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ABSTRACT In the fall of 1972, the United States Air Force Academy (USAFA) Library began an internal management survey of its public service reference department (excluding circulation and special collections) with the objectives of streamlining operations and establishing more service points for users. Initial data was called from an earlier user survey. When additional administrative and service data proved necessary, an in-house and an external survey of reference operations was conducted. For the in-house survey, the reference staff formulated a master list of all tasks performed. Individual interviews provided estimates of time spent on tasks on an annual basis. For the external survey, a questionnaire and a copy of the reference task list was completed by the head of public services at each of eight college libraries in Colorado. Survey results indicated that the USAFA Library was very rich in public service resources; its higher costs were largely due to its function as a special, as opposed to a strictly academic library. The survey results have been incorporated into preliminary one-year and five year plans to streamline the public service department of the USAFA Library. (Author/SL)

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A REGIONAL SURVEY HELPS TO SOLVE THE PROBLEM OF
IDENTIFYING AND COMPARING LIBRARY SERVICES TO USERS

by

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A REGIONAL SURVEY HELPS TO IDENTIFY AND COMPARE LIBRARY SERVICES TO USERS

In the fall of 1972, the Air Force Academy Library began an internal management survey of its operations. Phase I consisted of an analysis of the technical services and administrative units. Phase II, the topic of this paper, was a study of the public services unit.

Only the reference department will be considered here, excluding circulation and special collections. "Reference", however, in this context, includes not only a reference service desk but also a catalog information desk (since discontinued), a government documents department, an interlibrary loan section, reserve book collections and the specialized bibliographical services of subject librarians.

The chief objective of the study was to identify and attempt to cost, however approximately, the library's public services. We had a twofold purpose. First was our desire to streamline operations wherever possible, and [redacted] to establish more service points for users. On the other hand, in sharp contrast, we knew it was inevitable that our budget would be reduced in the near future, so we hoped to identify areas and rank functions which seemed most expendable, in order to have our own contingency plan to offer rather than having ultimatums imposed from outside.

"Library services to users," within the limitations already described, were defined as those functions or tasks performed by library personnel whose primary charge was to work with users. Only the staff of the Academic Library was included in the experimental part of the survey.¹

We focused chiefly on: 1) the tasks performed by personnel, with frequency and total time computed; 2) number and type of personnel (professional, support and student) in public services units; 3) number of service points in the system; 4) hours; 5) costs and 6) clientele, or users served.

We had thought originally to evaluate our performance on the basis of an earlier user survey, in which a sample of cadets and all faculty were asked to express their opinions on library policies, services and resources. The results of this survey gave us some interesting and useful information, formatted in an unusually dramatic way by the consultant in computer science who wrote our programs.² For example, Figures I and II show "excellent" ratings for (I) REFERENCE SERVICES THROUGHOUT THE LIBRARY and (II) COMFORT AND ATTRACTIVENESS OF THE LIBRARY ENVIRONMENT, column five. Figures III and IV demonstrate vividly that our users

need education in the use of the SERIALS COMPUTER PRINTOUT, and the fact that we have photograph RECORDS which can circulate. Note the very high incidence of scores in the "DON'T KNOW" category, column two. Figures V and VI show the highest ratings of UNSATISFACTORY received: category three. At the time of the survey, the library photocopy machine was down fully 50% of the time, the result of using cheap paper which Air Force Procurement purchased. This has since been remedied. Dress requirements also received less than enthusiastic support. See Table VI. Cadets are required to wear full dress uniform to the library at all times; we have tried repeatedly to have these regulations changed but with no success to date.

Useful and interesting though these opinions of our users were, they were not sufficient to evaluate our public services. We needed more data of an administrative nature and also a comparison of our service products with those of other libraries, in order to form a conceptual framework in which we could better view our own output. For our earlier survey of technical services, we had adopted and adapted a model developed by investigators³ who were exploring the feasibility of establishing a book processing center for nine academic libraries in Colorado, so we could compare and contrast some aspects of our technical processing with their findings. Since nothing of a similar nature existed for public services, we decided that after our internal survey, we would do our own study of the public services departments of the same samples of libraries. However, our comparative analysis would be extremely simple by comparison.

For our in-house survey, we asked eight reference librarians and four library technicians to participate. The first step outlined was to develop individual task lists. From these, a master list was compiled. This master list was intended to include every job done by a member of our reference staff. See Appendix I. This is a working draft and is, of course, idiosyncratic, with highly specialized uses of terms. "INFORMATION SERVICES TO USERS", for example, meant answering questions when not scheduled on the Reference Desk. "INTERVIEWS" were meetings which lasted five minutes or longer but were unscheduled, in contrast to "MEETINGS", which by definition were scheduled ahead of time.

Using the final draft of the task list, public services personnel kept diaries for ten days. In order to supplement this observed sample, the research team also interviewed each staff member to get his estimate of how his time was spent on an annual basis. These records were called occupational audits.

From this experiment, we developed two basic products: individual job profiles of each staff member, and lists of tasks performed in rank order by time and cost. Figure VII is the profile of a reference librarian, according to her diary. Tasks are arranged in rank order by total time spent, column one, and percent of total time, column two. We also came up with a cost estimate for each task (by taking time, times wage per minute, divided by frequency). See column 4 . This represents cost per occurrence but it needs careful interpretation, since it is a function of the frequency.

We have these same kinds of individual profiles for the job audits, or estimates, of the staff, in contrast to their diary studies, and also a comparison profile, as seen in Figure VIII. This is arranged in numerical task order number (column 4) and unfortunately lacks percentage comparisons. However, some clues to discrepancies do turn up in the last two columns; costs per occurrence for both diary and audit data.

The second format was a listing, in rank order by time and cost, of all 124 tasks performed by the department. Figure IX shows the three most time-consuming tasks according to the diary data. I) ANSWERING SIMPLE QUESTIONS ON THE REFERENCE DESK; II) REVIEWING SELECTION MEDIA, and III) PROFESSIONAL READING.

Next, the twelve highest ranking tasks on both the audit and diary printouts were identified and compared. See Figure X . The five (5) which overlapped were selected. These are shown in Figure XI . These we have identified as the costliest and most time-consuming tasks of our public services staff, arranged in rank order by the diary data: 1) SERVING ON THE REFERENCE DESK; 2) REVIEWING SELECTION MEDIA; 3) PROFESSIONAL READING; 4) INTERVIEWS; 5) REVIEWING NEW BOOKS.

This resume of our internal study hits only its highlights, of course. Several other studies were also conducted concurrently, such as an analysis of types and levels of reference questions. Certainly, there were qualifying conditions to our findings. Results are approximate and suggestive only, not final in any sense of the term. For example, several overlap jobs, such as selecting materials while sitting at the reference desk, were not clearly differentiated. The staff reminded us again, too, that no time is really a good time for diary studies. Technical services departments had objected to the times selected because of staff vacancies, or new personnel in training. The reference staff objected because they felt the period would not be busy enough to be representative of the usual faster

pace. Circulation objected because they thought the times were too busy. Finally, the entire staff disapproved of what they perceived as the lack of quality judgments inherent in the methodology, since the data did not provide any means of saying who did a good job and who did a poor one. They felt this omission was a serious flaw, although the research team had repeatedly told the staff that evaluation of performance was not an objective in the management study. Attempting to quantify library tasks has never been a popular occupation and continues to be particularly suspect in public services.

Our next step was to proceed to a survey of the libraries in the region. A questionnaire was designed⁴ and sent, with a copy of the reference task list, shown in Appendix I, to each Assistant Director for Public Services or his equivalent at the nine Colorado libraries. A cover letter explained the purpose of the survey and asked for an appointment to conduct an interview. Since our first concern was to identify tasks performed by public services personnel through use of our task list, we wanted to assure understanding of our terminology through personal, on the spot, explanations. Also, some of the other material to be covered, such as salary scales, was judged to be sensitive, even though one could reasonably expect such information to be a matter of public record in any public institution. As it turned out, one librarian of the nine surveyed did indeed take issue with the request for this information.

Before the questionnaire and letters were mailed, a pilot project was run at the University of Colorado Libraries, the largest institution in the sample, where the Assistant Director for Public Services and the Chief of Reference agreed to review the project and suggest any needed revisions. Among these revisions were five tasks added to our original list: SHELF-LIST MAINTENANCE; SERVICING A COLLECTION OF AV MATERIALS; BINDERY PREPARATION FOR REFERENCE COLLECTION; BINDERY PREPARATION FOR GENERAL STACKS; CONTINUING EDUCATION AND STAFF DEVELOPMENT PROGRAMS.

The writer visited all nine libraries in the spring of 1973. One did not cooperate in the survey and the investigator was unable to repeat the trip at a later, more convenient date. So the total population, including USAFA (library no.1) consisted of nine, rather than ten, in most instances.

As noted earlier, we were especially interested in identifying a "core" of reference tasks, which all staff performed. Following is a list of those reference functions which all nine, or eight, libraries in the sample consistently observed:

A. Tasks performed by all nine reference departments:

BIBLIOGRAPHIES - PREPARE
COLLECTION DEVELOPMENT - REVIEW SELECTION MEDIA
COLLECTION DEVELOPMENT - REPLACE ORDERS
CONVENTIONS - ATTEND
CORRESPONDENCE - DRAFT
CORRESPONDENCE - TYPE
PERIODICAL INDEXES - USE
FILE MAINTENANCE - ASSIGNING SUBJECT HEADINGS
ANSWERING QUESTIONS FOR USERS WHEN NOT ON THE REFERENCE DESK
SIMPLE AND SEARCH
INTERVIEWS (UNSCRA LED MEETINGS)
LEAVE
PERSONAL BUSINESS (ACTIVITIES NOT WORK RELATED)
REFERENCE DESK ASSISTANCE - SIMPLE AND SEARCH
SCHEDULES - PREPARATION
TELECONS
TOURS

B. Tasks performed by eight reference departments:

ACADEMIC ACTIVITIES
BIBLIOGRAPHIES - SCREEN
FILE MAINTENANCE - PREPARE AND FILE
OBSERVATION OF ACTIVITIES IN LIBRARY (CONSCIOUS SUPERVISION)
OPEN OR CLOSE LIBRARY
PROFESSIONAL READING (FOR PERSONAL DEVELOPMENT, NOT SELECTION)
TYPING
WEEDING COLLECTION
INSTRUCTION IN LIBRARY USE PROGRAMS

In contrast, we were also very alert to low frequency tasks. In other words, could we identify functions we were performing uniquely, for whatever reasons? Following is a list of those operations which only one, two, or three libraries conducted in their reference departments.

