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Content Analysis Schedule for Bilingual Education

Programs: Collier County Bilingual Project.

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ABSTRACT

This content analysis schedule for the Collier County Bilingual Project of Naples, Florida, presents information on the history, funding, and scope of the project. Included are sociolinguistic process variables such as the native and dominant languages of students and their interaction. Information is provided on staff selection and the linguistic background of project teachers. An assessment is made of the duration and extent of the bilingual component, and the methods of econd language teaching in general. Included is an analysis of materials, student grouping, tutoring, curriculum patterns, and cognitive development. The report also discusses self-esteem, learning strategies, the bicultural and community components, and means of evaluation. Attached to the report is a description of the activities in a second grade Spanish bilingual class. (SK)

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PROJECT BEST

Proj. # 18 Naples, Florida

Bilingual Education Applied Research Unit
N.Y.C. Bilingual Consortium
Hunter College Division
695 Park Avenue
N.Y., N.Y.10021

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CHECK (DOCUMENTS READ FOR CONTENT ANALYSIS SCHEDULE

DATA VERIFIED BY PROJECT

Initial Proposal

2nd Year Continuation
3rd Year Continuation

(on separate C.A.S.) (Review of 2nd yn)

Cive Dates and Note if Evaluation is included in continuation.

	lst_year	2nd year	3rd year
Evaluation design			
Interim evaluation			
Final evaluation	included in	Conit	July 31, 1972
Pre-audit			1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1
Interim audit			
Final audit	Included in	Cont	July 31/972

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Project Best Bilingual Education Applied Research Unit Hunter College, 695 Park Ave., N.Y., N.Y. 10021

CONTENT ANALYSIS SCHEDULE FOR BILINGUAL EDUCATION PROGRAMS

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0.2	of Project 301	ier Joanty Lia	ingula - Logodo	
0.3 Addr	ess of Project Bo	ard of Fublic	Instruction	
	0.4 Co	llier County C	ourthouse	
•05	STATE Na	ples, Florida	33940	0.5 6
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	see Project	97 - 1969 07 - 1970 17 - 1971		1.1 97
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2.5	OCONCURRENT fundi with Title VII p 0-no concurrent fu	rogram	, if cooperating	2.5 1
2.6	Concurrent program 1-early childhood 2-elementary studen 3-secondary studen 4-teachers 0-not specified	ents (grades 1-6)		2.6 2
2.7	program:	ont funding, if confidence of the confidence of	ooperating with Title VII	2.7
2.8	Total Title VII gr	ant (first year	only)	2.8 \$55.000
2.9	Total funds for co	ncurrent prograu	(s) cooperating with	2.9 43.000
	If a UNIVERSITY is specify which:	working with the	Title VII program,	3.0 0

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... Grade level of students in program, number of classes per grade and total number of students by grouped grade levels (by second year) Number of Number of Classes Grade Classes PS-PreSchool 7-grade 7 K-Kndgtn 8-grade 8 PSK TOTAL NC. students PS and K 9-grade y B TOTAL students gr. 7-9 1-grade 1 10-grade 10 11-grade 11 2-grade 2 3-grade 3 12-grade 12 C TOTAL students gr. 10-12 4-grade 4 5-grade 5 6-grade 6 A 310 TOTAL students gr. 1-6 4.4 1 4.4 1-All classes graded 2-All classes ungraded 3-Some classes ungraded If ungraded, specify ages or grades grouped together: 5.0 PLOCESS VALIABLES - STUDENTS (Sociolinguistic) 5.1 Students Dominant and Native language interaction and cultural affiliation (Indicate number of students in each category and specify cultural affiliation in box) (Circle any information which is inferred and write INF.) I Non-English Dominant - English Dominant 5.0 No. I N-E Dom - NEIT | II E-Dom - NEIT 1. Total NE don: I Non-English N-EIT liother Tongue 180 II₂ E-Dom - EIT NEAT II₁ 65 18 II₂ E-Dom - EMT 2. Total English I-Don II₂ 115 **3**2 liother-Tongue II Total English Total E-Dom 180 50
Dominant: 180/50% II= II1+ II2 I Total Mcn-English Dominant: 180/50% English Dominant KLY: Non-English Dominart E-Dom N-EMT N-E Dom N-EMT Non-English Example: a native Spanish speaker Example: a native Spanish liother Tongue | who uses Spanish in most contacts | speaker who uses Spanish only in familiar contacts, and English though he may know English in all others; school, work. N-D Dom - EAT I-Dom - E.T. Example: (rare) a native English English Examples: 1)a native E.speaking peaking Puerto Nican child, liother Tongue acculturated American who may born in New Yorl. who returns or may not know a second lang. to Puirto ico and becomes 2) a native E. speaking Spanish dominant liexican-American child who has a minimal receptive !mowledge of Spanish, but has a Latin culture

affiliation

2 Cultural or Ethnic by number and 5 of	identification of each:	target students in	page 3 program
Indigenous American		Total Stud	of if inferred, dents check (/)
A1 Navajo	A1	C ²	
A2 Cherokee	A2		
A3 Other (specify)	A3	%	
A TOTAL No. of Amer	rican Indian A	نگر	
Americans of other	ethnic background		
B1 Hexican-American	B1 24	5 68 %	. .
B2 Puerto-lican	B2		
B3 Cuban	В3	•.•• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •	to do to do do
B4 Other Spanish-Ar	10575 00%		• • • • • •
(specify)	BA	ç. Ju	
B TOTAL No. of Spa	mish- B	, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,	* * * * * * *
speaking America	ns	••••	• • • • • •
C Portuguese-Ameri	ican C	ور مر	
D Franco-American	D		
F Chinese-American	F	<u>ئ</u> ر	
G Eskimo	G T		
H Russian	H	نر	
J Other	J		
students 3 Ethnic identity of population, if spe	English mother t	245 b8 % congue students other	
Anglo & Disc	1-		v
31	E1	5. .32 .%	Х
			• • • • •
E2	E2	⁵	
II TOTAL number of Electrical other than target	T students population	5 32%	. .
.4 Students' native 1 from dominant lang	anguage or mother puage (specify)	-	T NS
Dominant language		Native Language N	unhan Par Cont
1-English			umber Per Cent
2-Spanish		• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •	
	*******	• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •	h di que de
.5 Students' Dominant	Language and Ext	ent of Bilingualism	
Dominant language of students in pro	llumber of students	ionolingual Humber of to any	of students Bilingual extent
Number	% not spec.	No. % not or	nly listening speaking omprehension ability

	B2 B3 B4 B CDF G	Puerto-Lican Cuban Cuban Other Spanish-A (specify) TOTAL No. of Spanished Speaking American Portuguese-American Chinese-American Eskimo	nerican anish- ans ican	C D F							
		lussian Other		H J	• • • •		 زر	•	• • • • •		
	•	0 0.101	•		• • •		/	•			
I		OTAL number of N- tudents	−RIT tar _e	et	245	•	<u>Ь8</u> я		<u> </u>		
5.3		thnic identity of opulation, if spe	scified,					er than	target		
	Z 1	Anglo & Blac	ck	E1[_	5	قب	2.5	•	X		
	EZ	2		E2							
II	TO	CTAL number of E ther than target	ilT studer populati	nts ion /	15		32,9		x		
5•4	fr Do	tudents' native i rom dominant language minant language English Spanish	guage	or mother) t Native	Lan	Juage Juage		5.4	NS Cent	auda 'S San
5.4	fr Do 1- 2-	rom dominant lan oninant language -English	guage	(specify) t Native	Lang	niage.	llunber	5.4	,,	
	fr Do 1- 2- St	rom dominant language -English -Spanish	guage t Langua _l	(specify Differen ge and Ex) t Native	Lan Bili	quage ngualis	lumber	Per	Cent	al.
	Do 1- 2- St Do	rom dominant language -English -Spanish tudents' Dominan	t Language t Language ogram : S	(specify Differen ge and Ex) t Native	Lan Bili	ngualis Ilumber to any	Number	Per dents B stening ension	Cent	ing
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5.5 E A A1 A2 A3	Do 1-2-St Do of No.	rom dominant language -English -Spanish tudents' Dominant ominant language f students in pro- maker Lao English American Indian Ilavajo Cherokee	t Language	(specify Different See and Extumber of Students and Exturber.	t Native	Lan Bili guel	ngualis Ilumber to any not spec.	of stu- extent only li compreh- No.	Per dents B stening ension	Cent ilingu	ing
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5•5 E A A1 A2 A3 A4	Do D	rom dominant language English Spanish tudents Dominant cominant language f students in pro- comber Lao English American Indian Ilavajo Cherokee Keresan Other (spec.	t Language ogram	(specify Different See and Extumber of Students and Exturber.	t Native	Languel S	ngualis Ilumber to any not spec.	of stu- extent only li compreh- No.	Per dents B stening ension	Cent ilingu	ing
5•5 E A A1 A2 A3 A4 B C	Do D	rom dominant language English Spanish tudents Dominant ominant language f students in pro- umber English American Indian Ilavajo Cherokee Keresan Other (spec. 80 Spanish Portuguese	t Language t Language specific specif	(specify Different ge and Extumber of Students and Extudents and Extuden	t Native	Languel S	ngualis Humber to any not spec.	of stuextent only li compreh	Per dents B stening ension	Cent ilingu	ing
5 • 5 E A A1 A2 A3 A4 B C D	Do D	rom dominant language English Spanish tudents' Dominant ominant language f students in pro- omber BO English American Indian Ilavajo Cherokee Keresan Other (spec. 80 Spanish Portuguese French	t Language t Language specific services and services are services and services are services ar	(specify Different See and Exturber of Students and Exturber of Student	tent of	Languel S	ngualis Ilumber to any not spec.	of stuestent only licomprehensies.	Per dents B stening ension	Cent ilingu	ing
5.5 E A A1 A2 A3 A4 B C D F	Do D	rom dominant language -English -Spanish tudents' Dominant ominant language f students in pro- omber English American Indian Ilavajo Cherokee Keresan Other (spec. 80 Spanish Portuguese French Chinese	t Language t Language specific services and services are services and services are services ar	(specify Different See and Exturber of Students and Exturber of Student	tent of	Lan	ngualis Ilumber to any not spec.	of stuextent only licompreh No.	Per dents B stening ension	Cent ilingu	ing
5 • 5 E A A1 A2 A3 A4 B C D	Do D	rom dominant language English Spanish tudents' Dominant ominant language f students in pro- omber BO English American Indian Ilavajo Cherokee Keresan Other (spec. 80 Spanish Portuguese French	t Language t Language specific services and services are services and services are services ar	(specify Different See and Exturber of Students and Exturber of Student	tent of	Lan	ngualis Ilumber to any not spec.	of stuextent only li compreh No.	Per dents B stening ension	Cent ilingu	ing
5.5 E A A1 A2 A3 A4 B C D F G	Do D	rom dominant language -English -Spanish tudents' Dominant ominant language f students in presentation Important language Cherokee Keresan Other (spec. 80 Spanish Portuguese French Chinese Eskimo	t Language ogram	(specify Different See and Exturber of Students and Exturber of Student	tent of	Lan	ngualis Ilumber to any not spec.	of stuextent only licompreh No.	Per dents B stening ension	Cent ilingu	ing

