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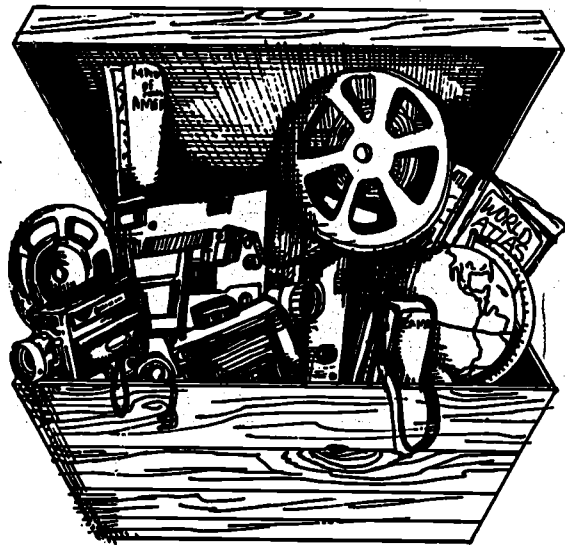
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ABSTRACT

A growing concern for individualized instruction has made educators aware that all students need access to a wide range of media outside of the typical classroom or traditional library. For those desiring to develop appropriate facilities to fill this need, this bibliography stresses ideas that will enhance the planning, organization, and operation of a modern instructional media center. Approximately 185 references to books, pamphlets, and articles which were published between 1960 and 1971 comprise the bibliography. Entries are arranged alphabetically by author, and each is provided with a brief annotation, the date of publication, and the publisher. Document was formerly announced as ED 058 741. (Author/SH)

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INSTRUCTIONAL MEDIA CENTER



AN ANNOTATED BIBLIOGRAPHY

BY HAROLD S. DAVIS
AND DAVID J. CROTTA

EDUCATIONAL RESEARCH COUNCIL OF AMERICA

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INSTRUCTIONAL MEDIA CENTER AN ANNOTATED BIBLIOGRAPHY

BY HAROLD S. DAVIS
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CLEVELAND, OHIO

A teacher should not be continually thundering instruction into the ears of his pupil, as if he were pouring it through a funnel, but should induce him to think, to distinguish, and to find out things for himself.

Montaigne

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FOREWORD

A growing concern for individualized instruction has made educators aware of the fact that all students need access to a wide range of media. Neither the typical classroom nor the traditional library can fill this need.

Administrators, teachers, librarians, and media specialists desiring to develop appropriate facilities, with an atmosphere conducive to learning, will find this bibliography most helpful. All books and articles have been annotated for the convenience of the reader. Articles dealing with traditional library or audiovisual operations have been screened out. The stress is on ideas that will enhance the reader's ability to plan, organize, and operate a modern instructional media center.

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BOOKS AND PAMPHLETS

Alexander, William M., and Hines, Vynce A. Independent Study in Secondary Schools. New York: Holt, Rinehart, and Winston, 1967.

In a study of 36 schools, the authors conclude that the library is the most important facility for programs of independent study. 200 pages.

Bair, Medill, and Woodward, Richard G. Team Teaching in Action. Boston: Houghton Mifflin Company, 1964.

Pages 57-58 contain some suggestions for developing an IMC. 215 pages.

Beggs, David W., III. Decatur-Lakeview High School: A Practical Application of the Trump Plan. New Jersey: Prentice-Hall, 1964.

Some of the characteristics and uses of an IMC are described on pages 142-49. 260 pages.

Bricks and Mortarboards. New York: Educational Facilities Laboratories, Inc., 1963.

A chapter on libraries (pages 69-98) describes modern college libraries of today and plans for the future. 163 pages.

Brown, James W., and Thornton, James W., Jr. ed. New Media in Higher Education. Washington, D.C.: National Education Association, 1963.

Although most of the book is devoted to uses of new media, Chapter V describes several college IMCs. 182 pages.

Davis, Harold S. How to Organize an Effective Team Teaching Program. Englewood Cliffs, N.J.: Prentice-Hall, Inc., 1966.

The advantages of study in an IMC are described on pages 53-56. 64 pages.

Davis, Harold S., ed. Instructional Media Center: Bold New Venture. Bloomington, Ind.: Indiana University Press, 1971.

Contributors discuss the theory, establishment, and use of the instructional media center in elementary and secondary schools. 224 pages.

Davis, Harold S. Organizing a Learning Center. Cleveland: Educational Research Council of America, 1968.

