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of Middle School EMR Students.

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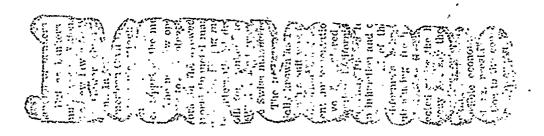
Descriptions: Role Perception: Teachers: *Team

Teaching

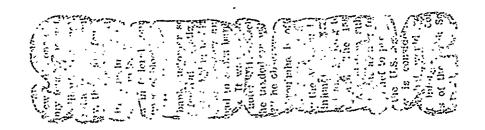
ABSTRACT

The first year of a project to implement team teaching concepts in a middle school program for educable mentally retarded students emphasized process development by teachers in the areas cf role definitions, curriculum competencies, and behavioral management. Orientation included establishment of project purpose, individual responsibilities, and hierarchies concerning ordering of materials, and planning for such activities as workshops, data collection, and evaluation. Three workshops on role definition involved a group climate inventory, nonverbal and listening exercises, a game illustrating effectiveness of group over individual decision making, a personal growth inventcry, and discussion on inadequacy feelings of the team's teachers. Workshops on classroom management taught teachers to plan and implement classroom token economy systems. Curriculum objectives were incorporated into the school district's curriculum framework, and curriculum goals were reviewed in six workshops. Assisted by school and district personnel, the teachers taught and assessed progress of 35 students and were themselves rated for competency. Activities of the team teaching process and of curriculum development were charted; and treated in 10 appendixes were such topics as student competencies, teacher rating scales, and information on the school system's special education services. (MC)

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AND



OF.

MIDDLE SCHOOL EMR STUJENTS

Mr. Robert H. Dunwoody, Superintendent -

* * * * *

Marion County Schools

ACKNOWLEDGEMENT

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> Robert M. Dunwoody Superintendent

Marion County School Board

Dean Kells Director, Curriculum Services

Laverne Graves Coordinator, Exceptional Child Education

David Henderson EMR Consultant

Dr. Charles Forgnone - Project Consultant University of Florida

Dr. Henry Boudin Consultant in Role Definition and Function

University of Florida

Mr. Dennis Ehrhardt Consultant in Role Definition and Function

University of Florida

Mrs. C.H. Paganini Consultant in Curriculum

University of Florida



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ALTERNATIVE APPROACHES TO INSTRUCTION

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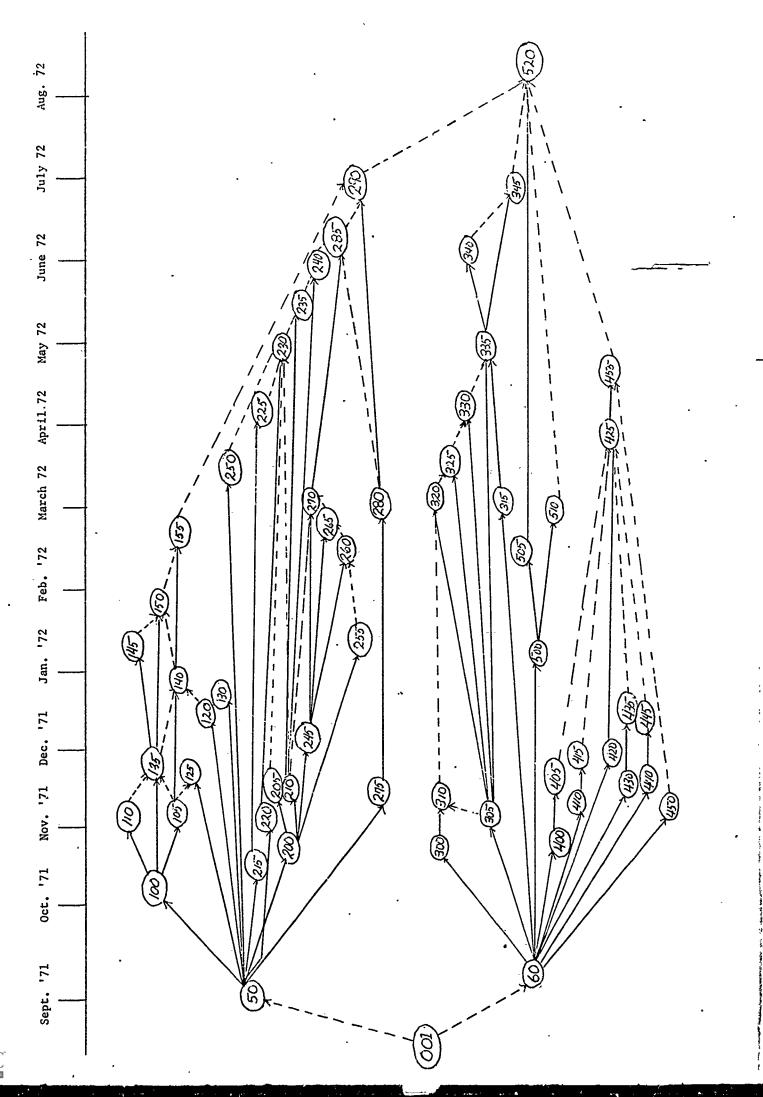
SCHEDULING OF MIDDLE SCHOOL EMR STUDENTS

I. Purpose

The purpose of this project is to implement team teaching concepts within a middle school EMR program. Emphasis was placed upon the development of the team teaching processes related to curriculum objectives. An integral part of the program involved the development of the team teaching process as it relates to planning for instruction and the facilitation of individualized and group instruction. The first year's operation was primarily a developmental year with an emphasis placed on "Team" process with outcomes in the areas of team role definitions, curriculum competencies and behavioral management. During the second year of the project, further development of the above goals will be continued in process development as related to product.

The major evaluation emphasis was at the process level and this will continue in the coming year. The following events, entered in this report by event numbers, then describe, for the most, process evaluation rather than product evaluation.





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EVENT I

ORIENTATION TO THE TEAM TEACHING PROJECT



Event I Orientation to the team teaching project

A. Orientation

- 1. Objectives
 - a. Present purpose of the project
 - b. Delineate the scope of the project
 - c. Specify the individual responsibilities within the project
 - d. Delineate the lines of communication concerning ordering of materials and equipment
- 2. Orientation planning session

The first planning session involved all persons directly concerned with the project and two consultants. The purpose and scope of the project were discussed among all concerned. The expected outcomes of the project were discussed in terms of:

- a. Classroom environment
- b. Team teaching
- c. Curriculum development
- d. Classroom management
- e. Data collection
- f. Evaluation

Questions concerning responsibilities of individuals and ordering of equipment and materials were discussed. A tentative schedule of workshops were discussed and projected. The first workshop was agreed upon and was to be on role definitions and functions of team members. At the same time the curriculum consultant was to visit with the teachers concerning curriculum planning and objectives.



The present team teaching situation was identified and literature references were obtained and disseminated to the team numbers. Since all teachers and aides were working together for the first time and none had previously functioned in a team teaching situation there were no early indications of team teaching situations.

The purpose of the first workshop was to identify team leadership roles and individual capabilities. The team members were also given the opportunity to visit a team teaching situation which they did. A discussion of their visitation was included in the meetings with the curriculum consultant and in the role definition workshops.

Team members were involved early in the gathering of data in the following areas:

- a. Academics P.I.A.T. (appendix A)
- b. Social competency (appendix B)
- c. Self perception of students (appendix C)
- d. School and community supportive services (appendix D)
- e. School progress report (appendix E)

The collection of orientation data concerned:

- a. Collection of data on children and teachers (appendix F)
- b. Evaluation of the team teaching situation in process (appendix G)
- c. Understanding of the goals of the projects
- d. Continual assessment of curriculum and classroom needs equipment, materials, etc.



A second orientation workshop was needed to re-assess the effects of the first workshop and also to clarify further the roles and expectations of team members.

During the second orientation workshop the following areas were discussed:

- a. Curriculum development
- b. Planning sessions
- c. Team function
- d. Scheduling of students
- e. Behavior management
- f. Relationship of local coordination to the project
- g. Use of aides
- h. Classroom environment

The second orientation workshop included all team members, the project director, the county E.M.R. Consultant, the consultant on curriculum and the evaluation consultant.

