REPORT RESUMES

ED 014 739

CG 000 588

SCOPE STATE PROFILE--GRADE TWELVE, 1966, MASSACHUSETTS. A DESCRIPTIVE REPORT.

BY- TILLERY, DALE AND OTHERS CALIFORNIA UNIV., BERKELEY, CTR. FOR R AND D IN ED COLLEGE ENTRANCE EXAMINATION BOARD, NEW YORK, N.Y.

PUB DATE

66

EDRS PRICE MF-\$0.50 HC-\$3.04 74P.

DESCRIPTORS- DECISION MAKING SKILLS, *HIGH SCHOOL STUDENTS, *EDUCATIONAL RESEARCH, RESEARCH PROJECTS, *RESEARCH AND DEVELOPMENT CENTERS, VOCATIONAL EDUCATION, *OCCUPATIONAL CHOICE, ACADEMIC ABILITY, *DECISION MAKING, QUESTIONNAIRES, ACADEMIC ABILITY TEST, SCH. TO COLL. OPPORT. FOR POSTSEC. ED. (SCOPE)

BUMONE TO COLLEGE--CTTORTINTTIES FOR POST SECONDARY EDUCATION (SCOPE), IS A SIX-YEAR PROJECT WHICH SEEKS TO DISCOVER DECISION-MAKING PATTERNS AMONG HIGH SCHOOL STUDENTS. THIS REPORT ON MASSACHUSETTS, THE SECOND OF THE SERIES, GIVES MEANS, PERCENTILE RANKS, STANDARD DEVIATIONS, AND DISTRIBUTIONS ON THE VERBAL ABILITY TEST, MATH ABILITY TEST, ABILITY TEST, STUDENT QUESTIONNAIRE ITEM ANALYSIS, OCCUPATIONAL PREFERENCE ITEM ANALYSIS, ACTIVITIES PREFERENCE ITEM ANALYSIS, AND AN INTELLECTUAL PREDISPOSITION SCALE. INFORMATION ABOUT BOTH NINTH- AND TWELFTH-GRADE STUDENTS, AS A BASIS FOR LONGITUDINAL STUDIES, WAS COLLECTED ABOUT THE FOLLOWING VARIABLES--ACADEHIC ABILITY TEST SCORES, FAMILY AND HOME MILIEU, PARENTAL EXPECTATIONS, SELF-EVALUATION, VALUES, PERCEPTIONS OF SCHOOL, INFORMATION-SEEKING ACTIVITIES, OCCUPATIONAL PREFERENCES, AND INTELLECTUAL PREDISPOSITION. (WR)



U.S. DEPARTMENT OF HEALTH, EDUCATION & WELFARE OFFICE OF EDUCATION

THIS DOCUMENT HAS BEEN REPRODUCED EXACTLY AS RECEIVED FROM THE PERSON OR ORGANIZATION ORIGINATING IT. POINTS OF VIEW OR OPINIONS STATED DO NOT NECESSARILY REPRESENT OFFICIAL OFFICE OF EDUCATION POSITION OR POLICY.

A study of student decisionmaking and its outcomes

by the Center for Research and Development in Higher Education in cooperation with the ${\it College Entrance}$ Examination Board A Descriptive Report from The Center for Research and Development in Higher Education

University of California Berkeley

Dale Tillery
Chief Investigator

Denis Donovan Barbara Sherman Co-Investigators

College Entrance Examination Board New York, December 1966 SCOPE
State Profile
Grade Twelve 1966
Massachusetts



Contents

Introduction	
Naiure of the Report	1
Uses and Limitations	7
Coordinate Profiles: School, State, and Four-State Composite	2
Nature of Scope	2
The Advancement of Educational Knowledge	2
Background and Purpose	2
The Scope of scope	2
1967 Follow-up	2
Sampling, Samples, and Schools	3
Determining the Sample Sizes	3
Selection of Counties and Schools	4
Actual Samples of the Four States	4
Major Areas of the 1966 scope Profiles	5
Reference to Sample Questions	5
Academic Ability Test Scores	5
Family and Home Milieu	6
Parental Expectations	7
Self-Evaluation	7
Values	Ω
Perceptions of School	Ω
Information-Seeking Activities	Ω
Occupational Preferences	a
Intellectual Predisposition	ر 10
Table 1. Verbal Ability Test—Distributions and Percentile Ranks	11
Table 2 Math Ability Toot Distributions on J. D	
Table 2. Math Ability Test—Distributions and Percentile Ranks	12
Table 3. Ability Test Total—Distributions and Percentile Ranks (Boys)	13
Table 4. Ability Test Total—Distributions and Percentile Kanks (Girls)	14
Table 5. Student Questionnaire Item Analysis	15
Table 6. Occupational Preference Item Analysis	
Table 7. Activities Preference Item Analysis	
Table 8. Intellectual Predisposition Scale—Distributions and Percentile Ranks	71



Introduction

Discovering the decision-making patterns among high school students—the ways in which they acquire information about colleges and vocations; the nature and relative importance of parental, school, and general community influences on their decisions; and when various stages in the decision-making process occur-is the main emphasis of SCOPE (School to College: Opportunities for Postsecondary Education). This six-year project, involving almost 90,000 students in four states, is formally sponsored by the Center for Research and Development in Higher Education and the College Entrance Examination Board. While the complex study of student decision making will be directed and conducted by the Center at the University of California, Berkeley, the College Board will provide major assistance through its staff, advisory committees of educators, and financial support. The active participation of teachers and administrators achools, colleges, and educational systems is fundamental to the success of the project. No one will contribute more, of course, than the students being studied.

Nature of the Report

This report of the characteristics of a large sample of students in one state is the second in a unique series of publications in which SCOPE shares the immediate descriptive analyses of information that has been collected through the help of school personnel and students throughout the state. Unlike the first report, which was an individual school profile and distributed only to the principals of the cooperating schools in order to protect the privacy of schools and students, this report is distributed widely throughout the state. The superintendents of all school districts in the state as well as the cooperating principals have received copies. In this manner the SCOPE staff hopes to make many educational leaders aware of the results of this research in their state.

It should be noted that the project is not concerned with comparing individual schools or the status of individual students. SCOPE is concerned, however, with understanding how young men and women with similar characteristics, education, and home environments develop as they move

through secondary schools into postsecondary education and the world of work.

Uses and Limitations

With the cooperation of the publications division of the College Board, a series of "instant feedback" reports for schools, colleges, and educational organizations is being planned. It is important to note that this early sharing of findings is not a substitute for more substantial and interpretive publications. SCOPE and the Board are planning a series of major publications for the educational profession, generally, and for such groups as administrative leaders, guidance workers, and college officials, specifically. Technical reports and monographs will also serve others involved in educational and social research.

Among the many ways in which this and subsequent profiles can be used is to examine the diversity of student responses to factors which may influence what students do and what they think about their educational and career opportunities—or barriers. Furthermore, the reports reveal areas in which the students of the state tend to be relatively homogeneous as compared with those areas in which great diversity exists. Perhaps more important is the possibility that such profiles may stimulate, in a tentative fashion, hypotheses about how students make decisions, and that they may help in testing some assumptions educators have about educational practices and student reactions to them. This, in brief, is the very procedure that the SCOPE staff is using in designing more complex and subtle analyses of data from these descriptive reports which are being shared with educational leaders in each state. It may be that individual school districts will find these reports valuable in designing local studies. Such possibilities are enhanced by the coordinate four-state composite reports which help put the state profiles into perspective.

The SCOPE project will be interested in and will seek information about many aspects of student decision making which are not reflected by these early descriptive profiles. During the spring of 1966, rather basic data about the student and his home and educational environment were collected. It is these findings that constitute the foun-



dation for continuing study of students during the school and college years. The profiles of these first data provide the most fruitful leads for the SCOPF staff and their consulting committees in designing methods for more penetrating study of the decision-making process.

Coordinate Profiles: School, State, and Four-State Composite

The reader will discover that the format for this state report and the four-state composite report are identical, as was the format for the individual school profiles. This was done to aid the reader in interpreting characteristics of specific groups of students. For each report, every item in the student questionnaires has been rewritter, for ease in reading and easy identification of frequencies and percentages for different student responses.

For test information, however, mean scores and standard deviations, as well as frequency and percentile distributions, have been presented. Again, some valuable comparisons can be made by using the state and composite reports together.

In using these descriptive reports, it is important to know something about the background and purposes of SCOPE, as well as of the characteristics and limitations of the samples of students. General comments are made about these matters in this report with an extensive discussion of the samples and sampling procedures used for each state in the study (California, Illinois, Massachusetts, and North Carolina).

Nature of Scope

The Advancement of Educational Knowledge

The project schools and their students are playing an important role in advancing educational knowledge, an increasingly important objective of public and private education. A balance between this responsibility and respect for the privacy of individuals is one that SCOPE seeks to establish through continued cooperation with representatives of the many groups involved in the project. The counsel of advisory bodies and professional groups has

contributed and will continue to contribute to meaningful inquiry about students, their backgrounds, attitudes, and aspirations. It will also assure the protection of anonymity of both individuals and schools.

Background and Purpose

Although much is already being learned about the many factors that influence the transition of students from school to college and the world of work, the principal aim of SCOPE is to discover decision-making patterns among high school students—how and when they decide what they will do after graduation or leaving school. No less important will be the follow-up phases of the project, designed to find out how well students do after graduation and how they view their decisions in retrospect. An accurate picture of these decision-making patterns should help all persons with responsibilities in secondary and higher education perform their roles more effectively. In particular, it should reveal why many promising students, especially those with educational disadvantages, do not attend college, and it should suggest ways to remedy these losses.

The Scope of Scope

The study was well under way in the spring of 1956 with the administration of questionnaires and measures of aptitudes, interests, and attitudes to freshmen and seniors in representative high schools in California, Illinois, Massachusetts, and North Carolina. It is data from these tests that are being reported in this publication. The four project states were selected because they differ from one another in their commitments to public and private education and in the ways they are planning for education beyond the high school. At the same time, each state is a leader in the kind of education it provides.

1967 follow-up. The project staff is using these profiles and other data to design methods of following the progress of the nearly 90,000 freshmen and senior students in the SCOPE samples. In the spring of 1967, most of the original twelfth graders will be completing the freshman year of college, attending some other postsecondary school, working, or seeking work. Students in each of these subgroups



will be asked to comment on the outcomes, thus far, of the decisions they made while in high school and to project their future goals and aspirations. The nation's colleges and universities are responding favorably to requests for their cooperation in locating and testing SCOPE students who are attending their institutions. The problems of following so many students as they distribute themselves across complex systems of higher education and among noncollege pursuits is illustrated by Chart 1, which shows the sequence of follow-up activities now under way. The task is challenging the ingenuity of the SCOPE staff and the capabilities of data-processing installations. The procedures are being designed to minimize the assistance needed from colleges and schools, and to make even these requests easily manageable. Similar procedures, of course, will be used in following students who were freshmen in the spring of 1966 when they leave high school in 1969.

The original ninth graders are now, with few exceptions, sophomores in scope schools or in new schools to which they have transferred. The follow-up activities that are necessary for studying the progress of these students are only slightly less complex than for the senior group. Chart 2 suggests the sequence of steps in locating various groups of these students during the coming months. Again, procedures are being designed for facilitating this important task and for collecting modest information about student progress during the spring of 1967.

Additional information must be assembled, however, if the understanding of student development is to be enhanced by SCOPE. The principals of project schools have taken a major step in this direction by completing a brief questionnaire that provides rather basic data about schools and their personnel. A report based on these data should be available in the near future and should be valuable in its own right. Such information about institutions will be used in the analyses of other data.

With impressive help from guidance leaders across the country, an important questionnaire is now being designed to help all educators understand guidance practices in the secondary schools and, it is hoped, the relationship of these practices to student decision making and outcomes.

Advisory committees are assisting the SCOPE staff in determining how selective information from appropriate groups of teachers and parents may be incorporated with the project.

Sampling, Samples, and Schools

Since this project is analytical in nature, comparisons will be made between subgroups of both grade 9 and grade 12 samples of students, with respect to many variables which may be influencing decisions and choices students make during the school years. The original samples drawn from the four states were representative of the state populations of public and private school students with regard to several important characteristics. The basic sampling unit, because of administrative advantages and economical use of resources, was the individual school.

Determining the Sample Sizes

In determining sample sizes for a project such as SCOPE, it is necessary to know the type and number of interrelationships that must be analyzed in the final stages of the project. For example, at the close of the SCOPE project it may be desirable to determine whether there are meaningful differences between men and women who have differing academic abilities and economic resources for education, and who have chosen diverse fields of study in several types of colleges. The number of students from the initial samples needed for final data collection is determined by the number of interrelationships to be analyzed and the desired power of statistical tests for supporting or rejecting hypothesized differences among groups of students. Through the use of appropriate theoretical models, it was determined that 3,954 students should be available for the final data collection in each of the four states. With this terminal number of students in mind it was possible, then, to take into consideration the differing dropout rates and collegegoing rates in the four states, as described in the next paragraph, in order to adopt appropriate initial sample sizes.

Since the major aspect of SCOPE is to study selected ninth- and twelfth-grade students as they move through



school into their second semester of college attendance, as nell as to follow up students who drop out of school or who go to work instead of to college, the initial sample sizes were determined by taking into consideration persistence rates of students through each period of schooling, college-going rates in the four states, and, finally, a general persistence rate during the first year of college. Calculations based upon the overall retention rates, from grade 9 or from grade 12 through the college freshman year, resulted in the following initial sample sizes: California, 8,204 grade 9, 7,757 grade 12 students; Illinois, 14,338 grade 9, 10,881 grade 12 students; Massachusetts, 11,673 grade 9, 9,793 grade 12 students; and North Carolina, 21,846 grade 9, 12,555 grade 12 students.

Selection of Counties and Schools

Once the required initial sample sizes were calculated, the next steps were to determine how, and from where, the students were to be drawn for the samples. Because of the limited nature of the consistent and relevant information about students and schools in the project states, and in order to keep the survey areas from being unnecessarily scattered geographically, a multi-stage, stratified, proportional random-sampling procedure was used.

The counties in each of the states were statistically grouped into similar clusters on the basis of several common characteristics. Several of the characteristics, as indicated in the 1960 census data and recent school data, were: median family income, percent white collar workers, white and nonwhite racial composition, mobility of the population, rate of school attendance of school age children, school size, and ratio of students who go to college to high school graduates. Counties were then randomly selected from within each cluster of counties in each of the four states in the study. School districts, and then schools, were randomly selected from within the selected counties so that there would be samples of grade 9 and grade 12 students large enough to meet the requirements for the initial sample sizes.

Caution should be used in making generalizations about students as a result of examining data in this report or in the coordinate four-state or school reports. In most score schools some students were away when the testing was done and some students, though few in number, chose not to participate.

Actual Samples of the Four States

The initial sample sizes (given above) calculated for each of the four states were the estimated numbers of students required to carry out the long-term analyses that are a major part of the SCOPE project. Because individual schools were chosen as the units of sampling, it was only possible to approximate samples of the desired size. When a school became part of the project, all grade 9 or grade 12 students were considered to be part of the original sample. As a result, the actual numbers of students tested in each state were: California, 9,761 in grade 9 and 7,567 in grade 12; Illinois, approximately 12,900 in grade 9 and 8,600 in grade 12; Massachusetts, 7,502 in grade 9 and 6,335 in grade 12; and North Carolina, 15,552 in grade 9 and 11,377 in grade 12. The estimated enrollments of the schools in the samples indicate that, of the students in both ninth and twelfth grades, about 10 percent did not participate in California, Massachusetts, and North Carolina, and about 7 percent did not participate in Illinois. At present, any bias that may exist because of this apparent loss is unknown, but it is expected to be minimal. Scope will report in the future the extent to which bias may operate as a result of nonparticipation, which is attributable primarily to students' absenteeism.

A more serious source of bias may be the loss of a metropolitan school district in each of three states, California, Illinois, and Massachusetts. Although the three districts chose not to participate, adjacent alternative schools in California and Illinois volunteered and became part of the SCOPE project. It would appear that proper representation of these two areas has thus been reestablished. Data from the additional Illinois schools are not in this report because the students were tested after the report was assembled, but they will be included in any future analyses. Because of this omission, the major metropolitan area of Illinois is underrepresented in the present



Chart 1. SCOPE project follow-up procedures for locating 1966 twelfth graders

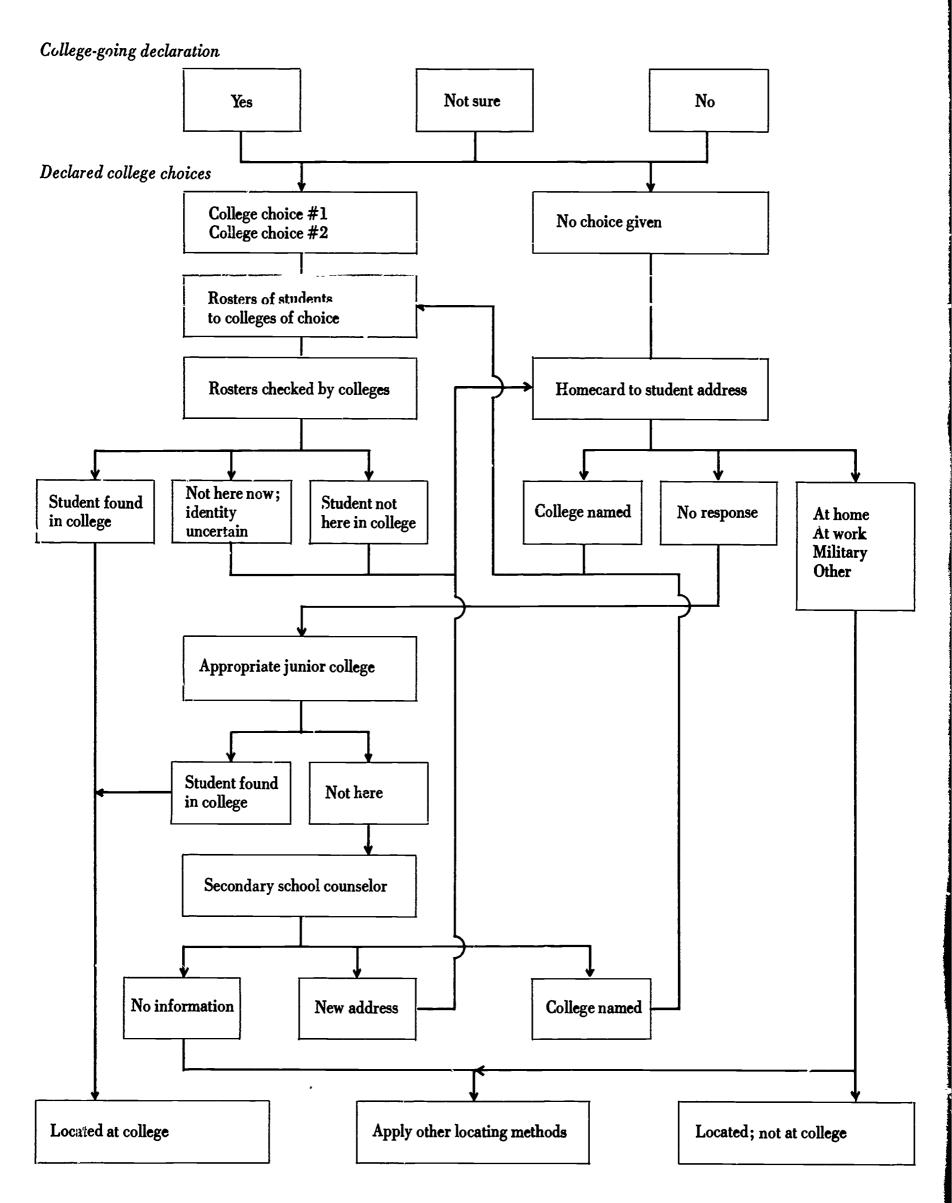
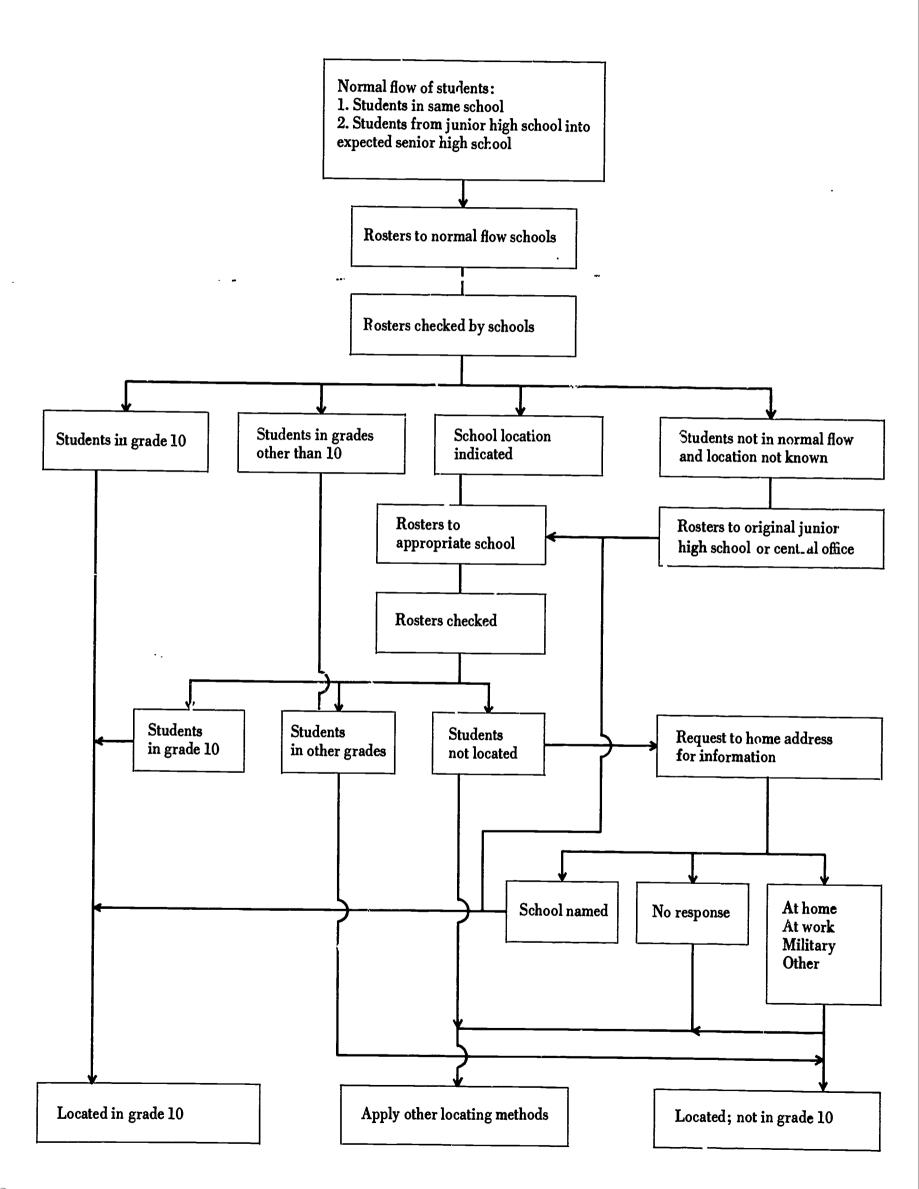




Chart 2. SCOPE project follow-up procedures for locating 1966 ninth graders





report in both the ninth- and twelfth-grade samples. In Massachusetts, the large metropolitan area which chose not to participate was not replaced by other volunteer schools. Therefore, the state's public school systems are underrepresented with regard to some of the characteristics of metropolitan areas—high density populations, large minority groups, and major depressed areas. Its nonpublic school systems are well represented, however, even in the large metropolitan areas.

In spite of the losses outlined above, there should be considerable confidence in believing that the data in the individual state reports and the four-state composite reports-because of the size of the samples and the range of types of schools sampled-reflect the attitudes, abilities, and interests of a rather remarkable cross section of youth in public and private schools of the SCOPE states. Specifically, the numbers of schools participating in the SCOPE project in its initial phase in each state are: California, 32 public and 12 nonpublic; Illinois, 46 public and 18 nonpublic; Massachusetts, 28 public and 21 nonpublic; and North Carolina, 138 public and 4 nonpublic. Many other schools and colleges will be involved as the original SCOPE students migrate within and without state systems of education. We do not know at this time the effect this may have upon the representativeness of the state samples.

Major Areas of the 1966 SCOPE Profiles

Information about both ninth- and twelfth-grade students as a basis for longitudinal studies was collected during the spring semester of 196%. The following sections describe the nature of several groups of variables that seemed of importance to the SCOPE staff, among which are: Academic Ability Test scores, family and home milieu, parental expectations, self-evaluation, values, perceptions of school, information-seeking activities, occupational preferences, and intellectual predisposition. These variables will provide the foundation for designing subsequent approaches to understanding the development of the decision-making process as students move through high school into post-secondary life.

