ED 023 366

By-Chambers, MM.

Appropriations of State Tax Funds for Operating Expenses of Higher Education 1968-1969.

Indiana Univ., Bloomington.

Spons Agency-National Association of State Universities and Land Grant Colleges, Washington, D.C.

Pub Date Oct 68

Note - 38p.; Ninth edition of an annual report.

EDRS Price MF -\$025 HC -\$200

Descriptors-Budgets, \*Enrollment, \*Financial Support, \*Higher Education, \*State Aid, Tax Allocation, \*Tax

Support Identifiers - National Association of State Universities and Land Grant Colleges, Washington D.C.

Identifiers National Association of State Universities and Land Grant Colleges, Washington D.C.

The ninth edition of an annual report on state tax support of higher education documents a total for 50 states for 1968 that surpassed \$5 billion. Despite large sums and percentage increases, however, public higher education is not receiving the support it needs to keep up with rising costs and demands. Enrollments, in particular, will probably double in 1970-80 as they have in 1960-70. Since 70% of 1968 enrollments are in public universities, the public sector will bear the brunt of further increases. To explore the effect of financial shortages, a survey of the 100 members of the National Association of State Universities and Land-Grant Colleges was conducted. Throughout the 61 responses rang the warning that it will become ever harder for institutions to catch up and compensate for years of reduction, delay and neglect. The major reasons cited for growing budget requests were expansion, inflation and salaries. A majority of institutions also listed needs for new programs, projects and facilities. Survey institutions said that inadequate financing threatens quality and opportunity, and because of enrollment growth and expansion, the lack of capital for facilities is a critical problem. Every institution reported that their state appropriation was less than the university request. But if states update their revenue systems, it is within their capacity to provide the funds necessary for economic growth and for a wise and humane citizenship. (US) and for a wise and humane citizenship. (JS)



Appropriations of State Tax Funds for Operating Expenses of Higher Education 1968 - 1969

M. M. CHAMBERS

U.S. DEPARTMENT OF HEALTH, EDUCATION & WELFARE

THIS DOCUMENT HAS BEEN REPRODUCED EXACTLY AS RECEIVED FROM THE PERSON OR ORGANIZATION ORIGINATING IT. POINTS OF VIEW OR OPINION STATED DO NOT NECESSARILY REPRESENT OFFICIAL OFFICE OF EDUCATION POSITION OR POLICY.

OFFICE OF INSTITUTIONAL RESEARCH NATIONAL ASSOCIATION OF STATE UNIVERSITIES AND LAND GRANT COLLEGES

## **PREFACE**

# APPROPRIATIONS GROWTH MASKS FINANCIAL CRISIS FACING PUBLIC HIGHER EDUCATION

The National Association of State Universities and Land-Grant Colleges is proud to publish this ninth edition of Dr. M. M. Chambers' annual report on state tax appropriations for operating expenses of higher education. For nearly a decade now, Dr. Chambers has coordinated a nationwide network of volunteer correspondents devoted to the timely collection and dissemination of useful data summarizing state support of higher education. Dr. Chambers' work during this period has filled in a major gap in the information available about public higher education. The dedication with which he has carried out this task has earned him the well-deserved appreciation of university and state officials throughout the country and of many others concerned with financing higher education.

Over the past nine years, Dr. Chambers has documented an unprecedented growth in state tax support for higher education. In 1959-60, a total of \$1.4 billion was appropriated by all 50 states for operating expenses of higher education. This year, the total has surpassed \$5 billion; and the amount appropriated by California, New York, and Illinois together exceeds the entire 1959-60 national total.

These figures are impressive and reflect an important commitment on the part of the states to higher education. However, despite the large sums involved and the impressive percentage increases reported, public higher education still is not receiving the support it must have to keep up with rising costs and demands. In fact, although state tax support is rising in dollars, it has steadily declined as a percentage of total income for many public institutions. With growing competition from areas such as welfare, highway, and urban programs for state tax dollars, this proportion threatens to decline even more although dollar support will continue to grow. An understandable reluctance on the part of many legislatures to increase state taxes or modernize their tax systems puts further pressure on the already squeezed state tax dollar.

In short, despite the significant efforts made by the states, they have not been able financially to meet fully the even greater demands that have been placed on public colleges and universities. As a result, despite apparently large increases in appropriations, state and land-grant universities throughout the nation are faced with dangerous threats to their quality and to the educational opportunity they have long provided to the citizens of this country. Because of budget cuts, many of these institutions are being forced to postpone desirable expansion in certain programs, delay improvement or initiation of others, and consider steps which may limit their enrollments or raise the cost to students.

Facts such as these put the seemingly large increases reported by Dr. Chambers in a sobering perspective. To explore this perspective, the Office of Institutional Research of the National Association of State Universities and Land-Grant Colleges conducted a special survey of the Association's members. Responses were received from 61 of the Association's 100 member institutions in 41 states. Throughout all of the responses ran a warning that cannot much longer be ignored. A day of reckoning is rapidly approaching when it will be harder and harder to catch up and compensate for years of reduction, postponement, and in some cases, neglect.



# State Universities Must Cope with Rising Enrollments, Salaries, and Costs

The OIR survey sought the reasons behind growing university budget requests. Three major areas -- expansion, inflation, and salaries -- stood out and were cited by nearly all responding institutions. Fewer institutions, but still a majority, also listed needs for new academic programs, research activities, service projects, and additional facilities. By and large, these latter areas appeared to have been subordinated to the demands of expanding enrollment, increasing salaries, and other rising costs.

Plans to increase faculty salaries by at least five and as much as 15 percent were reported by almost all universities, reflecting increased costs of living and the need to close the significant salary gap that still exists between public and private universities according to the most recent (1967-68) survey by the American Association of University Professors. Last year, public universities raised full professors' salaries an average of 7.3 percent. In spite of this increase, private universities are able to offer full professors an average of \$2,110 more per year in salary and \$3,281 more in compensation (i.e. salary plus specified fringe benefits). Public universities have often been forced to increase teaching loads to conserve limited funds for faculty salary increase. The ratio of undergraduates to regular faculty actually deteriorated in public universities during 1953-64 from 10.61 to 11.71, while it improved in private universities from 8.78 to 7.17, according to a recent study by Professors Young and Taylor of the University of Wisconsin. All but four of the institutions participating in the OIR survey requested additional funds to accommodate increased enrollments. They also requested funds to hire additional faculty and supporting staff to serve the new students.

Nearly all of the universities were hard-hit by inflation. The University of Alaska, for example, noted that steel products have risen eight to 12 percent and library books six to 15 percent. Florida State University reported a 50 percent increase in freight costs on office furniture. FSU also reported that some types of electrical wire, particularly those containing copper, have increased 75 percent in cost. Office furniture prices increased five percent on July 1, the second such increase in two years, according to the University of Iowa. "Laboratory glassware has gone up 20 percent in five years. Even our common fluorescent light tube is up 6.62 percent from last year," Iowa added. Kansas State University reported a 10-15 percent increase in construction costs. Oregon State University reported a ten percent increase in the average price of hardcover books and binding over a two year period. Many institutions mentioned higher postage rates.

# Inadequate Financing Threatens Quality and Opportunity

Survey institutions were also asked to comment about the effect on their plans of failure to receive their full budget requests. Their answers emphasized the threat to quality and the threat to opportunity that inadequate state support is creating.

"The final appropriation of operating funds...fell considerably below the original request...(and) placed the University in a position of merely 'holding its own' rather than progressing in quality of education and service to the state," responded one major midwestern university. "The University was not forced to make specific curtailments, such as in enrollment, but a number of plans for doing a better job of what we do now had to be shelved," the institution continued. "However, a major reason why out-and-out curtailments were avoided was because tuition charges to students were increased,..." the institution added.



Reported an institution in the South, "The failure to receive the full amount requested will simply result in a lower degree of service and the inability to make desired expansion and improvements in existing programs.... Economies will be effected in certain areas so that there should be no dilution of the quality of the academic program, but some highly desirable improvements cannot be funded."

The responding institutions produced many specific illustrations of the adverse effects of budget cuts on their development and on their states. Louisiana State University, for example, has been unable to offer curricula in the computer sciences, despite an urgent and growing need for highly trained personnel in state agencies, business, and industry. A post-graduate program to enable physicians to keep abreast of new developments in medicine, which has been operated with federal funds, will be phased out early next year because state funds have not been made available for its continuation. Like many other state universities, LSU also reported the loss of outstanding faculty members because of an inability to offer competitive salaries. The head of its department of chemical engineering left to accept a \$7,000 increase at a neighboring university. This individual was instrumental in attracting about \$1.5 million in research contracts and grants to LSU last year.

Elsewhere, the University of Montana reported that an honors program could not be instituted as planned. Colorado State University was able to hire only 24 of 70 needed additional faculty members. The University of Massachusetts eliminated educational television and reduced its 1969 summer program because of a lack of funds. A number of institutions reported deterioration in building maintenance funds. Still others reported overcrowding, growth in class size, and an inability to hire enough additional staff members to reduce growing student-faculty ratios.

Furthermore, in order to at least partially offset budget cuts, several institutions reluctantly announced increases in their tuition. As President James Fletcher of the University of Utah explained, "It is a poor choice, indeed, to decide between breaching the concept of public education by tuition increases and suffering a telling loss in institutional quality which makes the education received less than adequate." The University of Michigan reported a fee increase for the second consecutive year, adding that "loan funds and scholarships cannot continually be increased to meet these demands."

Added Michigan, "Several consecutive years of inadequate appropriations are resulting in revising downward future enrollment projections." Several other universities raised the possibility of limiting enrollments and slowing down their growth. As public institutions, with a strong commitment to providing educational opportunity in their states, they each expressed a reluctance to do this. Several states noted inadequate expansion of new urban campuses operated by a number of state universities.

# Facilities Needs Are Crucial

It is in this area of enrollment growth and expansion that the fate of university construction (capital) budget requests, which are not included in Dr. Chambers' report but which were included in the OIR survey, becomes crucial. As one university noted, "Because of the large cut in the University's capital budget request, present facilities will be taxed. Unless significant increases in capital appropriations are forthcoming, the University will be unable to accommodate projected student increases as well as its present level of research and service programs." The lack of response to capital requests is particularly critical because of the long leadtime needed to complete many building projects and also because of the pinch many institutions are feeling from recent cuts in Federal programs which had been providing substantial sums for college buildings.



In general, capital budget requests did not fare as well as operating requests. About one-quarter of the universities reported no capital appropriations in response to their requests. Only one out of nine got as much as 80 percent of the capital dollars it requested from state appropriations. Some two-thirds got substantially less than half of the appropriated capital funds they requested.

Those institutions reporting requests for bond authorizations received somewhat better support. About half of those requesting authorization for construction bond issues reported approval for the entire amount they sought. One even received more than requested -- but the extra bond authorization was granted as an apparent substitute for outright appropriations.

# Operating Budgets Lose One Out of Every Five Dollars Requested

Turning to operating expenses, in every single case, the state appropriation was less than the university request, with a median budget cut of 17 percent of the original request. This means that state universities this year are generally operating with only a little more than four out of every five dollars requested from state appropriations. Among the responding universities, this year's median appropriation increase is only 12 percent higher than last year's. This may seem adequate to some but state university requests are carefully reviewed and pared before they are ever presented, and each further reduction has a detrimental effect on the university's ability to carry out its mission.

Budget cuts came particularly from state governors and legislatures. Forty-three institutions in 27 states reported budget cuts by legislatures. Thirty institutions in 25 states reported cuts by governors. Twenty institutions in 19 states reported cuts by both governors and legislatures, with 15 institutions in as many states reporting that their legislatures subsequently restored at least some of the money eliminated by the governor. Ten institutions reported budget cuts by state budget or finance agencies; nine, by state coordinating higher education boards; and three, by boards of regents.

Although Dr. Chambers presents appropriations figures for two-year intervals, the OIR attempted to compare 1968-69 appropriations with figures reported for 1967-68. Using figures reported by Dr. Chambers for both years, the one-year increase in state appropriations was 15 percent. In about one-third of the states, the appropriation increase for all higher education was greater than the increase for the state or landgrant university, reflecting the demand for state tax funds from other segments of higher education, such as junior colleges, private higher education, and newly established institutions.

In sum, the 1968-69 report by Dr. Chambers, taken with the OIR's special survey, cautions against complacency about the significant gains reported in state tax appropriations for higher education. Our state governments have demonstrated an impressive commitment to higher education. As costs increase and demands on state universities continue to grow, state governments must not allow themselves to lose the momentum of their support. Only with regularly growing support from state governments can our state universities and other segments of public higher education succeed in carrying out the many activities that have become their responsibility and that have become so important to society today.

