitment efforts, the recruitment process will include regular contacts with those public agencies within the metropolitan Bay Area which have traditionally employed large numbers of minority professional and clerical staff. This will not only tap a pool of experienced minority talent, but will contribute to the upgrading of the minority labor force already working within the Bay Area.

*Includes people of Mexican and Latin American background.



9. For purposes of insuring enforcement of the District's Affirmative Action Plan, a Review Council consisting of three community representatives, two college presidents, two members of the Board of Trustees two faculty members, two classified staff members, one student elected at large, and the Vice Chancellor shall meet at least twice annually to assess the progress of the Affirmative Action program. In addition, the Review Council shall also include in the above-designated membership, representative ethnic, racial, and sexual composition. The Review Council shall hear reports from the Director of Personnel and the respective college or unit heads to determine areas of progress, weakness, and/or deficiencies.

The Review Council shall have the principal responsibility of monitoring the District's Affirmative Action program and shall have the power to recommend sanctions to the Chancellor, who will enforce the affirmative action policies of the District.

- 10. Recruitment and identification of minorities among exemplary universities and professional training centers across the nation will continue to be a source of staff hiring for the Peralta District. In addition, provisions for a staff development function will be made for identification of potential administrative talent among minorities for future classified and certificated leadership and management roles in the district. This staff development function shall be carried out initially by the Director of Personnel to be appointed by July 1, 1973, to work with the colleges and/or nearby universities and colleges for the development of potential staff leadership from within the colleges.
- 11. The District budget shall include a specific line item for the following support components of the District Affirmative Action program:
 - a. Consultative and technical support
 - b. The District Director of Personnel shall be provided adequate clerical support to carry out staff development functions.

Each of the above elements should appear as a costed-out line item in the annual budget adopted by the Board of Trustees.

- 12. All Peralta employees, both certificated and classified, shall be informed of the plan by at least one general orientation on the campus and/or a series of follow-up orientations in smaller groups.
- 13. In any hiring or replacement of staff, the major portion (approximately 75%) of the positions to be filled shall meet the requirements of the District's Affirmative Action Plan.
- 14. All conditions in the document pertain to citizens of the United States and all recruitment and hiring is to be done with citizens of the United States or with those who have expressed an intent to become citizens.

Adopted by Board of Trustees, June 4, 1973



THE FERALTA COLLEGES Office of the Vice Chancellor Educational Services

MEMORANDUM TO RECORD

AFFIRMATIVE ACTION REVIEW COUNCIL - JANUARY 30. 1974

4:00 p.m., Board Room, District Office

Present: *Dr. Don Godbold. Merritt

Ms. Margaret Amoureux, North Peralta

*Ms. Juanita Barnes, Community Representative

*Mr. Greg Vasquez, East Bay Skills Center

*Mrs. Flora Luster. Laney

*Mrs. Jeannette Louie. Laney

*Mr. John C. Anderson, Jr., Board of Trustees

*Dr. Paul L. Holmes. College of Alameda

*Mrs. Connie Ormond. Board of Trustees

*Mrs. Helen Steinmetz, College of Alameda

Mrs. Bev Mitchell, District Office

Mr. Dick Hooker, Laney

Mr. Carl Mack, North Peralta

Mr. Clinton Hilliard, Staff - District Office Dr. Paul Elsner, Chairman - District Office

Chancellor Thomas W. Fryer. Jr.

* Members

Dr. Fryer welcomed the Council members, reviewed the charge to the Council and emphasized the District's commitment to implementing the adopted Affirmative Action Plan, even though it would be a difficult task. He thanked the members for their willingness to serve on the Review Council and turned the meeting over to the Chairman. Dr. Elsner.

Dr. Elsner advised the Council that two additional community representatives were needed for the Council and asked for any recommendations. He said a student representative, elected at large, still needed to be selected. In reviewing the background of the Affirmative Action Plan, he indicated an Ad Hoc Committee of the Board, Dr. Aller and Mr. Dechow, had set the initial policy framework and outside agencies had been called upon as resource people in developing the Plan. He said there were three basic points to be followed: (1) Future intentions were to be stated in goals, not quotas, to be checked annually, and once goals are set develop whatever resources et al necessary to attain them. (2) Goals should be set in accordance with what is taking place in the community and grades 7-12 school population. (3) Develop plans for minority recruitment, staff development, inservice training, etc., work with nearby universities and colleges in their leadership programs, appoint minorities to committees, selection groups, etc. He pointed up that the budgetary aspects in implementing the Plan must be taken into consideration for the 1974-75 budget.

Speaking to the organization and procedures for the Review Council for the 1973-74 year, Dr. Elsner noted that the plan called for semi-annual meetings. He indicated he would like to have that schedule adhered to if possible. Discussion



ensued. Mrs. Ormond suggested that up-to-date statistics regarding student population, staff, etc. would facilitate the work of the Council. Other members concurred. Fr. Anderson observed that quarterly meetings at least for the 1973-74 year would enhance the relationship of the Council members, as well as assist the Council in accomplishing its task. In reply to a query from Dr. Godbold, Dr. Elsner indicated that the District Plan was a broad statement of the goals and each unit of the District. i.e. each college. the District Office, is responsible for complying with the Plan. Further, one unit cannot balance out another unit and within the colleges, one department and/or division cannot balance out another. Mr. Anderson observed that the Board of Trustees was aware that implementing the Plan would cost the District money. In response to a query as to how women members would be counted, Mr. Hilliard indicated that a black woman would be counted both as a "Black" and as a "Woman". He went on to say that in instances where only two or three persons were involved in a department achievement of the goal for balance would be impossible. Mrs. Ormand cautioned that in studying the goal of fifty percent women, individual categories, i.e. instructors, administrators, etc.. would need to be considered. She cited the example that some subject areas are poorly represented with women, such as vocational areas, i.e. welding, automotive, etc. It was agreed that the next meeting of the Council would be scheduled for Wednesday, March 27, 1974, commencing at 4:00 p.m. in the Board Room of the District Office. Dr. Elsner indicated that in the interest of continuity, alternates should not be used unless absolutely necessary.

At the request of the Chairman, Mr. Hilliard called upon Dr. Holmes to review the Affirmative Action Plan submitted by the College of Alameda. Dr. Holmes reviewed Alameda's plan and pointed up that the plan included part-time hourly faculty, classified staff and all other segments of the college and had been prepared by a task force at the college and reviewed by all segments of the college. He emphasized the need for fiscal support from the District to fully implement the plan. He suggested that serious consideration be given to an early retirement incentive as one avenue for accomplishing the goals of all of the District. He pointed up that aggressive minority recruitment was more costly and that it would be desirable to have a person assigned specifically to this task.

Referring to the matter of early retirement incentive, Mrs. Ormond requested that the ages of the Caucasian males (an area of excess population) be made available to the Council members. Mr. Hilliard agreed to have the information available on or before the next meeting.

In reply to a request for uniformity in terminology, i.e. Chicano vs. Latino, Mr. Anderson said the Board had taken care of this matter by adding the asterisk to "Chicano" in the Plan.

Mr. Hilliard advised that Feather River College had not submitted a plan, per se, since its population make-up was entirely different than that of the Bay Area units of the District. Mr. Anderson requested that a FRC representative be present to address the matter at the next meeting of the Council.

Referring to Laney College, Mr. Hilliard indicated the College had submitted a plan as well as a comprehensive staffing profile and called upon Mrs. Luster to address the plan. Mrs. Luster advised that Fall, 1973 figures had been used in the Laney Plan. She reviewed the staffing profile and Mr. Anderson requested that the part-time staff be incorporated into Table III. Mrs. Luster agreed to comply with his request. She observed that intra-district transfers might be used to meet some of the goals.

Speaking to Merritt's Plan, Dr. Godbold indicated it had been submitted by a College Affirmative Action Committee and reviewed by the Merritt administrative staff prior to submittal to the District Office. He said that the Committee had also recommended that an Affirmative Action Officer be appointed to work with the colleges in implementing the Affirmative Action Plan; that currently hourly faculty be given priority for full-time positions; and that the area of administration be given particular attention. He said he hoped to retain the Committee as a standing college committee.

Dr. Godbold advised that he would like to amplify Mr. Mack's earlier observation that the matter of reduction in staff be carefully scrutinized—if by seniority only, the Affirmative Action Plan could not possibly be adhered to in the event of a lay-off. The Council members agreed that the subject matter was one for serious consideration.

Mr. Mack indicated that the report provided the Council members for North Peralta was not current. Dr. Elsner requested that Mr. Mack make the up-dated report available to Mr. Hilliard in order that it could be mailed to members prior to the next meeting. Mr. Mack observed that North Peralta had essentially reached its five-year goals.

Regarding the East Bay Skills Center, Dr. Elsner said Mr. Dabney, Director, had requested an opportunity to review the Plans submitted by the colleges in order that the Skills Center could submit a Plan conforming to the format of those submitted by the other units of the District.

Speaking to the District Office goals and plan, Dr. Elsner said a great deal will need to be accomplished. He advised that the District Office was utilizing aggressive minority recruiting for major positions when they become vacant. Ms. Amoureux suggested advising Black universities and colleges of vacancies and indicated she was compiling such a list. Dr. Godbold stressed the importance of having a specific contact person at such colleges rather than just the placement centers. Ms. Amoureux agreed to supply Mr. Hilliard with a copy of her list.

