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TITLE Fresno Bilingual-Bicultural Title VII Proposal.
Content Analysis Schedule for Bilingual Education

Programs.

INSTITUTION City Univ. of New York, N.Y. Hunter Coll. Bilingual

Education Applied Research Unit.

SPONS AGENCY Office of Education (DHEW), Washington, D.C. Div. of

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Americans; Program Costs; Self Esteem;

Sociolinguistics; *Spanish; Student Grouping;

Tutoring

IDENTIFIERS California: Fresno: *Project BEST

ABSTRACT

This content analysis schedule for the Bilingual-Bicultural Title VII Proposal of Fresno, California, presents information on the history, funding, and scope of the project in its second year. Included are sociolinguistic process variables such as the native and dominant languages of students and their interaction. Information is provided on staff selection and the linguistic background of project teachers. An assessment is made of the duration and extent of the bilingual component, and the methods of second language teaching in general. Included is an analysis of materials, student grouping, tutoring, curriculum patterns, and cognitive development. The report also discusses self-esteem, learning strategies, the bicultural and community components, and means of evaluation. This schedule has been verified by the project. (SK)

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PROJECT BEST

Bilingual Education Applied Research Unit
N.Y.C. Bilingual Consortium
Hunter College Division

695 Park Avenue N.Y., N.Y. 10021

Project#283 FRESNO, Calif.

Verified By PROJECT

CHECK (DOCUMENTS READ FOR CONTENT ANALYSIS SCHEDULE

	Initial Proposal	•
	2nd Year Continuation	
-	3rd Year Continuation	(on separate C.A.S.)

Give Dates and Note if Evaluation is included in continuation.

	<u>lst year</u>	2nd year	3rd year
Evaluation design			
Interim evaluation			
Final evaluation	* *- *- *- *- *- *- *- *- *- *- *- *- *-		
Pre-audit		_	
Interim audit			
Final audit			

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bilingual education applied research unit
     project b.e.s.t.
                                                            0.1 Project No. 287
     n.y.c. consortium on bilingual education
     CONTENT ANALYSIS SCHEDULE
           FOR BILINGUAL EDUCATION P.OG. ANS
     Research Assistant Ludanyi / Hess/Shore
                                                            Date 5/14/71
 0.2 Name of Project Bilingual-Bicultural Title VI Proposal
 0.3 Address of Project Eresno City Unified School District
                   0.4 2348 Mariposa Street
Fresno, Calif. 93721
         STATE
    .05
                                                                      0.5 3
         1-Alaska
                          11-Louisiana
                                           21-01:1ahoma
         2-Arizona
                          12-ilaine
                                           22-Oregon
        3-California
                         13-liassachusetts
                                           23-Pennsylvania
        4-Colorado
                         14-liichigan
        5-Connecticut
                                           24-Inode Island
                         15-Montana
        6-Florida
                                           25-Texas
                         16-New Hampshire
        7-Guara
                                           26-Utah
                         17-New Jersey
        8-Idaho
                                           27-Vermont
                         18-New Hexico
        9-Illinois
                                           28-ilashington
                         19-New York
        10-Indiana
                                          29-Wisconsin
                         20-0hio
                                          30-Other (specify)
1.0 PROJECT HISTORY, FUNDING AND SCOPE
  1.1 Year Project began under Title VII:
                       (97 - 1969
       Project
                         07 - 1970
       No.
                        17 - 1971
2.0 FUNDING (liark all that apply)
  2.1 Pany P. IC. funding of EILINGUAL program, if Title
        VII continues or expands that program
      0-no prior funding mentioned
 2.2 Year prior funding began
                                                                    2.2 67
 2.3 Prior bilingual program involved:
                                                                    2.3 1,2
     2-lementary students (grades 1-6)
      3-secondary students (grades 7-12)
     0-not specified
2.4 Source of prior bilingual program funding:
                      4-university
     2-state
                    Gederal (specify) Title I: Migrant Ed. 6-other (specify) (see back of page)/c
     3-foundation
2.5 (1-CONCURRENT funding of program(s), if cooperating
      with Title VII program
                                                                   2.5
    0-no concurrent funding mentioned
   Concurrent program cooperating with Title VII involves: 1 early childhood (pre K + K)
```

0.3 Add	ress of Project	Fresho City U	nitled School Distri	cT
		2348 Maria	•	
.05	STATE	Fresno, Calif.	93721	0.5 3
•	1-Alaska 2-Arizona 3-California 4-Colorado 5-Connecticut 6-Florida 7-Guam 8-Idaho 9+Illinois 10-Indiana	11-Louisiara 12-Maine 13-Massachusetts 14-Michigan 15-Montana 16-New Hampshire 17-New Jersey 18-New Mexico 19-New York 20-Ohio	24-Indé Island 25-Texas	٠
	NOJECT HISTORY, F Year Project beg see Project No.	UNDING AND SCOPE an under Title VII: 97 - 1969 07 - 1970 17 - 1971		1.1 97
2.0 FU 2.1	INDING (Hark all Any P.102 fun VII continues O-no prior fund	ding of EILINGUAL proor expands that pro	rogram, if Title ogram	2.1
2.2	Year prior fund	ing began _		2.2 167
. 2.3	1 early childho 2 elementary st	udents (grades 1-6) dents (grades 7-12)	2.3 1,2
2.4	1-local	bilingual program : 4-university 5-federal (specify) 6-other (specify)	funding: 7) Title I - Migrant Ed (see ba	2.4.5
2.5	with Title VI.	nding of program(s) I program funding mentioned	, if cooperating	2.5
2.6	2-elementary stu	ram cooperating with od (Pre K + K) idents (grades 1-6) dents (grades 7-12)	n Title VII involves:	2.6
2.7	1)local 2-state	frent funding, if co 4-federal (specify) 5-other (specify) 5-found film number		2.7
2.8	Total Title VII	grant (first year o	nly)	2.8 180,805
2.9	Total funds for Title VII (Siret	concurrent program(s) cooperating with	2.9 (60,039
_ :	If a UNIVESITY ispecify which:none	s working with the	Title VII program,	3.0 <u> </u>

- 2.4. 2. Compensatory Preschool Program an FSEA, TACT and AB 1331 Spous pr
 - 3- Operation Fair chance with Fresno St. College
 - 4- Operation 200 Reading Improvement Prog. for Bilingual students
 - 5. Latin-American History taught in Spanish to 5th and 6th grade students
 - 6- Spanish for the Spanish speaking 1969-70

```
page 2
4.0 SCOPE of PROJECT
     4.1 Numbers of schools involved in Title VII program:
                       4-four
                                 0-not specified
         2-tvo
                       5-five
         3-three
                       6-other
                                                                 4.2 A
B
C
     4.2 Total number of students in program A. First year
                                           D.Second year
                                           C. Third year
     4.3 Grade level of students in program; number of classes per
        grade and total number of students by grouped grade levels
         (by second year)
                                                        Number of 4.3 PSK 63
                     Number of
         Grade
                     Classes
                                                        Classes
                                              Grade
        PS-PreSchool