Future methods of data collection will focus sharply on what students do regarding career and educational choices and the relationship of this behavior to the ways key adults from home and school seek to influence decisions and choice behavior. The centers of inquiry, then, will continue to be students in relationship to the school, the home, and the institutions and organizations concerned with education beyond the high school. Since the educational and career development of representative groups of American youth varies markedly, diverse methods of data collection will be necessary. This fact is apparent when it is recognized that some SCOPE students will distribute themselves across complex systems of higher education and the full spectrum of occupations; some will stay in school, and others will drop from school before completing either high school or a program of higher education. The large body of experience and research relevant to student careers has guided the staff, both in collecting information about the following areas and in relating these data to more sharply defined inquiry about developing patterns of student decision making.

Reference to Sample Questions

In the following comments about the major areas of data reported in the profiles, reference is made to questions that may help the reader use the profiles profitably. These questions may be located in the original student questionnaires, part 3, which was administered to the students. The data from these questions appear as statements in the profile contained in this report and may be found under Table 5, entitled "Student Questionnaire Item Analysis." It is possible for the reader to follow the references to specific questions in both the original student questionnaire and in this profile. Such questions and the commentary about them are simply to suggest the type of insights that may come from using these profiles to test ideas and assumptions that educators have about students.

Academic Ability Test Scores

With concern for the economy of time in collecting initial data about students in the SCOPE project, care was taken



to select measures of academic abilities that would correlate highly with standard instruments used in American schools and that could be administered with maximum ease within a standard class period. The new Academic Ability Test (AAT), which has been developed by Educational Testing Service, seemed appropriate for this task. The AAT correlates very highly with the School and College Ability Test; it is easy to administer within a 50-minute period; and it gives verbal, mathematical, and total scores.

To be sure, the SCOPE staff shares the concerns of practicing educators and researchers in the field of educational testing regarding the inappropriateness of many standard tests in measuring the abilities of educationally handicapped youngsters. It is not assumed, therefore, that the distributions of scores from these instruments describe with accuracy the abilities of all youngsters tested. In particular, students with reading problems and deficits in other areas of educational experience are handicapped on these, as well as on related ability tests. Nevertheless, both students and school personnel, in practice, use such test scores in measuring achievement during the school years and in predicting success in higher education. Group characteristics, in reference to these measures, are highly important and will be used by SCOPE in tracing educational and career choices during the school years. Do groups of students that rank high on these measures choose similar postsecondary educational patterns? At what grade levels do boys and girls show differing abilities in mathematical and verbal skills, and how are these related to their educational aspirations at this time?

The large and generally representative nature of the state and four-state composite SCOPE samples provides quite helpful normative information about these tests and their distributions, means, and standard deviations. By using these state reports in conjunction with the composite profiles, educators can compare the level and diversity of abilities of students in their state with a broader sample of students (Tables 1-4).

Family and Home Milieu

A considerable number of variables tapping different aspects of home and family life have been included in this research (questions 1-28, 118-126). The three major considerations that have led to the selection of these variables are discussed briefly below.

The first, and basic, concern was for the importance of the family, not only in influencing the present choice behavior of students, but also for understanding the antecedents of this behavior. Parents have the earliest and probably the most pervasive influence on the decisions students make about school and career. It is essential to know about both the general characteristics of the home milieu and the student's perceptions of his relation to others in this environment.

The second consideration concerns the development of meaningful and stable sets of indexes of socioeconomic status with which to group students in analyzing what they think and do about educational and career choices. Given the diversity of information about home backgrounds, SCOPE can now explore, empirically, the varied dimensions of socioeconomic status, and identify the particular variables that will help best in defining common patterns of decision making.

The third factor concerns the need to understand differences in the post-high school plans of students of similar socioeconomic status. Previous research suggests that a father's occupation is one of the most reliable measures in distinguishing between students who go to college and those who don't go. Yet this gross distinction sheds little light on the differences that exist within the college group or within the noncollege group. For instance, why do some college students of comparable ability select narrow careeroriented programs while others select broad liberal arts programs? And for students with similar potential who don't go to college, why do some find stable and satisfying occupations while others drift from job to job?

To approach questions of this nature, it is necessary to consider the more subtle ways in which parents and home influence decision making. For example, father's occupation, as such, may be of less significance than the general



life style of the family. And life styles may be represented, in part, through the parents' values, interaction with their children, and their interests and activities outside the home. SCOPE may also ask how important parental aspirations are to the decision-making process, and to what extent students accept these aspirations as their own. Following the same line of thought, one may ask how the occupations of the parents limit or enhance the occupational interests of their children. Do students choose for themselves the occupations of their parents? How do these parental identifications differ for ninth and twelfth graders? Examination of data relevant to these questions should yield particularly fruitful hypotheses for further analyses. Similar examinations of such items in these SCOPE profiles may help educators reexamine assumptions about the educational and career development of students.

Parental Expectations

The expectations that parents have for their children strongly influence many facets of students' lives (questions 111, 112, grade 9). Among those that the SCOPE project is most concerned with are the ways in which students perceive themselves, form peer relationships, assess school values, and make educational decisions.

What parents want for their children is not always made explicit or is not mutually understood. What school and career matters do students and parents talk over together (questions 29, 32)? What values do students put on such conversations (questions 30, 31)? Do students report that they get most help from parents or from others (questions 155, 156, grade 12 only)?

By whatever means students become aware of parental expectations, it is important to know how students incorporate these expectations into their own plans and aspirations. By looking at related questions, it is possible to determine to what degree students share their parents' ideas about the importance of study, going to college, and competing for grades. For example, even with the data in this report, it is possible to compare the congruence between parents' aspirations (question 32), and students' aspirations about college (question 33).

Self-Evaluation

The process of student development is to a large degree generated by the day-to-day act of self-evaluation; that is, the matching of one's own qualities with those perceived in others, and the testing of conflicting possibilities against both external and internal standards. In reality, all attitudes, perceptions, and aspirations are expressions of self-evaluation. However, for this report, self-evaluation will be considered in more limited terms. The reader's attention is directed to a group of questions that specifically ask students to evaluate themselves.

Several aspects of self-evaluation in this more narrow sense have been tapped in the questionnaires. Some items question the students directly about their ability—their general area of greatest competence (question 54) and their confidence about doing college work (question 50). Other items using a more indirect approach ask students to evaluate themselves through the eyes of others; for example, their teachers (question 71) and their peers (question 127, grade 9 only).

One of the major objectives of the analyses of these data will be to assess the congruence between students' perceived strengths and their stated aspirations. How realistic are students' plans to go to college in light of their abilities? How do students' academic abilities stand in relation to their other strengths, and does this standing support or contradict their relation to their going to college? Is there a discrepancy between self-estimated college ability and students' perceptions of their teachers' evaluations of them? Which of the two is the better predictor of actual postsecondary choice?

Subsequent analyses in this area will need to take into consideration both the antecedent influences, for instance, those stemming from parents and family, and the consequences of different levels of student realism. The staff expect to find that the degree of realism in students' career aspirations is a critical factor determining their success in any particular postsecondary endeavor. Possibly the degree of realism is as significant—or even more significant—than students' actual ability.



Values

Students' educational and occupational aspirations cannot really be understood without knowing something about the values they hold. Values determine what people view as important in life. They enable them to establish preferences among the wide array of interests and activities open to them. It should be found, therefore, that students' values will have a pivotal position in the decision-making process.

Several sets of items in the questionnaires focus directly on values. For example, one series of items concerns the importance of more general goals such as getting good grades, being a leader, pleasing parents (questions 55-63). Another series taps values through nonschool activities; for example, reading romance magazines, working for money, dating (questions 72-80). In the ninth grade, questions are also asked about peer values (questions 101-108). And in the twelfth grade, values are probed by asking what one condition will give them the most satisfaction in life (question 81).

The SCOPE staff will want to investigate several different kinds of questions about the influence of values in the decision-making process. One series will ask such questions as: Which values are most important at different points in time? How much do values change during high school and the first postgraduate year? In what values and in which years do the greatest changes occur, and how do the importance of particular values and the changes in this importance differ for boys and girls?

A second series of questions will assess how specific values are associated with particular educational and vocational choices. Do students who go to college really place more value on learning than those who don't go? Or is it more a matter of pleasing parents, keeping step with friends, or making more money later on?

A third major line of inquiry will be concerned with the relative significance of different people in shaping students' values. Are students' values in high school actually more similar to those of peers than to those of parents—as many researchers have suggested? Can admired teachers and counselors counteract anti-intellectual values of students

when there is evidence that these values originate in the home? These questions, and many others, will guide the analyses of the importance of student values in the decision-making process.

Perceptions of School

In the spring of 1966, more questions were asked of senior students than were asked of freshmen because of the possibility of repeated inquiry of the freshmen as they proceed through the high school years. SCOPE has a good opportunity with students who have nearly completed their high school careers to see how they view their experiences in school and how they might want to alter those experiences. Do students want to add more practical courses to the high school curriculum? Do they want better equipped laboratories and shops? Would they like to have more discussions in class and fewer lectures? Would they like to have greater freedom in choosing courses (questions 137-143, grade 12 only)? Although the responses of students to such questions do not necessarily reflect weakness in the school curriculum, they are important indicators of student attitudes and perceptions of school. The project will examine how these attitudes and perceptions influence students' decisions about postsecondary education. In addition, it will observe changes in these attitudes and assess how these affect decisions made at specific times during high school.

Information-Seeking Activities

The sources of information that students use in exploring ideas about education and future work extend well beyond the family. To be sure, in American education the schools have increasingly assumed responsibility for guiding students' career decisions. Not only do the resources differ among schools, but within any single school, students vary in the ways in which they seek out these resources or are encouraged to use them by school faculties. For example, they may or may not seek the help of school counselors in attempting to clarify their educational and occupational aspirations, in selecting relevant courses of udy, and in searching for financial aid for postsecondary education



(questions 94-100, grade 9; questions 150-154, grade 12). In reference to these and other issues, some students may turn neither to home nor school but to other adults or to their peers.

SCOPE is concerned with the resources students use in guiding their postsecondary choices. Do students seek information from colleges (questions 113-115, grade 9 only)? Do students seek advice from persons other than their parents? Are students aware of resources available to them through college loans, bursaries, and scholarships (questions 114, 116, grade 12 only)? Do students value education to the extent of borrowing money against future income (question 162, grade 12 only)? In subsequent analyses, SCOPE will be able to answer questions about the groups of students that use these various approaches in solving major questions regarding their educational futures.

Occupational Preferences

From the very earliest years, children are asked to consider the question, "What do you want to be when you grow up?" In the beginning, the range of perceived possibilities is limited, and children usually want to be like their parent of the same sex. But as children grow up, they become more astute in their ability to discriminate different types of work, to observe how these different occupations are valued by people who are important to them, and to assess their own strengths and weaknesses. With this knowledge, children then begin to sort occupational models into those they admire and want to be like from those they disdain and don't want to be like.

Results of other studies suggest that early occupational interests are poor predictors of actual occupational choice. Because of this unreliability, many studies have omitted early vocational interests in their investigations. Yet the very unreliability of these early measures supports the idea that actual occupational choice represents a compromise between early fantasies and later realities. The position of the SCOPE staff is that the process of career development cannot really be understood without an analysis of the compromises that have been made, when and why they have occurred, and what students feel they have lost, as well as

what they have gained, through each change in their aspirations. If in the end educators are to understand what particular occupational and educational decisions lead to satisfying lives for some people but not for others, it is imperative that the importance of these early occupational interests be recognized.

Thus, considerable portions of the questionnaires are devoted to questions about occupational preferences. There are some 205 items for both ninth and twelfth graders (Tables 6 and 7), and an additional 10 items for ninth graders (questions 81-90).

Some of the early analyses of these data—which the reader can share with the SCOPE staff through examination of the reports in this series—will compare preference patterns between grades and between sexes. Of particular interest will be an examination of the number of girls who indicate high preference for traditionally male occupations, and the shifts in these preferences over time.

Two other areas have high priority in the immediate analysis plans. The first will consider the realism of occupational preferences by comparing the data on occupations with students' own estimates of their academic ability, their scores on the intellectual predisposition scale, and their stated values. The other area of interest concerns the degree to which students' occupational preferences are an expression of identification with their parents' actual occupations. Some tentative leads in this area can be obtained by observing in the present data the occupations students are most attracted to, and by comparing these preferences with the data on the occupations of both mother and father.

It might be mentioned that of all the data in this series of reports, probably the results for occupational preferences will have the most immediate practical value to the participating schools. The reasons for this are twofold. First, the results in this section can easily be converted into constructive action. For instance, where areas of preferences that were previously unexpected now become apparent, the schools can make more information about these occupations available to students. Second, because of the manner in which the data are reported—as school, state, and composite reports—each participating school has what



may be a unique opportunity to understand how occupational interests of its youngsters compare with larger samples of youth at the ninth- and twelfth-grade levels and, further, the youth at these grade levels in its own particular state.

Intellectual Predisposition

A number of attitude items were presented to students at the June 1966 testing sessions. Although these items might be scored in order to provide some indicators about the way students respond to certain aspects of academic life, no decisions have yet been reached as to how best to accomplish this goal. Nevertheless, initial hypotheses about the decision-making process of students suggested the need for some measure of "intellectual predisposition." Related research at the Center for Research and Development in Higher Education and elsewhere has shown, for college students, that intellectual disposition is highly related to the type of institution selected, choice of program, and

persistence in college. A tentative scale, then, which would indicate student differences in attitudes antecedent to intellectual orientation, was adopted from the Omnibus Personality Inventory that had been developed at the Center. The scores on this provisional scale are presented in this report because the scale seems promising to the staff (Table 8). It is expected that students with high scores on the scale will demonstrate greater interest in and commitment to academic aspects of school life than will those with low scores. It is also likely that group scores, such as those for a single school or for a state sample, will increase as students advance in grade level during the course of the project.

Although the staff is exploring ways of measuring such characteristics as deferment of satisfaction and self-responsibility, more careful analysis of the 1966 data must take place before such scales can be established with any degree of confidence. The data on these tentative scales are not shown at this time.



TABLE 1 VERBAL ABILITY TEST - DISTRIBUTIONS AND PERCENTILE RANKS

		75557250	7.10	LIOCAL	TEC IV	AIRNO
			1	BOYS	G	TRLS
		SCORE	N	PR	N.	PR
		50	3	100.0	4	100.0
		49	6	99.9	11	99.9
		48	17	99.7	. 29	99.5
		47	21	99.2	26	98.6
		46	40	98.5	30	97.8
		45	48	97.3	40	96.8
		44	51	95.8	51	95.5
		43	68	94.2	55	93.9
		42	50	92.1	58	92.2
		41	72	90.5	79	90.3
		40	104	88.2	66	87.8
		39	88	85.0	58	85.7
		38	118	82.2	64	83.8
		37	106	78.6	84	81.8
		36	120	75.2	89	79.1
MEAN	20.0	35	121	71.5	84	76.3
MEAN BOYS	29.0	34	11.1	67.7	104	73.6
S.D.	0.0	33	136	64.2	101	70.3
3.0.	9.9	32	125	60.0	114	67.1
		31	141	56.1	102	63.4
		30	123	51.7	93	60.2
		29	99	47.8	102	57.2
		28	106	44.7	115	54.0
		27	121	41.4	102	50.3
		26 25	92	37.6	95	47.0
		25 24	101	34.8	121	44.0
		24	101	31.6	100	40.1
		23	91	28.4	102	37.0
		22	94	25.6	102	33.7
		21	88	22.7	107	30.5
		20 19	73	19.9	99	27.0
			61	17.6	84	23.9
MEAN	27.3	18 17	65	15.7	82	21.2
GIRLS		16	71	13.7	89	18.6
S.D.	10.5	15	60	11.5	86	15.8
	2005	14	66 48	9•6	74	13.0
		13	45	7.5	71	10.7
		12	22	6•0 4•6	54 52	8.4
		11	27	3.9	53 24	6.7
		10	12	3.1		5.0
		9	11	2.7	24 7	4.2 3.4
			6	2.4	11	
		8 7	3	2.2	2	3.2
		6	3 3	2.1	2	2.9 2.8
		5	Õ	2.0	0	2.7
		4	ì	2.0	Ö	2.7
		4 3	ō	2.0	0	2.7
		2	ő	2.0	0	2.7
		$\overline{1}$	Ö	2.0	Ö	2.7
		Ō	63	2.0	86	2.7
		-		- T		_ • •



TABLE 2 MATH ABILITY TEST - DISTRIBUTIONS AND PERCENTILE RANKS

			Q	OYS	G I	RLS
		SCORE	N	PR	N	PR
		50		100.0	7	100.0
		49	28	99.4	9	99.8
		48	41	98.6	12	99.5
		47	50	97.3	18	99.1
		46	55	95.7	21	98.5
		45	66	94.0	35	97.9
		44	71	91.9	33	96.7
		43'	85	89.7	39	95.7
		42	82	87.1	57	94.5
		41	76	84.5	44	92.6
		40	89	82.1	34	91.2
		39	88	79.3	44	90.1
		38	86	76.6	56	88.7
		37	105	73.9	70	87.0
		36	113	70.6	73	84.7
		35	94	67.1	77	82.4
MEAN	30.0	34	96	64.1	78	79.9
BOYS		33	109	61.1	82	77.5
S.D.	10.3	32	84	57.7	90	748
		31	126	55.1	86	72.0
		30	99	51.2	112	69.2
		29	107	48-1	121	65.7
		28	125	44.7	125	61.8
		27	113	40.8	100	57.8
		26	121	37.3	126	54.6
		25	106	33.5	131	50.6
		24	104	30.2	119	46.4
		23	94	26.9	139	42.6
		22	104	24.0	125	38.2
		21	87	20.8	128	34.2
		20	96	18.0	139	30.1
		19 18	88	15.0 12.3	122	25.7
MEAN	25.9	17	71	10.1	130 103	21.8
MEAN	23.7		60 5 4	8.2	95	17.7
GIRLS S.D.	9.9	16 15	31	6.5	75	14°4 11°4
3.0.	7.7	14	26	ő.5	41	9.0
		13	26	4.7	44	7.7
		12	24	3.9	39	6.3
		11	12	3.2	31	5.0
		10	10	2.8	9	4.0
			4	2.5	13	3.7
		9 8 7	5	2.3	8	3.3
		7	2	2.2	5	3.1
			2	2.1	Ō	2.9
		5	ō	2.1	ì	2.9
		4	i	2.1	Ō	2.9
		3	ō	2.0	2	2.9
		2	Ō	2.0	0	2.8
		6 5 4 3 2 1 0	0	2.0	0	2.8
		0	65	2.0	88	2.8

TABLE 3 ABILITY TEST TOTAL - DISTRIBUTIONS AND PERCENTILE RANKS

					v c		
		SCORE	N	B O PR	Y S SCORE	N	PR
		100	0	100.0	50 50	56	32.7
		99	0	100.0	49	62	30.9
		98	1	100.0	48	47	29.0
		97	4	100.0	47	61	27.5
		96	3	99.8	46	54	25.6
		95	12	99.7	45	42	23.9
		94	1.2	99.4	44	62	22.6
		93	13	99.0	43	58	20.7
		92	8	98.6	42	41	18.9
		91	23	98.3	41	37	17.6
		90	32	97.6	40	38	16.4
		89	25	96.6	39	39	15.3
		88	34	95.8	38	38	14.0
		87	34	94.8	37	40	12.8
		86	38	93.7	36	42	11.6
		85	35	92.5	35	31	10.3
		84	39	91.4	34	37	9.3
		83	38	90.2	33	29	8.2
		82	32	89.0	32	28	7.3
		81	40	88.0	31	24	6.4
		80	40	86.8	30	25	5.6
		79	48	85.5	29	18	4.8
		78	49	84.0	28	15	4.3
		77	44	82.5	27	17	3.8
MEAN	59.1	76	47	81.1	26	9	3.3
•		75	63	79-6	25	8	3.0
S.D.	18.9	74	55	77.7	24	9	2.8
		73	63	76.0	23	3 3	2.5
		72	60	74.0	22	<i>3</i>	2.4
		71	63	72-1	21	1 3 2	2.3
		70 69	65 62	70.1 68.1	20 19	2	2
		68	72	66.2	18	1	2.2 2.1
		67	60	63.9	17	i	2.1
		66	54	62.1	16	ō	2.0
		65	64	60.4	15	ĭ	2.0
		64	67	58.4	14	ī	2.0
		63	54	56.3	13	ō	2.0
		62	70	54.6	12	Ŏ	2.0
		61	74	52.4	11	Ö	2.0
		60	63	50.1	10	0	2.0
		59	61	48-1	9	0	2.0
		58	56	46.2		0	2.0
		57	68	44.5	8 7	0	2.0
		56	62	42.3	6	0	2.0
		5 5	50	40.4	5	0	2.0
		54	54	38.8	4	0	2.0
		53	42	37.1		0	2.0
		52	56	35.8	3 2 1	0	2.0
		51	44	34.1	1	0	2.0
					0	63	2.0

TABLE 4 ABILITY TEST TOTAL - DISTRIBUTIONS AND PERCENTILE RANKS

		2225		GI	RLS	4.	
		SCORE	N	PR	SCORE	N	PR
		100	0	100.0	50	61	45.6
		99	0	100.0	49	56	43.6
		98	5	100-0	48	66	41.8
		97	2	99.8	47	66 57	39.7
		96	5 7	99.8	46	57 54	37.6
		95		99.6	45	56 54	35.8
		94	8	99.4	44 42	56 71	34.0
		93 92	11 13	99.1 98.8	43 42	71 79	32.2
		91	10	98.4	41	52	30.0 27.5
		90	11	98.1	40	62	25.8
		89	22	97.7	39	71	23.8
		88	17	97.0	38	48	21.6
		87	.18	96.5	37	58	20.0
		86	1.8	95.9	36	62	18.2
		85	19	95.3	35	46	16.2
		84	21	94.7	34	50	14.7
		83	25	94.0	33	4,3	13.1
		82	34	93.2	32	59	11.8
		81	20	92.2	31	31	9.9
		80	24	91.5	30	39	8.9
		79	30	90-8	29	29	7.7
		78	37	89.8	28	22	6.7
		77	30	88.6	27	14	6.0
MEAN	53.2	76	29	87.7	26	21	5.6
III AII	7342	75	31	86.7	25	18	4.9
S.D.	19.2	74	50	85.7	24	10	4.3
3050	2,42	73	29	84.2	23	12	4.0
		72	49	83.2	22	9	3.6
		71	44	81.7	21	3	3.3
		70	24	80.3	20	5	3.3
		69	48	79.5	19	ī	3.1
		68	47	78.0	18	7.	3.1
		67	57	76.5	17	i	2.8
		66	42	74.6	16	ī	2.8
		65	52	73.3	15	Ō	2.8
		64	55	71.7	14	Ō	2.8
		63	53	69.9	13	Ō	2.8
		62	61	68.2	12	Ō	2.8
		61	62	66.3	11	1	2.8
		60	47	64.3	10	õ	2.7
		59	44	62.8	9	Ō	2.7
		58	68	61.4	8	0	2.7
		57	58	59.2	7	Ō	2.7
		56	59	57.4	6	Ō	2.7
		55	62	55.5	5	0	2.7
		54	69	53.5	4	Ö	2.7
		53	50	51.3	3	Ō	2.7
		52	68	49.7	3 2	Ö	2.7
		51	62	47.5	1	Ō	2.7
		- .			Ō	86	2.7

MASSACHUSETTS

		ВС	BOYS		RLS
		N	PC	N	PC
_					
1	EMPLOYMENT STATUS OF FATHER				
	A DO NOT KNOW	42	1.3	39	1.2
	B FULL-TIME	2734	85.5	2665	85.0
	C PART-TIME	60	1.9	· 	1.3
	D LOOKING FOR WORK E KEEPING HOUSE	26		13	0.4
		12		5	0.2
	F NOT WORKING/DESABLED/OTHER G RETIRED	67			
		40			1.4
		9	0.3	_	0.1
	I NO FATHER OR MALE GUARDIAN J NO RESPONSE	159			
	J NU KESPUNSE	50	1.6	58	1.8
2	FATHER'S TYPE OF EMPLOYMENT				
	A DO NOT KNOW	74	2.4	95	3.1
	B WORKMAN	280			_
	C SERVICE WORKER		8.7		9.2
	D MACHINE OPERATOR	370			13.8
	E SKILLED CRAFTSMAN/FOREMAN	663	21.1		20.9
	F SALESMAN OR AGENT		7.6		6.9
	G OFFICE WORKER	174			3.7
	H FARM OWNER/MANAGER	20	0.6		0.,
	I OWNER OF A BUSINESS	258	8.2		7.4
	J TECHNICIAN	70	2.2	6 8	2.2
	K ARTIST, ENTERTAINER, ATHLETE	9	0.3	15	0.5
	L ELECTED OR APPOINTED OFFICIAL	24	0.8	21	0.7
	M MANAGER OR EXECUTIVE	~259	8.3	260	8.4
	N PROFESSIONMIDDLE	218	6.9	230	7.4
	O PROFESSIONHIGH	123	3.9	122	3.9
	P HOUSEWIFE	3	0-1	2	0.1
	Q NO RESPONSE	82	2.6	98	3.2
3	EMPLOYMENT STATUS OF MOTHER				
	A DO NOT KNOW	34	1.1	1.0	0.4
	B HOUSEWIFE ONLY	1554		19 1482	0.6
	C FULL-TIME	899	28.1	941	47.3
	D PART-TIME .	587	18.3		30.0 17.7
	E LOOKING FOR WORK	24	0.8	39	1.2
	F NOT WORKINGA STUDENT	7	0.2		0.3
	G NO MOTHER OR FEMALE GUARDIAN	36		34	1.1
	H NO RESPONSE	58	1.8	57	1.8
			7.0	<i>></i> 1	1.0