#### A Note to Users of This Report

Detailed information about the procedures used in compiling this report are

found in the appendix. We would like, however, to emphasize the following three points about the material contained in this booklet.

First, this report covers only appropriations of state tax funds for operating expenses of higher educational institutions. The Office of Institutional Research believes that these figures are a more valid measure of state support of higher education than total appropriations made by state legislatures since the latter may include reappropriated income received by institutions from student fees and other non-tax sources. The report does not include appropriations for buildings and other capital purposes.

Second, users of the data contained in this report should keep in mind that appropriations from state tax sources listed herein include support not only for instructional programs, but also for research, including agricultural and engineering experiment stations, and a great many public services such as general extension, county agricultural and home demonstration agents, adult education programs, hospitals, and other activities assigned by state legislatures to institutions of higher education.

And finally, the data contained in this report are in preliminary form and subject to verification and change. In several of the state tabulations the items may not add up to the indicated total. Minor discrepancies may be attributed to rounding. Where the discrepancies are substantial, the investigator, while reasonably confident of the total, may have encountered difficulty in obtaining from his sources consistent reports of such items as state scholarship programs, expenses of central governing boards, supplementary budget increases or decreases. To check and verify every item would be a costly and time-consuming project which would delay the publication of this report beyond the time when it is most useful. While the tabulations are subject to change, they provide a reasonably accurate picture of state tax funds appropriated for 1968-69.

Edwin M. Crawford, Director Office of Institutional Research National Association of State Universities and Land-Grant Colleges 1785 Massachusettts Avenue, N.W. Washington, D. C. 20036



## INTRODUCTION

# THE NEAR FUTURE OF PUBLIC HIGHER EDUCATION

This ninth edition of the annual summary of Appropriations of State Tax Funds for Operating Expenses of Higher Education records the total for the fifty states as approximately \$5 billion.

This total shows a rate of increase of 233 percent over the period of eight years 1961-1969. The facts of the national birth rate during the most recent twenty years, together with other factors affecting the demand for education beyond the high school, indicate that up to the year 1980 enrollments in higher education will probably increase at about the same rate as during the decade 1960-70 (doubling within ten years).

Children who will be ready for college in 1980 were born in 1962, and in 1968 were already six years old. The year of their birth was one in which only a slight decline had yet occurred from the all-time record number of births in 1957, the peak year of the prolonged postwar baby boom. Continued decline has occurred since 1962, and the year 1967 has been reported as showing the lowest birth rate in thirty years. This means some decline in the total number of births per year, which conceivably could have some effect on college attendance after 1980, but not before.

Meantime many powerful factors operate to push college enrollments upward. Among them are (1) the real and increasing necessity of some formal education beyond the high school, for breadwinning and for performance as a citizen in a complex society; (2) the rising general expectation that all, or nearly all, high school graduates will get some further education; (3) the tendency of increasing numbers of persons above "college age", including many mature women, to resume study which was interrupted in youth, to upgrade and update their earning power and their esthetic satisfactions; and (4) the strong trend toward longer stays in college or university, including graduate and professional schools.

Today only a little more than half of the annual crop of high school graduates go on immediately for further formal education. The percentage is somewhat more than fifty. This will rise to seventy-five or eighty-five or more. Even when it approaches one hundred it will fix no ceiling on college and university enrollments, on account of the factors mentioned in the foregoing paragraph, and others related to them.

Seventy percent of 1968 enrollments are in <u>public</u> universities and colleges; 30 percent in <u>private</u> institutions. The public sector will bear the brunt of continued increases. It is a difficulty challenge to maintain and improve quality while large-scale expansion is doubling the numbers of students every ten years. This challenge has brought about, and will continue to require, large annual increases in tax support of higher education.

The private institutions, whose rate of enrollment growth is only about fifty percent every ten years (contrasted with one hundred percent in the public sector), are somewhat less overwhelmed with the sheer weight of numbers. It is not altogether surprising, then, that the record as compiled by the United States Office of Education and projected into the future shows that for more than ten years private colleges and universities have been able to spend more annually per student enrolled than the public institutions; and that the gap has steadily widened, and is expected to become even wider in the ensuing several years.



This appears in a simple tabulation: 1

EXPENDITURES FOR EDUCATIONAL AND GENERAL OPERATING EXPENSES,
BY PUBLIC AND PRIVATE COLLEGES AND UNIVERSITIES,
PER STUDENT PER YEAR,

IN SELECTED YEARS FROM 1955-56 TO 1965-66, PROJECTED TO 1975-76

Year	Public	<u>Private</u>
<del>1955</del> -56	\$1,280	\$1,189
1957-58	1,304	1,323
1959-60	1,411	1,507
1961-62	1,459	1,762
1963-64	1,509	1,943
1965-66	1,545	2,103

	PROJECTED	
Year	Public	<b>Private</b>
<del>1967</del> -68	\$1,582	\$2,247
1969-70	1,613	2,326
1971-72	1,649	2,551
1973-74	1,658	2,668
1975-76	1,710	2,798

The growing disparities indicate that, insofar as quality in higher education can be measured (admittedly crudely) by expenditures for the instruction of one student for one year, the public colleges and universities are fast falling far behind, being outstripped by the private institutions, and being unable to maintain the nationwide average expenditure per student. Argument could go on at length as to whether this means the public institutions are in general more efficient in getting educational productivity for each dollar expended, or that their instruction and related services are generally of lower quality. Either conclusion would justify the need for swiftly augmented tax support of the public institutions. This seems likely to be forthcoming. It is within the capacity of the states to provide, without hardship, if they update their revenue systems. It will pay large dividends in economic growth, wise citizenship, and humane civilization.

Bloomington, Indiana 47401 October 10, 1968 M. M. Chambers Indiana University

1Data from pages 9 and 82-85 of <u>Projections of Educational</u> Statistics to 1975-76. Washington: U. S. Office of Education (OE-10030-66), 113 pp.

APPROPRIATIONS OF STATE TAX FUNDS FOR OPERATING EXPENSES OF HIGHER EDUCATION, IN THOUSANDS OF DOLLARS, FOR SELECTED FISCAL YEARS FROM 1960-61 THROUGH 1968-69, WITH DOLLAR GAINS AND PERCENTAGE GAINS OVER MOST RECENT 2 YEARS AND OVER 8 YEARS

						D OVER 8 YEARS	
	Fiscal years	ending in	odd numbers	1967-1	969	1961-196	9
States	1960-61	1966-67	1968-69	2-year gain	<del></del> %	8-year gain	<del>-</del> %
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)	(8)
Ala	\$ 22,397	\$ 54,782	\$ 58,462+	\$ 3,680+	7+	\$ 36,065+	161+
Alaska	2,323	7,314	10,400	3,086	421	8,077	$347\frac{1}{2}$
Ariz	16,218	40,492	55,121	14,629	36	38,903	239
Ark	13,551	28,722	44,547	15,825	55	30,996	229
Cal	221,592	489,102	637,788	148,686	30 <del>1</del>	416,196	188
Colo	24,332	51,916	70,586	18,670	36	46,254	190
Conn	13,080	34,897	61,513	26,616	76 <del>1</del>	48,433	370 <del>1</del>
De1	3,734	8,740	14,095	5,355	61 <del>1</del>	10,361	$277\frac{1}{2}$
Fla	41,412	95,477	156,645	•	64		-
Ga	26,605	59,193	112,524	61,168 53 221		115,233	278 <del>1</del>
Hawaii	5,825			53,331	90	85,919 95,169	323
Idaho	8,799	23,868	30,987	7,119	30	25,162	432
	•	15,490	20,601	5,111	33 451	11,802	135½
III	90,290	204,403	301,136	96,733	471	210,846	233½
Ind	50,163	104,312	144,715	40,403	39	94,552	188½
Iowa	34,861	61,285	85,773	24,488	40	50,912	146
Kas	27,938	54,781	69,108	14,327	26	41,170	147½
Ку	19,672	63,166	82,350	19,184	$30\frac{1}{2}$	62,678	318 <del>½</del>
La	44,557	87,139	99,222	12,083	14	54,665	122 <del>]</del>
Me	5,599	13,457	17,873	4,416	33	12,274	219 <del>]</del>
Md	<u>2</u> 5,166	61,567	79,742	18,175	29 <del>]</del>	<b>54,57</b> 6	217
Mass	13,361	43,940	69,097	25,157	57 <del>1</del>	55,736	417
Mich	101,836	221,100	262,424	41,324	18 <del>½</del>	160,588	157 <del>½</del>
Minn	38,920	72,463	105,131	32,668	45	66,211	170
Miss	18,347	36,720	47,804	11,084	30	29,457	161
Mo	25,641	74,817	112,764	37,947	51	87,123	340
Mont	11,231	16,784	24,418	7,634	31 <del>1</del>	13,187	117 <del>1</del>
Nebr	15,218	21,897	33,248	11,351	52	18,030	$118\frac{1}{2}$
Nev	4,107	8,074	12,339	4,265	53	8,232	$200\frac{1}{2}$
N H	4,106	7,185	10,221	3,036	421	6,115	149
N J	24,457	75,652	95,047	19,395	$25\frac{1}{2}$	70,590	288 <del>1</del>
N M	11,239	26,088	31,262	5,174	20	20,023	178
NY	94,116	353,793	482,986	129,193	36½	388,870	4134
N C	30,574	81,194	114,709	33,515	$41\frac{1}{4}$	84,135	275
N C	_	•		-	41 <del>7</del> 42	•	112 <del>1</del>
	9,368	13,989	19,888	5,899		10,520	-
Ohio	45,326	93,269	174,136	80,867	86½	128,810	284 051
Okla	27,020	41,867	52,858	10,991	26 <del>]</del>	25,838	95 <del>1</del>
Ore	28,719	55,614	67,984	12,370	22½	39,265	136½
Pa	43,472	137,509	264,693	127,184	92½	221,221	509
RI	5,271	15,387	21,545	6,158	40	16,274	309
s c	13,141	27,464	39,645	12,181	444	26,504	$201\frac{1}{2}$
SD	8,128	14,251	17,152	2,901	20	9,024	111
Tenn	17,023	50,256	73,137	22,881	45 <del>½</del>	56,114	329 <del>]</del>
Tex	72,133	164,548	259,425	94,877	57 <del>1</del>	187,292	259 <del>]</del>
Utah	13,139	24,891	33,695	8,804	35 <del>2</del>	20,556	156 <del>½</del>
Vt	3,399	6,998	10,940	3,942	56 <del>1</del>	7,541	222
Va	29,861	64,134	107,524	43,390	$67\frac{1}{2}$	77,663	261
Wash	47,441	94,980	137,051	42,071	44 4	89,610	189
W Va	16,919	32,294	49,033	16,739	52	32,114	190
Wis	39,417	95,160	155,957	60,797	64	116,540	295 <del>1</del>
Wyo	4,935	8,773	11,123	2,350	27	6,188	$125\frac{1}{2}$
Totals	1,515,979			1,509,230		3,534,445	
	d average per				43		233
	bor						

#### **ALABAMA**

State tax-fund appropriations for operating expenses of higher education in Alabama, biennium 1967-69, by separate fiscal years, in thousands of dollars.

Institutions	1967-68	1968-69
(1)	(2)	(3)
U of Alabama	\$16,357	\$16,357
Grad Sch Social Wk	208	309
Huntsville Branch	1,666	1,666
Birmingham Branch	1,145	1,314
Subtotals, U of A*		
Auburn University	15,601	15,601
Four state colleges -		
(Florence, Jacksonville,	)	
Livingston, and Troy)	6,800	6,550
U of South Alabama	3,133	3,133
Alabama State College	2,029	2,029
Alabama A & M College	2,008	2,008
Alabama College	1,567	1,567
Tuskegee Institute**	470	470
Marion Inst (private)	75	<b>7</b> 5
Walker Co JC (private)	44	44
State junior colleges ***	6,747	6,747
Medical-scholarships	135	135
Dental scholarships	83	83
Student aid programs	25	25
Regional Edn (SREB)	99	99
Totals	58,192	58,462

- \*\$19,376 and \$19,646.
- \*\*Famed private institution predominantly for Negroes.
- \*\*\*Fifteen state junior colleges, presumably including the former Snead Junior College (Methodist), which the legislature authorized the state to acquire.

