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ABSTRACT

This government document contains a compilation of legislation on Title I of the Elementary and Secondary Education Act of 1965; it also contains the 1966, 1967, and 1970 amendments. In addition, General provisions under Title III of Public Law 81-874 are included. Title I is particularly concerned with financial assistance to local educational agencies for the education of children of low-income families. (Author/JW)

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DEPARTMENT OF HEALTH, EDUCATION, AND WELFARE
OFFICE OF EDUCATION
WASHINGTON, D.C. 20202

COMPILATION OF LEGISLATION
ON

TITLE I—FINANCIAL ASSISTANCE TO LOCAL EDUCATIONAL AGENCIES FOR THE EDUCATION OF CHILDREN OF LOW-INCOME FAMILIES
reflecting the 1966, 1967, and 1970 amendments

ELEMENTARY AND SECONDARY EDUCATION ACT
OF 1965

U.S. DEPARTMENT OF HEALTH,
EDUCATION & WELFARE
OFFICE OF EDUCATION
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FOREWORD

This document contains a compilation of legislation on Title I of the Elementary and Secondary Education Act of 1965 reflecting the 1966, 1967 and 1970 amendments. It also contains General Provisions under Title III of Public Law 81-874, which are applicable to Title I of ESEA, originally enacted as Title II of P.L. 81-874 and the General Education Provisions Act which is applicable to all programs administered by the Commissioner of Education.

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CONTENTS

	Page
Title I — Financial assistance to local educational agencies in schools where there are concentrations of children from low income families.....	1
General Provisions under Title III of Public Law 81-874 Applicable to Title I of ESEA.....	19
General Education Provisions applicable to all Programs.....	24

**ELEMENTARY AND SECONDARY EDUCATION ACT
OF 1965**

TITLE I—FINANCIAL ASSISTANCE TO LOCAL EDUCATIONAL AGENCIES FOR THE EDUCATION OF CHILDREN OF LOW-INCOME FAMILIES

DECLARATION OF POLICY

SEC. 101. In recognition of the special educational needs of children of low-income families and the impact that concentrations of low-income families have on the ability of local educational agencies to support adequate educational programs, the Congress hereby declares it to be the policy of the United States to provide financial assistance (as set forth in the following parts of this title) to local educational agencies serving areas with concentrations of children from low-income families to expand and improve their educational programs by various means (including preschool programs) which contribute particularly to meeting the special educational needs of educationally deprived children.

(20 U.S.C. 241a) Enacted April 11, 1965, P.L. 89-10, Title I, sec. 2, 79 Stat. 27; redesignated and amended January 2, 1968, P.L. 90-247, Title I, secs. 108(a), 110, 81 Stat. 786, 787; amended April 13, 1970, P.L. 91-230, sec. 113(b).

DURATION OF ASSISTANCE

SEC. 102. The Commissioner shall, in accordance with the provisions of this title, make payments to State educational agencies for grants to local educational agencies for the period beginning July 1, 1965, and ending June 30, 1973.

(20 U.S.C. 241b) Enacted April 11, 1965, P.L. 89-10, Title I, sec. 2, 79 Stat. 27; amended Nov. 3, 1966, P.L. 89-750, Title I, sec. 101, 80 Stat. 1191; redesignated and amended Jan. 2, 1968, P.L. 90-247, Title I, secs. 108(a), 110, Title III, sec. 301(a), 81 Stat. 786, 787, 813; amended April 13, 1970, P.L. 91-230, secs. 101(a), 113(b).

PART A—BASIC GRANTS

GRANTS—AMOUNT AND ELIGIBILITY

SEC. 103. (a)(1)(A) There is hereby authorized to be appropriated for each fiscal year for the purpose of this paragraph an amount equal to not more than 3 per centum of the amount appropriated for such year for payments to States under section 143(a) (other than payments under such section to jurisdictions excluded from the term "State" by this subsection). The Commissioner shall allot the amount appropriated pursuant to this paragraph among Puerto Rico, Guam, American Samoa, the Virgin Islands, and the Trust Territory of the Pacific Islands according to their respective need for such grants. In addition he shall allot from such amount to the Secretary of the Interior the amount necessary to make payments pursuant to subparagraph (B) of this paragraph, and for the fiscal year ending June 30,

1968, and each of the succeeding fiscal years ending prior to July 1, 1972, the amount necessary to meet the special educational needs of educationally deprived children on reservations serviced by elementary and secondary schools operated for Indian children by the Department of the Interior. The maximum grant which a local educational agency in Puerto Rico, Guam, American Samoa, the Virgin Islands, and the Trust Territory of the Pacific Islands shall be eligible to receive and the terms upon which payment shall be made to the Department of the Interior shall be determined pursuant to such criteria as the commissioner determines will best carry out the purposes of this part.

(B) The terms on which payment shall be made to the Department of the Interior shall include provision for payments by the Secretary of the Interior to local educational agencies with respect to out-of-State Indian children in the elementary or secondary schools of such agencies under special contracts with that Department. The amount of any such payment may not exceed, for each such child, one-half the average per pupil expenditure in the State in which the agency is located.

(3) In any case in which the Commissioner determines that satisfactory data for that purpose are available, the maximum grant which a local educational agency in a State shall be eligible to receive under this part for any fiscal year shall be (except as provided in paragraph (3)) an amount equal to the Federal percentage (established pursuant to subsection (c)) of the average per pupil expenditure in that State or, if greater, in the United States multiplied by the number of children in the school district of such agency who are aged five to seventeen, inclusive, and are (A) in families having an annual income of less than the low-income factor (established pursuant to subsection (c)), (B) in families receiving an annual income in excess of the low-income factor (established pursuant to subsection (c)) from payments under the program of aid to families with dependent children under a State plan approved under title IV of the Social Security Act, or (C) living in institutions for neglected or delinquent children (other than such institutions operated by the United States) but not counted pursuant to paragraph (7) of this subsection for the purpose of a grant to a State agency, or being supported in foster homes with public funds. In any other case, the maximum grant for any local educational agency in a State shall be determined on the basis of the aggregate maximum amount of such grants for all such agencies in the county or counties in which the school district of the particular agency is located, which aggregate maximum amount shall be equal to the Federal percentage of such per pupil expenditure multiplied by the number of children of such ages in such county or counties who are described in clauses (A), (B), or (C) of the previous sentence, and shall be allocated among those agencies upon such equitable basis as may be determined by the State educational agency in accordance with basic criteria prescribed by the Commissioner. Notwithstanding the foregoing provisions of this paragraph, upon determination by the State educational agency that a local educational agency in the State is unable or unwilling to provide for the special educational needs of children, described in clause (C) of the first sentence of this paragraph, who are living in institutions for neglected or delinquent children, the State educational agency shall, if it assumes responsibility for the special educational needs of such children, be eligible to receive the portion of the allocation to

such local educational agency which is attributable to such neglected or delinquent children, but if the State educational agency does not assume such responsibility, any other State or local public agency, as determined by regulations established by the Commissioner, which does assume such responsibility shall be eligible to receive such portion of the allocation.

(3)(A) If the maximum amount of the grant determined pursuant to paragraph (1) or (2) for any local educational agency for the fiscal year ending June 30, 1967, is greater than 50 per centum of the sum budgeted by that agency for current expenditures for that year (as determined pursuant to regulations of the Commissioner), such maximum amount shall be reduced to 50 per centum of such budgeted sum.

(B) In the case of local educational agencies which serve in whole or in part the same geographical area, and in the case of a local educational agency which provides free public education for a substantial number of children who reside in the school district of another local educational agency, the State educational agency may allocate the amount of the maximum grants for those agencies among them in such manner as it determines will best carry out the purposes of this part.

(4) For purposes of this subsection, except paragraphs (5) and (7),¹ the term "State" does not include Puerto Rico, Guam, American Samoa, the Virgin Islands, and the Trust Territory of the Pacific Islands.

(5) In the case of a State agency which is directly responsible for providing free public education for handicapped children (including mentally retarded, hard of hearing, deaf, speech impaired, visually handicapped, seriously emotionally disturbed, crippled, or other health impaired children who by reason thereof require special education), the maximum grant which that agency shall be eligible to receive under this part for any fiscal year shall be an amount equal to the Federal percentage of the average per pupil expenditure in the State or, if greater, in the United States, multiplied by the number of such children in average daily attendance, as determined by the Commissioner, at schools for handicapped children operated or supported by the State agency, including schools providing special education for handicapped children under contract or other arrangement with such State agency, in the most recent fiscal year for which satisfactory data are available. Such State agency shall use payments under this part only for programs and projects (including the acquisition of equipment and where necessary the construction of school facilities) which are designed to meet the special educational needs of such children.

(6) A State educational agency which has submitted and had approved an application under section 141(c) for any fiscal year shall be entitled to receive a grant for that year under this part, based on the number of migratory children of migratory agriculture workers to be served, for establishing or improving programs for such children. The maximum total of grants which may be made available for use in any State for any fiscal year shall be an amount equal to the Federal percentage of the average per pupil expenditure in that State

¹ Amendment effective after June 30, 1970.

or, if greater, in the United States multiplied by (A) the estimated number of such migratory children aged five to seventeen, inclusive, who reside in the State full time, and (B) the full-time equivalent of the estimated number of such migratory children aged five to seventeen, inclusive, who reside in the State part time, as determined by the Commissioner in accordance with regulations, except that if, in the case of any State, such amount exceeds the amount required under the preceding sentence and under section 141(c)(2), the Commissioner shall allocate such excess, to the extent necessary, to other States whose maximum total of grants under this sentence would otherwise be insufficient for all such children to be served in such other States.

(7) In the case of a State agency which is directly responsible for providing free public education for children in institutions for neglected or delinquent children, the maximum grant which that agency shall be eligible to receive under this title for any fiscal year shall be an amount equal to the Federal percentage of the average per pupil expenditure in that State or, if greater, in the United States multiplied by the number of such children in average daily attendance, as determined by the Commissioner, at schools for such children operated or supported by that State agency, including schools providing education for such children under contract or other arrangement with such agency, in the most recent fiscal year for which satisfactory data are available. Such State agency shall use payments under this part only for programs and projects (including the acquisition of equipment and where necessary the construction of school facilities) which are designed to meet the special educational needs of such children.

