DOCUMENT RESUME

ED 064 959	24	EM 010 209
TITLE	Documentation Standards Ha Catalog, October 1970.	andbook for EIN Software
INSTITUTION	Interuniversity Communicat Boston, Mass.	cions Council (EDUCOM),
SPONS AGENCY	•	on, Washington, D.C.; Office
BUREAU NO	BR-8-0697/Attachment No.	
FUB DATE	Oct 70	
GRANT	OEG-0-8-080697-4468 (007)	
NOTE	17p.; See also EM 010 206, 010 210, EM 010 211, EM 0	, EM 010 207, EM 010 208, EM 10 212
EDRS PRICE	MF-\$0.65 HC-\$3.29	,
DESCRIPTORS	Abstracts; *Computer Progr *Information Networks; *In Cooperation; *Program Desc	nterinstitutional
IDENTIFIERS	*Educational Information 1	

ABSTRACT

ERIC

The Educational Information Network (EIN) enables member colleges, universities, and educational service organizations to share their computational resources among interested constituents. To accomplish this objective, the EIN Software Catalog is published, describing the available resources. The purpose of this handbook is to define the documentation for programs and systems of programs available through EIN. By following the guidelines in the handbook, participating institutions facilitate the listing of their programs in the Catalog. (JY)

EDUCOM EIN PROJECT BRB-0697 PAS6

> DOCUMENTATION STANDARDS

> > HANDBOOK

[•] FOR

EIN SOFTWARE CATALOG

October 1970

U.S. DEPARTMENT OF HEALTH, EDUCATION & WELFARE OFFICE OF EDUCATION THIS DOCUMENT HAS BEEN REPRO-DUCED EXACTLY AS RECEIVED FROM THE PERSON OR ORGANIZATION ORIG-INATING IT. POINTS OF VIEW OR OPIN-IONS STATED DO NOT NECESSARILY REPRESENT OFFICIAL OFFICE OF EDU-CATION POSITION OR POLICY.

Prepared under a Joint Grant from the U.S. Office of Education and the National Science Foundation Grant No. OEG-0-8-080697-4468 (007)

En 064959

209

Edition of June 1969 prepared by: Thomas A. Keenan, Executive Director Richard D. Ferguson, Research Associate/Editor

Á · •*

Edition of October 1970 augumented by: John C. LeGates, Executive Director Wayne A. Zafft, Editor

The work presented or reported herein was performed pursuant to a Grant from the U.S. Office of Education, Department of Health, Education, and Welfare. However, the opinions expressed herein do not necessarily reflect the position or policy of the U.S. Office of Education, and no official endorsement by the U.S. Office of Education should be inferred.

FRIC

ERIC.

TABLE OF CONTENTS

Documentation Standards Handbook for the EIN Software Catalog.	1
Introduction	1
Documentation Criteria	2
Model Catalog Entry	2
EIN Documentation Standards for Programs	3
Descriptive Title, Calling Name, Installation Name, Author(s) and Affiliation(3), Language, Computer, Program Availability, Contact, Functional Abstract	3
User Instructions, Sam- ple Input/Output Models	4
Cost Estimate	5
EIN Documentation Standards for Systems Software	5
Descriptive Title, Calling Name, Installation Name, Author(s) and Affiliation(s), Language, Computer, Program Availability, and Contact	5
Functional Abstract, User In- structions, Sample Input/Out- put Models, and Cost Estimate	6
EIN Documentation Standards for Computer Facilities	6
Descriptive Title, Instal- lation Name, and Language	6
Computer, Availabil- ity, Contact, Func- tional Abstract, User Instructions, Sample Input/Output Models, and Cost Estimate	7
Model Catalog Entry	9

DOCUMENTATION STANDARDS HANDBOOK FOR THE EIN SOFTWARE CATALOG

Introduction

The Educational Information Network (EIN) is an EDUCOM project, jointly sponsored by the National Science Foundation (NSF) and the U.S. Office of Education. The major objective of the project is to enable member colleges, universities, and educational service organizations to share their computational resources among interested constituents. To accomplish this objective, the *EIN Software Catalog* is published, describing the available resources.

