#### DOCUMENT RESUME

3D 084 245 SP 007 480

AUTHOR Johnson, Lary

TITLE Auxiliary Personnel in the Minneapolis Public

Schools: A Profile.

INSTITUTION Minneapolis Public Schools, Minn. Dept. of Research

and Evaluation.

SPONS AGENCY Office of Education (DHEW), Washington, D.C.

REPORT NO C-71-73
PUB DATE Sep 72
NOTE 31p.

EDRS PRICE MF-\$0.65 HC-\$3.29

DESCRIPTORS \*Paraprofessional School Personnel; \*Research;

\*School Aides; \*Teacher Aides

#### ABSTRACT

A survey was conducted to determine the background characteristics of the auxiliary school personnel employed by the Minneapolis public school system. Eighty percent of all such employees on a particular month's payroll responded via questionnaire. Analysis of the data indicated that the typical aide was white, married, female, over 36 years old, and was not the major wage earner in the household. Differences between aides in Title I schools (schools supported by Title I of the Elementary and Secondary Education Act) also occurred: Title I aides had more experience and worked longer hours per week than did non-Title I aides, and a greater percentage of aides in Title I schools spent more time in the classroom than did aides in non-Title I schools (who spent more time on routine clerical duties). (Two appendixes are included: a sample questionnaire and charts of the response data.) (JB)



Minneapolis Public Schools

Auxiliary Personnel in the Minneapolis Public Schools: A Profile

U S DEPARTMENT OF HEALTH.

EDUCATION & WELFARE

NATIONAL INSTITUTE OF

EDUCATION

THIS OOCUMENT HAS BEEN REPRO
DUCED EXACTLY AS RECEIVED FROM
THE PERSON OR ORGANIZATION ORIGIN
ATING IT POINTS OF VIEW OR OPINIONS
STATEO OD NOT NECESSARILY REPRE
SENT OFFICIAL NATIONAL INSTITUTE OF
EOUCATION POSITION OR POLICY

Lary Johnson Research Associate

A Title I, ESEA Project

Ideas expressed in this report do not necessarily reflect the official position of the Minneapolis Public School Administration nor the Minneapolis School Board.

September 1972 Order No. C-71-73 Research and Evaluation Department Educational Services Division 807 N. E. Broadway Minneapolis, Minnesota 55413



#### Minneapolis Public Schools

#### Auxiliary Personnel in the Minneapolis Public Schools: A Profile

### Summary See page 1 More than 1300 salaried auxiliary personnel were employed during 1971-72 in the Minneapolis Public School System in a variety of positions at both elementary and secondary levels. These positions were funded by the local school district, Title I of the Elementary and Secondary Education Act, and other federal sources. This report describes background characteristics of the auxiliary personnel and their reactions to coordinating activities provided by the Office of Auxiliary Personnel. About 80% of the auxiliary personnel on a particular 2 month's payroll returned completed questionnaires. Responses to the questionnaire were summarized by funding source, by Title I or non-Title I schools, and by elementary or secondary. The typical aide was a white, married female who was over 3,4 36 years of age, was not the main wage earner in the household, and had not recently received any public assistance. Aides were generally satisfied with in-service courses, supervision within the schools, and with supervision by coordinators and 8-12 communications from the Office of Auxiliary Personnel. Recommendations for improving these activities were made by the aides. Differences between aides in Title I schools and aides in 3-8 non-Title I schools occurred. Aides in Title I schools had more years experience as aides and worked more hours per week than did aides in non-Title I schools. A greater percentage of aides in Title I schools (65%) than non-Title I schools (33%) worked as classroom aides. Classroom aides in Title I schools spent more time working directly with children, while classroom aides in non-Title I schools spent more time on routine clerical tasks or supervising children. Many of the auxiliary personnel have completed further 12-16 educational training since they became aides. A greater percentage of aides in Title I schools (58%) than aides in non-Title I schools (38%), and a greater percentage of secondary aides (60%) than elementary aides (46%) have earned one or more college credits since becoming aides.

\* \* \*

September 1972 Research and Evaluation Department



## Table of Contents

	Page
Auxiliary Personnel: A Profile	1
Personal Description of Auxiliary Personnel	2
Job Description of Auxiliary Personnel	3
Duties of Classroom Aides	6
Evaluation of Training and Supervision	8
In-service Courses	8
Supervision in Schools	11
Supervision by Office of Auxiliary Personnel	11
Communications from the Office of Auxiliary Personnel	12
Educational Progress and Goals of Auxiliary Personnel	12
Appendix A: Responses to the Auxiliary Personnel	
Questionnaire by Elementary and Secondary Locations and Funding Sources	17
Appendix B: The Auxiliary Personnel Questionnaire	24



# List of Tables

Table	Number	Page
1	Personal Descriptive Data on Auxiliary Personnel in Title I and Non-Title I Schools at Elementary and Secondary Levels	4
2	Job Description of Auxiliary Personnel in Title I and Non-Title I Schools at Elementary and Secondary Levels	5
3	Classroom Aides' Time Spent on Various Activities in Title I and Non-Title I Schools at Elementary and Secondary Levels	7
	Evaluation of Training and Supervision by Auxiliary Personnel in Elementary and Secondary Title I and Non-Title I Schools	9
	Awareness and Evaluation of Communications from the Office of Auxiliary Personnel by Auxiliary Personnel in Elementary and Secondary Title I and Non-Title I Schools	13
6	Educational Goals, Career Goals, and Educational Progress of Auxiliary Personnel in Elementary and Secondary Title I and Non-Title I Schools	14
7	Job Description of Auxiliary Personnel According to Elementary and Secondary School Locations and Funding Sources	18
8	Auxiliary Personnel's Awareness and Evaluation of Communications from the Office of Auxiliary Personnel	19
9	Educational Goals, Career Goals, and Educational Progress of Auxiliary Personnel According to Elementary and Secondary School Locations and Funding Sources	20
10	Evaluation by Auxiliary Personnel of Training and Supervision According to Elementary and Secondary School Location and Funding Sources	22
	Personal Descriptive Data on Auxiliary Personnel According to Elementary and Secondary School Locations and Funding Sources	2 <b>3</b>



#### Minneapolis Public Schools

#### Auxiliary Personnel in the Minneapolis Public Schools: A Profile

The Minneapolis Public School System employed more than 1300 auxiliary personnel during the 1971-72 school year in a variety of positions at elementary and secondary levels: classroom aides, social work aides, counselor aides, resource center aides, media aides, and supervisory aides. The auxiliary personnel program was supported by funds from the local school district, Title I of the Elementary and Secondary Education Act, the Career Opportunities Program, and special federal programs such as ESEA Title III and the experimental schools. The Minneapolis Public Schools' Office of Auxiliary Personnel, which was responsible for the general coordination of all salaried auxiliary personnel, asked the Research and Evaluation Department to help them gather descriptive background information on auxiliary personnel and aide reactions to some of their department's activities, such as training programs, supervision, and communications in order to improve program operations.

