DOCUMENT RESUME

ED 039 888 LI 001 941

AUTHOR Price, Bronson

TITLE Library Statistics of Colleges and Universities.

Analytic Report, Fall 1968.

INSTITUTION National Center for Educational Statistics (DHEW),

Washington, D.C.

REPORT NO 0E-15031-68

PUB DATE 70 NOTE 85p.

AVAILABLE FROM Superintendent of Documents, U. S. Government

Printing Office, Washington, D. C. 20402 (HE

5.215:15031-68, \$1.00)

EDRS PRICE EDRS Price MF-\$0.50 HC Not Available from EDRS. Charts, *College Libraries, Graphs, *Libraries,

*Library Expenditures, *School Statistics,

Statistical Daca, Statistical Surveys, Tables

(Data) * *University Libraries

IDENTIFIERS *Library Statistics

APSTRACT

In 1967-68 the operating expenditures of the 2,370 college and university libraries covered in the survey totaled approximately \$510 million. Of that total, \$189 million or 37% was spent on books and other library materials, and \$275 million or 54% was spent for salaries and wages. Binding and rebinding accounted for 3% of the total; all other operating expenditures, for 6%. Aside from microform holdings, some 305 million volumes were held by the libraries at the end of 1967-68. Over 2.5 million periodical titles were being received, while the number of serial titles other than periodicals was slightly more than 1 million. Of the 43,500 nonhourly personnel, 17,400 or 40% represented librarians, 5% were professional staff other than librarians, and 55% were nonprofessionals. The assistance provided by students and hourly personnel amounted to nearly 32 million hours. The overall library expenditures taken as a percent of total institutional expenditures for educational and general purposes (including organized research) was 3.7%. (Author/MF)



OE/NCES OE - 15031-68 LIBRARY STATISTICS

ED0 39888

Library Statistics of Colleges and Universities

ANALYTIC REPORT

FALL 1968

27 001941

national center for educational statistics

"PERMISSION TO REPRODUCE THIS COPY-PIGHTED MATERIAL BY MICROFICHE OMLY HAS BEEN GRANTED BY

GOV'T Printing Office TO END AND ORGANIZATIONS OPERATING

TO ERIC AND ORGANIZATIONS OPERAYING UNDER AGREEMENTS WITH THE U.S. OFFICE OF EDUCATION. FURTHER REPRODUCTION OUTSIDE THE ERIC SYSTEM REQUIRES PERMISSION OF THE COPYRIGHT OWNER."

LIBRARY STATISTICS OF COLLEGES AND UNIVERSITIES Analytic Report Fall 1968

Ьy

Bronson Price

Library Surveys Branch

U.S. DEPARTMENT OF HEALTH, EQUICATION & WELL'ARE
OFFICE OF EDUIGATION
THIS DOCUMENT HAS BEEN REPRODUCED EXACTLY AS RECEIVED FROM THE PERSON OR ORGANIZATICH ORIGINATING IT. POINTS OF VIEW OR OPINIONS STATED DO NOT NECESSARLY REPRESENT OFFICIAL OFFICE OF EDUICATION POSITION OF POLICY.

U.S. DEPARTMENT OF HEALTH, EDUCATION, AND WELFARE Office of Education

Robert H. Finch, Secretary

James E. Allen, Jr., Assistant Secretary and Commissioner of Education

James J. Gallagher, Deputy Assistant Secretary and Deputy Commissioner for Planning, Research, and Evaluation

National Center for Educational Statistics

Dorothy M. Gilford, Assistant Commissioner for Educational Statistics



Superintendent of Documents Catalog No. HE 5.215:15031-68
U.S. GOVERNMENT PRINTING OFFICE
WASHINGTON: 1970

For sale by the Superintendent of Documents, U.S. Government Printing Office, Washington, D.C. 20402 - Price \$1



FOREWORD

In most years since 1960 the Office of Education has conducted a survey of the library holdings, expenditures, and staff of the Nation's colleges and universities. On the basis of that single survey series, two different series of publications have been issued. One series has presented data for individual institutions from which reports were received in time to permit early processing and publication. The reports in that series have usually been issued annually. In the other series, all institutions have been covered, and their data have been presented as summary or aggregated statistics.

For the fall 1968 survey the report on individual institutions, published in February 1969, was entitled Library Statistics of Colleges and Universities: Data for Individual Institutions, Fall 1968. That report included data for 1,841 single-institution libraries and seven joint libraries.

The present summary report, also based on the fall 1968 survey, represents 2,361 single-institution libraries and nine joint libraries in the 1967-68 college and university universe. Some 110 institutions which were too new to have fully functioning libraries were not included. This report has been designed as a relatively extensive publication because no comparable report has been issued since the one based on the fall 1964 survey (Library Statistics of Colleges and Universities, 1963-64: Analytic Report).

Much credit for the success of the college and university library survey series is due the librarians and library administrators who complete the survey questionnaires. Their personal interest and help are greatly appreciated by the Office of Education.

> Joel Williams, Chief Library Surveys Branch



CONTENTS

	Page
Foreword	iii
Chapter I Summary and Conclusions	1
Trends since 1960	3
Chapter II Coverage and Response Rates	5
Types of institutions covered	5
New institutions	6
Nonrespondents and imputing procedure	8
Joint libraries	8
Chapter III Definitions and Plan of Analysis	11
Enrollment data	11
Institutional and library staff	12
Arrangement of main tables	13
Statistical measures used	14
Chapter IV Survey Findings	17
Medians and means for data pertinent to standards	17 17
Design of the charts	20
Number of institutions	20
Library holdings and borrowings	20 21
Per student and per faculty expenditures	
	22
Ratio of professional library staff to faculty	24
Library expenditure index	24
Breakdown of expenditures and nonbudgeted services	25
Professional and nonprofessional staff	27
Salary expenditure in law	28
Salary expenditure index	30
Appendix - Reproduction of Survey Form	79
Charts	
Chart 1 Number of public and private colleges and	
universities by institutional control, type, and size:	•
Aggregate United States, 1957-68	34
	3 4





	Page
Charts 2-3 Mean number of volumes held in college and university libraries, by institutional type and size: Aggregate United States, 1967-68 2 Publicly controlled institutions	35 36
Charts 4-5 Mean number of serial titles in college and university libraries, by institutional type and size: Aggregate United States, 1967-68 4 Publicly controlled institutions	37 38
Chart 6 Mean number of borrowings by college and university libraries, by institutional control, type, and size: Aggregate United States, 1967-68	39
Chart 7 Mean number of hours of student and other hourly assistance in college and university libraries, by institutional control, type, and size: Aggregate United States, 1967-68	40
Chart 8 College and university library operating expenditure per full-time equivalent (FTE) student, by institutional control, type, and size: Aggregate United States, 1967-68	41
Chart 9 College and university library operating expenditures per full-time equivalent staff member in instruction and research, by institutional control, type, and size: Aggregate United States, 1967-68	42
Chart 10 College and university professional library staff per 100 staff in instruction and research, by institutional control, type, and size: Aggregate United States, fall 1968	43
Chart 11. College and university library expenditure index (library operating expenditures as percent of total expenditures for educational and general purposes) by institutional control, type, and size: Aggregate United States, 1967-68	44

	Page
Chart 12-15 Percent distributions, by control, type, and size of college or university: Aggregate United States, 1967-68	
12 Interlibrary transactions, 1967-68	4 5
13 Library operating expenditures, 1967-68	4 6
14 Nonbudgeted support services, 1967-68	47
15 Library staff (professional and nonprofes-	
sional) in full-time equivalents, fall 1968	48
Chart 16 Salary expenditure index (salary expenditure per full-time equivalent library staff member), by control, type, and size of college or university: Aggregate United States, 1967-68	49
Text Tables	
Table A Selected data on students served, collections, staif, and operating expenditures of college and university libraries, with percent changes: Aggregate United States, fall 1960, fall 1964, and fall 1968	2
Table B Number of responding and nonresponding institutions in the college and university library survey and percent responding by institutional control and enrollment size: Aggregate United States, fall 1968	9
Table C Median and mean values for selected cate- gories of data on college and university libraries: Aggregate United States, 1968-69	18
Statistical Tables	
Tables 1-6 Distribution of colleges and universities, by institutional control, type, and size: Aggregate United States, 1967-68	
 1 By number of volumes held at end of 1967-68. 2 By total library operating expenditures, 	52
1967-68	53
expenditures, 1967-68	54
assistance, 1967-68,	55



	Page
5 By number of professional staff of library 6 By salary of chief librarian (director of	56
libraries), fall 1968	57
Tables 7-9 Mean and 90-percentile values, by institutional control, type, and size: Aggregate United States, 1967-68 7 For volumes held at end of year and volumes	
added during year, 1967-68	58
1967-68	59
than periodicals, 1967-68	60
Table 10 Number and percent of interlibrary transactions, by type of transaction, 1967-68	61
Tables 11-14 Mean and 90-percentile values, by institutional control, type, and size: Aggregate United States, 1967-68 11 Of total library operating expenditures, and	
percent distribution of expenditures, 1967-68	62
and percent distribution by type of support, 1967-68	63
13 Of hours of student and other hourly assistance, 1967-68	64
library in full-time equivalents (FTE), by service status, fall 1968	65
Table 15 Mean number of library staff (including contributed service) in full-time equivalents (FTE) by category of staff and by control, type, and size of college or university: Aggregate United States,	
fall 1968	66

	Page
Table 16 Number and percent of institutions with at least one full-time library staff member, by service status and by control, type, and size of college or university: Aggregate United States, fall 1968	67
Tables 17-23 Mean and 96 percentile salaries, by contract status and by institutional control, type, and size: Aggregate United States, fall 1968	
17 For beginning salary paid to a library school	/ 0
graduate	68
18 For full-time chief librarians	69
librarians	70
20 For full-time heads of major library units	71
21 For other full-time professional librarians 22 For full-time professional staff other than	72
librarians	73
23 For full-time nonprofessional staff	74
Table 24 Indexes concerning library holdings, expenditures, and staff, by control, type, and size of college or university: Aggregate United States, 1967-68	75
Table 25 Selected data on holdings, interlibrary transactions, library staff, and students in colleges and universities, by State or outlying area: 1967-68	76
Table 26 Library operating expenditures of colleges and universities by purpose, library expenditures as percent of educational and general expenditures, and estimated value of nonbudgeted support, by State or out-	77



CHAPTER I. -- SUMMARY AND CONCLUSIONS

In 1967-68 the operating expenditures of all college and university libraries totaled approximately \$510 million. Of that total, \$189 million or 37 percent was spent on books and other library materials, and \$275 million or 54 percent was spent for salaries and wages. Binding and rebinding accounted for 3 percent of the total; all other operating expenditures, for 6 percent.

Aside from microform holdings, some 305 million volumes were held by the libraries at the end of 1967-68. Over 2.5 million periodical titles were being received, while the number of serial titles other than periodicals was slightly more than 1 million.

In terms of full-time equivalents, the libraries were staffed in fall 1968 by 43,500 personnel in regular (nonhourly) positions. Of that number, 17,400 or 40 percent represented librarians. Another 5 percent were professional staff other than librarians (e.g., automation specialists), and 55 percent were nonprofessional staff. The assistance provided by students and other staff serving on an hourly basis amounted to nearly 32 million hours.

Again in terms of full-time equivalents, for each 100 faculty and other professional staff members engaged in instruction and research there were 3.8 professional library staff members (including professional staff other than librarians). This ratio was somewhat higher in the smaller institutions (those with fewer than 1,000 students) than in the larger institutions (with 1,000 or more students).

Among the 2, 370 libraries covered in the survey, there were nine "joint libraries," or libraries which each served two or more institutions. While the joint libraries and other joint organizational arrangements are clearly advantageous to the students and faculty concerned, neither joint arrangements nor interlibrary transactions could begin to make up for the marked disparities in library holdings available to students in small institutions as compared with the collections available in large institutions. Even though the per student expenditure is already somewhat higher in the smaller than in the larger institutions, the smaller institutions could scarcely build up collections approaching those of the larger institutions without expending disproportionate amounts per student.



Table A.--Selected data on students served, collections, staff, and operating expenditures of college and university libraries, with percent changes: Aggregate United States, fall 1960, fall 1964, and fall 1968

(Dates in headings of columns 2-6 identify not only the times of data collection but also the reference or "as of" datas of the staff shown in lines 8-10. Otherwise the data are for the year that ended prior to each specified fall date.)

Tites	eaci	specified fall date.)					
Time							
1		_	F-11 1060	Fall 1964	Fall 1968	Fall '60	Fall '64
1		Item	rall 1960	Fall 1554	1011 1,00	to	to
1. Number of libraries 1,951 2,140 2,370 10 11 Number of students served In thousands 2. Total studerts 3,597 4,800 6,964 33 45 3. Enrolled for bachelor's and higher degrees 3,407 4,529 6,442 33 42 4. Enrolled in undergraduate occupational programs 195 272 522 39 92 Collections In thousands of units 5. Number of volumes added during year 177,000 227,000 304,700 28 34 6. Number of volumes added during year 8,400 13,500 25,200 62 85 7. Number of periodical titles 1,270 1,760 2,505 39 42 Library staff In tull-time equivalents 8. Total in regular positions 18,000 25,200 43,500 40 73 9. Professional tibrarians 9,000 11,900 17,400 32 46 10. Nonprofessional staff and professional staff 0,000 13,300 26,100 48 96 11. Hours of student and other assistance 12,100 16,400 31,700 36 93 12. Total (excluding capital outlay) \$137,200 \$246,000 \$509,800 79 107 13. Salaries 72,500 126,000 234,500 74 86 14. Hourly wages 11,700 9,000 15,300 84 70 15. Binding and rebinding 40,900 9,000 15,300 84 70 16. Books and other library materials 40,700 9,000 13,000 30,500 73 135 Distribution of above expenditures In percent 18. Total 100 100 100 19. Salaries 53 51 66 20. Hourly wages 8 8 8 8 21. Binding and rebinding 4 4 4 3 3 22. Books and other library materials 30 32 37 23. Other library operating expenditures 5 5 6 24. Library operating expenditures of reduca-				1		fall '64	fall '68
1. Number of libraries			2	3	4	5	6
Number of Istraries						••	11
2. Total students article 2. Total students article 3,597 4,800 6,964 33 45 4. Enrolled for bachelor's and higher degrees 3,407 4,529 6,442 33 42 4. Enrolled for bachelor's and higher degrees 3,407 4,529 6,442 33 42 5. Number of volumes at end of year 177,000 227,000 304,700 28 34 6. Number of volumes added during year 8,400 13,500 25,200 62 85 7. Number of periodical titles 1,270 1,760 2,505 39 42 Library staff	1.	Number of libraries	,	•	2,370	10	11
2. Total studerts 3,340		Number of students served	<u>]</u>				4.5
2. Enrolled for bachelor's and higher degrees 3,407 4,529 522 39 92	2	Total studerts					
Enrolled in undergraduate occupational programs 195 172 172 172 173 174 17		Forolled for bachelor's and higher degrees		•			
1.		Enrolled in undergraduate occupational progra	ams 195	272	522	39	92
Number of volumes at end of year 17,000 27,000 25,200 62 85		Collections	<u>In th</u>	nousands of u	nits		
Number of volumes added during year 8,400 13,500 25,200 62 85	_	and of year	177-000	227,000	304,700	28	_
1,270 1,760 2,505 39 42		Number of volumes at end of year				62	
Library staff	_	Number of periodical titles		•	2,505	35	42
8. Total in regular positions 9. Professional librarians 10. Monprofessional staff and professional staff other than librarians 11. Hours of student and other assistance 12,100 16,400 31,700 36 93 Library operating expenditures 12,100 16,400 31,700 36 93	,,		<u> în ful</u>	l-time equiva	lents		
8. Total in regular positions 9. Professional librarians 9. Professional librarians 9,000 11,900 17,400 32 46			10 000	25 200	43,500	40	73
10. Nonprofessional staff and professional staff other than librarians		Total in regular positions				32	46
11. Hours of student and other assistance 12,100 16,400 31,700 36 93		Nonprofessional staff and professional staff				48	96
Library operating expenditures		~		In thousands			
12. Total (excluding capital outlay) \$137,200 \$246,000 \$509,800 79 107 13. Salaries 72,500 126,000 234,500 74 86 14. Hourly wages 11,700 19,000 40,800 62 115 15. Binding and rebinding 4,900 9,000 15,300 84 70 16. Books and other library materials 40,700 79,000 188,600 94 139 17. Other library operating expenditures 7,500 13,000 30,500 73 135 Distribution of above expenditures In percent	11.	Hours of student and other assistance	12,100	16,400	31,700	36	93
12. Total (excluding capital outlay) \$137,200 \$240,000 \$234,500 74 86 13. Salaries 72,500 126,000 234,500 62 115 14. Hourly wages 111,700 19,000 40,800 62 115 15. Binding and rebinding 4,900 9,000 15,300 84 70 16. Books and other library materials 40,700 79,000 188,600 94 139 17. Other library operating expenditures 7,500 13,000 30,500 73 135 Distribution of above expenditures 100 100 100 19. Salaries 53 51 46 20. Hourly wages 8 8 8 8 21. Binding and rebinding 4 4 4 3 22. Books and other library materials 30 32 37 23. Other library operating expenditures 5 5 6 24. Library operating expenditures as percent of total institutional expenditures for educa-		Library operating expenditures	In: tho	usands of dol	lars		
13. Salaries 72,500 126,000 234,500 74 86 14. Hourly wages 111,700 19,000 40,800 62 115 15. Binding and rebinding 4,900 9,000 15,300 84 70 16. Books and other library materials 40,700 79,000 188,600 94 139 17. Other library operating expenditures 7,500 13,000 30,500 73 135 Distribution of above expenditures Distribution of above expendit		m . 1 (luding conital outley)	\$137,200	\$246,000	\$509,800	79	
14. Hourly wages 15. Binding and rebinding 16. Books and other library materials 17. Other library operating expenditures 18. Total 19. Salaries 20. Glourly wages 21. Binding and rebinding 22. Books and other library materials 23. Other library operating expenditures 24. Library operating expenditures as percent of total institutional expenditures for educa-						74	_
15. Binding and rebinding 16. Books and other library materials 17. Other library operating expenditures 18. Total 19. Salaries 20. Hourly wages 21. Binding and rebinding 22. Beoks and other library materials 23. Other library operating expenditures 24. Library operating expenditures as percent of total institutional expenditures for educa-		- -			40,800	62	
16. Books and other library materials 40,700 79,000 188,600 94 139 17. Other library operating expenditures 7,500 13,000 30,500 73 135 Distribution of above expenditures					15,300	84	•
10. Other library operating expenditures 7,500 13,000 30,500 73 135		Binding and rediscing	40,700	79,000	188,600	94	
18. Total 19. Salaries 20. Hourly wages 21. Binding and rebinding 22. Books and other library materials 23. Other library operating expenditures 24. Library operating expenditures as percent of total institutional expenditures for educa-		Other library operating expenditures	7,500		30,500	73	135
18. Total 19. Salaries 20. Hourly wages 21. Binding and rebinding 22. Books and other library materials 23. Other library operating expenditures 24. Library operating expenditures as percent of total institutional expenditures for educa-		Distribution of above expenditures In percent					
19. Salaries 20. Hourly wages 21. Binding and rebinding 22. Books and other library materials 23. Other library operating expenditures 24. Library operating expenditures as percent of total institutional expenditures for educa-		Tatal	100	100			
20. Hourly wages 21. Binding and rebinding 22. Books and other library materials 23. Other library operating expenditures 24. Library operating expenditures as percent of total institutional expenditures for educa-							
21. Binding and rebinding 22. Books and other library materials 23. Other library operating expenditures 24. Library operating expenditures as percent of total institutional expenditures for educa-				8			
22. Books and other library materials 30 32 37 23. Other library operating expenditures 5 5 6			4				
23. Other library operating expenditures 5 5 5 24. Library operating expenditures as percent of total institutional expenditures for educa-		Rooks and other library materials	30	32			
24. Library operating expenditures as percent of total institutional expenditures for educa-			5	5	6		
total institutional expenditures for educa-		Library operating expenditures as percent of					
		total institutional expenditures for educa-	3.0	3.3	3.7	10	12

Note: Detail may not add to totals because of rounding.

The overall library expenditure index, or library expenditures taken as a percent of total institutional expenditures for educational and general purposes (including organized research), was 3.7 percent. It was relatively low in the universities, apparently due in some part to the fact that they are able to utilize a comparatively large proportion of nonprofessional personnel in staffing their libraries.

The estimated value of nonbudgeted support services—including gifts, Federal work-study assistance, and any binding or automation services not charged to the libraries' accounts—was equivalent to only 1.3 percent of actual library operating expenditures. Except in a few large privately controlled universities, binding and automation services amounted to less than Federal work-study assistance.

The fall 1968 salary levels of the libraries, as indicated by the ratio of expenditures for salaries to full-time-equivalent staff, tended to be somewhat higher in publicly controlled institutions than in privately controlled institutions.

Trends since 1960

ERIC Provided by ERIC

Over the 8-year period from fall 1960 to fall 1968, library holdings, expenditures, and staff all show increases that, in varying degrees, parallel the trends in enrollment. In order to summarize the trends here, it is convenient to divide the 8-year span into "earlier" and "later" 4-year period; i.e., from fall 1960 to fall 1964 and from fall 1964 to fall 1968.

The increases in enrollment were 33 and 45 percent, respectively, in the earlier and later periods. Against the background of those changes, the changes in the library data are summarized below, with the first and second percents in each pair representing, respectively, the earlier and later periods.

- a. Increases in volumes held were relatively modest, 28 and 34 percent; whereas, the increases in the number of volumes added were more marked, amounting to 62 and 85 percent.
- b. The increases for librarians, 32 and 46 percent, closely paralleled the enrollment changes, but there were relatively substantial increases (48 and 96 percent) for other regular library

staff members (including both nonprofessional personnel and professional staff other than librarians). Also substantial were the increases of 36 and 93 percent in hours of student and other hourly help. The rise of 93 percent in the second 4-year period was occasioned in large part by the advent of the College Work-Study Program.

c. For library operating expenditures the increases were 79 and 107 percent, no doubt reflecting manetary inflation to a marked extent. Perhaps more important than the trends in dollars spent were the changes in the percentage breakdown of the expenditures. The proportion of the total spent on salaries dropped from 53 to 46 percent over the 8-year period, while the expenditures for books and other materials rose from 30 to 37 percent. The proportions spent on other categories showed little change. The increase in the percent spent on books and other library materials largely reflected the funds available from title II-A of the Higher Education Act.

CHAPTER II. -- COVERAGE AND RESPONSE RATES

Types of institutions covered

As defined in Office of Education reports, colleges and universities are institutions that offer programs of at least 2 years of college-level studies in residence and are either (a) accredited by nationally recognized accrediting agencies, including State and local education authorities, or (b) institutions whose credits are accepted by at least three institutions that are so accredited. The institutions meeting these criteria are listed in the Office of Education's annual publication, Education Directory, Part 3, Higher Education.

Institutions are grouped in the following categories:

- 1. Universities are institutions that (a) give considerable stress to graduate instruction, (b) confer advanced degrees as well as bachelor's degrees in a variety of liberal arts fields, and (c) have at least two professional schools that are not exclusively technological.
- 2. Four-year institutions with graduate students are institutions that, though not classifiable as universities, have students in graduate or other postbaccalaureate programs (including first-professional students).
- 3. Four-year institutions without graduate students are other institutions with 4-year programs.
- 4. Two-year institutions are institutions with programs of at least 2 but less than 4 years of college-level work. These include some trade-technical schools as well as community or junior colleges.

The classifications for universities and 2-year institutions are the same as those used in other reports of the Office of Education. For purposes of this report, the standard classification "4-year



institutions other than universities" was subdivided into the second and third categories described earlier. This permitted separate tabulations of data concerning the 4-year institutions with graduate students, which require relatively specialized library services.

Publicly controlled institutions are those administered by local and State governments, as well as a few in which full administrative control is by the Federal Government. The privately controlled group includes the religious or theological institutions, the independent nonprofit institutions, and a few proprietary schools.

For purposes of reporting library statistics, each institution was asked to consolidate the data for all of its library units, including libraries in component schools, colleges, branches, and extension centers. Data were consolidated by the Office of Education when respondents returned separate reports for component libraries of their institutions.

In most instances, therefore, there is a separate report on the library operations of each institution listed in the Education Directory. A few exceptions arise where a single library, termed a joint library, provides services for two or more institutions; e.g., the services provided by the Honnold Library to the several institutions in Claremont, California. These libraries and certain other special arrangements are discussed later (see Joint libraries).

New instatutions

An additional exception arose from the exclusion of 110 institutions which were new or whose libraries had only recently opened. For two reasons the statistical information available from the libraries of the new institutions was rather seriously out of line with other data of this survey.

One reason was that in order to build up their library collections, the new institutions had to spend much more in 1967-68 for books and other library materials than institutions that were otherwise comparable with respect to type and size. Such expenditures by new institutions might have been considered as capital rather than as operating expenditures; and, since the survey form called only for operating expenditures, it would have been appropriate, theoretically, for the new institutions to report relatively small



amounts of money as operating expenditures for "books and other library materials." In fact, however, although the library profession recognizes this distinction, 1/it was not covered in the instructions on the questionnaire; in any event, it would have been difficult for most respondents in new institutions to allocate their outlays for new materials between capital and operating expenditures.

The other unusual feature of the data on new institutions arose from the fact that this group of respondents, as did the others, followed the instruction to report as holdings only such materials as had been prepared for use. Since the staffs of the new libraries had scarcely had time to complete the tasks of cataloging and making the new material ready for use, the collections they reported were relatively small.

Thus, inclusion of the data for new institutions in this report would have had the effect of (a) exaggerating operating expenditures for books and other materials while (b) reducing the average size of collections. Since most new institutions are small, these effects would be particularly marked for the smaller libraries. All factors considered, it seemed best to avoid the distortion by excluding the new institutions. In consequence, it should be understood that the data of this report are representative of the libraries that are in full or nearly full operation rather than all libraries in the college and university universe.

A few institutions—usually small trade or technical schools among the 2-year institutions—operate almost entirely with instructional manuals and therefore have relatively little if anything to report as library collections, expenditures, or staff. This circumstance is not related to the problem of newness, and no marked changes are anticipated in the near future for these institutions. They are, therefore, included in this report, and their quantities of library holdings, expenditures, and staff are tabulated as small or none depending on the circumstances indicated in each individual case.



^{1/} See definition of "capital expenditures," page 103, in Library Statistics; a Handbook of Concepts, Definitions, and Terminology American Library Association, Chicago, Illinois, 1966.

Nonrespondents and imputing procedure

Of the 2,370 libraries in the survey, 114 did not respond at all or replied too late to be included in the routine operations. Data for these institutions were estimated and utilized in the tables of this report.

•

For each nonrespondent, use was made of the data reported by a "matching" institution; i.e., a responding institution which, in respect to control, type, size, region, and other characteristics was similar to the nonrespondent. For four of the large nonrespondent institutions, the accuracy of this operation was enhanced by using ratio estimates. With this procedure a suitable matching institution was selected, but it was used in a different way. Factors were derived representing the ratio of change in the figures that the matching institution reported in fall 1967 and fall 1968, and these factors were applied to the fall 1967 data reported by the institution that did not respond in fall 1968. Thus, the nonresponding institution sown figures for the previous year were used but adjusted to fall 1968 by using factors derived from the matching institution.

The nonresponding institutions were markedly concentrated (78 out of 114) in the privately controlled group having fewer than 1,000 students. The response rates were generally high except for that group. From table B, which presents the response data by institutional control and size, one may infer that if the smaller institutions—particularly among the private group—had responded as well as the larger institutions, the survey's overall response rate would have approached 98 percent.

Joint libraries

While "institutions" and "libraries" are nearly synonymous in this report, and while it is thus convenient to refer to institutions in connection with the tabulations, it is important to note how the numbers of institutions are affected by the joint libraries mentioned earlier, or specifically how the total figure of 2,370 libraries is derived.

In fall 1968 the total number of higher educational institutions meeting the criteria stated earlier was 2,499. Excluding the 110 new institutions reduced the number to 2,389, and this is the number of individual institutions whose library services are covered—in one way or another—in this report.



Table B.--Number of responding and nonresponding institutions in the college and university library survey and percent responding, by institutional control and size: Aggregate United States, fall 1968

	Nun	Percent		
Institutional control and enrollment size	Total	Responding	Nonre- sponding	responding
ì	2	3	4	5
Public and private, total	2,370	2,256	114	95.2
1,000 students or more	1,214	1, 192	22	98.2
Fewer than 1,000 students	1, 155	1,063	92	92.0
Public, total	942	922	20	97.9
1,000 students or more Fewer than 1,000	694	688	6	99.1 94.4
students Private, total	248 1,428	234 1,334	14 94	93.4
1,000 students or more Fewer than 1,000	521	505	16	96.9
students	907	829	78	91.4

It will be recalled, however, that each of the joint libraries provided service for two or more institutions. More precisely there were nine joint libraries that together served 28 institutions, as follows:

Five joint libraries which each served two institutions (total 10)

Two joint libraries which each served three institutions (total 6)

Two joint libraries which each served six institutions (total 12)

Therefore, as distinct from the institutions they served, the number of libraries tabulated for this report was 2,370 (or 2,389 reporting institutions, minus 28 served by joint libraries, plus the nine joint libraries).

The number of institutions involved in the joint libraries described above has been explained in detail because that type of arrangement affects the count of institutions, as distinguished from libraries. Certain other joint arrangements are of interest even though they do not affect the count of institutions.

One type is an arrangement, made by a college or university that has no library of its own, for service from a nearby public or special library. In most such cases the officials involved have been able to supply estimated figures that are fairly comparable statistically with the data reported by institutions having their own libraries. An example of this type of arrangement is the service supplied to the Illinois Institute of Technology by the John Crerar Library in Chicago.

In another type of arrangement, the library of one college or university serves not only its own students but also the students in a branch of another college or university. An example is the service provided by the Flint Community College through the C.S. Mott Joint Library to the branch of the University of Michigan that is located in Flint. In such cases, appropriate tabulating adjustments were made, as required, regarding the number of students served.



CHAPTER III. -- DEFINITIONS AND PLAN OF ANALYSIS

Enrollment data

Enrollment data represent all resident and extension students enrolled in the fall 1967 term for work normally creditable toward a degree, diploma, certificate, or other formal award. Undergraduate students in occupational programs of less than 4 years duration are included. The enrollment data are utilized in two forms. 2/

a. The total enrollment ("head count") of all students, regardless of full-time or part-time attendance status, is used in connection with overall trends (table A) and for grouping institutions by size; i.e., in column 1 of tables 1-24. For these purposes the use of full-time-equivalent enrollment (see page 12) would not achieve an important gain in accuracy. Also, unlike full-time-equivalent enrollment, total enrollment (including undergraduate occupational students) has had the same meaning throughout the years of this survey series.



^{2/} The detailed 1967 figures are reported in Opening Fall Enrollment in Higher Education, 1967 and in Supplement A, Undergraduate and Postbaccalaureate Students. Although in theory it might have been preferable to employ fall 1968 rather than fall 1967 enrollment in this report, the use of the later figures would have occasioned only slight differences in the data. It would, however, have required extra staff time and incurred some delay in processing the library questionnaires because of the difficulties in phasing returns of the library survey with returns of the separate enrollment survey. It has thus seemed best to use, for each survey in this series, the enrollment figures for the same year as the expenditure figures, even though the data for library staff and institutional staff (which are obtained on the same questionnaire) are for the fall of the year following that of the expenditure and enrollment data,

- b. Full-time-equivalent enrollment ("FTE students") is used in per student ratios; e.g., the ratios for volumes, serials, and expenditures per FTE student in table 24. Due to the wide variations in student body composition, this measure is needed in comparisons of individual institutions or subgroups of institutions. FTE students, as used here, is the sum of the following enrollment categories:
 - 1. All full-time, resident undergraduate students.
 - 2. All full-time and part-time, resident graduate or other postbaccalaureate students.
 - 3. One-third of the sum of extension students and part-time, resident undergraduate students.

The definitions of FTE students used in preceding years have necessarily varied because of changes in categories used in collecting data in the survey series on fall enrollment. There has been no change, however, in the two features of the definition that are believed to be of particular interest to librarians, namely: (a) the limited weight given to part time undergraduate students (and to extension students when they are separately identified) and (b) the full weight given to part-time graduate or postbaccalaureate students.

Institutional and library staff

The categories of institutional staff that are most frequently served by the library—and are perhaps of most interest to the library staff from a professional standpoint—are the institutions' senior and junior professional staffs engaged in resident instruction, departmental research, and organized (separately budgeted) research.

To be able to relate that category of institutional staff to professional library staff on a comparable basis, data on both the institutional and the library staffs were obtained in terms of full-time equivalents. For both categories, full-time equivalent was defined as the sum of the number of full-time staff and the full-time equivalent of the part-time staff.



In both the institutional and library staff categories, professional staff was defined to include all staff in positions normally requiring at least a bachelor's degree or its equivalent.

Institutional professional staff was defined to include such junior professional staff members as teaching assistants.

Library professional staff included a small number of professional staff (e.g., certain data-processing staff) who were not librarians. 3/ While these persons were in positions requiring at least bachelor's degrees, their work did not require "training and skill in the theoretical or scientific aspect of library work, as distinct from its mechanical or clerical aspect"—as was specified in the questionnaire for the definition of librarians.

For additional definitions of data covered in the survey the reader is referred to the questionnaire and the instructions to respondents in the appendix.