The catalog listings provide the information necessary to permit a user to identify and locate those computational resources of potential utility. After selecting the resource that best answers a particular need, the user will then prepare data according to the required format and send the input to the selected resource center for processing. A record-keeping system will assure the resource center of reciprocal credit or payment for its services and will, in addition, monitor the progress of resource utilization throughout the network.

To expedite the technical aspects of this process, it is necessary for EDUCOM to receive properly prepared documentation from participating institutions through their designated technical representatives. The purpose of this handbook is to define the documentation for programs and systems of programs available through EIN.

The EIN staff recognizes that present documentation at participating institutions does not exist in any common format, and that, in many instances, the documentation submitted will not easily meet the format specified in this handbook. However, it is imperative that all information herein requested be included, regardless of the format chosen.

1

A

Documentation Criteria

Documentation that meets the EDUCOM standards must include the amount of information necessary to inform a prospective user of the precise problem that the program was designed to solve, and to enable him to prepare the required input for the desired results. For extended systems of programs, the catalog entry should identify the capabilities of the system so that the reader can judge the value of studying the references in more detail. ١.

The central item in the catalog entry is a 300-word program abstract that summarizes the functional features of a program and clearly states those processing options which make it useful. While abstracting is known to be somewhat of an art, we believe that careful attention to detail in the content of the abstract is more important that strict attention to form.

Each catalog entry will be carefully checked for the inclusion of the information items specified in this handbook. Those deficient in terms of content will be returned to the submitter so that he can supply the missing items. In addition, all entries will be returned to the resource institution for a final examination before printing.

Constructive suggestions for improvement of the format and/or the definitions are welcome. Any suggested changes will be placed before the EIN Executive Committee.

Model Catalog Entry

A model catalog entry for a program submitted by the University of Iowa has been reproduced in the following pages. The entry is representative of the type that we hope to receive from submittors.

2

EIN DOCUMENTATION STANDARDS FOR PROGRAMS

١

Field Definition

- DESCRIPTIVE TITLE This title is the name that describes what the program does.
 - CALLING NAME This item provides the calling name or loading name of the program, including any symbols needed for identification in the computer center's library.
- INSTALLATION NAME Enter the name of the university computer center at which the program is presently operating and its location (if different from the university).
 - AUTHOR(S) AND AFFILIATION(S) The author of the program is usually the person who did the actual programming and design work. If these tasks were separate, please list both parties and their present affiliations (spefific office or particular laboratory). An author may request that his name not appear in the published catalog.
 - LANGUAGE The programming language in which the program is written.
 - COMPUTER The computer on which the program executes.
- PROGRAM AVAILABILITY Specify whether program decks and/or listings are available on user request.
 - CONTACT Person(s) to contact at the institution for further information.

FUNCTIONAL ABSTRACT

ERIC

This information is central to the catalog entry. It should contain the following.

a. Description of the Problem The problem that the program is designed to solve should be described in such a way as to help the reader to identify elements that may be analogous to his own problem. While this description must be brief, it should clearly identify the conceptual limitations of the program.

Field & Definition (for Programs; continued)

b. Method of Solution

When the method of solution is well known or documented in standard publications, it should be identified by references. Modifications to well-known methods, new methods, or novel combinations of methods should be fully described to indicate their applicability.

c. Special Features of the Program Processing features and options that contribute to the uniqueness of the program should be summarized. Types of input and output should be discussed in terms of their potential value for solution of problems.

d. References Books, periodicals, and other supporting literature related to the program and its methodology should be listed.

USER INSTRUCTIONS

This item will be the basis for data preparation. Hence, instructions regarding data requirements should be clearly and explicitly stated as follows.

a. Input Preparation Formats and Options

These instructions provide the user with the information necessary to prepare his data for input to the program in terms of:

- (1) the precise definition of all variables;
- (2) the exact format and arrangement of input parameters;
- (3) the required card or tape format for all input data;
- (4) the sequence of control statements, if required.

b. Output Formats and Options

These instructions will clearly explain all output variables and the choices of formats available for selection. Some note regarding the accuracy of results also should be included.

c. Data Restrictions

The user must be provided with a full explanation of any data restrictions such as those constituting illegal input, numerical or data-set limitations, and the number or size of the data sets that can be handled by the program.

d. Procedural References Manuals, detailed documentation, etc. required to use the program are listed.