A. Tasks performed by one reference department only:

BUDGET MONITORING - SORT SLIPS
CLASSIFIED MATERIALS - SIGN FOR
CLASSIFIED MATERIALS - ASSIST USERS
CLASSIFIED - MATERIALS - INVENTORY
CLASSIFIED MATERIALS - DESTROY
DOCS UN - PROCESS
DOCS UN - SHELVING
DOCS UN - OTHER TASKS
DOCS UN - OTHER TASKS (besides routine reference and processing)
REPORT LITERATURE - ANSWER QUESTIONS
REPORT LITERATURE - SELECT
REPORT LITERATURE - BIBLIOGRAPHIC CHECK
REPORT LITERATURE - OTHER - SPECIFY
SPECIAL TECHNICAL ORDER FILES - MAINTENANCE

*17
14*

B. Tasks performed by two reference departments:

DOCS - US - INFORMATION DESK MAINTENANCE
DOCS - US - PROCESS DEPOSITORY SHIPMENTS
DOCS - US - PROCESS NON-DEPOSITORY ITEMS
HOSPITAL LIBRARY BACKUP DUTY
MICROFORMS - SERVICE THE COLLECTION
NEW ACQUISITIONS LIST - COMPILE AND REVISE
BINDERY PREPARATION - GENERAL COLLECTION

C. Tasks performed by three reference departments:

ABEL SLIPS - SORT
COLLECTION DEVELOPMENT - REVIEW OF FACULTY ORDERS
DEPARTMENTAL LIBRARIES - PLAN FOR COLLECTION
DEPARTMENTAL LIBRARIES - MAINTAIN COLLECTION
DOCS - US - SELECT FROM MONTHLY CAT., ETC.
INVENTORY, ANNUAL
KP IN STAFF ROOM
MUSIC COLLECTION - SERVICE
MUSIC EQUIPMENT - PLAN
PHOTOCOPIES - PROVIDE CHANGE
RESERVE - PROCESS LISTS
RESERVE - PROCESS BOOKS
RESERVE - REMOVE BOOKS
RESERVE - PHOTOCOPY
RESERVE - PROCESS PROBLEM SETS
RESERVE - OTHER SPECIFY
SUGGESTION BOX - REVIEW COMMENTS
SUGGESTION BOX - DRAFT OR TYPE REPLIES
TIME AND ATTENDANCE CARDS
AV MATERIALS, SERVICE A COLLECTION
READ SHELVES

Complete ranked listings of reference department functions appear in Appendix IV . Please note these "reference department only" functions differ from "public services functions", which were performed in areas other than reference, such as branch libraries. A ranked list of these public services functions, whose distribution varies in interesting ways, is also available, but it is not included here because of space constraints.

These low frequency tasks could be interpreted variously as 1) possibly expendable; 2) better located in a different system, or a different part of an existing system; 3) a function of our special library status, in comparison with the other purely academic institutions. For example, our handling of classified materials and special files, obviously fits the third, "special", category. Another example, processing and servicing a separately classified UN documents collection is not customary in reference departments and this suggests exploring the possibility of relocating this function.

Concerning public service personnel, we wanted to know about numbers, salaries, and professional/staff mix. We assumed initially that the number of professional staff in our own public services unit - thirteen - would be very high comparatively, and our assumption proved correct. This number was exceeded only by the biggest university in the sample, with twenty, and not equalled by any of the others. However, this figure can be misleading, for another "special" characteristic of the USAFA academic library is its inability to hire student help. One library in the sample had the equivalent of 36 FTE students. Nor are "work study" federal funds available to us. See Figure XIII which is a rough estimate of student bodies, hours and dollars available to the other publicly supported libraries in the sample, but not to us.

Figures XIV and XV show comparative salaries for professional and staff positions at the nine institutions. Salaries at USAFA are consistently higher, due to the salary schedules of federal civil service. Note, for example, in Figure XV the number of staff positions recruited at the \$5,000 or under level in other institutions. Until recently, the lowest grade level in the library was GS-3, with a salary floor of \$6,408.⁵ By the same token, the floor for a beginning librarian is GS-9, or \$12,167.⁶

Since our personnel costs are very high overall, averaging 65% of the total operating budget, we find it most helpful to be able to tell our all~~lectors~~, when they question, that our higher costs can be demonstrated to be our inability, first, to utilize student assistants, or, second, to hire under the salary floors set by civil service.

Our professional/staff mix was also high. See Figure XVI. We have already taken some steps to reduce this and have further benefited by hiring part-time instead of full-time help, impossible to do before this year. This allows us much greater flexibility in staffing odd hours. Looking at Figure XVI, one could speculate that library no. 7 might be somewhat handicapped by its lack of professional personnel. By the same token, one might generalize that USAFA, library no. 1, was somewhat handicapped by its lack of support staff, and that librarians might be doing a good deal of clerical work.

The total number of USAFA's public service staff did not appear to be disproportionate on a staff/student ratio. As can be seen in Figure XVII, our library compared favorably with three of the smaller schools, and even with two of the larger ones.

The survey also showed the number of service points, or desks, within the libraries which were manned day and night. See Figure XVII . USAFA has only two service points nights and weekends, which is proportionately low.

We were the only academic librarians lacking faculty status. However, the writer found this point under hot debate on most campuses. Certainly, this is a major constraint on our personnel compared with other institutions where librarians sit on faculty committees, sometimes teach, frequently take courses, and generally interact with both faculty and students to a much greater degree. The library has suffered, as have the users, from this lack of communication on a day to day operational basis, in the opinion of the writer.

In summary, we concluded that, first, the regional survey affirmed our belief that the USAFA Library is very rich in public service resources - plant, print and professional people. Also, while our costs are high, they are in large part a function of our "special", as opposed to a strictly academic, nature.

Second, it would seem that several tasks might be more effectively performed, and almost certainly better understood, if our "reference" department were divided into more easily recognized units, such as government documents, interlibrary loan, reserve. We might well experiment with a tighter reference unit and more service points, offering greater specialization, and which would be manned more hours.

We note, too, that few public services librarians in libraries of comparable size are charged with acquisitions responsibilities for the entire collection. This has been a characteristic of university libraries; however, it seems to be a trend now in colleges too, although not in this sample. This acquisition function can be considered a part of our "special library" nature and also the greater number of librarians assigned to the public services division. Our librarians are expected to be responsible not only for acquisitions, but also for monitoring expenditures and performing other functions often considered the responsibility of a chief acquisition librarian. We are actually suffering a kind of internal culture lag, because our ordering system was never modified to fit a subject specialist operation, which was launched three years ago. Contrasts such as these, pointed up by the regional survey - in this case, the fact that our reference personnel were engaged in unusual ordering functions - effectively demonstrated the need for further study and modifications in other areas of the library.

The Assistant Director for Public Services typically handles suggestion box material, rather than a reference librarian, a sensible arrangement since he has the power to institute change as well as to respond to questions.

Some interesting ideas we encountered included having reference librarians do the revising of catalog cards filed in the public catalog; having a catalog assistance desk manned by cataloging and circulation personnel; establishing a closed periodicals collection of current issues which users must sign for, but which are much more accessible; instituting more aggressive outreach programs of educating for use of the library, such as term paper clinics, CAI programs, programmed learning devices with visuals, etc.; installing coin-operated electric typewriters; using TV and showing films in the library; acquiring a teletype [redacted] for faster ILL service. No library in the sample had any kind of computerized information retrieval system. Three had computerized circulation systems, however.

As a result of this study, we have both one-year and five-year preliminary plans on the drawing board. They are still under consideration, and by no means complete or ready to publish. We know we will be required to lower personnel costs. We expect to do this by altering the professional/staff mix, through attrition. Reorganization of public services seems indicated, and in some instances, a reassessment of work load throughout the library. Findings from the internal survey suggest, particularly, that our staff does much more professional reading on the job than do others. Cutting back on a function such as this, and on time spent on unscheduled meetings, another high cost item, would be regretable, but seem preferable to reducing services.

Because of space limitations, this paper omits many details gleaned from the survey which we expect to be very useful, such as information on budgets, advanced degree requirements for librarians, types of schedules, patterns of staffing. We found it a very worthwhile investment of time.

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NOTES

1. The total USAFA library system also includes a Community Center Library for the use of base personnel, and a Medical Library, which serves both doctors and patients at the base hospital.
2. Major Joseph Monroe of the Department of Astronautics and Computer Science was extremely helpful throughout.
3. Leonard, Lawrence E., Joan M. Maier, and Richard M. Dougherty. Centralized Book Processing, a Feasibility Study Based on Colorado Academic Libraries. Metuchen, N.J., Scarecrow, 1969.
4. See Appendix II for copy of questionnaire.
5. We now often must hire at a GS-2 level, \$5,682, for an initial two-three month period.
6. It is possible to hire an inexperienced librarian at the GS-7 level, but only for one year, and it is not common practice.