Arrangement of main tables

Tables 1-24 are designed in a consistent tashion to make it easy for the reader to find a horizontal line of data which, in the same relative position in each table, represents the figures for "peer institutions"--i.e., any group or subgroup of institutions that may be of interest and is large enough to warrant separate tabulation.

Thus the first column of each table lists the various groupings, by institutional control, type, and enrollment size, for which separate data are given. In each table, for example, data for universities with 10,000 or more students appear as the first category

^{3/} Prior to fall 1967 this category ("professional staff other than librarians") was not obtained separately, and it is probable that they were grouped with "nonprofessional staff" by most respondents in the surveys prior to fall 1967.

under universities as a whole. Data for the 2-year institutions with 500 to 999 students are in the next-10-last category. 4/

In most tables the first column is repeated to show, in the table's upper and lower tiers, the publicly and the privately controlled institutions. In other tables the data for the publicly and privately controlled institutions appear under table headings. The headings (including "undercut" headings in the bodies of some tables) also show the kinds of data in the tables; e.g., volumes, expenditures, etc. Tables 25 and 26 provide data for the individual States, U.S. service schools, and outlying areas, as well as totals for the aggregate United States.

Statistical measures used

For each of the more important items covered in the survey, the tables provide both an average figure and an indication as to the magnitude of the moderately high values. The measures used for

^{4/} In tables 1-24 separate lines of data are omitted for two groups of institutions. One group consists of those two publicly controlled and 10 privately controlled universities that have fewer than 5,000 students. The other group consists of those six publicly controlled institutions and one privately controlled institution without graduate students that have 5,000 or more students. However, the data for the 12 universities are included in the line of data for universities as a whole, and the data for the seven 4-year institutions without graduate students are included in the total line for institutions of that type. In the charts, the data for the 12 universities with fewer than 5,000 students are included in the bars representing universities as a whole, and the seven institutions without graduate students and having 5,000 or more enrollees are included in the appropriate bars for those institutions. In general, it should be noted that rounding sometimes occasions minor disparities in tabulations; e.g., percents may not add to 100 and other detail may not add to totals. In table 10, for example, the frequencies were first rounded by computer to nearest thousands, and the percents are based on the rounded data.

this purpose are the arithmetic mean and the 90-percentile value. 5/ In tables 7-24, these measures are usually included in table headings. While means are shown regardless of the number of institutions involved, 90-percentile values (and also medians, which are 50-percentile values) are shown only where at least 20 institutions are involved. 6/

Except in tables 1-6, the mean rather than the median is used as a general-purpose measure of central tendency because the mean gives due weight to extreme values, and its relationship to the total quantity and the number of institutions is precise. This is useful in table 15, for example, where actual numbers of staff are not shown but can be easily estimated from the means presented.

In data of the kind covered in this survey, high values tend to be more extreme than low values (i.e., the distributions are "positively skewed"). As a result the means for most categories tend to be markedly higher than the medians would be, if medians had been calculated and presented for the same data. So long as the reader is aware of this fact, the use of the mean alone is not disadvantageous, and it permits the publication of much more information on central tendencies than could be shown in the same space if presentation of both means and medians were attempted throughout the report.

15

^{5/} Just as the median value separates the top 50 percent of the cases from the other 50 percent, the 90-percentile value separates the top 10 percent of the cases from the other 90 percent.

^{6/} In columns giving medians or 90-percentile values, an asterisk (*) is shown for any cell with fewer than 20 cases. A hyphen (-) appears in cells for which the quantity is zero, regardless of whether the column concerns an amount, a mean, or a percentile. It should be noted that a 90-percentile value may be zero even though the mean based on the same data is greater than zero. Suppose, for example, that among 100 institutions, over 90 institutions had no microfilm reels at all, while a few had substantial amounts. The mean for the 100 institutions would be a perceptible figure, but the 90-percentile value would be zero.

CHAPTER IV. -- SURVEY FINDINGS

Medians and means for data pertinent to standards

While the setting of standards and the evaluation of institutions in relation to standards are outside the scope of this report, an attempt is made to present six selected kinds of data in a way that is convenient for study in relation to any quantitative standards that may be recommended.

The selected kinds of data concern volumes, total operating expenditures, expenditure index, amount of hourly assistance, professional library staff, and chief librarian's salary. Since those categories of data are discussed relatively often in connection with standards, they are presented in terms of frequency distributions in tables 1-16. With the data arranged in that form one can easily use table 1, for example, to estimate the proportion of institutions in a particular group (by control, type, and size) which currently meets any standard that may be set for the number of volumes that should be held by institutions in the given group.

Each of the six tables in the set includes, as the last column, the median (50-percentile) values for each group of institutions. Since the means for the same kinds of data are included in tables 7-24, some discussion of the differences between the two measures serves to bring out several features of the survey findings, including the impact of the larger libraries on some data categories. The means and medians are shown in table C together with the numbers of the source tables.

It is seen that, for four of the six categories in the table, the mean is two or three times the value of the median. This reflects the marked skewness of the data for those categories, or the fact that

Table C. -- Median and mean values for selected categories of data on college and university libraries: Aggregate United States, 1968-69

Category		Va	alues Source tables		tables
		Median	<u>Me</u> an	Median	Mean
	1	2	3	4	5
1.	Number of volumes held at end of year	44,600	128,000	Table 1	Table 7
2.	Library operating expenditures	\$75,000	\$215,000	Table 2	Table 12
3.	Library expenditure index (line 2 as per- cent of institutional expenditure for education and general purposes)	5, 3	3.7	Table 3	Table 24
4.	Hours of student and other hourly assist-		(weighted)		
-	ance	4,900	13,400	Table 4	Table 13
5.	Full-time equivalent of professional library staff	4.1	8.2	Table 5	Table 14
6.	Salary of chief librarian	\$11,200	\$13,500	Table 6	Table 18

the holdings. expenditures, and staff of the large institutions are massive indeed compared to the holdings, expenditures, and staff of the small institutions.

For the salaries of chief librarians, however, there is a comparatively small difference between the median and mean values (line 6 of table C), reflecting the fact that the salary distribution is skewed much less than the other distributions.

The apparent reversal of the median and mean values for the library expenditure index (line 3) arises because the index is a percentage, and its mean was obtained through the conventional procedure of summing the numerators (library operating expenditures) for all 2,370 institutions and dividing by the corresponding sum of the denominators (educational and general, or "E&G," expenditures).

The resulting figure, 3.7 percent, is termed a "weighted" mean because it gives appropriate weight to each institution's size in determining the mean; thus the large institutions affect the weighted mean much more than the small institutions do. If, instead, the mean for the index had been obtained by simply averaging all the separate percentages indicated in the top line of table 3, the "unweighted" mean so found would be much higher than the median? I and would probably be quite misleading from a general-purpose standpoint. In any event, no question concerning the comparability of different measures of central tendency should obscure the fact, to be noted later, that the library expenditure index tends to be relatively small in the universities and in some of the other very large institutions.

^{7/} It should be noted that for each of the categories in table C except the index, both the median and the mean values shown could be obtained from the distributions of the data (top lines in tables 1, 2, 4, 5, and 6). But for the expenditure index only the median value (not the weighted mean) was obtainable from the distribution (table 3). The weighted mean (3, 7 percent) was obtained in the manner indicated from the data in table 24.

Design of the charts

The data shown in the accompanying charts have been consolidated from data in tables 7-24. To obviate the need for a separate set of tables giving the consolidated figures, each such figure is included in the chart. It will be understood that some statistical information is lost or obscured when detailed data are reduced to make charts easier to read and use. For more detail, the reader is urged to consult the pertinent source table, the number of which is noted at the bottom of each chart.

For each type of institution other than universities, the various size groups included in the tables have been collapsed into two categories in the charts. For brevity in what follows it is convenient to refer to the two size categories—the institutions with more than 1,000 students, and those with fewer than 1,000 students—as the larger and the smaller institutions, respectively.

The charts do not include a size breakdown for the universities since none of them has fewer than 1,000 students, but the reader is reminded that two size groups are shown for universities in the tables.

To avoid overburdening the charts, the values for all publicly controlled and all privately controlled institutions are not included, but those values and "grand totals" are given in the source tables referred to in the charts.

Number of institutions

Chart 1 brings out the marked variations in the numbers of institutions in the control, type, and size categories. The group of smaller publicly controlled 4-year schools with graduate students, for example, consists of only 21 institutions; the category of smaller privately controlled 4-year schools without graduate students comprises 394 institutions.

It is also apparent from chart 1 that although the total numbers of public and private institutions are 942 and 1, 428, respectively, the private group includes a considerably higher proportion of



smaller institutions than the public group does. Such variations make it the more important to consider data in terms of the specific control, type, and size categories shown in the charts and tables.

Library holdings and borrowings

As a matter of traditional reporting, the counts of volumes (charts 2 and 3) include duplicate copies. Moreover, some universities have, in addition to their specialized professional schools, one or more campuses that are geographically separated from the "parent" campus, and the library units on the separate campuses tend to duplicate the holdings of each other and the parent campus. Thus the volume counts of universities include a higher proportion of duplicates than is true for other institutions. However, since less than one-fourth of the universities have separate campuses that are not professional schools or other specialized components, the effect on the mean volume counts of universities as a whole is probably not very great. (It should be noted that such duplication of volumes as occurs between the professional-school library units and other library units of a university is probably of the same order as the duplication of volumes between the main library and "departmental" library units in institutions other than universities). There is thus reason to believe that if the volume count of every institution could somehow exclude all duplicates, the mean numbers of (different) volumes available to students in universities and other large institutions would still be decidedly larger than those available to students in smaller institutions.

Unlike the reporting of volumes, the traditional reporting of periodicals and other serials calls for excluding duplicate titles, and the survey questionnaire specified that serials should be reported in accordance with that rule. The rule was no doubt followed for the serial count within each library unit of a university, but it is likely that, from one geographically separated unit to another, the same serial was often reported more than once. Thus, for universities as compared with other institutions, the general extent of duplication of serial titles in charts 4 and 5 is not very different from that for volumes in charts 2 and 3. Again, however, it seems clear that many more serials are available to students in larger institutions than are available to those in smaller institutions.

Although the data on microform 8/in table 8 have not been charted, inspection of the figures in that table shows that microform holdings of the smaller institutions could scarcely begin to compensate for their relatively small holdings of volumes and serials in unreduced form.

At the same time, although the data on interlibrary transactions are sparse for some groups of institutions (table 10), the figures on borrowings in chart ó suggest that small institutions are able to take appropriate advantage of interlibrary borrowings insofar as these figures vary a little less strikingly with institutional size than do the means for volumes, serials, and microform holdings.

While the mean number of borrowings in privately controlled universities is about half that of publicly controlled universities (chart 6), it is of interest that the percent distributions in chart 12 indicate that, in relation to interlibrary transactions as an overall category, the privately controlled universities include a relatively large proportion of nonreturnable loans; i. e., nonreturnable copies supplied.

Expenditures per student and per faculty

While the data in table 24 on holdings per student and per faculty member are of some theoretical interest, they are not charted because they tend to be misleading in connection with most intergroup comparisons. Even if duplicate holdings could be eliminated, the practical value of data on per student or per faculty holdings would be uncertain. The problem may be illustrated with the following hypothetical but plausible example:

^{8/} The units used for reporting microform in this survey--reels of microfilm and physical units of other microform--were developed when the comparability between those units and volumes was not believed to be critical. While the fall 1968 questionnaire included items on microform in the same terms as in the preceding surveys, the Office of Education hopes in the future to develop alternative measures of microform with clearer relationships to volumes and serials.

	Average number of tudents	Average number of (unduplicated) volumes	Volumes per student
Institutions in group A	5,000	200, 000	40
Institutions in group B	1,000	80,000	80

The number of volumes per student is only 40 for group A, yet the students in that group have access to volume collections well over twice as large as those in group B, where the number of volumes per student is much higher.

Two other measures--library expenditure per student and per faculty member—-may also involve some difficulty of interpretation, but the problem seems less severe for them than for volumes per student. The data on these two expenditure ratios are shown in charts 8 and 9.

Since the numerators (library expenditures in 1967-68) are identical for the two sets of measures, one might expect that they would show similar general patterns of variation in the charts. Yet the per student measure shows somewhat more variation with institutional size than the per faculty measure. Although the data do not indicate which one of several factors or what combination of them might be most important, three possible factors may be cited:

(a) The smaller institutions may find that in order to give even moderately adequate library service to their students, they have to spend more per student than the larger institutions (chart 8); (b) since faculty members usually have a voice in setting library budgets

^{2/} The survey questionnaire asked both for expenditures in 1967-68 and for "budgeted" or projected expenditures in 1968-69. For the 1968-69 figures respondents were asked to include not only budgeted funds but also any additional expenditures that could "plausibly be anticipated in 1968-69." For some 1,800 institutions the figures reported for 1968-69 were published (together with those for 1967-68) in the report on data for individual institutions (publication OE-15023-68). However, since data for the other 570 institutions were missing, late, or too incomplete to include in the processing operations, and since relatively little experience was available for estimating figures in that expenditure category, analysis of the 1968-69 data has not been attempted.

and students usually do not, the effect may be that faculty size tends to be more important in determining the library's budget than enrollment size; and (c) student-faculty ratios may vary in such a way as to account for the difference in pattern between charts 8 and 9. Whether these or still other factors may be decisive, they would not seem to reflect seriously on the general validity of the data concerning the per student and per faculty expenditure measures.

Ratio of professional library staff to faculty

Except for the group of 21 smaller public institutions with graduate students, the smaller institutions tend to have relatively high ratios of professional library staff per 100 institutional staff in resident instruction and research (chart 10).

The somewhat low ratios for the universities are probably associated with the fact that the universities have a somewhat smaller percent of professional personnel among total library staff than is true in other institutions (chart 15).

Library expenditure index

The library expenditure index, or library operating expenditures taken as a percent of total institutional expenditure for educational and general purposes, is lower in the universities than in most other groups of institutions (chart 11). For the most part this lower index probably reflects again the advantages of sheer institutional size in the efficient provision of library service. However, some uncertainty about this generalization arises from the fact that most organized (separately budgeted) research is conducted by the universities.

Library services are, of course, a significant part of organized research activities, but university practices are not altogether consistent or uniform in the accounting of library service in organized research. The instructions on the questionnaire for this survey asked each respondent to make sure (a) that their figures on library expenditures included expenditures for library service to organized research, and (b) that the requested "E&G" figure (institutional expenditures for educational and general purposes) included organized research expenditures. Also, the respondents in universities known to have large organized research installations were queried by the survey staff to make sure that organized research was properly included in the returns. While that procedure undoubtedly helped, it is possible that some library service in organized research was charged to the separate budgets for such research but was not

included in the library expenditures reported in the survey. Errors of this kind would seem more likely to have occurred than the error of omitting organized research from the E&G figure; if so, the expenditure indexes shown in chart 11 for the universities may be a little too low.

Breakdown of expenditures and nonbudgeted services

Except in the 2-year institutions (discussed below), the data in chart 13 suggest that there is some difference between the publicly controlled and privately controlled institutions with respect to the percent expended for salaries and wages on the one hand, and, on the other, the percent spent on books and other library materials (including binding).

The publicly controlled institutions tend to spend a somewhat larger part of their library funds on books and other library materials, while the privately controlled institutions spend a little more, relatively, on salaries and wages. This does not mean, however, that salary levels are relatively high for the private institutions—and indeed the contrary seems to be the case, as is noted later in connection with chart 16.

With regard to the expenditure breakdown for the smaller public 2-year institutions, reference is made to the earlier discussion of reporting problems in new institutions (see chapter II). Among the institutions whose data are represented in the lower left bar of chart 13, there were a number of schools which were not "new" enough to be excluded, but which had been established only a few years before the survey and were still in the process of building up their holdings. It is understandable that those institutions, in some contrast to established ones, were spending disproportionate amounts on books and other library materials in order to complete their collections.

The questionnaire included, for the first time in this survey series, a section requesting data on the "estimated cost of items which, though not charged to your library accounts, constituted library materials or services." In that section, separate response categories were provided for (a) binding, (b) automation services, and (c) "other" nonbudgeted items--the nature of which respondents were asked to specify. The findings are shown in chart 14.

The information obtained for "other" nonbudgeted items was too sketchy to warrant systematic analysis, but two features of it may be noted. One was that respondents sometimes used the term to indicate either supplementary sources of income or the costs of maintenance (overhead) in connection with the library. In editing the forms, entries of both these kinds were eliminated because the survey did not cover either income or overhead costs.

The other and more important feature was that Federal workstudy assistance was often specified as the source of the amounts entered in the "other" category. These entries were accepted because, although the cost of such assistance was paid by the Federal Government, the assistance contributed directly to the library's operation.

As background information in judging the percent distributions of actual expenditures and nontudgeted support service (charts 13 and 14), one should keep in mind the absolute magnitudes of the sums involved, which are shown in tables 11 and 12. While the grand total of actual operating expenditures (or those charged to the libraries' accounts) was \$509.8 million, the total estimated value of all nonbudgeted support services to the same libraries amounted to only \$6.5 million-representing an increment of only 1.3 percent. For the publicly controlled and privately controlled institutions the comparable increments were 1.2 and 1.4 percent, respectively.

Since the percents in chart 14 are based on relatively small absolute amounts, and since the information had not been requested in a previous survey, institution-to-institution variations and possible misunderstandings may have affected the data more often than was true of the other expenditure figures. It is nevertheless apparent from chart 14 that, except in the private universities, no very large proportion of nonbudgeted support service is attributable to either binding or automation service.

The relatively substantial percents shown for those two categories (33 and 39 percent, respectively) in the private universities are chiefly due to reports from two institutions—one reporting \$291,000 as the estimated value of nonbudgeted binding service, and the other reporting \$385,000 for nonbudgeted automation service. A few other large private universities reported amounts ranging up to \$49,000 for nonbudgeted binding and \$25,000 for nonbudgeted automation services.

In these data it is not possible to judge the precise extent to which Federal work-study funds accounted for the "other" or residual category of nonbudgeted funds. The amount of these funds will be known, however, for the following year (1968-69) because the questionnaire for the fall 1969 survey includes a separate item for reporting these amounts. Inspection of the annotations in the fall 1968 returns indicated that the greater part of the funds reported in the "other" category represented Federal work-study assistance.

Professional and nonprofessional staff

The number as well as the means of professional and nonprofessional staff members (all of whom are tabulated in terms of full-time equivalents) are detailed in table 14. The means for these staff categories display much the same variations with institutional size as are shown for holdings in charts 2-5.

Perhaps more significant are (a) the distributions of the means of professional staff by type of position, which are detailed in table $15\frac{10}{}$; and (b) the percent distributions of professional and nonprofessional staff, which are shown in chart 15.

^{10/} Some complexity in the tabulations regarding staff is more or less inevitable due to the nature of the data, and to help guide the reader in inspecting tables 14 and 15 the following notes are offered:

a. In table 15, the means for nonprofessional staff in the last column are the same as those in the lower tier of table 14, columns 6 and 9--the only exception being that table 15 does, and table 14 does not, include the overall (public and private) mean of 10.1.

b. Again excepting the overall figures, the means in each row of table 15, columns 3-7, add to the means shown in the upper tier of table 14, columns 6 and 9. In other words, the means in columns 3-7 of table 15 provide a breakdown, by position, of the means of total professional staff shown in the upper tier of table 14, columns 6 and 9. Some minor discrepancies arise from computer rounding of the data to one decimal place.

The mean number of chief librarians (column 3 of table 15) is sometimes less than 1.0 because some libraries do not have a fulltime staff member as chief librarian.

The variation of the means shown in column 4 of table 15 ("associate/assistant librarians") and the variation of the means shown in column 5 ("heads of major library units") appear difficult to generalize. It should be mentioned that respondents frequently indicated on the questionnaires that they had difficulty distinguishing between those two categories.

As previously noted, the category "professional staff other than librarians" (column 7 of table 15) included staff members who, though not professional librarians, were serving in positions normally requiring at least a bachelor's degree. Overall, this category of staff members comprised only 11 percent of all professional library staff.

As already mentioned in connection with the ratio of professional library staff to faculty, chart 15 shows that professional library staff comprised a somewhat smaller proportion of total library staff in universities than in any other group of institutions. Moreover, the reverse is true for some of the smaller institutions, inasmuch as more than half of their staffs consist of professional personnel. This seems understandable because a few of the smaller institutions must operate with only one regular staff member--sometimes only a part-time person--and he needs to be someone with professional-level training.

Staff members serving libraries on a contributed-service basis are employed only in private, chiefly religious institutions. Data concerning them are also in terms of full-time equivalents, shown in table 14, column 11. The 552 contributed-service professional staff make up 6.7 percent of total professional staff. Similarily, the 150 contributed-service nonprofessional staff comprise 1.5 percent of total nonprofessional staff. Further comparison shows that contributed-service staff are employed relatively often in the group of 4-year institutions without graduate students, which includes more religious schools than do the other types of institutions. Also, as a general rule, contributed-service staff are employed more often in smaller than in larger institutions.

Salaries by contract status and position

Table 16 gives reference information useful in interpreting the data on salaries of full-time staff in tables 17-23. Table 16 indicates

that some 2 percent of the 2,370 institutions had no full-time library staff at all, and that 20 percent of the private institutions had at least one full-time staff member with contributed-service status.

The degree to which the sum of the percents in columns 8-10 exceeds the percent in column 7 is a measure of the extent to which a given group of institutions utilize both 11-12-month and 9-10-month contracts for library staff; or, in the case of private institutions, the excess shows the extent to which library employees have contracts of both durations and also contributed-service status.

The validity of the data on salaries by category of position (tables 17-23) is variable for a number of reasons. The section of the questionnaire from which the data are derived was the largest section on the form; and, from the standpoint of collectibility of the data, it was by far the most troublesome part of the survey instrument. Particularly in private institutions, respondents frequently refused to provide some or all of the requested salary information, even though each respondent was allowed to impose the restriction that any salary figure which he specified would be used only in summary tabulations; i.e., without identification of the individual institution's figure.

In these instances, imputing of salary data (using the procedure described earlier in this report) was necessary. Insofar as salary levels of the "matching" institutions were comparable to those of nonresponding institutions (in each group by control, type, size, and region), the imputed figures would be without significant bias. There is a possibility that among the nonrespondents there were institutions that were paying somewhat higher salaries than institutions which were otherwise comparable; also, other institutions among the nonrespondents may have been paying lower salaries than comparable institutions. The effect of both kinds of possible errors would be to leave the mean salaries shown in the tables without serious bias.

Beginning salaries for library school graduates (table 17), were based upon 866 of the 2,370 institutions that employed at least one such person during the fall term of 1968. It should be noted that the salary levels of comparable staff employed later in the year are not reflected in the figures and might tend to be higher as the pressure for staff increases.

The data in tables 19 and 20 on "associate and assistant librarians" and "heads of major library units" probably have substantial validity for quite large institutions, but comments by respondents in institutions of moderate and small size indicate that, for them, differentiation between the two categories was often forced and of little meaning. Thus, for all except large institutions the data in the two tables can be considered more or less equivalent, and indeed the two sets of salaries are similar in magnitude.

The problems discussed above do not, however, significantly affect the general trend of the data in tables 18-23. In accordance with expectation, chief librarians receive the highest salaries, and the associate/assistant librarians and heads of major units receive the next highest salaries. Thereafter, in the order of their mean salaries, are the "other professional librarians," the "professional staff other than librarians," and the nonprofessional staff (tables 21, 22, and 23, respectively).

Salary expenditure index

The "salary expenditure index" represented in chart 14 does not provide the same type of information as mean salaries by category of position, but it does provide an index that is free of nonresponse bias and reflects the relative levels of salaries paid by the various groups of institutions.

The numerator of the index is the expenditure for salaries, and the denominator is the full-time equivalent of total regular library staff. For example, if a library expended \$50,000 for salaries, and its staff consisted of nine full-time and two half-time employees, the index would be \$50,000 divided by 10.0 or \$5,000.

This index is not a true statistical mean for two reasons. One is that the staff figure used in the denominator represents the personnel on duty as of fall 1968, rather than the average number of staff employed throughout the year. The other reason is that the salary expenditure used as the numerator is for 1967-68, or the year preceding the fall 1968 term, for which staff was reported. Although in most cases these two factors would have opposite and partially canceling effects, the index for individual institutions would often be incorrect as a measure of salary level. But for any fairly sizable and homogeneous group of institutions, the measure is sound if it is regarded solely as an index for comparing relative salary levels among the various groups.

In examining the salary expenditure indexes in chart 16, it is important to consider also the percents of professional and nonprofessional staff in the various institutional groups (chart 15). It may be inferred, for example, that if separate indexes were available for professional and nonprofessional staff, the contrast between the indexes for universities and the smaller 2-year institutions would be be greater than in chart 16, because the percents of professional staff are relatively low and high, respectively, in the universities and smaller 2-year schools (chart 15).

It may be concluded from chart 16 that except for the relatively low salaries in the smaller 2-year institutions, salaries tend to be similar within the various publicly controlled and within the various privately controlled groups of institutions—yet the salary levels of publicly controlled institutions as a whole tend to be perceptibly above those of privately controlled institutions as a whole.

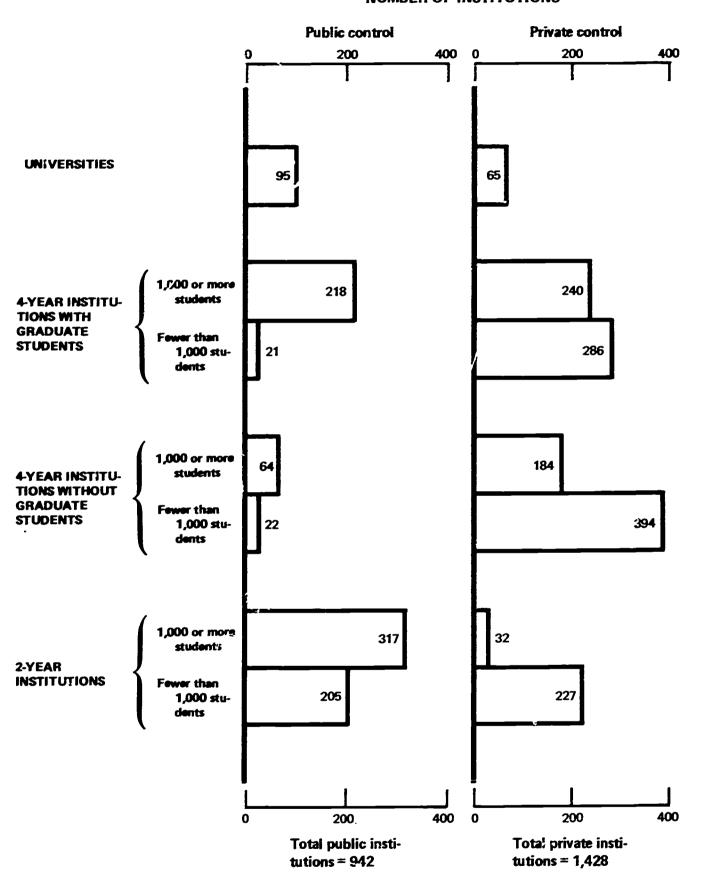
ERIC Full fact Provided by ERIC

CHARTS



Chart 1.—Number of public and private colleges and universities, by institutional control, type, and size: Aggregate United States, 1967-68.

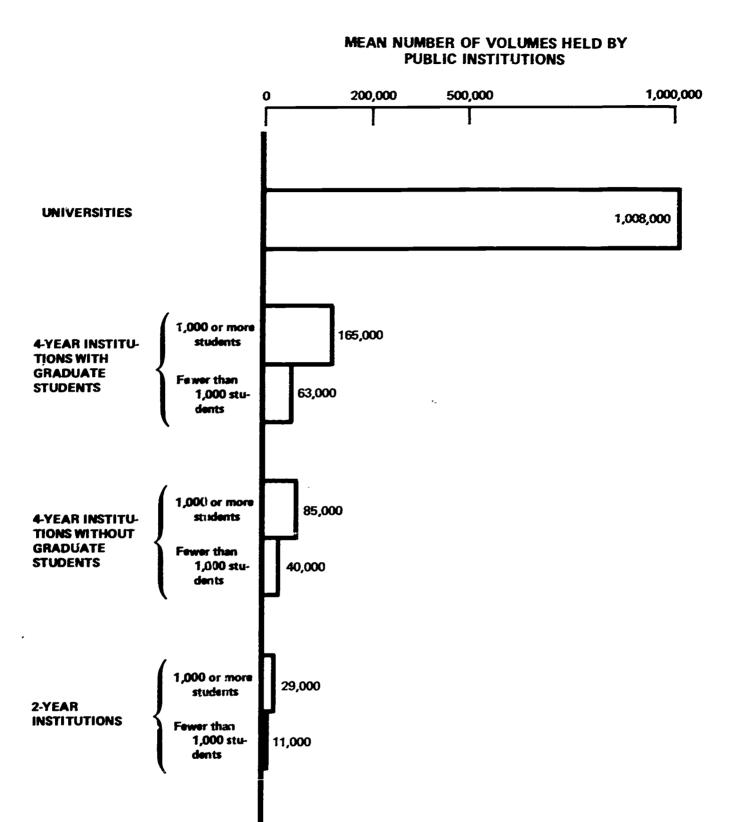
NUMBER OF INSTITUTIONS



Note.—Detailed data in Table 1, Column 2.

ERIC Full flast Provided by ERIC

Chart 2.—Mean number of volumes held by public college and university libraries, by institutional type and size: Aggregate United States, 1967-68.



Note.-Detailed data in Table 7, lower tier, Column 6.

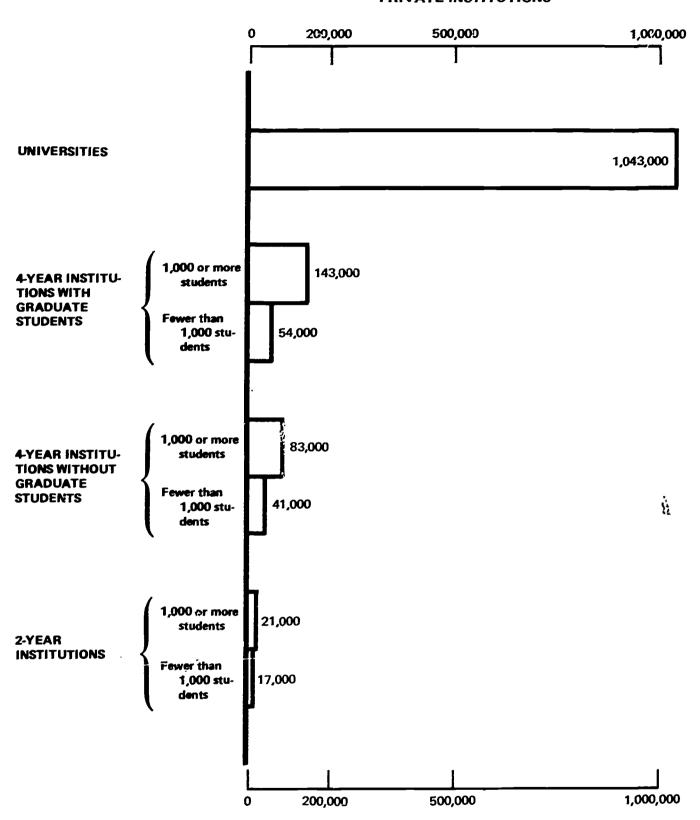
200,000

500,000

1,000,000

Chart 3.—Mean number of volumes held by private college and university libraries, by institutional type and size: Aggregate United States, 1967-68.

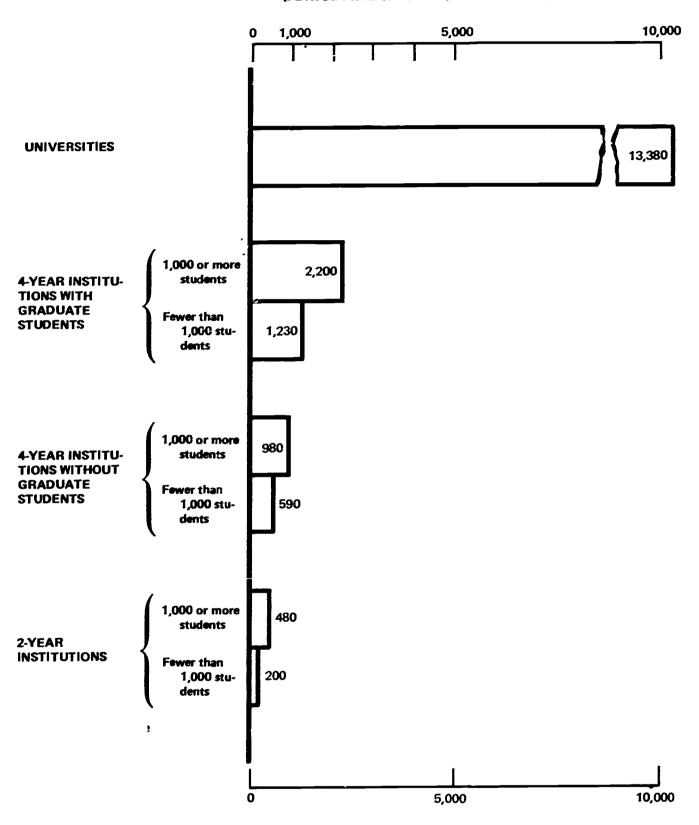
MEAN NUMBER OF VOLUMES HELD BY PRIVATE INSTITUTIONS



Note.-Detailed data in Table 7, lower tier, Column 9.

Chart 4.—Mean number of sérial titles in <u>public</u> college and university libraries, by institutional type and size: Aggregate United States, 1967-68.

