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ABSTRACT

The thesaurus is explained to be a distillation of the more comprehensive Thesaurus of ERIC Descriptors used by the Educational Resources Information Center Clearinghouses, and contains approximately 1,500 indexing terms called descriptors selected from the ERIC Thesaurus on the basis of particular need to the Clearinghouse on Exceptional Children. Descriptors selected for inclusion are those which have been found to be applicable and necessary for indexing professional literature in the field of exceptional child education. Scope notes follow a majority of the descriptors and are designed to define the descriptor as it is used in relation to exceptional child education or for indexing purposes. Extensive cross referencing among related descriptors is provided to assist users in finding the most appropriate descriptors for their purposes. A general term is usually followed by cross references to more specific terms representing subcategories of the general term and to any other related descriptors. (CB)

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DEC Information Center on Exceptional Children

an Educational Resources Information Center

# A HANDBOOK FOR EXCEPTIONAL CHILD EDUCATION

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# **Thesaurus for Exceptional Child Education**

**Third Edition**

*July, 1972*

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## **Preface Third Edition**

**July, 1972**

The *Thesaurus for Exceptional Child Education*, a distillation of the more comprehensive *Thesaurus of ERIC Descriptors* used by the Educational Resources Information Center Clearinghouses, contains indexing terms (descriptors) selected from the ERIC Thesaurus on the basis of particular need to the Clearinghouse on Exceptional Children. Descriptors selected for inclusion are those which have been found to be most applicable and necessary for indexing professional literature in the field of exceptional child education.

Refinement of the exceptional child indexing vocabulary represented by this Third Edition consisted of elimination of descriptors found to be overlapping or unnecessary and inclusion of additional ERIC descriptors found to be necessary in indexing the subject literature.

Two major goals of the Third Edition were to further clarify terminology and to provide additional cross references. Scope notes which now follow the majority of the descriptors are intended to define the descriptor as it is used in relation to exceptional child education or for indexing purposes. Extensive cross referencing among related descriptors was added to assist users in finding the most appropriate descriptors for their purposes. A general term is usually followed by cross references to more specific terms representing subcategories of the general term and to any other related descriptors.

Italicized entries preceded by an asterisk are terms which are relevant to the field of exceptional child education but which are not part of the controlled exceptional child indexing vocabulary. These terms are followed by referral to an approved descriptor which should be used in place of the asterisked term.

Suggestions regarding possible additions, deletions, or further clarification of terms are welcome and may be forwarded in written form to the CEC Information Center on Exceptional Children.

**Ability Grouping**

See also Grouping (Instructional Purposes) and Special Classes.

**Ability Identification**

See also Talent Identification.

**Abstract Reasoning**

The act of arriving at conclusions through the use of symbols or generalizations rather than concrete data. See also Cognitive Processes and Thought Processes.

**Abstraction Levels**

Steps involved in the process of developing successively broader generalizations.

**Abstracts**

See also Information Dissemination.

**Academic Ability**

A combination of abilities useful in education in which verbal or linguistic accomplishment and numerical or mathematical facility are emphasized. Includes academic aptitude.

**Academic Achievement**

Knowledge attained or skills developed in the school subjects, usually designated by test scores or by marks assigned by teachers, or by both. See also Grades (Scholastic), High Achievers, and Underachievers.

**Accelerated Courses**

Curriculum content designed to advance knowledge more rapidly than the norm. See also Advanced Placement and Honors Curriculum.

**Acceleration**

The process of progressing through school grades at a rate faster than that of the average child.

**\*Accident Prevention**

Use Safety Education.

**Accreditation (Institutions)****Achievement**

Use only for non-academic achievement. See also Academic Achievement and Performance terms.

**Achievement Tests**

Most frequently refers to academic achievement tests. See also Performance Tests.

**Acoustics****\*Activities**

Use Class, Co-curricular, Physical, Playground, or Science Activities, or Creative Expression.

**Adjustment Problems**

See also Emotional, Personal, Social, Student, and Vocational Adjustment.

**Adjustment (To Environment)**

Refers to a person's relationship to his immediate living environment. See also Environmental Influences.

**Administration**

See also Institutional Administration and Supervision.

**Administrative Change****Administrative Organization****Administrative Policy****Administrative Problems****Administrator Attitudes****Administrator Evaluation**

Evaluating the administrator.

**Administrator Role**

Includes administrator responsibility. See also Principals and Superintendents.

**Admission Criteria**

See also College Admission and Early Admission.

**Adolescence****Adolescents**

Persons aged 13 to 18 years. See also Delinquent terms, Juvenile terms, Young Adults, and Youth Problems.

**Adopted Children**

See also Foster Children.

**Adoption****Adult Education****Adults**

Persons aged 26 to 64 years. See also Geriatrics, Older Adults, and Young Adults.

**Advanced Placement**

See also Accelerated Courses and Honors Curriculum.

**Advisory Committees****Affection****Affective Behavior**

Behavior motivated by feeling or emotion.

**\*After School Activities**

Use Co-curricular Activities.

**Age**

The process of aging.

**Age Differences****Age Groups****Agencies**

Includes private and public agencies. See also State Agencies.

**Agency Role****Aggression**

See also Hostility.

**\*Aids**

Use Audiovisual, Electromechanical, Hearing, Mobility, or Sensory Aids.

**Alcoholism****Allergy****Alphabets**

See also Initial Teaching Alphabet.

**American Indians****Amputees****Anatomy****Ancillary Services**

Auxiliary or supporting services, either nonprofessional or professional, in an institution, school, or other facility.

**Anglo Americans****Annotated Bibliographies**

See also Bibliographies.

**Annual Reports****Anomalies**

Includes congenital defects.

**Anxiety**

See also Fear and Insecurity.

**Aphasia****Aptitude****Aptitude Tests****Architectural Barriers**

Building elements which become obstacles to physically handicapped persons.

**Architectural Programing**

Includes architectural specifications.

**Architecture**

See also Acoustics, Building Design, and Design Needs.

**\*Arithmetic**

Use Mathematics.

**Art**

See also Freehand Drawing, Graphic Arts, Handicrafts, Painting, and Photography.

**Art Education****Art Materials****\*Arts and Crafts**

Use Handicrafts.

**Articulation (Speech)****Aspiration**

Desire to realize one's goals or hope of achieving something high or great. See also Expectation, Occupational Aspiration, and Parental Aspiration.

**Association (Psychological)**

The evocation of one experience by the presence of a related experience.

**Association Tests**

**Associative Learning**

When items experienced together enter into a connection, so that one tends to reinstate the other. See also Paired Associate Learning.

**Asthma****Athletic Equipment****Athletics**

See also Physical Activities.

**Attendance**

Daily school attendance. See also Truancy.

**Attendant Training****Attendants**

Nonprofessional personnel engaged in the daily physical care and/or custody of institutionalized persons. See also Institutional Personnel.

**Attention Span**

Includes attention control.

**Attitude Tests****Attitudes**

See also Administrator, Changing, Childhood, Community, Employer, Family, Mother, Negative, Parent, Racial, Social, Student, Teacher, and Work Attitudes.

**Audio Equipment**

See also Hearing Aids, Loop Induction Systems, and Tape Recorders.

**Audiology**

The interdisciplinary professional area having to do with the nonmedical evaluation and treatment of impaired hearing.

**Audiovisual Aids**

See also Films, Filmstrips, Overhead Projectors, Phonograph Records, Talking Books, Tape Recordings, Transparencies, Video Tape Recordings, Instructional Materials, and Instructional Media.

**Audiovisual Centers**

See also Instructional Materials Centers.

**Audiovisual Instruction**

See also Multisensory Learning.

**Audition (Physiology)**

The organic process of hearing, including the anatomy and functions of the ear.

**Auditory Perception**

Ability to hear sounds. Includes auditory discrimination, the ability to discern differences among sounds.

**Auditory Tests**

Tests designed to assess ability to hear.

**Auditory Training**

Training in the recognition and interpretation of common sounds, including speech. See also Hearing Conservation.

**Aural Learning**

Instruction which utilizes the learner's sense of hearing as the primary sensory stimulus mode. See also Multisensory Learning.

**Aural Stimuli****Aurally Handicapped**

See also Deaf and Hard of Hearing.

**Autism**

See also Withdrawal Tendencies (Psychology).

**Autobiographies****\*Autoinstructional Programs**

Use Programed Instruction.

**Average Students****Basic Reading****Beginning Teachers****Behavior**

See also Affective, Group, Infant, Reactive, Socially Deviant, Stimulus, and Student Behavior.

**Behavior Change**

Includes behavior modification. See also Operant Conditioning, Verbal Operant Conditioning, and Personality Change.

**\*Behavior Modification**

Use Behavior Change.

**Behavior Patterns**

See also Conformity and Habit Formation.

**Behavior Problems**

See also Aggression and Discipline Problems.

**Behavior Rating Scales**

See also Rating Scales.

**Behavior Theories**

See also Personality Theories.

**Behavioral Objectives**

See also Course Objectives.

**Behavioral Sciences**

Sciences that study behavior of man and animals in their physical and social environments, such as Psychology and Sociology.

**Bibliographies**

See also Annotated Bibliographies.

**Bibliotherapy**

Use of reading to ameliorate psychic disorder or, more generally, to promote mental health and influence total development.

**Bilingual Students**

See also Second Language Learning.

**Biochemistry**

See also Biological Influences, Metabolism, and Physiology.

**Biographies****Biological Influences**

See also Biochemistry, Metabolism, and Physiology.

**Biology****Blind**

See also Visually Handicapped.