FIGURE-I

HISTOGRAM OF VARIABLE 11 Reference Services Throughout the Library

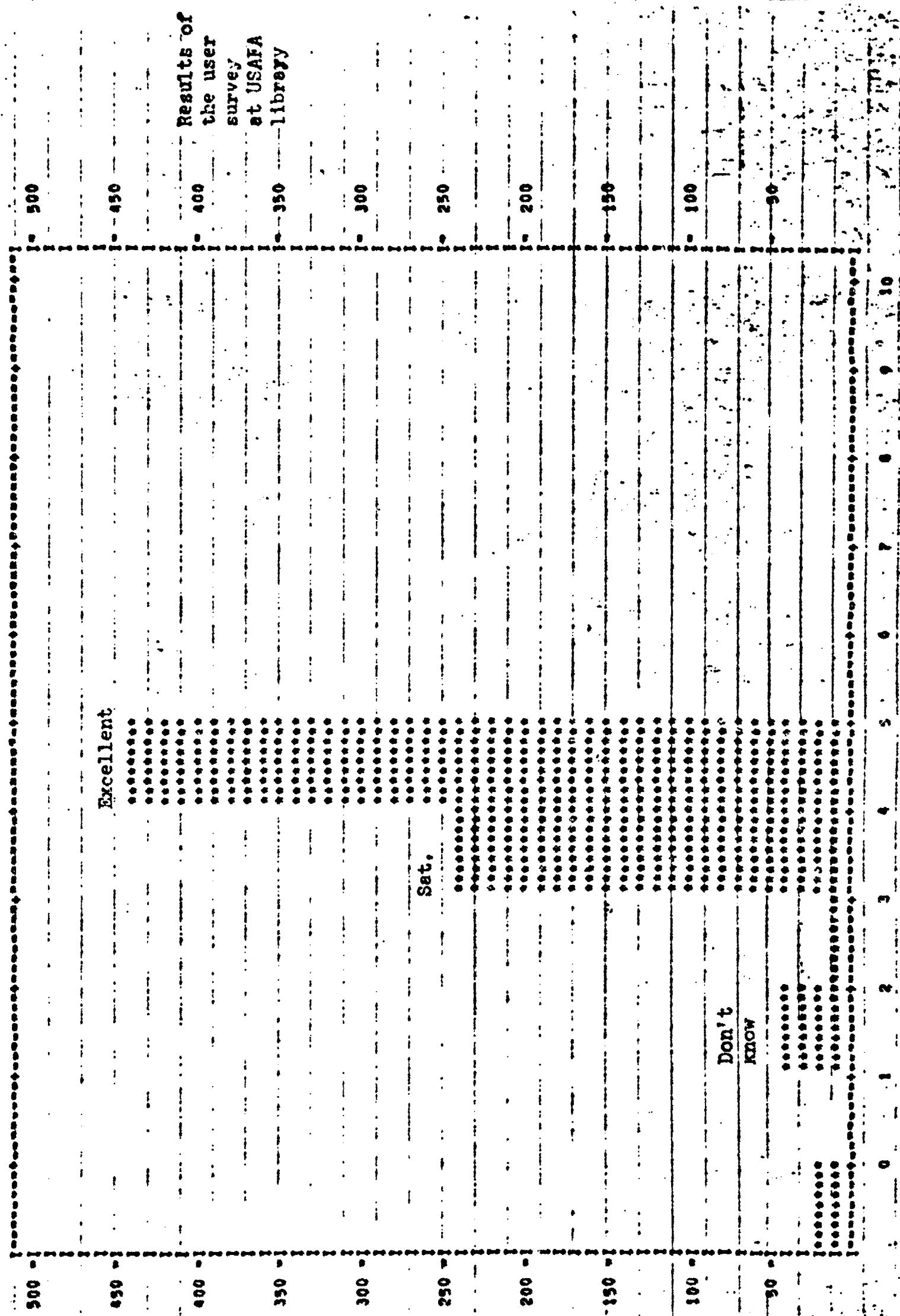


FIGURE II

HISTOGRAM OF VARIABLE 7 Comfort and Attractiveness of Surroundings

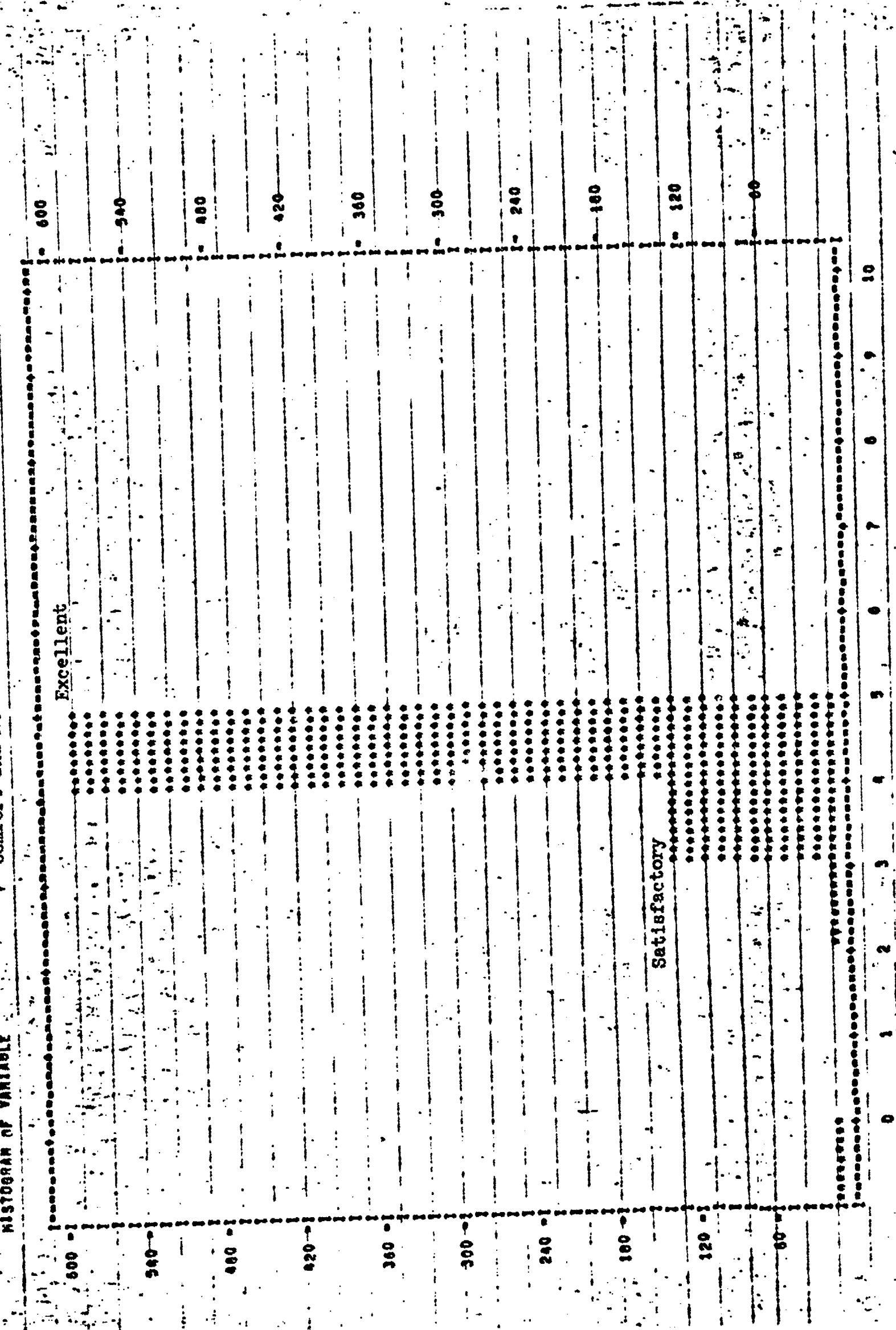


FIGURE J-11. Locating Information About Books and Magazines
in the SERIALS COMPUTER PRINTOUT