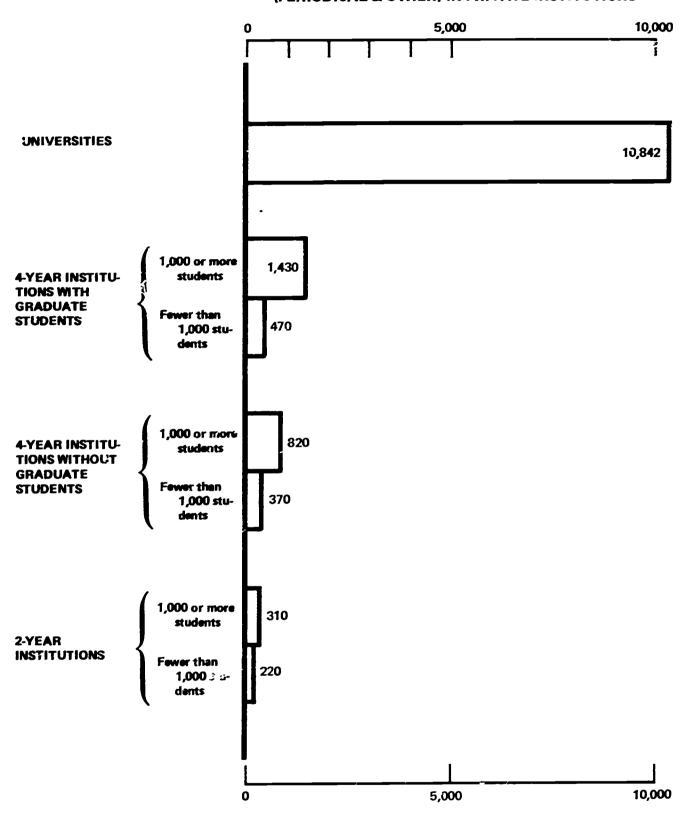
MEAN NUMBER OF SERIAL TITLES (PERIODICAL & OTHER) IN PUBLIC INSTITUTIONS



Note.-Detailed data in Table 9, Column 6.

Chart 5.—Mean number of serial titles in private college and university libraries, by institutional type and size: Aggregate United States, 1967-68.

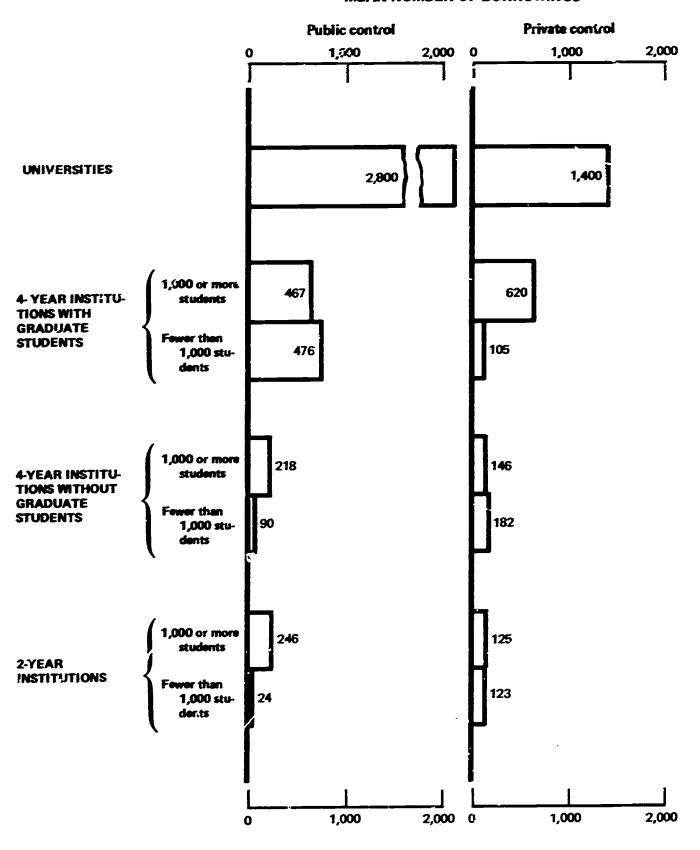
MEAN NUMBER OF SERIAL TITLES (PERIODICAL & OTHER) IN PRIVATE INSTITUTIONS



Note.—Detailed data in Table 9, Column 9.

Chart 6.—Mean number of borrowings by cellege and university libraries, by institutional control, type, and size: Aggregate United States, 1967-68.

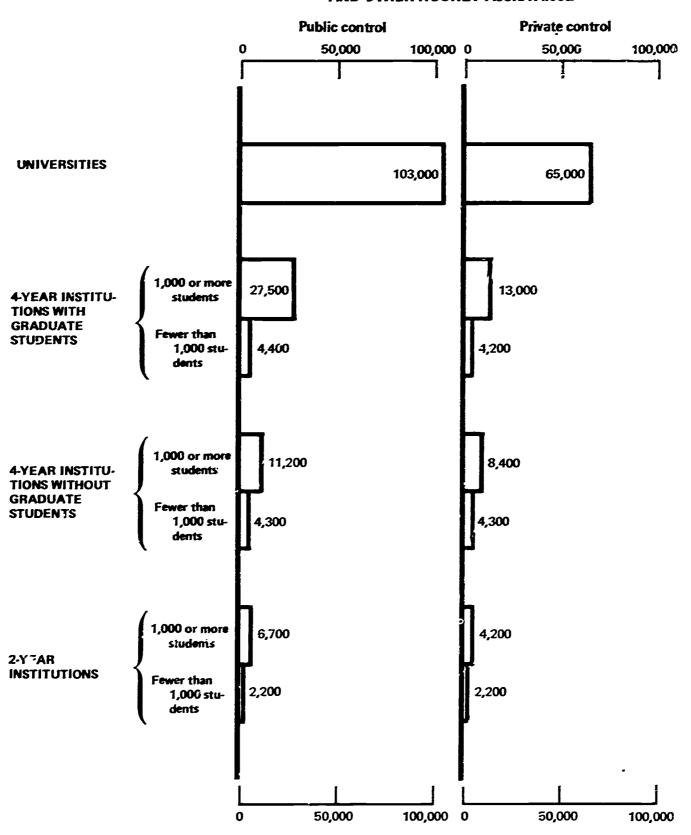
MEAN NUMBER OF BORROWINGS



Note.—Detailed data in Table 10, Columns 7 and 11.

Chart 7.—Mean number of hours of student and other hourly assistance in college and university libraries, by institutional control, type, and size: Aggregate United States, 1967-68.

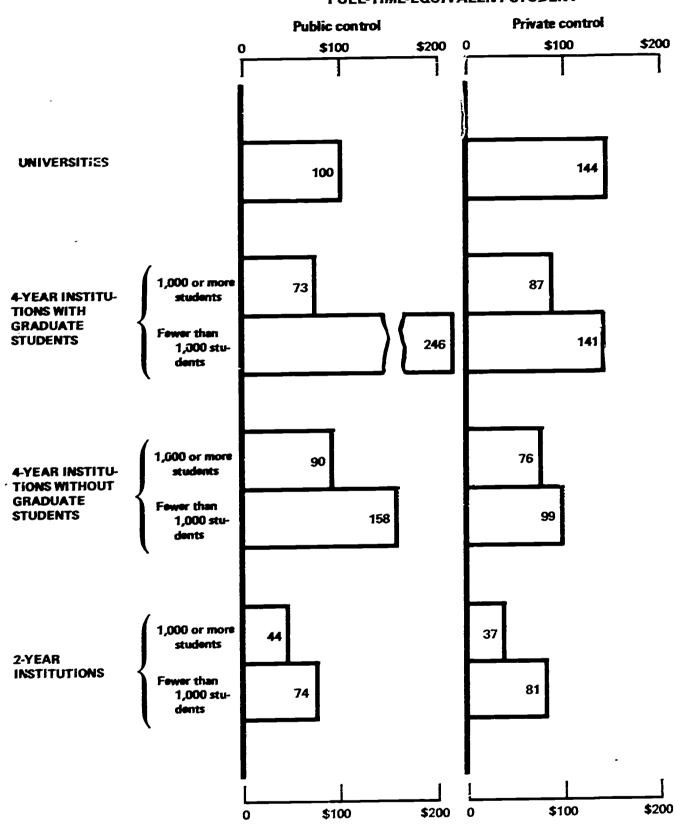
MEAN NUMBER OF HOURS OF STUDENT AND OTHER HOURLY ASSISTANCE



Note.—Detailed data in Table 13, Columns 6 and 9.

Chart 8.—College and university library operating expenditure per full-time-equivalent (FTE) student, by institutional control, type, and size: Aggregate United States, 1967–68.

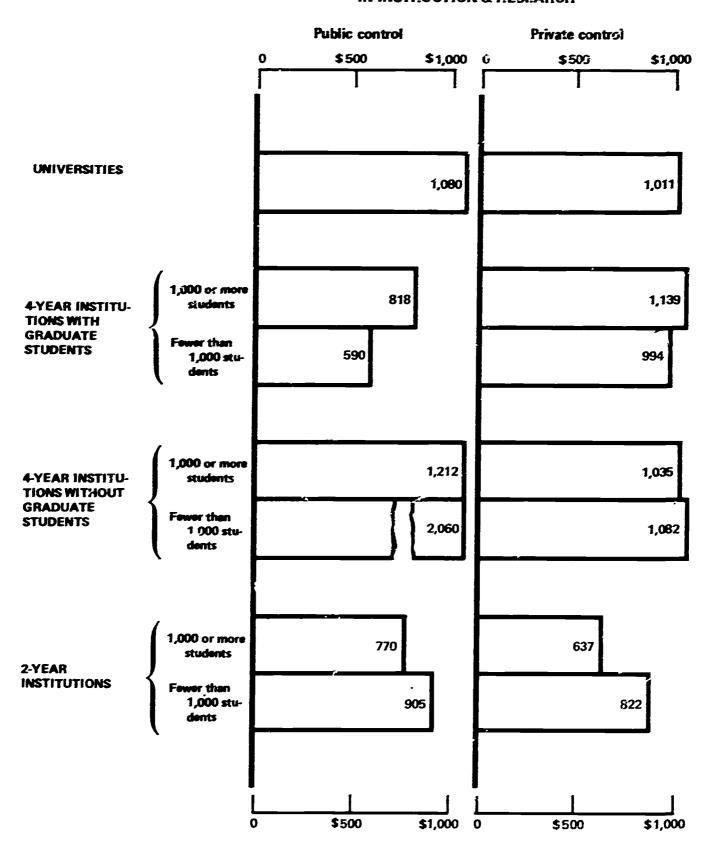
LIBRARY OPERATING EXPENDITURE PER FULL-TIME-EQUIVALENT STUDENT



Note.-Detailed data in Table 24, Column 6.

Chart 9.—College and university library operating expenditure per full-time-equivalent staff member in instruction and research, by institutional control, type and size: Aggregate United States, 1967–68.

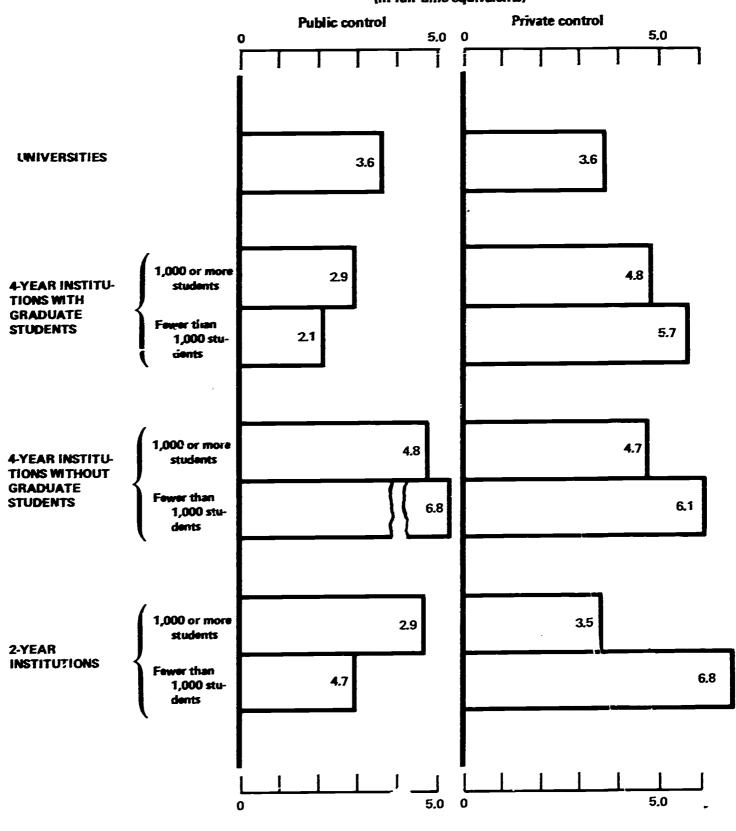
LIBRARY OPERATING EXPENDITURE PER FULL-TIME-EQUIVALENT STAFF MEMBER IN INSTRUCTION & RESEARCH



Note.—Detailed data in Table 24, Column 7.

Chart 10.—College and university professional library staff per 100 staff in instruction and research, by institutional control, type, and size: Aggregate United States, Fall 1968.

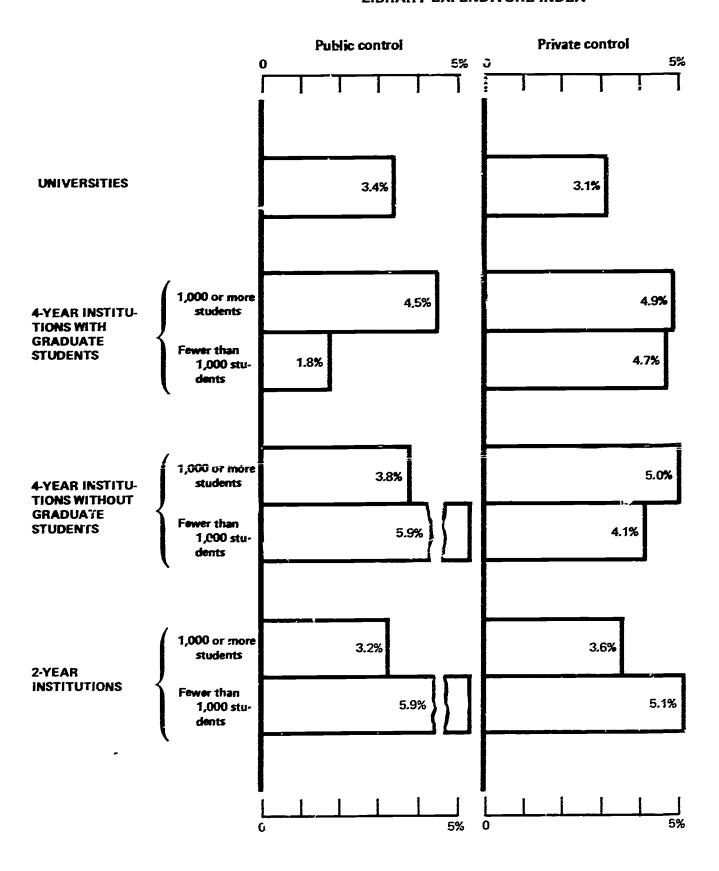
PROFESSIONAL LIBRARY STAFF MEMBERS PER 100 STAFF IN INSTRUCTION AND RESEARCH (in full-time equivalents)



Note,—Detailed data in Table 24, Column 8.

Chart 11.—College and university library expenditure index (library operating expenditures as percent of total expenditures for educational and general purposes) by institutional control, type, and size: Aggregate United States, 1967–68.

LIBRARY EXPENDITURE INDEX



Note.—Detailed data in Table 24, Column 9.

Chart 12.—Percent distribution of college and university interlibrary transactions, by institutional control, type, and size: Aggregate United States, 1967–68.

RETURNABLE LOANS 33 NONRETURN. ABLE LOANS Private control 4 BORROWINGS PERCENT OF TRANSACTIONS 23 RETURNABLE LOANS 32 NONRETURN. ABLE LOANS Public control 30 BORROWINGS 8 UNIVERSITIES

22 41	10 21	11 24
50 37	69	99
(Sparse data)	18 18	(Sparse data)
4-YEAR INSTITU. 1,000 or more students GRADUATE Fewer than 1,000 students	4-YEAR INSTITU. TIONS WITHOUT	STUDENTS 1,000 stu-

(Sparse data)

33

4

2

1,000 or more students

2-YEAR INSTITUTIONS

Less than 1,000 students

(Sparse data)

(Sparse data)

Note.-Detailed data in Table 10.

. .

Chart 13.—Percent distribution of college and university library operating expenditures, by institutional control, type, and size: Aggregate United States, 1967-68.

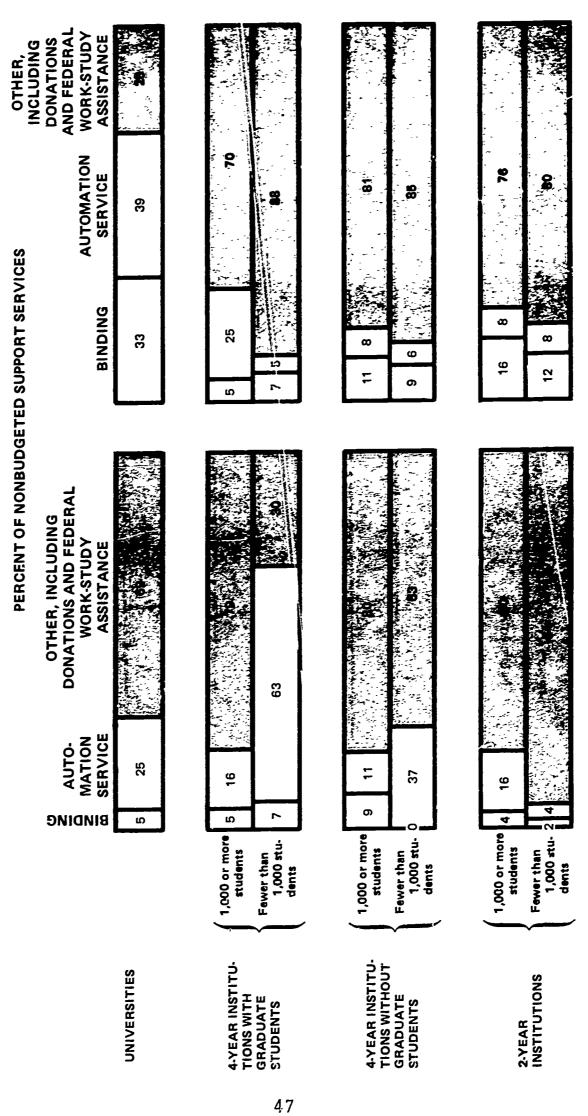
R3HTO 9 LIBRARY MA-TERIALS, AND BINDING **BOOKS, OTHER** 8 Private control **MYCES** SALARIES (including contributed service) **4** PERCENT OF EXPENDITURES ОТНЕВ BOOKS, OTHER LIBRARY MA-TERIALS, AND BINDING 42 Public control **MAGES** $\boldsymbol{\omega}$ SALARIES **4** UNIVERSITIES

	4	8		8	5
	88	36		40	42
	8			6	6
	46	09		45	77
•					
	ဖ	4		ល	4
	42	46		43	49
	ω	2		9	
	45	46	•	46	42 6
	1,000 or more students	Fewer than 1,000 stu- dents		1,000 or more students	Fewer than 1,000 stu- dents
	4-YEAR INSTITU-	GRADUATE		4-YEAR INSTITU-	STUDENTS

ĺ	10	10
		\square
	42	37
	6	6
1		
	77	49
•		
	ស	1
	38	53
I	8	
Ì		
ı		9
	49	37
	1,000 or more students	Fewer than 1,000 students
	SYSAR	STITUTIONS

Note, -- Detailed data in Table 11, Columns 6-10.

Chart 14.—Percent distribution of college and university nonbudgeted library support services, by institutional control, type, and size: Aggregate United States, 1967-68.

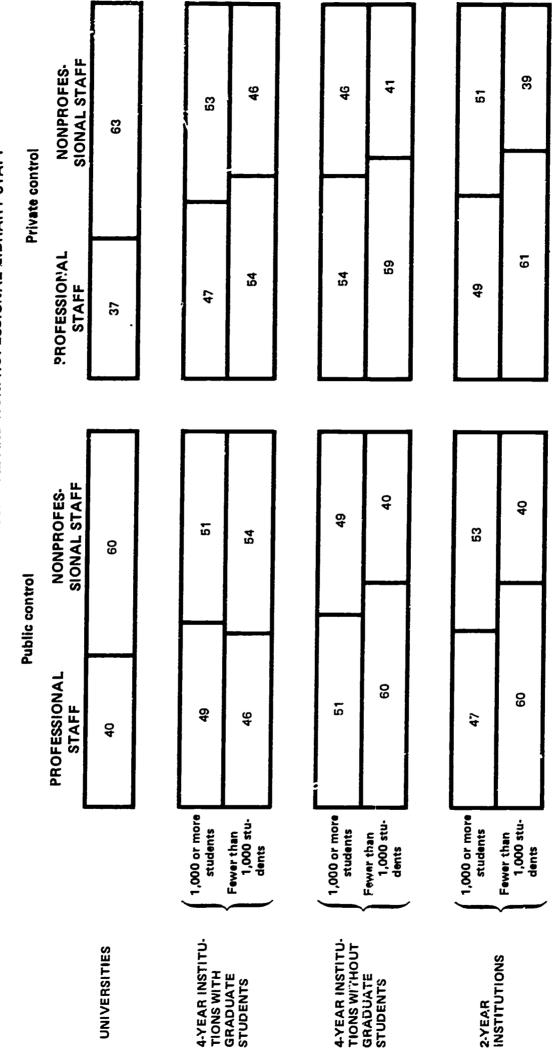


Note, - Detailed data in Table 12, Columns 6-8.

. .

institutional control, type, and size: Aggregate United States, Fall 1968.

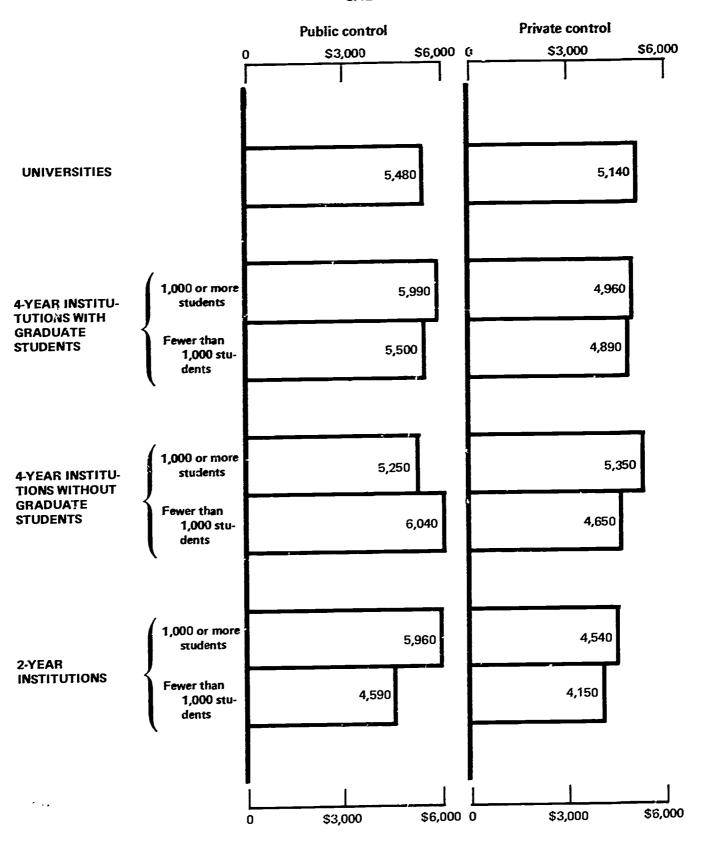
PERCENT OF PROFESSIONAL AND NONPROFESSIONAL LIBRARY STAFF



Note.—Detailed data in Table 14, Columns 5 and 8.

Chart 16. Salary expenditure index (salary expenditure per full-time-equivalent library staff member) by control, type, and size of college or university: Aggregate United States, 1967-68.

SALARY EXPENDITURE INDEX



Note.—Basic data in Tables 11 and 14.

TABLES



TABLE 1.-DISTRIBUTION OF COLLEGES AND UNIVERSITIES, BY HUMBER OF VOLUMES MELD AT END OF YEAR AND BY INSTITUTIONAL CONTROL, TYPE, AND SIZE: ACCREGATE UNITED STATES, 1967-08

			FTANI	z of ix	101IWI103	KS, BT V01	.CHES NEL:	D AT: ESD C) YEAR		
COSTROL, TIPP, 195 EMPOLLMENT SIZE OF INSTITUTION	TOTAL LUZZER JF LESTI- TOTIOSS	CESS THIS S,000 THIS	5,,000 TO 9,779	13,000 TO 19,593	20,000 TO 43,733	59,000 70 79,599	190,000 70 127,999	206,000 30 499,992	10	1,000,000 OR MORE	BEDIAE SUFBEE OF TOLDEES
1	2	3	r:	5		7	8	,	10	11	12
PERLIC AND PRITATE, TOTAL	2,370	114	192	377	674	527	268	155	59	54	44,570
PUBLIC		4.0									
ALL TYPES COOR EX SORE	942 125	5 9	75 -	180	223 \$	137 19	115 5	83 28	36 31	34 34	51,121 540,323
פפר, ע סד פסק, כ	149		-	2	31	ii	54	46	5	-	156,481
1,000 10 4,759	420	3	18	9 2	150	88	56		_	-	36,490
500 to 999 Leis than 500	153 95	13 23	30 .37	70 16	23 11	16 3	=	1 -	Ξ	=	14,766 6,759
UNIVERSITIES	75	_	_	_	_	_	*	26	31	34	782,258
10,000 or Bors	73	-	-	-	-	-	1	10	25	34	955,357
5,000 TO 9,999	i 20	-	-	-	-	-	2	15	7	-	360,000
FOUR-YEAR IEST'S WITH GRADUATE STUDENTS	239	_	1	3	17	65	55	52	5	_	134,596
10,000 OR 50RZ	237	_	<u>.</u>	_	- 17	_	7)	16	3	=	265,750
5,969 20 9,999	36	_	-	_	-	5	48	31	2	-	179,151
1,000 10 4,177	112	-	-	1	10	50	47	4	_	-	>5,000
POS WART SEEL	13 8	=	1	4	3	1	Ξ	1 -	Ξ	Ξ	*
TOURTY STEEL RASY-S WITHOUT											
GNADUATE STUDZATS	26	-	3	3	26	38	12	*	-	_	64,474
1,933 <i>TO 4,</i> 997 500 TO 959	5à 1>	_	1	2 1	15 2	30 6	3	3	_	-	78,600
LESS TEAM 500	,	=	2	<u>:</u>	ŝ	ï	_	_	=	_	¥
THO-TPAR RESERVATIONS	522	59	71	574	189	34	3	1	_	-	17,529
10,300 FR BOZE] 30	_	-	_	*	12	2	1.	_	_	68,423
5,,1306 (13 73,1494 1,,1130 (13 4,797)	39 246	-	13	2 47	31 :*5	5 8	1	_	=	-	36,925 22,160
505 TO 9.9	124	13	29	59	12	ĭ	_	_	_	_	12,899
1235 YEAR SOC	¥,	36	24	14	*	1	-	-	-	-	5,521
STATE											
ALL TYPES	1,424	35	⇒ 7	797	451	392	153	72	23	20	46,275
10,000 CK HGRZ	28 50	_	_	_	-	1	10	10 16	4 12	13 6	975,008 368,750
5,000 TO 5,19±	443		11	19	65	192	109	40	7	•	83,203
500 TO 999	387	10	13	29	176	126	25	6	_	_	44,119
LEGS THAN SOJ	520	37	43	158	210	63	5	-	-	-	23,143
UNIVERSITIES 10.000 OR EORE	65 24	_	_	-	_	_	5	23	17	19 13 1	602,341
5,000 to 9,999	31	-	-	_	-	_	3	12	11	Š	52: 727
FGUX-YEAR INST'S WATE					4.55				_		60.77 7
GFADUATE STUDERTS 10,000 ON HORE	525 ¥	15	11	26	137	121	94	41 3	<u> </u>	1 -	69,372 *
5,000 70 9,399	13	_	_	_	_		6	ž.	1	1	#
1,000 TO 2,959	213	-	2	3	54	95	71	29	*	•	97,368
500 10 999	197	15	1 2	3	39	*0	13	5	-	-	59,375
LEIS THAN 150	125	15	*	20	84	49	•	_	-	-	37,679
TUUSTIX S'ESAI AFTI-2001 STASUUTE STUUSS	578	ذ1	25	58	230	195	*3		1		45,174
1,000 TO 4,939	193	· 2	*	3	35	99	35	7	i	_	7%,740
500 TO 999 LESS THAN 500	228 150	2	7 14	9 4 6	119 2 5	37 12	12	1	=	_	46,182 24,941
TWO-1EAR INSTITUTIONS	259	27	31	113	51	 *	_	_	_	_	16,327
10,000 OR ACRE	254	-	<u> </u>	1.5	-	-	_	_	_	_	, 347
5,000 20 4,379	-	-	_	_	_	_	-	-	_	-	
1,000 70 7,507	32	6	5	4	16	1	-	-	-	-	21,375
500 TG 959 LESS WAHT SCO	55 165	13	5 21	17 92	27 31	1 2	_	-	_	_	19,412 15,489
DOOD INDA DOO	,	• •				at.					-26.440

TABLE 2.—DISTRIBUTION OF CULLEGES AND UNIVERSITY, BY TOTAL LITERRY OPERATING EXPENDITURES AND BY LASTITUTIONAL CONTROL, TYPE, AND SIZE: AGGREGATE UNITED STATES, 1967-58

		EUZAZE OF TESTITUTIONS, BY TOTAL LIBRARY OPERATING EXFERENTERES									
COSTFUL, TIPE, 259 ESPOILESH LILE OF EXSTATOVICE	fjtal Versta of 15571– Tutioss	LESS THAN ES, 474	70	30	70	70	\$100,000 TO \$179,999	70	10	51,000,000 OR BCSE	HEDIAH GPERATIK EIPER- DITUSES
2	£	2	3	5	5	7		ş	10	71	12
PENLIC ASS "MITAIL. FIFAL	2,374	33	٤3	202	579	616	*23	259	99	98	75,162
Sarie											
ALL STEES OF SOLE	782 125	7	16	*>	779	203	183	172	68	70	114,362
ביניני כד ססקב	127	_	_	_	_	10	13 25	1 9 77	27 34	66 3	1,000,5004 353,895
1,452 16 4,291	42%	-	7	5	£3	183	134	69	7	1	190,746
590 TO 999 CESS TAXS 5.9	لرد1 دو	7	3	14 26	왕2 37	39 11	13 3	* 3	-	_	42,50 0 25,270
081712517125	45	_	_		_	_		15		•	
3532 40 665,61	73	-	_	_		_	-	15	24 15	56 55	1,000,000 (
5,000 20 7,374	20	-	-	*	-	-	-	10	ş	ĩ	350,000
ETTE S'TORE RAST-1004											
SIN CETE STAUDAID	23% 24	-	-	-	2	23	54	167	36	14	312,500
ייים עם כפטים ב	23 86	_	=	_	_	_	5	 57	9 25	11 2	1,000,0904 411,117
1,600 20 -,399	512	_	_	_	_	17	4 1	43	42	1	195,122
SUO TO SS,	7,5	-	_	-	-	*	6	3	_	_	*
LESS TEAM 540	ಶ	-	-	-	2	2	2	2	-	-	.#
FIUN-YEAR IEDY'S AITHOUT SZADUATE STUDENTS	36	_	_		-	•-					
1,000 TO 4,579	5±	=	-	3	7	16 3	39 33	17 10	3	_	143,590
500 20 777	15	_	_	1	3	ž	3	1		-	151,515
LESS THIS 523	4	-	_	2	-	2	1	1	_	-	*
THO-TELX INSTITUTIONS	522	7	10	*2	179	164	95	32	2	_	59,756
10,000 OE ZOXE	30	_	_	-	-	-	13	15	.2	_	240,000
5,000 TC 9,599 1,000 TC 4,799	34 246	Ξ	7	5	55	10	20	2	_	_	107,500
Sec 10 971	125	_	i	13	79	11N 29	6 9 2	*	<u>-</u>	Ξ	76,,271 38,228
LISS THE 5VI	81	7	B	24	žŝ	7	2	_	_	_	21,286
PRIVATE											
ALL TIPES	1,423	26	51	157	*09	*13	235	87	-31	26	59,685
10,000 OK 2032	23	-	-	_	•	-	-	2	70		,900,000+
5,000 TO 5,24, (45,4 OT 050,1	50 E44	2	2	7	26	-	4	23	13	10	473,913
200 TO 333	387	3	3	13	123	159 1 9 7	179 46	56 5	£	2	113,12 & 63,032
LESS THAN 503	528	21	45	137	252	57	6	ĩ	_	-	26,567
OFIVEKSITIES .	45	_	_	_	_	_	2	15	22	26	8 52 ,2 /3
10,000 OR 2025 5,000 TO 300,01	2# 31	-	=	_	=	_	••	12	8 10	16	,000,000+
1	-							• •	10	,	675,900
FOUR-YEAR INST'S WITH GRADUATE STUDENTS	525	5	12	35	129	149	123	42	•	•	77 547
10,000 ND 2022	*		-2	"	-	-	123	62 2	9 2	2 -	77,517
5,000 TO 9,199	18	-	-	-	-	-	*	10	ŝ	1	*
1,000 TO 4,999 500 TO 799	216	-	-	2	5	62	99	**	*	1	137,394
LESS THAN 300	101 155	5	12	2 31	26 97	51 36	17 3	5 1	_	_	7.`,0!,9 33,753
FOUR-YEAR INSTES WITHOUT			-				-	-			
GRADUATE STUDESTS	57š	9	20	43	161	£29	106	10	_	_	62,227
1,000 20 4,339	183	1	1	2	15	81	74	Š	_	_	94,753
LESS THAN 500	228	1	1	5	63	129	29	_	••	_	57,054
	150	7	15	36	83	19	3	-	-	-	27,>52
THOUTERF TENT TO SEE TAST-OFF	259	12	19	79	110	35	*	-	_	-	25,318
5,300 OX 3022	_	_	=	Ξ	_	_	=	_	_	_	_
1,000 20 4,959	32	1	1	3	7	16	*	_	-	Ξ	62,500
		2	2	6	31	17	_	_	_	_	
SGO TO 999 LESS THAN SO.	55 759	ÿ	16	70	72	2			_	_	38,387 18,500