				page 4
5.6	Recruitment of S	tudents:		5.6 0
	0 - not specif			,
	1 - English No	ther Tongue and	d Nor F which liother Tongue	
	2 - Only N-MIT	re required to are required	t program, MIT's parti	al program icipation
	TO ACTITION	T.A	cipation is voluntary	
	<i>y</i> 20 m. 12:1 w	nd nami parti	cipation is voluntary	
5.7	Proportion of Ann.s. not specif	T pupils in pro ied on the char	oject area: see Chart C rt	5.7 <u>52%</u>
5.8	Community Charac	teristics (mar)	ally that apply)	5.8 4
	0 - not specif:	ied	PF-0,	, <u></u>
	1 inner city 2 major city	-ghetto		
	3 - small city	+01m on miles	u.L.	
	4 - iural	, cown or subur	ro	
	5 other (spec	cify)		
5 C				22
2.7	(indicate spec	status of N-1 cific percent of	TT participating students	5.9 A. 90
	B. Average family	income. if me	entioned	מ
	n.snot specif	Cied		В.
5 10	Coais seemement			00
J. 10	(indicate enecid	status of im	participating students	5.10 00
	n.a not applic	able (no EMT)	low SES on the blank)	
	00 - not specif	ied		
	_			
5.11	Proportion of mi	grant students	s in project	5.11 55
	(Indicate specifins not specifins	ic percent)		
	mese not specif	. Teu		
6.0 SOC	CIOLINGUISTIC SURV	EX		
	7			
6.1	Project states th	at a socioling		6.1 I 0
		I for N-IN group	II for	II
	1 was made	n-an Group	II group	
	2 will be made	Company of the s	Profit de Chal de 1	
	o not mentioned	h = +	4 4 0 4 dual e	
	TO . .		1 Bank (6 % 1	** 4
6.2	If a sociolinguis	tic survey was	or will be made,	6.2 I NA
	mark all groups	Included: I N-EMT	II EM	II
	1 parents	1 11-12-11	II Eil	
	2 children			
	3 teachers			
	4 community		****	
	5 others .	No. of Concession, Spinster, Spinste	Haring all all and a second	
	(specify)			

6.3 Language dominance of N-MIT groups (check A_parents, B_children, C_teachers) will be determined by the extent each language is used in different domains through various means of communication.

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0 - no 1 - ir 2 - ma 3 - sm 4 - 11	of characteristics of specified mer city-shetto ajor city mall city, town or aral cher (specify)		(﴿ وَمَا رَامِهِ	5.6
(indi B. Avera	e-economic status of cate specific peroge family income, not specified	ent of low SES)	pating students	5.9 A. 90 B.
(indica	econonomic status of the specific percent not applicable (no not specified	t of low SES on	ting students the blank)	5.10 00
(Indica	ion of migrant stute specific percent of specified	dents in project t)	t.	5.11 <u>55</u>
6.0 SOCIOLINGUI	STIC SURVEY			
6.1 Project	states that a soci I for	olinguistic surv	rey:	6.1 I 0
		up II grou		** ** *** *
. 1 was m	ade	_	-	
	be made			
o not m	entioned			
6.2 If a soc mark al	iolinguistic surve l groups included: I N-EMT	y was or will be	nade,	6.2 I NA
1 paren	2 4 4 4 4 4			
2 child		•		
3 teach		• • • • • • • •		
4 comu		***		
5 other	ecify)			
6.3 Language will be through	dominance of N-Hr determined by the various neans of ecify extent descri	extent each lan communication. iptively: never,	A_parents, B_ chi guage is used in di sometimes, always	
•	USE NON-ENGL		use english	0
DOMAINS:	LISTENING SPEAKING	EADING WITIN	G LISTENING SPEAKIN	G EADING VEITING
1 Home				
2 Church		41 · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·		
3 School				
4 Work				
5 Socializing	¹	*****		
6 Neighborhood	•		•	
8 ibcoming	, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,			1******
o ragazines, new 9 Others	A			
(specify)				

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, 6.4	If not included in survey, how was student's determined?	language I	dominance	page 5
	1-inferred by use of surname 2-established by formal testing of students 3-assessed by informal means (specify how) 4-not mentioned	N-EIT X	EIT	
6.5	Sociolinguistic Survey includes: (check all to An analysis to determine if an interlangua in the community, (e.g., a mixture of two which serves as a single system of community a group of people). 1-yes 0-no	ige exists	3	6.5 <u>NA</u>
•	Attitudes toward maintenance or shift:			
6.6	N-Eff parents' attitudes toward maintenanc N-Eff in particular domains of use or computo English 1-yes 0-no	e of chil lete shif	₫¹s t	6.6 NA
6.7	FIT parents attitudes toward their childrent of the N-FIT language 1-yes 0-no	en's lear	ning	6.7 NA
6.8	Children's own attitudes regarding the second they are learning and the speakers of that 1-yes 0-no	ond langua language	age	6.8 NA
6.9	If not included in survey how were parental community attitudes toward N-E-T maintenance determined? 1-will not be assessed 2-will be assessed, method not specified 3-has been or will be assessed by method ot sociolinguistic survey (specify how) ques	e	re given	6.9 <u>3</u>
			1 Committ	
6.10	1-After sociolinguistic survey is made, how deprogram? (specify) (e.g. transfer or maintenance) 0-not mentioned	000 dd d		6.10 NA
7.0 ST	AFF SELECTION			
7.1	Linguistic background of project teachers, by r (indicate non-English language in each box)	umber in	each categ	ory:

(if any information is not specified, cross out that

Language dominance not specified

Mother tongue not specified

	a group of people).	
•	1-yes 0-no	
•	Attitudes toward maintenance or shift:	
6.6	N-Eff parents' attitudes toward maintenance of child's N-Eff in particular domains of use or complete shift to English 1-yes 0-no	6.6_NA
6.7	ETT parents' attitudes toward their children's learning of the N-ETT language 1-yes 0-no	6.7 NA
6.8	Children's own attitudes regarding the second language they are learning and the speakers of that language 1-yes 0-no	6.8 NA
6.9	If not included in survey how were parental and/or community attitudes toward N-EIT maintenance determined? 1-will not be assessed 2-will be assessed, method not specified 3-has been or will be assessed by method other than sociolinguistic survey (specify how) questionnaire given	6.9 3
	of Bilingual Commit	tee
6.10	<pre>1-After sociolinguistic survey is made, how does it influence program? (specify) (e.g. transfer or maintenance instructional programs) 0-not mentioned</pre>	6.10 <u>NA</u>
7.0 STA	AFF SELECTION	
7.1	Mother tongue not specified specified, of	mation is not cross out that complete the
	I N E Dom. NEMT II E Dom EMT II E Dom EMT II B II A II B III B II B III B	No. % 50. 50. 6. 50. 6. 50. 6. 50.

of Teachers

N ...12...

Eval p.2

7.2 Linguistic back	ground of project aid	es or paraprofes	sionals. by n	umber:	
Language d	nglish language in eacominance not specified gue not specified ied whether monolingu	d or bilingual	(If any info specified, heading and rest of the	cross of comple	ut that
	A Monolingual	E Bilingual	7.2	No.	%
I N-E Dom N-FMT		6	I A I B II A	<u></u>	<u>©</u>
II E Dom EMT		:	II B II A II 1 B		
II E Dom 1 N-EIT			1115	A O B 6	
A Total Number Monolingual	B Total Number Bilingual6	N Total Number of aides or paraprofessi 6 (inf	onals	N <u>. 6</u>	
7.3 Language(s) use (Mark all that	d by bilingual teacher	rs:		7.3_18	الموادية .
1-Bilingual tea	chers teach in only or	ne language			
1a-Biling dominar Biling native	ual teachers who teacher that language, whether that teachers who teachers who teachers the language: 1b-only if native language in the langu	n in only one lathat is their nan in only one late guage is also the guage is not the	tive or seconnguage teach eir dominant ir dominant 1	d langua in their language anguage	r
2-Bilingual tead regardless of	chers teach in both the which is their dominar	neir native and a nt language.	second langua	ge,	 5
0-language(s)us	ed by teachers not spe	ecified			
7.4 Language(s) used (Nark all that	l by bilingual aides capply)	or paraprofession	nals:	7.4	2
1a-Bilingual atheir domination illingual aide 1b-only if national aide 1c-oven if national aide 2-Bilingual aide	s instruct in both th	only one language or not it is to large to their dominant language. Their dominant language and a seir native and a	heir native l ch in their <u>n</u> l.ngu.ge angunge		ang.:
regardless of	which is their domina	int Janguage		0-1	4

	Total Number	N Total Number of aides or	II A II B II A II A	
Monolingual	Bilingual6	paraprofessionals	ŀ	
7.3 Language(s) used b		5 :	7.3_1	a,1c,2
1-Bilingual teache	rs teach in only on	e language		
		in only one languag hat is their native		
<u>native</u> la 1b- 1c-	nguage: only if native lang	in only one languaguage is also their do	lominant languag	e _
	rs teach in both the	eir native and secon	d language,	 5
0-language(s)used	by teachers not spe	cified		
7.4 <u>Language(s) used b</u> (Mark all that app	y bilingual aides o	r paraprofessionals:	7.4	2
1a-Bilingual aid their <u>dominan</u> ilingual aides 1b-only if nativ 1c-oven if nativ 1-0 not specifie 2-Bilingual aides	t language, whether who instruct in only to language is also to language is not to	only one language te or not it is their y one lang. teach in their dominant langua heir dominant language eir native and secon	native language n their <u>native</u> l L.ge nge	ang.:
O-language(s) used	by bilingual aides	not specified		
7.5 <u>Cultural affiliati</u> number and percent	on of teachers, aid	es, project director ply) Specify culture	and evaluators affiliation.	by
6.2 A. Teachers No. %	B. Aides No. %	C. Proj. Director D		io. %
Cuban 3 25 M	exican- b 100	Anglo <	Anglo_	
Mexican-American 0				
Ecuador 1 6				
Anglo 8 67 O-not specified		***********		