Kndgtn

2
                                             7-grade 7
        (I)Kndgtn
                                             8-grade 8
        PSK 65 TOTAL NO. students PS and K 9-grade >
                                              B TOTAL students gr. 7-9
        1 grade 1
                                             10-grade 10
       2-grade 2
                                             11-grade 11
                                            12-grade 12
        3-grade 3
        4-grade 4
                                             C ____TOTAL students gr. 10-12
        5-grade 5
        6-grade 6
        A . 114 TOTAL students gr. 1-6
    4.4 1-All classes graded
        2-All classes ungraded
        3-Some classes ungraded
        If ungraded, specify ages or grades grouped together:___
5.0 P. OCESS VALIABLES - STUDENTS (Sociolinguistic)
    5.1 Students Dominant and Native language interaction and
        cultural affiliation (Indicate number of students in each
        category and specify cultural affiliation in box)
        (Circle any information which is inferred and write INF.)
                  Non-English Dominant . English Dominant 5.0
1. Total
                 I . N-E Dom - NEIT
                                       II.E-Dom - .Eif
  Non-English
                                                            NE don: I
  Mother Tongue
                                                            N-EIT
                           11<sub>2</sub> E-Dom - F.IT E dom 11<sub>1</sub> MS
2. Total
  English
  liother-Tongue
                                                            Don II2
                 I Total Mon-English II Total English Total E-Dom 62 36
Dominant: 114 Dominant: 62 II= II_+ II_2
         Information from continuation chart:
         However, the Spanish-dominant children were
```

inferred from Spanish-surnames and actually were not Spanish dominant in most cases. See attacked

grade and total number of students by grouped grade levels (by second year) Number of 4.3 PSK 63 Grade Number of Classes Classes Grade PS-PreSchool
N Kndgtn 7-grade 7 (K)Kndgtn 8-grade 8 PSK 65 TOTAL NC. students PS and K 9-grade y B TCTAL students gr. 7-9 ①grade 1 10-grade 10 2-grade 2 11-grade 11 3-grade 3 12-grade 12 12-grade 12 C TOTAL students gr. 10-12 4-grade 4 5-grade 5 6-grade 6 A . 114 TOTAL students gr. 1-6 4.4 4.4 1-All classes graded 2-All classes ungraded 3-Some classes ungraded If ungraded, specify ages or grades grouped together: 5.0 P DCESS VALIABLES - STUDENTS (Sociolinguistic) 5.1 Students Dominant and Native language interaction and cultural affiliation (Indicate number of students in each category and specify cultural affiliation in box) (Circle any information which is inferred and write INF.) Mon-English Dominant - Anglish Dominant 5.0 1. Total I N-E Dom - NEIT | II E-Dom - NEIT NE don I Non-English Mother Tongue II₂ E-Dom - EAT E don II₁ NS 2. Total English liother-Tongue D-Don II₂ I Total Hon-English II Total English Total E-Dom 62 36
Dominant: //4 Dominant: 62 II= II + II2 Information from continuation chart: However, the Spanish-dominant children were inferred from Spanish-surnames and actually were not Spanish dominant in most cases. See attached ion-English Dominant : كينيا: English Dominant N-E Dom N-EAT E-Dom H-EIT Non-English Example: a native Spanish speaker Example a native Spanish Lother Tongue who uses Spanish in most contacts speaker who uses Spanish only in though he may lrow English familiar contacts, and English in all others school, work. N-D Dom - AT $Pom = ZI \cdot \cdot \cdot$ English Example: (rare) a native inglish Draples: I)a native E.speaking Nother Tongue speaking Puerto Lican child, acculturated American who may born in New Tork who returns or the not know a second lang. to Pulrto ico and becomes 2)a native E. speaking Spanish dominant Hexican-American child who has a minimal receptive !mowledge of Spanish, but has a Latin culture affiliation

Pirst Year Difficulties

There have been some difficulties in the first year's operation due in part to the following factors: (See "Modifications of Program as Originally Approved" for projected solutions to some of these difficulties.)

The student population: The curriculum furnished the District by CITE was developed originally for students fluent in a language other than English with concommitant difficulties in the basic use of the English with concommitant difficulties in the basic use of the English with approximately 65 percent students of Spanish surname, would be more fluent in Spanish. After teaching these students during the opening orientation period the teacher stated that a relatively small manyor the students in the bilingual program even understand Spanish unlike many of those in some of the other schools in the area. Therefore the somewhat lengthy orientation period in Spanish planned by CITE caused

somewhat lengthy orientation period in Spanish planned by Consequence of adjustment. We do know, however, that these children tend to score appreciably lower in the District testing program than their Anglo counterparts in other schools. We therefore assume that their knowledge of English is, like their Spanish, less than it should be. The period of orientation in Spanish language will be drawn scally shortened in the coming year.

Delivery of materials: Since the orientation period reserving description of the materials used for orientation were not needed at Windhell and this strained the production department of the causing delivery of the later strand materials to arrive at the econent of, or sentings even after, their being needed for the classrings.

Indigenous Americans:	Number	Per Cent of	if inferred,
A1 Navajo	•	Total Students	check ()
A2 Cherokee	A1	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	.,
A3 Other (specify)	A2	·	
A TOTAL No. of American In	A3		
		مر ي	A P and make a
Americans of other ethnic	backgrounds:		
B1 ilexican-American	B1.]] 4	645	(Spanish - surname)
B2 Puerto-dican	B2		·····
B3 Cuban	В3	/ ⁰	Surname
B4 Other Spanish-American	******	• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •	
(specify)	B4:	<u>(</u>	
B TOTAL No. of Spanish-	В	,	
speaking Americans		* * * * * * * *	••••••••••••••••••••••••••••••••••••••
C Portuguese-American	0		·
D Franco-American	<u> </u>	5%	
" Chinese-American	ມ ກໍ		
G Eskimo	G		
H Russian	й	د کر کر	
J Other	J	· · · · · · · · ›	* *** * * * *
T mcmax	* * * * * * * .	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	
I TOTAL number of N-EIT targ	get		
students	114	.64.,50	
		· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	(n en
3 Ethnic identity of English population, if specified.	Mother tongue es	tudonta ether u	
population, if specified,	by number and per	r cent.	target
21 Anglo	E1 62	. 36 %	
4			
E2	E2 .	d.	
*** * * * *** * * * * * * * * * * * * *	* * ** ***	····	* ~ ~
II TOTAL number of AIT studen	te	. 	*~~
*** * * * *** * * * * * * * * * * * * *	te		*****
II TOTAL number of EMT studen	te		*****
II TOTAL number of MIT studen other than target population	ts on 62	,	*
II TOTAL number of ENT studen other than target population 4 Students' native language of	ts 62	,	**************************************
II TOTAL number of MIT studen other than target population 4 Students' native language of from their dominant language.	or mother tongue	,	5.4
II TOTAL number of MIT studen other than target population 4 Students' native language of from their dominant language [Dominant language]	or mother tongue ge.	if DIFFE. THT	5.4
II TOTAL number of MIT studen other than target population 4 Students' native language of from their dominant language [Dominant language]	or mother tongue ge. specify)	if DIFFE ENT	5.4 Per Cent
II TOTAL number of MIT studen other than target population 4 Students' native language of from their dominant language Dominant language	or mother tongue ge. specify) ifferent Mative	,	Per Cent

B1 Hexican-American		11.4.	64	e' 12		(Span sur	ish-
B2 Puerto-lican	B2.			دير ـ		Sur	namej,
B3 Cuban B4 Other Spanish-Amer	ıcan	• • • • • •			» - • » · ·		
(specify)	$\mathbb{B}\mathcal{L}_{\mathbb{C}}$,. 	*		
B TOTAL No. of Spanis	sn- B			. \tilde{L}^{5}			
speaking Americans		•					
O Donatorina to transfer							
C Portuguese-American	n			. %			
D Franco-American F Chinese-American	μ		, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,	د کری			
	ř			ر کر ا			
G Eskimo	<u>.</u>			,			
H Russian J Other	<u>.</u>				* * * * * * * *		
a other	J			, 55	,		
I TOTAL number of N-EK students	I target	114	64	15	i name o V		
5.3 Ethnic identity of E	nglish mother	r tongue	students	other tl	an target	;	
population, if specif	fied, by numb	ber and p	er cent.				
21 Anglo		63	36	<i>ي</i> ر			
E2	. £2.						
II TOTAL number of 17 m							
II TOTAL number of MIT so other than target pop	oulation	62	3.6	5,5%			
5.4 Students' native lang from their dominant : Dominant language 1-English 2-Spanish	language. (spect Differe	ont llativ	⁄e Langua <u>∕</u>	Ze Hunbe	5.4 Per Per	Cent	•
See previous			• • • • • •			* * *	
5.5 Students' Dominant La	•		Bilingua	alism			
Dominant language of students in progra	! Humber o m Studer ts	of Monoli		aber of s		ilingual	
Number		Ho.	S not			speaking	
	spec.		, 5¦)€ !	rqmos .s.	ehension	lio. %	
				110 •	Įυ	1:0. 10	
E <u>62</u> English 36							
A American Indian	·	***	ب				
Al llavajo	*** ** :	• . • •					
A2 Cherokee	Tau water i	* • • •		•	. %. 9		
A3 Keresan	****						
Other (spec.)	· ·	• • •					
B My Spanish 6	u	• • • •		·	• 4, •		
C Pontume	T	• • • •	مبها. إ				
D Example	1	• • *					
F Chinago	• • •	· - ·	!	·			
G Felcimo				. •			
H ussian	,		• • • • • •	·	• • •		
J Other (spec.)		• • • •		• ••			

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,				page 4
5.6	ecruitment of			5.5 3 -
	0 - not specif			
	7 - Anglish No	other Tongue an	d Non English Nother Tongue	see attached
	Students a	ire recuired to	Darticipate in the bilinguel	program Yerby
	z only weili	are recurred	to take program BIT's partic	ipation
	TS VOTUNUS	irv ·		
	4 - Students s	ind .:-Mil parti selected accord	cipation is voluntary Pareing to some criteria of project	ntal approvat
5 7	Proposition of T		ring to bome direction of project	Language)