- a. Curriculum development was the main topic and workshops were determined in terms of their content and time lines.
- b. Emphasis was also placed on the better use of planning sessions. This was to be further developed during the curriculum workshops.
- c. In relation to curriculum, the schedule of individual students was emphasized as well.
- d. A discussion of the first workshop in classroom management was discussed and a time was determined. Workshops in curriculum and management were held concurrently but not in combination. The combination of curriculum objectives and behavior management was to come later in the school year.



- e. A further clarification of the relationship of local coordination was discussed. That is, relationship of coordinator, principal, etc.
- f. A continued discussion of use of aides was pursued and a workshop on team-teaching was planned to occur when curriculum and management were operational.
- g. Classroom environment was discussed during the second orientation period as well as during the process of development.

Such things as providing for an orderly arrangement of materials, a place to display the children's work, the development of interest areas, and grouping of instruction were discussed.



EVENT II

Roles - Definition and Function



Event II

A. Roles - Definition and Function

The aim of the activities in this event was to attempt to create cooperative team teaching roles for the individuals within the group of teachers and aides. That is, a working definition of team teaching including team interaction, relationships among team members, and roles of professionals and paraprofessionals. More specifically workshops were conducted to:

- 1. Establish means of effective team functioning
- 2. To ascertain facilitative individual roles that each group member could play in a variety of team teaching situations.
- 3. To generate various team teaching patterns compatible with each group members skills and group role.
- 4. To assess personal characteristics interrelationships, and personal growth of team members.

B. Workshop # 1

The group consisted of 3 teachers, 2 aides, EMR Consultant, Curriculum Consultant and Workshop Coordinator.

The order and type of activities was as follow.:

- 1. The group was administered a group climate inventory as a pre-test.
- 2. An explanation of goals and objectives of the Human Relations Lab., the description of activities, and how these would lead to future meetings.
- 3. Relaxation and non-verbal exercises
- 4. Verbal Exercises
 - a. Lost on the Moon Game
 - b. Brain Storming Ideas
 - c. Listening Exercises
 - d. Discussion of dimensions of group processes



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5. Handouts

- a. Feedback
- b. Constructive Openess
- c. Case of the Hidden Agenda
- d. Team Teaching
- 6. Group is administered group climate inventory (as a post test)

C. Activities

- 1. The group was administered the group climate inventory for the purpose of determining the effects of the workshop.
- 2. During the first working session the participants were oriented to the objectives of the workshops. These objectives included establishing relationships among team members by increasing cooperative functions and setting the stage for group non-verbal and verbal interaction.
- 3. The relaxation procedures and non-verbal exercises were conducted for the purpose of reducing individual anxiety and setting the stage for group communication.

The non-verbal activities progressed from free isolated individual exercises to group communication. These included having individuals "do their own thing" in relative isolation to making non-verbal contacts with others in the group.

4. The verbal exercises included a game and test called "Lost on the Moon." This was intended to illustrate that group decision making can be more effective than individual decision making. The results of this activity, as measured by the test, indicated that group decision making is more effective in reaching appropriate decisions.

The brain storming exercise was intended to create guidelines for creative high frequency idea production, which would be of service in establishing an effective weekly program, using the skills and inputs of all the teachers, and agreed to by all as a group decision.

The listening exercises were used so that effective communication techniques, including feedback, could be developed within the group.

The group then discussed their actual and potential roles within the group. It was decided that a chair-person would be appointed to chair a daily meeting during which the three teachers would plan for a whole week of activity together, with the basic aims of a team approach in mind. It was agreed that the EMR Consultant would sit in on some of these sessions. They were to report back on the progress made using this approach at the next workshop.

During this session, it became apparent that none of the teachers wanted the formal role of leader.



A number of problem areas were identified, such as:

- 1. The teachers generally felt inadequate in dealing with behavior problems.
- 2. Each teacher wanted a permanent aide and their own classroom space which is not conducive to the role of team teaching.
- 3. The aides were not comfortable in disciplining and managing the students.
- 4. The aides were obviously aware of the lack of leadership.

The results of the pre and post administration of the group climate inventory indicated that in general, while they felt communications had increased and that they felt warmed toward each other, their feeling of independence did not increase.

They left this first session with:

- 1. A plan of action to maintain throughout the week, that is, the planning sessions with a team member as chair person.
 - 2. Enthusiasm for the human relations lab and its continuance the following Saturday.
 - 3. The EMR Consultant was to meet with the teachers on a once per week basis to provide supervision on the planning sessions.
- D. Workshop II (November 13, 1972)

The group met from 9 a.m. to 3 p.m. The order and type of activity were as follows:

- 1. Re-explanation of goals and objectives of human relations lab.
- 2. Feedback on planning sessions of first week.
- 3. Relaxation exercises
- 4. Brain storming task
- 5. Discussion of relationships of group functions and group roles toward establishing a "working" team teaching definition.
- 6. Discussion of various team teaching models
- 7. Administration of appraisal of personal growth in teamwork inventory.



The first part of the session was spent on involving a third aide who had been hired between the first and second sessions.

Feedback was provided on the planning sessions during the first week.

The three teachers indicated that the meetings were productive in terms of program planning, but there was a lack of involvement and participation on their part.

The brainstorming task was productive in the sense that some feelings of conflict which had arisen were resolved.

Various models of team teaching were discussed using the literature provided in handouts the week before as a base. We discussed again, their roles in the development and use of curriculum and materials. This literature included "Dimensions of Group Process" from the Journal of Applied Behavioral Science, vol. 4, no. 4, 1968, Authoritarian vs Democratic Leadership: A New Look at an Old Program, by Richard J. Evans, plus additional writings.

E. General Conclusions

The group of teachers appeared less motivated as a group than they had in session one. There was generally a feeling that they felt themselves to be inadequate as a group in relation to their job. Basically, the same problem areas which were identified in the first week's session remained.

F. Workshop III (November 20, 1971)

Since this was the last session, and because not much change appeared evident between the first and second sessions, we decided to discuss and



evaluate any progress that had been made. Also, it was decided the group members would decide how they intended to use the human relations lab in terms of establishing a working definition of team teaching.

In summary, the objectives mentioned above were discussed and methods of initiating team teaching activities were presented.



EVENT II Continuation

Classroom Management



Event II - Continuation

A. Classroom Management

Consultant met with teachers at Osceola Elementary School for purpose of initial contact with teachers and teacher-aides. Discussion covered previous experience with behavior management techniques, present classroom management problems, classroom environment problems, and any other pertinent information. Plans were initiated for the teachers to discuss with the students the kind of reinforcers they would like in the classroom. A workshop was planned for Saturday, February 19, to implement a classroom management system.

Visitation was made to the class, at the request of the teachers. Purpose was strictly observational so that I could assess specific techniques which were either used or not used by the teachers. This enabled me to utilize the workshop planned February 19. Functionally, that is I could train the teachers in classroom management procedures by using specific examples from their classroom.

The purpose of this workshop was to introduce the teachers and aides to the token economy system. Since they were somewhat acquainted with this system a review was all that was required.

We then set about discussing the logistics of implementing such a system in the classroom. The following nine questions formed the basis of this discussion.

- 1. What will we use for tokens?
- 2. What can we use as reinforcers?
- 3. How will we dispense the tokens? (Who will dispense them?)



4. When can the students engage in reinforcing time?

Anytime

Certain times

Etc.

- 5. How will we arrange the classroom?
- 6. How will students engage in tasks? Where will he spend his time at each particular subject?
- 7. What will our rules be concerning classroom behavior? (social and academic)

 ** Remember we must, as teachers, obey the rules too.
- 8. When will we begin the token economy classroom?
- 9. In what ways would you like the consultant to function?

Specifics were cited for each question and the final phase of the workshop consisted of actually making up charts and getting the room organized for system utilization. The following questions were answered.

- 1. Set up room
 Task area
 R.E. area
- 2. Decide which behaviors will be reinforced both social and academically and make up charts.
- 3. Make up chart stating rules.
- 4. Decide how tokens will be kept and how and when they will be spent. (Chart)
- 5. How to dispense tokens.
- 6. Will you auction off jobs such as cleaning blackboards, lunchroom monitor, etc.