Mr. Hilliard announced that he had recently attended a conference regarding guidelines for evaluating selection systems. He said that a state agency would be conducting a survey to ensure that personnel departments were conforming to federal regulations. He indicated he intended to recommend that Peralta participate in the forthcoming clerical study.

Dr. Elsner thanked the Council members for their time and interest and especially thanked Ms. Juanita Barnes for representing the Community. Dr. Elsner indicated that he anticipated that two community members and a student would be added soon. Mr. Anderson indicated he hoped the three additional members would be seated at the next meeting of the Review Council.

The meeting was adjourned at 6:05 p.m.

UNIVERSITY OF CALIF.
LOS ANGELES

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CLEARINGHOUSE FOR JUNIOR COLLEGE INFORMATION



Table 1. Fall 1972 District Data by Student Category and Racial and Ethnic Classification

Pistrius	and category	Total	Total Minority	American Indian	Asian	Black	Uther Non- Gauca- sian	Mexican American	Other Cauca-
ALL ST	Full-time enrollment Total enrollment Voc. Educ. students Apprenticeship students	1,709 3,655 2,151	20.t 21.a 16.a 22.2	1.4 2.1 .3	4.5 2.0	3.2 2.5 4.2	1.2	11.9 11.2 22.2	77.4 75.1 81.1 77.8
	%-12 composition	31,.03	23.8	.4	1.6	3.9	1.0	16.9	76.2
.1 1 ·	Full-time enrollment Total enrollment Voc. Educ. students Apprentizeship students	1,240 1,068 3,316	11.7 10.3	• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •	• 3 • 5 • 5	3.5 4.2 4.3	• 5 • 5 • 4	4.4 6.2 4.8	91.2 80.3 89.7
	n 12 composition	25,439	21.0	. 4	2.7	3.1	•5	14.3	79.0
odię 10 g	Full-time enrollment Total enrollment Vuc. (duc. students Apprenticeship students	104 1,492 652	30.0 27.6 27.3	1.2 1.0 1.4	1.8 1.3 1.2	10.1 7.7 8.3	2.6 2.0 1.1	14.2 15.5 15.3	70.0 72.4 72.7
*****	K-12 composition	9,675	33.5	2.6	1.2	6.3	• 3	23.2	66.5
Title :	full-time enrollment Total enrollment Voc. Educ. students Apprenticeship students	2,152 4,170 1,585	7•9 7•3 7•4	2.2 2.2 2.1	•9 •9 •9	1.3 1.3 1.4	-	3.6 3.6 3.6	92.1 92.1 92.1
	K-12 composition	23,116	9.0	1.3	.6	2.0	•3	4.8	91.0
Olign (1	Full-time enrollment fotal enrollment Voc. Educ. students Apprenticeship students	2,818 €,829 1,715 130	10.5 9.3 9.5 8.5	•7 •7 •7 2•3	2.7 2.1 2.6	.6 .9 .9	1.1 •9 -	5.4 4.7 5.3 5.4	59.5 90.7 90.5 91.5
	N=12 composition	29,003	21.0	. 4	2.0	.9	.8	17.0	79.0
er gn (f	Full-time enrollment fotal enrollment Voc. Educ. students Apprenticeship students	12,715 18,008 8,575	16.7 11.6 16.0	•8 •7 •6 -	1.7 1.8 1.8	.8 .8 .9	1.1 1.1 .8	12.3 12.1 11.9	83.4 84.0
	K-12 composition	79,319	20.1	. 4	1.1	. 3	.6	17.9	79.9
e e e e e e e e e e e e e e e e e e e	Full-time enrollment lotal enrollment Voc. iduc. students Apprenticeship students	674 1,726 3,571	18.8 17.6 15.5	.1 .3 -	•7 •6 •8	4.0 3.7 2.5	.1 .6 .7	13.9 12.6 11.2	81.2 82.4 84.5
	K-12 composition	61,066	21.4	• 2	. 4	2.2	.2	18.5	78.6
e fact	Full-time enrullment Total enrollment Voc. Educ. students Apprenticeship students	3,262 8,150	13.4	•7 •8 ~ -	1.2	2.3 2.1	2.7 3.0 -	6.5	86.6 85.6
	K-12 composition	40,035	21.(. 2	•7	5.9	•5	14.2	78 .4
22 8 0 - 174 - 174	Full-time enrollment Total enrollment Foc. [duc. students Apprenticeship students	1,436 5,239 1,912 107	25.2 21.0 37.1 20.6	.1 .7 2.8	1.3 1.1 1.5 .9	4.1 3.3 3.9	.4 .2 3.8	19.3 16.1 27.2 16.8	74.8 79.0 62.9 79.4
1-17	K-12 composition	25,264	3ו5	• fs	۸.	4.5	.6	32.1	61.5
	Full-time enrollment Total enrollment Voc. Educ. Students Apprenticeship students	*,227 32,453 11,464 606	7.5 7.5 7.5 10.1	•7 •7 •6 -	1.5 1.5 1.5	•3 •3 •3	1.8 1.8 1.8	3.1 3.1 3.2 9.2	92.5 92.5 92.5 92.5 89.9
	N-12 compagnition	67 . 321	7.0	.772	1.4	.1	•5	4.4	43 . 0

The le 1. Fall 1972 District Data by Student Category and Racial and Ethnic Classification (contd)

D strict	and category	Total	Total Minority	American Indian	Azian	Black	Cther Non- Cauca- sian	Mexican American	Other Cauca- sian
ormeta,	Full-time enrollment Total enrollment Voc. Educ. students Apprenticeship students	2,408 6,589 2,234 39	8r.2 84.0 84.0 23.1	•4 •3 •7	11.4 5.4 3.0	66.0 66.0 65.9 17.9	3.4 5.3 7.4	7.0 7.0 7.0 5.1	11.8 16.0 16.0 76.9
	K-12 composition	57,479	75.2	•3	• 3	59.4	•5	14.7	24.8
Mark u D	Full-time enrollment Total enrollment Voc. Educ. students Apprenticeuhip students	8,443 22,507 6,666 578	20.5 18.4 11.2 12.6	. b . b . b . 3	2.1 1.7 1.6	11.9 10.0 2.4 7.3	1.2 1.1 1.0 .5	5.1 4.9 5.5 4.5	79.5 81.6 88.8 87.4
	N-12 composition	142,466	17.9	• 2	1.5	9•7	.8	5•7	82.1
E1 CAMING	full-time enrollment Total enrollment Voc. Educ. students Apprenticeship students	7,107 22,483 12,461 33	14.4 15.8 11.4 36.4	.9 1.1 1.6 -	3.2 3.3 1.0 18.2	4.2 4.8 3.0	2.7 2.9 2.8	3.4 3.7 2.9 18.2	85.6 84.2 88.6 63.6
	K-12 composition	94,062	18.2	.4	2.4	5.1	.8	9.4	81.6
FOUTHILL	full-time enrollment Total enrollment Voc. Educ. students Apprenticeship students	6,993 21,495 3,257	14.9 13.0 16.0	1.2 1.3 1.6	3.6 3.2 4.1	3.9 2.9 2.9	2.0 1.5 1.9	4.2 3.9 5.5	85.1 87.0 84.0
	K-12 composition	76,377	13.1	• 3	3.2	1.6	1.1	7.0	86.5
FR: MoraT	Full-time enrollment fotal enrollment Voc. Educ. students Apprenticeship students	1,165 4,159 1,481	16.1 15.0 15.2	•9 •9 •9	2.6 2.2 2.2	1.6 1.3 1.3	2.1 2.3 2.2	8.9 8.3 8.6	83.5 65.6 84.8
^WARE	K-12 composition	41,952	15.9	•2	1.5	.8	1.6	11.8	84.
,4414A,	Full-time enrollment futal enrollment Yoc. Educ. students Apprenticeship students	729 1,86 7 76.6. 56	41.3 39.2 48.3 32.1	1.2 .8 1.4 1.6	5.9 4.3 4.0 3.6	1.6 1.6 2.3	2.1 2.4 1.6 5.4	30.5 30.1 38.9 21.4	58. 60. 51. 67.
	K-12 composition	15,009	50.5	•2	2.0	.2	•6	47.6	49.
A + COALs	Full-time enrollment Total enrollment Voc. Educ. students Apprenticeuhip students	2,314 6,382 2,904	10.5 13.2 13.5	.6 .6 .4	2.2 3.3 2.3	•3	1.6 3.2 3.5	5•8 5•8 6•9	89. 86.
····	K-12 composition	24,494	12.1	.2	.9	.0	•5	10.4	87.
.R - 7 51	Full-time enrollment Total enrollment Voc. Educ. students Apprent:ceship students	4,665 13,275 -	6.1 5.7 -	• 7 • 7 ~ ~	•5 •4 -	.8 .7 -	• ⁶ .7 .	3•2 3•3 -	93. 94.
	K-12 composition	42,567	ಕ.4	. 4	•5	.6	.6	6.2	91.
MARCU +	Full-time enrollment fotal enrollment Voc. Educ. students Apprenticeship students	995 2,791 1,315 161	26.3 31.4 27.6 13.7	.9 1.4 1.3	3.0 4.2 2.4 .6	2.5 2.4 1.7	5.9 6.3 8.4	14.0 17.1 13.8 13.0	73. 68. 72. 86.
	K-12 composition	29,625	42.1	.2	1.6	1.2	3•7	35.4	57•
7A - W - M,	Full-time enrollment Total enrollment Voc. Educ. students Apprentiseship students	1,352 2,891 3,320 66	54.8 44.4 44.0 59.1	1.0 1.2 1.0 1.5	2.5 1.7 1.8	3.6 3.5 3.3 1.5	5.7 6.9 2.6 4.5	42.0 35.3 39.3 51.5	45. 51. 52. 40.
	N-17 Comparations	22,91	54.7	1.4	1.0	3•3	1.3	52.7	40.