7.1	•		be all and the second that a contract of	5.7 /00/
	n.s. not specif	led on the char	rt .	70
5.8	Community Charac	eteristics (mon	Se #77 #1 - 1	. 2
,,,	(% if more than	one category.	ally that apply) indicate percent for each)	5.8 <u>2</u>
	inner city	mchatta bannia	d	
	2 major city	-Sue occ. parrio		
	3 - small city	tom or culus	%	
	4 - iural, far	n		
	5 other (spe	cify)	10	
	5 " other (spe reservatio	n ,		
5.9	A. Socio-economi	c status of war	MT participating students	5 C A 60 D
	(Thattate Spe	Cliic Dercent c	of Tour SEG)	5.9 A. 60 6/0
	b. Average family	y income, if me	entioned	D. n.s.
	n.s not speci	fied		p. 1113.
£ 10	g :		•	•
5.10	Socio-economomic	c status of Hill	participating students	5.10 n.s.
	(*TRETCH OF PURCT)	lic percent of	low SES on the blank)	ne e dane Caias,
	near - not abbition	cable (no EII)		
	00 - not specif	ried		
5.11	Proportion of mi	icmont atuanit		· • •
,,,,	Proportion of mi (Indicate specif	rgrant students	in project	5.11 3 67
	n.s not specif	ried bercent)		70
		. 204		
6.0 SOC	IOLINGUISTIC SUCA	Tex 📑		
		-		
6.1	Project states th	at a socioling	uistic survey:	5.1 I
	·	1 for	II for	II
		N-III group	II group	**
	1 was made		0	
	2 will be made		************	
	0 not mentioned	*****	• • • • • •	
				•
6.2	lf a sociolinguis	tic survey was	or will be made,	6.2 I 2
	mark arr groups	included:		II
		I N-ENT	ll and	
	1 parents	*****	* * * * * *	
	2 children	٠.٠٠.		
	3 teachers	· · · · ·	· · · · · ·	
	4 community	81 27 (22 - 22 - 22 - 22 - 22 - 22 - 22 - 2	eme administrator p	
	5 others	· Profile Market	distinguisher to make	•
	(specify)		•	
627				

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1 - 2 - 3 -	inner city major city	-ghetto,barrio , town or subu m	%	cent for each)	5.8 <u>2</u>	
(f B. Ar	ocio-economi indicate spe	c status of well cific percent of income, if he	of low SES)	ting students	5.9 A. <u>60</u> 2. m : S	200
(ind	dicate speci	c status of AT fic percent of cable (no ATT) fied	Participati: low SES on th	ng students ne blank)	5.10 _ ^	.
(Ind		igrant students fic percent) fied	e in project		,5.11 3 6	Z .
6.0 SOCIOLII	GUISTIC SUD	VEY				
6.1 Proje	ect states t	hat a socioling I for N-III group	II for		5.1 I <u>1</u>	Section 1
2 wi	as made ill be made ot mentioned					
	sociolingui: all groups	stic survey was included: I N-ENT	or will be n	nade,	6.2 I 2	•••
2 c: 3 te 4 co	arents mildren eachers framity thers (specify)	A second second		7		
vill thro	. be determin ough various	ned by the exitence means of commit	ent each langumication.	age is used in	children, C tean different domai	ns
-	USI	e non-english i	AMG.	use miglish	B	· · · · ·
DOMAINS: 1 Home 2 Church 3 School 4 Work: 5 Socializi 6 Heighborh 7 film-TV-r 8 Magazines 9 Others	ng ood adic					
(specify	•)	• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •	•••			

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GUESTION 5.6

EVALUATION DESIGN

Selection of the Participants

The kindergarten children were selected for per ipation in this project on the basis of the following:

- 1. Preliminary identification based on low socio-economic Stuties, school-community liaison contacts, and preschool class records.
- 2. Pupil screening at kindergarten registration.
- 3. Parent contacts at kindergarten registration.
- 4. Parent requests for placement in the program.

There were no specific criteria for the absolute acceptance or rejection of pupils other than living in the attendance area of the Winchell. School.

In the first grade the pupils who had been participants the previous year were continued in the program. Some children who were not participants the year before were entered into the first grade class in order to bring the class up to acceptable enrollment levels. This procedure compensated for those pupils who did not return after the summer vacation. The number of first grade pupils who were not participants in the kindergarten last year was only four.

Selection of the Comparison Groups

For each of the grades included in the project this year, a single comparison group was selected from the districts included in all three of the Title VII projects in Fresno County. The purpose of this procedure was to alleviate the problems of matching single comparison classrooms with the participating classrooms. In the next chapter the appropriateness of the comparison groups will be discussed.

Kindergarten comparison group. The kindergarten comparison group was composed composed of the pupils who were pre- and posttested in two rooms at the Winchell Machael School of Fresno City Unified School District, one room in the Address School of the Sanger Unified School District, and one room in



6.4	If not included in survey, how was student's language dominance 6 determined? I II 1-inferred by use of surname 2-established by formal testing of students 2-accounted by informal manage (specify how)	5 . .4 I <u>2</u> II <u>2</u>
6.5	3-assessed by informal means (specify how) 4-not mentioned how language dominance was determined Sociolinguistic Survey includes: (check all that apply) An analysis to determine if an interlanguage exists in the community, (e.g., a mixture of two languages which serves as a single system of communication for a group of people). 1-yes 0-no	6.5 <u>0</u>
6.6	M-EAT parents' attitudes toward maintenance of child's N-EAT in particular domains of use or complete shift to English 1-yes 0-no	6.6 1
6.7	EIT parents' attitudes toward their children's learning of the N-EIT language 1-yes 0-no	6.7
6.8	Children's own attitudes regarding the second language they are learning and the speakers of that language 1-yes 0-no	6.8 0
6.9	If not included in survey how were parental and/or community attitudes toward N-HiT maintenance determined? 1-will not be assessed 2-will be assessed, method not specified 3-has been or will be assessed by method other than sociolinguistic survey (specify how)	6.9. 3
6.10	1-After sociolinguistic survey is made, how does it influence program? (specify) (e.g. transfer or maintenance instructional	6.10 <u>n.s</u> .

program? (specify) (e.g. transfer or maintenance instructional programs) 0-not mentioned

7.0 STAFF SELECTION

7.1 Linguistic background of project teachers, by number in each category: (indicate non-English language in each box)

Language dominance not specified liother tongue not specified

(if any information is not specified, cross out that

	a group of people). 1-yes	ior
·	0-no	
	socialinguistic survey includes its a covering:	
6.6	N-ENT parents' attitudes toward maintenance of c N-ENT in particular domains of use or complete s to English 1-yes O-no	child's 6.6 l
6.7	EIT parents' attitudes toward their children's l of the N-EIT language 1-yes. O-no	earning 6.7
6.8	Children's own attitudes regarding the second la they are learning and the speakers of that langu 1-yes 0-no	
6.9	If not included in survey how were parental and/community attitudes toward N-H/T maintenance determined? 1-will not be assessed 2-will be assessed, method not specified 3-has been or will be assessed by method other to sociolinguistic survey (specify how)	han
	1-After sociolinguistic survey is made, how does i program? (specify) (e.g. transfer or maintenance programs) 0-not mentioned FF SELECTION	t influence 6.10 N.S. instructional
7.1 L	inguistic background of project teachers, by number indicate non-English language in each box)	r in each category:
1.2	Language dominance not specified Nother tongue not specified not specified whether monolingual or bilingual	(if any information is not specified, cross out that heading and complete the rest of the chart)
1	H E Dom. NEMT I E Dom EMT N= I E Dom EMT N= N= N= I N= N	7.1 I A No. % I B II A III B III ₁ A III ₁ B
·	A Total Number B Total Number Bilingual Company Bilingual Bilingual	A O 100 N 6
	Total Number of Teachers	(75-10090
	N	preferably of Mex-Ame
	•	preferably of Mex-Ame origin.p21,22 C.6) See Kekox 5a, b
		See Kekox 5a, b

Language, ESL, and Bilingual Programs for the district. Working on the school site under the school principal as half-time teacher and resource person for the project will be a full-time resource teacher. In the school there will be a head teacher as half-time teacher and community liaison person. The three full-time teachers will be native Spanish, speakers and/or bilingual. Each of the classes will have one full-time bilingual aide specifically trained for the bilingual project. These aides will attend pre-service and inservice training sessions throughout the year. Working full-time with the project will be a total of five teachers, one of whose salary will be paid by the project, and five bilingual aides to be paid by project funds. (See X, Budget Requirements, for details.)

The following is a list of those who will be most closely involved with the project:

- 1. Mr. Wallace M. Hallberg, Administrator of Curriculum Services for the LEA. His will be the overall responsibility for the project.
- 2. Mr. Harry C. Allison, Foreign Language Coordinator for the District for $5\frac{1}{2}$ years, has recently assumed the responsibility for implementing and supervising ESL-bilingual education for the LEA.
- ing in developing budgets for the project and in helping to determine in what ways other programs and supportive personnel may assist in achieving the objectives of the project.
 - 1. Mr. Pedro Figueroa, Resource teacher and head of migrant education for the district, is serving as materials and inservice consultant to the project as well as liaison person for the Citizens Advisory Group.

- 5. Mrs. Mary Louise Rieber has been a district master teacher for 10 years in elementary, junior and senior high school. She will be the on-the-site bilingual instruction resource teacher and part-time classroom teacher.
- 6. Mr. William Hansen, principal of target school, formed a part of the Task Force team which visited bilingual programs in Florida and Southern Texas. He will be responsible for target school parental involvement and will aid actively in explaining the bilingual project to the immediate community and to the Administrative staff and will encourage participation by school staff members not directly involved in the project.