TABLE 3.—DISTRIBUTION OF COLLEGES AND WIVERSITIES, DY TOTAL LIBRARY OPERATING EXPENDITURES AS PERCENT OF TOTAL EMPCATIONAL AND GENERAL EXPENDITURES AND BY INSTITUTIONAL CONTROL, TYPE, AND SIZE: ACCREGATE VETTED STATES, 1967-66

		»Vie	es of ins	TITUTIONS,	EDUCATION	SPART UPE	BATING EXP AL EXPENDE	enditabes Pabes		
CONTECL, TIPL, ALI ESPOLIZENT SILL OF INSPITUTOR	TOTIL STEAM OF ISO I— TOTIUSS	1255 7207 2.0 9180297	2.0 70 2.7 214-1347	j.C TC 3.5 PERCENT	#_G TC #_9 PERCENT	5.0 5.7 22KCENT	6.G 10 7.9 PESCEST	S.O S.S PERCEET	19.0 PERCEST OR BORE	PERCES
1	2	3	72	5	5	7		9	10	11
PUBLIC AND FRITARE, FORAL	عربي. 1,370	127	177	313	*10	395	466	213	269	2,1
tastic			<u> </u>							5.2
ALL TYPES	942	5:	23	143 35	170 24	148 11	16 8 16	82 2	18 2	3.8
10,6Ca of 2011 5,600 to 7,444	125 149	12 *	15	25	39	34	30	ž	*	5.0
1,000 10 4,717	426	14	34	53	90	64	78	46	37	5.2
SOC TO 999	153	14	8	20	17	26	25	12 15	29 26	5.6 7.4
LTCS THAN 50)	95	7	•	8	*	7	19			
uriyeysiti#5	45	4	24	27 24	15 13	10 5	11 7	2	2 2	3.7 3.7
10,030 CF BOXZ 5,000 10 7,947	73 20	2 2	1¥ 6	23	2	2	*	i	=	3.7
		_								
ETTE C'ICAT ELLY-MON	257	13	5	17	**	55	64	24	13	5.7
10,000 OR roze	29	. 2	_	_	6	8	7	1	_	5.5
5,000 TO 9,279	86	_	2	7	20	24 25	23 32	6 15	7	3.6 5.9
1,050 20 4,949	11_	-	1 -	19	22	25 2	32 1	15	2	3.7 #
500 to 944 Less that 50(13 3	3	2	_	=	-	i	2	Ξ	,*
FOUR-YEAR INST'S WINEGST										
GRAEVATE STUDENTS	46	5	5	5	12	13	19	13	13	6.2
1,000 TO 2,999	5 š	•	3	2	10	5 5	16 1	11 1	7	6.6
500 1G 999 LESS THAN 500	16	2	3	2	_	1	i	i	ž	•
			-	92	95	70	74	43	70	5.6
Tho-Year institutions	52 <i>∠</i> 30	is e	50 5	72 11	77	1	- 1			3.2
10,000 GR 20k2 5,000 TO 9,199	59	2	ĩ	14	7	6	3	_		3.8
1,000 10 4,949	248	19	30	41	58	36	30	20	23 23	4.7 5.8
500 10 939	124	4	7	15 8	17 9	21 6	23 17	11 12	24	7.5
Less 1kan 500	#1	•	1	•	,	•	••			
PRIVACE										
ALL TYPES	1,428	75	93	172	240	247	298	131	171	5.5 \$.6
10,060 OF EORS	23	3	7 ₹	7 10	3 11	3 6	5 \$	1	1	4.2
5,060 10 9,999 1,680 TO 4,999	50 443	19	24	63	112	97	36	32	7	5-0
500 70 997	327	16	24	46	58	86	39	26	22	5.5
LESS THAN 500	520	34	29	*6	45	55	98	72	141	7.0
ONIVERSIZIES	ŵ5	6	13	14	16	6	10	_	-	3.9
10,000 OK KORE 5,000 UT 9,993	24 31	3	<i>6.</i> 7	6 7	3 7	2 3	*	=	=	3.5 3.9
•	· ·									
POUR-YEAR INSI'S WITH GRAEUATE STUDENTS	52 i	39	27	64	85	91	109	55	65	5.6
16,000 OK EDZE	1 74	-	1	1	==	1	1	_	_	
5,000 TO 9,999	18	3	2	3	.3	3		.1	1 3	5-2
1,006 10 4,999	218	7	10 7	36 12	47 16	54 23	45 29	16 6	5	5.6
560 TO 999 LESS THAN 500	101 1#5	.3 19	ź	12	19	10	36	32	56	7-7
										_
POUR-YEAR INST'S WITHOUT GRADUATE STUDENTS	578	17	23	67	111	123	123	54	60	5.6
1,000 TO 4,994	163	é	9	20	56	.36	35	13	4	5.0
50G TO 999	223	7	3	28	39	58 27	56 32	16 25	16 40	· 5.6
LESS THAN 500	156	*		19	13	27			_	
TWO-YEAR ISSTITUTIONS	259	23	30	27	28	71	56	22	46	5.8
10,000 CR AOLE		_	_	_	Ξ	Ξ	=	_	_	_
5,000 10 4,999 1,000 1 0 4, 999	32	- •	5	<u>-</u>	2		ı	3	-	3.8
500 20 799	58	6	•	6	13	5	14	4	1 45	4.6 6.7
	169	11	16	15	13	16	36	15	m ec	~ 7

54

...> ..

TABLE 4. -- DISTRIBUTION OF COLLEGES AND UNIVERSITIES, BY MOURS OF STUDEFT AND OTHER MOURLY ASSISTANCE AND BY INSTITUTIONAL CONTROL, TYPE, AND SIZE: AGGREGATE UNITED STATES, 1967-66

		<u> </u>	NUMBER	or INSTITUTE	1025, 87 27	FRS OF ASSI	STANCE	 	i
ROTTUTE CT TATE TO THE CT	TOTAL DUESEN OF LESTI TOTIONS	LES THEN 1,040 LOUES	1,200 TO 1,399	2,000 TO 4,439	5,000 70 9,99y	10,000 70 19,959	20,000 70 49,299	50,000 OR BORE	BOURS OF ASSISTANCE
1	2	3	*	5	6	7		,	10
Public and Private, Forel	2,570	322	269	613	507	329	197	127	4,563
ALL TYPES	622								
10,100 CR ZOKS	9*2 125	109	37 -	210	:73 11	13 8 11	123 22	95 75	5 0,000
5,CDC TO 9,957	149	1	5	7	2*	34	5 2	16	21,694
1,650 TO 4,399	*20	žė	35	113	118	\$ 5	39		6,525
500 to 999 Less than 509	153 95	32 49	28 19	64 ?2	23 3	€ 2	_	-	2,773 500
UNITERSTIES					_				
10,006 or 20#2	95 73	<u>-</u>	_	<u>.</u>	 	5	24	é3 '	50,000
5,000 TO 7,754	20	_	_	Ξ	2	1 4	13 9	5 8 5	50, 00 0 33,323
FORE-YEAR 1852'S RITH							_	_	
SHADDAR STUDENTS	1.29	a	8	18	35	62	\$2	30	18,790
10,000 CK ECEZ	20	_	_	_	_	1	3	16	50,000
5,000 20 9,797	ದ	-	1	2	5	17	50	11	30,000
1,000 TO 3,977 5C0 20 939	112	1	3 1	10	25	41	29	3	14,146
TER TAN 200	3 3	1 2	3	* 2	4	3 -	_	-	7
FOUL-YEAR INST'S SITEOUT				_					•
GRADUATE STUDENTS	бы	3	4	22	15	30	Ě		7
1,000 TO 4,935	ŠJ	š	š	11	12	25	2	_	7,667 9,167
SCO TO 779	16	3	1	7	- 3	-1	Ξ	_	7,107
1F25 YALA 500	•	-	-	*	_	2	-	_	-4
CROITUFICKE BAST-OUT	522	∌ 7	7*	170	127	41	11	2	3,598
10,000 01 2012	30	1	-	*	11	9	4	<u> </u>	9,545
5,200 to 9,7)7 1,000 to 4,100	39	_1	4	5	17	11	1	-	7,794
500 10 739	*43 124	20 28	2 9 25	92 53	§1 16	1 9 2	6	1 -	4,446
1255 T325 530	31	47	16	16	2	-	=	_	2,509 5 0 9
ALL ITPES PSIJATE	1 421								
2000 CH BORS	1,423 26	213	132	498	358	191	74	32	4,36
5,046 20 9,509	30	1	1	1	3	1 12	17 27	16 11	50, 000 3 0,000
1,000 20 4,979	44,3	19	17	71	35 6	139	35		8,623
200 TO 333	337	33	37	153	128	30		_	4,422
LESS TRAN 500	523	160	127	183	39	9	1	1	1,787
UNIVEESITIES	ńξ	-	;	-	1	7	28	26	45,179
10,550 OF LONZ 5,600 OF 1,939	24 31	Ξ	1	<i></i>	_	-		16 10	50,000
	7.		•	_	•	•	16	10	39,688
FGUR-YERK IRST'S WITH GRADUATE STUDENTS	e s	7.							
10,000 03 2082	52 .	7 2	5¥ _	124	129	104	35	•	5,349
רני, כ סד שטפ, כ	18	1	_	- 1	_ 2	1 8	3 5	1	1
1,050 10 4,939	∠15	3	7	22	82	77	25	2	9,695
500 TO 935	701	7	10	25	33	14	25 2	=	4,871
LESS THAN 505	135	51	37	70	12	•	-	1	1,851
FOUR-YEAR 1951'S ALTHOUT									
GRADUATE STUDENTS	575	42	52	1 9 6	171	77	10	-	4,526
1,000 TO 4,9)9 500 TO 799	1 <i>4 3</i> 2 <i>2</i> 8	10	16	41	65	57	6	-	7,808
LESS THAN 500	105	14 38	15 43	93 62	28 17	15 5	3 1	-	4,742 2,097
IDO-YEAR INSTITUTE 195	∠5 9	79							
10,000 OR 2032	∠ 59	79	55 -	84 	27 -	3 	1	-	1,777
5,000 20 2032	_	<u>-</u>	-	_	=	Ξ	-	=	=
1,606 26 4,993	3.2	v	6	8	10	2	_	_	3,500
Ela in Ant 1	รย	12	12	25	7	ĩ	1		2,600
560 16 999 Less Than 300	163	51	47	51	10	•	•		1,500

T/ALE S.—DISYRIBUTION OF COLLEGES AND WHYMSITIES, MY NUMBER OF PROFESSIONAL STAFF OF LINEARY IN FULL-TIME EQUIVALENTS (FIE) AND BY INSTITUTIONAL CONTROL, TIPS, AND SIZE: ACCOMMENTS (SITED STATES, PALL 1968

			SUBLER (ESSICKAL E) IK PTI	LITBABY S	EAPP	REDIAN
Confel, 1727, 15) Executable Side of Executorion	Total Busine of Isolit- Otticus	LZSS THAK C.5	6.5 TC G.9	1.0 20 1.9	2.0 20 4.9	5.0 70 9.7	10.0 TO 19.9	26.0 10 39.5	\$0.0 70 95-9	100. C es 208.2	PROPESSION AL LIBRARY STAPF (PTE
1	2	3	*	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12
Public and frivate, total	2,370	*2	11	433	1,021	476	234	118	47	16	4.0
rublic .		_									
ALL TYPES	342	13	1	127	347	187	139	86	31	11	4.9
10,696 03 E022 5,686 TG 9,333	125 149	_	_	-	5 16	18 29	10 73	53 28	20 3	11	37.1 14.1
1,040 70 9,999	*2 6	2	_	3)	205	124	SÃ	-5	=	~	4.6
Sult to 999	153	_	~	50	72	•	2	_	~	-	7.9
LESS TALK 500	95	21	1	*7	29	7	-	-	~		1.8
UNIVERSIVI <i>ES</i>	95	_	_	_	_	1	15	40	20	11	44.0
10,669 UZ 20k2	73	-	_	-	-	_	3	32	27	11	53.5
5,003 20 9,377	19	-	-	-	-	-	12	7	1	-	18.3
1002-YEAR 1551'5 WIFE											
GRADUATE SINSENTS	239	-		_	3C	£7	99	40	3	-	12.3
10,000 DR 20%2	20	-	-	-	_	-	2	17	1	_	34.1
5,000 10 2,499	36	_	-	_	.1	11 48	51 44	21	2.	~	16.1
1,600 TO 4,979 500 TO 500	112 13	Ξ	_	Ξ	18 6	5	2	2	Ξ	-	3-€
LESS THAT 503		_	-	_	5	ã	=		-	_	×
FOURTIES 1251'S ATTOUTS GRADUATE STUDENTS	34	_	_	5	27	40	11	3	~	_	6.4
1,000 10 4,999	58	_	_	2	14	33	7	2	_	_	7.0
500 TO 959	16	-	-	1	11	4	_	-	_	~	x
Less that soo	\$	-	-	2	2	2	-	-	~	-	×
TEO-TEFR TAS. ITUTIGES	522	13	1	122	290	79	14	3	~	~	3.3
10,690 OR 2042	30		<i>-</i>	-	5	17	ŝ	3	_	_	8.0
5,650 TO 7,994	39	_	_	_	15	18	6	_	~	-	6.4
1,600 10 4,959	243	2	-	25	73	42	3	-	-	~	3.6
502 W 599 1222 EART 2221	124 8 1	11	1	49 45	75 22	2	-	=	Ĩ.	Ξ	2.5 1.6
FRIVAYD											
ALL TYPES	1,429	29	10	306	674	289	65	32	16	7	4.7
19,066 CK 20X5	25	-	-	-	_	=	_2	11	10	5	55.0
5,60C TO 9,999	50 443	2	1		1 177	7 199	22 36	13 *	5 1	2	17.7
1,000 10 4,997 500 00 599	237	2		.9 54	26%	62	5	• -	<u>:</u>	_	5.6 4.6
LESS THAN 500	520	25	•	233	232	21	=	<u>-</u>	~	-	3.9
UNIVERSITIES	é5	_	_	_	1	1	18	24	14	7	
10,000 OF EOMS	24	_	_	_	<u>:</u>	<u>.</u>	1	2	5	Ś	36.2 61.0
5,000 10 9,333	31	-	-	-	-	1	13	41	Ă	2	25.4
FOUR-YEAR INST'S ZETH											
GRADUATE STUDENTS	526	9		83	215	153	42	7	2	_	4.3
10,000 OR HCEZ	4	_	_	_	-	_	1	2 2	1	_	×
5,000 10 3,993	13	-	-	-	. 1	5	•	2	1	_	*
1,600 70 4,939	218	_	-	*	61	122	28	3	_	-	6.8
SOO TO 595 LESS THAN 50)	101 185	3	-	75	65 88	23 9	*	=	_	_	4.0 2.2
		-	-			-					
POUR-YEAR INST'S WITHOUT	574	-	_	464	344	430		_	_	_	
GRADUATE STUDENTS	578 1 4 3	7	1	100 5	341 94	120 71	5 4	1	-	-	3.6 4.6
500 70 249	228	1	<u>.</u>	26	164	36	i	<u>:</u>	-	_	3.6
LESS THAT 500	166	Š	3	60	53	•	<u>-</u>	-	-	-	2.3
THO-YEAR INSTITUTIONS	259	13	2	113	117	,	_	_		_	2.0
10./ 10 CZ ECAZ	259	13	_	119	117	~	<i>-</i>	Ξ	-	_	7.0
5,400 10 5,433	_	-	-	_	_	~	-	-	-	-	_
1,000 TO 4,999	32	1	-	7	21	3	-	-	-	~	3.2
		1	_	19	35	3	_	_	_	_	
500 TO 999 LESS THAN 500	58 169	11	2	92	61	3				_	2.8 1.8

TABLE 6.--DISTRIBUTION OF COLLEGES AND UNIVERSITIES, BY SALARY OF CHIEF LIBRARIAN (DIRECTOR OF LIBRARIES) AND BY I. WITTE YOUAL CONTROL, TYPE, AND SIZE: ACCUSATE UNITED STATES, PALL 1968

			#Val	22 OF I	STITUTIO	ES, DY SALI	RY OF CE	EF LIBRAS	IM		
CODISCL, TYPE, ANS EMBULLMENT SIZE OF INSTITUTION	TOTAL BUNBER OF IBSTI- TETIONS	TOTAL BURKER REPORTING	LESS THAN 36,CJJ	\$6,000 10 \$7,999	'\$8,909 TO \$9,959	\$10,000 TO \$11,955	\$12,000 10 \$13,999	\$14,000 \$0 \$16,999	\$17,000 \$0 \$19,999	\$20,000 OR BOOR	APDIAN SALAN
1	2	3	4	5	- s_	7	8	,	18	11	12
PUBLIC AND PRIVATE, TUTAL	2,370	2,263	113	297	486	454	359	280	125	119 ;\$	11,194
PUBLIC ALL TIPES 10,000 OR MORE 5,000 TO 9,799 1,000 TO 9,799 LESS THAN 500 LHIVERSITIES 10,000 OR EQRE 5,000 TO 9,999 1,000 TO 9,999 1,000 TO 9,999 1,000 TO 9,999 LESS THAN 500 FOUR-YEAR INST'S WITHOUT GRADUATE SINDERTS 1,000 TO 9,999 105S THAN 590 INO-YEAR INSTITUTIONS 10,000 OR EQRE	942 125 149 420 153 55 95 73 20 239 20 36 112 13 8	216 123 148 415 148 32 95 73 20 237 19 85 212 13 8	5	48	146 	176 3 8 114 40 11 1 1 - 28 - 4 17 3 4 22 16 5 1	183 4 28 117 29 5 1 - 1 60 21 35 3 1	179 26 60 84 6 3 17 7 8 71 4 31 34 1 1 16 11 1 - 755	98 31 32 26 2 2 28 21 7 33 2 15 14 2 6 5 26 8	86 59 13 5 1 3 48 14 4 13 13 13 13 13 12 13 13 13 13 13 13 13 14 14 14 15 16 17 17 18 18 18 18 18 18 18 18 18 18 18 18 18	13,049 19,055 15,056 10,325 9,375 20,000+ 20,000+ 17,429 14,702 20,000+ 15,645 13,714 3 12,815 12,766 4 11,366 16,077
5,000 TO 9,999 1,000 TO 4,999 590 TO 399 LESS THAM 500 PRIVATE	39 218 124 #1	39 443 120 69	- 3 2	13 16 17	1 38 47 35	4 21 32 6	5 65 18 3	19 37 4 2	9 9 - - -	1 - - -	15,500 11,002 9,830 9,183
ALL TIPES 10,000 OK SURE 5,000 TO 9,933 1,000 TO 4,939 500 TO 997 LESS THAN 500	1,428 25 50 453 337 520	1,347 27 48 431 .372 469	1 5 16 6	29 72 148	90 119 131	5 142 99 62	3 7 92 46 34	3 15 54 22 7	5 12 11 4	16 8 8 -	20,000+ 16,400 11,373 9,773 8,397
SECTIONS NO CONTROL SECTION OF C	65 24 31	64 23 31	=	=	-	2 - 1	7 1 4	76 13	15 5 8	24 15 7	18,500 20,000+ 16,865
FOUR-YEAR INST'S WITH GLAUGATE STUDENTS 10,000 OR AGRE 5,000 TO 5,799 1,000 TO 2,779 500 TO 999 LESS THAN 500	529 4 18 ∠13 101 185	500 * 16 216 98 165	36 - 1 4 4 27	52 - 10 11 31	105 - - 39 21 45	139 	92 2 3 49 14 24	53 1 4 34 11 3	16 4 8 3	8 1 1 6 	11,007 * 11,697 10,053 9,533
POUR-YEAR INST'S AITHOUT GRADUATE SIDDERIS 1,000 TO 4,979 500 TO 499 1ESS THAN 500	578 183 226 166	553 177 219 156	42 6 36	104 11 41 52	159 40 78 41	145 68 61 12	68 40 21 7	32 17 11 4	2 7 .1 -	1 - 1	9,799 11,191 9,715 7,808
TWO-YEAR INSTITUTIONS 2902 TO 000,00 5,000 TO 0,999 1,000 TO 0,00 500 TO 099 1853 THAN 500	259 - 32 59 167	230 28 55 147	30 - - 1 5 23	93 8 20 65	76 11 20 45	22 - 7 4 11	9 - 1 5 3	-	- - - -	-	8,171 - 9,273 8,300 7,852

ERIC

*Full Text Provided by ERIC

TABLE 7.--MEAN AND 90-PERCENTILE FOR YOLLMES HELD AT SND OF YEAR AND YOLUMES ADDED DURING TEAR, BY CONTROL, TYPE, AND SIZE OF COLLEGE OR UNIVERSITY: AGGREGATE UNITED STATES, 1967-68

	20	SLIC ASD 21	HIVATE		203170	<u> </u>	<u> </u>	PRIVATE	
TYPE AND Exhollery Size of Institution	LATOT	MEAN	90- PERCENTILE	TOTAL	EEAN	90- PEXCENTILE	TOTAL SUBSER	META	90- PERCENTIL
1	2	3	34	5	6	7		,	10
		3			מע פגכפג ז				
	25 452 1244	40 643	22.200			35,000	9,767,549	6,840	11, 148
19,000 OL ZORZ	25, 152, 741 10, 692, 992		22,208 147,969	15,385,192 3,351,633	16,332 67,513	132,694	2,241,359	80,049	153,500
5.000 70 9.939	*,*56,232		44,366	3,001,762	20, 146	37,260	1,485,070	29,701	59,948
1,000 10 4,799	6,521,133		14,497	3,193,017	7,502	15,500	3,328,116	7,513	13,489
50C TO 957	2,057,251	3,810	6,556 4,803	522,312	3,*1¢ 2,279	6,887 5,018	1,534,939 1,178,065	3,966 2,266	6,3 8 7 4,511
ACS WHEN EGGT	1,394,533	_		216,463		-		_	_
izitersities	11,481,712		147,881 165,767	7,933,677	33,512 93,623	147,969 167,520	3,508,035 2,120,611	53,970 88,359	100,000 163,503
10,000 OK 2075 5,000 TO 9,393	9,393,119 1,7≈5,859	96,836 34,233	\$1,99¥		30,597	46,541	1,127,926	36,385	66,454
POUZ-TEAR JEST'S JITH							ł		
GRADUATE STUDENTS	7,715,388	10.035	24,198	4,461,573	14,668	34,837	3,252,815	6,186	13,034
10,000 OR EGES	995,233	21,258	71,598	874,485	43,724	71,598	120,748	30,127	•
5,000 TO 5,999	2,411,301	23,185	40,378	2,066,435	24,028	38,676	344,866	19, 159	14,600
1,000 TO 4,999	3,230,793	9,790	18, 192	1,405,443	12,549	25,570	1,825,350	8,373 4, 8 73	7,947
500 TO 999 LESS THAN 500	578,931 499,130	5,078 2,586	8,663 4,368	26,769 28,441	6,675 3,335		492, 162 470,689	2,544	4,837
LESS TRAN SOU	455,130	2,300	4,505	20,22.	3,377			_,	
TCOHTIN S'TEXI BASY-RUO'	> > 0.4 mtm		0 212	470 363	9,539	16,824	2,481,498	4,293	7,521
GRADUATE STUDESTS 1.000 10 4.999	3,301,858 1,739,530	4,973 7,218	9,213 12, 46 0	820,360 603,033	10,397	17,294	1,135,497	6,210	10,317
500 TO 999	987,013	4,345	6,493	79,646	1,975	.,,,,,	907,367	3,980	6,373
LESS THAN 500	466,033	2,709	5,460	40,677	6,780	•	425;356	2,562	5,412
WO-YEAR INSTITUTIONS	2,693,783	3,449	6,924	2,169,582	4, 156	8,212	524,201	2,024	3,670
10,000 CR HOZE	268,047	8,935	13,954	268,047	8,935	13,964	-	-	•
5,000 to 9,999	256,983	6,589	14,160	256,983	5,529	14,160	-		5 (0)
1,000 10 4,999	1,248,076	7,457	8,390	1,141,305	4,602	8,749	106;771	3,337 2,335	5,683 3 ,79 2
500 TO 999 LESS THAN 500	491,307 429,370	2,699 1,717	5,573 3,230	355, 497 147,350	2,870 1,819	5,921 4,962	135,410 282,020	1,669	2,803
		· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·		4617975	WELD 12 S	ED OF YEAR	<u> </u>		
									466.436
LL TYPES	304,651,599	128,545		150,767,588	160,051	353,420	153,864,011	107,762	166,835 3,071,372
10,030 OZ HORZ	138,038,946	902,215		97,096,799	776,726 180,944	1,532,883 375,488	40,948,147 27,560,910	551,218	1,022,759
5,000 TO 9,999 1,000 TO 4,999	54,521,632 71,941,947	273,978 33,363	556,147 165,348	26,950,722 22,291,679	53,975	124,585	49,650,268	112,077	209,417
500 70 999	24,137,210	44,699	81,461	3,345,764	21,868	53,934	20,791,446	\$3,725	89,416
LESS THAN 500	16,011,864	26,036	53,597	1,078,624	11,354	22,324	14,933,240	28,718	56,050
DIVERSITIES	163,574,039	1,022,338	1,998,491	95,801,789	1,008,440	1,625,631			2,031,287
10,090 OR HURZ	127,622,637			87,557,331		2,103,723	40,065,306		3,257,399
5,000 70 9,999	30,642,624	609,836	991,080	7,767,241	388,362	521,458	22,875,383	737,915	1,064,501
OUR-TEAR INSI'S WITH		442 222			455 450	202 000		an 677	193,436
GRADUATE STUDENTS	87,204,112	113,992	238,969	37,248,058		292,098 513,944	49,956,054 882;841	3 4, 5 73 220,710	173,436
10,000 OR EORS	8,037,100 21,635,542	234,879 208,934	513,944 328,552	7,154,259 17,087,014	357,713 198, 6 36	303,220	4,548,528	262,696	
5,000 TO 9,599 1,000 TO 4,999	*0,640,014	123,152	209,417	11,675,316	104,244	163,098	28,964,698	132,866	248,404
500 10 399	8,814,228	77,318	148,395	1,084,157	83,397	•	7,730,071	76,535	148,395
LESS THAN 500	8,077,228	41,851	76,833	247,312	30,914	•	7,829,916	42,324	76,833
OUR-YEAR INST'S WITHOUT							ĺ		
GRADUATE STUDENTS	37,933,430	57,129	100,604	6,294,989	73, 198	137,434		54,738	98,266
1,000 TO 4,999	19,733,432	81,881	143,498	4,557,859	78,584	152, 169	15, 175, 573	92,927	142,761
500 TO 999 LESS THAN 500	12,683,198 4,526,714	51,980 26,318	81,278 46,981	690,720 193,323	43,170 .32,221		11,992;478	52,599 26,105	81,899 46,619
		20,410	38,389	11,422,752	21,883	41,924	4,517,266	.37,441	31,275
WO-YEAR INSTITUTATIONS 10,000 OR MONE	15,740,018 1, 9 92,340	66,411	85,853	1,992,340	66,411	85,853	-,517,204		,-/-
5,000 10 9,599	1,640,249	42,058	51,408	1,640,249	42,058	51,408	-	-	•
	6,259,723	22,356	36,822	5,581,287	£2,505	35,65C	678,436	21,201	40,485
1,000 TO 4,999						20 450			
500 TO 4,999 LESS THAN 500	2,639,784 3,407,922	14,504 13,632	24,998 25,587	1,570,887 637,989	12,66 8 7,876	20,850 14,865	1,068;897 2,769,933	18,429 16,390	27,703 28,603

TABLE 8.--MEAN AND 90-PERCENTILE FOR REELS OF MICHOFILM AND PHYSICAL UNITS OF MICHOFORM OTHER THAN MICHOFILM LEELS, PY CONTROL, TYPE, AND SIZE OF COLLEGE OR UNIVERSITY: AGGREGATE UNITED STATES, 1967-68

	203L	IC AND PR	YATE		PUBLIC			PRIVATE	
TYPE AND ENGLISHED SIZE OF INSTITUTION	TOTAL	EZZZ	90- PERCZSTILE	TOTAL NUESER	este	90- PERCENTILE	TOTAL TOTAL	MEAN	90- PERCENTILE
1	2		4	5	6	7	8	,	10
				322	LS OF RICE	OPYLE			
-		2 213	5,955	3,224,432	3,423	7,944	2,019,31:	1,414	3,286
LL TYPES 13,000 OR EORE	5,243,743 2,344,506	2,213 15,324	39,000	1,234,497	13,676	34.603	510,009	.18,215	42,034 11,359
5,000 20 9,333	1,007,596	5,063	9,374	663,870	4,456	9,159	343,636 784,392	6, 8 73 1,771	4,024
1,000 TO 4,399	1,439,356	1,663	3,350	655,064 57,199	1,560 374	3,821 1,131	277,499	717	2,012
500 TO 999 LESS THAN 500	334,698 117,577	620 191	1,690 =36	13,802	145	387	103,775	200	478
	2,561,620	16,910	39,000	1,703,950	17,936	39,636	857,670	13,195	31,870
MIVERSITIES 10,000 OR MORE	2.065,504	21,294	45,514	1,580,816	21,655	45,514	484,688	20,195	46,382 17,436
5,000 00 9,999	393,022	7,736	15,053	118,787	5,939	7,868	274,235	8,846	17,430
OUR-YEAR INST'S JITH				Auc 673	H 125	9,159	624,446	1,187	3,311
GRADUATE STUDERTS	1,610,319	2,105	5,549 16,759	985,873 181,352	4,125 9,068	16,759	25,321	6,330	•
10,000 OF EOX2	295,673 548,407	8,511 5,273	9,374	*82,721	5,613	9,374	65,686	3,649	3 880
5,000 TO 9,939	711,287	2,155	4,899	313,000	2,795	5,786	398,287	1,827 830	3,940 2,820
500 TO 779	31,922	806	2,804	8,138	626 83	:	83,784 51,366	278	478
LESS TEAM 500	52,030	270	478	\$62	•3	_	1		
TUCETIN STEAM AREA MU			2,623	180,236	2,096	4,000	464,408	838	2,277
GEADUATE STUDENTS	664,644 #10 16#	1,901 1,702	3,987	139,786	2,410	4,341	270,378	1,477	3,654
1,000 TO 3,979 500 TO 999	410,164 198,277	813	2,012	19,842	1,240	•	178,435	783 192	1,961 700
LESS THAN 500	35,679	207	716	3,799	633	•	31,880		
WO-YELR INSTITUTIONS	407, 160	521	1,454	354,373	679	1,927 3,576	52,787	204	550 *
SECK NO GOO, OF	64,251	2,142	3,576	64,251 53,631	2,142 1,375	2,830	_	-	•
5,000 TO 9,999	53,631	1,375 768	2,830 2,069	197,931	798	2,246	16,900	531	1,278
1,000 TO 4,379 500 TO 999	214,911 44,4 49	245	847	29,219	236	799	15,280	263 121	886 285
LESS THAN 500	29,468	119	300	9,341	115	324	20;527		
j			PHYSICAL	UNITS OF HI	CROPORH CI	WER THAN BIC	BOFILE BEEL	s	
-					31,641	96,411	15,149,015	10,609	7,200
LL TIPES	44,954,624	16,968 183,741	25,000 419,3 8 3	29,805,609 120,958,068	167,665	374,965	7,154,317	255,511	496,945
10,000 OR MORE	28,112,385 9,377,490	47,123	142,863	5,782,875	38,811	125,523	3,594,614	71, 89 2 8,613	170, 696 13,560
5,000 TO 9,999 1,000 TO 4,999	6,683,870	7,751	10,592	2,873,449	6,842	9,225 324	425,993	1,101	2,000
500 10 999	615,063 160,816	1,139 261	1,647 2,000	189,070 2,146	1,236 23	324	15.,670	305	95
LESS TALE 500	_		_		213,738	395,012	0,743,223	165,280	402,553
INIVE?SITIZS	31,048,364	194,052 257,694	407,993 449,373	18,096,738	247,900	422,459	6,841,375	285,057	579,500
16,000 OR AORE 5,000 TO 9,997	24,938,113 4,957,606	97,208	220,000	2,206,345		226,714	2,751,261	88,750	158,000
FOUR-YEAR INST'S WITH				_	- 4		3,464,899	6,587	9,500
GRADUATE STUDENTS	12, 133, 933	15,861	35,985	8,669,034	36,272 123,9 9 9	102,359 255,770	312,942	78,236	•
10,000 OR BORE	2,792,931	116,372	255,770 102,35 9	2,479,989 3,535,360	41,109	97,572	838,353	46,575	•
5,000 TO 9,999	4,373,713 4,536,440	42,055 13,747	30,062	2,478,732	22,132	44,229	2,057,7C8	9,439	17,862 2,286
1,000 TO 4,999 500 TO 999	308,601	2,707	2,286	173,661	13,359	*	134,940	1,336 654	400
LESS THAN 500	122,248	633	409	1,292	162	•	120,956	434	
FOUR-YEAR INST'S WITHOUT			2 225	781 947	3,626	7,872	918, 265	1,589	2,631
GRADUATE STUDENTS	1,660,132	2,5:10 4,065	3,000 8,315	741,867 375,532	6,475	9,000	604,067	3,301	7,586
1,000 TO 4,999	9 79,5 99 292,593	1,199	2,100	4,111	257	*	288,482	1,265	
500 TO 99. Less than 500	21,516	125	105	800	133	*	20,716	125	
T40-YFAR TESTITUTIONS	112, 195	144	2,593	89,567	172	98 1 750	22,628	87	
10,000 OR NORS	23,459	782	1,750	23,459	782 965	1,750 2,620	_	_	_•
5,000 TO 9,999	37,629	965 72	2,620 83	37,629 17,127	69	95	3,059	96	51
1,000 TO 4,909 500 TO 999	20, 186 13,669	76	-	11,298	91	-	2,571	101	17
	17,052	68	-	54	1	-	16,998	101	-
LESS THAN 500									