Table 1. Fall 1972 District Data by Student Category and Racial and Ethnic Classification (contd)

District	and category	Total	Total Minority	American Indian	Asian	Black	Other Non- Cauca- sian	Mexican American	Other Cauca- sian
r 41	Full-time enrollment Total enrollment Voc. Educ. students Apprenticeship students	14,095 2,300 234	21.1 17.0 19.0 15.0	.1 .3 .2 1.3	1.3 .8 .7	5.4 4.4 5.6 3.0	.2 .2 .2	14.0 11.3 12.5 10.7	78.9 83.0 81.0 85.0
	K-12 composition	97,963	30.7	•6	•€	6.3	.8	22.3	69.3
13 - 15	full-time enrollment lotal enrollment Voc. Educ. students Apprenticeship students	765 1,677 372	12.3 8.0 10.2	1.8 .9 2.7 -	2.4 1.3 1.6	2.9 2.1 3.5	1.2 •5 -	4.1 9.2 2.4	67.7 92.0 89.8
	K-12 composition	2,215	11.0	2.9	• 7	2.4	•5	4.6	89.0
16%	tull-time enrollment Total enrollment Voc. Educ. students Apprenticeship students	5,244 23,118 1,166	15.9 17.1 21.0	2.1 1.6	1.8 1.6 	5.3 6.2 - 9.8	2.4 2.3 -7	4.3 5.4 - 9.4	84.1 82.9 79.0
5 AG-	K-12 composition	66,607	20.0	.2	1.6	9.9	1.6	€.7	80.0
l di	full-time enrollment fotal enrollment Yoc. Educ. students Apprenticeship students	35,980 101,673 34,600	43.3 43.6 36.9 31.1	• 7 • 7 • 6 • 4	5.6 5.6 4.7 2.0	19.6 19.5 17.3 10.3	1.5 1.5 1.4	15.9 16.4 14.5 18.1	56.7 56.2 61.1 68.9
Arrick	K-12 composition	736,528	49.4	•2	2.6	21.3	1.1	23.1	50.€
£ : .	Full-time enrollment Total enrollment Voc. Educ. students Apprenticeship students	17,802 29,027 17,201 155	21.8 22.5 17.8 14.3	1.1 1.0 1.0 2.6	6.0 5.6 2.6 1.3	7.0 7.6 7.6 5.2	2.5 2.7 1.9	5.2 5.6 4.8 5.0	78.2 77.5 82.2 85.2
ਜ .	K-12 composition	174,779	20.2	.4	3.2	1.6	• 9	8.1	79.8
MAR	Full-time enrollment fotal enrollment Voc. Educ. students Apprenticeship students	3,714 7,587 2,797 331	6.5 9.7 7.3	3539	2.0 1.4 2.3 .3	2.8 2.7 3.1 1.8	- -4 -3	1.8 1.8 3.6 3.9	93.2 93.5 90.3 92.7
	K-12 composition	44,516	7.2	• 2	1.5	2.8	3.	2.1	92.8
ч ч	Full-time enrollment Total enrollment Voc. Educ. students Apprenticeship students	1,965 5,643 1,442 25	27.1 24.7 23.2 24.0	1.1 1.1 1.5	1.9 1.1 1.0 4.0	8.1 7.0 6.7	2.6 2.3 2.4	13.4 13.2 11.6 20.0	73.0 75.3 76.8 76.0
	K-12 composition	22,776	32.1	•3	1.2	6.8	.9	22.8	67.9
Mr. T. FER.	Full-time enrollment Total enrollment Voc. Educ. students Apprenticeship students	2,525 5,627 4,458 84	31.1 25.6 21.5 17.9	1.3 .9 .7	5.7 4.7 4.1 3,6	11.6 10.2 8.6 6.0	7•3 5•8 4•5	5•3 4.0 3•:3	68.9 74.4 78.5 82.1
4 10 10 HR A	K-12 composition	25,126	28.4	.1	5.1	13.2	8.0	6.0	71.6
W 0314	Full-time enrollment fotal enrollment Voc. Educ. students Apprenticeship students	6,160 15,574 8,806 164	28.9 23.9 17.9 15.2	1.0 .8 .3 1.2	1.9 1.1 .7	5.0 4.4 2.2 1.8	6.8 5.4 4.0	14.3 12.1 10.7 12.2	71.1 76.1 82.1 84.8
A*, T 1 1, 10	K-12 composition	139,516	28.4	.2	.8	5.0	.4	21.8	71.6
Miless	Full-time enrollment Total enrollment Voc. Educ. Students Apprenticeship students	480 1,739 1,096	32.3 13.2 13.4	1.7 .5 .8	4.6 1.3 1.2	10.4 2.9 2.9	~ ~	15.6 8.6 8.5	6.7.7 ±6.8 ≿€.6
;	K-12 composition	12,-19	25.2	274	•3	4.R	.1	17.5	74.8

Total 1. Fall 1972 District Data by Student Catego and Racial and Ethnic Classification (cont

District	and category	Total	Total Minority	American Indian	Asian	Black	Other Non- Gues- sian	Mexican American	Other Cauca- piar
5A, A	Full-time enrollment lotal enrollment Yoc. Educ. students Apprenticeship students	1,476 4,165 2,720 1.5	7•f 6•; 9•; 5•;	•8 •6 •3	1.8 1.2 2.1	2.4 2.1 1.0 .8	1.0	2.6 7.3 5.3 4.0	12.4 13.8 10.4 94.4
	K-12 composition	30,111	16.1	• 5,	1.7	4.0	1.7	8.2	113.9
AH) RANG	Full-time enrollment Fotal enrollment Voc. Educ. students Apprenticeship students		11.9 11.7 11.7	•7 •5 •2 •3	1.2 1.5 1.5 1.0	•3 •3 •3 1.2	2.5 1.4 .5	4.4 8.2 9.2 9.1	90.f hb.1 hh.3 sb.3
	N-12 cumposition	117,759	15.2	• 3	1.7	-4	•3	12.6	86.0
One Africate	full-time enrollment fotal enrollment Voc. Educ. students Apprenticeship students	1,012 2,992 748 23	14.0 14.0 13.9 17.4	1.0 1.0 •9	3.1 3.0 2.8	4.1 4.0 4.0 4.3	1.0 -9	5.0 5.0 5.2 13.0	86.0 86.1 22.6
	K-12 composition	13,756	28.0	•2	2.7	6.0	2.4	16.6	72.0
) 41 V: HD:	Full-time enrollment Total enrollment Voc. Educ. students Apprenticeship students	225 547 1*1 -	54.7 37.1 31.5	5.0 2.7 5.5	1.3 .5 .6	17.8 12.8 6.6	7.1 3.3 1.7	22.7 18.1 17.1	45.3 62.9 68.5
V. 14.17	K-12 composition	4.064	38.7	•5	• 2	8.7	0	29•1	61.3
r4Loman	Full-time enrollment lotal enrollment Voc. Educ. students Apprenticeship students	2,860 7,074 3,499 210	10.) 9.5 8.9 15.2	2.0 1.5 1.4 1.4	1.2 1.0 .8 1.9	1.0 .7 .5	•5 •5 •6	6.3 5.9 5.6 12.9	89.1 90.5 91.1 84.8
**************************************	K+12 composition	36,912	15.2	.8	1.2	•5	•5	12.2	84.8
e Allian (*a	full-time enrollment lotal enrollment Voc. Educ. students Apprenticeship students	6,249 15,393 4,315 94	24.5 23.5 26.0 21.3	• 5 • 4 • 4	3.4 3.1 2.6 1.1	12.8 11.0 12.6 5.3	•9 •9 •8 -	7.0 8.0 9.5 14.9	75.5 76.5 74.0 78.7
	K-12 composition	54,634	27.9	• 2	2.1	18.0	.6	7.0	72.1
er#MET#	Full-time enrollment fotal enrollment Voc. Educ. students Apprenticeship students	13,053 28,718 11,606 1,040	52.2 51.9 48.3 32.6	1.5 1.4 1.9 1.8	7.0 6.4 6.3 3.0	38.6 38.4 32.1 13.6	•5 •7 1•1 1•5	4.7 5.0 7.0 12.7	47.8 48.1 51.7 67.4
***************************************	K-12 composition	145,801	49.9	. 4	4.1	36.7	1.4	7•3	50.1
RANGHQ Anti-Auto	Full-time enrollment Total enrollment Voc. Educ. students Apprenticeship students	3,543 14,975 8,713 -751	18.1 18.9 14.8 14.5		1.1 .e -3	4.2 3.2 3.0 •3	.8 .5 .5	11.5 13.4 9.8 11.9	81.1 85.2 85.5
	K-12 composition	55,076	28.1	.2	•9	4.6	•5	21.8	71.9
RF DWGOD	Full-time enrollment fotal enrollment Voc. Educ. students Apprenticeship students	1,691 4,007 1,619	11.0 11.3 13.2	5.8 6.0 7.3	•5 •2 •4 -	•5 •6 •5 -	2.6 3.0 3.2	1.7 1.4 1.8	89.0 88.7 86.8
	K-12 composition	24,005	٠.2	5.0	•3	. 4	•3	2.3	91.8
RF9 ₩.co	Full-time enrollment Total enrollment Voc. Educ. students Apprenticeship students	4,190 11,555 5,415 580	28.9 21.4 28.2 19.3	2.0 2.0 2.2 .9	1.2 1.2 1.2 .2	.2 .4 .4 1.9	-	25.5 24.8 24.4 16.9	71.1 71.6 71.8 60.2
enter Marie de proprie de la compansión de	K 12 composition	5,7,249	39.9	(4.2)	٠,٣	.1	.2	38.5	60.1