**Boarding Homes****Boards of Education**

Includes State Boards of Education. See also State Departments of Education.

**Body Height****Body Image**

Conceptual representation or spatial idea of one's own body derived from internal and external sensations, emotions, and fantasies. See also Self Concept.

**Body Weight****\*Books**

Use Childrens, High Interest Low Vocabulary, Reference, or Talking Books, or Textbooks.

**Braille****Building Design**

See also Acoustics, Architectural Programing, and Design Needs.

**Bus Transportation**

Includes, but not restricted to, the bussing of students to achieve racial distribution.

**Business Education**

See also Typewriting.

**Business Responsibility**

Obligations of the commercial business community. See also Industry.

**Camping**

Includes day and residential camps.

**Campuses**

See also Colleges, Junior Colleges, and Universities.

**Cardiac (Person)**

Includes references to the heart and heart disease.

**Cardiovascular System**

Refers to circulatory system or to blood. See also Rh Factors.

**\*Careers**

Use Employment, Job, Occupational, or Vocational terms.

**Case Studies**

Collections of pertinent biographical, environmental, psychological, and social information gathered to help explain sin-

gle individuals or social units.  
See also Medical Case Histories.

**Case Studies (Education)**  
Collections of available evidence, such as biological, environmental, social, etc., for the purposes of educational guidance and as an aid to teachers for instructional planning.

**\*Caseworkers**  
Use Social Workers.

**Caucasian Race**

**\*Cerebral Dominance**  
Use Lateral Dominance.

**Cerebral Palsy**

**Certification**  
Use for professionals other than teachers. See also Qualifications and Teacher Certification.

**Change Agents**  
Persons or influences which attempt change or aid in its accomplishment.

**Changing Attitudes**

**Check Lists**

**Chemistry**  
See also Biochemistry.

**Child Abuse**

**Child Care**

**Child Care Centers**  
Includes day care programs.

**Child Care Occupations**

**Child Development**  
See also Immaturity, Maturation, Growth Patterns, and Cognitive, Creative, Emotional, Intellectual, Language, Motor, Perceptual, Personality, Physical, and Social Development.

**Child Development Centers**

**Child Psychology**  
See also Developmental Psychology.

**Child Rearing**

**Child Welfare**

**Childhood**  
Children aged 7 to 12 years.

**Childhood Attitudes**

**Childhood Needs**

**Childrens Books**  
See also Autobiographies, Biographies, and Literature.

**Church Programs**  
See also Religious Education.

**Church Role**  
See also Clergymen.

**Citizenship**  
Includes civics.

**Civil Liberties**  
Use for individual or human rights.

**Civil Rights**  
Use for rights of minority groups.

**Class Activities**

**Class Management**

**Class Size**

**Classification**  
The act of ordering phenomena into groups, families, or systems on the basis of designated characteristics. See also Taxonomy.

**Classroom Arrangement**  
See also Mobile Classrooms.

**Classroom Environment**  
See also Permissive, Physical, and Therapeutic Environment, and Environmental Influences.

**Classroom Furniture**

**Classroom Observation Techniques**

**Cleft Lip**

**Cleft Palate**

**Clergymen**  
See also Church Role and Religious Education.

**Clinical Diagnosis**  
For diagnosis by a physician, use Medical Evaluation.

**Clinics**  
See also Hearing, Itinerant, Mental Health, Psychoeducational, Reading, and Speech Clinics.

**Clothing**

**Cloze Procedure**  
An evaluation method in which the subject must supply a word omitted from continuing discourse.

**Cocurricular Activities**  
Includes extracurricular activities.

**Coded Speech**  
The coding of speech in such a way that high frequency sounds are represented in the auditory range of subjects with low frequency residual hearing.

**Cognitive Ability**

**Cognitive Development**  
Refers to all the various aspects of knowing, including perception, judgment, reasoning, remembering, thinking, and imagining. See also Intellectual Development.

**Cognitive Measurement**  
See also Intelligence Tests and Psychological Tests.

**Cognitive Processes**  
Processes of becoming aware of or obtaining knowledge of an object. Includes perceiving, rec-

ognizing, conceiving, judging, and reasoning. See also Abstract Reasoning, Memory, and Thought Processes.

**College Admission**  
See also Admission Criteria.

**College Choice**

**College High School Cooperation**  
See also Cooperative Programs.

**College Preparation**

**College Students**

**Colleges**  
See also Campuses, Junior Colleges, Universities, Undergraduate Study, and Graduate Study.

**Color Planning**  
Includes color recognition and other color-related topics.

**Communication Problems**

**Communication Skills**  
See also Language Ability and Speech Skills.

**Communication (Thought Transfer)**  
Transmission of information (thought or feeling) by means of gestures, words, or other means from one person to another. See also Manual, Nonverbal, Oral, and Verbal Communication.

**Community Action**

**Community Attitudes**

**Community Cooperation**  
See also Cooperative Programs.

**Community Health**  
Includes community health services. See also Health terms and Public Health.

**Community Organizations**

**Community Planning**

**Community Programs**  
Includes community centers and neighborhood centers.

**Community Resources**

**Community Role**  
Includes community involvement and community responsibility.

**Community Services**  
See also Social Services and Welfare Services.

**Community Surveys**  
See also National Surveys, State Surveys, and Surveys.

**Comparative Analysis**  
Use only in discussions of research methodology.

**Comparative Education**  
Study of current education theory and practice in different countries. See also Cross Cultural Studies.

**Compensatory Education**

Use for secondary level of instruction. For elementary or preschool level, use Intervention. See also Remedial Instruction.

**Complexity Level****Comprehension**

See also Listening Comprehension and Reading Comprehension.

**Computer Assisted Instruction**

See also Programed Instruction.

**Computer Programs****Computers**

See also Machine Translation.

**Concept Formation**

Process of developing an idea or concept.

**Conceptual Schemes**

See also Models.

**Conditioned Response**

The new or modified response that is elicited by a given stimulus after conditioning. See also Operant Conditioning, Patterned Responses, Reactive Behavior, and Stimulus Behavior.

**Conditioned Stimulus**

An originally ineffective stimulus for a given response that, by the experimental procedure of conditioning, has become capable of eliciting that response.

**Conference Reports****Conformity**

Correspondence to recognized or required behavioral and attitudinal patterns or standards. See also Group Norms and Imitation.

**\*Congenital Defects**

Use Anomalies.

**Conservation (Concept)**

Concept that a factor such as quantity, weight, or volume remains constant despite other changes.

**Consultants****Consultation Programs****Consumer Education**

Study of intelligent and effective methods of buying and using goods and services, competent money management, and relationship of consumer to economic system.

**Context Clues**

See also Reading Comprehension and Word Recognition.

**Contraception**

See also Sex Education.

**Convergent Thinking**

The thought process involving a search for the one (predetermined) right, best, or most conventional answer to a problem. It is likely that giver (cue) information fully determines the response.

**Cooperative Programs**

Includes interinstitutional cooperation. See also College High School, Community, and Interagency Cooperation.

**Corrective Institutions**

Penal and/or rehabilitative institutions for delinquents and criminals. See also Prisoners.

**Correlation**

See also Statistical Analysis.

**Cosmetic Prostheses**

Prostheses designed to closely approximate the human body in appearance.

**Cost Effectiveness**

See also Financial Policy and Expenditure Per Student.

**Counseling**

See also Family, Parent, and Vocational Counseling.

**Counseling Centers****Counseling Effectiveness****Counselor Evaluation**

Evaluating the counselor.

**Counselor Role****Counselor Training****Counselors****Course Objectives**

See also Behavioral Objectives and Educational Objectives.

**Court Cases****Courts**

See also Juvenile Courts, Legal terms, Probation Officers, and Probationary Period.

**Creative Ability****Creative Development****Creative Expression**

Includes creative activities. See also Art, Dance, Freehand Drawing, Handicrafts, Painting, Writing Skills, and Self-Expression.

**Creative Thinking**

See also Divergent Thinking.

**Creativity****Creativity Research****Crime****Criminals**

Refers to adults. When referring to youth, use Delinquents.

**Crisis Therapy**

Brief therapy focusing on coping style and ego support rather than

on insight into unconscious conflict. Attends to functioning, adaptation, symptom reduction, and avoidance of hospitalization. See also Counseling and Psychotherapy.

**Cross Cultural Studies**

See also Comparative Education and Cultural terms.

**Cued Speech**

Method of language learning for the deaf utilizing manual configurations as a supplement to lipreading (oral communication).

**Cultural Background****Cultural Differences**

See also Ethnic Groups, Minority Groups, Racial Differences, and Religious Differences.

**Cultural Enrichment**

Development of aesthetic appreciation in relation to the creative arts.

**Cultural Factors**

See also Racial Factors.

**Culturally Disadvantaged**

Use Disadvantaged Youth or Disadvantaged Groups unless the disadvantage is specifically of a cultural, not economic, nature. See also Ethnic Groups and Minority Groups.

**Culture Free Tests**

Tests of general ability from which have been eliminated all items (involving language, information, or skills) depending upon experiences that are more commonly found in one culture than in another.

**Curiosity**

See also Discovery Learning.

**Curriculum**

See also Course Objectives and Honors Curriculum.

**Curriculum Design****Curriculum Development****Curriculum Evaluation****Curriculum Guides****Custodial Mentally Handicapped**

1,20-25.

**Custodian Training**

Janitorial training.

**Cutaneous Sense**

See also Tactile Perception.

**Cybernetics**

Comparative study of the automatic control system formed by the nervous system and brain and by mechanical-electrical communication systems. See also Feedback.

**Dance**



**\*Data Processing**

Use Information terms.