SAMPLE INPUT/OUTPUT MODELS

ERIC

This item will help the user to understand all of the aforementioned information quickly and easily. The sample test case

4

Field & Definition (for Programs; continued)

demonstrates the main features of the program through graphic illustrations (printouts) of real results.

COST ESTIMATE

ERIC

A statement of the number of computational units used in processing the sample problem should be provided to give the user an idea of the potential time and costs for using the program. Actual or approximate dollar value should be stated where possible.

EIN DOCUMENTATION STANDARDS FOR SYSTEMS SOFTWARE

The description of systems follows the guidelines for Programs. However, the documentation should reference operational details rather than describe them in full. The fields should include the following information.

Field	Definition
DESCRIPTIVE TITLE	As for Programs, including the speci- fication of the type of software des- cribed. For example, Remote Inter- active System or Operating System.
CALLING NAME	As for Programs.
INSTALLATION NAME	As for Programs.
AUTHOR(S) AND AFFILIATION(S)	As for Programs; this may include the source of the system.
LANGUAGE	As for Programs, if applicable.
COMPUTER	As for Programs.
PROGRAM AVAILABILITY	As for Programs. Specify whether or not the availability is without charge.
CONTACT	As for Programs. This person will be used more heavily than for user programs.

5

Field & Definition (for Systems; continued)

FUNCTIONAL ABSTRACT

The functional abstract should include a brief summary of the software: what it does, how it does it, and any other information a person may require to determine whether it can be helpful to his needs. The purpose of the abstract is to inform of the uses to which the system is suited.

USER INSTRUCTIONS

This item will be the basis for a user's decision as to whether the constraints of the system are acceptable to his purpose. It should include the data restrictions, as well as the hardware, software, and interface constraints, if applicable. Other special requirements should be mentioned.

References should be cited, including manuals, articles, and all other material required for user understanding of the system. Location and prices of this material should be given. EIN will maintain a copy of each item in the central office as a backup reference.

SAMPLE INPUT/OUTPUT MODELS

Exclude except for writeups of specific programs, where desired.

COST ESTIMATE

ERIC

The pricing algorithm for use of the system should be given. Examples, where applicable, are to be included.

EIN DOCUMENTATION STANDARDS FOR COMPUTER FACILITIES

The description of facilities should follow the guidelines for Programs. However, rather than including full operational details, the documentation should reference them. The fields should include the following information.

Field	Definition
DESCRIPTIVE TITLE	As for Programs.
INSTALLATION NAME	As for Programs.
LANGUAGE	As for Programs.

6

Field & Definition (for Facilities; continued)

COMPUTER As for Programs. AVAILABILITY Include access information. CONTACT As for Systems Software

FUNCTIONAL ABSTRACT

The purpose of the functional abstract is to describe the potential utility of the facility in broad terms. The abstract should include a description of the hardware and special software, the executive system and special peripheral equipment available. Access information should also be given, including type of access and any special constraints (type of terminals needed for remote entry, length or width of tapes, etc.).

USER INSTRUCTIONS

As for Systems Software, include a preliminary bibliography of system references and any special local references. The times the system is available should be listed. The services provided by the installation should be described (consulting, programming, debugging, keypunching, etc.), as well as any special procedures or options that should be noted.

SAMPLE INPUT/OUTPUT MODELS

Exclude except for writeups of specific programs, if desired.

COST ESTIMATE

ERIC

This should include the rates for consulting, the stage and handling, and other services, as well as actual computer charges. Also, indicate any differential between educational and noneducational rates.

7

0107

000

EDUCATIONAL INFORMATION NETWORK

000 0107

000 0107

DESCRIPTIVE TITLE General Multiple Regression Analysis

CALLING NAME REGAN1

CONTACT

INSTALLATION NAME The University of Iowa University Computer Center

AUTHOR(S) ANDStan Walljasper, IBM 7044 versionAFFILIATION(S)Converted to IBM 360 by Louise R. LevineThe University of Iowa Computer Center

LANGUAGE FORTRAN IV (G)

COMPUTER IBM 360/65

PROGRAM AVAILABILITY Decks and listings presently available

Mrs. Louise R. Levine, Program Librarian, Applications Programming, University Computer Center, The Univ. of Iowa, Iowa City, Iowa 52240 Tel.: (319) 353-5580