TABLE 9.--MEAN AND 90-PERCENTILE FOR PERIODICAL TITLES AND SERIAL TITLES OTHER THAN PERIODICALS, BY CONTROL, TYPE, AND SIZE OF COLLEGE OR UNIVERSITY: AGGREGATE UNITED STATES, 1967-68

	208	LIC AND PE	IVATE		PRSLIC	-		PRIVATE	
TYPE AND EMPOLLMENT SIZE OF INSTITUTION	LATOT RSGRUN	EZAN	90- P2RCENTILE	HUNSER TOTAL	HASE	90- PERCENTILE	TOTAL BUSSER	BEAS	PLACEBILLI 90-
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	,	10
				Pin	IODICAL TI	TLES			
ALL TYPES	2,504,641	1,057	1,812	,373,247	1,458	2,961	1,131,394	792	1,160
10,000 OR MGRZ	1,131,540	7,39ŏ	16,566	835,556	6,680	14,036	295,964	30,571	20,206
5,090 TO 9,999	437,453	2,198	4,163	244,790	1,643	3,224	192,663	3,853	7,850
1,000 TO 4,999 500 TO 999	\$01,744 105 241	697 352	1,264	230,403	549 202	1, 277 471	371,341	838	1,339 643
LESS THAN 500	195,341 13 8, 563	225	623 420	43,356 19,142	283 201	303	151,9 0 5 119,421	393 230	425
ENIVERSITI25	1,370,388	8,190	17,049	823,827	5,672	16,566	486,561	7,486	15,600
10,000 OR MORE 5,000 TO 9,999	1,038,024 223,394	10,761 4,380	20,000 6,2 89	752,187 67,957	10,304 3,398	18,818 4,154	285,837 155,437	.11,910 5,014	26 ,70 2 9 ,76 1
FOUR-YEAR INST'S WITH									
GRADUATE STUDENTS	703,299	919	1,890	344,158	1,440	2,667	359,141	683	1,296
10,000 OR HORE	68,694	2,862	3,900	58,547	2,927	3,835	10, 147	2,537	•
5,000 TO 9,999 1,000 TO 4,999	190,686	1,834 947	2,794	154,130	1,792	2,637	36,556	2,031	4 575
500 70 993	312,5 \$ 5 45,577	575	1,600 1,017	109,335 14,971	976 1, 152	1,600	203,247 50,606	932 - 50 1	1,575 847
LESS THAN 500	63,757	341	634	7,172	897	•	58,585	31:	540
POUR-YEAR INST'S MITSOUT									
GRADUATE STUDENTS	296,872	447	794	57,964	674	1,268	237,906	413	742
1,000 TO 4,999 500 TO 999	155,471 96,717	645 396	1,000	41,284 6,473	712 405	1,268	114,187 90,244	624 396	900 629
LESS THAN 590	36, 141	210	366	2,334	389	•	33,807	204	363
TEO-YEAR INSTITUTIONS	194,082	249	486	147,298	282	513	46,784	18 1	302
10,000 Ok HORE	21,275	709	397	21,275	709	897	-	**	:
5,000 TO 9,999 1,000 TO 4,999	18,377 84,718	471 303	704 495	18,377 76,0 98	471 307	704 494	8,620	269	525
500 TO 939	33,047	182	300	21,912	177	300	11,135	192	3 0 0
LESS THAN 500	36,665	147	228	9,636	119	228	27, 029	160	227
Į.			S 21	IAL TITLES	OTHER TH	AF PERIODICALS			
ALL TYPES	1,080,922	456	770	671,342	713	1,572	409,500	287	500
10,000 OR HORE	602,932	3,941	11,075	449,107	3,593	9,269	153,825	5,494	13,671
5,000 TO 9,999	206,964	1,040	2,569	135,419	909	2,069	71,545	1,431	3,324
1,000 TO 4,999 500 TO 999	193,342 50,263	224 93	59 8 205	70,,255	167 87	438 166	123,087	278 95	648 220
LESS THAN 500	27,421	45	103	13,32 8 3,233	34	60	36, 935 24, 1 86	47	107
UPIVERSITIES	665,415	4,159	11,075	447,270	4,708	11,075	218,145	3,356	7,806
10,000 OR HORE 5,000 TG 9,999	554,504 52,91 7	5,717 1,822	13,5%3 2,236	405,390 41,245	5,553 2,062	12,000 3,112	149,114 51,672	6,213 1,667	14,933 3,236
FOUR-YEAR INST'S WITH							•		
GRADUATE STUDENTS	280,257	366	970	160,568	672	1,613	119,689	228	588
10,000 OR HORZ	32,€00	1,358	2,549	27,869	1,394	2,549	4,711	1,178	•
5,000 TO 9,999	105,140	1,040	2,560	88,405	1,028	2,069	19,735	1,096	
1,200 TO 4,999 500 TO 999	109,399 14,674	332 129	770 306	46 ,688 2 ,67 5	363 206	900	68,711	315	716 300
LESS THAN 500	15,444	80	160	911	114	• 1	11,999 14,533	119 79	151
FOUR-YEAR INST'S WITHOUT									
GRADUATE STUDENTS	77,107	116	315	17,931	209	552	59; 176	102	283
1,000 TO 4,999 500 TO 999	47,100 22,870	195 94	530 220	11,298 3,777	195 236	5 0 0	35,802	196	530
LESS THAN 500	4,639	27	72	496	83	•	19,093 4,143	25	205 67
THO-YEAR INSTITUTIONS	58,143	74	137	45,573	87	159	12,570	49	98
10,000 OR HOME	14,724	491	905	14,724	491	905	-	-	•
5,000 TO 9,999	4,513 18,849	116 67	309 133	4,513 17,634	116 71	309	1,215	38	100
1 000 40 = 000		• /	134	1/2035	/1	138	17712	5 E	10 0
1,000 TO 4,999 500 TO 999	12,719	70	120	6,876	55	80	5,843	10 1	148

TABLE 10. -- HUMBER AND PENCENT OF INTELLINEARY TRANSACTIONS, BY TYPE OF TRANSACTION AND BY CONTROL, TYPE, AND SIZE OF COLLEGE OR UNIVERSITY: AGGREGATE UNITED STATES, 1967-68

i	20	BLIC AM	D PRIVAT	Ε		2113	LIC			PRIY	ATZ	TZ	
TYPE AND			ITEM	S LZMT			ITE	C LEST			ITE	S LEST	
ENNOLLYENT SIZE OF INSTITUTION	TOTAL TRANS- ACTIONS	ZMRTZ -ROE OSEGA	Por-	PETURE- ABLE	TOTAL TRANS- ACTIONS	EORED BORED	you- return- aple	returu— 1812	TRAUS- ACTIONS	ITESS BOR- ROWES	BOR BETGES BOR	PETERS PETERS	
1	2	3	•	5	6	7	<u> </u>	,	10	11	12	13	
				N	UMBER (1)	tHOUSA	NOS OF T	ŘÄNSACTI	CSMO				
LL TYPES	2, 141	378	599	664	1,162	477	369	376	979	401	230 56	288 86	
10,000 OF HORE	966 340	319 110	283 111	363 119	768 155	263 74	227 30	277 51	193 184	56 36	80	68	
5,000 TO 3,999 1,000 TO 4,999	536	302	145	85	179	124	25	30	357	178	121 15	58 40	
500 TO 999 LESS THAN 500	126 174	42 106	37 22	47 46	39 21	10 8	22 4	7 10	\$7 153	32 98	18	36	
	1, 157	358	392	407	766	266	230	269	390	91	161	136	
MIVERSITIES 10,000 OR 2022	397	293	276	328	704	241	220	246	193	53	55 2¢	8 5 4 3	
5,000 10 9,997	156	55	33	67	59	24	•	25	97	31	26	*3	
OUR-YEAR 1351'S WITH	585	291	155	139	204	112	48	43	382	179	106	56	
GRADUATE STUDENTS 10,000 OR HORE	35	23	6	6	30	19	5	5	5	•	1	1 25	
5,000 TO 9,399	166	52	72	41	79	47 36	16 7	16 13	87 208	5 140	56 31	38	
1,000 TO 4,999 500 TO 999	254 57	176 16	38 25	51 15	56 28	36 5	19	15	29	11	6	11	
550 TO 999 LESS THAN 500	64	23	14	26	îĭ	5	2	•	52	19;	12	22	
OUE-YEAR INST'S WITHOUT						•			151	99	16	35	
GPADUATE STUDENTS	174 56	114 39	21 8	39 11	23 20	1 <u>¢</u> 13	•	3	39	26	4		
1,600 TO 4,339 500 TO 999	49	21	ğ	20	2	1	-	-	47	19		20 7	
LESS THAN 500	65	53	*	7	1	1	-	-	64	53	4	-	
NO-YEAR INSTITUTIONS	225	115	32 2	78 28	169 33	8 3	26 2	60 28	56	32	6	18	
10,000 OR NORE 5,000 TO 9,939	33 17	3 2	5	10	17	2	5	10	_	-	_	_	
1,000 10 4,999	109	77	:7	15	100	73	14	14	11	1	3	2	
500 TO 999 LESS THAN 500	2C 46	29		12 13	;	3 2	2	3 6	36	27	2	í	
					<u> </u>	PEE	CENT						
ALL TYPES	100	41	28	31	100	41	27	37	100	41	30	29	
10,000 ON HORS	100	33	29	38	100	34	30	34,	10 0	2 8 20	28 43	43 37	
5,000 10 9,999	100	32	33 27	35 37	100 100	48 69	19 14	33 17	100	50	34	16	
1,060 TO 4,999 500 TO 939	200 100	56 33	27	37	100	26	56	13	100	37	17	46	
LESS THAY 500	100	61	13	26	100	38	19	43	100	64	12	24	
PIVZRSITIES	100	31	34	35	100	35	30 31	ا د3 35	100 100	23 27	4,1, 28	.35.	
10,000 OR MORE 5,000 TO 9,999	196 100	33 35	31 21	37 43	100 100	34 41	15	42	100	32	25	44	
OUR-YEAR IEST'S WITH										57	28	25	
GRACUATE STUDENTS	160	50	25	24 17	100 100	55 63	24 17	21 17	100 100	8 0	20	20	
10,000 OR MORE 5,000 TO 9,999	160 100	66 31	17 43	25	100	59	20	20	100	6	64	29	
1,000 70 4,999	100	67	14	19	100	64	13	23	100	67 38	15 21	18 38	
500 IO 999 LESS THAN 500	100 106	28 36	44 22	26 41	100	18 45	68 18	14 36	100 100	37	23	42	
FOUR-YEAR INST'S WITHOUT GRADUATE STUDENTS	106	66	12	22	100	76	17	17	100	66 67	11 10	23 21	
1,000 10 4,999	10G	υ7	14	19	100	65 50	20	15	100 100	40	17	43	
500 TO 399 LESS THAN 500	100 100	43 82	16 6	41 11	100 100	100	-	-	100	83	6	11	
WO-YEAR INSTITUTIONS	100	51	14	35	100	49	15	36	100	57	11	32	
10,000 OR MORE	100	9	6	35	100	9	6	85		-	_	_	
5,000 to 9,999	100	12	29 16	59 1 4	100	12 73	29 14	59 14	160	44	33	22	
1 000 40 4 020 1	100	71			100	33	33	33	100	•	_	82	
1,000 TO 4,939 500 TO 999	100	20	20	60	1 100	33	22	67	100	75	6	22	

TABLE 11.—MEAN AND 90-PERCENTITE FOR TOTAL LIBRARY OPERATING EXPENDITURES AND PERCENT DISTRIBUTION OF EXPENDITURES, BY COLUMNO, TYPE, AND SIZE OF COLLEGE OR UNIVERSITY: AGGRZGATE UNITED STATES, 1967-68

		SPECIAL TOTAL LIGHTLY PROCESS OF PARAMETERS						ES BY PUZEOSE		
CONVICE, TIPE, ADD LEGOLLEPST DERE OF INDICATION	TPTAL AUUNT	دخان	91.— Perceptile	LGIAL	Shlaries (Including Salary Evulyalests)	WAGES	POOKS E CIME LIMBALL E CIME	Pericoing and finding	OTEPE OPERATING EXPENDITIONS TURES	
1	2	3	a?	5	6	7	8	,	10	
POSLIC ALS PRITATE, TOTAL	\$504,798,331	\$ 215, 155	\$ 420,715	100	46		37	3	4	
<u>forlit</u>										
ALL TYFFS 10,670 UB Ec. = 5,077 TO 5,799 1,636 TO 6,799 500 EU 541 100 Au 500	315,000,030 300,271,052 300,232,03 300,005 3,001,773 3,565,153	335,304 1,470,173 1,470,476 138,104 139,104 56,574 14,37,75	2,45±,210 697,951 255,752 100,400	190 109 100 100 100	45 46 43 40 4	\$ # 7 6 5	39 37 39 42 49 48	3 3 2 2 3	5 5 5 3 5	
CALLEGACIAN Sect En Copédia Pérés de Copédia	149,630,370 150,735,434 12,227,321		3,619,178	390 109 100	45 45 45	* * 7	36 38 39	4 3 4	6 6 5	
FUUA- 1728 INST'S AFFE GRADUATU STUDENCE 10,000 NO EULE 5,000 10 9,199 1,000 10 4,279 500 TO 975 LEES INAN 500	63,010,365 73,505,324 73,505,424 524,327,02 634,064,1	374,939 1,046,369 457,039 235,377 150,370 124,657	1,482,555 700,444 457,831	100 120 120 100 100 100	4> 49 84 42 46 46	8 7 5 2	39 33 41 43 41 41	3 3 3 4 6	5 5 5 8 5	
FOUR-TEAE 1451"5 4175(VIT GRADDITE 510hExf3 1,000 TO 4,219 500 TO 922 LESS THAN 503	14, 177, 393 13,012,593 1,424,099 630,100	164,753 172,929 89,306 106,627	263,734	100 100 103 109	45 45 44 37	6 5 5 5	40 41 45 51	2 2 2 2	5 6 4 5	
THO-YELT INSTITUTIONS .G,00G OF HORE 5,00 TO 9,999 1,660 TO 4,979 500 TO 499 LESS THAN 500	42,431,610 7,670,137 0,545,529 20,919,320 5,286,968 1,951,656	41, 287 255, 938 169, 116 84, 352 82, 637 24, 935	334,486 294,078 147,259 70,729	100 100 100 100 100 100	47 50 56 44 36 38	7 7 7 8 7 6	39 29 31 41 53 56	1 1 1 1 1	5 5 6 3 5	
PEIVATE	••									
ALL TYPES 10,200 ON E025 5,000 TO 9,999 1,000 TO 999 LESS THAN 500	193,942,095 54,547,913 36,193,009 03,055,605 24,637,345 15,568,232	135,61* 1,948,139 723,860 142,338 63,602 29,J24		100 100 100 100 100 100	47 50 48 45 46 48	8 7 6 9 9	34 29 53 27 32 35	3 3 3 3 3	8 11 9 7 5 6	
UNIVERSITIES. 10,000 OR RORE 5,007 TO 6,739	87,/90,161 1 51,991,725 2 26,883,512		4,706,GG1	109 100 100	49 50 49	7 7 6	21 29 32	3 4 3	10 11 9	
FOUL-YEAR INST'S EITH GRADULTE STUDENTS 10,000 OP HORE 5,000 TO 5,979 1,090 IJ 4,399 500 TO 999 LESS THAN 500	53,333,469 2,556,108 7,096,306 34,776,730 7,597,969 6,916,156	112,392 639,037 393,711 159,526 79,168 37,385	233,17; 4 266,067 139,094 60,740	100 100 100 100 100 100	46 50 44 45 50 49	8 6 9 9	35 35 38 35 33 34	3 2 4 3 3 3	7 7 8 7 5	
FOUR-YEAR IFST'S WITHOUT GRADUALL STUDESTS 2,600 10 4,999 500 10 999 LESS THAN SOU	39,145,612 19,447,090 14,447,512 5,027,726	67,725 126,268 63,366 30,288	130,445) 170,261 105.073 57,1*1	100 100 100 100	្នុង .45 ងន ង5	9 9 9 10	38 38 39 37	3 3 3 2	6 6 5 6	
TWO-YEAR INSTITUTEONS 10,000 to 2500 10,000 to 5,000	7,667,033 - -	29,642 - -	58,958 - -	100 - -	47 	• -	27 	2 -	5 - - 5 7	
986,8 01 000,1 987 07 03 606 MAH 2231	1,910,641 2,191,844 3,564,349	59,715 37,740 21,091	167,400 63,427 36,953	100 190 100	44 46 50	9 10 8	40 36 35	1 2 2	5 7 4	



TABLE 12.—MEAN AND 90-PERCENTILE OF ESTIMATED VALUE OF MONRUDGETED SUPPORT. AND PERCENT DISTRIBUTION BY TYPE OF SUPPORT, BY CONTROL, TYPE, AND SIZE OF COLLEGE OR UNIVERSITY: AGGREGATE UNITED STATES, 1967-68

	ESTIBATED FA	COE OF SONSED	GETED SUPPORT					
CORIRGL, TIPZ, ADD ELFOLIMENT SIME OF ENTERINER	TO AL TECOSE	SZLV	PERCENTILS PERCENTILS	TOTAL	FINDING	Automatyon Szrvice	OTHE	
1	£	3	5	5	6	7	3	
PUBLIC AND PRIVATE, TOTAL	\$ 6,463,465	\$ 2,735	\$ 5,115	100	12	22	67	
PUBLIC					_		_	
ILL TYPES	2 770 676	3,960	10,999	100	5	20	75	
10,000 OR 403E	3,730,52° 1,549,869	12,559	34,712	190	Ž,	27	ÉŠ	
5,000 TO 9,979	1,062,317	7, 130	24,822	100	5	20	75	
1,060 10 4,939	931,857	2,219	6,500	100	š	9	34 30	
500 TO 939 LESS 7211 500	131,#2# 34, 6 34	862 365	3,167 1,090	100 100	2 1	50 27	72	
DELTERSITIES	1,632,648	17,186	50,000	100	5	25	69	
10,600 02 3032	1,4.9,427	19,535	55,931	190	4	27	69	
5,000 70 9,993	2)2,221	19,111	20,200	100	13	17	70	
CRADULT STREET	1 142 676	. 705	4 000	100	:	17	78	
GRADUATE STUDENTS 10,000 OF MORE	1,143,675 74,318	4,785 3,716	.~,089 11,887	190 100	Š	17	83	
5,000 TO 9,999	647,872	7,5:4	26,159	100		25	71	
1,000 TU 4,439	402,917	3,597	12,081	100	5	3	92	
SOU TO 939 LESS THAN 500	7,590 11,865	577 1 ,43 4		100 100	20 -	60 65	20 35	
FOUR-YEAR INSTES WITHOUT								
GRADUATE STUDERTS	200,475	2,331	5,656	100	8	13	48	
1,000 10 4,999	155,863	2,687	7-010	100 100	1 <u>C</u>	10 34	81 66	
LESS TAN 500	14,668 8, 438	917 1,406	,	100	_	-	100	
TO-TEAR INSTITUTIONS	753,724	1,444	3,811	100	*	14	82	
10,000 OR FORE	49,635	1,655	3,220	100	2	53	39	
5,000 TO 9,999	207,92% 373,677	5,30A 1,30#	7,558 *,775	100 100	† 6	4 17	95 77	
500 TO 999	109,660	884	3,059	100	1	**	95	
LYSS THAN 507	14,328	177	740	100	2	12	87	
PRIVATE								
LL TYPES	2,758,230	1,932	3, 150	100	19	25	57	
10,000 OR NORE	1,048,464	37,445	74,006	106	25	41 15	22 35	
5,000 TO 9,939 1,000 TO 4-939	104,762 902,8 8 3	2,095 2,038	6, 826 4,540	100 100	-	.23	71	
500 TO 999	372,047	961	2,560	100	7	8	85	
LESS THAN 500	330,124	635	1,631	100	10	4	87	
MIVEESITIFS	1, 199, 297	18,451	35,445	100	33	39	28	
10,000 SE MORE 5,000 TO 3.599	974,456 84,876	40,£32 2 738	23,696 7,907	100 100	39	44 12	17 88	
OUR YEAR INSE'S WITH								
GRADUATE STUDENTS	947,655	1,892	4, 191	100	6	.18	76	
10,000 OR HORE 5,000 TO 9,999	74,005	1 8, 502 1,195	: 1	100 100	16 _	25	84 75	
1,000 70 4,399	19,886 552,725	2,535	6,636	100	4	28	68	
500 TO 999	165,641	1,640	4,340	130	3	6	91	
LESS THAN 500	135,395	732	1,600	100	11	4	85	
OUR-YEAF INST'S WITHOUT						~		
GRADUATE STUDENTS 1,000 TO 4,999	527,229 198,062	912 1,082	2,792 3,664	100 100	10 10	7 8	84 82	
500 70 999	185,787	315	2,380	100	"	j	82	
LESS TEAM 500	143,380	864	2,304	100	9	3	89	
WO-YEAR INSTITUTIONS	84,099	325	1,000	10G	:3		79	
10,000 OR HORE	-	-	_ 1	_	_	-	=	
5,000 TO 9,999 1,000 TO 4,999	12, 131	379	1,020	100	15	8	75	
	20,619	356	1,360	100	18	19	63	
500 TO 999 LESS THAN 500	51,349	304	950	100	9		87	

TABLE 13.--MEAN AND 90-PERCENTILE FOR HOURS OF STUDENT AND OTHER HOURLY ASSISTANCE, BY CONTROL, TYPE, AND SIZE OF COLLEGE OR UNIVERSITY: AGGREGATE UNITED STATES, 1967-66

	230	BLIC AND 1	BIVATE		PUBLIC	:	P9C1ATE			
TIPE AND STATE OF LINSTITUTION	TOTAL BOVES	NEAN	59- PEPCES- TILE	rotal Hours	BEAS	90- PERCEN- TILE	MASTER STATE	2243	96- PROCES- TILE	
1	2	3		5	6	7	8	9	10	
ALL TYPES	31,706,760	13,378	29,500	19,273,560	29,460	50,940	£,433,2 0 0	8,787	16,858	
16,000 0g 208E	13,360,803	87,326	187,802	0,542,483	87,540	173,750	2,418,325	86,359	148,216	
5,000 TO 9,399	5,664,471	28,465	54,267	3,775,804	25,341	51,638	1,000,665	97,77 Ξ	74,962	
1,000 10 4,999	8,÷21,716	9,990	19,696	3,909,003	3,307	28,520	4,712,713	18,638	19,567	
500 TO 399	2,542,250	4,708	9,450	494,102	3, 229	7,090	2,048,146	5,292	9,802	
1255 THAN 500	1,517,515	2,468	*, 752	152, 166	1,692	3,894	1,365,349	2,636	4,807	
UBIYERSITIES	13,965,683	87,412	189,902	9,778,108	102,927	196,445	4,207,775	66,725	135,435	
290H NO 000,01	11,402,202	117,548	213,971	9,096,865	124,615	22 0,86 5	2,305,337	96,056	150,262	
5,000 TO 9,999	2,168,553	42,913	74,962	633,723	31,686	54,468	1,954,830	50,156	82,986	
PGUR-YEAR ISST'S HITA GRADUES STRUCKS	10,420,567	13,622	34,115	6,0 89 ,417	25,479	52,790	4,331,150	8,284	10,371	
10,000 OR SORE	1,491,119	62 _± 130	108,693	1.378,131	68,907	108,693	112,900	28,247	•	
5,000 TO 9,999	3,059,156	29,415	51,802	2,733,466	31,789	51,802	325,330	18,074	•	
1,000 TO 4,^99	4,568,980	13,845	27,042	1,885,353	16,834	32,796	2,683,627	32,310	22,799	
500 20 999	714,757	6,270	13,200	76,878	5,914	•	637,809	6,316	13,166	
LESS THAN 500	586,505	3,039	4,807	15,189	1,899	•	571,3 16	3,988	4,773	
FCUR-YZAR INST'S WITHOUT G?ADUATE STUDENTS	4,069 415	6, 129	12,720	808,910	9,406	18,471	3,260,505	5,641	11,706	
1,000 10 4,999	2,045,889	8,655	15,682	539,913	9,309	17,790	1,545,976	2,448	14,622	
500 In 999	1,286,977	5,283	9,593	59, 160	3,698	•	1,229,817	5,394	9,550	
LESS THAN 500	512,166	2,978	6,400	35,959	5,993	•	476,207	2,869	6,222	
THO-YZAF INSTITUTIONS	3,230,895	4,137	2,8 80	2,597,125	4,975	10,377	633,770	2,467	5,760	
10,000 OR HORE	386,400	12,380	22,651	386,400	12,880	22,651	-	-	-	
5,000 to 9,999	315,426	a ` 088	15,830	315,426	8,088	15,830	-	-	-	
1,000 TO 4,999	1,571,719	5, 613	9,947	1,436,217	5,791	10,130	135,502	7,234	8,424	
500 TO 999	538,506	2,959	5,791	358,064	2,888	5,769	180,442	3,111	5,791	
LESS THAN 500	418,844	1,675	3,960	101,018	1,247	3,880	317,826	1,881	4,075	

TARLE 14.—MEAN AM: 90-PERCENTILE FOR PROFESSIONAL AND MONOROFESSIONAL LIBRARY STAFF IN FULL-TIME EQUIVALENTS (FEE), BY SERVICE STATUS AND BY CONTROL, TYPE, AND SIZE OF COLLEGE OR UNIVERSITY: AGGREGATE UNITED STATES, FALL 1968