MASSACHUSETTS

			BO	BOYS		RLS
			N	PC	N	PC
1.	MOTH	CDIC TYPE OF EMPLOYMENT				
4	A	ER'S TYPE OF EMPLOYMENT DO NOT KNOW	195	6.3	174	5.7
	B	WORKMAN	229			
	č	SERVICE WORKER		10.4		
	D	MACHINE OPERATOR	155			
	E	SKILLED CRAFTSMAN/FOREMAN	72	2.3	61	2.0
	F	SALESMAN OR AGENT	191	6.2	231	7.5
	G	OFFICE WORKER	661	21.3	596	
	H	FARM OWNER/MANAGER	5	0.2	1	0.0
	I	OWNER OF A BUSINESS	37		33	
	J	TECHNICIAN	124			
	K	ARTIST, ENTERTAINER, ATHLETE	20		37	1.2
	L	ELECTED OR APPOINTED OFFICIAL	2	0.1	4	9.1
	M	MANAGER OR EXECUTIVE	23			
	N	PROFESSIONMIDDLE	144		188	
	0	PROFESSIONHIGH	30 723			
	P	HOUSEWIFE	723 168	23.3 5.4		20.8 4.2
	Q	NO RESPONSE	100	3,4	123	4.2
5	STUD	ENT'S OCCUPATIONAL CHOICE				
	A	DO NOT KNOW	78	2.5	48	1.5
	В	WORKMAN	36		5	0.2
	C	SERVICE WORKER	61	1.9	231	7.4
	D	MACHINE OPERATOR	69	2.2	6	0.2
	Ε	SKILLED CRAFTSMAN/FOREMAN	328	10.4	7	0.2
	F	SALESMAN OR AGENT	49	1.6	22	0.7
	G	OFFICE WORKER	101	3.2	871	28.0
	H	FARM OWNER/MANAGER	29		13	0.4
	I	OWNER OF A BUSINESS	141	4.5	20	0.6
	J	TECHNICIAN	146		323	10.4
	K	ARTIST, ENTERTAINER, ATHLETE	264		250	8.0
	L	ELECTED OR APPOINTED OFFICIAL	60	1.9	26	0.8
	M	MANAGER OR EXECUTIVE	253		34	1.1
	N	PROFESSIONMIDDLE	906		918	29.6
	0	PROFESSIONHIGH	540	17.2	211	6.8
	P	HOUSEWIFE	7	0.2	55	1.8
	Q	NO RESPONSE	80	2.5	66	2.1

MASSACHUSETTS

		во	BOYS		GIRLS	
		N	PC	N	PC	
6	EMPLOYEES SUPERVISED BY FATHER					
	A NONE	1683	52.6	1695	54.0	
	B ABOUT FIVE OR FEWER	544	17.0	514	16.4	
	C BETWEEN SIX-FIFTEEN	287	9.0	239	7.6	
	D SIXTEEN OR MORE	349	10.9	289	9.2	
	E DO NOT KNOW	274	8.6	331	10.6	
	F NO RESPONSE	62	1.9	68	2.2	
7	EMPLOYEES SUPERVISED BY MOTHER					
	A NONE	2781	86.9	2737	87.3	
	B ABOUT FIVE OR FEWER	169	5.3	186	5.9	
	C BETWEEN SIX-FIFTEEN		1.8		1.1	
	D SIXTEEN OR MORE			27		
	E DO NOT KNOW	93			2.7	
	F NO RESPONSE	60				
8						
	A DO NOT KNOW	137				
	B LARGE COMPANY OR INDUSTRY			1170		
	C SMALL COMPANY OR INDUSTRY	595	18.6			
	D A STORE		4.4		3.7	
	E AN INDIVIDUAL EMPLOYER	98	3.1	101	3.2	
	F SELF OR WITH PARTNER	239	7.5	279	8.9	
	G LOCAL, STATE, NATIONAL GOVT	394	12.3	365	11.6	
	H SCHOOL, HOSPITAL, CHURCH	153	4.8	180	5.7	
	I MILITARY SERVICE	41	1.3	47.	1.5	
	J FARM OR RANCH	22	0.7	19	0.6	
	K NO RESPONSE	83	2.6	101	3.2	
9	REPORTED EMPLOYER OF MOTHER					
	A DO NOT KNOW	164	5.1	155	4.9	
	B HOUSEWIFE WHO NEVER WORKED	950	29.7			
	C LARGE COMPANY OR INDUSTRY	555	17.3		17.4	
	D SMALL COMPANY OR INDUSTRY	465	14.5	450	14.3	
	E A STORE	262		286	9.1	
	F AN INDIVIDUAL EMPLOYER	124		136	4.3	
	G SELF OR WITH PARTNER	74		105		
	H LOCAL, STATE, NATIONAL GOVT	125		146	4.7	
	I SCHOOL, HOSPITAL, CHURCH	393		428	13.6	
	J FARM OR RANCH	10		6	0.2	
	K NO RESPONSE	77		78	2.5	

		во	BOYS		RLS
		N	PC	N	PC
10	FAMILY INCOME COMP'D TO USA AVERAGE				
	A MUCH HIGHER	434	13.6	260	8.3
	B HIGHER	1059	33.1	737	23.5
	C ABOUT THE SAME	876	27.4	831	26.5
	D LOWER	283	8.8	280	8.9
	E MUCH LOWER	84	2.6	96	3.1
	F DO NOT KNOW	392	12.3	863	27.5
	G NO RESPONSE	71	2.2	69	2.2
11	MOTHER LIVES IN HOME				
	A YES	2996	93.7	2951	94.1
	B NO	133	4.2	115	3.7
	C PART OF THE TIME	20	0.6	12	0.4
	D NO RESPONSE	50	1.6	58	1.8
12	FATHER LIVES IN HOME				
	A YES	2755	86.1	2632	83.9
	B NO	347	10.8	409	13.0
	C PART OF THE TIME	39	1.2	33	1.1
	D NO RESPONSE	58	1.8	62	2.0
13	STEPFATHER LIVES IN HOME				
	A YES	104	3.3	102	3.3
	B NO	2891	90.4	2882	91.9
	C PART OF THE TIME	85	2.7	59	1.9
	D NO RESPONSE	119	3.7	93	3.0
14	STEPMOTHER LIVES IN HOME				
	A YES	62	1.9	36	1.1
	B NO	2942	92.0	2937	93.7
	C PART OF THE TIME	76	2.4	60	1.9
	D NO RESPONSE	119	3.7	103	3.3
15	OTHER RELATIVES LIVE IN HOME				
	A YES	426	13.3	361	11.5
	B NO	2476	77.4	2519	80.3
	C PART OF THE TIME	227	7.1	184	5.9
	D NO RESPONSE	70	2-2	7.2	2.3
16	BROTHER(S)/SISTER(S) LIVE IN HOME				
	A YES	2451	76.6	2455	78.3
	B NO	501			15.1
	C PART OF THE TIME	185	5.8	140	4.5
	D NO RESPONSE	62	1.9	67	2.1

MASSACHUSETTS

		80	YS	GI	RLS
		N	PC	N	PC
17	EOSTED DADENTS LIVE IN HOME				
11	FOSTER PARENTS LIVE IN HOME A YES	4.5	• •	20	0 0
	B NO	45 2024	1.4		0.9
	C PART OF THE TIME	2936	91.8 3.2		
	D NO RESPONSE	116			2.3 3.4
	J NO NEOLONGE	110	3.0	107	3.4
18	NUMBER OF LIVING CHILDREN IN FAMILY				
	A ONE, SELF	245	7.7	205	6.5
	B TWO. INCLUDING SELF	774		674	21.5
	C THREE OR FOUR, INCLUDING SELF			1353	
	D FIVE OR SIX, INCLUDING SELF	579			17.6
	E SEVEN OR MORE, INCLUDING SELF		7.1		
	F NO RESPONSE		1.7		
					_
19	AGE OF STUDENT COMPARED TO SIBLINGS				
	A AN ONLY CHILD	227	7.1	201	6.4
	B THE OLDEST	1212	37.9	1059	33.8
	C CLOSE TO THE OLDEST	476	14.9	448	14.3
	D ABOUT IN THE MIDDLE	410	12.8	488	15.6
	E CLOSE TO THE YOUNGEST	159	5.0	199	6.3
	F THE YOUNGEST	662			21.8
	G NO RESPONSE	53	1.7	57	1.8
20	CLDED CIDE ATTENDING (CD.) COLUMN				
20	OLDER SIBS ATTENDING(ED) COLLEGE				
	A NO OLDER SIBLINGS	1282	40.1	1173	37.4
	B NO OLDER SIBS OUT OF HS	163	5-1	118	3.8
	C NONE IN COLLEGE	627	19.6	747	23.8
	D ONE E TWO	757	23.7	696	22.2
	F THREE OR MORE	228	7.1	253	8.1
	G NO RESPONSE	80	2.5	88	2.8
	G NU RESPUNSE	62	1.9	61	1.9
21	FACILITIES FOR PRIVACY AT HOME				
	A HAS OWN ROOM	1908	59.6	1985	62.2
	B HAS ROOM WITH BROTHER(S)	1908	34.0	1905	63 .3 0.6
	C HAS ROOM WITH SISTER(S)	21	0.7	958	30.5
	D HAS ROOM WITH SIBS/BOTH SEXES	22	0.7	12	0.4
	E HAS ROOM WITH ADULT(S)	29	0.9	61	1.9
	F HAS ROOM WITH SIBS AND ADULTS	11	0.3	5	0.2
	G NO RESPONSE	119	3.7	96	3.1
			<i></i>		



			BOYS		GIRLS	
			N	PC	N	PC
22	FAMI	LY RELIGION FELT MOST INFLUENTIAL				
	A	ROMAN CATHOLIC	2088	66.6	1924	62.5
	В	ORTHODOX CATHOLIC	26	0.8	34	1.1
	C	JEWISH	106	3.4	92	3.0
	D	BUDDHIST	5	0.2	1	0.0
	£	ISLAM (MUSLIM)	5	0.2	0	0.0
	F	LATTER DAY SAINTS (MORMON)	2	0.1	0	0.0
	G	AFRICAN METHODIST EPISCOPAL	2	0.1	2	0.1
	H	BAPTISTAMERICAN	90	2.9	96	3.1
	I	BAPTISTSOUTHERN	6	0.2	12	0.4
	J	CHRISTIAN SCIENTIST	6	0.2	9	0.3
	K	CONGREGATIONALISTS	156	5.0	196	6.4
	L	DISCIPLES OF CHRIST/CHRISTIAN	4	0.1	3	0.1
	M	EPISCOPALIAN	110	3.5	130	4.2
	N	FRIENDS (QUAKER)	0	0.0	6	0.2
	0	LUTHERANAMERICAN	24	8.0	32	1.0
	P	LUTHERANMISSOURI SYNOD	3	0.1	3	0.1
	Q	METHODIST	111	3.5	120	3,,9
	R S	PRESBYTERIAN SEVENTIST	16	0.5	28	0.9
	3 T	SEVENTH DAY ADVENTIST Unitarian	4	0.1	1	0.0
	Ü	NO PARTICULAR RELIGION	26	0.8	59	1.9
	V	DO NOT WISH TO ANSWER	117	3.7	102	3.3
	W	RELIGION NOT IN LIST	127	4-1	118	3.8
	X	NO RESPONSE	45 56	1.4 1.8	47 45	1.5 2.1
	^	NO RESPONSE	96	1.0	65	2.1
23	FATH	ER'S EDUCATIONAL LEVEL				
	A	NO SCHOOL/SOME GRADE SCHOOL	111	3.5	97	3.1
	В	FINISHED GRADE SCHOOL	290	9.1	315	10.0
	C	SOME HIGH SCHOOL	540	16.9	513	16.4
	D	FINISHED HIGH SCHOOL	860	26.9	774	24.7
	Ε	SOME COLLEGE, TECH/SPECIAL ED	562	17.6	552	17.6
	F	GRADUATED FROM COLLEGE	309	9.7	335	10.7
	G	MASTER'S DEGREEHA, MS, MBA	126	3.9	114	3.6
	Н	DOCTOR'S BEGPHD, MD, DDS, LLD	96	3.0	90	2.9
	I	DO NOT KNOW	245	7.7	281	9.0
	J	NO RESPONSE	60	1.9	65	2.1



		BOYS		GIRLS	
		N	PC	N	PC
24	MOTHER'S EDUCATIONAL LEVEL				
	A NO SCHOOL/SOME GRADE SCHOOL	76	2.4	56	1.8
	B FINISHED GRADE SCHOOL	219	6.8	218	7.0
	C SOME HIGH SCHOOL	485	15.2	565	18.0
	D FINISHED HIGH SCHOOL	1321	41.3	1181	37.7
	E SOME COLLEGE, TECH/SPECIAL ED	495	15.5	553	17.6
	F GRADUATED FROM COLLEGE	262	8.2	281	9.0
	G MASTER'S DEGREEMA, MS, MBA	50	1.6	58	1.8
	H DOCTOR'S DEGPHD, MD, DDS, LLD	8	0.3	6	0.2
	I DO NOT KNOW	218		154	
	J NO RESPONSE	65	2.0	64	2.0
25	DICTIONARY IN THE HOME				
	A YES, AND IT IS USED	2171	67.9	2642	84.2
	B YES, BUT IT IS SELDOM USED	887			13.3
	C YES, BUT IT IS NEVER USED	50	1.6		0.4
	D IT IS NOT IN THE HOME	36	1.1		0.2
	E NO RESPONSE	55	1.7	61	1.9
26	DAILY NEWSPAPER IN THE HOME				
	A YES, AND IT IS USED	2809	87.8	2714	86.5
	B YES, BUT IT IS SELDOM USED	250	7.8	291	9.3
	C YES, BUT IT IS NEVER USED	31	1.0	16	0.5
	D IT IS NOT IN THE HOME	54	1.7	55	1.8
	E NO RESPONSE	55	1.7	60	1.9
27	ENCYCLOPEDIA IN THE HOME				
	A YES, AND IT IS USED	1852	57.9	2129	67.9
	B YES, BUT IT IS SELDOM USED	939	29.4	635	20.2
	C YES, BUT IT IS NEVER USED	67	2.1	28	0.9
	D IT IS NOT IN THE HOME	286	8.9	281	9.0
	E NO RESPONSE	55	1.7	63	2.0
28	MUSICAL INSTRUMENT IN THE HOME				
	A YES, AND IT IS USED	774	24.2	835	26.6
	B YES, BUT IT IS SELDOM USED	535	16.7	566	18.0
	C YES, BUT IT IS NEVER USED	590	18.4	463	14-8
	D IT IS NOT IN THE HOME	1244	38.9	1207	38.5
	E NO RESPONSE	56	1.8	65	2,1



MASSACHUSETTS

		80	BOYS		GIRLS	
		N	PC	N	PC	
29	SCHOOL WORKPARENTAL EXPECTATIONS					
	A LEARNING MOST IMPORTANT	384	12.0	493	15.7	
	B GOOD GRADES MOST IMPORTANT	745	23.3	400	12.8	
	C BOTH ARE IMPORTANT	1830	57.2	2030	64.7	
	D PARENTS ARE INDIFFERENT	55	1.7	60	1.9	
	E DO NOT KNOW	124	3.9	86	2.7	
	F NO RESPONSE	61	1.9	67	2.1	
30	SCHOOL MATTERS DISCUSSED WITH MOTHER					
50	A YES, AND IT HELPS	1600	50.0	2176	69.4	
	B YES, BUT WOULD PREFER NOT	724		286		
	C NO, BUT WOULD LIKE IT		4.2			
	D NO, AND PREFER IT THAT WAY		18.9			
	E NO MOTHER			43		
	F NO RESPONSE		2.3		2.2	
	1 113 1121 51132	•	203	00	2.02	
31	SCHOOL MATTERS DISCUSSED WITH FATHER					
	A YES, AND IT HELPS	1439	45.0	1671	53.3	
	B YES, BUT WOULD PREFER NOT	592	18.5		8.0	
	C NO, BUT WOULD LIKE IT	21.3				
	D NO, AND PREFER IT THAT WAY	677				
	E NO FATHER		6.4		7.0	
	F NO RESPONSE	74		74	2.4	
	, ,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,			•		
32	EDUCATION PARENTS WANT FOR STUDENTS					
	A DON'T CARE ABOUT HS GRADUATION	11.6	0.5	13	0.4	
	B DO WISH HIGH SCHOOL GRADUATION	445	13.9	655	20.9	
	C BUS/VOC SCHOOL OR JR COLL	502	15.7		28.7	
	D AT LEAST SOME COLLEGE	67	2.1	54	1.7	
	E COLLEGE OR UNIV GRADUATION	1601	50.0	1224	39.0	
	F POST-GRADUATE DEGREE	418	13.1	162	5.2	
	G DO NOT KNOW	84	2.6	63	2.0	
	H NO RESPONSE	66	2.1	66	2.1	
33	EDUCATIONAL ASPIRATIONS OF STUDENTS					
	A LEAVE SCHOOL AS SOON AS POSSIBLE	32	1.0	12	0.4	
	B GRADUATE FROM HIGH SCHOOL	429	13.4	632	20.2	
	C BUSINESS OR VOCATIONAL SCHOOL	343	10.7	549	17.5	
	D JR COLL, THEN WORK OR MARRY	183	5.7	350	11.2	
	E COLLEGE BUT NOT GRADUATION	70	2.2	57	1.8	
	F COLLEGE OR UNIV GRADUATION	1312	41.0	1072	34.2	
	G POST-GRADUATE DEGREE	644	20.1	318	10.1	
	H DO NOT KNOW	124	3.9	83	2.6	
	I NO RESPONSE	62	1.9	63	2.0	



MASSACHUSETTS

	BOYS		GIRLS	
	N	PC	N	
34 PARENTAL CONTROL OF CURFEW				
A STUDENT TOLD WHAT TO DO	767	24-0	971	31.0
B JOINT DECISION MADE	1384			48.4
C STUDENT DECIDES FOR HIMSELF	841	-		
D MATTER HAS NOT ARISEN	142	4.4	• • •	3.0
E NO RESPONSE		2.0		
35 PARENTAL CONTROL OF DAYING				
A STUDENT TOLD WHAT TO DO				
B JOINT DECISION MADE		3.8		9.5
C STUDENT DECIDES FOR HIMSELF	442	13.8		35.5
D MATTER HAS NOT ARISEN	2328		1493	
E NO RESPONSE		7.6		5.3
	65	2.0	66	2.1
36 PARENTAL CONTROL OF TV VIEWING				
A STUDENT TOLD WHAT TO DO	250	7.8	182	5 0
B JOINT DECISION MADE	347		204	
C STUDENT DECIDES FOR HIMSELF	2189			75.5
D MATTER HAS NOT ARISEN	349		314	
E NO RESPONSE		2.0		
27 DADENTAL CONTROL OF LINE				
37 PARENTAL CONTROL OF HOMEWORK				
A STUDENT TOLD WHAT TO DO	359	11.2	240	7.7
B JOINT DECISION MADE	246	7.7	139	4.4
C STUDENT DECIDES FOR HIMSELF D MATTER HAS NOT ARISEN		75.1		83.2
D MATTER HAS NOT ARISEN E NO RESPONSE		3.9		2.7
E NO KESPUNSE	66	2.1	64	2.0
38 PARENTAL CONTROL OF FRIENDSHIPS				
A STUDENT TOLD WHAT TO DO	200	0 0		• -
B JOINT DECISION MADE		9.3		9.9
C STUDENT DECIDES FOR HIMSELF	565 205 <u>\</u>			
D MATTER HAS NOT ARISEN		6.8	1770	
E NO RESPONSE		2.1		
	00	2.1	72	2.3
39 PARENTAL CONTROL OF HOME CHORES				
A STUDENT TOLD WHAT TO DO	1398	43.7	1331	42.4
B JOINT DECISIONS MADE	980	30.6	987	31.5
C STUDENT DECIDES FOR HIMSELF	648	20.3		
D MATTER HAS NOT ARISEN E NO RESPONSE	109	3.4		1.6
E NO RESPONSE	64	2.0	63	
				-



S C O P E S T A T E P R O F I L E GRADE TWELVE 1966

MASSACHUSETTS

			во	BOYS		RLS
			N	PC	N	PC
40	PARE	NTAL CONTROL OF COURSE CHOICE				
	A	STUDENT TOLD WHAT TO DO	104	3.3	60	1.9
	8	JOINT DECISIONS MADE	1124	35.1	1125	35.9
	С	STUDENT DECIDES FOR HIMSELF	1813	56.7	1847	58.9
	D	MATTER HAS NOT ARISEN	93	2.9	39	1.2
	E	NO RESPONSE	65	2.0	64	2.0
41	HIGH	SCHOOL PROGRAM				
	A	GENERAL	610	19.1	286	9.1
	В	COLLEGE PREPARATORY	2130	66.6	1702	54.3
	C	COMMERCIAL OR BUSINESS	203	6.3	994	31.7
	D	VOCATIONAL	113	3.5	2:2	0.7
	E	AGRICULTURE	8	0.3	0	0.0
	F	NONE OF THE ABOVE	· 71		69	2.2
	G	NO RESPONSE	64	2.0	63	2.0
42	FEEL	TEACHERS TREAT FAIRLY				
	A	YES	2830	88.5	2867	91.4
	В	NO	147	4.6	113	2.6
	Ċ	NOT SURE	161		125	4.0
	Đ	NO RESPONSE	61	1.9	63	2.0
43	FEEL	TEACHERS GO TOO FAST				
	A	YES	553	17.3	378	12.1
	В	NO	1939	60.6	2119	67.6
	.C	NOT SURE	642	20.1		18.5
	D	NO RESPONSE	65	2.0	60	1.9
44	FEEL	TENSE OR SHY IN SCHOOL				
	A	YES	685	21.4	1047	33.4
	В	NO	2246	70.2	1858	59.2
	C	NOT SURE	205	6-4	171	5.5
	D	NO RESPONSE	63	2.0	60	1.9
45		STUDIES ARE IMPORTANT				
	A	YES	2084	65.1	2312	73.7
	8	NO NOT	704	22.0		14.3
	C	NOT SURE	346	10.8	312	9.9
	D	NO RESPONSE	65	2.0	64	2.0



MASSACHUSETTS

			BOYS		GIRLS	
			N	PC	N	PC
46	FEEL	TEACHERS ARE UNDERSTANDING				
	A	YES	1921	60.1	1910	60.9
	В	NO	713	22.3	562	17.9
	C	NOT SURE	498			
	D	NO RESPONSE	67	2-1	64	2.0
47	FEEL	TEACHERS ENJOY TEACHING				
	A	YES	1915	59.9	1808	57.7
	В	NO	620	19.4	648	20.7
	C	NOT SURE	596	18.6	616	19.6
	D	NO RESPONSE	68	2.1	64	2.0
49	FEEL	OTHERS OVERSTRESS GRADES				
70	A	YES	1183	37.0	806	25.7
	B	NO	1099			
	C	NOT SURE	848			
	D	NO RESPONSE	69	2.2	ڏ6	2.0
49	PEER	ASSOCIATIONS				
	A	SEVERAL DIFFERENT GROUPS	949	29.7	841	26.8
	8	MAINLY ONE CROWD	618	19.3		20.6
	C	TWO OR THREE FRIENDS	1013			
	D	ONE FRIEND MOST OF TIME	294	9.2	308	9.8
	E	MOSTLY ALONE	250	7.8	144	4.6
	F	NO RESPONSE	75	2.3	67	2.1
50	SELF	-ESTIMATE OF COLLEGE ABILITY				
	Α	DEFINITELY HAVE THE ABILITY	1292	40.4	919	29.3
	В	PROBABLY HAVE THE ABILITY	1222	38.2	1404	
		PROBABLY DO NOT HAVE IT		5.3		7.0
	D	DEFINITELY DO NOT HAVE IT	60	1.9		3.6
		DC NOT KNOW	390			13.2
	F	NO RESPONSE	65	2.0	65	2.1
51	RELA	TIVE AGE OF FRIENDS				
	A	MOST ARE SAME AGE	2434	76.1	2591	82.6
	В	MOST ARE YOUNGER	222	6.9	103	3.3
	£	MOST ARE OLDER	426			11.1
	D	DO NOT KNOW	44	1,4	27	
	Ε	NO RESPONSE	73	2.3	67	2.1