March 1, was chosen for visitation since it allowed the teachers and aides two days to use the system. They felt that in this way they would be aware of any problems which might arise and thus be better prepared to ask relevant questions. My primary duty was to watch



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the teachers and aides and make suggestions. A check list was used to answer the primary questions concerning the application of the token economy.

1. Are charts in a place where easily seen?
YES

2. Do the teachers go over rules in the morning?
YES

3. Are tokens handed out along with explanation of why they were earned and social praise?

NOT ENTIRELY. TEACHERS HAD TO BE REMINDED.

4. Do the aides keep control over number and time spent in R.E. area?

TO SOME DEGREE. SUGGESTIONS WERE GIVEN TO IMPLEMENT BETTER CONTROL AND PUT INTO EFFECT.

- 5. Are special priviledges auctioned off to students?
 NOT IN EFFECT.
- 6. Are the rules for token spending enforced?

 YES
- 7. Are the rules for earning tokens enforced or followed by the aides and teachers?

 SOME DIFFICULTIES BUT THESE WERE DISCUSSED AND WORKED OUT.
- 8. Do the students have some way of keeping the tokens?

A METHOD WAS DEVISED FOR BANKING THE TOKENS AT THE END OF THE DAY.

Specific procedural discrepancies occurred during the day but these are too numerous to mention and were alleviated immediately.

The teachers thought it would be a good idea that I visit the class once a month to observe and make suggestions and I told them to call me if any problems arose in the management system.



-3-7:-

B. Summary

There was a definite feeling after observing the classroom and talking with the teachers and aides that a system had to be initiated using concrete positive reinforcement. Since it was already the middle of the year, and contingencies were already established between students and teachers which were detrimental to learning, the most efficacious approach was to implement a token economy system. The reception of this system by teachers, aides, and students was generally positive.

Workshops were set up for the teachers and aides in order to teach them the practical aspects of initiating a token economy system. Time was spent in formulating classroom rules, desired behaviors, and reinforcers. The latter was determined by the children themselves.

Upon implementation, the consultant and a student assistant made visitations to the classroom for the purpose of observing teacher behavior in regards to the token economy. Where discrepancies were noticed they were recorded and pointed out to the teachers and aides. Plans were made for a visitation by the consultant at least once a month or when the teachers felt they needed instruction.

Since there was only one visitation after the token economy was initiated the success or failure and reasons for it are not available.

C. Projection

While the token economy is a most effective management procedure it is often difficult to implement within the public school classroom.

There are two critical aspects we must evaluate when designing a learning environment which is individualized and effective. What are



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the skills, academic and social, which the child possesses and how is he motivated, extrinsically (materially) or intrinsically (love of learning). When we have evaluated these aspects we can begin to set up a classroom environment which will benefit each child and which will gradually create motivation for learning. With this in mind the person who is concerned with classroom management must work closely with the curriculum specialist and the program director so that the goals for each child, and for the group, can be formulated and successfully carried out.

EVENT III

Curriculum

Fvent III

A. Curriculum Objectives

The Curriculum Skills List developed in Marion County involves areas of Communication, Math, Social Competencies, Esthetics, Motor and Recreational Skills and Vocational Competencies. The goals for the Middle School Curriculum were to be developed within this framework. The goals were to be further developed in effort to solve the following problems:

The Problems of Adjusting to Personal Limitations

Problem of Communicating Ideas

Problem of Living with Others

Problem of Living Healthfully

Problem of Living Safely

Problem of Learning the Essentials Necessary for an Adequate Living Problem of Acquiring Skills for Useful Living

Academic Instruction and Learning

Pre-Vocational (Exploratory) Learning and Skill Development

Clarification of the goals for developing a curriculum for these problems will be in Appendix H.

The curriculum workshops were set up in the following procedure: Two full days of planning with consultants, coordinators, teachers and aides, then $\sin \frac{1}{2}$ hour periods after school were conducted with consultants, teachers and aides. These periods of time were spaced over a three month span.



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The curriculum goals developed are explained in Appendix H. The sequential development of the curriculum was based on the Marion County Curriculum Skills List. The assessment procedures were accomplished at the six $-l\frac{1}{2}$ hour workshops. Use of the materials, equipment and space were discussed in detail during the two full day workshops but these three items were never fully utilized during the school year. The modes of presentation were developed during one of the $l\frac{1}{2}$ hour periods and were assessed and revised during another workshop period.



EVENT IV

Supplemental Data



EVENT IV

A. Supplemental Data -

Included within the collection of student data are confidential folders housed within the school center. These folders are available to teachers at any time and include such confidential information as data from intelligence tests, social worker reports, and other confidential information.

Information from the cumulative folders are presented below in narative form in terms of activities engaged in, progress made and individual limitations of students. The information from the cumulative folders is composed with information obtained from achievement testing using the PIAT, a behavioral checklist, a self attitudes scale, and school attitudes.

B. Progress Report Information

1. Activities Engaged In:

The following activities engaged in are dependent upon the particular needs of the individual student. For the purposes of this report the activities are presented on the basis of group data.

All students were involved in Language Arts, math, social studies and science. Such activities as map reading, community awareness, and geographical awareness were emphasized in the area of social studies. Math activities including addition, subtraction, multiplication, division, fractions, measurements, time and money were engaged in by the students. Language Arts activities ranged from basic oral communication skills to reading levels for each student. Writing included the development of ability in appropriate and meaningful correspondence.



Science activities included the study of mammals, insects, food and nutrition, body awareness and health.

2. Progress Made

The progress of individuals as stated in the report was arrived at by teacher judgement.

3. Reading

Of the 35 students on which subjective data was collected by the teachers, 14 were considered to show progress. Data collected through the use of the PIAT will be presented but progress will not be determined until the test is administered during the next phase of the project.

4. Math

Subjective data from the progress report suggests that ll students improved in Math. These ll students were also included among the 14 who achieved in reading. Math data was collected using the PIAT but comparisons for the purposes of determining progress cannot be made until the next phase of the project.

5. Social Studies

No subjective indication of progress in social studies could be obtained from the progress report as completed by the teacher.

6. Science

No subjective indication of progress in science could be obtained from the progress report as completed by the teacher.

Of the three teachers involved in the project one had a master's degree with no years of experience. Two teachers held BA degrees, one with one year of experience and the other had two. The teachers expressed



inadequacies in specific academic areas. One taught reading as she felt it was her strongest area. Another emphasized social studies and science.

A teacher competence questionnaire was administered and scored by consultants, the coordinator, and the director. One teacher obtained two ratings of fair, two inadequate, and two poor. Another teacher received three inadequate ratings and three poor ratings. The third teacher received one good rating, three inadequate, and two poor ratings. In general, the observations made during the school year by consultants and staff and as expressed on the rating forms suggest that the teachers performances were less than adequate in areas such as:

- Organizing the instructional program
- 2. Planning for daily and weekly lessons
- 3. Controls classroom effectively
- 4. Care and arrangement of classroom
- 5. Has adequate provision for independent work activities
 An example of the rating scale can be located in appendix (G).

Student attitude was measured by the "How I See Myself" (see appendix C) scale and the "Student Attitude Scale" (see appendix C). The "How I See Myself Scale" was adapted into a "yes", "no" scale which required the student to answer questions concerning his perceptions of himself. The "Student Attitude Scale" samples such attitudes as to the student relationships to teacher, the school situation, academics, and other activities. It is a "yes" "no" scale.

A high percentage of students ranging from 96% of the students to 70% indicated that they liked the teachers, and the situation. 96% of the students stated that they enjoyed the things they were doing in class. They also felt 70% that the teachers could make them work harder.

In academic areas the students preferred math to reading. Physical Education was of high priority with the students indicating that their venture into regular physical education classes was generally successful. Shop class was not given as high priority as it surpassed reading activity but not math. Shop class may not have been as meaningful to the boys as it could have been.

A follow-up and description of shop activities is needed during the next year. Other information as to their attitudes can be obtained by checking the results presented in Appendix C. Out of eleven items concerned with student school attitude 9 students answered them all positively. Fifteen students gave from nine to seven positive answers out of the eleven. Seven students were absent when the scale was given.

