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ABSTRACT

To investigate the role of the teacher aide in second language programs, the California Association of Teachers of English to Speakers of Other Languages (CATESOL) has issued a questionnaire to teacher aides in the Title VII bilingual projects in California. The questionnaire and conclusions drawn from replies are presented here. Information is provided on the attitudes, background, and activities of teacher aides. An increasing number of paraprofessionals can be found in second language programs, but the oversupply of certified teachers is likely to curb the need for and the growing number of teacher aides. (VM)

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THE ROLE OF THE TEACHER AIDE IN SECOND LANGUAGE PROGRAMS

Serafina Krear and Frank Voci

A decade ago, the viability of enlisting non-certified personnel as facilitators of learning in public school classrooms was seriously questioned by many educators. The increase in numbers of state and federal educational projects for minority students has been accompanied by an increase of noncertified personnel in public school classrooms. This situation has raised many questions with respect to the qualifications, training, role and function of paraprofessionals. Clearly, in programs designed to improve the educational achievement and the aspirational goals of minority students, language development is a common denominator. There is a consensus of opinion that certified teachers are not adequately trained in second language theory and methodology to produce significant changes in their students. Then it follows that the problem is becoming intensified. We have reason to believe that this is not necessarily the case.

In an attempt to describe the state of the art in terms of non-certificated personnel in second language programs, the California Association of Teachers of English to Speakers of Other Languages and/or Dialects has conducted a survey. The purpose of this survey has been (1) to describe the role and function of paraprofessionals in second language programs, (2) to determine the in-service training needs of paraprofessionals, (3) to give direction to CATESOL for providing assistance to its membership.

In March, 1971, an Ad Hoc Committee to study the role of the teacher aide was appointed by the incoming president of CATESOL, Dr. Serafina Krear. Mrs. Lucy Lemus and Mrs. Patricia Vega, paraprofessionals with second language teaching experience, co-chaired the Committee; Dr. Frank Voci was named advisor to the Committee. On May 29, 1971, a meeting was held at the El Rancho Hotel in Sacramento. Dr. Wilson Riles, State Superintendent of Public Instruction attended the committee meeting and expressed enthusiastic interest in the proposed survey. Other professionals and paraprofessionals were invited to attend the meeting to give direction to the Committee. The following persons attended the initial Add Hoc Committee meeting:

> Helen Ariela Mary Ayala John Chacon Amparo Compean Marta Espinosa Dora Guzman Gloria Hernandez Serafina-Krear Lucy Lemus . Billi Mariano. ...

Racquel Montenearo Mary Montoya ∍Maria≪Nunez∍ Eqla Rangel Marvela Sala Patricia Vega Frank (Vocio Rachel Wong

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The Ad Hoc Committee developed a list of questions and concerns to be included in a questionnaire to the teacher aides. The authors developed the survey instrument which was mailed to the directors of the Title VII Bilingual projects in California. 784 questionnaires were distributed to the project directors; this number is an indicator of the number of teacher aides in the various projects. The postmark was the only identification on the returned questionnaires. The following postmarks indicate the areas included in the list of respondents:

Artesia
Barstow
Carpinteria
Chula Vista
El Monte
Escondido
Fountain Valley
Healdsburg

Olivehurst Pomona Sacramento Saint Helena San Francisco San Jose Tulare

The fifteen areas of response represent approximately 30% of the bilingual programs in the State. 73 questionnaires were returned representing nearly 10% of the teacher aides in the projects. Although a higher response would have produced a more reliable indicator, the data gathered is sufficient to give a picture of statewide trends.

The following generalizations can be made upon examination of the tabulated responses:

- 1. The most popular titles for paraprofessionals are teacher aide and instructional aide.
- 2. Paraprofessionals enjoy teaching in Spanish and assisting the teacher.
- 3. Paraprofessionals generally do not enjoy correcting papers.
- 4. Training has been provided in SSL and ESL.
- 5. Paraprofessionals are receptive to more training especially in culture.
- 6. Paraprofessionals feel most comfortable working with children.
- Highest grade attended clusters around secondary and junior college experience.
- 8. The educational goals of paraprofessionals indicate a strong desire to continue; 26% would like to get a credential.
- 9. Although over 57% wish to continue their education, less than 40% are currently continuing:
- 10. More paraprofessionals feel they are stronger in English than in Spanish.
- 11. Nearly 70% of the certified teachers in the program are billingual.