ADDITIONAL IMPORTANT NOTES: Additional appropriations aggregating \$9 and 1/3 million for fiscal year 1967-68 and \$10\frac{1}{2} million for 1968-69 were made, "conditional upon the condition of the Alabama Special Educational Trust Fund and with the approval of the Governor, provided, however, in the release of the conditional appropriations herein made, the conditional appropriation to the State Board of Education for the use of the Minimum Program Account--Trainable Retarded Children and Vocational Education shall be paid in full before any other conditional appropriations are released." (continued in next column)

(continued from preceding column - ALA.)

Another conditional appropriation of \$2 million each year was made to Auburn University "for the construction and equipping of a branch in Montgomery," and \$5 million in bond money was also appropriated for that purpose. The present Montgomery extension center of the University of Alabama will be phased out as the new Auburn University branch is developed.

# AĹASKA

State tax-fund appropriations for operating expenses of higher education in Alaska, <u>fiscal year 1968-69</u>, in thousands of dollars.

Institutions Sums appro	priated
(1) (2)	
U of Alaska*	\$8,013
Agricultural Exp Sta	335
Coop Ag Exten Serv	281
Geophysical Institute	396
Inst of Marine Science	200
Inst of Arctic Biology	158
Inst Soc, Econ, Govt Research	107
Community colleges**	910
Total	10,400

\*This includes appropriations for mineral industry research, arctic environmental engineering, and the electronic technician program, each of which were reported separately in prior years.

\*\*Seven units, branches of the university, in Anchorage, Juneau, Kenai, Ketchikan, Kodiak, Palmer, and Sitka.

#### ARIZONA

State tax-fund appropriations for operating expenses of higher education in Arizona, fiscal year 1968-69, in thousands of dollars.

Institutions	Sums	appropriated
(1)		(2)
U of Arizona		\$24,271
Arizona State U		17,890
Northern Arizona U		6,150
Subtotal, st u's - \$48,	311	
Junior colleges -	·	
Maricopa*		4,994
Yuma County**		633
Graham County@		<b>552</b>
Cochise County@@		542
State Jr Coll Board		89
Subtotal, jr colls - \$6		
Total		55,121

\*Three campuses: Phoenix College,
Glendale College, Mesa College.

\*\*Arizona Western College.
@Eastern Arizona College.
@@Cochise College

#### **ARKANSAS**

State tax-fund appropriations for operating expenses of higher education in Arkansas, biennium 1967-69, by separate fiscal years, in thousands of dollars.

Institutions	Sums approp	riated
	1967-68	1968-69
(1)	(2)	(3)
U of Arkansas		
(Incl Ag Exp Sta, A		
Exten, and Grad Ins	t	
of Technol)	\$15,299	\$17,080
Medical Center	5,594	6,203
Indus Research and		
Exten Ctr	375	_
Soils Testing Lab	129	129
Subtotals, U of Ark*		
Arkansas State U+		
(Incl Beebe branch)	4,715	5,618
State Colleges -		
Ark A, M & N Colleg	ge	
(Incl vocational so		
State Coll of Ark+	, 2,383	
Henderson State Col	11 2,229	2,594
Southern State Coll		1,852
Ark Polytechnic Col		1,793
Arkansas A & M Col:		1,608
Asso degree prog i		
Nursing at 4 ins	ts	
(continued in nex	t column)	

(continued from preceding column - ARK.)

Educational TV	459	459
SREB**	188_	249
State aid to jr colls	600	900
Totals	38,985	44,547

\*\$21,327,169 and \$23,822,637.

- +Formerly Arkansas State College.
- ++Formerly Ark State Teachers Coll.
- \*\*Southern Regional Education Board.

#### CALIFORNIA

State tax-fund appropriations for operating expenses of higher education in California, <u>fiscal year 1968-69</u>, in thousands of dollars.

Institutions	Sums		priated
(1)		(2)	
U of California*			
General support		\$	276,472
Salary increases			14,077
Special research			535
Subtotal, U of Cal -	\$291,	084	
State colleges**			
General support			224,365
Salary increases			14,418
Subtotal, s c's - \$2:	38,783		
Hastings College of	Law		830
California Maritime	Academ	y	668
Scholarship and Loan	Commi	ssion	8,999
WICHE***			15
Coord Council for H	E		538
Bd of Govs for Comm			561
State aid to comm co	11s (e	st)	96,310
Total			637,788
tIncludes nine Cam	nuses	and a	11

\*Includes nine campuses and all services. Allocations by the Board of Regents to each campus will be reported when available.

\*\*Allocations by the Board of Trustees of State Colleges to each state college will be reported when possi-

\*\*\*Western Interstate Commission for Higher Education.

#### **COLORADO**

State tax-fund appropriations for operating expenses of higher education in Colorado, fiscal year 1968-69, in thousands of dollars.

Institutions	Sums appropriated
(1)	(2)
U of Colorado	\$17,198
Colorado Genl Hosp.	5,080
School of Medicine	3,238
Colorado Psychopathic	
School of Nursing	763
School of Dentistry	133
Dentistry Scholarshi	ps 133
Children's Diagnosti	
Subtotal, U of C - \$28,	334
Colorado State U	11,641
Ag Experiment Sta	2,116
Coop Ag Exten Serv	1,505
State Forest Service	260
Subtotal, CSU - \$15,523	
Five state colleges*	15,580
Trustees of st colls	85
Subtotal, 5 s c's - \$15	665
Colorado School of Mine	2,644
Fort Lewis College	1,344
State Comm Colleges**	2,746
State aid to local comm	a colls 3,098
Occupational education	948
State Bd for CC's and C	
Colo Commission on High	ner Edn 90
WICHE	15
Colo Associated Univers	sity Press*** 25
Total	70,586

\*For the first time, the Board of Trustees now administers a consolidated budget for five state colleges.
GRAPEVINE will undertake to report later the approximate allotments to each state college, when possible.

\*\*Three local public junior colleges have become members of the state-supported system of community colleges, as authorized by the legislature. The appropriation also includes funds for the Denver Community College, to be opened in 1968, and the El Paso Community College, to be opened in 1969.

\*\*\*A new entity authorized by the 1968 legislature.

## CONNECTICUT

State tax-fund appropriations for operating expenses of higher education in Connecticut, biennium 1967-69, by separate fiscal years, in thousands of dollars.

Institutions	1967-68	1968-69
(1)	(2)	(3)
U of Connecticut	\$26,300	\$29,367
Medical-Dental School	2,063	3,770
Subtotals, U of C -*		
State colleges -		
Central Connecticut	6,268	
Southern Connecticut	6,112	
Western Connecticut	2,330	
Eastern Connecticut	1,648	
Unallocated	35	18,166
St Bd for St Colls	153	171
Subtotals, s c's -**		
Regional Comm Colls	4,039	5,134
St Bd for R C C's	131	137
Technical colleges ***	2,187	2,075
Central office	37	33
Col Stdnt Loans Fdtn	1,100	1,200
Comm for Higher Edn	1,117	1,321
Comm on Aid to H Edn	110	114
Conn Hlth & Ed Facil Aut		25
Totals	53,655	61,513
'+ 000 262 000 and \$22	127 000	

- \* \$28,363,000 and \$33,137,000
- \*\* \$16,546,000 and \$18,337,000
- \*\*\* Four institutions, former state technical schools, renamed state technical colleges.



### **DELAWARE**

State tax-fund appropriations for operating expenses of higher education in Delaware, fiscal year 1968-69, in thousands of dollars.

Institutions	Sums	appropriated
(1)		(2)
U of Delaware		\$9,726
Social Security*		463
Pensions*		246
Insurance**		66
Subtotal, U of D-\$10,50	01	
Delaware State Colllege	•	1,194
Social Security*		38
<b>Pensions*</b>		17
Insurance**		6
Subtotal, DSC-\$1,255		
Del Tech and Community	Coll	2,123
Social Security*		63
Insurance**	_	4
Subtotal, DT&CC-\$2,190		
Higher Ed Aid Adv Comm	n.	<u> </u>
Higher Ed and Voc 1	Loan	Prog 39
Out-of-State Scholarshi	ps**	* 110
Total		14,095
at Admid and a Annuard Inc. Co		The contract of

- \* Administered by State Treasurer.
- \*\* Appropriated to State Insurance Commissioner.
- \*\*\* Appropriated to the State Board of Education for scholarships to Delaware students attending institutions of higher learning outside the state.

# FLORIDA

State tax-fund appropriations for operating expenses of higher education in Florida, biennium 1967-69, as originally made in 1967 and as supplemented in early 1968, in thousands of dollars.

Institutions	Biennium 1967-69	
	As made	As revised
	in 1967	in 1968
(1)	(2)	(3)
U of Florida	\$39,022	\$42,481
<b>Health Center</b>	13,421	13,672
Inst Food and Ag*	22,238	25,183
Grad Engrng Syst**	1,171	1,191
Engrng Exp Sta	970	970
(continued in next	column)	

(continued from preceding column - FLA.)

Subtotal, U of Fla		
Florida State U	38,011	11,632
U of South Florida	18,578	21,432
Florida Atlantic U	9,933	11,354
Florida A&M Univ	9,409	9,813
U of West Florida	6,084	6,896
Fla Technological U	4,452	4,926
Bd of Regents, Gen1+	1,651	3,881
Subtotal, all st u's		
U of Miami Medical Sch@	2,687	2,687
SREB & out-of-st aid	1,224	1,224
St aid for comm colls	87,367	106,923
Total	256,218	294,266

- \* Institute of Food and Agricultural Sciences includes Ag Exp Sta and Ag Extension.
- \*\* Serves the middle East coast and Cape Kennedy Areas.
- + Includes the following items which were funded by the special session:
  Regents' Scholarships \$1,500
  Planning new inst Dade County 226
  Planning new inst Duval County 226
  For transfer to u's for increased enrollments++ 200
  Regional edn (TV) 78
  - ++ To be added to balance of \$2 million as yet undistributed.
- @ Subsidy of \$4,500 per Florida student enrolled in the medical school of the private University of Miami.

### **GEORGIA**

State tax-fund appropriations for operating expenses of higher education in Georgia, fiscal year 1968-69, in thousands of dollars.

Institutions Sums	appropriated
(1)	(2)
U of Georgia	\$29,633
Ag Exten Serv	4,220
Ag Experiment Stas	3,811
Continuing Edn Ctr	913
Subtotal, U Ga-\$38,577	
Georgia Inst of Technology	10,036
Engrng Experiment Stas	2,040
Engrng Exten Division	153
Southern Technical Inst	946
Subtotal, GIT-\$13,175	
Medical College of Georgia	5,052
Talmadge Memorial Hosp	5,630
Subtotal, MC of Ga-\$10,682	
Georgia State College	8,424
Georgia Southern Coll	3,561
West Georgia College	3,248
Valdosta State Coll	2,015
Fort Valley St Coll	1,933
Ga Southwestern Coll	1,811
Albany State College	1,582
Ga Coll at Milledgeville	1,509
Savannah State College	1,486
Augusta College	1,425
Armstrong St Coll	1,294
North Georgia Coll	1,017
Columbus College	965
Middle Ga College	1,234
A Baldwin Ag Coll	1,055
Kennesaw Jr Coll	1,020
Macon Jr Coll	947
Albany Jr Coll	722
South Georgia Coll	694
Dalton Jr Coll	632
Gainesville Jr Coll	620
Brunswick Jr Coll	606
Employer Contrib to Retir'n	1t 9,643
Regents of U System	864
State Tech Serv Program	300
Regents' Scholarships	200
Graduate Scholarships	140 150
Regents, for Jr Coll Syst	85
Regional Education	
State aid to local jr colls	8
Interest of const debt	210
Unallocated	112,524
Total	114,047

# Footnotes - GEORGIA

NOTE: The legislative appropriation is made to the Board of Regents of the University System of Georgia, and the Board allocates sums to the several institutions and services.

\* Georgia has nine state junior colleges (named above); but there is also a state-aided local public junior college which has been in operation for several years in the Atlanta area (DeKalb Junior College at Clarkston).

#### HAWAII

State tax-fund appropriations for operating expenses of higher education in Hawaii, fiscal year 1968-69, in thousands of dollars.

Institutions	Sums	appropriated
(1)		(2)
U of Hawaii*		\$36,246
Research studies		60
WICHE**		83
Less estimated stude	nt fee	S
and other non-sta		
receipts		-5,402
Total		30,987

- \* Includes community colleges and the educational TV network, but excludes the East-West Center, which is wholly supported from federal funds, estimated at \$5,800,000 for fiscal year 1968-69.
- \*\* Western Interstate Commission for Higher Education.