(b) A local educational agency shall be eligible for a basic grant for a fiscal year under this part only if it meets the following requirements with respect to the number of children aged five to seventeen, inclusive, described in clauses (A), (B), and (C) of the first sentence of paragraph (2) of subsection (a):

(1) In any case (except as provided in paragraph (3)) in which the Commissioner determines that satisfactory data for the purpose of this subsection as to the number of such children are available on a school district basis, the number of such children in the school district of such local educational agency shall be at least ten.

(2) In any other case, except as provided in paragraph (3), the number of such children in the county which includes such local educational agency's school district shall be at least ten.

(3) In any case in which a county includes a part of the school district of the local educational agency concerned and the Commissioner has not determined that satisfactory data for the purpose of this subsection are available on a school district basis for all the local educational agencies for all the counties into which the school district of the local educational agency concerned extends, the eligibility requirement with respect to the number of such children for such local educational agency shall be determined in accordance with regulations prescribed by the Commissioner for the purposes of this subsection.

(c) For the purposes of this section, the "Federal percentage" shall be 50 per centum and the "low-income factor" shall be \$2,000 for the fiscal year ending June 30, 1966, and the fiscal year ending June 30,

1967. Except as otherwise provided in section 144, for the fiscal years ending June 30, 1968, and for the four succeeding fiscal years they shall be 50 per centum and \$3,000, respectively, and for the fiscal year ending June 30, 1973 they shall be 50 per centum and \$4,000, respectively.

(d) For the purposes of this section, the Commissioner shall determine the number of children aged five to seventeen, inclusive, of families having an annual income of less than the low-income factor (as established pursuant to subsection (c)) on the basis of the most recent satisfactory data available from the Department of Commerce.¹ At any time such data for a county are available in the Department of Commerce, such data shall be used in making calculations under this section. The Secretary of Health, Education, and Welfare shall determine the number of children of such ages from families receiving an annual income in excess of the low-income factor from payments under the program of aid to families with dependent children under a State plan approved under title IV of the Social Security Act, and the number of children of such ages living in institutions for neglected or delinquent children, or being supported in foster homes with public funds, on the basis of the caseload data for the month of January of the preceding fiscal year or, to the extent that such data are not available to him before April 1 of the calendar year in which the Secretary's determination is made, then on the basis of the most recent reliable data available to him at the time of such determination. When requested by the Commissioner, the Secretary of Commerce shall make a special estimate of the number of children of such ages who are from families having an annual income less than the low-income factor (established pursuant to subsection (c)) in each county or school district, and the Commissioner is authorized to pay (either in advance or by way of reimbursement) the Secretary of Commerce the cost of making this special estimate. The Secretary of Commerce shall give consideration to any request of the chief executive of a State for the collection of additional census information. For purposes of this section, the Secretary shall consider all children who are in correctional institutions to be living in institutions for delinquent children.

(e) For the purpose of this section, "the average per pupil expenditure" in a State, or in the United States, shall be the aggregate current expenditures, during the second fiscal year preceding the fiscal year for which the computation is made, (or, if satisfactory data for that year are not available at the time of computation, then during the

¹ Sec. 102 of Public Law 91-230 reads as follows:

STUDY OF ALLOCATION OF FUNDS

SEC. 102. (a) The Commissioner of Education shall make a study of the allocation of sums appropriated for the purposes of title I of the Elementary and Secondary Education Act of 1965 and of the effectiveness of the various provisions of such title I in making funds available to State and local educational agencies in order to meet the purposes of such title I. Such study shall make special reference to the distribution of funds to local educational agencies within counties, the means by which such funds may be concentrated in school attendance areas with the highest concentrations of children from low-income families, the appropriateness of the Federal percentage and the low-income factor provided for in subsection (c) of section 103 of such title I when considered in the light of the extra cost of providing compensatory education for educationally deprived children (including the means of providing services authorized by such title to such children residing in rural areas), and the use of special incentive grants to increase State and local effort for education.

(b) Not later than March 31, 1972, the Commissioner shall submit to the Congress a report on the study required by subsection (a), together with such recommendations as he may deem appropriate with respect to modification of programs under title I of the Elementary and Secondary Education Act of 1965. Notwithstanding the first sentence of section 103(d) of such title I, the Commissioner shall not use data for the purposes of section 103 of such title I from the 1970 census of the United States prior to July 1, 1972.

earliest preceding fiscal year for which satisfactory data are available) of all local educational agencies as defined in section 303(6)(A) ¹ in the State, or in the United States (which for the purposes of this subsection means the fifty States and the District of Columbia), as the case may be, plus any direct current expenditures by the State for operation of such agencies (without regard to the sources of funds from which either of such expenditures are made), divided by the aggregate number of children in average daily attendance to whom such agencies provided free public education during such preceding year.

(20 U.S.C. 241c) Enacted April 11, 1965, P.L. 89-10, Title I, sec. 2, 79 Stat. 28; amended July 21, 1965, P.L. 89-77, sec. 3, 79 Stat. 243; amended Nov. 1, 1965, P.L. 89-313, sec. 6(a), 79 Stat. 1161; amended Nov. 3, 1966, P.L. 89-750, Title I, secs. 102, 103(a), 104-107, 113(b), 80 Stat. 1191-1198; redesignated and amended Jan. 2, 1968, P.L. 90-247, Title I, secs. 101, 103(a), 104, 105, 107, 108(a), 81 Stat. 783-787; amended Oct. 16, 1968, P.L. 90-576, Title III, sec. 307, 82 Stat. 1097; amended April 13, 1970, P.L. 91-230, secs. 101(b), 102, 103, 104, 105, 106, 107, 113.

SEC. 104 (Repealed).

(20 U.S.C. 241D) Enacted April 11, 1965, P.L. 89-10, Title I, sec. 2, 79 Stat. 30; repealed Nov. 3, 1966, P.L. 89-750, Title I, sec. 108, 80 Stat. 1195.

PART B—SPECIAL INCENTIVE GRANTS

MAXIMUM ENTITLEMENT

SEC. 121. (a) In the case of any fiscal year ending after June 30, 1969, each State shall be entitled to a special incentive grant if such State has an effort index for the second preceding fiscal year that exceeds the national effort index for such year.

(b) The maximum amount of a special incentive grant for which a State is eligible for any fiscal year shall be determined by multiplying the amount of \$1 for each 0.01 per centum by which the effort index of that State for the second preceding fiscal year exceeds the national effort index for such year times the aggregate number of children counted for the purposes of entitled local educational agencies within such State to basic grants in accordance with clauses (2), (5), (6), and (7) of section 103(a), except that no State shall be eligible to receive a special incentive grant under this part in an amount in excess of 15 per centum of the total amount available for grants under this part.

APPLICATION; USE OF FUNDS

SEC. 122. Any State desiring the special incentive grant to which it is entitled under this part for any fiscal year shall make application therefor, in accordance with the requirements set forth in section 142, to the Commissioner. Such application shall be submitted at such time and contain such information as the Commissioner shall require by regulation and shall contain a statement of such policies and procedures as will insure that funds granted to the State under this part will be (1) made available to local educational agencies within that State which have the greatest need for assistance under this title, and (2) used, in accordance with the applicable provisions of this title, for programs and projects designed to meet the special educational needs of educationally deprived children.

¹ Section 303(6)(A) of Public Law 81-874, as amended.

DEFINITIONS

SEC. 123. For the purpose of this part the term "effort index" when applied to States, means the per centum expressing the ratio of expenditures from all non-Federal sources in a State for public elementary and secondary education to the total personal income in such State, and the term "national effort index" means the per centum expressing the ratio of such expenditures in all States to the total personal income in all States; and the term "State" means the fifty States and the District of Columbia.

PART C—SPECIAL GRANTS FOR URBAN AND RURAL SCHOOLS SERVING AREAS WITH THE HIGHEST CONCENTRATIONS OF CHILDREN FROM LOW-INCOME FAMILIES

ELIGIBILITY AND MAXIMUM AMOUNT OF GRANT

SEC. 131 (a) (1) Each local educational agency which is eligible for a grant under paragraph (2) of section 103(a) shall be entitled to an additional grant under this paragraph for any fiscal year if—

(A) The total number of children described in clause (A), (B), or (C) of section 103(a)(2) in the school district of such agency for such year amounts to at least 20 per centum of the total number of children, aged five to seventeen inclusive, in the school district of such agency for such year; or

(B) The total number of children described in clause (A), (B), or (C) of section 103(a)(2) in the school district is at least 5,000 and amounts to at least 5 per centum of the total number of children, aged five to seventeen, inclusive, in such school district.

(2) Each local educational agency which is eligible for a grant under paragraph (2) of section 103(a) and which (A) is not eligible for a grant under paragraph (1) of this subsection, but (B) would be eligible for a grant under such paragraph (1) if there were in the school district of such agency a relatively small increase in the number of children, aged five to seventeen, inclusive, described in clause (A), (B), or (C) of section 103(a)(2) shall be entitled to a grant under this paragraph (2) if the State educational agency of the State in which such agency is located determines (in accordance with criteria established by regulation of the Commissioner) that such agency has an urgent need for financial assistance to meet the special educational needs of the educationally deprived children in the school district of such agency.

(b)(1) The maximum amount of any grant to any local educational agency under paragraph (1) of subsection (a) shall be—

(A) For the fiscal year ending June 30, 1970, 30 per centum of the amount that such agency is eligible to receive for such fiscal year under paragraph (2) of section 103(a); and

(B) For any succeeding fiscal year, 40 per centum of the amount that such agency is eligible to receive for each such succeeding fiscal year.