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Eval P.2

7.6	Selection of N-MiT teachers from local community 0-not specified 7.6 No. % Number of N-MiT program teachers from local community and % of total N-MiT teachers.
7.7	Number and Proportion of teachers and aides of same cultural background as N-AIT students: indicate specific percent on the blank, or if specified descriptively, 1-few 2-some B = aides 3-many 4-most 5-more than half 0-not specified
7.8	Teacher Qualifications - Training prior to project (Indicate number of teachers with each qualification, 7.8 11.2,3.4.8.9 if given)
a.	n.squalifications not specified O-previous courses not specified Leacher must meet a specified level of language proficiency on a standardized proficiency test of the non-English language through which (s)he will instruct Leacher must meet a specified level of communicative competence in the non-English language determined by a structured interview previous teaching through N-ENT (in country where it is a native language, in Peace Corps) Language, in Peace Corps) Courses in N-ENT language structure and usage courses in N-ENT language structure and usage courses in N-E literature content (e.g. Social Studies) courses learned through N-ENT courses in teaching ESL courses in teaching ESL courses in methods of teaching N-ENT language Lacurses in methods of teaching content (e.g. math)in N-ENT certification in ESL certification in teaching N-ENT cross cultural courses courses in the cultural heritage, values, deep culture of N-ENT cother qualifications, specify
8.0 8	STAFF DEVELOPMENT 8.1 A 2.4 B NS
8:.]	O-No staff training mentioned The project is offering training for teachers A. For B. For Para- and for paraprofessionals in the following areas: Teachers professionals, (mark all that apply)
1-1 23 3-1	English as their second language The teaching of English as a second language Y as their second language The teaching of X as a second language The teaching of X

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4-most
5-more than half
0-not specified

7.8	Teacher Qualifications - Training prior to project (Indicate number of teachers with each qualification, 7.8	11,2,3,4,8,9
	n.squalifications not spcified	_
	O-previous courses not specified	third year
	teacher must meet a specified level of language profistandardized proficiency test of the non-English language	guage through
	which (s)he wil instruct teacher must meet a specified level of communicative	competence in
	the non-English language determined by a structured previous teaching through N-ENT (in country where it	interview is a native
	language, in Peace Corps) previous teaching in local area	
	5. courses in N-Eff language structure and usage	
	6. courses in N-E literature 7. content (e.g. Social Studies) courses learned through	h N-ET
	3 any previous education through N-AIT	
	2 courses in teaching ESL courses in methods of teaching N-HIT language	v mm (IA · ad ·)
all	10. courses in methods of teaching n-Hill language 11 12 courses in methods of teaching content (e.g. math)i 12. certification in ESL	n N-MIT (18 in Syr.)
	13. certification in teaching N-MIT	
	1/. cross cultural courses	······································
	15. courses in the cultural heritage, values, deep cult	are or N-Mir
	16. other qualifications, specify	
8.0 ST	AFF DEVELOPMENT 8.1 A 2	4
	. B NS	
₫ . 1	O-No staff training mentioned The project is offering training for teachers A. For B	For Pres
0.1	and or paraprofessionals in the following areas: Teachers p (mark all that apply)	rofessionals
n.s.	-Training indicated, but nature not specified	en de de de de
	glish as their second language	de the comments of
3-11	e teaching of English as a second language x	
(4)Th	as their second language e teaching of X as a second language	Cont. p.68
5-116	thods of teaching other acadenic subjects	
6-110	and of scaciffe o met academic subjects	See Kerox
-11E	thods of teaching other academic subjects	Copy 7a
in	thods of teaching other academic subjects X language	Copy 7a
in	Thods of teaching other academic subjects X language	See Xerox Copy 7a Students
in 8.2	I language Stated goals of teacher training are: 8.2 II	Students I N-EMT II EMT
in 8.2 1-Un	Stated goals of teacher training are: 8.2 II derstanding of socio-cultural values and practices or	Students I N-EMT II EMT
in 8.2 1-Un 2-Cr	I language Stated goals of teacher training are: 8.2 II	Students I N-EMT II EMT
in 8.2 1-Un 2-Cr 3-Se 4-/w	Stated goals of teacher training are: 8.2 II derstanding of socio-cultural values and practices or coss-cultural training ensitivity to ethnocentricism and linguistic snobbery vareness of the social-emotional development of	Students I N-EMT II EMT
in 8.2 1-Un 2-Cr 3-Se 4-/w 5-St	Stated goals of teacher training are: 8.2 II derstanding of socio-cultural values and practices or coss-cultural training ensitivity to ethnocentricism and linguistic snobbery	Students I N-EMT II EMT
in 8.2 1-Un 2-Cr 3-Se 4-Aw 5-St st 6-St	Stated goals of teacher training are: 8.2 II derstanding of socio-cultural values and practices or coss-cultural training ensitivity to ethnocentricism and linguistic snobbery gareness of the social-emotional development of crategies for accomodating the different learning cyles of crategies for cognitive development of crategi	Students I N-EMT II EMT
in 8.2 1-Un 2-Cr 3-Se 4-Av 5-St st 6-St 7-St	Stated goals of teacher training are: 8.2 II derstanding of socio-cultural values and practices of coss-cultural training ensitivity to ethnocentricism and linguistic snobbery gareness of the social-emotional development of crategies for accomodating the different learning cyles of crategies for cognitive development of crategies for reinforcing the self-esteem of crategies for reinforcing the self-esteem of	I N-EMT II EMT
in 8.2 1-Un 2-Cr 3-Se 4-/AV 5-St 8-St 7-St 8-Me	Stated goals of teacher training are: 8.2 II derstanding of socio-cultural values and practices or coss-cultural training ensitivity to ethnocentricism and linguistic snobbery gareness of the social-emotional development of crategies for accomodating the different learning cyles of crategies for cognitive development of crategies for reinforcing the self-esteem of ethods of cross-cultural teaching or teaching the	Students I N-EMT II EMT
in 8.2 1-Un 2-Cr 3-Se 4-/w 5-St 6-St 7-St 8-Me bicu 9-Fo	Stated goals of teacher training are: 8.2 II Inderstanding of socio-cultural values and practices or coss-cultural training ensitivity to ethnocentricism and linguistic snobbery vareness of the social-emotional development of crategies for accomodating the different learning cyles of crategies for reinforcing the self-esteem of crategies for reinforcing the self-esteem of chods of cross-cultural teaching or teaching the altural component companies of pupil performance objectives	Students I N-EMT II EMT
in 8.2 1-Un 2-Cr 3-Se 4-Av 5-St 6-St 7-St 8-Me bicu 9-Fo	Stated goals of teacher training are: 8.2 II derstanding of socio-cultural values and practices or coss-cultural training ensitivity to ethnocentricism and linguistic snobbery areness of the social-emotional development of crategies for accomodating the different learning cyles of crategies for cognitive development of crategies for reinforcing the self-esteem of chods of cross-cultural teaching or teaching the altural component	Students I N-EMT II EMT

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SUBJECT: OBJECTIVES

Component - Staff Development

This component will participate in all the in-service workshops provided by the Collier County Board of Education. These have not been published as of this writing, therefore, this list will be made available on request. In addition, the Bilingual Project will provide consultant services for the teachers in the areas of Language Development, Culture and Heritage. These workshops will provide methods in the teaching of English as a Second Language. The teaching of English as the Dominant Language will be part of the local commitment as the teaching of Science and Math. The project will provide workshops for the teaching of English Second Language, Spanish Second Language and Spanish Dominant Language. It will be expected that the teachers in each of the above mentioned categories will be evaluated by the Consultants as members of their staff. In addition, they will be evaluated by the Project Director. This will insure that methods which were taught in the workshops are being used as adapted to the individual classroom. There have been specific objectives written for this area. We are going to follow the plan where the services will be provided in the central areas where needed. For example, we might plan for a workshop in the use of video equipment in the classroom. We later find that we are duplicating a workshop that the county is providing.

8.3 Methods of Teacher Training	g: (Mark all that apply)	page 8 8.3 1.3
1-courses 2-experiential, teaching supe 3-workshops where teachers of 4-use of video-tapes of teach 5-cross-cultural sensitivity 6-interaction analysis (e.g. 7-other (specify)	fer suggestions to each other nersfor feedback on how they are do	Audit p.2
8.4 Project provides released talls for joint lesson planni	ime to teachers and paraproffesion- ng: 1-yes 0- not mentioned	8.4 _0
	Ofessionol - 'A-	t 8.5 0
8.6 Paraprofessional's role:		8.6 3,4,2,6 Cont. p. 55
1-teaching whole class 2-teaching small groups 3-tutoring individually 4-clerical	-	Cont. p. 55
5-contributing to bisultural how? 6-liaison with parents	component	
	s and paraprofessionals is given by A for teachers B for aides	z: 8.7 A O
8.8 Number and Proportion of persection are: 1-bilingual 2-bicultural 3-N-ENT (specify background)	sonnel giving teacher training who	8.8 1 NS %
8.9 Training is provided: 1-during a summer session 2-during the academic year 3-other (specify)		8.9 <u>NS</u>
8.10 Extent of training: A 1-approximately equivalent to a college course 2-more than one course 3-less than one course 4-other (specify)	B (indicate no. of hours) 5 weekly 6 monthly 7 bi-monthly	8.10 NS 85 6 7
8.11 Number and Proportion of teac	chers attending training.	no. %

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8.5 Project provides for parapr toward eventual certificati How? (specify)	ofessionals to reconstant	eive course credit entioned	8.5
8.6 Paraprofessional's role:			8.6 3,4,2,6
1-teaching whole class 2-teaching small groups 3-tutoring individually 4-clerical 5-contributing to bisultural how? 6-liaison with parents	component	-	Cont. p. 55
8.7 Training for project teache (mark all that apply) 0-not specified 1-University faculty 2-project's Master Teachers 3-project's teachers 4-other (specify)	rs and paraprofess A for teachers	ionals is given by B for aides	
8.8 Number and Proportion of peare: 1-bilingual 2-bicultural 3-N-EIT (specify background)	rsonnel giving tea	cher training who	8.81 NS 2 = = = = = = = = = = = = = = = = = =
8.9 Training is provided: 1-during a summer session 2-during the academic year 3-other (specify)			8.9 <u>NS</u>
8.10 Extent of training: A1-approximately equivalent to college course 2-more than one course 3-less than one course 4-other (specify)	6	no. of hours) weelly monthly bi-monthly	8.10 <u>NS</u> 85 6 7
0-not specified 6 1-100% 7 2-more than 75% 8	eachers attending f specified descripemost -many -fet -other (specify)	ptively, indicate:	8.11 NS
9.0 TEACHERS' ATTITUDES			
9.1 Teachers attitudes are asse 0-not mentioned 1-to N-EMT language or dialec 2-to N-EMT students - expecta 3-to N-EMT culture	t tions of achievement		9.17
4-prior to participation in b 5-after project training 6-after participation for a p through a questionnaire 8-other (specify)	period of time in pr		