The "How I See Myself Scale" was given and a score of 30 or more positive responses were considered to indicate a general high positive view of oneself. Of the 35 students who took the pre-test 9 scored over 30 points. Fourteen students scored between 25 and 30 points which generally reflects a "good" attitude about self. Eleven scored below 25 with the lowest score being 9. One student was absent when the scale was given.

On the post-test only 27 students were tested. Eleven of these 27 showed more positive responses. Fight scored between 25 and 30 and eight below 25. The post data, gathered on fewer students (35 vs 27) indicated that there were changes in the extreme ends, students who saw themselves as positive increased and those who saw themselves as relatively low decreased.

The highest frequency of positive responses during the test was centered around the following items:

- 1. I like to try new things
- 2. My clothes are nice
- 3. I do well in school work
- 4. School is very interesting
- 5. I like school
- 6. I learn new things easily

The highest during post-test were:

- 1. I like to try new things
- 2. School is very interesting
- 3. I learn new things easily
- 4. I do well in school work
- 5. My clothes are nice

The highest negative responses covered such questions as:

- 1. I am good at drawing.
- 2. I am good at math
- 3. I am smarter than most of the others in the class.

During the pre-testing 17 stated that they were not good in math as compared to 7 during post-testing. At the beginning of the year 17 stated that they were not smarter than most of the others in the



class and only nine stated such during post-testing. Although only 27 of the 35 were post-tested. The results indicate a higher ratio of change.

In general, the students viewed themselves positively and exhibited a greater trend toward positive self responses.

The administration at Howard Middle School provided positive support to the program. The principal originally scheduled the students into blocks including such activities as Art, Music, Physical Education, Vocational Agriculture and home economics. Students were also provided counseling by the principal when needed. Counselors, did not involve themselves with students in most cases.

Support, however, was given to students and teachers by the helping teacher as she counseled the children and gave the teachers help in curriculum and field trips and was generally a positive factor. She gave more than what should be expected of her considering the fact that she was responsible to the total middle school.

Psychologists were available and eager to work with teachers in evaluation and counseling with children who exhibited behavioral problems.

Social workers were available for home visits. These same social workers provided case studies on some of the children and were available if the teachers needed any information concerning any one child.

In-school resource people in the form of regular classroom instructors in the fields of vocational education and art and music worked with certain students in small group situations on special projects.



The County's Health and Mutrition Consultant provided support in the form of materials and demonstrations in the area of nutrition.

The Community provided opportunities for the EMR students by opening attractions and businesses for educational field trips.

A local pediatrician provided free medical services in order for the students to compete in the State Special Olympics.

Speech therapy was available for those students in need of therapy.

This service was provided on a one to one basis.

Consultation in crisis situations was provided by the County's Consultant in Emotional Disturbances. These services were contingent upon request by the teachers working with the students.

Support by the county staff was provided through the following resources -- equipment and supplies, orientation, help in planning, curriculum development, and response to specific individual teacher need and general administrative coordination of services.



ACTIVITY CHART

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OUTLINE OF PHASE I: DEVELOPMENT OF TEAM TEACHING PROCESS

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DURATION	·	. 50		25	,	53	88	. 22	. 77	34	88	
RESPONS- IBILITY	-	Consultants	Consultants and Coordinator	Consultants	Consultants	Consultants	Teem Nembers	Consultants and Coordinator	Team and Consultants	Coordinator	Coordingtor	Consultanus Teem end Coordinator
ACTIVITY DESCRIPTION		Group planning session to identify need priorities.	Develop orientation data collection Consultants procedures and Coordinator	Develop objectives for orientation workshop	Identify present team teaching situations and literature references	Conduct or orientation planning session .	Visitation of team teaching situations	Conduct orientation workshops (sories 1) (a) goals and objectives (b) team interaction (c) management objectives	Collect orientation data (pro- cedures and activities)	Follow up to determine extent of orientation workshop objectives	Synthesize orfentation data	Preparation of orientation and orvanization medule
ACTIVITY		050 - 100	100 105	100 - 110	050 - 120	050 - 125	050 - 130	100 - 135	105 - 140	135 - 145	135 - 150	140 - 155
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OUTLINE OF PHASE I: DEVELOREMET OF TRANSFERD BENCHVES BRVELOREMENT OF CURRICULAR OLDECTIVES

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p team process data collectocedures p activity log for teacher seems and evaluation of rpsection p observational guide for its of role development and function of team members p objectives for role definitional function workshops (promails and function workshops (promails and function) to role definitions and functional seems and evaluation among para and professional inceraction among para and professional inceraction among para and professional inceraction among para and professional and professional and professional inceraction among para and collection and functional appearance of procedures and active	ACTIVITY DESCRIPTION	RESPONS- IBILITY	DURATION	EXTECTED START	EXPECTED COMPLETIO	EXPECTED CONTEST ON	SI.ACI	H C	
1050 - 200 Develop team process data collection read to procedures 200 - 205 Develop activity log for teacher and definition 200 - 210 Develop activity log for teacher consultants analysis of role development Consultants analysis of role development Consultants tion and function workshops (protection for the members Consultants tion and function workshops (protection definitions and function workshops (protection definitions and function workshops (protection definitions and function workshops (brotection definitions and function for professionals) 215 - 225 Conduct role definitions and function workshops (brotection definitions and function workshops (brotection definitions) (a) Perfectionally among team and function benefits and parameters (b) relationally among team and function within chemical and payeters and community (f) transfer role of print professional (g) increation among para and payeters and community (f) transfer role definition and function definition and definition and definition and function definition and definition a					(1°E)	(1 _E)	$\left(\mathbf{I_L} - \mathbf{I_L}\right)$.,	
200 - 205 Develop activity log for teacher and definition analysis of role development Develop chaervational guide for and analysis of role development Consultants Assessment of present role definition and function of team members Consultants Consultants 1050 - 215 Assessment of present role definition Develop objectives for role definition Consultants (a) Develop objectives for role definition (b) Professionals (c) Pluming rele (d) Professionals (e) Professional (f) Professional (g) Luison within checkional (h) Tole of pure growed commity (h) Tole of pure growed commity (g) Luison within checkional (g) Luison within checkional (h) Luison within checkional (g) Luison within checkional (h) Luison within checkional (g) Luison within checkional (h) Luison within checkional	op tenn process data collec- procedures	Con	. 22	17 Sept 71	22 Oct 71	19 Nov 71		15 Oct 71	
analysis of role development 215 Assessment of present role definition and function of team members 220 Develop objectives for role definition and function workshops (protion and innection workshops (protion and function and function and function and function (a) pluming role (a) pluming role (b) relectionship among team methors (c) role of protessional (d) role of para professional (d) role of para professional (e) inseraction among para and professional (f) temeder - child inseraction (g) laison within checations (h) concultants (h) conc	op activity log for teacher smeant and evaluation of rpseition			22 Oct 71	12 Nov 71	23 Nov 71	7	22 Get 71	
Assessment of present role definition and function of team members Develop objectives for role definition and innerion workshops (pro- tion and innerion workshops (pro- fessionals and paraprofessionals) Conduct role definitions and func- tion workshop (Series 2) (a) pluming role (b) relationship among team members (c) role of professional (d) role of professional (e) incernation among para and professional (f) tescher - child in eraction (g) laison within educational (g) laison within educational (g) laison within among team one workshop in any area) Collect role definition and func- tion data (procedures and activ- furm and	op chservational guide for sis of role development	Commiltants and Courdinator	21.	22 Oct 7i.	. 12 Nov 7!	23 Nov 71	^	22 Ccc 71	
Develop objectives for role definition and innection workshops (professionals) jessionals and paraprofessionals) Conduct role definitions and function workshop (Series 2) (a) planning rele (b) relationship among tenn machers (c) role of professional (d) role of para professional (d) role of pura professional (e) interaction among para and professional (f) tencher - child interaction (g) laison within checalional system and community (There reay Be more than one workshop in any area) Collect role definition and function data (procedures and active	nent of present role defini and function of team members		20	24 Sept 7.1	22 Oct 71	5 Nov 71	10	the state of the s	
Conduct role definitions and func- tion vorkahop (Serius 2) (a) planning rele (b) relectionship among team machers (c) role of professional (d) role of para professional (e) interaction among para and professional (f) teacher - child interaction (g) laison within admentional ayetem and community (There ray be more than one workshop in any area) - 230 Collect role definition and fung- tion data (procedures and activ- Team and	lop objectives for role definant innerion workshops (pro-		. 51	15 Oct 71	5 Nov 71	12 Nov 71	٧,	15 000 21	
(a) pluming rede (b) relationship among team maching (c) rede of professional (d) role of para professional (e) interaction among para and professional (f) teacher - child interaction (g) laison within cheentional system and community (There redy Be more than one workshop in any area) Collect role definition and func- tion data (procedures and activ- Team and	act role definitions and func vorkehop (Series 2)		. 109	22 Oct 71	14 Apr 71	21 Apr 71	Ŋ	***************************************	
(c) role of professional (d) role of para professional (e) incerection manny para and professional (f) teacher - child interaction (g) laison within chentional system and community (There may be more than one workthop in any area) Collect role definition and func- tion data (procedures and activ-		.:.					-	4 Papa pa. 1991	
(f) teacher - child interaction (g) laison within cheartional system and community (There ray be more than one workshop in any area) Collect role definition and function data (procedures and activ-		•					•		
(There ray be more than one workehop in any area) Collect role definition and func- tion data (procedures and activ-		1210				•			
Collect role definition and func- Concultants tion data (procedures and activ- Team and	(Thece ray be nove than one workehop in any area)								
	ect role definition and func- data (procedures and activ-			22 Oct 71.	, 8 May 72	16 May 72	9		