The aggregate of the amounts for which all local educational agencies are eligible under this paragraph for any fiscal year shall not exceed the amount determined in the following manner:

(i) Compute the total amount for which all State and local educational agencies are eligible under this title for that fiscal year;

(ii) Subtract from such total, a sum equal to the figure set forth in paragraph (3) of section 144; and

(iii) If that portion of such total which is attributable to amounts for which local educational agencies are eligible under this paragraph constitutes more than 15 per centum of the remainder of such total, reduce such portion until it constitutes 15 per centum of such remainder, through ratable reductions of the maximum grants for which local educational agencies are eligible under this paragraph.

(2) The maximum amount of any grant to any local educational agency under paragraph (2) of subsection (a) shall not exceed the maximum amount to which it would have been entitled if it had been eligible under paragraph (1) of such subsection. The maximum amount which shall be available to the Commissioner for grants under such paragraph (2) of subsection (a) shall be, for the fiscal year ending June 30, 1970, equal to 3 per centum of the total amount available for grants for such fiscal year under paragraph (1) of subsection (a) and, for any succeeding fiscal year, such amount shall be equal to 5 per centum of the total amount available for grants for that year under such paragraph (1).

(c) For the purposes of this section the term "State" means the fifty States and the District of Columbia.

(d)(1) In making determinations under this section the Commissioner is authorized, in accordance with regulations prescribed by him, to use the most recent satisfactory data made available to him by the appropriate State educational agency. If satisfactory data for determining the number of children described in clause (A), (B) or (C) of section 103(a)(2) in a school district for the purpose of subsection (a) are not otherwise available to the Commissioner, such determination may be made on the basis of data furnished to him by a State educational agency with respect to the amount of the maximum grant under part A of this title allocated by such State agency to the local educational agency for such district in the State for the purpose of the second sentence of section 103(a)(2), for the fiscal year preceding the fiscal year for which such determination is made.

(2) Determinations under this section may be made on the basis of data furnished in accordance with section 103(d).

USES OF FUNDS

SEC. 132. (a) Funds available for grants under this part shall be used solely for programs and projects designed to meet the special educational needs of educationally deprived children in preschool programs and in elementary schools serving areas with the highest concentrations of children from low-income families, except that such funds may be used for programs and projects for such children in secondary schools serving areas with the highest concentrations of children from low-income families if the local educational agency and its State educational agency determine (in accordance with criteria established by regulation of the Commissioner) that—

(A) There is an urgent need for such programs and projects for such children in secondary schools in the area to be served by the local educational agency; and

(B) There is satisfactory assurance that such programs and projects will be at least as effective in achieving the purposes of this title as the use of such funds for programs and projects for such children in elementary schools in such area.

(b) In addition to meeting the requirements and conditions set forth in part D, applications for grants under this part shall meet such other requirements and conditions, consistent with the purpose of this title, as the Commissioner shall establish by regulation.

PART D—GENERAL PROVISIONS

APPLICATION

SEC. 141. (a) A local educational agency may receive a grant under this title for any fiscal year only upon application therefor approved by the appropriate State educational agency, upon its determination (consistent with such basic criteria as the Commissioner may establish)—

(1) That payments under this title will be used for programs and projects (including the acquisition of equipment, payments to teachers of amounts in excess of regular salary schedules as a bonus for service in schools eligible for assistance under this section, and, where necessary, the construction of school facilities and plans made or to be made for such programs, projects, and facilities) (A) which are designed to meet the special educational needs of educationally deprived children in school attendance areas having high concentrations of children from low-income families and (B) which are of sufficient size, scope, and quality to give reasonable promise of substantial progress toward meeting those needs and to this end involve an expenditure of not less than \$2,500, except that the State educational agency may with respect to any applicant reduce the \$2,500 requirement if it determines that it would be impossible, for reasons such as distance or difficulty of travel, for the applicant to join effectively with other local educational agencies for the purpose of meeting the requirement; and nothing herein shall be deemed to preclude two or more local educational agencies from entering into agreements, at their option, for carrying out jointly operated programs and projects under this title: *Provided*, That the amount used for plans for any fiscal year shall not exceed 1 per centum of the maximum amount determined for that agency for that year pursuant to section 103 or \$2,000, whichever is greater;

(2) That, to the extent consistent with the number of educationally deprived children in the school district of the local educational agency who are enrolled in private elementary and secondary schools, such agency has made provision for including special educational services and arrangements (such as dual enrollment, educational radio and television, and mobile educational services and equipment) in which such children can participate;

(3) That (A) the local educational agency has provided satisfactory assurance that the control of funds provided under

this title, and title to property derived therefrom, shall be in a public agency for the uses and purposes provided in this title, and that a public agency will administer such funds and property, (B) Federal funds made available under this title will be so used (i) as to supplement and, to the extent practical, increase the level of funds that would, in the absence of such Federal funds, be made available from non-Federal sources for the education of pupils participating in programs and projects assisted under this title, and (ii) in no case, as to supplant such funds from non-Federal sources, and (C) State and local funds will be used in the district of such agency to provide services in project areas which, taken as a whole, are at least comparable to services being provided in areas in such district which are not receiving funds under this title: *Provided*, That any finding of noncompliance with this clause shall not affect the payment of funds to any local educational agency until the fiscal year beginning July 1, 1972, and *Provided further*, That each local educational agency receiving funds under this title shall report on or before July 1, 1971, and on or before July 1 of each year thereafter with respect to its compliance with this clause;¹

(4) In the case of any project for construction of school facilities, that the project is not inconsistent with overall State plans for the construction of school facilities and that the requirements of section 145 will be complied with on all such construction projects;

(5) In the case of an application for payments for planning, (A) that the planning was or will be directly related to programs or projects to be carried out under this title and has resulted, or is reasonably likely to result in a program or project which will be carried out under this title, and (B) that planning funds are needed because of the innovative nature of the program or project or because the local educational agency lacks the resources necessary to plan adequately for programs and projects to be carried out under this title;

(6) That effective procedures, including provisions for appropriate objective measurements of educational achievement, will be adopted for evaluating at least annually the effectiveness of the programs in meeting the special educational needs of educationally deprived children;

(7) That the local educational agency will make an annual report and such other reports to the State educational agency, in such form and containing such information (which in the case of reports relating to performance is in accordance with specific performance criteria related to program objectives), as may be reasonably necessary to enable the State educational agency to perform its duties under this title, including information relating to the educational achievement of students participating in programs carried out under this title, and will keep such records and afford such access thereto as the State educational agency may

¹ Sec. 109(b) of Public Law 91-230 reads as follows:

(b) The amendment made by subsection (a) shall be effective with respect to all applications submitted to State educational agencies after thirty days after the date of enactment of this Act. Nothing in this section shall be construed to authorize the supplanting of State and local funds with Federal funds prior to the effective date of the amendment made by this section.

find necessary to assure the correctness and verification of such reports;

(8) That the local educational agency is making the application and all pertinent documents related thereto available to parents and other members of the general public and that all evaluations and reports required under paragraph (7) shall be public information;

(9) In the case of a project for the construction of school facilities, that, in developing plans for such facilities due consideration has been given to compliance with such standards as the Secretary may prescribe or approve in order to insure that facilities constructed with the use of Federal funds under this title shall be, to the extent appropriate in view of the uses to be made of the facilities, accessible to and usable by handicapped persons;

(10) That effective procedures will be adopted for acquiring and disseminating to teachers and administrators significant information derived from educational research, demonstration, and similar projects, and for adopting, where appropriate, promising educational practices developed through such projects;

(11) In the case of a project for the construction of school facilities, that, in developing plans for such facilities, due consideration has been given to excellence of architecture and design, and to the inclusion of works of art (not representing more than 1 per centum of the cost of the project);

(12) In the case of projects involving the use of education aides, the local educational agency sets forth well-developed plans providing for coordinated programs of training in which education aides and the professional staff whom they are assisting will participate together; and

(12)¹ In case of funds received under part C of this title, the local educational agency sets forth such procedures and policies and provides such assurances as the Commissioner may require by regulation for the uses of funds available under such part C to carry out the purposes of this title, and, for any fiscal year ending after June 30, 1970, sets forth a comprehensive plan for meeting the special educational needs of children to be served under such part C including provisions for effective use of all funds available under this title and provisions setting forth specific objectives of such plan and the criteria and procedures, including objective measurements of educational achievement, that will be used to evaluate at least annually the extent to which the objectives of the plan have been met.

(b) The State educational agency shall not finally disapprove in whole or in part any application for funds under this title without first affording the local educational agency submitting the application reasonable notice and opportunity for a hearing.

(c) (1) A State educational agency or a combination of such agencies may apply for a grant for any fiscal year under this title to establish or improve, either directly or through local educational agencies, programs of education for migratory children of migratory agricultural workers. The Commissioner may approve such an application only upon his determination—

¹ Apparent error; should read numbered paragraph (13). 15

(A) that payments will be used for programs and projects (including the acquisition of equipment and where necessary the construction of school facilities) which are designed to meet the special educational needs of migratory children of migratory agricultural workers, and to coordinate these programs and projects with similar programs and projects in other States, including the transmittal of pertinent information with respect to school records of such children;

(B) that in planning and carrying out programs and projects there has been and will be appropriate coordination with programs administered under part B of title III of the Economic Opportunity Act of 1964; and

(C) that such programs and projects will be administered and carried out in a manner consistent with the basic objectives of clauses (1)(B) and (2) through (12)¹ of subsection (a), and of section 142.

The Commissioner shall not finally disapprove an application of a State educational agency under this paragraph except after reasonable notice and opportunity for a hearing to the State educational agency.

(2) If the Commissioner determines that a State is unable or unwilling to conduct educational programs for migratory children of migratory agricultural workers, or that it would result in more efficient and economic administration, or that it would add substantially to the welfare or educational attainment of such children, he may make special arrangements with other public or nonprofit private agencies to carry out the purposes of this subsection in one or more States, and for this purpose he may set aside on an equitable basis and use all or part of the maximum total of grants available for such State or States.

(3) For purposes of this subsection, with the concurrence of his parents, a migratory child of a migratory agricultural worker shall be deemed to continue to be such a child for a period, not in excess of five years, during which he resides in the area served by the agency carrying on a program or project under this subsection.