			во	BOYS		GIRLS	
			N	PC	N	PC	
5 2	CELE	-ECTIMATE OF CENEDAL HEALTH					
22		-ESTIMATE OF GENERAL HEALTH	1165	24 /	825	26.3	
		VERY HEALTHY	1547		1667	=	
		IN GOOD HEALTH		9.9			
		OK, BUT NOTHING EXTRA				12.6	
		TIRED AND DRAGGY			145		
		SICK QUITE A BIT			34		
	F	NO RESPONSE	66	2.1	70	2.2	
53	EFFE	CT OF POOR HEALTH					
	Α		932	29.1	696	22.2	
		NO EFFECT ON SCHOOL WORK	1769		1804		
		A LITTLE EFFECT			487		
	_	HAS QUITE AN EFFECT			77		
		NO RESPONSE		2.2		2.3	
	_						
54		MATE OF OWN BEST ABILITY					
	A	READING		11.1			
	В	NUMBERS AND MATH		19.8			
	C	WRITING		6.6		11.2	
	D	MECHANICAL	463	14.5	29	0.9	
	Ε	PAINTING AND DRAWING	118	3.7		8.6	
	F	PLAYING AND SINGING MUSIC	180	5.6	175	5.6	
	G	TALKING, SPEAKING IN PUBLIC	311	9.7	319	10.2	
	H	SPORTS	833	26.0	315	10.0	
	I	SEWING OR COOKING	13	0.4	528	16.8	
	J	NO RESPONSE	81	2.5	78	2.5	
うう	_	RTANCE OF BEING A LEADER	220	10 2	125	4 0	
	A	AMONG MOST IMPORTANT	329	10.3	125	4.0	
		VERY IMPORTANT	972			18.4	
		FAIRLY IMPORTANT	1189			40.9	
	D	THATROPHI TON	640		1080	34.4	
	E	NO RESPONSE	69	2.2	72	2.3	
56	IMPO	RTANCE OF GETTING GOOD GRADES					
	Α	AMONG MOST IMPORTANT	422	13.2	410	13.1	
		VERY IMPORTANT	1723			58.3	
	C	FAIRLY IMPORTANT	861		768	24.5	
	D	NOT IMPORTANT		3.8		1.9	
	E	₫O RESPONSE	70		70	2.2	
	_		_				

MASSACHUSETTS

			BOYS		GIRLS	
			N	PC	N	PC
57	TMPO	RTANCE OF BEING TOP ATHLETE				
,	A	AMONG MOST IMPORTANT	298	9.3	61	1.9
		VERY IMPORTANT	631		,-	
	Č	FAIRLY IMPORTANT	1087			20.3
	D	NOT IMPORTANT	1110			
	E	NO RESPONSE	73		72	2.3
58	IMPO	RTANCE OF PLEASING PARENTS				
	A	AMONG MOST IMPORTANT	877	27.4		37.7
	В	VERY IMPORTANT	1389	43.4		41.5
	_	FAIRLY IMPORTANT	746			16.2
	D	NCT IMPORTANT		3.6		
	E	NO RESPONSE	72	2.3	69	2.2
59	IMPO	RTANCE OF SCHOOL LEARNING				
,	Α	AMONG MOST IMPORTANT	793	24.8	784	25.0
		VERY IMPORTANT	1551	48.5		54.0
		FAIRLY IMPORTANT	685			17.7
	Ď	NOT IMPORTANT	97		38	1.2
	E	NO RESPONSE	73	2.3		2.2
60		RTANCE OF RELIGIOUS LIFE				
	A	AMONG MOST IMPORTANT	871	27.2		38.1
	В	VERY IMPORTANT	1019	31.9	1034	33.0
	C	FAIRLY IMPORTANT	872	27.3	597	19.0
	D	NOT IMPORTANT	356			7.6
	£	NO RESPONSE	81	2.5	71	2.3
61	IMPO	RTANCE OF BEING LIKED BY PEERS				
	A	AMONG MOST IMPORTANT	396	12.4	464	14.8
	В	VERY IMPORTANT	1479	46.2		49.8
	C	FAIRLY IMPORTANT	990	30.9		27.2
	D	NOT IMPORTANT	262	3.2	186	5.9
	E	NO RESPONSE	72	2.3	70	2.2
(3	THOO	DIANCE OF DEING IN ACTIVITIES				
02	IMPU	RTANCE OF BEING IN ACTIVITIES AMONG MOST IMPORTANT	116	3.6	125	4.0
		VERY IMPORTANT	832			26.6
	Č	FAIRLY IMPORTANT	1473	46.0	1479	47.2
	D	NOT IMPORTANT	692	21.6		19.9
	Ě	NO RESPONSE	86	2.7	75	2.4
	-				•	



		во	BOYS		RLS
	~	N	PC	N	PC
63	POST-HIGH SCHOOL PLANS				
	A GET A FULL-TIME JOB	227	7.1	609	19.4
	B ENLIST IN MILITARY	322	10.1	26	0.8
	C UNDECIDED - WORK VS SCHOOL	57	1.8	93	3.0
	D BUSINESS OR TRADE SCHOOL	252	7.9	353	11.3
	E GO TO A FOUR-YEAR COLLEGE	1586	49.6	1186	37.8
	F GO TO A JUNIOR COLLEGE	337	10.5	320	10.2
	G GET MARRIED AND STAY HOME	9	0.3	59	1.9
	H JOB AND SCHOOL AT SAME TIME 1 OTHER	108		118	3.8
	1 OTHER J NO DEFINITE PLANS RIGHT NOW	55	1.7	148	4.7
	K NO RESPONSE	172		149	4.8
	W WESTONSE	74	2.3	75	2.4
64	EXPECTED INCOME COMP'D WITH PARENTS!				
	A MORE	1617	50.5	944	30.1
	B ABOUT THE SAME	545	17.0	766	24.4
	C LESS	208	6.5	235	7.5
	D NO IDEA	748	23.4	1118	35.7
	E NO RESPONSE	81	2.5	73	2.3
65	ESTIMATED EDUC OF ELECTRICAL ENGR				
	A NO HIGH SCHOOL DIPLOMA	27	0.8	19	0 4
	B AT LEAST HIGH SCHOOL DIPLOMA	129	4.0	92	0.6 2.9
	C SPECIAL TRAINING BEYOND HS	1280	40.0	1424	45.4
	D FOUR YEARS OF COLLEGE	1342			
	E MORE THAN FOUR YEARS COLLEGE	340			11.3
	F NO RESPONSE		2.5		2.4
66	ESTIMATED EDUC OF PLUMBER/PRAC NURSE				
	A NO HIGH SCHOOL DIPLOMA	132	4.1	42	1 2
	B AT LEAST HIGH SCHOOL DIPLOMA	465		42 205	1.3 6.5
	C SPECIAL TRAINING BEYOND HS	2371		2540	81.0
	D FOUR YEARS OF COLLEGE	107			7.3
	E MORE THAN FOUR YEARS COLLEGE	43			1.6
	F NO RESPONSE	80	2.5	71	2.3
67	ESTIMATED EDUC OF PILOT/LEGAL SECY				
•	A NO HIGH SCHOOL DIPLOMA	21	1 0	•	0 3
	B AT LEAST HIGH SCHOOL DIPLOMA	31 199	1.0 6.2	100	0.3
	C SPECIAL TRAINING BEYOND HS	2046	64.0	198 2477	6.3 79.0
	D FOUR YEARS OF COLLEGE	641	20.0		10.2
	E MORE THAN FOUR YEARS COLLEGE	197	6.2		1.9
	F NO RESPONSE	85	2.7	73	2.3
			_ - •		



MASSACHUSETTS

		BOYS		GIRLS	
		N	PC	N	PC
68	ESTIMATED EDUC OF ELEMENTARY JEACHER				
	A NO HIGH SCHOOL DIPLOMA	23			0.2
	B AT LEAST HIGH SCHOOL DIPLOMA	64		7	
	C SPECIAL TRAINING BEYOND HS	202			
		2470			
	E MORE THAN FOUR YEARS COLLEGE		11.1		
	F NO RESPONSE	86	2.7	76	2.4
69	ESTIMATED EDUC OF MEDICAL DOCTOR				
	A NO HIGH SCHOOL DIPLOMA	55	1.7	33	1.1
	B AT LEAST HIGH SCHOOL DIPLOMA	33	1.0	13	0.4
	C SPECIAL TRAINING BEYOND HS	80	2.5	42	1.3
	D FOUR YEARS OF COLLEGE	73	2.3	52	1.7
	E MORE THAN FOUR YEARS COLLEGE	2875	89.9	2921	93•ï
	F NG RESPONSE	83	2.6	75	2.4
70	ESTIMATED EDUC OF GAS STA WKR/WAITRESS				
	A NO HIGH SCHOOL DIPLOMA	2526	79.0	2500	79.7
	B AT LEAST HIGH SCHOOL DIPLOMA	449	14.0	510	16.3
	C SPECIAL TRAINING BEYOND HS		2.0		
	D FOUR YEARS OF COLLEGE	40	1.3		
	E MORE THAN FOUR YEARS COLLEGE	33	1.0	7	
	F NO RESPONSE	86	2.7	73	2.3
71	SELF-ESTIMATE OF TEACHERS' RATINGS				
	A EXCELLENT	197	6.2	248	7.9
	B GOOD	1118	34.9	1289	41.1
	C AVERAGE	1459	45.6	1389	44.3
	D POOR, BUT PASSING	301	9.4	132	4.2
	E NOT PASSING	35		5	0.2
	F NO RESPONSE	89	2.8	73	2.3
72	HRS/WK WATCHING TELEVISION				
	A NONE	178		235	7.5
	B ONE-FIVE	1371	42.9	1592	50.8
	C SIX-TEN	909		737	23.5
	D TEN-FIFTEEN	417		288	9.2
	E MORE THAN FIFTEEN HOURS	236	7.4	209	6.7
	F NO RESPONSE	88	2.8	75	2.4

MASSACHUSETTS

			во	BOYS		GIRLS	
			N	PC	N	PC	
73	HRS/	WK READING NEWSPAPERS, MAGS					
	A	NONE	145	4.5	164	5.2	
	В	ONE-FIVE	2386	74.6		78.1	
	C	SIX-TEN	449			11.1	
	D	TEN-FIFTEEN	73	2.3	67	2.1	
	Ε	MORE THAN FIFTEEN HOURS	51	1.6	32	1.0	
	F	NO RESPONSE	95	3.0	75	2.4	
74	HRS/	WK READING POP ROMANTIC MAGS					
	Α	NONE	2786	87.1	2135	68.1	
	В	ONE-FIVE	234		824	26.3	
		SIX-TEN	40		_	2.0	
		TEN-FIFTEEN	18		_		
	E	MORE THAN FIFTEEN HOURS	35				
	F	NO RESPONSE	86	2.7	74	2.4	
75	HRS/	WK READING NOVELS/BIOGRAPHIES					
	Α	NONE	730	22.8	489	15.6	
	8	ONE-FIVE	1695	53.0	1605	51.2	
	C	SIX-TEN	502	15.7	668	21.3	
	D	TEN-FIFTEEN	113	3.5	210	6.7	
	E	• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •	74	2.3	83	2.6	
	F	NO RESPONSE	85	2.7	81	2.6	
76	HRS/	WK IN GROOMING					
	A	NONE	335	10.5	84	2.7	
	В	ONE-FIVE	2060	64.4	1260	40.2	
	C	SIX-TEN	499	15.6	1060	33.8	
	D	TEN-FIFTEEN	116	3.6	402	12.8	
	E	MORE THAN FIFTEEN	96		250	8.0	
	F	NO RESPONSE	93	2.9	80	2.6	
77		WK FOR CASUAL SOCIAL LIFE					
	A	NONE	337	10.5	488	15.6	
	B	ONE-FIVE	1205		1387	44.2	
	C	SIX-TEN	765	23.9	657	21.0	
	D	TEN-FIFTEEN	390	12.2	307	9.8	
	E	MORE THAN FIFTEEN HOURS	410	12.8	217	6.9	
	F	NO RESPONSE	92	2.9	80	2.6	



			ВО	BGYS		RLS
			N	PC	N	PC
78	HRS/	WK PLAYING GAMES AND SPORTS				
	A	NONE	314	9.8	897	28.6
	В	ONE-FIVE	1139	35.6	1394	44.5
	C	SIX-TEN	777	24.3	487	15.5
	D	TEN-FIFTEEN	492	15.4	169	5.4
	E	MORE THAN FIFTEEN HOURS	380	11.9	108	3.4
	F	NO RESPONSE	97	3.0	81	2.6
7 9	HRS/	WK WORKING FOR MONEY				
	A	NONE	730	22.8	951	30.3
	В	ONE-FIVE	378	11.8	540	17.2
	C	SIX-TEN	333	10.4	338	10.8
	D	TEN-FIFTEEN	419	13.1	471	15.0
	Ε	MORE THAN FIFTEEN HOURS	1246	38.9	753	24.0
	F	NO RESPONSE	93	2.9	83	2.6
80	HRS/	WK DATING				
	A	NONE	653	20.4	505	16.1
	В	ONE-FIVE	1370	42.8	1180	37.6
	C	SIX-TEN	646	20.2	793	25.3
	D	TEN-FIFTEEN	249	7.8	337	10.7
	Ε	MORE THAN FIFTEEN HOURS	189	5.9	240	7.7
	F	NO RESPONSE	92	2.9	81	2.6
81	EXPE	CT GREATEST LIFE SATISFACTION IN				
	A	CAREER OR OCCUPATION	883	27.6	634	20.2
		MAKING MONEY	340			2.8
		MARRIAGE AND FAMILY	1125		1730	
	D	LEISURE TIME ACTIVITIES	322	10.1	72	2.3
	Ε	RELIGIOUS BELIEFS/ACTIVITIES		2.5		
	F	IMPROVING LIFE FOR OTHERS	_ •	8.1	351	11.2
	G	LITERATURE, ART, OR MUSIC	107			
	Н	NO RESPONSE	82	2.6		_
82		COLLEGE PLANS WERE MADE				
	A	UNDECIDED YET		13.5		
	8	JUST THIS YEAR	855		836	
	C	IN THE ELEVENTH GRADE	619	19.3		19.7
	D	IN THE TENTH GRADE	322	10.1		10.3
	E	IN THE NINTH GRADE		7.1	248	
	F	SEVENTH OR EIGHTH GRADE	224			7.5
	G	BEFORE THE SEVENTH GRADE	229			11.7
	H I	DO NOT KNOW	216		198	6.3
	1	NO RESPONSE	77	2.4	72	2.3



			ВС	BOYS		RLS
			N	PC	N	PC
83	FST	OF BEST FRIEND'S FUTURE PLANS				
0.5	A	GET A JOB	332	10.4	557	17 0
	B	GO TO A BUS OR TECH SCHOOL		8.2		17.8
	č	GO TO COLLEGE	1715		1564	
	Ď	JCB AND COLLEGE TOGETHER		2.7		49.9 2.1
		MILITARY SERVICE		10.2		1.3
	F	FULL TIME HOUSEWIFE	26			
		TRAVEL FIRST		0.5		
		UNDECIDED		3.7		5.3
	ï	DO NOT KNOW		7.3	-	
	Ĵ	NO RESPONSE			74	
	•	NO RESPONSE	65	201	14	2.4
84	HYPO	THETICAL COLLEGE MAJOR				
	Α	UNDECIDED	209	6.7	157	5.1
	В	BUSINESS		15.7		
	C	ENGLISH, SPEECH	119			
	D	SOCIAL SCIENCES, HISTORY		7.0		
	Ε	AGRICULTURAL, FORESTRY	95	3.0		
	F	BIOLOGICAL SCIENCES	131	4.2		
	G	PHYSICAL SCIENCES	109	3.5	20	
	Н	MATHEMATICS	223	7.1		
	I	VOCATIONAL, TRADE, IND ARTS	175	5.6		
	J	LANG, FINE ARTS, PHILOSOPHY	53	1.7	222	
	K	MILITARY	60	1.9	4	0.1
	L	EDUCATION	109	3.5	365	11.9
	M	ENGINEERING, ARCHITECTURE	394	12.6	7.	0.2
	N	GEN EDUCATION (LIBERAL ARTS)	163	5.2	256	8.3
	0	THEOLOGY, RELIGION	24	0.8	13	0.4
	P	MUSIC, DRAMA, GRAPHIC ARTS	75	2.4	104	3.4
	Q	MEDICAL TECHNOLOGY, NURSING	10	0.3	278	9.0
	R	PRE-PROF (LAW, MED, ETC)	157	5.0	87	2.8
	S	PHYSICAL EDUCATION	89	2.8	76	2.5
	T	OTHER	134	4.3	151	4.9
	U	NO RESPONSE	83	2.7	71	2.3
25	TYDE	OF COLLEGE STUDENT WOULD PREFER				
.	A	ACADEMIC, CULTURAL EMPHASIS	476	14.0	420	12 4
	В	GOOD TEACHING, FRIENDLY ATMOS	1657	14.9 51.8	420 1706	
	C	ATHLETICS, SOCIAL ACTIVITIES	208	6.5	1706	
	Ď	JOB PREP, WORKING STUDENTS	746		94	3.0
	E	NO RESPONSE				
	_	NESTONSE	112	3.5	81	2.6



SCOPE STATE PROFILE GRADE TWELVE 1966

MASSACHUSETTS

		80	BOYS		RLS
		N	PC	N	PC
86	GREATEST OBSTACLE TO COLL ATTENDANCE				
00	A TOO EXPENSIVE	350	10.9	424	13.8
	B GRADES NOT GOOD ENOUGH	765			
	C PARENTS OBJECT TO IT	20			
	D PREFER TO GET A JOB		2.5	18	
	E PREFER TO GET MARRIED		1.8		7.5
	F DO PLAN TO GO TO COLLEGE				6.3
	G MILITARY SERVICE	1117			
	H LACK OF INTEREST		7.1		
	I DO NOT KNOW		6.8		6.7
	J NO RESPONSE		8.3		7.7
	J NU KESPUNSE	99	3.1	7 9	2.5
87	MOTHER'S WISH RE STUDENT'S COLL EDUC				
	A DEFINITELY DESIRES IT	1615	50.5	1089	34.7
	B ENCOURACES WITHOUT INSISTING	877			
	C DESIRES IT, BUT LACKS FUNDS		2.2		
	D INDIFFERENT	405			
	E OPPOSES, BUT DOES NOT FORBID		1.3		
	F WILL NOT PERMIT	7			
	G DO NOT KNOW	93			3.1
	H NO RESPONSE	91			
	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	,,	2.0	1. 1.	20)
88	FATHER'S WISH RE STUDENT'S COLL EDUC				
	A DEFINITELY DESIRES IT	1601	50.0	1132	36.1
	B ENCOURAGES WITHOUT INSISTING	768	24.0	854	27.2
	C DESIRES IT, BUT LACKS FUNDS	55	1.7	104	3.3
	D INDIFFERENT	423	13.2	639	
	E OPPOSES, BUT DOES NOT FORBID	32	1.0		1.6
	F WILL NOT PERMIT	10		13	0.4
	G DO NOT KNOW	201		252	
	H NO RESPONSE	109		91	2.9
89	EXPECT TO GO TO COLLEGE SOMETIME				
	A YES	2487	77.7	2160	68.9
	B NOT SURE	375	11.7	405	12.9
	C NO	245	7.7	495	15.8
	D NO KESPONSE	92	2.9	75	2.4
00	DECIDED ON A DARTICULAR COLLEGE				
70	DECIDED ON A PARTICULAR COLLEGE	2042	,,,	1044	50 -
	A YES	2060	64.4	1866	
	B NO C NO RESPONSE	902	28.2	845	
	C NO RESPONSE	236	7.4	424	13.5



SCOPESTATE PROFILE GRADE TWELVE 1966

MASSACHUSETTS

	BOYS		GIRLS		
	N	PC	N	PC	
91 DECIDED ON 2ND CHOICE COLLEGE					
A YES	1225	38.3	1005	32.1	
B NO	1334			40.8	
C DO NOT KNOW		11.8			
D NO RESPONSE		8.2			
FACTORS INFLUENCING COLLEGE CHOICE					
.ITEMS 92 TO 106					
92 TEACHING REPUTATION OF COLLEGE					
A MAJOR CONSIDERATION	2257	70.6	2289	73.0	
B MINOR CONSIDERATION	493			8.8	
C OF NO IMPORTANCE		4.9			
D NO RESPONSE		9.1		16.1	
D NO NESTONSE	230	,		1001	
93 COLLEGE HAS FRIENDLY ENVIRONMENT					
A MAJOR CONSIDERATION	1529	47.8	1657	52.9	
B MINOR CONSIDERATION	1181	36.9		_	
C OF NO IMPORTANCE	196	6.1		3.1	
D NO RESPONSE	291	9.1	507	16.2	
94 RESEARCH REPUTATION OF COLLEGE					
A MAJOR CONSIDERATION	1089	34.1		29.6	
B MINOR CONSIDERATION	1349	42.2		41.6	
C OF NO IMPORTANCE	465			12.5	
D NO RESPONSE	295	9.2	509	16.3	
95 RELIGIOUS EMPHASIS OF COLLEGE					
A MAJOR CONSIDERATION	326	10-2	382	12.2	
B MINOR CONSIDERATION	992		1043	33.3	
C OF NO IMPORTANCE		49.7		38.4	
D NO RESPONSE		9.1		16.2	
96 COLLEGE HAS ACTIVE POLITICAL LIFE					
A MAJOR CONSIDERATION	578		653	20.8	
B MINOR CONSIDERATION	1545			44.3	
C OF NO IMPORTANCE	782			18.7	
D NO RESPONSE	293	9.2	510	16.3	
97 LOW COST TO ATTEND COLLEGE					
A MAJOR CONSIDERATION	1092	34.1	1011	32.3	
B MINOR CONSIDERATION	1182	_	1074	34.3	
C OF NO IMPORTANCE	625			17.5	
D NO RESPONSE	299			16.0	
-	_ · ·	-	- 		



SCOPE STATE PROFILE GRADE TWELVE 1966

MASSACHUSETTS

		BOYS		GIRLS	
		N	PC	N	PC
9.9	GOOD COLLEGE ATHLETIC PROGRAM				
70	A MAJOR CONSIDERATION	689	21.6	294	9.4
	B MINOR CONSIDERATION	1367			34.3
	C OF NO IMPORTANCE	844		1261	40.2
	D NO RESPONSE		9.3	502	16.0
	o No Neor Gride	270	7• 3	302	10.0
99	COLLEGE IS CLOSE TO HOME				
	A MAJOR CONSIDERATION	844	26.4.	749	23.9
	B MINOR CONSIDERATION	1126	35.2	1042	33.3
	C OF NO IMPORTANCE	928	29.0	834	26.6
	D NO RESPONSE	300	9.4	508	16.2
1.00	EDIENDS ARE COINS TO SAME COLLEGE				
TUU	FRIENDS ARE GOING TO SAME COLLEGE	225	7.0	0.1	2 (
	A MAJOR CONSIDERATION	225	7.0	81	2.6
	B MINOR CONSIDERATION	975	30.5		24.8
	C OF NO IMPORTANCE	1695	53.0	1763	56.2
	D NO RESPONSE	303	9.5	513	16.4
161	COLLEGE HAS FRATERNAL GROUPS				
	A MAJOR CONSIDERATION	222	6.9	173	5.5
	B MINOR CONSIDERATION	1048	32.8	889	28.4
	C OF NO IMPORTANCE	1627	50.9	1571	50.2
	D NO RESPONSE	301	9.4	498	15.9
		201			
102	COLLEGE OFFERS FINANCIAL AID				
	A MAJOR CONSIDERATION	99 5	31.1	944	30.1
	B MINOR CONSIDERATION	861	26.9	842	26.8
	C OF NO IMPORTANCE	1040	32.6	841	26.8
	D NO RESPONSE	299	9.4	509	16.2
102	COLLEGE HAS ENTELLECTIVE SWITCH				
103	COLLEGE HAS INTELLECTUAL ENVIRON	3043			
	A MAJOR CONSIDERAT?			1016	32.4
	B MINOR CONSIDERAT	1317			
	C OF NO IMPORTANCE	539			
	D NO RESPONSE	300	9.4	506	16.1
104	COLLEGE IS COEDUCATIONAL				
•	A MAJOR CONSIDERATION	789	24.7	748	23.9
	B MINOR CONSIDERATION	1339	-		37.9
	C OF NO IMPORTANCE	767			21.6
	D NO RESPONSE	304	9.5		16.6
		55,		~	