HISTOGRAM OF VARIABLE
9B

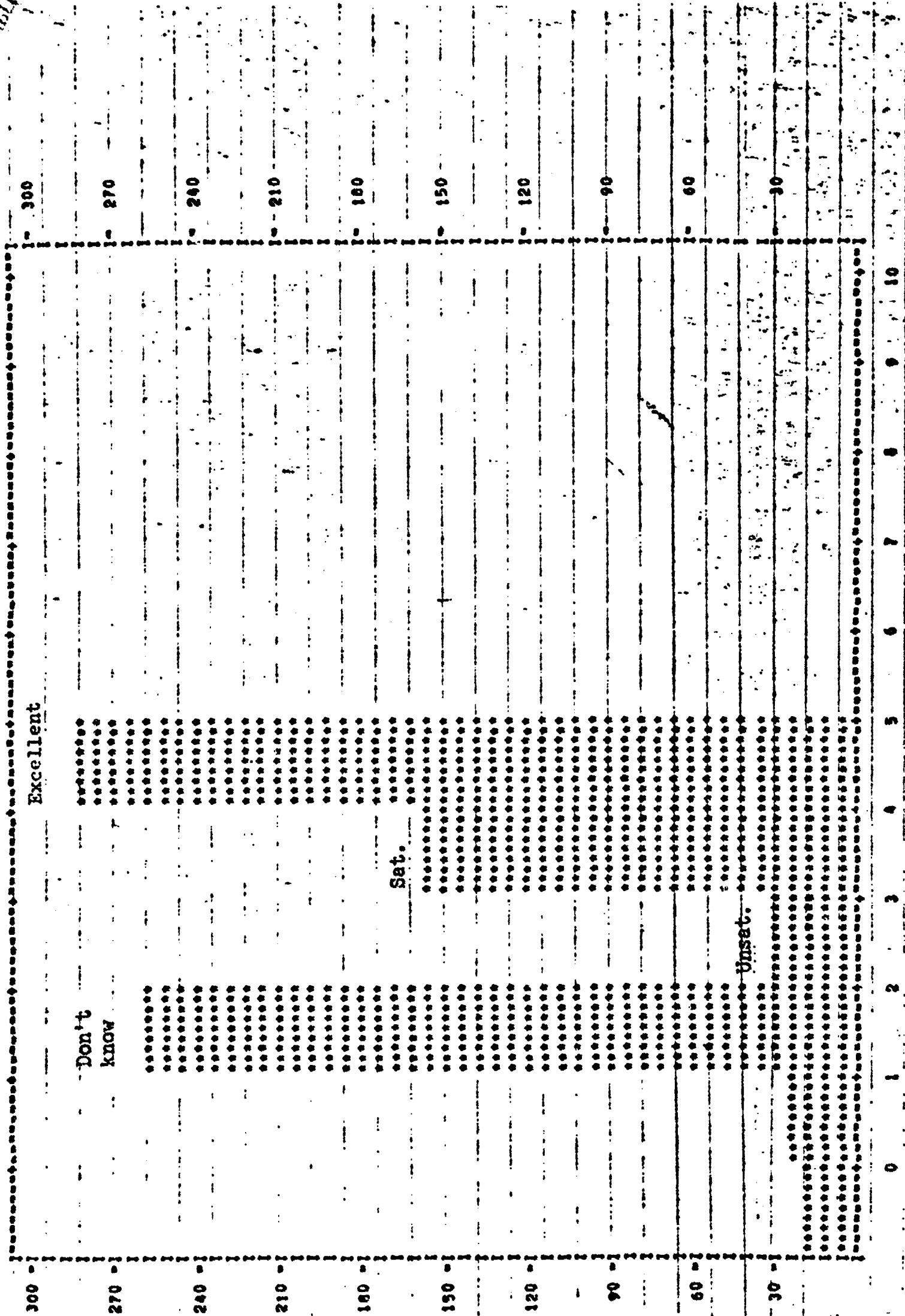
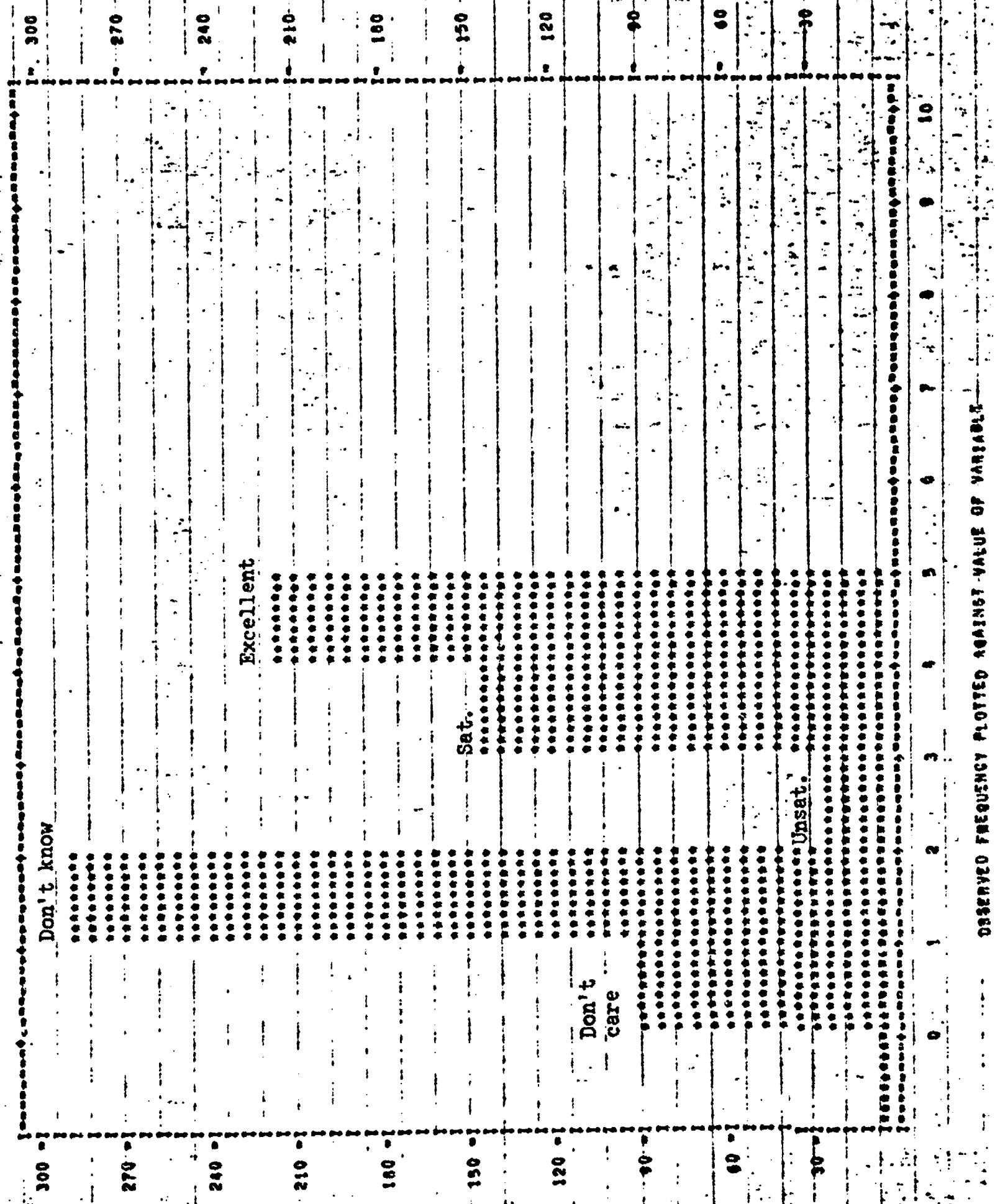