·	
10.0 STAFF PATTERNS	page 9
1-team teaching 2-cluster teaching 3-shared resource teacher 4-aides or paraprofessionals	1,2
5-consultant psychotherapist or guidance counselor 6-other (specify)	
10.3 Average number of pupils per class: 0-not specified 10.3	30
10.4 Average number of aides or paraprofessionals per class: 10.4	1
10.5 Average number of N-FIT or bilingual aides (or parapprofessionals) per clas: 0-not specified	1
10.6 Special aide to pupils having most difficulty in learning is given: 1-individually by: 3-teacher 2-in small groups 4-special remedial teacher 5-paraprofessional 6-parent tutor 7-older student tutor 8-peer tutor 9-not specified 10-no special help given	1,5
11.0 INSTRUCTIONAL COMPONENT - DUMATION AND EXTENT OF BILINGUAL COMPONENT	
11.1 Duration of Bilingual Education (policy) I II II1	
M-Fit language will be maintained in program: E DON E DON E DON (mark all that apply) O-not specified how long 1-as the alternative language of learning for as long as desired	
2-as the medium of instruction for special subject matter (e.g. cultural heritage) 3-only for the length of time necessary for X X X the acquisition of sufficient English to	
permit learning of academic content at an acceptable level in English II II	3
11.2 How many years does project state is optimal for instruction - 11.2 for N-EIT group through N-EIT language to continue?	4
0-not mentioned if for a particular number of years:	

C-mot specified	En Brotherson & Brook Brook Brook Brook	de transfer to		-	10.9	
10.4 Average numb	er of aides o	r paraprofessions	els per c	lass:	10.4 _ 1	
10.5 Average numb professional 0-not specified	er of N-Fill o	r bilingusl aides	s (or par	<u>e</u> -	10.5 _1_	10-10-10-10-1
10.6 Special aide is given: 1-individually 2-in small grou 0-not specified	by: 3- ps 4- 5- 6- 7- 8- 9-	teacher special remedial paraprofessional parent tutor older student tut peer tutor not specified -no special help	teacher for	,	10.6 _1.	5
11.0 INSTRUCTIONAL				LINGUAL CON	PONENT	
11.1 Duration of 1				II .	II ₁	
0-not specified	apply) how long	ained in program:		e doi emp	e dom Neat	
1-as the alternation for as long as 2-as the medium	s desired of instruction	on for special		de uilfingdan vib .ci	enduques 1	
3-only for the l the acquisition	r (e.g. cultu length of time on of sufficie	ral heritage) e necessary for ent English to c content at an	X		X	7
acceptable lev	rel in English	n			11.1 I II	<u>3</u> 3
11.2 How many year for N-HIT gro	s does project oup through N	ct state is optimed of the control o	al for in continue?	struction	11.2	4
0-not mentioned if for a particular 2 3 4 5 6	7 8 9 10)				
(if specified in e.g. "if a chil	n terms of a c d begins lear	condition, please ming in H-MT and ntinue through hig	d Emalish	in Pro-K		
Duration of Biling	ual Education	(in practice) (l	ark all	that apply)	
11.3 <u>Second langua</u> code: C= N.A	. (if no Mit)	s introduced in w	hich grad	le:	11.3 I	4 4 .
for each group I M-E DOM IIEDOM	N.A. Pre-K	K 1 2 3 4		-	11 12	4
II DOM/NEWT	** **	to the state of th	1 4 4 1 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4	6 46 a 10 6 a 10 6 a 1	1/4 1 Maid	

•				page 10
11.4 The current pr	roject will be linged	to a future Bili	ingual	
Program at the	e indicated grade lev	el: (indicate spe	ecific grade)	
00	0 not gra	des		. 14 Voc.
code: (if	no Eff)mentioned .1-	3 4-6 7-9 10-	12 13-colloge	training
T~!! JXXI				
II 3-0% - MT	••••			
II1 E-DOM/NEIT			2 4 -44	
			• •	i.
code: 13=0c 14=Fc	ollege or University ederal, State, or Pri	(Other profession vate Vocational 3	nal training) 1 Job tr aining	11.4 I . 4 I ₂ . 4 II . 4
1.5 Second Languag	ge learning for Engli	sh dominant stude	ents is 1	11.5 In 4
projected thro	ough grade:			1.5 I _{2.} 4
00	0 if 0 not grade	S		* ****
code: no	EIT specified 1 2	3 4 5 6 7	8 9 10 11	12
II EM				
IL N-MIT/E Dom				
·	1.400	mer term a defen andere tempera grapus		
1.6 Learning in th	neir native language	for Non-English d	lominant 1	1.6 4
students is pr	rojected through grad	A:		
O=not specified/0	Grade 1 2 3 4 5	67 Ω C 10 1	1 12	
o mo o production	,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,	0 1 8 9 10 1	11 12	
14 77 Was amount of				
11.7 The amount of	instructional time in	n and through the	eir native lang	nage
per day for N-	-MIT students who are	N-P dominant for		
L		ner dominatio 18	•	
E mm = = = = = = = = = = = = = = = = =		11-L dominant 18		
	cified m=math s = se			
			al studies	
code: 0=not spec	cified m=math s = so	cience ss = soci	al studies	e per day of
code: O=not spec	cified m=math s = so Total Min. per	cience ss = soci 11.8 Subjects taugh	al studies 11.9 It % of time	
code: O=not spectal.7 liin. per day of instruction	cified m=math s = so Total Min. per day of any	cience ss = soci 11.8 Subjects taugh in native lang	al studies 11.9 t % of tim instruct	ich "
code: C=not spectifin. per day of instruction through N-ENT	cified m=math s = so Total Min. per day of any	cience ss = soci 11.8 Subjects taugh in native lang	al studies 11.9 t % of tim instruct	ich "
code: O=not spectal.7 Ilin. per day of instruction through N=FNT	Total Min. per day of any instruction	cience ss = soci 11.8 Subjects taugh in native lang	11.9 It % of time through the K	ich N-MT
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code: O=not spectal.7 iiin. per day of instruction through N=FNT NS NS	Total Min. per day of any instruction NS NS	11.8 Subjects taugh in native lang	al studies 11.9 It % of time instruct through Pre K 1	N-DIT
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code: O=not spectal	Total Min. per day of any instruction NS NS NS	11.8 Subjects taugh in native lang	al studies 11.9 It % of time instruct through Pre K 2 3 4	M-HT
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code: O=not spectal.7 llin. per day of instruction through -FIT NS NS NS NS	Total Min. per day of any instruction NS NS NS	11.8 Subjects taughin native lang	al studies 11.9 It % of time instruct through Pre K 1 2 3 4 5 6	M-MT
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code: O=not spectal.7 iiin. per day of instruction through II-FIT NS NS NS NS	Total Min. per day of any instruction NS NS NS	11.8 Subjects taugh in native lang NS	al studies 11.9 It % of time instruct through Pre K 1 2 3 4 5 6 7	MENT
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code: O=not spectal	Total Min. per day of any instruction NS NS NS	11.8 Subjects taughin native lang	al studies 11.9 It % of time instruct through Pre K 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 19 10 11	MENT
code: C=not spectal	Total Min. per day of any instruction NS NS NS	11.8 Subjects taughin native lang	11.9 11.9 11.9 12.1 12.1 13.1 14.5 15.6 19.1 10.1 11.1 12.	MENT
11.7 ilin. per day of instruction through H-FIT NS NS NS NS	Total Min. per day of any instruction NS NS NS	11.8 Subjects taugh in native lang NS NS NS NS NS NS NS NS NS N	11.9 11.9 11.9 12.1 12.1 13.1 14.5 15.6 19.1 10.1 11.1 12.	MENT
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11.7 NS NS NS NS NS NS NS NS NS N	Total Min. per day of any instruction NS NS NS Instructional time indents who are English	11.8 Subjects taugh in native lang NS	al studies 11.9 It % of time instruct through Pre K 11.2 3.4 5.6 7.8 19.10 11.12 eir native land N-EIT, E dom s 11.12	METT 50 50 50 guage

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			ts who are											•	
	-	-		J.											
	code: 0 =	not spe	cified N.A	. = n	ot a	pli	cabl.e	, no	N-	ΕΠ	, E	dom	stud	ents	Į.
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	through N-E														
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6 7 8 9 10											5.6.7.8.9.10.11				

page 11 11.13 2

11.13 1-Program is one-way - only non-English liother Tongue students (including N-EIT-English dominant). English liother tongue students do not receive instruction in a second language

O-no English Mother tongue students

2-two way: 5MT learn Spanish as a second language

11.14 The amount of instructional time in and through their second language for pupils who are native speakers of English is:

code: 0 = not specified N.A. = not applicable, no English IT students

	11.14 Hin. per day of instruction through N-EMT	Total min. per day of any instruction	11.15 Subjects taught in second lang.	11.16 % of time per day of instruction through N-cfT
FreK		d		Pre K
. 1	NS	NS	NS	1150
• 2	NS	NS	ŊŞ	2 50
3	NS	NS	NŞ	<i>3</i> 50
Ĺ			· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	
5				
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ç	1		1	9
10		1		10
11	1	1		_111
12		1		112
1~			*	

11.17 lixed or separate language usage by teacher and/or aide in the classroom (mar: all that apply)

11.17 ._3__

0-not specified

1-languages are never mixed by either the teacher, aide or the pupil in any one class period; only one language is used.

Cont p.25 See Xerox Copy 11 b

2-the second language is used exclusively by the teacher, aide and pupils during at least one portion of the school day.

3-the teacher uses one language exclusively within a class period; pupils are allowed to use either native or second language.

4-the teacher uses only one language; however, the aide or paraprofessional uses another during the same class period; students may use either.

5-the teacher reinforces any conversation initiated by the child through the use of whichever language the child has used at the time.

6-constant switching from one language to another by teacher during lesson.

7-the teacher uses English and the paraprofessional then translates the same material for N-ENT pupils.

8-other (summarize)

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	nin. per day of instruction through N-IT	Total min. per day of any instruction	Subjects taught in second lang.	% of time per day of instruction through N-EAT
PreK	ļ			
. 1	NS			
~ 3	N\$		NS	
4	ļ	1		1. 1
5	·	4		5
0 7	· · · ·			7
8	1			8
9	(4		. 5
10			· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	, 10
11 12		•••••		11. 12.
1~	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·		}. •	m - 1 - 7 - 1 - 1 - 1 - 1 - 1 - 1 - 1 - 1

11.17 lixed or separate language usage by teacher and/or aide in the classroom (mark all that apply)

11.17 __3__

Cont p.25

0-not specified

1-languages are never mixed by either the teacher, aide or the pupil in any one class period; only one language is used.