(20 U.S.C. 241e) Enacted April 11, 1965, P.L. 89-10, Title I, sec. 2, 79 Stat. 31; amended Nov. 1, 1965, P.L. 89-313, sec. 6(b), 79 Stat. 1162; amended Nov. 3, 1966, P.L. 89-750, Title I, secs. 103(b), 110, 111, 80 Stat. 1192, 1196; redesignated and amended Jan. 2, 1968, P.L. 90-247, Title I, secs. 103(b), 106, 108(a), 109, 111, 81 Stat. 783-787; amended April 13, 1970, P.L. 91-230, secs. 108, 109, 110, 111(b), 113(b).

ASSURANCES FROM STATES

SEC. 142. (a) Any State desiring to participate under this title (except with respect to the program described in section 141(c) relating to migratory children of migratory agricultural workers) shall submit through its State educational agency to the Commissioner an application, in such detail as the Commissioner deems necessary, which provides satisfactory assurance—

(1) that, except as provided in section 143(b), payments under this title will be used only for programs and projects which have been approved by the State educational agency pursuant to section 141(a) and which meet the applicable requirements of that section and of section 103(a)(5) and that such agency will

¹ Apparent error; should be numbered paragraph (13).

in all other respects comply with the provisions of this title, including the enforcement of any obligations imposed upon a local educational agency under section 141(a);

(2) that such fiscal control and fund accounting procedures will be adopted as may be necessary to assure proper disbursement of, and accounting for, Federal funds paid to the State (including such funds paid by the State to local educational agencies) under this title; and

(3) that the State educational agency will make to the Commissioner (A) periodic reports (including the results of objective measurements required by section 141(a)(6) and of research and replication studies) evaluating the effectiveness of payments under this title and of particular programs assisted under it in improving the educational attainment of educationally deprived children, and (B) such other reports as may be reasonably necessary to enable the Commissioner to perform his duties under this title (including such reports as he may require to determine the amounts which the local educational agencies of that State are eligible to receive for any fiscal year), and assurance that such agency will keep such records and afford such access thereto as the Commissioner may find necessary to assure the correctness and verification of such reports.

(b) The Commissioner shall approve an application which meets the requirements specified in subsection (a), and he shall not finally disapprove an application except after reasonable notice and opportunity for a hearing to the State educational agency.

(20 U.S.C. 241f) Enacted April 11, 1965, P.L. 89-10, Title I, sec. 2, 79 Stat. 32; amended Nov. 1, 1965, P.L. 89-313, sec. 6(b), 79 Stat. 1162; amended Nov. 3, 1966, P.L. 89-750, Title I, sec. 103(c)(1), 80 Stat. 1193; redesignated and amended Jan. 2, 1968, P.L. 90-247, Title I, secs. 103(c), 105, 108(a), 109, 110, 81 Stat. 783, 786, 787; redesignated and amended April 13, 1970, P.L. 91-230, secs. 111(a), 113(b).

PAYMENT

SEC. 143(a)(1) The Commissioner shall, subject to the provisions of section 144, from time to time pay to each State, in advance or otherwise, the amount which it and the local educational agencies of that State are eligible to receive under this title. Such payments shall take into account the extent (if any) to which any previous payment to such State educational agency under this title (whether or not in the same fiscal year) was greater or less than the amount which should have been paid to it.

(2) From the funds paid to it pursuant to paragraph (1) each State educational agency shall distribute to each local educational agency of the State which is not ineligible by reason of section 103(b) and which has submitted an application approved pursuant to section 141(a) the amount for which such application has been approved, except that this amount shall not exceed the maximum amount determined for that agency pursuant to section 103 or section 131.

(b) The Commissioner is authorized to pay to each State amounts equal to the amounts expended by it for the proper and efficient performance of its duties under this title (including technical assistance for the measurements and evaluations required by section 141(a)(6), except that the total of such payments in any fiscal year shall not exceed—

(1) 1 per centum of the total maximum grants for State and local educational agencies of the State as determined for that year pursuant to sections 103, 131, and 144; or

(2) \$150,000, or \$25,000 in the case of Puerto Rico, Guam, American Samoa, the Virgin Islands, or the Trust Territory of the Pacific Islands, whichever is the greater.

(c)(1) No payments shall be made under this title for any fiscal year to a State which has taken into consideration payments under this title in determining the eligibility of any local educational agency in that State for State aid, or the amount of that aid, with respect to the free public education of children during that year or the preceding fiscal year.

(2) No payments shall be made under this title to any local educational agency for any fiscal year unless the State educational agency finds that the combined fiscal effort (as determined in accordance with regulations of the Commissioner) of that agency and the State with respect to the provision of free public education by that agency for the preceding fiscal year was not less than such combined fiscal effort for that purpose for the second preceding fiscal year.

(20 U.S.C. 241g) Enacted April 11, 1965, P.L. 89-10, Title I, sec. 2, 79 Stat. 33; amended Nov. 1, 1965, P.L. 89-313, sec. 7(a), 79 Stat. 1162; amended Nov. 3, 1966, P.L. 89-750, Title I, secs. 103(c)(2), 112, 113(a), 80 Stat. 1192, 1197; redesignated and amended Jan. 2, 1968, P.L. 90-247, Title I, secs. 102, 103(c), 108(a), 110, 81 Stat. 783, 784, 786, 787; redesignated and amended April 13, 1970, P.L. 91-230, secs., 113(b), 114.

ADJUSTMENTS WHERE NECESSITATED BY APPROPRIATIONS

SEC. 144. If the sums appropriated for any fiscal year for making the payments provided in this title are not sufficient to pay in full the total amounts which all local and State educational agencies are eligible to receive under this title for such year—

(1) the amount available for each grant to a State agency eligible for a grant under paragraph (5), (6), or (7) of section 103(a) shall be equal to the maximum grant as computed under such paragraph;

(2) allocations shall be made to local educational agencies on the basis of computations, in accordance with section 103(a)(2) as reduced ratably except that—

(A) until appropriations are sufficient to satisfy all maximum grants as computed by using a low-income factor of \$2,000, the low-income factor (referred to in section 103(c)) for such year shall be \$2,000; and

(B) the aggregate amount available for grants to local educational agencies within each State shall be not less than the aggregate amount allocated to local educational agencies within such State for the fiscal year ending June 30, 1967, until the total appropriations for that fiscal year exceed \$1,500,000,000 for Part A of title I;

(3) that part of such sums for any fiscal year which is in excess of \$1,396,975,000 shall be allocated on the basis of computations in accordance with remaining entitlements under section 103(a)(2), and entitlements under sections 121 and 131, as ratably reduced, but in no case shall allocations on the basis of

computations in accordance with section 131 exceed 15 per centum of such excess; and

(4) the amount available for payments to each State educational agency for the purposes of section 143(b) shall be equal to 1 per centum of the aggregate amounts available within that State pursuant to paragraphs (1), (2), and (3), except that no State shall receive less than the minimum amount provided for in section 143(b)(2).¹

In case additional funds become available for making payments under this title or that year, such reduced amounts shall be increased on the same basis that they were reduced. In order to permit the most effective use of all appropriations made to carry out this title, the Commissioner may set dates by which (1) State educational agencies must certify to him the amounts for which the applications of educational agencies have been or will be approved by the State, and (2) State educational agencies referred to in section 103(a)(6) must file applications. If the maximum grant a local educational agency or an agency referred to in section 103(a)(6) would receive (after any ratable reduction which may have been required under the first sentence of this section) is more than an amount which the State educational agency determines, in accordance with regulations prescribed by the Commissioner, such agency will use, the excess amount shall be made available first to educational agencies in that State. Determinations of the educational agencies to which such excess amounts shall be made available shall be made by the State educational agency in furtherance of the purposes of this title in accordance with criteria prescribed by the Commissioner which are designed to assure that such excess amounts will be made available to other eligible educational agencies with the greatest need, for the purpose of, where appropriate, redressing inequities inherent in, or mitigating hardships caused by, the application of the provisions of paragraph (2) of section 103(a) as a result of such factors as population shifts and changing economic circumstances. In the event excess amounts remain after carrying out the preceding two sentences of this section, such excess amounts shall be distributed among the other States as the Commissioner shall prescribe for use by local educational agencies in such States for the purposes of this title in such manner as the respective State educational agencies shall prescribe.

(20 U.S.C. 241h) Enacted April 11, 1965, P.L. 89-10, sec. 2, 79 Stat. 33; amended Nov. 3, 1966, P.L. 89-750, sec. 114, 80 Stat. 1197; redesignated and

¹ Section 113(d) of Public Law 91-230 provides as follows:

- (d) Effective for fiscal years ending after June 30, 1972, such section 144 is further amended—
- (1) by inserting after the first sentence the following new sentence: "For the purposes of parts B and C of this title, in determining entitlements under such parts, the number of children described in section 103(a) shall be ascertained by using a low-income factor of (i) \$2,000 when allocations are made under clause (A) of paragraph (2) in the first sentence of this section, (ii) \$3,000 when allocations are made under clause (B) of such paragraph, and (iii) \$4,000 when allocations are made under clause (C) of such paragraph."; and
- (2) by striking out clause (B) of paragraph (2) and inserting in lieu thereof the following:
- "(B) until appropriations are sufficient to satisfy all maximum grants as computed by using a low-income factor of \$3,000, any amount remaining after allocations are computed pursuant to clause (A) shall be allocated by using a low-income factor of \$3,000 with respect to children described in section 103(a)(2) who are not counted for purposes of clause (A); and
- "(C) until appropriations are sufficient to satisfy all maximum grants as computed by using a low-income factor of \$4,000, any amount remaining after allocations are computed pursuant to clauses (A) and (B) shall be allocated by using a low-income factor of \$4,000 with respect to children described in section 103(a)(2) who are not counted for purposes of clause (A) or (B); and
- "(D) the aggregate amount available for grants to local educational agencies within each State shall be not less than the aggregate amount allocated to local educational agencies within such State for the fiscal year ending June 30, 1967, until the total sums available from appropriations for that fiscal year exceed \$1,500,000,000 for Part A of title I; and".

amended Jan. 2, 1968, P.L. 90-247, Title I, secs. 107, 108, 110, 81 Stat. 785-787; redesignated and amended April 13, 1970, P.L. 91-230, sec. 113 (b), (c), and (d).