FIGURE IV

HISTOGRAM OF VARIABLE 3c Length of Check-out Periods For Records



DESERIALIZED FREQUENCY PLOTTED AGAINST VALUE OF VARIABLE

HISTOGRAM OF VARIABLE

104 Photocopying Services - Equipment

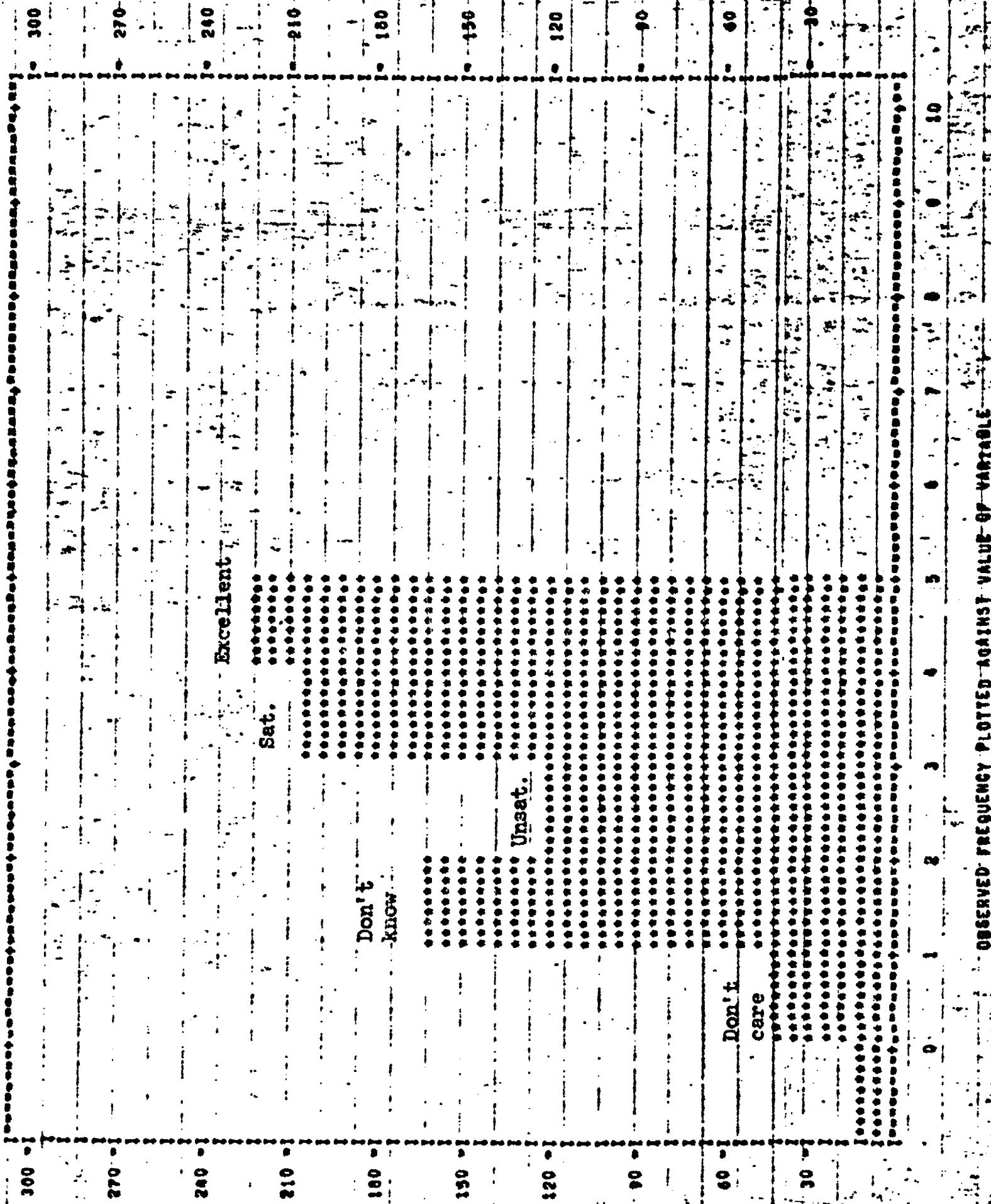
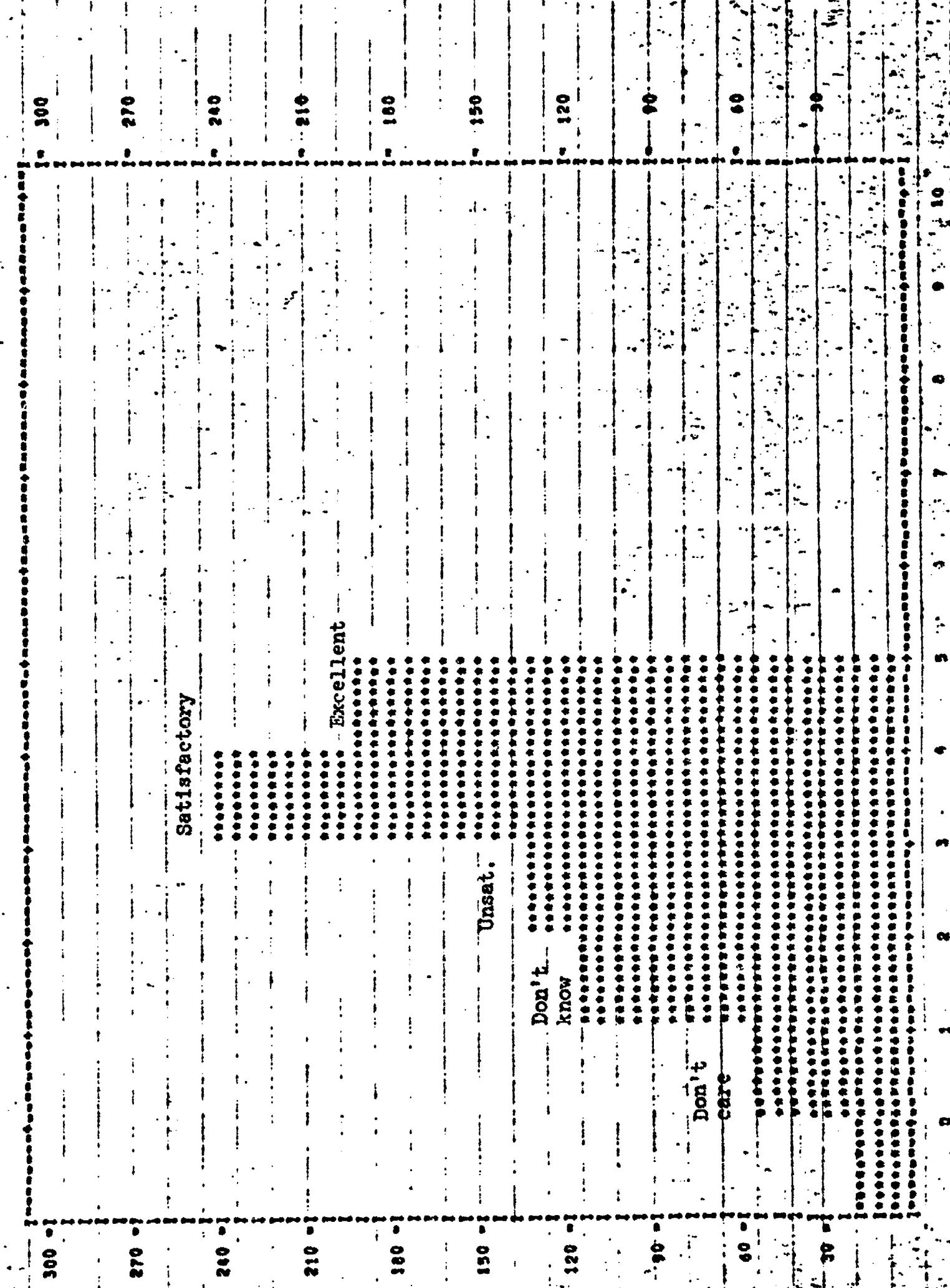


FIGURE VI

HISTOGRAM OF VARIABLE 6 Library Policy on Dress Requirements



OBSERVED FREQUENCY PLOTTED AGAINST VALUE OF VARIABLE

FIGURE VII

USAF ACADEMY LIBRARY JOB PROFILE FOR Reference Librarian 5733

DIARY	PFRCENT OF TTL	TIME (MIN.)	DEPT CODE	TASK CODE	FREQ	WAGE/MIN	COST PER OCCURRENCE
1155	21	9			009	0.11	3.95
0421	074	9			006	0.11	2.32
0357	06	9			041	0.11	4.91
0345	06	9			016	0.11	2.53
0262	05	9			008	0.11	1.60
0198	03	9			011	0.11	0.99
0197	03	9			061	0.11	1.03
0165	03	9			044	0.11	2.54
0178	03	9			034	0.11	6.53
0177	03	9	R P		045	0.11	1.08
0172	03	9	R R		069	0.11	1.08
0165	03	9	R R		002	0.05	0.05
0164	03	9	R R		055	0.05	0.05
0155	03	9	R R		002	0.05	0.05
0120	02	9	R R		070	0.05	0.05
0115	02	9	R R		040	0.05	0.05
0112	02	9	R R		045	0.05	0.05
0106	02	9	R R		040	0.05	0.05
0100	02	9	R R		033	0.05	0.05
0090	02	9	R R		021	0.05	0.05
0088	02	9	R R		021	0.05	0.05
0077	01	9	R R		021	0.05	0.05
0075	01	9	R R		021	0.05	0.05
0060	01	9	R R		047	0.05	0.05
0060	01	9	R R		043	0.05	0.05
0055	00	9	R R		043	0.05	0.05
0045	00	9	R R		072	0.05	0.05
0045	00	9	R R		039	0.05	0.05
0045	00	9	R R		091	0.05	0.05
0040	00	9	R R		109	0.05	0.05
0040	00	9	R R		011	0.05	0.05
0032	00	9	R R		060	0.05	0.05
0030	00	9	R R		077	0.05	0.05
0025	00	9	R R		054	0.05	0.05
0025	00	9	R R		019	0.05	0.05
0024	00	9	R R		090	0.05	0.05
0020	00	9	R R		115	0.05	0.05
0020	00	9	R R		120	0.05	0.05
0018	00	9	R R		017	0.05	0.05
0010	00	9	R R		024	0.05	0.05
0010	00	9	R R		046	0.05	0.05
0010	00	9	R R		050	0.05	0.05
0005	00	9	R R		010	0.05	0.05
0005	00	9	R R		010	0.05	0.05
					118	0.05	0.05
					084	0.05	0.05

Job profile of a Reference Librarian: ten-day observed sample. Data is arranged in rank order by number of minutes spent (column 1) and percent of total time (column 2). Cost per occurrence is computed in $\frac{1}{min} \times \text{wage/min}$.

PICTURE VIII.

**USAF LIBRARY DIRECTOR-AUDIT COMPANION
FOR EMPLOYEE**

Reference Library X

Comparison profile of a reference librarian, in which diary (observed sample) and audit (time estimates) data are contrasted. Data is arranged by task code number, column 4. Diary data has been doubled to be compatible with audit. This information should be used with the job profiles, since the percentages of time spent are omitted. It was assumed that staff estimates would be inaccurate in the sense of actual minutes spent on tasks but much more accurate in the sense of comparative amounts of time devoted to different tasks.

THREE MOST TIME CONSUMING DIARY TASKS - OBSERVED SAMPLE

LOG OF TIME SPENT

EPIT	TIME	TASK	NAME	FREQ	WAGE/MIN	COST/OCCUR	TOTAL COST
R	1420		HY	0	22.00	9.04	198.00
R	1710		CO	3	38.00	5.43	206.28
R	424		WA	12	8.00	0.07	29.75
R	1205		FQ	4	14.00	0.11	144.60
R	1185		KL	7	33.00	0.14	130.35
R	1840		HO	6	13.00	0.15	21.69
R	495		CO	2	21.00	0.06	1.41
R	545		SH	10	39.00	0.15	2.14
R	190		SU	11	2.00	0.14	13.30
							26.60
							1129.83

9064 MINUTES
ANSWERING SIMPLE QUESTIONS ON THE REFERENCE DESK

EPIT	TIME	TASK	NAME	FREQ	WAGE/MIN	COST/OCCUR	TOTAL COST
R	449		HO	6	18.00	0.15	3.74
R	505		SH	10	20.00	0.14	3.79
R	345		KL	7	15.00	0.11	2.53
R	485		FO	4	8.00	0.12	1.28
R	350		SU	11	15.00	0.14	2.27
R	445		HY	8	3.00	0.14	49.00
R	520		CU	3	72.00	0.12	6.30
							62.40
							356.35

2693 MINUTES
COLLECTION DEVELOPMENT - REVIEWING SELECTION MEDIA

EPIT	TIME	TASK	NAME	FREQ	WAGE/MIN	COST/OCCUR	TOTAL COST
R	222		FO	4	5.00	0.12	5.33
R	501		HO	6	20.00	0.15	3.76
R	15		CO	2	3.00	0.01	0.30
R	270		SH	11	15.00	0.14	2.52
R	305		SH	10	20.00	0.13	2.39
R	64		HY	8	4.00	0.14	2.28
R	193		CO	3	6.00	0.11	3.90
R	421		KL	7	20.00	0.11	2.32
							271.01