**Dating (Social)**

See also Social Relations.

**\*Day Care Programs**

Use Child Care Centers.

**Day Schools****Deaf**

See also Aurally Handicapped.

**Deaf Blind****Deaf Interpreting****Death**

See also Suicide.

**Decision Making**

See also Problem Solving.

**Deductive Methods**

See also Logical Thinking.

**Delinquency**

See also Juvenile Gangs.

**Delinquency Causes****Delinquency Prevention****Delinquents**

When referring to adults, use Criminals.

**Demography**

The statistical study of human populations, especially with reference to size, density, distribution, and vital statistics. See also Geographic Distribution, Incidence, and Statistical Data.

**Demonstration Centers****Demonstration Projects**

Includes experimental programs and pilot projects. See also Research and Development Centers.

**Dental Health****Depressed Areas (Geographic)**

Economically depressed or poverty areas. See also Economically Disadvantaged, Low Income Groups, Poverty Programs, and Slums.

**\*Depth Perception**

Use Stereopsis.

**Design Needs**

See also Architecture terms and Building Design.

**Developmental Psychology**

See also Child Development, Child Psychology, and Maturation.

**Diabetes****Diagnostic Teaching**

Includes prescriptive teaching.

**Diagnostic Tests**

See also Prognostic Tests.

**\*Dialects**

Use Nonstandard Dialects.

**Dietetics**

See also Eating Habits, Food Service Workers, and Nutrition.

**Directories****Disadvantaged Groups**

Includes both cultural and economic disadvantage. See also Culturally Disadvantaged, Economically Disadvantaged, Low Income Groups, Lower Class, Migrant Children, and Minority Groups.

**Disadvantaged Youth****Discipline**

See also Self Control.

**Discipline Problems**

See also Behavior Problems.

**Discovery Learning**

Learning in which the student constructs the principle for himself, based upon his observations and laboratory experiments. See also Curiosity and Inductive Methods.

**Discrimination Learning**

Learning to react differently to various objects or stimuli.

**Discriminatory Attitudes (Social)**

See also Civil Rights, Racial Attitudes, Racial Integration, and School Integration.

**\*Discussion**

Use Group Discussion.

**Disease Control**

See also Preventive Medicine and Public Health.

**Diseases**

See also Alcoholism, Asthma, Diabetes, Epilepsy, Infectious Diseases, Psychosomatic Diseases, Rubella, and Special Health Problems.

**Divergent Thinking**

Creative, imaginative, and flexible thinking in which emphasis is upon variety, originality, and abundance of ideas or answers, rather than upon finding a single correct solution. Conclusions are not completely determined by given (cue) information. See also Creative Thinking.

**Doctoral Degrees****Doctoral Programs**

See also Graduate Study and Universities.

**Doctoral Theses**

See also Masters Theses.

**Dormitories****Dramatics****Driver Education****Dropouts**

See also Potential Dropouts.

**Drug Abuse****Drug Addiction**

See also Lysergic Acid Diethylamide and Narcotics.

**Drug Education****Drug Therapy**

See also Sedatives.

**Dyslexia**

See also Reading Difficulty.

**Early Admission**

See also Admission Criteria and College Admission.

**Early Childhood**

Children aged 2 1/2 to 7 years.

**Early Childhood Education**

Use for preschool education. See also Preschool Children.

**Eating Habits**

See also Dietetics and Nutrition.

**Echolalia**

Involuntary and senseless repetition of words heard spoken by another person.

**Echolocation**

A process for locating distant or invisible objects by means of sound waves reflected back to the emitter by the objects, especially in relation to visually handicapped mobility and orientation. See also Mobility Aids, Travel Training, and Visually Handicapped terms.

**Ecology**

See also Environmental terms and Outdoor Education.

**Economically Disadvantaged**

Use Disadvantaged Youth or Disadvantaged Groups unless the disadvantage is specifically of an economic, not cultural, nature. See also Depressed Areas (Geographic), Low Income Groups, Low Rent Housing, and Lower Class.

**Economics**

See also Money Management.

**Educable Mentally Handicapped**

IQ 50-75.

**\*Education**

Use Adult, Art, Business, Comparative, Compensatory, Consumer, Driver, Early Childhood, Elementary, Exceptional Child, Family Life, Health, Inservice, Inservice Teacher, Outdoor, Parent, Physical, Prevocational, Professional, Public, Religious, Rural, Safety, Secondary, Sex, Teacher, Technical, Urban, or Vocational Education.

**Educational Accountability**

Assumption of responsibility for bringing about specified academic achievement in students.

**Educational Background**

The educational history of an individual.

**Educational Diagnosis**

Identification of the nature or level of student ability or skill. See also Diagnostic Tests and Reading Diagnosis.

**Educational Facilities**

See also School Buildings.

**Educational Methods**

Broad pedagogical concepts or approaches such as the Montessori Method. For specific daily techniques, see Teaching Methods.

**Educational Needs****Educational Objectives**

See also Behavioral Objectives and Course Objectives.

**Educational Opportunities****Educational Philosophy****Educational Planning****Educational Programs**

See also Program Descriptions and specific types of educational programs listed under Education.

**Educational Psychology****Educational Technology**

See also Instructional Media, Mass Media, Media Technology, and Technology.

**Educational Television**

Use to mean public ETV. For classroom instruction via closed circuit television, use Televised Instruction.

**Educational Trends**

See also Trend Analysis.

**Educationally Disadvantaged**

May include learning disabled, emotionally disturbed, and/or disadvantaged students. Use only to reflect author's language. See also specific disability terms.

**Effective Teaching****Electrical Stimuli****Electroencephalography****Electromechanical Aids**

See also Mobility Aids and Sensory Aids.

**Elementary Education**

Kindergarten through grade 6. See also Kindergarten, Primary Grades, and Intermediate Grades.

**Elementary School Students****Emotional Adjustment****\*Emotional Behavior**

Use Affective Behavior.

**Emotional Development****Emotional Problems****Emotionally Disturbed**

Use for children only. When referring to adults, use Mental Illness. See also Aggression, Anxiety, Autism, Behavior Problems, Echolalia, Fear, Hostility, Hyperactivity, Neurotic Children, Personality Problems, Psychosomatic Diseases, Psychotic Children, Schizophrenia, School Phobia, Socially Maladjusted, Suicide, and Withdrawal Tendencies (Psychology).

**Employer Attitudes****Employer Employee Relationship**

See also Interpersonal Relationship.

**Employment**

See also Job, Occupational, and Vocational terms and Unemployment.

**Employment Experience****Employment Level****Employment Opportunities****Employment Potential****Employment Qualifications****\*Employment Services**

Use Job Placement.

**Employment Trends**

See also Trend Analysis.

**English**

English as a course of study in school. See also Language terms and Literature.

**Enrichment**

An educational method providing additional experiences for new learning opportunities. Frequently used to stimulate gifted students.

**Enrollment Trends**

See also Trend Analysis.

**Environmental Influences**

See also Classroom, Family, Institutional, Permissive, Physical, Therapeutic, Urban, and Work Environment, Adjustment (To Environment), Ecology, and Milieu Therapy.

**Environmental Research****Epilepsy**

See also Seizures.

**Equipment**

See also Athletic Equipment, Audio Equipment, and Electromechanical, Mobility, and Sensory Aids.

**Equipment Evaluation****Equipment Utilization****\*Ethics**

Use Moral Values.

**Ethnic Groups**

See also American Indians, Anglo Americans, Caucasian Race, Mexican Americans, Negroes, Minority Groups, and Cultural and Racial terms.

**Etiology****Evaluation**

See also Administrator, Counselor, Curriculum, Equipment, Medical, Personnel, Preschool, Program, Psychological, Self, Speech, Student, and Teacher Evaluation

**Evaluation Criteria****Evaluation Methods**

See also Cloze Procedure, Comparative Analysis, Item Analysis, Measurement Techniques, Skill Analysis, and Statistical Analysis.

**Examiners**

Use for test examiners.

**Exceptional Child Education****Exceptional Child Research****Exceptional Child Services****Expectation**

See also Aspiration, Occupational Aspiration, Parental Aspiration, and Prediction.

**Expenditure Per Student**

See also Cost Effectiveness and Financial Policy.

**\*Experimental Programs**

Use Demonstration Projects. See also Laboratory Schools.

**Experimental Psychology****Expressive Language**

See also Verbal Ability.

**Eye Hand Coordination**

See also Perceptual Motor Coordination.

**Eye Movements****Facilities**

Non-educational facilities. See also Educational, Flexible, Health, Public, Recreational, and Sanitary Facilities.

**Facility Improvement****Factor Analysis**

See also Item Analysis and Statistical Analysis.

**\*Faculty**

Use Instructional Staff.

**Failure Factors**

See also Success Factors and Performance Factors.

**Family Attitudes**

See also Childhood, Mother, and Parent Attitudes.

**Family Characteristics**

Includes family background.

**Family Counseling**

See also Parent Counseling.

**Family Environment**

See also Permissive, Physical, and Urban Environment, and Environmental Influences.

**Family Influence**

See also Parent Influence.

**Family Life Education****Family Problems**

See also Marital Instability and Working Parents.

**Family Role**

Includes family involvement and family responsibility.

**Family (Sociological Unit)**

Includes family relationship. See also Parent Child Relationship, Siblings, and Twins.

**Family Structure**

Includes birth order. See also One Parent Family.

**Fantasy**

See also Imagination.

**Fathers****Fear**

See also Anxiety, Insecurity, and School Phobia.

**Federal Aid**

See also Grants and State Federal Aid.