707AL 808AER 2 19,451.3 8,035.2 3,545.2 5,005.0 1,678.4 1,180.5	3 82AN 3 6.2 52.5 17.8 5.8	PRIVATE 90- PERCENTILE	TOTAL BOMBER	MENH	SSPCERITE 30-	TOTAL PUBBES	PAIVA".	96-	PRESER OF
2 19,451.3 8,035.2 3,548.2 5,009.0 1,678.4	e.2 52.5 17.8	PERCENTILE	REERCE				SPAN	96-	
19,451.3 8,035.2 3,548.2 5,009.0 1,678.4	e.2 52.5 17.8	1	5					PERCENTILE	SZEVICE SZEVICE
8,035.2 3,548.2 5,009.0 1,678.4	52.5 17. 1			6	7	8	9	10	11
8,035.2 3,548.2 5,009.0 1,678.4	52.5 17. 1		22	opession	AL LIBRARY S	TAFF			
3,54%.2 5,009.0 1,67%.4	17.5	38.5	11, 169.8	11.8	26.5	8,290.5	5:8	19.2	551.5
5,005.U 1,678.4		101.8	5,153.4	49.2	92.9	1,681.8	67? 27.≰3	137.0 55.0	9.9 14.3
1,678.4		31.0 11.0	2,183.1 2,27#.0	14.7 5.4	27.0 11.0	1,365.1 2,731.0	(,2	10.0	144.8
1,140.5	3.1	13.0	377.3	7.5	3.6	1,301.1	324	5.5	141.6
	1.9	5.0	167.0	1.8	3.0	1,011.5	9 تر1	5.0	240.9
\$,749.1	54.6	107.C	5,540.4	59.4	101.3	3,099.7	47.7	#5.0	16.9
6,948.4	71.6	138.0	5, 192.3	71-1	138.0	1,756.1	73±2 35±1	140.5	4.6 9.3
1,506.2	29.5	52.0	413.8	29.9	33.0	1,087.4	334 1	63.0	7.3
5 0 14 2	~ -	16.0	3,243.7	13.6	26.5	2,702.6	521	9.5	198.6
5,946.3 774.3	7.5 32.3	43.0	648.6	13.6 32.4	20.5	125.7	31/4	•	5.3
1,737.0	16.7	27.0	1,466.5	17. 1	27.0	270.5	15.0	•	4.6
2,509.2	7.6	14.C	1,016.0	9.1	15.0	1,493.2	6.8	11.0	82.4
497.2	4.4	7-5	79.6	6.1	•	417.6 395.6	4∡1 2∡1	7.0 4.0	35.1 71.8
428.6	2.2	#.C	33.0	4.1	_	377.0	22.	4.0	1
2,558.2	3.9	40.0	568.1	4.5	12.9	1,990.1	3.4	6.0	263.3
1,282.1	5.3	8.3	392.1	6.8	11.0	890.C	4.9	7.0	50.3
818.1	3.4	5.3	67.2	*.2		750.5	323	5.0	105,5
369.2	2.1	3.7	18.2	3.9	•	342.0	2. 1	3.5	98.5
2,206.7	2.3	9.0	1,708.6	3.3	6.0	498.1	1.9	3.3	72.7
251.7	7.4	12:7	261.7	9.4	12.7	_	=	-	
236.0 932.2	*.1 3.3	11.0 6.0	23R.0	6.1 3.4	11.0 €.0	91.6	219	4.5	1.1
363.1	2.0	3.0	230.5	1.9	3.0	132.€	2.3	4.0	1.0
391.7	1.6	3.0	117.8	1.5	2.5	273.5	146	3.0	70.6
			FOX	PROFESSI	OBAL CIBRARY	STAFF			
24,053.8	10.1	81.0	14,049.2	14.9	34.0	10,004.6	. 740	32.0	149.7
12, 245. 3	86.e	150.5	8,982.7	71.1	120.0	3,362 4	120/1	206.0	2.0
4,586	23.0	42.5	2,516.5	16.9					1.5 23.6
									16.2
918.9	1.5	5.0	159.4	1.7	3.0	759.5	145	5.0	196.4
13 560 7	21 m . W	157.0	8.291.8	¥7_3	139_5	5.276.9	8142	105.0	3.0
	112.5			105.4	153.0	3,222.0	130.3	134.3	装
7,259.2	44.2	*8.5	573.8	25.7	50.5	1,685.4	54.8	118.7	1.0
								44.0	
6,301.3									52.7
								•	.5
								15.0	6.9
452.3	3.5	8.0	79.7	6.1	•	322.6	3-2	7.0	7.0
425.6	2.2	5.0	53.9	6.7	•	374.7	2,0	4.5	38.3
						4 647 4	2.6	6.0	62.2
									15.6
					14.5				8.2
236.3	1.4	3.3	23.9	4.0	•	212.9	1,43	3.0	38.4
2.121-6	2.7	15-0	1,782.7	3.4	8.0	358.9	124	3.3	31.8
352.9	11.8	25.2	352.9	11.8	25.2	_	_	-	-
326.1	8.4	15.9	326.1	8.4	15.0	67.6	3.0		1.1
968.1	3.5	7.0							1.0
						171.3	160	2.3	29.7
			34				•		i
	4,586 5,079.5 1,223.7 918.9 13,568.7 10,914.0 2,259.2 6,301.3 959.9 1,938.7 2,591.6 402.3 4.28.6 2,042.2 1,124.1 560.4 236.3 2,141.6 352.9 326.1	12,245.7 80.0 4,586.7 23.0 5,079.5 5.9 1,223.7 2.3 918.9 1.5 13,568.7 84.8 10,914.0 112.5 7,259.2 44.2 6,301.3 8.2 959.9 40.0 1,918.7 18.4 2,591.6 7.9 40.2 3.5 4.28.6 2.2 2,042.2 3.1 1,124.1 4.7 580.4 2.2 236.3 1.4 2,141.6 2.7 352.9 11.8 326.1 8.4 968.1 3.5 241.0 1.3	12, 245. 7 80.0 150.5 4,586 23.0 42.5 5,079.5 5.9 11.6 1,223.7 2.3 14.0 918.9 1.5 5.0 13,568.7 84.8 152.0 10,914.0 112.5 191.0 7,259.2 44.2 *8.5 6,301.3 8.2 19.5 959.9 40.0 60.5 1,918.7 18.4 34.0 2,591.6 7.9 15.8 420.3 3.5 8.0 428.6 2.2 5.0 2,042.2 3.1 7.0 1,124.1 4.7 9.0 500.7 2.4 5.0 236.3 1.4 3.3 2,141.6 2.7 15.0 352.9 11.8 25.2 326.1 8.4 15.0 968.1 3.5 7.0 241.0 1.3 3.0	12, 245. 7 80.0 150.5 8,882.4 4,586 23.0 42.5 2,516.5 5,079.5 5.9 11.6 2,229.4 1,223.7 2.3 14.0 260.6 918.9 1.5 5.0 159.4 13,568.7 88.8 152.0 8,291.8 10,914.0 112.5 191.0 7,692.0 7,259.2 48.2 *8.5 8,291.8 6,301.3 8.2 19.5 8,291.8 7,259.2 48.2 *8.5 573.8 6,301.3 8.2 19.5 8,19.5 1,918.7 18.4 34.0 1,548.5 4,22.3 3.5 8.0 79.7 4,28.6 2.2 5.0 524.3 1,124.1 4.7 9.0 380.1 500.2 2.4 5.0 33.3 236.3 1.4 3.3 23.9 2,141.6 2.7 15.0 1,782.7 352.9 11.8 25.2 326.1 368.1 3.5 7.0 374.5 241.0 1.3 3.0 147.6	12, 285.7 8G.C 150.5 8,882.9 71.1 4,586 23.0 42.5 2,516.9 16.9 5,079.5 5.9 11.6 2,229.4 5.3 1,223.7 2.3 14.0 22,229.4 5.3 260.6 1.7 159.4 1.7 13,568.7 88.8 152.0 8,291.8 87.3 10,914.0 112.5 191.0 7,692.0 125.4 2,259.2 44.2 88.5 573.8 29.7 6,301.3 8.2 19.5 8,291.8 87.3 2,599.9 40.0 60.5 1,548.5 18.0 1,918.7 18.4 34.0 1,548.5 18.0 2,591.6 7.9 15.8 819.5 41.0 4,28.6 2.2 5.0 53.9 6.7 2,042.2 3.1 7.0 524.3 6.1 1,124.1 4.7 9.0 389.1 6.6 560.4 2.4 5.0 33.3 2.1 2,141.6 2.7 15.0 33.3 2.1 2,141.6 2.7 15.0 1,782.7 3.4 326.1 8.4 15.0 326.1 8.4 </td <td>12, 245, 3 8G.C 150.5 8,882.9 71.1 120.0 4,586 23.0 42.5 2,516.5 16.9 34.0 5,079.5 5.9 11.6 2,229.4 5.3 11.0 1,223.7 2.3 14.0 260.6 1.7 3.5 918.9 1.5 5.0 159.4 1.7 3.0 13,568.7 84.8 152.0 8,291.8 87.3 139.5 10,914.0 112.5 191.0 7,692.0 125.4 153.0 7,259.2 44.2 *8.5 573.8 28.7 50.5 6,301.3 8.2 19.5 3,450.4 14.4 32.9 959.9 40.0 60.5 1,548.5 18.0 34.0 2,591.6 7.9 15.8 948.8 8.5 18.5 452.3 3.5 8.0 79.7 6.1 * 4,28.6 2.2 5.0 53.9 6.7 * 2,042.2 3.1 7.0 524.3 6.1 14.0 3,50.4 <td< td=""><td>12, 245.7 80.0 150.5 8,882.9 71.1 120.0 3,362 4 4,586 23.0 42.5 2,516.5 16.9 34.0 2,069.5 5,079.5 5.9 11.6 2,229.4 5.3 11.0 2,850.1 1,223.7 2.3 18.0 260.6 1.7 3.5 963.1 918.9 1.5 5.0 159.4 1.7 3.0 759.5 13,568.7 84.8 152.0 8,291.8 87.3 139.5 5,276.9 10,914.0 112.5 191.0 7,692.0 175.4 153.0 3,222.0 7,259.2 44.2 *8.5 7,692.0 175.4 153.0 3,222.0 6,301.3 8.2 19.5 3,450.4 14.4 32.9 2,550.5 6,301.3 8.2 19.5 819.5 41.0 58.0 1,605.4 6,301.3 8.2 19.5 819.5 14.0 58.0 1,605.4 7998.7 18.4 34.0 1,548.5 18.0 34.0 370.2 2,591.6</td><td>12, 245, 3 80.0 150.5 8,882.9 71.1 120.0 3,362 % 120.1 4,586 23.0 42.5 2,516.5 16.9 34.0 2,069.5 42.6 5,079.5 5.9 11.6 2,229.4 5.3 11.0 2,850.1 6/4 1,223.7 2.3 14.0 260.6 1.7 3.5 963.1 245 918.9 1.5 5.0 159.4 1.7 3.0 759.5 125 13,568.7 84.8 152.0 8,291.8 87.3 139.5 5,276.9 81/2 10,914.0 112.5 191.0 7,692.0 175.4 153.0 3,222.0 130.3 10,914.0 112.5 191.0 7,692.0 175.4 153.0 3,222.0 130.3 10,914.0 112.5 191.0 7,692.0 175.4 153.0 3,222.0 130.3 1,914.0 112.5 191.0 573.8 29.7 50.5 1,685.4 54.8 2,959.9 40.0 60.5 819.5 41.0 32.4 2,550</td><td>12, 245. 7 80.0 150.5 8, 802.9 71.1 120.0 3, 362 4 120/1 206.0 4,586 23.0 42.5 2,516.5 16.9 34.0 2,069.5 42.7 96.1 5,079.5 5.9 11.6 2,229.4 5.3 34.0 2,069.5 42.7 96.1 1,223.7 2.3 18.0 260.6 1.7 3.5 963.1 22.5 5.0 918.9 1.5 5.0 159.4 1.7 3.0 759.5 12.5 5.0 13,568.7 84.8 152.0 8,291.8 87.3 139.5 5,276.9 81.2 105.0 13,568.7 84.2 8.5 573.8 28.7 50.5 1,685.4 54.8 118.7 7,259.2 44.2 *8.5 573.8 28.7 50.5 1,685.4 54.8 118.7 6,331.3 8.2 19.5 3,450.4 14.8 32.7 50.5 1,685.4 54.8 118.7 6,331.3 8.2 19.5 3,450.4 14.8 32.7 50.5 1,685.4 54.8 118.7 6,331.3 8.2 19.5 3,850.4 14.8 32.7 50.5 1,685.4 54.8 118.7 6,331.3 3.5 8.0 79.7 6.1 1 2 3.0 34.0 370.2 20.6 20.6 2,591.6 7.9 15.8 948.8 8.5 18.5 1,543.0 7/5 15.0 422.3 3.5 8.0 79.7 6.1 2 322.6 3,22 7.0 428.6 2.2 5.0 53.9 6.7 2 374.7 22.0 4.5 11.8 1.2 1.2 1.2 1.2 1.2 1.2 1.2 1.2 1.2 1.2</td></td<></td>	12, 245, 3 8G.C 150.5 8,882.9 71.1 120.0 4,586 23.0 42.5 2,516.5 16.9 34.0 5,079.5 5.9 11.6 2,229.4 5.3 11.0 1,223.7 2.3 14.0 260.6 1.7 3.5 918.9 1.5 5.0 159.4 1.7 3.0 13,568.7 84.8 152.0 8,291.8 87.3 139.5 10,914.0 112.5 191.0 7,692.0 125.4 153.0 7,259.2 44.2 *8.5 573.8 28.7 50.5 6,301.3 8.2 19.5 3,450.4 14.4 32.9 959.9 40.0 60.5 1,548.5 18.0 34.0 2,591.6 7.9 15.8 948.8 8.5 18.5 452.3 3.5 8.0 79.7 6.1 * 4,28.6 2.2 5.0 53.9 6.7 * 2,042.2 3.1 7.0 524.3 6.1 14.0 3,50.4 <td< td=""><td>12, 245.7 80.0 150.5 8,882.9 71.1 120.0 3,362 4 4,586 23.0 42.5 2,516.5 16.9 34.0 2,069.5 5,079.5 5.9 11.6 2,229.4 5.3 11.0 2,850.1 1,223.7 2.3 18.0 260.6 1.7 3.5 963.1 918.9 1.5 5.0 159.4 1.7 3.0 759.5 13,568.7 84.8 152.0 8,291.8 87.3 139.5 5,276.9 10,914.0 112.5 191.0 7,692.0 175.4 153.0 3,222.0 7,259.2 44.2 *8.5 7,692.0 175.4 153.0 3,222.0 6,301.3 8.2 19.5 3,450.4 14.4 32.9 2,550.5 6,301.3 8.2 19.5 819.5 41.0 58.0 1,605.4 6,301.3 8.2 19.5 819.5 14.0 58.0 1,605.4 7998.7 18.4 34.0 1,548.5 18.0 34.0 370.2 2,591.6</td><td>12, 245, 3 80.0 150.5 8,882.9 71.1 120.0 3,362 % 120.1 4,586 23.0 42.5 2,516.5 16.9 34.0 2,069.5 42.6 5,079.5 5.9 11.6 2,229.4 5.3 11.0 2,850.1 6/4 1,223.7 2.3 14.0 260.6 1.7 3.5 963.1 245 918.9 1.5 5.0 159.4 1.7 3.0 759.5 125 13,568.7 84.8 152.0 8,291.8 87.3 139.5 5,276.9 81/2 10,914.0 112.5 191.0 7,692.0 175.4 153.0 3,222.0 130.3 10,914.0 112.5 191.0 7,692.0 175.4 153.0 3,222.0 130.3 10,914.0 112.5 191.0 7,692.0 175.4 153.0 3,222.0 130.3 1,914.0 112.5 191.0 573.8 29.7 50.5 1,685.4 54.8 2,959.9 40.0 60.5 819.5 41.0 32.4 2,550</td><td>12, 245. 7 80.0 150.5 8, 802.9 71.1 120.0 3, 362 4 120/1 206.0 4,586 23.0 42.5 2,516.5 16.9 34.0 2,069.5 42.7 96.1 5,079.5 5.9 11.6 2,229.4 5.3 34.0 2,069.5 42.7 96.1 1,223.7 2.3 18.0 260.6 1.7 3.5 963.1 22.5 5.0 918.9 1.5 5.0 159.4 1.7 3.0 759.5 12.5 5.0 13,568.7 84.8 152.0 8,291.8 87.3 139.5 5,276.9 81.2 105.0 13,568.7 84.2 8.5 573.8 28.7 50.5 1,685.4 54.8 118.7 7,259.2 44.2 *8.5 573.8 28.7 50.5 1,685.4 54.8 118.7 6,331.3 8.2 19.5 3,450.4 14.8 32.7 50.5 1,685.4 54.8 118.7 6,331.3 8.2 19.5 3,450.4 14.8 32.7 50.5 1,685.4 54.8 118.7 6,331.3 8.2 19.5 3,850.4 14.8 32.7 50.5 1,685.4 54.8 118.7 6,331.3 3.5 8.0 79.7 6.1 1 2 3.0 34.0 370.2 20.6 20.6 2,591.6 7.9 15.8 948.8 8.5 18.5 1,543.0 7/5 15.0 422.3 3.5 8.0 79.7 6.1 2 322.6 3,22 7.0 428.6 2.2 5.0 53.9 6.7 2 374.7 22.0 4.5 11.8 1.2 1.2 1.2 1.2 1.2 1.2 1.2 1.2 1.2 1.2</td></td<>	12, 245.7 80.0 150.5 8,882.9 71.1 120.0 3,362 4 4,586 23.0 42.5 2,516.5 16.9 34.0 2,069.5 5,079.5 5.9 11.6 2,229.4 5.3 11.0 2,850.1 1,223.7 2.3 18.0 260.6 1.7 3.5 963.1 918.9 1.5 5.0 159.4 1.7 3.0 759.5 13,568.7 84.8 152.0 8,291.8 87.3 139.5 5,276.9 10,914.0 112.5 191.0 7,692.0 175.4 153.0 3,222.0 7,259.2 44.2 *8.5 7,692.0 175.4 153.0 3,222.0 6,301.3 8.2 19.5 3,450.4 14.4 32.9 2,550.5 6,301.3 8.2 19.5 819.5 41.0 58.0 1,605.4 6,301.3 8.2 19.5 819.5 14.0 58.0 1,605.4 7998.7 18.4 34.0 1,548.5 18.0 34.0 370.2 2,591.6	12, 245, 3 80.0 150.5 8,882.9 71.1 120.0 3,362 % 120.1 4,586 23.0 42.5 2,516.5 16.9 34.0 2,069.5 42.6 5,079.5 5.9 11.6 2,229.4 5.3 11.0 2,850.1 6/4 1,223.7 2.3 14.0 260.6 1.7 3.5 963.1 245 918.9 1.5 5.0 159.4 1.7 3.0 759.5 125 13,568.7 84.8 152.0 8,291.8 87.3 139.5 5,276.9 81/2 10,914.0 112.5 191.0 7,692.0 175.4 153.0 3,222.0 130.3 10,914.0 112.5 191.0 7,692.0 175.4 153.0 3,222.0 130.3 10,914.0 112.5 191.0 7,692.0 175.4 153.0 3,222.0 130.3 1,914.0 112.5 191.0 573.8 29.7 50.5 1,685.4 54.8 2,959.9 40.0 60.5 819.5 41.0 32.4 2,550	12, 245. 7 80.0 150.5 8, 802.9 71.1 120.0 3, 362 4 120/1 206.0 4,586 23.0 42.5 2,516.5 16.9 34.0 2,069.5 42.7 96.1 5,079.5 5.9 11.6 2,229.4 5.3 34.0 2,069.5 42.7 96.1 1,223.7 2.3 18.0 260.6 1.7 3.5 963.1 22.5 5.0 918.9 1.5 5.0 159.4 1.7 3.0 759.5 12.5 5.0 13,568.7 84.8 152.0 8,291.8 87.3 139.5 5,276.9 81.2 105.0 13,568.7 84.2 8.5 573.8 28.7 50.5 1,685.4 54.8 118.7 7,259.2 44.2 *8.5 573.8 28.7 50.5 1,685.4 54.8 118.7 6,331.3 8.2 19.5 3,450.4 14.8 32.7 50.5 1,685.4 54.8 118.7 6,331.3 8.2 19.5 3,450.4 14.8 32.7 50.5 1,685.4 54.8 118.7 6,331.3 8.2 19.5 3,850.4 14.8 32.7 50.5 1,685.4 54.8 118.7 6,331.3 3.5 8.0 79.7 6.1 1 2 3.0 34.0 370.2 20.6 20.6 2,591.6 7.9 15.8 948.8 8.5 18.5 1,543.0 7/5 15.0 422.3 3.5 8.0 79.7 6.1 2 322.6 3,22 7.0 428.6 2.2 5.0 53.9 6.7 2 374.7 22.0 4.5 11.8 1.2 1.2 1.2 1.2 1.2 1.2 1.2 1.2 1.2 1.2

TABLE 15.-MEAN NUMBER OF LIBRARY STAFF (INCLIDING CONTRIBUTED SERVICE) IN ZULL-TIME NQUIVALENTS (PTE), BY CATEGORY OF STAFF AND BY CONTROL, TYPE, AND SIZE OF COLLEGE OR UNIVERSITY: AGGREGATE CHITED STATES, FALL 1968

[FOR ANY CATEGORY IN COLUMNS 3-8, THE APPROXIMATE NUMBER OF PTE STAFF MAY BE OBTAINED BY MULTIPLYING THE LIAD DROVE FOR THAT CATEGORY BY THE NUMBER OF INSTITUTIONS IN COLUMN 2.]

		323	A MARKE OF THE	BRARY STAPP	TRUINDING CONIN	BUTED SERVICE) 1	E PRE
CONTROL, TITE, AND ENGOLISEDY SIZE OF INSTITUTION	1911-47 1271- 7177FH OF	THIEF LICEANIAS	issociate Afd Assistant Lielhrians	BELUS OF ELION LIBRARI U (ITS	CTHER - PROFESSIONAL LIMMANIANS	PROFESSIONAL STAPP STHER THAN SIMPARIANS	NOS- PROPESSIONAL STAFF
1	ž	3	*	5	6	7	\$
PUBLIC AND PAIMATE, IDIAL	2,370	1.0	1.3	1.5	3.*	9	10.1
ALL TYPES 10,021 ON PORE 5,040 TO 5,99, 1,001 TO 4,99, 10,001 ON POPE 5,001 TO 7,77, FOUR-YEAK LEST'S SITE GENERAL STUDENTS 10,001 ON POPE 5,001 TO 7,77, 10,001 ON POPE 5,001 TO 7,77, 1,001 TO 7,77,	942 125 189 420 153 75 75 73 24 239 20 36	1_0 1_0 1_0 1_0 1_0 -9 1_0 1_0 1_0 1_0	1.6 3.6 2.0 1.7 -9 -* 3.* *.2 2.1 1.* 2.3 2.2	2.4 19.1 3.7 1.9 .2 .1 12.4 14.8 6.0	5.4 29.4 5.8 1.2 .2 .2 .2 35.0 ₹3.1 8.1 5.6 21.2 7.1 2.5	1.3 5.2 1.6 .6 .2 .2 .2 6.5 8.1 1.7	14.9 71.1 16.9 5.3 1.7 87.3 105.4 28.7
TOURTER COLL TROUBLE S'YEAR COLL	13 8	1.0	2.7 .6	1.1	. 8 1.2	.1	6.1 6.7
CERLOUI, UTAUDADA VIV,# UT AGO,1 VVV CT OCC 600 WAST GOSL	ដ 5 b 1 ន់ ពិ	1.0 1.9 -9 -6	1.7 1.8 1.7	1.4 1.4 .5 .4	1.6 1.6 .4 1.3	1.0 .6	6.1 6.6 2.1 4.0
20-7212 132717015045 2022 20 2020,01 2071, 03 000,02 2014, 03 000,02 2014, 03 000 2014, 03 000 2014, 03 000	5.2 39 243 124 81	1.0 1.0 1.0 1.0 1.0	1-± 3-2 2-4 1-4 -5	.3 1.6 .5 .3 .1	.5 2.8 1.9 .4 .1	-3 -8 -4 -3 -1 -2	3.4 11.8 8.4 3.5 1.2
######################################	1,428 2n 50 443 337 520	.9 1.3 1.0 1.0 1.0	1.0 2.8 1.6 1.2 1.;	1. 1 13. 1 7. 7 1. 5 . 3 . 1	2-1 43-6 14-4 1-7 -5	-7 6-7 2-7 -8 -5	7.0 120.1 41.4 6.4 2.5 1.5
USIVERSALES 10,000 de 030,01 5,600,00	აS 24 31	1.6 1.3 1.6	2.0 2.7 1.4	11.1 13.9 7.9	29.1 49.2 19.3	4.6 6.# 3.#	81.2 134.2 54.4
FOUR-YEAR LAST'S ALTH SREADARE SAUDUMES 10,000 OB HORE 5,000 TO 9,793 1,000 TO 2,993 1,000 TO 993 Lens Han SCO	526 4 13 218 101 125	1.0 1.5 .9 1.0 1.0	1.0 3.2 2.0 1.2 1.1	1. 1 8-6 4-2 1.8 -5	1.4 10.1 6.4 2.0 .9	8.5 1.6 .8 .6	5.4 35.1 20.6 7.5 3.2 2.0
POSE-fear ISSY'S REFECT GRADUATE ELUDERTS 1,000 TO 1,000 500 TO 900 LESS THAN 500	573 133 223 160	1.0 1.0 1.0	1.1 1.3 1.2	1.0 .3 .1	1.0 -4 -2	.5 .7 .5	2.6 4.1 2.4 1.3
Tab-Tear labilibilibad 10,000 du nome 5,000 du 7,707 1,000 do 777	259 - - 32 53 109	- 9 - - 9 - 9	-5 - 1.1 -7 -4	-1 - - -4 -1	.2 - - .3 .2 -1	.2 - .2 .3	1.4 - - 2.9 1.6 1.0



TEME 16.—NUMBER AND PERCENT OF INSTITUTIONS WINE AT LEAST ONE FULL-TIME LIBRARY STAFF MEXICE, BY SERVICE STATUS AND ST CONTROL, TYPE, AND SIZE OF COLLEGE OR UNEVERSITY: AGGREGATE UNITED STATES, FALL 1966

[DETRIES IN CULTURA 4-4 DESTRICT FOR TO ROTE THAT SURBLE IN COLUMN 3 BECAUSE INSTITUTIONS OFFER HAVE STAFF

LECTED IN COLUMN	ur flet simus.	1							
	•		FIERUT	67 <u>15581</u> 7	UTIOSS WITH A	T LEAST ONE	FULL-TIME	STAFF ME	192R
				nstf		PER	CEST (EAS	ED CH COI	XX 2)
COTTOL, TITE, 225 EXECULELY BLOS OF INSTINUIOS	143124 OF 14571- 7311745 14 34172455	any Full-Tibl Colibici Status	11-12 40528	510 EUXT I	CCRISTFOLED SESSIFE	JEY TULL-TIEE CONTRACT STATUS	11-12 BONTE	9-10 BOTTH	CONTRIBUTED
1	2	3	*	5	6	7	e	,	10
FOALIC 155 TYIVAYL, TOTAL	£, 57ú	2,315	1,552	55.	285	58	82	36	12
<u> Puplic</u>									
ALL TYPES 10,000 or EUF2 5,000 to 7,05**	742 125 109	931 125 149	#17 124 145	438 49 72	-	100 100	87 99 97	46 39 48 46	=
1,000 10 4,5 500 TO 39,	4≥0 1>3	\$19 152	354 115	194 79	-	100 99	91 75	52	-
LESS THEN SES	25	ชธ์	\$9	**	-	51	52	46	-
2302 40 COU,01 2302 40 COU,01 548,4 OF OUC,6	73 20	95 73 2¢	55 73 20	21 12 2	-	160 100 160	100 100 100	22 25 10	Ξ
FORT YEAF INSTIBLE AND PROPERTY STRUCTURES TO 0.00,01	239 20	239 20	233 20	77	_	100 100	97 100	32 20	-
5,000 20 9,399	մս 112	£6 112	33 110	36 33	_	100 100	97 90	44 29	_
902 MMB 5531 902 MMB 5531	13	13 6	12 8	2 -	-	100 160	92 100	15	Ξ
TOUR-YELR INST'S WITHOUT	36	84	32	22	Ξ	98 100	95 100	26 21	=
1,000 01 4,799 500 UT 009 1253 KAET 2531	58 10 0	58 : 15 5	58 1*	12 3 3	=	94 63	87 67	13 50	=
TEO-YEAR INSTITUTIONS	522	513	407	318	-	98	75	61	_
10,000 02 2032	30 34	3u 35	29 3£	26 29	-	100 100	57 9 7	87 74	_
5,000 TO 9,979 1,000 TO 4,539	248	247	214 39	14E 74	Ξ	100 100	56 72	60 60	Ξ
LESS THAN 500	124 51	124 73	37	41	-	90	46	51	-
SKIVATE							74	a é	70
ALL TYPES 10,000 03 ROZZ	1,≤25 28	1,354 28	3,135 26	418 2	283 3	97 100	79 100	29 7	11
5,000 TO 9,919	50 4*3	50 439	50 415	5 12≒	8 70	100	100 94	12 28	16 16
1,065 10 #,939 888 OT 002	397	363	326	144 142	68 139	99 93	84 61	37 27	18 27
LESS THAN 500	520	4 84 65	316 65	5	9	100	100		14
UNIVERSITIES 10,090 OR MORE	65 24	2*	24	1	2	100 100	100 100	4 13	8 19
FFF, F DE 000,5	31	31	31	4	6	100	100	.,	••
FOUR-YEAR LASY'S WITH GRADUATE STUDINGS	526	512	* 69	98	97	57	89	19	18
10,000 or nore	¥ 16	4 15	18	1 2	1	100	100 100	25 11	25 6
5,000 TO 9,999 1,000 TO 4,999	218	218	211	جَبَ 23	38 19	100 100	97 89	22 23	17 1 9
SOU TO 999 LESS THAN 500	101 185	101 171	30 146	25	38	92	79	14	21
FOUR-YEAR 1451'5 JY26091	· · · ·	554	465	~9 7	131	98	80	34	23
GRADUARE STUDENTS 1,000 to 4,759	578 163	181	172	60	29	99 99	94 85	33 40	16 - 21
500 TO 999 Less than 500	228 166	226 156	193 99	92 45	47 54	94	60	27	23
THO-YEAR INSTITUTIONS 10,000 CK 8088	259 -	243	136	118	51 -	94	53 -	46	20
5,000 to 9,999	- 3 <u>2</u>	30	22	- 17	2	94	69	53	-
1,000 00 00 060 01 030 060 01 030	58 169	56 157	43 7:	29 7 2	2 47		74 42	50 43	3 28
LESS THAN 500	109	157	,	- 2	**		_		



TABLE 17.—HEAR AND 90-PERCENTILE SALARIES FOR REGISHING SALARY PAID TO A LIBRARY SCHOOL GRADUATE; BY CONTRACT STATUS AND BY CONTROL, TYPE, AND SIZE OF COLLEGE OR MINIMASTY: AGGREGATE WITTED STATES, PALL 1908

	ENI	LOYED 11-12 805	TIS	imployed 9-10 morths				
		51	Liry		SA	LARY		
CONTROL, TYPE, AND ESCOLLERY SIZE OF 14571TUTION	Number of Institutions Weforming Salany	BEAR	PERCENTILE 90-	NUMBER CP INSTITUTIONS REPORTING SALARY	mey x	58 BC BOST I		
1	2	3		5		7		
PUSLIC								
ILL TIPES	213	\$ 9,117	\$ 12,100	252	\$ 7,753	\$ 9,000		
10,000 OR 2082	18	12,060	•	*0	7,606	8,540		
5,600 TO 9,994	38	19,229	12, 133	54	7,785	8,900		
vee, a 030,1	115	5, 4 72	11,325	95	7,819	9,000		
570 TO 379 LESS TEAM 500	24 8	7,695 5,774	9,590	16 7	7,911 7,200	•		
INIVERSITIES	5	10,791	•	70	7,308	7,920		
16,600 OR HORE	3	12,511	•	58	7,243	7,800		
5,005 20 3,499	2	å,210	•	11	7,692	•		
POUR-YEAR INST'S MITE	l _		** ***	***	7 8/4			
GRAPYATE STUDENTS 10,000 CE NURL	35 1	9,422 13,100	11,249	107 16	7,768 7,950	9,000		
5,000 10 2,999	17	7,92\$		35	7,717	8,000		
1,000 TU 4,339	16	8,756	•	47	7,782	9,000		
500 TO 939	1	7,792	•	7	7,629	•		
LESS TEAM 500	-	-	-	2	7,290	•		
OUR-YELK INST'S MITHOUT GRADULTE SYUDENTS	9	8,231	•	24	7,657	8,978		
1.000 TO 4.339	7	7,943		16	7,615	•,,,,		
SUU TO 999	l i	7,500	•		7,425	•		
LESS THAN 500	_	_	-	1	7,932	•		
20-Y2AR INSTITUTIONS	160	9,046	12, 188	51	8, 166	9,650		
TKOE NO GGO, OF	15	11,889	•	5	9,341	•		
5,000 10 2,933	18 92	10,571	12 000	6 31	8,347 9,017	9:250		
1,650 16 4,944 500 TO 99 3	32	4,902 7,698	12,000 9,500	5	8,017 8,694	7;234		
LESS THAY 500	7	6,774	,,,,,,	4	6,922	•		
PRIVATE								
LL TYPES	173	6,536	3, 500	228	6,900	7,500		
10,000 OK 2022 5,000 TO 9,999	2	5,583	-	22 26	7,230 6,714	7,600 7,400		
1,000 19 9,999	57	7,065	9,000	99	6, 935	7,500		
500 TO 999	75	5,840	8,000	50	7,010	7,600		
LESS THAN 500	29	5,225	7,500	31	6,531	7,500		
HIVERSITI.S	1	5,000	•	44	7,019	7,600		
10,000 CR 5,032 5,000 TO 3,939	1	5,000	-	19 20	7,213 5 ₅ 360			
	•	200	_		2,7000			
OUR-TEAK 1257'S WITH GRADUATE SCUDENTS	35	6,736	* ,500	95	6,863	7,500		
10,000 or hore	-	-	· -	3	7,333	•		
5,000 TO 9,993	1	6,156	•	6	5,894			
1,000 10 4,999 500 TO 999	17 11	5,969 7,527		59 17	6,936 6,975	7,500		
LESS THAN 500	' :	5,013	•	10	6, 580	•		
OUR-TERS ISST'S ALTHOUT								
GRADUATE STUDENTS	91	3, 65 8	8,200	77	6,925	7,500		
1,650 10 4,999	29	7,150	8,800	33	6,958	7,500		
500 TO 999 Less than 500	49 13	6,747 5,227	7,980	31 13	7,045 6,554	7,600		
NO-YEAR INSTITUTIONS	40	6,135	7,500	12	6,597	•		
10,000 UK EORE 5,000 TO 3,999	-		_	-	-	_		
	11	,995	-	2 2	7,600	•		
				-	-,			
1,000 to 4,999 500 to 979	15	0,634	• 1	2	6,750			

TABLE 18.--MEAN AND 90-PUNCENTILE SALARISE OF PULL-TIME CHIEF LIMARIANE, BY CONTRACT STATUS AND BY CONTROL, TYPE, AND SIZE OF COLLEGE OR WHYMESTY: AGGREGATE WHYME STATES, FALL 1908

	-31 11	97 <u>2</u> 0 11-1	2 663345	282	LOYED 9-10	ZRTHCH	CONTRIBUTED SETVICE		
			SALARY		<u> </u>	SALARY		<u> </u>	ALARY
Curtell, 477-e, 453 2680llbest 5172 up 16571731103	Junuer Op Staff	Bear	99- PERCENTILL	nurber of Stapp	KASE	90- PERCENTILE	Dunser Of Starp	REAR	PERCENTIL
1	2]_3	3	_ 5	1 :	<u>i 7 </u>		<u> </u>	1 12
PUELIC									
ALL IYEES	711	\$14,300	\$20,400	205	\$10,678	\$ 14,330	-	-	-
10,000 OR ZULZ	113	20,305	26,000	10	14,167	17,370	_	-	=
5,000 10 9,944 1,000 70 4,934	125 330	10,427 12,973	20,500 16,525	22 85	14,074 11,167	13,820	-	_	_
700 70 77777 746 01 602	53	10,600	13,738	49	9,417	12,469	-	_	-
LESS THAN SO)	ě٤	10,373	15,900	39	8,385	9,500	-	-	-
WITTES TIES	44	25,302	25,000	1	13,900	•	-	-	-
10,000 02 5045	72	21,220	26,000	1	13,900	•	-	<u>-</u>	-
5,000 70 9,999	20	17,519	•	-	-	-	_	_	_
OUR-YEAR INSI'S WITH							_	_	-
JEADUAYE STUDENTS	∠16 12	15,323 21,648	21,396	21 1	12, 3 52 19,000	17,670	-	-	_
10,000 OK MORJ 5,000 TO 9,999	74	16,459	21,396	11	13,483	•	-	_	-
עניל, אי סז כטנון	105	14,051	17,500	7	11,944	•	-	-	-
500 20 931	11	13,5 6 2	•	2	10,530	•	_	_	
LESS THAN 500	3	13,740	•	_	_	_			
OUR-YEAR ISSI'S WETHOUT						_		_	_
GPADULTE STUJENTS	75 55	12,936 13,079	16,273 17,500	9	12,941 13,233	*	_	_	-
1,000 TO 4,991 500 TO 999	13	11,821	*	2	12,280	•	_	_	•-
LESS THAN 500	4	13,342	•	1	7,440	•	-	-	-
SHOIIUTITERI SASY-UK	326	12, 139	16,687	174	10,244	13,700	-	-	-
16,000 OR BORE	21	17,006	19,647	8	13,084	•	-	-	-
5,000 70 9,999	31	15,698	18,310 15,664	8 75	14,569 11,072	13,500	_	-	-
1,000 to 4,959 590 to 939	163 75	12,239 10,305	13,000	45	9,240	11,880	_	-	-
IZSS THAN 500	31	5, 122	12,000	38	8,410	9,500	-	-	-
<u> PYTVATE</u>									
LL TYPES	949	10,687	15,500	169	7,447	10,400	237	\$ 9,591	\$14,500
10,000 Ok MORE	26	21,571	27,500	-			1	13,500	•
5,000 TO 9,999	39	16,456	20,000 15,500	2 28	15,750 9,168	11,600	7 52	13,568 11,893	15,000
1,000 IO 4,939 500 TO 999	350 2 6 5	11,593 9,899	13,125	-52	8, 169	10, 100	55	10,263	13,000
LESS THAN 500	269	. 8,317	11,406	67	6,271	8,500	122	8,824	12,000
NIVERS111ES	55	19, 167	26,000	2	15,750	•	6	15,990	•
10,000 OR HORZ	23	22,098	28,900	_	_	-	=	_	-
5,000 TO 9,999	24	17,270	22,000	2	15,750	•	5	16,286	•
DUR-YEAR INST'S WITH							ď.	an ' 2'at	45 000
GRADUATE STUDENTS	39°	10,854 17,533	15,500	24	9, 193	14,600 	82 1	10 , 7 15 13 , 500	15,000
10,000 OR BOR2 5,000 TO 9,444	15	15, 155	•	_	_	-	i	1,740	
1,000 40 4,999	176	11,891	16,000		11,299	•	32	.12,411	15,508
5GG TO 999 LESS THAN 5GG	75 125	10,941 8,665	15,000 12,180	7	0,754 7,353	:	14 34	10,244 9,503	12,000
		0,003	12,100	•	.,				-
DUR-12AR INST'S AITHOUT GRADUATE STUDENTS	381	9.986	13,206	63	7,229	10,000	108	9,738	13,000
1,000 TU 4,999		-11,288	14,300	12	8,398	•	19	10,884	•
500 TO 999	154	9,716	12,500	25	8,528	10,100	40	10,301	14,000 12,200
LESS THAN 500	82	8,191	10,000	26	5,440	7,000		8,773	_
NO-YEAR INSTITUTIONS 10,000 OK NORE	109	e, 177 -	10,500	80	6,887 _	9,500	41	8,324	10,000
5,600 TO 9,999		A`0:2	_	- 4	-	-	-	-	-
1,000 TO 4,999 500 TO 333	20 36	8,863 8,511	12,000	18	8,191 7,376		3	9,000	
LESS THAN 330	53	7,692	9,200	54	6,530	8,500	40	8,308	10,000