Table 1. Fall 1972 District Data by Student Category and Racial and Ethnic Classification (contd)

District	and category	Total	Total Minority	American Indian	Asian	81ack	Other Non- Cauca- sian	Mexican American	Other Cauca- pian
HIV-HOIG-	Full-time enrollment Total enrollment Voc. Educ. students Apprenticeship students	3, 422 5, 85, 2, 440 72	24.5 25.2 20.4 16.7	2.2 1.9 1.5	.9 .8 .6	7.7 8.1 6.5 2.8	7.0 7.1 4.4 5.6	6.8 7.3 7.5 6.3	75.5 74.8 79.6 63.3
	K-12 composition	50,339	22.4	. 4	.4	7.8	.4	13.0	77.6
JADIN + BAZ⊁	Full-time enrollment lotal enrollment Yuc. Educ. utudents Apprenticeship students	1,767 4,042 919 -	4.7 4.8 5.5	•7 •7 •1	.6 .6 .8	•3	.8 .5 -	2.4 2.5 4.5	95•3 95•2 94•5
	N-12 composition	40,645	6.3	• 2	•9	•5	. 4	4.4	93•7
JAN SENJANE NE	full-time enrollment Total enrollment Voc. Educ. students Apprenticeuhip students		16.9 18.9 23.8 15.0	• 4 • 5 • 5	.6 .7 .7	6.5 6.3 6.6 2.6	.1 3.1 2.6	11.2 11.2 13.0 9.6	81.1 81.1 76.2 85.0
	K-12 composition	83,535	29.7	. 4	•5	8.5			
3 4 % 177 - 10	full-time enrollment fital enrollment Voc. Educ. students Apprenticeship students	7,259 26,713 13,117 2,141	17.4 16.5 17.3 11.9	.1 .2 -	1.0 1.0 1.1	7•9 7•9 8•4 4•0	.8 .8 1.0	7∙9 6∙7 €∙7 7∙3	82.2 83.5 82.7 88.1
. · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	K-12 composition	127,255	26.7	• 2	1.5	12.7	1.8	10.5	73•3
1 A1. 58416 : 16	Full-time enrollment lotal enrollment Vac. Educ. students Apprenticeship students	13,295 44,900 13,461 2,281	62 .2 53.2 51.6 34.9	.7 .7 1.1 2.6	27.6 20.4 17.1 6.4	13.3 13.7 15.7 15.6	8.8 5.8 4.5 1.1	11.9 12.6 13.3 9.3	37.8 46.8 48.4 65.1
- 11 4 10	K-12 composition	82,694	€5.0	• 3	15.8	30.0	8.0	13.8	32.0
AT. TO AQUITA DE LITA	Full-time enrollment Total enrollment Vuc. Educ. students Apprenticeship students	5,229 12,500 15,373 436	75•3 30•4 28•0 16•5	.6 .9 1.0 2.1	6.7 5.8 4.9 2.3	8.6 7.3 6.9 3.9	5.2 4.4 2.3	14.1 12.1 12.9 8.3	64.7 69.6 72.0 83.5
71.1.14	K-12 composition	70,161	30.7	• 3	2.6	7.0	2.5	18.3	69.3
5. A 1. .10- F	Full-time enrollment Total enrollment Voc. Educ. students Apprenticeship students	4,405 14,995 1,938 1,549	24.8 20.0 25.0 11.7	1.0 1.1 .8 1.4	2.2 2.0 2.4 .6	4.7 3.3 3.5 .9	.9 .8 .8 .4	16.0 12.8 17.5 8.5	75.2 80.0 75.0 88.3
	K-12 composition	109, 766	36.1	• 3	2.1				87.6
LUIS	Full-time enrollment Fotal enrollment Voc. Educ. students Apprenticeship students	1,279 3,665 2,488	12.4 8.9 8.7	.4 .2 .1	1.3 .7 .8	1.7 1.0 .6	1.3 .8 .6	7•7 6•2 6•5	91.1
081 FC	K-12 composition	21,506	15.0	•2	1.3	1.6	•6	11.3	85.0
Ati MASEO	Full-time enrollment fotal enrollment Voc. Educ. students Apprenticeship students	8,857 25,699 3,234 254	17.6 15.9 17.4 15.5	•4 •3 •3 •8	4.1 3.1 5.1 1.1	5.3 4.7 4.1 6.8	3.1 3.4 3.6	4.7 4.4 4.3 6.8	82.4 84.1 82.6 84.5
ma ::)	K-12 composition	117,381	21.4	•3	2.8	7•7	2.0	8.7	78.6
AMI F	Full-time enrollment Total enrollment Voc. Educ. Students Apprenticeship Students	3,304 6,625 1,634 163	26.4 17.4 15.4 11.7	1.2 .6 ,1 .6	1.7 1.6 1.0 .6	3.8 2.9 2.1 2.5	- -1 -	19.7 12.2 12.2 8.0	73.6 82.6 84.6 88.3
William - Profess - management - Anna	K-12 composition	29,127	26.0	2-	1.7	2.7	•5	21.4	74.0

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Trade 1. Fall 1972 District Data by Student Category and Racial and Ethnic Classification (contd)

Cther Other Non-Cauca-Agerican Mexican Total Jauca~ Black Total Asian District and category Miliority Indian SIAN American cian 1.5 full-time enrollment 11.1 1.6 4.2 4.7 118.9 1,-17 91.2 fotal encollment 7.0 1.4 • 7 2.8 -7.9 Voc. Educ. students ... -Apprenticeship students 4.6 92.6 N-12 composition 15.00 31 7.4 .1 • 3 .8 . 2 6.0 6.,14110.0 2.0 89.4 . 4 3.2 2.3 full-time enrollment 2.7 12,455 3.1 5.0 3.6 86.7 lutal enrollment 1 % .5 2.2 .. 8 1.114 20.2 £. 4 79.8 4,404, 7.6 1.4 Voc. I duc. students 1.8 Apprenticeship students 129 17.1 2.3 3.0 10.9 82.9 M. 400A 2.0 .8 13.9 75.2 N-12 composition 13,105 21.1 • 3 7.9 68.9 full-time enrollment 2.577 4.1 • 7 2.9 2.9 7.1 17.5 24.7 32.7 70.3 2.8 2.6 7.1 16.5 Jutal enrollment 3,221 ٠ŧ 1.01/1.2 67.3 907 .8 1.2 3.9 6.7 20.2 Voc. Educ. students 19.2 80.8 3.8 11.5 Apprenticeship students 26 3.8 45,656 . 2 . 8 30.4 €4.0 3.6 .9 K-12 composition 36.0 1.5 95.3 95.9 SHA" FAL Full-time enrollment 2,670 1.8 .6 4.7 .5 Total enrollment 7,460 4.1 1.2 • 7 .. 1.7 LAMAL IT Vuc. Educ. students 78.3 21./ 13.0 2.9 1.4 4.3 Apprenticeship students 16.511 .2 .6 . 2 94.2 2.4 32,742 2.4 K-12 composition 5.8 94.7 2,898 .8 Full-time enrollment 5.3 1.1 • 3 3.1 93.9 , 4 fotal enrollment 4,772 6.1 .8 1.6 _ 3.3 .1 JERRA 1,768 3.1 94.6 5.4 •5 1.7 Voc. Lduc. students 97.5 Apprenticeship students 121 2.5 2.5 •6 .2 9.0 91.0 K-12 composition 26,441 1.2 • 7 6.3 90.7 1.4 2.7 2.9 1.0 1. 9.5 full-time enrollment 3.3 93.9 Total enrollment .,194 €.1 1.6 . 4 • 2 .:; -Voc. Educ. students Apprenticeship students . -•1 89.7 8,16% 10.3 4.€ .5 1.7 3.4 K-12 composition 2,419 11.7 68.7 4.3 11.8 2.9 full-time enrollment 31.9 . 7 25.6 74.4 Ġ 2.9 F , ABH 3.6 10.7 7.8 fotal enrollment 3,401 ·F 3.1 82.0 1 2 10 18.0 10.2 .9 3.1 Voc. Educ. students 2.9 4.0 86.0 420 14.0 . 2 1.7 5.2 Apprenticeship students 7.0 74.4 49.040 1.9 12.7 2.7 .3 K-12 composition 25.6 1.9 90.4 4,321 9.6 1.4 1.8 1.3 3.3 Full-time enrullment 92.8 11.025 7.2 1.2 1.0 1.1 1.4 2.5 Total enrollment 1,8/1 7.0 93.0 L. F.MA 1.0 •5 3.5 Voc. Educ. students •5 1.5 . 4 3.1 223 6.3 2.7 93•7 Apprenticeship students .6 26 , 425 7.8 88.5 1.1 1.1 . 8 K-12 composition 11.5 3.€ 7.6 78.7 5.5 4,710 21.1 full-time enrollment . 4 4.1 . 4 5.3 5.7 12,740 6.0 81.3 3.0 4.0 14.7 Tutal enrollment . 4 5.7 81.0 19.0 2.9 1 11111 .,011 4.3 Voc. I duc. students 3.1 9.1 90.9 Apprenticeship students CORRIER 11.5 83.1 45,01 M 16.9 . 4 1.8 1.9 1.2 K-12 composition 1.0 Full-time enrollment 30.5 5.7 6,797 •5 4.9 18.4 63.5 Total enrollment 27.€ 16,454 .7 3.2 5.7 17.1 72.4 . 8 Voc. I duc. students 4,367 30.2 . 6, 1.1 19.5 Å**8.**8 3.5 5.6 Apprenticeship students 350 28.0 4.7 • 2 6.7 14.2 72.0 60.4 Not. Composition 114,622 1.0 6.4 30.2