SCOPE STATE PROFILE GRADE TWELVE 1966

MASSACHUSETTS

		BOYJ		GIRLS	
		N	PC	N	PC
105	A LOT OF ACADEMIC COMPET AT COLLEGE				
	A MAJOR CONSIDERATION	752	23.5	621	19.8
	B MINOR CONSIDERATION	1579	49.4		45.4
	C OF NO IMPORTANCE	564	17.6		
	D NO RESPONSE	303	9.5	519	16.6
106	COLLEGE IN COSMOPOLITAN AREA				
	A MAJOR CONSIDERATION	437		432	13.8
	B MINOR CONSIDERATION	1236	38.6		34.4
	C OF NO RESPONSE D NO RESPONSE	1223			35.2
	D NO RESPONSE	203	9.5	519	16.5
107	DISTANCE (OF EXPECTED COLL) FROM HOME				
	A WITHIN COMMUTING DISTANCE	1409	44.1	1272	40.6
	B WITHIN 200 MILES	531	16.6		15.0
	C MORE THAN 200 BUT LESS 500		6.1		5.2
	D MORE THAN 500 MILES	205	6.4	153	4.9
	E UNDECIDED WHICH COLLEGE	551	17.2	554	17.7
	F NO RESPONSE	306	9.6	522	16.7
100	NUMBER OF COLLECTS ADDITED TO				
108	NUMBER OF COLLEGES APPLIED TO A NONE	/51	20 (20.4
	A NONE B ONE	651 540	20.4		20.6
	C TWO	569 521	17.8 16.3		19.0
	D THREE OR MORE			464 909	14.8 29.0
	E NO RESPONSE		9.3		
		270	,,,	J u J	1001
109	ACCEPTANCE(S) BY COLLEGE(S)				
	A ACCEPTED BY ONE	850	26.6	816	26.0
	B ACCEPTED BY TWO		17.3		14.9
	C ACCEPTED BY THREE OR MORE		16.5		13.4
	D ACCEPTED BY NONE		9.3		6.2
	E DID NOT APPLY		14.5		16.9
	F DO NOT KNOW YET		6.7		6.1
	G NO RESPONSE	300	9.4	520	16.6
110	ATHLETIC SCHOLARSHIP(S) RECEIVED				
_ • •	A NO REPLY TO APPICATIONS	105	3.3	54	1.7
	B NOT SUCCESSFUL		2.2		0.3
	C RECEIVED ONE			5	
	D RECEIVED TWO OR MORE			11	
	E DID NOT APPLY			2524	
	F NO RESPONSE	305	9.5	533	17.0



		во	BOYS		GIRLS	
	•	N	PC	N	PC	
111	OTHER SCHOLARSHIP(S) RECEIVED					
	A NO REPLY TO APPLICATIONS	369	11.5	409	13.0	
	B NOT SUCCESSFUL	249	7.8		5.0	
	C RECEIVED ONE	154	4.8		4.6	
	D RECEIVED TWO OR MORE	80	2.5	68	2.2	
	E DID NOT APPLY	2036	63.6	1819	58.0	
	F NO RESPONSE	311	9.7	538	17.2	
112	IMP OF COLL GRADUATION TO STUDENT					
	A EXTREMELY IMPORTANT	1597	49.9	1100	35.1	
	B QUITE IMPORTANT	674	21.1	783	_	
	C. FAIRLY IMPORTANT	308	9.6	313	10.0	
	D NOT VERY IMPORTANT	305	9.5			
	E NO RESPONSE	315	9.8	540	17.2	
112	REASONS MIGHT NOT ACHIEVE EDUC GOALS					
113	A ACADEMIC PROBLEMS	996	31.1	597	19.0	
	B FINANCIAL PROBLEMS	384	12.0	397	12.7	
	C MARRIAGE	130	4.1	637	20.3	
	D ILLNESS OR DEATH	160		143	4.6	
	E FAMILY CRISIS	115	3.6	166	5.3	
	F MILITARY SERVICE	350	10.9	8	0.3	
	G TRAVEL	26	0.8	49	1.6	
-	H LACK OF INTEREST	404	12.6	283	9.0	
	I SOME OTHER REASON	311	9.7	313		
	J NO RESPONSE	323		543	17.3	
114	COLL SUPPORT EXPECTEDCOLL LOANS					
** '	A NONE	2207	69.0	2123	67.7	
	B ABOUT ONE-FOURTH	366	11.4	284	9.1	
	C ABOUT HALF	154				
	D ABOUT THREE-FOURTHS		2.3	36	1.1	
	E ALL OF IT		1.8		1.1	
	F NO RESPONSE	341	10.7		17.6	
115	COLL SUPPORT EXPECTED—OTHER LOANS					
113	A NONE	1776	55.5	1755	56.0	
	B ABOUT ONE-FOURTH	502	15.7	357	11.4	
	C ABOUT HALF	279			7.3	
	D ABOUT THREE-FOURTHS	135			3.4	
	E ALL OF IT	165			3.8	
	F NO RESPONSE	342		570	18.2	
		J 12	•			

			BOYS		GIRLS	
			N	PC	N	PC
116	COLL	SUPPORT FROM SCHOLARSHIPS				
	A	NONE	2159	67.5	1928	61.5
	В	ABOUT ONE-FOURTH	356	11.1	401	12.8
	C	ABOUT HALF	169	5.3	127	4.1
	D	ABOUT THREE-FOURTHS	81	2.5	69	2.2
	Ε	ALL OF IT	79	2.5	41	1.3
	F	NO RESPONSE	354	11.1	567	18.1
117	COLL	SUPPORT EXPECTEDPARENTS				
	A	NONE	715	22.4	525	16.8
	В	ABOUT ONE-FOURTH	632	19.8	446	14.2
	С	ABOUT HALF	644	20.1	549	17.5
	D	ABOUT THREE-FOURTHS	477	14.9	494	15.8
	E	ALL OF IT	381	11.9	555	17.7
	F	NO RESPONSE	349	10.9	564	18.0
118	COLL	SUPPORT EXPECTED-OWN SAVINGS				
	A	NONE	838	26.2	858	27.4
	В	ABOUT ONE-FOURTH	1114	34.8	1025	32.7
	C	ABOUT HALF	453	14.2	375	12.0
	D	ABOUT THREE-FOURTHS	209	6.5	154	4.9
	E	ALL OF IT	230	7.2	156	5.0
	F	NO RESPONSE	353	11.0	565	18.0
119	COLL	SUPPORT EXPECTEDJOBS				
	A	NONE	1073	33.5	1120	35.8
	В	ABOUT ONE-FOURTH	1059	33.1	942	30.1
	C	ABOUT HALF	345	10.8	260	8.3
	D	ABOUT THREE-FOURTHS	158	4.9	111	3.5
	E	ALL OF IT	197	6.2	133	4.2
	F	NO RESPONSE	367	11.5	564	18.0
120	EXPE	TED RESIDENCE WHILE AT COLLEGE				
	A	AT HOME WITH FAMILY	1236	38.6	1081	34.5
	В	IN A COLLEGE DORMITORY	919	28.7	971	31.0
	C	IN A FRATERNITY OR SORORITY	89	2.8	24	0.8
	D	AMAY WITH FRIENDS, RELATIVES	49	1.5	40	1.3
	£	AWAY FROM HOME IN ROOM OR APT	173	5.4	99	3.2
	F	SOME PLACE NOT MENTIONED HERE	47	1.5	42	1.3
		UNDECIDED	340	10.6	317	10.1
	H	NO RESPONSE	346	10.8	561	17.9



SCOPE STATE PROFILE GRADE TWELVE 1966

MASSACHUSETTS

					BOYS		GIRLS	
					N	PC	N	PC
121	LIKE	LIHOOD OF POST	T GRADUATE WO	RK				
	A	VERY LIKELY			685	21.4	337	10.8
	В	SOMEWHAT LIKE	ELY		790	24.7		
	C	SOMEWHAT UNL	IKELY		514	16.1		
	D	QUITE UNLIKE	LY		854			40.1
	E	NO RESPONSE	•		356	11.1	575	
								2003
122		UP TO/ADMIRE	POLICEMAN					
	A	A LOT			619	19.3	1004	32.0
	В	SOME			1486	46.5	1467	46.8
	C	NOT MUCH			797	24.9	433	13.8
	D	CAN'T SAY			165	5.2	138	4.4
	Ε	NO RESPONSE			132	4.1	94	3.0
123	LOOK	UP TO/ADMIRE	DILIMBER					
	A	A LOT	LONDEN		131	4.1	110	2 6
	В	SOME			946	=	110	3.5~
	Č	NOT MUCH			1590			
	D	CAN'T SAY		•		49.7	1491	47.5
	E	NO RESPONSE			403	12.6	542	
	•	NO KESI GREE			128	4.0	94	3.0
124	LOOK	UP TO/ADMIRE	AIRLINE PILO	Γ				
	A	A LOT			918	28.7	1057	34.0
	B	SOME			1533	47.9	1475	47.0
	C	NOT MUCH			406	12.7	291	
	D	CAN'T SAY			209	6.5		
	Ε	NO RESPONSE					94	
125	1 204	UD TO / ADMINE	HC TEACHED					
123	LUUK	UP TO/ADMIRE A LOT	HS TEACHER		004	20.0	1555	
	B	SOME		•	984	30.8		
	C			1			1221	
		NOT MUCH			421		182	
	D E	CAN'T SAY					79	
	E	NO RESPONSE			131	4-1	94	3.0
126	LOOK	UP TO/ADMIRE	SOC MELFARE	IKR				
	A	A LOT	•	-	962	30.1	1987	63.4
	В	SOME		3	156			23.8
	C	NOT MUCH		_		19.3		5.6
	D	CAN'T SAY				10.2		4.0
	Ε	NO RESPONSE			138	4.3	101	3.2
							141	J-2



			BOYS		GIRLS		
			N	PC	N	PC	
127 L	_00K	UP TO/ADMIRE TRUCK DRIVER					
	A	A LOT	214	6.7	120		
	В	SOME	822	25.7	129	4-1	
	C	NOT MUCH	1626		633	20.2	
	D	CAN'T SAY	401	12.5	1707	54.4	
	E	NO RESPONSE	136	4.3	568 98	18.1	
			130	700	70	3.1	
128 L	.00K	UP TO/ADMIRE ASTRONAUT					
	A	A LOT	2009	62.8	2249	71.7	
	В	SOME	742	23.2	562	17.9	
	C	NOT MUCH	195	6.1	118	3.8	
	D	CAN'T SAY	118		110	3.5	
	Ε	NO RESPONSE	135	4.2	97	3.1	
						3.1	
129 L	.00K	UP TO/ADMIRE CONGRESSMAN					
	A ·	A LOT	1175	36.7	1406	44.8	
	В	SOME	1245	38.9	1198	38.2	
		NOT MUCH	440	13.8	266	8.5	
	Ð	CAN'T SAY	202	6.3	166	5.3	
	E	NO RESPONSE	137	4.3	100	3.2	
120 1	004	UP TO ADMINE COMPUTED OF					
130 6	_	UP TO/ADMIRE COMPUTER OP					
	A B	A LOT	495	15.5	517	16.5	
	_	SOME NOT MICH	1375	43.0	1332	42.5	
		NOT MUCH CAN'T SAY	819		753	24.0	
		NO RESPONSE		11.7		_	
	<u>.</u>	NO RESPUNSE	136	4.3	96	3.1	
131 L	00K	UP TO/ADMIRE ENTERTAINER					
	A	A LOT	593	18.5	521	16.6	
	В	SOME	1379	43.1	1289	41.1	
	C	NOT MUCH	793	24.8		28.6	
	D	CAN'T SAY		9.3			
	Ε	NO RESPONSE	137			3.2	
						302	
132 A		GE TIME SPENT ON HOMEWORK/NIGHT					
		DO NOT HAVE HOMEWORK	56	1.8	16	0.5	
		NONE SPENT	251	7.8		1.9	
		LESS THAN ONE HOUR/DAY	694		456	14.5	
		BETWEEN ONE-TWO HOURS/DAY	1352	42.3		42.7	
		OVER TWO HOURS/DAY	704	22.0	1168	37.2	
	1.	NO RESPONSE	142	4.4	98	3.1	



			36	30Y2		GIRLS	
			N	PC	N	PC	
133		ERN FOR TEACHERS! REGARD					
	A	70012 20,	1128	35.3	1622	51.7	
	В	CARE SOMEWHAT	1288	40.3		34.2	
	C	USED TO CARE BUT NOT NOW	322				
	D E	DO NOT CARE			107	3.4	
	ε	NO RESPONSE	150	4.7	102	3.3	
134	MOST	IMPORTANT REASON FOR SCHOOL					
	A	TO BE WITH FRIENDS	37	1.2	8	ე.3	
	G	TO TRAIN FOR DESIRED JOB	381			7.4	
	C	TO LEARN ABOUT ONESELF	306			~6	
	D	TO BE IN SPORTS	50	1.6			
	£	TO LEAR! NEW THINGS	366		566	18.0	
	F G	TO GET INTO COLLEGE	1253			23.9	
	H	TO PLEASE ONE'S PARENTS	63	2.0		1.8	
	I	TO GET HS DIPLOMA NO RESPONSE	591		567		
	•	NO VESTONSE	152	4.8	111	5∙5	
135	MOST	INFLUENTIAL TEACHER					
	Α	NO INFLUENTIAL FEACHER	1085	33.9	1058	33.7	
	В	INCREASED INTEREST IN STUDIES	292	9.1		8.4	
	C	HELPED JOB OR CAREER DECISION		10.1			
	O	HELPED DECIDE WHICH COLLEGE	175	5.5			
	E	IMPROVED SELF UNDERS ANDING	269	8.4	255	8.1	
	F	HELPED UNDERSTAND OTHERS		4.2	183	5.8	
		CHANGED ATTITUDE TOWARD LIFE	344			10.2	
	H I	OTHER INFLUENCE NOT LISTED NO RESPONSE		13.3			
	1	NO KEZINONIE	154	4.8	108	3.4	
136	QUAL	ITIES OF INFLUENTIAL TEACHER					
		NO INFLUENTIAL TEACHER	1113	34.8	1065	34.0	
		TOOK A PERSONAL INTEREST	368	11.5	-		
	C	HAD GOUD ATTITUDE TOWARD LIFE	270	8.4		6.9	
		PROVIDED A CHALLENGE	456		_	17.3	
		TREATED STUDENTS WITH RESPECT	322	10.1	422	13.5	
	F	ENCOURAGED ORIGINAL THINKING		9.2		. 0	
	G H	OTHER NO RESUMEE		6.4		5.6	
	п	NO RESHONSE	173	5.4	111	3.5	
137	WOULD	ADD MCRE PRACTICAL HS COURSES					
		YFS	1887	59.0	2088	66.6	
	8	NE .	729		514		
		DO NOT KNOW	425		429		
	ט	NO RESPONSE	158	4.9		3.3	



	BOY	S	GIRLS	
	N	PC 1	N PC	
138 WOULD PERMIT FREER CHOICE OF COURSE	S			
A YES		56.2 16	88 53.8	
8 NO			9 29.0	
C DO NOT KNOW	375	11.7 43	33 13.8	
D NO RESPONSE	163	5.1 10	3.4	
139 WOULD KEEP SCHOOL JUST AS IT IS				
A YES	394	12.3 32	29 10.5	
B NO		70.3 224		
C DO NOT KNOW		12.3 44		
D NO RESPONSE	163		2 3.6	
			500	
140 WOULD PROVIDE MORE COUNSELOR TIME				
A YES		66.3 208		
B NO C DO NOT KNOW			55 18.0	
C DO NOT KNOW D NO RESPONSE			12.1	
D NO RESPONSE	164	5-1 10	19 3.5	
141 WOULD ADD BOOKS TO SCHOOL LIBRARY				
A YES	1986	62.! 191	0 60.9	
B NC		16.6 54		
C DO NOT KNOW		16.1 57		
D NO RESPONSE	166	5.2 10	9 3.5	
142 WOULD BUILD BETTER LABS AND SHOPS				
A YES	2272	71 1 211	2 (7 (
B NO			3 67.4	
C DO NOT KNOW			3 16.7 8 12.4	
D NO RESPONSE	163		9 3.5	
143 WOULD HAVE MORE CLASS DISCUSSIONS				
A YES		64.6 213	1 68.0	
B NO			9 17.8	
C DO NOT KNOW D NO RESPONSE			9 10.5	
D NO RESPONSE	164	5.1 11	7 3.7	
144 VALUE OF HS COURSES FOR JOB PREP				
A VERY USEFUL	866 2	7.1 114	9 36.7	
B OF SOME USE	1358 4			
C NOT SURE OF USE			3 10.0	
D NOT USEFUL AT ALL		0.0 34		
E CAN'T ANSWER THIS QUESTION	131		0 3.8	
F NO RESPONSE	173	5.4 11	1 3.5	

			ВС)YS	GI	RLS
			N	PC	N	PC
145	VALU	E OF HS COURSES FOR COLL PREP VERY USEFUL	10/5	40.0		
	B	OF SOME USE	1945		1711	54.6
	Č	NOT SURE OF USE	562	17.6	665	21.2
	Ď	N	181			5.1
	***	CAN'T ANSWER THIS QUESTION	195			
	F	NO RESPONSE	143			7.4
	•	NO KESTONSE	172	5.4	113	3.6
146	VALU	E OF HS COURSES FOR MATURING				
	A	VERY USEFUL	1019	31.9	1077	34.3
	В	OF SOME USE	1169	36.5	1201	38.3
	C	NOT SURE OF USE	383	12.0		11.8
	D	NOT USEFUL AT ALL	258			6.1
	E	CAN'T ANSWER THIS QUESTION	191		183	5-8
	۲	NC RESPONSE	179	5.6	114	3.6
147	VALU	E OF COUNSELING RE CAREER TESTS				
	A	VERY HELPFUL	482	15.1	470	15.0
	В	HELPFUL	1160	36.3		35.3
	C	NOT HELPFUL	747	23.4		
	D	NOT DISCUSSED OR TESTED	626	19.6	744	
	E	NO RESPONSE	183	5 .7	116	3.7
148	VALU	E OF COUNSELING RE ABILITY TESTS				
	A	VERY HELPFUL	693	21.7	514	16.4
	В	HELPFUL	1344	42.0		
	C	NOT HELPFUL	630			
	D	NOT DISCUSSED OR TESTED		10.9		17.8
	E	NO RESPONSE	183	5.7		3.8
149	VALII	E OF COUNSELING RE OTHER TESTS				
_ , ,	A	VERY HELPFUL	427	12 7		1.4.0
	B	HELPFUL	437	13.7	466	14.9
	Č	NOT HELPFUL	923 785	28.9		31.3
	D	NOT DISCUSSED OR TESTED	864			
	E	NO RESPONSE		5.9		29.1 3.8
155	00111					300
120		SELING VALUE RE JOB INTERVIEWS				
	A	VERY HELPFUL	387	12.1	596	19.0
	B C	HELPFUL	732	22.9		26.5
	D D	NOT HE' PFUL	708	22.1		17.2
	ē	NOT DISCUSSED NO RESPONSE	1183			
	-	NO NESFUNSE	189	5.9	121	3.9