- 12. Although there is evidence that projects are visited regularly, the visitors are less likely to be non-certified personnel.
- 13. Paraprofessionals teach even when there are visitors more often than not.
- 14. Less than 40% of the respondents have not visited other programs.
- 15. 100% of the respondents are not members of CATESOL; over 43% of them indicate no knowledge of the organization.
- 16. The greatest interest (45%) is in learning methods and techniques; conferences, workshops, videotapes and films were favored over written materials that CATESOL might provide.
- 17. Paraprofessionals spend more time in small group instruction; they spend more time assisting the certificated teacher than in total class instruction.
- 18. 45% of the respondents indicate they would prefer to spend more time in small group instruction.
- 19. Nearly 50% report that the teacher prepares the lessons; nearly 47% plan their own lessons and/or prepare their own materials.
- 20. The greatest number of years of experience was less than one year; 78% have three years or less.
- 21. The greatest number indicate earning from \$2.00-\$2.50 per hour; 65% earn a minimum of \$2.00 per hour; nearly 10% earn over \$3.00 per hour.
- 22. Nearly 40% work more than 30 hours per week.

Conclusions that can be drawn from the findings in this survey are as follows:

- 1. As a group, paraprofessionals in bilingual programs seem to have at least a high school education, a desire to continue their education and training, an interest in learning about their programs, and a willingness to participate in an association that could provide assistance to them.
- The role of the paraprofessional and his perception of it includes active involvement in the instructional program, satisfaction in working with children, freedom to plan lessons and prepare materials.
- As a group, paraprofessionals are working nearly as many hours as certificated teachers but being paid an hourly wage in place of a salary;



Although an increasing number of paraprofessionals can be found in second language teaching roles, there is reason to believe that there are forces gaining momentum that will counteract the mushrooming of this recent trend. The oversupply of credentialed teachers and the modernizing of teacher training programs are creating a new situation. Credentialed teachers who desperately need employment are accepting positions as teacher aides. Many minority students who have recently been attracted to college campuses are specializing in second language and/or dialect education. can speculate therefore that with certificated teachers squeezing paraprofessionals out of potential employment and with a wave of qualified and trained minority teachers beginning to seek employment, the conditions prevalent today will not prevail for long. This speculation, however, raises interesting questions about the employed credentialed teachers who need and want to improve their efficiency as second language teachers alongside the paraprofessionals who wish to become credentialed. If school districts begin to move in the direction of year-round schools, one outcome will be systematic recycling of personnel for training and retraining purposes. Since schools of education don't seem to be slowing down their operations substantially in view of the oversupply of teachers, one can predict that the combination of these trends add up to a huge oversupply of highly trained personnel. When quantity is no longer a problem, quality surfaces as the deciding factor. There is nothing but hope on the horizon for the second language learners of tomorrow, for we predict that after teachers and paraprofessionals have internalized all the methods and techniques that trainers can develop, their warmth and their ability to relate with their students will be the most significant criteria for employment. And that's as it should be.