**Federal Government**

See also Government Role.

**Federal Legislation****Feedback****Fellowships**

Financial aid in graduate study. See also Grants and Scholarships.

**Females****Field Trips****Films****Filmstrips****Financial Policy**

See also Cost Effectiveness, Expenditure Per Student, and Program Budgeting.

**Financial Support**

See also Federal, State, and State Federal Aid, Fellowships, Grants, Scholarships, and Public Support.

**Finger Spelling**

Spelling by finger movements; one form of manual communication used by the deaf. See also

Cued Speech, Manual Communication, and Sign Language.

**Flexible Facilities**

See also Open Education.

**Flexible Scheduling****Followup Studies****Food Service Workers**

See also Dietetics and Nutrition.

**Foreign Countries**

See also Comparative Education, Cross Cultural Studies, and International Programs.

**\*Foreign Languages**

Use Second Language Learning. See also Language Instruction.

**Foster Children**

See also Adopted Children.

**Foster Family****Freehand Drawing****Games**

Includes puzzles. See also Playground Activities and Toys.

**Genetics**

See also Heredity.

**Geographic Distribution**

See also Demography.

**Geographic Regions**

Includes geographic location. See also Depressed Areas (Geographic), Rural Areas, Suburban Youth, and Urban Environment.

**Geography**

Geography as a course or unit of study in school.

**Geometry****Geriatrics**

See also Age and Older Adults.

**Gifted**

See also Ability Identification, Creative Ability, High Achievers, and Talent Identification.

**Glossaries****Goal Orientation**

See also Expectation and Motivation.

**Government Role**

See also Federal Government and State terms.

**Grade Repetition**

See also Student Promotion.

**Grades (Scholastic)**

See also Academic Achievement and Student Evaluation.

**Graduate Study**

See also Doctoral Programs, Masters Degrees, and Universities.

**Graduate Surveys**

Surveys of graduates from any level institution.

**Grants**

See also Fellowships, Financial Support, and Scholarships.

**Graphic Arts****Group Behavior**

See also Peer Groups.

**Group Discussion**

Includes seminars and discussion as a teaching technique.

**Group Dynamics**

See also Interaction Process Analysis.

**Group Living****Group Norms**

See also Conformity.

**Group Structure****Group Therapy**

Includes group counseling. See also Sensitivity Training.

**Grouping (Instructional Purposes)**

See also Ability Grouping, Heterogeneous Grouping, Nongraded Classes, Regular Class Placement, Special Classes, and Student Placement.

**Growth Patterns**

See also Child Development and Physical Development.

**\*Guidance**

Use Counseling terms.

**Guidelines**

Includes guides and manuals. See also Curriculum, Resource, Study, and Teaching Guides.

**Habit Formation**

See also Eating, Speech, and Study Habits.

**Handicapped**

Use only for handicapped adults.

**Handicapped Children****Handicrafts****Handwriting**

Use for script, printing, or when discussing legibility. For composition or creative writing, use Writing Skills. See also Left Handed Writer.

**\*Haptic Perception.**

Use Tactual Perception. See also Cutaneous Sense.

**Hard of Hearing**

See also Aurally Handicapped.

**Health**

See also Community, Dental, Mental, and Public Health, Disease Control, Physical Fitness, and Special Health Problems.

**Health Education**

See also Hygiene.

**Health Facilities**

See also Clinics, Hearing Clinics, Hospitals, Itinerant Clinics.

Mental Health Clinics, and Nursing Homes.

**Health Personnel**  
See also Nursing, Optometrists, Paramedical Occupations, Physical Therapists, Physicians, Psychiatrists, Psychologists, and School Psychologists.

**Health Services**

**Hearing Aids**

**Hearing Clinics**

**Hearing Conservation**  
See also Auditory Training.

**\*Hearing Impaired**  
Use Aurally Handicapped.

**Hearing Loss**

**Hearing Therapy**

**Heredity**  
The genetic transmission of a particular quality or trait from parent to offspring. See also Genetics.

**Heterogeneous Grouping**  
See also Grouping (Instructional Purposes) and Regular Class Placement.

**High Achievers**

**High Interest Low Vocabulary Books**

**High School Graduates**

**\*High Schools**  
Use Senior High Schools or Secondary Schools.

**Historical Reviews**  
See also Literature Reviews and Research Reviews (Publications).

**History**  
History as a course of study in school.

**Hobbies**  
See also Interests, Leisure Time, and Recreation.

**Home Economics**

**Home Instruction**  
Use in relation to homebound persons.

**Home Visits**  
Visits to the home by educational, health, or other personnel.

**Homebound**

**\*Homogeneous Grouping**  
Use Ability Grouping or Grouping (Instructional Purposes).

**Honors Curriculum**  
See also Accelerated Courses, Advanced Placement, and Independent Study.

**Hospital Schools**  
Refers to educational programs provided for children in a medical hospital.

**Hospitalized Children**

**Hospitals**  
See also Medical terms, Nursing and Physicians.

**Hostility**  
See also Aggression.

**Human Posture**

**Hygiene**  
Includes body care and personal grooming.

**Hyperactivity**

**Hypnosis**

**Identification**  
See also Ability Identification and Talent Identification.

**Identification (Psychological)**  
Merging one's own purposes and values with those of another person, or seeing another as an emotional extension of oneself; or, carrying over into relations with one person the response patterns pertaining to another because of similarity in behavior, role, or appearance of the two persons. See also Imitation and Models.

**Illegitimate Births**  
See also Unwed Mothers.

**Illiteracy**

**Imagination**  
See also Fantasy.

**Imitation**  
See also Conformity, Echolalia, Identification (Psychological), and Models.

**Immaturity**  
See also Child Development and Maturation.

**Incidence**  
See also Statistical Data.

**Incidental Learning**  
Learning occurring concomitantly with an activity or experience, but toward which the activity or experience is not specifically directed.

**Independent Study**  
See also Honors Curriculum.

**Individual Characteristics**

**Individual Differences**  
See also Age, Cultural, Intelligence, Racial, Religious, Rural Urban, Sex, and Social Differences.

**Individualized Instruction**  
See also Tutoring.

**Inductive Methods**  
See also Discovery Learning and Logical Thinking.

**Industrial Arts**

**Industry**  
See also Business terms.

**Infancy**  
Children aged 0 to 2 1/2 years.

**Infant Behavior**

**Infectious Diseases**  
An infectious disease is one caused by parasites, such as bacteria, protozoa, or fungi. Use for communicable diseases. See also Rubella.

**Information Centers**  
See also Audiovisual Centers and Instructional Materials Centers.

**Information Dissemination**  
See also Abstracts, Mass Media, and Publications.

**Information Retrieval**

**Information Services**

**Information Systems**

**Information Utilization**  
See also Research Utilization.

**Initial Teaching Alphabet**  
See also Alphabets.

**\*Inner City**  
Use Urban terms. See also Slums.

**Innovation**

**Inquiry Training**  
Training in questioning and techniques seeking a subjective rather than an objective fact. See also Questionnaires and Interviews.

**Insecurity**  
See also Anxiety.

**Inservice Education**  
Programs or courses that provide advanced study to professional persons in fields other than teaching.

**Inservice Teacher Education**

**Institutes (Training Programs)**  
See also Workshops.

**Institutional Administration**

**Institutional Environment**  
See also Permissive, Physical, and Therapeutic Environment, and Environmental Influences.

**Institutional Personnel**  
See also Attendants.

**Institutional Schools**  
For boarding schools, use Residential Schools.

**Institutionalized (Persons)**  
See also Hospitalized Children.

**Institutions**  
Includes institutions for the care and treatment of mentally, emotionally, and/or physically handicapped persons, and for orphans or neglected children. See also Corrective Institutions and Hospitals.

### **Instructional Materials**

See also Audiovisual Aids, Games, Workbooks, and Large Type, Manipulative, Programed, Reading, Student Developed, and Teacher Developed Materials.

### **Instructional Materials Centers**

See also Audiovisual Centers and Information Centers.

### **Instructional Media**

See also Audiovisual Aids, Educational Technology, Mass Media, and Media Technology.

### **Instructional Staff**

Use for faculty.

### **Insurance Programs**

#### **\*Integration**

Use Racial Integration or School Integration.

### **Intellectual Development**

Refers to the aspects of knowing that involve higher thought processes, conceptual activities, and grasping of relationships. See also Cognitive Development.

### **Intelligence Differences**

#### **Intelligence Level**

Use for intelligence factors or when discussion is broader than MA over CA.

#### **Intelligence Quotient**

IQ is level of MA over CA.

#### **Intelligence Tests**

#### **Interaction Process Analysis**

Method of studying social groups wherein all explicit person-to-person reactions are carefully recorded according to a systematic classification and are analyzed.

#### **Interagency Cooperation**

See also Cooperative Programs.

#### **Interdisciplinary Approach**

#### **Interest Tests**

#### **Interests**

See also Hobbies and Vocational Interests.

#### **Intermediate Grades**

Grades 4-6.

#### **International Organizations**

#### **International Programs**

See also Foreign Countries.

#### **Interpersonal Competence**

Use for social skills.

#### **Interpersonal Relationship**

See also Employer Employee, Parent Child, Peer, and Student Teacher Relationship.

#### **\*Interpreters**

When referring to the aurally handicapped, use Deaf Interpreting.

### **Interval Pacing**

See also Time Factors (Learning).

### **Intervention**

When referring to instruction, refers to elementary or preschool level; for secondary level, use Compensatory Education. See also Prevention.