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OUTLINE OF PHASE I: DEVELOPMENT OF TEAM TEACHING PROCESS .

	(as a quanta a a .	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·			*****		******	******	** - *** - ***	····
ACTUAL		·:.								15 Cat 71
SLACK	$(T_L - T_E)$	ι'n	'n	. **	. 24,	in.	۷	4	w .	in ,
EXPECTED COMPLETION	(T)	22 May 72	22 Kay 72	, 3 Dec 71	14 Apr 72	2,8 Jan 72	10 Fcb 72	. 16 Feb 72	13 Mar 72	22 Nov 71
IGKOD TGKOD	(T _E)	15 May 72	21 May 72	29 Nov 71	13 Mar 72	21 Jan 72	3 Feb 72	10 Fcb 72	6 Mar 72	15 Nov 71
ENPECTED .	<u>.</u>	18 Nov 71	4 Nov 71	29 Oct 71	4 Nov 71	18 Nov 71	25 Nov 71	10 Dec 71	21 Feb 72	15 Oct 71
DURATION	`.	. 116		. 50	. 99	ະ ເ	7 07	34	10	21 .
RESPONS- IBILITY		Coordinator Team	Coordinator and Consultants	Team and Consultants	Consultants	consultants	Coordinator and Team	Coordinator Team and Consultants	Coordinator and and Consultants	Consultants
ACTIVITY DESCRIPTION		Follow-up to determine extent, of role definition and function work-shop objectives	Provide feedback to team on role definition and function based on follow-up data and observation guide data	Develop objectives for classroom management workehop (professionals and paraprofessionals)	Conduct team process planning sessions	Conduct classroom management vorkshops (Scries 3) (a) behavioral (b) instructional (c) environmental (There may be more than one yorkshop in any one area)	Collect classroom management data (procedures and activities)	Follow-up to determine the extent of classroom management workshop objectives	Provide feedback to team on class- room management based on follow-up data and classroom observation guide data	Develop instruments for the assess-
ACTIVITY		210 - 235	220 - 240	200 - 245	050 - 250	200 - 255	245 - 260	245 - 265	245 - 270	050 - 275
ENT MUSER,			•		•					

. -35-OUTLING OF PHASE I: DEVELOPMENT OF TEAM TEACHING PNOCESS DEVELOPMENT OF CURRICULUM OBJECTIVES

			210000		1					:
DESCRIPTION	ACTIVITY NUMBER	ACTIVITY DESCRIPTION	RESPONS- IBILITY .	DURATION	START	CONFIETTON	NO	SI. CK	TE	11110000
			,		•	(3E)	(1 _x)	$(T_{L.} - T_{E})$		
	275 - 280	Assess personal characteristics, interrelationships, and personal grewth of team members	Consultants	. 19	21 Jan 72	17 Mar 72	22 Mar 72	т		•
	270:285	Syntheolic team process data	Coordinator and Consultants	. 97	22 Mar 72	26 May 72	2 June 72	; .n		
	.235 290	Preparation of module on indi- vidual roles and performance	Team Consultant	.52	. 3. Apr 72	12 June 72' 30 June 72	0 June 72	. 71		.,
		activitus	ordinator .	•				-		
•	•								,	
			2	,						
						•			٠	
				-					•	- S.W. M. S.L.W.
	•							``		# 70 pp
•			٠.	•	•	٠,				
•										# m1 * **
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	•				••.	• •		<u></u>		
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-36-SEVILUE OF TRACTIONAL OF TRACTION GOVERNOOPS OF TRACTION OF CONTINUE OF C

;	A	•	RESPONS-		GHIDHGXE	ENFROTED	TED		7.5.7.	
	NUMBER	ACTIVITY DESCRIPTION	IBILITY	DURANTON	STANS	COLPLETION	TION	NI-4.IX	-	
		, ,		*		(² E)	(1 1	(E - E)		
•						·	_			,
Curriculum Cojectives			<u>· </u>							
•	080 ÷ 300	Develop curriculum data collection procedures	Coordinator and Tean	. 61	4 Oct 71	29 Oct 71	11 %0% 71		14 Oct 71	
	000 - 305	Ansessment of present curriculum goals and objectives	Consultants and Cocrainator	. 22	11 0ct 71	10 Nov 71	15 Nov 71	ო	17 5025 73	
	300 - 310	Develop goals and objectives for curriculum workshops	Team and Consultants	13	29 Oct 71	17 Nov 71	23 Nov 71	⊸ ′	21 Gct 71	
	060 - 315	Conduct curriculum plumning sessions	Consultants	75	11 Nov 71	10 Mar 72	17 Mar 72	ห		
•	305 - 320	Conduct curriculum .orkshops (Series 4)	Sonsyltants	80	11 Nov 71	17 Mar 72	31 Mar 72			•
		(a) curriculum roals (b) suquential development of curriculum (c) writing behavioral objections	·				,	,		
•		(d) universities procedures (e) unilliation of materials, consistent and space				•				
•		(f) differing instructional modes of presentation (There may be note than one workstop in any one area)								
	300 - 325	Collect curriculum data (procedures and activition)	Team and Cooxdinator	80	13 Nov 71	24 Nar 72	31 lar 72	'n		
	. 330	· .	Chartingtor Tear and Complemen	. 14	24 Mar 72	13 Apr 72	21 Apr 70	9		

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OUTLAND OF PHASE I: DEVELOPMENT OF TEAM TEACHING PROCESS
DRVELOPMENT OF CURRICULUM ORJECTIVES

אכיםאב באסט			C
ACTIVAL	٠٠.	•	
SLACK	(T _L - T _E)	n o	
EXPECTED COMPLETION	(T _L)	23 June 72 18 July 72	
ENP COMP	(T _E) 5 May 72	16 Juno 72 10 July 72	
EXPECTED	20 Apr 72	24 May 72 2 June 72	
DURATION	11	17 26	
RESPONS- IBILITY	Consultants and Coordinator	Coordinator Team Co- ordinator	Consultant
ACTIVITY DESCRIPTION	cur- aca	Synthesize curriculum data . Preparation of curriculum module	
ACTIVITY NUMBER	300 - 335	335 - 340	
SVENT NUMBER		· , , .	