FUNCTIONAL ABSTRACT

REGAN1 computes the Pearson Product Moment correlation matrix, mean, standard deviation, and population standard deviation. If desired, the multiple R, standard error of the estimates, F ratio, degrees of freedom, regression coefficients, partial coefficients and F ratio associated with each individual variate, the intercept constant, and residuals also may be calculated. There is *no* allowance for missing data. The basic equations and a simple explanation may be found in Cooley and Lohnes.¹

REFERENCES

 Cooley, W.W., and Lohnes, P.R., Multivariate Procedures for the Behavioral Sciences, (John Wiley & Sons, Inc., New York, 1962), pp. 31-45.

8/70

ERIC

0107

000

000 0107

USER INSTRUCTIONS

Input Deck

The input deck consists of the following cards in the order described below.

Title Card

This card gives any alphanumeric information to be printed as a heading on the output.

Problem Card

Columns Contents

4-5 Number of variables (independent + dependent \leq 50)

6-10 Total number of observations

11-15 1: No data error check is desired 2: Data error check is desired

- 16-20 1: No residuals are to be calculated 2: Residuals are to be calculated
- 21-30 If data error check is requested, punch the lower bound for allowable data. The assumed format is F10.5. Leave blank if no data error check is requested.
- 31-40 If data error check is requested, punch the upper bound for allowable data. The assumed format is F10.5.
 - 41 Number of Format Cards (< 3)

42 blank: card input 2,3,4,8, or 9: unit number of disc or tape input Appropriate DD cards for this file should be placed before the //GO.SYSIN card.

Format Cards

Columns Contents

1-80 The data should be read by subject for all variables with an E or F type FORTRAN format. A maximum of 3 Format Cards is allowed.

Data Cards

The Data Cards contain the records of observations. Any uniform

continued

0107

8/70

ERIC

EDUCATIONAL INFORMATION NETWORK

EDUCOM

000 0107

number of cards per observations may be used. Each observation must start on a new card.

/* Card

//GO.FT05F00n DD * Card

This card must be present for each problem, with n taking the value of 2 for the first problem and increasing by one for each additional problem.

Permutation Cards

Columns	Contents
5	l: No residuals are desired 2: Residuals are desired
6-10	Number of variables to be used for the multiple R (independent + dependent variables)
11-12	Dependent variable number
13-14	Independent variables by number. If there are more than 34 independent variables, continue on another card beginning in Cols. 1—2.
•	
79-80	

Only one problem can be run with as many Permutation Cards (max. 20) as necessary.

Program Deck

//name JOB (project no., etc.)
//step EXEC STAT,PARM.GO='REGAN1'
//GO.SYSIN DD *
 Title Card
 Problem Card
 Format Card
 Data Cards
/*
//GO.FT05F002 DD *
 Permutation Cards

/ X

<u>Method</u>

The data are read and the summation on matrices are updated using an auxiliary index matrix.¹ Means, deviations, and product-moment

continued

000 0107

ERIC

8/70

000 0107

correlations are computed by a triangular method.² The simple correlation matrix is transferred to a work area from which the multiple R, Beta weights, etc., are calculated. The basic equations and a simple explanation may be found in Cooley and Lohnes.³

REGAN1 runs on a 360/65 under HASP and OS with FORTRAN IV (G) and uses 70K bytes of core during execution with the source deck. A work area for data set reference number 1 is required.

REFERENCES

- 1. Caffrey, J. "CRAM, Algorithm 67", Collected Algorithms from CACM, (A.C.M., New York).
- Hafley, W.L., and Lewis, J.S., "Triangular Regression, Algorithm 142", Collected Algorithms from CACM, (New York, A.C.M.).
- 3. Cooley, W.W., and Lohnes, P.R., *Multivariate Procedures for* the Behavioral Sciences, (John Wiley & Sons, Inc., New York, 1962).