See Xerox Copy 11b

2-the second language is used exclusively by the teacher, aide and pupils during at least one portion of the school day.

3-the teacher uses one language exclusively within a class period; pupils are allowed to use either native or second language.

4-the teacher uses only one language; however, the aide or paraprofessional uses another during the same class period; students may use either.

5-the teacher reinforces any conversation initiated by the child through the use of whichever language the child has used at the time.

6-constant switching from one language to another by teacher during lesson.

7-the teacher uses English and the paraprofessional then translates the same material for N-ENT pupils.

8-other (summarize)

12.0 METHODS OF SECOND LANGUAGE TEACHING

(Mark all that apply; some projects may use a combination of methods)

1-Audio-lingual habit skills or behavioral approach. Emphasis on communication. Includes contrastive analysis of sounds (units) in both languages by teacher and students, student repitition of tapes and/or fluent teachers' model sentence patterns until responses are automatic. Structural drills and dialogues are systematically presented. Includes direct association between object and word in second language in a sequence of patterns learned in complete sentences. Inductive-generalizations drawn from examples.

See Xerexs
Copy 11.b-

2-Transformational-cognitive approach
Acquiring an understanding of the structural patterns or
grammatical rules of a language.

1

BILINGUAL PROCEDURES

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BILINGUAL PROCEDURES

A. COMPONENT NAME Instructional

B. DOMINANT LANGUAGE Spanish/SL

C. GRADE LEVEL

children learn and are able to function in a second To insure that Anglo PROGRAM OBJECTIVES: PROCESS

> (Includes name or description H. PERFORMANCE OBJECTIVE Speaking of instrument)

Date or Frequency of Measurement EVALUATION

Responsible Person(s)

reporting including Data collecting and due date

tanguage

or respond in English. The evaluation will be the evaluation of how well the children meet the Spanish using Lets Speak Spanish II. The room environment will be conducive to Spanish instructhem in Spanish, even though they may question The teacher's instruction will be entirely in Spanish from the children and will respond to tion. The teacher will expect responses in objectives.

LISTENING

reading to them in Spanish. The classes, of course phere. The rooms will be entirely free of any slgn struments but to so list statements from the parent order that the children receive this type of atmos-The teacher's methods will come under The teacher will provide varied experiences, i.e., will be conducted entirely in Spanish Language in We do not plan to use formal reaction inparents, who will be invited to visit the classconstant evaluation by the Project Director and of English.

Project Director **Parents**

Semi-annually

Monthly Daily

Anecdotal records

Tapes

Inter-American/Oral Reaction papers 2a-inductive -generative approach: through listening to communication, perhaps of peers, and attempting the new language in situations which call for the student to generate sentences - test his understanding. (the way native language is acquired)
Includes direct association between object, picture or action and word in second language.

2b-deductive - the cognitive code approach: through initial formal study and analysis of grammatical structures, then applying them through examples, i.e. answering questions, or transforming affirmative sentences to negative, declarative to interrogative, active to passive.

Grammar - Translation Method
Formal study of rules of grammar and translation from first language
to second. Emphasis on reading in second language rather than using
it for oral communication.

13.0 DOMINANT AND SECOND LANGUAGE SKILLS SEQUENCE

AL-N* Language Skills Sequence (*Audiolingual Nethod: listening, speaking, reading and writing)

	I		•		Ū	II		
	Non Eng				En	g dor	n	
	stude			_	st	uden	ts	
A	in dom	В	in	A	in	dom	B	in
	lang		second		laı	ng		second
			lang					lang

O = not specified (Use not applicable (n.a.) if project has no Eng. dom. students)

13.1 Second language listening-speaking skills are learned:	-			13	IIB 1
1-concurrently with dominant language listening-speaking skills 2-after a specified level of compe-	ge	.X.		.X .	
tency achieved in listening-speal: skills in dominant language	ing				
3-a specified period of time after listening-speaking skills in domin	nent	trebuda-r		***************************************	
language taught 4-before any specified level of lis- tening-speaking competence achieve	 .a	****		***************************************	
in cominant language	a	p 4 4-4		12	.2 IA 1
13.2 ALM sequence followed: 1-Listening-speaking proficiency				(1)	IB 1 IIA 1
precedes introduction of reading 2-leading is taught concurrently		. X		*	IIB 1
with listening-speaking skills 3-Learning to read overlaps learning of listening-speaking skills	**************************************		* ******		
4-There is some overlap between learning to read and to write	*****		fredodes	Artema	
C 2330 0000 00 W2200	*****	destinate.	\$11 600 . #	• • • •	

to negative, declarative to interrogative, active to passive.

Grammar - Translation Method

Formal study of rules of grammar and translation from first language to second. Emphasis on reading in second language rather than using it for oral communication.

13.0 DOLIHAHT AND SECOND LANGUAGE SKILLS SEQUENCE

AL-N* Language Skills Sequence (*Audiolingual Nethod: listening, speaking, reading and writing)

I Non Eng dom students A in dow B in			II	
			Eng dom	
			students	
A in dom B			in dom B	
lang	second		lang	second
	lang		•	lang

O = not specified (Use not applicable (n.a.) if project has no Eng. dom. students)

•	•	,	•		•
13.1 Second language listening-speaking skills are learned:				1	3.1 IB_1 IIB_1
1-concurrently with dominant language listening-speaking skills 2-after a specified level of compe- tency achieved in listening-speaking		.X .		.X .	
skills in dominant language 3-a specified period of time after listening-speaking skills in domin		-		****	
language taught 4-before any specified level of listening-speaking competence achieved		*****		*********	
in dominant language		***			
40.0.473				1.	3.2 IA 1
13.2 All sequence followed:					IB 1
1-Listening-speaking proficiency precedes introduction of reading 2-Reading is taught concurrently	&	*		*	IIA 1 IIB 1
with listening-speaking skills					
3-Learning to read overlaps learning of listening-speaking skills					
4-There is some overlap between	***************************************			College	
learning to read and to write	*			* ******	
13.3 Listening-speaking proficiency determined by: 1-measure of listening-speaking proficiency					3.3 IA 2 IB 2 IIA 2 IIB 2
2-informal assessment by teacher	. X .	X.	区	X	
13.4 Second language reading skills are learned: 1-concurrently with learning to read				1,	3.4. IB 2 IIB 2
in dominant language					see Xexix
2-after a specified revel of dominant	ı				c. 17 11 to
language reading competence achievement		X		X.	C-1 /
3-a specified period of time after learning to read in dominant langue (e.g. a specific grade)	age				
4-before learning to read in dominan	ıt				
language		* * *.*		-	

4		T		page	13	
	I Non Eng dom students A B dom second		Eng. do studer A. dom	m	l	
	lang	lang	lang	lang		
13.5 Reading is introduced: A-individually, when child is ready or at a specific time during grade: 1 2 3	<u>X</u>	<u>X</u>	<u>X</u>	1	3.5 IA 1 IB 1 IIA 1 IIB 1	- - -
13.6 Reading readiness is determined by:						
1-test of reading readiness 2-informal teacher assessment	X	×	X	X . 1	118 2 118 2 118 2	
13.7 Grade level reading is expected:						
1-in first grade 2-in second grade 3-in third grade 4-in fourth grade 5-in fifth grade 6-in sixth grade 7-other (specify)	Statistical Statistical Statistical Statistical Statistical Statistical Statistical	. X	<u>X</u>	1	3.7 IA NS IB 4 IIA 4 IIB NS	ع. م. ح - -
13.8 Grade level academic achievement (mat SECOND language is expected: 1-in the first grade 2-second grade 3-third grade 4-fourth grade 5-fifth grade 6-sixth grade 7-other (specify)	h, sci	ence, etc	e.) in t	the 1	3.8 IB NS IIB NS	- -
14.0 INTEGRATION OF SECOND LANGUAGE LEARNI (mark all that apply)	I = d		II = E dom	ents	4.0 I 2 II 2	-
1-Second language learning is only a segarate subject for English-speaking st dents; the second language is not us as a medium of instruction for other subjects.	p- u-			**		
2-Second language learning is both a segarate subject and also a medium of instruction for other subjects.	p- -	<u>x</u>	<u>x</u>			

3-Second language learning is always in-

13.6 leading readiness is determined by:					10 / 71 0
1-test of reading readiness					13.6 IA 2
2-informal teacher assessment		×	X	.X .	IB 2
•					IIA S
					IIB_2
42 7 Cmada Jamaj manddun da anmandada					
13.7 Grade level reading is expected:					13.7 IA NS
1-in first grade					IB 4
2-in second grade					· IIA 4 C.p. 56
3-in third grade	-	. X	X	-	IIB NS
4-in fourth grade				وجسوره	IIB_WO
5-in fifth grade		****		****	
6-in sixth grade	-	-			
7-other (specify)	-	-			
13.8 Grade level academic achievement (matasecond language is expected: 1-in the first grade 2-second grade 3-third grade 4-fourth grade 5-fifth grade 6-sixth grade 7-other (specify)	h, sci	ience,	etc.) in	the	13.8 IB NS IIB NS
14.0 INTEGRATION OF SECOND LANGUAGE LEARNI	NG WIT	TH OTHE	R LEARNIN	G:	14.0 I 2
(mark all that apply)					II 2
	I =	N-E	II = E	;	
	ć	lom	dom	l	
	8	student	s stu	dents	
1-Second language learning is only a se arate subject for English-speaking st dents; the second language is not us as a medium of instruction for other subjects.	u-			•	
2 Consul longing to both a se					
2-Second language learning is both a se arate subject and also a medium of	p 				
instruction for other subjects.		X	Х		
instruction for owner subjects.	-				
3-Second language learning is always in	-				
tegrated with the learning of course	,				
content (such as social studies) or a	ıs				
a medium of cognitive development.					
•	•			-	
4-Academic content taught in the native language is used as the referential content of second language learning (the same concept taught in the native language is taught in the second	5				
language).	•			_	
5-Different academic content is taught in the second language from that which is taught in the native language.	:h				
-	•			-	
O-not specified	•	-	***	•	
6-other (specify)					