2034 MINUTES
PROFESSIONAL READING

93.00

FIGURE X
**COMPARISON OF 12 MOST TIME-CONSUMING REFERENCE TASKS,
DIARY AND AUDIT**

Task No.	Task Title	Diary Data (10-Day Sample)			Audit Data (20-Day Sample)				
		Total Mins	Freq.	Cost	Task No.	Task Title	Total Mins	Freq.	Cost
9	Ref Desk Simple Q	9,064	190	\$1,130	*89	Ref Desk Simple Q	33,250	282	\$4,170
8	Selection	2,699	101	\$ 357	49	Info Simple Q	16,500	1,900	\$2,003
36	Prof Reading	2,034	93	\$ 271	*61	Interviews	13,400	1,035	\$1,773
23	Conventions	1,920	6	\$ 263	*18	Selection	12,590	160	\$1,653
51	Interviews	1,458	137	\$ 193	4	Make Change	5,160	2,460	\$ 644
70	Meetings	1,455	22	\$ 191	103	File Service Pubs	5,080	44	\$ 344
74	Review New Books	937	31	\$ 124	58	ILL Typing (Borrow)	4,200	20	\$ 252
21	General Activities	867	45	\$ 104	*86	Prof Reading	3,780	115	\$ 469
44	File Maintenance	857	33	\$ 76	3	Backup	3,610	33	\$ 458
51	Corresp in Baskets	783	64	\$ 107	*74	Review New Books	3,540	70	\$ 425
11	Time Spent on Diary	750	63	\$ 89	42	Periods, and Indexes	3,240	236	\$ 405
2	Academic Activities	722	11	\$ 96	78	Personal Business	3,060	432	\$ 362

*Overlap Tasks

The table shows tasks in rank order, with overlap items starred. Figures are unadjusted: diary data for 10-day sample; audit data, for 20 days.

FIGURE XI

HIGHEST RANKING FUNCTIONS OF THE USAFA LIBRARY REFERENCE DEPARTMENT

Task #	Task Title	RANK			TIME			FREQUENCY			COST		
		D	A	D	A	D	A	D	A	D	A	D	A
89	Reference Service Desk Duty	1	1	9064	16,625	190	141	\$1130.00	\$2085				
18	Review Selection Media	2	4	2699	6,295	101	80		1357.00		846		
86	Professional Reading	3	6	2034	1,890	93	58		271.00		235		
61	Interviews	5	3	1458	6,700	137	518		193.00		886		
74	Review New Books	8	10	937	1,770	31	35	124.00		212			

This table identified the 5 highest ranking functions of the Reference Department, in rank order by diary data. Audit data has been adjusted to a 10 day sample, from 20, to be compatible with diary. Audit rank order appears in column four.

Professional reading is for personal professional development, in contrast to reviewing media for selection purposes.

STUDENT HELP AND FEDERAL FUNDING

1. All libraries contacted in this survey, with the exception of USAFA, have access to federal "work-study" funds which are not charged against the institution.

2. The Academy Library cannot utilize student help, free or otherwise. It must instead hire federal Civil Service employees, on a much higher pay scale. Note column 3 for number of FTE students working in other libraries, but not charged against their budget.

3. Note column 5 which roughly estimates tab picked up by work study funds. This figure is purely a guesstimate, since in some instances, libraries do pay for some portion of the student help. (Work-study students are not always the best workers; some managers prefer to retain an option, even though they must pay for it, to hire known quality workers.) Practice varies widely; more information is available in each instance listed below.

Student Help Available in All Libraries Except USAFA

Figures for 1972/73

Library Number	(1) Student Enroll- ment	(2) Student Help; FTE in Public Services	(3) FTE Estimate for Entire Library (60/40)	(4) Estimated Annual Expenditures Total ¹		(5) 90% of Annual Expenditures (work study)	(6) Total Library Budget
				11	\$ 14,000		
10	2,007	8	11	\$ 244,000	\$ 220,000	\$ 1,401,569	
9	20,000 ²	44	61	\$ 96,000	\$ 86,400	\$ 1,500,000	
8	17,000	18	24	\$ 44,000	\$ 39,600	\$ 142,204	
7	2,500	6	11	\$ 44,000	\$ 39,600	\$ 294,220	
6	7,500	8	11	\$ 44,000	\$ 16,000	\$ 14,400	\$ 194,048
5	1,700	3	4	\$ 4,000	\$ 3,600	\$ 114,980	
4	5,300	1	1	\$ 160,000	\$ 151,200	\$ 554,566	
3	15,000 est.	32	42	\$ 12,000	\$ 10,800	\$ 192,721 ³	
2	3,000	2	3	N/A	N/A	\$ 32,559 from USOE	
1	4,300	0	0	N/A	N/A	\$ 845,553 ³	
<i>Avg.</i>	1,000					\$ 10,000 est.	\$ 289,000

¹ At 40 hours per week, \$2.00 per hour, 52 weeks = 4,000 per person

² Boulder campus only

³ Academic Library only.

FIGURE XIII

Estimated Salaries for Public Services Personnel, 1972/73, from Interviews Conducted

Spring/Summer 1973

FTE PROFESSIONAL LIBRARY STAFF, 10 COLORADO ACADEMIC LIBRARIES (Salaries roughly commensurate with faculty, except USAFA)

	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10
Salary Range	Library 10	Library 8	Library 9	Library 7 1	Library 6	Library 5	Library 4	Library 3	Library 2	USAFA 3 (1)
\$2,007	2,007	17,000	20,000	2,500	7,500	1,700	5,300	15,000	3,000	4,300
\$20,000	0	1	0	0	0	0	N/A	N/A	0	1
15,000-19,999	0	1	3	0	0	1	N/A	N/A	1	7
11,000-14,999	1	..	12 ^a	1	1	1	N/A	N/A	2	5
5,000-10,999	3	2	4 ^b	2	4	4	N/A	N/A	0	
0-4,999	0	1	0	0	0	0	N/A	N/A	0	
TOTALS	4	12	19-3/4	3	5	6	5	12	3 ^c	13

1 Master's degree is minimum requirement for Professional slot.

2 Includes all professional staff except Serials Librarian: Director, Chief of Reference and Circulation. Ref. Librarian works full 35 hours a week on Reference Service Desk; others fill in additional hours library is open, approximately 50. Note work week is 35 hours.

3 Includes Medical and Community Libraries.

FIGURE XIV

Estimated salaries for Public Services Personnel, 1972/73, from Interviews Conducted

Spring/Summer 1973

NON-PROFESSIONAL STAFF (including both clerical and FTE students)

	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10
Salary Range	Library 10	Library 8	Library 9	Library 7 - 6	Library 5	Library 4	Library 3	Library 2	Library 1	USAFA (1) 4,300
\$20,000 -	2,007	17,000	20,000	2,500	7,500	1,700	5,300	15,000	3,000	
15,000-19,999										
11,000-14,999										
5,000-10,999	1	24	32%	3	4	8	1 ²	6 ²	1	15
0-4,999	8	3	44	12	18	2	8	6	3	32
Totals	3	71	62%	13	12	11	6	38	3	15

- 1 Note that Federal Civil Service sets salary floor for GS-3 at \$6,128; floor for GS-2 is \$5,432. USAFA LIBRARY cannot compete in first salary range, 0-\$4,999.
- 2 Salary scales at SCSC and UMC still not available; both, however, are on State Civil Service as are all others.

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Library number	No. of professionals	No. of nonprofessionals	Total staff	No. trainees	Nett orders of professionals	Nett orders of nonprofessionals	No. of professionals	No. trainees	Total staff	No. trainees	Nett orders of professionals	Nett orders of nonprofessionals
1	50%	2	3	3	3	3	6	6	3,000	28	4,300	4,300
2	46%	1	1	13	15	13	4	4	1,600	11	5,300	5,300
3	45%	4	5	5	6	5	11	11	1,700	17	1,700	1,700
4	35%	5	6	6	11	6	11	11	1,700	17	1,700	1,700
5	31%	10	4	9	4	9	13	13	2,000	17	7,500	7,500
6	29%	6	5	12	5	12	17	17	2,000	50	15,000	15,000
7	24%	3	12	38	12	38	50	50	15,000	83	20,000	20,000
8	21%	9	19-3/4	62-1/2	19-3/4	62-1/2	83	83	20,000	16	2,500	2,500
9	19%	7	3	13	3	13	16	16	2,500	71	17,000	17,000
10	14%	8	12	71	12	71	83	83	17,000	83	17,000	17,000

FIGURE XV
Ratio of professional/nonprofessional mix in
Library Public Services units

1972/73

FIGURE XVI

PSSR CAMPUS PROFILE

TOTAL NUMBER OF STAFF IN PUBLIC SERVICES UNITS - Professional, Clerical and FTE students, also RATIO OF STAFF TO STUDENTS

Salary Range	Library 10 2,007	Library 2 17,000	Library 3 20,000	Library 4 2,500	Library 5 7,500	Library 6 1,700	Library 7 5,300	Library 8 15,000	Library 9 15,000	Library 10 3,000	USAPA ³ (1) 4,300
\$20,000 -											1
15,000-19,999	5	3									1
11,000-14,999	1	7	12½	1	1						7
5,000-10,999	4	26	37	5	8	12	1	6 est	6 est	2	5
0-4,999	8	47	30	10	8	3	5	32	2		
TOTALS	13	83	83	16	17	17	11	50	6	28	
Staff/Student Ratio	1/15⁴	1/205	1/240	1/156	1/442	1/100	1/482	1/300	1/500	1/154	

RANK ORDER, STAFF STUDENT RATIO

1. 1/100 Library 5
2. 1/154 Library 10
3. 1/154 Library 1
4. 1/156 Library 7
5. 1/205 Library 8
6. 1/210 Library 9
7. 1/300 Library 3
8. 1/411 Library 6
9. 1/452 Library 4
10. 1/500 Library 2

FIGURE XVII

MANAGED SERVICE POINTS IN SYSTEMS

Library Number	Day Service Desk	Night Service Desk
10	4	3
9	17	17
8	13	6
7	5	3
6	5	5
5	4	2+
4	NA	NA
3	6	5
2	4	Varies ¹
1	5	2

USAF is library number 1.