TABLE 19.--MEAN AND 90-PERCENTILE SALARIES OF FULL-TIME ASSOCIATE AND ASSISTANT LIBRARIANS, BY CONTRACT STATUS AND BY CONTROL, TYPE, AND SIZE OF COLLEGE OR UNIVERSITY: AGGREGATE UNITED SYMMES, FALL 1968

	£271	WES 11-12	Z-PTTHS	Entl	OYED 9-10	AORTES	_ α	MIBIBOTEC :	SERVICE
		s	11ARI		<u> </u>	SALARY			ALABY
ENFOLITER SIGN OF CONTRACTION	Poter Of State	FEAN	PENCENTILE 9)-	Nubbly Of Staff	HEAN	9G- PZECENTILE	NUESER OF STAPP	MEAR	90-
1	2	3	4	5	<u> </u>	7	8	,	10
roslic	i								
ALL THES		\$19,247	\$ 15, 154	324	\$ 9,556	\$13,127	_	_	_
10,635 33 5 43 5,600 75 ,333	37s ∠51	12,400 10,650	17,64∠ 13,996	52 121	12,112 9,696	15,350 12,612	_	=	Ξ
1,000 20 4,195	~95	9,282	11,497	192	9,925	12,255	_	-	_
Siu cu 199 Led teax 500	#2 21	8,52¤ 8,7¤3	10,585 11,933	40 9	7,7*0 6,799	9,860	_	_	_
UNIVERSITIES	405	11,721	17,356	6	11,364	•	_	_	_
16,006 JL 2612 5,606 TO 3,939	314 79	12,349 9, 3 34	17,806 13,320	# 2	12,940 8,210	•	_	- 	_
•	,,	7,75-	.5,420	•	2,210				
FUE-1144 Idoi's AITH GRACUIC 411UCARD	455	10,019	13,510	99	9,244	11,533	_	_	-
5£08 &0 0.0,01 645.9 OT 919.5	∠7 11s	14,017 11,034	15,300 10,100	2 74	13,100 9,391	11,450		_	=
1,000 70 4,999	∠2 .;	9,191	11,784	22	8,463	11,400	_	_	_
, 565 to 399 058 MART 2831	33 5	8,685 10,790	11,057	1	7,792	<u>•</u>	_	_	_
	,	10,779		_	_	_	_		
FOUR-YEAR ISST'S WITHOUT GRADUATE JIUDESTS	126	9,417	12,533	17	6,477	*	_	_	_
1,000 TO 4,539	មថ	9,630	13,300	74	8,405	•	-	_	-
5GC TO 199 LESS THAN 500	24 2	ಕ್ಕಿ ೫೭೦ 7, 254	10,800	2	7,50C -	-	=	Ξ	Ξ
TWO-YEAR INSTITUTIONS	300	9,732	13,200	302	9,684	13,491	_	_	_
10,000 05 5032	36	11,543	14,267	56	12,017	15,343	-	_	.
5,000 TO 9,945 1,000 TO 4,979	45 179	11,294 9,360	14,275 11,814	44 156	30,786 9,160	13,477 12,600	_	=	Ξ
500 TO 999	35	8,16K	9,350	37	7,751	9,460	-	-	-
LESS THAN 500	14	s, 225	•	9	6,799	,	_	-	_
FRIVATE									
ALL TIPES 10,000 UP HORZ	ახს 75	შ,ია0 14,35¤	12,597 20,390	258	C,544	8,740	149	\$ 7,791	\$ 10,517
5,600 70 7,497	68	10,680	13,886	5	5,700	4	3	10,333	
1,080 TO 9,997 506 TO 999	383 239	تدذ, ه 7,55%	11,457 9,696	95 102	6,964 6,950	9,375 8,5 6 7	45 55	7,993 8,084	10,250 11,250
LEDN THAN 500	121	0,576	8,890	56	5,169	7,675	46	7,078	8,950
UKIV2SSI7115	122	13,341	20,000	2	5,000	•	3	10,333	•
10,000 ox 8082 5,000 TO 9,-99	63 39	15,391 12,065	20,390 15,400	- 2 -	5,000	-	3	10,333	-
	2,	.2,000	15,400	•	2,300	Ì	-	,,,,,,	
FOUR-YEAR INST'S WITH GRADUATE STUDENTS	363	3,114	11,674	60	6,572	10,000	48	7,793	10,100
10,000 08 2052	12	ย้างแห	•	-	~	-	<u>-</u>	· -	-
5,006 TO 9,939 1,000 20 4,997	500 3A	ತ್ರಿ ಚ17 ಚ್ಚ341	12,550 11,133	3 31	6,166 6,478	9,450	24	8;272	10,600
500 70 494	75	7,922	10,500	17	7,674		15 9	7,803	*
less than doo	67	7,206	10,371	9	4,953	•	,	6,500	•
FOUR-YEAR 1857'S WITHOUT GRADUATE SIUDENTS	340	7,647	9,851	131	6,693	9,606	87	7,863	10,767
1,000 10 4.939	151	3,379	10,737	45	7,193	8,944	20	7,633	
SOG TO 977 . LESS THAN SOG	149 40	7,345 6,012	7,444 7,778	63 23	6,909 5,122	8,462 7,675	40 27	8,190 7,615	12,000 1 0, 300
ZKOITUTIZKI KKSY-OWE	\$1	6,728	B,762	65	5,268	8,300	11	6,364	•
10,000 OR ACRE 5,000 10 9,939	-	-		-	~ ~	=	_	_	=
1,000 TO 4,739	12	7,217	*	19	7,216	•	1	8,500	•
580 TO 999 LESS FHAN SUO	15 14	7,769 5,171	*	22 24	6,509 5,296	7,800 7,200	10	6,150	- *
				-					

TABLE 20.--MEAN AND 90-PERCENTILE SALARIES OF FULL-TIME BEADS OF MAJOR LIBRARY UNITS, BY CONTRACT STATUS AND BY CONTROL, TYPE, AND SIZE OF COLLEGE OR UNIVERSITY: AGGREGATE UNITED STATES, PALL 1968

		LOYER 11-1	2 EUNTES	Esp	LOYED 9-10	HOSTES	cor	TRIBUTED :	SERVICE
ŗ			SALATY	}	L	SALARY		<u> </u>	SALA BY
CONTROL, 1672, 142 INCOLUTE T SIZE OF INSCRIPTIOS	ychled JF E11fi	ELAX	9)- PECE311LE	SUSSER OF STAFF	MEAN	90- Percentile	Noeber CF Staff	PEAN	90- PERCESTILE
1	2	3	•	5	6	7	8	,	10
PUBLIC									
ALL TIPES	1,450	\$12,091	\$ 14, 144	∂F5	\$ 9,457	\$ 12,744	-	-	_
19,000 is 2092	1, 179	11,212	15,170 12,33	63 116	10,316 8,928	13,411 11,848	_	_	-
5,601 10 7,777 1,601 TC 4,734	±.;? 319	19,095 9,7"2	12,335	52	9,395	12,691	-	_	-
256 ED 744	ž3	3,6-3	11,675	ا ا	3,117	*	_	_	_
LESS THEA 500	11	9,250	•	1	6,590	•	_	-	_
##14F2121F2	1,100	10,67	14,596	51	10,131 10,251	13,362 13,436	_	=	Ξ
10,000 07 40s2 5,000 10 7,777	929 115	11,020 7,864	14,569 13,154	3	8,103	.5,750	-	-	-
FOUS-YEAR ISST'S YEYS									
GRADUATE JIUULITS	659	10,301	13,052	160	9,056	11,784	-	_	- -
10,000 01 HUSE	137	1.2,067	16,574	19	9,950 8,875	11,765	_	Ξ	<u>-</u>
5,000 TO 7,743 1,000 TO 4,774	294 469	10,96) 9,543	12,701 11,898	42	9,215	11,760	_	_	-
ייני טוי שטיי	10	10,050	•	-	_	-	-	-	-
LESS CHEN 599	¥	3,581	•	_	-	-	_	_	_
FOUR-YEAR ISST'S AITHOUT			12	,,,	8,570	12,200	_	_	_
GRADUATE STUDENTS 1,000 00 4,733	ห ฮ 56	9,04C 9,834	12,300 13,350	27 15	9,168	12,200	_	_	_
500 20 4,139	ä	7,583	•	; =	_	-	-	-	-
LESS TEAS 500	2	11,070	*	-	-	-	i -	-	-
TWO-YEAR INSTITUTABLE	97	11,946	15,912	44	10,339	13,514	-	-	-
10,0() OF NURE	35	14,000	17,250	12	11,661 12,109	:	I -	_	<u>-</u>
5,000 TO 7,713	15 42	12,62 4 10,2 9 2	13,371	25	9,932	13, 167	_	_	-
500 TO 999	3	5,973	•	3	8,117	•	-	-	-
LESS THAN 500	-	-	-	1	8,500	*	-	-	-
Paivate									
ALL TYPES	1,468	9,562	14,102	78	6,643	9,214	50	\$ 7,927	\$11,800
10,000 OR XOZE	359	11,632	17,080	1 1	6,700	•	2	10,963 3,500	•
5,000 70 7,197	376 567	10,412 5,325	14,930 10,554	5 5 5 9	7,440 5,615	9,586	22	7,454	10,800
1,000 TO 4,337 500 TO 393	78	7,650	9,514	24	6,539	¥,300	8	7,963	•
LESS THAN 500	23	7,023	8,867	4	5,389		14	8,929	•
UNIVERSITIES	711	11,117	15,77	-	-	-	2	11,175	*
10,000 OE #032 5,000 TO 9,393	329 305	11,926 10,734	17,46. 15,17 <i>1</i>	1 :	Ξ	Ξ	2 -	11,175	² 200
	303	10,754	.5,						200
FILE STERE HARY-RUDE	485	8.346	10,646	53	6,7311	9,814	34	7,838	11,886
35CK E0 030,01	30	8,471	11,429	1	6,700		2	10,750	
5,600 20 2,319	63	9,004	11,435	5	7,440	9,800	13	3,500 7,769	•
1,000 TO 4,437 500 TO 937	332 30	8,3E0 7,623	10,387 9,550	2	5,563 6,725	9,000	5	6,000	•
LESS THAN SUD	19	6,566	•	1	11,000	•	12	8,917	•
FOUR-YEAR INST'S WITHOUT								9	_
GRADUATE STUDESTS	200	7,608 7,786	9,743	29 10	6,502 6,630	8,367	12 9	7,45 8 7,000	•
1,000 TU 4,979 500 TO 999	151 40	7,786	9,737 9,500	16	6,626	•	3	6,833	•
LEUS THAN 500	76	8,133	•	1	3,000	•	-	-	-
THO-YEAR IESTIFUTIONS	12	7,575	•	16	6,583	*	2	9,000	•
10,000 of aore	-	· -	-		-			_	-
5,000 TO 9,999	7	7,657	-	5	7,040	-	-	_	-
1,000 to 4,999 500 to 499	2	7,100	*		6,558	•	-	_	-
LES THAN SUJ	3	7,700	•	7	6,214	•	2	9,000	•
l									
							<u> </u>		

TABLE 21.—HEAR AND 90-PERCENTILE SALARIES OF OTHER PULL-TIME PROFESSIONAL LIBRARIANS, BY COMTRACT STATUS AND BY CONTROL, TYPE, AND SIZE OF COLLEGE OR UNIVERSITY: AGGREGATE UNITZD STATES, FALL 1968

	2271	.0YED 11-1		EHP	LOYED 9-10) MONTAS	α	77.313 97.30 :	
Cortrol, 1472, and Encollnent 5122 of Institution	Subber 10 1412	REAR	SALARY 90- PEECENTILE	NUMBER OP Stapp	MEAN	SALARI 90- PERCENTILE	DUSCER OF CEAPE	BRAN	PENCESTILE 90-
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	,	10
Puslic					-			•	1
ALL TYPES 10,000 NO EURE 5,000 00 00,000 1,000 00 4,949 1,000 00 4,949 200 00 00 200 TANE 623	4,380 3,373 625 346 20 16	\$ 8,757 5,814 8,545 8,545 7,998 7,780	\$11,323 11,400 10,205 11,081 *	482 165 203 110 3	\$ 8,735 8,790 8,715 8,721 7,933 7,746	\$11,772 72,937 31,497 11,333	-	-	=
5,000 OK RC22 5,000 OK RC22 5,000 TG 9,777	3,127 2,904 153	8,641 2,673 2,070	11,187 11,221 9,384	85 \$2 1	7, 86 7 7,893 5,500	11,600 11,086 *	- -	=	=
FOUR-YEAR INST'S AITH GRADUATE STUDENTS 10,000 OR HORE 5,000 10 9,999 1,000 TO 4,979 500 TO 999 LESS THAN 500	1,317 374 435 199 8 10	8,967 9,777 9,572 8,429 7,360 7,343	11,486 11,792 10,902 10,592	252 30 150 71 1	8,316 7,895 8,231 8,688 7,300	10,469 9,333 10,267 11,062 +		-	-
FOUR-YEAR 1851'S AIRHOUT CHEDUATE STUDEETS 1,000 TO 5,799 500 TO 999 LESS THAN 500	110 92 7 5	8,473 8,357 9,116 8,878	10,000 9,345 *	27 - - 1	8,341 - 7,746	10,200 - - *	=	:	:
TWO-KIAR INSTITUTIONS 10,000 NO COE, 10,000 TO 9,799 1,000 TO 9,799 1,000 TO 900 1,000 WART CCEL	126 30 36 5* 5	9,840 10,585 10,310 4,392 7,455 6,656	13,138 1*,000 12,200 13,533	118 46 33 37 2	10,347 11,253 10,920 8,823 8,250	14,033 14,686 14,680 11,691	-	-	:
PRIVATE 10,000 OR NORE 5,000 TO 7,499 1,000 TO 6,499 500 TO 999 LESS THAN 500	2,637 1,186 632 597 129 51	8,044 8,728 7,912 7,317 6,498 6,397	9,860 11,735 9,291 8,543 8,256 7,408	78 - 46 25 7	5,649 - - 5,347 6,413 4,903	7,708 - - 7,711 7,875	40 2 1 19 6	\$ 7,035 10,250 3,500 7,483 6,813 6,196	\$10,000 • • •
UNIVERSITIES 10,000 NO MORE 5,000 TO J,999	1,823 1,144 578	8,431 8,762 7,965	10,650 11,308 9,380	=	=		2 5 -	8,125 10,000	:
FOUR-YEAR INST'S WITH STADUATS STADUARS SPON ED COO,OI C'C', OI COO,I C'C', OI COO,I C'C', OI COO SOC WALL SESS	597 36 102 356 75 28	7,344 7,639 7,616 7,413 6,805 0,535	8,355 9,100 8,625 8,937 3,423 8,100	35 - - 26 6 3	4,905 - 4,399 7,084 4,940	7,625 - - 6,900 +	18 1 1 10 1 5	7,305 10,500 3,500 7,465 6,100 7,350	•
FOUL-YEAR INST'S ALTHOUT GRADUATE SIDENTS 1,000 TO 4,099 500 TO 199 LESS THAN 500	190 133 47 14	6,849 7,114 4,265 6,385	8,496 8,652 7,942 *	37 17 18 2	6,352 5,665 6,241 5,250	7,767 * *	19 8 5 6	6,798 7,659 6,956 5,517	:
Thu-Year lustitutions 10,000 cr ross 5,000 to 9,019 1,000 to 4,990 500 10 409 LESS Thai 500	23 - - 7 7 9	5,675 - 5,760 5,186 5,989	7,425 - - * *	6 - - 3 1 2	5,467 - 6,100 5,500 4,500	- - • •	1 - - - 1	4,500 - - - - - 4,500	-

TABLE 22.—HEAR AND 90-PERCENTILE SALARIES OF FULL-TIME PROFESSIONAL STAFF OTHER THAN LIBRARIANS, BY CONTRACT STATUS AND BY CONTROL, TYPE, AND SIZE OF CULLEGE OR UNIVERSITY: AGGREGATE UNITED STATES, FALL 1966

	ŁSPL	ufib 11-14	EUNTHS	EEPL	.∪₹≟ን 9-1G	SETHOE	со	TFIEOTED:	SERVICE	
			aliby .		<u> </u>	SALARY		ļ	SALARY	
CONTICL, 1YEE, AND EMBOLLEERS SIZE OF ESSITUTION	fufelp Of STAFF	rēa þ	40- PZLCETTLĒ	North Of Staff	KASE	90- FERCENTILE	Bunber Ge Stapp	EFAY	90- PERCENTIL	<u>r</u>
1	2	3	3	5	5	7	3	,	10	
enalic										
ALL TYPES		\$ 0,054	\$ 8,497	94	\$ 7,236	\$10,933	_	_	-	
10,000 Ok nuke	550	n, 265	6,736	22	2,284	11,600	-	_	_	
5,000 10 7,343 878,7 01 060,1	2 10 203	5,71 <u>5</u> 5,48^	8,286 7,521	17 34	8,029 6,804	19,4C0		_	_	
300 TO 433	203	5,94:	8,300	7	5,587	*	-	_	_	
LESS THAN SUU	1	6,720	•	17	6,500	•	-	-	-	
ONIVERSITIES	500	5,122	8,054	1	9,000		_	-	-	
10,000 05 2022 5,600 to 5,999	52ช 32	ŏ,192 4,965	8,745 7,30G	1 -	9,000	• -	_	_	Ξ	
FOUN-YEAR LYST'S WITH		.,								
Skiduali Studests	295	5,681	7,548	29	7,018	10, 100	_	_	_	
10,000 02 2022	10	6,472	•	5	7,851		_	-	-	
5,066 20 9,444	16.3	5,517	7,379	11	6,777	•	_	=	_	
1,090 TO 5,949	103	5,77¢	7,591 *	13	6,301	*. -	_	_	=	
166 OJ ATE SEST	11 1	5,943 5,720	:	_	-	- 1	-	_	_	
FOUR-YEAR 1857'S WITHOUT										
GRADUATE STUDENTS	EU	o, C31	7,925	7	8,168		_	-	_	
1,000 20 4,495	53	5,936	7,671	1	4,324	•	_	-	-	
500 20 597 Lesj 1HAN 50	7	5,951 -	*	1 -	5,917	*	_	_	=	
Ì										
INC-ASY INPLIANTIONS	70	7,528	12,571	57	7,201	10,956	_	-	_	
10,000 OR MORE 5,000 10 9,599	11 10	9,383 15,738		14 خ	5,894 8,749		Ξ	Ξ	_	
1,060 70 4,397	46	0,459	8,700	21	6,840		_	_	_	
500 10 29'	3	5,967	*	<u>-</u>	5,532	•	_	_	_	
LESS THAN 500	-	-	-	14	6,500	•	-	-	-	
PRIVATE										
ALL TYPES	695	5,586	7,224	74	4,444	6,289	27	\$ 5,278	\$ 7,650	
10,000 OF AOR2	?68	6,583	9,050	2	5, 150	* *	7	5,500		
5,000 TO 9,939	127	5,717	7,329	2	4,380		-		-	
1,000 TO 4,999	246	5,224	6,300	26	4,355	6,467	5 7	6,417	:	
500 TO 943 LESS THAN 530	10d 45	5,136 4,571	6,894· 6,350	34 10	4,461 4,492	6,320 *	13	4,600 5,100		
MIVERSITIES	27,7	6,127	7,786	2	4,380		_	_	_	
10,0GC OF 8022	145	6,580	7,967	_	•	_	-	_	_	
5,000 20 9,477	100	5,900	7,714	2	300 ريه	*	-	-	-	20059
FTIE STEEL SASY-RUOT			- 400					5 252		
GRADUATE STUDENTS	243	5,336	7,142	14	4,499	:	10 1	5,250 5,500	:	
10,000 OR 3632 5,060 TO 9,999	23 27	5,606 5,037	9,700 6,460	2	5,150			5,300	_	
1,000 20 4,999	127	5,298	6,961	6	3,772	*	3	5.333		
500 10 999	42	5,585	7,560	£	5,008	*	3	4,667		
LESS THAN 500	24	4,728	5,964	-	-	-	3	5,667	•	
OUR-YEAR INST'S WITHOUT	465	5 102	6,668	44	4,365	5 ,9 67	11	5,700		
GRADUATE STUDENTS 1,000 TO 4,999	153 82	5,103 5,269	£,720	20	4,530	3,907	3	7,500	•	
566 TO 999	58	4,852	6,457	21	4,137	5,760	4	4,550		
LESS THAN 500	13	5,170	*	3	4,867		4	5,300	•	
WO-YEAR INSTITUTIONS	22	4,329	6,450	14	4,648	•	6	4,550		
10,000 OF MORE		-	<u>-</u>	_	-	=	_	-	=	
5,000 10 9,399 1,000 TO 4,999	5	5,380	-	_	_	- 1	Ξ	_	-	
500 to 999	8	4,844	*	7	4,964	•	_	· _	_	
LESS THAN 500	9	3,288	•	7	4,331	•	6	4,550	•	
						i				

TABLE 23,--MEAN AND 90-PRINCENTIFE SALARIES OF FULL-TIME MONTHOPESSICNAL STAFF, BY CONTRACT STATUS AND BY CONTROL, TYPE, AND SIZE OF COLLEGE OR UNIVERSITY: AGGREGATE ONITED STATES, FALL 1963

	E371	.orza 11-12	e aortes	ENGLOYED 9-10 HORES		COR	721807ED 5	SERVICE	
			SALARY		L	ALARY			ALAST
CONTROL, 1172, 123 CONTROLL TRACEST EVENTUALISM	Subled Of Staff	REAM	Dercealite 30-	AUEZER Of Statz	FEAR	90- PERCENTILE	PURSER OF STAPF	REAR	PRICEPTILE 90-
1	- 2	3	٤	5	6_	7		,	1 :
PUSLIC	1								
ALL TYPES	12,593	\$ 4,694	÷ 6,266	372	\$3,984	\$5,717	_	_	_
10,000 ON HUNE	6,230	4,798	€,393	55	4,435	6,500	-	-	-
5,050 TO 9,99 1 1,000 TO 6,937	2,261 1,810	4,553	6,131	103 167	4,221 3,347	5,856	-	_	_
520 20 177	183	4,455 4,357	5,900 5,700	30	3,524	4,769 5,000	_ 	_	_
LESS 141# 500	165	4,305	6,227	17	3,243		-	-	-
UNITERSITIES	7,755	2,633	õ, 1ā 4	14	2,817	•	-	-	_
10,036 38 2012 5,363 TO 7,777	7,183 547	\$,667 ~,175	6,208 6,308	17 2	2,711	•	_	_	_
5,000 10 4,733	, 347 1	~, 115	5,367	2	3,450	•	_	_	_
FOUR-YEAR INST'S AITH GAADUATE STUDENTS	3,564	4, 16	£,375	125	2 456	5,607	_	_	_
2402 EO 650,01	734	5,426	7,036	13	3,955 3,500	5,607	_	_	_
5,600 20 9,719	1,388	₹,5₹6	5,951	83	4,176	5,907	-	_	_
1,600 10 4,334	847	4,473	5,802	21	3,522	3,50%	_	-	-
500 TO - 539 LESS 14AN 500	67 48	4, ° 35 4, 573	5,320 6,500	*	3,515	*	_	_	-
	-	4,5.5	0,,00						
FOUR-YEAR INST'D WITHOUT CHADUATE STUDENTS	47.	4,627	6,255	8	3,562	*	_	_	_
1,000 10 4,799	344	4,645	5,406	ě	2,833		_	_	_
5ea 10 939	32	4,830	5,586	_	-		_	-	-
LESS THAT 500	18	5,218	•	1	6,975	•	-	-	-
T40-YELK ISSTITUTIONS	1,279	5,040	6,472	225	4,087	5,841	-	-	-
10,600 08 XUX2 5,000 TO 9,999	795 263	6,409 5,377	6,172 6, 1 75	30 17	5,529 4,504	6, 357	_	_	<u>-</u>
1,000 10 4,939	593	4,408	5,342	140	3,939	5,125	_	_	-
SEE OF GUE	67	4,575	4,974	22	3,527	5,400	_	~	-
1255 TAKE 530	29	3,554	≈,70 0	16	3,310	•	_	-	-
281VATL									
ALL 11PES	7,743	4,361	5.716	342	3,210	4,841	75	\$3,183	\$ 5,409
3FDR 20 200,01	2,911	4,623	5,924	1	5,100	•	_		-
5,300 y,319 1,030 a,797	l 1,847 l 2,132	4, 613 4,029	5,3¥3 5,156	175	3,592 3,082	4,983	1 13	*,000 3,237	:
500 TO 999	509	3,901	5,131	102	3,319	4,694	έ	4,017	•
LESS THAN 500	284	3,995	5,245	60	3,345	4,636	48	3,006	5,400
UNIVERSIVIES	4,517	4,029	5,390	3	3,822	*	1	×,000	•
10,000 ob more	2,795	4,643	5,948	1 2	5,100	•	-	- 000	-
5,00° 40,933	1,505	3 6633	5,386	2	3,183	-	1	4,000	•
FOUR-TEAR INST'S AITH GMADUATE SIUDERTS	2,054	5,078	5,243	130	2,881	4,824	30	2,933	3,400
10,030 R 7022	115	4,121	*,390	130	-	7,024	30	-	3,400
5,000 10 9,999	329	4,238	5,467	2	4,000	•	-	-	-
1,000 TO 4.999 500 TO 399	1,242	4,023	5,141	100 12	2,636	4,900	1 2	2,000 4,550	:
LESS TA ₂ # 500	212 166	4,075 4,145	5,371 5,352	16	3,681 3,667	•	27	2,848	5,325
FOUA-YEAR LAST'S ALCACUT	j	•	-		-				-
SAADUATE SIOD ATS	527	3,905	5,099	143	3,449	4,859	30	3,428	5,500
1,000 10 4,949	534	3,469	5,107	52	3,745	5,267	16	3,298	•
590 YO - 977 LESS TBA4-599	321 59	3,505	4,399	70 26	3,304	4,800	3 11	3,655	:
		813, ذ	5,262	_	3,250	4,480		3,555	Ť
THO-YELR INSCITUITAD 10,000 OK HOSE	115	3,720	4,366	61	3,303	4,779	14	3,133	•
5,000 08 8085]	_	-	-	-	_	-	_	_
1,600 30 4,493	٤٠)	3,878	4,842	23	3,519	4,957	1	3,500	•
54ë TO 993 LESS TYAN 50)	30 39	3,724 3,555	4,733 4,754	20 15	3,152 3,196	•	3 10	4,024 2,828	•
DESS TERM 303	"	200	7,774	19	3,170	-	10	2,020	•
	L			-					



TABLE 24.—INDEXES CONCERNING LIBRARY HOLDINGS, EXPENDITURES, AND STATE, BY CONTROL, TYPE, AND SIZE OF COLLEGE OR UNIVERSITY: AZGRZGATE UNITED STATES, 1967-68

	[STADDERIS AR	o Staff dse	COIDAS RI U	AZE IN TER	S OF SWLL-	TES ECOLYA	LENIS-]	
	7013255	253	SES TRESC ICOLERA	S ASD	LIET	ARY PSS PZR—	PROFESSIONAL LIBERTY STAFF PER 150 STAFF	LIBRARY EXPENDITURES AS PERCENT OF
CONTROL, TYPE, AND EMPOLLMENT SIZE OF INSTITUTION	さきむつ £\$T	STATE IN INSTR. S PESCARCH	STOCKT	SIAFF IN 3 ATRKI ESEARCE	Sigderi	STAPF IN INSTP. & PESEARCH	IN RESIDENT INSTRUCTION AND RESERBER	TOTAL EDUCATION AND SEVERAL EXPENDITURES
1	2	3	3	5	٠	7	8	,
PESLIC AND PRIVATE, TOTAL	53	564	0.5	5.9	\$ 753	\$ 978	3.8	3.7
PJSLIC			•					
ALI. TYPES 10,000 OK EOSE	35 46	451 563	.5 .6	£.1 7.¥	79 ≜ 7	9#5 1,930	3.4 3.6	3.6 3.1
5,000 TO 7,977 1,000 TO 4,977	31 26	293 494	.4	4.1 5.4	57 58	644 1,050	2-4 4-2	5.0 *.7
500 TO 393	3¥ 42	301 345	-5	5. 1 7. 2	#7 139	780 1,750	3.4 5.5	3.7
LESS THAN 500			.9				3.6	3.4
SELVERSITIES 10,000 NO COSE 5,000 OR COSE 767.9 OF COO.	57 5.3 59	670 609 611	.8 .7 .8	8. 1 3. 0 5. 6	100 191 92	1, 250 1,099 962	3.6 3.3	3.4
FOUR-YEAR INST'S WITH GRADUATE STUDENTS	31	334	<u> </u>	4.5	75	893	2.9	4.3
10,000 OR CORE 5,000 TC 9,399	23 31	247	.3	5.4 3.5	58 71	1,299 568	4.9 2.1	2.5 5.9
1,000 TO 4,299	36	557	.5	7.2	82 200	1,262 458	4. 9 1.9	6.5
LESS THAN 500	111 104	255 22 6	1.3 3.4	4.1 7.4	¥21	912	3.0	2.4
FOUR-YEAR INST'S WITHOUT	22	535		6.5	#3	1,205	4.9	4.2
GRADUATE STUDENTS 1,000 TU 4,999	37 41	555	.* -5	6.3	90	1,220	4.8	3.8
500 TO 999 LESS TEAN 500	62 106	699 683	1.5	10. 4 10. 1	125 325	1,441 2,264	6.9 6.4	5.0 10.6
CACITUTITEM MASI-OUT	12	213	.2	3.6	46	790	3.2	3.2
10,000 OR HOR: 5,000 OT 9,949	10	172 183	-1	3.1 2.5	31 40	565 73 4	2.5 2.7	1.7 3.8
1,000 TO 4,999	13	218	.2	3.7	50 69	818 902	3.3 4.0	3.7 6.4
500 TO 999 LESS THAY 500	20 30	268 356	.5	4.9 6.6	91	1,120	6.2	1.3
PRIVATE								
ALL TYPES 10,000 OR HORE	#5 102	821 713	.9 1.1	8.2 7.5	168 136	1,035 9 50	4.5 3.3	3.8
5,000 TO 9,999	26 69	802 878	8 -7	7.7	116	1,053 1,115	4.0	2.C.
500 TO 939	80	875	į .7	8.0	94	1,642	5.6 6.7	4.1 5.1
LESS THAN 500	134	973	1.3	9.4	139	1,010		į .
DHIVERSITIES 10,000 ON HORE	331 131	781 723	1.2 1.2	8.1 7.9	144 143	1,011 9 39	3.6 3.2	3.1 3.3
5,090 to 9,999	107	820	1.0	7.4	135	1,036	3.9	2.6
POUR-YEAR INST'S WITH GRADUATE STUDENTS	81	928	.8	8.9	96	1,102	5.1	4.8
10,000 OR HURE	23	429	.*	7.2	67 74	1,241	6.1 4.3	4.5
5,000 TO 9,999 1,000 TO 4,999	48 77	724 931	.6 .7	9-0 8-7	93	1,128 1,118	4.8	4.9
500 TO 999 LESS THAN 500	110 218	890 1,371	2.0	7.2 12.8	114 192	920 1,211	4.9 7.1	5.0
POUR-YEAR INST'S WITHOUT GRADUATE STUDENTS	70	834	.7	7.9	86	1,031	5.3	4.5
1,000 TO 4,999	60	788	-6	7.8	76	1,010	4.7 6.2	5.0 3.9
500 TO 999 LESS THAN 509	77 107	964 714	.7	8. 8 5.3	93 124	823	5.9	4.8
THO-YEAR INSTITUTIONS 10,000 OR HORE	37	519 -	.5 -	6.8	62 -	881	5.4	4.6
5,000 TO 9,939 1,000 TO 4,999	13	260	-2	3.8	- 37	732	3.5	3.6
500 TO 999 LESS THAN 500	30 79	425 775	.5	6.7 9.1	61 102	871 998	5.5 7.7	4.3 5.7
2203 122 200	• /		'	7		,,,,	1	

TABLE 25.--SELECTED DATA ON MOLDINGS, INTERLIBRARY TRANSACTIONS, LIBRARY STAFF, AND STUDENTS IN COLLEGES AND INLYERSITIES, BY STATE OR OUTLYING AREA: 1967-68