A questionnaire was developed and sent in the school mail in May 1972 to all auxiliary personnel who appeared on an April payroll list, with the exception of 50 student aides in a special program. Although aides did not put their name on the questionnaire they were aware that a code number was used to send a followup notice in June to all aides who had not returned the questionnaire. Completed questionnaires were returned by 813 aides, or 79% of the 1,030 individuals on the payroll list. It is not known if the 20% who did not return the questionnaire would have answered the questionnaire differently from those who did complete the questionnaire.

Each questionnaire was coded by elementary or secondary level and by funding source (local school district, Title I, other federal). The locally-funded aides also were coded as to whether or not they worked in a Title I



school. A copy of the questionnaire is in Appendix B, page 24.

Two groups of aides are described in this report: aides in Title I schools and aides not in Title I schools. These groups are further divided into elementary and secondary school assignments. Aides working in Title I schools were paid from local district funds only, Title I funds only, or both district and Title I funds. Aides not working in Title I schools were paid from district funds only.

The following number of aides in each of the four groups completed questionnaires:

Elementary aides in Title I schools	321
Elementary aides in non-Title I schools	136
Secondary aides in Title I schools	134
Secondary aides in non-Title I schools	141
	732

Eighty-one sides were paid by federal funds other than Title I. Their questionnaire responses are not described in this report, although a tabulation of their responses may be found in Appendix A, page 17. Four other separate groups at both elementary and secondary levels are tabulated in Appendix A: Title I funded, locally funded in Title I schools, locally funded in non-Title I schools, and joint funding by the district and Title I. The total elementary and total secondary responses also are given in Appendix A.

## Personal Description of Auxiliary Personnel

The "typical" aide is a white, married female over 36 years old, who is not the main wage earner in the household, and who has not recently received public assistance. This description is more accurate for aides who worked in



elementary schools than for those in secondary schools. See Table 1 on page 4.

About 85% of the aides were white, 12% were Black American, and only a few were Indian American, Spanish-surnamed, or oriental. A greater percentage of Black American aides worked in Title I than non-Title I schools and in secondary than in elementary schools.

Nearly all of the aides were females (87%) particularly in the elementary schools where only 5% were males. Also, about two-thirds to three-fourths of the aides were 36 or more years of age. The secondary schools had a greater percentage of younger aides than did the elementary schools.

About one-fourth of the aides said they were the main wage earner in the household. A greater percentage of main wage earners worked in Title I schools than in non-Title I schools and more in secondary than in elementary schools. Only a small percentage of aides said they received public assistance before becoming an aide. A somewhat smaller percentage said they were currently receiving public assistance in addition to their job as aides (most aides worked only part time).

#### Job Description of Auxiliary Personnel

Aides in Title I schools, compared with aides in non-Title I schools, had more experience as aides, worked more hours per week, and were more likely to be working as classroom aides (Table 2 on page 5).

The median number of years the aides had worked as auxiliary personnel was somewhat more than three years for aides in Title I schools at both elementary and secondary levels, about two-and-one-half years in secondary non-Title I schools, and one-and-one-half years in elementary non-Title I schools.

About three-fourths of the aides in Title I schools worked 20 or more hours per week. The majority of the aides in non-Title I schools worked



Table 1

Personal Descriptive Data on Auxiliary Personnel in Title I and Non-Title I Schools at Elementary and Secondary Levels (Percent)

		Elem	entary	Seco	ndary
Question	Response	Title I Schools N=321	Non-Title I Schools N=136	Title I Schools N=134	Non-Title Schools N=141
Age	Under 21	4%	1%	9%	4%
_	21-25	5	2	13	16
	26-35	21	21	13	6.
	36-45	36	53	23	33
	46-55	27	18	27	34
	Over 55	6	4	15	6
Sex	Male	5%	4%	26%	13%
	Female	95	96	74	87
Marital Status	Single	9%	4%	19%	19%
	Married	73	87 j	64	69
	Widowed	4	1	4	4
	Divorced-Separated	14	7	12	8
Race	White	85%	95%	67 <b>%</b>	89%
	Black American	12	5	28	j 8
	Indian American	1	0	3	j 1
	Spanish-surnamed	0	0	1	0
	Oriental	1	0	0	0
	Other	1	0	2	1
Main wage earner	Yes	27%	10%	39%	23%
in the household?	No	73	90	61	77
Received public	Yes	18%	5%	10%	9%
assistance (AFT , etc.) before becoming an aide?	No	82	95	90	91
Receiving Public	Yes	14%	5%	57.	77.
assistance (AFDC, etc.) at the present time?	No	86	95	95	93
Former New Carectist?	Yes No	13%	7% 93	1 <b>3%</b> 87	9% 91

 $a_{\text{Totals}}$  for elementary and secondary levels are given in Table 11, Appendix A.



Table 2

Job Descraption of Auxiliary Personnel in Title I and Non-Title I Schools at Elementary and Secondary Levels

		Eleme	ntary	Secon	dary
Question	Response	Title I Schools N=321	Non-Title I Schools N=136	Title I Schools N=134	Non-Title Schools
Median number of years worked as an aide in Minneapolis schools	Median	3.1 years	1.6 years	3.3 years	2.4 years
Hours assigned to	Less than 10 hours	6%	56%	4%	6%
present aide position each week	11-19 hours	21	21	17	53
posteron cach week	20 hours	31	7	26	13
	21-30 hours	23	12	32	9
	31-40 hours	19	4	22	18
Mark any of the	Classroom aide	71%	19%	55%	46%
following positions that describes your	Social work aide	8	4	9	5
job as an e	Library aide	9	26	4	13
a	Resource center side	6	5	18	27
<sup>a</sup> See footnote	Lunchroom or milk aide	32	51	9	21
	Supervisor in hallways or playground	25	27	17	18
	Community school aide	3	11	4	2
	Other	19	11	20	30

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>a</sup>Percentages total more than 100 because some aides worked at more than one position  $^b$ Totals for elementary and secondary levels are given in Table 7, Appendix A



less than 20 hours per week. In fact, 56% of the aides in elementary non-Title I schools said they worked less than 10 hours per week.

Seventy-one percent of the elementary aides and 55% of the secondary aides in Title I schools spent at least part of their time as classroom aides, compared with 19% of the elementary aides and 46% of the secondary aides in non-Title I schools.