### **Interviews**

#### **Item Analysis**

Determination of item difficulty, discriminability, validity, reliability, and other item characteristics of interest to test constructors or users. See also Test terms.

#### **Itinerant Clinics**

See also Hearing, Mental Health, Psychoeducational, Reading, and Speech Clinics.

#### **Itinerant Teachers**

See also Mobile Classrooms and Resource Teachers.

#### **Job Analysis**

See also Employment, Occupational, and Vocational terms, Skill Analysis, and Task Analysis.

#### **Job Placement**

Includes employment services.

#### **Job Satisfaction**

See also Vocational Adjustment and Work Attitudes.

#### **Job Skills**

See also Vocational Aptitude.

#### **Junior Colleges**

See also Campuses, Colleges, and Undergraduate Study.

#### **Junior High School Students**

Students in grades 7-9.

#### **Junior High Schools**

#### **Juvenile Courts**

See also Courts and Court Cases.

#### **Juvenile Gangs**

See also Delinquent terms.

#### **Kindergarten**

#### **Kindergarten Children**

#### **Kinesthetic Methods**

#### **Kinesthetic Perception**

Sense perception of movement, weight, resistance, and position. See also Space Orientation

#### **Laboratories**

Includes language laboratories. See also Learning Laboratories.

#### **Laboratory Schools**

Schools connected with a university for purposes of research and teacher training.

#### **Language Ability**

See also Expressive Language, Receptive Language, Listening

Comprehension, Reading Comprehension, Speech Skills, and Verbal Ability.

#### **Language Arts**

#### **Language Development**

See also Morphology (Languages) and Vocabulary Development.

#### **Language Handicapped**

Person with a receptive or expressive language defect which is not caused by defects of peripheral speech mechanisms. See also Aphasia and Retarded Speech Development.

#### **Language Handicaps**

#### **Language Instruction**

See also English and Second Language Learning.

#### **Language Learning Levels**

#### **Language Patterns**

Includes idioms, syntax, and language rhythm, styles, and usage. See also Nonstandard Dialects, Sentence Structure, and Speech Habits.

#### **Language Programs**

#### **Language Research**

See also Linguistics and Psycholinguistics.

#### **Language Role**

#### **Language Tests**

See also Verbal Tests.

#### **Large Type Materials**

See also Partially Sighted.

#### **Lateral Dominance**

Use for cerebral dominance. See also Left Handed Writer.

#### **Law Enforcement**

See also Police.

#### **\*Laws**

Use Legislation.

#### **Leadership**

#### **Leadership Training**

#### **Learning Characteristics**

See also Time Factors (Learning).

#### **Learning Difficulties**

General problems encountered in the learning process without physiological causation.

#### **Learning Disabilities**

Distinguished by sharp imbalance within the student's cognitive development and a marked underachievement. See also Aphasia, Dyslexia, Language Handicapped, Minimally Brain Injured, Perceptually Handicapped, and Reading Difficulty.

#### **Learning Laboratories**

## **Learning Processes**

See also Memorizing and Associative, Aural, Discovery, Discrimination, Incidental, Multi-sensory, Nonverbal, Paired Associate, Perceptual Motor, Second Language, Sequential Symbolic, Verbal, and Visual Learning.

### **\*Learning Readiness**

Use Readiness (Mental).

## **Learning Theories**

### **Left Handed Writer**

See also Handwriting.

## **Legal Problems**

### **Legal Responsibility**

### **Legislation**

See also Federal Legislation, State Legislation, and Court Cases.

### **Leisure Time**

See also Hobbies and Recreation.

## **Lesson Plans**

## **Libraries**

### **Library Services**

## **Lighting**

## **Linguistics**

See also Language terms, Morphology (Languages), Phonetics, Psycholinguistics, Sentence Structure, Transformation Theory (Language), and Word Frequency.

### **Lipreading**

See also Oral Communication.

## **Listening**

### **Listening Comprehension**

### **Listening Skills**

## **Literature**

See also Autobiographies, Biographies, Childrens Books, English, and Poetry.

### **Literature Reviews**

See also Historical Reviews and Research Reviews (Publications).

### **Logical Thinking**

See also Abstract Reasoning, Deductive Methods, Inductive Methods, Problem Solving, and Thought Processes.

### **Longitudinal Studies**

### **Loop Induction Systems**

Electronic system consisting of microphone, amplifier, and a loop of wire circling the room. Sound is transmitted to listeners through earphones or their hearing aids.

### **\*Low Achievers**

Use Underachievers.

## **Low Income Groups**

See also Depressed Areas (Geographic), Poverty Programs, and Slums.

### **Low Rent Housing**

### **Lower Class**

See also Socioeconomic Status.

### **Lysergic Acid Diethylamide**

### **Machine Translation**

### **Males**

### **Manipulative Materials**

### **Manpower Needs**

See also Personnel terms, Non-professional Personnel, Professional Personnel, Recruitment, and Teacher Supply and Demand.

### **Manual Communication**

Communication via manual configurations (sign language or finger spelling) rather than orally. See also Finger Spelling and Sign Language.

### **Map Skills**

### **Marital Instability**

See also Family Problems and One Parent Family.

### **Marital Status**

### **Marriage**

### **Mass Media**

See also Educational Technology, Instructional Media, Media Technology, and Publications.

### **Masters Degrees**

See also Graduate Study and Universities.

### **Masters Theses**

See also Doctoral Theses.

### **Material Development**

Adaptation of materials for use with the handicapped. See also Tactile Adaptation and Teacher Developed Materials.

### **Mathematics**

Includes arithmetic. See also Geometry and Number Concepts.

### **Maturation**

See also Child Development and Immaturity.

### **Measurement**

See also Evaluation and Test terms.

### **Measurement Techniques**

### **Media Technology**

See also Educational Technology, Instructional Media, Mass Media, and Technology.

### **Mediation Theory**

The theory that certain stimuli do not directly initiate instrumental behavior but activate an intervening process that is connected

in a complex, systematic way with action systems.

### **Medical Case Histories**

### **Medical Evaluation**

See also Physical Examinations.

### **Medical Research**

### **Medical Treatment**

See also Drug Therapy, Hospitals, Nursing, Physicians, and Preventive Medicine.

### **Memorizing**

### **Memory**

Includes all four phases of memory: memorizing or learning, retention, recall, and recognition. See also Retention and Recall (Psychological).

### **Mental Health**

### **Mental Health Clinics**

### **Mental Illness**

Use for emotional disturbance in adults. When referring to children, use Emotionally Disturbed.

### **Mental Retardation**

### **Mentally Handicapped**

See also Custodial, Trainable, and Educable Mentally Handicapped.

### **Metabolism**

See also Biochemistry, Physiology, and Biological Influences.

### **Mexican Americans**

### **Middle Class**

See also Socioeconomic Status.

### **Migrant Children**

### **Millieu Therapy**

The treatment of mental disorders or maladjustment by making definite and (usually) substantial changes in the person's immediate environment or life circumstances. See also Classroom, Institutional, Permissive, Physical, Therapeutic, and Work Environment, Environmental Influences, and Psychotherapy.

### **Military Personnel**

### **Minimally Brain Injured**

See also Neurologically Handicapped.

### **Minority Groups**

See also Ethnic Groups, American Indians, Mexican Americans, and Negroes.

### **Mobile Classrooms**

See also Itinerant Teachers.

### **Mobility Aids**

See also Echolocation, Electro-mechanical Aids, Travel Training, Wheel Chairs, and Visually Handicapped Mobility.

## Models

Replicas or schematic representations: or, the chosen person after whom another person patterns (models) his behavior. See also Conceptual Schemes and Imitation.

## Money Management

Teaching the concept and use of money.

## Mongolism

Down's syndrome.

## Moral Values

Includes ethics. See also Values.

## Morphology (Languages)

See also Linguistics.

## Mother Attitudes

See also Family Attitudes and Parent Attitudes.

## Mothers

See also Unwed Mothers.

## Motivation

See also Goal Orientation.

## Motivation Techniques

## Motor Development

See also Perceptual Motor Coordination and Psychomotor Skills.

## Motor Reactions

See also Reactive Behavior.

## Multiply Handicapped

See also Deaf Blind.

## Multisensory Learning

See also Audiovisual Instruction, Aural Learning, Sensory terms, and Visual Learning.

## Muscular Strength

See also Physical Fitness.

## Music

## Narcotics

See also Drug Addiction.

## National Organizations

See also Parent Associations and Professional Associations.

## National Programs

## National Surveys

See also Community, Graduate, and State Surveys, and Surveys.

## Negative Attitudes

## Negative Reinforcement

## Negro Youth

## Negroes

## \*Neighborhood Centers

Use Community terms.

## Neurological Defects

## Neurologically Handicapped

See also Minimally Brain Injured.

## Neurology

See also Lateral Dominance.

## Neurosis

See also Anxiety, Fear, School Phobia, Emotionally Disturbed, and Psychological terms.

## Neurotic Children

## Nongraded Classes

See also Open Education.

## Nonprofessional Personnel

Use for paraprofessional school personnel. See also Attendants, Child Care Occupations, Custodian Training, Food Service Workers, Institutional Personnel, Paramedical Occupations, and Teacher Aides.

## Nonstandard Dialects

Use for dialects. See also Language Patterns.

## Nonverbal Communication

See also Communication terms and Manual Communication.

## Nonverbal Learning

## Nonverbal Tests

## Number Concepts

See also Mathematics.

## \*Nursery Schools

Use Early Childhood Education.

## Nursing

## Nursing Homes

Resident facilities providing skilled nursing care as their primary and predominant function. See also Personal Care Homes.

## Nutrition

See also Dietetics and Eating Habits.