Patterns of organization and examples of operation are described. Floor plans for several exemplary IMCs are included. 23 pages.

Davis, Harold S., ed. Planning a Team Teaching Program. Cleveland: The Educational Research Council of Greater Cleveland, 1964.

A section on independent study explains why the IMC is necessary in modern education. 23 pages.

Ellsworth, Ralph E., and Wagener, Hobart D. The School Library. New York: Educational Facilities Laboratories, Inc., 1963.

A description of facilities for independent study in the secondary school. Illustrated. 143 pages.

Hicks, Warren B., and Tillin, Alma May. Developing Multi-Media Libraries. New York: R.R. Bowker Company, 1970.

Clear, simple, step-by-step descriptions of all relevant tasks in adapting library routines and procedures to new media. 250 pages.

Kohn, Sherwood. The Early Learning Center: Stamford, Connecticut. Profiles of Significant Schools. Educational Facilities Laboratories, 1970.

A report on the Early Learning Center and its encouragement to individualized learning from ages 8 to 12. 30 pages.

Licklider, J.C.R. Libraries of the Future. Cambridge, Mass.: M.I.T. Press, 1965.

A general treatment of the whole library system as it may be in the future. Special emphasis on the computer as a device for transmitting knowledge. 219 pages.

Lowrie, Jean. Elementary School Libraries. New York: Scarecrow Press, Inc., 1961.

Aids, experiences, and services that make up a meaningful centralized library program. Educational growth and development of the individual child, and the supplementary relationship of library material to other teaching materials also are covered. 235 pages.

Mahar, Mary H., ed. The School Library as a Materials Center. Washington, D.C.: United States Government Printing Office, 1963.

Proceedings of a conference sponsored by the U.S. Department of Health, Education, and Welfare in Washington. Describes educational needs of librarians and teachers in administering and using the IMC. 84 pages.

Planning Audio-Visual Facilities for New School Buildings. The New Hampshire Audio-Visual Association, 1963.

Pages 11-15 are devoted to the IMC. A checklist containing 26 items is included. 16 pages.

Planning Schools for New Media. Portland, Oregon: Portland Public Schools and the Division of Education, Portland State College, 1961.

This guide contains a chapter of 10 pages devoted specifically to the IMC. 72 pages.

Profiles of Significant Schools: High Schools, 1962. New York: Educational Facilities Laboratories, Inc., 1961.

Illustrations of several modern IMCs are provided in Chapter 4. 88 pages.

Prostano, Emanuel T. School Media Programs: Case Studies in Management. Metuchen, N.J.: Scarecrow Press, 1970.

A variety of case studies offer new insights into the problems and issues faced in the school media field. This book is of particular value to those developing in-service programs. 200 pages.

Schools for the 60's. New York: McGraw-Hill Book Company, 1964.

A report of the NEA Project on Instruction. At least one IMC is recommended for every school system. 146 pages.

Standards for Connecticut School Media Programs. Connecticut School Library Association, 1969.

Connecticut's adaptation of the combined standards of American Association of School Librarians and Department of Audiovisual Instruction of the National Education Association as revised in 1969. 12 pages.

Standards for School Media Programs. Chicago, Ill.: American Library Association, and Washington, D.C.: National Education Association, 1969.

Definition and standards established for accredited school media programs. 66 pages.

Sullivan, Peggy. Impact: The School Library and the Instructional Program; A Report on Phase I of the Knapp School Libraries Project. Chicago, Ill.: American Library Association, 1967.

The origin of the program, selection of the schools, and the results of Phase I of the Knapp School Libraries Project. 93 pages.

Sullivan, Peggy, ed. Realization: The Final Report of the Knapp School Libraries Project. Chicago, Ill.: American Library Association, 1968.

Reports on each of the eight demonstration schools and teacher-education programs that participated in the Knapp project during the period 1963-1968. 368 pages.

Trump, J. Lloyd, and Baynham, Dorsey. Focus on Change -- Guide to Better Schools. Chicago: Rand McNally and Company, 1961.

Dr. Trump recommends the use of a multimedia approach to independent study and suggests this be accomplished in several "learning resources centers" in each building. 147 pages.

Trump, J. Lloyd, and Miller, Delmas F. Secondary School Curriculum Improvement: Proposals and Procedures. Boston, Mass.: Allyn and Bacon, Inc., 1968.

Independent study -- its meaning and establishment -- are discussed on pages 264-273. 408 pages.