Add. 1. Fall 1972 District Data by Student Category and Racial and Ethnic Classification (contd)

	and Kaci	iai and	rennie (Jassili	Cation	(conta)			
Sistrict	and category	Total	iotal Minority	American Indian	Asian	Black	finer Non- wauca- Jan	Mexican American	Other vacea via
unn atte r	Full-time enrollment Foral enrollment Yor, Educ, students Apprenticeship students	11/3 4,174 4,00	20.9 20.9 21.9 21.8	• . • . • .	1.0 .7 .7 2.0	1.9 2.2 2.9 1.3	4.7 4.4 4.7	15.2 13.2 13.2 23.5	74.7 79.1 74.1 74.2
	N-12 composition	<u>দুল্</u> বদ্ধ	;:·•7_	• 2	1.3	1.6	4.5	:4,.0	• 7•3
a N. Un	Full-time enrollment fotal enrollment Vau. Educ. students Apprenticeship students	6,140 14,789 5,144 452	22.6 14.2 20.4 19.5	2.0 1.6 •4	2.2 1.7 1.6	2.9 ?.5 2.9 3.3	2.4 2.0 1.5	13.3 9.9 12.7 15.0	77.4 61.8 79.7 80.5
	K-12 cumposition	1.0,915	21.4	•2	1.1	2.0	•7	17.4	78.6
VICE H	Full-time enrollment Total enrollment Voc. Educ. students Apprenticeship students	611 2,255 804 26	13.7 13.2 14.9 7.1	•5 •2 - 3•6	•5 •9 1.0	5.4 4.7 5.6	.7 1.0 1.0	6.7 6.3 7.2 3.6	86.8 86.8 85.1 92.9
	K-12 composition	11,736	17.9	.4	1.0	7-1	.4	9.0	82.1
w :	Full-time enrollment fotal enrollment Voc. Educ. students Apprenticeship students	(59 (81 338 -	24 .6 27 · 4 26 · 3	• 3	1.2 1.7 .3	6.5 6.8 5.6	1.5 1.6 1.2	17.1 17.5 18.6	73.4 72.7 73.7
****	K-12 composition	17,9n9	40.7	.4	.8	5.2	.9	33.5	59.3
d d	Full-time enrollment Total enrollment Voc. Educ. students Apprenticeship students	3:3 445 162	1 4.0 f.f 4.4	• ? • 1 • -	2.2 1.0 .5	2.8 1.1 .5	3.4 1.7 1.1	4.3 2.6 2.2	87.0 93.4 95.6
# , eq ',	K=12 composition	3,913	%. ₩	•3	• 2	-	•3	3.0	96.02
ALL	Full-time enrollment lotal enrollment Voc. Educ. students Apprenticeship students	4,:43 13,550 5,285	10.4 10.5 12.4	1.7 2.0 2.6	2.6 2.3 2.3	.7 .8 1.1	- -	5.5 5.3 6.5	89.6 89.5 87.6
#HLS * C	K-12 cumposition	8 4, €/58	11.7	.2	2.1	.6	•6	H.3	88.2
tar tig	Full-time enrollment Total enrollment Voc. Educ. students Apprenticeship students	5,852 11,683 7,270 174	13.0 11.7 11.2 14.4	2.7 2.5 2.4	2.2 1.6 1.5 .6	1.5 1.5 1.2 1.7	•3 •2 •2 6•3	6.2 5.8 5.9 5.7	87.0 88.3 88.8 85.6
	K-12 composition	61,401	15.2	.6	•5	1.1	•3	12.7	84.8
Ue -	Full-time enrollment lotal emrollment Vuc. Educ. students Apprenticeship students	2,176 5,253 1,447 34	24.5 14.6 18.6 8.8	1.0 1.4 1.2 2.9	5.0 3.0 2.4	5.4 4.9 4.3	4.6 3.0 2.9 5.9	8.5 6.4 7.8	75.5 81.4 81.4 91.2
	K-12 composition	27,159	16.6	.6	1.8	2.7	2.0	9.4	83.4
; • •	igli-tose convilhant Total chnolinent Yuu, idua, students Apprenticeship students	305,420 824,915 900,441 14,58	25.1 24.7 23.3 19.9	1.0 .9 .9 1.0	4.3 3.7 3.2 1.6	8.4 8.1 7.5 6.0	2.3 2.0 1.*	9.2 9.0 9.8 10.4	74.9 7(.3 /f.7 +0.1
	Fit? corposition	4, 51. 75	13.7	. 8	8 2.3	9.9	1.1	16.0	70.3

Table 2. Fall 1972 District Data by Staff Category and Racial and Ethnic Classification

District	and Category	Total	Total Minority	American Indian	Asian	Black	Other Non- Cauca- sian	Mexican American	Other Cauca
AET AT.	Administration faculty & Other Cert. Voc. Educ. staff Classified personnel	10 110 110 92	5.5 9.1 14.1	-	.9 1.8 1.1	1.8 .9 2.2	.9	1.8 6.4 10.9	100.0 94.5 90.9 85.9
	K-12 composition	31,203	23.8	. 4	1.6	3.9	1.0	16.9	76.2
Attended Attended	Administration Faculty & Other Rent. Vuc. Educ. staff Classified personnel K-12 composition	165 70 63 25,499	9.7 5.7 4.8 21.0	-	2.4 4.3 	3.6	5	3.6 1.4 4.8	100.0 90.3 94.3 95.2
BAR' IOW	Administration taculty & Other Cert. Vuc. Educ. staff Classified personnel	5 60 30 31	3•3 3•3 29•0	-	-	9.7	:	3.3 3.3 19.4	100.0 96.7 96.7 71.0
BUTTI	K-12 composition Administration faculty & Other Cert. Voc. Educ. staff Classified personnel	9,675 12 117 32 54	6.0 3.1 11.1	2.6 - - -	1.7	6.3 - 4.3 7.4	-3	23.2 - - 3.7	100.0 94.0 96.9 88.9
	K-12 composition	23,116	9.0	1.3	.6	2.0	-3	4.8	91.0
CABRILL.	Administration Faculty & Other Cert. Vuc. Educ. staff Classified personnel	9 242 38 101	11.1 6.6 2.6 3.0	- - -	1.7	11.1 1.7 2.6	-	3•3 3•0	88.9 93.4 97.4
	K-12 composition	29,023	21.0	-4	2.0	-9	.8	17.0	79.0
C HH EC.	Administration Faculty & Other Cert. Voc. Educ. staff Classified personnel	26 521 250 440	7•7 10•7 10•8 7•7	3.8 1.0 1.2 1.4	1.2 3.2 .2	1.5 2.0 •5	- - -	3.8 6.9 4.4 5.7	92.3 89.2 89.2 92.3
	K-12 composition	79,319	20.1	.4	1.1	•3	•6	17.9	79-9
CHAFF(/	Administration Faculty & Other Cert. Voc. I duc. staff Classified personnel	10 306 - 162	7.6 20.4	- - -6	1.2	2.3 4.3	- •3 -	5.2 14.2	100.0 92.2 79.6
1-4-4-man - 122-122-11-11-1	K-12 composition	61,066	21.4	.2	.4	2.2	• 2	18.5	78.6
DETRU.	Administration Faculty & Other Cert. Voc. Educ. staff Classified personnel	10 250 40 242	10.0 16.4 2.5 20.2	10.0	.7	3.2 2.5 1.7	10.0 5.0	1.8	90.0 83.6 97.5 79.8
-	12 cumposition	40,035	21.6	•2	•7	5•9	•5	14.2	78.4
.020HFFA MM + 1	Administration Faculty & Other Cert. Voc. Educ. staff Classified personnel	262 72 99	7•3 2•8 24•2	-	1.1	.8 1.4 7.1	-	5.3 1.4 17.2	100.0 92.7 97.2 75.8
	K-12 composition	25,264	38.5	•6	.8	4.5	.6	32.1	61.5
UA".1	Administration Faculty & Other Cert. Voc. Educ. staff Classified personnel	50 473 438 457	8.0 2.7 3.7 5.7	-	- •8 •7	2.0 .2 .5 .2	- 2 -2 -2	6.0 1.5 2.3 4.6	92.0 97.3 96.3 94.3
_	K-12 composition	e7,921	7.0	.2	1.3	.1	•5	4.9	93.0

and Racial and-Ethnic Classification (contd)