3

3-choral repetition

control of the standard form.	-		*	a and a		
2-The child's language is corrected the teacher points out errors and demonstrates the standard form.	đ.	0	MC	Me		
	2	2	_NS	. NS		
3-0ther (specify)	*****		Specific specific	B10-10- T		
C-Not specified	-7	Mia Jo la Es		Cuentos	Camin	o de
16.0 NATERIALS		Apren	demos a			
16.1 Reading Materials-Types Reading Materials are: (mark all the seading materials are: (mark all the seading linguistically based (lierrill or Miami Linguistic	hat apply)	Cont. Bett	pA s Serie Lingui			
	1 IA_X ½	X	II.	IIB X		
2-Basal readers	<u> </u>	<u>X</u>	<u>x</u>	-		
3-Dialect readers						
4-Experience charts (stories dictated by children)						
16.2 If some reading material is in the child's dialect, indicate how long it is used: 1-Grade 1 16.3 2-Grade 2 3-Grade 3 4-Beyond Grade 3 0-not specified	2 IA NA		II <u> Na</u>			
O-none specified 1-pattern drills 2-dialog memorization 3-choral repetition 4-songs 5-programed instruction 6-stories read to children AUDIO VISUAL AIDES 7-films, filmstrips 8-flannel or magnetic boards 9-realia, graphic displays 10-records, tapes 11-listening centers 12-multi-media approach Experiential: 13-role playing 14-puppetry 15-experience charts 16-primary typewriter 17-learning through direct experien with materials e.g. Montessori 16-activity centers-chosen by child 19-other (specify) Learning outside the classr 20-field trips 21- suggested TV programs 22-other (specify)	ce		second_1	anguage 16	•	p C+E

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page 15
  16.4 The sources of Non-English materials and textbooks are:
                                                                         16.4 2,4,9,11
       (mark all that apply)
       0-not specified
                                                                           Dade County
       1-are written by native speakers of that language
                                                                          Materials
       2-comme. Lially prepared and published in countries where
         N-E is the native language
       3-developed by the project's own bilingual staff
       4-developed by the staff of another bilingual project (specify which)
       5-developed in conjenction with project parents
      6-developed by or with members of N-EMT community
      7-are culturally appropriate for N-E culture
         (specify how this is determined)
      8-are cross cultural
      9-commercially prepared and published in the U.S.
      10-are translations of U.S. texts
      11-are coordinated with materials used in the regular subject
         curriculum
      12-other (specify)
 16.5 The specific bilingual/bicultural materials used in the language 16.5_1
      component are:
                                                                        p E Cont.
      0-not specified
      1-xerox attached-page and document
                                                                              See 16.1
 17.0 STUDENT GROUPING
                                                                            P1 29 40
 17.1 Student grouping; mixed or separated into dominant language
     groups: (mark all that apply)
                                                                        17.1 4.5
     0-not specified
     Pupils of both linguistic groups are:
                                                                        Cont. p.44
     1-always mixed for all learning
     2-mixed for language learning
     3-mixed for some academic subject learning
     4-mixed for non-academic learning; art, music, gym, health
     5-separated for native and second language learning into
       dominant language groups
     6-separated for most academic subject learning into dominant
       language groups
     7-never mixed for language or other academic learning
     8-other (specify)
17.2 Students are grouped for language instruction:
     (mark all that apply) A-more than 2 the time
                                                                       17.2_
                                                           B Less than the time
     0-not specified
     1-total class
     2-small groups (specify size)
     3-individual instruction
17.3 Criteria for grouping:
                                              Students
    0-not specified
                                I Non Eng
                                             II Eng dom
                                                           Lilling dom
                                    dom
                                                 MIT
                                                              NEIT
     1-by age
     2-by native language
```

```
(specify how this is determined)
      8-are cross cultural
      9-commercially prepared and published in the U.S.
      10-are translations of U.S. texts
      11-are coordinated with materials used in the regular subject
         curriculum
      12-other (specify)
 16.5 The specific bilingual/bicultural materials used in the language 16.5 1
      component are:
                                                                       p E Cont.
      0-not specified
      1-xerox attuched-page and document ___
                                                                            See 16.1
                                                                           DN PJ 14
 17.0 STUDENT GROUPING
17.1 Student grouping; mixed or separated into dominant language
                                                                       17.1 4.5
      groups: (mark all that apply)
      0-not specified
                                                                       Cont. p.44
      Pupils of both linguistic groups are:
      1-always mixed for all learning
      2-mixed for language learning
      3-mixed for some academic subject learning
     4-mixed for non-academic learning; art, music, gym, health
      5-separated for native and second language learning into
       dominant language groups
     6-separated for most academic subject learning into dominant
       language groups
     7-never mixed for language or other academic learning
     8-other (specify)
17.2 Students are grouped for language instruction:
                                                                       17.2 1.2
     (mark all that apply)
                                A-more than ½ the time B Less than ½ the time
     0-not specified
     1-total class
     2-small groups (specify size)
     3-individual instruction
17.3 Criteria for grouping:
                                              Students
     0-not specified
                                 I Non Eng
                                              II Eng dom
                                                            III Eng dom
                                     dom
                                                 EPIT
                                                              NEIT
     1-by age
     2-by native language
     3-by dominant language
     4-by language proficiency
       (ex. level of reading skill)____
     n.a. not applicable
         (no E.dom/NEIT)
18.0 TUTORING
#8.1 Student Tutoring is: (mark all that apply)
                                                                       18.1 3.4
          no-not mentioned
           0-type is not specified
           1-inter-ethnic (N-Eff student tutors Eff students)
           2-intra-ethnic (N-EMT student tutors N-EMT)
           3-done by older children (cross age)
           4-done by peers (same age)
           5-other (specify)
18.2 Paraprofessionals or aides give tutoring or instruction as follows:
           O-area not specified
                                                                      18.2 2.3.4
           1-inter-ethnic (N-E-T aide tutors E-T student)
           2-in the accusition of native language shills
           3-in the acqusition of second language skills
           4-in other academic subjects
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page 16 18.3 Parent tutoring: (mark all that apply) no no-not mentioned 0-type not specified 1-inter-ethnic parent tutoring is used 2-intra-ethnic parent tutoring is used Parents are trained to become tutors for their children: 3-in the home by a home-visiting teacher 4-in an adult education component 5-in school through observation and guidance of teacher 6-as parent volunteers who tutor during the school day 7-materials are provided for use in home by parents 8-other (specify) 4,6 19.0 CURRICULUM PATTERNS The stated curriculum pattern of the bilingual project: 1-Except for inclusion of N-EMT instruction the curriculum is otherwise typical or regular, for this state. See XErox There are other modifications whithin the curriculum of the 16a-f. bilingual program which differ from traditional, typical curriculum such as: (mark all that apply) 2-a non-graded classroom: pupils of different ages are grouped together during part of the school day 3-flexible or modular scheduling 4-small group instruction 5-individualized learning 6-open classroom 7-guided discovery and inquiry 8-a curriculum which is both child and subject-centered 9-others (specify) 10-if the program includes activities which complement experiences children encounter in the home, community and through mass media i.e. TV, describe below:

20.0 COGNITIVE DEVELOPMENT

20.1 Cognitive development in early childhood grades is fostered through:

0-method not mentioned

1-structured environment rich with materials child can manipulate order, compare, match for perceptual-motor development

2-non-verbal materials, such as liontessori materials from which children can learn sensory discrimination, matching, seriation, counting, addition, subtraction

3-labeling and discussion of concepts related to time, space, distance, position

7-materials are provided for use in home by parents 8-other (specify)

19.0 CURRICULUM PATTERNS

The stated curriculum pattern of the bilingual project:

1-Except for inclusion of N-EMT instruction the curriculum is otherwise typical or regular, for this state. There are other modifications whithin the curriculum of the bilingual program which differ from traditional, typical curriculum such as: (mark all that apply)

See Xerox 16a-f.

2-a non-graded classroom: pupils of different ages are grouped together during part of the school day

3-flexible or modular scheduling

4-small group instruction

5-individualized learning

6-open classroom

7-guided discovery and inquiry

8-2 curriculum which is both child and subject-centered

9-others (specify)

10-if the program includes activities which complement experiences children encounter in the home, community and through mass media i.e. TV, describe below:

20.0 COGNITIVE DEVELOPMENT

20.1 Cognitive development in early childhood grades is fostered through: 0-method not mentioned

20.1

1-structured envirionment rich with materials child can manipulate order, compare, match for perceptual-motor development

Cont. c.5

2-non-verbal materials, such as Montessori materials from which children can learn sensory discrimination, matching, seriation, counting, addition, subtraction

3-labeling and discussion of concepts related to time, space, distance,

position

4-labeling and grouping actual objects to learn classification; grouping objects with common attributes and labeling their attributes (i.e. colors, sizes)

5-direct experience of processes of science through discovery, using materials rather than text; active experimentation by child with teacher's

guidance rather than teacher demonstration. 6-direct experience of math through discovery rather than instruction

7-other (specify or xerox) p. no. and document:

20.2 Cognitive development in later grades (grade 4 and above) 0-method not mentioned 1-specify or xerox p. no. and document

NA

n.a.-no grade 4 or later grades



ATTack ment -

Second Grade Bilingual Class

Page 16a

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Activities in Spanish Language - Pipher

I have geared classroom activities with some of the following
fideas in mind. Each child is able to perform well in some activity,
so there must be a wide variety from which to choose. I try to
accept each child as an individual personality, listen to his
like and build on them. I do not believe in inflexible rules of
discipline and I try to let the child realize his own mistakes.
I have wanted to teach self reliance and reasoning. The child
must be aware f why he is asked to behave in a certain way. We
have explored the reasons for certain types of behavior.

Most of my class are from families with large numbers of children and where both parents work. Their homes are small, crowded, and often very inadequate. Their social experiences are limited to the streets. There is little intellectual stimulation. In short, the children cannot see the need in their lives for school. This year I have tried to mold a positive, accepting attitude toward school and knowledge.

The classroom situation was excellent. My class has varied from 15 to 21 students, ranging in age from 6 to 10. The change in their attitude toward school has convinced me that the opportunity given them to work in Spanish was not erronious. It has provided them for the first time in their school careers a chance to perform to their maximum capabilities without the ever present language barrier. Most of the children have shown a great desire to work and to prove their ability to produce. It is as though they were only waiting to be given a chance. While abilities vary greatly their desire to work in school is uniform.

In language arts I have concentrated on providing activities to interest the child in reading in Spanish. Therefore I supplemented our readers with peer-produced reading materials, or stories which the children themselves make up and dictate. While this is the first year these children have had Spanish

as a written language all are reading most of the basic sight words and the most advanced have mastered the phonetic sounds and are able to sound out most words presented to them. I have stressed vocabulary development through discussions and other subject activities. I encourage the children to correlate their Spanish and English vocabularies, also. Grammar has been mostly the introduction of correct, acceptable usage in Spanish. I have emphasized correct verb structures and have quietly tried to substitute Spanish verbs for Anglicized forms normally LEARNING used in the home.

STRATEGRES

22.0

I firmly believe the children need to talk and to discuss all that they see, feel, hear and observe. I encourage them to tell me of their interests. I try to bring these interests into our regular activities. For example, our videotaped play was suggested by the class. Most wanted to do something on cowboys and Indians, so the play was built around one of our songs, "Alla en el rancho grande". We also studied something of Indian life and customs and included art by decorating a typee and the walls for our set. The children learned to read their lines and then enjoyed themselves a great deal as television stars. This was a boost to their self concept and a successful lesson from many standpoints. I attempted involving the parents by inviting them to see this play. Those who came seemed to enjoy themselves, but response was less than I had hoped.