N PC N PC N				ВО	YS	GI	RLS
A VERY HELPFUL B HELPFUL C NOT HELPFUL D NOT DISCUSSED E NO RESPONSE A VERY HELPFUL C NOT HELPFUL D NOT DISCUSSED E NO RESPONSE C NOT HELPFUL A VERY HELPFUL D NOT DISCUSSED E NO RESPONSE A VERY HELPFUL C NOT HELPFUL C NOT HELPFUL D NOT DISCUSSED E NO RESPONSE D NOT DISCUSSED E NO RESPONSE C NOT HELPFUL A VERY HELPFUL B HELPFUL C NOT HELPFUL B HELPFUL C NOT HELPFUL A VERY HELPFUL B HELPFUL C NOT HELPFUL B HELPFUL C NOT HELPFUL B HELPFUL C NOT DISCUSSED C NOT DISCUSSED C NOT DISCUSSED B HELPFUL C NOT DISCUSSED C NOT DISCUSSED C NOT DISCUSSED C NOT DISCUSSED B HELPFUL C NOT BISCUSSED C NOT DISCUSSED C NOT DISCUSSED C NOT BISCUSSED C NOT DISCUSSED B HELPFUL A VERY HELPFUL B HELPFUL C NOT HELPFUL A VERY HELPFUL B HELPFUL C NOT HELPFUL A VERY HELPFUL B HELPFUL C NOT HELPFUL B HELPFUL C NOT HELPFUL B HELPFUL A VERY HELPFUL B HELPFUL C NOT HELPFUL C NOT HELPFUL C NOT HELPFUL B HELPFUL C NOT HELPFUL				N	PC	N	PC
A VERY HELPFUL B HELPFUL C NOT HELPFUL D NOT DISCUSSED E NO RESPONSE A VERY HELPFUL C NOT HELPFUL D NOT DISCUSSED E NO RESPONSE C NOT HELPFUL A VERY HELPFUL D NOT DISCUSSED E NO RESPONSE A VERY HELPFUL C NOT HELPFUL C NOT HELPFUL D NOT DISCUSSED E NO RESPONSE D NOT DISCUSSED E NO RESPONSE C NOT HELPFUL A VERY HELPFUL B HELPFUL C NOT HELPFUL B HELPFUL C NOT HELPFUL A VERY HELPFUL B HELPFUL C NOT HELPFUL B HELPFUL C NOT HELPFUL B HELPFUL C NOT DISCUSSED C NOT DISCUSSED C NOT DISCUSSED B HELPFUL C NOT DISCUSSED C NOT DISCUSSED C NOT DISCUSSED C NOT DISCUSSED B HELPFUL C NOT BISCUSSED C NOT DISCUSSED C NOT DISCUSSED C NOT BISCUSSED C NOT DISCUSSED B HELPFUL A VERY HELPFUL B HELPFUL C NOT HELPFUL A VERY HELPFUL B HELPFUL C NOT HELPFUL A VERY HELPFUL B HELPFUL C NOT HELPFUL B HELPFUL C NOT HELPFUL B HELPFUL A VERY HELPFUL B HELPFUL C NOT HELPFUL C NOT HELPFUL C NOT HELPFUL B HELPFUL C NOT HELPFUL							
A VERY HELPFUL B HELPFUL C NOT HELPFUL D NOT DISCUSSED E NO RESPONSE A VERY HELPFUL C NOT HELPFUL D NOT DISCUSSED E NO RESPONSE C NOT HELPFUL A VERY HELPFUL D NOT DISCUSSED E NO RESPONSE A VERY HELPFUL C NOT HELPFUL C NOT HELPFUL D NOT DISCUSSED E NO RESPONSE D NOT DISCUSSED E NO RESPONSE C NOT HELPFUL A VERY HELPFUL B HELPFUL C NOT HELPFUL B HELPFUL C NOT HELPFUL A VERY HELPFUL B HELPFUL C NOT HELPFUL B HELPFUL C NOT HELPFUL B HELPFUL C NOT DISCUSSED C NOT DISCUSSED C NOT DISCUSSED B HELPFUL C NOT DISCUSSED C NOT DISCUSSED C NOT DISCUSSED C NOT DISCUSSED B HELPFUL C NOT BISCUSSED C NOT DISCUSSED C NOT DISCUSSED C NOT BISCUSSED C NOT DISCUSSED B HELPFUL A VERY HELPFUL B HELPFUL C NOT HELPFUL A VERY HELPFUL B HELPFUL C NOT HELPFUL A VERY HELPFUL B HELPFUL C NOT HELPFUL B HELPFUL C NOT HELPFUL B HELPFUL A VERY HELPFUL B HELPFUL C NOT HELPFUL C NOT HELPFUL C NOT HELPFUL B HELPFUL C NOT HELPFUL	151	COUN	SELING VALUE DE STUDY HARITS				
B HELPFUL C NOT HELPFUL D NOT DISCUSSED E NO RESPONSE 152 COUNSELING VALUE RE COLL PROGRAM A VERY HELPFUL D NOT DISCUSSED C NOT HELPFUL D NOT DISCUSSED E NO RESPONSE 153 COUNSELING VALUE RE GEN COLL INFO A VERY HELPFUL B HELPFUL C NOT HELPFUL A VERY HELPFUL B HELPFUL D NOT DISCUSSED E NO RESPONSE 154 COUNSELING VALUE RE GEN COLL INFO A VERY HELPFUL B HELPFUL C NOT DISCUSSED C NOT HELPFUL B HELPFUL C NOT B HELPFUL C NOT B HELPFUL B HELPFUL C NOT B HELPFUL C NOT DISCUSSED C NOT DISCUSSED B NO RESPONSE C NOT B HELPFUL A VERY HELPFUL B HELPFUL C NOT B HELPFUL C NOT B HELPFUL C NOT B HELPFUL B HELPFUL C NOT B HELPFUL A VERY B HELPFUL B HELPFUL C NOT B HELPFUL A VERY B HELPFUL B HELPFUL C NOT B HELPFUL B HELPFUL B HELPFUL C NOT B HELPFUL B HELPFUL C NOT B HELPFUL B HELPFUL B HELPFUL C NOT B HELPFUL B HELPFUL C NOT B HELPFUL B HELPFUL C NOT B HELPFUL				392	11 0	294	0 1
C NOT HELPFUL 787 24.6 684 21.8 D NOT DISCUSSED 767 24.0 1130 36.0 E NO RESPONSE 190 5.9 121 3.9 152 COUNSELING VALUE RE COLL PROGRAM A VERY HELPFUL 593 18.5 491 15.7 B HELPFUL 1259 39.4 1271 40.5 C NOT HELPFUL 627 19.6 572 18.2 D NOT DISCUSSED 524 16.4 678 21.6 E NO RESPONSE 196 6.1 124 4.0 153 COUNSELING VALUE RE GEN COLL INFO A VERY HELPFUL 615 19.2 501 16.0 B HELPFUL 1071 33.5 1060 33.8 C NOT HELPFUL 621 19.4 529 16.9 D NOT DISCUSSED 696 21.8 922 29.4 E NO RESPONSE 196 6.1 123 3.9 154 COUNSELING VALUE RE COST OF COLL A VERY HELPFUL 467 14.6 385 12.3 B HELPFUL 1043 32.6 1040 33.2 C NOT HELPFUL 652 20.4 556 17.7 D NOT DISCUSSED 828 25.9 1020 32.5 E NO RESPONSE 207 6.5 134 4.3							_
D NOT DISCUSSED 767 24.0 1130 36.0 E NO RESPONSE 190 5.9 121 3.9 152 COUNSELING VALUE RE COLL PROGRAM A VERY HELPFUL 593 18.5 491 15.7 8 HELPFUL 1259 39.4 1271 40.5 C NOT HELPFUL 627 19.6 572 18.2 D NOT DISCUSSED 524 16.4 678 21.6 E NO RESPONSE 196 6.1 124 4.0 153 COUNSELING VALUE RE GEN COLL INFO A VERY HELPFUL 615 19.2 501 16.0 33.8 C NOT HELPFUL 621 19.4 529 16.9 D NOT DISCUSSED 696 21.8 922 29.4 E NO RESPONSE 196 6.1 123 3.9 154 COUNSELING VALUE RE COST OF COLL A VERY HELPFUL 467 14.6 385 12.3 B HELPFUL 467 14.6 385 12.3 B HELPFUL 652 20.4 556 17.7 D NOT DISCUSSED 696 20.4 556 17.7 D NOT DISCUSSED 652 20.4 556 17.7 D NOT DISCUSSED 828 25.9 1020 32.5 E NO RESPONSE 207 6.5 134 4.3							
E NO RESPONSE 190 5.9 121 3.9 152 COUNSELING VALUE RE COLL PROGRAM A VERY HELPFUL 593 18.5 491 15.7 B HELPFUL 1259 39.4 1271 40.5 C NOT HELPFUL 627 19.6 572 18.2 D NOT DISCUSSED 524 16.4 678 21.6 E NO RESPONSE 196 6.1 124 4.0 153 COUNSELING VALUE RE GEN COLL INFO A VERY HELPFUL 615 19.2 501 16.0 B HELPFUL 1071 33.5 1060 33.8 C NOT HELPFUL 621 19.4 529 16.9 D NOT DISCUSSED 696 21.8 922 29.4 E NO RESPONSE 196 6.1 123 3.9 154 COUNSELING VALUE RE COST OF COLL A VERY HELPFUL 467 14.6 385 12.3 B HELPFUL 467 14.6 385 12.3 B HELPFUL 652 20.4 556 17.7 D NOT DISCUSSED 620 4556 17.7 D NOT DISCUSSED 620 525.9 1020 32.5 E NO RESPONSE 207 6.5 134 4.3							
152 COUNSELING VALUE RE COLL PROGRAM A VERY HELPFUL B HELPFUL C NOT HELPFUL D NOT DISCUSSED E NO RESPONSE C NOT HELPFUL B HELPFUL B HELPFUL C NOT HELPFUL C NOT B HELPFUL C NOT B HELPFUL B HELPFUL C NOT HELPFUL B HELPFUL C NOT HELPFUL C NOT HELPFUL C NOT DISCUSSED C NOT DISCUSSED C NOT B HELPFUL A VERY B HELPFUL A VERY B HELPFUL C NOT B HELPFUL C NOT B HELPFUL A VERY B HELPFUL C NOT B HELPFUL C NOT B HELPFUL B HELPFUL C NOT B		E					
A VERY HELPFUL B HELPFUL C NOT HELPFUL D NOT DISCUSSED E NO RESPONSE A VERY HELPFUL B HELPFUL A VERY HELPFUL B HELPFUL C NOT HELPFUL B HELPFUL B HELPFUL C NOT HELPFUL B HELPFUL C NOT HELPFUL B NO RESPONSE C NOT HELPFUL C NOT DISCUSSED D NOT DISCUSSED E NO RESPONSE 196 615 19.2 501 16.0 1071 33.5 1060 33.8 C NOT HELPFUL 621 19.4 529 16.9 D NOT DISCUSSED E NO RESPONSE 196 6.1 123 3.9 154 COUNSELING VALUE RE COST OF COLL A VERY HELPFUL A VERY HELPFUL A VERY HELPFUL C NOT HELPFUL A VERY HELPFUL A VERY HELPFUL A VERY HELPFUL A VERY HELPFUL B HELPFUL C NOT HELPFUL C NOT HELPFUL B HELPFUL C NOT HELPFUL B HELPFUL C NOT DISCUSSED E NO RESPONSE 207 6.5 134 4.3				270	J • J	161	J • 3
B HELPFUL C NOT HELPFUL D NOT DISCUSSED E NO RESPONSE C NOT HELPFUL D NOT DISCUSSED E NO RESPONSE B HELPFUL C NOT HELPFUL B HELPFUL C NOT HELPFUL B HELPFUL C NOT HELPFUL C NOT DISCUSSED C NOT HELPFUL C NOT RESPONSE C NOT RESPONSE C NO RESPONSE	152	COUN	SELING VALUE RE COLL PROGRAM				
C NOT HELPFUL D NOT DISCUSSED E NO RESPONSE C NOT HELPFUL D NOT DISCUSSED E NO RESPONSE 196 6.1 124 4.0 153 COUNSELING VALUE RE GEN COLL INFO A VERY HELPFUL B HELPFUL C NOT HELPFUL D NOT DISCUSSED E NO RESPONSE C NOT HELPFUL A VERY HELPFUL B HELPFUL C NOT B HELPFUL C NOT DISCUSSED B HELPFUL C NOT RESPONSE C NOT HELPFUL A VERY HELPFUL A VERY HELPFUL C NOT HELPFUL B HELPFUL C NOT HELPFUL C NOT HELPFUL C NOT HELPFUL C NOT DISCUSSED C NOT HELPFUL C NOT DISCUSSED C NOT HELPFUL C NOT DISCUSSED C NOT RESPONSE E NO RESPONSE 207 6.5 134 4.3		Α	VERY HELPFUL	593	18.5	491	15.7
D NOT DISCUSSED 524 16.4 678 21.6 196 6.1 124 4.0 196 6.1 124 4.0 196 6.1 124 4.0 196 6.1 124 4.0 196 6.1 124 4.0 196 6.1 196 6.1 124 4.0 196 6.1 196				1259	39.4	1271	40.5
E NO RESPONSE 196 6.1 124 4.0 153 COUNSELING VALUE RE GEN COLL INFO A VERY HELPFUL B HELPFUL C NOT HELPFUL D NOT DISCUSSED E NO RESPONSE 154 COUNSELING VALUE RE COST OF COLL A VERY HELPFUL B HELPFUL A VERY HELPFUL C NOT HELPFUL B HELPFUL C NOT HELPFUL B HELPFUL C NOT HELPFUL C NOT HELPFUL B HELPFUL C NOT HELPFUL C NOT HELPFUL C NOT DISCUSSED E NO RESPONSE 196 6.1 124 4.0 1071 33.5 1060 33.8 621 19.4 529 16.9 696 21.8 922 29.4 196 6.1 123 3.9 154 COUNSELING VALUE RE COST OF COLL A VERY HELPFUL C NOT HELPFUL C NOT HELPFUL C NOT DISCUSSED E NO RESPONSE 207 6.5 134 4.3		-	_ · · · ·	627	19.6	572	18.2
153 COUNSELING VALUE RE GEN COLL INFO A VERY HELPFUL B HELPFUL C NOT HELPFUL D NOT DISCUSSED E NO RESPONSE 154 COUNSELING VALUE RE COST OF COLL A VERY HELPFUL B HELPFUL A VERY HELPFUL C NOT HELPFUL B HELPFUL A VERY HELPFUL C NOT HELPFUL B HELPFUL C NOT DISCUSSED C NOT HELPFUL B HELPFUL C NOT HELPFUL C NOT DISCUSSED E NO RESPONSE 155 COUNSELING VALUE RE COST OF COLL A VERY HELPFUL B HELPFUL C NOT HELPFUL C NOT DISCUSSED E NO RESPONSE 207 6.5 134 4.3		_		524	16.4	678	21.6
A VERY HELPFUL B HELPFUL C NOT HELPFUL D NOT DISCUSSED E NO RESPONSE A VERY HELPFUL A VERY HELPFUL A VERY HELPFUL C NOT HELPFUL A VERY HELPFUL C NOT HELPFUL A VERY HELPFUL A VERY HELPFUL C NOT HELPFUL B HELPFUL C NOT HELPFUL C NOT HELPFUL C NOT DISCUSSED E NO RESPONSE B 20 25.9 1020 32.5 E NO RESPONSE 207 6.5 134 4.3		Ε	NO RESPONSE	196	6.1	124	4.0
A VERY HELPFUL B HELPFUL C NOT HELPFUL D NOT DISCUSSED E NO RESPONSE A VERY HELPFUL A VERY HELPFUL A VERY HELPFUL C NOT HELPFUL A VERY HELPFUL C NOT HELPFUL A VERY HELPFUL A VERY HELPFUL C NOT HELPFUL B HELPFUL C NOT HELPFUL C NOT HELPFUL C NOT DISCUSSED E NO RESPONSE B 20 25.9 1020 32.5 E NO RESPONSE 207 6.5 134 4.3	152	COLIN	SELING VALUE DE CEN COLL THES				
B HELPFUL C NOT HELPFUL D NOT DISCUSSED E NO RESPONSE 1071 33.5 1060 33.8 621 19.4 529 16.9 696 21.8 922 29.4 196 6.1 123 3.9 154 COUNSELING VALUE RE COST OF COLL A VERY HELPFUL A VERY HELPFUL B HELPFUL C NOT HELPFUL C NOT HELPFUL D NOT DISCUSSED E NO RESPONSE 1071 33.5 1060 33.8 621 19.4 529 16.9 196 6.1 123 3.9 154 COUNSELING VALUE RE COST OF COLL 467 14.6 385 12.3 1043 32.6 1040 33.2 1052 20.4 556 17.7 1052 20.4 556 17.7 1052 20.4 556 17.7 1053 20.7 6.5 134 4.3	193			/15	• • •		
C NOT HELPFUL D NOT DISCUSSED E NO RESPONSE 154 COUNSELING VALUE RE COST OF COLL A VERY HELPFUL B HELPFUL C NOT HELPFUL C NOT HELPFUL D NOT DISCUSSED E NO RESPONSE 1062 1 19.4 529 16.9 696 21.8 922 29.4 196 6.1 123 3.9 197 6.5 12.3 198 12.3 198 12.3 199 139 149 159 169 199 16.9 1							
D NOT DISCUSSED 696 21.8 922 29.4 E NO RESPONSE 196 6.1 123 3.9 154 COUNSELING VALUE RE COST OF COLL A VERY HELPFUL 467 14.6 385 12.3 B HELPFUL 1043 32.6 1040 33.2 C NOT HELPFUL 652 20.4 556 17.7 D NOT DISCUSSED 828 25.9 1020 32.5 E NO RESPONSE 207 6.5 134 4.3							
E NO RESPONSE 196 6.1 123 3.9 154 COUNSELING VALUE RE COST OF COLL A VERY HELPFUL 467 14.6 385 12.3 B HELPFUL 1043 32.6 1040 33.2 C NOT HELPFUL 652 20.4 556 17.7 D NOT DISCUSSED 828 25.9 1020 32.5 E NO RESPONSE 207 6.5 134 4.3		_		_			
154 COUNSELING VALUE RE COST OF COLL A VERY HELPFUL B HELPFUL C NOT HELPFUL D NOT DISCUSSED E NO RESPONSE 170 467 14.6 385 12.3 1043 32.6 1040 33.2 652 20.4 556 17.7 828 25.9 1020 32.5 207 6.5 134 4.3							
A VERY HELPFUL 467 14.6 385 12.3 B HELPFUL 1043 32.6 1040 33.2 C NOT HELPFUL 652 20.4 556 17.7 D NOT DISCUSSED 828 25.9 1020 32.5 E NO RESPONSE 207 6.5 134 4.3		_	NO RESPONSE	196	0.1	123	3.9
A VERY HELPFUL 467 14.6 385 12.3 B HELPFUL 1043 32.6 1040 33.2 C NOT HELPFUL 652 20.4 556 17.7 D NOT DISCUSSED 828 25.9 1020 32.5 E NO RESPONSE 207 6.5 134 4.3	154	COUN	SELING VALUE RE COST OF COLL				
B HELPFUL 1043 32.6 1040 33.2 C NOT HELPFUL 652 20.4 556 17.7 D NOT DISCUSSED 828 25.9 1020 32.5 E NO RESPONSE 207 6.5 134 4.3				467	14.6	385	12.3
C NOT HELPFUL 652 20.4 556 17.7 D NOT DISCUSSED 828 25.9 1020 32.5 E NO RESPONSE 207 6.5 134 4.3		В	HELPFUL				
D NOT DISCUSSED 828 25.9 1020 32.5 E NO RESPONSE 207 6.5 134 4.3		C	NOT HELPFUL				
E NO RESPONSE 207 6.5 134 4.3		D	NOT DISCUSSED				32.5
		E	NO RESPONSE				
155 MOST HELPFUL ADVISOR RE FUTURE JOB							
	155						
A PARENTS 697 21.8 744 23.7				69 7	21.8	744	23.7
B BROTHER OR SISTER 138 4.3 100 3.2							3.2
C HIGH SCHOOL TEACHER 231 7.2 248 7.9		_				248	
D HIGH SCHOOL COUNSELOR 164 5.1 124 4.0							
E SOMEONE WITH THAT KIND OF JOB 298 9.3 299 9.5							
F FRIENDS 160 5.0 135 4.3							
G OTHER 177 5.5 175 5.6							
H NO ONE 695 21.7 811 25.9 I DO NOT KNOW 186 5.8 179 5.7							
1 NAVENAT DECIDED WE		_					
J HAVEN'T DECIDED YET 252 7.9 193 6.2 K NO RESPONSE 201 6.3 128 4.1							
K NO RESPONSE 201 6.3 128 4.1		1	NO NESPUNSE	201	0.5	128	4.1



SCOPE STATE PROFILE GRADE TYELVE 1966

MASSACHUSETTS

			80	YS	GI	RLS
			N	PC	N	PC
156	MOST	HELPFUL ADVISOR RE COLL PLANS				
	A	PARENTS	719	22.5	865	27.6
	В	BROTHER OR SISTER	142	4.4	115	3.7
	C	HIGH SCHOOL TEACHER	223	7.0		5.8
	D	HIGH SCHOOL COUNSELOR	370	11.6	267	8.5
	Ε	STUDEMTS/FACULTY AT COLLEGE	95	3.0	77	
	F	FRIENDS		5.9		5.4
	G	OTHER	183	5.7	155	4.9
	Н	NO ONE	774	24.2	833	28.5
	I	DO NOT KNOW		4.3		4.4
	J	HAVEN'T DECIDED YET		4.8		
	K	NO RESPONSE	209	6.5	136	4.3
157	SATI	SFACTION WITH HS COURSES				
		WOULD CHANGE COMPLETELY	346	10.8	297	9.5
		WOULD CHANGE SOME	942		921	
	Č	WOULD CHANGE LITTLE			1786	
	D	NO RESPONSE	204	6.4	132	4.2
158	TATS	US OF PLANNING FOR FUTURE				
170	A	NEED HELP IN PLANNING	362	11.3	199	6.3
	B	COULD USE A LITTLE HELP	1545		1530	48.8
	Č	HAVE PLANS, DO NOT NEED HELP			1007	
	ā	NO PLANS, BUT NO HELP NEEDED			258	
	E	NO RESPONSE	223	7.0	141	4.5
150	DI AN	S CONCERNING MILITARY SERVICE				
177	A	NEVER EXPECT TO SERVEGIRL	39	1.2	2704	86.2
	В	ENLIST AFTER HS. ACTIVE DUTY	295	9.2	29	0.9
	C	COMMISSION VIA KOTC, ETC	489	15.3	8	0.3
	Ď	ENLIST AFTER SOME COLLEGE	533	16.7	41	1.3
	E	ENLIST IN RESERVES/NAY GUARD	230	7.2	5	0.2
	F	WAIT UNTIL DRAFTED	291	9.1	5	0.2
	Ġ	WON'T SERVEPHYSICALLY UNFIT	158	4.9	6	0.2
	Ĥ	WON'T SERVE FOR OTHER REASONS	120		23	
	I	HAVE NO IDEA	825	25.8	170	5.4
	J	NO RESPONSE	219	6.8	145	4.6



SCOPE STATE PROFILE GRADE TWELVE 1966

MASSACHUSETTS

			во	IYS	GI	RLS
			N	PC	N	PC
160	MOST	IMPORTANT REASON MEN GO TO COLL				
100	Α	LEARN HOW TO ENJOY LIFE	66	2-1	20	0.6
	В	DEVELOP THE MIND	648			16.4
	C	SECURE TRAINING	916	28.6	1219	38.9
	D	MEET RIGHT PERSON TO MARRY	45	1.4	19	0.6
	£	EARN A HIGHER INCOME	1027		1036	32.0
	F	MORAL/RELIGIOUS EDUCATION	21	0.7	3	0.1
	G	BECOME CULTURED PERSON	64	2.0	_	1.0
	Н	DEVELOP LIFE PHILOSOPHY	52			0.8
	I	NONE OF THESE	143		130	4.1
	j	NO RESPONSE	217		140	4.5
				•		
161	MOST	IMP REASON WOMEN ATTEND COLLEGE				
	A	LEARN HOW TO ENJOY LIFE	106	3.3	36	1.1
	В	DEVELOP THE MIND	593	18.5		23.2
	C	SECURE TRAINING	477	14.9	844	26.9
	D	MEET RIGHT PERSON TO MARRY	939	29.4	627	20.0
	E	EARN A HIGHER INCOME	180	5.6	235	7.5
	F	MORAL/RELIGIOUS EDUCATION	38	1.2	8	0.3
	G	BECOME CULTURED PERSON	347	10.8	289	9.2
	н	DEVELOP LIFE PHILOSOPHY	92	2.9	80	2.6
	I	NONE OF THESE	195	6.1	146	4.7
	J	NO RESPONSE	232	7.3	144	4.6
162		CONSIDERED LOAN FOR COLL EDUC				
		PLAN TO TAKE OUT LOAN	503	15.7	466	14.9
	В	HAVEN'T CONSIDERED IT, MIGHT	682	21.3		16.4
	C	WOULD NOT CONSIDER LOAN	740	23.1	738	23.5
	D	PARENTS WILL PAY FOR COLLEGE	508	15.9		23.8
	E	PLAN TO PAY SOME OTHER WAY	522	16.3	5 03	16.0
	F	NO RESPONSE	244	7.6	168	5.4
1/2	10041	TION OF UNDOTHETICAL COLLEGE				
103	_	TION OF HYPOTHETICAL COLLEGE	1344			
	A B	WOULD PREFER AWAY FROM HOME	1764	55.1	2000	63.8
	C	WOULD LIKE TO LIVE AT HOME	6 5 7	20.5	540	17.2
	D	HAVEN'T THOUGHT ABOUT IT	543	17.0	444	14.2
	U	NO RESPONSE	235	7.3	152	4.8



		ВС	YS	GI	RLS
		N	PC	N	PC
164	HYPOTHETICAL COLLEGE CHOICE				
<i>-</i> -	A LARGE, PUBLIC COLLEGE	713	22.3	740	23.6
	B SMALL, PUBLIC COLLEGE	609	19.0	629	20.1
	C LARGE, PRIVATE COLLEGE	508			12.6
	D SMALL, PRIVATE COLLEGE	551			
	E HAVEN'T THOUGHT ABOUT IT	567			
	F NO RESPONSE		7.8		4.8
1/5	TAICCOMATION ADDIT OFFE UNIVERSITY				
100	INFORMATION ABOUT DUKE UNIVERSITY	401	:25	1370	40 E
	A NEVER HEARD OF IT	401	12.5		
	B KNOW THE NAME	1665		1196	58.1
	C KNOW ABOUT IT	898		526	16.8
	D NO RESPONSE	233	7.3	144	4.6
166	INFORMATION ABOUT PRINCETON				
	A NEVER HEARD OF IT	139	4.3	70	2.2
	B KNOW THE NAME	1418		1355	
	C KNOW ABOUT IT	1407	44.0	1567	50.0
	D NO RESPONSE	235	7.3	144	4.6
167	INFORMATION ABOUT LOCAL JR COLLEGE				
	A NEVER HEARD OF IT	515	16.1	325	10.4
	B KNOW THE NAME	845		760	24.2
	C KNOW ABOUT IT	1600	50.0	1904	60.7
	D NO RESPONSE			147	
1.0	THEODIETICS ADOLLT HE DEDVELEY				
108	INFORMATION ABOUT UC BERKELEY	447	14.0	441	14.7
		447 1397	14.U	1522	40 E
	B KNOW THE NAME C KNOW ABOUT IT				
		1117 238			
	D NO RESPONSE	230	1 • 4	150	4.0
169	INFORMATION ABOUT ANTIOCH COLLEGE				
		1806			
	B KNOW THE NAME	775			
	C KNOW ABOUT IT			337	
	D NO RESPONSE	240	7.5	154	4.9
170	INFORMATION ABOUT MIT				
	A NEVER HEARD OF IT	209	6.5	161	5.1
	B KNOW THE NAME	823			
	C KNOW ABOUT IT			1971	
	D NO RESPONSE	238	7.4	152	4.8

			ВС	IYS	GI	RLS
			N	PC	N	PC
171	INFO	RMATION ABOUT HOWARD UNIVERSITY				
	A	NEVER HEARD OF IT	2068	64.6	2214	70.6
	В	KNOW THE NAME	554	17.3		16.6
	C	KNOW ABOUT IT	342		_	8.1
	Q	NO RESPONSE		7.3	•	
• • •	***					
172	_	RMATION ABOUT UNIV OF NOTRE DAME				
	A	NEVER HEARD OF IT	202	_		4.2
	B C	KNOW THE NAME	1394			51.7
	D	KNOW ABOUT IT NO RESPONSE	1361	42.5		39.3
	U	NU RESPUNSE	242	7.6	152	4.8
173	OPIN	ION OF DUKE UNIVERSITY				
	A	ONLY BEST STUDENTS GET IN	1356	42.4	893	28.5
	В	AVERAGE STUDENTS GET IN	639	20.0	332	10.6
	C	POOR HS STUDENTS GET IN	58	1.8	18	0.6
	D	DO NOT KNOW	893	27.9	1731	55.2
	E	NO RESPONSE	252	7.9	162	5.2
174	ODIN	ION OF PRINCETON				
114	A	ONLY BEST STUDENTS GET IN	2202	71 7	2250	75 0
	В	AVERAGE STUDENTS GET IN	2293	71.7	2358	75.2
	C	COOR HS STUDENTS GET IN	244 70	7.6	208	6.6
	ם	DO NOT KNOW	339	2.2 10.6	28	0.9
	_	NO RESPONSE	252	7.9	380 161	12.1
	_	No Nesi Gilse	272	147	101	5.1
175	OPIN	ION OF LOCAL JR COLLEGE				
	A	ONLY BEST STUDENTS GET IN	100	3.1	73	2.3
	В	AVERAGE STUDENTS GET IN	1034	32.3	1560	49.7
	C	POOR HS STUDENTS GET IN	1368	42.8	928	29.6
	D	DO NOT KNOW	445	13.9	415	13.2
	Ε	NO RESPONSE	250	7.8	160	5.1
176	OPIN	ION OF UC BERKELEY				
- 10	A	ONLY BEST STUDENTS GET IN	718	22.5	574	18.3
	В	AVERAGE STUDENTS GET IN	1023	32.0		30.1
	Č	POOR HS STUDENTS GET IN	167	5.2		2.6
	D	DO NOT KNOW	1033			
	Ε	NO RESPONSE	257	8.0	166	5.3



SCOPE STATE PROFILE GRADE TWELVE 1966

MASSACHUSETTS

	•	во	YS	GI	RLS
		N	PC	N	PC
177	OPINION OF ANTIOCH COLLEGE	21/	0 0	343	100
	A ONLY BEST STUDENTS GET IN B AVERAGE STUDENTS GET IN	•	9.8 10.5		10.9 7.7
	C POOR HS STUDENTS GET IN			20	
	D DO NOT KNOW	2215			
	E NO RESPONSE			171	
		LJJ		. • • •	
178	OPINION OF MIT	2/10	75 2	2240	72 1
	A ONLY BEST STUDENTS GET IN	2410		2260	
	B AVERAGE STUDENTS GET IN C POUR HS STUDENTS GET IN	242		343 32	10.9
	D DO NOT KNOW		7.0		
	E NO RESPONSE		8.0		5.3
		2))	0.0	10:	7.5
179	OPINION OF HOWARD UNIVERSITY				
	A ONLY BEST STUDENTS GET IN		6.3		
	B AVERAGE STUDENTS GET IN		10.0		7.1
	C POOR HS STUDENTS GET IN			34	
	D DO NOT KNOW	2338	73.1		81.1
	E NO RESPONSE	255	8.0	165	5.3
180	OPINION OF UNIV OF NOTRE DAME				
	A ONLY BEST STUDENTS GET IN	1653	51.7	1678	53.5
	B AVERAGE STUDENTS GET IN	771	24.1	536	
	C POOR HS STUDENTS GET IN	86			1.9
	D DO NOT KNOW		13.5		22.2
	E NO RESPONSE	255	8.0	166	5.3
181	CONSIDERED JOINING THE PEACE CORPS				
	A YES, QUITE INTERESTED		6.4		13.7
	B YES, BUT UNDECIDED	657			31.5
	C NO			1197	
	D DON'T KNOW MUCH ABOUT IT	361			11.2
	E NO RESPONSE	254	7.9	170	5.4
182	PARENTS SAVE MONEY FOR COLL EDUC	5 5 4 40	40.0	1400	, = =
	A YES	1540			47.5
	B NO C DO NOT KNOW	774 471		782 415	24.9
	C DO NOT KNOW D DO NOT PLAM TO ATTEND COLL	471	14.7		13.2 8.4
	E NO RESPONSE		4.4 8.4		
	E NO KESTONSE	410	0.7	101	0.0