#### **IDAHO**

State tax-fund appropriations for operating expenses of higher education in Idaho, biennium 1967-69, in thousands of dollars.

Institutions Sums ap	propriated
(1)	(2)
U of Idaho	\$18,330
Agricultural research	2,957
Ag extension	1,960
Applied research	135
Pure seed	68
Subtotal, U of I-\$23,450	
Idaho State U	11,703
From vocational ed approp	699
Subtotal, ISU-\$12,402	
Lewis-Clark Normal Sch	1,210
From vocational ed approp	249
Subtotal, L-CNS-\$1,459	
Boise State College*	500
Area Voc-Tech Schs operated	
by public junior colleges	580
Exec Dir of Higher Ed	<b>7</b> 5
State aid to jr colls	1,500
Continuing Edn Program	123
Medical Edn Study Comm	5 <u>0</u>
WICHE	550
Edn Comm of the States	14
Total	40,703

\* Boise College, hitherto a local public junior college, will become Boise State College January 1, 1959. The appropriation is for the period from January 1, 1969 to June 30, 1969.

(Hence not to be included in total for first year of the biennium.)

#### ILLINOIS

State tax-fund appropriations for operating expenses of higher education in Illinois, biennium 1967-69, in thousands of dollars.

Institutions	Sums	appropriated
(1)		(2)
U of Illinois*		
Urbana-Champaign		<b>\$154,748</b>
(incl U genl admin	)	
Medical Center (Chi	cago	54,213
Chicago Circle		42,080
Unassigned		397
Subtotal, U of Ill	\$251	,438
(continued in next		

(continued from preceding column - ILL.)

Southern Illinois U**	102,307
Northern Illinois U	50,055
Illinois State U	36,370
Western Illinois U	26,558
Eastern Illinois U	22,438
Northeastern Illinois Coll@	12,670
Chicago State College@@	13,916_
Subtotal, su's & c's-\$515,752	
State scholarships	30,944
Guaranteed student loans	9,000
Board of Higher Edn	647
Board of Regents***	300
Board of Governors#	528
State aid to jr colls	45,072
Total	602,273

- \* All campuses, chiefly Urbana and Chicago.
- \*\* All campuses, chiefly Carbondale and Edwardsville.
- @ Formerly Chicago Teachers College, North.
- @@ Formerly Chicago Teachers College, South.
- \*\*\* New board (July 1, 1967) to govern Northern Illinois University and Illinois State University.
  - # Former Teachers College Board, renamed in 1965; governing the four institutions last-named in the tabulation of eight.



#### INDIANA

State tax-fund appropriations for operating expenses of higher education in Indiana, biennium 1967-69, by separate fiscal years, in thousands of dollars.

Institutions	1967-68	1968-69
(1)	(2)	(3)
Indiana U	, ,	
Main campus*	\$47,785	\$51,582
Regional campuses++	•	6,898
Hospital Intern pro	•	1,250+
Univ telecomm system	- •	300+
Psychiatric research		400
Herron School of Ar		207
Mentally retarded c	linic 75	<b>7</b> 5
Pub Health training	40	40
Dept of Toxicology	35	35
Subtotals, I U @		
Purdue U		
Main campus	39,184	42,094
Regional campuses++	+ 6,647	8,028
County ag agents	867	910
Animal Diagnostic L	ab × 231	131
Ag products utiliza		90
Ag marketing researe	ch 50	50
Bangs Disease testi	ng 30	30
Johnson Grass erad	15	15
Subtotals, Purdue U @@		
Ball State University	13,769	15,129
Indiana State U	-	
Main campus	12,942	14,304
Regional campuses	248	477
Subtotals, ISU @@@		
Vincennes University xx	370	470
Indiana Voc Tech Coll x	xx 2,200	2,200
Totals	132,628	144,715
@ \$55,985,000 and \$60	•	
@@ \$47,114,000 and \$51	•	
@@@ \$13,190,000 and \$14	,781,000.	
* Bloomington and Ind		
** Program for more me		ernships
within the state of		
*** An Indianapolis ins		<del>-</del>
by Indiana Universi	•	
+ These figures are h	alves of	undivided

appropriations for biennium 1967-69. ++ Eight, located at Fort Wayne, Gary-East Chicago, Jeffersonville,

Kokomo, South Bend-Mishawaka, Down-town Indianapolis, Richmond, and

Vincennes, the latter two being

University respectively. (continued in next column)

"centers" operated in conjunction with Earlham College and Vincennes

(continued from preceding column -IND.)

- +++ Four, located at Fort Wayne, Hammond, Indianapolis, and Michigan City. The regional campuses of Indiana University and Purdue University in Fort Wayne occupy jointly a new college plant and work in close cooperation, though retaining their identities.
  - x Located near Jasper, Indiana.
- xx A private corporation dating from 1806, now operating a junior college largely supported by the state and by Knox County. Under an act of 1955 the state matches the proceeds of a county levy (currently \$120,000 per year) and for the biennium 1967-69 appropriated additional tax moneys to bring the total of state support up to the sums shown.
- xxx A public corporation of statewide purview, authorized to provide vocational-technical education by various means, including establishing new schools or contracting with existing schools.

## IOWA

State tax-fund appropriations for higher education in Iowa, biennium 1967-1969, in thousands of dollars.

Institutions	Sums	appropriated
(1)		(2)
University of Iowa		\$57,060
University Hospital		17,234
Psychopathic Hospit	al	3,794
Hospital School		2,350
Bacteriological Lab	)	1,254
State Sanatorium		2,906
Subtotal, U of I-\$84,59	8	
Iowa State University		45,072
Agricultural Exp St	a	7,198
Co-op Ag Exten Serv	ice	5,396
Subtotal, ISU-\$57,666		
U of Northern Iowa		17,072
(was State College	of I	owa)
State Board of Regents*		210
Total Universities		159,546
State aid to jr college	S	12,000
(area schools)		
Total		171,546

\* Also governs Iowa Braille and Sight Saving School, Iowa School for the Deaf, which in the aggregate receive \$3,664.

### **KANSAS**

State tax-fund appropriations for operating expenses of higher education in Kansas, fiscal year 1968-69, in thousands of dollars.

Institutions Sums ap	propriated
(1)	(2)
U of Kansas	\$18,759
Medical Center	7,180
Subtotal, U of K-\$25,939	
Kansas State University	19,416
Wichita State U	6,971
Kansas St Tchrs Coll (Emporia)	5,406
Kansas St Coll of Pittsburg	4,901
Fort Hays Kansas St Coll	3,656
State aid to municipal univ -	
Washburn U of Topeka*	486
State aid to junior colls**	2,333
Total	69,108
1 42 24	

- \* \$5.50 per undergraduate credit hour.
- \*\* State aid to local public junior colleges is \$8 per credit hour.

NOTE: Appropriations are no longer made for Kansas dental students studying in other states. There is a reciprocal agreement with Missouri whereby Kansas dental students studying in Missouri pay only the same fees as Missouri residents. Kansas grants the same concession to Missouri students in Architecture and some other programs.

## KENTUCKY

State tax-fund appropriations for operating expenses of higher education in Kentucky, biennium 1968-70, by separate fiscal years, in thousands of dollars.

Institutions	1968-69	1969-70
(1)	(2)	(3)
U of Kentucky*	\$47,287	\$51,706
Western Kentucky U	9,056	11,703
Eastern Kentucky U	8,547	10,578
Murray State U	6,214	8,152
Morehead State U	5,540	7,290
Kentucky State Coll	2,170	2,586
U of Louisville**	3,100	3,100
Council of Pub H Edn	435	363
Totals	82,350	95,478

#### Footnotes - KENTUCKY

- \* The sums include the Medical School and the Ag Experiment Station and the Ag Extension Service, and also an appropriation of \$330,000 for the biennium for a "community college" (branch of the U of Kentucky) at Madisonville in western Kentucky.
- \*\* This university is a state-subsidized municipal institution. House Resolution 91, adopted by the 1968 legislature, authorizes it to become a state institution and requests the Board of Trustees of the U of Louisville and the Board of Trustees of the U of Kentucky to develop a plan of affiliation for the two universities.



#### LOUISIANA

State tax-fund appropriations for operating expenses of higher education in Louisiana, fiscal year 1968-69, in thousands of dollars.

Institutions Sums	appropriated
(1)	(2)
Louisiana State U	\$23,468
New Orleans campus	5,435
Medical (New Orleans)	4,287
Medical (Shreveport)	628
Dental School	888
Ag Exp Sta	4,923
Coop Ag Exten	4,214
Alexandria branch	978
Shreveport branch	970
Eunice branch	600
Subtotal, LSU-\$46,391	
Southern University	
Baton Rouge campus	7,046
New Orleans campus	1,751
_ Shreveport campus	478
Subtotal, SU-\$9,275	
U of Southwestern La	8,140
La Polytechnical Inst	6,739
Northeastern State Coll	5,638
Northwestern State Coll	5,512
Southeastern State Coll	4,809
Grambling College	4,032
McNeese State College	3,973
Nicholls State College	3,321
Delgado Junior College	1,177
Confederate Memorial Nursin	g
School (Shreveport)	215
Total	99,222

NOTE: It is anticipated that the governor will call a special session of the legislature in September to revise the state tax system to produce more revenue. In that event it is expected that additional appropriations may be made to the institutions of higher education.

## MAINE

State tax-fund appropriations for operating expenses of higher education in Maine, biennium 1967-69, by separate fiscal years.

Institutions	1967-68	1968-69
(1)	(2)	(3)
U of Maine	\$10,646	\$10,728
(continued in a	next column)	

(continued from preceding column - LA.)

State colleges -		
Gorham	1,848	1,848
Farmington	1,351	1,353
Aroostook	735	739
Washington	604	602
Fort Kent	425	412
Maine Maritime Acad	451	366
Vocational-technical ins	ts-	
Northern Maine*	571	486
Southern Maine**	430	343
Central Maine@	422	401
Eastern Maine@@	375	379
Schools of practical num	rsing-	
Southern Maine	59	53
Northern Maine	42	36
Waterville	30	24
Scholarship fund	50	50
Scholarship administrati	lon 77	
New Eng Hi Edn Compact	52	52
Totals	18,167	17,873

- \* Formerly Maine Voc-Tech Institute.
- \*\* Formerly Androscoggin Voc Inst.
- @ Formerly Northeast Maine V-T Inst.
- @@ Formerly Penobscot County Voc Inst.

#### MARYLAND

State tax-fund appropriations for operating expenses of higher education in Maryland, <u>fiscal year 1968-69</u>, in thousands of dollars.

(2) \$52,173 5,134 3,963
5,134 3,963
3,963
3,963
3,963
3,963
•
0 710
2,718
1,329
1,490
1,171
788
3,086
1,365
1,104
185
5,236
79,742

# **MASSACHUSETTS**

State tax-fund appropriations for operating expenses of higher education in Massachusetts, <u>fiscal year 1968-69</u>, in thousands of dollars.

Institutions Sums appr	opriated
(1)	(2)
U of Massachusetts*	\$33,920
Subtotal, U of M-\$33,920	
State colleges -	
Boston	3,568
Salem	2,429
Bridgewater	2,362
Fitchburg	1,965
Worcester	1,552
Framingham	1,540
Westfield	1,458
Lowell	1,357
North Adams	806
Mass College of Art	548
Mass Maritime Academy	484
Bd of Trustees, State Colls	243
Subtotal, s c's-\$18,030	
Technological institutes -	
Lowell Technological Inst	3,650
Southeastern Mass Tech Inst	<b>2,</b> 913
Subtotal, t i's-\$6,563	
Regional community colleges -	
Massachusetts Bay	932
Holyoke	837
Springfield Technical Inst	719
Massasoit	704
Quinsigamond	700
Northern Essex	685
North Shore	615
Bristol	595
Berkshire	484
Cape Cod	450
Mount Wachusett	432
Greenfield	418,
Bd of Reg Community Colls	310
Subtotal, r c c's-\$7,881	
Bd of Higher Education	2,704
Total	69,097

\* Includes main campus at Amherst, the Boston branch, and planning costs for medical campus to be established at Worcester.

## **MICHIGAN**

State tax-fund appropriations for operating expenses of higher education in Michigan, fiscal year 1968-69, in thousands of dollars.