Desks manned at night are frequently manned by students or staff personnel, not librarians.

1 Librarians from all departments share night duty but work at their own desks, not in Reference.

APPENDIX I
REFERENCE TASKS LIST

173 TIME IS 9:30
IN 14 BLOCKSIZE = 14
000 UNITS=000

DATA ENTRY AVAILABLE

REFERENCE TASK LIST NOV. 1972

- R1 SHEL SLIPS-SORTING
R2 ACADEMIC ACTIVITIES-SPECIFY
R3 BACKUP(SEE ALSO HOSPITAL LIBRARY REPLACEMENT)
R4 RIBLINGRAPHTFS-PREPARATION
R5 RIBLINGRAPHTFS-PROOFREADING
R6 RIBLINGRAPHTFS-SCREENING
R7 RIBLINGRAPHTFS-OTHER-SPECIFY
R8 BUDGET MONITORING-SORTING SLIPS FROM ACQUISITIONS
R9 BUDGET MONITORING-MAKING ESTIMATES
R10 CIRCULATION DESK ASSISTANCE
R11 CLASSIFIED MATERIALS-SIGNING FOR, ETC.
R12 CLASSIFIED MATERIALS-ASSISTING USERS
R13 CLASSIFIED MATERIAL-INVENTORY
R14 CLASSIFIED MAT (IALS-DESTRUCTION
R15 COLLECTION DEVELOPMENT-DETERMINING OR WRITING POLICIES
R16 COLLECTION DEVELOPMENT-REVIEW OF DP ORDERS (FACULTY ORDERS)
R17 COLLECTION DEVELOPMENT-REVIEW OF SELECTION MEDIA
R18 COLLECTION DEVELOPMENT-REVIEW OF GIFT ITEMS
R19 COLLECTION DEVELOPMENT-REPLACEMENT COPIES ORDERED
R20 COLLECTION DEVELOPMENT-OTHFR-SPECIFY
R21 COLLEGE CATALOG PROCESSING
R22 CONVENTIONS, ATTENDING
R23 CORRESPONDENCE-DRAFTING
R24 CORRESPONDENCE-TYPING
R25 CORRESPONDENCE-TAKING ACTION AND/OR REFERRING
R26 CURRENT ISSUES HIGH MAINTENANCE
R27 PURCHASE REQUESTS SEE COLLECTION DEVELOPMENT
R28 DEPARTMENTAL LIBRARIES-PLAN FOR COLLECTION
R29 DEPARTMENTAL LIBRARIES-MAINTENANCE OF COLLECTION
R30 DESK SCHEDULES SEE SCHEDULES
R31 DOCUMENTS, U.N.-REVIEW FOR RETENTION
R32 DOCUMENTS, U. V.-PROCESS
R33 DOCUMENTS, U. V.-SHELF
R34 DOCUMENTS, U. V.-OTHFR-SPECIFY (GOVT. DOC. SERVICE SEE)
R35 DOCUMENTS, U. S.-INFORMATION SERVICES ON 6TH FLOOR ONLY
R36 DOCUMENTS, U. S.-PROCESS DEPOSITORY SHIPMENTS
R37 DOCUMENTS, U. S.-PROCESS NON-DEPOSITORY ITEMS
R38 DOCUMENTS, U. S.-SELECT FROM MONTHLY CAT, ETC.
R39 DOCUMENTS, U. S.-SCREEN ALL DOCUMENTS
R40 DOCUMENTS, U. S.-SHELF-LIST
R41 DOCUMENTS, U. S.-OTHER-SPECIFY
R42 INDEXES-UPDATING
R43 EXHIBITS
R44 FIFTH FLOOR USE (PERIODIC INDEXES AND SLIDES)
R45 FILE MAINTENANCE-ASSIGN SUBJECT HEADINGS
R46 FILE MAINTENANCE-PREPARE AND FILE
R47 FILE MAINTENANCE-OTHFR-SPECIFY
R48 FIFTH FLOOR COLLECTION DEVELOPMENT
R49 GOVERNMENT DOCUMENTS SEE DOCUMENTS, U. N. AND DOCUMENTS, U. S.

Q49 INFORMATION SERVICES FOR USERS-SIMPLE QUESTIONS
Q50 INFORMATION SERVICES FOR USERS-SEARCH QUESTIONS
Q51 INTERLIBRARY LOANS: REQUESTS FOR LOANS-OPEN REQUESTS. GET CALL NOS.
Q52 INTERLIBRARY LOANS: REQUESTS FOR LOANS-PULL MATERIALS
Q53 INTERLIBRARY LOANS: REQUESTS FOR LOANS-PREPARE FOR MAILING
Q54 INTERLIBRARY LOANS: REQUESTS FOR LOANS-ALL RELATED FILING OF FORMS
Q55 INTERLIBRARY LOANS: REQUESTS FOR LOANS-OTHER-SPECIFY
Q56 INTERLIBRARY LOANS: REQUESTS TO BORROW-TAKE REQUEST
Q57 INTERLIBRARY LOANS: REQUESTS TO BORROW-VERIFY
Q58 INTERLIBRARY LOANS: REQUESTS TO BORROW-TYPE FORMS
Q59 INTERLIBRARY LOANS: REQUESTS TO BORROW-FILE FORMS
Q60 INTERLIBRARY LOANS: REQUESTS TO BORROW-OTHER-SPECIFY
Q61 INTERVIEWS (UNSCHEDULED MEETINGS)
INSTRUCTION OF LIBRARY PERSONNEL SEE PERSONNEL ADMINISTRATION
Q62 INVENTORY-ANNUAL
Q63 INVENTORY-OTHER-SPECIFY
J79 DESCRIPTIONS SEE PERSONNEL ADMINISTRATION
K9 (STAFF ROOM)
LARGE REFERENCE FILES SEE FILE MAINTENANCE
Q65 LEAVE-ADMIN
Q66 LEAVE-ANNUAL
Q67 LEAVE-SICK
LETTERS SEE CORRESPONDENCE, INFORMATION SERVICES
R68 MAIL DISTRIBUTION
R69 MAG COLLECTION
Q70 MEETINGS (SCHEDULED MEETINGS)
Q71 MICROFORMS -
MINOLTA SEE PHOTOCOPIES
R72 MUSIC COLLECTION -
R73 MUSIC EQUIPMENT -
R74 NEW BOOKS- REVISING -
R75 NEW BOOK LIST-COMPILING AND REVISING -
OBITUARIES-SEE INFORMATION SERVICES
Q76 OBSERVATION OF ACTIVITIES IN LIBRARY -
OPEN OR CLOSE LIBRARY.
PERSONAL BUSINESS-ACTIVITIES NOT WORK-RELATED -
PERSONNEL ADMINISTRATION-INSTRUCTION OF LIBRARY STAFF -
PERSONNEL ADMINISTRATION-PERSONAL INTERVIEWS -
PERSONNEL ADMINISTRATION-WRITTEN FORM PREPARATION -
PERSONNEL ADMINISTRATION-OTHER-SPECIFY
PHOTOCOPIER-PERSONAL OPERATION FOR LIBRARY PURPOSES -
PHOTOCOPIER-REQUESTS FOR CHANGE
PLANNING FOR FUTURE-SPECIFY
PROFESSIONAL READING(FIRST OBJECTIVE IS FOR PERSONAL DEVELOPMENT)
QUESTIONS ASKED SEE INFORMATION SERVICES TO USERS
Q87 READ SHELVES
REFERENCE BOOKS, NEW, REVIVING.
REFERENCE SERVICE DESK-SIMPLE QUESTIONS
REPLACEMENTS SEE COLLECTION DEVELOPMENT
REFERENCE SERVICE DESK-SEARCH QUESTIONS
REPORT LITERATURE-QUESTIONS ANSWERED
REPORT LITERATURE-SELECTING
REPORT LITERATURE-BIBLIOGRAPHICAL CHECKING
REPORT LITERATURE-OTHER-SPECIFY
RESERVE-PROCESS LISTS
RESERVE-PULL BOOKS
RESERVE-PROCESS BOOKS
RESERVE-REMOVE BOOKS
RESERVE-PHOTOCOPY
RESERVE-PROCESS PROBLEM SETS

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- Q101 RESERVE OTHER - SPECIFY
SCHEDULES -
RESEARCH MISSING ITEMS SEE INFORMATION SERVICES
SELECTION REF COLLECTION DEVELOPMENT
SERVICE PUBLICATIONS, MAINTENANCE
SHELVING RACKS
SMALL REFERENCE FILES SEE FILE MAINTENANCE
STATISTICS PREPARATION-MONTHLY REPORT
STATISTICS PREPARATION-OTHER-SPECIFY
SUGGESTION BX MAINTENANCE-REVIEW QUESTIONS
SUGGESTION BX MAINTENANCE-TYPE RESPONSES
TECHNICAL REPORTS SEE REPORT LITERATURE
Q109 TELECON
R110 TIME AND ATTENDANCE CARDS
R111 TIME SPENT KEEPING THIS DIARY
R112 TJ'S AND NRRT'S-MAINTAIN RECORDS
R113 T9'S AND NRRT'S-PROCESS
R114 T9'S AND NRRT'S-SHELF
R115 T9'S AND NRRT'S-OTHER-SPECIFY
R116 TOURS-FOR ACADEMICS
R117 TOURS-OTHER-SPECIFY
R118 TYPING
R119 WAIT LISTS
R120 WEEDING COLLECTION
R121 OTHER GENERAL ACTIVITIES-WORK RELATED
R122 INSTRUCTION IN LIBRARY USE PROGRAMS -
R123 CONTINUING EDUCATION OR STAFF DEVELOPMENT -
R124 SHELF LIST MAINTENANCE (FILING, NOTATION, ETC.)
R125 MAINTENANCE OF CATALOGS OTHER THAN S.L.
R126 AV MATERIALS, SERVICING A COLLECTION -
R127 PUBLIC RELATIONS WORK
R128 BINDERY PREPARATION, REFERENCE COLLECTION ONLY
R129 BINDERY PREPARATION, GENERAL STACKS
~~R130 READING SHELVES~~

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APPENDIX II

QUESTIONNAIRE

INFORMATION REQUESTED

Please note that this form is intended only as a guide to the type of question which will be asked. The interviewer will record the actual data.