More elementary than secondary aides said they worked as library aides, lunchroom aides, and supervisory aides, while more secondary than elementary aides said they worked as aides in the resource centers.

Most of the elementary aides who said they worked as lunchroom or supervisory aides were paid by local funds rather than Title I tunds (Table 7 on page 18). About five percent of the elementary aides paid by Title I funds reported that they spent part of their time working in the lunchroom or supervising the playground or hallways.

#### Duties of Classroom Aides

Auxiliary personnel who indicated they worked as classroom aides estimated the amount of time they spent on four activities: working directly with children, doing routine clerical tasks, supervising groups of children, and observing (no tasks to do). Some differences between aides in Title I and non-Title I schools occurred (Table 3 on page 7). The percentages in Table 3 represent only the responses of aides who said they worked as classroom aides. Also, it should be kept in mind that many aides in Title I schools were paid by the local district rather than by Title I funds.

About 70% of the classroom aides in Title I schools, compared with about 50% of the classroom aides in non-Title I schools, said they spent 50% or more of their classroom time working directly with children as individuals



Table 3

Classroom Aides' Time Spent on Various Activities in Title I and Non-Title I Schools at Elementary and Secondary Levels

Percentage of time of		Eleme	ntary	Seco	ndary
spent on each activi	lty	Title I Schools N=229	Non-Tible I Schools N=26	Title I Schools N=74	Non-Title Schools N=65
Working directly	0%	0%	8%	6%	4%
with children as individuals or in	1-24%	13	27	10	30
small groups	25-49%	20	16	6	18
	50% or more	67	49	78	47
Routine clerical	0%	14	6	15	7
tasks	1-24%	55	39	46	25
	25-49%	23	32	23	22
	50% or more	9	23	15	46
Supervising	0%	8	5	16	12
groups of children	1-24%	43	35	42	48
cmilaten	25-49%	29	16	18	22
	50% or more	20	43	24	18
Observing (no	0%	78	67	67	61
task to do)	1-24%	19	22	27	32
	25-49%	2	11	3	3
	50% or more	1	0	3	5

Totals for elementary and secondary levels are given in Table 7, Appendix A. All aides working in Title I schools were not paid with Title I funds.



or in small groups. Classroom aides in non-Title I schools, particularly at the secondary level, spent more time than aides in Title I schools doing routine clerical tasks. Almost half of the elementary aides in non-Title I schools spent 50% or more of their time supervising groups, compared with about 20-25% of the classroom aides in the other three groups. Very few aides in any group indicated they spent part of their time observing with no tasks to do.

#### Evaluation of Training and Supervision

Auxiliary personnel had the opportunity to participate in a number of in-service courses coordinated by the Minneapolis Schools' Office of Auxiliary Personnel. Participants in these in-service courses receive credit toward advancement on a career ladder that determines aides' functions, responsibilities, and salary. In addition to in-service courses, aides receive on-the-job training from their immediate supervisor (teacher, social worker, administrator, etc.) and from coordinators in the Office of Auxiliary Personnel.

#### In-service courses

As indicated in Table 4 on page 9, about three-fourths of the aides in elementary Title I schools, about two-thirds of the aides in secondary Title I and non-Title I schools, and less than half of the aides in elementary non-Title I schools have taken one or more in-service courses since becoming an aide. Although the in-service courses were rated as useful by more than 80% of all aides, more elementary aides in Title I schools found these courses useful than did the other three groups.

Elementary and secondary aides in Title I schools who were funded by

Title I, or both Title I and the local district, gave suggestions for improving



Table 4

Evaluation of Training and Supervision by Auxiliary Personnel in Elementary and Secondary Title I and Non-Title I Schools

		E1em	entary	Seco	ndary
Question	Response	Title I Schools N=321	Non-Title I Schools N=136	Title I Schools N=134	Non-Title I Schools N=141
In-Service Courses (Minn but not college credits)		·			
How many of these in- service courses have you participated in since becoming an aide in the Minneapolis Schools?	5 or more courses 2-4 courses 1 course None Don't know	36% 27 14 19 4	11% 20 13 56 0	22% 29 12 26 9	1 7% 38 8 35 2
How useful were these in-service courses in relation to your job as an aide?	Very useful Useful Not very useful	63% 34 3	42% 42 16	46% 40 14	45% 44 10
Supervition by Immediate social worker, administr					
How often do you dis- cuss job-related sit- uations with your immediate supervisor'	Every day About 2-3 times per week Once a week	52% 26	17% 27 21	40% 29	. 43% 21 10
	Less than once a week   Never 	11 2	32	11 5	17
How useful are these discussions with immediate supervisor?	Very useful Useful Not very useful	73% 25 2	53% 43 4	70% 27 3	58% 38 4
Supervision by Office of Coordinators	Auxiliary Personnel				į
How often do you discuss job-related situations with a coordinator from the Office of Auxiliary Personnel?	Once every two weeks or more Once a month 3-6 times a year Once or twice a year Never	5% 7 11 34 44	3% 2 5 22 69	6% 10 22 33 29	1% 2 6 28 62
How useful are these discussions with co- ordinators from the Office of Auxiliary Personnel?	Very useful Useful Not very useful	35% 49 15	20% 51 29	34% 53 13	31% 47 22

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>a</sup>Totals for elementary and secondary levels are given in Table 10, Appendix A



the in-service courses. These suggestions were grouped according to similar content. The elementary aides stressed in-service courses dealing with child behavior, the Pyramid Reading Program, and the new math materials. The number in the parentheses following each suggestion category indicates the number of elementary aides who suggested a similar in-service course.

- . Pyramid Reading Program (28 aides)
- . Math and materials (25)
- . Child behavior (18)
- . Audio-visual (16)
- . Problem children and problem groups (15)
- . Art-related courses (13)
- . First aid (10)
- . How to relate to children (8)
- . How to work with slow readers (6)
- . Games (6)
- . Human relations, sensitivity (5)
- . Typing (4)
- . How to become a better aide (3)
- . Aide-teacher relations (2)
- . How to present reading materials, not just make them (2)

Secondary aides made the following suggestions for improving the inservice courses.

- . Human relations, sensitivity training (11 aides)
- . Reading-English (7)
- . Psychology courses (6)
- . Basic math courses (6)
- . Courses on social-psychological problems (5)
- . Drug education (5)
- . How to operate in classroom and relate to students (4)
- . Typing (4)
- Techniques of group work (3)
- . How to handle problem children (3)

A unified reading approach developed for use in two decentralized units of the school system, the North and the South-Central Pyramids.