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"Are Study Carrels Practical in Elementary Schools?" School Management VII (June, 1963): 55-57.

The IMCs of two elementary schools in Shaker heights, Ohio, are described.

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Balanoff, Neal. "James M. Wood Learning Center: A Saturation Experiment at Stephens College." Audiovisual Instruction VII (April, 1963): 226-29.

An IMC designed to use modern educational aids in an environment conducive to learning.

Beggs, David W., III. "Organization Follows Use . . . The Instructional Materials Center." Audiovisual Instruction IX (November, 1964): 602-4.

Why an IMC is needed in a modern school. The author points out that form follows function.

Beggs, David W., III., and Olivero, James. "A Place Out of Space . . . The Independent Study Carrel . . . and a Variety of Studies in Lakeview High School, Decatur, Illinois." NASSP Bulletin XLVI (January, 1962): 193-202.

How study carrels are arranged and used in Lakeview High School.

Beltz, George, and Kohn, Dixie A. "Independent Study in Five Missouri High Schools" The Clearing House XLIV (February, 1970): 334-337.

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Borowski, J.F. "Low Cost Study Carrel Stations in Materials Centers:" Audiovisual Instruction XIV (March, 1969): 98-9.

An economical way of installing "wet carrels" and the many uses to which they can be put in a flexible school.

Buehler, Ronald, G. "How to Help Your Teachers Use the New Media:" The Nation's Schools LXX (July, 1962): 41-46.

How Grosse Pointe, Michigan, helps its teachers make proper use of the IMC.

Chalmers, John J. "Promote Your IMC:" Audiovisual Instruction XIV (September, 1969): 34-36.

Techniques used by the Edmonton, Canada, public school board in promoting the IMC and its resources.

Christine, Emma Ruth. "Connecting with Curriculum; the Library in the Secondary School!" California Education III (May, 1966): 15-16.

Methods used at the Henry M. Gunn Senior High School in California for preparing a class to work on a unit in the school media center.

Church, John G. "Economical Hints for Building an Instructional Materials Center:" The American School Board Journal CXLI (November, 1960): 32.

The author presents eight reasons for developing an IMC.

Clark, Ella C. "Set Up an A-V Center:" Catholic School Journal LXIII (May, 1963): 22-23.

This plan, used to set up an A-V center in the St. Thomas More School, LaCrosse, Wisconsin, could also be used to expand a library into an IMC.

Cleaves, Paul C. "Coordinated A-V?" Grade Teacher LXXXI
(June, 1964): 9, 12, 14, 16.

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A description of modern facilities in a Skokie, Illinois, high school.

Coffey, M. Gene, and Kleffer, Robert De. "Shaping an Audiovisual Center for the Future -- by Design?" American School and University XLI (May, 1969): 44-54.

A suggested guide for the development of an educational media building program.

Cohen, Samuel. "What Does Audiovisual Mean to You?" Audiovisual Instruction IX (January, 1964): 40-64.

A series of interviews conducted in the public schools of Wantagh, Long Island, New York. Although specifically related to audiovisual instruction, this article has many implications for the IMC.

Coleman, Jean, and Gonce, Margie. "Wilbur Wright Junior High School?" Audiovisual Instruction X (February, 1965): 138-39.

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The author discusses advantages of independent study.

"Contrasting Points of View on Libraries and Learning Centers?"
Instructor LXXIV (November, 1964): 81.

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Costley, C.E. "Five Essentials in a Large City Program?"

Audiovisual Instruction V (May, 1960): 134-5, 148.

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The need for a Teaching Materials Center as demonstrated at the State University, College of Education at Cortland, New York.

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- Darling, Richard L. "The School Library Quarters!" Bulletin of the NASSP L (January, 1966): 37-44.
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- DeBernardis, Amo; Crossman, David M.; and Miller, Thomas E. "Media, Technology, and IMC Space Requirements!" Audiovisual Instruction X (February, 1965): 107-14.
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- Doyle, Leila, "Central Processing!" Instructor LXXV (November, 1965): 67, 82, 84.
Central processing helps the IMC.
- Doyle, Leila Ann. "Something New Has Been Added to the Library!" Childhood Education XLIII (October, 1966): 64-8.
A description of the library as the center for instructional materials, services, and equipment for children and teachers.
- Eatough, Clair L. "What Tomorrow's Library Will Look Like!" Nations Schools LXXVII (March, 1966): 107-9.
The library of tomorrow will be a Knowledge Resource Center that will become, through its various components, the main instructional area of the school.
- Egan, Mary Jean. "The Library -- An Environmental Learning Center!" Audiovisual Instruction XIV (September, 1969): 24-25.
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Emmerling, Frank C. "Salt for Education:" Educational Leadership XXI (January, 1964): 231-33.