Institutions	Sums	appropriated
(1)		(2)
U of Michigan*		\$63,272
Subtotal, UM - \$63,272		
Michigan State U		
East Lansing		48,949
Oakland University		5,046
Ag Exp Station		4,691
Coop Ag Exten Service	e	3,646
Subtotal, MSU - \$62,332		
Wayne State U		38,176
Western Michigan U		16,165
Eastern Michigan U		11,648
Central Michigan U		9,106
Michigan Technological U	J	-
Houghton		7,074
Sault Ste Marie**		1,155
Subtotal, MTU - \$8,229		
Ferris State College		7,555
Northern Michigan U		6,437
Grand Valley State Coll		2,449
Saginaw Valley St Coll		864
Computer network***		200
Institute of Gerontology	·@	211
State scholarships@@		11,150
State aid to comm colls		24,629
Total		262,424
* All compuses chiefl	v at	Ann Arbor

- \* All campuses, chiefly at Ann Arbor, Flint, and Dearborn.
- \*\* Lake Superior State College
- \*\*\* To the three largest universities, jointly.
  - @ To the University of Michigan and Wayne State University, jointly.
- @@ The sum includes \$6,250,000 for "state competitive scholarships;" \$4,200,000 for "tuition grants to students attending private colleges;" and \$700,000 for the guaranteed loan program for students.



#### **MINNESOTA**

State tax-fund appropriations for operating expenses of higher education in Minnesota, biennium 1967-69, by separate fiscal years, in thousands of dollars.

Institutions	1967-68	1968-69
(1)	(2)	(3)
U of Minnesota	\$51,801	\$59,093
(incl campuses in Min-		400,000
neapolis, St. Paul,		
Duluth, and elsewhere)	,	
U Hospitals	4,311	4,274
Genl Ag Exten	1,614	1,732
Genl Ag Research	1,070	1,120
Psychopathic Hosp	1,005	1,036
Rehabilitation Ctr	990	1,020
Child Psychiatric Hosp		398
Multiple Sclerosis	134	144
Spec Research & Misc	1,705	1,781
Fac and Staff Ins@	1,425	1,487
NDEA Student Loans	218	218
Subtotals, U of M*		
State colleges -		
Mankato@@	5,807	6,672
St Cloud@@	4,976	5,716
Moorhead@@	2,874	3,299
Bemidji@@	2,710	3,117
Winona@@	2,353	2,698
Southwest@@	2,066	1,598
State College Bd	230	241
St Coll Bd contingent	400	-
NDEA Student Loans	252	300
Supplemental Rtrment	2,980	3,370
Doctoral Prog Study	250	• •
Genl Research	10	15
Subtotals, state colls**		
State junior colleges -		
St Junior Coll Bd#	6,947	7,640
Contingent	200	-
Fac and Staff Ins@	135	160
Supplemental Rtrment	77	113
NDEA Student Loans	18	20_
Subtotal, st jr colls***		
Higher Ed Coord Comm@@@	196	151
Interinstitutional TV	350	-
State Scholarships	-	250
Totals	95,034	105,131

(continued in next column)

(continued from preceding column - MINN.)

### **Footnotes**

- \* \$65,107,776 and \$72,803,473.
- \*\* \$22,002,069 and \$23,993,005.
- \*\*\* \$7,377,611 and \$7,932,971.
  - @ The sums are approximations. Exact amount can not be ascertained until after end of fiscal period.
- @@ The sums are approximations. Funds are allocated quarterly by the state college board. These approximations also include estimated amounts for faculty and employee insurance.
- @@@ Formerly designated Liaison and Facilities Commission for Higher Education.
  - # The state agency in charge of a statewide network of 18 junior colleges, now deriving their tax support for operating expenses wholly from the state.

#### MISSISSIPPI

State tax-fund appropriations for operating expenses of higher education in Mississippi, biennium 1968-70, in thousands of dollars.

Units and Services Sums	appropriated
(1)	(2)
General support*	\$52,000
U of Miss Scho of Medicine	5,030
U of Miss Teaching Hosp	5,010
Coop Ag Exten Service**	4,532
Ag Experiment Station**	3,615
Research and Devel Ctr**+	2,899
U Ctr and Org Research**	1,000
Nursing Edn Aid Fund	663
U of Miss Sch of Nursing	580
Pharmaceutical Research**	514
Chemical Regulatory	422
U So Miss Sch of Nursing	315
Forest Products**	288
Foundation Herds**	40
Gulf Coast Research Lab**	100
State Scholarship Fund	<b>750</b>
So Regional Edn Fund	400
Bd Trustees of Insts H L	380
Technical Institutes	4,700
State aid to jr colleges	12,371
Total	95,609

- \* A lump-sum appropriation, not to any institution, but to be allocated to the institutions by the Board of Trustees of State Institutions of Higher Learning.
- \*\* Classified as "Research and Development Funds", aggregating \$12,988,000 for the biennium.
- + The Mississippi Research and Development Center is a non-degree-granting institution, with its program intimately related to those of the state universities.

In August 1968 the Board of Trustees of State Institutions of Higher Learning allocated a total of \$28,270,000 to ten institutions for <u>fiscal year</u> 1968-69 out of the "General Support" appropriation of \$52 million for the biennium 1968-70.

To afford an impression of the identity of the institutions, it is necessary to show both the amounts allocated to the 8 teaching institutions for (continued in next column)

ERIC

(continued from preceding column - MISS.)

fiscal year 1968-69, and one-half of the amounts appropriated specifically by the legislature to the units and services associated with each institution. This allows subtotals for each of the state universities to emerge, which are presumably roughly comparable with those of similar institutions in other states.

Allocations to eight teaching institutions in Mississippi in August 1968 for fiscal year 1968-69, and one-half the appropriations for biennium 1968-70 to units and services associated with each institution, in thousands of dollars.

Institutions	Sums
U of Mississippi	\$5,132
U Miss Sch of Medicine	2,515
U Miss Teaching Hosp	2,505
U Ctr and Org Research	500
U Miss Sch of Nursing	290
Pharmaceutical research	157
Subtotal, U Miss-\$11,099	
Mississippi State U	6,095
Coop Ag Exten Service	2,266
Ag Experiment Sta	1,807
Chemical Regulatory	211
Forest products	144
Foundation herds	20_
Subtotal, M St U-\$10,501	
U of Southern Mississippi	4,767
U So Miss Sch of Nursing	157
Subtotal, U So M-\$4,924	
Jackson State College	2,287
Miss St Coll for Women	1,837
Delta State College	1,804
Alcorn A&M College	1,626
Miss Valley State Coll	1,498
The total here is not material	because

The total here is not material because not all allocations are included; allocations to independent research institutions are not included.

For the 50-state summary table for fiscal year 1968-69, the entry is one-half the total legislative appropriation for the biennium 1968-70, or \$47,804,000.

#### MISSOURI

(continued from preceding column - MONT.)

State tax-fund appropriations for operating expenses of higher education in Missouri, <u>fiscal year 1968-69</u>, in thousands of dollars.

Institutions Sums a	ppropriated
	(2)
U of Missouri	
(All campuses and programs)	<b>*</b> \$73,246
Lincoln University	2,217
Subtotal, st u's - \$75,363	
State colleges -	
Central Missouri	8,860
Southeast Missouri	5,536
Southwest Missouri	5,500
Northeast Missouri	4,456
Northwest Missouri	3,330
Missouri Southern **	879
Missouri Western ***	254_
Subtotal, st c's - \$28,832	
Harris Teachers College @	1,157
State aid to jr colls	7,312
Total	112,764

- \* Allocations to the several campuses and other major units will be reported later when possible.
- \*\* A new state college for third and fourth year students only.
- \*\*\* A new state college being planned for the upper two years only.
  - @ A state-aided municipal institution in St. Louis.

## **MONTANA**

State tax-fund appropriations for operating expenses of higher education in Montana, biennium 1967-69, by separate fiscal years, in thousands of dollars.

Institutions	Sums appr	
	1967-68	1968-69
(1)	(2)	(3)
U of Montana	\$6,760	\$7,785
Subtotal, U of M *		
Montana State U	7,025	8,125
Ag Exp Sta	1,500	1,700
Co-op Exten Serv	500	575
Subtotal, MSU **		
Coll of Min Sci & Tech	1,045	1,120
Bur of Mines & Geol	58	20
Subtotals, MCMS&T ***		
Eastern Montana Coll	2,220	2,515
Northern Montana Coll	1,210	1,360
Western Montana Coll	790	902
(continued in next of	column)	<u> </u>

Executive Secretary	65	66
NDEA matching loan funds	30	30
WICHE	16	16
WICHE student payments	147	184
Board of Education	19	20
Totals	21,375	24,418

- \* \$6,760 and \$7,785
- \*\* \$9,025 and \$10,400.
- \*\*\* \$1,103 and \$1,140

### NEBRASKA

State tax-fund appropriations for operating expenses of higher education in Nebraska, biennium 1967-69, in thousands of dollars.

Institutions Sums ap	propriated
U of Nebraska	\$30,297
Medical Center	9,853
Ag Exp Sta	6,288
Ag Exten Serv	3,690
Genl exten and public serv	1,091
Conservation and survey	471
Omaha University*	3,009
Subtotal, U of N-\$54,639	
State colleges-	
Kearney	4,528
Wayne	2,630
Chadron	2,165
Peru	1,147
Subtotal, s c's-\$10,470	
State aid to jr Colls	1,387
Total	66,496

\* The sum appropriated is conditional upon approval of the voters of the city of Omaha of the merger of the Municipal University of Omaha with the University of Nebraska, as voted by the 1967 legislature.

# NEVADA

State tax-fund appropriations for operating expenses of higher education in Nevada, biennium 1967-69, by separate fiscal years, in thousands of dollars.

Institutions	Sums appr	opriated	
	1967-68	1968-69	
(1)	(2)	(3)	
U of Nevada*			
Reno campus*	\$6,101	<b>\$6,386</b>	
Nevada Tech Inst	346	377	
Library Books	406	417	
Las Vegas campus*	1,971	2,134	
NSU Tech Inst	272	268	
Library Books	359	380	
Football	15		
Research and extension	1,767	1,832	
(Statewide)			
General Administration	536	544_	
Totals	11,773	12,339	

\* One university, with main campus at Reno and branch campus at Las Vegas. The Las Vegas branch campus bears the name of Nevada Southern University.

# NEW HAMPSHIRE

State tax-fund appropriations for operating expenses of higher education in New Hampshire, <u>fiscal year 1968-69</u>, in thousands of dollars.

Institutions	Sums	appropriated
(1)		(2)
U of New Hampshire		
(Incl state colleges	at	
Keene and Plymouth)		\$10,210
Coordinating Board for A	dvan	ced
<b>Education and Accred</b>	itat	ion <u>11</u>
Total		10,221



# NEW JERSEY

State tax-fund appropriations for operating expenses of higher education in New Jersey, <u>fiscal year 1968-69</u>, in thousands of dollars.

Institutions	Sums appropriated
(1)	(2)
Rutgers, State U of N J	\$39,292
Subtotal, Rutgers-\$39,29	92*
State colleges-	
Montclair	5,148
Trenton	5,086
Newark	4,254
Paterson	4,135
Glassboro	4,107
Jersey City	3,641_
Subtotal, s c's-\$26,371	
N J Coll of Med and Den	tistry 6,193
Newark Coll of Engineer:	ing 4,983
Office of the Chancello	
Scholarships and loans	6,717
Educational Opportunity	Fund** 2,000
State aid to schs of nu	
State aid to county jr	
Total .	95,047
, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,	

- \* All units of the University, including \$5,642,193 for Agricultural Experiment Station.
- \*\* A first-time appropriation to provide scholarships and other programs to enable needy students to attend institutions of higher education.
- \*\*\* The sum appropriated here appears smaller than its counterpart for the preceding fiscal year, 1967-68. This is due to the fact that the appropriations for 1967-68 and prior years were for operating expenses and capital outlays, unsegregated, while that for 1968-69 is for operating expenses only. There was also a 1967-68 appropriation of \$14½ million for state aid for capital expenditures of the county colleges.

#### NEW MEXICO

State tax-fund appropriations for operating expenses of higher education in New Mexico, <u>fiscal year 1968-69</u>, in thousands of dollars.