## Observation

See also Classroom Observation Techniques.

## Occupational Aspiration

See also Aspiration, Expectation, and Work Attitudes.

## Occupational Choice

See also Vocational Counseling and Vocational Interests.

## Occupational Therapy

Includes work therapy.

## Occupations

See also Nonprofessional Personnel, Professional Occupations, specific occupations, and Employment, Job, and Vocational terms.

## Older Adults

Persons aged 65 years and over. Use for senior citizens. See also Age and Geriatrics.

## On the Job Training

## One Parent Family

See also Marital Instability and Unwed Mothers.

## Open Education

A program characterized by expanded use of facilities and designed to promote independent or individualized learning. May include flexible scheduling. See also Nongraded Classes and Flexible Facilities.

## Operant Conditioning

The experimental procedure wherein a stimulus, having evoked a response which is then positively reinforced, thereafter is more likely to evoke that response. See also Behavior Change, Conditioned Response, Conditioned Stimulus, Reactive Behavior, Stimulus Behavior, and Verbal Operant Conditioning.

## Ophthalmology

See also Eye Movements and Vision.

## Optometrists

See also Visual Acuity.

## Oral Communication

Vocal as opposed to manual (sign language or finger spelling) communication. Use in relation to the aurally handicapped. See also Cued Speech and Lipreading.

## Oral Reading

## \*Organizations (Groups)

Use Community, National, or International Organizations, Parent Associations, or Professional Associations.

## Orientation

Use for student orientation. See also Staff Orientation and Visually Handicapped Orientation.

## \*Orthopedically Handicapped

Use Physically Handicapped.

## Outdoor Education

See also Ecology.

## Overhead Projectors

See also Transparencies.

## Painting

## Paired Associate Learning

## Paramedical Occupations

## \*Paraprofessional School Personnel

Use Nonprofessional Personnel or Teacher Aides.

## Parent Associations

See also Community Organizations and National Organizations.

## Parent Attitudes

See also Family Attitudes and Mother Attitudes.

**Parent Child Relationship****Parent Counseling**

See also Family Counseling.

**Parent Education**

Improving parents' knowledge about child care and rearing, handicapping conditions, or other topics related to their children.

**Parent Influence**

See also Family Influence.

**Parent Role**

Includes parent involvement, participation, and responsibility.

**Parent School Relationship****Parent Teacher Conferences****Parental Aspiration**

See also Aspiration and Expectation.

**Parents**

See also Working Parents.

**Parochial Schools**

See also Private Schools and Religious Education.

**\*Parole**

Use Probationary Period.

**Partially Sighted**

See also Large Type Materials and Visually Handicapped.

**Pathology**

See also Psychopathology and Speech Pathology.

**Patterned Responses**

Using various organizations of stimuli to cue desired responses. See also Conditioned Response and Reactive Behavior.

**Peer Acceptance****Peer Groups****Peer Relationship**

See also Interpersonal Relationship.

**Perception**

See also Auditory, Kinesthetic, Role, Tactual, and Visual Perception, and Sensory terms.

**Perception Tests**

See also Auditory Tests and Vision Tests.

**Perceptual Development**

See also Sensory Training.

**Perceptual Motor Coordination**

See also Eye Hand Coordination, Motor Development, and Psychomotor Skills.

**Perceptual Motor Learning****Perceptually Handicapped**

See also Learning Disabilities.

**Performance Criteria****Performance Factors**

See also Failure Factors, Success Factors, and Task Performance.

**Performance Tests****Periodicals**

Includes journals.

**Permissive Environment**

See also Classroom, Family, Institutional, and Therapeutic Environment, and Environmental Influences.

**Personal Adjustment**

See also Adjustment (To Environment) and Emotional, Social, Student, and Vocational Adjustment.

**Personal Care Homes**

Resident facilities providing personal services such as assistance in mobilization, bathing, dressing, etc., as opposed to highly skilled care. See also Nursing Homes.

**Personality****Personality Assessment**

See also Projective Tests.

**Personality Change****Personality Development****Personality Problems**

See also Negative Attitudes.

**Personality Theories****Personnel**

See also Health, Institutional, Military, Nonprofessional, and Professional Personnel, specific occupation terms, and Manpower Needs.

**Personnel Evaluation****Personnel Policy****Personnel Selection**

See also Teacher Selection.

**Phonetics**

The science of speech sounds--the analysis of words into their constituent sound elements.

**Phonics**

Phonetics as applied to the teaching of reading.

**Phonograph Records****Photography****Physical Activities**

See also Athletics and Playground Activities.

**Physical Characteristics**

See also Body Height, Body Weight, Muscular Strength, and Sex (Characteristics).

**Physical Development**

See also Child Development and Growth Patterns.

**Physical Education****Physical Environment**

See also Classroom, Family, Institutional, Therapeutic, Urban,

and Work Environment, and Environmental Influences.

**Physical Examinations**

See also Medical Evaluation.

**Physical Fitness**

See also Muscular Strength.

**Physical Handicaps****Physical Sciences**

Includes earth science and geology. See also Chemistry and Physics.

**Physical Therapists****Physical Therapy****Physically Handicapped**

See also Amputees, Anomalies, and Cerebral Palsy.

**Physicians****Physics****Physiology**

See also Biochemistry, Metabolism, and Biological Influences.

**Placement**

Use for institutionalization. See also Advanced, Job, Regular Class, and Student Placement.

**Play****Play Therapy**

The utilization of play in the presence of a therapist to assist a child's emotional adjustment.

**Playground Activities**

See also Games and Physical Activities.

**Playgrounds****Poetry****Police**

See also Law Enforcement.

**Political Influences****\*Population Growth**

Use Demography.

**Positive Reinforcement****\*Posture**

Use Human Posture.

**Potential Dropouts**

See also Dropouts.

**Poverty Programs**

See also Depressed Areas (Geographic), Economically Disadvantaged, Low Income Groups, and Slums.

**Precision Teaching**

Daily recording of a student's classroom performances on a standard daily behavior chart in order to help bring about and monitor desired progress.

**Prediction**

See also Expectation.

**Predictive Measurement**

See also Prognostic Tests.

**Pregnancy**



**Premature Infants****Prenatal Influences**

See also Drug Abuse, Rh Factors, and Rubella.

**Preschool Children****\*Preschool Education**

Use Early Childhood Education.

**Preschool Evaluation**

Use for evaluation of a preschool child and not for program evaluation.

**\*Prescriptive Teaching**

Use Diagnostic Teaching.

**\*Preservice Education**

Use Teacher Education.

**Prevention**

See also Intervention.

**Preventive Medicine**

See also Disease Control and Public Health.

**Prevocational Education****Primary Grades**

Grades 1-3.

**Principals****\*Printing**

Use Handwriting.

**Prisoners**

See also Corrective Institutions.

**Private Schools**

See also Parochial Schools and Special Schools.

**Probation Officers****Probationary Period****Problem Solving**

See also Decision Making.

**Professional Associations****Professional Education**

See also Counselor Training, Inservice Education, Institutes (Training Programs), and Teacher Education.

**Professional Occupations****Professional Personnel****Prognostic Tests**

See also Diagnostic Tests and Predictive Measurement.

**Program Budgeting**

See also Expenditure Per Student and Financial Policy.

**Program Descriptions**

See also Church, Community, Computer, Consultation, Cooperative, Doctoral, Educational, Insurance, International, Language, National, Poverty, Recreational, Regional, Rehabilitation, Remedial, Residential, Self Help, State, Summer, and Work Study Programs.

**Program Design****Program Development****Program Effectiveness****Program Evaluation****Program Planning****Program Proposals**

See also Research Proposals.

**Programed Instruction**

See also Computer Assisted Instruction and Teaching Machines.

**Programed Materials****Projective Tests**

A global method of measurement of individual personality in which the presentation of a stimulus does not make manifest or partially makes manifest the intent or nature of the response; the stimulus is usually unstructured and produces responses reflecting the person's own individuality.

**Prostheses**

See also Cosmetic Prostheses.

**Psychiatric Services****Psychiatrists****Psychiatry**

See also Autism, Emotionally Disturbed, Mental Illness, Neurosis, Neurotic Children, Psychological terms, Psychosis, Psychotic Children, and Schizophrenia.

**Psychoeducational Clinics**

Concerned primarily with behavior problems of school children related to the school environment.

**Psychoeducational Processes****Psycholinguistics**

Study of language as related to the general or individual characteristics of the users of language. Includes study of encoding and decoding processes.

**Psychological Characteristics****Psychological Evaluation**

See also Personality Assessment.

**Psychological Needs****Psychological Services****Psychological Tests**

See also Association, Intelligence, Perception, and Projective Tests.

**Psychologists**

See also School Psychologists.

**Psychology**

See also Child, Developmental, Educational, Experimental, and Social Psychology, and Personality Theories.

**Psychomotor Skills**

See also Eye Hand Coordination, Motor Development, and Perceptual Motor Coordination.

**Psychopathology****Psychosis**

See also Autism and Schizophrenia.

**Psychosomatic Diseases****Psychotherapy**

See also Crisis, Group, Milieu, and Play Therapy, and Therapeutic Environment.

**Psychotic Children**

See also Emotionally Disturbed.

**Public Education****Public Facilities**

See also Sanitary Facilities.

**Public Health**

See also Community Health, Disease Control, Health Services, and Preventive Medicine.

**Public Opinion**

See also Social Attitudes.

**Public Relations**

See also School Community Relationship.

**Public Schools**

See also State Schools.

**Public Support**

See also Financial Support.

**Publications****\*Punishment**

Use Negative Reinforcement.