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Faris, Gene. "An A-V Center That Practices What It Preaches?" American School and University XLI (March, 1969): 47-8.

Indiana University's internship program for A-V students gives practical experience in all areas.

Fite, Robert E. "Is the Audiovisual Coordinator a Full-Fledged Professional Partner?" Audiovisual Instruction XV (May, 1970): 38-39.

Results of the writer's doctoral study show ". . . an appalling discrepancy between the criteria for suggested role performance reported by teachers and administrators and the actual daily activities of the full-time audiovisual building coordinator."

Ford, Harry J. "The Instructional Resources Center:" Audiovisual Instruction VII (October, 1962): 524-26.

The IMC in South Hills High School, Covina, California.

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The survey of several midwest "material centers" shows that they contain little except printed materials.

Franckowiak, Bernard. "Teachers Are Not Expendable!" Wisconsin Library Bulletin LXIV (July-August, 1968): 247-248.

The librarian's role in orientating and assisting the teacher to make full use of the library program.

Gerletti, Robert C. "What Is a Media Center?" Audiovisual Instruction XIV (September, 1969): 21-23.

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Glesy, John P. "A Working Relationship?" Audiovisual Instruction X (November, 1965): 706-8.

The relationship between the central IMC and school IMCs in Flint, Michigan, enriches the teacher's use of varied materials.

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A comparison of centralized and decentralized IMCs.
- Hartz, Frederic R., and Pringle, Eugene A. "Education for Instructional Material Centers." Drexel Library Quarterly II (April, 1966): 168-175.
Recommendations necessary to improve library school curricula for preparing personnel to become school media specialists.
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School architecture deters independent study.
- Hartz, Frederic R., and Elstein, Herman. "Public Relations and Secondary School Media Center: The Director's Role." Audiovisual Instruction XV (January, 1970): 61-63.
The role and techniques of the media center director in creating public relations and services that will best serve his public.
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- Herman, Jerry J. "The Instructional Service Center: A New Concept." American School Board Journal CXLVIII (February, 1964): 17-19.
The organization and function of an Instructional Service Center.

Hyer, Anna L. "Roses, Elephants, and IMCs!" Audiovisual Instruction V (December, 1960): 348.

Merely changing the name of a library does not make it an IMC.

Hyer, Anna L. "Setting Quantitative Standards!" Audiovisual Instruction VI (December, 1961): 506-10.

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"The Instructional Materials Concept!" Audiovisual Instruction VI (June, 1971): 277.

A panel points out there is no dichotomy between the book and A-V worlds.

Ironsides, Ian C. "The Modern Instructional Materials Center!" American School Board Journal CXLV (August, 1962): 19-21.

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The administrative, service, and personnel responsibilities of the IMC at the system level.

Jameson, Leonella. "Changing Over to Materials Centers!" Instructor LXXIV (November, 1964): 56-57.

A detailed discussion of how Kalamazoo, Michigan, elementary schools changed their "old" library routines to modern IMCs.

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Johnson, Donald W. "The Instructional Materials Center." Educational Screen and Audiovisual Guide XLII (April, 1963): 202-3.

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Killough, Kay. "The Matzke Resource Center." Audiovisual Instruction XV (February, 1970): 61.

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"Lakeview of Decatur Is Illinois Pacemaker." Illinois Education LIV (September, 1965): 33.

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How children make use of media at the Williams School in Gary, Indiana.

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Lembo, Diane. "Your Library Can Be the Exciting Nerve Center of Your School." Grade Teacher LXXXIII (November, 1965): 92, 93, 124-27.

A description of what the library needs in order to serve as the "communications hub" of the school.

Linck, Norman. "Educational Media and Independent Study." Audiovisual Instruction XV (February, 1970): 36-37.

The function and use of educational media for independent study in 78 different schools.

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How the IMC locates, organizes, and disseminates all media in a way which will best serve the school community.

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McCandless, Boyd. "Problems of Children's Research." The PTA Magazine LXI (December, 1966): 23-25.

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Mesedah, Leroy, K. "The IMC: Contributions to Individualized Instruction?" Audiovisual Instruction X (November, 1965): 704-5.

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