- 7. Mr. Larry García, head teacher, will be a half-time teacher in the project and will act as community liaison with the direct responsibility of involving the parents—both mothers and fathers—in their children's education.
- 8. Mrs. Evelynne Walker, Coordinator of In-service Training in Compensatory Education, will assist with developing and implementing the LEA's portion of the in-service program in such ways as obtaining in-service consultants, planning and scheduling workshops, and securing release of teachers.
- 9. Three classroom teachers for the kindergarten and first grades to be selected. They must hold regular teaching credential and must be bilingual, preferably of Mexican-American origin.
- 10. Five classroom aides, one for each of the self-contained classrooms and two in the class of the resource teacher. Must be bilingual, native speakers of Spanish selected from the community, preferably with at least one year of college, and willing to attend all inservice classes. May be male or female.

7.2 Linguistic backgr	ound of project aids	es or paraprofes	sionals, by r	umber:
(indicate non-Eng.	lish language in eac	ch box)		
	inance not specified	ì		rmation is not cross out that
2. Whother tongue	e not specified d whether monolingue	al or hilingual		d complete the
3Not specifie	whether monoringue	11 01 01111116	rest of the	chart)
	A Monolingual	B Bilingual		•
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IV-EAT	•	;	A II	
II E Dom			II B	
EMT		:	II.A II'B	
II E Dom			11 15	Δ
1 N-EAT	•	:		B 6 700
<u>.</u>		i		N <u>4</u>
		N Total Number	•	•
· · ·	B Total Number	of aides or	onal a	
Monolingual	Bilingual	paraprofessi	IOHALS	
,			-	7
7.3 Language(s) used		n toachers:		7.3 ×
(Mark all that ap	ply)			
1-Bilingual teach	ers teach in only or	ne language		
4 - D:7:	7	h du amler ama la	maina tasah	in their
la-bilingua dominant	l teachers who teach language, whether	n in only one is that is their no	inguage ceach stive or seco	nd language.
dominion	Tanguage, whe oner	ong o 15 one 1 12		
	l teachers who teach	h in only one la	anguage teach	in their
native 1	anguage:	41- 41]
. 10	-only if native land -even if native land	guage is also the	neir dominant eir dominant	language
	0-not specified	guage is not un	sii dominano	Im Page
6	-			*
	ers teach in both the		second la	г,
regardless of wh	ich is their <u>domina</u>	nt language.		
0-language(s)used	by teachers not spe	ecified		
	,			
7.4 Language(s) used	by bilingual program	n cides or para	<u>orticasionals</u>	^ 7.4
(liark all that ap	bTA)			
1-Bilingual aides	instruct in only of	ne language		
1a-Bilingual ai	des who instruct in	only one langua		•
their domina	nt language, whether who instruct in on	r or not it is	their native	language.
	s who instruct in on .ve language is also			martae rang.:
	ve language is not			
1-0 not specifi				•

2-Bilingual aides instruct in both their native and second language, regardless of which is their dominant language.

14-1311			II A	
II E Dom FNT		1	TI B	
			iii ⁿ	
II E Dom N-EIT	1	!	i	B 6 700
A Total Number Monolingual	B Total Number Bilingual	N Total Nur of aides paraprofe	or	**
7.3 Language(s) use (liark all that	ed by bilingual pr apply)	ogram toachers:		7.3 2
1-Bilingual tea	achers teach in on	ly one language		
	gual teachers who ant language, whet			
Bilin _e nativo	gual teachers who e language: 1b-only if native 1c-even if native 1-0-not specified	language is also language is not	their dominant	language
2-Bilingual tear	achers teach in bo which is their <u>do</u>	th their native a	and second langu	age,
0-language(s)u	sed by teachers no	t specified		
7.4 Language(s) use	ed by bilingual Diapply)	egran cides or pe	<u>waprofessionals</u>	· 7.4 2
1a-Bilingual their domi tilingual aid 1b-only if na 1c-oven if na 1-0 not speci	des instruct in on aides who instruct in ant language, who instruct intive language is active language is ified des instruct in both which is their desiration of which is their desiration in the sinstruct in th	t in only one lar ether or not it in only one lang. also their dominar not their dominar	teach in their teach in their ant language than the language and second language	
0-language(s) u	used by bilingual	pro val aldos not	specified	
7.5 <u>Cultural affiliations</u>	iation of teachers cent (Nark all th	aides. project at apply) Specify	director and evacuation	aluators by iation.
A. Teachers No. %	B. Aides No.	% C. Proj. Dir	ector D. Evalua	ator(s)No. %
* <u>MA . 6 1</u>	00 MA 6	/00	MA An	glo 1 100
		-		
0-not specified				
T .aLau.a.l	— 7.7			

* Inferred from 7.

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7.6 Selection of N-EiT teachers from local community page g 0-not specified 7.6 No. Number of N-MiT program teachers from local community and % ____of total N-MIT teachers. 7.7 Number and Proportion of teachers and aides of same cultural background as N-MIT students: indicate specific percent on the blank; or if specified descriptively, 1-few A = teachers 2-some B = aides3-many 4-most 5-more than half 0-not specified 7.8 Teacher Qualifications - Training and experience prior to project (Indicate number of teachers with each qualification, 7.8 7.17 no.'s if given) n.s.-qualifications not spcified O-previous courses not specified 1. teacher must meet a specified level of language proficiency on a standardized proficiency test of the non-English language through which (s)he will instruct 2. teacher must meet a specified level of communicative competence in the non-English language determined by a structured interview/fluency previous teaching through N-FRT (in country where it is a native nativelanguage, in Peace Corps) lilie 4. previous teaching in local area/live in the commity con-petence 5. courses in N-MiT language structure and usage linguistics or FL training courses in N-E literature or literacy in Spanish (7) ____inst be bilingual any previous education through h-HiT/content of courses learned through 9. courses in teaching ESL/audio lingual approach 11-AM
10. courses in methods of teaching N-AM language/language development 11. courses in methods of teaching content (e.g. math)in N-HIT 12. ___certification in ESL/or experience teaching DSL 13. ___certification in teaching N-MIT 14. cross cultural courses 15. courses in the cultural heritage, values, deep culture of N-ZAT or other qualifications, specify travel Regular teaching credential 8.0 STAFF DEVELOPMENT 8.1 A 0-No staff training mentioned The project is offering training for teachers A. For B. For Paraand for paraprofessionals in the following areas: Teachers professionals (mark all that apply)

3-many
4-most
5-more than half
0-not specified

7.8	Teacher Qualifications - Training and experience prior to project (Indicate number of teachers with each qualification, 7.8 7.17 if given)	-
	n.squalifications not spcified	
	O-previous courses not specified	
	teacher must meet a specified level of language proficiency on a standardized proficiency test of the non-English language through	
	which (s)he will instruct 2. teacher must meet a specified level of communicative competence in	
	the non-English language determined by a structured interview/flyency	
-	3. previous teaching through N-MIT (in country where it is a native/native	-
	4. previous teaching in local area/live in the community patence	
•	5. courses in N-EHT language structure and usage linguistics or FL traini 6. courses in N-E literature or literacy in Spanish	n
	(7) I must be bilingual	
	8. any previous education through P-MII/content of courses learned through	1
	9. courses in teaching ESL/audio lingual ap roach	
	10. courses in methods of teaching N-ATT language/language development 11. courses in methods of teaching content (2.g. math)in N-ETT	
	12. certification in ESL/or experience teach not in	
	13. certification in teaching N-HIT	
	14. cross cultural courses	
	15. courses in the cultural heritage, values, deep culture of N-MiT or	
	16 other qualifications specify travel	
	Regular teaching credential	
d o sta	A TIPLE DESIGNATION OF THE PROPERTY OF THE PRO	
8.0 ST	AFF DEVELOPMENT 8.1 A N.S	
	O No staff training mentioned	•
8.1	O-No staff training mentioned. The project is offering training for teachers A. For B. For Para- and for paraprofessionals in the following areas: Teachers professionals (mark all that apply)	
n.s.	Training indicated, but nature not specified	
2-Th	glish as their second language e teaching of English as a second language	
3-%	as their second language	
4-Th	e teaching of X as a second language	
5-lie	thods of teaching other academic subjects	
0-116	thods of teaching other academic subjects	
in	X language	
	_	
8 0*	Stated goals of teacher training are: 8.2 II 13 Students	
0.2	Stated goals of teacher training are: 8.2 II 13 Students	
1-Un 2-Cr	derstanding of socio-cultural values and practices or	
	nsitivity to ethnocentricism and linguistic snobbery	
li-lan	areness of the social-emotional development of	
5-St	rategies for accomodating the different learning	
st	yles of	
6-St:	rategies for cognitive development of	
7- St:	rategies for reinforcing the self-esteem of	
o-Me¹	thods of cross-cultural teaching or teaching the	
	Itural component rmulation of pupil performance objectives	
10-M	ethods of evaluation of pupil performance objectives	
	List specific courses if given (or Xerox and attach)	
(3)	Understanding CITE Program	

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page 8
  8.3 Methods of Teacher Training:
                                     (Mark all that apply)
                                                                       8.33/0
    1-courses
   2-experiential, teaching supervised by master teacher
  Sworkshops where teachers offer suggestions to each other 4-use of video-tapes of teachersfor feedback on how they are doing
   5-cross-cultural sensitivity training, t-groups
   6-interaction analysis (e.g. Flanders system)
   7-other (specify)
  102 meetings
 8.4 Project provides released time to teachers and paraproffesion-
     als for joint lesson planning: 1-yes 0- not mentioned
 8.5 Project provides for paraprofessionals to receive course credit 8.5
     toward eventual certification: 1-yes 0-not mentioned
     How? (specify)
 8.6 Paraprofessional's role:
   teaching whole class