I have introduced the children to Spanish culture through songs, and stories. Their knowledge of their Mexican heritage is very limited and should be expanded. I have emphasized the fact that even though they speak Spansih they are still Americans and are part of this country.

In arithmetic I have followed the general second grade program and the behavioral objectives given. The children have had to learn to handle counting and computations in Spanish and in English. This opened up a new group of words in Spanish which were new to most of the group. They were used to English terms and not Spanish. However, most have made a great deal of progress and are performing at grade level in arithmetic.

Second Grade Bilingual - English Activities - Sampson

This year was the first time that I had the experience of working with a bilingual program. It has been a challenge to teach the Spanish children a workable English vocabulary and at the same time to strengthen the Americans vocabulary so that they can be successful in their school experience.

In both groups of children (Spanish and English speaking) there were some grave deficiencies. There was a lack of nursery school training, inadequate playground facilities in the community and especially a lack of correct English usage in the homes. The homes also failed to provide the necessary discipling measures since many of the parents worked. However, I feel that the program has accomplished some good objectives in the following ways: a) We had smaller classes and were able to observe individually and find out the children's strengths and

22.0 Learning Strategies

weaknesses.

b) We got to know the children better and to know their needs socially, emotionally and physically. The pupils have had a feeling of not being under stress or uncomfortable because they were being taught in both languages. I believe this helped them to adapt better to their teachers and studies.

We provided many experiences through the literature approach using movies, teacher made posters, commercial posters, film strips, library books and the text books provided by the school for the second grade level. In our language arts the children are able to print their full names, write the months and days of the week and identify these words in context. Most of the children and tell the kinds of simple sentences and recognize correct punctuation marks.

Many times social studies and art were combined to make a more meaningful experience. Projects were centered around the holidays, such as making Christmas candles, baking cookies, and making mail boxes for Valentines Day. For Easter we boiled and dyed eggs, made baskets and had a small egg hunt.

Activities in Spanish-Second Language

Buestion Our work here has been mainly the development of basic 12.0 comprehension of simple spoken Spanish, and the development methodsa of pronunciation skills in the language. Oral repetition and Second substitution drills are part of the daily activities. I Langual include the most difficult sounds in Spanish and stress work Learnine on them. The best of the students are able to pronounce sentences at regular speed with little noticable accent. Most are capable of correct general pronunciation. I have limited vocabulary to classroom objects, colors, clothing, parts of the body and common animals. Naturally other words are understood, but these have been the areas of concentration.

In arithmetic most can count to 20, some can go to 100. Most can perform simple addition and subtraction computations in Spanish. Most can tell time to the hour and half hour in Spanish.

Most are able to read the vocabulary words introduced with fairly good comprehension. The best are able to sound out words phonetically and read them correctly, even without knowing their meaning.

The major difficulty with this group is providing activities which hold their interest. It is hard for them to see an immediate need for learning Spanish and so enthusiasm is somewhat low. There is also a wider range of intelligence and capability in this group. Some would perhaps be better off in a regualr program. While I have not felt particualry satisfied with the progress of this group, most have learned quite a bit and are becoming more adept at guessing meanings from context clues in the language.

In all activities I have worked closely with Mrs. Sampson and have attempted to correlate my activities with hers so as to constantly reinforce the material being taught.

4

Science activities have included the setting up of an acquarium, an ant colony, the planting of seeds and bulbs, observations on the mixture of colors and many discussions on the seasons, the weather, the temperature, parts of the body and foods. We have baked cookies in the stove and discussed the effects of heat. We colored Easter eggs and learned from that something of the blending of colors. Our trip to the circus provided many discussions of animals and their characteristics.

4

In health we have emphasized eating the right foods and have learned the words for many common foods in both Spanson and English. Since many were getting permanent teeth and had previously had very bad teeth with many cavities I provided toothbrushes and have encouraged each child to brush his teeth daily.

To teach social studies I have relied a great deal on filmstrips which I have translated into Spanish and on movies. Our field trip to the circus provided many class discussions on how people work together andon a variety of other related subjects. We have covered holidays and their meanings, something of patriotism and national pride, and a great deal on acceptable social behavior in various situations.

The tone of the class has been one of relaxed acceptance. I do not believe in intense pressure to force a child to try to learn. It is not effective and with the small size of the group it has been unnecessary. I feel the children have come to respect Spanish more as a full and rich language and they km have been able to experience success in their activit as.

Most still need vocabulary and comprehension development in both Spanish and English. They need meaningful background experiences which will allow them to discuss materials presented. They need further work in socialization. Their life is one of fights, arguments and often constant bickerings. For this reason much work must be done in the area of how to cope with disputes in a fair and reasonable manner.

If feel it is very important to read to the children very day something which will be of interest and importance to them. I realize all reading and writing skills are closely relat ed and cannot be separated, so I try to bring these skills into meaningful activities which the children will enjoy. All these skills are interdependent and cannot be separated and still be taught in a logical manner. All this helps to build better understanding for discussion and helps the child to recall from his past experiences.

Our trip to the circus in early January provided a source for discussion and work in many areas. The children were encouraged from this trip to choose many books from the library, do many different art projects, and learn a whole new range of wark words to describe their experience.

In the classroom the children have planted seeds and from dealing with this directly have gained an appreciation of how things grow and develop. They have seen the need to take care of these plants to keep them growing and so have had the beginnings of responsability. Other similar science experiences have been tried during the year. I feel children learn most from doing, not hearing the teacher only talk about the activity.

6

page 17

21.0 3,4,5,6,8

21.0 SELF-ESTEEM

Stated methods of project compenent expected to increase self-esteem: no-self-esteem not mentioned as an objective

O-self-esteem is an objective but methods not specified
Teacher encourages pupil to verbally express his feelings:

1-through role-playing

2-puppetry

- 3-language-experience approach: students dictate stories from their own experience
- 4-teacher accepts, aclmowledges ideas and feelings
- 5-teacher encourages non-verbal expression of child's feelings through painting, music, dancing
- 6-teacher provides experiences in which the various ways that children act are accepted by the teacher; their actions are discussed and the children are encouraged not to make fun of "different" ways
- 7-teacher provides experiences leading to competency and success
- 8-teacher provides experiences where occasional failure is acknowledged as part of everyone's experience; second attempts are encouraged

9-other (specify) (xerox or summarize) document page #

Teacher provides experiences in pupil self-direction and acceptance of responsibility, such as:

10-pupils act as tutors for other pupils

11-puils have some options in choice of curriculum

12-pupils choose activities from a variety of interest centers

13-older puils participate in curriculum planning and/or development

14-pupils write a bilingual newspaper for dissemination to the community

15-other (specify)

22.0 LEAKNING STRATEGIES

22.0____

1-The project mentions the following specific learning strategies as important for reaching a particular ethno-linguistic group:
(specify or xerox) 16 a - P Document and Page no.
Example: Navajo children resist participation in an authoritarian, traditional classroom. An open classroom where teacher participates rather than directs all activities and students or groups of students initiate activites, move about freely or sit in a circle or horseshoe rather than sit in rows, has been found more effective.
0-none mentioned

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4-teacher accepts, aclmowledges ideas and feelings

5-teacher encourages non-verbal expression of child's feelings through painting, music, dancing

6-teacher provides experiences in which the various ways that children act are accepted by the teacher; their actions are discussed and the children are encouraged not to make fun of "different" ways

7-teacher provides experiences leading to competency and

8-teacher provides experiences where occasional failure is acknowledged as part of everyone's experience; second attempts are encouraged

9-other (specify) (xerox or summarize) document page #

Teacher provides experiences in pupil self-direction and acceptance of responsibility, such as:

10-pupils act as tutors for other pupils

11-puils have some options in choice of curriculum

12-pupils choose activities from a variety of interest centers

13-older puils participate in curriculum planning and/or development

14-pupils write a bilingual newspaper for dissemination to the community

15-other (specify)

22.0 LEARNING STRATEGIES

22.0_____

23.1_2

1-The project mentions the following specific learning strategies as important for reaching a particular ethno-linguistic group:
(specify or xerox) 16 a - F Document and Page no.
Example: Navajo children resist participation in an authoritarian, traditional classroom. An open classroom where teacher participates rather than directs all activities and students or groups of students initiate activites, move about freely or sit in a circle or horseshoe rather than sit in rows, has been found more effective.

O-none mentioned

23.0 BICULTURAL COMPONENT

23.1 This program is:

1-bilingual alone

2-bilingual and bicultural

3-bilingual and multicultural

0-not specified as to which of the above

4-an ethnic studies program is included in the bilingual program 5-art, posters, realia, crafts of both cultures are exhibited in

the classroom

6-language and cultural content are integrated

7-other (specify)



page 18 23.2 Cross-cultural awareness: 23.2 If project mentions specific values or nodes of behavior of N-ET culture, please summarize below: (or attach xerox) found in document page if 0-not mentioned 23.3 1-if project mentions efforts to decrease ethnocentrism in 23.3 0 either or both groups, describe below: (or xerox-document page/#) 0-none mentioned 23.4 In the bicultural compenent knowledge of the N-HIT culture involves (mark all that apply) 0-no bicultural component mentioned C p. 23 1-Humanistic aspects of culture: ideals and values, literature (oral or written), achievement of particular people or politcal movements 2- Historical-cultural heritage of the past--contributions to art and science 3-'Deep' culture: family patterns and contemporary way of life. 4-Itemization of surface aspects of a country -- geography, dates of holidays etc. 5-A specific culture only e.g. one Indian tribe 6-Various cultures of same ethnic/linguistic group (i.e. Spanishspeaking peoples) 7-A third culture different from NEAT or PMT 8-Other (specify) 23.5 American culture is defined: 23.5 2 0-not specified 1-narrowly: primarily Anglo-Saxon orientation 2-broadly: ethnic pluralism of America-multicultural contributions of various ethnic groups discussed 3-other(indicate document and page number for xerox) or

elaborate in your own words

23./, 1	n the bicultural compenent !mowledge of the N-EIT culture involves (mark all that apply) O-no bicultural component mentioned 1-Humanistic aspects of culture: ideals and values, literature (oral or written), achievement of particular people or politomovements 2- Historical-cultural heritage of the pastcontributions to and science 3-'Deep' culture: family patterns and contemporary way of life 4-Itemization of surface aspects of a countrygeography, dates of holidays etc. 5-A specific culture only e.g. one Indian tribe 6-Various cultures of same ethnic/linguistic group (i.e. Spanis speaking peoples) 7-A third culture different from NEIT or ENT 8-Other (specify)	cal art	2,4 C p. 23
23.5	American culture is defined: ()-not specified i-narrowly: primarily Anglo-Saxon orientation 2-broadly: ethnic pluralism of Americamulticultural contributions of various ethnic groups discussed 3-other(indicate document and page number for xerox) or elaborate in your own words	23.5	2
24.0	COLIUNITY COIPONENT		
24.1	Bilingual libraries are provided for: 0-group not specified 1-project children 2-adults of the project community 3-teachers no-bilingual library not mentioned	24.1.	1.2.3
24.2	An ethnic studies library is provided for: 0-group not specified 1-project children 2-adults of the project community 3-teachers no-ethnic studies library not mentioned	24.2	no