ERIC

SAMPLE INPUT

EDUCATIONAL INFORMATION NETWORK

000 0107

•••

State of the state

000 0107

4 21	1 2		
(4F1ú.0)			
68.0	2.53	3G.6	3.6
77.8	2.61	34.0	3.8
83.8	2.82	46.6	3.8
83.0	2.66	35.7	5.9
83.8	2.62	54.1	5.3
9 0. 5	2. 26	59.3	3.3
92.5	2.96	51.9	3.0
93.2	3.26	52.6	2.9
93.6	2.90	51.7	5.5
93.3	3.06	67.4	4.4
94.7	3.36	76.0	4.1
58.C	3.89	67.B	4.3
100.7	3.79	60.9	6.8
101.5	4.38	75.3	5.5
103.1	4.41	74.8	5.5
104.2	4.35	71.7	6.7
105.4	4.33	83.0	5.5
106.7	4.26	87.1	5.7
108.1	4.40	94.C	5.2
109.9	4.49	107.4	4.1
113.1	5.13	118.0	3.8
/+			
// GO .FTG5F002	CD 🔹		

/* //



EDUCATIONAL INFORMATION NETWORK

EDUCOM

000 0107

SAMPLE OUTPUT

TESTING REGAN1

ECHO CHECK NC.CF VARIABLES = NO.OF OBSERVATIONS = 4 21 12 MS1 MS2 ER1 J.0 Ú.0 ER2 (4F10.0) 3.800 000.86 2.530 30.600 ACTUAL NOB = 21 STD. DEV. 0.115109E C2 0.812613E GL 0.229587E O2 0.113981E G1 POP. S.D. 0.112334E 02 0.793029E 00 0.224054E 02 0.111234E 01 VAR. MEAN U.954713E U2 0.357190E U1 U.663475E 02 G.472857E 01 1 2 3 4

CORR. MATRIX	R(I, 1)	R(I, 2)	R(I, 3)	R(1, 4)	R(I, 5)	R(I; 6)	R(1, 7)

R(2;J)	0.919635		
R(3,J)	0.915466	0.901840	
R(4+J)	0.342833	0.355816	0.164767

DEPENDENT VARIABLE IS NUMBER 4, INDEPENDENT VARIABLES ARE 1, 2, 3,

MLT.R.	STD.ERROR	F	DF
0.56936973E 00	0.10163383E 01	0.27182302E 01	0.1700000E 02
B	BETA	F	
0.75735092E-01	0.76484263E 00	0.16857405E 01	
0.10165939E 01	0.72476649E 0C	0.17452154E 01	
-6.59031434E-01	-0.11890440E 01	0.49302368E 01	

INTERCEPT -0.22165442E 01

TABLE OF RESIDUALS

Y	¥	RESIDUAL	RESIDUAL	
ESTIMATE	VALUE		STE	_
3.69906	3.80000	0.10094	0.09931	1
4.32189	3.80000	-0.52189	-0.51350	2
4.28140	3.80000	-0.48140	-0.47367	3
4.66619	5.90000	1.23381	1.21398	4
3.59993	5.30000	1.70007	1.67274	5
4.04438	3.30000	-0.74438	-0.73241	6
4.73434	3.00000	-1.73434	-1.70646	7
4.99001	2.90000	-2.09001	-2.05641	8
4.76846	5.50000	0.73154	0.71978	9
3.98160	4.40000	0.41840	0.41168	10
4.23 91 2	4.10000	-0.13912	-0.13689	11
5.15771	4.30000	-0.85771	-0.84393	12
5.66786	6.80000	1.13214	1.11394	13
5.47818	5.50000	0.02182	0.02147	14
5.65937	5.50000	-0.15937	-0.15681	15
5.86468	6.70000	0.83532	0.82189	16
5.26818	5.50000	0.23182	0.22810	17
5.05344	5.70000	0.64656	0.63616	18
4.89448	5.20000	0.30552	0.30061	19
4.33127	4.50000	0.16873	0.16602	20
4.59851	3.80000	-0.79851	-0.78567	21

0.17558823E 02

.

8/70

ERIC

000 0107

「日本と同時のない」

COST ESTIMATE

The costing algorithm is based on the amount of computing time, operator time, core storage, cards in and out, and lines and pages printed. The total cost for the Sample Output above (before a slight change in the pricing schedule) was \$0.56.

Charge to user = computer costs + postage + network overhead = \$0.56 + postage + network overhead

CONTENTS-REGAN1

pages

- 9 Identification & Abstract
- 11-13 User Instructions
- 15–16 I/O
- 17 Cost—Contents

ERIC