  (2)teaching small groups
  3-tutoring individually
   4-clerical
   5-contributing to bigultural component
   6-liaison with parents
 8.7 Training for project teachers and paraprofessionals is given by: 8.7 A
     (mark all that apply) A for teachers B for aides
   Q-not specified
  (1)University faculty
  project's Master Teachers
  3)project's teachers
   -other (specify)
  9) CITE STAFF
8.8 Number and Proportion of personnel giving teacher training who
 are:
Dilingual
                        CITE STAFF is generally
                        bilingual; Director is
  2-bicultural
 3-N-EM (specify background) bicultural
8.9 Training is provided:
1 during a summer session
 2 during the academic year
  3-other (specify)
8.10 Extent of training:
                                      B (indicate no. of hours)
A1-approximately equivalent to a
                                        5 weekly
    college course
                                        6 monthly
7 bi-monthly
 (2-)nore than one course
 less than one course
  4-other (specify)
      Approx. 80 hours in all.
8.11 Number and Proportion of teachers attending training:
                                                                     8.11 6
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als for joint lesson planning: 1-yes 0- not mentioned			
8.5 Project provides for paraprofessionals to receive course credit toward eventual certification: 1-yes 0-not mentioned How? (specify)	8.5	0.	no
8.6 Paraprofessional's role:	8.6	2,	3
1-teaching whole class 2-teaching small groups 3-tutoring individually 4-clerical 5-contributing to bisultural component how? 6-liaison with parents			-
8.7 Training for project teachers and paraprofessionals is given by: (mark all that apply) A for teachers B for aides	8.7	A / 2	_3,9
O-not specified 1 University faculty 2 project's Master Teachers 3 project's teachers		² 4- 4,	- 2, 7
Gother (specify) GOTE STAFF			Z
8.8 Number and Proportion of personnel giving teacher training who	8.8	NS L	<u>.W.S</u>
2-bicultural bilingual; Oirector is 3-N-Eir (specify background) bicultural	3	3 _L .	<u>N</u> S
8.9 Training is provided:	8.9	1,2	· ·
(1) during a summer session (2) during the academic year 3-other (specify)		•	
8.10 Extent of training:	8.10 ,	2 35 AU	
A 1-approximately equivalent to a 5 weekly college course 6 monthly 7 bi-monthly 1-less than one course 4-other (specify)	1	6 7	-
Approx. 80 hours in all. 8.11 Number and Proportion of teachers attending training:	8.11	no.	% <u>/0</u> 0
o-not specified 6-most 1-100% 7-many 2-more than 75% 8-few 3-50-74% 9-other (specify) 4-25-50% 5-1-24%		•	
9.0 TEACHERS! ATTITUDES			
9.1 Teachers attitudes are assessed: (Mark all that apply) 0-not mentioned 1-to N-ENT language or dialect 2-to N-ENT students - expectations of achievement 3-to N-ENT culture	9 . 1	0	
4-prior to participation in bilingual project 5-after project training 6-after participation for a period of time in project			
7-through a questionnaire 8-other (specify)			
, •			

10.0 STAFF PATTEINS

10.1 Staff patterns: (mark all that apply) 0-not specified 1-team teaching 2-cluster teaching 3-shared resource teacher 4-other (specify)	10.2 Staff: 1 bilingual teacher 2-ESL teacher 3-bilingual coordinato: 4 aides or paraprofess: 5-consultant psychother or guidance counselor 6-other (specify)	r ionals rapist r
10.3 Average number of pupils per class: 0-not specified	÷ .	10.3 30(K+1) 25(2)
10.4 Average number of aides or paraprofes 0-not specified	ssionals per class:	10.4
10.5 Average number of N-FIT or bilingual professionals) per clas: 0-not specified	aides (or para-	10.5
10.6 Special aide to pupils having most difference is given: (1) individually by: 3-teacher 2-in small groups 4-special reme 5-paraprofessi 6-parent tutor 7-older student 8-peer tutor 9-not specification 10-no special	edial teacher conal nt tutor	10.6
11.0 INSTRUCTIONAL COMPONENT - DULLATION AND	EXTEST OF BILINGUAL CON	PONENT See Xerey
11.1 Duration of Bilingual Education (poli	.cy) I II	II ₁
N-EAT language will be maintained in pro- (mark all that apply) O-not specified how long 1) as the alternative language of learning for as long as desired 2) as the medium of instruction for special subject matter (e.g. cultural heritage 3-only for the length of time necessary the acquisition of sufficient English permit learning of academic content at acceptable level in English	NEMT EMT al for to an	E DOI: NEAT 11.1 I / 2 II / 2 II / 2
11.2 How many years does project state is for N-ELT group through N-ELT language	optimal for instruction e to continue?	11.2 _ 5

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0-not specified	ls per class:			10. 300 a.5	(2)
10.4 Average number of side 0-not specified	s or paraprofessiona	ls per cla	ន្ទេះ	10.4	
10.5 Average number of N-FRI professionals) per cla 0-not specified		(or para-		10.5	
	3-teacher 4-special remedial 5-paraprofessional 6-parent autor 7-older student tutor 8-peer tutor 9-not specified 10-no special help	teacher or given		10.6	
11.1 Duration of Bilingual			II	II,	x - C
M-MIT language will be many (mark all that apply) O-not specified how long 1) as the alternative language for as long as desired 2) as the medium of instruction of subject matter (e.g. cut) 3-only for the length of the acquisition of sufficient learning of acade acceptable level in English 11.2 How many years does profess N-MITT group through	uage of learning ction for special ltural heritage) time necessary for icient English to emic content at an lish	NEMT	E DON	11.1 I / II / II / II / II / II / II / I	kana a
for N-HIT group through 0-not mentioned if for a particular number 1 2 3 4 6 6 7 8 9	of years:	continue			
(if specified in terms of e.g. "if a child begins] N-HM instruction should 1 = 10 =	a condition, please earning in N-EAT and	English	in Pre-K.	~~ \$	
Duration of Bilingual Educat	ion (in practice) (N	ark all t	hat apply)	
11.3 Second language learning code: C= N.A. (if no E	MIT)	nich grade	::	11.3 I K:	
for each group N.A. Pre I N-E DOM II E DOM/NEMT	1 2 3 4			11 12 K	Ů.

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C. Linguistic Objectives:

1. Competence in both native language and English.

This means that the Mexican-American student will get to know Spanish as an adult Mexican knows it, and that these students will get to know the standard, success-associated English of this country.

2. Detachment towards native language and English.

Among other things, this means that the student will not prefer English over his native language, nor his native language over English (although he might remain partial to his native culture, without bias towards Anglo culture), but rather he will see both languages as useful tools. Put differently— and in terms of one form that his attitude of detachment will take— the student will see that learning English is not a commitment to Anglo culture and a rejection of his native culture, but rather that learning English and the adult form of his native language makes him capable of functioning, whenever he so chooses, in either his native or Anglo culture.



- Control of the mediums of instruction, English and Spanish.
 - a. The materials will provide the non-ESL (English as a Second Language) and non-NGC (Native Culture Studies) curriculum areas with lessons designed in such a way that:

 (1) They are presented in English that the students can understand; (2) They reinforce and expand the structural content of the ESL materials covered so far. The native culture studies will be in Spanish,

The importance of this should not be underestimated. Much of the non-ESL and non-NCS curriculum is not learned for the simple reason that the medium of instruction, English, is not adequately understood by the student. Also, much of the effort put into ESL classes comes to naught when for the rest of the school day, the Mexican-American student, in coping with English much more complex than the ESL classes have so far prepared him for, attempts—on his own and vainly—to integrate the English he hears in non-ESL (and possibly in non-NCS classes) with what he has learned in ESL classes.

- b. Because the medium of instruction is controlled in such a way as to reinforce and expand—systematically, the structural content of the ESL materials, this control contributes to the process of turning English into a tool of thought.
- c. The use of Spanish in Native Culture Studies and in certain other parts of the curriculum will be geared towards developing Spanish as a tool of thought.

D. Sensory Objectives:

- Development of the discriminatory powers of the senses, in particular, the auditory, the visual, and the tactile.
 - This development of the senses is based on the five tasks suggested by Marianne Frostig for the visual senses, and on the structure of the phenomena that serves as subject matter for each sense (point, line, curve, and depth for the visual, for example) as suggested by Jerome Bruner.
 - This development of the senses is inherently tied to the language needed to articulate the structure



of the phenomena being observed—based on the notion that language and thought are inseparably composite, as suggested by L. S. Vygotsky. (But see 2-d below)

- c. Such development of the senses takes up a major portion of the curriculum for the first years in school: the visual (plane geometry as the subject matter), the auditory (the nature of sound), the tactile (includes a pre-disposition to solid geometry), plus all those lessons which make planned and strategic use of the senses, e.g., lessons using the auditory and the visual as the mediums for teaching the sound system of English.
- 2. Performance in the Arts (as one area of implementation of the sensory powers.):
 - a. Theatre: dramatization is both a means and an end in itself in the ESL strand of the curriculum.
 - b. Visual art: the recognition of patterns in design and in the real world.
 - c. Music: familiarization with some simple instruments (drums, tone blocks, etc.) and their use for producing simple rhythmic patterns is part and parcel of the auditory strand of the curriculum.
 - d. Note that the emotions released by performance in the arts are not necessarily tied to language.