23.3 1-if project mentions efforts to decrease ethnocentrism in 23.3 O either or both groups, describe below: (or xerox-document page/#) 0-none mentioned

24.3 1.3.9

24.3 Provision is made by the school for informing the parents and community about the program through: (Mark all that apply) O-method not specified no-no provision for informing community 1 bilingual newsletter 2. monolingual newsletter 3. aws sent to mass media. 4-if articles included with project, check 4 5-bilingual fliers sent home 6-formal meetings 7-informal meetings open to entire community 8-meetings conducted in both languages 9-home visits 10-other (specify) 11-project director personally involved in program dissemination. specify how

24.4 Community involvement in the firmulation of school policies
and programs is sought through:

0-type not specified
no-not sought
1-existing community groups working with program
2-bilingual questionnaires
3-community-school staff committees
4-community advisory groups
5-formal meeting open to the entire community
6-informal meetings with community groups
7-other (specify)

24.5 The school keeps informed about community interests, events and problems through:
no-no mention of school seeking to be informed about community 1-meetings open to the entire community conducted in both languages
2-community representatives to the school

8-project director personally seeks involvement of community

24.5 3,4,5 Eval. ρ.12

2-community representatives to the school
3-bilingual questionnaire sent to the home
4-home visits by school personnel
5-other (specify)
0-method not specified

24.6___2



in program. specify how

7-informal meetings open to entire community
8-meetings conducted in both languages
9-home visits
10-other (specify)
11-project director personally involved in program dissemination. specify how

24.4 Community involvement in the formulation of school policies and programs is sought through: 24.4 2,3,6 0-type not specified no-not sought 1-existing community groups working with program 2-bilingual questionnaires 3-community-school staff committees see Keror 4-community advisory groups Copy 19a-e 5-formal meetins open to the entire community 6-informal meetings with community groups 7-other (specify) 8-project director personally seeks involvement of community in program. specify how

24.5 The school keeps informed about community interests, events and problems through:

no-no mention of school seeking to be informed about community

1-meetings open to the entire community conducted in both
languages

2-community representatives to the school

3-bilingual questionnaire sent to the home

4-home visits by school personnel

5-other (specify)

0-method not specified

24.6 The school is open to the community through:

0-not mentioned

no-school is not open to community for community use
1-opening school facilities to the community at large for use
after school hours and on weekends
2-providing adult education courses
3-other (specify)

25.0 TAPACT EVALUATION

25.1 Project mentions description or dissemination of the bilingual program through:

1-newspaper articles
2-radio programs
3-TV programs
4-video-tapes
5-films
6-visitors to observe the program

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BILINGUAL PROCEDURES

V-C (page 11)

C. GRADE LEVEL

Mixed

DRAFT

A. COMPONENT NAME Community Involvement DOMINANT LANGUAGE

D. NO. OF PARTICIPANTS Not specified

H ပ ာ 3 0 N A

E. PROGRAM OBJECTIVES:

(Includes name or description F. PERFORMANCE OBJECTIVES .. of instrument)

concerning the third year of operin area will release information 100% of all radio and newspapers ation of the Bilingual Program. 80% of parents enrolled in Ri-lingual Program will visit schools least once during school year. attended by their children at

80% of enrolled childrens' parents attend "Culture Fair" 3

uestion 24.3

Count

20% of enrolled childrens parents will plan with the staff for yearly "Culture Fair"

- 10% of the parents of children will participate in the adult community school program. 'n
- ons field trip with their children 20% of the parents of childmen in the program will attend at least •

Date or Frequency Of Measurement EVALUATION ຜ່

Responsible Person(s)

Data collecting

Project Director and reporting including due August '72 date

Count

Specialist Community

Survey

Classroom Teachers June '72

During school year (Count)

Teachers and Specialist Classroom Community

Written reports of planning sessions by teachers. of Fair. Specialist Classroom Community ty

Teachers Director Project

Specialist Classroom Community ey

planning session

Reports of .

Time of Fair

Teachers

Specialist Community

Count

End of semesters

from attendance

list.

Specialist Classroom Community

Count throughout

Teachers

tvic teachers by at tendance Classroom per year.

LINGUAL PROCEDURES

A. COMPONENT NAME Community Involvement DOMINANT LANGUAGE Mixed

.c. GRADE LEVEL

PROCESS

PERFO (Incl	PERFORMANCE OBJECTIVE (Includes name or description of instrument)	I. EVALUATION Date or Frequency of Measurement	Person(s) Responsible	Data collecting an reporting includin due date
•	Prepare written and taped releases in English and Spanish to news-papers and radio stations serving Immokalee.	Count	Community Specialist	August '72 Project Director Survey
, ·	prepare a written brochure explaining purposes and procedures of bilingual program. Distribute to parents with letter requesting they observe thier children in class. Plan with teachers and Director special events in which children have individual work or accomplishmengs to demonstrate. Visit: homes to increase interest and motivate parents.	During school year (Count)	Classroom Teachers and Community Specialist	Clastroom Teachers June '72
តំ .		Count	Community Specialist, Classroom Teachers, Project Director	Written reports of planning session. by teachers. Date of Fair.
.	Plan Culture Fair with parents selected during home and community visits who have leadership ability and interest in program. Content	Count	Community Specialist, Classroom	Reports of planning sessions. Time of Fair.

Teachers

of Fair should have previously been

jointly with students

planned

through their teachers.

 رکو	•	VEL 1-4	ECTIVES:	Data collecting and reporting including due date	Questionnaire - home visits first month, end of semester end of year.	Conferences wit parents at initial enroll-ment, end of semester, and termination of students enroll ment.	Teacher monthly reports of re- source people used in instruc	190
·	DRAFT	C. GRADE LEVEL	E. PROGRAM OBJECTIVES:	Person(s) Responsible	Community Specialist	Teachers and Community Specialist	Community Specialist	
	ıge 11)	DOMINANT LANGUAGE Mixed	PRODUCT	G. EVALUATION Date or Frequency Of Measurement	Count	Attendance surveillance monthly	Count	08
	BILINGUAL PROCEDURES V-C (page 11)	A. COMPONENT NAME Community Involvement.	D. NO. OF PARTICIPANTS Not specified	· F. PERFORMANCE OBJECTIVES (Includes name or description of instrument)	7. 100% of parents of enrolled children with severe health, social, or psychological problems will be aware of resources available.	. 8. 100 of the parents of children who are absent more than 20% of the school year will be counseled concerning methods of increasing their childrens attendance.	9. Increased involvement of local resource people in the instructional program.	

ILINGUAL PROCEDURES

A. COMPONENT NAME Community Involvements. DOMINANT LANGUAGE Mixed

.C. GRADE LEVEL 1-4

PROCESS

YERE TINC	ERFORMANCE OBJECTIVE Includes name or description of instrument)	I. EVALUATION Date or Frequency of Measurement	Person(s) Responsible	Data collecting and reporting including due date
"	to English and Spanish a list of all education, vocational, and recreation opportunities available through the community school program and distribute through the children, the medial and by personal visitation.	Count	Community Specialist	End of semesters from attendance list.
.	Fieldtrips will be planned at least one month in advance with input from children and parent groups. Parents will be granted free admission to special events and given lunch with children. Inter grade and school competition will be initiated to determine the class or school with the most parent participation.	Count throughout	Community Specialist, Classroom Teachers	Classroom teachers by attendance twice per year.
	Parents will be given brochure pre- pared (in English and Spanish) by Inter-agency council of various health, social and psychological services available. Individual visits will be made to homes of parents in need of specific help for themselves or their children.	Count	Community Specialist	Questionnaire - home visits first month, end of semester, end of year

BILINGUAL PROCEDURES

A. COMPONENT NAME Community Involvement DOMINANT LANGUAGE Mixed

.c. GRADE LEVEL 1-4

PROCESS

Teachers Conference vi	aretheed enellipsens energy	and the section of th
Person(s) Data collect	I. EVALUATION	PERFORMANCE OBJECTIVE
Responsible reporting in	Date or Frequency	(Includes name or description
due date	of Measurement	of instrument)

Home visits will be made in cases	ild is a poor school	2	≯.	
1n	scho	w111 be	0110	
made	where a child is a poor school	Iren	taken out of school to follow	
1 be	2 2	ch116	hool	
V11	1d 1:	010	f scl	son.
sits	ch1	in cases where children	ut o	harvest season.
ie vi	where a ch	CASO	o ues	vest
Hon	whe	1 T	tak	har
8				

monthly

and Community Specialist

students enrollment.

etc., will be the responsibility of Speakers the Community Specialist. This year Recruitment of resource people for attracting minority group members care will be taken to stress classroom demonstrations. to service.

Specialist Community

Count

reports of resource Teacher monthly people used in instructional program.

25.2	Project's impact: 1-Project mentions that other classes in the school, but not in the program have picked up methods or material from the bilingual program 2-Project mentions ther schools in the local educational syst have started bilingual programs 3-Project mentions that a University has instituted teacher training courses in bilingual education to meet staff devel- opment needs	
26.0	ROLE OF EVALUATOR	
26.1	Evaluator has field tested, on a group of children who are of the same language, culture and grade levels as the children in the bilingual program: O-not mentioned 1-published measures 2-staff developed measures 3-staff translations of published measures 4-staff adaptations of published measures	26.1N.5
26.2	Evaluator has personally observed students in the program: O-not mentioned no-never	26.2_3
	1-once or twice during the year 2-more than twice 3-regularly 4-other (specify)	Eval. p.18
26.3	Evaluator has met with teachers: O-not mentioned no-never 1-once or twice during year 2-more than twice 3-regularly 4-other (specify)	26.3_3
27.0	EVALUATION PROCEDURE .	
27.1	0-not specified 1-A comparison group has been chosen 2-A comparison group will be chosen	27.1_0
27.2	O-not specified (mark all that a ply) 1-Pre-tests have been given to project group or sample 2- " will be " " " 3-Post-tests have been given to project group or sample 4- " will be " " " 5-i're-tests have been given to comparison group 6- " will be " " 7-Post-tests have been given to comparison group 8- " will be " "	27.2 1,3

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