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-38-DEVELOPMENT OF TEAM TEACHING PROCHES

ACTIVITY	Nother about openies,	RESPONST	NOITYENG	ENTECTED STANT	CONPLETION COMPLETION	TED TYON	SI.ACK	75. 5. 75.73.	CONSTRUCT
NOW ER.	444444				(TE)	(T)	(T - TE)		4
- <i>-</i> -				-	**				
. 009 - 000	Prepare student data questionnaire	Yeam and Coordinator	24	20 Sept 71	22 Oct 71	10 Nov 71	13	20 Sept 71	9 apr 9,1 quantum de troit de
400 + 405	Collect student data (cumulative and confidential folders)	Team and Coordinator	, £1	22 Oct 71	10 Nov 71	17 Nov 71	и <u>.</u>	7 Oct 71	
060 - 410	Prepare teacher competence data questionnaire	Consultants and Coordinator	13	28 Oct 71	9 Nov 71:	23 Nov 71	70.	, . 	
410 - 415	Collect teacher competence data	Consultants and Coordinator	01	9 Nov 71	23 Nov. 71	30 Nov 71	4.		•
060 - 420	Prepare attitude instruments '(teacher and student)	Consultants	.17	.29 Oct 71	23 Nov 71	8 Dec 71	. 10		
420 - 425	Collect attitude data (teacher and student)	Coordinator and Team	888	23 Nov 72	7 Apr 72	14 Apr 72	'n	•	
060 - 430	Prepare support data questionnaire	Consultant and Coordinated	41	17 Sopt 71	15 Nov 71	19 Nov 71	4	17 Supt 72	
430 - 435	Collect support data (faculty, administration, support portive services, local support agencies, and autitude of pro-	Coordinator		19 Nov 71	17 Dec 71	7 Jan 72	'n		•
050 - 440	Propare environmental setting data questionnaire	Coordinator and Team	#	29 Oct 71	13 Nov 71	20 Nov 71	v,	,	
	Collect environmental setting data	Coordinator and Icam		19 Nov 71	6 Dec 71	13 Dec 71	v		,

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OUTLINE OF PHASE I: DEVELOPMENT OF TRAM TRACHING PROCESS DEVELOPMENT OF CURRICULUM OBJECTIVES

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287.29 787.29		17 Sopt 71		
SLACK	(T - L)	vs	ия	
entected Completion	਼ਰ ਸ	28 Oct 71	. 28 Apr 72	
IdWOD Edwe	(at)	21 Oct 71	21 Apr 72	
EXPECTED START		17 Sept 71	7 Apr 72	
DURATION	·	. 77	10	
RESPONS- IBILITY		Coordinator	Coordinator and Team	~
ACTIVITY DESCRIPTION		Collect data on time spent in special class activity and teacherpupil ratio	Synthosize supplemental data	
ACTIVITY	1	060 - 450	425 455	
WIND WINGER	הסדובורים ה			· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·

-40-OUTLINE OF PHASE I: DHVELOPMENT OF TEAM TRACHING PROCHES DEVELOPMENT OF CHRRICHEN GESECTIVES

TELLITY DURATION Team Consultants and Coordinator Outside Consultants Team 39 Team 39 Consultants and Coordinator	Team Consultants and Coordinator Outside Consultants Team Team Consultants and Consultants	ACTIVITY DESCRIPTION IBILITY progress report Consultants and Coordinator evaluation report Consultants final report for Consultants and consultants consultants and Consultants consultants and Consultants

P.I.A.T. RESULTS
(General Competencies)

		(Genera	L Compe	cencies			•
Student Number	Math :	Reading Rec.	Reading Comp.	Spelling	General Information	Total Test	Grade .
1	2.5	1.6	2.0	1.7	1.4	1.9	6
2	1.4	1.3	2.1	. 2.2	3.8	1.9	8
3	2.1	12	-	1.2	1.6	1.3	8
4	3.5	1.4	2.4	2.0	1.6	2.2	7
5	2.5	1.6	2.2	2.5	0.5	1.9	. 6
6	3.1	1.6	2.1	1.8	4.3	- 2.6	7
7	2.3	1.1	-	2.0	2.7	1.6	6
8	• 5.3	1.3	2.1	1.5	1.4	2.2	6
9	3.0	2.8	2.4	2.7	1.4	2.3	8
10	3.3	1.8	2.4	2.5	3.8	2.7	8
11 ′	2.5	1.6	2.1	2.3	1.9	2.0	6
12	3.1	2.0	2.8	2.8	3:0	2.6	7
13	2.6	1.6	2.0	1.7	1.9	1.9	6
14	2.2	1.8	2.8	3.0	1.6	2.3	6
15	2.9	1.8	2.5	2.3	2.4	2.3	6
16	2.9	1.8	2.2	2.0	3.2	2.3	8
17	3.1	2.6	2.5	2.4	3.6	2.6	7
18	3.3	3.3	3.5	3.7	4.5	3.6	7
19	3.7	2.8	2.7	3.2	4.4	3.4	6
20	2.4	2.0	2.2	2.2	3.8	2.3	7
21	4.6	2.6	2.9	3.8	0.5	3.0	6
22	2.7	3.6	2.8	5.6	2.9	3.2	6
23	3.4	2.2	2.6	2.8	0.8	2.5	7
24	2.5	2.4	2, 8	3.2.	4.3	3.0	_6
25	4.9	5.6	4.7	4.2	3.4	4.3	8
26	3.5	4.4	3.6	4.4	4.7	4.2	8
27	2.5	3.1	3,5	4.2	4.6	3.6	8
28	3.4	3.5	2.7	4.1	0.1	3.0	8
29 •	2.6	2.8	3.2	2.7	0.3	2.3	8
30	4.6	2.8	2.4	2.9	. 3.0	3.0	8
31	3.4	2.2	3.1	2.4	4.2	3.0	7
32							
33	2.2	2.0	2.5	2.0	1.4	1.9	8
34	2.3	3.0	2.8	2.7	3.0	2.6	7
35	3.7	2.2	2.7	2.5	1.0	2.5	_6

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Age		County
Teacher		School

SOCIAL COMPETENCIES SCALE . ADULTS, AGES 13 OR OLDER

Check the skills which the child consistently demonstrates.

ï.	Inc	davenden f	Functioning
-		Earing S	
•		1.	•
		4. 5. 6.	Able to order a complete meal in restaurants. Drinks without spilling, holding glass in one hand. Eats soups and solids equally well.
		8.	Chews food with mouth closed. Does not talk while esting.
		10.	Uses napkins properly. Eats without dropping food on the floor. Does not play with food.
	E.		and Cleanliness Never has toilet accidents.
	-	ä3.	Washes hands and face with soap and water at appropriate times. Able to adjust water temperature when necessary without help.
		16.	Bathes regularly.
			Keeps self clean without being reminded (skin; mails, underwear reasonably clean).
	,	18.	Does not have strong body odor.
			Applies toothpaste and brushes teeth with up and down motion. Teeth are clean and without unreasonable amount of decay.
			(For females) Cares for self completely for menstruction without assistance or reminder.
		٠٠٠٠٠ - ا	Has good posture when standing, sitting, and walking. Clother fit properly.
		24. 25.	Chouses appropriate clothing for formal and informal occasions,
			work and plsy, and various weather conditions. Able to dress and undress unassisted.
*		27	Combs and brushes hair well. Does not wear an unusual or extreme hair style.
	•	29.	Uses a moderate amount of perfume or makeup, (men - hair oil or cologne) when hel/she wears it.
		30. 31.	Shaves frequently (women - shaves legs or undersime frequently). Wipes and polishes snoes when needed.
		32.	Hangs up clothes or puts clothes away without being reminded.