Institutions	Sums	appropriated
(1)		(2)
U of New Mexico*		\$13,953
New Mexico State U**		9,068
Eastern New Mexico U		3,320
New Mexico Highlands U		1,761
N M Inst Mining & Techol	***	1,592
Western New Mexico U		1,251
N M Military Institute@		62
WICHE@@		15
State aid to jr coll@@@		240
Total		31,262

- \* Includes Medical School. Includes \$165,000 for WICHE student exchange program and a supplementary dental student exchange program.
- \*\* Includes \$236,000 for administering the State Department of Agriculture.
- \*\*\* Includes \$483,000 for the State Bureau of Mining and Mineral Resources.
  - @ Three-fifths of the students are in grades 10-12, and two-fifths at college level. Appropriation is for support of entire program.
- @@ This is the state's flat appropriation to the Western Interstate Commission for Higher Education, and is in addition to the \$165,000 mentioned in Footnote \*, above.
- @@@ At present New Mexico has only one local public junior college, and this is the first annual appropriation of state tax funds to aid it.



### NEW YORK

State tax-fund appropriations for operating expenses of higher education in New York, fiscal year 1968-69, in thousands of dollars.

To add double our	C	annuanui atad
Institutions	Sums	appropriated
		(2)
State U of New York-		
University Centers		<b>640 40</b> 1
Buffalo		\$49,491
Stony Brook		23,984
Albany		22,359
Binghamton		11,376
Subtotal, U Ctrs-\$107,2 Medical Centers	110	
Downstate (N Y Cit		21,877
	•	19,523
Upstate (Syracuse)		19,525
Subtotal, Med Ctrs-\$41, Colleges of Arts and		
Buffalo Buffalo	<u>scre</u>	
		11,952
New Paltz		9,895 9,743
Oswego		9,743 8,245
Oneonta		•
Brockport		8,201
Cortland		7,612
Geneseo		7,072
Plattsburgh		6,865
Potsdam		6,633
Fredonia		6,319
Old Westbury		937
Purchase		665
Rome-Utica-Herkimen		100
Subtotal, C of A&S-\$84	<u>,239</u>	
Statutory Colleges**	\	10 000
Agriculture (Corne		12,823
Home Economics (Co		
Ag Exp Sta (Cornel)		2,780
Veterinary (Cornel		2,673
Indus-Labor R (Cor	-	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·
Genl services (Cor		2,901
Subtotal, Cornell-\$26,		1 500
Ceramics (Alfred U	<u> </u>	1,792
Subtotal, stat-\$28,654		
Specialized Colleges		E 011
Forestry (Syracuse		5,311
Maritime (N Y City	<u>)                                    </u>	2,?72 <u></u>
Subtotal, Spec-\$8,083		
Ag & Tech Colls (2-y	ear)	<i>6                                    </i>
Farmingdale		6,415
Alfred		4,791
Morrisville		3,080
Cobleskill		2,926
Delhi		2,625 2,556
Canton	001:	2,556
(continued in next	COTA	unrı )

(continued from preceding column -  $\underline{N} \cdot \underline{Y}$ .)

Subtotal, A & T-\$22,393	
University-wide	
Administration	5,106
SUNY Scholarship Prog	2,000
Ctr for Internat Studies	1,261
Genl Univ-wide Progs***	25,005
Subtotal, U-wide-\$33,372	
Less amounts financed by fees@-	47,968
SUNY NET TOTAL from Tax Funds	277,382_
Other-	
City University of New York-	75,480
Scholar incentive program	35,500
Schol'shps and fellowships	34,303
Higher Edn Asstnce Corp	13,580
Community Colleges++	34,400
Two-year Urban Ctrs	3,750
Equal Opp Program (N Y City)	5,000
Equal Opp Prog (Upstate)	1,973
Private Medical Colleges@@	618
Endowed Chairs	1,000
Subtotal, Other-\$205,604	
Grand Total	482,986

- \* Recently State University Colleges.
- \*\* Formerly called "Contract Colleges."
- \*\*\* Includes sums to be allocated to the campuses at later dates.
  - @ Adjustment of SUNY total operating budget by deducting funds derived from other than state tax sources.
  - + Municipal university, state-aided.
- ++ The state provides one-third of the annual operating funds.
- @@ For operating expenses only. An appropriation of \$9 million was made for capital outlays.

# NORTH CAROLINA

State tax-fund appropriations for operating expenses of higher education in North Carolina, biennium 1967-69, by separate fiscal years, in thousands of dollars.

	1967-68	1968-69
Institutions	(2)	(3)
U of North Carolina (Con		
Chapel Hill, acadmc	\$16.650	\$18,022
Health Affairs	5,359	5,826
Memorial Hosp	3,540	3,979
Psychiatric Ctr	882	914
Subtotals, Chapel Hill*		
N C State U, acadmc	13,200	14,081
Ag Exp Sta	4,171	4,362
Coop Ag Exten Serv	4,061	4,187
Industrial Exten	236	287_
Subtotals, St U, Raleig	h**	
UNC at Greensboro	5,187	5,783
UNC at Charlotte	2,169	2,447
Bd of Trustees (Consol	U) 744	770
Subtotals, UNC (Consol)	***	
Regional universities-		
East Carolina U	7,032	7,702
Appalachian St U	3,707	4,073
Ag & Tech State U	2,977	3,034
Western Carolina U	2,713	3,125
Subtotals, regional u's	:@	
Senior colleges-		
N C Coll at Durham	2,793	2,927
Winston-Salem	1,313	1,268
Pembroke	1,266	1,222
Fayetteville	1,005	
Wilmington	<b>97</b> 5	•
Asheville-Biltmore	968	•
Elizabeth City	907	918
N C Sch of the Art	s 667	750
Subtotals, sr colls@@		
Community colleges	22,837	24,480
Bd of Higher Edn	1,162	
State Edn Asstce Auth	31	
Totals	106,550	
* \$26,431,000 and \$2	8,741,000	).
44 001 669 000 and \$2	2 917 000	).

- \*\* \$21,668,000 and \$22,917,000.
- \*\*\* \$56,197,000 and \$60,658,000.
  - @ \$16,429,000 and \$17,934,000.
- @@ \$9,895,000 and \$10,142,000.

# NORTH DAKOTA

State tax-fund appropriations for operating expenses of higher education in North Dakota, biennium 1967-69, in thousands of dollars.

Institutions Sum	s appropriated
(1)	(2)
U of North Dakota	\$11,055
Medical Center	628
Ellendale Branch*	890
Subtotal, UND-\$12,573	
North Dakota State U	8,788
Ag Exten Service	1,252
Ag Experiment Station	4,033
Subtotal, NDSU-\$14,073	
Minot State College	3,074
State Sch of Sci (Wahpeto	n) 2,899
Valley City St College	1,814
Dickinson St College	1,743
Mayville State College	1,339
St Sch Forestry (Bottinea	u) 550
State Forest Service	232
Subtotal, SC of F-\$782	
Faculty sabbatical leaves	** 130
State Bd of Higher Edn	188
Subtotal, all st insts-\$3	88,615
State aid to jr colls	1,102
Total	39,777

- \* Formerly Ellendale Normal and Industrial College.
- \*\* This sum is to be expended only if and when needed to meet obligations within its special purpose.

#### OHIO

State tax-fund appropriations for operating expenses of higher education in Ohio, biennium 1967-69, by separate fiscal years, in thousands of dollars.

Toronto		
Institutions	1967-68	1968-69
(1)	(2)	(3)
Ohio State U	\$41,617	\$45,395
U Hospitals	6,000	6,300
Ag Research Ctr	3,950	3,950
Ag Exten Service	2,150	2,150
Research and Pub S	erv 1,500	1,500
Subtotals, OSU*		
Kent State U	15,330	17,655
Ohio University	14,353	16,485
Bowling Green St U	9,629	10,912
Miami University	9,245	10,589
U of Cincinnati***	6,500	9,620
U of Akron@	6,412	7,442
U of Toledo@	6,176	7,711
Youngstown St U@@	5,860	6,515
Cleveland St U@@@	5,297	6,600
Wright State U+	2,900	3,540
Central State U	2,293	2,746
Subtotals, 11 u's**		
U Branches and Ctr++	4,978	6,810
Community Colleges+++	4,174	5,376
Technical Institutes-	888	1,400
Medical Coll, Toledo	700	850
Regents' professorships		350
Board of Regents	225	240
Totals	150,527	174,136
		,

- \* \$55,217 and \$59,295.
- \*\* \$83,995 and \$99,815.
- \*\*\* Municipal university, now "stateaffiliated." Permanency of status is contingent on municipal election in November, 1967.
  - @ Former municipal university, now a state university.
- @@ New state university which absorbed the private Youngstown University.
- @@@ New state university which absorbed the private Fenn College in Cleveland.
  - + New state university, formerly a branch jointly of Ohio State University and Miami University.
  - ++ There is a total of 13 permanent branches operating in 1967, attached (continued in next column)

(continued from preceding column - OHIO)

- to universities: Ohio State, 3; Kent, 4; Ohio U, 4; Miami, 1; and U of Cincinnati, 1. There will be 18 in operation in 1968. In 1967 there are also 9 smaller and less permanent "academic centers", which may later decline in number.
- +++ Four 2-year colleges, based on counties: Cuyahoga at Cleveland, Lorain at Elyria, Lakeland at Willoughby, and Sinclair Community College at Dayton, formerly a private institution.
  - Three institutes, based on local public school districts, at Springfield, Toledo, and Columbus.
- -- A state medical college in initial stage, at present not connected with any university.

# **OKLAHOMA**

State tax-fund appropriations for operating expenses of higher education in Oklahoma, <u>fiscal year 1968-69</u>, in thousands of dollars, as allocated by the Regents for Higher Education.

	Sums	allocated
Institutions		(2)
U of Oklahoma		\$10,901
Medical Center		6,280
Geological Survey		289_
Subtotal, U of 0-\$17,470		
Oklahoma State U		10,434
Ag Experiment Sta		2,207
Ag Extension Division		2,137
Coll of Veterinary Med	d	5 96
Tech Trng Sch at Okmu	lgee	1,261
Tech Inst at Oklahoma	City	149
Subtotal, OSU-\$16,784		
Central State College		3,347
Northeastern State Colleg	е	2,545
Southwestern State Colleg	e	2,031
East Central State Colleg	e	1,426
Southeastern State College	;e	1,163
Northwestern State College	ge	1,077
Cameron State Ag Coll		960
Northeastern Okla A&M Co.	11	859
Okla College of Liberal	\rts*	814
Langston University		001
Okla Panhandle State Col.	1	751 548
Eastern Okla State Colle	ge	548
Northern Oklahoma Colleg	e	494
Murray St Coll of Agricu	lture	9 408 354
Oklahoma Military Academ	У	00 -
Connors St Coll of Agric	ultu	
Student Ednl Asstnce Fun	a	200 85
SRER and dental edn asst	ce	187
Other (\$50,000 or less 6	ach)	
Reserve for adjustments		100
State aid to comm-jr col	lls	52,858
Total		52,606

<sup>\*</sup> Formerly Oklahoma College for Women, now coeducational.

# OREGON

State tax-fund appropriations for annual operating expenses of higher education in Oregon, biennium 1967-69, as revised by Special Session late in 1967, in thousands of dollars, by separate fiscal years.

	1967-68	1968-69
Institutions	(2)	(3)
(1)	\$11,056	\$11,150
U of Oregon U of O Medical Sch*	3,325	3,505
Tchng hosps & clinic	•	
incl TV Hosps	4,678	4,846
Cip Children Div	1,023	1,065
U of O Dental School*	1,268	1,352
Subtotals, U of Oregon**		
Oregon State U	12,542	12,662
Ag Exp Station	3,200	3,479
Ag Extension Serv	2,465	2,653
Forest Research Lab	217	236
Subtotals, O State U***		
Portland State Coll	7,391	7,440
Oregon Coll of Edn	2,085	2,103
Southern Oreg Coll	2,870	2,878
Eastern Oregon Coll	1,318	1,331
Eastern Oregon Coll	1,727	
Oreg Technical Inst	1,784	
Div of Continuing Edn	68	
WICHE	1,605	1,421
Centralized Activities		
NDEA matching loan fund		
State aid to comm colls	65,199	
Grand Total	- 00,200	

- \* The medical and dental schools are administratively unconnected with the University, but bear its name.
- \*\* \$21,350 and \$21,919.
- \*\*\* \$18,425 and \$19,030.



#### PENNSYLVANIA

State tax-fund appropriations for operating expenses of higher education in Pennsylvania, <u>fiscal year 1968-69</u>, in thousands of dollars.