- E. Other Objectives (Kindergarten to Fifth Grade, i.e., five years of schooling)
 - 1. Mathematics: understanding and manipulating of the number sets, i.e., what is generally called modern mathematics. Also, measurement. And the language needed to articulate the system of number and measurement.
 - 2. Social Studies: the immediate environment, characteristics of the cultural groups in the school, the notion
 of social change. And the language (Spanish and English)
 needed to articulate social phenomena. Also, native
 culture from the literature in Spanish.
 - 3. Science: Processes rather than facts. The program developed by the American Association for the Advancement of Science (validated over five years) and published by Xerox is the basis for the science strand in all the grade levels. Experience with the sense of smell and

the sense of taste are included here. Also, the language needed to articulate hypotheses, procedures, and conclusions.



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.10	The amour for N-HH	nt of i T stude	nst	ruction who an	nal re E	timengli	e in	n ar doi-	nd thins	int abl	ough is:	t)	hei:	r na	7 8 9 10 11 12 11 11	e la	ngua	ge	
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* Exact time to be devoted to each language component of curriculum is to be determined and adjusted throughout the year.



11.13 1-Program is one-way - only non-English Lother Tongue page 11 students (including N-EIT-English dominant). English 11.13 Hother tongue students do not receive instruction in a second language 0-no English Mother tongue students 2-2 way - E.T learn the second language 11.14 The amount of instructional time in and through their second language for pupils who are native speakers of English is: Projected to increase each year of project code: 0 = not specified N.A. = not applicable, no English III students 11.14 11.15 i.in. per day 11.16 Total min. per Subjects taught of instruction 5 of time per day day of any through N-FIT instruction through N-FIT in second lang. Prek E 6 Ø NS promover and a second conformation of the second 6.7 11.17 lixed or separate language usage by teacher and/or aide in the classroom (mar! all that apply) 0-not specified 1-languages are never mixed by either the teacher, aide or the pupil in any one class period; only one language is used. 2-the second language is used exclusively by the teacher, aide and pupils during at least one portion of the school day. 3-the teacher uses one language exclusively within a class period; pupils are allowed to use either native or second language. 4-the teacher uses only one language; however, the aide or paraprofessional uses another during the same class period; students may use either. 5-the teacher reinforces any conversation initiated by the child through the use of whichever language the child has used at the time. 6-constant switching from one language to another by teacher during 7-the teacher uses English and the paraprofessional then translates the same material for N-MIT pupils. 8-other (summarize)

	in and day	Total min and	Collins de describé	г 6 ±:
	Tir. per day of instruction	to car min. ber	Subjects taught in second lang.	% of time per day
	through M TOM	day or any	in second lang.	of instruction
PreK	outonen Harrin	Tingeraction		through N-MIT
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11.	17 llixed or separat	te language usage n (mark all that a	by teacher and/or aid	de 11.17 <u>4</u>
4				g de grandhaladaga ar a'
•	0-not specified			
	1-languages are	never mixed by ei	ther the teacher, aid	de or the
	pupil in any o	ne class period;	only one language is	s used.
	(2-the second lan	guage is used exc	lusively by the teach	her.aide
	and pupils dur	ing at least one	portion of the school	l day.
	3-the teacher us	es one language e	xclusively within a	class period;
	pupils.are all	owed to use eithe	r native or second la	anguage.
	4-the teacher us	es only one langu	age; however, the a:	ide or para-
	professional u	ses another durin	g the same class per	iod: students
	may use either	•	•	·
	5-the teacher re	inforces any conv	ersation initiated by	the child
	through the us	e of whichever la	nguage the child has	used at the time.
	6-constant switc lesson.	hing from one lan	guage to another by	teacher during
		es English and th	e paraprofessional tl	en translates
	the same mater	ial for N-HiT pup	ila	···· •• •• •• •• •• •• •• •• •• •• •• ••
			118.	

12.0 HETHODS OF SECOND LANGUAGE TEACHING

8-other (summarize)

(iark all that apply, some projects may use a combination of methods)

12.0 1, 2

- Audio-lingual habit skills or behavioral approach. Emphasis on communication. Includes contrastive analysis of sounds (units) in both languages by teacher and students, student repitition of tapes and/or fluent teachers' model sentence patterns until responses are automatic. Structural drills and dialogues are systematically presented. Includes direct association between object and word in second language in a sequence of patterns learned in complete sentences. Inductive-generalizations drawn from examples.
- 2-Transformational-cognitive approach
 Acquiring an understanding of the structural patterns or
 grammatical rules of a language.
- Cp16) The plan is to teach 2 distinct language systems to the students and to structure the system in such a way as to maintain them as <u>separate</u> coordinate tools of communication.

PART TWO

Plan for Second Year of Operation

I. Kindergarten

For the second year of operation, changes in the first year curriculum are being made by CITE as a direct result of the 1969-70 field test based on teacher feedback, CITE observation and the outside evaluation of Dr. Carl Stutzman, program evaluator. CITE will again be responsible for producing the total curriculum. The following are major areas of change as seen at present by the CITE staff. (These changes will be made in addition to some of those concerns stated in the previous narrative

([p. 12 et seq.])

- A. New scope and sequence for kindergarten classes.
 - 1. The phonology strand will continue for the entire year.
 - a. Phase I--listening and discrimination (ends in December)
 - b. Phase II--pronuncation
 - c. The number of phonology lessons has been cut from 210 to 150.
 - 2. Body Image lessons will come in Phase I instead of March.
 - 3. Math lessons will be introduced in Phase II.
 - 4. Phonology and syntax lessons will both be presented during any one day, instead of in a two-week block of phonology or syntax only.
 - 5. Margin time will be added for more flexible scheduling in the day, as well as in the entire Phase.

B. Rewrite for kindergarten classes

1. Orientation

- a. Greater emphasis on the establ. song of code switching.
- b. Prerequisite tasks--pasting, folding, cutting, etc., -- added.
- c. Evaluation: procedure, clarified and strengthened.
- d. Correction procedure, clarified and strengthened.



2a-inductive -generative approach: through listening to communication, perhaps of peers, and attempting the new language in situations which call for the student to generate sentences - test his understanding. (the way native language is acquired)
Includes direct association between object, picture or action and word in second language.

2b-deductive - the cognitive code approach: through initial formal study and analysis of grammatical structures, then applying them through examples, i.e. answering questions, or transforming affirmative sentences to negative, declarative to interrogative, active to passive.

3-Grammar - Translation ilethod
Formal study of rules of grammer and translation from first language
to second. Emphasis on reading in second language rather than using
it for oral communication.

13.0 DOMINAUT AND SECOND LANGUAGE SKILLS SEQUENCE

AL-N* Language Skills Sequence (*Audiolingual Nethod: listening, speaking, reading and writing)

I	II
Non Eng dom	Eng dom
students	students
A in dom B in	A in dom B in
lang second	lang second
lang	lang

0 = not specified
(Use not applicable (n.a.) if project has no Eng. dom. students)

	_	2 - 11 - 11 - 11 - 11 - 11 - 11 - 11 -
13.1 Second language listening-speaking skills are learned: 1-concurrently with formant language listening-speaking skills		13.1 IB IIB A
tency achieved in listening-specting	Profile allows	Problem is
skills in dominant language 3-a specified period of time after listening-speaking skills in dominant language taught		A *******
	tution, a	•

13.2 IA

(1)-Listening-speaking proficiency
precedes introduction of reading
2-Leading is taught concurrently
with listening-speaking skills
3-Learning to read overlaps learning
of listening-speaking skills
4-There is some overlap between
learning to read and to write

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to negative, declarative to interrogative, active to passive.

3-Grammar - Translation Nethod
Formal study of rules of grammar and translation from first language to second. Emphasis on reading in second language rather than using it for oral communication.

DCMINANT AND SECOND LANGUAGE SKILLS SEQUENCE

(*Audiolingual Hethod: listening, speaking, reading and writing)

lang

(Use not applicable (n.a.) if project has no Eng. dom. students)

Non Eng dom

students

second

lang

A in dom B in

Eng dom

students

lang

A in dom B in

second

lang

AL-N# Language Skills Sequence

0 = not specified

skills are learned:

13.1 Second language listening-speaking

13.0

1-concurrently with dominant language listening-speaking skills (2-)after a specified level of competency achieved in listening-speaking skills in dominant language 3-a specified period of time after listening-speaking skills in dominant language taught 13.2 IA 13.2 ALL sequence followed: (1) Listening-speaking proficiency precedes introduction of reading 2-Reading is taught concurrently with listening-speaking skills 3-Learning to read overlaps learning of listening-speaking skills 4-There is some overlap between learning to read and to write 13.3 Listening-speaking proficiency 13.3 IA NS determined by: 1-measure of listening-speaking proficiency 2-informal assessment by teacher 13.4 Second language reading skills 13.4. IB are learned: 1-concurrently with learning to read in dominant language 2-after a specified level of dominant language reading competence achievement 3-a specified period of time after learning to read in dominant language (e.g. a specific grade) 4-before learning to read, in dominant language