- . More closely related to work (3)
- . Behavior modification (3)
- . Audio-visual (3)
- . Better scheduling (2)
- . Aide-supervisor relationships (1)
- . More courses (1)

#### Supervision in Schools

At the elementary level, 52% of the aides in the Title I schools and 17% of the aides in the non-Title I schools reported they discussed job-related situations every day with their immediate supervisor. At the secondary level, there was very little difference between Title I and non-Title I schools; about 40% in both types of schools discussed job-related situations with their immediate supervisor every day. Aides in Title I schools saw these discussions as somewhat more useful than did aides in non-Title I schools. See Table 4.

The aides gave few suggestions for improving supervision by their immediate supervisor in the school. The following responses were combined from elementary and secondary aides.

- . A definite discussion period set aside (5)
- . More time to discuss (4 aides)
- . Principal-supervisor is too busy (4)
- . Supervisors should keep aides better informed (3)
- . Supervisor needs training in how to use aide (3)
- . More clearly define responsibilities (3)
- . Supervisor believes I should only listen (1)
- . Would like to do different tasks (1)

#### Supervision by Office of Auxiliary Personnel

Aides in Title I schools, particularly at the secondary level, were more likely to discuss situations with a coordinator from the Office of Auxîliary Personnel (OAP) than were aides in non-Title I schools. About 60% of the aides



in Title I schools and about 35% of the aides in non-Title I schools said they discussed job-related situations with an OAP coordinator during the past year.

A few suggestions for improving the supervision by coordinators from the Office of Auxiliary Personnel were given by aides. Most suggestions were for more frequent and more personal contacts between aides and OAP coordinators. Several aides suggested regularly scheduled meetings. Six aides said they received a run-around when they contacted the Office of Auxiliary Personnel.

Communications from the Office of Auxiliary Personnel

The Office of Auxiliary Personnel communicated with auxiliary personnel through regular newsletters, with memoranda on special occasions, and by an aide manual called "Let's Talk About..." Eighty to ninety percent of the auxiliary personnel were aware of these communications. Almost all aides said the communications were valuable. The "Let's Talk About..." manual was perceived as being more valuable than the other two types of written communication (Table 5 on page 13).

Aide councils in the North and South Pyramids were established to improve communications with aides in all Title I schools and a few non-Title I schools within the Pyramids. The majority of the aides in Title I schools were aware of the aide councils and most aides said they were valuable (Table 5, page 13).

Educational Progress and Goals of Auxiliary Personnel

At the time they were hired as aides in the Minneapolis schools, one-fourth of the aides in Title I schools and one-tenth of the aides in non-Title I schools had not received a high school diploma nor passed the General Educational Development Test (GED). About half of the aides had a high school diploma.

A greater percentage of aides in non-Title I schools (40%) than aides in Title I schools (about 25%) had attended at least one year of college. See Table 6 on pages 14 and 15.



Table 5

Awareness and Evaluation of Communications from the Office of Auxiliary Personnel by Auxiliary Personnel in Elementary and Secondary Title I and Non-Title I Schools

		Eleme	entary	Seco	ndary
Type of Communication	Response	Title I Schools N=321	Non-Title I Schools N=136	Title I Schools N=134	Non-Title I Schools N=141
"Let's Talk About"	Aware of It?				
manual	Yes	87%	84%	93%	87%
	No	13	16	7	13
	Valuable?				
	Very Valuable	60	48	50	51
	Of Some Value	39	50	47	45
	No Value	2	3	3	3
Office of Auxiliary	Aware of It?				
Personnel Newsletters	Yes	88%	87%	91%	90%
	No	12	13	è	10
	Valuable?	1	į		Į.
	Very Valuable	28	19	25	20
	Of Some Value	67	73	65	74
	No Value	4	8	10	6
Memos from Office of	Aware of It?				
Auxiliary Personnel	Yes	88%	84%	85%	96%
	cи	12	16	15	4
	Valuable?				
	Very Valuable	47	36	45	33
	Of Some Value	48	58	47	63
	No Value	5	6	8	4
Aides' Councils	Aware of It?				
	Yes	73%	31%	64%	5%
	No	27	69	36	95
	Valuable?	į			
	Very Valuable	39	o	37	0
	Of Some Value	56	80	39	0
, i	No Value	5	20	24	100



Table 6 Educational Goals, Career Goals, and Educational Progress of Auxiliary Personnel in Elementary and Secondary Title I and Non-Title I Schools

		Eleme	entary	Secon	ndary
Question	Response	Title I Schools N=321	Non-Title I Schocls N=136	Title I Schools N=134	Non-Title   Schools   N=141
Before becoming an aide, what was your	Less than high school diploma or GED	24%	10%	23%	7%
educational level?	GED	3	3	5	1
	High school diploma	55	51	42	51
	One year of college	8	7	15	13
	2-3 years of college	6	13	10	12
	Bachelor's degree	4	13	5	14
•	M. A. degree	0	2	1	1
If you did not	Yes, GED	27%	22%	35%	15%
nave a high school diploma or GED be-	Yes, diploma	5	0	19	8
fore you became an aide, have you since	No, but I am working on GED or diploma	25	6	23	23
obtained a GED or nigh school diploma?	No, and I am not working on GED or diploma	44	72	23	54
How many college	None	45%	76%	33%	48%
credits have you earned since	1-6 credits	18	11	8	19
pecoming an aide?	7-15 credits	13	6	17	15
	16-30 credits	10	2	13	7
İ	31-45 credits	5	1	7	4
	More than 45	9	4	22	7
What is your ed- ucational goal at	No further education; O.K where I am now.	11%	21%	7%	6%
this time? i.e.  How much and what  kind of education	Get a GED or high school diploma	6	2	3	2
lo you hope to obtain in the	Take some college courses	31	17	29	25
future	Get a 2-year college degree	4	0	12	6
	Get a 4-year colle <b>g</b> e degree	10	10	. 12	13
	Get an advanced college degree	3	2	12	8
	Not sure of my plans	30	43	21	31
)	Other	5	6	3	8

nly aides who did not have diploma or GED responded to this question.