Institutions	Sums	appro	riated
(1)			(2)
Pennsylvania State U*			
General maintenanc	е	5	51,346
Tuition supplement	s**		4,185
Social Security			3,300
Special research			390
Subtotal, PSU-\$59,222			
State-owned institutio	ns-		
Indiana U of Penns		а	6,766
West Chester St Co	-		6,322
California St Coll			4,870
Clarion St Coll			4,777
Millersville St Co	11		4,742
			•
Slippery Rock St C	011		4,738
Edinboro St Coll			4,591
Shippensburg St Co			3,763
Bloomsburg St Coll			3,512
Kutztown St Coll			3,322
Mansfield St Coll			3,263
East Stroudsburg S	t Coll	L	3,135
Cheyney St Coll			2,972
Lock Haven St Coll			2,497
Subtotal, s-o i-\$59,26	9		
State-related universi	ties-		
Temple University*	**		
General maintena	nce		20,009
Tuition reductio	n supp	ol'mts	9,598
School of Medici	ne		3,834_
Subtotal, TU-\$33,441			
U of Pittsburgh***			_
General maintenance	e		9,781
Tuition reducation	supp.	l'ts	18,763
School of Medicine			2,027
Computer Center			785
Nursing Program			290
Library School			231
Allegheny Observat	orv		93
Chair of Exp'tal M		ne	34
Subtotal, UP-\$32,003	CUICI		
Private insts, state-a	ided		
•	Tueu		
U of Pennsylvania	<b>m</b> aa		Q 1Q1
General maintena			8,184
School of Medici		•	2,110
Sch of Vet'nary		ıne	1,424
University Museu			100
Subtotal, U Pa-\$11,819			
(continued in next col	umn)		

(continued from preceding column - PA.)

Drexel Inst of Technology	2,276
Drexel Library School	150
Subtotal, DIT-\$2,426	
Jefferson Medical College	2,486
Phila Coll of Osteopathy	1,342
Woman's Medical College	845
Lincoln University	707
Phila College of Art	<b>2</b> 98
Phila Coll of Textiles and Sci	210
Del Val Coll of Sci and Ag	155
Pa College of Podiatry	112
Dickinson School of Law	100
Pa College of Optometry	84
Subtotal, p i s-a-\$20,584	
Pa Higher Ed Asst'ce Agency	
Scholarships	46,500
Loan guarantees	2,000
Administration	1,800
Matching funds	1,000
Subtotal, HEAA-\$51,300	
State aid to community colls	8,874
Total	264,693

- \* Pennsylvanians insist that this is not a state university, but "state-related" because its governing board has only a minority of its members appointed by public authorities. It is, however, for all intents and purposes the principal state university in Pennsylvania. as its name implies.
- \*\* Appropriated to enable the university to reduce student fees without loss of operating income. Note that much larger sums for this smae purpose are appropriated to the two "state-related" private universities--Temple and Pitt.
- \*\*\*Temple and Pitt are private corporations, with one-third of the members of their governing boards appointed by public authorities under statutes of 1965 and 1966. They are often grouped with Pennsylvania State University as "state-related", the three composing the "Commonwealth Segment" of higher education in Pennsylvania.

NOTE: An appropriation of \$1,581,692 to the Hahnemann Medical College failed to pass in the Senate prior to the break in the session in July 1968. It was thought that this appropriation might well be enacted after the legislature reconvened in September 1968; but the outcome could not be known when this report went to press in August.

## RHODE ISLAND

State tax-fund appropriations for operating expenses of higher education in Rhode Island, <u>fiscal year 1968-69</u>, in thousands of dollars.

ums	appropriated
	(2)
	\$13,382
	4,905
ege	1,608
	97_
992	
*	1,538
leg	e** <u>15</u>
	21,545
֡֜֜֜֜֜֜֜֜֜֜֜֜֜֜֜֜֜֜֜֜֜֜֜֜֜֜֜֜֜֜֜֜֜֜֜֜	ege 1s 992 *

- \* Scholarships for 5% of annual graduating classes in public and private high schools, to attend any accredited college in the United States.
- \*\* A private nonprofit 4-year institution specializing in business training. The scholarships are for teachertraining in business subjects.

## SOUTH CAROLINA

State tax-fund appropriations for operating expenses of higher education in South Carolina, <u>fiscal year 1968-69</u>, in thousands of dollars.

Institutions	Sums	appropriated
(1)		(2)
U of South Carolina		\$12,203
Medical College of S	C	10,184
Clemson University		8,275
Winthrop College		3,240
S C State College		2,979
The Citadel		2,764
Total		39,645

# SOUTH DAKOTA

State tax-fund appropriations for operating expenses of higher education in South Dakota, fiscal year 1968-69, in thousands of dollars.

Institutions	Sums	appropriated
(1)		(2)
U of South Dakota		\$6,051
(continued in next col	Lumn)	

(continued from preceding column -  $\underline{S}.\underline{D}.$ )

South Dakota State U	
Main Campus	6,777
Ag Exp Station	1,971
Coop Ag Exten Serv	1,265_
Subtotal, SDSU-\$10,012	
Northern State College	2,685
S D Sch of Mines and Technol	2,257
Black Hills St College	1,839
Southern State College	1,204
Genl Beadle State College	1,149
Bd of Regents of Education	-
For allocation*	866
For administrative exp	88_
Total**	26,152
Less estimated student fees	
and other institutional re-	
ceipts diverted from	
operating expenses	9,000
NET TOTAL	17,152

- \* This sum is to be allocated to several ancillary purposes at the institutions, the largest single item being \$560,000 for deferred maintenance.
- \*\* The total does not include \$376,350 for the State School for the Deaf and \$207,510 for the State School for the Blind, both of which are governed by the State Board of Regents of Education.

### TENNESSEE

State tax-fund appropriations for operating expenses of higher education in Tennessee, biennium 1967-69, by separate fiscal years, in thousands of dollars.

Institutions		
The creations		ropriated
	1967-68	1968-69
(1)	(2)	(3)
U of Tennessee		
(incl medcl units)	\$25,832	\$29,218
Ag Exten Serv	2,185	2,335
Ag Experiment Sta	1,639	1,739
Memphis Res Hosp	275	275
Munic Technol Serv	139	154
Subtotals, U of T*		
Memphis State U	10,550	11,874
East Tennessee St U	6,062	6,832
Tennessee A&I St U	4,633	5,219
Tenn Technological U	4,487	5,059
Middle Tenn St U	4,756	5,348
Austin Peay State Coll	2.289	2,514
State community college	es-	
Columbia	750	970
Cleveland	400	750
Jackson	400	750
Higher ed coordinating	bd 75	100
Totals	64,472	73,137

\* \$30,070,000 and \$33,721,000 respectively.

# **TEXAS**

State tax-fund appropriations for operating expenses of higher education in Texas, fiscal year 1968-69, in thousands of dollars.

Institutions Sums appro	priated
(1)	(2)
U of Texas at Austin	\$35,668
Medical Branch at Galveston	12,976
M.D. Anderson Hosp and	,
Tumor Institute at Houston	9,243
Southwestern Med Sch at Dallas	5,609
U of Texas at Arlington	7,575
U of Texas at El Paso	5,344
Medical School at San Antonio	4,998
Dental School at Houston	3,033
School of Nursing(system)	667
Sch of Pub Health at Houston	541
Grad Sch of Biomedical	V. <b>.</b>
Sciences at Houston	422
(continued in next column)	

(continued from preceding column-TENN.)

Corb A - A - 3	
Subtotal, UT Syst-\$86,076	
Texas A&M University	18,797
Ag Exp Sta	4,908
Ag Exten Service	4,426
Prairie View A&M College	3,849
James Connally Technical	Inst 2,068
Tarleton State College	1,751
Texas Forest Service	1,377
Engrng Experiment Sta	1,150
Texas Maritime Academy	860
Vet'nary Med Diagnostic La	ab 658
Rodent Control Service	483
Engrng Extension Service	270
Subtotal, TA&M Syst-\$40,597	
Texas Technological College	17,423
University of Houston	16,545
North Texas State U	12,289
East Texas State U	7,330
Sam Houston State Coll	6,358
Lamar St Coll of Technology	6,177
Stephen F. Austin St Coll	5,712
Southwest Texas St Coll	5,693
Texas Woman's University	4,819
Texas Arts and Industries U	4,407
West Texas State U	4,076
Texas Southern University	3,373
Pan American College	2,580
Midwestern University	2,448
Sul Ross State Coll	2,422
Angelo State College	2,219
Three System Offices	931
Coordinating Board (statewide)	614
Cotton Research Committee	275
Other agencies*	446
So Regional Education Bd	108
Subtotal, st insts-\$232,916	
State aid to jr colls	26,508
Total	259,425

\* Museums at three institutions; county taxes on university lands; and Western Information Network Association.

#### UTAH

State tax-fund appropriations for operating expenses of higher education in Utah, biennium 1967-69, in thousands of dollars.

Sums	appropriated
THE CT CHOTOLIN	(2)
(1)	\$26,416
U of Utah	3,879
Medical School	625
Teaching Hospital	1,360
Research support* Educational TV-KUED**	403
Educational IV-Nome	200
Geol and Mineral Survey Ctr for Econ Developmen	t 160_
Ctr for Econ Development	
Subtotal, U of U-\$33,043	12,423
Utah State U	2,034
Ag Experiment Sta Coop Ag Exten Service	1,431
Coop Ag Exten Belvio	460
Research support	200
Ecology Center	155
Water Research Lab	62
Educational TV-KUSU	
Subtotal, U St U-\$16,765	
State colleges-	7,720
Weber State College	2,454
Coll of Southern Utah Utah Tech Coll at Salt	
Utah Tech Coll at Brow	
Utah Tech Coll at Prov	1,077
Dixie College	1,005
Snow College	869
Coll of Eastern Utah	
Subtotal, st colls-\$16,402	457
Statewide TV & computer	300
Student loans	80
Comm on Interstate Coop	343
Coordinating Council	67,390
Total	

- \* Includes \$50,000 for coal research.
- \*\* Includes \$65,000 for "county translator stations."
  - + Name changed from "Trade-Tech Institute."

# VERMONT

State tax-fund appropriations for operating expenses of higher education in Vermont, biennium 1967-69, by separate fiscal years, in thousands of dollars.

Institutions	Sums appro	priated
Institutions	1967-68	1968-69
(1)	(2)	(3)
U of Vermont	\$6,498	\$6,802
Educational TV	410	410
Subtotals, U of Vt*		
Subtotals, o or to		
State colleges-	800	865
Castleton St Coll	550 <sup>°</sup>	615
Johnson St Coll	550	615
Lyndon St Coll	650	<b>72</b> 5
Vermont Tech Coll	115	115
Vt St Coll Bd		
Subtotals, st colls**	576	638
Vt Stu Asstnce Corp	576	90
Scholarships	90	·
New Eng H E Compact	25	25
Private institutions-		
Norwich University	*** 40	
Totals	10,304	10,940
Totals		

- \* \$6,908,000 and \$7,212,000. The TV enterprise is a statewide entity operated by the University of Vermont.
- \*\* \$2,665,000 and \$2,935,000. Approximate allocations to each of the four state colleges not yet reported.
- \*\*\* Toward support of the Bureau of Industrial Research.

#### **VIRGINIA**

State tax-fund appropriations for operating expenses of higher education in Virginia, biennium 1968-70, by separate fiscal years, in thousands of dollars.

Institutions	1968-69	1969-70
(1)	(2)	(3)
U of Virginia	\$1 816	\$13,956
Hospital Division	4,146	3,627
Mary Washington Col	•	1,428
Sch of Genl Studies		819
George Mason Colleg		1,045
Clinch Valley Coll	348	435
Eastern Shore Branc		165
Patrick Henry Colle		110
Subtotals, U of Va-*	80 00	
Va Polytechnic Inst	10,439	11,594
Research Division@	3,481	3,526
Extension Division	4,679	4,855
Danville Branch+	128	138
Regional Education	94	99
Subtotals, VPI-**		
Medical College of Va@@	6,597	7,175
Hospital Division	7,414	6,242
Subtotals, M C of Va-**		
Coll of Wm and Mary	5,326	5,617
Chris Newport Coll	360	413
Richard Bland Coll	313	321
Va Asso Research Ct		325
Subtotals, Coll of W&M-		
Va State College	3,348	3,544
Norfolk Division	2,631	2,860
Regional Education	150	<b>É</b> 80
Subtotals, Va S C-+++		
Old Dominion College	3,864	4,320
Richmond Prof Inst****	3,715	4,120
Va Military Inst	1,869	1,803
Madison College	2,288	2,559
Radford College	1,896	2,170
Longwood College	1,471	1,789
Va St Bd for-		
Community Colleges	1,672	1,728
Developing insts+	41	983
Existing++++		
Northern Va	3,765	4,374
Va Western	1,098	1,803
John Tyler	1,094	1,171
Thomas Nelson	95 <b>7</b>	1,058
Central Va	883	965
Blue Ridge	802	862
Wytheville	5 <b>7</b> 9	650
(continued in next	column)	
•	•	

(continued from preceding column - VA.)