**\*Pupil Personnel Services**

Use Student Personnel Services.

**Qualifications**

For teachers, use Teacher Qualifications. See also Certification.

**Questionnaires****Racial Attitudes**

See also Discriminatory Attitudes (Social).

**Racial Differences**

See also Cultural Differences, Caucasian Race, and Negroes.

**\*Racial Discrimination**

Use Discriminatory Attitudes (Social).

**Racial Factors**

See also Cultural Factors.

**Racial Integration**

See also Civil Rights, Discriminatory Attitudes (Social), and School Integration.

**Rating Scales**

See also Behavior Rating Scales.

**Reactive Behavior**

Behavior determined by an external stimulus or situation, in

contrast to active behavior emanating from a system that functions as a result of changes within itself. Includes reaction time. See also Stimulus Behavior and Motor Reactions.

### **Readiness (Mental)**

Use for learning readiness. See also Reading Readiness, Maturation, Child Development, and Immaturity.

### **Reading**

See also Basic, Oral, and Remedial Reading, Phonics, Illiteracy, Literature, Vocabulary, and Sight Vocabulary.

### **Reading Ability**

### **Reading Clinics**

### **Reading Comprehension**

See also Context Clues.

### **Reading Diagnosis**

### **Reading Difficulty**

See also Dyslexia.

### **Reading Materials**

See also High Interest Low Vocabulary Books, Large Type Materials, and Textbooks.

### **Reading Readiness**

### **Reading Skills**

See also Vocabulary Development and Word Recognition.

### **Reading Speed**

### **Reading Tests**

### **Recall (Psychological)**

Evoking or experiencing an image (representation of an object or event once experienced). See also Memory and Retention.

### **Receptive Language**

The component of language encompassing an individual's comprehension of oral, written, or other forms of communication. See also Listening Comprehension and Reading Comprehension.

### **Records (Forms)**

### **Recreation**

Includes recreational activities. See also Games, Hobbies, Leisure Time, Play, Swimming, and Athletic, Physical, and Playground Activities.

### **Recreational Facilities**

See also Playgrounds.

### **Recreational Programs**

See also Camping.

### **Recruitment**

See also Teacher Selection.

### **Reference Books**

### **Referral**

### **Regional Programs**

### **Regular Class Placement**

See also Heterogeneous Grouping and Grouping (Instructional Purposes).

### **Rehabilitation**

See also Vocational Rehabilitation.

### **Rehabilitation Centers**

Includes halfway houses.

### **Rehabilitation Programs**

See also Sheltered Workshops.

### **Reinforcement**

See also Negative Reinforcement and Positive Reinforcement.

### **Reinforcers**

### **Religious Differences**

### **Religious Education**

See also Church Programs and Parochial Schools.

### **Remedial Instruction**

See also Compensatory Education.

### **Remedial Programs**

### **Remedial Reading**

### **Remedial Teachers**

### **Research and Development Centers**

Includes research and demonstration centers. See also Demonstration Projects.

### **Research Design**

The general type of study or experiment. See also Case, Cross Cultural, Followup, and Longitudinal Studies, Medical Case Histories, and Surveys.

### **Research Methodology**

The specific procedure used in gathering, analyzing, or evaluating research data. See also Correlation, Questionnaires, Sampling, and Comparative, Factor, Item, Statistical, and Systems Analysis.

### **Research Needs**

### **Research Projects**

See also Creativity, Environmental, Exceptional Child, Language, and Medical Research.

### **Research Proposals**

See also Program Proposals.

### **Research Reviews (Publications)**

See also Historical Reviews and Literature Reviews.

### **Research Utilization**

See also Information Utilization.

### **Residential Care**

See also Boarding Homes, Foster Family, Institutions, Nursing Homes, and Personal Care Homes.

### **Residential Programs**

### **Residential Schools**

Boarding schools. See also Institutional Schools.

### **\*Resource Centers**

Use Information Centers or Instructional Materials Centers.

### **Resource Guides**

### **Resource Teachers**

See also Itinerant Teachers.

### **Retarded Speech Development**

### **Retention**

Maintenance of results of learning, manifested by ability to perform a certain learned act after an interval of time. See also Memory and Recall (Psychological). For retention of students in a given grade, use Grade Repetition.

### **\*Rewards**

Use Positive Reinforcement.

### **Rh Factors**

### **Role Conflict**

### **Role Perception**

### **Role Playing**

See also Simulation.

### **Rubella**

### **Rural Areas**

### **Rural Education**

### **Rural Schools**

### **Rural Urban Differences**

See also Cultural Differences and Social Differences.

### **Rural Youth**

### **Safety Education**

### **Salaries**

See also Teacher Salaries and Wages.

### **Sampling**

Use only when discussion specifically concerns research methodology.

### **Sanitary Facilities**

See also Public Facilities.

### **Scheduling**

See also Flexible Scheduling.

### **Schizophrenia**

### **Scholarships**

Use for financial aid at any level below graduate study. See also Fellowships.

### **School Buildings**

See also Educational Facilities.

### **School Community Relationship**

See also Public Relations.

### **School Districts**

### **School Integration**

See also Racial Integration.

### **School Phobia**

### **School Psychologists**

**School Role**

See also Administrator, Counselor, Staff, and Teacher Role.

**School Services**

See also Student Personnel Services.

**\*Schools**

Use Elementary Education or Day, Hospital, Institutional, Junior High, Laboratory, Parochial, Private, Public, Residential, Rural, Secondary, Senior High, Special, State, Summer, Urban, or Vocational Schools.

**Science Activities****Sciences**

See also Anatomy, Behavioral Sciences, Biochemistry, Biology, Chemistry, Ecology, Outdoor Education, Physical Sciences, Physics, Physiology, and Social Sciences.

**Scientific Concepts**

See also Conservation (Concept).

**Screening Tests****Second Language Learning**

See also Bilingual Students and Language Instruction.

**Secondary Education****Secondary School Students**

Students in grades 7-12.

**Secondary Schools**

See also Junior High Schools and Senior High Schools.

**Sedatives**

See also Drug Therapy.

**Seizures**

See also Epilepsy.

**Self Actualization**

The belief in or the process of developing the actuality of one's idealized image.

**Self Care Skills**

See also Clothing, Eating Habits, and Hygiene.

**Self Concept**

See also Body Image.

**Self Control**

Includes self discipline and temper control.

**Self Esteem****Self Evaluation****Self Expression**

See also Creative Expression.

**Self Help Programs****\*Senior Citizens**

Use Older Adults.

**Senior High School Students**

Students in grades 10-12. Use for high school students.

**Senior High Schools**

Use for high schools.

**Sensitivity Training****Sensory Aids**

See also Electromechanical, Hearing, and Mobility Aids, and Echolocation.

**Sensory Deprivation****Sensory Experience****Sensory Integration**

See also Multisensory Learning.

**Sensory Training**

See also Auditory Training and Perceptual terms.

**Sentence Structure****Seque. a Learning****Services**

See also Ancillary, Community, Exceptional Child, Health, Information, Library, Psychiatric, Psychological, School, Social, Student Personnel, and Welfare Services.

**Sex (Characteristics)****Sex Differences****Sex Education**

See also Contraception.

**Sexuality****Sheltered Workshops**

See also Vocational Rehabilitation.

**Siblings**

See also Twins.

**Sight Vocabulary**

See also Word Recognition.

**Sign Language**

One form of manual communication used by the deaf, in which words or concepts are represented by signs expressed with the hands. See also Cued Speech, Finger Spelling, and Manual Communication.

**Simulation**

Duplication of the essential characteristics of a task or situation. See also Role Playing.

**Site Selection****Skill Analysis**

Breaking down manipulative (nonacademic) skills into their components. See also Job Analysis and Task Analysis.

**Skill Development****\*Skills**

Use Communication, Job, Listening, Map, Psychomotor, Reading, Self Care, Speech, or Writing Skills.

**Sleep****Slow Learners****Slums**

See also Depressed Areas (Geographic), Low Rent Housing, Poverty Programs, and Urban terms.

**Social Adjustment****Social Attitudes**

See also Discriminatory Attitudes (Social) and Public Opinion.

**Social Change****Social Characteristics**

Criteria used to rate members of a social class.

**Social Development****Social Differences**

See also Cultural Differences and Rural Urban Differences.

**Social Experience****Social Influences**

See also Socioeconomic Influences.

**Social Mobility****Social Problems**

Use for social issues.

**Social Psychology**

See also Group Dynamics and Sociology.

**Social Relations**

See also Dating (Social).

**Social Sciences**

See also Demography, Economics, Geography, History, Social Studies, and Sociology.

**Social Services**

See also Community Services, Social Work, and Welfare Services.

**\*Social Skills**

Use Interpersonal Competence.

**Social Studies****Social Work****Social Workers****Socialization****Socially Deviant Behavior**

See also Crime, Delinquency, and Drug Abuse.

**Socially Maladjusted****\*Sociodrama**

Use Role Playing. See also Dramatics.

**Socioeconomic Background****Socioeconomic Influences****Socioeconomic Status**

See also Lower Class and Middle Class.

**Sociology**

See also Social Psychology.

**Sociometric Techniques**

**Space Orientation**

See also Kinesthetic Perception and Visually Handicapped Orientation.

**Space Utilization****Spatial Relationship****Special Classes**

See also Ability Grouping and Grouping (Instructional Purposes).

**Special Education Teachers**

See also Remedial Teachers and Resource Teachers.