Table 6 (continued)

		Eleme	ntary	Secor	ndary
<b>Question</b>	Response	Title I Schools N=321	Non-Title I   Schools   N=136	Title I Schools N=134	Non-Title Schools N=141
How many Minneapolis	None	42%	68%	47%	57%
service credits did you take <u>this</u> school	1-3 credits	34	18	27	16
year?	4-9 credits	23	14	23	25
	10 or more credits	1	- 0	4	1
How many college	None	66%	84%	52%	71%
credits did you take this school	1-3 credits	14	5	11	6
year?	4-9 credits	16	4	15	9
	10-18 credits	3	4	8	2
	19 or more credits	2	3	15	12
What is your career goal at this time?	Continue in my pre- sent aide classifi- cation	43%	54%	31%	34%
	Seek another classi- fication as an aide	37	27	38	42
	Become a teacher or school social worker	12	8	21	10
i	Other	8	10	10	15

Many auxiliary personnel at both elementary and secondary levels, particularly those working in Title I schools, have taken additional educational training since becoming aides. About one-third of the elementary aides and half of the secondary aides in Title I schools who did not have either a high school diploma or equivalency certificate at the time they became aides have since obtained their diploma or passed the GED. A greater percentage of secondary aides (60%) than elementary aides (46%), and a greater percentages of aides in Title I schools (58%) than aides in non-Title I schools (38%) have



earned one or more college credits since becoming aides.

More than half of the aides wanted to obtain further education, one-third were not sure of their educational plans, and 10% had no intentions of furthering their education.

Aides in secondary schools had higher career goals than did aides in elementary schools. About one-third of the secondary aides, compared with half of the elementary aides, said they wanted to continue in their present aide classification. More than one-third of all auxiliary personnel said they wanted to seek another aide classification, while about 10-15% wanted to become a teacher or school social worker.

#### Summary

Based on returns from 80% of the auxiliary personnel, we have seen that the typical aide in the Minneapolis Public Schools was a white, married female who was over 36 years of age and was not the main wage earner in the household. About half of the aides spent at least part of their time working in class-rooms, usually directly with children rather than with routine clerical tasks. The majority of the aides have taken in-service courses and about half have earned college credits since becoming aides. One-fourth of the aides who did not have their high school diploma when they became aides have since obtained their diploma or equivalency certificate.

Compared with aides who worked in non-Title I schools, aides who worked in Title I schools had more experience as aides, spent more of their time in classroom settings, spent more of their time with children, attended more inservice courses, earned more college credits, and had higher educational and career goals.



# Appendix A

Responses to the Auxiliary Personnel Questionnaire by Elementary and Secondary Locations and Funding Sources



Table 7
Job Description of Auxiliary Personnel According to
Elementary and Secondary School Locations and Funding Sources

				9	EMET	NTARY				S	E C O N	DARY		
	<u>Ę</u>	Fund	Joint	Title I	Local	Local Non-	Other		Joint	Title I	Local	Local Non-	Other Federal	
Question	Response	School	Funding 7141	Title I	Title I	Title I	N35	Total N492	my punding	Title I N84	Title I	Title I N141	944	Total N321
How many houre are you	Less than 10 hours	urs	P\$ 7	75	21%	56%	3%	19%	රි	26	82	25	82	25
assigned to your pre-	11 - 19 hours		18	31	11	21	ង	50	‡1 ————————————————————————————————————	13	†Z	53	52	<b>7</b> 6
	20 hours		38	34	13	7	53	56	25	56	19	13	15	19
	21 - 30 hours		56	17	28	ะ	18	50	<b>1</b> 7	õ	13	6	7	19
	31 - 40 hours		14	14	38	†1	15	14	14	15	36	18	53	25
Mark any of the follow-	Classroom alde		79%	%7 <sub>1</sub> L	23%	%1	<b>%99</b>	57%	57%	17.4	<b>%9</b> 1	%9₹	24%	%L4
ing positions that	Social work aide	41	9	89	п	-7	11	7	59	80	7	5	39	ឌ
an aide.	Library aide		15	7	10	56	77	7,7	0	0	ឌ	13	7	80
	Resource center side	aide	9	3	80	5	9	5	59	19	1,4	27	17	83
	Lunchroom or milk aide	lk aide	84	9	01	51	£†	38	† <del>1</del>	7	टा	21	7	큓
	Supervisor in hallway	allways	35	7	33	27	O <sub>1</sub>	27	†1 1	01	33	18	4	16
	Community school side	l aide	п	5	<b>.</b> #	п	٣	5	0	<b>4</b>	5	2	6	4
18	Other		16	50	22	11	17	16	143	1 <sub>1</sub>	28	30	56	25
If you checked classroom aide in the previous question, indicate the percentage of your classroom aide time you spend on the following activities by circling the number under the percentages.	aide in the prevircentage of your pend on the follo	lous owing												
Working directly with	8		පී	8	8	86	8	1%	පී	1%	24%	£4	5%	58
children as individuals or in small groups	1 - 24%		17	2	17	22	11	15	33	2	97	93	21	50
Ь	25 - 49%		21	19	17	16	25	50	33	<b>4</b>	9	18	56	13
	50% or more		62	74	65	64	49	<del>1</del> 59	33	87	53	147	47	52
Routine clerical tasks	%0		17	13	9	9	0	ជ	0	13	30	7	11	10
	1 - 24%		51	9	53	39	98	26	0	ይ	O†	25	21	35
	25 - 49%	_	%	15	31	32	5	25	20	25	ot Ot	55	53	27
	50% or more		5	13	6	23	6	11	8	13	50	917	16	31
Supervising groups of	ජි		5	15	3	5	5	7	0	21	0	टा	15	14
	1 - 24%		51	38	32	35	29	<sub>4</sub> 3	<i>o</i>	84	52	8 <del>1</del>	31	71
	25 - 496		22	84 5	141	16	19	56	0	1.5	25	22	λ. 2	ร
Observing (no tasks to doing	50% or more		22	15	77	£3	14	23.	0	15	22	2	23	21
on on even oil with the on	0% 1 - 24% 25 - 49%		8°0 =	70 27	33	67 22 1	2,2,2	22	00 c	75   27	143 29 1.	ሜሪ የ	36	9 g ÷
	50% or more		0	m	· ·	40	0	י ר	<b>&gt;</b> 0	00	‡ ‡	n v	18,	± <b>4</b> 0
		-	-			-	-		_				_;   	



Auxiliary Personnel's Awareness and Evaluation of Communications from the Office of Auxiliary Personnel