			во	YS	GI	RLS
			Ŋ	PC	N	PC
183	ESTI	MATED TOTAL FAMILY INCOME				
	A	LESS THAN \$2,000 PER YEAR	50	1.6	28	0.9
	В	\$2,000 TO 3,499	89	2.8	66	2.1
	Č	\$3,500 TD 4,999	129	4.0	111	3.5
	Ď	\$5,000 TO 7,499	633	19.8		15.7
	Ε	\$7,500 TD 9,999	534			
	F	\$10-000 TO 14-999	450	14.1	259	
	Ğ	\$15,000 TD 19,999	137	4.3		2.6
	Н	\$20,000 AND DVER		3.9		3.0
	I	CONSIDERED CONFIDENTIAL	388	12.1		16.5
	J	DO NOT KNOW	401	12.5		31.9
	K	NO RESPONSE	263	8.2		5.6
184	HAVE	A CAR				
	A	YES, USE FAMILY CAR	1243	38.9	1394	44.5
	В	YES, BOUGHT OWN	539	16.8	87	2 • 8
	С	YES, PARENTS BOUGHT IT	198	6.2	139	4.4
	D	YES, SHARE ONE WITH SIBLINGS	123		77.	2.5
	E	NO, BUT WILL WHEN OLD ENOUGH	29	0.9	38	1.2
	F	NO, DO NOT NEED ONE	170		224	7.1
	G	NO, DON'T HAVE TIME FOR ONE	21	0.7	8	0.3
	Ĥ	NO, NOT PERMITTED TO HAVE ONE	78	2.4	57	1.8
	Ī	NO, CAN'T AFFORD ONE	298	9.3		11.4
	J	NO, FOR SOME OTHER REASON	241	7.5	580	18.5
	K	NO RESPONSE	259	8.1	174	5.5
185	DEED	VALUES RE SCHOOL ACHIEVMENT				
103	A	AMONG MOST IMPORTANT	410	12.8	374	11.9
	B	VERY IMPORTANT	1287	40.3	1514	48.3
	Č	FAIRLY IMPORTANT	977	30.6	935	29.8
	D	NOT IMPORTANT	262	8.2		4.6
	E	NO RESPONSE	260	8.1	168	5.4
	_			•••	100	701
186	PEER	VALUES RE SPORTS PARTICIPATION				
	A	AMONG MOST IMPORTANT	157	4.9	83	2.6
	В	VERY IMPORTANT	904	28.3	507	16.2
	C	FAIRLY IMPORTANT	1308	40.9	1381	44.1
	D	NOT IMPORTANT	567	17.7	993	31.7
	E	NO RESPONSE	261	8.2	171	5.5



			80	YS	GI	RLS
			N	PC	N	PC
187	PEER	VALUES RE MOTORCYCLES/CARS				
	A	AMONG MOST IMPORTANT	166	5.2	46	1.5
	В			15.8		5.1
	Č	FAIRLY IMPORTANT	1041			
	Ď	NOT IMPORTANT	1222			
	E	NO RESPONSE		8.3		5.5
188		VALUES RE HAVING CLOTHES				
	A	AMONG MOST IMPORTANT	210		257	
	В		1091	34.1		38.6
	C	FAIRLY IMPORTANT	1277			
	D	NOT IMPORTANT			276	
	E	NO RESPONSE	269	8.4	172	5.5
189	DEER	VALUES RE MOVIES, TV				
10)	A	AMONG MOST IMPORTANT	81	2.5	49	1.6
	B	VERY IMPORTANT		8.5		6.7
	Ç	FAIRLY IMPORTANT	1200		1389	
	Ď	NOT IMPORTANT	1374			41.8
	E	NO RESPONSE	271			5.6
	_	110 11201 011 12	- • •			
190	PEER	VALUES RE GOOD REPUTATION				
	Α	AMONG MOST IMPORTANT	871	27.2	1610	51.3
	В	VERY IMPORTANT	1354	42.3	1073	34.2
	C	FAIRLY IMPORTANT	544	17.0	230	7.3
	D	NOT IMPORTANT	159	5.0	52	1.7
	Ε	NO RESPONSE	270	8.4	171	5.5
101	DEED	WALLES DE SEDIOUS DISCUSSIONS				
171	A	VALUES RE SERIOUS DISCUSSIONS AMONG MOST IMPORTANT	291	9.1	412	13.1
	B	VERY IMPORTANT	1070	33.4	1425	45.4
	C	FAIRLY IMPORTANT	1149	35.9	967	30.8
	B	NOT IMPORTANT	423	13.2	159	5.1
	E	NO RESPONSE	266	8.3	173	5.5
	Ę	NO RESPUNSE	200	0.5	113	7.5

ERIC Afull Text Provided by ERIC

ROFI S Ç S

GRADE TWELVE 1966

OCCUPATIONAL PREFERENCE ITEM ANALYSIS TABLE 6

MASSACHUSETTS

				ā	BOYS					GIRLS	S		
		LIKE MUCH SOME	KE SOME	NOT	DIS	SLIKE	OMIT	LIKE MUCH SI	KE Some	NOT	DIS SOME	SL IKF MUCH	TIMO
1 BOJKKEEPER	Z Q	167	546 17-1	602 18•8	807	1046 32.7	31	337	775	478 15•2	683 21.8	831 26.5	32
2 BANK TELLER	ZO	164	890 27.8	680 21.3	797 24.9	635 19.8	33	308 9.8	1106 35.3	583 18•6	655	447	37
3 SURGEON	Z O	426 13•3	698 21.8	629 19•7	522 16.3	886 27.7	38	466	574 18.3	412 13.1	466 14.9	1180 37.6	38
4 CHEMIST	Z O	483 15.1	867 27.1	543 17.0	513 16.0	751 23.5	42	304	566 18.0	388 12.4	509 16.2	1331	38
5 CIVIL ENGINEER	Z 0	586 18•3	969	977	325 10.2	303 9•5	39	1.5	147	11,08 35.3	358 11•4	1434	41 1•3
6 DENTIST	Z O	331 10•3	642 20.1	574 17.9	771 24-1	834 26.1	47	155	491 15.7	310	773 24.6	1371	36 1•1
7 TOOLMAKER	Z Q	242	578 18.1	707	693 21.7	941 29.4	38	13	69	437	339 10.8	2241 71.5	37
8 AUTOMOBILE MECHANIC	ZÛ	573 17.9	933 29.2	433 13.5	540 16.9	679 21.2	41 1•3	102	269 8.6	296	380 12.1	2051 65.4	38 1•2
9 BUTCHER	Z 0	69	305 9.5	415	827 25.9	1543	40	28	84	145	375	2447	57 1.8
10 TAILOR OR DRESSMAKER	Z Q	29	1,50	315	621	2047	37	493 15.7	1203 38•4	320	577	495 15•8	48 1.5
11 DIETITIAN	PC	48 1•5	173 5•4	632 19.8	618 19•3	1690 52.8	38 1•2	383 12•2	1129 36.0	650 20.7	430 13.7	504 16.1	40

SCOPE STATE PROFILE

ERIC Full Text Provided by ERIC

GRADE TWELVE 1966

MASSACHUSETTS

TABLE 6 OCCUPATIONAL PREFERENCE ITEM ANALYSIS

	GIRLS
. PREFERENCE LIER ANALYSIS	
OCCUPALIUMAL	BOYS

				3	2					GINLS	n		
		LIKE MUCH SC	KE SOME	NOT	DIS SOME	DISLIKE Me Much	OMIT	LI	LIKE H SOME	NOT	OIS SOME	SL IKE MUCH	TIMO
12 CAB DRIVER	ZU	131	618 19.3	371 11.6	812	122 <i>9</i> 38.4	38 1•2	90	330 10.5	234	594 18.9	1850 59•0	38
13 LONGSHOREMAN	Z Q	132	450	900	574 17.9	1097	46	42	116 3.7	947	229	1765 56.3	37
14 FOREMAN	ZQ	517 16.2	1385 43•3	593 18•5	367	299 9•3	38 1.2	111 3.5	486 15.5	582 18•6	585 18.7	1330	42
15 ARMY OFFICER	N O	640	1149 35.9	458 14•3	419 13.1	493 15.4	40	221	554 17.7	423 13•5	425 13.6	1470	43
16 COLLEGE PRESIDENT	ZQ	778.	851 26.6	625 19•5	433 13.5	9• 51	45	652	859	43 <u>1</u> 13.7	456 14•5	695	43
17 INSURANCE AGENT	ZU	271	948 29.6	774	651 20.4	524 16.4	31	92	570 18.2	650	757	1032 32.9	35
18 STOCK SALESMAN	Z Q	259 8.1	753 23.5	826 25•8	682 21.3	638 19.9	41 1•3	104	406 12.9	622 19.8	709	1256	39
19 FOREIGN CORRESPONDENT	Z Q	775 24.2	885 27.7	604 18.9	390 12.4	505 15.8	34	1210 38.6	982 31.3	397	193	314	40 1•3
20 EDITOR	ZU	340	780	727 22.7	707	607 19.0	38 1•2	535	914	527 16.8	601 19.2	520 16.6	39
21 MUSICIAN	Z Q	517 16.2	685 21.4	377 11.8	536 16.8	1046	38	687 21.9	819 26.1	337	499	756 24.1	38
22 AVIATOR	Z Q	1075 33.6	1058 33.1	478 14.9	278 8•7	275	35	449	678 21.6	578 18.4	405	989	37

SCOPE STATE PROFILE

ERIC Full Box Provided by ERIC

GRADE TWELVE 1966

MASSACHUSETTS

TABLE 6 OCCUPATIONAL PREFERENCE ITEM ANALYSIS

	TIMO	47 1.5	38 1•2	49	36 1-1	34	42	36 1.1	36 1•1	34	37	39
	SLIKE	659 21.0	220	172	874 27.9	37.3	957 30.5	658 21.0	719	2242	2014	2115
Ŋ	DIS	471 15.0	240	217	362 11.5	576 18.4	457	638 20.3	748	453	546 17.4	542
GIRLS	NOT	410 13.1	186	255 8 • 1	1428	568 18.1	368	250	281 9.0	314	373 11.9	242
	KE SOME	945 30 .1	1088 34.7	974 31.1	321 10.2	496 15.8	696	981 31.3	1045 33.3	75	144	159 5.1
	LIKE MUCH SC	504 19•3	1364	1469	115 3.7	292	616 19.6	573 18.3	307	18	22 0.7	39
	OMIT	36 1•1	36 1-1	39	36 1•1	31	35 1•1	34	37	32	34	31
	Si IKE Much	531 16.6	1681	789 24•7	925 28.9	684 21.4	573 17.9	1011	1005	988 30.9	522 16.3	961 30.0
BOYS	DIS SOME	496 15•5	544	577 18.0	534 16.7	591 18.5	441 13.8	949	948 29.6	892 27.9	603 18.8	929
60	NOT	595 18•6	494	632 19.8	1089	668 20.9	525 16.4	536 16.8	467	590 18.4	566 17.7	527 16.5
	KE Some	1027 32.1	341 10.7	740	4,16 13.0	803 25.1	826 25.8	567 17.7	627 19.6	549 17.2	15.4	603 18.8
	L IKE MUCH SO	514	103 3.2	422	199	422 13.2	799	102	115 3.6	148 4.6	13.8	148
		Z ()	Z 0	Z Q	S O	Z Q	P C	zυ	Z O	x 0	Z O	20
		23 RANCHER	24 AIR LINE HOSTESS OR STEWARD	25 SOCIAL WORKER	26 STATISTICIAN	27 ASTRONOMER	28 RESEARCH SCIENTIST	29 OFFICE CLERK	30 STORE CLERK	31 PLUMBER	32 ELECTRICIAN	33 FIREMAN

ш PROF ш 4

GRADE TWELVE 1966

MASSACHUSETTS

OCCUPATIONAL PREFERENCE ITEM ANALYSIS TABLE 6

BOYS

GIRLS

					Í) •						,		
			LIKE MUCH SI	SOME	NOT	DISI SOME	DISLIKE ME MUCH	OMIT	LIK	KE Some	NOT	DISL	LIKE MUCH	OMIT
34	DISHWASHER	Z C	26	63	91	374	2617	28	19	157	75	428	2421	36
35	MAID) Z	32	77	110	146	• ^	, 4 , 7	5. 5.	377	168	215	• α	
l		b C	1.0	1.3	3.4	4.6	88.3	1.4	1.7	12.0	5.4	22.8		1.2
36	NAVAL OFFICER	z à	830 25.9	1151 36.0	390 12•2	362 11•3	428 13•4	38	312	563 18•0	492	391	1339	39
37	PERSONNEL ADMINISTRATOR	Z O	364 11•4	861 26.9	1094	399 12.5	448	33 1•0	417	998 31•8	3 26.4	360 11.5	492	40
38	CREDIT MANAGER	Z O	205	582 18•2	1047 32.7	661	671 21.0	33	201	615	884 28•2	584 18.6	817 26.1	35
39	LAWYER	Z Q	758 23.7	1080 33.8	48 <i>6</i> 15•2	455 14.2	384 12•0	36 1•1	616 19.6	899 28.7	414 13.2	503 16.0	669	35
40	REPORTER	Z O	430 13•4	989 30 . 9	580 18.1	630	535 16.7	35	631 20.1	1048 33.4	328 10.5	513 16.4	579 18.5	37
41	SCULPTOR	Z Q	267	412 12.9	612 19.1	694 21.7	1178 36.8	36 1•1	637	644	441	416 13.3	960 30•6	38
45	FORESTER	ZU	618	965	533 16.7	500 15.6	545 17.0	38 1•2	251 8.0	499	583 18÷6	510 16-3	1251 39.9	42
43	ELEMENTARY SCHOOL TEACHER	Z Z	256 8•0	607 19.0	377 11.8	679	1248 39.0	32 1.0	1095	1030 32.8	213	324	438 14.0	36
44	NURSE	zγ	44	148	300	431 13.5	2236 69.9	40	759	807	215	589 18.8	726	40



SCOPE STATE PROFILE

GRADE TWELVE 1966

MASSACHUSETTS

TABLE 6 OCCUPATIONAL PREFERENCE ITEM ANALYSIS

BOYS

45

46

48

49

GIRLS

		LIKE MUCH SOME	KE SOME	NOT	DISLIKE SOME MUC	LIKE MUCH	ÌIWO	LI MUCH	LIKE MUCH SOME	NOT	OIS SOME	SLIKE MUCH	DMIT
CHEMICAL ENGINEER	Z O	535 16.7	760	700	427 13.3	739	38	124	258 8•2	739	457	1522 48.5	36
DOCTOR	Z O	681 21.3	801 25.0	452 14.1	505 15.8	726 22.7	34	753 24•0	657 21.0	242	460	986 31.4	38
PHARMACIST	Z Q	358 11•2	894 27.9	715	570 17.8	627 19.6	35	283	754	600 89.1	599 19•1	863 27.5	37
AERONAUTICAL ENGINEER	S O	789 24.7	871 27.2	752 23.5	293 9.2	459	35 1•1	3.3	194	948 30°2	359 11.4	1490	40
SECRETARY	ZQ	45	173	420 13•1	777 24.3	1746 54.6	38 1•2	962 30 <u>.</u> 7	903	225	477	535 17.1	34
TECHNICIAN	Z Q	408 12.8	958 29•9	815 25.5	\$40 13•8	543 17.0	35	256 8•2	541 17.3	847 27.0	483	975 31.1	34 1•1
ELECTRONICS TECHNICIAN	Z O	592 18.5	866 27.1	734 22.9	428 13.4	546 17.1	33 1•0	46	169	836 26.7	498 15.9	1553 49.5	34
BRICKLAYER	ZQ	213	579 18.1	459 14.3	778 24.3	1126 35.2	44 1.4	32	95 3•0	185 5.9	402 12.8	2384 76.0	38

39

2268 72.3

243

555 17.7

20

111

47 1.5

1349

817

521 16•3

369

96 3•6

N C C

RIVETER

53

50

51

52

35

1885

£93 22.1

206

258 8•2

59 1.9

31

1387

891 27.9

389 12.2

408 12.8

93

Z

IER

55 MAIL CARR

37 1.2

2015

619

180

238

47

44 1.4

1373

933 29.2

346 10.8

391 12.2

112

≥ 2

NTER

\$4 HOUSE PAI

ERIC

Full Text Provided by ERIC

PROF S S

GRADE TWELVE 1956

MASSACHUSETTS

OCCUPATIONAL PREFERENCE ITEM ANALYSIS TABLE 6

BOYS

				æ	BOYS					GIRLS	S		
		LIKE MUCH SC	KE SOME	NOT	DIS SOME	DISLIKE JME MUCH	OMIT	LIKE MUCH SC	KE Some	NOT	DIS SOME	SLIKE	CMIT
56 BUILDING SUPERINTENDENT	zζ	245	712	750	673 21.0	778	41 1•3	54	238	477	696	1630 52.0	41
57 PRESIDENT OF A LARGE COMPANY	Z Q	1231 38•5	933 29.2	396 12.4	274 8.6	327 10.2	38 1•2	610	784 25.0	410 13.1	468 14.9	824 26•3	40
58 AUTHOR OF A NOVEL	Z O	875 27.4	796 24.9	519 16.2	391 12.2	581 18•2	37	1231 39.3	843 26.9	282	286 9.1	456 14.5	38
59 LIBRARIAN	Z ()	61	225	389 12.2	851 26.6	1640 51•3	33	275	993 31.7	383 12.2	669	776 24.7	40 1•3
60 ECONOMISI	Z Q	243	527 16.5	847	629 19.7	914 28.6	39 1•2	197	597 19•0	956 30•5	539	803 25.6	1.4
61 ACTOR OR ACTRESS	N O	603 18•8	797 24.9	475	449	840 26.3	35 1•1	945 30.1	852 27.2	301 9°6	467	536 17.1	35
62 PROFESSIONAL ATHLETE	Z Q	1460 45.6	815 25•5	315 9.8	269	306 9.6	34	624 19.9	714	308 9.8	14.1	994 31.7	36
63 POLICEMAN	Z Q	270	828 25.9	528 16.5	748 23.4	790 24.7	35 1•1	88 2 • 8	339 10.8	298 9.5	672 21.4	1702	37
64 CLERGYMAN	ZÛ	162 5.1	406 12.7	569 17.8	690	1336	36 1.1	166	386 12•3	359 11.4	555 17.71	1631 52.0	39
65 CERTIFIED PUBLIC ACCOUNTANT	Z Ç.	463 14.5	576 18.0	642 20.1	599 18.7	884 27.6	35 1•1	318 10.1	544 17.3	595 19.0	466	1174 37.4	39
SPACEMAN	PC N	927 29.0	931 29•1	511 16.0	314 9.8	482 15.1	34	457	545 17.4	330 10.5	412 13.1	1354 43.2	38

PROFI ш 4 S Ш ۵ 0 ب S

ERIC Full Text Provided by ERIC

ш

GRADE TWELVE 1966

MASSACHUSETTS

		: •)))					5	<u>.</u>	200		5	
67 BIOLOGIST	20	545 17•0	808 25•3	579 18•1	517	715	35 1•1	588 18•8	703	315	448	1045 33.3	37
68 ELECTRICAL ENGINEER	ZO	731	881 27.5	616 19.3	388 12•1	552 17.3	31	59 1•9	148	623 19.9	465 14.8	1801	40
69 AINING ENGINEER	Σû	314 9.8	747	788	573	741	36	29	88 • 8	512 16.3	418 13•3	2049	40
70 TYPIST	z o	69	200	334	867	1694	35	872 27.8	860 27.4	208	503 16.0	653 20•8	40
71 LABORATORY TECHNICIAN	Z O Z	378 11.8	790	690	526 16.4	781	34	535	895 28.5	509	395	766	36 1.1
72 REPAIRMAN	ZO	222	661 20.7	562 17.6	812 25.4	905	37	39	155	243	626 20.0	2035 64.9	38
73 BEAUTICIAN	ZU	1.4	118	320	510 15.9	2172 67.9	35 1°1	707	1033 32.9	284 9.1	446	629 20.1	37
74 RAILROAD BRAKEMAN	ZŲ	57 1.8	210	422	687	1787	36	19	54	308 9.8	352 11.2	2367 75.5	36
75 SHOEMAKER	Z O	29	112 3.5	294	712	2017	35	26 0•8	126	240	498 15•9	2232 70,5	34
76 FACTORY WORKER	20	42 1•3	261 8.2	257	749	1851 57.9	39	24	189 6.0	138	473 15.1	2276	36
77 DELIVERYMAN	z 0	121 3.8	475	335	874	1356	38	30	167	184	659	2059	37

SCOPE STATE PROFILE

ERIC **
*Full Text Provided by ERIC

GRADE TWELVE 1966

MASSACHUSETTS

TABLE 6 OCCUPATIONAL PREFERENCE ITEM ANALYSIS

				•	60	BOYS					GIRLS	S		
			LI	LIKE H Some	NOT	DIS	SL IKE MUCH	DMIT	LIKE MUCH S	KE SCME	NOT	DIS	LIKE MUCH	DMIT
78	3 TRUCK DRIVER	ZQ	380 11.9	838 26•2	405	661 20.7	880 27.5	35	60	177	170 4.4	456 14•5	2237 71.3	36 1•1
79	BUILDING CONTRACTOR	ΣÚ	497 15.5	1132 35•4	666 20.8	406 12.7	463 14•5	35	46	287	502 16.0	503 16.0	1758 56.1	40
80	MARINE CORPS OFFICER	'Z ()	775	989 30•9	428 13•4	403 12•6	567 17•7	37	275	507 16.2	444	387 12.3	1480	43
81	REAL ESTATE AGENT	Z	272	841	777 24•3	611	666 20•8	32	142	719	505 16.1	583 18•6	1152	35
82	INTERPRETER	N O	328 10•3	595 18•6	649 20•3	605 18.9	6.08 30.9	32	931 29.7	939 29.9	399 12.7	288 9•2	544 17•3	35
83	WRITER	ZO	584 18•3	735	441 13•8	595 18•6	809 25.3	35	1015	868 27.7	298 9•5	359 11.4	560 17.9	36
48	MUSICAL COMPOSER	Σú	403 12.6	481 15.0	444	565 17.7	1267 39.6	35 1. 2	660	588 18•8	399	471	976 31.1	42 1•3
8	ARCHITECT	Z Q	781 24.4	1041 32.5	538 16•8	374 11.7	431 13•5	34	575	726	494 15•8	385 12•3	917	39
86	DECORATOR	ZQ	250	606	707	676 21.1	920 28.8	40	1182 37.7	1215 38.7	283 9•0	198 6•3	216 6.9	42 1•3
87	SPORTS UMPIRE OR REFEREE	ZO	520 16.3	744	508 15.9	621 19.4	772	34 1•1	171	319	398 12.7	597 19.0	1614 51.5	37
88	GUIDANCE COUNSELOR	ZO	375 11.7	724 22.6	587 18.3	606 18.9	871 27.2	36	655	1027 32.7	392 12.5	420	605	37