District .	and Category	fotal	Total Minority	American	Asian	Black	Uther "Ln- Cauca-	Mexican American	Olter vauca
,		ļ	<u> </u>	Indian	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	AE C	- iar	4.1	455
	Administration faculty & Other Cert.	11 213	54.5	-	1.9	45.5 27.7	_	4.7	65.
1 W 1/4	Vuc. fduc. statf	3.7	41.0	-	3.1	40.6	~	3.1	53.1
	Classified personnel	1 22	36.1	-	•	30.3	• 8	4.9	63.
	K-12 composition	57,379	75.2	•3	•3	59.4	•5	14.7	24.
	Administration	32	14.4	-	*	18.8	-	-	81.
	Faculty & Other Cent.	745	12.1	.1	1.0	7.2	.1	2.7	77.
a) GIRA	Vuc. iduc. staff	161	3.7	•6	1.2 1.2	11.6	-	2.6	96. 84.
76 +4	Plastified personnel	249	15.7	-				1	
, a julj je renesit - 	N-12 composition	142,48	17.9	.2	1.5	9.7	. 8	5.7	62.
	Administration	34	5.0	1 -	9.6	5.9	-	1.4	94. 93.
	aculty & Other Cert.	585 226	3.1	•2	2•6	2.2	-	9	96.
į.	Vuc. fduc. staff Classified personnel	350	14.0	1 -	2.9	5.7	-	5.4	ú6.
984 No.	·	94,062	18.2	.4	2.4	5.1	.8	9.4	el.
·····	K-12 composition	-	1 25.2	1		7	-	-	100.
	Administration	?2 624	10.1		3.5	4.0	_	2.6	69.
i - , : - , 11	Faculty & Other Certa Vuca Educa staff	66	6.1	-	4.5	1.5	-	-	93.
	blassified personnel	363	17.1	-	1.1	3•9	1.7	10.5	62.
	K-12 composition	76,577	13.1	• 3	3.2	1.6	1.1	7.0	ხ6.
	Administration	10	10.0	-	10.0		-	-	90.
нн Му≒л∠	Faculty & Other Cert.	188	8.0	-	1.6	•5	-	5.9	92.
		16 56	7.1	-	_	-		7.1	92.
N JARR	Classified personnel		1		1.5	.8	1.6	11.8	84.
	K-12 composition	41,452	15.9	• 5	1.5		7,0		
	Administration	5	•	-	2.4		_	7.8	100.
57 1A5	Faculty & Other Cert.	116	3.1		2.€.		_	3.1	96.
· · · · · ·	Vuc. Educ. staff Classified personnel	53	18.6	-	1.7	-	-	16.9	81.
	K-12 composition	15,000	50.5	.2	2.0	.2	.6	47.6	49.
	Administration	4			_			-	100.
	Faculty & Other Cert.	215	3.3		•5	-	-	2.8	96.
A ChOAL)	Voc. Iduc. staff	100	1.0	-	-	-	-	1.0	99.
	Viausified personnel	75	3.8	-	-	-	-	3.8	96.
	K-12 composition	28,494	12.1	. 2	.9	.0	•5	10.4	87.
	Administration	15	-	-	-	-	-	-	100.
	faculty & Other Cert.	412	5.3	• 2	•5	1.0	1.5	2.2	94.
.⊬ % ∪`\	Voc. Educ. staff Classified personnel	167	8.7 8.6	1.1	•5	2.1	-	4.8	91.
	·	42,577	R. 4	. 4	.5	.6	.6	6.2	91.
	K-12 composition				 	+	1	16.7	83.
	Administration Faculty & Other Cert.	106.	16.7				-	3.8	96.
HART HIL	Vuc. Educ. staff	35	2.9	1 -	-	-	-	2.9	97.
	Classified personnel	75	24.0	-	4.0	2.7	-	17.9	76.
	K-12 composition	29,625	42.1	• ?	1.6	1.2	3.7	35.4	57.
	Administration		_	-		-	-	-	100.
144 (41	Faculty & Other Cert.	1 121	8.3	•	-	2.0	1.7	4.0	91.
AMI - RCI AL	/uc. Educ. staff Classified personnel	50	21.9	-	-	-	-	21.9	1 78.
	K-12 composition	22,419	59.6	1.4	1.0	3.3	1.3	52.7	±0.
			7701			1 207	1 1	1 / 1	



Table . Fall 1972 District Data by Staff Category and Racial and Ethnic Classification (contd)

					ation (Ulher		
District a	and Category	Total	Total Minority	American Indian	Asian	Black	fion- Cauca- sian	Mexican American	Other Cauca- cian
£	Administration facult, & Other Cert. Voc. Educ. staff blass-fied personnel	12 446 136 288	3.1 8.3 5.3 21.8	.4	.9	2.0 2.2 7.7	.4	3.1 4.5 2.4 13.9	96.9 91.7 94.1 78.2
~*···	N=12 composition	97,963	40.7	•6	•6	6.3	.8	22.3	69.3
LA dit	Administration faculty & Other Cent. Voc. 1 duc. staff Classified personnel	5 H1 14 24	3•4 5•3	-	-	5•3	-	3.4	100.0 96.6 100.0 94.7
	K-12 composition	2,215	11.0	2.9	•7	2.4	•5	4.6	89.0
	Administration faculty & Other Cert. Voc. Educ. staff classified personnel	21 309 344 211	4.8 5.8 7.6 7.6	- •3 •5	•3 •6 •5	4.8 2.6 3.8 3.8	.6 •3	1.9 2.9 2.8	95.2 94.2 92.4 92.4
	K-12 composition	66,607	20.0	•?	1.6	4.9	1.6	6.7	80.0
1 • .	Administration Faculty & Other Cert. Yoz. Educ. staff C'assified personnel	75 4,115 1,171 1,527	13.3 13.5 13.2 45.6	- .2 - .1	4.0 3.1 4.0 3.6	5.3 5.6 4.7 33.4	.2 5.4 .5	4.0 4.5 4.2 8.3	86.7 86.5 86.8 54.2
	K-12 composition	736,528	49.4	• 2	3.6	21.3	1.1	23.1	50.6
≠ 10.	Administration Faculty & Other Cert. Voc. Educ. staff Classified personnel	43 1,006 231 504	16.3 11.2 9.1 17.7	- •2 -	2.3 2.7 2.6 4.2	7.0 5.0 5.2 6.3	- •9 •4 •8	7.0 2.5 .9 6.2	83.7 88.6 90.9 82.3
	K-12 composition	175,779	20.2	. 4	3.2	7.6	•9	8.1	79.8
MAR.*,	Administration faculty & Other Cert. Voc. Educ. staff Classified personnel	12 313 82 130	я.є. 9.8 10.0	-6 1.2 •ឥ	2.2 2.4 1.5	3.5 3.7 4.6	-	2.2 2.4 3.1	100.0 91.4 90.2 90.0
	K-12 composition	44,516	7.2	.2	1.5	2.8	.6	2.1	92.8
MERCED	Administration faculty & Other Cert. Voc. Educ. staff Classified personnel	7 203 24 81	6.9 8.5 28.4	 •5 - -	- - -	3.0 4.2 3.7	-	3.4 4.2 24.7	100.0 93.1 91.7 71.6
	K-12 composition	22,776	32.1	• 3	1.2	6.8	•9	22.8	67.9
\$80) 1, 1 (1)	Administration faculty & Other Cert. Voc. Educ. staff Classified personnel	7 252 78 380	14.3 6.3 3.8 38.9	- - - 8	1.2 7.4	14.3 ?.8 3.8 22.4	4.2	2.4 - 4.2	85.7 93.7 96.2 61.1
	K-12 composition	25,126	28.4	• •	5.1	13.2	4.0	6.0	71.6
#. U*.: Α*.	Administration faculty & Other Cert. Vuc. Educ. staff Classified personnel	27 526 378 295	7•4 8•4 9•5 16•6	.2	1 • 1 • 5 -	7.4 3.0 2.9 6.4	. 6 1.1 2.7	3.6 5.0 7.5	92.6 91.6 90.5 83.4
	K-12 composition	139,516	24.4	• 2	. 8	5.0	•6	21.8	71.6
₩/U'// ',A*;	Administration Faculty & Other Cert. Voc. Educ. staff Classified personnel	5 71 25 34	2.н 5-3	-	-	1.4	1.4	- - 5•3	100.0 97.2 100.0 94.7
†	K-12 composition	12,819	25.2	2.6	•3	4.8	.1	17.5	74.8



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Table . Fall 1972 District Data by Staff Category and Racial and Ethnic Classification (contd)