WITHHOLDINGS

SEC. 146. Whenever the Commissioner, after reasonable notice and opportunity for hearing to any State educational agency, finds that there has been a failure to comply substantially with any assurance set forth in the application of that State approved under section 141(c) or 142(b) the Commissioner shall notify the agency that further payments will not be made to the State under this title (or, in his discretion, that the State educational agency shall not make further payments under this title to specified local educational agencies affected by the failure) until he is satisfied that there is no longer any such failure to comply. Until he is so satisfied, no further payments shall be made to the State under this title, or payments by the State educational agency under this title shall be limited to local educational agencies not affected by the failure, as the case may be.

(20 U.S.C. 241j) Enacted April 11, 1965, P.L. 89-10, Title I, sec. 2, 79 Stat. 33; amended Nov. 3, 1966, P.L. 89-750, Title I, sec. 103(c)(3), 80 Stat. 1193; redesignated and amended Jan. 2, 1968, P.L. 90-247, Title I, secs. 108, 110, 81 Stat. 786, 787; amended and redesignated April 13, 1970, P.L. 91-230, sec. 113(b).

JUDICIAL REVIEW

SEC. 147 (a) If any State is dissatisfied with the Commissioner's final action with respect to the approval of its application submitted under section 141(c) or 142(b) or with his final action under section 146, such State may, within sixty days after notice of such action, file with the United States court of appeals for the circuit in which such State is located a petition for review of that action. A copy of the petition shall be forthwith transmitted by the clerk of the court to the Commissioner. The Commissioner thereupon shall file in the court the record of the proceedings on which he based his action, as provided in section 2112 of title 28, United States Code.

(b) The findings of fact by the Commissioner, if supported by substantial evidence, shall be conclusive; but the court, for good cause shown, may remand the case to the Commissioner to take further evidence, and the Commissioner may thereupon make new or modified findings of fact and may modify his previous action, and shall file in the court the record of the further proceedings. Such new or modified findings of fact shall likewise be conclusive if supported by substantial evidence.

(c) Upon the filing of such petition, the court shall have jurisdiction to affirm the action of the Commissioner or to set it aside, in whole or in part. The judgment of the court shall be subject to review by the Supreme Court of the United States upon certiorari or certification as provided in section 1254 of title 28, United States Code.

(20 U.S.C. 241k) Enacted April 11, 1965, P.L. 89-10, Title I, sec. 2, 79 Stat. 33; amended Nov. 3, 1966, P.L. 89-750, Title I, sec. 103(c)(4), 80 Stat. 1193; redesignated and amended Jan. 2, 1968, P.L. 90-247, Title I, secs. 108, 110, 81 Stat. 786, 787; amended and redesignated April 13, 1970, P.L. 91-230, sec. 113(b).

NATIONAL ADVISORY COUNCIL

SEC. 148. (a) There shall be a National Advisory Council on the Education of Disadvantaged Children (hereinafter in this section

referred to as the "National Council") consisting of fifteen members appointed by the President, without regard to the provisions of title 5, United States Code, governing appointment in the competitive service, for terms of three years, except that (1) in the case of initial members, five shall be appointed for terms of one year each and five shall be appointed for terms of two years each, and (2) appointments to fill vacancies shall be only for such terms as remain unexpired. The National Council shall meet at the call of the Chairman.

(b) The National Council shall review and evaluate the administration and operation of this title, including its effectiveness in improving the educational attainment of educationally deprived children, including the effectiveness of programs to meet their occupational and career needs, and make recommendations for the improvement of this title and its administration and operation. These recommendations shall take into consideration experience gained under this and other Federal educational programs for disadvantaged children and, to the extent appropriate, experience gained under other public and private educational programs for disadvantaged children.

(c) The National Council shall make such reports of its activities, findings, and recommendations (including recommendations for changes in the provisions of this title) as it may deem appropriate and shall make an annual report to the President and the Congress not later than March 31 of each calendar year. Such annual report shall include a report specifically on which of the various compensatory education programs funded in whole or in part under the provisions of this title, and of other public and private educational programs for educationally deprived children, hold the highest promise for raising the educational attainment of these educationally deprived children. The President is requested to transmit to the Congress such comments and recommendations as he may have with respect to such report.

(20 U.S.C. 241L) Enacted April 11, 1965, P.L. 89-10, Title I, sec. 2, 79 Stat. 34; amended Nov. 2, 1966, P.L. 89-750, Title I, sec. 115, 80 Stat. 1197; redesignated and amended Jan. 2, 1968, P.L. 90-247, Title I, secs. 108, 110, 114, 81 Stat. 786, 787; amended and redesignated April 13, 1970, P.L. 91-230, secs. 112, 113(b).

TREATMENT OF EARNINGS FOR PURPOSES OF AID TO FAMILIES WITH
DEPENDENT CHILDREN

SEC. 149. (a) Notwithstanding the provisions of title IV of the Social Security Act, a State plan approved under section 402 of such Act shall provide that for a period of not less than twelve months, and may provide that for a period of not more than twenty-four months, the first \$85 earned by any person in any month for services rendered to any program assisted under this title of this Act shall not be regarded (A) in determining the need of such person under such approved State plan or (B) in determining the need of any other individual under such approved State plan.

(b) Notwithstanding the provisions of subsection (a) of this section, no funds to which a State is otherwise entitled under title IV of Social Security Act for any period before the fourth month after the adjournment of the State's first regular legislative session which adjourns more than sixty days after enactment of the Elementary and Secondary Education Amendments of 1966, shall be withheld by reason of

any action taken pursuant to a State statute which prevents such State from complying with the requirements of subsection (a) of this section.

(20 U.S.C. 241m) Enacted Nov. 3, 1966, P.L. 89-750, Title I, sec. 100, 80 Stat. 1195; redesignated April 13, 1970, P.L. 91-230, sec. 13(b).

SHORT TITLE

SEC. 150. This title may be cited as "Title I of the Elementary and Secondary Education Act of 1965."

Enacted Nov. 3, 1966, P.L. 89-750, Title I, sec. 116, 80 Stat. 1198; redesignated April 13, 1970, P.L. 91-230, sec. 13(b).

TITLE III—GENERAL ^{1/}

ADMINISTRATION

SEC. 301. (a) In the administration of this Act, no department, agency, officer, or employee of the United States shall exercise any direction, supervision, or control over the personnel, curriculum, or program of instruction of any school or school system of any local or State educational agency, or require the assignment or transportation of students or teachers in order to overcome racial imbalance. ^{1/} Superseded by Sec. 422 of the General Education Provisions Act.

(b) The Commissioner shall administer this Act, and he may make such regulations and perform such other functions as he finds necessary to carry out the provisions of this Act.

(c) The Commissioner shall include in his annual report to the Congress a full report of the administration of his functions under this Act, including a detailed statement of receipts and disbursements.

(20 U.S.C. 242) Enacted Sept. 30, 1950, P.L. 874, 81st Cong., sec. 7, 64 Stat. 1107; redesignated as Title III, sec. 301. April 11, 1965, P.L. 89-10, Title I, sec. 3(c)(1), 79 Stat. 35; amended Nov. 3, 1966, P.L. 89-750, Title II, sec. 205, 80 Stat. 1212.

USE OF OTHER FEDERAL AGENCIES; TRANSFER AND AVAILABILITY
OF APPROPRIATIONS

SEC. 302. (a) In carrying out his functions under this Act, the Commissioner is authorized, pursuant to proper agreement with any other Federal department or agency, to utilize the services and facilities of such department or agency, and, when he deems it necessary or appropriate, to delegate to any officer or employee thereof the function under section 6 of making arrangements for providing free public education. Payment to cover the cost of such utilization or of carrying out such delegated function shall be made either in advance or by way of reimbursement, as may be provided in such agreement. The Commissioner is authorized to delegate to any officer or employee of the Office of Education any of his functions under this Act except the making of regulations.

(b) All Federal departments or agencies administering Federal property on which children reside, and all such departments or agencies principally responsible for Federal activities which may occasion assistance under title I, shall to the maximum extent practicable comply with requests of the Commissioner for information he may require in carrying out the purposes of title I.

(c) Such portion of the appropriations of any other department or agency for the fiscal year ending June 30, 1951, as the Director of the Bureau of the Budget determines to be available for the same purposes as title I, shall, except to the extent necessary to carry out during such year contracts made prior to the enactment of title I, be transferred to the Commissioner for use by him in carrying out such purposes.

^{1/} Applicable to Title I of P.L. 81-874 and Title I of ESEA, originally enacted as Title II of P.L. 81-874.

(d) No appropriation to any department or agency of the United States, other than an appropriation to carry out this Act, shall be available for the employment of teaching personnel for the provision of free public education for children in any State or for payments to any local educational agency (directly or through the State educational agency) for free public education for children, except that nothing in the foregoing provisions of this subsection shall affect the availability of appropriations for the maintenance and operation of school facilities (1) on Federal property under the control of the Atomic Energy Commission or (2) by the Bureau of Indian Affairs, or the availability of appropriations for the making of payments directed to be made, by section 91 of the Atomic Energy Community Act of 1955, as amended, or the availability of appropriations under the Act of April 16, 1934, commonly referred to as the Johnson-O'Malley Act (25 U.S.C., sec. 452).

(20 U.S.C. 243) Enacted Sept. 30, 1950, P.L. 874, 81st Cong., sec. 8, 64 Stat. 1108; amended Aug. 8, 1953, P.L. 248, 83rd Cong., sec. 9, 67 Stat. 536; amended Aug. 4, 1955, P.L. 221, 84th Cong., sec. 202, 69 Stat. 485; amended Aug. 12, 1955, P.L. 382, 84th Cong., sec. 1, 59 Stat. 713; amended Aug. 3, 1956, P.L. 949, 84th Cong., Title II, sec. 210, 70 Stat. 972; amended Aug. 12, 1958, P.L. 85-620, Title II, sec. 204, 72 Stat. 560; redesignated as Title III, sec. 302, and amended April 11, 1965, P.L. 89-10, Title I, sec. 3(c), 79 Stat. 35.