ERIC
Full Text Provided by ERIC

SCOPE STATE PROFILE

GRADE TWELVE 1966

MASSACHUSETTS

TABLE 6 OCCUPATIONAL PREFERENCE ITEM ANALYSIS

212		
ANAL		
10111111111		
コメンロ・マストロントロ		
ו אחרו מ		

				ã	BOYS					GIRLS	S		
		LIKE MUCH SC	IKE SOME	NOT	DISL!KE SOME MUCH	L!KE MUCH	DMIT	LIKE MUCH SI	KE Some	NOT	DIS	SLIKE MUCH	OMIT
83	ACCOUNTANT OR AUDITOR N	389 12•2	533 16•7	644 20•1	609 19.0	991 31•0	33	316	524 16.7	511 16.3	533 17.0	1215 38•7	37 I•2
06	MECHANICAL ENGINEER N	686 21.4	871 27.2	632 19•8	422 13•2	549 17-2	39	64 2.0	129	535 17.1	445	1928 61.5	35
91	MATHEMATICIAN N	563 17•6	734	395 12•3	517 16.2	954 29.8	36 1•1	360	483 15•4	194	461 14.7	1603 51.1	35
92	SWITCHBOARD OPERATOR N	1.5	140	438 13•7	804 25.1	1730 54•1	39	371 11.8	901 28.7	412 13•1	598 19•1	819 26•1	35 I•1
93	MACHINIST	311	596 18•6	608 19•0	711 22.2	939	34	36	105 3.3	357	521 16.6	2081	35 1•1
96	WELDER N	260 8-1	558 17.4	482 15•1	764 23.9	1100	35	14	49	234	376 12.0	2428 77.4	35 1•1
95	PAPER HANGER N	40	156	340 10•6	724 22.6	1903 59.5	36 1.1	24 0•8	117	263	423 13•5	2274 72.5	35
96	CARPENTER N PC	294	892 27.9	493 15•4	681 21•3	801 25.0	38 1•2	58 1•8	268 8•5	269 8•6	575 18.3	1930 61.5	6 4.1
26	TYPE SETTER N PC	73	219	577 18.0	796 24.9	1498	36 1•1	64	190	769	443 14.1	1692 54.0	38
86	DRAFTSMAN N PC	455 14.2	853	676 21.1	493 15.4	688 21.5	34 1•1	122	251 8.0	641 20.4	403 12.9	1677	4,2
66	HOUSEWIFE PC	48 1.5	33	188 5.9	91	2775 86.7	64 2.0	1875 59•8	799 25.5	127	120 3.8	167 5.3	48 1•5

ERIC Frontied by ERIC

SCOPE STATE PROFILE

GRADE TWELVE 1966

MASSACHUSETTS

TABLE & OCCUPATIONAL PREFERENCE ITEM ANALYSIS

				æ	BOYS					GIRLS	S		
		LIKE MUCH SC	KE SOME	NOT	DISI SUME	DISLIKE ME MUCH	DMIT	LIKE MUCK SI	KE SOME	NOT	DIS	SLIKE MUCH	OMIT
100 AIR FORCE OFFICER	ZU	1048 32•8	943 29•5	385 12•0	311 9.7	472 14.8	40	371 11•8	511 16.3	434 13.8	405 12,0	1376 43.9	39
101 OFFICE MANAGER	Z 0	523 16.3	1002 31.3	658 20•6	451 14•1	528 16.5	37	412	874 27.9	445	517 16.5	847 27.0	41
102 BANKER	Z O	474 14.8	1005 31.4	629 19.7	500 15.6	553 17.3	38	308 9•8	931 29•7	469 15•0	535 17.1	853 27.2	1.3
103 SALESMAN	ZU	191	575 18.0	495 15•5	836 26•1	1066 33.3	36	3.7	402 12,8	307	763 24.5	1503 47.9	3.5
104 COLLEGE PROFESSOR	Z O	715	804 25.1	468	463 14.5	711	38	686 21.9	721 23.0	300	401 12.8	990 31.6	38 1.2
105 POET	Z O	347	414 12.9	426	581 18•2	1398 43.7	33 1.0	723	599 19.1	305	398 12.7	1073 34.2	38 1•2
106 ARTIST	Z O	472	607 19.0	416 13.0	559 17.5	1107	38	1144	685 21.8	258 8•2	304	709	9 #4 (0 : 0) (14
107 DESIGNER	N O	491 15.3	858 27.1	572 17.9	538 16.8	696 21.8	34	1343	1000	263	196 6.3	295 9.4	39
108 FARMER	Z U	201	524 16.4	451 14•1	680	1309	34 1.1	261	554 17.7	281	592 18.9	1412 45.0	36 1•1
109 HIGH SCHOOL TEACHER	Z U	670	729	376 11.8	487	905 28.3	32	797	852 27.2	190	464	796 25.4	12 23
110 RELIGIOUS WORKER	Z Q	157	380 11.9	472 14•8	748 23.4	1408 44.0	34 1•1	366 11.7	709	421 13•4	588 1)•8	1013 32.3	39 1.2

SCOPE STATE PROFILE

GRADE TWELVE 1966

MASSACHUSETTS

TABLE 6 OCCUPATIONAL PREFERENCE ITEM ANALYSIS

	TIMO	38	' "	7	40	60	37	36	36	38	37	40
	SLIKE	1194	63	1152 36.7	1235 39.4	1255	4 4 6 •	1341	1462	1722 54.9	1689 53.9	1546
s.	SOME	548 17.5	236	487	584 18.6	564	SI >	က ထ	613	500 15.9	516	553 17•6
GIRLS	NOT SURE	348 11•1	348 11•1	434 13.8	380	389	35 <u>7</u> 11.4	361 11.5	384	232	253 8•1	319
	LIKE H SOME	587	781 24.9	550 17.5	518 16.5	483	428 13•6	470 15.0	409 13.0	296	354 11•3	406 12.9
	LI MUCH	421 13.4	1090	475	379	408 13.0	291 9•3	359	232	348	287	272 8.7
	TIWO	33	36	32	32	32	30	31	33	32 1.0	33	32 1.0
	SL IKE MUCH	1054	698 21•8	657 20.5	627 19.6	639	827 25.9	704	748	925 28.9	956 29.9	808 25.3
BOYS	DIS	536 16=8	387	404	483 15.1	475	545 17•0	483 15.1	535 16.7	452 14.1	477	488 15.3
a	NOT	426 13.3	717	556 17.4	571 17.8	529 16.5	529 16.5	520 16.3	566 17.7	414	432 13.5	437 15.2
	LIKE H SOME	650 20•3	783 24.5	775	821 25.7	756 23.6	706	769 24•0	766	494	569 17.8	638 19.9
	MUCH	500 15.6	578 18.1	775	665 20.8	768 24•0	562 17• 3	692 21.6	551	882 27•6	732	746
		S O	Z O	ZU	Z 0	Z O	Z Q	Z O	ZU	N D	Z O	N O
		111' SCHOOL PRINCIPAL	112 PSYCHOLOGIST	113 MEMBER OF PRESIDENT'S CABINET	114 JUDGE	115 U. S. SENATOR	116 POLITICIAN	117 U. S. CÜNGRESSMAN	118 MAYOR	119 PRESIDENT OF THE UNITED STATES	120 VICE PRESIDENT OF THE UNITED STATES	121 STATE GOVERNOR

GRADE TWELVE 1966

B T I L S B A U D S ERICE

MASSACHUSETTS

TABLE 6 OCCUPATIONAL PREFERENCE ITEM ANALYSIS

					ÃÕ	BOYS					GIRLS	S			
			LIKE MUCH S	IKE Some	NOT	DISI SOME	DISLIKE OME MUCH OMIT	TIWO	LI	LIKE MUCH SOME	NOT	DIS	DISLIKE SOME MUCH	TIWO	
PUBLIC	ADMINISTRATOR	2 U	395 12.3	640	860 26.9	489 15•3	771	44	205	464	696 22.2	486 15.5	1238 39•5	47	

122

		TABLE	_	ACTIVITIES		PREFEREN	NCE ITEM	ANALYS	SI				
				ō.	BOYS					GIRLS	S		
		LIKE MUCH SOME	(E SOME	NOT	DISLIKE SOME MUCH	LIKE	TIMO	LI MUCH	IKE	NOT	DISL) SOME	LIKE MUCH	DMIT
123 TAKE CARE OF MEMBERS OF FAMILY	ZO	332 10•4	901 28•2	583 18.2	901	447	35 1•1	1010	1285 41.0	218	444	141	38
124 MAKE DUT INCOME TAX RETURNS	ZU	134	387	486 15.2	839	1320 41.3	33 1•0	98 3•1	306 9.8	450 14.3	704	1541	37
125 BIOLOGY	ZU	513 16.0	853 26.7	458 14•3	565 17.7	778	32	680 21.7	816 26.0	259	475	866 27.6	40
126 PHYSICS	Z O	405	669	536 16.8	577	980 30•6	32	169	297	609	501	1522	38 1•2
127 STUDY MUSCLES AND NERVES	Z O	385	762	619 19.3	626 19.6	774	33	527 16.8	685 21.8	328 10.5	573	984 31.4	39
128 CALCULUS	ZO	385	519 16.2	713	489 15•3	1058 33.1	S =4 6 •	209	280 8.9	758	383 12•2	1462	44

ERIC Founded by ERIC

COPE STATE PROFILE

GRADE TWELVE 1966

MASSACHUSETTS

TABLE 7 ACTIVITIES PREFERENCE ITEM ANALYSIS

				æ	BOYS					GIRLS	ر. د		
		MUCH	LIKE MUCH SOME	NOT	DIS SOME	SLIKE AUCH	OMIT	LI MUCH	LIKE MUCH SOME	NOT	DIS Sche	SLIKE MUCH	TIWD
129 KEEP RECORDS FOR A STORE	Z O	172 5.4	604 18.9	518 16•2	874 27.3	995 31.1	36 1•1	264	731 23•3	324	770	1007	40
130 INVENT NEW TOOLS	ZO	484	907	648 20•3	565	561 17.5	34 1 • 1	112	300	460	645	1582 50.4	37
131 FIX FURNITURE	Z O	145	630	533 16•7	966 30•2	891 27.9	34 1•1	91	363 11•6	342 10.9	730	1572 50.1	38 1•2
132 WORK ON AN AUTOMO- BILE ASSEMBLY LINE	Z O	763 8•2	482 15.1	379 11.8	733	1308	3.4	41	131	182 5.8	439	2301	42 1•3
133 WASH AND IRON CLOTHES	Z 0	22 0.7	48 1.5	121 3.8	447	2530 79.1	3.T 1 • 0	188	801	265 8 • 5	713	1128 36.0	41 1•3
134 PLAN WORK FOR OTHER PEOPLE	Z Q	323 10•1	900	611 19•1	657 20.5	676 21•1	35 1•0	310	904 28.8	520 16.6	691 22.0	672 21.4	39 1•2
135 OWN YOUR OWN BUSINESS	z Q	1481	969 30•3	344 10.8	182	193	30	936 29.8	917	419	415	411 13.1	38
136 READING	Z Q	739 23.1	1141 35.7	360 11•3	488 15•3	439	32 1•0	1439	1001 31.9	118 3.8	257 8.2	283 9•0	38
137 SOCIOLOGY	Z Q	377 11.8	656 20.5	1052 32.9	453 14•2	627 19•6	34	913	809 25•8	682 21.7	215	477	40
138 FISHING	Z Q	992 31•0	1039 32.5	373 11.7	403 12.6	355 11.1	3.4	492	944	366 11.7	562 17.9	732 23.3	40
139 BASKETBALL	Z Q	1377	964 30.1	293 9•2	294	239	32 1•0	886 28•3	1058 33.7	278	419 13•4	457	38 1•2

ш **|---|** u_ 0 œ ۵, w 4 S w S S

ERIC

MASSACHUSETTS

GRADE TWELVE 1966

ACTIVITIES PREFERENCE ITEM ANALYSIS ~ TABLE

OMIT MUCH DISLIKE SOME MUCH GIRLS NOT SURE SOME LIKE MUCH DMI L MUCH DISLIKE SOME MUCH BOYS NOT SOME LIKE MUCH SO

7 1 2 2 U 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1	Z	795	1103	604	326	121	:: .:	1131	1220	295	2,8	112	1.7
	PC	24.9	34.5	19.0	10.2	10.3	1	36.1	38.9	4.6	7.6	6.7	1.3
- 10	Z	169	511	546	787	1147	30	164	292	352	601		39
CATTLE FOR MARKET	PC	5.3	16.0	17.1	24.6	35.9	1 - 2	5.2	•	11.2	19.2	3.	1.2
142 HELP YOUR PARENTS	z	817	1432	484	265	167	34,	1308	1271	213	178	125	41
	P	25.5	44.8	15.1	8.3	5.2	1.1	41.7	40.5	6. 8	2.1	•	1.3
143 WORK ARITHMETIC	Z	967	789	412	590	875	37	482	900	~	S	2	39
PROBLEMS	PC	15.5	24.7	12.9	18.4	27.4	1.2	15.4	19.1	2.1	17.6	40.9	1.2
144 PREPARE COST	Z	258	640	190	670	809	3.2	148	390	546	625	1389	38
ESTIMATES	PC	8.1	20.0	24.7	20.9	25.3	1.0	4.7	12.4	17.4	19.9	4	1.2
145 FORTUNE TELLING	Z	122	199	444	500	1900	4	318	494	200	370	1443	41
	PC	3.8	6.2	13.9	15.6	59.4	1.1	10.1	14.8	15.9	11.8	46.0	1.3

37 1.2

482 15.4

469

241 7.7

982 31.3

925

39

1404 43.9

824

420 13.1

399

113 3.5

Z Q

146 TYPEWRITING

40

1457

1.3

46.5

590 18.8

596 19.0

313

140

33

609 19.0

481 15.0

608 19.0

925

543 17.0

Z S

SET

0

247 MAKE A RADI

41 1•3

1399 44.6

629 20.1

543 17.3

392 12.5

132 4•2

36 1.1

674

21.1

559 17.5

662 20.7

914

354 11.1

Z S

CLOCK

⋖

FIX

148

39 1.2

1801

57.4

591 18.8

435

205

65 2.1

1.3

18.8

576 18.0

637 19.9

944

402 12.6

Z S

OWER

Ø

OPERATE MACHINE

149

40

900

42

2483 79.2

367 11.7

141

52 1.7

51 1.6

39

1690 52.8

724

408 12.8

148 4•6

190 5.9

Z S

20

150 FIRE A PERS

ERIC Full Text Provided by ERIC

SCOPE STATE PROFIL

ш

GRADE TWELVE 1966

MASSACHUSETES

TABLE 7 ACTIVITIES PREFERENCE ITEM ANALYSIS

	CMIT	46	42	42	39	41	42	43 1.4	39	40	51
	SLIKE MUCH	999	83 2.6	253 8•1	307 9.8	1523 51.8	696 22.2	805 25.7	1140	1941 61.9	1122
ς.	DIS	760 22•3	130	300	451	618 19.7	359 11.4	451 14.4	539	559 17.8	439
GIRLS	NOT	377 12.0	116	335	246 7.8	215	289	334 10.7	470	333 10•6	479 15•3
	LIKE H SOME	630 20-1	820 26.1	983 31•3	1180	410	833 26.6	797	572 18.2	196 6.3	633
	L I MUCH	٧ ٢	5	1223 39.0	913 29.1	229	917	706	376 12.0	67 2-1	412 13•1
	TIMO	38 1•2	35	36	4.5	38	ታ ታ ታ • ጆ	36 1•1	37	40 • 3	60
	DISLIKE JME MUCH	542 16•9	128	148 4•6	832 26.0	2024	1372	234	348 10.9	1000	764
BOYS	DIS SOME	521	118 3.7	153 4•8	917 28.7	500 15.6	598 18.7	181	409 12.8	706	533 16.7
	NOT	531	229	312 9.8	583 18•2	227	419 13.1	246	442 13.8	585 18•3	740
	LIKE MUCH SOME	872 27•3	959 30•0	951 29.7	650 20•3	223	519	933 29*2	1056 33.0	618 19.3	758
	L J MUCH	695 21.7	1730	1599	175	187	247	1569	907	250	344 10•8
		Z O	ZO	2 . O	2 0	ZU	S O	ZQ	SO	Z Q	Zü
		1 MANAGE A LARGE STORE	2 SAVE MONEY	3 WORK FOR MYSELF	4 WRITE LETTERS	5 PRACTICE MUSIC ALL DAY	6 ART GALLERIES	7 FOOTBALL	8 TRACK	9 OPERATE FARM Machinery	O OPERATE A CALCULATING MACHINE
		151	152	153	154	155	156	157	158	다 다 한	160

45

319 26.1

315

802 25.6

551 17.6

604 19.3

52 1.6

780

458 14₃3

986 30•8

559 17.5

364

Z Q

161 PHYSIOLOGY

ERIC Fruit Text Provided by ERIC

COPE STATE PROFILE

GRADE TWELVE 1966

MASSACHUSETTS

TABLE 7 ACTIVITIES PREFERENCE ITEM ANALYSIS

BOYS

GIRLS

		L IV	LIKE CH SOME	NOT	DISI Some	DISLIKE ME MUCH	OMIT	LIKE MUCH SI	KE SOME	SURE	DESL	LIKE MUCH	TIWO
162 CHEMISTRY	ΣΩ	515 16.1	779	456	549 17•2	866 27.1	34 1•1	367	502 16.0	417	497	1314	39
163 PLAY CHESS	Z O	465	871 27.2	686 21.4	451 14.1	685 21.4	41	0 8 12 + 0 40	564 18.0	842 26.8	448	980 31.3	43 1.4
164 SOLVE PUZZLES	Z O	371	1048 32.8	533 16.7	653 20.4	548 17.1	46	559 17.8	1092 34.8	320	586	529 16.9	50
165 DO CLERICAL WORK	ZU	125	444	652	852 26.6	1077 33.7	1.59	664	838 26.7	347	522 16.6	723 23.1	42 1•3
166 REPAIR AN AUTO	Z Q	769	982 30.7	475	468	461	44	185	302	391 12.5	476 15.2	1740 55.5	1.3
167 OPERATE A CKANE OR DERRICK	ZO	360	736	609	656 20.5	797	41	35	114 3•6	329 10.5	360	2258 72.0	1.3
168 WORK IN A STEEL MILL	z Q	128	365	544 17.0	838	1283 40.1	1.3	12	32	171	349	2534 80•8	38 1•2
169 HIRE A PERSON	Z O	547 17•1	1130 35.3	840	296 9.3	345 10.8	7. 4 •	680	1107	580 18.5	331 10.6	398 12.7	40 1•3
170 GIVE ORDERS TO WORKERS IN FACTORY	20	427 13+3	1026 32.1	799 25±0	489	418	40	151	612	492	824 26.3	1015 32.4	42 1.3
171 BUY STOCKS	≈ ∪	813 25.4	1127 35.2	648 20.3	291 9.1	282. 8•&	38 1•2	560 17.9	945 30•1	658 21.0	352 11•2	582 18.6	39 1•2
172 SELL FURNITURE	Z O	124	493	702	967	869	44 1•4	134	578 18.4	510 16.3	832	1041 33.2	41

ERIC

Full Text Provided by ERIC

u. œ ш S S

ш

GRADE TWELVE 1966

MASSACHUSETTS

ACTIVITIES PREFERENCE ITEM ANALYSIS TABLE

BOYS

GIRLS

		LI MUCH	LIKE CH SOME	NOT	DIS	SLIKE MUCH	OMIT	LI MUCH	LIKE H SOME	NOT	DIS	LIKE MUCH	DMIT
173 MATCH TV	Z O	618 19.3	1274 39.8	564 17.6	443 13•8	260 8.1	42 1•3	786 25 • 1	1379	350	372 11•9	209	40 1•3
174 ACT IN PLAYS	Z O	423 13•2	702	516 16.1	660 20.6	859 26.9	39	939	929	322 10•3	404	503 16.0	39
175 TRAP WILD ANIMALS	SÜ	613	807	529 16.5	514 16.1	695 21.7	41 1•3	264	351 11•2	301 9.6	515 16•4	1663 53.0	42 1,3
176 FOREIGN LANGUAGE	Z O	316	675 21.1	451 14•1	655 20•5	1063 332	39	959 30•6	903	284 9.1	381 12•1	567	42 1•3
177 TEACH CHILDREN	Z Q	533 16.7	847	550 17.2	583 18•2	649 20•3	37	1722 54.9	836 26.7	157	214	170	37
178 HELP THE POOR	ZQ	654 20•4	1258 39•3	623 19.5	348 10.9	274 8.6	1 2, 0 0, 0	1726 55.0	972 31.0	198 6.3	128	72 2.3	40
179 KEEP ACCOUNTS	Z O	319 10•0	572 17.9	583 18•2	760	926 28.9	39 1•2	410 13.i	598 19•1	373 11.9	626 20.0	1089	40
180 ALGEBRA	ZQ	570 17.8	818 25.6	399 12.5	513 16.0	857 26.8	42 1•3	481 15•3	593 18•9	272 8•7	479	1264 40.3	47

22.0

19.1

19.8

Z Q

SELL MERCHANDISE STORES

1.04

8.2

19.9

56.3

3.5

1143.6

17.0

68.3

Z S

MILLIONAIRE

182 RECOME

1•3

14.3

13,7

1•3

18•3

19.7

15.0

Z Q

DISEASES

181 LEARN ABOUT

ERIC S

SCOPE STATE PROFILE

GRADE TWELVE 1966

MASSACHUSETTS

TABLE 7 ACTIVITIES PREFERENCE ITEM ANALYSIS

					BC	BOYS					GIRLS	S		
			LIKE MUCH SC	KE SOME	NOT	DISI SOME	SLIKE MUCH	DMIT	LIKE MUCH SC	KE SOME	NOT	DISL	NUCH	TIWO
184	LITERATURE	z o	474	811	501 15•7	642 20•1	727 22.7	4.4 1.4	1005 32.0	893 28•5	256 8•2	401 12.8	540 17•2	41 1•3
185	WRITE THEMES	Z O	219 6.8	551 17•2	532 16•6	811 25.4	1046 32.7	40 1.3	535	749	327 10.4	605	881 28.1	39
186	GO TO SCHOOL	Z O	432 13.5	1287	478	443 13.8	517 16.2	42 1+3	604 19.3	1449	236	398 12.7	404	45
187	SYMPHONY CONCERTS	Z O	288	514 16.1	492 15.4	618 19.3	1243 38.9	44	714	762	315	446	852	47
188	HUNTING	Z O	1242 38•8	921 28.8	343	325 10.2	325	4 4 6 8	319	458 14•6	450	535 17.1	1333 42.5	41 1.3
189	SWIMMING	Z O	1795 56.1	970	174	129	94 2 - 9	37	1942	847 27.0	89	3.5	3.5	37
190	FEED HOGS AND CATTLE	ZO	113 3.5	312 9.8	455	785	1492	42 1.3	106 3.4	266	310 9.9	592 18.9	1820 58.0	42
191	SELL TICKETS FOR A RAILROAD OR AIRLINE	ZU	82 2•6	445	582 18.2	951 29.7	1097	42 1.3	327	821 26.2	415	643	887 28•3	43
192	SHOP WORK	N O	221	567 17.71	616	794 24.8	964 30 -1	3.7 1.2	51	270	455 14.5	688 21.9	1631 52.0	41
193	DO ODD JOBS WITH SMALL TOOLS	ZU	266 8•3	799	552 17.3	767	774	41 1•3	78	265 8•5	339 10•8	682 21.7	1734 55•3	38
194	DIRECT PEOPLE	Z O	366	957	775	578 18.1	483 15.1	.40 1.53	287	817	548 17.5	692 22.1	749	43

GRADE TWELVE 1966



u. 0 œ ۵. ш 5 1 ш ۵. 0 s C

ш

MASSACHUSETTS

ACTIVITIES PREFERENCE ITEM ANALYSIS

BOYS

GIRLS

TABLE 7

MUCH
11.8 23.4 23.4
991 1289 470 31.0 40.3 14.7
301 477 427 6 9.4 14.9 13.3 21
842 810 386 420 26.3 25.3 12.1 13.1
158 1007 655 742 4.9 31.5 20.5 23.2
517 1117 505 520 16.2 34.9 15.8 16.3
1231 1207 329 188 38.5 37.7 10.3 5.9
285 766 715 663 8.9 23.9 22.4 20.7
1333 934 326 304 41.7 29.2 10.2 9.5
214 693 587 827 6.7 21.7 18.3 25.9
390 578 480 598 12.2 18.1 15.0 18.7

SCOPE STATE PROFILE GRADE TWELVE 1966

MASSACHUSETTS

TABLE 8 INTELLECTUAL PREDISPOSITION SCALE

DISTRIBUTIONS AND PERCENTILE RANKS

					BOYS	(SIRLS
			SCORE	N	PR	N	PR
J			33	0	100.0	0	100.0
			32	0	100.0	0	100.0
*			31	1	100.0	1	100.0
			30	0	100.0	1	100.0
			29	2	100.0	9	99.9
			28	8	99.9	15	99.6
			2 7	18	99.7	20	99.2
			26	20	99.1	38	98.5
			25	37	98.5	35	97.3
	MEAN	14.1	24	52	97.3	67.	96.2
BOYS			23	68	95.7	64	94.1
	Š.U.	5.4	22	84	93.6	83	92.0
	e Brend		21	105	9û.9	āà	89.4
			20	139	87.7	115	86.2
			19	148	83.3	133	82.6
			18	178	78.7	155	78.3
			17	191	73.1	152	73.4
			16	213	67.1	178	68.5
			15	202	60.5	172	62.9
			14	262	54.2	207	57.4
			13	228	46.0	184	50.8
			12	221	38.9	225	44.9
			11	198	31.9	167	37.7
			10	187	25.8	215	32.4
			9	160	19.9	164	25.5
			8	148	14.9	164	20.3
	MEAN	13.7	7	112	10.3	149	15.1
GIRLS			6	66	6.8	110	10.3
	S.D.	5.9	5	47	4.7	68	6.8
			4	35	3.3	48	4.7
			3	12	2.2	32	3.1
			3 2 1	12	1.8	15	2.1
			1	5	1.4	4	1.6
			0	40	1.3	47	1.5