CATESOL QUESTIONNAIRE ON TEACHER AIDES

1. My title is:	Highest grade attended in my education
(a) teacher assistant	(a) 1-3
(b) teacher aide	(b) 4-8
(c) instructional aide	(c) 9-12
(d) paraprofessional	(d) Junior College
(e) other ((e) B.A.
2. The part of my job I enjoy most is:	(f) graduate work
	8. I would like to:
(a) teaching in Spanish	o z monta iino to.
(b) teaching in English	(a) continue mu education
(c) preparing materials	(a) continue my education
(d) correcting papers	(b) get a credential
(e) supervising children	(c) earn my B.A. degree
(f) assisting the teacher	
(1) assisting the teacher	9. At present I am:
3. The part of my job I enjoy least is:	(a) continuing my oducation
1	(a) continuing my education
(a) teaching in Spanish	(b) getting my teaching credential
(b) teaching in English	(c) earning my B.A. degree
(a) proposing in English	그는 일반 사람들은 사고 있다면 하나를 하는 그 살아 하는 그 살아 있다.
(c) preparing materials	10. My strongest language is:
(d) correcting papers	
(e) supervising children	(a) English
(f) assisting the teacher	(b) Spanish
rando de la companya de la companya En la companya de la	(c) Portuguese
. I have received training in teaching:	(d) Cantonese
proportion. Place on proceedings of the first of the contract of the Parish of the Contract of	(e) Japanese
(a) English as a second language	(f) other (
(b) Spanish as a second language	
(c) Reading in Spanish	11. The teacher with whom I work speaks:
(d) Spanish as a medium of instruction	A PARTY OF THE PAR
(e) culture	(3) Particle)
	(a) English
. I would like training in:	(b) Spanish
	(c) Portuguese
real Explanation services and the services of	(d) Cantonese
(a) English as a second language	(e) Japanese
(b) Spanish as a second language	(f) other (
(c) Reading in Spanish	
(d) Spanish as a medium of instruction	12. Our project has been visited by other:
(e) culture	
	(a) teacher aides:
. I enjoy working most with:	(b) teachers
ng truber di particular de la companya de la compa	(c) administrators
(a) parents	
(b) children	
(c) teachers	
(d) administrators	
(e) other teacher aides	



·	
13. When we have visitors:	19. Lessons and materials:
(a) I give a demonstration lesson.	
(b) I do not give demonstration lessons.	(a) I plan my own lessons.
(c) I would like to give a demonstration	(b) The teacher plans the lesson
lesson.	(c) I prepare my own teaching
1622011.	materials.
14	(d) The teacher prepares the
14. Regarding visitations:	teaching materials.
	(e) I prepare the leasure continue
(a) I have visited other bilingual programs.	(e) I prepare the lessons for the teacher.
(b) I have not visited other bilingual	the state of the s
programs.	(f) I prepare materials for the
(c) I would like to visit other bilingual	teacher.
programs.	
(d) Thould are 141	20. Numbers of years employed as
(d) I would not like to visit other	teacher aide:
bilingual programs.	
The company of the property of the company of the c	(a) Less than one year
15. CATESOL (California Association of Teachers	(b) 1 year
of English to Speakers of Other Languages):	(c) 2 years
	(d) 3 years
(a) I know nothing about CATESOL.	
(b) I would like more information about	(e) 4 years
CATESOL.	(f) 5 years
(c) I am a member of CATESOL.	(g) 6 or more years
(d) I would like as he	n de la composition de la composition La composition de la
(d) I would like to become a member of CATESOL.	21. My hourly pay rate is:
	(a) \$1,35 - \$1.65
16. CATESOL could best serve my needs and	(b) \$1.70 - \$2.00
interests with:	(c) \$2.00 - \$2.50
그는 이 그는 현실을 잃었다면 하나는 이 호텔은 그렇게 하면 반이 되는 사람들이 되었다.	(d) \$2.50 - \$3.00
(a) Newsletters and publications.	(e) over \$3.00
(b) Conferences and workshops.	
(c) teaching methods and techniques	
(d) materials and bibliographies	22. Number of hours worked per week:
(e) videotapes and films of sample lessons	
being taught.	(a) 5-10
	(b)
17 In this inctions	(c) 16-20
17. In the instructional program, I spend a	(d) 21-25
greater part of my day with:	(e) 26-30
	(f) more than 30
(b) total class	
- BOCCOUNT - A 1975 뉴티 1일 뉴티트스의 그램에 1980 1981 1981 1982 1983 1983 1983 1983 1983 1983 1983 1985 1985 1985 1985	
(d) assisting	
(e) supervising children	
(f) clerical duties	
18. I would prefer to spend more time on:	
(a) small groups	en de la companya de Descripción de la companya de la co
(c) planning	
(d) assisting	
(d) assisting (e) supervising children	
(f) clerical duties	