After dominant language writing system is learned (Hrh year of program)

				page	e 13
	stud A dom	I Eng dom lents B second	Eng do studen A . dom	B second	đ
	lang	g lang	lang	lang	
13.5 Reading is introduced: A-individually, when child is ready or at a specific time during grade: 1 2 3	.I	.3.	<u> </u>	3	13.5 IA IB 3 IIA I IIB 3
13.6 Reading readiness is determined by: 1-test of reading readiness 2-informal teacher assessment Met. Readiness Test		tudistica tudistica	e garane	1	IB NS. IIA NS. IIB I
13.7 Grade level reading is expected: 1-in first grade 2-in second grade 3-in third grade 4-in fourth grade 5-in fifth grade 6-in sixth grade 7-other (specify)	production builty refer builty			Nomination A. In other opposition In other opposition A subjection on Builder other ot	13.7 IA NS IB 4 IIA N S IIB 4
13.8 Grade level academic achievement (m SECOND language is expected: 1-in the first grade 2-second grade 3-third grade 4-fourth grade 5-fifth grade 6-sixth grade 7-other (specify)	nath, s	cience, et	c.) in	the	13.8 IB 4 IIB 4
14.0 INTEGRATION OF SECOND LANGUAGE LEAD	NING W	ITH OTHER	LEARNING	} :	14.0 I 2 5
(mark all that apply)	ı	= N-E dom students	II = E dom stud	lents	11.255
1-Second language learning is only a arate subject for English-speaking dents; the second language is not as a medium of instruction for other subjects.	stu- used		s es tudur		
Second language learning is both a arate subject and also a medium of instruction for other subjects.	зер-			-	
3-Second language learning is always	in-				

13.6 Reading readiness 1-test of reading r 2-informal teacher Met. Readiness	readiness assessment	1	turkishin Labiahin	n de gran Grande a	1.	13.6 IA / IB NS. IIA NS.
Men HeadINESS	1521					IB
	1-in first grade 2-in second grade 3-in third grade 4-in fourth grade 5-in fifth grade	propositions And others And	Maderiale Solder de a 9 10 Alex 1 4 girale d Malgir Mone	Original of the state of the st	Sandandara Sanda danda Sandandara Sandandara Sandandara	13.7 IA NS IB 4 IIA N 5 IIB 4
	6-in sixth grade 7-other (specify)		to de antima		8-100-da-1,	
	7-0 mer (specify)		****	*******	~~~	
13.8 Grade level acade SECOND language i 1-in the first grad 2-second grade 3-third grade 4-fourth grade 5-fifth grade 6-sixth grade 7-other (specify)	s expected:	, sci	ence, et	c.) in t	the	13.8 IB 4 IIB 4
14.0 INTEGRATION OF SE (mark all that ap		G WIT	H OTHER	LEARNING	}:	14.0 I 2, 5
tamen are one ab	, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,	I =	N-E	II = E		**-4-1-3
			om,	dom		•
		s	tudents	stud	lents	
arate subject for dents; the secon	earning is only a sep- English-speaking stu- d language is not used struction for other	_		. atrasas		
2 Second language 1	earning is both a sep-	_				
arate subject and	also a medium of					
instruction for o	ther subjects.	•			•	
tegrated with the	earning is always in- learning of course social studies) or as tive development.			Sales and a sales		,
language is used content of second (the same concept language is taugh	taught in the native as the referential nd language learning taught in the native t in the second					
language).				****		
5-Different academi in the second lan is taught in the	guage from that which					
0-not specified		***	****	****** *		•
6-other (specify)						

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.3.

3.

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•		Ţ		I	Ι	1
15.0 TREATHENT OF CHILD'S LAN	GUAGE:				12.	0 IA
	•	Non Eng.	dom.	Eng. d		IB NS
		students		studen	ts	IIA NS
•		A -in dom.	B 2nd	A	B 2nd	IIB NS
		lang.	lang.		lang.	
		Tente.	20038	enre.	200.0	
A 694 1 17 1 1 7 1 1 1 2 1						
1-The child's language is		•				
It is not corrected, ra	•					
of the child's speech i		•				
However, the teacher pr	rovides a					
model of the standard l	.anguage					
aiming toward child's e	eventual					
control of the standard						_
-					6	
2-The child's language is	corrected					-
the teacher points out						
demonstrates the stands						
delions of a des one s dande	ita lorme	*******	-		*- 	
2 Other (marian)						~*
3-Other (specify)			AMERICA 40	-	-	
0-Not specified	•	·				
16.0 MATERIALS						
•						
16.1 Reading Materials-Types						
Reading Materials are: (r	nark all th	at apply)				
(1-Linguistically based						
(llerrill or liami Lingu	uistic	•				
readers, ITA, etc.)	16.1	IAV 18		II	IIB	•
reducing 120, coot,					days. Agreements	•
2-Basal readers		•				
p 2-basar readers						
10 17 0 District markets						
3-Dialect readers						
See						
Yeze 4 4-Experience charts (sto	ries					
14a dictated by children)			,	*****		
174						
16.2 If some reading material	l is in					
the child's dialect, in	dicate how					
long it is used:				4.4	•	
1-Grade 1	16.2	AN_AI		IIN	<u> </u>	
2-Grade 2						
3-Grade 3						
/_Revend Grade 3	•					
4-Beyond Grade 3 NONE						
O-HOA pheciited		(Please in	Cinc. to	, on M	.ne -)	
16.3 The following are techn	icuse and s	neterials n	sed for	second	language	learning:
O none consisted	Times and t	we out this w				
0-none specified						
. 1-pattern drills		- ;	,	•	<u> </u>	
2-dialog memorization		3	<u>-</u>		1 3 4 5 6	
3-choral repetition			<u>a.</u>			
4-songs		7	7 -		- -	
5_programed instruction		2			-ş-	
6-stories read to childr	en		<u></u>			
AUDIO VISUAL AIDES	1		•			
7-films, filmstrips		_	7			

•	alming toward child's eventual control of the standard form.	and the contract of the contra	physical designation designat
	2-The child's language is correcthe teacher points out errors demonstrates the standard form	and /	managan aya sans bahndana .
	3-Other (specify)	6-6-6-6 N	tambia pandia pandia.
	0-Not specified	andragen at	agagas spagas sociales
16	.O MATERIALS		
16	Reading Materials-Types Reading Materials are: (mark all Linguistically based (lerrill or kiami Linguistic readers, ITA, etc.)	•	II IIB
Pp 14	2-Basal readers		
ال . الاحد	3-Dialect readers		<u>مست</u> بالارم
Xerox 14a	4-Experience charts (stories dictated by children)		
16	the child's dialect, indicate h long it is used: 1-Grade 1 1 2-Grade 2 3-Grade 3 4-Beyond Grade 3	6.2 IA.N.P.	IIA. N.A ave (on line -)
16	6.3 The following are techniques an 0-none specified	d materials used	for second language learning:
	1-pattern drills 2-dialog memorization 3-choral repetition 4-songs 5-programmed instruction 6-stories read to children AUDIO VISUAL AIDES 7-films, filmstrips	7 3 4 7	1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 7 10 11 12
	8-flannel or magnetic boards 9-realia, graphic displays	3	F
	10-records, tapes 11-listening centers 12-multi-media approach Experiential:	7 9 10 11 12	<u>/0</u> <u>//</u> /2
	13-role playing 14-puppetry	13	
	15-experience charts 16-primary typewriter	ience 75	<u>76</u> 17
	17-learning through direct exper- with materials e.g. Montessor	L	<u>11</u>
	18-activity centers-chosen by chi 19-other (specify)	ild <u>/ Y</u>	18
	Learning outside the class	ssroom:	20
	20-field trips 21- suggested TV programs		20
	22-other (specify) 23-games	23	23
		<i>a</i> 3	•

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FACILITIES, MATERIALS AND EQUIPMENT

- A. The four classes in the project will be located in Winchell Elementary School with its 70 percent Mexican-American pupils, pre-school through sixth grade. The classrooms will be self-contained but, as suggested by Dr. Robert Wilson and the staff of CITE, there will be within each classroom area "cultural areas" where the bilingual-bicultural components will be taught and "lived." One unique feature of the CITE bicultural program is the switching of the language-culture components with the physical switching of student groups from one culture area to another.
- B. The equipment and furniture budgeted for is for the needs of the expanded staff in the target school and to meet the guidelines of the instructional program to be prepared in cooperation with the subcontracting agency.
- C. We intend to use, whenever possible, funds from other sources where

such funds can be applied. There are at present in the target school four pre-school classes, involving approximately one half of the children who continue into kindergarten. There are also 15 part-time aides, a home school liaison person and a full-time nurse funded by ESEA Title I.

page 15 16.4 The sources of Non-English materials and textbooks are: (mark all that apply) 16.4 0-not specified 1-are written by native speakers of that language 2-comme. ally prepared and published in countries where N-E is the native language 3-developed by the project's own bilingual staff 4-developed by the staff of another bilingual project (specify which) 5-developed in conjenction with project parents 6-developed by or with members of N-AMT community 7-are culturally appropriate for N-E culture (specify how this is determined) are cross cultural 9-commercially prepared and published in the U.S. -CITE curriculum 70-are translations of U.S. texts 11-are coordinated with materials used in the regular subject curriculum 12-other (specify) 16.5 The specific bilingual/bicultural materials used in the language 16.5______ Q-not specified 1-xerox attached-page and document CITE CURRICULUM 17.0 STUDENT GROUPING 17.1 Student grouping; mixed or separated into dominant language groups: (mark all that apply) 0-not specified Pupils of both linguistic groups are: 1-always mixed for all learning 2-mixed for language learning mixed for some academic subject learning { | a+e-3) separated for native and second language learning into dominant language groups 6 separated for most academic subject learning into dominant at beginning 7-never mixed for language or other academic learning project 8-other (specify) n.a. - (no II students) 17.2 Students are grouped for language instruction: (mark all that apply) 17.2 N A-more than & the time B Less than 2 the time 0-not specified 1-total class 2-small groups (specify size) 3-individual instruction 17.3 Criteria for grouping: Students 0-not specified

I Non Eng

II Eng dom

II Ling dom