1. Organization of Public Services

a. Units and reporting patterns

b. Staff, titles and grades

2. Any special requirements for Public Services personnel: e.g., double Master's or Ph. D. for professionals; B.A. for support personnel; OJT, or continuing education, or personnel development courses.

3. Estimated salaries for Public Services personnel:

Salary Range	Number of Personnel in Public Services, FTE's			
	11 - 12 months		9 - 10 months	
	Professional	Clerical	Professional	Clerical
20,000+				
15,000-19,999				
11,000-14,999				
5,000-10,999				
0-4,999				

4. Estimated hours of student help per week

a. Hourly wages, high and low

b. Estimated number of hours per week

1. Academic year

2. Summer

5. Number of hours in standard work week (35, 38, 40, etc.)

a. Professional

b. Clerical

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6. Service desks in the system

Name of desk or dept.	Staffing: Hours Per Week					
	Regular hours, M - F			Nights and weekends		
	Prof.	Clerical	Student	Prof.	Clerical	Student
1. (Ref.)						
2. (Govt. docs.)						
3. (etc.)						

7. Library service hours

8. Population served: students, faculty, others

9. Types of statistical data kept on users

10. Personnel evaluation

a. Frequency

b. Evaluator(s)

1. Supervisors

2. Peers

3. Self

4. Clientele

11. Compare and contrast functions performed on enclosed "Reference Task List"; delete those not included and add other services of reference (and branch) personnel not listed.

Library No. _____

Task No. R	Performed		Dept. in which performed, if not Ref.
	Yes	No	
1			
2			
etc.			

2. Budget

- a. Institutional, overall**
- b. Total library**
 - 1. Books**
 - 2. Personnel**
 - 3. Equipment and supplies.**

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LIE PARTIES IN THE SAMPLE

Adams State College, Alamosa
Colorado State University, Ft. Collins
Colorado University, Boulder
Ft. Lewis College, Durango
Metro State College, Denver
Colorado School of Mines, Golden
Southern Colorado State College, Pueblo
University of Northern Colorado, Greeley
Western State College, Gunnison
U. S. Air Force Academy

APPENDIX IV

RANKED ORDER LISTINGS OF REFERENCE FUNCTIONS

- 9 4 BIBLIOGRAPHIES - PREPARE
 18 COLLECTION DEVELOPMENT - REVIEW SELECTION ME
 20 COLLECTION DEVELOPMENT - REPLACE ORDERS
 23 CONVENTIONS - ATTEND
 24 CORRESPONDENCE - DRAFT
 25 CORRESPONDENCE - TYPE
 42 FIFTH FLOOR USE (PERS AND INDEXES)
 43 FILE MAINTENANCE - ASSIGN SUBJECT HEADS
 49 & 50 ANSWERING QUESTIONS FOR USERS WHEN NOT ON THE INFORMATION
 DESK - SIMPLE AND SEARCH
 61 INTERVIEWS
 65 LEAVE, ADMIN
 66 LEAVE, ANNUAL
 78 PERSONAL BUSINESS, ACTIVITIES NOT WORK-RELATED
 67 LEAVE, SICK
 109 TELECON
 117 TOURS (FOR ALL OTHERS)
- 8 2 ACADEMIC ACTIVITIES
 6 BIBLIOGRAPHIES - SCREEN
 44 FILE MAINTENANCE - PREPARE AND FILE
 76 OBSERVATION OF ACTIVITIES IN LIB - CONSCIOUS SUPERVISION
 PATROLING PREMISES
 77 OPEN OR CLOSE LIBRARY
 80 PERSONNEL ADMIN - PERSONAL INTERVIEWS
 86 PROF READING (FIRST OBJ: PERSONAL DEVELOP)
 102 SCHEDULES
 116 TOURS (FOR ACADEMICS)
 118 TYPING
 120 WEED COLLECTION
 122 INSTRUCTION IN LIBRARY USE PROGRAMS
- 7 5 BIBLIOGRAPHIES - PROOF
 41 EXHIBITS
 45 FILE MAINTENANCE - OTHER - SPECIFY
 51 ILL - REQUESTS FOR LOANS - OPEN, GET CALL NO
 54 ILL - REQUESTS FOR LOANS - ALL FILING
 55 ILL - REQUESTS FOR LOANS - OTHER, SPECIFY
 57 ILL - REQUESTS TO BORROW - VERIFY
 70 MEETINGS (SCHEDULED MEETINGS)
 81 PERSONNEL ADMIN - WRITTEN FORM PREPARATION
 85 PLAN FOR FUTURE - FORMAL
 88 REF BOOKS, NEW - REVIEW - SA NEW BOOKS - REVIEW
 106 STATISTICS PREP - OTHER - SPECIFY
 119 WANT LISTS - YEF FILES

- 6
7 BIBLIOGRAPHIES - OTHER - SPECIFY
19 COLLECTION DEVELOPMENT - REVIEW GIFTS
21 COLLECTION DEVELOPMENT - OTHER - SPECIFY
22 COLLEGE CATALOGS - PROCESS
40 INDEXES - UPDATE
52 ILL - REQUESTS FOR LOANS - PULL MATERIALS
53 ILL - REQUESTS FOR LOANS - PREPARE AND MAIL
56 ILL - REQUESTS TO BORROW - TAKE REQUEST
58 ILL - REQUESTS TO BORROW - TYPE FORMS
59 ILL - REQUESTS TO BORROW - FILE FORMS
69 MAP COLLECTION
74 NEW BOOKS - REVIEW
123 CONTINUING EDUCATION, STAFF DEVELOPMENT
- 5
3 BACKUP
11 CIRCULATION DESK ASSISTANCE
16 COLLECTION DEVELOPMENT - DETERMINE POLICIES
29 DOCS UN - REVIEW FOR RETENTION
63 INVENTORY, OTHER - SPECIFY
87 READ SHELVES
103 SERVICE PUBS - MAINTENANCE
104 SHELVES
- 4
10 BUDGET MONITORING - MAKE ESTIMATES
26 CURRENT ISSUES ROOM MAINTENANCE
47 INFO AND CAT ASSIST DESK - SIMPLE Q
48 INFO AND CAT ASSIST DESK - SEARCH Q
68 MAIL DISTRIBUTION
83 PHOTOCOPIER - OPERATION FOR LIB PURPOSES
96 RESERVE - PULL BOOKS
105 STATISTICS PREP - MONTHLY
124 SHELF LIST MAINTENANCE (FILING, ETC.)
125 MAINTENANCE OF CARD CATS OTHER THAN S.L.
127 PUBLIC RELATIONS WORK
128 BINDERY PREP, REF COLL ONLY
- 3
1 ABEL SLIPS - SORT
17 COLLECTION DEVELOPMENT - REVIEW OF FACULTY ORDERS
27 DEPARTMENTAL LIBS - PLAN FOR COLLECTION
28 DEPARTMENTAL LIBS - MAINTAIN COLLECTION
36 DOCS US - SELECT FROM MONTHLY CAT, ETC.
37 DOCS US - SCREEN DOCS
62 INVENTORY, ANNUAL
64 KP (STAFF ROOM)
72 MUSIC COLLECTION - SERVICE
73 MUSIC EQUIPMENT
84 PHOTOCOPIER - PROVIDE CHANGE
95 RESERVE - PROCESS LISTS
97 RESERVE - PROCESS BOOKS
98 RESERVE - REMOVE BOOKS
99 RESERVE - PHOTOCOPY

100 RESERVE - PROCESS PROBLEM SETS
101 RESERVE - OTHER - SPECIFY
107 SUGGESTION BOX - REVIEW COMMENTS
108 SUGGESTION BOX - DRAFT OR TYPE REPLIES
110 TIME AND ATTENDANCE CARDS
126 AV MATERIALS, SERVICE A COLLECTION
130 READ SHELVES

2 9 BUDGET MONITORING - SORT SLIPS
33 DOCS US - INFO SVS 6TH FLOOR ONLY
34 DOCS US - PROCESS DEPOS SHIPMENTS
35 DOCS US - PROCESS NON-DEPOS ITEMS
46 HOSPITAL LIB DUTY
71 MICROFORMS - SERVICE COLLECTION
75 NEW BOOK LIST - COMPILE AND REVISE
129 BINDERY PREP, GENERAL COLLECTION

1 12 CLASSIFIED MATERIALS - SIGN FOR
13 CLASSIFIED MATERIALS - ASSIST USERS
14 CLASSIFIED MATERIALS - INVENTORY
15 CLASSIFIED MATERIALS - DESTROY
30 DOCS UN - PROCESS
31 DOCS UN - SHELVES
32 DOCS UN - OTHER - SPECIFY
38 DOCS US - SHELF LIST
39 DOCS US - OTHER - SPECIFY
91 REPORT LIT - QUESTIONS ANSWERED
92 REPORT LIT - SELECT
93 REPORT LIT - BIBLIOGRAPHIC CHECK
94 REPORT LIT - OTHER - SPECIFY