District (and Category	Total	Total Minority	American Indian	Asian	Black	Other Nov- Cauca	Mexican American	tither Cauca- sian
.,,	Administration	٠,	-	_	-	-	-	•	100.
	faculty & Other Cert.	221	1.6		+	1.4	-	•5	98.
*.A. A	Vuc. Educ. staff	70	₹•5	-	•	2.5	-	' · ;	97.
•••	Classified personnel	60	-	-	•	-	-	-	100.
	A 12 composition	30,664	14.61	• 5	1.7	4.0	1.7	8.2	83.
	Administration	60	1.7	-	1.7	-	_	•	98.
Parent !	faculty & Other Cert.	1,199	6.5	•2	1.7	-1	.6	4.0	93-
HA.	Vuc. iduc. staff Classified personnel	274	4.3	-	1.5	• 3	-	2.5	95•
THE ST	·	922	12.7	•2	1.8	1.1	-	9.5	87•
	K-12 composition	117,759	15.2	•3	1.7	. 4	•3	12,6	84.
	Administration	6	-	-	-	-	-	-	100.
0 47.35.	faculty & Other Cert.	138	5-1	-	-	-	-	5.1	94.
المراضات	Vuc. Educ. staff Clausified personnel	36	-	- ;	-				100.
C 4, 41.	oldshired bersonier	55	53.6	-	3.6	1.8	1.8	16.4	76.
	K 12 composition	13,756	20.0	.2	2.7	6.0	2.4	16,6	72.
	Administration	1	-	-	-	_	-	-	100.
(AL _	Faculty & Other Cert.	42	4.8	-	-	~	! -	4.5	95•
1.45	Voc. iduc. staff Classified personnel	7	42.9	-	14.3	14.3	-	14.3	100. 57.
•	K-12 composition	4,064	30.7	•5	•2	8.7	.0	29.3	61.
			120					 	
	Administration Faculty & Other Cert.	11	-		.6	-	_	5.4	100. 91.
PALOMAR	Voc. I duc. staff	334	9.0	1.5	.0	1.5	_	7. 4	98.
T ALON AN	Classified personnel	433	16.2	2.8	2.5	-	-	10.9	83.
	K-12 composition	36,312	15.2	.8	1.2	•5	.5	12.2	84.
	Administration	: 3	_	_		•		•	100.
	Faculty & Other Cert.	35 6	12.7		1.4	5.9	-	5.4	87.
(1 A A .	Vuc. Educ. staff	1 14	4.0	-	2.1	4.9	-	2.1	91.
	Classified personnel	339	30.4	1.5	2.1	19.5	.6	6.8	69.
	K-12 composition	54,034	27.9	.2	2.1	18.0	.6	7.0	72.
	Administration	42	35.7		4.8	26.2	_	4.8	ΰ4 •
	faculty & Other Cert.	1,116	28.5	-3	3.4	19.3	1.0	4.6	71.
ri HALIA	Voc. 1 duc. staff	284	23.2	.4	2.5	16.5	1.4	2.5	76.
	Classified personnel	348	52.0	-	7.8	38.2	•3	5•7	48.
	K-12 composition	148,801	49.9	.4	4.1	36.7	1.4	7.3	50.
	Administration	27	14.8	-	-	-	3.7	11.1	85.
RATIONS	Faculty & Other Cert.	5,61	9.3	-	• 7	2.0	•5	6.1	90.
^	Voc. tduc. staff Glassified personnel	199	7.0 16.6	1.0	1.7	1.3	4	3.5	93• 83•
	·					3.0			1
	K-12 composition	55,876	28.1	•2	•9	4.6	-5	21.8	71.
	Administration faculty & Other Cert.	13	7.7	7.7	-	-		-	92.
หายหมาย	Vuc. Educ. Staff	209	4.8	2.9		-	•5	1.4	95• 98•
e ermini rati	Glassified personnel	93	1.3	1.1	-	1.1	1.1	1.1	95.
	K-12 composition	24,205	8.2	5.0	•3	. 4	•3	2.3	91.
	Administration	9	11.1	-	_	-	-	11.1	89.
41.	faculty & Other Cert.	441	10.4	.2	2.3	1.6	1.1	5.2	89.
	Voc. Educ. staff	224	9.8	.4	1.8	3-1	-	3.5	91.
11 1 1	Glausified personnel	129	19.4	_	-	.8	.8	17.8	60.
HC filtra	· •	1	1	1	l		1	•	1



Table . Fall 1972 District Data by Staff Category and Racial and Ethnic Classification (contd)

District	and Category	Total	Total Minority	American Indian	Asian	Black	Other Non- Cauca- sian	Mexican American	Otter Gauda- sian
	Administration	, 4			•	-	-		0.00
RIVERSIDE	faculty & Other Cert. Von. Educ. staff	1 225	6.1	-	. 4	2.0		3.7	45.9
	Clausified personnel	200	5.4 20.5	3.0	-	2.1 9.5	•5	2.7	94.7 79.5
	N-12 composition	50,339	22.4	.4	•9	7.8		13.0	77.€
	Administration					<u> </u>	-	1	-
4.44	Faculty & Other Cert.	136	2.2	-	•			2.2	100 .0 97.8
-ALUL MAUF	voc. iduc. staff Clausified personnel	28		-	-	-	-	-	100.0
	•	67	6.0	-	-		-	6.0	94.0
	K-12 composition	40,645	t-• 3	,	.9	•5	.4	4.4	93.7
	Administration	10	20.0	_	_	10.0	-	10.0	60 .0
ś A i,	faculty & Other Cert. Voc. Educ. staff	550	8.5	• 7	• 5	2.0	. 4	4.4	91.5
BEHT/ARDITE	Classified personnel	60 865	23.8 40.2	•5	•7	20.9	3.1	13.0	76.2 59.8
	K-12 composition	#3.535			E				
		-	29.7	• 4	• 5	8.5	•2	20.1	70.3
	Administration Faculty & Other Cert.	35 406	14.3 9.1	- 1•5	- • 7	8.6	-	5.7	85.7
JA1.	Voc. Educ. staff	€38.5		. 8	• 3	2.7	-	3.2 2.0	90.9 94.1
D'a yo	Classified personnel	359	19.2	1.4	• 3	9.2	1.7	6.7	80.8
	K-12 composition	127,255	26.7	• 2	1.5	12.7	1.8	10.5	73•3
	Administration	50	22.0	2.0	4.0	12.0	2.0	2.0	78.0
_A'.	Faculty & Other Cert. Voc. Educ. staff	1.379	21.2	• 1	7•9	6.8	1.3	5•1	78.8
PRATICIONS	Classified personnel	18 4 307	19.0 39.4	-4	5.6 5.2	7•9 27•4	1.3	4.3 5.5	81 .0 60.6
	K-12 composition	82,694	68.0	•3	15.8	30.0	8.0	13.4	32.0
	Administration	1.9	7.9						
, A °.	Faculty & Other Cert.	230	11.5	-	3•5	2.6 3.7	-	5•3 4•3	92.1 88.5
MAQU 1.	Vuc. Educ. staff	147	7•5	-	2.0	1.4	-	4.1	92.5
DEF 14	Classified personnel	1 14 4	28.3	-	7.1	12.0	•5	8.7	71.7
-	K-12 composition	70,161	30.7	.3	2.6	7.0	2.5	18.3	€9.3
	Administration	17	5.9	_	_	5.9		_	94.1
2 A 4	Faculty & Other Cert. Voc. Educ. staff	530	14.0	.6	1.1	4.7	. 2	7.4	86.0
301	Classified personnel	288 18 0	7.6 15.6	•3	4.4	1.7	• 3	4.5	92.4
	K-12 composition			-		1.7	-	9.4	84.4
*		109,766	36.1	-3	2.1	4.8	•9	28.0	63.9
. A .	Administration Faculty & Other Cert.	7	28.6	-		-	-	28.6	71.4
LU.	Voc. c. staff	58	10.5 8.6	-	2•3 -	1.2	1.2 3.4	5.8 5.2	89.5 91.4
JE+ .	Clariff od personnel	59	15.3	-	1.7	1.7	1.7	46.5	84.7
	K-12 composition	21,586	15.0	. 2	1.3	1.6	. 6	11.3	85.0
	Administration	36.	16.7	-	_	11.1	_	5.6	83.3
. A*,	faculty & Other Cert. Voc. Educ. staff	607 70	10.6	.2	1.7	4.8	1.3	2.€	89.4
MAT (7	Classified personnel	226	24.3 13.7	-	8.6 2.7	10.0 6.2	1.4	4.3	75•7 86•3
	K-12 composition	117,381	21.8	• 3	2.8	7•7	2.0	8.7	78.£
	Administration	13	15.4	-	-	-		15.4	84.F
JAL FA	Faculty & Other Certa	158	9.5	-		3.8	-	5•7	90.5
BARL ARA	Voc. Educ. staff Classified personnel	142	21.1	2.1	- ₇	4.9	-	14.8	91•7 78•9
	K-12 composition	29 27	26.0	İ	1.2	2.7	•5	21.4	74.0
				- 43					1 - 4 - 5

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Table . Fall 1972 District Data by Staff Caregory and Racial and Ethnic Classification (contd)