	, •		Land percent a Transparenting
	٥.		
			happy his way around the immediate community without getting
		_	which has
		<u> </u>	Mile to mide on unity, plane, or long-distance bus independently.
		<u> </u>	Able to the the other have directory.
		:7.	On place calls from a pay colombia as well as private telephone.
		٠,٠,٠	Adminute subspicing politicaly and union message.
		50 ·	Knows nostal reces, can bey stamps from Post Office.
			such how to deal with simple injuries, e.g., curs, burns, and
			move the values of vertices common medications.
			The true will be will be designed the control of th
			Accuse how and where no obtain a locutor's or dentist's help.
			Acces upone welling legitiones in the community.
			in the rouge building Facilitaies.
		4,43,	lithes change courserly up to one dollar in coins and twenty
			ocalars in bilko.
		45.	Showe some ability for budgeting money.
		46.	Can go to agveral shops and specify different items.
		47.	to major physical disabilities which hamper normal independent
			functioning.
			t direction they.
** * ·	6.55	54115335y	
	4 474		the state of the s
		· ··· ·· · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	dues phrases such as "please" and "thank you".
			To swelable and talks pleasantly as meals.
			Makes to others about sports, family, group activities, etc.
		٠. ترثي	- Con thick another back into good humar.
		5å.	histons and can be reasoned with verbally.
		ン	Alls in main items on application form reasonably well.
		1.4.1	is willing to help if asked.
			Offers assistance to others.
			Does helpful things for others.
			Wishes to placed others.
			Shows interest in the affairs of others; is not indifferent.
			Trkes care of others' belongings.
•		ou.	birecus or manages the affairs of others when needed.
		***	Neces considerate of deliene' decimps.
		55.	he well informed about others, e.g., classmares, neighbors, ere.
•			Plays coopenatively or comparitively with others in group games.
		64.	laterness group contrintes (keader and organizer).
		.ن. الم	Fertilelps ten an group accivities spontaneously and eagerly
			function purchaspassy.
			The time.
		77.	b Start the start and the start of the start
			ollares vial. others (material possessions).
			from mil ing to talk ethors while to to (in a bosey manner).
		69.	losse not comme and vica later collects.
			work not you'll others ascure or stone lights.
		71.	As not given to through, temeraling
		*/2	This was a mariety of a content of the content of t
		73.	Book has investigue with collers, humivities, c.g., blocking
			postage, grainsky play equipment, cue.
		/4.	on the company of the state of the property of the property of the state of the sta
		***	Theological and the second of others or hoseile language, e.g.,
		75.	The first part of the factor o
		1.3 •	To not overly jeticia of the teacher's or adde's rime when he/she is
			the individual contains personal

-43-

	77.	Abbe to origine luisurs time adequately, e.g., hobbies, wanthing polyholograph, acc. aces not exhibit impryropriate interpersonal manners. Respects person in authority.
ill. :	And a second field to be a second	× ·
		To never late for scheibled appointments, activities, school, etc.
		hardens to places there he is aupposed to be after leaving on the ground, going to boiled, eac.
	, Ost e	book not disture a group activity by talking about unrelated towics, making loof notices, or acting up.
	ő.	Will buy appearation to a pask for more than fifteen minutes.
	53.	Can takk time walk anaugh to meet appointments.
	·	Il nover lare for work without jood ratton.
	U.	Meyer leaves work station without permission.
•	23.	lo a curufal vorker, nee-"sloppy" or careless.
	<u> </u>	Vory dependable - alvays takes pare of personal belongings.
	<u> </u>	Makes a special effort to carry out responsibility; one can be cortain that the assigned task will be performed.
	69.	Stays with the task without frequent redirection.

III, Echavior Checklist:

The following pairs of adjectives and behaviors refer to ways children act. The two terms of each pair represent a continuum of behavior, such as from aggressive to passive. Please indicate how the child usually behaves by placing a check in one of the seven points along the continuum. For example, the child who is always hitting and threatening other children would receive a check next to the agressive end of the aggressive-passive continuum: Example

aggressivo	: : <u> </u>				•		_;	_:	passive
Feel free to use any or behavior by placing a c	ie or	the s	מים עם:	noint		•			
					•				
hurts others		 :	:	:	;	:	:	•	praises others
self conscious			:	:	-:	***			confident
nondisruptive			:	:	:	-:			disruptive .
outgoing			_:	:	:	~			withdrawn
				•				•	
resistive		;		_:	_:	:	:	:	cooperative
talkative		:	_:		_:	:	~:	~~	quiet'
talks without permission		:	-:			:	- :		asks.'permission
shy	·	:			:		-		sociable
					,				,
tense				:	_:	•	:	:	tranquil
bold					:	:			timid '
responsible	:	!	_:	_;	:	:		~:	irresponsible
observes rules	:	;	;		_:		*	~	breaks rules
						•.	-		•
passive		_:	_:	_:	_::	:	:	;	active
destructive		;			:	;	- :	~;	constructive
cooperates	-				_:		:	~:	fights
· calm	:	_:	_;		;		:	~:	anxious
								_	
reluctant		!	_:	.:	. :	_: ` .	:	:	eager
agreeable		:	_		:	:	:		quarrelsome
impulsive	:				:.	:	-:	~	reflective
plays with group	-	_:	-:				-:	-	plays alone
produce at	_ `					~		-	
praises others		_:	_:		:	:	:	:	threatens others
has few friends	:			_ :			-:	~	has many friends
controls temper	:	_	_	:		- :	-;		has temper tantrums
. artentive	:			:		-	*		inattentive
							-	_	

Please circle the term which best characterizes this child:

withdrawn acting out



11 (till() () ,

Boy or Gir?

EDM 1 SET MYCELE

were the second of the condition of the condition of the Development of the condition of th

Team Taboling Levision

chett par wisiteht	•	•	
1. I get had cosily and explose:	yes	no	
. 2. Says with something till I finish:	yeş	no ·	•
I am very good at crawing:	(yes	no	
4. I like to work with others:	yes	no	
J. 1 6m just the right neight:	yes	no .	
J. 3 Worry a lot:	yes	, no.	
7. Ay main is nice looking:	yes	no 📜	
G. Telchers like ma:	yas	no	
9. I have fous of energy:	yes.	· no	
W. I May games very well:	yes	no .	
II. I am just the right weight:	yes.	no	
12. The order like me a locand choose was	yes	no .	
13. The very good at speaking between a group:	yes .	no . ,	
ha ly hae is good looking:	yês	no .	
.b. lan very good in music: · /	yes _.	no.	
io. I greatong well with teathers:	yes .	no ;	
;/.) Time deschers very mach:	yes	110 -	·
ic. The livery nervous and the second	yes	no ·	•
in the second was different	yes	110	
		no _.	·

		•	
21. 1	do well in school work:	yes	no
22. I	want the boys to like me:	yes.	no ·
23. I	like the way 1 look:	yes	no
24. I	want the girls to like me:	yes	nò
25.	get sick a lot:	yes	`no
26.	Lam a very good dancer:	yes ·	no
	I write well:	yes	ŋo
28.	I like to work alone:	yes.	no
29.	I waste a lot of my time:	yes	no
30.	I am very good at making things with my hands:	ýes .	• no
31.	Ky skin is nice-looking:	· yes ···	no
32.,	School is very interesting:	yes .	no
33.	I am real good in mathematics:	yes	· no
34.	I am smarter than most of the others in this class:	yes .	ïio
35,	The boys like me a lot and choose me:	ýes	no
36.	My clothes are nice:	yes	no :
37.	I like school:	yes .	no .
38.	I am happy with the way 1 am:	yes	no.
39.	1 read very well:	· yes	noʻ
40.	I learn new things easily:	Wes.	no .
		•	

CIRCLE THE CORRECT ANSWER.

1. I like the idea of having 3 teachers instead of one;

YES NO

2. I think the teachers and teacher-aides are helpful to me.

YES NO

3. I think the things we do in class are important.

YES NO

4. I think the teachers should make me work harder.

YES NO

5. I think the teachers should make me behave bettor.

YES NO

6. I like being in this school as well as any other school.

YES . NO

7. I think school is fun.

YES NO

8. I can do as well in school as anyone clse in this class.

YES NO

9. I would like to go to high school.

YES NO

10. I would like to graduate from high school.

YES NO

11. I would like to quit school right now.

YES NÓ

1.	What do you like the most in school?
2.	What do you like the least in school?
<u> </u>	What is your favorite class besides homoroom?

Circle your answer.