				Iron mori	מזודכב מז ג	natitaty tersonies	Talling tal							
- C					E M E I E	NTARY				SEC	ONDA	RY		
jo		Fund	Joint	Title I	Local	Local	Other Federal		Joint	Title I	Local	Local Non-	Other Federal	
Communication	Response	School	Funding N141	Title I N108	Title I N72	Title I N136	N35	Total N492	Funding N7	Title I N84	Title I N <sup>4</sup> 3	Title I	9 <sup>1</sup> 46	Total N321
"Let's Talk About"	Aware of It?													
manual	Yes		95%	80%	80%	848	78%	86%	100%	876	869	87%	798	% ନନ୍ଦ
	No		5	80	80	91	22	77	0	9	п	13	21	ឌ
	Valuable?		_										•	
	Very Valuable		61%	63%	548	¥84	33%	55%	901	¥84	27%	51%	45.4	50%
	Of Some Value		39	35	141	22	25	143	8	64	04	<sub>4</sub> 5	74	91
	No Value		п	m	· ی	٣	0	α	0	e	е	m	a	<b>.</b> #
Office of Auxiliary	Aware of It?													
rersonner newsterners	Yes		93%	85%	82%	878	68%	864	100%	95%	18%	8	86%	806
	No		2	15	18	13	8	14	0	2	8∹	10	77	10
19	Valuable?													
	Very Valueble		32	23	29	19	9	35	8	91	† †	8	19	22
	Of Some Value		. %	72	, 29	73	81	70	8	75	δ.	47.	75	20
	No Value		8	5	10	89	10	7	80	п	9	9	9	7
Memos from Office of	Aware of It?													
vertically rerequires	Yes		85	83%	83%	848	58%	85%	80%	8,00	78%	\$	85%	806
	cN		9	17	17	16	717	15	50	п	23	4	15	10
	Valuable?							_	_				_	
	Very Valuable		58	33	∄	36	35	143	20	38	19	33	35	38
	Of Some Value		24	59	71	28	28	52	20	51	36	63	56	26
	No Value		0	80	п	9	11	9	0	11	8	4	6	9
Aides' Councils	Aware of It?													,
	Yes		869	796	698	 	17%	<b>269</b>	75%	869	52%	25	- F	51%
	No		31	21	31	··9	83	31	25	31	84	95	28	64
	Valuable?				-				·			_		
	Very Valuable		51	88	7,12	0	0	38	33	39	33	0	57	38
	Of Some Value		τ <sub>1</sub>	69	<b>ω</b> σ	S S	001	57	33	£ 22	1t0	• ရု	23 14	36 2 <b>6</b>
			-	T					**					



Educational Goals, Career Goals, and Educational Progress of Auxiliary Personnel According to Elementary and Secondary School Locations and Funding Sources

,													
				ELEMEN	NTARY				ß	ECOND	ARY		
	Fund	Joint		Local	Local Non -	Other Federal		Joint	Title I	Local	Local	Other	
Question	School Response	1 Funding	Title I N108	Title I N72		N35	Total N492	Funding N7	Title I N84	Title I	Title I	N46	Total N321
Before becoming an aide, what was your educational	Less than high school	19%	264	<b>βηε</b>	100	8	ğ	300	174	אבע	3	,	1
level?	GED		·	, w	· ~	` o	3, 0	م ر	971	ر مرار	۾ _	Ž -	14%
•	High school diploma	- -	53	, <del>⊒</del>	, 13	27	52	57	04	, 143	٦ ،	t 4	ر د در
	one year of college	ω	<b>1</b>	m	2	_ 	ω	. 0	23	i u	ί τ	ب	7.
	2-3 years of college	- 2	7	7	13	54	6	29	11	, w	2 21	٦ ۲	\$ =
	Bachelor's degree	۵	Q)	6	13	30	80	0	~	2	7.7	7 7	; 2
	M. A. degree	0	0	0	٥.	9	ч	0	н	0	н	0	}
If you did not have a	Yes, GED	19%	341	24%	22%	8	25%	%	33%	707	15%	50%	100
GED before you became	Yes, diploma		0	80	0	25	2	c	33		ω	17	91 91
an aide, have you since obtained a GED or high	No, but I am working on GED or diploma	28	70	21	9	0	21	8	000	ç		23	7
school diploma?	No, and I am not	_	_				!		3	3	-	3	ţ
20	diploms	<i>L</i> †r	8	17	72	75	20	0	13	33	54	0	28
How many college credits	None	43%	50%	41%	76%	548	548	14%	30%	43%	1,9%	50%	128
becoming an aide?	1 - 6 credits	21	21	ω	п	. 17	91	†I	80	7	. 61	6	13
	7 - 15 credits	15	ឧ	77	9	1	п	57	19		15	· ~	} <del>1</del> 1
	16 - 30 credits	£1	#	<b>4</b>	8	9	ω	0	18	<b>لا</b> /		†T	i #
	31 - 45 credits	m	. <del></del>	91	7	0	ю	0	80	· r		5	5
	More than 45	ľ	5	23	#	ជ	80	ήI	17	33	2	. 02	, <del>,</del> ;
What is your educa- tional goal at this	No further education; 0.K. where I am now	3,21	10%	11%	21%	26	13%	8	16th	134	7,	78	3
time: 1.e. How much and what kind of edu- cation do wou home to	Get a GED or high school diploma	٥	<u>ឌ</u>	m	۸	0	ᠴ	. 0	۳.	i e	<u>د</u> ر	ìc	, v
obtain in the future?	Take some college courses	36	29	27	17	17	26	09	35	91	. ?	، كر	, <i>1</i> %
	Get a 2-year college degree	<i>-</i> =	~		0	~	۲۰	S C	\ <del>1</del>	α	`~~	3 5	}
	Get a 4-year college degree	9	10	17	2	, , ,	) =	, c	: £		) :	2 u	٧
	Get an advanced college degree						, ,	· ;	7 ;	? `	· ·	<u> </u>	9
	Not sure of my nlans	35		, ;	J (	ر ا	n i	₹ "	2 i	97	ο ,	ដ	10
	Other	<u>-</u> -	<u> </u>	٦ «	t	Ç, t	#, '	0 0	50	56	31	21	25
		· -!	o .		0		را ا	5	1	~	Σ	2	5



Table y (continuea)

				E	LEMEN	TARY				ω	ECON	DARY		
	<u>  <u>E</u></u>	Fund	Joint	Title I	Local	Local	Other		Joint	Title I	[loca]	Local	Other	
Question	Response	School	Funding	Title I	Title I	Title I	Legerar.	Total	Furding	Title I	Title I	Title I	rederal	Total
How mary Minneapolis in-	None		36%	\$C.	52%	68%	%119	51%	33%	ъ́0†	<b>%</b> 29	27%	61%	57%
service credits did you take this school year?	<pre>1 - 3 credits</pre>		33	715	56	18	ή.	20	17	34	71	16	23	21
	4 - 9 credits		30	†.	50	†T	6	19	55	21	52	25	.Tr	25
	10 or more credits	[ts	н	0	п	0	٣	П	o	5	m	п	0	٥ı
How many college credits	None		849	\$69	63%	% †18	72%	71%	57%	48%	\$65	71%	712	59%
did you take this school	1 - 3 credits		15	† <sub>T</sub>	ឧ	2	9	7	#1	ឌ	2	9	11	σ
	4 - 9 credits		19	엄	3.9		9	ឧ	†T	18	7	٥	7	11
	10 - 18 credits		α	5	3	<b>.</b>	m	3	‡.	7	ż	8	6	5
	19 or more credits	Lts .		ر د	e	ĸ	13	m	0	†T	50	ฆ	27	15
What is your career goal at this time?	Continue in my pre- sent aide classifi-	re- fi-												
	cation		75°	<b>%8</b> +	34%	246	23%	454	17%	28%	38%	3/1/8	21%	30%
	Seek another classification as an aide	assi- lide	45.	31	30	27	22	34	1.9	141	28	21	44	36
21	Become a teacher or school social worker	r or		13	28	80	39	13	17	23	138	OI	01	19
	Other		ھ	œ	ω	01	9	80	0	6	13	15	23	†T