DEFINITIONS

SEC. 303. For the purposes of this Act—

(1) The term "Federal property" means real property which is owned by the United States or is leased by the United States, and which is not subject to taxation by any State or any political subdivision of a State or by the District of Columbia. Such term includes, (A) except for purposes of section 6, real property held in trust by the United States for individual Indians or Indian tribes, and real property held by individual Indians or Indian tribes which is subject to restrictions on alienation imposed by the United States, (B) for one year beyond the end of the fiscal year in which occurred the sale or transfer thereof by the United States, any property considered prior to such sale or transfer to be Federal property for the purposes of this Act, and (C) any school which is providing flight training to members of the Air Force under contractual arrangements with the Department of the Air Force at an airport which is owned by a State or a political subdivision of a State. Such term also includes any interest in Federal property (as defined in the foregoing provisions of this paragraph) under an easement, lease, license, permit, or other arrangement, as well as any improvements of any nature (other than pipelines or utility lines) on such property even though such interests or improvements are subject to taxation by a State or political subdivision of a State or by the District of Columbia. Notwithstanding the foregoing provisions of this paragraph, such term does not include (A) any real property used for a labor supply center, labor home, or labor camp for migratory farmworkers, (B) any real property under the jurisdiction of the Post Office Department and

used primarily for the provision of postal services, or (C) any low-rent housing project held under title II of the National Industrial Recovery Act, the Emergency Relief Appropriation Act of 1935, the United States Housing Act of 1937, the Act of June 28, 1940 (Public Law 671 of the Seventy-sixth Congress), or any law amendatory of or supplementary to any of such Acts.

(2) The term "child," except as used in title II, means any child who is within the age limits for which the applicable State provides free public education.

(3) The term "parent" includes, a legal guardian or other person in loco parentis.

(4) The term "free public education" means education which is provided at public expense, under public supervision and direction, and without tuition charge, and which is provided as elementary or secondary school education in the applicable State, except that for the purposes of title II such term does not include any education provided beyond grade 12.

(5) The term "current expenditures" means expenditures for free public education, including expenditures for administration, instruction, attendance and health services, pupil transportation services, operation and maintenance of plant, fixed charges, and net expenditures to cover deficits for food services and student body activities, but not including expenditures for community services, capital outlay, and debt service, or any expenditures made from funds granted under title II of this Act or title II or III of the Elementary and Secondary Education Act of 1965.

(6)(A) For purposes of title I, the term "local educational agency" means a board of education or other legally constituted local school authority having administrative control and direction of free public education in a county, township, independent, or other school district located within a State. Such term includes any State agency which directly operates and maintains facilities for providing free public education.

(B) For purposes of title II, the term "local educational agency" means a public board of education or other public authority legally constituted within a State for either administrative control or direction of, or to perform a service function for, public elementary or secondary schools in a city, county, township, school district, or other political subdivision of a State, or such combination of school districts or counties as are recognized in a State as an administrative agency for its public elementary or secondary schools. Such term includes any other public institution or agency having administrative control and direction of a public elementary or secondary school, and it also includes (except for purposes of sections 203(a)(2), 203(b), and 205(a)(1)) any State agency which is directly responsible for providing free public education for handicapped children (including mentally retarded, hard of hearing, deaf, speech impaired, visually handicapped, seriously emotionally disturbed, crippled, or other health impaired children who by reason thereof require special education) or for children in institutions for neglected or delinquent children.

(7) The term "State educational agency" means the officer or agency primarily responsible for the State supervision of public elementary and secondary schools.

(8) The term "State" means a State, Puerto Rico, Wake Island, Guam, the District of Columbia, American Samoa, or the Virgin Islands, and for purposes of title II, such term includes the Trust Territory of the Pacific Islands.

(9) The terms "Commissioner of Education" and "Commissioner" mean the United States Commissioner of Education.

(10) Average daily attendance shall be determined in accordance with State law, except that (A) the average daily attendance of children with respect to whom payment is to be made under section 3 or 4 of this Act shall be determined in accordance with regulations of the Commissioner, and (B) notwithstanding any other provision of this Act, where the local educational agency of the school district in which any child resides makes or contracts to make a tuition payment for the free public education of such child in a school situated in another school district, for purposes of this Act the attendance of such child at such school shall be held and considered (i) to be attendance at a school of the local educational agency so making or contracting to make such tuition payment, and (ii) not to be attendance at a school of the local educational agency receiving such tuition payment or entitled to receive such payment under the contract.

(11) The term "county" means those divisions of a State utilized by the Secretary of Commerce in compiling and reporting data regarding counties.

(12) The term "construction" includes the preparation of drawings and specifications for school facilities; erecting, building, acquiring, altering, remodeling, improving, or extending school facilities; and the inspection and supervision of the construction of school facilities.

(13) The term "school facilities" means classrooms and related facilities (including initial equipment) for free public education and interests in land (including site, grading, and improvements) on which such facilities are constructed, except that such term does not include those gymnasiums and similar facilities intended primarily for exhibitions for which admission is to be charged to the general public.

(14) The term "equipment" includes machinery, utilities, and built-in equipment and any necessary enclosures or structures to house them, and includes all other items necessary for the functioning of a particular facility as a facility for the provision of educational services, including items such as instructional equipment and necessary furniture, printed, published, and audio-visual instructional materials, and books, periodicals, documents, and other related materials.

(15) For the purpose of title II, the term "elementary school" means a day or residential school which provides elementary education, as determined under State law, and the term "secondary school" means a day or residential school which provides secondary education, as determined under State law, except that it does not include any education, provided beyond grade 12.

(20 U.S.C. 244) Enacted Sept. 30, 1950, P.L. 874, 81st Cong., sec. 9, 64 Stat. 1108; amended Aug. 8, 1953, P.L. 248, 83rd Cong., sec. 10, 67 Stat. 536; amended Aug. 1, 1956, P.L. 896, 84th Cong., sec. 10, 70 Stat. 909; amended Aug. 3, 1956, P.L. 949 84th Cong., Title II, sec. 211, 70 Stat. 972; amended Aug. 12, 1958, P.L. 85-620, Title II, sec. 205, 72 Stat. 560; amended June 25, 1959, P.L. 86-70, sec. 18(d)(4), 73 Stat. 145; amended July 12, 1960, P.L. 86-624, sec. 14(d)(4), 74 Stat. 414; amended Oct. 16, 1964, P.L. 88-665, Title XI, sec. 1102(b), 78 Stat. 1109; redesignated as Title III, sec. 303, and amended April 11, 1965, P.L. 89-10, Title I, secs. 3(c)(1), 4(a)-(c), (d)(1), (e), 79 Stat. 35; amended Nov. 1, 1965, P.L. 89-313, sec. 6(c), 79 Stat. 1162; amended Nov. 3, 1966, P.L. 89-750, Title I, sec. 117, 80 Stat. 1198, Title II, sec. 5, 80 Stat. 213; amended Jan. 2, 1968, P.L. 90-247, Title II, sec. 201, 81 Stat. 806.

GENERAL PROVISIONS CONCERNING EDUCATION¹

PROGRAMS SUBJECT TO THIS TITLE; DEFINITIONS; APPROPRIATIONS; SHORT TITLE

SEC. 401. (a) The provisions of this title shall apply to any program for which the Commissioner of Education has responsibility for administration, either as provided by statute or by delegation pursuant to statute. Amendments to Acts authorizing such programs shall not affect the applicability of this title unless so specified by such amendments.

(b) For the purposes of this title, the term—

(1) "Commissioner" means the Commissioner of Education;

(2) "Secretary" means the Secretary of Health, Education, and Welfare; and

(3) "Applicable program" means a program to which this title is applicable.

(c) There are hereby authorized to be appropriated for any fiscal year, as part of the appropriations for salaries and expenses for the Office of Education, such sums as the Congress may determine to be necessary to carry out the provisions of this title.

(d) This title may be cited as the "General Education Provisions Act."

(20 U.S.C. 1221) Enacted Jan. 2, 1968, P.L. 90-247, Title IV, sec. 401, 81 Stat. 814; amended Oct. 16, 1968, P.L. 90-576, Title III, sec. 301, Stat. 1094; amended April 13, 1970, P.L. 91-230, sec. 401(a).

PART A—APPROPRIATIONS AND EVALUATIONS

PROGRAM PLANNING AND EVALUATION

SEC. 402. (a) Sums appropriated pursuant to section 401(c) may include for any fiscal year for which appropriations are otherwise authorized under any applicable program not to exceed \$25,000,000 which shall be available to the Secretary, in accordance with regulations prescribed by him, for expenses, including grants, contracts, or other payments, for (1) planning for the succeeding year for any such program, and (2) evaluation of such programs.

(b) No later than July 31 of each calendar year, the Secretary shall transmit to the respective committees of the Congress having legislative jurisdiction over any applicable program a report containing (1) a brief description of each contract or grant for evaluation of such program or programs (whether or not such contract or grant was made under this section), any part of the performance of which occurred during the preceding fiscal year, (2) the name of the firm or individual who is to carry out the evaluation, and (3) the amount to be paid under the contract or grant.

(20 U.S.C. 1222) Enacted Jan. 2, 1968, P.L. 90-247, Title IV, sec. 402, 81 Stat. 814; amended April 13, 1970, P.L. 91-230, sec. 401(a).

¹ Title IV of P.L. 90-247, as amended by P.L. 91-230.

ADVANCE FUNDING

SEC. 403. To the end of affording the responsible State, local, and Federal officers concerned adequate notice of available Federal financial assistance for education, appropriations for grants, contracts, or other payments under any applicable program are authorized to be included in the appropriation Act for the fiscal year preceding the fiscal year for which they are available for obligation. In order to effect a transition to this method of timing appropriation action, the preceding sentence shall apply notwithstanding that its initial application under such program will result in the enactment in the same year (whether in the same appropriation Act or otherwise) of two separate appropriations, one for the then current fiscal year and one for the succeeding fiscal year.