I WOULD RATHER GO TO:

TO TOMOTHE GIVEN	í.	rouding	crass
------------------	----	---------	-------

2. shop class

3. arithmotic class

4. homomaking class

5. arithmetic class

6. P. E. class

7. arithmotic class

crithmotic class

alreading class

shop class

reading class

homowiking class

reacting class

P. E. class

I WOULD WATHER:

8. read a book

9. play a game

10. go bourling

11. collect coins

12. live in the country

13. walk around downtown

∴ do

14. Airdoor work

15. By a waiter or waitross

visit a business in town

do arithmotic problems

watch a football game

collect guns

live in town

go to my favorite class

do outdoor work

be a barber or beautician



MARION COUNTY TITLE VI PROJECT

General Information - - - Schools Supportive Services

	denergy intormaction schools Subportive Services
List	available -
1.	Pupil personnel services:
2.	Other business services:
3.	Other special education services:
	**
4.	Vocational training:
5.	Local agencies support:
6.	Medical Services:
•	
7.	Vocational rehabilitation:
8.	Welfare services:
9.	Non-profit organizational support:



"MARTON COUNTY SCHOOL SYSTEM-

SPECIAL-EDUCATION SERVICES

PROGRESS REPORT

	Date:		
Name			·
School_			u
Length of report: From			
Activities engaged in:			
		•	
•		<u> </u>	
			
	:		
P		- ' -	
Progress made:			
	:	÷	
		·	
<u> </u>	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	·	
		 	
			
Physical limitations:		<u> </u>	
*			
Recommendations and comments:	, ·	•	
	. ;		
	. !		
		·····	
	•		



ט ג'פ	was Niew
	EVALKONMENLYT INNOLMALION MIKIOH COMMA - LILITH AL
• •	Describe brickly the home situation of the child. (Home Visitation)
	1-
2.	Mich which other students does the child relate? Who does he relate with at nome and school? (Peer Group)
á.	What kind of activities does the student partake in at home and at school?
	•
<u>'</u>	Describe location of school. (Proximity of home to school)
Š.	Wich whom does student live? Number of siblings?

ERIC

Apull Rest Provided by ERIC

TEACHER INFORMATION

- 1. What was your last degree, where and when did you receive it?
- 2. Briefly state your philosophy of education concerning the educable mentally retarded.
- 3. Briefly list your sequence of goals or objectives for this year. That is, what do you hope to accomplish with your E.M.R. class in terms of academic, vocational and/or social skills?
- 4. What kinds of meetings do you attend that pertain to your role as an E.M.R. teacher?
- 5. How do you feel the administrators regard you in your role as an E.M.R. teacher? (You might include your ideas about how much decision-making power you have, their general opinion about special education, and any other indications of administrative attitudes.)



HARION COUNTY TRACHER EDUCATION PROJECT CONSULTANT SURJARY SHEET

NameDate		es of _			· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·
Sch	oolGradevis	its made_			
• • • • •	PECTS OF CLASSROOM PERFORMANCE	NEEDED HELP	HAS SHOWN IMPROVENENT	NEEDS FTR- THER HELP	ADEQUATE
1.	Urganizing the instructional program		•		
2.	Scheduling and using time allotments				
3.	Flanning for daily and weekly lessons				
4.	Clearly specifies what children are to do				
5.	Plans with children				
6.	llas adequate provision for independent work activities				
7.	Makes effective use of questioning procedures				
8.	Has good follow through for assigned work				
9.	Summarizes and reviews work with children			<u></u>	
10.	Provides for smooth transitions between activities				
11.	Secures and uses resource materials				
12.	Uses curriculum guides				
13.	Provides good handwriting model	,		<u> </u>	
14.	Controls classroom effectively	<u> </u>		ļ	
15.	Care and arrangement of classroom				
16.	Keeps and uses school records				
17.	Interacts effectively with staff				
18.	Responds favorably to suggestions for improvement of teaching performance				

Areas in which teacher shows outstanding strength:

Definite aleas in which teacher should show improvement:



fair

CURRICULUM PROBLEMS

- 1. The Problems of Adjusting to Personal Limitations
- iI. Problem of Communicating Ideas
- III. Problem of Living with Others
 - IV. Problem of Living Healthfully
 - V. Problem of Living Safely
- VI. Problem of Learning the Essentials Necessary for an Adequate Living
- VII. Problem of Acquiring Skills for Useful Living
- VIII. Academic Instruction and Learning
 - IX. Pre-Vocational (Exploratory) Learning and Skill Development



I. Problems of Adjusting to Personal Limitations

A. Goals

- 1. Develop realistic relationship between chronological age needs and mental ability.
 - a. providing instructional experiences within range of the childs functional ability
 - b. development of self-confidence
 - c. techniques to help child feel confortable in classroom
- 2. Attain some degree of self-measurement.
 - a. opportunities provided for the child to talk openly in order to realize what he can do and what he needs to learn - realistic goals
- Orient child in the patterns of behavior acceptable to differing groups.
 - a. providing social activities on appropriate occasions when child can have actual experiences with different social groups (school, community, etc.)

II. Problem of Communicating Ideas

Goals A.

- 1. Improve speech
 - a. establish interim goals and work persistently toward attainment of each goal
- 2. Develop skill in self-expression
 - a. providing opportunities for self-expression writing notes of request, appreciation, invitation,
 - complete sentence (do not accept nodding or shoulder shrugging)
 - c. writing assignments functional
 - d. spelling functional words needed in common life situations
 - e. providing experiences in music, etc.

III. Problem of Living with Others

A. Goals

- 1. Improve social behavior and relationships
 - a. classroom discussions on selected topics consideration, and thoughtfulness
 - formulate problems which involve personal relations common to daily relationships with others
- 2. Enrich and increase interest in activities which will divert attention to wholesome endeavors
 - a. working with school or community agencies
- 3. Learn appropriate care of property
 - a. providing activities which demonstrate care for personal and public property. (repairing books, making book covers,)
- 4. Help child face uncomfortable situations realistically
 - a. help child to realize everyone has problems
 - b. if you cannot establish a relationship which encourage a level of teacher - pupil talking out problems, attempt to find someone who can establish this with child

IV. Problem of Living Healthfully

- A. Goals
 - 1. Develop coordination
 - a. simple play activities sports program
 - 2. Improve health habits
 - a. rest sleep; balance of work and play health habits, smoking, drugs
 - 3. Increase feelings of personal inadequacy curriculum and procedures within range of the childs mental potential constantly searching for new ideas to stimulate

- V. Problem of Living Safely.
 - A. Develop habits of safety
 - get the kids through routine experiences the awareness of the fact that the same kind of accident might well happen to anyone. (relate accidents to one's own life, weakness to associate)
 - 2. enforce safety regulations
 - a. walking
 - b. fire
 - c. protection of body
 - d. sharp tools eyes
 - e. give demonstration

VI. Problem of Learning through essentials necessary for adequate Living.

A. Goals

- 1. Develop an awareness of the value of sch ol
 - a. teaching in all areas of the curriculum with the emphasis on why (need and purpose) and how experience will be useful in actual living
 - continually re-inforce the requirements for getting a job and maintaining a living
 - c. solving practical problems in arithmetic; closely associated with daily living
 - d. studying community what one gets from and gives
 - e. visiting industrial and civic centers, etc.
- 2. Reconcile differences between ability and felt needs
 - a. provide wide varity of materials on ability levels (science, social studies, language arts) where ever practical, certain mechanical devices, adding, type etc., to add to appeal, second hand

VII. Problem of Acquiring Skills for Useful Living

A. Goals

- Learn purposeful, safe and correct use of tools and mechanical devices. (shop, mechanical drawing, make simple things, practice in reading and following directions)
- 2. Acquiring an understanding of existing job opportunities
 - a. listing potential job opportunities which might be available in community, for both boys and girls.

VIII. Problem of Academic Instruction and Learning

A. Goal

- 1. Increase knowledge of basic skills
 - a. Reading
 - (1) provide varied reading materials in many different interest areas (example: science, job opportunity, citizenship, biography, stories with appeal, sports, weekly readers on ability level, reading skills
 - b. Plan activities which make use of references dictionaries, encyclopedias, guides, index files, table of ontents
 - (1) teach kids to associate reading with materials which he will use in adult life (parts of newspaper - oral and student reading)
 - c. Practice reading for finding information
 - d. Language. Arts
 - (1) language development telephone etc., skills in communication
 - (a) spelling should be concentrated on words most commonly used throughout the life of an individual - selected in connection with activities in the classroom
 - (b) writing practiced daily emphasis on standard of nearness <u>Why?</u>

e. Arithmetic

(1) goal to make sure child is independent in making measurements, linear, liquid, weight, dry, square, time (clock and calendar) common price of money, money signs \$ and \$ making change, reading and writing simple decimals, roman numberals in connection with telling time, numbers of chapters, dates, percentage - savings and paying on time

IX. Pre-Vocational (Exploratory) Learning and Skill Development

A. Goals

- 1. guidance in exploratory job chances, providing experiences
- acquire realistic understanding of job opportunities in relation to own skills
- 3. develop skills necessary to prepare for employment
 - a. occupational practices in school environment
 - b. duties in room, plants, etc.

-65-