Evaluation by Auxiliary Personnel of Training and Supervision According to Elementary and Secondary School Location and Funding Sources

			,	<b>6</b>	7. E. M. E. C. E.	NTAR	<b>*</b>			07 E	AGNO	>		
				1					<u>-</u>	1			-	
		Fund	Joint	Title I	Local	Local Non-	Other Federal		Joint	TitleI	Local	Local Non-	Other	
Question	Response	School	Funding N141	Title I N108	Title I	Title I N136	N35	Total N492	Funding N7	TitleI N84	Title I N43	Title I N141	948	Total N321
In-Service Courses (Win not college credits	(Minneapolis gredits,	s, but												
How many of these in-	5 or more courses	Ses	39%	32%	34%	77	35	27%	298	27%	12%	17%	5%	18%
you participated in	2 - 4 courses		88	28	23	20	23	25	£ <del>1</del>	23	38	38	17	31
since becoming an aide in the Winneapolis	l course		15	18	9	13	<i>د</i> .	15	7,	16	5	ω	ដ	01
Schools?	None		13	50	30	56	39	30	0	23	36	35	57	34
	Don't know		#	8	7	0	0	е	†T	10	10	٥	01	7
How useful were these	Very aseful		67%	56%	849	424	%गग	58%	33%	50%	39%	%5t7	33%	71-2%
in-service courses in relation to vour fob	Useful	-0	31	39	25	7,5	50	36	2	₹.	2	71	19	77
as an aide?	Not very useful	ন	0	ıC	<b>4</b>	16	9	9	17	97	ជ	01	0	า
Supervision by Immediate Supervisor social worker, administrator, etc.	e Supervisor (te	(teacher,												
How often do you dis-	Every day		786	53%	56%	17%	50%	42%	67%	424	37%	7 t 3%	36%	41%
cuss job-related sit-		s per		. (					;	`				
immediate supervisor?	Week			65 6	٠ - °	) 5	# F	92 6	m (	6 <del>1</del>	₹ 8	22	* 7	5 5
22			0	2	0	 73	긔	-	 o	<b>=</b>	2	OT	9	£1
	Less than once	в меек	ដ	7	15	25	ង	17	<u>-</u> -	9	15	17	6	13
	Never		T	ı	9	″ <b>ງ</b>	3	3	0	5	5	6	5	9
How useful are these	Very useful		%89	16%	% <i>1.1.1</i>	53%	55%	66%	83%	71%	959	28%	55%	63%
discussions with immediate supervisor?	Useful		30	22	50	143	7.5	31	F. 1	56	30	38	143	34
	Not very useful	ונ	н	8	m	- <del>1</del>	m	W	0	Ж	5	<b>4</b>	8	m
Supervision by Office of Coordinators	f Auxiliary Personnel	sonnel												
How often do you discus	Once every two weeks or more	) weeks	64 1	)	35	38	3%	F. 1	103	6 <sup>4</sup> 7	8	1%	78	64 7
with a coordinator	Once a month		. 2	. 2	13	~:	c		. 0.	ำส	80	۵.		. 7
<pre>from the Office of Auxiliary Personnel?</pre>	3-6 times a year	ar	ผ	6	15	- 2	e	6	0	59	9	9	7	13
	Once or twice	a year	35	36	22	22	#.	30	80	31	38	28	71	58
	Never		111	43	143	69	56	52	20	25	38	62	9	84
How useful are these	Very useful		%O†	25%	%T17	20%	29%	32%	25%	32%	75% 175%	31%	27%	32%
qracustions with co- ordinations from the Office of Auxiliary	Useful Not very useful		45 15	58 17	‡ ₹1	51 29	36	149 18	0	51 71	<u>-</u>	7 <sup>†</sup>	36	49 19
Ler goune T:	_		_		_		_		<del></del>	-•	<b>¬</b>	_		



Personal Descriptive Data on Auxiliary Presonnel According to Elementary and Secondary School Locations and Funding Sources

					E W E I	Y X A T. N				တ	ECON	DAKY		
		Fund	Joint	Title I	Local	, ca ,	Cuer		Joint	I él.	Local	Local	Other	
Question	Response	School	Funding N141	ritle I N108	Title I N72	Non- Title I N136	redera. N35	Total N492	Fundir, N7	Title I N84	Title I	Non- Title I N141	Federal	Total
Ags	Under 21		3%	365	24	1%	3%	2617	80	12%	55	84	17%	88
	21-25		<b>.</b> 7	7	8	2	56	9	77	<b>†</b> T	10	97	37	. 81
	26-35		18	56	1.8	21	37	22	7,7	77.	10	9	13	10
	36-45		33	29	On:	53	1. 1.	39	14	50	32	33	50	27
	16-55		င္ပ	59	19	18	17	5⁴	<sub>4</sub> 3	25	27	34	11	28
	Over 55		5	17	13	1,	3	5	14	<del>7</del> .7	17	9	ณ	٦:
Sex	Male		84	3%	%от	84	21%	68	14%	23%	32%	13%	43%	23%
	Female		%	97	<b>%</b>	8	79	₹	98	77	88	87	23	#
Marital Status	Single		25	10%	%ET	84	14%	8%	14%	23%	क्ष	19%	39%	22%
	Married		92	47	19	87	17	77	98	69	51	69	39	63
23	Widowed		٣	<i>-</i> ‡	9	-	ю	3	0	۵	7	.#	0	<u>۳</u>
	Divorced-Separated		15	य	14	7	11	टा	0	ی	59	80	25	य
Race	White		918	81%	79%	95%	<b>%</b> †18	88%	67%	<b>3</b> 489	648	89%	624	764
	Black American		9	16	18	5	16	10	17	59	28	8	27	19
	Indian American		2	8	7	0	0	٦	0	٦.	5	п	7	m
	Spanish-surnamed		0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	5	c
	Oriental		0	-1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	Other		1	0	1	0	0	0	17	٦ .	0	н		۵
Main wage earner	Yes		27%	23%	35%	10%	38%	23%	14%	33%	55%	23%	72%	37%
in the nonsenorat	No		73	77	65	8	29	77	98	19	45	77	28	63
Received public assistance (AFDC,	S <b>9</b> 2		16%	791	% तथ	5%	25	13%	8	£.	23%	8%	<b>%</b> 42	11%
becoming an	No		<del>1</del> 8	776	92	95	、 ま	87	100	35	78	91	92	87
Receiving public assistance (AFDC,	Yes		16%	15%	74	ح کم	85	11%	Ť	1,8	15%.	7%	20%	જિ
present time	CN		97.j.	, a	ð.	ĭ	91	Ĉ.	100	7	R5	93	90	84