**Special Health Problems**

Any problem restricting educational capabilities but not of an orthopedic, mental, or sensory nature. See also Alcoholism, Allergy, Asthma, Cardiac (Person), Diabetes, Diseases, Epilepsy, Infectious Diseases, Pregnancy, Rh Factors, and Seizures.

**Special Schools**

See also Hospital, Institutional, Laboratory, and Residential Schools.

**Speech Clinics****Speech Compression**

Separating and transmitting voice communicated words at accelerated rates.

**Speech Evaluation****Speech Habits**

See also Language Patterns.

**Speech Handicapped**

See also Cleft Lip, Cleft Palate, Retarded Speech Development, Stuttering, and Voice Disorders.

**Speech Handicaps****Speech Improvement****Speech Pathology****Speech Skills**

Includes oral facility and speaking skills. See also Expressive Language and Verbal Ability.

**Speech Tests****Speech Therapists****Speech Therapy****Spelling****Staff Orientation****Staff Role**

See also Administrator, Agency, Counselor, School, and Teacher Role.

**Standardized Tests****Standards**

See also State Standards.

**State Agencies****State Aid**

See also Financial Support, Grants, and Public Support.

**\*State Boards of Education**

Use Boards of Education.

**State Departments of Education**

Use for state education agencies.

**State Federal Aid****State Legislation****State Programs****State Schools**

See also Public Schools.

**State Standards****State Surveys**

See also Community Surveys, National Surveys, and Surveys.

**Statistical Analysis**

Use only when research methodology is the focus of the document. See also Correlation, Factor Analysis, and Sampling.

**Statistical Data**

See also Incidence.

**Stereopsis**

Depth perception.

**Stereotypes****Stimulus Behavior**

See also Aural Stimuli, Conditioned Response, Conditioned Stimulus, Electrical Stimuli, Reactive Behavior, and Visual Stimuli.

**Stimulus Generalization**

When, after one learns to make a certain response to a certain stimulus, other previously ineffective but similar stimuli will also elicit the conditioned response. See also Conditioned Stimulus.

**Story Telling****Stress Variables****Student Adjustment**

See also Emotional, Personal, and Social Adjustment.

**Student Alienation****Student Attitudes****Student Behavior****Student Developed Materials****Student Evaluation**

Evaluating the student. See also Grades (Scholastic).

**Student Participation****Student Personnel Services**

Use for supportive, non-instructional services to students at any level in a school setting. See also School Services.

**Student Placement**

When referring to employment, use Job Placement. See also Regular Class Placement and Special Classes.

**Student Promotion**

See also Grade Repetition.

**Student School Relationship****Student Teacher Relationship**

See also Interpersonal Relationship.

**Student Teaching****Student Volunteers****Study Guides****Study Habits****Stuttering****Suburban Youth****Success Factors**

See also Failure Factors and Performance Factors.

**Suicide****Summer Programs****Summer Schools****Superintendents****Supervision**

See also Teacher Supervision.

**Supervisors****Surveys**

See also National, State, Community, and Graduate Surveys.

**Swimming****Symbolic Learning****\*Syntax**

Use Sentence Structure.

**Systems Analysis**

Study of an activity (such as a procedure or organization), typically by mathematical means, to determine its desired or essential end and how this may be attained most efficiently.

**Tactile Adaptation**

Conversion of educational materials for use with the blind. See also Material Development.

**Tactual Perception**

See also Cutaneous Sense.

**Talent Identification**

See also Ability Identification.

**Talent Utilization****Talking Books****Tape Recorders****Tape Recordings**

See also Video Tape Recordings.

**Task Analysis**

See also Skill Analysis.

**Task Performance**

See also Performance terms.

**Taxonomy**

See also Classification.

**Teacher Aides****Teacher Attitudes****Teacher Certification****Teacher Characteristics****Teacher Developed Materials**

See also Material Development.

**Teacher Education**

Use for preservice teacher education. See also Inservice Teacher Education and Student Teaching.

**Teacher Evaluation**

Evaluating the teacher. See also Effective Teaching.

**Teacher Qualifications****Teacher Role****Teacher Salaries****Teacher Selection**

Includes teacher recruitment.

**Teacher Supervision****Teacher Supply and Demand**

Includes teacher shortage. See also Manpower Needs.

**Teachers**

Use for regular teachers only. See also Beginning, Itinerant, Remedial, Resource, and Special Education Teachers.

**Teaching Guides****Teaching Machines**

See also Programed Instruction.

**Teaching Methods**

See also Audiovisual Instruction, Group Discussion, Individualized Instruction, Programed Instruction, and Team Teaching.

**Team Teaching****Technical Education**

Preparation for occupations between the skilled trades and the professions.

**Technology**

See also Educational Technology and Media Technology.

**Telephone Communication Systems****Telephone Instruction****Televised Instruction**

Use to mean classroom instruction by closed circuit television. See also Educational Television.

**Test Construction****Test Interpretation**

Includes test results.

**Test Reliability****Test Validity****Testing**

Includes tests. See also Achievement, Aptitude, Association, Attitude, Auditory, Culture Free, Diagnostic, Intelligence, Interest, Language, Nonverbal, Perception, Performance, Prognostic, Projective, Psychological, Reading, Screening, Speech, Standardized, Verbal, and Vision Tests.

**Testing Problems**

See also Examiners.

**Textbooks****Theories**

See also Behavior, Learning, and Personality Theories, Mediation Theory, and Transformation Theory (Language).

**Therapeutic Environment**

See also Classroom, Institutional, Permissive, Physical, and Work Environment, Environmental Influences, and Milieu Therapy.

**Therapists**

See also Physical Therapists and Speech Therapists.

**Therapy**

See also Crisis, Drug, Group, Hearing, Milieu, Occupational, Physical, Play, and Speech Therapy, and Psychotherapy.

**Thought Processes**

See also Abstract Reasoning, Cognitive Processes, and Convergent, Creative, Divergent, and Logical Thinking.

**Time**

Includes the teaching of the concept.

**Time Factors (Learning)**

See also Interval Pacing.

**Toys**

See also Games.

**Trainable Mentally Handicapped**

IQ 25-50.

**Training Techniques****Transfer of Training****Transformation Theory (Language)****Transparencies**

See also Overhead Projectors.

**Transportation**

See also Bus Transportation.

**Travel Training**

Teaching a handicapped person to move freely in his environment. See also Echolocation, Mobility Aids, and Visually Handicapped Mobility.

**Trend Analysis**

See also Educational, Employment, and Enrollment Trends.

**Truancy**

See also Attendance.

**Tuition****Tutoring****Twins****Typewriting****Underachievers****Undergraduate Study**

See also Colleges, Junior Colleges, and Universities.

**Unemployment**

See also Employment, Job, Occupational, and Vocational terms.

**Unit Plan****Universities**

See also Colleges, Junior Colleges, Doctoral Programs, Masters Degrees, Graduate Study, and Undergraduate Study.

**Unwed Mothers**

See also Illegitimate Births and One Parent Family.

**Urban Education****Urban Environment**

See also Family, Physical, and Work Environment, Environmental Influences, Rural Urban Differences, and Slums.

**Urban Schools****Values**

See also Moral Values.

**Verbal Ability**

See also Communication Skills, Expressive Language, Language Ability, and Speech Skills.

**Verbal Communication**

See also Communication terms.

**Verbal Learning****Verbal Operant Conditioning****Verbal Tests**

See also Language Tests.

**Video Tape Recordings**

See also Tape Recordings.

**Visible Speech**

The translation of speech into a readable form; the sound waves of speech are transformed first into electrical impulses, and these in turn into flashes of light which are photographed.

**Vision**

See also Eye Movements and Ophthalmology.

**Vision Tests****Visual Acuity****Visual Learning**

See also Multisensory Learning.

**Visual Perception**

Includes visual discrimination. See also Stereopsis.

**Visual Stimuli****Visualization**

The act of forming and fixing a clear mental image of the form of an object not present to the eye.

**Visually Handicapped**

See also Blind and Partially Sighted.

**Visually Handicapped Mobility**

See also Echolocation, Mobility Aids, Sensory Aids, and Travel Training.

**Visually Handicapped Orientation**

See also Space Orientation.

**Vocabulary**

See also Glossaries, Sight Vocabulary, and Word terms.

**Vocabulary Development****Vocational Adjustment**

See also Job Satisfaction.

**Vocational Aptitude**

See also Job Skills.

**Vocational Counseling**

See also Occupational Choice.

**Vocational Education**

See also Business Education, Industrial Arts, On the Job Training, Prevocational Education, and Technical Education.

**Vocational Interests****Vocational Rehabilitation**

See also Sheltered Workshops.

**Vocational Schools**

Includes vocational training centers.

**Voice Disorders****Volunteers**

See also Student Volunteers.

**Wages**

See also Salaries.

**Welfare Services**

See also Child Welfare, Community Services, and Social Services.

**Wheel Chairs**

See also Mobility Aids.

**Withdrawal Tendencies (Psychology)**

See also Autism.

**Word Frequency**

See also Vocabulary.

**Word Recognition**

See also Context Clues, Reading Skills, and Sight Vocabulary.

**Work Attitudes**

See also Job Satisfaction and Occupational Aspiration.

**Work Environment**

See also Environmental Influences and Physical Environment.

**Work Study Programs****\*Work Therapy**

Use Occupational Therapy.

**Workbooks****Working Parents****Workshops**

See also Institutes (Training Programs) and Sheltered Workshops.

**Writing Skills**

Use for composition or creative writing. For script, printing, or legibility, use Handwriting.

**Young Adults**

Persons aged 18-25 years.

**Youth Problems**

See also Drug Abuse and Delinquent and Juvenile terms.