3,000 1,500 175 33 255 220 125 575
3,000 1,500 175 33 255 220 125
1,500 175 33 255 220 125
1,500 175 33 255 220 125
1,500 175 33 255 220 125
175 33 255 220 125
33 255 220 125
255 220 125
220 125
220 125
125
575
5 <b>7</b> 5
300
300
50
2,478
45
800
50
196_
7,650
13
117,578

Table	e of Principal Sub	totals	
*	U of Va	20,392	21,585
**	Va Poly Inst	18,821	20,212
***	Med Coll of Va	14,011	13,417
<b>@@@</b>	Coll of W & M	6,281	6,676
+++	Va St Coll	6,129	6,484
@@@@	St Bd Comm C's	11,823	14,678
#	Gov's Office	3,158	4,708
##	St Council H E	1,677	1,825
$\overline{}$		G 4 4 .	

- <sup>®</sup> The Ag Experiment Station and the Engrng Experiment Station at VPI were merged July 1, 1966, to form the Research Division.
- @@ Effective July 1,1968, the Medical College of Va and the Richmond Professional Institute will be combined to form Virginia Commonwealth Univ.
- + Effective July 1, 1968, the Danville Branch of VPI and the Danville Technical Institute will be combined to form Danville Community College.
- ++ Effective September 1, 1967, the Va Associated Research Center was placed under the administration of the College of William and Mary.
- \*\*\*\* See Footnote @@, above.
- ++++ Nine community colleges now in operation.
  (continued on next page)

# Additional Footnotes - VIRGINIA

NOTE: Effective July 1, 1968, Frederick College, a private 4-year college at Portsmouth, has been donated to the state and will become Frederick Community College. The donation included a cash gift of \$1 million to operate the institution for the next two years.

NOTE: The figures for Empl fringe benefits include employer costs of social security, retirement, and group life insurance. They are approximations, because exact calculations can not be made until the end of the fiscal year.

#### WASHINGTON

State tax-fund appropriations for operating expenses of higher education in Washington, biennium 1967-69, in thousands of dollars.

Institutions	Sums	appropriated
(1)		(2)
U of Washington		
(including medical	units	) \$108,733
Subtotal, U of W-\$108,73	33	
Washington State U		
(incl ag exp and ag	exte	n) 55,592
Subtotal, WSU-\$55,592		
State colleges-	0-11	16,656
Western Wash State		15,111
Central Wash State ( Eastern Wash State (		12,033
Fourth (projected)	st co	•
Subtotal, st colls-\$44,	300	
Community colleges**		65,477
Total		274,102

- \* For planning and site selection for a fourth state college authorized by the 1967 legislature.
- \*\* The statewide system of 2-year local public colleges was removed from the control of the lower school system and is to be headed by a State Board for Community Colleges. The appropriation includes \$300,000 for expenses of the Board.

# WEST VIRGINIA

State tax-fund appropriations for operating expenses of higher education in West Virginia, fiscal year 1968-69, in thousands of dollars.

Institutions	Sums appropriated
(1)	(2)
West Virginia U	\$21,058
Medical Center*	4,500
Potomac State Coll	877
Kanawha Valley Gra	d Ctr 450
Parkersburg branch	
Subtotal, W Va U-\$26,9	41
Marshall University	6,833
Branch colleges	63
Subtotal, MU-\$6,896	
West Virginia State Co	2,906
Fairmont State Coll	2,580
West Liberty State Col	.1 2,448
W Va Inst of Technolog	<sub>(y</sub> 2,414
Concord College	2,062
Glenville State Coll	1,552
Shepherd College	1,476
Bluefield State Coll	1,247
Total (gross)	50,522
Less estimate student	fees
going to state ger	n'l f <u>und** -1,700</u>
NET TOTAL	48,822
State Commission on H	igher Edn 211
GRAND TOTAL	49,033
* This appropriation	n is the proceeds of

- \* This appropriation is the proceeds of an allocated tax of one cent per bottle on sales of soft drinks.
- \*\* At all the institutions, "registration fees" and "tuition fees" are charged to students. At West Virginia University and Marshall University, all these fees are held in institutional funds and used only for capital outlays. At all the other state colleges, "registration fees" are treated in the same manner, but "tuition fees" are turned into the general fund of the state. It is necessary to subtract all these fees in order to arrive at the net appropriation of state tax funds.

#### WISCONSIN

State tax-fund appropriations for operating expenses of higher education in Wisconsin, biennium 1967-69, by separate fiscal years, in thousands of dollars.

Institutions	1967-68	1968-69
(1)	(2)	(3)
U of Wisconsin		
Madison campus	\$62,743	
U Hospitals	4,407	
Subtotal, Madison*		
Milwaukee campus	11,766	
System of U Ctrs	3,922	
Northeastern	586	
(Green Bay)		
Southeastern	586	
(Parkside)		
Subtotals, U of Wis**	**	96,027
Wisconsin state univs-@	)	
Oshkosh	6,710	
Fond du Lac	97	
Whitewater	5,972	
Eau Claire	5,031	
Stevens Point	4,766	
La Crosse	3,968	
Platteville	3,783	
Richland Ctr	323	
Stout (Menomonie)	3,508	
Barron Co (Rice I	ake) 308	•
River Falls	3,278	
Superior	2,755	
Bd of Regents	939	
Subtotals, WSU's***	***	52,732
Bd of Voc, Tech, & Adul	t Ed-@@	
College level	550	648
Adult education	4,778	5,950
County colleges@@@	<b>72</b> 9	600
Totals	131,505	155,957

- \* \$67,150 for fiscal year 1967-68.
- \*\* \$84,010 and \$96,027.
- \*\*\* \$41,438 and \$52,732.
  - @ Institutional allocations made by the Board of Regents of State Colleges.
- @@ Approximate allocations for beyondhigh-school education in the Vocational and Adult Schools.
- @@@ The former county normal schools.

#### WYOMING

State tax-fund appropriations for operating expenses of higher education in Wyoming, biennium 1967-69, in thousands of dollars.

Institutions Sums	appropriated
(1)	(2)
U of Wyoming	
Main operation	\$17,470
Ag Extension Service	1,055
Retirement costs	1,331
Scholarships and loans	174
Subtotal, U of Wyom-\$20,030	
State aid to junior colleges	2,216
Total	22,246



#### APPENDIX I

# WHAT THE FIGURES ARE INTENDED TO MEAN

The data are supplied by key persons in each state who report them to the small monthly mimeographed newsletter GRAPEVINE. Their cooperation is indispensable. The ground-rules used to achieve an approach to uniformity of reporting are enumerated below. Diversities of practice among the fifty states make it impossible to eliminate all inconsistencies and accomplish absolute comparability among states and among nate all inconsistencies that comparisons are of limited usefulness, but have value if correctly interpreted.

(1) We exclude appropriations for capital outlay.

(Nevertheless, GRAPEVINE appreciates informative statements and documentation regarding appropriations, bond issues, or other devices for providing capital funds. We can make occasional separate stories or exhibits of these, but never commingle or confuse them with appropriations for operating expenses).

- (2) We exclude any sums appropriated which clearly originated from sources other than state taxes, such as student fees or other institutional receipts. (Some states capture these non-tax funds for the state treasury, and appropriate them to the institutions as a part of the total appropriations for operating expenses; but many states do not. Hence, it is necessary to peel off the non-tax institutional receipts in order to report Appropriations of State Tax Funds).
- (3) We include any sums appropriated for the annual operating expenses of the institutions of higher education, even if appropriated to some other agency of the state for ultimate allocation and payment to the institutions. (Some states appropriate, either occasionally or habitually, sums for such items as faculty fringe benefits under conditions such that only the total made available at the time can be known, and the actual allocations to several institutions can not be known until after the end of the fiscal period. GRAPEVINE wants to report the total made available at the time of appropriation, and generally does not wait for subsequent institutional allocations unless they are obtainable without delay. GRAPEVINE'S thrust is the prompt reporting of appropriations; not later reporting of actual expenditures).
- (4) We include any pre-allocated state taxes whose proceeds are dedicated to any institution of higher education, bypassing the process of periodic appropriation by the legislature. (For example, West Virginia has a tax of approximately one cent per bottle on the sale of soft drinks, currently producing about \$4½ million per year, which automatically goes to the West Virginia University Medical Center without legislative appropriation).
- (5) We would like to include, whenever practicable, separate appropriations for medical centers (including schools of medicine, dentistry, nursing, teaching hospitals, and other appropriate appurtenances of a medical education complex); separate appropriations for agricultural experiment stations and cooperative agricultural extension services; and separate appropriations for branch institutions, regional campuses, and any other off-campus outposts of universities or land-grant regional campuses, and any other off-campus outposts of universities or land-grant institutions. We can not request this except in instances where it is easily practicable and would not involve delay in reporting.



- (6) We include sums derived from state tax funds and appropriated for state scholarships. This is regardless of whether such scholarships are tenable in public or private institutions, or tenable within or without the state.
- (7) We include sums appropriated to statewide governing or coordinating boards, regardless of whether for the expenses of the board or for ultimate allocation to the institutions.



#### APPENDIX II

# LATE REPORT FOR PENNSYLVANIA

# FOR FISCAL YEAR 1967-68

Pennsylvania's appropriations for fiscal year 1967-68 were made too late for inclusion in the 1967 edition of this document (preceding the present issue), and the report is consequently inserted here to complete the record.

# PENNSYLVANIA

State tax-fund appropriations for operating expenses of higher education in Pennsylvania, <u>fiscal year 1967-68</u>, in thousands of dollars.

Institutions	Sums	appropr	iated
(1)			2)
Pennsylvania State U		\$4	4,333
Tuition reduction	supp]	lmts*	3,745
Special research			391
Subtotal, Pa S U-\$48,4	69		
State-owned institutio	ns-		
Indiana U of Pa			6,024
West Chester			5,418
California			4,056
Clarion			4,036
Slippery Rock			3,975
Millersville			3,749
Shippensburg			3,274
Bloomsburg			3,027
Edinboro			3,016
Kutztown			2,689
Mansfield			2,546
East Stroudsburg			2,391
Lock Haven			1,964
Cheyney			2,015
Subtotal, st o-\$48,17	9		
Private state-related	univ	ersitie	s-
Temple University			
General mainten	ance		15,549
School of Medic			3,310
Tuition reducti		upplts*	9,202
Subtotal, Temple U-\$2	8,06	1	
U of Pittsburgh			<u> </u>

General maintenance

Tuition reduction supplts\*

(continued in next column)

(continued	from	preceding	column	-	PA.)
(continueu	1 1 O	Mr 00000000			

School of Medicine	\$1,750			
Computing Center	678			
Nursing program	250			
Library School	199			
Professorship, Exptl Med	32			
Allegheny Observatory	80			
Subtotal, U of P-\$27,634				
Private institutions (state-aide	i) -			
U of Pennsylvania				
General maintenance	7,775			
School of Medicine	2,005			
	1,353			
Sch of Veterinary Med	95			
University Museum				
Subtotal, U of Pa-\$11,228	2,362			
Jefferson Medical College	2,162			
Drexel Inst Technology	142			
Drexel Library School	142			
Subtotal, D I T-\$2,305	1,503			
Hahnemann Med Coll and Hosp	1,303			
Phila College of Osteopathy	803			
Woman's Medical College				
Lincoln University	672			
Phila College of Art	283			
Phila College of Textiles	199			
Delaware Valley College	147			
Dickinson School of Law	95			
Pa College of Podiatry	106			
Pa College of Optometry	79			
Phila Musical Academy	<b>7</b> 5			
Subtotal p i (s a)-\$21.131				
State aid to community colls**	5,738			
Total	179,212			
iotal	ally to			

- \* Sums appropriated specifically to replace income foregone by reduction of student fees.
- \*\* This figure represents state aid for operating expenses, and does not include an additional \$3,974,325 appropriated as state aid for capital improvements to community colleges.

-39-

8,445

16,200