(20 U.S.C. 1223) Enacted Jan. 2, 1968, P.L. 90-247, Title IV, sec. 403, 81 Stat. 814; amended April 13, 1970, P.L. 91-230, sec. 401(a).

EVALUATION REPORTS; CONGRESSIONAL REVIEW; CONTINGENT EXTENSION OF EXPIRING APPROPRIATION AUTHORITY

SEC. 404. (a) No later than January 31 of each calendar year, the Secretary shall transmit to the respective committees of the Congress having legislative jurisdiction over any applicable program and to the respective Committees on Appropriations a report evaluating the results and effectiveness of programs and projects assisted thereunder during the preceding fiscal year, together with his recommendations (including any legislative recommendations) relating thereto.

(b) In the case of any such program, the report submitted in the penultimate fiscal year for which appropriations are then authorized to be made for such program shall include a comprehensive and detailed review and evaluation of such program (as up to date as the due date permits) for its entire past life, based to the maximum extent practicable on objective measurements, together with the Secretary's recommendations as to proposed legislative action.

(c) Unless the Congress—

(1) in the regular session in which a comprehensive evaluation report required by subsection (b) is submitted to Congress, has passed or formally rejected legislation extending the authorization for appropriations then specified for any title, part, or section of law to which such evaluation relates, or

(2) prior to July 1, 1973, by action of either House approves a resolution stating that the provisions of this subsection shall no longer apply,

such authorization is hereby automatically extended, at the level specified for the terminal year of such authorization for one fiscal year beyond such terminal year, as specified in such legislation.

(20 U.S.C. 1224) Enacted Jan. 2, 1968, P.L. 90-247, Title IV, sec. 404, 81 Stat. 814; amended April 13, 1970, P.L. 91-230, sec. 401(a).

AVAILABILITY OF APPROPRIATIONS ON ACADEMIC OR SCHOOL YEAR BASIS

SEC. 405. (a) Appropriations for any fiscal year for grants, loans, contracts, or other payments to educational agencies or institutions under

any applicable program may, in accordance with regulations of the Secretary, be made available for expenditure by the agency or institution concerned on the basis of an academic or school year differing from such fiscal year.

(b) Notwithstanding any other provision of law, unless enacted in specific limitation of the provisions of this subsection, any funds from appropriations to carry out any programs to which this title is applicable during any fiscal year, ending prior to July 1, 1973, which are not obligated and expended prior to the beginning of the fiscal year succeeding the fiscal year for which such funds were appropriated shall remain available for obligation and expenditure during such succeeding fiscal year.

(20 U.S.C. 1225) Enacted Jan. 2, 1968, P.L. 90-247, Title IV, sec. 405, 81 Stat. 815; amended April 13, 1970, P.L. 91-230, sec. 401(a).

AVAILABILITY OF APPROPRIATIONS

SEC. 406. Notwithstanding any other provision of law, unless expressly in limitation of the provisions of this title, funds appropriated for any fiscal year to carry out any of the programs to which this title is applicable shall remain available for obligation and expenditure until the end of such fiscal year.

(20 U.S.C. 1226) Enacted Oct. 16, 1968, P.L. 90-576, Title III, sec. 301, 82 Stat. 1094; amended April 13, 1970, P.L. 91-230, sec. 401(a).

PART B—GENERAL REQUIREMENTS AND CONDITIONS CONCERNING THE OPERATION AND ADMINISTRATION OF EDUCATION PROGRAMS; GENERAL AUTHORITY OF THE COMMISSIONER OF EDUCATION

SUBPART 1—GENERAL AUTHORITY

DELEGATION OF AUTHORITY; UTILIZATION OF OTHER AGENCIES

SEC. 411. (a) The Commissioner is authorized to delegate any of his functions under any applicable program, except the making of regulations and the approval of State plans, to any officer or employee of the Office of Education.

(b) In administering any applicable program, the Commissioner is authorized to utilize the services and facilities of any agency of the Federal Government and of any other public or nonprofit agency or institution in accordance with appropriate agreements, and to pay for such services either in advance or by way of reimbursement, as may be agreed upon.

COLLECTION AND DISSEMINATION OF INFORMATION

SEC. 412. (a) The Commissioner shall—

(1) prepare and disseminate to State and local educational agencies and institutions information concerning applicable programs and cooperate with other Federal officials who administer programs affecting education in disseminating information concerning such programs.

(2) inform the public on federally supported education programs;

(3) collect data and information on applicable programs for the purpose of obtaining objective measurements of the effectiveness of such programs in achieving their purposes; and

(4) prepare and publish an annual report (to be referred to as "the Commissioner's annual report") on (A) the condition of education in the nation, (B) developments in the administration, utilization, and impact of applicable programs, (C) results of investigations and activities by the Office of Education, and (D) such facts and recommendations as will serve the purpose for which the Office of Education is established (as set forth in section 516 of the Revised Statutes (20 U.S.C. 1)).

(b) The Commissioner's annual report shall be submitted to the Congress not later than March 31 of each calendar year. The Commissioner's annual report shall be made available to State and local educational agencies and other appropriate agencies and institutions and to the general public.

(c) The Commissioner is authorized to enter into contracts with public or private agencies, organizations, groups, or individuals to carry out the provisions of this section.

CATALOG OF FEDERAL EDUCATION ASSISTANCE PROGRAMS

SEC. 413. The Commissioner shall prepare and make available in such form as he deems appropriate a catalog of all Federal education assistance programs whether or not such programs are administered by him. The catalog shall—

(1) identify each such program, and include the name of the program, the authorizing statute, the specific Federal administering officials, and a brief description of such program;

(2) set forth the availability of benefits and eligibility restrictions in each such program;

(3) set forth the budget requests for each such program, past appropriations, obligations incurred, and pertinent financial information indicating (A) the size of each such program for selected fiscal years, and (B) any funds remaining available;

(4) set forth the prerequisites, including the cost to the recipient, of receiving assistance under each such program, and any duties required of the recipient after receiving benefits;

(5) identify appropriate officials, in Washington, District of Columbia, as well as in each State and locality (if applicable), to whom application or reference for information for each such program may be made;

(6) set forth the application procedures;

(7) contain a detailed index designed to assist the potential beneficiary in identifying all education assistance programs related to a particular need or category of potential beneficiaries;

(8) contain such other program information and data as the Commissioner deems necessary or desirable in order to assist the potential program beneficiary to understand and take advantage of each Federal education assistance program; and

(9) be transmitted to Congress with the Commissioner's annual report.

TECHNICAL ASSISTANCE

SEC. 414. (a) For the purpose of carrying out more effectively Federal education programs, the Commissioner is authorized, upon request, to provide advice, counsel, and technical assistance to State educational agencies, institutions of higher education, and, with the approval of the appropriate State educational agency, elementary and secondary schools—

- (1) in determining benefits available to them under Federal law;
- (2) in preparing applications for, and meeting requirements of, applicable programs;
- (3) in order to enhance the quality, increase the depth, or broaden the scope of activities under applicable programs; and
- (4) in order to encourage simplification of applications, reports, evaluations, and other administrative procedures.

(b) The Commissioner shall permit local educational agencies to use organized and systematic approaches in determining cost allocation, collection, measurement, and reporting under any applicable program, if he determines (1) that the use of such approaches will not in any manner lessen the effectiveness and impact of such program in achieving purposes for which it is intended, (2) that the agency will use such procedures as will insure adequate evaluation of each of the programs involved, and (3) that such approaches are consistent with criteria prescribed by the Comptroller General of the United States for the purposes of audit. For the purpose of this subsection a cost is allocable to a particular cost objective to the extent of relative benefits received by such objective.

(c) The Commissioner's annual report shall contain a statement of the Commissioner's activities under this section.

PARENTAL INVOLVEMENT AND DISSEMINATION

SEC. 415. In the case of any applicable program in which the Commissioner determines that parental participation at the State or local level would increase the effectiveness of the program in achieving its purposes, he shall promulgate regulations with respect to such program setting forth criteria designed to encourage such participation. If the program for which such determination provides for payments to local educational agencies, applications for such payments shall—

- (1) set forth such policies and procedures as will ensure that programs and projects assisted under the application have been planned and developed, and will be operated, in consultation with, and with the involvement of parents of, the children to be served by such programs and projects;
- (2) be submitted with assurance that such parents have had an opportunity to present their views with respect to the application; and
- (3) set forth policies and procedures for adequate dissemination of program plans and evaluations to such parents and the public.

USE OF FUNDS WITHHELD FOR FAILURE TO COMPLY WITH OTHER
PROVISIONS OF FEDERAL LAW

SEC. 416. At any time that the Commissioner establishes an entitlement, or makes an allotment or reallocation to any State, under any applicable program, he shall reduce such entitlement, allotment, or reallocation by such amount as he determines it would have been reduced, had the data on which the entitlement, allotment, or reallocation is based excluded all data relating to local educational agencies of the State which on the date of the Commissioner's action are ineligible to receive the Federal financial assistance involved because of a failure to comply with title VI of the Civil Rights Act of 1964. Any appropriated funds which will not be paid to a State as a result of the preceding sentence may be used by the Commissioner for grants to local educational agencies of that State in accordance with section 405 of the Civil Rights Act of 1964.

AUTHORITY TO FURNISH INFORMATION

SEC. 417. (a) The Commissioner is authorized to furnish transcripts or copies of tables and other records of the Office of Education to, and to make special statistical compilations and surveys for, State or local officials, private organizations, or individuals. Such statistical compilations and surveys shall be made subject to the payment of the actual or estimated cost of such work. In the case of nonprofit organizations or agencies the Commissioner may engage in joint statistical projects, the cost of which shall be shared equitably as determined by the Commissioner, provided that the purposes are otherwise authorized by law.