```
(specify how this is determined)
      & are cross cultural
     9-commercially prepared and published in the U.S. - CITE curriculum
      10-are translations of U.S. texts
      11-are coordinated with materials used in the regular subject
        curriculum
      12-other (specify)
 16.5 The specific bilingual/bicultural materials used in the language 16.5
     component are:
     Q-not specified
     1-xerox attuched-page and document <u>CITE</u> CURRICULUM
 17.0 STUDENT GROUPING
 17.1 Student grouping; mixed or separated into dominant language
     groups: (mark all that apply)
     0-not specified
     Pupils of both linguistic groups are:
     1-always mixed for all learning
      2-mixed for language learning
     3-mixed .or some academic subject learning & later
    mixed for non-academic learning; art, music, gym, health
    5) separated for native and second language learning into
       dominant language groups
    6-separated for most academic subject learning into dominant at beginning of
       language groups
                                                                  project
     7-never mixed for language or other academic learning
     8-other (specify)
   n.a. - (no III students)
17.2 Students are grouped for language instruction:
                                                                      17.2 NS
     (mark all that apply) A-more than the time B Less than the time
     0-not specified
     1-total class
     2-small groups (specify size)
     3-individual instruction
17.3 Criteria for grouping:
                                             Students
     O-not specified
                                                          ncb gralf
                                I Non Eng
                                             II Eng dom
                                    dom
                                                 EMT
                                                             NEIT
     1-by age
   2 by native language
3 by dominant language
     4-by language proficiency
       (ex. level of reading skill)
     n.a. not applicable
         (no E.dom/NEMT)
18.0 TUTORING
#8.1 Student Tutoring is: (mark all that apply)
          no-not mentioned
           0-type is not specified
           1-inter-ethnic (N-EMT student tutors EMT students)
           2-intra-ethnic (N-EMT student tutors N-EMT)
           3-done by older children (cross age)
           4-done by peers (same age)
           5-other (specify)
18.2 Paraprofessionals or aides give tutoring or instruction as follows:
                                                                     18.2 2, 3, 4
          O-area not specified
          1-inter-ethnic (N-ZIT aide tutors EN student)
          22in the acqusition of native language skills
          3 in the acqusition of second language shills
          43in other academic subjects
```

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page 16

18.3 Parent tutoring: (mark all that apply)

18.3 NO

no-not mentioned

0-type not specified

1-inter-ethnic parent tutoring is used

2-intra-ethnic parent tutoring is used

Parents are trained to become tutors for their children:

3-in the home by a home-visiting teacher

4-in an adult education component

5-in school through observation and guidance of teacher

6-as parent volunteers who tutor during the school day

7-materials are provided for use 1.1 home by parents

8-other (specify)

19.0 CURRICULUM PATTERNS

19.0 4 5 6 8

The stated curriculum pattern of the bilingual project:

1-Except for inclusion of N-EMT instruction the curriculum is otherwise typical or regular, for this state.

There are other medifications which the curriculum of the curr

There are other modifications whithin the curriculum of the bilingual program which differ from traditional, typical curriculum such as: (mark all that apply)

2-a non-graded classroom: pupils of different ages are grouped together during part of the school day

3-flexible or modular scheduling

49 small group instruction

59 individualized learning

Open classroom

Zeguided discovery and inquiry

(82 curriculum which is both child and subject-centered

9-others (specify)

10-if the program includes activities which complement experiences children encounter in the home, community

and through mass media i.e. TV, describe below:

Within each classroom there will be "cultural areas" where
the bilingual/bicultural component will be taught
and "livel". One unique feature of the CITE bicultural program
is the switching off the language-culture components
with the physical switching of student groups from one
20.0 COGNITIVE DEVELOPIENT CUltural area to another." P 23

20.1 Cognitive development in early childhood grades is fostered through:
0-method not mentioned

1-structured envirionment rich with materials child can manipulate

order, compare, match for perceptual-motor development 2-non-verbal materials, such as Montessori materials from which children can learn sensory discrimination, matching, seriation, counting, addition, subtraction

labeling and discussion of concepts related to time, space, distance, position

Alabeling and grouping actual objects to learn classification; grouping objects with common attributes and labeling their attributes (i.e. colors, sizes)

5 direct experience of processes of science through discovery, using

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7-materials are provided for use in home by parents 8-other (specify)

19.0 CURRICULUM PATTERMS

The stated curriculum pattern of the bilingual project: 1-Except for inclusion of N-EMT instruction the curriculum is otherwise typical or regular, for this state. There are other modifications whithin the curriculum of the bilingual program which differ from traditional, typical curriculum such as: (mark all that apply)

2-a non-graded classroom: pupils of different ages are grouped together during part of the school day

3-flexible or modular scheduling

43 small group instruction 5) individualized learning

Open classroom

Zeguided discovery and inquiry

Ea curriculum which is both child and subject-centered 9-others (specify)

10-if the program includes activities which complement experiences children encounter in the home, community and through mass media i.e. TV, describe below:

Within each classroom there will be "cultural areas" where the bilingual/bicultural component will be taught and "lived". One unique feature of the CITE bicultural progrishe switching of the language-culture components with the physical switching of student groups from one 20.0 COGNITIVE DEVELOPIENT cultural area to another." P 23

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(2-non-verbal materials, such as Montessori materials from which children can learn sensory discrimination, matching, seriation, counting, addition, subtraction

(3) labeling and discussion of concepts related to time, space, distance,

4) labeling and grouping actual objects to learn classification; grouping objects with common attributes and labeling their attributes (i.e. colors, sizes)

5 direct experience of processes of science through discovery, using materials rather than text; active experimentation by child with teacher's

6 direct experience of math through discovery rather than instruction 7-other (specify or xerox) p. no. and document:

20.2 Cognitive development in later grades (grade 4 and above) 0-method not mentioned 1-specify or xerox p. no. and document n.a.-no grade 4 or later grades

SC.S NA



page 17

21.0 SELF-ESTEEL

Stated methods of project compenent expected to increase self-esteem: 5 no-self-esteem not mentioned as an objective

O-self-esteem is an objective but methods not specified Teacher encourages pupil to verbally express his feelings:

19through role-playing

2-puppetry

3)language-experience approach: students dictate stories from their own experience

Final Audit Dteacher accepts, aclmowledges ideas and feelings

5-teacher encourages non-verbal expression of child's feelings

through painting, music, dencing

6-teacher provides experiences in which the various ways that children act are accepted by the teacher; their actions are discussed and the children are encouraged not to make fun of "different" ways

(7) teacher provides experiences leading to competency and

success

8-teacher provides experiences where occasional failure is acknowledged as part of everyone's experience; second attempts are encouraged

9-other (specify) (xerox or summarize) document page #

Teacher provides experiences in pupil self-direction and acceptance of responsibility, such as:

10-pupils act as tutors for other pupils

11-puils have some options in choice of curriculum

12 pupils choose activities from a variety of interest centers 13-older puils participate in curriculum planning and/or development

14-pupils write a bilingual newspaper for dissemination to the community

15-other (specify)

22.0 LEARNING STRATEGIES

22.0

1-The project mentions the following specific learning strategies as important for reaching a particular ethno-linguistic group: (specify or xerox) Document and Page no. Example: Navajo children resist participation in an authoritarian, traditional classroom. An open classroom where teacher participates rather than directs all activities and students or groups of students initiate activites, move about freely or sit in a circle or horseshoe rather than sit in rows, has been found more effective. 0-none mentioned

teach 2 distinct language systems and maintain them as separate coordinate tools of instruction in 2 different physical areas associated with each language and culture.



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5) teacher encourages non-verbal expression of child's feelings
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O-none mentioned

teach 2 distinct language systems and maintain them as separate coordinate tools of instruction in 2 different physical areas associated with each language and culture.

23.0 BICULTURAL COMPONENT

23.1 This program is:

23.1 2, H, 5, 6

1-bilingual alone

2 bilingual and bicultural 3-bilingual and multicultural

0-not specified as to which of the above

an ethnic studies program is included in the bilingual program 5 art, posters, realia, crafts of both cultures are exhibited in the classroom

6-language and cultural content are integrated 7-other (specify)



23.2 Cross-cultural awareness: 23.2 If project mentions specific values or modes of behavior of N-EN culture, please summarize below: (or attach xerox) found in document _____, page i''0-not mentioned (Included in social science "strand," not out at time of sending materials to project BEST) 23.3 1-if project mentions efforts to decrease ethnocentrism in either or both groups, describe below: (or xerox-document page/ $\frac{\pi}{n}$) 0-none mentioned 23.4 In the bicultural compenent knowledge of the N-MIT culture involves (mark all that apply) Q-no bicultural component mentioned (1-Humanistic aspects of culture: ideals and values, literature (oral or written), achievement of particular people or politcal movements 2) Historical-cultural heritage of the past--contributions to art and science [3-] Deep' culture: family patterns and contemporary way of life. 73 Itemization of surface aspects of a country-geography, dates of holidays etc. 5-A specific culture only e.g. one Indian tribe 6-Various cultures of same ethnic/linguistic group (i.e. Spanishspeaking peoples) 7-A third culture different from NEAT or MAT Individual strand contents are not always known at time of application. Different strands are developed throughout the year. 8-Other (specify) the year. 23.5 23.5 American culture is defined: 0-not specified 1-narrowly: primarily Anglo-Saxon orientation 2-broadly: ethnic pluralism of America -- multicultural contributions of various ethnic groups discussed 3-other(indicate document and page number for merom) or elaborate in your own words

page 18

23.3 1-if project mentions efforts to decrease ethnocentrism in either or both groups, describe below: (or xerox-document page/#) 0-none mentioned

23.4 In the bicultural compenent !mowledge of the N-EIT culture involves (mark all that apply)

Q-no bicultural component mentioned

(1) Humanistic aspects of culture: ideals and values, literature (oral or written), achievement of particular people or political movements

2) Historical-cultural heritage of the past--contributions to art and science

(3-) Deep' culture: family patterns and contemporary way of life. Itemization of surface aspects of a country-geography, dates of holidays etc.

(5-) specific culture only e.g. one Indian tribe

6-Various cultures of same ethnic/linguistic group (i.e. Spanishspeaking peoples)

7-A third culture different from NEIT or EIT

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23.5_ 0

0-not specified

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2-broadly: ethnic pluralism of America -- multicultural contributions of various ethnic groups discussed

3-other(indicate document and page number for xerox) or elaborate in your own words

24.0 COLLULITY COLPONENT

24.1 Bilingual libraries are provided for:

O-group not specified (1)project children

2-adults of the project community

(3-)teachers

no-bilingual library not mentioned

24.2 An ethnic studies library is provided for:

24.2 1 3

Q-group not specified project children

2-adults of the project community

3-teachers

no-ethnic studies library not mentioned

Use, instead of readers which are tied to reading programs, common available books.



COMMUNITY INVOLVEMENT

- Parents and other individuals from the community have been invited to participate in all phases of the bilingual education program. Some persons have a dual responsibility to the community since they are active in community organizations. To insure reliable communications, an advisory group has been formed. The resource person assigned to the advisory committee will be one of the target school participants in the bilingual education program.
- B. The functions of the advisory committee are:
 - 1. To assist in the development of this bilingual and bicultural program, helping, especially, to provide cultural enrichment activities.
 - 2. To help evaluate the effectiveness of the program, component by component.
 - 3. To communicate information about this program to the neighborhood and the community.
 - It. To serve as a sounding board to the neighborhood, bringing the concerns about the program to the attention of the school admin stration.
 - 5. To help coordinate community activities in order to support the bilingual-bicultural project.



24.3 Provision is made by the school for informing the parents and community about the program through: (Mar!: all that apply) 0-method not specified no-no provision for informing community (1) a bilingual newsletter 2 a monolingual newsletter Onews sent to mass media. 4-if articles included with project, check 4 5-bilingual fliers sent home Geformal meetings , Dad's Club Tinformal meetings open to entire community with resource person 8-meetings conducted in both languages (9) home visits 10-other (specify) 11-project director personally involved in program _dissemination. specify how (17) school program designed to educate project parents 24.4 Community involvement in the formulation of school policies and programs is sought through: ... 24.4 3, 4, 5, 6 0-type not specified no-not sought 1-existing community groups working with program 2-bilingual questionnaires 3)community-school staff committees Community advisory groups General meetins open to the entire community Ginformal meetings with community groups 7-other (specify) 8-project director personally seeks involvement of community in program. specify how

problems through:
no-no mention of school seeking to be informed about community
meetings open to the entire community conducted in both
languages
community representatives to the school
3-bilingual questionnaire sent to the home
home visits by school personnel

24.5 The school keeps informed about community interests, events and

5-other (specify)
0-method not specified

no-achaal de mai



8-meetings conducted in both languages home visits 10-other (specify) 11-project director personally involved in program dissemination. specify how (17) school program designed to educate project parents 24. Community involvement in the formulation of school policies 24.4 3, 4, 5, 6 and programs is sought through: 0-type not specified no-not sought 1-existing community groups working with program 2-bilingual questionnaires (3)community-school staff committees Acommunity advisory groups 5 formal meetins open to the entire community Ginformal meetings with community groups 7-other (specify) 8-project director personally seeks involvement of community in program. specify how 24.5 The school keeps informed about community interests, events and 24.5 1,2, H problems through: no-no mention of school seeking to be informed about community (1) meetings open to the entire community conducted in both (2) community representatives to the school 3-bilingual questionnaire sent to the home (4) home visits by school personnel 5-other (specify) O-method nct specified 24.6 **2.3** 24.6 The school is open to the community through: 0-not mentioned ne-school is not open to community for community use 1-opening school facilities to the community at large for use after school hours and on weekends providing adult education courses 3-other (specify) 25.0 IFPACT EVALUATION 25.1 Project mentions description or dissemination of the bilingual 25.1 1,6 program through: (1) newspaper articles 2-radio programs 3-TV programs 4-video-tapes 5-films (6-visitors to observe the program

Trinformal neetings open to entire community with resource person

,		page 20
25.2 P	roject's impact: 1-Project mentions that other classes in the school, but not in the program have picked up methods or material from the bilingual program. 2-Project mentions other schools in the local educational synhave started bilingual programs 3-Project mentions that a University has instituted teacher training courses in bilingual education to meet staff development needs	
26.0 R	OLE OF EVALUATOR	
t t	valuator has field tested, on a group of children who are of he same language, culture and grade levels as the children in he bilingual program: O-not mentioned published measures 2-staff developed measures 3-staff translations of published measures 4-staff adaptations of published measures	26.4
	valuator has personally observed students in the program: 0-not mentioned no-never 1-once or twice during the year 2-more than twice 3-regularly - Classroom observation Schedule 4-other (specify) Int. Eval. Chapt II p.	26.2 <u>3</u>
26.3 E	valuator has met with teachers: 0-not mentioned no-never 1-once or twice during year 2-more than twice 3-regularly 4-other (specify)	26 . 3 3
27.0 E	VALUATION PROCEDURE	
	O-not specified A comparison group has been chosen 2-Λ comparison group will be chosen	27.1
27.2	O-not specified (mark all that apply) 1 Pre-tests have been given to project group or sample 2- "will be "" 3-Post-tests have been given to project group or sample "will be "" 5 Pre-tests have been given to comparison group 6- "will be "" 7 Post-tests have been given to comparison group 8- "will be "" Metropolitan Readiness Test	27.2 1, 4,5,°