# Appendix B

The Auxiliary Personnel Questionnaire



# Minneapolis Public Schools Auxiliary Personnel Questionnaire

(1 - 7)						(22)	Before b	ecoming an aide, what was your educational
(8)				worked as lis Schools?	,			Less than high school diploma or GED
	Year	A	_				2.	GED
		_					3.	High school diploma
(9)	How many your pres			assigned to ach week?				One year of college
	1.	Less the	an 10 h	ours				2-3 years of college Bachelor's degree
	2.	11 - 19	hours					
	3.	20 hour	6					M. A. degree
		21 - 30			ĺ	(23)	before y	id not have a high school diploma or GED ou became an aide, have you since obtained
	5.	31 - 40	hours				a GED or	high school diploma?
							1.	Yes, GED
				ng positions	•		2.	Yes, diploma
		·	_	as an aide.			3.	No, but I am working on GED or diploma
(10)	cı	as sroom	aide		j		4.	No, and I am not working on GED or diploma
(11)	So	cial wo	rk aide			(24)	How many	college credits have you earned since
(12)	Li	brary a	ide			(= , ,	becoming credits)	an aide? (do not count local training
(13)	Re	source	center	aide	1		1.	None
(14)	Lu	nchroom	or mil	k aide				1 - 6 credits
(15)		perviso laygrou		llways or				7 - 15 credits
(16)	Co	mmunity	gchool	aide	ľ		4.	16 - 30 credits
	_		BCHOOL	<b>61</b> 40				31 - 45 credits
(17)	Ot	her						
				m aide in th cate the per		(25)		More than 45
	centage o	of your classroom aide time d on the following activities ing the number under the per-					i.e. How	you' educational goal at this time?  much and what kind of education do you obtain in the future?
	centages.			_			1.	No further education; O.K. where I am now.
		<u>0% 1</u>	- 24%	<u> 25 - 49%</u>	50% or More		2.	Get a GED or high school diploma
-	directly						3.	Take some college courses
individu in small		1	2	3	1,		4.	Get a 2-year college degree
	clerical	_	_	•			5.	Get a 4-year college degree
tasks	Clerical	1	2	3	14		6.	Get an advanced college degree
Supervis	ing groups	1	2	3	1,		7.	Not sure of my plans
		•	2	3	7		8.	Other
Observin tasks t		1	2	3	4	(26)		your career goal at this time?
					ļ		1.	Continue in my present aide classification.
					ļ			Seek another classification as an aide.
May 197	5	Resear	ch and	Evaluation I	Department			Become a teacher or school social worker.



(18)

(19)

(20)

(21)

\_\_\_\_4. Other\_

Three types of training other than college credit courses are listed below. For each type, indicate the extent of your participation since you began working as an aide in the Mir eapolis Public Schools.

	In-Servi	ce Courses (Minneapolis credits, but not coll	ege cre	dits)			
	particip Minneapo 1. 2. 3. 4.	Don't know		How useful were these in-service courses in relation to your job as an aide?			
	Supervis	ion by Immediate Supervisor (teacher, social w	orker,	administrator, etc.)			
	How oft	en do you discuss job-related situations ur immediate supervisor?		How useful are these discussions with immediat supervisor?			
	1.	Every day		l. Very useful			
	2.	About 2-3 times per week		2. Useful			
	3.	Once a week		3. Not very useful			
	<u> </u> 4 .	Less than once a week					
	5	Never					
				rvision by immediate supervisor?			
	Supervis	ion by Minneapolis Schools' Office of Auxiliar	y Perso	nnel Coordinators			
(29)		en do you discuss job-related situations coordinator from the Office of Auxiliary el?	(32)	How useful are these discussions with coordinators from the Office of Auxiliary Personnel?			
	1.	Once every two weeks or more		l. Very useful			
	2.	Once a month		2. Useful			
	3.	3-6 times a year		3. Not very useful			
	4.	Once or twice a year					
	5.	Never					
		Any comments about or suggestions for improvi	ng supe	rvision by coordinators from the Office of			
			_				



For the following types of communications, first indicate whether or not you are aware of their existence by circling the correct number. If you are aware of them, indicate the value of each type of communication.

	_							
Type of Communication		Aware of	1t?		Very Very Valuable	y Valuable: Of Some	No Value	
"Let's Talk About" manual	(38)		2	(45)	1	2	3	
Office of Auxiliary Personnel Newsletters	(39)		2	(46)		2	3	
Memos from Office of Auxiliary Personnel	(40)		2	(47)		2	3	
Aides' Councils (only answer if you work	1	-	_	{ ```	_	_	J	
in North or South-Central Pyramids)	(41)	1	2	(48)	1	2	3	
(33) Are you a former New Careerist?	(42)	Number of depmore than 9, space).		(49)	public as	receiving assistance asime? (AFDC	the	
2. No					1.	Yes		
(34) What is your age?  l. Under 21	(43)	What is your (optional)	r6.ce?		2.	Мо		
2. 21-25		1. White	;	(50)		Minneapoli. redits did		
3. 26-35		?. Black	•		1.			
4. 36-45		3. India	n			1 - 3 cred:	its	
5. 46-55		4. Spani	sh-surnamed			4 - 9 cred:		
6. Over 55		5. Orien	tal .		4. 10 or more credits			
(35) What is your sex?		6. Other			······································	10 or more	Credits	
l. Male			٨	(51)		college cre		
2. Female	(44)	Before becomin			·	this school	. year:	
(36) Marital status?		public assista		1.				
l. Single		etc.)				1 - 3 credi		
2. Married		1. Yes			3.	4 - 9 credi	ts	
3. Widowed		2. No			<del></del> 4.	10 - 18 cre	dits	
4. Divorced-separated					5.	19 or more	credits	
(37) Are you the main wage earner in your household?		What in-servic year?	e courses wou	lđ you	like to se	e offered r	next	
1. Yes							_	
2. No		<del></del>					_	
				_			_	
				_			_	