(b) All moneys received in payment for work or services enumerated under this section shall be deposited in a separate account which may be used to pay directly the costs of such work or services, to repay appropriations which initially bore all or part of such costs, or to refund excess sums when necessary.

SUBPART 2—ADMINISTRATION: REQUIREMENTS AND LIMITATIONS

RULES: REQUIREMENTS AND ENFORCEMENT

SEC. 421. (a) Rules, regulations, guidelines, or other published interpretations or orders issued by the Department of Health, Education, and Welfare or the Office of Education, or by any official of such agencies, in connection with, or affecting, the administration of any applicable program shall contain immediately following each substantive provision of such rules, regulations, guidelines, interpretations, or orders, citations to the particular section or sections of statutory law or other legal authority upon which such provision is based.

(b) No standard, rule, regulation, or requirement of general applicability prescribed for the administration of any applicable program may take effect until thirty days after it is published in the Federal Register.

(c) All such rules, regulations, guidelines, interpretations, or orders shall be uniformly applied and enforced throughout the fifty States.

PROHIBITION AGAINST FEDERAL CONTROL OF EDUCATION

SEC. 422. No provision of the Act of September 30, 1950, Public Law 874, Eighty-first Congress; the National Defense Education Act of 1958; the Act of September 23, 1950, Public Law 815, Eighty-first Congress; the Higher Education Facilities Act of 1963; the Elementary and Secondary Education Act of 1965; the Higher Education Act of 1965; the International Education Act of 1966; or the Vocational Education Act of 1963 shall be construed to authorize any department, agency, officer, or employee of the United States to exercise any direction, supervision, or control over the curriculum, program of instruction, administration, or personnel of any educational institution, school, or school system, or over the selection of library resources, textbooks, or other printed or published instructional materials by any educational institution or school system, or to require the assignment or transportation of students or teachers in order to overcome racial imbalance.

LABOR STANDARDS

SEC. 423. Except for emergency relief under section 7 of the Act of September 30, 1950 (Public Law 874, Eighty-first Congress), all laborers and mechanics employed by contractors or subcontractors on all construction and minor remodeling projects assisted under any applicable program shall be paid wages at rates not less than those prevailing on similar construction and minor remodeling in the locality as determined by the Secretary of Labor in accordance with the Davis-Bacon Act, as amended (40 U.S.C. 276a-276a-5). The Secretary of Labor shall have, with respect to the labor standards specified in this section, the authority and functions set forth in Reorganization Plan Numbered 14 of 1950 and section 2 of the Act of June 13, 1934, as amended (40 U.S.C. 276c).

RECORDS AND AUDIT

SEC. 424. (a) Each recipient of funds from a grant or contract under any applicable program shall keep such records as the Commissioner shall prescribe, including records which fully disclose the amount and disposition by such recipient of the proceeds of such grant, the total cost of the project or undertaking in connection with which such grant or contract is given or used, and the amount of that portion of the cost of the project or undertaking supplied by other sources, and such other records as will facilitate an effective audit.

(b) The Secretary and the Comptroller General of the United States, or any of their duly authorized representatives, shall have access for the purpose of audit and examination to any books, documents, papers, and records of the recipients that are pertinent to the grant or contract received under any applicable program.

PAYMENTS

SEC. 425. Payments pursuant to grants or contracts under any applicable program may be made in installments, and in advance or by way of reimbursement, with necessary adjustments on account of overpayments or underpayments, as the Commissioner may determine.

AUTHORITY TO VEST TITLE TO EQUIPMENT

SEC. 426. The authority of the Commissioner of Education to make a grant to or contract with a local educational agency or State educational agency as such agencies are defined in sections 801(f) and 801(k) of the Elementary and Secondary Education Act of 1965, under any applicable program, shall include discretionary authority, whenever he determines that it would be in the public interest, to vest title to equipment purchased with grant or contract funds in such agency (or waive accountability to the United States for such equipment) without further obligation to the Government or on such terms or conditions as the Commissioner deems appropriate. The authority provided by this section shall be applicable to equipment purchased with funds provided by grants or contracts made on, before, or after the date of the enactment of this section.

PART C—ADVISORY COUNCILS

DEFINITIONS

SEC. 431. As used in this part, the term—

(1) "advisory council" means any committee, board, commission, council, or other similar group (A) established or organized pursuant to any applicable statute, or (B) established under the authority of section 432; but such term does not include State advisory councils or commissions established pursuant to any such statute;

(2) "statutory advisory council" means an advisory council established by, or pursuant to, statute to advise and make recommendations with respect to the administration or improvement of an applicable program or other related matter;

(3) "nonstatutory advisory council" means an advisory council which is (A) established under the authority of section 432, or (B) established to advise and make recommendations with respect to the approval of applications for grants or contracts as required by statute;

(4) "Presidential advisory council" means a statutory advisory council, the members of which are appointed by the President;

(5) "Secretarial advisory council" means a statutory advisory council, the members of which are appointed by the Secretary;

(6) "Commissioner's advisory council" means a statutory advisory council, the members of which are appointed by the Commissioner;

(7) "applicable statute" means any statute (or title, part, or section thereof) which authorizes an applicable program or controls the administration of any such program.

AUTHORIZATION FOR NECESSARY ADVISORY COUNCILS

SEC. 432. (a) The Commissioner is authorized to create, and appoint the members of, such advisory councils as he determines it writing to be necessary to advise him with respect to—

(1) the organization of the Office of Education and its conduct in the administration of applicable programs;

(2) recommendations for legislation regarding education programs and the means by which the educational needs of the Nation may be met; and

- (3) special problems and areas of special interest in education.
- (b) Each advisory council created under the authority of subsection (a) shall terminate not later than one year from the date of its creation unless the Commissioner determines in writing not more than thirty days prior to the expiration of such one year that its existence for an additional period, not to exceed one year, is necessary in order to complete the recommendations or reports for which it was created.
- (c) The Commissioner shall include in his report submitted pursuant to section 438 a statement on all advisory councils created or extended under the authority of this section and their activities.

MEMBERSHIP AND REPORTS OF STATUTORY ADVISORY COUNCILS

SEC. 433. Notwithstanding any other provision of law unless expressly in limitation of the provisions of this section, each statutory advisory council—

(1) shall be composed of the number of members provided by statute who may be appointed, without regard to the provisions of title 5, United States Code, governing appointment in the competitive service, and shall serve for terms of not to exceed three years, which in the case of initial members, shall be staggered; and

(2) shall make an annual report of its activities, findings and recommendations to the Congress not later than March 31 of each calendar year, which shall be submitted with the Commissioner's annual report.

The Commissioner shall not serve as a member of any such advisory council.

COMPENSATION OF MEMBERS OF ADVISORY COUNCILS

SEC. 434. Members of all advisory councils to which this part is applicable who are not in the regular full-time employ of the United States shall, while attending meetings or conferences of the advisory council or otherwise engaged in the business of the advisory council, be entitled to receive compensation at a rate fixed by the Commissioner, but not exceeding the rate specified at the time of such service for grade GS-18 in section 5332 of title 5, United States Code, including traveltime, and while so serving on the business of the advisory council away from their homes or regular places of business, they may be allowed travel expenses, including per diem in lieu of subsistence, as authorized by section 5703 of title 5, United States Code, for persons employed intermittently in the Government service.

PROFESSIONAL, TECHNICAL, AND CLERICAL STAFF; TECHNICAL ASSISTANCE

SEC. 435. (a) Presidential advisory councils are authorized to appoint, without regard to the provisions of title 5, United States Code, governing appointments in the competitive service, or otherwise obtain the services of, such professional, technical, and clerical personnel as may be necessary to enable them to carry out their functions, as prescribed by law.

(b) The Commissioner shall engage such personnel and technical assistance as may be required to permit Secretarial and Commis-

sioner's advisory councils to carry out their functions as prescribed by law.

(c) Subject to regulations of the Commissioner, Presidential advisory councils are authorized to procure temporary and intermittent services of such personnel as are necessary to the extent authorized by section 3109 of title 5, United States Code, but at rates not to exceed the rate specified at the time of such service for grade GS-18 in section 5332 of such title.

MEETINGS OF ADVISORY COUNCILS

SEC. 436. (a) Each statutory advisory council shall meet at the call of the chairman thereof but not less than two times each year. Nonstatutory advisory councils shall meet in accordance with regulations promulgated by the Commissioner.

(b) Minutes of each meeting of each advisory council shall be kept and shall contain a record of the persons present, a description of matters discussed and conclusions reached, and copies of all reports received, issued, or approved by the advisory council. The accuracy of all minutes shall be certified to by the chairman of the advisory council.

AUDITING AND REVIEW OF ADVISORY COUNCIL ACTIVITIES

SEC. 437. (a) Each statutory advisory council shall be subject to such general regulations as the Commissioner may promulgate respecting the governance of statutory advisory councils and shall keep such records of its activities as will fully disclose the disposition of any funds which may be at its disposal and the nature and extent of its activities in carrying out its functions.

(b) The Comptroller General of the United States, or any of his duly authorized representatives, shall have access, for the purpose of audit and examination, to any books, documents, papers, and records of each statutory advisory council.

REPORT BY THE COMMISSIONER OF EDUCATION

SEC. 438. (a) Not later than March 31 of each calendar year after 1970, the Commissioner shall submit, as a part of the Commissioner's annual report, a report on the activities of the advisory councils which are subject to this part to the Committee on Labor and Public Welfare of the Senate and the Committee on Education and Labor of the House of Representatives. Such report shall contain, at least, a list of all such advisory councils, the names and affiliations of their members, a description of the function of each advisory council, and a statement of the dates of the meetings of each such advisory council.

(b) If the Commissioner determines that a statutory advisory council is not needed or that the functions of two or more statutory advisory councils should be combined, he shall include in the report a recommendation that such advisory council be abolished or that such functions be combined. Unless there is an objection to such action by either the Senate or the House of Representatives within ninety days after the submission of such report, the Commissioner is authorized to abolish such advisory council or combine the functions of two or more advisory councils as recommended in such report.

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