	- 		edldings		•		STAFF IN I	POLL-TIBE S. Pall 1968		
STATE UR OUTLYING ANEA	TOLUMES AT END OF TEAR	TOLUMES ADDED DURING YEAR	SIC-OFILE SEELS ASS CICEC- STIKE SECT	PERIODICALS AND OTHER SERIALS	ISTER- LIBBARY TRANS- ACTIONS	SOUPER OF STUDENT & COURLY ASSISTANCE	FZCPES- SICWAL LIBBARY STAFF	NONFROTZS- SIONAL LIBRARY STAFF	LANT LEGG LANT-LINE TA SIADERIS	
1	2	<u> </u>	a	5	6	7	ε	9	10	
ACGREGATE F.S.	324,651,599	25, 152,741	5ú, . , a, 367	3,535,563	2,141,675	31,706,769	19,451	24,054	5,794,30	
alisas;	3,606,932	407,769	348,037	39, 121	8,887	545,542	231	265	80,30	
alaska Artiona	319,213	52,559	231,834	4,911	782	31,254	78	23	3,44	
42X4XS4S	2,390,191 1,543,793	256,350 163,620	57*, 156 242,05=	32,7 8 2 20, 6 77	19, 166 6, 894	3∠1,228	124 123	207	63,48	
CALIFORNIA	20,291,385		4,730,778	391,216	245,988	226,037 3, 48 4,430	1,822	87 3,*2 8	44,71 694,57	
COLULADO	3,745,634	331,367	580,458	46,161	25, 190	467,181	205	3.:6	74,83	
CONSECTICUT DELAVARE	8,882,341	403,417	770,326	49,129	26,249	456,701	393	523	82,91	
DIST OF COLUMBIA	720,833 3,210,848	61,052 205,733	192,550 270,956	#,57# 32,669	5,441 17,777	39,967 253,288	30 1 98	53 205	14,256 55,569	
FLORIDA	5,832,550	660,321	1,200,044	69,58%	27,510	709,555	509	620	154,46	
GZORSIA	4,763,744	541,983	1,092,822	52,300	30,586	×19,616	424	333	92,29	
HAWAII IDAHO	7,276,823 1,280,379	175,036 151,323	433,077 307 551	24,081	4,774	1 19,313	84	98	23,91	
ILLINOIS	18,447,655	1,342,515	302,551 2,687,751	17, 120 21 6, 395	*,297 156,834	144,829 1,542,110	62 1,073	66 1,15 8	23,485 295,18	
INDIANA	7,816,226	697,974	914,389	97,405	35,342	\$35,421	486	623	145,38	
IOWA	5,085,996	307,2.9	647,532	54,465	31,362	541,415	30*	308	24,36	
Kanara Kanara	4,381,755 4,248,417	338,479 355,367	488,545 713,660	51,332	27,193	425,777	248	259	81,37	
LOUISTALA	5,258,555	405,125	952,535	48,561 68,353	30,890 15,362	511,629 753,840	315 34 8	30 3 27 2	75,41 95,41	
EAINE	1,799,269	123,411	116, 375	13,450	7,658	110,373	81	71	18, 19	
HARTLAND HASSACHUSETTS	3,909,503	539.870	765,943	68,312	69,233	354,627	356	525	92,63	
MICHIGAN	18,152,063 10,952,761	1,020,358	1,734,432 1,3 9 3,557	150,925 125,818	83,098 72,617	1,122,490 1,338,872	955 728	1,397 9 59	204,40. 263,33	
EINNESOTA	5,503,640	470,537	w71, 102	56,201	39,298	716,204	376	299	118,39	
SISSISSIPPI	2,224,062	201,585	387,59.	23,956	6,558	313,756	191	108	60,24	
MISSOURI MONTANA	7,049,761 1,335,267	612,303 104,129	1,000,*^~ 3*f,185	#1,946	35,553	705,009	435	520	131,93	
XZBBASKA	2,443,800	163,476	144,596	13, 167 32, 6 72	5,3#3 13,7 4 5	111,455 257,132	75 153	59 139	21,48 50,43	
MEYADA	507,087	93,813	599,467	5,965	2,199	74,475	26	56	7,49	
NEW HAGPSHINE	1,887 979	139, 118	232,545	22,57 5	13,344	151,348	109	191	23,76	
NEW JERSEY NEW MELICO	6,831,821	509,071	757,010	77,670	52, 179	527,008	456	545	116,31	
NEW YORK	1,365,877 30,912,969	117,369 2,522,499	408,077 7,011,711	22,855 375,150	7,701 184,163	155,189 2,7 9 0,030	2,08 4	105	29,699	
NORTH CAROLINA	8,235,277	642,216	1,154,571	80,350	43,446	764,301	567	3,11 9 536	544,720 126,920	
NORIH DAKOTA	1,933,777	71,021	152, 416	13,492	5,928	125,404	61	58	24,97	
ORIJHOHA OHIO	13,535,3≈5 ≉,070,311	1,033,157 294,158	2,172,520 495,5 6 5	156,298 45,884	62, *2 5 29,327	1,335,937	745	985	265,32	
05550\$	3,546,576	288,678	764,638	60,582	26,702	549,983 506,761	1 98 266	219 34 1	79,493 76,403	
PERNSTLVANIA		1,442,561	3,531,97C	195,895	95,491	1,578,187	1, 181	1,235	294,450	
RHODE ISLAND	2,033,210	139,669	230,232	22,838	8,059	151,300	123	144	31,681	
SOUTH CAROLINA SOUTH DAKUTA	2,329,67°	385,233	591,276	39,361	3,611	253,624	183	195	47,09	
TENALSSEE	1,104,812 5,091,705	93,950 424,615	174,045 951,085	15,642 56,839	2,858 34,975	138,744 660,174	65 346	55 353	25,025 100, 8 77	
TEXAS	14,664,503	1,249,327	2,178,386	180, 183	177,566	1,926,918	872	1,042	301,717	
HATU	∠,601,401	215,982	705,773	29,071	7,733	431,840	146	111	60,582	
YZERONY AIRGIRIA	1,170,52¢ 5,727,901	194,671 446,271	164,439 723,624	14,495 51,755	5,160 54,893	73,277 560,867	77 3 6 8	101 367	16,090	
WASHINGTON .	4,622,198	334,231	1,326,716	73,615	147,904	657,079	347	455	93,746 117,358	
MEST TIFGIBIA	1,846,260	160,062	344,239	14,607	9,544	217,890	119	122	46,543	
MACSIRE	6,20c,661 487,173	566,619 56,561	1,228,820 53,587	39,536 4,366	54,640 3,876	691,714 54,965	ቱን ይ 22	429 48	141,148 10,351	
S SERVICE SCHOOLS	1,111,767	75,188	448,183	13,956	12,719	7,694	100	110	14,579	
RESSA DELYT	2,031,116	172,265	235,453	16,999	19,377	296,995	188	133	41,024	
CHARL NOWS	17,633	5,15 <i>1</i>	3, 126	386	_	5,100	2	1	689	
SUAR SUSSESSES	50,055	13, 286	13,657	1,156		23,755	5	Ś	1,133	
PUERTO PICO VIRGIN ISLANDS	1,943,642 19,786	151,148 2,674	217,638 8 3 2	1#,99 <u>6</u> 461	19,363 14	264,090	180	126	38,575	
		2,014	032	401	14	4, 050	1	1	626	

TABLE 26.--LEGGARY OPERATING EXPENDITURES OF CONLEGES AND UNIVERSITIES BY PURPOSE, LIBRARY EXPENDITURES AN PERCENT OF EDUCATIONAL AND GENERAL EXPENDITURES, AND ESTIMATED VALUE OF NONBURGETED SUPPORT, BY STATE OR OUTLINES AREA: 1967-68

[PATA IN COLUEN 10 NOT INCLUSED IN COLUEN 2 ON COLUEN 3.]

SALIRIES (EXCEPT COUTSIS- COUTSIS- COUTSIS- COUTSIS- COUTSIS- VICE) 3 29, %5%, 65% 2, 407, 990 311, 349 1, 825, 563 992, 740 26, 506, %13 2, 728, 873 %, 523, 550 393, 505 5, 531, 575 3, 783, 112 7, 170, 707 12, 769, 947	SALINY ECOI- VALESTS OF CUSTELEUTED SERVICE Sa.,093,340 ^S) 12,53(1,292 EUC	#1525 OF #03817 \$1478 5 14,674,267 492,760 492,760 492,760 253,597 5,742,510	20055 ARD CTEZE LISHARY EATSEFALS (1,7,910,169) 2,515,056 279,151 1,624,020 1,120,004	PRICRIE CHA PRICRIESE 7	CTHER CPSEATING EXPENDITURES ************************************	LIZEAFF EXPERITURES A: PERCENT OF EDUCATION AND SEVERAL EXPENSITURES 9 3.7	10 5%,488,605
3 29, 254, 654 2, 207, 999 311, 329 1, 225, 563 992, 720 26, 208, 433 2, 722, 273 2, 123, 550 3, 305 2, 103, 518 5, 631, 575 3, 783, 112 7, 170, 769 621, 297 12, 769, 947	12,550 12,550 1,243 200 249,182 10,750 129,132	492,760 492,760 493,357 324,302 253,597 5,742,510	2,515,056 274,241 1,624,920	15,074,565 130,265 19,490	283,419	3.7	\$X,488,605
29, %5*, 658 2, %07, 990 311, 349 1, 825, 563 992, 710 20, 802, 813 2,728, 873 %, 823, 550 393, 505 2, 103, 518 5, 631, 575 3, 783, 112 7, 170, 787 12, 760, 947	12,550 12,550 1,243 200 249,182 10,750 129,132	492,760 492,760 493,357 324,302 253,597 5,742,510	2,515,056 274,241 1,624,920	15,074,565 130,265 19,490	283,419		
2,407,990 311,349 1,825,563 992,720 26,506,413 2,728,873 4,523,550 393,005 2,103,518 5,631,575 3,783,112 1,170,709 641,297 12,769,947	12,551 1,2°1 201 209,182 10,750 129,132	472,760 73,357 324,302 253,497 5,742,510	2,515,056 274,241 1,624,920	130,265	283,419		
311,349 1,825,563 292,720 20,808,813 2,728,873 4,823,550 393,505 2,103,518 5,631,575 3,783,112 1,170,709 641,297 12,760,947	1,2°1 201 249,182 10,750 129,132	73,357 324,302 253,597 5,742,510	274,201	19,493		3.8	
1,825,563 992,720 20,506,413 2,722,873 4,523,550 193,005 2,103,518 5,631,575 3,783,112 1,170,700 641,297	209, 102 249, 102 10,750 129, 138	324,302 253,497 5,742,510	1,624,523			6.5	133,009
297,710 20,808,813 2,722,873 2,623,550 393,005 2,103,518 5,031,575 3,783,112 7,170,707 641,297 12,762,987	249, 182 10,750 129, 138	253,497 5,742,510			206,793	4.3	107,96*
20,506,413 2,722,273 2,623,550 393,505 2,103,518 5,931,575 3,783,112 1,170,709 401,297 12,769,947	10,750 129,132			55,272	121,667	3.7	36,570
2, 523, 550 393, 505 2, 153, 518 5, 531, 575 3, 783, 112 1, 170, 709 641, 297 12, 769, 947	129, 132		19,527,503	1,940,570	3,483,301	3.2	445,142
393,005 2,103,518 5,531,575 3,783,112 1,170,709 541,297 12,769,947		463,798	2,159,215	176,568	344,460	3-3	*7,806 22,573
2,103,51% 5,031,575 3,783,112 1,170,709 6%1,297 12,769,9%7	3,350	537,678	2,151,500	201,841	1,453,901 35,004	2. £ 4.3	15,000
5,631,575 3,783,112 7,170,709 601,297 12,769,947	£ 787	56,324	596,762 1,510,≈42	1,718 206,015	304,957	2-9	21,150
1, 170, 709 &41, 197 12,767, 947	54,791 53,960	#21,\$79 734,23#	=, 363, 689	3*2,931	169,417	3.8	163,374
1, 170, 709 &41, 197 12,767, 947	3,275	234,712	=,7=7,208	242, 345	562,203	5.0	45,028
&41, 297 12,749, 947	2,000	184,257	1,225,276	75,529	138,527	6.1	16,530
	9,500	153,812	559, 352	32, 361	£0,208	5.5 3.6	52,41: 556,34:
	309,943	1,744,231	10,255,267	630, 151	2,573,311 6 79,607	3.3	194, 19
5,736, 104	741,325	1,025,671	4,185,927	468,665			
3,243,701	35,505	463,410	2,845,550	4 ⁵ 4, 132	368,122	¥.0 ≅.6	161,821 52,841
2,343,612	79,355	573,668	2, 179, 338	156,707	399,501 375,662	3.8	129,17
2,699,335	126,372	594, 144 552,021	2,585,5°1 2,489,192	195,918 267,675	387,75*	4.6	399,44
3,774,247 724,066	57,310 16,000	300,847	731,586	ú;, \$5B	127, 135	4.5	50,94
4,390,610	135,328	\$23,165	3, 152, 188	228,270	650,910	4.1	40,93
11,322,070	159,827	1,423,90*	7,695,033	639,017	2,7=4,9:8	3.5	340,83
9,723,350	229,892	1,792,255	5,955,357	527, ESO	1,285,021	¥.1	98,26 113, 9 2
3,743,733	122, 325	\$27,310	3,657,272	234,999	383,225 199,465	3.6 4.4	84,14
1,376,403	-	360,129	1,321,357	124,200	177,703		_
*,550,429	157,229	799,519	≈,058,523	336,075	£74,673 60,329	5.3 4.4	64,61 1,50
698,046	26,570	120, 378	599,379 1,221,437	44, 133 192, 687	185,933	3.7	84,04
1,709,347 584,925	≈3,950 _	267,576 59,190	735,470	66,415	26,787	9.6	
1,252,822	≈7,620	196,779	1,11*,351	50,239	429,213	5_6	86,52
5,422,617	224,722	755,866	3,921,117	259, 261	565,409	¥.5	131,41
1,003,007	21,500	137,779	459,935	93,532	144,390	3.5	26,14 750,72
22,37£,647	ā73,55±	4,181,973	19,492,577	1,637,924	2,564,203 634,709	3.1 4.5	116,60
5,753,842 504,759	43,800 19,200	627,432 152,736	5,238,933 527,990	391, £38 4 6, 655	83,392	3.3	23,80
	203,130	1,603,025	7,723,322	535,648	1,570,597	3.9	182,51
8,963,101 1,996,748	5,000	560,785	1, 485, 739	141,564	309,097	≈_7	56,83
3,311,998	67,772	514,689	2,251,749	175,763	290,019	5.5	217,46
12,637,671 1,283,591	342,407 57,705	2,133,109 198,175		1,059,873 106,014	1,579,34 5 178,131	4_1 4_5	233,70 5,51
					277,349	4_0	53,55
1,723,791	5,500 15,500	293,770 120,066	2, 169, 4 5 <i>?</i> 557, 756	137,205 49,482	87,840	3.9	5,63
535,248 3,396,355	15,500 17,400	665,620	3,415,995	244,010	624,099	4-2	130, 14
9,288,905	1.23,630	1,826,623	10,607,655	719, 199	1,256,443	*-8	537,60
1,353,469	-	474,140	1,544,517	102,939	170,393	3.3	62,06
814,229	18,540	117,622	805,803	54,438	142,412	4.4 7.8	16,21 *1,5
3,546,674	24,906	52%, 391		263,91 * 257,697	509,205 501,003	2.3	105, 18
4,676,747	33,753	813,0¤2 238,8¤1	2,781,757 1,134,531	58,456	136,084	3.6	14,03
1,221,320	252,316	374,907	5, 139, 139	225, 261	654,996	3.8	132,44
276,410	~~~	63,890	238,223	28,750	74,748	2.5	8,79
1,616,530	-	ñ, 104	712, 466	52, 186	215,788	1.7	5,82
1 956 640	14,506	241,136	796,455	39,363	149,266	3.7	19,35
1,200,400	-	6.636	49,000	5,000	500	16.5	6,70
•	-	13,000	99,000	4,000	5,500		10,00
1,255,438 28,806 87,000	14,500	217,756 3,752		30,363	133,454 832	3.5 2.6	2,65
	1,616,430 1,255,408 24,806	276,410 - 1,616,930 - 1,255,408 19,500 29,800 - 97,000 - 1,179,658 14,500	276,910 - 63,890 1,010,930 - 6,109 1,255,408 19,500 241,136 29,800 - 6,630 97,000 - 13,000 1,179,658 14,500 217,756	276,910 - 63,890 238,223 1,616,930 - 6,109 712,966 1,255,408 19,500 241,136 796,955 29,800 - 6,636 99,000 1,179,658 14,500 217,756 693,572	276,410 - 63,890 238,223 28,760 1,616,430 - 6,124 712,466 52,186 1,255,408 14,500 241,136 796,455 39,363 24,800 - 6,630 40,000 5,000 47,000 - 13,000 99,000 4,000 1,179,058 14,500 217,756 644,572 30,363	276,410 - 63,890 238,223 28,760 74,748 1,616,830 - 6,108 712,866 52,186 215,788 1,255,408 18,500 241,136 796,855 39,363 149,286 28,800 - 6,630 89,000 5,000 500 87,000 - 13,000 99,000 4,000 5,500 1,179,058 14,500 217,756 688,572 30,363 133,858	276,410 - 63,890 238,223 28,760 74,748 2-5 1,010,430 - 6,104 712,466 52,186 215,788 1.7 1,255,408 14,500 241,136 796,455 39,363 140,266 3.7 24,800 - 6,630 40,000 5,000 500 16.5 47,000 - 13,000 99,000 4,000 5,500 9.7 1,179,658 14,500 217,756 644,572 30,363 133,458 3.5

Appendix: Reproduction of Survey Form

DEPARTMENT OF HEALTH, EDUCATION, AND WELFARE OFFICE OF EDUCATION WASHINGTON, S.C. 20202

BUDGET BUREAU NO. 51-7056S APPROVAL EXPIRES: 6-38-79

REPORTING DATE

NOT LATER THAN 10-1-48

1. INSTITUTION CODE NUMBER

HIGHER EDUCATION GENERAL INFORMATION SURVEY LIBRARY COLLECTION, STAFF, EXPENDITURES, AND SALARIES

Please read instructions (page 4) before completing this form. 2. CORPORATE NAME AND ADDRESS OF INSTITUTION (Izclude 3. NAME AND TITLE OF RESPONDENT ZIP Code) 4. AREA CODE - TELEPHONE HUMBER - EXTENSION LEAVE BLANK LIBRARY UNIT(S) OMITTED FROM THIS REPORT FOR U.S. OFFICE ZIP CODE ACDRESS OF EDUCATION NAME OF LIBRARY UNIT USE ONLY 6. T.E. 7. PB 8. UG (F.T.) 9. UG (P.T.) PART II - LIBRARY OPERATING EXPENDITURES ACTUAL 1967-68 AND BUDGETED 1968-69 PART I - LIBRARY COLLECTION AND BUDGETED TRANSACTIONS, 1967-68 ACTUAL 1968-69 1967-68 1. TOTAL SALARIES, BEFORE DEDUC-L NUMBER OF VOLUMES HELD AT END OF TIONS, OF REGULAR LIBRARY STAFF PREVIOUS YEAR (1966-67) 2. SALARY EQUIVALENTS OF 2. NUMBER OF VOLUMES ADDED DURING YEAR CONTRIBUTED-SERVICE STAFF (Without subtraction of volumes withdrawn) 3. TOTAL WAGES PAID TO STUDENTS AND OTHER HOURLY ASSISTANTS. 3. NUMBER OF VOLUMES WITHDRAWN BEFORE DEDUCTIONS **DURING YEAR** 4. EXPENDITURES FOR BOOKS AND 4. TOTAL NUMBER OF VOLUMES HELD AT END OTHER LIBRARY MATERIALS OF YEAR (1967-68) (Sum of Lines 1 and 2, minus 31 S. EXPENDITURES FOR BINDING AND REBINDING S. NUMBER OF REELS OF MICROFILM HELD AT 6. OTHER OPERATING EXPENDITURES END OF YEAR (INCLUDING replacement of equipment and furnishings but EXCLUDING all 6. NUMBER OF PHYSICAL UNITS OF OTHER FORMS OF MICROTEXT (e.g., number of microcards, capital outlay) GRAND TOTAL microprints, or microficke caids) HELD AT END (Sum of Lines 1 through 6) OF YEAR (Estimate if necessary) ESTIMATED COST OF ITEMS WHICH, THOUGH NOT 7. NUMBER OF PERIODICAL TITLES, EXCLUDING CHARGED TO YOUR LIBRARY ACCOUNTS, CONSTI-DUPLICATES, BEING RECEIVED AT END OF TUTE LIBRARY MATERIALS OR SERVICES. 8. NUMBER OF OTHER (nonperiodical) SERIAL TITLES, EXCLUDING DUPLICATES, BEING . BINDING RECEIVED AT END OF YEAR INTERLIBRARY TRANSACTIONS. (Exclude requests not filled or 9. AUTOMATION SERVICES still pending and transactions between library units of you-institution. Estimate if necessary) 10. OTHER (Specify) 9. NUMBER OF ITEMS BORROWED (Including nonreturnable items received) STUDENT AND OTHER HOURLY ASSISTANCE, 1967-68 NUMBER OFITEMS LENT BY YOUR LIBRARY: 1. ANNUAL TOTAL NUMBER OF HOURS NONRETUPNABLE ITEMS SUPPLIED OF STUDENT ASSISTANCE 2. ANNUAL TOTAL NUMBER OF HOURS RETURNABLE ITEMS SUPPLIED FOTHER HOURLY ASSISTANCE

OE FORM 2300-5, 1-68

REPLACES OF FORM 2300-S.2. WHICH IS OBSOLETE.





PART III - GENERAL INSTITUTIONAL DATA							
EXPENDITURES OF YOUR INSTITUTION FOR EDUCATIONAL AND GENERAL PURPOSES, INCLUDING FUNDS FOR ORGANIZED RESEARCH FOR THE INSTITUTION'S FISCAL YEAR (Please coordinate with your institution's business offices)		PROFESSIONAL STAFF OF YOUR INSTITUTION IN RESIDENT INSTRUCTION, DEPART- MENTAL RESEARCH, AND ORGANIZED RESEARCH, FALL TERM 1968 (Please coordinate with your institution's chief accedemic officer)					
1. ACTUAL EXPENDITURES 1967-68 2. BUDGFTED EXPENDITURES 1968-69		3. FULL-VINE		4. PART-TIME S. FTE		TE OF PART-TIRE	
s s							
PART IN	– LIBRAR	Y STAFF COUNT	T AND SALARIE	S, FALL TERM	1968		
- 	SEC	TION A – TOTA	L LIBRARY ST	AFF			
TYPE OF POSITION (See l'age 4 for definitions)		NUMBER OF STAFF			FTE OF	FTE	
		FULL-TIME	PART-TIME	FTE OF PART-TIME STAFF	TOTAL STATE (Col. (b) Plus Col. (c)	SERVICE STAFF	
(a)		(6)	(c)	(d)	(c)	(f)	
1. ASSOCIATE AND ASSISTANT LIBRARIANS				<u>;</u> 			
2. HEADS OF MAJOR LIBRARY UNITS							
3. OTHER PROFESSIONAL LIBRARIANS							
4. PROFESSIONAL STAFF OTHER THAN LIBRARIANS							
5. NONPROFESSIONAL STAFF					,		
6. TOTAL STAFF (Sum of Lines 1 through 5)							
	SECTION	B _ SALARIES (OF FULL-TIME	STAFF	I		
7. SALARY OR SALARY EQUIVALENT OF DIRECTOR OF LIBRARIES (Chief	8. CHECK APPROPRIATE BOX TO SHOW CONTRACT STATUS OF DIRECTOR OF LIBRARIES						
Librarian) S		A. 9-10 MONTHS B. 11-12 MONTHS C. CONTRIBUTED SERVICE					
9. IF THE SALARY OF THE CHIEF LIBRAR AND USEDONLY FOR SUMMARY TABULA	TIONS, ENTE	KEPT CONFIDEN R AN "X" HERE	TIAL	→			
10. REPORT BEGINNING ANNUAL SALARY WHICH YOUR LIBRARY IS PAYING TO A LIBRARY SCHOOL GRADUATE (Fifth-Year Degree uithout experience) (If none recruited this term, enter on "X" in Item C.)				A. FOR 9-10 MONTHS	3. FOR 1.1-12 MONTHS S	C. NONE RE- CRUITED THIS TERM	

(continued on reverse)

CHECK
IF RE.
STRICT.
CDDATA MORE (m) \$18,000 (3) NUMBER OF FULL-TIME STAFF EMPLOYED AT LEAST 9 MONTHS, BY SALARY BRACKET 3 - MEAN SALARY AND DISTRIBUTION OF FULL-TIME LIBRARY STAFF BY SALARY 1 (1) (¥) \$9,000 3 CONTRIBUTED-SERVICE STAFF (Equate all to 11-12 month rate) \$6,000 to \$8,999 STAFF EMPLOYED 9-10 MONTHS STAFF EMPLOYED 11-12 MONTHS \$7,000 to \$7,999 \$6,000 \$5,000 to \$5,999 \$4,000 to \$4,999 ன் (e) LESS THAN \$4,000 (d) PART IV, SECTION B (continued) TOTAL FULL-TIME STAFF (Sum of cots. (d)-(p)) ن (c) MEAN SALARY* (q) 19. PROFESSIONAL STAFF OTHER THAN LIBRARIANS SSIONAL STAFF THAN LIBRARIANS TE & ASSISTANT II. ASSOCIATE & ASSISTANT LIBRARIANS 16. ASSOCIATE & ASSISTANT LIBRARIANS ROFESS""NAL ROFESSIONAL IS. NONPROFESSIONAL STAFF 20. NONPROFESSION AL STAF. 17. HEADS OF MAJOR LIBRARY UNITS 12. HEADS OF MAJOR LIBRARY UNITS 22. HEADS OF MAJOR LIBRARY UNITS TYPE OF POSITION 18. OTHER PROFILIBRARIANS ध **NN** ANS 13. OTHER PI LIBRARIA 21. ASSOCIAT 14. PROFESS OTHER T

•MEAN SALARY FOR EACH LINE = SUM OF ACTUAL SALARIES (OR EQUIVALENTS) DIVIDED BY SUM OF PERSONNEL ON THAT LINE.

24. PROFESSIONAL STAFF OTHER THAN LIBRARIANS

ESSIONAL

25. NONPROF STAFF

RO FESSIONAL

23. OTHER PROF

EXPLANATIONS AND INSTRUCTIONS

In this form, basic data are requested on the collections, staff, expenditures and salaries in college and university libraries. The compilations of these data have proved to be valuable tools for administrators, chief librarians, and others concerned with the improvement of library services to higher education. The data will also assist in the administration of Title II of the Higher Education Act of 1965.

The following changes have been made in the procedure and questionnaire since last year:

- A. Reorganization: All data concerning the library have been consolidated into one form.
 - B. New Items:
 - Statistics on PROJECTED EXPENDITURES IN 1967-68—in order to provide more up-to-date information.
 - 2. Statistics on INTERLIBRARY TRANSACTIONS.
 - C. Omitted Items:
 - I. Analysis of resources
 - 2. Library facilities
 - 3. Library's classification scheme

GENERAL INSTRUCTIONS

- A. TIME PERIODS COVERED. The data concerning library collection and transactions (Part I) and actual expenditures and hourly assistance (Part II) should be reported for your fiscal year 1967-68. The items concerning budgeted expenditures (rart II) are for fiscal year 1968-69. Expenditure data in Part III are for your institution's fiscal years 1967-66 and 1968-69. Data on staff (Part III) and salaries (Part IV) are for the fall term 1968.
- B. LIBPARY UNITS COVERED. Report consolidated data for ALL of the library units in your college, university, or university system, including libraries in branches, extension centers, and research installations. If it is necessary to omit any library unit(s), please give name and location in Item 5.
- C. NEED FOR ESTIMATES. If exact information is not available for an item, PLEASE ENTER AN ESTIMATE for the requested figure. If data are available for a combination of items but not for each component, enter an estimate for each component. Thus, except for the salary table (Part IV. Lines 11-25), each item on the form should show (a) an appropriate figure, (b) an "X" for check boxes, or (c) "O" when the quantity to be reported is nothing or zero; DO NOT LEAVE ANY ITEM BLANK.
- D. If you have questions or need more copies of the form, please phone Mrs. Doris Holladay, Area Code 202, 963-7703.

SPECIFIC INSTRUCTIONS

PART I - LIBRARY COLLECTION AND TRANSACTIONS, 1967-68

- A. For reporting purposes, a VOLUME is a physical unit of any printed, typewritten, handwritten, mimeographed or processed work contained in one binding or portfolio, hardbound or paper bound, which has been classified, cataloged, or otherwise prepared for use. Include bound periodical volumes. Include Government documents that have been classified and cataloged, counting as a volume such material as is contained in one binding or portfolio.
- B. All forms of microtext (including microfilm) are to be excluded from Lines 1-4, but ARE TO BE REPORTED SEPARATELY on Lines 5 and 6. If the number of reels or other units of microtext are not separately available in your records, please estimate their number for purposes of providing separate data here.
- C. For Line 7, a PERIODICAL is defined as a publication issued in parts that usually contain articles by several contributors. It generally has a distinctive title and the successive numbers or parts are intended to appear at stated intervals, and usually for an indefinite period. Other serials, such as monographs, newspapers, annuals, proceedings, transactions, yearbooks, and reports, should be reported on Line 8.

PART II - LIBRARY OPERATING EXPENDITURES, ACTUAL 1967-68 AND BUDGETED 1968-69

- A. In order to provide current data, expenditure items are being requested both for actual expenditures in 1967-68 and for budgeted expenditures in 1968-69, for the institutional fiscal year.
- B. In the budgeted figures, include any funds, the receipt of which may not be certain but can plausibly be anticipated in 1968-6/.

- C. On Line I, include expenditures for salaries, before any deductions, of professional and nonprofessional and nonprofessional and nonprofessional and nonprofessional and nonprofessional and special security, retirement, pension contributions, and other "fringe benefits" penal by the institution should be excluded. Also exclude bindery salaries and wages (see Paragraph E).
- D. The estimated value of personal services (salary equivalents) contributed by members of religious orders should be included on Line 2.
- E. If your library operates its own bindery, report on Line 5 the total expenditures for this operation, including those for salaries, wages, and supplies.
- F. Note that Lines 8 through 10 provide for the estimated value or cost of certain materials or services which are not included in your library's budget. On Line 10, specify other types of services, such as, students working air part-payment of tuition or other hourly help under programs charged to the institution's budget.

PART III - GENERAL INSTITUTIONAL DATA

- A. Note that the information required in this Part is concerned with the antire institution. However, it is needed in the analysis of library data and will expedite final publication if supplied here.
- B. Figures for Items 1 through 5 should be obtained from the business officer and the chief academic officer, respectively.

PART IV - LIBRARY STAFF AND SALARIES, FALL TERM 1968

SECTION A - TOTAL LIBRARY STAFF

- A. In this section report all staff (including contributed-service staff) serving the library in regular positions, i.e., full-time or part-time positions functioning during at least the fall term.
- B. For reporting purposes, PROFESSIONAL LIBRARIANS (Lines 1, 2, and 3) are defined as staff doing work that requires training and skill in the theoretical of scientific aspect of library work, as distinct from its mechanical or clerical aspect. Note that the group designated "Heads of major library units" (Line 2) includes head of school, college, or branch libraries and heads of major library departments or division...
- C. PROFESSIONAL STAFF OTHER THAN LIBRARIANS are defined as persons who, though not librarians, are in positions normally requiring at least a bachelor's degree (line 4).
- D. NONPROFESSIONAL STAFF are persons in receiving, shipping, storing, secretarial duties, etc. (Line 5).
- E. To compute the full-time equivalent (FTE) of the part-time staff reported in Column (c), add the hours worked in a typical week by all regular part-time staff, and divide by the number of hours in your full-time work week; round to nearest tenth of a position, and enter the result in Column (d). Complete Column (e) (FTE of total staff) by adding Columns (b) and (d). NOTE:—Hourly employees who work only intermittently should be reported in Part 11, Line 12.
- F. As appropriate, use a similar procedure to obtain, in terms of full-time equivalents, the components of Column (e) that are represented by contributed-service staff and enter this figure in Column (f).

SECTION B - SALARIES OF FULL-TIME STAFF

- A. This section requests salary data for all FIJLL-TIME library staff members who, at the beginning of the fall term 1968, held contracts for periods of at least 9 months. Exclude staff serving full time for less than 9 months. The definitions in Section A for types of position also apply here.
- B. Report salaries in terms of contract salaries before deductions. Staff on 9-10 month and 11-12 month contracts should be entered, respectively, in tier A and tier B of the table. Estimate salary equivalents of contributed-service staff members (equating them to an 11-12 month rate) and report them in tier C.
- C. For staff reported on each line of the table, compute the *mean* salary (Column (b)) by summing the salaries and dividing by the number of staff in Column (c)
- D. If your institution wishes to restrict the use of salary data for a particular type of position to summary tabulations, enter an "X" on the appropriate line in Column (q) of the salary table.
 - Note that the salary of the *director* of libraries is to be reported separately (Item 7), and that use of his salary will be restricted if you so specify in Item 9.



RELATED NCES PUBLICATIONS

OE-15023-68	Library Statistics of Colleges and Universities: Data for Individual Institutions, Fall 1968
OE-15023-67	Library Statistics of Colleges and Universities: Data for Individual Institutions, Fall 1967
OE-50000-69	Education Directory, 1968-69, Part 3, Higher Education
OE-54003-68	Opening Fall Enrollment in Higher Education, 1968: Part A - Summary Data
OE-54003-68	Opening Fall Enrollment in Higher Education, 1968: Part B - Institutional Data
0E-10024-68	Digest of Educational Statistics, 1969
OE-51004-19	College and University Enrollment and Physical Facilities Survey, 1965-70
OE52010-67	Financial Statistics of Institutions of Higher Education: Current Funds Revenues and Expenditures, 1966-67
OE-10030-68	Projections of Educational Statistics to 1977-78, 1968 Edition