ATTA FOR MONTH OF THE PROPERTY	dministration aculty & Other Cert. uc. Educ. staff lassified personnel =12 composition dministration aculty & Other Cert. uc. Educ. staff lassified personnel =12 composition dministration aculty & Other Cert. cc. Educ. staff lassified personnel	7 37 15,691 11 569 133 131 13,105	4.3 28.6 2.7 7.4 9.1 7.0 6.8 28.2 24.8		- 1.4 3 1.1 3.0	2.9 28.6 - .8 2.6 3.0	.2	2.7 6.0 9.1 3.3	100.0 95.7 71.4 97.3 92.6
CLARITA CI K- ANTA FI VI MON DA CI KI ANTA CI COUCHAT VI C	dministration aculty & Other Cert. -12 composition dministration aculty & Other Cert. uc. I duc. staff lassified personnel -12 composition dministration aculty & Other Cert. uc. Educ. staff	7 37 15,691 11 569 133 131 13,105	2H.6 2.7 7.4 9.1 7.0 6.8 2H.2 24.8	-	•3 •1•1 3•0	28.6 - .8 - 2.6 3.0	.2	2.7 6.0 9.1	71.4 97.3 92.6
CLARITA CI K- ANTA FO VO MON DA CI ANTA ANTA CO CO CO CO CO CO CO CO CO C	lassified personnel -12 composition dministration adulty & Other Cent. uc. iduc. staff lassified personnel -12 composition dministration adulty & Other Cent. uc. iduc. staff	15,691 11 569 133 131 13,105	2.7 7.4 9.1 7.0 6.8 2H.2 24.8	-	1.1 3.0	- - 2.6 3.0	.2	6.0 9.1	97•3 92•6
Anta Fo Ve More da Gi Ke Anta Gi Anta	dministration anulty & Other Cent. uc. Educ. staff lassified personnel -12 composition dministration aculty & Other Cent. uc. Educ. staff	15,691 11 569 133 131 13,105	7.4 9.1 7.0 6.8 2H.2 24.8		1.1 3.0	2.6 3.0		9.1	<u>-</u>
ANTA ES VA MON DA CI KA ANTA ANTA ANTA ANTA ANTA ANTA ANTA ANT	anulty & Other Cert. uc. iduc. staff lassified personnel -12 composition dministration aculty & Other Cert. uc. iduc. staff	569 133 131 13,105	7.0 6.8 2H.2 24.8	-	, 1.1 3.0	3.0	• •		90.9
MON DA CI KA A A QUOTAT V.	oc. Iduc. staff lassified personnel -12 composition dministration aculty & Other Cert. cc. Iduc. staff	569 133 131 13,105	7.0 6.8 2H.2 24.8	-	3.0	3.0	-		
MON HA GI KA A A QUOTAC V. C	lassified personnel -12 cumposition dministration aculty & Other Cert. cc. Educ. staff	131 13,105 10 130	24.8	-			•		93.0
A) Pguchac V, C	-12 composition dministration aculty & Other Cert. cc. Educ. staff	13,105 10 130	24.8		'•7	101	-	7.6	93.2
A F, DUCHAS, V, C,	dministration aculty & Other Cert. cc. Educ. staff	10 130				19.1			71.8
o Queras V.	aculty & Other Cert.	130	-	• 7	2.0	7•9	.8	13.9	75.2
⊝ QUCHAT. V. C	oc. Educ. staff		1 .	-	•	•	-		100.0 96.2
i.		1 41	3.8 2.4	_		.8	_	3.1 2.4	97.6
ĸ		262	32.4	1.9	3.8	7•3	1.5	17.9	67.6
n,	-12 composition	43,656	3€.0	.2	.8	3.6	•9	30.4	64.0
A	idministration	10	10.0	_	_	10.0		-	90.0
	aculty & Other Cert.	133	3.0	-	1.5	-	-	1.5	97.0
	oc. Educ. staff	54	- 7	-	-	.9	-	9	100.0 97.3
	lausified personnel	112	2.7	•9	-				
K	(-12 composition	32,792	5.6	2.4	•2	.6	. 2	2.4	94.2
	dministration	9	-	-		-	2.0	-	100.0
	aculty & Other Cert.	100	3.0		1.0		2.0	1.4	97.1
	lassified personnel	93	12.9	1.1	7.5	1.1	1.1	2.2	87.1
к	(=12 composition	28,441	9.0	•6	1.2	.7	•2	6.3	91.0
Α	dministration	5		_	-	_	•	_	100.0
F	faculty & Other Cert.	98	-	-	-	-	-	-	100.0
	loc. Educ. staff	16	•	-	-		-	-	100.0
C	Classified personnel	29	13.8	-	•	10.3	-	3.4	86.2
K	(-12 composition	8,163	10.3	4.6	•5	1.7	.1	3.4	89.7
	Administration	8	_	-	-	_	-	-	100.0
	aculty & Other Cert.	285	10.2	-	•7	6.3	.4	2.8	89.8
	Voc. Educ. staff	69	4.3	1.2	3.6	14.3	_	1.4	95•7 76•2
	•	,,,,	27.8						
K	(-12 composition	49,040	25.6	•3	1.9	12.7	2.7	7.9	74.4
	Administration	13	-	-	-	-		-	100.0
	Faculty & Other Cert.	391	7.2	•5	1.5	2.0	-	3.1	92.8 97.0
	Voc. Educ. staff Classified personnel	109	3.0 7.3	.9	1.4	1.6	-	5.5	92.
K	K-12 composition	26,893	11.5	1.1	1.1	.8	.6	7.8	88.5
	Administration	19	10.5		_	5.3	-	5.3	89.5
F	Faculty & Other Cert.	468	7.9	.2	1.9	2.4	.2	3.2	92.
	Voc. Educ. staff	189	7.4	-	2.6	4.2	-,	9.5	92.6
UUU*# -	Classified personnel	1 48	20.9	1.4	4.7	4.7	•7	9•5	79•
<u> </u>	K-12 composition	85,018	16.9	.4	1.8	1.9	1.2	11.5	83.
	Administration	25	4.0	4.0	2.0	3.3	-	5.9	96.1 88.
	Faculty & Other Cert. Voc. Educ. staff	511 13€	11.2		•7	2.9	_	2.9	93-
	Classified personnel	216	13.9	-	2.3	2.8	•9	7.9	86.
	K-12 composition	118,622	39.8	•5	1.9	6.4	•7	30.2	60.

Table 2. Pall 1972 District Data by Staff Category and Racial and Ethnic Classification (contd)

	manda anna ay i aya ing ang ay ay ing ay ing ang ang ang ang ang ang ang ang ang a				ation (<u> </u>		
District	and fategory	Total	Total Minority	American Indian	Asian	Black	Other Non- Cauca- sian	Mexican American	Other Cauca- sian
lwr 1. A∓r R	Administration Faculty & Other Cent. Vuc. Educ. staff Classified personnel	307 54 144	10.0 12.7 16.7 14.6	- - -	1.3	2.0 1.9 2.1	1.3 5.6 .7	10.0 8.1 9.3 9.7	90.0 87.3 83.3 85.4
	K-12 composition	50.959	32.7	•2	1.3	1.6	4.5	25.0	67.3
VE TITURA	Administration Faculty & Other Cert. Voc. Educ. staff Classified personnel K-12 composition	20 700 205 261	H.3 6.3 17.0	- - - -	1.3	1.7 .5 1.1	- •3 - -	5.0 3.4 11.1	100.0 96.7 93.7 87.0
VICTOR	Administration Faculty & Other Cert. Voc. Educ. staff Classified personnel K-12 composition	6 113 23 40	6.2 13.0 10.0		.9	2.0 1.8 7.5 7.1	4.3	3.5 8.7 2.5	78.6 100.0 73.8 87.0 90.0
WEST HILLS	Administration Faculty & Other Cert. Voc. Educ. staff Classified personnel	46 18 16	- - -	- - -	-	-	- - - -	- - - -	100.0 100.0 100.0 100.0
	K-12 composition	17,989	40.7	. 4	.8	5.2	.9	33•5	59•3
WEST KERN	Administration Faculty & Other Cert. Voc. Educ. staff Classified personnel	13 44 11 193	2•3 9•1 15•5	1.0	2.3 9.1 1.6	- - 2.6	2.1	- - 8•3	100.0 97.7 90.9 94.5
	K-12 - , position	3,913	3.8	•3	• 2	.0	-3	3.0	96.2
WE DE	Administration Faculty & Other Cert. Voc. Educ. staff Classified dersonnel	16 441 141 172	12.5 7.0 .7 20.8	.2	1.1 •7 •6	1.4	1.1	12.5 3.2 - 17.9	87.5 93.0 99.3 79.2
	K-12 composition	84,638	11.7	.2	2.1	.6	•6	8.3	88.3
4081 4 11	Administration Faculty & Other Cert. Voc. Educ. staff Classified personnel K-12 composition	20 482 230 173	4.1 2.2 13.2	.2 .4 -	.6 1.7	1.0 .9 5.8	- - - - -	2.3 .9 5.8	100.0 95.9 97.6 86.8
Afirey	Administration faculty & Other Cert. Voc. Educ. staff Classified personnel	10 249 41 121	10.0 8.4 17.1 13.2	-	2.4 4.9 1.7	3.2 7.3 5.8	.4	10.0 2.4 4.9 5.8	90.0 91.6 82.9 86.8
<i>*</i>	K-12 composition	27,153	16.6	•6	1.8	2.7	2,0	9.4	83.4
	Administration Faculty & Other Cert. Voc. Educ. staff Classified personnel	1,127 27,268 9,420.5 14,164	9.5 10.7 8.3 22.7	.4 .2 .2 .2	.9 2.0 1.8 2.1	4.8 4.1 3.2 10.6	•2 •5 •3 •6	3.2 3.9 2.8 8.9	90.5 89.3 91.7 77.3
,	K-12 composition 4	351,675	29:7	_ 85	2.3	9.9	1.1	16.0	70.3